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REPORT ON THE FINANCES.

DECEMBER, 1806.

In obedience to the directions of the act supplementary to the act entitled "An act to establish the Treasury Department," the Secretary of the Treasury respectfully submits the following report and estimates:

REVENUE AND RECEIPTS.

The nett revenue arising from duties on merchandise and tonnage, which accrued during the year 1804, amounted, after deducting that portion which arose from the additional duties constituting the Mediterranean moves notikes over of income

And that which accrued during the year 1805, amounted, af-

ter making a similar deduction, (as will appear by the statement A,) to - 13,083,823

It is ascertained that the nett revenue which has accrued during the first three quarters of the year 1806, exceeds that of the corresponding quarters of the year 1805; and that branch of the revenue may, exclusively of the Mediterranean fund, be safely estimated, for the present, at thirteen millions

The statement (B) exhibits in detail the several species of merchandise, and other sources, from which that revenue was collected during the year

It appears by the statement (C,) that the sales of public lands have, during the year ending on the 30th September, 1806, exceeded 473,000 acres. The actual payments by purchasers have, during that period, amounted to 850,000 dollars, of which sum near 700,000 dollars has been paid in specie, and the residue in stock of the public debt. The specie receipts from that source may, after deducting charges, and the five per cent. reserved for roads, be estimated for the ensuing year at five hundred thousand dollars.

The receipts arising from the permanent revenue of the United States may, therefore, without including the arrears of direct tax and internal revenues, the duties on postage, and other incidental branches, be computed for the year 1807, at \$13,500,000

And the payments into the Treasury during the same year, on account of the temporary duties constituting the Mediterranean fund, are estimated at

1,000,000

Making, in the whole, an aggregate of - \$14,500,000 a in the Pressury, suspensed on the 30 h day of Septemb

OL ,3021 Software to WEXPENDITURES.

The permanent expenses are estimated at 11,400,000 dollars, and consist of the following items, viz:

I. The annual appropriation of eight million of dollars, for the payment of the principal and interest of the public debt, of which sum, not more than 3,600,000 dollars will, for the year 1807, be applicable to the payment of interest

\$8,000,000

II. For the civil department, and all domestic expenses of a civil nature, including invalid pensions, the light-house and mint establishments, the expenses of surveying public lands, the fourth instalment of the loan due to Maryland, and a sum of 130,000 dollars to meet such miscellaneous appropriations, not included in the estimates, as may be made by Congress

III. For expenses incident to the intercourse with foreign nations, including the permanent appropriation for Algiers -

IV. For the military and Indian departments, including trading-houses, and the permanent appropriations for certain Indian tribes

V. For the naval establishment

\$1,150,000 200,000

> 1,150,000 900,000

100,000 during the year 130t, amounted, after deducting that The extraordinary demands for the year 1807, already authorized by law, amount to two million seven hundred thousand dollars, viz : wome 2081 mery get mornts bourges dollar tadt bal

The balance of the American claims assumed by the French convention, which remained unpaid on the 30th September last, A momental amounting to - state and an entire - \$700,000 introdes at il

And the two millions of dollars appropriated by my out to aromany sould the act of 13th February, 1806, making provision to be a could have end to for defraying any extraordinary expenses attending and book negative ball the intercourse between the United States and foreign nations - 10 to from which that swenue was collected during

2,700,000

E diff'ed no palber From which it appears that, besides a surplus of four hundred thousand dollars, the resources of the ensuing year will be sufficient to meet the current demands, and to discharge, without recurring to the loan authorized by the last mentioned act, the extraordinary appropriation of two millions for foreign intercourse. Submad ord to may manage and not helamitee of a

It is here proper to state, that, under the authority given by that act, a credit of one million of dollars has been opened in Holland to the ministers of the United States appointed to treat with Spain. Should the credit be used, the million will be charged to the proper appropriation; but, although the balance chargeable to the expenditure of the year 1807 will in that case be only one, instead of two millions, as stated in the above estimate, the general result will be the same, as it will then be necessary to replace in Holland the million thus employed for a different object than the payment of the foreign debt, to which it now stands charged.

The balance in the Treasury, amounted, on the 30th day of September, 1805, to \$4,558,664 02; and on the 30th day of September, 1806, to \$5,496,969 77. But it will, on account of the heavy payments to be made in the course of this month, for the public debt, be probably reduced, on the 1st January, 1807, to a sum not much exceeding four millions of dollars.

PUBLIC DEBT.

The annexed note of the proceedings of the commissioners of the sinking fund, marked (E,) shows that a considerable portion of the annual appropriation of eight millions of dollars was applicable this year to the reimbursement or purchases of the domestic debt. No more than 17,517 dollars and 61 cents was offered at market price, and accordingly purchased. The reimbursement of the navy six per cent., amounting to 711,700 dollars, was therefore effected on the 30th day of September last; and that of the five and a half per cent. stock, amounting to 1,847,500 dollars, is advertised for the 1st day of January next. The payment of the last mentioned sum will be made by the Treasury in the course of this month. Although a more than usual portion of the appropriation for the calendar year 1806 falls, for that reason, on the last quarter, it appears by the statement (D,) that the payments on account of the principal of the public debt have, during the year ending on the 30th day of September, 1806, amounted to near three million two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

It appears by the same statement, that the payments on account of the principal of the public debt have, from the 1st of April, 1801, to the 30th September, 1806, amounted to \$21,203,903 55

The payments on the same account, to be made by the

Treasury in the course of this month, are—
For the reimbursement of the five and a half

per cent. stock - - - \$1,847,500 00

For the annual reimbursement of the six per cent. and deferred stocks 993,389

993,389 19 2,840,889 19

\$24,044,792 74

And making the total of principal of the public debt, reimbursed from the 1st of April, 1801, to the 1st January, 1807, more than twenty-four millions of dollars.

During the same period there have also been paid to Great Britain, in satisfaction and discharge of the money which the United States might have been liable to pay in pursuance of the provisions of the sixth article of the treaty of 1794, two million six hundred and sixty-four thousand dollars; and to the holders of bills drawn by the minister of the United States at Paris, on account of American claims assumed by the convention with France, a sum exceeding three million and fifty thousand dollars; neither of which sums is included in the preceding statement of debt redeemed.

As the only parts of the public debt, which the United States have a right to reimburse during the year 1807, consist of the annual reimbursement of the six per cent. and deferred stocks, estimated at 1,540,707 dollars, and of the four and a half per cent. stock, amounting to 176,000 dollars, it will not be practicable, unless purchases can be effected within the limitations prescribed by law, to apply, during that year, the whole of the annual appropriation of eight millions of dollars. The unexpended balance, together with the appropriation for the year 1808, will enable the United States to reimburse, on the 1st of January, 1809, the whole of the eight per cent. stock, which is irredeemable before that day.

But in order that Congress may have a clear view of the situation of the public debt after the year 1808, and be enabled to decide on the propriety of making further legislative provision for that object, it appears necessary to state distinctly: 1st. The operations which will take place in relation to the debt during the years 1807 and 1808. 2dly. The several species and aggregate of debt which will have been extinguished between the 1st April,

1801, and the 1st January, 1809. 3dly. The several species and aggregate of debt remaining unpaid on the last mentioned day. 4thly. A comparative view of the revenue and annual payments on account of the debt after that

I. The payments to be made during the years 1807 and 1808, on account of the principal and interest of the public debt, consist of the following

Interest and reimbursement of the six per cent, and defer-

-\$6,688,296 08 Of which sum, the sum required for interest is \$3,512,337 83

And the reimbursement of the principal will

amount to - 3,175,958 25

\$6,688,296 08

Interest and charges on all the other species of debt - 3,529,457 50 Principal of the eight per cent. and four and a half per cent. - 6,538,400 00 course of this months as

Making altogether

\$16,756,153 58

\$7,041,795 33 That is to say, for interest And in reimbursement of principal 9.714.358 25

\$16,756,153 58

This sum exceeds by only 756,000 dollars the sixteen millions appropriated by law for those two years; and that difference may be supplied, according to law, from the surpluses of revenue already accrued, which are sufficient for that purpose, and which it will be eligible to apply in that manner, in order that the United States may not continue to pay an interest of eight per cent, any longer than they are compelled to do it by the terms of

II. The amount of debt redeemed from the 1st of April, 1801, to the 1st \$24,044,792 74 January next, has been already stated to be

And the principal, which will be reimbursed during the 9,714,358 25 years 1807 and 1808, amounts, by the preceding statement, to

Making, together, more than thirty-three million seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, reimbursed between the 1st April, 1801, and the 1st January, 1809

\$33,759,150 99

Which sum consists of the following items, viz: The whole of the foreign debt -

The whole of the loans formerly obtained from the Bank of the United States, and of the navy six, five and a half, four and a half, and eight per cent, stocks

Annual reimbursement of the six per cent. and deferred

Payments in various species of stock, for public lands, stock purchased, and unfunded debt reimbursed.

12,537,600 00

10,236,108 05

10,631,575 67

353,867 27

\$33,759, 50 99

III. The debt remaining unpaid on the 1st day of January, 1809, will consist of the following items:

Unredeemed amount of old six per cent. and deferred stocks, reimbursable only at the rate of eight per cent. a year, (for principal and interest,) on the nominal amount \$27,142,357 21

Three per cent. stock - 19,019,481 56 1796 six per cent. stock, redeemable in 1819 - 80,000 00

Louisiana stock, reimbursable in four annual instalments, in the years 1818, 1819, 1820, and 1821 - 11,250,000 00

Amounting, altogether, to near fifty-seven million and five hundred thousand dollars. \$57,491,838 77

The Louisiana stock cannot be reimbursed before the period fixed by the contract. The gradual operation of the annual reimbursement will extinguish the old six per cent. in the year 1818, and the deferred stock in 1824; after which year the only remaining incumbrance will be the interest on the three per cent. stock, which, in its present shape, may be considered as irredeemable. Purchases cannot be relied upon, as the application of even an inconsiderable sum would raise the stocks above the prices limited by law. It follows, that all the species of debt on which the entire annual appropriation of 8,000,000 dollars could operate, will have been reimbursed prior to the year 1809; that the remaining debt cannot, without some modifications assented to by the public creditors, be more rapidly or completely discharged than is here stated; and that the annual payments on that account will, after the year 1808, and prior to the year 1818, be reduced to the interest and annual reimbursement, amounting to near 4,600,000 dollars, as will more fully appear by the annexed table, marked (G.)

IV. The revenue derived from customs during the year 1802, which was a year of European peace, was much less in proportion than that of any of the immediately preceding or following years, and yet exceeded ten millions of dollars. As it has been ascertained that the population of the United States increases at the rate of thirty-five per cent. in ten years, the revenue derived from customs for the year 1812 may be estimated at thirteen million five hundred thousand dollars; to which adding only five hundred thousand dollars for the annual proceeds of the sales of public lands, will give fourteen millions of dollars for the total revenue of that year, or for the average revenue of the years 1809—1815. And this must be considered as a very moderate computation, since it does not include the revenue derived from New Orleans; is predicated on the supposition that the wealth of the United States increases in no greater ratio than their population; and does not exceed the sum which, exclusively of the Mediterranean fund, was received last year into the Treasury.

The annual payments on account of the public debt will, during the same period, amount, as has already been stated, to 4,600,000 dollars. All the other expenses of the United States, whether domestic or foreign, of a civil nature, or for the support of the existing military and naval establishments, do not at present exceed 3,500,000 dollars. The total annual expenditure, allowing four hundred thousand dollars a year for contingencies, may therefore be estimated, after the year 1808, at eight millions and a half; which, deducted from a revenue of fourteen millions, will leave a nett annual surplus

of five millions and a half of dollars.

The question now recurs. whether a portion of that surplus would not be most advantageously employed in hastening the reduction of the debt? whether some mode may not be devised, to provide, within a short period, for its final and complete reimbursement, and thereby release the public revenue from every incumbrance? This can only be effected by a modification of the debt assented to by the public creditors; and a conversion of the old six per cent., deferred, and three per cent. stocks, on terms mutually beneficial, into a common six per cent. stock, redeemable within a limited time, has appeared the most simple and eligible, if not the only practicable plan, that can be adopted. For its details, a reference is respectfully made to a letter written in January last to the chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, a copy of which, marked (F,) is annexed. It will only be necessary to state, that if such a plan should be sanctioned by Congress, and accepted by the creditors, those several species of debt, amounting, on the 1st January, 1809, to something more than forty-six millions of dollars, would be converted into a six per cent. stock, amounting to less than forty millions of dollars, which the continued annual appropriation of eight millions of dollars would (besides paying the interest on the Louisiana debt) reimburse within a period of less than seven years, or before the end of the year 1815; as will appear by the table marked (H.)

The total annual expenditure for those seven years would then, allowing still 3,500,000 dollars for current expenses, and 400,000 dollars for contingencies, amount to something less than twelve millions of dollars; which, deducted from a revenue of fourteen millions of dollars, would still leave, after the year 1808, a clear surplus of more than two millions of dollars, applicable to such new objects of general improvement or national defence as the legislature might direct, and existing circumstances require. And after the year 1815, no other incumbrance would remain on the revenue than the interest and reimbursement of the Louisiana stock, the last payment of which, in the year 1821, would complete the final extinguishment of the public

of star gery medicate computation, 200ce it ones not include the revenue

Of the Chief States increases in in grouper ratio than their requisition. and does not exceed the sum which, exclusively of the Mediterracean, fund

Period, amount as late already been stated, to state out of the State and the

All which is respectfully submitted.

All which is respectfully submitted.

ALBERT GALLATIN,

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

December 5th, 1806. the landers millions of dollars for the total revenue of that cent, or to-

V		Duties on		D. 18	= #89888	28 8 8888		是行為
Year	Merchandisc.	Tonnage.	Passports and clearances.	Debentures issued.	Bounties and allowances.	Gross revenue.	Expenses of col- lection.	Nett revenue.
180 180		\$209,249 28 215,731 20	\$17,334 00 18,954 00	\$6,686,483 00 8,955,745 00	\$192,741 51 190,674 04	(a) \$13,721,412 06 14,689,975 72	\$484,895.85 554,836.76	\$13,236,516 2 14,135,138 9

(a) Gross revenue for the year 1805 - \$14,689,975 72
Deduct interest and storage - 13,258 96
Gross revenue, per statement B - 14,676,716 76

Note.—The difference between the above statement for the year 1804 and that rendered to Congress last session, arises from accounts being included in the above which were not received at the time the statement rendered last session was made out.

STATEMENT of the amount of American and foreign tonnage employed in foreign trade during the year 1805, as taken from the records of the Treasury.

American tonnage in foreign trade Foreign tonnage	and it is the party said. San	19 1	port's	Tons	2000
Total amount of tonnage employed in	ne foreign trade of the United States	3 3	200 20	1000	87,843
	ole amount of tonnage employed in the foreign trade of the United States		一片首		1,010,141
	or comage employed in the foreign trade of the United States		THE S	2 2 3	8.7 to 100

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Register's Office, November 27, 1806.

B.

STATEMENT exhibiting the value and quantities, respectively, of merchandise on which duties actually accrued during the year 1805, (consisting of the difference between articles paying duty, imported, and those entitled to drawback, re-exported;) and, also, of the nett revenue which accrued, during that year, from duties on merchandise, tonnage, passports, and clearances.

GOODS PAYING DUTIES AD VALOREM.	i man 513 ans	Candide e
33,506,584 dollars, at 121 per cent.	\$4,188,323 00	I This Roal
7,248,627 do. 15 do	1,087,294 05	400000000000000000000000000000000000000
405,470 do. 20 do.	81,094 00	HOLD BEEFE
Additional duty on \$41,537,612, at 21 per ct.	1,038,440 30	A
41,160,681	6,395,151 35	
a Spirits, 7,641,207 gallons, at 29.2 cents, average	2,232,901 85	
b Sugar, 68,046,865 pounds, at 2.6 do. do	1,746,979 85	· 也如 不知 (國家)
Salt, 2,816,455 bushels, at 20 do	563,291 00	
d Wines, 2,604,611 gallons, at 30.5 do. average -	793,794 85	6.3
Teas, 3,354,381 pounds, at 19.9 do. do	669,190 37	CLUME, MESSEED IN
Coffee, 4,816,274 do. at 5 do	240,813 70	to for general
Molasses, 9,226,446 gallons, at 5 do.	461,322 30	1
An other articles	764,165 84	
Deduct duties refunded, after deducting therefrom duties	13,867,611 11	Mars, Et Sinon
collected on war to the state of the state o		
collected on merchandise, the particulars of which could not be ascertained, and difference in calculation	26,661 88	012 040 040 93
not be ascertained, and difference in calculation 34 per cent. retained on drawbacks	26,661 88	
not be ascertained, and difference in calculation 34 per cent. retained on drawbacks	26,661 88	328,144 79
not be ascertained, and difference in calculation 34 per cent. retained on drawbacks Extra duty of 10 per cent. on merchandise imported in foreign vessels Nett amount of duties on merchandise	26,661 88	328,144 79 202,937 54
not be ascertained, and difference in calculation 31 per cent. retained on drawbacks Extra duty of 10 per cent. on merchandise imported in foreign vessels Nett amount of duties on merchandise Duties on tonnage	26,661 88 - 156,430 35	328,144 79 202,937 54
not be ascertained, and difference in calculation 31 per cent. retained on drawbacks Extra duty of 10 per cent. on merchandise imported in foreign vessels Nett amount of duties on merchandise Duties on tonnage	in on the last of	328,144 79 202,937 54 14,372,031 56
not be ascertained, and difference in calculation 34 per cent. retained on drawbacks Extra duty of 10 per cent. on merchandise imported in foreign vessels Nett amount of duties on merchandise Duties on tonnage Light money	156,430 35	328,144 79 202,937 54 14,372,031 56 245,731 20
not be ascertained, and difference in calculation 34 per cent. retained on drawbacks Extra duty of 10 per cent. on merchandise imported in foreign vessels Nett amount of duties on merchandise Duties on tonnage Light money	156,430 35	328,144 79 202,937 54 14,372,031 56 245,731 20
not be ascertained, and difference in calculation 34 per cent. retained on drawbacks Extra duty of 10 per cent. on merchandise imported in foreign vessels Nett amount of duties on merchandise Duties on tonnage Light money Duties on passports and clearances	156,430 35	328,144 75 202,937 54 14,372,031 56 245,731 20 18,954 00
not be ascertained, and difference in calculation 34 per cent. retained on drawbacks Extra duty of 10 per cent. on merchandise imported in foreign vessels Nett amount of duties on merchandise Duties on tonnage Light money Duties on passports and clearances	156,430 35	328,144 75 202,937 54 14,372,031 56 245,731 20 18,954 00
not be ascertained, and difference in calculation 34 per cent. retained on drawbacks Extra duty of 10 per cent. on merchandise imported in foreign vessels Nett amount of duties on merchandise Duties on tonnage Light money Duties on passports and clearances Sundry accounts not yet received, estimated at Gross revenue, as per statement A	156,430 35	328,144 75 202,937 54 14,372,031 56 215,731 20 18,954 00 14,606,716 76 70,000 00
not be ascertained, and difference in calculation 34 per cent. retained on drawbacks Extra duty of 10 per cent. on merchandise imported in foreign vessels Nett amount of duties on merchandise Duties on tonnage Light money Duties on passports and clearances Sundry accounts not yet received, estimated at Gross revenue, as per statement A	156,430 35	328,144 75 202,937 54 14,372,031 56 215,731 20 18,954 00 14,606,716 76 70,000 00
not be ascertained, and difference in calculation 31 per cent. retained on drawbacks Extra duty of 10 per cent. on merchandise imported in foreign vessels Nett amount of duties on merchandise Duties on tonnage Light money Duties on passports and clearances Sundry accounts not yet received, estimated at Gross revenue, as per statement A Deduct expenses of collection	156,430 35	\$13,840,949 23 328,144 79 202,937 54 14,372,031 56 215,731 20 18,954 00 14,606,716 76 70,000 00 14,676,716 76 554,836 76
not be ascertained, and difference in calculation 31 per cent. retained on drawbacks Extra duty of 10 per cent. on merchandise imported in foreign vessels Nett amount of duties on merchandise Duties on tonnage Light money Duties on passports and clearances Sundry accounts not yet received, estimated at Gross revenue, as per statement A	156,430 35	328,144 75 202,937 54 14,372,031 56 215,731 20 18,954 00 14,606,716 76 70,000 00

Explanatory Statements and Notes.

A. Additional duty of	21 per cen							MI 000 440
of per cent. retained	i on draw	backs .				777		\$1,038,440
Extra duty of 10 per	cent on	mercha	andise im	ported in	foreig	n vesse	ls -	6,647
								1,051,315 1
a Spirits-								
Grain -	1st proo	f 317.	954 gallo	ns. at 28	cents			89,027 1
	2d do.	8,	247 d	0. 29	do.	Bearing.		2,391 6
	3d do.	32,		0. 31	do.	8.30		10,045 8
	4th do.			0. 34	do.			19,564 9
	5th do.		723 do		do.			689 2
Other	6th do.		43 do					21 5
Other materials, 1st	& 2d do.	1,137,0	012 do		The second second	250	-	284,253 0
	3d do.							857,253 3
		2,995,			do.		- 8	958,526 0
	5th do.	29,			do.	-		11,080 45
	our do.		106 do	. 46	do.	1	200	48 70
		7,641,5	207		102		564	2,232,901 8
Sugar-				-			# E	
Brown -		10 005 0	000	3 01				1 450 190 5
White -		9,161,6	220 pound 45 do	as, at 2½	cents	100	3.575	1,472,130 50
		3.101.0			uo.	-	1000	274,849 38
		-41	735 (10					
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6	of 56 pou	68,046,8 allow- educed	12,503	3,782,3			Notice professional	1,746,979 88
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun	of 56 pou	68,046,8 allow- educed	12,503	3,782,3	328		R. Woltenmein galler.	1,746,979 85
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6' into bushels at	of 56 pour nties and 74 04, ro the presen	68,046,8 allow- educed at rates	12,503	3,782,3	328	0 cents		a di
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6 into bushels at the	of 56 pour nties and 74 04, ro the presen	68,046,8 allow- educed at rates	12,503	3,782,3	328	20 cents	Terror in bedrapers asse.	1,746,979 85
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6 into bushels at the Paying duty, bush Wines—	of 56 pour nties and 74 04, rethe present	68,046,8 allow- educed at rates	12,503	3,782,3 965,8 2,816,4	928 973 155 at 5		- Section in Redungstration	563,291 00
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6 into bushels at the salt of the salt o	of 56 pounties and 74 04, rethe presented ality -	68,046,8 allow- educed at rates	953,370 206,159	965,8 2,816,4	873 155 at 5	cents	A STATE OF THE SPORT OF THE STATE OF THE STA	563,291 00 119,572 22
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6 into bushels at the salt of the salt o	of 56 pounties and 74 04, rethe presented ality -do.	68,046,8 allow- educed at rates	19,503 953,370 206,159 2,909	3,782,3 965,8 2,816,4 gallons, do.	873 at 58 50	cents do.	The second in Bedungsh nash.	563,291 00 119,572 22 1,454 50
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6' into bushels at the salt of the salt	of 56 pounties and 74 04, rethe presentels of 56 ality -do ducar	68,046,8 allow- educed at rates	953,370 953,370 206,159 2,909 303,135	3,782,3 965,8 2,816,4 gallons, do.	873 155 at 5 at 58 50 40	cents do. do.	A COUNTY OF THE PRODUCTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	563,291 00 119,572 22 1,454 50 121,254 00
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6 into bushels at the salt of the salt o	of 56 pounties and 74 04, rethe present the present th	68,046,8 allow-educed at rates	953,370 206,159 2,909 303,135 293,734	965,8 2,816,4 gallons, do. do. do.	373 155 at 5 at 58 50 40 30	cents do. do. do.	The state of the s	563,291 00 119,572 22 1,454 50 121,254 00 88,120 20
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6' into bushels at the salt of the salt	of 56 pounties and 74 04, rethe present the present ality -do do Champagn	68,046,8 allow-educed at rates pounds	953,370 953,370 206,159 2,909 303,135 293,734 3,931	3,782,3 965,8 2,816,4 gallons, do. do. do. do.	373 355 at 5 at 58 50 40 30 45	cents do. do. do.	The state of the s	563,291 00 119,572 22 1,454 50 121,254 00 88,120 20 1,768 95
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6' into bushels at the salt of the salt	of 56 pounties and 74 04, rethe presentation of 56 ality do ucar on - Champagn, and Ma	68,046,8 allow-educed at rates pounds	953,370 953,370 206,159 2,909 303,135 293,734 3,931 816,621	3,782,3 965,8 2,816,4 gallons, do. do. do. do. do.	873 455 at \$ 50 40 30 45 28	cents do. do. do. do.	The state of the s	563,291 00 119,572 22 1,454 50 121,254 00 88,120 20 1,768 95 228,653 88
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6' into bushels at the same of the same	of 56 pounties and 74 04, rethe presentation of 56 ality do ucar on - Champagn, and Ma	68,046,8 allow-educed at rates pounds	953,370 953,370 206,159 2,909 303,135 293,734 3,931 816,631 66,692	3,782,3 965,8 2,816,4 do. do. do. do. do. do.	373 155 at 5 40 30 45 28 35	cents do. do. do.	The state of the s	563,291 00 119,572 22 1,454 50 121,254 00 88,120 20 1,768 95 228,653 88 23,342 20
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6' into bushels at the second of the s	of 56 pounties and 74 04, rethe presentation of 56 ality do ucar on - Champagn, and Ma	allow-educed at rates	953,370 953,370 206,159 2,909 303,135 293,793 816,621 66,692 911,430	3,782,3 965,8 2,816,4 do. do. do. do. do. do.	373 155 at 5 40 30 45 28 35	cents do. do. do. do. do.	Assertation of the second seco	563,291 00 119,572 22 1,454 50 121,254 00 88,120 20 1,768 95 228,653 88 23,342 20 209,628 90
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6' into bushels at the second of the s	of 56 pounties and 74 04, rethe presentation of 56 ality do ucar on - Champagn, and Ma	allow-educed at rates	953,370 953,370 206,159 2,909 303,135 293,734 3,931 816,631 66,692	3,782,3 965,8 2,816,4 do. do. do. do. do. do.	373 155 at 5 40 30 45 28 35	cents do. do. do. do. do.	The state of the s	563,291 00 119,572 22 1,454 50 121,254 00 88,120 20 1,768 95 228,653 88 23,342 20
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6' into bushels at the second of the s	of 56 pounties and 74 04, rethe presentation of 56 ality do ucar on - Champagn, and Ma	allow-educed at rates	953,370 953,370 206,159 2,909 303,135 293,734 3,931 816,632 911,430 2,604,611	3,782,3 965,8 2,816,4 gallons, do. do. do. do. do. do.	373 155 at 5 50 40 30 45 28 35 23	cents do. do. do. do. do. do. do.	The state of the s	563,291 00 119,572 22 1,454 50 121,254 00 88,120 20 1,768 95 228,653 88 23,342 20 209,628 90 793,794 85
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6 into bushels at the second of the se	of 56 pounties and 74 04, rethe presentation of 56 ality do ucar on - Champagn, and Ma	allow-educed at rates	206,159 2,909 303,135 293,734 816,621 66,692 91,1430 461,516	3,782,3 965,8 2,816,4 gallons, do. do. do. do. do. do. do.	at 58 50 40 30 45 28 35 23 at 12 c	cents do. do. do. do. do. do. do. cents	A STATE OF THE STA	563,291 00 119,572 22 1,454 50 121,254 00 88,120 20 1,768 95 228,653 88 23,342 20 209,628 90 793,794 85 55,381 92
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6' into bushels at the second of the s	of 56 pounties and 74 04, rethe presentation of 56 ality do ucar on - Champagn, and Ma	allow-educed at rates	953,370 206,159 2,909 303,135 293,734 3,931 816,692 911,430 2,604,611 461,516 1,144,223	3,782,3 965,8 2,816,4 do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do.	328 355 at 5 at 58 50 40 30 45 28 35 23 at 12 of 18	cents do.	A STATE OF THE STA	563,291 00 119,572 22 1,454 50 121,254 00 88,120 20 1,768 95 228,653 88 23,342 20 209,628 90 793,794 85 55,381 92 205,960 14
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6' into bushels at the second of the s	of 56 pounties and 74 04, rethe presentation of 56 ality do ucar on - Champagn, and Ma	allow-educed at rates	206,159 2953,370 206,159 2,909 303,135 293,734 3,931 816,621 66,692 911,430 2,604,611 461,516 1,144,223 478,924	3,782,3 965,8 2,816,4 gallons, do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do.	at 12 (18 32	do.	The state of the s	563,291 00 119,572 22 1,454 50 121,254 00 88,120 20 1,768 95 228,653 88 23,342 20 209,628 90 793,794 85 55,381 92 205,960 14 153,255 68
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6' into bushels at the second of the s	of 56 pounties and 74 04, rethe presentation of 56 ality do acar on - Champagn, and Ma	allow-educed at rates	953,370 206,159 2,909 303,135 293,734 3,931 816,692 911,430 2,604,611 461,516 1,144,223	3,782,3 965,8 2,816,4 gallons, do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do.	328 355 at 5 at 58 50 40 30 45 28 35 23 at 12 of 18	do.	And the state of t	563,291 00 119,572 22 1,454 50 121,254 00 88,120 20 1,768 95 228,653 88 23,342 20 209,628 90 793,794 85 55,381 92 205,960 14
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6 into bushels at the second of the se	of 56 pounties and 74 04, rethe present the present th	allow-educed at rates	206,159 2953,370 206,159 2,909 303,135 293,734 3,931 816,621 66,692 911,430 2,604,611 461,516 1,144,223 478,924	3,782,3 965,8 2,816,4 gallons, do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do.	at 12 (18 32	do.	And the state of t	563,291 00 119,572 22 1,454 50 121,254 00 88,120 20 1,768 95 228,653 88 23,342 20 209,628 90 793,794 85 55,381 92 205,960 14 153,255 68 253,943 60
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6' into bushels at the same of the same	of 56 pounties and 74 04, rethe present the present th	allow-educed at rates	206,159 2953,370 206,159 2,909 303,135 293,734 3,931 816,621 66,692 911,430 2,604,611 461,516 1,144,223 478,924	3,782,3 965,8 2,816,4 gallons, do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do.	at 12 (18 32	do.	A STATE OF THE STA	563,291 00 119,572 22 1,454 50 121,254 00 88,120 20 1,768 95 228,653 88 23,342 20 209,628 90 793,794 85 55,381 92 205,960 14 153,255 68
Salt, imported, bushels Exported - Amount of boun ances, \$190,6 into bushels at the second of the se	of 56 pounties and 74 04, rethe present the present th	allow-educed at rates pounds	206,159 2953,370 206,159 2,909 303,135 293,734 3,931 816,621 66,692 911,430 2,604,611 461,516 1,144,223 478,924	3,782,3 965,8 2,816,4 gallons, do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do.	at 12 (18 32	do.	The state of the s	563,291 00 119,572 22 1,454 50 121,254 00 88,120 20 1,768 95 228,653 88 23,342 20 209,628 90 793,794 85 55,381 92 205,960 14 153,255 68 253,943 60

		QUAN	TITIES.	三型基位	1000	18 00	
f All other articles, viz:]		Excess of importation over exportation.	Excess of exportation over importation.	Rate of duty.	Excess of du- ties over drawback.	Excess of drawback over duties.	Total.
Comestic spirits from domestic produce Seer, ale, and porter Locoa Locoa Locolate Lugar candy Loaf Other refined Limonds Lurrants Lurrants Lurrants Lurants Lu	gallons do. pounds do.	1,339 209,639 2,119,657 4,285 826 780 237 144,202 41,378 167,907 220,054 850,288 1,971,201 94,175 2,463 77,210 215,259 478,651 10,071 25,967 14,911 47,771	Company of greater that the transfer of the greater that the transfer of the greater that the transfer of the greater that th	Cts. 7 8 2 3 11½ 9 6½ 2 2 2 1½ 6 7 2 1½ 125 50 20 20	\$93 73 16,771 12 42,393 14 128 55 94 99 70 20 15 41 2,884 04 827 56 3,358 14 4,401 08 17,005 76 29,568 02 1,883 50 147 78 5,404 70 4,305 18 7,179 77 12,588 75 12,983 50 2,982 20 9,554 20	O has a depth of Blockway of the operity by pethods and the operation of the supersystems of the operation o	Collination and and Total
epper imento	do.	6,339	602,970	6	253 56 3,031 80	\$36,178 20	
obacco, other than snuff and cigars	do.	75,795 4,544	53.	6	272 64	201	

Snuff								do. 1	6,552		1 10	655 20	
Indigo		*	41 32					do.	86,411		25	21,602 75	
Cotton		100	20e78	2100	SPATE I		des:	do.	71,077	LEADING S	3	2,132 31	and Couleta
Powder, ha	ir	La Colonia	*1905	*	5 . Di	We of	Fam	do.	5,748	100 Table 1 1 1 1	4	229 92	Trong indial
gu	n			+				do.	653,321		4	26,132 84	
Starch	STATE OF		医写 图图	\$17.00	SECTION AND ADDRESS OF	PER SE	-	do.	8,720	HARRICOS TOTAL	3	261 60	NO, CHEST SHEET
Glue							-	do.	32,812		4	1,312 48	
Pewter plate	es and d	ishes						do.	67,949		4	2,717 96	
Anchors and			. 100	de la			The stell	do.	742,287		11	11,134 30	ently by record or
Hoop and sl							of tel	do.	169,525		1	1,695 25	
Nails							011	do.	3,503,379		9	70,067 58	The state of the s
Spikes			*	- 600				do.	457,189	NO. 15CO 2000 NO.	P. Die terfolisie	4,571 89	PERMISSION NA
Quicksilver								do.	91,864	100年 明显100	G	5,511 84	T expense
Ochre, yello		il					-	do.	22,168		11	332 52	
	yellow							do.	175,012		1	1,750 12	
Spanish bro							892.0	do.	682,429		64 C S 15 S S S	6,824 29	A.J. 。 萨里拉里斯
White and		1					1	do.	2,139,256	100 Person	9	42,785 12	E 10 を表記され
Lead, and			lend	1.00	50 E T	BL ARRY	122	do.	4,448,935	200,000 11	ĩ	44,489 35	BULL VERSIER TO
THE RESERVE TO SECURITION AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE		THERE						do.	4,849	9869135- 7 -706	Â	193 96	
Cordage, ta	irred	3.75 (F)	5.00	ena.			100	do	790,615		0	15,812 30	(3) 30,900 9
	ntarred	7.		11250-14				do.	60,871		24	1,521 78	
Cables		1277000	POST TO SERVICE SERVIC					do.	62,653		2	1,253 06	
Steel			2000					cwt.	9,717		100	9,717 00	
Hemp								do.	115,725		100	115,725 00	Street with my
Yarn, unta	rred	100 H		2.00	B1.08			do.	10,100		1 225	110,120 00	0.00
Twine and		read						do.	3,096		400	12,384 00	2 25
Glauber sal	lts	00-000						do.	447		200	894 00	
Coal -			1	1200				bushels	498,543	REAL PROPERTY	5	24,927 15	State of the State
Fish, dried			Ser An					quintals	141,847		50	70,923 50	Edward Comment
	ed salm				-			barrels	6,832		100	6,832 00	
picki	mack	cerel	200 15	11 18	1800		Mary.	do.	10,163		60	6,097 80	10.3855 (10.555 10)
	all of		A Shinder				relative to	do.	10,501		40	4,200 40	
Glass, blac				1	Chief S		100	gross	15,174		60	9,104 40	
wind	dow no	t above	8 by 10		18		- C	100 sq. ft.	20,429		160	32,686 40	
WIL	uow, no	1 45010	10 by 12					do.	4,619	A CONTRACTOR	175	8,083 25	
			ve 10 b		94-00D	The stellar	-	do.	5,081	APARISON AND	225	11,432 25	over dunes.
Cigars		THE GOOD	-		1000		100	M.	16,492		200	32,984 00	drawlantic
Lime								casks	598		50	299 00	The state of the second
Boots							-	pairs	2,447	PITTER STATE	75	1,835 25	
Doors	300 40 60	S S S S VA	THE SALE		SRIPE						1 10	1,000 100	

Beglanatory Sementente and 2.

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Plane Plane						lague de la company	QUAN	TITIES.	- 70	Excess of	Excess of	
/ All	other are	ticles	con	tinued.			Excess of importation over exportation.	Excess of ex- portation over importation.	Rate of duty.	duties over drawback.	drawback over duties.	Total.
Shoes, silk all other, for men ar for childre Cards, wool and cotton playing	nd wome	en			******	pairs do. do. dozens packs	9,994 34,993 302 1 13,790	0.566	Cls, 25 15 10 50 25	\$2,306 00 5,248 95 30 20 50 3,447 50		
TOP OF COMP							112 230 4 5 313 6 5 50			800,346 29	\$36,180 45	\$764,165

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Register's Office, November 27, 1806.

JOSEPH NOURSE, Register.

STATEMENT of the lands sold in the districts of Marietta, Zanesville, Steubenville, Chillicothe, and Cincinnati, from the 1st of October, 1805, to the 30th of September, 1806; showing, also, the amount of receipts from individuals, and payments made by receivers, during the same period, with the balances due, both on October 1, 1805, and Oct. 1, 1806.

C.

Offices.	Lane	ls sold.	In the hands of receivers,			Receipts by receivers from individuals.		Payments by receivers.			
	Acres.	Purchase mone	Oct. 1, 1805.	1, 1805.	On acc't of pur- chase money.		Into Treasury.	The part for expenses.	Repay- ments.		
Marietta - Zanesville - Steubenville - Chillicothe - Cincinnati -	3,809.26 62,356.991 124,067.62 95,564.01 187,413.72	\$11,497 7 124,713 9 265,864 0 205,531 7 393,750 8	9 5,383 42 58,901 474 100,664 65	\$23,053 50 60,465 03± 557,768 49± 436,325 37 1,016,693 42‡	\$12,063 91\\\ 42,885 66 256,880 41\\\ 223,965 66\\\\ 314,310 63\\\\ align*	\$16 00 143 744 314 92 302 59 811 53	\$5,988 641 41,074 85 223,762 784 242,830 91 275,878 26	\$585 354 2,107 58 7,094 124 7,249 75 10,225 24	\$15 56 1,168 38 789 171		
	473,211.631	1,001,358	229,444 11	2,094,305 854	850,106 281	1,588 781	a789,535 44‡	27,262 041	1,973 111		
Offices.	Balance due o		Total balance	Paid in specie,	by warrants on	reasury, in stock transferred to the United States by warrants on receivers: s made by themselves - \$573,008 46					
	From individ- uals.	By receivers.	due October 1, 1806.	For paymen	ts made by indiveceivers, to be co	viduals -	*168, 503 009	22,550 22	695,558 68 48,666 721		
Marietta - Zancsville - Steubenville - Chillicothe - Cincinnati -	- \$22,487 35\ \$9,458 57 \$32,045 92\ - 142,293 36\ 7,322 41\ 149,615 77\ - 566,752 10\ 91,165 64\ 657,917 74\ year ending September 30, 1806, incl					by individuals to the Treasurer of the United States, in the g September 30, 1806, included in the above amount of warpayments made by individuals," but not yet stated in the freceivers					
Ones:	2,245,557 581	289,630 62	2,535,188 201	Recommende	Becoming				789,535 444		

Total sales of land, from the opening of the land offices to September 30, 1805 Amount sold since, as above stated 1,912,602.32‡ acres. 473,211.63‡ 2,385,813.96‡

REPORTS OF THE

Offices.	Remaining due in 1806.	Becoming due in 1807.	Becoming due in 1808.	Becoming due in 1809.	Becoming due in 1810.	Total.
Marietta - Zanesville - Steubenville - Chillicothe - Cincinnati -	\$2,147 09 17,394 854 294,391 241	\$6,020 254 31,185 50 ₁ 201,617 93 ₁ 151,021 221 211,253 05 ₁	\$7,775 09\\ 51,470 36\\ 190,393 36\\ 152,307 88\\ 251,296 59\\	\$4,016 94\\\ 42,621 99 126,089 86\\\ 93,196 26\\\\ 223,787 79\\\\	\$2,527 97 17,015 494 30,656 084 21,366 064 *185,404 624	\$22,487 354 142,293 364 566,752 104 417,891 444 1,096,133 32
	243,933 184	601,097 98	653,243 314	490,312 851	256,970 231	2,245,557 581

* Of this sum, \$57,738 75 is due December 31, 1811, for the last instalments of pre-emption sales.

populations would by references, thering the same period, with the balances due, both on October 1, 1805, and Oct. 1, 1806. the lot of Liender, 1,211, to the 19th of September, 1905, meneng, the amount of receipts from addications, un

DEPARTMENT, Register's Office, December, 1806.

JOSEPH NOURSE, Register.

D

AN ESTIMATE of the principal redeemed of the debt of the United States, from 1st October, 1805, to 30th September, 1806, inclusive; showing the redemption of the principal of the said debt, from 1st April, 1801, to 30th September, 1806.

o yet alles adrino, bust garring off, stendence of the Secretary of the Fact the mid purchases belated lowest ruch may be allesses if adrio yet lowest uch proposals und lapaded yet out.	Redemption from October 1, 1805, to Sept. 30, 1806.	Redemption from April 1, 1801, to Sept. 30, 1805, per the Secreta- ry's report of 9th December, 1805.	Total principal redeemed from April 1, 1801, to Sept. 30, 1806.
ON ACCOUNT OF THE DOMESTIC DEBT.		Stw 2081 3	Com of Apr
The amount of warrants issued on the Treasurer of the United States, on account of the interest of the domestic debt, and of the reimbursement or purchases of the old six per cent. and deferred stocks, from 1st October, 1805, to 30th Sept. 1806, was \$4,476,047 88 Deduct interest which accrued during the same period, calculated quarter-yearly \$3,154,343 16	yments to de veur 1806, a veur 1806, a veur 1806, a veur 1807, a veur	and learned by to the lat	white find find find find find find find find
From which deduct			
gain on purchases 437 96 b 3,153,905 20	\$1,322,142 68a	\$5,157,603 16	\$6,479,745 84 711,700 00
Reimbursement of the navy six per cent. stock Payments made in certificates of the debt of the United States, on account of lands	711,700 00 167,400 35	94,617 81	262,018 16
Payments made to foreign officers, and for certain parts of the domestic debt - Payments on account of domestic loans -	222 26	74,109 24 3,440,000 00	74,331 50 3,440,000 00
ON ACCOUNT OF THE POREIGN DEBT.	loan ed vem	mua blue o	fir and there
The amount of warrants issued on the Treasurer, exclusive of \$5,950, repaid into the Treasury, and \$5,668 52, commissions to agents purchasing bills of exchange, was \$1,803,765 06 Deduct interest accruing thereon, viz. On the Dutch debt, including commissions and charges 115,474 00 On the Louisiana stock, including commissions 678,073 50	reg lind a bo	phalicaeus colos portio fa fail per colos a fail colos facas waether a s	of to seemed at red Passing Viven Services for Symulting Services for Symulting Services for Ser
793,547 50 Deduct gain on exch'ge 37,430 21 756,117 29		9,188,460 28	10,236,106 00
	3,249,113 06	17,954,790 49	21,203,903 55
Viz. Six per cent. and deterred stocks pure On account of reimbursement of do.	hased -	SHOPT (H)	\$17,517 61 1,304,625 07
in the fellowing manner, viz. — hist			1,322,142 68
The unredeemed amount of six per cent. and	PACE AND ADDRESS OF THE PACE A		17,517 61

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

Register's Office, November 27, 1806.

JOSEPH NOURSE, Register.

States, from 1st October, 1805, to 30th September, 1805, meterice shoring the redemption of the Biscipal of the said dist from 1s

AN ESTIMMENTE of the principal redeemed of the delit of the United

At a meeting of the commissioners of the sinking fund, on the 28th day of April, 1806—Present:

James Madison, Secretary of State.

Albert Gallatin, Secretary of the Treasury.

John Breckenridge, Attorney General.

The Secretary of the Treasury laid before the board a report, dated the 26th of April, 1806, which was read, and is as follows:

"That the current payments to be made by the commissioners of the sinking fund, during the year 1806, are estimated as followeth, viz:

Reimbursement and interest on the domestic debt	\$4,585,000 1,004,032 678,375
Amounting, altogether, to - And leaving, in order to complete the annual appropriation of \$8,000,000, a sum exceeding \$1,730,000, (exclusively of the interest which may be redeemed by the payment of	6,267,407 1,732,593
said sum,) to be applied in such manner as the board shall direct	8,000,000

"That the said sum may be applied either to reimbursements or purchases of the public debt,

"That the only portions of the debt which may be reimbursed, are-

mi.			
The navy six per cent. stock, amounting to	-		\$711,700
The five and a half per cent. stock, amounting to	there	gainiuse A	1,847,500
And the four and a half per cent. stock, amounting	to	anfismi schali	176,000

"And that it is now submitted, whether, previous to advertising the reimbursement of the five and a half per cent. stock, it might not be advisable to ascertain whether a more advantageous application may be effected by purchases in the manner authorized by law."

Whereupon, it was resolved,

1. That the sum which, after making the current payments mentioned in the preceding report, shall remain to complete the annual appropriation of eight millions of dollars, be applied in the following manner, viz.—first, to the purchase of the eight per cent., old six per cent., and deferred stocks, at a price not exceeding the rates fixed by law; giving the preference, in the first place, to the eight per cent., and, in the next place, to the deferred stock; provided that the President of the United States shall assent to such application: and, secondly, in case that a sufficient quantity of stock cannot be purchased, to the reimbursement of the navy six per cent. stock, and at the

option of the Secretary of the Treasury, either to the reimbursement of the five and a half per cent. stock, or of so much of the bills drawn on the Treasury by the minister of the United States at Paris, in conformity with the convention between France and the United States of the 30th of April, 1803, as will be necessary to complete the payment of the said eight millions of dollars.

2. That the Treasurer of the United States be the agent, under the superintendence of the Secretary of the Treasury, for making the said purchases; that the said purchases be made by receiving sealed proposals for any sums which may be offered; and that the said agent forthwith advertise to receive such proposals until the 13th day of June next, inclusively.

3. That notice of the reimbursement of such stocks as may be reimbursed, be given by the Secretary of the Treasury, prior to the 1st day of July next; and that the date of reimbursement be, at his option, either the 1st day of

October, or the 1st day of January next.

JAMES MADISON, Secretary of State.
ALBERT GALLA'TIN, Secretary of the Treasury.
JOHN BRECKENRIDGE, Attorney General U.S.

Attest:

EDWARD JONES,

Secretary to the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, January 20, 1806.

Sin: I had the honor, in my letter of the 28th ultimo, to suggest that a conversion of the old six per cent., deferred, and three per cent. stocks, into a new six per cent. stock, would promote the intention of the Legislature to extinguish, within a fixed period, the whole debt of the United States. For a better understanding of the subject, a recapitulation of the several species of stock, which, on the first day of this year, constituted the public debt, is necessary. The first class embraces the several species of debt reimbursable on or before the 1st day of January, 1809, viz:

DUTCH DEBT.

1 The amount of principal remaining unpaid on the 31st of December, 1805 - Guilders Of which there had been remitted, previous to that day, in addition to the interest of the year 1806, a sum more than sufficient to discharge all the instalments payable in the same year, and amounting to

5,500,000

2,000,000

Leaving for the balance of principal unprovided for Nine hundred and twenty thousand dollars of that sum falls due in the year 1807, and the residue is payable in two equal instalments, of 240,000 dollars each, on the 1st days of February, 1808, and 1809. The whole amount, therefore, will 3,500,000 = \$1,400,000

have been paid by the Treasury, before the end of the year 1808.		
II. Eight per cent. stock, irredeemable till after the year 1808.		
The original amount of that stock was Of which had been paid, in payment for public	\$6,480,400	dollars.
lands, prior to the 1st of January, 1806	50,900	ntendence of
Leaving the amount unredeemed Partial purchases may, perhaps, be effected within the limitations prescribed by Congress, during this and the two ensuing years; and, at all events, the whole will be reimbursed on the 1st day of January, 1809. III. Debts reimbursable at the pleasure of the United States, viz:	general more ha Secretary data of reim	\$6,429,500
Navy six per cent. stock	711,700	
Five and a half do.	1,847,500	
Four and a half do.	176,000	2,735,200
And France Survey and for consensations on a		10,564,700
Which will also be reimbursed before the year 1809, unless the price of stocks should render it more advantageous to purchase some other species of the debt. The second class consists of debts payable at more distant periods, which it does not appear practi-		ad France
I. 1796 six per cent. stock redeemable in 1819 II. Louisiana stock, redeemable in four annual instalments, the first of which is payable in	80,000	lo noteravano cos kia walla changaitra da namera
1818	11,250,000	11 020 000
The old six per cent., deferred, and three per cent. stocks, constitute the last class, and amount to the following sums:	r before the	11,330,000
The nominal amount of the six per cent. is Of deferred, is	28,180,000 13,660,000	
Of which has been redeemed, by the annual reim-	41,840,000	
bursement of eight per cent. on account of principal and interest, (omitting fractions,) viz: On the six per cent. stock, at the rate of 30.16 per 100 dollars - \$8,500,000 On the deferred stock, at the rate of 11.30 per 100 dollars - 1,540,000	10,040,000	
Leaving the unredeemed amount on 1st January, 1806, (in round numbers)	31,800,000	

The nominal amount of three per cent. (in round numbers also) - - \$19,050,000

\$19,050,000 -----\$50,850,000

Total amount of the public debt

\$72,744,700

Although the old six per cent, and deferred stocks are still considered as a six per cent, stock, they are both, in fact, an annuity of eight per cent, on the original nominal amount, which, extinguishing the principal by degrees, will cease for the old six per cent, in the year 1818, and for the deferred in 1824. A certificate of six per cent, stock, of one hundred dollars nominal, was considered on the 1st January, 1806, as equal to sixty-nine dollars and ninety-four cents real six per cent, stock, because thirty dollars and sixteen cents of the principal had been discharged by the annual reimbursement of eight per cent,; instead of which, it was, properly speaking, an annuity of eight dollars for twelve years and something less than nine months. And, in the same manner, a certificate of deferred stock, of one hundred dollars nominal, was considered as equal to eighty-eight dollars and seventy cents real six per cent, stock; instead of which, it was, strictly speaking, an annuity of eight dollars for eighteen years and something less than nine months.

The proposition now submitted to the Committee of Ways and Means, is, that in exchange for the present six per cent. and deferred, a common six per cent. stock shall be offered to the public creditors, equal in amount to the unredeemed amount of the present stocks, and redeemable at the pleasure of the United States: provided, however, that no partial payment shall be made on any new certificate or credit, but that Government shall be obliged to reimburse, at a single payment, the whole amount of each such new certificate or credit, and to give previous reasonable notice of such intended reimbursement. Although peculiar circumstances may prevent a general acceptance of that proposal, the exchange would certainly be advantageous to the creditors; because, 1st. It is difficult to calculate, and inconvenient to reinvest, four times in each year, the portion of principal reimbursed, which makes part of the quarterly dividend; and every stockholder who does not fully thus reinvest, insensibly consumes his capital. 2dly. An annuity for a limited term of years is uniformly sold at market for a price less than its intrinsic or arithmetical worth, as may be exemplified by the market value of every lease, and of every estate, less than the absolute fee. For that reason, the navy six per cent., which is redeemable at the pleasure of the United States, has always been worth, at market, something more than the old six per cent. and deferred stocks; and these, in England, do not even command a higher price than the American five and a half per cent. stock, which is also redeemable at will. 3dly. The time and manner in which the new stock would be reimbursed, would, as far as it is practicable, prevent any great fluctuation in its price, and fix its market

The exchange would also be advantageous to the public: 1st. Because Government will thereby be enabled to reimburse the whole in less than nine years, instead of eighteen. And, 2dly. Because, supposing that circumstances should render a resort to loans necessary, the terms on which these may be obtained will, in a considerable degree, depend on the price of the existing stocks. It is therefore desirable that that species, the price of which has a tendency to regulate that of all others, should be as valuable

as its rate of interest will admit; and it has already been stated that the present six per cent. and deferred stocks, being an annuity for a number of years, are generally worth less than their intrinsic value. It is believed that that effect was sensibly felt in the operations connected with the purchase of Louisiana.

The advantages of the proposed conversion being reciprocal, no sacrifice should be made by the United States, in order to insure the assent of the public creditors; those who may refuse it, will continue to receive the eight per cent. annuities, and these will, as has been stated, cease in the years 1812 and 1818. It appears, however, proper that such remaining annuities should be designated by their proper name, instead of carrying on the face of the certificates of stock the deceptive appearance of a six per cent. stock. The annexed printed table, exhibiting the amount of principal redeemed on the first day of each quarter, shows the difficulty to persons not well versed in those transactions, of calculating the true nominal value or unredeemed amount of a stock which is perpetually diminishing, whilst its apparent nominal amount still remains the same. It may easily be understood how it may, in some instances, happen, that the stockholder consumes his principal, whilst he supposes that he is only living on the interest; and how it does sometimes happen, that ignorant purchasers, thinking that the whole apparent nominal amount, as expressed on the face of the certificate, is still due by the United States, are induced to pay for stock more than its real value.

It is therefore proposed that it should be enacted by law, that in every case where it shall be necessary to issue new certificates, either in lieu of such as may be lost or destroyed, or by reason of a transfer of the property itself, or from the books of one office to those of another, the new certificate should, on the face thereof, express the true amount of the annuity due, and of the time when it shall cease, instead of stating, as at present, the nominal amount of the stock which was originally due.

A conversion of the three per cent. into a six per cent. stock cannot be so easily effected; nor, indeed, without some apparent sacrifice on the part of the United States.

A three per cent. will always be worth more at market than a six per cent. stock, which produces an equal interest.

1st. Because there is a possibility that its nominal amount may ultimately be reimbursed.

2dly. Because, supposing it to be a perpetual annuity, the principal of which shall never be reimbursed, its market price is regulated not only by the legal or market rate of interest in America, but by the price of similar foreign stocks, and by the demand for American stocks in foreign countries. More than eleven millions of dollars of the American three per cent. stock are held by persons residing in England, Holland, and other foreign countries. That stock is never worth less than sixty per cent. of its nominal amount, when the old six per cent. stock is at par. It cannot, therefore, be expected that the holders will assent to any modification which will not secure to them advantages at least equal to those they now possess; and the question to be decided by the committee and by Congress, is, whether that debt shall henceforth be considered as a perpetual encumbrance on the nation, or whether such a compensation shall be offered to the creditors as may induce them to accept a conversion which will secure the object heretofore contemplated—the total extinguishment of the American debt. It may

not be improper to add, that even to those who may think the accomplishment of that object either unimportant or impracticable, and taking into consideration such a state of things as may render new loans necessary, the existence of a three per cent. stock is ineligible. To a nation already encumbered with an immense debt, and subject, on account of her relative situation, to peace and war establishments of great magnitude and corresponding expense, the annual sum which it may be necessary to pay, in order to obtain extraordinary resources, becomes the primary consideration; and that species of stock which, in proportion to its rate of interest, is the most valuable at market, will naturally be created. The political and geographical situation of the United States permits at least a hope that, under every contingency, the reimbursement of the debts which may necessarily be incurred will, at a subsequent period, be attainable, and that the principal will not be increased for the sake of diminishing the intermediate payments of interest. As the ultimate value which a three per cent. stock may reach at market has natural limits, and the probability of its reaching that value rests on uncertain contingencies, it is presumable that the assent of the creditors may be obtained on reasonable terms, and no greater sacrifice should certainly be made than the advantages expected from the operation will justify. In appreciating the value of the new six per cent. stock which the creditors would receive, not only its nominal amount, but also the additional annuity which will be payable till the stock shall be reimbursed, must be taken into consideration. It will, on that account, be eligible to provide that it shall not be redeemable till after all the eight, five and a half, four and a half, and navy six per cent. stocks, as well as all the stock which may be created in exchange of the old six per cent. and deferred stocks, shall have been reimbursed; a period which, supposing no adverse circumstances to intervene, may be estimated at about eight years. Thus, supposing the three per cent. to be converted into a six per cent. stock, at the rate of sixty per cent. of its nominal amount, the creditor would at the end of eight years receive sixty dollars, and, in the meanwhile, an annuity of three dollars and sixty cents, instead of three dollars, which he now receives; both which provisions may be considered as nearly equal to a redemption at the rate of sixty-five dollars. It may be added, that this new stock would be worth more at market than the six per cent. created in exchange of the old six per cent. and deferred, and probably more than par. The Louisiana stock, which is irredeemable for twelve years, is now worth, in England, one hundred and five; whilst the old six per cent. is only at ninety-five per cent. Whatever reasonable rate may be paid for the proposed conversion, the United States will provide, at a fixed price, for the redemption of the debt; and the creditor, besides receiving an intermediate additional interest, will exchange the uncertain contingency of a supposed increase of value for the certainty of a reimbursement, greater than the highest price which the three per cent. stock has ever yet reached. It has already been stated, that more than eleven millions of dollars of the three per cent. stock is held by persons residing in foreign countries. About fourteen millions of the unredeemed amount of the six per cent. and deferred stocks, is in the same situation. As it will be more difficult to obtain the assent of that class of stockholders, particularly as relates to the three per cent. stock, it might also be agreed that the interest due to them on the new stock should, like that on the Louisiana stock, be paid in Europe; a provision which, without costing much to the United States, will be a strong inducement in favor of

the proposed modifications. Nor would it be impracticable to provide for an exchange of certificates in Europe, which would remove the objection arising from the delays and dangers incident to a double transmission of papers across the Atlantic. Some subordinate details may be introduced in the law; but these outlines will be sufficient to convey an idea of the plan which appears to be the most simple and the cheapest mode of effecting the object contemplated. Still, it is less the plan thus respectfully submitted, than the subject itself, which I have been desirous of bringing under the consideration of the committee. Although an ample appropriation has been made for the extinguishment of the whole of the public debt, the nature of the greater part of the stock will, unless some modification shall be obtained, prevent or considerably retard the accomplishment of that object. If no alteration shall take place in the nature of that stock, the commissioners of the sinking fund will, after the year 1809, have no other means of applying near one-half of the annual appropriation, than by making purchases. nual purchases, to the amount of near four millions of dollars, would necessarily raise the old six per cent. and deferred stocks above par, and the three per cent. stock to the highest price of which it is susceptible. As a necessary consequence, the commissioners would cease to purchase; and, without any real advantage being obtained by the creditors, the United States would continue to be encumbered for a number of years with the eight per cent., and in perpetuity with the three per cent. annuities. Years, perhaps, the most favorable for the extinguishment of the debt, would elapse, and periods might follow when the pressure of the annual payments would be sensibly felt. To improve the present time, appears the most provident course; will, it is believed, conform with the public opinion; and is most consistent with the former acts of the Legislature.

I have the honor to be,

Very respectfully, sir,

Your obedient servant,

ALBERT GALLATIN.

street or shifter. It may be added, that the new stock armed to broatle and secretary than the six percent, exceed an exchange of the action of the and deferred, and probably record than part. The contraction of violation of the action of the secretary vects, is now worth, in the sixth one backet and five, while the and exceed the contract of the secretary.

the rest of the section of a proportion contracts of grands of the plant total and proportion of the section of

the strength of the more reflected to design the speciment of the many of the strength of the

Hon. John Randolph,

Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means.

TABLE showing the amount of principal (on the calculation of 100 dollars) redeemed at certain quarter-yearly periods, until its final extinction, by the United States, of their stock, bearing an interest of six per cent. per annum, arising from the payment of dividends of eight per centum per annum, under the provisions of sundry acts of Congress.

		100	Amount redeemed.			Amount redeemed.			Amount redeemed.			Am't redeemed.
January 1, 1796		1802	2.	1802	1808	16.857635349	1808	1814	38,096666858	1814	1820	68.457922123
April	204	122	2.03	1		17,110499879			38.668116860	TOLL	1020	69,484790955
luly	39		2.06045			17.367157377	286.038	355 DW	39,248138613		50.70	70,527062819
October	000-		2.09135675	[19] 존경	(48) <u>- 3</u>	17.627664737		F 3326	39.836860693	0.96753	100 Ten	71,584968761
January 1, 1797	30/4-	1803	4.122727101	1803	1809	19.892079708	1809	1815	42.434413603	1815	1821	74,658743293
April	E14	180209	4.184568008	9K - 51200	0.07,000	20,190460904	11.12.00	PET ALL OF	43.070929807	1010	1001	75.778624449
July		Mar Dis	4.247336528		44	20.493317817		6.4620	43,716993754	100000	10000	76.91530380
October	10000	-	4.311046576			20.800717585			44.372748660		1000	78.069033360
January 1, 1798	100 PM	1804	6.375712274	1804	1810	23.112728348	1810	1816	47.038339890	1816	1822	81.24006886
April		1000	6.471347958		I I Die	23.459419273	1010	1010	47.743914989	1010	19-2	
July	1000	1	6.568418178	587.8	51 29	23.811310563	(COST-C)	1000	48.460073713		1000 10	82,45866989
October -	1	60775	6.666944450	Sesse d		24.168480221	BEET ST		49.186974819	93753	100 T 34	83.69554994
January 1, 1799	4000	1805	8.766948617	1805	1811	26.531047424	1811	1817	51.924779441	1817	1823	84,95098319
April -		1000	8.898452846	BE 2.31	100	26.928972536	1011	10000	52.703651133	1917	1000	88, 22524794
July -	100		9.031929639	1000		27.332907124	B27.50	2500.03	53.494205900	10000	SERVICE STATE	89.54862666
October	100° 10	-	9.167408583	10 E 10	1	27.742900730	MILET IN	製器 03	54.296618988		15 Carlot	90.89185606
January 1, 1800	100	1806	11,304919712	1806	1812	30.159044241	1812	1818	57.111068273	1818	1824	92.25523390
April -		362.0	11.474493508			30.611429905	1014	1150	57.967734297	1919	1824	95.63906241
July		BOOK S	11.646610910			31.070601354	10 T 10	-	58.837250311		100	97.07364834
October -	5000	Bar En	11.821310074	1005		31.536660374	T.	7	59.719809066	1	-	98.52975307
January 1, 1801		1807	13.998629725	1807	1813	34.009710279	1813	1819	62,615606202			100.
April -	B .		14.208609171	101	1010	34.519855933	1019	1013	63,554840295	· 23	W. 34	
July -	31 F		14.421738308	The same of	135	35.037653773	-	-		TRACK CO	STORES OF	
October -	4	TEN	14.638064383	5	1	35.563218579	-	-	61.508162899 65.475785343	[F][S-1-68	DD-120	

Amount due July 1, 1818 Interest thereon

Amount of last payment, payable 1st October, 1818 and 1824

\$1,470,246,926 22,053,703

1,492,300,629

The real value 100 dollars nominal will be found by deducting the amount redeemed in any one quarter, from 100 nominal dollars, expressed in the stock bearing interest at six per cent.

A TABLE of the annual payments to be made on account of the public debt, from the year 1809 to the year 1824, if no modification of the same shall take place.

	Interest and rein			Six per cent, stock of 1796.		Louisiana stock.		Total in each
Years.	Six per cent. stock.			Interest. Principal.		Interest and charges. Principal.		year.
From 1809 to 1817 - 1818 - 1819 - 1820 - 1821 - 1822 - 1823 - 1824 - After 1824 -	\$2,251,492 11 1,264,297 49	\$1,092,655 93 1,092,655 93 1,092,655 93 1,092,655 93 1,092,655 93 1,092,655 93 1,092,656 93 613,567 36	\$4,800 4,800 4,800	\$80,000	\$680,000 680,000 510,000 340,000 170,000	\$2,812,500 2,812,500 2,812,500 2,812,500	\$570,583 25 570,583 25 570,583 25 570,583 25 570,583 25 570,583 25 570,583 25 570,583 25 570,583 25	\$4,599,531 29 6,424,836 60 5,070,539 18 4,815,739 18 4,645,739 18 1,663,239 18 1,663,239 18 1,184,150 61 570,583 25

Note.—After the year 1824, the three per cent. stock, amounting to 19,019,481 dollars, will still be due, and the annual payment of the interest, amounting to 570,583 25-100 dollars, continue ever after.

H

A TABLE of the annual payments on account of the public debt, from the year 1809 to the year 1821, on the supposition that the old six per cent., deferred, and three per cent. stocks shall be converted into a new six per cent. stock, redeemable within seven years; and that the annual appropriation of eight millions of dollars shall be continued till the final reimbursement of that new stock.

Years. in exchange deferred,	in exchange for	ent. stock, issued the old 6 per cent., per cent. stocks.	Louisiana ai	Total in each year.	
	Interest.	Principal.	Interest.	Principal.	a of tor nA
1809	\$2,370,301	\$4,944,899	\$684,800	_	\$8,000,000
1810	2,073,607	5,241,593	684,800	8 -	8,000,000
1811	1,759,119	5,556,088	684,800	-	8,000,000
1812	1,425,747	5,889,453	684,890	rinire among	8,000,000
1814	1,072,379	6,242,821	681,800	MINISTER CONTRACTOR	8,000,000
1815	697,810	6,617,390	684,800 684,800	TOTAL PROPERTY.	5,923,151
1816	225,575	5,012,776	684,800		684,800
1817	Listmeren	SECRET TRANSPORT	684,800	disch Storme	684,800
1818	the E		684,800	\$2,812,500	3,497,300
1819		Cale to Labor.	514,800	2,892,500	3,407,300
1830			340,000	2,812,500	3,152,500
1821	92051115	du noirentant	170,000	2,812,500	a 2,982,500

⁴ The whole of the public debt will then have been completely reimbursed.

K.

COMPARATIVE VIEW of the annual payments to be made on account of the principal and interest of the public debt, after the year 1808, agreeably to the principles assumed in the two preceding tables marked G and H.

Years.	Annual payments, agreeably to table G.	Annual payments, agreeably to table H.	Years.	Annual payments, agreeably to table G.	Annual payments, agreeably to table H,
1809 1810 1811 1812 1813 1814 1815 1816 1817	\$4,599,531 4,599,531 4,599,531 4,599,531 4,599,531 4,599,531 4,599,531 4,599,531	\$8,000,000 8,000,000 8,000,000 8,000,000 8,000,000	1818 1839 1820 1821 1822 1823 1824 After 1824, in perpetuity,	\$6,424,836 5,070,539 4,815,739 4,645,739 1,663,239 1,663,239 1,184,151 570,583	\$3,497,300 3,407,300 3,152,500 2,982,500 The whole debt extinguished.

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