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od the ourness expenses, including therein me no. 3 and a fall of dollars. Har the saveness on a same of more than the saveness on REPORT ON THE FINANCES. NOYEMBER, 1811.

The recepts for the last quarter of the year 1811 are estimated at 2,200,000 dallast, cut the extremit are including the permeans of arrests In obedience to the directions of the act supplementary to the act entitled "An act to establish the Treasury Department," the Secretary of the Treasury respectfully submits the following report and estimates: RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

I. To the end of the year 1811.—The actual receipts into the Treasury:

during the year ending on the 30th of September, 1811, have following sums, viz: Customs, sales of lands, arrears, repayments, and all other by nue, amounting together, as appears by the statement (E,) to	consisted of the ranches of reve- \$13,541,446 37
Temporary loan of 31st December, 1810 -	2,750,000 00
Making together with the balance in the Treasury on the	\$16,291,446 37 3,459,029 72
An aggregate of -	\$19,750,476 09
Army, fortifications, arms, and arsenals Navy department Indian department - \$2,129,000 2,136,000 142,725	4,407,725 00 2,225,800 93
derolibbe ad principal ban algoritage ow	
Total current expenses	- \$7,994,584 91
Reimbursement of the temporary loan (in March and September, 1811) Payments on account of the principal of the public debt	2,750,000 00 5,058,272 82
Amounting, together, as will appear more in detail by the statement (E,) to	O Tologion
And leaving in the Treasury, on the 30th of September, 1811, a balance of	- 3,947,818 36
100 and 180 f. have chosen transfer stellar	\$19,750,476 09
y 1,200,000 dollers, se probable amount of recentle	1 inches of the

The actual receipts, arising from revenue alone, and exclusively of the temporary loan since reimbursed, appear, from this statement, to have exceed-

ed the current expenses, including therein the interest *paid* on the debt, by a sum of more than five millions and a half of dollars. But the payments on account of interest during the year ending on the 30th of September, 1811, have, from an unavoidable delay in making the usual remittances to Holland, fallen short of the amount due during the same period; and the real excess of receipts arising from revenue beyond the current expenses, including therein the interest *accrued* on the debt, amounts only to near 5,100,000 dollars.

The receipts for the last quarter of the year 1811 are estimated at 3,300,000 dollars; and the expenditures (including the payments of arrears of interest and near 2,160,000 dollars on account of the principal of the public debt) at 4,300,000 dollars, which will leave, at the end of the year, a balance in the Treasury of near three millions of dollars. It will not, therefore, be necessary to resort for the service of the present year to the loan authorized by the act of the last session of Congress.

II. Year 1812.—It is ascertained that the nett revenue arising from duties on merchandise and tonnage, which has accrued during the first three quarters of the year 1811, exceeds six millions of dollars; and it may, for

the whole year, be estimated at about 7,500,000 dollars.

The custom-house bonds outstanding on the 1st day of January, '1812, and falling due in that year, are also estimated, after deducting bad debts, at 7,500,000 dollars. This sum may therefore be assumed as the probable amount of receipts into the Treasury during the year 1812, on account of duties on merchandise and tonnage; the portion of the revenue arising from importations subsequent to the present year, which will be received in 1812, being considered sufficient to pay the debentures and expenses of collection of that year.

The payments made by purchasers of public lands north of the river Ohio having, during the last two years, after deducting the expenses and charges on that fund, amounted to near 600,000 dollars a year, that branch of revenue may, for the present, be estimated at that sum. Allowing one hundred thousand dollars for the other small items of revenue, which will consist principally of arrears and repayments, the whole amount of actual receipts into the Treasury during the year 1812 may therefore be estimat-

ed at \$8,200,000.

The current expenses for the same year are estimated as followeth, viz:

1. Expenses of a civil nature, both domestic and foreign - \$1,260,000

2. Military and naval establishments, according to the estimates of those two departments, and including the additional permanent appropriations for the purchase of arms and for Indian annuities, viz:

Army (including 32,000 dollars for the militia) \$2,581,000
Arsenals, arms, and ordnance - 614,000
Naval department - 2,500,000

Indian department 220,000

3. Interest on the public debt

5,915,000 2,225,000

Amounting, together, to -

\$9,400,000

and exceeding, by 1,200,000 dollars, the probable amount of receipts.

This deficit may be paid out of the sum of three millions of dollars in the Treasury. But, under existing circumstances, it does not seem eligible to exhaust that fund; and the estimate of receipts being also liable to more than

usual uncertainty, the propriety of authorizing a loan sufficient to supply that difference, and to defray such other extraordinary expenses as may be

incurred during the year, is respectfully submitted.

It must at the same time be observed, that the sum of 9,400,000 dollars, thus stated as the amount of current expenses for the year 1812, includes, in fact, a portion of extraordinary expenses arising from the present state of affairs. For if the military and naval expenditure had been estimated at a sum not exceeding the amount actually expended for those objects during the year ending on the 30th September, 1811, (that is to say, at 4,400,000 instead of 5,900,000 dollars,) the estimate of receipts would exceed that of current expenses.

The disbursements on account of the naval establishment have amounted, in the year ending on the 30th September, 1810, to \$1,675,000

And in the year ending on the 30th September, 1811, to 2,136,000 And in the year ending on the 30th September, 1817, to 2,500,000

They are estimated for the year 1812, at - 2,500,000

The disbursements on account of the military establishment have amounted, in the year ending on the 30th September, 1810, to \$2,309,000 And in the year ending on the 30th September, 1811, to 2,129,000 They are estimated, for the year 1812, at

But the detailed annual estimates of the year 1812 will show that they are predicated on the employment of almost the whole naval force, and of the whole military establishment of the United States, as authorized by law; covering, besides several other items, all the expenses of more than seventeen thousand effective men in the land and sea service.

With respect to the payments on account of the principal of the debt, it is evident that an authority to borrow a sum equal to that which will be reimbursed during the year 1812 will be necessary. The payments which, according to law, must be made during that year, on that account,

1. Annual reimbursement of six per cent. and deferred stocks - \$1,570,000 00 Reimbursement of the residue of the converted stock - 565,318 41

Amounting, together, to

This sum, and that payable for interest, amounting together to 4,360,000 dollars, leave, in order to complete the annual appropriation of eight millions, a balance of 3,640,000 dollars, which can be applied in no other manner than in purchases of stock at the prices limited by law. The amount which may be thus applied is therefore uncertain.

PUBLIC DEBT.

It appears, by the statement (D,) that the payments on account of the principal of the public debt will, from the 1st of October, 1810, to the 31st December, 1811, have exceeded six million four hundred thousand dollars. With the exception of the annual reimbursement of the six per cent. and deferred stocks, there will remain, at the end of the year 1811, no other portion of the public debt reimbursable at the will of the United States than the residue of converted stock, amounting, as above stated, to 565,000

dollars, and which will be paid in the year 1812. There being nothing afterwards left on which the laws passed subsequent to the year 1801, for the redemption of the debt, can operate, a general view of the result and

effect of those laws will now be presented.

Exclusively of near three millions of unfunded debt since reimbursed, as detailed in the report of the 18th of April, 1808, the public debt of the United States amounted, on the 1st of April, 1801, to \$79,926,999, as will appear by the statement (D d.) The whole amount of principal extinguished during the period of ten years and nine months, commencing on the 1st of April, 1801, and ending on the 31st of December, 1811, exceeds forty-six millions of dollars, viz:

Foreign debt, paid in full \$10,075,004 Eight per cent., five and a half per cent., four and a half per cent., and navy six per cent. stocks; and temporary loans due on the 1st of April, 1801, to the Bank of the United States, all paid in full 12,657,700 Six per cent. and deferred stocks, including the exchanged stock reimbursed 20,820,744 Three per cent. stock, including converted stock reimbursed 2,379,269 Registered debt, and debt due to foreign officers 90,093 \$46,022,81 Leaving the amount of old debt unredeemed on the 1st of

and consisting of the following species, viz: Six per cent, and deferred stocks, unredeemed

\$17,067,096 Three per cent. stock - \$16,157,890 Converted stock - 565,318

16,723,208 1796 six per cent. stock 80,000 Registered debt, and debt due to foreign offi-

And to which, adding the Louisiana six per cent. stock, being \$33,904,189 a new debt, contracted subsequent to the 1st of April, 1801

11,250,000 Makes the whole amount of public debt, on the 1st of January, 1812 45,154,189

The annual interest on the public debt due on the 1st April, 1801, amounts to The annual interest on the public debt, extinguished between

the 1st April, 1801, and the 1st January, 1812, amounted to

Leaving, for the amount of annual interest, on the old debt unredeemed, on 1st January, 1812 The annual interest on the Loiusiana stock is

Making the annual interest on the whole debt due on the 1st January, 1812

2,632,982

\$4,180,463

33,904,189

1.547,481 675,000

Which subtracted from the annual interest on the debt due on 1st April, 1801

\$4,180,463

Leaves for the difference between the amounts of interest respectively payable at those two dates

\$1,967,942

The disposable national revenue, or that portion which alone is applicable to defray the annual national expenses, consists only of the surplus of the gross amount of revenue collected, beyond the amount necessary for paying the interest on the public debt. A diminution of that interest is, with respect to the ability of defraying the other annual expenses, a positive increase of revenue, to the same amount. With an equal amount of gross revenue, the revenue applicable to defray the national expenses is now, by the effect of the reduction of the debt, two million six hundred thousand dollars greater than on the 1st day of April, 1801. Or, if another view of the subject be thought more correct: the laws for the reduction of the debt have, in ten years and nine months, enabled the United States to pay in full the purchase money of Louisiana, and increased their revenue near two millions of dollars.

If the amount of annual payments, on account of both the principal and interest of the public debt, during the last eight years, be contrasted with the payments hereafter necessary for the same purpose, the difference will be still more striking. Eight millions of dollars have been annually paid, on that account, during those eight years. The whole amount payable after the year 1812, including the annual reimbursement on the six per cent. and deferred stocks, is 3,792,382 dollars; making an annual difference of more than four million two hundred thousand dollars, which will be liberated from that appropriation. And this annual payment of about three million eight hundred thousand dollars would have been sufficient, with some small variations, to discharge, in ten years, the whole of the residue of the existing debt, with the exception of the three per cent. stock, the annual interest on which amounts only to four hundred and eighty-five thousand dollars. The aspect of the foreign relations of the United States forbids, however, the hope of seeing the work completed within that short period. The redemption of principal has been effected without the aid of any internal taxes, either direct or indirect, without any addition during the last seven years to the rate of duties on importations, (which, on the contrary, have been impaired by the repeal of that on salt,) and notwithstanding the great diminution of commerce during the last four years. It therefore proves, decisively, the ability of the United States, with their ordinary revenue, to discharge, in ten years of peace, a debt of forty-two millions of dollars; a fact which considerably lessens the weight of the most formidable objection to which that revenue, depending almost solely on commerce, appears to be liable. In time of peace, it is almost sufficient to defray the expenses of a war; in time of war, it is hardly competent to support the expenses of a peace establishment. Sinking, at once, under adverse circumstances, from fifteen to six or eight millions of dollars, it is only by a persevering application of the surplus, which it affords in years of prosperity to the discharge of the debt, that a total change in the system of taxation, or a perpetual accumulation of debt, can be avoided. But, if a similar application of such surplus be hereafter strictly adhered to, forty millions of debt, contracted during five or six years of war, may always, without any extraordinary exertions, be reimbursed in ten years of peace.

This view of the subject has, at the present crisis, appeared necessary for the purpose of distinctly pointing out one of the principal resources within the reach of the United States. But, to be placed on a solid foundation, it requires the aid of a revenue "sufficient, at least, to defray the ordinary expenses of Government, and to pay the interest on the public debt, including that on new loans which may be authorized."

PROVISION FOR THE ENSUING YEARS.

The revenue is derived from two sources—the duties on importations,

and the sales of public lands.

The nett revenue arising from duties on merchandise and tonnage, which accrued during the year 1809, amounted to \$6,527,168. The nett revenue, arising from the same sources, which accrued during the year 1810, amounted, as will appear by the statements A and B, to \$12,513,490; the same revenue, for the year 1811, is estimated, as has already been stated, at \$7,500,000. A portion of the revenue of this year having been collected on British merchandise imported before the prohibition took effect, the permanent revenue, arising from duties on tonnage and merchandise, will not probably, at their present rate, and under existing circumstances, exceed \$6,000,000 an estimate which is corroborated by the view of the subject exhibited in the statement (B 2.)

The sales of the public lands north of the river Ohio have, during the year ending on the 30th of September, 1811, amounted, as appears by the statement (C,) to 207,000 acres; and the payments by purchasers to 600,000 dollars. It has already been stated that those payments, on the average of the last two years, amount, after deducting the expenses and charges on that

fund, to the annual sum of 600,000 dollars.

The sales in the Mississippi Territory, being in the first instance appropriated to the payment of 1,250,000 dollars to the State of Georgia, are dis-

tinctly stated.

The permanent revenue or annual receipts, after the year 1812, calculated on the existing state of affairs, may therefore be estimated at \$6,600,000

Which deducted from the annual expenditures calculated on the same principle, and amounting, by the preceding estimates for the year 1812, to

9,200,000

Leaves a deficiency to be provided for of -

\$2,600,000

An addition of fifty per cent. to the present amount of duties, (together with a continuance of the temporary duties heretofore designated by the name of "Mediterranean fund,") will be sufficient to supply that deficiency, and is respectfully submitted. This mode appears preferable, for the present, to any internal tax. With respect to the sales of public lands, besides affording a supplementary fund for the ultimate redemption of the public debt, they may, without any diminution of revenue, be usefully applied as a bounty to soldiers enlisting in the regular service, and in facilitating the terms of loans. But it does not appear that the actual receipts into the Treasury, arising from the sales, can be materially increased without a reduction in the price, unless it be by an attempt to offer certain portions for sale in the large cities of the Union

The same amount of revenue would be necessary, and, with the aid of loans, would, it is believed, be sufficient in case of war. The same increase of duties would therefore be equally necessary in that event. Whether it would be sufficient to produce the same amount of revenue as under existing circumstances, cannot at present be determined. Should any deficiency arise, it may be supplied without difficulty, by a further increase of duties, by a restoration of that on salt, and a proper selection of moderate internal taxes. To raise a fixed revenue of only nine millions of dollars, is so much within the compass of the national resources, so much less in proportion than is paid by any other nation, that, under any circumstances, it will only require the will of the Legislature to effect the object.

The possibility of raising money by loans to the amount which may be wanted, remains to be examined; for the fact that the United States may easily, in ten years of peace, extinguish a debt of forty-two millions of dollars, does not necessarily imply that they could borrow that sum during a

period of war.

In the present state of the world, foreign loans may be considered as nearly unattainable. In that respect, as in all others, the United States must solely rely on their own resources. These have their natural bounds, but are believed to be fully adequate to the support of all the national force that

can be usefully and efficiently employed.

The ability and will of the United States faithfully to perform their engagements are universally known; and the terms of loans will, in no shape whatever, be affected by want of confidence in either. They must, however, depend not only on the state of public credit, and on the ability to lend, but also on the existing demand for capital required for other objects. Whatever this may be, the money wanted by the public must be purchased at its market price. Whenever the amount wanted for the service of the year, or the whole amount of stock in the market shall exceed certain limits, it may be expected that legal interest will not be sufficient to obtain the sums required. In that case, the most simple and direct is also the cheapest and safest mode. It appears much more eligible to pay at once the difference, either by a premium in lands, or by allowing a higher rate of interest, than to increase the amount of stock created, or to attempt any operation which might injuriously affect the circulating medium of the country. ficulty (and it is the only serious one which has been anticipated) will not indeed, if analyzed, appear very formidable; for to take an extreme case, and supposing even forty millions of dollars to be borrowed at eight instead of six per cent. a year, the only difference would consist in the additional payment of eight hundred thousand dollars a year until the principal was reimbursed: a payment inconvenient, indeed, and to be avoided if practicable, but inconsiderable if compared either with the effects of other means of raising money, or with some other branches of the public expenditure.

It appears from the preceding estimates, that nothing more may be strictly wanted for the defraying, during the year 1812, the expenses as yet authorized by law, than an authority to borrow a sum equal to that which may be

reimbursed on account of the principal of the public debt.

With a view to the ensuing years, and considering the aspect of public affairs presented by the Executive, and the measures of expense which he has recommended, it has been attempted to show-

1. That a fixed revenue of about nine millions of dollars is necessary and

sufficient, both under the existing situation of the United States, and in the event of their assuming a different attitude.

That an addition to the rate of duties on importations is at present sufficient for that purpose, although, in the course of events, it may require some aid from other sources of revenue.

3. That a just reliance may be placed on obtaining loans to a considerable amount, for defraying the extraordinary expenses which may be incurred beyond the amount of revenue above stated.

4. That the peace revenue of the United States will be sufficient, without any extraordinary exertions, to discharge, in a few years, the debt which may be thus necessarily incurred.

many an inavisation of your annot unioned through the line in a few control of the

are believed to be fully adequate to the symper of all the nazional face that

The ability and will of the United States feithfully to postern their one proposed up and the terms of forther its grant of the contract of forther its grant of could be contract. They must however strengther on the state of public credit, and could could be a load contract.

erer this may be the money wanted by the public cook he parenteed at its market price. Whenever the amoint wanted for the excited of the venture of

as expected that legal in press will not be entitleded to other best sense to

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might adjuriously affect the exclusions of the country. This put femily and it is the only serious one which has been anticipated will not indeed it analyzed, appear year fourthable; for totake an extreme case, and analyzed, appear year fourthable; for totake an extreme case, and analyzed as year forty millions of the cook at the control of the cook at the cook at

swinds money, or with some of the religion of the public serior with some of the public serior with some some product of the product of the serior to the serior of the se

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In that case, the most simple and direct is also the ideospest and

All which is respectfully submitted.

ALBERT GALLATIN.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
November 22, 1811.

Years.		Duties on		Debentures is-	Bounties and	Gross revenue.	Expenses of	Nett revenue.	
T Caro,	Merchandise.	Tonnage.	Passports and clearances.	sued.	allowances,	List of	collection.		
1809 1810	\$11,603,071 27 16,601,711 71	\$151,983 13 169,161 24	\$22,660 00 23,428 00	\$4,706,608 00 3,839,160 00	\$48,940 18 2,268 05	\$7,022,166 22 a 12,952,872 90	\$494,998 02 439,382 87	\$6,527,168 20 12,513,490 03	

Gross revenue for the year 1810 - \$12,952,872 90
Deduct interest and storage - 30,701 95
Gross revenue, per statement B - 12,922,170 95

A STATEMENT of the amount of American and foreign tonnage employed in the foreign trade, for the year 1810, as taken from the records of the Treasury.

American tonnage in foreign trade	40	Tons	906,434 80,316
Total amount of tonnage employed in the foreign trade of the United States	CARE.		986,750
Proportion of foreign tonnage to the whole amount of tonnage employed in the foreign trade of the United Sta	les	to the state of th	8.1 to 100

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Register's Office, November 9, 1811.

B

A STATEMENT exhibiting the value and quantities, respectively, of merchandise, on which duties actually accrued, during the year 1810, (consisting of the difference between articles paying duty, imported, and those entitled to drawback, re-exported;) and, also, the nett revenue which accrued, during that year, from duties on merchandise, tonnage, passports, and clearances.

GOODS PAYING	DUTIES AD V	VALOREM.				
39,714,120 dollars, at 12½ per cent. 7,703,290 do. 15 do. 552,151 do. 20 do. a Additional duty on 47	7,806,962 do	ollars, at 2	per cer	it.	-	\$4,964,265 0 1,155,493 5 110,430 2 1,195,174 0
47,969,561 dollars						7,425,362 7
b Spirits, 4,487,588 gallons, a c Sugar, 29,312,307 pounds, a d Wines, 1,164,592 gallons, a c Teas, 6,647,726 pounds, a Coffee, 5,852,082 pounds, a Molasses, 7,651,682 gallons, a f All other articles	t 25 cts. av t 34.8 cts. av t 19.8 cts. av	verage		orang Carro		1,272,663 44 743,656 08 405,024 41 1,314,091 17 292,604 10 382,584 10 660,276 89
From which deduct bounties and all Duties refunded, after deducting the	harafram da	tree seller		\$2,268	05	12,495,662 9
merchandise, the particulars of whand difference in calculation	hich could n	ot be ascert	ained,	31,082	20	33,350 25
mercuandise, the particularsof wi	nich could n	ot be ascert	ained,		20	12,462,312 69 139,489 33
and difference in calculation The per cent. retained on drawback Extra duty of 10 per cent. on merchanical and the control of duties on tonnage	andise impor	ot be ascert	gn vess	els	40	12,462,312 69 139,489 33 87,779 69
and difference in calculation and difference in calculation appearance of the control of the c	andise impor	ot be ascert	gn vess	els	40	12,462,312 63 139,489 33 87,779 69 12,689,581 71 169,161 24
and difference in calculation 34 per cent. retained on drawback Extra duty of 10 per cent. on mercha Nett amount of duties Duties on tonnage Light money	andise importon merchan	ot be ascert	gn vess	els	40	33,350 25 12,462,312 69 139,489 33 87,779 69 12,689,581 71 169,161 24 23,428 00 12,882,170 95 40,000 00
and difference in calculation 34 per cent. retained on drawback Extra duty of 10 per cent. on mercha Nett amount of duties Duties on tonnage Light money Duties on passports and clearances	andise import on merchan	ot be ascert	gn vess	els	40	12,462,312 69 139,489 33 87,779 69 12,689,581 71 169,161 24 23,428 00 12,882,170 95

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

Register's Office, November 9, 1811.

JOSEPH NOURSE, Register.

Explanatory Statements and Notes.

3t per	ional duty of 21 per cent cent. retained on draw duty of 10 per cent. on	backs	handise	e imported i	n foreign	vessels		\$1,195,174 3,832 2,427	51
							laute.	1,201,434	42
b Spirits	—from grain Other materials, 1st	3d 4th	proof do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do.	19,292 921 85,954 31,064 1,756 969,569 2,389,980 982,362 6,690	gallons, a do. do. do. do. do. do. do.	29 31 34 40 25 28	ts -	5,401 267 26,645 10,561 702 242,392 669,194 314,355 2,542	09 74 76 40 25 40 84
				4,487,588				1,272,063	44
Sugar-	-brown White			27,142,626 2,169,681	pounds, a	at 21 cer	nts -	678,565 -65,090	
	94 735			29,312,307	200		77	743,656	08
Wines-	Madeira, 1st quality Madeira, 2d do. Sherry and St. Lucar Lisbon and Oporto Burgundy and Cham Teneriffe, Fayal, and Other, in bottles Other, in casks	pagne Mala	ıga -	238,354 31,222 54,318 121,644 932 531,475 6,554 180,093	do.	50 40 30 45 28	nts -	138,245 15,611 21,727 36,493 419 148,813 2,293 41,421	00 20 20 40 00 90
	00 69 7 00	13		1,164,592				405,024	41
	Bohea Souchong Hyson Other green Extra duty on teas im other places than Indi	portecia	l from	1,349,520 2,248,102 972,099 2,178,005	do.	at 12 cer 18 32 20	nts -	161,942 404,658 311,071 435,601	36 68 00
	001			6,747,726				1,314,091	17
	5L 6L8 7			101,00	100.			- fix	188
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	\$ 50,505 46								
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Explanatory Statements and Notes-Continued.

黎祖 。曾 49		Quanti	ities.	ampi Sideran		A delizione
		Excess of importations over exportations.		duty.	Excess of duties over drawback.	
Pepper Pejmento Chinese cassia Tobacco Snuff Indigo Cotton Powder, hair gun Starch Glue Pewter plates and dishes fron, anchors and sheet slit and hoop Nails Diskes Luicksilver Ochre, in oil dry Vhite and red lead ead eines eordage, tarred ordage, tarred	of do.	155, 218 1,843, 716 2,633 2,379 271 32 61,783 28,829 17,774 336,258 412,217 37,072 1,223 36,277 94,117 153,255 13,993 14,990 540 21,247 988,856 512,739 190,599 1,521 1,633 - 30 21,768 8,407 81,127 7,862 852,949 759,337 2,112,223 280,215 1,966 10,808 66,300 913,909 2,525,273 1,525,599 2,482 677,405 90,188 104,213	96,715	78 8 2 3 11 1 9 5 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 5 5 5 0 2 0 6 4 4 6 6 1 0 2 5 3 4 4 4 1 1 1 2 1 6 6 1 1 1 1 2 1 4 2 2 1 6 6 1 1 1 2 1 4 2 2 1 6 6 1 1 1 2 1 4 2 2 1 6 6 1 1 1 2 1 4 2 2 1 6 6 1 1 1 2 1 4 2 2 1 6 6 1 1 1 2 1 4 2 2 1 6 6 1 1 1 2 1 4 2 2 1 6 6 1 1 1 2 1 4 2 2 1 6 6 1 1 1 2 1 4 2 2 1 6 6 1 1 1 2 1 4 2 2 1 6 6 1 1 1 2 1 4 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 6 6 1 1 1 2 1 4 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 6 6 1 1 1 1 2 1 4 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 4 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 4 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 4 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1	\$10 08 12,417 44 36,874 32 78 99 273 58 24 39 2 08 1,235 66 576 58 345 48 6,725 16 8,244 34 741 44 73 38 2,539 39 1,882 34 2,298 82 17,491 25 7,495 00 4,249 40 59,337 36 20,509 56 7,623 96 7,623 96 7,623 96 7,623 96 7,623 96 163 30 1 90 870 72 2552 21 3,245 08 314 48 12,794 23 7,593 37 42,244 46 2,802 15 117 96 162 12 663 00 9,139 09 50,505 46 15,255 99 99 28 13,548 10 2,254 70 2,084 26	\$1,450 72 \$,962 00 14,067 96
leen lemp wine lauber salts	- ewt. - do. - do. - do. - bushels	11,043 178,473 2,925 133 392,857		100	11,043 00 178,473 00 11,700 00 266 00 19,642 85	

Explanatory Statements and Notes-Continued.

he principal articles	ed un s	Quant	ities.	of the	MENT	1 STAT
f All other articles—conti	inued.	Excess of importations over exportations.	Excess of exportations over importations.	Rate of duty.	Excess of duties over drawback.	Excess of drawback over du- ties.
Fish, dried		107 7,333 4,398 4,397 1,905 20,104 19,906 4,449 4,669 15,263 52 1,095 1,754 10,289 723 5 1,928	bsizoqui si iduod si oci oci si oci	Cts. 10 50 100 60 40 60 160 50 50 75 925 15 10 50 925	\$10 70 3,666 50 4,398 00 2,626 20 762 00 12,062 40 31,849 60 7,785 75 10,505 25 30,526 00 821 25 438 50 1,543 35 72 30 2 50 482 00	ross amoustants and the repair on the repair on the repair on antices and the repair of the repair o
100	547,	000, cta, c	inperted space-	nicks her d	684,057 57 23,780 68 660,276 89	\$23,780 68

Ived revenue, as per-statement A, for 1810. How Great Britain and dependence net revenue on articles income from Great Britain and dependence.

of beer, pewier, enchors, shoot, ship, and hoop into anils and spiles, pelate

lead as manufactures at lead, steel, twine, and recordiread, glass, coal, and tab. Sommermall stems, not exceeding \$10,000 are emitted. Nora-Beggs, collee, and projected use not jurifieded, as the whole quantity want be sepplied from edler count

\$5,675,000

mitico-calon B 2 marchail

A STATEMENT of the duties which accrued on the principal articles imported from Great Britain and her dependencies, during the year 1810, with an estimate of the debentures issued on the same articles, deduced from a comparison with the whole amount of duties accruing, and debentures issued, during the same year, on all articles of the same description imported from all countries.

- 10 9 9 90 70 - 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Ad valorem.	Spirits.	Cotton, spices, and indigo.	Sundries, a
Gross amount of duties on articles imported from all countries	\$8,121,337	\$1,315,085	\$681,414	\$283,778
on the exportation of such articles	656,773	33,323	01 2001	10,700
Nett revenue	7,464,564	1,281,762	117,813	273,078
Gross amount of duties on such of the same articles as were imported from Great Britain and her dependencies - Deduct estimated amount of debentures on	6,174,510	561,893	192,710	244,244
the exportation of such of the said arti- cles as were of British importation	499,510	14,893	159,710	8,244
Estimated nett revenue on articles imported from Great Britain and her dependencies	5,675,000	547,000	33,000	236,000
Nett revenue, as per statement A, for 1810 Deduct nett revenue on articles imported cies, viz: On merchandise, ad valorem	d from Great		dependen- 35,675,000 547,000	\$12,513,000
On spirits On cotton, spices, and indigo	0.47		33,000	
On sundries -			236,000	6,491,000
Nett revenue, after deducting that arising f		1.36	AT 10 1 1 1	\$6,022,000

a Consisting of beer, pewter, anchors, sheet, slit, and hoop iron, nails and spikes, paints, lead and manufactures of lead, steel, twine, and packthread, glass, coal, and fish. Some small items, not exceeding \$10,000, are omitted.

Note.—Sugar, coffee, and molasses are not included, as the whole quantity wanted for domestic consumption will be supplied from other countries.

STATEMENT of the lands sold in the districts of Marietta, Zanesville, Steubenville, Canton, Chillicothe, Cincinnati, Jeffersonville, and Vincennes, from 1st October, 1810, to 30th September, 1811; showing, also, the amount of receipts from individuals, and payments made by receivers, during the same time, with the balance due, both on the 1st of October, 1810, and 1st of October, 1811.

Lane	ds sold.	In the hands of receivers,	of receivers, uals, October	Receipts by receivers from individuals.		Paymer	Payments by receivers.		
Acres.	Purchase money.	Oct. 1, 1810.	t. 1, 1810. 1, 1810.				The part for expenses.	Repay- ments.	
3,833,38 27,639,23 18,886,34 27,130,75 12,017,144 67,116,31 35,756,00 14,637,99	\$8,786 814 56,572 74 46,363 38 54,261 50 30,672 76 152,057 52 71,512 00 29,275 98	56,680 53 128,706 291 13,658 78	152,734 29 799,789 47 101,274 99	\$7,317 19 69,791 704 101,291 394 35,926 214 81,280 25 214,651 384 55,258 67 34,256 25	\$798 12 4,066 334 18,140 684 16,616 57 9,840 03 80 00	\$6,689 38 81,561 16 95,469 59‡ 16,322 39‡ 83,374 77‡ 302,157 79‡ 59,003 74 37,824 20	\$639 38 2,811 99 3,821 45‡ 1,987 48½ 3,680 27½ 6,722 81½ 2,342 15 2,108 52	\$1,151 18 5,968 33 136 49 386 04	
207,017.14	449,502 69	255,412 16	1,646,642 041	599,773 06	49,541 74	a 682,403 04	24,114 07	7,642 03	
e Treasury, in le by themselve de by individual	ls		1 : :	propried as	con the ins	daimanis, wa	\$677,252 70 17,792 06	695,044 16,986 678,059	
	3,833,38 27,639,23 18,886,34 27,130,75 12,017,144 67,116,31 35,756,00 14,637,99 207,017,144 te Treasury, in the by themselve the by individual	3,833.38 \$8,786 81\frac{1}{2}7,639.23 56,572 74 18,886.34 46,363 38 27,130.75 54,261 50 12,017.14\frac{1}{4} 30,672 76 67,116.31 152,057 52 35,756.00 71,512 00 14,637.99 29,275 98 207,017.14\frac{1}{4} 449,502 69\frac{1}{4} te Treasury, in specie, by warrant le by themselves le by individuals	Acres. Purchase money. 3,833.38 \$8,786.81\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Acres. Purchase money. 3,833.38	Acres. Purchase money. 3,833.38	Acres. Purchase money. State	Acres. Purchase money. Acres. Purchase money. Purchase money. Paymet of receivers, Oct. 1, 1810. Paymet of receivers, Oct. 1, 1810. On acc't of purchase money. On account chase money.	Acres. Purchase money. Acres. Purchase money. Purchase mone	

	Balance due	Oct. 1, 1811.	Total balance
Offices.	From individ- uals.	By receivers.	due October 1, 1811.
Marietta - Zanesville - Steubenville - Canton - Chillicothe - Cincinnati - Jeffersonville Vincennes -	\$20,187 874 153,989 42 176,782 144 87,271 884 102,126 80 737,195 604 117,528 32 101,289 62}	\$3,161 25 7,119 39 41,089 561 26,150 561 71,066 081 50,653 871 9,993 71 5,447 45	\$23,349 124 161,108 81 217,871 71 113,422 45 173,192 884 787,849 484 127,522 03 106,737 074
	1,496,371 671	214,681 89	1,711,053 561

TOTAL SALES OF LANDS. From the opening of the land offices to October 1, 1810 Amount sold since, as above	Acres. 3,167,826.284 207,017.144	Dollars. 6,681,349 57 449,502 691
October 1535 .	3,374,843.431	7,130,852 26

ESTIMATE showing when the instalments, which compose the balance due from individuals, will become payable.

Offices.	Remaining due in 1811.	Becoming due in 1812.	Becoming due in 1813.	Becoming due in 1814.	Becoming due in 1815.	Total balance
Marietta - Zanesville - Steubeuville - Canton - Chillicothe - Cincinnati - Jeffersonville Vincennes -	\$5,955 201 33,428 27 64,884 101 45,517 35 316,545 98 42,182 014	31,207 23 24,032 62 210,556 71 38,334 07	\$4,234 74 40,225 05 35,623 06 26,942 44 18,851 99 100,061 77 39,324 34 18,749 73	\$3,510 76 30,739 28 23,883 12 18,601 07 10,571 74 84,331 18 27,887 54 10,963 61	\$1,814 18 6,570 60 2,638 41 10,521 144 5,153 10 25,699 964 11,983 37 5,365 25	102,126 80
(a) [20]2 Oct	508,412 921	425,712 31	282,013 12	210,488 30	69,745 021	1,496,371 67

Note.—The last return from Zanesville was up to July 31, 1811.

STATEMENT Cc.

STATEMENT of the lands sold in the Mississippi Territory, from the time of the last report thereon to the 30th September, 1811; showing, also, the amount of receipts from individuals, and payments made by receivers, during the same time, with the balance due.

	Land	ds sold.		In hands of re- Due by individ					Payments by receivers.	
Offices.	Acres.	Acres. Purchase money.						On account of forfeitures.	Into Treasury.	The part which was for ex- penses.
Madison county West of Pearl river	48,463.70 33,449.46		\$26,33 2,24 1,03	9 17	\$130,765 243,760 15,668	65	\$44,085 62± 36,150 37 240 00	\$249.39 62.96	\$45,952 85 30,353 79 300 00	\$2,538 35 1,980 70
Tanasany Day	81,913.16	164,821 8	29,62	1 97‡	390,195	331	80,475 991	305 35	05 35 a 76,606 64	4,519 05
Offices.	Repayments.	Balance	due.		STATE OF THE PARTY	Amor	ant of lands sol	TOTAL SALES OF	of the	971 \$538,446 77
Ministration of a service Medical Absolution of a service Edge of Post (2012)		From indi- viduals. Total balance due. Offices, per last report - Amount sold since, as above stated		Acres 257,395.97‡ \$538,446 77 - 81,913.16 164,821 85 339,309.13‡ 703,268 66						
Madison county - West of Pearl river - East of Pearl river -	\$79 18	\$184,603 324 274,509 20 15,428 71	\$24,709 05\\ 8,029 53 978 91	28	09,312 38 32,538 73 16,407 62	Payments by receivers, to be covered by			- 72,016 47 - 4,590 17	
ESTLEATE &	79 18	474,541 231	33,717 691	50	08,258 73		lance dire by	, sigliniciscals		76,606 64

ESTIMATE showing when the instalments which compose the balance due by individuals will become payable.

samua man C	ffices.		192	Remaining due in 1811.	Becoming due in 1812.	Becoming due in 1813.	Becoming due in 1814.	Becoming due in 1815.	Total balance due.
Madison county West of Pearl river East of Pearl river	Pearl river -	349	1.5.1	\$13,677 894 124,850 64 9,662 19	\$53,203 72 53,756 61 3,901 51	\$69,180 38 58,468 05 1,865 01	\$32,564 67 25,812 51	\$15,976 66 11,621 39	\$184,603 324 274,509 20 15,428 71
			讍	148,190 721	110,861 84	129,513 44	58,377 18	27,598 05	474,541 23

tember, 1911; abouting, also, the amount of ranciple from anticularits, and payments enado by receivers, during the

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, November, 1811.

AN ESTIMATE of the principal redeemed of the debt of the United States, from the 1st October, 1810, to the 30th September, 1811; and, also, from the 1st April, 1801, to 30th September, 1811.

THE PARTY AND VOLUMENTALY, STATES OF THE PARTY OF T	887.897, 191,005	Redemption from 1st October, 1810, to 30th Septem- ber, 1811.	Redemption from Ist April, 1801, to 30th Septem- ber, 1810, per the Secretary's re- port of the 11th December, 1810.	Total redemp- tion from 1st April, 1801, to 30th Septem- ber, 1811.
ON ACCOUNT OF THE DOMESTIC DEBT.	Steport			Diejotojese za
The amount of warrants issued on the Treasurer of the United States, on account of the domestic debt, and of the reimbursement of the old six per cent. and deferred stocks, from the 1st October, 1810, to the 30th September, 1811, exclusive of a resulting	in man anni		5 1 to 1 to 5 to	9,100,362 SE
was stock, as st	epayment of ated below 3,153,408 0	,	600000000000000000000000000000000000000	43,662,448 70
	1,846,260 4			1,978,113 38
Reimbursement of the old six per cent. and deferred stocks Reimbursement of the navy six per cent. stock Reimbursement of the five and a half per cent. stock Reimbursement of the four and a half per cent. stock Reimbursement and purchase of the eight per cent. stock Reimbursement and purchase of the exchanged six per cent. stock Payments made for lands in certificates of the debt of the United States Payments made to foreign officers, and for certain parts of the domestic debt Payments on account of domestic loans Reimbursement of the foreign debt	I will be a company of the control o	\$1,307,147 56 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$12,005,699 01 711,700 00 1,847,500 00 176,000 00 6,359,600 00 2,542,925 86 268,240 70 90,092 58 3,440,000 00 a 10,075,004 00	\$13,312,846 57 711,700 00 1,847,500 00 176,000 00 6,359,600 00 6,293,351 12 268,240 70 90,092 58 3,440,000 00 10,075,004 00
A constant of the constant of	Total	- 5,058,272 82	37,516,062 15	b 42,574,334 9

a This sum of \$10,075,004 is the true amount of the foreign debt (including principal and premiums) actually due on the 1st April, 1801. The whole of it having been reimbursed, this sum is substituted for that of \$10,239,442 33, inserted in the estimate (D) of last year, in which the advances for interest payable in Europe on the Louisiana stock, had been blended with the payment for principal of the old foreign debt.

5 To this sum of \$10,075,004 is the true amount of the foreign debt (including principal and premiums) actually due on the 1st April, 1801. The whole of it having been reimbursed, this sum is substituted for that of \$10,239,442 33, inserted in the estimate (D) of last year, in which the advances for interest payable in Europe on the Louisiana stock, had been blended with the payment for principal of the old foreign debt.

5 To this sum of \$42,574,334 97

	this sum of added—		-00,650,19	549,574,554 57
100	Difference between the nominal amount of three per cent, stock, extinguished, and that of converted stock under the act of the 11th February, 1807 Difference between the nominal amount of six per cent, and deferred stocks, as here stated, and the	amount	\$1,001,458 45	
	actually reimbursed, as per accounts settled at the Treasury, arising from unclaimed dividends, and a interest	rrears of	280,884 60	E'862'200 CB
	From which deduct reimbursement on stock paid in for lands, prior to the 30th September, 1805 -		1,282,343 05 4,229 90	
	True amount reimbursed from 1st April, 1801, to 30th September, 1811 The reimbursement of six per cent. and deferred stocks, on the 31st December, 1811, is estimated at The reimbursement of converted stock	:	- \$865,909 97 - 1,294,452 29	
	Amount reimbursed from 1st April, 1801, to 1st January, 1811, as per Secretary's report -			\$46,012,810 38

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Register's Office, November 20, 1811.

JOSEPH NOURSE, Register.

Debt on 1st April, 1801.	Principal.	Inter	est.
Six per cent. and deferred, unredeemed - Three per cent., outstanding - Five and a half per cent Four and a half per cent 176,000 00	\$37,887,840 54 19,102,477 89	\$2,273,270 43 573,074 33	1,517,454 50 675,000 00
Eight per cent. (including \$800 over-issued) - 6,482,500 00 Navy six per cent 711,700 00 Temporary loans, viz: at 6 per cent. \$2,040,000 00 3,440,000 00		9 9 8 020 80 8 9 8 020 80	
at 5 per cent. 1,400,000 00 \ 3,440,000 00 \ 1796 six per cent. Foreign debt, on 1st January, 1801 - 10,419,000 00	12,657,700 00 80,000 00	863,218 50 4,800 00	
Deduct principal and premiums, paid between 1st January and 1st April, 1801 - 343,996 00 Unfunded debt, consisting of such parts of the	10,075,004 00	466,100 00	
registered debt, and debt due to foreign officers, as have been subsequently paid	90,092 58	8328 818 318	
Debt 1st April, 1801 Reimbursements from 1st April, 1801, to 1st Jan. 1812, viz: On six per cent. and deferred stocks - 20,820,744 46 On three per cent., including reimbursement of	79,892,115 01	1,246,244 67	\$4,180,463 26
converted stock, and deducting converted stock outstanding - 2,379,269 44	Continued	a 54,418 53	

STATEMENT Dd.—Continued.

Debt on 1st April, 1801.		Principal.	Interes	l.
Eight, five and a half, four and a half, and navy six per cent. stocks, and temporary loans, paid all in full Foreign debt, paid in full On account of unfunded debt	\$12,657,700 00 10,075,004 00 90,092 58	20,012,004 us	\$863,218 50 466,100 00	\$4 180 VES 58
Total reimbursement - DEBT ON 1ST JANUARY, 1812. 1. Old debt, viz: Six per cent. and deferred Three per cent. \$16,157,890 04 } Converted six per cent. 565,318 41 } 1796 six per cent.	17,067,096 08 16,723,208 45 80,000 00	\$46,022,819 48	1,024,025 76 518,655 80 4,800 00	\$2,632,981 70
Old debt 2. New debt, viz:	91,847,00 00 176,00 00	33,870,304 53 11,250,000 00	98 813 510 43 88 813 510 43	1,547,481 56 675,000 00
Total amount of debt, 1st January, 1812 The reimbursement of principal for 1812, will be Nominal amount of six per cent. and deferred sto Of which is interest, as above	ocks, \$32,424,080	14, at 8 per cent. =	- = 2,593,926 41 ?	2,222,481 50
Total amount annually payable on the public deb				3,792,382 21

Notes to Statement Dd.

Notes to Statement Da.	
a Interest extinguished on \$2,379,269 34, at 3 per cent \$71, Deduct interest increased, 3 per cent. on \$565,318 41, con-	378 08
	959 55
Diminution of interest on 3 per cent. stock 54,	418 53
	- \$41,895,310 01 ,239 84 ,210 31
	,029 53
But of that reimbursement there had been paid on stock	177 72
Leaving for the reimbursement on the above stated nominal amount	3,947,851 81
And making for the unredeemed amount, as per report of April, 1808 - The reimbursement paid on 31st March, 1801, was	- 37,947,458 20 - 59,617 66
Unredeemed 6 per cent. and deferred, on 1st April, 1801 The payments of principal from 1st April, 1801, to January	- 37,887,840 54
APOUNCE I CHIMDHI SCHICHT TOL AND QUIETCO OF ACOUST	617 66
Reimbursement of the year 1811, estimated at - 12,953 - 1,499, 14,452,	123 53 000 00 123 53
2. Paid in for lands and purchased, viz: For lands, unredeemed amount, as stated in the several estimates marked D Deduct on account of the nominal amount instead of the unredeemed amount, having been inserted in those estimates prior to 30th Sept. 1805 4,229 90	C. US PETER S.
57,052 20 } 74	569 81
Durchased in 1806 - 17,517 51	051 12 20,820,744 46
Unredeemed amount on 1st January, 1811 - 18,566, Deduct reimbursement of 1811, estimated as per above, at - 1,499,	096 08 000 09 17,067,096 08
c 3 per cent. stock on 1st January, 1801, (including Higgins's	
stock, 17.18, stated subsequently in the accounts) per re- port of April, 1808	- 19,093,902 21
3 per cent, issued subsequent thereto	- 8,575 68 - 19,102,477 89
Total outstanding 1st April, 1801 - Reimbursements:	
1. Surrendered in exchange for converted stock	309 15 278 70
2. Paid in for lands	2,944,587 85
Outstanding on 1st January, 1812	56-16-15 STEP
Deduct outstanding converted stock, on 1st Jan. 1812 - 565,	587 85 318 41
Makes the reimbursement on 3 per cent. stock (including converted) from 1st April, 1801, to 1st Jan. 1812	2,379,269 44
3 per cent. stock paid in for lands - 83,	458 45 278 70 80 00
Do. d	2,379,269 44

REPORTS OF THE

Cash in the Treasury, subject to warrant, Oct. 1st, 1810 Received for the proceeds of the customs Internal revenue 6,362 87		\$3,459,029 72	Payments on the following accounts: Civil expenses, both foreign and domestic,	1 P. J.	
Sales of public lands - Cents and half cents coined at the mint Fees on patents Public arms sold to States Postage of letters Salt works in the Illinois territory Fines, penalties, and forfeitures Seamen's wages paid to consuls in foreign countries Payment by an unknown person, through the President of the United States Repayments -	12,682 47 767,061 23 8,463,78 6,480 00 71,906 00 37 70 2,500 00 11,105 24 2,035 00 250 00 168,268 81	13,541,446 37	Civil list, proper Light-house establishment Marine hospital establishment Invalid pensions Public buildings in Washington Furniture for the President's house Third census Prize money for navy pension fund Mint establishment Grants and miscellaneous claims Better accommodation of the General Post Office, &c. Unclaimed merchandise	\$620,620 16 112,018 76 58,822 34 74,674 68 600 00 1,000 00 106,699 66 7,106 25 28,999 96 23,036 96 4,700 00 224 93	out of the yield of cor-
Loan from Bank United States on 31st December, 1810		2,750,000 00	Surveys of public lands - \$69,741 70 Ascertaining land titles in Lou- isiana - 11,426 06 Roads within the State of Ohio Roads from Cumberland to the	1 985E	
			Ohio Roads from the Mississippi to the Ohio 209 25	D FORE CO.	
	· 日本 日本		Trading-houses with the Indians - Contingent expenses of Government Intercourse with foreign nations -	3,975 00 3,396 00 207,745 77	\$1,360,858

第6日春日日日日 東京 日日 東京 日日	Military expenses, viz:	1	
	Pay, subsistence, clothing, &c. of the army - \$1,463,000 00 Fortifications of ports and harbors - 165,000 00 Ordnance, arms, arsenals, &c 501,000 00	2 (10 0	
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Indian department - 2,	129,000 00 142,725 00	2,271,725 00
16 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	Navy.	16 CE	
	Ordnance and arms Navy yards	542,000 00 62,000 00 74,000 00 251,000 00 207,000 00	2,136,000 00
自然是自己,但是一种自己的	Public debt.	500	2,130,000 00
Nasau and American State of the Control of the Cont	Principal discharged 5,0	225,800 93 058,272 82 750,000 00	
国語 大学 大学 大学 大学 大学 大学 大学 大	Balance in the Treasury subject to warrant,		10,034,073 75
	September 30, 1811	-	3,947,818 36
19,750,	,476 09		19,750,476 69

SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

capital stock of what X X X D X I remposed 72

Bankyslanes, dividends on in that,

Agriculture, the effect of funding the public debt on, 6. productiveness of, contrasted with manufactures, 78. promoted by manufactures, 88, 92, 104. Alloy, proportion of, used in gold and silver coinage, 135, 141. Why it is used in coinage, 142. Annuity proposed, as a plan for funding the public debt, 17, 43, 99. Army expenses of 1802, estimated, 222. To mean a an horobiary a solution of 1803, do 253. of 1804, do 263. of 1805, do 286. of 1806, do 298. from 1st April, 1801, to 31st March, 1805, 326. of 1807, estimated, 331. and on which lagoritible solled of 1808, and do no 358. paid, 374. of 1809, estimated, 375, 392. betaging one from 1802 to 1807, 420. of 1810, estimated, 400. one of paid, 421.1 no holdestie enotheinteer laieremme? of 1811, estimated, 423. paid, 443, 466. Participant and Discourage of 1812, estimated, 444. paid, 468, 484. (avait) le empire le noit ensque of 1813, estimated, 470, 489. paid, 490, 492, 499. of 1814, estimated, 500.
paid, 523, 532. dorald tell of 0815, estimated, 530.

B.

Balances in the Treasury, in 1801, 223, 224.

1802, 255.

1803, 263.

1804, 287.

1805, 298.

1806, 332.

1807, 357.

1808, 374.

1809, 391, 399.

1810, 422.

1811, 443.

1812, 468.

1813, 488, 499.

1814, 525.

Bank, plan of a national, proposed, 54, 72.

capital stock, of what amount, and how composed, 72.

the United States may be a stockholder, 75.

Bank of the United States, a renewal of the charter of, recommended, 359. Bank shares, dividends on, in 1801, 221.

sold, 254.

proceeds of, 317.

Banks, benefits resulting from, 55, 97. It makes to really entirely and the same of the sa number of, in the United States in 1790, 65.

objections to, considered, 57. automora vd betomora stock of, how composed, 59. here blog at heat to gottnogot well.

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