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### REPORT ON THE FINANCES.

JUNE, 1813.

In obedience to the act supplementary to the act entitled "An act to establish the Treasury Department," the Acting Secretary of the Treasury respectfully submits the following report:

The receipts into the Treasury from the 1st of October,

1812, to the 31st March, 1813, have amounted to - \$15,412,416 25

The balance in the Treasury, on the 30th September, 1812,

was - 2,362,652 69

Making together

\$17,775,068 94

The expenditures, from the 1st October, 1812, to the 31st March, 1813, have amounted to

\$15,919,334 41

Leaving a balance in the Treasury, on the 1st of April, 1813, of

1,855,734 53

\$17,775,068 94

The enclosed statement (A) shows, in detail, the several sources from which the receipts were derived, and the branches of expenditure to which

the disbursements from the Treasury were applied.

Pursuant to the act of 8th February last, subscriptions for a loan of sixteen millions of dollars were opened on the 12th, and again on the 25th of March last. But, although a thirteen years' annuity of one per cent. was offered, in addition to a six per cent. stock at par, for the money which might be subscribed, it being apparent, from the result of the first subscription, that the whole amount could not be obtained on those terms, proposals in writing were invited. Offers, exceeding by about a million of dollars the amount wanted, were received, some demanding a thirteen years' annuity of one and a half per cent., in addition to six per cent. stock at par, but most of them requiring a six per cent. stock, at the rate of 88 per cent. On these terms, leaving to the subscribers the option, the loan was effected.

In conformity with the public notification, the same terms were extended to those persons who had subscribed on the first opening of the subscription, and they have the same option; which, if the stock at the rate of 88 per cent. be taken, is equivalent precisely to a premium of thirteen dollars sixty-three cents and seven-elevenths of a cent, for each hundred dollars loan-

ed to the Government.

The enclosed papers, under the letter B, are copies of the several public notices given on the subject, and a statement of the moneys respectively obtained by open subscriptions, and by written proposals, and showing, also, the sums obtained and payable in each place where subscriptions were opened.

Of that sum of sixteen millions of dollars, thus obtained on loan, there was paid into the Treasury, prior to the 1st of April, 1813, the sum of

\$1,086,737 50, which makes a part of the moneys received previously to that day, as stated in the statement A.

The resources for the residue of the year 1813 consist of the following

items, viz:

The remainder of the loan above mentioned - \$14,913,262 50
 The sums payable on account of customs, and of the

sales of public lands, estimated at - 9,320,000 00

3. The five millions of dollars in Treasury notes, authoriz-

ed by the act of February 25th, 1813 - 5,000,000 00

Say - \$29,230,000 00

The expenses for the last nine months of the present year are calculated as followeth, viz:

1. Civil list, and all expenses of a civil nature, both foreign and domestic - \$900,000 00

2. Payments on account of the principal and interest of the public debt, as per estimate C, herewith - 10,510,000 00
3. Expenses on account of the War and Navy Departments 17,820,000 00

\$29,230,000 00

Of the sum of \$1,855,734 53, remaining in the Treasury on the 1st of April last, a small part may be considered as applicable to such extraordinary expenses, already authorized, as may arise during the remainder of the year; and for the same object, the sum of 1,000,000 of dollars, authorized by an act of the State of Pennsylvania to be loaned to the United States, but which was not offered in time to be accepted as a part of the loan of sixteen millions, may be considered as a resource.

In this estimate, the whole sum of five millions of dollars, authorized to be issued in Treasury notes, is taken as a part of the resources of the present year. But, as it is not deemed eligible to increase the amount of Treasury notes in circulation, and as three millions only of those authorized by the act of 1812 were issued in that year, and are reimbursable in the course of the present year, it is respectfully suggested that, in lieu of issuing two millions of the five millions authorized by the act of February, 1813, Congress should authorize an additional loan for the same amount; it being made a condition of such loan, that its terms should not be higher than those of the loan of sixteen millions, already effected.

The provision already considered is for the service of the present year only; that which will be necessary for the year 1814, requires an early attention. It is difficult to estimate, with accuracy, the sum which will be received into the Treasury from the revenue as now established.

During a state of war, the customs, at the present rate of duties, have been heretofore estimated to produce five millions of dollars. The additional tonnage duty, imposed upon foreign vessels, by the act of 1st July, 1812, producing about 200,000 dollars a year, is not included in that sum.

It is believed that, during the year 1814, a greater sum than five million two hundred thousand dollars ought not to be relied upon, as receivable into the Treasury from custom-house duties. The sum arising from sales of public lands may be estimated at six hundred thousand dollars, making together 5,800,000 dollars. The interest alone, on the public funded debt, on temporary loans, and on the Treasury notes, which will become payable

in that year, will amount to four million four hundred thousand dollars. The other engagements, on account of the principal of the funded debt, of temporary loans, and of Treasury notes, which will become reimbursable in that year, amount to 7,150,000 dollars; exceeding, together, by more than five million seven hundred thousand dollars, the estimated amount of the receipts into the Treasury, derived from the revenue as now established.

This view of the subject is sufficient to evince the necessity of a speedy and effectual provision for the service of that and the ensuing years. The mode and the extent to which this provision should be carried have been heretofore suggested from this department to Congress, and have received

the consideration of that body.

The expenses of the peace establishment of the United States, and the interest on the public debt, including that on the loans made for the prosecution of the war, are believed to be the least sums that ought, under any circumstances, to be raised within each year. These, if the expenses of the peace establishment are taken at the sum necessary for the ordinary expenditure of the United States, previously to the additional armaments made in the year 1812, with a view to an approaching state of war, and including the interest on the loans of the year 1812-'13; and also of that which will probably be necessary in the year 1814, will amount, during that year, to eleven million four hundred thousand dollars, viz:

The expense of the peace establishment, exclusive of the additional force authorized by the acts passed during the year 1812, may be estimated at \$7,000,000

The interest on the public debt, during the year 1814, will be as follows:

On old funded debt - - \$2,100,000
On 6 per ceut, stock of 1812, including temporary loans, received in part of the loan of eleven millions, which will remain unpaid in 1814 - 500,000
On 6 per cent, stock of 1813 - - 1,090,000
On Treasury notes, which will be reimbursable in 1814, say on 5,000,000 dollars, at 5½ per cent.

1814, say on 5,000,000 dollars, at 52 per cent. 270,00

On the loan for the year 1814, interest payable within that year

The revenue, as now established, being estimated to produce Would leave to be raised

To cover the above sum of -

The internal taxes heretofore proposed were estimated to

And the duty of 20 cents a bushel on salt imported, which, though estimated heretofore at only 400,000 dollars a year, during a state of war, yet, as the consumption considerably exceeds 2,000,000 of bushels, may be estimated to produce

Making the sum wanted -

\$11,400,000

3,960,000

440,000

\$5,800,000 5,600,000

----

\$11,400,000

\$5,000,000

600,000

\$5,600,000

Although the taxes, if early laid, may be brought into operation in the commencement of the year 1814, yet, as they cannot be expected to have their full effect during that year, some auxiliary resource will be required. This may be found in the sum of 1,500,000 dollars, which is the excess of the sinking fund for the present year, over the demands on that fund, according to the existing engagements of the United States. This sum of 1,500,000 dollars may be carried to the sinking fund for the year 1814, and will be wanted, in addition to the annual appropriation of 8,000,000 of dollars, to meet the engagements on account of the public debt which must be fulfilled during that year.

As reliance must be had upon a loan for the war expenses of the year 1814, the laying of the internal taxes may be considered, with a view to that object, as essentially necessary: in the first place, to facilitate the obtaining of

the lean; and, secondly, for procuring it on favorable terms.

It is ascertained that the terms of the loan, for the present year, would have been more favorable if the taxes had been previously laid; and it is obvious enough that, by affording a security for the regular payment of the interest, and the eventual reimbursement of the principal, more stable, and less liable to be weakened or cut off by the natural effects of war upon external commerce, than a revenue depending, as that of the United States now does, almost wholly upon such external commerce, capitalists will advance with the greater readiness, and at a lower rate of interest, the funds necessary for the prosecution of the war; public confidence will be insured, and the means afforded of preserving the public credit unimpaired: a measure of the utmost importance, in a country like ours, where, from the lightness of the demands made upon the people during the continuance of peace, the extraordinary expenses of a state of war can be supplied only by a resort to that credit.

The resources of the country are ample; and if the means now proposed, and those heretofore recommended from this department, are adopted, it is believed they may be fairly and fully brought into action.

All which is respectfully submitted.

W. JONES

Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, June 2, 1813.

#### A

Receipts and expenditures at the Treasury of the United States, from the 1st of October, 1812, to the 31st of March, 1813.

Cash in the Treasury, subject to warrant		-	\$2,362,652 69
Received for customs	\$4,720,001	44	+16-5 CHE CHE
arrears of direct tax	105		
sales of public lands	450,596	95	
cents coined at the mint	2,780	00	
fees on letters patent	3,060	00	
postage of letters	39	70	
seamen's stores sold, and fund			
for relief of scamen	284	45	
fines, penalties, and forfeitures	1,984	96	
repayments of money advanced	20,892	51	
prize money for navy pension			
fund	3,645	72	
interest on Treasury notes	300		
	5,203,691	95	
Treasury notes, (act of 1812,) 4,752,500 00	0,200,001	20	
Treasury notes, (act of 1813,) 32,000 00			
4,784,500 00 Loan of 11 millions, (1812,) 4,337,487 50			
Loan of 16 millions, (1813,) 1,086,737 50			
Loan of 10 minors, (1010,) 1,000,101 00	40 000 MOF	00	in feste autility
Loan of 10 minons, (1813,) 1,000,737 30	10,208,725	00	4 4 4 4 7 4 4 7 9
1000,757 50	10,208,725	100	15,412,410 2
1000,757 50	10,208,725	100	
foreigning was a service of the party of the	10,208,725		
Expenditures, viz:	hos photos	rior ( species roses	
Expenditures, viz: On account of the civil department	440,473	76	
Expenditures, viz: On account of the civil department Miscellaneous expenses	440,473 368,518	76 64	17,775,068 9
Expenditures, viz: On account of the civil department Miscellaneous expenses Diplomatic expenses -	440,473 368,518 48,087	76 64 37	17,775,068 9
Expenditures, viz: On account of the civil department Miscellaneous expenses Diplomatic expenses - Military department -	440,473 368,518 48,087 9,039,275	76 64 37 49	17,775,068 9
Expenditures, viz: On account of the civil department Miscellaneous expenses Diplomatic expenses - Military department - Naval department -	440,473 368,518 48,087 9,039,275 2,690,752	76 64 37 49 20	17,775,068 9
Expenditures, viz: On account of the civil department Miscellaneous expenses Diplomatic expenses - Military department -	440,473 368,518 48,087 9,039,275	76 64 37 49 20	17,775,068 9
Expenditures, viz: On account of the civil department Miscellaneous expenses Diplomatic expenses - Military department - Naval department -	440,473 368,518 48,087 9,039,275 2,690,752 3,332,226	76 64 37 49 20 95	15,412,416 24 17,775,068 9 15,919,334 4 81,855,734 5

#### B.

The United States loan of 16,000,000 dollars has been taken up in the following manner and proportions:

First subscription on the 12th and 13th March, 1813

Second subscription, 25th to 31st March, 1813

Proposals made on the 5th of April, of which only \$10,161,800 could be received

11,106,000 00

To which may be added the amount intended to be loaned by the State of Pennsylvania; the proposals for which, not being received in time, could not be admitted - - 1,000,000 00

\$17,944,200 00

Being 1,944,200 dollars more than the sum of 16,000,000 authorized by law, and actually borrowed.

That sum of \$16,000,000 has been subscribed, and is payable at the fol-

N. Frances.						
New Hampshire	for distri	emir's	Portsmouth	-	Mends	\$40,000
Massachusetts	al call	Shin	Portland			120,000
			Salem		1.000	183,600
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR			Boston		-	75,300
Rhode Island	SEASON I	bille	Providence	Serie Yes	25 TO 4	67,800
New York	leni8 i	Sign	New York			5,437,100
Banks and			Albany		-	283,500
	Tobolie's		Philadelphia	a memoral	-	6,858,400
Maryland -	lo <del>k</del> miro	Olar.	Baltimore	hi-Les	- 111	1,950,800
Columbia -	neith for	100 (40)	Washington	4.0		442,500
	me Topic	foliale.	Richmond			49,000
			Petersburg			35,000
During Dieser			Norfolk	1000		103,000
South Carolina	Melocal	mike	Charleston	-		354,000
						Thomas

B. 1.

Whereas, by an act of Congress passed on the eighth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, the President of the United States is authorized to borrow, on the credit of the United States, a sum not exceeding sixteen millions of dollars, (so, however, that no engagement or contract shall be entered into which shall preclude the United States from reimbursing any sum or sums thus borrowed, at any time after the expiration of twelve years from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen:) And whereas, by the said act, so much of the funds constituting the annual appropriation of eight millions of dollars, for the payment of the principal and interest of the public debt of the United States, as may be wanted for that purpose, after satisfying the sums necessary for the payment of the interest, and such part of the principal of said debt as the United States are now pledged annually to pay and reimburse, is pledged and appropriated for the payment of the interest, and for the reimbursement of the principal of the stock now to be created; and the faith of the United States is pledged to establish sufficient revenues for making up any deficiency that may hereafter take place in the funds now appropriated for paying the interest and principal as aforesaid: And whereas the President of the United States did, by an act or commission under his hand, dated the seventeenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, authorize and empower the Secretary of the Treasury to borrow, on behalf of the United States, a sum not exceeding in the whole sixteen millions of dollars, and to make the necessary contracts for the same, pursuant to the act of Congress above recited:

Now, therefore, the undersigned Secretary of the Treasury, in pursuance of the act of Congress, and the authority from the President of the United States above mentioned, doth hereby, on behalf of the United States, con-

tract and engage in manner following, to wit:

Books for receiving subscriptions to a loan of sixteen millions of dollars, for the use of the United States, shall be opened on the twelfth day of March next.

At Portsmouth, N. H. - At the New Hampshire Union Bank.

At Salem, Mass. - At the Merchants' Bank.

At Boston, Mass. - At the State Bank.

At Providence, R. I. - At the Roger Williams Bank.

At the city of New York, - At the Manhattan Company, and the Mechanics' Bank.

At Albany, - - At the New York State Bank, and the Mechanics and Farmers' Bank.

At Philadelphia, - At the Bank of Pennsylvania, une Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, and

At Baltimore, - At the Bank of Baltimore,

the Commercial and Farmers' Bank, and the Union Bank of Maryland.

At the city of Washington, - At the Bank of Washington, and the Office of the Bank of Columbia.

At Richmond, Va. - At the Bank of Virginia.

At Charleston, S. C. - At the State Bank, and

the Planters and Mechanics' Bank.

And at any other incorporated bank, in any of the above named cities or towns, which shall open books for receiving subscriptions as aforesaid, and

give stated notice thereof.

Which books shall continue open for receiving subscriptions during the ordinary hours of transacting business at the said banks, on Friday, the twelfth, and Saturday, the thirteenth day of March next. If more than sixteen millions of dollars, in the whole, shall be subscribed, the surplus shall be deducted in proportion to the sums subscribed in each place respectively, by a reduction of the subscriptions exceeding four thousand dollars. But no reduction shall be made of the subscriptions made by any persons or bodies corporate, holders (at the time of subscribing) of stock issued under the act of March 14, 1812, called "six per cent. stock of 1812," unless the aggregate of their subscriptions should exceed sixteen millions of dollars; in which case, the surplus shall be deducted by a reduction of the proportionally highest subscriptions. If any subscription shall be thus reduced, the amount of such reduction shall be forthwith returned to the subscriber from whom such reduction shall have been made.

2. No subscriptions will be received for a sum less than one hundred dol-

lars, nor for a fractional part of a hundred dollars.

3. For every hundred dollars which may be subscribed, there shall be paid, at the time of subscribing, twelve dollars and fifty cents; and a like sum of twelve dollars and fifty cents on the first day of each of the ensuing

months of April, May, June, July, August, September, and October, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, respectively. Each subscriber, at the time of paying any of the above instalments, after the first, may pay all or any number of the subsequent instalments, and will be entitled to receive interest, at the rate of six per centum per annum, on the amount thus paid, from the time of actual payment.

4. On the failure of payment of any instalment of the sums subscribed, according to the tenor of the third article, the next preceding instalment of twelve dollars and fifty cents, which shall have been paid for every

hundred dollars subscribed, shall be forfeited to the United States.

5. Each subsequent instalment must be paid at the same bank at which the original subscription was made, and where the first instalment was

paid.

6. The cashiers of the respective banks where subscriptions are received, shall, within twenty days after the time of subscribing, give certificates stating the sums subscribed and payment made, and on which the payments of the subsequent instalments, when made, shall be respectively endorsed; which certificates shall be assignable by endorsement and delivery of the parties in whose favor they may be issued, until the completion

of the payments required by the tenor of the third article.

7. After the completion of the payments aforesaid, the proprietors of the certificates of the cashiers, on which such payments have been completed, on surrendering the same at the loan office of the State in which the subscription and payments shall have been made, shall be entitled to receive from the commissioner of loans certificates of funded capital stock for the amount thus subscribed and paid, bearing an interest of six per centum per annum from the time when the said instalments shall have been paid, respectively, and payable quarter-yearly at the several loan offices, or at the Treasury of the United States, where the same may stand credited, and shall, moreover, receive from the commissioner of loans a certificate entitling such proprietor to an annuity or annual sum, payable quarter-yearly, for thirteen years, commencing on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, of one dollar on every hundred dollars thus subscribed and paid; which certificates of annuity shall constitute a separate and distinct stock, and may be sold, assigned, and transferred to and from the books of the Treasury, or of the several loan offices, separately and distinctly from the aforesaid funded capital six per cent. stock. And the said funded capital stock, and the said annuities, shall be transferable, by their respective proprietors in person, or by their attorneys duly constituted, in the same manner as the present funded debt of the United States, and in pursuance of the rules which have been, or which may be, established, relative to the transfer of the said debt.

8. After the payment of the fifth instalment, such of the proprietors of the certificates of the cashiers of two hundred dollars and upwards, as may then be desirous of funding the same, may, on presenting them at the loan office of the State in which the subscription and payments shall have been made, receive from the commissioner of loans certificates of funded capital six per cent. stock, for the amount of the first four instalments, or one moiety of the sum expressed in the certificates of the cashiers; and also certificates for one moiety of the thirteen years' annuity of one dollar on the hundred dollars subscribed. But no certificate of funded capital six per cent. stock including a fractional part of a hundred dollars, or certificates of the certificates of the capital six per cent. stock including a fractional part of a hundred dollars, or certificates of the certificates of the capital six per cent. stock including a fractional part of a hundred dollars, or certificates of the certificates of the capital six per cent. stock including a fractional part of a hundred dollars, or certificates of the certificates of the capital six per cent. stock including a fractional part of a hundred dollars, or certificates of the certificates of the capital six per cent.

cate of annuity including a fractional part of a dollar, will be issued.

9. After the last day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, and after reasonable notice to the creditors, which shall be given by an advertisement in some public newspaper printed at the seat of the Government of the United States, the said capital six per cent. stock shall be redeemable at the pleasure of the United States, by the reimbursement of the whole sum which may at that time stand credited to any proprietor on the books of the Treasury or of the loan offices, respectively. And the payments of the said annuities for thirteen years shall cease and determine on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, when the certificates of the same shall be surrendered up and cancelled.

10. So much of the funds constituting the annual appropriation of eight millions of dollars for the payment of the principal and interest of the public debt of the United States, as may be necessary for the regular payment of the interest, and for the reimbursement of the principal of the stock, and for the regular payment of the annuities to be created under this contract, together with the faith of the United States for its due fulfilment, are hereby pledged in pursuance of, and according to, the terms and conditions of

the act of Congress hereinbefore recited.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Treasury of the United States, at Washington, this twentieth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Secretary of the Treasury.

#### B 2.

#### UNITED STATES LOAN.

### TREASURY DEPARTMENT, March 18, 1813.

Notice is hereby given, that the books for receiving subscriptions to the loan authorized by the act of Congress of February 8th, 1813, will again be opened on the 25th day of this month, on the same terms and conditions as heretofore, and continue so open till the 31st day of this month, unless sooner closed by public notice, at the following places, and for the following sums respectively, that is to say:

At New York, for five millions of dollars, at the Manhattan Company,

Mechanics' Bank, City Bank, Merchants' Bank, Bank of America.

At Philadelphia, for five millions of dollars, at the Bank of Pennsylvania, Farmers and Mechanics' Bank, Philadelphia Bank, Stephen Girard's Bank.

At Baltimore, for one million seven hundred thousand dollars, at the Bank of Baltimore, Commercial and Farmers' Bank, Union Bank of Maryland, Mechanics' Bank, Marine Bank.

At Washington, for three hundred thousand dollars, at the Bank of

Washington, office of the Bank of Columbia.

Proposals will also be received by the Secretary of the Treasury, until the fifth day of April next, from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may offer, for themselves or others, to subscribe for the whole or part of the residue of the loan aforesaid, which may not have been subscribed for prior to the 1st day of April next. The proposals must distinctly state the amount offered to be loaned, the species of stock or stocks which

the parties wish to obtain, and the price they will allow for the same. Unless a different modification should be asked in the proposal, it will be understood that the amount loaned will be paid into the Treasury in four equal instalments, viz: on the 15th days of April, June, August, and October next; and that the stock issued will be irredeemable till the 31st day of December, 1825.

If proposals shall be made, amounting together to a greater sum than that required, the preference will, on equal terms, be given to stockholders of

the six per cent. stock of 1812.

If any proposals differing in terms from one another, or from those on which subscriptions have already, or may be made prior to the 1st day of April next, should be accepted, all the parties, including those who have already subscribed, or may subscribe prior to the 1st day of April next, shall be placed on the same footing, by giving to all the option either of the terms offered by them, or on which they have subscribed, or of those offered by any other persons, and which shall have been accepted.

No proposal will be received for a sum less than one hundred thousand dollars. But a commission of one-quarter per cent, will be allowed to any person collecting subscriptions for the purpose of incorporating them in one proposal, to the amount of one hundred thousand dollars or upwards, pro-

vided that such proposal shall be accepted.

All the proposals must be transmitted by duplicates; one directed to the city of Washington, and the other (under cover of the cashier of the Bank of Pennsylvania,) to Philadelphia.

ALBERT GALLATIN. Secretary of the Treasury.

#### B 3.

#### UNITED STATES LOAN.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, April 15, 1813.

Those persons who have subscribed to the United States loan of sixteen millions of dollars, prior to the 1st day of the present month of April, are hereby notified, that terms different from those under which they made their subscriptions have been allowed to the persons who have taken the remainder of the said loan of sixteen millions; and that, conformably to the public notification from this department, of the 18th of March last, those who subscribed prior to the 1st of April have the privilege of taking the terms thus subsequently allowed; and which terms are as follows, viz:

1st. That the subscriber shall receive a six per cent. stock, the interest payable quarter-yearly, redeemable at the pleasure of the United States, at any time after the end of the year 1825, at the rate of eighty-eight per cent.;

or 100 dollars in stock for 88 dollars in money.

Or, 2d. That the subscriber, for every hundred dollars in money shall receive one hundred dollars in the same species of six per cent. stock, and an annuity for thirteen years, from the 1st day of January last, of one dollar

and fifty cents, payable quarter-yearly.

The subscribers who may wish to avail themselves of these terms will present their scrip-certificates to the cashier of the bank by whom they were issued, and will express, in writing, on the face of the same, which of the above terms they will elect to accept, and will receive from the cashier

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new scrip-certificates conformably thereto; the payments upon which, and

funding whereof, are to be effected in the same manner as before.

Such subscribers as have already completed their payments, and obtained certificates of funded stock and annuities on the terms originally proposed, are to surrender the same to the commissioner of loans, or to the Register of the Treasury, by whom they were issued, expressing their election in the same manner; and will receive from him certificates of funded stock, and of annuities, (as the case may be,) in conformity with the election they may thus make.

ALBERT GALLATIN. Secretary of the Treasury.

Here there was a real set of the	
aments of the a state occupy and for the C.	
View of the sinking fund, for the year 1813  The balance belonging to this fund, remaining unapplied on the 31st December, 1812, (per report of commissioners to Congress, of February 6, 1813,) was  The annual appropriation for the year 1813	\$3,550,369 11 8,000,000 00
Making together There was applied, during the first quarter of the year 1813	11,550,369 11 1,036,868 28
Leaving to be applied, in the last three quarters of that year	\$10,513,500 83
The manner in which the amount will be applied in the follows:  Interest and reimbursement of old six per cent. and deferred stocks estimated at  Interest on exchanged six per cent. stock of 1812  Interest on three per cent. stock  Interest on 1796 six per cent. stock  Interest on Louisiana stock, and charges  Interest on six per cent. stock of 1812, including temporary bank loans and some arrearages  Interest on new stock of 1813  Principal of temporary loans reimbursable in 1813  Treasury notes, including those payable on the 1st and 11th January, 1814, which must be provided for by the 31st December, 1813  Interest on the same  205,443	\$2,160,000 00 180,000 00 485,000 00 5,000 00 680,000 00 700,000 00 470,000 00 1,350,000 00
when the SS dollars to maney	10,040,000 00
There was paid on account of the above, in the 1st quarter of 1813	1,036,868 28
Leaving payable in the last three quarters of that year,  And will leave to be applied to the purchase of stock, or	say 9,000,000 00
And will leave to be applied to the purchase of stock, or to be carried to the sinking fund, for the year 1814	1,510,000
The state of the s	\$10,513,500 83

# REPORT ON THE FINANCES.

# DECEMBER, 1813.

In obedience to the directions of the "Act supplementary to the act entitled 'An act to establish the 'Treasury Department,'" the acting Secretary of the Treasury respectfully submits the following report and estimates:

The moneys actually received into the Treasury during the year ending on the 30th September, 1813, have amounted to - \$37,544,954 93

Viz: Proceeds of the customs, sales of lands, small branch

of revenue, and repayments - \$13,568,042 43

Proceeds of loans, viz: Loan of eleven millions under the act of March 14th, 1812 - \$4,337,487 50

Loan of sixteen millions, under the act of February 8, 1813 14,488,125 00 Treasury notes under the acts

June 30, 1812, and February 25, 1813 - - 5,151,300 00

23,976,912 50

As will appear by the annexed statement E, 37,544,954 93

Making, together with the balance in the Treasury on the 1st of October, 1812, which was - - 2,362,652 69

An aggregate of - - - \$39,907,607 62

The payments from the Treasury, during the same period,
-32,928,855 19

have amounted to - 32,928,855 Viz: For civil, diplomatic, and miscellaneous expenses, both \$1,705,916 35

foreign and domestic Military department, including militia and

volunteers, and the Indian department - 18,484.750 49 Navy, including the building of new ships,

and the marine corps - - 6,420,707 20

Public debt:
On account of interest - \$3,120,379 08

Principal reimbursed - 3,197,102 07

6,317,481 15

As will also appear by the annexed statem't E, \$32,928,855 19

And left in the Treasury, on the 30th of September last - 6,978,752 43

\$39,907,607 62

The accounts for the fou made up at the Treasury; quarter, have been nearly a	but the red	ceipts an	d expend	ntui	res, during u	nat
Receipts from the customs,	sales of la	nds, and	small br	ancl	\$3,300,000	ve- 00
nue, about					1,500,000	
Loan of sixteen millions -	willians	SHOW	BEST		3,850,000	
Loan of seven and a half	minions				3,680,000	
Treasury notes -					0,000,000	_
					12,330,000	00
Making, with the balance i	n the Tre	asury of	n the 1st	of	of the plant	HE.
October, 1813, of	realist of	Estimation Available	ochin'ily s discounting	1024	6,978,752	43
An aggregate of about	of horizon	in Paul	Elek se	form too	\$19,309,000	00
The disbursements have b	een for ci	vil. dip	omatic.	nd		
miscellaneous expenses,			- 347		\$400,000	00
Military department -	about	to faule of	in the same	a U	5,887,747	00
Naval department -	178 .184	365.19			1,248,145	10
Public debt, (of which near	96,000.00	0 was o	n accoun	tof	er medzie 10 ft	
the reimbursement of pr	incinal)	Solution.	y 8, 1913	Total	7,087,994	95
And leaving in the Treasu	ry, on the	31st Dec	. 1813, ab	out	4,685,112	95
					\$19,309,000	00
						-

Of the sums obtained on loan during the year 1813, and included in the receipts above stated, an account of the terms on which they were made has been laid before Congress, excepting as to the Treasury notes issued under the act of February 25, 1813, and the loan of seven and a half millions obtained under the authority contained in the act of the 2d of August, 1813. The annexed statement, marked F, will show the whole amount received for Treasury notes during the year 1813, and at what places they were sold or disposed of. Three million eight hundred and sixty-five thousand one hundred dollars, of the notes issued under the act of June 30th, 1812, became due in the course of the year 1813, or in the present month of January, and have been paid off, or the funds placed in the hands of the commissioners of loans for that purpose.

The papers under the letter G will show the measures taken under the act of August 2d, 1813, authorizing a loan of seven million five hundred thousand dollars, and the manner in which that loan was obtained. The terms were eighty-eight dollars and twenty-five cents in money for one hundred dollars in stock, bearing an interest of six per cent.; which is equivalent to a premium of thirteen dollars thirty-one cents and four-ninths of a cent on each hundred dollars in money loaned to the United States. Of this sum of 7,500,000 dollars, about 3,850,000 dollars was paid into the Treasury during the year 1813, and the remainder is payable in the

months of January and February, 1814.

For the year 1814, the expenditures, as now authorized by law, are estimated as follows:

1. Civil, diplomatic, and miscellaneous expenses

\$1,700,000

2. Public debt, viz:

Interest on the debt existing previous to the war \$2,100,000

Interest on	debt	contracted	since the	war, in	- 20000000
cluding Treasu	ryno	otes, and loa	n for the y	ear 181	4 \$2,950,000

5,050,000 Reimbursement of principal, including the old six per cent. and deferred stocks, temporary loans, and Treasury notes

7.150,000 \$12,200,000

3. Military establishment, estimated by the Secretary of War for a full complement (including rangers, sea fencibles, and troops of all descriptions) of 63,422 officers and men, and including ordnance, fortifications, and the Indian department, and the permanent appropriations for Indian treaties, and for arming and equipping the militia - - -

24,55

4. Navy, estimated for 15,787 officers, seamen, and boys, and for 1,869 marines, and including the service of two 74 gun ships for four months, and three additional frigates for six months of the year 1814, and the expenses of flotillas on 

6,900,000

during the year cuding on the forth A Amounting, altogether, to - \$45,350,000

77.363 dollars. As the payments on account of the The ways and means already provided by law are as follows:

1. Customs and sales of public lands. The nett revenue accruing from the customs during the year 1812 amounted, as will appear by the annexed statements A and B, to 13,142,000 dollars. Of this sum, about 4,300,000 dollars was produced by the additional duties imposed by the act of July 1, 1812. The duties which have accrued during the year 1813 are estimated at 7,000,000 dollars. The custom-house bonds outstanding on the 1st January, 1814, after making a due allowance for insolvencies and bad debts, are estimated at 5,500,000 dollars; and it is believed that 6,000,000 dollars may be estimated for the receipt of the customs during the year 1814. The sales of public lands, during the year ending September 30, 1813, have amounted to 256,345 acres, and the payments by purchasers to 706,000 dollars, as will appear by the annexed statement C. It is estimated that 600,000 dollars will be received into the Treasury from this source, during the year 1814. The sum, therefore, estimated as receivable from customs and lands, \$6,600,000

2. Internal revenues and direct tax. From the credits allowed by law on some of the internal duties, and from the delays incident to the assessment and collection of the direct tax, it is not believed that more ought to be expected to come into the Treasury, during the year 1814, than the sum of

3,500,000

3. Balance of the loan of seven and a half millions already contracted for

3,650,000 1,070,000

4. Balance of Treasury notes already authorized

5. Of the balance of cash in the Treasury, on the 31st December, 1813, amounting, as above stated, to about \$4,680,000

There will be required to satisfy appropriations made prior to that day, and then undrawn, at least 3,500,000 And leaving applicable to the service of the year 1814

\$1,180,000

[1813.

So that there remains to be provided, by loans, the sum of

29,350,000 \$45,350,000

Although the interest paid upon Treasury notes is considerably less than that paid for the moneys obtained by the United States on funded stock, yet the certainty of their reimbursement at the end of one year, and the facilities they afford for remittances and other commercial operations, have obtained for them a currency which leaves little reason to doubt that they may be extended considerably beyond the sum of five millions of dollars, hitherto authorized to be annually issued. It will perhaps be eligible to leave to the Executive, as was done last year, a discretion as to the amount to be borrowed upon stock or upon Treasury notes, that one or the other may be resorted to, within prescribed limits, as shall be found most advantageous to the United States.

The amount estimated to have been reimbursed of the principal of the public debt, during the year ending on the 30th September last, including Treasury notes and temporary loans, will appear, by the estimate marked D, to have been 3,201,368 dollars. As the payments on account of the loan of sixteen millions had not then been completed, and the stock had consequently not been issued therefor, it is not practicable to state with precision the amount added to the public debt during that year; but after deducting the abovementioned reimbursement of 3,200,000 dollars, this ad-

dition will not fall short of 22,500,000 dollars.

The plan of finance proposed at the commencement of the war, was, to make the revenue during each year of its continuance equal to the expenses of the peace establishment and of the interest on the old debt then existing, and on the loans which the war might render necessary; and to defray the extraordinary expenses of the war out of the proceeds of loans to be ob-

tained for that purpose.

The expenses of the peace establishment, as it existed previous to the armaments of 1812, made in contemplation of war, but including the eight regiments added to the military establishment in the year 1808, and the augmentation of the navy in actual service, authorized in 1809, amounted, after deducting some casual expenses of militia and other incidental items, to about \$7,000,000

The interest on the public debt payable during the year 1814, will be: On the old debt, or that existing prior to the present war - \$2,100,000

On the debt contracted since the commencement of the war, including Treasury notes, and allowing 560,000 dollars for interest on the loan which must be made during the year 1814, (a sum as small as can be estimated for this object,)

2,950,000 5,050,000

\$12,050,000

The actual receipts into the Treasury from the revenue, as now established, including the internal revenues and direct tax, are not estimated, for the year 1814, at more than \$10,100,000

Viz: from customs and public lands - \$6,600,000 Internal revenues and direct tax - 3,500,000

770,000 dellars unprovided for as may appear

10,100,000

If to this sum be added that part of the balance in the Treasury on the 31st December, 1813, which has been estimated above to be applicable to the expenses of the year 1814, and which, upon the principle above stated, may be considered as a surplus of revenue beyond the expenses of the peace establishment, and of the interest on the public debt for the year 1813, and therefore applicable to the same expenses for the year 1814, which sum is estimated at

1,180,000

And making together

There will still remain to be provided new revenues capable of producing

770,000

\$12.050.000

But as the internal revenues and direct tax, when in full operation, will produce, in the year 1815, probably 1,200,000 dollars more than is estimated to be received from them in the year 1814, it will rest with Congress to decide whether it is necessary that new and additional revenues should now be established.

To what extent the existing embargo may reduce the receipts into the Treasury from the customs during the year 1815, it is difficult to estimate, as the operation of the war had reduced the receipts from the customs nearly one haif from that which was received during the year preceding the war.

The former embargo reduced the revenue from the customs nearly one-half the amount of that which was received during the year preceding its full operation. In this case, however, the transition was from the full receipt of a peace revenue to the entire suspension of exportation and of foreign commerce in American bottoms. It is not, therefore, to be presumed that the existing embargo will cause a reduction of the war revenue in the proportion of the peace revenue: moreover, the effect of the act prohibiting the importation of certain articles necessarily increases the demand and enhances the value of those which may be lawfully imported; and the high price they bear will produce extraordinary importations, and in part compensate for the prohibition to export any thing in return; to this may be added the duty on salt, the operation of which is yet but partial.

To the amount of the defalcation of the revenue caused by the embargo, whatever it may be, must be added the difference between the amount of the interest payable in the year 1814 on the loan of that year, and the whole amount of the interest on the said loan payable in the year 1815, as well as that part of the interest which may be payable in the year 1815 on the loan of that year. The sum of these items will be required

for the year 1815, in addition to the revenues now established, except 430,000 dollars, being the difference between the estimated increase in the receipt of the internal revenues and direct taxes, and the 770,000 dollars re-

maining to be provided for in the foregoing estimate.

With these considerations, it is submitted whether it may not be expedient and prudent to provide new revenues, capable of producing either the whole, or such part of the 770,000 dollars unprovided for, as may appear necessary to fulfil the public engagements, and secure to the financial operations of the Government the confidence, stability, and success which is due to its fidelity and to the ample resources of the country.

han been say eats designed as become and too make an appropriate and

tiple oils as charge, of vermice the second of the second to tree that the

All which is respectfully submitted.

W. JONES,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, January 8, 1814.

STATEMENT exhibiting the amount of duties which accrued on merchandise, tonnage, passports, and clearances; of debentures issued on the exportation of foreign merchandise; of payments for bounties and allowances, and for expenses of collection, during the years 1811 and 1812.

Years.	100	DUTIES ON		Debontures	P 3	178889A	8.7	
	Merchandise.	Tonnage.	Passports and clearances.	Debentures issued.	Bounties and allowances.	Gross revenue.	Expenses of collection.	Nett revenue.
1811 1812	\$10,427,412 21 14,990,188 51	\$124,363 30 155,353 00	\$19,737 70 14,928 00	\$2,227,245 00 1,542,622 19	\$784 13	\$8,343,484 08 a 13,617,847 32	\$440,929 46 475,838 95	\$7,902,559 6: 13,142,008 3'

#13,617,847 32
Deduct interest and storage - - \$13,617,847 32
Gross revenue, per statement B - - 13,586,838 99

A STATEMENT of the amount of American and foreign tonnage employed in foreign trade, for the year 1812, as taken from the records of the Treasury.

American tonnage in foreign trade Foreign tonnage											200	Tons	667,999 47,099
Total amount of tonnage employed in	a the forei	gn trade o	of the U	nited States				-30					715,098
Proportion of foreign tonnage to the	whole am	ount of to	nnage (	employed in	the foreig	n trade o	f the U	Juited S	States				6.6 to 100

B

STATEMENT exhibiting the value and quantities, respectively, of merchandise on which duties actually accrued during the year 1812, (consisting of the difference between articles paying duty, imported, and those entitled to drawback, re-exported;) and, also, the nett revenue which accrued, during that year, from duties on merchandise, tonnage, passports, and clearances.

一百万	179 (0.27)	4		OPPM	S AD VAL	NG DEPE	OODS PAY	
		83		O SEEDING .	S AD TAU	No De III	IOUDO TAT	
	8447,080 38	*			cent.		dollars, at	
	,711,091 75	2			0.			14,844,367
	134,076 90	000			0.		do.	893,846
	,306,216 80	34			0.	30		4,354,056
	9,901 20	10.0	22	*	0.	20	do.	49,506
	43,598 40	3	5.5	813		40	do.	108,996
	595,685 35	cl.	at 21 per	7,414,	n \$23,82	al duty o	Addition	
	,247,650 78	1				编		23,827,414
	761,721 68		verage	cents	at 27.6	gallons	2,764,135	b Spirits,
	758,760 78	-	do.	do.	56.6	do.	1,338,593	Do.
	979,552 48	-	do.	do.	at 2.5	pounds	38,647,755	Sugar.
	.078,569 25	-	do.	do.	5	do.	11.518.327	Do.
	232,040 97	-	do.	do.	at 29.4		789,413	d Wines,
	385,958 82	24	do.	do.	58.3		662,499	Do.
	484,541 32	28	do.	do.	at 21.4		2,258,514	e Teas,
	173,068 30	- 1	do.		44.9			Do.
	549,735 00	2.5		do.	at 5	pounds	10,994,700	Coffee,
	515,547 60	7		do.	10		5,155,476	Do.
	282,573 55		13.	do.			5,651,471	Molasses
	172,197 70	-		do.	10	do	1,721,977	Do.
	488,131 88	9.0					articles	f All other
	0.0 10000	2						
	3,110,050 11	.21		A.			11 5	T1'1
505	数 题	ter	ined, a	scerta	not be a	h could	s of which	To which particular deducting
	85,085 63	***	merene	anu c	erundeu,	i duites i		calculation
\$13,195,135 7	00,000 00			Z.				-
55,974 9		20	55.7		acks	n drawl	retained o	34 per cent.
	1000	in	mnorted	dies i	morehan	cent on	f 10 per	Extra duty
	21,278 65		mporteu	ittise i	merenai	COME ON	seels .	foreign v
	21,270 00	in	montad	vilian i	marchar			Extra duty
	144,168 63	***	mporteu	Mrse 1	mercuar	COHE, OH	essels .	foreign
165,447 2	144,100 00	-					COOCIO P	10101811
13,416,557 9		-			h		of duties	Nott amoun
19,410,001	101 001 01	-			nandise	on mere	or duties	Nett amoun
	131,325 01	-						Duties on to
155,353 0	24,027 99	3				. 1		Light mone
*4 000 0	-	38			nces	d cleara	ssports an	Duties on pa
	SCHOOL SECTION OF THE PARTY OF	CONTRACT TO SERVICE					10 00 000	Gross reven
13 586 838 9		-		-	MA.	stateme		
14,928 0 13,586,838 9 475,838 9	1:100			:	nt A			Deduct exp

## Explanatory Statements and Notes.

4 Additional duty of 2½ per cent. 3½ per cent. retained on drawb Extra duty of 10 per cent. on 1	ack	andi	se imported i	in foreign	i vessel	s -	\$595,685 35 786 54 1,143 00
							597,614 89
b Spirits—grain	1st 2d	proo do. do.		do.	56 29	do.	15,471 40 9,199 12 33 06
	3d 3d 4th 4th 5th	do. do. do. do.	464,531 1,063,759 417,126 527,246 425,677	do. do. do. do. do. do.	56 32	do.	279,174 00 232,365 50 297,852 52 233,590 56 168,718 72 272,433 28 85 12 11,272 32 386 86
Mark 11 60 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6			4,102,728				1,520,482 46
Sugar—brown White			35,976,034 20,253,037 2,671,721 1,265,290	do.	5 3	do.	899,400 85 1,002,651 85 80,151 63 75,917 40
			60,166,082				2,058,121 73
Wines-Madeira, 1st quality			53,175 53,116	gallons,	at 58	cents	30,842 08 61,614 56
1st do.			21,166	do.		do.	10,583 00
2d do. 2d do.		13	3,619	do.		do.	3,619 00
Burgundy and Champ	agne		1,052	do.		do.	473 40
			514		90	do.	463 60 6,461 20
Sherry and St. Lucar			16,153			do.	8,858 40
an con in the business			11,073 15,536			do.	5,437 60
Claret, &c., in bottles			8,339	do.		do.	5,837 30
Lisbon, Oporto, &c.		+	8,339 38,733 52,287	do.		do.	11,619 90 31,372 20
			52,287	do.		do.	104,139 00
Teneriffe, Fayal, and	Malag	a -	371,925 287,613		56	do.	161,063 28
All other, in casks	200		271,673	do.		do.	62,484 79 113,131 48
			245,938		46	do.	617,999 79
COUNTY OF STREET			90.544	pounds,	at 12	cents	10,865 28
Teas—Bohea			41,342	do.	24	do.	9,922 08
Souchong -			45,691	do.		do.	8,224 38 14,536 80
The part and a set of the			40,380 303,708	do.		do.	97,186 56
Hyson -			112,169	do.		do.	71,788 16
Oul as groon			1,818,571	do.		do.	363,714 20 76,769 60
Other green			191,924	do.	40	do.	
Extra duty on teas impo other places than Indi	a -	roni					4,602 56
Other Process			-	S. 500			657,609 62

# Explanatory Statements and Notes-Continued.

	Quan	tity.	1.5	Territory and	100
f All other articles, viz:	Excess of importation over exportation.	Excess of exporta- tion over importa- tion.	Rate of duty.	Excess of duties over drawback.	Excess of drawback over duties.
	見の語る。	10.10	Cents.	Tutota (pp.450)	
Domestic spirits, 1st proof, gallone	28	51325	7	\$1 96	
lst do do.		5	14	170 66	
4th do. (from		医电影品		79 22	
Poor ale and porter	233	-	34	39 68	
Beer, ale, and porter - do. Beer, ale, and porter - do.	46,039	-	16	7,366 24	
Beer, ale, and porter - do. Cocoa pounds		1000	2	572 48	
Cocoa do.	748,637		4	29,945 48	1000000
Chocolate do.	837		3	25 11	1 3 3 5 6
Chocolate do.	81	-	6	4 86	1.55.00 694
Sugar candy do.	179	-	114	20 59	100
Sugar candy do.	59	-	23	11 96	-520000
Almonds do.	338,205	-	2	6,764 10	12731939
Almonds do.	61,022	-	4	2,440 88	
Fruits-Currants do.	33,562	-	2	671 24	
Currants do. Prunes and plums do.	134,495	-	4	5,379 80	
Prunes and plums do. Prunes and plums do.	44,090 1,694	-	2 4	881 80 67 76	10000
Figs - do.	937,178		2	4,743 56	1 3 3 3 3 3
Figs - do.	237,178 13,741	-	4	549 64	40.000
Raisins, in jars, &c. do.	402,288	-	2	8,045 76	
Raisins, in jars, &c. do.	42,066	-	4	1,682 64	
Raisins, all other - do.	448,615	-	11	6,729 22	I PERSONAL PROPERTY OF THE PERSONAL PROPERTY O
Raisins, all other - do.	1,475	-	3	44 25	
Candles—Tallow - do.	1860	4,492	2		\$89 8
Wax or spermaceti do.	4,318	-	6	259 08	
Cheese - do.	2,088	-	12	250 56	
Cheese - do.	14,713 8,221		14	1,029 91	
Soap - do.	107,236	-	2	1,150 94	
Soap - do.	184,196	5.00	4	2,144 72 7,367 84	100000
Tallow do.	492,991	00000100	11	7,394 86	
Tallow do.	128,669	177 200	3	3,860 07	
SpicesMace - do.		3,750	125	Tell and De 11 E	4,687 5
Nutmegs - do.	100000	12,369	50		6,184 5
Cinnamon - do.	-	15,022	20	-100	3,004 40
Cloves do.	48,236	-	40	19,294 40	15000011
Pepper do.	69,681	-	6	4,180 86	
Pepper - do.	132,138	-	12	15,856 56	
Pimento do. Pimento do.	94,639	-	4	3,785 56	
Cassia - do.	53,345	-	8	4,267 60	
Cassia - do.	166,596	-	8	6,663 84 4,018 24	
Pobacco, manufactured, other	50,228	1	0	4,010 24	2 2 2 2 2 2
than snuff and segars - do.	2,172		6	130 32	1000
Pobacco, manufactured, other	7,112	DO 100		Part William	1 1 1
than snuff and segars - do.	5,077		12	. 609 24	
Snuff do.	38	St. Lunion	10	3 80	
Snuff do.		100	20	71 00	
ndigo do.	9,663		25	2,415 75	
ndigo do.	67,734		50	33,867 00	
cotton do.	35,386		3	1,061 58	
Cotton do.	859,192	-	6	51,551 52	
starch do.	389	-	3	11 67	
starch do.	4,179	-	6	250 74	

# Explanatory Notes and Statements-Continued.

	Quant	ities.			
f All other articles, viz:	Excess of importation over exportation.	Excess of exportation over importation.	Rate of duty.	Excess of duties over drawback.	Excess of drawback over du- ties.
Gannan I.			Cents.	*****	
Gunpowder pound Glue do		-	8	\$513 12	
Glue - do		-	8	384 32 3,370 40	
Iron-anchors and sheet - do		T TOTAL	11	1,524 88	Book
anchors and sheet - do.	the state of the s		3	12,134 73	ACCES TO 12
slit and hoop do.		HAS SEE	1	1,761 31	
slit and hoop - do.	423,422	主量の数	2	8,468 44	
Pewter plates and dishes - do.		F-1200	8	354 40	
Nails do.	and the second second	( 2 ab	4	29,578 48	
Spikes do.		00	2	1,897 48	
Quicksilver do.			6	4,463 16	
Quicksilver do.		O SHEET	12	1,149 48	
Paints—ochre, in oil - do.			3	10 08 915 73	
dry, yellow - do. Spanish brown - do.			1 1	45 33	
Spanish brown - do. Spanish brown - do.		5.00	2	442 70	
white and red lead - do.		- Table 1	2	1,755 02	
white and red lead - do.			4	45,325 92	
Lead, and manufactures of	,	C 14 B C S			
lead do.	405,271	- Contract	1	4,052 71	
Lead, and manufactures of			2002	THE LANGE OF	
lead do.	826,955	SC -1510	2	16,539 10	
Seines - do.			8	54 88	
Cordage, tarred do.	83,969	-	2 4	1,679 38 6,151 44	
tarred do.	153,786 46,139	100 to 10	21	1,153 47	
teniori con	23,184		5	1,159 20	
Cables do.	20,101	33,557	2	-	\$671 14
Steel cwt.	2,332,223		100	2,332 71	
Steel do.	5,626,212		200	11,253 21	
lemp do.	17,529,323	-	100	17,529 96	
Hemp do.	293,300	-	200	587 50	
Twine do.	125,221	-	400	502 75	
Twine do.	566,303	-85 <del>-</del> 753	800	4,534 21 27 21	
llauber salts do.	6,306	-	5	236 85	
coal bushel		-	10	9,645 60	
Coal do.	96,456	-	20	1 20	
Malt do. Fish—dried or smoked - quintal		E 2000	50	50	
dried or smoked - do.	0 005		100	9,095 00	
pickled salmon - barrels	200	-	200	1,380 00	
mackerel - do.	86	68200	120	103 20	
all other - do.	73	-	40	29 20	
all other - do.	380		80	304 00	
llass-black quart bottles - gross	925	-	60	555 00	
black quart bottles - do.	2,470	5 to 2	120	2,964 00	
window not above 8	1 412		160	2,260 80	
by 10 inches - 100 sq.1	1,413	7	100	2,400 00	
window, not above 8	3,952		320	12,646 40	
by 10 inches - do.	0,000	1 E 1 E			
window, not above	151	-	175	264 25	
10 by 12 mones		6.7			
window, not above	282	-	350	987 00	
10 by 12 inches - do. window, all above - do.	26	-	225	58 50	
window, all above - do.	463	-	450	2,083 50	
egars - M.	7,745	-	200	15,490 00	
egars do.	2,668	2000	400	10,672 00	#5/6/CE/CE/CE/CE/CE/CE/CE/CE/CE/CE/CE/CE/CE/

## Explanatory Statements and Notes-Continued.

16 4			ity.	Quant	To many of Transport of Pressured			
Excess of drawback over du- ties.	Excess of duties over drawback.	Excess of of dutie		Excess of importation over exporta- tion.	f All other articles, viz:			
etial etial	\$621 00 75 923 00 290 50 1,041 45 1,543 20 5 30 21 00 1 50 155 30	Cents. 150 75 25 90 15 30 10 20 50 2	POTENTIAL PROPERTY.	414 1 3,692 581 6,943 5,144 53 105 3 7,765	Boots pairs Boots do. Shoes and slippers—silk - do. silk - do. kid and morocco do. kid and morocco do. children's - do. children's - do. Cards, wool and cotton - dozens Paints, ochre, dry yellow - pounds			
\$14,637 3	502,769 26 14,637 38		- 23	155.11	Deduct excess of drawback over du- ties			
	488,131 88	100	13 19	1,555				

Treasury Department, Register's Office, December 9, 1813. JOSEPH NOURSE, Register.

STATEMENT of the lands sold in the districts of Marietta, Zanesville, Steubenville, Canton, Chillicothe, Cincinnati, Jeffersonville, and Vincennes, from Oct. 1, 1812, to Sept. 30, 1813; showing, also, the amount of receipts from individuals, and payments made by receivers, during the same time, with the balances due, both on Oct. 1, 1812, and Oct. 1, 1813

GEASHYT.	Lands sold, a ing lands		Lands reverted.	Receipts by receivers. Payments by receivers.  In the hands, Due by indi-			by receivers.		ers.	
Offices.	Acres.	Purchase money.	Acres.	In the hands of receivers, October 1, 1812.	viduals, Oct. 1, 1812.	On ac't of pur- chase money.		Into Treasury.	The part for expenses.	Repayments.
Marietta - Zanesville - Steubenville - Canton - Chillicothe - Cincinnati - Jeffersonville - Vincennes -	3,569.63 25,611.80 47,107.85 23,410.33 21,006.07 90,619.06 31,654.53 a13,366.31	\$7,462 36 51,863 60 108,389 76 46,820 66 44,368 98 211,593 54 63,309 06 26,732 62	5,005.38 5,706.86 700.00 13,198.14 81,812.03 784.00 16,365.03	\$5,845 86 13,831 54 11,774 71‡ 35,419 88 55,014 40 46,815 53‡ 12,382 82‡ 3,009 77‡	\$22,576 98 148,874 64 208,716 81‡ 125,235 32 76,879 04‡ 790,882 47 127,926 76‡ 98,014 30‡	47,565 10½ 54,449 97½ 300,593 73½	\$2,354 75 2,607 74½ 70 00 7,500 00 42,408 65 78 40 8,242 53½	\$5,105 00 57,851 01 83,450 65 27,421 67 105,402 53 360,939 49 54,420 40 21,977 60	\$604 10 2,551 23 3,317 35 2,568 58 2,166 21 10,200 19½ 2,518 35 1,743 94	\$294 00 386 73 52 98 982 91 108 29
	256,345.58	560,540 58	123,571.44	184,094 13‡	1,599,106 331	643,055 75‡	63,262 08	761,568 35	25,669 951	1,824 99

a This is the total quantity sold at Vincenness The lands reverted exceeded the lands sold in that office, during the period embraced by this statement.

	Balance due 1st	October, 1813.	The though from	Total sales of land, from the opening of the land offices to October 1, 1812 - Acres Amount sold since, as above stated -	3,766,508.084 256,345.58	\$7,980,484 36 560,540 58	
0.5			Total balance due October 1,	Deduct lands reverted at Vincennes; the quantity re-	4,022,853.661	8,541,024 94	
Offices.	From indi- viduals.	From indi- By receivers. 1813.		verted there during the last year, being greater than the quantity sold there during that period, could not be de- ducted from the sales at that office	16,365.03	32,730 06	
			917 92 cm	72 775 USB 1445 45 USB 145 USB 147 USB 147 USB 148 UBB 147 UBB	4,006,488.634	8,508,294 88	
farietta -	\$23,151 87	87,024 23	\$30,176 10 156,228 29	Balance due by individuals, 30th September, 1812 Amount of land sold since		1,599,106 33 560,540 58	
anesville - teubenville - anton -	141;625 19 220,976 96 124,490 871	14,603 10 23,357 34 8,064 734	244,334 30 132,555 61	Deduct amount of lands reverted at Vincennes -	The state	2,159,646 91 32,730 06	
hillicothe - incinnati - effersonville -	66,798 05 701,882 278 133,981 178	9,342 251	76,140 301 719,577 591 146,758 30		5	2,126,916 85 643,055 75	
incennes -	70,954 71	8,484 631	79,439 341	Balance due by individuals		- 1,483,861 10	
	1,483,861 104	101,348 741	1,585,209 841	and in the own			

GENERAL LAND OFFICE, December 20, 1813.

EDWARD TIFFIN, Commissioner of the General Land Office. STATEMENT of the lands sold in the Mississippi Territory, from the 1st of October, 1812, to the 30th September, 1813; showing, also, the amount of receipts from individuals, and payments made by receivers, during the same time; with the balance due, both on the 1st of October, 1812, and 1st of October, 1812.

Recombined of a Business of Empire Mutophy of pay per	Lands sold		Lands reverted.	rted. In hands of recei-	everted. In hands of recei-	of recei- viduals, 1st	Receipts by receivers.		Payments by receivers.			Balance due 1st Oct. 1813.	
Offices.	M C C C	Acres.	Dollars.	Acres.	vers, 1st October, 1812.	October, 1812.	On acco'nt of purchase money.	On ac't of forfei- tures.	Into the Treasury.	The part for ex- penses.	Repay-	From ind viduals.	By receivers.
Madison county West of Pearl riv East of Pearl riv		5,844.62	42,527 00 11,689 2 6,442 5	198.26	44,799 25	195,975 52 341,918 39 115,174 27	93 540 05	80 00	41,545 41 18,104 32	2,494 72 1,619 87	160 00 132 82	330,067 58	19,986 03 48,562 29 14,800 63
The Local of		30,260.88	60,658 8	61,607.78	63,809 324	653,068 18	83,452 41	144 36	59,649 73	4,114 59	292 82	630,274 63	83,348 95
Offices.		Total bala	nce. An	nount of la	ands sold fro since, as ab	om the openin		sales of		t. 1812	Acr - 484, 18 - 30, 20		Dollars. ,003,173 02 60,658 86
Madison county West of Pearl		\$203,133					FDW	TARD !	TIFFIN.	Total	514,44	12.77	063,831 88

East of Pearl river -

131,859 834

713,623 591

Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Note .- The lands sold east of Pearl river, since 1st July, 1813, are not included, the returns not having arrived. The payments made by receiver east of Pearl river are not stated; several of his returns not having arrived. Both of those commissions will be brought into the next annual statement.

					EVAND O	Redemption from 1st October, 1812,	Redemption from 1st April, 1801, to 30th Septem-	Total principal redeemed from 1st April, 1801,
	Total bulished.	Araquat of lands con Araqual seld cares a ferosa				to 30th September, 1813.	ber, 1812, per the Secretary's re- port of 4th De- cember, 1812.	to 30th September, 1813.
the domestic debt, the lst October, 18 the reimbursement isiana stock, six pe Deduct interest whic quarter-yearly  Reimbursement of of Reimbursement of the Reimbursement of the Reimbursement and Reimbursement and Reimbursement of columns Purchase of Louisian Purchase of delerre Purchase of delerre Purchase of delerre	and of the reinb 12, to the 30th Se t of the residue of the residue of the accrued durin the four and a half the four and a half purchase of eigh purchase of exch onverted stock the stock of 1815 d stock, (cost \$9, to controllers on certificates of the	per cent. stock per cent. stock f per cent. stock t per cent. stock anged stock oock, (cost \$205,021 76 2, (cost \$322,960 35) he debt of the United Secretain parts of the don	ix per cent. a ve of a repayment, stock, and bek, as stated bleulated	nent of \$2,0 l of the pure selow, was \$	02 43, and of hase of Lou-	18, 104, 251, 020 A	\$14,836,442 96 711,700 00 1,847,500 00 176,000 00 6,359,600 00 6,293,351 12 1,294,452 39 118,500 00 	\$16,330,241 5 711,700 0 1,847,500 0 6,359,600 0 6,359,600 0 6,293,351 1 1,859,770 7 326,500 0 324,200 0 9,650 2 268,240 7 92,411 0 3,540,000 0 500,000 0

The amount of stock purchased during the year ending on the 30 Vi.	n. September, 1813, was - z: Louisiana stock Six per cent. stock of 1812 - Deferred stock	a of seamon 20,10	- \$208,000 00 - 324,200 00 - 9,650 20	\$541,850 20
The sum paid from the Treasury for the same, was -	Erenues with Me	Aller Palacenta	9 41	537,583 88
Making a difference of - Which sum, deducted from that here stated as the amount of deb	t redeaned in the year ending Sep	otember 30, 1813, v	12.01 Je'882 78	4,266 32 3,201,368 39
Shows the amount actually paid from the Treasury during that y	ear on account of the reimbursem	ent of the principa	l of the public debt	3,197,102 07

payments at the Treasury of the Umied Males, 30th September, 1813.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Register's Office, January 8, 1814.

Casa to and Careacuty, subject to search

stook nurshaged during the vany anding on the 20th C

JOSEPH NOURSE, Register.

Cash in the Treasury, subject to warrant, October 1, 1812 Received for the proceeds of the customs - Arrears of internal revenue and direct tax - 8,179 88 Sales of public lands 80,671 53 Copper coinage	Civil department, proper Grants and miscelianeous claims - 105,875 83 Military pensions - 105,875 83 Military pensions - 138,389 35 Light-house establishment - 138,389 35 Marine hospital establishment - 15,057 79 Public buildings in Washington, and furniture for President's house - 111,093 42 Prisoners of war - 111,093 42 Second and third census - 2,477 12 Contingent expenses of Government - 615 00 Purchase of books for Congress - 1,000 00 Privateer pension fund - 8,197 27 Ascertaining land-titles in Louisiana Surveys of public lands - 17,175 88 Survey of the coast of the United States - Cumberland road - \$53,358 99 Rosals in Obio, and under the treaty of Brownstown 27,500 00  80,858 99
The man yest in that the Transity Ki lin tank who was a fine for the line in t	Treaties with Mediterranean 51,045 00 Relief and protection of seamen 39,443 71 Claims on France - 4,687 50  192,539 29 \$1,705,916 33

1888881	Military expenses, viz:	1	1
	Military department, fortifications, ord- nance, militia, volunteers Indian department	18,291,991 49 192,759 00	10 101 770 10
	Naval expenses, viz:		18,484,750 49
	Naval department, marine corps, navy yards  Public debt, viz:		6,420,707 20
TAC BA	Interest and charges Reimbursement of principal	3,120,379 08 3,197,102 07	
1 性是正常	Balance in the Treasury subject to warrant,	3.7	6,317,481 15
00 00W 00P 03	September 30, 1813		6,978,752 43
39,907,607 62	日本 日	THE ST	39,907,607 62

F

STATEMENT of moneys received into the Treasury during the year 1813, for Treasury notes, bearing interest at the rate of 5% per cent. per annum.

Received at the State Bank, Boston  Manhattan Bank, New York  Mechanics' Bank, New York  New York State Bank, Albany  Bank of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia  Bank of Columbia, Washington  Union Bank, Georgetown, Columbia  Bank of Chillicothe, Chillicothe  Miami Exporting Company, Cincinnat  Bank of Kentucky, Frankfort	areas are conducting a large	400,000 600,000 179,800 185,600 100,000 50,000 49,100 100,000 100,000
Notes issued under the act of February 25, 1813:  Received at the Cumberland Bank, Portland Merchants' Bank, Salem State Bank, Boston Manhattan Bank, New York Mechanics' Bank, New York Bank of Troy, Troy, New York Bank of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia Bank of Columbia, Washington Farmers' Bank of Alexandria Planters' Bank, Savannah	the state of the s	\$100,000 30,000 1,000,000 250,000 750,000 100,000 200,000 200,000 300,000

G.

#### LOAN OF SEVEN MILLION FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.

The annexed notification, marked G a, was issued on the 30th of August, 1813; and, in pursuance thereof, proposals were received on the 25th of September, for loaning money to the United States, on a six per cent., to be received by the lenders at various rates, amounting in the whole to 12,791,500 dollars. A copy of one of these proposals is annexed, marked G b; the others were substantially of the same form. After rejecting those least favorable to the United States, and apportioning, by an equal rule among those that were accepted, the sum that was to be received on loans, the following proposals for the sums annexed to each were accepted, by a letter addressed to each of the persons making the proposals, in substance the same as that annexed, marked G c, viz:

	Jonathan Smith, of Philadelphia	THE SHE	F 210 (270)	0.0144	\$2,152,000	00
	Jacob Barker, of New York	- A B. S. S.	A 198 MA	(Factor)	1,435,000	00
	Ralph Higinbotham, of Baltimore	To an areas		THEFT	1,435,000	00
š	Quinton Campbell, of Philadelphia	-		e Tauxies	468,000	00
	Fitz G. Halleck, of New York	· various	was and and a		288,000	00
	Thomas W. Bacot, of Charleston, S.	C.	E CONTRACTOR OF		221,000	
	William Cochran, of Boston		actor from	er to en de	151,000	00
	George T. Dunbar, of Baltimore		e de la propieta		147 000	
	G. B. Vroom, of New York		Notes Soveri		144,000	.00
3			ezereri i		144,000	00
	Isaac McKim, of Baltimore		en in the second		144,000	00
	Whitehead Fish, of New York		linei eta		118,000	
*			twelve.		119 000	
	William G. Cochran, of Baltimore		rader fe		110,000	00
				A	108,000	00
	William Whann, of Washington		time to		72 000	
	James Cox, of Baltimore		e ensura			00
	Thomas Cumming, of Augusta, Geo	roia	GENERAL SE	132 3/4 41	72,000	
	Thomas Cumming, of Augusta, Geo	814			100,000	
	The navy pension fund	10 St.			marchast on	-
	one another should be accepted, the				\$7,500,000	00
					District Control of the last o	The second second

And the aforesaid sum of \$7,500,000 was made payable at the following

Characteristic John Santan and Care					
laces, viz: At Wiscasset, Maine			9000 TO.	80123386	\$75,000 00
At Wiscasset, Maine				4112 3061	2 025 000 00
The same of the sa		\$250 St.	\$36.0F.2005668	AND PARTY.	30,000 00
Philadelphia - Baltimore					2.514,000 00
Baltimore				in the	73,000 00
Washington, navy l Charleston, S. C.	du sterionalist		Page 100 Decre	ing sitt	221,000 00
Charleston, S. C.					72,000 00
Charleston, S. C. Augusta, Georgia	HA CHANGE				The state of at
0					The second secon

\$7,500,000 00

Ga.

NOTICE.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

August 30, 1813.

Whereas, by an act of Congress, passed on the 2d day of August, 1813, the President of the United States is authorized to borrow, on the credit of the United States, a sum not exceeding seven million five hundred thousand dollars: And whereas, the President of the United States did, by an act or commission under his hand, dated the 7th day of August, 1813, authorize and empower the acting Secretary of the Treasury to borrow, on behalf of the United States, the aforesaid sum of seven million five hundred thousand dollars, pursuant to the act of Congress above recited:

#### PUBLIC NOTICE IS THEREFORE HEREBY GIVEN,

That proposals will be received by the acting Secretary of the Treasury, until the twenty-fifth day of September next, from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may offer, for themselves or others, to loan to the United States the whole or any part, not less than one hundred thousand dollars, of the aforesaid sum of seven million five hundred thousand dollars.

The stock to be issued for the money loaned will bear an interest of six per cent. per annum, payable quarter-yearly; and the proposals must distinctly state the amount of money offered to be loaned, and the rate at which the aforesaid stock will be received for the same.

The amount loaned is to be paid into a bank or banks authorized by the

Treasury, in instalments, in the following manner, viz:

One-eighth part, or twelve dollars and fifty cents on each hundred dollars, on the 15th day of October next.

One-eighth part, on the 15th day of November next,

One-fourth part, or twenty-five dollars on each hundred dollars, on the 15th day of each of the ensuing months of December, January, and February next.

The proposals must specify the place where the money is to be paid.

If proposals differing in terms from one another should be accepted, the option will be allowed to any persons whose proposals may be accepted, of taking the terms allowed to any other person whose proposals may be accepted.

No proposals will be received for a sum less than one hundred thousand dollars; but a commission of one-eighth of one per cent. will be allowed to any person collecting subscriptions for the purpose of incorporating them in one proposal, to the amount of one hundred thousand dollars or upwards, provided that such proposal shall be accepted.

A commission of one-eighth of one per cent. will also be allowed to the cashiers of the banks where the payments shall be made; who will issue scrip-certificates to the persons making the payments, and will endorse thereon the payments of the several instalments when made.

On failure of payment of any instalment, the next preceding instalment to be forfeited.

The scrip-certificates will be assignable by endorsement and delivery; and will be funded after the completion of the payments, upon presentation

by the proprietor to the commissioner of loans for the State where the pay-

ments have been made.

The funded stock to be thus issued will be irredeemable till the 31st day of December, 1825; will be transferable in the same manner as the other funded stock of the United States; and will be charged for the regular and quarterly payment of its interest, and for the eventual reimbursement of its principal, upon the annual fund of eight millions of dollars appropriated for the payment of the principal and interest of the debt of the United States, in the manner pointed out in the aforesaid act of the 2d of August, 1813.

W. JONES. Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

### CITY OF WASHINGTON, September 25, 1813.

SIR: Having, agreeably to the terms of your public notice of the 30th of August last, collected subscriptions for the purpose of incorporating them in one proposal, I hereby propose to take of the loan of seven million five hundred thousand dollars, the sum of three millions of dollars, payable at the Bank of Pennsylvania on the following terms, viz: for every hundred dollars in six per cent. stock, I will give eighty-eight dollars and twentyfive cents in money; or, for the privilege of paying the balance at any subsequent instalment after the first, I will give for every hundred dollars of the aforesaid stock, eighty-eight dollars and fifty cents in money.

I have the honor to be, With great respect, sir, Your obedient servant,

JONA: SMITH.

The Hon. the SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

G c.

### TREASURY DEPARTMENT, September 25, 1813.

SIR: More than twelve millions and a half of dollars were this day offered for the loan of seven and a half millions. The rate at which the loan is taken, is eighty-eight dollars and twenty-five cents in money for each hundred dollars in stock. Your proposal for three millions of dollars of the loan, having been at this rate, has been accepted; but, in consequence of the large surplus offered, it has been necessary to reduce the amount allowed to you to two million one hundred and fifty-two thousand dollars.

Upon completing the payment of this sum in the proportions and at the periods stated in the public notification relating to this loan, of the 30th of August last, you will be entitled to receive stock at the rate above mentioned.

If you shall desire, or any of the persons in whose behalf your proposal was made, to obtain the certificates of funded stock before the 15th of February next, (the day on which the last instalment of the loan will be payable,) it may be effected, by paying on any day fixed for the payment of an

instalment, after the first, all the subsequent instalments; but interest will in such case be allowed only as if each instalment had been paid on the day fixed in the public notification of the 30th of August. You will be pleased, on receipt of this letter, to state to me the bank or banks in which the money will be paid; and if more than one, the precise sum payable at each; and on or before the 15th of October, will furnish the cashier or cashiers of such bank or banks with the names of the persons in whose behalf your proposal has been made, and the sums payable by each.

The commission of one-eighth per cent. will be paid from the Treasury,

after the payment of the first instalment on the 15th of October next.

I am, respectfully, sir, Your obedient servant,

innoted thousand dollars, the sum of three millions of dollars, payable at the Bade of Pennsylvania to the following filens, size for ever therefold dollars in six per dent, slocked will give suchty-eight dollars and twinter three cours in money; on, for the privilege of pering the belonce of anywhere?

the same of loverein or three will fine wallob school because and

The Hon, the Secherany or was Tarabour

the second to be seen as the second to be second to be seen as the second to be seen as the second to be seen as the second to be sec

Tel Er Schmanger Break research Schmane 38, 181.

bindeet dollars in scorks. Your proposal for three millions of decisions de desired the lower having been at this tare, has been actigired, but, in consequence of the large samples of med, it has been mecessary to cashoo die accessory.

W. JONES,

Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

JONATHAN SMITH, Esq., Philadelphia.

AND STREET STREET, STR

# capital stock of what X X X D X I remposed 72

# Bankyslanes, dividends on in that,

Agriculture, the effect of funding the public debt on, 6. productiveness of, contrasted with manufactures, 78. promoted by manufactures, 88, 92, 104. Alloy, proportion of, used in gold and silver coinage, 135, 141. Why it is used in coinage, 142. Annuity proposed, as a plan for funding the public debt, 17, 43, 99. Army expenses of 1802, estimated, 222. To mean a an horobiary a solution of 1803, do 253. of 1804, do 263. of 1805, do 286. of 1806, do 298. from 1st April, 1801, to 31st March, 1805, 326. of 1807, estimated, 331. and on which lagoritible solled of 1808, and do no 358. paid, 374. of 1809, estimated, 375, 392. betaging one from 1802 to 1807, 420. of 1810, estimated, 400. one of paid, 421.1 no holdestie enotheinteer laieremme? of 1811, estimated, 423. paid, 443, 466. Participated and Discourage of 1812, estimated, 444. paid, 468, 484. (avait) le empire le noit ensque of 1813, estimated, 470, 489. paid, 490, 492, 499. of 1814, estimated, 500.
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tend to lower the rate of interest, 67, at make a sa bosocious vitamas.

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