ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY

ON THE

STATE OF THE FINANCES

FOR

THE YEAR 1897.

WASHINGTON:
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.
1897.

393

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Document No. 1976, *second edition.*
SECRETARY.

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ANNUAL REPORT ON THE FINANCES.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C., December 6, 1897.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report:

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

Fiscal year 1897.

The revenues of the Government from all sources for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, were:

From customs	$176,554,126.65
From internal revenue	146,688,574.29
From profits on coinage, bullion deposits, and assays	7,239,813.53
From District of Columbia	3,566,130.29
From fees—consular, letters patent, and land	2,881,555.12
From sinking fund for Pacific railways	2,277,173.25
From tax on national banks	1,972,500.83
From navy pension and navy hospital funds, etc	1,122,883.05
From repayment of interest by Pacific railways	942,148.39
From miscellaneous sources	913,119.93
From sales of public lands	864.581.41
From sales of Indian lands	845,419.03
From customs fees, fines, penalties, etc	586,827.45
From reimbursement for cost of water supply, District of Columbia	321,097.75
From immigrant fund	309,936.17
From sales of Government property	202,712.43
From deposits for surveying public lands	128,320.75
From Soldiers' Home, permanent fund	126,617.94
From sales of lands and buildings under special acts	81,319.70
From depredations on public lands	48,478.54
From sales of ordnance material	48,368.66
From postal service	82,665,462.73
Total receipts	430,387,167.89

The expenditures for the same period were:

For the civil establishment, including foreign intercourse, public buildings, collecting the revenues, bounty on sugar, District of Columbia, and other miscellaneous expenses	$79,252,061.69
For the military establishment, including rivers and harbors, forts, arsenals, and seacoast defenses	48,950,267.89
For the naval establishment, including construction of new vessels, machinery, armament, equipment, and improvements at navy yards	34,561,546.29
For Indian service	13,016,802.46
For pensions	141,053,164.63

For interest on the public debt	$37,791,110.48
For deficiency in postal revenues	11,149,206.13
For postal service	82,665,462.73
Total expenditures	448,439,622.30
Showing a deficit of	18,052,454.41

In addition to the ordinary revenues collected during the year the cash in the Treasury was increased by the following sums: From national bank fund deposited under act of July 14, 1890, in excess of bank notes redeemed, $4,356,614.50, and from the issue of 4 per cent bonds in liquidation of interest accrued on refunding certificates converted during the year, $1,240, making a total of $4,357,854.50. The securities redeemed during the year on account of the sinking fund were as follows:

Loan of July and August, 1861	$2,400.00
Five-twenties of 1862	1,000.00
Loan of 1863	500.00
Funded loan of 1881	500.00
Funded loan of 1881, continued at 3½ per cent	1,000.00
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at 3½ per cent	1,500.00
Loan of July, 1882	1,600.00
Funded loan of 1891	237,400.00
Fractional currency and notes	6,192.00
Total	252,092.00

As compared with the fiscal year 1896, the receipts for 1897 increased $20,911,759.11, as follows:

Increase in receipts for 1897.

Source.	1896.	1897.	Increase.	Decrease.
Customs	$160,021,751.67	$176,554,126.65	$16,532,374.98	
Profits on coinage, bullion deposits, etc.	2,897,092.41	7,239,813.53	4,342,721.12	
Sinking fund for Pacific railways	1,889,078.26	2,277,173.25	388,094.99	
Sales of Indian lands	571,608.03	845,419.03	273,811.00	
Tax on national banks	1,763,496.62	1,972,500.83	209,004.21	
Fees—consular, letters patent, and land	2,815,249.53	2,881,555.12	66,305.59	
Sales of lands and buildings	36,446.68	81,319.70	44,873.02	
Sales of ordnance material	28,507.31	48,368.66	19,861.35	
District of Columbia	3,846,435.12	3,566,130.29		$280,304.83
Miscellaneous sources	1,112,863.24	913,119.93		199,743.31
Sales of public lands	1,005,523.43	864,581.41		140,942.02
Immigrant fund	445,669.82	309,936.17		135,733.65
Deposits for surveying public lands	260,166.53	128,320.75		131,845.78
Internal revenue	146,762,864.74	146,688,574.29		74,290.45
Sales of Government property	263,196.90	202,712.43		60,484.47
Reimbursement for cost of water supply, District of Columbia	360,057.58	321,097.75		38,959.83
Customs fees, fines, penalties, etc.	622,003.14	586,827.45		35,175.69
Navy pension and navy hospital funds	1,137,207.40	1,122,883.05		14,324.35
Repayment of interest by Pacific railways	955,499.86	942,148.39		13,351.47
Depredations on public lands	52,106.89	48,478.54		3,628.35
Soldiers' Home, permanent fund	129,375.22	126,617.94		2,757.28
Postal service	82,499,208.40	82,665,462.73	166,254.33	
Total	409,475,408.78	430,387,167.89	22,043,300.59	1,131,541.48
Net increase			20,911,759.11	

There was an increase of $13,594,713.49 in the ordinary expenditures, as follows:

Increase in ordinary expenditures for 1897.

Object.	1896.	1897.	Increase.	Decrease.
CIVIL ESTABLISHMENT.				
Legislative—				
Salaries and expenses	$9,460,957.86	$9,537,248.21	$76,290.35	
Executive Proper—				
Salaries and expenses	192,919.04	193,994.34	1,075.30	
Department of State—				
Salaries and expenses	150,803.53	138,684.81		$12,118.72
Foreign intercourse	1,605,010.78	2,076,876.84	471,866.06	
Treasury Department—				
Salaries and expenses	3,011,769.66	3,039,944.79	28,175.13	
Independent Treasury	608,697.24	602,369.65		6,327.59
Mints and assay offices	996,858.23	1,176,516.13	179,657.90	
Territorial governments	114,415.40	196,277.88	81,862.48	
Salaries, etc., internal revenue	3,769,642.96	3,517,596.01		252,046.95
Bounty on sugar	232,690.68	4,992,630.88	4,759,940.20	
Refund for land sold for direct taxes	2,937.02	14,787.37	11,850.35	
Miscellaneous, internal revenue	197,605.74	153,915.28		43,690.46
Collecting customs revenue	7,237,796.40	7,075,372.05		162,424.35
Refunding excess of deposits, customs	1,569,684.14	1,368,396.21		201,287.93
Debentures or drawbacks, customs	1,950,072.48	2,359,748.15	409,675.67	
Miscellaneous items, customs	229,427.44	216,989.19		12,438.25
Revenue Cutter Service	1,027,617.05	945,180.93		82,436.12
Regulating immigration	303,613.26	325,210.85	21,597.59	
Chinese exclusion act	100,478.50	85,550.62		14,927.88
New revenue vessels	214,891.42	371,140.43	156,249.01	
Alien contract-labor laws	115,917.13	90,846.36		25,070.77
Marine-Hospital Service	654,581.44	620,506.90		34,074.54
Life-Saving Service	1,442,724.18	1,507,340.63	64,616.45	
Light-House Establishment	3,114,855.26	3,390,090.45	275,235.19	
Coast and Geodetic Survey	389,021.16	380,865.52		9,155.64
Steamboat-Inspection Service	342,829.15	339,561.18		3,267.97
Engraving and printing	1,116,372.60	1,130,561.59	14,188.99	
Public buildings	2,997,381.67	3,758,795.67	761,414.00	
Fuel, etc., public buildings	870,741.72	847,469.37		23,272.35
Custodians and janitors	771,684.61	749,109.91		22,574.70
Furniture for public buildings	192,426.25	205,130.88	12,704.63	
Heating apparatus, public buildings	112,533.12	146,224.71	33,691.59	
Vaults, safes, etc., public buildings	39,681.58	33,176.00		6,505.58
Fish hatcheries	33,764.76	86,158.03	52,393.27	
Salaries and expenses, Fish Commission	329,760.35	342,669.24	12,908.89	
National Museum	174,093.78	195,740.14	21,646.36	
Zoological Park	55,104.55	67,779.26	12,674.71	
Smithsonian Institution	120,047.71	127,551.75	7,504.04	
Columbian Exposition	137,705.36	21,928.17		115,777.19
Interstate Commerce Commission	234,264.14	235,891.36	1,627.22	
Expenses of Treasury notes	173,690.46	166,043.19		7,647.27
French spoliation claims	11,946.81	11,946.81		
Atlanta Exposition	128,070.22	12,853.64		115,216.58
Tennessee Exposition		80,000.00	80,000.00	
Payment to Southern Pacific Company		1,542,839.46	1,542,839.46	
Epidemic diseases	56,308.56	32,677.89		23,630.67
Miscellaneous items	168,992.81	377,385.49	208,392.68	
War Department—				
Salaries and expenses	2,116,153.72	1,864,354.09		251,799.63
Navy Department—				
Salaries and expenses	407,000.57	410,933.43	3,932.86	
Interior Department—				
Salaries and expenses	4,820,393.56	4,809,041.83		11,351.73
Public lands service	2,035,847.62	2,323,201.56	287,353.94	
Colleges for agriculture	1,008,000.00	1,056,000.00	48,000.00	
Eleventh Census	51,340.88	25,817.73		25,523.15
Miscellaneous items	679,873.28	600,938.08		78,935.20
Post-Office Department—				
Salaries and expenses	858,586.43	902,914.82	44,328.39	
Deficiency in postal revenues	9,300,000.00	11,149,206.13	1,849,206.13	
Mail transportation, Pacific railways	1,560,430.17	1,569,153.38	8,723.21	
Department of Agriculture—				
Salaries and expenses	1,977,498.73	2,176,530.38	199,031.65	
Weather Bureau	928,170.58	848,949.64		79,220.94
Department of Labor—				
Salaries and expenses	163,945.34	170,698.76	6,753.42	

Increase in ordinary expenditures for 1897—Continued.

Object.	1896.	1897.	Increase.	Decrease.
Department of Justice—				
Salaries and expenses	$303,242.64	$317,675.06	$14,432.42	
Salaries of justices, assistant attorneys, etc	1,124,805.82	1,091,139.35		$33,666.47
Fees and expenses of marshals	1,651,737.94	1,592,188.32		59,549.62
Fees of witnesses	1,611,161.91	1,099,167.26		511,994.65
Fees of district attorneys	451,970.81	101,355.67		350,615.14
Fees of jurors	688,215.79	572,540.39		115,675.40
Fees of clerks	404,440.98	296,977.98		107,463.00
Fees of commissioners	407,274.31	241,177.79		166,096.52
Support of prisoners	731,099.78	557,264.25		173,835.53
Pay of bailiffs	230,272.84	98,893.34		131,379.50
Judgments, United States courts	35,325.77	10,027.47		25,298.30
Territorial courts in Utah	51,114.89			51,114.89
Protecting property in hands of receivers	34,390.10	15,945.82		18,444.28
Miscellaneous items	451,188.97	668,119.63	216,930.66	
District of Columbia—				
Salaries and expenses	6,369,362.98	6,508,539.34	139,176.36	
		95,968,325.72	12,117,946.56	
Less repayment to Pacific Railroad sinking funds		5,567,057.90	5,567,057.90	
Total Civil Establishment	87,216,234.62	90,401,267.82	6,550,888.66	3,365,855.46
MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT.				
Pay Department	14,290,427.41	13,723,532.36		566,895.05
Subsistence Department	1,488,287.11	1,406,430.12		81,856.99
Quartermaster's Department	7,310,916.20	6,720,465.60		590,450.60
Medical Department	317,784.49	790,628.25	472,843.76	
Ordnance Department	4,605,865.50	7,702,888.08	3,097,022.58	
Engineer's Department	189,499.26	375,383.93	185,884.67	
Signal Service	17,016.72	22,043.16	5,026.44	
Military Academy	183,173.16	234,974.80	51,801.64	
Improving harbors	5,519,234.33	4,769,797.75		749,436.58
Improving rivers	12,585,142.11	8,912,906.06		3,672,236.05
Military posts	390,204.26	352,947.33		37,256.93
Records of the Rebellion	152,472.73	95,344.89		57,127.84
National Home for Disabled Soldiers	2,365,880.95	2,330,801.20		35,079.75
State homes for disabled soldiers	767,300.47	723,466.81		43,833.66
Support of Soldiers' Home	129,329.52	126,593.09		2,736.43
Soldiers' Home, permanent fund	111,618.80	104,782.80		6,836.00
Soldiers' Home, interest account	80,604.66	81,266.44	661.78	
Miscellaneous items	326,163.21	476,015.22	149,852.01	
Total Military Establishment	50,830,920.89	48,950,267.89	3,963,092.88	5,843,745.88
NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT.				
Increase of the Navy	9,453,002.77	14,539,911.36	5,086,908.59	
Bureau of Yards and Docks	1,912,041.26	1,575,829.90		336,211.36
Bureau of Equipment	1,272,701.53	1,455,594.46	182,892.93	
Bureau of Navigation	163,345.08	168,002.80	4,657.72	
Bureau of Construction and Repair	1,167,980.24	2,292,056.16	1,124,075.92	
Bureau of Ordnance	571,641.06	887,139.00	315,497.94	
Bureau of Steam Engineering	858,101.52	1,130,229.12	272,127.60	
Bureau of Supplies and Accounts	1,632,469.41	1,971,560.31	339,090.90	
Bureau of Medicine and Surgery	259,578.94	311,329.48	51,750.54	
Marine Corps	957,507.01	1,053,676.64	96,169.63	
Naval Academy	197,135.06	273,759.45	76,624.39	
Pay of the Navy	8,293,173.16	8,311,599.35	18,426.19	
Miscellaneous items	409,055.34	590,858.26	181,802.92	
Total Naval Establishment	27,147,732.38	34,561,546.29	7,750,025.27	336,211.36
Indian Service	12,165,528.28	13,016,802.46	851,274.18	
Pensions	139,434,000.98	141,053,164.63	1,619,163.65	
Interest on the public debt	35,385,028.93	37,791,110.48	2,406,081.55	
Grand total	352,179,446.08	365,774,159.57	23,140,526.19	9,545,812.70
Net increase			13,594,713.49	

Fiscal year 1898.

The revenues of the Government for the current fiscal year are thus estimated upon the basis of existing laws:

From customs	$165, 000, 000. 00
From internal revenue	156, 000, 000. 00
From miscellaneous sources	24, 000, 000. 00
From postal service	96, 227, 076. 68
Total estimated revenues	441, 227, 076. 68

The expenditures for the same period are estimated as follows:

For the civil establishment	$88, 000, 000. 00
For the military establishment	60, 000, 000. 00
For the naval establishment	32, 000, 000. 00
For the Indian service	11, 000, 000. 00
For pensions	146, 000, 000. 00
For interest on the public debt	36, 000, 000. 00
For postal service	96, 227, 076. 68
Total estimated expenditures	469, 227, 076. 68
Or a deficit of	28, 000, 000. 00

Fiscal year 1899.

It is estimated that upon the basis of existing laws the revenues of the Government for the fiscal year 1899 will be:

From customs	$200, 000, 000. 00
From internal revenue	165, 000, 000. 00
From miscellaneous sources	25, 000, 000. 00
From postal service	92, 874, 647. 37
Total estimated revenues	482, 874, 647. 37

The estimates of appropriations required for the same period, as submitted by the several Executive Departments and offices, are as follows:

Legislative establishment		$4, 465, 532. 05
Executive establishment—		
Executive proper	$232, 620. 00	
State Department	163, 640. 00	
Treasury Department	8, 242, 869. 60	
War Department	1, 638, 641. 00	
Navy Department	495, 560. 00	
Interior Department	5, 091, 894. 00	
Post-Office Department	921, 480. 00	
Department of Agriculture	2, 835, 350. 00	
Department of Justice	180, 900. 00	
Department of Labor	222, 530. 00	
		20, 025, 484. 60
Judicial establishment		687, 620. 00
Foreign intercourse		1, 850, 428. 76
Military establishment		24, 620, 043. 99
Naval establishment		29, 929, 539. 55
Indian affairs		7, 375, 617. 08
Pensions		141, 257, 750. 00
Public works—		
Legislative	$6, 305. 00	
Treasury Department	5, 792, 582. 60	

Public Works—*Continued.*		
War Department	$65,400,409.81	
Navy Department	1,989,087.00	
Interior Department	115,250.00	
Department of Justice	60,500.00	
		$73,364,134.41
Miscellaneous—		
Legislative	3,602,938.17	
Treasury Department	12,708,271.15	
War Department	5,307,776.00	
Interior Department	2,233,390.40	
Department of Justice	5,130,012.00	
District of Columbia	6,205,015.06	
		35,187,402.78
Postal service, including $6,048,112.63 deficiency in postal revenues		98,922,760.00
Permanent annual appropriations—		
Interest on the public debt	$34,800,000.00	
Refunding—customs, internal revenue, etc	5,860,000.00	
Collecting revenue from customs	5,500,000.00	
Miscellaneous	20,676,220.00	
		66,836,220.00
Total estimated appropriations, exclusive of sinking fund		504,522,533.22
Or an estimated deficit of		21,647,885.85

OPERATIONS OF THE TREASURY.

The Treasurer of the United States reports that the total available assets of the Treasury were $855,685,321.70 at the opening of the fiscal year and $874,764,377.23 at the close. Of these sums, $308,354,348.70 was available on June 30, 1896, and $283,295,424.23 on June 30, 1897, for the strictly fiscal operations of the Government, while $547,330,973 was held at the former date and $591,468,953 at the latter, on deposit against outstanding certificates and Treasury notes.

In addition to the net ordinary revenues, the Treasury received $15,448,970 in deposits for the retirement of national bank notes and $3,250 in refunding certificates for conversion into bonds, so that the total income available for the fiscal operations of the year was $363,173,925.16. As against this there was disbursed, besides the ordinary expenditures, the sum of $11,378,502 on account of bonds and fractional currency, and the further sum of $11,092,355.50 in the retirement of national bank notes, making a total of $388,245,017.07. The net loss of available cash arising from these operations was therefore $25,071,091.91.

In the issue of paper currency the operations of the year, which amounted to $374,848,000, were exceeded in any like period but once, in 1892, and then by only a narrow margin. The redemptions, amounting to $330,710,020, were also relatively heavy. The presentation of national bank notes for redemption increased to such proportions as to overtax the capacity of the force employed in counting and assorting, and required considerable advances to be made out of the general funds of the Treasury. By an increase of the force, however, the arrearage of work was brought up before the close of the year.

The accumulations of gold in the Treasury have been steadily increasing during the past four months and the tendency is toward a still further advance. The net gold at the close of the last fiscal year amounted to $140,790,738, and has increased since then to $157,113,988 on November 30.

COINS AND COINAGE.

The report of the Director of the Mint shows operations of the mints and assay offices during the fiscal year 1897, together with statistics of foreign countries relative to production, coinage, and the monetary condition of each.

Deposits.

The value of the gold deposited at the mints and assay offices during the fiscal year 1897 was $129,105,500.53. Of this amount, $87,003,337.71 were original deposits and $42,102,162.82 redeposits.

The original deposits were classified as follows:

Domestic bullion	$60,618,239.77
Mutilated and uncurrent domestic coin	1,015,314.41
Foreign bullion and coin	22,559,534.87
Old plate and jewelry	2,810,248.66

The coinage value of silver bullion received during the year was $9,725,022.26. Of this amount, $9,470,623.36 were original deposits and the remainder, $254,398.90, redeposits.

The original deposits were classified as follows:

Domestic bullion	$5,061,799.16
Uncurrent domestic coin	2,856,020.04
Foreign material	940,272.08
Old plate and jewelry	612,532.08

Purchases.

The purchases of silver bullion for subsidiary silver coinage, under the provisions of section 3526, Revised Statutes of the United States, aggregated 259,248.60 fine ounces, costing $171,455.42.

Recoinage.

The face value of uncurrent domestic gold coin received at the mints and assay offices was $1,025,121. Of this amount, $623,751 was transferred from the Treasury for recoinage, and the remainder, $401,370, was deposited by individuals, the total coinage value of which was $1,015,314.41.

Coinage.

The coinage executed during the year was as follows:

Gold	$71,646,705.00
Silver dollars	21,203,701.00
Subsidiary silver	3,124,085.65
Minor	984,509.59

The silver dollars coined were from silver bullion on hand purchased under the act of July 14, 1890.

The total coinage of silver dollars from bullion purchased under the act of July 14, 1890, from August 13, 1890, when the law took effect, to July 1, 1897, has been 68,748,477 pieces, containing 53,172,650.18 ounces of fine silver, costing $51,532,154.13, giving a seigniorage of $17,216,-322.87.

Of the subsidiary silver coinage, $3,042,489.80 were coined from uncurrent silver coin transferred from the Treasury for recoinage, and $81,595.85 from bullion purchased under the provisions of section 3526, Revised Statutes, for the subsidiary silver coinage. On the latter the seigniorage was $42,322.74.

Coinage of silver coin.

The Director of the Mint is of the opinion that a much larger volume of fractional silver coin could be placed in active circulation if the Secretary of the Treasury were authorized to use any silver bullion now in the Treasury for the coinage of such denominations of fractional silver coin as might be required from time to time by the public in different sections of the country, and he also suggests and recommends that authority be obtained from Congress authorizing the recoinage of worn and uncurrent fractional silver coin now lying useless in the Treasury, and that hereafter such coin, as fast as received in the Treasury, be recoined, the Treasurer of the United States to be reimbursed for the difference between the face value of such coin and what it would produce in new coin, from any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Foreign gold coins.

It is recommended that section 3545 of the Revised Statutes of the United States be amended so as to admit of large importations of foreign gold coin being received at the mints and assay office at New York, and not melted, but held as bullion, at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, and when the Treasury is called upon to furnish gold for exportation, such coins be made to supply the demand as far as may be deemed advisable.

Silver balances.

The balance of silver bullion on hand at the mints for the coinage of silver dollars and subsidiary silver coins, November 1, 1897, was:

ITEMS.	Fine ounces.	Cost.
Purchased under act of July 14, 1890	114,881,548.30	$103,842,389.26
For subsidiary silver coinage	1,698,082.99	2,075,268.12
At United States assay office, New York, for payment of deposits in fine bars	545,743.48	538,289.06
Total	117,125,374.77	$106,455,946.44

Seigniorage.

Including the balances on hand at the mints, July 1, 1878, the *net* seigniorage on the coinage of silver from that date to June 30, 1897, was $84,822,821.70.

Minor coinage.

Of the minor coins manufactured during the year, $586,063.06 were from new material, and $398,446.53 from old and uncurrent minor coins transferred from the Treasury for recoinage. There were also transferred from the Treasury to the mint at Philadelphia $80,825 in minor coins for reissue. The total amount of minor coins outstanding July 1, 1897, was $26,160,739.90.

Bars manufactured.

The value of the gold and silver bars manufactured at the mints and assay offices during the fiscal year was:

Gold	$54,511,109.82
Silver	6,598,751.30
Total	61,109,861.12

Wastage.

It is recommended that section 3542 of the Revised Statutes of the United States be so amended as to reduce the amount allowed for wastage of the precious metals, in the case of the melter and refiner, to one-half thousandth of the amount of gold and one-thousandth of the amount of silver; and, in the case of the coiner, to one-quarter thousandth of the amount of gold, and one-half thousandth of the amount of silver delivered to each during the year. This would reduce the amount that is at present permissible to allow, under the law, by one-half, which would be ample to cover any legitimate loss liable to occur in the manipulation of the precious metals.

Discontinuance of the mints at New Orleans, La., and Carson, Nev.

The Director in his report recommends the discontinuance of the mints at New Orleans, La., and Carson, Nev., and that these institutions be conducted hereafter as assay offices and the business confined to the receipt and payment of deposits of gold bullion, such bullion to be transferred from time to time to the mints at Philadelphia and San Francisco for conversion into coin.

Silver quotations.

The highest quotation for silver, 0.925, in the London market during the year was 31½ pence, equal to $0.69051 per ounce, fine, United States money; the lowest quotation for the year was 27½ pence, equal to

$0.60357. The average quotation for the year was $29\frac{9}{16}$ pence, equal to $0.64794 per ounce, fine.

At the average price of silver for the year, the commercial ratio between gold and silver was 1 to 31.94; at the average price of silver for the year $1 would purchase 741.65 grains, equivalent to 1.54 ounces.

Imports and exports.

The net imports of gold were $44,609,841, as against $78,904,612 net exports for the previous fiscal year.

The net exports of silver were $32,636,835, as against $33,262,258 for the fiscal year 1896.

Product of gold and silver.

The product of gold and silver in the United States for the calendar year 1896 was, gold, $53,088,000; silver, coining value, $76,069,236.

The commercial value of the silver at the average price per ounce ($0.674) was $39,655,000.

Industrial arts.

The value of the precious metals employed in the industrial arts in the United States during the calendar year 1896 was:

Gold	$11,395,934
Silver	10,204,273

Metallic stock in the United States.

The stock of gold and silver in the United States on July 1, 1897, is estimated to have been:

Gold	$696,270,542
Silver	634,509,781
Total	1,330,780,323

World's stock of money.

The total metallic stock and uncovered paper of the world, compiled from the latest reports, is estimated to have been on January 1, 1897:

Gold	$4,359,600,000
Full legal tender silver	3,615,800,000
Limited tender silver	652,500,000
Total metallic stock	8,627,900,000
Uncovered paper	2,565,800,000
Total	11,193,700,000

World's production of gold and silver.

The world's product of gold and silver for the calendar year 1896 was:

Gold	$202,956,000
Silver (commercial value)	111,278,000
Silver (coining value)	213,463,700

World's coinage.

The coinage of gold and silver by the various countries of the world, so far as reported, was:

Gold	$195,899,517
Silver	153,395,740

The Director of the Mint in his report reviews the decline of silver since 1873, and attributes the decline to the great increase in production.

The recommendations of the Director of the Mint for reducing the amounts to be allowed the operative officers of the mints for wastage by one-half, in regard to the increased coinage of fractional silver coin, the holding of foreign gold coin without melting to meet the demand for export, and that the mints at New Orleans, La., and Carson, Nev., be conducted as assay offices only, are approved.

ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

The operations of the Bureau having charge of this work continue to be economically conducted. The cost of the work for the fiscal year under consideration shows a reduction as compared with the previous year, which is equivalent to a saving for the year of $65,672.01.

Attention is called to the method of making appropriations for the work of this Bureau under which a part only of the cost of its work is provided for by direct appropriations of Congress, the remaining portions being obtained by rendering bills against other appropriations.

The largest items of work thus provided for are the Treasury notes of 1890, and the postage stamps. This method of providing funds for conducting the operations of this Bureau leads to considerable embarrassment in the work of the Department. This was notably the case during the last fiscal year, when the business of the Treasurer's office required 1,000,000 sheets of small denominations of silver certificates in excess of the number of sheets provided for by the direct appropriations for the Bureau, and which the Bureau was consequently unable to furnish, although it had ample facilities for printing them, and could have delivered a like quantity of Treasury notes from the permanent appropriation for that purpose. These notes, however, were unavailable for use in the business of the Treasurer's office. Relief was sought to be had by submitting an item for insertion in the deficiency appropriation bill providing for the transfer of a sufficient amount of money from the appropriation for Treasury notes to the appropriations for the Bureau to print 1,000,000 sheets of silver certificates. This step was ineffectual, however, for the reason that the deficiency bill failed in the closing days of Congress. It would, in my judgment, facilitate the business of the Bureau to make provision for the entire expenses of its work by direct appropriations.

The urgent need of a substantial brick outbuilding for this Bureau, to take the place of the temporary wooden sheds now used, has heretofore

been called to the attention of Congress; but the conditions are growing so serious that I desire to emphasize the necessity for an appropriation for this purpose in the strongest possible terms. One of these buildings, in which some valuable laundry machinery is operated, was seriously damaged by fire some years since, and its supports are now in a condition which renders it unsafe for use and a menace to the lives of the men who are employed in it.

PUBLIC MONEYS.

The monetary transactions of the Government have been conducted through the Treasurer of the United States, 9 subtreasury officers, and 167 national-bank depositaries. The number of such depositaries on June 30, 1897, was 165, and the amount of public moneys held by them on that date, including those to the credit of the Treasurer's general account and United States disbursing officers, was $15,958,733.82, a decrease since June 30, 1896, in number of depositaries of 3, and an increase in amount of holdings of $403,133.05.

NATIONAL BANKS.

From the date of the organization of the first national bank under Congressional authority on June 20, 1863, to the close of the year ended October 31, 1897, 5,095 national banks were organized. Of this number, 1,126 went into voluntary liquidation, and 352 were placed in the charge of receivers, leaving in active operation on the date above mentioned 3,617. While 44 associations were organized during the year, the decrease by voluntary liquidations and failures has resulted in a net decrease during the year of 62 associations. The number of liquidations was 71 and the number of failures 38.

The authorized capital stock of the banks in operation is $638,015,295. The total circulation outstanding aggregates $230,131,005, of which $203,925,680 is secured by bond deposit, and $26,205,325 by lawful money on deposit with the Treasurer United States, on account of liquidating and insolvent associations and those which are reducing their circulation. The net decrease in circulation secured by bonds as compared with the amount so secured on October 31, 1896, is $12,584,334, and the gross decrease in total circulation $4,851,292.

During the year 44 national banks, with $4,420,000 capital stock, were chartered. Nine of these new institutions are located in Pennsylvania, five in Illinois, three each in New York, Texas, Ohio, Indiana, Iowa, Indian Territory, and one each in New Hampshire, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Minnesota, Missouri, North Dakota, Oklahoma, and California. Geographically the number of banks and capital are distributed as follows: New England States, two banks, capital $100,000; Eastern States, fourteen banks, capital $760,000; Southern States, six banks, capital $1,445,000; Middle

States, sixteen banks, capital $1,815,000; Western States, five banks, capital $250,000, and Pacific States, one bank, capital $50,000.

From July 12, 1882, the date of the act providing for the extension of the corporate existence of national banks, up to October 31, 1897, 1,650 associations, with aggregate capital of $405,386,115, have been extended. In point of number of associations, New York leads with 236, followed by Massachusetts, 229; Pennsylvania, 205; Ohio, 114; Illinois, 100, and Connecticut, 75. In the other States the number of extensions ranges from 63 in Maine to 1 each in Florida, Idaho, New Mexico, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, and Wyoming.

The number of associations the corporate existence of which was extended during the year was 17, their capital $2,139,000, and circulation $722,700. During the coming year the existence of 23 banks will expire. These associations are capitalized in the sum of $2,679,000, and their United States bond deposit and circulation are $1,147,750 and $1,032,975, respectively. The chartered existence of 1,099 associations will end during the ten-year period between October 31, 1898 and 1907. The capital of these associations is $161,228,150.

Seventy-one national banks, with capital aggregating $9,659,000, were placed in voluntary liquidation during the year, and thirty-eight, capitalized for $5,851,500, failed, necessitating the appointment of receivers.

The abstract of the stock reports, made on the first Monday of July, 1897, shows 6,337,114 as the number of shares at a par of $100 each issued by the associations, of which 5,464,037 are held by residents of the State in which the banks are located, and 873,077 by nonresidents. Of these shares, 5,698,822 are held by natural persons, including 1,418,542 held by women and 21,729 by residents of foreign countries. The number of shares owned by corporations is 638,292; the number of shareholders, 281,225, of which 270,149 are natural persons, including 101,944 women.

The total resources of 3,610 banks, as shown by their last reports, October 5, 1897, were $3,705,133,707.71, an increase during the year of $441,448,393.88. The loans and discounts of the banks increased, between October 6, 1896, and October 5, 1897, $174,417,721.87, and their holdings of specie and other lawful money increased from $343,143,362.47 to $388,882,631.05, that is, $45,739,268.58. The reduction of the number of banks reporting has resulted in the reduction of capital stock and circulation outstanding to the extent of $17,052,230, and $11,023,350, respectively.

The capital of the banks on October 5 last was $631,488,095, and their circulation, $198,920,670. Individual deposits of the banks have increased $255,458,069.77 since October 6, 1896, amounting on October 5, 1897, to $1,853,349,128.50. The geographical distribution of the banks and their capital, as shown by the October 5 reports, are as follows:

Geographical distribution of banks and their capital.

Geographical divisions.	No. of banks.	Capital.
New England States	587	$159,186,720
Eastern States	955	195,055,675
Southern States	545	66,863,500
Middle States	1,044	160,018,100
Western States	355	32,564,100
Pacific States	124	17,800,000
United States	3,610	631,488,095

Statements of their resources and liabilities have been obtained from 5,088 financial institutions incorporated under State authority, which have been supplemented by returns from 759 private banks and bankers, a total of 5,847, and an increase over the prior year of 132. Their resources aggregate $4,258,677,065; loans, $2,231,031,262, and deposits, $3,324,254,807. By consolidating these amounts with similar returns from national banks the aggregate resources of all reporting banks in the country is shown to be $7,822,085,119; loans, $4,197,904,763, and deposits, $5,111,126,229.

The Comptroller of the Currency incorporates in his report data obtained in respect of foreign commercial institutions, postal and other savings banks. The banking power of the United States, exclusive of savings banks, is stated to represent over 30 per cent of the banking power of the world, and the deposits of savings banks in this country amount to about 28 per cent of similar liabilities of the world's savings institutions.

LOANS AND CURRENCY.

There has been no material change in the interest-bearing debt of the United States since the last annual report. On November 1, 1896, the amount of unmatured bonds outstanding was $847,318,200, and the amount July 1, 1897, was $847,320,000. This small increase of $1,800 occurred in the 4 per cent loan of 1907, and was caused by the issue of bonds in settlement of accumulated interest on refunding certificates of the act of February 26, 1879. The amount of these certificates outstanding at the close of the last fiscal year was $45,130, all of the denomination of ten dollars, and the interest due thereon was $32,044.90. There is no provision under the law for the redemption of these certificates except by their conversion, in sums of $50 and multiples thereof, into bonds of the 4 per cent loan of 1907; nor is there any provision for the payment of accrued interest except upon the surrender of the certificates for such conversion. The original issue amounted to $40,012,750, and the small remainder is, no doubt, principally held in sums less than $50, the owners of which are debarred from realizing except by sales to dealers in securities at such prices as they may be disposed to pay. To enable these holders to obtain redemption of their certificates and payment of accrued interest thereon direct from the Government, and to put an end to the small annual increase in the amount of the 4 per cent loan of 1907, it is recommended that Congress limit the time within

which such certificates may be converted into bonds, and it is suggested that January 1, 1899, would be an acceptable date. It is also recommended that the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized to redeem any of such certificates in cash on presentation, and to pay the accrued interest thereon to date of redemption.

The changes in the amounts of the several kinds of money in the United States, outside the Treasury between November 1, 1896, and November 1, 1897, are shown in the following table. The estimated population of the United States November 1, 1896, was 71,902,000, and the per capita supply of money outside the Treasury was $22.63. The estimated population and per capita supply of money November 1, 1897, were 73,461,000 and $23.23, respectively.

Money outside the Treasury.

	Nov. 1, 1896.	Nov. 1, 1897.	Decrease.	Increase.
Gold coin	$516,340,979	$539,273,953		$22,932,974
Standard silver dollars	58,190,802	60,196,778		2,005,976
Subsidiary silver	61,171,736	63,432,929		2,261,193
Gold certificates	38,197,309	36,814,109	$1,383,200	
Silver certificates	357,777,122	372,838,919		15,061,797
Treasury notes, act July 14, 1890	83,959,764	101,759,955		17,800,191
United States notes	256,950,326	258,996,998		2,046,672
Currency certificates, act June 8, 1872	32,465,000	48,285,000		15,820,000
National bank notes	222,002,576	225,134,263		3,131,687
Totals	1,627,055,614	1,706,732,904	1,383,200	81,060,490
Net increase				79,677,290

FOREIGN COMMERCE.

The following table, prepared in the Bureau of Statistics of this Department, exhibits the principal features of the trade returns for the fiscal year 1897:

	1896.	1897.	+, increase; —, decrease.
Imports:			
Merchandise: Free	$369,757,470	$381,938,243	+$12,180,773
Dutiable	409,967,204	382,792,169	—27,175,035
Total	779,724,674	764,730,412	—14,994,262
Per cent dutiable	52.6	50.1	
Gold	33,525,065	85,014,780	+51,489,715
Silver	28,777,186	30,533,227	+1,756,041
Exports:			
Merchandise: Domestic	863,200,487	1,032,007,603	+168,807,116
Foreign	19,406,451	18,985,953	—420,498
Total	882,606,938	1,050,993,556	+168,386,618
Gold	112,409,947	40,361,580	—72,048,367
Silver	60,541,670	61,946,638	+1,404,968
Imports for consumption	759,694,084	789,251,030	+29,556,946
Duties paid	157,013,506	172,760,361	+15,746,855
Ad valorem duties:			
On dutiable per cent	40.18	42.41	
On free and dutiable do	20.67	21.89	
Tonnage: Entered in the foreign trade tons	20,987,046	23,760,250	+2,773,204
Cleared in the foreign trade do	21,300,843	23,808,797	+2,507,954

The value of exports of domestic merchandise again shows a most gratifying increase over 1896, and exceeds, by more than $16,275,000, the highest returns in the commercial experience of the United States. For the second time the aggregate of exports passes the $1,000,000,000 mark and makes a new record. An analysis of these exports, according to sources of production, and compared with the exports of 1892, heretofore the banner year of exports, will prove of interest as certain evidence that the United States is attaining a more important share in the demand of the neutral markets of the world for manufactured products.

Products of—	1892.		1897.	
		Per cent.		*Per cent.*
Agriculture	$799,328,232	78.69	$683,471,139	66.23
Manufactures	158,510,937	15.61	277,285,391	26.87
Mining	20,692,885	2.04	20,804,573	2.01
Forest	27,957,423	2.75	40,489,321	3.92
Fisheries	5,403,587	.53	6,477,951	.63
Miscellaneous	3,838,947	.38	3,479,228	.34
Total	1,015,732,011		1,032,007,603	

It may also be noted that the exports of silver again give an increased value over the exports of 1896, in the face of a decline in the market price of that metal. Silver must now be counted among the most important of the articles of export, exceeding the value of the total exports of iron and steel, and being double the value of the export of copper bars and ingots.

The value of imports in 1897 was only $14,994,262 less than in 1896, a result due to heavy importations of free and dutiable articles, like wool and sugar, in anticipation of the new tariff law. A comparison of imports by groups in the two years 1896 and 1897 will indicate in what descriptions of merchandise the changes in movement have occurred:

Groups.	1896.		1897.	
		Per cent.		*Per cent.*
Articles of food and live animals	$237,025,045	30.40	$245,166,179	32.06
Articles in a crude condition for domestic industry	209,368,717	26.85	214,904,329	28.10
Articles manufactured—				
For mechanic arts	94,733,719	12.15	87,173,512	11.40
For consumption	145,274,039	18.63	134,375,126	17.58
Articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc	93,323,154	11.97	83,111,266	10.86
Total imports of merchandise	779,724,674		764,730,412	

The full details of this movement of our foreign commerce will be found in the "Commerce and Navigation of the United States," prepared in the Bureau of Statistics of this Department.

The foreign commerce of the United States for the first four months

of the current fiscal year, compared with that for the corresponding months of 1896, has been as follows:

	Four months ended October 30—		
	1896.	1897.	+, increase; —, decrease.
Imports:			
Merchandise: Free	$91,288,716	$96,868,157	+$5,579,441
Dutiable	111,611,335	89,058,946	—12,552,389
Total	202,900,051	185,927,103	—6,972,948
Per cent of dutiable	55.0	47.9	
Gold	68,498,302	22,155,964	—46,342,338
Silver	9,289,739	12,117,116	+2,827,377
Exports:			
Merchandise: Domestic	328,080,558	362,147,711	+34,067,153
Foreign	6,885,921	6,066,632	—819,289
Total	334,966,479	368,214,343	+33,247,864
Gold	14,365,542	7,901,635	—6,463,907
Silver	21,749,115	19,678,061	—2,071,054
Tonnage: Entered in the foreign trade.....tons...	8,615,059	8,907,281	+292,222
Cleared in the foreign trade.....do.....	8,664,203	8,812,039	+147,836

REORGANIZATION OF CUSTOMS DISTRICTS.

For the expenses of collecting the revenue from customs there is available the sum of $5,500,000 per annum "in addition to such sums as may be received from fines, penalties, and forfeitures connected with customs, and from fees paid into the Treasury by customs officers, and from storage, cartage, drayage, labor, and services," according to the act of March 3, 1871 (section 3687, Revised Statutes). The total receipts from such fines, penalties, forfeitures, etc., which could be credited to the customs appropriation were $1,366,890.47 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1871, while in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, they amounted to only $626,306.01, so that the sum available for the maintenance of the customs service in the last fiscal year was $740,584.46 less than twenty-six years ago. In that period the establishment of new customs ports and districts, the natural increase in customs business on the northern and southwestern frontiers and the Pacific Coast, and the detection and prevention of smuggling from contiguous foreign territory with increasing population and means of communication, have called for increased expenditure. To meet this, deficiency appropriations have been necessary, and in the last fiscal year, to diminish the deficiency as much as possible, radical reductions were made in the expenses of the customs service at various points by the arbitrary scaling down of the compensation of faithful subordinate officers not fixed by law. As the last Congress made an additional appropriation to reimburse the officers so reduced, no saving was in fact effected by such reductions.

At this time an increase in the appropriation for the expense of collecting the customs revenue is not asked for, but the attention of Congress is invited to the urgent necessity for reorganizing the customs

districts and regulating and equalizing the rates of compensation fixed by law. The present organization of the customs districts on the Atlantic Coast was the result of legislation that immediately followed the establishment of our Government. All that has since been done in this direction is patchwork. Many customs districts and ports that were of importance in the year 1800 are to-day without foreign commerce, and their continued existence is unnecessary, while the expense unavoidably incurred in their maintenance deprives commerce of its just share of customs service elsewhere. In 96 customs districts and independent ports the cost of collection in the last fiscal year exceeded 25 per cent of the amounts collected, and in a number of them the expenses exceeded the receipts. In many of these districts substantially the only business is the documenting of American vessels. This work could readily be done at very much less expense by stationing deputy collectors at such points to receive expired documents of vessels, and to deliver new documents to be issued from custom houses at more important points.

In addition, many of the customs offices now provided for by law could be abolished, to the great advantage of the Service, and the compensation of others now fixed by act of Congress should be reduced, in the interest of uniformity, equity, and economy.

Congress is respectfully urged to give consideration either to such a bill as the Department is prepared to suggest, providing for the detailed reorganization of customs districts and the regulation of rates of compensation to be paid to chief officers of customs, or to enact a brief measure giving the Secretary of the Treasury the authority, in his discretion, to consolidate with contiguous districts customs districts in which the expense of collection shall, in any fiscal year, exceed 25 per centum of the amount collected, and to discontinue the offices thereby made unnecessary.

OPERATION OF THE TARIFF OF 1897, AND CUSTOMS ADMINISTRATION.

The tariff act of July 24, 1897, entitled "An act to provide revenue for the Government and to encourage the industries of the United States," has not been in force long enough to determine fully its merits, but it is confidently believed that when in full operation it will afford ample revenue for the ordinary needs of the Government, while adequately protecting our manufacturing and agricultural interests.

Owing to the heavy importations which were made in anticipation of the passage of the measure the customs revenues received during the first three months of the operation of the act have been diminished, and are not an indication of the revenue which the law will produce when importations are normal.

Our home industries have already felt the stimulating effect of the law.

Steps have been taken to fully advise other Governments of the pro-

visions relating to reciprocal trade, and a commissioner has been appointed to assist in the negotiation of treaties under sections 3 and 4 of the act.

The complete enforcement of the provisions of section 5, relating to the exaction of countervailing duties equal to any direct or indirect bounty or grant paid or bestowed by any foreign country upon the exportation of its products, has been delayed by the difficulty of obtaining positive information regarding such grants or bounties. This Department, with the cooperation of the Department of State, is using every means for ascertaining the facts, and whenever such bounty or grant is believed to exist, a tentative deposit of countervailing duty has been required.

The Board of General Appraisers reports that the following figures would indicate that there will be fewer protests and less litigation under the new tariff act than under its predecessor.

Number of protests received first sixty days:

Under Act of August 28, 1894	2,896
Under Act of July 24, 1897	730

With the view of securing a better administration of the Customs Administrative Act of June 10, 1890, I have so divided the work of the General Appraisers that four of them will give their whole attention to appeals on questions of classification arising under section 14 of the act, and four of them to reappraisements arising under section 13. The president and chief executive officer of the Board will act on both classification and reappraisement cases. From those General Appraisers who are assigned to classification cases, one board of three has been created, as provided in the act. Heretofore there have been two such boards. It is believed that with one board greater uniformity in the decisions will be obtained.

Included among the sections of the tariff act of August 28, 1894, which were repealed by the act of July 24, 1897, was section 23, providing for the licensing of custom-house brokers. I earnestly recommend the reenactment of the section referred to, because it confers upon the Secretary proper supervision over the conduct and proceedings of such persons. A large part of the customs business of the country is placed in the hands of brokers, and it is essential to the interest of the revenue and to the security of importers that no persons shall be allowed to act in such capacity who are not responsible and trustworthy. At present the Secretary is without authority over the proceedings of such brokers, whereas, under the section repealed, he could deprive any unfit person of the right to carry on the business. In fact, more than one occasion occurred while this section was in force for the exercise of his authority in this respect.

Section 23 of the Customs Administrative Act permits, under certain conditions, the abandonment by importers of all or any portion, not

less than 10 per cent, of the merchandise included in any invoice. This abandonment often leaves in the hands of the collector a mass of material, such as decayed fruit and vegetable matter, which he is compelled to remove at the expense of the Government. I recommend that the section be so amended as to compel importers to deliver abandoned merchandise at such points as the collector of the port of entry may direct.

Under the provisions of the act of March 2, 1897, to prevent the importation of impure and unwholesome tea, a board of experts was carefully selected and standard samples were established on the recommendation of the board. A large quantity of inferior and unwholesome tea has been condemned by comparison with the standards, and it is evident that the law will accomplish the purpose for which it was framed. All complaints of unfairness have been carefully investigated, and the regulations under the law have been amended whenever expeperience has demonstrated the propriety of a change. As at present enforced, the law protects the consumer without interfering with legitimate importations.

A table[1] will be included in the final edition of this report giving a detailed statement of cases in which penal duties have been remitted and where remissions have been denied by the Department from November 12, 1896, to October 31, 1897, under the provisions of sections 5292 and 5293 of the Revised Statutes as amended by sections 17, 18, and 19 of the act of June 22, 1874. The remissions amounted in the aggregate to $183,757.60.

The penalties, the remission of which were denied, amounted to $97,017.15.

The penalties remitted since July 24, 1897, the date of the passage of the new tariff act, were all incurred prior to that date.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

The receipts from the several objects of taxation under the internal-revenue laws for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1896 and 1897, were as follows:

Objects of taxation.	Fiscal years ended June 30—		Increase.	Decrease.
	1896.	1897.		
Distilled spirits	$80,670,070.77	$82,008,542.92	$1,338,472.15	
Manufactured tobacco	30,711,629.11	30,710,297.42		$1,331.69
Fermented liquors	33,784,235.26	32,472,162.07		1,312,073.19
Oleomargarine	1,219,432.46	1,034,129.60		185,302.86
Filled cheese		18,992.38	18,992.38	
Banks and bankers	134.85	85.38		49.47
Miscellaneous collections	445,113.21	375,383.70		69,729.51
Total	146,830,615.66	146,619,593.47		211,022.19

[1] See P and Q, pp. CXLI, CXLV.

The receipts from all sources of internal revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, were	$146,619,593.47
The receipts from the same sources for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, were	146,830,615.66
The decrease for the fiscal year just ended being	211,022.19
The total cost of collection for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, was	3,848,469.49
The total cost of collection for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, was	4,086,292.47
The decrease in the cost of collection for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, was	237,822.98

The amounts above stated are the receipts actually collected during the fiscal years mentioned, but in many cases the money collected on the last day of June is not deposited until the 1st day of July, thus causing a discrepancy between the collections and deposits for the year.

A detailed statement of the receipts and expenditures will be found in the report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

The percentage cost of collection for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, was 2.62 per cent, as against 2.78 per cent for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896.

The total production of distilled spirits, exclusive of fruit brandies, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, was 62,465,648 taxable gallons; the total production for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, was 86,588,703 taxable gallons, showing a decrease in production for the fiscal year just ended of 24,123,055 gallons.

There were also produced during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, 298,921 gallons of apple brandy, 17,251 gallons of peach brandy, 1,495,686 gallons of grape brandy, 590 gallons of pear brandy, 93 gallons of orange brandy, 113 gallons of berry brandy, and 773 gallons of prune brandy, making a total production of 1,813,427 gallons from fruits during the year.

A further comparison of the two fiscal years shows a decrease of 920,269 gallons in the production of apple brandy, a decrease of 45,786 gallons in the production of peach brandy, and a decrease of 625,939 gallons in the production of grape brandy for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, a decrease of 1,591,994 gallons produced from apples, peaches, and grapes, and an aggregate decrease of 1,590,425 gallons produced from fruits as compared with the previous fiscal year.

The quantity of distilled spirits gauged for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, was 246,096,921 gallons; the quantity gauged for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, was 269,334,762 gallons, making a decrease in the quantity gauged for the fiscal year just ended of 23,237,841 gallons.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, 3,158 distilleries of all kinds were operated; for the preceding fiscal year 6,187 distilleries of all kinds were operated, a comparison showing a decrease of 3,029 in the number of distilleries operated for the fiscal year just ended.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, there were produced 34,462,822 barrels of beer;[1] the number of barrels produced during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, was 35,859,250, making a decreased production for the fiscal year just ended of 1,396,428 barrels.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, the total receipts from the taxes on tobacco, cigars, cigarettes, snuff, etc., were $30,710,297.42.

The receipts from the same sources for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, were $30,711,629.11, showing a decrease of $1,331.69 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897.

SEAL FISHERIES.

During the sealing season of 1897 the American sealing fleet consisted of 15 vessels, as opposed to 28 vessels in 1896, while the British Columbian fleet comprised 41 vessels, as contrasted with 66 vessels in 1896. The combined fleets took, during 1897, from the seal herd frequenting the Pribilof Islands 24,332 seals, while during the preceding season they secured from the same herd 43,917 skins.

In 1897, 3 American and 25 British schooners engaged in sealing in that portion of Bering Sea covered by the Paris award, their catch amounting to 16,464 skins. During the preceding year 13 American and 54 British vessels took 29,500 seals in Bering Sea.

During 1897 a catch of 7,858 seals was made off the coasts of the United States and British Columbia by 13 American and 32 British vessels, while off the same coasts in 1896, 13 American and 27 British vessels took 14,417 seals.

From the report of my predecessor it appears that the land catch on the Pribilof Islands during the sealing season of 1896 was fixed at 30,000, a quota twice as large as was allowed for the year 1895, for the reason that the decrease in the number of breeding females due to pelagic sealing left an undue proportion in the number of males, and that this surplus, in his opinion, could safely be killed without destroying the proper proportions of the sexes on the rookeries. The entire quota of 30,000 was taken on the islands during that season.

In 1897, however, the agent in charge of the islands was instructed that a maximum number of 25,000 might be taken on the islands, provided an examination of the condition of the rookeries by scientific experts justified the taking of that number. From the report of the agent in charge of the islands, just received, covering the season just closed, it would appear that, even by the most strenuous efforts and an unusual number of drives, the maximum number of 25,000 skins could not be obtained, and that but 20,885 skins were secured. The report further states that, by reason of the great decrease of females on the rookeries, the excess of full-grown and vigorous bulls present there is so considerable as to interfere materially with the process of breeding. To remedy this evil, the agent recommends the killing of a number of

[1] Includes 39,728 barrels removed from breweries for export free of tax.

surplus breeding bulls, a class of seals the skins of which are practically valueless, and which has hitherto been left undisturbed on the islands.

The natural deduction from the figures above given must be that the seals composing the so-called Pribilof Islands herd are rapidly decreasing. Aside from the decreased catch of the sealing fleets, that fact would seem to be demonstrated by the circumstance that during 1897 the sealing fleet was much smaller than in 1896.

The act making appropriation for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year 1897 contained an appropriation of $25,000 for continuing the scientific investigation of the fur-seal fisheries of the North Pacific Ocean and Bering Sea, commenced under authority of public resolution of June 8, 1896. This act also made applicable during the fiscal year 1897 the provisions of the resolution above referred to.

Dr. David Starr Jordan, president of Stanford University, who, the year previous, was at the head of the commission for the scientific investigation of the fur-seal fisheries, continued the investigation during the year 1897. Dr. Leonhard Stejneger and Mr. F. A. Lucas, of the National Museum, who were also members of the former commission, were again detailed by the President to assist in the work. Mr. Joseph Murray, who, during the preceding year, was a member of the commission as an assistant to Dr. Jordan, was present on the islands this summer as special Treasury agent in charge of the Seal Islands. In addition to the foregoing, Mr. George A. Clark acted in the capacity of secretary to the commission, and several students of Stanford University were taken as assistants in the work of branding seals, etc. The British Government, also, with the consent of this Government, sent Prof. D'Arcy W. Thompson and Mr. James M. Macoun to the islands to continue the investigations of seal life commenced by them during the year 1896. Dr. Stejneger spent the summer on the Russian Commander Islands and in Japan, and has not yet returned to Washington. The remainder of the party spent the greater portion of the summer on the Pribilof Islands.

The work of the commission was largely taken up this year in verifying the conclusions arrived at previously with regard to the causes leading to the diminution of the seals, and to the conditions of seal life in general, preparatory to the submission of their final report. Renewed experiments were made, also, in the branding of female pup seals, several thousands being successfully branded in such a manner as to totally destroy the skins from a commercial standpoint, while in nowise injuring the health or vitality of the animal.

The final report of the commission, it is expected, will be submitted during the ensuing winter.

SALMON FISHERIES OF ALASKA.

During the last fiscal year one inspector of fisheries and two assistant inspectors were appointed under authority of the act of June 9, 1896. From their reports it appears that these officers visited and inspected

as many salmon canneries in Alaska as was possible with the limited means of transportation at hand, and notified the canners to remove such traps and obstructions as existed in violation of law. From the statistics submitted with the above reports, it appears that the supply of salmon in Alaska is still plentiful, and, under proper supervision by the Government, will so continue. This supervision can not be maintained, however, with the limited means provided for this purpose. The salmon inspector in Alaska not only has not the means of enforcing the salmon laws, but in many cases, owing to the meager facilities for traveling in that Territory, is dependent for transportation from one cannery to another upon the courtesy of the canners themselves. As long as this situation continues the efforts of the salmon inspectors to correct the evils resulting from close competition in the salmon-canning industry in Alaska will be practically nugatory. It may be possible, however, to assign a revenue cutter to assist in enforcing the law. This will afford the inspectors better means of transportation.

It has been suggested that some amendments should be made to the present salmon fisheries laws, and among others that each packing company should have the exclusive right to take salmon in the streams adjacent to which it stands and along the beaches on each side of the mouth of the stream, under a lease for a term of years, subject to revocation by the Secretary of the Treasury. I am now having this whole matter carefully investigated, and may have some further recommendations to submit to Congress on the subject.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Work has been prosecuted during the past year on 54 buildings, including extensions and repairs specially appropriated for, of which 21 buildings have been completed, thus placing under the control of the construction branch of this Department 384 buildings, classified as follows:

Completed and occupied buildings at date of last report	317	
Destroyed by fire, and to be deducted from this number, Ellis Island Immigration Station, which is considered below, in buildings not yet commenced	1	
		316
Completed and occupied during the year		21
In course of construction during the year	54	
Less buildings occupied and completed, as above	21	
		33
Buildings the work on which has not yet commenced		17
		387

To be deducted from this number for the following reasons:

Bridgeport, Conn., post office, extension to building, included in completed and occupied buildings above, and also included in buildings not yet commenced	1	
Little Rock, Ark., courthouse, post office, etc., extension, included in buildings completed and occupied, and also in buildings in course of erection	1	
Los Angeles, Cal., courthouse, post office, etc., alterations to present building, included in buildings completed and occupied, and also in buildings completed during the past year	1	
		3
		384

The following statement shows the amount expended upon public buildings during the year ending September 30, 1897:

For sites and construction of new public buildings	$3,508,243.01
For repairs and preservation of public buildings	217,598.20
For heating apparatus for public buildings	140,076.59
For vaults, safes, and locks for public buildings	37,105.65
For plans for public buildings	2,771.60
Total	3,905,795.05

The necessity for the erection of a suitable fireproof building for the safe-keeping of the records and official papers of the several Departments has for a long time been palpable and urgent. By act of Congress, approved June 11, 1896, the Secretary of the Treasury was directed, after a conference with other officers, to report as to the suitability of a designated site for a hall of records. The need for such a building is imperative. Attention is therefore invited to a communication addressed under date of January 7, 1897, by the Secretary of the Treasury to the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Nothing has since developed to modify or change the conditions as then stated, and it is urged that legislation be enacted extending the powers of the Secretary of the Treasury and making such an appropriation as may be necessary to pursue the inquiry further.

Plans showing the general scheme and project are now being prepared and will be submitted.

For a number of years the question of improving the architecture of Federal buildings has received serious consideration at the hands of those best qualified to judge in such matters, and this desire at last found expression in the act of Congress, approved February 20, 1893, which provides, in brief, that the Secretary of the Treasury may, in his discretion, obtain designs, plans, and specifications for the public buildings erected under his supervision by competition among members of the architectural profession at large.

After careful consideration of the subject, it was determined to enforce the act referred to, under certain prescribed regulations, the preparation of which was found to be difficult, because none of the administrative statutes which govern the erection of public buildings were repealed by the act of February 20, 1893. Most of the difficulties, however, were finally overcome, and the necessary regulations were approved July 3, 1897. At this date two buildings, the United States courthouse and post office building at Norfolk, Va., and the new immigrant station at Ellis Island, New York, have been placed under competition, as provided by law and the regulations, with satisfactory results thus far.

This procedure being without precedent in governmental construction, it is probable that further working tests of the law may reveal defects

in its administrative features; and should such contingencies arise, Congress will be requested to pass such remedial legislation as may be necessary.

The character and greatness of a nation may be fairly judged by its public structures, and with this conviction the best efforts will be devoted to securing the highest expression of good architecture in the buildings which are to symbolize the greatness of the Government which erects them.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

The net expenditures on account of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year 1897 were $6,508,539.34. The net revenues deposited in the Treasury on this account for the same period were $3,597,790.87.

Under the operations of the sinking funds the net reduction of the bonded debt during the year was $557,300, and of the annual interest charge $19,885.

The acts of the legislative assembly of the District of Columbia authorizing the issue of the 7 per cent water-stock bonds provided that not less than $15,000 should be set apart annually for their gradual redemption.

On July 1, 1878, when the Treasurer of the United States assumed the duties of the late sinking fund commissioners, the amount of these bonds outstanding was $423,000, requiring annually $29,610 for interest and $15,000 to be set apart for a sinking fund, aggregating for both purposes $44,610. This amount has been annually appropriated since that time, to be paid wholly from the revenues of the water department. By the operations of this sinking fund these bonds have been retired to the amount of $80,000, leaving outstanding $343,000, maturing as follows: $329,000 due October 1, 1901, and $14,000 due July 1, 1903. In addition to the water-stock bonds retired, there have been purchased with this sinking fund other bonds of the District, amounting to $309,450. There are sufficient funds uninvested to purchase $33,550 additional bonds of the old funded debt, making a total of $343,000 to be redeemed by the sinking fund for those obligations. This sum equals the amount of the water-stock bonds outstanding.

The interest accumulations on the bonds of the old funded debt retired with this sinking fund are available to pay interest on the water-stock bonds. The estimated amount accruing during the fiscal year 1898 is $17,389.87, while the total amount required for interest is $24,010. The difference between these sums—$6,620.13—is all that is required to be appropriated from the water fund for the fiscal year 1898.

Under the authority contained in the District appropriation act approved March 3, 1897, the balance remaining on the 1st day of July, 1897, of the principal of the debt incurred for increasing the water

supply was paid in full, making the total payments on account of the principal $1,167,907.76, and for interest thereon $254,135.69.

As Congress, by the act of August 13, 1894, otherwise provided for the redemption of the 8 per cent. greenback bonds, to the payment of which special taxes were pledged, the Treasurer renews the recommendation, that Congress be asked to authorize him to deliver to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia the tax-lien certificates now held by him as security for the payment of those taxes, in order that they may apply all moneys hereafter derived therefrom to the payment of the outstanding drawback certificates, as contemplated by the act of Congress approved June 19, 1878, providing for their issue.

Detailed information in regard to the affairs of the District of Columbia will be found in the report to be submitted by the District Commissioners and by the Treasurer of the United States, ex-officio Commissioner of the sinking fund of the District.

IMMIGRATION.

Immigration to the United States during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, shows a decrease of 112,435 from the arrivals for the preceding fiscal year, and was the smallest in volume since the subject has been under Federal supervision, where it was placed by the act of August 3, 1882. In fact, it is the smallest of any fiscal year since 1879, during which year 177,826 were reported to have arrived. During the year now reported 230,832 persons arrived, of whom 228,952 were permitted to land and 1,880 were debarred and deported in accordance with law. Of those deported, 328 belonged to the class known as alien contract laborers, and 1,289 were returned as belonging to the classes of aliens prohibited from admission under the act approved March 3, 1891. In addition, 263 persons, who had become public charges within one year from arrival, were returned either at the expense of the steamship line by which they were brought or at the expense of the immigrant fund.

The number of immigrants who fell into temporary distress within one year after landing was 1,424. These unfortunates were relieved, and their maintenance and hospital charges paid, from the immigrant fund.

The heavy decrease in immigration is attributed largely to recent restrictive legislation. The Commissioner-General in his report shows that the annual average for the period 1884 to 1893, inclusive, was 472,063. After the legislation of 1891 and 1893 became effective the annual average in the period 1894 to 1897, inclusive, fell to 279,566. Some other causes are also reported as reasons for decreased immigration, such as the influence on immigration which other countries are exercising by means of bounties and land grants.

The amount of money brought into the country by immigrants can

not be accurately given, owing to the fact that they are not required to disclose any sum in excess of $30. The reports of the Service, however, show that during the year immigrants exhibited to the inspectors sums which aggregated $3,541,241.

For statistical purposes the question of illiteracy has been taken up in the Immigration Service. The Commissioner-General reports a marked improvement in this respect over those who came in 1895 and 1896.

The number of Japanese to arrive during the fiscal year was 1,296, as compared with 1,110 for the preceding year. These immigrants were reported to be intelligent, thrifty, possessed of small sums of money, and most of them desired to engage in agricultural pursuits.

The number of European and Asiatic immigrants destined for the United States entering the ports of Canada and British Columbia was 10,646, which was an increase of 1,725 over the arrivals by the same routes during the preceding year. Statistics have been prepared relating to movement to and from the United States of citizens of Canada and Mexico. From the observation of immigration officials it appears that there is a constant movement of persons from these contiguous countries along the frontiers. They find temporary employment ranging from a few days to some months, some even making daily trips to perform services in the United States. The subject has caused much irritation between citizens of Canada and the United States along the border.

The importation of contract laborers having decreased, the services of inspectors at some of the less important stations have been discontinued.

Near the close of the fiscal year the Immigration Service suffered a loss by the destruction of the well-equipped immigrant station at Ellis Island. Valuable improvements had but recently been completed. The cost of building the station up to time of the fire approximated $750,000. The Barge Office, formerly an immigrant station, was immediately utilized for the reception of immigrants. It will continue to be so used until the station at Ellis Island is rebuilt. The Service has also been under the necessity of renting several buildings in the vicinity of the Barge Office to be fitted up for detention apartments, hospital, and other purposes. The annual rental of these buildings amounts to $12,000.

The receipts for the immigrant fund during the year were $317,170.31 and the expenditures $359,327.83, leaving a deficit of $42,157.52. The general balance to the credit of the fund at the close of the fiscal year 1896 was $276,193.42. The deficit for 1897 reduced this balance to $234,035.90. New buildings were erected on Ellis Island during the year, at a cost of $36,560.12. The addition of 2.79 acres to the area of Ellis Island during the year was the most valuable improvement made,

and cost $19,882. It will afford a large space upon which to construct new buildings.

Of the appropriation of $100,000 for the enforcement of the alien contract labor laws there remained an unexpended balance of $4,833.83.

The total immigration for the first four months of the present fiscal year was 70,342, as against 81,507 for the same period of the last fiscal year, showing a decrease of 11,165.

CHINESE EXCLUSION.

During the last fiscal year 5,880 Chinese persons alleged to be of the exempt class applied for admission. Of this number, 5,478 were admitted and 402 were rejected. In addition, 1,819 Chinese laborers were allowed the privilege of transit through the United States, the railways transporting them being required to produce proof of their departure from this country. During the same period, 1,651 Chinese laborers left the United States with the intention of returning thereto, a privilege which is accorded to persons of that class by the treaty between the United States and China. The number of Chinese arrested was 1,088, of which number 227 were deported, 810 discharged, and the cases remaining were pending at the close of the last fiscal year.

To enforce the provisions of the exclusion laws inspectors are employed and stationed at ports on the frontier and seaboard where the Chinese usually seek admission to this country.

Many difficulties have arisen in the enforcement of this law, particularly on the northern frontier, where Chinese are constantly applying for admission to this country, claiming to have been born here. Upon being refused admission by the collector they bring their cases before United States commissioners and are usually discharged. The testimony submitted is invariably that of Chinese persons. In many instances it is not practicable to controvert the testimony of Chinese witnesses, and in many cases testimony only can be obtained by the applicants. The record of vital statistics at places in this country where Chinese claim to have been born is either not kept or fails to furnish evidence upon which officers of this Department may demand the rejection of the applicants.

It would seem from the difficulties which are encountered in the enforcement of the exclusion laws that further legislation on the subject should be had.

MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE.

The Marine-Hospital Service has entered upon the centennial year of its existence, having been established in 1798.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, the total number of patients treated at the hospitals and dispensaries of this Service was

54,477, of which number 12,154 were treated in hospital and 42,323 as out-patients.

Professional aid was given to other branches of the Government Service, as follows: To the Life-Saving Service, Steamboat-Inspection Service, Revenue-Cutter Service, and the Immigration Service.

The total available amount of the Marine-Hospital fund during the year 1897 was $794,071.10; expenditures were $538,356.68, leaving a balance on hand of $255,714.42.

There was a balance of the appropriation for the prevention of the spread of epidemic diseases at the end of the fiscal year of $474,674.86, but in the operations of the Service in connection with the prevalence of the yellow fever in the South this balance will be materially reduced.

Special attention has been given during the year to investigations of the great epidemic diseases of cholera, smallpox, plague, and yellow fever. The Surgeon-General calls attention to the fact that the appearance of cholera in Japan and China is now a matter of greater moment to the United States than at any previous time, owing to the rapid growth of commerce between those countries and the Pacific Coast. The prevalence of the bubonic plague in the Eastern Hemisphere has also for the same reason afforded a new problem for our health authorities. During the year in addition to the investigation of the ports of China and Japan by a regular officer of the Service, inspectors were stationed at Rio de Janeiro, Habana, Santiago de Cuba, Colon and Panama, and in Yokohama, Japan.

Leprosy has been the subject of special investigation. The Surgeon-General recommends, in view of the fact that our knowledge of the prevalence of the disease in the United States is fragmentary and unsatisfactory, although it is positively known that the number afflicted is not inconsiderable, that definite knowledge as to its prevalence and the sanitary measures adopted by State and municipal authorities be obtained through investigation by the Marine-Hospital Service; the result of this investigation to be made known to Congress, with such recommendations as may be deemed proper concerning the establishment of a national leper sanitarium. It is proposed to pay the necessary expenses of the investigation from the epidemic fund.

Attention is called to the continued menace to the United States caused by the yellow fever in Cuba. The Surgeon-General believes that the investigation now being made will show that the recent epidemic of yellow fever in the South may be traced to Cuba as its source.

The recent epidemic of yellow fever.

August 20, members of the State board of health of Louisiana visited Ocean Springs to investigate the nature of a fever which had been prevailing there some time, about 400 cases having been reported. Three days later they declared the disease dengue. September 4, the disease was declared to be yellow fever by Passed Assistant Surgeon Wasdin,

together with the State health officer of Alabama and the chairman of the city board of health of Mobile. The disease soon thereafter appeared in New Orleans and Mobile and several of the smaller cities upon the Gulf Coast, and the southern half of the State of Mississippi; later, in Montgomery, Selma, Flomaton, and several minor places in Alabama; in Galveston and Houston, Texas, and in Memphis, Tennessee. The total number of cases officially reported to November 10 was 4,198, and the total number of deaths 423. The disease was widely prevalent in the city of New Orleans, the report being 1,722 cases with 244 deaths to November 10. So energetic were the measures taken in many of the places where the disease appeared that but few cases were developed, and the mortality was light.

The operations of the Marine-Hospital Service were conducted by experienced officers placed in charge of specified districts, who, in turn, employed medical and other assistants and used all possible means to suppress and prevent the spread of the disease. Infected localities were isolated as far as possible; trains leaving infected districts were under medical supervision; mails, baggage, and freight were disinfected, and three detention camps were erected and conducted by the Service—one for Mobile, at Mount Vernon Barracks; another for the Gulf Coast, at Fontainebleau, Mississippi, and the third one at Avondale, in Louisiana. Sanitary experts were also employed to report on suspected cases and to keep the Bureau informed. Inspection stations were established for vessels going up the Mississippi River from New Orleans, and the efforts to prevent the infection of the Mississippi Valley were successful.

The Surgeon-General states that there is little doubt but that the work that was done had a marked effect in controlling the spread of the disease and in preventing a much more extensive epidemic. The disease has now almost disappeared, and measures are being taken to carry out a system of post-epidemic disinfection of rooms and houses where the fever has prevailed.

By direction of the President, two skilled bacteriologists of the Service have been specially detailed to investigate in the city of Habana the cause of yellow fever, and it is intended to retain them in that city for the length of time necessary to obtain practical results.

National quarantine stations.

The Surgeon-General reports that the eleven national quarantine stations have been efficiently conducted throughout the year. Infected vessels have been received at all of the stations, and their treatment has been conducted without undue detention.

National quarantine law.

The Surgeon-General reports the necessity for a strictly national quarantine law, to which attention has been called in previous reports. In

his report for 1896, there were shown the unequal benefits and at the same time the danger involved in the operations of the present quarantine law, that of February 15, 1893, which permits State and local quarantines to be conducted under their own rules and regulations, provided, in the opinion of the Secretary, additional rules and regulations are not required. The Surgeon-General maintains that the national quarantine regulations should be made paramount. He states that under the provision of the law which requires him to aid in the execution and enforcement of State and local quarantine regulations claim has frequently been made by local authorities that this is the chief intent of the law, and that however absurd and unnecessary local quarantine regulations may be, the Marine-Hospital Service is bound to aid in the enforcement of them. He recommends that the law of 1893 be amended, so that its effect shall be to make national quarantine regulations paramount and to prevent interference with their enforcement by any State or local legislation. This feature of the law should apply to both maritime and interstate quarantine. Its necessity with regard to maritime quarantine has been amply demonstrated, as shown in previous annual reports. With regard to interstate quarantine, its necessity has been forcibly revealed during the recent epidemic of yellow fever in the South, when local quarantine authorities placed restrictions which not only paralyzed commerce, but prevented the exercise of their full duties by the officers of the Government in their efforts to prevent the disease spreading from one section to another. It is suggested that the law should be so framed that it will be within the province of the Secretary of the Treasury promptly to establish a quarantine station without regard to the State or local quarantine at whatever points and at any time that he may deem it necessary for the public safety to take such action.

Hygienic laboratory.

The Surgeon-General calls attention to the necessity for enlarging the laboratory and providing a separate building for the same. I concur in his recommendation that an appropriation of $25,000 be made for this purpose.

I also concur in the recommendation that a commission of medical officers of the Marine-Hospital Service be authorized by act of Congress to investigate the sources of pollution of streams and other water supplies of towns and cities where pollution affects the people of more than one State.

REVENUE CUTTER SERVICE.

The value of this arm of the public service has never been more manifest than during the past year. With its old and badly adapted class of vessels it has efficiently covered in its varied work the entire coast line

of the United States—Atlantic, Gulf, Pacific, Bering Sea, and Arctic Alaska.

There have been in commission throughout the year 36 vessels, embracing 21 cruisers and 15 vessels detailed on harbor duty and inland waters.

In the active patrol of the Sea, Gulf, and Lake coast, the vessels of the Service have cruised an aggregate of 300,762 nautical miles, boarded and examined 18,549 vessels of the merchant marine, and reported to proper authority for various violations of law 536 of them, incurring penalties in the sum of $149,007.20.

During the year, 82 vessels in actual distress, with 623 persons on board, were assisted, the value of the vessels and cargoes amounting to $1,208,306.

During the year 70 lives have been saved. Of this number 28 were rescued from the water and saved from drowning. Of the remaining 42, 19 were saved from vessels, the total loss of which was averted by the presence of a cutter; 8 were rescued from the ship *Nevarch* by the *Bear* in the Arctic Ocean, 7 from the schooner *Hueneme*, wrecked on Unimak Island, Alaska, and 8 more from the desert shore of Montague Island, Alaska. Both of the latter rescues were effected by the *Grant*.

Cuba.

The prevailing insurrection in the island of Cuba and attempts to send expeditions from the United States in violation of the neutrality laws have caused the maintenance upon the Florida coast of a number of vessels. These vessels have thwarted many attempts to violate the laws. The most recent capture was made by the *McLane*, Lieut. W. E. Reynolds, R. C. S., commanding, off Indian Key, Florida, when, on June 20 last, the tug *Dauntless* was seized in the act of leaving our coast with 175 rifles, 300,000 rounds of ammunition, medical supplies, and 27 men on board, and taken to Key West, where the expedition was turned over to the civil authorities.

Vessels on this duty have cruised to June 30, 75,768 miles.

Two vessels of the Service, the *Colfax* and *Boutwell*, were placed, by order of the President (under the provisions of section 2757, Revised Statutes), in cooperation with the Navy, for the enforcement of the neutrality laws, and so remained from April 8 until May 31, 1897, when they were released by executive order from the control of the Navy Department and returned to the Treasury Department.

Bering Sea patrol.

The close of the present marks the third season of the exclusive patrol of the North Pacific and Bering Sea by vessels of the Revenue Cutter Service, for the enforcement of the provisions of the act of Congress, approved April 6, 1894, and a supplementary act approved June 5,

1894, and the President's proclamations issued April 9, 1894, and April 14, 1896.

The following vessels were assigned to this duty by the President: The *Grant*, Capt. F. M. Munger; the *Perry*, Capt. M. L. Phillips; the *Corwin*, Capt. W. J. Herring, and the *Rush*, Capt. W. H. Roberts.

Capt. C. L. Hooper was assigned to command the fleet, with headquarters at Unalaska. The fleet cruised actively from the opening of the season until September 19.

The able discharge of the duties entrusted to Captain Hooper, as commander of the fleet, supplemented by the vigorous execution of the work allotted by him to each of the commanders, has resulted in a thoroughly successful season's work. The fleet cruised over 48,093 nautical miles, boarded and examined 194 vessels, of which 26 were engaged in fur-sealing, 22 British and 4 American; and they were boarded by the several vessels of the fleet 74 times in the aggregate, and the boarding officers counted and scrutinized 20,130 seal skins.

Vessels.

Of the new vessels authorized for the Service, the *Gresham* has been in commission on the lakes since May last, the *Golden Gate* at San Francisco since June last. The *Manning* is fitting out at Boston for service on the New England coast, and the *McCulloch* is being put in readiness for her voyage to San Francisco, and will sail for that port on or about December 15, next.

Two other vessels for service on the Great Lakes are in course of construction at Cleveland, Ohio, and good progress is being made upon them. A contract for the construction of a vessel for the New York station, which was authorized at the extra session of the Fifty-fifth Congress, has been awarded.

The following vessels should be condemned and sold just as soon as it is possible to replace them:

The *Seward:* This vessel was constructed in 1873; is a wooden side-wheeler; now, after twenty-four years' service, is practically worn out, unseaworthy, and not worth extensive repairs; cost originally $34,600, and since for repairs $26,588.

The *McLane:* This vessel was acquired from the Navy in 1865, after serving as a gunboat during the war. It is an iron side-wheel vessel, of obsolete type, has been thirty-two years in the Revenue Cutter Service; cost originally $36,000, and for repairs since $113,275. The vessel is not worth extensive repairs.

The *Colfax:* This vessel was constructed in 1871, is of iron sheathed with wood, twenty-six years old and a side wheeler; cost originally $65,500, and since for repairs $87,000. The hull is very tender and can not be properly repaired without practically rebuilding, and it is not worth any considerable outlay.

The *Boutwell:* This vessel was built in 1873, and owing to bad design

is not now, and never was, a seaworthy vessel. It is a twin-screw boat, very slow, and unfit for the work of a revenue cutter; cost originally $70,000, and since for repairs $49,840.

The *Washington* and *Chandler* are both small tugs, acquired from the Navy in 1865, in which they did service during the war. Both are wooden vessels, have been in the Revenue Cutter Service thirty-two years. They cost originally, the *Washington* $7,000, and the *Chandler* $6,500, and for repairs since $35,732 and $34,537, respectively.

The *Hamlin:* This vessel was constructed in 1866, is a small wooden tug, and has been actively in service for thirty-one years. It is past repairing; cost originally $15,500, and for repairs since $13,046.

There should be provided a vessel for service on the Columbia River, Washington, and nearby waters. The Columbia River Bar is widely known to be dangerous, and a vessel should be constructed with special reference to service in those waters.

I recommend that five cruising vessels and at least three vessels for harbor service be provided. These vessels would take the place of those worn out in service and no longer worth extensive repairs.

Personnel.

The personnel of the Revenue Cutter Service is composed, when the grades are full, of 144 line and 78 engineer officers (total 222) on the active list, 15 line and 20 engineer officers (total 35) on the permanent waiting orders (or retired) list, and when all vessels, building and other, are in commission about 1,000 enlisted persons of all grades or rates.

Under the act approved March 2, 1895, thirty-nine officers were placed upon the permanent waiting orders, or retired list, four of whom have since died. The relief thus afforded by Congress has proved of great benefit to the Service by opening the lists to the advancement by promotion of younger and more physically able men to the higher and more responsible grades.

But only those who were physically disqualified by reason of the infirmities of age and other causes incident to and incurred in line of duty at the date of the passage of the act were retired under its provisions. The purpose of the law having been carried out, there is not now any legal means of relief for the Service in this regard, nor can there be short of additional legislation. If this is not enacted, it will be but a short time before the Service will be again badly crippled, as it was before the law of 1895 went into effect.

I am reminded that my predecessors in their annual reports, for 1872, 1873, 1876, 1881, 1895, and 1896, have urged upon Congress the necessity of making provision for the retirement of the old and otherwise worn-out officers of the Cutter Service.

My immediate predecessor in his last annual report said on this subject:

"In my last annual report I took occasion to say:

"'There is no branch of the public service which, in a time of peace, requires such continuous, laborious, and hazardous service as this, nor is there any other branch in which the compensation is so inadequate in comparison with the character and extent of the work performed. The duties imposed upon the officers engaged in this service often subject them to great exposure and hardship, and require the exercise of a high order of skill and discretion, and it is, therefore, of the first importance that the mental and physical qualifications of the force should not be impaired by the retention of old, infirm, or othewise disabled members. The simple power, which now exists, to place an officer on "waiting orders," but with no authority to fill his place on the active list by promotion, is not sufficient to preserve the efficiency of the Service, and unless further legislation is granted the injurious effects of the present system will soon be severely felt.

"'Very great benefits have resulted from the act approved March 2, 1895, under the provisions of which 39 officers were retired from active service because of the infirmities of age and physical disabilities incurred in the line of duty. But the enactment referred to provided for those only who were incapacitated at the date of the approval of the act, and, therefore, under the law as it now stands, should an officer become disabled his place can not be filled by promotion, but he must be continued on the active list, no matter what may be the necessities of the service, and thus the original condition of things, the retention on the list of the officers physically disqualified, must be soon restored.

"'There is now upon the Calendar of the House, Senate bill 1461, the provisions of which meet my cordial approval, and I earnestly recommend that it be enacted into law at the earliest practicable date.'"

I fully concur in the above, and recommend the enactment into law of Senate bill No. 620, now pending on the calendar of that body.

Attention is invited to a measure of justice and equity which should be extended to officers of the grade of chief engineer in the Revenue Cutter Service. Engineer officers enter the Service as assistant engineers, and, under normal conditions, serve from twenty to twenty-five years before reaching promotion to the final grade of chief engineer with a salary of $1,800 per annum, and once there, all promotion and increase of pay cease. I recommend that all officers who have served, or who may hereafter serve, for a period of five years and over as chief engineers, shall receive a salary of $2,100 per annum while on duty, and while on leave or waiting orders of $1,500.

This slight increase of pay will as nearly as possible equalize the compensation of the highest grade of engineer officers with that of the highest grade of the line.

My attention has been called to the necessity of appointing a naval constructor for the Revenue Cutter Service. The need of such an officer appears to be plain. Designing the hulls and preparing plans and specifications for the construction and repair of vessels for the

Service require the skill of an expert, which only a professional can be expected to possess. I therefore recommend that the President be authorized to appoint, with the advice and consent of the Senate, one naval constructor for the Revenue Cutter Service, to have the relative rank and pay of a first lieutenant, R. C. S.

Pensions.

Under the provisions of section 4714, Revised Statutes, the officers and seamen of the Revenue Cutter Service who may be wounded or disabled in the discharge of their duty, "while cooperating with the Navy by order of the President," may be placed upon the navy pension list.

The ordinary duties devolved upon the Revenue Cutter Service are fraught with greater risk of life and limb than that incurred by the army, navy, and marine corps in time of peace, while in time of war they are at least equal, and every argument that applies as a justification for extending this bounty to those services has equal force on behalf of the enlisted men of the Revenue Cutter Service. I therefore recommend that the law, section 4714, Revised Statutes (act of April 18, 1814), be amended to read as follows:

The enlisted men of the Revenue Cutter Service of the United States, who have been or may be wounded or disabled while in the actual discharge of their duties, shall be entitled to be placed upon a pension list, under the same regulations and restrictions as are now provided by law for enlisted men of the Navy.

Alaska.

The large influx of people to Alaska, particularly to the region washed by the Yukon River and the territory adjacent thereto, the large increase of steam and sail commerce and the consequent extension of the customs service in that country, all emphasize the necessity of having a vessel of the Cutter Service ready for duty on the Yukon River next spring to aid in the enforcement of the customs and navigation laws. There is not now at the disposal of this Department a vessel of suitable type or draught of water for the duty indicated; in fact, any vessel drawing more than two and one-half feet of water would be useless on the Yukon River. I therefore urge that an appropriation of $40,000 be made immediately available with which to construct and equip a vessel suitable for the work. The vessel would have to be built in sections, conveyed to St. Michaels, and there set up and equipped. With the known facilities for building this class of vessels on the waters of Puget Sound, one could be made ready, if means be provided, in time for service next spring.

NAVIGATION.

The annual report of the Commissioner of Navigation shows that the total documented tonnage of the United States on June 30, 1897, was

the largest for twenty-one years, except in 1893, and, considering the increase in speed and tonnage of steam vessels, our merchant fleet has never before been so efficient. The total output of our shipyards for the fiscal year is the largest since the year ended June 30, 1891. Our increase in tonnage for the past decade is due to the growth of shipbuilding on the Great Lakes, and this year, for the first time in our history, the lake region has built more tonnage than all the rest of the country.

On June 30, 1897, the merchant marine of the United States, including all kinds of documented shipping, comprised 22,633 vessels, of 4,769,020 gross tons. On June 30, 1896, it comprised 22,908 vessels, of 4,703,880 gross tons. The following table shows the geographical distribution, motive power and material of construction, and trade of vessels of the United States for the fiscal year 1897 compared with the fiscal year 1896, and also the construction for the two years:

Trade of vessels of the United States.

	1896.		1897.	
GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION.	*Number.*	*Gross tons.*	*Number.*	*Gross tons.*
Atlantic and Gulf coasts	16,786	2,667,313	16,592	2,647,796
Pacific coast	1,560	437,972	1,581	439,012
Northern lakes	3,333	1,324,068	3,230	1,410,103
Western rivers	1,229	274,527	1,230	272,109
Total	22,908	4,703,880	22,633	4,769,020
POWER AND MATERIAL.				
Sail:[a]				
Wood	16,244	2,310,819	15,940	2,276,938
Iron and steel	69	85,854	94	133,524
Total	16,313	2,396,673	16,034	2,410,462
Steam:				
Wood	5,707	1,303,095	5,670	1,284,859
Iron and steel	888	1,004,113	929	1,073,699
Total	6,595	2,307,208	6,599	2,358,558
Canal boats	682	75,224	650	73,786
Barges	1,357	393,188	1,480	432,523
Total	2,039	468,412	2,130	506,309
TRADE.				
Registered:				
Steam, iron, and steel	103	226,503	103	222,136
Steam, wood	141	38,379	144	36,337
Sail,[b] wood and iron, and steel	1,013	580,072	983	547,111
Total	1,257	844,954	1,230	805,584
Enrolled and licensed:				
Steam, iron, and steel	785	777,609	826	851,562
Steam, wood	5,566	1,264,716	5,526	1,248,521
Sail,[a] wood and iron, and steel	15,300	1,816,602	15,051	1,863,353
Total	21,651	3,858,927	21,403	3,963,436
CONSTRUCTION DURING THE YEAR.				
Total built and documented	723	227,096	891	232,233
GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION.				
Atlantic and Gulf coasts	418	91,724	609	96,009
Pacific coast	93	10,818	64	7,495
Northern lakes	117	108,782	120	116,937
Western rivers	95	15,772	98	11,792
Total	723	227,096	891	232,233

[a] Including canal boats and barges. [b] Including barges.

Trade of vessels of the United States—Continued.

POWER AND MATERIAL.	1896.		1897.	
	Number.	*Gross tons.*	*Number.*	*Gross tons.*
Sail:				
Wood	364	51,551	327	29,678
Steel	5	13,685	11	34,631
Steam:				
Wood	237	41,640	244	27,917
Iron and steel	49	96,389	44	78,236
Canal boats	13	1,494	70	10,216
Barges:				
Wood	49	19,190	182	40,027
Steel	6	3,147	13	11,528
Total	723	227,096	891	232,233

The receipts from tonnage taxes were $731,769, the largest revenue collected from this source since 1884. The unequal operations of the law by which vessels entering the United States from certain foreign countries and ports are exempt from tonnage tax in return for the exemption of American vessels from tonnage or equivalent taxes in such foreign countries and ports calls for legislative action.

In view of our large expenditures for the benefit of navigation, amounting to about $20,000,000 a year, and of the fact that about 75 per cent of the tonnage engaged in our foreign trade is composed of foreign shipping, Congress may well consider whether there should not be a readjustment of tonnage taxation.

The Commissioner of Navigation invites attention to proposed changes in the laws, especially those relating to the protection and shipment of seamen, allotment of wages, penalties, pilotage, and regulation of sailing vessels, for all of which I ask the thoughtful consideration of Congress.

After six years of discussion and deliberation the revised international rules to prevent collisions at sea, the most important work of the Washington International Marine Conference, have been put into operation by the maritime nations, and the rules to prevent collisions on our tide-water harbors and rivers have been closely assimilated to them.

The satisfaction afforded by examination of the statistics of the growth of our merchant marine must be tempered by the reflection that our tonnage registered for the foreign trade is the lowest in over half a century. The decline has been gradual, and may be attributed in part to natural and in part to legislative causes, operating both at home and abroad. Recovery, too, from the nature of things, must be gradual, and will require the cooperation of natural and legislative conditions. For the establishment of the latter, the passage of a stable law regulating imports has prepared the way, and at its coming session Congress, I venture to hope, will give to the merchant marine the benefit of painstaking investigation and liberal action which have already effected the reconstruction of our Navy. The conditions under which maritime competition must be conducted, the elements of our strength and weakness, and of the strength and weakness of our foreign rivals,

offer no insuperable obstacles to the formulation of a durable policy, through which in time we may regain a share of the foreign carrying trade proportionate to our rank among commercial powers and our national aspirations.

STEAMBOAT-INSPECTION SERVICE.

The personnel of this Service at its close consisted of 175 officers, clerks, and messengers.

The expenses were: For salaries, $285,138.42; contingent expenses, $56,404.39; decrease in contingent expenses from previous year, $11,063.81.

Total number of annual certificates of inspection issued to vessels, foreign and domestic, propelled by steam, gas, fluid, naphtha, or electric motors, was 8,327; number of certificates issued to foreign passenger steam vessels, 305; to domestic vessels, 8,022.

Tonnage of domestic steamers (net), 1,733,258.96; foreign steamers (gross), 1,021,554.28; number of officers licensed, 40,452.

Classification of inspections, tonnage, and officers licensed, according to the several divisions of navigation.

Divisions.	Inspections of steamers.	Net tonnage.	Officers licensed.
Pacific coast	652	208,103.77	3,674
Atlantic coast	3,791	1,481,400.80	17,490
Western rivers	1,016	133,098.88	6,571
Northern lakes	2,249	801,752.63	9,624
Gulf coast	619	130,457.16	3,093
Total	8,327	2,754,813.24	40,452

Increase in number of annual certificates of inspection issued to domestic vessels, over previous fiscal year 30

Increase in number of annual certificates of inspection issued to foreign steamers over previous fiscal year 5

It is estimated that 650,000,000 passengers were carried on steam vessels during the year.

Total number of accidents resulting in loss of life during the year 26

Total number of lives lost by accidents from various causes during the year 183

Decrease in number of lives lost, from previous year 38

Of the number of lives lost as above reported, 46 were passengers and 137 belonged to the crews of the vessels.

Foreign steam vessels inspected and certificated during the year: British, 174; German, 53; French, 18; Norwegian, 14; Dutch, 13; Belgian, 9; Spanish, 6; Nicaraguan, 5; Japanese, 5; Danish, 4; Portuguese, 3; Hawaiian, 1; total, 305, with a total gross tonnage of 1,021,554.28.

Total number of new life-preservers examined 54,907

Found deficient and rejected 160

Number passed 54,747

Total number of color-blind examinations of applicants for master's or pilot's license	1,468
Number rejected	55
Number passed	1,413

Under the act of Congress approved January 22, 1894, 3,742 iron and steel marine boiler plates were tested at the mills, of which 367 were rejected for various defects.

The Supervising Inspector-General renews the following recommendations for legislation: That so much of section 4405, Revised Statutes, be repealed as confers upon the board of supervising inspectors the full powers of a legislative body; that the number of supervising inspectors be reduced from ten to five; that the position of assistant to the Supervising Inspector-General be created by law; that provision be made for the punishment of forgery in the altering of licenses, and for perjury by persons applying for license; and that the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized to divide local inspection districts into two or more such districts, with a board of local inspectors in each, when, in his judgment, the work could thereby be more economically conducted than under the present method.

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY.

The operations in this Service of importance begun, continued, or completed during the year may be enumerated as follows: Completion of the topographic and hydrographic resurvey of Buzzards Bay; continuation of hydrographic surveys and examinations on the coast of Massachusetts; completion of hydrographic surveys in Block Island Sound and off Montauk Point; hydrographic examinations in Marthas Vineyard and Nantucket sounds; topographic survey of Marthas Vineyard; topographic survey of Naushon Island; continuation of the topographic resurvey of the southern shores of Long Island; connection of the Montreal, Canada, longitude station with the primary triangulation of Vermont and New York; determination of the geographical positions of light houses in Narragansett Bay; telegraphic longitude determinations at Albany, N. Y.; Cambridge, Mass., and Montreal, Canada; longitude determinations at Dover, Del., and Washington, D. C.; resurvey of Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries, triangulation, topography, and hydrography; latitude and magnetic determinations in Delaware and Virginia; completion of the main triangulation eastward across the States of Maryland and Delaware to Capes May and Henlopen; laying out of a naval speed trial course in Chesapeake Bay; resurvey of Brunswick Bar, Georgia; hydrographic survey of mouth of Savannah River; geodetic connection of the Atlantic and Gulf coasts of Florida; tidal observations at various points of the Atlantic, Gulf, and Pacific coasts; completion of the primary triangulation of the oblique arc in Alabama;

precise leveling from Vicksburg to Meridian, Miss.; survey of Lake Pontchartrain, Louisiana, triangulation, topography, and hydrography; continuation of the determination of points for State surveys; special survey to determine the value of improvements at the mouth of the Brazos River, Texas; continuation of the transcontinental triangulation, including the measurement of verification bases in Missouri, Kansas, and Utah; continuation of the transcontinental line of precise levels in Kansas; reconnoissance in Nebraska and northern Kansas; magnetic determinations in the central and northwestern States; magnetic determinations in southern and western California; connection of the Los Angeles base line with the primary triangulation of California; continuation of the topographic and hydrographic resurvey of San Francisco Bay and Harbor, with incidental triangulation; continuation of the triangulation and topography of Washington Sound; special examination of the mouth of Coquille River, Oregon; special leveling operations in San Francisco Bay; continuation of general and hydrographic surveys in southeast Alaska; chronométric determinations of longitudes in Alaska, with incidental latitude and magnetic determinations; survey of the Pribilof Islands, Alaska; magnetic and gravity determinations of various points in British North America and Greenland.

Requests from national or state authorities for special surveys or for the detail of officers for special service have been complied with whenever practicable, in accordance with the uniform practice, and the following operations may be mentioned in this connection: Repainting of the buoys of the Long Island speed trial course, at the request of the Navy Department; determination and marking of a new position for the Nantucket South Shoal lightship, at the request of the Light-House Board; laying out and marking of a 24½-mile speed and trial course in Chesapeake Bay, at the request of the Navy Department; laying out of a 1-mile course in San Francisco Bay, at the request of the Navy Department; resurvey of Brunswick Bar, Georgia, for the War Department, in accordance with the provisions of the river and harbor act of June 3, 1896; examination of a portion of the boundary line between Spartanburg and Greenville counties, S. C., at the request of the county commissioners; the hydrographic survey of the mouth of Brazos River, Texas, for the ascertainment of the character and value of the improvements made by the Brazos River Channel and Dock Company, at the request of the Board of Engineers appointed by the Secretary of War in accordance with the provisions of the river and harbor act of June 3, 1896; hydrographic examination in the vicinity of the Port Orchard Naval Station, at the request of the Navy Department.

The assignments of two of the assistants of the Survey to special duty by appointment of the President have been continued, one as a member of the Mississippi River Commission and the other as a member of the International Boundary Commission, organized for the survey and

marking of that portion of the boundary line between the United States and Mexico to the westward of El Paso. The former assignment continued throughout the year and the latter until September 30, when the labors of the Boundary Commission were completed.

Four other assistants were also detailed for short periods on special duty, as follows: One as member of the Board of Engineers to examine and report upon the improvements made at the mouth of the Brazos River, one as a member of the Santa Monica–San Pedro Deep Water Harbor Board, one to accompany the Greenland Exploring Expedition, and one to accompany Prof. H. G. Bryant's Mount St. Elias exploring expedition. In the last two cases all expenses, excepting the salaries of the officers detailed, were paid by those having charge of the expeditions, but copies or originals of all valuable records obtained have been filed in the archives of the Coast and Geodetic Survey. The magnetic and gravity observations made in various parts of British North America and Greenland by the officer accompanying the Greenland expedition will prove of special value to this Survey.

Office of Standard Weights and Measures.

The annual appropriation of $500 for the purchase of material and apparatus and for incidental expenses for this office is inadequate, and recommendation is made for its increase to $2,500. This increase is not intended to be continuous, but to apply only for a single year, to enable the office to procure instruments which are absolutely necessary.

LIGHT-HOUSE SERVICE.

Attention is invited to the pressing necessity for more liberal appropriations to extend and maintain the Light-House Establishment. The estimates made for these purposes are based on the actual present necessities of the Service, as set forth in itemized requisitions made by the light-house district officers, and the appropriations asked for will, if provided, make it possible to keep the Service up to a high standard of efficiency.

The Light-House Board has, during the past year, taken the initiatory steps toward a general and systematic revision of the "characteristics" of aids to navigation under its charge, with a view to such improvements in the system as seem desirable, and as it may be practicable to effect by the substitution of modern apparatus for that now in use. Much of the apparatus now used is not fully up to date or in keeping with the present advanced knowledge of the sciences of light and sound. Improvements by which the power and range of the more important seacoast lights of the first-order shall be increased appear to be especially desirable.

The appropriation made last year with which to pay the salaries of light keepers was for the full amount of the estimate. It is yet too

early in the fiscal year to determine whether the Board, while using the most rigid economy, can make the appropriation last till next June. If this can not be done, the Board will again be forced to ask for an addition to this appropriation in the deficiency bill. The estimate for the coming fiscal year is none too large to meet the increased requirements of the Service. It is commended to the favorable consideration of Congress.

Although the number of fog signals has been constantly increasing, the annual appropriation for the maintenance of these signals has, for a number of years past, been quite inadequate. There will for years to come be a demand for additional lights as well as fog signals in waters where the full commercial development is yet to be reached, but where aids to navigation are approaching completion the improvement now most needed is more effective fog signals. In most localities the larger portion of the accidents to vessels takes place during thick weather, when lights can not be distinguished and when audible signals alone are effective. The conditions are now such that it is impossible properly to maintain the Service and to replace obsolete apparatus and make other urgently needed improvements at existing stations without increased appropriations.

Some of the improvements to fog signals which are greatly needed, and which with sufficient appropriations could now be made, are auxiliary heaters and more efficient quick-steaming boilers for stations using steam signals, to facilitate starting the signal when needed and to give greater economy while in operation; compressed-air apparatus, operated by oil engines, for stations where the water supply is deficient, and an improved striking apparatus to render fog bells more effective. The estimate for expenses of fog signals made by the Light-House Board is considered, under the circumstances, quite conservative, and it is commended to the favorable attention of Congress.

The current appropriation for expenses of buoyage is insufficient to enable the Light-House Board to meet the increasing demands of commerce except in the most sparing manner. The stock of reserve buoys and appendages has been largely depleted by replacing buoys destroyed or disabled by storms, and the Board is without funds to bring the reserve stock up to its standard. Careful estimate has been made as to expenses of buoyage for the coming year, and it is hoped that due appropriation will be made for this purpose.

The work of establishing the various new light and fog signal stations for which Congress has provided has been prosecuted as rapidly as practicable during the year. In several cases protracted delays have resulted from the legal proceedings necessary to obtain titles to the land on which the new stations are to be erected.

The constantly increasing commerce of the seacoast and lake coast ports, of inland rivers, and other waterways and channels, which is encouraged by public works of improvement in these channels and

ports, necessitates a constant increase in the aids to navigation maintained by the Light-House Establishment. The attention of Congress is invited to the special estimates submitted by the Light-House Board for new light and fog signal stations and for other new aids in the various districts.

Estimates are submitted for building five light vessels—one for service on the Atlantic coast, two small inexpensive vessels for use on the Great Lakes, and three relief light vessels, two of them for the Atlantic and one for the Pacific coast. The Light-House Board has also submitted estimates for the building of four new steam tenders. These steamers are indispensable to the Light-House Establishment, enabling it to quickly replace buoys or light ships when they go adrift, to promptly repair light stations, to furnish light-houses with supplies needed to meet an emergency, to make frequent inspections of light-houses and light ships, to keep in constant force the discipline of the Service, and to carry on construction work in exposed localities. The new vessels requested are for important districts, where the vessels now available are inadequate for the Service.

I would also ask favorable consideration by Congress of the recommendations submitted by the Light-House Board, that provision be made for increased clerical force in the Board's office and for more suitable office accommodations in a separate building.

LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

The General Superintendent of the Life-Saving Service reports that the number of disasters within the scope of the Service during the year was 699, being considerably greater than for any preceding year; but the number of vessels totally lost was but 54, against 67 in 1896, and 73 in 1895.

Of the total number of disasters, 394 occurred to documented vessels, and 305 to small, undocumented craft—sailboats, rowboats, etc. On board the documented vessels were 3,739 persons, of whom 3,697 were saved and 42 lost. On board the undocumented vessels there were 706 persons, of whom 695 were saved and 11 lost.

The estimated value of the documented vessels involved was $5,132,485, that of their cargoes, $1,975,340; in all, $7,107,825, of which $5,108,895 was saved and $1,998,930 was lost. The estimated value of property involved in the disasters to the undocumented craft was $221,745, of which amount $182,280 was saved and $39,465 lost. In addition to the number of persons saved from vessels, 74 others were rescued from the peril of drowning under various circumstances.

The aggregate is as follows:

Total number of disasters	699
Total value of property involved	$7,329,570
Total value of property saved	$5,291,175
Total value of property lost	$2,038,395

Total number of persons involved	4,445
Total number of persons lost	53
Total number of shipwrecked persons succored at stations	587
Total number of days' succor afforded	1,082
Number of vessels totally lost	54

The life-saving crews saved and assisted to save during the year 471 vessels, valued with their cargoes at $3,015,040. Of these vessels they saved without assistance 321, valued with their cargoes at $981,355, with a loss or damage of only $7,105. In the remaining 150 instances they united with other agencies, wrecking vessels, tugs, revenue cutters, etc., in saving property valued at $1,941,745 out of property imperiled of an estimated value of $2,033,685.

The crews also rendered minor assistance to 401 vessels in distress, besides warning from danger 212 vessels by night signals and 17 by day signals, in all 229 vessels, thus averting numerous disasters involving unknown loss of life and property.

The total net expenditure for the maintenance of the Service during the year was $1,473,943.34.

At the close of the year the establishment comprised 259 stations, of which 189 were located on the Atlantic and Gulf coasts, 55 on the coasts of the Great Lakes, 14 on the Pacific Coast, and one at the falls of the Ohio, Louisville, Kentucky. Three new stations, located, respectively, at City Point, Boston Harbor (floating station), Wood End, Massachusetts, and Rocky Point, Long Island, New York, were put into commission during the year, and contracts were made for building six new stations, located, respectively, at Damariscove Island, Maine; Salisbury Beach, Massachusetts; Petersons Point, Grays Harbor, Washington; Old Harbor, near Chatham Beach, Massachusetts, and Isle of Wight, north of Ocean City, Maryland. These will probably be completed during the present fiscal year.

Five old inadequate stations, located, respectively, at Cape Disappointment, Washington; Muskeget, Massachusetts; Little Beach, Cape May, and Absecon, New Jersey, were rebuilt, and four, located, respectively, at Dam Neck Mills and False Cape, Virginia, and Oregon Inlet and Caffeys Inlet, North Carolina, are now in process of rebuilding.

Extensive repairs and improvements were also made to several stations in the Sixth and Eleventh districts.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The pecuniary interest of the Government in the Union Pacific Railroad terminated on November 1, 1897, when its main line was sold to the purchasing trustees of the Union Pacific Reorganization Committee under a decree of the United States circuit court for the district of Nebraska. The bids of the trustees, which were accepted and the sale confirmed on November 6, 1897, covered the entire indebtedness to the United States to November 1, 1897, including $13,645,250 in bonds at par, then held by the Secretary of the Treasury for the Union Pacific

sinking fund. The amount due the Government consisted of the following items:

Total amount of United States 6 per cent bonds issued in aid of the construction of the company's main line	$27,236,512 00
Interest paid thereon by the United States to November 1, 1897, and not reimbursed by transportation service and 5 per cent of net earnings	30,830,181 51
Accrued interest to November 1, 1897, on the balance of principal outstanding July 1, 1897, not yet due	381,530 24
Total	58,448,223 75

The sinking fund in the United States Treasury belonging to the company consisted of $4,549,368.26 uninvested cash and $13,645,250.00 in bonds, aggregating $18,194,618.26. The proceeds of the bonds sold at par to the Reorganization Committee, together with the uninvested cash in the fund, have been covered into the Treasury in part payment of the company's indebtedness, leaving a balance due the Government of $40,253,605.49. This balance was decreased by the payment of $6,100,000.00 on December 1st, and by the terms of the decree the remainder is required to be paid in four equal installments within thirty, forty, fifty, and sixty days, respectively, after the confirmation of sale.

STATE BONDS OWNED BY THE UNITED STATES.

The attention of Congress is invited to the fact that there are in the vaults of the Treasury certain nonpaying State stocks and bonds now belonging to the United States, in regard to which I suggest the propriety and necessity of adequate legislation looking to the settlement and collection thereof. The following is a statement of the stocks and bonds referred to:

The act of August 15, 1894, took over from the Indian trust fund bonds of various States as follows:

Arkansas	$168,000.00
Florida	42,000.00
Louisiana	22,000.00
North Carolina	38,000.00
South Carolina	122,000.00
Tennessee	314,666.66⅔
Virginia	541,000.00
Total	1,247,666.66⅔

Prior to August 15, 1894, there were in the possession of the United States bonds of various States, which, with the exception of $538,000 bonds of the State of Arkansas received from the Smithsonian Institution, were formerly in the Indian trust fund, as follows:

Arkansas	$625,000
Florida	90,000
Louisiana	15,000
North Carolina	20,000
South Carolina	3,000
Tennessee	21,000
Virginia	53,800
Total	827,800

RECAPITULATION.

Bonds transferred to the United States by act of August 15, 1894.....	$1,247,666.66⅔
Bonds of same kind owned by the United States prior to that date.....	827,800.00
Total.....	2,075,466.66⅔

For more detailed information reference is made to House Document No. 263, Fifty-fourth Congress, second session.

THE CURRENCY.

In their respective annual reports to Congress my predecessors since the close of the civil war have called attention with unfailing regularity to the menace to the public credit occasioned by the continued use of the large volume of demand liabilities, represented by the legal tender notes, and have constantly appealed for such legislative action as would remove the dangers pointed out. Although these warnings and appeals have not as yet met with the responsive action that their serious nature justifies, it is not now the part of wisdom to ignore them. In fact, as time has gone on, all the reasons upon which these warnings and appeals were based have received additional force. The enormous depreciation in the commercial value of silver, as compared with gold, has greatly increased the financial responsibilities of the Government in its demand liabilities, and all the logical consequences of the fact should be boldly faced.

Under the act of 1878, requiring the purchase and coinage of silver, supplemented and enlarged by the so-called Sherman Act of 1890, there were outstanding June 30, 1897, the sum of $410,337,570 in silver dollars or certificates representing them. Under the act of 1890 there were also outstanding $114,867,280 in Treasury notes clothed with the quality of legal tender.

In the act of November 1, 1893, repealing the purchasing clause of the act of 1890, it was declared to be the policy of the United States to secure by safeguards of legislation "the parity in value of the coins of the two metals (gold and silver) and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the markets and in the payment of debts."

Conformable to the spirit of this declaration, the Treasury Department in all its operations has treated gold and silver coins, and the paper representatives of each, as of equal dignity and value. In the collection of its revenues, whether in the form of excise taxes or of customs dues, it has made discrimination against neither, while, upon the other hand, it has held itself ready to pay to the public creditor whichever of the two he might choose to receive as the more desirable to him. Even further than this, it has declared itself ready, whenever necessary to the maintenance of this parity, to exchange on even terms, at the pleasure of the holder, either form of the metallic money for the other. These practical operations and declarations were necessary, and they have operated to keep in concurrent circulation on terms of equality the

two kinds of metallic money, notwithstanding the varying and never-ceasing disparity between the natural or commercial value of the one as compared with the other. Nevertheless, it must be recognized that this undertaking involves a large financial responsibility, and requires proper and adequate legislative provisions for its continued execution.

The responsibility of the Government in this respect means that in addition to its liability for redemption in gold on demand of $346,000,000 of legal tender notes, it must also hold itself in readiness to redeem in like manner $114,000,000 of the Treasury notes of 1890, and to maintain through its Treasury the free interchangeability with gold, any part or all of $470,000,000 in silver now current with our people. The aggregate of these liabilities amounts to $930,000,000. It is not intended to convey the idea that the Government will ever be called upon to pay at any one time or over any one period of time, however protracted, the total of liability thus shown. It is, however, indispensable that the Treasury be endowed with power and resources ample to meet all claimants who may come, and with margin sufficient to give full assurance to all who do not come, that its ability for continuance is unimpaired. The statement that the traditional $100,000,000 of gold reserve is insufficient for these purposes need not be supported by argument. It is manifest. The recognized inadequacy of that amount has on more than one occasion brought fear and derangement to all interests—industrial, commercial, and financial. The losses suffered by the body politic through these derangements having their origin in the state of the public Treasury can not be named, although it is not beyond the limit of reasonable estimate to say that the total of such losses exceeds the total of the demand liabilities of the Treasury as above set forth. If it be urged in answer to these considerations that the state of the Treasury is fairly satisfactory *now*, that gold is flowing freely toward the Treasury and not away from it, and that there is a good state of confidence in our present financial condition, the answer must be received as a perfectly correct one. It might be further urged with probable truth that these favorable conditions will endure for—an indefinite period. With public revenues sufficient for public expenditures, and a reasonable surplus accumulating; with trade relations normal, with ample crops carrying fair rewards to agriculture, with no war or well-defined rumors of war, we might go on with a growing sense of security. Unfortunately the continuance of these good conditions can not be assured to us. Commerce and industry, sensitive to all unfavorable events, and watchful with anxiety against dangers as yet unseen, need for their full recovery from past reverses and depression a renewed confidence that the Government's finances are to be firmly placed on stronger and more enduring foundations than now exist.

As long as the Government shall operate to any important extent in supplying the currency of the country by the direct issues of its notes and by maintaining, through its guaranties of parity, so large a vol-

ume of silver money, so long will all our trade and industries remain in a state of dependency upon the financial wisdom, foresight, and courage of Congress. This forced dependency on the one part begets corresponding responsibility on the other.

Considered from the standpoint of national defense the argument is reinforced. We appropriate millions to create a navy, which, through the genius of invention, may speedily become obsolete and worthless. We appropriate other millions to provide coast defenses against attacks which may never be made. Such action, timely and wise as it may be, is inconsistent with a treasury condition so extended in a time of peace as to bring panic and alarm to our own people before the first sound of the enemy's guns. In modern days a well-supplied war chest with an impregnable credit is as important as are war ships, shore batteries, or regiments of men.

The advantages of a strong position in the National Treasury, with its accompanying benefits to all commercial interests and great reinforcement of the public credit, can, I believe, be secured without any unsettling legislation, in a manner easy to be comprehended by all, and with small cost to the people.

The recommendations I make must be construed not as being in themselves final measures, but rather as tentative steps in a direction which, consistently pursued, will lead to conditions ultimately desirable. The condition of the Treasury in its relation to demand obligations requires that one of two steps promptly be taken. The one may be a large reinforcement of the permanent gold reserve; the other may be by an important reduction in the objectionable form of liabilities. The latter is, in my opinion, the more desirable.

Recommendations.

First. I recommend that proper legislation be enacted which will establish, separate and apart from the ordinary operations of the Treasury as they relate to revenue and expenditures, a department to be designated and known as the Issue and Redemption Division. To this division the sum of $125,000,000 in gold should be set over from the general fund in the Treasury, to be used only for redemption purposes, and all the silver dollars now held for redemption of silver certificates, and all the silver bullion and dollars coined therefrom, bought under the act of 1890, should be passed to the same account. Further, that the sum of $200,000,000 in the legal tender notes of the United States known as greenbacks be collected as hereinafter described, and deposited in the said Issue and Redemption Division, to be disbursed therefrom only upon the receipt in exchange therefor of an equivalent amount of gold coin, such gold, when so secured, to be held in said division as part of the general redemption fund.

Second. I recommend that provision be made for the issue of refunding loan bonds, payable after ten years at the pleasure of the Govern-

ment, such bonds to bear interest at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum, payable, principal and interest, in gold coin; and that the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized to issue such bonds and receive in payment therefor, with an equitable allowance for the difference in interest, any part or all of the outstanding loans of the United States which mature by their terms of payment in the years 1904 and 1907.

The advantage involved in the proposed action lies in this: It removes an ambiguity from our contract obligations—an ambiguity which affects unfavorably the Government credit. The word "coin," now used to express the obligation in the public debt, is an ambiguous word. It is no doubt understood by the more discriminating public creditor to mean gold coin, and the solemn act of Congress pledging the maintenance of silver coin upon a parity with gold coin makes it impossible to construe the word "coin," as therein used, to mean anything other than gold or its full equivalent. Yet as this is a conclusion of logic rather than a clear statement of fact, the simpler and more humble investors or would-be investors in the public debt are confused and doubtful, and the public credit is the weaker therefor.

Nor is the course thus recommended without wise precedent. The earlier issues of our Government bonds were payable in "dollars." With greenbacks a legal tender, with gold and silver on a substantial commercial parity, but both at a large premium over paper money, a similar question arose, What did "dollars" mean? And in 1869, "to remove all doubt upon the subject," an act was passed solemnly pledging the faith of the United States to the payment in coin or its equivalent of all its interest-bearing obligations, except when otherwise expressly provided in the law. The commercial disparity between our "legal-tender dollars" and "coin dollars" was not *then* essentially greater than the present commercial disparity between silver and gold. This act of 1869 was judicious. To refund our outstanding bonds now payable in coin into bonds payable in gold would strengthen and confirm the public credit and put us in a position to command the markets of the world for our securities on the most advantageous terms.

It may be urged that the adoption of a specific form of payment for the public debt would be inimical to the spirit of a qualifying clause in the repealing act of 1893, which reads: "And it is hereby declared to be the policy of the United States to continue the use of both gold and silver as standard money, and to coin both gold and silver into money of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value." If this objection be raised, it loses all force when we consider the only two methods by which the gold and silver coins now in concurrent use with us can be so continued as to maintain the "parity in value of the coins of the two metals and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the market and in the payment of debts."

One of these methods is familiar to us, since it has been in daily use in our financial system since 1879. The other method would consist in

so advancing the coinage value of silver by international agreement or otherwise as to establish such a commercial equality between the two that the present artificial method could be safely abandoned. There is nothing in the proposition now under consideration to interfere with the purpose to secure an inauguration of the latter method. It must, however, be admitted to be a method which, if adopted, will operate to throw upon the governing body whatever measure of risk may be involved in the experiment, and it is manifestly just that there the risk should lie, rather than upon the helpless and possible nonassenting creditor.

To accomplish the objects herein suggested without contracting the circulation, some other form of paper money must be allowed to fill the vacuum which would otherwise be occasioned. The national bank note now familiar to our people is the readiest and most practical agent to accomplish that object, and under reasonable conditions it will be found responsive to the call.

An enlarged issue of bank notes thus contemplated would require a number of amendments to the present national bank act. These amendments should be made only upon such conservative lines as will, while granting the necessary aid to the business world in facilitating exchanges, in nowise weaken the system, or lessen the stability of the notes to be issued. The complaint uttered against the national bank act as it now stands is not directed toward the method of bank organization or the absolute safety guaranteed to the note holder. It is directed toward those restrictions it embodies, which result in its failure to accomplish the full benefit it ought to carry. The requirement of the law now makes it impossible to organize a bank with a capital of less than $50,000, no matter how small the place in which it is to be located, or how restricted the volume of business there to be transacted. Because of that, with the added expense of taxation, both national and local, many communities are deprived of the aid of banks of issue and burdened with onerous rates of exchange and interest charges.

In order to obviate to as great an extent as possible these defects and make the act more harmonious with proper business conditions, I recommend that it be amended in the following particulars:

First. Permit national banks to be organized with a minimum capital of $25,000 in any place having a population of 2,000 inhabitants or less.

Second. Reduce the rate of taxation on circulating notes secured by deposit of bonds to one-half of 1 per cent per annum.

Third. Permit banks now organized or hereafter to be organized to issue circulating notes to the par value of the refunding bonds hereinbefore suggested, when deposited by them with the Treasurer of the United States; and, further, allow such banks, as shall avail themselves of the opportunity, to deposit as security with the Treasury of the United States greenbacks, Treasury notes, or silver certificates to a total amount of $200,000,000, against which there shall at once be issued to them by the Comptroller of the Currency national bank notes to an equal

amount, it being further provided that from time to time, at his convenience, the Secretary of the Treasury shall substitute for the greenbacks, Treasury notes, and silver certificates so deposited to secure circulation, bonds of the same class and character as the refunding bonds first named to the amount of $200,000,000, such bonds to be chargeable to said banks and by them accounted for at such price (not less than par) as the market quotations may indicate to be their fair market value. During the period of time intervening between the deposit of greenbacks, Treasury notes, and silver certificates and the substitution of the bonds by the Secretary of the Treasury the circulating notes specifically issued therefor shall be exempt from taxation. Upon such substitution of bonds the funds released thereby shall at once be transferred by the Secretary of the Treasury to the Issue and Redemption Division.

Fourth. After said banks have deposited such bonds, greenbacks, Treasury notes, or silver certificates to the amount of 50 per cent of their capital they shall be permitted to issue bank notes in addition to the 50 per cent thus provided, to the extent of 25 per cent of such deposit, which said 25 per cent may be unsecured by any direct pledge of security but issued against the assets of the bank.

Fifth. Extend the guaranty of payment by the Government to all circulating notes of the bank whether issued against deposited security or against assets.

Sixth. To secure the Government against loss, if any, attaching to its guaranty a tax of 2 per cent per annum on *unsecured* circulation shall be levied to create a safety fund, which fund shall be invested by the Secretary of the Treasury and the Comptroller of the Currency in Government bonds. In addition to such funds the Government shall be further protected by having a first lien upon all assets in case of failure of the issuing bank.

Seventh. All notes shall be redeemed in the city of New York at the subtreasury, and at such other subtreasuries as may be designated by the Comptroller of the Currency with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. The control of such redemption shall be under the direction of the Comptroller of the Currency and made from a redemption fund of 10 per cent, to be provided and maintained by the banks.

Eighth. Restrict the issue of national bank notes to the denomination of $10 and upward.

An examination of the plan herein proposed will show that the amendments suggested are not of a distinctly radical character. It is believed that banks organized under the national bank act, with these amendments, would, within the limitations named, give upon a thoroughly safe basis a desirable credit currency, and lead, as the result of time and experience, ultimately to freedom of issue. A careful investigation of the commercial conditions of the country at different periods of the year shows how essential to those sections depending upon the

prompt moving of the staple crops of cotton, wheat, and corn is a bank note issue which enables the local bank to supply its customers with the means necessary for such purpose within the shortest period of time and at the lowest cost. Such an investigation will also indicate how inadequate is the Government note to meet these exigencies. The Government notes, like gold, or coal, or salt, or lumber, exist at a given time in fixed amounts. The local bank note, on the contrary, is, within legal limitations, subject to increase at the point where needed, and the needs of the community unite with the motive of the banker in supplying these wants as they find expression. In illustration of this point attention is called to the extent to which the crop-producing sections of the country are now dependent as borrowers of money upon other sections.

The national banks located in the Southern States have an aggregate capital of $68,680,000. On October 6, 1896, they had borrowed largely from banks in the East, to assist in handling the cotton crop, $13,548,000. On March 9 following, these loans had been reduced to $2,516,200. They succeeded in borrowing for a part of their needs, but commercial necessities required more. With proper banking facilities the necessity for such borrowing now existing would be reduced to a minimum.

I am confident that under an act allowing a greater liberality of issue, and less burdensome rates of taxation, those banks would find it to their interest to issue, instead of $18,950,000, the amount which they have at present outstanding, a sum equal to the full amount of their capital, and, in addition, in the season of crop activity, an additional unsecured volume of circulation approximating 25 per cent of their capital.

From data gathered from the records of the office of the Comptroller of the Currency it is found that during the existence of the national banking system 330 associations, having a combined capital of $55,000,000 have been placed in the hands of receivers. Of the number of those in this list whose affairs are fully closed only 18, having a capital of $1,610,000, would have failed to pay in liquidation an amount sufficient to fully provide for their circulating notes, had such notes been outstanding to the full limit, as herein contemplated, at the time of their failures, respectively. The deficiency would have required to cover it a contribution from the guaranty fund of but $194,829. Had the whole number of 330 failed associations maintained in current use an amount of note issues equal to 25 per cent of their capital, as herein proposed, the 2 per cent tax on such circulation would have produced the sum of $2,454,140.48 available to meet the deficit of $194,824, shown to have resulted from the failure of the 18 banks which failed to yield from their own assets the amount that would have been necessary to provide for all their own outstanding credit currency.

In submitting these recommendations, I am not unmindful of the convictions, preconceptions, and prejudices so widely prevalent among the people in much that relates to our currency and banking system. It

will at once appear to many that the proposal herein made to place in conditional retirement the sum of $200,000,000 in our legal tender (greenback) issues is a discrimination against a form of paper money, which, under the influence of a worthy sentiment, has become to them a symbol of the unity and power of the Nation's life. A little reflection, however, will lead to a conclusion quite to the contrary of such an inference. Bearing in mind the fundamental truth upon which this argument rests, namely, the necessity for a reduction in the volume of demand liabilities, now constituting a menace to the public Treasury, it is, economically speaking, a matter of indifference whether this reduction be made in the volume of silver, silver certificates, Treasury notes, greenbacks, or in some agreed upon proportions of each; but the historical fact is that it has been through the greenback, the only unalloyed credit note of the Government, that the "endless chain" has been worked. Once disbursed, these notes find their way, by a purely natural process, to the banking centers, where in case of an outward movement of gold, or because of any internal movement of distrust, they have been made a ready agency to deplete the gold reserve in the public Treasury. The proposition to retire a large portion of these notes into an issue and redemption division, there to be held until the public is willing to offer for them in fair exchange an equal sum in gold, is a proposition to dignify them with the honor of actual gold equivalency when they are *passed out*, as they have hitherto been honored with actual gold equivalency when pushed in upon the Treasury for redemption. The proposition is therefore quite different from a proposition to retire and destroy them. On the other hand, the proposal to thus preserve and honor them will excite objections from another class, who will allege that the notes now in question should be retired and utterly destroyed. They will aver that so large a sum, no matter how held, will prove an irresistible temptation to which Congress will yield, when in some exigency extraordinary and pressing needs for public expenditure shall rest upon the Treasury, and that the restrictions now proposed, if adopted, will then be disregarded.

In considering this objection, it must be remembered that if it were granted full force and yielded to as a determinative objection, there is nothing whatever to prevent the lawmaking power from issuing at any time and in any amount the legal-tender notes of the United States to circulate as money. Such is the final opinion of the Supreme Court, from which there is no appeal. Neither must it be forgotten by such objectors that use and custom gradually acquire a restrictive power but little less binding than statutory enactment or constitutional prohibition.

The so-called Treasury reserve of $100,000,000 of gold has no warrant in specific legislation, although its propriety has been indirectly recognized by Congress, and yet there is a supreme confidence that no impairment in that provision will ever be authorized or sanctioned by

Congressional action. The only real difference, then, between holding these Government notes in a separate department and their destruction is a difference which could at any time be covered by legislative action.

The important nature of the subject under discussion tempts to a fuller treatment. I must, however, be content with referring once more to that feature of this series of recommendations which touches the question of note issues by national banks. I am moved to press the recommendation as submitted, in view of the following considerations:

Paper money is the product of an industrial, commercial, and financial evolution. Its economizing effect in the use of metallic money precludes the idea of its abandonment until society shall relapse into anarchy.

Credit is the base upon which it rests. Paper money is the evidence that a thing of value has passed into the possession of the issuer, and that the holder of that paper is willing to await payment. When payment is made the evidence of the transaction should be withdrawn, to appear again only when a similar transaction occurs.

The bank is an agency, the result also of a pure evolutionary movement, whose function it is to issue its various forms of credit instruments, of which paper money is one, against the pledges and promises to it of the less publicly known members of the industrial community. It thus becomes an intermediary in much the larger part of all trade and industry.

Whatever operates to render the bank a safe, efficient, and available agency to the people operates to the general prosperity.

The requirement that the bank shall invest its capital in public securities as a precedent to the issue of its credit instruments—paper money—is a requirement which operates by so much to reduce its efficiency to commerce and industry. It can not use its capital in two directions at the same time. Only a necessity to control the bank's capital for the public use or an indispensable need for security in such a form to the note holder can justify this requirement.

The exigencies of the Government's finances in 1863 induced Congress to require from all note-issuing banks a preliminary investment of their capital in the Government's bonds. The many disastrous losses incurred by the people from the note issues of irresponsible banks previously authorized to do business by ill-considered provisions of many separate States seemed to justify the National Government in requiring from banks of issue a pledge of the bonds in trust for the security of their note holders.

Without further extension of the historical statement, it is recognizable that the exigencies of the Government do not now require the absorption of banking capital in aid of its own finances. In fact, with

Treasury conditions once normally established as to revenue and expenditure, the funded debt will, within a few years, be entirely liquidated.

The importance of banking in its relation to industry and commerce demands for it, in view of the considerations thus enumerated, careful and timely attention.

The question is complicated by the fact that for a whole generation our people have been schooled in a system of bank-note issues secured by pledges in the hands of a public trustee. It is not a good system, but it ought not to be yielded until in some other form adequate guaranties for the solvency of bank-note issues are provided.

The problem is a twofold one: How to withdraw the specific form of security now provided, since it will ultimately disappear, and how to provide a substitution which will be recognized by the people as adequate security, and which will at the same time allow to banks within well-guarded limits the most useful freedom in their note issues. The problem is too large, its results too far-reaching, to be solved offhand or by expert dictum. Its solution must be gradually reached by the path of safe experiment. To allow national banks to issue circulating notes equal to 25 per cent of their capital upon a payment of 2 per cent per annum as an insurance or safety fund upon amounts so issued, is, as shown by the demonstration drawn from the Comptroller's office, a proposition well within the limits of safety. Nevertheless, whatever risk there is should be assumed by the Government, obnoxious as it may be to the general principles of Governmental action. It is by such action that the situation as it exists has been evolved. Upon the Government, therefore, rests the duty of seeing it properly solved.

Some years of experience along the line suggested will prove what is an adequate provisional tax for the security of note holders, and will allow such amendments as time will justify, involving as one of their features a complete withdrawal of the Government's guaranty from bank-note issues.

L. J. GAGE,
Secretary.

To the SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TABLES ACCOMPANYING THE REPORT ON THE FINANCES.

TABLE A.—STATEMENT OF THE OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL OF THE PUBLIC DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES JUNE 30, 1897.

	Length of loan.	When redeemable.	Rate of interest.	Price at which sold.	Amount authorized.	Amount issued.	Amount outstanding.
OLD DEBT.							
For detailed information in regard to the earlier loans embraced under this head, see Finance Report for 1876.	.....	On demand ...	5 and 6 per cent.	.....	Indefinite.....	.....	$151.745.26
TREASURY NOTES PRIOR TO 1846.							
Acts of October 12, 1837 (5 Statutes, 201); May 21, 1838 (5 Statutes, 228); March 2, 1839 (5 Statutes, 323); March 31, 1840 (5 Statutes, 370); February 15, 1841 (5 Statutes, 411); January 31, 1842 (5 Statutes, 469); August 31, 1842 (5 Statutes, 581), and March 3, 1843 (5 Statutes, 614).	1 and 2 years	1 and 2 years from date.	$\frac{1}{10}$ of 1 to 6 per cent.	Par	$51,000,000.00	$47,002,900.00	(a)
TREASURY NOTES OF 1846.							
Act of July 22, 1846 (9 Statutes, 39)	1 year.....	1 year from date.	$\frac{1}{10}$ of 1 to 5$\frac{2}{5}$ per cent.	Par.....	10,000,000.00	7,687,800.00	(a)
MEXICAN INDEMNITY.							
Act of August 10, 1846 (9 Statutes, 94).....	5 years.....	5 years from date.	5 per cent...	Par.....	320,000.00	303,573.92	(a)
TREASURY NOTES OF 1847.							
Act of January 28, 1847 (9 Statutes, 118).....	1 and 2 years	1 and 2 years from date.	5$\frac{2}{5}$ and 6 per cent.	Par.....	23,000,000.00	b 26,122,100.00	(a)
TREASURY NOTES OF 1857.							
Act of December 23, 1857 (11 Statutes, 257).....	1 year.....	1 year from date.	3 to 6 per cent.	Par.....	Indefinite.....	52,778,900.00	(a)
BOUNTY-LAND SCRIP.							
Act of February 11, 1847 (9 Statutes, 125)	Indefinite...	At the pleasure of the Government.	6 per cent..	Par.....	Indefinite.....	233,075.00	(a)
LOAN OF 1847.							
Act of January 28, 1847 (9 Statutes, 118).....	20 years.....	Jan. 1, 1868....	6 per cent...	1$\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 per ct. pre.	23,000,000.00	c 28,230,350.00	950.00
TEXAN INDEMNITY STOCK.							
Act of September 9, 1850 (9 Statutes, 447).....	14 years.....	Jan. 1, 1865....	5 per cent...	Par.....	10,000,000.00	5,000,000.00	20,000.00
LOAN OF 1858.							
Act of June 14, 1858 (11 Statutes, 365).....	15 years.....	Jan. 1, 1874....	5 per cent...	Av. pre. of 3$\frac{58}{100}$.	20,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	2,000.00
LOAN OF FEBRUARY, 1861 (1881s).							
Act of February 8, 1861 (12 Statutes, 129).....	10 or 20 years	Dec. 31, 1880...	6 per cent...	(Av.)89.03	25,000,000.00	18,415,000.00	5,000.00
TREASURY NOTES OF 1861.							
Act of March 2, 1861 (12 Statutes, 178).....	60 days or 2 years.	60 days or 2 years after date.	6 per cent...	Par to 1$\frac{2}{100}$ per ct. pre.	Indefinite.....	35,364,450.00	2,450.00
OREGON WAR DEBT.							
Act of March 2, 1861 (12 Statutes, 198).....	20 years.....	July 1, 1881...	6 per cent..	Par.....	2,800,000.00	1,090,850.00	2,500.00

a Included in "old debt." *b* Including reissues. *c* Including conversion of Treasury notes.

TABLE A.—STATEMENT OF THE OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL OF THE PUBLIC DEBT, ETC.—Continued.

	Length of loan.	When redeemable.	Rate of interest.	Price at which sold.	Amount authorized.	Amount issued.	Amount outstanding.
LOAN OF JULY AND AUGUST, 1861.							
The act of July 17, 1861 (12 Statutes, 259), authorized the issue of $250,000,000 bonds, with interest at not exceeding 7 per centum per annum, redeemable after twenty years. The act of August 5, 1861 (12 Statutes, 316), authorized the issue of bonds, with interest at 6 per centum per annum, payable after twenty years from date, in exchange for 7-30 notes issued under the act of July 17, 1861.	20 years.....	After June 30, 1881.	6 per cent...	Par.....	$250,000,000.00	$189,321,350.00	$42,850.00
LOAN OF JULY AND AUGUST, 1861.							
Continued at 3½ per cent interest, and redeemable at the pleasure of the Government.	Indefinite...	At the pleasure of the Government.	3½ per cent..	Par.....	.....	.....	2,100.00
OLD DEMAND NOTES.							
Acts of July 17, 1861 (12 Statutes, 259); August 5, 1861 (12 Statutes, 313); February 12, 1862 (12 Statutes, 338).	Indefinite...	On demand....	None	Par.....	60,000,000.00	*60,030,000.00	54,347.50
SEVEN-THIRTIES OF 1861.							
Act of July 17, 1861 (12 Statutes, 259)	3 years.....	Aug. 19 and Oct. 1, 1864.	$7\frac{3}{10}$ per cent.	Av. pre. of $\frac{365}{1000}$.	Indefinite	139,999,750.00	9,700.00
FIVE-TWENTIES OF 1862.							
Acts of February 25, 1862 (12 Statutes, 345); March 3, 1864 (13 Statutes, 13), and January 28, 1865 (13 Statutes, 425).	5 or 20 years.	May 1, 1867 ...	6 per cent...	Av. pre. of $\frac{365}{1000}$.	515,000,000.00	514,771,600.00	216,100.00
LEGAL-TENDER NOTES.							
The act of February 25, 1862 (12 Statutes, 345), authorized the issue of $150,000,000 United States notes, not bearing interest, payable to bearer at the Treasury of the United States, and of such denominations, not less than five dollars, as the Secretary of the Treasury might deem expedient, $50,000,000 to be applied to the redemption of demand notes authorized by the act of July 17, 1861; these notes to be a legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, within the United States, except duties on imports and interest on the public debt, and to be exchangeable for 6 per cent United States bonds. The act of July 11, 1862 (12 Statutes, 532), authorized an additional issue of $150,000,000, of such denominations as the Secretary of the Treasury might deem expedient, but no such note should be for a fractional part of a dollar, and not more than $35,000,000 of a lower denomination than five dollars; these notes to be a legal tender as before authorized. The act of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710), authorized an additional issue of $150,000,000, of such denominations, not less than one dollar, as the Secretary of the Treasury might prescribe; which notes were made a legal tender as before authorized. The same act limited the time in which the	Indefinite...	On demand....	None	Par.....	450,000,000.00	.....	346,681,016.00

Treasury notes might be exchanged for United States bonds to July 1, 1863. The amount of notes authorized by this act were to be in lieu of $100,000,000 authorized by the resolution of January 17, 1863 (12 Statutes, 822). The act of May 31, 1878 (20 Statutes, 87), provides that no more of the United States legal-tender notes shall be canceled or retired, and that when any of said notes are redeemed or received into the Treasury under any law, from any source whatever, and shall belong to the United States, they shall not be retired, canceled, or destroyed, but shall be reissued and paid out again, and kept in circulation.							
TEMPORARY LOAN.							
Acts of February 25, 1862 (12 Statutes, 346); March 17, 1862 (12 Statutes, 370); July 11, 1862 (12 Statutes, 532), and June 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 218).	Indefinite...	After 10 days' notice.	4, 5, and 6 per cent.	Par.....	150,000,000.00	a716,099,247.16	2,850.00
CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.							
Acts of March 1, 1862 (12 Statutes, 352); May 17, 1862 (12 Statutes, 370), and March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710).	1 year.....	1 year after date.	6 per cent...	Par.....	No limit.....	561,753,241.65	3,000.00
FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.							
Acts of July 17, 1862 (12 Statutes, 592); March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 711), and June 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 220).	Indefinite...	On presentation.	None	Par.....	50,000,000.00	*368,720,079.51	6,887,702.14
LOAN OF 1863.							
The act of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 709), authorized a loan of $900,000,000, and the issue of bonds, with interest not exceeding 6 per centum per annum, and redeemable in not less than ten nor more than forty years, principal and interest payable in coin. The act of June 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 219), repeals the above authority, except as to the $75,000,000 of bonds already advertised for.	17 years.....	July 1, 1881...	6 per cent...	Av. pre. of $4\frac{553}{1000}$.	75,000,000.00	75,000,000.00	7,600.00
Bonds of this loan continued at 3½ per cent interest, and redeemable at the pleasure of the Government.	Indefinite...	At the pleasure of the Government.	3½ per cent..	Par.....	.....	.....	100.00
ONE-YEAR NOTES OF 1863.							
Act of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710).....	1 year.....	1 year after date.	5 per cent...	Par.....	400,000,000.00	44,520,000.00	31,755.00
TWO-YEAR NOTES OF 1863.							
Act of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710).....	2 years.....	2 years after date.	5 per cent...	Par.....	400,000,000.00	166,480,000.00	27,250.00
COMPOUND-INTEREST NOTES.							
Acts of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710), and June 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 218).	3 years.....	3 years from date.	6 per cent compound.	Par.....	400,000,000.00	266,595,440.00	168,680.00

a Including reissues.

TABLE A.—STATEMENT OF THE OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL OF THE PUBLIC DEBT, ETC.—Continued.

	Length of loan.	When redeemable.	Rate of interest.	Price at which sold.	Amount authorized.	Amount issued.	Amount outstanding.
TEN-FORTIES OF 1864.							
Act of March 3, 1864 (13 Statutes, 13)	10 or 40 years.	March 1, 1874,	5 per cent...	Par to 7 per ct. prem.	$200,000,000.00	$196,118,300.00	$34,350.00
FIVE-TWENTIES OF 1864.							
Act of June 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 218)	5 or 20 years.	Nov. 1, 1869...	6 per cent...	Av. pre. of $2\frac{631}{1000}$.	400,000,000.00	125,561,300.00	16,400.00
SEVEN-THIRTIES OF 1864 AND 1865.							
Acts of June 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 218); January 28, 1865 (13 Statutes, 425), and March 3, 1865 (13 Statutes, 468).	3 years....	Aug. 15, 1867 June 15, 1868 July 15, 1868	$7\frac{3}{10}$ per cent.	Av. pre. of $2\frac{68}{1000}$.	800,000,000.00	*829,992,500.00	123,900.00
FIVE-TWENTIES OF 1865.							
Acts of March 3, 1865 (13 Statutes, 468), and April 12, 1866 (14 Statutes, 31).	5 or 20 years.	Nov. 1, 1870...	6 per cent...	Av. pre. of $3\frac{547}{1000}$.	Indefinite.....	203,327,250.00	21,850.00
CONSOLS OF 1865.							
Acts of March 3, 1865 (13 Statutes, 468), and April 12, 1866 (14 Statutes, 31).	5 or 20 years.	July 1, 1870...	6 per cent...	Av. pre. of $1\frac{631}{1000}$.	Indefinite.....	332,998,950.00	96,050.00
CONSOLS OF 1867.							
Acts of March 3, 1865 (13 Statutes, 468), and April 12, 1866 (14 Statutes, 31).	5 or 20 years.	July 1, 1872...	6 per cent...	Av. pre. of $\frac{2}{1000}$.	Indefinite.....	379,618,000.00	145,850.00
CONSOLS OF 1868.							
Acts of March 3, 1865 (13 Statutes, 468), and April 12, 1866 (14 Statutes, 31).	5 or 20 years.	July 1, 1873...	6 per cent...	Av. pre. of $\frac{16}{1000}$.	Indefinite.....	42,539,350.00	16,450.00
THREE-PER-CENT CERTIFICATES.							
Acts of March 2, 1867 (14 Statutes, 558), and July 25, 1868 (15 Statutes, 183).	Indefinite...	On demand ...	3 per cent...	Par.....	75,000,000.00	a85,155,000.00	5,000.00
FIVE-PER-CENT LOAN OF 1881.							
The act of January 14, 1875 (18 Statutes, 296), authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to use any surplus revenues from time to time in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and to issue, sell, dispose of, at not less than par, in coin, either of the description of bonds of the United States described in the act of July 14, 1870 (16 Statutes, 272), to the extent necessary for the redemption of fractional currency in silver coins of the denominations of ten, twenty-five, and fifty cents of standard value.							

The act of March 3, 1875 (18 Statutes, 466), directs the Secretary of the Treasury to issue bonds of the character and description set out in the act of July 14, 1870 (16 Statutes, 272), to James B. Eads, or his legal representatives, in payment at par of the warrants of the Secretary of War for the construction of jetties and auxiliary works to maintain a wide and deep channel between the South Pass of the Mississippi River and the Gulf of Mexico, unless Congress shall have previously provided for the payment of the same by the necessary appropriation of money.							
The act of July 14, 1870 (16 Statutes, 272), authorizes the issue of $200,000,000 at 5 per centum, principal and interest payable in coin of the present standard value, at the pleasure of the United States Government, after ten years; these bonds to be exempt from the payment of all taxes or duties of the United States, as well as from taxation in any form by or under State, municipal, or local authority. Bonds and coupons payable at the Treasury of the United States. This act not to authorize an increase of the bonded debt of the United States. Bonds to be sold at not less than par in coin, and the proceeds to be applied to the redemption of outstanding 5-20's or to be exchanged for said 5-20's, par for par. Payment of these bonds, when due, to be made in order of dates and numbers, beginning with each class last dated and numbered. Interest to cease at the end of three months from notice of intention to redeem. The act of January 20, 1871 (16 Statutes, 399), increases the amount of 5 per cents to $500,000,000, provided the total amount of bonds issued shall not exceed the amount originally authorized, and authorizes the interest on any of these bonds to be paid quarterly.	10 years....	May 1, 1881...	5 per cent...	Par.....		517,994,150.00	32,000.00
The act of December 17, 1873 (18 Statutes, 1), authorized the issue of an equal amount of bonds of the loan of 1858, which the holders thereof may, on or before February 1, 1874, elect to exchange for the bonds of this loan.					1,500,000,000		
FOUR-AND-ONE-HALF-PER-CENT LOAN OF 1891. (REFUNDING.)							
The act of July 14, 1870 (16 Statutes, 272), authorizes the issue of $300,000,000 at 4½ per centum, payable in coin of the present standard value, at the pleasure of the United States Government, after fifteen years; these bonds to be exempt from the payment of all taxes or duties of the United States, as well as from taxation in any form by or under State, municipal, or local authority. Bonds and coupons payable at the Treasury of the United States. This act not to authorize an increase of the bonded debt of the United States. Bonds to be sold at not less than par in coin, and the proceeds to be applied to the redemption of outstanding 5-20's or to be exchanged for said 5-20's, par for par. Payment of these bonds, when due, to be made in order of dates and numbers, beginning with each class last dated and numbered. Interest to cease at the end of three months from notice of intention to redeem.	15 years.....	Sept. 1, 1891...	4½ per cent..	Par.....		185,000,000.00	151,750.00

a Including reissues.

TABLE A.—STATEMENT OF THE OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL OF THE PUBLIC DEBT, ETC.—Continued.

	Length of loan.	When redeemable.	Rate of interest.	Price at which sold.	Amount authorized.	Amount issued.	Amount outstanding.
FOUR-AND-ONE-HALF-PER-CENT LOAN OF 1891. (RESUMPTION.)							
The act of January 14, 1875 (18 Statutes, 296), authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to use any surplus revenues from time to time in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and to issue, sell, dispose of, at not less than par in coin, either of the descriptions of bonds of the United States described in the act of July 14, 1870 (16 Statutes, 272) for the purpose of redeeming, on and after January 1, 1879, in coin, at the office of the assistant treasurer of the United States in New York, the outstanding United States legal tender notes when presented in sums of not less than fifty dollars.	15 years.....	Sept. 1, 1891...	4½ per cent..	Par to 1½ per ct. pre.	Indefinite.....	$65,000,000.00	
FOUR-PER-CENT LOAN OF 1907. (REFUNDING.)							
The act of July 14, 1870 (16 Statutes, 272), authorizes the issue of $1,000,000,000 at 4 per centum, payable in coin of the present standard value, at the pleasure of the United States Government, after thirty years; these bonds to be exempt from the payment of all taxes or duties of the United States, as well as from taxation in any form by or under State, municipal, or local authority. Bonds and coupons payable at the Treasury of the United States. This act not to authorize an increase of the bonded debt of the United States. Bonds to be sold at not less than par in coin, and the proceeds to be applied to the redemption of outstanding 5-20's, or to be exchanged for said 5-20's, par for par. Payment of these bonds, when due, to be made in order of dates and numbers, beginning with each class last dated and numbered. Interest to cease at the end of three months from notice of intention to redeem. See Refunding Certificates, page 10.	30 years.....	July 1, 1907...	4 per cent...	Par to ½ per ct. pre.		710,887,100.00	$559,640,100.00
FOUR-PER-CENT LOAN OF 1907. (RESUMPTION.)							
The act of January 14, 1875 (18 Statutes, 296), authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to use any surplus revenues from time to time in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and to issue, sell, dispose of at not less than par, in coin, either of the description of bonds of the United States described in the act of July 14, 1870 (16 Statutes, 272), for the purpose of redeeming on and after January 1, 1879, in coin, at the office of the assistant treasurer of the United States in New York, the outstanding United States legal-tender notes when presented in sums of not less than fifty dollars.	30 years.....	July 1, 1907...	4 per cent...	Par...	Indefinite.....	30,500,000.00	

CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.							
The act of June 8, 1872 (17 Statutes, 336), authorizes the deposit of United States notes without interest by banking associations in sums not less than $10,000 and the issue of certificates therefor in denominations of not less than $5,000; which certificates shall be payable on demand in United States notes, at the place where the deposits were made. It provides that the notes so deposited in the Treasury shall not be counted as a part of the legal reserve, but that the certificates issued therefor may be held and counted by the national banks as part of their legal reserve, and may be accepted in the settlement of clearing-house balances at the place where the deposits therefor were made, and that the United States notes for which such certificates were issued, or other United States notes of like amount, shall be held as special deposits in the Treasury, and used only for the redemption of such certificates.	Indefinite...	On demand....	None	Par.....	No limit.....	64,780,000.00	61,750,000.00
GOLD CERTIFICATES.							
The act of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 711), authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to receive deposits of gold coin and bullion in sums of not less than twenty dollars, and to issue certificates therefor in denominations of not less than twenty dollars each; the coin and bullion deposited for or representing the certificates to be retained in the Treasury for the payment of the same on demand. The certificates so issued to be received at par in payment of interest on the public debt and for duties on imports. The act of July 12, 1882 (22 Statutes, 165), provides that the Secretary of the Treasury shall suspend the issue of gold certificates whenever the amount of gold coin and gold bullion in the Treasury reserved for the redemption of United States notes falls below one hundred millions of dollars.	Indefinite...	On demand....	None	Par.....	Indefinite.....	.....	38,782,169.00
SILVER CERTIFICATES.							
The act of February 28, 1878 (20 Statutes, 26, sec. 3), provides that any holder of the coin authorized by this act may deposit the same with the Treasurer or any assistant treasurer of the United States in sums not less than ten dollars and receive therefor certificates of not less than ten dollars each, corresponding with the denominations of the United States notes. The coin deposited for or representing the certificates shall be retained in the Treasury for the payment of the same on demand. Said certificates shall be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues, and, when so received, may be reissued. The act of August 4, 1886 (24 Statutes, 227), authorizes the issue of silver certificates in denominations of one, two, and five dollars; said certificates to be receivable, redeemable, and payable in like manner and for like purposes as is provided for by the act of February 28, 1878.	Indefinite...	On demand....	None	Par.....	No limit.....	.....	375,479,504.00

TABLE A.—STATEMENT OF THE OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL OF THE PUBLIC DEBT, ETC.—Continued.

	Length of loan.	When redeemable.	Rate of interest.	Price at which sold.	Amount authorized.	Amount issued.	Amount outstanding.
REFUNDING CERTIFICATES.							
The act of February 26, 1879 (20 Statutes, 321), authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to issue, in exchange for lawful money of the United States, certificates of deposit of the denomination of ten dollars, bearing interest at the rate of four per centum per annum, and convertible at any time, with accrued interest, into the four per centum bonds described in the refunding act; the money so received to be applied only to the payment of the bonds bearing interest at a rate not less than five per centum, in the mode prescribed by said act.	Indefinite...	Convertible into 4 per cent bonds.	4 per cent...	Par.....	No limit.....	$40,012,750.00	$45,130.00
FUNDED LOAN OF 1881, CONTINUED AT THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT.							
These bonds were issued in exchange for five-per-cent bonds of the funded loan of 1881, by mutual agreement between the Secretary of the Treasury and the holders, and were made redeemable at the pleasure of the Government.	Indefinite...	At pleasure of the Government.	3½ per cent..	Par.....	.....	.....	1,250.00
FUNDED LOAN OF 1891, CONTINUED AT TWO PER CENT.							
These bonds were issued in exchange for the four and one-half per cent funded loan of 1891, by mutual agreement between the Secretary of the Treasury and the holders, and were made redeemable at the pleasure of the Government.	Indefinite...	At pleasure of the Government.	2 per cent...	Par.....	.....	25,364,500.00	25,364,500.00
LOAN OF JULY 12, 1882.							
These bonds were issued in exchange for the five and six per cent bonds which had been previously continued at three and one-half per cent by mutual agreement between the Secretary of the Treasury and the holders, and were made redeemable at the pleasure of the Government.	Indefinite...	At pleasure of the Government.	3 per cent...	Par.....	.....	.....	5,400.00
LOAN OF 1904.							
The act of January 14, 1875 (18 Statutes, 296), authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to use any surplus revenues from time to time in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and to issue, sell, dispose of at not less than par, in coin, either of the descriptions of bonds of the United States described in the act of July 14, 1870 (16 Statutes, 272); for the purpose of redeeming, on and after January 1, 1879, in coin, at the office of the assistant treasurer of the United States in New York, the outstanding United States legal-tender notes when presented in sums of not less than fifty dollars.	10 years.....	Feb. 1, 1904....	5 per cent...	{117.223 / 117.077}	.....	100,000,000.00	100,000,000.00
LOAN OF 1925.							
The act of January 14, 1875 (18 Statutes, 296), authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to use any surplus revenues, from time to time, in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and to issue, sell, dispose	30 years.....	Feb. 1, 1925....	4 per cent...	{104.4946 / 111.166}	.....	162,315,400.00	162,315,400.00

of at not less than par, in coin, either of the descriptions of bonds of the United States described in the act of July 14, 1870 (16 Statutes, 272), for the purpose of redeeming, on and after January 1, 1879, in coin, at the office of the assistant treasurer of the United States in New York, the outstanding United States legal-tender notes, when presented in sums of not less than fifty dollars.							
TREASURY NOTES OF 1890.							
The act of July 14, 1890 (26 Statutes, 289), directs the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase, from time to time, silver bullion to the aggregate amount of four million five hundred thousand ounces, or so much thereof as may be offered in each month, at the market price thereof, not exceeding one dollar for three hundred and seventy-one and twenty-five hundredths grains of pure silver, and to issue in payment for such purchases of silver bullion Treasury notes of the United States, to be prepared by the Secretary of the Treasury, in such form and of such denominations, not less than one dollar nor more than one thousand dollars, as he may prescribe. That said notes shall be redeemable on demand, in coin, at the Treasury of the United States, or at the office of any assistant treasurer of the United States, and when so redeemed may be reissued; but no greater or less amount of such notes shall be outstanding at any time than the cost of the silver bullion and the standard silver dollars coined therefrom then held in the Treasury, purchased by such notes, and such Treasury notes shall be a legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract, and shall be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues, and when so received may be reissued; and such notes, when held by any national banking association, may be counted as a part of its lawful reserve. That upon demand of the holder of any of the Treasury notes provided for, the Secretary of the Treasury shall redeem the same in gold or silver coin, at his discretion, it being the established policy of the United States to maintain the two metals on a parity with each other upon the present legal ratio, or such ratio as may be provided by law.						155,931,002.00	114,867,280.00
NATIONAL-BANK NOTES (REDEMPTION ACCOUNT).							
The act of July 14, 1890 (26 Statutes, 289), provides that balances standing with the Treasurer of the United States to the respective credits of national banks for deposits made to redeem the circulating notes of such banks, and all deposits thereafter received for like purpose, shall be covered into the Treasury as a miscellaneous receipt, and the Treasurer of the United States shall redeem from the general cash in the Treasury the circulating notes of said banks which may come into his possession subject to redemption, * * * and the balance remaining of the deposits so covered shall, at the close of each month, be reported on the monthly public debt statement as debt of the United States bearing no interest.							24,458,637.00
							a1,817,672,665.90

a Exclusive of $64,623,512 bonds issued to Pacific railroads.

TABLE B.—STATEMENT OF OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL OF THE PUBLIC DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES ON THE 1ST OF JANUARY OF EACH YEAR FROM 1791 TO 1843, INCLUSIVE, AND ON THE 1ST OF JULY OF EACH YEAR FROM 1843 TO 1897, INCLUSIVE.

Year.	Amount.	Year.	Amount.
Jan. 1, 1791	$75,463,476.52	July 1, 1843	$32,742,922.00
1792	77,227,924.66	1844	23,461,652.50
1793	80,358,634.04	1845	15,925,303.01
1794	78,427,404.77	1846	15,550,202.97
1795	80,747,587.39	1847	38,826,534.77
1796	83,762,172.07	1848	47,044,862.23
1797	82,064,479.33	1849	63,061,858.69
1798	79,228,529.12	1850	63,452,773.55
1799	78,408,669.77	1851	68,304,796.02
1800	82,976,294.35	1852	66,199,341.71
1801	83,038,050.80	1853	59,803,117.70
1802	80,712,632.25	1854	42,242,222.42
1803	77,054,686.40	1855	35,586,956.56
1804	86,427,120.88	1856	31,932,537.90
1805	82,312,150.50	1857	28,699,831.85
1806	75,723,270.66	1858	44,911,881.03
1807	69,218,398.64	1859	58,496,837.88
1808	65,196,317.97	1860	64,842,287.88
1809	57,023,192.09	1861	90,580,873.72
1810	53,173,217.52	1862	524,176,412.13
1811	48,005,587.76	1863	1,119,772,138.63
1812	45,209,737.90	1864	1,815,784,370.57
1813	55,962,827.57	1865	2,680,647,869.74
1814	81,487,846.24	1866	2,773,236,173.69
1815	99,833,660.15	1867	2,678,126,103.87
1816	127,334,933.74	1868	2,611,687,851.19
1817	123,491,965.16	1869	2,588,452,213.94
1818	103,466,633.83	1870	2,480,672,427.81
1819	95,529,648.28	1871	2,353,211,332.32
1820	91,015,566.15	1872	2,253,251,328.78
1821	89,987,427.66	1873	a 2,234,482,993.20
1822	93,546,676.98	1874	a 2,251,690,468.43
1823	90,875,877.28	1875	a 2,232,284,531.95
1824	90,269,777.77	1876	a 2,180,395,067.15
1825	83,788,432.71	1877	a 2,205,301,392.10
1826	81,054,059.99	1878	a 2,256,205,892.53
1827	73,987,357.20	1879	a 2,349,567,482.04
1828	67,475,043.87	1880	a 2,120,415,370.63
1829	58,421,413.67	1881	a 2,069,013,569.58
1830	48,565,406.50	1882	a 1,918,312,994.03
1831	39,123,191.68	1883	a 1,884,171,728.07
1832	24,322,235.18	1884	a 1,830,528,923.57
1833	7,001,698.83	1885	b 1,876,424,275.14
1834	4,760,082.08	1886	b 1,756,445,205.78
1835	33,733.05	1887	b 1,688,229,591.63
1836	37,513.05	1888	b 1,705,992,320.58
1837	336,957.83	1889	b 1,640,673,340.23
1838	3,308,124.07	1890	b 1,585,821,048.73
1839	10,434,221.14	1891	b 1,560,472,784.61
1840	3,573,343.82	1892	b 1,628,840,151.63
1841	5,250,875.54	1893	b 1,598,111,156.13
1842	13,594,480.73	1894	b 1,668,757,127.68
1843	20,201,226.27	1895	b 1,701,033,661.25
		1896	b 1,787,990,491.40
		1897	b 1,832,074,708.90

a In the amount here stated as the outstanding principal of the public debt are included the certificates of deposit outstanding on the 30th of June, issued under act of June 8, 1872, for which a like amount in United States notes was on special deposit in the Treasury for their redemption and added to the cash balance in the Treasury. These certificates, as a matter of accounts, are treated as a part of the public debt, but being offset by notes held on deposit for their redemption, should properly be deducted from the principal of the public debt in making comparison with former years.

b Exclusive of gold, silver, currency certificates, and Treasury notes of 1890 held in the Treasurer's cash, and including $64,623,512 bonds issued to the several Pacific railroads

TABLE C.—ANALYSIS OF THE PRINCIPAL OF THE PUBLIC DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES FROM JULY 1, 1856, TO JULY 1, 1897.

Year.	3 per cents.	3½ per cents.	4 per cents.	4½ per cents.	5 per cents.	6 per cents.	7 3/10 per cents.	Total interest-bearing debt.
1856—July 1					$3,632,000.00	$28,130,761.77		$31,762,761.77
1857					3,489,000.00	24,971,958.93		28,460,958.93
1858					23,538,000.00	21,162,838.11		44,700,838.11
1859					37,127,800.00	21,162,938.11		58,290,738.11
1860					43,476,300.00	21,164,538.11		64,640,838.11
1861					33,022,200.00	57,358,673.95		90,380,873.95
1862			$57,926,116.57		30,483,000.00	154,313,225.01	$122,582,485.34	365,304,826.92
1863			105,629,385.30		30,483,000.00	431,444,813.83	139,974,435.34	707,531,634.47
1864			77,547,696.07		300,213,480.00	842,882,652.09	139,286,935.34	1,359,930,763.50
1865			90,496,930.74		245,709,420.63	1,213,495,169.90	671,610,397.02	2,221,311,918.29
1865—August 31			618,127.98		269,175,727.65	1,281,736,439.33	830,000,000.00	2,381,530,294.96
1866—July 1			121,341,879.62		201,982,665.01	1,195,546,041.02	813,460,621.95	2,332,331,207.60
1867			17,737,025.68		198,533,435.01	1,543,452,080.02	488,344,846.95	2,248,067,387.66
1868	$64,000,000.00		801,361.23		221,586,185.01	1,878,303,984.50	37,397,196.95	2,202,088,727.69
1869	66,125,000.00				221,588,300.00	1,874,347,222.39		2,162,060,522.39
1870	59,550,000.00				221,588,300.00	1,765,317,422.39		2,046,455,722.39
1871	45,885,000.00		678,000.00		274,236,450.00	1,613,897,300.00		1,934,696,750.00
1872	24,665,000.00		678,000.00		414,567,300.00	1,374,883,800.00		1,814,794,100.00
1873	14,000,000.00		678,000.00		414,567,300.00	1,281,238,650.00		1,710,485,950.00
1874	14,000,000.00		678,000.00		510,628,050.00	1,213,624,700.00		1,738,930,750.00
1875	14,000,000.00		678,000.00		607,132,750.00	1,100,865,550.00		1,722,676,300.00
1876	14,000,000.00				711,685,800.00	984,999,650.00		1,710,685,450.00
1877	14,000,000.00			$140,000,000.00	703,266,650.00	854,621,850.00		1,711,888,500.00
1878	14,000,000.00		98,850,000.00	240,000,000.00	703,266,650.00	738,619,000.00		1,794,735,650.00
1879	14,000,000.00		741,522,000.00	250,000,000.00	508,440,350.00	283,681,350.00		1,797,643,700.00
1880	14,000,000.00		739,347,800.00	250,000,000.00	484,864,900.00	235,780,400.00		1,723,993,100.00
1881	14,000,000.00		739,347,800.00	250,000,000.00	439,841,350.00	196,378,600.00		1,639,567,750.00
1882	14,000,000.00	$460,461,050.00	739,349,350.00	250,000,000.00				1,463,810,400.00
1883	318,204,350.00	32,082,600.00	737,942,200.00	250,000,000.00				1,338,229,150.00
1884	238,612,150.00		737,951,700.00	250,000,000.00				1,226,563,850.00
1885	208,190,500.00		737,960,450.00	250,000,000.00				1,196,150,950.00
1886	158,046,600.00		737,967,500.00	250,000,000.00				1,146,014,100.00
1887	33,716,500.00		737,975,850.00	250,000,000.00				1,021,692,350.00
1888	14,000,000.00		714,315,450.00	222,207,050.00				950,522,500.00
1889	14,000,000.00		676,214,990.00	139,639,000.00				829,853,990.00
1890	14,000,000.00		602,297,360.00	109,015,750.00				725,313,110.00
1891	(a)		559,659,920.00	50,869,200.00				610,529,120.00
1892			559,664,830.00	a 25,364,500.00				585,029,330.00
1893			559,672,600.00	a 25,364,500.00				585,037,100.00
1894			559,677,390.00	a 25,364,500.00	50,000,000.00			635,041,890.00
1895			590,837,560.00	a 25,364,500.00	100,000,000.00			716,202,060.00
1896			721,999,390.00	a 25,364,500.00	100,000,000.00			847,363,890.00
1897			722,000,630.00	a 25,364,500.00	100,000,000.00			847,365,130.00

a Continued at 2 per cent.

TABLE C.—ANALYSIS OF THE PRINCIPAL OF THE PUBLIC DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES, ETC.—Continued.

Year.	Debt on which interest has ceased.	Debt bearing no interest.	Outstanding principal.	Cash in the Treasury July 1.	Total debt less cash in Treasury.	Annual interest charge.
1856—July 1	$209,776.13		$31,972,537.90	$21,006,584.89	$10,965,953.01	$1,869,445.70
1857	238,872.92		28,699,831.85	18,701,210.09	9,998,621.76	1,672,767.53
1858	211,042.92		44,911,881.03	7,011,689.31	37,900,191.72	2,446,670.28
1859	206,099.77		58,496,837.88	5,091,603.69	53,405,234.19	3,126,166.28
1860	201,449.77		64,842,287.88	4,877,885.87	59,964,402.01	3,443,687.29
1861	199,999.77		90,580,873.72	2,862,212.92	87,718,660.80	5,092,630.43
1862	280,195.21	$158,591,390.00	524,176,412.13	18,863,859.96	505,312,752.17	22,048,509.59
1863	473,048.16	411,767,456.00	1,119,772,138.63	8,421,401.22	1,111,350,737.41	41,854,148.01
1864	416,335.86	455,437,271.21	1,815,784,370.57	106,332,093.53	1,709,452,277.04	78,853,487.24
1865	1,245,771.20	458,090,180.25	2,680,647,869.74	5,832,012.98	2,674,815,856.76	137,742,617.43
1865—August 31	1,503,020.09	461,616,311.51	2,844,649,626.56	88,218,055.13	2,756,431,571.43	150,977,697.87
1866—July 1	935,092.05	439,969,874.04	2,773,236,173.69	137,200,009.85	2,636,036,163.84	146,068,196.29
1867	1,840,615.01	428,218,101.20	2,678,126,103.87	169,974,892.18	2,508,151,211.69	138,892,451.39
1868	1,197,340.89	408,401,782.61	2,611,687,851.19	130,834,437.96	2,480,853,413.23	128,459,598.14
1869	5,260,181.00	421,131,510.55	2,588,452,213.94	155,680,340.85	2,432,771,873.09	125,523,998.34
1870	3,708,641.00	430,508,064.42	2,480,672,427.81	149,502,471.60	2,331,169,956.21	118,784,960.34
1871	1,948,902.26	416,565,680.06	2,353,211,332.32	106,217,263.65	2,246,994,068.67	111,949,330.50
1872	7,926,797.26	430,530,431.52	2,253,251,328.78	103,470,798.43	2,149,780,530.35	103,988,463.00
1873	51,929,710.26	472,069,332.94	2,234,482,993.20	129,020,932.45	2,105,462,060.75	98,049,804.00
1874	3,216,590.26	509,543,128.17	2,251,690,468.43	147,541,314.74	2,104,149,153.69	98,796,004.50
1875	11,425,820.26	498,182,411.69	2,232,284,531.95	142,243,361.82	2,090,041,170.13	96,855,690.50
1876	3,902,420.26	465,807,196.89	2,180,395,067.15	119,469,726.70	2,060,925,340.45	96,104,269.00
1877	16,648,860.26	476,764,031.84	2,205,301,392.10	186,025,960.73	2,019,275,431.37	93,160,643.50
1878	5,594,560.26	455,875,682.27	2,256,205,892.53	256,823,612.08	1,999,382,280.45	94,654,472.50
1879	37,015,630.26	410,835,741.78	2,245,495,072.04	249,080,167.01	1,996,414,905.03	83,773,778.50
1880	7,621,455.26	388,800,815.37	2,120,415,370.63	201,088,622.88	1,919,326,747.75	79,633,981.00
1881	6,723,865.26	422,721,954.32	2,069,013,569.58	249,368,415.35	1,819,650,154.23	75,018,695.50
1882	16,260,805.26	438,241,788.77	1,918,312,994.03	243,289,519.78	1,675,023,474.25	57,360,110.75
1883	7,831,415.26	538,111,162.81	1,884,171,728.07	345,389,902.92	1,538,781,825.15	51,436,709.50
1884	19,656,205.26	584,308,868.31	1,830,528,923.57	391,985,928.18	1,438,542,995.39	47,926,432.50
1885	4,100,995.26	663,712,927.88	1,863,964,873.14	488,612,429.23	1,375,352,443.91	47,014,133.00
1886	9,704,445.26	619,344,468.52	1,775,063,012.78	492,917,173.34	1,282,145,840.44	45,510,098.00
1887	6,115,165.26	629,795,077.37	1,657,602,592.63	482,433,917.21	1,175,168,675.42	41,780,529.50
1888	2,496,095.26	739,840,389.32	1,692,858,984.58	629,854,089.85	1,063,004,894.73	38,991,935.25
1889	1,911,485.26	787,287,446.97	1,619,052,922.23	643,113,172.01	975,939,750.22	33,752,354.60
1890	1,815,805.26	825,011,289.47	1,552,140,204.73	661,355,834.20	890,784,370.53	29,417,603.15
1891	1,614,705.26	933,852,766.35	1,545,996,591.61	694,083,839.83	851,912,751.78	23,615,735.80
1892	2,785,875.26	1,000,648,939.37	1,588,464,144.63	746,937,681.03	841,526,463.60	22,893,883.20
1893	2,094,060.26	958,854,525.87	1,545,985,686.13	707,016,210.38	838,969,475.75	22,894,194.00
1894	1,851,240.26	995,360,506.42	1,632,253,636.68	732,940,256.13	899,313,380.55	25,394,385.60
1895	1,721,590.26	958,197,332.99	1,676,120,983.25	774,448,016.51	901,672,966.74	29,140,792.40
1896	1,636,890.26	920,839,543.14	1,769,840,323.40	814,543,069.70	955,297,253.70	34,387,265.60
1897	1,346,880.26	968,960,655.64	1,817,672,665.90	825,649,765.87	992,022,900.03	34,387,315.20

NOTE 1.—Annual interest charge computed on amount of outstanding principal at close of fiscal year, and is exclusive of interest charge on Pacific railway bonds.

NOTE 2.—The figures for July 1, 1879, were made up assuming pending funding operations to have been completed.

NOTE 3.—The temporary loan per act of July 11, 1862, is included in the 4 percents from 1862 to 1868, inclusive, with the exception of the amount outstanding August 31, 1865, this being the date at which the public debt reached its highest point. This loan bore interest from 4 per cent to 6 per cent, and was redeemable on ten days' notice after thirty days; but being constantly changing, it has been considered more equitable to include the whole amount outstanding as bearing 4 per cent interest on an average for the year.

TABLE D.—STATEMENT OF THE ISSUE AND REDEMPTION OF LOANS AND TREASURY NOTES (BY WARRANTS) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

	Issues.	Redemptions.	Excess of issues.	Excess of redemptions.
Two-year notes of 1863, act of Mar. 3, 1863		$50.00		$50.00
Five-twenties of 1862, act of Feb. 25, 1862		2,500.00		2,500.00
Loan of July and Aug., 1861, acts of July 17 and Aug. 5, 1861		3,900.00		3,900.00
Legal-tender notes, acts of Feb. 25 and July 11, 1862, Jan. 7 and Mar. 3, 1863	$59,620,000.00	59,620,000.00		
Gold certificates, acts of Mar. 3, 1863, and July 12, 1882	10,000.00	4,046,020.00		4,036,020.00
One-year notes of 1863, act of Mar. 3, 1863		210.00		210.00
Compound-interest notes, acts of Mar. 3, 1863, and June 30, 1864		1,300.00		1,300.00
Loan of 1863, act of Mar. 3, 1863		500.00		500.00
Ten-forties of 1864, act of Mar. 3. 1864		1,000.00		1,000.00
Seven-thirties of 1861, act of July 17, 1861		1,000.00		1,000.00
Seven-thirties of 1864 and 1865, acts of June 30, 1864, and Mar. 3, 1865		150.00		150.00
Consols of 1865, act of Mar. 3, 1865		13,150.00		13,150.00
Consols of 1867, act of Mar. 3, 1865		25,350.00		25,350.00
Consols of 1868, act of Mar. 3, 1865		400.00		400.00
Funded loan of 1881, acts of July 14, 1870, Jan. 20, 1871, and Jan. 14, 1875		1,500.00		1,500.00
Certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872	105,730,000.00	75,970,000.00	$29,760,000.00	
Silver certificates, act of Feb. 28, 1878	178,432,000.00	145,572,000.00	32,860,000.00	
Refunding certificates, act of Feb. 26, 1879		2,010.00		2,010.00
Loan of 1882, act of July 12, 1882		1,600.00		1,600.00
Fractional currency, acts of July 17, 1862, Mar. 3, 1863, and June 30, 1864		3,482.00		3,482.00
Funded loan of 1891, acts July 14, 1870, Jan. 21, 1871, and Jan. 14, 1875		237,400.00		237,400.00
Funded loan of 1907, acts July 14, 1870, Jan. 20, 1871, and Jan. 14, 1875	3,250.00		3,250.00	
Treasury notes of 1890, act of July 14, 1890	30,686,000.00	45,502,000.00		14,816,000.00
Redemption of national-bank notes, act July 14, 1890	15,448,970.00	11,092,355.50	4,356,614.50	
Bonds issued to Pacific railroads, acts July 1, 1862, and July 2, 1864		11,083,000.00		11,083,000.00
Total	389,930,220.00	353,180,877.50	66,979,864.50	30,230,522.00
Excess of issues				66,979,864.50
Excess of redemptions				30,230,522.00
Net excess of issues charged in receipts and expenditures				36,749,342.50

TABLE E.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE PURCHASE AND REDEMPTION OF BONDS ON ACCOUNT OF THE SINKING FUND DURING EACH FISCAL YEAR FROM ITS INSTITUTION IN MAY, 1869, TO AND INCLUDING JUNE 30, 1897.

Year ended—	Principal redeemed.	Premium paid.	Net cost in currency.	Net cost estimated in gold.	Interest due at close of fiscal year.	Accrued interest paid in coin.	Balance of interest due at close of fiscal year.
JUNE 30, 1869.							
Five-twenties of 1862	$1,621,000.00	$253,822.84	$1,874,822.84	$1,349,970.02	$16,210.00	$7,384.60	$8,825.40
Five-twenties of March, 1864	70,000.00	11,725.00	81,725.00	57,552.82	700.00	218.63	481.37
Five-twenties of June, 1864	1,051,000.00	161,946.45	1,212,946.45	873,205.61	10,500.00	1,470.42	9,039.58
Five-twenties of 1865	465,000.00	74,969.00	539,969.00	387,566.28	4,650.00	2,683.54	1,966.46
Consols, 1865	461,000.00	73,736.80	534,736.80	387,903.26	13,830.00	429.04	13,400.96
Consols, 1867	4,718,000.00	749,208.08	5,467,208.08	3,948,586.11	141,540.00	116,032.35	25,507.65
Consols, 1868	305,000.00	49,442.50	354,442.50	256,653.20	9,150.00	8,173.98	976.02
Total	8,691,000.00	1,374,850.67	10,065,850.67	7,261,437.30	196,590.00	136,392.56	60,197.44
JUNE 30, 1870.							
Five-twenties of 1862	3,542,050.00	493,479.42	4,035,529.42	3,263,099.51	160,919.50	45,994.49	114,925.01
Five-twenties of March, 1864	85,000.00	15,742.87	100,742.87	75,658.54	5,350.00	1,080.99	4,269.01
Five-twenties of June, 1864	3,971,400.00	506,189.91	4,477,589.91	3,647,628.29	165,834.00	49,946.00	115,888.00
Five-twenties of 1865	2,790,250.00	361,735.43	3,151,985.43	2,606,636.20	105,257.50	37,113.53	68,143.97
Consols, 1865	11,532,150.00	1,454,778.37	12,986,928.37	10,080,736.97	495,421.50	145,518.29	349,903.21
Consols, 1867	5,882,550.00	861,763.73	6,744,313.73	5,309,800.90	302,734.50	66,111.51	236,622.99
Consols, 1868	348,500.00	53,363.95	401,863.95	308,573.16	19,380.00	5,238.73	14,141.27
Total	28,151,900.00	3,747,053.68	31,898,953.68	25,893,143.57	1,254,897.00	351,003.54	903,893.46
JUNE 30, 1871.							
Five-twenties of 1862	2,792,950.00	227,607.56	3,020,557.56	2,680,209.05	145,975.00	36,657.80	109,317.20
Five-twenties of March, 1864	29,500.00	2,277.20	31,777.20	28,590.88	1,240.00	388.35	851.65
Five-twenties of June, 1864	3,967,350.00	340,509.63	4,307,879.63	3,847,182.42	201,375.00	51,703.46	149,671.54
Five-twenties of 1865	6,768,600.00	574,923.00	7,343,523.00	6,525,231.42	331,933.50	92,259.58	239,673.92
Consols, 1865	10,222,200.00	850,949.79	11,073,149.79	9,762,387.78	522,117.00	109,455.28	412,661.72
Consols, 1867	6,103,050.00	541,559.41	6,644,609.41	5,800,618.37	351,528.00	76,745.93	274,782.07
Consols, 1868	52,600.00	4,784.61	57,384.61	49,797.81	3,096.00	572.13	2,512.87
Total	29,936,250.00	2,542,631.20	32,478,881.20	28,694,017.73	1,557,264.50	367,782.53	1,189,481.97
JUNE 30, 1872.							
Five-twenties of 1862	6,417,850.00	764,055.21	7,181,905.21	6,345,391.98	427,849.00	75,179.43	352,669.57
Five-twenties of March, 1864	127,100.00	14,959.03	142,059.03	126,123.46	8,894.00	1,338.70	7,555.30
Five-twenties of June, 1864	3,604,650.00	438,656.16	4,043,306.16	3,573,223.63	246,001.50	57,449.80	188,551.70
Five-twenties of 1865	3,635,200.00	436,838.70	4,072,038.70	3,594,747.85	246,562.00	37,817.37	208,744.63

Consols, 1865	11,788,900.00	1,436,989.46	13,225,889.46	11,660,785.89	707,334.00	149,248.21	558,085.79
Consols, 1867	6,958,900.00	833,600.15	7,792,500.15	6,863,777.39	417,534.00	108,487.92	309,046.08
Consols, 1868	85,850.00	9,951.63	95,801.63	84,595.02	5,151.00	1,386.95	3,764.05
Total	32,618,450.00	3,935,050.34	36,553,500.34	32,248,645.22	2,059,325.50	430,908.38	1,628,417.12
JUNE 30, 1873.							
Five-twenties of 1862	7,137,100.00	925,783.87	8,062,883.87	7,089,542.58	431,450.50	101,960.57	329,489.93
Five-twenties of March, 1864	50,000.00	7,372.50	57,372.50	49,780.91	3,509.00	813.70	2,686.30
Five-twenties of June, 1864	3,741,150.00	480,684.37	4,221,834.37	3,715,211.22	223,270.50	42,216.46	181,054.04
Five-twenties of 1865	1,959,850.00	250,635.93	2,210,485.93	1,943,488.93	120,266.50	23,744.47	96,522.03
Consols, 1865	10,768,250.00	1,371,187.17	12,139,437.17	10,668,617.09	646,095.00	145,069.34	501,025.66
Consols, 1867	4,402,100.00	553,610.89	4,955,710.89	4,373,781.76	264,126.00	69,632.51	194,493.49
Consols, 1868	619,550.00	81,983.44	701,533.44	617,140.34	37,173.00	8,948.40	28,224.60
Total	28,678,000.00	3,671,258.17	32,349,258.17	28,457,562.83	1,725,881.50	392,385.45	1,333,496.05
JUNE 30, 1874.							
Five-twenties of 1862	1,421,700.00	161,219.79	1,582,919.79	1,415,391.05	99,519.00	31,743.95	67,775.05
Five-twenties of June, 1864	2,020,550.00	218,457.39	2,239,007.39	2,012,051.32	141,438.50	48,013.46	93,425.04
Five-twenties of 1865	1,247,250.00	135,577.95	1,382,827.95	1,241,571.69	87,307.50	29,348.19	57,959.31
Consols, 1865	3,393,650.00	360,964.62	3,754,614.62	3,374,934.42	203,619.00	46,489.33	157,129.67
Consols, 1867	4,051,000.00	432,348.18	4,483,348.18	4,029,975.86	243,060.00	55,976.97	187,083.03
Consols, 1868	802,300.00	86,505.62	888,805.62	798,926.40	48,138.00	11,014.38	37,123.62
Total	12,936,450.00	1,395,073.55	14,331,523.55	12,872,850.74	823,082.00	222,586.28	600,495.72
JUNE 30, 1875.							
Five-twenties of 1862	25,170,400.00			25,170,400.00	541,973.50	353,061.56	188,911.94
JUNE 30, 1876.							
Five-twenties of 1862	5,785,200.00			5,785,200.00	404,964.72	54,745.72	350,218.28
Five-twenties of June, 1864	10,869,600.00			10,869,600.00	760,872.00	171,966.33	588,905.67
Five-twenties of 1865	1,789,250.00			1,789,250.00	125,247.50	30,805.86	94,441.64
Total	18,444,050.00			18,444,050.00	1,291,083.50	257,517.91	1,033,565.59
JUNE 30, 1877.							
Five-twenties of 1862	81,200.00			81,200.00	4,352.25	1,181.67	3,170.58
Five-twenties of June, 1864	178,900.00			178,900.00	9,943.50	1,323.60	8,619.90
Five-twenties of 1865	180,350.00			180,350.00	9,519.00	3,141.08	6,377.92
Consols, 1865	6,050.00			6,050.00	181.50	108.97	72.53
Consols, 1867	1,000.00			1,000.00	30.00	21.20	8.80
Total	447,500.00			447,500.00	24,026.25	5,776.52	18,249.73

TABLE E.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE PURCHASE AND REDEMPTION OF BONDS ON ACCOUNT OF THE SINKING FUND, ETC:—Continued.

Year ended—	Principal redeemed.	Premium paid.	Net cost in currency.	Net cost estimated in gold.	Interest due at close of fiscal year.	Accrued interest paid in coin.	Balance of interest due at close of fiscal year.
JUNE 30, 1878.							
Five-twenties of 1862	$17,900.00			$17,900.00	$966.00	$192.65	$773.35
Five-twenties of June, 1864	15,900.00			15,900.00	834.00	78.41	755.59
Five-twenties of 1865	2,350.00			2,350.00	129.00	40.92	88.08
Consols, 1865	23,600.00			23,600.00	1,416.00	273.35	1,142.65
Consols, 1867	5,700.00			5,700.00	342.00	134.76	207.24
Consols, 1868	8,500.00			8,500.00	510.00	89.83	420.17
Total	73,950.00			73,950.00	4,197.00	809.92	3,387.08
JUNE 30, 1879.							
Five-twenties of 1862	2,650.00			2,650.00	165.75	40.35	125.40
Five-twenties of June, 1864	3,150.00			3,150.00	94.50	18.53	75.97
Five-twenties of 1865	1,850.00			1,850.00	85.50	41.22	44.28
Consols, 1865	1,700.00			1,700.00	102.00	41.49	60.51
Consols, 1867	9,050.00			9,050.00	543.00	166.62	376.38
Consols, 1868	100.00			100.00	6.00	.56	5.44
Total	18,500.00			18,500.00	996.75	308.77	687.98
JUNE 30, 1880.							
Five-twenties of 1862	100.00			100.00	4.00	.67	3.33
Five-twenties of June, 1864	100.00			100.00	4.00	.49	3.51
Five-twenties of 1865	250.00			250.00	14.50	5.85	8.65
Ten-forties of 1864	676,050.00			676,050.00	28,168.75	12,872.65	15,296.10
Loan of February, 1861	2,837,000.00	$74,161.95		2,911,161.95	85,110.00	47,540.20	37,569.80
Loan of July and August, 1861	32,064,250.00	1,376,085.04		33,440,335.04	1,165,807.50	518,148.79	647,658.61
Loan of March, 1863	12,797,150.00	549,035.18		13,346,185.18	484,747.50	213,179.29	271,568.21
Oregon war debt	202,550.00	8,273.02		210,823.02	9,787.50	3,602.56	6,124.94
Funded loan of 1881	23,575,450.00	662,206.97		24,237,656.97	415,162.70	130,349.36	284,813.34
Funded loan of 1907	1,500,000.00	125,558.26		1,625,558.26	15,000.00	10,191.74	4,808.26
Total	73,652,900.00	2,795,320.42		76,448,220.42	2,203,806.45	935,951.60	1,267,854.85
JUNE 30, 1881.							
Five-twenties of 1862	3,000.00			3,000.00	210.00	80.22	129.78
Five-twenties of June, 1864	50.00			50.00	3.50	.25	3.25
Five-twenties of 1865	100.00			100.00	7.00	1.74	5.26
Loan of February, 1861	7,775,000.00	51,277.58		7,826,277.58	462,390.00	160,072.88	302,317.12

Loan of July and August, 1861	16,712,450.00	488,876.11		17,201,226.11	1,002,747.00	200,043.95	802,703.05
Loan of March, 1863	7,057,100.00	199,514.62		7,256,614.62	361,315.50	83,330.51	277,984.99
Oregon war debt	54,250.00	1,408.65		55,658.65	2,584.50	551.11	2,033.39
Funded loan of 1881	42,769,400.00	320,171.82		43,089,571.82	1,106,474.15	263,342.94	843,130.21
Total	74,371,350.00	1,061,248.78		75,432,598.78	2,935,731.65	707,423.60	2,228,308.05
JUNE 30, 1882.							
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at 3½ per cent	55,215,850.00			55,215,850.00	1,368,894.64	579,493.12	789,401.50
Loan of March, 1863, continued at 3½ per cent	2,637,850.00			2,637,850.00	91,701.75	23,771.80	65,929.95
Funded loan of 1881, continued at 3½ per cent	1,000.00			1,000.00	23.33	2.78	20.55
Funded loan of 1881	2,224,450.00			2,224,450.00	115,717.53	6,771.83	108,945.70
Total	60,079,150.00			60,079,150.00	1,576,337.23	612,039.53	964,297.70
JUNE 30, 1883.							
Five-twenties of 1862	100.00			100.00	5.50	14.18	8.68
Funded loan of 1881	41,300.00			41,300.00	1,716.66	138.13	1,578.53
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at 3½ per cent	661,750.00			661,750.00	20,760.25	5,293.40	15,466.85
Loan of March, 1863, continued at 3½ per cent	34,128,150.00			34,128,150.00	1,171,034.37	186,913.66	984,120.71
Funded loan of 1881, continued at 3½ per cent	10,019,400.00			10,019,400.00	233,862.12	137,402.11	96,460.01
Total	44,850,700.00			44,850,700.00	1,427,378.90	329,761.48	1,097,617.42
JUNE 30, 1884.							
Five-twenties of 1862	200.00			200.00	9.50	13.35	3.85
Funded loan of 1881	5,200.00			5,200.00	187.08	164.24	22.84
Loan of March, 1863, continued at 3½ per cent	422,550.00			422,550.00	14,789.25	2,823.94	11,965.31
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at 3½ per cent	566,250.00			566,250.00	19,818.75	7,069.86	12,748.89
Funded loan of 1881, continued at 3½ per cent	33,221,450.00			33,221,450.00	1,018,176.97	276,923.93	741,253.04
Loan of July 12, 1882	12,553,950.00			12,553,950.00	240,130.13	31,884.61	208,245.52
Total	46,769,600.00			46,769,600.00	1,293,111.68	318,879.93	974,231.75
JUNE 30, 1885.							
Five-twenties of 1862	4,000.00			4,000.00	85.00	701.96	616.96
Five-twenties of 1864	100.00			100.00	4.00	.49	3.51
Funded loan of 1881	1,100.00			1,100.00	36.67	50.51	13.84
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at 3½ per cent	52,250.00			52,250.00	1,269.62	588.85	680.77
Loan of March, 1863, continued at 3½ per cent	18,000.00			18,000.00	499.62	87.92	411.70
Funded loan of 1881, continued at 3½ per cent	230,500.00			230,500.00	5,347.70	1,416.28	3,931.42
Loan of July 12, 1882	45,282,200.00			45,282,200.00	1,153,460.88	268,821.31	884,639.57
Total	45,588,150.00			45,588,150.00	1,160,703.49	271,667.32	889,036.17

TABLE E.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE PURCHASE AND REDEMPTION OF BONDS ON ACCOUNT OF THE SINKING FUND, ETC.—Continued.

Year ended—	Principal redeemed.	Premium paid.	Net cost in currency.	Net cost estimated in gold.	Interest due at close of fiscal year.	Accrued interest paid in coin.	Balance of interest due at close of fiscal year.
JUNE 30, 1886.							
Oregon war debt	$100.00			$100.00	$1.50	$18.00	$16.50
Loan of July and August, 1861	2,500.00			2,500.00	53.25	99.00	45.75
Loan of 1863	1,100.00			1,100.00	31.50	33.00	1.50
Five-twenties of 1862	67,500.00			67,500.00	1,425.00	14,399.00	12,974.00
Five-twenties of 1864	4,300.00			4,300.00	85.25	31.14	54.11
Five-twenties of 1865	300.00			300.00	6.00	2.02	3.98
Ten-forties of 1864	14,250.00			14,250.00	356.25	278.80	77.45
Consols of 1865	15,900.00			15,900.00	419.25	842.29	423.04
Consols of 1867	26,950.00			26,950.00	662.25	2,070.75	1,408.50
Consols of 1868	12,250.00			12,250.00	203.25	570.04	366.79
Funded loan of 1881	49,800.00			49,800.00	826.50	868.55	42.05
Loan of 1882	44,044,800.00			44,044,800.00	435,942.00	220,617.44	215,324.57
Loan of 1863, continued at 3½ per cent	4,100.00			4,100.00	123.00	31.32	91.68
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at 3½ per cent	96,750.00			96,750.00	2,848.50	1,560.76	1,287.74
Funded loan of 1881, continued at 3½ per cent	190,750.00			190,750.00	4,704.13	1,065.34	3,638.79
Total	44,531,350.00			44,531,350.00	447,687.64	242,487.45	205,200.19
JUNE 30, 1887.							
Loan of 1882	47,748,750.00			47,748,750.00	1,375,653.00	223,676.38	1,151,976.62
Ten-forties of 1864	1,300.00			1,300.00	84.17	119.50	35.33
Funded loan of 1881	3,100.00			3,100.00	110.83	166.80	55.97
Loan of July and August, 1861	28,700.00			28,700.00	1,722.00	861.00	861.00
Five-twenties of 1862	650.00			650.00	45.50	58.12	12.62
Five-twenties of 1865	8,000.00			8,000.00	560.00	473.92	86.08
Loan of February, 1861	2,000.00			2,000.00	120.00	60.00	60.00
Loan of 1863	13,400.00			13,400.00	804.00	402.00	402.00
Consols of 1865	18,200.00			18,200.00	1,092.00	2,147.16	1,055.16
Consols of 1867	34,000.00			34,000.00	2,040.00	3,333.69	1,293.69
Consols of 1868	500.00			500.00	30.00	270.25	240.25
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at 3½ per cent	1,500.00			1,500.00	52.50	22.58	29.92
Loan of 1863, continued at 3½ per cent	8,500.00			8,500.00	297.50	60.31	237.19
Funded loan of 1881, continued at 3½ per cent	25,600.00			25,600.00	926.33	213.17	713.16
Total	47,894,200.00			47,894,200.00	1,383,537.83	231,864.88	1,151,672.95
JUNE 30, 1888.							
Loan of 1882	18,880,500.00			18,880,500.00	660,630.00	94,660.88	565,969.12
Funded loan of 1891	19,455,400.00	$1,555,966.17		21,011,366.17	794,247.00	95,098.43	699,148.57

Funded loan of 1907	5,389,250.00	1,296,049.71		6,685,299.71	203,293.00	43,817.79	159,475.21
Total	43,725,150.00	2,852,015.88		46,577,165.88	1,658,170.00	233,577.10	1,424,592.00
JUNE 30, 1889.							
Oregon war debt	1,150.00			1,150.00	69.00	39.00	30.00
Loan of July and August, 1861	500.00			500.00	30.00	15.00	15.00
Loan of 1882	57,900.00			57,900.00	1,709.25	354.94	1,354.31
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at 3½ per cent	3,000.00			3,000.00	105.00	20.42	84.58
Loan of 1863, continued at 3½ per cent	100.00			100.00	3.50	.91	2.59
Funded loan of 1891	12,153,850.00	844,918.01		12,998,768.01	480,076.12	39,397.68	440,678.44
Funded loan of 1907	26,839,650.00	7,672,222.29		34,511,872.29	1,011,368.00	180,452.69	830,915.31
Total	39,056,150.00	8,517,140.30		47,573,290.30	1,493,360.87	220,280.64	1,273,080.23
JUNE 30, 1890.							
Loan of 1882	4,050.00			4,050.00	119.25	11.39	107.86
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at 3½ per cent	1,000.00			1,000.00	35.00	16.88	18.12
Funded loan of 1881	3,000.00			3,000.00	137.50	109.14	28.36
Funded loan of 1891	12,136,750.00	710,666.79		12,847,416.79	537,523.68	69,588.99	467,934.69
Funded loan of 1907	27,695,600.00	7,536,058.37		35,231,658.37	1,045,804.50	156,655.13	889,149.37
Total	39,840,400.00	8,246,725.16		48,087,125.16	1,583,619.93	226,381.53	1,357,238.40
JUNE 30, 1891.							
Loan of 1882	6,300.00			6,300.00	183.00	44.76	138.24
Loan of July and August, 1861	950.00			950.00	57.00	28.50	28.50
Loan of 1863	100.00			100.00	6.00	3.00	3.00
Funded loan of 1891	27,860,400.00	69,945.63		27,930,345.63	1,075,088.24	1,156,413.38	81,325.14
Funded loan of 1907	16,134,000.00	3,790,140.65		19,924,140.65	645,641.50	54,310.28	591,331.22
Total	44,001,750.00	3,860,086.28		47,861,836.28	1,720,975.74	1,210,799.92	510,175.82
JUNE 30, 1892.							
War-bounty scrip	50.00			50.00	2.25	1.42	.83
Loan of 1860	10,000.00			10,000.00	250.00	250.00	
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at 3½ per cent	10,650.00			10,650.00	370.12	93.30	276.82
Loan of 1863, continued at 3½ per cent	50.00			50.00	1.75	.15	1.60
Funded loan of 1881	350.00			350.00	11.67	26.76	15.09
Funded loan of 1881, continued at 3½ per cent	500.00			500.00	10.79	4.25	6.54
Loan of 1882	15,700.00			15,700.00	218.00	53.64	164.36
Funded loan of 1891	24,225,800.00			24,225,800.00	1,085,419.69	179,940.75	905,478.94
Funded loan of 1891, continued at 2 per cent	47,700.00			47,700.00	792.38	41.93	750.45
Total	24,310,800.00			24,310,800.00	1,087,076.65	180,412.20	906,664.45

TABLE E.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE PURCHASE AND REDEMPTION OF BONDS ON ACCOUNT OF THE SINKING FUND, ETC.—Continued.

Year ended—	Principal redeemed.	Premium paid.	Net cost in currency.	Net cost estimated in gold.	Interest due at close of fiscal year.	Accrued interest paid in coin.	Balance of interest due at close of fiscal year.
JUNE 30, 1893.							
War-bounty scrip	$25.00			$25.00	$0.75	$0.75	
Loan of February, 1861	1,000.00			1,000.00	30.00	90.00	$60.00
Loan of July and August, 1861	7,600.00			7,600.00	228.00	2,358.00	2,130.00
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at 3½ per cent	2,000.00			2,000.00	35.00	24.74	10.26
Loan of 1863, continued at 3½ per cent	1,000.00			1,000.00	17.50	8.10	9.40
Funded loan of 1881, continued at 3½ per cent	1,000.00			1,000.00	23.33	.86	22.47
Loan of 1882	76,850.00			76,850.00	2,653.75	377.80	2,275.95
Funded loan of 1891	511,700.00			511,700.00	16,580.99	5,977.72	10,603.27
Total	601,175.00			601,175.00	19,569.32	8,837.97	10,731.35
JUNE 30, 1894.							
Loan of July and August, 1861	100.00			100.00	6.00	3.00	3.00
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at 3½ per cent	18,000.00			18,000.00	630.00	270.99	359.01
Funded loan of 1881	1,000.00			1,000.00	158.33	151.51	6.82
Funded loan of 1881, continued at 3½ per cent	15,400.00			15,400.00	359.33	134.75	224.58
Loan of 1882	4,400.00			4,400.00	73.00	22.29	50.71
Funded loan of 1891	176,000.00			176,000.00	6,278.81	1,721.51	4,557.30
Total	214,900.00			214,900.00	7,505.47	2,304.05	5,201.42
JUNE 30, 1895.							
Loan of July and August, 1861	7,400.00			7,400.00	325.50	321.00	4.50
Loan of 1863	3,000.00			3,000.00	90.00	90.00	
Funded loan of 1881	3,100.00			3,100.00	163.33	454.64	291.31
Funded loan of 1881, continued at 3½ per cent	2,500.00			2,500.00	36.46	19.99	16.47
Loan of 1882	7,350.00			7,350.00	97.12	47.47	49.65
Funded loan of 1891	96,200.00			96,200.00	3,509.04	1,810.73	1,698.31
Total	119,550.00			119,550.00	4,221.45	2,743.83	1,477.62

JUNE 30, 1896.							
Oregon war debt	50.00			50.00	12.00	12.00	
Loan of July and August, 1861	500.00			500.00	30.00	15.00	15.00
Loan of 1863	500.00			500.00	30.00	15.00	15.00
Funded loan of 1881	3,200.00			3,200.00	394.17	397.43	3.26
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at 3½ per cent	2,000.00			2,000.00	70.00	35.00	35.00
Loan of 1882	3,200.00			3,200.00	41.50	22.10	19.40
Funded loan of 1891	58,150.00			58,150.00	2,876.41	1,159.68	1,716.73
Total	67,600.00			67,600.00	3,454.08	1,656.21	1,797.87
JUNE 30, 1897.							
Loan of July and August, 1861	2,400.00			2,400.00	2,175.00	2,169.00	6.00
Five-twenties of 1862	1,000.00			1,000.00	520.00	486.74	33.26
Loan of 1863	500.00			500.00	30.00	15.00	15.00
Funded loan of 1881	500.00			500.00	16.67	1.37	15.30
Funded loan of 1881, continued at 3½ per cent	1,000.00			1,000.00	23.33	8.75	14.58
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at 3½ per cent	1,500.00			1,500.00	43.75	25.03	18.72
Loan of July 12, 1882	1,600.00			1,600.00	32.00	10.49	21.51
Funded loan of 1891	237,400.00			237,400.00	13,426.16	7,178.20	6,247.96
Total	245,900.00			245,900.00	16,266.91	9,894.58	6,372.33
Grand total	815,087,225.00	$43,998,454.43	$157,677,967.61	836,835,369.21	29,501,832.79	8,265,497.24	21,236,335.55

TABLE F.—SINKING FUND ACCOUNT FOR FISCAL YEAR 1897.

DR.					CR.
July 1, 1896	To balance from last year	$194,904,309.93	June 30, 1897	By principal of bonded debt redeemed in 1897	$245,900.00
	To 1 per cent on the principal of the public debt on June 30, 1896, less coin and currency certificates, Treasury notes, and cash available for reduction of the debt, viz, $1,122,729,350.40	11,227,293.50		By accrued interest thereon	9,894.58
				By fractional currency and notes redeemed in 1897	6,192.00
				By accrued interest thereon	353.92
June 30, 1897	To interest on redemption prior to fiscal year 1897	40,055,822.62		By balance	245,941,736.33
	To interest on $252,092, amount of debt "paid" during fiscal year 1897	16,650.78			
		246,204,076.83			246,204,076.83

TABLE G.—POPULATION, NET REVENUE, AND NET EXPENDITURES OF THE GOVERNMENT FROM 1837 TO JUNE 30, 1897, AND PER CAPITA OF THE REVENUES AND PER CAPITA OF EXPENDITURES.

Year.	Population.	Net revenue.	Per capita on revenue.	Net expenses.	Per capita on expenditures.
1837	15,655,000	$24,954,153.00	$1.59	$37,243,496.00	$2.38
1838	16,112,000	26,302,562.00	1.63	33,865,059.00	2.10
1839	16,584,000	31,482,750.00	1.90	26,899,128.00	1.62
1840	17,069,453	19,480,115.00	1.14	24,317,579.00	1.42
1841	17,591,000	16,860,160.00	.96	26,565,873.00	1.51
1842	18,132,000	19,976,197.00	1.10	25,205,761.00	1.39
1843 (six months)	18,694,000	8,302,702.00	.89	11,858,075.00	1.27
1844	19,276,000	29,321,374.00	1.62	22,337,571.00	1.16
1845	19,878,000	29,970,106.00	1.51	22,937,408.00	1.15
1846	20,500,000	29,699,968.06	1.45	27,766,925.00	1.35
1847	21,143,000	26,495,769.00	1.25	57,281,412.00	2.71
1848	21,805,000	35,735,779.00	1.64	45,377,225.00	2.08
1849	22,489,000	31,208,143.00	1.39	45,051,657.00	2.00
1850	23,191,876	43,603,439.00	1.88	39,543,492.00	1.71
1851	23,995,000	52,559,304.00	2.19	47,709,017.00	1.99
1852	24,802,050	49,846,816.00	2.01	44,194,919.00	1.78
1853	25,615,000	61,587,054.00	2.40	48,184,111.00	1.88
1854	26,433,000	73,800,341.00	2.79	58,044,862.00	2.20
1855	27,256,000	65,350,575.00	2.40	59,742,668.60	2.19
1856	28,083,000	74,056,699.00	2.64	69,571,026.00	2.48
1857	28,916,000	68,965,313.00	2.38	67,795,708.00	2.34
1858	29,753,000	46,655,366.00	1.57	74,185,270.00	2.49
1859	30,596,000	53,486,466.00	1.75	69,070,977.00	2.26
1860	31,443,321	56,064,608.00	1.78	63,130,598.00	2.01
1861	32,064,000	41,509,930.00	1.29	66,546,645.00	2.08
1862	32,704,000	51,987,455.00	1.59	474,761,819.00	14.52
1863	33,365,000	112,697,291.00	3.38	714,740,725.00	21.42
1864	34,046,000	264,626,772.00	7.77	865,322,614.00	25.42
1865	34,748,000	333,714,605.00	9.60	1,297,555,224.00	37.34
1866	35,469,000	558,032,620.00	15.73	520,809,417.00	14.68
1867	36,211,000	490,634,010.00	13.55	357,542,675.00	9.87
1868	36,973,000	405,038,083.00	10.97	377,340,285.00	10.21
1869	37,756,000	370,943,747.00	9.82	322,865,278.00	8.55
1870	38,558,371	411,255,478.00	10.67	309,653,561.00	8.03
1871	39,555,000	383,323,945.00	9.69	292,177,188.00	7.39
1872	40,596,000	374,106,868.00	9.22	277,517,963.00	6.84
1873	41,677,000	333,738,205.00	8.01	290,345,245.00	6.97
1874	42,796,000	304,978,755.00	7.13	302,633,873.00	7.07
1875	43,951,000	288,000,051.00	6.55	274,623,393.00	6.25
1876	45,137,000	294,095,865.00	6.52	265,101,085.00	5.87
1877	46,353,000	281,406,419.00	6.07	241,334,475.00	5.21
1878	47,598,000	257,763,379.00	5.42	236,964,327.00	4.98
1879	48,866,000	273,827,184.00	5.60	166,947,884.00	5.46
1880	50,155,783	333,526,611.00	6.65	267,642,958.00	5.34
1881	51,316,000	360,782,293.00	7.00	260,712,888.00	5.08
1882	52,495,000	403,525,250.00	7.68	257,981,440.00	4.91
1883	53,693,000	398,287,582.00	7.41	265,408,138.00	4.94
1884	54,911,000	348,519,870.00	6.36	244,126,244.00	4.44
1885	56,148,000	323,690,706.00	5.76	260,226,935.00	4.63
1886	57,404,000	336,439,727.00	5.86	242,483,138.00	4.22
1887	58,680,000	371,403,277.00	6.33	267,932,179.00	4.56
1888	59,974,000	379,266,075.00	6.32	a 267,924,801.00	4.46
1889	61,289,000	387,050,059.00	6.31	b 299,288,978.00	4.88
1890	62,522,250	403,080,982.00	6.43	318,040,710.00	5.07
1891	63,975,000	392,612,447.31	6.14	365,773,905.35	5.71
1892	65,516,000	354,937,784.24	5.42	345,023,330.58	5.27
1893	66,946,000	385,819,628.78	5.76	383,477,954.49	5.73
1894	68,397,000	297,722,019.25	4.37	367,525,279.83	5.37
1895	69,878,000	313,390,075.11	4.48	356,195,298.29	5.10
1896	71,390,000	326,976,200.38	4.58	352,179,446.08	4.93
1897	72,937,000	347,721,705.16	4.77	365,774,159.57	5.01

a This includes $8,270,842.46 of "premiums on purchase of bonds."
b This includes $17,292,362.65 of "premiums on purchase of bonds."
c This includes $20,304,224.06 of "premiums on purchase of bonds."
d This includes $10,401,220.61 of "premiums on purchase of bonds."

NOTE.—The net revenue and expenses and per capita on revenues for 1891 were erroneously stated by the Register of the Treasury in his reports for 1891, 1892, and 1893. (See Finance Reports for those years, pp. 845, 767, and 906.)

TABLE H.—INTERNAL AND CUSTOMS REVENUE AND EXPENSES OF COLLECTING, FROM 1858 TO 1897.

Year ending June 30—	Internal revenue.			Customs revenue.		
	Revenue.	Expenses of collecting. *a*		Revenue.	Expenses of collecting. *b*	
	Dollars.	*Dollars.*	*Per cent.*	*Dollars.*	*Dollars.*	*Per cent.*
1858	(*c*)	(*c*)	(*c*)	41,789,620.96	2,903,336.89	6.94
1859	(*c*)	(*c*)	(*c*)	49,565,824.38	3,407,931.77	6.85
1860	(*c*)	(*c*)	(*c*)	53,187,511.87	3,337,188.15	6.27
1861	(*c*)	(*c*)	(*c*)	39,582,125.64	2,843,455.84	7.18
1862	(*c*)	(*c*)	(*c*)	49,056,397.62	3,276,560.39	6.67
1863	37,640,787.95	108,685.00	.29	69,059,642.40	3,181,026.17	4.60
1864	109,741,134.10	253,372.99	.23	102,316,152.99	4,192,582.43	4.09
1865	209,461,215.25	385,239.52	.18	84,928,260.00	5,415,449.32	6.39
1866	309,226,813.42	5,783,128.77	1.87	179,046,651.58	5,342,469.99	2.98
1867	266,027,537.43	7,335,029.81	2.77	176,417,810.88	5,763,979.01	3.26
1868	191,087,589.41	8,705,366.36	4.55	164,464,599.56	7,641,116.68	4.65
1869	158,356,460.86	7,257,176.11	4.59	180,048,426.63	5,388,082.31	2.99
1870	184,899,756.49	7,253,439.81	3.92	194,538,374.44	6,233,747.68	3.20
1871	143,098,153.63	7,593,714.17	5.30	206,270,408.05	6,568,350.61	3.18
1872	130,642,177.72	5,694,116.86	4.36	216,370,286.77	6,950,173.88	3.21
1873	113,729,314.14	5,340,230.00	4.69	188,089,522.70	7,077,864.70	3.76
1874	102,409,784.90	4,509,976.05	4.40	163,103,833.69	7,321,469.94	4.49
1875	110,007,493.58	4,289,442.71	3.89	157,167,722.35	7,028,521.80	4.47
1876	116,700,732.03	3,942,613.72	3.38	148,071,984.61	6,704,858.09	4.53
1877	118,630,407.83	3,556,943.85	2.99	130,956,493.07	6,501,037.57	4.96
1878	110,581,624.74	3,280,162.22	2.96	130,170,680.20	5,826,974.32	4.47
1879	113,561,610.58	3,527,956.56	3.10	137,250,047.70	5,477,421.52	3.96
1880	124,009,373.92	3,657,105.10	2.95	186,522,064.60	6,023,253.53	3.23
1881	135,264,385.51	4,327,793.24	3.20	198,159,676.02	6,383,288.10	3.22
1882	146,497,595.45	4,097,241.34	2.80	220,410,730.25	6,506,359.26	2.95
1883	144,720,368.98	4,424,707.39	3.06	214,706,496.93	6,593,509.43	3.07
1884	121,586,072.51	4,216,847.26	3.47	195,067,489.76	6,709,485.76	3.44
1885	112,498,725.54	3,853,035.94	3.42	181,471,939.34	6,494,847.29	3.58
1886	116,805,936.48	3,578,679.42	3.06	192,905,023.44	6,427,612.67	3.33
1887	118,823,391.22	3,826,507.98	3.22	217,286,893.13	6,855,801.74	3.16
1888	124,296,871.98	3,626,038.91	2.92	219,091,173.63	7,156,187.77	3.27
1889	130,881,513.92	3,770,388.72	2.88	223,832,741.69	7,030,487.00	3.14
1890	142,606,705.81	3,780,950.41	2.65	229,668,584.57	6,859,986.09	2.98
1891	145,686,249.44	4,003,485.65	2.75	219,522,205.23	6,964,367.09	3.17
1892	153,971,072.57	3,879,082.31	2.52	177,452,964.15	6,646,276.05	3.74
1893	161,027,623.93	4,144,927.02	2.57	203,355,016.73	6,756,790.98	3.32
1894	147,111,232.81	3,749,029.22	2.55	131,818,530.62	6,791,872.86	5.15
1895	143,421,672.02	3,754,935.45	2.62	152,158,617.45	6,736,690.92	4.43
1896	146,762,864.74	3,846,887.55	2.62	160,021,751.67	7,237,796.40	4.52
1897	146,688,574.29	3,606,798.85	2.46	176,554,126.65	7,075,372.05	4.01

a The cost of collecting the internal revenue embraces the following items: Salaries and expenses of collectors, including pay of deputy collectors, clerks, etc., and including expenses incident to enforcing the provisions of law taxing oleomargarine; salaries and expenses of revenue agents, surveyors of distilleries, gaugers, storekeepers, and miscellaneous expenses; paper for internal-revenue stamps, and expenses of detecting and punishing violations of internal-revenue laws.

b The expenses of collecting the revenue from customs includes all sums drawn from the appropriation made by Congress for that purpose. The money is expended for salaries, rents, labor in weighing, gauging, and measuring imported merchandise, revenue boatmen, repairs, and other expenses incident to rented buildings, stationery, and the traveling expenses of special agents, but does not include expenditures for revenue cutters, fuel, lights, water, furniture, janitors, etc., for buildings owned by the Government, nor expenditures for erecting new buildings, all of which are paid for from specific appropriations made for those purposes.

The expenses of collecting internal and customs revenue do not include the expenditures for salaries, etc., incident to auditing these accounts in the Departments at Washington.

c No data.

TABLE I.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES OF THE GOVERNMENT BY MONTHS; THE LEGAL-TENDER NOTES, NET GOLD, AND AVAILABLE CASH IN THE TREASURY AT THE END OF EACH MONTH; THE MONTHLY REDEMPTION OF LEGAL-TENDER NOTES IN GOLD, AND THE IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD, FROM JANUARY, 1879, TO JUNE, 1897, INCLUSIVE.

Month.	Revenues, exclusive of postal.	Expenditures, exclusive of postal, principal of debt, and premium.	Surplus revenues.	Legal-tender notes in Treasury.	Net gold in Treasury.	Available cash balance, including net gold.	Legal-tender notes redeemed in gold.	Imports of gold.	Exports of gold.
1879—January	$20,757,406	$32,478.888	* $11,721,482	$30,579,531	$116,674,227	$336,449,861	$1,571,725	$274,707	$346,096
February	19,344,163	17,895,024	1,449,139	44,494,973	116,886,279	428,961,460	909,249	137,386	115,513
March	20,750,080	21,510,883	* 760,803	50,684,669	117,162,166	405,411,570	952,766	188,500	76,985
April	19,786,565	18,042,282	1,744,283	39,539,823	118,809,680	432,746,833	699,773	170,894	426,310
May	27,232,288	26,694,264	537,924	51,670,442	121,300,140	475,663,096	1,339,883	185,225	350,003
June	25,562,892	20,030,982	5,531,910	45,036,904	119,956,655	379,542,919	2,503,302	143,338	1,441,060
Total for 6 months	137,368,329	134,058,342	3,309,987				7,976,698	1,100,050	2,755,967
July	25,723,768	45,029,627	* 19,305,859	23,541,466	120,320,583	245,608,019	954,800	251,381	349,779
August	26,883,496	25,504,087	1,379,409	36,222,606	126,537,690	212,035,932	981,400	6,723,313	350,664
September	26,521,394	23,194,771	3,326,623	18,933,254	154,763,795	202,957,575	603,485	27,528,082	132,443
October	27,171,283	19,984,917	7,186,366	17,327,567	157,140,114	203,411,712	740,295	19,178,631	285,826
November	24,861,029	23,920,051	940,978	16,388,454	147,247,977	193,147,767	77,499	17,423,834	105,999
December	24,628,968	16,354,599	8,274,369	12,570,494	146,194,182	192,297,126	122,359	6,562,650	134,768
1880—January	29,827,580	28,152,650	1,674,930	11,614,562	143,340,027	190,203.772	71,500	795,568	226,205
February	27,809,648	20,045,821	7,763,827	15,054,093	136,995,458	188,960,589	72,080	464,473	149,612
March	30,326,695	13,320,440	17,006,255	15,760,081	135,766,551	193,084,807	43,000	892,180	1,166,679
April	30,103,369	18,333,183	11,770,186	17,489,280	130,726,640	191,789,673	16,000	166,432	89,192
May	29,000,101	14,382,225	14,617,876	18,183,020	120,699,196	193,998,696	51,000	123,580	106,497
June	27,621,089	21,311,525	6,309,564	18,785,559	118,181,527	188,670,884	47,200	648,272	541,361
Total for 12 months	333,526,611	264,847,637	68,678,974				3,780,638	80,758,396	3,639,025
July	34,521,013	35,532,121	* 1,011,108	19,024,124	115,274,646	186,190,329	25,000	244,330	61,886
August	32,864,049	23,487,616	9,376,433	20,444,849	120,018,180	189,613,598	22,000	9,145,390	90,909
September	30,101,835	18,386,706	11,715,129	17,263,613	127,764,733	186,802,191	150,000	18,846,998	80,914
October	28,095,209	21,995,004	6,100,205	13,793,993	133,278,253	181,042,437	9,000	16,256,058	169,871
November	25,612,967	21,924,410	3,688,557	11,124,937	143,981,139	180,921,571	12,000	9,555,391	220,759
December	28,006,721	19,657,441	8,349,280	8,761,818	150,213,716	184,354,528	25,000	16,506,026	158,574
1881—January	29,055,013	28,037,306	1,017,707	10,551,616	148,052,809	180,848,303	15,000	4,739,902	30,415
February	27,539,571	16,756,475	10,783,096	14,566,601	166,808,853	208,099,302	13,750	577,478	271,379
March	29,494,308	20,558,547	8,935,761	14,773,198	167,639,263	205,791,774	.....	7,169,774	160,786
April	30,807,779	21,546.376	9,261,403	14,672.086	164,358,554	204,622,204	.....	15,351,980	88,593
May	31,881,650	21,692,639	10,189,011	16,062,305	157,893,879	204,144,327	.....	1,315,777	614,498
June	30,265,206	14,291,767	15,973,439	18,554,092	157,412,141	213,635,823	.....	322,155	616,548
Total for 12 months	360,782,293	259,651,639	101,130,654				271,750	100,031,259	2,565,132

July	33,896,016	34,471,542	*575,526	19,099,910	149,163,355	201,544,433		750,852	112,361
August	37,537,864	25,135,462	12,402,402	19,870,869	164,098,402	199,900,146		5,427,196	178.648
September	34,125,621	16,421,052	17.704,569	19,025,132	169,122,025	204,520,280		10,660,641	148,166
October	35,910,843	23,260,892	12,649,951	18,206,769	167,785,609	191,888,136		8,295,490	176,941
November	28,703,605	20,051,328	8,652,277	17,411,078	173,025,684	193,806,619		3,059,202	97,124
December	30,695,316	16,296,797	14,398,519	16,452,800	167,429,348	199,614,433		2,728,173	108,084
1882—January	33,150,162	24,370,271	8,779,891	17,384,394	159,972,569	190,533,247	40,000	1,134,040	102,219
February	30,916,324	22,073,826	8,842,498	18,256,850	168,585,554	197,166,334		468,825	7,231,393
March	33,815,909	14,871,444	18,944,465	17,446,415	161,290,437	198,137,431		839,566	3,228,840
April	34,468,580	21,245,558	13,223,022	17,637,824	149,997,982	194,050,480		551,301	2,342,449
May	36,128,081	27,157,422	8,970,659	19,873,690	148,932,626	191,861,776		214,626	13,289,404
June	31,786,789	16,459,073	15,327,716	21,425,589	143,477,370	195,892,419		257,142	5,572,251
Total for 12 months	403,525,250	257,981,440	145,543,810				40,000	34,377,054	32,587,880
July	36,333,726	29,417,846	6,920,880	22,749,590	140,062,590	194,192,970		162,202	4,754,422
August	39,862,619	29,668,245	10,194,374	24,068,941	144,311.881	195,469,614		424,878	1,637,212
September	36,847,587	21,488,119	15,359,468	21,408,158	147,831,667	198,541,173	75,000	1,135,799	229,849
October	32,162,383	20,977,505	11,184,878	19,854,196	148,435,473	203,642,301		3,835,410	104,616
November	30,199,652	24,596,228	5,603,424	20,756,392	144,809,314	207,509,753		2,241,787	52,725
December	30,416,578	16,554,913	13,861,665	18,879,395	131,989,758	204,969,309		2,146,952	175,699
1883—January	32,045,466	22,217,007	9,828,459	21,162,237	125,648,195	200,045,520		1,309,639	34,000
February	28,562,177	24,663,250	3,898,927	21,614,817	135,107,161	186,218,388		291,011	745,715
March	32,306,235	24,291,289	8,014,946	20,413,561	141,308,204	191,553,558		3,244,859	284,180
April	26,164,511	26,790,120	*625,609	20,919,623	139,439,242	185,555,568		2,311,351	2,050,215
May	31,439,594	27,258,533	4,181,061	21,681,825	133,718,103	180,529,237		232,015	935,106
June	34,373,966	16,012,384	18,361,632	23,438,839	138,271,198	197,177,342		398,246	597,149
Total for 12 months	398,287,582	265,408,138	132,879,444				75,000	17,734,149	11,600.888
July	32,000,813	37,609,830	*5,609,017	24,747,646	142,705,435	201,122,999		429,754	100,870
August	31,188,202	26,175,668	5,012,534	25,736,766	149,625,435	199,090,167		1,977,354	132,323
September	30,143,701	14,427,989	15,715,712	25,324,420	151,115,603	203,175,412		2,233,272	196,345
October	31,037,269	21,976,111	9,061,158	24,568,037	157,353,760	204,491,640		4,261,430	132,530
November	26,309,742	25,598,046	711,696	25,509,644	157,235,708	198,122,405		4,368,818	403,368
December	25,030,279	12,055,437	12,974,842	25,164,249	155,429,599	198,698,241		1,003,212	436,969
1884—January	27,820,145	19,950,931	7,869,214	25,321,189	144,350,736	204,184.200		525,413	153,766
February	27,406.013	25,306,612	2,099,401	27,683,632	144,038,203	199,102.212		422,304	3,411,157
March	28,070,739	12,146,297	15,924,442	30,949,652	142,259,357	206,510,463	380,000	903,201	12,224,135
April	27,309,812	23,938,337	3,371.475	30,845,833	139,624,821	206,087,499	30,000	3,010,429	21,047,525
May	30,371,894	19,771,318	10,600,576	27,701,841	142,206,908	200,985,324		1,626,531	2,711,864
June	26,932,088	16,116,114	10,815,974	27,993,802	133,729,954	200,764,698	180,000	2,074,599	131,105
Total for 12 months	348,519,870	244,126,244	104,393,626				590,000	22,831,317	41,081,957
July	29,273,994	33,669,398	*4,395,404	29,562,990	119,048,061	193,111,148		2,283,103	159,106
August	31,366,509	27,694,326	3,672,183	26,573,554	122,465,717	195,657,070		2,758,300	175,619
September	29,229,119	17,173,912	12,055,207	20,894,873	130,514,382	204,247.262		1,477,672	77,350
October	26,189,428	23,345,061	2,844,367	16.172,172	134,670,790	203,537,189		2,451,402	192,533
November	22,235,568	21,374,428	861,140	9,625,683	138,015,071	194,624,455	100,000	8,192,904	443,529
December	22,835,045	21,856,261	978,784	11,739,575	141,688,432	192,198,215	120,000	2,231,799	220,557

*Excess of expenditures.

TABLE I.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES OF THE GOVERNMENT BY MONTHS, ETC.—Continued.

Month.	Revenues, exclusive of postal.	Expenditures exclusive of postal, principal of debt, and premium.	Surplus revenues.	Legal-tender notes in Treasury.	Net gold in Treasury.	Available cash balance, including net gold.	Legal-tender notes redeemed in gold.	Imports of gold.	Exports of gold.
1885—January	$25,872,129	$21,160,424	$4,711,705	$13,873,469	$125,187,595	$194,554,277	$460,000	$2,074,923	$1,446,326
February	24,093,399	19,222,957	4,870,442	18,726,822	127,346,553	199,744,172	215,000	1,887,965	1,635,828
March	26,310,735	24,844,630	1,466,105	20,473,288	125,793,257	199,386,144	995,000	1,756,597	833,082
April	26,063,927	26,684,586	*620,659	21,465,690	117,927,395	200,536,203	.....	782,533	1,157,995
May	28,709,136	23,597,525	5,111,611	23,492,109	115,810,533	205,713,201	.....	564,735	1,393,975
June	27,157,016	15,255,658	11,901,358	15,462,379	120,298,895	217,198,975	332,000	229,763	741,992
Total for 12 months	323,690,706	260,226,935	63,463,771	.....	.....	.....	2,222,000	26,691,696	8,477,892
July	26,767,293	33,683,234	*6,915,941	16,998,997	126,078,596	215,350,735	464,500	588,412	1,329,570
August	28,064,261	23,792,525	4,271,736	24,793,656	128,371,928	219,646,977	105,200	733,907	359,317
September	29,971,026	16,013,054	13,957,972	27,944,332	133,113,324	233,206,722	91,900	2,986,116	151,568
October	28,872,905	21,533,673	7,339,232	27,550,341	142,338,589	243,565,741	48,300	1,323,811	139,120
November	25,381,164	23,584,936	1,796,228	25,735,643	146,391,486	245,769,440	85,300	5,096,358	438,460
December	25,757,702	15,032,713	10,724,989	27,941,200	147,991,809	257,887,815	130,200	5,620,191	1,789,974
1886—January	24,737,858	22,753,131	1,984,727	33,300,389	136,086,610	265,217,967	63,500	1,705,841	2,581,674
February	25,971,994	22,205,315	3,766,679	32,277,292	144,164,038	265,914,243	126,200	986,384	5,654,309
March	30,076,168	13,981,676	16,094,492	30,289,485	151,379,525	275,765,409	647,800	840,337	9,920,761
April	26,871,590	21,052,775	5,818,815	26,088,774	155,865,308	278,349,307	514,600	350,751	4,812,256
May	27,751,724	17,356,327	10,395,397	26,289,098	156,304,709	281,911,856	1,754,100	248,550	7,395,039
June	32,510,620	21,690,993	10,819,627	22,868,317	156,793,749	287,513,959	2,832,099	262,691	8,380,143
Total for 12 months	336,439,727	242,483,138	93,956,589	.....	.....	.....	6,863,699	20,743,349	42,952,191
July	29,636,971	29,403,011	233,960	21,939,142	158,933,205	283,393,146	1,296,339	582,052	1,175,311
August	32,195,326	28,908,867	3,286,459	35,579,647	157,732,289	281,514,029	1,446,269	4,958,557	130,765
September	31,686,702	20,583,192	11,103,510	36,519,081	157,917,211	279,844,031	239,200	4,994,609	308,360
October	29,538,498	23,474,961	6,063,537	30,967,305	158,537,179	278,970,868	173,200	5,412,995	264,012
November	27,576,103	25,657,709	1,918,394	29,548,188	163,930,220	274,182,628	146,000	9,310,607	355,245
December	28,622,815	18,483,715	10,139,100	23,169,326	170,912,414	279,521,562	110,200	11,655,807	305,347
1887—January	28,395,921	23,384,902	5,011,019	24,283,682	168,475,361	281,584,675	104,600	3,535,928	628,993
February	29,773,878	25,485,121	4,288,757	25,689,202	175,130,262	279,779,423	125,640	143,611	1,677,397
March	33,358,165	21,627,371	11,730,794	21,159,938	181,939,848	282,878,549	174,250	577,965	2,444,926
April	30,076,657	20,229,703	9,846,954	20,225,474	180,902,431	286,028,531	142,230	329,278	1,494,246
May	33,834,282	22,409,349	11,424,933	21,767,376	186,667,774	291,144,324	175,825	903,939	296,269
June	33,070,985	14,959,888	18,111,097	20,013,797	186,875,669	304,316,868	90,320	505,253	620,316
Total for 12 months	371,463,278	267,932,180	103,471,098	.....	.....	.....	4,224,073	42,910,601	9,701,187

July	30,814,872	35,136,924	*4,322,052	19,633,740	186,306,330	291,986,110	115,700	2,177,752	495,776
August	35,619,116	28,252,786	7,366,330	21,157,539	193,274,194	290,746,562	149,820	5,978,776	241,961
September	33,859,806	17,027,786	16,832,020	17,610,212	192,717,947	289,063,662	135,160	14,089,274	175,917
October	31,803,172	19,711,467	12,091,705	15,261,067	202,859,832	296,071,378	43,790	12,889,682	312,503
November	29,128,568	28,375,989	752,579	16,318,220	211,880,526	295,527,449	46,390	1,952,593	390,136
December	29,059,804	12,980,554	16,079,250	15,424,425	208,608,130	312,105,882	36,220	1,805,248	365,986
1888—January	30,773,207	21,866,896	8,906,311	18,015,469	202,955,184	321,585,692	19,250	395,471	624,290
February	31,151,931	19,898,468	11,253,463	22,267,087	212,869,914	329,595,323	30,924	1,014,068	1,667,018
March	28,867,873	16,621,207	12,246,666	24,170,623	218,818,253	341,167,639	14,021	2,270,840	2,113,510
April	29,851,790	24,418,972	5,432,818	28,491,614	213,239,994	341,408,468	38,950	748,164	958,087
May	32,918,202	25,076,375	7,841,827	33,928,200	200,301,129	327,846,974	49,371	319,279	7,876,774
June	32,490,777	15,212,079	17,278,698	37,983,204	193,866,247	335,627,012	13,000	293,170	3,154,276
Total for 12 months	379,266,075	259,653,959	119,612,116				692,596	43,934,317	18,376,234
July	31,204,898	35,983,765	*4,778,867	39,825,740	194,592,280	331,612,468	78,990	347,046	3,829,852
August	34,623,181	22,812,916	11,810,265	41,580,303	206,383,036	333,528,534	69,363	207,843	191,130
September	31,698,174	14,824,580	16,873,594	40,628,963	197,713,116	321,637,944	22,433	1,275,356	323,425
October	31,966,204	28,091,756	3,874,448	36,813,320	191,074,575	295,388,421	57,071	1,222,189	686,472
November	28,590,107	35,553,665	*6,963,558	35,202,956	199,339,134	274,748,209	30,226	1,960,847	5,376,262
December	30,160,263	14,964,389	15,195,874	30,875,860	203,885,219	283,955,835	51,582	906,500	7,725,351
1889—January	34,077,696	25,902,351	8,175,345	29,446,498	194,655,264	281,795,807	31,350	649,006	1,197,080
February	30,133,169	32,933,380	*2,800,220	29,300,511	196,245,980	266,404,441	16,407	817,400	1,478,208
March	31,013,991	16,773,339	14,240,652	25,051,231	197,874,422	273,679,979	19,240	680,359	4,392,584
April	31,458,799	20,576,029	10,882,770	23,770,137	191,589,112	272,025,039	14,800	805,753	3,176,014
May	35,773,199	23,978,333	11,794,866	27,790,387	192,252,715	275,109,610	139,369	753,894	13,445,033
June	32,757,908	13,527,113	19,230,795	29,601,085	186,711,560	287,531,010	199,312	658,665	18,130,874
Total for 12 months	387,050,059	281,996,616	105,053,443				730,143	10,284,858	59,952,285
July	31,886,200	41,700,438	*9,814,238	30,364,366	182,218,164	274,000,688	79,936	856,332	5,281,786
August	34,470,905	34,530,859	*59,954	32,325,935	180,654,670	251,773,370	16,475	497,927	420,176
September	31,416,291	14,190,018	17,226,273	21,170,258	189,196,423	254,206,227	12,124	2,409,691	289,580
October	32,492,608	26,307,260	6,185,348	17,303,501	187,572,386	248,512,435	370,028	796,988	2,233,463
November	30,716,967	23,169,459	7,547,508	14,819,022	187,496,672	242,633,405	18,698	1,773,767	575,742
December	29,595,504	23,191,021	6,404,483	6,673,925	190,833,052	233,524,103	41,809	1,304,850	312,920
1890—January	34,661,158	25,772,455	8,888,703	7,606,224	177,386,285	228,835,040	111,295	1,059,837	460,969
February	30,866,218	24,103,794	6,762,424	9,593,865	187,988,948	229,309,201	10,893	1,476,433	1,170,690
March	34,778,181	15,540,141	19,238,040	6,919,657	185,287,715	228,689,876	9,513	1,622,432	1,456,824
April	34,017,041	20,234,006	4,783,035	7,209,411	186,235,572	227,213,755	19,464	478,353	1,052,355
May	35,443,552	26,422,413	9,021,139	9,892,799	190,544,854	228,336,445	30,164	280,902	288,620
June	37,546,892	14,641,383	22,905,509	11,804,190	190,232,405	245,612,464	11,987	385,830	3,731,366
Total for 12 months	403,080,983	297,736,487	105,344,496				732,386	12,943,342	17,274,491
July	37,999,466	36,694,820	1,304,646	12,163,412	184,092,074	234,069,918	45,220	1,195,054	11,860,029
August	33,906,909	32,624,992	1,281,917	12,806,810	185,837,581	215,907,111	19,740	1,724,565	2,135,853
September	36,783,335	26,740,833	10,042,502	6,737,790	147,981,732	179,120,347	12,650	1,425,632	281,627
October	39,222,174	35,690,721	3,531,453	7,834,912	156,315,624	175,131,439	11,520	2,621,638	425,235
November	28,678,675	40,460,338	*11,781,663	6,874,864	162,439,381	164,386,294	24,873	1,926,401	567,152
December	31,106,165	18,043,079	13,063,086	5,389,348	148,972,935	163,242,409	31,954	6,033,013	632,354

* Excess of expenditures.

TABLE I.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES OF THE GOVERNMENT BY MONTHS, ETC.—Continued.

Month.	Revenues, exclusive of postal.	Expenditures, exclusive of postal, principal of debt, and premium.	Surplus revenues.	Legal-tender notes in Treasury.	Net gold in Treasury.	Available cash balance, including net gold.	Legal-tender notes redeemed in gold.	Imports of gold.	Exports of gold.
1891—January	$36 810, 233	$21, 479, 968	$15, 330, 265	$10, 697, 802	$141, 728, 097	$174, 983, 938	$47, 229	$1, 397, 918	$728, 246
February	29, 273, 173	29, 445, 669	*172, 496	10, 685, 586	149, 712, 824	168, 395, 989	41, 493	565, 304	4, 010, 146
March	29, 027, 455	29, 062, 737	*35, 282	4, 677, 045	148, 118, 150	163, 915, 855	66, 399	614, 170	5, 155, 736
April	25, 465, 232	23, 791, 108	1, 674, 124	5, 207, 344	141, 742, 241	161, 718, 803	41, 055	233, 318	14, 163, 116
May	27, 289, 306	27, 690, 327	*401, 021	9, 177, 337	133 207, 164	158, 886, 719	2, 288, 479	212, 648	39, 580, 760
June	31, 631, 850	33, 628, 103	*1, 996, 253	11, 366, 996	117, 667, 723	153, 893, 809	3, 355, 458	282, 906	15, 822, 400
Total for 12 months	392, 612, 447	355, 372, 685	37, 239, 762	.....	.....	.....	5, 986, 070	18, 232, 567	86, 362, 654
July	34, 158, 245	38, 100, 294	*3, 942, 049	10, 833. 409	121, 113, 024	155, 783, 717	1, 835, 912	1, 029, 148	6, 662, 674
August	28, 773, 981	19, 537, 484	9, 236, 497	14, 467, 265	132, 471, 409	160, 274, 395	297, 633	1, 394, 755	172, 168
September	27, 165, 554	22, 267, 038	4, 898, 516	9, 150, 717	132, 523, 222	144, 987, 969	242, 820	7, 451, 428	345, 290
October	28, 448, 562	30, 650, 811	*2, 202, 249	5, 613, 813	127, 674, 422	139, 671, 919	763, 059	16, 897, 947	809, 595
November	26, 802, 888	26, 156, 048	646. 840	5, 528. 073	129, 193, 224	139, 126, 919	406, 094	8, 871, 717	381, 949
December	27, 646, 516	30, 424, 728	*2, 778, 212	5, 679. 710	130, 740, 631	134, 574, 129	317, 966	6, 018, 851	254, 501
1892—January	30, 383, 479	34, 175, 350	*3, 791, 871	5, 338, 384	119, 574, 905	131, 368, 461	312, 053	552, 014	246, 466
February	30, 698, 945	25, 962, 726	4, 736, 219	4, 716, 987	122, 122, 113	132, 162, 204	476, 200	2, 826, 962	6, 507, 180
March	29, 836, 606	27, 784, 217	2, 052, 389	4, 932, 842	125, 815. 040	132, 898, 884	732. 731	3, 084, 406	6, 309, 956
April	26, 971, 224	30, 059, 632	*3, 088, 408	3, 412, 075	119, 909, 757	131, 518, 162	696, 726	487, 041	7, 521, 823
May	28, 228, 398	31, 732, 794	*3, 504, 396	4, 821, 028	114, 231, 883	126, 005, 887	622, 123	591, 159	3, 854, 222
June	30, 958, 618	27, 922, 412	3, 036, 206	8, 696, 590	114, 342, 367	126, 692, 377	2, 422, 526	494, 026	17, 129, 503
Total for 12 months	354, 937, 784	345, 023, 330	9, 914, 454	.....	.....	.....	9, 125, 843	49, 699 454	50, 195, 327
July	34, 314, 356	36, 333, 977	*2, 019, 621	11, 918, 607	110, 444, 391	127, 050, 286	9, 234, 705	542, 440	10, 782, 638
August	33, 479, 059	31, 440, 254	2, 038, 805	12, 191, 147	114, 156, 316	129, 152. 343	6, 140, 874	333, 282	6, 049, 981
September	31, 797, 629	28, 192, 423	3, 605, 206	12, 270, 343	119, 395, 509	131, 895, 918	4, 087, 799	1, 303, 536	3, 627, 663
October	31, 288, 540	31, 187, 962	100, 578	6, 094, 592	124, 206, 120	131, 011, 402	598, 865	3, 118, 330	484, 250
November	28, 739, 895	29, 640, 778	*900, 883	6, 597, 293	124, 409, 657	130, 328, 919	698, 146	2, 577, 212	1. 138, 647
December	33, 066, 964	33, 460, 000	*393, 036	11, 353, 443	121, 266, 663	129, 092, 590	10, 237, 812	1, 540, 538	12, 879, 727
1893—January	35, 003, 052	38, 351, 452	*3, 348. 400	16, 556, 021	108, 181, 713	125, 265, 067	11, 496, 617	370, 843	12, 584, 396
February	29, 698, 142	30, 866, 273	*1, 168, 131	18, 676, 514	103, 284, 219	124, 128, 089	13, 828, 664	1, 257, 539	14, 245, 607
March	34, 115, 810	31, 633. 482	2, 482, 328	19, 751, 069	106, 892, 224	125, 630, 728	4, 926, 453	6, 608, 437	8, 113, 428
April	28, 415, 368	33, 238, 886	*4, 823, 518	21, 324, 574	97, 011, 330	121, 482, 903	20, 051, 910	803, 985	19, 148, 964
May	30, 928, 858	30, 210, 787	718, 071	21, 388, 384	95, 048, 641	121, 565, 155	16, 547, 849	1, 708, 557	16. 914, 317
June	30, 717, 102	28, 775, 169	1, 941, 633	20, 398, 866	95, 485, 414	122, 462, 290	4, 250, 651	1, 009, 682	2, 711, 226
Total for 12 months	385, 819, 629	383, 477, 955	2, 341, 674	.....	.....	.....	102, 100, 345	21, 174, 381	108, 680, 844

July	30,905,776	39,675,889	*8,770,113	18,943,822	99,202,933	117,887,566	1,036,015	5,950,613	174,212
August	23,890,885	33,305,228	*9,414,343	13,899,705	96,209,123	107,283,910	2,348,222	41,572,031	949,502
September	24,582,756	25,478,010	*895,254	8,746,951	93,582,172	[illegible]	340,727	6,678,945	1,436,882
October	24,553,395	29,588,792	*5,035,397	4,380,594	84,384,863	102,294,291	695,392	1,583,937	511,018
November	23,979,401	31,302,026	*7,322,625	4,890,567	82,959,049	95,199,616	516,372	4,471,575	331,743
December	22,312,027	30,058,261	*7,746,234	6,289,086	80,891,600	90,375,555	517,418	746,245	2,654,545
1894—January	24,082,739	31,309,670	*7,226,931	4,682,696	65,650,175	84,082,098	356,356	705,647	1,279,437
February	22,269,299	26,725,374	*4,456,075	17,227,906	106,527,068	138,662,364	19,193,354	2,140,982	3,209,317
March	24,842,798	31,137,560	*6,294,762	14,953,122	106,149,136	133,950,026	3,461,192	1,091,392	4,020,633
April	22,692,364	32,072,836	*9,380,472	16,754,286	100,202,209	125,097,787	7,666,127	2,321,661	11,723,771
May	23,066,994	29,779,141	*6,712,147	29,445,979	78,693,267	117,854,335	26,541,082	4,282,743	27,406,801
June	26,485,926	25,557,021	928,905	36,696,053	64,873,025	117,584,437	22,169,893	903,348	23,280,220
Total for 12 months	297,722,019	367,525,280	*69,803,261				84,842,150	72,449,119	76,978,061
July	34,809,340	36,648,583	*1,839,243	42,950,390	54,975,607	119,065,351	13,923,375	1,406,629	14,230,201
August	40,417,606	31,656,637	8,760,969	52,439,842	55,216,900	127,148,096	4,741,413	3,183,348	5,118,651
September	22,621,229	30,323,019	*7,701,790	53,756,428	58,875,317	119,919,718	936,518	655,595	237,477
October	19,139,240	32,713,040	*13,573,800	40,586,483	61,361,827	107,340,146	3,047,890	1,602,665	1,082,814
November	19,411,404	28,477,189	*9,065,785	39,039,691	105,424,569	144,507,606	7,799,747	1,935,601	428,213
December	21,866,137	27,135,461	*5,269,324	63,284,108	86,244,445	153,337,579	31,907,221	377,950	9,802,389
1895—January	27,804,400	34,523,447	*6,719,047	85,627,989	44,705,967	144,603,302	45,117,738	1,231,339	25,929,828
February	22,888,057	25,696,035	*2,807,978	84,223,215	87,085,511	178,197,587	5,560,952	5,632,197	1,565,194
March	25,470,576	25,716,957	*246,381	81,792,746	90,643,307	187,917,260	1,089,085	7,246,384	3,126,094
April	24,247,836	32,990,676	*8,742,840	69,736,082	91,247,145	180,817,916	1,017,571	4,923,371	2,893,610
May	25,272,078	28,558,214	*3,286,136	61,587,457	99,151,409	185,370,101	1,166,492	4,856,264	1,585,071
June	25,615,474	21,683,029	3,932,445	56,276,252	107,512,363	195,240,153	1,046,196	2,095,391	131,641
Total for 12 months	313,390,075	356,195,298	*42,805,223				117,354,198	†36,384,760	†66,468,481
July	29,069,698	38,548,064	*9,478,366	49,897,588	107,236,487	187,149,532	3,826,795	571,451	3,867,518
August	28,952,697	32,588,185	*3,635,488	57,647,881	100,329,837	184,039,157	16,564,067	1,534,086	16,667,261
September	27,549,678	24,320,482	3,229,196	79,107,454	92,911,974	185,405,365	17,377,484	749,456	17,424,065
October	27,901,748	34,503,425	*6,601,677	77,520,347	92,943,180	179,947,999	2,166,883	1,797,040	1,873,897
November	25,986,503	27,199,283	*1,212,780	90,156,477	79,333,966	177,406,386	16,034,590	591,309	14,059,497
December	26,288,938	25,814,317	474,621	106,264,654	63,262,268	178,027,200	20,212,695	1,310,448	15,481,347
1896—January	29,237,670	32,529,341	*3,291,671	99,113,271	49,845,508	171,591,780	16,448,508	10,367,940	10,566,526
February	26,059,228	26,749,956	*690,728	104,042,173	123,962,980	262,707,207	21,736,876	11,559,089	2,183,700
March	26,041,149	27,274,994	*1,233,845	112,234,848	128,646,461	271,641,748	6,856,546	677,733	384,080
April	24,282,893	28,987,382	*4,704,489	108,549,890	125,393,900	270,090,662	7,130,618	1,119,768	3,782,266
May	24,643,718	28,426,593	*3,782,875	120,993,035	108,345,234	267,193,210	22,039,547	604,498	19,103,913
June	27,794,219	25,444,789	2,349,430	123,855,577	101,699,605	267,432,097	8,261,347	837,669	6,915,066
Total for 12 months	326,976,200	352,179,446	*25,203,246				158,655,956	†33,525,065	†112,409,947
July	29,029,209	42,088,468	*13,059,259	102,125,226	110,718,746	256,158,473	17,285,078	1,505,928	11,908,141
August	25,562,097	35,701,677	*10,139,580	111,800,038	100,957,561	243,346,401	12,369,725	4,057,101	1,970,104
September	24,584,245	26,579,535	*1,995,290	98,868,949	124,034,672	241,154,457	4,661,446	34,159,130	61,050
October	26,282,830	33,978,277	*7,695,447	96,535,206	117,126,524	233,572,762	12,073,835	27,961,083	343,168
November	25,210,696	33,260,720	*8,050,024	75,034,912	131,510,353	225,357,098	4,062,410	7,344,228	423,399
December	25,857,114	23,812,665	2,044,449	70,628,317	137,316,544	228,320,380	1,131,846	2,567,115	405,856

*Excess of expenditures.

†Includes gold in ore.

TABLE I.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES OF THE GOVERNMENT BY MONTHS, ETC.—Continued.

Month.	Revenues, exclusive of postal.	Expenditures, exclusive of postal, principal of debt and premium.	Surplus revenues.	Legal-tender notes in Treasury.	Net gold in Treasury.	Available cash balance, including net gold.	Legal-tender notes redeemed in gold.	Imports of gold.	Exports of gold.
1897—January	$24,316,994	$30,269,389	*$5,952,395	$48,509,678	$144,800,493	$215,362,421	$946,068	$556,621	$371,944
February	24,400,997	28,796,057	*4,395,060	41,425,059	148,661,209	212,837,256	924,124	544,700	336,697
March	36,217,662	27,212,998	9,004,664	50,593,846	151,786,464	222,045,606	1,249,329	884,166	572,068
April	37,812,135	32,072,097	5,740,038	53,480,533	153,340,890	228,090,517	7,502,008	619,452	6,629,406
May	29,797,391	29,109,259	688,132	61,188,187	144,319,563	230,113,813	8,882,600	561,666	9,467,211
June	36,584,708	22,934,695	13,650,013	67,929,521	140,790,738	240,137,627	7,113,445	650,343	7,625,678
Total for 12 months	347,721,705	365,774,160	*18,052,455	.....	.....	.....	78,201,914	†85,013,575	†40,359,780

* Excess of expenditures.

† Includes gold in ore.

NOTE.—The revenues and expenditures by months are made up from partial reports, and, being subject to change by subsequent concentration of accounts, do not agree with the totals by years. The latter are the actual results, as shown by complete returns.

TABLE J.—STATEMENT OF THE NET DISBURSEMENTS (BY WARRANTS) DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

CIVIL.			
Congress		$4,516,777.31	
Executive		11,406,732.37	
Judiciary		6,344,797.27	
Government in the Territories		196,277.88	
Subtreasuries		433,878.88	
Public land offices		597,345.76	
Mints and assay offices		224,994.00	
Total civil			$23,720,803.47
FOREIGN INTERCOURSE.			
Diplomatic salaries		551,691.21	
Consular salaries		688,747.82	
Contingent expenses of foreign missions		107,007.97	
Contingencies of consulates		185,857.39	
Spanish indemnity		28,500.00	
Relief, protection, and rescuing shipwrecked American seamen		25,183.87	
Relief of destitute American citizens in Cuba		50,000.00	
International Union of American Republics		31,282.71	
Pay of consular officers for services to American vessels and seamen		22,856.59	
Emergencies arising in the diplomatic and consular service		18,517.30	
Commission on boundary between Venezuela and British Guiana		81,000.00	
Miscellaneous trust funds		98,072.69	
Commission on damages, Bering Sea		64,288.25	
Miscellaneous items		123,871.04	
Total foreign intercourse			2,076,876.84
MISCELLANEOUS.			
Public printing and binding		3,717,944.92	
Building, Government Printing Office		125,973.45	
Building, Library of Congress		450,000.00	
Payment of judgments, Court of Claims		726,552.53	
Contingent expenses, independent treasury		168,490.77	
Mint establishment		951,522.13	
Assessing and collecting internal revenue		3,517,596.01	
Paper for internal-revenue stamps		40,067.63	
Redemption of internal-revenue stamps		16,903.11	
Punishing violations of internal-revenue laws		49,135.21	
Refunds, reliefs, etc., under internal-revenue laws		25,910.69	
Allowance or drawback under internal-revenue laws		36,586.01	
Bounty on sugar		4,992,630.88	
Collecting revenue from customs:			
For the year 1897	$6,952,865.05		
For prior years	122,507.00		
Detection and prevention of frauds upon the customs revenue	75,541.38		
		7,150,913.43	
Refunding to importers excess of deposits		1,368,396.21	
Debentures and drawbacks under customs laws		2,359,748.15	
Revenue-Cutter Service		945,180.93	
Life-Saving Service		1,507,340.63	
Marine-Hospital Establishment		620,506.90	
Light-House Establishment		3,390,090.45	
Expenses of regulating immigration		325,210.85	
Salaries, shipping service		62,651.96	
Services to American vessels		21,071.47	
Enforcement of alien contract-labor laws		90,846.36	
Enforcement of Chinese exclusion act		85,550.62	
Revenue vessels		381,140.43	
Engraving and printing		1,130,561.59	
Coast and Geodetic Survey		380,865.52	
Steamboat-Inspection Service		339,561.18	
Custom-houses, court-houses, post-offices, etc		3,758,795.67	
Pay of assistant custodians and janitors of public buildings		749,109.91	
Fuel, lights, and water for public buildings		847,469.37	
Furniture and heating apparatus for public buildings		351,355.59	
Vaults, safes, locks, and plans for public buildings		36,677.72	
Distinctive paper for United States securities		100,686.27	
Expenses of Treasury notes		166,043.19	
Transportation and recoinage of coin		167,261.14	
Preventing the spread of epidemic diseases		32,677.89	
Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes		69,190.65	
Interstate Commerce Commission		235,891.36	
Expenses under Smithsonian Institution		127,551.75	
National Museum		195,740.14	
National Zoological Park		67,779.26	
Fish Commission, general expenses		428,827.27	
World's Columbian Exposition		21,928.17	
Cotton States and International Exposition at Atlanta		12,853.64	
Tennessee Centennial Exposition at Nashville		80,000.00	
Payment to Southern Pacific Company		1,542,839.49	

TABLE J.—STATEMENT OF THE NET DISBURSEMENTS (BY WARRANTS) DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

MISCELLANEOUS—Continued.

District of Columbia:			
General expenses	$5,871,741.49		
Water department, payable from the water fund	265,941.62		
Special trust funds	370,856.23		
		$6,508,539.34	
Buildings and grounds in Washington under Chief Engineer		150,528.84	
Fuel, lights, etc., State, War, and Navy Department building		37,459.60	
Care, maintenance, etc., of Washington Monument		11,484.47	
Increasing Washington, D. C., water supply		7,663.08	
Support and treatment of destitute patients		18,999.96	
Payment on account of Ford Theater disaster		13,890.00	
Purchase of building where Lincoln died		30,173.00	
Prevention of deposits in New York Harbor		58,905.63	
Photolithographing for the Patent Office		58,866.60	
Official Gazette, Patent Office		68,661.33	
Surveying public lands		209,038.93	
Surveying lands in the Indian Territory		215,847.70	
Contingent expenses of land offices		147,371.66	
Geological Survey		422,366.82	
Geological maps of the United States		65,580.11	
Protecting public lands, timber, etc		92,809.69	
Repayment for lands erroneously sold		74,015.65	
Deposits by individuals for surveying public lands		152,419.07	
Hot Springs Reservation, Arkansas		39,618.58	
Payment to settlers on Des Moines River lands		175,000.00	
Five, three, and two per cent funds to States		25,730.06	
Government Hospital for the Insane		296,046.16	
Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb		59,500.00	
Howard University		32,600.00	
Garfield Hospital		19,000.00	
Capitol building and grounds		182,862.50	
Interior Department building		4,893.72	
Colleges for agriculture and the mechanic arts		1,056,000.00	
Expenses of the Eleventh Census		25,817.73	
Congress of the Universal Postal Union		45,000.00	
Deficiency in the postal revenues		11,149,206.13	
Mail transportation, Pacific railroads		1,569,153.38	
Department of Agriculture		2,176,530.38	
Weather Bureau		848,949.64	
Payment of French spoliation claims		11,946.81	
Miscellaneous items		136,540.34	
		70,170,645.41	
Less excess of repayments to Pacific railroad sinking funds		5,567,057.90	
Total miscellaneous			$64,603,587.51

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

Indians	$13,016,802.46	
Pensions	141,053,164.63	
Total Interior Department		154,069,967.09

MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT.

Pay Department	$13,239,761.20
Pay Department, bounty and miscellaneous	483,771.16
Commissary Department	1,406,430.12
Quartermaster's Department	6,502,718.01
National cemeteries, roads, etc	217,747.59
Medical Department	225,658.04
Artificial limbs	564,970.21
Ordnance Department	1,689,490.26
Armories and arsenals	276,284.45
Armament of fortifications	3,337,398.55
Gun and mortar batteries	2,399,714.82
Military Academy	234,974.80
Fortifications	375,383.93
Improving rivers and harbors	13,682,703.81
Contingencies of the Army	6,721.66
Signal Service of the Army	22,043.16
Construction of military posts, roads, etc	352,947.33
Sewerage system, Fort Monroe, Va	11,054.31
Publication of Official Records of the War of the Rebellion	95,344.89
Support of Soldiers' Home	126,593.09
Soldiers' Home permanent fund and interest account	186,049.24
Support of National Homes for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers	3,054,268.01
Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Park	79,122.63
Shiloh National Park	30,719.91
Yellowstone National Park	40,000.00
Gettysburg National Park	62,690.75

TABLE J.—STATEMENT OF THE NET DISBURSEMENTS (BY WARRANTS) DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT—Continued.

Battle lines and sites for tablets at Antietam	$16,999.79	
Relief, etc., of flood sufferers, Mississippi River	99,152.86	
Miscellaneous items	129,553.31	
Total military establishment		$48,950,267.89

NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Pay, etc., of the Navy	$7,999,389.66	
Pay, miscellaneous	312,209.69	
Deposit fund	169,531.56	
Contingent, Navy	7,380.62	
Marine Corps	1,053,676.64	
Naval Academy	273,759.45	
Navigation	168,002.80	
Ordnance	887,139.00	
Equipment	1,455,594.46	
Yards and Docks	1,575,829.90	
Medicine and Surgery	311,329.48	
Supplies and Accounts	1,971,560.31	
Construction and Repair	2,292,056.16	
Steam Engineering	1,130,229.12	
Increase of the Navy	14,539,911.36	
Navy transportation, Pacific railroads	87,646.48	
General account of advances	308,908.04	
Miscellaneous items and reliefs	17,391.56	
Total naval establishment		$34,561,546.29
Interest on the public debt		37,791,110.48
Total net ordinary expenditures		365,774,159.57
Redemption of the public debt		353,180,877.50
Total expenditures		718,955,037.07
Balance in the Treasury June 30, 1897		864,790,237.71
Grand total		1,583,745,274.78

TABLE K.—STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS OF THE UNITED STATES FROM MARCH 4, 1789, 30) FROM

Year.	Balance in the Treasury at commencement of year.	Customs.	Internal revenue.	Direct tax.	Public lands.	Miscellaneous.
1791	.....	$4, 399, 473. 09	.....	.....	.....	$10, 478. 10
1792	$973, 905. 75	3, 443, 070. 85	$208, 942. 81	.....	.....	9, 918. 65
1793	783, 444. 51	4, 255, 306. 56	337, 705. 70	.....	.....	21, 410. 88
1794	753, 661. 69	4, 801, 065. 28	274, 089. 62	.....	.....	53, 277. 97
1795	1, 151, 924. 17	5, 588, 461. 26	337, 755. 30	.....	.....	28, 317. 97
1796	516, 442. 61	6, 567, 987. 94	475, 289. 60	.....	$4, 836. 13	1, 169, 415. 98
1797	888, 995. 42	7, 549, 649. 65	575, 491. 45	.....	83, 540. 60	399, 139. 29
1798	1, 021, 899. 04	7, 106, 061. 93	644, 357. 95	.....	11, 963. 11	58, 192. 81
1799	617, 451. 43	6, 610, 449. 31	779, 136. 44	.....	.....	86, 187. 56
1800	2, 161, 867. 77	9, 080, 932. 73	809, 396. 55	$734, 223. 97	443. 75	152, 712. 10
1801	2, 623, 311. 99	10, 750, 778. 93	1, 048, 033. 43	534, 343. 38	167, 726. 06	345, 649. 15
1802	3, 295, 391. 00	12, 438, 235. 74	621, 898. 89	206, 565. 44	188, 628. 02	1, 500, 505. 86
1803	5, 020, 697. 64	10, 479, 417. 61	215, 179. 69	71, 879. 20	165, 675. 69	131, 945. 44
1804	4, 825, 811. 60	11, 098, 565. 33	50, 941. 29	50, 198. 44	487, 526. 79	139, 075. 53
1805	4, 037, 005. 26	12, 936, 487. 04	21. 747. 15	21, 882. 91	540, 193. 80	40, 382. 30
1806	3, 999, 388. 99	14, 667, 698. 17	20, 101. 45	55, 763. 86	765, 245. 73	51, 121. 86
1807	4, 538, 123. 80	15, 845, 521. 61	13, 051. 40	34, 732. 56	466, 163. 27	38, 550. 42
1808	9, 643, 850. 07	16, 363, 550. 58	8, 190. 23	19, 159. 21	647, 939. 06	21, 822. 85
1809	9, 941, 809. 96	7, 257, 506. 62	4, 034. 29	7, 517. 31	442, 252. 33	62, 162. 57
1810	3, 848, 056. 78	8, 583, 309. 31	7, 430. 63	12, 448. 68	696, 548. 82	84, 476. 84
1811	2, 672, 276. 57	13, 313, 222. 73	2, 295. 95	7, 666. 66	1, 040, 237. 53	59, 211. 22
1812	3, 502, 305. 80	8, 958, 777. 53	4, 903. 06	859. 22	710, 427. 78	126, 165. 17
1813	3, 862, 217. 41	13, 224, 623. 25	4, 755. 04	3, 805. 52	835, 655. 14	271, 571. 00
1814	5, 196, 542. 00	5, 998, 772. 08	1, 662, 984. 82	2, 219, 497. 36	1, 135, 971. 09	164, 399. 31
1815	1, 727, 848. 63	7, 282, 942. 22	4, 678, 059. 07	2, 162, 673. 41	1, 287, 959. 28	285, 282. 84
1816	13, 106, 592. 88	36, 306, 874. 88	5, 124, 708. 31	4, 253, 635. 09	1, 717, 985. 03	273, 782. 35
1817	22, 033, 519. 19	26, 283, 348. 49	2, 678, 100. 77	1, 834, 187. 04	1, 991, 226. 06	109, 761. 08
1818	14, 989, 465. 48	17, 176. 385. 00	955, 270. 20	264, 333. 36	2, 606, 564. 77	57, 617, 71
1819	1, 478, 526. 74	20, 283, 608. 76	229, 593. 63	83, 650. 78	3, 274, 422. 78	57, 098. 42
1820	2, 079, 992. 38	15, 005, 612. 15	106, 260. 53	31, 586. 82	1, 635, 871. 61	61, 338. 44
1821	1, 198, 461. 21	13, 004, 447. 15	69, 027. 63	29, 349. 05	1, 212, 966. 46	152, 589. 43
1822	1, 681, 592. 24	17, 589, 761. 94	67, 665. 71	20, 961. 56	1, 803, 581. 54	452, 957. 19
1823	4, 237, 427. 55	19, 088, 433. 44	34, 242. 17	10, 337. 71	916, 523. 10	141, 129. 84
1824	9, 463, 922. 81	17, 878, 325. 71	34, 663. 37	6, 201. 90	984, 418. 15	127, 603. 60
1825	1, 946, 597. 13	20, 098, 713. 45	25, 771. 35	2, 330. 85	1, 216, 090. 56	130, 451. 81
1826	5, 201, 650. 43	23, 341, 331. 77	21, 589. 93	6, 638. 76	1, 393, 785. 09	94, 588. 66
1827	6, 358, 686. 18	19, 712, 283. 29	19, 885. 68	2, 626. 90	1, 495, 845. 26	1, 315, 722. 83
1828	6, 668, 286. 10	23, 205, 523. 64	17, 451. 54	2, 218. 81	1, 018, 308. 75	65, 126. 49
1829	5, 972, 435. 81	22, 681, 965. 91	14, 502. 74	11, 335. 05	1, 517, 175. 13	112, 648. 55
1830	5, 755, 704. 79	21, 922, 391. 39	12, 160. 62	16, 980. 59	2, 329, 356. 14	73, 227. 77
1831	6, 014, 539. 75	24, 224, 441. 77	6, 933. 51	10, 506. 01	3, 210, 815. 48	584, 124. 05
1832	4, 502, 914. 45	28, 465, 237. 24	11, 630. 65	6, 791. 13	2, 623, 381. 03	270, 410. 61
1833	2. 011, 777. 55	29, 032, 508. 91	2, 759. 00	394. 12	3, 967, 682. 55	470, 096. 67
1834	11, 702, 905. 31	16, 214, 957. 15	4, 196. 09	19. 80	4, 857, 600. 69	480, 812. 32
1835	8, 892, 858. 42	19, 391, 310. 59	10, 459. 48	4, 263. 33	14, 757, 600. 75	759, 972. 13
1836	26, 749, 803. 96	23, 409, 940. 53	370. 00	728. 79	24, 877, 179. 86	2, 245, 902. 23
1837	46, 708, 436. 00	11, 169, 290. 39	5, 493. 84	1, 687. 70	6, 776, 236. 52	7, 001, 444. 59
1838	37, 327, 252. 69	16, 158, 800. 36	2, 467. 27	.....	3, 730, 945. 66	6, 410, 348. 45
1839	36, 891, 196. 94	23, 137, 924. 81	2, 553. 32	755. 22	7, 361, 576. 40	979, 939. 86
1840	33, 157, 503. 68	13, 499, 502. 17	1, 682. 25	.....	3, 411, 818. 63	2, 567, 112. 28
1841	29, 963, 163. 46	14, 487, 216. 74	3, 261. 36	.....	1, 365, 627. 42	1, 004, 054. 75
1842	28, 685, 111. 08	18, 187, 908. 76	495. 00	.....	1, 335, 797. 52	451, 995. 97
1843*a*	30, 521, 979. 44	7, 046, 843. 91	103. 25	.....	898, 158. 18	285, 895. 92
1844	39, 186, 284. 74	26, 183, 570. 94	1, 777. 34	.....	2, 059, 939. 80	1, 075, 419. 70
1845	36, 742, 829. 62	27, 528, 112. 70	3, 517. 12	.....	2, 077, 022. 50	361, 453. 68
1846	36, 194, 274. 81	26, 712, 667. 87	2, 897. 26	.....	2, 694, 452. 48	289, 950. 13
1847	38, 261, 959. 65	23, 747, 864. 66	375. 00	.....	2, 498, 355. 20	220, 808. 30
1848	33, 079, 276. 43	31, 757, 070. 96	375. 00	.....	3, 328, 642. 56	612, 610. 69
1849	29, 416, 612. 45	28, 346, 738. 82	.....	.....	1, 688, 959. 55	685, 379. 13
1850	32, 827, 082. 69	39, 668, 686. 42	.....	.....	1, 859, 894. 25	2, 064, 308. 21
1851	35, 871, 753. 31	49, 017, 567. 92	.....	.....	2, 352, 305. 30	1, 185, 166. 11
1852	40, 158, 353. 25	47, 339, 326. 62	.....	.....	2, 043, 239. 58	464, 249. 40
1853	43, 338, 860. 02	58, 931, 865. 52	.....	.....	1, 667, 084. 99	988, 081. 17
1854	50, 261, 901. 09	64, 224, 190. 27	.....	.....	8, 470, 798. 39	1, 105, 352. 74
1855	48, 591, 073. 41	53, 025, 794. 21	.....	.....	11, 497, 049. 07	827, 731. 40
1856	47, 777, 672. 13	64, 022, 863. 50	.....	.....	8, 917, 644. 93	1, 116, 190. 81
1857	49, 108, 229. 80	63, 875, 905. 05	.....	.....	3, 829, 486. 64	1, 259, 920. 88
1858	46, 802, 855. 00	41, 789, 620. 96	.....	.....	3, 513, 715. 87	1, 352, 029. 13
1859	35, 113, 334. 22	49, 565, 824. 38	.....	.....	1, 756, 687. 30	1, 454, 596. 24
1860	33, 193, 248. 60	53, 187, 511. 87	.....	.....	1, 778, 557. 71	1, 088, 530. 25
1861	32, 979, 530. 78	39, 582, 125. 64	.....	.....	870, 658. 54	1, 023, 515. 31
1862	30, 963, 857. 83	49, 056, 397. 62	.....	1, 795, 331. 73	152, 203. 77	915, 327. 97
1863	46, 965, 304. 87	69, 059, 642. 40	37, 640, 787. 95	1, 485, 103. 61	167, 617. 17	3, 741, 794. 38
1864	36, 523, 046. 13	102, 316, 152. 99	109, 741, 134. 10	475, 648. 96	588, 333. 29	30, 291, 701. 86
1865	134 433, 738. 44	84, 928, 260. 60	209, 464, 215. 25	1, 200, 573. 03	996, 553. 31	25, 441, 556. 00

a For the half year from

TO JUNE 30, 1897, BY CALENDAR YEARS TO 1843 AND BY FISCAL YEARS (ENDED JUNE THAT TIME.

Year.	Dividends.	Net ordinary receipts.	Interest.	Premiums.	Receipts from loans and Treasury notes.	Gross receipts.	Unavailable.
1791	.....	$4,409,951.19	.....	.....	$361,391.34	$4,771,342.53	.....
1792	$8,028.00	3,669,960.31	.....	.....	5,102,498.45	8,772,458.76	.....
1793	38,500.00	4,652,923.14	.....	.....	1,797,272.01	6,450,195,15	.....
1794	303,472.00	5,431,904.87	.....	.....	4,007,950.78	9,439,855.65	.....
1795	160,000.00	6,114,534.59	$4,800.00	.....	3,396,424.00	9,515,758.59	.....
1796	160,000.09	8,377,529.65	42,800.00	.....	320,000.00	8,740,329.65	.....
1797	80,960.00	8,688,780.99	.....	.....	70,000.00	8,758,780.99	.....
1798	79,920.00	7,900,495.80	78,675.00	.....	200,000.00	8,179,170.80	.....
1799	71,040.00	7,546,813.31	.....	.....	5,000,000.00	12,546,813.31	.....
1800	71,040.00	10,848,749.10	.....	.....	1,565,229.24	12,413,978.34	.....
1801	88,800.00	12,935,230.95	10,125.00	.....	.....	12,945,455.95	.....
1802	39,960.00	14,995,793.95	.....	.....	.....	14,995,793.95	.....
1803	.....	11,064,097.63	.....	.....	.....	11,064,097.63	.....
1804	.....	11,826,307.38	.....	.....	.....	11,826,307.38	.....
1805	.....	13,560,693.20	.....	.....	.....	13,560,693.20	.....
1806	.....	15,559,931.07	.....	.....	.....	15,559,931.07	.....
1807	.....	16,398,019.26	.....	.....	.....	16,398,019.26	.....
1808	.....	17,060,661.93	.....	.....	.....	17,060,661.93	.....
1809	.....	7,773,473.12	.....	.....	.....	7,773,473.12	.....
1810	.....	9,384,214.28	.....	.....	2,750,000.00	12,134,214.28	.....
1811	.....	14,422,634.09	.....	.....	.....	14,422,634.09	.....
1812	.....	9,801,132.76	.....	.....	12,837,900.00	22,639,032.76	.....
1813	.....	14,340,409.95	300.00	.....	26,184,135.00	40,524,844.95	.....
1814	.....	11,181,625.16	85.79	.....	23,377,826.00	34,559,536.95	.....
1815	.....	15,696,916.82	11,541.74	$32,107.64	35,220,671.40	50,961,237.60	.....
1816	.....	47,676,985.66	68,665.16	686.09	9,425,084.91	57,171,421.82	.....
1817	202,426.30	33,099,049.74	267,819.14	.....	466,723.45	33,833,592.33	.....
1818	525,000.00	21,585,171.04	412.62	.....	8,353.00	21,593,936.66	.....
1819	675,000.00	24,603,374.37	.....	.....	2,291.00	24,605,665.37	.....
1820	1,000,000.00	17,840,669.55	.....	40,000.00	3,000,824.13	20,881,493.68	.....
1821	105,000.00	14,573,379.72	.....	.....	5,000,324.00	19,573,703.72	.....
1822	297,500.00	20,232,427.94	.....	.....	.....	20,232,427.94	.....
1823	350,000.00	20,540,666.26	.....	.....	.....	20,540,666.26	.....
1824	350,000.00	19,381,212.79	.....	.....	5,000,000.00	24,381,212.79	.....
1825	367,500.00	21,840,858.02	.....	.....	5,000,000.00	26,840,858.02	.....
1826	402,500.00	25,260,434.21	.....	.....	.....	25,260,434.21	.....
1827	420,000.00	22,966,363.96	.....	.....	.....	22,966,363.96	.....
1828	455,000.00	24,763,629.23	.....	.....	.....	24,763,629.23	.....
1829	490,000.00	24,827,627.38	.....	.....	.....	24,827,627.38	.....
1830	490,000.00	24,844,116.51	.....	.....	.....	24,844,116.51	.....
1831	490,000.00	28,526,820.82	.....	.....	.....	28,526,820.82	.....
1832	490,000.00	31,867,450.66	.....	.....	.....	31,867,450.66	$1,889.50
1833	474,985.00	33,948,426.25	.....	.....	.....	33,948,426.25	.....
1834	234,349.50	21,791,935.55	.....	.....	.....	21,791,935.55	.....
1835	506,480.82	35,430,087.10	.....	.....	.....	35,430,087.10	.....
1836	292,674.67	50,826,796.08	.....	.....	.....	50,826,796.08	.....
1837	.....	24,954,153.04	.....	.....	2,992,989.15	27,947,142.19	63,288.35
1838	.....	26,302,561.74	.....	.....	12,716,820.86	39,019,382.60	.....
1839	.....	31,482,749.61	.....	.....	3,857,276.21	35,340,025.82	1,458,782.93
1840	.....	19,480,115.33	.....	.....	5,589,547.51	25,069,662.84	37,469.25
1841	.....	16,860,160.27	.....	.....	13,659,317.38	30,519,477.65	.....
1842	.....	19,976,197.25	.....	.....	14,808,735.64	34,784,932.89	11,188.00
1843a	.....	8,231,001.26	.....	71,700.83	12,479,708.36	20,782,410.45	.....
1844	.....	29,320,707.78	.....	666.60	1,877,181.35	31,198,555.73	.....
1845	.....	29,970,105.80	.....	.....	.....	29,970,105.80	28,251.90
1846	.....	29,699,967.74	.....	.....	.....	29,699,967.74	.....
1847	.....	26,467,403.16	.....	28,365.91	28,872,399.45	55,368,168.52	30,000.00
1848	.....	35,628,699.21	.....	37,080.00	21,256,700.00	56,992,479.21	.....
1849	.....	30,721,077.50	.....	487,065.48	28,588,750.00	59,796,892.98	.....
1850	.....	43,592,888.88	.....	10,550.00	4,045,950.00	47,649,388.88	.....
1851	.....	52,555,039.33	.....	4,264.92	203,400.00	52,762,704.25	.....
1852	.....	49,846,815.60	.....	.....	46,300.00	49,893,115.60	.....
1853	.....	61,587,031.68	.....	22.50	16,350.00	61,603,404.18	103,301.37
1854	.....	73,800,341.40	.....	.....	2,001.67	73,802,343.07	.....
1855	.....	65,350,574.68	.....	.....	800.00	65,351,374.68	.....
1856	.....	74,056,699.24	.....	.....	200.00	74,056,899.24	.....
1857	.....	68,965,312.57	.....	.....	3,900.00	68,969,212.57	.....
1858	.....	46,655,365.96	.....	.....	23,717,300.00	70,372,665.96	.....
1859	.....	52,777,107.92	.....	709,357.72	28,287,500.00	81,773,965.64	15,408.34
1860	.....	56,054,599.83	.....	10,008.00	20,776,800.00	76,841,407.83	.....
1861	.....	41,476,299.49	.....	33,630.90	41,861,709.74	83,371,640.13	.....
1862	.....	51,919,261.09	.....	68,400.00	529,692,460.50	581,680,121.59	11,110.81
1863	.....	112,094,945.51	.....	602,345.44	776,682,361.57	889,379,652.52	6,000.01
1864	.....	243,412,971.20	.....	21,174,101.01	1,128,873,945.36	1,393,461,017.57	9,210.40
1865	.....	322,031,158.19	.....	11,683,446.89	1,472,224,740.85	1,805,939,345.93	6,095.11

a January 1 to June 30, 1843.

TABLE K.—STATEMENT OF THE RECEIPTS OF THE UNITED

Year.	Balance in the Treasury at commencement of year.	Customs.	Internal revenue.	Direct tax.	Public lands.	Miscellaneous.
1866	$33,933,657.89	$179,046,651.58	$309,226,813.42	$1,974,754.12	$665,031.03	$29.036,314.23
1867	160,817,099.73	176,417,810.88	266,027,537.43	4,200,233.70	1,163,575.76	15,037,522.15
1868	198,076,437.09	164,464,599.56	191,087,589.41	1,788,145.85	1,348,715.41	17,745,403.59
1869	158,936,082.87	180,048,426.63	158,356,460.86	765,685.61	4,020,344.34	13,997,338.65
1870	183,781,985.76	194,538,374.44	184,899,756.49	229,102.88	3,350,481.76	12,942,118.30
1871	177,604,116.51	206,270,408.05	143,098,153.63	580,355.37	2,388,646.68	22,093,541.21
1872	138,019,122.15	216,370,286.77	130,642,177.72	.....	2,575,714.19	15,106,951.23
1873	134,666,001.85	188,089,522.70	113,729,314.14	315,254.51	8,882,312.38	17,161,270.05
1874	159,293,673.41	163,103,833.69	102,409,784.90	.....	1,852,428.93	32,575,043.32
1875	178,833,339.54	157,167,722.35	110,007,493.58	.....	1,413,640.17	15,431,915.31
1876	172,804,061.32	148,071,984.61	116,700,732.03	93,798.80	1,129,466.95	24,070,602.31
1877	149,909,377.21	130,956,493.07	118,630,407.83	.....	976,253.68	30,437,487.42
1878	214,887,645.88	130,170,680.20	110,581,624.74	.....	1,079,743.37	15,614,728.09
1879	286,591,453.88	137,250,047.70	113,561,610.58	.....	924,781,06	20,585,697.49
1880	386,832,588.65	186,522,064.60	124,009,373.92	30.85	1,016,506.60	21,978,525.01
1881	231,940,064.44	198,159,676.02	135,264,385.51	1,516.89	2,201,863.17	25,154,850.98
1882	280,607,668.37	220,410,730.25	146,497,595.45	160,141.69	4,753,140.37	31,703,642.52
1883	275,450,903.53	214,706,496.93	144,720,368.98	108,156.60	7,955,864.42	30,796,695.02
1884	374,189,081.98	195,067,489.76	121,586,072.51	70,720,75	9,810,705.01	21,984,881.89
1885	424,941,403.07	181,471,939.34	112,498,725.54	.....	5,705,986.44	24,014,055.06
1886	521,794,026.26	192,905,023.44	116,805,936.48	108,239.94	5,630,999.34	20,989,527.86
1887	526,848,755.46	217,286,893.13	118,823,391.22	32,892.05	9,254,286.42	26,005,814.84
1888	512,851,434.36	219,091,173.63	124,296,871.98	1,565.82	11,202,017.23	24,674,446.10
1889	659,449,099.94	223,832,741.69	130,881,513.92	.....	8,038,651.79	24,297,151.44
1890	673,399,118.18	229,668,584.57	142,606,705.81	.....	6,358,272.51	24,447,419.74
1891	691,527,403.76	219,522,205.23	145,686,249.44	.....	4,029,535.41	23,374,457.23
1892	726,222,332.60	177,452,964.15	153,971,072.57	.....	3,261,875.58	20,251,871.94
1893	778,604,339.28	203,355,016.73	161,027,623.93	.....	3,182,089.78	18,254,898.34
1894	738,467,555.07	131,818,530.62	147,111,232.81	.....	1,673,637.50	17,118,618.52
1895	763,565,540.75	152,158,617.45	143,421,672.02	.....	1,103,347.16	16,706,438.48
1896	773,610,008.76	160,021,751.67	146,762,864.74	.....	1,005,523.43	19,186,060.54
1897	846,093,349.62	176,554,126.65	146,688,574.29	.....	864,581.41	23,614,422.81
	.....	7,752,447,387.66	5,010,743,837.97	28,131,990.32	291,596,696.18	806,003,613.33

a Amount heretofore credited to the Treasurer as

STATES FROM MARCH 4, 1789, TO JUNE 30, 1897, ETC.—Continued.

Year.	Dividends.	Net ordinary receipts.	Interest.	Premiums.	Receipts from loans and Treasury notes.	Gross receipts.	Unavailable.
1866	.....	$519,949,564.38	.....	$38,083,055.68	$712,851,553.05	$1,270,884,173.11	$172,094.29
1867	.....	462,846,679.92	.....	27,787,330.35	640,426,910.29	1,131,060,920.56	721,827.93
							2,675,918.19
1868	.....	376,434,453.82	.....	29,203,629.50	625,111,433.20	1,030,749,516.52	.....
1869	.....	357,188,256.09	.....	13,755,491.12	238,678,081.06	609,621,828.27	a 2,070.73
1870	.....	395,959,833.87	.....	15,295,643.76	285,474,496.00	696,729,973.63	.....
1871	.....	374,431,104.94	.....	8,892,839.95	268,768,523.47	652,092,468.36	a 3,396.18
1872	.....	364,694,229.91	.....	9,412,637.65	305,047,054.00	679,153,921.56	a 18,228.35
1873	.....	322,177,673.78	.....	11,560,530.89	214,931,017.00	548,669,221.67	a 3,047.80
1874	.....	299,941,090.84	.....	5,037,665.22	439,272,535.46	744,251,291.52	12,691.40
1875	.....	284,020,771.41	.....	3,979,279.69	387,971,556.00	675,971,607.10	.....
1876	.....	290,066,584.70	.....	4,029,280.58	397,455,808.00	691,551,673.28	.....
1877	.....	281,000,642.00	.....	405,776.58	348,871,749.00	630,278,167.58	.....
1878	.....	257,446,776.40	.....	317,102.30	404,581,201.00	662,345,079.70	.....
1879	.....	272,322,136.83	.....	1,505,047.63	792,807,643.00	1,066,634,827.46	.....
1880	.....	333,526,500.98	.....	110.00	211,814,103.00	545,340,713.98	.....
1881	.....	360,782,292.57	.....	.....	113,750,534.00	474,532,826.57	.....
1882	.....	403,525,250.28	.....	.....	120,945,724.00	524,470,974.28	.....
1883	.....	398,287,581.95	.....	.....	555,942,564.00	954,230,145.95	.....
1884	.....	348,519,869.92	.....	.....	206,877,886.00	555,397,755.92	a 1,500.00
1885	.....	323,690,706.38	.....	.....	245,196,303.00	568,887,009.38	47,097.65
1886	.....	336,439,727.06	.....	.....	116,314,850.00	452,754,577.06	.....
1887	.....	371,403,277.66	.....	.....	154,440,900.00	525,844,177.66	7,997.64
1889	.....	379,266,074.76	.....	.....	285,016,650.00	664,282,724.76	.....
1889	.....	387,050,058.84	.....	.....	245,111,350.00	632,161,408.84	.....
1890	.....	403,080,982.63	.....	.....	245,293,650.00	648,374,632.63	a 731.11
1891	.....	392,612,447.31	.....	.....	373,208,857.75	765,821,305.06	.....
1892	.....	354,937,784.24	.....	.....	381,463,512.00	736,401,296.24	.....
1893	.....	385,819,628.78	.....	.....	347,051,586.00	732,871,214.78	.....
1894	.....	297,722,019.25	.....	8,633,295.71	417,651,223.50	724,006,538.46	.....
1895	.....	313,390,075.11	.....	11,339,344.62	395,787,205.50	720,516,625.23	.....
1896	.....	326,976,200.38	.....	11,166,246.41	482,710,363.50	820,852,810.29	.....
1897	.....	347,721,705.16	.....	.....	389,930,220.00	737,651,925.16	.....
	$9,720,136.29	13,898,643,661.75	$485,224.45	235,398,107.57	15,673,987,087.09	29,808,514,080.86	2,714,730.71

unavailable and since recovered and charged to his account.

TABLE L.—STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED STATES FROM MARCH 4, JUNE 30) FROM

Year.	War.	Navy.	Indians.	Pensions.	Miscellaneous.
1791	$632, 804. 03	.....	$27, 000. 00	$175, 813. 88	$1, 083, 971. 61
1792	1, 100, 702. 09	.....	13, 648. 85	109, 243. 15	4, 672, 664. 38
1793	1, 130, 249. 08	.....	27, 282. 83	80, 087. 81	511, 451. 01
1794	2, 639, 097. 59	$61, 408. 97	13, 042. 46	81, 399. 24	750, 350. 74
1795	2, 480, 910. 13	410, 562. 03	23, 475. 68	68, 673. 22	1, 378, 920. 66
1796	1, 260, 263. 84	274, 784. 04	113, 563. 98	100, 843. 71	801, 847. 58
1797	1, 035, 402. 46	382, 631. 89	62, 296. 58	92, 256. 97	1, 259, 422. 62
1798	2, 009, 522. 30	1, 381, 347. 76	16, 470. 09	104, 845. 33	1, 139, 524. 94
1799	2, 466, 946. 98	2, 858, 081. 84	20, 302. 19	95, 444. 03	1, 039, 391. 68
1800	2, 560, 878. 77	3, 448, 716. 03	31. 22	64, 130. 73	1, 337, 613. 22
1801	1, 672, 944. 08	2, 111, 424. 00	9, 000. 00	73, 533. 37	1, 114, 768. 45
1802	1, 179, 148. 25	915, 561. 87	94, 000. 00	85, 440. 39	1, 462, 929. 40
1803	822, 055. 85	1, 215, 230. 53	60, 000. 00	62, 902. 10	1, 842, 635. 76
1804	875, 423. 93	1, 189, 832. 75	116, 500. 00	80, 092. 80	2, 191, 009. 43
1805	712, 781. 28	1, 597, 500. 00	196, 500. 00	81, 854. 59	3, 768, 598. 75
1806	1, 224, 355. 38	1, 649, 641. 44	234, 200. 00	81, 875. 53	2, 890, 137. 01
1807	1, 288, 685. 91	1, 722, 064. 47	205, 425. 00	70, 500. 00	1, 697, 897. 51
1808	2, 900, 834. 40	1, 884, 067. 80	213, 575. 00	82, 576. 04	1, 423, 285. 61
1809	3, 345, 772. 17	2, 427, 758. 80	337, 503. 84	87, 833. 54	1, 215, 803. 79
1810	2, 294, 323. 94	1, 654, 244. 20	177, 625. 00	83, 744. 16	1, 101, 144. 98
1811	2, 032, 828. 19	1, 965, 566. 39	151, 875. 00	75, 043. 88	1, 367, 291. 40
1812	11, 817, 798. 24	3, 959, 365. 15	277, 845. 00	91, 402. 10	1, 683, 088. 21
1813	19, 652, 013. 02	6, 446, 600. 10	167, 358. 28	86, 989. 91	1, 729, 435. 61
1814	20, 350, 806. 86	7, 311, 290. 60	167, 394. 86	90, 164. 36	2, 208, 029. 70
1815	14, 794, 294. 22	8, 660, 000. 25	530, 750. 00	69, 656. 06	2, 898, 870. 47
1816	16, 012, 096. 80	3, 908, 278. 30	274, 512. 16	188, 804. 15	2, 989, 741. 17
1817	8, 004, 236. 53	3, 314, 598. 49	319, 463. 71	297, 374. 43	3, 518, 936. 76
1818	5, 622. 715. 10	2, 953. 695. 00	505, 704. 27	890, 719. 90	3, 835, 839. 51
1819	6, 506, 300. 37	3, 847, 640. 42	463, 181. 39	2, 415, 939. 85	3. 067, 211. 41
1820	2, 630, 392. 31	4, 387, 990. 00	315, 750. 01	3, 208, 376. 31	2, 592, 021. 94
1821	4, 461, 291. 78	3, 319, 243. 06	477, 005. 44	242, 817. 25	2, 223, 121. 54
1822	3, 111, 981. 48	2, 224, 458. 98	575, 007. 41	1, 948, 199. 40	1, 967. 996. 24
1823	3, 096, 924. 43	2, 503, 765. 83	380, 781. 82	1, 780, 588. 52	2, 022, 093. 99
1824	3, 340, 939. 85	2, 904, 581. 56	429, 987. 90	1, 499, 326. 59	7, 155, 308. 81
1825	3, 659, 914. 18	3, 049, 083. 86	724, 106. 44	1, 308 810. 57	2, 748. 544. 89
1826	3, 943, 194. 37	4, 218, 902. 45	743, 447. 83	1, 556, 593. 83	2, 600, 177. 79
1827	3, 948, 977. 88	4, 263, 877. 45	750, 624. 88	976, 138. 86	2, 713, 476. 58
1828	4, 145, 544. 56	3, 918, 786. 44	705, 084. 24	850, 573. 57	3, 676, 052. 64
1829	4, 724, 291. 07	3, 308, 745. 47	576, 344. 74	949. 594. 47	3, 082, 234. 65
1830	4, 767, 128. 88	3, 239, 428. 63	622, 262. 47	1, 363, 297. 31	3, 237, 416. 04
1831	4, 841, 835. 55	3, 856, 183. 07	930, 738. 04	1, 170, 665. 14	3, 064, 646. 10
1832	5, 446, 034. 88	3, 956, 370. 29	1, 352, 419. 75	1, 184, 422. 40	4, 577, 141. 45
1833	6, 704, 019. 10	3, 901, 356. 75	1, 802, 980. 93	4, 589, 152. 40	5, 716, 245. 93
1834	5, 696, 189. 38	3, 956, 260. 42	1, 003, 953. 20	3, 364, 285. 30	4, 404, 728. 95
1835	5, 759, 156. 89	3, 864, 939. 06	1, 706, 444. 48	1, 954. 711. 32	4, 229, 698. 53
1836	11, 747, 345. 25	5, 807, 718. 23	5, 037, 022. 88	2, 832, 797. 96	5. 393, 279. 72
1837	13, 682, 730. 80	6, 646, 914. 53	4, 348, 036. 19	2, 672, 162. 45	9, 893, 370. 27
1838	12, 897, 224. 16	6. 131, 580. 53	5, 504, 191. 34	2, 156, 057. 29	7, 160, 664. 76
1839	8, 916, 995. 80	6, 182, 294. 25	2, 528, 917. 28	3, 142, 750. 51	5, 725, 990. 89
1840	7, 095, 267. 23	6, 113, 896. 89	2, 331, 794. 86	2, 603, 562. 17	5, 995, 398. 96
1841	8, 801, 610. 24	6, 001, 076. 97	2, 514, 837. 12	2, 388, 434. 51	6, 490, 881. 45
1842	6, 610, 438. 02	8, 397, 242. 95	1, 199, 099. 68	1, 378, 931. 33	6, 775, 624. 61
1843 *a*	2, 908, 671. 95	3, 727, 711. 53	578, 371. 00	839, 041. 12	3, 202, 713. 00
1844	5, 218, 183. 66	6, 498. 199. 11	1, 256, 532. 39	2, 032, 008. 99	5, 645, 183. 86
1845	5, 746, 291. 28	6, 297, 177. 89	1, 539, 351. 35	2, 400, 788. 11	5, 911, 760. 98
1846	10, 413, 370. 58	6. 455. 013. 92	1, 027, 693. 64	1, 811, 097. 56	6, 711, 283. 89
1847	35, 840, 030. 33	7, 900, 635. 76	1, 430, 411. 30	1, 744, 883. 63	6, 885, 608. 35
1848	27, 688, 334. 21	9, 408, 476. 02	1, 252, 296. 81	1, 227, 496. 48	5, 650, 851. 25
1849	14, 558, 473. 26	9, 786, 705. 92	1, 374, 161. 55	1, 328, 867. 64	12, 885, 334. 24
1850	9, 687, 024. 58	7, 904, 724. 66	1, 663, 591. 47	1, 866, 886. 02	16, 043. 763. 36
1851	12, 161, 965. 11	8, 880. 581. 38	2, 829, 801. 77	2, 293, 377. 22	17, 885, 992. 18
1852	8, 521, 506. 19	8, 918. 842. 10	3, 043, 576. 04	2, 401, 858. 78	17, 504, 171. 45
1853	9, 910, 498. 49	11, 067, 789. 53	3, 880, 494. 12	1, 756, 306. 20	17, 463, 068. 01
1854	11, 722, 282. 87	10, 790, 096. 32	1, 550, 339, 55	1, 232, 665. 00	26, 672, 144. 68
1855	14, 648, 074. 07	13, 327, 095. 11	2, 772. 990. 78	1, 477, 612. 33	24, 090, 425. 43
1856	16, 963. 160. 51	14, 074, 834. 64	2, 644, 263. 97	1, 296, 229. 65	31, 794, 038. 87
1857	19, 159, 150. 87	12, 651. 694. 61	4, 354, 418. 87	1, 310, 380, 58	28, 565, 498. 77
1858	25, 679, 121. 63	14, 053, 264. 64	4, 978, 266. 18	1, 219, 768. 30	26, 400, 016. 42
1859	23, 154. 720. 53	14, 690, 927. 90	3, 490, 534. 53	1, 222, 232. 71	23, 797, 544. 40
1860	16, 472, 202. 72	11, 514, 649. 83	2, 991, 121. 54	1, 100, 802. 32	27, 977, 978. 30
1861	23, 001, 530. 67	12, 387, 156. 52	2, 865, 481. 17	1, 034, 599. 73	23, 327, 287. 69
1862	389, 175, 562. 29	42, 640, 353. 09	2, 327, 948. 37	852, 170. 47	21, 385, 862. 59
1863	603, 314, 411. 82	63, 261, 235. 31	3, 152, 032. 70	1, 078. 513. 36	23, 198, 382. 37
1864	690, 391, 048. 66	85, 704, 963. 74	2, 629, 975. 97	4, 985, 473. 90	27, 572, 216. 87

a For the half year from

1789, TO JUNE 30, 1897, BY CALENDAR YEARS TO 1843 AND BY FISCAL YEARS (ENDED THAT TIME.

Year.	Net ordinary expenditures.	Premiums.	Interest.	Public debt.	Gross expenditures.	Balance in Treasury at the end of the year.
1791	$1,919,589.52	.....	$1,177,863.03	$699,984.23	$3,797,436.78	$973,905.75
1792	5,896,258.47	.....	2,373,611.28	693,050.25	8,962,920.00	783,444.51
1793	1,749,070.73	.....	2,097,859.17	2,633,048.07	6,479,977.97	753,661.69
1794	3,545,299.00	.....	2,752,523.04	2,743,771.13	9,041,593.17	1,151,924.17
1795	4,362,541.72	.....	2,947,059.06	2,841,639.37	10,151,240.15	516,442.61
1796	2,551,303.15	.....	3,239,347.68	2,577,126.01	8,367,776.84	888,995.42
1797	2,836,110.52	.....	3,172,516.73	2,617,250.12	8,625,877.37	1,021,899.04
1798	4,651,710.42	.....	2,955,875.90	976,032.09	8,583,618.41	617,451.43
1799	6,480,166.72	.....	2,815,651.41	1,706,578.84	11,002,396.97	2,161,867.77
1800	7,411,369.97	.....	3,402,601.04	1,138,563.11	11,952,534.12	2,623,311.99
1801	4,981,669.90	.....	4,411,830.06	2,879,876.98	12,273,376.94	3,295,391.00
1802	3,737,079.91	.....	4,239,172.16	5,294,235.24	13,270,487.31	5,020,697.64
1803	4,002,824.24	.....	3,949,462.36	3,306,697.07	11,258,983.67	4,825,811.60
1804	4,452,858.91	.....	4,185,048.74	3,977,206.07	12,615,113.72	4,037,005.26
1805	6,357,234.62	.....	2,657,114.22	4,583,960.63	13,598,309.47	3,999,388.99
1806	6,080,209.36	.....	3,368,968.26	5,572,018.64	15,021,196.26	4,538,123.80
1807	4,984,572.89	.....	3,369,578.48	2,938,141.62	11,292,292.99	9,643,850.07
1808	6,504,338.85	.....	2,557,074.23	7,701,288.96	16,762,702.04	9,941,809.96
1809	7,414,672.14	.....	2,866,074.90	3,586,479.26	13,867,226.30	3,848,056.78
1810	5,311,082.28	.....	3,163,671.09	4,835,241.12	13,309,994.49	2,672,276.57
1811	5,592,604.86	.....	2,585,435.57	5,414,564.43	13,592,604.86	3,502,305.80
1812	17,829,498.70	.....	2,451,272.57	1,998,349.88	22,279,121.15	3,862,217.41
1813	28,082,396.92	.....	3,599,455.22	7,508,668.22	39,190,520.36	5,196,542.00
1814	30,127,686.38	.....	4,593,239.04	3,307,304.90	38,028,230.32	1,727,848.63
1815	26,953,571.00	.....	5,990,090.24	6,638,832.11	39,582,493.35	13,106,592.88
1816	23,373,432.58	.....	7,822,923.34	17,048,139.59	48,244,495.51	22,033,519.19
1817	15,454,609.92	.....	4,536,282.55	20,886,753.57	40,877,646.04	14,989,465.48
1818	13,808,673.78	.....	6,209,954.03	15,086,247.59	35,104,875.40	1,478,526.74
1819	16,300,273.44	.....	5,211,730.56	2,492,195.73	24,004,199.73	2,079,992.38
1820	13,134,530.57	.....	5,151,004.32	3,477,489.96	21,763,024.85	1,198,461.21
1821	10,723,479.07	.....	5,126,073.79	3,241,019.83	19,090,572.69	1,681,592.24
1822	9,827,643.51	.....	5,172,788.79	2,676,160.33	17,676,592.63	4,237,427.55
1823	9,784,154.59	.....	4,922,475.40	607,541.01	15,314,171.00	9,463,922.81
1824	15,330,144.71	.....	4,943,557.93	11,624,835.83	31,898,538.47	1,946,597.13
1825	11,490,459.94	.....	4,366,757.40	7,728,587.38	23,585,804.72	5,201,650.43
1826	13,062,316.27	.....	3,975,542.95	7,065,539.24	24,103,398.46	6,358,686.18
1827	12,653,095.65	.....	3,486,071.51	6,517,596.88	22,656,764.04	6,668,286.10
1828	13,296,041.45	.....	3,098,800.60	9,064,637.47	25,459,479.52	5,972,435.81
1829	12,641,210.40	.....	2,542,843.23	9,860,304.77	25,044,358.40	5,755,704.79
1830	13,229,533.33	.....	1,912,574.93	9,443,173.29	24,585,281.55	6,014,539.75
1831	13,864,067.90	.....	1,373,748.74	14,800,629.48	30,038,446.12	4,502,914.45
1832	16,516,388.77	.....	772,561.50	17,067,747.79	34,356,698.06	2,011,777.55
1833	22,713,755.11	.....	303,796.87	1,239,746.51	24,257,298.49	11,702,905.31
1834	18,425,417.25	.....	202,152.98	5,974,412.21	24,601,982.44	8,892,858.42
1835	17,514,950.28	.....	57,863.08	328.20	17,573,141.56	26,749,803.96
1836	30,868,164.04	.....	.....	.....	30,868,164.04	46,708,436.00
1837	37,243,214.24	.....	.....	21,822.91	37,265,037.15	37,327,252.69
1838	33,849,718.08	.....	14,996.48	5,590,723.79	39,455,438.35	36,891,196.94
1839	26,496,948.73	.....	399,833.89	10,718,153.53	37,614,936.15	33,157,503.68
1840	24,139,920.11	.....	174,598.08	3,912,015.62	28,226,533.81	29,963,163.46
1841	26,196,840.29	.....	284,977.55	5,315,712.19	31,797,530.03	28,685,111.08
1842	24,361,336.59	.....	773,549.85	7,801,990.09	32,936,876.53	30,521,979.44
1843*a*	11,256,508.60	.....	523,583.91	338,012.64	12,118,105.15	39,186,284.74
1844	20,650,108.01	.....	1,833,452.13	11,158,450.71	33,642,010.85	36,742,829.62
1845	21,895,369.61	$18,231.43	1,040,458.18	7,536,349.49	30,490,408.71	36,194,274.81
1846	26,418,459.59	.....	842,723.27	371,100.04	27,632,282.90	38,261,959.65
1847	53,801,569.37	.....	1,119,214.72	5,600,067.65	60,520,851.74	33,079,276.43
1848	45,227,454.77	.....	2,390,765.88	13,036,922.54	60,655,143.19	29,416,612.45
1849	39,933,542.61	82,865.81	3,565,535.78	12,804,478.54	56,386,422.74	32,827,082.69
1850	37,165,990.09	.....	3,782,393.03	3,656,335.14	44,604,718.26	35,871,753.31
1851	44,054,717.66	69,713.19	3,696,760.75	654,912.71	48,476,104.31	40,158,353.25
1852	40,389,954.56	170,063.42	4,000,297.80	2,152,293.05	46,712,608.83	43,338,860.02
1853	44,078,156.35	420,498.64	3,665,832.74	6,412,574.01	54,577,061.74	50,261,901.09
1854	51,967,528.42	2,877,818.69	3,070,926.69	17,556,896.95	75,473,170.75	48,591,073.41
1855	56,316,197.72	872,047.39	2,314,464.99	6,662,065.86	66,164,775.96	47,777,672.13
1856	66,772,527.64	385,372.90	1,953,822.37	3,614,618.66	72,726,341.57	49,108,229.80
1857	66,041,143.70	363,572.39	1,593,265.23	3,276,606.05	71,274,587.37	46,802,855.00
1858	72,330,437.17	574,443.08	1,652,055.67	7,505,250.82	82,062,186.74	35,113,334.22
1859	66,355,950.07	.....	2,637,649.70	14,685,043.15	83,678,642.92	33,193,248.60
1860	60,056,754.71	.....	3,144,120.94	13,854,250.00	77,055,125.65	32,979,530.78
1861	62,616,055.78	.....	4,034,157.30	18,737,100.00	85,387,313.08	30,963,357.83
1862	456,379,896.81	.....	13,190,344.84	96,097,322.09	565,667,563.74	46,965,304.87
1863	694,004,575.56	.....	24,729,700.62	181,081,635.07	899,815,911.25	36,523,046.13
1864	811,283,679.14	.....	53,685,421.69	430,572,014.03	1,295,541,114.86	134,433,738.44

January 1 to June 30, 1843.

TABLE L.—STATEMENT OF THE EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED

Year.	War.	Navy.	Indians.	Pensions.	Miscellaneous.
1865	$1,030,690,400.06	$122,617,434.07	$5,059,360.71	$16,347,621.34	$42,989,383.10
1866	283,154,676.06	43,285,662.00	3,295,729.32	15,605,549.88	40,613,114.17
	3,568,638,312.28	717,551,816.39	103,369,211.42	119,607,656.01	643,604,554.33
	*3,621,780.07	*77,992.17	*53,286.61	*9,737.87	*718,769.52
	3,572,260,092.35	717,629,808.56	103,422,498.03	119,617,393.88	644,323,323.85
1867	95,224,415.63	31,034,011.04	4,642,531.77	20,936,551.71	51,110,223.72
1868	123,246,648.62	25,775,502.72	4,100,682.32	23,782,386.78	53,009,867.67
1869	78,501,990.61	20,000,757.97	7,042,923.06	28,476,621.78	56,474,061.53
1870	57,655,675.40	21,780,229.87	3,407,938.15	28,340,202.17	53,237,461.56
1871	35,799,991.82	19,431,027.21	7,426,997.44	34,443,894.88	60,481,916.23
1872	35,372,157.20	21,249,809.99	7,061,728.82	28,533,402.76	60,984,757.42
1873	46,323,138.31	23,526,256.79	7,951,704.88	29,359,426.86	73,328,110.06
1874	42,313,927.22	30,932,587.42	6,692,462.09	29,038,414.66	85,141,593.61
1875	41,120,645.98	21,497,626.27	8,384,656.82	29,456,216.22	71,070,702.98
1876	38,070,888.64	18,963,309.82	5,966,558.17	28,257,395.69	73,599,661.04
1877	37,082,735.90	14,959,935.36	5,277,007.22	27,963,752.27	58,926,532.53
1878	32,154,147.85	17,365,301.37	4,629,280.28	27,137,019.08	58,177,703.57
1879	40,425,660.73	15,125,126.84	5,206,109.08	35,121,482.39	63,741,555.49
1880	38,116,916.22	13,536,984.74	5,945,457.09	56,777,174.44	54,713,529.76
1881	40,466,460.55	15,686,671.66	6,514,161.09	50,059,279.62	64,416,324.71
1882	43,570,494.19	15,032,046.26	9,736,747.40	61,345,193.95	57,219,750.98
1883	48,911,382.93	15,283,437.17	7,362,590.34	66,012,573.64	68,678,022.21
1884	39,429,603.36	17,292,601.44	6,475,999.29	55,429,228.06	70,920,433.70
1885	42,670,578.47	16,021,079.67	6,552,494.63	56,102,267.49	87,494,258.38
1886	34,324,152.74	13,907,887.74	6,099,158.17	63,404,864.03	74,166,929.85
1887	38,561,025.85	15,141,126.80	6,194,522.69	75,029,101.79	85,264,825.59
1888	38,522,436.11	16,926,437.65	6,249,307.87	80,283,503.77	72,952,260.80
1889	44,435,270.85	21,378,809.31	6,892,207.78	87,624,779.11	80,664,064.26
1890	44,582,838.08	22,006,206.24	6,708,046.67	106,936,855.07	81,403,256.49
1891	48,720,065.01	26,113,896.46	8,527,469.01	124,415,951.40	110,048,167.49
1892	46,895,456.30	29,174,138.98	11,150,577.67	134,583,052.79	99,841,988.61
1893	49,641,773.47	30,136,084.43	13,345,347.27	159,357,557.87	103,732,799.27
1894	54,567,929.85	31,701,293.79	10,293,481.52	141,177,284.96	101,943,884.07
1895	51,804,759.13	28,797,795.73	9,939,754.21	141,395,228.87	93,279,730.14
1896	50,830,920.89	27,147,752.38	12,165,528.28	139,434,000.98	87,216,234.62
1897	48,950,267.89	34,561,546.29	13,016,802.46	141,053,164.63	90,401,267.82
Total	5,080,554,448.15	1,389,117,067.97	334,382,731.57	2,230,890,228.60	2,944,965,200.01

*Outstanding

NOTE.—This statement is made from warrants *paid* by the Treasurer up to June 30, 1866. The

STATES FROM MARCH 4, 1789, TO JUNE 30, 1897, ETC.—Continued.

Year.	Net ordinary expenditures.	Premiums.	Interest.	Public debt.	Gross expenditures.	Balance in Treasury at the end of the year.
1865	$1,217,704,199.28	$1,717,900.11	$77,395,090.30	$609,616,141.68	$1,906,433,331.37	$33,933,657.89
1866	385,954,731.43	58,476.51	133,067,624.91	620,263,249.10	1,139,344,081.95	165,301,654.76
	5,152,771,550.43	7,611,003.56	502,689,519.27	2,374,677,103.12	8,037,749,176.38	.....
	a 4,481,566.24	.....	*a* 2,888.48	*a* 100.31	*a* 54,484,555.03	*a* 4,484,555.03
	5,157,253,116.67	7,611,003.56	502,692,407.75	2,374,677,203.43	8,042,233,731.41	160,817,099.73
1867	202,947,733.87	10,812,349.38	143,781,591.91	735,536,980.11	1,093,079,655.27	198,076,537.09
1868	229,915,088.11	7,001,151.04	140,424,045.71	692,549,685.88	1,069,889,970.74	158,936,082.87
1869	190,496,354.95	1,674,680.05	130,694,242.80	261,912,718.31	584,777,996.11	183,781,985.76
1870	164,421,507.15	15,996,555.60	129,235,498.00	393,254,282.13	702,907,342.88	177,604,116.51
1871	157,583,827.58	9,016,794.74	125,576,565.93	399,503,670.65	691,680,858.90	138,019,122.15
1872	153,201,856.19	6,958,266.76	117,357,839.72	405,007,307.54	682,525,270.21	134,666,001.85
1873	180,488,636.90	5,105,919.99	104,750,688.44	233,699,352.58	524,044,597.91	159,293,673.41
1874	194,118,985.00	1,395,073.55	107,119,815.21	422,065,060.23	724,698,933.99	178,833,339.54
1875	171,529,848.27	.....	103,093,544.57	407,377,492.48	682,000,885.32	172,804,061.32
1876	164,857,813.36	.....	100,243,271.23	449,345,272.80	714,446,357.39	149,909,377.21
1877	144,209,963.28	.....	97,124,511.58	323,965,424.05	565,299,898.91	214,887,645.88
1878	134,463,452.15	.....	102,500,874.65	353,676,944.90	590,641,271.70	286,591,453.88
1879	161,619,934.53	.....	105,327,949.00	699,445,809.16	966,393,692.69	386,832,588.65
1880	169,090,062.25	2,795,320.42	95,757,575.11	432,590,280.41	700,233,238.19	231,940,064.44
1881	177,142,897.63	1,061,248.78	82,508,741.18	165,152,335.05	425,865,222.64	280,607,668.37
1882	186,904,232.78	.....	71,077,206.79	271,646,299.55	529,627,739.12	275,450,903.53
1883	206,248,006.29	.....	59,160,131.25	590,083,829.96	855,491,967.50	374,189,081.98
1884	189,547,865.85	.....	54,578,378.48	260,520,690.50	504,646,934.83	424,941,403.07
1885	208,840,678.64	.....	51,386,256.47	211,760,353.43	471,987,288.54	521,794,026.26
1886	191,902,992.53	.....	50,580,145.97	205,216,709.36	447,699,847.86	526,848,755.46
1887	220,190,602.72	.....	47,741,577.25	271,901,321.15	539,833,501.12	512,851,434.36
1888	214,938,951.20	8,270,812.46	44,715,007.47	249,760,258.05	517,685,059.18	659,449,099.94
1889	240,995,131.31	17,292,362.65	41,001,484.29	318,922,412.35	618,211,390.60	673,399,118.18
1890	261,637,202.55	20,304,224.06	36,099,284.05	312,206,367.50	630,247,078.16	691,527,403.76
1891	317,825,549.37	10,401,220.61	37,547,135.37	365,352,470.87	731,126,376.22	726,222,332.60
1892	321,645,214.35	.....	23,378,116.23	338,995,958.98	684,019,289.56	778,604,339.28
1893	356,213,562.31	.....	27,264,392.18	389,520,044.50	773,007,998.99	738,467,555.07
1894	339,683,874.19	.....	27,841,405.64	331,383,272.95	698,908,552.78	763,565,540.75
1895	325,217,268.08	.....	30,978,030.21	354,276,858.93	710,472,157.22	773,610,008.76
1896	316,794,417.15	.....	35,385,028.93	396,190,023.35	748,369,469.43	846,093,349.62
1897	327,983,049.09	.....	37,791,110.48	353,180,877.50	718,955,037.07	864,790,237.71
	11,979,909,676.30	125,698,013.65	2,864,713,853.85	13,970,687,568.64	28,941,009,112.44	.....

warrants.

outstanding warrants are then added, and the statement is by warrants *issued* from that date.

TABLE M.—STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS BY UNITED STATES ASSISTANT TREASURERS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

BALTIMORE.

Balance June 30, 1896		$10,306,899.10
RECEIPTS.		
On account of customs	$2,390,874.28	
On account of internal revenue	325.00	
On account of certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872	3,860,000.00	
On account of semiannual duty	29,011.81	
On account of Post-Office Department	1,209,592.16	
On account of patent fees	85.00	
On account of transfers, Treasurer's general account	13,471,521.10	
On account of disbursing officers	4,390,030.88	
On account of the Secretary of the Treasury	863.78	
On account of transfer account of Treasurer United States	2,903,572.52	
On account of repayments	28,256.31	
On account of redemption and exchange	8,717,644.80	
On account of miscellaneous	9,375.30	
		37,011,212.94
		47,318,112.04
DISBURSEMENTS.		
On account of Treasury warrants	4,297,039.84	
On account of interest	651,270.86	
On account of redemption and exchange	8,724,474.80	
On account of transfers	9,347,071.00	
On account of Secretary's special acts	1,236.03	
On account of certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872	3,740,000.00	
On account of post-office warrants	1,226,929.64	
On account of disbursing officers	4,369,529.88	
On account of transfer account of Treasurer United States	4,062,760.79	
		36,420,312.84
Balance June 30, 1897		10,897,799.20

BOSTON.

Balance June 30, 1896		$13,536,901.45
RECEIPTS.		
On account of customs	$13,090,379.69	
On account of internal revenue, standard dollars	1,990,500.00	
On account of sales of public lands, fractional silver	984,100.00	
On account of gold certificates, national banks	5,357,616.28	
On account of certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872	5,640,000.00	
On account of semiannual duty	191,600.63	
On account of Post-Office Department	3,689,271.30	
On account of patent fees	5,707.50	
On account of transfers, Treasurer's general account	31,832,000.00	
On account of disbursing officers	20,282,002.21	
On account of the Secretary of the Treasury (No. 1)	2,760.02	
On account of the Secretary of the Treasury (No. 5)	3,288.41	
On account of transfer account of Treasurer United States	16,068,394.72	
On account of repayments	270,636.17	
On account of redemption and exchange	8,539,415.00	
On account of miscellaneous	166,946.95	
		108,114,618.88
		121,651,520.33
DISBURSEMENTS.		
On account of Treasury drafts	19,098,135.77	
On account of interest	3,895,485.83	
On account of redemption and exchange	8,609,015.00	
On account of transfers	23,001,248.10	
On account of certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872	4,670,000.00	
On account of post-office drafts	3,706,683.77	
On account of disbursing officers	20,301,008.75	
On account of assay office (Secretary's account)	1,450.00	
On account of assay office (Bullion)	3,243.66	
On account of transfer account of Treasurer of United States	18,066,513.13	
On account of miscellaneous	4,155,02	
		101,356,939.03
Balance June 30, 1897		20,294,581.30

TABLE M.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, ETC.—Continued.

CHICAGO.

Balance June 30, 1896		$17,482,910.40
RECEIPTS.		
On account of customs	$6,742,941.71	
On account of internal revenue	168,400.66	
On account of sales of public lands	599.40	
On account of certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872	6,430,000.00	
On account of semiannual duty	29,774.93	
On account of Post-Office Department	9,194,338.54	
On account of patent fees	3,637.85	
On account of transfers, Treasurer's general account	92,271,538.40	
On account of disbursing officers	46,388,903.27	
On account of assay office, standards	5,975,730.00	
On account of the Secretary of the Treasury	7,063.20	
On account of repayments	19,065.87	
On account of redemption and exchange	8,163,775.46	
On account of miscellaneous	1,023,959.41	
		176,419,728.70
		193,902,639.10
DISBURSEMENTS.		
On account of Treasury drafts	42,639,187.15	
On account of interest	704,160.19	
On account of redemption and exchange	10,053,000.00	
On account of gold certificates	336,000.00	
On account of transfers	49,510,985.53	
On account of United States notes mutilated	5,846,000.00	
On account of certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872	2,080,000.00	
On account of post-office drafts	9,291,258.27	
On account of disbursing officers	45,130,133.78	
On account of assay office, gold certificates	65,000.00	
On account of assay office, Secretary of the Treasury	5,553.39	
On account of fractional currency (silver exchanges)	8,146,439.16	
On account of miscellaneous	92,004.50	
		173,899,771.97
Balance June 30, 1897		20,002,867.13

CINCINNATI.

Balance June 30, 1896		$5,198,942.55
RECEIPTS.		
On account of customs	$2,065,602.25	
On account of internal revenue	37,984.08	
On account of certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872	690,000.00	
On account of semiannual duty	38,570.57	
On account of Post-Office Department	3,519,348.34	
On account of patent fees	385.00	
On account of transfers, Treasurer's general account	18,611,145.86	
On account of disbursing officers	6,349,311.39	
On account of the Secretary of the Treasury	3,608.93	
On account of transfer account of Treasurer United States	1,151,484.02	
On account of repayments	12,343.62	
On account of redemption and exchange	3,761,488.00	
On account of miscellaneous	104,846.72	
		36,346,118.78
		41,545,061.33
DISBURSEMENTS.		
On account of Treasury drafts	5,828,032.56	
On account of interest	721,777.19	
On account of redemption and exchange	3,758,013.00	
On account of gold certificates	26,000.00	
On account of transfers	12,474,665.61	
On account of United States notes mutilated	1,583,000.00	
On account of certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872	350,000.00	
On account of post-office drafts	3,404,830.94	
On account of disbursing officers	6,509,079.84	
On account of transfer account of Treasurer United States	900,001.50	
On account of miscellaneous	150.00	
		35,555,550.64
Balance June 30, 1897		5,989,510.69

TABLE M.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, ETC.—Continued.

NEW ORLEANS.

Balance June 30, 1896		$9,328,048.08
RECEIPTS.		
On account of customs	$3,701,595.91	
On account of internal revenue	1,334,699.06	
On account of sales of public lands	53,393.54	
On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872	915,000.00	
On account of semiannual duty	12,714.68	
On account of Post-Office Department	1,472,446.01	
On account of patent fees	80.00	
On account of transfers, Treasurer's general account	29,278,914.66	
On account of disbursing officers	5,382,513.84	
On account of assay office, bullion	1,358.75	
On account of the Secretary of the Treasury	2,823.70	
On account of transfer account of Treasurer United States	3,364,902.24	
On account of repayments	29,281.10	
On account of redemption and exchange	4,274,050.00	
On account of miscellaneous	92,514.00	
		49,916,292.49
		59,244,340.57
DISBURSEMENTS.		
On account of Treasury drafts	9,656,480.03	
On account of interest	106,254.75	
On account of redemption and exchange	4,274,050.00	
On account of gold certificates	49,000.00	
On account of transfers	20,309,807.88	
On account of United States notes mutilated	1,150,000.00	
On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872	375,000.00	
On account of Post-Office drafts	1,458,229.60	
On account of disbursing officers	5,254,393.07	
On account of the Secretary of the Treasury	2,261.42	
On account of silver certificates mutilated	1,805,000.00	
On account of transfer account of Treasurer United States	6,272,627.52	
On account of national-bank notes mutilated	447,000.00	
On account of Treasury notes of 1890 mutilated	1,011,000.00	
		52,171,104.27
Balance June 30, 1897		7,073,236.30

NEW YORK.

Balance June 30, 1896		$199,224,984.57
RECEIPTS.		
On account of customs	$123,462,549.48	
On account of internal revenue	430,194.37	
On account of standard silver dollars	4,267,240.00	
On account of Pacific Railroad bonds purchased	1,534,429.99	
On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872	65,165,000.00	
On account of semiannual duty	277,330.02	
On account of Post-Office Department	11,957,718.93	
On account of patent fees	3,527.90	
On account of transfers, Treasurer's general account	235,914,736.22	
On account of disbursing officers	149,200,426.18	
On account of assay office, ordinary expenses	161,454.46	
On account of assay office, bullion	40,211,980.90	
On account of the Secretary of the Treasury	20,196.50	
On account of transfer account of Treasurer United States	93,453,571.85	
On account of interest	28,566,108.47	
On account of special customs deposits	173,916,664.49	
On account of redemption and exchange	285,351,634.16	
On account of miscellaneous	1,913,560.40	
		1,215,808,324.32
		1,415,033,308.89
DISBURSEMENTS.		
On account of Treasury warrants	234,221,547.91	
On account of interest	28,566,108.47	
On account of redemption and exchange	285,599,589.16	
On account of gold certificates	3,068,000.00	
On account of Pacific Railroad bonds purchased	1,534,429.99	
On account of silver certificates mutilated	72,141,010.00	
On account of Treasury notes of 1890 mutilated	23,343,008.00	
On account of United States notes mutilated	33,430,022.00	
On account of national-bank notes mutilated	6,627,416.00	
On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872	43,790,000.00	
On account of Post-Office warrants	12,128,767.01	
On account of disbursing officers	148,894,975.00	
On account of assay office, ordinary expenses	165,119.40	
On account of assay office, bullion	40,113,409.79	
On account of transfer account of Treasurer United States	87,179,699.01	
On account of fractional currency redeemed	1,028.00	
On account of special customs deposits	174,007,041.14	
		1,194,811,170.88
Balance June 30, 1897		220,222,138.01

TABLE M.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, ETC.—Continued.

PHILADELPHIA.

Balance June 30, 1896		$19,053,081.35
RECEIPTS.		
On account of customs	$16,599,254.78	
On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872	20,880,000.00	
On account of semiannual duty	99,796.97	
On account of Post-Office Department	5,454,711.47	
On account of patent fees	979.77	
On account of transfers, Treasurer's general account	41,378,737.85	
On account of disbursing officers	22,910,263.39	
On account of unpaid coupons	3.00	
On account of the Secretary of the Treasury	25,111.95	
On account of transfer account of Treasurer United States	9,485,917.15	
On account of suspense account	2,820.02	
On account of redemption and exchange	27,802,415.00	
On account of miscellaneous	804,134.20	
		145,444,145.55
		164,497,226.90
DISBURSEMENTS.		
On account of Treasury drafts	21,732,673.41	
On account of interest, checks, and coupons	2,131,354.25	
On account of redemption and exchange	27,777,605.00	
On account of gold certificates	5,000.00	
On account of transfers	29,893,494.11	
On account of unpaid coupons	3.00	
On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872	17,635,000.00	
On account of Post-Office drafts	5,498,443.01	
On account of disbursing officers	22,742,967.24	
On account of the Secretary of the Treasury	37,141.46	
On account of transfer account of Treasurer United States	10,082,340.04	
On account of suspense account	2,829.20	
		137,538,850.72
Balance June 30, 1897		26,958,376.18

ST. LOUIS.

Balance June 30, 1896		24,655,671.52
RECEIPTS.		
On account of customs	$1,689,268.34	
On account of internal revenue	79,477.63	
On account of sales of public lands	29,088.75	
On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872	2,230,000.00	
On account of semiannual duty	18,483.70	
On account of Post-Office Department	4,403,769.09	
On account of patent fees	455.30	
On account of transfers, Treasurer's general account	48,762,656.11	
On account of disbursing officers	27,902,972.69	
On account of assay office, ordinary expenses	4,762.54	
On account of assay office, bullion	65,000.89	
On account of the Secretary of the Treasury	4,019.79	
On account of transfer account of Treasurer United States	1,651,161.92	
On account of suspense account	7,169.05	
On account of repayments	459,112.53	
On account of redemption and exchange	10,993,525.35	
On account of miscellaneous	192,533.79	
		98,493,457.47
		123,149,128.99
DISBURSEMENTS.		
On account of Treasury drafts	24,039,763.60	
On account of interest	349,273.86	
On account of redemption and exchange	10,998,410.35	
On account of transfers	14,561,700.80	
On account of United States notes mutilated	6,693,500.00	
On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872	2,420,000.00	
On account of Post-Office drafts	4,299,700.72	
On account of disbursing officers	28,048,016.50	
On account of assay office, ordinary expenses	5,825.74	
On account of assay office, bullion	100,179.63	
On account of transfer account of Treasurer United States	3,054,960.50	
On account of the Secretary of the Treasury	4,222.13	
On account of suspense account	7,171.13	
		94,582,724.96
Balance June 30, 1897		28,566,404.03

TABLE M.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, ETC.—Continued.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Balance June 30, 1896		$42,605,112.99
RECEIPTS.		
On account of customs	$6,147,486.99	
On account of internal revenue	316,324.04	
On account of sales of public lands	170,241.74	
On account of semiannual duty	2,950.42	
On account of Post-Office Department	1,389,555.25	
On account of patent fees	3,994.45	
On account of transfers, Treasurer's general account	7,079,077.69	
On account of disbursing officers	17,531,113.99	
On account of shipment, standard dollars	1,599,500.00	
On account of shipment, fractional coin	901,240.00	
On account of the Secretary of the Treasury	2,979.17	
On account of transfer account of Treasurer United States	16,755,161.80	
On account of miscellaneous	360,226.93	
		52,259,852.47
		94,864,965.42
DISBURSEMENTS.		
On account of Treasury warrants	15,138,875.62	
On account of interest	348,300.98	
On account of silver certificates returned	56,000.00	
On account of Treasury notes, 1890	11,000.00	
On account of transfers, T. O	13,889,500.00	
On account of United States notes mutilated	43,000.00	
On account of national-bank notes returned	900,000.00	
On account of Post-Office warrants	1,347,752.51	
On account of disbursing officers	17,330,554.42	
On account of shipment, standard dollars	1,598,500.00	
On account of shipment, fractional silver coin	887,940.00	
On account of transfer account of Treasurer United States	2,042,704.55	
On account of the Secretary of the Treasury	4,895.50	
		53,599,023.58
Balance June 30, 1897		41,265,941.84

TABLE N.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE AMOUNTS OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES, IN THE TREASURY AND IN CIRCULATION, ON THE DATES SPECIFIED.

JULY 1, 1860.

[Population, 31,443,321; circulation per capita, $13.85.]

	General stock coined or issued.	In Treasury.	Amount in circulation.
Specie	$235,000,000	$6,695,225	$228,304,775
State-bank notes	207,102,477	.....	207,102,477
	442,102,477	6,695,225	435,407,252

JULY 1, 1861.

[Population, 32,064,000; circulation per capita, $13.98.]

Specie	$250,000,000	$3,600,000	$246,400,000
State-bank notes	202,005,767	.....	202,005,767
	452,005,767	3,600,000	448,405,767

JULY 1, 1862.

[Population, 32,704,000; circulation per capita, $10.23.]

State-bank notes	$183,792,079	.....	$183,792,079
United States notes	96,620,000	$23,754,335	72,865,665
Demand notes	53,040,000	.....	53,040,000
	333,452,079	23,754,335	309,697,744
Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific Coast	.....	.....	25,000,000
			334,697,744

JULY 1, 1863.

[Population, 33,365,000; circulation per capita, $17.84.]

Fractional currency	$20,192,456	$4,308,074	$15,884,382
State-bank notes	238,677,218	.....	238,677,218
United States notes	387,646,589	75,165,171	312,481,418
Demand notes	3,351,020	.....	3,351,020
	649,867,283	79,473,245	570,394,038
Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific Coast	.....	.....	25,000,000
			595,394,038

JULY 1, 1864.

[Population, 34,046,000; circulation per capita, $19.67.]

Fractional currency	$22,894,877	$3,762,376	$19,132,501
State-bank notes	179,157,717	.....	179,157,717
United States notes	447,300,203	32,184,213	415,115,990
National-bank notes	31,235,270	.....	31,235,270
	680,588,067	35,946,589	644,641,478
Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific Coast	.....	.....	25,000,000
			669,641,478

TABLE N.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE AMOUNTS OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES, IN THE TREASURY AND IN CIRCULATION, ON THE DATES SPECIFIED—Continued.

JULY 1, 1865.

[Population, 34,748,000; circulation per capita, $20.57.]

	General stock coined or issued.	In Treasury.	Amount in circulation.
Fractional currency	$25,005,829	$3,277,074	$21,728,755
State-bank notes	142,919,638		142,919,638
United States notes	431,066,428	52,149,686	378,916,742
National-bank notes	146,137,860		146,137,860
	745,129,755	55,426,760	689,702,995
Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific Coast			25,000,000
			714,702,995

JULY 1, 1866.

[Population, 35,469,000; circulation per capita, $18.99.]

State-bank notes	$19,996,163		$19,996,163
Fractional currency	27,070,877	$2,383,814	24,687,063
United States notes	400,780,306	72,988,001	327,792,305
National-bank notes	281,479,908	5,467,195	276,012,713
	729,327,254	80,839,010	648,488,244
Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific Coast			25,000,000
			673,488,244

JULY 1, 1867.

[Population, 36,211,000; circulation per capita, $18.28.]

State-bank notes	$4,484,112		$4,484,112
Fractional currency	28,307,524	$2,001,230	26,306,294
United States notes	371,783,597	52,345,895	319,437,702
National-bank notes	298,625,379	11,861,416	286,763,961
	703,200,612	66,208,543	636,992,069
Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific Coast			25,000,000
			661,992,069

JULY 1, 1868.

[Population, 36,973,000; circulation per capita, $18.39.]

State-bank notes	$3,163,771		$3,163,771
Fractional currency	32,626,952	$3,627,600	28,999,352
United States notes	356,000,000	27,428,335	328,571,665
National-bank notes	299,762,855	5,393,982	294,368,873
	691,553,578	36,449,917	655,103,661
Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific Coast			25,000,000
			680,103,661

JULY 1, 1869.

[Population, 37,756,000; circulation per capita, $17.60.]

State-bank notes	$2,558,874		$2,558,874
Fractional currency	32,114,637	$1,672,398	30,442,239
United States notes	355,935,194	41,233,100	314,702,094
National-bank notes	299,742,475	7,992,791	291,749,684
	690,351,180	50,898,289	639,452,891
Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific Coast			25,000,000
			664,452,891

TABLE N.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE AMOUNTS OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES, IN THE TREASURY AND IN CIRCULATION, ON THE DATES SPECIFIED—Continued.

JULY 1, 1870.

[Population, 38,558,371; circulation per capita, $17.50.]

	General stock coined or issued.	In Treasury.	Amount in circulation.
State-bank notes	$2,222,793		$2,222,793
Fractional currency	39,878,684	$5,499,402	34,379,282
United States notes	356,000,000	31,037,362	324,962,638
National-bank notes	299,766,984	11,118,903	288,648,081
	697,868,461	47,655,667	650,212,794
Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific Coast			25,000,000
			675,212,794

JULY 1, 1871.

[Population, 39,555,000; circulation per capita, $18.10.]

State-bank notes	$1,968,058		$1,968,058
Fractional currency	40,582,875	$6,136,570	34,446,305
United States notes	356,000,000	12,931,030	343,068,970
National-bank notes	318,261,241	6,855,569	311,405,672
	716,812,174	25,923,169	690,889,005
Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific Coast			25,000,000
			715,889,005

JULY 1, 1872.

[Population, 40,596,000; circulation per capita, $18.19.]

State-bank notes	$1,700,935		$1,700,935
Fractional currency	40,855,835	$4,452,906	36,402,929
United States notes	357,500,000	11,331,320	346,168,680
National-bank notes	337,664,795	8,627,790	329,037,005
	737,721,565	24,412,016	713,309,549
Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific Coast			25,000,000
			738,309,549

JULY 1, 1873.

[Population, 41,677,000; circulation per capita, $18.04.]

State-bank notes	$1,379,184		$1,379,184
Fractional currency	44,799,365	$6,723,360	38,076,005
United States notes	356,000,000	7,535,855	348,464,145
National-bank notes	347,267,061	8,304,586	338,962,475
	749,445,610	22,563,801	726,881,809
Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific Coast			25,000,000
			751,881,809

JULY 1, 1874.

[Population, 42,796,000; circulation per capita, $18.13.]

State-bank notes	$1,162,453		$1,162,453
Fractional currency	45,881,296	$7,647,714	38,233,582
United States notes	382,000,000	10,578,548	371,421,452
National-bank notes	351,981,032	11,715,488	340,265,544
	781,024,781	29,941,750	751,083,031
Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific Coast			25,000,000
			776,083,031

TABLE N.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE AMOUNTS OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES, IN THE TREASURY AND IN CIRCULATION, ON THE DATES SPECIFIED—Continued.

JULY 1, 1875.

[Population, 43,951,000; circulation per capita, $17.16.]

	General stock coined or issued.	In Treasury.	Amount in circulation.
State-bank notes	$964,497		$964,497
Fractional currency	42,129,424	$4,224,854	37,904,570
United States notes	375,771,580	26,085,245	349,686,335
National-bank notes	354,408,008	13,861,463	340,546,545
	773,273,509	44,171,562	729,101,947
Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific Coast			25,000,000
			754,101,947

JULY 1, 1876.

[Population, 45,137,000; circulation per capita, $16.12.]

State-bank notes	$1,047,335		$1,047,335
Subsidiary silver	27,418,734	$6,363,606	21,055,128
Fractional currency	34,446,595	1,507,750	32,938,845
United States notes	369,772,284	38,324,906	331,447,378
National-bank notes	332,998,336	16,877,634	316,120,702
	765,683,284	63,073,896	702,609,388
Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific Coast			25,000,000
			727,609,388

The amount of subsidiary silver in circulation, according to the records of the Department, was $26,055,128, but for the sake of uniformity $5,000,000 of this amount is deducted and stated as a part of the specie in circulation on the Pacific Coast, as heretofore.

JULY 1, 1877.

[Population, 46,353,000; circulation per capita, $15.58.]

Subsidiary silver	$40,837,506	$2,952,653	$37,884,853
Fractional currency	20,403,137	161,476	20,241,661
United States notes	359,764,332	21,864,988	337,899,344
National-bank notes	317,048,872	15,759,847	301,289,025
	738,053,847	40,738,964	697,314,883
Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific Coast			25,000,000
			722,314,883

JULY 1, 1878.

[Population, 47,598,000; circulation per capita, $15.32.]

Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	$16,269,079	$15,059,828	$1,209,251
Subsidiary silver	60,778,828	6,860,506	53,918,322
Silver certificates	1,462,600	1,455,520	7,080
Fractional currency	16,547,769	180,044	16,367,725
United States notes	346,681,016	25,775,121	320,905,895
National-bank notes	324,514,284	12,789,923	311,724,361
	766,253,576	62,120,942	704,132,634
Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific Coast			25,000,000
			729,132,634

TABLE N.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE AMOUNTS OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES, IN THE TREASURY AND IN CIRCULATION, ON THE DATES SPECIFIED—Continued.

JULY 1, 1879.

[Population, 48,866,000; circulation per capita, $16.75.]

	General stock coined or issued.	In Treasury.	Amount in circulation.
Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury	$245,741,837	$135,236,475	$110,505,362
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	41,276,356	33,239,917	8,036,439
Subsidiary silver	70,249,985	8,903,401	61,346,584
Gold certificates	15,413,700	133,880	15,279,820
Silver certificates	2,466,950	2,052,470	414,480
United States notes	346,681,016	45,036,904	301,644,112
National-bank notes	329,691,697	8,286,701	321,404,996
	1,051,521,541	232,889,748	818,631,793

JULY 1, 1880.

[Population, 50,155,783; circulation per capita, $19.41.]

Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury	$351,841,206	$126,145,427	$225,695,779
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	69,660,408	49,549,851	20,110,557
Subsidiary silver	72,862,270	24,350,482	48,511,788
Gold certificates	8,004,600	40,700	7,963,900
Silver certificates	12,374,270	6,584,701	5,789,569
United States notes	346,681,016	18,785,559	327,895,457
National-bank notes	344,505,427	7,090,249	337,415,178
	1,205,929,197	232,546,969	973,382,228

JULY 1, 1881.

[Population, 51,316,000; circulation per capita, $21.71.]

Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury	$478,484,538	$163,171,661	$315,312,877
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	95,297,083	65,954,671	29,342,412
Subsidiary silver	74,087,061	27,247,697	46,839,364
Gold certificates	5,782,920	23,400	5,759,520
Silver certificates	51,166,530	12,055,801	39,110,729
United States notes	346,681,016	18,554,092	328,126,924
National-bank notes	355,042,675	5,296,382	349,746,293
	1,406,541,823	292,303,704	1,114,238,119

JULY 1, 1882.

[Population, 52,495,000; circulation per capita, $22.37.]

Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury	$506,757,715	$148,506,390	$358,251,325
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	122,788,544	90,384,724	32,403,820
Subsidiary silver	74,428,580	28,048,631	46,379,949
Gold certificates	5,037,120	8,100	5,029,020
Silver certificates	66,096,710	11,590,620	54,506,090
United States notes	346,681,016	21,425,589	325,255,427
National-bank notes	358,742,034	6,277,246	352,464,788
	1,480,531,719	306,241,300	1,174,290,419

JULY 1, 1883.

[Population, 53,693,000; circulation per capita, $22.91.]

Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury	$542,732,063	$198,078,568	$344,653,495
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	152,047,685	116,396,235	35,651,450
Subsidiary silver	74,960,300	28,486,001	46,474,299
Gold certificates	82,378,640	22,571,270	59,807,370
Silver certificates	88,616,831	15,996,145	72,620,686
United States notes	346,681,016	23,438,839	323,242,177
National-bank notes	356,073,281	8,217,062	347,856,219
	1,643,489,816	413,184,120	1,230,305,696

TABLE N.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE AMOUNTS OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES, IN THE TREASURY AND IN CIRCULATION, ON THE DATES SPECIFIED—Continued.

JULY 1, 1884.

[Population, 54,911,000; circulation per capita, $22.65.]

	General stock coined or issued.	In Treasury.	Amount in circulation.
Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury	$545,500,797	$204,876,594	$340,624,203
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	180,306,614	139,616,414	40,690,200
Subsidiary silver	75,261,528	29,600,720	45,660,808
Gold certificates	98,392,660	27,246,020	71,146,640
Silver certificates	119,811,691	23,384,680	96,427,011
United States notes	346,681,016	27,993,802	318,687,214
National-bank notes	339,499,883	8,809,990	330,689,893
	1,705,454,189	461,528,220	1,243,925,969

JULY 1, 1885.

[Population, 56,148,000; circulation per capita, $23.02.]

Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury	$588,697,036	$247,028,625	$341,668,411
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	208,538,967	169,451,998	39,086,969
Subsidiary silver	74,939,820	31,236,899	43,702,921
Gold certificates	140,323,140	13,593,410	126,729,730
Silver certificates	139,901,646	38,370,700	101,530,946
United States notes	346,681,016	15,462,379	331,218,637
National-bank notes	318,576,711	9,945,710	308,631,001
	1,817,658,336	525,089,721	1,292,568,615

JULY 1, 1886.

[Population, 57,404,000; circulation per capita, $21.82.]

Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury	$590,774,461	$232,554,886	$358,219,575
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	237,191,906	184,523,283	52,668,623
Subsidiary silver	75,060,937	28,886,947	46,173,990
Gold certificates	131,174,245	55,129,870	76,044,375
Silver certificates	115,977,675	27,861,450	88,116,225
United States notes	346,681,016	22,868,317	323,312,699
National-bank notes	311,699,454	4,034,416	307,665,038
	1,808,559,694	555,859,169	1,252,700,525

JULY 1, 1887.

[Population, 58,680,000; circulation per capita, 22.45.]

Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury	$654,520,335	$277,979,654	$376,540,681
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	277,445,767	221,897,046	55,548,721
Subsidiary silver	75,547,799	26,963,934	48,583,865
Gold certificates	121,486,817	30,261,380	91,225,437
Silver certificates	145,543,150	3,425,133	142,118,017
United States notes	346,681,016	20,013,797	326,667,219
National-bank notes	279,217,788	2,362,585	276,855,203
	1,900,442,672	582,903,529	1,317,539,143

JULY 1, 1888.

[Population, 59,974,000; circulation per capita, $22.88.]

Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury	$705,818,855	$314,704,822	$391,114,033
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	310,166,459	254,639,063	55,527,396
Subsidiary silver	76,406,376	26,044,062	50,362,314
Gold certificates	142,023,150	20,928,500	121,094,650
Silver certificates	229,491,772	28,732,115	200,759,657
United States notes	346,681,016	38,680,976	308,000,040
National-bank notes	252,368,321	7,055,541	245,312,780
	2,062,955,949	690,785,079	1,372,170,870

TABLE N.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE AMOUNTS OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES, IN THE TREASURY AND IN CIRCULATION, ON THE DATES SPECIFIED—Continued.

JULY 1, 1889.

[Population, 61,289,000; circulation per capita, $22.52.]

	General stock coined or issued.	In Treasury.	Amount in circulation.
Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury	$680,063,505	$303,581,937	$376,481,568
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	343,947,093	289,489,794	54,457,299
Subsidiary coin	76,601,836	25,124,672	51,477,164
Gold certificates	154,048,552	36,918,323	117,130,229
Silver certificates	262,629,746	5,474,181	257,155,565
United States notes	346,681,016	30,241,825	316,439,191
National-bank notes	211,378,963	4,158,330	207,220,633
	2,075,350,711	694,989,062	1,380,361,649

JULY 1, 1890.

[Population, 62,622,250; circulation per capita, $22.82.]

Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury	$695,563,029	$321,304,106	$374,258,923
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	380,083,304	323,804,555	56,278,749
Subsidiary silver	76,825,305	22,792,718	54,032,587
Gold certificates	157,562,979	26,732,120	130,830,859
Silver certificates	301,539,751	3,983,513	297,556,238
United States notes	346,681,016	11,992,039	334,688,977
National-bank notes	185,970,775	4,365,838	181,604,937
	2,144,226,159	714,974,889	1,429,251,270

JULY 1, 1891.

[Population, 63,975,000; circulation per capita, $23.41.]

Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury	$646,582,852	$239,263,689	$407,319,163
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	438,753,502	379,927,323	58,826,179
Subsidiary silver	77,848,700	19,629,480	58,219,220
Gold certificates	152,486,429	32,423,360	120,063,069
Silver certificates	314,715,185	7,479,219	307,235,966
Treasury notes, act July 14, 1890	50,228,417	9,879,713	40,348,704
United States notes	346,681,016	3,473,656	343,207,360
National-bank notes	167,927,974	5,706,928	162,221,046
	2,195,224,075	697,783,368	1,497,440,707

JULY 1, 1892.

[Population, 65,520,000; circulation per capita, $24.44.]

Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury	$664,275,335	$255,706,511	$408,568,824
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	491,057,518	434,240,056	56,817,462
Subsidiary silver	77,521,478	14,227,774	63,293,704
Gold certificates	156,623,929	15,530,310	141,093,619
Silver certificates	331,614,304	4,920,839	326,693,465
Treasury notes, act July 14, 1890	101,712,071	3,453,379	98,258,692
United States notes	346,681,016	37,121,112	309,559,904
Currency certificates, act June 8, 1872	30,430,000	590,000	29,840,000
National-bank notes	172,683,850	5,462,333	167,221,517
	2,372,599,501	771,252,314	1,601,347,187

TABLE N.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE AMOUNTS OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES, IN THE TREASURY AND IN CIRCULATION, ON THE DATES SPECIFIED—Continued.

JULY 1, 1893.

[Population, 66,946,000; circulation per capita, $23.85.]

	General stock coined or issued.	In Treasury.	Amount in circulation.
Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury	$597,697,685	$189,162,022	$408,535,663
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	538,300,776	481,371,103	56,929,673
Subsidiary silver	77,415,123	11,945,257	65,469,866
Gold certificates	94,041,189	1,399,000	92,642,189
Silver certificates	330,957,504	4,133,656	326,823,848
Treasury notes, act of July 14, 1890	147,190,227	6,334,613	140,855,614
United States notes	346,681,016	27,621,590	319,059,426
Currency certificates, act June 8, 1872	12,405,000	690,000	11,715,000
National-bank notes	178,713,872	4,043,906	174,669,966
	2,323,402,392	726,701,147	1,596,701,245

JULY 1, 1894.

[Population, 68,397,000; circulation per capita, $24.28.]

Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury	$627,293,201	$131,316,471	$495,976,730
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	548,000,032	495,435,370	52,564,662
Subsidiary silver	76,249,925	17,738,968	58,510,957
Gold certificates	66,387,899	48,050	66,339,849
Silver certificates	337,148,504	10,157,768	326,990,736
Treasury notes, act July 14, 1890	152,584,417	17,902,988	134,681,429
United States notes	346,681,016	80,091,414	266,589,602
Currency certificates, act June 8, 1872	59,235,000	300,000	58,935,000
National-bank notes	206,854,787	6,635,044	200,219,743
	2,420,434,781	759,626,073	1,660,808,708

JULY 1, 1895.

[Population, 69,878,000; circulation per capita, $22.93.]

Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury	$636,256,023	$156,618,062	$479,637,961
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	547,777,049	495,791,006	51,986,043
Subsidiary silver	76,954,434	16,604,420	60,350,014
Gold certificates	48,469,959	88,650	48,381,309
Silver certificates	328,894,504	9,271,563	319,622,941
Treasury notes, act July 14, 1890	146,088,400	30,145,231	115,943,169
United States notes	346,681,016	83,032,031	263,648,985
Currency certificates, act June 8, 1872	55,795,000	350,000	55,445,000
National-bank notes	211,691,035	4,737,984	206,953,051
	2,398,607,420	796,638,947	1,601,968,473

JULY 1, 1896.

[Population, 71,390,000; circulation per capita, $21.10.]

Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury	$599,597,964	$144,692,900	$454,905,064
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	551,723,999	499,607,095	52,116,904
Subsidiary silver	75,971,507	15,767,056	60,204,451
Gold certificates	42,818,189	620,070	42,198,119
Silver certificates	342,619,504	11,962,313	330,657,191
Treasury notes, act July 14, 1890	129,683,280	34,638,033	95,045,247
United States notes	346,681,016	122,431,148	224,249,868
Currency certificates, act June 8, 1872	32,210,000	320,000	31,890,000
National-bank notes	226,000,547	10,832,425	215,168,122
	2,347,306,006	840,871,040	1,506,434,966

JULY 1, 1897.

[Population, 72,937,000; circulation per capita, $22.49.]

Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury	$696,239,016	$178,649,328	$517,589,688
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury	556,590,184	504,649,903	51,940,281
Subsidiary silver	75,818,369	16,201,960	59,616,409
Gold certificates	38,782,169	1,496,830	37,285,339
Silver certificates	375,479,504	17,630,192	357,849,312
Treasury notes, act July 14, 1890	114,867,280	31,397,763	83,469,517
United States notes	346,681,016	100,726,394	245,954,622
Currency certificates, act June 8, 1872	62,340,000	1,380,000	60,960,000
National-bank notes	230,668,034	5,123,683	225,544,351
	2,497,465,572	857,256,053	1,640,209,519

TABLE N.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE AMOUNTS OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES, IN THE TREASURY, AND IN CIRCULATION, ON THE DATES SPECIFIED—Continued.

RECAPITULATION.

Year.	Amount of money in United States.	Amount in circulation.	Population.	Money per capita.	Circulation per capita.
1860	$442,102,477	$435,407,252	31,443,321	$14.06	$13.85
1861	452,005,767	448,405,767	32,064,000	14.09	13.98
1862	358,452,079	334,697,744	32,704,000	10.96	10.23
1863	674,867,283	595,394,038	33,365,000	20.23	17.84
1864	705,588,067	669,641,478	34,046,000	20.72	19.67
1865	770,129,755	714,702,995	34,748,000	22.16	20.57
1866	754,327,254	673,488,244	35,469,000	21.27	18.99
1867	728,200,612	661,992,069	36,211,000	20.11	18.28
1868	716,553,578	680,103,661	36,973,000	19.38	18.39
1869	715,351,180	664,452,891	37,756,000	18.95	17.60
1870	722,868,461	675,212,794	38,558,371	18.73	17.50
1871	741,812,174	715,889,005	39,555,000	18.75	18.10
1872	762,721,565	738,309,549	40,596,000	18.70	18.19
1873	774,445,610	751,881,809	41,677,000	18.58	18.04
1874	806,024,781	776,083,031	42,796,000	18.83	18.13
1875	798,273,509	754,101,947	43,951,000	18.16	17.16
1876	790,683,284	727,609,388	45,137,000	17.52	16.12
1877	763,053,847	722,314,882	46,353,000	16.46	15.58
1878	791,253,576	729,132,634	47,598,000	16.62	15.32
1879	1,051,521,541	818,631,793	48,866,000	21.52	16.75
1880	1,205,929,197	973,382,228	50,155,783	24.04	19.41
1881	1,406,541,823	1,114,238,119	51,316,000	27.41	21.71
1882	1,480,531,719	1,174,290,419	52,495,000	28.20	22.37
1883	1,643,489,816	1,230,305,696	53,693,000	30.60	22.91
1884	1,705,454,189	1,243,925,969	54,911,000	31.06	22.65
1885	1,817,658,336	1,292,568,615	56,148,000	32.37	23.02
1886	1,808,559,694	1,252,700,525	57,404,000	31.50	21.82
1887	1,900,442,672	1,317,539,143	58,680,000	32.39	22.45
1888	2,062,955,949	1,372,170,870	59,974,000	34.39	22.88
1889	2,075,350,711	1,380,361,649	61,289,000	33.86	22.52
1890	2,144,226,159	1,429,251,270	62,622,250	34.24	22.82
1891	2,195,224,075	1,497,440,707	63,975,000	34.31	23.41
1892	2,372,599,501	1,601,347,187	65,520,000	36.21	24.44
1893	2,323,402,392	1,596,701,245	66,946,000	34.70	23.86
1894	2,420,434,781	1,660,808,708	68,397,000	35.39	24.28
1895	2,398,607,420	1,601,968,473	69,878,000	34.33	22.93
1896	2,347,306,006	1,506,434,966	71,390,000	32.88	21.10
1897	2,497,465,572	1,640,209,519	72,937,000	34.24	22.49

NOTE.—The difference between the amount of money in the country and the amount in circulation represents the money in the Treasury.

Currency certificates, act of June 8, 1872, are included in the amount of United States notes in circulation in the tables for the years 1873 to 1891, inclusive; since 1891 they are reported separately.

The foregoing tables present the revised figures for each of the years given.

TABLE O.—STATEMENT OF UNITED STATES BONDS AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS RECEIVED AND ISSUED BY THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY FROM NOVEMBER 1, 1896, TO OCTOBER 31, 1897.

Title of loan.	Received for exchange and transfer.	Received for redemption.	Issued.	Total.
Six per cent bonds (act of July 17, 1861)	.....	$12,400	.....	$12,400
Six per cent bonds (act of Feb. 25, 1862)	.....	2,700	.....	2,700
Gold certificates (series of 1888)	.....	155,000	.....	155,000
Six per cent bonds (act of June 30, 1864)	.....	500	.....	500
Bonds issued to Pacific railroads (acts of July 1, 1862, and July 2, 1864)	$16,369,000	9,692,000	$16,369,000	42,430,000
Ten-forty bonds of 1864 (act of Mar. 3, 1864)	.....	1,250	.....	1,250
Consols of 1865 (act of Mar. 3, 1865)	.....	12,050	.....	12,050
Consols of 1867 (act of Mar. 3, 1865)	.....	13,450	.....	13,450
Consols of 1868 (act of Mar. 3, 1865)	.....	400	.....	400
Funded loan of 1881, 5 per cent (acts of July 14, 1870, and Jan. 20, 1871)	.....	2,150	.....	2,150
Funded loan of 1881, 5 per cent (acts of July 14, 1870, and Jan. 20, 1871), continued at 3½ per cent	.....	1,000	.....	1,000
Funded loan of 1891, 4½ per cent (acts of July 14, 1870, and Jan. 20, 1871)	.....	224,900	.....	224,900
Funded loan of 1907, 4 per cent (acts of July 14, 1870, and Jan. 20, 1871)	48,030,950	.....	48,031,450	96,062,400
Three and one-half per cent bonds (acts July 17 and Aug. 5, 1861)	.....	500	.....	500
Certificates of deposit (act of June 8, 1872)	.....	71,780,000	117,215,000	188,995,000
Three per cent bonds (act of July 12, 1882)	.....	1,700	.....	1,700
Funded loan of 1891, continued at 2 per cent	2,599,350	.....	2,599,350	5,198,700
Five per cent loan of 1904 (act of Jan. 14, 1875.	12,484,250	.....	12,484,250	24,968,500
Four per cent loan of 1925 (act of Jan. 14, 1875.	35,915,250	.....	35,915,250	71,830,500
Total	115,398,800	81,900,000	232,614,300	429,913,100

TABLE P.—PENAL DUTIES REMITTED BY THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY FROM NOVEMBER 12, 1896, TO OCTOBER 31, 1897, INCLUSIVE, UNDER SECTIONS 5292 AND 5293, REVISED STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY SECTIONS 17, 18, AND 19, ACT OF JUNE 22, 1874.

NEW YORK.

Articles.	Date.	Amount.
Steel ornaments	Nov. 11, 1896	$131.60
Fur hats	Nov. 25, 1896	106.56
Silk, manufactures of	Nov. 28, 1896	1,112.80
Lemons in boxes	Nov. 30, 1896	6.00
Fusel oil	do	124.80
Molasses sugar	Dec. 3, 1896	30.00
Veilings	Dec. 4, 1896	560.80
Glassware	do	110.22
Japanese curios	do	145.94
Wool henriettas	do	364.36
Prussiate potash	Dec. 5, 1896	1,613.76
Oranges	Dec. 7, 1896	71.12
Sword blades	Dec. 9, 1896	183.30
Preserved ginger	Dec. 10, 1896	16.50
Furniture, bric-a-brac, etc	Dec. 11, 1896	1,138.40
Macaroni	Dec. 12, 1896	73.10
Cartridges	do	119.46
Flax, manufactures of	Dec. 15, 1896	557.84
Leather	Dec. 16, 1896	86.40
Sugars	Dec. 17, 1896	3,232.72
Sugars	Dec. 19, 1896	363.00
Sample handkerchiefs	Dec. 22, 1896	36.64
Sweetmeats	do	37.40
Sugars	Dec. 19, 1896	231.66
Woolen dress goods	Dec. 31, 1896	26,036.38
Paper napkins	Jan. 7, 1897	232.68
Sugar	Jan. 9, 1897	8,461.32
Grapes	do	26.52
Flax yarns	Jan. 14, 1897	1,513.12
Artificial flowers	Jan. 18, 1897	78.08
Japanese napkins	Jan. 20, 1897	85.04
Woolen hose	Jan. 21, 1897	418.08
Sugar	Jan. 23, 1897	61.60
Cigars	Jan. 25, 1897	171.36
Jug and bottle	do	28.44
Grapes	do	128.04
Sugar	Feb. 11, 1897	5,814.34
Tiles	do	61.36
Sugar	Feb. 12, 1897	460.42
Artificial flowers	Feb. 15, 1897	38.96
Watch movements	do	40.00
Hams	Feb. 16, 1897	18.00
Fuses	do	49.70
Artificial flowers	Feb. 18, 1897	76.80
Hatters' furs	do	365.44
Carriage and fittings	Feb. 19, 1897	139.48
Sugar	do	1,423.06
Do	Feb. 24, 1897	2,898.32
Do	do	12,113.18
Toys	Mar. 1, 1897	21.12
Straw covers	Mar. 8, 1897	67.20
Decorated china	Mar. 10, 1897	111.20
Buttons	do	107.80
Artificial flowers	Mar. 12, 1897	34.38
Cutlery	do	35.76
China	do	57.54
Cotton bedcovers	Mar. 16, 1897	64.18
Ivory goods	Mar. 19, 1897	142.06
Cigars	Mar. 23, 1897	11.40
Sugar	do	180.24
Metal, manufactured	Mar. 25, 1897	6.72
Sugar	Mar. 30, 1897	6,447.00
Underwear	Apr. 5, 1897	10.80
Combs	Apr. 14, 1897	66.50
Cotton laces	Apr. 16, 1897	1,248.54
Linens	Apr. 17, 1897	24.38
Crêpe lisse	Apr. 29, 1897	199.68
Olives	May 6, 1897	867.00
Umbrella ribs	May 7, 1897	647.04
Sugar	May 8, 1897	74.80
Dates	do	488.00
Decorated china	May 12, 1897	1,412.66
Wash silks	May 13, 1897	1,392.00
Boxes containing oranges	May 14, 1897	19.88
Linens	May 15, 1897	88.44
Smokers' articles	May 18, 1897	61.04

TABLE P.—PENAL DUTIES REMITTED BY THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY FROM NOVEMBER 12, 1896, TO OCTOBER 31, 1897, ETC.—Continued.

NEW YORK—Continued.

Articles.	Date.	Amount.
Decorated glassware	May 18, 1897	$11.60
Tomato paste	do	120.00
Personal and household effects	May 24, 1897	379.48
Dressed skins	May 26, 1897	69.80
Glassware	May 28, 1897	74.20
Cocoanuts	do	15.84
Linen handkerchiefs	do	12.48
Table knives	May 29, 1897	336.12
Sugar	do	205.20
Sugars	June 12, 1897	1,545.60
Woolens	June 14, 1897	867.00
Sugar	June 21, 1897	1,212.00
Medicinal preparations	June 24, 1897	824.22
Goatskins	do	2,884.82
Cotton tape	June 25, 1897	41.76
Goatskins	June 26, 1897	605.66
Cotton and metal, manufactures of	June 29, 1897	23.32
Dates	July 3, 1897	303.68
Cotton goods	July 7, 1897	126.72
Dressed stone	do	76.00
Cigarette paper	July 8, 1897	94.50
Musical instruments	July 9, 1897	119.32
Surface-coated paper	do	185.40
Fusel oil	do	149.80
Silk	July 12, 1897	399.48
Cases, containing oranges	July 19, 1897	725.40
Cotton tape	July 28, 1897	57.20
Sugar	July 30, 1897	4,453.00
Molasses sugar	Aug. 3, 1897	3,344.38
Sugar	Aug. 5, 1897	249.92
Steel plates	Aug. 7, 1897	42.60
Woolens	do	27.80
Essential oils	do	502.88
Preserved fruit	Aug. 12, 1897	265.20
Metal capsules	do	109.40
Sugars	Aug. 9, 1897	14,846.40
Toilet soap	Aug. 25, 1897	11.04
Granulated sugar	do	970.20
Pineapples	Sept. 14, 1897	346.20
Cocoanuts	do	64.86
Stereotype plates	Sept. 23, 1897	31.60
Cutlery	Sept. 24, 1897	222.40
Linens	Sept. 25, 1897	54.72
Artificial flowers	Sept. 27, 1897	54.36
Linen tidies	do	72.84
Fur skins	do	32.10
Sugar	Oct. 1, 1897	133.30
Hides	do	178.87
Artificial flowers	Oct. 2, 1897	26.60
Kid skins	do	111.76
Glass and metal, manufactures of	Oct. 4, 1897	47.94
Flax, manufactures of	Oct. 5, 1897	493.76
Sugar	do	102.96
Do	do	115.60
Do	Oct. 8, 1897	278.42
Do	do	70.84
Do	do	548.76
Ivory ware	Oct. 9, 1897	125.32
Steel wire	do	135.36
Shoe laces	do	48.36
Total		124,667.91

BOSTON, MASS.

Soy	Nov. 14, 1896	$18.00
Steel tubes	Nov. 25, 1896	376.60
Linen thread	Nov. 27, 1896	51.48
Steel	Nov. 30, 1896	660.00
Earthenware, etc	Dec. 3, 1896	318.86
Orange and lemon peel	Dec. 7, 1896	59.44
Molasses sugar	Dec. 14, 1896	712.20
Salt	Dec. 17, 1896	31.68
Blank books	Dec. 18, 1896	13.20
Furniture	Dec. 21, 1896	108.48
Japanese goods	do	13.80

TABLE P.—PENAL DUTIES REMITTED BY THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY FROM NOVEMBER 12, 1896, TO OCTOBER 31, 1897, ETC.—Continued.

BOSTON—Continued.

Articles.	Date.	Amount.
Sugar	Jan. 6, 1897	$41,309.22
Do	Jan. 15, 1897	579.26
Medicinal preparations	Feb. 16, 1897	28.52
Fish in tins	Feb. 19, 1897	12.00
One die	Mar. 16, 1897	29.00
Salt sacks	Mar. 24, 1897	30.00
Chinese merchandise	Apr. 5, 1897	10.98
Grapes	Apr. 26, 1897	21.42
Wood pulp	May 3, 1897	193.60
Clock	July 23, 1897	5.76
Machinery	Aug. 3, 1897	111.36
Wool felts	Oct. 9, 1897	57.60
Total		44,742.46

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Loom cards	Dec. 16, 1896	$374.34
Decorated china	Feb. 13, 1897	13.64
Asphalt mastic	....do	708.40
Olives	Sept. 16, 1897	4,674.24
Total		5,770.62

BALTIMORE, MD.

Indian embroidery	Dec. 31, 1896	$118.80
Decorated earthenware	Jan. 13, 1897	21.76
Earthenware	Aug. 7, 1897	266.60
Total		407.16

BUFFALO, N. Y.

Lambs	Jan. 23, 1897	$282.29
Do	Feb. 19, 1897	132.60
Total		414.89

ST. PAUL MINN.

Maple sugar	Jan. 7, 1897	$452.10
Glassware	July 13, 1897	8.38
Total		460.48

HOULTON, ME.

Horses, sleds, etc	Jan. 15, 1897	$122.32

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Japanese ivory carving	Jan. 15, 1897	$1,136.00
Musical instruments	Apr. 27 1897	114.00
Cigars	June 10, 1897	60.06
Wool shawls	July 17, 1897	7.26
Cigars	Aug. 2, 1897	30.58
Two packages civetol	Aug. 19, 1897	74.40
Total		1,422.30

TABLE P.—PENAL DUTIES REMITTED BY THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY FROM NOVEMBER 12, 1896, TO OCTOBER 31, 1897, ETC.—Continued.

CHICAGO, ILL.

Articles.	Date.	Amount.
Wool and silk wearing apparel	Dec. 16, 1896	$23.40
Silk wearing apparel	Jan. 13, 1897	118.58
Granulated sugar	Apr. 26, 1897	530.00
Apples	do	48.26
Maple sugar	July 9, 1897	1,132.48
Metal busts	July 17, 1897	83.60
Total		1,936.32

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Sugar	July 17, 1897	$1,084.60

CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Cotton velvet skirt bindings	Feb. 10, 1897	$130.76

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Soap	Feb. 27, 1897	$15.60
Paste glass ornaments	May 14, 1897	32.40
Total		48.00

BANGOR, ME.

Blueberries	Sept. 1, 1897	$2,549.78

RECAPITULATION.

Port.	Amount.	Number of cases.
New York	$124,667.91	135
Boston, Mass	44,742.46	23
San Francisco, Cal	1,084.60	1
Bangor, Me	2,549.78	1
Chicago, Ill	1,936.32	6
St. Louis, Mo	1,422.30	6
Philadelphia, Pa	5,770.62	4
St. Paul, Minn	460.48	2
Buffalo, N. Y	414.89	2
Baltimore, Md	407.16	3
Cleveland, Ohio	130.76	1
Houlton, Me	122.32	1
Cincinnati, Ohio	48.00	2
Total	183,757.60	187

TABLE Q.—APPLICATIONS FOR REMISSION OF PENAL DUTIES DENIED BY THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY FROM NOVEMBER 12, 1896, TO OCTOBER 31, 1897, UNDER SECTIONS 5292 AND 5293, REVISED STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY SECTIONS 17, 18, AND 19, ACT OF JUNE 22, 1874.

NEW YORK.

Articles.	Date.	Amount.
Lead pencils	Nov. 24, 1896	$1,790.48
Lamps	Nov. 30, 1896	98.08
Ribbons	Dec. 5, 1896	455.88
Teething rings	Dec. 9, 1896	169.36
Silk goods	Dec. 15, 1896	682.20
Flax, manufactures of	Dec. 17, 1896	807.90
Pipe tips	Dec. 19, 1896	8.70
Hatters' furs	....do	92.40
Silkeline	....do	532.48
Cotton velvets	Dec. 22, 1896	206.54
Silks	....do	174.18
Linens	Jan. 12, 1897	305.22
Wood pulp	....do	250.80
Do	Jan. 13, 1897	9,067.68
Asphalt	Jan. 14, 1887	86.08
Chinese groceries	....do	3.60
Whitewood pulp paper	Jan. 21, 1897	42.20
Enameled signs	....do	416.04
Grapes	Jan. 26, 1897	24.14
Hosiery	Feb. 3, 1897	468.62
Linens	Feb. 9, 1897	113.06
Leather	....do	615.24
Wood pulp	Feb. 11, 1897	133.98
Mushrooms	Feb. 15, 1897	23.76
Silk and cotton goods	....do	223.18
Dressed skins	Feb. 18, 1897	61.78
Silk, manufactures of	....do	262.80
Cotton muslin	....do	42.48
Mushrooms	Feb. 17, 1897	90.28
Linens	Feb. 19, 1897	60.80
Swisses	....do	157.50
Woolen goods	Feb. 24, 1897	3,272.82
Woolen cloth	Feb. 26, 1897	73.20
Pongee silks	Feb. 27, 1897	221.36
Woolen dress goods	Mar. 2, 1897	3,693.86
Orange boxes	Mar. 13, 1897	50.38
Cotton velvets	Mar. 19, 1897	169.62
Glassware	Mar. 22, 1897	1,292.04
Straw hats	....do	555.28
Orange boxes	Mar. 24, 1897	24.64
Furs	....do	405.60
Shoe laces	Mar. 29, 1897	59.84
Chemical salts	Apr. 3, 1897	176.00
Bric-a-brac	Apr. 6, 1897	1,831.76
Earthenware	Apr. 14, 1897	58.38
Sugar	Apr. 23, 1897	731.90
Fish	Apr. 26, 1897	38.00
Pongee silks	Apr. 27, 1897	196.98
Decorated china	....do	16.82
Hosiery	May 14, 1897	30.24
Fish	May 15, 1897	60.42
Chains	May 28, 1897	420.16
Tomato sauce	....do	20.80
Surface-coated paper	....do	81.30
Linens	....do	31.60
Do	June 1, 1897	177.00
Boxes containing oranges	June 8, 1897	35.28
Garlic	June 17, 1897	135.00
Silk goods	June 21, 1897	821.24
Silk and cotton goods	June 22, 1897	2,753.06
Do	....do	2,233.12
Lead pencils	June 23, 1897	27,166.59
Cutlery	July 1, 1897	338.02
Do	....do	1,218.76
Woolen dress goods	July 2, 1897	53.58
Reading glasses	July 6, 1897	11.16
Olives	July 7, 1897	82.00
Silk mousselines	July 8, 1897	756.84
Linens	July 14, 1897	77.40
Feather boas	July 17, 1897	12.00
Lace curtains and nets	July 24, 1897	1,451.40
Lace curtains	July 28, 1897	106.30
Sponges	Aug. 3, 1897	668.54
Bottles	Aug. 11, 1897	9.00
Gold-metal clippings	Aug. 12, 1897	10.12
Dress goods	Aug. 13, 1897	13,948.94

TABLE Q.—APPLICATIONS FOR REMISSION OF PENAL DUTIES DENIED BY THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY FROM NOVEMBER 12, 1896, TO OCTOBER 31, 1897, ETC.—Continued.

NEW YORK—Continued.

Articles.	Date.	Amount.
Pongee silk	Aug. 23, 1897	$1,030.80
Dress goods	Aug. 25, 1897	1,004.44
Silks	do	349.64
Do	do	269.28
Do	do	246.40
Do	do	260.90
Do	do	128.20
Do	do	400.32
Serge	do	273.84
Do	do	159.12
Do	do	104.26
Do	do	153.48
Silk and cotton	do	209.50
Silks	do	623.86
Pongee silks	do	1,159.88
Silk, manufactures of	do	548.26
Linens	Sept. 25, 1897	174.68
Handkerchiefs	Oct. 4, 1897	1,459.70
Total		91,602.35

BOSTON, MASS.

Shirts	Dec. 31, 1896	$51.60
Earthenware	Jan. 8, 1897	118.18
Chinese merchandise	Jan. 9, 1897	40.98
Mineral red	Jan. 20, 1897	105.90
Silk goods, etc	do	231.26
Grapes	Feb. 23, 1897	28.56
Wood pulp	Mar. 10, 1897	264.64
Skins	Apr. 6, 1897	36.96
Linen thread	May 24, 1897	516.24
Do	June 18, 1897	103.32
Do	do	466.68
Alizarine assistant	July 24, 1897	356.16
Dates	Aug. 25, 1897	30.00
Linen thread	Oct. 11, 1897	149.58
Total		2,500.06

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Chaplets, mother-of-pearl	May 24, 1897	$641.28
Linen thread	June 16, 1897	149.40
Surface-coated paper	July 7, 1897	100.32
Total		891.00

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Decorated earthenware	Jan. 22, 1897	$16.00
Enameled name plates	Mar. 24, 1897	976.46
Metal, manufactures of	Apr. 26, 1897	60.84
Razors	Aug. 20, 1897	27.20
Musical instruments	Sept. 28, 1897	9.08
Merchandise	Oct. 8, 1897	11.68
Total		1,101.26

BUFFALO, N. Y.

Lambs	Dec. 15, 1896	$348.48
Do	Feb. 5, 1897	238.40
Apples	May 13, 1897	67.20
Total		654.08

TABLE Q.—APPLICATIONS FOR REMISSION OF PENAL DUTIES DENIED BY THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY FROM NOVEMBER 12, 1896, TO OCTOBER 31, 1897, ETC.—Continued.

CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Articles.	Date.	Amount.
Cotton-velvet skirt bindings	Feb. 10, 1897	$30.80

EASTPORT, ME.

Phenacetine	Mar. 9, 1897	$237.60

RECAPITULATION.

Port.	Amount.	Number of cases.
New York	$91,602.35	94
Boston, Mass	2,500.06	14
Philadelphia, Pa	891.00	3
St. Louis, Mo	1,101.26	6
Buffalo, N. Y	654.08	3
Eastport, Me	237.60	1
Cleveland, Ohio	30.80	1
Total	97,017.15	122

APPENDIX TO THE REPORT ON THE FINANCES.

APPENDIX.

REPORTS OF HEADS OF BUREAUS AND OTHER OFFICERS.

(No. 1.)

REPORT OF THE TREASURER.

TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, December 1, 1897.

SIR: The annual report of the transactions and condition of the Treasury is respectfully submitted.

REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES.

The net ordinary revenues and expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, are summarized, in comparison with those for the year preceding, in the subjoined statement:

Account.	1896.	1897.	Increase.	Decrease.
REVENUES.				
Customs	$160,021,751.67	$176,554,126.65	$16,532,374.98	
Internal revenue	146,762,864.74	146,688,574.29		$74,290.45
Lands	1,005,523.43	864,581.41		140,942.02
Miscellaneous	19,186,060.54	23,614,422.81	4,428,362.27	
Total	326,976,200.38	347,721,705.16	20,960,737.25	215,232.47
Net			20,745,504.78	
EXPENDITURES.				
Customs	17,968,920.87	18,356,864.82	387,943.95	
Internal revenue	4,202,876.40	8,678,929.54	4,476,053.14	
Interior civil	8,595,455.34	8,814,999.20	219,543.86	
Treasury proper	47,463,859.94	46,545,332.21		918,527.73
Diplomatic	1,605,010.78	2,076,876.84	471,866.06	
Judiciary	7,380,111.29	5,928,265.21		1,451,846.08
War Department	50,830,920.89	48,950,267.89		1,880,653.00
Navy Department	27,147,732.38	34,561,546.29	7,413,813.91	
Indians	12,165,528.28	13,016,802.46	851,274.18	
Pensions	139,434,000.98	141,053,164.63	1,619,163.65	
Interest	35,385,028.93	37,791,110.48	2,406,081.55	
Total	352,179,446.08	365,774,159.57	17,845,740.30	4,251,026.81
Net			13,594,713.49	
Deficiency	25,203,245.70	18,052,454.41		7,150,791.29

An increase of $20,745,504.78 in the revenues, with one of $13,594,713.49 in the expenditures, yielded a relative gain of $7,150,791.29 to the Treasury, and left a deficiency of $18,052,454.41 from the operations of the year.

The receipts and disbursements for the two years on account of the public debt may be stated thus:

Account.	1896.	1897.	Increase.	Decrease.
RECEIPTS.				
Bonds	$142,335,046.41	$3,250.00		$142,331,796.41
United States notes	68,924,000.00	59,620,000.00		9,304,000.00
Treasury notes of 1890	45,158,880.00	30,686,000.00		14,472,880.00
National-bank notes	5,965,683.50	15,448,970.00	$9,483,286.50	
Gold certificates	4,855,000.00	10,000.00		4,845,000.00
Silver certificates	154,008,000.00	178,432,000.00	24,424,000.00	
Currency certificates	72,630,000.00	105,730,000.00	33,100,000.00	
Total	493,876,609.91	389,930,220.00	67,007,286.50	170,953,676.41
Net				103,946,389.91
DISBURSEMENTS.				
Bonds and fractional currency	7,294,103.35	11,378,502.00	4,084,398.65	
United States notes	68,924,000.00	59,620,000.00		9,304,000.00
Treasury notes of 1890	61,564,000.00	45,502,000.00		16,062,000.00
National-bank notes	11,223,150.00	11,092,355.50		130,794.50
Gold certificates	10,506,770.00	4,046,020.00		6,460,750.00
Silver certificates	140,283,000.00	145,572,000.00	5,289,000.00	
Currency certificates	96,395,000.00	75,970,000.00		20,425,000.00
Total	396,190,023.35	353,180,877.50	9,373,398.65	52,382,544.50
Net				43,009,145.85
Excess of receipts	97,686,586.56	36,749,342.50		60,937,244.06

The aggregate receipts from all sources fell, therefore, from $820,852,810.29 in 1896 to $737,651,925.16 in 1897, while the corresponding disbursements fell from $748,369,469.43 to $718,955,037.07, as shown below:

Account.	1896.	1897.	Increase.	Decrease.
RECEIPTS.				
Ordinary	$326,976,200.38	$347,721,705.16	$20,745,504.78	
Debt	493,876,609.91	389,930,220.00		$103,946,389.91
Total	820,852,810.29	737,651,925.16		83,200,885.13
DISBURSEMENTS.				
Ordinary	352,179,446.08	365,774,159.57	13,594,713.49	
Debt	396,190,023.35	353,180,877.50		43,009,145.85
Total	748,369,469.43	718,955,037.07		29,414,432.36
Excess of receipts	72,483,340.86	18,696,888.09		53,786,452.77

The excess of $18,696,888.09 of aggregate receipts over aggregate disbursements, which was the net result of the operations of the latter year, went to swell the general Treasury balance. This balance, according to the books of the Department, stood at $846,093,349.62 on June 30, 1896, and at $864,790,237.71 on June 30, 1897.

By distinguishing between the strictly fiscal operations of the year and those connected with the issue and redemption of certificates of deposit and Treasury notes, it will be seen, with respect to the former, that the total receipts were $422,793,925.16 and the total disbursements

$447,865,017.07. The items composing these totals are given, in comparison with those for the previous year, in the following table:

Account.	1896.	1897.	Increase.	Decrease.
RECEIPTS.				
Ordinary	$326,976,200.38	$347,721,705.16	$20,745,504.78	
Bonds	142,335,046.41	3,250.00		$142,331,796.41
United States notes	68,924,000.00	59,620,000.00		9,304,000.00
National-bank notes	5,965,683.50	15,448,970.00	9,483,286.50	
Total	544,200,930.29	422,793,925.16	30,228,791.28	151,635,796.41
Net				121,407,005.13
DISBURSEMENTS.				
Ordinary	352,179,446.08	365,774,159.57	13,594,713.49	
Bonds and fractional currency	7,294,103.35	11,378,502.00	4,084,398.65	
United States notes	68,924,000.00	59,620,000.00		9,304,000.00
National-bank notes	11,223,150.00	11,092,355.50		130,794.50
Total	439,620,699.43	447,865,017.07	17,679,112.14	9,434,794.50
Net			8,244,317.64	
Excess of receipts	104,580,230.86			
Excess of disbursements		25,071,091.91	129,651,322.77	

From these figures it appears that the total deficiency arising from the fiscal operations of the year was $25,071,091.91. The application of this sum from the available resources of the Treasury may be more fully indicated thus:

Deficiency in ordinary revenue	$18,052,454.41
Payment of Pacific Railroad bonds	11,083,000.00
Redemption of matured debt and fractional currency	292,252.00
Total	29,427,706.41
Less gain from deposits for retiring bank notes	4,356,614.50
Net	25,071,091.91

The receipts and disbursements for the two years on account of the issue and redemption of Treasury notes and the certificates representing gold, silver, and United States notes, respectively, and forming part of the currency, are shown below:

Account.	1896.	1897.	Increase.	Decrease.
RECEIPTS.				
Treasury notes of 1890	$45,158,880.00	$30,686,000.00		$14,472,880.00
Certificates	231,493,000.00	284,172,000.00	$52,679,000.00	
Total	276,651,880.00	314,858,000.00	38,206,120.00	
DISBURSEMENTS.				
Treasury notes of 1890	61,564,000.00	45,502,000.00		16,062,000.00
Certificates	247,184,770.00	225,548,020.00		21,636,750.00
Total	308,748,770.00	271,050,020.00		37,698,750.00
Excess of receipts		43,807,980.00	75,904,870.00	
Excess of disbursements	32,096,890.00			

STATE OF THE TREASURY.

According to the books of the Department the total liabilities of the Treasury were $885,207,607.33 on June 30, 1896, and $904,411,576.58 on June 30, 1897, against which, however, there were unavailable assets amounting to $29,522,285.63 at the former date and to $29,647,199.35 at the latter. The actual condition existing at the close of business on the two days may be stated, in summary form, as follows:

	June 30, 1896.	June 30, 1897.
ASSETS.		
Gold coin and bullion	$144,715,614.86	$178,649,327.57
Silver coin and bullion	513,480,698.91	520,851,863.42
Notes and certificates	180,803,988.44	157,754,862.16
Minor coin and fractional currency	1,102,293.41	1,346,099.82
Deposits in national banks	15,555,600.77	15,958,733.82
Bonds and interest paid	27,125.31	203,490.44
Total available	855,685,321.70	874,764,377.23
Deposits with States	28,101,644.91	28,101,644.91
Unavailable funds	1,418,822.88	1,494,372.63
Unpaid loss on recoinage	1,817.84	51,181.81
Total unavailable	29,522,285.63	29,647,199.35
Aggregate	885,207,607.33	904,411,576.58
LIABILITIES.		
General account	846,093,349.62	864,790,237.71
Agency account	38,717,041.63	38,829,222.28
Uncovered moneys	397,216.08	792,116.59
Aggregate	885,207,607.33	904,411,576.58

A separation of the fiscal business from the business of issuing certificates and Treasury notes would show for the former the results exhibited below:

	June 30, 1896.	June 30, 1897.
ASSETS.		
Gold coin and bullion	$101,897,425.86	$139,867,158.57
Silver coin and bullion	41,177,914.91	30,505,079.42
Notes and certificates	148,593,988.44	95,414,862.16
Minor coin and fractional currency	1,102,293.41	1,346,099.82
Deposits in national banks	15,555,600.77	15,958,733.82
Bonds and interest paid	27,125.31	203,490.44
Total	308,354,348.70	283,295,424.23
LIABILITIES.		
General account	269,637,307.07	244,466,201.95
Agency account	38,717,041.63	38,829,222.28
Total	308,354,348.70	283,295,424.23

The amounts of gold, silver, and United States notes on deposit against certificates and Treasury notes were:

	June 30, 1896.	June 30, 1897.
ASSETS.		
Gold coin and bullion	$42,818,189.00	$38,782,169.00
Silver dollars and bullion	472,302,784.00	490,346,784.00
United States notes	32,210,000.00	62,340,000.00
Total	547,330,973.00	591,468,953.00
LIABILITIES.		
Gold certificates	42,818,189.00	38,782,169.00
Silver certificates	342,619,504.00	375,479,504.00
Currency certificates	32,210,000.00	62,340,000.00
Treasury notes of 1890	129,683,280.00	114,867,280.00
Total	547,330,973.00	591,468,953.00

The available working fund of over $300,000,000 which the Treasury possessed at the beginning of the year afforded the means of conducting the financial operations of the Government without embarrassment, notwithstanding the considerable fluctuations in the revenues and the ultimate deficiency.

The unavailable funds of the Treasury, as they are stated in this report, have been increased since last year by $75,549.75, the amount of a loss sustained at the mint at Carson City, through an embezzlement discovered in 1895.

THE GOLD RESERVE.

During the earlier months of the year the gold reserve was the cause of much concern. After declining to $89,669,975, where it stood on the 23d of July, 1896, this fund was restored by the assistance of the banks and other financial institutions of the country, the highest amount to which it was brought by the effort being $110,782,403, on August 4. After the withdrawal of this support another period of decline ensued, which again reduced the reserve to $100,957,561 by September 1.

Heavy imports of gold, which amounted to $62,000,000 in the months of September and October, and before the total cessation of the movement, in December, added $10,000,000 more, now brought relief. The gains from this source gradually augmented the reserve till it reached $125,600,065, on the 6th of October. During that month, however, the redemptions of notes in gold, which in September had reached only $4,661,446, increased to $12,073,835, and under the effect of these the reserve again declined until November 5, when the returns showed only $114,957,109. Diminished demands for redemption then permitted an almost daily gain of gold, which continued without interruption until April 28, 1897, when the reserve reached $155,639,773.

Fresh exports of gold, beginning the latter part of April and continuing until the first week in August, 1897, again drew the metal from the Treasury, and the reserve, which was reduced by the movement below $145,000,000 on the 24th of May, varied with unimportant changes during the remainder of the period, the lowest amount recorded any day being $140,160,439 on August 4. Since that date the absence of any considerable demand for the redemption of notes has again permitted the gradual gain of gold. At the same time the increase in the production of gold in this country, the influx from the Australian mines, and in the autumn imports from Europe, have tended to add to the

reserve, and with additions to the revenue now to be looked for, to remove apprehensions for its impairment.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

By the conversion of $2,010 of refunding certificates with accrued interest into bonds of the loan of 1907, the interest-bearing debt was increased in the amount of $1,240. The redemption of $290,010 of the matured debt, together with the deposit of $15,448,970 for the retirement of national-bank notes, the payment of $11,092,355.50 on the same account, and the redemption of $3,482 in fractional currency, made a net increase of $4,063,122.50 in the outstanding obligations bearing no interest and payable on demand. Bonds issued to the Pacific railroads amounting to $11,083,000 were paid, and thus with the payment of $9,556,000 in previous years, the outstanding principal of this loan was reduced to $43,984,512. Of those still to be paid, $75,000, on June 30, were past due and payable on presentation; $29,904,952 will mature on January 1, 1898, and $14,004,560 on January 1, 1899.

Exclusive of the Pacific railroad bonds, the principal of the debt at the close of the last two fiscal years was as shown in the subjoined table:

Title.	Rate of interest.	When payable.	June 30, 1896.	June 30, 1897.
	Per cent.			
Funded loan of 1891	2	Option of United States.	$25, 364, 500. 00	$25, 364, 500. 00
Funded loan of 1907	4	July 1, 1907	559, 636, 850. 00	559, 640, 100. 00
Refunding certificates	4	Convertible	47, 140. 00	45, 130. 00
Loan of 1904	5	Feb. 1, 1904	100, 000, 000. 00	100, 000, 000. 00
Loan of 1925	4	Feb. 1, 1925	162, 315, 400. 00	162, 315, 400. 00
Matured loans		On demand	1, 636, 890. 26	1, 346, 880. 26
Old demand notes		do	54, 347. 50	54, 347. 50
United States notes		do	346, 681, 016. 00	346, 681, 016. 00
Fractional currency		do	6, 891, 184. 14	6, 887, 702. 14
National-bank notes		do	20, 102, 022. 50	24, 458, 637. 00
Gold certificates		do	42, 818, 189. 00	38, 782, 169. 00
Silver certificates		do	342, 619, 504. 00	375, 479, 504. 00
Currency certificates		do	31, 990, 000. 00	61, 750, 000. 00
Treasury notes of 1890		do	129, 683, 280. 00	114, 867, 280. 00
Total			1, 769, 840, 323. 40	1, 817, 672, 665. 90

With the omission of the certificates and Treasury notes, the debt proper, as ordinarily classified, was:

Class.	June 30, 1896.	June 30, 1897.
Interest-bearing	$847, 363, 890. 00	$847, 365, 130. 00
Matured	1, 636, 890. 26	1, 346, 880. 26
Bearing no interest	373, 728, 570. 14	378, 081, 702. 64
Total	1, 222, 729, 350. 40	1, 226, 793, 712. 90

The state of the debt with respect to the conditions of payment is shown below:

Condition of payment.	June 30, 1896.	June 30, 1897.
At option of the United States	$25, 364, 500. 00	$25, 364, 500. 00
At maturity, future dates	821, 999, 390. 00	822, 000, 630. 00
On demand, without reissue	28, 684, 444. 40	32, 747, 566. 90
On demand, for reissue	476, 364, 296. 00	461, 548, 296. 00
On demand, out of deposits	417, 427, 693. 00	476, 011, 673. 00
Total	1, 769, 840, 323. 40	1, 817, 672, 665. 90

In the Appendix will be found a table which shows in detail the changes for the year in the principal of each loan.

THE MONETARY STOCK.

The revised estimates of the composition of the monetary stock and its distribution between the Treasury and the circulation on June 30, 1896, place it as indicated in the annexed table:

Kind.	In Treasury and mints.	In circulation.	Total stock.
Gold coin	$112,589,974	$454,905,064	$567,495,038
Gold bullion	32,102,926		32,102,926
Silver dollars	378,673,137	52,116,904	430,790,041
Fractional silver coin	15,767,056	60,204,451	75,971,507
Silver bullion	120,933,958	1,032,565	121,966,523
Total metallic	660,067,051	568,258,984	1,228,326,035
United States notes	122,431,148	224,249,868	346,681,016
Treasury notes of 1890	34,638,033	95,045,247	129,683,280
National-bank notes	10,832,425	215,168,122	226,000,547
Gold certificates	620,070	42,198,119	42,818,189
Silver certificates	11,962,313	330,657,191	342,619,504
Currency certificates	320,000	31,890,000	32,210,000
Total paper	180,803,989	939,208,547	1,120,012,536
Aggregate	840,871,040	1,507,467,531	2,348,338,571

Corresponding data for June 30, 1897, are given in the same form:

Kind.	In Treasury and mints.	In circulation.	Total stock.
Gold coin	$153,109,226	$517,589,688	$670,698,914
Gold bullion	25,571,628		25,571,628
Silver dollars	400,053,461	51,940,281	451,993,742
Fractional silver coin	16,201,960	59,616,409	75,818,369
Silver bullion	106,490,744	206,926	106,697,670
Total metallic	701,427,019	629,353,304	1,330,780,323
United States notes	100,726,394	245,954,622	346,681,016
Treasury notes of 1890	31,397,763	83,469,517	114,867,280
National-bank notes	5,123,683	226,318,003	231,441,686
Gold certificates	1,496,830	37,285,339	38,782,169
Silver certificates	17,630,192	357,849,312	375,479,504
Currency certificates	1,380,000	60,960,000	62,340,000
Total paper	157,754,862	1,011,836,793	1,169,591,655
Aggregate	859,181,881	1,641,190,097	2,500,371,978

By the substitution of the gold, silver, and United States notes in the place of the certificates and Treasury notes which represent them, the virtual distribution of the effective monetary stock, as determined by ownership, is shown to have been as follows:

Kind.	In Treasury and mints.	In circulation.	Effective stock.
JUNE 30, 1896.			
Gold	$102,494,781	$497,103,183	$599,597,964
Silver	89,671,713	539,056,358	628,728,071
Notes	101,373,573	471,307,990	572,681,563
Total	293,540,067	1,507,467,531	1,801,007,598
JUNE 30, 1897.			
Gold	141,395,515	554,875,027	696,270,542
Silver	81,427,336	553,082,445	634,509,781
Notes	44,890,077	533,232,625	578,122,702
Total	267,712,928	1,641,190,097	1,908,903,025

A gratifying improvement in the condition of the stock of money has occurred in the increased proportion of gold which has entered into the circulation. The estimated gain of gold to the country in the fifteen months ending September 30 last is placed at $112,511,570, of which $42,965,977 came from abroad and $69,545,593 was the excess of domestic production over consumption.

The cancellation of Treasury notes during the year, on redemption in silver dollars, amounted to $14,816,000. A further retirement of $3,533,000 in the three months ending with September reduced the outstanding volume of these notes to $111,334,280.

THE COINAGE.

Uncurrent gold and silver coins of the denominations and amounts below stated were delivered during the year from the Treasury to the Mint for recoinage. The difference between the face value of the old coins and that of the new product is also shown as loss.

Denomination.	Amount.	Loss.
Double eagles	$141,000.00	
Eagles	174,230.00	
Half eagles	300,990.00	
Quarter eagles	7,467.50	
Three-dollar pieces	21.00	
One-dollar pieces	42.50	
Total gold	623,751.00	$5,008.29
Fifty-cent pieces	1,789,786.50	
Twenty-five-cent pieces	1,138,787.25	
Twenty-cent pieces	169.40	
Ten-cent pieces	267,909.50	
Five-cent pieces	1,230.85	
Three-cent pieces	115.00	
Total silver	3,197,998.50	149,136.86
Aggregate	3,821,749.50	154,145.15

Minor coin amounting to $340,241 was transferred to the Mint to be recoined or cleaned, as its condition might require.

SPURIOUS AND FRAUDULENT ISSUES.

Counterfeit silver coins and paper currency of the descriptions given in the next statement were detected and canceled during the year at the Treasury offices.

Denomination.	Silver coins.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	National-bank notes.	Silver certificates.	Fractional currency.	Total.
Ten cents	$241.10					$0.60	$241.70
Twenty-five cents	464.25					33.50	497.75
Fifty cents	849.50					358.50	1,208.00
One dollar	1,262.00	$6.00			$8.00		1,276.00
Two dollars		18.00	$2.00	$50.00	594.00		664.00
Five dollars		220.00	5.00	525.00	215.00		965.00
Ten dollars		480.00		600.00	50.00		1,130.00
Twenty dollars		880.00		540.00	20.00		1,440.00
Fifty dollars		1,050.00		150.00			1,200.00
One hundred dollars		200.00					200.00
Total	2,816.85	2,854.00	7.00	1,865.00	887.00	392.60	8,822.45

These figures, in comparison with those for the previous year, which showed a total of $10,165.80, would indicate a somewhat diminished circulation of spurious pieces among these classes of currency. On the other hand, there has been a noticeable increase in the quantity of counterfeit nickel and copper coin afloat, the number of pieces rejected during the year having been 15,999, as against 10,250 in the like period last preceding. Particularly in cents have the petty counterfeiters been active, large quantities of their manufacture having appeared in recent months, mostly in the cities of New York and Philadelphia.

The dangerous counterfeits of 7.30 and compound-interest notes continue to be presented. Six remittances of them, of the nominal value of $1,800, were sent to this office during the year.

TRUST FUNDS.

United States bonds of the descriptions below given were held on June 30, 1897, in trust for national banks as security for circulating notes and public deposits:

Kind of bonds.	Rate of interest.	To secure circulation.	To secure deposits.	Total.
	Per cent.			
Funded loan of 1891, continued	2	$22,168,900	$1,285,500	$23,454,400
Funded loan of 1907	4	150,903,750	12,105,000	163,008,750
Loan of 1925	4	32,833,550	2,580,000	35,413,550
Loan of 1904	5	15,728,350	585,000	16,313,350
Bonds issued to Pacific railroads	6	8,837,000	375,000	9,212,000
Total		230,471,550	16,930,500	247,402,050

There were deposited during the year $27,638,300 of bonds to secure circulation and $2,674,500 to secure deposits. The withdrawals were $26,082,700 on the former account and $2,672,000 on the latter.

Bonds of the following kinds and amounts were held on June 30, 1897, for the sinking funds of the Pacific railroads:

Kind of bonds.	Rate of interest.	Union Pacific.	Central Pacific.	Total.
	Per cent.			
United States bonds issued to Pacific railroads	6	$564,000	.....	$564,000
Union Pacific first mortgage	6	6,367,000	.....	6,367,000
Central Pacific first mortgage	6	2,229,000	.....	2,229,000
Central Branch, Union Pacific	6	1,025,000	$163,000	1,188,000
Eastern Division, Union Pacific	6	1,478,000	.....	1,478,000
Sioux City and Pacific	6	716,500	32,000	748,500
Western Pacific	6	350,000	117,000	467,000
United States loan of 1904	5	915,750	125,000	1,040,750
Total		13,645,250	437,000	14,082,250

United States Pacific railroad bonds of the face value of $1,501,000 were added during the year to the fund of the Union Pacific, and $1,001,000 of the same issue, together with a like amount of first-mortgage bonds belonging to the fund, matured and were paid.

Of the securities in the Central Pacific fund at the beginning of the year, $1,590,000 of United States bonds maturing January 1, 1898, and $371,000 maturing January 1, 1899, with $37.50 in cash, were, by order of the Secretary of the Treasury, exchanged for $2,020,000 of the same kind of bonds falling due January 1, 1897, and these, with $169,000

previously in the fund, were paid at maturity. First-mortgage bonds amounting to $131,000 were paid July 1, 1896, and $2,780,000 of them were sold under the circular of the Department dated December 15, 1896.

Of the $231,000 of the United States Pacific railroad bonds in the Indian trust fund, $30,000 matured January 1, 1897, and were paid.

The bonds and stocks in the following list are the property of the United States and are held for the Secretary of the Treasury:

Kind.	Amount.
Arkansas State bonds	$793,000.00
Louisiana State bonds	37,000.00
North Carolina State bonds	58,000.00
Tennessee State bonds	335,666.66⅔
Virginia State bonds	581,800.00
Chesapeake and Ohio Canal bonds guaranteed by Virginia	13,000.00
South Carolina State stocks	125,000.00
Florida State stocks	132,000.00
Total	2,075,466.66⅔

United States bonds are held, under various provisions of law, for private institutions, as set out below:

Institution.	Rate of interest.	Amount.
	Per cent.	
American Printing House for the Blind	4	$250,000
Manhattan Savings Institution	4	75,000
North American Commercial Company	2	50,000
Total		375,000

A special deposit of $70,000 of United States 4 per cent bonds is held in the name of the Comptroller of the Currency for the benefit of the Fidelity National Bank, of Cincinnati.

Captured bonds of the State of Louisiana, of the face value of $545,480, are held for the Secretary of War.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

The operations of the sinking fund of the District of Columbia form the subject of a separate report. Bonds and other securities belonging to the District and described in the following list were held in this office at the close of the year for the purposes indicated:

Class of securities.	Contractors' guaranty fund.	Firemen's relief fund.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
District of Columbia 3.65 per cents	$60,000			$60,000.00
United States 4 per cents of 1907	161,050	$50		161,100.00
United States 5 per cents	650			650.00
Unsigned District of Columbia 3.65 per cents			$4,278,450.00	4,278,450.00
Unsigned District of Columbia 3.50 per cents			2,924,600.00	2,924,600.00
Board of audit certificates			20,134.72	20,134.72
Chesapeake and Ohio Canal bonds			84,285.00	84,285.00
Total	221,700	50	7,307,469.72	7,529,219.72

REDEMPTION OF NATIONAL-BANK NOTES.

Continued heavy presentations of national-bank notes for redemption overtaxed the capacity of the force employed in counting and assorting. After two unusually heavy months, in December and January, the arrearage of work was represented by a balance of unassorted notes on hand amounting to over $16,000,000. The payment of this sum in lawful money exhausted the 5 per cent fund and required the advance, in order that redemption might be maintained, of nearly $9,000,000 out of the Treasury. Later, by an increase of the force, this accumulation was gradually disposed of, and by the end of June the work again was thoroughly well in hand. The expenses of the year, amounting to $125,061.73, have been assessed on the banks at the rate of $1.0701 per $1,000 of notes redeemed.

APPENDIX.

In the Appendix will be found the usual tables showing, with greater detail than it has been convenient to enter into in the preceding pages, the operations and condition of the Treasury, the composition and distribution of the currency, and the variations in the condition of the public debt for the most part for a series of years. The reproduction of these figures is deemed advisable because the correspondence of the office shows a growing public interest in them, and also for the further reason that generally the value of statistics is dependent largely upon the body of them that can be found together.

In addition to the tables which have been reproduced, with continuations, from former reports, will be found a series of ten which have been prepared, with no little labor, to exhibit with more of detail than has heretofore been attempted, the movements of the different kinds of currency in and out of the various offices of the Treasury system. As these tables relate to the handling of cash alone, they will be found to differ from similar ones published elsewhere, which give a summary of all the transactions of each office, whether effected by currency or some other instrument.

Respectfully, yours,

ELLIS H. ROBERTS,
Treasurer of the United States.

Hon. LYMAN J. GAGE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

APPENDIX.

No. 1.—REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1897, AS SHOWN BY WARRANTS ISSUED.

Account.	Revenues.	Expenditures.	Repayments from unexpended appropriations.	Counter credits to appropriations
Customs	$176,554,126.65	$18,356,864.82	$480,543.96	$43,470.37
Internal revenue	146,688,574.29	8,678,929.54	22,588.08	804.59
Lands	864,581.41			
Miscellaneous	23,614,422.81			
Interior civil		8,814,999.20	63,493.22	13,805.66
Treasury proper		46,545,332.21	8,742,066.07	363,957.29
Diplomatic		2,076,876.84	36,277.91	44,160.50
Judiciary		5,928,265.21	288,525.57	58,708.17
War Department		48,950,267.89	994,700.91	512,872.04
Navy Department		34,561,546.29	258,246.68	7,675,401.24
Interior Department—Indians		13,016,802.46	449,531.77	87,565.79
Interior Department—pensions		141,053,164.63	2,012,943.38	
Interest		37,791,110.48	2,765.75	
Total, net	347,721,705.16	365,774,159.57	13,351,683.30	8,800,745.65
Public debt	389,930,220.00	353,180,877.50		
Aggregate	737,651,925.16	718,955,037.07	13,351,683.30	8,800,745.65

No. 2.—NET ORDINARY REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR EACH QUARTER OF THE FISCAL YEAR 1897, AS SHOWN BY WARRANTS ISSUED.

	First quarter.	Second quarter.	Third quarter.	Fourth quarter.	Total.
REVENUES.					
Customs	$36,006,390.47	$31,628,262.53	$48,182,224.53	$60,737,249.12	$176,554,126.65
Internal revenue	38,054,758.86	39,260,260.68	33,918,933.96	35,454,620.79	146,688,574.29
Public lands	176,574.35	279,623.23	215,398.81	192,985.02	864,581.41
Miscellaneous	5,919,239.61	6,298,792.33	5,450,035.38	5,946,355.49	23,614,422.81
Total	80,156,963.29	77,466,938.77	87,766,592.68	102,331,210.42	347,721,705.16
EXPENDITURES.					
Civil and miscellaneous	30,213,179.64	23,273,679.56	17,029,645.54	19,884,763.08	90,401,267.82
War Department	14,588,023.35	12,930,890.28	10,040,336.26	11,391,018.00	48,950,267.89
Navy Department	9,113,636.97	8,363,127.73	8,234,345.35	8,850,436.24	34,561,546.29
Indians and pensions	40,372,494.76	37,768,362.48	40,796,735.20	35,132,374.65	154,069,967.09
Interest	10,071,003.01	8,717,490.61	10,178,834.39	8,823,782.47	37,791,110.48
Total	104,358,337.73	91,053,550.66	86,279,896.74	84,082,374.44	365,774,159.57

No. 3.—RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES ON ACCOUNT OF THE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1897, AS SHOWN BY WARRANTS ISSUED.

By whom handled.	Receipts from postal revenues.	Deficiency appropriation.	Total receipts.	Expenditures.
The Treasurer	$32,067,042.41	$11,157,713.38	$43,224,755.79	$43,274,401.93
Postmasters	50,266,478.50		50,266,478.50	50,266,478.50
Total	82,333,520.91	11,157,713.38	93,491,234.29	93,540,880.43

No. 4.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF EACH KIND OF MONEY ON ALL ACCOUNTS AT THE TREASURY IN WASHINGTON FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Account.	Gold coin.	Standard silver dollars.	Fractional silver coin.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs	$485	$94,470	$94	$244,900	$2,100
Internal revenue	.....	.....	10	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	3,703	1,350	2,358	686,485	12,723
Disbursing officers	64,542	2,662	2,737	85,723	26,116
Post-Office Department	5	2,686	6,590	12,141	10,395
Transfer account	47,763	20,812	3,898	1,812,275	410,294
Transfer of funds	49,096	35,000	573,584	51,739,678	39,631,749
Standard silver dollars	500	.....	23	1,500	331,035
Fractional silver coin	3,100	.....	15	16,343	4,512
Currency certificates	.....	.....	.....	290,000	.....
Redemption and exchange	195,383	1,420,077	1,506,640	5,869,473	5,322,445
Issues	.....	.....	.....	59,620,000	30,686,000
Total	364,577	1,577,057	2,095,949	120,378,518	76,437,369
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks	9,766	.....	12	10,000	50
Disbursing officers	.....	14,600	184,432	927,158	4,000
Post-Office Department	.....	.....	50	106,666	.....
Transfer of funds	505,215	965,175	1,058,122	55,608,145	23,904,280
Currency certificates	.....	.....	.....	260,000	.....
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin	4,849	227	21,427	77,604	1,404
Standard silver dollars	.....	7,909	1,189	.....	.....
Fractional silver coin	.....	20	7,389	.....	.....
United States notes	.....	1,244	182,177	3,851,363	14,559
Treasury notes of 1890	149,929	10,043	32,403	502,916	123,235
National-bank notes	.....	412	258,297	10,808,150	9,235,083
Gold certificates	9,462	222	1,320	9,930	199
Silver certificates	.....	8,512	301,752	125	.....
Minor coin	.....	.....	3	.....	.....
Redemption and destruction	.....	.....	.....	59,620,000	45,502,000
Five per cent fund	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	679,221	1,008,364	2,048,573	131,782,057	78,784,810

Account.	National-bank notes.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Minor coin.	Total.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs	.....	$1,200	$254,402	$13	$597,664
Internal revenue	.....	.....	.....	.....	10
Miscellaneous	$4,629	2,300	3,648,906	240	4,362,694
Disbursing officers	21,593	20	379,076	521	582,990
Post-Office Department	25,293	240	340,806	1,082	399,238
Transfer account	1,173,825	5,700	8,073,754	183	11,548,504
Transfer of funds	20,224,560	3,965,460	125,536,533	4,598	241,760,258
Standard silver dollars	11,198	.....	71,868	.....	416,124
Fractional silver coin	41,091	.....	259,138	.....	324,199
Currency certificates	.....	.....	.....	.....	290,000
Redemption and exchange	91,028,671	74,000	19,159,273	188,528	124,764,490
Issues	.....	10,000	178,432,000	.....	268,748,000
Total	112,530,860	4,058,920	336,155,756	195,165	653,794,171
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks	.....	.....	2,250,381	146	2,270,355
Disbursing officers	.....	.....	35,347,269	8,422	36,485,881
Post-Office Department	.....	.....	3,243,063	147	3,349,926
Transfer of funds	.....	.....	106,578,396	32,162	188,651,495
Currency certificates	.....	.....	.....	.....	260,000
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin	.....	.....	87,741	2,131	195,383
Standard silver dollars	.....	.....	1,408,448	321	1,417,867
Fractional silver coin	.....	.....	1,391,018	.....	1,398,427
United States notes	.....	.....	1,865,600	35,955	5,950,898
Treasury notes of 1890	.....	.....	4,495,722	8,197	5,322,445
National-bank notes	.....	.....	15,110,246	53,100	35,465,288
Gold certificates	.....	10,000	42,551	316	74,000
Silver certificates	.....	.....	18,797,154	51,730	19,159,273
Minor coin	.....	.....	181,663	67	181,733
Redemption and destruction	11,092,355	4,046,020	145,572,000	.....	265,832,375
Five per cent fund	106,674,647	.....	.....	.....	106,674,647
Total	117,767,002	4,056,020	336,371,252	192,694	672,689,993

No. 5.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF EACH KIND OF MONEY ON ALL ACCOUNTS AT THE SUBTREASURY IN BALTIMORE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Account.	Gold coin.	Standard silver dollars.	Fractional silver coin.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs	$19,958	$3,184	$584	$314,884	$33,807
Internal revenue	.....	.....	16	1,191	131
Miscellaneous	119	2	176	3,101	2,899
Disbursing officers	1,250	4	14	58,614	18,961
Post-Office Department	430	165	1,542	28,353	10,450
Transfer account	41,236	.....	38	325,578	15,170
Transfer of funds	274,083	26	11,261	1,618,123	16,072
Standard silver dollars	.....	.....	.....	48	30
Fractional silver coin	70	.....	.....	6,036	102
Currency certificates	.....	.....	.....	3,860,000	.....
Redemption and exchange	1,242,009	1,215,540	1,231,410	469,537	781,038
Total	1,579,155	1,218,921	1,245,041	6,685,465	878,660
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks	114,192	.....	400	444,580	.....
Disbursing officers	.....	14,505	8,063	90,680	.....
Post-Office Department	.....	.....	583	78,500	.....
Transfer of funds	256,148	1,063,150	501,680	762,000	775,000
Currency certificates	.....	.....	.....	3,740,000	.....
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin	.....	4	1,158	1,180,480	10,000
Standard silver dollars	.....	1,026	.....	.....	.....
Fractional silver coin	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
United States notes	.....	.....	73,130	155,894	.....
Treasury notes of 1890	328,035	16,290	100	172,973	51,831
National-bank notes	.....	.....	316,535	.....	.....
Gold certificates	8,750	.....	.....	530	.....
Silver certificates	.....	597,070	468,414	.....	.....
Minor coin	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	707,125	1,692,045	1,370,063	6,625,637	836,831

Account.	National-bank notes.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Minor coin.	Total.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs	.....	$610	$1,987,663	$27	$2,360,717
Internal revenue	$1,600	.....	25,989	2	28,929
Miscellaneous	660	.....	33,591	12	40,560
Disbursing officers	154,102	60	394,258	51	627,314
Post-Office Department	94,535	210	223,339	364	359,388
Transfer account	275,858	.....	2,209,550	2	2,867,432
Transfer of funds	868,287	40	7,337,779	32,527	10,158,198
Standard silver dollars	.....	.....	132,472	.....	132,550
Fractional silver coin	38,215	.....	128,877	.....	173,300
Currency certificates	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,860,000
Redemption and exchange	342,357	10,920	3,101,479	306,775	8,701,065
Total	1,775,614	11,840	15,574,997	339,760	29,309,453
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks	127,920	.....	1,557,909	20	2,245,021
Disbursing officers	595,630	.....	3,601,583	624	4,311,085
Post-Office Department	108,630	.....	1,037,125	30	1,224,868
Transfer of funds	900,000	9,000	4,179,111	43,595	8,489,684
Currency certificates	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,740,000
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin	.....	.....	47,069	3,298	1,242,009
Standard silver dollars	12,500	.....	1,204,954	.....	1,218,480
Fractional silver coin	23,160	.....	1,211,770	.....	1,234,930
United States notes	3,000	.....	216,405	21,108	469,537
Treasury notes of 1890	.....	.....	206,014	5,795	781,038
National-bank notes	.....	.....	3,262	22,560	342,357
Gold certificates	.....	.....	890	750	10,920
Silver certificates	.....	.....	1,772,730	263,265	3,101,479
Minor coin	4,660	.....	302,485	.....	307,145
Total	1,775,500	9,000	15,341,307	361,045	28,718,553

No. 6.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF EACH KIND OF MONEY ON ALL ACCOUNTS AT THE SUBTREASURY IN NEW YORK FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Account.	Gold coin.	Standard silver dollars.	Fractional silver coin.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs	$395,537	$274,460	$4,216	$66,576,589	$15,108,639
Internal revenue				288,800	14,060
Miscellaneous	150	55	247	398,872	47,995
Disbursing officers	37,315	13,511	6,005	11,225,187	592,690
Post-office Department	13,850	26,658	8,023	4,487,367	451,892
Transfer account	569,649	1,011	137	77,577,714	4,895,973
Transfer of funds	47,746,397	47,657	228,814	87,677,376	23,112,903
Gold bars	19,242,313				
Standard silver dollars	10,000			1,446,640	1,101,107
Fractional silver coin	3,650	1,994		1,554,755	142,540
Currency certificates				65,165,000	
Redemption and exchange	59,415,876	12,785,228	10,096,336	103,814,067	29,093,078
Special customs deposit	44		2,232	100,947,884	18,245,292
Total	127,434,781	13,150,574	10,346,010	521,160,251	92,806,169
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks			3,448	4,966,889	103,036
Disbursing officers	23,808,835	15,203	59,460	233,807,512	26,846,347
Transfer of funds	121,155	1,251,548	3,263,040	45,650,000	23,787,109
Currency certificates				43,790,000	
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin	4,803,300		103,757	40,936,360	2,125,865
Standard silver dollars			12,000		
Fractional silver coin				4,475,432	220
United States notes	58,655,385		1,757,019	18,442,377	7,513,000
Treasury notes of 1890	1,700,100	8,135,950	481,900	737,100	12,180,899
National-bank notes			638,750		
Gold certificates	681,330		20,740	2,041,510	6,000
Silver certificates		542,200	3,615,800	81,400	
Minor coin			503	807,846	11
Clearing-house balances			1,290	146,254,846	20,983,505
Total	89,770,105	9,944,901	9,957,707	541,991,272	93,545,992

Account.	National-bank notes.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Minor coin.	Total.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs		$11,050	$41,111,340	$91	$123,481,922
Internal revenue	$500		159,767		463,127
Miscellaneous	119,346	180	335,368	28	902,241
Disbursing officers	1,223,871	160	3,031,585	170	16,130,494
Post-Office Department	953,188		2,614,041	164	8,555,183
Transfer account		15,100	35,800	24	83,095,408
Transfer of funds	4,799,902	150	48,415,098	3,030	212,031,327
Gold bars					19,242,313
Standard silver dollars			1,835,893		4,393,640
Fractional silver coin			1,217,126		2,920,065
Currency certificates					65,165,000
Redemption and exchange	771,635	2,769,580	64,852,982	1,544,279	285,143,061
Special customs deposit		200,960	54,519,925	325	173,916,662
Total	7,868,442	2,997,180	218,128,925	1,548,111	995,440,443
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks			14,882	98	5,088,353
Disbursing officers	1,248,800		52,666,939	51,952	338,505,048
Transfer of funds	6,627,427	3,058,000	76,643,000	138,118	160,539,397
Currency certificates					43,790,000
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin			249,700	5,094	48,224,076
Standard silver dollars			12,760,880	5,103	12,777,983
Fractional silver coin			232		4,475,884
United States notes			12,878,000	351,140	99,596,921
Treasury notes of 1890			1,952,000	66,985	25,254,934
National-bank notes				132,885	771,635
Gold certificates			20,000		2,769,580
Silver certificates			60,049,957	755,287	65,044,644
Minor coin			16		808,376
Clearing-house balances				10	167,239,651
Total	7,876,227	3,058,000	217,235,606	1,506,672	974,886,482

No. 7.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF EACH KIND OF MONEY ON ALL ACCOUNTS AT THE SUBTREASURY IN PHILADELPHIA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Account.	Gold coin.	Standard silver dollars.	Fractional silver coin.	United States notes	Treasury notes.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs	$5,762	$14,221	$1,237	$4,379,230	$160,448
Internal revenue					
Miscellaneous	1,704	1,710	935	104,275	9,178
Disbursing officers	280	102,829	45	260,117	41,385
Post-Office Department	1,438	13,516	8,308	428,085	28,743
Transfer account	100,480	718	74	1,890,063	119,744
Transfer of funds	11,751	1,025,363	28,289	10,223,461	179,950
Gold bars	494,572		74		
Standard silver dollars					18,195
Fractional silver coin	400			88,509	6,237
Currency certificates				20,880,000	
Redemption and exchange	3,124,643	2,979,093	3,715,808	1,532,335	3,336,065
Total	3,741,030	4,137,450	3,754,770	39,786,075	3,899,945
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks	304,652		427	1,229,367	3,450
Disbursing officers			40,662	5,885,638	100,150
Post-Office Department			504	1,672,388	
Transfer of funds	750,000	1,888,737	1,602,609	4,477,500	2,987,000
Currency certificates				18,255,000	
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin			1,650	2,522,120	
Standard silver dollars		259	3,857		
Fractional silver coin			2,035	455,273	7,000
United States notes			104,768	1,408,787	1,800
Treasury notes of 1890	1,461,308	137,190	11,491	599,332	685,830
National-bank notes			412,840		
Gold certificates	81,590		120	277,000	
Silver certificates		1,413,908	1,051,548	1,400	
Minor coin			579	30,033	
Total	2,597,550	3,440,094	3,233,090	36,813,838	3,785,230

Account.	National-bank notes.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Minor coin.	Total.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs		$7,040	$11,919,626	$95	$16,487,659
Internal revenue					
Miscellaneous	$98,355	770	476,463	82	693,472
Disbursing officers	746,927	1,140	699,358	8	1,852,089
Post-Office Department	483,970	1,320	1,740,022	1,511	2,706,913
Transfer account	36,265	2,350	7,259,251	239	9,409,184
Transfer of funds	1,294,021	23,430	17,251,782	331	30,038,378
Gold bars					494,646
Standard silver dollars	218,208		1,475,355		1,493,550
Fractional silver coin		90	1,037,236		1,350,680
Currency certificates					20,880,000
Redemption and exchange	466,493	359,380	11,582,826	459,479	27,556,122
Total	3,344,239	395,520	53,441,919	461,745	112,962,693
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks	81,000		3,671,325	35	5,290,256
Disbursing officers	1,622,270		14,179,585	1,806	21,830,111
Post-Office Department	88,050		3,765,970	45	5,526,957
Transfer of funds	1,466,000	106,000	13,858,000	107,380	27,243,226
Currency certificates					18,255,000
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin			600,405	468	3,124,643
Standard silver dollars			2,981,928	99	2,986,143
Fractional silver coin	106,150		3,132,470		3,702,928
United States notes				17,680	1,533,035
Treasury notes of 1890			435,563	3,551	3,334,265
National-bank notes				53,653	466,493
Gold certificates			500	170	359,380
Silver certificates			8,964,634	132,236	11,563,726
Minor coin	3,365		426,607	114	460,698
Total	3,366,835	106,000	52,016,987	317,237	105,676,861

No. 8.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF EACH KIND OF MONEY ON ALL ACCOUNTS AT THE SUBTREASURY IN BOSTON FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Account.	Gold coin.	Standard silver dollars.	Fractional silver coin.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs	$78,569	$108,274	$2,822	$6,082,174	$537,428
Internal revenue					
Miscellaneous	585	753	936	46,590	6,457
Disbursing officers	563	134	52	272,385	18,751
Post-Office Department	18,310	3,616	2,866	488,878	132,420
Transfer account	126,925	23,483	77	3,930,462	316,883
Transfer of funds	16,015	4,640	15,069	8,401,606	59,994
Standard silver dollars				1,000	434,935
Fractional silver coin	1,000			165,400	17,000
Currency certificates				5,640,000	
Redemption and exchange	4,978,276	2,071,940	1,476,720	470,100	2,646,794
Total	5,220,243	2,212,840	1,498,542	25,498,595	4,170,662
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks	402,716	5,334	504	7,569,680	
Disbursing officers		58,129	17,955	2,240,810	
Post-Office Department	1,000	3,785	412	317,355	
Transfer of funds	551,807	1,850,499	1,167,723	2,191,004	3,431,013
Currency certificates				4,650,000	
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin	10,005	294	47	4,891,998	
Standard silver dollars					
Fractional silver coin					
United States notes		89	54,209	161,650	
Treasury notes of 1890	1,696,115	24,530	8,754	23,800	146,500
National-bank notes			101,466		
Gold certificates	22,300	20	500	392,300	
Silver certificates		273,217	216,996		
Minor coin					
Total	2,683,943	2,215,897	1,568,566	22,438,597	3,577,513

Account.	National-bank notes.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Minor coin.	Total.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs		$3,370	$6,311,197	$146	$13,123,980
Internal revenue					
Miscellaneous	$85,231	210	195,606	52	336,420
Disbursing officers	395,259	50	931,272	7	1,618,473
Post-Office Department	1,090,237	2,080	1,673,182	266	3,411,855
Transfer account	1,028,755	3,480	10,572,005	10	16,002,080
Transfer of funds	1,329,084		15,095,132	1,006	24,922,546
Standard silver dollars	2,000		1,556,065		1,994,000
Fractional silver coin	380,070		427,135		990,605
Currency certificates					5,640,000
Redemption and exchange	139,103	420,820	3,154,595	116,385	15,474,733
Total	4,449,739	430,010	39,916,189	117,872	83,514,692
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks	24,000		3,541,538	19	11,543,791
Disbursing officers	1,387,790		16,128,549	1,102	19,834,335
Post-Office Department	82,010		2,097,021	14	2,501,597
Transfer of funds	3,015,000	153,000	10,292,749	5,193	22,657,988
Currency certificates					4,650,000
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin			75,932		4,978,276
Standard silver dollars			2,069,180		2,069,180
Fractional silver coin			1,524,330		1,524,330
United States notes			249,475	9,077	474,500
Treasury notes of 1890			762,490	5	2,662,194
National-bank notes				37,637	139,103
Gold certificates			5,700		420,820
Silver certificates	5,900		2,612,990	42,292	3,151,395
Minor coin			124,535		124,535
Total	4,514,700	153,000	39,484,489	95,539	76,732,044

No. 9.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF EACH KIND OF MONEY ON ALL ACCOUNTS AT THE SUBTREASURY IN CINCINNATI FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Account.	Gold coin.	Standard silver dollars.	Fractional silver coin.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs	$47,600	$139,194	$2,048	$599,583	$8,100
Internal revenue	37,900	.....	3	180	.....
Miscellaneous	.....	.....	1,052	20,553	2,000
Disbursing officers	.....	.....	19	448,550	2,000
Post-Office Department	.....	465	795	648,425	19,250
Transfer account	.....	1,750	1,018	442,639	12,900
Transfer of funds	402,400	87,760	140,587	3,293,529	120,300
Standard silver dollars	.....	.....	.....	1,000	563,450
Fractional silver coin	.....	.....	.....	385,290	1,400
Currency certificates	.....	.....	.....	690,000	.....
Redemption and exchange	252,588	2,340,097	1,254,661	190,525	403,925
Total	740,488	2,569,266	1,400,183	6,720,274	1,133,325
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks	18,998	.....	603	614,011	12,548
Disbursing officers	.....	80	7,667	1,811,256	47,486
Post-Office Department	.....	.....	608	1,607,798	19,043
Transfer of funds	750,000	2,423,844	1,028,491	1,583,000	941,000
Currency certificates	.....	.....	.....	350,000	.....
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin	.....	.....	36	94,035	35,248
Standard silver dollars	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fractional silver coin	.....	.....	.....	178,455	5,400
United States notes	.....	.....	81,505	.....	.....
Treasury notes of 1890	321,155	300	14,220	2,350	.....
National-bank notes	12,000	.....	36,505	.....	.....
Gold certificates	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Silver certificates	.....	144,242	124,538	.....	.....
Minor coin	.....	.....	.....	24,569	200
Total	1,102,153	2,568,466	1,294,173	6,265,474	1,060,925

Account.	National-bank notes.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Minor coin.	Total.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs	.....	$5,000	$1,260,994	.....	$2,062,519
Internal revenue	.....	.....	170	.....	38,253
Miscellaneous	$9,315	.....	32,072	$1	64,993
Disbursing officers	177,800	2,000	129,230	.....	759,599
Post-Office Department	558,300	.....	1,300,609	.....	2,527,844
Transfer account	231,690	.....	465,675	.....	1,155,672
Transfer of funds	899,900	.....	7,652,199	600	12,597,275
Standard silver dollars	.....	.....	1,646,350	.....	2,210,800
Fractional silver coin	200,895	.....	271,347	.....	858,932
Currency certificates	.....	.....	.....	.....	690,000
Redemption and exchange	54,815	19,000	334,026	168,350	5,017,987
Total	2,132,715	26,000	13,092,672	168,951	27,983,874
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks	54,250	.....	570,670	164	1,271,244
Disbursing officers	203,850	.....	4,085,597	709	6,156,645
Post-Office Department	227,520	.....	1,561,778	225	3,416,972
Transfer of funds	1,499,000	26,000	2,725,243	5,610	10,982,188
Currency certificates	.....	.....	.....	.....	350,000
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin	.....	.....	123,261	8	252,588
Standard silver dollars	.....	.....	2,340,897	.....	2,340,897
Fractional silver coin	85,950	.....	982,606	.....	1,252,411
United States notes	.....	.....	68,000	41,020	190,525
Treasury notes of 1890	.....	.....	60,290	5,610	403,925
National-bank notes	.....	.....	6,000	12,310	54,815
Gold certificates	.....	.....	7,000	.....	19,000
Silver certificates	.....	.....	.....	65,246	334,026
Minor coin	4,145	.....	139,156	.....	168,070
Total	2,074,715	26,000	12,670,498	130,902	27,193,306

No. 10.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF EACH KIND OF MONEY ON ALL ACCOUNTS AT THE SUBTREASURY IN CHICAGO FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Account.	Gold coin.	Standard silver dollars.	Fractional silver coin.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs	$58,399	$1,245,625	$75	$1,673,944	$278,441
Internal revenue				33,415	13,976
Miscellaneous	1,616		2	17,674	172
Disbursing officers	700,025	17	25	5,143,518	544,600
Post-Office Department	13,692	144	228	1,720,566	403,723
Transfer account				993,852	168,910
Transfer of funds	2,347,397	50,000	270,181	22,961,900	4,404,740
Standard silver dollars					661,800
Fractional silver coin	5,050			26,000	233,300
Currency certificates				6,430,000	
Redemption and exchange	3,005,926	5,596,096	2,622,889	4,018,090	3,198,442
Total	6,132,105	6,891,882	2,893,400	43,018,959	9,908,104
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks	6			5,175,563	541,931
Disbursing officers	1,364,850	4,471	288	16,427,513	1,528,113
Post-Office Department		180	119	3,523,268	92,975
Transfer of funds	5,899,657	6,157,502	2,534,059	5,846,000	4,951,000
Currency certificates				3,190,000	
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin			70	936,210	1,878,000
Standard silver dollars					
Fractional silver coin	86			5,000	
United States notes			21,021	3,941,148	
Treasury notes of 1890	1,258,170	7,050	13,199	749,770	981,772
National-bank notes			19,825		
Gold certificates	40,300		600	10,650	230,000
Silver certificates		376,359	257,844		
Minor coin	42		1		
Total	8,563,111	6,545,562	2,847,026	39,805,122	10,203,791

Account.	National-bank notes.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Minor coin.	Total.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs		$17,610	$3,468,531	$213	$6,742,838
Internal revenue	$53,915	170	66,728	11	168,215
Miscellaneous	885	20	506,197	109	526,675
Disbursing officers	685,100	257,410	4,968,141	107	12,298,943
Post-Office Department	895,467	16,230	3,244,877	154	6,295,081
Transfer account	289,872	100	1,796,134	33	3,248,901
Transfer of funds	779,203	26,410	36,052,104	652	66,892,587
Standard silver dollars			5,314,425		5,976,225
Fractional silver coin		4,300	1,862,158	2	2,130,810
Currency certificates					6,430,000
Redemption and exchange	20,839	283,640	7,421,532	181,779	26,349,233
Total	2,725,281	605,890	64,700,827	183,060	137,059,508
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks	94,522		8,220,307	204	14,032,533
Disbursing officers	603,125		23,934,133	183	43,862,676
Post-Office Department	66,600		5,607,927	198	9,291,267
Transfer of funds	1,917,000	471,000	10,098,000	11,538	37,885,756
Currency certificates					3,190,000
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin			191,559	87	3,005,926
Standard silver dollars			5,590,096		5,590,096
Fractional silver coin			2,605,813		2,610,899
United States notes			50,700	7,371	4,020,240
Treasury notes of 1890			188,036	1,295	3,199,292
National-bank notes				1,014	20,839
Gold certificates			2,070	20	283,640
Silver certificates			6,678,172	112,207	7,424,582
Minor coin			182,130	4	182,177
Total	2,681,247	471,000	63,348,943	134,121	134,599,923

No. 11.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF EACH KIND OF MONEY ON ALL ACCOUNTS AT THE SUBTREASURY IN ST. LOUIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Account.	Gold coin.	Standard silver dollars.	Fractional silver coin.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs	$3,945	$57,870	$49	$652,074	$265,650
Internal revenue			2	29,300	17,200
Miscellaneous	26	1,039	48	89,756	25,100
Disbursing officers	11,125	66,366	2,895	1,470,416	603,255
Post-Office Department	36,825	49,902	13,971	377,727	217,032	
Transfer account			8	663,780	280,800
Transfer of funds	1,245,200	47,311	314,087	10,298,198	778,802
Standard silver dollars	1,990			87,000	2,431,900
Fractional silver coin				966,289	3,900
Currency certificates				2,230,000	
Redemption and exchange	1,404,765	5,918,112	1,841,523	1,073,883	2,197,916
Total	2,703,876	6,140,600	2,172,583	17,938,423	6,821,555
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks	15,280	199	551	925,555	12,000
Disbursing officers	135	177	586	6,639,568	3,856,300
Post-Office Department		156	572	1,469,730	5,000
Transfer of funds	90,836	4,551,739	2,101,471	2,753,500	2,874,000
Currency certificates				2,400,000	
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin			1,100	713,560	254,900
Standard silver dollars					
Fractional silver coin				1,665,777	
United States notes		1,000	302,433	467,545	
Treasury notes of 1890	1,877,132	1,000	4,150	43,785	40,850
National-bank notes			3,115		
Gold certificates	31,500		200	2,480	
Silver certificates		324,419	7,977		
Minor coin				134,827	
Total	2,014,883	4,878,690	2,422,155	17,216,327	7,043,050

Account.	National-bank notes.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Minor coin.	Total.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs		$3,600	$706,614	$112	$1,689,914
Internal revenue	$10,380	190	19,652	6	76,730
Miscellaneous	24,880		128,452	105	269,406
Disbursing officers	585,880	1,920	1,727,581	171	4,469,609
Post-Office Department	281,680	11,330	948,174	9,451	1,946,092
Transfer account			705,737	14	1,650,339
Transfer of funds	1,179,770	400	25,650,919	248	39,514,935
Standard silver dollars			2,399,305		4,920,195
Fractional silver coin	13,750		343,036	1	1,326,976
Currency certificates					2,230,000
Redemption and exchange	4,190	41,630	1,354,015	141,919	13,977,953
Total	2,100,530	59,070	33,983,485	152,027	72,072,149
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks	11,500		1,042,491	169	2,007,745
Disbursing officers	398,500		16,214,473	160	27,109,899
Post-Office Department	29,030		2,673,469	141	4,178,098
Transfer of funds	1,658,000	94,000	4,282,500	56,150	18,462,196
Currency certificates			20,000		2,420,000
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin			435,205		1,404,765
Standard silver dollars			5,921,557		5,921,557
Fractional silver coin			177,255	6	1,843,038
United States notes			301,888	1,017	1,073,883
Treasury notes of 1890			229,790	1,209	2,197,916
National-bank notes				1,075	4,190
Gold certificates			7,450		41,630
Silver certificates			927,812	93,807	1,354,015
Minor coin			7,004	13	141,844
Total	2,097,030	94,000	32,240,894	153,747	68,160,776

No. 12.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF EACH KIND OF MONEY ON ALL ACCOUNTS AT THE SUBTREASURY IN NEW ORLEANS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Account.	Gold coin.	Standard silver dollars.	Fractional silver coin.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs	$35,092	$378,612	$20,435	$1,166,527	$128,083
Internal revenue	13,626	53,479	1,083	305,606	43,110
Miscellaneous	1,455	40,802	3,819	58,225	6,815
Disbursing officers	.....	11,200	5,083	236,447	13,969
Post-Office Department	8,141	89,728	26,257	249,746	22,344
Transfer account	3,428	669,054	4,500	700,078	99,618
Transfer of funds	250,000	761,213	338,870	6,436,490	445,968
Standard silver dollars	5,000	.....	.....	.....	773,971
Fractional silver coin	.....	.....	.....	378,692	1,298
Currency certificates	.....	.....	.....	915,000	.....
Redemption and exchange	461,689	3,000,298	608,260	222,900	719,943
Total	778,431	5,004,386	1,008,307	10,669,711	2,255,119
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks	.....	10,000	143	2,695,489	136,300
Disbursing officers	.....	80,191	121,549	2,116,175	203,991
Post-Office Department	.....	29	161	230,922	29,950
Transfer of funds	.....	8,710,090	703,868	4,477,641	1,660,000
Currency certificates	.....	.....	.....	375,000	.....
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin	.....	.....	40	79,000	76,417
Standard silver dollars	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fractional silver coin	.....	.....	.....	7,165	.....
United States notes	.....	.....	4,300	177,100	1,000
Treasury notes of 1890	699,800	.....	6,043	6,500	4,550
National-bank notes	.....	.....	2,160	.....	.....
Gold certificates	10,490	.....	.....	.....	13,720
Silver certificates	.....	55,600	64,870	500	2,870
Minor coin	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	710,290	8,855,910	903,134	10,165,492	2,128,798

Account.	National-bank notes.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Minor coin.	Total.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs	.....	.....	$1,825,474	$131	$3,554,354
Internal revenue	$54,815	.....	864,183	200	1,336,102
Miscellaneous	5,330	$120	146,414	1,111	264,091
Disbursing officers	43,355	90	357,736	2,900	670,780
Post-Office Department	103,090	7,090	402,631	15,375	924,402
Transfer account	115,890	.....	1,644,348	51	3,236,967
Transfer of funds	91,900	640	7,636,146	22,140	15,983,367
Standard silver dollars	.....	.....	5,575,329	.....	6,354,300
Fractional silver coin	455,755	.....	100,825	.....	936,570
Currency certificates	.....	.....	.....	.....	915,000
Redemption and exchange	2,160	39,260	631,490	3,740	5,689,740
Total	872,295	47,200	19,184,576	45,648	39,865,673
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks	2,500	.....	2,579,599	1	5,424,032
Disbursing officers	413,710	.....	1,974,548	40,868	4,951,032
Post-Office Department	10,800	.....	1,185,462	.....	1,457,324
Transfer of funds	445,000	42,000	8,184,000	693	24,223,292
Currency certificates	.....	.....	.....	.....	375,000
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin	.....	.....	306,230	2	461,689
Standard silver dollars	.....	.....	3,000,298	.....	3,000,298
Fractional silver coin	1,025	.....	600,070	.....	608,260
United States notes	.....	.....	40,500	.....	222,900
Treasury notes of 1890	.....	.....	550	2,500	719,943
National-bank notes	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,160
Gold certificates	.....	.....	15,050	.....	39,260
Silver certificates	.....	.....	502,580	5,070	631,490
Minor coin	.....	.....	3,740	.....	3,740
Total	873,035	42,000	18,392,627	49,134	42,120,420

No. 13.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF EACH KIND OF MONEY ON ALL ACCOUNTS AT THE SUBTREASURY IN SAN FRANCISCO FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Account.	Gold coin.	Standard silver dollars.	Fractional silver coin.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs	$4,729,593	$234,307	$5,880	$211,912	$82,443
Internal revenue	243,430	301	97	15,219	4,319
Miscellaneous	241,115	14,914	3,655	11,810	4,106
Disbursing officers	340,315	109,744	62,574	10,271	3,987
Post-Office Department	846,796	67,429	38,081	59,251	22,108
Transfer account	1,251,050	1,190	9,252	35,459	5,604
Transfer of funds	18,496,424	30,263	281,481	188,926	56,511
Standard silver dollars	1,297,985			26,832	11,268
Fractional silver coin	756,660			24,543	8,402
Redemption and exchange	8,371,245	1,649,911	1,273,893	9,746,866	255,688
Total	36,574,613	2,108,059	1,674,913	10,331,089	454,436
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks	2,650,370	743	147		
Disbursing officers	15,687,748	218,385	57,584		
Post-Office Department	1,347,045	555	146		
Transfer of funds	3,700,000	1,600,500	1,135,940	6,668,000	66,000
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin		33,029	124,892	4,638,715	887,305
Standard silver dollars	170,590			1,307	589
Fractional silver coin	1,273,893				
United States notes	9,717,538	4,122	19,256		5,771
Treasury notes of 1890	237,247	1,745	6,045	10,649	
National-bank notes	171,865		16,550	15	
Gold certificates	250,730	240	300		
Silver certificates	190,415	71,902		6,299	4
Minor coin	12,696	1			
Total	35,410,137	1,931,222	1,360,860	11,324,985	959,669

Account.	National-bank notes.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Minor coin.	Total.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs		$3,080	$786,865	$58	$6,054,138
Internal revenue	$1,205	40	48,040	11	312,662
Miscellaneous	9,450	260	18,638	23	303,971
Disbursing officers	21,530	240	19,883	4,053	572,597
Post-Office Department	120,960	1,090	126,657	3,892	1,286,264
Transfer account	20,535	70	109,337		1,432,497
Transfer of funds	318,140	1,040	1,045,528	27,524	20,445,837
Standard silver dollars		140	264,275		1,600,500
Fractional silver coin	118,485	420	10,045		918,555
Redemption and exchange	188,430	251,270	268,620	12,697	22,018,620
Total	798,735	257,650	2,697,888	48,258	54,945,641
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks				7	2,651,267
Disbursing officers				17,514	15,981,231
Post-Office Department				8	1,347,754
Transfer of funds	900,000	19,500	196,000		14,285,940
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin			2,664,255	23,049	8,371,245
Standard silver dollars			1,477,425		1,649,911
Fractional silver coin					1,273,893
United States notes			70	109	9,746,866
Treasury notes of 1890			2		255,688
National-bank notes					188,430
Gold certificates					251,270
Silver certificates					268,620
Minor coin					12,697
Total	900,000	19,500	4,337,752	40,687	56,284,812

No. 14.—TOTAL RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF EACH KIND OF MONEY ON ALL ACCOUNTS AT THE TREASURY OFFICES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Account.	Gold coin.	Standard silver dollars.	Fractional silver coin.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs	$5,374,940	$2,550,217	$37,440	$81,901,817	$16,605,139
Internal revenue	294,956	53,780	1,211	673,711	92,796
Miscellaneous	250,473	60,625	13,228	1,437,341	117,445
Disbursing officers	1,155,415	306,467	79,449	19,211,228	1,865,714
Post-Office Department	939,487	254,309	106,661	8,500,539	1,318,357
Transfer account	2,140,531	718,018	19,002	88,371,900	6,325,896
Transfer of funds	70,838,763	2,089,233	2,202,223	202,839,287	68,806,989
Gold bars	19,736,885	.....	74	.....	.....
Standard silver dollars	1,315,475	.....	23	1,564,020	6,327,691
Fractional silver coin	769,930	1,994	15	3,611,857	418,691
Currency certificates	.....	.....	.....	106,100,000	.....
Redemption and exchange	82,452,400	38,976,392	25,628,140	127,407,776	47,955,334
Special customs deposit	44	.....	2,232	100,947,884	18,245,292
Issues	.....	.....	.....	59,620,000	30,686,000
Total	185,269,299	45,011,035	28,089,698	802,187,360	198,765,344
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks	3,515,980	16,276	6,235	23,631,134	809,315
Disbursing officers	40,861,568	405,741	498,246	269,946,310	32,586,387
Post-Office Department	1,348,045	4,705	3,155	9,006,627	146,968
Transfer of funds	12,624,818	30,462,784	15,097,003	130,016,790	65,376,402
Currency certificates	.....	.....	.....	77,010,000	.....
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin	4,818,154	33,554	254,177	56,070,082	5,269,139
Standard silver dollars	170,590	9,194	17,046	1,307	589
Fractional silver coin	1,273,979	20	9,424	6,787,102	12,620
United States notes	68,372,923	6,455	2,599,818	28,605,864	7,536,130
Treasury notes of 1890	9,728,991	8,334,098	578,305	2,849,175	14,215,467
National-bank notes	171,865	412	1,806,043	10,808,165	9,235,083
Gold certificates	1,148,452	482	23,780	2,734,400	249,919
Silver certificates	190,415	3,807,429	6,109,739	89,724	2,874
Minor coin	12,738	1	1,086	997,275	211
Clearing-house balances	.....	.....	1,290	146,254,846	20,983,505
Redemption and destruction	.....	.....	.....	59,620,000	45,502,000
Total	144,238,518	43,081,151	27,005,347	824,428,801	201,926,609

Account.	National-bank notes.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Minor coin.	Total.
RECEIPTS.					
Customs	.....	$52,560	$69,632,706	$886	$176,155,705
Internal revenue	$122,415	400	1,184,529	230	2,424,028
Miscellaneous	358,081	3,860	5,521,707	1,763	7,764,523
Disbursing officers	4,055,417	263,090	12,638,120	7,988	39,582,888
Post-Office Department	4,606,720	39,590	12,614,338	32,259	28,412,260
Transfer account	3,172,690	26,800	32,871,591	556	133,646,984
Transfer of funds	31,784,767	4,017,570	291,673,220	92,656	674,344,708
Gold bars	.....	.....	.....	.....	19,736,959
Standard silver dollars	13,198	140	20,271,337	.....	29,491,884
Fractional silver coin	1,466,469	4,810	5,656,923	3	11,930,692
Currency certificates	.....	.....	.....	.....	106,100,000
Redemption and exchange	93,018,693	4,269,500	111,860,838	3,123,931	534,693,004
Special customs deposit	.....	200,960	54,519,925	325	173,916,662
Issues	.....	10,000	178,432,000	.....	268,748,000
Total	138,598,450	8,889,280	796,877,234	3,260,597	2,206,948,297
DISBURSEMENTS.					
Warrants and checks	395,692	.....	23,449,102	863	51,824,597
Disbursing officers	6,473,675	.....	168,132,676	123,340	519,027,943
Post-Office Department	612,640	.....	21,171,815	808	32,294,763
Transfer of funds	18,427,427	3,978,500	237,036,999	400,439	513,421,162
Currency certificates	.....	.....	20,000	.....	77,030,000
Redemption and exchange:					
Gold coin	.....	.....	4,781,357	34,137	71,260,600
Standard silver dollars	12,500	.....	38,755,663	5,523	38,972,412
Fractional silver coin	216,285	.....	11,625,564	6	19,925,000
United States notes	3,000	.....	15,670,638	484,477	123,279,305
Treasury notes of 1890	.....	.....	8,330,457	95,147	44,131,640
National-bank notes	.....	.....	15,119,508	314,234	37,455,310
Gold certificates	.....	10,000	101,211	1,256	4,269,500
Silver certificates	5,900	.....	100,306,029	1,521,140	112,033,250
Minor coin	12,170	.....	1,367,336	198	2,391,015
Clearing-house balances	.....	.....	.....	10	167,239,651
Redemption and destruction	11,092,355	4,046,020	145,572,000	.....	265,832,375
Five per cent fund	106,674,647	.....	.....	.....	106,674,647
Total	143,926,291	8,034,520	791,440,355	2,981,578	2,187,063,170

No. 15.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE TREASURY OFFICES JUNE 30, 1897.

	Washington.	Baltimore.	New York.	Philadelphia.	Boston.
ASSETS.					
Gold coin	$3,092,421.13	$2,255,966.16	$96,773,661.41	$3,913,365.00	$8,823,760.68
Standard silver dollars	152,057,481.00	5,812,933.00	49,411,634.00	11,005,915.00	2,290,813.00
Fractional silver coin	1,000,583.74	400,357.35	3,931,743.85	1,320,706.78	408,093.75
United States notes	14,342,876.00	1,700,430.00	59,172,432.00	6,683,050.00	5,627,985.00
Treasury notes of 1890	20,641,224.00	313,955.00	7,092,542.00	273,143.00	994,088.00
National-bank notes	4,731,248.16	13,932.00	11,190.00	16,716.00	63,358.00
Gold certificates	3,320.00	7,160.00	31,000.00	316,750.00	550,990.00
Silver certificates	2,132,805.00	380,656.00	3,016,078.00	2,431,368.00	1,445,771.00
Currency certificates	.....	10,000.00	570,000.00	660,000.00	.....
Minor coin	104,943.53	12,409.69	208,017.18	336,597.43	85,373.47
Fractional currency	516.48	.....	.....	94.47	.....
Bonds and interest paid	.....	.....	3,839.57	670.50	4,348.40
Total cash assets	198,107,419.04	10,907,799.20	220,222,138.01	26,958,376.18	20,294,581.30
Transfer account	26,036,568.24	.....	.....	.....	.....
Aggregate	224,143,987.28	10,907,799.20	220,222,138.01	26,958,376.18	20,294,581.30
LIABILITIES.					
Outstanding warrants and checks	81,199.52	35,287.34	727,524.11	181,612.94	183,571.60
Disbursing officers' balances	2,303,594.59	286,577.09	7,601,158.16	837,875.54	673,404.20
Post-Office Department account	484,415.51	30,338.75	963,927.60	554,285.15	451,695.42
Bank-note 5 per cent redemption fund	7,721,065.52	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other deposit and redemption accounts	2,560,527.43	5,050.00	1,354,585.54	106,470.00	81,780.00
Total agency account	13,150,802.57	357,253.18	10,647,195.41	1,680,243.63	1,390,451.22
Balance to credits of mints and assay offices	.....	.....	889,197.76	.....	.....
Balance transfer account	.....	1,615,345.63	10,273,659.79	3,703,387.57	3,697,016.78
Balance general account	210,993,184.71	8,935,200.39	198,412,085.05	21,574,744.98	15,207,113.30
Aggregate	224,143,987.28	10,907,799.20	220,222,138.01	26,958,376.18	20,294,581.30

	Cincinnati.	Chicago.	St. Louis.	New Orleans.	San Francisco.
ASSETS.					
Gold coin	$2,307,762.95	$6,544,280.78	$2,909,498.42	$1,439,600.54	$14,236,801.50
Standard silver dollars	809,300.00	2,905,460.00	19,740,170.00	1,311,415.00	25,521,084.00
Fractional silver coin	560,025.45	879,037.00	184,965.00	408,464.09	696,541.55
United States notes	1,101,000.00	6,103,640.00	2,868,000.00	1,076,738.00	20,059.00
Treasury notes of 1890	254,000.00	359,249.00	362,600.00	902,300.00	83,662.00
National-bank notes	73,000.00	69,004.00	51,000.00	4,810.00	19,325.00
Gold certificates	.....	190,590.00	66,320.00	8,260.00	298,440.00
Silver certificates	712,014.00	2,660,113.00	2,267,741.00	1,213,360.00	376,286.00
Currency certificates	.....	140,000.00	.....	.....	.....
Minor coin	172,408.29	150,020.85	116,025.81	6,437.33	13,742.79
Fractional currency	.....	.....	83.80	.....	.....
Bonds and interest paid	.....	1,472.50	.....	.....	.....
Total cash assets	5,989,510.69	20,002,867.13	28,566,404.03	6,371,384.96	41,265,941.84
Unavailable	.....	.....	.....	701,851.34	.....
Aggregate	5,989,510.69	20,002,867.13	28,566,404.03	7,073,236.30	41,265,941.84
LIABILITIES.					
Outstanding warrants and checks	12,711.05	249,582.92	64,037.04	47,829.52	148,697.32
Disbursing officers' balances	133,562.79	2,014,600.77	1,020,865.33	1,084,651.73	1,125,295.81
Post-Office Department account	392,530.39	655,699.60	210,178.51	63,089.80	174,603.34
Other deposit and redemption accounts	7,310.00	55,402.00	20,550.00	.....	.....
Total agency account	546,114.23	2,975,285.29	1,315,630.88	1,195,571.05	1,448,596.47
Balance to credit of mints and assay offices	.....	836,210.98	8,594.98	.....	142,737.27
Balance transfer account	980,034.43	919,827.80	1,928,746.99	1,719,420.25	1,199,129.00
Balance general account	4,463,362.03	15,271,543.06	25,313,431.18	4,158,245.00	38,475,479.10
Aggregate	5,989,510.69	20,002,867.13	28,566,404.03	7,073,236.30	41,265,941.84

No. 16.—ASSETS OF THE TREASURY IN THE CUSTODY OF MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES, JUNE 30, 1897.

	Boise City.	Carson City.	Charlotte.	Dahlonega.
BULLION FUND.				
Gold coin		$2,301.00		
Gold bullion	$29,181.12	160,155.08		
Standard silver dollars	130.00	5,098,355.00		
Fractional silver coin	8.84	6,210.60		
Silver bullion		458,424.14		
Balance in subtreasuries and national banks	77,268.91	116,365.06	$15,985.80	
Total available	106,588.87	5,841,810.88	15,985.80	
Unavailable		75,549.75	32,000.00	$27,950.03
Aggregate	106,588.87	5,917,360.63	47,985.80	27,950.03

	Denver.	Helena.	New York.	St. Louis.
BULLION FUND.				
Gold coin			$22,690.00	
Gold bullion			13,600,599.50	
Standard silver dollars			389.00	
Fractional silver coin			1,207.35	
Silver bullion			560,159.99	
Minor coin			210.45	
Balance in subtreasuries and national banks	$771,586.52	$206,947.05	875,870.77	$8,594.98
Total available	771,586.52	206,947.05	15,061,127.06	8,594.98
Unavailable				
Aggregate	771,586.52	206,947.05	15,061,127.06	8,594.98

	New Orleans.	Philadelphia.	San Francisco.	Total.
BULLION FUND.				
Gold coin	$1,066,370.00	$6,155,866.00	$3,564,880.00	$10,812,107.00
Gold bullion	556,395.23	10,433,610.54	760,160.53	25,540,102.00
Standard silver dollars	16,686,000.00	61,944,000.00	45,458,000.00	129,186,874.00
Fractional silver coin	389,027.97	5,829,042.43	185,942.79	6,411,439.98
Silver bullion	904,243.00	99,600,779.31	3,072,836.25	104,596,442.69
United States notes	29,316.00			29,316.00
Minor coin				210.45
Balance in subtreasuries and national banks				2,072,619.09
Total available	19,631,352.20	183,963,298.28	53,041,819.57	278,649,111.21
Unavailable	25,000.00		413,557.96	574,057.74
Loss on recoinage		51,181.81		51,181.81
Aggregate	19,656,352.20	184,014,480.09	53,455,377.53	279,274,350.76
MINOR COIN AND METAL FUND.				
United States notes		44,900.00		44,900.00
Minor coin		139,218.25		139,218.25
Aggregate assets	19,656,352.20	184,198,598.34	53,455,377.53	279,458,469.01

No. 17.—GENERAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE TREASURY JUNE 30, 1897.

	Treasury offices.	Mints and assay offices.	National bank and other depositories.	In transit.	Total.
ASSETS.					
Gold coin	$142,297,118.57	$10,812,107.00			$153,109,225.57
Gold bullion		25,540,102.00			25,540,102.00
Standard silver dollars	270,866,205.00	129,186,874.00		$382.00	400,053,461.00
Fractional silver coin	9,790,518.56	6,411,439.98		1.19	16,201,959.73
Silver bullion		104,596,442.69			104,596,442.69
United States notes	98,696,210.00	74,216.00		1,955,968.00	100,726,394.00
Treasury notes of 1890	31,276,763.00			121,000.00	31,397,763.00
National-bank notes	5,053,583.16			70,100.00	5,123,683.16
Gold certificates	1,472,830.00			24,000.00	1,496,830.00
Silver certificates	16,636,192.00			994,000.00	17,630,192.00
Currency certificates	1,380,000.00				1,380,000.00
Minor coin	1,205,976.37	139,428.70			1,345,405.07
Fractional currency	694.75				694.75
Deposits in national banks			$15,958,733.82		15,958,733.82
Bonds and interest paid	10,330.97			193,159.47	203,490.44
Total available assets	578,686,422.38	276,760,610.37	15,958,733.82	3,358,610.66	874,764,377.23
Unavailable	701,851.34	574,057.74	218,463.55		1,494,372.63
Unpaid loss on recoinage		51,181.81			51,181.81
Balance in subtreasuries and national banks		2,072,619.09			2,072,619.09
Transfer account	26,036,568.24				26,036,568.24
Aggregate	605,424,841.96	279,458,469.01	16,177,197.37	3,358,610.66	904,419,119.00
LIABILITIES.					
Outstanding warrants and checks	1,732,053.36		75,684.74		1,807,738.10
Disbursing officers' balances	17,081,586.01		3,514,965.36		20,596,551.37
Post-Office Department account	3,980,764.07		10,047.57		3,990,811.64
Bank-note 5 per cent redemption fund	7,721,065.52				7,721,065.52
Other deposit and redemption accounts	4,191,674.97			521,380.68	4,713,055.65
Total agency account	34,707,143.93		3,600,697.67	521,380.68	38,829,222.28
Balance to credit of mints and assay offices	1,876,740.99		195,878.10		2,072,619.09
Balance transfer account	26,036,568.24				26,036,568.24
Balance general account	542,804,388.80	279,458,469.01	12,380,621.60	2,837,229.98	837,480,709.39
Aggregate	605,424,841.96	279,458,469.01	16,177,197.37	3,358,610.66	904,419,119.00

No. 18.—DISTRIBUTION OF THE GENERAL TREASURY BALANCE, JUNE 30, 1897.

Location.	Treasurer's general account.	Receipts not covered by warrants.	Balance as shown by warrants.
Washington	$210,993,184.71	$16,185.31	$210,976,999.40
Baltimore	8,935,200.39	11,540.31	8,923,660.08
New York	198,412,085.05	129,313.28	198,282,771.77
Philadelphia	21,574,744.98	373,435.49	21,201,309.49
Boston	15,207,113.30	117,788.76	15,089,324.54
Cincinnati	4,463,362.03	10,135.70	4,453,226.33
Chicago	15,271,543.06	21,888.83	15,249,654.23
St. Louis	25,313,431.18	9,430.69	25,304,000.49
New Orleans	4,158,245.00	1,452.76	4,156,792.24
San Francisco	38,475,479.10	9,933.43	38,465,545.67
Mints and assay offices	279,458,469.01		279,458,469.01
National banks	12,376,919.43	91,012.03	12,285,907.40
United States depositories	3,702.17		3,702.17
In transit	2,837,229.98		2,837,229.98
Total Treasurer's books	837,480,709.39	792,116.59	836,688,592.80
On deposit with States			28,101,644.91
Total Treasury balance			864,790,237.71

No. 19.—AVAILABLE ASSETS AND NET LIABILITIES OF THE TREASURY JUNE 30, 1896 AND 1897.

	June 30, 1896.		June 30, 1897.	
ASSETS.				
Gold:				
Coin	$112,589,973.76		$153,109,225.57	
Bullion	32,125,641.10		25,540,102.00	
		$144,715,614.86		$178,649,327.57
Silver:				
Dollars	378,673,137.00		400,053,461.00	
Fractional coin	15,767,055.52		16,201,959.73	
Bullion	119,040,506.39		104,596,442.69	
		513,480,698.91		520,851,863.42
Paper:				
United States notes	122,431,147.79		100,726,394.00	
Treasury notes of 1890	34,638,033.00		31,397,763.00	
National-bank notes	10,832,424.65		5,123,683.16	
Gold certificates	620,070.00		1,496,830.00	
Silver certificates	11,962,313.00		17,630,192.00	
Currency certificates	320,000.00		1,380,000.00	
		180,803,988.44		157,754,862.16
Other:				
Minor coin	1,102,154.69		1,345,405.07	
Fractional currency	138.72		694.75	
Deposits in national banks	15,555,600.77		15,958,733.82	
Bonds and interest paid	27,125.31		203,490.44	
		16,685,019.49		17,508,324.08
Aggregate		855,685,321.70		874,764,377.23
LIABILITIES.				
Agency account:				
Outstanding warrants and checks	2,293,163.51		1,807,738.10	
Disbursing officers' balances	19,842,164.53		20,596,551.37	
Post-Office Department account	4,040,544.94		3,990,811.64	
Bank-note 5 per cent redemption fund	8,247,486.04		7,721,065.52	
Other deposit and redemption accounts	4,293,682.61		4,713,055.65	
		38,717,041.63		38,829,222.28
General account:				
Gold certificates	42,818,189.00		38,782,169.00	
Silver certificates	342,619,504.00		375,479,504.00	
Currency certificates	32,210,000.00		62,340,000.00	
Treasury notes of 1890	129,683,280.00		114,867,280.00	
Balance	269,637,307.07		244,466,201.95	
		816,968,280.07		835,935,154.95
Aggregate		855,685,321.70		874,764,377.23

No. 20.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE TREASURY IN EXCESS OF CERTIFICATES AND TREASURY NOTES JUNE 30, 1896 AND 1897.

	June 30, 1896.	June 30, 1897.
ASSETS.		
Gold coin and bullion	$102,517,495.86	$141,363,988.57
Silver dollars and bullion	37,373,172.39	31,933,311.69
Fractional silver coin	15,767,055.52	16,201,959.73
United States notes	90,541,147.79	39,766,394.00
Treasury notes of 1890	34,638,033.00	31,397,763.00
National-bank notes	10,832,424.65	5,123,683.16
Minor coin	1,102,154.69	1,345,405.07
Fractional currency	138.72	694.75
Deposits in national banks	15,555,600.77	15,958,733.82
Bonds and interest paid	27,125.31	203,490.44
Total	308,354,348.70	283,295,424.23
LIABILITIES.		
Agency account	38,717,041.63	38,829,222.28
Balance	269,637,307.07	244,466,201.95
Total	308,354,348.70	283,295,424.23

No. 21.—Unavailable Funds of the General Treasury and Post-Office Department June 30, 1896.

GENERAL TREASURY.

On deposit with the following States under the act of June 23, 1836:			
Maine		$955,838.25	
New Hampshire		669,086.79	
Vermont		669,086.79	
Massachusetts		1,338,173.58	
Connecticut		764,670.60	
Rhode Island		382,335.30	
New York		4,014,520.71	
Pennsylvania		2,867,514.78	
New Jersey		764,670.60	
Ohio		2,007,260.34	
Indiana		860,254.44	
Illinois		477,919.14	
Michigan		286,751.49	
Delaware		286,751.49	
Maryland		955,838.25	
Virginia		2,198,427.99	
North Carolina		1,433,757.39	
South Carolina		1,051,422.09	
Georgia		1,051,422.09	
Alabama		669,086.79	
Louisiana		477,919.14	
Mississippi		382,335.30	
Tennessee		1,433,757.39	
Kentucky		1,433,757.39	
Missouri		382,335.30	
Arkansas		286,751.49	
Total on deposit with the States			$28,101,644.91
Deficits and defalcations:			
Subtreasuries:			
Defalcation, subtreasury United States, New Orleans, 1867, May and Whitaker	$675,325.22		
Defalcation, subtreasury United States, New Orleans, 1867, May property	5,566.31		
Deficit, subtreasury United States, New Orleans, 1885	20,959.81		
		701,851.34	
Mints and assay offices:			
Deficits and defalcations, branch mint United States, San Francisco, 1857 to 1869	413,557.96		
Defalcation, mint United States, Dahlonega, 1861	27,950.03		
Defalcation, mint United States, Charlotte, 1861	32,000.00		
Deficit, mint United States, New Orleans, 1895	25,000.00		
Deficit, mint United States, Carson City	75,549.75		
		574,057.74	
National bank depositories:			
Failure, Venango National Bank of Franklin, Pa	181,377.51		
Failure, First National Bank of Selma, Ala	33,383.87		
		214,761.38	
Depositories United States:			
Defalcation, depository United States, Galveston, 1861	778.66		
Defalcation, depository United States, Baltimore, 1866	547.50		
Defalcation, depository United States, Pittsburg, 1867	2,126.11		
Deficit, depository United States, Santa Fe, 1866, short in remittance	249.90		
		3,702.17	
Total deficits and defalcations			1,494,372.63
Total general Treasury			29,596,017.54

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Defalcation, subtreasury United States, New Orleans, 1861	31,164.44	
Defalcation, depository United States, Savannah, 1861	205.76	
Defalcation, depository United States, Galveston, 1861	83.36	
Defalcation, depository United States, Little Rock, 1861	5,823.50	
		37,277.06
Aggregate		29,633,294.60

No. 22.—GOLD COIN AND BULLION IN THE TREASURY AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
1878—June	$122,136,831	$6,323,372	$128,460,203
July	124,299,698	7,714,922	132,014,620
August	126,834,375	7,713,661	134,548,036
September	126,987,235	9,049,067	136,036,302
October	132,908,725	7,963,429	140,872,154
November	135,927,822	6,472,313	142,400,135
December	128,575,951	6,806,689	135,382,640
1879—January	128,792,903	4,964,004	133,756,907
February	127,863,855	5,401,704	133,265,559
March	128,481,964	4,934,162	133,416,126
April	128,368,932	6,151,208	134,520,140
May	130,838,696	5,841,564	136,680,260
June	129,920,099	5,316,376	135,236,475
July	128,019,531	7,497,952	135,517,483
August	130,364,253	11,182,137	141,546,390
September	133,809,844	35,797,151	169,606,995
October	121,159,249	50,358,465	171,517,714
November	102,559,917	57,883,520	160,443,437
December	95,790,430	61,999,892	157,790,322
1880—January	96,463,601	57,226,426	153,690,027
February	93,224,947	53,525,811	146,750,758
March	93,437,767	50,572,784	144,010,551
April	91,538,563	47,244,877	138,783,440
May	83,490,250	45,219,246	128,709,496
June	82,660,461	43,484,966	126,145,427
July	77,807,002	45,319,644	123,126,646
August	77,008,066	50,671,214	127,679,280
September	67,517,592	67,727,241	135,244,833
October	59,983,295	80,742,658	140,725,953
November	66,357,915	85,004,604	151,362,519
December	61,481,245	95,260,851	156,742,096
1881—January	60,797,508	93,746,701	154,544,209
February	84,277,451	88,760,802	173,038,253
March	85,200,962	88,467,201	173,668,163
April	73,178,856	97,140,898	170,319,754
May	70,986,463	92,783,696	163,770,159
June	74,153,945	89,017,716	163,171,661
July	62,685,434	92,226,041	154,911,475
August	82,346,981	87,148,541	169,495,522
September	76,610,270	97,751,075	174,361,345
October	76,036,377	96,953,452	172,989,829
November	85,647,043	92,578,261	178,225,304
December	84,639,865	87,977,603	172,617,468
1882—January	81,266,312	83,886,477	165,152,789
February	95,335,841	78,422,033	173,757,874
March	95,238,892	71,218,465	166,457,357
April	88,853,449	66,215,653	155,069,102
May	93,066,698	60,918,848	153,985,546
June	91,964,504	56,541,886	148,506,390
July	87,795,405	57,283,625	145,079,030
August	95,581,761	53,722,160	149,303,921
September	101,298,687	51,440,420	152,739,107
October	108,888,963	50,916,780	159,805,743
November	113,364,279	50,903,305	164,267,584
December	119,523,136	51,981,432	171,504,568
1883—January	121,868,452	51,449,383	173,317,835
February	125,446,071	52,215,560	177,661,631
March	130,277,402	54,475,312	184,752,714
April	132,185,385	55,652,057	187,837,442
May	136,134,116	57,175,927	193,310,043
June	141,824,496	56,254,072	198,078,568
July	144,016,345	58,757,690	202,774,035
August	144,296,897	59,876,078	204,172,975
September	144,446,727	61,683,816	206,130,543
October	147,037,093	62,392,847	209,429,940
November	149,540,757	66,592,571	216,133,328
December	152,608,393	66,406,346	219,014,739
1884—January	154,882,129	66,931,227	221,813,356
February	154,863,976	67,017,657	221,881,633
March	150,347,174	60,724,333	211,071,507
April	150,638,694	45,686,932	196,325,626
May	156,334,723	44,797,665	201,132,388
June	160,336,986	44,539,608	204,876,594
July	162,005,978	48,533,573	210,539,551
August	163,140,863	51,342,794	214,483,657
September	164,957,455	52,946,587	217,904,042
October	166,679,599	55,856,761	222,536,360
November	169,177,043	62,212,318	231,389,361
December	171,553,205	63,422,647	234,975,852

No. 22.—GOLD COIN AND BULLION IN THE TREASURY AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
1885—January	$172,747,344	$64,420,631	$237,167,975
February	175,297,232	64,732,611	240,029,843
March	177,143,231	64,297,566	241,440,797
April	177,427,377	65,734,818	243,162,195
May	178,039,678	66,323,865	244,363,543
June	179,952,890	67,075,735	247,028,625
July	180,083,998	69,283,598	249,367,596
August	180,175,905	70,081,513	250,257,418
September	180,198,974	71,052,140	251,251,114
October	178,941,459	72,417,890	251,359,349
November	178,002,782	73,942,796	251,945,578
December	180,793,981	72,557,429	253,351,410
1886—January	179,402,994	71,968,567	251,371,561
February	183,314,744	66,486,344	249,801,088
March	182,900,437	59,254,731	242,155,168
April	185,335,205	55,245,328	240,580,533
May	187,138,939	49,285,795	236,424,734
June	189,529,604	43,308,520	232,838,124
July	190,001,215	43,650,307	233,651,522
August	189,915,047	45,515,589	235,430,636
September	189,376,275	53,232,743	242,609,018
October	187,168,509	59,663,639	246,832,148
November	185,730,177	68,720,676	254,450,853
December	187,196,597	80,931,422	268,128,019
1887—January	189,122,038	85,018,430	274,140,468
February	191,602,707	83,485,920	275,088,627
March	192,554,053	83,431,810	275,985,863
April	191,473,345	83,863,571	275,336,916
May	192,461,995	85,166,756	277,628,751
June	192,368,916	85,732,190	278,101,106
July	192,197,040	89,099,377	281,296,417
August	189,187,480	92,852,054	282,039,534
September	182,324,850	108,377,780	290,702,630
October	182,342,103	120,202,502	302,544,605
November	181,883,796	120,777,483	302,661,279
December	182,618,964	122,723,223	305,342,187
1888—January	185,906,571	121,902,584	307,809,155
February	187,745,300	121,822,527	309,567,827
March	189,604,374	121,167,828	310,772,202
April	190,668,288	122,132,999	312,801,287
May	195,832,419	114,050,440	309,882,859
June	203,636,984	110,116,633	313,753,617
July	218,538,859	108,012,533	326,551,392
August	223,307,190	107,826,240	331,133,430
September	224,262,012	108,289,294	332,551,306
October	223,209,020	108,479,213	331,688,233
November	224,176,751	104,426,611	328,603,362
December	227,854,213	96,919,454	324,773,667
1889—January	229,051,535	96,590,321	325,641,856
February	229,785,899	96,670,798	326,456,697
March	231,905,742	94,795,197	326,700,939
April	233,591,115	94,612,786	328,203,901
May	236,055,512	85,241,865	321,297,377
June	237,917,635	65,586,684	303,504,319
July	238,741,837	62,017,736	300,759,573
August	239,996,043	64,052,146	304,048,189
September	241,537,116	64,334,656	305,871,772
October	243,955,379	64,554,236	308,509,615
November	246,337,464	64,642,327	310,979,791
December	246,401,951	67,416,990	313,818,941
1890—January	249,963,167	66,080,287	316,043,454
February	252,460,026	66,133,726	318,593,752
March	253,782,305	66,443,489	320,225,794
April	253,612,783	67,265,628	320,878,411
May	253,784,358	67,548,895	321,333,253
June	255,615,950	65,996,474	321,612,424
July	254,397,959	62,138,864	316,536,823
August	252,748,502	57,471,618	310,220,120
September	246,179,012	59,907,459	306,086,471
October	233,634,208	60,855,395	294,489,603
November	230,113,362	63,642,518	293,755,880
December	226,220,604	66,799,610	293,020,214
1891—January	229,942,686	67,624,860	297,567,546
February	233,469,299	63,362,654	296,831,953
March	232,749,803	59,685,416	292,435,219
April	220,773,624	59,859,416	280,633,040
May	193,929,831	61,401,672	255,331,503
June	176,450,378	62,067,744	238,518,122
July	174,091,456	62,736,957	236,828,413

No. 22.—GOLD COIN AND BULLION IN THE TREASURY AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
1891—August	$175,482,231	$65,262,257	$240,744,488
September	178,631,016	66,343,775	244,974,791
October	189,615,905	74,158,836	263,774,741
November	193,412,689	78,430,504	271,843,193
December	196,634,061	82,212,689	278,846,750
1892—January	198,454,175	84,299,689	282,753,864
February	198,847,863	83,275,529	282,123,392
March	198,949,892	81,194,377	280,144,269
April	193,911,273	79,712,183	273,623,456
May	193,573,580	77,953,512	271,527,092
June	180,741,321	74,836,385	255,577,706
July	170,682,622	76,623,598	247,306,220
August	166,583,580	75,960,115	242,543,695
September	164,550,486	76,055,422	240,605,908
October	166,135,247	78,126,222	244,261,469
November	167,615,258	79,983,208	247,598,466
December	156,662,452	81,697,350	238,359,802
1893—January	147,375,054	81,452,478	228,827,532
February	137,837,900	79,835,048	217,672,948
March	138,874,473	79,503,760	218,378,233
April	121,753,585	80,529,774	202,283,359
May	115,646,742	80,871,868	196,518,610
June	110,109,923	78,345,510	188,455,433
July	103,363,626	83,450,336	186,813,962
August	78,049,667	98,373,505	176,423,172
September	72,183,123	101,026,648	173,209,771
October	66,616,899	96,657,273	163,274,172
November	70,211,506	90,910,622	161,122,128
December	73,624,284	84,679,495	158,303,779
1894—January	65,490,319	77,175,275	142,665,594
February	107,029,805	70,432,992	177,462,797
March	116,223,429	60,232,616	176,456,045
April	116,475,990	53,716,468	170,192,458
May	100,000,110	48,067,706	148,067,816
June	86,605,123	44,612,311	131,217,434
July	73,872,012	47,050,824	120,922,836
August	76,944,532	43,941,337	120,885,869
September	79,602,339	44,063,417	123,665,756
October	81,416,461	44,197,435	125,613,896
November	118,045,402	46,305,066	164,350,468
December	91,879,020	47,727,334	139,606,354
1895—January	51,343,230	46,010,546	97,353,776
February	94,065,558	44,527,722	138,593,280
March	88,098,517	51,387,979	139,486,496
April	89,954,140	50,044,014	139,998,154
May	94,265,611	53,425,367	147,690,978
June	99,147,914	56,746,018	155,893,932
July	94,702,557	60,651,509	155,354,066
August	89,202,384	60,208,542	149,410,926
September	86,216,756	57,340,757	143,557,513
October	88,951,327	54,409,512	143,360,839
November	83,977,079	45,590,866	129,567,945
December	83,378,392	29,820,315	113,198,707
1896—January	84,225,419	15,467,938	99,693,357
February	140,874,515	26,821,484	167,695,999
March	142,831,047	29,054,663	171,885,710
April	135,594,838	32,851,621	168,446,459
May	118,644,283	32,662,860	151,307,143
June	111,803,340	32,217,024	144,020,364
July	119,371,284	30,640,941	150,012,225
August	106,561,114	33,264,086	139,825,200
September	121,772,737	40,998,574	162,771,311
October	107,706,505	47,617,328	155,323,833
November	117,557,275	51,969,827	169,527,102
December	120,638,598	54,565,385	175,203,983
1897—January	130,100,363	52,286,759	182,387,122
February	139,356,403	46,849,625	186,206,028
March	151,988,509	37,254,294	189,242,803
April	157,976,832	32,786,057	190,762,889
May	155,167,732	26,539,659	181,707,391
June	152,529,575	25,547,082	178,076,657
July	149,114,826	28,929,752	178,044,578
August	150,003,810	31,230,355	181,234,165
September	154,338,370	30,223,294	184,561,664

No. 23.—SILVER COIN AND BULLION IN THE TREASURY AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Standard dollars.	Bullion.	Fractional coin.	Total.
1878—June	$7,718,357	$7,341,471	$6,860,506	$21,920,334
July	9,550,236	7,665,760	7,079,667	24,295,663
August	11,292,849	8,982,239	6,478,642	26,753,730
September	12,155,205	9,634,034	6,143,903	27,933,142
October	13,397,571	8,352,042	6,323,132	28,072,745
November	14,843,219	10,159,491	6,009,834	31,012,544
December	16,704,829	9,439,461	6,031,805	32,176,095
1879—January	17,874,457	10,347,889	6,143,449	34,365,795
February	19,505,767	9,837,403	6,278,491	35,621,661
March	21,558,894	8,688,261	6,428,185	36,675,340
April	23,694,563	6,949,046	6,621,940	37,265,549
May	26,181,045	5,672,656	6,813,589	38,667,290
June	28,147,351	5,092,566	8,903,401	42,143,318
July	29,151,801	5,112,224	12,731,766	46,995,791
August	30,678,464	4,904,612	15,236,724	50,819,800
September	31,559,870	4,557,504	16,814,309	52,931,683
October	32,322,634	3,537,224	17,755,987	53,615,845
November	32,830,207	4,323,098	18,432,478	55,594,783
December	33,168,064	4,492,421	18,881,629	56,542,114
1880—January	34,961,611	4,888,036	20,204,810	60,054,457
February	36,972,093	4,525,306	21,179,312	62,676,711
March	38,780,342	4,086,840	21,989,814	64,856,996
April	40,411,673	5,007,331	22,767,673	68,186,677
May	42,778,190	4,853,588	23,577,092	71,208,870
June	44,425,315	5,124,536	24,350,482	73,900,333
July	46,192,791	6,081,648	24,975,714	77,250,153
August	47,495,063	6,380,258	25,152,972	79,028,293
September	47,654,675	5,557,760	24,799,925	78,012,360
October	47,084,459	6,043,367	24,629,490	77,757,316
November	47,397,453	6,255,390	24,653,530	78,306,373
December	48,190,518	6,183,224	24,769,057	79,142,799
1881—January	50,235,102	6,704,197	25,490,915	82,430,214
February	52,939,460	5,356,308	25,813,058	84,108,826
March	55,176,158	4,017,770	26,283,892	85,477,820
April	58,044,826	3,863,583	26,493,613	88,402,022
May	60,518,273	3,457,193	26,841,957	90,817,423
June	62,544,722	3,309,949	27,247,697	93,102,368
July	64,246,302	2,962,278	27,295,487	94,504,067
August	65,948,344	2,732,863	27,042,807	95,724,014
September	66,092,667	2,632,185	26,313,114	95,037,966
October	66,576,378	3,424,575	25,984,688	95,985,641
November	68,017,452	3,088,710	25,918,252	97,024,414
December	69,589,937	3,607,830	25,963,641	99,161,408
1882—January	72,421,584	3,258,926	26,567,873	102,248,383
February	75,138,957	2,806,143	26,869,906	104,815,006
March	78,178,583	4,440,662	27,187,681	109,806,926
April	81,595,056	3,239,033	27,439,184	112,273,273
May	84,606,043	3,793,664	27,755,923	116,155,630
June	87,153,816	3,230,908	28,048,631	118,433,355
July	88,840,899	2,816,270	28,153,956	119,811,125
August	91,166,249	2,730,716	27,990,388	121,887,353
September	92,228,649	3,343,565	27,426,140	122,998,354
October	92,414,977	4,012,503	26,749,432	123,176,912
November	92,940,582	3,769,220	26,544,544	123,254,346
December	94,016,842	4,468,193	26,521,692	125,006,727
1883—January	97,530,969	3,761,958	27,135,245	128,428,172
February	100,261,444	3,974,114	27,507,276	131,742,834
March	103,482,305	3,943,467	27,865,994	135,291,766
April	106,366,348	3,478,750	28,068,629	137,913,727
May	108,898,977	4,157,218	28,303,196	141,359,391
June	111,914,019	4,482,216	28,486,001	144,882,236
July	113,057,052	4,486,638	28,058,142	145,601,832
August	114,320,197	4,694,559	27,819,712	146,834,468
September	114,587,372	5,107,911	26,750,161	146,445,444
October	116,036,450	4,936,365	26,712,424	147,685,239
November	117,768,966	4,624,279	26,969,614	149,362,859
December	119,449,385	4,534,373	27,224,126	151,207,884
1884—January	123,474,748	4,674,433	28,014,415	156,163,596
February	126,822,399	4,919,913	28,490,907	160,233,219
March	129,006,101	5,043,825	28,866,556	162,916,482
April	130,314,065	5,150,843	29,158,480	164,623,388
May	132,626,753	4,623,158	29,377,206	166,627,117
June	135,560,916	4,055,498	29,600,720	169,217,134
July	137,692,119	4,603,610	29,797,486	172,093,215
August	140,615,722	4,723,420	29,659,003	174,998,145
September	142,058,787	4,934,405	29,474,161	176,467,353
October	142,926,725	4,646,497	29,346,757	176,919,979
November	144,745,075	4,778,849	29,143,283	178,667,207
December	146,502,865	4,716,055	29,194,356	180,413,276

No. 23.—SILVER COIN AND BULLION IN THE TREASURY AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Standard dollars.	Bullion.	Fractional coin.	Total.
1885—January	$150,632,154	$4,613,582	$29,901,105	$185,146,841
February	153,561,007	3,991,130	30,244,836	187,796,973
March	156,698,482	3,887,494	30,632,326	191,218,302
April	159,441,034	4,042,187	30,944,049	194,427,270
May	162,244,855	4,098,144	31,694,365	198,037,364
June	165,413,112	4,038,886	31,236,899	200,688,897
July	166,499,948	3,944,837	25,355,020	195,799,805
August	166,854,215	3,766,196	24,724,287	195,344,698
September	165,483,721	3,916,123	23,641,894	193,041,738
October	163,817,342	3,840,536	22,965,536	190,623,414
November	165,568,018	3,583,956	27,920,309	197,072,283
December	165,718,190	3,797,041	27,796,431	197,311,662
1886—January	169,083,385	3,658,783	29,013,994	201,756,162
February	171,805,906	2,612,968	28,811,038	203,229,912
March	174,700,985	2,271,104	28,822,638	205,794,727
April	175,928,502	2,556,522	28,864,483	207,349,507
May	178,252,045	1,947,762	28,912,277	209,112,084
June	181,253,566	3,092,198	28,904,682	213,250,446
July	181,523,924	3,786,070	28,584,625	213,894,619
August	181,769,457	3,268,940	27,956,992	212,995,389
September	181,262,593	3,758,394	26,899,745	211,920,732
October	182,931,231	3,807,949	26,300,336	213,039,516
November	184,911,938	4,091,383	25,808,067	214,811,388
December	188,506,238	4,739,377	25,660,935	218,906,550
1887—January	193,963,783	4,877,039	26,323,525	225,164,347
February	198,112,760	4,700,183	26,482,472	229,295,415
March	201,672,372	8,639,452	26,601,614	236,913,438
April	205,788,827	10,134,361	26,891,077	242,814,260
May	209,052,560	9,869,629	27,064,743	245,986,939
June	211,483,970	10,917,435	26,977,494	249,378,899
July	211,528,891	12,278,674	26,691,106	250,498,671
August	213,212,448	12,177,624	26,148,531	251,538,603
September	213,043,796	12,005,909	24,984,219	250,033,924
October	214,175,532	11,683,032	24,468,135	250,326,699
November	215,882,443	10,831,655	24,158,004	250,872,102
December	218,917,539	9,961,866	24,327,529	253,206,934
1888—January	223,918,380	10,219,546	25,019,973	259,157,899
February	227,947,493	10,305,153	25,355,432	263,608,078
March	232,037,274	10,024,976	25,566,280	267,628,530
April	236,156,394	9,937,442	25,750,228	271,844,064
May	240,587,970	9,357,041	25,878,872	275,823,883
June	243,879,487	10,619,754	26,051,741	280,550,982
July	245,798,765	11,066,054	26,034,462	282,899,281
August	247,859,402	10,973,204	25,746,759	284,579,365
September	248,791,534	10,645,833	24,738,696	284,176,063
October	249,979,440	10,559,114	24,088,769	284,627,323
November	251,975,505	10,734,583	23,801,676	286,511,764
December	254,406,869	10,865,237	23,655,458	288,927,564
1889—January	259,811,329	10,606,677	24,449,597	294,867,603
February	263,514,586	10,762,958	24,715,021	298,992,565
March	267,286,176	10,801,669	24,921,004	303,008,849
April	271,326,743	10,755,082	24,975,567	307,057,392
May	275,484,223	10,291,861	25,125,295	310,901,379
June	279,084,683	10,603,692	25,129,733	314,818,108
July	280,382,395	11,860,283	25,012,877	317,255,555
August	282,583,864	11,343,140	24,766,455	318,693,459
September	282,983,550	11,286,828	23,864,841	318,135,219
October	283,539,521	10,918,171	22,737,900	317,195,592
November	286,101,364	10,322,870	22,133,430	318,557,664
December	288,535,500	10,729,078	21,927,928	321,192,506
1890—January	293,229,364	11,557,760	22,506,504	327,293,628
February	297,575,621	11,156,952	22,758,530	331,491,103
March	302,036,610	10,709,439	22,814,565	335,560,614
April	306,429,289	9,432,627	22,989,474	338,851,390
May	309,988,092	8,955,254	22,902,558	341,845,904
June	313,259,910	10,649,450	22,805,226	346,714,586
July	314,744,998	11,658,805	22,333,891	348,737,694
August	316,071,592	12,832,692	21,858,259	350,762,543
September	315,495,812	14,485,014	20,563,709	350,544,535
October	315,278,902	16,995,315	19,551,410	351,825,627
November	317,183,482	18,796,046	19,066,586	355,046,114
December	320,433,982	20,299,954	18,987,690	359,721,626
1891—January	326,747,056	21,277,979	19,973,211	367,998,246
February	331,040,452	22,671,532	20,352,665	374,064,649
March	334,684,317	25,870,383	20,486,694	381,040,794
April	338,588,509	27,600,434	20,568,406	386,757,349
May	343,004,448	29,172,111	20,063,882	392,240,441
June	347,976,227	31,729,052	19,656,695	399,361,974
July	348,471,389	36,583,124	19,368,142	404,422,655

No. 23.—SILVER COIN AND BULLION IN THE TREASURY AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Standard dollars.	Bullion.	Fractional coin.	Total.
1891—August	$349,256,571	$40,146,730	$18,440,722	$407,844,023
September	348,341,193	43,973,513	16,846,620	409,161,326
October	347,339,907	47,580,682	15,196,379	410,116,968
November	348,191,920	50,316,836	14,389,585	412,898,341
December	349,217,549	53,969,468	13,789,325	416,976,342
1892—January	351,653,110	57,940,646	14,494,842	424,088,598
February	352,920,220	61,401,457	14,787,832	429,109,509
March	354,063,617	65.720,466	14,746,917	434,531,000
April	355,500,903	68,912,657	14,600,427	439,013,987
May	356,468,435	72,501,576	14,459,497	443,429,508
June	357,189,251	76,669,151	14,224,714	448,083,116
July	357,384,873	80,479,594	14,153,063	452,017,530
August	357,343,849	83,483,551	13,575,773	454,403,173
September	356,173,732	86,000,554	12,551,498	454,725,784
October	354,740,380	89,373,154	11,499,579	455,612,113
November	354,536,029	92,999,927	10,960,183	458,496,139
December	355,054,049	96,743,988	10,571,481	462,369,518
1893—January	357,410,597	99,282,961	11,346,523	468,040,081
February	358,474,895	102,973,771	10,971,876	472,420,542
March	359,490,115	106,709,122	11,165,155	477,364,392
April	360,359,922	110,315,196	11,113,573	481,788,691
May	361,278,816	114,289,140	11,394,610	486,962,566
June	362,302,707	118,173,820	11,855,944	492,332,471
July	363,108,461	119,277,735	12,556,749	494,942,945
August	357,677,820	122,200,760	12,700,829	492,579,409
September	360,499,882	124,242,787	13,496,416	498,239,085
October	360,606,732	126,261,553	12,667,195	499,535,480
November	360,906,628	127,262,267	11,418,708	499,587,603
December	361,463,188	127,207,874	11,639,467	500,310,529
1894—January	363,597,057	127,215,171	15,932,847	506,745,075
February	364,758,231	127,216,957	16,594,888	508,570,076
March	365,807,734	127,220,207	17,073,268	510,101,209
April	366,677,908	127,228,437	17,502,120	511,408,465
May	367,380,338	127,231,643	17,582,973	512,194,954
June	368,141,831	127,267,347	17,889,531	513,298,709
July	368,796,668	127,113,753	17,970,261	513,880,682
August	368,991,724	126,454,771	17,720,835	513,167,330
September	366,900,165	126,104,475	16,809,713	509,814,353
October	365,332,738	125,261,863	15,424,113	506,018,714
November	364,726,543	125,351,523	14,724,392	504,802,458
December	364,537,659	125,014,161	14,483,636	504,035,456
1895—January	366,753,119	124,852,679	15,481,586	507,087,384
February	368,177,389	124,551,374	16,131,145	508,859,908
March	369,009,182	124,673,187	16,577,511	510,259,880
April	369,713,330	124,583,685	16,516,559	510,813,574
May	370,464,649	124,528,559	16,589,443	511,582,651
June	371,306,057	124,479,849	16,552,845	512,338,751
July	371,542,513	124,670,701	16,532,936	512,746,150
August	370,704,376	124,687,226	16,055,743	511,447,345
September	368,142,782	124,652,406	14,882,337	507,677,525
October	364,935,217	124,721,501	13,426,421	503,083,139
November	364,528,596	124,603,759	13,032,387	502,164,742
December	364,083,702	124,612,532	12,764,321	501,460,555
1896—January	366,659,953	124,575,129	14,186,737	505,421,819
February	369,273,688	123,171,286	14,820,486	507,265,460
March	371,497,164	122,187,206	15,246,374	508,930,744
April	374,187,554	120,939,560	15,459,003	510,586,117
May	376,572,499	119,989,914	15,637,424	512,199,837
June	378,614,043	119,053,695	15,730,976	513,398,714
July	379,852,244	118,753,758	16,004,145	514,610,147
August	381,056,160	116,681,740	15,909,801	513,647,701
September	380,688,963	114,829,399	15,126,483	510,644,845
October	381,361,339	113,064,557	14,632,846	509,058,742
November	382,972,296	112,137,954	14,570.200	509,680,450
December	384,584,572	110,815,247	14,215,766	509,615,585
1897—January	388,617,255	109,704,519	15,414,575	513,736,349
February	390,939,629	108,914,614	15,805,023	515,659,266
March	393,211,322	107,862,462	15,974,428	517,048,212
April	395,342,193	106,990,150	16,163,767	518,496,110
May	397,511,546	106,042,492	16,210,920	519,764,958
June	399,992,540	104,591,039	16,210,344	520,793,923
July	400,333,020	105,109,460	16,286,660	521,734,140
August	398,908,078	105,125,123	15,335,285	519,368,486
September	394,948,022	105,078,550	13,455,175	513,481,747

No. 24.—UNITED STATES NOTES, TREASURY NOTES, AND NATIONAL-BANK NOTES IN THE TREASURY AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1878—June	$72,020,121	.....	$12,789,923	$84,810,044
July	77,105,859	.....	14,119,544	91,225,403
August	78,348,254	.....	11,772,829	90,121,083
September	73,049,340	.....	9,260,764	82,310,104
October	74,175,606	.....	6,370,449	80,546,055
November	73,655,404	.....	8,055,844	81,711,248
December	69,582,505	.....	8,469,162	78,051,667
1879—January	71,024,531	.....	12,374,371	83,398,902
February	81,169,973	.....	10,233,225	91,403,198
March	75,829,669	.....	5,542,552	81,372,221
April	70,444,823	.....	7,762,196	78,207,019
May	77,550,442	.....	14,661,786	92,212,228
June	74,391,904	.....	8,286,701	82,678,605
July	63,791,466	.....	7,188,445	70,979,911
August	70,597,606	.....	5,138,655	75,736,261
September	48,173,254	.....	4,321,302	52,494,556
October	37,522,567	.....	3,658,168	41,180,735
November	29,973,454	.....	3,208,277	33,181,731
December	22,660,494	.....	3,242,708	25,903,202
1880—January	24,299,562	.....	6,885,966	31,185,528
February	26,149,093	.....	4,242,984	30,392,077
March	24,080,081	.....	3,606,364	27,686,445
April	26,474,280	.....	5,588,049	32,062,329
May	30,833,020	.....	8,983,508	39,816,528
June	33,020,559	.....	7,090,250	40,110,809
July	34,099,124	.....	7,237,795	41,336,919
August	31,649,849	.....	4,335,906	35,985,755
September	27,148,613	.....	3,575,440	30,724,053
October	22,418,993	.....	4,197,224	26,616,217
November	19,574,937	.....	3,702,629	23,277,566
December	15,741,818	.....	4,242,828	19,984,646
1881—January	19,181,616	.....	6,342,410	25,524,026
February	22,206,601	.....	4,144,895	26,351,496
March	21,338,198	.....	4,321,844	25,660,042
April	32,927,086	.....	5,988,259	28,915,345
May	26,922,305	.....	7,784,186	34,706,491
June	30,204,092	.....	5,296,382	35,500,474
July	29,624,910	.....	5,532,708	35,157,618
August	29,320,869	.....	4,273,541	33,594,410
September	27,130,132	.....	4,551,400	31,681,532
October	26,281,769	.....	4,739,547	31,021,316
November	26,401,078	.....	4,556,305	30,957,383
December	25,992,800	.....	5,677,691	31,670,491
1882—January	28,714,394	.....	7,377,995	36,092,389
February	29,701,850	.....	5,484,211	35,186,061
March	28,371,415	.....	4,516,077	32,887,492
April	28,627,824	.....	6,180,209	34,808,033
May	31,938,690	.....	7,418,245	39,356,935
June	34,670,589	.....	6,277,247	40,947,836
July	34,969,590	.....	8,428,411	43,398,001
August	35,883,941	.....	7,287,442	43,171,383
September	31,948,158	.....	6,828,786	38,776,944
October	29,689,196	.....	6,370,052	36,059,248
November	30,591,392	.....	6,311,110	36,902,502
December	28,454,395	.....	6,532,021	34,986,416
1883—January	33,592,237	.....	10,486,291	44,078,528
February	32,744,817	.....	6,761,527	39,506,344
March	29,878,561	.....	4,199,135	34,077,696
April	30,969,623	.....	6,343,015	37,312,638
May	33,471,825	.....	8,361,571	41,833,396
June	36,498,839	.....	8,217,062	44,715,901
July	37,632,646	.....	8,343,000	45,975,646
August	37,791,766	.....	6,019,802	43,811,568
September	37,194,420	.....	6,017,710	43,212,130
October	37,113,037	.....	6,428,180	43,541,217
November	39,874,644	.....	7,070,474	46,945,118
December	39,644,249	.....	8,955,820	48,600,069
1884—January	42,156,189	.....	14,746,745	56,902,934
February	45,808,632	.....	12,048,941	57,857,573
March	45,904,652	.....	7,862,366	53,767,018
April	45,765,833	.....	9,950,326	55,716,159
May	38,731,841	.....	7,533,779	46,265,620
June	40,183,802	.....	8,809,991	48,993,793
July	42,727,990	.....	10,529,336	53,257,326
August	40,843,554	.....	11,614,068	52,457,622
September	36,524,873	.....	11,078,957	47,603,830
October	33,942,172	.....	10,171,655	44,113,827
November	32,200,683	.....	10,525,634	42,726,317
December	36,499,575	.....	10,329,994	46,829,569

No. 24.—UNITED STATES NOTES, TREASURY NOTES, AND NATIONAL-BANK NOTES IN THE TREASURY AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1885—January	$43,958,469		$13,880,648	$57,839,117
February	48,926,822		9,774,141	58,700,963
March	46,683,288		7,312,940	53,996,228
April	46,865,690		8,120,660	54,986,350
May	50,417,109		9,806,087	60,223,196
June	45,047,379		9,945,711	54,993,090
July	48,418,997		8,081,130	56,500,127
August	55,658,656		7,556,108	63,214,764
September	51,129,332		6,196,408	57,325,740
October	45,695,341		5,438,241	51,133,582
November	43,290,643		5,775,356	49,065,999
December	41,731,200		5,347,767	47,078,967
1886—January	47,890,389		9,951,057	57,841,446
February	47,197,292		7,961,334	55,158,626
March	42,214,485		3,392,203	45,606,688
April	37,603,774		3,831,002	41,434,776
May	40,244,098		4,962,150	45,206,248
June	41,118,317		4,034,416	45,152,733
July	41,044,142		3,792,409	44,836,551
August	46,774,647		2,878,520	49,653,167
September	44,224,081		2,104,764	46,328,845
October	38,107,305		3,192,746	41,300,051
November	36,573,188		2,522,033	39,095,221
December	29,679,326		3,012,335	32,691,661
1887—January	33,003,682		4,606,322	37,610,004
February	33,869,202		3,072,561	36,941,763
March	28,294,938		2,558,485	30,853,423
April	28,575,474		3,480,653	32,056,127
May	30,757,376		3,927,245	34,684,621
June	28,783,797		2,362,585	31,146,382
July	28,093,740		3,142,105	31,235,845
August	28,287,539		3,354,726	31,642,265
September	24,145,212		2,938,593	27,083,805
October	22,476,067		4,157,980	26,634,047
November	23,153,220		3,131,864	26,285,084
December	22,409,425		4,919,434	27,328,859
1888—January	28,660,469		7,782,203	36,442,672
February	33,482,087		6,355,477	39,837,564
March	33,085,623		5,323,787	38,409,410
April	39,046,614		5,942,194	44,988,808
May	46,158,200		6,702,811	52,861,011
June	52,398,204		7,054,221	59,452,425
July	55,030,740		8,218,834	63,249,574
August	56,225,393		7,880,157	64,105,550
September	53,358,963		6,023,307	59,382,270
October	48,393,320		4,167,954	52,561,274
November	46,562,956		3,381,456	49,944,412
December	41,125,860		4,068,046	45,193,906
1889—January	43,361,498		5,439,229	48,800,727
February	45,220,511		3,433,572	48,654,083
March	39,501,231		3,054,267	42,555,498
April	38,350,137		3,686,890	42,037,027
May	43,940,387		4,703,087	48,643,474
June	46,336,085		4,158,331	50,494,416
July	47,939,366		3,632,535	51,571,901
August	48,870,935		4,590,661	53,461,596
September	36,445,258		3,883,721	40,328,979
October	29,813,501		5,211,415	35,024,916
November	24,959,022		4,251,973	29,210,995
December	15,673,925		4,500,355	20,174,280
1890—January	19,236,224		6,172,760	25,408,984
February	19,823,865		4,339,314	24,163,179
March	14,579,657		3,937,196	18,516,853
April	16,004,411		3,942,536	19,946,947
May	19,747,799		4,289,295	24,037,094
June	23,634,190		4,351,767	27,985,957
July	23,983,412		4,766,359	28,749,771
August	19,393,710	$2,233,100	5,063,228	26,690,038
September	12,765,290	962,500	4,620,511	18,348,301
October	12,263,263	2,481,649	3,662,638	18,407,550
November	11,105,720	2,039,144	3,416,944	16,561,808
December	10,005,631	2,193,717	3,349,587	15,548,935
1891—January	18,355,508	3,702,294	6,320,151	28,377,953
February	18,676,165	4,279,421	4,970,638	27,926,224
March	12,650,818	3,171,227	3,415,237	19,237,282
April	14,496,398	4,710,946	4,055,760	23,263,104
May	19,362,270	7,565,067	5,189,490	32,116,827
June	22,966,744	9,765,252	5,655,174	38,387,170
July	26,788,452	11,309,957	5,924,947	44,023,356

No. 24.—UNITED STATES NOTES, TREASURY NOTES, AND NATIONAL-BANK NOTES IN THE TREASURY AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1891—August	$28,984,580	$13,937,685	$6,822,252	$49,744,517
September	19,949,815	7,045,902	5,695,080	32,690,797
October	14,127,027	2,251,786	5,738,795	22,117,608
November	13,316,707	1,976,366	4,841,754	20,134,827
December	12,913,665	2,031,045	4,651,152	19,595,862
1892—January	16,583,703	5,514,681	6,028,889	28,127,273
February	24,549,328	9,517,659	4,792,427	38,859,414
March	22,776,054	11,996,788	3,884,496	38,657,338
April	21,895,155	11,726,920	4,409,486	38,031,561
May	28,227,714	10,323,314	5,071,384	43,622,412
June	34,866,176	3,660,414	5,376,893	43,903,483
July	34,828,738	3,809,869	5,931,778	44,570,385
August	29,132,596	5,268,551	6,623,311	41,024,458
September	24,077,358	5,482,485	7,701,652	37,261,995
October	14,600,782	2,043,810	7,208,009	23,852,601
November	12,908,139	1,919,154	5,828,486	20,655,779
December	15,747,476	2,705,967	6,043,059	24,496,502
1893—January	26,986,878	4,019,143	7,768,170	38,774,191
February	32,506,274	5,420,240	5,578,128	43,504,642
March	29,887,702	6,533,367	3,827,111	40,248,180
April	26,873,899	10,290,675	5,085,299	42,249,873
May	27,658,693	10,684,691	5,243,455	43,586,839
June	25,805,333	6,528,533	3,982,733	36,316,599
July	22,286,612	4,512,210	3,620,150	30,418,972
August	15,042,956	4,461,749	3,157,587	22,662,292
September	14,452,110	2,494,841	7,815,481	24,762,432
October	24,788,988	1,916,606	11,566,766	38,272,360
November	35,412,344	2,683,223	12,808,547	50,904,114
December	44,139,202	1,194,884	12,357,628	57,691,714
1894—January	47,302,190	2,315,506	14,526,887	64,144,583
February	53,070,488	11,962,418	12,640,479	77,673,385
March	56,089,660	11,583,462	10,758,809	78,431,931
April	62,237,328	11,786,958	8,750,439	82,774,725
May	76,090,927	12,605,052	7,520,998	96,216,977
June	77,908,645	17,722,408	6,598,893	102,229,946
July	82,116,791	22,528,599	4,895,465	109,540,855
August	82,905,913	27,598,929	5,567,162	116,072,004
September	79,397,535	30,113,893	5,017,748	114,529,176
October	66,206,311	28,425,172	4,970,188	99,601,671
November	69,770,527	26,404,164	4,169,283	100,343,974
December	81,919,158	28,369,950	4,759,972	115,049,080
1895—January	89,681,673	33,571,316	6,333,175	129,586,164
February	84,692,758	36,455,457	5,154,293	126,302,508
March	89,745,257	28,872,489	4,449,893	123,067,639
April	79,287,111	27,743,971	4,959,625	111,990,707
May	79,742,984	30,089,473	4,899,226	114,731,683
June	81,571,560	30,109,692	4,643,489	116,324,741
July	75,331,689	31,485,899	5,642,488	112,460,076
August	99,144,263	35,058,618	7,600,591	141,803,472
September	106,316,600	36,630,854	6,018,775	148,966,229
October	107,694,736	26,565,611	6,523,602	140,783,949
November	111,768,519	24,322,958	6,391,746	142,483,223
December	115,825,143	22,044,511	7,063,137	144,932,791
1896—January	100,935,176	27,103,095	10,409,650	138,447,921
February	106,222,443	30,644,730	8,630,538	145,497,711
March	114,392,534	32,352,314	7,110,998	153,855,846
April	109,331,635	32,148,255	7,587,158	149,067,048
May	121,118,261	33,304,774	10,002,385	164,425,420
June	121,229,658	34,465,919	10,668,620	166,364,197
July	109,270,478	34,394,748	11,933,422	155,598,648
August	114,716,282	35,478,756	13,815,370	164,010,408
September	97,133,716	36,040,233	12,834,494	146,008,443
October	89,730,690	39,269,516	12,981,868	141,982,074
November	71,975,533	41,529,379	13,063,471	126,568,383
December	85,313,258	35,645,059	14,278,970	135,237,287
1897—January	78,194,780	35,664,898	17,328,389	131,188,067
February	85,946,400	32,003,659	15,005,984	132,956,043
March	98,167,376	26,886,470	11,374,958	136,428,804
April	98,942,880	24,442,653	8,676,050	132,061,583
May	97,832,313	29,140,874	7,109,698	134,082,885
June	98,097,438	30,962,083	5,030,919	134,090,440
July	94,291,064	32,350,393	5,688,791	132,330,248
August	92,248,702	29,526,968	4,517,847	126,293,517
September	94,885,472	21,518,217	3,814,835	120,218,524

No. 25.—GOLD CERTIFICATES, SILVER CERTIFICATES, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES IN THE TREASURY AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Currency certificates.	Total.
1878—June	$19,469,320	$1,455,520	$570,000	$21,494,840
July	18,170,420	2,647,940	460,000	21,278,360
August	20,794,220	4,424,600	1,460,000	26,678,820
September	9,392,920	1,316,470	1,345,000	12,054,390
October	9,901,520	2,639,560	180,000	12,721,080
November	9,845,120	1,907,460	2,120,000	13,872,580
December	391,420	2,082,770	1,510,000	3,984,190
1879—January	544,020	2,170,840	755,000	3,469,860
February	400,220	1,976,320	9,425,000	11,801,540
March	50,740	2,074,830	2,580,000	4,705,570
April	62,140	1,779,340	1,140,000	2,981,480
May	33,580	1,922,820	1,155,000	3,111,400
June	133,880	2,052,470	1,450,000	3,636,350
July	43,800	2,014,680	590,000	2,648,480
August	120,000	1,976,960	960,000	3,056,960
September	67,700	3,045,130	1,975,000	5,087,830
October	213,400	4,531,479	2,315,000	7,059,879
November	183,740	5,173,188	685,000	6,041,928
December	740,960	4,888,658	425,000	6,054,618
1880—January	61,100	5,063,456	215,000	5,339,556
February	327,300	4,797,314	670,000	5,794,614
March	611,500	5,611,914	175,000	6,398,414
April	173,800	5,428,354	175,000	5,777,154
May	39,800	6,322,731	600,000	6,962,531
June	40,700	6,584,701	360,000	6,985,401
July	32,600	5,758,331	590,000	6,380,931
August	36,800	5,518,821	105,000	5,660,621
September	31,600	6,318,769	90,000	6,440,369
October	6,800	7,333,719	150,000	7,490,519
November	19,120	8,572,294	75,000	8,666,414
December	130,500	9,454,419	25,000	9,609,919
1881—January	50,080	9,985,583	.....	10,035,663
February	312,080	10,856,463	325,000	11,493,543
March	142,900	10,733,085	240,000	11,115,985
April	1,400	11,522,208	40,000	11,563,608
May	36,320	11,988,710	.....	12,025,030
June	23,400	12,055,801	275,000	12,354,201
July	1,700	11,181,088	215,000	11,397,788
August	3,800	11,516,432	175,000	11,695,232
September	9,600	11,559,730	210,000	11,779,330
October	3,700	7,488,900	35,000	7,527,600
November	8,300	7,089,880	55,000	7,153,180
December	.....	6,359,910	50,000	6,409,910
1882—January	7,900	7,462,130	70,000	7,540,030
February	15,800	8,549,470	105,000	8,670,270
March	.....	8,931,930	215,000	9,146,930
April	1,000	8,872,790	125,000	8,998,790
May	2,500	10,509,160	265,000	10,776,660
June	8,100	11,590,620	75,000	11,673,720
July	1,500	12,361,490	510,000	12,872,990
August	.....	11,700,330	185,000	11,885,330
September	.....	8,364,430	130,000	8,494,430
October	14,990,170	7,987,260	110,000	23,087,430
November	15,950,270	5,752,970	10,000	21,713,240
December	25,105,030	4,405,000	10,000	29,520,030
1883—January	25,107,300	4,306,650	60,000	29,473,950
February	32,296,270	5,268,550	210,000	37,774,820
March	31,525,210	6,865,340	250,000	38,640,550
April	32,935,420	8,887,260	55,000	41,877,680
May	23,869,000	8,305,940	15,000	32,189,940
June	22,571,270	15,996,145	315,000	38,882,415
July	23,383,440	15,542,730	25,000	38,951,170
August	28,445,200	17,276,820	90,000	45,812,020
September	27,480,300	15,568,280	75,000	43,123,580
October	31,252,760	14,244,760	75,000	45,572,520
November	27,035,300	13,806,610	100,000	40,941,910
December	27,446,780	13,180,890	80,000	40,707,670
1884—January	23,788,000	13,179,020	45,000	37,012,020
February	30,600,070	13,890,100	90,000	44,580,170
March	35,424,250	20,488,585	520,000	56,432,835
April	44,415,395	20,876,250	105,000	65,396,645
May	39,686,780	19,936,620	20,000	59,643,400
June	27,246,020	23,384,680	195,000	50,825,700
July	26,525,830	25,265,980	65,000	51,856,810
August	29,701,980	26,903,230	150,000	56,755,210
September	33,546,960	26,769,470	315,000	60,631,430
October	32,477,750	30,814,970	85,000	63,377,720
November	26,701,060	28,951,590	120,000	55,772,650
December	26,343,730	23,302,380	160,000	49,806,110

No. 25.—GOLD CERTIFICATES, SILVER CERTIFICATES, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES IN TREASURY AT END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Cont'd.

Month.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Currency certificates.	Total.
1885—January	$22,299,150	$27,337,890	$45,000	$49,682,040
February	40,426,930	29,951,880	380,000	70,758,810
March	37,689,990	30,861,615	1,005,000	69,556,605
April	28,625,290	32,141,140	50,000	60,816,430
May	14,371,350	35,575,590	315,000	50,261,940
June	13,593,410	38,370,700	200,000	52,164,110
July	17,322,320	40,340,980	260,000	57,923,300
August	16,606,230	42,712,890	695,000	60,014,120
September	22,249,240	31,722,990	695,000	54,667,230
October	31,115,850	31,906,514	410,000	63,432,364
November	34,492,968	32,034,464	210,000	66,737,432
December	34,350,479	31,164,311	265,000	65,779,790
1886—January	24,060,709	33,978,767	260,000	58,299,476
February	33,671,010	34,837,660	385,000	68,893,670
March	46,797,927	32,410,575	840,000	80,048,502
April	52,396,875	31,141,055	225,000	83,762,930
May	51,735,670	30,411,016	585,000	82,731,686
June	55,129,870	27,861,450	250,000	83,241,320
July	52,258,360	27,728,858	470,000	80,457,218
August	48,693,980	25,571,492	1,510,000	75,775,472
September	40,654,320	22,555,990	150,000	63,360,310
October	36,878,458	17,562,302	20,000	54,460,760
November	34,469,694	14,137,285	280,000	48,886,979
December	27,485,804	7,338,432	200,000	35,024,236
1887—January	18,843,632	6,737,388	100,000	25,681,020
February	24,256,230	5,466,347	250,000	29,972,577
March	29,757,610	6,212,849	410,000	36,380,459
April	28,905,040	5,007,700	160,000	34,072,740
May	32,101,358	5,289,164	410,000	37,800,522
June	30,261,380	3,425,133	310,000	33,996,513
July	18,098,560	4,209,659	350,000	22,658,219
August	23,008,207	5,996,743	420,000	29,424,950
September	29,154,288	3,919,841	150,000	33,224,129
October	32,858,158	3,451,494	170,000	36,479,652
November	39,974,838	4,413,446	320,000	44,708,284
December	31,010,394	6,339,570	130,000	37,479,964
1888—January	20,668,210	14,930,517	280,000	35,878,727
February	26,962,168	21,166,469	440,000	48,568,637
March	29,651,464	19,370,425	650,000	49,671,889
April	20,853,500	18,316,109	100,000	39,269,609
May	33,574,110	20,458,423	470,000	54,502,533
June	22,135,780	29,104,396	250,000	51,490,176
July	30,234,688	23,361,286	100,000	53,695,974
August	36,591,356	15,528,762	90,000	52,210,118
September	25,516,410	9,819,875	580,000	35,916,285
October	26,163,492	7,404,624	390,000	33,958,116
November	37,441,932	8,834,485	150,000	46,426,417
December	36,127,702	3,958,567	470,000	40,556,269
1889—January	25,043,518	4,717,113	95,000	29,855,631
February	24,802,813	5,717,398	280,000	30,800,711
March	26,586,125	4,760,236	510,000	31,856,361
April	20,783,433	3,451,830	110,000	24,345,263
May	27,350,140	6,205,089	270,000	33,825,229
June	37,235,793	5,527,301	240,000	43,003,094
July	34,669,943	5,651,271	30,000	40,351,214
August	39,557,233	6,141,570	460,000	46,158,803
September	42,073,803	3,878,052	770,000	46,721,855
October	34,925,823	2,328,373	350,000	37,604,196
November	30,668,090	2,419,174	610,000	33,697,264
December	31,316,100	2,252,966	570,000	34,139,066
1890—January	20,452,870	3,254,118	90,000	23,796,988
February	28,222,835	4,063,377	250,000	32,536,212
March	24,614,210	3,407,891	990,000	29,012,101
April	24,142,200	4,438,605	140,000	28,720,805
May	27,473,120	4,936,023	340,000	32,749,143
June	26,162,960	4,329,708	450,000	30,942,668
July	27,577,120	3,442,258	40,000	31,059,378
August	33,005,730	4,951,861	410,000	38,367,591
September	16,058,780	1,852,364	180,000	18,091,144
October	36,482,690	2,443,197	20,000	38,945,887
November	43,755,570	1,976,525	320,000	46,052,095
December	31,384,690	1,566,315	10,000	32,961,005
1891—January	19,892,050	3,218,788	140,000	23,250,838
February	25,155,770	3,346,215	260,000	28,761,985
March	24,050,460	3,757,247	530,000	28,337,707
April	27,309,200	3,309,417	270,000	30,888,617
May	36,777,810	5,009,775	310,000	42,097,585
June	31,606,030	7,351,037	1,425,000	40,382,067
July	34,004,820	8,198,345	180,000	42,383,165

No. 25.—GOLD CERTIFICATES, SILVER CERTIFICATES, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES IN TREASURY AT END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Cont'd.

Month.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Currency certificates.	Total.
1891—August	$37,721,280	$6,624,888	$730,000	$45,076,168
September	28,332,490	2,920,072	1,990,000	33,242,562
October	20,790,420	2,525,759	330,000	23,646,179
November	19,202,170	3,401,308	370,000	22,973,478
December	17,472,720	3,954,750	200,000	21,627,470
1892—January	17,486,810	6,216,336	90,000	23,793,146
February	18,150,140	3,280,157	90,000	21,520,297
March	23,673,770	3,589,703	1,380,000	28,643,473
April	21,931,180	3,209,106	340,000	25,480,286
May	14,470,520	3,613,837	290,000	18,374,357
June	15,363,590	4,733,501	490,000	20,587,091
July	17,738,500	4,472,481	980,000	23,190,981
August	23,847,210	2,779,159	560,000	27,186,369
September	25,345,590	2,619,477	970,000	28,935,067
October	23,181,990	2,297,772	560,000	26,039,762
November	19,632,830	2,786,471	270,000	22,689,301
December	24,254,750	3,748,493	490,000	28,493,243
1893—January	15,729,770	4,953,844	580,000	21,263,614
February	7,782,260	6,750,372	510,000	15,042,632
March	5,135,430	5,267,551	420,000	10,822,981
April	8,888,310	5,098,778	140,000	14,127,088
May	3,324,670	6,650,912	825,000	10,800,582
June	1,071,170	4,468,339	430,000	5,969,509
July	93,710	2,843,114	485,000	3,421,824
August	565,370	2,882,168	60,000	3,507,538
September	129,220	5,909,370	85,000	6,123,590
October	115,860	7,727,272	100,000	7,943,132
November	149,090	5,716,507	120,000	5,985,597
December	75,590	5,038,854	40,000	5,154,444
1894—January	78,350	6,758,196	40,000	6,876,546
February	106,490	6,942,257	.....	7,048,747
March	137,310	8,755,240	360,000	9,252,550
April	102,770	9,367,524	140,000	9,610,294
May	41,650	9,702,545	120,000	9,864,195
June	43,490	10,054,123	300,000	10,397,613
July	103,470	12,027,766	260,000	12,391,236
August	34,730	13,492,527	720,000	14,247,257
September	55,260	9,155,785	550,000	9,761,045
October	56,280	6,569,203	280,000	6,905,483
November	751,370	5,312,420	850,000	6,913,790
December	58,960	5,846,720	1,960,000	7,865,680
1895—January	337,060	7,329,232	3,620,000	11,286,292
February	80,100	7,291,089	430,000	7,801,189
March	84,660	7,374,748	740,000	8,199,408
April	63,640	7,699,233	80,000	7,842,873
May	102,390	6,692,333	190,000	6,984,723
June	88,390	9,162,752	350,000	9,601,142
July	219,330	10,577,386	120,000	10,916,716
August	209,820	7,741,243	530,000	8,481,063
September	103,370	7,862,667	3,675,000	11,641,037
October	168,230	8,953,268	275,000	9,396,498
November	107,910	8,471,611	2,800,000	11,379,521
December	163,450	9,625,856	2,845,000	12,634,306
1896—January	131,140	14,380,165	320,000	14,831,305
February	651,470	11,831,561	245,000	12,728,031
March	583,220	11,293,078	220,000	12,096,298
April	764,910	11,578,091	365,000	12,708,001
May	687,280	10,629,424	240,000	11,556,704
June	497,430	11,359,995	150,000	12,007,425
July	1,393,710	12,375,833	610,000	14,379,543
August	1,618,550	11,464,610	830,000	13,913,160
September	1,591,900	10,045,030	410,000	12,046,930
October	1,390,830	8,686,382	2,595,000	12,672,212
November	1,416,390	11,591,383	40,000	13,047,773
December	1,392,350	14,227,704	500,000	16,120,054
1897—January	1,460,160	11,678,971	165,000	13,304,131
February	1,501,970	9,376,003	270,000	11,647,973
March	1,483,350	12,535,351	610,000	14,628,701
April	1,517,690	13,777,565	2,035,000	17,330,255
May	1,455,340	11,576,696	780,000	13,812,036
June	1,496,250	17,143,136	620,000	19,259,386
July	1,473,290	14,465,854	1,160,000	17,099,144
August	1,509,380	11,249,167	375,000	13,133,547
September	1,535,610	10,532,205	1,325,000	13,392,815

No. 26.—ASSETS OF THE TREASURY OTHER THAN GOLD, SILVER, NOTES, AND CERTIFICATES AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Minor coin.	Fractional currency.	Deposits in national banks.	Bonds and interest paid.	Total.
1878—June	$1,261,714	$180,044	$50,583,814	$4,979,188	$57,004,760
July	1,338,133	188,307	60,645,896	1,429,085	63,601,421
August	1,398,587	159,673	70,481,167	560,281	72,599,708
September	1,410,899	161,082	75,661,403	637,645	77,871,029
October	1,435,035	150,202	55,539,483	4,225,731	61,350,451
November	1,440,493	143,367	39,260,045	13,808,644	54,652,549
December	1,393,536	157,136	53,205,309	16,940,826	71,696,807
1879—January	1,433,983	127,014	166,351,141	9,362,346	177,274,484
February	1,451,618	128,121	249,586,805	5,301,201	256,467,745
March	1,481,023	111,914	226,681,802	2,330,265	230,605,004
April	1,502,527	131,062	260,793,980	2,015,118	264,442,687
May	1,524,684	125,072	279,544,645	6,405,752	287,600,153
June	1,541,886	116,469	201,685,892	3,105,352	206,449,599
July	1,555,186	117,097	97,090,074	913,331	99,675,688
August	1,564,427	86,360	35,991,267	833,471	38,475,525
September	1,521,174	94,471	17,341,225	263,832	19,220,702
October	1,472,264	74,015	12,379,586	407,440	14,333,305
November	1,431,478	82,323	11,358,053	146,683	13,018,537
December	1,376,318	68,864	11,732,314	6,842,682	20,020,178
1880—January	1,341,762	85,359	10,830,840	445,900	12,703,861
February	1,356,628	62,107	10,091,245	3,749,969	15,259,949
March	1,326,229	68,556	10,266,886	6,397,039	18,058,710
April	1,298,435	57,887	10,081,517	3,514,280	14,952,119
May	1,246,201	57,992	11,341,615	3,313,750	15,959,558
June	1,232,722	67,594	11,124,543	406,989	12,831,848
July	1,184,661	69,972	9,750,951	3,045,707	14,051,291
August	1,145,038	54,981	11,869,799	2,904,219	15,974,037
September	1,063,766	62,697	12,127,016	1,255,314	14,508,793
October	992,029	72,667	12,217,574	2,642,730	15,925,000
November	934,043	59,934	11,670,200	434,566	13,098,743
December	850,856	53,666	12,901,607	7,570,179	21,376,308
1881—January	802,015	59,443	11,145,848	609,349	12,616,655
February	767,383	65,559	11,957,342	5,742,269	18,532,553
March	727,772	61,165	11,803,965	3,467,072	16,059,974
April	725,138	52,796	12,445,776	438,535	13,662,245
May	717,042	51,748	12,650,049	3,317,392	16,736,231
June	786,006	53,159	11,788,888	7,296,189	19,924,242
July	663,940	20,468	13,292,918	5,880,578	19,857,904
August	611,856	24,311	12,211,613	255,208	13,102,988
September	556,424	22,962	13,412,848	2,312,894	16,305,128
October	487,768	28,515	13,209,524	495,390	14,221,197
November	424,210	31,587	12,789,554	1,741,671	14,987,022
December	395,375	18,696	13,268,098	8,193,526	21,875,695
1882—January	409,094	17,253	11,861,169	1,134,800	13,422,316
February	407,715	16,582	13,090,913	417,451	13,932,661
March	412,268	22,061	12,026,315	262,945	12,723,589
April	432,005	18,330	12,388,665	543,761	13,382,761
May	451,806	12,025	13,890,135	307,314	14,661,280
June	449,072	17,754	11,258,965	116,760	11,842,551
July	466,116	19,482	12,726,473	708,402	13,920,473
August	482,962	10,641	12,861,245	624,927	13,979,775
September	505,331	8,458	12,841,900	6,817,147	20,172,836
October	492,254	8,498	12,709,660	13,325,822	26,536,234
November	490,925	5,640	12,622,797	30,113,952	43,233,314
December	494,900	6,344	13,736,100	29,023,643	43,260,987
1883—January	511,424	7,101	12,969,633	19,357,309	32,845,467
February	532,865	10,500	14,671,846	296,367	15,511,578
March	505,986	6,796	13,535,801	4,463,202	18,511,785
April	528,266	8,176	14,781,996	336,863	15,655,301
May	557,325	5,861	14,641,539	231,528	15,436,253
June	574,171	4,658	14,536,551	90,615	15,205,995
July	517,038	5,669	14,220,132	388,083	15,130,922
August	519,694	8,448	13,369,867	225,288	14,123,297
September	520,700	5,804	12,845,124	204,764	13,576,392
October	518,754	4,576	11,871,823	465,246	12,860,399
November	523,033	5,874	13,844,835	57,873	14,431,615
December	534,306	6,222	13,313,080	399,840	14,253,448
1884—January	583,896	3,455	13,726,462	428,646	14,742,459
February	634,300	4,719	13,375,510	168,384	14,182,913
March	685,393	6,007	12,866,701	248,979	13,807,080
April	726,924	5,979	12,048,744	408,100	13,189,747
May	778,670	6,380	13,832,997	326,222	14,944,269
June	768,989	7,027	12,817,761	66,883	13,660,660
July	810,301	6,064	13,970,421	211,934	14,998,720
August	837,036	6,618	13,578,469	114,098	14,536,221
September	827,723	7,105	12,499,929	182,334	13,517,091
October	812,818	5,071	15,742,440	387,895	16,948,224
November	790,100	3,860	13,559,034	149,275	14,502,269
December	738,518	4,393	13,144,037	293,654	14,180,602

No. 26.—ASSETS OF THE TREASURY OTHER THAN GOLD, SILVER, NOTES, AND CERTIFICATES AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Minor coin.	Fractional currency.	Deposits in national banks.	Bonds and interest paid.	Total.
1885—January	$797,888	$3,182	$13,491,186	$462,186	$14,754,442
February	834,078	3,757	13,665,573	259,326	14,762,734
March	876,052	3,478	12,809,219	51,287	13,740,036
April	893,548	3,536	13,951,289	367,720	15,216,093
May	896,116	3,629	13,643,443	57,518	14,600,706
June	868,466	3,286	12,928,264	968,840	14,768,856
July	857,072	1,367	13,482,823	277,205	14,618,467
August	847,054	2,075	13,495,245	83,470	14,427,844
September	796,852	2,502	12,050,716	88,119	12,938,189
October	719,831	2,305	13,595,551	104,456	14,422,143
November	616,171	1,631	13,595,238	40,259	14,253,299
December	526,845	2,923	12,901,432	103,882	13,535,082
1886—January	531,949	5,127	14,162,918	90,089	14,790,083
February	531,326	1,189	14,813,523	129,335	15,475,373
March	515,344	2,780	13,834,132	72,114	14,424,370
April	496,392	994	15,129,286	209,834	15,836,506
May	455,453	1,992	15,233,164	61,549	15,752,158
June	377,814	2,667	14,435,199	3,837,126	18,652,806
July	343,292	2,645	15,694,215	335,317	16,375,469
August	322,662	3,064	15,439,905	94,838	15,860,469
September	295,294	3,517	14,413,253	91,145	14,803,209
October	235,421	4,058	16,266,639	219,207	16,725,325
November	163,585	4,201	16,720,818	1,973,292	18,861,896
December	131,422	5,377	18,133,923	6,097,831	24,368,553
1887—January	106,903	3,500	19,053,660	254,869	19,418,932
February	113,243	3,516	19,726,598	109,049	19,952,406
March	151,059	2,210	19,919,718	84,008	20,156,995
April	137,582	2,922	20,747,365	260,412	21,148,281
May	143,571	2,064	22,802,573	56,172	23,004,380
June	116,699	2,366	22,991,302	5,363,227	28,473,594
July	112,740	1,821	23,493,267	460,818	24,068,646
August	110,800	552	25,923,903	1,811,194	27,846,449
September	110,611	452	25,438,630	6,802,411	32,352,104
October	51,401	1,373	31,767,478	1,312,866	33,133,118
November	50,270	1,780	42,428,671	1,158,348	43,639,069
December	55,761	796	52,199,918	4,505,746	56,762,221
1888—January	113,617	1,016	59,372,968	275,407	59,763,008
February	165,857	1,321	61,546,009	33,360	61,747,047
March	186,549	984	61,231,647	64,634	61,483,814
April	148,160	954	61,921,294	148,353	62,218,761
May	143,389	1,446	60,075,601	46,560	60,266,996
June	112,036	1,358	59,979,040	184,027	60,276,461
July	133,754	1,715	59,681,642	258,169	60,075,280
August	130,447	709	59,091,239	89,842	59,312,237
September	107,125	1,810	57,317,385	1,937,420	59,363,740
October	90,415	416	54,480,280	1,970,558	56,541,669
November	71,131	1,481	51,925,079	534,459	52,532,150
December	78,338	480	52,390,164	286,519	52,755,501
1889—January	143,168	879	50,499,122	296,260	50,939,429
February	186,249	1,209	48,818,992	556,761	49,563,211
March	229,229	708	47,832,248	80,634	48,142,819
April	223,907	786	48,669,815	283,840	49,178,348
May	210,422	627	47,769,434	348,870	48,329,353
June	225,075	987	47,432,377	698,407	48,356,846
July	245,556	1,428	48,930,764	259,523	49,437,271
August	264,420	916	48,342,006	1,000,389	49,607,731
September	233,497	1,691	47,746,882	947,982	48,930,052
October	154,730	1,881	47,395,479	368,283	47,920,373
November	102,397	661	47,372,668	601,319	48,077,045
December	83,775	999	40,939,852	561,608	41,586,234
1890—January	177,396	1,337	37,990,111	341,109	38,509,953
February	212,560	121	33,178,304	642,725	34,033,710
March	233,254	220	31,992,314	87,091	32,312,879
April	222,984	697	31,648,899	903,922	32,776,502
May	206,773	871	31,225,998	34,428	31,468,070
June	196,782	260	31,693,166	25,816	31,916,024
July	206,894	934	30,977,438	1,612,824	32,798,090
August	219,372	1,177	30,379,853	4,536,608	35,137,010
September	204,547	599	30,297,111	4,270,478	34,772,735
October	176,596	191	29,937,688	3,195,124	33,309,599
November	150,013	151	29,741,977	45,556	29,937,697
December	163,887	1,429	30,047,118	27,319	30,239,753
1891—January	275,973	655	29,289,043	246,733	29,812,404
February	345,454	817	30,125,535	49,014	30,520,820
March	344,848	1,416	29,894,903	30,826	30,271,993
April	338,099	424	29,549,449	86,219	29,974,191
May	314,560	678	29,545,361	46,244	29,906,843
June	324,396	911	28,358,699	16,413	28,700,419
July	366,960	996	26,540,839	228,314	27,137,109

No. 26.—ASSETS OF THE TREASURY OTHER THAN GOLD, SILVER, NOTES, AND CERTIFICATES AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Minor coin.	Fractional currency.	Deposits in national banks.	Bonds and interest paid.	Total.
1891—August	$368,036	$1,628	$22,769,179	$54,309	$23,193,152
September	364,597	871	21,137,977	95,289	21,598,734
October	354,112	54	20,378,104	142,492	20,874,762
November	322,389	1,814	20,144,069	38,640	20,506,912
December	319,483	178	19,837,682	96,666	20,254,009
1892—January	365,784	1,365	18,944,387	716,456	20,027,992
February	432,488	592	18,239,292	262,533	18,934,905
March	457,539	1,251	17,500,750	827,192	18,786,732
April	480,226	1,425	17,378,363	3,616,043	21,476,057
May	474,732	1,481	17,605,429	265,584	18,347,226
June	460,993	500	16,851,886	23,210	17,336,589
July	516,617	757	16,243,518	133,263	16,894,155
August	554,019	1,110	15,742,324	59,833	16,357,286
September	505,633	101	15,496,513	273,591	16,275,838
October	482,329	69	15,862,415	91,723	16,436,536
November	347,196	134	15,569,690	118,098	16,035,118
December	355,503	117	15,692,654	13,646	16,061,920
1893—January	456,253	2,223	15,405,998	111,337	15,975,811
February	523,560	2,394	15,112,204	43,346	15,681,504
March	545,856	457	15,163,808	244,520	15,954,641
April	574,557	733	15,365,529	154,286	16,095,105
May	586,594	331	15,644,582	22,881	16,254,388
June	603,903	429	16,093,221	5,233,037	21,930,590
July	691,315	980	15,776,662	575,046	17,044,003
August	757,036	1,283	16,848,301	78,856	17,685,476
September	859,125	1,552	16,280,076	72,524	17,213,277
October	888,297	1,679	16,458,341	3,073,553	20,421,870
November	926,622	2,188	15,799,334	492,849	17,220,993
December	938,939	146	15,201,045	14,105	16,154,235
1894—January	1,106,695	667	15,390,396	190,596	16,688,354
February	1,225,408	886	14,926,460	168,075	16,320,829
March	1,266,659	117	15,064,697	207,511	16,538,984
April	1,252,878	184	15,201,386	386,271	16,840,719
May	1,251,629	203	15,484,095	203,395	16,939,322
June	1,262,122	65	16,121,589	11,488	17,395,264
July	1,363,124	27	15,913,725	189,280	17,466,156
August	1,423,439	57	15,724,648	182,753	17,330,897
September	1,389,490	34	14,859,909	116,164	16,365,597
October	1,250,729	49	14,915,705	239,765	16,406,248
November	1,169,875	49	15,398,598	160,952	16,729,474
December	1,103,443	753	15,081,275	12,248	16,197,719
1895—January	1,200,446	39	14,829,738	126,492	16,156,715
February	1,245,306	41	15,222,883	65,788	16,534,018
March	1,209,435	44	14,991,633	23,053	16,224,165
April	1,242,261	1,344	15,443,885	109,538	16,797,028
May	1,124,339	1,771	15,303,377	54,234	16,483,721
June	1,118,923	607	15,768,941	14,649	16,903,120
July	1,181,134	982	14,501,071	237,637	15,920,824
August	1,231,973	1,150	14,510,095	74,412	15,817,540
September	1,235,498	1,333	14,773,482	36,793	16,047,106
October	1,123,511	725	14,256,695	132,255	15,513,186
November	1,029,515	1,268	14,408,309	86,169	15,525,261
December	1,048,616	113	14,271,280	32,079	15,352,088
1896—January	1,081,129	642	14,803,804	273,750	16,159,325
February	1,162,765	979	24,394,557	66,329	25,624,630
March	1,147,719	1,248	27,010,994	40,388	28,200,349
April	1,184,625	1,712	26,698,591	107,005	27,991,933
May	1,181,593	162	20,952,972	143,139	22,277,866
June	1,235,506	137	16,857,355	21,938	18,114,936
July	1,159,562	1,110	15,986,914	115,599	17,263,185
August	1,203,848	21	16,619,915	168,493	17,992,277
September	1,219,592	36	16,583,237	368,380	18,171,245
October	1,214,914	844	16,119,097	304,507	17,639,362
November	1,130,896	980	15,832,895	173,102	17,137,873
December	1,105,465	1,224	16,159,153	20,803	17,286,645
1897—January	1,187,617	1,800	16,573,729	175,095	17,938,241
February	1,265,772	82	16,456,041	146,962	17,868,857
March	1,225,952	1,078	16,623,397	40,812	17,891,239
April	1,272,482	1,295	16,710,465	111,577	18,095,819
May	1,319,039	1,579	16,752,102	56,836	18,129,556
June	1,339,958	694	17,631,291	197,010	19,168,953
July	1,405,745	848	17,215,101	132,129	18,753,823
August	1,315,110	148	16,661,579	138,815	18,115,652
September	1,228,852	1,270	17,438,713	45,047	18,713,882

No. 27.—ASSETS OF THE TREASURY AT END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Gold.	Silver.	Notes.	Certificates.	Other.	Total.
1878—June	$128,460,203	$21,920,334	$84,810,044	$21,494,840	$57,004,760	$313,690,181
July	132,014,620	24,295,663	91,225,403	21,278,360	63,601,421	332,415,467
August	134,548,036	26,753,730	90,121,083	26,678,820	72,599,708	350,701,377
September	136,036,302	27,933,142	82,310,104	12,054,390	77,871,029	336,204,967
October	140,872,154	28,072,745	80,546,055	12,721,080	61,350,451	323,562,485
November	142,400,135	31,012,544	81,711,248	13,872,580	54,652,549	323,649,056
December	135,382,640	32,176,095	78,051,667	3,984,190	71,696,807	321,291,399
1879—January	133,756,907	34,365,795	83,398,902	3,469,860	177,274,484	432,265,948
February	133,265,559	35,621,661	91,403,198	11,801,540	256,467,745	528,559,703
March	133,416,126	36,675,340	81,372,221	4,705,570	230,605,004	486,774,261
April	134,520,140	37,265,549	78,207,019	2,981,480	264,442,687	517,416,875
May	136,680,260	38,667,290	92,212,228	3,111,400	287,600,153	558,271,331
June	135,236,475	42,143,318	82,678,605	3,636,350	206,449,599	470,144,347
July	135,517,483	46,995,791	70,979,911	2,648,480	99,675,688	355,817,353
August	141,546,390	50,819,800	75,736,261	3,056,960	38,475,525	309,634,936
September	169,606,995	52,931,683	52,494,556	5,087,830	19,220,702	299,341,766
October	171,517,714	53,615,845	41,180,735	7,059,879	14,333,305	287,707,478
November	160,443,437	55,594,783	33,181,731	6,041,928	13,018,537	268,280,416
December	157,790,322	56,542,114	25,903,202	6,054,618	20,020,178	266,310,434
1880—January	153,690,027	60,054,457	31,185,528	5,339,556	12,703,861	262,973,429
February	146,750,758	62,676,711	30,392,077	5,794,614	15,259,949	260,874,109
March	144,010,551	64,856,996	27,686,445	6,398,414	18,058,710	261,011,116
April	138,783,440	68,186,677	32,062,329	5,777,154	14,952,119	259,761,719
May	128,709,496	71,208,870	39,816,528	6,962,531	15,959,558	262,656,983
June	126,145,427	73,900,333	40,110,809	6,985,401	12,831,848	259,973,818
July	123,126,646	77,250,153	41,336,919	6,380,931	14,051,291	262,145,940
August	127,679,280	79,028,293	35,985,755	5,660,621	15,974,037	264,327,986
September	135,244,833	78,012,360	30,724,053	6,440,369	14,508,793	264,930,408
October	140,725,953	77,757,316	26,616,217	7,490,519	15,925,000	268,515,005
November	151,362,519	78,306,373	23,277,566	8,666,414	13,098,743	274,711,615
December	156,742,096	79,142,799	19,984,646	9,609,919	21,376,308	286,855,768
1881—January	154,544,209	82,430,214	25,524,026	10,035,663	12,616,655	285,150,767
February	173,038,253	84,108,826	26,351,496	11,493,543	18,532,553	313,524,671
March	173,668,163	85,477,820	25,660,042	11,115,985	16,059,974	311,981,984
April	170,319,754	88,402,022	28,915,345	11,563,608	13,662,245	312,862,974
May	163,770,159	90,817,423	34,706,491	12,025,030	16,736,231	318,055,334
June	163,171,661	93,102,368	35,500,474	12,354,201	19,924,242	324,052,946
July	154,911,475	94,504,067	35,157,618	11,397,788	19,857,904	315,828,852
August	169,495,522	95,724,014	33,594,410	11,695,232	13,102,988	323,612,166
September	174,361,345	95,037,966	31,681,532	11,779,330	16,305,128	329,165,301
October	172,989,829	95,985,641	31,021,316	7,527,600	14,221,197	321,745,583
November	178,225,304	97,024,414	30,957,333	7,153,180	14,987,022	328,347,303
December	172,617,468	99,161,408	31,670,491	6,409,910	21,875,695	331,734,972
1882—January	165,152,789	102,248,383	36,092,389	7,540,030	13,422,316	324,455,907
February	173,757,874	104,815,006	35,186,061	8,670,270	13,932,661	336,361,872
March	166,457,357	109,806,926	32,887,492	9,146,930	12,723,589	331,022,294
April	155,069,102	112,273,273	34,808,033	8,998,790	13,382,761	324,531,959
May	153,985,546	116,155,630	39,356,935	10,776,660	14,661,280	334,936,051
June	148,506,390	118,433,355	40,947,836	11,673,720	11,842,551	331,403,852
July	145,079,030	119,811,125	43,398,001	12,872,990	13,920,473	335,081,619
August	149,303,921	121,887,353	43,171,383	11,885,330	13,979,775	340,227,762
September	152,739,107	122,998,354	38,776,944	8,494,430	20,172,836	343,181,671
October	159,805,743	123,176,912	36,059,248	23,087,430	26,536,234	368,665,567
November	164,267,584	123,254,346	36,902,502	21,713,240	43,233,314	389,370,986
December	171,504,568	125,006,727	34,986,416	29,520,030	43,260,987	404,278,728
1883—January	173,317,835	128,428,172	44,078,528	29,473,950	32,845,467	408,143,952
February	177,661,631	131,742,834	39,506,344	37,774,820	15,511,578	402,197,207
March	184,752,714	135,291,766	34,077,696	38,640,550	18,511,785	411,274,511
April	187,837,442	137,913,727	37,312,638	41,877,680	15,655,301	420,596,788
May	193,310,043	141,359,391	41,833,396	32,189,940	15,436,253	424,129,023
June	198,078,568	144,882,236	44,715,901	38,882,415	15,205,995	441,765,115
July	202,774,035	145,601,832	45,975,646	38,951,170	15,130,922	448,433,605
August	204,172,975	146,834,468	43,811,568	45,812,020	14,123,297	454,754,328
September	206,130,543	146,445,444	43,212,130	43,123,580	13,576,392	452,488,089
October	209,429,940	147,685,239	43,541,217	45,572,520	12,860,399	459,089,315
November	216,133,328	149,362,859	46,945,118	40,941,910	14,431,615	467,814,830
December	219,014,739	151,207,884	48,600,069	40,707,670	14,253,448	473,783,810
1884—January	221,813,356	156,163,596	56,902,934	37,012,020	14,742,459	486,634,365
February	221,881,633	160,233,219	57,857,573	44,580,170	14,182,913	498,735,508
March	211,071,507	162,916,482	53,767,018	56,432,835	13,807,080	497,994,922
April	196,325,626	164,623,388	55,716,159	65,396,645	13,189,747	495,251,565
May	201,132,388	166,627,117	46,265,620	59,643,400	14,944,269	488,612,794
June	204,876,594	169,217,134	48,993,793	50,825,700	13,660,660	487,573,881
July	210,539,551	172,093,215	53,257,326	51,856,810	14,998,720	502,745,622
August	214,483,657	174,998,145	52,457,622	56,755,210	14,536,221	513,230,855
September	217,904,042	176,467,353	47,603,830	60,631,430	13,517,091	516,123,746
October	222,536,360	176,919,979	44,113,827	63,377,720	16,948,224	523,896,110
November	231,389,361	178,667,207	42,726,317	55,772,650	14,502,269	523,057,804
December	234,975,852	180,413,276	46,829,569	49,806,110	14,180,602	526,205,409

No. 27.—ASSETS OF THE TREASURY AT END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Gold.	Silver.	Notes.	Certificates.	Other.	Total.
1885—January	$237,167,975	$185,146,841	$57,839,117	$49,682,040	$14,754,442	$544,590,415
February	240,029,843	187,796,973	58,700,963	70,758,810	14,762,734	572,049,323
March	241,440,797	191,218,302	53,996,228	69,556,605	13,740,036	569,951,968
April	243,162,195	194,427,270	54,986,350	60,816,430	15,216,093	568,608,338
May	244,363,543	198,037,364	60,223,196	50,261,940	14,600,706	567,486,749
June	247,028,625	200,688,897	54,993,090	52,164,110	14,768,856	569,643,578
July	249,367,596	195,799,805	56,500,127	57,923,300	14,618,467	574,209,295
August	250,257,418	195,344,698	63,214,764	60,014,120	14,427,844	583,258,844
September	251,251,114	193,041,738	57,325,740	54,667,230	12,938,189	569,224,011
October	251,359,349	190,623,414	51,133,582	63,432,364	14,422,143	570,970,852
November	251,945,578	197,072,283	49,065,999	66,737,432	14,253,299	579,074,591
December	253,351,410	197,311,662	47,078,967	65,779,790	13,535,082	577,056,911
1886—January	251,371,561	201,756,162	57,841,446	58,299,476	14,790,083	584,058,728
February	249,801,088	203,229,912	55,158,626	68,893,670	15,475,373	592,558,669
March	242,155,168	205,794,727	45,606,688	80,048,502	14,424,370	588,029,455
April	240,580,533	207,349,507	41,434,776	83,762,930	15,836,506	588,964,252
May	236,424,734	209,112,084	45,206,248	82,731,686	15,752,158	589,226,910
June	232,838,124	213,250,446	45,152,733	83,241,320	18,652,806	593,135,429
July	233,651,522	213,894,619	44,836,551	80,457,218	16,375,469	589,215,379
August	235,430,636	212,995,389	49,653,167	75,775,472	15,860,469	589,715,133
September	242,609,018	211,920,732	46,328,845	63,360,310	14,803,209	579,022,114
October	246,832,148	213,039,516	41,300,051	54,460,760	16,725,325	572,357,800
November	254,450,853	214,811,388	39,095,221	48,886,979	18,861,896	576,106,337
December	268,128,019	218,906,550	32,691,661	35,024,236	24,368,553	579,119,019
1887—January	274,140,468	225,164,347	37,610,004	25,681,020	19,418,932	582,014,771
February	275,088,627	229,295,415	36,941,763	29,972,577	19,952,406	591,250,788
March	275,985,863	236,913,438	30,853,423	36,380,459	20,156,995	600,290,178
April	275,336,916	242,814,260	32,056,127	34,072,740	21,148,281	605,428,324
May	277,628,751	245,986,939	34,684,621	37,800,522	23,004,380	619,105,213
June	278,101,106	249,378,899	31,146,382	33,996,513	28,473,594	621,096,494
July	281,296,417	250,498,671	31,235,845	22,658,219	24,068,646	609,757,798
August	282,039,534	251,538,603	31,642,265	29,424,950	27,846,449	622,491,801
September	290,702,630	250,033,924	27,083,805	33,224,129	32,352,104	633,396,592
October	302,544,605	250,326,699	26,634,047	36,479,652	33,133,118	649,118,121
November	302,661,279	250,872,102	26,285,084	44,708,284	43,639,069	668,165,818
December	305,342,187	253,206,934	27,328,859	37,479,964	56,762,221	680,120,165
1888—January	307,809,155	259,157,899	36,442,672	35,878,727	59,763,008	699,051,461
February	309,567,827	263,608,078	39,837,564	48,568,637	61,747,047	723,329,153
March	310,772,202	267,628,530	38,409,410	49,671,889	61,483,814	727,965,845
April	312,801,287	271,844,064	44,988,808	39,269,609	62,218,761	731,122,529
May	309,882,859	275,823,883	52,861,011	54,502,533	60,266,996	753,337,282
June	313,753,617	280,550,982	59,452,425	51,490,176	60,276,461	765,523,661
July	326,551,392	282,899,281	63,249,574	53,695,974	60,075,280	786,471,501
August	331,133,430	284,579,365	64,105,550	52,210,118	59,312,237	791,340,700
September	332,551,306	284,176,063	59,382,270	35,916,285	59,363,740	771,389,664
October	331,688,233	284,627,323	52,561,274	33,958,116	56,541,669	759,376,615
November	328,603,362	286,511,764	49,944,412	46,426,417	52,532,150	764,018,105
December	324,773,667	288,927,564	45,193,906	40,556,269	52,755,501	752,206,907
1889—January	325,641,856	294,867,603	48,800,727	29,855,631	50,939,429	750,105,246
February	326,456,697	298,992,565	48,654,083	30,800,711	49,563,211	754,467,267
March	326,700,939	303,008,849	42,555,498	31,856,361	48,142,819	752,264,466
April	328,203,901	307,057,392	42,037,027	24,345,263	49,178,348	750,821,931
May	321,297,377	310,901,379	48,643,474	33,825,229	48,329,353	762,996,812
June	303,504,319	314,818,108	50,494,416	43,003,094	48,356,846	760,176,783
July	300,759,573	317,255,555	51,571,901	40,351,214	49,437,271	759,375,514
August	304,048,189	318,693,459	53,461,596	46,158,803	49,607,731	771,969,778
September	305,871,772	318,135,219	40,328,979	46,721,855	48,930,052	759,987,877
October	308,509,615	317,195,592	35,024,916	37,604,196	47,920,373	746,254,692
November	310,979,791	318,557,664	29,210,995	33,697,264	48,077,045	740,522,759
December	313,818,941	321,192,506	20,174,280	34,139,066	41,586,234	730,911,027
1890—January	316,043,454	327,293,628	25,408,984	23,796,988	38,509,953	731,053,007
February	318,593,752	331,491,103	24,163,179	32,536,212	34,033,710	740,817,956
March	320,225,794	335,560,614	18,516,853	29,012,101	32,312,879	735,628,241
April	320,878,411	338,851,390	19,946,947	28,720,805	32,776,502	741,174,055
May	321,333,253	341,845,904	24,037,094	32,749,143	31,468,070	751,433,464
June	321,612,424	346,714,586	27,985,957	30,942,668	31,916,024	759,171,659
July	316,536,823	348,737,694	28,749,771	31,059,378	32,798,090	757,881,756
August	310,220,120	350,762,543	26,690,038	38,367,591	35,137,010	761,177,302
September	306,086,471	350,544,535	18,348,301	18,091,144	34,772,735	727,843,186
October	294,489,603	351,825,627	18,407,550	38,945,887	33,309,599	736,978,266
November	293,755,880	355,046,114	16,561,808	46,052,095	29,937,697	741,353,594
December	293,020,214	359,721,626	15,548,935	32,961,005	30,239,753	731,491,533
1891—January	297,567,546	367,998,246	28,377,953	23,250,838	29,812,404	747,006,987
February	296,831,953	374,064,649	27,926,224	28,761,985	30,520,820	758,105,631
March	292,435,219	381,040,794	19,237,282	28,337,707	30,271,993	751,322,995
April	280,633,040	386,757,349	23,263,104	30,888,617	29,974,191	751,516,301
May	255,331,503	392,240,441	32,116,827	42,097,585	29,906,843	751,693,199
June	238,518,122	399,361,974	38,387,170	40,382,067	28,700,419	745,349,752
July	236,328,413	404,422,655	44,023,356	42,383,165	27,137,109	754,794,698

No. 27.—ASSETS OF THE TREASURY AT END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Gold.	Silver.	Notes.	Certificates.	Other.	Total.
1891—August	$240,744,488	$407,844,023	$49,744,517	$45,076,168	$23,193,152	$766,602,348
September	244,974,791	409,161,326	32,690,797	33,242,562	21,598,734	741,668,210
October	263,774,741	410,116,968	22,117,608	23,646,179	20,874,762	740,530,258
November	271,843,193	412,898,341	20,134,827	22,973,478	20,506,912	748,356,751
December	278,846,750	416,976,342	19,595,862	21,627,470	20,254,009	757,300,433
1892—January	282,753,864	424,088,598	28,127,273	23,793,146	20,027,992	778,790,873
February	282,123,392	429,109,509	38,859,414	21,520,297	18,934,905	790,547,517
March	280,144,269	434,531,000	38,657,338	28,643,473	18,786,732	800,762,812
April	273,623,456	439,013,987	38,031,561	25,480,286	21,476,057	797,625,347
May	271,527,092	443,429,508	43,622,412	18,374,357	18,347,226	795,300,595
June	255,577,706	448,083,116	43,903,483	20,587,091	17,336,589	785,487,985
July	247,306,220	452,017,530	44,570,385	23,190,981	16,894,155	783,979,271
August	242,543,695	454,403,173	41,024,458	27,186,369	16,357,286	781,514,981
September	240,605,908	454,725,784	37,261,995	28,935,067	16,275,838	777,804,592
October	244,261,469	455,612,113	23,852,601	26,039,762	16,436,536	766,202,481
November	247,598,466	458,496,139	20,655,779	22,689,301	16,035,118	765,474,803
December	238,359,802	462,369,518	24,496,502	28,493,243	16,061,920	769,780,985
1893—January	228,827,532	468,040,081	38,774,191	21,263,614	15,975,811	772,881,229
February	217,672,948	472,420,542	43,504,642	15,042,632	15,681,504	764,322,268
March	218,378,233	477,364,392	40,248,180	10,822,981	15,954,641	762,768,427
April	202,283,359	481,788,691	42,249,873	14,127,088	16,095,105	756,544,116
May	196,518,610	486,962,566	43,586,839	10,800,582	16,254,388	754,122,985
June	188,455,433	492,332,471	36,316,599	5,969,509	21,930,590	745,004,602
July	186,813,962	494,942,945	30,418,972	3,421,824	17,044,003	732,641,706
August	176,423,172	492,579,409	22,662,292	3,507,538	17,085,476	712,857,887
September	173,209,771	498,239,085	24,762,432	6,123,590	17,213,277	719,548,155
October	163,274,172	499,535,480	38,272,360	7,943,132	20,421,870	729,447,014
November	161,122,128	499,587,603	50,904,114	5,985,597	17,220,993	734,820,435
December	158,303,779	500,310,529	57,691,714	5,154,444	16,154,235	737,614,701
1894—January	142,665,594	506,745,075	64,144,583	6,876,546	16,688,354	737,120,152
February	177,462,797	508,570,076	77,673,385	7,048,747	16,320,829	787,075,834
March	176,456,045	510,101,209	78,431,931	9,252,550	16,538,984	790,780,719
April	170,192,458	511,408,465	82,774,725	9,610,294	16,840,719	790,826,661
May	148,067,816	512,194,954	96,216,977	9,864,195	16,939,322	783,283,264
June	131,217,434	513,298,709	102,229,946	10,397,613	17,395,264	774,538,966
July	120,922,836	513,880,682	109,540,855	12,391,236	17,466,156	774,201,765
August	120,885,869	513,167,330	116,072,004	14,247,257	17,330,897	781,703,357
September	123,665,756	509,814,353	114,529,176	9,761,045	16,365,597	774,135,927
October	125,613,896	506,018,714	99,601,671	6,905,483	16,406,248	754,546,012
November	164,350,468	504,802,458	100,343,974	6,913,790	16,729,474	793,140,164
December	139,606,354	504,035,456	115,049,080	7,865,680	16,197,719	782,754,289
1895—January	97,353,776	507,087,384	129,586,164	11,286,292	16,156,715	761,470,331
February	138,593,280	508,859,908	126,302,508	7,801,189	16,534,018	798,090,903
March	139,486,496	510,259,880	123,067,639	8,199,408	16,224,165	797,237,588
April	139,998,154	510,813,574	111,990,707	7,842,873	16,797,028	787,442,336
May	147,690,978	511,582,651	114,731,683	6,984,723	16,483,721	797,473,756
June	155,893,932	512,338,751	116,324,741	9,601,142	16,903,120	811,061,686
July	155,354,066	512,746,150	112,460,076	10,916,716	15,920,824	807,397,832
August	149,410,926	511,447,345	141,803,472	8,481,063	15,817,540	826,960,346
September	143,557,513	507,677,525	148,966,229	11,641,037	16,047,106	827,889,410
October	143,360,839	503,083,139	140,783,949	9,396,498	15,513,186	812,137,611
November	129,567,945	502,164,742	142,483,223	11,379,521	15,525,261	801,120,692
December	113,198,707	501,460,555	144,932,791	12,634,306	15,352,088	787,578,447
1896—January	99,693,357	505,421,819	138,447,921	14,831,305	16,159,325	774,553,727
February	167,695,999	507,265,460	145,497,711	12,728,031	25,624,630	858,811,831
March	171,885,710	508,930,744	153,855,846	12,096,298	28,200,349	874,968,947
April	168,446,459	510,586,117	149,067,048	12,708,001	27,991,933	868,799,558
May	151,307,143	512,199,837	164,425,420	11,556,704	22,277,866	861,766,970
June	144,020,364	513,398,714	166,364,197	12,007,425	18,114,936	853,905,636
July	150,012,225	514,610,147	155,598,648	14,379,543	17,263,185	851,863,748
August	139,825,200	513,647,701	164,010,408	13,913,160	17,992,277	849,388,746
September	162,771,311	510,644,845	146,008,443	12,046,930	18,171,245	849,642,774
October	155,323,833	509,058,742	141,982,074	12,672,212	17,639,362	836,676,223
November	169,527,102	509,680,450	126,568,383	13,047,773	17,137,873	835,961,581
December	175,203,983	509,615,585	135,237,287	16,120,054	17,286,645	853,463,554
1897—January	182,387,122	513,736,349	131,188,067	13,304,131	17,938,241	858,553,910
February	186,206,028	515,659,266	132,956,043	11,647,973	17,868,857	864,338,167
March	189,242,803	517,048,212	136,428,804	14,628,701	17,891,239	875,239,759
April	190,762,889	518,496,110	132,061,583	17,330,255	18,095,819	876,746,656
May	181,707,391	519,764,958	134,082,885	13,812,036	18,129,556	867,496,826
June	178,076,657	520,793,925	134,090,440	19,259,386	19,168,953	871,389,359
July	178,044,578	521,734,140	132,330,248	17,099,144	18,753,823	867,961,933
August	181,234,165	519,368,486	126,293,517	13,133,547	18,115,652	858,145,367
September	184,561,664	513,481,747	120,218,524	13,392,815	18,713,882	850,368,632

No. 28.—LIABILITIES OF THE TREASURY AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Certificates and notes.	Agency account.	Balance.	Total.
1878—June	$92,644,600	$32,537,659	$188,507,922	$313,690,181
July	97,211,030	35,053,964	200,150,473	332,415,467
August	93,425,280	34,936,877	222,339,220	350,701,377
September	75,744,670	37,045,389	223,414,908	336,204,967
October	71,356,350	33,877,270	218,328,865	323,562,485
November	73,426,420	34,889,164	215,333,472	323,649,056
December	58,776,830	34,774,275	227,740,294	321,291,399
1879—January	61,397,880	34,418,207	336,449,861	432,265,948
February	65,187,680	34,410,563	428,961,460	528,559,703
March	46,356,230	35,006,461	405,411,570	486,774,261
April	49,794,620	34,875,422	432,746,833	517,416,875
May	44,815,660	37,792,575	475,663,096	558,271,331
June	48,685,650	41,915,778	379,542,919	470,144,347
July	58,866,550	51,342,784	245,608,019	355,817,353
August	53,745,550	43,853,454	212,035,932	309,634,936
September	50,347,750	46,036,441	202,957,575	299,341,766
October	43,236,850	41,058,916	203,411,712	287,707,478
November	34,717,110	40,415,539	193,147,767	268,280,416
December	31,565,010	42,448,298	192,297,126	266,310,434
1880—January	32,364,010	40,605,647	190,003,772	262,973,429
February	31,217,520	40,696,000	188,960,589	260,874,109
March	28,979,420	38,946,889	193,084,807	261,011,116
April	29,434,320	38,537,726	191,789,673	259,761,719
May	33,674,370	34,983,917	193,998,696	262,656,983
June	34,973,870	36,329,064	188,670,884	259,973,818
July	36,238,890	39,716,721	186,190,329	262,145,940
August	32,145,940	42,568,448	189,613,598	264,327,986
September	36,008,660	42,119,557	186,802,191	264,930,408
October	43,343,460	44,129,108	181,042,437	268,515,005
November	51,002,780	42,787,264	180,921,571	274,711,615
December	59,246,010	43,255,230	184,354,528	286,855,768
1881—January	61,971,700	42,330,764	180,848,303	285,150,767
February	62,390,740	43,034,629	208,099,302	313,524,671
March	63,155,700	43,034,510	205,791,774	311,981,984
April	64,937,740	43,303,030	204,622,204	312,862,974
May	67,545,850	46,365,157	204,144,327	318,055,334
June	68,874,450	41,542,673	213,635,823	324,052,946
July	68,473,800	45,810,619	201,544,433	315,828,852
August	72,604,230	51,107,790	199,900,146	323,612,166
September	77,713,830	46,931,191	204,520,280	329,165,301
October	79,845,590	50,011,857	191,888,136	321,745,583
November	80,916,750	53,623,934	193,806,619	328,347,303
December	83,453,350	48,667,189	199,614,433	331,734,972
1882—January	85,587,790	48,334,870	190,533,247	324,455,907
February	85,412,600	53,782,938	197,166,334	336,361,872
March	84,662,290	48,222,573	198,137,431	331,022,294
April	83,968,480	46,512,999	194,050,480	324,531,959
May	85,121,640	57,952,635	191,861,776	334,936,051
June	84,453,830	51,057,603	195,892,419	331,403,852
July	84,867,150	56,021,499	194,192,970	335,081,619
August	86,432,250	58,325,898	195,469,614	340,227,762
September	87,146,650	57,493,848	198,541,173	343,181,671
October	109,913,150	55,110,116	203,642,301	368,665,567
November	118,349,200	63,512,033	207,509,753	389,370,986
December	147,053,500	52,255,919	204,969,309	404,278,728
1883—January	158,012,410	50,086,022	200,045,520	408,143,952
February	159,486,710	56,492,109	186,218,388	402,197,207
March	162,310,051	57,410,902	191,553,558	411,274,511
April	172,209,951	62,831,269	185,555,568	420,596,788
May	175,299,271	68,300,515	180,529,237	424,129,023
June	184,370,471	60,217,302	197,177,342	441,765,115
July	185,633,451	61,677,155	201,122,999	448,433,605
August	187,789,721	67,874,440	199,090,167	454,754,328
September	188,930,481	60,382,196	203,175,412	452,488,089
October	195,528,081	59,069,594	204,491,640	459,089,315
November	202,180,731	67,511,694	198,122,405	467,814,830
December	215,490,531	59,595,038	198,698,241	473,783,810
1884—January	228,267,671	54,182,494	204,184,200	486,634,365
February	236,796,321	62,836,975	199,102,212	498,735,508
March	236,119,561	55,364,898	206,510,463	497,994,922
April	232,515,431	56,648,635	206,087,499	495,251,565
May	227,162,351	60,465,119	200,985,324	488,612,794
June	230,589,351	56,219,832	200,764,698	487,573,881
July	251,651,661	57,982,813	193,111,148	502,745,622
August	257,271,841	60,301,944	195,657,070	513,230,855
September	260,142,341	51,734,143	204,247,262	516,123,746
October	269,754,851	50,604,070	203,537,189	523,896,110
November	276,710,471	51,722,878	194,624,455	523,057,804
December	282,719,441	51,287,753	192,198,215	526,205,409

No. 28.—LIABILITIES OF THE TREASURY AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Certificates and notes.	Agency account.	Balance.	Total.
1885—January	$305,606,231	$44,429,907	$194,554,277	$544,590,415
February	325,110,051	47,195,100	199,744,172	572,049,323
March	323,914,371	46,651,453	199,386,144	569,951,968
April	320,895,176	47,176,959	200,536,203	568,608,338
May	310,825,136	50,948,612	205,713,001	567,486,749
June	310,009,786	42,434,817	217,198,975	569,643,578
July	311,504,406	47,354,154	215,350,735	574,209,295
August	310,843,906	52,767,961	219,646,977	583,258,844
September	289,646,736	46,370,553	233,206,722	569,224,011
October	283,744,896	43,660,215	243,565,741	570,970,852
November	282,549,166	50,755,985	245,769,440	579,074,591
December	278,108,856	41,060,240	257,887,815	577,056,911
1886—January	277,936,036	40,904,725	265,217,967	584,058,728
February	277,841,536	48,802,890	265,914,243	592,558,669
March	272,871,566	39,392,480	275,765,409	588,029,455
April	270,726,296	39,888,649	278,349,307	588,964,252
May	265,990,840	41,324,214	281,911,856	589,226,910
June	265,651,920	39,969,550	287,513,959	593,135,429
July	261,844,779	43,977,454	283,393,146	589,215,379
August	253,690,579	54,510,525	281,514,029	589,715,133
September	251,144,229	48,033,854	279,844,031	579,022,114
October	250,202,529	43,184,403	278,970,868	572,357,800
November	251,952,429	49,971,280	274,182,628	576,106,337
December	255,996,511	43,600,946	279,521,562	579,119,019
1887—January	258,381,841	42,048,255	281,584,675	582,014,771
February	259,241,697	52,229,668	279,779,423	591,250,788
March	269,491,963	47,919,666	282,878,549	600,290,178
April	274,507,655	44,802,138	286,028,531	805,428,324
May	276,894,827	51,066,062	291,144,324	619,105,213
June	276,109,967	40,669,659	304,316,868	621,096,494
July	270,274,447	47,497,241	291,986,110	609,757,798
August	273,196,675	58,548,564	290,746,562	622,491,801
September	292,098,638	52,234,292	289,063,662	633,396,592
October	304,093,382	48,953,361	296,071,378	649,118,121
November	310,473,311	62,165,058	295,527,449	668,165,818
December	318,054,444	49,959,839	312,105,882	680,120,165
1888—January	330,698,751	46,767,018	321,585,692	699,051,461
February	340,934,209	52,799,621	329,595,323	723,329,153
March	342,067,283	44,730,923	341,167,639	727,965,845
April	343,812,834	45,901,287	341,408,408	731,122,529
May	372,959,668	52,530,640	327,846,974	753,337,282
June	386,179,922	43,716,727	335,627,012	765,523,661
July	404,540,765	50,318,268	331,612,468	786,471,501
August	401,264,478	56,547,688	333,528,534	791,340,700
September	402,046,076	47,705,644	321,637,944	771,389,664
October	415,934,926	48,053,268	295,388,421	759,376,615
November	424,466,434	64,803,462	274,748,209	764,018,105
December	417,914,716	50,336,356	283,955,835	752,206,907
1889—January	420,094,661	48,214,778	281,795,807	750,105,246
February	423,560,381	64,502,445	266,404,441	754,467,267
March	426,396,557	52,187,930	273,679,979	752,264,466
April	430,479,255	48,317,637	272,025,039	750,821,931
May	434,557,701	53,329,501	275,109,610	762,996,812
June	433,633,298	39,012,475	287,531,010	760,176,783
July	436,024,748	49,350,078	274,000,688	759,375,514
August	454,677,948	65,518,460	251,773,370	771,969,778
September	455,291,919	50,489,731	254,206,227	759,987,877
October	448,371,369	49,370,888	248,512,455	746,254,692
November	444,114,769	53,774,585	242,633,405	740,522,759
December	449,074,028	48,312,896	233,524,103	730,911,027
1890—January	455,415,928	46,802,039	228,835,040	731,053,007
February	457,547,278	53,961,477	229,309,201	740,817,956
March	462,215,742	44,722,623	228,689,876	735,628,241
April	465,081,992	48,878,308	227,213,755	741,174,055
May	468,048,625	55,048,394	228,336,445	751,433,464
June	471,362,730	42,196,465	245,612,464	759,171,659
July	474,073,040	49,738,798	234,069,918	757,881,756
August	478,650,340	66,619,851	215,907,111	761,177,302
September	500,576,090	48,146,749	179,120,347	727,843,186
October	506,185,043	55,661,784	175,131,439	736,978,266
November	511,473,893	65,493,407	164,386,294	741,353,594
December	516,198,247	52,050,877	163,242,409	731,491,533
1891—January	523,098,373	48,924,676	174,983,938	747,006,987
February	525,124,073	64,585,569	168,395,989	758,105,631
March	530,525,511	56,881,629	163,915,855	751,322,995
April	538,444,056	51,353,442	161,718,803	751,516,301
May	538,190,640	54,615,831	158,886,719	751,693,199
June	540,190,031	51,265,912	153,893,809	745,349,752
July	547,648,703	51,362,278	155,783,717	754,794,698

No. 28.—LIABILITIES OF THE TREASURY AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Certificates and notes.	Agency account.	Balance.	Total.
1891—August	$559,078,603	$47,249,350	$160,274,395	$766,602,348
September	549,806,748	46,873,493	144,987,969	741,668,210
October	560,379,410	40,478,929	139,671,919	740,530,258
November	569,221,709	40,008,123	139,126,919	748,356,751
December	577,143,259	45,583,045	134,574,129	757,300,433
1892—January	605,423,412	41,999,000	131,368,461	778,790,873
February	621,248,974	37,136,339	132,162,204	790,547,517
March	628,098,049	39,765,879	132,898,884	800,762,812
April	629,922,571	36,184,614	131,518,162	797,625,347
May	634,081,717	35,212,991	126,005,887	795,300,595
June	620,245,304	38,550,304	126,692,377	785,487,985
July	619,675,803	37,253,182	127,050,286	783,979,271
August	615,455,530	36,907,108	129,152,343	781,514,981
September	606,769,628	39,139,046	131,895,918	777,804,592
October	598,008,876	37,182,203	131,011,402	766,202,481
November	598,369,656	36,776,228	130,328,919	765,474,803
December	599,467,016	41,221,379	129,092,590	769,780,985
1893—January	607,498,582	40,117,580	125,265,067	772,881,229
February	601,828,346	38,365,833	124,128,089	764,322,268
March	597,428,091	39,709,608	125,630,728	762,768,427
April	596,016,621	39,044,592	121,482,903	756,544,116
May	594,531,017	38,026,813	121,565,155	754,122,985
June	584,553,920	37,988,392	122,462,290	745,004,602
July	577,362,591	37,391,549	117,887,566	732,641,706
August	565,614,881	39,959,096	107,283,910	712,857,887
September	570,225,363	42,447,160	106,875,632	719,548,155
October	587,609,861	39,542,862	102,294,291	729,447,014
November	590,229,302	40,391,517	95,199,616	734,820,435
December	604,317,424	42,921,722	90,375,555	737,614,701
1894—January	612,059,181	40,978,873	84,082,098	737,120,152
February	609,909,907	38,503,563	138,662,364	787,075,834
March	614,627,040	42,203,653	133,950,026	790,780,719
April	619,989,795	45,739,079	125,097,787	790,826,661
May	621,128,445	44,300,484	117,854,335	783,283,264
June	615,355,820	41,598,709	117,584,437	774,538,966
July	616,972,329	38,164,085	119,065,351	774,201,765
August	615,350,572	39,204,689	127,148,096	781,703,357
September	612,436,470	41,779,739	119,919,718	774,135,927
October	607,486,421	39,719,445	107,340,146	754,546,012
November	606,270,843	42,361,715	144,507,606	793,140,164
December	590,134,104	39,282,606	153,337,579	782,754,289
1895—January	578,777,914	38,089,115	144,603,302	761,470,331
February	572,755,530	47,137,786	178,197,587	798,090,903
March	567,944,442	41,375,886	187,917,260	797,237,588
April	566,688,624	39,935,796	180,817,916	787,442,336
May	573,366,743	38,736,912	185,370,101	797,473,756
June	579,207,863	36,613,670	195,240,153	811,061,686
July	581,799,693	38,448,607	187,149,532	807,397,832
August	602,384,693	40,536,496	184,039,157	826,960,346
September	600,227,693	42,256,352	185,405,365	827,889,410
October	591,102,673	41,086,939	179,947,999	812,137,611
November	582,987,673	40,726,633	177,406,386	801,120,692
December	568,023,673	41,527,574	178,027,200	787,578,447
1896—January	562,542,773	40,419,174	171,591,780	774,553,727
February	558,551,273	37,553,551	262,707,007	858,811,831
March	562,909,253	40,417,946	271,641,748	874,968,947
April	560,594,253	38,114,643	270,090,662	868,799,558
May	555,646,973	38,926,787	267,193,210	861,766,970
June	547,110,973	39,362,566	267,432,097	853,905,636
July	555,212,973	40,492,302	256,158,473	851,863,748
August	563,656,973	42,385,372	243,346,401	849,388,746
September	564,524,323	43,963,994	241,154,457	849,642,774
October	564,340,923	38,762,537	233,572,763	836,676,223
November	567,523,923	43,080,558	225,357,100	835,961,581
December	580,809,573	44,333,599	228,320,382	853,463,554
1897—January	595,975,573	47,215,916	215,362,421	858,553,910
February	606,977,573	44,523,338	212,837,256	864,338,167
March	607,702,473	45,491,680	222,045,606	875,239,759
April	605,107,473	43,548,665	228,090,518	876,746,656
May	595,535,953	41,847,060	230,113,813	867,496,826
June	590,878,953	40,372,779	240,137,627	871,389,359
July	588,513,953	46,431,522	233,016,458	867,961,933
August	593,961,953	45,622,207	218,561,207	858,145,367
September	589,070,953	46,104,891	215,192,788	850,368,632

No. 29.—GOLD COIN AND BULLION IN THE TREASURY, AND GOLD CERTIFICATES IN THE TREASURY AND IN CIRCULATION, AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Gold in Treasury.	Certificates in Treasury.	Certificates in circulation.	Net gold in Treasury.
1878—June	$128,460,203	$19,460,320	$24,897,680	$103,562,523
July	132,014,620	18,170,420	23,852,980	108,161,640
August	134,548,036	20,794,220	17,222,180	117,325,856
September	136,036,302	9,392,920	23,433,680	112,602,622
October	140,872,154	9,901,520	22,906,480	117,965,674
November	142,400,135	9,845,120	24,117,780	118,282,355
December	135,382,640	391,420	21,189,280	114,193,360
1879—January	133,756,907	544,020	17,082,680	116,674,227
February	133,265,559	400,220	16,379,280	116,886,279
March	133,416,126	50,740	16,253,960	117,162,166
April	134,520,140	62,140	15,710,460	118,809,680
May	136,680,260	33,580	15,380,120	121,300,140
June	135,236,475	133,880	15,279,820	119,956,655
July	135,517,483	43,800	15,196,900	120,320,583
August	141,546,390	120,000	15,008,700	126,537,690
September	169,606,995	67,700	14,843,200	154,763,795
October	171,517,714	213,400	14,377,600	157,140,114
November	160,443,437	183,740	13,195,460	147,247,977
December	157,790,322	749,860	11,596,140	146,194,182
1880—January	153,690,027	61,100	10,350,000	143,340,027
February	146,750,758	327,300	9,755,300	136,995,458
March	144,010,551	611,500	8,244,000	135,766,551
April	138,783,440	173,800	8,056,800	130,726,640
May	128,709,496	39,800	8,010,300	120,699,196
June	126,145,427	40,700	7,963,900	118,181,527
July	123,126,646	32,600	7,852,060	115,274,646
August	127,679,280	36,800	7,661,100	120,018,180
September	135,244,833	31,600	7,480,100	127,764,733
October	140,725,953	6,800	7,447,700	133,278,253
November	151,362,519	19,120	7,381,380	143,981,139
December	156,742,096	130,500	6,528,380	150,213,716
1881—January	154,544,209	50,080	6,491,400	148,052,809
February	173,038,253	312,080	6,229,400	166,808,853
March	173,668,163	142,900	6,028,900	167,639,263
April	170,319,754	1,400	5,961,200	164,358,554
May	163,770,159	36,320	5,876,280	157,893,879
June	163,171,661	23,400	5,759,520	157,412,141
July	154,911,475	1,700	5,748,120	149,163,355
August	169,495,522	3,800	5,397,120	164,098,402
September	174,361,345	9,600	5,239,320	169,122,025
October	172,989,829	3,700	5,204,220	167,785,609
November	178,225,304	8,300	5,199,620	173,025,684
December	172,617,468	.....	5,188,120	167,429,348
1882—January	165,152,789	7,900	5,180,220	159,972,569
February	173,757,874	15,800	5,172,320	168,585,554
March	166,457,357	.....	5,166,920	161,290,437
April	155,069,102	1,000	5,071,120	149,997,982
May	153,985,546	2,500	5,052,920	148,932,626
June	148,506,390	8,100	5,029,020	143,477,370
July	145,079,030	1,500	5,016,440	140,062,590
August	149,303,921	.....	4,992,040	144,311,881
September	152,739,107	.....	4,907,440	147,831,667
October	159,805,743	14,990,170	11,370,270	148,435,473
November	164,267,584	15,950,270	19,458,270	144,809,314
December	171,504,568	25,105,030	39,514,810	131,989,758
1883—January	173,317,835	25,107,300	47,669,640	125,648,195
February	177,661,631	32,296,270	42,554,470	135,107,161
March	184,752,714	31,525,210	43,444,510	141,308,204
April	187,837,442	32,935,420	48,398,200	139,439,242
May	193,310,043	23,869,000	59,591,940	133,718,103
June	198,078,568	22,571,270	59,807,370	138,271,198
July	202,774,035	23,383,440	60,068,600	142,705,435
August	204,172,975	28,445,200	54,547,540	149,625,435
September	206,130,543	27,480,300	55,014,940	151,115,603
October	209,429,940	31,252,760	52,076,180	157,353,760
November	216,133,328	27,035,300	58,897,620	157,235,708
December	219,014,739	27,446,780	63,585,140	155,429,599
1884—January	221,813,356	23,788,000	77,462,620	144,350,736
February	221,881,633	30,600,070	77,843,430	144,038,203
March	211,071,507	35,424,250	68,812,150	142,259,357
April	196,325,626	44,415,395	56,700,805	139,624,821
May	201,132,388	39,686,780	59,125,480	142,006,908
June	204,876,594	27,246,020	71,146,640	133,729,954
July	210,539,551	26,525,830	91,491,490	119,048,061
August	214,483,657	29,701,980	92,017,940	122,465,717
September	217,904,042	33,546,960	87,389,660	130,514,382
October	222,536,360	32,477,750	87,865,570	134,670,790
November	231,389,361	26,701,060	93,374,290	138,015,071
December	234,975,852	26,343,730	93,287,420	141,688,432

No. 29.—GOLD COIN AND BULLION IN THE TREASURY, AND GOLD CERTIFICATES IN THE TREASURY AND IN CIRCULATION, AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Gold in Treasury.	Certificates in Treasury.	Certificates in circulation.	Net gold in Treasury.
1885—January	$237,167,975	$22,299,150	$111,980,380	$125,187,595
February	240,029,843	40,426,930	112,683,290	127,346,553
March	241,440,797	37,689,990	115,647,540	125,793,257
April	243,162,195	28,625,290	125,234,800	117,927,395
May	244,363,543	14,371,350	128,553,010	115,810,533
June	247,028,625	13,593,410	126,729,730	120,298,895
July	249,367,596	17,322,320	123,289,000	126,078,596
August	250,257,418	16,606,230	123,885,490	126,371,928
September	251,251,114	22,249,240	118,137,790	133,113,324
October	251,359,349	31,115,850	109,020,760	142,338,589
November	251,945,578	34,492,968	105,554,092	146,391,486
December	253,351,410	34,350,479	105,359,601	147,991,809
1886—January	251,371,561	24,060,709	115,284,951	136,086,610
February	249,801,088	33,671,010	105,637,050	144,164,038
March	242,155,168	46,797,927	90,775,643	151,379,525
April	240,580,533	52,396,875	84,715,225	155,865,308
May	236,424,734	51,735,670	80,120,025	156,304,709
June	232,838,124	55,129,870	76,044,375	156,793,749
July	233,651,522	52,258,360	74,718,517	158,933,005
August	235,430,636	48,693,980	77,698,347	157,732,289
September	242,609,018	40,654,320	84,691,807	157,917,211
October	246,832,148	36,878,458	88,294,969	158,537,179
November	254,450,853	34,469,694	90,520,633	163,930,220
December	268,128,019	27,485,804	97,215,605	170,912,414
1887—January	274,140,468	18,843,632	105,665,107	168,475,361
February	275,088,627	24,256,230	99,958,365	175,130,262
March	275,985,863	29,757,610	94,046,015	181,939,848
April	275,336,916	28,905,040	94,434,485	180,902,431
May	277,628,751	32,101,358	90,960,977	186,667,774
June	278,101,106	30,261,380	91,225,437	186,875,669
July	281,296,417	18,098,560	94,990,087	186,306,330
August	282,039,534	23,008,207	88,765,340	193,274,194
September	290,702,630	29,154,288	97,984,683	192,717,947
October	302,544,605	32,858,158	99,684,773	202,859,832
November	302,661,279	39,974,838	90,780,753	211,880,526
December	305,342,187	31,010,394	96,734,057	208,608,130
1888—January	307,809,155	20,668,210	104,853,971	202,955,184
February	309,567,827	26,962,168	96,697,913	212,869,914
March	310,772,202	29,651,464	91,953,949	218,818,253
April	312,801,287	20,853,500	99,561,293	213,239,994
May	309,882,859	33,574,110	109,581,730	200,301,129
June	313,753,617	22,135,780	119,887,370	193,866,247
July	326,551,392	30,234,688	131,959,112	194,592,280
August	331,133,430	36,591,356	124,750,394	206,383,036
September	332,551,306	25,516,410	134,838,190	197,713,116
October	331,688,233	26,163,492	140,613,658	191,074,575
November	328,603,362	37,441,932	129,264,228	199,339,134
December	324,773,667	36,127,702	120,888,448	203,885,219
1889—January	325,641,856	25,043,518	130,986,592	194,655,264
February	326,456,697	24,802,813	130,210,717	196,245,980
March	326,700,939	26,586,125	128,826,517	197,874,422
April	328,203,901	20,783,433	136,614,789	191,589,112
May	321,297,377	27,350,140	129,044,662	192,252,715
June	303,504,319	37,235,793	116,792,759	186,711,560
July	300,759,573	34,669,943	118,541,409	182,218,164
August	304,048,189	39,557,233	123,393,519	180,654,670
September	305,871,772	42,073,803	116,675,349	189,196,423
October	308,509,615	34,925,823	120,937,229	187,572,386
November	310,979,791	30,668,090	123,483,119	187,496,672
December	313,818,941	31,316,100	122,985,889	190,833,052
1890—January	316,043,454	20,452,870	138,657,169	177,386,285
February	318,593,752	28,222,835	130,604,804	187,988,948
March	320,225,794	24,614,210	134,938,079	185,287,715
April	320,878,411	24,142,200	134,642,839	186,235,572
May	321,333,253	27,473,120	130,788,399	190,544,854
June	321,612,424	26,162,960	131,380,019	190,232,405
July	316,536,823	27,577,120	132,444,749	184,092,074
August	310,220,120	33,005,730	124,382,539	185,837,581
September	306,086,471	16,053,780	158,104,739	147,981,732
October	294,489,603	36,482,690	138,173,979	156,315,624
November	293,755,880	43,755,570	131,316,499	162,439,381
December	293,020,214	31,384,690	144,047,279	148,972,935
1891—January	297,567,546	19,892,050	155,839,449	141,728,097
February	296,831,953	25,155,770	147,119,129	149,712,824
March	292,435,219	24,050,460	144,317,069	148,118,150
April	280,633,040	27,309,200	138,890,799	141,742,241
May	255,331,503	36,777,810	122,124,339	133,207,164
June	238,518,122	31,606,030	120,850,399	117,667,723
July	236,828,413	34,004,820	115,715,389	121,113,024

No. 29.—GOLD COIN AND BULLION IN THE TREASURY, AND GOLD CERTIFICATES IN THE TREASURY AND IN CIRCULATION, AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Gold in Treasury.	Certificates in Treasury.	Certificates in circulation.	Net gold in Treasury.
1891—August	$240,744,488	$37,721,280	$108,273,079	$132,471,409
September	244,974,791	28,332,490	112,451,569	132,523,222
October	263,774,741	20,790,420	136,100,319	127,674,422
November	271,843,193	19,202,170	142,649,969	129,193,224
December	278,846,750	17,472,720	148,106,119	130,740,631
1892—January	282,753,864	17,486,810	163,178,959	119,574,905
February	282,123,392	18,150,140	160,001,279	122,122,113
March	280,144,269	23,673,770	154,329,229	125,815,040
April	273,623,456	21,931,180	153,713,699	119,909,757
May	271,527,092	14,470,520	157,295,209	114,231,883
June	255,577,706	15,363,590	141,235,339	114,342,367
July	247,306,220	17,738,500	136,861,829	110,444,391
August	242,543,695	23,847,210	128,387,379	114,156,316
September	240,605,908	25,345,590	121,210,399	119,395,509
October	244,261,469	23,181,990	120,255,349	124,006,120
November	247,598,466	19,632,830	123,188,809	124,409,657
December	238,359,802	24,254,750	117,093,139	121,266,663
1893—January	228,827,532	15,729,770	120,645,819	108,181,713
February	217,672,948	7,782,260	114,388,729	103,284,219
March	218,378,233	5,135,430	111,486,009	106,892,224
April	202,283,359	8,888,310	105,272,029	97,011,330
May	196,518,610	3,324,670	101,469,969	95,048,641
June	188,455,433	1,071,170	92,970,019	95,485,414
July	186,813,962	93,710	87,611,029	99,202,933
August	176,423,172	565,370	80,414,049	96,009,123
September	173,209,771	129,220	79,627,599	93,582,172
October	163,274,172	115,860	78,889,309	84,384,863
November	161,122,128	149,090	78,163,079	82,959,049
December	158,303,779	75,590	77,412,179	80,891,600
1894—January	142,665,594	78,350	77,015,419	65,650,175
February	177,462,797	106,490	70,935,729	106,527,068
March	176,456,045	137,310	70,306,909	106,149,136
April	170,192,458	102,770	69,990,449	100,202,009
May	148,067,816	41,650	69,374,549	78,693,267
June	131,217,434	43,490	66,344,409	64,873,025
July	120,922,836	103,470	65,947,229	54,975,607
August	120,885,869	34,730	65,668,969	55,216,900
September	123,065,756	55,260	64,790,439	58,875,317
October	125,613,896	56,280	64,252,069	61,361,827
November	164,350,468	751,370	58,925,899	105,424,569
December	139,606,354	58,960	53,361,909	86,244,445
1895—January	97,353,776	337,060	52,647,809	44,705,967
February	138,593,280	80,100	51,507,769	87,085,511
March	139,486,496	84,660	48,843,189	90,643,307
April	139,998,154	63,640	48,751,009	91,247,145
May	147,690,978	102,390	48,539,569	99,151,409
June	155,893,932	88,390	48,381,569	107,512,363
July	155,354,066	219,330	48,117,579	107,236,487
August	149,410,926	209,820	49,081,089	100,329,837
September	143,557,513	103,370	50,645,539	92,911,974
October	143,360,839	168,230	50,417,659	92,943,180
November	129,567,945	107,910	50,233,979	79,333,966
December	113,198,707	163,450	49,936,439	63,262,268
1896—January	99,693,357	131,140	49,847,849	49,845,508
February	167,695,999	651,470	43,733,019	123,962,980
March	171,885,710	583,220	43,239,249	128,646,461
April	168,446,459	764,910	43,052,559	125,393,900
May	151,307,143	687,280	42,961,909	108,345,234
June	144,020,364	497,430	42,320,759	101,699,605
July	150,012,225	1,393,710	39,293,479	110,718,746
August	139,825,200	1,618,550	38,867,639	100,957,562
September	162,771,311	1,591,900	38,736,639	124,034,671
October	155,323,833	1,390,830	38,197,309	117,126,524
November	169,527,102	1,416,390	38,016,749	131,510,353
December	175,203,983	1,392,350	37,887,439	137,316,544
1897—January	182,387,122	1,460,160	37,586,629	144,800,493
February	186,206,028	1,501,970	37,544,819	148,661,209
March	189,242,803	1,483,350	37,456,339	151,786,464
April	190,762,889	1,517,690	37,421,999	153,340,890
May	181,707,391	1,455,340	37,387,829	144,319,562
June	178,076,657	1,496,250	37,285,919	140,790,738
July	178,044,578	1,473,290	37,226,879	140,817,699
August	181,234,165	1,509,380	37,017,789	144,216,376
September	184,561,664	1,535,610	36,898,559	147,663,105

No. 30.—STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS AND SILVER BULLION IN THE TREASURY, AND TREASURY NOTES AND SILVER CERTIFICATES IN THE TREASURY AND IN CIRCULATION, AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Dollars and bullion in Treasury.	Treasury notes in Treasury.	Certificates in Treasury.	Treasury notes in circulation.	Certificates in circulation.	Net dollars and bullion in Treasury.
1878—June	$15,059,828		$1,465,520		$7,080	$15,052,748
July	17,215,996		2,647,940		959,690	16,256,306
August	20,275,088		4,424,600		1,709,280	18,565,808
September	21,789,239		1,316,470		711,600	21,077,639
October	21,749,613		2,639,560		68,790	21,680,823
November	25,002,710		1,907,460		366,060	24,636,650
December	26,144,290		2,082,770		413,360	25,730,930
1879—January	28,222,346		2,170,840		400,340	27,822,006
February	29,343,170		1,976,320		331,860	29,011,310
March	30,247,155		2,074,830		251,700	29,995,455
April	30,643,609		1,779,340		197,680	30,445,929
May	31,853,701		1,922,820		444,140	31,409,561
June	33,239,917		2,052,470		414,480	32,825,437
July	34,264,025		2,014,680		771,170	33,492,855
August	35,583,076		1,976,960		1,304,890	34,278,186
September	36,117,374		3,045,130		1,176,720	34,940,654
October	35,859,858		4,531,479		1,604,371	34,255,487
November	37,162,305		5,173,188		1,894,722	35,267,583
December	37,660,485		4,888,658		3,824,252	33,836,233
1880—January	39,849,647		5,063,456		3,989,454	35,860,193
February	41,497,399		4,797,314		4,572,606	36,924,793
March	42,867,182		5,611,914		6,017,006	36,850,176
April	45,419,004		5,428,354		6,615,366	38,803,638
May	47,631,778		6,322,731		6,051,539	41,580,239
June	49,549,851		6,584,701		5,789,569	43,760,282
July	52,274,439		5,758,331		6,930,959	45,343,480
August	53,875,321		5,518,821		7,619,219	46,256,102
September	53,212,435		6,318,769		12,203,191	41,009,244
October	53,127,826		7,333,719		19,780,241	33,347,585
November	53,652,843		8,572,294		26,504,986	27,147,857
December	54,373,742		9,454,419		36,127,711	18,246,031
1881—January	56,939,299		9,985,583		36,814,637	20,124,662
February	58,295,768		10,856,463		37,027,797	21,267,971
March	59,193,928		10,733,085		39,445,815	19,748,113
April	61,908,409		11,522,208		39,157,932	22,750,477
May	63,975,466		11,988,710		38,784,540	25,190,926
June	65,854,671		12,055,801		39,110,729	26,743,942
July	67,208,580		11,181,088		40,802,892	26,405,688
August	68,681,207		11,516,432		46,061,878	22,619,329
September	68,724,852		11,559,730		52,590,180	16,134,672
October	70,000,953		7,488,900		58,838,770	11,162,183
November	71,106,162		7,089,880		59,573,950	11,532,212
December	73,197,767		6,359,910		62,315,320	10,882,447
1882—January	75,680,510		7,462,130		61,537,540	14,142,970
February	77,945,100		8,549,470		60,125,010	17,820,090
March	82,619,245		8,931,930		59,423,440	23,195,805
April	84,834,089		8,872,790		58,908,570	25,925,519
May	88,399,707		10,509,160		57,227,060	31,172,647
June	90,384,724		11,590,620		54,506,090	35,878,634
July	91,657,169		12,361,490		54,757,720	36,899,449
August	93,896,965		11,700,330		57,739,880	36,157,085
September	95,572,214		8,364,430		63,204,780	32,367,434
October	96,427,480		7,987,260		65,620,450	30,807,030
November	96,709,802		5,752,970		67,342,690	29,367,112
December	98,485,035		4,405,000		68,443,660	30,041,375
1883—January	101,292,927		4,306,650		68,438,820	32,854,107
February	104,235,558		5,268,550		68,027,420	36,208,138
March	107,425,772		6,865,340		70,759,991	36,665,781
April	109,845,098		8,887,260		71,884,071	37,961,027
May	113,056,195		8,305,840		71,727,391	41,328,804
June	116,396,235		15,996,145		72,620,686	43,775,549
July	117,543,690		15,542,730		73,728,681	43,815,009
August	119,014,756		17,276,820		75,375,161	43,639,595
September	119,695,283		15,568,280		78,921,961	40,773,322
October	120,972,815		14,244,760		85,334,381	35,638,434
November	122,393,245		13,806,610		87,976,201	34,417,044
December	123,983,758		13,180,890		96,717,721	27,266,037
1884—January	128,149,181		13,179,020		96,958,031	31,191,150
February	131,742,312		13,890,100		96,247,721	35,494,591
March	134,049,926		20,488,585		95,919,576	38,130,350
April	135,464,908		20,876,250		95,497,981	39,966,927
May	137,249,911		19,936,620		97,363,471	39,886,440
June	139,616,414		23,384,680		96,427,011	43,189,403
July	142,295,729		25,265,980		95,138,361	47,157,368
August	145,339,142		26,903,230		94,228,691	51,110,451
September	146,993,192		26,769,470		96,491,251	50,501,941
October	147,573,222		30,814,970		100,741,561	46,831,661
November	149,523,924		28,951,590		104,988,531	44,535,393
December	151,218,920		23,302,380		114,865,911	36,353,009

No. 30.—STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS AND SILVER BULLION IN THE TREASURY, AND TREASURY NOTES AND SILVER CERTIFICATES IN THE TREASURY AND IN CIRCULATION, AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Dollars and bullion in Treasury.	Treasury notes in Treasury.	Certificates in Treasury.	Treasury notes in circulation.	Certificates in circulation.	Net dollars and bullion in Treasury.
1885—January	$155,245,736	.....	$27,337,890	.....	$113,858,811	$41,386,925
February	157,552,137	.....	29,951,880	.....	111,467,951	46,084,186
March	160,585,976	.....	30,861,615	.....	112,500,226	48,085,750
April	163,483,221	.....	32,141,140	.....	109,443,946	54,039,275
May	166,342,999	.....	35,575,590	.....	105,085,186	61,257,813
June	169,451,998	.....	38,370,700	.....	101,530,946	67,921,052
July	170,444,785	.....	40,340,980	.....	98,872,106	71,572,679
August	170,620,411	.....	42,712,890	.....	96,079,296	74,541,115
September	169,399,844	.....	31,722,990	.....	93,656,716	75,743,128
October	167,657,878	.....	31,906,514	.....	93,146,772	74,511,106
November	169,151,974	.....	32,034,464	.....	92,702,642	76,449,332
December	169,515,231	.....	31,164,311	.....	93,179,465	76,335,766
1886—January	172,742,168	.....	33,978,767	.....	89,761,609	82,980,559
February	174,418,874	.....	34,837,660	.....	88,390,816	86,028,058
March	176,972,089	.....	32,410,575	.....	90,122,421	86,849,668
April	178,485,024	.....	31,141,055	.....	90,733,141	87,751,883
May	180,199,807	.....	30,411,016	.....	89,184,129	91,015,678
June	184,345,764	.....	27,861,450	.....	88,116,225	96,229,539
July	185,309,994	.....	27,728,858	.....	87,564,044	97,745,950
August	185,038,397	.....	25,571,492	.....	89,021,760	96,016,637
September	185,020,987	.....	22,555,990	.....	95,387,112	89,633,875
October	186,739,180	.....	17,562,302	.....	100,306,800	86,432,380
November	189,003,321	.....	14,137,285	.....	105,519,817	83,483,504
December	193,245,615	.....	7,338,432	.....	117,246,670	75,998,945
1887—January	198,840,822	.....	6,737,388	.....	118,315,714	80,525,108
February	202,812,943	.....	5,466,347	.....	121,130,755	81,682,188
March	210,311,824	.....	6,212,849	.....	131,930,489	78,381,335
April	215,923,183	.....	5,007,700	.....	137,740,430	78,182,753
May	218,922,196	.....	5,289,164	.....	139,143,328	79,778,868
June	222,401,405	.....	3,425,133	.....	142,118,017	80,283,388
July	223,807,565	.....	4,209,650	.....	144,166,141	79,641,424
August	225,390,072	.....	5,996,743	.....	147,876,385	77,513,687
September	225,049,705	.....	3,919,841	.....	154,354,826	70,694,879
October	225,858,564	.....	3,451,494	.....	160,713,957	65,144,607
November	226,714,098	.....	4,413,446	.....	168,149,274	58,564,824
December	228,879,405	.....	6,339,570	.....	176,855,423	52,023,982
1888—January	234,137,926	.....	14,930,517	.....	179,321,053	54,816,873
February	238,252,646	.....	21,166,469	.....	184,452,659	53,799,987
March	242,062,250	.....	19,370,425	.....	191,526,445	50,535,805
April	246,093,836	.....	18,316,109	.....	194,426,932	51,666,904
May	249,945,011	.....	20,458,423	.....	196,645,405	53,299,606
June	254,499,241	.....	29,104,396	.....	200,387,376	54,111,865
July	256,864,819	.....	23,361,286	.....	203,680,679	53,184,140
August	258,832,606	.....	15,528,762	.....	209,658,966	49,173,640
September	259,437,367	.....	9,819,875	.....	218,561,601	40,875,766
October	260,538,554	.....	7,404,624	.....	229,783,152	30,755,402
November	262,710,088	.....	8,834,485	.....	237,415,789	25,294,299
December	265,272,106	.....	3,958,567	.....	246,219,999	19,052,107
1889—January	270,418,006	.....	4,717,113	.....	245,337,438	25,080,568
February	274,277,544	.....	5,717,898	.....	246,628,953	27,648,591
March	278,087,845	.....	4,760,236	.....	251,263,679	26,824,166
April	282,081,825	.....	3,451,830	.....	254,939,203	27,142,622
May	285,776,084	.....	6,205,089	.....	255,537,810	30,238,274
June	289,688,375	.....	5,527,301	.....	257,102,445	32,585,930
July	292,242,678	.....	5,651,271	.....	259,557,125	32,685,553
August	293,927,004	.....	6,141,570	.....	268,580,626	25,346,378
September	294,270,378	.....	3,878,052	.....	276,619,715	17,650,663
October	294,457,692	.....	2,328,373	.....	277,319,944	17,137,748
November	296,424,234	.....	2,419,174	.....	276,794,386	19,629,848
December	299,264,578	.....	2,252,966	.....	282,949,073	16,315,505
1890—January	304,787,124	.....	3,254,118	.....	281,331,771	23,455,353
February	308,732,573	.....	4,063,377	.....	284,176,262	24,556,311
March	312,746,049	.....	3,407,891	.....	290,605,562	22,140,487
April	315,861,916	.....	4,438,605	.....	292,923,348	22,938,568
May	318,943,346	.....	4,936,023	.....	294,656,083	24,287,263
June	323,909,360	.....	4,329,708	.....	297,210,043	26,699,317
July	326,403,803	.....	3,442,258	.....	298,748,913	27,654,890
August	328,904,284	$2,233,100	4,951,861	$1,375,900	303,471,210	21,824,074
September	329,980,826	962,500	1,852,364	7,106,500	309,321,207	12,590,619
October	332,274,217	2,481,649	2,443,197	11,467,351	308,206,177	10,119,040
November	335,979,528	2,039,144	1,976,525	17,219,656	308,576,499	8,144,229
December	340,733,936	2,193,717	1,566,315	21,896,783	308,289,463	8,353,973
1891—January	348,025,035	3,702,294	3,218,788	25,101,706	303,844,686	15,376,349
February	353,711,984	4,279,421	3,346,215	28,871,279	303,822,259	16,739,025
March	360,554,700	3,171,227	3,757,247	33,921,973	309,632,535	13,828,965
April	366,188,943	4,710,946	3,309,417	37,020,254	312,933,440	11,524,303
May	372,176,559	7,565,067	5,009,775	38,112,280	310,541,378	15,957,834
June	379,705,279	9,765,252	7,351,037	40,463,165	307,364,148	22,112,714
July	385,054,513	11,309,957	8,198,345	43,684,078	307,291,114	22,769,364

No. 30.—STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS AND SILVER BULLION IN THE TREASURY, AND TREASURY NOTES AND SILVER CERTIFICATES IN THE TREASURY AND IN CIRCULATION, AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Dollars and bullion in Treasury.	Treasury notes in Treasury.	Certificates in Treasury.	Treasury notes in circulation.	Certificates in circulation.	Net dollars and bullion in Treasury.
1891—August	$389,403,301	$13,937,685	$6,624,888	$45,748,350	$317,588,321	$12,128,945
September	392,314,706	7,045,902	2,920,072	57,205,228	322,016,487	6,047,089
October	394,920,589	2,251,786	2,525,759	66,473,484	321,142,642	5,052,677
November	398,508,756	1,976,366	3,401,308	70,983,286	320,873,610	4,675,494
December	403,187,017	2,031,045	3,954,750	75,296,057	320,817,568	5,042,347
1892—January	409,593,756	5,514,681	6,216,336	76,038,319	320,138,307	7,902,449
February	414,321,677	9,517,659	3,280,157	75,718,553	325,141,186	3,944,279
March	419,784,083	11,996,788	3,589,703	77,605,410	325,683,149	4,498,736
April	424,413,560	11,726,920	3,209,106	81,501,770	327,289,896	3,894,974
May	428,970,011	10,323,314	3,613,837	87,068,672	327,290,165	4,287,860
June	433,858,402	3,660,414	4,733,501	98,051,657	326,880,803	5,265,528
July	437,864,467	3,809,869	4,472,481	101,756,301	327,336,823	4,961,474
August	440,827,400	5,268,551	2,779,159	104,114,086	328,289,145	3,155,618
September	442,174,286	5,482,485	2,619,477	107,001,850	326,849,827	2,840,124
October	444,112,534	2,043,810	2,297,772	114,567,423	324,552,532	2,948,769
November	447,535,956	1,919,154	2,786,471	118,877,559	323,404,833	3,274,410
December	451,798,037	2,705,967	3,748,493	122,039,656	322,035,011	5,017,403
1893—January	456,693,558	4,019,143	4,953,844	123,927,346	323,192,660	5,554,409
February	461,448,666	5,420,240	6,750,372	126,447,613	321,279,132	8,301,681
March	466,199,237	6,533,367	5,267,551	128,956,781	322,958,953	7,750,136
April	470,675,118	10,290,675	5,098,778	128,779,103	321,707,726	9,897,614
May	475,567,956	10,684,691	6,650,912	132,505,183	322,115,592	10,262,490
June	480,476,527	6,528,533	4,468,339	140,661,694	326,489,165	6,797,135
July	482,386,196	4,512,210	2,843,114	143,774,138	330,188,390	3,911,458
August	479,878,580	4,461,749	2,882,168	145,420,209	326,206,336	3,790,286
September	484,742,669	2,494,841	5,909,370	148,824,199	324,955,134	8,468,495
October	486,868,285	1,916,606	7,727,272	150,818,582	325,717,232	8,415,865
November	488,168,895	2,683,223	5,716,507	150,770,406	328,421,997	6,293,269
December	488,671,062	1,194,884	5,038,854	151,965,267	329,545,650	5,965,261
1894—January	490,812,228	2,315,506	6,758,196	150,755,402	330,161,308	7,580,012
February	491,975,188	11,962,418	6,942,257	141,038,766	331,119,247	7,854,757
March	493,027,941	11,583,462	8,755,240	141,316,855	329,447,264	10,680,360
April	493,906,345	11,786,958	9,367,524	141,026,114	330,305,980	10,787,293
May	494,611,981	12,605,052	9,702,545	140,074,690	329,959,959	11,972,280
June	495,409,178	17,722,408	10,054,123	134,862,009	327,094,381	15,730,380
July	495,910,421	22,528,599	12,027,766	129,918,527	324,491,738	18,971,557
August	495,446,495	27,598,929	13,492,527	124,552,440	325,217,977	18,077,149
September	493,004,640	30,113,893	9,155,785	121,495,374	330,520,719	10,874,654
October	490,594,601	28,425,172	6,569,203	122,715,396	331,143,301	8,310,732
November	490,078,066	26,404,164	5,312,420	124,574,906	332,317,084	6,781,912
December	489,551,820	28,369,950	5,846,720	122,453,781	331,077,784	7,650,305
1895—January	491,605,798	33,571,316	7,329,232	117,180,225	326,467,272	14,386,985
February	492,728,763	36,455,457	7,291,089	114,249,700	325,816,415	16,207,191
March	493,682,369	28,872,489	7,374,748	121,457,600	323,746,756	19,605,524
April	494,297,015	27,743,971	7,699,233	121,840,500	323,215,271	21,497,273
May	494,993,208	30,089,473	6,692,333	117,954,807	321,553,171	25,395,757
June	495,785,906	30,109,692	9,162,752	115,978,708	319,731,752	29,965,754
July	496,213,214	31,485,899	10,577,386	114,004,381	320,355,118	30,367,816
August	495,391,602	35,058,618	7,741,243	109,436,662	323,772,261	27,124,061
September	492,795,188	36,630,854	7,862,667	107,035,426	330,434,837	18,694,071
October	489,656,718	26,565,611	8,953,268	114,526,669	333,456,236	15,108,202
November	489,132,355	24,322,958	8,471,611	115,260,322	335,855,893	13,693,182
December	488,696,234	22,044,511	9,625,856	115,726,769	336,076,648	14,848,306
1896—January	491,235,082	27,103,095	14,380,165	110,221,185	331,614,339	22,296,463
February	492,444,974	30,644,730	11,831,561	106,074,550	332,545,943	23,179,751
March	493,684,370	32,352,314	11,293,078	103,728,966	337,032,426	20,570,664
April	495,127,114	32,148,255	11,578,091	100,921,025	338,834,413	23,223,421
May	496,562,413	33,304,774	10,629,424	98,080,506	336,313,080	28,864,053
June	497,667,738	34,465,919	11,359,995	95,217,361	331,259,509	36,724,949
July	498,606,002	34,394,748	12,375,833	93,948,532	331,656,671	38,606,051
August	497,737,900	35,478,756	11,464,610	91,262,524	345,739,894	25,256,726
September	495,518,362	36,040,233	10,045,030	88,964,047	354,431,474	16,082,608
October	494,425,896	39,269,516	8,686,382	83,959,764	357,777,122	13,419,494
November	495,110,250	41,529,379	11,591,383	80,147,901	356,312,121	17,120,849
December	495,399,819	35,645,059	14,227,704	84,171,221	356,655,800	18,927,739
1897—January	498,321,774	35,664,898	11,678,971	82,733,382	361,336,533	18,586,961
February	499,854,243	32,003,659	9,876,003	85,546,621	363,709,501	18,594,462
March	501,073,784	26,886,470	12,535,351	90,244,810	364,026,153	19,916,351
April	502,332,343	24,442,653	13,777,565	92,253,627	363,753,939	21,882,124
May	503,554,038	29,140,874	11,576,696	86,641,406	362,768,808	25,002,950
June	504,583,579	30,962,083	17,143,136	83,905,197	358,336,368	31,379,931
July	505,447,480	32,350,393	14,465,854	81,563,887	357,938,650	33,594,550
August	504,033,201	29,526,968	11,249,167	83,145,312	367,863,337	23,497,584
September	500,026,572	21,518,217	10,532,205	89,816,063	374,620,299	14,071,993

No. 31.—LEGAL-TENDER NOTES IN THE TREASURY, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES IN THE TREASURY AND IN CIRCULATION, AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Notes in Treasury.	Certificates in Treasury.	Certificates in circulation.	Net notes in Treasury.
1878—June	$62,020,121	$570,000	$46,245,000	$15,775,121
July	67,105,859	460,000	51,120,000	15,985,859
August	68,348,254	1,460,000	47,815,000	20,533,254
September	63,049,340	1,345,000	39,545,000	23,504,340
October	64,175,606	180,000	35,660,000	28,515,606
November	63,655,404	2,120,000	35,070,000	28,585,404
December	59,582,505	1,510,000	33,190,000	26,392,505
1879—January	62,463,707	755,000	40,445,000	22,018,707
February	72,650,232	9,425,000	36,675,000	35,975,232
March	67,370,678	2,580,000	25,145,000	42,225,678
April	61,998,485	1,140,000	30,905,000	31,093,485
May	69,142,336	1,155,000	25,880,000	43,262,336
June	66,015,970	1,450,000	29,355,000	36,660,970
July	63,791,466	590,000	40,250,000	23,541,466
August	70,597,606	960,000	34,375,000	36,222,606
September	48,173,254	1,975,000	29,240,000	18,933,254
October	37,522,567	2,315,000	20,195,000	17,327,567
November	29,973,454	685,000	13,585,000	16,388,454
December	22,660,494	425,000	10,090,000	12,570,494
1880—January	24,299,562	215,000	12,685,000	11,614,562
February	26,149,093	670,000	11,095,000	15,054,093
March	24,080,081	175,000	8,320,000	15,760,081
April	26,474,280	175,000	8,985,000	17,489,280
May	30,833,020	600,000	12,650,000	18,183,020
June	33,020,559	360,000	14,235,000	18,785,559
July	34,099,124	590,000	15,075,000	19,024,124
August	31,649,849	105,000	11,205,000	20,444,849
September	27,148,613	90,000	9,885,000	17,263,613
October	22,418,993	150,000	8,625,000	13,793,993
November	19,574,937	75,000	8,450,000	11,124,937
December	15,741,818	25,000	6,980,000	8,761,818
1881—January	19,181,616	----------	8,630,000	10,551,616
February	22,206,601	325,000	7,640,000	14,566,601
March	21,338,198	240,000	6,565,000	14,773,198
April	22,927,086	40,000	8,255,000	14,672,086
May	26,922,305	----------	10,860,000	16,062,305
June	30,204,092	275,000	11,650,000	18,554,092
July	29,624,910	215,000	10,525,000	19,099,910
August	29,320,869	175,000	9,450,000	19,870,869
September	27,130,132	210,000	8,105,000	19,025,132
October	26,281,769	35,000	8,275,000	18,006,769
November	26,401,078	55,000	8,990,000	17,411,078
December	25,992,800	50,000	9,540,000	16,452,800
1882—January	28,714,394	70,000	11,330,000	17,384,394
February	29,701,850	105,000	11,445,000	18,256,850
March	28,371,415	215,000	10,925,000	17,446,415
April	28,627,824	125,000	10,990,000	17,637,824
May	31,938,690	265,000	12,065,000	19,873,690
June	34,670,589	75,000	13,245,000	21,425,589
July	34,969,590	510,000	12,220,000	22,749,590
August	35,883,941	185,000	11,815,000	24,068,941
September	31,948,158	130,000	10,540,000	21,408,158
October	29,689,196	110,000	9,835,000	19,854,196
November	30,591,392	10,000	9,835,000	20,756,392
December	28,454,395	10,000	9,575,000	18,879,395
1883—January	33,592,237	60,000	12,430,000	21,162,237
February	32,744,817	210,000	11,130,000	21,614,817
March	29,878,561	250,000	9,465,000	20,413,561
April	30,969,623	55,000	10,050,000	20,919,623
May	33,471,825	15,000	11,790,000	21,681,825
June	36,498,839	315,000	13,060,000	23,438,839
July	37,632,646	25,000	12,885,000	24,747,646
August	37,791,766	90,000	12,055,000	25,736,766
September	37,194,420	75,000	11,870,000	25,324,420
October	37,113,037	75,000	12,545,000	24,568,037
November	39,874,644	100,000	14,365,000	25,509,644
December	39,644,249	80,000	14,480,000	25,164,249
1884—January	42,156,189	45,000	16,835,000	25,321,189
February	45,808,632	90,000	18,125,000	27,683,632
March	45,904,652	520,000	14,955,000	30,949,652
April	45,765,833	105,000	14,920,000	30,845,833
May	38,731,841	20,000	11,030,000	27,701,841
June	40,183,802	195,000	12,190,000	27,993,802
July	42,727,990	65,000	13,165,000	29,562,990
August	40,843,554	150,000	14,270,000	26,573,554
September	36,524,873	315,000	15,630,000	20,894,873
October	33,942,172	85,000	17,770,000	16,172,172
November	32,200,683	120,000	22,575,000	9,625,683
December	36,499,575	160,000	24,760,000	11,739,575

No. 31.—LEGAL-TENDER NOTES IN THE TREASURY, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES IN THE TREASURY AND IN CIRCULATION, AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Notes in Treasury.	Certificates in Treasury.	Certificates in circulation.	Net notes in Treasury.
1885—January	$43,958,469	$45,000	$30,085,000	$13,873,469
February	48,926,822	380,000	30,200,000	18,726,822
March	46,683,288	1,005,000	26,210,000	20,473,288
April	46,865,690	50,000	25,400,000	21,465,690
May	50,417,109	315,000	26,925,000	23,492,109
June	45,047,379	200,000	29,585,000	15,462,379
July	48,418,997	260,000	31,420,000	16,998,997
August	55,658,656	695,000	30,865,000	24,793,656
September	51,129,322	695,000	23,185,000	27,944,332
October	45,695,341	410,000	18,145,000	27,550,341
November	43,290,643	210,000	17,555,000	25,735,643
December	41,731,200	265,000	13,790,000	27,941,200
1886—January	47,890,389	260,000	14,590,000	33,300,389
February	47,197,292	385,000	14,920,000	32,277,292
March	42,214,485	840,000	11,925,000	30,289,485
April	37,603,774	225,000	11,515,000	26,088,774
May	40,244,098	585,000	13,955,000	26,289,098
June	41,118,317	250,000	18,250,000	22,868,317
July	41,044,142	470,000	19,105,000	21,939,142
August	46,774,647	1,510,000	11,195,000	35,579,647
September	44,224,081	150,000	7,705,000	36,519,081
October	38,107,305	20,000	7,140,000	30,967,305
November	36,573,188	280,000	7,025,000	29,548,188
December	29,679,326	200,000	6,510,000	23,169,326
1887—January	33,003,682	100,000	8,720,000	24,283,682
February	33,869,202	250,000	8,180,000	25,689,202
March	28,294,938	410,000	7,135,000	21,159,938
April	28,575,474	160,000	8,350,000	20,225,474
May	30,757,376	410,000	8,990,000	21,767,376
June	28,783,797	310,000	8,770,000	20,013,797
July	28,093,740	350,000	8,460,000	19,633,740
August	28,287,539	420,000	7,130,000	21,157,539
September	24,145,212	150,000	6,535,000	17,610,212
October	22,476,067	170,000	7,215,000	15,261,067
November	23,153,220	320,000	6,835,000	16,318,220
December	22,409,425	130,000	6,985,000	15,424,425
1888—January	28,660,469	280,000	10,645,000	18,015,469
February	33,482,087	440,000	11,215,000	22,267,087
March	33,085,623	650,000	8,915,000	24,170,623
April	39,046,614	100,000	10,555,000	28,491,614
May	46,158,200	470,000	12,230,000	33,928,200
June	52,398,204	250,000	14,415,000	37,983,204
July	55,030,740	100,000	15,205,000	39,825,740
August	56,225,393	90,000	14,645,000	41,580,393
September	53,358,963	580,000	12,730,000	40,628,963
October	48,393,320	300,000	11,580,000	36,813,320
November	46,562,956	150,000	11,360,000	35,202,956
December	41,125,860	470,000	10,250,000	30,875,860
1889—January	43,361,498	95,000	13,915,000	29,446,498
February	45,220,511	280,000	15,920,000	29,300,511
March	39,501,231	510,000	14,450,000	25,051,231
April	38,350,137	110,000	14,580,000	23,770,137
May	43,940,387	270,000	16,150,000	27,790,387
June	46,336,085	240,000	16,735,000	29,601,085
July	47,939,366	30,000	17,575,000	30,364,366
August	48,870,935	460,000	16,545,000	32,325,935
September	36,445,258	770,000	15,275,000	21,170,258
October	29,813,501	350,000	12,510,000	17,303,501
November	24,959,022	610,000	10,140,000	14,819,022
December	15,673,925	570,000	9,000,000	6,673,925
1890—January	19,236,224	90,000	11,630,000	7,606,224
February	19,823,865	250,000	10,230,000	9,593,865
March	14,579,657	990,000	7,660,000	6,919,657
April	16,004,411	140,000	8,795,000	7,209,411
May	19,747,799	340,000	9,855,000	9,892,799
June	23,634,190	450,000	11,830,000	11,804,190
July	23,983,412	40,000	11,820,000	12,163,412
August	21,626,810	410,000	8,820,000	12,806,810
September	13,727,790	180,000	6,990,000	6,737,790
October	14,744,912	20,000	6,910,000	7,834,912
November	13,144,864	320,000	6,270,000	6,874,864
December	12,199,348	10,000	6,810,000	5,389,348
1891—January	22,057,802	140,000	11,360,000	10,697,802
February	22,955,586	260,000	12,270,000	10,685,586
March	15,822,045	530,000	11,145,000	4,677,045
April	19,207,344	270,000	14,000,000	5,207,344
May	26,927,337	310,000	17,750,000	9,177,337
June	32,731,996	1,425,000	21,365,000	11,366,996
July	38,098,409	180,000	27,265,000	10,833,409

No. 31.—LEGAL-TENDER NOTES IN THE TREASURY, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES IN THE TREASURY AND IN CIRCULATION, AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Notes in Treasury.	Certificates in Treasury.	Certificates in circulation.	Net notes in Treasury.
1891—August	$42,922,265	$730,000	$28,455,000	$14,467,265
September	26,995,717	1,990,000	17,845,000	9,150,717
October	16,378,813	330,000	10,765,000	5,613,813
November	15,293,073	370,000	9,765,000	5,528,073
December	14,944,710	200,000	9,265,000	5,679,710
1892—January	22,098,384	90,000	16,760,000	5,338,384
February	34,066,987	90,000	29,350,000	4,716,987
March	34,772,842	1,380,000	29,840,000	4,932,842
April	33,622,075	340,000	30,210,000	3,412,075
May	38,551,028	290,000	33,730,000	4,821,028
June	38,526,590	490,000	29,830,000	8,696,590
July	38,638,607	980,000	26,720,000	11,918,607
August	34,401,147	560,000	22,210,000	12,191,147
September	29,560,343	970,000	17,290,000	12,270,343
October	16,644,592	560,000	10,550,000	6,094,592
November	14,827,293	270,000	8,230,000	6,597,293
December	18,453,443	490,000	7,100,000	11,353,443
1893—January	31,006,021	580,000	14,450,000	16,556,021
February	37,926,514	510,000	19,250,000	18,676,514
March	36,421,069	420,000	16,670,000	19,751,069
April	37,164,574	140,000	15,840,000	21,324,574
May	38,343,384	825,000	16,955,000	21,388,384
June	32,333,866	430,000	11,935,000	20,398,866
July	26,798,822	485,000	7,855,000	18,943,822
August	19,504,705	60,000	5,605,000	13,899,705
September	16,946,951	85,000	8,200,000	8,746,951
October	26,705,594	100,000	22,325,000	4,380,594
November	38,095,567	120,000	33,205,000	4,890,567
December	45,334,086	40,000	39,045,000	6,289,086
1894—January	49,617,696	40,000	44,935,000	4,682,696
February	65,032,906	----------	47,805,000	17,227,906
March	67,673,122	360,000	52,720,000	14,953,122
April	74,024,286	140,000	57,270,000	16,754,286
May	88,695,979	120,000	59,250,000	29,445,979
June	95,631,053	300,000	58,935,000	36,696,053
July	104,645,390	260,000	61,695,000	42,950,390
August	110,504,842	720,000	58,065,000	52,439,842
September	109,511,428	550,000	55,755,000	53,756,428
October	94,631,483	280,000	54,045,000	40,586,483
November	96,174,691	850,000	57,135,000	39,039,691
December	110,289,108	1,960,000	47,005,000	63,284,108
1895—January	123,252,989	3,620,000	37,625,000	85,627,989
February	121,148,215	430,000	36,925,000	84,223,215
March	118,617,746	740,000	36,825,000	81,792,746
April	107,031,082	80,000	37,295,000	69,736,082
May	109,832,457	190,000	48,245,000	61,587,457
June	111,681,252	350,000	55,405,000	56,276,252
July	106,817,588	120,000	56,920,000	49,897,588
August	134,202,881	530,000	76,555,000	57,647,881
September	142,947,454	3,675,000	63,840,000	79,107,454
October	134,260,347	275,000	56,740,000	77,520,347
November	136,091,477	2,800,000	45,935,000	90,156,477
December	137,869,654	2,845,000	31,605,000	106,264,654
1896—January	128,038,271	320,000	28,925,000	99,113,271
February	136,867,173	245,000	32,825,000	104,042,173
March	146,744,848	220,000	34,460,000	112,284,848
April	141,479,890	365,000	32,930,000	108,549,890
May	154,423,035	240,000	33,430,000	120,993,035
June	155,695,577	150,000	31,840,000	123,855,577
July	143,665,226	610,000	41,540,000	102,125,226
August	150,195,038	830,000	38,395,000	111,800,038
September	133,173,949	410,000	34,305,000	98,868,949
October	129,000,206	2,595,000	32,465,000	96,535,206
November	113,504,912	40,000	38,470,000	75,034,912
December	120,958,317	500,000	50,330,000	70,628,317
1897—January	113,859,678	165,000	65,350,000	48,509,678
February	117,950,059	270,000	76,525,000	41,425,059
March	125,053,846	610,000	74,460,000	50,593,846
April	123,385,533	2,035,000	69,905,000	53,480,533
May	126,973,187	780,000	65,785,000	61,188,187
June	129,059,521	620,000	61,130,000	67,929,521
July	126,641,457	1,160,000	62,335,000	64,306,457
August	121,775,670	375,000	63,275,000	58,500,670
September	116,403,689	1,325,000	52,825,000	63,578,689

No. 32.—GOLD, SILVER, AND PAPER CURRENCY IN THE TREASURY IN EXCESS OF CERTIFICATES IN CIRCULATION AND TREASURY NOTES OUTSTANDING, AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Gold coin and bullion.	Silver dollars and bullion.	Fractional silver coin.	Legal-tender notes.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1878—June	$103,562,523	$15,052,748	$6,860,506	$25,775,121	$12,789,923	$164,040,821
July	108,161,640	16,256,306	7,079,667	25,985,859	14,119,544	171,603,016
August	117,325,856	18,565,808	6,478,642	30,533,254	11,772,829	184,676,389
September	112,602,622	21,077,639	6,143,903	33,504,340	9,260,764	182,589,268
October	117,965,674	21,680,823	6,323,132	38,515,606	6,370,449	190,855,684
November	118,282,355	24,636,650	6,009,834	38,585,404	8,055,844	195,570,087
December	114,193,360	25,730,930	6,031,805	36,392,505	8,469,162	190,817,762
1879—January	116,674,226	27,822,007	6,143,449	30,579,531	12,374,371	193,593,584
February	116,886,279	29,011,310	6,278,491	44,494,973	10,233,225	206,904,278
March	117,162,166	29,995,455	6,428,185	50,684,669	5,542,552	209,813,027
April	118,809,680	30,445,929	6,621,940	39,539,823	7,762,196	203,179,568
May	121,300,140	31,409,561	6,813,589	51,670,442	14,661,786	225,855,518
June	119,956,655	32,825,437	8,903,401	45,036,904	8,286,701	215,009,098
July	120,320,583	33,492,855	12,731,766	23,541,466	7,188,445	197,275,115
August	126,537,690	34,278,186	15,236,724	36,222,606	5,138,655	217,413,861
September	154,763,795	34,940,654	16,814,309	18,933,254	4,321,302	229,773,314
October	157,140,114	34,255,487	17,755,987	17,327,567	3,658,168	230,137,323
November	147,247,977	35,267,583	18,432,478	16,388,454	3,208,277	220,544,769
December	146,194,182	33,836,233	18,881,629	12,570,494	3,242,708	214,725,246
1880—January	143,340,027	35,860,193	20,204,810	11,614,562	6,885,966	217,905,558
February	126,995,458	36,924,793	21,179,312	15,054,093	4,242,984	214,396,640
March	135,766,551	36,850,176	21,989,814	15,760,081	3,606,364	213,972,986
April	130,726,640	38,803,638	22,767,673	17,489,280	5,588,049	215,375,280
May	120,699,196	41,580,239	23,577,092	18,183,020	8,983,508	213,023,055
June	118,181,527	43,760,282	24,350,482	18,785,559	7,090,250	212,168,100
July	115,274,646	45,343,480	24,975,714	19,024,124	7,237,795	211,855,759
August	120,018,180	46,256,102	25,152,972	20,444,849	4,335,906	216,208,009
September	127,764,733	41,009,244	24,799,925	17,263,613	3,575,440	214,412,955
October	133,278,253	33,347,585	24,629,490	13,793,993	4,197,224	209,246,545
November	143,981,139	27,147,857	24,653,530	11,124,937	3,702,629	210,610,092
December	150,213,716	18,246,031	24,769,057	8,761,818	4,242,828	206,233,450
1881—January	148,052,809	20,124,662	25,490,915	10,551,616	6,342,410	210,562,412
February	166,808,853	21,267,971	25,813,058	14,566,601	4,144,895	232,601,378
March	167,639,263	19,748,113	26,283,892	14,773,198	4,321,844	232,766,310
April	164,358,554	22,750,477	26,493,613	14,672,086	5,988,259	234,262,989
May	157,893,879	25,190,926	26,841,957	16,062,305	7,784,186	233,773,253
June	157,412,141	26,743,942	27,247,697	18,554,092	5,296,382	235,254,254
July	149,163,355	26,405,688	27,295,487	19,099,910	5,532,708	227,497,148
August	164,098,402	22,619,329	27,042,807	19,870,869	4,273,541	237,904,948
September	169,122,025	16,134,672	26,313,114	19,025,132	4,551,400	235,146,343
October	167,785,609	11,162,183	25,984,688	18,006,769	4,739,547	227,678,796
November	173,025,684	11,532,212	25,918,252	17,411,078	4,556,305	232,443,531
December	167,429,348	10,882,447	25,963,641	16,452,800	5,677,691	226,405,927
1882—January	159,972,569	14,142,970	26,567,873	17,384,394	7,377,995	225,445,801
February	168,585,554	17,820,090	26,869,906	18,256,850	5,484,211	237,016,611
March	161,290,437	23,195,805	27,187,681	17,446,415	4,516,077	233,636,415
April	149,997,982	25,925,519	27,439,184	17,637,824	6,180,209	227,180,718
May	148,932,626	31,172,647	27,755,923	19,873,690	7,418,245	235,153,131
June	143,477,370	35,878,634	28,048,631	21,425,589	6,277,247	235,107,471
July	140,062,590	36,899,449	28,153,956	22,749,590	8,428,411	236,293,996
August	144,311,881	36,157,085	27,990,388	24,068,941	7,287,442	239,815,737
September	147,831,667	32,367,434	27,426,140	21,408,158	6,828,786	235,862,185
October	148,435,473	30,807,030	26,749,432	19,854,196	6,370,052	232,216,183
November	144,809,314	29,367,112	26,544,544	20,756,392	6,311,110	227,788,472
December	131,989,758	30,041,375	26,521,692	18,879,395	6,532,021	213,964,241
1883—January	125,648,195	32,854,107	27,135,245	21,162,237	10,486,291	217,286,075
February	135,107,161	36,208,138	27,507,276	21,614,817	6,761,527	227,198,919
March	141,308,204	36,665,781	27,865,994	20,413,561	4,199,135	230,452,675
April	139,439,242	37,961,027	28,068,629	20,919,623	6,343,015	232,731,536
May	133,718,103	41,328,804	28,303,196	21,681,825	8,361,571	233,393,499
June	138,271,198	43,775,549	28,486,001	23,438,839	8,217,062	242,188,649
July	142,705,435	43,815,009	28,058,142	24,747,646	8,343,000	247,669,232
August	149,625,435	43,639,595	27,819,712	25,736,766	6,019,802	252,841,310
September	151,115,603	40,773,322	26,750,161	25,324,420	6,017,710	249,981,216
October	157,353,760	35,638,434	26,712,424	24,568,037	6,428,180	250,700,835
November	157,235,708	34,417,044	26,969,614	25,509,644	7,070,474	251,202,484
December	155,429,599	27,266,037	27,224,126	25,164,249	8,955,820	244,039,831
1884—January	144,350,736	31,191,150	28,014,415	25,321,189	14,746,745	243,624,235
February	144,038,203	35,494,591	28,490,907	27,683,632	12,048,941	247,756,274
March	142,259,357	38,130,350	28,866,556	30,949,652	7,862,366	248,068,281
April	139,624,821	39,966,927	29,158,480	30,845,833	9,950,326	249,546,387
May	142,006,908	39,886,440	29,277,206	27,701,841	7,533,779	246,506,174
June	133,729,954	43,189,403	29,600,720	27,993,802	8,809,991	243,323,870
July	119,048,061	47,157,368	29,797,486	29,562,990	10,529,336	236,095,241
August	122,465,717	51,110,451	29,659,003	26,573,554	11,614,068	241,422,793
September	130,514,382	50,501,941	29,474,161	20,894,873	11,078,957	242,464,314
October	134,670,790	46,831,661	29,346,757	16,172,172	10,171,655	237,193,035
November	138,015,071	44,535,393	29,143,283	9,625,683	10,525,634	231,845,064
December	141,688,432	36,353,009	29,194,356	11,739,575	10,329,994	229,305,366

No. 32.—GOLD, SILVER, AND PAPER CURRENCY IN THE TREASURY IN EXCESS OF CERTIFICATES IN CIRCULATION AND TREASURY NOTES OUTSTANDING, AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Gold coin and bullion.	Silver dollars and bullion.	Fractional silver coin.	Legal-tender notes.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1885—January	$125,187,595	$41,386,925	$29,901,105	$13,873,469	$13,880,648	$224,229,742
February	127,346,553	46,084,186	30,244,836	18,726,822	9,774,141	232,176,538
March	125,793,257	48,085,750	30,632,326	20,473,288	7,312,940	232,297,561
April	117,927,395	54,039,275	30,944,049	21,465,690	8,120,660	232,497,069
May	115,810,533	61,257,813	31,694,365	23,492,109	9,806,087	242,060,907
June	120,298,895	67,921,052	31,236,899	15,462,379	9,945,711	244,864,936
July	126,078,596	71,572,679	25,355,020	16,998,997	8,081,130	248,086,422
August	126,371,928	74,541,115	24,724,287	24,793,656	7,556,108	257,987,094
September	133,113,324	75,743,128	23,641,894	27,944,332	6,196,408	266,639,086
October	142,338,589	74,511,106	22,965,536	27,550,341	5,438,241	272,803,813
November	146,391,486	76,449,332	27,920,309	25,735,643	5,775,356	282,272,126
December	147,991,809	76,335,766	27,796,431	27,941,200	5,347,767	285,412,973
1886—January	136,086,610	82,980,559	29,013,994	33,300,389	9,951,057	291,332,609
February	144,164,038	86,028,058	28,811,038	32,277,292	7,961,334	299,241,760
March	151,379,525	86,849,668	28,822,638	30,289,485	3,392,203	300,733,519
April	155,865,308	87,751,883	28,864,483	26,088,774	3,831,002	302,401,450
May	156,304,709	91,015,678	28,912,277	26,289,098	4,962,150	307,483,912
June	156,793,749	96,229,539	28,904,682	22,868,317	4,034,416	308,830,703
July	158,933,005	97,745,950	28,584,625	21,939,142	3,792,409	310,995,131
August	157,732,289	96,016,637	27,956,992	35,579,647	2,878,520	320,164,085
September	157,917,211	89,633,875	26,899,745	36,519,081	2,104,764	313,074,676
October	158,537,179	86,432,380	26,300,336	30,967,305	3,192,746	305,429,946
November	163,930,220	83,483,504	25,808,067	29,548,188	2,522,033	305,292,012
December	170,912,414	75,998,945	25,660,935	23,169,326	3,012,335	298,753,955
1887—January	168,475,361	80,525,108	26,323,525	24,283,682	4,606,322	304,213,998
February	175,130,262	81,682,188	26,482,472	25,689,202	3,072,561	312,056,685
March	181,939,848	78,381,335	26,601,614	21,159,938	2,558,485	310,641,220
April	180,902,431	78,182,753	26,891,077	20,225,474	3,480,653	309,682,388
May	186,667,774	79,778,868	27,064,743	21,767,376	3,927,245	319,206,006
June	186,875,669	80,283,388	26,977,494	20,013,797	2,362,585	316,512,933
July	186,306,330	79,641,424	26,691,106	19,633,740	3,142,105	315,414,705
August	193,274,194	77,513,687	26,148,531	21,157,539	3,354,726	321,448,677
September	192,717,947	70,694,879	24,984,219	17,610,212	2,938,593	308,945,850
October	202,859,832	65,144,607	24,468,135	15,261,067	4,157,980	311,891,621
November	211,880,526	58,564,824	24,158,004	16,318,220	3,131,864	314,053,438
December	208,608,130	52,023,982	24,327,529	15,424,425	4,919,434	305,303,500
1888—January	202,955,184	54,816,873	25,019,973	18,015,469	7,782,203	308,589,702
February	212,869,914	53,799,987	25,355,432	22,267,087	6,355,477	320,647,897
March	218,818,253	50,535,805	25,566,280	24,170,623	5,323,787	324,414,748
April	213,239,994	51,666,904	25,750,228	28,491,614	5,942,194	325,090,934
May	200,301,129	53,299,606	25,878,872	33,928,200	6,702,811	320,110,618
June	193,866,247	54,111,865	26,051,741	37,983,204	7,054,221	319,067,278
July	194,592,280	53,184,140	26,034,462	39,825,740	8,218,834	321,855,456
August	206,383,036	49,173,640	25,746,759	41,580,393	7,880,157	330,763,985
September	197,713,116	40,875,766	24,738,696	40,638,963	6,023,307	309,979,848
October	191,074,575	30,755,402	24,088,769	36,813,320	4,167,954	286,900,020
November	199,339,134	25,294,299	23,801,676	35,202,956	3,381,456	287,019,521
December	203,885,219	19,052,107	23,655,458	30,875,860	4,068,046	281,536,690
1889—January	194,655,264	25,080,568	24,449,597	29,446,498	5,439,229	279,071,156
February	196,245,980	27,648,591	24,715,021	29,300,511	3,433,572	281,343,675
March	197,874,422	26,824,166	24,921,004	25,051,231	3,054,267	277,725,090
April	191,589,112	27,142,622	24,975,567	23,770,137	3,686,890	271,164,328
May	192,252,715	30,238,274	25,125,295	27,790,387	4,703,087	280,109,758
June	186,711,560	32,585,930	25,129,733	29,601,085	4,158,331	278,186,639
July	182,218,164	32,685,553	25,012,877	30,364,366	3,632,535	273,913,495
August	180,654,670	25,346,378	24,766,455	32,325,935	4,590,661	267,684,099
September	189,196,423	17,650,663	23,864,841	21,170,258	3,883,721	255,765,906
October	187,572,386	17,137,748	22,737,900	17,303,501	5,211,415	249,962,950
November	187,496,672	19,629,848	22,133,430	14,819,022	4,251,973	248,330,945
December	190,833,052	16,315,505	21,927,928	6,673,925	4,500,355	240,250,765
1890—January	177,386,285	23,455,353	22,506,504	7,606,224	6,172,760	237,127,126
February	187,988,948	24,556,311	22,758,530	9,593,865	4,339,314	249,236,968
March	185,287,715	22,140,487	22,814,565	6,919,657	3,937,196	241,099,620
April	186,235,572	22,938,568	22,989,474	7,209,411	3,942,536	243,315,561
May	190,544,854	24,287,263	22,902,558	9,892,799	4,289,295	251,916,769
June	190,232,405	26,699,317	22,805,226	11,804,190	4,351,767	255,892,905
July	184,092,074	27,654,890	22,333,891	12,163,412	4,766,359	251,010,626
August	185,837,581	21,824,074	21,858,259	12,806,810	5,063,228	247,389,952
September	147,981,732	12,590,619	20,563,709	6,737,790	4,620,511	192,494,361
October	156,315,624	10,119,040	19,551,410	7,834,912	3,662,638	197,483,624
November	162,439,381	8,144,229	19,066,586	6,874,864	3,416,944	199,942,004
December	148,972,935	8,353,973	18,987,690	5,389,348	3,349,587	185,053,533
1891—January	141,728,097	15,376,949	19,973,211	10,697,802	6,320,151	194,096,210
February	149,712,824	16,739,025	20,352,665	10,685,586	4,970,638	202,460,738
March	148,118,150	13,828,965	20,486,094	4,677,045	3,415,237	190,525,491
April	141,742,241	11,524,303	20,568,406	5,207,344	4,055,760	183,098,054
May	133,207,164	15,957,834	20,063,882	9,177,337	5,189,490	183,595,707
June	117,667,723	22,112,714	19,656,695	11,366,996	5,655,174	176,459,302
July	121,113,024	22,769,364	19,368,142	10,833,409	5,924,947	180,008,886

No. 32.—GOLD, SILVER, AND PAPER CURRENCY IN THE TREASURY IN EXCESS OF CERTIFICATES IN CIRCULATION AND TREASURY NOTES OUTSTANDING, AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Gold coin and bullion.	Silver dollars and bullion.	Fractional silver coin.	Legal-tender notes.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1891—August	$132,471,409	$12,128,945	$18,440,722	$14,467,265	$6,822,252	$184,330,593
September	132,523,222	6,047,089	16,846,620	9,150,717	5,695,080	170,262,728
October	127,674,422	5,052,677	15,196,379	5,613,813	5,738,795	159,276,086
November	129,193,224	4,675,494	14,389,585	5,528,073	4,841,754	158,628,130
December	130,740,631	5,042,347	13,789,325	5,679,710	4,651,152	159,903,165
1892—January	119,574,905	7,902,449	14,494,842	5,338,384	6,028,889	153,339,469
February	122,122,113	3,944,279	14,787,832	4,716,987	4,792,427	150,363,638
March	125,815,040	4,498,736	14,746,917	4,932,842	3,884,496	153,878,031
April	119,909,757	3,894,974	14,600,427	3,412,075	4,409,486	146,226,719
May	114,231,883	4,287,860	14,459,497	4,821,028	5,071,384	142,871,652
June	114,342,367	5,265,528	14,224,714	8,696,590	5,376,893	147,906,092
July	110,444,391	4,961,474	14,153,063	11,918,607	5,931,778	147,409,313
August	114,156,316	3,155,618	13,575,773	12,191,147	6,623,311	149,702,165
September	119,395,509	2,840,124	12,551,498	12,270,343	7,701,652	154,759,126
October	124,006,120	2,948,769	11,499,579	6,094,592	7,208,009	151,757,069
November	124,409,657	3,274,410	10,960,183	6,597,293	5,828,486	151,070,029
December	121,266,663	5,017,403	10,571,481	11,353,443	6,043,059	154,252,049
1893—January	108,181,713	5,554,409	11,346,523	16,556,021	7,768,170	149,406,836
February	103,284,219	8,301,681	10,971,876	18,676,514	5,578,128	146,812,418
March	106,892,224	7,750,136	11,165,155	19,751,069	3,827,111	149,385,695
April	97,011,330	9,897,614	11,113,573	21,324,574	5,085,299	144,432,390
May	95,048,641	10,262,490	11,394,610	21,388,384	5,243,455	143,337,580
June	95,485,414	6,797,135	11,855,944	20,398,866	3,982,733	138,520,092
July	99,202,933	3,911,458	12,556,749	18,943,822	3,620,150	138,235,112
August	96,009,123	3,790,286	12,700,829	13,899,705	3,157,587	129,557,530
September	93,582,172	8,468,495	13,496,416	8,746,951	7,815,481	132,109,515
October	84,384,863	8,415,865	12,667,195	4,380,594	11,566,766	121,415,283
November	82,959,049	6,293,269	11,418,718	4,890,567	12,808,547	118,370,140
December	80,891,600	5,965,261	11,639,467	6,289,086	12,357,628	117,143,042
1894—January	65,650,175	7,580,012	15,932,847	4,682,696	14,526,887	108,372,617
February	106,527,068	7,854,757	16,594,888	17,227,906	12,640,479	160,845,098
March	106,149,136	10,680,360	17,073,268	14,953,122	10,758,809	159,614,695
April	100,202,009	10,787,293	17,502,120	16,754,286	8,750,439	153,996,147
May	78,093,267	11,972,280	17,582,973	29,445,979	7,520,998	145,215,497
June	64,873,025	15,730,380	17,889,531	36,696,053	6,598,893	141,787,882
July	54,975,607	18,971,557	17,970,261	42,950,390	4,895,465	139,763,280
August	55,216,900	18,077,149	17,720,835	52,439,842	5,567,162	149,021,888
September	58,875,317	10,874,654	16,809,713	53,756,428	5,017,748	145,333,860
October	61,361,827	8,310,732	15,424,113	40,586,483	4,970,188	130,653,343
November	105,424,569	6,781,912	14,724,392	39,039,691	4,169,283	170,139,847
December	86,244,445	7,650,305	14,483,636	63,284,108	4,759,972	176,422,466
1895—January	44,705,967	14,386,985	15,481,586	85,627,989	6,333,175	166,535,702
February	87,085,511	16,207,191	16,131,145	84,223,215	5,154,293	208,801,355
March	90,643,307	19,605,524	16,577,511	81,792,746	4,449,893	213,068,981
April	91,247,145	21,497,273	16,516,559	69,736,082	4,959,625	203,956,684
May	99,151,409	25,395,757	16,589,443	61,587,457	4,899,226	207,623,292
June	107,512,363	29,965,754	16,552,845	56,276,252	4,643,489	214,950,703
July	107,236,487	30,367,816	16,532,936	49,897,588	5,642,488	209,677,315
August	100,329,837	27,124,061	16,055,743	57,647,881	7,600,591	208,758,113
September	92,911,974	18,694,071	14,882,337	79,107,454	6,018,775	211,614,611
October	92,943,180	15,108,202	13,426,421	77,520,347	6,523,602	205,521,752
November	79,333,966	13,693,182	13,032,387	90,156,477	6,391,746	202,607,758
December	63,262,268	14,848,306	12,764,321	106,264,654	7,063,137	204,202,686
1896—January	49,845,508	22,296,463	14,186,737	99,113,271	10,409,650	195,851,629
February	123,962,980	23,179,751	14,820,486	104,042,173	8,630,538	274,635,928
March	128,646,461	20,570,664	15,246,374	112,284,848	7,110,998	283,859,345
April	125,393,900	23,223,421	15,459,003	108,549,890	7,587,158	280,213,372
May	108,345,234	28,864,053	15,637,424	120,993,035	10,002,385	283,842,131
June	101,699,605	36,724,949	15,730,976	123,855,577	10,668,620	288,679,727
July	110,718,746	38,606,051	16,004,145	102,125,226	11,933,422	279,387,590
August	100,957,561	25,256,726	15,909,801	111,800,038	13,815,370	267,739,496
September	124,034,672	16,082,608	15,126,483	98,868,949	12,834,494	266,947,206
October	117,126,524	13,419,494	14,632,846	96,535,206	12,981,868	254,695,938
November	131,510,353	17,120,849	14,570,200	75,034,912	13,063,471	251,299,785
December	137,316,544	18,927,739	14,215,766	70,628,317	14,278,970	255,367,336
1897—January	144,800,493	18,586,961	15,414,575	48,509,678	17,328,389	244,640,096
February	148,661,209	18,594,462	15,805,023	41,425,059	15,005,984	239,491,737
March	151,786,464	19,916,351	15,974,428	50,593,846	11,374,958	249,646,047
April	153,340,890	21,882,124	16,163,767	53,480,533	8,676,050	253,543,364
May	144,319,562	25,002,950	16,210,920	61,188,187	7,109,698	253,831,317
June	140,790,738	31,379,931	16,210,344	67,929,521	5,030,919	261,341,453
July	140,817,699	33,594,550	16,286,660	64,306,457	5,688,791	260,694,157
August	144,216,376	23,497,584	15,335,285	58,500,670	4,517,847	246,067,762
September	147,663,105	14,071,993	13,455,175	63,578,689	3,814,835	242,583,797

No. 33.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE TREASURY IN EXCESS OF CERTIFICATES AND TREASURY NOTES AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Assets.			Liabilities.		
	Gold, silver, and notes.	Other.	Total.	Agency account.	Balance.	Total.
1878—June	$164,040,821	$57,004,760	$221,045,581	$32,537,659	$188,507,922	$221,045,581
July	171,603,016	63,601,421	235,204,437	35,053,964	200,150,473	235,204,437
August	184,676,389	72,599,708	257,276,097	34,936,877	222,339,220	257,276,097
September	182,589,268	77,871,029	260,460,297	37,045,389	223,414,908	260,460,297
October	190,855,684	61,350,451	252,206,135	33,877,270	218,328,865	252,206,135
November	195,570,087	54,652,549	250,222,636	34,889,164	215,333,472	250,222,636
December	190,817,762	71,696,807	262,514,569	34,774,275	227,740,294	262,514,569
1879—January	193,593,584	177,274,484	370,868,068	34,418,207	336,449,861	370,868,068
February	206,904,278	256,467,745	463,372,023	34,410,563	428,961,460	463,372,023
March	209,813,027	230,605,004	440,418,031	35,006,461	405,411,570	440,418,031
April	203,179,568	264,442,687	467,622,255	34,875,422	432,746,833	467,622,255
May	225,855,518	287,600,153	513,455,671	37,792,575	475,663,096	513,455,671
June	215,009,098	206,449,599	421,458,697	41,915,778	379,542,919	421,458,697
July	197,275,115	99,675,688	296,950,803	51,342,784	245,608,019	296,950,803
August	217,413,861	38,475,525	255,889,386	43,853,454	212,035,932	255,889,386
September	229,773,314	19,220,702	248,994,016	46,036,441	202,957,575	248,994,016
October	230,137,323	14,333,305	244,470,628	41,058,916	203,411,712	244,470,628
November	220,544,769	13,018,537	233,563,306	40,415,539	193,147,767	233,563,306
December	214,725,246	20,020,178	234,745,424	42,448,298	192,297,126	234,745,424
1880—January	217,905,558	12,703,861	230,609,419	40,605,647	190,003,772	230,609,419
February	214,396,640	15,259,949	229,656,589	40,696,000	188,960,589	229,656,589
March	213,972,986	18,058,710	232,031,696	38,946,889	193,084,807	232,031,696
April	215,375,280	14,952,119	230,327,399	38,537,726	191,789,673	230,327,399
May	213,023,055	15,959,558	228,982,613	34,983,917	193,998,696	228,982,613
June	212,168,100	12,831,848	224,999,948	36,329,064	188,670,884	224,999,948
July	211,855,759	14,051,291	225,907,050	39,716,721	186,190,329	225,907,050
August	216,208,009	15,974,037	232,182,046	42,568,448	189,613,598	232,182,046
September	214,412,955	14,508,793	228,921,748	42,119,557	186,802,191	228,921,748
October	209,246,545	15,925,000	225,171,545	44,129,108	181,042,437	225,171,545
November	210,610,092	13,098,743	223,708,835	42,787,264	180,921,571	223,708,835
December	206,233,450	21,376,308	227,609,758	43,255,230	184,354,528	227,609,758
1881—January	210,562,412	12,616,655	223,179,067	42,330,764	180,848,303	223,179,067
February	232,601,378	18,532,553	251,133,931	43,034,629	208,099,302	251,133,931
March	232,766,310	16,059,974	248,826,284	43,034,510	205,791,774	248,826,284
April	234,262,989	13,662,245	247,925,234	43,303,030	204,622,204	247,925,234
May	233,773,253	16,736,231	250,509,484	46,365,157	204,144,327	250,509,484
June	235,254,254	19,924,242	255,178,496	41,542,673	213,635,823	255,178,496
July	227,497,148	19,857,904	247,355,052	45,810,619	201,544,433	247,355,052
August	237,904,948	13,102,988	251,007,936	51,107,790	199,900,146	251,007,936
September	235,146,343	16,305,128	251,451,471	46,931,191	204,520,280	251,451,471
October	227,678,796	14,221,197	241,899,993	50,011,857	191,888,136	241,899,993
November	232,443,531	14,987,022	247,430,553	53,623,934	193,806,619	247,430,553
December	226,405,927	21,875,695	248,281,622	48,667,189	199,614,433	248,281,622
1882—January	225,445,801	13,422,316	238,868,117	48,334,870	190,533,247	238,868,117
February	237,016,611	13,932,661	250,949,272	53,782,938	197,166,334	250,949,272
March	233,636,415	12,723,589	246,360,004	48,222,573	198,137,431	246,360,004
April	227,180,718	13,382,761	240,563,479	46,512,999	194,050,480	240,563,479
May	235,153,131	14,661,280	249,814,411	57,952,635	191,861,776	249,814,411
June	235,107,471	11,842,551	246,950,022	51,057,603	195,892,419	246,950,022
July	236,293,996	13,920,473	250,214,469	56,021,499	194,192,970	250,214,469
August	239,815,737	13,979,775	253,795,512	58,325,898	195,469,614	253,795,512
September	235,862,185	20,172,836	256,035,021	57,493,848	198,541,173	256,035,021
October	232,216,183	26,536,234	258,752,417	55,110,116	203,642,301	258,752,417
November	227,788,472	43,233,314	271,021,786	63,512,033	207,509,753	271,021,786
December	213,964,241	43,260,987	257,225,228	52,255,919	204,969,309	257,225,228
1883—January	217,286,075	32,845,467	250,131,542	50,086,022	200,045,520	250,131,542
February	227,198,919	15,511,578	242,710,497	56,492,109	186,218,388	242,710,497
March	230,452,675	18,511,785	248,964,460	57,410,902	191,553,558	248,964,460
April	232,731,536	15,655,301	248,386,837	62,831,269	185,555,568	248,386,837
May	233,393,499	15,436,253	248,829,752	68,300,515	180,529,237	248,829,752
June	242,188,649	15,205,995	257,394,644	60,217,302	197,177,342	257,394,644
July	247,669,232	15,130,922	262,800,154	61,677,155	201,122,999	262,800,154
August	252,841,310	14,123,297	266,964,607	67,374,440	199,090,167	266,964,607
September	249,981,216	13,576,392	263,557,608	60,382,196	203,175,412	263,557,608
October	250,700,835	12,860,399	263,561,234	59,069,594	204,491,640	263,561,234
November	251,202,484	14,431,615	265,634,099	67,511,694	198,122,405	265,634,099
December	244,039,831	14,253,448	258,293,279	59,595,038	198,698,241	258,293,279
1884—January	243,624,235	14,742,459	258,366,694	54,182,494	204,184,200	258,366,694
February	247,756,274	14,182,913	261,939,187	62,836,975	199,102,212	261,939,187
March	248,068,281	13,807,080	261,875,361	55,364,898	206,510,463	261,875,361
April	249,546,387	13,189,747	262,736,134	56,648,635	206,087,499	262,736,134
May	246,506,174	14,944,269	261,450,443	60,465,119	200,985,324	261,450,443
June	243,323,870	13,660,660	256,984,530	56,219,832	200,764,698	256,984,530
July	236,095,241	14,998,720	251,093,961	57,982,813	193,111,148	251,093,961
August	241,422,793	14,536,221	255,959,014	60,301,944	195,657,070	255,959,014
September	242,464,314	13,517,091	255,981,405	51,734,143	204,247,262	255,981,405
October	237,193,035	16,948,224	254,141,259	50,604,070	203,537,189	254,141,259
November	231,845,064	14,502,269	246,347,333	51,722,878	194,624,455	246,347,333
December	229,305,366	14,180,602	243,485,968	51,287,753	192,198,215	243,485,968

No. 33.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE TREASURY IN EXCESS OF CERTIFICATES AND TREASURY NOTES AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Cont'd.

Month.	Assets.			Liabilities.		
	Gold, silver, and notes.	Other.	Total.	Agency account.	Balance.	Total.
1885—January	$224,229,742	$14,754,442	$238,984,184	$44,429,907	$194,554,277	$238,984,184
February	232,176,538	14,762,734	246,939,272	47,195,100	199,744,172	246,939,272
March	232,297,561	13,740,036	246,037,597	46,651,453	199,386,144	246,037,597
April	232,497,069	15,216,093	247,713,162	47,176,959	200,536,203	247,713,162
May	242,060,907	14,600,706	256,661,613	50,948,612	205,713,001	256,661,613
June	244,864,936	14,768,856	259,633,792	42,434,817	217,198,975	259,633,792
July	248,086,422	14,618,467	262,704,889	47,354,154	215,350,735	262,704,889
August	257,987,094	14,427,844	272,414,938	52,767,961	219,646,977	272,414,938
September	266,639,086	12,938,189	279,577,275	46,370,553	233,206,722	279,577,275
October	272,803,813	14,422,143	287,225,956	43,660,215	243,565,741	287,225,956
November	282,272,126	14,253,299	296,525,425	50,755,985	245,769,440	296,525,425
December	285,412,973	13,535,082	298,948,055	41,060,240	257,387,815	298,948,055
1886—January	291,332,609	14,790,083	306,122,692	40,904,725	265,217,967	306,122,692
February	299,241,760	15,475,373	314,717,133	48,802,890	265,914,243	314,717,133
March	300,733,519	14,424,370	315,157,889	39,392,480	275,765,409	315,157,889
April	302,401,450	15,836,506	318,237,956	39,888,649	278,349,307	318,237,956
May	307,483,912	15,752,158	323,236,070	41,324,214	281,911,856	323,236,070
June	308,830,703	18,652,806	327,483,509	39,969,550	287,513,959	327,483,509
July	310,995,131	16,375,469	327,370,600	43,977,454	283,393,146	327,370,600
August	320,164,085	15,860,469	336,024,554	54,510,525	281,514,029	336,024,554
September	313,074,676	14,803,209	327,877,885	48,033,854	279,844,031	327,877,885
October	305,429,946	16,725,325	322,155,271	43,184,403	278,970,868	322,155,271
November	305,292,012	18,861,896	324,153,908	49,971,280	274,182,628	324,153,908
December	298,753,955	24,368,553	323,122,508	43,600,946	279,521,562	323,122,508
1887—January	304,213,998	19,418,932	323,632,930	42,048,255	281,584,675	323,632,930
February	312,056,685	19,952,406	332,009,091	52,229,668	279,779,423	332,009,091
March	310,641,220	20,156,995	330,798,215	47,919,666	282,878,549	330,798,215
April	309,682,388	21,148,281	330,830,669	44,802,138	286,028,531	330,830,669
May	319,206,006	23,004,380	342,210,386	51,006,062	291,144,324	342,210,386
June	316,512,933	28,473,594	344,986,527	40,669,659	304,316,868	344,986,527
July	315,414,705	24,068,646	339,483,351	47,497,241	291,986,110	339,483,351
August	321,448,677	27,846,449	349,295,126	58,548,564	290,746,562	349,295,126
September	308,945,850	32,352,104	341,297,954	52,234,292	289,063,662	341,297,954
October	311,891,621	33,133,118	345,024,739	48,953,361	296,071,378	345,024,739
November	314,053,438	43,639,069	357,692,507	62,165,058	295,527,449	357,692,507
December	305,303,500	56,762,221	362,065,721	49,959,839	312,105,882	362,065,721
888—January	308,589,702	59,763,008	368,352,710	46,767,018	321,585,692	368,352,710
February	320,647,897	61,747,047	382,394,944	52,799,621	329,595,323	382,394,944
March	324,414,748	61,483,814	385,898,562	44,730,923	341,167,639	385,898,562
April	325,090,934	62,218,761	387,309,695	45,901,287	341,408,408	387,309,695
May	320,110,618	60,266,996	380,377,614	52,530,640	327,846,974	380,377,614
June	319,067,278	60,276,461	379,343,739	43,716,727	335,627,012	379,343,739
July	321,855,456	60,075,280	381,930,736	50,318,268	331,612,468	381,930,736
August	330,763,985	59,312,237	390,076,222	56,547,688	333,528,534	390,076,222
September	309,979,848	59,363,740	369,343,588	47,705,644	321,637,944	369,343,588
October	286,900,020	56,541,669	343,441,689	48,053,268	295,388,421	343,441,689
November	287,019,521	52,532,150	339,551,671	64,803,462	274,748,209	339,551,671
December	281,536,690	52,755,501	334,292,191	50,336,356	283,955,835	334,292,191
1889—January	279,071,156	50,939,429	330,010,585	48,214,778	281,795,807	330,010,585
February	281,343,675	49,563,211	330,906,886	64,502,445	266,404,441	330,906,886
March	277,725,090	48,142,819	325,867,909	52,187,930	273,679,979	325,867,909
April	271,164,328	49,178,348	320,342,676	48,317,637	272,025,039	320,342,676
May	280,109,758	48,329,353	328,439,111	53,329,501	275,109,610	328,439,111
June	278,186,639	48,356,846	326,543,485	39,012,475	287,531,010	326,543,485
July	273,913,495	49,437,271	323,350,766	49,350,078	274,000,688	323,350,766
August	267,684,099	49,607,731	317,291,830	65,518,460	251,773,370	317,291,830
September	255,765,906	48,930,052	304,695,958	50,489,731	254,206,227	304,695,958
October	249,962,950	47,920,373	297,883,323	49,370,888	248,512,435	297,883,323
November	248,330,945	48,077,045	296,407,990	53,774,585	242,633,405	296,407,990
December	240,250,765	41,586,234	281,836,999	48,312,896	233,524,103	281,836,999
1890—January	237,127,126	38,509,953	275,637,079	46,802,039	228,835,040	275,637,079
February	249,236,968	34,033,710	283,270,678	53,961,477	229,309,201	283,270,678
March	241,099,620	32,312,879	273,412,499	44,722,623	228,689,876	273,412,499
April	243,315,561	32,776,502	276,092,063	48,878,308	227,213,755	276,092,063
May	251,916,769	31,468,070	283,384,839	55,048,394	228,336,445	283,384,839
June	255,892,905	31,916,024	287,808,929	42,196,465	245,612,464	287,808,929
July	251,010,626	32,798,090	283,808,716	49,738,798	234,069,918	283,808,716
August	247,389,952	35,137,010	282,526,962	66,619,851	215,907,111	282,526,962
September	192,494,361	34,772,735	227,267,096	48,146,749	179,120,347	227,267,096
October	197,483,624	33,309,599	230,793,223	55,661,784	175,131,439	230,793,223
November	199,942,004	29,937,697	229,879,701	65,493,407	164,386,294	229,879,701
December	185,053,533	30,239,753	215,293,286	52,050,877	163,242,409	215,293,286
1891—January	194,096,210	29,812,404	223,908,614	48,924,676	174,983,938	223,908,614
February	202,460,738	30,520,820	232,981,558	64,585,569	168,395,989	232,981,558
March	190,525,491	30,271,993	220,797,484	56,881,629	163,915,855	220,797,484
April	183,098,054	29,974,191	213,072,245	51,353,442	161,718,803	213,072,245
May	183,595,707	29,906,843	213,502,550	54,615,831	158,886,719	213,502,550
June	176,459,302	28,700,419	205,159,721	51,265,912	153,893,809	205,159,721
July	180,008,886	27,137,109	207,145,995	51,362,278	155,783,717	207,145,995

No. 33.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE TREASURY IN EXCESS OF CERTIFICATES AND TREASURY NOTES AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Cont'd.

Month.	Assets.			Liabilities.		
	Gold, silver, and notes.	Other.	Total.	Agency account.	Balance.	Total.
1891—August	$184,330,593	$23,193,152	$207,523,745	$47,249,350	$160,274,395	$207,523,745
September	170,262,728	21,598,734	191,861,462	46,873,493	144,987,969	191,861,462
October	159,276,086	20,874,762	180,150,848	40,478,929	139,671,919	180,150,848
November	158,628,130	20,506,912	179,135,042	40,008,123	139,126,919	179,135,042
December	159,903,165	20,254,009	180,157,174	45,583,045	134,574,129	180,157,174
1892—January	153,339,469	20,027,992	173,367,461	41,999,000	131,368,461	173,367,461
February	150,363,638	18,934,905	169,298,543	37,136,339	132,162,204	169,298,543
March	153,878,031	18,786,732	172,664,763	39,765,879	132,898,884	172,664,763
April	146,226,719	21,476,057	167,702,776	36,184,614	131,518,162	167,702,776
May	142,871,652	18,347,226	161,218,878	35,212,991	126,005,887	161,218,878
June	147,906,092	17,336,589	165,242,681	38,550,304	126,692,377	165,242,681
July	147,409,313	16,894,155	164,303,468	37,253,182	127,050,286	164,303,468
August	149,702,165	16,357,286	166,059,451	36,907,108	129,152,343	166,059,451
September	154,759,126	16,275,838	171,034,964	39,139,046	131,895,918	171,034,964
October	151,757,069	16,436,536	168,193,605	37,182,203	131,011,402	168,193,605
November	151,070,029	16,035,118	167,105,147	36,776,228	130,328,919	167,105,147
December	154,252,049	16,061,920	170,313,969	41,221,379	129,092,590	170,313,969
1893—January	149,406,836	15,975,811	165,382,647	40,117,580	125,265,067	165,382,647
February	146,812,418	15,681,504	162,493,922	38,365,833	124,128,089	162,493,922
March	149,385,695	15,954,641	165,340,336	39,709,608	125,630,728	165,340,336
April	144,432,390	16,095,105	160,527,495	39,044,592	121,482,903	160,527,495
May	143,337,580	16,254,388	159,591,968	38,026,813	121,565,155	159,591,968
June	138,520,092	21,930,590	160,450,682	37,988,392	122,462,290	160,450,682
July	138,235,112	17,044,003	155,279,115	37,391,549	117,887,566	155,279,115
August	129,557,530	17,685,476	147,243,006	39,959,096	107,283,910	147,243,006
September	132,109,515	17,213,277	149,322,792	42,447,160	106,875,632	149,322,792
October	121,415,283	20,421,870	141,837,153	39,542,862	102,294,291	141,837,153
November	118,370,140	17,220,993	135,591,133	40,391,517	95,199,616	135,591,133
December	117,143,042	16,154,235	133,297,277	42,921,722	90,375,555	133,297,277
1894—January	108,372,617	16,688,354	125,060,971	40,978,873	84,082,098	125,060,971
February	160,845,098	16,320,829	177,165,927	38,503,563	138,662,364	177,165,927
March	159,614,695	16,538,984	176,153,679	42,203,653	133,950,026	176,153,679
April	153,996,147	16,840,719	170,836,866	45,739,079	125,097,787	170,836,866
May	145,215,497	16,939,322	162,154,819	44,300,484	117,854,335	162,154,819
June	141,787,882	17,395,264	159,183,146	41,598,709	117,584,437	159,183,146
July	139,763,280	17,466,156	157,229,436	38,164,085	119,065,351	157,229,436
August	149,021,888	17,330,897	166,352,785	39,204,689	127,148,096	166,352,785
September	145,333,860	16,365,597	161,699,457	41,779,739	119,919,718	161,699,457
October	130,653,343	16,406,248	147,059,591	39,719,445	107,340,146	147,059,591
November	170,139,847	16,729,474	186,869,321	42,361,715	144,507,606	186,869,321
December	176,422,466	16,197,719	192,620,185	39,282,606	153,337,579	192,620,185
1895—January	166,535,702	16,156,715	182,692,417	38,089,115	144,603,302	182,692,417
February	208,801,355	16,534,018	225,335,373	47,137,786	178,197,587	225,335,373
March	213,068,981	16,224,165	229,293,146	41,375,886	187,917,260	229,293,146
April	203,956,684	16,797,028	220,753,712	39,935,796	180,817,916	220,753,712
May	207,623,292	16,483,721	224,107,013	38,736,912	185,370,101	224,107,013
June	214,950,703	16,903,120	231,853,823	36,613,670	195,240,153	231,853,823
July	209,677,315	15,920,824	225,598,139	38,448,607	187,149,532	225,598,139
August	208,758,113	15,817,540	224,575,653	40,536,496	184,039,157	224,575,653
September	211,614,611	16,047,106	227,661,717	42,256,352	185,405,365	227,661,717
October	205,521,752	15,513,186	221,034,938	41,086,939	179,947,999	221,034,938
November	202,607,758	15,525,261	218,133,019	40,726,633	177,406,386	218,133,019
December	204,202,686	15,352,088	219,554,774	41,527,574	178,027,200	219,554,774
1896—January	195,851,629	16,159,325	212,010,954	40,419,174	171,591,780	212,010,954
February	274,625,928	25,624,630	300,260,558	37,553,551	262,707,007	300,260,558
March	283,859,345	28,200,349	312,059,694	40,417,946	271,641,748	312,059,694
April	280,213,372	27,991,933	308,205,305	38,114,643	270,090,662	308,205,305
May	283,842,131	22,277,866	306,119,997	38,926,787	267,193,210	306,119,997
June	288,679,727	18,114,936	306,794,663	39,362,566	267,432,097	306,794,663
July	279,387,590	17,263,185	296,650,775	40,492,302	256,158,473	296,650,775
August	267,739,496	17,992,277	285,731,773	42,385,372	243,346,401	285,731,773
September	266,947,206	18,171,245	285,118,451	43,963,994	241,154,457	285,118,451
October	254,695,938	17,639,362	272,335,300	38,762,537	233,572,763	272,335,300
November	251,299,785	17,137,873	268,437,658	43,080,558	225,357,100	268,437,658
December	255,367,336	17,286,645	272,653,981	44,333,599	228,320,382	272,653,981
1897—January	244,640,096	17,938,241	262,578,337	47,215,916	215,362,421	262,578,337
February	239,491,737	17,868,857	257,360,594	44,523,338	212,837,256	257,360,594
March	249,646,047	17,891,239	267,537,286	45,491,680	222,045,606	267,537,286
April	253,543,364	18,095,819	271,639,183	43,548,665	228,090,518	271,639,183
May	253,831,317	18,129,556	271,960,873	41,847,060	230,113,813	271,960,873
June	261,341,453	19,168,953	280,510,406	40,372,779	240,137,627	280,510,406
July	260,694,157	18,753,823	279,447,980	46,431,522	233,016,458	279,447,980
August	246,067,762	18,115,652	264,183,414	45,622,207	218,561,207	264,183,414
September	242,583,797	18,713,882	261,297,679	46,104,891	215,192,788	261,297,679

No. 34.—UNITED STATES NOTES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1862.					
Five dollars	$17,140,000	$17,140,000			$17,140,000.00
Ten dollars	15,440,000	15,440,000			15,440,000.00
Twenty dollars	15,040,000	15,040,000			15,040,000.00
Fifty dollars	13,000,000	13,000,000			13,000,000.00
One hundred dollars	13,000,000	13,000,000			13,000,000.00
Five hundred dollars	13,000,000	13,000,000			13,000,000.00
One thousand dollars	12,000,000	12,000,000	$2,000,000.00	$2,000,000.00	10,000,000.00
Total	98,620,000	98,620,000	2,000,000.00	2,000,000.00	96,620,000.00
1863.					
One dollar	16,000,000	16,000,000	13,032.00	13,032.00	15,986,968.00
Two dollars	17,000,000	17,000,000	5,044.00	5,044.00	16,994,956.00
Five dollars	62,860,000	80,000,000	59,735.00	59,735.00	79,940,265.00
Ten dollars	74,560,000	90,000,000	46,140.00	46,140.00	89,953,860.00
Twenty dollars	59,960,000	75,000,000	62,160.00	62,160.00	74,937,840.00
Fifty dollars	10,080,000	23,080,000	44,000.00	44,000.00	23,036,000.00
One hundred dollars	17,800,000	30,800,000	1,300.00	1,300.00	30,798,700.00
Five hundred dollars	13,500,000	26,500,000	1,000.00	1,000.00	26,499,000.00
One thousand dollars	19,500,000	31,500,000	1,000.00	2,001,000.00	29,499,000.00
Total	291,260,000	389,880,000	233,411.00	2,233,411.00	387,646,589.00
1864.					
One dollar	946,000	16,946,000	96,759.35	109,791.35	16,836,208.65
Two dollars	768,000	17,768,000	62,648.05	67,692.05	17,700,307.95
Five dollars	15,700,000	95,700,000	175,290.50	235,025.50	95,464,974.50
Ten dollars	18,880,000	108,880,000	156,233.50	202,373.50	108,677,626.50
Twenty dollars	11,919,680	86,919,680	231,622.00	293,782.00	86,625,898.00
Fifty dollars	6,975,200	30,055,200	90,622.50	134,622.50	29,920,577.50
One hundred dollars	3,544,000	34,344,000	181,400.00	182,700.00	34,161,300.00
Five hundred dollars	7,414,000	33,914,000	8,467,500.00	8,468,500.00	25,445,500.00
One thousand dollars	17,904,000	49,404,000	10,304,000.00	12,305,000.00	37,099,000.00
Total	84,050,880	473,930,880	19,766,075.90	21,999,486.90	451,931,393.10
Unknown, in reserve		4,631,190			4,631,190.00
Net	84,050,880	469,299,690	19,766,075.90	21,999,486.90	447,300,203.10
1865.					
One dollar	1,186,000	18,132,000	260,954.40	370,745.75	17,761,254.25
Two dollars	2,128,000	19,896,000	260,574.20	328,266.25	19,567,733.75
Five dollars	963,820	96,663,820	394,275.50	629,301.00	96,034,519.00
Ten dollars	1,125,040	110,005,040	311,263.00	513,636.50	109,491,403.50
Twenty dollars		86,919,680	526,033.00	819,815.00	86,099,865.00
Fifty dollars		30,055,200	190,947.50	325,570.00	29,729,630.00
One hundred dollars		34,344,000	333,140.00	515,840.00	33,828,160.00
Five hundred dollars		33,914,000	632,475.00	9,100,975.00	24,813,025.00
One thousand dollars		49,404,000	1,344,000.00	13,649,000.00	35,755,000.00
Total	5,402,860	479,333,740	4,253,662.60	26,253,149.50	453,080,590.50
Unknown, in reserve		22,014,162			22,014,162.51
Net	5,402,860	457,319,578	4,253,662.60	26,253,149.50	431,066,427.99
1866.					
One dollar	714,000	18,846,000	1,266,495.15	1,637,240.90	17,208,759.10
Two dollars	664,000	20,560,000	1,421,898.50	1,750,164.75	18,809,835.25
Five dollars		96,663,820	588,593.50	1,217,894.50	95,445,925.50
Ten dollars		110,005,040	473,548.00	987,184.50	109,017,855.50
Twenty dollars		86,919,680	969,532.00	1,789,347.00	85,130,333.00
Fifty dollars		30,055,200	406,892.50	732,462.50	29,322,737.50
One hundred dollars		34,344,000	552,675.00	1,068,515.00	33,275,485.00
Five hundred dollars	11,000,000	44,914,000	387,425.00	9,488,400.00	35,425,600.00
One thousand dollars	22,000,000	71,404,000	672,800.00	14,321,800.00	57,082,200.00
Total	34,378,000	513,711,740	6,739,859.65	32,993,009.15	480,718,730.85
Unknown, in reserve		79,932,425			79,932,425.00
Net	34,378,000	433,779,315	6,739,859.65	32,993,009.15	400,786,305.85
1867.					
One dollar	1,500,000	20,346,000	3,220,683.25	4,857,924.15	15,488,075.85
Two dollars	2,000,000	22,560,000	3,691,717.10	5,441,881.85	17,118,118.15
Five dollars		96,663,820	30,397,678.75	31,615,573.25	65,048,246.75

No. 34.—UNITED STATES NOTES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1867.					
Ten dollars		$110,005,040	$22,679,294.75	$23,666,479.25	$86,338,560.75
Twenty dollars		86,919,680	19,138,210.00	20,927,557.00	65,992,123.00
Fifty dollars		30,055,200	2,985,275.00	3,717,737.50	26,337,462.50
One hundred dollars		34,344,000	5,263,050.00	6,331,565.00	28,012,435.00
Five hundred dollars	$2,040,000	46,954,000	5,301,325.00	14,789,725.00	32,164,275.00
One thousand dollars	56,412,000	127,816,000	64,403,900.00	78,725,700.00	49,090,300.00
Total	61,952,000	575,663,740	157,081,133.85	190,074,143.00	385,589,597.00
Unknown, in reserve		13,806,000			13,806,000.00
Net	61,952,000	561,857,740	157,081,133.85	190,074,143.00	371,783,597.00
1868.					
One dollar	2,483,348	22,829,348	4,297,683.25	9,155,607.40	13,673,740.60
Two dollars	3,510,696	26,070,696	4,667,751.70	10,109,633.55	15,961,062.45
Five dollars		96,663,820	2,210,801.25	33,826,374.50	62,837,445.50
Ten dollars		110,005,040	3,506,372.50	27,172,851.75	82,832,188.25
Twenty dollars		86,919,680	2,391,665.00	23,319,222.00	63,600,458.00
Fifty dollars		30,055,200	841,932.50	4,559,670.00	25,495,530.00
One hundred dollars		34,344,000	974,975.00	7,306,540.00	27,037,460.00
Five hundred dollars	2,032,000	48,986,000	1,504,975.00	16,294,700.00	32,691,300.00
One thousand dollars	8,112,000	135,928,000	5,459,000.00	84,184,700.00	51,743,300.00
Total	16,138,044	591,801,784	25,855,156.20	215,929,299.20	375,872,484.80
Unknown, in reserve		19,872,484			19,872,484.80
Net	16,138,044	571,929,300	25,855,156.20	215,929,299.20	356,000,000.00
1869.					
One dollar	5,522,000	28,351,348	4,929,028.40	14,084,635.80	14,266,712.20
Two dollars	8,000,432	34,071,128	5,287,765.90	15,397,399.45	18,673,728.55
Five dollars	4,336,180	101,000,000	6,641,495.50	40,467,870.00	60,532,130.00
Ten dollars	8,004,960	118,010,000	6,833,888.00	34,006,739.75	84,003,260.25
Twenty dollars	16,000,320	102,920,000	5,816,229.00	29,135,451.00	73,784,549.00
Fifty dollars		30,055,200	7,211,355.00	11,771,025.00	18,284,175.00
One hundred dollars	5,656,000	40,000,000	6,010,285.00	13,316,825.00	26,683,175.00
Five hundred dollars	10,000,000	58,986,000	7,548,475.00	23,843,175.00	35,142,825.00
One thousand dollars	20,000,000	155,928,000	7,669,000.00	91,853,700.00	64,074,300.00
Total	77,519,892	669,321,676	57,947,521.80	273,876,821.00	395,444,855.00
Unknown, in reserve		39,444,855			39,444,855.00
Net	77,519,892	629,876,821	57,947,521.80	273,876,821.00	356,000,000.00
1870.					
One dollar	8,220,000	36,571,348	4,422,884.45	18,507,520.25	18,063,827.75
Two dollars	14,032,000	48,103,128	5,209,611.30	20,607,010.75	27,496,117.25
Five dollars	19,580,000	120,580,000	9,493,971.25	49,961,841.25	70,618,158.75
Ten dollars	37,920,000	155,930,000	17,681,072.50	51,687,812.25	104,242,187.75
Twenty dollars	23,760,000	126,680,000	9,685,403.00	38,820,854.00	87,859,146.00
Fifty dollars	20,600,000	50,655,200	6,677,217.50	18,448,242.50	32,206,957.50
One hundred dollars	28,600,000	68,600,000	6,721,460.00	20,038,285.00	48,561,715.00
Five hundred dollars		58,986,000	11,495,475.00	35,338,650.00	23,647,350.00
One thousand dollars		155,928,000	23,968,000.00	115,821,700.00	40,106,300.00
Total	152,712,000	822,033,676	95,355,095.00	369,231,916.00	452,801,760.00
Less reserve:					
One dollar		1,060			1,060.00
Two dollars		893,000			893,000.00
Five dollars		14,000,000			14,000,000.00
Ten dollars		21,366,000			21,366,000.00
Twenty dollars		16,360,000			16,360,000.00
Fifty dollars		10,055,000			10,055,000.00
One hundred dollars		23,085,700			23,085,700.00
Five hundred dollars		2,041,000			2,041,000.00
One thousand dollars		9,000,000			9,000,000.00
Total		96,801,760			96,801,760.00
Net:					
One dollar		36,570,288	4,422,884.45	18,507,520.25	18,062,767.75
Two dollars		47,210,128	5,209,611.30	20,607,010.75	26,603,117.25
Five dollars		106,580,000	10,053,996.25	49,961,841.25	56,618,158.75
Ten dollars		134,564,000	19,001,072.50	51,687,812.25	82,876,187.75

No. 34.—UNITED STATES NOTES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1870.					
Net:					
Twenty dollars	.....	$110,320,000	$21,605,403.00	$38,820,854.00	$71,499,146.00
Fifty dollars	.....	40,600,200	9,223,617.50	18,448,242.50	22,151,957.50
One hundred dollars	.....	45,514,300	11,411,460.00	20,038,285.00	25,476,015.00
Five hundred dollars	.....	56,945,000	16,433,475.00	35,338,650.00	21,606,350.00
One thousand dollars	.....	146,928,000	37,812,000.00	115,821,700.00	31,106,300.00
Total	.....	725,231,916	135,173,520.00	369,231,916.00	356,000,000.00
1871.					
One dollar	$7,480,611	44,050,899	5,002,208.45	23,509,728.70	20,541,170.30
Two dollars	5,985,000	53,195,128	6,821,860.80	27,428,871.55	25,766,256.45
Five dollars	5,860,000	112,440,000	14,016,532.25	63,978,373.50	48,461,626.50
Ten dollars	11,266,000	145,830,000	16,997,841.50	68,685,653.75	77,144,346.25
Twenty dollars	12,995,000	123,315,000	16,607,793.00	55,428,647.00	67,886,353.00
Fifty dollars	6,555,000	47,155,200	5,089,320.00	23,537,562.50	23,617,637.50
One hundred dollars	8,705,700	54,220,000	8,915,880.00	28,954,165.00	25,265,835.00
Five hundred dollars	25,341,000	82,286,000	16,069,875.00	51,408,525.00	30,877,475.00
One thousand dollars	36,400,000	183,328,000	31,067,000.00	146,888,700.00	36,439,300.00
Total	120,588,311	845,820,227	120,588,311.00	489,820,227.00	356,000,000.00
1872.					
One dollar	9,931,304	53,982,203	5,724,516.60	29,234,245.30	24,747,957.70
Two dollars	9,172,000	62,367,128	7,566,791.90	34,995,663.45	27,371,464.55
Five dollars	9,962,500	122,402,500	11,658,604.00	75,636,977.50	46,765,522.50
Ten dollars	12,210,000	158,040,000	13,584,505.50	82,270,159.25	75,769,840.75
Twenty dollars	13,001,000	136,316,000	13,264,976.50	68,693,623.50	67,622,376.50
Fifty dollars	4,035,000	51,190,200	2,700,294.50	26,237,857.00	24,952,343.00
One hundred dollars	5,098,000	59,318,000	4,722,665.00	33,676,830.00	25,641,170.00
Five hundred dollars	1,258,000	83,544,000	4,409,450.00	55,817,975.00	27,726,025.00
One thousand dollars	4,932,000	188,260,000	4,468,000.00	151,356,700.00	36,903,300.00
Total	69,599,804	915,420,031	68,099,804.00	557,920,031.00	357,500,000.00
1873.					
One dollar	6,981,567	60,963,770	6,517,793.20	35,752,038.50	25,211,731.50
Two dollars	7,816,000	70,183,128	7,712,608.55	42,708,272.00	27,474,856.00
Five dollars	9,537,500	121,940,000	9,903,055.00	85,540,032.50	46,399,967.50
Ten dollars	9,930,000	167,970,000	12,367,770.75	94,637,930.00	73,332,070.00
Twenty dollars	10,284,000	146,600,000	10,732,676.50	79,426,300.00	67,173,700.00
Fifty dollars	3,000,000	54,190,200	1,755,468.00	27,993,325.00	26,196,875.00
One hundred dollars	4,792,000	64,110,000	2,692,370.00	36,369,200.00	27,740,800.00
Five hundred dollars	3,067,000	86,611,000	5,529,025.00	61,347,000.00	25,264,000.00
One thousand dollars	8,111,000	196,371,000	6,808,300.00	158,165,000.00	38,206,000.00
Total	63,519,067	978,939,098	64,019,067.00	621,939,098.00	357,000,000.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	63,519,067	978,939,098	65,019,067.00	622,939,098.00	356,000,000.00
1874.					
One dollar	8,931,669	69,895,439	8,571,888.50	44,323,927.00	25,571,512.00
Two dollars	10,177,520	80,360,648	9,534,938.00	52,243,210.00	28,117,438.00
Five dollars	12,595,760	144,535,760	8,452,272.50	93,992,305.00	50,543,455.00
Ten dollars	15,665,240	183,635,240	12,273,385.00	106,911,315.00	76,723,925.00
Twenty dollars	14,178,400	160,778,400	8,887,230.00	88,313,530.00	72,464,870.00
Fifty dollars	5,230,000	59,420,200	2,030,775.00	30,024,100.00	29,396,100.00
One hundred dollars	9,503,300	73,613,300	2,695,400.00	39,064,600.00	34,548,700.00
Five hundred dollars	17,065,000	103,676,000	34,118,000.00	95,465,000.00	8,211,000.00
One thousand dollars	27,057,000	223,428,000	7,840,000.00	166,005,000.00	57,423,000.00
Total	120,403,889	1,099,342,987	94,403,889.00	716,342,987.00	383,000,000.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	120,403,889	1,099,342,987	94,403,889.00	717,342,987.00	382,000,000.00
1875.					
One dollar	14,626,156	84,521,595	12,780,804.50	57,104,731.50	27,416,863.50
Two dollars	10,934,400	91,295,048	12,706,512.00	64,949,722.00	26,345,326.00
Five dollars	6,926,000	151,461,760	12,617,201.50	106,609,506.50	44,852,253.50
Ten dollars	13,560,000	197,195,240	17,129,380.00	124,040,695.00	73,154,545.00
Twenty dollars	10,160,000	170,938,400	15,242,828.00	103,556,358.00	67,382,042.00
Fifty dollars	8,960,700	68,380,900	7,096,850.00	37,120,950.00	31,259,950.00
One hundred dollars	3,290,700	76,904,000	6,620,800.00	45,685,400.00	31,218,600.00

No. 34.—UNITED STATES NOTES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1875.					
Five hundred dollars	$27,950,000	$131,626,000	$5,463,000.00	$100,928,000.00	$30,698,000.00
One thousand dollars	7,500,000	230,928,000	20,479,000.00	186,484,000.00	44,444,000.00
Total	103,907,956	1,203,250,943	110,136,376.00	826,479,363.00	376,771,580.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	103,907,956	1,203,250,943	110,136,376.00	827,479,363.00	375,771,580.00
1876.					
One dollar	13,444,758	97,966,353	12,854,116.60	69,958,848.10	28,007,504.90
Two dollars	12,792,000	104,087,048	11,656,846.40	76,606,568.40	27,480,479.60
Five dollars	13,080,000	164,541,760	11,614,081.00	118,223,587.50	46,318,172.50
Ten dollars	11,196,000	208,391,240	14,945,686.00	138,986,381.00	69,404,859.00
Twenty dollars	12,184,000	183,122,400	13,187,379.00	116,743,737.00	66,378,663.00
Fifty dollars	10,151,000	78,531,900	5,922,185.00	43,043,135.00	35,488,765.00
One hundred dollars	5,680,000	82,584,000	9,676,760.00	55,362,160.00	27,221,840.00
Five hundred dollars	12,450,000	144,076,000	9,379,500.00	110,307,500.00	33,768,500.00
One thousand dollars	200,000	231,128,000	7,940,500.00	194,424,500.00	36,703,500.00
Total	91,177,758	1,294,428,701	97,177,054.00	923,656,417.00	370,772,284.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	91,177,758	1,294,428,701	97,177,054.00	924,656,417.00	369,772,284.00
1877.					
One dollar	10,147,399	108,113,752	12,994,606.10	82,953,454.20	25,160,297.80
Two dollars	9,432,000	113,519,048	11,542,653.40	88,149,221.80	25,369,826.20
Five dollars	14,180,000	178,721,760	11,199,948.50	129,423,536.00	49,298,224.00
Ten dollars	7,320,000	215,711,240	12,189,152.00	151,175,533.00	64,535,707.00
Twenty dollars	8,160,000	191,282,400	11,931,466.00	128,675,203.00	62,607,197.00
Fifty dollars	5,983,300	84,515,200	5,559,155.00	48,602,290.00	35,912,910.00
One hundred dollars	6,985,200	89,569,200	4,796,870.00	60,159,030.00	29,410,170.00
Five hundred dollars	5,733,000	149,809,000	5,617,000.00	115,924,500.00	33,884,500.00
One thousand dollars	4,500,000	235,628,000	6,618,000.00	201,042,500.00	34,585,500.00
Total	72,440,899	1,366,869,600	82,448,851.00	1,006,105,268.00	360,764,332.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	72,440,899	1,366,869,600	82,448,851.00	1,007,105,268.00	359,764,332.00
1878.					
One dollar	7,562,351	115,676,103	11,792,774.50	94,746,228.70	20,929,874.30
Two dollars	6,288,000	119,207,048	10,746,878.00	98,896,099.80	20,910,948.20
Five dollars	15,820,000	194,541,760	10,448,667.50	139,872,203.50	54,669,556.50
Ten dollars	11,380,000	227,091,240	10,364,063.00	161,539,596.00	65,551,644.00
Twenty dollars	9,200,000	200,482,400	9,086,554.00	137,761,757.00	62,720,643.00
Fifty dollars	3,200,000	87,715,200	11,930,230.00	60,532,520.00	27,182,680.00
One hundred dollars	6,408,600	95,977,800	4,194,100.00	64,353,130.00	31,624,670.00
Five hundred dollars	4,817,000	154,626,000	7,823,000.00	123,747,500.00	30,878,500.00
One thousand dollars	2,600,000	238,228,000	3,973,000.00	205,015,500.00	33,212,500.00
Total	67,275,951	1,434,145,551	80,359,267.00	1,086,464,535.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	67,275,951	1,434,145,551	80,359,267.00	1,087,464,535.00	346,681,016.00
1879.					
One dollar	6,503,133	122,179,236	9,223,026.50	103,969,255.20	18,209,980.80
Two dollars	5,892,000	125,699,048	8,710,295.00	107,606,394.80	18,092,653.20
Five dollars	11,060,000	205,601,760	11,622,443.50	151,494,647.00	54,107,113.00
Ten dollars	9,280,000	236,371,240	10,193,082.00	171,732,678.00	64,638,562.00
Twenty dollars	7,400,000	207,882,400	9,649,756.00	147,411,513.00	60,470,887.00
Fifty dollars	2,400,000	90,115,200	4,059,340.00	64,591,860.00	25,523,340.00
One hundred dollars	5,007,700	100,985,500	4,593,890.00	68,947,020.00	32,038,480.00
Five hundred dollars	5,650,000	160,276,000	3,959,000.00	127,706,500.00	32,569,500.00
One thousand dollars	3,900,000	242,128,000	2,042,000.00	207,057,500.00	35,070,500.00
Five thousand dollars	4,005,000	4,005,000	5,000.00	5,000.00	4,000,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	3,010,000	3,010,000	50,000.00	50,000.00	2,960,000.00
Total	64,107,833	1,498,253,384	64,107,833.00	1,150,572,368.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	64,107,833	1,498,253,384	64,107,833.00	1,151,572,368.00	346,681,016.00

No. 34.—UNITED STATES NOTES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1880.					
One dollar	$9,057,863	$131,237,099	$6,935,511.80	$110,904,767.00	$20,332,332.00
Two dollars	8,232,000	133,931,048	5,971,840.20	113,578,235.00	20,352,813.00
Five dollars	19,680,000	225,281,760	8,354,565.00	159,849,212.00	65,432,548.00
Ten dollars	16,520,000	252,891,240	6,241,811.00	177,974,489.00	74,916,751.00
Twenty dollars	17,360,000	225,242,400	5,687,680.00	153,099,193.00	72,143,207.00
Fifty dollars	1,400,000	91,515,200	2,114,345.00	66,706,205.00	24,808,995.00
One hundred dollars	3,052,700	104,038,200	2,293,310.00	71,240,330.00	32,797,870.00
Five hundred dollars	2,300,000	162,576,000	15,645,500.00	143,352,000.00	19,224,000.00
One thousand dollars	700,000	242,828,000	19,238,000.00	226,295,500.00	16,532,500.00
Five thousand dollars	1,000,000	5,005,000	4,320,000.00	4,325,000.00	680,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	2,000,000	5,010,000	4,500,000.00	4,550,000.00	460,000.00
Total	81,302,563	1,579,555,947	81,302,563.00	1,231,874,931.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	81,302,563	1,579,555,947	81,302,563.00	1,232,874,931.00	346,681,016.00
1881.					
One dollar	9,889,034	141,126,133	7,575,604.40	118,480,371.40	22,645,761.60
Two dollars	8,752,000	142,683,048	6,860,690.60	120,438,925.60	22,244,122.40
Five dollars	14,760,000	240,041,760	10,623,470.00	170,472,682.00	69,569,078.00
Ten dollars	9,160,000	262,051,240	7,086,364.00	185,060,853.00	76,990,387.00
Twenty dollars	6,240,000	231,482,400	6,111,610.00	159,210,803.00	72,271,597.00
Fifty dollars	1,200,000	92,715,200	2,306,085.00	69,012,290.00	23,702,910.00
One hundred dollars	2,944,300	106,982,500	2,794,510.00	74,034,840.00	32,947,660.00
Five hundred dollars	700,000	163,276,000	5,354,000.00	148,706,000.00	14,570,000.00
One thousand dollars	900,000	243,728,000	5,408,000.00	231,703,500.00	12,024,500.00
Five thousand dollars		5,005,000	225,000.00	4,550,000.00	455,000.00
Ten thousand dollars		5,010,000	200,000.00	4,750,000.00	260,000.00
Total	54,545,334	1,634,101,281	54,545,334.00	1,286,420,265.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	54,545,334	1,634,101,281	54,545,334.00	1,287,420,265.00	346,681,016.00
1882.					
One dollar	11,445,524	152,571,657	8,370,332.00	126,850,703.40	25,720,953.60
Two dollars	10,472,000	153,155,048	8,093,497.00	128,532,422.60	24,622,625.40
Five dollars	14,280,000	254,321,760	16,506,538.00	186,979,220.00	67,342,540.00
Ten dollars	6,680,000	268,731,240	10,885,621.00	195,946,474.00	72,784,766.00
Twenty dollars	5,680,000	237,162,400	9,294,126.00	168,504,929.00	68,657,471.00
Fifty dollars	3,200,000	95,915,200	2,711,140.00	71,723,430.00	24,191,770.00
One hundred dollars	4,527,900	111,510,400	3,006,170.00	77,041,010.00	34,469,390.00
Five hundred dollars	1,750,000	165,026,000	1,444,000.00	150,150,000.00	14,876,000.00
One thousand dollars	1,500,000	245,228,000	1,189,000.00	232,892,500.00	12,335,500.00
Five thousand dollars	4,995,000	10,000,000	5,030,000.00	9,580,000.00	420,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	14,990,000	20,000,000	12,990,000.00	17,740,000.00	2,260,000.00
Total	79,520,424	1,713,621,705	79,520,424.00	1,365,940,689.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	79,520,424	1,713,621,705	79,520,424.00	1,366,940,689.00	346,681,016.00
1883.					
One dollar	11,986,114	164,557,771	9,970,610.80	136,821,314.20	27,736,456.80
Two dollars	9,672,000	162,827,048	8,770,231.20	137,302,653.80	25,524,394.20
Five dollars	22,860,000	277,181,760	19,052,455.00	206,031,675.00	71,150,085.00
Ten dollars	14,240,000	282,971,240	14,291,880.00	210,238,354.00	72,732,886.00
Twenty dollars	6,000,000	243,162,400	12,210,562.00	180,715,491.00	62,446,909.00
Fifty dollars	3,900,000	99,815,200	4,205,875.00	75,929,305.00	23,885,895.00
One hundred dollars	4,356,600	115,867,000	4,523,600.00	81,564,610.00	34,302,390.00
Five hundred dollars	2,350,000	167,376,000	2,127,500.00	152,277,500.00	15,098,500.00
One thousand dollars	4,400,000	249,628,000	2,407,000.00	235,299,500.00	14,328,500.00
Five thousand dollars	10,000,000	20,000,000	10,105,000.00	19,685,000.00	315,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	20,000,000	40,000,000	22,100,000.00	39,840,000.00	160,000.00
Total	109,764,714	1,823,386,419	109,764,714.00	1,475,705,403.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	109,764,714	1,823,386,419	109,764,714.00	1,476,705,403.00	346,681,016.00
1884.					
One dollar	8,943,236	173,501,007	10,019,508.00	146,840,822.20	26,660,184.80
Two dollars	7,808,000	170,635,048	8,434,508.00	145,737,161.80	24,897,886.20
Five dollars	23,420,000	300,601,760	19,017,170.00	225,048,845.00	75,552,915.00
Ten dollars	12,160,000	295,131,240	15,365,870.00	225,604,224.00	69,527,016.00
Twenty dollars	9,280,000	252,442,400	13,672,280.00	194,387,771.00	58,054,629.00

No. 34.—UNITED STATES NOTES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1884.					
Fifty dollars	$4,200,000	$104,015,200	$4,877,000.00	$80,806,305.00	$23,208,895.00
One hundred dollars	5,237,000	121,104,000	5,898,400.00	87,463,010.00	33,640,990.00
Five hundred dollars	4,900,000	172,276,000	3,084,500.00	155,362,000.00	16,914,000.00
One thousand dollars	10,000,000	259,628,000	5,294,000.00	240,593,500.00	19,034,500.00
Five thousand dollars	.....	20,000,000	185,000.00	19,870,000.00	130,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	.....	40,000,000	100,000.00	39,940,000.00	60,000.00
Total	85,948,236	1,909,334,655	85,948,236.00	1,561,653,639.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	85,948,236	1,909,334,655	85,948,236.00	1,562,653,639.00	346,681,016.00
1885.					
One dollar	10,187,153	183,688,160	11,895,276.00	158,736,098.20	24,952,061.80
Two dollars	10,856,000	181,491,048	10,458,817.00	156,195,978.80	25,295,069.20
Five dollars	19,300,000	319,901,760	18,855,110.00	243,903,955.00	75,997,805.00
Ten dollars	9,640,000	304,771,240	14,627,630.00	240,231,854.00	64,539,386.00
Twenty dollars	9,760,000	262,202,400	12,688,120.00	207,075,891.00	55,126,509.00
Fifty dollars	4,800,000	108,815,200	4,549,000.00	85,355,305.00	23,459,895.00
One hundred dollars	5,600,000	126,704,000	6,344,200.00	93,807,210.00	32,896,790.00
Five hundred dollars	2,350,000	174,626,000	2,707,000.00	158,069,000.00	16,557,000.00
One thousand dollars	12,000,000	271,628,000	2,318,000.00	242,911,500.00	28,716,500.00
Five thousand dollars	.....	20,000,000	30,000.00	19,900,000.00	100,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	.....	40,000,000	20,000.00	39,960,000.00	40,000.00
Total	84,493,153	1,993,827,808	84,493,153.00	1,646,146,792.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	84,493,153	1,993,827,808	84,493,153.00	1,647,146,792.00	346,681,016.00
1886.					
One dollar	.....	183,688,160	7,348,139.40	166,084,237.60	17,603,922.40
Two dollars	.....	181,491,048	7,090,699.60	163,286,678.40	18,204,369.60
Five dollars	21,320,000	341,221,760	11,688,586.00	255,592,541.00	85,629,219.00
Ten dollars	9,960,000	314,731,240	7,840,725.00	248,072,579.00	66,658,661.00
Twenty dollars	7,120,000	269,322,400	7,168,130.00	214,244,021.00	55,078,379.00
Fifty dollars	2,000,000	110,815,200	2,168,630.00	87,523,935.00	23,291,265.00
One hundred dollars	4,700,000	131,404,000	6,237,090.00	100,044,300.00	31,359,700.00
Five hundred dollars	400,000	175,026,000	4,533,000.00	162,602,000.00	12,424,000.00
One thousand dollars	17,500,000	289,128,000	8,855,000.00	251,766,500.00	37,361,500.00
Five thousand dollars	.....	20,000,000	40,000.00	19,940,000.00	60,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	.....	40,000,000	30,000.00	39,990,000.00	10,000.00
Total	63,000,000	2,056,827,808	63,000,000.00	1,709,146,792.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	63,000,000	2,056,827,808	63,000,000.00	1,710,146,792.00	346,681,016.00
1887.					
One dollar	.....	183,688,160	8,806,545.90	174,890,783.50	8,797,376.50
Two dollars	.....	181,491,048	9,195,797.60	172,482,476.00	9,008,572.00
Five dollars	26,740,000	367,961,760	17,304,368.50	272,896,909.50	95,064,850.50
Ten dollars	22,640,000	337,371,240	8,927,190.00	256,999,769.00	80,371,471.00
Twenty dollars	16,240,000	285,562,400	7,389,018.00	221,633,039.00	63,929,361.00
Fifty dollars	2,000,000	112,815,200	3,382,280.00	90,906,215.00	21,908,985.00
One hundred dollars	2,800,000	134,204,000	4,516,300.00	104,560,600.00	29,643,400.00
Five hundred dollars	.....	175,026,000	4,719,500.00	167,321,500.00	7,704,500.00
One thousand dollars	3,648,000	292,776,000	9,812,000.00	261,578,500.00	31,197,500.00
Five thousand dollars	.....	20,000,000	15,000.00	19,955,000.00	45,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	.....	40,000,000	.....	39,990,000.00	10,000.00
Total	74,068,000	2,130,895,808	74,068,000.00	1,783,214,792.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	74,068,000	2,130,895,808	74,068,000.00	1,784,214,792.00	346,681,016.00
1888.					
One dollar	.....	183,688,160	3,617,144.00	178,507,927.50	5,180,232.50
Two dollars	.....	181,491,048	4,031,636.00	176,514,112.00	4,976,936.00
Five dollars	7,300,000	375,261,760	21,309,978.00	294,206,887.50	81,054,872.50
Ten dollars	17,000,000	354,371,240	11,107,070.00	268,106,839.00	86,264,401.00
Twenty dollars	28,860,000	314,362,400	7,915,437.00	229,548,476.00	84,813,924.00
Fifty dollars	2,860,000	115,615,200	2,838,435.00	93,744,650.00	21,870,550.00
One hundred dollars	4,900,000	139,104,000	3,439,300.00	107,999,900.00	31,104,100.00
Five hundred dollars	1,500,000	176,526,000	1,136,500.00	168,458,000.00	8,068,000.00
One thousand dollars	1,352,000	294,128,000	8,246,500.00	269,825,000.00	24,303,000.00

No. 34.—UNITED STATES NOTES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1888.					
Five thousand dollars	.....	$20,000,000	$10,000.00	$19,965,000.00	$35,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	.....	40,000,000	.....	39,990,000.00	10,000.00
Total	$63,652,000	2,194,547,808	63,652,000.00	1,846,866,792.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	63,652,000	2,194,547,808	63,652,000.00	1,847,866,792.00	346,681,016.00
1889.					
One dollar	.....	183,688,160	1,465,704.60	179,973,632.10	3,714,527.90
Two dollars	.....	181,491,048	1,625,642.40	178,139,754.40	3,351,293.60
Five dollars	.....	375,261,760	22,719,912.00	316,926,799.50	58,334,960.50
Ten dollars	13,720,000	368,091,240	13,400,148.00	281,506,987.00	86,584,253.00
Twenty dollars	18,880,000	333,242,400	10,280,678.00	239,829,154.00	93,413,246.00
Fifty dollars	6,000,000	121,615,200	3,628,135.00	97,372,785.00	24,242,415.00
One hundred dollars	7,600,000	146,704,000	3,895,280.00	111,895,180.00	34,808,820.00
Five hundred dollars	7,750,000	184,276,000	1,318,500.00	169,776,500.00	14,499,500.00
One thousand dollars	5,500,000	299,628,000	1,116,000.00	270,941,000.00	28,687,000.00
Five thousand dollars	.....	20,000,000	.....	19,965,000.00	35,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	.....	40,000,000	.....	39,990,000.00	10,000.00
Total	59,450,000	2,253,997,808	59,450,000.00	1,906,316,792.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	59,450,000	2,253,997,808	59,450,000.00	1,907,316,792.00	346,681,016.00
1890.					
One dollar	216,000	183,904,160	638,174.70	180,611,806.80	3,292,353.20
Two dollars	216,000	181,707,048	694,414.80	178,834,169.20	2,872,878.80
Five dollars	20,020,000	395,281,760	20,624,576.50	337,551,376.00	57,730,384.00
Ten dollars	19,720,000	387,811,240	15,893,453.00	297,400,440.00	90,410,800.00
Twenty dollars	31,360,000	364,602,400	13,286,896.00	253,116,050.00	111,486,350.00
Fifty dollars	1,800,000	123,415,200	4,580,015.00	101,952,800.00	21,462,400.00
One hundred dollars	3,400,000	150,104,000	5,684,470.00	117,579,650.00	32,524,350.00
Five hundred dollars	1,400,000	185,676,000	4,571,000.00	174,347,500.00	11,328,500.00
One thousand dollars	.....	299,628,000	12,149,000.00	283,090,000.00	16,538,000.00
Five thousand dollars	.....	20,000,000	10,000.00	19,975,000.00	25,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	.....	40,000,000	.....	39,990,000.00	10,000.00
Total	78,132,000	2,332,129,808	78,132,000.00	1,984,448,792.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	78,132,000	2,332,129,808	78,132,000.00	1,985,448,792.00	346,681,016.00
1891.					
One dollar	476,000	184,380,160	378,153.00	180,989,959.80	3,390,200.20
Two dollars	856,000	182,563,048	412,997.00	179,247,166.20	3,315,881.80
Five dollars	16,500,000	411,781,760	16,703,395.00	354,254,771.00	57,526,989.00
Ten dollars	19,440,000	407,251,240	18,265,425.00	315,665,865.00	91,585,375.00
Twenty dollars	25,120,000	389,722,400	17,889,980.00	271,006,030.00	118,716,370.00
Fifty dollars	1,800,000	124,815,200	4,018,850.00	105,971,650.00	18,843,550.00
One hundred dollars	2,100,000	152,204,000	5,904,700.00	123,484,350.00	28,719,650.00
Five hundred dollars	600,000	186,676,000	2,950,500.00	177,298,000.00	9,378,000.00
One thousand dollars	3,900,000	303,528,000	4,258,000.00	287,348,000.00	16,180,000.00
Five thousand dollars	.....	20,000,000	10,000.00	19,985,000.00	15,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	.....	40,000,000	.....	39,990,000.00	10,000.00
Total	70,792,000	2,402,921,808	70,792,000.00	2,055,240,792.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	70,792,000	2,402,921,808	70,792,000.00	2,056,240,792.00	346,681,016.00
1892.					
One dollar	1,208,000	185,588,160	536,135.00	181,526,094.80	4,062,065.20
Two dollars	336,000	182,899,048	570,420.00	179,817,586.20	3,081,461.80
Five dollars	19,480,000	431,261,760	15,412,785.00	369,667,556.00	61,594,204.00
Ten dollars	19,280,000	426,531,240	18,226,420.00	333,892,285.00	92,638,955.00
Twenty dollars	12,560,000	402,282,400	18,472,440.00	289,478,470.00	112,803,930.00
Fifty dollars	1,700,000	126,515,200	3,673,400.00	109,645,050.00	16,870,150.00
One hundred dollars	2,080,000	154,284,000	4,693,900.00	128,178,250.00	26,105,750.00
Five hundred dollars	5,520,000	192,196,000	2,378,500.00	179,676,500.00	12,519,500.00
One thousand dollars	4,100,000	307,628,000	2,300,000.00	289,648,000.00	17,980,000.00
Five thousand dollars	.....	20,000,000	.....	19,985,000.00	15,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	.....	40,000,000	.....	39,990,000.00	10,000.00
Total	66,264,000	2,469,185,808	66,264,000.00	2,121,504,792.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	66,264,000	2,469,185,808	66,264,000.00	2,122,504,792.00	346,681,016.00

No. 34.—UNITED STATES NOTES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1893.					
One dollar	$208,000	$185,796,160	$873,902.00	$182,399,996.80	$3,396,163.20
Two dollars	528,000	183,427,048	757,018.00	180,574,604.20	2,852,443.80
Five dollars	19,640,000	450,901,760	19,031,950.00	388,699,506.00	62,202,254.00
Ten dollars	22,320,000	448,851,240	23,905,380.00	357,797,665.00	91,053,575.00
Twenty dollars	17,040,000	419,322,400	28,366,300.00	317,844,770.00	101,477,630.00
Fifty dollars	2,300,000	128,815,200	4,730,850.00	114,375,900.00	14,439,300.00
One hundred dollars	4,520,000	158,804,000	7,220,600.00	135,398,850.00	23,405,150.00
Five hundred dollars	6,180,000	198,376,000	2,454,000.00	182,130,500.00	16,245,500.00
One thousand dollars	18,380,000	326,008,000	3,776,000.00	293,424,000.00	32,584,000.00
Five thousand dollars	.....	20,000,000	.....	19,985,000.00	15,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	.....	40,000,000	.....	39,990,000.00	10,000.00
Total	91,116,000	2,560,301,808	91,116,000.00	2,212,620,792.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	91,116,000	2,560,301,808	91,116,000.00	2,213,620,792.00	346,681,016.00
1894.					
One dollar	416,000	186,212,160	759,719.00	183,159,715.80	3,052,444.20
Two dollars	264,000	183,691,048	646,041.00	181,220,645.20	2,470,402.80
Five dollars	11,140,000	462,041,760	20,557,470.00	409,256,976.00	52,784,784.00
Ten dollars	17,680,000	466,531,240	24,639,290.00	382,436,955.00	84,094,285.00
Twenty dollars	19,280,000	438,602,400	25,631,880.00	343,476,650.00	95,125,750.00
Fifty dollars	2,470,000	131,285,200	2,775,900.00	117,151,800.00	14,133,400.00
One hundred dollars	4,090,000	162,894,000	3,504,200.00	138,903,050.00	23,990,950.00
Five hundred dollars	.....	198,376,000	4,206,500.00	186,337,000.00	12,039,000.00
One thousand dollars	35,620,000	361,628,000	8,239,000.00	301,663,000.00	59,965,000.00
Five thousand dollars	.....	20,000,000	.....	19,985,000.00	15,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	.....	40,000,000	.....	39,990,000.00	10,000.00
Total	90,960,000	2,651,261,808	90,960,000.00	2,303,580,792.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	90,960,000	2,651,261,808	90,960,000.00	2,304,580,792.00	346,681,016.00
1895.					
One dollar	732,000	186,944,160	599,333.00	183,759,048.80	3,185,111.20
Two dollars	608,000	184,299,048	498,302.00	181,718,947.20	2,580,100.80
Five dollars	18,000,000	480,041,760	16,463,365.00	425,720,341.00	54,321,419.00
Ten dollars	16,760,000	483,291,240	20,045,570.00	402,482,525.00	80,808,715.00
Twenty dollars	15,520,000	454,122,400	20,920,580.00	364,397,230.00	89,725,170.00
Fifty dollars	1,530,000	132,815,200	3,220,950.00	120,372,750.00	12,442,450.00
One hundred dollars	2,210,000	165,104,000	4,626,400.00	143,529,450.00	21,574,550.00
Five hundred dollars	.....	198,376,000	2,761,500.00	189,098,500.00	9,277,500.00
One thousand dollars	19,360,000	380,988,000	5,584,000.00	307,247,000.00	73,741,000.00
Five thousand dollars	.....	20,000,000	.....	19,985,000.00	15,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	.....	40,000,000	.....	39,990,000.00	10,000.00
Total	74,720,000	2,725,981,808	74,720,000.00	2,378,300,792.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	74,720,000	2,725,981,808	74,720,000.00	2,379,300,792.00	346,681,016.00
1896.					
One dollar	656,000	187,600,160	715,050.00	184,474,098.80	3,126,061.20
Two dollars	1,488,000	185,787,048	734,310.00	182,453,257.20	3,333,790.80
Five dollars	19,440,000	499,481,760	15,864,190.00	441,584,531.00	57,897,229.00
Ten dollars	22,200,000	505,491,240	18,532,960.00	421,015,485.00	84,475,755.00
Twenty dollars	7,200,000	461,322,400	16,905,640.00	381,302,870.00	80,019,530.00
Fifty dollars	3,800,000	136,615,200	2,936,450.00	123,309,200.00	13,306,000.00
One hundred dollars	8,000,000	173,104,000	4,228,900.00	147,758,350.00	25,345,650.00
Five hundred dollars	.....	198,376,000	2,562,500.00	191,661,000.00	6,715,000.00
One thousand dollars	6,140,000	387,123,000	6,444,000.00	313,691,000.00	73,437,000.00
Five thousand dollars	.....	20,000,000	.....	19,985,000.00	15,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	.....	40,000,000	.....	39,990,000.00	10,000.00
Total	68,924,000	2,794,905,808	68,924,000.00	2,447,224,792.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	68,924,000	2,794,905,808	68,924,000.00	2,448,224,792.00	346,681,016.00
1897.					
One dollar	700,000	188,300,160	753,248.00	185,227,346.80	3,072,813.20
Two dollars	600,000	186,387,048	1,084,833.00	183,538,090.20	2,848,957.80
Five dollars	15,400,000	514,881,760	15,822,202.00	457,406,733.00	57,475,027.00
Ten dollars	14,520,000	520,011,240	17,303,684.00	438,319,169.00	81,692,071.00
Twenty dollars	7,600,000	468,922,400	14,696,458.00	395,999,328.00	72,923,072.00
Fifty dollars	3,600,000	140,215,200	2,002,025.00	125,311,225.00	14,903,975.00

No. 34.—UNITED STATES NOTES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1897.					
One hundred dollars	$2,000,000	$175,104,000	$2,885,550.00	$150,643,900.00	$24,460,100.00
Five hundred dollars	11,100,000	209,476,000	1,712,000.00	193,373,000.00	16,103,000.00
One thousand dollars	4,100,000	391,228,000	3,360,000.00	317,051,000.00	74,177,000.00
Five thousand dollars		20,000,000		19,985,000.00	15,000.00
Ten thousand dollars		40,000,000		39,990,000.00	10,000.00
Total	59,620,000	2,854,525,808	59,620,000.00	2,506,844,792.00	347,681,016.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	59,620,000	2,854,525,808	59,620,000.00	2,507,844,792.00	346,681,016.00

No. 35.—TREASURY NOTES OF 1890 OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1891.					
One dollar	$3,656,417	$3,656,417	$139,967	$139,967	$3,516,450
Two dollars	3,176,000	3,176,000	34,908	34,908	3,141,092
Five dollars	10,220,000	10,220,000	123,815	123,815	10,096,185
Ten dollars	17,560,000	17,560,000	512,290	512,290	17,047,710
Twenty dollars	3,440,000	3,440,000	21,320	21,320	3,418,680
One hundred dollars	6,900,000	6,900,000	186,700	186,700	6,713,300
One thousand dollars	6,900,000	6,900,000	605,000	605,000	6,295,000
Total	51,852,417	51,852,417	1,624,000	1,624,000	50,228,417
1892.					
One dollar	4,248,424	7,904,841	1,502,909	1,642,876	6,261,965
Two dollars	6,792,000	9,968,000	1,257,066	1,291,974	8,676,026
Five dollars	14,620,000	24,840,000	1,469,585	1,593,400	23,246,600
Ten dollars	15,360,000	32,920,000	1,722,330	2,234,620	30,685,380
Twenty dollars	8,320,000	11,760,000	360,880	382,200	11,377,800
One hundred dollars	4,090,000	10,990,000	771,000	957,700	10,032,300
One thousand dollars	6,700,000	13,600,000	1,563,000	2,168,000	11,432,000
Total	60,130,424	111,982,841	8,646,770	10,270,770	101,712,071
1893.					
One dollar	10,770,106	18,674,947	3,733,078	5,375,954	13,298,993
Two dollars	7,888,000	17,856,000	4,204,372	5,496,346	12,359,654
Five dollars	20,100,000	44,940,000	6,410,530	8,003,930	36,936,070
Ten dollars	19,360,000	52,280,000	6,076,710	8,311,330	43,968,670
Twenty dollars	11,040,000	22,800,000	2,080,060	2,462,260	20,337,740
Fifty dollars	800,000	800,000	6,300	6,300	793,700
One hundred dollars	1,080,000	12,070,000	3,430,900	4,388,600	7,681,400
One thousand dollars	16,200,000	29,800,000	15,818,000	17,986,000	11,814,000
Total	87,238,106	199,220,947	41,759,950	52,030,720	147,190,227
1894.					
One dollar	6,669,190	25,344,137	7,138,726	12,514,680	12,829,457
Two dollars	4,192,000	22,048,000	6,205,329	11,701,675	10,346,325
Five dollars	9,200,000	54,140,000	12,316,885	20,320,815	33,819,185
Ten dollars	8,720,000	61,000,000	11,447,780	19,759,110	41,240,890
Twenty dollars	3,840,000	26,640,000	4,067,080	6,529,340	20,110,660
Fifty dollars	370,000	1,170,000	114,800	121,100	1,048,900
One hundred dollars	5,500,000	17,570,000	1,554,400	5,943,000	11,627,000
One thousand dollars	13,800,000	43,100,000	3,552,000	21,538,000	21,562,000
Total	51,791,190	251,012,137	46,397,000	98,427,720	152,584,417
1895.					
One dollar	6,284,983	31,629,120	8,063,606	20,578,286	11,050,834
Two dollars	4,336,000	26,384,000	5,970,499	17,672,174	8,711,826
Five dollars	20,240,000	74,380,000	13,637,675	33,958,490	40,421,510
Ten dollars	10,720,000	71,720,000	12,140,110	31,899,220	39,820,780
Twenty dollars	1,120,000	27,760,000	5,276,360	11,805,700	15,954,300
Fifty dollars	5,000	1,175,000	302,850	423,950	751,050
One hundred dollars	30,000	17,600,000	1,724,900	7,667,900	9,932,100
One thousand dollars	1,480,000	44,580,000	3,596,000	25,134,000	19,446,000
Total	44,215,983	295,228,120	50,712,000	149,139,720	146,088,400

No. 35.—TREASURY NOTES OF 1890 OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1896.					
One dollar	$7,530,880	$39,160,000	$6,964,279	$27,542,565	$11,617,435
Two dollars	6,168,000	32,552,000	5,089,496	22,761,670	9,790,330
Five dollars	17,820,000	92,200,000	15,611,655	49,570,145	42,629,855
Ten dollars	12,760,000	84,480,000	12,617,210	44,516,430	39,963,570
Twenty dollars	880,000	28,640,000	5,298,360	17,104,060	11,535,940
Fifty dollars	.....	1,175,000	300,800	724,750	450,250
One hundred dollars	.....	17,600,000	4,043,200	11,711,100	5,888,900
One thousand dollars	.....	44,580,000	11,639,000	36,773,000	7,807,000
Total	45,158,880	340,387,000	61,564,000	210,703,720	129,683,280
1897.					
One dollar	7,144,000	46,304,000	6,975,560	34,518,125	11,785,875
Two dollars	4,352,000	36,904,000	5,211,960	27,973,630	8,930,370
Five dollars	5,420,000	97,620,000	12,874,790	62,444,935	35,175,065
Ten dollars	3,520,000	88,000,000	10,794,280	55,310,710	32,689,290
Twenty dollars	1,680,000	30,320,000	3,558,060	20,662,120	9,657,880
Fifty dollars	.....	1,175,000	129,550	854,300	320,700
One hundred dollars	250,000	17,850,000	2,801,800	14,512,900	3,337,100
One thousand dollars	8,320,000	52,900,000	3,156,000	39,929,000	12,971,000
Total	30,686,000	371,073,000	45,502,000	256,205,720	114,867,280

No. 36.—GOLD CERTIFICATES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR, EXCLUSIVE OF $33,000,580.46 IN IRREGULAR AMOUNTS ISSUED AND REDEEMED ON ACCOUNT OF THE GENEVA AWARD.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1866.					
Twenty dollars	$156,360	$156,360	$102,400	$102,400	$53,960
One hundred dollars	2,791,300	2,791,300	1,960,400	1,960,400	830,900
One thousand dollars	12,546,000	12,546,000	10,683,000	10,683,000	1,863,000
Five thousand dollars	82,000,000	82,000,000	73,800,000	73,800,000	8,200,000
Ten thousand dollars	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	.....
Total	98,493,660	98,493,660	87,545,800	87,545,800	10,947,860
1867.					
Twenty dollars	203,920	360,280	133,620	236,020	124,260
One hundred dollars	2,738,200	5,529,500	2,313,700	4,274,100	1,255,400
Five hundred dollars	1,453,000	1,453,000	678,500	678,500	774,500
One thousand dollars	15,227,000	27,773,000	12,966,000	23,649,000	4,124,000
Five thousand dollars	85,520,000	167,520,000	75,050,000	148,850,000	18,670,000
Ten thousand dollars	4,000,000	5,000,000	4,000,000	5,000,000	.....
Total	109,142,120	207,635,780	95,141,820	182,687,620	24,948,160
1868.					
Twenty dollars	205,400	565,680	202,620	438,640	127,040
One hundred dollars	2,204,000	7,733,500	2,198,900	6,473,000	1,260,500
Five hundred dollars	2,147,500	3,600,500	1,953,500	2,632,000	968,500
One thousand dollars	11,758,000	39,531,000	11,521,000	35,170,000	4,361,000
Five thousand dollars	61,625,000	229,145,000	63,170,000	212,020,000	17,125,000
Ten thousand dollars	.....	5,000,000	.....	5,000,000	.....
Total	77,939,900	285,575,680	79,046,020	261,733,640	23,842,040
1869.					
Twenty dollars	227,260	792,940	225,160	663,800	129,140
One hundred dollars	2,609,400	10,342,900	2,590,400	9,063,400	1,279,500
Five hundred dollars	2,498,500	6,099,000	2,229,500	4,861,500	1,237,500
One thousand dollars	12,961,000	52,492,000	12,160,000	47,330,000	5,162,000
Five thousand dollars	62,290,000	291,435,000	50,365,000	262,385,000	29,050,000
Ten thousand dollars	.....	5,000,000	.....	5,000,000	.....
Total	80,586,160	366,161,840	67,570,060	329,303,700	36,858,140

No. 36.—GOLD CERTIFICATES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR, ETC.—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1870.					
Twenty dollars	$167,060	$960,000	$186,500	$850,300	$109,700
One hundred dollars	1,302,000	11,644,900	1,587,200	10,650,600	994,300
Five hundred dollars	3,501,000	9,600,000	3,012,500	7,874,000	1,726,000
One thousand dollars	10,053,000	62,545,000	10,310,000	57,640,000	4,905,000
Five thousand dollars	36,255,000	327,600,000	46,865,000	309,250,000	18,440,000
Ten thousand dollars	25,530,000	30,530,000	14,400,000	19,400,000	11,130,000
Total	76,808,060	442,969,900	76,361,200	405,664,900	37,305,000
1871.					
Twenty dollars		960,000	30,000	880,300	79,700
One hundred dollars	80,000	11,724,900	359,000	11,009,600	715,300
Five hundred dollars	2,144,000	11,744,000	2,456,000	10,330,000	1,414,000
One thousand dollars	8,483,000	71,028,000	9,758,000	67,398,000	3,630,000
Five thousand dollars	16,650,000	344,340,000	29,870,000	339,120,000	5,220,000
Ten thousand dollars	29,220,000	59,750,000	29,310,000	48,710,000	11,040,000
Total	56,577,000	499,546,900	71,783,000	477,447,900	22,099,000
1872.					
Twenty dollars		960,000	25,200	905,500	54,500
One hundred dollars	900,000	12,624,900	662,300	11,671,900	953,000
Five hundred dollars	3,041,500	14,785,500	2,618,500	12,948,500	1,837,000
One thousand dollars	8,728,000	79,756,000	7,918,000	75,316,000	4,440,000
Five thousand dollars	15,940,000	360,280,000	12,765,000	351,885,000	8,395,000
Ten thousand dollars	34,620,000	94,370,000	28,190,000	76,900,000	17,470,000
Total	63,229,500	562,776,400	52,179,000	529,626,900	33,149,500
1873.					
Twenty dollars		960,000	10,900	916,400	43,600
One hundred dollars	1,163,500	13,788,400	902,600	12,574,500	1,213,900
Five hundred dollars	3,449,000	18,234,500	2,257,500	15,206,000	3,028,500
One thousand dollars	7,103,000	86,859,000	5,901,000	81,217,000	5,642,000
Five thousand dollars	10,775,000	371,055,000	11,710,000	363,595,000	7,460,000
Ten thousand dollars	33,080,000	127,450,000	24,100,000	101,000,000	26,450,000
Total	55,570,500	618,346,900	44,882,000	574,508,900	43,838,000
1874.					
Twenty dollars		960,000	17,000	933,400	26,600
One hundred dollars	1,126,200	14,914,600	1,098,600	13,673,100	1,241,500
Five hundred dollars	3,184,000	21,418,500	3,057,500	18,263,500	3,155,000
One thousand dollars	5,682,000	92,541,000	6,607,000	87,824,000	4,717,000
Five thousand dollars	8,155,000	379,210,000	11,880,000	375,475,000	3,735,000
Ten thousand dollars	29,970,000	157,420,000	46,470,000	147,470,000	9,950,000
Total	48,117,200	666,464,100	69,130,100	643,639,000	22,825,100
1875.					
Twenty dollars		960,000	21,100	954,500	5,500
One hundred dollars	1,196,600	16,111,200	1,409,800	15,082,900	1,028,300
Five hundred dollars	3,590,500	25,009,000	4,097,000	22,360,500	2,648,500
One thousand dollars	8,873,000	101,414,000	8,836,000	96,660,000	4,754,000
Five thousand dollars	12,790,000	392,000,000	12,395,000	388,370,000	3,630,000
Ten thousand dollars	43,860,000	201,220,000	44,020,000	191,490,000	9,730,000
Total	70,250,100	736,714,200	71,278,900	714,917,900	21,796,300
1876.					
Twenty dollars		960,000	2,300	956,800	3,200
One hundred dollars	1,077,600	17,188,800	978,700	16,058,600	1,130,200
Five hundred dollars	2,805,500	27,814,500	2,536,000	24,896,500	2,918,000
One thousand dollars	8,001,000	109,415,000	7,642,000	104,305,000	5,110,000
Five thousand dollars	44,885,000	436,885,000	35,085,000	423,455,000	13,430,000
Ten thousand dollars	33,850,000	235,070,000	37,490,000	228,980,000	6,090,000
Total	90,619,100	827,333,300	83,734,000	798,651,900	28,681,400

No. 36.—GOLD CERTIFICATES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR, ETC.—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1877.					
Twenty dollars		$960,000	$1,200	$958,000	$2,000
One hundred dollars	$1,273,700	18,462,500	1,199,300	17,257,900	1,204,600
Five hundred dollars	2,698,500	30,513,000	2,598,500	27,495,000	3,018,000
One thousand dollars	6,194,000	115,609,000	5,211,000	109,516,000	6,093,000
Five thousand dollars	8,495,000	445,380,000	15,930,000	439,385,000	5,995,000
Ten thousand dollars	39,480,000	274,550,000	20,310,000	249,290,000	25,260,000
Total	58,141,200	885,474,500	45,250,000	843,901,900	41,572,600
1878.					
Twenty dollars		960,000		958,000	2,000
One hundred dollars	1,448,400	19,910,900	1,315,000	18,572,900	1,338,000
Five hundred dollars	1,795,000	32,308,000	1,791,000	29,286,000	3,022,000
One thousand dollars	4,534,000	120,143,000	4,422,000	113,938,000	6,205,000
Five thousand dollars	8,275,000	453,655,000	8,870,000	448,255,000	5,400,000
Ten thousand dollars	34,290,000	308,840,000	31,150,000	280,440,000	28,400,000
Total	50,342,400	935,816,900	47,548,000	891,449,900	44,367,000
1879.					
Twenty dollars		960,000	500	958,500	1,500
One hundred dollars	323,400	20,234,300	962,200	19,535,100	699,200
Five hundred dollars	536,000	32,844,000	2,348,000	31,634,000	1,210,000
One thousand dollars	1,738,000	121,881,000	4,945,000	118,883,000	2,998,000
Five thousand dollars	4,230,000	457,885,000	7,175,000	455,430,000	2,455,000
Ten thousand dollars	5,490,000	314,330,000	25,840,000	306,280,000	8,050,000
Total	12,317,400	948,134,300	41,270,700	932,720,600	15,413,700
1880.					
Twenty dollars		960,000	400	958,900	1,100
One hundred dollars		20,234,300	291,200	19,826,300	408,000
Five hundred dollars		32,844,000	744,500	32,378,500	465,500
One thousand dollars		121,881,000	1,788,000	120,671,000	1,210,000
Five thousand dollars		457,885,000	1,385,000	456,815,000	1,070,000
Ten thousand dollars		314,330,000	3,200,000	309,480,000	4,850,000
Total		948,134,300	7,409,100	940,129,700	8,004,600
1881.					
Twenty dollars		960,000	380	959,280	720
One hundred dollars		20,234,300	139,300	19,965,600	268,700
Five hundred dollars		32,844,000	207,000	32,585,500	258,500
One thousand dollars		121,881,000	485,000	121,156,000	725,000
Five thousand dollars		457,885,000	270,000	457,085,000	800,000
Ten thousand dollars		314,330,000	1,120,000	310,600,000	3,730,000
Total		948,134,300	2,221,680	942,351,380	5,782,920
1882.					
Twenty dollars		960,000		959,280	720
One hundred dollars		20,234,300	44,800	20,010,400	223,900
Five hundred dollars		32,844,000	50,000	32,635,500	208,500
One thousand dollars		121,881,000	151,000	121,307,000	574,000
Five thousand dollars		457,885,000	210,000	457,295,000	590,000
Ten thousand dollars		314,330,000	290,000	310,890,000	3,440,000
Total		948,134,300	745,800	943,097,180	5,037,120
1883.					
Twenty dollars	9,360,000	10,320,000	197,180	1,156,460	9,163,540
Fifty dollars	9,200,000	9,200,000	149,200	149,200	9,050,800
One hundred dollars	8,900,000	29,134,300	251,100	20,261,500	8,872,800
Five hundred dollars	8,250,000	41,094,000	331,000	32,966,500	8,127,500
One thousand dollars	13,000,000	134,881,000	640,000	121,947,000	12,934,000
Five thousand dollars	8,000,000	465,885,000	1,160,000	458,455,000	7,430,000
Ten thousand dollars	30,000,000	344,330,000	6,640,000	317,530,000	26,800,000
Total	86,710,000	1,034,844,300	9,368,480	952,465,660	82,378,640

No. 36.—GOLD CERTIFICATES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR, ETC.—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1884.					
Twenty dollars	$5,520,000	$15,840,000	$1,328,180	$2,484,640	$13,355,360
Fifty dollars	1,300,000	10,500,000	1,231,800	1,381,000	9,119,000
One hundred dollars	1,400,000	30,534,300	1,083,000	21,344,500	9,189,800
Five hundred dollars	2,250,000	43,344,000	1,596,000	34,562,500	8,781,500
One thousand dollars	4,000,000	138,881,000	2,132,000	124,079,000	14,802,000
Five thousand dollars	7,000,000	472,885,000	3,435,000	461,890,000	10,995,000
Ten thousand dollars	20,000,000	364,330,000	14,650,000	332,180,000	32,150,000
Total	41,470,000	1,076,314,300	25,455,980	977,921,640	98,392,660
1885.					
Twenty dollars	400,000	16,240,000	1,411,020	3,895,660	12,344,340
Fifty dollars	2,700,000	13,200,000	1,375,200	2,756,200	10,443,800
One hundred dollars	1,800,000	32,334,300	1,386,300	22,730,800	9,603,500
Five hundred dollars	6,600,000	49,944,000	1,189,000	35,751,500	14,192,500
One thousand dollars	9,000,000	147,881,000	1,443,000	125,522,000	22,359,000
Five thousand dollars	7,500,000	480,385,000	3,995,000	465,885,000	14,500,000
Ten thousand dollars	35,000,000	399,330,000	10,270,000	342,450,000	56,880,000
Total	63,000,000	1,139,314,300	21,069,520	998,991,160	140,323,140
1886.					
Twenty dollars	640,000	16,880,000	1,007,450	4,903,110	11,976,890
Fifty dollars	100,000	13,300,000	825,845	3,582,045	9,717,955
One hundred dollars	100,000	32,434,300	690,100	23,420,900	9,013,400
Five hundred dollars	200,000	50,144,000	952,500	36,704,000	13,440,000
One thousand dollars		147,881,000	3,863,000	129,385,000	18,496,000
Five thousand dollars		480,385,000	680,000	466,565,000	13,820,000
Ten thousand dollars		399,330,000	2,170,000	344,620,000	54,710,000
Total	1,040,000	1,140,354,300	10,188,895	1,009,180,055	131,174,245
1887.					
Twenty dollars		16,880,000	1,104,828	6,007,938	10,872,062
Fifty dollars		13,300,000	1,492,600	5,074,645	8,225,355
One hundred dollars		32,434,300	1,056,000	24,476,900	7,957,400
Five hundred dollars		50,144,000	1,409,000	38,113,000	12,031,000
One thousand dollars		147,881,000	1,120,000	130,505,000	17,376,000
Five thousand dollars		480,385,000	625,000	467,190,000	13,195,000
Ten thousand dollars		399,330,000	2,880,000	347,500,000	51,830,000
Total		1,140,354,300	9,687,428	1,018,867,483	121,486,817
1888.					
Twenty dollars	4,160,000	21,040,000	2,070,062	8,078,000	12,962,000
Fifty dollars	4,500,000	17,800,000	2,480,205	7,554,850	10,245,150
One hundred dollars	7,800,000	40,234,300	2,088,400	26,565,300	13,669,000
Five hundred dollars	4,700,000	54,844,000	4,420,000	42,533,000	12,311,000
One thousand dollars	14,000,000	161,881,000	5,875,000	136,380,000	25,501,000
Five thousand dollars	20,000,000	500,385,000	9,330,000	476,520,000	23,865,000
Ten thousand dollars	30,000,000	429,330,000	38,360,000	385,860,000	43,470,000
Total	85,160,000	1,225,514,300	64,623,667	1,083,491,150	142,023,150
1889.					
Twenty dollars		21,040,000	1,982,898	10,060,898	10,979,102
Fifty dollars		17,800,000	1,801,800	9,356,650	8,443,350
One hundred dollars		40,234,300	2,021,900	28,587,200	11,647,100
Five hundred dollars	2,000,000	56,844,000	3,235,500	45,768,500	11,075,500
One thousand dollars	6,000,000	167,881,000	10,287,500	146,667,500	21,213,500
Five thousand dollars	30,155,000	530,540,000	17,020,000	493,540,000	37,000,000
Ten thousand dollars	41,120,000	470,450,000	30,900,000	416,760,000	53,690,000
Total	79,275,000	1,304,789,300	67,249,598	1,150,740,748	154,048,552
1890.					
Twenty dollars	2,880,000	23,920,000	1,905,628	11,966,526	11,953,474
Fifty dollars	2,200,000	20,000,000	1,600,145	10,956,795	9,043,205
One hundred dollars	2,000,000	42,234,300	1,533,800	30,121,000	12,113,300
Five hundred dollars	2,000,000	58,844,000	1,734,000	47,502,500	11,341,500
One thousand dollars	4,000,000	171,881,000	2,152,000	148,819,500	23,061,500
Five thousand dollars	11,350,000	541,890,000	13,950,000	507,490,000	34,400,000
Ten thousand dollars	24,620,000	495,070,000	22,680,000	439,440,000	55,630,000
Total	49,050,000	1,353,839,300	45,555,573	1,196,296,321	157,542,979

No. 36.—GOLD CERTIFICATES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR, ETC.—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1891.					
Twenty dollars	$4,240,000	$28,160,000	$1,971,700	$13,938,226	$14,221,774
Fifty dollars	1,000,000	21,000,000	1,587,350	12,544,145	8,455,855
One hundred dollars	2,400,000	44,634,300	1,698,500	31,819,500	12,814,800
Five hundred dollars	2,200,000	61,044,000	2,170,000	49,672,500	11,371,500
One thousand dollars	3,300,000	175,181,000	5,314,000	154,133,500	21,047,500
Five thousand dollars	6,680,000	548,570,000	14,380,000	521,870,000	26,700,000
Ten thousand dollars	43,700,000	538,770,000	41,480,000	480,920,000	57,850,000
Total	63,520,000	1,417,359,300	68,601,550	1,264,897,871	152,461,429
1892.					
Twenty dollars	160,000	28,320,000	2,260,800	16,199,026	12,120,974
Fifty dollars	400,000	21,400,000	1,748,900	14,293,045	7,106,955
One hundred dollars	400,000	45,034,300	2,379,800	34,199,300	10,835,000
Five hundred dollars	1,000,000	62,044,000	2,512,000	52,184,500	9,859,500
One thousand dollars	7,000,000	182,181,000	7,871,000	162,004,500	20,176,500
Five thousand dollars	18,725,000	567,295,000	14,615,000	536,485,000	30,810,000
Ten thousand dollars	42,840,000	581,610,000	35,000,000	515,920,000	65,690,000
Total	70,525,000	1,487,884,300	66,387,500	1,331,285,371	156,598,929
1893.					
Twenty dollars		28,320,000	2,843,340	19,042,366	9,277,634
Fifty dollars		21,400,000	1,982,600	16,275,645	5,124,355
One hundred dollars	20,000	45,054,300	3,456,300	37,655,600	7,398,700
Five hundred dollars	50,000	62,094,000	4,027,500	56,212,000	5,882,000
One thousand dollars		182,181,000	7,893,000	169,897,500	12,283,500
Five thousand dollars	4,660,000	571,955,000	17,500,000	553,985,000	17,970,000
Ten thousand dollars	8,340,000	589,950,000	39,120,000	555,040,000	34,910,000
Total	13,070,000	1,500,954,300	76,822,740	1,408,108,111	92,846,189
1894.					
Twenty dollars		28,320,000	1,813,040	20,855,406	7,464,594
Fifty dollars		21,400,000	1,006,350	17,281,995	4,118,005
One hundred dollars		45,054,300	1,726,400	39,382,000	5,672,300
Five hundred dollars		62,094,000	1,335,500	57,547,500	4,546,500
One thousand dollars		182,181,000	3,422,000	173,319,500	8,861,500
Five thousand dollars	100,000	572,055,000	5,885,000	559,870,000	12,185,000
Ten thousand dollars		589,950,000	11,370,000	566,410,000	23,540,000
Total	100,000	1,501,054,300	26,558,290	1,434,666,401	66,387,899
1895.					
Twenty dollars		28,320,000	1,265,640	22,121,046	6,198,954
Fifty dollars		21,400,000	460,600	17,742,595	3,657,405
One hundred dollars	20,000	45,074,300	688,200	40,070,200	5,004,100
Five hundred dollars		62,094,000	302,500	57,850,000	4,244,000
One thousand dollars		182,181,000	981,000	174,300,500	7,880,500
Five thousand dollars	50,000	572,105,000	4,810,000	564,680,000	7,425,000
Ten thousand dollars	50,000	590,000,000	9,530,000	575,940,000	14,060,000
Total	120,000	1,501,174,300	18,037,940	1,452,704,341	48,469,959
1896.					
Twenty dollars		28,320,000	893,220	23,014,266	5,305,734
Fifty dollars		21,400,000	559,650	18,302,245	3,097,755
One hundred dollars		45,074,300	790,400	40,860,600	4,213,700
Five hundred dollars		62,094,000	446,500	58,296,500	3,797,500
One thousand dollars		182,181,000	1,487,000	175,787,500	6,393,500
Five thousand dollars	15,000	572,120,000	1,420,000	566,100,000	6,020,000
Ten thousand dollars	4,840,000	594,840,000	4,910,000	580,850,000	13,990,000
Total	4,855,000	1,506,029,300	10,506,770	1,463,211,111	42,818,189
1897.					
Twenty dollars	10,000	28,330,000	385,120	23,399,386	4,930,614
Fifty dollars		21,400,000	289,200	18,591,445	2,808,555
One hundred dollars		45,074,300	396,700	41,257,300	3,817,000
Five hundred dollars		62,094,000	293,000	58,589,500	3,504,500
One thousand dollars		182,181,000	702,000	176,489,500	5,691,500
Five thousand dollars		572,120,000	460,000	566,560,000	5,560,000
Ten thousand dollars		594,840,000	1,520,000	582,370,000	12,470,000
Total	10,000	1,506,039,300	4,046,020	1,467,257,131	38,782,169

No. 37.—SILVER CERTIFICATES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1878.					
Ten dollars	$123,220	$123,220			$123,220.00
Twenty dollars	10,240	10,240			10,240.00
Fifty dollars	13,250	13,250			13,250.00
One hundred dollars	179,700	179,700			179,700.00
Five hundred dollars	268,000	268,000			268,000.00
One thousand dollars	1,256,000	1,256,000			1,256,000.00
Total	1,850,410	1,850,410			1,850,410.00
1879.					
Ten dollars	43,730	167,000	$3,170.00	$3,170.00	163,830.00
Twenty dollars	85,760	96,000	580.00	580.00	95,420.00
Fifty dollars	131,750	145,000			145,000.00
One hundred dollars	301,300	481,000	5,300.00	5,300.00	475,700.00
Five hundred dollars	2,000,000	2,268,000	1,768,000.00	1,768,000.00	500,000.00
One thousand dollars	6,587,000	7,843,000	6,683,000.00	6,683,000.00	1,160,000.00
Total	9,149,590	11,000,000	8,460,050.00	8,460,050.00	2,539,950.00
1880.					
Ten dollars	2,007,000	2,174,000	23,490.00	26,660.00	2,147,340.00
Twenty dollars	1,890,000	1,986,000	10,540.00	11,120.00	1,974,880.00
Fifty dollars	1,195,000	1,340,000	11,050.00	11,050.00	1,328,950.00
One hundred dollars	1,449,000	1,930,000	20,100.00	25,400.00	1,904,600.00
Five hundred dollars	750,000	3,018,000	20,500.00	1,788,500.00	1,229,500.00
One thousand dollars	2,727,000	10,570,000	98,000.00	6,781,000.00	3,789,000.00
Total	10,018,000	21,018,000	183,680.00	8,643,730.00	12,374,270.00
1881.					
Ten dollars	18,700,000	20,874,000	480,310.00	506,970.00	20,367,030.00
Twenty dollars	16,560,000	18,546,000	372,780.00	383,900.00	18,162,100.00
Fifty dollars	2,310,000	3,650,000	157,350.00	168,400.00	3,481,600.00
One hundred dollars	2,410,000	4,340,000	285,300.00	310,700.00	4,029,300.00
Five hundred dollars	632,000	3,650,000	215,000.00	2,003,500.00	1,646,500.00
One thousand dollars	300,000	10,870,000	609,000.00	7,390,000.00	3,480,000.00
Total	40,912,000	61,930,000	2,119,740.00	10,763,470.00	51,166,530.00
1882.					
Ten dollars	12,240,000	33,114,000	3,361,310.00	3,868,280.00	29,245,720.00
Twenty dollars	9,040,000	27,586,000	2,241,860.00	2,625,760.00	24,960,240.00
Fifty dollars	400,000	4,050,000	598,050.00	766,450.00	3,283,550.00
One hundred dollars	800,000	5,140,000	808,600.00	1,119,300.00	4,020,700.00
Five hundred dollars	700,000	4,350,000	612,000.00	2,615,500.00	1,734,500.00
One thousand dollars	1,120,000	11,990,000	1,748,000.00	9,138,000.00	2,852,000.00
Total	24,300,000	86,230,000	9,369,820.00	20,133,290.00	66,096,710.00
1883.					
Ten dollars	11,880,000	44,994,000	4,237,828.00	8,106,108.00	36,887,892.00
Twenty dollars	13,360,000	40,946,000	3,167,456.00	5,793,216.00	35,152,784.00
Fifty dollars	1,600,000	5,650,000	886,615.00	1,653,065.00	3,996,935.00
One hundred dollars	2,400,000	7,540,000	1,173,480.00	2,292,780.00	5,247,220.00
Five hundred dollars	1,800,000	6,150,000	1,008,500.00	3,624,000.00	2,526,000.00
One thousand dollars	4,000,000	15,990,000	2,046,000.00	11,184,000.00	4,806,000.00
Total	35,040,000	121,270,000	12,519,879.00	32,653,169.00	88,616,831.00
1884.					
Ten dollars	19,000,000	63,994,000	8,397,180.00	16,503,288.00	47,490,712.00
Twenty dollars	20,080,000	61,026,000	7,368,260.00	13,161,476.00	47,864,524.00
Fifty dollars	3,200,000	8,850,000	903,300.00	2,556,365.00	6,293,635.00
One hundred dollars	4,000,000	11,540,000	1,107,900.00	3,400,680.00	8,139,320.00
Five hundred dollars	2,500,000	8,650,000	648,500.00	4,272,500.00	4,377,500.00
One thousand dollars	3,500,000	19,490,000	1,580,000.00	12,764,000.00	6,726,000.00
Total	52,280,000	173,550,000	20,005,140.00	52,658,309.00	120,891,691.00
1885.					
Ten dollars	14,040,000	78,034,000	9,783,585.00	26,286,873.00	51,747,127.00
Twenty dollars	12,160,000	73,186,000	8,013,560.00	21,175,036.00	52,010,964.00
Fifty dollars	2,200,000	11,050,000	839,600.00	3,395,965.00	7,654,035.00
One hundred dollars	2,600,000	14,140,000	860,800.00	4,261,480.00	9,878,520.00
Five hundred dollars	5,000,000	13,650,000	467,500.00	4,740,000.00	8,910,000.00
One thousand dollars	4,000,000	23,490,000	1,025,000.00	13,789,000.00	9,701,000.00
Total	40,000,000	213,550,000	20,990,045.00	73,648,354.00	139,901,646.00

No. 37.—SILVER CERTIFICATES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1886.					
Ten dollars	$3,800,000	$81,834,000	$5,277,740.00	$31,564,613.00	$50,269,387.00
Twenty dollars	800,000	73,986,000	7,853,336.00	29,028,372.00	44,957,628.00
Fifty dollars	.....	11,050,000	269,195.00	3,665,160.00	7,384,840.00
One hundred dollars	.....	14,140,000	267,700.00	4,529,180.00	9,610,820.00
Five hundred dollars	.....	13,650,000	7,075,000.00	11,815,000.00	1,835,000.00
One thousand dollars	.....	23,490,000	7,781,000.00	21,570,000.00	1,920,000.00
Total	4,600,000	218,150,000	28,523,971.00	102,172,325.00	115,977,675.00
1887.					
One dollar	14,156,000	14,156,000	176,503.90	176,503.90	13,979,496.10
Two dollars	8,976,000	8,976,000	70,003.60	70,003.60	8,905,996.40
Five dollars	7,760,000	7,760,000	31,758.50	31,758.50	7,728,241.50
Ten dollars	10,440,000	92,274,000	6,508,517.00	38,073,130.00	54,200,870.00
Twenty dollars	9,520,000	83,506,000	3,848,612.00	32,876,984.00	50,629,016.00
Fifty dollars	1,000,000	12,050,000	3,188,740.00	6,853,900.00	5,196,100.00
One hundred dollars	.....	14,140,000	5,897,390.00	10,426,570.00	3,713,430.00
Five hundred dollars	.....	13,650,000	1,166,000.00	12,981,000.00	669,000.00
One thousand dollars	.....	23,490,000	1,399,000.00	22,969,000.00	521,000.00
Total	51,852,000	270,002,000	22,286,525.00	124,458,850.00	145,543,150.00
1888.					
One dollar	14,172,000	28,328,000	1,419,892.10	1,596,396.00	26,731,604.00
Two dollars	10,424,000	19,400,000	732,758.40	802,762.00	18,597,238.00
Five dollars	44,700,000	52,460,000	818,381.50	850,140.00	51,609,860.00
Ten dollars	36,520,000	128,794,000	10,255,360.00	48,328,490.00	80,465,510.00
Twenty dollars	80,000	83,586,000	6,868,856.00	39,745,840.00	43,840,160.00
Fifty dollars	.....	12,050,000	804,500.00	7,658,400.00	4,391,600.00
One hundred dollars	.....	14,140,000	660,130.00	11,086,700.00	3,053,300.00
Five hundred dollars	.....	13,650,000	188,500.00	13,169,500.00	480,500.00
One thousand dollars	.....	23,490,000	199,000.00	23,168,000.00	322,000.00
Total	105,896,000	375,898,000	21,947,378.00	146,406,228.00	229,491,772.00
1889.					
One dollar	8,772,000	37,100,000	7,595,632.20	9,192,028.20	27,907,971.80
Two dollars	5,800,000	25,200,000	4,159,572.80	4,962,334.80	20,237,665.20
Five dollars	38,540,000	91,000,000	4,570,120.00	5,420,260.00	85,579,740.00
Ten dollars	20,480,000	149,274,000	13,508,887.00	61,837,377.00	87,436,623.00
Twenty dollars	160,000	83,746,000	8,890,544.00	48,636,384.00	35,109,616.00
Fifty dollars	.....	12,050,000	932,790.00	8,591,190.00	3,458,810.00
One hundred dollars	.....	14,140,000	727,480.00	11,814,180.00	2,325,820.00
Five hundred dollars	.....	13,650,000	134,000.00	13,303,500.00	346,500.00
One thousand dollars	.....	23,490,000	95,000.00	23,263,000.00	227,000.00
Total	73,752,000	449,650,000	40,614,026.00	187,020,254.00	262,629,746.00
1890.					
One dollar	14,700,000	51,800,000	11,473,489.70	20,665,517.90	31,134,482.10
Two dollars	9,280,000	34,480,000	6,959,904.80	11,922,239.60	22,557,760.40
Five dollars	28,100,000	119,100,000	11,552,583.50	16,972,843.50	102,127,156.50
Ten dollars	39,000,000	188,274,000	14,965,607.00	76,802,984.00	111,471,016.00
Twenty dollars	.....	83,746,000	8,828,760.00	57,465,144.00	26,280,856.00
Fifty dollars	800,000	12,850,000	1,003,950.00	9,595,140.00	3,254,860.00
One hundred dollars	2,600,000	16,740,000	636,700.00	12,450,880.00	4,289,120.00
Five hundred dollars	.....	13,650,000	93,000.00	13,396,500.00	253,500.00
One thousand dollars	.....	23,490,000	56,000.00	23,319,000.00	171,000.00
Total	94,480,000	544,130,000	55,569,995.00	242,590,249.00	301,539,751.00
1891.					
One dollar	9,320,000	61,120,000	11,389,274.00	32,054,791.90	29,065,208.10
Two dollars	4,544,000	39,024,000	7,868,255.00	19,790,494.60	19,233,505.40
Five dollars	29,540,000	148,640,000	21,597,432.00	38,570,275.50	110,069,724.50
Ten dollars	18,880,000	207,154,000	19,766,485.00	96,569,469.00	110,584,531.00
Twenty dollars	10,320,000	94,066,000	8,199,620.00	65,664,764.00	28,401,236.00
Fifty dollars	3,400,000	16,250,000	792,100.00	10,387,240.00	5,862,760.00
One hundred dollars	3,000,000	19,740,000	885,400.00	13,336,280.00	6,403,720.00
Five hundred dollars	2,700,000	16,350,000	497,000.00	13,893,500.00	2,456,500.00
One thousand dollars	3,200,000	26,690,000	733,000.00	24,052,000.00	2,638,000.00
Total	84,904,000	629,034,000	71,728,566.00	314,318,815.00	314,715,185.00

No. 37.—SILVER CERTIFICATES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1892.					
One dollar	$12,872,000	$73,992,000	$14,625,433.00	$46,680,224.90	$27,311,775.10
Two dollars	7,424,000	46,448,000	9,527,668.00	29,318,162.60	17,129,837.40
Five dollars	23,660,000	172,300,000	31,298,010.00	69,868,285.50	102,431,714.50
Ten dollars	25,160,000	232,314,000	25,153,780.00	121,723,249.00	110,590,751.00
Twenty dollars	23,040,000	117,106,000	7,378,440.00	73,043,204.00	44,062,796.00
Fifty dollars	6,900,000	23,150,000	1,046,950.00	11,434,190.00	11,715,810.00
One hundred dollars	10,700,000	30,440,000	1,306,100.00	14,642,380.00	15,797,620.00
Five hundred dollars	.....	16,350,000	1,275,500.00	15,169,000.00	1,181,000.00
One thousand dollars	100,000	26,790,000	1,345,000.00	25,397,000.00	1,393,000.00
Total	109,856,000	738,890,000	92,956,881.00	407,275,696.00	331,614,304.00
1893.					
One dollar	10,696,000	84,688,000	15,152,942.00	61,833,166.90	22,854,833.10
Two dollars	7,696,000	54,144,000	8,803,138.00	38,121,300.60	16,022,699.40
Five dollars	27,000,000	199,300,000	35,429,910.00	105,298,195.50	94,001,804.50
Ten dollars	27,280,000	259,594,000	30,657,010.00	152,380,259.00	107,213,741.00
Twenty dollars	22,800,000	139,906,000	10,539,600.00	83,582,804.00	56,323,196.00
Fifty dollars	5,700,000	28,850,000	3,224,800.00	14,658,990.00	14,191,010.00
One hundred dollars	8,600,000	39,040,000	5,634,400.00	20,276,780.00	18,763,220.00
Five hundred dollars	100,000	16,450,000	522,000.00	15,691,000.00	759,000.00
One thousand dollars	100,000	26,890,000	665,000.00	26,062,000.00	828,000.00
Total	109,972,000	848,862,000	110,628,800.00	517,904,496.00	330,957,504.00
1894.					
One dollar	12,828,000	97,516,000	13,401,604.00	75,234,770.90	22,281,229.10
Two dollars	8,040,000	62,184,000	8,696,326.00	46,817,626.60	15,366,373.40
Five dollars	32,540,000	231,840,000	38,889,920.00	144,188,115.50	87,651,884.50
Ten dollars	34,760,000	294,354,000	37,362,030.00	189,742,289.00	104,611,711.00
Twenty dollars	28,960,000	168,866,000	16,433,620.00	100,016,424.00	68,849,576.00
Fifty dollars	2,620,000	31,470,000	3,654,500.00	18,313,490.00	13,156,510.00
One hundred dollars	10,570,000	49,610,000	5,107,000.00	25,383,780.00	24,226,220.00
Five hundred dollars	.....	16,450,000	276,000.00	15,967,000.00	483,000.00
One thousand dollars	.....	26,890,000	306,000.00	26,368,000.00	522,000.00
Total	130,318,000	979,180,000	124,127,000.00	642,031,496.00	337,148,504.00
1895.					
One dollar	18,856,000	116,372,000	13,895,523.00	89,130,293.90	27,241,706.10
Two dollars	10,304,000	72,488,000	9,003,322.00	55,820,948.60	16,667,051.40
Five dollars	36,680,000	268,520,000	36,069,175.00	180,257,290.50	88,262,709.50
Ten dollars	28,040,000	322,394,000	34,228,110.00	223,970,399.00	98,423,601.00
Twenty dollars	19,120,000	187,986,000	20,844,720.00	120,861,144.00	67,124,856.00
Fifty dollars	1,320,000	32,790,000	3,574,250.00	21,887,740.00	10,902,260.00
One hundred dollars	850,000	50,460,000	5,511,900.00	30,895,680.00	19,564,320.00
Five hundred dollars	.....	16,450,000	140,000.00	16,107,000.00	343,000.00
One thousand dollars	.....	26,890,000	157,000.00	26,525,000.00	365,000.00
Total	115,170,000	1,094,350,000	123,424,000.00	765,455,496.00	328,894,504.00
1896.					
One dollar	19,248,000	135,620,000	17,049,336.00	106,179,629.90	29,440,370.10
Two dollars	8,880,000	81,368,000	9,758,844.00	65,579,792.60	15,788,207.40
Five dollars	45,880,000	314,400,000	40,167,740.00	220,425,030.50	93,974,969.50
Ten dollars	45,320,000	367,714,000	37,715,320.00	261,685,719.00	106,028,281.00
Twenty dollars	18,640,000	206,626,000	23,505,360.00	144,366,504.00	62,259,496.00
Fifty dollars	5,560,000	38,350,000	4,347,600.00	26,235,340.00	12,114,660.00
One hundred dollars	10,480,000	60,940,000	7,514,300.00	38,409,980.00	22,530,020.00
Five hundred dollars	.....	16,450,000	102,500.00	16,209,500.00	240,500.00
One thousand dollars	.....	26,890,000	122,000.00	26,647,000.00	243,000.00
Total	154,008,000	1,248,358,000	140,283,000.00	905,738,496.00	342,619,504.00
1897.					
One dollar	21,436,000	157,056,000	19,812,166.00	125,991,795.90	31,064,204.10
Two dollars	12,416,000	93,784,000	10,081,533.00	75,661,325.60	18,122,674.40
Five dollars	51,620,000	366,020,000	43,858,735.00	264,283,765.50	101,736,234.50
Ten dollars	46,640,000	414,354,000	39,295,755.00	300,981,474.00	113,372,526.00
Twenty dollars	25,920,000	232,546,000	21,031,486.00	165,397,990.00	67,148,010.00
Fifty dollars	7,200,000	45,550,000	4,300,675.00	30,536,015.00	15,013,985.00
One hundred dollars	13,200,000	74,140,000	7,070,650.00	45,480,630.00	28,659,370.00
Five hundred dollars	.....	16,450,000	63,000.00	16,272,500.00	177,500.00
One thousand dollars	.....	26,890,000	58,000.00	26,705,000.00	185,000.00
Total	178,432,000	1,426,790,000	145,572,000.00	1,051,310,496.00	375,479,504.00

No. 38.—CURRENCY CERTIFICATES, ACT OF JUNE 8, 1872, OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1873.					
Five thousand dollars	$11,790,000	$11,790,000	$3,310,000	$3,310,000	$8,480,000
Ten thousand dollars	45,450,000	45,450,000	22,120,000	22,120,000	23,330,000
Total	57,240,000	57,240,000	25,430,000	25,430,000	31,810,000
1874.					
Five thousand dollars	7,895,000	19,685,000	8,855,000	12,165,000	7,520,000
Ten thousand dollars	72,770,000	118,220,000	44,630,000	66,750,000	51,470,000
Total	80,665,000	137,905,000	53,485,000	78,915,000	58,990,000
1875.					
Five thousand dollars	4,525,000	24,210,000	7,550,000	19,715,000	4,495,000
Ten thousand dollars	76,570,000	194,790,000	73,490,000	140,240,000	54,550,000
Total	81,095,000	219,000,000	81,040,000	159,955,000	59,045,000
1876.					
Five thousand dollars	28,760,000	52,970,000	19,595,000	39,310,000	13,660,000
Ten thousand dollars	53,640,000	248,430,000	88,710,000	228,950,000	19,480,000
Total	82,400,000	301,400,000	108,305,000	268,260,000	33,140,000
1877.					
Five thousand dollars	7,135,000	60,105,000	11,625,000	50,935,000	9,170,000
Ten thousand dollars	69,750,000	318,180,000	44,420,000	273,370,000	44,810,000
Total	76,885,000	378,285,000	56,045,000	324,305,000	53,980,000
1878.					
Five thousand dollars	7,300,000	67,405,000	11,055,000	61,990,000	5,415,000
Ten thousand dollars	79,380,000	397,560,000	83,360,000	356,730,000	40,830,000
Total	86,680,000	464,965,000	94,415,000	418,720,000	46,245,000
1879.					
Five thousand dollars	7,435,000	74,840,000	9,500,000	71,490,000	3,350,000
Ten thousand dollars	82,330,000	479,890,000	97,180,000	453,910,000	25,980,000
Total	89,765,000	554,730,000	106,680,000	525,400,000	29,330,000
1880.					
Five thousand dollars	4,015,000	78,855,000	5,240,000	76,730,000	2,125,000
Ten thousand dollars	43,040,000	522,930,000	56,870,000	510,780,000	12,150,000
Total	47,055,000	601,785,000	62,110,000	587,510,000	14,275,000
1881.					
Five thousand dollars	2,215,000	81,070,000	2,875,000	79,605,000	1,465,000
Ten thousand dollars	15,350,000	538,280,000	17,350,000	528,130,000	10,150,000
Total	17,565,000	619,350,000	20,225,000	607,735,000	11,615,000
1882.					
Five thousand dollars	2,950,000	84,020,000	1,875,000	81,480,000	2,540,000
Ten thousand dollars	13,960,000	552,240,000	13,290,000	541,420,000	10,820,000
Total	16,910,000	636,260,000	15,165,000	622,900,000	13,360,000
1883.					
Five thousand dollars	3,470,000	87,490,000	3,520,000	85,000,000	2,490,000
Ten thousand dollars	16,560,000	568,800,000	16,690,000	558,110,000	10,690,000
Total	20,030,000	656,290,000	20,210,000	643,110,000	13,180,000
1884.					
Five thousand dollars	4,300,000	91,790,000	4,520,000	89,520,000	2,270,000
Ten thousand dollars	22,570,000	591,370,000	23,300,000	581,410,000	9,960,000
Total	26,870,000	683,160,000	27,820,000	670,930,000	12,230,000

No. 38.—CURRENCY CERTIFICATES, ACT OF JUNE 8, 1872, OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING, ETC.—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1885.					
Five thousand dollars	$5,785,000	$97,575,000	$4,390,000	$93,910,000	$3,665,000
Ten thousand dollars	50,770,000	642,140,000	35,110,000	616,520,000	25,620,000
Total	56,555,000	739,715,000	39,500,000	710,430,000	29,285,000
1886.					
Five thousand dollars	4,630,000	102,205,000	6,085,000	99,995,000	2,210,000
Ten thousand dollars	43,020,000	685,160,000	52,740,000	669,260,000	15,900,000
Total	47,650,000	787,365,000	58,825,000	769,255,000	18,110,000
1887.					
Five thousand dollars		102,205,000	1,740,000	101,735,000	470,000
Ten thousand dollars	28,400,000	713,560,000	35,750,000	705,010,000	8,550,000
Total	28,400,000	815,765,000	37,490,000	806,745,000	9,020,000
1888.					
Five thousand dollars	230,000	102,435,000	65,000	101,800,000	635,000
Ten thousand dollars	30,170,000	743,730,000	24,490,000	729,500,000	14,230,000
Total	30,400,000	846,165,000	24,555,000	831,300,000	14,865,000
1889.					
Five thousand dollars		102,435,000	90,000	101,890,000	545,000
Ten thousand dollars	32,650,000	776,380,000	30,230,000	759,730,000	16,650,000
Total	32,650,000	878,815,000	30,320,000	861,620,000	17,195,000
1890.					
Five thousand dollars		102,435,000	95,000	101,985,000	450,000
Ten thousand dollars	23,480,000	799,860,000	28,190,000	787,920,000	11,940,000
Total	23,480,000	902,295,000	28,285,000	889,905,000	12,390,000
1891.					
Five thousand dollars		102,435,000	150,000	102,135,000	300,000
Ten thousand dollars	39,440,000	839,300,000	27,900,000	815,820,000	23,480,000
Total	39,440,000	941,735,000	28,050,000	917,955,000	23,780,000
1892.					
Five thousand dollars		102,435,000	10,000	102,145,000	290,000
Ten thousand dollars	70,800,000	910,100,000	64,150,000	879,970,000	30,130,000
Total	70,800,000	1,012,585,000	64,160,000	982,115,000	30,420,000
1893.					
Five thousand dollars	5,000	102,440,000	50,000	102,195,000	245,000
Ten thousand dollars	42,630,000	952,730,000	60,600,000	940,570,000	12,160,000
Total	42,635,000	1,055,170,000	60,650,000	1,042,765,000	12,405,000
1894.					
Five thousand dollars	190,000	102,630,000	40,000	102,235,000	395,000
Ten thousand dollars	78,400,000	1,031,130,000	30,920,000	971,490,000	59,640,000
Total	78,590,000	1,133,760,000	30,960,000	1,073,725,000	60,035,000
1895.					
Five thousand dollars	20,000	102,650,000	120,000	102,355,000	295,000
Ten thousand dollars	67,560,000	1,098,690,000	71,700,000	1,043,190,000	55,500,000
Total	67,580,000	1,201,340,000	71,820,000	1,145,545,000	55,795,000

No. 38.—CURRENCY CERTIFICATES, ACT OF JUNE 8, 1872, OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING, ETC.—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1896.					
Five thousand dollars	$1,840,000	$104,490,000	$1,935,000	$104,290,000	$200,000
Ten thousand dollars	70,970,000	1,169,660,000	94,460,000	1,137,650,000	32,010,000
Total	72,810,000	1,274,150,000	96,395,000	1,241,940,000	32,210,000
1897.					
Five thousand dollars	1,390,000	105,880,000	390,000	104,680,000	1,200,000
Ten thousand dollars	104,710,000	1,274,370,000	75,580,000	1,213,230,000	61,140,000
Total	106,100,000	1,380,250,000	75,970,000	1,317,910,000	62,340,000

No. 39.—AMOUNT OF UNITED STATES NOTES, TREASURY NOTES, AND GOLD, SILVER, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR FROM 1866.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1866.					
One dollar	$714,000	$18,846,000	$1,266,495.15	$1,637,240.90	$17,208,759.10
Two dollars	664,000	20,560,000	1,421,898.50	1,750,164.75	18,809,835.25
Five dollars	.....	96,663,820	588,593.50	1,217,894.50	95,445,925.50
Ten dollars	.....	110,005,040	473,548.00	987,184.50	109,017,855.50
Twenty dollars	156,360	87,076,040	1,071,932.00	1,891,747.00	85,184,293.00
Fifty dollars	.....	30,055,200	406,892.50	732,462.50	29,322,737.50
One hundred dollars	2,791,300	37,135,300	2,513,075.00	3,028,915.00	34,106,385.00
Five hundred dollars	11,000,000	44,914,000	387,425.00	9,488,400.00	35,425,600.00
One thousand dollars	34,546,000	83,950,000	11,355,800.00	25,004,800.00	58,945,200.00
Five thousand dollars	82,000,000	82,000,000	73,800,000.00	73,800,000.00	8,200,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	.....
Total	132,871,660	612,205,400	94,285,659.65	120,538,809.15	491,666,590.85
Unknown, in reserve	.....	79,932,425	.....	.....	79,932,425.00
Net	132,871,660	532,272,975	94,285,659.65	120,538,809.15	411,734,165.85
1867.					
One dollar	1,500,000	20,346,000	3,220,683.25	4,857,924.15	15,488,075.85
Two dollars	2,000,000	22,560,000	3,691,717.10	5,441,881.85	17,118,118.15
Five dollars	.....	96,663,820	30,397,678.75	31,615,573.25	65,048,246.75
Ten dollars	.....	110,005,040	22,679,294.75	23,666,479.25	86,338,560.75
Twenty dollars	203,920	87,279,960	19,271,830.00	21,163,577.00	66,116,383.00
Fifty dollars	.....	30,055,200	2,985,275.00	3,717,737.50	26,337,462.50
One hundred dollars	2,738,200	39,873,500	7,576,750.00	10,605,665.00	29,267,835.00
Five hundred dollars	3,493,000	48,407,000	5,979,825.00	15,468,225.00	32,938,775.00
One thousand dollars	71,639,000	155,589,000	77,369,900.00	102,374,700.00	53,214,300.00
Five thousand dollars	85,520,000	167,520,000	75,050,000.00	148,850,000.00	18,670,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	4,000,000	5,000,000	4,000,000.00	5,000,000.00	.....
Total	171,094,120	783,299,520	252,222,953.85	372,761,763.00	410,537,757.00
Unknown, in reserve	.....	13,806,000	.....	.....	13,806,000.00
Net	171,094,120	769,493,520	252,222,953.85	372,761,763.00	396,731,757.00
1868.					
One dollar	2,483,348	22,829,348	4,297,683.25	9,155,607.40	13,673,740.60
Two dollars	3,510,696	26,070,696	4,667,751.70	10,109,633.55	15,961,062.45
Five dollars	.....	96,663,820	2,210,801.25	33,826,374.50	-62,837,445.50
Ten dollars	.....	110,005,040	3,506,372.50	27,172,851.75	82,832,188.25
Twenty dollars	205,400	87,485,360	2,534,285.00	23,757,862.00	63,727,498.00
Fifty dollars	.....	30,055,200	841,932.50	4,559,670.00	25,495,530.00
One hundred dollars	2,204,000	42,077,500	3,173,875.00	13,779,540.00	28,297,960.00
Five hundred dollars	4,179,500	52,586,500	3,458,475.00	18,926,700.00	33,659,800.00
One thousand dollars	19,870,000	175,459,000	16,980,000.00	119,354,700.00	56,104,300.00
Five thousand dollars	61,625,000	229,145,000	63,170,000.00	212,020,000.00	17,125,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	.....	5,000,000	.....	5,000,000.00	.....
Total	94,077,944	877,377,464	104,901,176.20	477,662,939.20	399,714,524.80
Unknown, in reserve	.....	19,872,484	.....	.....	19,872,484.80
Net	94,077,944	857,504,980	104,901,176.20	477,662,939.20	379,842,040.00

No. 39.—AMOUNT OF UNITED STATES NOTES, TREASURY NOTES, AND GOLD, SILVER, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES, ETC.—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1869.					
One dollar	$5 522,000	$28,351,348	$4,929,028.40	$14,084,635.80	$14,266,712.20
Two dollars	8,000,432	34,071,128	5,287,765.90	15,397,399.45	18,673,728.55
Five dollars	4,336,180	101,000,000	6,641,495.50	40,467,870.00	60,532,130.00
Ten dollars	8,004,960	118,010,000	6,833,888.00	34,006,739.75	84,003,260.25
Twenty dollars	16,227,580	103,712,940	6,041,389.00	29,799,251.00	73,913,689.00
Fifty dollars		30,055,200	7,211,355.00	11,771,025.00	18,284,175.00
One hundred dollars	8,265,400	50,342,900	8,600,685.00	22,380,225.00	27,962,675.00
Five hundred dollars	12,498,500	65,085,000	9,777,975.00	28,704,675.00	36,380,325.00
One thousand dollars	32,961,000	208,420,000	19,829,000.00	139,183,700.00	69,236,300.00
Five thousand dollars	62,290,000	291,435,000	50,365,000.00	262,385,000.00	29,050,000.00
Ten thousand dollars		5,000,000		5,000,000.00	
Total	158,106,052	1,035,483,516	125,517,581.80	603,180,521.00	432,302,995.00
Unknown, in reserve		39,444,855			39,444,855.00
Net	158,106,052	996,038,661	125,517,581.80	603,180,521.00	392,858,140.00
1870.					
One dollar	8,220,000	36,571,348	4,422,884.45	18,507,520.25	18,063,827.75
Two dollars	14,032,000	48,103,128	5,209,611.30	20,607,010.75	27,496,117.25
Five dollars	19,580,000	120,580,000	9,493,971.25	49,961,841.25	70,618,158.75
Ten dollars	37,920,000	155,930,000	17,681,072.50	51,687,812.25	104,242,187.75
Twenty dollars	23,927,060	127,640,000	9,871,903.00	39,671,154.00	87,968,846.00
Fifty dollars	20,600,000	50,655,200	6,677,217.50	18,448,242.50	32,206,957.50
One hundred dollars	29,902,000	80,244,900	8,308,660.00	30,688,885.00	49,556,015.00
Five hundred dollars	3,501,000	68,586,000	14,507,975.00	43,212,650.00	25,373,350.00
One thousand dollars	10,053,000	218,473,000	34,278,000.00	173,461,700.00	45,011,300.00
Five thousand dollars	36,255,000	327,690,000	46,865,000.00	309,250,000.00	18,440,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	25,530,000	30,530,000	14,400,000.00	19,400,000.00	11,130,000.00
Total	229,520,060	1,265,003,576	171,716,295.00	774,896,816.00	490,106,760.00
In reserve		96,801,760			96,801,760.00
Net	229,520,060	1,168,201,816	171,716,295.00	774,896,816.00	393,305,000.00
1871.					
One dollar	7,480,611	44,050,899	5,002,208.45	23,509,728.70	20,541,170.30
Two dollars	5,985,000	53,195,128	6,821,860.80	27,428,871.55	25,766,256.45
Five dollars	5,860,000	112,440,000	14,016,532.25	63,978,373.50	48,461,626.50
Ten dollars	11,266,000	145,830,000	16,997,841.50	68,685,653.75	77,144,346.25
Twenty dollars	12,995,000	124,275,000	16,637,793.00	56,308,947.00	67,966,053.00
Fifty dollars	6,555,000	47,155,200	5,089,320.00	23,537,562.50	23,617,637.50
One hundred dollars	8,785,700	65,944,900	9,274,880.00	39,963,765.00	25,981,135.00
Five hundred dollars	27,485,000	94,030,000	18,525,875.00	61,738,525.00	32,291,475.00
One thousand dollars	44,883,000	254,356,000	40,825,000.00	214,286,700.00	40,069,300.00
Five thousand dollars	16,650,000	344,340,000	29,870,000.00	339,120,000.00	5,220,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	29,220,000	59,750,000	29,310,000.00	48,710,000.00	11,040,000.00
Total	177,165,311	1,345,367,127	192,371,311.00	967,268,127.00	378,099,000.00
1872.					
One dollar	9,931,304	53,982,203	5,724,516.60	29,234,245.30	24,747,957.70
Two dollars	9,172,000	62,367,128	7,566,791.90	34,995,663.45	27,371,464.55
Five dollars	9,962,500	122,402,500	11,658,604.00	75,636,977.50	46,765,522.50
Ten dollars	12,210,000	158,040,000	13,584,505.50	82,270,159.25	75,769,840.75
Twenty dollars	13,001,000	137,276,000	13,290,176.50	69,599,123.50	67,676,876.50
Fifty dollars	4,035,000	51,190,200	2,700,294.50	26,237,857.00	24,952,343.00
One hundred dollars	5,998,000	71,942,900	5,384,965.00	45,348,730.00	26,594,170.00
Five hundred dollars	4,299,500	98,329,500	7,027,950.00	68,766,475.00	29,563,025.00
One thousand dollars	13,660,000	268,016,000	12,386,000.00	226,672,700.00	41,343,300.00
Five thousand dollars	15,940,000	360,280,000	12,765,000.00	351,885,000.00	8,395,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	34,620,000	94,370,000	28,190,000.00	76,900,000.00	17,470,000.00
Total	132,829,304	1,478,196,431	120,278,804.00	1,087,546,931.00	390,649,500.00
1873.					
One dollar	6,981,567	60,963,770	6,517,793.20	35,752,038.50	25,211,731.50
Two dollars	7,816,000	70,183,128	7,712,608.55	42,708,272.00	27,474,856.00
Five dollars	9,537,500	131,940,000	9,903,055.00	85,540,032.50	46,399,967.50
Ten dollars	9,930,000	167,970,000	12,367,770.75	94,637,930.00	73,332,070.00
Twenty dollars	10,284,000	147,560,000	10,743,576.50	80,342,700.00	67,217,300.00
Fifty dollars	3,000,000	54,190,200	1,755,468.00	27,993,325.00	26,196,875.00
One hundred dollars	5,955,500	77,898,400	3,594,970.00	48,943,700.00	28,954,700.00
Five hundred dollars	6,516,000	104,845,500	7,786,525.00	76,553,000.00	28,292,500.00
One thousand dollars	15,214,000	283,220,000	12,709,300.00	239,382,000.00	43,848,000.00
Five thousand dollars	22,565,000	382,845,000	15,020,000.00	366,905,000.00	15,940,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	78,530,000	172,900,000	46,220,000.00	123,120,000.00	49,780,000.00
Total	176,329,567	1,654,525,998	134,331,067.00	1,221,877,998.00	432,648,000.00
Unk own, destroyed			1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	176,329,567	1,654,525,998	135,331,067.00	1,222,877,998.00	431,648,000.00

No. 39.—AMOUNT OF UNITED STATES NOTES, TREASURY NOTES, AND GOLD, SILVER, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES, ETC.—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1874.					
One dollar	$8,931,669	$69,895,439	$8,571,888.50	$44,323,927.00	$25,571,512.00
Two dollars	10,177,520	80,360,648	9,534,938.00	52,243,210.00	28,117,438.00
Five dollars	12,595 760	144,535,760	8,452,272.50	93,992,305.00	50,543,455.00
Ten dollars	15,665,240	183,635,240	12,273,385.00	106,911,315.00	76,723,925.00
Twenty dollars	14,178,400	161,738,400	8,904,230.00	89,246,930.00	72,491,470.00
Fifty dollars	5,230,000	59,420,200	2,030,775.00	30,024,100.00	29,396,100.00
One hundred dollars	10,629,500	88,527,900	3,794,000.00	52,737,700.00	35,790,200.00
Five hundred dollars	20,249,000	125,094,500	37,175,500.00	113,728,500.00	11,366,000.00
One thousand dollars	32,739,000	315,969,000	14,447,000.00	253,829,000.00	62,140,000.00
Five thousand dollars	16,050,000	398,895,000	20,735,000.00	387,640,000.00	11,255,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	102,740,000	275,640,000	91,100,000.00	214,220,000.00	61,420,000.00
Total	249,186,089	1,903,712,087	217,018,989.00	1,438,896,987.00	464,815,100.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	249,186,089	1,903,712,087	217,018,989.00	1,439,896,987.00	463,815,100.00
1875.					
One dollar	14,626,156	84,521,595	12,780,804.50	57,104,731.50	27,416,863.50
Two dollars	10,934,400	91,295,048	12,706,512.00	64,949,722.00	26,345,326.00
Five dollars	6,926,000	151,461,760	12,617,201.50	106,609,506.50	44,852,253.50
Ten dollars	13,560,000	197,195,240	17,129,380.00	124,040,695.00	73,154,545.00
Twenty dollars	10,160,000	171,898,400	15,263,928.00	104,510,858.00	67,387,542.00
Fifty dollars	8,960,700	68,380,900	7,096,850.00	37,120,950.00	31,259,950.00
One hundred dollars	4,487,300	93,015,200	8,030,600.00	60,768,300.00	32,246,900.00
Five hundred dollars	31,540,500	156,635,000	9,560,000.00	123,288,500.00	33,346,500.00
One thousand dollars	16,373,000	332,342,000	29,315,000.00	283,144,000.00	49,198,000.00
Five thousand dollars	17,315.000	416,210,000	20,445,000.00	408,085,000.00	8,125,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	120,370,000	396,010,000	117,510,000.00	331,730,000.00	64,280,000.00
Total	255,253,056	2,158,965,143	262,455,276.00	1,701,352,263.00	457,612,880.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	255,253,056	2,158,965,143	262,455,276.00	1,702,352,263.00	456,612,880.00
1876.					
One dollar	13,444,758	97,966,353	12,854,116.60	69,958,848.10	28,007,504.90
Two dollars	12,792,000	104,087,048	11,656,846.40	76,606,568.40	27,480,479.60
Five dollars	13,080,000	164,541,760	11,614,081.00	118,223,587.50	46,318,172.50
Ten dollars	11,196,000	208,391,240	14,945,686.00	138,986,381.00	69,404,859.00
Twenty dollars	12,184,000	184,082,400	13,189,679.00	117,700,537.00	66,381,863.00
Fifty dollars	10,151,000	78,531,900	5,922,185.00	43,043,135.00	35,488,765.00
One hundred dollars	6,757,600	99,772,800	10,655,460.00	71,420,760.00	28,352,040.00
Five hundred dollars	15,255,500	171,890,500	11,915,500.00	135,204,000.00	36,686,500.00
One thousand dollars	8,201,000	340,543,000	15,582,500.00	298,729,500.00	41,813,500.00
Five thousand dollars	73,645,000	489,855,000	54,680,000.00	462,765,000.00	27,090,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	87,490,000	483,500,000	126,200,000.00	457,930,000.00	25,570,000.00
Total	264,196,858	2,423,162,001	289,216,054.00	1,990,568,317.00	432,593,684.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	264,196,858	2,423,162,001	289,216,054.00	1,991,568,317.00	431,593,684.00
1877.					
One dollar	10,147,399	108,113,752	12,994,606.10	82,953,454.20	25,160,297.80
Two dollars	9,432.000	113,519,048	11,542,653.40	88,149,221.80	25,369,826.20
Five dollars	14,180,000	178,721,760	11,199,948.50	129,423,536.00	49,298,224.00
Ten dollars	7,320,000	215,711,240	12,189,152.00	151,175,533.00	64,535,707.00
Twenty dollars	8,160,000	192,242,400	11,932,666.00	129,633,203.00	62,609,197.00
Fifty dollars	5,983,300	84,515,200	5,559,155.00	48,602,290.00	35,912,910.00
One hundred dollars	8,258,900	108,031,700	5,996,170.00	77,416,930.00	30,614,770.00
Five hundred dollars	8,431,500	180,322,000	8,215,500.00	143,419,500.00	36,902,500.00
One thousand dollars	10,694,000	351,237,000	11,829,000.00	310,558,500.00	40,678,500.00
Five thousand dollars	15,630,000	505,485,090	27,555,000.00	490,320,000.00	15,165,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	109,230,000	592,730,000	64,730,000.00	522,660,000.00	70,070,000.00
Total	207,467,099	2,639,629,100	183,743,851.00	2,174,312,168.00	456,316,932.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	207,467,099	2,630,629,100	183,743,851.00	2,175,312,168.00	455,316,932.00
1878.					
One dollar	7,562,351	115,676,103	11,792,774.50	94,746,228.70	20,929,874.30
Two dollars	6,288,000	119,807,048	10,746,878.00	98,896,099.80	20,910,948.20
Five dollars	15,820,000	194,541,760	10,448,667.50	139,872,203.50	54,669,556.50
Ten dollars	11,503,220	227,214,460	10,364,063.00	161,539,596.00	65,674,864.00
Twenty dollars	9,210,240	201,452,640	9,086,554.00	138,719,757.00	62,732,883.00
Fifty dollars	3,213,250	87,728,450	11,930,230.00	60,532,520.00	27,195,930.00

No. 39.—AMOUNT OF UNITED STATES NOTES, TREASURY NOTES, AND GOLD, SILVER, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES, ETC.—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1878.					
One hundred dollars	$8,036,700	$116,068,400	$5,509,100.00	$82,926,030.00	$33,142,370.00
Five hundred dollars	6,880,000	187,202,000	9,614,000.00	153,033,500.00	34,168,500.00
One thousand dollars	8,390,000	359,627,000	8,395,000.00	318,953,500.00	40,673,500.00
Five thousand dollars	15,575,000	521,060,000	19,925,000.00	510,245,000.00	10,815,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	113,670,000	706,400,000	114,510,000.00	637,170,000.00	69,230,000.00
Total	206,148,761	2,836,777,861	222,322,267.00	2,396,634,435.00	440,143,426.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,009.00	1,000,000.00
Net	206,148,761	2,836,777,861	222,322,267.00	2,397,634,435.00	439,143,426.00
1879.					
One dollar	6,503,133	122,179,236	9,223,026.50	103,969,255.20	18,209,980.80
Two dollars	5,892,000	125,699,048	8,710,295.00	107,606,394.80	18,092,653.20
Five dollars	11,060,000	205,601,760	11,622,443.50	151,494,647.00	54,107,113.00
Ten dollars	9,323,780	236,538,240	10,196,252.00	171,735,848.00	64,802,392.00
Twenty dollars	7,485,760	208,938,400	9,650,836.00	148,370,593.00	60,567,807.00
Fifty dollars	2,531,750	90,260,200	4,059,340.00	64,591,860.00	25,668,340.00
One hundred dollars	5,632,400	121,700,800	5,561,390.00	88,487,420.00	33,213,380.00
Five hundred dollars	8,186,000	195,388,000	8,075,000.00	161,108,500.00	34,279,500.00
One thousand dollars	12,225,000	371,852,000	13,670,000.00	332,623,500.00	39,228,500.00
Five thousand dollars	15,670,000	536,730,000	16,680,000.00	526,925,000.00	9,805,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	90,830,000	797,230,000	123,070,000.00	760,240,000.00	36,990,000.00
Total	175,339,823	3,012,117,684	220,518,583.00	2,617,153,018.00	394,964,666.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	175,339,823	3,012,117,684	220,518,583.00	2,618,153,018.00	393,964,666.00
1880.					
One dollar	9,057,863	131,237,099	6,935,511.80	110,904,767.00	20,332,332.00
Two dollars	8,232,000	133,931,048	5,971,840.20	113,578,235.00	20,352,813.00
Five dollars	19,680,000	225,281,760	8,354,565.00	159,849,212.00	65,432,548.00
Ten dollars	18,527,000	255,065,240	6,265,301.00	178,001,149.00	77,064,091.00
Twenty dollars	19,250,000	228,188,400	5,698,620.00	154,069,213.00	74,119,187.00
Fifty dollars	2,595,000	92,855,200	2,125,395.00	66,717,255.00	26,137,945.00
One hundred dollars	4,501,700	126,202,500	2,604,610.00	91,092,030.00	35,110,470.00
Five hundred dollars	3,050,000	198,438,000	16,410,500.00	177,519,000.00	20,919,000.00
One thousand dollars	3,427,000	375,279,000	21,124,000.00	353,747,500.00	21,531,500.00
Five thousand dollars	5,015,000	541,745,000	10,945,000.00	537,870,000.00	3,875,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	45,040,000	842,270,000	64,570,000.00	824,810,000.00	17,460,000.00
Total	138,375,563	3,150,493,247	151,005,343.00	2,768,158,361.00	382,334,886.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	138,375,563	3,150,493,247	151,005,343.00	2,769,158,361.00	381,334,886.00
1881.					
One dollar	9,889,034	141,126,133	7,575,604.40	118,480,371.40	22,645,761.60
Two dollars	8,752,000	142,683,048	6,860,690.60	120,438,925.60	22,244,122.40
Five dollars	14,760,000	240,041,760	10,623,470.00	170,472,682.00	69,569,078.00
Ten dollars	27,860,000	282,925,240	7,566,674.00	185,567,823.00	97,357,417.00
Twenty dollars	22,800,000	250,988,400	6,484,770.00	160,553,983.00	90,434,417.00
Fifty dollars	3,510,000	96,365,200	2,463,435.00	69,180,690.00	27,184,510.00
One hundred dollars	5,354,300	131,556,800	3,219,110.00	94,311,140.00	37,245,660.00
Five hundred dollars	1,332,000	199,770,000	5,776,000.00	183,295,000.00	16,475,000.00
One thousand dollars	1,200,000	376,479,000	6,502,000.00	360,249,500.00	16,229,500.00
Five thousand dollars	2,215,000	543,960,000	3,370,000.00	541,240,000.00	2,720,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	15,350,000	857,620,000	18,670,000.00	843,480,000.00	14,140,000.00
Total	113,022,334	3,263,515,581	79,111,754.00	2,847,270,115.00	416,245,466.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	113,022,334	3,263,515,581	79,111,754.00	2,848,270,115.00	415,245,466.00
1882.					
One dollar	11,445,524	152,571,657	8,370,332.00	126,850,703.40	25,720,953.60
Two dollars	10,472,000	153,155,048	8,093,497.00	128,532,422.60	24,622,625.40
Five dollars	14,280,000	254,321,760	16,506,538.00	186,979,220.00	67,342,540.00
Ten dollars	18,920,000	301,845,240	14,246,931.00	199,814,754.00	102,030,486.00
Twenty dollars	14,720,000	265,708,400	11,535,986.00	172,089,969.00	93,618,431.00
Fifty dollars	3,600,000	99,965,200	3,309,190.00	72,489,880.00	27,475,320.00
One hundred dollars	5,327,900	136,884,700	3,859,570.00	98,170,710.00	38,713,990.00
Five hundred dollars	2,450,000	202,220,000	2,106,000.00	185,401,000.00	16,819,000.00
One thousand dollars	2,620,000	379,099,000	3,088,000.00	363,337,500.00	15,761,500.00

No. 39.—AMOUNT OF UNITED STATES NOTES, TREASURY NOTES, AND GOLD, SILVER, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES, ETC.—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1882.					
Five thousand dollars	$7,945,000	$551,905,000	$7,115,000.00	$548,355,000.00	$3,550,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	28,950,000	886,570,000	26,570,000.00	870,050,000.00	16,520,000.00
Total	120,730,424	3,384,246,005	104,801,044.00	2,952,071,159.00	432,174,846.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	120,730,424	3,384,246,005	104,801,044.00	2,953,071,159.00	431,174,846.00
1883.					
One dollar	11,986,114	164,557,771	9,970,610.80	136,821,314.20	27,736,456.80
Two dollars	9,672,000	162,827,048	8,770,231.20	137,302,653.80	25,524,394.20
Five dollars	22,860,000	277,181,760	19,052,455.00	206,031,675.00	71,150,085.00
Ten dollars	26,120,000	327,965,240	18,529,708.00	218,344,462.00	109,620,778.00
Twenty dollars	28,720,000	294,428,400	15,575,198.00	187,665,167.60	106,763,233.00
Fifty dollars	14,700,000	114,665,200	5,241,690.00	77,731,570.00	36,933,630.00
One hundred dollars	15,656,600	152,541,300	5,948,180.00	104,118,890.00	48,422,410.00
Five hundred dollars	12,400,000	214,620,000	3,467,000.00	188,868,000.00	25,752,000.00
One thousand dollars	21,400,000	400,499,000	5,093,000.00	368,430,500.00	32,068,500.00
Five thousand dollars	21,470,000	573,375,000	14,785,000.00	563,140,000.00	10,235,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	66,560,000	953,130,000	45,430,000.00	915,480,000.00	37,650,000.00
Total	251,544,714	3,635,790,719	151,863,073.00	3,103,934,232.00	531,856,487.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	251,544,714	3,635,790,719	151,863,073.00	3,104,934,232.00	530,856,487.00
1884.					
One dollar	8,943,236	173,501,007	10,019,508.00	146,840,822.20	26,660,184.80
Two dollars	7,808,000	170,635,048	8,434,508.00	145,737,161.80	24,897,886.20
Five dollars	23,420,000	300,601,760	19,017,170.00	225,048,845.00	75,552,915.00
Ten dollars	31,160,000	359,125,240	23,763,050.00	242,107,512.00	117,017,728.00
Twenty dollars	34,880,000	329,308,400	22,368,720.00	210,033,887.00	119,274,513.00
Fifty dollars	8,700,000	123,365,200	7,012,100.00	84,743,670.00	38,621,530.00
One hundred dollars	10,637,000	163,178,300	8,089,300.00	112,208,190.00	50,970,110.00
Five hundred dollars	9,650,000	224,270,000	5,329,000.00	194,197,000.00	30,073,000.00
One thousand dollars	17,500,000	417,999,000	9,006,000.00	377,436,500.00	40,562,500.00
Five thousand dollars	11,300,000	584,675,000	8,140,000.00	571,280,000.00	13,395,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	42,570,000	995,700,000	38,050,000.00	953,530,000.00	42,170,000.00
Total	206,568,236	3,842,358,955	159,229,356.00	3,263,163,588.00	579,195,367.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	206,568,236	3,842,358,955	159,229,356.00	3,264,163,588.00	578,195,367.00
1885.					
One dollar	10,187,153	183,688,160	11,895,276.00	158,736,098.20	24,952,061.80
Two dollars	10,856,000	181,491,048	10,458,817.00	156,195,978.80	25,295,069.20
Five dollars	19,300,000	319,901,760	18,855,110.00	243,903,955.00	75,997,805.00
Ten dollars	23,680,000	382,805,240	24,411,215.00	266,518,727.00	116,286,513.00
Twenty dollars	22,320,000	351,628,400	22,112,700.00	232,146,587.00	119,481,813.00
Fifty dollars	9,700,000	133,065,200	6,763,800.00	91,507,470.00	41,557,730.00
One hundred dollars	10,000,000	173,178,300	8,591,300.00	120,799,490.00	52,378,810.00
Five hundred dollars	13,950,000	238,220,000	4,363,500.00	198,560,500.00	39,659,500.00
One thousand dollars	25,000,000	442,999,000	4,786,000.00	382,222,500.00	60,776,500.00
Five thousand dollars	13,285,000	597,960,000	8,415,000.00	579,695,000.00	18,265,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	85,770,000	1,081,470,000	45,400,000.00	998,930,000.00	82,540,000.00
Total	244,048,153	4,086,407,108	166,052,718.00	3,429,216,306.00	657,190,802.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	244,048,153	4,086,407,108	166,052,718.00	3,430,216,306.00	656,190,802.00
1886.					
One dollar		183,688,160	7,348,139.40	166,084,237.60	17,603,922.40
Two dollars		181,491,048	7,090,699.60	163,286,678.40	18,204,369.60
Five dollars	21,320,000	341,221,760	11,688,586.00	255,592,541.00	85,629,219.00
Ten dollars	13,760,000	396,565,240	13,118,465.00	279,637,192.00	116,928,048.00
Twenty dollars	8,560,000	360,188,400	16,028,916.00	248,175,503.00	112,012,897.00
Fifty dollars	2,100,000	135,165,200	3,263,670.00	94,771,140.00	40,394,060.00
One hundred dollars	4,800,000	177,978,300	7,194,890.00	127,994,380.00	49,983,920.00
Five hundred dollars	600,000	238,820,000	12,560,500.00	211,121,000.00	27,699,000.00
One thousand dollars	17,500,000	460,499,000	20,499,000.00	402,721,500.00	57,777,500.00
Five thousand dollars	4,630,000	602,590,000	6,805,000.00	586,500,000.00	16,090,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	43,020,000	1,124,490,000	54,940,000.00	1,053,870,000.00	70,620,060.00
Total	116,290,000	4,202,697,108	160,537,866.00	3,589,754,172.00	612,942,936.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	116,290,000	4,202,697,108	160,537,866.00	3,590,754,172.00	611,942,936.00

No. 39.—AMOUNT OF UNITED STATES NOTES, TREASURY NOTES, AND GOLD, SILVER, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES, ETC.—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1887.					
One dollar	$14,156,000	$197,844,160	$8,983,049.80	$175,067,287.40	$22,776,872.60
Two dollars	8,976,000	190,467,048	9,265,801.20	172,552,479.60	17,914,568.40
Five dollars	34,500,000	375,721,760	17,336,127.00	272,928,668.00	102,793,092.00
Ten dollars	33,080,600	429,645,240	15,435,707.00	295,072,899.00	134,572,341.00
Twenty dollars	25,760,000	385,948,400	12,342,458.00	260,517,961.00	125,430,439.00
Fifty dollars	3,000,000	138,165,200	8,063,620.00	102,834,760.00	35,330,440.00
One hundred dollars	2,800,000	180,778,300	11,469,690.00	139,464,070.00	41,314,230.00
Five hundred dollars	.....	238,820,000	7,294,500.00	218,415,500.00	20,404,500.00
One thousand dollars	3,648,000	464,147,000	12,331,000.00	415,052,500.00	49,094,500.00
Five thousand dollars	.....	602,590,000	2,380,000.00	588,880,000.00	13,710,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	28,400,000	1,152,890,000	38,630,000.00	1,092,500,000.00	60,390,000.00
Total	154,320,000	4,357,017,108	143,531,953.00	3,733,286,125.00	623,730,983.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	154,320,000	4,357,017,108	143,531,953.00	3,734,286,125.00	622,730,983.00
1888.					
One dollar	14,172,000	212,016,160	5,037,036.10	180,104,323.50	31,911,836.50
Two dollars	10,424,000	200,891,048	4,764,394.40	177,316,874.00	23,574,174.00
Five dollars	52,000,000	427,721,760	22,128,359.50	295,057,027.50	132,664,732.50
Ten dollars	53,520,000	483,165,240	21,362,430.00	316,435,329.00	166,729,911.00
Twenty dollars	33,040,000	418,988,400	16,854,355.00	277,372,316.00	141,616,084.00
Fifty dollars	7,300,000	145,465,200	6,123,140.00	108,957,900.00	36,507,300.00
One hundred dollars	12,700,000	193,478,300	6,187,830.00	145,651,900.00	47,826,400.00
Five hundred dollars	6,200,000	245,020,000	5,745,000.00	224,160,500.00	20,859,500.00
One thousand dollars	15,352,000	479,499,000	14,320,500.00	429,373,000.00	50,126,000.00
Five thousand dollars	20,230,000	622,820,000	9,405,000.00	598,285,000.00	24,535,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	60,170,000	1,213,060,000	62,850,000.00	1,155,350,000.00	57,710,000.00
Total	285,108,000	4,642,125,108	174,778,045.00	3,908,064,170.00	734,060,938.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	285,108,000	4,642,125,108	174,778,045.00	3,909,064,170.00	733,060,938.00
1889.					
One dollar	8,772,000	220,788,160	9,061,336.80	189,165,660.30	31,622,499.70
Two dollars	5,800,000	206,691,048	5,785,215.20	183,102,089.20	23,588,958.80
Five dollars	38,540,000	466,261,760	27,290,032.00	322,347,059.50	143,914,700.50
Ten dollars	34,200,000	517,365,240	26,909,035.00	343,344,364.00	174,020,876.00
Twenty dollars	19,040,000	438,028,400	21,154,120.00	298,526,436.00	139,501,964.00
Fifty dollars	6,000,000	151,465,200	6,362,725.00	115,320,625.00	36,144,575.00
One hundred dollars	7,600,000	201,078,300	6,644,660.00	152,296,560.00	48,781,740.00
Five hundred dollars	9,750,000	254,770,000	4,688,000.00	228,848,500.00	25,921,500.00
One thousand dollars	11,500,000	490,999,000	11,498,500.00	440,871,500.00	50,127,500.00
Five thousand dollars	30,155,000	652,975,000	17,110,000.00	615,395,000.00	37,580,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	73,770,000	1,286,830,000	61,130,000.00	1,216,480,000.00	70,350,000.00
Total	245,127,000	4,887,252,108	197,633,624.00	4,105,697,794.00	781,554,314.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	245,127,000	4,887,252,108	197,633,624.00	4,106,697,794.00	780,554,314.00
1890.					
One dollar	14,916,000	235,704,160	12,111,664.40	201,277,324.70	34,426,835.30
Two dollars	9,496,000	216,187,048	7,654,319.60	190,756,408.80	25,430,639.20
Five dollars	48,120,000	514,381,760	32,177,160.00	354,524,219.50	159,857,540.50
Ten dollars	58,720,000	576,085,240	30,859,060.00	374,203,424.00	201,881,816.00
Twenty dollars	34,240,000	472,268,400	24,021,284.00	322,547,720.00	149,720,680.00
Fifty dollars	4,800,000	156,265,200	7,184,110.00	122,504,735.00	33,760,465.00
One hundred dollars	8,000,000	209,078,300	7,854,970.00	160,151,530.00	48,926,770.00
Five hundred dollars	3,400,000	258,170,000	6,398,000.00	235,246,500.00	22,923,500.00
One thousand dollars	4,000,000	494,999,000	14,357,000.00	455,228,500.00	39,770,500.00
Five thousand dollars	11,350,000	664,325,000	14,055,000.00	629,450,000.00	34,875,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	48,100,000	1,334,930,000	50,870,000.00	1,267,350,000.00	67,580,000.00
Total	245,142,000	5,132,394,108	207,542,568.00	4,313,240,362.00	819,153,746.00
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	245,142,000	5,132,394,108	207,542,568.00	4,314,240,362.00	818,153,746.00
1891.					
One dollar	13,452,417	249,156,577	11,907,394.00	213,184,718.70	35,971,858.30
Two dollars	8,576,000	224,763,048	8,316,160.00	199,072,568.80	25,690,479.20
Five dollars	56,260,000	570,641,760	38,424,642.00	392,948,861.50	177,692,898.50
Ten dollars	55,880,000	631,965,240	38,544,200.00	412,747,624.00	219,217,616.00
Twenty dollars	43,120,000	515,388,400	28,082,620.00	350,630,340.00	164,758,060.00

No. 39.—AMOUNT OF UNITED STATES NOTES, TREASURY NOTES, AND GOLD, SILVER, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES, ETC.—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1891.					
Fifty dollars	$6,200,000	$162,065,200	$6,398,300.00	$128,903,035.00	$33,162,165.00
One hundred dollars	14,400,000	223,478,300	8,675,300.00	168,826,830.00	54,651,470.00
Five hundred dollars	5,500,000	264,070,000	5,617,500.00	240,864,000.00	23,206,000.00
One thousand dollars	17,300,000	512,299,000	10,910,000.00	466,138,500.00	46,160,500.00
Five thousand dollars	6,680,000	671,005,000	14,540,000.00	643,990,000.00	27,015,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	83,140,000	1,418,070,000	69,380,000.00	1,336,730,000.00	81,340,000.00
Total	310,508,417	5,442,902,525	240,796,116.00	4,554,036,478.00	888,866,047.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	310,508,417	5,442,902,525	240,796,116.00	4,555,036,478.00	887,866,047.00
1892.					
One dollar	18,328,424	267,485,001	16,664,477.00	229,849,195.70	37,635,805.30
Two dollars	14,552,000	239,315,048	11,355,154.00	210,427,722.80	28,887,325.20
Five dollars	57,760,000	628,401,760	48,180,380.00	441,129,241.50	187,272,518.50
Ten dollars	59,800,000	691,765,240	45,102,530.00	457,850,154.00	233,915,086.00
Twenty dollars	44,080,000	559,468,400	28,472,560.00	379,102,900.00	180,365,500.00
Fifty dollars	9,000,000	171,065,200	6,469,250.00	135,372,285.00	35,692,915.00
One hundred dollars	17,270,000	240,748,300	9,150,800.00	177,977,630.00	62,770,670.00
Five hundred dollars	6,520,000	270,590,000	6,166,000.00	247,030,000.00	23,560,000.00
One thousand dollars	17,900,000	530,199,000	13,079,000.00	479,217,500.00	50,981,500.00
Five thousand dollars	18,725,000	689,730,000	14,625,000.00	658,615,000.00	31,115,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	113,640,000	1,531,710,000	99,150,000.00	1,435,880,000.00	95,830,000.00
Total	377,575,424	5,820,477,949	298,415,151.00	4,852,451,629.00	968,026,320.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	377,575,424	5,820,477,949	298,415,151.00	4,853,451,629.00	967,026,320.00
1893.					
One dollar	21,674,106	289,159,107	19,759,922.00	249,609,117.70	39,549,989.30
Two dollars	16,112,000	255,427,048	13,764,528.00	224,192,250.80	31,234,797.20
Five dollars	66,740,000	695,141,760	60,872,390.00	502,001,631.50	193,140,128.50
Ten dollars	68,960,000	760,725,240	60,639,100.00	518,489,254.00	242,235,986.00
Twenty dollars	50,880,000	610,348,400	43,829,300.00	422,932,200.00	187,416,200.00
Fifty dollars	8,800,000	179,865,200	9,944,550.00	145,316,835.00	34,548,365.00
One hundred dollars	14,220,000	254,968,300	19,742,200.00	197,719,830.00	57,248,470.00
Five hundred dollars	6,330,000	276,920,000	7,003,500.00	254,033,500.00	22,886,500.00
One thousand dollars	34,680,000	564,879,000	28,152,000.00	507,369,500.00	57,509,500.00
Five thousand dollars	4,665,000	694,395,000	17,550,000.00	676,165,000.00	18,230,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	50,970,000	1,582,680,000	99,720,000.00	1,535,600,000.00	47,080,000.00
Total	344,031,106	6,164,509,055	380,977,490.00	5,233,429,119.00	931,079,936.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	344,031,106	6,164,509,055	380,977,490.00	5,234,429,119.00	930,079,936.00
1894.					
One dollar	19,913,190	309,072,297	21,300,049.00	270,909,166.70	38,163,130.30
Two dollars	12,496,000	267,923,048	15,547,696.00	239,739,946.80	28,183,101.20
Five dollars	52,880,000	748,021,760	71,764,275.00	573,765,906.50	174,255,853.50
Ten dollars	61,160,000	821,885,240	73,449,100.00	591,938,354.00	229,946,886.00
Twenty dollars	52,080,000	662,428,400	47,945,620.00	470,877,820.00	191,550,580.00
Fifty dollars	5,460,000	185,325,200	7,551,550.00	152,868,385.00	32,456,815.00
One hundred dollars	20,160,000	275,128,300	11,892,000.00	209,611,830.00	65,516,470.00
Five hundred dollars		276,920,000	5,818,000.00	259,851,500.00	17,068,500.00
One thousand dollars	48,920,000	613,799,000	15,519,000.00	522,888,500.00	90,910,500.00
Five thousand dollars	290,000	694,685,000	5,925,000.00	682,090,000.00	12,595,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	78,400,000	1,661,080,000	42,290,000.00	1,577,890,000.00	83,190,000.00
Total	351,759,190	6,516,268,245	319,002,290.00	5,552,431,409.00	963,836,836.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	351,759,190	6,516,268,245	319,002,290.00	5,553,431,409.00	962,836,836.00
1895.					
One dollar	25,872,983	334,945,280	22,558,462.00	293,467,628.70	41,477,651.30
Two dollars	15,248,000	283,171,048	15,472,123.00	255,212,069.80	27,958,978.20
Five dollars	74,920,000	822,941,760	66,170,215.00	639,936,121.50	183,005,638.50
Ten dollars	55,520,000	877,405,240	66,413,790.00	658,352,144.00	219,053,096.00
Twenty dollars	35,760,000	698,188,400	48,307,300.00	519,185,120.00	179,003,280.00
Fifty dollars	2,855,000	188,180,200	7,558,650.00	160,427,035.00	27,753,165.00
One hundred dollars	3,110,000	278,238,300	12,551,400.00	222,163,230.00	56,075,070.00
Five hundred dollars		276,920,000	3,204,000.00	263,055,500.00	13,864,500.00
One thousand dollars	20,840,000	634,639,000	10,318,000.00	533,206,500.00	101,432,500.00

No. 39.—AMOUNT OF UNITED STATES NOTES, TREASURY NOTES, AND GOLD, SILVER, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES, ETC.—Continued.

Denomination.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
1895.					
Five thousand dollars	$70,000	$694,755,000	$4,930,000.00	$687,020,000.00	$7,735,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	67,610,000	1,728,690,000	81,230,000.00	1,659,120,000.00	69,570,000.00
Total	301,805,983	6,818,074,228	338,713,940.00	5,891,145,349.00	926,928,879.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	301,805,983	6,818,074,228	338,713,940.00	5,892,145,349.00	925,928,879.00
1896.					
One dollar	27,434,880	362,380,160	24,728,665.00	318,196,293.70	44,183,866.30
Two dollars	16,536,000	299,707,048	15,582,650.00	270,794,719.80	28,912,328.20
Five dollars	83,140,000	906,081,760	71,643,585.00	711,579,706.50	194,502,053.50
Ten dollars	80,280,000	957,685,240	68,865,490.00	727,217,634.00	230,467,606.00
Twenty dollars	26,720,000	724,908,400	46,602,580.00	565,787,700.00	159,120,700.00
Fifty dollars	9,360,000	197,540,200	8,144,500.00	168,571,535.00	28,968,665.00
One hundred dollars	18,480,000	296,718,300	16,576,800.00	238,740,030.00	57,978,270.00
Five hundred dollars		276,920,000	14,750,500.00	266,167,000.00	10,753,000.00
One thousand dollars	6,140,000	640,779,000	8,053,000.00	552,898,500.00	87,880,500.00
Five thousand dollars	1,855,000	696,610,000	3,355,000.00	690,375,000.00	6,235,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	75,810,000	1,804,500,000	99,370,000.00	1,758,490,000.00	46,010,000.00
Total	345,755,880	7,163,830,108	377,672,770.00	6,268,818,119.00	895,011,989.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	345,755,880	7,163,830,108	377,672,770.00	6,269,818,119.00	894,011,989.00
1897.					
One dollar	29,280,000	391,660,160	27,540,974.00	345,737,267.70	45,922,892.30
Two dollars	17,368,000	317,975,048	16,378,326.00	287,173,045.80	29,902,002.20
Five dollars	72,440,000	978,521,760	72,555,727.00	784,135,433.50	194,386,326.50
Ten dollars	64,680,000	1,022,365,240	67,393,719.00	794,611,353.00	227,753,887.00
Twenty dollars	35,210,000	760,118,400	39,671,124.00	605,458,824.00	154,659,576.00
Fifty dollars	10,800,000	208,340,200	6,721,450.00	175,292,985.00	33,047,215.00
One hundred dollars	15,450,000	312,168,300	13,154,700.00	251,894,730.00	60,273,570.00
Five hundred dollars	11,100,000	288,020,000	2,068,000.00	268,235,000.00	19,785,000.00
One thousand dollars	12,420,000	653,199,000	7,276,000.00	560,174,500.00	93,024,500.00
Five thousand dollars	1,390,000	698,000,000	850,000.00	691,225,000.00	6,775,000.00
Ten thousand dollars	104,710,000	1,909,210,000	77,100,000.00	1,835,590,000.00	73,620,000.00
Total	374,848,000	7,538,678,108	330,710,020.00	6,599,528,139.00	939,149,969.00
Unknown, destroyed				1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Net	374,848,000	7,538,678,108	330,710,020.00	6,600,528,139.00	938,149,969.00

No 40.—AMOUNT OF PAPER CURRENCY OF EACH DENOMINATION OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR FROM 1878.

Denomination.	Legal-tender notes.	Certificates.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1878.				
One dollar	$20,929,874		$4,059,836	$24,989,710
Two dollars	20,910,948		2,820,132	23,731,080
Five dollars	54,669,557		93,908,525	148,578,082
Ten dollars	65,551,644	$123,220	104,097,270	169,772,134
Twenty dollars	62,720,643	12,240	68,632,220	131,365,103
Fifty dollars	27,182,680	13,250	21,704,900	48,900,830
One hundred dollars	31,624,670	1,517,700	28,300,600	61,442,970
Five hundred dollars	30,878,500	3,290,000	1,097,000	35,265,500
One thousand dollars	33,212,500	7,461,000	305,000	40,978,500
Five thousand dollars		10,815,000		10,815,000
Ten thousand dollars		69,230,000		69,230,000
Total	347,681,016	92,462,410	324,925,483	765,068,909
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000			1,000,000
Net	346,681,016	92,462,410	324,925,483	764,068,909
1879.				
One dollar	18,209,981		4,016,879	22,226,860
Two dollars	18,092,653		2,800,006	20,892,659
Five dollars	54,107,113		95,977,475	150,084,588
Ten dollars	64,638,562	163,830	106,420,340	171,222,732

No. 40.—AMOUNT OF PAPER CURRENCY OF EACH DENOMINATION OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR FROM 1878—Continued.

Denomination.	Legal-tender notes.	Certificates.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1879.				
Twenty dollars	$60,470,887	$96,920	$70,571,580	$131,139,387
Fifty dollars	25,523,340	145,000	21,134,350	46,802,690
One hundred dollars	32,038,480	1,174,900	27,044,900	60,258,280
Five hundred dollars	32,569,500	1,710,000	684,500	34,964,000
One thousand dollars	35,070,500	4,158,000	316,000	39,544,500
Five thousand dollars	4,000,000	5,805,000	.....	9,805,000
Ten thousand dollars	2,960,000	34,030,000	.....	36,990,000
Total	347,681,016	47,283,650	328,966,030	723,930,696
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000	.....	.....	1,000,000
Net	346,681,016	47,283,650	328,966,030	722,930,696
1880.				
One dollar	20,332,332	.....	2,687,022	23,019,354
Two dollars	20,352,313	.....	1,885,960	22,238,773
Five dollars	65,432,548	.....	100,578,275	166,010,823
Ten dollars	74,916,751	2,147,340	113,581,040	190,645,131
Twenty dollars	72,143,207	1,975,980	74,988,440	149,107,627
Fifty dollars	24,808,995	1,328,950	21,679,300	47,817,245
One hundred dollars	32,797,870	2,312,600	27,521,500	62,631,970
Five hundred dollars	19,224,000	1,695,000	702,000	21,621,000
One thousand dollars	16,532,500	4,999,000	270,000	21,801,500
Five thousand dollars	680,000	3,195,000	.....	3,875,000
Ten thousand dollars	460,000	17,000,000	.....	17,460,000
Total	347,681,016	34,653,870	343,893,537	726,228,423
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000	.....	.....	1,000,000
Net	346,681,016	34,653,870	343,893,537	725,228,423
1881.				
One dollar	22,645,762	.....	1,564,390	24,210,152
Two dollars	22,244,122	.....	1,093,334	23,337,456
Five dollars	69,569,078	.....	99,962,365	169,531,443
Ten dollars	76,990,387	20,367,030	119,214,320	216,571,737
Twenty dollars	72,271,597	18,162,820	79,255,640	169,690,057
Fifty dollars	23,702,910	3,481,600	23,051,750	50,236,260
One hundred dollars	32,947,660	4,298,000	29,518,100	66,763,760
Five hundred dollars	14,570,000	1,905,000	723,500	17,198,500
One thousand dollars	12,024,500	4,205,000	235,000	16,464,500
Five thousand dollars	455,000	2,265,000	.....	2,720,000
Ten thousand dollars	260,000	13,880,000	.....	14,140,000
Total	347,681,016	68,564,450	354,618,399	770,863,865
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000	.....	.....	1,000,000
Net	346,681,016	68,564,450	354,618,399	769,863,865
1882.				
One dollar	25,720,954	.....	912,546	26,633,500
Two dollars	24,622,625	.....	608,080	25,230,705
Five dollars	67,342,540	.....	97,490,980	164,833,520
Ten dollars	72,784,766	29,245,720	121,436,400	223,466,886
Twenty dollars	68,657,471	24,960,960	82,186,560	175,804,991
Fifty dollars	24,191,770	3,283,550	23,395,400	50,870,720
One hundred dollars	34,469,390	4,244,600	30,453,300	69,167,290
Five hundred dollars	14,876,000	1,943,000	880,000	17,699,000
One thousand dollars	12,335,500	3,426,000	192,000	15,953,500
Five thousand dollars	420,000	3,130,000	.....	3,550,000
Ten thousand dollars	2,260,000	14,260,000	.....	16,520,000
Total	347,681,016	84,493,830	357,555,266	789,730,112
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000	.....	.....	1,000,000
Net	346,681,016	84,493,830	357,555,266	788,730,112
1883.				
One dollar	27,736,457	.....	628,203	28,364,660
Two dollars	25,524,394	.....	393,080	25,917,474
Five dollars	71,150,085	.....	93,593,555	164,743,640
Ten dollars	72,732,886	36,887,892	120,013,440	229,634,218
Twenty dollars	62,446,909	44,316,324	83,700,980	190,464,213
Fifty dollars	23,885,895	13,047,735	23,831,250	60,764,880
One hundred dollars	34,302,390	14,120,020	32,726,900	81,149,310
Five hundred dollars	15,098,500	10,653,500	965,000	26,717,000
One thousand dollars	14,328,500	17,749,000	217,000	32,285,500

No. 40.—AMOUNT OF PAPER CURRENCY OF EACH DENOMINATION OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR FROM 1878—Continued.

Denomination.	Legal-tender notes.	Certificates.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1883.				
Five thousand dollars	$315,000	$9,920,000	.....	$10,235,000
Ten thousand dollars	160,000	37,490,000	.....	37,650,000
Total	347,681,016	184,175,471	$356,069,408	887,925,895
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000	.....	.....	1,000,000
Net	346,681,016	184,175,471	356,069,408	886,925,895
1884.				
One dollar	26,660,185	.....	511,564	27,171,749
Two dollars	24,897,886	.....	298,642	25,196,528
Five dollars	75,552,915	.....	87,249,585	162,802,500
Ten dollars	69,527,016	47,490,712	113,311,490	230,329,218
Twenty dollars	58,054,629	61,219,884	80,515,720	199,790,233
Fifty dollars	23,208,895	15,412,635	22,752,100	61,373,630
One hundred dollars	33,640,990	17,329,120	32,983,700	83,953,810
Five hundred dollars	16,914,000	13,159,000	845,500	30,918,500
One thousand dollars	19,034,500	21,528,000	221,000	40,783,500
Five thousand dollars	130,000	13,265,000	.....	13,395,000
Ten thousand dollars	60,000	42,110,000	.....	42,170,000
Total	347,681,016	231,514,351	338,689,301	917,884,668
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000	.....	.....	1,000,000
Net	346,681,016	231,514,351	338,689,301	916,884,668
1885.				
One dollar	24,952,062	.....	455,357	25,407,419
Two dollars	25,295,069	.....	250,976	25,546,045
Five dollars	75,997,805	.....	81,172,315	157,170,120
Ten dollars	64,539,386	51,747,127	104,951,890	221,238,403
Twenty dollars	55,126,509	64,355,304	75,721,280	195,203,093
Fifty dollars	23,459,895	18,097,835	21,261,200	62,818,930
One hundred dollars	32,896,790	19,482,020	32,155,600	84,534,410
Five hundred dollars	16,557,000	23,102,500	712,000	40,371,500
One thousand dollars	28,716,500	32,060,000	172,000	60,948,500
Five thousand dollars	100,000	18,165,000	.....	18,265,000
Ten thousand dollars	40,000	82,500,000	.....	82,540,000
Total	347,681,016	309,509,786	316,852,618	974,043,420
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000	.....	.....	1,000,000
Net	346,681,016	309,509,786	316,852,618	973,043,420
1886.				
One dollar	17,603,922	.....	418,482	18,022,404
Two dollars	18,204,370	.....	220,796	18,425,166
Five dollars	85,629,219	.....	83,283,180	168,912,399
Ten dollars	66,658,661	50,269,387	101,490,180	218,418,228
Twenty dollars	55,078,379	56,934,518	72,966,420	184,979,317
Fifty dollars	23,291,265	17,102,795	19,266,100	59,660,160
One hundred dollars	31,359,700	18,624,220	30,293,600	80,277,520
Five hundred dollars	12,424,000	15,275,000	445,500	28,144,500
One thousand dollars	37,361,500	20,416,000	104,000	57,881,500
Five thousand dollars	60,000	16,030,000	.....	16,090,000
Ten thousand dollars	10,000	70,610,000	.....	70,620,000
Total	347,681,016	265,261,920	308,488,258	921,431,194
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000	.....	.....	1,000,000
Net	346,681,016	265,261,920	308,488,258	920,431,194
1887.				
One dollar	8,797,377	13,979,496	397,856	23,174,729
Two dollars	9,008,572	8,905,996	205,062	18,119,630
Five dollars	95,064,850	7,728,242	78,116,275	180,909,367
Ten dollars	80,371,471	54,200,870	91,616,850	226,189,191
Twenty dollars	63,929,361	61,501,078	65,781,220	191,211,659
Fifty dollars	21,908,985	13,421,455	16,378,450	51,708,890
One hundred dollars	29,643,400	11,670,830	25,990,800	67,305,030
Five hundred dollars	7,704,500	12,700,000	328,000	20,732,500
One thousand dollars	31,197,500	17,897,000	79,000	49,173,500
Five thousand dollars	45,000	13,665,000	.....	13,710,000
Ten thousand dollars	10,000	60,380,000	.....	60,390,000
Total	347,681,016	276,049,967	278,893,513	902,624,496
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000	.....	.....	1,000,000
Net	346,681,016	276,049,967	278,893,513	901,624,496

No. 40.—AMOUNT OF PAPER CURRENCY OF EACH DENOMINATION OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR FROM 1878—Continued.

Denomination.	Legal-tender notes.	Certificates.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1888.				
One dollar	$5,180,233	$26,731,604	$391,042	$32,302,879
Two dollars	4,976,936	18,597,238	199,784	23,773,958
Five dollars	81,054,872	51,609,860	72,426,835	205,091,567
Ten dollars	86,264,401	80,465,510	81,453,460	248,183,371
Twenty dollars	84,813,924	56,802,160	59,272,120	200,888,204
Fifty dollars	21,870,550	14,636,750	14,501,500	51,008,800
One hundred dollars	31,104,100	16,722,300	23,613,900	71,440,300
Five hundred dollars	8,068,000	12,791,500	259,000	21,118,500
One thousand dollars	24,303,000	25,823,000	62,000	50,188,000
Five thousand dollars	35,000	24,500,000	.....	24,535,000
Ten thousand dollars	10,000	57,700,000	.....	57,710,000
Total	347,681,016	386,379,922	252,179,641	986,240,579
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000	.....	.....	1,000,000
Net	346,681,016	386,379,922	252,179,641	985,240,579
1889.				
One dollar	3,714,528	27,907,972	377,319	31,999,819
Two dollars	3,351,294	20,237,665	189,562	23,778,521
Five dollars	58,334,960	85,579,740	59,166,305	203,081,005
Ten dollars	86,584,253	87,436,623	68,091,770	242,112,646
Twenty dollars	93,413,246	46,088,718	51,233,920	190,735,884
Fifty dollars	24,242,415	11,902,160	11,986,650	48,131,225
One hundred dollars	34,808,820	13,972,920	19,851,200	68,632,940
Five hundred dollars	14,499,500	11,422,000	220,000	26,141,500
One thousand dollars	28,687,000	21,440,500	56,000	50,183,500
Five thousand dollars	35,000	37,555,000	.....	37,590,000
Ten thousand dollars	10,000	70,340,000	.....	70,350,000
Total	347,681,016	433,883,298	211,172,726	992,737,040
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000	.....	.....	1,000,000
Net	346,681,016	433,883,298	211,172,726	991,737,040
1890.				
One dollar	3,292,353	31,134,482	371,488	34,798,323
Two dollars	2,872,879	22,557,760	185,310	25,615,949
Five dollars	57,730,384	102,127,157	52,014,270	211,871,811
Ten dollars	90,410,800	111,471,016	59,544,070	261,425,886
Twenty dollars	111,486,350	38,234,330	45,516,840	195,237,520
Fifty dollars	21,462,400	12,298,065	10,276,900	44,037,365
One hundred dollars	32,524,350	16,402,420	17,571,600	66,498,370
Five hundred dollars	11,328,500	11,595,000	192,500	23,116,000
One thousand dollars	16,538,000	23,232,500	50,000	39,820,500
Five thousand dollars	25,000	34,850,000	.....	34,875,000
Ten thousand dollars	10,000	67,580,000	.....	67,590,000
Total	347,681,016	471,482,730	185,722,978	1,004,886,724
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000	.....	.....	1,000,000
Net	346,681,016	471,482,730	185,722,978	1,003,886,724
1891.				
One dollar	6,906,650	29,065,208	367,071	36,338,929
Two dollars	6,456,974	19,233,505	181,750	25,872,229
Five dollars	67,623,174	110,069,725	47,567,685	225,260,584
Ten dollars	108,633,085	110,584,531	53,113,900	272,331,516
Twenty dollars	122,135,050	42,623,010	40,914,000	205,672,060
Fifty dollars	18,843,550	14,318,615	9,167,800	42,329,965
One hundred dollars	35,432,950	19,218,520	16,020,200	70,671,670
Five hundred dollars	9,378,000	13,828,000	176,500	23,382,500
One thousand dollars	22,475,000	23,685,500	42,000	46,202,500
Five thousand dollars	15,000	27,000,000	.....	27,015,000
Ten thousand dollars	10,000	81,330,000	.....	81,340,000
Total	397,909,433	490,956,614	167,550,906	1,056,416,953
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000	.....	.....	1,000,000
Net	396,909,433	490,956,614	167,550,906	1,055,416,953
1892.				
One dollar	10,324,030	27,311,775	363,387	37,999,192
Two dollars	11,757,488	17,129,837	178,978	29,066,303
Five dollars	84,840,804	102,431,715	49,690,990	236,963,509
Ten dollars	123,324,335	110,590,751	54,547,000	288,462,086
Twenty dollars	124,181,730	56,183,770	41,314,900	221,680,400
Fifty dollars	16,870,150	18,822,765	9,256,300	44,949,215
One hundred dollars	36,138,050	26,632,620	16,850,300	79,620,970
Five hundred dollars	12,519,500	11,040,500	161,000	23,721,000

No. 40.—AMOUNT OF PAPER CURRENCY OF EACH DENOMINATION OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR FROM 1878—Continued.

Denomination.	Legal-tender notes.	Certificates.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1892.				
One thousand dollars	$29,412,000	$21,569,500	$37,000	$51,018,500
Five thousand dollars	15,000	31,100,000	.....	31,115,000
Ten thousand dollars	10,000	95,820,000	.....	95,830,000
Total	449,393,087	518,633,233	172,399,855	1,140,426,175
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000	.....	.....	1,000,000
Net	448,393,087	518,633,233	172,399,855	1,139,426,175
1893.				
One dollar	16,695,156	22,854,833	359,590	39,909,579
Two dollars	15,212,098	16,022,699	176,102	31,410,899
Five dollars	99,138,324	94,001,805	51,354,355	244,494,484
Ten dollars	135,022,245	107,213,741	56,998,170	299,234,156
Twenty dollars	121,815,370	65,600,830	42,550,380	229,966,580
Fifty dollars	15,233,000	19,315,365	9,318,700	43,867,065
One hundred dollars	31,086,550	26,161,920	17,414,100	74,662,570
Five hundred dollars	16,245,500	6,641,000	146,000	23,032,500
One thousand dollars	44,398,000	13,111,500	33,000	57,542,500
Five thousand dollars	15,000	18,215,000	.....	18,230,000
Ten thousand dollars	10,000	47,070,000	.....	47,080,000
Total	494,871,243	436,208,693	178,350,397	1,109,430,333
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000	.....	.....	1,000,000
Net	493,871,243	436,208,693	178,350,397	1,108,430,333
1894.				
One dollar	15,881,901	22,281,229	357,050	38,520,180
Two dollars	12,816,728	15,366,373	174,282	28,357,383
Five dollars	86,603,969	87,651,885	61,510,485	235,766,339
Ten dollars	125,335,175	104,611,711	66,006,800	295,953,686
Twenty dollars	115,236,410	76,314,170	48,685,320	240,235,900
Fifty dollars	15,182,300	17,274,515	10,274,550	42,731,365
One hundred dollars	35,617,950	29,898,520	19,680,800	85,197,270
Five hundred dollars	12,039,000	5,029,500	133,500	17,202,000
One thousand dollars	81,527,000	9,383,500	32,000	90,942,500
Five thousand dollars	15,000	12,580,000	.....	12,595,000
Ten thousand dollars	10,000	83,180,000	.....	83,190,000
Total	500,265,433	463,571,403	206,854,787	1,170,691,623
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000	.....	.....	1,000,000
Net	499,265,433	463,571,403	206,854,787	1,169,691,623
1895.				
One dollar	14,235,945	27,241,706	354,573	41,832,224
Two dollars	11,291,927	16,667,051	172,254	28,131,232
Five dollars	94,742,929	88,262,710	64,369,860	247,375,499
Ten dollars	120,629,495	98,423,601	66,408,266	285,461,362
Twenty dollars	105,679,470	73,323,810	48,960,824	227,964,104
Fifty dollars	13,193,500	14,559,665	10,527,650	38,280,815
One hundred dollars	31,506,650	24,568,420	20,437,500	76,512,570
Five hundred dollars	9,277,500	4,587,000	127,000	13,991,500
One thousand dollars	93,187,000	8,245,500	29,000	101,461,500
Five thousand dollars	15,000	7,720,000	.....	7,735,000
Ten thousand dollars	10,000	69,560,000	.....	69,570,000
Total	493,769,416	433,159,463	211,386,927	1,138,315,806
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000	.....	.....	1,000,000
Net	492,769,416	433,159,463	211,386,927	1,137,315,806
1896.				
One dollar	14,743,496	29,440,370	353,392	44,537,258
Two dollars	13,124,121	15,788,207	171,238	29,083,566
Five dollars	100,527,084	93,974,970	70,959,130	265,461,184
Ten dollars	124,439,325	106,028,281	69,223,410	299,691,016
Twenty dollars	91,555,470	67,565,230	51,447,180	210,567,880
Fifty dollars	13,756,250	15,212,415	11,137,100	40,105,765
One hundred dollars	31,234,550	26,743,720	22,085,700	80,063,970
Five hundred dollars	6,715,000	4,038,000	122,000	10,875,000
One thousand dollars	81,244,000	6,636,500	28,000	87,908,500

No. 40.—AMOUNT OF PAPER CURRENCY OF EACH DENOMINATION OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR FROM 1878—Continued.

Denomination.	Legal-tender notes.	Certificates.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1896.				
Five thousand dollars	$15,000	$6,220,000		$6,235,000
Ten thousand dollars	10,000	46,000,000		46,010,000
Total	477,364,296	417,647,693	$225,527,150	1,120,539,139
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000			1,000,000
Net	476,364,296	417,647,693	225,527,150	1,119,539,139
1897.				
One dollar	14,858,688	31,064,204	351,032	46,273,924
Two dollars	11,779,328	18,122,674	169,398	30,071,400
Five dollars	92,650,092	101,736,235	73,093,425	267,479,752
Ten dollars	114,381,361	113,372,526	71,329,940	299,083,827
Twenty dollars	82,580,952	72,078,624	52,828,640	207,488,216
Fifty dollars	15,224,675	17,822,540	10,893,900	43,941,115
One hundred dollars	27,797,200	32,476,370	21,828,200	82,101,770
Five hundred dollars	16,103,000	3,682,000	115,500	19,900,500
One thousand dollars	87,148,000	5,876,500	28,000	93,052,500
Five thousand dollars	15,000	6,760,000		6,775,000
Ten thousand dollars	10,000	73,610,000		73,620,000
Total	462,548,296	476,601,673	230,638,035	1,169,788,004
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000			1,000,000
Net	461,548,296	476,601,673	230,638,035	1,168,788,004

No. 41.—UNITED STATES PAPER CURRENCY OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR.

Fiscal year.	Old demand notes.	United States notes.	Treasury notes of 1890.	Fractional currency.	Total notes
1862	$51,105,235.00	$96,620,000.00			$147,725,235.00
1863	3,384,000.00	387,646,589.00		$20,192,456.00	411,223,045.00
1864	789,037.50	447,300,203.10		22,224,283.10	470,413,523.70
1865	472,603.50	431,066,427.99		25,033,128.76	456,572,160.25
1866	272,162.75	400,780,305.85		27,008,875.36	428,061,343.96
1867	208,432.50	371,783,597.00		28,474,623.02	400,466,652.52
1868	143,912.00	356,000,000.00		32,727,908.47	388,871,820.47
1869	123,739.25	356,000,000.00		32,114,637.36	388,238,376.61
1870	106,256.00	356,000,000.00		39,878,684.48	395,984,940.48
1871	96,505.50	356,000,000.00		40,582,874.56	396,679,380.06
1872	88,296.25	357,500,000.00		40,855,835.27	398,444,131.52
1873	79,967.50	356,000,000.00		44,799,365.44	400,879,332.94
1874	76,732.50	381,999,073.00		45,912,003.34	427,987,808.84
1875	70,107.50	375,771,580.00		42,129,424.19	417,971,111.69
1876	66,917.50	369,772,284.00		34,446,595.39	404,285,796.89
1877	63,962.50	359,764,332.00		20,403,137.34	380,231,431.84
1878	62,297.50	346,681,016.00		16,547,768.77	363,291,082.27
1879	61,470.00	346,681,016.00		15,842,610.11	362,585,096.11
1880	60,975.00	346,681,016.00		15,590,892.70	362,332,883.70
1881	60,535.00	346,681,016.00		15,481,891.65	362,223,442.65
1882	59,695.00	346,681,016.00		15,423,186.10	362,163,897.10
1883	58,985.00	346,681,016.00		15,376,629.14	362,116,630.14
1884	58,440.00	346,681,016.00		15,355,999.64	362,095,455.64
1885	57,950.00	346,681,016.00		15,340,114.21	362,079,080.21
1886	57,445.00	346,681,016.00		15,330,025.85	362,068,486.85
1887	57,130.00	346,681,016.00		15,322,902.70	362,061,048.70
1888	56,807.50	346,681,016.00		15,298,582.15	362,036,405.65
1889	56,442.50	346,681,016.00		15,292,628.80	362,030,087.30
1890	56,032.50	346,681,016.00		15,287,449.30	362,024,497.80
1891	55,647.50	346,681,016.00	$50,228,417.00	15,283,617.93	412,248,698.43
1892	55,647.50	346,681,016.00	101,712,071.00	15,279,400.95	463,728,135.45
1893	55,647.50	346,681,016.00	147,190,227.00	15,276,442.95	509,203,333.45
1894	54,847.50	346,681,016.00	152,584,417.00	15,273,075.75	514,593,356.25
1895	54,847.50	346,681,016.00	146,088,400.00	15,270,055.82	508,094,319.32
1896	54,347.50	346,681,016.00	129,683,280.00	15,267,122.47	491,685,765.97
1897	54,347.50	346,681,016.00	114,867,280.00	15,263,640.47	476,866,283.97

No. 41.—UNITED STATES PAPER CURRENCY OUTSTANDING AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Fiscal year.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Currency certificates.	Total certificates.	Grand total.
1862					$147,725,235.00
1863					411,223,045.00
1864					470,413,523.70
1865					456,572,160.25
1866	$10,947,860.00			$10,947,860.00	439,009,203.96
1867	18,773,580.00			18,773,580.00	419,240,232.52
1868	17,678,640.00			17,678,640.00	406,550,460.47
1869	33,086,180.00			33,086,180.00	421,324,556.61
1870	34,547,120.00			34,547,120.00	430,532,060.48
1871	19,886,300.00			19,886,300.00	416,565,680.06
1872	32,086,300.00			32,086,300.00	430,539,431.52
1873	39,460,000.00		$31,810,000.00	71,270,000.00	472,149,332.94
1874	22,825,100.00		58,990,000.00	81,815,100.00	509,802,908.84
1875	21,796,300.00		59,045,000.00	80,841,300.00	498,812,411.69
1876	28,681,400.00		33,140,000.00	61,821,400.00	466,107,196.89
1877	41,572,600.00		53,980,000.00	95,552,600.00	475,784,031.84
1878	44,367,000.00	$1,850,410.00	46,245,000.00	92,462,410.00	455,753,492.27
1879	15,413,700.00	2,539,950.00	29,330,000.00	47,283,650.00	409,868,746.11
1880	8,004,600.00	12,374,270.00	14,275,000.00	34,653,870.00	396,986,753.70
1881	5,782,920.00	51,166,530.00	11,615,000.00	68,564,450.00	430,787,892.65
1882	5,037,120.00	66,096,710.00	13,360,000.00	84,493,830.00	446,657,727.10
1883	82,378,640.00	88,616,831.00	13,180,000.00	184,175,471.00	546,292,101.14
1884	98,392,660.00	120,891,691.00	12,230,000.00	231,514,351.00	593,609,806.64
1885	140,323,140.00	139,901,646.00	29,285,000.00	309,509,786.00	671,588,866.21
1886	131,174,245.00	115,977,675.00	18,110,000.00	265,261,920.00	627,330,406.85
1887	121,486,817.00	145,543,150.00	9,020,000.00	276,049,967.00	638,111,015.70
1888	142,023,150.00	229,491,772.00	14,865,000.00	386,379,922.00	748,416,327.65
1889	154,048,552.00	262,629,746.00	17,195,000.00	433,873,298.00	795,903,385.30
1890	157,542,979.00	301,539,751.00	12,390,000.00	471,472,730.00	833,497,227.80
1891	152,461,429.00	314,715,185.00	23,780,000.00	490,956,614.00	903,205,312.43
1892	156,598,929.00	331,614,304.00	30,420,000.00	518,633,233.00	982,361,368.45
1893	92,846,189.00	330,957,504.00	12,405,000.00	436,208,693.00	945,412,026.45
1894	66,387,899.00	337,148,504.00	60,035,000.00	463,571,403.00	978,164,759.25
1895	48,469,959.00	328,894,504.00	55,795,000.00	433,159,463.00	941,253,782.32
1896	42,818,189.00	342,619,504.00	32,210,000.00	417,647,693.00	909,333,458.97
1897	38,782,169.00	375,479,504.00	62,340,000.00	476,601,673.00	953,467,956.97

No. 42.—ESTIMATED STOCK OF GOLD COIN AND BULLION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
1878—June	$206,876,605	$6,323,372	$213,199,977
July	208,133,814	7,714,922	215,848,736
August	210,472,650	7,713,661	218,186,311
September	212,251,346	9,049,067	221,300,413
October	218,079,939	7,963,429	226,043,368
November	222,152,894	6,472,313	228,625,207
December	224,838,801	6,806,689	231,645,490
1879—January	229,235,474	4,964,004	234,199,478
February	231,445,024	5,401,704	236,846,728
March	234,649,458	4,934,162	239,583,620
April	235,802,373	6,151,208	241,953,581
May	238,572,616	5,841,564	244,414,180
June	240,425,461	5,316,376	245,741,837
July	240,560,487	7,497,952	248,058,439
August	245,663,951	11,182,137	256,846,088
September	250,859,576	35,797,151	286,656,727
October	257,606,067	50,358,465	307,964,532
November	269,813,847	57,883,520	327,697,367
December	274,540,357	61,999,892	336,540,249
1880—January	282,298,186	57,226,426	339,524,612
February	288,728,662	53,525,811	342,254,473
March	293,822,190	50,572,784	344,394,974
April	299,642,337	47,244,877	346,887,214
May	304,100,051	45,219,246	349,319,297
June	308,356,240	43,484,966	351,841,206
July	309,135,440	45,319,644	354,455,084
August	315,269,785	50,671,214	365,940,999
September	319,411,276	67,727,241	387,138,517
October	324,913,480	80,742,658	405,656,138
November	332,417,600	85,004,604	417,422,204
December	340,940,239	95,260,851	436,201,090
1881—January	349,595,310	93,746,701	443,342,011
February	357,318,742	88,760,802	446,079,544
March	367,052,765	88,467,201	455,519,966

No. 42.—ESTIMATED STOCK OF GOLD COIN AND BULLION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
1881—April	$376,073,889	$97,140,898	$473,214,787
May	383,563,804	92,783,696	476,347,500
June	389,466,822	89,017,716	478,484,538
July	389,103,988	92,226,041	481,330,029
August	401,637,036	87,148,541	488,785,577
September	403,753,977	97,751,075	501,505,052
October	414,877,149	96,953,452	511,830,601
November	424,421,418	92,578,261	516,999,679
December	433,849,165	87,977,603	521,826,768
1882—January	441,179,112	83,886,477	525,065,589
February	442,087,988	78,422,033	520,510,021
March	449,109,282	71,218,465	520,327,747
April	454,527,946	66,215,653	520,743,599
May	448,946,973	60,918,848	509,865,821
June	450,215,829	56,541,886	506,757,715
July	447,368,627	57,283,625	504,652,252
August	452,204,515	53,722,160	505,926,675
September	457,878,962	51,440,420	509,319,382
October	464,620,153	50,916,780	515,536,933
November	469,309,447	50,903,305	520,212,752
December	472,689,330	51,981,432	524,670,762
1883—January	476,983,775	51,449,383	528,433,158
February	478,249,651	52,215,560	530,465,211
March	481,437,335	54,475,312	535,912,647
April	483,008,483	55,652,057	538,660,540
May	483,268,279	57,175,927	540,444,206
June	486,477,991	56,254,072	542,732,063
July	486,054,872	58,757,690	544,812,562
August	488,533,129	59,876,078	548,409,207
September	490,513,933	61,683,816	552,197,749
October	495,685,416	62,392,847	558,078,263
November	497,197,757	66,592,571	563,790,328
December	499,701,839	66,406,346	566,108,185
1884—January	501,300,220	66,931,227	568,231,447
February	499,976,551	67,017,657	566,994,208
March	496,700,556	60,724,333	557,424,889
April	495,452,475	45,686,932	541,139,407
May	497,008,024	44,797,665	541,805,689
June	500,961,189	44,539,608	545,500,797
July	501,173,090	48,533,573	549,706,663
August	503,028,420	51,342,794	554,371,214
September	504,906,819	52,946,587	557,853,406
October	506,337,383	55,856,761	562,194,144
November	509,813,071	62,212,318	572,025,389
December	512,695,853	63,422,647	576,118,500
1885—January	514,408,336	64,420,631	578,828,967
February	516,430,362	64,732,611	581,162,973
March	519,870,792	64,297,566	584,168,358
April	520,139,947	65,734,818	585,874,765
May	520,803,530	66,323,865	587,127,395
June	521,621,301	67,075,735	588,697,036
July	520,696,136	69,283,598	589,979,734
August	522,296,667	70,081,513	592,378,180
September	526,184,444	71,052,140	597,236,584
October	528,027,240	72,417,890	600,445,130
November	533,184,088	73,942,796	607,126,884
December	540,423,527	72,557,429	612,980,956
1886—January	542,160,412	71,968,567	614,128,979
February	544,998,565	66,486,344	611,484,909
March	545,173,610	59,254,731	604,428,341
April	546,745,363	55,245,328	601,990,691
May	547,582,263	49,285,795	596,868,058
June	547,465,941	43,308,520	590,774,461
July	549,075,600	43,650,307	592,725,907
August	554,582,815	45,515,589	600,098,404
September	554,096,615	53,232,743	607,329,358
October	555,359,407	59,663,639	615,023,046
November	557,802,437	68,720,676	626,523,113
December	559,486,856	80,931,422	640,418,278
1887—January	560,851,488	85,018,430	645,869,918
February	563,394,917	83,485,920	646,880,837
March	565,762,514	83,431,810	649,194,324
April	566,715,195	83,863,571	650,578,766
May	570,256,490	85,166,756	655,423,246
June	568,788,145	85,732,190	654,520,335
July	569,547,334	89,099,377	658,646,711
August	570,737,736	92,852,054	663,589,790
September	573,415,740	108,377,780	681,793,520
October	574,927,873	120,202,502	695,130,375
November	578,334,011	120,777,483	699,111,494
December	581,980,107	122,723,223	704,703,330

No. 42.—ESTIMATED STOCK OF GOLD COIN AND BULLION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
1888—January	$584,568,497	$121,902,584	$706,471,081
February	586,025,817	121,822,527	707,848,344
March	587,350,358	121,167,828	708,518,186
April	589,236,410	122,132,999	711,369,409
May	592,212,051	114,050,440	706,262,491
June	595,703,838	110,116,633	705,820,471
July	597,145,663	108,012,533	705,158,196
August	599,655,095	107,826,240	707,481,335
September	601,591,876	108,289,294	709,881,170
October	603,225,837	108,479,213	711,705,050
November	605,567,837	104,426,611	709,994,448
December	607,688,725	96,919,454	704,608,179
1889—January	609,167,900	96,590,321	705,758,221
February	609,283,810	96,670,798	705,954,608
March	609,978,122	94,795,197	704,773,319
April	610,998,423	94,612,786	705,611,209
May	613,018,370	85,241,865	698,260,235
June	613,973,117	65,586,684	679,559,801
July	613,540,272	62,017,736	675,558,008
August	615,807,252	64,052,146	679,859,398
September	617,484,831	64,334,656	681,819,487
October	619,640,450	64,554,236	684,194,686
November	621,106,953	64,642,327	685,749,280
December	622,107,873	67,416,990	689,524,863
1890—January	624,900,483	66,080,287	690,980,770
February	625,967,229	66,133,726	692,100,955
March	627,406,793	66,443,489	693,850,282
April	627,923,705	67,265,628	695,189,333
May	629,030,714	67,548,895	696,579,609
June	630,012,331	65,996,474	696,008,805
July	629,512,155	62,138,864	691,651,019
August	631,801,689	57,471,618	689,273,307
September	633,118,735	59,907,459	693,026,194
October	634,012,338	60,855,395	694,867,733
November	635,219,259	63,642,518	698,861,777
December	637,301,201	66,799,610	704,100,811
1891—January	639,384,021	67,624,860	707,008,881
February	642,222,173	63,362,654	705,584,827
March	641,218,653	59,685,416	700,904,069
April	629,636,405	59,859,416	689,495,821
May	600,591,691	61,401,672	661,993,363
June	584,524,184	62,067,744	646,591,928
July	581,721,468	62,736,957	644,458,425
August	582,227,566	65,262,257	647,489,823
September	586,964,320	66,343,775	653,308,095
October	596,386,272	74,158,836	670,545,108
November	599,344,091	78,430,504	677,774,595
December	604,633,241	82,212,689	686,845,930
1892—January	606,287,197	84,299,689	690,586,886
February	606,661,364	83,275,529	689,936,893
March	606,564,310	81,194,377	687,758,687
April	601,527,222	79,712,183	681,239,405
May	602,485,237	77,953,512	680,438,749
June	589,509,061	74,836,385	664,345,446
July	581,129,982	76,623,598	657,753,580
August	577,737,991	75,960,115	653,698,106
September	576,074,815	76,055,422	652,130,237
October	577,387,444	78,126,222	655,513,666
November	577,983,121	79,983,208	657,966,329
December	569,633,412	81,697,350	651,330,762
1893—January	559,063,122	81,452,478	640,515,600
February	547,655,038	79,835,048	627,490,086
March	546,673,424	79,503,760	626,177,184
April	532,513,105	80,529,774	613,042,879
May	523,592,686	80,871,868	604,464,554
June	513,743,623	78,345,510	592,089,133
July	520,273,567	83,450,336	603,723,903
August	547,516,035	98,373,505	645,889,540
September	556,479,232	101,026,648	657,505,880
October	564,738,578	96,657,273	661,395,851
November	575,269,517	90,910,622	666,180,139
December	582,227,095	84,679,495	666,906,590
1894—January	592,848,235	77,175,275	670,023,510
February	603,860,188	70,432,992	674,293,180
March	612,325,385	60,232,616	672,558,001
April	614,370,723	53,716,468	668,087,191
May	596,799,262	48,067,706	644,866,968
June	584,479,113	44,612,311	629,091,424
July	572,975,589	47,050,824	620,026,413
August	574,352,118	43,941,337	618,293,455

No. 42.—ESTIMATED STOCK OF GOLD COIN AND BULLION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Coin.	Bulllion.	Total.
1894—September	$579,728,587	$44,063,417	$623,792,004
October	581,597,841	44,197,435	625,795,276
November	583,834,589	46,305,066	630,139,655
December	577,380,396	47,727,334	625,107,730
1895—January	557,532,641	46 010,546	603,543,187
February	562,633,658	44,527,722	607,161,380
March	567,502,416	51,387,979	618,980,395
April	573,065,665	50,044,014	623,109,679
May	578,036,041	53,425,367	631,461,408
June	579,422,971	56,746,018	636,168,989
July	580,481,167	60,651,509	641,132,676
August	568,990,037	60,208,542	629,198,579
September	556,100,818	57,340,757	613,441,575
October	564,132,920	54,409,512	618,542,432
November	564,229,183	45,590,866	609,820,049
December	568,106,939	29,820,315	597,927,254
1896—January	583,488,105	15,467,938	598,956,043
February	586,168,106	26,821,484	612,989,590
March	588,743,303	29,054,663	617,797,966
April	589,820,494	32,851,621	622,672,115
May	574,520,722	32,662,860	607,183,582
June	567,931,823	32,217,024	600,148,847
July	564,665,228	30,640,941	595,306,169
August	570,557,083	33,264,086	603,821,169
September	600,544,227	40,998,574	641,542,801
October	624,047,484	47,617,328	671,664,812
November	634,287,157	51,969,827	686,256,984
December	638,381,827	54,565,385	692,947,212
1897—January	645,568,492	52,286,759	697,855,251
February	655,672,099	46,849,625	702,521,724
March	669,114,266	37,254,294	706,368,560
April	675,298,428	32,786,057	708,084,485
May	675,389,655	26,539,659	701,929,314
June	671,676,250	25,547,082	697,223,332
July	668,189,128	28,929,752	697,118,880
August	671,852,373	31,230,355	703,082,728
September	682,437,123	30,223,294	712,660,417

No. 43.—ESTIMATED STOCK OF SILVER COIN AND BULLION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Standard dollars.	Bullion.	Fractional coin.	Total.
1878—June	$8,573,500	$7,341,471	$71,778,828	$87,693,799
July	10,420,500	7,665,760	72,151,424	90,237,684
August	13,448,500	8,982,239	72,524,020	94,954,759
September	16,212,500	9,634,034	72,896,616	98,743,150
October	18,282,500	8,352,042	73,269,213	99,903,755
November	20,438,550	10,159,491	73,641,809	104,239,850
December	22,495,550	9,439,461	74,014,406	105,949,417
1879—January	24,555,750	10,347,889	74,387,002	109,290,641
February	26,687,750	9,837,403	74,759,599	111,284,752
March	28,774,950	8,688,261	75,132,195	112,595,406
April	31,155,950	6,949,046	75,504,792	113,609,788
May	33,485,950	5,672,656	75,877,388	115,035,994
June	35,801,000	5,092,566	76,249,985	117,143,551
July	37,451,000	5,112,224	76,467,675	119,030,899
August	40,238,050	4,904,612	76,685,365	121,828,027
September	42,634,100	4,557,504	76,903,055	124,094,659
October	45,206,200	3,537,224	77,120,746	125,864,170
November	47,705,200	4,323,098	77,338,436	129,366,734
December	50,055,650	4,492,421	77,556,127	132,104,198
1880—January	52,505,650	4,888,036	77,773,817	135,167,503
February	54,806,050	4,525,306	77,991,508	137,322,864
March	57,156,250	4,086,840	78,209,198	139,452,288
April	59,456,250	5,007,331	78,426,889	142,890,470
May	61,723,250	4,853,588	78,644,580	145,221,418
June	63,734,750	5,124,536	78,862,270	147,721,556
July	66,014,750	6,081,648	78,964,336	151,060,734
August	68,267,750	6,380,258	79,066,401	153,714,409
September	70,568,750	5,557,760	79,168,467	155,294,977
October	72,847,750	6,043,367	79,270,533	158,161,650
November	75,147,750	6,255,390	79,372,599	160,775,739
December	77,453,005	6,183,224	79,474,665	163,110,894

No. 43.—ESTIMATED STOCK OF SILVER COIN AND BULLION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Standard dollars.	Bullion.	Fractional coin.	Total.
1881—January	$79,753,005	$6,704,197	$79,576,731	$166,033,933
February	82,060,005	5,356,308	79,678,797	167,095,110
March	84,359,505	4,017,770	79,780,863	168,158,138
April	86,659,505	3,863,583	79,882,929	170,406,017
May	88,959,505	3,457,193	79,984,995	172,401,693
June	91,372,705	3,309,949	80,087,061	174,769,715
July	93,622,705	2,962,278	80,115,520	176,700,503
August	95,922,705	2,732,863	80,143,980	178,799,548
September	98,322,705	2,632,185	80,172,440	181,127,330
October	100,672,705	3,424,575	80,200,900	184,298,180
November	102,972,705	3,088,710	80,229,360	186,290,775
December	105,380,980	3,607,830	80,257,820	189,246,630
1882—January	107,680,980	3,258,926	80,286,280	191,226,186
February	109,981,180	2,806,143	80,314,740	193,102,063
March	112,281,680	4,440,662	80,343,200	197,065,542
April	114,581,680	3,239,033	80,371,660	198,192,373
May	116,843,680	3,793,664	80,400,120	201,037,464
June	119,144,780	3,230,908	80,428,580	202,804,268
July	121,304,780	2,816,270	80,472,890	204,593,940
August	123,729,780	2,730,716	80,517,200	206,977,696
September	126,029,880	3,343,565	80,561,510	209,934,955
October	128,329,880	4,012,503	80,605,820	212,948,203
November	130,629,880	3,769,220	80,650,130	215,049,230
December	132,955,080	4,468,193	80,694,440	218,117,713
1883—January	135,405,080	3,761,958	80,738,750	219,905,788
February	137,805,080	3,974,114	80,783,060	222,562,254
March	140,205,699	3,943,467	80,827,370	224,976,536
April	142,555,699	3,478,750	80,871,680	226,906,129
May	144,905,699	4,157,218	80,915,990	229,978,907
June	147,255,899	4,482,216	80,960,300	232,698,415
July	149,680,899	4,486,638	80,485,402	234,652,939
August	152,020,899	4,694,559	80,010,504	236,725,962
September	154,370,899	5,107,911	79,535,607	239,014,417
October	156,720,949	4,936,365	79,060,709	240,718,023
November	159,070,949	4,624,279	78,585,811	242,281,039
December	161,425,119	4,534,373	78,110,914	244,070,406
1884—January	163,775,119	4,674,433	77,636,016	246,085,568
February	166,125,119	4,919,913	77,161,118	248,206,150
March	168,425,629	5,043,825	76,686,221	250,155,675
April	170,725,629	5,150,843	76,211,323	252,087,795
May	173,035,629	4,623,158	75,736,425	253,395,212
June	175,355,829	4,055,498	75,261,528	254,672,855
July	177,680,829	4,603,610	75,234,719	257,519,158
August	180,030,829	4,723,420	75,207,910	259,962,159
September	182,380,829	4,934,405	75,181,101	262,496,335
October	184,730,829	4,646,497	75,154,292	264,531,618
November	187,180,829	4,778,849	75,127,483	267,087,161
December	189,561,994	4,716,055	75,100,674	269,378,723
1885—January	191,947,194	4,613,582	75,073,865	271,634,641
February	194,247,194	3,991,130	75,047,056	273,285,380
March	196,697,394	3,887,494	75,020,247	275,605,135
April	199,107,394	4,042,187	74,993,438	278,143,019
May	201,509,231	4,098,144	74,966,629	280,574,004
June	203,884,381	4,038,886	74,939,820	282,863,087
July	205,784,381	3,944,837	74,949,914	284,679,132
August	208,259,381	3,766,196	74,960,007	286,985,584
September	210,759,431	3,916,123	74,970,100	289,645,654
October	213,259,431	3,840,536	74,980,193	292,080,160
November	215,759,431	3,583,956	74,990,286	294,333,673
December	218,259,761	3,797,041	75,000,379	297,057,181
1886—January	220,553,761	3,658,783	75,010,472	299,223,016
February	223,145,761	2,612,968	75,020,565	300,779,294
March	225,959,761	2,271,104	75,030,658	303,261,523
April	228,434,121	2,556,522	75,040,751	306,031,394
May	231,160,121	1,947,762	75,050,844	308,158,727
June	233,723,286	3,092,198	75,060,937	311,876,421
July	235,643,286	3,786,070	75,068,424	314,497,780
August	238,573,286	3,268,940	75,075,912	316,918,138
September	241,281,286	3,758,394	75,083,399	320,123,079
October	244,079,386	3,807,949	75,090,887	322,978,222
November	246,903,386	4,091,383	75,098,374	326,093,143
December	249,623,647	4,739,377	75,105,862	329,468,886
1887—January	252,503,647	4,877,039	75,113,349	332,494,035
February	255,453,647	4,700,183	75,120,837	335,274,667
March	258,474,027	8,639,452	75,128,324	342,241,803
April	261,524,027	10,134,361	75,343,251	347,001,639
May	264,474,027	9,869,629	75,560,244	349,903,900
June	266,990,117	10,917,435	75,547,799	353,455,351
July	267,440,117	12,278,674	75,638,932	355,357,723
August	270,250,117	12,177,624	75,312,773	357,740,514

No. 43.—ESTIMATED STOCK OF SILVER COIN AND BULLION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Standard dollars.	Bullion.	Fractional coin.	Total.
1887—September	$273,390,157	$12,005,909	$75,398,925	$360,794,991
October	276,816,157	11,683,032	75,758,186	364,257,375
November	280,144,157	10,831,655	75,909,136	366,884,948
December	283,140,357	9,961,866	76,295,886	369,398,109
1888—January	285,845,357	10,219,546	76,345,966	372,410,869
February	288,545,357	10,305,153	76,327,799	375,178,309
March	291,355,789	10,024,976	76,333,888	377,714,653
April	294,039,790	9,937,442	76,299,882	380,277,114
May	297,037,790	9,357,041	76,349,137	382,743,968
June	299,424,790	10,619,754	76,406,376	386,450,920
July	300,708,790	11,066,054	76,510,842	388,285,686
August	303,320,790	10,973,204	76,582,235	390,876,229
September	306,542,890	10,645,833	76,759,671	393,948,394
October	309,670,890	10,559,114	76,660,481	396,890,485
November	312,450,890	10,734,583	76,715,873	399,901,346
December	315,186,190	10,865,237	76,889,983	402,941,410
1889—January	318,186,190	10,606,677	76,889,716	405,682,583
February	320,946,490	10,762,958	76,659,772	408,369,220
March	323,776,515	10,801,669	76,628,116	411,206,300
April	326,974,515	10,755,082	76,597,677	414,327,274
May	330,188,540	10,291,861	76,585,840	417,066,241
June	333,502,650	10,603,692	76,606,567	420,712,909
July	334,602,650	11,860,283	76,534,026	422,996,959
August	337,502,650	11,343,140	76,626,764	425,472,554
September	340,357,650	11,286,828	76,796,193	428,440,671
October	343,428,001	10,918,171	76,628,781	430,974,953
November	346,798,001	10,322,870	76,527,216	433,648,087
December	349,802,001	10,729,078	76,697,331	437,228,410
1890—January	352,536,001	11,557,760	76,708,644	440,802,405
February	355,948,001	11,156,952	76,708,892	443,813,845
March	359,884,266	10,709,439	76,799,537	447,393,242
April	363,424,266	9,432,627	76,793,513	449,650,406
May	366,336,266	8,955,254	76,818,427	452,109,947
June	369,426,266	10,649,450	76,874,969	456,950,685
July	371,726,266	11,658,805	76,618,254	460,003,325
August	374,578,266	12,832,692	76,807,145	464,218,103
September	377,628,266	14,485,014	76,875,555	468,988,835
October	380,988,466	16,995,315	77,193,068	475,176,849
November	384,431,839	18,796,046	77,339,553	480,567,438
December	387,981,005	20,299,954	77,638,844	485,919,803
1891—January	391,566,005	21,277,979	77,696,840	490,540,824
February	394,601,005	22,671,532	77,698,303	494,970,840
March	397,605,327	25,870,383	77,740,096	501,215,806
April	400,281,327	27,600,434	77,936,913	505,818,674
May	402,873,158	29,172,111	77,917,108	509,962,377
June	405,659,268	31,729,052	77,947,619	515,335,939
July	406,635,268	36,583,124	77,131,606	520,349,998
August	407,815,268	40,146,730	76,995,390	524,957,388
September	408,535,368	43,973,513	76,511,066	529,019,947
October	409,475,368	47,580,082	77,301,515	534,357,565
November	410,889,124	50,316,836	77,235,022	538,440,982
December	411,543,740	53,969,468	76,566,155	542,079,363
1892—January	411,869,740	57,940,646	76,910,813	546,721,199
February	412,184,740	61,401,457	77,096,549	550,682,746
March	412,535,360	65,720,466	77,294,571	555,550,397
April	413,055,360	68,912,657	77,433,950	559,401,967
May	413,565,360	72,501,576	77,195,831	563,262,767
June	413,988,735	76,669,151	76,611,232	567,269,118
July	414,416,735	80,479,594	77,500,000	572,396,329
August	414,966,735	83,483,551	77,472,912	575,923,198
September	415,742,835	86,000,554	77,467,707	579,211,096
October	416,412,835	89,372,154	77,484,987	583,269,976
November	417,122,835	92,999,927	77,475,318	587,598,080
December	417,876,985	96,743,988	77,898,748	592,519,721
1893—January	418,606,985	99,282,961	77,887,460	595,777,406
February	418,906,985	102,973,771	74,993,714	596,874,470
March	419,047,305	106,709,122	77,197,330	602,953,757
April	419,195,305	110,315,196	77,370,715	606,881,216
May	419,332,305	114,289,140	77,558,212	611,179,657
June	419,332,450	118,173,820	77,256,212	614,762,482
July	419,332,450	119,277,735	76,563,878	615,174,063
August	419,332,450	122,200,760	77,036,067	618,569,277
September	419,332,550	124,242,787	77,596,621	621,171,958
October	419,332,550	126,261,553	76,977,002	622,571,105
November	419,332,550	127,262,267	76,960,353	623,555,170
December	419,332,777	127,207,874	77,494,207	624,034,858
1894—January	419,332,777	127,215,171	77,041,547	623,589,495
February	419,332,777	127,216,957	76,516,860	623,066,534
March	419,333,029	127,220,207	76,661,555	623,214,791
April	419,333,029	127,228,437	76,627,432	623,188,898

No. 43.—ESTIMATED STOCK OF SILVER COIN AND BULLION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Standard dollars.	Bullion.	Fractional coin.	Total.
1894—May	$419,333,029	$127,231,643	$75,527,223	$622,091,895
June	419,333,208	127,267,347	76,122,875	622,723,430
July	419,756,208	127,113,753	76,221,063	623,091,024
August	420,504,208	126,454,771	76,167,704	623,126,683
September	421,176,408	126,104,475	75,054,481	622,335,364
October	421,776,408	125,261,863	75,667,112	622,705,383
November	422,176,408	125,351,523	76,331,359	623,859,290
December	422,426,749	125,014,161	77,155,722	624,596,632
1895—January	422,626,749	124,852,679	77,192,015	624,671,443
February	422,826,749	124,551,374	77,071,742	624,449,865
March	422,927,039	124,673,187	76,450,557	624,050,783
April	423,127,039	124,583,685	76,169,569	623,880,293
May	423,277,219	124,528,559	76,375,930	624,181,708
June	423,289,219	124,479,849	76,772,563	624,541,631
July	423,289,219	124,670,701	77,065,444	625,025,364
August	423,289,219	124,687,226	76,145,901	624,122,346
September	423,289,309	124,652,406	76,291,880	624,233,595
October	423,289,309	124,721,501	77,259,180	625,269,990
November	423,289,309	124,603,759	78,448,506	626,341,574
December	423,289,629	124,612,532	77,182,006	625,084,167
1896—January	423,289,629	124,575,129	78,573,872	626,438,630
February	424,789,629	123,171,286	78,564,547	626,525,462
March	426,289,916	122,187,206	78,216,677	626,693,799
April	427,789,916	120,939,560	77,948,510	626,677,986
May	429,289,916	119,989,914	76,994,051	626,273,881
June	430,790,041	119,053,695	75,730,781	625,574,517
July	431,852,041	118,753,758	75,667,706	626,273,505
August	434,502,041	116,681,740	75,609,268	626,793,049
September	437,202,141	114,829,399	75,354,781	627,386,321
October	439,552,141	113,064,557	75,804,582	628,421,280
November	441,466,141	112,137,954	75,803,546	629,407,641
December	443,166,391	110,815,247	76,317,752	630,299,390
1897—January	444,978,391	109,704,519	76,303,945	630,986,855
February	446,318,391	108,914,614	76,514,618	631,747,623
March	447,718,641	107,862,462	76,220,921	631,802,024
April	449,118,641	106,990,150	76,341,471	632,450,262
May	450,518,641	106,042,492	76,517,908	633,079,041
June	451,993,742	104,591,039	75,438,884	632,023,665
July	451,993,742	105,109,460	75,417,942	632,521,144
August	451,993,742	105,125,123	74,271,577	631,390,442
September	452,093,792	105,078,550	74,631,590	631,803,932

No. 44.—UNITED STATES NOTES, TREASURY NOTES, AND NATIONAL-BANK NOTES OUTSTANDING AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1878—June	$346,681,016	.....	$322,919,810	$669,600,826
July	346,681,016	.....	321,945,415	668,626,431
August	346,681,016	.....	321,641,533	668,322,549
September	346,681,016	.....	320,761,650	667,442,666
October	346,681,016	.....	321,121,041	667,802,057
November	346,681,016	.....	322,032,362	668,713,378
December	346,681,016	.....	322,808,560	669,489,576
1879—January	346,681,016	.....	323,409,195	670,090,211
February	346,681,016	.....	325,036,476	671,717,492
March	346,681,016	.....	326,093,402	672,774,418
April	346,681,016	.....	328,442,966	675,123,982
May	346,681,016	.....	328,676,747	675,357,763
June	346,681,016	.....	328,962,073	675,643,089
July	346,681,016	.....	329,244,893	675,925,909
August	346,681,016	.....	330,062,713	676,743,729
September	346,681,016	.....	333,649,736	680,330,752
October	346,681,016	.....	336,581,624	683,262,640
November	346,681,016	.....	339,494,074	686,175,090
December	346,681,016	.....	341,852,242	688,533,258
1880—January	346,681,016	.....	343,187,430	689,868,446
February	346,681,016	.....	343,241,251	689,922,267
March	346,681,016	.....	343,949,401	690,630,417
April	346,681,016	.....	344,538,584	691,219,600
May	346,681,016	.....	344,678,227	691,359,243
June	346,681,016	.....	343,890,901	690,571,917
July	346,681,016	.....	343,781,711	690,462,727
August	346,681,016	.....	343,657,947	690,338,963
September	346,681,016	.....	343,447,742	690,128,758

No. 44.—UNITED STATES NOTES, TREASURY NOTES, AND NATIONAL-BANK NOTES OUTSTANDING AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1880—October	$346,681,016		$343,379,396	$690,060,412
November	346,681,016		343,297,160	689,978,176
December	346,681,016		343,792,832	690,473,848
1881—January	346,681,016		343,851,123	690,532,139
February	346,681,016		343,242,478	689,923,494
March	346,681,016		347,054,162	693,735,178
April	346,681,016		352,047,097	698,728,113
May	346,681,016		353,604,893	700,285,909
June	346,681,016		354,617,115	701,298,131
July	346,681,016		356,913,233	703,594,249
August	346,681,016		357,449,906	704,130,922
September	346,681,016		358,405,640	705,086,656
October	346,681,016		359,863,000	706,544,016
November	346,681,016		361,509,650	708,190,666
December	346,681,016		361,857,468	708,538,484
1882—January	346,681,016		361,880,764	708,561,780
February	346,681,016		361,095,650	707,776,666
March	346,681,016		360,915,787	707,596,803
April	346,681,016		360,363,889	707,044,905
May	346,681,016		359,025,054	705,706,070
June	346,681,016		357,552,564	704,233,580
July	346,681,016		357,974,142	704,655,158
August	346,681,016		359,834,430	706,515,446
September	346,681,016		362,256,662	708,937,678
October	346,681,016		361,779,335	708,460,351
November	346,681,016		361,691,569	708,372,585
December	346,681,016		361,882,790	708,563,806
1883—January	346,681,016		361,310,848	707,991,864
February	346,681,016		360,424,097	707,105,113
March	346,681,016		359,192,003	705,873,019
April	346,681,016		358,546,954	705,227,970
May	346,681,016		357,457,250	704,138,266
June	346,681,016		356,072,208	702,753,224
July	346,681,016		355,113,823	701,794,839
August	346,681,016		353,906,874	700,587,890
September	346,681,016		352,728,114	699,409,130
October	346,681,016		351,528,420	698,209,436
November	346,681,016		350,300,884	696,981,900
December	346,681,016		349,949,351	696,630,367
1884—January	346,681,016		348,680,806	695,361,822
February	346,681,016		345,784,941	692,465,957
March	346,681,016		344,035,505	690,716,521
April	346,681,016		342,216,527	688,897,543
May	346,681,016		340,018,509	686,699,525
June	346,681,016		338,692,612	685,373,628
July	346,681,016		337,065,355	683,746,371
August	346,681,016		336,131,964	682,812,980
September	346,681,016		335,043,938	681,724,954
October	346,681,016		333,007,772	679,688,788
November	346,681,016		330,780,483	677,461,499
December	346,681,016		328,392,332	675,073,348
1885—January	346,681,016		326,049,907	672,730,923
February	346,681,016		323,636,120	670,317,136
March	346,681,016		320,897,395	667,578,411
April	346,681,016		319,415,804	666,096,820
May	346,681,016		316,989,246	663,670,262
June	346,681,016		316,857,081	663,538,097
July	346,681,016		315,378,841	662,059,857
August	346,681,016		315,431,707	662,112,723
September	346,681,016		316,348,122	663,029,138
October	346,681,016		315,279,087	661,960,103
November	346,681,016		316,748,847	663,429,863
December	346,681,016		316,512,303	663,193,319
1886—January	346,681,016		317,000,162	663,681,178
February	346,681,016		317,001,252	663,682,268
March	346,681,016		315,150,389	661,831,405
April	346,681,016		313,261,874	659,942,890
May	346,681,016		311,168,165	657,849,181
June	346,681,016		308,510,891	655,191,907
July	346,681,016		306,238,538	652,919,554
August	346,681,016		304,249,615	650,930,631
September	346,681,016		303,099,812	649,780,828
October	346,681,016		301,309,290	647,990,306
November	346,681,016		299,144,276	645,825,292
December	346,681,016		296,572,072	643,253,088
1887—January	346,681,016		292,782,727	639,463,743
February	346,681,016		288,864,797	635,545,813
March	346,681,016		286,950,711	633,631,727
April	346,681,016		284,793,311	631,474,327
May	346,681,016		281,982,407	628,663,423

No. 44.—UNITED STATES NOTES, TREASURY NOTES, AND NATIONAL-BANK NOTES OUTSTANDING AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1887—June	$346,681,016	.....	$278,917,073	$625,598,089
July	346,681,016	.....	276,288,312	622,969,328
August	346,681,016	.....	274,128,829	620,809,845
September	346,681,016	.....	272,721,530	619,402,546
October	346,681,016	.....	271,915,258	618,596,274
November	346,681,016	.....	269,690,378	616,371,394
December	346,681,016	.....	268,363,854	615,044,870
1888—January	346,681,016	.....	265,702,634	612,383,650
February	346,681,016	.....	262,452,593	609,133,609
March	346,681,016	.....	259,997,204	606,678,220
April	346,681,016	.....	258,426,501	605,107,517
May	346,681,016	.....	255,581,273	602,262,289
June	346,681,016	.....	252,203,941	598,884,957
July	346,681,016	.....	249,453,735	596,134,751
August	346,681,016	.....	246,347,027	593,028,043
September	346,681,016	.....	243,529,002	590,210,018
October	346,681,016	.....	239,258,217	585,939,233
November	346,681,016	.....	236,326,872	583,007,888
December	346,681,016	.....	233,554,192	580,235,208
1889—January	346,681,016	.....	229,041,824	575,722,840
February	346,681,016	.....	224,248,585	570,929,601
March	346,681,016	.....	221,028,621	567,709,637
April	346,681,016	.....	218,506,473	565,187,489
May	346,681,016	.....	215,286,737	561,967,753
June	346,681,016	.....	211,197,683	557,878,699
July	346,681,016	.....	207,993,689	554,674,705
August	346,681,016	.....	205,763,371	552,444,387
September	346,681,016	.....	203,567,802	550,248,818
October	346,681,016	.....	201,925,825	548,606,841
November	346,681,016	.....	199,546,637	546,227,653
December	346,681,016	.....	197,087,385	543,768,401
1890—January	346,681,016	.....	194,447,219	541,128,235
February	346,681,016	.....	192,000,453	538,681,469
March	346,681,016	.....	190,274,602	536,955,618
April	346,681,016	.....	189,264,900	535,945,916
May	346,681,016	.....	187,361,523	534,042,539
June	346,681,016	.....	185,748,590	532,429,606
July	346,681,016	.....	184,253,868	530,934,884
August	346,681,016	$3,609,000	183,134,753	533,424,769
September	346,681,016	8,069,000	181,602,915	536,352,931
October	346,681,016	13,949,000	179,610,433	540,240,449
November	346,681,016	19,258,800	178,329,011	544,268,827
December	346,681,016	24,090,500	177,088,171	547,859,687
1891—January	346,681,016	28,804,000	175,303,549	550,788,565
February	346,681,016	33,150,700	173,423,024	553,254,740
March	346,681,016	37,093,200	171,535,064	555,309,280
April	346,681,016	41,731,200	170,227,646	558,639,862
May	346,681,016	45,677,347	168,850,839	561,209,202
June	346,681,016	50,228,417	167,577,214	564,486,647
July	346,681,016	54,994,035	168,166,939	569,841,990
August	346,681,016	59,686,035	171,134,309	577,501,360
September	346,681,016	64,251,130	171,785,146	582,717,292
October	346,681,016	68,725,270	172,184,558	587,590,844
November	346,681,016	72,959,652	172,993,607	592,634,275
December	346,681,016	77,327,102	173,078,585	597,086,703
1892—January	346,681,016	81,553,000	173,205,496	601,439,512
February	346,681,016	85,236,212	172,621,875	604,539,103
March	346,681,016	89,602,198	172,529,451	608,812,665
April	346,681,016	93,228,690	172,476,575	612,386,281
May	346,681,016	97,391,986	172,499,349	616,572,351
June	346,681,016	101,712,071	172,683,850	621,076,937
July	346,681,016	105,566,170	172,527,713	624,774,899
August	346,681,016	109,382,637	172,656,429	628,720,082
September	346,681,016	112,484,335	172,786,760	631,952,111
October	346,681,016	116,611,233	172,432,146	635,724,395
November	346,681,016	120,796,713	173,614,870	641,092,599
December	346,681,016	124,745,623	174,404,424	645,831,063
1893—January	346,681,016	127,946,489	174,391,253	649,018,758
February	346,681,016	131,867,853	175,422,388	653,971,257
March	346,681,016	135,490,148	176,094,544	658,265,708
April	346,681,016	139,069,778	176,855,614	662,606,408
May	346,681,016	143,189,874	177,164,254	667,035,144
June	346,681,016	147,190,227	178,713,872	672,585,115
July	346,681,016	148,286,348	183,755,147	678,722,511
August	346,681,016	149,881,958	198,980,368	695,543,342
September	346,681,016	151,319,040	208,690,579	706,690,635
October	346,681,016	152,735,188	209,311,993	708,728,197
November	346,681,016	153,453,629	208,948,105	709,082,750
December	346,681,016	153,160,151	208,538,844	708,380,011
1894—January	346,681,016	153,070,908	207,862,107	707,614,031

No. 44.—UNITED STATES NOTES, TREASURY NOTES, AND NATIONAL-BANK NOTES OUTSTANDING AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1894—February	$346,681,016	$153,001,184	$207,479,520	$707,161,720
March	346,681,016	152,900,317	207,875,695	707,457,028
April	346,681,016	152,813,072	207,833,032	707,327,120
May	346,681,016	152,679,742	207,245,019	706,605,777
June	346,681,016	152,584,417	207,353,244	706,618,677
July	346,681,016	152,447,126	207,539,066	706,667,208
August	346,681,016	152,151,369	207,592,215	706,424,600
September	346,681,016	151,609,267	207,564,458	705,854,741
October	346,681,016	151,140,568	207,565,090	705,386,674
November	346,681,016	150,979,070	206,686,337	704,346,423
December	346,681,016	150,823,731	206,605,710	704,110,457
1895—January	346,681,016	150,751,541	205,297,571	702,730,128
February	346,681,016	150,705,157	205,043,651	702,429,824
March	346,681,016	150,330,089	207,541,211	704,552,316
April	346,681,016	149,584,471	209,719,850	705,985,337
May	346,681,016	148,044,280	211,478,716	706,204,012
June	346,681,016	146,088,400	211,691,035	704,460,451
July	346,681,016	145,490,280	211,372,045	703,543,341
August	346,681,016	144,495,280	212,339,200	703,515,496
September	346,681,016	143,666,280	212,851,934	703,199,230
October	346,681,016	141,092,280	213,887,630	701,660,926
November	346,681,016	139,583,280	213,960,598	700,224,894
December	346,681,016	137,771,280	213,716,973	698,169,269
1896—January	346,681,016	137,324,280	213,496,547	697,501,843
February	346,681,016	136,719,280	217,181,917	700,582,213
March	346,681,016	136,081,280	221,316,027	704,078,323
April	346,681,016	133,069,280	224,189,337	703,939,633
May	346,681,016	131,385,280	225,287,935	703,354,231
June	346,681,016	129,683,280	226,000,547	702,364,843
July	346,681,016	128,343,280	226,030,042	701,054,338
August	346,681,016	126,741,280	229,613,896	703,036,192
September	346,681,016	125,004,280	233,639,357	705,324,653
October	346,681,016	123,229,280	234,984,444	704,894,740
November	346,681,016	121,677,280	235,398,890	703,757,186
December	346,681,016	119,816,280	235,663,118	702,160,414
1897—January	346,681,016	118,398,280	235,094,662	700,173,958
February	346,681,016	117,550,280	234,236,327	698,467,623
March	346,681,016	117,131,280	233,795,141	697,607,437
April	346,681,016	116,696,280	232,887,984	696,265,280
May	346,681,016	115,782,280	231,875,841	694,339,137
June	346,681,016	114,867,280	231,441,686	692,989,982
July	346,681,016	113,914,280	230,844,256	691,439,552
August	346,681,016	112,672,280	230,593,674	689,946,970
September	346,681,016	111,334,280	230,278,970	688,294,266

No. 45.—GOLD CERTIFICATES, SILVER CERTIFICATES, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES OUTSTANDING AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Currency certificates.	Total.
1878—June	$44,367,000	$1,462,600	$46,815,000	$92,644,600
July	42,023,400	3,607,630	51,580,000	97,211,030
August	38,016,400	6,133,880	49,275,000	93,425,280
September	32,826,600	2,028,070	40,890,000	75,744,670
October	32,808,000	2,708,350	35,840,000	71,356,350
November	33,962,900	2,273,520	37,190,000	73,426,420
December	21,580,700	2,496,130	34,700,000	58,776,830
1879—January	17,626,700	2,571,180	41,200,000	61,397,880
February	16,779,500	2,308,180	46,100,000	65,187,680
March	16,304,700	2,326,530	27,725,000	46,356,230
April	15,772,600	1,977,020	32,045,000	49,794,620
May	15,413,700	2,366,960	27,035,000	44,815,660
June	15,413,700	2,466,950	30,805,000	48,685,650
July	15,240,700	2,785,850	40,840,000	58,866,550
August	15,128,700	3,281,850	35,335,000	53,745,550
September	14,910,900	4,221,850	31,215,000	50,347,750
October	14,591,000	6,135,850	22,510,000	43,236,850
November	13,379,200	7,067,910	14,270,000	34,717,110
December	12,337,100	8,712,910	10,515,000	31,565,010
1880—January	10,411,100	9,052,910	12,900,000	32,364,010
February	10,082,600	9,369,920	11,765,000	31,217,520
March	8,855,500	11,628,920	8,495,000	28,979,420
April	8,230,600	12,043,720	9,160,000	29,434,320
May	8,050,100	12,374,270	13,250,000	33,674,370
June	8,004,600	12,374,270	14,595,000	34,973,870

No. 45.—GOLD CERTIFICATES, SILVER CERTIFICATES, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES OUTSTANDING AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Cont'd.

Month.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Currency certificates.	Total.
1880—July	$7,884,600	$12,689,290	$15,665,000	$36,238,890
August	7,697,900	13,138,040	11,310,000	32,145,940
September	7,511,700	18,521,960	9,975,000	36,008,660
October	7,454,500	27,113,960	8,775,000	43,343,460
November	7,400,500	35,077,280	8,525,000	51,002,780
December	6,658,880	45,582,130	7,005,000	59,246,010
1881—January	6,541,480	46,800,220	8,630,000	61,971,700
February	6,541,480	47,884,260	7,965,000	62,390,740
March	6,171,800	50,178,900	6,805,000	63,155,700
April	5,962,600	50,680,140	8,295,000	64,937,740
May	5,912,600	50,773,250	10,860,000	67,545,850
June	5,782,920	51,166,530	11,925,000	68,874,450
July	5,749,820	51,983,980	10,740,000	68,473,800
August	5,400,920	57,578,310	9,625,000	72,604,230
September	5,248,920	64,149,910	8,315,000	77,713,830
October	5,207,920	66,327,670	8,310,000	79,845,590
November	5,207,920	66,663,830	9,045,000	80,916,750
December	5,188,120	68,675,230	9,590,000	83,453,350
1882—January	5,188,120	68,999,670	11,400,000	85,587,790
February	5,188,120	68,674,480	11,550,000	85,412,600
March	5,166,920	68,355,370	11,140,000	84,662,290
April	5,072,120	67,781,360	11,115,000	83,968,480
May	5,055,420	67,736,220	12,330,000	85,121,640
June	5,037,120	66,096,710	13,320,000	84,453,830
July	5,017,940	67,119,210	12,730,000	84,867,150
August	4,992,040	69,440,210	12,000,000	86,432,250
September	4,907,440	71,569,210	10,670,000	87,146,650
October	26,360,440	73,607,710	9,945,000	109,913,150
November	35,408,540	73,095,660	9,845,000	118,349,200
December	64,619,840	72,848,660	9,585,000	147,053,500
1883—January	72,776,940	72,745,470	12,490,000	158,012,410
February	74,850,740	73,295,970	11,340,000	159,486,710
March	74,969,720	77,625,331	9,715,000	162,310,051
April	81,333,620	80,771,331	10,105,000	172,209,951
May	83,460,940	80,033,331	11,805,000	175,299,271
June	82,378,640	88,616,831	13,375,000	184,370,471
July	83,452,040	89,271,411	12,910,000	185,633,451
August	82,992,740	92,651,981	12,145,000	187,789,721
September	82,495,240	94,490,241	11,945,000	188,930,481
October	83,328,940	99,579,141	12,620,000	195,528,081
November	85,932,920	101,782,811	14,465,000	202,180,731
December	91,031,920	109,898,611	14,560,000	215,490,531
1884—January	101,250,620	110,137,051	16,880,000	228,267,671
February	108,443,500	110,137,821	18,215,000	236,796,321
March	104,236,400	116,408,161	15,475,000	236,119,561
April	101,116,200	116,374,231	15,025,000	232,515,431
May	98,812,260	117,300,091	11,050,000	227,162,351
June	98,392,660	119,811,691	12,385,000	230,589,351
July	118,017,320	120,404,341	13,230,000	251,651,661
August	121,719,920	121,131,921	14,420,000	257,271,841
September	120,936,620	123,260,721	15,945,000	260,142,341
October	120,343,320	131,556,531	17,855,000	269,754,851
November	120,075,350	133,940,121	22,695,000	276,710,471
December	119,631,150	138,168,291	24,920,000	282,719,441
1885—January	134,279,530	141,196,701	30,130,000	305,606,231
February	153,110,220	141,419,831	30,580,000	325,110,051
March	153,337,530	143,361,841	27,215,000	323,914,371
April	153,860,090	141,585,086	25,450,000	320,895,176
May	142,924,360	140,660,776	27,240,000	310,825,136
June	140,323,140	139,901,646	29,785,000	310,009,786
July	140,611,320	139,213,086	31,680,000	311,504,406
August	140,491,720	133,792,186	31,560,000	310,843,906
September	140,387,030	125,379,706	23,880,000	289,646,736
October	140,136,610	125,053,286	18,555,000	283,744,896
November	140,047,060	124,737,106	17,765,000	282,549,166
December	139,710,080	124,343,776	14,055,000	278,108,856
1886—January	139,345,660	123,740,376	14,850,000	277,936,036
February	139,308,060	123,228,476	15,305,000	277,841,536
March	137,573,570	122,532,996	12,765,000	272,871,566
April	137,112,100	121,874,196	11,740,000	270,726,296
May	131,855,695	119,595,145	14,540,000	265,990,840
June	131,174,245	115,977,675	18,500,000	265,651,920
July	126,976,877	115,292,902	19,575,000	261,844,779
August	126,392,327	114,593,252	12,705,000	253,690,579
September	125,346,127	117,943,102	7,855,000	251,144,229
October	125,173,427	117,869,102	7,160,000	250,202,529
November	124,990,327	119,657,102	7,305,000	251,952,429
December	124,701,409	124,585,102	6,710,000	255,996,511
1887—January	124,508,739	125,053,102	8,820,000	258,381,841
February	124,214,595	126,597,102	8,430,000	259,241,697

No. 45.—GOLD CERTIFICATES, SILVER CERTIFICATES, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES OUTSTANDING AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Cont'd.

Month.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Currency certificates.	Total.
1887—March	$123,803,625	$138,143,338	$7,545,000	$269,491,963
April	123,339,525	142,748,130	8,510,000	274,597,655
May	123,062,335	144,432,492	9,400,000	276,894,827
June	121,486,817	145,543,150	9,080,000	276,109,967
July	113,088,647	148,375,800	8,810,000	270,274,447
August	111,773,547	153,873,128	7,550,000	273,196,675
September	127,138,971	158,274,667	6,685,000	292,098,638
October	132,542,931	164,165,451	7,385,000	304,093,382
November	130,755,591	172,562,720	7,155,000	310,473,311
December	127,744,451	183,194,993	7,115,000	318,054,444
1888—January	125,522,181	194,251,570	10,925,000	330,698,751
February	123,660,081	205,619,128	11,655,000	340,934,209
March	121,605,413	210,896,870	9,565,000	342,067,283
April	120,414,793	212,743,041	10,655,000	343,812,834
May	143,155,840	217,103,828	12,700,000	372,959,668
June	142,023,150	229,491,772	14,665,000	386,179,922
July	162,193,800	227,041,965	15,305,000	404,540,765
August	161,341,750	225,187,728	14,735,000	401,264,478
September	160,354,600	228,381,476	13,310,000	402,046,076
October	166,777,150	237,187,776	11,970,000	415,934,926
November	166,706,160	246,250,274	11,510,000	424,466,434
December	157,016,150	250,178,566	10,720,000	417,914,716
1889—January	156,030,110	250,054,551	14,010,000	420,094,661
February	155,013,530	252,346,851	16,200,000	423,560,381
March	155,412,642	256,023,915	14,960,000	426,396,557
April	157,398,222	258,391,033	14,690,000	430,479,255
May	156,394,802	261,742,899	16,420,000	434,557,701
June	154,028,552	262,629,746	16,975,000	433,633,298
July	153,211,352	265,208,396	17,605,000	436,024,748
August	162,950,752	274,722,196	17,005,000	454,677,948
September	158,749,152	280,497,767	16,045,000	455,291,919
October	155,863,052	279,648,317	12,860,000	448,371,369
November	154,151,209	279,213,560	10,750,000	444,114,769
December	154,301,989	285,202,039	9,570,000	449,074,028
1890—January	159,110,039	284,585,889	11,720,000	455,415,928
February	158,827,639	288,239,639	10,480,000	457,547,278
March	159,552,289	294,013,453	8,650,000	462,215,742
April	158,785,039	297,361,953	8,935,000	465,081,992
May	158,261,519	299,592,106	10,195,000	468,048,625
June	157,542,979	301,539,751	12,280,000	471,362,730
July	160,021,869	302,191,171	11,860,000	474,073,040
August	157,388,269	308,423,071	9,230,000	475,041,340
September	174,163,519	311,173,571	7,170,000	492,507,090
October	174,656,669	310,649,374	6,930,000	492,236,043
November	175,072,069	310,553,024	6,590,000	492,215,093
December	175,431,969	309,855,778	6,820,000	492,107,747
1891—January	175,731,499	307,062,874	11,500,000	494,294,373
February	172,274,899	307,168,474	12,530,000	491,973,373
March	168,367,529	313,389,782	11,675,000	493,432,311
April	166,199,999	316,242,857	14,270,000	496,712,856
May	158,902,149	315,551,153	18,060,000	492,513,302
June	152,456,429	314,715,185	22,790,000	489,961,614
July	149,720,209	315,489,459	27,445,000	492,654,668
August	145,994,359	324,213,209	29,185,000	499,392,568
September	140,784,059	324,936,559	19,835,000	485,555,618
October	156,890,739	323,668,401	11,095,000	491,654,140
November	161,852,139	324,274,918	10,135,000	496,262,057
December	165,578,839	324,772,318	9,465,000	499,816,157
1892—January	180,665,769	326,354,643	16,850,000	523,870,412
February	178,151,419	328,421,343	29,440,000	536,012,762
March	178,002,999	329,272,852	31,220,000	538,495,851
April	175,644,879	330,499,002	30,550,000	536,693,881
May	171,765,729	330,904,002	34,020,000	536,689,731
June	156,598,929	331,614,304	30,320,000	518,533,233
July	154,600,329	331,809,304	27,700,000	514,109,633
August	152,234,589	331,068,304	22,770,000	506,072,893
September	146,555,989	329,469,304	18,260,000	494,285,293
October	143,437,339	326,850,304	11,110,000	481,397,643
November	142,821,639	326,251,304	8,500,000	477,572,943
December	141,347,889	325,783,504	7,590,000	474,721,393
1893—January	136,375,589	328,146,504	15,030,000	479,552,093
February	122,170,989	328,029,504	19,760,000	469,960,493
March	116,621,439	328,226,504	17,090,000	461,937,943
April	114,160,339	326,806,504	15,980,000	456,946,843
May	104,794,639	328,766,504	17,780,000	451,341,143
June	94,041,189	330,957,504	12,365,000	437,363,693
July	87,704,739	333,031,504	8,340,000	429,076,243
August	80,979,419	329,088,504	5,665,000	415,732,923
September	79,756,819	330,864,504	8,285,000	418,906,323
October	79,005,169	333,444,504	22,425,000	434,874,673

No. 45.—GOLD CERTIFICATES, SILVER CERTIFICATES, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES OUTSTANDING AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Cont'd.

Month.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Currency certificates.	Total.
1893—November	$78,312,169	$334,138,504	$33,325,000	$445,775,673
December	77,487,769	334,584,504	39,085,000	451,157,273
1894—January	77,093,769	336,919,504	44,975,000	458,988,273
February	71,042,219	338,061,504	47,805,000	456,908,723
March	70,444,219	338,202,504	53,080,000	461,726,723
April	70,093,219	339,673,504	57,410,000	467,176,723
May	69,416,199	339,662,504	59,370,000	468,448,703
June	66,387,899	337,148,504	59,235,000	462,771,403
July	66,050,699	336,519,504	61,955,000	464,525,203
August	65,703,699	338,710,504	58,785,000	463,199,203
September	64,845,699	339,676,504	56,305,000	460,827,203
October	64,308,349	337,712,504	54,325,000	456,345,853
November	59,677,269	337,629,504	57,985,000	455,291,773
December	53,420,869	336,924,504	48,965,000	439,310,373
1895—January	52,984,869	333,796,504	41,245,000	428,026,373
February	51,587,869	333,107,504	37,355,000	422,050,373
March	48,927,849	331,121,504	37,565,000	417,614,353
April	48,814,649	330,914,504	37,375,000	417,104,153
May	48,641,959	328,245,504	48,435,000	425,322,463
June	48,469,959	328,894,504	55,755,000	433,119,463
July	48,336,909	330,932,504	57,040,000	436,309,413
August	49,290,909	331,513,504	77,085,000	457,889,413
September	50,748,909	338,297,504	67,515,000	456,561,413
October	50,585,889	342,409,504	57,015,000	450,010,393
November	50,341,889	344,327,504	48,735,000	443,404,393
December	50,099,889	345,702,504	34,450,000	430,252,393
1896—January	49,978,989	345,994,504	29,245,000	425,218,493
February	44,384,489	344,377,504	33,070,000	421,831,993
March	43,822,469	348,325,504	34,680,000	426,827,973
April	43,817,469	350,412,504	33,295,000	427,524,973
May	43,649,189	346,942,504	33,670,000	424,261,693
June	42,818,189	342,619,504	31,990,000	417,427,693
July	40,687,189	344,032,504	42,150,000	426,869,693
August	40,486,189	357,204,504	39,225,000	436,915,693
September	40,328,539	364,476,504	34,715,000	439,520,043
October	39,588,139	366,463,504	35,060,000	441,111,643
November	39,433,139	367,903,504	38,510,000	445,846,643
December	39,279,789	370,883,504	50,830,000	460,993,293
1897—January	39,046,789	373,015,504	65,515,000	477,577,293
February	39,046,789	373,585,504	76,795,000	489,427,293
March	38,939,689	376,561,504	75,070,000	490,571,193
April	38,939,689	377,531,504	71,940,000	488,411,193
May	38,843,169	374,345,504	66,565,000	479,753,673
June	38,782,169	375,479,504	61,750,000	476,011,673
July	38,700,169	372,404,504	63,495,000	474,599,673
August	38,527,169	379,112,504	63,650,000	481,289,673
September	38,434,169	385,152,504	54,150,000	477,736,673

No. 46.—ESTIMATED STOCK OF ALL KINDS OF MONEY AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Gold.	Silver.	Notes.	Certificates.	Aggregate.
1878—June	$213,199,977	$87,693,799	$669,600,826	$92,644,600	$1,063,139,202
July	215,848,736	90,237,684	668,626,431	97,211,030	1,071,923,881
August	218,186,311	94,954,759	668,322,549	93,425,280	1,074,888,899
September	221,300,413	98,743,150	667,442,666	75,744,670	1,063,230,899
October	226,043,368	99,903,755	667,802,057	71,356,350	1,065,105,530
November	228,625,207	104,239,850	668,713,378	73,426,420	1,075,004,855
December	231,645,490	105,940,417	669,489,576	58,776,830	1,065,861,313
1879—January	234,199,478	109,290,641	670,090,211	61,397,880	1,074,978,210
February	236,846,728	111,284,752	671,717,492	65,187,680	1,085,036,652
March	239,583,620	112,595,406	672,774,418	46,356,230	1,071,309,674
April	241,953,581	113,609,788	675,123,982	49,794,620	1,080,481,971
May	244,414,180	115,035,994	675,357,763	44,815,660	1,079,623,597
June	245,741,837	117,143,551	675,643,089	48,685,650	1,087,214,127
July	248,058,439	119,030,899	675,925,909	58,866,550	1,101,881,797
August	256,846,088	121,828,027	676,743,729	53,745,550	1,109,163,394
September	286,656,727	124,094,659	680,330,752	50,347,750	1,141,429,888
October	307,964,532	125,864,170	683,262,640	43,236,850	1,160,328,192
November	327,697,367	129,366,734	686,175,090	34,717,110	1,177,956,301
December	336,540,249	132,104,198	688,533,258	31,565,010	1,188,742,715
1880—January	339,524,612	135,167,503	689,868,446	32,364,010	1,196,924,571
February	342,254,473	137,322,864	689,922,267	31,217,520	1,200,717,124
March	344,394,974	139,452,288	690,630,417	28,979,420	1,203,457,099

No. 46.—ESTIMATED STOCK OF ALL KINDS OF MONEY AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Gold.	Silver.	Notes.	Certificates.	Aggregate.
1880—April	$346,887,214	$142,890,470	$691,219,600	$29,434,320	$1,210,431,604
May	349,319,297	145,221,418	691,359,243	33,674,370	1,219,574,328
June	351,841,206	147,721,556	690,571,917	34,973,870	1,225,108,549
July	354,455,084	151,060,734	690,462,727	36,238,890	1,232,217,435
August	365,940,999	153,714,409	690,338,963	32,145,940	1,242,140,311
September	387,138,517	155,294,977	690,128,758	36,008,660	1,268,570,912
October	405,656,138	158,161,650	690,060,412	43,343,460	1,297,221,660
November	417,422,204	160,775,739	689,978,176	51,002,780	1,319,178,899
December	436,201,090	163,110,894	690,473,848	59,246,010	1,349,031,842
1881—January	443,342,011	166,033,933	690,532,139	61,971,700	1,361,879,783
February	446,079,544	167,095,110	689,923,494	62,390,740	1,365,488,888
March	455,519,966	168,158,138	693,735,178	63,155,700	1,380,568,982
April	473,214,787	170,406,017	698,728,113	64,937,740	1,407,286,657
May	476,347,500	172,401,693	700,285,909	67,545,850	1,416,580,952
June	478,484,538	174,769,715	701,298,131	68,874,450	1,423,426,834
July	481,330,029	176,700,503	703,594,249	68,473,800	1,430,098,581
August	488,785,577	178,799,548	704,130,922	72,604,230	1,444,320,277
September	501,505,052	181,127,330	705,086,656	77,713,830	1,465,432,868
October	511,830,601	184,298,180	706,544,016	79,845,590	1,482,518,387
November	516,999,679	186,200,775	708,190,666	80,916,750	1,492,397,870
December	521,826,768	189,246,630	708,538,484	83,453,350	1,503,065,232
1882—January	525,065,589	191,226,186	708,561,780	85,587,790	1,510,441,345
February	520,510,021	193,102,063	707,776,666	85,412,600	1,506,801,350
March	520,327,747	197,065,542	707,596,803	84,662,290	1,509,652,382
April	520,743,590	198,192,373	707,044,905	83,968,480	1,509,949,357
May	509,865,821	201,037,464	705,706,070	85,121,640	1,501,730,995
June	506,757,715	202,804,268	704,233,580	84,453,830	1,498,249,393
July	504,652,252	204,593,940	704,655,158	84,867,150	1,498,768,500
August	505,926,675	206,977,696	706,515,446	86,432,250	1,505,852,067
September	509,319,382	209,934,955	708,937,678	87,146,650	1,515,338,665
October	515,536,933	212,948,203	708,460,351	109,913,150	1,546,858,637
November	520,212,752	215,049,230	708,372,585	118,349,200	1,561,983,767
December	524,670,762	218,117,713	708,563,806	147,053,500	1,598,405,781
1883—January	528,433,158	219,905,788	707,991,864	158,012,410	1,614,343,220
February	530,465,211	222,562,254	707,105,113	159,486,710	1,619,619,288
March	535,912,647	224,976,536	705,873,019	162,310,051	1,629,072,253
April	538,660,540	226,906,129	705,227,970	172,209,951	1,643,004,590
May	540,444,206	229,978,907	704,138,266	175,299,271	1,649,860,650
June	542,732,063	232,698,415	702,753,224	184,370,471	1,662,554,173
July	544,812,562	234,652,939	701,794,839	185,633,451	1,666,893,791
August	548,409,207	236,725,962	700,587,890	187,789,721	1,673,512,780
September	552,197,749	239,014,417	699,409,130	188,930,481	1,679,551,777
October	558,078,263	240,718,023	698,209,436	195,528,081	1,692,533,803
November	563,790,328	242,281,039	696,981,900	202,180,731	1,705,233,998
December	566,108,185	244,070,406	696,630,367	215,490,531	1,722,299,489
1884—January	568,231,447	246,085,568	695,361,822	228,267,671	1,737,946,508
February	566,994,208	248,206,150	692,465,957	236,796,321	1,744,462,636
March	557,424,889	250,155,675	690,716,521	236,119,561	1,734,416,646
April	541,139,407	252,087,795	688,897,543	232,515,431	1,714,640,176
May	541,805,689	253,305,212	686,699,525	227,162,351	1,709,062,777
June	545,500,797	254,672,855	685,373,628	230,589,351	1,716,136,631
July	549,706,663	257,519,158	683,746,371	251,651,061	1,742,623,353
August	554,371,214	259,962,159	682,812,980	257,271,841	1,754,418,194
September	557,853,406	262,496,335	681,724,954	260,142,341	1,762,217,036
October	562,194,144	264,531,618	679,688,788	269,754,851	1,776,169,401
November	572,025,389	267,087,161	677,461,499	276,710,471	1,793,284,520
December	576,118,500	269,378,723	675,073,348	282,719,441	1,803,290,012
1885—January	578,828,967	271,634,641	672,730,923	305,606,231	1,828,800,762
February	581,162,973	273,285,380	670,317,136	325,110,051	1,849,875,540
March	584,168,358	275,605,135	667,578,411	323,914,371	1,851,266,275
April	585,874,765	278,143,019	666,096,820	320,895,176	1,851,009,780
May	587,127,395	280,574,004	663,670,262	310,825,136	1,842,196,797
June	588,697,036	282,863,087	663,538,097	310,009,786	1,845,108,006
July	589,979,734	284,679,132	662,059,857	311,504,406	1,848,223,129
August	592,378,180	286,985,584	662,112,723	310,843,906	1,852,320,393
September	597,236,584	289,645,654	663,029,138	289,646,736	1,839,558,112
October	600,445,130	292,080,160	661,960,103	283,744,896	1,838,230,289
November	607,126,884	294,333,673	663,429,863	282,549,166	1,847,439,586
December	612,980,956	297,057,181	663,193,319	278,108,856	1,851,340,312
1886—January	614,128,979	299,223,016	663,681,178	277,936,036	1,854,969,209
February	611,484,909	300,779,294	663,682,268	277,841,536	1,853,788,007
March	604,428,341	303,261,523	661,831,405	272,871,566	1,842,392,835
April	601,990,691	306,031,394	659,942,890	270,726,296	1,838,691,271
May	596,868,058	308,158,727	657,849,181	265,990,840	1,828,866,806
June	590,774,461	311,876,421	655,191,907	265,651,920	1,823,494,709
July	592,725,907	314,497,780	652,919,554	261,844,779	1,821,988,020
August	600,098,404	316,918,138	650,930,631	253,690,579	1,821,637,752
September	607,329,358	320,123,079	649,780,828	251,144,229	1,828,377,494
October	615,023,046	322,978,222	647,990,306	250,202,529	1,836,194,103
November	626,523,113	326,093,143	645,825,292	251,952,429	1,850,393,977

No. 46.—ESTIMATED STOCK OF ALL KINDS OF MONEY AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Gold.	Silver.	Notes.	Certificates.	Aggregate.
1886—December	$640,418,278	$329,468,886	$643,253,088	$255,996,511	$1,869,136,763
1887—January	645,869,918	332,494,035	639,463,743	258,381,841	1,876,209,537
February	646,880,837	335,274,667	635,545,813	259,241,697	1,876,943,014
March	649,194,324	342,241,803	633,631,727	269,491,963	1,894,559,817
April	650,578,766	347,001,639	631,474,327	274,597,655	1,903,652,387
May	655,423,246	349,903,900	628,663,423	276,894,827	1,910,885,396
June	654,520,335	353,455,351	625,598,089	276,109,967	1,909,683,742
July	658,646,711	355,357,725	622,969,328	270,274,447	1,907,248,209
August	663,589,790	357,740,514	620,809,845	273,196,675	1,915,336,824
September	681,793,520	360,794,991	619,402,546	292,098,638	1,954,089,695
October	695,130,375	364,257,375	618,596,274	304,093,382	1,982,077,406
November	699,111,494	366,884,948	616,371,394	310,473,311	1,992,841,147
December	704,703,330	369,398,109	615,044,870	318,054,444	2,007,200,753
1888—January	706,471,081	372,410,869	612,383,650	330,698,751	2,021,964,351
February	707,848,344	375,178,309	609,133,609	340,934,209	2,033,094,471
March	708,518,186	377,714,653	606,678,220	342,067,283	2,034,978,342
April	711,369,409	380,277,114	605,107,517	343,812,834	2,040,566,874
May	706,262,491	382,743,968	602,262,289	372,959,668	2,064,228,416
June	705,820,471	386,450,920	598,884,957	386,179,922	2,077,336,270
July	705,158,196	388,285,686	596,134,751	404,540,765	2,094,119,398
August	707,481,335	390,876,229	593,028,043	401,264,478	2,092,650,085
September	709,881,170	393,948,394	590,210,018	402,046,076	2,096,085,658
October	711,705,050	396,890,485	585,939,233	415,934,926	2,110,469,694
November	709,994,448	399,901,346	583,007,888	424,466,434	2,117,370,116
December	704,608,179	402,941,410	580,235,208	417,914,716	2,105,699,513
1889—January	705,758,221	405,682,583	575,722,840	420,094,661	2,107,258,305
February	705,954,608	408,369,220	570,929,601	423,560,381	2,108,813,810
March	704,773,319	411,206,300	567,709,637	426,396,557	2,110,085,813
April	705,611,209	414,327,274	565,187,489	430,479,255	2,115,605,227
May	698,260,235	417,066,241	561,967,753	434,557,701	2,111,851,930
June	679,559,801	420,712,909	557,878,699	433,633,298	2,091,784,707
July	675,558,008	422,996,959	554,674,705	436,024,748	2,089,254,420
August	679,859,398	425,472,554	552,444,387	454,677,948	2,112,454,287
September	681,819,487	428,440,671	550,248,818	455,291,919	2,115,800,895
October	684,194,686	430,974,953	548,606,841	448,371,369	2,112,147,849
November	685,749,280	433,648,087	546,227,653	444,114,769	2,109,739,789
December	689,524,863	437,228,410	543,768,401	449,074,028	2,119,595,702
1890—January	690,980,770	440,802,405	541,128,235	455,415,928	2,128,327,338
February	692,100,955	443,813,845	538,681,469	457,547,278	2,132,143,547
March	693,850,282	447,393,242	536,955,618	462,215,742	2,140,414,884
April	695,189,333	449,650,406	535,945,916	465,081,992	2,145,867,647
May	696,579,609	452,109,947	534,042,539	468,048,625	2,150,780,720
June	696,008,805	456,950,685	532,429,606	471,362,730	2,156,751,826
July	691,651,019	460,003,325	530,934,884	474,073,040	2,156,662,268
August	689,273,307	464,218,103	533,424,769	475,041,340	2,161,957,519
September	693,026,194	468,988,835	536,352,931	492,507,090	2,190,875,050
October	694,867,733	475,176,849	540,240,449	492,236,043	2,202,521,074
November	698,861,777	480,567,438	544,268,827	492,215,093	2,215,913,135
December	704,100,811	485,919,803	547,859,687	492,107,747	2,229,988,048
1891—January	707,008,881	490,540,824	550,788,565	494,294,373	2,242,632,643
February	705,584,827	494,970,840	553,254,740	491,973,373	2,245,783,780
March	700,904,069	501,215,806	555,309,280	493,432,311	2,250,861,466
April	689,495,821	505,818,674	558,639,862	496,712,856	2,250,667,213
May	661,993,363	509,962,377	561,209,202	492,513,302	2,225,678,244
June	646,591,928	515,335,939	564,486,647	489,961,614	2,216,376,128
July	644,458,425	520,349,998	569,841,990	492,654,668	2,227,305,081
August	647,489,823	524,957,388	577,501,360	499,392,568	2,249,341,139
September	653,308,095	529,019,947	582,717,292	485,555,618	2,250,600,952
October	670,545,108	534,357,565	587,590,844	491,654,140	2,284,147,657
November	677,774,595	538,440,982	592,634,275	496,262,057	2,305,111,909
December	686,845,930	542,079,363	597,086,703	499,816,157	2,325,828,153
1892—January	690,586,886	546,721,199	601,439,512	523,870,412	2,362,618,009
February	689,936,893	550,682,746	604,539,103	536,012,762	2,381,171,504
March	687,758,687	555,550,397	608,812,665	538,495,851	2,390,617,600
April	681,239,405	559,401,967	612,386,281	536,693,881	2,389,721,534
May	680,438,749	563,262,767	616,572,351	536,689,731	2,396,963,598
June	664,345,446	567,269,118	621,076,937	518,533,233	2,371,224,734
July	657,753,580	572,396,329	624,774,899	514,109,633	2,369,034,441
August	653,698,106	575,923,198	628,720,082	506,072,893	2,364,414,279
September	652,130,237	579,211,096	631,952,111	494,285,293	2,357,578,737
October	655,513,666	583,269,976	635,724,395	481,397,643	2,355,905,680
November	657,966,329	587,598,080	641,092,599	477,572,943	2,364,229,951
December	651,330,762	592,519,721	645,831,063	474,721,393	2,364,402,939
1893—January	640,515,600	595,777,406	649,018,758	479,552,093	2,364,863,857
February	627,490,086	596,874,470	653,971,257	469,960,493	2,348,296,306
March	626,177,184	602,953,757	658,265,708	461,937,943	2,349,334,592
April	613,042,879	606,881,216	662,606,408	456,946,843	2,339,477,346
May	604,464,554	611,179,657	667,035,144	451,341,143	2,334,020,498
June	592,089,133	614,762,482	672,585,115	437,363,693	2,316,800,423
July	603,723,903	615,174,063	678,722,511	429,076,243	2,326,696,720

No. 46.—ESTIMATED STOCK OF ALL KINDS OF MONEY AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Gold.	Silver.	Notes.	Certificates.	Aggregate.
1893—August	$645,889,540	$618,569,277	$695,543,342	$415,732,923	$2,375,735,082
September	657,505,880	621,171,958	706,690,635	418,906,323	2,404,274,796
October	661,395,851	622,571,105	708,728,197	434,874,673	2,427,569,826
November	666,180,139	623,555,170	709,082,750	445,775,673	2,444,593,732
December	666,906,590	624,034,858	708,380,011	451,157,273	2,450,478,732
1894—January	670,023,510	623,589,495	707,614,031	458,988,273	2,460,215,309
February	674,293,180	623,066,534	707,161,720	456,908,723	2,461,430,157
March	672,558,001	623,214,791	707,457,028	461,726,723	2,464,956,543
April	668,087,191	623,188,898	707,327,120	467,176,723	2,465,779,932
May	644,866,968	622,091,895	706,605,777	468,448,703	2,442,013,343
June	629,091,424	622,723,430	706,618,677	462,771,403	2,421,204,934
July	620,026,413	623,091,024	706,667,208	464,525,203	2,414,309,848
August	618,293,455	623,126,683	706,424,600	463,199,203	2,411,043,941
September	623,792,004	622,335,364	705,854,741	460,827,203	2,412,809,312
October	625,795,276	622,705,383	705,386,674	456,345,853	2,410,233,186
November	630,139,655	623,859,290	704,346,423	455,291,773	2,413,637,141
December	625,107,730	624,596,632	704,110,457	439,310,373	2,393,125,192
1895—January	603,543,187	624,671,443	702,730,128	428,026,373	2,358,971,131
February	607,161,380	624,449,865	702,429,824	422,050,373	2,356,091,442
March	618,980,395	624,050,783	704,552,316	417,614,353	2,365,197,847
April	623,109,679	623,880,293	705,985,337	417,104,153	2,370,079,462
May	631,461,408	624,181,708	706,204,012	425,322,463	2,387,169,591
June	636,168,989	624,541,631	704,460,451	433,119,463	2,398,290,534
July	641,132,676	625,025,364	703,543,341	436,309,413	2,406,010,794
August	629,198,579	624,122,346	703,515,496	457,889,413	2,414,725,834
September	613,441,575	624,233,595	703,199,230	456,561,413	2,397,435,813
October	618,542,432	625,269,990	701,660,926	450,010,393	2,395,483,741
November	609,820,049	626,341,574	700,224,894	443,404,393	2,379,790,910
December	597,927,254	625,084,167	698,169,269	430,252,393	2,351,433,083
1896—January	598,956,043	626,438,630	697,501,843	425,218,493	2,348,115,009
February	612,989,590	626,525,462	700,582,213	421,831,993	2,361,929,258
March	617,797,966	626,693,799	704,078,323	426,827,973	2,375,398,061
April	622,672,115	626,677,986	703,939,633	427,524,973	2,380,814,707
May	607,183,582	626,273,881	703,354,231	424,261,693	2,361,073,387
June	600,148,847	625,574,517	702,364,843	417,427,693	2,345,515,900
July	595,306,169	626,273,505	701,054,338	426,869,693	2,349,503,705
August	603,821,169	626,793,049	703,036,192	436,915,693	2,370,566,103
September	641,542,801	627,386,321	705,324,653	439,520,043	2,413,773,818
October	671,664,812	628,421,280	704,894,740	441,111,643	2,446,092,475
November	686,256,984	629,407,641	703,757,186	445,846,643	2,465,268,454
December	692,947,212	630,299,390	702,160,414	460,993,293	2,486,400,309
1897—January	697,855,251	630,986,855	700,173,958	477,577,293	2,506,593,357
February	702,521,724	631,747,623	698,467,623	489,427,293	2,522,164,263
March	706,368,560	631,802,024	697,607,437	490,571,193	2,526,349,214
April	708,084,485	632,450,262	696,265,280	488,411,193	2,525,211,220
May	701,929,314	633,079,041	694,339,137	479,753,673	2,509,101,165
June	697,223,332	632,023,665	692,989,982	476,011,673	2,498,248,652
July	697,118,880	632,521,144	691,439,552	474,599,673	2,495,679,249
August	703,082,728	631,390,442	689,946,970	481,289,673	2,505,709,813
September	712,660,417	631,803,932	688,294,266	477,736,673	2,510,495,288

No. 47.—ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF GOLD AND SILVER IN CIRCULATION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Gold coin.	Silver dollars.	Fractional silver coin.	Total silver.
1878—June	$84,739,774	$855,143	$64,918,322	$65,773,465
July	83,834,116	870,264	65,071,757	65,942,021
August	83,638,275	2,155,651	66,045,378	68,201,029
September	85,264,111	4,057,295	66,752,713	70,810,008
October	85,171,214	4,884,929	66,946,081	71,831,010
November	86,225,072	5,595,331	67,631,975	73,227,306
December	96,262,850	5,790,721	67,982,601	73,773,322
1879—January	100,442,571	6,681,293	68,243,553	74,924,846
February	103,581,169	7,181,983	68,481,108	75,663,091
March	106,167,494	7,216,056	68,704,010	75,920,066
April	107,433,441	7,461,387	68,882,852	76,344,239
May	107,733,920	7,304,905	69,063,799	76,368,704
June	110,505,362	7,653,649	67,346,584	75,000,233
July	112,540,956	8,299,199	63,735,909	72,035,108
August	115,299,698	9,559,586	61,448,641	71,008,227
September	117,049,732	11,074,230	60,088,746	71,162,976
October	136,446,818	12,883,566	59,364,759	72,248,325
November	167,253,930	14,865,993	58,905,958	73,771,951
December	178,749,927	16,887,586	58,674,498	75,562,084

No. 47.—ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF GOLD AND SILVER IN CIRCULATION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Gold coin.	Silver dollars.	Fractional silver coin.	Total silver.
1880—January	$185,834,585	$17,544,039	$57,569,007	$75,113,046
February	195,503,715	17,833,957	56,812,196	74,646,153
March	200,384,423	18,375,908	56,219,384	74,595,292
April	208,103,774	19,044,577	55,659,216	74,703,793
May	220,609,801	18,945,060	55,067,488	74,012,548
June	225,695,779	19,309,435	54,511,788	73,821,223
July	231,328,438	19,821,959	53,988,622	73,810,581
August	238,261,719	20,772,687	53,913,429	74,686,116
September	251,893,684	22,914,075	54,368,542	77,282,617
October	264,930,185	25,763,291	54,641,043	80,404,334
November	266,059,685	27,750,297	54,719,069	82,469,366
December	279,458,994	29,262,487	54,705,608	83,968,095
1881—January	288,797,802	29,517,903	54,085,816	83,603,719
February	273,041,291	29,120,545	53,865,739	82,986,284
March	281,851,803	29,183,347	53,496,971	82,680,318
April	302,895,033	28,614,679	53,389,316	82,003,995
May	312,577,341	28,441,232	53,143,038	81,584,270
June	315,312,877	28,827,983	52,839,364	81,667,347
July	326,418,554	29,376,403	52,820,033	82,196,436
August	319,290,055	29,974,361	53,101,173	83,075,534
September	327,143,707	32,230,038	53,859,326	86,089,364
October	338,840,772	34,096,327	54,216,212	88,312,539
November	338,774,375	34,955,253	54,311,108	89,266,361
December	349,209,300	35,791,043	54,294,179	90,085,222
1882—January	359,912,800	35,259,396	53,718,407	88,977,803
February	346,752,147	34,842,223	53,444,834	88,287,057
March	353,870,390	34,103,097	53,155,519	87,258,616
April	365,674,497	32,986,624	52,932,476	85,919,100
May	355,880,275	32,237,637	52,644,197	84,881,834
June	358,251,325	31,990,964	52,379,949	84,370,913
July	359,573,222	32,463,881	52,318,934	84,782,815
August	356,622,754	32,563,531	52,526,812	85,090,343
September	356,580,275	33,801,231	53,135,370	86,936,601
October	355,731,190	35,914,903	53,856,388	89,771,291
November	355,945,168	37,689,298	54,105,586	91,794,884
December	353,166,194	38,938,238	54,172,748	93,110,986
1883—January	355,115,323	37,874,111	53,603,505	91,477,616
February	352,803,580	37,543,636	53,275,784	90,819,420
March	351,159,933	36,723,394	52,961,376	89,684,770
April	350,823,098	36,189,351	52,803,051	88,992,402
May	347,134,163	36,006,722	52,612,794	88,619,516
June	344,653,495	35,341,880	52,474,299	87,816,179
July	342,038,527	36,623,847	52,427,260	89,051,107
August	344,236,232	37,700,702	52,190,792	89,891,494
September	346,067,206	39,783,527	52,735,446	92,568,973
October	348,648,323	40,684,499	52,348,285	93,032,784
November	347,657,000	41,301,983	51,616,197	92,918,180
December	347,093,446	41,975,734	50,886,788	92,862,522
1884—January	346,418,091	40,300,371	49,621,601	89,921,972
February	345,112,575	39,302,720	48,670,211	87,972,931
March	346,353,382	39,419,528	47,819,665	87,239,193
April	344,813,781	40,411,564	47,052,843	87,464,407
May	340,673,301	40,408,876	46,359,219	86,768,095
June	340,624,203	39,794,913	45,660,808	85,455,721
July	339,167,112	39,988,710	45,437,233	85,425,943
August	339,887,557	39,415,107	45,548,907	84,964,014
September	339,949,364	40,322,042	45,706,940	86,028,982
October	339,657,784	41,894,104	45,807,535	87,611,639
November	340,636,028	42,435,754	45,984,200	88,419,954
December	341,142,648	43,059,129	45,906,318	88,965,447
1885—January	341,660,992	41,315,040	45,172,760	86,487,800
February	341,133,130	40,686,187	44,802,220	85,488,407
March	342,727,561	39,998,912	44,387,921	84,386,833
April	342,712,570	39,666,360	44,049,389	83,715,749
May	342,763,852	39,264,376	43,272,264	82,536,640
June	341,668,411	38,471,269	43,702,921	82,174,190
July	340,612,138	39,284,433	49,594,894	88,879,327
August	342,120,762	41,405,166	50,235,720	91,640,886
September	345,985,470	45,275,710	51,328,206	96,603,916
October	349,085,781	49,442,089	52,014,657	101,456,746
November	355,181,306	50,191,413	47,069,577	97,261,390
December	359,629,546	52,541,571	47,203,948	99,745,519
1886—January	362,757,418	51,470,376	45,996,478	97,466,854
February	361,683,821	51,339,855	46,209,527	97,549,382
March	362,273,173	51,258,776	46,208,020	97,466,796
April	361,410,158	52,505,619	46,176,268	98,681,887
May	360,443,324	52,908,076	46,138,567	99,046,643
June	357,936,337	52,469,720	46,156,255	98,625,975
July	359,074,385	54,119,362	46,483,799	100,603,161
August	364,667,768	56,803,829	47,118,920	103,922,749

No. 47.—Estimated Amount of Gold and Silver in Circulation at the end of each Month, from June, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Gold coin.	Silver dollars.	Fractional silver coin.	Total silver.
1886—September	$364, 720, 340	$60, 018, 693	$48, 183, 654	$108, 202, 347
October	368, 190, 898	61, 148, 155	48, 790, 551	109, 938, 706
November	372, 072, 260	61, 991, 448	49, 290, 307	111, 281, 755
December	372, 290, 259	61, 117, 409	49, 444, 927	110, 562, 336
1887—January	371, 729, 450	58, 539, 864	48, 789, 824	107, 329, 688
February	371, 792, 210	57, 340, 887	48, 638, 365	105, 979, 252
March	373, 208, 461	56, 801, 655	48, 526, 710	105, 328, 365
April	375, 241, 850	55, 735, 205	48, 452, 174	104, 187, 379
May	377, 794, 495	55, 421, 460	48, 495, 501	103, 916, 961
June	376, 419, 229	55, 506, 147	48, 570, 305	104, 076, 452
July	377, 350, 294	55, 911, 226	48, 947, 826	104, 859, 052
August	381, 550, 256	57, 037, 669	49, 164, 242	106, 201, 911
September	391, 090, 890	60. 346, 361	50, 414, 706	110, 761, 067
October	392, 585, 770	62, 640, 625	51, 290, 051	113, 930, 676
November	396, 450, 215	64, 261, 714	51, 751, 132	116, 012, 846
December	399, 361, 143	64, 222, 818	51, 968, 357	116, 191, 175
1888—January	398, 661, 926	61, 926, 977	51, 325, 993	113, 252, 970
February	398, 280, 517	60, 597, 864	50, 972, 367	111, 570, 231
March	397, 745, 984	59, 318, 515	50, 767, 608	110, 086, 123
April	398, 568, 122	57, 883, 396	50, 549, 654	108, 433, 050
May	396, 379, 632	56, 449, 820	50, 470, 265	106, 920, 085
June	392, 066, 854	55, 545, 303	50, 354, 635	105, 899, 938
July	378, 606, 804	54, 910, 025	50, 476, 380	105, 386, 405
August	376, 347, 905	55, 461, 388	50, 835, 476	106, 296, 864
September	377, 329, 864	57, 751, 356	52, 020, 975	109, 772, 331
October	380, 016, 817	59, 691, 450	52, 571, 712	112, 263, 162
November	381, 391, 086	60, 475, 385	52, 914, 197	113, 389, 582
December	379, 834, 512	60, 779, 321	53, 234, 525	114, 013, 846
1889—January	380, 116, 365	58, 374, 861	52, 440, 119	110, 814, 980
February	379, 497, 911	57, 431, 904	51, 944, 751	109, 376, 655
March	378, 072, 380	56, 490, 339	51, 707, 112	108, 197, 451
April	377, 407, 308	55, 647, 772	51, 622, 110	107, 269, 882
May	376, 962, 858	54, 704, 317	51, 460, 545	106, 164, 862
June	376, 055, 482	54, 417, 967	51, 476, 834	105, 894, 801
July	374, 798, 435	54, 220, 255	51, 521, 149	105, 741, 404
August	375, 811, 209	54, 918, 786	51, 860, 309	106, 779, 095
September	375, 947, 715	57, 374, 100	52, 931, 352	110, 305, 452
October	375, 685, 071	59, 888, 480	53, 890, 881	113, 779, 361
November	374, 769, 489	60, 696, 637	54, 393, 786	115, 090, 423
December	375, 705, 922	61, 266, 501	54, 769, 403	116, 035, 904
1890—January	374, 937, 316	59, 306, 637	54, 202, 140	113, 508, 777
February	373, 507, 203	58, 372, 380	53, 950, 362	112, 322, 742
March	373, 624, 488	57, 847, 656	53, 984, 972	111, 832, 628
April	374, 310, 922	56, 994, 977	53, 804, 039	110, 799, 016
May	375, 246, 356	56, 348, 174	53, 915, 869	110, 264, 043
June	374, 396, 381	56, 166, 356	54, 069, 743	110, 236, 099
July	375, 114, 196	56, 981, 268	54, 284, 363	111, 265, 631
August	379, 053, 187	58, 506, 674	54, 948, 886	113, 455, 560
September	386, 939, 723	62, 132, 454	56, 311, 846	118, 444, 300
October	400, 378, 130	65, 709, 564	57, 641, 658	123, 351, 222
November	405, 105, 897	67, 248. 357	58, 272, 967	125, 521, 324
December	411, 080, 597	67, 547, 023	58, 651, 154	126, 198, 177
1891—January	409, 441, 335	64, 818, 949	57, 723, 629	122, 542, 578
February	408, 752, 874	63, 560, 553	57, 345, 638	120, 906, 191
March	408, 468, 850	62, 921, 010	57, 254, 002	120, 175, 012
April	408, 862, 781	61, 692, 818	57, 368, 507	119, 061, 325
May	406, 661, 860	59, 868, 710	57, 853, 226	117, 721, 936
June	408, 073, 806	57, 683, 041	58, 290, 924	115, 973, 965
July	407, 630, 012	58, 163, 879	57, 763, 464	115, 927, 343
August	406, 745, 335	58, 558, 697	58, 554, 668	117, 113, 365
September	408, 333, 304	60, 194, 175	59, 664, 446	119, 858, 621
October	406, 770, 367	62, 135, 461	62, 105, 136	124, 240, 597
November	405, 931, 402	62, 697, 204	62, 845, 437	125, 542, 641
December	407, 999, 180	62, 326, 191	62, 776, 830	125, 103, 021
1892—January	407, 833, 022	60, 216, 630	62, 415, 971	122, 632, 601
February	407, 813, 501	59, 264, 520	62, 308, 717	121, 573, 237
March	407, 614, 418	58, 471, 743	62, 547, 654	121, 019, 397
April	407, 615, 949	57, 554, 457	62, 833, 523	120, 387, 980
May	408, 911, 657	57, 096, 925	62, 736, 334	119, 833, 259
June	408, 767, 740	56, 799, 484	62, 386, 518	119, 186, 002
July	410, 447, 360	57, 031, 862	63, 346, 937	120, 378, 799
August	411, 154, 411	57, 622, 886	63, 897, 139	121, 520, 025
September	411, 524, 329	59, 569, 103	64, 916, 209	124, 485, 312
October	411, 252, 197	61, 672, 455	65, 985, 408	127, 657, 863
November	410, 367, 863	62, 586, 806	66, 515, 135	129, 101, 941
December	412, 970, 960	62, 822, 936	67, 327, 267	130, 150, 203
1893—January	411, 688, 068	61, 196, 388	66, 540, 937	127, 737, 325
February	409, 817, 138	60, 432, 090	64, 021, 838	124, 453, 928
March	407, 799, 951	59, 557, 190	66, 032, 175	125, 589, 365
April	410, 759, 520	58, 835, 383	66, 257, 142	125, 092, 525

No. 47.—ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF GOLD AND SILVER IN CIRCULATION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Gold coin.	Silver dollars.	Fractional silver coin.	Total silver.
1893—May	$407,945,944	$58,053,489	$66,163,602	$124,217,091
June	403,633,700	57,029,743	65,400,268	122,430,011
July	416,909,941	56,223,989	64,007,129	120,231,118
August	469,466,368	61,654,630	64,335,238	125,989,868
September	484,296,109	58,832,668	64,100,205	122,932,873
October	498,121,679	58,725,818	64,309,807	123,035,625
November	505,058,011	58,425,922	65,541,645	123,967,567
December	508,602,811	57,869,589	65,854,740	123,724,329
1894—January	527,357,916	55,735,720	61,108,700	116,844,420
February	496,830,383	54,574,546	59,921,912	114,496,458
March	496,101,956	53,525,295	59,588,287	113,113,582
April	497,894,733	52,655,121	59,125,312	111,780,433
May	496,709,152	51,952,691	57,944,250	109,896,941
June	497,873,990	51,191,377	58,233,344	109,424,721
July	499,103,577	50,959,540	58,250,802	109,210,342
August	497,407,586	51,512,484	58,446,869	109,959,353
September	500,126,248	54,276,243	58,244,768	112,521,011
October	500,181,380	56,443,670	60,242,999	116,686,669
November	465,789,187	57,449,865	61,606,967	119,056,832
December	485,501,376	57,889,090	62,672,086	120,561,176
1895—January	506,189,411	55,873,630	61,710,429	117,584,059
February	468,568,100	54,649,360	60,940,597	115,589,957
March	479,493,899	53,917,857	59,873,046	113,790,903
April	483,111,525	53,413,709	59,653,010	113,066,719
May	483,770,430	52,812,570	59,786,487	112,599,057
June	480,275,057	51,983,162	60,219,718	112,202,880
July	485,778,610	51,746,706	60,532,508	112,279,214
August	479,787,653	52,584,843	60,090,158	112,675,001
September	469,884,062	55,146,527	61,409,543	116,556,070
October	475,181,593	58,354,092	63,832,759	122,186,851
November	480,252,104	58,760,713	65,416,119	124,176,832
December	484,728,547	59,205,927	64,417,685	123,623,612
1896—January	499,262,686	56,629,676	64,387,135	121,016,811
February	445,293,591	55,515,941	63,744,061	119,260,002
March	445,912,256	54,792,752	62,970,303	117,763,055
April	454,225,656	53,602,362	62,489,507	116,091,869
May	455,876,439	52,717,417	61,356,627	114,074,044
June	456,128,483	52,175,998	59,999,805	112,175,803
July	445,293,944	51,999,797	59,663,561	111,663,358
August	463,995,960	53,445,831	59,699,467	113,145,348
September	478,771,490	56,513,178	60,228,298	116,741,476
October	516,340,979	58,190,802	61,171,736	119,362,538
November	516,729,882	58,493,845	61,233,346	119,727,191
December	517,743,229	58,581,819	62,101,986	120,683,805
1897—January	515,468,129	56,361,136	60,889,370	117,250,506
February	516,315,696	55,378,762	60,709,595	116,088,357
March	517,125,757	54,507,319	60,246,493	114,753,812
April	517,321,596	53,776,448	60,177,704	113,954,152
May	520,221,923	53,007,095	60,306,988	113,314,083
June	519,146,675	52,001,202	59,228,540	111,229,742
July	519,074,302	51,655,722	59,131,282	110,787,004
August	521,848,563	53,085,664	58,936,292	112,021,956
September	528,098,753	57,145,770	61,176,415	118,322,185

No. 48.—UNITED STATES NOTES, TREASURY NOTES, AND NATIONAL-BANK NOTES IN CIRCULATION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1878—June	$274,660,895	.....	$310,129,887	$584,790,782
July	269,575,157	.....	307,825,871	577,401,028
August	268,332,762	.....	309,868,704	578,201,466
September	273,631,676	.....	311,500,886	585,132,562
October	272,505,410	.....	314,750,592	587,256,002
November	273,025,612	.....	313,976,518	587,002,130
December	277,098,511	.....	314,339,398	591,437,909
1879—January	275,656,485	.....	311,034,824	586,691,309
February	265,511,043	.....	314,803,251	580,314,294
March	270,851,347	.....	320,550,850	591,402,197
April	276,236,193	.....	320,680,770	596,916,963
May	269,130,574	.....	314,014,961	583,145,535
June	272,289,112	.....	320,675,372	592,964,484
July	282,889,550	.....	322,056,448	604,945,998
August	276,083,410	.....	324,924,058	601,007,468
September	298,507,762	.....	329,328,434	627,836,196

No. 48.—UNITED STATES NOTES, TREASURY NOTES, AND NATIONAL-BANK NOTES IN CIRCULATION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1879—October	$309,158,449		$332,923,456	$642,081,905
November	316,707,562		336,285,797	652,993,359
December	324,020,522		338,609,534	662,630,056
1880—January	322,381,454		336,301,464	658,682,918
February	320,531,923		338,998,267	659,530,190
March	322,600,935		340,343,037	662,943,972
April	320,206,736		338,950,535	659,157,271
May	315,847,996		335,694,719	651,542,715
June	313,660,457		336,800,651	650,461,108
July	312,581,892		336,543,916	649,125,808
August	315,031,167		339,322,041	654,353,208
September	319,532,403		339,872,302	659,404,705
October	324,262,023		339,182,172	663,444,195
November	327,106,079		339,594,531	666,700,610
December	330,939,198		339,550,004	670,489,202
1881—January	327,499,400		337,508,713	665,008,113
February	324,474,415		339,097,583	663,571,998
March	325,342,818		342,732,318	668,075,136
April	323,753,930		346,058,838	669,812,768
May	319,758,711		345,820,707	665,579,418
June	316,476,924		349,320,733	665,797,657
July	317,056,106		351,380,525	668,436,631
August	317,360,147		353,176,365	670,536,512
September	319,550,884		353,854,240	673,405,124
October	320,399,247		355,123,453	675,522,700
November	320,279,938		356,953,345	677,233,283
December	320,688,216		356,179,777	676,867,993
1882—January	317,966,622		354,502,769	672,469,391
February	316,979,166		355,611,439	672,590,605
March	318,309,601		356,399,710	674,709,311
April	318,053,192		354,183,680	672,236,872
May	314,742,326		351,606,809	666,349,135
June	312,010,427		351,275,317	663,285,744
July	311,711,426		349,545,731	661,257,157
August	310,797,075		352,546,988	663,344,063
September	314,732,858		355,427,876	670,160,734
October	316,991,820		355,409,283	672,401,103
November	316,089,624		355,380,459	671,470,083
December	318,226,621		355,350,769	673,577,390
1883—January	313,088,779		350,824,557	663,913,336
February	313,936,199		353,662,570	667,598,769
March	316,802,455		354,992,868	671,795,323
April	315,711,393		352,203,939	667,915,332
May	313,209,191		349,095,679	662,304,870
June	310,182,177		347,855,146	658,037,323
July	309,048,370		346,770,823	655,819,193
August	308,889,250		347,887,072	656,776,322
September	309,486,596		346,710,404	656,197,000
October	309,567,979		345,100,240	654,668,219
November	306,806,372		343,230,410	650,036,782
December	307,036,767		340,993,531	648,030,298
1884—January	304,524,827		333,934,061	638,458,888
February	300,872,384		333,736,000	634,608,384
March	300,776,364		336,173,139	636,949,503
April	300,915,183		332,266,201	633,181,384
May	307,949,175		332,484,730	640,433,905
June	306,497,214		329,882,621	636,379,835
July	303,953,026		326,536,019	630,489,045
August	305,837,462		324,517,896	630,355,358
September	310,156,143		323,964,981	634,121,124
October	312,738,844		322,836,117	635,574,961
November	314,480,333		320,254,849	634,735,182
December	310,181,441		318,062,338	628,243,779
1885—January	302,722,547		312,169,259	614,891,806
February	297,754,194		313,861,979	611,616,173
March	299,997,728		313,584,455	613,582,183
April	299,815,326		311,295,144	611,110,470
May	296,263,907		307,183,159	603,447,066
June	301,633,637		306,911,370	608,545,007
July	298,262,019		307,297,711	605,559,730
August	291,022,360		307,875,599	598,897,959
September	295,551,684		310,151,714	605,703,398
October	300,985,675		309,840,846	610,826,521
November	303,390,373		310,973,491	614,363,864
December	304,949,816		311,164,536	616,114,352
1886—January	298,790,627		307,049,105	605,839,732
February	299,483,724		309,039,918	608,523,642
March	304,466,531		311,758,186	616,224,717
April	309,077,242		309,430,872	618,508,114
May	306,436,918		306,206,015	612,642,933

No. 48.—UNITED STATES NOTES, TREASURY NOTES, AND NATIONAL-BANK NOTES IN CIRCULATION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1886—June	$305,562,699	.....	$304,476,475	$610,039,174
July	305,636,874	.....	302,446,129	608,083,003
August	299,906,369	.....	301,371,095	601,277,464
September	302,456,935	.....	300,995,048	603,451,983
October	308,573,711	.....	298,116,544	606,690,255
November	310,107,828	.....	296,622,243	606,730,071
December	317,001,690	.....	293,559,737	610,561,427
1887—January	313,677,334	.....	288,176,405	601,853,739
February	312,811,814	.....	285,792,236	598,604,050
March	318,386,078	.....	284,392,226	602,778,304
April	318,105,542	.....	281,312,658	599,418,200
May	315,923,640	.....	278,055,162	593,978,802
June	317,897,219	.....	276,554,488	594,451,707
July	318,587,276	.....	273,146,207	591,733,483
August	318,393,477	.....	270,774,103	589,167,580
September	322,535,804	.....	269,782,937	592,318,741
October	324,204,949	.....	267,757,278	591,962,227
November	323,527,796	.....	266,558,514	590,086,310
December	324,271,591	.....	263,444,420	587,716,011
1888—January	318,020,547	.....	257,920,431	575,940,978
February	313,198,929	.....	256,097,116	569,296,045
March	313,595,393	.....	254,673,417	568,268,810
April	307,634,402	.....	252,484,307	560,118,709
May	300,522,816	.....	248,878,462	549,401,278
June	294,282,812	.....	245,149,720	539,432,532
July	291,650,276	.....	241,234,901	532,885,177
August	290,455,623	.....	238,466,870	528,922,493
September	293,322,053	.....	237,505,695	530,827,748
October	298,287,696	.....	235,090,263	533,377,959
November	300,118,060	.....	232,945,416	533,063,476
December	305,555,156	.....	229,486,146	535,041,302
1889—January	303,319,518	.....	223,602,595	526,922,113
February	301,460,505	.....	220,815,013	522,275,518
March	307,179,785	.....	217,974,354	525,154,139
April	308,330,879	.....	214,819,583	523,150,462
May	302,740,629	.....	210,583,650	513,324,279
June	300,344,931	.....	207,039,352	507,384,283
July	298,741,650	.....	204,361,154	503,102,804
August	297,810,081	.....	201,172,710	498,982,791
September	310,235,758	.....	199,684,081	509,919,839
October	316,867,515	.....	196,714,410	513,581,925
November	321,721,994	.....	195,294,664	517,016,658
December	331,007,091	.....	192,587,030	523,594,121
1890—January	327,444,792	.....	188,274,459	515,719,251
February	326,857,151	.....	187,661,139	514,518,290
March	332,101,359	.....	186,337,406	518,438,765
April	330,676,605	.....	185,322,364	515,998,969
May	326,933,217	.....	183,072,228	510,005,445
June	323,046,826	.....	181,396,823	504,443,649
July	322,697,604	.....	179,487,509	502,185,113
August	327,287,306	$1,375,900	178,071,525	506,734,731
September	333,915,726	7,106,500	176,982,404	518,004,630
October	334,417,753	11,467,351	175,947,795	521,832,899
November	335,575,296	17,219,656	174,912,067	527,707,019
December	336,675,385	21,896,783	173,738,584	532,310,752
1891—January	328,325,508	25,101,706	168,983,398	522,410,612
February	328,004,851	28,871,279	168,452,386	525,328,516
March	334,030,198	33,921,973	168,119,827	536,071,998
April	332,184,618	37,020,254	166,171,886	535,376,758
May	327,318,746	38,112,280	163,661,349	529,092,375
June	323,714,272	40,463,165	161,922,040	526,099,477
July	319,892,564	43,684,078	162,241,992	525,818,634
August	317,696,436	45,748,350	164,312,057	527,756,843
September	326,731,201	57,205,228	166,090,066	550,026,495
October	332,553,989	66,473,484	166,445,763	565,473,236
November	333,364,309	70,983,286	168,151,853	572,499,448
December	333,767,351	75,296,057	168,427,433	577,490,841
1892—January	330,097,313	76,038,319	167,176,607	573,312,239
February	322,131,688	75,718,553	167,829,448	565,679,689
March	323,904,962	77,605,410	168,644,955	570,155,327
April	324,785,861	81,501,770	168,067,089	574,354,720
May	318,453,302	87,068,672	167,427,965	572,949,939
June	311,814,840	98,051,657	167,306,957	577,173,454
July	311,852,278	101,756,301	166,595,935	580,204,514
August	317,548,420	104,114,086	166,033,118	587,695,624
September	322,603,158	107,001,850	165,085,108	594,690,116
October	332,080,234	114,567,423	165,224,137	611,871,794
November	333,772,877	118,877,559	167,786,384	620,436,820
December	330,933,540	122,039,656	168,361,365	621,334,561
1893—January	319,694,138	123,927,346	166,623,083	610,244,567

No. 48.—UNITED STATES NOTES, TREASURY NOTES, AND NATIONAL-BANK NOTES IN CIRCULATION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	National-bank notes.	Total.
1893—February	$314,174,742	$126,447,613	$169,844,260	$610,466,615
March	316,793,314	128,956,781	172,267,433	618,017,528
April	319,807,117	128,779,103	171,770,315	620,356,535
May	319,022,323	132,505,183	171,920,799	623,448,305
June	320,875,683	140,661,694	174,731,139	636,268,516
July	324,394,404	143,774,138	180,134,997	648,303,539
August	331,638,060	145,420,209	195,822,781	672,881,050
September	332,228,906	148,824,199	200,875,098	681,928,203
October	321,892,028	150,818,582	197,745,227	670,455,837
November	311,268,672	150,770,406	196,139,558	658,178,636
December	302,541,814	151,965,267	196,181,216	650,688,297
1894—January	299,378,826	150,755,402	193,335,220	643,469,448
February	293,610,528	141,038,766	194,839,041	629,488,335
March	290,591,356	141,316,855	197,116,886	629,025,097
April	284,443,688	141,026,114	199,082,593	624,552,395
May	270,590,089	140,074,690	199,724,021	610,388,800
June	268,772,371	134,862,009	200,754,351	604,388,731
July	264,564,225	129,918,527	202,613,601	597,126,353
August	263,775,103	124,552,440	202,025,053	590,352,596
September	267,283,481	121,495,374	202,546,710	591,325,565
October	280,474,705	122,715,396	202,594,902	605,785,003
November	276,910,489	124,574,906	202,517,054	604,002,449
December	264,761,858	122,453,781	201,845,738	589,061,377
1895—January	256,999,343	117,180,225	198,964,396	573,143,964
February	261,988,258	114,249,700	199,889,358	576,127,316
March	256,935,759	121,457,600	203,091,318	581,484,677
April	267,393,905	121,840,500	204,760,225	593,994,630
May	266,938,032	117,954,807	206,579,490	591,472,329
June	265,109,456	115,978,708	207,047,546	588,135,710
July	271,349,327	114,004,381	205,729,557	591,083,265
August	247,536,753	109,436,662	204,738,609	561,712,024
September	240,364,416	107,035,426	206,833,159	554,233,001
October	238,986,280	114,526,669	207,364,028	560,876,977
November	234,912,497	115,260,322	207,568,852	557,741,671
December	230,855,873	115,726,769	206,653,836	553,236,478
1896—January	245,745,840	110,221,185	203,086,897	559,053,922
February	240,458,573	106,074,550	208,551,379	555,084,502
March	232,288,482	103,728,906	214,205,029	550,222,477
April	237,349,381	100,921,025	216,602,179	554,872,585
May	225,562,755	98,080,506	215,285,550	538,928,811
June	225,451,358	95,217,361	215,331,927	536,000,646
July	237,410,538	93,948,532	214,096,620	545,455,690
August	231,964,734	91,262,524	215,798,526	539,025,784
September	249,547,300	88,964,047	220,804,863	559,316,210
October	256,950,326	83,959,764	222,002,576	562,912,666
November	274,705,483	80,147,901	222,335,419	577,188,803
December	261,367,758	84,171,221	221,384,148	566,923,127
1897—January	268,486,236	82,733,382	217,766,273	568,985,891
February	260,734,616	85,546,621	219,230,343	565,511,580
March	248,513,640	90,244,810	222,420,183	561,178,633
April	247,738,136	92,253,627	224,211,934	564,203,697
May	248,848,703	86,641,406	224,766,143	560,256,252
June	248,583,578	83,905,197	226,410,767	558,899,542
July	252,389,952	81,563,887	225,155,465	559,109,304
August	254,432,314	83,145,312	226,075,827	563,653,453
September	251,795,544	89,816,063	226,464,135	568,075,742

No. 49.—GOLD CERTIFICATES, SILVER CERTIFICATES, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES IN CIRCULATION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Currency certificates.	Total.
1878—June	$24,897,680	$7,080	$46,245,000	$71,149,760
July	23,852,980	959,690	51,120,000	75,932,670
August	17,222,180	1,709,280	47,815,000	66,746,460
September	23,433,680	711,600	39,545,000	63,690,280
October	22,906,480	68,790	35,660,000	58,635,270
November	24,117,780	366,060	35,070,000	59,553,840
December	21,189,280	413,360	33,190,000	54,792,640
1879—January	17,082,680	400,340	40,445,000	57,928,020
February	16,379,280	331,860	36,675,000	53,386,140
March	16,253,960	251,700	25,145,000	41,650,660
April	15,710,460	197,680	30,905,000	46,813,140
May	15,380,120	444,140	25,880,000	41,704,260
June	15,279,820	[illegible]4,480	29,355,000	45,049,300

No. 49.—GOLD CERTIFICATES, SILVER CERTIFICATES, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES IN CIRCULATION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Cont'd.

Month.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Currency certificates.	Total.
1879—July	$15,196,900	$771,170	$40,250,000	$56,218,070
August	15,008,700	1,304,890	34,375,000	50,688,590
September	14,843,200	1,176,720	29,240,000	45,259,920
October	14,377,600	1,604,371	20,195,000	36,176,971
November	13,195,460	1,894,722	13,585,000	28,675,182
December	11,596,140	3,824,252	10,090,000	25,510,392
1880—January	10,350,000	3,989,454	12,685,000	27,024,454
February	9,755,300	4,572,606	11,095,000	25,422,906
March	8,244,000	6,017,006	8,320,000	22,581,006
April	8,056,800	6,615,366	8,985,000	23,657,166
May	8,010,300	6,051,539	12,650,000	26,711,839
June	7,963,900	5,789,569	14,235,000	27,988,469
July	7,852,000	6,930,959	15,075,000	29,857,959
August	7,661,100	7,619,219	11,205,000	26,485,319
September	7,480,100	12,203,191	9,885,000	29,568,291
October	7,447,700	19,780,241	8,625,000	35,852,941
November	7,381,380	26,504,986	8,450,000	42,336,366
December	6,528,380	36,127,711	6,980,000	49,636,091
1881—January	6,491,400	36,814,637	8,630,000	51,936,037
February	6,229,400	37,027,797	7,640,000	50,897,197
March	6,028,900	39,445,815	6,565,000	52,039,715
April	5,961,200	39,157,932	8,255,000	53,374,132
May	5,876,280	38,784,540	10,860,000	55,520,820
June	5,759,520	39,110,729	11,650,000	56,520,249
July	5,748,120	40,802,892	10,525,000	57,076,012
August	5,397,120	46,061,878	9,450,000	60,908,998
September	5,239,320	52,590,180	8,105,000	65,934,500
October	5,204,220	58,838,770	8,275,000	72,317,990
November	5,199,620	59,573,950	8,990,000	73,763,570
December	5,188,120	62,315,320	9,540,000	77,043,440
1882—January	5,180,220	61,537,540	11,330,000	78,047,760
February	5,172,320	60,125,010	11,445,000	76,742,330
March	5,166,920	59,423,440	10,925,000	75,515,360
April	5,071,120	58,908,570	10,990,000	74,969,690
May	5,052,920	57,227,060	12,065,000	74,344,980
June	5,029,020	54,506,090	13,245,000	72,780,110
July	5,016,440	54,757,720	12,220,000	71,994,160
August	4,992,040	57,739,880	11,815,000	74,546,920
September	4,907,440	63,204,780	10,540,000	78,652,220
October	11,370,270	65,620,450	9,835,000	86,825,720
November	19,458,270	67,342,690	9,835,000	96,635,960
December	39,514,810	68,443,660	9,575,000	117,533,470
1883—January	47,663,640	68,438,820	12,430,000	128,538,460
February	42,554,470	68,027,420	11,130,000	121,711,890
March	43,444,510	70,759,991	9,465,000	123,669,501
April	48,398,200	71,884,071	10,050,000	130,332,271
May	59,591,940	71,727,391	11,790,000	143,109,331
June	59,807,370	72,620,686	13,060,000	145,488,056
July	60,068,600	73,728,681	12,885,000	146,682,281
August	54,547,540	75,375,161	12,055,000	141,977,701
September	55,014,940	78,921,961	11,870,000	145,806,901
October	52,076,180	85,334,381	12,545,000	149,955,561
November	58,897,620	87,976,201	14,365,000	161,238,821
December	63,585,140	96,717,721	14,480,000	174,782,861
1884—January	77,462,620	96,958,031	16,835,000	191,255,651
February	77,843,430	96,247,721	18,125,000	192,216,151
March	68,812,150	95,919,576	14,955,000	179,686,726
April	56,700,805	95,497,981	14,920,000	167,118,786
May	59,125,480	97,363,471	11,030,000	167,518,951
June	71,146,640	96,427,011	12,190,000	179,763,651
July	91,491,490	95,138,361	13,165,000	199,794,851
August	92,017,940	94,228,691	14,270,000	200,516,631
September	87,389,660	96,491,251	15,630,000	199,510,911
October	87,865,570	100,741,561	17,770,000	206,377,131
November	93,374,290	104,988,531	22,575,000	220,937,821
December	93,287,420	114,865,911	24,760,000	232,913,331
1885—January	111,980,380	113,858,811	30,085,000	255,924,191
February	112,683,290	111,467,951	30,200,000	254,351,241
March	115,647,540	112,500,226	26,210,000	254,357,766
April	125,234,800	109,443,946	25,400,000	260,078,746
May	128,553,010	105,085,186	26,925,000	260,563,196
June	126,729,730	101,530,946	29,535,000	257,845,676
July	123,289,000	98,872,106	31,420,000	253,581,106
August	123,885,490	96,079,296	30,865,000	250,829,786
September	118,137,790	93,656,716	23,185,000	234,979,506
October	109,020,760	93,146,772	18,145,000	220,312,532
November	105,554,092	92,702,642	17,555,000	215,811,734
December	105,369,601	93,179,465	13,790,000	212,329,066
1886—January	115,284,951	89,761,609	14,590,000	219,636,560
February	105,637,050	88,390,816	14,920,000	208,947,866

No. 49.—GOLD CERTIFICATES, SILVER CERTIFICATES, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES IN CIRCULATION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Cont'd.

Month.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Currency certificates.	Total.
1886—March	$90,775,643	$90,122,421	$11,925,000	$192,823,064
April	84,715,225	90,733,141	11,515,000	186,963,366
May	80,120,025	89,184,129	13,955,000	183,259,154
June	76,044,375	88,116,225	18,250 000	182,410,600
July	74,718,517	87,564,044	19,105,000	181,387,561
August	77,698.347	89,021,760	11,195,000	177,915,107
September	84,691,807	95,387,112	7,705,000	187,783,919
October	88,294,969	100,306,800	7,140,000	195,741,769
November	90,520,633	105,519,817	7,025,000	203,065,450
December	97,215,605	117,246,670	6,510,000	220,972,275
1887—January	105,665,107	118,315,714	8,720,000	232,700,821
February	99,958,365	121,130.755	8,180,000	229,269,120
March	94,046.015	131,930,489	7,135,000	233,111,504
April	94,434,485	137,740.430	8,350,000	240,524,915
May	90,960,977	139,143,328	8,990,000	239,094,305
June	91,225,437	142,118,017	8,770,000	242,113,454
July	94,990,087	144,166,141	8,460,000	247,616,228
August	88,765,340	147,876,385	7,130,000	243,771,725
September	97,984,683	154,354,826	6,535,000	258,874,509
October	99,684,773	160,713,957	7,215,000	267,613,730
November	90,780,753	168,149,274	6,835,000	265,765,027
December	96,734,057	176,855,423	6,985,000	280,574,480
1888—January	104,853,971	179,321,053	10,645,000	294,820,024
February	96,697,913	184,452,659	11,215,000	292,365.572
March	91,953,949	191,526,445	8,915,000	292,395,394
April	99,561,293	194,426,932	10,555,000	304,543,225
May	109,581,730	196,645,405	12,230,000	318,457,135
June	119,887,370	200,387,376	14,415,000	334,689,746
July	131,959,112	203,680,679	15,205,000	350,844,791
August	124,750.394	209,658,966	14,645,000	349,054,360
September	134,838,190	218,561,601	12,730,000	366,129,791
October	140,613,658	229,783,152	11,580,000	381,976,810
November	129,264,228	237,415,789	11,360,000	378,040,017
December	120,888,448	246,219,999	10,250,000	377,358,447
1889—January	130,986,592	245,337,438	13,915,000	390,239,030
February	130,210,717	246,628,953	15,920,000	392,759,670
March	128,826,517	251,263,679	14,450,000	394,540,196
April	136,614,789	254,939,203	14,580,000	406,133,992
May	129,044,662	255,537,810	16,150,000	400,732,472
June	116,792,759	257,102,445	16,735,000	390,639,204
July	118,541,409	259,557,125	17,575,000	395,673,534
August	123,893,519	268,580,626	16,545,000	408,519,145
September	116,675,349	276,619,715	15,275,000	408,570,064
October	120,937,229	277,319,944	12,510,000	410,767,173
November	123,483,119	276,794,386	10,140,000	410,417,505
December	122,985,889	282.949,073	9,000,000	414.934,962
1890—January	138,657,169	281,331,771	11,630,000	431,618,940
February	130,604,804	284,176,262	10,230,000	425,011,066
March	134,938,079	290,605,562	7,660,000	433,203,641
April	134,642,839	292,922,348	8,795,000	436,361,187
May	130,788,399	294,656,083	9,855,000	435,299,482
June	131,380,019	297,210,043	11,830,000	440,420,062
July	132,444,749	298.748,913	11,820,000	443,013,662
August	124,382,539	303,471,210	8,820,000	436,673,749
September	158,104,739	309,321,207	6,990,000	474,415,946
October	138,173,979	308,206,177	6 910,000	453,290,156
November	131,316,499	308,576,499	6,270,000	446,162,998
December	144,047,279	308,289,463	6,810,000	459,146,742
1891—January	155,839,449	303,844,086	11,360,000	471,043,535
February	147,119,129	303,822,259	12,270,000	463,211,388
March	144,317,069	309,632,535	11,145,000	465,094,604
April	138,890,799	312,933,440	14,000,000	465,824,239
May	122.124,339	310,541,378	17,750,000	450,415,717
June	120,850,399	307,364,148	21,365,000	449,579,547
July	115.715,389	307,291,114	27,265,000	450,271,503
August	108,273,079	317,588,321	28,455,000	454,316,400
September	112,451,569	322,016,487	17,845,000	452,313,056
October	136,100,319	321,142,642	10,765,000	468,007,961
November	142,649,969	320,873,610	9,765,000	473,288,579
December	148,106,119	320,817,568	9,265,000	478,188,687
1892—January	163,178,959	320,138,307	16,760,000	500,077,266
February	160,001,279	325,141,186	29,350,000	514,492,465
March	154,329,229	325,683,149	29,840,000	509,852,378
April	153,713,699	327,289,896	30,210,000	511,213,595
May	157,295,209	327,290,165	33,730,000	518,315,374
June	141,235,339	326,880,803	29,830,000	497,946,142
July	136,861.829	327,336,823	26,720,000	490,918,652
August	128,387,379	328,289,145	22,210,000	478,886,524
September	121,210,399	326,849,827	17,290,000	465,350,226
October	120,255,349	324,552,532	10,550,000	455,357,881

No. 49.—GOLD CERTIFICATES, SILVER CERTIFICATES, AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES IN CIRCULATION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Cont'd.

Month.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Currency certificates.	Total.
1892—November	$123,188,809	$323,464,833	$8,230,000	$454,883,642
December	117,093,139	322,035,011	7,100,000	446,228,150
1893—January	120,645,819	323,192,660	14,450,000	458,288,479
February	114,388,729	321,279,132	19,250,000	454,917,861
March	111,485,009	322,958,953	16,670,000	451,113,962
April	105,272,029	321,707,726	15,840,000	442,819,755
May	101,469,969	322,115,592	16,955,000	440,540,561
June	92,970,019	326,489,165	11,935,000	431,394,184
July	87,611,029	330,188,390	7,855,000	425,654,419
August	80,414,049	326,206,336	5,605,000	412,225,385
September	79,627,599	324,955,134	8,200,000	412,782,733
October	78,889,309	325,717,232	22,325,000	426,931,541
November	78,163,079	328,421,997	33,205,000	439,790,076
December	77,412,179	329,545,650	39,045,000	446,002,829
1894—January	77,015,419	330,161,308	44,935,000	452,111,727
February	70,935,729	331,119,247	47,805,000	449,859,976
March	70,306,909	329,447,264	52,720,000	452,474,173
April	69,990,449	330,305,980	57,270,000	457,566,429
May	69,374,549	329,959,959	59,250,000	458,584,508
June	66,344,409	327,094,381	58,935,000	452,373,790
July	65,947,229	324,491,738	61,695,000	452,133,967
August	65,668,969	325,217,977	58,065,000	448,951,946
September	64,790,439	330,520,719	55,755,000	451,066,158
October	64,252,069	331,143,301	54,045,000	449,440,370
November	58,925,899	332,317,084	57,135,000	448,377,983
December	53,361,909	331,077,784	47,005,000	431,444,693
1895—January	52,647,809	326,467,272	37,625,000	416,740,081
February	51,507,769	325,816,415	36,925,000	414,249,184
March	48,843,189	323,746,756	36,825,000	409,414,945
April	48,751,009	323,215,271	37,295,000	409,261,280
May	48,539,569	321,553,171	48,245,000	418,337,740
June	48,381,569	319,731,752	55,405,000	423,518,321
July	48,117,579	320,355,118	56,920,000	425,392,697
August	49,081,089	323,772,261	76,555,000	449,408,350
September	50,645,539	330,434,837	63,840,000	444,920,376
October	50,417,659	333,456,236	56,740,000	440,613,895
November	50,233,979	335,855,893	45,935,000	432,024,872
December	49,936,439	336,076,648	31,605,000	417,618,087
1896—January	49,847,849	331,614,339	28,925,000	410,387,188
February	43,733,019	332,545,943	32,825,000	409,103,962
March	43,239,249	337,032,426	34,460,000	414,731,675
April	43,052,559	338,834,413	32,930,000	414,816,972
May	42,961,909	336,313,080	33,430,000	412,704,989
June	42,320,759	331,259,509	31,840,000	405,420,268
July	39,293,479	331,656,671	41,540,000	412,490,150
August	38,867,639	345,739,894	38,395,000	423,002,533
September	38,736,639	354,431,474	34,305,000	427,473,113
October	38,197,309	357,777,122	32,465,000	428,439,431
November	38,016,749	356,312,121	38,470,000	432,798,870
December	37,887,439	356,655,800	50,330,000	444,873,239
1897—January	37,586,629	361,336,533	65,350,000	464,273,162
February	37,544,819	363,709,501	76,525,000	477,779,320
March	37,456,339	364,026,153	74,460,000	475,942,492
April	37,421,999	363,753,939	69,905,000	471,080,938
May	37,387,829	362,768,808	65,785,000	465,941,637
June	37,285,919	358,336,368	61,130,000	456,752,287
July	37,226,879	357,938,650	62,335,000	457,500,529
August	37,017,789	367,863,337	63,275,000	468,156,126
September	36,898,559	374,620,299	52,825,000	464,343,858

No. 50.—ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF ALL KINDS OF MONEY IN CIRCULATION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Gold.	Silver.	Notes.	Certificates.	Total.
1878—June	$84,739,774	$65,773,465	$584,790,782	$71,149,760	$806,453,781
July	83,834,116	65,942,021	577,401,028	75,932,670	803,109,835
August	83,638,275	68,201,029	578,201,466	66,746,460	796,787,230
September	85,264,111	70,810,008	585,132,562	63,690,280	804,896,961
October	85,171,214	71,831,010	587,256,002	58,635,270	802,893,496
November	86,225,072	73,227,306	587,002,130	59,553,840	806,008,348
December	96,262,850	73,773,322	591,437,909	54,792,640	816,266,721
1879—January	100,442,571	74,924,846	586,691,309	57,928,020	819,986,746
February	103,581,169	75,663,091	580,314,294	53,386,140	812,944,694

No. 50.—Estimated Amount of all Kinds of Money in Circulation at the end of each Month, from June, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Gold.	Silver.	Notes.	Certificates.	Total.
1879—March	$106,167,494	$75,920,066	$591,402,197	$41,650,660	$815,140,417
April	107,433,441	76,344,239	596,916,963	46,813,140	827,507,783
May	107,733,920	76,368,704	583,145,535	41,704,260	808,952,419
June	110,505,362	75,000,233	592,964,484	45,049,300	823,519,379
July	112,540,956	72,035,108	604,945,998	56,218,070	845,740,132
August	115,299,698	71,008,227	601,007,468	50,688,590	838,003,983
September	117,049,732	71,162,976	627,836,196	45,259,920	861,308,824
October	136,446,818	72,248,325	642,081,905	36,176,971	886,954,019
November	167,253,930	73,771,951	652,993,359	28,675,182	922,694,422
December	178,749,927	75,562,084	662,630,056	25,510,392	942,452,459
1880—January	185,834,585	75,113,046	658,682,918	27,024,454	946,655,003
February	195,503,715	74,646,153	659,530,190	25,422,906	955,102,964
March	200,384,423	74,595,292	662,943,972	22,581,006	960,504,693
April	208,103,774	74,703,793	659,157,271	23,657,166	965,622,004
May	220,609,801	74,012,548	651,542,715	26,711,839	972,876,903
June	225,695,779	73,821,223	650,461,108	27,988,469	977,966,579
July	231,328,438	73,810,581	649,125,808	29,857,959	984,122,786
August	238,261,719	74,686,116	654,353,208	26,485,319	993,786,362
September	251,893,684	77,282,617	659,404,705	29,568,291	1,018,149,297
October	264,930,185	80,404,334	663,444,195	35,852,941	1,044,631,655
November	266,059,685	82,469,366	666,700,610	42,336,366	1,057,566,027
December	279,458,994	83,968,095	670,489,202	49,636,091	1,083,552,382
1881—January	288,797,802	83,603,719	665,008,113	51,936,037	1,089,345,671
February	273,041,291	82,986,284	663,571,998	50,897,197	1,070,496,770
March	281,851,803	82,680,318	668,075,136	52,039,715	1,084,646,972
April	302,895,033	82,003,995	669,812,768	53,374,132	1,108,085,928
May	312,577,341	81,584,270	665,579,418	55,520,820	1,115,261,849
June	315,312,877	81,667,347	665,797,657	56,520,249	1,119,298,130
July	326,418,554	82,196,436	668,436,631	57,076,012	1,134,127,633
August	319,290,055	83,075,534	670,536,512	60,908,998	1,133,811,099
September	327,143,707	86,089,364	673,405,124	65,934,500	1,152,572,695
October	338,840,772	88,312,539	675,522,700	72,317,990	1,174,994,001
November	338,774,375	89,266,361	677,233,283	73,763,570	1,179,037,589
December	349,209,300	90,085,222	676,867,993	77,043,440	1,193,205,955
1882—January	359,912,860	88,977,803	672,469,391	78,047,760	1,199,407,754
February	346,752,147	88,287,057	672,590,605	76,742,330	1,184,372,139
March	353,870,390	87,258,616	674,709,311	75,515,360	1,191,353,677
April	365,674,497	85,919,100	672,236,872	74,969,690	1,198,800,159
May	355,880,275	84,881,834	666,349,135	74,344,980	1,181,456,224
June	358,251,325	84,370,913	663,285,744	72,780,110	1,178,688,092
July	359,573,222	84,782,815	661,257,157	71,994,160	1,177,607,354
August	356,622,754	85,090,343	663,344,063	74,546,920	1,179,604,080
September	356,580,275	86,936,601	670,160,734	78,652,220	1,192,329,830
October	355,731,190	89,771,291	672,401,103	86,825,720	1,204,729,304
November	355,945,168	91,794,884	671,470,083	96,635,960	1,215,846,095
December	353,166,194	93,110,986	673,577,390	117,533,470	1,237,388,040
1883—January	355,115,323	91,477,616	663,913,336	128,538,460	1,239,044,735
February	352,803,580	90,819,420	697,598,769	121,711,890	1,232,933,659
March	351,159,933	89,684,770	671,795,323	123,669,501	1,236,309,527
April	350,823,098	88,992,402	667,915,332	130,332,271	1,238,063,103
May	347,134,163	88,619,516	662,304,870	143,109,331	1,241,167,880
June	344,653,495	87,816,179	658,037,323	145,488,056	1,235,995,053
July	342,038,527	89,051,107	655,819,193	146,682,281	1,233,591,108
August	344,236,232	89,891,494	656,776,322	141,977,701	1,232,881,749
September	346,067,206	92,568,973	656,197,000	145,806,901	1,240,640,080
October	348,648,323	93,032,784	654,668,219	149,955,561	1,246,304,887
November	347,657,000	92,918,180	650,036,782	161,238,821	1,251,850,783
December	347,093,446	92,862,522	648,030,298	174,782,861	1,262,769,127
1884—January	346,418,091	89,921,972	638,458,888	191,255,651	1,266,054,602
February	345,112,575	87,972,931	634,608,384	192,216,151	1,259,910,041
March	346,353,382	87,239,193	636,949,503	179,686,726	1,250,228,804
April	344,813,781	87,464,407	633,181,384	167,118,786	1,232,578,358
May	340,673,301	86,768,095	640,433,905	167,518,951	1,235,394,252
June	340,624,203	85,455,721	636,379,835	179,763,651	1,242,223,410
July	339,167,112	85,425,943	630,489,045	199,794,851	1,254,876,951
August	339,887,557	84,964,014	630,355,358	200,516,631	1,255,723,560
September	339,949,364	86,028,982	634,121,124	199,510,911	1,259,610,381
October	339,657,784	87,611,639	635,574,961	206,377,131	1,269,221,515
November	340,636,028	88,419,954	631,735,182	220,937,821	1,284,728,985
December	341,142,648	88,965,447	628,243,779	232,913,331	1,291,265,205
1885—January	341,660,992	86,487,800	614,891,806	255,924,191	1,298,964,789
February	341,133,130	85,488,407	611,616,173	254,351,241	1,292,588,951
March	342,727,561	84,386,833	613,582,183	254,357,766	1,295,054,343
April	342,712,570	83,715,749	611,110,470	260,078,746	1,297,617,535
May	342,763,852	82,536,640	603,447,066	260,563,196	1,289,310,754
June	341,668,411	82,174,190	608,545,007	257,845,676	1,290,233,284
July	340,612,138	88,879,327	605,559,730	253,581,106	1,288,632,301
August	342,120,762	91,640,886	598,897,959	250,829,786	1,283,489,393
September	345,985,470	96,603,916	605,703,398	234,979,506	1,283,272,290

No. 50.—ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF ALL KINDS OF MONEY IN CIRCULATION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Gold.	Silver.	Notes.	Certificates.	Total.
1885—October	$349,085,781	$101,456,746	$610,826,521	$220,312,532	$1,281,681,580
November	355,181,306	97,261,390	614,363,864	215,811,734	1,282,618,294
December	359,629,546	99,745,519	616,114,352	212,329,066	1,287,818,483
1886—January	362,757,418	97,466,854	605,839,732	219,636,560	1,285,700,564
February	361,683,821	97,549,382	608,523,642	208,947,866	1,276,704,711
March	362,273,173	97,466,796	616,224,717	192,823,064	1,268,787,750
April	361,410,158	98,681,887	618,508,114	186,963,366	1,265,563,525
May	360,443,324	99,046,643	612,642,933	183,259,154	1,255,392,054
June	357,936,337	98,625,975	610,039,174	182,410,600	1,249,012,086
July	359,074,385	100,603,161	608,083,003	181,387,561	1,249,148,110
August	364,667,768	103,922,749	601,277,464	177,915,107	1,247,783,088
September	364,720,340	108,202,347	603,451,983	187,783,919	1,264,158,589
October	368,190,898	109,938,706	606,690,255	195,741,769	1,280,561,628
November	372,072,260	111,281,755	606,730,071	203,065,450	1,293,149,536
December	372,290,259	110,562,336	610,561,427	220,972,275	1,314,386,297
1887—January	371,729,450	107,329,688	601,853,739	232,700,821	1,313,613,698
February	371,792,210	105,979,252	598,604,050	229,269,120	1,305,644,632
March	373,208,461	105,328,365	602,778,304	233,111,504	1,314,426,634
April	375,241,850	104,187,379	599,418,200	240,524,915	1,319,372,344
May	377,794,495	103,916,961	593,978,802	239,094,305	1,314,784,563
June	376,419,229	104,076,452	594,451,707	242,113,454	1,317,060,842
July	377,350,294	104,859,052	591,733,483	247,616,228	1,321,559,057
August	381,550,256	106,201,911	589,167,580	243,771,725	1,320,691,472
September	391,090,890	110,761,067	592,318,741	258,874,509	1,353,045,207
October	392,585,770	113,930,676	591,962,227	267,613,730	1,366,092,403
November	396,450,215	116,012,846	590,086,310	265,765,027	1,368,314,398
December	399,361,143	116,191,175	587,716,011	280,574,480	1,383,842,809
1888—January	398,661,926	113,252,970	575,940,978	294,820,024	1,382,675,898
February	398,280,517	111,570,231	569,296,045	292,365,572	1,371,512,365
March	397,745,984	110,086,123	568,268,810	292,395,394	1,368,496,311
April	398,568,122	108,433,050	560,118,709	304,543,225	1,371,663,106
May	396,379,632	106,920,085	549,401,278	318,457,135	1,371,158,130
June	392,066,854	105,899,938	539,432,532	334,689,746	1,372,089,070
July	378,606,804	105,386,405	532,885,177	350,844,791	1,367,723,177
August	376,347,905	106,296,864	528,922,493	349,054,360	1,360,621,622
September	377,329,864	109,772,331	530,827,748	366,129,791	1,384,059,734
October	380,016,817	112,263,162	533,377,959	381,976,810	1,407,634,748
November	381,391,086	113,389,582	533,063,476	378,040,017	1,405,884,161
December	379,834,512	114,013,846	535,041,302	377,358,447	1,406,248,107
1889—January	380,116,365	110,814,980	526,922,113	390,239,030	1,408,092,488
February	379,497,911	109,376,655	522,275,518	392,759,670	1,403,909,754
March	378,072,380	108,197,451	525,154,139	394,540,196	1,405,964,166
April	377,407,308	107,269,882	523,150,462	406,133,992	1,413,961,644
May	376,962,858	106,164,862	513,324,279	400,732,472	1,397,184,471
June	376,055,482	105,894,801	507,384,283	390,630,204	1,379,964,770
July	374,798,435	105,741,404	503,102,804	395,673,534	1,379,316,177
August	375,811,209	106,779,095	493,982,791	408,519,145	1,390,092,240
September	375,947,715	110,305,452	509,919,839	408,570,064	1,404,743,070
October	375,685,071	113,779,361	513,581,925	410,767,173	1,413,813,530
November	374,769,489	115,090,123	517,016,658	410,417,505	1,417,294,075
December	375,705,922	116,035,904	523,594,121	414,934,962	1,430,270,909
1890—January	374,937,316	113,508,777	515,719,251	431,618,940	1,435,784,284
February	373,507,203	112,322,742	514,518,290	425,011,066	1,425,359,301
March	373,624,488	111,832,628	518,438,765	433,203,641	1,437,099,522
April	374,310,922	110,799,016	515,998,969	436,361,187	1,437,470,094
May	375,246,356	110,264,043	510,005,445	435,299,482	1,430,815,326
June	374,396,381	110,236,099	504,443,649	440,420,062	1,429,496,191
July	375,114,196	111,265,631	502,185,113	443,013,662	1,431,578,602
August	379,053,187	113,455,560	506,734,731	436,673,749	1,435,917,227
September	386,939,723	118,444,300	518,004,630	474,415,946	1,497,804,599
October	400,378,130	123,351,222	521,832,899	453,290,156	1,498,852,407
November	405,105,897	125,521,324	527,707,019	446,162,998	1,504,497,238
December	411,080,597	126,198,177	532,310,752	459,146,742	1,528,736,268
1891—January	409,441,335	122,542,578	522,410,612	471,043,535	1,525,438,060
February	408,752,874	120,906,191	525,328,516	463,211,388	1,518,198,969
March	408,468,850	120,175,012	536,071,998	465,094,604	1,529,810,464
April	408,862,781	119,061,325	535,376,758	465,824,239	1,529,125,103
May	406,661,860	117,721,936	529,092,375	450,415,717	1,503,891,888
June	408,073,806	115,973,965	526,099,477	449,579,547	1,499,726,795
July	407,630,012	115,927,343	525,818,634	450,279,503	1,499,647,492
August	406,745,335	117,113,365	527,756,843	454,316,400	1,505,931,943
September	408,333,304	119,858,621	550,026,495	452,313,056	1,530,531,476
October	406,770,367	124,240,597	565,473,236	468,007,961	1,564,492,161
November	405,931,402	125,542,641	572,499,448	473,288,579	1,577,262,070
December	407,999,180	125,103,021	577,490,841	478,188,687	1,588,781,729
1892—January	407,833,022	122,632,601	573,312,239	500,077,266	1,603,855,128
February	407,813,501	121,573,237	565,679,689	514,492,465	1,609,558,892
March	407,614,418	121,019,397	570,155,327	509,852,378	1,608,641,520
April	407,615,949	120,387,980	574,354,720	511,213,595	1,613,572,244

No. 59.—ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF ALL KINDS OF MONEY IN CIRCULATION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878—Continued.

Month.	Gold.	Silver.	Notes.	Certificates.	Total.
1892—May	$408,911,657	$119,833,259	$572,949,939	$518,315,374	$1,620,010,229
June	408,767,740	119,186,002	577,173,454	497,946,142	1,603,073,338
July	410,447,360	120,378,799	580 204,514	490,918,652	1,601,949,325
August	411,154,411	121,520,025	587,695,624	478,886,524	1,599,256,584
September	411,524,329	124,485,312	594,690,116	465,350,226	1,596,049,983
October	411,252,197	127,657,863	611,871,794	455,357,881	1,606,139,735
November	410,367,863	129,101,941	620,436,820	454,883,642	1,614,790,266
December	412,970,960	130,150,203	621,834,561	446,228,150	1,610,683,874
1893—January	411,688,068	127,737,325	610,244,567	458,288,479	1,607,958,439
February	409,817,138	124,453,928	610,466,615	454,917,861	1,599,655,542
March	407,799,951	125,589,365	618,017,528	451,113,962	1,602,520,806
April	410,759,520	125,092,525	620,356,535	442,819,755	1,599,028,335
May	407,945,944	124,217,091	623,448,305	440,540,561	1,596,151,901
June	403,633,700	122,430,011	636,268,516	431,394,184	1,593,726,411
July	416,909,941	120,231,118	648,303,539	425,654,419	1,611,099,017
August	469,466,368	125,989,868	672,881,050	412,225,385	1,680,562,671
September	484,296,109	122,932,878	681,928,203	412,782,733	1,701,939,918
October	498,121,679	123,035,625	670,455,837	426,931,541	1,718,544,682
November	505,058,011	123,967,567	658,178,636	439,790,076	1,726,994,290
December	508,602,811	123,724,329	650,688,297	446,002,829	1,729,018,266
1894—January	527,357,916	116,844,420	643,469,448	452,111,227	1,739,783,511
February	496,830,383	114,496,458	629,488,335	449,859,976	1,690,675,152
March	496,101,956	113,113,582	629,025,097	452,474,173	1,690,714,808
April	497,894,733	111,780,433	624,552,395	457,566,429	1,691,793,990
May	496,799,152	109,896,941	610,388,800	458,584,508	1,675,669,401
June	497,873,990	109,424,721	604,388,731	452,373,790	1,664,061,232
July	499,103,577	109,210,342	597,126,353	452,133,967	1,657,574,239
August	497,407,586	109,959,353	590,352,596	448,951,946	1,646,671,481
September	500,126,248	112,521,011	591,325,565	451,066,158	1,655,038,982
October	500,181,380	116,686,669	605,785,003	449,440,370	1,672,093,422
November	465,789,187	119,056,832	604,002,449	448,377,983	1,637,226,451
December	485,501,376	120,561,176	589,061,377	431,444,693	1,626,568,622
1895—January	506,189,411	117,584,059	573,143,964	416,740,081	1,613,657,515
February	468,568,100	115,589,957	576,127,316	414,249,184	1,574,534,557
March	479,493,899	113,790,903	581,484,677	409,414,945	1,584,184,424
April	483,111,525	113,066,719	593,994,630	409,261,280	1,599,434,154
May	483,770,430	112,599,057	591,472,329	418,337,740	1,606,179,556
June	480,275,057	112,202,880	588,135,710	423,518,321	1,604,131,968
July	485,778,610	112,279,214	591,083,265	425,392,697	1,614,533,786
August	479,787,653	112,675,001	561,712,024	449,408,350	1,603,583,028
September	469,884,062	116,556,070	554,233,001	444,920,376	1,585,593,509
October	475,181,593	122,186,851	560,876,977	440,613,895	1,598,859,316
November	480,252,104	124,176,832	557,741,671	432,024,872	1,594,195,479
December	484,728,547	123,623,612	553,236,478	417,618,087	1,579,206,724
1896—January	499,262,686	121,016,811	559,053,922	410,387,188	1,589,720,607
February	445,293,591	119,260,002	555,084,502	409,103,962	1,528,742,057
March	445,912,256	117,763,055	550,222,477	414,731,675	1,528,629,463
April	454,225,656	116,091,869	554,872,585	414,816,972	1,540,007,082
May	455,876,439	114,074,044	538,928,811	412,704,989	1,521,584,283
June	456,128,483	112,175,803	536,000,646	405,420,268	1,509,725,200
July	445,293,944	111,663,358	545,455,690	412,490,150	1,514,903,142
August	463,995,969	113,145,348	539,025,781	423,002,533	1,539,169,634
September	478,771,490	116,741,476	559,316,210	427,473,113	1,582,302,289
October	516,340,979	119,362,538	562,912,666	428,439,431	1,627,055,614
November	516,729,882	119,727,191	577,188,803	432,798,870	1,646,444,746
December	517,743,229	120,683,805	566,923,127	444,873,239	1,650,223,400
1897—January	515,468,129	117,250,506	568,985,891	464,273,162	1,665,977,688
February	516,315,696	116,088,357	565,511,580	477,779,320	1,675,694,953
March	517,125,757	114,753,812	561,178,633	475,942,492	1,669,000,694
April	517,321,596	113,954,152	564,203,697	471,080,938	1,666,560,383
May	520,221,923	113,314,083	560,256,252	465,941,637	1,659,733,895
June	519,146,675	111,229,742	558,899,542	456,752,287	1,646,028,246
July	519,074,302	110,787,004	559,109,304	457,500,529	1,646,471,139
August	521,848,563	112,021,956	563,653,453	468,156,126	1,665,680,098
September	528,098,753	118,322,185	568,075,742	464,343,858	1,678,840,538

No. 51.—ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF GOLD AND GOLD CERTIFICATES, SILVER AND SILVER CERTIFICATES, AND NOTES AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES IN CIRCULATION AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Gold and gold certificates.	Silver and silver certificates.	Notes and currency certificates.	Total.
1878—June	$109,637,454	$65,780,545	$631,035,782	$806,453,781
July	107,687,096	66,901,711	628,521,028	803,109,835
August	100,860,455	69,910,309	626,016,466	796,787,230
September	108,697,791	71,521,608	624,677,562	804,896,961
October	108,077,694	71,899,800	622,916,002	802,893,496
November	110,342,852	73,593,366	622,072,130	806,008,348
December	117,452,130	74,186,682	624,627,909	816,266,721
1879—January	117,525,251	75,325,186	627,136,309	819,986,746
February	119,960,449	75,994,951	616,989,294	812,944,694
March	122,421,454	76,171,766	616,547,197	815,140,417
April	123,143,901	76,541,919	627,821,963	827,507,783
May	123,114,040	76,812,844	609,025,535	808,952,419
June	125,785,182	75,414,713	622,319,484	823,519,379
July	127,737,856	72,806,278	645,195,998	845,740,132
August	130,308,398	72,313,117	635,382,468	838,003,983
September	131,892,932	72,339,696	657,076,196	861,308,824
October	150,824,418	73,852,696	662,276,905	886,954,019
November	180,449,390	75,666,673	666,578,359	922,694,422
December	190,346,067	79,386,336	672,720,056	942,452,459
1880—January	196,184,585	79,102,500	671,367,918	946,655,003
February	205,259,015	79,218,759	670,625,190	955,102,964
March	208,628,423	80,612,298	671,263,972	960,504,693
April	216,160,574	81,319,159	668,142,271	965,622,004
May	228,620,101	80,064,087	664,192,715	972,876,903
June	233,659,679	79,610,792	664,696,108	977,966,579
July	239,180,438	80,741,540	664,200,808	984,122,786
August	245,922,819	82,305,335	665,558,208	993,786,362
September	259,373,784	89,485,808	669,289,705	1,018,149,297
October	272,377,885	100,184,575	672,069,195	1,044,631,655
November	273,441,065	108,974,352	675,150,610	1,057,566,027
December	285,987,374	120,095,806	677,469,202	1,083,552,382
1881—January	295,289,202	120,418,356	673,638,113	1,089,345,671
February	279,270,691	120,014,081	671,211,998	1,070,496,770
March	287,880,703	122,126,133	674,640,136	1,084,646,972
April	308,856,233	121,161,927	678,067,768	1,108,085,928
May	318,453,621	120,368,810	676,439,418	1,115,261,849
June	321,072,397	120,778,076	677,447,657	1,119,298,130
July	332,166,674	122,999,328	678,961,631	1,134,127,633
August	324,687,175	129,137,412	679,986,512	1,133,811,099
September	332,383,027	138,679,544	681,510,124	1,152,572,695
October	344,044,992	147,151,309	683,797,700	1,174,994,001
November	343,973,995	148,840,311	686,223,283	1,179,037,589
December	354,397,420	152,400,542	686,407,993	1,193,205,955
1882—January	365,093,020	150,515,343	683,799,391	1,199,407,754
February	351,924,467	148,412,067	684,035,605	1,184,372,139
March	359,037,310	146,682,056	685,634,311	1,191,353,677
April	370,745,617	144,827,670	683,226,872	1,198,800,159
May	360,933,195	142,108,894	678,414,135	1,181,456,224
June	363,280,345	138,877,003	676,530,744	1,178,688,092
July	364,589,662	139,540,535	673,477,157	1,177,607,354
August	361,614,794	142,830,223	675,159,063	1,179,604,080
September	361,487,715	150,141,381	680,700,734	1,192,329,830
October	367,101,460	155,391,741	682,236,103	1,204,729,304
November	375,403,438	159,137,574	681,305,083	1,215,846,095
December	392,681,004	161,554,646	683,152,390	1,237,388,040
1883—January	402,784,963	159,916,436	676,343,336	1,239,044,735
February	395,358,050	158,846,840	678,728,769	1,232,933,659
March	394,604,443	160,444,761	681,260,323	1,236,309,527
April	399,221,298	160,876,473	677,965,332	1,238,063,103
May	406,726,103	160,346,907	674,094,870	1,241,167,880
June	404,460,865	160,436,865	671,097,323	1,235,995,053
July	402,107,127	162,779,788	668,704,193	1,233,591,108
August	398,783,772	165,266,655	668,331,322	1,232,881,749
September	401,082,146	171,490,934	668,067,000	1,240,640,080
October	400,724,503	178,367,165	667,213,219	1,246,304,887
November	406,554,620	180,894,381	664,401,782	1,251,850,783
December	410,678,586	189,580,243	662,510,298	1,262,769,127
1884—January	423,880,711	186,880,003	655,293,888	1,266,054,602
February	422,956,005	184,220,652	652,733,384	1,259,910,041
March	415,165,532	183,158,769	651,904,503	1,250,228,804
April	401,514,586	182,962,338	648,101,384	1,232,578,358
May	399,798,781	184,131,566	651,463,905	1,235,394,252
June	411,770,843	181,882,732	648,569,835	1,242,223,410
July	430,658,602	180,564,304	643,654,045	1,254,876,951
August	431,905,497	179,192,705	644,625,358	1,255,723,560
September	427,339,024	182,520,233	649,751,124	1,259,610,381
October	427,523,354	188,353,200	653,344,961	1,269,221,515

No. 51.—ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF GOLD AND GOLD CERTIFICATES, SILVER AND SILVER CERTIFICATES, AND NOTES AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES, ETC.—Cont'd.

Month.	Gold and gold certificates.	Silver and silver certificates.	Notes and currency certificates.	Total.
1884—November	$434,010,318	$193,408,485	$657,310,182	$1,284,728,985
December	434,430,068	203,831,358	653,003,779	1,291,265,205
1885—January	453,641,372	200,346,611	644,976,806	1,298,964,789
February	453,816,420	196,956,358	641,816,173	1,292,588,951
March	458,375,101	196,887,059	639,792,183	1,295,054,343
April	467,947,370	193,159,695	636,510,470	1,297,617,535
May	471,316,862	187,621,826	630,372,066	1,289,310,754
June	468,398,141	183,705,136	638,130,007	1,290,233,284
July	463,901,138	187,751,433	636,979,730	1,288,632,301
August	466,006,252	187,720,182	629,762,959	1,283,489,393
September	464,123,260	190,260,632	628,888,398	1,283,272,290
October	458,106,541	194,603,518	628,971,521	1,281,681,580
November	460,735,398	189,964,032	631,918,864	1,282,618,294
December	464,989,147	192,924,984	629,904,352	1,287,818,483
1886—January	478,042,369	187,228,463	620,429,732	1,285,700,564
February	467,320,871	185,940,198	623,443,642	1,276,704,711
March	453,048,816	187,589,217	628,149,717	1,268,787,750
April	446,125,383	189,415,028	630,023,114	1,265,563,525
May	440,563,349	188,230,772	626,597,933	1,255,392,054
June	433,980,712	186,742,200	628,289,174	1,249,012,086
July	433,792,902	188,167,205	627,188,003	1,249,148,110
August	442,366,115	192,944,509	612,472,464	1,247,783,088
September	449,412,147	203,589,459	611,156,983	1,264,158,589
October	456,485,867	210,245,506	613,830,255	1,280,561,628
November	462,592,893	216,801,572	613,755,071	1,293,149,536
December	469,505,864	227,809,006	617,071,427	1,314,386,297
1887—January	477,394,557	225,645,402	610,573,739	1,313,613,698
February	471,750,575	227,110,007	606,784,050	1,305,644,632
March	467,254,476	237,258,854	609,913,304	1,314,426,634
April	469,676,335	241,927,809	607,768,200	1,319,372,344
May	468,755,472	243,060,289	602,968,802	1,314,784,563
June	467,644,666	246,194,469	603,221,707	1,317,060,842
July	472,340,381	249,025,193	600,193,483	1,321,559,057
August	470,315,596	254,078,296	596,297,580	1,320,691,472
September	489,075,573	265,115,893	598,853,741	1,353,045,207
October	492,270,543	274,644,633	599,177,227	1,366,092,403
November	487,230,968	284,162,120	596,921,310	1,368,314,398
December	496,095,200	293,046,598	594,701,011	1,383,842,809
1888—January	503,515,897	292,574,023	586,585,978	1,382,675,898
February	494,978,430	296,022,890	580,511,045	1,371,512,365
March	489,699,933	301,612,568	577,183,810	1,368,496,311
April	498,129,415	302,859,982	570,673,709	1,371,663,106
May	505,961,362	303,565,490	561,631,278	1,371,158,130
June	511,954,224	306,287,314	553,847,532	1,372,089,070
July	510,565,916	309,067,084	548,090,177	1,367,723,177
August	501,098,299	315,955,830	543,567,493	1,360,621,622
September	512,168,054	328,333,932	543,557,748	1,384,059,734
October	520,630,475	342,046,314	544,957,959	1,407,634,748
November	510,655,314	350,805,371	544,423,476	1,405,884,161
December	500,722,960	360,233,845	545,291,302	1,406,248,107
1889—January	511,102,957	356,152,418	540,837,113	1,408,092,488
February	509,708,628	356,005,608	538,195,518	1,403,909,754
March	506,898,897	359,461,130	539,604,139	1,405,964,166
April	514,022,097	362,209,085	537,730,462	1,413,961,644
May	506,007,520	361,702,672	529,474,279	1,397,184,471
June	492,848,241	362,997,246	524,119,283	1,379,964,770
July	493,339,844	365,298,529	520,677,804	1,379,316,177
August	499,204,728	375,359,721	515,527,791	1,390,092,240
September	492,623,064	386,925,167	525,194,839	1,404,743,070
October	496,622,300	391,099,305	526,091,925	1,413,813,530
November	498,252,608	391,884,809	527,156,658	1,417,294,075
December	498,691,811	398,984,977	532,594,121	1,430,270,909
1890—January	513,594,485	394,840,548	527,349,251	1,435,784,284
February	504,112,007	396,499,004	524,748,290	1,425,359,301
March	508,562,567	402,438,190	526,098,765	1,437,099,522
April	508,953,761	403,722,364	524,793,969	1,437,470,094
May	506,034,755	404,920,126	519,860,445	1,430,815,326
June	505,776,400	407,446,142	516,273,649	1,429,496,191
July	507,558,945	410,014,544	514,005,113	1,431,578,602
August	503,435,726	416,926,770	515,554,731	1,435,917,227
September	545,044,462	427,765,507	524,994,630	1,497,804,599
October	538,552,109	431,557,399	528,742,899	1,498,852,407
November	536,422,396	434,097,823	533,977,019	1,504,497,238
December	555,127,876	434,487,640	539,120,752	1,528,736,268
1891—January	565,280,784	426,386,664	533,770,612	1,525,438,060
February	555,872,003	424,728,450	537,598,516	1,518,198,969
March	552,785,919	429,807,547	547,216,998	1,529,810,464
April	547,753,580	431,994,765	549,376,758	1,529,125,103

No. 51.—ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF GOLD AND GOLD CERTIFICATES, SILVER AND SILVER CERTIFICATES, AND NOTES AND CURRENCY CERTIFICATES, ETC.—Cont'd.

Month.	Gold and gold certificates.	Silver and silver certificates.	Notes and currency certificates.	Total.
1891—May	$528,786,199	$428,263,314	$546,842,375	$1,503,891,888
June	528,924,205	423,338,113	547,464,477	1,499,726,795
July	523,345,401	423,218,457	553,083,634	1,499,647,492
August	515,018,414	434,701,686	556,211,843	1,505,931,943
September	520,784,873	441,875,108	567,871,495	1,530,531,476
October	542,870,686	445,383,239	576,238,236	1,564,492,161
November	548,581,371	446,416,251	582,264,448	1,577,262,070
December	556,105,299	445,920,589	586,755,841	1,588,781,729
1892—January	571,011,981	442,770,908	590,072,239	1,603,855,128
February	567,814,780	446,714,423	595,029,689	1,609,558,892
March	561,943,647	446,702,546	599,995,327	1,608,641,520
April	561,329,648	447,677,876	604,564,720	1,613,572,244
May	566,206,866	447,123,424	606,679,939	1,620,010,229
June	559,003,079	446,066,805	607,003,454	1,603,073,338
July	547,309,189	447,715,622	606,924,514	1,601,949,325
August	539,541,790	449,809,170	609,905,624	1,599,256,584
September	532,734,728	451,335,139	611,980,116	1,596,049,983
October	531,507,546	452,210,395	622,421,794	1,606,139,735
November	533,556,672	452,566,774	628,666,820	1,614,790,266
December	530,064,099	452,185,214	628,434,561	1,610,683,874
1893—January	532,333,887	450,929,985	624,694,567	1,607,958,439
February	524,205,867	445,733,060	629,716,615	1,599,655,542
March	519,284,960	448,548,318	634,687,528	1,602,520,806
April	516,031,549	446,800,251	636,196,535	1,599,028,335
May	509,415,913	446,332,683	640,403,305	1,596,151,901
June	496,603,719	448,919,176	648,203,516	1,593,726,411
July	504,520,970	450,419,508	656,158,539	1,611,099,017
August	549,880,417	452,196,204	678,486,050	1,680,562,671
September	563,923,708	447,888,007	690,128,203	1,701,939,918
October	577,010,988	448,752,857	692,780,837	1,718,544,682
November	583,221,090	452,389,564	691,383,636	1,726,994,290
December	586,014,990	453,269,979	689,733,297	1,729,018,266
1894—January	604,373,335	447,005,728	688,404,448	1,739,783,511
February	567,766,112	445,615,705	677,293,335	1,690,675,152
March	566,408,865	442,560,846	681,745,097	1,690,714,808
April	567,885,182	442,086,413	681,822,395	1,691,793,990
May	566,173,701	439,856,900	669,638,800	1,675,669,401
June	564,218,399	436,519,102	663,323,731	1,664,061,232
July	565,050,806	433,702,080	658,821,353	1,657,574,239
August	563,076,555	435,177,330	648,417,596	1,646,671,481
September	564,916,687	443,041,730	647,080,565	1,655,038,982
October	564,433,449	447,829,970	659,830,003	1,672,093,422
November	524,715,086	451,373,916	661,137,449	1,637,226,451
December	538,863,285	451,638,960	636,066,377	1,626,568,622
1895—January	558,837,220	444,051,331	610,768,964	1,613,657,515
February	520,075,369	441,406,372	613,052,316	1,574,534,557
March	528,337,088	437,537,659	618,309,677	1,584,184,424
April	531,862,534	436,281,990	631,289,630	1,599,434,154
May	532,309,999	434,152,228	639,717,329	1,606,179,556
June	528,656,626	431,934,632	643,540,710	1,604,131,968
July	533,896,189	432,634,332	648,003,265	1,614,533,786
August	528,868,742	436,447,262	638,267,024	1,603,583,028
September	520,529,601	446,990,907	618,073,001	1,585,593,509
October	525,599,252	455,643,087	617,616,977	1,598,859,316
November	530,486,083	460,032,725	603,676,671	1,594,195,479
December	534,664,986	459,700,260	584,841,478	1,579,206,724
1896—January	549,110,535	452,631,150	587,978,922	1,589,720,607
February	489,026,610	451,805,945	587,909,502	1,528,742,057
March	489,151,505	454,795,481	584,682,477	1,528,629,463
April	497,278,215	454,926,282	587,802,585	1,540,007,082
May	498,838,348	450,387,124	572,358,811	1,521,584,283
June	498,449,242	443,435,312	567,840,646	1,509,725,200
July	484,587,423	443,320,029	586,995,690	1,514,903,142
August	502,863,608	458,885,242	577,420,784	1,539,169,634
September	517,508,129	471,172,950	593,621,210	1,582,302,289
October	554,538,288	477,139,660	595,377,666	1,627,055,614
November	554,746,631	476,039,312	615,658,803	1,646,444,746
December	555,630,668	477,339,605	617,253,127	1,650,223,400
1897—January	553,054,758	478,587,039	634,335,891	1,665,977,688
February	553,860,515	479,797,858	642,036,580	1,675,694,953
March	554,582,096	478,779,965	635,638,633	1,669,000,694
April	554,743,595	477,708,091	634,108,697	1,666,560,383
May	557,609,752	476,082,891	626,041,252	1,659,733,895
June	556,432,594	469,566,110	620,029,542	1,646,028,246
July	556,301,181	468,725,654	621,444,304	1,646,471,139
August	558,866,352	479,885,293	626,928,453	1,665,680,098
September	564,997,312	492,942,484	620,900,742	1,678,840,538

No. 52.—CHANGES IN THE VOLUME OF MONEY IN CIRCULATION, FROM INTERNAL EXPANSION AND CONTRACTION, AND FROM IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD, DURING EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Internal expansion.	Internal contraction.	Net imports of gold.	Net exports of gold.	Net increase.	Net decrease.
1878—June			$686,808			
July		$3,367,328	23,382			$3,343,946
August		6,034,803		$287,802		6,322,605
September	$7,621,006		488,725		$8,109,731	
October		4,121,043	2,117,578			2,003,465
November	3,158,390			43,538	3,114,852	
December	9,863,467		394,906		10,258,373	
1879—January	3,791,414			71,389	3,720,025	
February		7,063,925	21,873			7,042,052
March	2,084,208		111,515		2,195,723	
April	12,622,782			255,416	12,367,366	
May		18,390,586		164,778		18,555,364
June	15,864,682			1,297,722	14,566,960	
July	22,319,151			98,398	22,220,753	
August		14,108,798	6,372,649			7,736,149
September		4,090,798	27,395,639		23,304,841	
October	6,752,390		18,892,805		25,645,195	
November	18,422,568		17,317,835		35,740,403	
December	13,330,155		6,427,882		19,758,037	
1880—January	3,633,181		569,363		4,202,544	
February	8,133,100		314,861		8,447,961	
March	5,676,228			274,499	5,401,729	
April	5,040,071		77,240		5,117,311	
May	7,237,816		17,083		7,254,899	
June	4,982,765		106,911		5,089,676	
July	5,973,763		182,444		6,156,207	
August	609,095		9,054,481		9,663,576	
September	5,596,851		18,766,084		24,362,935	
October	10,396,171		16,086,187		26,482,358	
November	3,599,740		9,334,632		12,934,372	
December	9,638,903		16,347,452		25,986,355	
1881—January	1,083,802		4,709,487		5,793,289	
February		19,155,000	306,099			18,848,901
March	7,141,214		7,008,988		14,150,202	
April	8,175,569		15,263,387		23,438,956	
May	6,474,642		701,279		7,175,921	
June	4,330,674			294,393	4,036,281	
July	14,191,012		638,491		14,829,503	
August		5,565,082	5,248,548			316,534
September	8,249,121		10,512,475		18,761,596	
October	14,302,757		8,118,549		22,421,306	
November	1,081,510		2,962,078		4,043,588	
December	11,548,277		2,620,089		14,168,366	
1882—January	5,169,978		1,031,821		6,201,799	
February		8,273,047		6,762,568		15,035,615
March	9,370,812			2,389,274	6,981,538	
April	9,237,630			1,791,148	7,446,482	
May		4,259,157		13,084,778		17,343,935
June	2,546,977			5,315,109		2,768,132
July	3,511,482			4,592,220		1,080,738
August	3,209,060			1,212,334	1,996,726	
September	11,819,800		905,950		12,725,750	
October	8,668,680		3,730,794		12,399,474	
November	8,927,729		2,189,062		11,116,791	
December	19,570,692		1,971,253		21,541,945	
1883—January	381,056		1,275,639		1,656,695	
February		5,656,372		454,704		6,111,076
March	415,189		2,960,679		3,375,868	
April	1,492,440		261,136		1,753,576	
May	3,807,868			703,091	3,104,777	
June		4,973,924		198,903		5,172,827
July		2,732,829	328,884			2,403,945
August		2,554,390	1,845,031			709,359
September	5,721,404		2,036,927		7,758,331	
October	1,535,907		4,128,900		5,664,807	
November	1,585,446		3,960,450		5,545,896	
December	10,352,101		566,243		10,918,344	
1884—January	2,913,828		371,647		3,285,475	
February		3,155,708		2,988,853		6,144,561
March	1,639,697			11,320,934		9,681,237
April	386,650			18,037,096		17,650,446
May	3,901,227			1,085,333	2,815,894	
June	4,885,664		1,943,494		6,829,158	
July	10,529,544		2,123,997		12,653,541	
August		1,736,072	2,582,681		846,609	
September	2,486,499		1,400,322		3,886,821	
October	7,352,265		2,258,869		9,611,134	
November	7,758,095		7,749,375		15,507,470	

No. 52.—CHANGES IN THE VOLUME OF MONEY IN CIRCULATION, FROM INTERNAL EXPANSION AND CONTRACTION, ETC.—Continued.

Month.	Internal expansion.	Internal contraction.	Net imports of gold.	Net exports of gold.	Net increase.	Net decrease.
1884—December	$4,524,978		$2,011,242		$6,536,220	
1885—January	7,070,987		628,597		7,699,584	
February		$6,627,975	252,137			$6,375,838
March	1,541,877		923,515		2,465,392	
April	2,938,654			$375,462	2,563,192	
May		7,477,541		829,240		8,306,781
June	1,434,759			512,229	922,530	
July		859,825		741,158		1,600,983
August		5,517,498	374,590			5,142,908
September		3,051,651	2,834,548			217,103
October		2,775,401	1,184,691			1,590,710
November		3,721,184	4,657,898		936,714	
December	1,369,972		3,830,217		5,200,189	
1886—January		1,242,086		875,833		2,117,919
February		4,327,928		4,667,925		8,995,853
March	1,163,463			9,080,424		7,916,961
April	1,237,280			4,461,505		3,224,225
May		3,024,982		7,146,489		10,171,471
June	1,737,484			8,117,452		6,379,968
July	729,283			593,259	136,024	
August		6,192,814	4,827,792			1,365,022
September	11,689,252		4,686,249		16,375,501	
October	11,254,056		5,148,983		16,403,039	
November	3,632,546		8,955,362		12,587,908	
December	9,886,301		11,350,460		21,236,761	
1887—January		3,679,534	2,906,935			772,599
February		6,435,280		1,533,786		7,969,066
March	10,648,963			1,866,961	8,782,002	
April	6,110,678			1,164,968	4,945,710	
May		5,195,451	607,670			4,587,781
June	2,391,342			115,063	2,276,279	
July	2,816,239		1,681,976		4,498,215	
August		6,604,400	5,736,815			867,585
September	18,440,378		13,913,357		32,353,735	
October	470,017		12,577,179		13,047,196	
November	659,538		1,562,457		2,221,995	
December	14,089,149		1,439,262		15,528,411	
1888—January		938,092		228,819		1,166,911
February		10,510,583		652,950		11,163,533
March		3,173,384	157,330			3,016,054
April	3,376,718			209,923	3,166,795	
May	7,052,519			7,557,495		504,976
June	3,792,046			2,861,106	930,940	
July		883,087		3,482,806		4,365,893
August		7,118,268	16,713			7,101,555
September	22,486,181		951,931		23,438,112	
October	23,039,297		535,717		23,575,014	
November	1,664,828			3,415,415		1,750,587
December	7,182,797			6,818,851	363,946	
1889—January	2,392,455			548,074	1,844,381	
February		3,521,926		660,808		4,182,734
March	5,766,637			3,712,225	2,054,412	
April	10,367,739			2,370,261	7,997,478	
May		4,086,034		12,691,139		16,777,173
June	252,508			17,472,209		17,219,701
July	3,776,861			4,425,454		648,593
August	10,698,312		77,751		10,776,063	
September	12,530,719		2,120,111		14,650,830	
October	10,506,935			1,436,475	9,070,460	
November	2,282,520		1,198,025		3,480,545	
December	11,984,904		991,930		12,976,834	
1890—January	4,914,507		598,868		5,513,375	
February		10,730,726	305,743			10,424,983
March	11,574,613		165,608		11,740,221	
April	944,574			574,002	370,572	
May		6,647,050		7,718		6,654,768
June	2,026,401			3,345,536		1,319,135
July	12,747,386			10,664,975	2,082,411	
August	4,749,913			411,288	4,338,625	
September	60,743,367		1,144,005		61,887,372	
October		1,148,595	2,196,403		1,047,808	
November	4,285,582		1,359,249		5,644,831	
December	18,838,371		5,400,659		24,239,030	
1891—January		3,967,880	669,672			3,298,208
February		3,794,249		3,444,842		7,239,091
March	16,153,061			4,541,566	11,611,495	
April	13,244,437			13,929,798		685,361
May	5,134,897			30,368,112		25,233,215
June	11,374,401			15,539,494		4,165,093

No. 52.—CHANGES IN THE VOLUME OF MONEY IN CIRCULATION, FROM INTERNAL EXPANSION AND CONTRACTION, ETC.—Continued.

Month.	Internal expansion.	Internal contraction.	Net imports of gold.	Net exports of gold.	Net increase.	Net decrease.
1891—July	$5,554,223			$5,633,526		$79,303
August	5,061,864		$1,222,587		$6,284,451	
September	17,493,395		7,106,138		24,599,533	
October	17,872,333		16,088,352		33,960,685	
November	4,280,141		8,489,768		12,769,909	
December	5,755,309		5,764,350		11,519,659	
1892—January	14,767,851		305,548		15,073,399	
February	9,383,982			3,680,218	5,703,764	
March	2,308,178			3,225,550		917,372
April	11,965,506			7,034,782	4,930,724	
May	9,701,048			3,263,063	6,437,985	
June		$301,414		16,635,477		16,936,891
July	9,116,185			10,240,198		1,124,013
August	3,023,958			5,716,699		2,692,741
September		882,474		2,324,127		3,206,601
October	7,455,672		2,634,080		10,089,752	
November	7,211,966		1,438,565		8,650,531	
December	7,232,797			11,339,189		4,106,392
1893—January	9,488,118			12,213,553		2,725,435
February	4,685,171			12,988,068		8,302,897
March	4,370,255			1,504,991	2,865,264	
April	14,852,508			18,344,979		3,492,471
May	12,329,326			15,205,760		2,876,434
June		723,946		1,701,544		2,425,490
July	11,596,205		5,776,401		17,372,606	
August	28,841,125		40,622,529		69,463,654	
September	16,135,164		5,242,083		21,377,247	
October	15,531,845		1,072,919		16,604,764	
November	4,309,776		4,139,832		8,449,608	
December	3,932,276			1,908,300	2,023,976	
1894—January	11,339,035			573,790	10,765,245	
February		48,040,024		1,068,335		49,108,359
March	2,968,897			2,929,241	39,656	
April	10,481,292			9,402,110	1,079,182	
May	6,999,469			23,124,058		16,124,589
June	10,768,703			22,376,872		11,608,169
July	6,336,579			12,823,572		6,486,993
August		8,967,455		1,935,303		10,902,758
September	7,949,383		418,118		8,367,501	
October	16,534,589		519,851		17,054,440	
November		36,374,359	1,507,388			34,866,971
December		1,233,390		9,424,439		10,657,829
1895—January	11,787,382			24,698,489		12,911,107
February		43,189,961	4,067,003			39,122,958
March	5,529,577		4,120,290		9,649,867	
April	13,219,969		2,029,761		15,249,730	
May	3,474,209		3,271,193		6,745,402	
June		4,011,338	1,963,750			2,047,588
July	13,697,885			3,296,067	10,401,818	
August	4,182,417			15,133,175		10,950,758
September		1,314,910		16,674,609		17,989,519
October	13,342,664			76,857	13,265,807	
November	8,804,351			13,468,188		4,663,837
December		817,856		14 170 899		14,988,755
1896—January	10,712,469			198,586	10,513,883	
February		70,353,939	9,375,389			60,978,550
March		406,247	293,653			112,594
April	14,040,117			2,662,498	11,377,619	
May	76,616			18,499,415		18,422,799
June		5,781,686		6,077,397		11,859,083
July	15,580,155			10,402,213	5,177,942	
August	22,179,495		2,086,997		24,266,492	
September	9,034,575		34,098,080		43,132,655	
October	17,135,410		27,617,915		44,753,325	
November	12,468,303		6,920,829		19,389,132	
December	1,617,395		2,161,259		3,778,654	
1897—January	15,569,611		184,677		15,754,288	
February	9,509,262		208,003		9,717,265	
March		7,006,357	312,098			6,694,259
April	3,569,643			6,009,954		2,440,311
May	2,079,057			8,905,545		6,826,488
June		6,730,314		6,975,335		13,705,649
July	5,310,815			4,867,922	442,893	
August	16,818,372		2,390,587		19,208,959	
September	9,013,939		4,146,501		13,160,440	

No. 53.—GENERAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE STOCK OF MONEY, AS BETWEEN THE TREASURY AND THE CIRCULATION, AT END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878.

Month.	Belonging to Treasury.	On deposit in Treasury.	Total in Treasury.	In circulation.	Aggregate.
1878—June	$164,040,821	$92,644,600	$256,685,421	$806,453,781	$1,063,139,202
July	171,603,016	97,211,030	268,814,046	803,109,835	1,071,923,881
August	184,676,389	93,425,280	278,101,669	796,787,230	1,074,888,899
September	182,589,268	75,744,670	258,333,938	804,896,961	1,063,230,899
October	190,855,684	71,356,350	262,212,034	802,893,496	1,065,105,530
November	195,570,087	73,426,420	268,996,507	806,008,348	1,075,004,855
December	190,817,762	58,776,830	249.594,592	816,266,721	1,065,861,313
1879—January	193,593,584	61,397,880	254,991,464	819,986,746	1,074,978,210
February	206,904,278	65,187,680	272,091,958	812,944,694	1,085,036,652
March	209,813,027	46,356,230	256,169,257	815,140,417	1,071,309,674
April	203,179,568	49,794,620	252,974,188	827,507,783	1,080,481,971
May	225,855,518	44,815,660	270,671,178	808,952,419	1,079,623,597
June	215,009,098	48,685,650	263,694,748	823,519,379	1,087,214,127
July	197,275,115	58,866,550	256,141,665	845,740,132	1,101,881,797
August	217,413,861	53,745,550	271,159,411	838,003,983	1,109,163,394
September	229,773,314	50,347,750	280,121,064	861,308,824	1,141,429,888
October	230,137,323	43,236,850	273,374,173	886,954,019	1,160,328,192
November	220,544,769	34,717,110	255,261,879	922,694,422	1,177,956,301
December	214,725,246	31,565,010	246,290,256	942,452,459	1,188,742,715
1880—January	217,905,558	32,364,010	250,269,568	946,655,003	1,196,924,571
February	214,396,640	31,217,520	245,614,160	955,102,964	1,200,717,124
March	213,972,986	28,979,420	242,952,406	960,504,693	1,203,457,099
April	215,375,280	29,434,320	244,809,600	965,622,004	1,210,431,604
May	213,023,055	33,674,370	246,697,425	972,876,903	1,219,574,328
June	212,168,100	34,973,870	247,141,970	977,966,579	1,225,108,549
July	211,855,759	36,238,890	248,094,649	984,122,786	1,232,217,435
August	216,208,009	32,145,940	248,353,949	993,786,362	1,242,140,311
September	214,412,955	36,008,660	250,421,615	1,018,149,297	1,268,570,912
October	209,246,545	43,343,460	252,590,005	1,044,631,655	1,297,221,660
November	210,610,092	51,002,780	261,612,872	1,057,566,027	1,319,178,899
December	206,233,450	59,246,010	265,479,460	1,083,552,382	1,349,031,842
1881—January	210,562,412	61,971,700	272,534,112	1,089,345,671	1,361,879,783
February	232,601,378	62,390,740	294.992,118	1,070,496,770	1,365,488,888
March	232,766,310	63,155,700	295,922,010	1,084,646,972	1,380,568,982
April	234,262,989	64,937,740	299,200,729	1,108,085,928	1,407,286,657
May	233,773,253	67,545,850	301,319,103	1,115,261,849	1,416,580,952
June	235,254,254	68,874,450	304,128,704	1,119,298,130	1,423,426,831
July	227,497,148	68,473,800	295,970,948	1,134,127,633	1,430,098,581
August	237,904,948	72,604,230	310,509,178	1,133,811,099	1,444,320,277
September	235,146,343	77,713,830	312,860,173	1,152,572,695	1,465,432,868
October	227,678,796	79,845,590	307,524,386	1,174,994,001	1,482,518,387
November	232,443,531	80,916,750	313,360,281	1,179,037,589	1,492,397,870
December	226,405,927	83,453,350	309,859,277	1,193,205,955	1,503,065,232
1882—January	225,445,801	85,587,790	311,033,591	1,199,407,754	1,510,441,345
February	237,016,611	85,412,600	322,429,211	1,184,372,139	1,506,801,350
March	233,636,415	84,662,290	318,298,705	1,191,353,677	1,509,652,382
April	227,180,718	83,968,420	311,149,198	1,198,800,159	1,509,949,357
May	235,153,131	85,121,640	320,274,771	1,181,456,224	1,501,730,995
June	235,107,471	84,453,830	319,561,301	1,178,688,092	1,498,249,393
July	236,293,996	84,867,150	321,161,146	1,177,607,354	1,498,768,500
August	239,815,737	86,432,250	326,247,987	1,179,604,080	1,505,852,067
September	235,862,185	87,146,650	323,008,835	1,192,329,830	1,515,338,665
October	232,216,183	109,913,150	342,129,333	1,204,729,304	1,546,858,637
November	227,788,472	118,349,200	346,137,672	1,215,846,095	1,561,983,767
December	213,964,241	147,053,500	361,017,741	1,237,388,040	1,598,405,781
1883—January	217,286,075	158,012,410	375,298,485	1,239,044,735	1,614,343,220
February	227,198,919	159,486,710	386,685,629	1,232,933,659	1,619,619,288
March	230,452,675	162,310,051	392,762,726	1,236,309,527	1,629,072,253
April	232,731,536	172,209,951	404,941,487	1,238,063,103	1,643,004,590
May	233,393,499	175,299,271	408,692,770	1,241,167,880	1,649,860,650
June	242,188,649	184,370,471	426,559,120	1,235,995,053	1,662,554,173
July	247,669,232	185,633,451	433,302,683	1,233,591,108	1,666,893,791
August	252,841,310	187,789,721	440,631,031	1,232,881,749	1,673,512,780
September	249,981,216	188,930,481	438,911,697	1,240,640,080	1,679,551,777
October	250,700,835	195,528,081	446,228,916	1,246,304,887	1,692,533,803
November	251,202,484	202,180,731	453,383,215	1,251,850,783	1,705,233,998
December	244,039,831	215,490,531	459,530,362	1,262,769,127	1,722,299,489
1884—January	243,624,235	228,267,671	471,891,906	1,266,054,602	1,737,946,508
February	247,756,274	236,796,321	484,552,595	1,259,910,041	1,744,462,636
March	248,068,281	236,119,561	484,187,842	1,250,228,804	1,734,416,646
April	249,546,387	232,515,431	482,061,818	1,232,578,358	1,714,640,176
May	246,506,174	227,162,351	473,668,525	1,235,394,252	1,709,062,777
June	243,323,870	230,589,351	473,913,221	1,242,223,410	1,716,136,631
July	236,095,241	251,651,661	487,746,902	1,254,876,951	1,742,623,853
August	241,422,793	257,271,841	498,694,634	1,255,723,560	1,754,418,194
September	242,464,314	260,142,341	502,606,655	1,259,610,381	1,762,217,036
October	237,193,085	269,754,851	506,947,886	1,269,221,515	1,776,169,401
November	231,845,064	276,710,471	508,555,535	1,284,728,985	1,793,284,520
December	229,305,366	282,719,441	512,024,807	1,291,265,205	1,803,290,012

No. 53.—GENERAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE STOCK OF MONEY, AS BETWEEN THE TREASURY AND THE CIRCULATION, ETC.—Continued.

Month.	Belonging to Treasury.	On deposit in Treasury.	Total in Treasury.	In circulation.	Aggregate.
1885—January	$224,229,742	$305,606,231	$529,835,973	$1,298,964,789	$1,828,800,762
February	232,176,538	325,110,051	557,286,589	1,292,588,951	1,849,875,540
March	232,297,561	323,914,371	556,211,932	1,295,054,343	1,851,266,275
April	232,497,069	320,895,176	553,392,245	1,297,617,535	1,851,009,780
May	242,060,907	310,825,136	552,886,043	1,289,310,754	1,842,196,797
June	244,864,936	310,009,786	554,874,722	1,290,233,284	1,845,108,006
July	248,086,422	311,504,406	559,590,828	1,288,632,301	1,848,223,129
August	257,987,094	310,843,906	568,831,000	1,283,489,393	1,852,320,393
September	266,639,086	289,646,736	556,285,822	1,283,272,290	1,839,558,112
October	272,803,813	283,744,896	556,548,709	1,281,681,580	1,838,230,289
November	282,272,126	282,549,166	564,821,292	1,282,618,294	1,847,439,586
December	285,412,973	278,108,856	563,521,829	1,287,818,483	1,851,340,312
1886—January	291,332,609	277,936,036	569,268,645	1,285,700,564	1,854,969,209
February	299,241,760	277,841,536	577,083,296	1,276,704,711	1,853,788,007
March	300,733,519	272,871,566	573,605,085	1,268,787,750	1,842,392,835
April	302,401,450	270,726,296	573,127,746	1,265,563,525	1,838,691,271
May	307,483,912	265,990,840	573,474,752	1,255,392,054	1,828,866,806
June	308,830,703	265,651,920	574,482,623	1,249,012,086	1,823,494,709
July	310,995,131	261,844,779	572,839,910	1,249,148,110	1,821,988,020
August	320,164,085	253,690,579	573,854,664	1,247,783,088	1,821,637,752
September	313,074,676	251,144,229	564,218,905	1,264,158,589	1,828,377,494
October	305,429,946	250,202,529	555,632,475	1,280,561,628	1,836,194,103
November	305,292,012	251,952,429	557,244,441	1,293,149,536	1,850,393,977
December	298,753,955	255,996,511	554,750,466	1,314,386,297	1,869,136,763
1887—January	304,213,998	258,381,841	562,595,839	1,313,613,698	1,876,209,537
February	312,056,685	259,241,697	571,298,382	1,305,644,632	1,876,943,014
March	310,641,220	269,491,963	580,133,183	1,314,426,634	1,894,559,817
April	309,682,388	274,597,655	584,280,043	1,319,372,344	1,903,652,387
May	319,206,006	276,894,827	596,100,833	1,314,784,563	1,910,885,396
June	316,512,933	276,109,967	592,622,900	1,317,060,842	1,909,683,742
July	315,414,705	270,274,447	585,689,152	1,321,559,057	1,907,248,209
August	321,448,677	273,196,675	594,645,352	1,320,691,472	1,915,336,824
September	308,945,850	292,098,638	601,044,488	1,353,045,207	1,954,089,695
October	311,891,621	304,093,382	615,985,003	1,366,092,403	1,982,077,406
November	314,053,438	310,473,311	624,526,749	1,368,314,398	1,992,841,147
December	305,303,500	318,054,444	623,357,944	1,383,842,809	2,007,200,753
1888—January	308,589,702	330,698,751	639,288,453	1,382,675,898	2,021,964,351
February	320,647,897	340,934,209	661,582,106	1,371,512,365	2,033,094,471
March	324,414,748	342,067,283	666,482,031	1,368,496,311	2,034,978,342
April	325,090,934	343,812,834	668,903,768	1,371,663,106	2,040,566,874
May	320,110,618	372,959,668	693,070,286	1,371,158,130	2,064,228,416
June	319,067,278	386,179,922	705,247,200	1,372,089,070	2,077,336,270
July	321,855,456	404,540,765	726,396,221	1,367,723,177	2,094,119,398
August	330,763,985	401,264,478	732,028,463	1,360,621,622	2,092,650,085
September	309,979,848	402,046,076	712,025,924	1,384,059,734	2,096,085,658
October	286,900,020	415,934,926	702,834,946	1,407,634,748	2,110,469,694
November	287,019,521	424,466,434	711,485,955	1,405,884,161	2,117,370,116
December	281,536,690	417,914,716	699,451,406	1,406,248,107	2,105,699,513
1889—January	279,071,156	420,094,661	699,165,817	1,408,092,488	2,107,258,305
February	281,343,675	423,560,381	704,904,056	1,403,909,754	2,108,813,810
March	277,725,090	426,396,557	704,121,647	1,405,964,166	2,110,085,813
April	271,164,328	430,479,255	701,643,583	1,413,961,644	2,115,605,227
May	280,109,758	434,557,701	714,667,459	1,397,184,471	2,111,851,930
June	278,186,639	433,633,298	711,819,937	1,379,964,770	2,091,784,707
July	273,913,495	436,024,748	709,938,243	1,379,316,177	2,089,254,420
August	267,684,099	454,677,948	722,362,047	1,390,092,240	2,112,454,287
September	255,765,906	455,291,919	711,057,825	1,404,743,070	2,115,800,895
October	249,962,950	448,371,369	698,334,319	1,413,813,530	2,112,147,849
November	248,330,945	444,114,769	692,445,714	1,417,294,075	2,109,739,789
December	240,250,765	449,074,028	689,324,793	1,430,270,909	2,119,595,702
1890—January	237,127,126	455,415,928	692,543,054	1,435,784,284	2,128,327,338
February	249,236,968	457,547,278	706,784,246	1,425,359,301	2,132,143,547
March	241,099,620	462,215,742	703,315,362	1,437,099,522	2,140,414,884
April	243,315,561	465,081,992	708,397,553	1,437,470,094	2,145,867,647
May	251,916,769	468,048,625	719,965,394	1,430,815,326	2,150,780,720
June	255,892,905	471,362,730	727,255,635	1,429,496,191	2,156,751,826
July	251,010,626	474,073,040	725,083,666	1,431,578,602	2,156,662,268
August	247,389,952	478,650,340	726,040,292	1,435,917,227	2,161,957,519
September	192,494,361	500,576,090	693,070,451	1,497,804,599	2,190,875,050
October	197,483,624	506,185,043	703,668,667	1,498,852,407	2,202,521,074
November	199,942,004	511,473,893	711,415,897	1,504,497,238	2,215,913,135
December	185,053,533	516,198,247	701,251,780	1,528,736,268	2,229,988,048
1891—January	194,096,210	523,098,373	717,194,583	1,525,438,060	2,242,632,643
February	202,460,738	525,124,073	727,584,811	1,518,198,969	2,245,783,780
March	190,525,491	530,525,511	721,051,002	1,529,810,464	2,250,861,466
April	183,098,054	538,444,056	721,542,110	1,529,125,103	2,250,667,213
May	183,595,707	538,190,649	721,786,356	1,503,891,888	2,225,678,244
June	176,459,302	540,190,031	716,649,333	1,499,726,795	2,216,376,128
July	180,008,886	547,648,703	727,657,589	1,499,647,492	2,227,305,081

No. 53.—GENERAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE STOCK OF MONEY, AS BETWEEN THE TREASURY AND THE CIRCULATION, ETC.—Continued.

Month.	Belonging to Treasury.	On deposit in Treasury.	Total in Treasury.	In circulation.	Aggregate.
1891—August	$184,330,593	$559,078,603	$743,409,196	$1,505,931,943	$2,249,341,139
September	170,262,728	549,806,748	720,069,476	1,530,531,476	2,250,600,952
October	159,276,086	560,379,410	719,655,496	1,564,492,161	2,284,147,657
November	158,628,130	569,221,709	727,849,839	1,577,262,070	2,305,111,909
December	159,903,165	577,143,259	737,046,424	1,588,781,729	2,325,828,153
1892—January	153,339,469	605,423,412	758,762,881	1,603,855,128	2,362,618,009
February	150,363,638	621,248,974	771,612,612	1,609,558,892	2,381,171,504
March	153,878,031	628,098,049	781,976,080	1,608,641,520	2,390,617,600
April	146,226,719	629,922,571	776,149,290	1,613,572,244	2,389,721,534
May	142,871,652	634,081,717	776,953,369	1,620,010,229	2,396,963,598
June	147,906,092	620,245,304	768,151,396	1,603,073,338	2,371,224,734
July	147,409,313	619,675,803	767,085,116	1,601,949,325	2,369,034,441
August	149,702,165	615,455,530	765,157,695	1,599,256,584	2,364,414,279
September	154,759,126	606,769,628	761,528,754	1,596,049,983	2,357,578,737
October	151,757,069	598,008,876	749,765,945	1,606,139,735	2,355,905,680
November	151,070,029	598,369,656	749,439,685	1,614,790,266	2,364,229,951
December	154,252,049	599,467,016	753,719,065	1,610,683,874	2,364,402,939
1893—January	149,406,836	607,498,582	756,905,418	1,607,958,439	2,364,863,857
February	146,812,418	601,828,346	748,640,764	1,599,655,542	2,348,296,306
March	149,385,695	597,428,091	746,813,786	1,602,520,806	2,349,334,592
April	144,432,390	596,016,621	740,449,011	1,599,028,335	2,339,477,346
May	143,337,580	594,531,017	737,868,597	1,596,151,901	2,334,020,498
June	138,520,092	584,553,920	723,074,012	1,593,726,411	2,316,800,423
July	138,235,112	577,362,591	715,597,703	1,611,099,017	2,326,696,720
August	129,557,530	565,614,881	695,172,411	1,680,562,671	2,375,735,082
September	132,109,515	570,225,363	702,334,878	1,701,939,918	2,404,274,796
October	121,415,283	587,609,861	709,025,144	1,718,544,682	2,427,569,826
November	118,370,140	599,229,302	717,599,442	1,726,994,290	2,444,593,732
December	117,143,042	604,317,424	721,460,466	1,729,018,266	2,450,478,732
1894—January	108,372,617	612,059,181	720,431,798	1,739,783,511	2,460,215,309
February	160,845,098	609,909,907	770,755,005	1,690,675,152	2,461,430,157
March	159,614,695	614,627,040	774,241,735	1,690,714,808	2,464,956,543
April	153,996,147	619,989,795	773,985,942	1,691,793,990	2,465,779,932
May	145,215,497	621,128,445	766,343,942	1,675,669,401	2,442,013,343
June	141,787,882	615,355,820	757,143,702	1,664,061,232	2,421,204,934
July	139,763,280	616,972,329	756,735,609	1,657,574,239	2,414,309,848
August	149,021,888	615,350,572	764,372,460	1,646,671,481	2,411,043,941
September	145,333,860	612,436,470	757,770,330	1,655,038,982	2,412,809,312
October	130,653,343	607,486,421	738,139,764	1,672,093,422	2,410,233,186
November	170,139,847	606,270,843	776,410,690	1,637,226,451	2,413,637,141
December	176,422,466	590,134,104	766,556,570	1,626,568,622	2,393,125,192
895—January	166,535,702	578,777,914	745,313,616	1,613,657,515	2,358,971,131
February	208,801,355	572,755,530	781,556,885	1,574,534,557	2,356,091,442
March	213,068,981	567,944,442	781,013,423	1,584,184,424	2,365,197,847
April	203,956,684	566,688,624	770,645,308	1,599,434,154	2,370,079,462
May	207,623,292	573,366,743	780,990,035	1,606,179,556	2,387,169,591
June	214,950,703	579,207,863	794,158,566	1,604,131,968	2,398,290,534
July	209,677,315	581,799,693	791,477,008	1,614,533,786	2,406,010,794
August	208,758,113	602,384,693	811,142,806	1,603,583,028	2,414,725,834
September	211,614,611	600,227,693	811,842,304	1,585,593,509	2,397,435,813
October	205,521,752	591,102,673	796,624,425	1,598,859,316	2,395,483,741
November	202,607,758	582,987,673	785,595,431	1,594,195,479	2,379,790,910
December	204,202,686	568,023,673	772,226,359	1,579,206,724	2,351,433,083
1896—January	195,851,629	562,542,773	758,394,402	1,589,720,607	2,348,115,009
February	274,635,928	558,551,273	833,187,201	1,528,742,057	2,361,929,258
March	283,859,345	562,909,253	846,768,598	1,528,629,463	2,375,398,061
April	280,213,372	560,594,253	840,807,625	1,540,007,082	2,380,814,707
May	283,842,131	555,646,973	839,489,104	1,521,584,283	2,361,073,387
June	288,679,727	547,110,973	835,790,700	1,509,725,200	2,345,515,900
July	279,387,590	555,212,973	834,600,563	1,514,903,142	2,349,503,705
August	267,739,496	563,656,973	831,396,469	1,539,169,634	2,370,566,103
September	266,947,206	564,524,323	831,471,529	1,582,302,289	2,413,773,818
October	254,695,938	564,340,923	819,036,861	1,627,055,614	2,446,092,475
November	251,299,785	567,523,923	818,823,708	1,646,444,746	2,465,268,454
December	255,367,336	580,809,573	836,176,909	1,650,223,400	2,486,400,309
1897—January	244,640,096	595,975,573	840,615,669	1,665,977,688	2,506,593,357
February	239,491,737	606,977,573	846,469,310	1,675,694,953	2,522,164,263
March	249,646,047	607,702,473	857,348,520	1,669,000,694	2,526,349,214
April	253,543,364	605,107,473	858,650,837	1,666,560,383	2,525,211,220
May	253,831,317	595,535,953	849,367,270	1,659,733,895	2,509,101,165
June	261,341,453	590,878,953	852,220,406	1,646,028,246	2,498,248,652
July	260,694,157	588,513,953	849,208,110	1,646,471,139	2,495,679,249
August	246,067,762	593,961,953	840,029,715	1,665,680,098	2,505,709,813
September	242,583,797	589,070,953	831,654,750	1,678,840,538	2,510,495,288

No. 54.—UNITED STATES NOTES AND TREASURY NOTES REDEEMED IN GOLD, AND IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD, DURING EACH MONTH, FROM JANUARY, 1879.

Month.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	Total.	Imports of gold.	Exports of gold.
1879—January	$1,571,725		$1,571,725	$274,707	$346,096
February	909,249		909,249	137,386	115,513
March	952,766		952,766	188,500	76,985
April	699,773		699,773	170,894	426,310
May	1,339,883		1,339,883	185,225	350,003
June	2,503,302		2,503,302	143,338	1,441,060
July	954,800		954,800	251,381	349,779
August	981,400		981,400	6,723,313	350,664
September	603,485		603,485	27,528,082	132,443
October	740,295		740,295	19,178,631	285,826
November	77,499		77,499	17,423,834	105,999
December	122,359		122,359	6,562,650	134,768
1880—January	71,500		71,500	795,568	226,205
February	72,080		72,080	464,473	149,612
March	43,020		43,020	892,180	1,166,679
April	16,000		16,000	166,432	89,192
May	51,000		51,000	123,580	106,497
June	47,200		47,200	648,272	541,361
July	25,000		25,000	244,330	61,886
August	22,000		22,000	9,145,390	90,909
September	150,000		150,000	15,846,998	80,914
October	9,000		9,000	16,256,058	169,871
November	12,000		12,000	9,555,391	220,759
December	25,000		25,000	16,506,026	158,574
1881—January	15,000		15,000	4,739,902	30,415
February	13,750		13,750	577,478	271,379
March				7,169,774	160,786
April				15,351,980	88,593
May				1,315,777	614,498
June				322,155	616,548
July				750,852	112,361
August				5,427,196	178,648
September				10,660,641	148,166
October				8,295,490	176,941
November				3,059,202	97,124
December				2,728,173	108,084
1882—January	40,000		40,000	1,134,040	102,219
February				468,825	7,231,393
March				839,566	3,228,840
April				551,301	2,342,449
May				204,626	13,289,404
June				257,142	5,572,251
July				162,202	4,754,422
August				424,878	1,637,212
September	75,000		75,000	1,135,799	229,849
October				3,835,410	104,616
November				2,241,787	52,725
December				2,146,952	175,699
1883—January				1,309,639	34,000
February				291,011	745,715
March				3,244,859	284,180
April				2,311,351	2,050,215
May				232,015	935,106
June				398,246	597,149
July				429,754	100,870
August				1,977,354	132,323
September				2,233,272	196,345
October				4,261,430	132,530
November				4,363,818	403,368
December				1,003,212	436,969
1884—January				525,413	153,766
February				422,304	3,411,157
March	380,000		380,000	903,201	12,224,135
April	30,000		30,000	3,010,429	21,047,525
May				1,626,531	2,711,864
June	180,000		180,000	2,074,599	131,105
July				2,283,103	159,106
August				2,758,300	175,619
September				1,477,672	77,350
October				2,451,402	192,533
November	100,000		100,000	8,192,904	443,529
December	120,000		120,000	2,231,799	220,557
1885—January	460,000		460,000	2,074,923	1,446,326
February	215,000		215,000	1,887,965	1,635,828
March	995,000		995,000	1,756,597	833,082
April				782,533	1,157,995
May				564,735	1,393,975
June	332,000		332,000	229,763	741,992
July	464,500		464,500	588,412	1,329,570

No. 54.—UNITED STATES NOTES AND TREASURY NOTES REDEEMED IN GOLD, AND IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD, ETC.—Continued.

Month.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	Total.	Imports of gold.	Exports of gold.
1885—August	$105,200	.....	$105,200	$733,907	$359,317
September	91,900	.....	91,900	2,986,116	151,568
October	48,300	.....	48,300	1,323,811	139,120
November	85,300	.....	85,300	5,096,358	438,460
December	130,200	.....	130,200	5,620,191	1,789,974
1886—January	63,500	.....	63,500	1,705,841	2,581,674
February	126,200	.....	126,200	986,384	5,654,309
March	647,800	.....	647,800	840,337	9,920,761
April	514,600	.....	514,600	350,751	4,812,256
May	1,754,100	.....	1,754,100	248,550	7,395,039
June	2,832,099	.....	2,832,099	262,691	8,380,143
July	1,296,339	.....	1,296,339	582,052	1,175,311
August	1,446,269	.....	1,446,269	4,958,557	130,765
September	239,200	.....	239,200	4,994,609	308,360
October	173,200	.....	173,200	5,412,995	264,012
November	146,000	.....	146,000	9,310,607	355,245
December	110,200	.....	110,200	11,655,807	305,347
1887—January	104,600	.....	104,600	3,535,928	628,993
February	125,640	.....	125,640	143,611	1,677,397
March	174,250	.....	174,250	577,965	2,444,926
April	142,230	.....	142,230	329,278	1,494,246
May	175,825	.....	175,825	903,939	296,269
June	90,320	.....	90,320	505,253	620,316
July	115,700	.....	115,700	2,177,752	495,776
August	149,820	.....	149,820	5,978,776	241,961
September	135,160	.....	135,160	14,089,274	175,917
October	43,790	.....	43,790	12,889,682	312,503
November	46,390	.....	46,390	1,952,593	390,136
December	36,220	.....	36,220	1,805,248	365,986
1888—January	19,250	.....	19,250	395,471	624,290
February	30,924	.....	30,924	1,014,068	1,667,018
March	14,021	.....	14,021	2,270,840	2,113,510
April	38,950	.....	38,950	748,164	958,087
May	49,371	.....	49,371	319,279	7,876,774
June	13,000	.....	13,000	293,170	3,154,276
July	78,990	.....	78,990	347,046	3,829,852
August	69,363	.....	69,363	207,843	191,130
September	22,433	.....	22,433	1,275,356	323,425
October	57,071	.....	57,071	1,222,189	686,472
November	30,226	.....	30,226	1,960,847	5,376,262
December	51,582	.....	51,582	906,500	7,725,351
1889—January	31,350	.....	31,350	649,006	1,197,080
February	16,407	.....	16,407	817,400	1,478,208
March	19,240	.....	19,240	680,359	4,392,584
April	14,800	.....	14,800	805,753	3,176,014
May	139,369	.....	139,369	753,894	13,445,033
June	199,312	.....	199,312	658,665	18,130,874
July	79,936	.....	79,936	856,332	5,281,786
August	16,475	.....	16,475	497,927	420,176
September	12,124	.....	12,124	2,409,691	289,580
October	370,028	.....	370,028	796,988	2,233,463
November	18,698	.....	18,698	1,773,767	575,742
December	41,809	.....	41,809	1,304,850	312,920
1890—January	111,295	.....	111,295	1,059,837	460,969
February	10,893	.....	10,893	1,476,433	1,170,690
March	9,513	.....	9,513	1,622,432	1,456,824
April	19,464	.....	19,464	478,353	1,052,355
May	30,164	.....	30,164	280,902	288,620
June	11,987	.....	11,987	385,830	3,731,366
July	45,220	.....	45,220	1,195,054	11,860,029
August	19,740	.....	19,740	1,724,565	2,135,853
September	12,650	.....	12,650	1,425,632	281,627
October	11,520	.....	11,520	2,621,638	425,235
November	24,873	.....	24,873	1,926,401	567,152
December	31,954	.....	31,954	6,033,013	632,354
1891—January	47,229	.....	47,229	1,397,918	728,246
February	41,493	.....	41,493	565,304	4,010,146
March	66,399	.....	66,399	614,170	5,155,736
April	41,055	.....	41,055	233,318	14,163,116
May	2,288,479	.....	2,288,479	212,648	30,580,760
June	3,355,458	.....	3,355,458	282,906	15,822,400
July	1,835,912	.....	1,835,912	1,029,148	6,662,674
August	297,633	.....	297,633	1,394,755	172,168
September	242,820	.....	242,820	7,451,428	345,290
October	481,249	$281,810	763,059	16,897,947	809,595
November	191,254	214,840	406,094	8,871,717	381,949
December	127,746	190,220	317,966	6,018,851	254,501
1892—January	152,093	159,960	312,053	552,014	246,466
February	205,830	270,370	476,200	2,826,962	6,507,180

No. 54.—UNITED STATES NOTES AND TREASURY NOTES REDEEMED IN GOLD, AND IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD, ETC.—Continued.

Month.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	Total.	Imports of gold.	Exports of gold.
1892—March	$476,401	$256,330	$732.731	$3,084,406	$6,309,956
April	438,156	258,570	696,726	487,041	7,521,823
May	334,823	287,300	622,123	591,159	3,854,222
June	568,326	1,854,200	2,422,526	494,026	17,129,503
July	4,086,055	5,148,650	9,234,705	542,440	10,782,638
August	1,049,414	5,091,460	6,140,874	333,282	6,049,981
September	2,264,089	1,823,710	4,087,799	1,303,536	3,627,663
October	282,665	316,200	598,865	3,118,330	484,250
November	406,206	291,940	698,146	2,577,212	1,138,647
December	5,699,755	4,538,057	10,237,812	1,540,538	12,879,727
1893—January	6,359,126	5,137,491	11,496,617	370,843	12,584,396
February	5,811,299	8,017,365	13,828,664	1,257,539	14,245,607
March	1,641,923	3,284,530	4,926,453	6,608,437	8,113,428
April	12,568,555	7,483,355	20,051,910	803,985	19,148,964
May	12,076,934	4,470,915	16,547,849	1,708,557	16,914,317
June	3,073,104	1,177,547	4,250,651	1,009,682	2,711,226
July	771,935	264,080	1,036,015	5,950,613	174,212
August	1,189,757	1,158,465	2,348,222	41,572,031	949,502
September	143,592	197,135	340,727	6,678,945	1,436,862
October	262,512	432,880	695,392	1,583,937	511,018
November	299,252	217,120	516,372	4,471,575	351,743
December	295,523	221,895	517,418	746,245	2,654,545
1894—January	118,841	237,515	356,356	705,647	1,279,437
February	10,982,624	8,210,730	19,193,354	2,140,982	3,209,317
March	2,266,426	1,194,766	3,461,192	1,091,392	4,020,633
April	6,072,042	1,594,085	7,666,127	2,321,661	11,723,771
May	25,131,412	1,409,670	26,541,082	4,282,743	27,406,801
June	20,708,492	1,461,401	22,169,893	903,348	23,280,220
July	13,367,864	555,511	13,923,375	1,406,629	14,230,201
August	4,209,853	531,560	4,741,413	3,183,348	5,118,651
September	636,031	300,487	936,518	655,595	237,477
October	2,542,719	505,171	3,047,890	1,602,665	1,082,814
November	7,085,133	714,614	7,799,747	1,935,601	428,213
December	30,819,622	1,087,599	31,907,221	377,950	9,802,389
1895—January	43,415,283	1,702,455	45,117,738	1,231,339	25,929,828
February	4,784,907	776,045	5,560,952	5,632,197	1,565,194
March	809,495	279,590	1,089,085	7,246,384	3,126,094
April	733,525	284,046	1,017,571	4,923,371	2,893,610
May	734,747	431,745	1,166,492	4,856,264	1,585,071
June	644,621	401,575	1,046,196	2,095,391	131,641
July	3,122,620	704,175	3,826,795	571,451	3,867,518
August	16,218,815	345,252	16,564,067	1,534,086	16,667,261
September	17,119,814	257,670	17,377,484	749,456	17,424,065
October	1,849,018	317,865	2,166,883	1,797,040	1,873,897
November	15,616,190	418,400	16,034,590	591,309	14,059,497
December	19,787,951	424,744	20,212,695	1,310,448	15,481,347
1896—January	15,686,024	762,484	16,448,508	10,367,940	10,566,526
February	21,080,551	656,325	21,736,876	11,559,089	2,183,700
March	6,381,296	475,250	6,856,546	677,733	384,080
April	6,754,718	375,900	7,130,618	1,119,768	3,782,266
May	21,726,600	312,947	22,039,547	604,498	19,103,913
June	7,963,994	297,353	8,261,347	837,669	6,915,066
July	16,275,406	1,009,672	17,285,078	1,505,928	11,908,141
August	11,388,806	980,919	12,369,725	4,057,101	1,970,104
September	3,436,733	1,224,713	4,661,446	34,159,130	61,050
October	9,906,832	2,167,003	12,073,835	27,961,083	343,168
November	3,137,149	925,261	4,062,410	7,344,228	423,399
December	858,444	273,402	1,131,846	2,567,115	405,856
1897—January	594,412	351,656	946,068	556,621	371,944
February	521,355	402,769	924,124	544,700	336,697
March	679,382	569,947	1,249,329	884,166	572,068
April	6,934,575	567,433	7,502,008	619,452	6,629,406
May	8,044,965	837,635	8,882,600	561,666	9,467,211
June	6,594,864	518,581	7,113,445	650,343	7,625,678
July	5,072,208	202,935	5,275,143	592,197	5,460,119
August	2,875,606	240,670	3,116,276	4 374,175	1,983,588
September	2,598,140	144,033	2,742,173	4,289,423	142,922

No. 55.—UNITED STATES NOTES AND TREASURY NOTES REDEEMED IN GOLD, AND IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD, DURING EACH FISCAL YEAR, FROM JANUARY 1, 1879.

Fiscal year.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	Total.	Imports of gold.	Exports of gold.
1879 (6 months)	$7,976,698	.....	$7,976,698	$1,100,050	$2,755,967
1880	3,780,638	.....	3,780,638	80,758,396	3,639,025
1881	271,750	.....	271,750	100,031,259	2,565,132
1882	40,000	.....	40,000	34,377,054	32,587,880
1883	75,000	.....	75,000	17,734,149	11,600,888
1884	590,000	.....	590,000	22,831,317	41,081,957
1885	2,222,000	.....	2,222,000	26,691,696	8,477,892
1886	6,863,699	.....	6,863,699	20,743,349	42,952,191
1887	4,224,073	.....	4,224,073	42,910,601	9,701,187
1888	692,596	.....	692,596	43,934,317	18,376,234
1889	730,143	.....	730,143	10,284,858	59,952,285
1890	732,386	.....	732,386	12,943,342	17,274,491
1891	5,986,070	.....	5,986,070	18,232,567	86,362,654
1892	5,352,243	$3,773,600	9,125,843	49,699,454	50,195,327
1893	55,319,125	46,781,220	102,100,345	21,174,381	108,680,844
1894	68,242,408	16,599,742	84,842,150	72,449,119	76,978,061
1895	109,783,800	7,570,398	117,354,198	35,146,734	66,131,183
1896	153,307,591	5,348,365	158,655,956	31,720,487	112,309,136
1897	68,372,923	9,828,991	78,201,914	81,411,533	40,114,722
1898 (3 months)	10,545,954	587,638	11,133,592	9,255,795	7,586,629
Total	505,109,097	90,489,954	595,599,051	733,430,458	799,323,685

No. 56.—TREASURY NOTES OF 1890 ISSUED, RETIRED BY REDEMPTION IN SILVER DOLLARS, AND OUTSTANDING, TOGETHER WITH THE SILVER IN THE TREASURY PURCHASED BY SUCH NOTES, FOR EACH MONTH.

Month.	Issued.	Retired by redemption.	Outstanding.	Bullion in Treasury.	Dollars in Treasury.
1890—August	$3,609,000	.....	$3,609,000	$2,029,000	$1,580,000
September	4,460,000	.....	8,069,000	4,278,113	3,790,887
October	5,880,000	.....	13,949,000	10,470,076	3,478,924
November	5,309,800	.....	19,258,800	13,101,676	6,157,124
December	4,831,700	.....	24,090,500	14,124,934	9,965,566
1891—January	4,713,500	.....	28,804,000	14,974,796	13,829,204
February	4,346,700	.....	33,150,700	16,854,679	16,296,021
March	3,942,500	.....	37,093,200	20,211,441	16,881,759
April	4,638,000	.....	41,731,200	22,139,770	19,591,430
May	3,946,147	.....	45,677,347	23,759,733	21,917,614
June	4,551,070	.....	50,228,417	26,436,577	23,791,840
July	4,765,618	.....	54,994,035	32,090,570	22,903,465
August	4,692,000	.....	59,686,035	36,635,860	23,050,175
September	4,565,095	.....	64,251,130	41,107,368	23,143,762
October	4,474,140	.....	68,725,270	45,415,416	23,309,854
November	4,234,382	.....	72,959,652	49,407,537	23,552,115
December	4,367,450	.....	77,327,102	53,568,583	23,758,519
1892—January	4,225,898	.....	81,553,000	57,546,991	24,006,009
February	3,683,212	.....	85,236,212	60,889,156	24,347,056
March	4,365,986	.....	89,602,198	65,202,103	24,400,095
April	3,626,492	.....	93,228,690	68,388,595	24,840,095
May	4,163,296	.....	97,391,986	71,971,891	25,420,095
June	4,320,085	.....	101,712,071	76,213,601	25,498,470
July	3,854,099	.....	105,566,170	80,058,809	25,507,361
August	3,816,467	.....	109,382,637	83,037,276	26,345,361
September	3,101,698	.....	112,484,335	85,548,874	26,935,461
October	4,126,898	.....	116,611,233	88,919,772	27,691,461
November	4,185,480	.....	120,796,713	92,541,252	28,255,461
December	3,948,910	.....	124,745,623	96,279,162	28,466,461
1893—January	3,200,866	.....	127,946,489	98,806,908	29,139,581
February	3,921,364	.....	131,867,853	102,491,392	29,376,461
March	3,622,295	.....	135,490,148	106,219,687	29,270,461
April	3,579,630	.....	139,069,778	109,814,857	29,254,921
May	4,120,096	.....	143,189,874	113,781,413	29,408,461
June	4,000,353	.....	147,190,227	117,734,621	29,455,606
July	1,096,121	.....	148,286,348	118,830,742	29,455,606
August	2,868,877	$1,273,267	149,881,958	121,749,619	28,132,339
September	1,982,616	545,534	151,319,040	123,787,758	27,531,282
October	1,909,481	493,333	152,735,188	125,797,838	26,937,350
November	883,680	165,239	153,453,629	126,816,864	26,636,765
December	.....	293,478	153,160,151	126,758,403	26,401,748
1894—January	.....	89,243	153,070,908	126,756,175	26,314,733
February	.....	69,724	153,001,184	126,758,196	26,242,988
March	.....	100,867	152,900,317	126,757,765	26,142,552
April	.....	87,245	152,813,072	126,757,765	26,055,307

No. 56.—TREASURY NOTES OF 1890 ISSUED, RETIRED BY REDEMPTION IN SILVER DOLLARS, AND OUTSTANDING, ETC.—Continued.

Month.	Issued.	Retired by redemption.	Outstanding.	Bullion in Treasury.	Dollars in Treasury.
1894—May		$133,330	$152,679,742	$126,757,765	$25,921,977
June		95,325	152,584,417	126,757,586	25,826,831
July		137,291	152,447,126	126,586,599	25,860,527
August		295,757	152,151,369	125,883,926	26,267,443
September		542,102	151,609,267	125,479,635	26,129,632
October		468,699	151,140,568	124,619,635	26,520,933
November		161,498	150,979,070	124,739,421	26,239,649
December		155,339	150,823,731	124,450,023	26,373,708
1895—January		72,190	150,751,541	124,291,481	26,460,060
February		46,384	150,705,157	124,052,481	26,652,676
March		375,068	150,330,089	124,187,305	26,142,784
April		745,618	149,584,471	123,987,305	25,597,166
May		1,540,191	148,044,280	123,920,712	24,123,568
June		1,955,880	146,088,400	123,858,712	22,229,688
July		598,120	145,490,280	124,001,762	21,488,518
August		995,000	144,495,280	124,001,762	20,493,518
September		829,000	143,666,280	124,001,672	19,664,608
October		2,574,000	141,092,280	124,001,672	17,090,608
November		1,509,000	139,583,280	124,001,672	15,581,608
December		1,812,000	137,771,280	124,001,672	13,769,608
1896—January		447,000	137,324,280	124,001,352	13,322,928
February		605,000	136,719,280	122,571,352	14,147,928
March		638,000	136,081,280	121,649,235	14,432,045
April		3,012,000	133,069,280	120,351,847	12,717,433
May		1,684,000	131,385,280	119,455,286	11,929,994
June		1,702,000	129,683,280	118,385,698	11,297,582
July		1,340,000	128,343,280	118,184,676	10,158,604
August		1,602,000	126,741,280	116,210,491	10,530,789
September		1,737,000	125,004,280	114,208,518	10,795,762
October		1,775,000	123,229,280	112,309,846	10,919,434
November		1,552,000	121,677,280	111,366,390	10,310,890
December		1,861,000	119,816,280	110,031,784	9,784,496
1897—January		1,418,000	118,398,280	108,898,116	9,500,164
February		848,000	117,550,280	108,100,232	9,450,048
March		419,000	117,131,280	107,035,303	10,095,977
April		435,000	116,696,280	106,144,777	10,551,503
May		914,000	115,782,280	105,184,251	10,598,029
June		915,000	114,867,280	103,800,623	11,066,657
July		953,000	113,914,280	104,261,076	9,653,204
August		1,242,000	112,672,280	104,261,076	8,411,204
September		1,338,000	111,334,280	104,201,026	7,133,254
Total	$155,931,002	44,596,722			

No. 57.—TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE SUBTREASURY AND CLEARING HOUSE IN NEW YORK DURING EACH MONTH, FROM JULY, 1880.

Month.	Checks sent to clearing house.	Checks received from clearing house.	Balances due subtreasury.	Balances due clearing house.
1880—July	$7,321,258.30	$25,917,765.27		$18,596,506.97
August	7,446,734.73	28,782,133.30	$46,906.03	21,382,304.60
September	8,032,420.29	40,727,824.68	105,468.08	32,800,872.47
October	7,452,416.85	39,981,819.08		32,529,402.23
November	7,249,489.67	21,201,952.43	146,212.50	14,098,675.26
December	6,281,584.70	32,258,363.82	47,694.04	26,024,473.16
1881—January	6,314,294.17	26,861,820.38		20,547,526.21
February	11,901,271.88	20,385,496.47	3,908,354.85	12,392,579.44
March	7,339,707.92	30,849,241.90		23,509,533.98
April	4,162,802.18	39,433,360.97		35,270,558.79
May	5,598,979.73	28,026,511.15		22,427,531.42
June	4,030,937.00	19,642,552.81		15,611,615.81
July	7,712,418.18	33,224,135.81		25,511,717.63
August	12,066,887.20	22,550,716.21	1,354,702.11	11,838,531.12
September	9,571,313.04	42,436,882.28	64,377.61	32,929,946.85
October	10,518,934.57	41,322,740.16		30,803,805.59
November	10,003,041.31	19,158,872.98	605,283.56	9,761,115.23
December	10,672,260.43	31,855,546.95		21,183,286.52
1882—January	9,120,253.39	31,882,826.81		22,762,573.42
February	8,823,267.09	16,313,210.92	61,914.23	7,551,858.06
March	7,791,364.59	30,703,829.02		22,912,464.43
April	8,207,533.89	33,386,242.20		25,178,708.31
May	11,068,685.62	24,877,111.98	29,549.90	13,837,976.26
June	11,425,829.30	29,979,669.23	496,712.66	19,050,552.59
July	11,587,438.74	32,701,010.38	51,847.90	21,165,419.54

No. 57.—TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE SUBTREASURY AND CLEARING HOUSE IN NEW YORK DURING EACH MONTH, FROM JULY, 1880—Continued.

Month.	Checks sent to clearing house.	Checks received from clearing house.	Balances due subtreasury.	Balances due clearing house.
1882—August	$11,989,235.62	$30,384,357.32	$111,659.85	$18,506,781.55
September	12,521,011.04	30,736,071.62	146,102.53	18,361,163.11
October	11,753,823.68	29,758,721.56	623,006.36	18,627,904.24
November	10,888,947.91	24,758,321.16	72,043.22	13,941,416.47
December	10,382,375.99	37,878,097.20	.....	27,495,721.21
1883—January	10,072,753.84	27,014,807.10	64,914.97	17,006,968.23
February	10,118,147.30	16,334,894.33	278,069.51	6,494,816.54
March	11,551,061.55	23,876,731.25	314,619.64	12,640,289.34
April	8,064,996.50	22,326,005.53	.....	14,261,009.03
May	11,659,331.13	29,382,432.79	.....	17,723,101.66
June	9,390,987.30	22,150,859.38	.....	12,759,872.08
July	9,074,257.66	23,226,978.95	.....	14,152,721.29
August	10,524,505.70	22,462,789.27	361,242.42	12,299,525.99
September	10,096,816.27	26,136,031.46	.....	16,039,215.19
October	10,324,684.37	23,080,314.17	380,431.75	13,136,061.55
November	9,110,773.30	25,351,265.57	7,417.90	16,247,910.17
December	9,352,506.32	26,605,052.32	.....	17,252,546.00
1884—January	7,882,354.05	29,348,109.97	5,690.67	21,471,446.59
February	9,235,039.76	22,580,455.21	2,675.64	13,348,091.09
March	9,461,406.98	25,279,126.34	.....	15,817,719.36
April	8,983,812.58	22,824,779.82	.....	13,840,967.24
May	13,092,598.63	22,540,655.05	574,421.64	10,022,478.06
June	9,527,244.64	26,106,390.19	.....	16,579,145.55
July	8,937,994.32	36,376,994.58	.....	27,439,000.26
August	9,736,396.56	23,387,931.91	56,488.31	13,708,023.66
September	8,614,439.14	19,525,520.63	.....	10,911,081.49
October	8,969,306.13	26,791,477.84	.....	17,822,171.71
November	8,129,669.44	25,849,772.68	.....	17,720,103.24
December	9,324,234.48	19,268,519.73	.....	9,944,285.25
1885—January	7,922,161.39	29,645,250.91	.....	21,723,089.52
February	10,374,758.06	14,424,711.58	492,493.47	4,542,446.99
March	9,420,039.39	17,810,670.04	.....	8,390,630.65
April	7,858,113.72	22,761,776.11	.....	14,903,662.39
May	10,777,526.63	20,643,732.71	145,302.30	10,011,508.38
June	9,355,432.99	22,344,361.39	.....	12,988,928.40
July	10,066,644.51	23,830,804.82	12,911.10	13,777,071.41
August	9,259,193.95	17,022,142.40	38,620.67	7,801,569.12
September	12,594,235.36	19,542,363.87	150,973.51	7,099,102.02
October	13,819,131.62	20,915,227.66	843,999.03	7,940,095.07
November	9,539,233.94	14,720,003.28	273,584.22	5,454,353.56
December	10,769,312.50	21,595,770.13	.....	10,826,457.63
1886—January	8,955,277.57	28,589,627.99	.....	19,634,350.42
February	10,739,318.85	24,118,923.92	44,890.78	13,424,495.85
March	11,617,293.85	27,544,302.98	.....	15,927,009.13
April	9,020,067.36	26,880,394.15	.....	17,860,326.79
May	9,737,500.61	22,646,906.53	.....	12,909,405.92
June	9,665,310.41	29,449,019.57	278,300.55	20,062,009.71
July	9,870,226.58	28,722,219.31	.....	18,851,992.73
August	10,728,210.72	20,666,782.11	.....	9,938,571.39
September	11,033,624.36	40,289,060.00	.....	29,255,435.64
October	10,562,348.44	38,427,715.67	.....	27,865,367.23
November	10,570,163.76	32,355,120.89	.....	21,784,957.13
December	11,156,037.39	41,531,713.83	.....	30,375,676.44
1887—January	8,548,894.43	27,908,891.95	.....	19,359,997.52
February	8,873,638.51	21,644,094.52	178,360.02	12,948,766.03
March	9,282,306.75	27,862,358.57	.....	18,580,051.82
April	7,880,116.57	25,977,634.75	.....	18,097,518.18
May	9,039,955.26	20,258,688.61	.....	11,218,733.35
June	9,126,355.84	27,826,621.43	3,049.55	18,703,315.14
July	8,015,851.62	27,212,414.30	.....	19,196,562.68
August	9,248,858.76	26,433,997.75	.....	17,185,138.99
September	9,167,233.41	42,348,851.15	.....	33,181,617.74
October	6,498,590.29	31,822,007.57	.....	25,323,417.28
November	4,063,142.17	16,066,465.76	.....	12,003,323.59
December	4,994,683.48	26,749,164.40	.....	21,754,480.92
1888—January	5,916,126.90	25,553,115.79	.....	19,636,988.89
February	10,382,523.15	17,603,884.05	382,681.63	7,604,042.53
March	10,527,854.92	21,987,549.95	.....	11,459,695.03
April	9,149,388.47	30,408,631.42	.....	21,259,242.95
May	11,294,863.72	37,798,822.77	.....	26,503,959.05
June	10,140,418.35	33,864,838.22	.....	23,724,419.87
July	9,830,204.30	30,192,607.59	.....	20,362,403.29
August	10,273,561.88	28,614,545.60	.....	18,340,983.72
September	10,488,683.11	53,056,953.48	.....	42,568,270.37
October	12,023,930.06	52,272,571.24	.....	40,248,641.18
November	9,918,115.71	25,707,727.13	.....	15,789,611.42
December	12,342,375.91	32,903,230.24	1,422,894.17	21,983,748.50
1889—January	13,893,325.24	39,741,346.97	.....	25,848,021.73
February	12,591,350.12	30,592,857.29	846,064.19	18,847,571.36

No. 57.—TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE SUBTREASURY AND CLEARING HOUSE IN NEW YORK DURING EACH MONTH, FROM JULY, 1880—Continued.

Month.	Checks sent to clearing house.	Checks received from clearing house.	Balances due subtreasury.	Balances due clearing house.
1889—March	$12,284,610.12	$33,640,692.49		$21,356,082.37
April	9,114,725.88	37,905,418.28		28,790,692.40
May	10,433,587.67	28,577,420.79		18,143,833.12
June	8,914,534.39	31,224,279.91		22,309,745.52
July	10,092,520.35	33,567,355.63		23,474,835.28
August	10,815,812.30	39,019,021.20		28,203,208.90
September	10,837,349.39	31,835,275.71		20,997,926.32
October	11,023,505.88	33,226,585.41		22,203,079.53
November	9,899,617.36	24,743,492.26		14,843,874.90
December	11,153,958.66	31,951,429.43		20,797,470.77
1890—January	9,048,455.32	36,177,804.32		27,129,349.00
February	9,526,330.32	18,020,397.17		8,494,066.85
March	11,419,301.33	32,065,422.90		20,646,121.57
April	10,539,627.16	27,869,111.99		17,329,484.83
May	11,946,677.40	21,869,115.82	$33,185.69	9,955,624.11
June	10,292,415.15	29,050,033.43		18,757,618.28
July	11,994,282.63	39,133,522.04		27,139,239.41
August	11,853,751.42	27,778,087.62		15,924,336.20
September	12,373,366.15	64,569,721.82		52,196,355.67
October	13,006,532.10	31,087,577.91		18,081,045.81
November	11,138,414.78	22,465,579.41		11,327,164.63
December	12,780,464.99	30,402,783.40		17,622,318.41
1891—January	9,690,592.79	32,296,425.01		22,605,832.22
February	9,622,421.41	22,678,822.45		13,056,401.04
March	11,604,663.62	32,486,784.43		20,882,120.81
April	9,486,266.76	24,724,064.01		15,237,797.25
May	7,668,010.80	21,026,886.09		13,358,875.29
June	9,806,284.40	34,665,475.58		24,859,191.18
July	12,736,628.26	29,919,667.46		17,183,039.20
August	11,322,335.05	21,811,463.68	277,014.70	10,766,143.33
September	10,928,834.78	30,809,121.45		19,880,286.67
October	10,988,925.54	33,251,199.39		22,262,273.85
November	9,685,924.89	23,176,574.03		13,490,649.14
December	11,522,284.61	26,938,941.24		15,416,656.63
1892—January	9,043,732.90	35,118,064.88		26,074,331.98
February	9,949,586.47	24,599,498.53		14,649,912.06
March	11,328,222.39	23,865,249.01		12,537,026.62
April	9,980,372.21	27,698,240.58		17,717,868.37
May	8,191,441.58	23,513,858.69		15,322,417.11
June	9,850,882.24	27,556,675.22		17,705,792.98
July	11,692,043.79	34,629,796.29		22,937,752.50
August	11,559,382.76	26,665,979.79		15,106,597.03
September	10,531,889.07	23,890,158.54		13,358,269.47
October	12,245,811.11	29,008,268.02		16,762,456.91
November	9,654,078.19	24,442,257.04		14,788,178.85
December	11,424,429.00	27,784,922.49		16,360,493.49
1893—January	9,978,473.74	39,334,218.72		29,355,744.98
February	10,273,017.98	26,751,432.80		16,478,414.82
March	10,750,305.93	26,490,508.58		15,740,202.65
April	9,429,445.93	32,165,104.04		22,735,658.11
May	10,119,802.48	33,095,248.82		22,975,446.34
June	12,125,169.29	29,744,356.72		17,619,187.43
July	15,902,339.68	21,301,822.24	2,556,592.67	7,956,075.23
August	1,881,836.30	4,943,694.19	103,062.35	3,164,920.24
September	1,055,524.25	16,605,529.18		15,550,004.93
October	3,952,092.02	31,693,530.69		27,741,438.67
November	8,207,669.78	24,456,961.56		16,249,291.78
December	8,815,372.45	22,424,603.99	39,062.54	13,648,294.08
1894—January	7,722,230.92	33,017,149.47		25,294,918.55
February	7,476,302.22	19,356,693.97	629,695.25	12,510,087.00
March	6,623,277.54	19,509,717.02		12,886,439.48
April	6,571,571.18	25,452,860.19		18,881,289.01
May	6,275,370.24	19,793,834.43		13,518,464.19
June	7,975,939.62	20,379,955.30	533,695.19	12,937,710.87
July	9,879,621.65	25,420,745.82		15,541,124.17
August	13,216,157.95	18,071,179.88	2,562,623.47	7,417,645.40
September	6,308,077.94	16,267,763.42	150,048.75	10,109,734.23
October	6,708,197.88	24,380,811.19		17,672,613.31
November	6,058,003.46	17,848,291.75		11,790,288.29
December	6,433,980.67	18,057,505.93		11,623,525.26
1895—January	6,503,113.94	30,978,176.94		24,475,063.00
February	5,534,708.40	16,274,106.37		10,739,397.97
March	16,060,989.36	16,830,204.43	1,233,766.36	2,002,981.43
April	10,953,209.34	23,923,683.01	241,501.64	13,211,975.31
May	6,330,245.41	19,963,443.78		13,633,198.37
June	6,277,243.46	16,687,081.19	20,701.30	10,430,539.03
July	8,472,433.17	25,391,457.64		16,919,024.47
August	7,297,287.71	18,400,014.57		11,102,726.86
September	8,530,491.53	14,248,176.49	240,804.20	5,958,489.16

No. 57.—TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE SUBTREASURY AND CLEARING HOUSE IN NEW YORK DURING EACH MONTH, FROM JULY, 1880—Continued.

Month.	Checks sent to clearing house.	Checks received from clearing house.	Balances due subtreasury.	Balances due clearing house.
1895—October	$9,717,241.20	$22,756,865.43	$19,038.45	$13,058,662.68
November	7,151,071.14	16,953,644.64	.....	9,802,573.50
December	8,427,679.95	18,898,002.76	.....	10,470,322.81
1896—January	7,433,301.21	32,516,004.85	.....	25,082,703.64
February	8,589,998.19	23,057,302.06	.....	14,467,303.87
March	8,288,894.19	16,034,459.91	.....	7,745,565.72
April	6,596,175.83	24,070,236.35	.....	17,474,060.52
May	6,355,425.64	21,374,603.04	.....	15,019,177.40
June	6,304,433.66	20,049,279.26	.....	13,744,845.60
July	10,195,047.52	28,306,590.22	.....	18,111,542.70
August	11,198,162.53	20,328,073.63	479,413.88	9,609,324.98
September	9,335,484.24	22,173,994.55	370,625.74	13,209,136.05
October	15,634,665.17	25,572,863.60	1,316,764.78	11,254,963.21
November	11,111,163.22	23,034,321.84	350,766.92	12,273,925.54
December	14,224,516.33	22,280,135.87	1,143,980.80	9,199,600.34
1897—January	12,241,179.33	35,599,831.00	219,742.58	23,578,394.25
February	11,950,116.61	20,543,287.08	600,030.22	9,193,200.69
March	9,582,136.53	21,316,565.70	.....	11,734,429.17
April	8,088,623.04	27,556,642.93	.....	19,468,019.89
May	7,733,129.47	24,403,098.79	.....	16,669,969.32
June	8,592,301.09	21,529,445.74	.....	12,937,144.65
July	11,413,034.66	30,245,153.02	318,618.71	19,150,737.07
August	9,599,221.32	23,688,678.07	20,792.45	14,110,249.20
September	9,878,051.51	17,982,751.97	118,338.74	8,223,039.20

No. 58.—AMOUNT OF EACH KIND OF MONEY USED IN SETTLEMENT OF CLEARING HOUSE BALANCES AGAINST THE SUBTREASURY IN NEW YORK DURING EACH MONTH, FROM SEPTEMBER, 1880.

Month.	Gold coin.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Total.
1880—September	$21,205,000	$2,090,872	.....	.....	$5,740,100	$29,035,972
October	22,825,000	1,114,402	.....	.....	5,244,600	29,184,002
November	8,605,000	508,675	.....	.....	3,001,200	12,114,875
December	18,370,000	434,473	.....	.....	3,951,500	22,755,973
1881—January	15,130,000	352,526	.....	.....	2,684,000	18,166,526
February	8,215,000	237,579	.....	.....	2,672,500	11,125,079
March	16,430,000	829,534	.....	.....	3,955,200	21,214,734
April	29,145,000	365,559	.....	.....	3,436,000	32,946,559
May	16,590,000	382,531	.....	.....	3,238,000	20,210,531
June	9,875,000	351,616	.....	.....	3,779,000	14,005,616
July	18,420,000	346,718	.....	.....	4,902,300	23,669,018
August	5,870,000	343,531	.....	.....	4,706,000	10,919,531
September	22,040,000	269,947	.....	.....	7,360,000	29,669,947
October	21,305,000	303,806	.....	.....	7,745,200	29,354,006
November	8,640,000	211,115	.....	.....	265,000	9,116,115
December	18,240,000	373,287	.....	.....	310,000	18,923,287
1882—January	21,570,000	347,573	.....	.....	115,000	22,032,573
February	5,160,000	336,858	.....	.....	275,000	5,771,858
March	21,240,000	417,464	.....	.....	220,000	21,877,464
April	22,575,000	313,708	.....	.....	750,000	23,638,708
May	12,180,000	282,976	.....	.....	245,000	12,707,976
June	16,390,000	290,553	.....	.....	190,000	16,870,553
July	18,400,000	480,420	.....	.....	1,615,000	20,495,420
August	10,855,000	426,782	.....	.....	5,530,000	16,811,782
September	8,430,000	1,381,163	.....	.....	6,856,000	16,667,163
October	3,540,000	1,213,904	.....	$12,504,000	740,000	17,997,904
November	.....	94,416	.....	13,847,000	.....	13,941,416
December	.....	18,721	.....	27,477,000	.....	27,495,721
1883—January	.....	12,968	.....	16,994,000	.....	17,006,968
February	.....	9,817	.....	6,485,000	.....	6,494,817
March	.....	13,289	.....	12,627,000	.....	12,640,289
April	.....	12,009	.....	14,249,000	.....	14,261,009
May	.....	16,102	.....	17,707,000	.....	17,723,102
June	.....	12,872	.....	12,747,000	.....	12,759,872
July	.....	13,721	.....	14,139,000	.....	14,152,721
August	.....	100,526	.....	12,199,000	.....	12,299,526
September	.....	73,215	.....	15,966,000	.....	16,039,215
October	.....	57,062	.....	13,079,000	.....	13,136,062
November	.....	10,910	.....	16,237,000	.....	16,247,910
December	.....	15,546	.....	17,237,000	.....	17,252,546
1884—January	.....	15,447	.....	21,456,000	.....	21,471,447
February	.....	15,091	.....	13,333,000	.....	13,348,091
March	.....	40,719	.....	15,777,000	.....	15,817,719
April	.....	170,967	.....	13,670,000	.....	13,840,967

No. 58.—AMOUNT OF EACH KIND OF MONEY USED IN SETTLEMENT OF CLEARING HOUSE BALANCES AGAINST THE SUBTREASURY IN NEW YORK, ETC.—Continued.

Month.	Gold coin.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Total.
1884—May		$157,478		$9,865,000		$10,022,478
June		209,146		16,370,000		16,579,146
July		224,000		27,215,000		27,439,000
August		4,328,024		9,380,000		13,708,024
September		5,711,081		5,200,000		10,911,081
October		8,822,172		9,000,000		17,822,172
November		8,420,103		9,300,000		17,720,103
December		2,444,285		7,500,000		9,944,285
1885—January		233,090		21,490,000		21,723,090
February		242,447		4,200,000	$100,000	4,542,447
March		180,631		8,210,000		8,390,631
April		158,662		14,745,000		14,903,662
May		134,508		9,877,000		10,011,508
June		11,133,928		1,855,000		12,988,928
July		6,576,071		7,201,000		13,777,071
August	$260,000	200,569		7,341,000		7,801,569
September		155,102		6,944,000		7,099,102
October		120,095		7,820,000		7,940,095
November		114,354		5,340,000		5,454,354
December		176,458		10,650,000		10,826,458
1886—January		170,350		19,464,000		19,634,350
February		13,424,496				13,424,496
March		15,927,009				15,927,009
April		17,860,327				17,860,327
May		12,909,406				12,909,406
June		20,062,010				20,062,010
July		18,851,993				18,851,993
August		2,843,571		7,095,000		9,938,571
September		160,436		29,095,000		29,255,436
October		170,367		27,695,000		27,865,367
November		179,957		21,605,000		21,784,957
December		175,676		30,200,000		30,375,676
1887—January		164,998		19,195,000		19,359,998
February		168,766		12,780,000		12,948,766
March		225,052		18,355,000		18,580,052
April		232,518		17,865,000		18,097,518
May		188,733		11,030,000		11,218,733
June		198,315		18,505,000		18,703,315
July		208,563		18,988,000		19,196,563
August		175,139		17,010,000		17,185,139
September		201,618		32,980,000		33,181,618
October		193,417		25,130,000		25,323,417
November		179,324		11,824,000		12,003,324
December		160,481		21,594,000		21,754,481
1888—January		184,489		19,452,500		19,636,989
February		122,543		7,481,500		7,604,043
March		170,195		11,289,500		11,459,695
April		200,743		21,058,500		21,259,243
May		191,959		26,312,000		26,503,959
June		206,420		23,518,000		23,724,420
July		187,403		20,175,000		20,362,403
August		196,984		18,144,000		18,340,984
September		175,270		42,393,000		42,568,270
October		183,641		40,065,000		40,248,641
November		174,611		15,615,000		15,789,611
December		173,749		21,810,000		21,983,749
1889—January		176,022		25,672,000		25,848,022
February		155,571		18,692,000		18,847,571
March		187,082		21,169,000		21,356,082
April		168,692		28,622,000		28,790,692
May		148,833		17,995,000		18,143,833
June		146,746		22,163,000		22,309,746
July		154,835		23,320,000		23,474,835
August		154,209		28,049,000		28,203,209
September		136,926		20,861,000		20,997,926
October		73,580		22,129,500		22,203,080
November		138,875		14,705,000		14,843,875
December		144,471		20,653,000		20,797,471
1890—January		145,349		26,984,000		27,129,349
February		112,067		8,382,000		8,494,067
March		1,388,122		19,258,000		20,646,122
April		156,485		17,173,000		17,329,485
May		144,624		9,811,000		9,955,624
June		142,618		18,615,000		18,757,618
July		143,239		26,996,000		27,139,239
August		144,536	$291,800	15,488,000		15,924,336
September		48,856	4,296,000	47,851,500		52,196,356
October		49,446	3,293,600	14,738,000		18,081,046
November		62,265	3,737,900	7,527,000		11,327,165
December		15,528	2,304,890	15,301,900		17,622,318

No. 58.—AMOUNT OF EACH KIND OF MONEY USED IN SETTLEMENT OF CLEARING HOUSE BALANCES AGAINST THE SUBTREASURY IN NEW YORK, ETC.—Continued.

Month.	Gold coin.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Total.
1891—January		$2,722	$3,665,210	$18,937,900		$22,605,832
February		281,196	2,721,730	9,999,900	$53,575	13,056,401
March		473,206	2,539,705	17,863,000	6,210	20,882,121
April		101,186	2,177,146	12,958,000	1,465	15,237,797
May		1,201,140	1,897,190	10,260,000	545	13,358,875
June		5,556,416	5,032,775	14,270,000		24,859,191
July		6,302,199	5,578,840	5,302,000		17,183,039
August		3,268,188	4,462,955	3,035,000		10,766,143
September		7,714,207	5,241,080	6,925,000		19,880,287
October		4,649,224	4,881,050	12,732,000		22,262,274
November		2,760,239	2,682,410	8,048,000		13,490,649
December		1,969,387	3,159,270	10,288,000		15,416,657
1892—January		2,508,112	3,679,220	19,887,000		26,074,332
February		4,958,197	4,711,715	4,980,000		14,649,912
March		4,017,422	4,276,605	4,243,000		12,537,027
April		4,403,118	3,671,750	9,643,000		17,717,868
May		1,866,698	4,991,719	8,464,000		15,322,417
June		3,466,673	10,490,120	3,749,000		17,705,793
July		6,813,078	14,917,675	1,207,000		22,937,753
August		2,990,092	12,116,505			15,106,597
September		7,600,314	5,757,955			13,358,269
October		6,460,037	8,353,420	1,949,000		16,762,457
November		4,410,704	6,621,475	3,756,000		14,788,179
December		7,382,093	8,978,400			16,360,493
1893—January		12,827,950	12,856,795	3,671,000		29,355,745
February		1,121,525	15,356,890			16,478,415
March		5,271,933	10,468,270			15,740,203
April		16,440,088	6,295,570			22,735,658
May		16,928,211	6,047,235			22,975,446
June		12,750,040	4,869,147			17,619,187
July	$4,940,000	1,968,450	1,047,625			7,956,075
August	2,475,000	98,140	591,780			3,164,920
September	15,395,000	149,765	5,240			15,550,005
October	27,645,000	41,384	55,055			27,741,439
November	15,150,000	967,252	132,040			16,249,292
December	13,570,000	13,729	64,565			13,648,294
1894—January	19,015,000	3,336,919	2,943,000			25,294,919
February	275,000	11,204,102	1,030,985			12,510,087
March		10,295,129	2,591,310			12,886,439
April		13,988,464	4,892,825			18,881,289
May		13,195,114	323,350			13,518,464
June		12,914,123	23,588			12,937,711
July		15,173,678	367,446			15,541,124
August		7,398,085	19,560			7,417,645
September		10,090,104	19,630			10,109,734
October		17,647,123	25,490			17,672,613
November		11,768,108	22,180			11,790,288
December		11,612,625	10,900			11,623,525
1895—January		24,475,063				24,475,063
February		10,739,397				10,739,397
March		2,002,981				2,002,981
April		13,211,975				13,211,975
May		13,633,198				13,633,198
June		10,430,539				10,430,539
July		16,919,024				16,919,024
August		11,102,727				11,102,727
September		5,958,489				5,958,489
October		13,058,663				13,058,663
November		9,802,573				9,802,573
December		10,470,323				10,470,323
1896—January		25,082,704				25,082,704
February		14,467,304				14,467,304
March		7,745,565				7,745,565
April		17,474,061				17,474,061
May		15,019,177				15,019,177
June		13,744,846				13,744,846
July		18,111,543				18,111,543
August		9,609,325				9,609,325
September		13,209,136				13,209,136
October		11,254,963				11,254,963
November		12,273,926				12,273,926
December		9,199,600				9,199,600
1897—January		22,232,327	1,346,067			23,578,394
February		4,461,729	4,731,472			9,193,201
March		4,531,170	7,203,260			11,734,430
April		11,765,000	7,703,020			19,468,020
May		16,669,969				16,669,969
June		12,937,145				12,937,145
July		19,150,737				19,150,737
August		14,110,249				14,110,249
September		8,223,039				8,223,039

No. 59.—MONTHLY RECEIPTS FROM CUSTOMS AT NEW YORK, FROM JUNE, 1878, AND PERCENTAGE OF EACH KIND OF MONEY RECEIVED.

Month.	Receipts.	Gold coin.	Silver coin.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.
		Per cent.	*Per cent.*	*Per cent.*	*Per cent.*	*Per cent.*	*Per cent.*
1878—June	$6,065,828	5.4	0.1	1.8	.....	60.1	32.6
July	8,201,698	4.6	0.1	1.2	.....	65.0	29.1
August	10,249,459	4.3	0.3	0.9	.....	71.0	23.5
September	9,199,455	4.7	0.3	1.3	.....	75.1	18.6
October	8,387,976	5.2	0.4	1.2	.....	64.6	28.6
November	6,824,556	5.9	0.3	1.5	.....	63.7	28.6
December	6,264,674	60.3	0.3	1.4	.....	13.1	24.9
1879—January	7,659,000	6.1	0.1	69.5	.....	3.9	20.4
February	8,236,000	2.2	0.3	90.9	.....	0.5	6.1
March	9,339,000	0.6	0.2	96.4	.....	0.1	2.7
April	8,190,000	1.3	0.1	95.1	.....	0.2	3.3
May	7,584,000	0.9	0.2	94.1	.....	0.1	4.7
June	7,208,000	0.6	0.2	93.0	.....	.....	6.2
July	9,335,000	0.3	0.1	84.5	.....	.....	15.1
August	10,565,000	0.4	0.3	80.7	.....	.....	18.6
September	11,472,000	0.5	0.2	78.5	.....	.....	20.8
October	10,979,000	19.5	0.1	58.6	.....	.....	21.8
November	8,467,000	46.4	0.2	24.1	.....	1.9	27.4
December	8,175,000	66.9	0.2	9.5	.....	.....	23.4
1880—January	11,969,000	68.3	0.2	15.0	.....	.....	16.5
February	12,258,000	63.2	0.1	14.9	.....	.....	21.8
March	14,477,000	69.0	0.1	6.0	.....	.....	24.9
April	11,818,000	62.2	0.1	8.0	.....	.....	29.7
May	9,852,000	52.1	0.2	20.6	.....	.....	27.1
June	10,701,000	48.8	0.1	18.2	.....	.....	32.9
July	13,301,000	57.7	0.1	10.8	.....	.....	31.4
August	14,403,000	55.9	0.1	6.2	.....	.....	37.8
September	12,859,000	49.9	0.1	5.4	.....	.....	44.6
October	10,575,000	42.4	0.1	5.6	.....	.....	51.9
November	9,081,000	45.0	0.1	4.9	.....	.....	50.0
December	9,234,000	46.2	0.2	5.8	.....	.....	47.8
1881—January	10,573,000	47.5	0.1	7.3	.....	.....	45.1
February	11,221,000	44.5	0.1	11.3	.....	.....	44.1
March	13,196,000	47.6	0.1	5.2	.....	.....	47.1
April	11,684,000	44.5	0.1	3.9	.....	.....	51.5
May	11,051,000	45.9	0.1	3.1	.....	.....	50.9
June	11,013,000	39.3	0.1	3.6	.....	.....	57.0
July	12,082,000	38.8	0.1	3.2	.....	.....	57.9
August	15,206,000	43.5	0.1	3.6	.....	.....	52.8
September	14,108,000	37.1	0.1	2.1	.....	.....	60.7
October	13,019,000	35.8	0.1	2.0	.....	.....	62.1
November	9,718,000	62.9	0.1	3.2	.....	.....	33.8
December	10,973,000	77.1	0.1	4.1	.....	.....	18.7
1882—January	13,393,000	72.9	0.1	6.7	.....	.....	20.3
February	13,589,000	66.5	0.1	8.6	.....	.....	24.8
March	14,000,000	75.6	0.1	4.5	.....	.....	19.8
April	10,528,000	73.5	0.2	4.1	.....	.....	22.2
May	11,986,000	70.7	0.2	5.7	.....	.....	23.4
June	11,434,000	68.7	0.1	7.8	.....	.....	23.4
July	13,730,000	66.5	0.1	8.6	.....	.....	24.8
August	16,487,000	46.1	0.1	5.6	.....	.....	48.2
September	14,695,000	38.8	0.1	5.6	.....	.....	55.5
October	13,101,000	18.2	0.1	7.4	.....	42.2	32.2
November	9,939,000	10.3	0.1	9.5	.....	63.9	16.1
December	10,381,000	5.3	0.1	6.8	.....	69.1	18.7
1883—January	12,574,000	4.2	0.1	7.9	.....	72.1	15.7
February	12,194,000	3.9	0.1	5.0	.....	75.1	15.9
March	12,435,000	6.5	0.1	6.6	.....	73.7	13.1
April	9,199,000	10.8	0.1	5.9	.....	65.5	17.7
May	8,155,000	4.7	0.1	6.9	.....	62.2	26.1
June	13,630,000	3.3	0.1	7.0	.....	69.4	20.2
July	14,609,000	2.3	0.1	5.5	.....	79.1	13.0
August	13,290,000	2.7	0.1	6.0	.....	73.2	18.0
September	12,050,000	3.2	0.1	5.0	.....	77.8	13.9
October	11,616,000	2.9	0.1	4.8	.....	75.8	16.4
November	8,928,000	3.1	0.1	6.7	.....	67.6	22.5
December	9,338,000	2.8	0.1	6.4	.....	71.3	19.4
1884—January	11,768,000	2.4	0.1	7.6	.....	66.2	23.7
February	12,069,000	2.1	0.1	8.3	.....	67.5	22.0
March	11,447,000	1.8	0.1	11.0	.....	60.7	26.4
April	9,850,000	2.5	0.1	13.7	.....	56.9	26.8
May	9,289,000	3.3	0.1	14.8	.....	46.5	35.3
June	9,459,000	3.1	0.1	21.2	.....	40.0	35.6
July	13,111,000	1.6	0.1	17.8	.....	48.1	32.4
August	12,828,000	1.3	0.1	21.9	.....	44.4	32.3
September	11,992,000	1.6	0.1	34.5	.....	32.4	31.4
October	10,369,000	1.8	0.1	42.4	.....	23.6	32.1
November	7,717,000	1.9	0.1	37.5	.....	18.3	42.2
December	8,087,000	1.7	0.1	36.3	.....	17.9	44.0

No. 59.—MONTHLY RECEIPTS FROM CUSTOMS AT NEW YORK, FROM JUNE, 1878, AND PERCENTAGE OF EACH KIND OF MONEY RECEIVED—Continued.

Month.	Receipts.	Gold coin.	Silver coin.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.
		Per cent.	*Per cent.*	*Per cent.*	*Per cent.*	*Per cent.*	*Per cent.*
1885—January	$10,306,000	1.1	0.1	31.7	.....	26.6	40.5
February	10,461,000	0.8	0.1	35.4	.....	31.4	32.3
March	11,281,000	0.7	0.1	25.0	.....	39.7	34.5
April	9,983,000	0.9	0.1	19.6	.....	38.1	41.3
May	9,523,000	0.7	0.1	18.8	.....	43.0	37.4
June	9,644,000	0.7	0.2	33.3	.....	32.5	33.3
July	11,821,000	0.7	0.2	46.7	.....	28.8	23.6
August	12,700,000	0.6	0.3	38.2	.....	47.4	13.5
September	12,167,000	0.7	0.3	25.8	.....	63.4	9.8
October	10,771,000	0.8	0.2	16.9	.....	70.8	11.3
November	8,730,000	0.9	0.4	28.4	.....	56.9	13.4
December	9,935,000	0.7	0.3	24.7	.....	60.5	13.8
1886—January	10,929,000	0.6	0.3	31.0	.....	53.3	14.8
February	11,704,000	0.4	0.2	47.3	.....	43.3	8.8
March	12,512,000	0.6	0.3	58.4	.....	31.5	9.2
April	10,442,000	1.0	0.3	66.2	.....	20.2	12.3
May	9,029,000	0.8	0.3	71.4	.....	12.2	15.3
June	11,887,000	0.7	0.2	81.7	.....	4.8	12.6
July	12,606,000	0.7	0.3	84.8	.....	2.9	11.3
August	14,834,000	0.7	0.4	73.5	.....	16.5	8.9
September	12,944,000	0.6	0.3	22.5	.....	67.3	9.3
October	11,583,000	0.7	0.3	16.2	.....	70.8	12.0
November	10,175,000	1.1	0.3	17.1	.....	69.3	12.2
December	10,546,000	1.2	0.3	16.3	.....	66.7	15.5
1887—January	11,808,000	0.9	0.4	14.7	.....	67.8	16.2
February	13,112,000	0.4	0.2	15.1	.....	74.2	10.1
March	14,212,000	0.8	0.3	13.0	.....	74.5	11.4
April	11,556,000	1.1	0.3	13.6	.....	71.6	13.4
May	10,900,000	1.0	0.4	12.1	.....	72.4	14.1
June	11,840,000	1.3	0.3	13.8	.....	72.6	12.0
July	12,714,000	1.4	0.4	11.6	.....	76.2	10.4
August	15,612,000	0.8	0.2	10.3	.....	79.9	8.8
September	13,833,000	1.1	0.2	10.4	.....	79.9	8.4
October	12,392,000	1.2	0.3	11.3	.....	78.1	9.1
November	10,187,000	1.2	0.5	12.1	.....	75.4	10.8
December	9,789,000	1.1	0.4	12.7	.....	74.8	11.0
1888—January	13,509,000	0.7	0.3	10.4	.....	77.6	11.0
February	13,159,000	0.6	0.2	13.1	.....	75.8	10.3
March	11,050,000	0.6	0.4	11.1	.....	78.7	9.2
April	11,176,000	0.7	0.3	13.4	.....	73.1	12.5
May	9,990,000	0.9	0.4	13.0	.....	69.6	16.1
June	10,996,484	0.7	0.3	11.1	.....	73.5	14.4
July	14,163,486	0.4	0.2	8.1	.....	83.0	8.3
August	13,860,960	0.5	0.1	6.3	.....	87.6	5.5
September	12,138,688	0.4	0.2	5.9	.....	89.1	4.4
October	11,978,438	0.4	0.2	6.3	.....	89.5	3.6
November	9,610,437	0.3	0.2	6.9	.....	87.2	5.4
December	10,966,445	0.2	0.2	9.2	.....	86.3	4.1
1889—January	14,037,625	0.1	0.1	10.6	.....	83.0	6.2
February	12,954,630	0.1	0.1	9.4	.....	85.1	5.3
March	13,422,511	0.1	0.1	9.2	.....	87.5	3.1
April	11,962,153	0.1	0.1	8.3	.....	88.8	2.7
May	11,096,791	0.2	0.1	12.3	.....	81.5	5.9
June	10,697,716	0.1	0.1	18.8	.....	74.5	6.5
July	13,791,000	0.1	0.1	10.4	.....	85.6	3.8
August	13,324,514	0.2	0.1	10.3	.....	86.5	2.9
September	12,015,653	0.2	0.1	7.9	.....	89.7	2.1
October	12,201,906	0.1	0.1	7.3	.....	90.5	2.0
November	11,175,885	0.2	0.1	5.8	.....	92.6	1.3
December	10,997,977	0.2	0.1	5.3	.....	92.4	2.0
1890—January	15,223,480	0.1	0.0	4.6	.....	92.5	2.8
February	13,888,075	0.1	0.1	3.0	.....	95.0	1.8
March	12,569,867	0.1	0.1	2.7	.....	95.7	1.4
April	13,617,857	0.2	0.1	2.7	.....	95.4	1.6
May	10,671,516	0.2	0.1	3.6	.....	93.6	2.5
June	14,492,128	0.1	0.0	2.7	.....	94.5	2.7
July	17,173,016	0.1	0.1	2.5	.....	95.3	2.0
August	12,978,335	0.1	0.0	3.0	3.5	91.7	1.7
September	15,767,331	0.1	0.1	1.9	11.0	85.5	1.4
October	16,093,061	0.2	0.0	2.1	15.5	80.9	1.3
November	10,154,328	0.3	0.1	2.9	14.6	80.4	1.7
December	10,704,055	0.3	0.1	3.0	6.9	87.8	1.9
1891—January	16,794,456	0.1	0.0	4.1	5.2	88.5	2.1
February	12,280,373	0.1	0.0	5.0	7.3	81.0	6.6
March	10,520,414	0.2	0.0	6.0	12.4	64.9	16.5
April	7,711,917	0.2	0.0	7.2	25.6	47.0	20.0
May	7,449,775	0.2	0.0	15.0	30.2	27.8	26.8

No. 59.—MONTHLY RECEIPTS FROM CUSTOMS AT NEW YORK, FROM JUNE, 1878, AND PERCENTAGE OF EACH KIND OF MONEY RECEIVED—Continued.

Month.	Receipts.	Gold coin.	Silver coin.	United States notes.	Treasury notes.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.
		Per cent.	*Per cent.*	*Per cent.*	*Per cent.*	*Per cent.*	*Per cent.*
1891—June	$9,131,418	0.2	0.0	44.6	28.9	12.3	14.0
July	11,303,169	0.2	0.0	49.0	27.4	14.9	8.5
August	10,460,330	0.2	0.0	50.5	31.5	12.6	5.2
September	9,961,740	0.1	0.1	55.3	28.4	11.7	4.4
October	9,337,291	0.2	0.0	44.0	31.6	19.8	4.4
November	8,502,785	0.1	0.0	31.3	22.3	43.5	2.8
December	9,314,666	0.1	0.0	14.8	16.7	65.3	3.1
1892—January	11,960,445	0.1	0.0	15.0	14.5	66.1	4.3
February	11,628,815	0.1	0.0	36.2	28.6	25.8	9.3
March	10,871,923	0.1	0.0	42.5	33.0	18.7	5.7
April	8,879,912	0.2	0.0	46.4	31.6	14.9	6.9
May	8,103,436	0.1	0.0	40.6	36.4	9.9	13.0
June	9,591,270	0.2	0.0	26.8	49.1	8.0	15.9
July	12,295,908	0.1	0.0	28.4	42.2	13.8	15.5
August	13,175,485	0.0	0.0	25.6	51.9	12.1	10.4
September	11,335,347	0.0	0.0	45.8	39.7	3.6	10.9
October	10,341,120	0.1	0.0	51.9	35.0	6.6	6.4
November	9,951,385	0.1	0.0	52.8	33.0	7.8	6.3
December	10,570,853	0.0	0.0	46.4	40.0	4.4	9.2
1893—January	15,291,892	0.0	0.0	42.1	33.2	8.9	15.8
February	12,439,280	0.0	0.0	33.3	36.8	9.2	20.7
March	2,805,673	0.0	0.0	28.0	48.5	7.8	15.7
April	2,717,539	0.1	0.0	41.0	32.7	2.9	23.3
May	9,967,707	0.1	0.0	26.2	35.9	0.0	37.8
June	9,337,798	0.0	0.0	53.0	35.0	0.0	12.0
July	10,220,733	12.5	0.0	55.6	15.0	4.6	12.3
August	8,188,032	47.4	0.3	37.6	5.3	4.3	5.1
September	7,964,839	58.1	0.2	16.3	6.2	1.7	17.5
October	7,537,386	37.6	0.1	20.7	10.2	0.1	31.3
November	6,312,807	31.0	0.1	16.3	6.4	0.4	45.8
December	5,645,908	28.0	0.1	11.6	8.1	1.1	51.1
1894—January	8,315,531	17.0	0.1	11.2	11.8	0.6	59.3
February	7,424,084	7.2	0.1	20.5	15.5	0.5	56.2
March	7,448,479	3.8	0.1	31.4	15.2	0.1	49.4
April	6,732,696	2.8	0.1	21.9	9.6	0.0	65.6
May	6,238,234	2.3	0.1	9.6	7.0	0.0	81.0
June	5,181,179	1.9	0.1	6.8	7.6	0.0	83.6
July	6,175,379	0.0	0.1	23.4	17.1	0.0	59.4
August	8,723,031	0.5	0.1	29.6	21.9	0.0	47.9
September	9,692,868	0.1	0.1	44.5	31.8	0.0	23.5
October	8,228,744	0.0	0.1	58.9	14.0	0.0	27.0
November	6,769,608	0.0	0.1	55.0	13.1	0.0	31.8
December	7,432,396	0.4	0.1	54.4	6.2	0.0	38.9
1895—January	12,817,827	0.7	0.1	53.6	5.0	0.0	40.6
February	9,341,674	0.3	0.0	63.1	5.2	0.0	31.4
March	9,798,083	0.2	0.0	67.0	2.1	0.0	30.7
April	8,824,715	0.1	0.1	60.6	3.4	0.0	35.8
May	8,104,095	0.1	0.1	54.8	8.7	0.0	36.3
June	7,510,041	0.1	0.1	60.2	3.4	0.0	36.2
July	10,633,052	0.2	0.1	67.1	1.9	0.2	30.5
August	10,296,684	0.0	0.1	72.4	2.1	0.0	25.4
September	9,756,439	0.0	0.0	78.1	1.7	0.0	20.2
October	9,299,368	0.1	0.1	74.8	1.0	0.0	24.0
November	7,703,376	0.0	0.0	73.4	1.0	0.0	25.6
December	8,819,874	0.0	0.0	68.6	1.8	0.0	29.6
1896—January	10,424,267	0.0	0.0	47.4	2.7	0.0	49.9
February	10,077,426	0.0	0.0	53.4	2.8	0.0	43.8
March	9,319,874	0.0	0.0	65.4	1.3	0.0	33.3
April	7,583,921	0.0	0.0	62.7	0.7	0.0	36.6
May	7,359,996	0.3	0.0	50.1	0.8	0.0	48.8
June	7,213,357	0.0	0.0	40.0	1.3	0.0	58.7
July	8,258,485	0.0	0.0	53.1	0.7	0.0	46.2
August	8,449,638	0.0	0.0	70.4	0.6	0.0	29.0
September	7,618,849	0.0	0.0	73.8	0.4	0.0	25.8
October	7,163,489	0.2	0.0	65.4	0.4	0.0	34.0
November	6,645,832	3.7	0.0	56.8	0.4	0.0	39.1
December	7,283,820	0.0	0.0	56.7	0.7	0.0	42.6
1897—January	7,704,500	0.0	0.0	42.6	9.2	0.0	48.2
February	8,359,683	0.0	0.0	36.2	20.2	0.0	43.6
March	17,579,640	0.0	0.0	51.7	27.5	0.1	20.7
April	17,711,324	0.3	0.0	48.0	28.8	0.0	22.9
May	9,092,278	0.0	0.0	46.3	13.6	0.0	40.1
June	14,689,699	0.0	0.0	61.6	6.2	0.0	32.2
July	12,299,463	0.6	0.0	68.8	2.7	0.0	27.9
August	5,197,107	0.4	0.1	62.2	1.7	0.0	35.6
September	5,354,059	0.8	0.1	66.9	1.8	0.0	30.4

No. 60.—FRACTIONAL SILVER COIN OF EACH DENOMINATION IN EACH OFFICE OF THE TREASURY AND MINT JUNE 30, 1897.

Office.	Fifty cents.	Twenty-five cents.	Twenty cents.	Ten cents.	Five cents.	Three cents.	Unassorted.	Total.
TREASURY.								
Washington	$496,530.00	$63,350.00	$138.00	$23,750.00	$75.55	$90.54	$416,649.65	$1,000,583.74
Baltimore	267,100.00	77,000.00	.....	16,950.00	.....	.....	39,307.35	400,357.35
Boston	43,340.00	286,690.25	75.00	24,012.00	273.35	6.00	53,697.15	408,093.75
Chicago	547,000.00	40,279.75	.....	25,000.00	.....	.....	266,757.25	879,037.00
Cincinnati	21,000.00	31,000.00	.....	10,000.00	.....	.....	498,025.45	560,025.45
New Orleans	195,740.00	108,505.00	20.00	12,680.00	50.00	.....	91,469.09	408,464.09
New York	2,227,000.00	1,464,000.00	.....	24,000.00	.....	.....	216,743.85	3,931,743.85
Philadelphia	90,000.00	290,000.00	.....	65,000.00	.....	.....	875,706.78	1,320,706.78
San Francisco	403,431.50	199,684.25	10.00	93,166.50	249.30	.....	.....	696,541.55
St. Louis	59,150.00	50,250.00	10.00	11,800.00	.....	.....	63,755.00	184,965.00
MINT.								
Boise City	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8.84	8.84
Carson City	50.00	3,250.50	.....	2,910.10	.....	.....	.....	6,210.60
New Orleans	235,940.00	118,870.00	100.00	25,260.00	110.00	.....	8,747.97	389,027.97
New York	405.00	100.25	.....	702.10	.....	.....	.....	1,207.35
Philadelphia	2,418,400.00	874,600.00	.....	80,885.40	.....	.....	2,455,157.03	5,829,042.43
San Francisco	78,000.00	53,077.25	.....	24,006.60	.....	.....	30,858.94	185,942.79
Total	7,083,086.50	3,660,657.25	353.00	440,122.70	758.20	96.54	5,016,884.35	16,201,958.54

No. 61.—MINOR COIN OF EACH DENOMINATION IN EACH OFFICE OF THE TREASURY AND MINT JUNE 30, 1897.

Office.	Five cents.	Three cents.	Two cents.	One cent.	Unassorted.	Total.
TREASURY.						
Washington	$24,710.00	.....	.....	$7,410.00	$72,823.53	$104,943.53
Baltimore	7,600.00	$480.00	.....	4,190.00	139.69	12,409.69
Boston	75,595.00	69.00	$5.00	8,174.00	1,530.47	85,373.47
Chicago	136,450.00	330.00	40.00	13,200.00	.85	150,020.85
Cincinnati	149,700.00	210.00	50.00	21,880.00	568.29	172,408.29
New Orleans	4,450.00	26.25	12.00	1,881.75	67.33	6,437.33
New York	117,000.00	.....	.....	50,000.00	41,017.18	208,017.18
Philadelphia	236,200.00	390.00	80.00	83,270.00	16,657.43	336,597.43
San Francisco	10,373.10	820.00	214.00	2,335.69	.....	13,742.79
St. Louis	81,150.00	.....	10.00	34,750.00	115.81	116,025.81
MINT.						
New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	210.45	210.45
Philadelphia	.....	.....	.....	.....	139,218.25	139,218.25
Total	843,228.10	2,325.25	411.00	227,091.44	272,349.28	1,345,405.07

No. 62.—SHIPMENTS OF SILVER COIN FROM EACH OFFICE OF THE TREASURY AND MINT, FROM JULY 1, 1885, TO JUNE 30, 1897.

Office.	Total to June 30, 1896.	From July 1, 1896, to June 30, 1897.			Total to June 30, 1897.
		Standard dollars.	Fractional silver.	Total for year.	
TREASURY.					
Washington	$11,727,187.39	$965,175.00	$762,002.70	$1,727,177.70	$13,454,365.09
Baltimore	4,513,998.48	63,150.00	96,350.00	159,500.00	4,673,498.48
New York	42,790,247.74	1,251,548.80	1,876,040.70	3,127,589.50	45,917,837.24
Philadelphia	22,310,162.16	1,888,737.20	1,182,078.60	3,070,815.80	25,380,977.96
Boston	38,265,654.25	1,850,499.40	1,017,198.70	2,867,698.10	41,133,352.35
Cincinnati	35,400,500.86	2,423,844.00	928,489.60	3,352,333.60	38,752,834.46
Chicago	72,346,001.60	6,157,502.90	2,233,049.39	8,390,552.29	80,736,553.89
St. Louis	47,702,762.03	4,551,739.40	1,357,061.40	5,908,800.80	53,611,562.83
New Orleans	32,222,904.97	8,710,090.00	643,867.55	9,353,957.55	41,576,862.52
San Francisco	23,189,566.25	1,600,500.00	885,940.00	2,486,440.00	25,676,006.25
MINT.					
Philadelphia	20,792,884.48	127,248.40	491,296.65	618,545.05	21,411,429.53
New Orleans	50,561,479.75	10,000.00	556,580.00	566,580.00	51,128,059.75
San Francisco	7,264,490.00	.....	.....	.....	7,264,490.00
Carson City	653,630.00	.....	.....	.....	653,630.00
Total	409,741,469.96	29,600,035.10	12,029,955.29	41,629,990.39	451,371,460.35

No. 63.—SHIPMENTS OF SILVER COIN FROM THE TREASURY OFFICES AND MINTS DURING EACH FISCAL YEAR FROM 1886, AND CHARGES THEREON FOR TRANSPORTATION.

Period.	From Treasury offices east of the Rocky Mountains.			From subtreasury at San Francisco.		
	Amount.	Charges.	Per $1,000.	Amount.	Charges.	Per $1,000.
Fiscal year 1886	$21,805,169.81	$29,774.76	$1.36	$795,000.00	$4,508.65	$5.67
Fiscal year 1887	23,112,760.02	31,466.96	1.36	2,110,500.00	12,831.05	6.08
Fiscal year 1888	23,260,809.83	34,070.67	1.46	3,129,855.00	19,926.55	6.37
Fiscal year 1889	22,456,964.98	34,860.22	1.55	2,893,814.00	19,864.10	6.86
Fiscal year 1890	23,865,227.25	38,938.91	1.65	2,245,230.00	15,170.20	6.76
Fiscal year 1891	27,401,042.25	44,184.00	1.61	916,212.75	3,985.20	4.35
Fiscal year 1892	28,229,539.96	46,239.27	1.64	2,148,833.00	10,308.45	4.80
Fiscal year 1893	30,798,198.85	49,723.80	1.61	1,980,243.00	9,391.30	4.74
Fiscal year 1894	31,727,475.18	57,850.68	1.82	1,843,735.00	7,943.05	4.31
Fiscal year 1895	36,380,349.97	66,977.16	1.84	2,523,375.50	11,154.40	4.42
Fiscal year 1896	38,241,941.38	68,139.97	1.78	2,602,768.00	10,578.75	4.06
1896—July	2,600,784.10	4,809.31	.....	251,150.00	811.65	.....
August	4,207,653.42	8,436.20	.....	289,745.00	963.35	.....
September	6,152,654.40	11,145.14	.....	353,500.00	1,531.35	.....
October	4,749,120.80	8,762.78	.....	313,885.00	1,307.00	.....
November	3,221,915.60	5,244.54	.....	170,905.00	686.25	.....
December	3,756,983.50	6,269.26	.....	177,655.00	684.55	.....
1897—January	1,342,835.97	2,228.44	.....	101,880.00	346.20	.....
February	1,975,405.90	3,270.88	.....	112,370.00	380.65	.....
March	2,526,721.45	4,080.38	.....	138,350.00	443.65	.....
April	2,296,859.00	3,794.91	.....	155,615.00	530.35	.....
May	2,364,117.30	5,595.56	.....	184,010.00	711.65	.....
June	2,763,373.90	5,022.86	.....	237,375.00	914.00	.....
Fiscal year 1897	37,958,425.34	68,660.26	1.81	2,486,440.00	9,310.65	3.75

Period.	From mints.			Total.		
	Amount.	Charges.	Per $1,000.	Amount.	Charges.	Per $1,000.
Fiscal year 1886	$10,960,927.76	$33,537.58	$3.06	$33,561,037.57	$67,820.99	$2.02
Fiscal year 1887	9,973,642.82	18,055.37	1.81	35,196,902.84	62,353.38	1.77
Fiscal year 1888	10,596,043.10	16,060.46	1.51	36,986,707.93	70,057.68	1.89
Fiscal year 1889	9,408,495.70	14,585.02	1.55	34,759,274.68	69,309.34	1.99
Fiscal year 1890	10,578,228.15	18,936.62	1.79	36,688,685.40	73,045.73	1.99
Fiscal year 1891	12,580,674.30	29,088.42	2.31	40,897,929.30	77,257.62	1.89
Fiscal year 1892	8,506,693.50	19,630.97	2.31	38,885,066.46	76,178.69	1.96
Fiscal year 1893	6,278,044.70	12,865.67	2.05	39,056,486.55	71,980.77	1.84
Fiscal year 1894	227,177.40	1,292.71	5.69	33,798,387.58	67,086.44	1.98
Fiscal year 1895	136,858.80	202.28	1.40	39,040,584.27	78,333.84	2.01
Fiscal year 1896	25,698.00	36.82	1.42	40,870,407.38	78,755.54	1.93
1896—July	12,499.20	161.56	.....	2,864,433.30	5,782.52	.....
August	21,699.80	180.05	.....	4,519,098.22	9,579.60	.....
September	131,149.20	614.55	.....	6,637,303.60	13,291.04	.....
October	306,049.80	960.56	.....	5,369,055.60	11,030.34	.....
November	258,480.00	591.29	.....	3,651,300.60	6,522.08	.....
December	291,767.80	680.76	.....	4,226,406.30	7,634.57	.....
1897—January	20,480.00	39.39	.....	1,465,195.97	2,614.03	.....
February	18,860.00	44.30	.....	2,106,635.90	3,695.83	.....
March	30,960.05	58.12	.....	2,696,031.50	4,582.15	.....
April	27,849.80	61.39	.....	2,480,323.80	4,386.65	.....
May	26,649.40	52.74	.....	2,574,776.70	6,359.95	.....
June	38,680.00	110.62	.....	3,039,428.90	6,047.48	.....
Fiscal year 1897	1,185,125.05	3,555.33	3.00	41,629,990.39	81,526.24	1.96

No. 64.—SEMIANNUAL DUTY COLLECTED FROM NATIONAL BANKS FOR EACH FISCAL YEAR.

Fiscal year.	On circulation.	On deposits.	On capital.	Total.
1864	$53,193.32	$95,911.87	$18,432.07	$167,537.26
1865	733,247.59	1,087,530.86	133,251.15	1,954,029.60
1866	2,106,785.30	2,633,102.77	406,947.74	5,146,835.81
1867	2,868,636.76	2,650,180.09	321,881.36	5,840,698.23
1868	2,946,343.07	2,564,143.44	306,781.67	5,817,268.18
1869	2,957,416.73	2,614,553.58	312,918.68	5,884,888.99
1870	2,949,744.13	2,614,767.61	375,962.26	5,940,474.00
1871	2,987,021.69	2,802,840.85	385,292.13	6,175,154.67
1872	3,193,570.03	3,120,984.37	389,356.27	6,703,910.67
1873	3,353,186.13	3,196,569.29	454,891.51	7,004,646.93
1874	3,404,483.11	3,209,967.72	469,048.02	7,083,498.85
1875	3,283,450.89	3,514,265.39	507,417.76	7,305,134.04
1876	3,091,795.76	3,505,129.64	632,296.16	7,229,221.56
1877	2,900,957.53	3,451,965.38	660,784.90	7,013,707.81
1878	2,948,047.08	3,273,111.74	560,296.83	6,781,455.65
1879	3,009,647.16	3,309,668.90	401,920.61	6,721,236.67
1880	3,153,635.63	4,058,710.61	379,424.19	7,591,770.43
1881	3,121,374.33	4,940,945.12	431,233.10	8,493,552.55
1882	3,190,981.98	5,521,927.47	437,774.90	9,150,684.35
1883	3,132,006.73	2,773,790.46	269,976.43	6,175,773.62
1884	3,024,668.24	.....	.....	3,024,668.24
1885	2,794,584.01	.....	.....	2,794,584.01
1886	2,592,021.33	.....	.....	2,592,021.33
1887	2,044,922.75	.....	.....	2,044,922.75
1888	1,616,127.53	.....	.....	1,616,127.53
1889	1,410,331.84	.....	.....	1,410,331.84
1890	1,254,839.65	.....	.....	1,254,839.65
1891	1,216,104.72	.....	.....	1,216,104.72
1892	1,331,287.26	.....	.....	1,331,287.26
1893	1,443,489.69	.....	.....	1,443,489.69
1894	1,721,095.18	.....	.....	1,721,095.18
1895	1,704,007.69	.....	.....	1,704,007.69
1896	1,851,676.03	.....	.....	1,851,676.03
1897	2,020,703.65	.....	.....	2,020,703.65
Total	81,411,384.54	60,940,067.16	7,855,887.74	150,207,339.44

No. 65.—UNITED STATES BONDS OF EACH LOAN HELD IN TRUST FOR NATIONAL BANKS JUNE 30, 1896 AND 1897, AND CHANGES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR.

Account.	Funded loan of 1891 continued. (2 per cent).	Funded loan of 1907 (4 per cent).	Loan of 1925 (4 per cent).	Loan of 1904 (5 per cent).	Bonds issued to Pacific railroads (6 per cent).	Total.
Held June 30, 1896:						
For circulation	$22,078,100	$151,950,450	$31,783,550	$13,057,850	$10,046,000	$228,915,950
For public moneys	1,033,000	12,195,000	1,285,000	1,535,000	880,000	16,928,000
Total	23,111,100	164,145,450	33,068,550	14,592,850	10,926,000	245,843,950
Deposited during year:						
For circulation	1,733,850	7,533,450	10,941,500	4,320,500	3,109,000	27,638,300
For public moneys	302,500	970,000	1,295,000	50,000	57,000	2,674,500
Total	2,036,350	8,503,450	12,236,500	4,370,500	3,166,000	30,312,800
Withdrawn during year:						
For circulation	1,643,050	8,580,150	9,891,500	1,650,000	4,318,000	26,082,700
For public moneys	50,000	1,060,000	.....	1,000,000	562,000	2,672,000
Total	1,693,050	9,640,150	9,891,500	2,650,000	4,880,000	28,754,700
Held June 30, 1897:						
For circulation	22,168,900	150,903,750	32,833,550	15,728,350	8,837,000	230,471,550
For public moneys	1,285,500	12,105,000	2,530,000	585,000	375,000	16,930,500
Total	23,454,400	163,008,750	35,413,550	16,313,350	9,212,000	247,402,050

No. 66.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF PUBLIC MONEYS THROUGH NATIONAL-BANK DEPOSITORIES, BY FISCAL YEARS.

Fiscal year.	Receipts.	Funds transferred to depository banks.	Funds transferred to Treasury by depository banks.	Drafts paid by depository banks.	Balance.
1864	$153,395,108.71	$816,000.00	$85,507,674.08	$28,726,695.88	$39,976,738.75
1865	987,564,639.14	8,110,294.70	583,697,912.72	415,887,767.81	36,065,992.06
1866	497,566,676.42	13,523,972.62	363,085,565.65	149,772,756.11	34,298,319.34
1867	351,737,083.83	8,405,903.63	331,039,872.57	37,218,612.76	26,182,821.47
1868	225,244,144.75	9,404,392.00	215,311,460.69	22,218,187.92	23,301,709.61
1869	105,160,573.67	10,052,199.44	114,748,877.24	14,890,463.75	8,875,141.73
1870	120,084,041.79	2,466,521.06	111,123,926.18	11,818,228.61	8,483,549.79
1871	99,299,840.85	2,633,129.45	89,428,544.04	13,790,961.01	7,197,015.04
1872	106,104,855.16	3,050,444.05	94,938,603.76	13,635,837.49	7,777,873.00
1873	169,602,743.98	9,004,842.49	108,089,786.76	16,110,519.07	62,185,153.64
1874	91,108,846.70	2,729,958.81	134,869,112.57	13,364,554.52	7,790,292.06
1875	98,228,249.53	1,737,445.60	82,184,304.05	13,657,678.25	11,914,004.89
1876	97,402,227.57	2,445,451.49	89,981,146.99	13,909,616.83	7,870,920.13
1877	106,470,261.22	2,353,196.29	94,276,400.35	14,862,200.88	7,555,776.41
1878	99,781,053.48	2,385,920.38	90,177,963.35	12,606,870.60	6,937,916.32
1879	109,397,525.67	6,890,489.06	100,498,469.29	15,544,058.34	7,183,403.42
1880	119,493,171.94	6,489,634.17	109,641,232.64	15,525,023.03	7,999,953.86
1881	131,820,002.20	5,646,092.46	118,143,724.91	18,388,772.82	8,933,550.79
1882	143,261,541.41	5,256,574.29	129,131,305.07	18,709,928.56	9,610,432.86
1883	145,974,256.86	5,292,840.22	132,075,358.80	18,771,472.81	10,030,698.33
1884	129,100,449.35	5,501,161.18	116,227,722.17	17,688,442.52	10,716,144.17
1885	119,056,058.94	4,798,782.35	105,952,609.09	17,633,235.03	10,985,141.34
1886	123,592,221.68	8,786,546.55	112,862,815.24	16,464,462.15	14,036,632.18
1887	128,482,769.20	11,476,372.92	118,372,954.27	16,432,743.24	19,190,076.79
1888	132,591,946.77	80,082,442.39	161,168,708.67	15,782,267.54	54,913,489.74
1889	139,316,214.49	20,723,547.15	152,338,700.22	19,309,039.25	43,305,511.91
1890	147,761,566.81	20,285,150.91	163,808,952.13	20,548,812.80	26,994,464.70
1891	152,389,837.70	21,364,103.93	155,747,224.40	23,386,731.39	21,614,450.54
1892	159,380,415.47	24,793,023.09	172,960,512.47	22,162,485.24	10,664,891.39
1893	166,257,566.29	28,583,034.22	172,620,613.70	22,707,590.82	10,177,287.38
1894	147,326,916.13	39,501,947.41	162,102,390.66	24,265,231.27	10,638,528.99
1895	169,440,435.46	41,892,885.26	187,592,511.38	23,186,071.15	11,193,267.18
1896	181,705,917.74	46,867,861.23	205,465,259.58	22,671,550.77	11,630,235.80
1897	149,306,649.29	50,059,755.00	179,269,503.12	19,350,217.54	12,376,919.43
Total	6,004,405,810.20	513,411,915.80	5,344,441,718.81	1,160,999,087.76	

No. 67.—NUMBER OF NATIONAL BANKS AND OF NATIONAL-BANK DEPOSITORIES AND AMOUNT OF BONDS HELD FOR THEM AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR.

Fiscal year.	Number of banks.	Number of depositories.	Bonds held to secure circulation.	Bonds held to secure public funds.	Total of bonds held.
1863	26		$1,185,750		$1,185,750
1864	467	204	44,266,900	$30,009,750	74,276,650
1865	1,294	330	235,989,700	32,707,500	268,697,200
1866	1,634	382	327,310,350	38,177,500	365,487,850
1867	1,636	385	340,607,500	39,177,950	379,785,450
1868	1,640	370	341,495,900	38,517,950	380,013,850
1869	1,619	276	342,851,600	25,423,350	368,274,950
1870	1,612	148	342,278,550	16,072,500	358,351,050
1871	1,723	159	350,885,550	15,536,500	375,422,050
1872	1,853	163	380,440,700	15,329,000	395,769,700
1873	1,968	158	390,410,550	15,210,000	405,620,550
1874	1,983	154	391,171,200	15,390,200	406,561,400
1875	2,076	145	376,314,500	14,547,200	390,861,700
1876	2,091	143	341,394,750	14,578,000	355,972,750
1877	2,078	145	338,713,600	15,377,000	354,090,600
1878	2,056	124	349,546,400	13,858,000	363,404,400
1879	2,048	127	354,254,600	14,421,400	368,676,000
1880	2,076	131	361,652,050	14,777,000	376,429,050
1881	2,115	130	360,505,900	15,295,500	375,801,400
1882	2,239	134	360,722,700	15,925,000	376,647,700
1883	2,417	140	356,596,500	17,116,060	373,712,500
1884	2,625	135	334,147,850	17,060,000	351,207,850
1885	2,689	132	312,145,200	17,607,000	329,752,200
1886	2,809	160	275,974,800	19,659,900	295,634,700
1887	3,014	200	191,966,700	26,485,500	218,452,200
1888	3,128	290	178,312,650	56,128,000	234,440,650
1889	3,262	270	148,121,450	45,222,000	193,343,450
1890	3,508	205	145,228,300	29,713,000	174,941,300
1891	3,675	185	142,508,900	26,349,500	168,858,400
1892	3,765	159	163,190,050	15,852,000	179,042,050
1893	3,846	160	176,588,250	15,247,000	191,835,250
1894	3,797	155	201,691,750	14,736,000	216,427,750
1895	3,767	160	207,680,800	15,278,000	222,958,800
1896	3,737	160	228,915,950	16,928,000	245,843,950
1897	3,615	168	230,471,550	16,930,500	247,402,050

No. 68.—BONDS HELD FOR THE SINKING FUNDS OF THE PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANIES AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR.

Fiscal year.	Bonds issued to Pacific railroads (6 per cent).	First-mortgage bonds of Pacific railroads (6 per cent).	Funded loan of 1907 (4 per cent).	Loan of 1904 (5 per cent).	Total.
UNION PACIFIC.					
1881 to 1884	$361,000	.....	$32,650	.....	$393,650
1885	361,000	.....	3,123,650	.....	3,484,650
1886	361,000	.....	4,218,650	.....	4,579,650
1887	1,043,000	$360,000	4,478,650	.....	5,881,650
1888	1,043,000	1,195,000	4,478,650	.....	6,716,650
1889	1,043,000	2,018,000	4,478,650	.....	7,539,650
1890	1,043,000	4,666,500	2,908,250	.....	8,617,750
1891	1,043,000	8,906,500	.....	.....	9,949,500
1892	188,000	10,973,500	.....	.....	11,161,500
1893	188,000	12,302,500	.....	.....	12,490,500
1894	74,000	13,320,500	.....	$235,750	13,630,250
1895	74,000	13,345,500	.....	915,750	14,335,250
1896	64,000	13,166,500	.....	915,750	14,146,250
1897	564,000	12,165,500	.....	915,750	13,645,250
CENTRAL PACIFIC.					
1881 to 1886	444,000	.....	.....	.....	444,000
1887	2,548,000	42,000	.....	.....	2,590,000
1888	2,548,000	352,000	.....	.....	2,900,000
1889	2,548,030	666,000	.....	.....	3,214,000
1890	2,548,000	1,009,000	.....	.....	3,557,000
1891	2,548,000	1,435,000	.....	.....	3,983,000
1892	2,261,000	2,174,000	.....	.....	4,435,000
1893	2,251,000	2,666,500	.....	.....	4,917,500
1894	2,101,000	3,229,000	.....	.....	5,330,000
1895	2,175,000	3,261,000	.....	125,000	5,561,000
1896	2,130,000	3,223,000	.....	125,000	5,478,000
1897	.....	312,000	.....	125,000	437,000

No. 69.—OLD DEMAND NOTES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING JUNE 30, 1897.

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
Five dollars	$21,800,000	.....	$21,778,087.50	$21,912.50
Ten dollars	20,030,000	.....	20,009,865.00	20,135.00
Twenty dollars	18,200,000	.....	18,187,700.00	12,300.00
Total	60,030,000	.....	59,975,652.50	54,347.50

No. 70.—FRACTIONAL CURRENCY OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING JUNE 30, 1897.

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
Three cents	$601,923.90	$6.00	$511,692.57	$90,231.33
Five cents	5,694,717.85	78.00	3,835,943.73	1,858,774.12
Ten cents	82,198,456.80	620.50	77,137,648.73	5,060,808.07
Fifteen cents	5,305,568.40	45.80	5,065,273.59	240,294.81
Twenty-five cents	139,031,482.00	1,272.70	134,752,758.66	4,278,723.34
Fifty cents	135,891,930.50	1,459.00	132,125,121.70	3,766,808.80
Total	368,724,079.45	3,482.00	353,428,438.98	15,295,640.47
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	32,000.00	32,000.00
Net	368,724,079.45	3,482.00	353,460,438.98	15,263,640.47

No. 71.—COMPOUND-INTEREST NOTES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING JUNE 30, 1897.

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
Ten dollars	$23,285,200	$190	$23,264,040	$21,160
Twenty dollars	30,125,840	200	30,092,070	33,770
Fifty dollars	60,824,000	300	60,759,700	64,300
One hundred dollars	45,094,400	300	45,061,300	33,100
Five hundred dollars	67,846,000	.....	67,834,500	11,500
One thousand dollars	39,420,000	.....	39,414,000	6,000
Total	266,595,440	990	266,425,610	169,830

No. 72.—ONE AND TWO YEAR NOTES OF EACH DENOMINATION ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING JUNE 30, 1897.

Denomination.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
Ten dollars	$6,200,000	$30	$6,193,735	$6,265
Twenty dollars	16,440,000	120	16,426,920	13,080
Fifty dollars	20,945,600	50	20,931,600	14,000
One hundred dollars	37,804,400	.....	37,788,300	16,100
Five hundred dollars	40,302,000	.....	40,300,500	1,500
One thousand dollars	89,308,000	.....	89,289,000	19,000
Total	211,000,000	200	210,930,055	69,945
Unknown, destroyed	.....	.....	10,590	10,590
Net	211,000,000	200	210,940,645	59,355

No. 73.—UNITED STATES PAPER CURRENCY OF EACH CLASS, TOGETHER WITH ONE AND TWO YEAR NOTES AND COMPOUND-INTEREST NOTES, ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING JUNE 30, 1897.

Class.	Issued during year.	Total issued.	Redeemed during year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
Old demand notes	.....	$60,030,000.00	.....	$59,975,652.50	$54,347.50
United States notes	$59,620,000	2,854,525,808.00	$59,620,000.00	2,507,844,792.00	346,681,016.00
Treasury notes of 1890	30,686,000	371,073,000.00	45,502,000.00	256,205,720.00	114,867,280.00
Gold certificates	10,000	1,539,039,880.46	4,046,020.00	1,500,257,711.46	38,782,169.00
Silver certificates	178,432,000	1,426,790,000.00	145,572,000.00	1,051,310,496.00	375,479,504.00
Currency certificates	106,100,000	1,380,250,000.00	75,970,000.00	1,317,910,000.00	62,340,000.00
Fractional currency	.....	368,724,079.45	3,482.00	353,460,438.98	15,263,640.47
One and two year notes	.....	211,000,000.00	200.00	210,940,645.00	59,355.00
Compound-interest notes	.....	266,595,440.00	990.00	266,425,610.00	169,830.00
Total	374,848,000	8,478,028,207.91	330,714,692.00	7,524,331,065.94	953,697,141.97

No. 74.—SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES ISSUED, REDEEMED, AND OUTSTANDING JUNE 30, 1897.

Issue.	Total issued.	Redeemed to June 30, 1896.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
July 17, 1861	$140,094,750	$140,084,050	$1,000	$140,085,050	$9,700
August 15, 1864	299,992,500	299,945,100	150	299,945,250	47,250
June 15, 1865	331,000,000	330,969,450	.....	330,969,450	30,550
July 15, 1865	199,000,000	198,953,900	.....	198,953,900	46,100
Total	970,087,250	969,952,500	1,150	969,953,650	133,600

No. 75.—COUPONS FROM UNITED STATES BONDS AND INTEREST NOTES PAID DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1897, CLASSIFIED BY LOANS.

Title of loan.	Number of coupons.	Amount.	Title of loan.	Number of coupons.	Amount.
Loan of July and August, 1861	28	$82.50	Funded loan of 1891	287	$2,631.30
5-20s of 1862	8	18.00	Consols of 1907	559,646	2,741,398.00
Consols of 1865	4	9.00	5 per cent loan of 1904	173,824	2,005,463.82
Consols of 1867	114	1,545.00	4 per cent loan of 1895	281,649	2,537,142.50
Consols of 1868	2	4.50	7-30s of 1864 and 1865	4	9.12
Funded loan of 1881	1	.62	Total	1,015,567	7,288,304.36

No. 76.—CHECKS ISSUED FOR INTEREST ON REGISTERED BONDS OF THE UNITED STATES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Title of loan.	Number.	Amount.
Funded loan of 1907	108,236	$19,615,082.50
Funded loan of 1891, continued	4,326	507,290.00
5 per cent loan of 1904	6,298	2,985,647.79
Spanish indemnity certificates	91	28,500.00
Bonds issued to Pacific railroads	3,811	3,217,290.72
4 percents of 1895-1925	11,377	3,921,849.50
Certificates of indebtedness for Cherokee lands, act August 15, 1894	22	199,200.00
Total	134,161	30,474,860.51

No. 77.—INTEREST ON 3.65 PER CENT BONDS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA PAID DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Where paid.	Coupons.	Checks.	Total.
Treasury United States, Washington	$13,671.98	$29,583.25	$43,255.23
Subtreasury United States, New York	33,350.05	443,000.50	476,350.55
Total	47,022.03	472,583.75	519,605.78

No. 78.—REFUNDING CERTIFICATES ISSUED UNDER THE ACT OF FEBRUARY 26, 1879, CONVERTED INTO BONDS OF THE FUNDED LOAN OF 1907.

How payable.	Issued.	Converted to June 30, 1896.	Converted during fiscal year.	Total converted.	Outstanding.
To order	$58,500	$58,430	.....	$58,430	$70
To bearer	39,954,250	39,907,180	$2,010	39,909,190	45,060
Total	40,012,750	39,965,610	2,010	39,967,620	45,130

No. 79.—UNITED STATES BONDS AND SECURITIES RETIRED FOR THE SINKING FUND, FROM MAY, 1869, TO JUNE 30, 1897.

Title of loan.	How retired.	To June 30, 1896.	During fiscal year.	Total.
War bounty scrip	Redeemed	$75.00	.....	$75.00
Loan of 1860	do	10,000.00	.....	10,000.00
Loan of February, 1861	Purchased	10,612,000.00	.....	10,612,000.00
	Redeemed	3,000.00	.....	3,000.00
	Total	10,615,000.00	.....	10,615,000.00
Oregon war debt	Purchased	256,800.00	.....	256,800.00
	Redeemed	1,300.00	.....	1,300.00
	Total	258,100.00	.....	258,100.00
Loan of July and August, 1861	Purchased	48,776,700.00	.....	48,776,700.00
	Redeemed	48,250.00	$2,400.00	50,650.00
	Total	48,824,950.00	2,400.00	48,827,350.00

No. 79.—UNITED STATES BONDS AND SECURITIES RETIRED FOR THE SINKING FUND, FROM MAY, 1869, TO JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

Title of loan.	How retired.	To June 30, 1896.	During fiscal year.	Total.
5-20s of 1862	Purchased	$24,029,150.00		$24,029,150.00
	Redeemed	30,036,400.00	$1,000.00	30,037,400.00
	Total	54,065,550.00	1,000.00	54,066,550.00
Loan of 1863	Purchased	19,854,250.00		19,854,250.00
	Redeemed	18,100.00	500.00	18,600.00
	Total	19,872,350.00	500.00	19,872,850.00
10-40s of 1864	Redeemed	691,600.00		691,600.00
5-20s of March, 1864	Purchased	361,600.00		361,600.00
5-20s of June, 1864	do	18,356,100.00		18,356,100.00
	Redeemed	11,072,100.00		11,072,100.00
	Total	29,428,200.00		29,428,200.00
5-20s of 1865	Purchased	16,866,150.00		16,866,150.00
	Redeemed	1,982,450.00		1,982,450.00
	Total	18,848,600.00		18,848,600.00
Consols of 1865	Purchased	48,166,150.00		48,166,150.00
	Redeemed	65,450.00		65,450.00
	Total	48,231,600.00		48,231,600.00
Consols of 1867	Purchased	32,115,600.00		32,115,600.00
	Redeemed	76,700.00		76,700.00
	Total	32,192,300.00		32,192,300.00
Consols of 1868	Purchased	2,213,800.00		2,213,800.00
	Redeemed	21,350.00		21,350.00
	Total	2,235,150.00		2,235,150.00
Funded loan of 1881	Purchased	43,599,000.00		43,599,000.00
	Redeemed	25,081,450.00	500.00	25,081,950.00
	Total	68,680,450.00	500.00	68,680,950.00
Funded load of 1891	Purchased	46,274,850.00		46,274,850.00
	Redeemed	50,399,400.00	237,400.00	50,636,800.00
	Total	96,674,250.00	237,400.00	96,911,650.00
Funded loan of 1907	Purchased	77,558,500.00		77,558,500.00
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued.	Redeemed	56,631,000.00	1,590.00	56,632,500.00
Loan of 1863, continued	do	37,220,300.00		37,220,300.00
Funded loan of 1881, continued	do	43,708,100.00	1,000.00	43,709,100.00
Loan of July 12, 1882	do	168,685,950.00	1,600.00	168,687,550.00
Funded loan of 1891, continued	do	47,700.00		47,700.00
	Bonds purchased	389,040,650.00		389,040,650.00
	Bonds redeemed	425,800,675.00	245,900.00	426,046,575.00
Total bonds		814,841,325.00	245,900.00	815,087,225.00
Treasury notes issued prior to 1846.	Redeemed	100.00		100.00
Treasury notes of 1861	do	50.00		50.00
5 per cent temporary loan certificate, act February 25, 1862.	do	110.00		110.00
Certificates of indebtedness, act March 1, 1862.	do	1,000.00		1,000.00
Certificates of indebtedness of 1870.	do	678,000.00		678,000.00
One-year notes of 1863	do	3,740.00	210.00	3,950.00
Two-year notes of 1863	do	1,200.00	50.00	1,250.00
Compound-interest notes	do	19,560.00	1,300.00	20,860.00
7.30s of 1861	do	150.00	1,000.00	1,150.00
7.30s of 1864-65	do	9,450.00	150.00	9,600.00
Fractional currency	do	26,224,698.79	3,482.00	26,228,180.79
United States notes	do	29,090,564.00		29,090,564.00
Old demand notes	do	2,120.00		2,120.00
National-bank notes	do	25,624,617.50		25,624,617.50
Aggregate		896,496,685.29	252,092.00	896,748,777.29

No. 80.—UNITED STATES BONDS RETIRED, FROM MAY, 1869, TO JUNE 30, 1897.

Title of loan.	How retired.	Rate of interest.	To June 30, 1896.	During fiscal year.	Total.
		Per ct.			
Loan of 1847	Redeemed	6	$47,900		$47,900
Bounty-land scrip	do	6	1,075		1,075
Loan of February, 1861	Purchased	6	10,612,000		10,612,000
	Redeemed	6	7,798,000		7,798,000
	Total		18,410,000		18,410,000
Oregon war debt	Purchased	6	256,800		256,800
	Redeemed	6	685,700		685,700
	Total		942,500		942,500
Loan of July and August, 1861	Purchased	6	48,776,700		48,776,700
	Redeemed	6	12,902,200	$2,400	12,904,600
	Total		61,678,900	2,400	61,681,300
5-20s of 1862	Purchased	6	57,155,850		57,155,850
	Redeemed	6	430,306,650	2,500	430,309,150
	Converted	6	27,091,000		27,091,000
	Total		514,553,500	2,500	514,556,000
Loan of 1863	Purchased	6	19,854,250		19,854,250
	Redeemed	6	4,679,700	500	4,680,200
	Total		24,533,950	500	24,534,450
5-20s of March, 1864	Purchased	6	1,119,800		1,119,800
	Redeemed	6	2,382,200		2,382,200
	Converted	6	380,500		380,500
	Total		3,882,500		3,882,500
5-20s of June, 1864	Purchased	6	43,459,750		43,459,750
	Redeemed	6	69,866,500		69,866,500
	Converted	6	12,218,650		12,218,650
	Total		125,544,900		125,544,900
5-20s of 1865	Purchased	6	36,023,350		36,023,350
	Redeemed	6	157,695,450		157,695,450
	Converted	6	9,586,600		9,586,600
	Total		203,305,400		203,305,400
Consols of 1865	Purchased	6	118,950,550		118,950,550
	Redeemed	6	205,235,600	13,150	205,248,750
	Converted	6	8,703,600		8,703,600
	Total		332,889,750	13,150	332,902,900
Consols of 1867	Purchased	6	62,846,950		62,846,950
	Redeemed	6	310,031,250	25,350	310,056,600
	Converted	6	5,807,500		5,807,500
	Exchanged	6	761,100		761,100
	Total		379,446,800	25,350	379,472,150
Consols of 1868	Purchased	6	4,794,050		4,794,050
	Redeemed	6	37,471,800	400	37,472,200
	Converted	6	211,750		211,750
	Exchanged	6	44,900		44,900
	Total		42,522,500	400	42,522,900
Total of 6 percents			1,707,759,675	44,300	1,707,803,975
Texan indemnity stock	Redeemed	5	232,000		232,000
Loan of 1860	Redeemed	5	7,022,000		7,022,000
Loan of 1858	Redeemed	5	6,041,000		6,041,000
	Converted	5	13,957,000		13,957,000
	Total		19,998,000		19,998,000

No. 80.—UNITED STATES BONDS RETIRED, FROM MAY, 1869, TO JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

Title of loan.	How retired.	Rate of interest.	To June 30, 1896.	During fiscal year.	Total.
		Per ct.			
10-40s of 1864	Redeemed	5	$192,442,450	$1,000	$192,443,450
	Exchanged	5	2,089,500		2,089,500
	Total		194,531,950	1,000	194,532,950
Funded loan of 1881	Purchased	5	43,599,000		43,599,000
	Redeemed	5	72,857,750	500	72,858,250
	Total		116,456,750	500	116,457,250
Total of 5 percents			338,240,700	1,500	338,242,200
Funded loan of 1891	Purchased	4½	143,518,200		143,518,200
	Redeemed	4½	80,680,450	237,400	80,917,850
	Total		224,198,650	237,400	224,436,050
Funded loan of 1907	Purchased	4	179,842,500		179,842,500
	Redeemed	4	1,418,850		1,418,850
	Total		181,261,350		181,261,350
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued	Redeemed	3½	127,593,600	1,500	127,595,100
Loan of 1863 continued	do	3½	37,226,200		37,226,200
	Exchanged	3½	13,231,650		13,231,650
	Total		50,457,850		50,457,850
Funded loan of 1881 continued	Redeemed	3½	109,153,050	1,000	109,154,050
	Exchanged	3½	292,349,600		292,349,600
	Total		401,502,650	1,000	401,503,650
Total of 3½ percents			579,554,100	2,500	579,556,600
Loan of July 12, 1882	Redeemed	3	305,574,250	1,600	305,575,850
Funded loan of 1891 continued	do	2	47,700		47,700
Total purchased			770,809,750		770,809,750
Total redeemed			2,179,393,325	287,300	2,179,680,625
Total converted			77,956,600		77,956,600
Total exchanged			308,476,750		308,476,750
Aggregate			3,336,636,425	287,300	3,336,923,725

No. 81.—BONDS OF THE LOANS GIVEN IN STATEMENT NO. 80 RETIRED PRIOR TO MAY, 1869.

Title of loan.	How retired.	Rate of interest.	Amount.
		Per cent.	
Loan of 1847	Purchased and redeemed	6	$28,181,500
Bounty-land scrip	Redeemed	6	229,000
Texan indemnity stock	Purchased and redeemed	5	4,748,000
Oregon war debt	Purchased	6	145,850
10-40s of 1864	do	5	1,551,000
Total			34,855,350

No. 82.—BONDS ISSUED TO PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANIES REDEEMED FROM JANUARY, 1895, TO JUNE 30, 1897.

Railway.	How retired.	Rate of interest.	To June 30, 1896.	During fiscal year.	Total.
		Per cent.			
Central Pacific	Redeemed	6	$2,558,000	$3,505,000	$6,063,000
Union Pacific	do	6	4,293,000	3,820,000	8,113,000
Kansas Pacific	do	6	2,065,000	2,804,000	4,869,000
Central Branch of Union Pacific	do	6	640,000	634,000	1,274,000
Western Pacific	do	6		320,000	320,000
Total			9,556,000	11,083,000	20,639,000

No. 83.—CALLED BONDS REDEEMED AND OUTSTANDING JUNE 30, 1897.

Loan.	Call.	When matured.	Amount called.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
5-20s of 1862	1	Dec. 1, 1871	$99,959,600	$500	$99,941,600	$18,000
	2	Mar. 7, 1872	16,222,250	.....	16,218,850	3,400
	3	Mar. 20, 1872	20,105,500	.....	20,098,150	7,350
	4	June 1, 1873	49,878,650	600	49,815,300	63,350
	5	Sept. 6, 1873	20,042,100	.....	20,026,350	15,750
	6	Nov. 16, 1873	14,335,300	.....	14,328,600	6,700
	7	Feb. 1, 1874	4,994,700	.....	4,992,300	2,400
	8	Sept. 3, 1874	5,020,100	.....	5,016,850	3,250
	9	Sept. 5, 1874	1,004,950	.....	1,003,950	1,000
	10	Nov. 1, 1874	25,017,700	.....	25,001,700	16,000
	11	Dec. 1, 1874	14,807,700	.....	14,801,050	6,650
	12	Jan. 1, 1875	10,168,300	200	10,156,750	11,550
	13	Feb. 2, 1875	5,091,700	.....	5,086,000	5,700
	14	May 1, 1875	15,028,350	.....	15,009,200	19,150
	15	June 1, 1875	5,005,600	.....	5,005,050	550
	16	June 11, 1875	29,998,700	1,000	29,981,200	17,500
	17	July 20, 1875	5,006,300	.....	5,005,700	600
	18	Aug. 1, 1875	5,001,850	.....	5,001,550	300
	19	Aug. 15, 1875	5,003,550	100	5,002,350	1,200
	20	Sept. 1, 1875	10,000,950	.....	9,995,350	5,600
	21	Sept. 24, 1875	5,005,200	.....	5,003,050	2,150
	22	Oct. 14, 1875	10,004,800	.....	10,001,450	3,350
	23	Oct. 28, 1875	14,896,750	100	14,892,150	4,600
Total	.....	.....	391,600,600	2,500	391,384,500	216,100
5-20s of March, 1864	24	Nov. 13, 1875	946,600	.....	946,600	.....
5-20s of June, 1864	24	.....do	9,104,500	.....	9,096,400	8,100
	25	Dec. 1, 1875	8,043,900	.....	8,043,900	.....
	26	.....do	5,024,750	.....	5,022,650	2,100
	27	Dec. 17, 1875	5,012,900	.....	5,010,800	2,100
	28	Jan. 1, 1876	5,020,500	.....	5,018,500	2,000
	29	Feb. 1, 1876	10,012,650	.....	10,011,650	1,000
	30	Feb. 15, 1876	12,802,950	.....	12,801,850	1,100
	31	.....do	3,024,050	.....	3,024,050	.....
Total	.....	.....	58,046,200	.....	58,029,800	16,400
5-20s of 1865	31	Feb. 15, 1876	1,974,700	.....	1,974,150	550
	32	Dec. 1, 1876	10,032,300	.....	10,032,300	.....
	33	Dec. 6, 1876	9,996,300	.....	9,993,100	3,200
	34	Dec. 12, 1876	10,012,250	.....	10,003,150	9,100
	35	Dec. 21, 1876	10,053,750	.....	10,052,650	1,100
	36	Jan. 6, 1877	10,008,250	.....	10,006,150	2,100
	37	Apr. 10, 1877	10,026,900	.....	10,026,100	800
	38	Apr. 24, 1877	10,155,150	.....	10,153,650	1,500
	39	May 12, 1877	10,138,300	.....	10,137,800	500
	40	May 28, 1877	9,904,300	.....	9,902,800	1,500
	41	June 3, 1877	10,041,050	.....	10,041,050	.....
	42	June 10, 1877	10,003,250	.....	10,003,250	.....
	43	June 15, 1877	10,048,300	.....	10,048,300	.....
	44	June 27, 1877	10,005,500	.....	10,004,500	1,000
	45	July 5, 1877	10,019,000	.....	10,018,500	500
	46	Aug. 5, 1877	10,114,550	.....	10,114,550	.....
Total	.....	.....	152,533,850	.....	152,512,000	21,850
Consols of 1865	47	Aug. 21, 1877	10,160,700	1,000	10,152,100	8,600
	48	Aug. 28, 1877	10,018,650	.....	10,013,200	5,450
	49	Sept. 11, 1877	15,000,600	1,100	14,993,050	7,550
	50	Oct. 5, 1877	10,003,400	2,000	9,999,700	3,700
	51	Oct. 16, 1877	10,015,550	.....	10,000,750	14,800
	52	Oct. 19, 1877	10,007,650	2,000	10,003,700	3,950
	53	Oct. 27, 1877	10,012,650	1,000	10,006,050	6,600
	54	Nov. 3, 1877	10,063,700	1,000	10,057,550	6,150
	55	Mar. 6, 1878	10,032,350	.....	10,031,200	1,150
	56	July 30, 1878	5,083,850	.....	5,082,000	1,850
	57	Aug. 6, 1878	5,007,850	.....	5,006,450	1,400
	58	Aug. 22, 1878	4,973,100	.....	4,971,550	1,550
	59	Sept. 5, 1878	5,001,100	.....	5,000,500	600
	60	Sept. 20, 1878	4,795,250	4,000	4,791,200	4,050
	61	Oct. 11, 1878	4,935,000	.....	4,929,700	5,300
	62	Oct. 17, 1878	4,989,850	50	4,985,750	4,100
	63	Oct. 23, 1878	5,082,800	.....	5,082,400	400
	64	Oct. 30, 1878	5,254,300	.....	5,250,300	4,000
	65	Nov. 5, 1878	4,965,000	.....	4,963,700	1,300
	66	Nov. 7, 1878	5,089,350	.....	5,085,300	4,050
	67	Nov. 10, 1878	4,991,200	.....	4,991,050	150
	68	Nov. 16, 1878	5,072,200	.....	5,071,800	400

No. 83.—CALLED BONDS REDEEMED AND OUTSTANDING JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

Loan.	Call.	When matured.	Amount called.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
Consols of 1865	69	Nov. 26, 1878	$4,996,300	.....	$4,995,100	$1,200
	70	Dec. 4, 1878	4,620,650	.....	4,620,600	50
	71	Dec. 16, 1878	5,003,200	.....	5,001,700	1,500
	72	Feb. 16, 1879	5,060,650	.....	5,059,650	1,000
	73	Feb. 27, 1879	5,012,500	$1,000	5,012,100	400
	74	Mar. 9, 1879	5,007,400	.....	5,005,400	2,000
	75	Mar. 18, 1879	12,374,950	.....	12,372,150	2,800
Total	.....	.....	202,631,750	13,150	202,535,700	96,050
Consols of 1867	76	Apr. 1, 1879	9,983,700	5,000	9,981,300	2,400
	77	Apr. 4, 1879	9,893,300	500	9,883,400	9,900
	78	Apr. 6, 1879	10,314,700	50	10,310,600	4,100
	79	Apr. 8, 1879	10,006,650	5,000	10,002,600	4,050
	80	Apr. 11, 1879	9,389,600	1,000	9,386,000	3,600
	81	Apr. 14, 1879	20,104,700	100	20,086,100	18,600
	82	Apr. 18, 1879	19,604,800	500	19,595,500	9,300
	83	Apr. 21, 1879	18,579,500	2,000	18,563,150	16,350
	84	Apr. 24, 1879	21,622,950	1,500	21,611,850	11,100
	85	Apr. 28, 1879	20,253,900	.....	20,248,500	5,400
	86	May 1, 1879	20,161,250	1,200	20,158,100	3,150
	87	May 6, 1879	20,044,250	1,000	20,039,500	4,750
	88	May 12, 1879	19,858,600	2,100	19,846,850	11,750
	89	May 17, 1879	20,219,200	1,100	20,214,550	4,650
	90	May 24, 1879	19,407,450	.....	19,402,450	5,000
	91	June 4, 1879	10,674,400	1,100	10,667,900	6,500
	92	June 12, 1879	10,464,650	100	10,463,000	1,650
	93	June 29, 1879	10,076,700	.....	10,064,900	11,800
	94	July 3, 1879	9,972,800	100	9,970,450	2,350
	95	July 4, 1879	19,213,050	3,000	19,203,600	9,450
Total	.....	.....	309,846,150	25,350	309,700,300	145,850
Consols of 1868	96	July 4, 1879	37,420,300	400	37,403,850	16,450
10-40s of 1864	97	July 9, 1879	10,294,150	.....	10,290,600	3,550
	98	July 18, 1879	157,607,600	1,000	157,576,800	30,800
	99	July 21, 1879	24,575,050	.....	24,575,050	.....
Total	.....	.....	192,476,800	1,000	192,442,450	34,350
Loan of 1858	100	July 23, 1879	260,000	.....	260,000	.....
Funded loan of 1881	101	May 21, 1881	25,030,100	500	25,028,100	2,000
	103	Aug. 12, 1881	10,121,850	.....	10,095,750	26,100
	104	Oct. 1, 1881	28,184,500	.....	28,180,600	3,900
Total	.....	.....	63,336,450	500	63,304,450	32,000
Loan of July and August, 1861.	102	July 1, 1881	12,947,450	2,400	12,904,600	42,850
Loan of 1863	102	.....do.....	4,687,800	500	4,680,200	7,600
Loan of July and August, 1861—continued at 3½ per cent.	105	Dec. 24, 1881	20,031,550	.....	20,031,550	.....
	106	Jan. 29, 1882	20,184,900	.....	20,184,900	.....
	107	Mar. 13, 1882	19,564,100	.....	19,564,100	.....
	108	Apr. 8, 1882	20,546,700	.....	20,546,600	100
	109	May 3, 1882	5,086,200	.....	5,086,200	.....
	110	May 10, 1882	5,010,200	.....	5,009,200	1,000
	111	May 17, 1882	5,096,550	.....	5,096,550	.....
	112	June 7, 1882	15,109,950	500	15,108,950	1,000
	113	July 1, 1882	11,227,500	1,000	11,227,500	.....
Total	.....	.....	121,857,650	1,500	121,855,550	2,100
Loan of 1863—continued at 3½ per cent.	114	Aug. 1, 1882	15,024,700	.....	15,024,700	.....
	115	Sept. 13, 1882	16,304,000	.....	16,304,000	.....
	116	Oct. 4, 1882	3,269,750	.....	3,269,650	100
Total	.....	.....	34,598,450	.....	34,598,350	100
Funded loan of 1881—continued at 3½ per cent.	117	Dec. 23, 1882	25,822,600	.....	25,821,450	1,150
	118	Jan. 18, 1883	16,119,850	.....	16,119,850	.....
	119	Feb. 10, 1883	15,221,800	.....	15,221,800	.....
	120	May 1, 1883	15,215,350	.....	15,215,350	.....
	121	Nov. 1, 1883	30,753,350	1,000	30,753,250	100
Total	.....	.....	103,132,950	1,000	103,131,700	1,250

No. 83.—CALLED BONDS REDEEMED AND OUTSTANDING JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

Loan.	Call.	When matured.	Amount called.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
Loan of July 12, 1882	122	Dec. 1, 1883	$15,272,100		$15,272,100	
	123	Dec. 15, 1883	15,133,650		15,133,550	$100
	124	Feb. 1, 1884	10,208,850		10,208,850	
	125	Mar. 15, 1884	10,047,850		10,047,850	
	126	May 1, 1884	10,093,100		10,093,000	100
	127	June 20, 1884	10,010,250		10,010,250	
	128	June 30, 1884	10,151,050		10,150,950	100
	129	Aug. 1, 1884	10,040,800		10,040,800	
	130	Sept. 30, 1884	10,050,100		10,050,100	
	131	Nov. 1, 1884	10,330,750		10,330,750	
	132	Feb. 1, 1886	10,098,150	$1,000	10,098,150	
	133	Mar. 1, 1886	10,000,250		10,000,250	
	134	Apr. 1, 1886	10,012,750	100	10,012,750	
	135	May 1, 1886	10,009,850		10,009,750	100
	136	June 1, 1886	10,002,900		10,002,900	
	137	July 1, 1886	4,001,850	500	4,001,850	
	138	Aug. 1, 1886	4,007,700		4,007,700	
	139	Sept. 1, 1886	4,004,950		4,004,950	
	140	Sept. 15, 1886	10,003,650		10,003,650	
	141	Oct. 1, 1886	15,005,000		15,005,000	
	142	Oct. 16, 1886	15,122,400		15,122,400	
	143	Nov. 1, 1886	15,008,300		15,008,300	
	144	Dec. 1, 1886	10,005,350		10,005,350	
	145	Feb. 1, 1887	10,010,900		10,010,900	
	146	Mar. 1, 1887	13,887,000		13,887,000	
	147	Apr. 1, 1887	10,007,750		10,007,750	
	148	May 1, 1887	10,014,250		10,014,250	
	149	July 1, 1887	19,717,500		19,712,500	5,000
Total			302,259,000	1,600	302,253,600	5,400
Funded loan of 1891	150	Sept. 2, 1891	25,457,000	237,400	25,305,250	151,750
Bonds issued to Pacific railroads.	151	Jan. 16, 1895	2,362,000		2,362,000	
	152	Nov. 1, 1895	640,000	1,000	632,000	8,000
	153	Jan. 1, 1896	3,680,000	1,407,000	3,677,000	3,000
	154	Feb. 1, 1896	4,320,000	4,000	4,297,000	23,000
	155	Jan. 1, 1897	9,712,000	9,671,000	9,671,000	41,000
Total			20,714,000	11,083,000	20,639,000	75,000

RECAPITULATION BY LOANS.

Loan.	Amount called.	Redeemed during fiscal year.	Total redeemed.	Outstanding.
5-20s of 1862	$391,600,600	$2,500	$391,384,500	$216,100
5-20s of March, 1864	946,600		946,600	
5-20s of June, 1864	58,046,200		58,029,800	16,400
5-20s of 1865	152,533,850		152,512,000	21,850
Consols of 1865	202,631,750	13,150	202,535,700	96,050
Consols of 1867	309,846,150	25,350	309,700,300	145,850
Consols of 1868	37,420,300	400	37,403,850	16,450
10-40s of 1864	192,476,800	1,000	192,442,450	34,350
Loan of 1858	260,000		260,000	
Funded loan of 1881	63,336,450	500	63,304,450	32,000
Loan of July and August, 1861	12,947,450	2,400	12,904,600	42,850
Loan of 1863	4,687,800	500	4,680,200	7,600
Loan of July and August, 1861—continued at 3½ per cent	121,857,650	1,500	121,855,550	2,100
Loan of 1863—continued at 3½ per cent	34,598,450		34,598,350	100
Funded loan of 1881—continued at 3½ per cent	103,132,950	1,000	103,131,700	1,250
Loan of July 12, 1882	302,259,000	1,600	302,253,600	5,400
Funded loan of 1891	25,457,000	237,400	25,305,250	151,750
Bonds issued to Pacific railroads	20,714,000	11,083,000	20,639,000	75,000
Total	2,034,753,000	11,370,300	2,033,887,900	865,100

No. 84.—CHANGES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1897 IN THE PRINCIPAL OF THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Title of loan.	Rate per cent of interest.	Outstanding June 30, 1896.	Issued during year.	Redeemed during year.	Outstanding June 30, 1897.
INTEREST-BEARING DEBT.					
Funded loan of 1891, continued	2	$25,364,500.00			$25,364,500.00
Funded loan of 1907	4	559,636,850.00	$3,250.00		559,640,100.00
Refunding certificates	4	47,140.00		$2,010.00	45,130.00
Loan of 1904	5	100,000,000.00			100,000,000.00
Loan of 1925	4	162,315,400.00			162,315,400.00
Total		847,363,890.00	3,250.00	2,010.00	847,365,130.00
DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED.					
Old debt	1/10 to 6	151,745.26			151,745.26
Loan of 1847	6	950.00			950.00
Texan indemnity stock	5	20,000.00			20,000.00
Loan of 1858	5	2,000.00			2,000.00
5-20s of 1862	6	218,600.00		2,500.00	216,100.00
5-20s of June, 1864	6	16,400.00			16,400.00
5-20s of 1865	6	21,850.00			21,850.00
10-40s of 1864	5	35,350.00		1,000.00	34,350.00
Consols of 1865	6	109,200.00		13,150.00	96,050.00
Consols of 1867	6	171,200.00		25,350.00	145,850.00
Consols of 1868	6	16,850.00		400.00	16,450.00
Loan of February, 1861	6	5,000.00			5,000.00
Funded loan of 1881	5	32,500.00		500.00	32,000.00
Funded loan of 1881, continued	3½	2,250.00		1,000.00	1,250.00
Oregon war debt	6	2,500.00			2,500.00
Loan of July and August, 1861	6	45,250.00		2,400.00	42,850.00
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued	3½	3,600.00		1,500.00	2,100.00
Loan of 1863 (1881's)	6	8,100.00		500.00	7,600.00
Loan of 1863, continued	3½	100.00			100.00
Loan of July 12, 1882	3	7,000.00		1,600.00	5,400.00
Funded loan 1891	4½	389,150.00		237,400.00	151,750.00
Treasury notes of 1861	6	2,450.00			2,450.00
7.30s of 1861	7 3/10	10,700.00		1,000.00	9,700.00
One-year notes of 1863	5	31,965.00		210.00	31,755.00
Two-year notes of 1863	5	27,300.00		50.00	27,250.00
Compound-interest notes	6	169,980.00		1,300.00	168,680.00
7.30s of 1864-65	7 3/10	124,050.00		150.00	123,900.00
Certificates of indebtedness	6	3,000.00			3,000.00
Temporary loan	4 to 6	2,850.00			2,850.00
Three per cent certificates	3	5,000.00			5,000.00
Total		1,636,890.26		290,010.00	1,346,880.26
DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.					
Old demand notes		54,347.50			54,347.50
United States notes		346,681,016.00	59,620,000.00	59,620,000.00	346,681,016.00
National-bank notes, redemption account		20,102,022.50	15,448,970.00	11,092,355.50	24,458,637.00
Fractional currency		6,891,184.14		3,482.00	6,887,702.14
Total		373,728,570.14	75,068,970.00	70,715,837.50	378,081,702.64
CERTIFICATES AND TREASURY NOTES.					
Gold certificates		42,818,189.00	10,000.00	4,046,020.00	38,782,169.00
Silver certificates		342,619,504.00	178,432,000.00	145,572,000.00	375,479,504.00
Currency certificates		31,990,000.00	105,730,000.00	75,970,000.00	61,750,000.00
Treasury notes of 1890		129,683,280.00	30,686,000.00	45,502,000.00	114,867,280.00
Total		547,110,973.00	314,858,000.00	271,090,020.00	590,878,953.00
BONDS ISSUED TO PACIFIC RAILROADS.					
Central Pacific	6	23,327,120.00		3,505,000.00	19,822,120.00
Kansas Pacific	6	4,238,000.00		2,804,000.00	1,434,000.00
Union Pacific	6	22,943,512.00		3,820,000.00	19,123,512.00
Central Branch, Union Pacific	6	960,000.00		634,000.00	326,000.00
Western Pacific	6	1,970,560.00		320,000.00	1,650,560.00
Sioux City and Pacific	6	1,628,320.00			1,628,320.00
Total		55,067,512.00		11,083,000.00	43,984,512.00
Aggregate		1,824,907,835.40	389,930,220.00	353,180,877.50	1,861,657,177.90

No. 85.—PUBLIC DEBT, EXCLUSIVE OF CERTIFICATES AND TREASURY NOTES, AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JUNE, 1878, ACCORDING TO THE FORM OF STATEMENT ADOPTED IN 1891.

Month.	Interest-bearing.	Matured.	United States notes and fractional currency.	National-bank notes, redemption account.	Total.
1878—June	$1,780,735,650	$5,594,560.26	$363,291,082.27	$9,799,233.00	$2,159,420,525.53
July	1,795,677,900	9,009,640.26	363,198,881.67	9,779,042.00	2,177,665,463.93
August	1,818,670,500	11,973,650.26	363,094,984.10	9,143,950.00	2,202,883,084.36
September	1,818,261,550	12,524,690.26	363,040,525.58	9,184,120.00	2,203,010,885.84
October	1,807,163,600	15,026,370.26	362,954,274.86	9,611,708.00	2,194,755,953.12
November	1,798,750,750	23,666,240.26	362,893,413.89	9,832,601.25	2,195,143,005.40
December	1,809,812,850	22,446,460.26	362,851,205.62	10,436,754.75	2,205,547,270.63
1879—January	1,940,805,650	6,608,080.26	362,770,526.73	11,352,589.75	2,321,536,846.74
February	2,000,271,900	6,372,930.26	362,729,353.34	11,742,321.75	2,381,116,505.35
March	1,992,144,470	7,672,160.26	362,668,603.14	12,413,943.75	2,374,899,177.15
April	1,954,962,800	67,429,110.26	362,655,640.52	14,005,216.75	2,399,052,767.53
May	1,953,414,760	55,306,660.26	362,617,323.12	12,435,482.75	2,383,774,226.13
June	1,887,716,110	37,015,630.26	362,585,091.78	11,596,061.25	2,298,912,893.29
July	1,782,912,800	78,737,550.26	362,557,304.23	13,114,506.25	2,237,322,160.74
August	1,782,917,000	41,140,910.26	362,504,505.96	12,939,588.25	2,199,502,004.47
September	1,782,967,650	29,674,720.26	362,489,929.26	13,159,829.75	2,188,292,129.27
October	1,782,967,650	23,079,035.26	362,453,340.91	13,052,124.25	2,181,552,150.42
November	1,772,917,650	18,247,595.26	362,446,719.79	13,187,024.25	2,166,798,989.30
December	1,772,686,850	14,691,925.26	362,416,669.78	13,438,142.25	2,163,233,587.29
1880—January	1,767,686,850	12,002,445.26	362,411,085.96	16,623,235.25	2,158,723,616.47
February	1,756,212,850	10,823,135.26	362,373,582.08	18,244,836.25	2,147,654,403.59
March	1,746,698,400	9,922,965.26	362,367,508.00	18,546,756.25	2,137,535,629.51
April	1,733,698,400	8,877,635.26	362,346,693.00	19,125,436.25	2,124,048,164.51
May	1,721,698,400	8,134,965.26	362,334,980.37	19,068,847.25	2,111,237,192.88
June	1,709,993,100	7,621,455.26	353,956,945.37	19,337,621.25	2,090,909,121.88
July	1,708,698,400	6,841,115.26	353,947,641.37	19,731,300.25	2,089,218,456.88
August	1,699,198,400	6,128,035.26	353,923,891.37	19,753,958.25	2,079,004,284.88
September	1,686,698,400	6,011,665.26	353,923,781.37	20,222,920.25	2,066,856,766.88
October	1,676,698,400	5,615,665.26	353,923,702.37	20,825,767.25	2,057,063,534.88
November	1,672,520,400	5,518,085.26	353,905,003.37	20,997,588.25	2,052,941,076.88
December	1,661,265,400	11,484,395.26	353,889,291.12	21,300,799.85	2,047,939,886.23
1881—January	1,661,265,400	7,273,285.26	353,886,225.12	21,145,468.85	2,043,570,379.23
February	1,660,935,000	6,598,725.26	353,886,124.92	37,281,864.85	2,058,701,715.03
March	1,649,317,250	6,093,465.26	353,873,639.92	38,132,782.85	2,047,417,138.03
April	1,641,749,350	5,704,865.26	353,856,692.92	35,828,749.35	2,037,139,657.53
May	1,625,567,750	10,600,005.26	353,850,748.92	35,194,087.85	2,025,212,592.03
June	1,625,567,750	6,723,865.26	353,847,504.32	33,146,858.85	2,019,285,978.43
July	1,607,111,000	9,959,015.26	353,840,146.32	33,140,042.60	2,004,050,204.18
August	1,589,342,800	14,198,665.26	353,839,635.02	32,005,584.60	1,989,386,684.88
September	1,579,102,250	10,039,595.26	353,839,562.02	31,547,560.60	1,974,528,967.88
October	1,552,728,750	13,746,305.26	353,834,207.92	30,772,754.60	1,951,082,017.78
November	1,550,305,200	10,648,315.26	353,834,104.92	29,680,500.60	1,944,468,120.78
December	1,540,534,600	11,528,265.26	353,816,862.92	29,689,802.10	1,935,569,530.28
1882—January	1,520,331,600	13,920,005.26	353,810,399.67	30,095,568.60	1,918,157,573.53
February	1,520,325,600	10,037,925.26	353,806,768.67	29,961,285.60	1,914,131,579.53
March	1,500,752,700	12,665,615.26	353,805,749.67	29,507,958.60	1,896,732,023.53
April	1,480,044,850	13,714,845.26	353,798,633.77	32,444,379.60	1,880,002,708.63
May	1,464,952,800	14,440,165.26	353,790,329.77	34,879,647.60	1,868,062,942.63
June	1,449,810,400	16,260,805.26	353,787,958.77	37,056,729.60	1,856,915,893.63
July	1,438,661,500	13,909,715.26	353,787,180.77	37,962,089.10	1,844,320,485.13
August	1,423,603,750	12,472,725.26	353,772,677.77	38,941,344.60	1,828,790,497.63
September	1,407,341,350	15,959,625.26	353,768,579.77	38,851,758.10	1,815,921,313.13
October	1,404,080,200	11,588,945.26	353,766,581.77	38,169,253.10	1,807,604,980.13
November	1,404,066,800	9,545,055.26	353,762,960.17	37,991,780.10	1,805,366,595.53
December	1,378,245,450	14,887,015.26	353,762,385.17	39,098,793.10	1,785,993,643.53
1883—January	1,362,130,050	14,632,715.26	353,758,359.17	39,272,298.10	1,769,793,422.53
February	1,340,895,750	13,311,945.26	353,756,694.17	39,438,349.32	1,747,402,738.75
March	1,339,113,050	10,575,195.26	353,750,679.81	38,828,626.60	1,742,267,551.67
April	1,334,478,000	9,091,085.26	353,749,024.81	38,606,117.60	1,735,924,227.67
May	1,324,229,050	8,938,475.26	353,743,624.81	37,960,444.60	1,724,871,594.67
June	1,324,229,150	7,831,415.26	353,740,691.81	36,157,910.60	1,721,959,167.67
July	1,324,232,000	7,267,765.26	353,739,167.31	35,220,105.60	1,720,459,038.17
August	1,314,878,950	6,583,165.26	353,737,687.31	35,375,902.60	1,710,575,705.17
September	1,302,617,600	5,643,665.26	353,732,777.31	36,655,222.10	1,698,649,264.67
October	1,298,446,050	4,348,745.26	353,730,119.31	35,672,219.60	1,692,197,134.17
November	1,287,040,800	6,645,335.26	353,730,119.31	35,536,622.60	1,682,952,877.17
December	1,262,885,150	15,138,795.26	353,729,124.31	38,814,572.60	1,670,567,642.17
1884—January	1,262,657,850	11,348,165.26	353,726,906.31	39,036,637.60	1,666,769,559.17
February	1,252,840,900	12,067,365.26	353,725,893.31	39,605,082.60	1,658,239,241.17
March	1,242,758,000	14,043,915.26	353,723,858.31	39,754,813.10	1,650,280,586.67
April	1,242,572,350	12,128,405.26	353,722,628.31	38,849,725.10	1,647,273,108.67
May	1,230,845,650	12,578,275.26	353,720,860.31	38,779,038.10	1,635,923,823.67
June	1,212,563,850	19,656,205.26	353,719,517.31	39,368,121.10	1,625,307,693.67
July	1,211,407,950	12,606,365.26	353,717,922.31	38,852,805.10	1,616,585,042.67
August	1,202,526,400	14,188,585.26	353,717,377.31	38,386,957.60	1,608,819,320.17
September	1,192,476,500	18,616,815.26	353,716,616.36	39,358,283.10	1,604,168,214.72
October	1,192,475,600	12,547,485.26	353,713,585.36	39,283,467.10	1,598,020,137.72

No. 85.—PUBLIC DEBT, EXCLUSIVE OF CERTIFICATES AND TREASURY NOTES, AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, ETC.—Continued.

Month.	Interest-bearing.	Matured.	United States notes and fractional currency.	National-bank notes, redemption account.	Total.
1884—November	$1,182,147,100	$9,238,435.26	$353,713,585.36	$42,994,137.10	$1,588,093,257.72
December	1,182,147,450	6,993,925.26	353,710,599.36	42,442,478.10	1,585,294,452.72
1885—January	1,182,148,850	5,955,945.26	353,708,189.36	39,818,704.54	1,581,631,689.16
February	1,182,149,050	5,401,395.26	353,707,422.67	40,387,666.10	1,581,645,534.03
March	1,182,149,600	4,951,505.26	353,706,180.67	38,826,340.60	1,579,633,626.53
April	1,182,150,350	4,746,085.26	353,705,174.88	37,498,812.10	1,578,100,422.24
May	1,182,150,950	4,353,855.26	353,704,899.88	36,967,727.10	1,577,177,432.24
June	1,182,150,950	4,100,995.26	353,703,141.88	38,596,332.10	1,578,551,419.24
July	1,182,152,600	4,014,485.26	353,700,123.88	38,436,422.60	1,578,303,631.74
August	1,182,153,400	3,921,765.26	353,700,078.88	38,425,553.60	1,578,200,797.74
September	1,182,153,950	3,871,385.26	353,700,048.88	38,917,301.60	1,578,642,685.74
October	1,182,154,650	3,734,305.26	353,700,003.88	39,510,138.85	1,579,099,097.99
November	1,182,155,100	3,569,105.26	353,698,380.92	39,661,505.35	1,579,084,091.53
December	1,182,155,150	3,447,475.26	353,697,959.77	41,634,715.73	1,580,935,300.76
1886—January	1,182,155,900	3,324,755.26	353,697,849.77	44,167,171.73	1,583,345,676.76
February	1,172,058,150	4,258,465.26	353,697,849.77	49,265,791.98	1,579,280,257.01
March	1,162,057,950	5,367,865.26	353,694,653.27	52,639,262.35	1,573,759,730.88
April	1,151,742,250	5,856,795.26	353,693,078.52	56,613,089.85	1,567,905,213.63
May	1,142,026,800	7,097,505.26	353,692,573.52	57,496,394.35	1,560,313,273.13
June	1,132,014,100	9,704,445.26	353,692,548.52	60,248,705.85	1,555,659,799.63
July	1,127,980,600	5,374,185.26	353,692,138.52	60,381,020.85	1,547,427,944.63
August	1,122,391,600	4,773,225.26	353,692,093.52	60,933,955.35	1,541,790,874.13
September	1,103,133,800	6,998,735.26	353,692,093.52	65,612,547.35	1,529,437,176.13
October	1,074,819,600	12,316,435.26	353,692,093.52	78,105,363.60	1,518,933,492.38
November	1,059,125,850	9,289,365.26	353,692,093.52	87,111,317.60	1,509,218,626.38
December	1,051,870,950	8,874,855.26	353,692,043.52	90,602,281.60	1,505,040,130.38
1887—January	1,050,995,950	7,310,325.26	353,689,317.52	89,140,094.10	1,501,135,686.88
February	1,040,627,650	6,530,845.26	353,688,904.52	93,850,874.10	1,494,698,273.88
March	1,023,947,600	6,926,275.26	353,686,763.37	99,253,424.10	1,483,814,062.73
April	1,016,055,200	6,310,715.26	353,686,658.37	100,520,290.10	1,476,572,863.73
May	1,007,692,300	6,541,295.26	353,685,468.37	101,769,625.10	1,469,688,688.73
June	1,007,692,350	6,115,165.26	353,685,110.37	97,992,918.10	1,465,485,543.73
July	987,976,850	6,161,115.26	353,683,895.37	105,956,194.60	1,453,778,055.23
August	982,230,200	4,397,715.26	353,682,115.37	103,951,505.60	1,444,261,536.23
September	968,490,930	3,739,935.26	353,682,072.12	102,265,787.60	1,428,178,724.98
October	963,147,230	3,460,105.26	353,682,037.12	102,781,559.25	1,423,070,931.63
November	963,138,030	3,252,975.26	353,681,992.12	101,450,594.91	1,421,523,592.29
December	963,138,230	3,163,955.26	353,680,335.12	102,534,767.50	1,422,517,287.88
1888—January	963,139,550	2,914,365.26	353,679,781.12	101,291,753.80	1,421,025,450.18
February	963,140,540	2,741,265.26	353,679,781.12	98,138,542.20	1,417,700,128.58
March	963,140,540	2,688,795.26	353,679,017.12	96,780,918.30	1,416,289,270.68
April	959,576,250	2,675,155.26	353,679,017.12	94,852,723.45	1,410,783,145.83
May	942,437,350	2,555,645.26	353,661,360.07	93,835,592.90	1,392,489,948.23
June	936,522,500	2,496,095.26	353,660,467.32	91,952,843.65	1,384,631,906.23
July	935,514,630	2,478,665.26	353,660,467.32	90,029,866.65	1,381,683,629.23
August	929,514,060	2,453,265.26	353,659,140.32	87,819,564.65	1,373,446,030.23
September	906,039,660	2,419,625.26	353,659,139.97	87,307,731.65	1,349,426,156.88
October	879,499,770	2,365,685.26	353,659,139.97	87,018,859.20	1,322,543,454.43
November	868,444,690	2,151,745.26	353,657,741.97	86,430,020.50	1,310,684,197.73
December	862,418,140	2,094,695.26	353,657,349.97	86,279,471.50	1,304,449,656.73
1889—January	854,504,330	2,067,095.26	353,655,953.47	83,979,985.50	1,294,207,364.23
February	844,106,220	2,047,245.26	353,655,953.47	82,577,250.25	1,282,386,668.98
March	836,412,020	1,941,245.26	353,655,234.47	82,485,444.75	1,274,493,944.48
April	825,005,090	1,931,755.26	353,654,762.97	82,513,378.25	1,263,104,986.48
May	818,745,190	1,907,925.26	353,654,148.97	80,497,423.59	1,254,804,687.82
June	815,853,990	1,911,485.26	353,654,148.97	78,051,136.75	1,249,470,760.98
July	811,244,790	1,904,255.26	353,654,148.97	75,302,411.75	1,242,105,605.98
August	794,954,790	1,900,505.26	353,653,148.97	73,176,103.25	1,223,684,547.48
September	784,324,990	1,897,425.26	353,653,148.97	71,957,616.75	1,211,833,180.98
October	774,011,660	1,885,875.26	353,653,148.97	71,816,079.75	1,201,366,763.98
November	764,055,750	1,847,225.26	353,651,590.97	69,523,668.25	1,189,078,234.48
December	751,273,950	1,844,625.26	353,651,590.97	68,831,220.75	1,175,601,386.98
1890—January	740,327,450	1,841,345.26	353,651,590.97	67,195,912.75	1,163,016,298.98
February	735,029,520	1,833,885.26	353,651,202.97	64,182,864.25	1,154,697,472.48
March	723,499,020	1,831,105.26	353,651,202.47	62,140,825.75	1,141,122,153.48
April	719,178,570	1,826,045.26	353,650,008.47	60,040,957.25	1,134,695,580.98
May	713,488,580	1,824,165.26	353,649,469.47	58,022,894.75	1,126,985,109.48
June	711,313,110	1,815,805.26	353,648,559.47	55,619,359.75	1,122,396,834.48
July	700,799,360	1,803,135.26	353,648,559.47	54,207,975.75	1,110,459,030.48
August	680,978,020	1,777,275.26	353,648,559.47	55,059,296.75	1,091,463,151.48
September	638,688,070	1,750,985.26	353,648,559.47	56,005,865.25	1,050,093,479.98
October	632,283,390	1,708,635.26	353,647,675.47	54,796,857.25	1,042,436,557.98
November	629,492,590	1,687,345.26	353,647,675.47	52,994,622.75	1,037,822,233.48
December	619,019,740	1,682,505.26	353,647,675.47	51,323,030.75	1,025,672,951.48
1891—January	617,145,750	1,679,695.26	353,646,525.47	49,107,010.75	1,021,578,981.48
February	615,501,580	1,671,865.26	353,646,525.47	47,165,815.25	1,017,985,785.98
March	613,512,780	1,670,115.26	353,646,395.47	45,116,485.75	1,013,945,776.48
April	610,771,520	1,660,635.26	353,645,240.82	44,156,999.25	1,010,234,395.33

No. 85.—PUBLIC DEBT, EXCLUSIVE OF CERTIFICATES AND TREASURY NOTES, AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, ETC.—Continued.

Month.	Interest-bearing.	Matured.	United States notes and fractional currency.	National-bank notes, redemption account.	Total.
1891—May	$610, 529, 120	$1, 647, 505. 26	$353, 645, 240. 82	$42; 203, 360. 75	$1, 008, 025, 226. 83
June	610, 529, 120	1, 614, 705. 26	353, 644, 343. 10	40, 018, 392. 25	1, 005 806, 560. 61
July	610, 529, 420	1, 613, 320. 26	353, 644, 343. 10	38, 461, 875. 25	1, 004, 248, 958. 61
August	610, 529, 420	1, 611, 770. 26	353, 644, 343. 10	37, 372, 208. 75	1, 003, 157, 742. 11
September	585, 024, 720	9, 127, 290. 26	353, 643, 355. 10	36, 540, 138. 25	984, 335, 503. 61
October	585, 026, 720	6, 209, 230. 26	353, 643, 355. 10	35, 430, 670. 75	980, 309, 976. 11
November	585, 026, 870	5, 279, 770. 26	353, 643, 355. 10	33, 789, 991. 25	977, 739, 986. 61
December	585, 026, 970	4, 633, 340. 26	353, 642, 337. 10	32, 679, 299. 25	975, 981, 946. 61
1892—January	585, 027, 680	3, 965, 900. 26	353, 642, 337. 10	31, 350, 376. 75	973, 986, 294. 11
February	585, 028, 080	3, 725, 410. 26	353, 641, 397. 10	29, 888, 003. 25	972, 282, 890. 61
March	585, 028, 630	3, 461, 670. 26	353, 641, 397. 10	28, 894, 830. 75	971, 026, 528. 11
April	585, 029, 030	3, 304, 210. 26	353, 641, 397. 10	28, 273, 515. 75	970, 248, 153. 11
May	585, 029, 280	3, 167, 345. 26	353, 641, 397. 10	27, 521, 231. 25	969, 359, 253. 61
June	585, 029, 330	2, 785, 875. 26	353, 640, 126. 12	26, 763, 509. 25	968, 218, 840. 63
July	585, 030, 380	2, 603, 325. 26	353, 640, 126. 12	26, 105. 103. 75	967, 378, 935. 13
August	585, 031, 080	2, 536, 765. 26	353, 640, 126. 12	26, 018, 448. 25	967, 226. 419. 63
September	585, 031. 170	2, 510, 145. 26	353, 640, 126. 12	25, 336, 722. 75	966, 518, 164. 13
October	585, 032, 020	2, 459, 555. 26	353, 640, 126. 12	25, 191, 032. 75	966, 322, 734. 15
November	585, 032, 980	2, 432. 015. 26	353, 640, 126. 12	24, 137, 678. 25	965, 242, 799. 63
December	585, 033, 080	2, 385. 045. 26	353, 640, 126. 12	23, 466, 501. 75	964, 524, 753. 13
1893—January	585, 033. 660	2, 357, 755. 26	353, 640, 126. 12	22, 771, 492. 25	963, 803, 033. 63
February	585, 034, 260	2, 335, 305. 26	353, 640, 126. 12	22, 272, 061. 25	963, 281, 752. 63
March	585, 034, 260	2. 301, 590. 26	353, 637, 788. 12	21, 854, 580. 75	962, 828, 219. 13
April	585, 034, 810	2, 228, 490. 26	353, 637, 788. 12	21, 506, 675. 75	962, 407, 764. 13
May	585, 035, 110	2, 191, 010. 26	353. 637, 168. 12.	20, 887, 600. 25	961, 750, 888. 63
June	585, 037, 100	2, 094, 060. 26	353, 637, 168. 12	20, 663, 437. 75	961, 431, 766. 13
July	585, 037, 440	2, 081, 530. 26	353, 637, 168. 12	20, 364, 878. 25	961, 121, 016. 63
August	585, 037, 590	2, 045, 540. 26	353, 637. 168. 12	20, 239, 960. 25	960, 960, 258. 63
September	585, 037, 740	1, 984, 770. 26	353, 637, 168. 12	20, 727, 096. 75	961, 386, 775. 13
October	585, 039, 040	1, 974, 570. 26	353, 637, 168. 12	21, 295, 714. 25	961. 946, 492. 63
November	585, 039. 220	1, 939, 380. 26	353, 637, 168. 12	20, 952, 547. 75	961, 568, 316. 13
December	585, 039, 310	1, 913, 530. 26	353, 637, 168. 12	23, 015, 908. 75	963, 605, 917. 13
1894—January	585, 040, 090	1, 884, 630. 26	353, 635, 445. 92	24, 582, 359. 75	965, 142, 525. 93
February	625, 872, 000	1, 871, 020. 26	353, 635, 445. 92	25, 977, 549. 25	1, 007, 356, 015. 43
March	634, 940, 930	1, 864, 120. 26	353, 635, 445. 92	25, 957, 602. 00	1, 016, 398, 098. 18
April	635, 041, 380	1, 862, 030. 26	353, 634, 520. 92	27, 019, 048. 50	1, 017, 556, 979. 68
May	635, 041, 840	1, 858, 390. 26	353, 634, 520. 92	26, 381, 809. 00	1, 016, 916, 560. 18
June	635, 041, 890	1, 851, 240. 26	353, 633, 000. 92	26, 371, 685. 50	1, 016, 897, 816. 68
July	635, 042, 590	1, 840, 850. 26	353, 633, 000. 92	26, 317, 470. 00	1, 016, 833, 911. 18
August	635, 042, 670	1, 831, 750. 26	353, 633, 000. 92	26, 234, 592. 55	1, 016, 742, 013. 73
September	635, 042, 810	1, 830, 030. 26	353, 633, 000. 92	27, 060, 495. 50	1, 017, 566, 336. 68
October	635, 042, 860	1, 828, 280. 26	353, 633, 000. 92	28, 163, 475. 50	1, 018, 667, 616. 68
November	639, 143, 030	1, 826, 930. 26	353, 633, 000. 92	29, 487, 564. 00	1, 024, 090, 525. 18
December	679, 168, 130	1, 825, 800. 26	353, 631, 895. 92	29, 615, 449. 50	1, 064, 241, 275. 68
1895—January	684, 323, 710	1, 792, 690. 26	353, 631, 895. 92	29, 301, 277. 00	1, 069, 049, 573. 18
February	685, 043, 860	1, 779, 300. 26	353, 631, 895. 92	28, 155, 471. 00	1, 068, 610, 527. 18
March	713, 851, 960	1, 770, 250. 26	353, 631, 280. 92	27, 393, 816. 00	1, 096, 647, 307. 18
April	716, 201, 910	1, 754, 660. 26	353, 631, 280. 92	27, 069, 968. 50	1, 098, 657, 819. 68
May	716, 202, 010	1, 734, 920. 26	353, 631, 280. 92	26, 205, 181. 00	1, 097, 773, 392. 18
June	716, 202, 060	1, 721, 590. 26	353. 629, 980. 99	25, 359, 489. 00	1, 096, 913, 120. 25
July	747, 360, 400	1, 699, 650. 26	353, 629, 980. 99	24, 568, 404. 00	1, 127, 258, 435. 25
August	747, 360, 610	1, 695, 870. 26	353, 629, 980. 99	24, 277, 018. 00	1, 126, 963, 479. 25
September	747, 360, 820	1, 685, 660. 26	353, 629, 980. 99	23, 818, 538. 50	1, 126, 494, 999. 75
October	747, 361, 560	1, 681, 670. 26	353, 629, 257. 64	23, 706, 619. 00	1, 126, 379, 106. 90
November	747, 361, 960	1, 676, 180. 26	353, 629, 257. 64	23, 216, 600. 00	1, 125, 883, 997. 90
December	747, 361, 960	1, 674, 510. 26	353, 629, 257. 64	22, 659, 734. 50	1, 125, 325, 462. 40
1896—January	747, 362, 820	1, 673, 190. 26	353, 628, 352. 64	21, 973, 653. 00	1, 124, 638, 015. 90
February	822, 615, 170	1, 667, 630. 26	353, 628, 352. 64	21, 863, 326. 50	1, 199, 774, 479. 40
March	837, 404, 140	1, 659, 510. 26	353, 628, 352. 64	21, 291, 999. 00	1, 213, 984, 001. 90
April	842, 312, 140	1, 651, 790. 26	353, 628, 352. 64	20, 786, 048. 00	1, 218, 378, 330. 90
May	845, 488, 590	1, 645, 970. 26	353, 628, 352. 64	19, 906, 698. 00	1, 220, 669, 610. 90
June	847, 363, 890	1, 636, 890. 26	353, 626, 547. 64	20, 102, 022. 50	1, 222, 729, 350. 40
July	847, 364, 250	1, 633, 640. 26	353, 626, 547. 64	19, 688, 546. 50	1, 222, 312, 984. 40
August	847, 364, 260	1, 622, 960. 26	353, 626, 547. 64	19, 229, 828. 50	1, 221, 843, 596. 40
September	847, 364, 260	1, 621, 790. 26	353, 625, 867. 64	18, 845, 768. 00	1, 221, 457, 685. 90
October	847, 364, 460	1, 607, 010. 26	353, 625, 867. 64	18, 474, 380. 00	1, 221, 071, 717. 90
November	847, 364, 520	1, 591, 620. 26	353, 625, 867. 64	18, 544, 249. 50	1, 221, 126, 257. 40
December	847, 364, 690	1, 383, 070. 26	353, 625, 867. 64	18, 876, 333. 50	1, 221, 249, 961. 40
1897—January	847, 364, 750	1, 382, 930. 26	353, 625, 867. 64	20, 997, 189. 50	1, 223, 370, 737. 40
February	847, 364, 950	1, 358, 210. 26	353, 624, 604. 64	23, 089, 944. 50	1, 225, 437, 709. 40
March	847, 364, 950	1, 355, 760. 26	353, 624, 604. 64	23, 662, 492. 00	1, 226, 007, 806. 90
April	847. 365, 030	1, 353, 830. 26	353, 624, 604. 64	23. 991. 184. 50	1, 226, 334, 649. 40
May	847, 365, 030	1, 348, 510. 26	353, 624, 604. 64	24, 459, 719. 50	1, 226, 797, 864. 40
June	847, 365, 130	1, 346, 880. 26	353, 623, 065. 64	24, 458, 637. 00	1, 226, 793, 712. 90
July	847, 365, 320	1, 336, 340. 26	353, 623, 065. 64	24, 138, 377. 00	1, 226, 463, 102. 90
August	847, 365, 540	1, 336, 280. 26	353, 623, 065. 64	24, 571, 442. 00	1, 226, 896, 327. 90
September	847, 365, 540	1, 334, 570. 26	353, 623, 065. 64	24, 992, 324. 50	1, 227, 315, 500. 40

No. 86.—LAWFUL MONEY DEPOSITED IN THE TREASURY EACH MONTH OF THE FISCAL YEAR 1897 FOR THE REDEMPTION OF NATIONAL-BANK NOTES.

Month.	Five per cent account.	Failed account.	Liquidating account.	Reducing account.	Total.
1896—July	$8,891,352.99	$4,284.00	$353,484.00	$137,725.00	$9,386,845.99
August	7,325,438.39	5.00	10,850.00	12,150.00	7,348,443.39
September	5,606,697.01	3,173.50	20,640.00	45,225.00	5,676,035.51
October	6,617,923.39	44,300.00	3,550.00	45,000.00	6,710,773.39
November	8,204,361.67	96,199.00	57,886.00	810,860.00	9,169,306.67
December	10,273,951.56	262,663.00	115,825.00	866,477.50	11,518,917.06
1897—January	9,421,052.47	160,456.50	133,420.00	2,766,200.00	12,481,128.97
February	9,404,033.15	177,948.00	58,917.50	2,966,650.00	12,607,548.65
March	9,461,136.48	229,671.00	300,097.50	1,229,400.00	11,220,304.98
April	9,890,736.39	89,995.00	310,285.00	841,950.00	11,132,966.39
May	10,557,653.51	291,150.00	216,797.50	1,693,792.50	12,759,393.51
June	11,594,979.43	150,807.50	592,377.00	909,000.00	13,247,163.93
Total	107,249,316.44	1,510,952.50	2,174,129.50	12,324,430.00	123,258,828.44

No. 87.—DISBURSEMENTS FROM REDEMPTION ACCOUNTS OF NATIONAL BANKS EACH MONTH OF THE FISCAL YEAR 1897, AND BALANCE ON DEPOSIT.

Month.	For notes redeemed.	Transfers and repayments.	Total disbursements.	Balance.
1896—July	$9,809,846.00	$151,136.07	$9,960,982.07	$27,100,895.88
August	6,322,113.00	5,971.35	6,328,084.35	28,121,254.92
September	5,985,223.00	9,084.75	5,994,307.75	27,802,982.68
October	7,549,090.50	13,074.53	7,562,165.03	26,951,591.04
November	9,293,763.00	53,128.46	9,346,891.46	26,774,006.25
December	10,995,991.00	176,632.68	11,172,623.68	27,120,299.63
1897—January	10,749,824.00	191,918.58	10,941,742.58	28,659,686.02
February	9,708,670.00	150,669.41	9,859,339.41	31,407,895.26
March	11,040,702.50	77,261.47	11,117,963.97	31,510,236.27
April	11,109,482.50	53,765.62	11,163,248.12	31,479,954.54
May	12,337,602.50	86,626.32	12,424,228.82	31,815,119.23
June	12,799,025.00	377,926.00	13,176,951.00	31,885,332.16
Total	117,701,333.00	1,347,195.24	119,048,528.24	

No. 88.—NATIONAL-BANK NOTES RECEIVED FOR REDEMPTION EACH MONTH OF THE FISCAL YEAR 1897 FROM THE PRINCIPAL CITIES AND OTHER PLACES.

Month.	New York.	Boston.	Philadelphia.	Baltimore.	Chicago.
1896—July	$6,767,600	$1,616,468	$998,095	$205,152	$768,000
August	3,800,102	1,143,860	828,685	180,050	378,900
September	2,540,807	810,800	561,700	156,170	295,600
October	4,085,155	1,389,699	526,845	133,416	350,101
November	5,461,165	1,678,445	488,508	105,100	406,200
December	7,486,808	2,103,493	835,139	139,007	506,301
1897—January	8,306,411	2,286,201	881,609	114,085	527,520
February	4,287,976	926,304	614,000	88,000	337,700
March	4,047,515	874,504	614,003	104,000	423,460
April	5,334,827	702,500	617,815	114,000	522,500
May	6,684,980	1,407,505	572,077	111,865	461,300
June	6,508,424	1,442,506	809,105	159,100	453,900
Total	65,311,770	16,382,285	8,347,581	1,609,945	5,431,482

Month.	Cincinnati.	St. Louis.	New Orleans.	Other places.	Total.
1896—July	$273,500	$246,002	$91,500	$1,085,515	$12,051,832
August	145,000	193,715	112,237	1,051,341	7,833,890
September	91,976	101,250	27,340	801,434	5,387,077
October	104,935	124,500	42,000	1,016,840	7,773,491
November	164,211	113,500	36,000	898,272	9,351,401
December	159,500	200,021	36,500	1,117,130	12,583,899
1897—January	101,000	172,600	34,000	1,341,747	13,765,173
February	63,000	113,500	32,145	781,347	7,243,972
March	70,000	144,735	48,500	1,017,679	7,344,396
April	91,000	182,000	29,000	979,504	8,573,146
May	115,000	258,400	44,730	1,066,480	10,722,337
June	205,000	321,431	41,080	1,002,616	10,943,162
Total	1,584,122	2,171,654	575,032	12,159,905	113,573,776

No. 89.—REDEMPTIONS AND DELIVERIES OF NATIONAL-BANK NOTES EACH MONTH OF THE FISCAL YEAR 1897, AND BALANCE ON HAND.

Month.	Redemptions.	Deliveries on redemption accounts.	Deposited in Treasury.	On hand charged to 5 per cent account.	On hand unassorted.
1896—July	$11,465,133.14	$9,809,556.00	$9,620.00	$268,840.00	$11,344,507.79
August	8,156,021.50	6,389,023.00	3,396.00	201,870 00	13,175,020.29
September	5,238,621.10	6,092,833.00	2,750.00	94,260.00	12,425,668.39
October	7,542,879.95	7,472,618.00	3,232.00	170,732.50	12,416,225.84
November	9,255,433.35	9,318,683.00	9,463.00	145,812.50	12,369,433.19
December	12,199,126.67	10,970,243.50	7,784.00	171,560.00	13,563,784.86
1897—January	13,766,362.10	10,590,024.00	5,547.00	331,360.00	16,574,775.96
February	7,754,964.74	9,887,105.00	5,539.00	152,925.00	14,615,531.70
March	7,273,267.20	10,959,815.00	7,761.00	233,812.50	10,840,335.40
April	8,302,845.26	11,079,645.00	4,378.00	263,650.00	8,029,320.16
May	10,741,229.20	12,310,412.50	5,810.00	290,840.00	6,427,136.86
June	10,903,995.30	12,886,985.00	3,739.00	202,880.00	4,528,368.16
Total	112,599,879.51	117,767,003.00	69,019.00		

No. 90.—REDEEMED NATIONAL-BANK NOTES DELIVERED FROM THE TREASURY EACH MONTH OF THE FISCAL YEAR 1897, AND BALANCE ON HAND.

Month.	For return to banks of issue.	For destruction and reissue.	For destruction and retirement.	Total.	Balance.
1896—July	$5,223,450.00	$3,803,045.00	$783,061.00	$9,809,556.00	$11,613,347.79
August	3,599,270.00	2,308,095.00	481,718.00	6,389,083.00	13,376,890.29
September	2,827,530.00	2,815,377.50	449,925.50	6,092,833.00	12,519,928.39
October	1,815,740.00	5,196,190.00	460,688.00	7,472,618.00	12,586,958.34
November	2,585,120.00	5,845,497.50	888,065.50	9,318,683.00	12,515,245.69
December	3,288,780.00	6,791,895.00	889,568.50	10,970,243.50	13,735,344.86
1897—January	3,136,890.00	6,568,230.00	884,904.00	10,590,024.00	16,906,135.96
February	3,047,710.00	5,731,617.50	1,107,777.50	9,887,105.00	14,768,456.70
March	2,719,490.00	7,064,705.00	1,175,620.00	10,959,815.00	11,074,147.90
April	2,536,560.00	7,629,547.50	913,537.50	11,079,645.00	8,292,970.16
May	3,041,770.00	7,535,437.50	1,733,205.00	12,310,412.50	6,717,976.86
June	3,837,650.00	7,725,050.00	1,324,285.00	12,886,985.00	4,731,248.16
Total	37,659,960.00	69,014,687.50	11,092,355.50	117,767,003.00	

No. 91.—NATIONAL-BANK NOTES RECEIVED FOR REDEMPTION FROM THE PRINCIPAL CITIES AND OTHER PLACES, BY FISCAL YEARS.

Fiscal year.	New York.	Boston.	Philadelphia.	Baltimore.	Chicago.
1875	$80,925,000	$17,598,000	$9,096,000	$1,902,000	$6,814,000
1876	78,389,000	55,878,000	9,778,000	3,265,000	10,106,000
1877	76,693,000	75,212,000	20,988,000	1,821,000	4,162,000
1878	66,273,000	80,527,000	10,836,000	1,085,000	3,194,000
1879	54,170,000	59,375,000	7,052,000	693,000	1,719,000
1880	26,460,000	11,701,000	3,358,000	415,000	1,673,000
1881	23,319,000	5,565,000	4,919,000	673,000	2,655,000
1882	28,012,000	7,370,000	5,939,000	947,000	3,545,000
1883	36,042,000	16,631,000	7,333,000	1,626,000	6,146,000
1884	54,327,000	19,971,000	6,830,000	2,853,000	5,794,000
1885	75,409,000	27,473,000	7,220,000	3,705,000	4,558,000
1886	49,487,000	30,031,000	7,323,000	3,546,000	5,493,000
1887	31,315,000	13,219,000	6,973,000	3,103,000	5,315,000
1888	43,411,000	13,062,000	6,401,000	2,927,000	5,508,000
1889	38,559,000	11,478,000	5,641,000	2,575,000	5,862,000
1890	29,100,000	7,818,000	4,640,000	2,013,000	5,188,000
1891	30,393,000	7,106,000	4,381,000	1,613,000	4,615,000
1892	30,845,000	8,053,000	5,053,000	2,070,000	5,050,000
1893	36,341,000	9,580,000	5,402,000	1,808,000	4,998,000
1894	62,790,000	14,255,000	6,094,000	1,092,000	4,130,000
1895	51,936,000	10,266,000	6,099,000	952,000	4,028,000
1896	58,051,000	14,613,000	7,601,000	2,068,000	5,778,000
1897	65,312,000	16,382,000	8,348,000	1,610,000	5,431,000
Total	1,127,559,000	533,164,000	167,305,000	44,362,000	111,762,000

No. 91.—NATIONAL-BANK NOTES RECEIVED FOR REDEMPTION FROM THE PRINCIPAL CITIES AND OTHER PLACES, BY FISCAL YEARS—Continued.

Fiscal year.	Cincinnati.	St. Louis.	New Orleans.	Other places.	Total.
1875	$3,676,000	$1,384,000	$350,000	$33,776,000	$155,521,000
1876	3,085,000	1,019,000	796,000	46,723,000	209,039,000
1877	2,781,000	1,292,000	185,000	59,751,000	242,885,000
1878	2,268,000	999,000	186,000	47,784,000	213,152,000
1879	1,219,000	1,487,000	162,000	31,780,000	157,657,000
1880	819,000	392,000	546,000	16,222,000	61,586,000
1881	996,000	673,000	322,000	20,528,000	59,650,000
1882	1,188,000	1,061,000	322,000	27,705,000	76,089,000
1883	1,774,000	1,372,000	413,000	31,363,000	102,700,000
1884	1,822,000	1,155,000	642,000	32,758,000	126,152,000
1885	1,910,000	977,000	2,063,000	26,894,000	150,209,000
1886	2,263,000	3,422,000	1,423,000	27,308,000	130,296,000
1887	2,244,000	3,422,000	1,316,000	20,783,000	87,690,000
1888	2,726,000	3,034,000	1,328,000	20,755,000	99,152,000
1889	1,491,000	1,636,000	1,564,000	20,126,000	88,932,000
1890	1,425,000	1,792,000	1,357,000	16,924,000	70,257,000
1891	1,495,000	1,284,000	1,038,000	15,536,000	67,461,000
1892	1,938,000	1,239,000	1,010,000	14,367,000	69,625,000
1893	2,238,000	1,178,000	852,000	13,448,000	75,845,000
1894	2,560,000	1,102,000	464,000	12,844,000	105,331,000
1895	1,705,000	1,731,000	389,000	9,603,000	86,709,000
1896	3,112,000	3,836,000	1,062,000	12,140,000	108,261,000
1897	1,584,000	2,172,000	575,000	12,160,000	113,574,000
Total	46,319,000	37,659,000	18,365,000	571,278,000	2,657,773,000

No. 92.—RESULT OF THE COUNT OF NATIONAL-BANK NOTES RECEIVED FOR REDEMPTION, BY FISCAL YEARS.

Fiscal year.	Claimed by owners.	"Overs."	"Shorts."	Referred and returned.
1875	$154,526,760.16	$24,644.85	$20,223.50	$1,620,557.39
1876	210,032,975.26	16,491.42	16,175.26	1,065,002.20
1877	242,885,375.14	24,996.58	29,704.43	1,278,903.86
1878	213,151,458.56	37,649.20	16,394.60	384,372.22
1879	157,655,844.96	22,148.42	9,906.35	329,323.34
1880	61,586,475.68	6,461.30	9,868.97	305,432.14
1881	59,650,259.43	13,231.38	6,618.25	569,971.06
1882	76,089,327.48	11,222.13	13,405.13	672,427.09
1883	102,582,656.73	8,092.09	10,103.35	727,282.98
1884	126,220,881.34	6,066.30	3,785.60	455,333.05
1885	150,257,840.01	17,060.07	6,445.25	329,249.19
1886	130,296,606.82	25,528.97	8,246.65	277,194.78
1887	87,689,687.15	16,404.07	22,356.00	464,413.45
1888	99,046,534.34	14,749.28	2,741.70	806,396.48
1889	89,037,811.75	4,048.62	6,836.85	811,835.55
1890	70,242,489.45	8,540.90	4,954.55	383,993.35
1891	67,475,113.15	10,661.05	43,819.00	622,989.80
1892	69,625,086.73	9,832.70	10,784.50	642,348.95
1893	75,845,224.51	13,291.35	7,910.50	503,240.10
1894	105,099,227.89	2,798.75	6,816.83	896,006.33
1895	86,940,748.54	7,553.54	2,062.90	574,177.60
1896	108,260,978.05	7,654.71	7,582.70	350,581.80
1897	113,226,181.47	5,423.79	3,841.50	624,036.95
Total	2,657,425,544.60	314,551.47	270,584.37	14,695,069.66

No. 92.—RESULT OF THE COUNT OF NATIONAL-BANK NOTES RECEIVED FOR REDEMPTION, BY FISCAL YEARS—Continued.

Fiscal year.	Rejected.	Counterfeit.	Express charges.	Net proceeds.
1875	$15,028.12	$3,741.00	.....	$152,891,855.00
1876	7,709.22	5,188.00	.....	208,955,392.00
1877	4,755.91	5,634.00	.....	241,591,373.52
1878	3,997.13	4,008.00	.....	212,780,335.81
1879	6,282.58	3,016.00	$25,842.15	157,303,622.96
1880	7,870.23	3,846.75	9,938.41	61,255,980.48
1881	22,763.37	4,324.50	3,345.03	59,056,468.60
1882	3,832.35	4,151.00	1,152.09	75,405,581.95
1883	4,337.62	4,559.50	725.84	101,843,739.53
1884	3,365.77	3,770.50	523.54	125,760,169.18
1885	3,636.49	3,560.00	612.25	149,931,396.90
1886	3,822.28	2,720.00	526.96	130,029,625.12
1887	2,554.23	2,924.00	573.58	87,213,269.96
1888	1,979.40	2,722.00	716.62	98,246,727.42
1889	2,178.72	2,191.50	957.18	88,217,860.57
1890	3,111.50	2,634.50	313.75	69,856,022.70
1891	2,674.00	2,800.00	241.70	66,813,249.70
1892	2,358.00	2,529.60	256.31	68,976,642.07
1893	1,744.20	3,002.00	334.50	75,342,284.56
1894	1,985.72	2,472.50	9,218.55	104,185,526.71
1895	1,530.91	1,580.50	13,226.95	86,355,723.22
1896	1,773.47	2,069.50	15,598.95	107,891,026.34
1897	2,294.75	1,508.75	43.80	112,569,879.51
Total	111,585.97	74,954.10	84,148.16	2,642,503,753.81

No. 93.—DISPOSITION MADE OF THE NOTES REDEEMED AT THE NATIONAL-BANK REDEMPTION AGENCY, BY FISCAL YEARS.

Fiscal year.	Returned to banks of issue.	Delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency.				Deposited in Treasury.	Balance on hand.
		Five per cent account.	Reducing account.	Liquidating account.	Failed account.		
1875	$15,213,500	$115,109,445.00	.....	.....	.....	$17,532,008.00	$5,036,902.00
1876	97,478,700	78,643,155.00	.....	.....	.....	29,927,900.00	7,942,539.00
1877	151,070,300	62,518,600.00	.....	.....	.....	24,439,700.00	11,505,312.52
1878	152,437,300	51,585,400.00	.....	.....	.....	11,852,100.00	8,410,848.33
1879	112,411,800	40,204,700.00	.....	.....	.....	9,313,382.00	3,784,589.29
1880	24,980,500	29,861,700.00	.....	.....	.....	7,100,386.00	3,097,983.77
1881	6,763,600	40,080,700.00	.....	.....	.....	12,466,045.00	2,844,107.37
1882	3,801,500	53,838,500.00	.....	.....	.....	16,978,700.00	3,630,989.32
1883	15,572,100	59,875,000.00	$17,642,869.00	$1,146,889.00	.....	4,674,927.00	6,562,943.85
1884	26,255,500	72,260,700.00	20,486,304.00	2,869,060.00	.....	3,589,808.00	6,861,741.03
1885	45,634,800	72,669,700.00	20,692,213.00	5,236,257.00	.....	5,769,080.00	6,791,087.93
1886	46,701,100	54,532,935.00	14,311,170.00	13,412,608.50	.....	4,022,497.50	3,840,402.05
1887	20,786,640	30,506,030.00	19,647,970.50	16,687,549.50	.....	1,259,942.60	2,165,539.41
1888	17,453,780	25,843,765.00	29,008,271.00	20,662,140.25	$398,580.20	275,350.30	6,770,380.08
1889	17,084,590	27,443,340.00	28,159,373.50	17,807,773.90	418,974.50	114,970.00	3,959,218.75
1890	12,590,880	23,275,005.00	22,021,661.50	11,327,772.00	284,455.50	112,206.00	4,203,261.45
1891	12,543,220	27,494,445.00	16,638,873.00	8,330,876.00	359,278.50	107,547.00	5,542,271.65
1892	16,676,700	36,282,335.00	9,691,685.00	6,212,259.50	328,776.50	95,113.00	5,232,044.72
1893	24,166,150	43,394,418.50	3,786,578.50	4,670,673.00	580,400.00	117,738.15	3,858,371.13
1894	39,893,840	50,944,080.00	5,885,454.50	3,871,680.25	1,172,401.00	144,322.00	6,132,120.09
1895	35,055,620	40,094,540.00	9,088,882.00	3,225,443.00	754,044.00	65,341.00	4,203,973.31
1896	46,946,190	43,866,375.00	7,568,158.00	2,868,828.50	786,163.50	91,894.00	9,967,390.65
1897	37,659,960	69,014,687.50	7,345,406.00	2,808,411.50	938,538.00	69,019.00	4,731,248.16
Total	979,178,270	1,149,339,556.00	231,974,869.50	121,138,221.90	6,021,611.70	150,119,976.55	.....

No. 94.—MODE OF PAYMENT FOR NOTES REDEEMED AT THE NATIONAL-BANK REDEMPTION AGENCY, BY FISCAL YEARS.

Fiscal year.	Transfer checks.	United States currency.	Fractional silver coin.	Standard silver dollars.
1875	$58,825,756.00	$50,858,842.00	.....	.....
1876	92,374,801.00	40,120,338.00	.....	.....
1877	95,212,743.45	34,588,129.15	$468,974.00	.....
1878	75,361,427.23	23,046,418.44	549,645.40	.....
1879	51,718,253.06	14,617,619.41	52,178.90	$96,683.32
1880	10,852,505.53	21,174,826.66	28,230.59	174,831.85
1881	22,415,972.28	19,567,744.21	85,164.56	215,045.27
1882	32,992,144.72	23,222,831.83	246,447.42	269,918.44
1883	56,018,447.71	23,668,064.66	296,257.79	242,518.37
1884	77,991,916.83	24,080,304.62	158,127.60	1,015,519.10
1885	105,840,234.80	19,236,730.27	135,773.22	482,500.35
1886	74,149,555.26	9,204,752.76	103,843.62	451,194.22
1887	39,996,984.07	15,657,298.62	97,670.41	248,970.92
1888	53,463,333.36	19,280,725.65	90,684.97	202,537.79
1889	49,669,676.83	18,289,439.13	91,265.70	144,318.19
1890	30,271,993.55	21,819,638.05	62,103.60	104,257.90
1891	33,204,177.04	20,023,309.60	59,635.10	105,172.20
1892	28,643,402.79	26,965,497.95	88,075.80	35,349.75
1893	32,803,085.28	29,140,877.20	21,044.50	39,999.70
1894	60,028,085.33	30,689,642.65	20,648.45	5,999.20
1895	40,374,030.32	29,470,843.66	43,242.70	17,993.95
1896	48,774,713.30	26,204,354.61	60,186.60	22,482.85
1897	55,567,032.90	23,453,998.00	44,011.00	13,197.70
Total	1,226,550,272.64	574,382,227.13	2,803,211.93	3,888,491.07

Fiscal year.	Counter redemptions.	Credit in general account.	Credit in redemption account.	Total.
1875	$100,000.00	$24,066,844.00	$19,040,413.00	$152,891,855.00
1876	4,738,979.00	19,078,209.00	52,643,065.00	208,955,392.00
1877	6,675,000.00	12,789,757.00	91,856,769.92	241,591,373.52
1878	2,661,021.00	12,609,083.76	98,552,739.98	212,780,335.81
1879	5,089,222.80	35,148,181.38	50,581,484.09	157,303,622.96
1880	3,883,417.60	18,218,070.37	6,924,097.88	61,255,980.48
1881	3,522,607.00	8,936,232.92	4,313,702.36	59,056,468.60
1882	4,033,402.40	10,106,238.45	4,534,598.69	75,405,581.95
1883	3,941,638.00	12,428,692.86	5,248,120.14	101,843,739.53
1884	3,826,293.00	12,960,221.66	5,727,786.37	125,760,169.18
1885	3,848,090.50	13,944,370.50	6,443,697.26	149,931,396.90
1886	8,385,485.00	31,007,087.30	6,727,706.96	130,029,625.12
1887	4,200,654.50	24,768,344.79	2,243,346.65	87,213,269.96
1888	3,229,772.00	20,149,324.00	1,830,349.65	98,246,727.42
1889	3,280,275.50	15,589,994.27	1,152,890.95	88,217,860.57
1890	2,912,686.00	14,025,166.30	660,177.30	69,856,022.70
1891	1,253,023.00	11,582,031.00	585,901.76	66,813,249.70
1892	1,256,466.00	11,343,243.03	644,606.75	68,976,642.07
1893	1,228,688.50	11,340,885.51	767,703.87	75,342,284.56
1894	1,193,488.50	11,387,038.41	860,624.17	104,185,526.71
1895	2,154,863.00	13,604,654.93	690,094.66	86,355,723.22
1896	3,127,282.00	28,893,499.85	808,507.13	107,891,026.34
1897	3,071,210.00	19,084,125.58	1,366,304.33	112,599,879.51
Total	77,613,565.30	393,061,296.87	364,204,688.87	2,642,503,753.81

No. 95.—DEPOSITS, REDEMPTIONS, ASSESSMENTS FOR EXPENSES, AND TRANSFERS AND REPAYMENTS, ON ACCOUNT OF THE FIVE PER CENT REDEMPTION FUND OF NATIONAL BANKS, BY FISCAL YEARS, AND BALANCE OF THE DEPOSITS AT THE CLOSE OF EACH YEAR.

Fiscal year.	Deposits.	Redemptions.	Assessments.	Transfers and repayments.	Balance.
1875	$140,874,563.53	$130,322,945.00	.....	$1,000,262.76	$9,551,355.77
1876	177,485,074.44	176,121,855.00	$290,965.37	1,634,644.11	8,988,965.73
1877	215,580,271.83	214,361,300.00	365,193.31	782,797.06	9,059,947.19
1878	205,308,371.37	203,416,400.00	357,066.10	530,180.92	10,064,671.54
1879	156,670,138.19	152,455,000.00	317,942.48	580,732.28	13,381,134.97
1880	56,512,201.10	54,837,600.00	240,949.95	789,961.25	14,024,824.87
1881	48,831,326.63	46,844,300.00	143,728.39	1,415,570.04	14,452,553.07
1882	58,041,777.64	57,644,500.00	126,212.12	978,047.03	13,745,571.56
1883	76,307,727.55	75,452,100.00	142,508.72	1,136,352.83	13,322,337.56
1884	98,883,599.17	98,553,100.00	150,611.53	1,314,180.15	12,188,045.05
1885	117,172,640.18	118,745,200.00	178,579.34	1,077,584.73	9,359,321.16
1886	103,359,393.61	100,794,895.00	175,522.15	1,552,680.34	10,195,617.28
1887	52,522,359.27	51,261,200.00	160,611.15	3,327,246.34	7,968,919.06
1888	43,290,223.72	43,379,185.00	135,180.53	1,219,495.34	6,525,281.91
1889	44,916,163.37	44,491,370.00	139,719.98	1,390,770.35	5,419,584.95
1890	36,424,560.95	35,890,235.00	129,207.10	504,386.92	5,320,316.88
1891	39,891,264.52	40,199,345.00	107,719.52	432,579.69	4,471,937.19
1892	54,440,540.49	52,896,015.00	99,014.21	220,172.90	5,697,275.57
1893	67,792,199.90	67,612,683.50	100,037.31	179,507.56	5,597,247.10
1894	92,574,209.40	90,957,212.50	104,282.49	765,070.86	6,344,890.65
1895	76,530,065.50	74,907,472.50	107,222.51	510,917.34	7,349,343.80
1896	91,565,065.77	90,967,815.00	100,159.28	273,425.83	7,573,009.46
1897	107,249,316.44	106,608,977.50	114,814.32	671,838.92	7,426,695.16
Total	2,162,223,054.57	2,128,720,706.00	3,787,247.86	22,288,405.55	.....

No. 96.—DEPOSITS, REDEMPTIONS, AND TRANSFERS AND REPAYMENTS, ON ACCOUNT OF NATIONAL BANKS FAILED, IN LIQUIDATION, AND REDUCING CIRCULATION, BY FISCAL YEARS, AND BALANCE OF THE DEPOSITS AT THE CLOSE OF EACH YEAR.

Fiscal year.	Deposits.	Redemptions.	Transfers and repayments.	Balance.
FAILED.				
1867	$44,000.00	$87,230.00	.....	.....
1868	648,171.95	584,752.65	.....	$20,189.30
1869	653,220.20	419,978.90	.....	253,430.60
1870	27,732.00	122,227.60	.....	158,935.00
1871	96,209.60	104,159.50	.....	150,985.10
1872	1,473,459.25	842,369.35	.....	782,075.00
1873	474,701.25	818,627.00	.....	438,149.25
1874	724,126.54	458,510.00	.....	703,765.79
1875	1,434,065.96	1,115,693.00	.....	1,022,138.75
1876	586,535.00	770,818.80	.....	837,854.95
1877	855,988.25	773,915.00	.....	919,928.20
1878	598,104.50	752,497.50	.....	765,535.20
1879	814,870.25	636,613.50	.....	943,791.95
1880	217,008.00	382,116.50	.....	778,683.45
1881	325,562.50	426,888.50	.....	677,357.45
1882	975,729.25	533,504.50	.....	1,119,582.20
1883	452,787.50	722,808.00	.....	849,561.70
1884	634,780.00	625,212.00	.....	859,129.70
1885	837,413.00	703,785.50	$99,323.00	893,434.20
1886	885,440.00	608,707.00	.....	1,170,167.20
1887	297,890.00	406,773.50	83,445.00	977,838.70
1888	581,338.00	437,793.20	.....	1,121,383.50
1889	217,880.00	418,974.50	.....	920,289.00
1890	126,410.00	284,455.50	.....	762,243.50
1891	410,815.00	359,278.50	.....	813,780.00
1892	306,310.50	328,776.50	36,930.00	754,384.00
1893	857,409.50	580,400.00	.....	1,031,393.50
1894	1,607,768.00	1,172,401.00	.....	1,466,760.50
1895	274,293.50	754,044.00	.....	987,010.00
1896	613,180.50	786,163.50	25,020.00	789,007.00
1897	1,510,952.50	938,538.00	1,810.00	1,359,611.50
Total	19,564,152.50	17,958,013.00	246,528.00	.....
IN LIQUIDATION.				
1867	37,490.00	5,600.00	.....	31,890.00
1868	92,198.25	17,427.75	.....	106,660.50
1869	112,500.00	38,430.50	.....	180,730.00
1870	758,428.00	80,527.65	.....	858,630.35
1871	2,920,861.00	1,203,367.50	.....	2,576,123.85
1872	1,999,645.00	2,531,784.55	.....	2,043,984.30
1873	1,858,620.00	2,423,151.00	.....	1,479,453.30
1874	2,561,283.00	915,990.00	900.00	3,123,846.30

No. 96.—DEPOSITS, REDEMPTIONS, AND TRANSFERS AND REPAYMENTS, ON ACCOUNT OF NATIONAL BANKS FAILED, ETC.—Continued.

Fiscal year.	Deposits.	Redemptions.	Transfers and repayments.	Balance.
IN LIQUIDATION—continued.				
1875	$3,316,721.00	$1,974,954.00	$2,000.00	$4,463,613.30
1876	2,607,643.00	2,509,456.50	.....	4,561,799.80
1877	1,878,016.00	2,405,317.00	29,662.00	4,004,836.80
1878	2,561,039.50	1,810,752.00	163,429.50	4,591,694.80
1879	2,569,228.00	1,554,086.50	179,594.00	5,427,242.30
1880	1,056,183.00	1,058,414.50	.....	5,425,010.80
1881	1,281,961.00	1,144,906.40	.....	5,562,065.40
1882	7,957,752.00	1,769,756.00	17,757.00	11,732,304.40
1883	7,284,980.00	4,595,593.00	.....	14,421,691.40
1884	5,015,950.50	5,746,173.50	531,900.00	13,159,568.40
1885	12,684,354.00	7,066,226.50	109,793.00	18,667,902.90
1886	35,202,542.75	14,637,711.00	143,596.00	39,089,138.65
1887	31,435,378.25	17,313,545.00	91,229.00	53,119,742.90
1888	25,539,318.10	20,717,893.25	255,897.60	57,685,270.15
1889	3,386,676.00	17,807,773.90	21,660.00	43,242,512.25
1890	1,306,313.00	11,327,772.00	9,740.00	33,211,313.25
1891	1,682,370.00	8,330,876.00	600.00	26,562,207.25
1892	1,364,448.50	6,212,259.50	66,485.50	21,647,900.75
1893	1,435,160.50	4,670,673.00	29,055.00	18,383,343.25
1894	3,065,486.50	3,871,680.25	43,535.50	17,533,614.00
1895	2,596,457.50	3,225,443.00	33,973.50	16,870,655.00
1896	1,853,255.00	2,868,828.50	73,038.00	15,782,043.50
1897	2,174,129.50	2,808,411.50	82,690.00	15,065,071.50
Total	169,596,388.85	152,644,781.75	1,886,535.60	.....
REDUCING CIRCULATION.				
1875	21,164,854.00	7,822,019.00	624,920.00	12,717,915.00
1876	29,300,469.00	21,044,412.00	401,266.00	20,572,706.00
1877	9,985,065.00	21,871,523.00	619,652.00	8,066,596.00
1878	6,080,650.00	9,446,626.00	260,337.00	4,440,283.00
1879	7,222,805.00	5,866,001.00	572,060.00	5,225,027.00
1880	13,042,896.00	4,961,385.00	172,611.00	13,133,927.00
1881	26,063,959.00	10,773,604.00	1,517,446.00	26,907,436.00
1882	15,522,365.00	14,505,346.00	3,719,612.00	24,204,843.00
1883	16,200,398.00	18,233,878.50	1,284,705.00	20,886,657.50
1884	25,389,470.00	20,486,304.00	440,400.50	25,349,423.00
1885	17,927,785.00	20,692,213.00	3,550,000.00	19,034,995.00
1886	16,514,285.00	14,311,170.00	1,248,710.00	19,989,400.00
1887	44,396,630.00	19,647,970.50	842,723.00	43,895,336.50
1888	20,400,030.00	29,008,271.00	2,140,905.50	33,146,190.00
1889	29,578,580.00	28,159,373.50	677,061.00	33,888,335.50
1890	10,217,387.00	22,021,661.50	438,258.00	21,645,803.00
1891	8,049,130.00	16,638,873.00	413,655.00	12,642,405.00
1892	1,489,448.00	9,691,685.00	78,953.50	4,361,214.50
1893	826,923.50	3,786,578.50	152,864.50	1,248,701.00
1894	12,144,227.50	5,885,454.50	136,163.00	7,371,311.00
1895	9,346,995.50	9,088,882.00	127,600.50	7,501,824.00
1896	3,659,307.00	7,568,158.00	62,001.00	3,530,972.00
1897	12,324,430.00	7,345,406.00	476,042.00	8,033,954.00
Total	356,848,095.50	328,856,195.00	19,957,946.50	.....
AGGREGATE.				
1867	81,490.00	92,830.00	.....	.....
1868	740,370.20	602,180.40	.....	126,849.80
1869	765,720.20	458,409.40	.....	434,160.60
1870	786,160.00	202,755.25	.....	1,017,565.35
1871	3,017,070.60	1,307,527.00	.....	2,727,108.95
1872	3,473,104.25	3,374,153.90	.....	2,826,059.30
1873	2,333,321.25	3,241,778.00	.....	1,917,602.55
1874	3,285,409.54	1,374,500.00	900.00	3,827,612.09
1875	25,915,640.96	10,912,666.00	626,920.00	18,203,667.05
1876	32,494,647.00	24,324,687.30	401,266.00	25,972,360.75
1877	12,719,069.25	25,050,755.00	649,314.00	12,991,361.00
1878	9,239,794.00	12,009,875.50	423,766.50	9,797,513.00
1879	10,606,903.25	8,056,701.00	751,654.00	11,596,061.25
1880	14,316,087.00	6,401,916.00	172,611.00	19,337,621.25
1881	27,671,482.50	12,344,798.90	1,517,446.00	33,146,858.85
1882	24,455,846.25	16,808,606.50	3,737,369.00	37,056,729.60
1883	23,938,165.50	23,552,279.50	1,284,705.00	36,157,910.60
1884	31,040,200.50	26,857,689.50	972,300.50	39,368,121.10
1885	31,449,552.00	28,462,225.00	3,759,116.00	38,596,332.10
1886	52,602,267.75	29,557,588.00	1,392,306.00	60,248,705.85
1887	76,129,898.25	37,368,289.00	1,017,397.00	97,992,918.10
1888	46,520,686.10	50,163,957.45	2,396,803.10	91,952,843.65
1889	33,183,136.00	46,386,121.90	698,721.00	78,051,136.75
1890	11,650,110.00	33,633,889.00	447,998.00	55,619,359.75
1891	10,142,315.00	25,329,027.50	414,255.00	40,018,392.25
1892	3,160,207.00	16,232,721.00	182,369.00	26,763,509.25

No. 96.—DEPOSITS, REDEMPTIONS, AND TRANSFERS AND REPAYMENTS, ON ACCOUNT OF NATIONAL BANKS FAILED, ETC.—Continued.

Fiscal year.	Deposits.	Redemptions.	Transfers and repayments.	Balance.
AGGREGATE—Continued.				
1893	$3,119,499.50	$9,037,651.50	$181,919.50	$20,663,437.75
1894	16,817,482.00	10,929,535.75	179,698.50	26,371,685.50
1895	12,217,746.50	13,068,369.00	161,574.00	25,359,489.00
1896	6,125,742.50	11,223,150.00	160,059.00	20,102,022.50
1897	16,009,512.00	11,092,355.50	560,542.00	24,458,637.00
Total	546,008,636.85	499,458,989.75	22,091,010.10	.....

No. 97.—EXPENSES INCURRED IN THE REDEMPTION OF NATIONAL-BANK NOTES, BY FISCAL YEARS.

Fiscal year.	Charges for transportation.	Salaries.	Stationery, printing, and binding.	Contingent expenses.	Total.	Rate of assessment per $1,000.
1875	$88,098.31	$158,227.39	$12,290.72	$32,348.95	$290,965.37	$2.2326
1876	159,142.84	188,018.94	9,174.68	8,856.85	365,193.31	2.07352
1877	189,362.05	150,695.68	10,422.40	6,585.97	357,066.10	1.66572
1878	173,420.60	136,580.63	5,750.32	2,190.93	317,942.48	1.56301
1879	98,298.75	133,956.27	5,491.82	3,203.11	240,949.95	1.58
1880	34,764.24	104,350.08	3,666.98	947.09	143,728.39	2.62098
1881	33,843.86	89,564.72	2,271.87	531.67	126,212.12	2.6942
1882	39,203.31	87,593.56	2,341.93	390.58	129,529.38	1.80416
1883	57,190.86	86,213.35	3,291.95	896.11	147,592.27	1.55634
1884	68,684.11	88,426.79	3,069.75	716.00	160,896.65	1.31978
1885	85,255.48	93,371.82	2,784.96	444.90	181,857.16	1.257
1886	74,490.52	89,065.18	4,354.54	333.11	168,243.35	1.3091
1887	48,020.53	87,450.54	2,484.32	1,011.61	138,967.00	1.58644
1888	51,529.76	86,232.40	3,268.22	111.10	141,141.48	1.52297
1889	42,413.56	85,974.55	2,064.16	738.40	131,190.67	1.4549
1890	19,862.65	83,841.30	3,157.53	981.91	107,843.39	1.5616
1891	18,536.54	78,989.85	1,671.00	169.13	99,366.52	1.52757
1892	19,305.54	77,131.13	3,553.54	603.49	100,593.70	1.46339
1893	23,231.70	77,840.12	1,700.21	260.93	103,032.96	1.35518
1894	24,271.41	77,790.01	4,227.71	1,156.01	107,445.14	1.06599
1895	21,035.82	76,411.97	2,173.41	731.59	100,352.79	1.15
1896	32,518.93	77,766.54	2,825.97	974.19	114,085.63	1.125
1897	44,518.50	77,977.62	2,515.92	49.69	125,061.73	1.0701
Total	1,446,999.87	2,293,470.44	94,553.91	64,233.32	3,899,257.54	.....

No. 98.—BALANCED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DELIVERIES OF MONEYS BY THE NATIONAL-BANK REDEMPTION AGENCY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Dr.	Amount.	Cr.	Amount.
To cash balance June 30, 1896	$9,967,390.65	By national-bank notes, fit for circulation, forwarded to national banks by express	$37,659,960.00
To national-bank notes received for redemption	113,573,776.47	By national-bank notes, unfit for circulation, delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency	80,107,043.00
To "overs" reported in national-bank notes received for redemption	5,423.79	By United States notes deposited in the Treasury of the United States	69,019.00
		By packages referred and moneys returned	624,036.95
		By express charges deducted	43.80
		By counterfeit notes rejected and returned	1,508.75
		By national-bank notes less than three-fifths rejected and returned, and discount on United States currency	2,294.75
		By "shorts" reported in national-bank notes received for redemption	3,841.50
		By packages with unbroken seals	347,595.00
		By cash balance June 30, 1897	4,731,248.16
Total	123,546,590.91	Total	123,546,590.91

No. 99.—BALANCED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DELIVERIES OF MONEYS BY THE NATIONAL-BANK REDEMPTION AGENCY, FROM JULY 1, 1874, TO JUNE 30, 1897.

Dr.	Amount.	Cr.	Amount.
To national-bank notes received for redemption	$2,657,773,139.60	By national-bank notes, fit for circulation, deposited in the Treasury and forwarded to national banks by express	$995,131,061.00
To "overs" reported in national-bank notes received for redemption	314,551.47	By national-bank notes, unfit for circulation, delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency	1,508,474,259.10
		By notes of failed and liquidating national banks and United States notes deposited in the Treasury of the United States	134,167,185.55
		By packages referred and moneys returned	14,695,069.66
		By express charges deducted	84,148.16
		By counterfeit notes rejected and returned	74,954.10
		By national-bank notes—less than three-fifths, lacking signatures, and stolen—rejected and returned, and discount on United States currency	111,585.97
		By "shorts" reported in national-bank notes received for redemption	270,584.37
		By packages with unbroken seals	347,595.00
		By cash balance June 30, 1897	4,731,248.16
Total	2,658,087,691.07	Total	2,658,087,691.07

No. 100.—AVERAGE AMOUNTS OF NATIONAL-BANK NOTES REDEEMABLE OUT OF THE FIVE PER CENT REDEMPTION FUND, AND AMOUNTS REDEEMED, BY FISCAL YEARS.

Fiscal year.	Average amount redeemable.	Redeemed.		
		Fit for use.	Unfit for use.	Total.
1875	$341,227,987	$26,166,291	$115,109,445	$141,275,736
1876	323,508,340	102,478,700	78,643,155	181,121,855
1877	303,056,663	151,070,300	62,518,600	213,588,900
1878	307,342,754	152,437,300	51,585,400	204,022,700
1879	313,696,846	112,411,800	40,204,700	152,616,500
1880	323,309,058	24,980,500	29,861,700	54,842,200
1881	319,577,199	6,763,600	40,080,700	46,844,300
1882	327,964,886	3,801,500	53,838,500	57,640,000
1883	321,292,597	15,572,100	59,875,000	75,447,100
1884	311,358,660	26,255,500	72,260,700	98,516,200
1885	288,915,938	45,634,800	72,669,700	118,304,500
1886	270,047,283	46,701,100	54,532,935	101,234,035
1887	211,731,998	20,786,640	30,506,030	51,292,670
1888	166,411,545	17,453,780	25,843,765	43,297,545
1889	147,669,610	17,084,590	27,443,340	44,527,930
1890	129,575,073	12,590,880	23,275,005	35,865,885
1891	126,571,607	12,543,220	27,494,445	40,037,665
1892	138,083,516	16,676,700	36,282,335	52,959,035
1893	150,030,040	24,166,150	43,394,418	67,560,568
1894	179,120,846	39,893,840	50,944,080	90,837,920
1895	179,668,009	35,055,620	40,094,540	75,150,160
1896	194,527,575	46,946,190	43,866,375	90,812,565
1897	211,375,647	37,659,960	69,014,688	106,674,648
Total		995,131,061	1,149,339,556	2,144,470,617

No. 101.—AMOUNTS OF NOTES OF NATIONAL BANKS FAILED, IN LIQUIDATION, AND REDUCING CIRCULATION REDEEMABLE, AND AMOUNTS REDEEMED, BY FISCAL YEARS.

Fiscal year.	Redeemable.	Redeemed.	Fiscal year.	Redeemable.	Redeemed.
1875	$29,743,253	$10,912,666	1887	$136,378,604	$37,368,289
1876	50,698,314	24,324,687	1888	144,513,604	50,163,957
1877	38,691,430	25,050,755	1889	125,135,980	46,386,122
1878	22,231,155	12,009,875	1890	89,701,247	33,633,889
1879	20,404,416	8,056,701	1891	65,761,675	25,329,027
1880	25,912,148	6,401,916	1892	43,178,599	16,232,721
1881	47,009,104	12,344,799	1893	29,883,009	9,037,651
1882	57,602,705	16,808,606	1894	37,480,920	10,929,536
1883	60,994,895	23,552,279	1895	38,589,432	13,068,369
1884	67,198,111	26,857,689	1896	31,485,232	11,223,150
1885	70,817,673	28,462,225	1897	36,111,534	11,092,355
1886	91,198,600	29,557,588			

No. 102.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE FIVE PER CENT REDEMPTION FUND OF NATIONAL BANKS AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, FROM JULY, 1874.

Month.	Assets.			Total.	Liabilities.		
	On deposit in Treasury.	National-bank notes on hand.	Expenses paid.		To national banks.	To Treasury.	On other accounts.
1874—July	$9,634,749	$6,886,259	$3,375	$16,524,383	$16,524,383	.....	.....
August	.....	17,316,311	11,340	17,327,651	17,274,485	$53,166	.....
September	.....	16,868,438	20,962	16,889,400	14,853,996	2,035,404	.....
October	4,211,847	10,822,087	35,858	15,069,792	15,069,792	.....	.....
November	3,695,879	11,606,911	63,478	15,366,268	15,366,268	.....	.....
December	3,776,909	11,894,841	87,337	15,759,087	15,759,087	.....	.....
1875—January	3,006,838	11,590,362	108,140	14,705,340	14,705,340	.....	.....
February	3,943,558	9,351,681	129,933	13,425,172	13,425,172	.....	.....
March	5,470,226	8,933,163	170,691	14,574,080	14,574,080	.....	.....
April	2,691,907	11,021,435	191,864	13,905,206	13,905,206	.....	.....
May	1,235,789	12,265,976	214,319	13,716,084	13,716,084	.....	.....
June	4,281,996	5,036,902	232,458	9,551,356	9,551,356	.....	.....
July	1,138,868	10,956,300	253,007	12,348,175	12,348,175	.....	.....
August	3,024,183	10,640,789	290,802	13,955,774	13,955,774	.....	.....
September	3,006,589	11,131,135	33,800	14,171,524	14,171,524	.....	.....
October	1,756,953	11,886,368	33,800	13,677,121	13,677,121	.....	.....
November	1,454,036	12,098,962	65,444	13,618,442	13,618,442	.....	.....
December	2,616,489	10,314,865	65,444	12,996,798	12,996,798	.....	.....
1876—January	563,993	11,197,014	80,083	11,841,090	11,841,090	.....	.....
February	4,506,905	8,621,199	80,083	13,208,187	13,208,187	.....	.....
March	5,078,201	7,981,222	122,823	13,182,246	13,182,246	.....	.....
April	3,294,238	9,768,707	122,823	13,185,768	13,185,768	.....	.....
May	193,042	11,414,602	137,886	11,745,530	11,745,530	.....	.....
June	893,238	7,942,539	153,189	8,988,966	8,988,966	.....	.....
July	.....	11,135,521	153,189	11,288,710	11,216,451	72,259	.....
August	2,033,420	10,318,551	153,189	12,505,170	12,505,170	.....	.....
September	1,027,683	9,944,348	236,874	11,208,905	11,208,905	.....	.....
October	987,135	11,485,783	.....	12,472,918	11,879,118	.....	$593,800
November	1,725,210	9,380,386	.....	11,105,596	10,690,696	.....	414,900
December	3,849,276	8,496,202	.....	12,345,478	11,448,678	.....	896,800
1877—January	857,055	10,014,358	57,632	10,929,045	10,592,345	.....	336,700
February	3,645,418	8,030,998	57,632	11,734,048	11,377,548	.....	356,500
March	3,682,964	7,502,403	57,632	11,242,999	11,018,099	.....	224,900
April	304,852	10,545,077	80,961	10,930,890	10,859,090	.....	71,800
May	.....	10,867,761	80,961	10,948,722	10,521,883	24,539	402,300
June	.....	11,505,312	116,142	11,621,454	9,059,947	1,789,107	772,400
July	2,870,927	8,062,978	116,142	11,050,047	10,383,947	.....	666,100
August	3,294,225	9,036,075	150,696	12,480,996	12,217,596	.....	263,400
September	2,616,288	9,115,866	.....	11,732,154	11,351,054	.....	381,100
October	4,088,382	8,282,606	.....	12,370,988	12,221,388	.....	149,600
November	3,454,107	8,841,670	.....	12,295,777	12,142,777	.....	153,000
December	3,697,995	9,235,929	.....	12,933,924	12,743,524	.....	190,400
1878—January	4,245,991	7,435,996	34,470	11,716,457	11,455,657	.....	260,800
February	7,207,331	5,758,993	34,470	13,000,794	12,984,094	.....	16,700
March	8,657,284	4,442,508	68,501	13,168,293	13,162,493	.....	5,800
April	5,350,007	7,517,263	68,501	12,935,771	12,934,271	.....	1,500
May	2,531,041	9,150,626	68,501	11,750,168	11,690,868	.....	59,300
June	1,717,350	8,410,849	102,573	10,230,772	10,064,672	.....	166,100
July	1,518,582	9,453,375	102,573	11,074,530	10,986,330	.....	88,200
August	3,932,528	8,131,252	102,573	12,166,353	11,976,853	.....	189,500
September	5,499,882	7,315,451	102,573	12,917,906	12,841,706	.....	76,200
October	10,374,810	3,730,844	137,780	14,243,434	14,239,834	.....	3,600

No. 102.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE FIVE PER CENT REDEMPTION FUND OF NATIONAL BANKS AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, ETC.—Continued.

Month.	Assets.			Total.	Liabilities.		
	On deposit in Treasury.	National-bank notes on hand.	Expenses paid.		To national banks.	To Treasury.	On other accounts.
1878—November	$9,767,217	$3,859,742	$319,142	$13,946,101	$13,941,391	.....	$4,710
December	10,078,816	3,659,359	1,200	13,739,375	13,737,165	.....	2,210
1879—January	8,566,290	4,868,904	1,200	13,436,484	13,418,374	.....	18,110
February	6,912,214	6,032,581	35,673	12,980,468	12,950,358	.....	30,110
March	9,594,059	3,981,014	35,673	13,610,746	13,598,636	.....	12,110
April	8,917,987	4,728,268	35,673	13,681,928	13,678,918	.....	3,010
May	7,184,993	5,713,568	69,901	12,968,462	12,947,952	.....	20,510
June	9,498,337	3,784,589	103,419	13,386,345	13,381,135	.....	5,210
July	10,352,098	3,843,250	103,419	14,298,767	14,296,957	.....	1,810
August	11,820,000	2,742,211	103,419	14,665,630	14,665,020	.....	610
September	12,249,355	2,826,197	240,950	15,316,502	15,316,187	.....	315
October	13,359,631	2,341,702	.....	15,701,333	15,701,018	.....	315
November	13,466,357	2,287,637	.....	15,753,994	15,753,678	.....	316
December	13,846,955	2,231,329	.....	16,078,284	16,077,968	.....	316
1880—January	11,345,566	4,212,434	.....	15,558,000	15,557,684	.....	316
February	12,888,980	2,432,711	29,761	15,351,452	15,347,487	.....	3,965
March	13,846,256	1,967,037	29,761	15,843,054	15,842,589	.....	465
April	12,597,829	2,821,553	29,761	15,449,143	15,448,678	.....	465
May	10,792,246	4,057,683	29,761	14,879,690	14,879,225	.....	465
June	10,847,634	3,097,984	79,672	14,025,290	14,024,825	.....	465
July	12,401,846	2,833,695	79,672	15,315,213	15,314,748	.....	465
August	12,932,676	2,596,152	79,672	15,608,500	15,608,035	.....	465
September	12,867,063	2,548,125	143,728	15,558,916	15,558,451	.....	465
October	12,485,961	2,860,875	143,728	15,490,564	15,490,099	.....	465
November	12,660,902	2,735,710	143,728	15,540,340	15,539,875	.....	465
December	12,231,728	3,060,916	.....	15,292,644	15,292,179	.....	465
1881—January	10,772,382	4,200,433	.....	14,972,815	14,972,350	.....	465
February	10,840,589	3,202,787	.....	14,043,376	14,042,911	.....	465
March	11,329,162	3,341,908	.....	14,671,070	14,670,605	.....	465
April	10,727,047	4,272,966	44,890	15,044,903	15,042,938	.....	1,965
May	9,753,083	4,815,459	44,890	14,613,432	14,599,767	.....	13,665
June	11,564,021	2,844,107	44,890	14,453,018	14,452,553	.....	465
July	11,703,340	3,376,458	67,321	15,147,119	15,145,054	.....	2,065
August	12,255,051	3,122,964	67,321	15,445,336	15,444,871	.....	465
September	12,110,932	3,619,908	67,321	15,798,161	15,797,696	.....	465
October	11,820,144	3,426,427	67,321	15,313,892	15,313,427	.....	465
November	11,656,560	3,578,399	.....	15,234,959	15,234,494	.....	465
December	11,264,338	4,420,111	.....	15,684,449	15,666,184	.....	18,265
1882—January	9,312,142	5,609,086	21,790	14,943,018	14,909,253	.....	33,765
February	10,616,550	4,398,409	21,790	15,036,749	15,029,984	.....	6,765
March	11,420,393	3,550,883	21,790	14,993,066	14,991,701	.....	1,365
April	10,496,454	4,155,117	43,944	14,695,515	14,695,050	.....	465
May	9,426,406	5,075,466	43,944	14,545,816	14,542,651	.....	3,165
June	10,053,699	3,630,989	65,848	13,750,536	13,745,571	.....	4,965
July	9,389,795	5,387,746	65,848	14,843,389	14,841,924	.....	1,465
August	9,662,335	5,487,246	65,848	15,215,429	15,212,964	.....	2,465
September	8,919,900	6,088,107	87,593	15,095,600	15,078,008	.....	17,592
October	9,294,697	5,026,572	.....	14,321,269	14,299,185	.....	22,084
November	9,889,437	4,805,480	.....	14,694,917	14,661,669	.....	33,248
December	8,819,194	5,727,426	.....	14,546,620	14,529,509	.....	17,111
1883—January	5,412,681	8,642,768	21,323	14,076,772	14,033,189	.....	43,583
February	8,173,462	5,547,304	21,323	13,742,089	13,664,204	.....	77,885
March	9,994,155	3,645,595	21,323	13,661,073	13,637,936	.....	23,137
April	8,839,548	5,358,170	21,323	14,219,041	14,178,258	.....	40,783
May	6,527,363	7,120,471	21,323	13,669,157	13,625,386	.....	43,771
June	6,761,107	6,562,944	21,323	13,345,374	13,322,337	.....	23,037
July	6,683,417	7,013,786	21,323	13,718,526	13,685,589	.....	32,937
August	9,160,457	4,609,862	86,213	13,856,532	13,820,795	.....	35,737
September	9,239,568	5,022,175	86,213	14,347,956	14,330,319	.....	17,637
October	8,800,696	5,078,991	147,592	14,027,279	14,009,642	.....	17,637
November	8,290,289	5,493,433	.....	13,783,722	13,766,885	.....	16,837
December	6,438,684	7,395,132	.....	13,833,816	13,812,351	.....	21,465
1884—January	.....	12,201,941	.....	12,201,941	11,812,792	$218,772	170,377
February	2,409,856	9,897,167	.....	12,307,023	12,153,696	.....	153,327
March	6,883,430	6,044,669	44,174	12,972,273	12,916,846	.....	55,427
April	4,911,360	8,150,646	44,174	13,106,180	13,062,412	.....	43,768
May	5,543,713	6,019,787	44,174	11,607,674	11,430,151	.....	177,523
June	5,345,086	6,861,741	44,174	12,251,001	12,188,045	.....	62,956
July	3,687,479	8,689,966	66,240	12,443,685	12,361,629	.....	82,056
August	3,586,050	9,364,216	88,427	13,038,693	12,943,937	.....	94,756
September	3,820,009	8,338,791	88,427	12,247,227	12,131,771	.....	115,456
October	4,078,522	8,012,753	88,427	12,179,702	12,075,546	.....	104,156
November	3,527,717	8,012,482	101,373	11,641,572	11,549,843	.....	91,729
December	4,281,582	7,872,536	.....	12,154,118	12,044,330	.....	109,788
1885—January	.....	11,513,180	.....	11,513,180	10,013,188	670,959	829,033
February	3,519,762	7,593,356	22,986	11,136,104	10,945,357	.....	190,747
March	6,376,994	5,176,931	22,986	11,576,911	11,493,197	.....	83,714

No. 102.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE FIVE PER CENT REDEMPTION FUND OF NATIONAL BANKS AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, ETC.—Continued.

Month.	Assets.			Total.	Liabilities.		
	On deposit in Treasury.	National-bank notes on hand.	Expenses paid.		To national banks.	To Treasury.	On other accounts.
1885—April	$4,389,106	$5,972,032	$22,986	$10,384,124	$10,304,040	.....	$80,084
May	3,260,643	7,312,602	46,432	10,619,677	10,404,503	.....	215,174
June	3,043,140	6,791,088	46,432	9,880,660	9,359,321	.....	521,339
July	6,095,306	5,309,882	69,902	11,475,090	11,405,151	.....	69,939
August	6,717,545	4,799,879	93,372	11,610,796	11,544,157	.....	66,639
September	8,718,232	3,542,398	93,372	12,354,002	12,301,763	.....	52,239
October	8,280,933	3,996,398	93,372	12,370,703	12,290,644	.....	80,059
November	9,198,023	3,487,306	.....	12,685,329	12,659,558	.....	25,771
December	8,178,824	3,508,868	.....	11,687,692	11,643,679	.....	44,013
1886—January	2,448,906	8,104,137	.....	10,553,043	10,474,184	.....	78,859
February	4,030,953	6,323,972	22,654	10,377,579	10,243,341	.....	134,238
March	7,434,915	3,175,794	22,654	10,633,363	10,563,100	.....	70,263
April	7,450,900	3,537,361	45,232	11,033,493	10,990,470	.....	43,023
May	5,679,892	4,619,666	67,020	10,366,578	10,305,842	.....	60,736
June	6,364,061	3,840,402	67,020	10,271,483	10,195,617	.....	75,866
July	6,609,658	3,524,910	67,020	10,201,588	10,150,819	.....	50,769
August	8,294,550	2,655,239	89,065	11,038,854	10,995,670	.....	43,184
September	8,797,697	1,917,975	89,065	10,804,737	10,772,273	.....	32,464
October	7,209,312	2,992,810	89,065	10,291,187	10,254,402	.....	36,785
November	7,281,699	2,348,558	89,065	9,719,322	9,682,247	.....	37,075
December	6,514,453	2,785,270	.....	9,299,723	9,271,983	.....	27,740
1887—January	3,816,650	4,309,913	20,965	8,147,528	8,095,626	.....	51,902
February	5,637,684	2,854,640	20,965	8,513,289	8,465,307	.....	47,982
March	6,259,492	2,357,856	20,965	8,638,313	8,603,200	.....	35,113
April	5,022,572	3,164,234	42,931	8,229,737	8,192,141	.....	37,596
May	4,297,250	3,552,069	42,931	7,892,250	7,855,721	.....	36,529
June	5,774,775	2,165,540	65,463	8,005,778	7,968,919	.....	36,859
July	4,880,724	2,868,303	65,463	7,814,490	7,781,411	.....	33,079
August	4,728,967	3,135,413	87,451	7,951,831	7,917,247	.....	34,584
September	4,797,848	2,764,223	138,967	7,701,038	7,664,116	.....	36,922
October	3,751,309	4,001,162	.....	7,752,471	7,720,340	.....	32,131
November	4,660,936	3,013,462	21,298	7,695,696	7,664,045	.....	31,651
December	2,779,350	4,755,341	21,298	7,555,989	7,523,372	.....	32,617
1888—January	.....	7,685,489	21,298	7,706,787	6,658,560	$953,579	94,648
February	419,742	6,222,777	21,298	6,663,817	6,588,129	.....	75,688
March	2,071,397	5,069,966	21,298	7,162,661	7,095,905	.....	66,756
April	1,093,564	5,589,183	42,738	6,725,485	6,634,753	.....	90,732
May	159,846	6,449,041	64,273	6,673,160	6,524,761	.....	148,399
June	.....	6,770,380	64,273	6,834,653	6,525,282	194,630	114,741
July	.....	8,054,638	64,273	8,118,911	6,408,322	1,611,906	98,683
August	.....	7,741,716	64,273	7,805,989	7,089,467	668,239	48,283
September	734,749	5,829,659	86,232	6,650,640	6,574,827	.....	75,813
October	2,449,770	3,930,670	86,232	6,466,672	6,384,492	.....	82,180
November	3,467,565	3,114,398	86,232	6,668,195	6,633,591	.....	34,604
December	2,540,692	3,724,723	.....	6,265,415	6,225,541	.....	39,874
1889—January	239,642	5,130,032	20,936	5,390,610	5,257,749	.....	132,861
February	2,777,833	3,115,035	20,936	5,913,804	5,840,598	.....	73,206
March	3,324,123	2,717,815	42,709	6,084,647	6,040,180	.....	44,467
April	2,710,653	3,220,496	42,709	5,973,858	5,935,225	.....	38,633
May	866,105	4,448,966	42,709	5,357,780	5,249,520	.....	108,260
June	1,472,579	3,959,219	64,467	5,496,265	5,419,585	.....	76,680
July	2,088,687	3,471,822	64,467	5,624,976	5,566,486	.....	58,490
August	1,465,624	4,436,825	64,467	5,966,916	5,911,276	.....	55,640
September	2,069,617	3,706,080	85,975	5,861,672	5,803,542	.....	58,130
October	574,713	5,062,948	85,975	5,723,636	5,667,026	.....	56,610
November	1,505,714	4,026,241	131,191	5,663,146	5,623,648	.....	39,498
December	1,246,173	4,367,102	.....	5,613,275	5,564,197	.....	49,078
1890—January	.....	6,029,508	21,221	6,050,729	5,051,510	866,115	133,104
February	1,052,718	4,197,153	21,221	5,271,092	5,135,718	.....	135,374
March	1,703,932	3,834,208	21,221	5,559,361	5,459,370	.....	99,991
April	1,644,734	3,806,834	42,190	5,493,758	5,422,628	.....	71,130
May	1,165,590	4,128,493	42,190	5,336,273	5,245,967	.....	90,306
June	1,173,931	4,203,262	42,190	5,419,383	5,320,317	.....	99,066
July	938,907	4,713,320	63,020	5,715,247	5,653,702	.....	61,545
August	625,237	4,935,522	63,020	5,623,779	5,543,974	.....	79,805
September	763,746	4,505,712	83,841	5,353,299	5,244,089	.....	109,210
October	1,894,510	3,549,663	83,841	5,528,014	5,479,044	.....	48,970
November	2,028,288	3,285,337	107,843	5,421,468	5,372,208	.....	49,260
December	2,118,241	3,277,840	.....	5,396,081	5,328,687	.....	67,394
1891—January	.....	6,181,625	19,739	6,201,364	4,724,349	1,276,439	200,576
February	171,049	4,845,746	19,739	5,036,534	4,874,565	.....	161,969
March	1,690,598	3,302,465	19,739	5,012,802	4,887,172	.....	125,630
April	1,551,728	3,953,555	19,739	5,525,022	5,432,273	.....	92,749
May	.....	5,003,448	39,536	5,042,984	4,497,975	392,139	152,870
June	.....	5,542,271	59,212	5,601,483	4,471,937	868,974	260,572
July	.....	5,801,651	59,212	5,860,863	5,030,539	666,603	163,721
August	.....	6,649,700	78,989	6,728,689	5,847,401	743,193	138,095

No. 102.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE FIVE PER CENT REDEMPTION FUND OF NATIONAL BANKS AT THE END OF EACH MONTH, ETC.—Continued.

Month.	Assets.			Total.	Liabilities.		
	On deposit in Treasury.	National-bank notes on hand.	Expenses paid.		To national banks.	To Treasury.	On other ccounts.
1891—September	$78,716	$5,589,043	$78,989	$5,746,748	$5,610,854	.....	$135,894
October	.....	5,595,200	78,989	5,674,189	5,527,753	$21,172	125,264
November	655,846	4,673,987	99,366	5,429,199	5,189,961	.....	239,238
December	1,178,753	4,550,533	.....	5,729,286	5,527,105	.....	202,181
1892—January	.....	5,833,636	19,171	5,852,807	5,221,208	385,890	245,709
February	877,347	4,687,590	19,171	5,584,108	5,376,084	.....	208,024
March	1,956,080	3,802,554	19,171	5,777,805	5,604,158	.....	173,647
April	1,621,397	4,292,481	19,171	5,933,049	5,824,178	.....	108,871
May	481,675	4,952,287	38,506	5,472,468	5,311,106	.....	161,362
June	623,913	5,232,044	38,506	5,894,463	5,697,275	.....	197,188
July	.....	5,786,149	38,506	5,824,655	5,569,987	21,756	232,912
August	.....	6,503,472	38,506	6,541,978	6,132,418	232,704	176,856
September	.....	7,526,222	77,131	7,603,353	5,933,649	1,446,572	223,132
October	.....	6,968,821	77,131	7,045,952	5,910,346	925,430	210,176
November	.....	5,695,211	77,131	5,772,342	5,440,473	48,729	283,140
December	10,386	5,899,697	.....	5,910,083	5,586,966	.....	323,117
1893—January	.....	7,593,744	200	7,593,944	4,956,774	2,124,585	512,585
February	383,217	5,437,804	200	5,821,221	5,551,109	.....	270,112
March	2,069,709	3,692,528	365	5,762,602	5,470,555	.....	292,047
April	802,224	4,945,410	365	5,747,999	5,436,356	.....	311,643
May	300,926	5,119,181	38,881	5,458,988	5,076,930	.....	382,058
June	1,948,881	3,858,371	38,881	5,846,133	5,597,247	.....	248,886
July	3,158,476	3,512,581	58,447	6,729,504	6,549,612	.....	179,892
August	4,327,277	2,991,630	58,447	7,377,354	7,121,743	.....	255,611
September	511,390	7,561,305	58,447	8,131,142	7,865,336	.....	265,806
October	.....	11,258,335	77,840	11,336,175	5,978,021	4,452,354	905,500
November	.....	12,634,770	77,840	12,712,610	5,437,663	6,492,488	782,459
December	.....	12,112,475	19,400	12,131,875	6,234,853	5,456,464	440,558
1894—January	.....	14,288,804	19,400	14,308,204	5,639,628	8,192,701	475,875
February	.....	12,469,240	19,400	12,488,640	6,152,872	6,000,861	334,907
March	.....	10,565,388	38,810	10,604,198	6,401,088	3,836,135	366,975
April	.....	8,436,696	38,810	8,475,506	6,194,783	1,854,885	425,838
May	.....	7,089,222	58,285	7,147,507	6,373,428	350,816	423,263
June	523,879	6,132,120	58,285	6,714,284	6,344,890	.....	369,394
July	2,487,080	4,548,448	58,285	7,093,813	6,774,123	.....	319,690
August	2,467,236	5,296,814	77,790	7,841,840	7,671,862	.....	169,978
September	2,522,309	4,867,050	77,790	7,467,149	7,250,860	.....	216,289
October	2,673,835	4,816,021	77,790	7,567,646	7,424,640	.....	143,006
November	3,294,662	3,955,321	107,445	7,357,428	7,186,644	.....	170,784
December	2,593,619	4,556,187	.....	7,149,806	7,072,499	.....	77,307
1895—January	616,591	6,105,143	.....	6,721,734	6,596,132	.....	125,602
February	2,248,754	5,004,609	.....	7,253,363	7,176,074	.....	77,289
March	2,864,740	4,103,436	.....	6,968,176	6,853,373	.....	114,803
April	2,653,891	4,609,610	.....	7,263,501	7,132,388	.....	131,113
May	2,789,453	4,661,091	57,578	7,508,122	7,390,592	.....	117,530
June	3,214,277	4,203,973	57,578	7,475,828	7,349,344	.....	126,484
July	2,188,940	5,259,121	57,578	7,505,639	7,361,287	.....	144,352
August	1,001,502	7,257,996	76,412	8,335,910	8,208,122	.....	127,788
September	2,025,271	5,530,709	76,412	7,632,392	7,525,303	.....	107,089
October	1,949,265	6,114,490	76,412	8,140,167	8,017,476	.....	122,691
November	1,787,810	5,858,829	100,353	7,746,992	7,598,512	.....	148,480
December	721,140	6,618,573	.....	7,339,713	7,168,186	.....	171,527
1896—January	.....	9,955,683	.....	9,955,683	6,472,790	3,132,390	350,503
February	.....	7,993,630	.....	7,993,630	7,027,642	737,114	228,874
March	1,274,249	6,515,076	.....	7,789,325	7,674,057	.....	115,268
April	699,146	7,114,472	.....	7,813,618	7,624,680	.....	188,938
May	.....	9,445,926	58,307	9,504,233	7,772,917	1,535,054	196,262
June	.....	9,967,391	58,307	10,025,698	7 573,009	2,171,135	281,554
July	.....	11,613,348	58,307	11,671,655	7,412,349	3,976,873	282,433
August	.....	13,376,890	58,307	13,435,197	8,891,426	4,328,287	215,484
September	.....	12,519,928	77,767	12,597,695	8,957,215	3,532,559	107,921
October	.....	12,586,958	77,767	12,664,725	8,477,211	4,003,115	184,399
November	.....	12,515,246	114,086	12,629,332	8,229,757	4,240,025	159,556
December	.....	13,735,345	19,269	13,754,614	8,243,966	5,327,581	183,067
1897—January	.....	16,906,136	19,269	16,925,405	7,662,497	8,919,868	343,040
February	.....	14,768,457	38,818	14,807,275	8,317,951	6,324,446	164,878
March	.....	11,074,148	38,818	11,112,966	7,847,745	3,019,063	246,158
April	.....	8,292,970	58,398	8,351,368	7,488,770	586,258	276,340
May	882,801	6,717,977	58,398	7,659,176	7,355,400	.....	303,776
June	2,853,650	4,731,248	58,398	7,643,296	7,426,695	.....	216,601
July	2,878,859	5,344,284	58,398	8,281,541	8,138,040	.....	143,501
August	3,863,257	4,193,979	77,978	8,135,214	8,016,001	.....	119,213
September	5,111,268	3,550,102	77,978	8,739,348	8,665,921	.....	73,427

No. 103.—CHANGES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1897 IN THE FORCE EMPLOYED IN THE TREASURER'S OFFICE.

Total force in Treasurer's office June 30, 1896:			
Regular roll			269
Employed under deficiency act, February 26, 1896			25
Total			294
Appointed	10		
Transferred to Treasurer's office	14		
		24	
Died			
Resigned	2		
Removed	8		
Transferred from Treasurer's office	13		
		23	1
Total force in Treasurer's office June 30, 1897			295

No. 104.—APPROPRIATIONS MADE FOR THE FORCE EMPLOYED IN THE TREASURER'S OFFICE AND SALARIES PAID DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Roll on which paid.	Appropriated.	Expended.	Balance unexpended.
Regular roll	$282,761.60	$281,358.62	$1,402.98
Reimbursable roll: Force employed in redemption of national currency	61,500.00	61,262.80	237.20
Total	344,261.60	342,621.42	1,640.18

(No. 2.)

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF THE MINT,
Washington, D. C., October 16, 1897.

SIR: In compliance with the provisions of section 345, Revised Statutes of the United States, I have the honor to submit the twenty-fifth annual report of the Director of the Mint, covering the operations of the mints and the assay offices of the United States for the fiscal year ended July 30, 1897.

DEPOSITS OF GOLD.

The original deposits of gold, including that contained in silver deposits, at the several mints and assay offices of the United States during the fiscal year 1897 aggregated 4,676,429.404 standard ounces, of the value of $87,003,337.71, an increase as compared with the preceding fiscal year of 980,075.023 standard ounces, of the value of $18,233,953.90.

The redeposits of gold during the fiscal year 1897 amounted to $42,102,162.82, showing an increase of $7,560,420.90 as compared with the amount for the previous fiscal year, making an aggregate of $129,105,500.53 in the total amount deposited during the year.

The redeposits of gold consisted of fine, mint and unparted bars, transferred from the mint at Denver, Colo., and the assay offices located at Charlotte, N. C., St. Louis, Mo., Helena, Mont., and Boise, Idaho, to the mint at Philadelphia, Pa., transferred for conversion into coin.

The classification and weight in standard ounces (.900 fine) of the original deposits and redeposits of gold bullion at the several mints and assay offices of the United States during the fiscal years 1896 and 1897 and the increase or decrease are shown in the following table:

WEIGHT OF THE ORIGINAL DEPOSITS AND REDEPOSITS OF GOLD BULLION AT THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES OF THE UNITED STATES DURING THE FISCAL YEARS 1896 AND 1897 AND THE INCREASE OR DECREASE OF THE SAME DURING THE LATTER YEAR.

Classification of deposits of gold.	Fiscal year.		Increase, 1897.	Decrease, 1897.
	1896.	1897.		
ORIGINAL DEPOSITS.				
Domestic:	*Standard ozs.*	*Standard ozs.*	*Standard ozs.*	*Standard ozs.*
Unrefined	875,086.598	941,453.010	66,366.412	
Refinery bars	146,413.203	533,650.948	387,237.745	
Refined	1,876,214.139	1,783,126.432		93,087.707
Domestic coin:				
Treasury transfers	44,013.190	33,257.420		10,755.770
Purchased	45,749.608	21,315.728		24,433.880

WEIGHT OF THE ORIGINAL DEPOSITS AND REDEPOSITS OF GOLD BULLION AT THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES OF THE UNITED STATES, ETC.—Continued.

Classification of deposits of gold.	Fiscal year.		Increase, 1897.	Decrease, 1897.
	1896.	1897.		
ORIGINAL DEPOSITS—continued.				
Foreign bullion:	*Standard ozs.*	*Standard ozs.*	*Standard ozs.*	*Standard ozs.*
Unrefined	133,207.063	151,472.897	18,265.834	
Refined	220,058.907	352,246.359	132,187.452	
Foreign coin	173,473.237	708,855.745	535,382.508	
Jewelers' bars, old plate, etc	182,138.436	151,050.865		31,087.571
Total original deposits	3,696,354.381	4,676,429.404	1,139,439.951	159,364.928
REDEPOSITS.				
Fine bars	1,395,186.212	161,417.149		1,233,769.063
Mint bars		1,613,918.859	1,613,918.859	
Unparted bars	461,432.417	487,655.245	26,222.828	
Total gold received	5,552,973.010	6,939,420.657	2,779,581.638	1,393,133.991

The classification and value of the original deposits and redeposits of gold at the mints and assay offices of the United States during the fiscal years 1896 and 1897 and the increase or decrease are set forth in the following table:

VALUE OF THE ORIGINAL DEPOSITS AND REDEPOSITS OF GOLD BULLION AT THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES OF THE UNITED STATES DURING THE FISCAL YEARS 1986 AND 1897, AND THE INCREASE OR DECREASE OF THE SAME DURING THE LATTER YEAR.

Classification of deposits of gold.	Fiscal year.		Increase, 1897.	Decrease, 1897.
	1896.	1897.		
ORIGINAL DEPOSITS.				
Domestic:				
Unrefined	$16,339,336.75	$17,515,404.81	$1,176,068.06	
Refinery bars	2,605,310.70	9,928,389.73	7,263,079.03	
Refined	34,906,309.57	33,174,445.23		$1,731,864.34
Domestic coin:				
Treasury transfers	818,850.04	618,742.71		200,107.33
Purchased	851,155.49	396,571.70		454,583.79
Foreign bullion:				
Unrefined	2,478,270.93	2,818,100.39	339,829.46	
Refined	4,094,119.21	6,553,420.62	2,459,301.41	
Foreign coin	3,227,409.06	13,188,013.86	9,960,604.80	
Jewelers' bars, old plate, etc	3,388,622.06	2,810,248.66		578,373.40
Total original deposits	68,769,383.81	87,003,337.71	21,198,882.76	2,964,928.86
REDEPOSITS.				
Fine bars	25,956,952.78	3,003,109.73		22,953,843.05
Mint bars		30,026,397.37	30,026,397.37	
Unparted bars	8,584,789.14	9,072,655.72	487,866.58	
Total gold received	103,311,125.73	129,105,500.53	51,713,146.71	25,918,771.91

Uncurrent and mutilated domestic gold coins of the nominal or face value of $1,025,121 were received and melted at the mints and assay offices during the year. Of this amount $623,751 were transferred from the Treasury of the United States for recoinage, the coining value of the same in new coin being $618,742.71, and the remainder, $401,370, the coining value of the same in new coin being $396,571.70, was received

from individuals. The Treasurer of the United States was reimbursed from the appropriation "for loss on recoinage of uncurrent gold coin in the Treasury of the United States" for the difference, $5,008.29, between the face value of the coin transferred and the value of the same in new coin, while the loss, $4,798.30, on the amount received from individuals was borne by the depositors.

DEPOSITS OF SILVER.

Including silver contained in gold deposits, the original deposits of silver during the fiscal year 1897 aggregated 8,138,816.99 standard ounces, the coining value of the same in standard silver dollars being $9,470,623.36, against 10,030,691.88 standard ounces of the coining value of $11,672,077.79 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, showing a decrease of $2,201,454.43.

During the fiscal year 1897 the redeposits of silver bullion at the mints and assay offices aggregated 218,624.06 standard ounces of the coining value in silver dollars of $254,398.90, against 151,780.37 standard ounces of the coining value of $176,617.13 for the preceding fiscal year, an increase of $77,781.77.

The following table exhibits the classification and weight of the original deposits and redeposits of silver bullion and coin at the mints and assay offices of the United States for the fiscal years 1896 and 1897 and the increase or decrease in the same:

WEIGHT OF THE ORIGINAL DEPOSITS AND REDEPOSITS OF SILVER BULLION AT THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES OF THE UNITED STATES DURING THE FISCAL YEARS 1896 AND 1897 AND THE INCREASE OR DECREASE OF THE SAME DURING THE LATTER YEAR.

Classification of deposits of silver.	Fiscal year.		Increase, 1897.	Decrease, 1897.
	1896.	1897.		
ORIGINAL DEPOSITS.				
Domestic:	*Standard ozs.*	*Standard ozs.*	*Standard ozs.*	*Standard ozs.*
Unrefined	450,732.65	584,004.61	133,271.96	
Refinery bars	23,173.91	139,688.93	116,515.02	
Refined	4,438,059.79	3,626,290.15		811,769.64
Domestic coin:				
Treasury transfers	3,518,221.46	2,450,522.55		1,067,698.91
Purchased	4,655.16	3,690.98		964.18
Trade dollars	199.18	178.70		20.48
Foreign bullion:				
Unrefined	752,920.19	677,801.04		75,119.15
Refined	3,476.68	17,849.02	14,372.34	
Foreign coin	167,713.21	112,396.25		55,316.96
Jewelers' bars, old plate, etc	671,539.65	526,394.76		145,144.89
Total original deposits	10,030,691.88	8,138,816.99	264,159.32	2,156,034.21
REDEPOSITS.				
Fine bars	19,092.63	21,862.95	2,770.32	
Mint bars		97,022.65	97,022.65	
Unparted bars	132,687.74	99,738.46		32,949.28
Total silver received	10,182,472.25	8,357,441.05	363,952.29	2,188,983.49

The classification and coining value of the original deposits and redeposits of silver bullion and uncurrent coin at the mints and assay offices of the United States during the fiscal years 1896 and 1897 and the increase or decrease are shown by the following table:

VALUE OF THE ORIGINAL DEPOSITS AND REDEPOSITS OF SILVER BULLION AT THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES OF THE UNITED STATES DURING THE FISCAL YEARS 1896 AND 1897 AND THE INCREASE OR DECREASE OF THE SAME DURING THE LATTER YEAR.

Classification of deposits of silver.	Fiscal year.		Increase, 1897.	Decrease, 1897.
	1896.	1897.		
ORIGINAL DEPOSITS.				
Domestic:				
Unrefined	$524,488.87	$679,568.96	$155,080.09	
Refinery bars	26,966.01	162,547.12	135,581.11	
Refined	5,164,287.76	4,219,683.08		$944,604.68
Domestic coin:				
Treasury transfers	4,093,930.43	2,851,517.15		1,242,413.28
Purchased	5,416.91	4,294.95		1,121.96
Trade dollars	231.77	207.94		23.83
Foreign bullion:				
Unrefined	876,125.30	790,443.10		85,682.20
Refined	4,045.59	19,040.60	14,995.01	
Foreign coin	195,157.19	130,788.38		64,368.81
Jewelers' bars, old plate, etc.	781,427.96	612,532.08		168,895.88
Total original deposits	11,672,077.79	9,470,623.36	305,656.21	2,507,110.64
REDEPOSITS.				
Fine bars	22,216.88	25,440.52	3,223.64	
Mint bars		112,899.08	112,899.08	
Unparted bars	154,400.25	116,059.30		38,340.95
Total silver received	11,848,694.92	9,725,022.26	421,778.93	2,545,451.59

The refined silver bullion classified under the head of original deposits was the product of private refineries in the United States. As fully set forth in previous reports of the Bureau of the Mint, silver bars, the product of private refineries located in the United States, deposited in the several mints and assay offices are invariably treated as of domestic production, although to a large extent frequently composed exclusively of silver derived from bullion and ores imported from Mexico and British Columbia and melted and refined in the United States; therefore the classification of silver bullion deposited as of domestic production at the mints and assay offices is not exact.

In case of the deposit of either refined gold or silver bars having the stamp of private refineries of the United States, it is not practicable for the officers of the mints and assay offices to learn the sources of production—foreign or domestic—or the locality where the same was procured. Fortunately, at the end of each calendar year, the private refineries, without exception, courteously furnish the Bureau of the Mint statements showing the sources from which the gold and silver refined by them during the year is derived. These statements exhibit fully the amount of gold and silver obtained from ores mined in individual States and Territories, also the amount of gold and silver derived from bullion and ore imported from British Columbia and Mexico.

A table will be found in the Appendix showing the distribution of unrefined gold and silver bullion deposited at the mints and assay offices of the United States during the fiscal year 1897, among the States and Territories producing the same, and also tables of deposits and purchases of gold and silver since the establishment of the mint in 1792.

During the year, worn, uncurrent, and mutilated domestic silver coins of the nominal value of $3,202,832.96 were received and melted at the mints; of this amount $3,197,998.50 were worn and uncurrent subsidiary silver coins received from the Treasury of the United States for recoinage, and the balance, $4,834.46, mutilated and uncurrent silver coins purchased at the prevailing market price of silver bullion. The worn and uncurrent silver coin transferred for recoinage produced in new coin of the same character $3,048,861.64, showing a loss of $149,136.86, which sum was reimbursed the Treasurer of the United States from the appropriation "for loss on recoinage of worn and uncurrent silver coins in the Treasury." A table appears in the Appendix showing by denominations and face value the uncurrent domestic coin received from the Treasury and purchased over the counter at the mints and assay offices during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897.

The coining value of gold and silver (exclusive of redeposits) received at the mints and assay offices of the United States each fiscal year from 1880 to 1897, inclusive, is exhibited in the following table:

VALUE OF THE GOLD AND SILVER (NOT INCLUDING REDEPOSITS) RECEIVED AT THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES, 1880–1897.

Fiscal years.	Gold.	Silver (coining value).	Total value.
1880	$98,855,096	$34,640,522	$133,475,618
1881	130,833,102	30,791,146	161,624,248
1882	66,756,652	33,720,491	100,477,143
1883	46,347,106	36,869,834	83,216,940
1884	46,326,678	36,520,290	82,846,968
1885	52,894,075	36,789,774	89,683,849
1886	44,909,749	35,494,183	80,403,932
1887	68,223,072	47,756,918	115,979,990
1888	72,225,497	41,331,014	113,556,511
1889	42,136,436	41,238,151	83,374,587
1890	42,663,095	42,644,719	85,307,814
1891	48,485,801	71,985,985	120,471,786
1892	61,131,460	83,177,666	144,309,126
1893	46,449,842	84,233,832	130,683,674
1894	71,909,513	28,697,031	100,606,544
1895	65,161,067	15,234,700	80,395,767
1896	68,769,384	11,672,078	80,441,462
1897	87,003,338	9,470,623	96,473,961

In the Appendix will be found tables of deposits and purchases during the fiscal year 1897.

DEPOSITS OF GOLD, 1873–1897.

The value of the deposits of gold bullion, coin, and jewelers' bars at the mints and assay offices of the United States by fiscal years from 1873 to 1897 is exhibited in the following table:

DEPOSITS OF GOLD AT UNITED STATES MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES, 1873–1897, INCLUSIVE.

Fiscal year ended June 30—	Character of gold deposited.					Total.
	Domestic bullion.	Domestic coin (coining value).	Foreign bullion.	Foreign coin (U. S. coining value).	Jewelers' bars, old plate, etc.	
1873..	$28,868,569.78	$27,116,948.27	$426,107.44	$518,542.14	$774,218.25	$57,704,385.88
1874..	29,736,387.82	6,275,367.29	3,162,519.92	9,313,882.47	654,353.56	49,142,511.06
1875..	34,266,124.52	1,714,311.50	739,439.66	1,111,792.26	724,625.96	38,556,293.90
1876..	37,590,529.39	417,947.15	1,141,905.76	2,111,083.80	681,819.32	41,943,285.42
1877..	43,478,103.93	447,339.68	1,931,163.12	2,093,260.73	837,911.25	48,787,778.71
1878..	48,075,123.76	301,021.79	2,068,679.05	1,316,461.09	907,932.20	52,669,217.89
1879..	38,549,705.89	198,083.17	1,069,796.89	1,498,819.71	937,751.14	42,254,156.80
1880..	35,821,705.40	209,328.82	21,200,997.23	40,426,559.63	1,176,505.77	98,835,096.85
1881..	35,815,036.55	440,776.97	37,771,472.26	55,462,385.74	1,343,430.93	130,833,102.45
1882..	31,298,511.97	599,356.80	12,783,807.04	20,304,810.78	1,770,166.36	66,756,652.95
1883..	32,481,642.38	374,129.23	4,727,143.22	6,906,083.80	1,858,107.42	46,347,106.05
1884..	29,079,596.33	263,117.17	6,023,734.45	9,095,461.45	1,864,769.26	46,326,678.66
1885..	31,584,436.64	325,210.97	11,221,846.45	7,893,217.77	1,869,363.26	52,894,075.09
1886..	32,456,493.64	393,545.28	4,317,068.27	5,673,565.04	2,069,077.00	44,909,749.23
1887..	32,973,027.41	516,984.63	22,571,328.70	9,896,512.28	2,265,219.85	68,223,072.87
1888..	32,406,306.59	492,512.60	21,741,042.44	14,596,885.03	2,988,750.90	72,225,497.56
1889..	31,440,778.93	585,066.87	2,136,516.66	4,447,475.99	3,526,597.31	42,136,435.76
1890..	30,474,900.25	655,474.96	2,691,932.29	5,298,773.93	3,542,013.83	42,663,095.26
1891..	31,555,116.85	583,847.16	4,054,822.86	8,256,303.80	4,035,710.15	48,485,800.82
1892..	31,961,546.11	557,967.86	10,935,154.69	14,040,187.70	3,636,603.68	61,131,460.04
1893..	33,286,167.94	792,470.43	2,247,730.78	6,293,296.33	3,830,176.02	46,449,841.50
1894..	38,696,951.40	2,093,615.46	15,614,118.19	12,386,406.81	3,118,421.45	71,909,513.31
1895..	44,371,949.83	1,188,258.21	14,108,435.74	2,278,614.07	3,213,809.43	65,161,067.28
1896..	53,910,957.02	1,670,005.53	6,572,390.14	3,227,409.06	3,388,622.06	68,769,383.81
1897..	60,618,239.77	1,015,314.41	9,371,521.01	13,188,013.86	2,810,248.66	87,003,337.71
Total	910,797,910.10	49,228,002.21	220,630,674.26	257,635,805.27	53,826,205.02	1,492,118,596.86

COINAGE.

During the fiscal year 1897 coinage operations were conducted at the mints at Philadelphia, San Francisco, and New Orleans. The coinage of gold and silver executed by these institutions consisted of 4,566,290 pieces of gold, of the value of $71,646,705, and of 34,104,150 pieces of silver, of the face value of $24,327,786.65.

The execution of the minor coinage is confined by law to the mint at Philadelphia, which during the year consisted of 49,665,403 pieces, of the nominal value of $984,509.59.

Coinage operations at the mint at Carson, Nev., have been suspended since May, 1893.

The number of pieces by denominations and value of domestic gold, silver, and minor coins executed is shown by the following table.

COINAGE BY THE MINTS OF THE UNITED STATES, FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Denominations.	Pieces.	Value.
Gold:		
Double eagles	2,990,241	$59,804,820.00
Eagles	804,301	8,043,010.00
Half eagles	747,802	3,739,010.00
Quarter eagles	23,946	59,865.00
Total gold	4,566,290	71,646,705.00
Silver:		
Standard dollars	21,203,701	21,203,701.00
Subsidiary:		
Half dollars	2,741,774	1,370,887.00
Quarter dollars	4,915,541	1,228,885.25
Dimes	5,243,134	524,313.40
Total subsidiary	12,900,449	3,124,085.65
Total silver	34,104,150	24,327,786.65
Minor:		
Five-cent nickel	12,196,389	609,819.45
One-cent bronze	37,469,014	374,690.14
Total minor	49,665,403	984,509.59
Total coinage	88,335,843	96,959,001.24

The standard silver dollars embraced in the above table (21,203,701) were coined from the balance of silver bullion on hand, purchased under the act of July 14, 1890, and contained 18,221,930.54 standard ounces of silver, costing $14,567,596.75.

The seigniorage or profit on this coinage was $6,636,104.25, and the same has been deposited in the Treasury of the United States.

Of the subsidiary silver coinage ($3,124,085.65) executed during the year, $3,042,489.80 were made from bullion resulting from the melting of worn and uncurrent silver coins received from the Treasury for recoinage, and $81,595.85 from silver bullion purchased under the provisions of section 3526 of the Revised Statutes.

The number of pieces of domestic coin manufactured by the mints of the United States during the fiscal years 1896 and 1897, and the increase or decrease during the last named year, is shown in the following table:

COINAGE OF THE MINTS OF THE UNITED STATES, BY PIECES, DURING THE FISCAL YEARS 1896 AND 1897, AND THE INCREASE OR DECREASE OF THE SAME DURING THE LATTER YEAR.

Classification of coinage.	Fiscal year.		Increase, 1897.	Decrease, 1897.
	1896.	1897.		
	Pieces.	*Pieces.*	*Pieces.*	*Pieces.*
Gold coins	3,584,760	4,566,290	981,530	.....
Silver dollars	7,500,822	21,203,701	13,702,879	.....
Subsidiary silver coins	12,923,707	12,900,449	.....	23,258
Minor coins	54,321,484	49,665,403	.....	4,656,081
Total coinage	78,330,773	88,335,843	14,684,409	4,679,339

The value of the domestic coinage executed by the mints of the United States during the fiscal years 1896 and 1897, and the increase or decrease of the same for the year 1897, is shown in the following table:

COINAGE OF THE MINTS OF THE UNITED STATES, BY VALUE, DURING THE FISCAL YEARS 1896 AND 1897, WITH THE INCREASE OR DECREASE OF THE SAME DURING THE LATTER YEAR.

Classification of coinage.	Fiscal year.		Increase, 1897.	Decrease, 1897.
	1896.	1897.		
Gold coins	$58,878,490.00	$71,646,705.00	$12,768,215.00	
Silver dollars	7,500,822.00	21,203,701.00	13,702,879.00	
Subsidiary silver coins	3,939,819.20	3,124,085.65		$815,733.55
Minor coins	869,337.32	984,509.59	115,172.27	
Total coinage	71,188,468.52	96,959,001.24	26,586,266.27	815,733.55

The number of standard silver dollars coined from bullion purchased under the act of July 14, 1890, from August 13, 1890, to June 30, 1897, aggregated 68,748,477 pieces, containing 53,172,650.18 ounces of fine silver, costing $51,532,154.13, giving a seigniorage of $17,216,322.87. All profits on the coinage of silver dollars are deposited in the Treasury of the United States monthly.

The aggregate number of silver dollars coined from March 1, 1878, to June 30, 1897, under the provisions of the acts of February 28, 1878, July 14, 1890, and March 3, 1891, is shown in the following table:

Coinage under act of—	Amount.
February 28, 1878	$378,166,793
July 14, 1890	68,748,477
March 3, 1891	5,078,472
Total	451,993,742

Tables[1] appear in the Appendix exhibiting the denomination and value of the domestic coins manufactured by the respective mints during the fiscal year 1897, and during the calendar year 1896, and also tables showing the coinage by denominations as well as the total coinage of each month from the establishment of the mint in 1792 to June 30, 1897.

In addition to the gold and silver coinage executed by the mints during the fiscal year 1897, there were manufactured gold and silver bars of the value of $61,109,861.12, as shown by the following table:

BARS OF GOLD AND SILVER MANUFACTURED DURING FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Description.	Standard ounces.	Value.
Gold	2,929,972.155	$54,511,109.82
Silver	5,670,801.92	6,598,751.30
Total	8,600,774.075	61,109,861.12

There will be found in the Appendix tables showing in detail the bars manufactured by institutions during the fiscal year 1897.

[1] Most of the tables contained in the Appendix to the Director's report, referred to in the text, are omitted in this volume for want of space.

WORK OF GOVERNMENT REFINERIES.

There were received and operated upon by the refineries of the coinage mints and the assay office at New York, during the fiscal year 1897, 1,511,466.985 standard ounces of gold and 5,031,571.66 standard ounces of silver, of the value of $34,472,868.59, as shown by the following table:

BULLION OPERATED UPON IN THE GOVERNMENT REFINERIES, 1897.

Institutions.	Gold.		Silver.		Total value.
	Standard ounces.	Value.	Standard ounces.	Value.	
Philadelphia	524,238.335	$9,752,761.35	1,159,258.07	$1,348,954.84	$11,101,716.19
San Francisco	242,146.054	4,510,624.26	121,234.94	141,073.38	4,651,697.64
New Orleans	14,408.084	268,057.38	3,442.01	4,005.25	272,062.63
Carson	38,385.692	723,454.73	299,150.72	840,664.12	1,564,118.85
New York	691,788.820	12,870,489.67	3,448,485.92	4,012,783.61	16,883,273.28
Total	1,511,466.985	28,125,387.39	5,031,571.66	6,347,481.20	34,472,868.59

SILVER PURCHASES.

The silver purchases during the fiscal year 1897 consisted of the silver contained in deposits of gold bullion, the amount received in payment of charges on silver deposits, uncurrent and mutilated domestic silver coin, and surplus silver bullion returned by the operative officers of the coinage mints on the annual settlement of their accounts at the close of the fiscal year, and purchased under the provisions of section 3526, Revised Statutes of the United States, for the subsidiary silver coinage.

The quantity, cost, and sources from which the silver bullion purchased for the subsidiary silver coinage during the fiscal year 1897 was derived, and the amount and cost of such purchases at each mint are set forth in the following table:

SILVER PURCHASED FOR SUBSIDIARY COINAGE DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Stock.	Fine ounces.	Cost.
Partings, charges, and fractions purchased	244,937.23	$161,419.22
Mutilated coins, including melted assay coins, purchased	3,196.58	2,743.52
Surplus bullion purchased	11,114.79	7,292.68
Total	259,248.60	171,455.42

QUANTITY AND COST OF SILVER PURCHASED FOR SUBSIDIARY COINAGE BY MINTS, DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Mints.	Fine ounces.	Cost.
Philadelphia	196,001.71	$130,104.42
San Francisco	56,238.15	36,780.89
New Orleans	5,057.25	3,294.85
Carson	1,951.49	1,275.26
Total	259,248.60	171,455.42

AMOUNT, COST, AND NOMINAL VALUE OF THE SUBSIDIARY SILVER COINAGE EXECUTED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1897, AND THE SOURCES FROM WHICH THE BULLION WAS OBTAINED.

Sources from which bullion was obtained.	Fine ounces.	Cost.	Coinage.
Mint at Philadelphia:			
Worn and uncurrent coins	1,715,835.13	$2,371,985.67	$1,662,853.30
Partings, charges, and fractions purchased	190,948.67	126,122.86	81,595.85
Melted assay coins purchased	1,006.76	1,315.79	
Mutilated coins purchased	1,891.70	1,232.23	
Surplus bullion purchased	2,154.58	1,433.54	
Total	1,911,836.84	2,502,090.09	1,744,449.15
Mint at San Francisco:			
Worn and uncurrent coins	174,548.94	241,298.00	702,036.50
Partings, charges, and fractions purchased	47,608.30	31,126.03	
Melted assay coins purchased			
Mutilated coins purchased	157.41	102.40	
Surplus bullion purchased	8,472.44	5,552.46	
Total	230,787.09	278,078.89	702,036.50
Mint at New Orleans:			
Worn and uncurrent coins	315,086.22	435,577.97	677,600.00
Partings, charges, and fractions purchased	4,708.28	3,070.35	
Melted assay coins purchased			
Mutilated coins purchased	140.71	93.10	
Surplus bullion purchased	208.26	131.40	
Total	320,143.47	438,872.82	677,600.00
Mint at Carson:			
Worn and uncurrent coins			
Partings, charges, and fractions purchased	1,671.98	1,099.98	
Melted assay coins purchased			
Mutilated bullion purchased			
Surplus bullion purchased	279.51	175.28	
Total	1,951.49	1,275.26	
Summary:			
Worn and uncurrent coins	2,205,470.29	3,048,861.64	3,042,489.80
Partings, charges, and fractions purchased	244,937.23	161,419.22	81,595.85
Melted assay coins purchased	1,006.76	1,315.79	
Mutilated coins purchased	2,189.82	1,427.73	
Surplus bullion purchased	11,114.79	7,292.68	
Total	2,464,718.89	3,220,317.06	3,124,085.65

SILVER FOR SUBSIDIARY COINAGE, FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Stock.	Mint at Philadelphia.		Mint at San Francisco.	
	Fine ounces.	Cost.	Fine ounces.	Cost.
Silver bullion on hand July 1, 1896	597,390.66	$756,476.83	379,821.92	$506,271.70
Uncurrent coins transferred from Treasury	1,715,835.13	2,371,985.67	174,548.94	241,298.00
Partings, charges, and fractions purchased	190,948.67	126,122.86	47,608.30	31,126.03
Melted assay coins purchased	1,006.76	1,315.79		
Mutilated coins purchased	1,891.70	1,232.23	157.41	102.40
Surplus bullion purchased	2,154.58	1,433.54	8,472.44	5,552.46
Total	2,509,227.50	3,258,566.92	610,609.01	784,350.59
Used in coinage, fiscal year 1897	1,261,890.91	1,702,126.41	507,835.65	702,036.50
Sold in sweeps	5,652.59	3,774.53	1,794.34	1,181.51
Wasted by operative officers	1,817.44	1,209.22	3,558.27	2,331.93
Balance on hand June 30, 1897	1,239,866.56	1,551,456.76	97,420.75	78,800.65
Total	2,509,227.50	3,258,566.92	610,609.01	784,350.59

Stock.	Mint at New Orleans.		Mint at Carson.		Total.	
	Fine ounces.	Cost.	Fine ounces.	Cost.	Fine ounces.	Cost.
Silver bullion on hand July 1, 1896	180,241.62	$249,167.58	4,254.26	$2,604.84	1,161,708.46	$1,514,520.95
Uncurrent coins transferred from Treasury	315,086.22	435,577.97			2,205,470.29	3,048,861.64
Partings, charges, and fractions purchased	4,708.28	3,070.35	1,671.98	1,099.98	244,937.23	161,419.22
Melted assay coins purchased					1,006.76	1,315.79
Mutilated coins purchased	140.71	93.10			2,189.82	1,427.73
Surplus bullion purchased	208.26	131.40	279.51	175.28	11,114.79	7,292.68
Total	500,385.09	688,040.40	6,205.75	3,880.10	3,626,427.35	4,734,838.01
Used in coinage fiscal year 1897	490,158.90	677,600.00			2,259,885.46	3,081,762.91
Sold in sweeps	4,848.99	3,163.45	356.07	222.63	12,651.99	8,342.12
Wasted by operative officers	160.80	101.46			5,536.51	3,642.61
Balance on hand June 30, 1897	5,216.40	7,175.49	5,849.68	3,657.47	1,348,353.39	1,641,090.37
Total	500,385.09	688,040.40	6,205.75	3,880.10	3,626,427.35	4,734,838.01

The total amount and cost of silver bullion purchased each fiscal year under the provisions of the act of July 14, 1890, from August 13, 1890, to November 1, 1893, the average price per fine ounce, bullion value of a silver dollar, the amount and cost of such bullion used in coinage, wasted and sold in sweeps, also the number of silver dollars coined, seigniorage on same from August 13, 1890, and the balance on hand June 30 and November 1, 1897, are shown by the following tables:

STATEMENT, BY FISCAL YEARS, OF THE AMOUNT AND COST OF SILVER PURCHASED UNDER THE ACT OF JULY 14, 1890, FROM AUGUST 13, 1890, TO NOVEMBER 1, 1893, DATE OF REPEAL.

Fiscal years.	Amount purchased.	Cost.	Average price per fine ounce.	Bullion value of a silver dollar.
	Fine ounces.			
1891	48,393,113.05	$50,577,498.44	$1.0451	$0.8083
1892	54,355,748.10	51,106,607.96	.9402	.7271
1893	54,008,162.60	45,531,374.53	.8430	.6520
From July 1, 1893, to November 1, 1893	11,917,658.78	8,715,521.32	.7313	.5656
Total	168,674,682.53	155,931,002.25	.9244	.7150

AMOUNT AND COST OF SILVER BULLION PURCHASED UNDER ACT OF JULY 14, 1890, AND USED IN THE COINAGE OF STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS, WASTED AND SOLD IN SWEEPS, NUMBER OF DOLLARS COINED, AND SEIGNIORAGE ON THE SAME FROM AUGUST 13, 1890, TO JUNE 30, 1897.

Disposition.	Fine ounces.	Cost.
Total amount purchased and cost of same	168,674,682.53	$155,931,002.25
Used in coinage to June 30, 1897	53,172,650.18	51,532,154.13
Wasted and sold in sweeps	63,570.37	62,535.64
Total amount used	53,236,220.55	51,594,689.77
Balance on hand June 30, 1897	115,438,461.98	104,336,312.48
Total	168,674,682.53	155,931,002.25
Silver dollars coined		68,748,477.00
Seigniorage on same		17,216,322.87

BALANCE OF SILVER BULLION PURCHASED UNDER ACT OF JULY 14, 1890, ON HAND AT EACH MINT JUNE 30, 1897.

Mints.	Fine ounces.	Cost.
Philadelphia	110,118,830.11	$99,671,282.67
San Francisco	3,542,118.64	3,171,727.57
New Orleans	1,209,531.76	1,038,591.29
Carson	567,981.47	454,710.95
Total	115,438,461.98	104,336,312.48

THE BALANCE OF SILVER BULLION ON HAND AT THE COINAGE MINTS AND UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE AT NEW YORK FOR COINAGE OF SILVER DOLLARS AND SUBSIDIARY SILVER COINS, AND FOR PAYMENT OF DEPOSITS IN FINE BARS, NOVEMBER 1, 1897, WAS:

Items.	Fine ounces.	Cost.
Purchased under act of July 14, 1890	114,881,548.30	$103,842,389.26
For subsidiary silver coinage	1,698,082.99	2,075,268.12
At United States Assay Office, New York, for payment of deposits in fine bars	545,743.48	538,289.06
Total	117,125,374.77	106,455,946.44

The following table exhibits the amount and cost of silver bullion purchased each year under the act of February 28, 1878, the average price paid, and the bullion value of the standard silver dollar:

AMOUNT, COST, AVERAGE PRICE, AND BULLION VALUE OF THE SILVER DOLLAR OF SILVER PURCHASED UNDER THE ACT OF FEBRUARY 28, 1878.

Fiscal years.	Fine ounces.	Cost.	Average price per fine ounce.	Bullion value of a silver dollar.
1878	10,809,350.58	$13,023,268.96	$1.2048	$0.9318
1879	19,248,086.09	21,593,642.99	1.1218	.8676
1880	22,057,862.64	25,235,081.53	1.1440	.8848
1881	19,709,227.11	22,327,874.75	1.1328	.8761
1882	21,190,200.87	24,054,480.47	1.1351	.8779
1883	22,889,241.24	25,577,327.58	1.1174	.8642
1884	21,922,951.52	24,378,383.91	1.1120	.8600
1885	21,791,171.61	23,747,460.25	1.0897	.8428
1886	22,690,652.94	23,448,960.01	1.0334	.7992
1887	26,490,008.04	25,988,620.46	.9810	.7587
1888	25,386,125.32	24,237,553.20	.9547	.7384
1889	26,468,861.03	24,717,853.81	.9338	.7222
1890	27,820,900.05	26,899,326.33	.9668	.7477
1891	2,797,379.52	3,049,426.46	1.0901	.8431
Total	291,272,018.56	308,279,260.71	1.0583	.8185

AMOUNT, COST, AVERAGE PRICE, AND BULLION VALUE OF THE SILVER DOLLAR OF SILVER PURCHASED UNDER THE ACTS OF FEBRUARY 12, 1873, JANUARY 14, 1875, FEBRUARY 28, 1878, AND JULY 14, 1890.

Acts authorizing.	Fine ounces.	Cost.	Average price per fine ounce.	Bullion value of a silver dollar.
February 12, 1873	5,434,282.00	$7,152,564.00	$1.3162	$1.0180
January 14, 1875	31,603,906.00	37,571,148.00	1.1888	.9194
February 28, 1878	291,272,018.56	308,279,260.71	1.0583	.8185
July 14, 1890	168,074,682.53	155,931,002.25	.9244	.7150
Total	496,984,889.09	508,933,974.96	1.0240	.7920

THE COURSE OF SILVER, FISCAL YEAR 1897.

The London price July 1, 1896, for silver 0.925 (British standard) was 31½d., equivalent at par of exchange to $0.69051 per ounce fine in United States money.

From July 1 to October 1 the price fluctuated with a downward tendency, closing at 30⅜d. In the latter part of October, 1896, owing to the advance in Indian exchange and the high rate paid for council bills, the price of silver declined correspondingly, and closed December 31, 1896, at 29$\frac{13}{16}$d.

From January 1 to June 30, 1897, India and China bought a limited amount of silver, but by reason of the large offers, principally from New York, the price declined, closing June 30, 1897, at 27$\frac{9}{16}$d., equivalent to $0.60494 per ounce fine in United States money. At highest price of silver during the fiscal year the bullion value of the standard silver dollar was $0.53406, at the lowest price $0.46618, and at the average price $0.50120.

At the average price the commercial ratio between gold and silver was 1 to 31.94. After the close of the fiscal year, the price of silver continued to decline until, September 1, 1897 it had reached 23⅝d., the lowest price on record, equivalent in United States money to $0.51719 per ounce fine. At this rate the bullion value of the standard silver dollar was $0.40001, and the commercial ratio 1 to 39.77. The price has since advanced, and at present writing, October 16, is 27$\frac{3}{16}$d., or $0.59598 per ounce fine.

The following table exhibits the value of the pure silver in a silver dollar at prices of silver per ounce fine from $0.50 to $1.2929, or parity:

Price of silver per fine ounce.	Value of pure silver in a silver dollar.	Price of silver per fine ounce.	Value of pure silver in a silver dollar.	Price of silver per fine ounce.	Value of pure silver in a silver dollar.
$0.50	$0.387	$0.77	$0.596	$1.04	$0.804
.51	.394	.78	.603	1.05	.812
.52	.402	.79	.611	1.06	.820
.53	.410	.80	.619	1.07	.828
.54	.418	.81	.626	1.08	.835
.55	.425	.82	.634	1.09	.843
.56	.433	.83	.642	1.10	.851
.57	.441	.84	.650	1.11	.859
.58	.449	.85	.657	1.12	.866
.59	.456	.86	.665	1.13	.874
.60	.464	.87	.673	1.14	.882
.61	.472	.88	.681	1.15	.889
.62	.480	.89	.688	1.16	.897
.63	.487	.90	.696	1.17	.905
.64	.495	.91	.704	1.18	.913
.65	.503	.92	.712	1.19	.920
.66	.510	.93	.719	1.20	.928
.67	.518	.94	.727	1.21	.936
.68	.526	.95	.735	1.22	.944
.69	.534	.96	.742	1.23	.951
.70	.541	.97	.750	1.24	.959
.71	.549	.98	.758	1.25	.967
.72	.557	.99	.766	1.26	.975
.73	.565	1.00	.773	1.27	.982
.74	.572	1.01	.781	1.28	.990
.75	.580	1.02	.789	1.29	.998
.76	.588	1.03	.797	*a* 1.2929	1.00

a Parity.

HIGHEST, LOWEST, AND AVERAGE PRICE OF SILVER BULLION AND VALUE OF A FINE OUNCE EACH MONTH DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Months.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average price per ounce, British standard, 0.925.	Equivalent value of a fine ounce with exchange at par, $4.8665.	Average monthly price at New York of exchange on London.	Equivalent value of a fine ounce, based on average monthly price and average rate of exchange.	Average monthly New York price of fine bar silver.
1896.	*Pence.*	*Pence.*	*Pence.*				
July	31 1/2	31 3/8	31.4399	$0.68919	$4.8896	$0.69185	$0.69803
August	31 3/8	30 5/8	30.9593	.67866	4.8681	.67879	.68558
September	30 1/16	30	30.3400	.66508	4.8417	.66169	.66925
October	30 5/16	29 3/4	30.0347	.65840	4.8435	.65528	.66277
November	30	29 3/4	29.9212	.65590	4.8572	.65470	.66065
December	30	29 13/16	29.9125	.65571	4.8768	.65605	.66370
1897.							
January	29 13/16	29 11/16	29.7275	.65166	4.8717	.65235	.65975
February	29 3/4	29 1/2	29.7119	.65131	4.8690	.65169	.65931
March	29 5/8	28 5/16	28.9647	.63494	4.8730	.63577	.64231
April	28 1/2	28 3/16	28.3726	.62105	4.8766	.62323	.62950
May	28 3/16	27 1/2	27.7750	.60886	4.8734	.61010	.61590
June	27 3/4	27 1/4	27.5817	.60462	4.8725	.60536	.61129
Average			29.5617	.64794	4.8677	.64807	.65483
July	27 1/16	26 3/8	27.3503	.59955	4.8725	.60024	.60639
August	26 5/8	23 3/4	24.9567	.54708	4.8596	.54625	.55394
September	27 3/8	23 5/8	25.6500	.56453	4.8544	.56082	.56890
Average (3 mos.)			25.9856	.57038	4.8622	.56910	.57641

HIGHEST, LOWEST, AND AVERAGE PRICE OF SILVER BULLION AND VALUE OF A FINE OUNCE, EACH MONTH DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR 1896.

Months.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average price per ounce, British standard 0.925.	Equivalent value of a fine ounce with exchange at par $4.8665.	Average monthly price at New York of exchange on London.	Equivalent value of a fine ounce based on average monthly price and average rate of exchange.	Average monthly New York price of fine bar silver.
1896.	*Pence.*	*Pence.*	*Pence.*				
January	30 7/8	30 1/8	30.6470	$0.67186	$4.8905	$0.67518	$0.68173
February	31 5/16	30 3/4	30.9925	.67939	4.8786	.68104	.68811
March	31 15/16	31 1/8	31.3726	.68772	4.8818	.68988	.69519
April	31 3/16	30 13/16	31.0601	.68087	4.8890	.68401	.69062
May	31 1/4	30 15/16	31.0781	.68126	4.8885	.68851	.69046
June	31 9/16	31 3/16	31.4038	.68840	4.8842	.69091	.69730
July	31 1/2	31 3/8	31.4399	.68919	4.8896	.69185	.69803
August	31 3/8	30 5/8	30.9593	.67866	4.8681	.67879	.68558
September	30 1/16	30	30.3400	.66508	4.8417	.66169	.66925
October	30 5/16	29 3/4	30.0347	.65840	4.8435	.65528	.66277
November	30	29 13/16	29.9212	.65590	4.8572	.65470	.66065
December	30	29 13/16	29.9125	.65571	4.8768	.65605	.66370
Average			30.7636	.67437	4.8741	.67565	.68195

HIGHEST, LOWEST, AND AVERAGE VALUE OF A UNITED STATES SILVER DOLLAR, MEASURED BY THE MARKET PRICE OF SILVER, AND THE QUANTITY OF SILVER PURCHASABLE WITH A DOLLAR AT THE AVERAGE LONDON PRICE OF SILVER, EACH YEAR SINCE 1873.

Calendar years.	Bullion value of a silver dollar.			Grains of pure silver at average price purchasable with a United States silver dollar.[a]
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	
1873	$1.016	$0.981	$1.004	369.77
1874	1.008	.970	.988	375.76
1875	.977	.941	.964	385.11
1876	.991	.792	.894	415.27
1877	.987	.902	.929	399.02
1878	.936	.839	.891	416.66
1879	.911	.828	.868	427.70
1880	.896	.875	.886	419.49
1881	.896	.862	.881	421.87
1882	.887	.847	.878	422.83
1883	.868	.847	.858	432.69
1884	.871	.839	.861	431.18
1885	.847	.794	.823	451.09
1886	.797	.712	.769	482.77
1887	.799	.733	.758	489.78
1888	.755	.706	.727	510.66
1889	.752	.746	.724	512.93
1890	.926	.740	.810	458.83
1891	.827	.738	.764	485.76
1892	.742	.642	.674	550.79
1893	.655	.513	.604	615.10
1894	.538	.457	.491	756.04
1895	.532	.461	.505	733.87
1896	.523	.504	.521	711.93
1897 (9 months)	.505	.400	.471	749.77

[a] 371.25 grains of pure silver are contained in a silver dollar.

A table in the Appendix will be found showing the highest, lowest, and average price of silver each year since 1833.

EXPORTS OF SILVER TO THE EAST.

The exports of silver from London to India, China, and the Straits, since 1881, have been as follows:

Years.	India.	China.	Straits.	Total.
1881	$12,375,612	$3,898,860	$3,577,729	$19,852,201
1882	18,604,945	1,584,318	7,354,255	27,543,518
1883	18,040,140	4,212,574	11,189,631	33,442,345
1884	26,073,900	5,018,714	8,136,097	39,228,720
1885	30,913,667	3,160,315	3,108,146	37,182,128
1886	21,159,591	1,769,425	2,892,064	25,821,080
1887	19,798,328	1,427,179	2,766,946	23,992,453
1888	21,162,116	1,153,002	3,219,321	25,534,439
1889	28,392,786	2,731,861	8,181,141	39,305,788
1890	35,673,177	1,284,498	4,441,197	41,398,872
1891	21,717,992	1,177,620	10,754,800	33,650,412
1892	35,120,897	719,668	18,622,825	54,523,390
1893	34,319,877	11,635,650	7,847,295	53,802,822
1894	24,391,351	13,279,564	6,002,565	43,673,480
1895	17,638,610	8,042,003	3,668,772	29,349,385
1896	23,874,942	3,602,597	4,025,257	31,502,796
1897 (first 8 months)	17,578,869	740,691	1,035,158	19,354,718

NET IMPORTS OF SILVER INTO INDIA, AVERAGE RATE OF INDIAN RUPEE, AND AMOUNT OF COUNCIL BILLS SOLD FOR FISCAL YEARS (ENDING MARCH 31) FROM 1836 TO 1897, INCLUSIVE.

Years.	Net imports of silver.	Average rate of Indian rupee.	Amount of council bills sold.	Years.	Net imports of silver.	Average rate of Indian rupee.	Amount of council bills sold.
		Pence.				*Pence.*	
1835–36....	*a* 16,118,960	.....	$9,953,224	1866–67 *b*....	$32,474,026	23	$24,661,422
1836–37....	$6,176,311	22⅞	9,938,522	1867–68.....	26,230,510	23⅛	20,134,097
1837–38....	9,173,294	23	8,303,149	1868–69.....	40,330,842	23⅛	18,033,989
1838–39....	12,671,392	23⅝	11,419,685	1869–70.....	34,500,818	23¼	33,968,764
1839–40....	7,864,683	23½	7,005,448	1870–71.....	4,273,507	22⅞	41,090,337
1840–41....	6,679,118	23½	5,715,461	1871–72.....	30,574,254	23⅛	50,175,265
1841–42....	5,887,052	22⅝	12,600,746	1872–73.....	3,298,985	22¾	67,834,606
1842–43....	14,068,739	23⅓	5,827,332	1873–74.....	11,311,401	22.351	64,654,752
1843–44....	17,237,334	23	13,634,624	1874–75.....	20,916,698	22.221	52,760,715
1844–45....	8,719,684	21⅝	12,248,742	1875–76.....	6,826,414	21.645	60,294,052
1845–46....	4,112,529	21¾	14,919,273	1876–77.....	29,911,149	20.491	61,784,106
1846–47....	6,322,979	22⅝	15,071,750	1877–78.....	61,869,640	20.79	49,319,325
1847–48....	2,204,565	22	7,503,189	1878–79.....	15,910,390	19.761	67,880,692
1848–49....	1,344,618	21⅛	9,193,767	1879–80.....	31,852,848	19.961	74,271,598
1849–50....	5,810,633	22⅓	14,283,752	1880–81.....	15,751,280	19.956	74,163,888
1850–51....	10,410,803	24¼	15,750,223	1881–82.....	21,699,764	19.895	89,604,086
1851–52....	14,016,886	24⅛	13,516,816	1882–83.....	29,614,971	19.525	73,584,015
1852–53....	22,293,629	23⅞	16,152,235	1883–84.....	25,372,923	19.536	85,649,451
1853–54....	11,279,345	24⅛	18,738,775	1884–85.....	28,367,364	19.308	66,957,731
1854–55....	138,797	23⅛	17,860,191	1885–86.....	42,960,530	18.254	50,089,386
1855–56....	40,085,623	24⅛	7,222,081	1886–87.....	25,306,454	17.441	59,061,202
1856–57....	56,413,954	25⅛	13,722,119	1887–88.....	31,623,459	16.899	74,742,515
1857–58....	61,012,039	24⅝	3,059,077	1888–89.....	30,709,917	16.379	69,410,203
1858–59....	*a* 77,283,420	(*c*)	124,451	1889–90.....	36,741,437	16.566	75,306,635
1859–60....	*a* 111,475,630	(*c*)	22,843	1890–91.....	51,993,287	18.089	77,713,304
1860–61....	*a* 53,280,090	(*c*)	3,879	1891–92.....	30,611,949	16.733	78,320,740
1861–62....	43,988,930	23⅞	5,809,277	1892–93.....	39,083,615	14.984	80,454,024
1862–63....	60,757,238	23⅞	32,321,230	1893–94.....	40,466,665	14.546	46,378,884
1863–64....	61,950,883	23⅞	43,698,839	1894–95.....	16,812,318	13.100	82,268,679
1864–65....	48,793,010	23⅞	33,040,970	1895–96.....	18,206,409	13.641	85,278,507
1865–66....	89,904,731	23¾	33,900,604	1896–97.....	17,163,165	14.454	76,028,915

a Rupees.

b Eleven months.

c From 1858–59 to 1860–61, inclusive, the home treasury was open at all times for the sale of bills on India, at rates altered from time to time by advertisement. Consequent on the mutiny, it was necessary to refrain from drawing on India, and exchange was raised to a prohibitory rate.

DISTRIBUTION OF SILVER DOLLARS.

During the fiscal year 1897 the number of silver dollars distributed from the mints was 1,749,775, against 620,680 during the fiscal year 1896 an increase in the distribution of these pieces during the present fiscal year of 1,129,095.

The number of silver dollars on hand, the amount transferred, the coinage, and the distribution from each mint is shown in the following table:

DISTRIBUTION OF SILVER DOLLARS FROM THE MINTS, FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Date.	Philadelphia.	San Francisco.	New Orleans.	Carson.	Total.
In mints July 1, 1896	54,522,267	37,459,918	11,610,000	5,137,118	108,729,303
Transferred from the Treasury for storage	1,000,000				1,000,000
Coinage, fiscal year 1897	6,848,701	8,425,000	5,930,000		21,203,701
Total	62,370,968	45,884,918	17,540,000	5,137,118	130,933,004
In mints July 1, 1897	61,943,104	45,458,000	16,686,000	5,096,125	129,183,229
Distributed from mints	427,864	426,918	854,000	40,993	1,749,775

CIRCULATION OF SILVER DOLLARS.

The following table exhibits the total number of silver dollars coined, the number held by the Treasury for the redemption of certificates and Treasury notes, the number held in excess of outstanding certificates, and the number in circulation on November 1 of each of the last twelve years:

COINAGE, OWNERSHIP, AND CIRCULATION OF SILVER DOLLARS.

Date.	Total coinage.	In the Treasury.		In circulation.
		Held for payment of certificates outstanding.	Held in excess of certificates outstanding.	
November 1, 1886	244,433,386	100,306,800	82,624,431	61,502,155
November 1, 1887	277,110,157	160,713,957	52,461,575	62,934,625
November 1, 1888	309,750,890	229,783,152	20,196,288	59,771,450
November 1, 1889	343,638,001	277,319,944	6,219,577	60,098,430
November 1, 1890	380,988,466	308,206,177	7,072,725	65,709,564
November 1, 1891	409,475,368	321,142,642	26,197,265	62,135,461
November 1, 1892	416,412,835	324,552,532	30,187,848	61,672,455
November 1, 1893	419,332,550	325,717,232	34,889,500	58,725,818
November 1, 1894	421,776,408	331,143,301	34,189,437	56,443,670
November 1, 1895	423,289,309	342,409,504	22,525,713	58,354,092
November 1, 1896	439,552,141	366,463,504	14,897,835	58,190,802
November 1, 1897	452,713,792	372,838,919	19,678,095	60,196,778

SEIGNIORAGE ON SILVER COINAGE.

On July 1, 1896, the balance of profits on the coinage of silver on hand at the mints of the United States was $474,277.98.

The seigniorage on the coinage of silver during the fiscal year 1897 was, on silver dollars, $6,636,104.25, and on subsidiary pieces $42,322.74, a total seigniorage of $6,678,426.99.

The amount reimbursed on account of silver wastage paid from this seigniorage was $1,209.22, leaving the net seigniorage on the silver coinage during the fiscal year $6,677,217.77.

The amount deposited in the Treasury during the year was $6,649,929.57, leaving a balance of $501,566.18 on hand at the mints June 30, 1897.

Including the balance on hand at the mints July 1, 1878, the *net* seigniorage or profits on the coinage of silver from that date to June 30, 1897, aggregated $84,822,821.70.

The seigniorage on the coinage of silver dollars under the act of July 14, 1890, from August 13, 1890 (the date the act went into effect), to June 30, 1897, was $17,216,322.87.

A table showing the seigniorage on the silver coinage during the fiscal year at each mint and the disposition of the same will be found in the Appendix.

APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES.

The act making appropriations for legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, contained specific appropriations for the support of the mints and assay offices of the United States amounting in the aggregate to $970,950. It was necessary to procure additional appropriations to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for contingent expenses of the assay offices at Boise, Idaho, of $900, and Charlotte, N. C., of $350, for the purpose of purchasing new bullion and assay balances. Adding these amounts, the specific appropriations for the support of the mints and assay offices amounted to $972,200, of which there were expended $953,670.16, leaving an unexpended balance of the several appropriations for salaries, wages, and contingent expenses of $18,529.84.

In addition to the amount expended from the specific appropriations, there was expended from the general appropriations contained in the act of July 14, 1890, the sum of $182,513.34 on account of the coinage of standard silver dollars and the storage of silver bullion purchased and dollars coined therefrom under the act of July 14, 1890.

It was necessary to recount by hand 50,000,000 silver dollars on storage at the mint at Philadelphia. This was a slow and expensive undertaking.

Of the above amount, $81,481 was expended at Philadelphia, $83,007.68 at San Francisco, and $18,024.66 at New Orleans.

APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES, 1897.

APPROPRIATIONS.

Institutions.	Salaries.	Wages of workmen.	Contingent expenses.	Coinage of silver bullion.	Storage of silver bullion.	Total.
MINTS.						
Philadelphia	$41,550.00	$285,015.00	$65,004.34			$391,569.34
San Francisco	41,100.00	174,000.00	35,000.00			250,100.00
New Orleans	31,950.00	74,000.00	25,000.00			130,950.00
Carson	17,300.00	15,000.00	7,500.00			39,800.00
Denver	12,350.00	20,000.00	5,000.00			37,350.00
ASSAY OFFICES.						
New York	39,250.00	27,500.00	10,000.00			76,750.00
Helena	7,250.00	13,000.00	5,000.00			25,250.00
Boise	3,200.00	7,500.00	*a* 3,900.00			14,600.00
Charlotte	2,750.00	1,080.00	*b* 1,270.00			5,100.00
St. Louis	3,000.00	1,000.00	750.00			4,750.00
Total	199,700.00	618,095.00	158,424.34			976,219.34

a Includes deficiency appropriations of $900 and $350, respectively.
b Includes earnings of the mint during the fiscal year, $15 for wages and $434 for contingent expenses.

EXPENDITURES.

MINTS.						
Philadelphia	$41,522.24	$284,962.60	$60,889.79	$74,261.75	$7,219.25	$468,855.63
San Francisco	41,100.00	169,867.50	34,095.90	83,007.68		328,071.08
New Orleans	31,336.13	69,009.16	24,953.42	18,024.66		143,323.37
Carson	15,848.91	14,225.00	6,513.19			36,587.10
Denver	12,213.76	20,000.00	4,482.38			36,696.14
ASSAY OFFICES.						
New York	38,993.98	26,107.00	9,640.89			74,741.87
Helena	7,250.00	13,000.00	4,714.40			24,964.40
Boise	3,200.00	7,066.55	3,419.80			13,686.35
Charlotte	2,750.00	1,080.00	1,097.80			4,927.80
St. Louis	3,000.00	1,000.00	329.76			4,329.76
Total	197,215.02	606,317.81	150,137.33	175,294.09	7,219.25	1,136,183.50

ESTIMATES OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1899.

The estimates of the appropriations that will be required for the support of the mint service, including the office of the Director of the Mint, for the fiscal year 1899, as submitted, aggregate $908,300, or $54,660 less than for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898.

EARNINGS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE REFINERIES OF THE COINAGE MINTS AND OF THE ASSAY OFFICE AT NEW YORK.

The charges received for parting and refining bullion during the fiscal year 1897 aggregated $166,356.27, exclusive of the amount received from the sale of by-products, $10,776.03, which sum is deposited in the Treasury as a miscellaneous receipt.

The amount expended during the year on account of expenses incident to parting and refining bullion aggregated $152,261.63, showing the excess of charges collected over expenditures of $14,094.64.

The amount of charges collected for and the amount disbursed on account of the expenses incident to parting and refining bullion at the coinage mints and assay office at New York during the fiscal year 1897 are shown by the following table:

CHARGES COLLECTED AND EXPENDITURES FOR PARTING AND REFINING BULLION 1897.

Institutions.	Charges collected.	Gross expenditures.	Surplus of charges collected.	Excess of expenditures over charges collected.
Mint at Philadelphia	$31,578.24	$33,888.62		$2,310.38
Mint at San Francisco	22,443.04	21,891.29	$551.75	
Mint at Carson	6,872.77	8,285.25		1,412.48
Mint at New Orleans	1,330.44	272.59	1,057.85	
Assay office at New York	104,131.78	87,923.88	16,207.90	
Total	166,356.27	152,261.63	17,817.50	3,722.86
Net surplus of charges collected			14,094.64	

APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENSES OF THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MINT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

The expenditures for the office of the Director of the Mint, including salaries, expenses incurred in collecting and compiling the statistics of the production of gold and silver, supervising the annual settlements, incidental and contingent expenses, and for the support of the assay laboratory connected with the Bureau, aggregated for the year $33,630.21, leaving an unexpended balance of $2,679.79 to the credit of the several appropriations for the office of the Director of the Mint, as shown in the following table:

APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENSES OFFICE DIRECTOR OF THE MINT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Purpose for which appropriated.	Appropriated.	Expended.	Unexpended.
Salaries	$29,160.00	$27,540.64	$1,619.36
Examination of mints	2,500.00	2,022.72	477.28
Mining statistics	3,500.00	3,001.38	498.62
Laboratory	750.00	701.87	48.13
Books, pamphlets, and incidental expenses	400.00	363.60	36.40
Total	36,310.00	33,630.21	2,679.79

EARNINGS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES.

The total amount of gross earnings of the mints and assay offices during the fiscal year 1897 was $7,485,276.97; of this $166,356.17 was for parting and refining bullion, $7,369.96 for copper alloy, and $10,242.67 for charges by the minor assay offices for melting, assaying, and stamping bullion.

The seigniorage during the year on the coinage of standard silver dollars was $6,636,104.25; on subsidiary silver coinage, $42,322.74; on minor coinage, $522,059.90, and on the recoinage of minor coins, $17,371.23; a total seigniorage of $7,217,858.12.

The expenditures of the mint service during the year, including wastages by the operative officers, loss on sale of sweeps, and expense of distributing minor coins, amounted to $1,337,647.93, which shows the net earnings for the year to have been $6,147,629.04.

In the Appendix will be found a table[1] showing in detail the earnings and expenditures of the mint service during the year.

[1] Table omitted from this volume, and will be found in the separate Report of the Director.

CLASSIFIED STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES.

The expenditures of the mints and assay offices and of the refineries, for supplies, salaries, and wages of workmen during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, are shown in the table following:

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES FOR SUPPLIES OF THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES OF THE UNITED STATES, DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Items of expenditure.	Ordinary expenses.	Refinery expenses.	Total.
Acids	$1,477.76	$26,023.61	$27,501.37
Advertisements for supplies	820.20		820.20
Assayer's materials	1,896.67		1,896.67
Assayer's balances	2,538.31		2,538.31
Adjusting weights, etc	195.50	30.50	226.00
Barrels	971.90	1,028.14	2,000.04
Brooms, brushes, etc	49.48	110.23	159.71
Bullion boxes	420.00		420.00
Charcoal	3,521.48	155.97	3,677.45
Chemicals	3,897.03	1,060.21	4,957.24
Coal	13,352.93	1,372.08	14,725.01
Coke	3,901.71		3,901.71
Copper	20,459.28	9,113.69	29,572.97
Crucibles	7,851.17	1,849.95	9,701.12
Carting ashes		281.90	281.90
Dry goods	5,110.62	752.27	5,862.89
Fire brick	700.67	302.95	1,003.62
Freight and drayage	7,955.05		7,955.05
Flags	13.90		13.90
Fluxes	805.61	1,793.63	2,599.24
Furnaces	414.17		414.17
Furniture	150.07		150.07
Gas, electric light and power	16,261.89	1,890.99	18,152.88
Gloves and gauntlets	7,404.67	767.10	8,171.77
Gasolene	133.20		133.20
Hardware	1,200.75	14.94	1,215.69
Iron and steel	1,062.11	12.75	1,074.86
Ice	1,476.11	79.38	1,555.49
Labors and repairs	9,423.71	1,239.86	10,663.57
Lead, sheet and pipe		597.54	597.54
Loss on sale of sweeps	2,671.01	527.84	3,198.85
Lumber	3,684.19	603.22	4,287.41
Motor, electric	250.00		250.00
Machinery and appliances	4,506.57	2,764.16	7,270.73
Metal work and castings	1,581.67	1,230.21	2,811.88
Oil and belting	2,799.36	67.74	2,867.10
Printing and stationery	2,487.99		2,487.99
Salt	51.55	339.68	391.23
Sewing	5,219.64	373.45	5,593.09
Soap	28.40	13.00	41.40
Sundries	15,084.44	130.28	15,214.72
Steam	1,620.78	4,913.26	6,534.04
Telegraphing	17.07		17.07
Telephone	657.16		657.16
Tools	915.70	3.75	919.45
Wastage	11,203.33	1,116.03	12,319.36
Washing	2,995.07		2,995.07
Water	1,853.84	581.30	2,435.14
Wood	9,060.45	371.80	9,432.25

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES FOR SUPPLIES OF THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES OF THE UNITED STATES, ETC.—Continued.

Items of expenditure.	Ordinary expenses.	Refinery expenses.	Total.
Zinc	$94.02	$1,906.58	$2,000.60
Bills paid at the Bureau	71.39		71.39
Total	a 180,319.58	63,419.99	243,739.57
Salaries	197,215.02		197,215.02
Wages	a 758,648.90	88,841.64	847,490.54
Total	1,136,183.50	152,261.63	1,288,445.13

a Of these amounts the sum of $152,331.09 was expended at the mints at Philadelphia, San Francisco, and New Orleans, from the appropriation for the coinage and storage of silver bullion, on account of wages, and $30,182.25 on account of contingent expenses.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF THE PRECIOUS METALS.

GOLD.—The value of the foreign gold bullion imported into the United States during the fiscal year 1897 was $11,696,498. Of this amount $6,150,624 came from England, $3,114,592 from Mexico, $889,923 from France, $340,747 from British Columbia, $319,197 from Colombia, $377,311 from Nova Scotia, Ontario, Quebec, etc., $383,978 from Central American States, and the remainder from various countries.

The value of foreign gold coins imported was $11,908,421, of which amount $8,395,084 came from British Australasia, $2,578,246 from Cuba, $480,731 from England, $106,350 from the Dominion of Canada, $106,276 from Venezuela, $54,408 from Japan, and the remainder from South and Central America.

The value of foreign gold ores imported for reduction was $384,035, principally from Mexico and Central America.

The value of the gold contained in foreign copper regulus, lead bullion, and silver-lead ores imported was $3,304,181. Of this amount $977,840 came from Mexico and $2,319,400 from British Columbia.

The value of the domestic gold coins returned to the United States was $57,728,857. Of this amount $33,729,255 came from England, $15,554,646 from France, $3,487,900 from Germany, $1,875,586 from Cuba, $1,141,356 from the Dominion of Canada, $903,722 from the West Indies and Haiti, $424,249 from South American States, $324,301 from Mexico, and the remainder from various countries.

The value of the total gold imports into the United States during the fiscal year was as follows:

GOLD IMPORTS, FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Items.		Value.
Foreign bullion		$11,696,498
Foreign coin		11,908,421
Foreign ores		384,035
Gold in copper matte	$123,661	
Gold in lead bullion	673,836	
Gold in silver-lead ore	2,506,684	
		3,304,181
Total foreign		27,293,135
United States coin		57,728,857
Total imports		85,021,992

Domestic gold bullion bearing the stamp of a United States mint or assay office of the value of $14,940,743 was exported during the fiscal year, of which $11,644,742 went to France and $3,296,001 to Germany.

Other domestic gold bullion of the value of $318,396 was also exported, of which $204,454 went to France, $33,700 to England, and $77,585 to the Dominion of Canada.

Domestic gold coin of the value of $23,646,565 was exported; of this amount $14,988,000 went to Germany, $3,134,233 to the Dominion of Canada, $1,500,000 to France, $920,049 to Haiti, $975,088 to Hawaii, and the remainder to Central America.

There was exported from the port of New York gold contained in copper matte and domestic ore of the invoiced value of $246,848, which went to England, Germany, France, and the Netherlands.

The value of the foreign gold bullion reexported to Ontario and Quebec, was $12,877.

Foreign gold coin of the value of $1,196,171 was reexported, of which $638,995 went to France, $424,775 to Canada and Nova Scotia, $71,440 to Germany, $55,186 to Venezuela, and the remainder to South and Central America.

The value of gold contained in foreign base bullion reexported to England was $6,852.

The total gold exports from the United States during the fiscal year were as follows:

GOLD EXPORTS, FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Items.		Value.
Domestic bullion (United States mint or assay office bars)		$14,940,743
Other domestic bullion		318,396
Domestic coin		23,646,565
Gold in copper matte and bullion ($161,789 custom-house returns)		205,478
Domestic ore		85,059
Total domestic		39,196,241
Foreign bullion reexported	$12,877	
Foreign coin reexported	1,196,171	
Gold in foreign silver-lead bullion reexported	6,852	
Gold in foreign ore reexported	10	
Total foreign		1,215,910
Total gold exports		40,412,151

In the above table the item "in copper matte and bullion, $205,478," 9,940 ounces fine, ascertained by the Bureau of the Mint from the superintendent of the United States assay office and the collector of the port at New York (see correspondence below), has been substituted for the amount of gold exported in the form of copper matte, viz, $161,789, contained in the custom-house returns to this Bureau.

The value of the net gold imports for the fiscal year 1897, was $44,609,841 as against $78,904,612 net exports for the fiscal year 1896.

The net exports of United States gold coin, from January 1, 1870, to October 1, 1897, were $590,404,988, as shown by the following table:

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF UNITED STATES GOLD COIN.

Period.	Imports.	Exports.	Period.	Imports.	Exports.
Jan. 1 to July 1, 1870		$6,384,250	Fiscal year—		
Fiscal year—			1887	$5,862,509	$3,550,770
1871		55,491,719	1888	5,181,512	3,211,399
1872		40,391,357	1889	1,403,619	4,143,939
1873		35,661,863	1890	1,949,552	3,951,736
1874		28,766,943	1891	2,824,146	67,704,900
1875		59,309,770	1892	15,432,443	42,841,963
1876		27,542,861	1893	6,074,899	101,844,087
1877		21,274,565	1894	30,790,892	64,303,840
1878	$7,325,783	6,427,251	1895	10,752,673	55,096,639
1879	3,654,859	4,120,311	1896	10,189,614	77,789,892
1880	18,207,559	1,687,973	1897	57,728,857	23,646,565
1881	7,577,422	1,741,364	Total	206,729,247	791,482,506
1882	4,796,630	29,805,289	July, 1897	88,727	3,930,069
1883	8,112,265	4,802,454	August, 1897	114,698	1,921,065
1884	3,824,692	12,242,021	September, 1897 *a*	56,820	60,840
1885	3,352,090	2,345,809	Total	206,989,492	797,394,480
1886	1,687,231	5,400,976			

a Port of New York only.

SILVER.—There were imported during the year 5,297,497 ounces of foreign silver bullion, of the commercial value of $3,451,100, of which $2,934,689 came from Mexico, $514,216 from Honduras, and the remainder from various other countries.

During the same period the imports of foreign silver coin amounted to $6,813,763, of which $5,483,978 came from Mexico, $290,610 from Santo Domingo, $285,122 from Nicaragua, $260,354 from Colombia, and the remainder from various countries.

Foreign silver ores of the value of $544,424 were imported from Mexico and South America.

United States silver coins of the value of $162,482 were imported from various countries, $79,172 coming from Canada.

The invoiced value of silver contained in foreign copper matte and lead bullion imported was $19,616,669; of this amount, $16,941,536 came from Mexico.

There were contained in copper matte, silver-lead bullion, and silver-lead ores 78,114,627 pounds of lead, of the value of $982,615, and 9,003,298 pounds of copper, of the value of $711,957.

The following table, compiled from returns made monthly to the Bureau of the Mint by the collectors and surveyors of customs of the various ports of entry, shows the quantity and value of metals contained in ores and base bullion imported during the fiscal year 1897:

IMPORTS OF LEAD ORE, LEAD BULLION, SILVER-LEAD ORE, AND COPPER BULLION DURING THE FISCAL YEAR

Countries from which exported and ports of entry.	Lead ore.		Lead bullion.		Silver-lead ore.		Copper bullion and matte.		Total.
	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Value.
From Mexico:									
Arizona	418	$3,036	162,379	$10,632	14,768,253	$1,183,721	.....	.....	$1,197,389
Corpus Christi	.....	.....	3,563,069	516,519	31,137	2,151	395,551	$48,598	567,268
Paso del Norte	66,554	398	251,507	2,163	198,584,535	3,633,008	21,101	282	3,635,851
Pittsburg	1,613,551	152,025	11,453,118	1,226,113	1,643,440	157,202	.....	.....	1,535,340
Saluria	.....	.....	8,394,190	690,269	.....	.....	.....	.....	690,269
Galveston	.....	.....	1,129,100	73,439	243,704	15,560	199,564	23,671	112,670
San Francisco	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,883,304	567,695	.....	.....	567,695
New York	.....	.....	(a)	10,308,137	(a)	32,632	.....	.....	10,340,769
Total	1,680,523	155,459	24,953,363	12,827,272	226,154,373	5,591,969	616,219	72,551	18,647,251
From British Columbia:									
Kansas City	.....	.....	.....	.....	43,407	1,377	4,838,100	538,511	539,888
Omaha	.....	.....	.....	.....	15,744,225	720,550	.....	.....	720,550
PugetSound	.....	.....	.....	.....	73,590,500	4,390,450	.....	.....	4,390,450
Montana and Idaho	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,953,728	148,482	.....	.....	148,482
New York	.....	.....	(a)	121,566	.....	.....	.....	.....	121,566
Total	.....	.....	.....	121,566	94,331,860	5,260,859	4,838,100	538,511	5,920,936
From Ont. and Quebec:									
Detroit	.....	.....	(a)	90	(a)	25	.....	.....	115
From Australasia:									
PugetSound	.....	.....	(a)	1,752	2,292,640	12,433	.....	.....	14,185
From England	.....	.....	(a)	5,620	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,620
Chile	.....	.....	(a)	1,827	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,827
Nova Scotia	.....	.....	(a)	1,780	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,780
Honduras	.....	.....	(a)	20,382	.....	.....	.....	.....	20,382
Colombia	.....	.....	(a)	3,326	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,326
All at New York	.....	.....	(a)	34,777	2,292,640	12,458	.....	.....	47,235
Total imports	1,680,523	155,459	24,953,363	12,983,615	322,778,873	10,865,286	5,454,319	611,062	24,615,422

a No information furnished.

AND MATTE, AND THE PRECIOUS METALS, LEAD, AND COPPER CONTAINED THEREIN ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Metallic contents of the importation.								Total.
Gold.		Silver.		Lead.		Copper.		
Ounces.	Value.	Ounces.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Value.
5,339	$106,785	1,686,993	$1,061,238	1,985,709	$19,810	199,965	$9,556	$1,197,389
1,696	35,081	461,596	301,459	1,281,275	32,953	2,637,746	197,775	567,268
15,367	273,881	5,021,978	3,171,615	18,114,817	160,449	363,316	29,906	3,635,851
.....	.....	1,964,184	1,418,053	14,568,862	117,287	.....	.....	1,535,340
4,187	77,545	1,007,211	550,378	7,925,830	62,346	.....	.....	690,269
331	6,852	81,440	55,301	1,372,939	35,851	192,467	14,666	112,670
2,314	46,778	740,809	473,641	1,931,110	47,146	5,189	130	567,695
21,546	430,918	15,295,340	9,909,851	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	10,340,769
50,780	977,840	26,262,551	16,941,536	47,180,542	475,842	3,389,683	252,033	18,647,251
6,183	123,669	421,460	273,656	476,563	19,137	1,776,597	123,426	539,888
19	385	903,539	586,310	7,981,124	133,855	.....	.....	720,550
103,734	2,077,926	2,712,998	1,688,618	19,174,780	287,408	3,837,018	336,498	4,390,450
.....	.....	132,046	85,892	2,957,722	62,590	.....	.....	148,482
5,871	117,420	6,399	4,146	.....	.....	.....	.....	121,566
115,807	2,319,400	4,176,442	2,638,622	30,590,189	502,990	5,613,615	459,924	5,920,936
5	90	42	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	115
88	1,752	14,416	8,650	343,896	3,783	.....	.....	14,185
225	5,099	804	521	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,620
.....	.....	2,820	1,827	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,827
.....	.....	2,747	1,780	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,780
.....	.....	31,459	20,382	.....	.....	.....	.....	20,382
.....	.....	5,133	3,326	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,326
318	6,941	57,421	36,511	343,896	3,783	.....	.....	47,235
166,905	3,304,181	30,496,414	19,616,669	78,114,627	982,615	9,003,298	711,957	24,615,422

The value of the total silver imports into the United States during the fiscal year was as follows:

SILVER IMPORTS, FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Items.		Value.
Foreign bullion (commercial value)		$3,451,100
Foreign coin		6,813,763
Foreign ores (commercial value)		544,424
Silver in copper matte	$272,799	
Silver in lead bullion	12,274,485	
Silver in silver-lead ore	7,069,385	
		19,616,669
Total foreign		30,425,956
United States coin		162,482
Total silver imports		30,588,438

The exports of domestic silver bullion bearing the stamp of a United States mint or assay office were 988,186 ounces, of the value of $641,880, of which $504,440 went to Japan and $128,300 to England.

Other silver bullion containing 84,634,480 ounces, of the invoiced value of $54,847,438, was exported, of which 73,570,711 ounces, of the value of $47,762,037, went to England; 7,441,601 ounces, of the value of $4,771,897, to China, Hongkong, and Japan; 2,524,709 ounces, of the value of $1,632,866, to France; 840,809 ounces, of the value of $508,800, to British East Indies, and the remainder to Canada.

Silver coins of the United States of the value of $136,873 were exported; of this amount $116,100 went to Hawaii.

Silver of the value of $915,632 contained in copper matte and silver ore was exported to England.

Following are statements from the collectors of customs at the ports of New York and Baltimore and the superintendent of the United States assay office at New York relative to the gold and silver exported in copper matte:

THE UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE AT NEW YORK,
Superintendent's Office, August 24, 1897.

SIR: I give below a statement showing the amount of pig copper and copper matte containing gold and silver exported during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, with the fine ounces of gold and silver contained therein:

Items.	Gross weight (avoirdupois).	Fine gold.	Fine silver.
	Pounds.	*Ounces.*	*Ounces.*
Pig copper	26,214,000	789	744,950
Copper matte	20,724,163	9,151	1,823,820
Total	46,938,163	9,949	2,568,770

* * * * * * *

Respectfully, yours,

ANDREW MASON, *Superintendent.*

The DIRECTOR OF THE MINT,
Washington, D. C.

OFFICE OF THE COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS,
New York, September 24, 1897.

SIR: In reply to your letter of the 17th instant, asking for the amount of gold and the amount of silver contained in pig copper, copper matte, etc., exported from this port during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, I would state that such amounts were as follows:

	Ounces.
Gold	9,910
Silver	2,568,630

Respectfully, yours,

G. R. BIDWELL, *Collector.*

The DIRECTOR OF THE MINT,
Washington, D. C.

OFFICE OF THE COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS,
Baltimore, September 20, 1897.

SIR: Replying to your letter of the 17th instant, I have the honor to say that the records of this office do not indicate that there was any gold and silver contained in pig copper, copper matte, or other ore exported from this port during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897.

Respectfully, yours,

FRANK T. SHAW,
Collector.

The DIRECTOR OF THE MINT,
Washington, D. C.

The total value of silver exports from the United States during the fiscal year was as follows:

SILVER EXPORTS, FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Items.		Value.
Domestic bullion, United States mint and assay office bars (commercial value)		$641,880
Other domestic bullion (commercial value)		54,847,438
Domestic coin		136,873
Silver in copper matte and bullion ($508,067 custom-house returns)		1,731,351
Silver in domestic ore		407,565
Total domestic		57,765,107
Foreign bullion reexported	$6,583	
Foreign coin reexported	5,398,282	
Silver in foreign silver-lead ore	55,301	
Total foreign		5,460,166
Total silver exports		63,225,273

In the above table the item "in copper matte and bullion, $1,731,351," 2,568,770 ounces fine, ascertained by the Bureau of the Mint from the superintendent of the United States assay office and collector of the port at New York (see correspondence above), has been substituted for the amount of silver exported in the form of copper matte, viz, $508,067, contained in the custom-house returns to this Bureau.

The value of the net silver exports for the fiscal year 1897 was $32,636,835, as against $33,262,258 for the fiscal year 1896.

Tables will be found in the Appendix showing the imports and exports of gold and silver bullion and coin by countries.

MOVEMENT OF GOLD FROM THE UNITED STATES.

The table following, showing the imports and exports of gold at the port of New York during the fiscal year 1897, has been prepared by the superintendent of the United States assay office in that city.

STATEMENT OF UNITED STATES GOLD COIN AND GOLD BULLION EXPORTED FROM THE PORT OF NEW YORK TO EUROPE DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Date.	Countries.	Amount.	Rate of exchange.	Date.	Countries.	Amount.	Rate of exchange.
1896.				1897.			
July 1...	Germany.....	$200,000	$4.88½	May 3...	Germany.....	1,500,000	4.87½
3...	England.....	3,000	4.88	7...	France.....	1,018,458	4.87½
10...	Germany.....	200,000	4.88	12...	Germany.....	500,000	4.87½
13...	.....do.....	375,000	4.88⅛	14...	France.....	2,290,167	4.87½
15...	.....do.....	900,000	4.88⅜	21...	.....do.....	1,201,654	4.87½
17...	England.....	250,000	4.88⅜	24...	Germany.....	2,350,000	4.87¼
17...	France.....	1,791,228	4.88⅜	26...	.....do.....	500,000	4.87¼
20...	Germany.....	3,033,506	4.88⅜	June 2...	.....do.....	650,000	4.87¼
21...	.....do.....	6,000	4.88⅜	4...	.....do.....	500,000	4.87
22...	.....do.....	2,012,835	4.88⅜	11...	.....do.....	260,000	4.87
24...	.....do.....	7,000	4.88½	16...	.....do.....	600,000	4.87
Aug. 3...	.....do.....	5,000	4.89	18...	.....do.....	350,000	4.87½
7...	.....do.....	5,000	4.89	21...	.....do.....	1,350,000	4.87½
1897.				23...	.....do.....	1,150,000	4.87½
Apr. 26...	Germany.....	979,660	4.88	25...	France.....	2,306,333	4.87½
28...	.....do.....	1,000,000	4.87⅞	25...	England.....	30,700	4.87½
30...	England.....	500,000	4.87½	Total.....		31,862,872	.....
30...	France.....	4,037,331	4.87½				

RECAPITULATION OF GOLD EXPORTS TO EUROPE.

Description.	England.	Germany.	France.
United States coin.....	$750,000	$15,138,000	$1,500,000
Bars (United States assay office at New York).....	.....	3,293,691	10,927,643
Foreign coins.....	.....	71,440	638,995
Bullion (unknown).....	33,700	2,310	217,528
Total.....	783,700	18,505,441	13,284,166

Grand total shipments to Europe.....		$32,573,307
During the same period there was shipped to Mexico, West Indies, Central and South America the following:		
United States coin.....	$1,164,681	
Foreign coins.....	60,961	
Total.....		1,225,642
Grand total of exports.....		33,798,949

The imports of gold during the same period were as follows, viz:

From Europe:		
United States coin		$48,911,379
Foreign coins		470,035
Bars (United States assay office at New York)		484,736
Bullion (foreign)		6,315,694
Total		56,181,844
From other ports:		
United States coin	$3,595,352	
Foreign coins	2,863,286	
Bullion (foreign)	1,469,828	
Total		7,928,466
Grand total of imports		64,110,310

STOCK OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES.

On July 1, 1897, the stock of gold and silver coin in the United States was as follows:

OFFICIAL TABLE OF STOCK OF COIN IN THE UNITED STATES JULY 1, 1897.

Items.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
Estimated stock of coin, July 1, 1896	$567,495,038	$506,761,548	$1,074,256,586
Coinage, fiscal year 1897	71,646,705	24,327,787	95,974,492
Net imports of United States coin, fiscal year 1897	34,082,292	25,609	34,107,901
Total	673,224,035	531,114,944	1,204,338,979
Loss:			
United States coin melted for recoinage, fiscal year 1897	1,025,121	3,202,833	4,227,954
United States coin used in the arts, fiscal year 1897	1,500,000	100,000	1,600,000
Total	2,525,121	3,302,833	5,827,954
Estimated stock of coin July 1, 1897	670,698,914	527,812,111	1,198,511,025

NOTE.—Of the silver coins, $451,993,742 were in dollars and $75,818,369 were in subsidiary coins.

In the above table the amounts of United States coin melted for recoinage represent their nominal value.

On July 1, 1897, the value of the gold and silver bullion in the mints and assay offices, owned by the Government, was as follows:

BULLION IN MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES JULY 1, 1897.

Metals.	Value.
Gold	$25,571,628
Silver (cost)	106,490,744
Total	132,062,372

On July 1, 1897, the stock of silver bullion on deposit with the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company, in New York City, was 342,027 fine ounces, of the commercial value of $206,926.

On July 1, 1897, the total metallic stock of the United States was as follows:

METALLIC STOCK OF THE UNITED STATES JULY 1, 1897.

Coin and bullion.	Value.
Gold	$696,270,542
Silver (including bullion in mints and Mercantile Safe Deposit Company)	634,509,781
Total	1,330,780,323

On July 1, 1896, the total metallic stock was as follows:

METALLIC STOCK OF THE UNITED STATES JULY 1, 1896.

Coin and bullion.	Value.
Gold	$599,597,964
Silver (including bullion in mints and Mercantile Safe Deposit Company)	628,728,071
Total	1,228,326,035

A comparison of the amounts in the above tables shows that there was an increase in the stock of gold of $96,672,578, and an increase in the stock of silver of $5,781,710, a total increase of $102,454,288 during the fiscal year.

On July 1, 1897, the ownership of the metallic stock in the United States was as follows:

OWNERSHIP OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES, JULY 1, 1897.

Ownership.	Gold coin and bullion.	Silver coin and bullion.				Total gold and silver coin and bullion.
		Silver dollars.	Subsidiary silver coin.	Silver bullion.	Total silver.	
United States Treasury	*a* $141,395,515	*b* $42,204,149	$16,201,960	$106,490,744	$164,896,853	$306,292,368
National banks (July 23, 1897)	*c* 193,686,596	*d* 41,479,900	5,756,106	.....	47,236,006	240,922,602
Private banks and individuals	361,188,431	368,309,693	53,860,303	206,926	422,376,922	783,565,353
Total	696,270,542	451,993,742	75,818,369	106,697,670	634,509,781	1,330,780,323

a Gold coin and bullion in Treasury, exclusive of $37,285,339 gold certificates outstanding.
b Silver dollars in Treasury, exclusive of $357,849,312 silver certificates outstanding.
c Includes $74,218,990 Treasury and clearing-house gold certificates.
d Includes $34,626,625 silver certificates held by national banks.

On July 1, 1896, the number of silver dollars owned by the Treasury was 48,015,946, the number owned by national banks 36,362,435, and the number owned by private banks and individuals 346,411,660.

On July 1, 1897, the Treasury owned 42,204,149, national banks 41,479,900, and private banks and individuals 368,309,693, showing a decrease in the number owned by the Treasury of 5,811,797 and an increase in the ownership of national banks and private banks and individuals of 5,117,465 and 21,898,033, respectively.

On July 1, 1897, the stock and the location of the metallic and paper money in the United States was as follows:

LOCATION OF THE MONEYS OF THE UNITED STATES, JULY 1, 1897.

Moneys.	In Treasury.	In national banks July 23, 1897.	In other banks and in general circulation.	Total.
METALLIC.				
Gold bullion	$25,571,628			$25,571,628
Silver bullion	106,490,744		$206,926	106,697,670
Gold coin	153,109,226	*a* $176,893,606	340,696,082	670,698,914
Silver dollars	400,053,461	6,853,275	45,087,006	451,993,742
Subsidiary silver coin	16,201,960	5,756,106	53,860,303	75,818,369
Total	701,427,019	189,502,987	439,850,317	1,330,780,323
PAPER.				
Legal-tender notes (old issue)	100,726,394	126,511,020	119,443,602	346,631,016
Legal-tender notes (act July 14, 1890)	31,397,763		83,469,517	114,867,280
Gold certificates	1,496,830	16,792,990	20,492,349	38,782,169
Silver certificates	17,630,192	34,626,625	323,222,687	375,479,504
National-bank notes	5,123,683	*b* 28,932,602	197,385,401	231,441,686
Currency certificates	1,380,000	46,085,000	14,875,000	62,340,000
Total	157,754,862	252,948,237	758,888,556	1,169,591,655

a Includes $57,426,000 gold clearing-house certificates.
b Includes $8,326,505 of their own notes held by different national banks.

On July 1, 1896, the stock and the location of the metallic and paper money in the United State was as follows:

LOCATION OF THE MONEYS OF THE UNITED STATES JULY 1, 1896.

Moneys.	In Treasury.	In national banks July 14, 1896.	In other banks and in general circulation.	Total.
METALLIC.				
Gold bullion	$32,102,926			$32,102,926
Silver bullion	120,933,958		$1,032,565	121,966,523
Gold coin	112,589,974	*a* $141,517,160	313,387,904	567,495,038
Silver dollars	378,673,137	6,867,060	45,249,844	430,790,041
Subsidiary silver coin	15,767,056	5,619,454	54,584,997	75,971,507
Total	660,067,051	154,003,674	414,255,310	1,228,326,035
PAPER.				
Legal-tender notes (old issue)	122,431,148	113,213,290	111,036,578	346,681,016
Legal-tender notes (act July 14, 1890)	34,638,033		95,045,247	129,683,280
Gold certificates	620,070	20,336,400	21,861,719	42,818,189
Silver certificates	11,962,313	29,495,375	301,161,816	342,619,504
National-bank notes	10,832,425	*b* 22,132,927	193,035,195	226,000,547
Currency certificates	320,000	27,165,000	4,725,000	32,210,000
Total	180,803,989	212,342,992	726,865,555	1,120,012,536

a Includes $31,384,000 gold clearing-house certificates.
b Includes $4,688,181 of their own notes held by different national banks.

By comparing the amounts in the above tables it will be seen that there was an increase of $41,359,968 in the amount of coin and bullion in the Treasury on July 1, 1897, as against the same date the previous year, while there was a decrease in the amount of paper money of $23,049,127.

There was an increased amount of both coin and paper money in national banks of $35,499,313 and $40,605,245, respectively. In other banks and in general circulation there was also an increase in coin of $25,595,007 and in paper money of $32,023,001, showing a total net increase of the money in the United States of $152,033,407.

MONETARY SYSTEMS AND APPROXIMATE STOCK OF MONEY IN THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD, DECEMBER 31, 1896.

To estimate the stock of money, and especially of gold and silver, in the principal countries of the world is an undertaking requiring much research and labor, and at best can only be approximated.

The following table, exhibiting the monetary systems and monetary stock of gold and silver and uncovered paper in the principal countries of the world, has been compiled from the latest data obtainable, both from official and unofficial sources, and while but an estimate it is believed shows the world's stock of money as nearly as ascertainable.

MONETARY SYSTEMS AND APPROXIMATE STOCKS OF MONEY IN THE AGGRE

	Countries.	Monetary system.	Ratio between gold and full legal-tender silver.	Ratio between gold and limited-tender silver.	Population.	Stock of gold.
1	United States *a*	Gold and silver.	1 to 15.98	1 to 14.95	72,900,000	$696,300,000
2	United Kingdom	Gold		1 to 14.28	39,600,000	*b* 534,000,000
3	France	Gold and silver.	1 to 15½	1 to 14.38	38,500,000	*c* 772,000,000
4	Germany	Gold		1 to 13.957	52,300,000	*d* 654,500,000
5	Belgium	Gold and silver.	1 to 15½	1 to 14.38	6,400,000	*c* 35,000,000
6	Italy	do	1 to 15½	1 to 14.38	31,300,000	*c* 96,900,000
7	Switzerland	do	1 to 15½	1 to 14.38	3,000,000	*f* 24,000,000
8	Greece	do	1 to 15¼	1 to 14.38	2,200,000	*e* 500,000
9	Spain	do	1 to 15½	1 to 14.38	18,000,000	*e* 45,000,000
10	Portugal	Gold		1 to 14.08	5,100,000	*e* 5,500,000
11	Roumania	Gold and silver.			5,400,000	*c* 38,600,000
12	Servia	do			2,300,000	*c* 2,700,000
13	Austria-Hungary	Gold		1 to 13.69	45,000,000	*c* 178,500,000
14	Netherlands	Gold and silver.	1 to 15⅝	1 to 15	4,900,000	*c* 21,900,000
15	Norway	Gold		1 to 14.88	2,000,000	*c* 7,500,000
16	Sweden	do		1 to 14.88	5,000,000	*c* 10,600,000
17	Denmark	do		1 to 14.88	2,300,000	*c* 15,400,000
18	Russia	do	1 to 15½	1 to 12.90	126,000,000	*g* 586,900,000
19	Turkey	Gold and silver.	1 to 15⅞	1 to 15⅝	22,000,000	*e* 50,000,000
20	Australasia	Gold		1 to 14.28	5,000,000	*c* 132,100,000
21	Egypt	do		1 to 15.68	7,800,000	*d* 129,300,000
22	Mexico	Silver	1 to 16½		13,000,000	*e* 8,600,000
23	Central American States	do			3,300,000	*e* 1,000,000
24	South American States	do *h*	1 to 15½		37,500,000	*e* 65,000,000
25	Japan	Gold and silver.	1 to 16.18		45,000,000	*e* 80,100,000
26	India	do	1 to 15		296,000,000	
27	China	Silver			360,000,000	
28	Straits Settlements *k*	do			3,800,000	
29	Canada	Gold		1 to 14.28	5,300,000	*c* 16,000,000
30	Cuba	Gold and silver.	1 to 15½		1,800,000	*e* 5,000,000
31	Haiti	do	1 to 15½		1,000,000	*c* 4,000,000
32	Bulgaria	do	1 to 15½	1 to 14.38	3,300,000	*e* 1,000,000
33	Siam	Silver			5,000,000	*c* 20,000,000
34	Hawaii	Gold and silver.	1 to 15.98	1 to 14.95	100,000	*c* 5,000,000
35	Cape Colony	Gold			1,700,000	*b* 37,500,000
36	South African Republic	do			800,000	*b* 29,200,000
	Total					4,359,600,000

a July 1, 1897; all other countries, January 1, 1897.
b Money and prices, United States State Department.
c Information furnished through United States Representatives.
d Haupt.
e Estimate, Bureau of the Mint.
f C. Cramer Frey.

GATE AND PER CAPITA IN THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD.

Stock of silver.			Uncovered paper.	Per capita.				
Full tender.	Limited tender.	Total.		Gold.	Silver.	Paper.	Total.	
$558,700,000	$75,800,000	$634,500,000	*$397,000,000	$9.55	$8.70	$5.45	$23.70	1
.....	*b* 121,700,000	121,700,000	*c* 112,100,000	14.75	3.07	2.83	20.65	2
c 386,000,000	*c* 57,900,000	443,900,000	*c* 119,200,000	20.05	11.53	3.10	34.68	3
d 95,200,000	*d* 117,600,000	212,800,000	*c* 123,800,000	12.51	4.07	2.37	18.95	4
e 50,000,000	*e* 7,000,000	57,000,000	*c* 72,500,000	5.47	8.91	11.32	25.70	5
c 18,900,000	*c* 26,500,000	45,400,000	*c* 161,000,000	3.10	1.45	5.14	9.69	6
.....	*f* 10,700,000	10,700,000	*c* 14,300,000	8.00	3.56	4.77	16.33	7
e 500,000	*e* 1,000,000	1,500,000	*c* 26,000,000	.23	.68	11.81	12.72	8
.....	*e* 49,000,000	49,000,000	*c* 103,000,000	2.50	2.72	5.72	10.94	9
.....	*e* 9,500,000	9,500,000	*c* 49,800,000	1.08	1.86	9.76	12.70	10
.....	*c* 10,600,000	10,600,000	*c* 11,800,000	7.15	1.96	2.19	11.30	11
.....	*c* 1,700,000	1,700,000	*c* 2,400,000	1.18	2.04	1.04	4.26	12
c 23,700,000	*c* 40,000,000	63,700,000	*c* 177,600,000	3.97	1.41	3.95	9.33	13
e 52,800,000	*c* 3,300,000	56,100,000	*c* 37,900,000	4.47	11.45	7.73	23.65	14
.....	*c* 2,000,000	2,000,000	*c* 3,800,000	3.75	1.00	1.90	6.65	15
.....	*c* 4,900,000	4,900,000	*c* 19,000,000	2.12	.98	3.80	6.90	16
.....	*c* 5,400,000	5,400,000	*c* 6,400,000	6.70	2.35	2.78	11.83	17
c 32,300,000	*e* 41,900,000	74,200,000	*c* 467,200,000	4.66	.59	3.70	8.95	18
e 30,000,000	*d* 10,000,000	40,000,000	.....	2.27	1.82	.....	4.09	19
.....	*e* 7,000,000	7,000,000	*c* 22,500,000	26.42	1.40	4.50	32.32	20
.....	*c* 6,400,000	6,400,000	.....	16.58	.82	.....	17.40	21
c 106,000,000	.....	106,000,000	*c* 4,000,000	.67	8.15	3.07	11.89	22
18,900,000	.....	18,900,000	*c* 8,400,000	.30	5.73	2.54	8.57	23
e 25,000,000	*e* 10,000,000	35,000,000	*e* 550,000,000	1.73	.93	14.67	17.33	24
75,500,000	18,500,000	94,000,000	.....	1.78	2.09	.....	3.87	25
i 950,000,000	.....	950,000,000	*j* 37,000,000	.....	3.21	.12	3.33	26
e 750,000,000	.....	750,000,000	.....	.....	2.08	.....	2.08	27
d 240,000,000	*d* 2,000,000	242,000,000	.....	.....	63.68	.....	63.68	28
.....	*c* 5,000,000	5,000,000	*c* 35,000,000	3.01	.95	6.60	10.56	29
e 1,500,000	.....	1,500,000	.....	2.78	.83	.....	3.61	30
c 3,000,000	*e* 1,500,000	4,500,000	*c* 4,100,000	4.00	4.50	4.10	12.60	31
e 3,400,000	*e* 3,400,000	6,800,000	.....	.30	2.06	.....	2.36	32
c 193,400,000	.....	193,400,000	.....	4.00	38.68	.....	42.68	33
c 1,000,000	.....	1,000,000	.....	50.00	10.00	.....	60.00	34
.....	*b* 1,000,000	1,000,000	.....	22.06	.58	.....	22.64	35
.....	*b* 1,200,000	1,200,000	.....	36.50	1.50	.....	38.00	36
3,615,800,000	652,500,000	4,268,300,000	2,565,800,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	

g London Economist.
h Except Venezuela and Chili.
i F. C. Harrison.
j Indian currency committee report.
k Includes Aden and Perim, Ceylon, Hongkong, Labuan, and Straits Settlements.
* This amount consists of the national-bank notes issued, *plus* the gold certificates, currency certificates, and United States notes outstanding, *minus* the amount of gold coin and bullion in the Treasury.

THE WORLD'S STOCK OF MONEY IN THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD IN 1873.

Inquiries have frequently been received within the last few years asking for information as to the stock of money in the principal countries of the world at different periods, and especially as to 1873. To answer such inquiries, as far as practicable, the following table, showing the stock of money in 1873 in the countries named therein, has been compiled from the most reliable data obtainable:

APPROXIMATE STOCKS OF MONEY IN THE AGGREGATE AND PER CAPITA IN THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD, 1873.

Countries.	Population.	Stock of gold.	Stock of silver.	Uncovered paper.	Per capita.			
					Gold.	Silver.	Paper.	Total.
United States	41,700,000	$135,000,000	$6,150,000	$749,445,000	$3.24	$0.15	$17.97	$21.36
Great Britain	31,800,000	160,000,000	95,000,000	59,800,000	5.03	2.99	1.88	9.90
France	36,100,000	450,000,000	500,000,000	385,300,000	12.47	13.85	10.67	36.99
Germany	41,000,000	160,200,000	306,235,000	90,800,000	3.91	7.47	2.21	13.59
Russia	82,200,000	149,100,000	18,600,000	618,400,000	1.81	.23	7.52	9.56
Italy	26,800,000	20,000,000	23,000,000	87,800,000	.75	.86	3.27	4.88
Belgium	5,200,000	25,000,000	15,000,000	35,100,000	4.81	2.88	6.75	14.44
Netherlands	3,900,000	12,000,000	37,300,000	15,300,000	3.08	9.56	3.92	16.56
Austria-Hungary	35,900,000	35,000,000	40,000,000	265,800,000	.98	1.11	7.40	9.49
Australasia	2,600,000	50,000,000	3,000,000	.....	19.23	1.15	.....	20.38
Denmark	1,800,000	4,100,000	7,500,000	6,500,000	2.28	4.16	3.61	10.05
Sweden	4,400,000	1,800,000	4,300,000	6,000,000	.41	.98	1.36	2.75
Norway	1,800,000	7,600,000	1,600,000	2,300,000	4.22	.89	1.28	6.39
Total	.....	1,209,800,000	1,057,685,000	2,322,545,000	.....	.....	.....	.....

STOCK OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES FROM 1873 TO 1897.

The stock of gold and silver and the amount per capita at the close of each fiscal year, from 1873 to 1897, in the United States is exhibited in the following table, compiled from the reports of the Director of the Mint:

ESTIMATED STOCK OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES AND THE AMOUNT PER CAPITA AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR FROM 1873 TO 1897, INCLUSIVE.

Fiscal year ending June 30—	Population.	Total coin and bullion.		Per capita.		
		Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Total metallic.
1873	41,677,000	$135,000,000	$6,149,305	$3.23	$0.15	$3.38
1874	42,796,000	147,379,493	10,355,478	3.44	.24	3.68
1875	43,951,000	121,134,906	19,367,995	2.75	.44	3.19
1876	45,137,000	130,056,907	36,415,992	2.88	.81	3.69
1877	46,353,000	167,501,472	56,464,427	3.61	1.21	4.82
1878	47,598,000	213,199,977	88,047,907	4.47	1.85	6.32
1879	48,866,000	245,741,837	117,526,341	5.02	2.40	7.42
1880	50,155,783	351,841,206	148,522,678	7.01	2.96	9.97

ESTIMATED STOCK OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES AND THE AMOUNT PER CAPITA AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR FROM 1873 TO 1897, INCLUSIVE—Continued.

Fiscal year ending June 30—	Population.	Total coin and bullion.		Per capita.		
		Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Total metallic.
1881	51,316,000	$478,484,538	$175,384,144	$9.32	$3.41	$12.73
1882	52,495,000	506,757,715	203,217,124	9.65	3.87	13.52
1883	53,693,000	542,732,063	233,007,985	10.10	4.34	14.44
1884	54,911,000	545,500,797	255,568,142	9.93	4.65	14.58
1885	56,148,000	588,697,036	283,478,788	10.48	5.05	15.53
1886	57,404,000	590,774,461	312,252,844	10.29	5.44	15.73
1887	58,680,000	654,520,335	352,993,566	11.15	6.00	17.15
1888	59,974,000	705,818,855	386,611,108	11.76	6.44	18.20
1889	61,289,000	680,063,505	420,548,929	11.09	6.86	17.95
1890	62,622,250	695,563,029	463,211,919	11.10	7.39	18.49
1891	63,975,000	646,582,852	522,277,740	10.10	8.16	18.26
1892	65,520,000	661,275,335	570,313,544	10.15	8.70	18.85
1893	66,946,000	597,697,685	615,861,484	8.93	9.20	18.13
1894	68,397,000	627,293,201	624,347,757	9.18	9.13	18.31
1895	69,878,000	636,229,825	625,854,949	9.10	8.97	18.07
1896	71,390,000	593,597,964	628,728,071	8.40	8.81	17.21
1897	72,937,000	636,270,542	634,509,781	9.55	8.70	18.25

GOLD AND SILVER USED IN THE INDUSTRIAL ARTS.

As in former years, this Bureau has ascertained the amount of gold and silver used in the industrial arts in the United States during the calendar year 1896, by making inquiries of all the private refineries and the Government institutions.

Statements were received in answer to these inquiries showing the number of fine ounces and the value of gold and silver bars sold to manufacturers and jewelers for industrial use, and also the class of material used in the manufacture of such bars.

The number of fine ounces and value of gold and silver bars furnished manufacturers and jewelers by the United States assay office at New York during the calendar year 1896, was as follows:

BARS MANUFACTURED FOR USE IN THE INDUSTRIAL ARTS BY THE UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE AT NEW YORK DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR 1896.

Material used.	Gold.		Silver.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.
Domestic bullion	292,803.973	$6,052,795.30	3,543,854.73	$4,581,953.58
Foreign material	15,325.370	316,803.52	821,386.99	1,061,995.30
Old jewelry, etc	68,403.400	1,414,023.77	435,661.24	563,279.18
United States coin			474.12	613.00
Total	376,532.743	7,783,622.59	4,801,377.08	6,207,841.06

The number of fine ounces and value of gold and silver bars furnished manufacturers and jewelers by the United States Mint at Philadelphia during the calendar year 1896, was as follows:

VALUE AND COMPOSITION OF BARS MANUFACTURED FOR USE IN THE INDUSTRIAL ARTS BY THE UNITED STATES MINT AT PHILADELPHIA DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR 1896.

Material used.	Gold.		Silver.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.
Domestic bullion	25,874.452	$534,872.40	.....	.....
United States coin	763.791	15,788.96	85.50	$110.55
Jewelry, etc	3,717.599	76,849.59	51,513.16	66,602.86
Total	30,355.842	627,510.95	51,598.66	66,713.41

The number of fine ounces and value of gold and silver bars furnished manufacturers and jewelers by the private refineries during the calendar year 1896, was as follows:

BARS FOR INDUSTRIAL USE FURNISHED GOLDSMITHS AND OTHERS BY PRIVATE REFINERIES DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR 1896.

Material used.	Gold bars manufactured.		Silver bars manufactured.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.
Domestic bullion (exclusive of United States bars)	30,095	$622,119	2,616,922	$3,383,495
United States bars	19,617	405,519	867,990	1,122,250
United States coin	7,845	162,171	.....	.....
Old plate, jewelry, and other old material	42,496	878,470	345,686	446,947
Total	100,053	2,068,279	3,830,598	4,952,692

Number of firms addressed	56
Number replying	50
Number not manufacturing	25
Number manufacturing	25

The United States bars bearing the stamp of a United States mint or assay office are manufactured by Government institutions, and are included in their tables. In order to avoid duplication, they must be eliminated from the amounts reported by private refineries.

The number of fine ounces and value of gold and silver bars, exclusive of United States bars furnished manufacturers and jewelers by the private refineries during the calendar year 1896, was as follows:

BARS FOR INDUSTRIAL USE (EXCLUSIVE OF GOVERNMENT BARS) FURNISHED GOLDSMITHS AND OTHERS BY PRIVATE REFINERIES DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR 1896.

Material used.	Gold bars manufactured.		Silver bars manufactured.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.
Domestic bullion	30,095	$622,119	2,616,922	$3,383,495
United States coin	7,845	162,171	.....	.....
Old plate, jewelry, and other old material	42,496	878,470	345,686	446,947
Total	80,436	1,662,760	2,962,608	3,830,442

The value of gold and silver bars furnished manufacturers and jewelers by Government institutions and private refineries during the calendar year 1896 was as follows:

GOLD AND SILVER BARS FURNISHED FOR USE IN MANUFACTURES AND THE ARTS DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR 1896, AND CLASSIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL USED.

Material used.	Gold.	Silver (coining value).	Total.
Domestic bullion	$7,209,787	$7,965,449	$15,175,236
United States coin	177,960	723	178,683
Old material	2,369,343	1,076,829	3,446,172
Foreign bullion and coin	316,804	1,061,995	1,378,799
Total	10,073,894	10,104,996	20,178,890

The value of gold and silver bars furnished manufactures and jewelers by Government institutions and private refineries during the calendar year 1895 was as follows:

GOLD AND SILVER BARS FURNISHED FOR USE IN MANUFACTURES AND THE ARTS DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR 1895, AND CLASSIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL USED.

Material used.	Gold.	Silver (coining value).	Total.
Domestic bullion	$8,481,789	$9,825,387	$18,307,176
United States coin	212,046	1,791	213,837
Foreign bullion and coin	471,027	973,501	1,444,528
Old material	2,976,269	1,378,136	4,354,405
Total	12,141,131	12,178,815	24,319,946

By comparing the above tables it will be seen that the amount of gold used in the industrial arts during the calendar year 1896 decreased $2,067,237, and silver $2,073,819, a total decrease of $4,141,056.

The United States coin used in the manufacture of bars for industrial purposes, as reported by private refineries and Government institutions, was, gold $177,960; silver $723. The actual amount of United States coin melted down by goldsmiths and jewelers would not appear in the reports of institutions manufacturing bars, and in fact is not known, but, assuming the total amount of United States gold coin used in the arts to be $1,500,000 and silver $100,000, the industrial consumption of the precious metals in the United States during the calendar year 1896 would be as follows:

INDUSTRIAL CONSUMPTION OF THE PRECIOUS METALS DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR 1896.

Material used.	Gold.	Silver (coining value).	Total.
Domestic bullion	$7,209,787	$7,965,449	$15,175,236
United States coin	1,500,000	100,000	1,600,000
Old material	2,369,343	1,076,829	3,446,172
Foreign bullion and coin	316,804	1,061,995	1,378,799
Total	11,395,934	10,204,273	21,600,207

GOLD BARS EXCHANGED FOR GOLD COIN AT THE MINT AT PHILADELPHIA AND ASSAY OFFICE AT NEW YORK DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR 1896.

Months.	Philadelphia.	New York.	Total.
January	$65,422.86	$9,635,106.97	$9,700,529.83
February	55,268.53	547,417.13	602,685.66
March	60,264.24	591,195.32	651,459.56
April	40,169.00	416,702.31	456,871.31
May	45,189.69	3,799,060.38	3,844,250.07
June	50,210.03	380,210.07	430,420.10
July	37,610.11	4,481,497.10	4,519,107.21
August	20,077.67	319,720.22	339,797.89
September	40,163.21	407,427.14	447,590.35
October	35,144.57	602,981.75	638,126.32
November	45,186.82	546,904.31	592,091.13
December	40,165.67	399,816.47	439,982.14
Total	534,872.40	22,128,039.17	22,662,911.57

All the gold bars ($534,872.40) exchanged for gold coin at Philadelphia, and $6,052,795.30 of the amount of gold bars exchanged for gold coin at New York, under the provisions of the act of May 26, 1882, were employed in the industrial arts. The remainder of the total bars exchanged, viz, $16,075,243.87, was exported.

The following table shows the amounts and the classification of the material used in the industrial arts in the United States each year since 1880:

GOLD AND SILVER BARS FURNISHED FOR USE IN MANUFACTURES AND THE ARTS AND CLASSIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL USED DURING THE CALENDAR YEARS 1880–1896.

GOLD.

Calendar years.	United States coin.	New material.	Old material.	Foreign bullion and coin.	Total.
1880	$3,300,000	$6,000,000	$395,000	$1,267,600	$10,962,600
1881	2,700,000	7,000,000	522,900	1,547,800	11,770,700
1882	2,500,000	7,000,000	696,500	671,500	10,868,000
1883	4,875,000	7,840,000	1,549,300	194,500	14,458,800
1884	5,000,000	6,000,000	3,114,500	385,500	14,500,000
1885	3,500,000	6,736,927	1,408,902	178,913	11,824,742
1886	3,500,000	7,003,480	1,928,046	638,003	13,069,529
1887	3,500,000	9,090,342	1,835,882	384,122	14,810,346
1888	3,500,000	9,893,057	2,402,976	718,809	16,514,842
1889	3,500,000	9,686,827	3,218,971	291,258	16,697,056
1890	3,500,000	10,717,472	3,076,426	362,062	17,655,960
1891	3,500,000	10,697,679	4,860,712	628,525	19,686,916
1892	3,500,000	10,588,703	4,468,685	771,686	19,329,074
1893	1,500,000	8,354,482	2,777,165	804,254	13,435,901
1894	1,500,000	6,430,073	2,184,946	543,585	10,658,604
1895	1,500,000	8,481,789	2,976,269	471,027	13,429,085
1896	1,500,000	7,209,787	2,369,343	316,804	11,395,934
Total	52,375,000	138,730,618	39,786,523	10,175,948	241,068,089

SILVER (COINING VALUE).

1880	$600,000	$5,000,000	$145,000	$353,000	$6,098,000
1881	200,000	5,900,000	178,000	371,000	6,649,000
1882	200,000	6,344,300	212,900	440,300	7,197,500
1883	200,000	4,623,700	561,900	155,000	5,540,600
1884	200,000	4,500,000	170,000	650,000	5,520,000
1885	200,000	4,539,875	462,186	62,708	5,264,769
1886	200,000	3,626,195	404,155	825,615	5,055,965
1887	200,000	4,102,734	480,606	654,991	5,438,331
1888	200,000	6,477,857	652,047	771,085	8,101,889
1889	200,000	7,297,933	611,015	657,997	8,766,945
1890	200,000	7,143,635	640,100	1,245,419	9,229,154
1891	200,000	7,289,073	858,126	1,256,101	9,603,300
1892	200,000	7,204,210	647,377	1,249,801	9,301,388
1893	100,000	6,570,737	1,222,836	1,740,704	9,634,277
1894	100,000	8,579,472	1,221,177	982,399	10,883,048
1895	100,000	9,825,387	1,378,136	973,501	12,277,024
1896	100,000	7,965,449	1,076,829	1,061,995	10,204,273
Total	3,400,000	106,990,557	10,922,390	13,452,516	134,765,463

The weight and value of gold and silver bars manufactured for industrial use by the Government institutions during the fiscal year 1897 were as follows:

VALUE AND COMPOSITION OF BARS MANUFACTURED FOR USE IN THE INDUSTRIAL ARTS BY THE UNITED STATES MINT AT PHILADELPHIA DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Material used.	Gold.		Silver.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.
Domestic bullion	23,928.639	$494,648.84	172.24	$222.70
United States coin	508.529	10,512.24	85.50	110.55
Jewelry, etc	3,735.580	77,221.30	51,825.76	67,007.04
Total	28,172.748	582,382.38	52,083.50	67,340.29

BARS MANUFACTURED FOR USE IN THE INDUSTRIAL ARTS BY THE UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE AT NEW YORK DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Material used.	Gold.		Silver.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.
Domestic bullion	242,764.582	$5,018,389.28	3,513,058.63	$4,542,136.40
Foreign material	24,470.283	505,845.65	692,657.91	895,557.70
Old jewelry, etc	83,867.540	1,733,695.92	368,864.72	476,915.99
United States coin			175.67	227.13
Total	351,102.405	7,257,930.85	4,574,756.93	5,914,837.22

BARS MANUFACTURED BY GOVERNMENT INSTITUTIONS FOR USE IN THE INDUSTRIAL ARTS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Material used.	Gold.		Silver.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.
Domestic bullion	266,693.221	$5,513,038.12	3,513,230.87	$4,542,359.10
United States coin	508.529	10,512.24	261.17	337.68
Foreign material	24,470.283	505,845.65	692,657.91	895,557.70
Old jewelry, etc	87,603.120	1,810,917.22	420,690.48	543,923.03
Total	379,275.153	7,840,313.23	4,626,840.43	5,982,177.51

(For comparison a similar table is given, dated June 30, 1896.)

BARS MANUFACTURED BY GOVERNMENT INSTITUTIONS FOR USE IN THE INDUSTRIAL ARTS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1896.

Material used.	Gold.		Silver.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.
Domestic bullion	368,227.140	$7,611,930.52	4,206,447.47	$5,438,639.15
United States coin	1,043.030	21,561.34	1,683.37	2,176.47
Foreign material	15,963.772	330,000.45	690,632.00	892,938.34
Old plate, jewelry, etc	90,480.097	1,870,389.60	649,537.66	839,806.29
Total	475,714.039	9,833,881.91	5,548,300.50	7,173,560.25

It will be seen from the above tables that the value of bars manufactured, both gold and silver, decreased during the present fiscal

year—in gold, $1,993,568.68; in silver, $1,191,382.74; a total decrease of $3,184,951.42.

EXCHANGE OF GOLD BARS FOR GOLD COIN.

The value of gold bars manufactured by the United States mint at Philadelphia and the assay office at New York for use in the industrial arts and exchanged for gold coin of full legal weight during the fiscal year 1897 was $19,437,581.72—a decrease over the previous fiscal year of $17,474,049.36.

Months.	Philadelphia.	New York.	Total.
1896.			
July	$37,610.11	$4,481,497.10	$4,519,107.21
August	20,077.67	319,720.22	339,797.89
September	40,163.21	407,427.14	447,590.35
October	35,144.57	602,981.75	638,126.32
November	45,186.82	546,904.31	592,091.13
December	40,165.67	399,816.47	439,982.14
1897.			
January	35,143.34	314,302.14	349,445.48
February	55,233.21	356,573.06	411,806.27
March	55,228.42	374,238.88	429,467.30
April	35,172.86	3,681,996.75	3,717,169.61
May	45,199.59	4,785,283.71	4,830,483.30
June	50,323.37	2,672,191.35	2,722,514.72
Total	494,648.84	18,942,932.88	19,437,581.72
Fiscal year 1896	693,360.17	36,218,270.91	36,911,631.08

Of the bars exchanged at the assay office at New York $14,221,334.74 was exported, while $4,721,598.14, together with $494,648.84 exchanged at the mint at Philadelphia, entered into the industrial arts in this country.

THE WORLD'S INDUSTRIAL CONSUMPTION OF GOLD AND SILVER IN 1896.

Countries.	Gold.		Silver.		
	Kilograms.	Value.	Kilograms.	Coining value.	Commercial value.
Austria-Hungary	3,569	$2,371,957	43,206	$1,795,641	$936,062
Belgium	3,100	2,060,260	20,000	831,200	433,302
Netherlands			12,000	498,720	259,981
England	15,500	10,301,300	140,000	5,818,400	3,033,113
France	16,000	10,633,600	140,250	5,828,790	3,038,530
Germany	13,200	8,772,720	150,000	6,234,000	3,249,764
Italy	5,000	3,323,000	21,000	872,760	454,967
Portugal	1,160	770,936	5,872	244,040	127,217
Russia	4,087	2,716,220	94,852	3,942,049	2,054,979
Sweden	360	239,256	3,000	124,680	64,995
Switzerland	8,596	5,712,800	28,500	1,184,460	617,455
United States	13,582	9,026,591	219,621	9,127,444	4,758,108
Other countries	5,000	3,323,000	50,000	2,078,000	1,083,255
Total	89,154	59,251,640	928,301	38,580,184	20,111,728

PRODUCT OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES.

The statistics of the production of gold and silver in the United States for the calendar year 1896 is given in a special report made to the Secretary of the Treasury upon the production of the precious metals for 1896.

The product as distributed among producing States and Territories is shown in the following table:

APPROXIMATE DISTRIBUTION, BY PRODUCING STATES AND TERRITORIES, OF THE PRODUCT OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR 1896, AS ESTIMATED BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.

States and Territories.	Gold.		Silver.		Total value.
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.	
Alabama	275	$5,700			$5,700
Alaska	99,444	2,055,700	145,300	$187,863	2,243,563
Arizona	125,978	2,604,200	1,913,000	2,473,373	5,077,573
California	737,036	15,235,900	600,600	776,533	16,012,433
Colorado	721,320	14,911,000	22,573,000	29,185,293	44,096,293
Georgia	7,305	151,000	600	776	151,776
Idaho	104,263	2,155,300	5,149,900	6,658,457	8,813,757
Iowa	48	1,000			1,000
Maryland	15	300			300
Michigan	1,800	37,200	59,000	76,283	113,483
Minnesota	39	800			800
Montana	209,207	4,324,700	16,737,500	21,640,404	25,965,104
Nevada	119,404	2,468,300	1,048,700	1,355,895	3,824,195
New Mexico	23,017	475,800	687,800	889,277	1,365,077
North Carolina	2,143	44,300	500	646	44,946
Oregon	60,517	1,251,000	61,100	78,998	1,329,998
South Carolina	3,062	63,300	300	388	63,688
South Dakota	240,414	4,969,800	229,500	296,727	5,266,527
Tennessee	15	300			300
Texas	387	8,000	525,400	679,305	687,305
Utah	91,908	1,899,900	8,827,600	11,413,463	13,313,363
Vermont	48	1,000			1,000
Virginia	169	3,500			3,500
Washington	19,626	405,700	274,900	355,426	761,126
Wyoming	692	14,300	100	129	14,429
Total	2,568,132	53,088,000	58,834,800	76,069,236	129,157,236

The following table shows the production of gold and silver from the mines of the United States in the years 1860 to 1896.

(The silver product is given at its commercial value, reckoned at the average market price of silver each year, as well as its coining value in United States dollars.)

PRODUCT OF GOLD AND SILVER FROM MINES IN THE UNITED STATES, 1860–1896.

[The estimate for 1860–1872 is by R. W. Raymond, commissioner, and since 1872 by the Bureau of the Mint.]

Calendar years.	Gold.		Silver.		
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Commercial value.	Coining value.
1860	2,225,250	$46,000,000	116,015	$157,000	$150,000
1861	2,080,125	43,000,000	1,546,875	2,062,000	2,000,000
1862	1,896,300	39,200,000	3,480,469	4,685,000	4,500,000
1863	1,935,000	40,000,000	6,574,219	8,842,000	8,500,000
1864	2,230,088	46,100,000	8,507,812	11,443,000	11,000,000
1865	2,574,759	53,225,000	8,701,171	11,642,000	11,250,000
1866	2,588,063	53,500,000	7,734,375	10,356,000	10,000,000
1867	2,502,197	51,725,000	10,441,406	13,866,000	13,500,000
1868	2,322,000	48,000,000	9,281,250	12,307,000	12,000,000
1869	2,394,563	49,500,000	9,281,250	12,298,000	12,000,000
1870	2,418,750	50,000,000	12,375,000	16,734,000	16,000,000
1871	2,104,313	43,500,000	17,789,062	23,578,000	23,000,000
1872	1,741,500	36,000,000	22,236,328	29,396,000	28,750,000
Total	29,012,908	599,750,000	118,065,232	157,366,000	152,650,000
1873	1,741,500	36,000,000	27,650,000	35,890,000	35,750,000
1874	1,620,563	33,500,000	28,849,000	36,869,000	37,300,000
1875	1,615,725	33,400,000	24,518,000	30,549,000	31,700,000
1876	1,930,162	39,900,000	30,009,000	34,690,000	38,800,000
1877	2,268,788	46,900,000	30,783,000	36,970,000	39,800,000
1878	2,476,800	51,200,000	34,960,000	40,270,000	45,200,000
1879	1,881,787	38,900,000	31,550,000	35,430,000	40,800,000
1880	1,741,500	36,000,000	30,320,000	34,720,000	39,200,000
1881	1,678,612	34,700,000	33,260,000	37,850,000	43,000,000
1882	1,572,187	32,500,000	36,200,000	41,120,000	46,800,000
1883	1,451,250	30,000,000	35,730,000	39,660,000	46,200,000
1884	1,489,950	30,800,000	37,800,000	42,070,000	48,800,000
1885	1,538,325	31,800,000	39,910,000	42,500,000	51,600,000
1886	1,693,125	35,000,000	39,440,000	39,230,000	51,000,000
1887	1,596,375	33,000,000	41,260,000	40,410,000	53,350,000
1888	1,604,841	33,175,000	45,780,000	43,020,000	59,195,000
1889	1,587,000	32,800,000	50,000,000	46,750,000	64,646,000
1890	1,588,880	32,845,000	54,500,000	57,225,000	70,465,000
1891	1,604,840	33,175,000	58,330,000	57,630,000	75,417,000
1892	1,596,375	33,000,000	63,500,000	55,563,000	82,101,000
1893	1,739,323	35,955,000	60,000,000	46,800,000	77,576,000
1894	1,910,813	39,500,000	49,500,000	31,422,000	64,000,000
1895	2,254,760	46,610,000	55,727,000	36,445,000	72,051,000
1896	2,568,132	53,088,000	58,835,000	39,655,000	76,069,000
Total	42,751,613	883,748,000	998,411,000	982,738,000	1,290,820,000
Grand total	71,764,521	1,483,498,000	1,116,476,232	1,140,104,000	1,443,470,000

Tables showing the product of gold and silver from mines of the United States since 1792 will be found in the Appendix.

COINAGE OF THE UNITED STATES.

The following table exhibits the number of fine ounces and value of gold and silver coinage of the United States, by calendar years, from 1873 to 1896:

COINAGE OF GOLD AND SILVER OF THE MINTS OF THE UNITED STATES, 1873-1896.

Calendar years.	Gold.		Silver.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.
1873	2,758,475	$57,022,748	3,112,891	$4,024,748
1874	1,705,441	35,254,630	5,299,421	6,851,777
1875	1,594,050	32,951,940	11,870,635	15,347,893
1876	2,253,281	46,579,453	18,951,777	24,503,308
1877	2,128,493	43,999,864	21,960,246	28,393,045
1878	2,408,400	49,786,052	22,057,548	28,518,850
1879	1,890,499	39,080,080	21,323,498	27,569,776
1880	3,014,163	62,308,279	21,201,232	27,411,694
1881	4,635,162	96,850,890	21,609,970	27,940,164
1882	3,187,317	65,887,685	21,635,469	27,973,132
1883	1,414,581	29,241,990	22,620,701	29,246,968
1884	1,160,601	23,991,756	22,069,935	28,534,866
1885	1,343,519	27,773,012	22,400,433	28,962,176
1886	1,400,240	28,945,542	24,817,064	32,086,709
1887	1,159,664	23,972,383	27,218,101	35,191,081
1888	1,518,046	31,380,808	25,543,242	33,025,606
1889	1,035,809	21,413,931	27,454,465	35,496,683
1890	990,100	20,467,182	30,320,999	39,202,908
1891	1,413,614	29,222,005	21,284,115	27,518,857
1892	1,682,832	34,787,223	9,777,084	12,641,078
1893	2,757,231	56,997,020	6,808,413	8,802,797
1894	3,848,045	79,546,160	7,115,896	9,200,351
1895	2,883,941	59,616,358	4,407,055	5,698,010
1896	2,276,192	47,053,060	17,858,594	23,089,899
Total	50,509,786	1,044,130,051	438,718,784	567,232,376

In the Appendix a table will be found showing the value of the coinage executed by each mint from 1792 to June 30, 1897.

WORLD'S PRODUCTION, 1894, 1895, AND 1896.

The production of gold and silver in the world for the calendar years 1894, 1895, and 1896 was as follows:

PRODUCT OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE WORLD.

Calendar years.	Gold.	Silver.
1894	$181,175,600	$212,829,600
1895	199,304,100	216,292,500
1896	202,956,000	213,463,700

Tables compiled from information furnished by foreign governments through our diplomatic representatives and revised from the latest

data, exhibiting the weight and value of the gold and silver product of the principal countries of the world for the calendar years 1894, 1895, and 1896, will be found in the Appendix.

For the sake of uniformity, the value of silver has, as heretofore, been calculated at its coinage rate, viz, $1.2929+ per fine ounce.

The following table shows the production of the precious metals in the world for the calendar years 1860–1896:

PRODUCT OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE WORLD, 1860–1896.

The annual production of 1860 to 1872 is obtained from 5-year period estimates, compiled by Dr. Adolph Soetbeer. Since 1872 the estimates are those of the Bureau of the Mint.]

Calendar years.	Gold.		Silver.		
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Commercial value.	Coining value.
1860	6,486,262	$134,083,000	29,095,428	$39,337,000	$37,618,000
1861	5,949,582	122,989,000	35,401,972	46,191,000	45,772,000
1862	5,949,582	122,989,000	35,401,972	47,651,000	45,772,000
1863	5,949,582	122,989,000	35,401,972	47,616,000	45,772,000
1864	5,949,582	122,989,000	35,401,972	47,616,000	45,772,000
1865	5,949,582	122,989,000	35,401,972	47,368,000	45,772,000
1866	6,270,086	129,614,000	43,051,583	57,646,000	55,663,000
1867	6,270,086	129,614,000	43,051,583	57,173,000	55,663,000
1868	6,270,086	129,614,000	43,051,583	57,086,000	55,663,000
1869	6,270,086	129,614,000	43,051,583	57,043,000	55,663,000
1870	6,270,086	129,614,000	43,051,583	57,173,000	55,663,000
1871	5,591,014	115,577,000	63,317,014	83,958,000	81,864,000
1872	5,591,014	115,577,000	63,317,014	83,705,000	81,864,000
Total	78,766,630	1,628,252,000	547,997,231	729,563,000	708,521,000
1873	4,653,675	96,200,000	63,267,187	82,120,800	81,800,000
1874	4,390,031	90,750,000	55,300,781	70,674,400	71,500,000
1875	4,716,563	97,500,000	62,261,719	77,578,100	80,500,000
1876	5,016,488	103,700,000	67,753,125	78,322,600	87,600,000
1877	5,512,196	113,947,200	62,679,916	75,278,600	81,040,700
1878	5,761,114	119,092,800	73,385,451	84,540,000	94,882,200
1879	5,262,174	108,778,800	74,383,495	83,532,700	96,172,600
1880	5,148,880	106,436,800	74,795,273	85,640,600	96,705,000
1881	4,983,742	103,023,100	79,020,872	89,925,700	102,168,400
1882	4,934,086	101,996,600	86,472,091	98,232,300	111,802,300
1883	4,614,588	95,392,000	89,175,023	98,984,300	115,297,000
1884	4,921,169	101,729,600	81,567,801	90,785,000	105,461,400
1885	5,245,572	108,435,600	91,609,959	97,518,800	118,445,200
1886	5,135,679	106,163,900	93,297,290	92,795,500	120,626,800
1887	5,116,861	105,774,900	96,123,586	94,031,000	124,281,000
1888	5,330,775	110,196,900	108,827,606	102,185,900	140,706,400
1889	5,973,790	123,489,200	120,213,611	112,414,100	155,427,700
1890	5,749,306	118,848,700	126,095,062	131,937,000	163,032,000
1891	6,320,194	130,650,000	137,170,919	135,500,200	177,352,300
1892	7,094,266	146,651,500	153,151,762	133,404,400	198,014,400
1893	7,618,811	157,494,800	165,472,621	120,119,900	213,944,400
1894	8,764,362	181,175,600	164,610,394	104,493,000	212,829,600
1895	9,641,337	199,304,100	167,288,729	109,406,800	216,292,500
1896	9,817,991	202,956,000	165,100,887	111,278,000	213,463,700
Total	141,723,650	2,929,688,100	2,459,025,160	2,369,697,700	3,179,345,600
Grand total	220,490,280	4,557,940,100	3,007,022,391	3,099,260,700	3,887,866,600

The silver product is given at its commercial value, reckoned at the average market price of silver each year, as well as its coining value in United States dollars.

A table showing the product of gold and silver in the world for the calendar years 1493–1896 will be found in the Appendix.

WORLD'S COINAGE, 1894, 1895, AND 1896.

In the Appendix will be found a table, revised from the latest information received, exhibiting the coinages of the various countries of the world during the calendar years 1894, 1895, and 1896. The following is a summary of the same:

COINAGE OF NATIONS.

Calendar years.	Gold.	Silver.
1894	$227,921,032	$113,095,788
1895	231,087,438	121,610,219
1896	195,899,517	153,395,740

The above figures represent, as nearly as this Bureau has been able to ascertain, the total value of the gold and silver coinages executed in the world during the years therein named.

It must be borne in mind, however, that the total of these coinages does not correctly represent the amount of new gold and new silver made into coins during the year, for the reason that the coinages as reported include the value of domestic and foreign coins melted for recoinage, as well as old material, plate, etc., used in coinage.

In the circular letter of inquiry prepared at this Bureau and sent to foreign governments through the Department of State asking for information on these subjects, it was especially requested that each country report the amount of such recoinages. This has been done in many instances, but not in all.

The following table exhibits the number of fine ounces and value of gold and silver coinage of the world, by calendar years, from 1873 to 1896:

COINAGE OF GOLD AND SILVER OF THE MINTS OF THE WORLD FOR THE CALENDAR YEARS 1873–1896.

Calendar years.	Gold.		Silver.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.
1873	12,462,890	$257,630,802	101,741,421	$131,544,464
1874	6,568,279	135,778,387	79,610,875	102,931,232
1875	9,480,892	195,987,428	92,747,118	119,915,467
1876	10,309,645	213,119,278	97,899,525	126,577,164
1877	9,753,196	201,616,466	88,449,796	114,359,332
1878	9,113,202	188,386,611	124,671,870	161,191,913
1879	4,390,167	90,752,811	81,124,555	104,888,313

COINAGE OF GOLD AND SILVER OF THE MINTS OF THE WORLD FOR THE CALENDAR YEARS 1873–1896—Continued.

Calendar years.	Gold.		Silver.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coinage value.
1880	7,242,951	$149,725,081	65,442,074	$84,611,974
1881	7,111,864	147,015,275	83,539,051	108,010,086
1882	4,822,851	99,697,170	85,685,996	110,785,934
1883	5,071,882	104,845,114	84,541,904	109,306,705
1884	4,810,061	99,432,795	74,120,127	95,832,084
1885	4,632,273	95,757,582	98,044,475	126,764,574
1886	4,578,310	94,642,070	96,566,844	124,854,101
1887	6,046,510	124,992,465	126,388,502	163,411,397
1888	6,522,346	134,828,855	104,354,000	134,922,344
1889	8,170,611	168,901,519	107,788,256	139,362,595
1890	7,219,725	149,244,965	117,789,228	152,293,144
1891	5,782,463	119,534,122	106,962,049	138,294,367
1892	8,343,387	172,473,124	120,282,947	155,517,347
1893	11,243,342	232,420,517	106,697,783	137,952,690
1894	11,025,680	227,921,032	87,472,523	113,095,788
1895	11,178,855	231,087,438	94,057,903	121,610,219
1896	9,476,620	195,899,517	118,642,018	153,395,740
Total	185,358,002	3,831,690,424	2,344,620,840	3,031,428,974

FOREIGN COINS MELTED BY CERTAIN COUNTRIES.

Foreign gold and silver coins melted by the various countries of the world during the calendar years 1895 and 1896, so far as has been reported to this Bureau, are exhibited in the table following:

FOREIGN GOLD AND SILVER COINS MELTED BY CERTAIN COUNTRIES, CALENDAR YEARS 1895 AND 1896.

Countries.	1895.		1896.	
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.
United States	$1,172,663	$73,467	$15,406,241	$219,269
Austria-Hungary	15,556,130	2,446	15,215,830	4,573
Chile	5,121,931	.....	389,333	.....
Germany	12,837,156	.....	9,036,833	.....
Netherlands	55,826	.....	.....	.....
Russia	548	.....	.....	.....
Siam	.....	2,589,823	.....	.....
Turkey	3,376,756	.....	.....	.....
Japan	.....	.....	.....	709,507
Total	38,121,010	2,665,736	40,048,237	933,349

RECOINAGES BY THE WORLD.

The following table, compiled from official sources, exhibits, approximately, the recoinages of gold and silver of the principal countries of the world for the calendar years 1895 and 1896, so far as the same have been reported to this Bureau:

GOLD AND SILVER RECOINAGES REPORTED BY THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD DURING THE CALENDAR YEARS 1895 AND 1896.

[Value expressed in United States money.]

Countries.	1895.		1896.	
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.
United States	$1,098,901	$3,497,374	$1,939,173	$4,552,051
Australia	5,825	.....	8,429	.....
Austria-Hungary	387,498	3,316,209	362,439	714,061
France	672,244	.....	175,485	.....
Great Britain	11,679,600	2,160,731	12,627,044	1,100,642
Germany	69,479	1,826,038	124,140	2,718,368
India (British)	.....	484,548	.....	2,593,721
Japan	.....	1,594	16,362	6,016
Netherlands	434	.....	.....	427,023
Norway	.....	10,854	.....	.....
Russia	3,596	488,948	.....	285,584
Spain	.....	138,078	.....	.....
Switzerland	.....	44,390	.....	1,930
Turkey	43,960	414,483	.....	.....
Denmark	.....	.....	.....	1,007
Sweden	.....	.....	.....	884
Mexico	.....	.....	.....	12,500,000
Total	13,961,537	12,383,247	15,253,072	24,991,287

VALUE OF FOREIGN COINS.

The law requires—

That the value of the foreign coins as expressed in the money of account of the United States shall be that of the pure metal of such coin of standard value; and the values of the standard coins in circulation of the various nations of the world shall be estimated quarterly by the Director of the Mint, and be proclaimed by the Secretary of the Treasury immediately after the passage of this act and thereafter quarterly on the 1st day of January, April, July, and October in each year.

In accordance with the above requirement, the values of foreign coins have been estimated and proclaimed as follows:

VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS, JANUARY 1, 1897.

Countries.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of United States gold dollar.	Coins.
Argentina	Gold and silver.	Peso	$0.965	Gold: argentine ($4.824) and ½ argentine. Silver: peso and divisions.
Austria-Hungary	Gold	Crown	.203	Gold: former system—4 florins ($1.929), 8 florins ($3.858), ducat ($2.287), and 4 ducats ($9.149). Silver: 1 and 2 florins. Gold: present system—20 crowns ($4.052), 10 crowns ($2.026).
Belgium	Gold and silver.	Franc	.193	Gold: 10 and 20 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Bolivia	Silver	Boliviano	.474	Silver: boliviana and divisions.
Brazil	Gold	Milreis	.546	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 milreis. Silver: ½, 1, and 2 milreis.
British Possessions N. A. (except Newfoundland).	do	Dollar	1.000	
Central American States:				
Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Salvador	Silver	Peso	.474	Silver: peso and divisions.
Chile	Gold	Peso	.365	Gold: escudo ($1.825), doubloon ($3.650), and condor ($7.300). Silver: peso and divisions.
China	Silver	Tael. Amoy	.767	
		Tael. Canton	.765	
		Tael. Chefoo	.733	
		Tael. Chin Kiang	.749	
		Tael. Fuchau	.709	
		Tael. Haikwan (customs).	.780	
		Tael. Hankow	.717	

VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS, JANUARY 1, 1897—Continued.

Countries.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of United States gold dollar.	Coins.
China	Silver	Tael. Hongkong	(*)	
		Tael. Niuchwang	$0.719	
		Tael. Ningpo	.737	
		Tael. Shanghai	.700	
		Tael. Swatow	.708	
		Tael. Takau	.772	
		Tael. Tientsin	.743	
Colombia	Silver	Peso	.474	Gold: condor ($9.647) and double condor. Silver: peso.
Cuba	Gold and silver.	do	.926	Gold: doubloon ($5.017). Silver: peso.
Denmark	Gold	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Ecuador	Silver	Sucre	.474	Gold: condor ($9.647) and double condor. Silver: sucre and divisions.
Egypt	Gold	Pound (100 piasters).	4.943	Gold: pound (100 piasters), 5, 10, 20, and 50 piasters. Silver: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 piasters.
Finland	Gold	Mark	.193	Gold: 20 marks ($3.859), 10 marks ($1.93).
France	Gold and silver.	Franc	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
German Empire	Gold	Mark	.238	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 marks.
Great Britain	do	Pound sterling	4.866½	Gold: sovereign (pound sterling) and ½ soveriegn.
Greece	Gold and silver.	Drachma	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 drachmas. Silver: 5 drachmas.
Haiti	do	Gourde	.965	Silver: gourde.
India	Silver	Rupee	.225	Gold: mohur ($7.105). Silver: rupee and divisions.
Italy	Gold and silver.	Lira	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 lire. Silver: 5 lire.
Japan	dot	Yen. Gold	.997	Gold: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 yen.
		Yen. Silver	.511	Silver: yen.
Liberia	Gold	Dollar	1.000	
Mexico	Silver	Dollar	.515	Gold: dollar ($0.983), 2½, 5, 10, and 20 dollars. Silver: dollar (or peso) and divisions.
Netherlands	Gold and silver.	Florin	.402	Gold: 10 florins. Silver: ½, 1, and 2½ florins.
Newfoundland	Gold	Dollar	1.014	Gold: 2 dollars ($2.027).
Norway	do	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Persia	Silver	Kran	.087	Gold: ½, 1, and 2 tomans ($3.409). Silver: ¼, ½, 1, 2, and 5 krans.
Peru	do	Sol	.474	Silver: sol and divisions.
Portugal	Gold	Milreis	1.080	Gold: 1, 2, 5, and 10 milreis.

*The "British dollar" has the same legal value as the Mexican dollar in Hongkong, the Straits Settlement, and Labuan.

† Gold the nominal standard. Silver practically the standard.

VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS, JANUARY 1, 1897—Continued.

Countries.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of United States gold dollar.	Coins.
Russia	Silver*	Ruble (Gold)	$0.772	Gold: imperial ($7.718), and ½ imperial † ($3.86).
		Ruble (Silver)	.379	Silver: ¼, ½, and 1 ruble.
Spain	Gold and silver.	Peseta	.193	Gold: 25 pesetas. Silver: 5 pesetas.
Sweden	Gold	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Switzerland	Gold and silver.	Franc	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Turkey	Gold	Piaster	.044	Gold: 25, 50, 100, 250, and 500 piasters.
Uruguay	do	Peso	1.034	Gold: peso. Silver: peso and divisions.
Venezuela	Gold and silver.	Bolivar	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 bolivars. Silver: 5 bolivars.

VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS, APRIL 1, 1897.

Countries.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of United States gold dollar.	Coins.
Argentina	Gold and silver.	Peso	$0.965	Gold: argentine ($4.824) and ½ argentine. Silver: peso and divisions.
Austria-Hungary	Gold	Crown	.203	Gold: former system—4 florins ($1.929), 8 florins ($3.858), ducat ($2.287) and 4 ducats ($9.149). Silver: 1 and 2 florins. Gold: present system—20 crowns ($4.052); 10 crowns ($2.026).
Belgium	Gold and silver.	Franc	.193	Gold: 10 and 20 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Bolivia	Silver	Boliviano	.468	Silver: boliviano and divisions.
Brazil	Gold	Milreis	.546	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 milreis. Silver: ½, 1, and 2 milreis.
British Possessions, N. A. (except Newfoundland).	do	Dollar	1.000	
Central American States:				
Costa Rica	do	Colon	.465	Gold: 2, 5, 10, and 20 colons ($9.307). Silver: 5, 10, 25, and 50 centimos.
Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Salvador	Silver	Peso	.468	Silver: peso and divisions.

* Silver the nominal standard. Paper the actual currency, the depreciation of which is measured by the gold standard.

† Coined since January 1, 1886. Old half imperial = $3.986.

VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS, APRIL 1, 1897—Continued.

Countries.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of United States gold dollar.	Coins.
Chile	Gold	Peso	$0.365	Gold: escudo ($1.825), doubloon ($3.650), and condor ($7.300). Silver: peso and divisions.
China	Silver	Tael (Amoy)	.757	
		Tael (Canton)	.755	
		Tael (Chefoo)	.724	
		Tael (Chinkiang)	.739	
		Tael (Fuchau)	.700	
		Tael (Haikwan (customs))	.770	
		Tael (Hankow)	.708	
		Tael (Hongkong)	(*)	
		Tael (Ninchwang)	.710	
		Tael (Ningpo)	.728	
		Tael (Shanghai)	.691	
		Tael (Swatow)	.699	
		Tael (Takau)	.762	
		Tael (Tientsin)	.734	
Colombia	Silver	Peso	.468	Gold: condor ($9.647) and double-condor. Silver: peso.
Cuba	Gold and silver.	do	.926	Gold: centen ($5.017). Silver: peso.
Denmark	Gold	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Ecuador	Silver	Sucre	.468	Gold: condor ($9.647) and double-condor. Silver: sucre and divisions.
Egypt	Gold	Pound (100 piasters).	4.943	Gold: pound (100 piasters), 5, 10, 20, and 50 piasters. Silver: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 piasters.
Finland	do	Mark	.193	Gold: 20 marks ($3.859), 10 marks ($1.93).
France	Gold and silver.	Franc	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
German Empire	Gold	Mark	.238	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 marks.
Great Britain	do	Pound sterling	4.866½	Gold: sovereign (pound sterling) and ½ sovereign.
Greece	Gold and silver.	Drachma	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 drachmas. Silver: 5 drachmas.
Haiti	do	Gourde	.965	Silver: gourde.
India	Silver	Rupee†	.222	Gold: mohur ($7.105). Silver: rupee and divisions.
Italy	Gold and silver.	Lira	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 lire. Silver: 5 lire.
Japan	do‡	Yen (Gold)	.997	Gold: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 yen.
		Yen (Silver)	.505	Silver: yen.
Liberia	Gold	Dollar	1.000	
Mexico	Silver	do	.508	Gold: dollar ($0.983), 2½, 5, 10, and 20 dollars. Silver: dollar (or peso) and divisions.

*The "British dollar" has the same legal value as the Mexican dollar in Hongkong, the Straits Settlements, and Labuan.
† Value of the rupee to be determined by consular certificate.
‡ Gold the nominal standard. Silver practically the standard.

VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS, APRIL 1, 1897—Continued.

Countries.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of United States gold dollar.	Coins.
Netherlands	Gold and silver.	Florin	$0.402	Gold: 10 florins. Silver: ½, 1, and 2½ florins.
Newfoundland	Gold	Dollar	1.014	Gold: 2 dollars ($2.027).
Norway	do	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Persia	Silver	Kran	.086	Gold: ½, 1, and 2 tomans ($3.409). Silver: ¼, ½, 1, 2, and 5 krans.
Peru	do	Sol	.468	Silver: sol and divisions.
Portugal	Gold	Milreis	1.080	Gold: 1, 2, 5, and 10 milreis.
Russia	Silver*	Ruble† Gold	.772	Gold: imperial ($7.718) and ½ imperial‡ ($3.86).
		Ruble† Silver	.374	Silver: ¼, ½, and 1 ruble.
Spain	Gold and silver.	Peseta	.193	Gold: 25 pesetas. Silver: 5 pesetas.
Sweden	Gold	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Switzerland	Gold and silver.	Franc	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Turkey	Gold	Piaster	.044	Gold: 25, 50, 100, 250, and 500 piasters.
Uruguay	do	Peso	1.034	Gold: peso. Silver: peso and divisions.
Venezuela	Gold and silver.	Bolivar	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 bolivars. Silver: 5 bolivars.

VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS, JULY 1, 1897.

Countries.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of United States gold dollar.	Coins.
Argentina	Gold and silver.	Peso	$0.965	Gold: argentine ($4.824) and ½ argentine. Silver: peso and divisions.
Austria-Hungary	Gold	Crown	.203	Gold: former system—4 florins ($1.929), 8 florins ($3.858), ducat ($2.287) and 4 ducats ($0.149). Silver: 1 and 2 florins. Gold: present system—20 crowns ($4.052); 10 crowns ($2.026).
Belgium	Gold and silver.	Franc	.193	Gold: 10 and 20 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Bolivia	Silver	Boliviano	.443	Silver: boliviano and divisions.
Brazil	Gold	Milreis	.546	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 milreis. Silver: ½, 1, and 2 milreis.

* Silver the nominal standard. Paper the actual currency, the depreciation of which is measured by the gold standard.
† By imperial ukase, January 3–15, 1897, 1½ paper rubles = 1 gold ruble.
‡ Coined since January 1, 1886. Old half-imperial = $3.986.

VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS, JULY 1, 1897—Continued.

Countries.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of United States gold dollar.	Coins.
British Possessions, N. A. (except Newfoundland).	Gold	Dollar	$1.000	
Central American States:				
Costa Rica	do	Colon	.465	Gold: 2, 5, 10, and 20 colons ($9.307), Silver: 5, 10, 25, and 50 centimos.
British Honduras.	do	Dollar	1.000	
Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Salvador	Silver	Peso	.443	Silver: peso and divisions.
Chile	Gold	do	.365	Gold: escudo ($1.825), doubloon ($3.650), and condor ($7.300). Silver: peso and divisions.
China	Silver	Tael. Amoy	.717	
		Canton	.715	
		Chefoo	.686	
		Chin Kiang	.700	
		Fuchau	.663	
		Haikwan (customs).	.730	
		Hankow	.671	
		Hongkong.	(*)	
		Niuchwang	.672	
		Ningpo	.689	
		Shanghai	.655	
		Swatow	.662	
		Takau	.722	
		Tientsin	.695	
Colombia	Silver	Peso	.443	Gold: condor ($9.647) and double condor. Silver: peso.
Cuba	Gold and silver.	do	.926	Gold: centen ($5.017). Silver: peso.
Denmark	Gold	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Ecuador	Silver	Sucre	.443	Gold: condor ($9.647) and double condor. Silver: sucre and divisions.
Egypt	Gold	Pound (100 piasters).	4.943	Gold: pound (100 piasters), 5, 10, 20, and 50 piasters. Silver: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 piasters.
Finland	do	Mark	.193	Gold: 20 marks ($3.859), 10 marks ($1.93).
France	Gold and silver.	Franc	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
German Empire	Gold	Mark	.238	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 marks.
Great Britain	do	Pound sterling	4.866½	Gold: sovereign (pound sterling) and ½ sovereign.

*The "British dollar" has the same legal value as the Mexican dollar in Hongkong, the Straits Settlements, and Labuan.

VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS, JULY 1, 1897—Continued.

Countries.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of United States gold dollar.	Coins.
Greece	Gold and silver.	Drachma	$0.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 drachmas. Silver: 5 drachmas.
Haiti	do	Gourde	.965	Silver: gourde.
India	Silver.	Rupee*	.211	Gold: mohur ($7.105). Silver: rupee and divisions.
Italy	Gold and silver.	Lira	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 lire. Silver: 5 lire.
Japan	do†	Yen (Gold)	.997	Gold: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 yen.
		Yen (Silver)	.478	Silver: yen.
Liberia	Gold.	Dollar	1.000	
Mexico	Silver.	Dollar	.482	Gold: dollar ($0.983), 2½, 5, 10, and 20 dollars. Silver: dollar (or peso) and divisions.
Netherlands	Gold and silver.	Florin	.402	Gold: 10 florins. Silver: ½, 1, and 2½ florins.
Newfoundland	Gold.	Dollar	1.014	Gold: 2 dollars ($2.027).
Norway	do	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Persia	Silver.	Kran	.082	Gold: ½, 1, and 2 tomans ($3.409). Silver: ¼, ½, 1, 2, and 5 krans.
Peru	do	Sol	.443	Silver: Sol and divisions.
Portugal	Gold.	Milreis	1.080	Gold: 1, 2, 5, and 10 milreis.
Russia	do‡	Ruble	.772	Gold: imperial ($7.718), and half imperial ($3.86). Silver: ¼, ½, and 1 ruble.
Spain	Gold and silver.	Peseta	.193	Gold: 25 pesetas. Silver: 5 pesetas.
Sweden	Gold.	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Switzerland	Gold and silver.	Franc	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Turkey	Gold.	Piaster	.044	Gold: 25, 50, 100, 250, and 500 piasters.
Uruguay	do	Peso	1.034	Gold: Peso. Silver: peso and divisions.
Venezuela	Gold and silver.	Bolivar	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 bolivars. Silver: 5 bolivars.

* Value of the rupee to be determined by consular certificate.
† Gold the nominal standard. Silver practically the standard.
‡ Gold the standard. Paper the actual currency. By imperial ukase, January 3–15, 1897, 1½ paper rubles = 1 gold ruble, giving paper ruble a value of 51 1/6 cents United States.

VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS, OCTOBER 1, 1897

Countries.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of United States gold dollar.	Coins.
Argentina	Gold and silver.	Peso	$0.965	Gold: argentine ($4.824) and ½ argentine. Silver: peso and divisions.
Austria-Hungary	Gold	Crown	.203	Gold: former system—4 florins ($1.929), 8 florins ($3.858), ducat ($2.287) and 4 ducats ($9.149). Silver: 1 and 2 florins.
				Gold: present system—20 crowns ($4.052); 10 crowns ($2.026).
Belgium	Gold and silver.	Franc	.193	Gold: 10 and 20 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Bolivia	Silver	Boliviano	.412	Silver: boliviano and divisions.
Brazil	Gold	Milreis	.546	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 milreis. Silver: ½, 1, and 2 milreis.
British Possessions, N. A. (except Newfoundland).	do	Dollar	1.000	
Central American States:				
Costa Rica	do	Colon	.465	Gold: 2, 5, 10, and 20 colons ($9.307). Silver: 5, 10, 25, and 50 centimos.
British Honduras.	do	Dollar	1.000	
Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Salvador	Silver	Peso	.412	Silver: peso and divisions.
Chile	Gold	do	.365	Gold: escudo ($1.825), doubloon ($3.650), and condor ($7.300). Silver: peso and divisions.
China	Silver	Tael. Amoy	.666	
		Tael. Canton	.664	
		Tael. Chefoo	.637	
		Tael. Chin Kiang	.651	
		Tael. Fuchau	.616	
		Tael. Haikwan (customs).	.678	
		Tael. Hankow	.623	
		Tael. Hongkong	(*)	
		Tael. Niuchwang	.625	
		Tael. Ningpo	.640	
		Tael. Shanghai	.608	
		Tael. Swatow	.615	
		Tael. Takau	.670	
		Tael. Tientsin	.646	
Colombia	Silver	Peso	.412	Gold: condor ($9.647) and double condor. Silver: peso.
Cuba	Gold and silver.	do	.926	Gold: centen ($5.017). Silver: peso.
Denmark	Gold	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.

* The "British dollar" has the same legal value as the Mexican dollar in Hongkong, the Straits Settlements, and Labuan.

VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS, OCTOBER 1, 1897—Continued.

Countries.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of United States gold dollar.	Coins.
Ecuador	Silver	Sucre	$0.412	Gold: condor ($9.647) and double condor. Silver: sucre and divisions.
Egypt	Gold	Pound (100 piasters).	4.943	Gold: pound (100 piasters), 5, 10, 20, and 50 piasters. Silver: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 piasters.
Finland	do	Mark	.193	Gold: 20 marks ($3.859), 10 marks ($1.93).
France	Gold and silver.	Franc	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
German Empire	Gold	Mark	.238	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 marks.
Great Britain	do	Pound sterling	4.866½	Gold: sovereign (pound sterling) and ½ sovereign.
Greece	Gold and silver.	Drachma	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 drachmas. Silver: 5 drachmas.
Haiti	do	Gourde	.965	Silver: gourde.
India	Silver	Rupee*	.196	Gold: mohur ($7.105). Silver: rupee and divisions.
Italy	Gold and silver.	Lira	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 lire. Silver: 5 lire.
Japan	Gold	Yen	.498	Gold: 5, 10 and 20 yen. Silver: 10, 20, and 50 sen.
Liberia	do	Dollar	1.000	
Mexico	Silver	Dollar	.446	Gold: dollar ($0.983), 2½, 5, 10, and 20 dollars. Silver: dollar (or peso) and division.
Netherlands	Gold and silver.	Florin	.402	Gold: 10 florins. Silver: ½, 1, and 2½ florins.
Newfoundland	Gold	Dollar	1.014	Gold: 2 dollars ($2.027).
Norway	do	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Persia	Silver	Kran	.076	Gold: ½, 1, and 2 tomans ($3.409). Silver: ¼, ½, 1, 2, and 5 krans.
Peru	do	Sol	.412	Silver: sol and divisions.
Portugal	Gold	Milreis	1.080	Gold: 1, 2, 5, and 10 milreis.
Russia	do	Ruble†	.772	Gold: imperial ($7.718), and ½ imperial ($3.86). Crown and ½ crown. Silver: ¼, ½, and 1 ruble.
Spain	Gold and silver.	Peseta	.193	Gold: 25 pesetas. Silver: 5 pesetas.
Sweden	Gold	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Switzerland	Gold and silver.	Franc	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Turkey	Gold	Piaster	.044	Gold: 25, 50, 100, 250, and 500 piasters.
Uruguay	do	Peso	1.034	Gold: peso. Silver: peso and divisions.
Venezuela	Gold and silver.	Bolivar	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 bolivars. Silver: 5 bolivars.

* Value of the rupee to be determined by consular certificate.

† By Imperial ukase, January 3–15, 1897, 1½ paper rubles=1 gold ruble, giving paper ruble a value of 51½ cents United States money.

ASSAY LABORATORY OF THE BUREAU OF THE MINT.

During the calendar year of 1896 there were tested by the assayer of the Bureau 266 gold coins and 702 silver coins, all of which were found to be within the legal requirements as to weights and fineness.

In gold coins the greatest deviation above standard (the legal limit being 0.001 above or below) was 0.0002, while the greatest deviation below was 0.0005.

The greatest deviation of a silver coin above standard (the legal limit being 0.003) was 0.0027, while the greatest deviation below was 0.0015.

During the past year the usual number of counterfeits have been assayed. None of these deserve notice further than to call attention to the fact that counterfeit silver coins, containing approximately the correct proportions of silver and copper, have occasionally been presented for examination.

Samples from importations of base bullion, lead, and copper ores, with the exception of such as are entered at the ports of New York, El Paso, Tex., and Nogales, Ariz., are now made in the laboratory of the Bureau of the Mint, effecting a saving of from $6,000 to $8,000 per annum.

Aside from determining the quantity of lead and copper contained in these importations, the gold and silver contents are determined, which is used in estimating the value of gold and silver imported in foreign ores.

The following table shows the number of pieces assayed at the Bureau each month, and their average fineness; also the total number assayed from each mint, with the average fineness for the year:

NUMBER AND AVERAGE FINENESS OF GOLD AND SILVER COINS OF THE UNITED STATES TESTED AT THE BUREAU OF THE MINT DURING THE YEAR 1896.

Months.	San Francisco.				New Orleans.				Philadelphia.			
	Number of pieces.		Average fineness.		Number of pieces.		Average fineness.		Number of pieces.		Average fineness.	
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.
January	22	.....	899.85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	26	8	899.96	900.17
February	10	8	899.84	899.47	.....	24	.....	899.60	.....	26	.....	900.11
March	16	8	899.81	899.70	.....	30	.....	899.75	.....	46	.....	900.14
April	10	20	899.82	899.79	.....	32	.....	899.76	.....	40	.....	900.28
May	12	20	899.89	899.49	.....	32	.....	899.96	4	36	899.98	900.07
June	14	24	899.76	899.96	.....	24	.....	899.74	2	58	899.95	900.07
July	.....	18	.....	899.81	.....	20	.....	899.72	12	40	899.95	900.06
August	22	20	899.95	900.14	.....	26	.....	899.90	.....	32	.....	900.09
September	28	22	899.90	900.32	.....	27	.....	900.04	.....	34	.....	900.11
October	24	30	899.92	899.64	.....	36	.....	899.61	.....	52	.....	899.87
November	24	24	899.78	899.92	.....	36	.....	899.61	16	50	.....	899.92
December	24	30	899.88	899.90	.....	56	.....	899.78	.....	56	.....	900.24
Average	17.1	18.6	899.88	899.84	.....	28.6	.....	899.77	5	39.8	899.95	900.09
Total	206	224	.....	.....	.....	343	.....	.....	60	478	.....	.....

NUMBER AND AVERAGE FINENESS OF GOLD AND SILVER COINS OF THE UNITED STATES TESTED BY THE ANNUAL ASSAY COMMISSION OF 1896.

Months.	San Francisco.				New Orleans.*				Philadelphia.			
	Number of pieces.		Average fineness.		Coined under administration of A. M. Delavallade, assayer.		Coined under administration of F. F. Claussen, assayer.		Number of pieces.		Average fineness.	
					Silver.							
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Number of pieces.	Average fineness.	Number of pieces.	Average fineness.	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.
January	2	.....	899.8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	1	899.9	901.1
February	2	2	899.7	899.90	2	899.75	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	900.4
March	2	2	899.75	898.65	2	899.4	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	900.1
April	2	2	899.5	899.45	2	899.85	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	900.4
May	2	2	899.6	900.45	2	900	.....	.....	2	1	899.7	900
June	2	2	899.5	899.65	2	899	.....	.....	1	1	900.2	901.6
July	.....	2	.....	901.77	2	899.70	.....	.....	3	1	900	900
August	2	2	899.8	900.15	2	900	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	899.8
September	2	.....	899.9	.....	2	900.4	.....	.....	1	1	900.1	900.2
October	2	2	899.9	899.75	2	899.35	2	899.7	.....	1	.....	899.6
November	2	2	899.85	900.65	.....	.....	4	899.37	4	1	900.07	899.6
December	2	2	899.9	899.90	.....	.....	5	899	2	1	900.05	900.9
Average	1.83	1.66	899.74	899.93	1.8	899.72	3.66	899.26	1.33	1	899.98	900.39
Total	22	20	.....	.....	18	.....	11	.....	16	12	.....	.....
Mass melt	49	151	900.1	900	119	900.4	143	900	102	235	899.9	900.4

* The pieces examined which were made while Mr. A. Delavallade was assayer were coined between January 1 and October 14, 1896. The pieces examined which were made while Mr. F. F. Claussen was assayer were coined between October 14 and December 31, 1896.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE ASSAY COMMISSION OF 1897.

The following Commissioners were appointed by the President, under the provisions of section 3547 of the Revised Statutes, to test the weight and fineness of the gold and silver coins of the coinage of the calendar year 1896 reserved for that purpose by the coinage mints, viz: Hon. Stephen M. White, Finance Committee, United States Senate; Hon. Henry C. Brewster, Committee on Coinage, Weights, and Measures, House of Representatives; Hon. S. M. Sparkman, Committee on Coinage, Weights, and Measures, House of Representatives; Hon. A. Loudon Snowden, Philadelphia, Pa.; Hon. William D. Bynum, Indianapolis, Ind.; Prof. Albert S. Bolles, Philadelphia, Pa.; Francis Bartlett, esq., Boston, Mass.; Dr. Joseph W. Richards, Lehigh University, Bethlehem, Pa.; Hon. Gustav A. Endlich, Reading, Pa.; Prof. Charles F. Chandler, School of Mines, Columbia College, New York City; Prof. Ira Remsen, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md.; Cabell Whitehead, esq., Bureau of the Mint; E. Rosewater, esq., Omaha, Nebr.; William C. Little, esq., St. Louis, Mo.; Andrew Mason, esq., United States assay office, New York City.

The Commission met at the mint at Philadelphia, Wednesday, the 10th day of February, 1897, together with the following ex-officio Commissioners: Hon. William Butler, United States judge for the eastern district of Pennsylvania; Hon. James H. Eckels, Comptroller of the Currency, and Mr. Herbert G. Torry, assayer of the United States assay office at New York.

The committee on counting reported:

That the packages containing the pieces reserved by the several mints for the trial of coins, in accordance with section 3539, Revised Statutes, were delivered to us by the superintendent of the mint at Philadelphia.

The number of coins corresponded with the record kept by the Director of the Mint of all transcripts sent him by the several superintendents.

The quantities of coin reserved at the several mints for the purposes of the Commission were as follows:

(1) Gold coins from the mint at Philadelphia, 977 in number, of the value of $17,347.50.

(2) Silver coins from the mint at Philadelphia, 8,416 in number, of the value of $5,817.15.

(3) Gold coins from the mint at San Francisco, 1,688 in number, of the value of $30,160.

(4) Silver coins from the mint at San Francisco, 3,455 in number, of the value of $2,838.55.

(5) Silver coins from the mint at New Orleans, 3,960 in number, of the value of $2,898.

In all, 18,496 coins, of an aggregate value of $59,061.20.

Mints.	Pieces.	Value.
GOLD.		
Philadelphia	977	$17,347.50
San Francisco	1,688	30,160.00
Total	2,665	47,507.50
SILVER.		
Philadelphia	8,416	5,817.15
San Francisco	3,455	2,838.55
New Orleans	3,960	2,898.00
Total	15,831	11,553.70
Total pieces and value	18,496	59,061.20

The verification of the number of coins being completed, the committees on weighing and assaying each selected such coins as were required.

The committee on assaying reported:

That in compliance with section 3547 of the Revised Statutes, we have taken samples of the coins reserved from time to time at the United States mints at Philadelphia, San Francisco, and New Orleans for assay.

These samples represent the various deliveries made by the coiners to the superintendents of the several mints during the calendar year 1896.

The result of the assays made of the individual coins and of the same in mass are given in the following schedules:

From these it will be seen that the greatest excess in the assay value of the gold coinage above standard at the different mints (the limit of tolerance being one-thousandth) is at—

Philadelphia	900.2
San Francisco	900.1

The greatest deficiency below standard (the limit of tolerance being one-thousandth) is at—

Philadelphia	899.7
San Francisco	899.4

The greatest excess in silver coins above standard (the limit of tolerance being three-thousandths) is at—

Philadelphia	901.6
San Francisco	902.85
New Orleans	900.4

The greatest deficiency below standard (the limit of tolerance being three-thousandths) is at—

Philadelphia	899.6
San Francisco	898.2
New Orleans	898.4

The assay committee also tested the quartation silver and the lead used in the assay of the gold bullion, and found them free from gold.

The acid used in the humid assay of silver was found to be free from silver, and also from chlorine.

The balances used were also tested and found to be correct.

The committee, therefore, deem the assays exhibited in the accompanying schedules to be trustworthy.

The committee on weighing reported:

That they have examined sample coins, selected at random from those reserved by the several mints, as follows:

MINT AT PHILADELPHIA.

74 gold coins, of which 62 were weighed in mass.
144 silver coins of which 120 were weighed in mass.

MINT AT SAN FRANCISCO.

87 gold coins, of which 76 were weighed in mass.
188 silver coins, of which 168 were weighed in mass.

MINT AT NEW ORLEANS.

193 silver coins, of which 175 were weighed in mass (coined between January 1 and October 14, 1896).

153 silver coins, of which 147 were weighed in mass (coined between October 14 and December 31, 1896.

The weighing of the single pieces was made with a balance by Troemner, of Philadelphia, and the weights employed were provided by the Director of the Mint, who stated to the committee that the same were of the true standard of value as fixed by law, and that they had been carefully examined by the United States superintendent of weights and measures, and were correctly related to the troy pound of 1827.

The mass weighings were made upon the large Saxton balance of the mint.

The committee examined the weights ordinarily employed in the mint and found them to be in accordance with the usual interpretation of the standard prescribed by law.

The details of the weighings, as shown in the following tables, indicate but slight deviation from the statutory standard weight, and the coins were all within the legal tolerance.

The committee on weighing pronounces the examination of the weights of the coinage of the several mints during the year 1896 to be satisfactory.

On motion of Mr. Snowden it was—

Resolved, That the assay commission having examined and tested the reserved coins of the several mints of the United States for the year 1896, and it appearing that these coins do not differ from the standard fineness and weight by a greater quantity than is allowed by law, the trial is considered and hereby reported satisfactory and adopted unanimously.

MINT OF THE UNITED STATES AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The following table shows by weight and value the gold and silver deposited at the mint at Philadelphia during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897:

Metals.	Standard ounces.	Value.
Gold	2,328,613.302	$43,323,038.17
Silver	2.179,739.74	2,536,424.42
Total value		45,859,462.59

There were deposited during the year, United States gold coins of the face value of $686,540, containing 36,609.048 standard ounces of the

coining value of $681,098.57, and United States silver coins of the face value of $2,492,137.41, containing 1,909,826.72 standard ounces, having a coining value of $2,222,343.82.

The deposits of foreign gold coins during the same period contained 32.922 standard ounces of the coining value of $612.50.

Bars were manufactured as follows:

Metals.	Standard ounces.	Coining value.
Gold	31,303.053	$582,382.38
Silver	57,870.56	67,340.29
Total value		649,722.67

There were transferred from the Treasury for recoinage during the year worn and uncurrent domestic gold coins having a face value of $623,751, containing 33,257.420 standard ounces, of the coining value of $618,742.71, and uncurrent domestic silver coins of the face value of $2,487,998.50, containing 1,906,483.48 standard ounces, having a coining value of $2,218,453.51 in standard dollars, or $2,371,985.67 in new subsidiary coins.

The denominations and amounts of uncurrent gold and silver coins transferred to the mint at Philadelphia were:

Denominations.	Pieces.	Value.
GOLD.		
Double eagles	7,050	$141,000.00
Eagles	17,423	174,230.00
Half eagles	60,198	300,990.00
Three-dollar pieces	7	21.00
Quarter eagles	2,987	7,467.50
Dollars	43	42.50
Total gold	87,708	623,751.00
SILVER.		
Half dollars	2,608,373	1,304,186.50
Quarter dollars	3,775,149	943,787.25
Twenty-cent pieces	697	139.40
Dimes	2,386,995	238,699.50
Half dimes	21,417	1,070.85
Three-cent pieces	3,834	115.00
Total silver	8,796,465	2,487,998.50

Minor coins of the face value of $259,416.25 were received on transfer orders and melted for recoinage during the year, while during the same period there were received by transfer, cleaned, and reissued 5-cent nickel coins of the face value of $80,825.

Bronze and nickel blanks for minor coinage purposes were purchased as follows:

Character.	Pounds avoirdupois.	Cost.
Bronze 1 cent	350,000	$69,790.00
Nickel 5 cents	59,500	19,004.30
Total	409,500	88,794.30

The total amount of gold and silver bullion, including surplus bullion, deposited during the fiscal year, viz:

Metals.	Standard ounces.	Value.
Gold	2,328,619.994	$43,323,162.61
Silver	2,182,133.72	2,536,095.33
Total	4,510,753.714	45,859,257.94

During the fiscal year the melter and refiner received from the superintendent and operated upon 4,679,755.315 standard ounces of gold, of the value of $87,065,215.16, his legal allowance for wastage being 4,679.755 standard ounces, of the value of $87,065.22, and 16,193,681.59 standard ounces of silver, of a value of $18,843,483.31, with a legal allowance for wastage of 24,290.52 standard ounces, of the value of $28,265.22.

On the annual settlement of the melter and refiner's accounts, at the close of the fiscal year, it was found that his actual loss in gold was 546.883 standard ounces, of the value of $10,174.56, or 11.686 per cent of his legal allowance, while in silver he returned a surplus of 2,388.59 standard ounces, of the value of $2,895.80.

The number of melts made for the bars and ingots during the year aggregated 7,390, as follows:

Metals.	For bars.	Ingots.	Condemned.
Gold	1,344	809	15
Silver	470	4,767	13
Total	1,814	5,576	28

In addition to the above there were 4,563 deposit melts and 425 melts of granulations, or a total of 12,378 during the year.

The weight and value of the gold and silver bars manufactured for industrial use during the fiscal year were:

Metals.	Fine ounces.	Value.
Gold	28,172.748	$582,382.38
Silver	52,083.50	67,340.29
Total	80,256.248	649,722.67

From 260 barrels of sweeps there were obtained 869.576 standard ounces of gold of the value of $16,178.15, and 5,281.12 standard ounces of silver, valued at $6,145.30, or a total value of $22,323.45.

The operations of the refinery comprised:

Bullion.	Gold.	Silver.
	Standard ozs.	*Standard ozs.*
Gross weight, 1,583,228,711 ounces.		
Refined, standard ounces by assay	524,238.335	1,159,258.07
Returned from refinery	524,278.796	1,160,958.47

The number of assays and ounces of proof gold made during the fiscal year were:

ASSAYS AND OUNCES OF PROOF GOLD.

	Number.
Gold assays	33,120
Silver assays	11,250
Sweep assays	250
Special bullion assays	384
Bronze and nickel assays	100
Ounces of proof gold made	114

The number of coinage dies prepared in the engravers' department for the mints were 125 for gold coinage, 470 for silver coinage, and 396 for minor coinage, a total of 991, and in addition to the above 35 were made for medals.

COINER'S DEPARTMENT.

During the fiscal year the coiner operated upon 4,380,649.870 standard ounces of gold, of the value of $81,500,462.69; his legal allowance for wastage being 2,190.324 standard ounces, of the value of $40,750.21, and 15,340,671.68 standard ounces of silver, of the value of $8,283,962.23, with a legal allowance for wastage of 15,340.67 standard ounces, of the value of $8,283.96.

The following statement shows the coinage executed at the mint at Philadelphia during the fiscal year:

Denominations.	Number of pieces.	Value.
Double eagles	1,553,241	$31,064,820.00
Eagles	556,801	5,568,010.00
Half eagles	645,302	3,226,510.00
Quarter eagles	23,946	59,865.00
Total gold	2,779,290	39,919,205.00
Dollars	6,848,701	6,848,701.00
Half dollars	1,058,701	529,350.50
Quarter dollars	3,432,701	858,175.25
Dimes	3,569,234	356,923.40
Total silver	14,909,337	8,593,150.15
Five-cent nickels	12,196,389	609,819.45
One cent, bronze	37,469,014	374,690.14
Total minor	49,665,403	984,509.59
Total coinage	67,354,030	49,496,864.74

The percentage of good coin produced from the amount operated upon was, gold 49.9, and silver 48.1.

In addition to the domestic coinage there were manufactured for the Government of Costa Rica 60,017 ten-colone gold pieces of the value of $279,291.81, and for the Government of Santo Domingo 302,404 silver dollars.

On the annual settlement of the coiner's accounts at the close of the fiscal year it was found that in operating upon 4,380,649.70 standard ounces of gold there was an actual wastage of 119.301 standard ounces, of the value of $2,219.55, or 5.446 per cent of his legal allowance, and in his operations upon 15,340,671.66 standard ounces of silver the actual wastage was 2,019.38 standard ounces, valued at $1,090.66, or 13.163 per cent of his legal allowance.

MEDALS MANUFACTURED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Description.	Number.
	Medals.
Gold	48
Silver	871
Bronze	917
Total	1,836

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

The following table shows the number of proof coins and medals manufactured, the nominal value, amount received, and profit on the same:

REPORT OF SALES OF MEDALS AND PROOF COINS.

Items.	Number of pieces.	Nominal value.	Amount received.	Profit.
Gold medals	53	$1,535.00	$1,692.91	$157.91
Silver medals	961	741.10	867.11	126.01
Bronze medals	1,029	96.15	387.91	291.76
Gold proof coins	450	4,240.00	4,352.50	112.50
Silver and minor coins	5,266	1,358.01	1,777.50	419.49
Minor proof coins	2,170	65.10	86.80	21.70
Total	9,929	8,035.36	9,164.73	1,129.37

During the fiscal year there were shipped from the mint at Philadelphia gold, silver, and minor coins as follows:

Description.	Number of packages.	Value.
Gold	2,361	$39,753,304.50
Silver	2,409	2,777,526.60
Minor	9,171	1,112,439.59

At present the types of minor coins outstanding are the half cent, copper cent, copper-nickel cent, bronze 1 and 2 cent pieces, nickel 3 and 5 cent pieces, all of which, except the 1-cent bronze and 5-cent nickel pieces, are classed as uncurrent, as the others are no longer coined, but are redeemed by the Treasury in lawful money and transferred from time to time to the mint at Philadelphia for recoinage.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, there were transferred from the Treasury to the mint at Philadelphia worn and uncurrent minor coins amounting at their face value to $259,416.25.

The mint receives these coins from the Treasurer of the United States at their face value, and by utilizing the old copper cents and the manufacture of bronze 1-cent pieces and the nickel 3-cent pieces, in the manufacture of 5-cent pieces no loss accrues to the mint, but rather a gain.

On the 1 and 2 cent pieces a loss accrues on the recoinage, as well as on the 5-cent nickel pieces, but it is not so great as the gain on the recoinage of old copper-nickel cents and nickel 3-cent pieces. The net profit on the coinage of uncurrent minor coins for the fiscal year 1896 was $3,542.43, and for the fiscal year 1897, $5,318.25.

The balance of uncurrent copper-nickel and bronze coins on hand at the mint at Philadelphia July 1, 1896, and the amount of such coins transferred from the Treasury during the year for conversion into current coins, cost and seigniorage, and also the quantity recoined and loss in recoinage, and the balance on hand June 30, 1897, is shown in the following table:

MINOR COINS FOR RECOINAGE, FISCAL YEAR 1897, MINT OF THE UNITED STATES AT PHILADELPHIA.

Balance on hand July 1, 1897		$133,488.40
Uncurrent coin transferred from United States Treasury:		
Old copper cents	$257.10	
Nickel 1-cent coins	3,983.65	
Bronze 1-cent coins	11,029.88	
Bronze 2-cent coins	1,514.12	
Nickel 3-cent coins	4,021.50	
Nickel 5-cent coins	238,610.00	
		259,416.25
Cost of pure nickel added to nickel 1-cent metal to convert it into nickel 5-cent alloy for recoinage into nickel 5-cent coin		150.34
Cost of tin and zinc added to old copper-cent metal to convert it into bronze 1-cent alloy for recoinage into bronze 1-cent coin		6.67
Cost of metal of same alloy added to nickel 3-cent metal for recoinage into nickel 5 cent coin		66.62
Seigniorage (gain by recoinage)		17,371.23
		410,499.51
Coinage executed, nominal value:		
Bronze 1-cent coins	$12,804.63	
Nickel 5-cent coins	385,641.90	
		398,446.53
Wastage (loss by recoinage)		12,052.98
		410,499.51

The several types and denominations of minor coins issued by the mint at Philadelphia since its establishment, the amount remelted, and the amount outstanding June 30, 1897, is shown by the following table:

TYPES OF MINOR COINS ISSUED.

Denominations.	Coined.	Remelted.	Outstanding June 30, 1897.
Copper cents	$1,562,887.44	$378,409.93	$1,184,477.51
Copper half cents	39,926.11		39,926.11
Copper nickel cents	2,007,720.00	787,330.73	1,220,389.27
Bronze cents	8,448,250.48	82,522.82	8,365,727.66
Bronze 2-cent pieces	912,020.00	334,575.70	577,444.30
Nickel 3-cent pieces	905,768.52	266,459.62	639,308.90
Nickel 5-cent pieces	14,926,044.75	792,578.60	14,133,466.15
Total	28,802,617.30	2,641,877.40	26,160,739.90

During the fiscal year the recount of the 50,000,000 silver dollars stored in the large vault was completed.

Many of the bags were mildewed and torn, rendering a hand count necessary.

The count resulted as follows:

Perfect pieces	$47,782,104
Rusty pieces	2,217,000
Shortage	896
	50,000,000

Expenses for same being:

Labor, counting, weighing, and boxing	$8,160.00
Cost of material and expense in making boxes	4,806.41
	12,966.41

The annual settlement at the close of the fiscal year was superintended by Mr. M. H. Cobb, of the Philadelphia Mint, assisted by Messrs. A. A. Hassan, of the Mint Bureau, E. E. Sage, of the New York Assay Office, and P. J. Miniter, who reported the settlement as highly satisfactory, and all the coin and bullion on hand with which the Superintendent was charged.

MINT OF THE UNITED STATES AT SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Gold and silver bullion was deposited at the mint at San Francisco during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, as follows:

Metals.	Standard ounces.	Value.
Gold	1,714,883.116	$31,904,802.15
Silver	249,156.29	289,927.32
Total	1,964,039.406	32,194,729.47

DEPOSITS FOR RECOINAGE.

There were deposited for recoinage during the fiscal year mutilated United States gold coin of the face value of $6,968.00, containing 331.162 standard ounces, having a coining value of $6,161.15, and United States silver coin of the face value of $250,233.22, containing 194,118.17 standard ounces, having a coining value of $225,882.96 in standard dollars, or $241,515.60 in subsidiary coin.

The above deposits of domestic silver coin includes worn and uncurrent subsidiary coin transferred from the Treasury, having a nominal value of $250,000, containing 193,943.27 standard ounces, with a coining value in new subsidiary coin of $241,298.00.

There were deposited during the year foreign gold coins containing 448,799.209 standard ounces of the coining value of $8,349,752.73.

MELTER AND REFINER'S DEPARTMENT.

The bullion received from the superintendent and operated upon by the melter and refiner during the year contained 3,149,478.407 standard ounces of gold and 15,965,847.95 standard ounces of silver, the operations of the refinery comprising 242,146.054 standard ounces of gold and 121,234.94 standard ounces of silver.

For coinage purposes there were melted 3,140,866.300 standard ounces of gold and 15,850,604.45 standard ounces of silver.

Two fine silver bars, containing 2,140.01 standard ounces, were manufactured during the year.

The melter and refiner returned in annual settlement a surplus of 1,379.694 standard ounces of gold of the value of $25,668.73, and 9,413.82 standard ounces of silver valued at $5,552.46.

He made during the year 1,076 melts of gold ingots, 12 of which were condemned, and 9,620 melts of silver ingots, of which 79 were condemned.

OPERATIONS OF THE COINER'S DEPARTMENT.

The bullion received and operated upon by the coiner during the fiscal year contained 3,166,766.810 standard ounces of gold and 16,035,582.31 standard ounces of silver.

The coins manufactured during the year aggregated 12,583,813 pieces, making a coinage of $31,727,500 in gold coin and $9,127,036.50 in silver coin.

The percentage of finished coins manufactured was 54.3 gold and 50.8 silver.

It was found in the annual settlement of the coiner's accounts that there had been a wastage during the fiscal year of 186.965 standard ounces of gold, valued at $3,478.42, or 11.808 per cent of his legal allowance in gold, and a wastage of 3,953.63 standard ounces of silver, being 24.655 per cent of his legal allowance on silver.

COINAGE EXECUTED AT THE MINT AT SAN FRANCISCO DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1879.

Denominations.	Pieces.	Value.
GOLD.		
Double eagles	1,437,000	$28,740,000.00
Eagles	247,500	2,475,000.00
Half eagles	102,500	512,500.00
Total gold	1,787,000	31,727,500.00
SILVER.		
Dollars	8,425,000	8,425,000.00
Half dollars	975,073	487,536.50
Quarter dollars	498,840	124,710.00
Dimes	897,900	89,790.00
Total silver	10,796,813	9,127,036.50
Total coinage	12,583,813	40,854,536.50

The assayer made during the year the following assays:

Description.	Number.
Gold assays	39,000
Silver assays	29,780
Sweep assays	200
Special bullion assays	100
Ounces of proof gold made	75
Ounces of proof silver made	40

United States gold and silver coins melted at the mint at San Francisco during the fiscal year 1897 were:

Denominations.	Pieces.	Value.
GOLD.		
Double eagles	193	$3,860.00
Eagles	103	1,030.00
Half eagles	375	1,875.00
Three-dollar pieces	7	21.00
Quarter eagles	56	140.00
Dollars	42	42.00
Total gold	776	6,968.00
SILVER.		
Half dollars	500,200	250,100.00
Quarter dollars	199	49.75
Dimes	807	80.70
Half dimes	53	2.65
Three-cent pieces	4	.12
Total silver	501,263	250,233.22
Total gold and silver	502,039	257,201.22

The following table shows the country of coinage and value in United States money of foreign gold coin melted at the mint at San Francisco during the fiscal year 1897:

Countries of coinage.	Value in United States money.	Countries of coinage.	Value in United States money.
Argentina	$14.47	Japan	$126,619.49
Austria	1.93	Mexico	55,324.00
Bolivia	15.40	Peru	55.46
Chile	466.27	Russia	19.35
Costa Rica	52.66	Spain	615.77
Ecuador	16.00	Colombia	80.82
England	8,169,228.09	Venezuela	3.86
France	294.32	Total	8,354,238.18
Germany	573.58		
Guatemala	856.71		

The annual settlement at the close of the fiscal year was made by Mr. B. F. Butler, of the Mint Bureau, assisted by Messrs. Joseph Firebaugh and W. A. Lamson, who weighed and counted the bullion and coin on hand and found the balances as shown by the books, to be correct.

MINT OF THE UNITED STATES AT NEW ORLEANS, LA.

By weight and value the following table shows the gold and silver bullion deposited at the mint at New Orleans during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897:

Metals.	Standard ounces.	Value.
Gold	14,465.064	$269,117.47
Silver	360,350.86	419,317.36
Total	374,815.924	688,434.83

There were deposited during the year uncurrent domestic gold coins of the face value of $880.50, containing 46.345 standard ounces, of the coining value in new coin of $862.23.

From deposits of old gold plate and jewelry 4,336.277 ounces of standard gold were obtained, of the value of $80,674.92.

There were deposited 9,184.796 standard ounces of unrefined foreign gold bullion, of the value of $170,879.93, and 244.054 standard ounces of foreign gold coin, of the value of $4,540.54, or a total value of foreign gold deposits of $175.420.47.

VALUE OF DEPOSITS OF FOREIGN COIN DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Countries of coinage.	Cost.
GOLD COINS.	
France (20 francs)	$25.20
France (10 francs)	38.57
Great Britain (sovereigns)	21.47
Mexico (20 pesos)	861.50
Spain (doubloons)	85.08
Spain (25 pesetas)	89.39
Mixed foreign	3,419.33
Total	4,540.54
SILVER COINS.	
Mixed foreign	3.35
Total gold and silver coins	4,543.89

There were received from the Treasury for recoinage worn and uncurrent United States silver coin of the face value of $460,000, containing 350,095.80 standard ounces of the coining value in standard dollars of $407,384.20 or $435,577.97 in new subsidiary coins.

Mutilated domestic silver coins of the face value of $206.48, containing 156.35 standard ounces, of the coining value of $181.93 or $194.52 in new subsidiary coins, were purchased as bullion at the current market price of silver. From old plate and jewelry there were obtained 8,421.72 ounces of standard silver of the value of $9,799.82.

Deposits of foreign unrefined silver bullion made during the year contained 1,468.72 standard ounces, of the value of $1,709.05, and 5.97 standard ounces, of the value of $6.96, were obtained from deposits of foreign silver coin.

MELTER AND REFINER'S DEPARTMENT.

The amount of gold and silver bullion received from the superintendent and operated upon by the melter and refiner during the fiscal year was 29,921.293 standard ounces of gold and 11,493,724.12 standard ounces of silver.

In operating upon the above amounts his legal allowance of wastage was gold, 29.921 standard ounces, and silver, 17,240.58 standard ounces.

On the annual settlement of the melter and refiner's accounts at the close of the fiscal year, he returned a surplus of 19.157 standard ounces of gold, valued at $356.41, while in silver there was a wastage of 178.67 standard ounces, valued at $101.46, or 1.03 per cent of his legal allowance, as a result of the year's operations.

He made 1,307 gold and silver ingot melts during the year, of which number 5 were condemned.

The refinery operations were:

Metals.	Standard ounces.	Value.
Gold	14,408.084	$268,057.38
Silver	3,442.01	4,005.25
Total	17,850.094	272,062.63

COINER'S DEPARTMENT.

During the fiscal year the coiner operated upon 11,126,842.80 standard ounces of silver. The coins manufactured aggregated 8,398,000 pieces, of the value of $6,607,600.

COINAGE EXECUTED AT MINT AT NEW ORLEANS, FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Denominations.	Pieces.	Value.
Dollars	5,930,000	$5,930,000
Half dollars	708,000	354,000
Quarter dollars	984,000	246,000
Dimes	776,000	77,600
Total	8,398,000	6,607,600

On the annual settlement of the coiner's accounts, he returned an apparent surplus of 231.40 standard ounces, valued at $131.40, which is accounted for by sweeps taken from the well amounting to 276.78 standard ounces.

There was no gold coinage executed at the mint during the year. The percentage of good coin produced from the amount operated upon was 50.69. The percentage of dollar coinage was 50,30, the subsidiary coinage 55.13.

The annual settlement at the close of the fiscal year was superintended by Mr. Cabell Whitehead of the Mint Bureau, who reported that the accounts of the superintendent were correct.

MINT OF THE UNITED STATES AT CARSON, NEV.

The weight and value of the gold and silver bullion deposited at the mint at Carson during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, were:

Metals.	Standard ounces.	Value.
Gold	35,078.439	$652,622.12
Silver	223,077.33	259,580.89
Total	258,155.769	912,203.01

The value of the bullion deposited during the previous fiscal year was $536,817.66, showing an increase for 1897 of $375,385.35.

There were no deposits of mutilated or uncurrent domestic coins.

Bullion to the amount of 20.090 standard ounces of gold, of the coining value of $373.77, and of 28.98 standard ounces of silver, having a coining value of $33.72, was obtained from deposits of foreign gold coin and old plate and jewelry.

During the year the melter and refiner received from the superintendent and operated upon 39,632.703 standard ounces of gold and 310,338.68 standard ounces of silver.

The operations of the refinery comprised 38,885.692 standard ounces of gold and 299,150.72 standard ounces of silver.

There were manufactured and delivered to the superintendent during the same period fine gold bars containing 38,951.321 ounces of standard gold, of the value of $724,675.74, and fine silver bars containing 298,770.31 ounces of standard silver of the coining value of $347,660. On the annual settlement of the melter and refiner's accounts at the end of the fiscal year, it was found that in operating upon 39,632.703 ounces of standard gold he returned a surplus of 130.136 ounces standard, of the value of $2,421.13, and in his operations on 310,338.68 ounces of standard silver he returned a surplus of 164.76 ounces standard, valued at $92.71.

The annual settlement at the close of the fiscal year was superintended by Mr. B. F. Butler, of the Mint Bureau, assisted by Messrs. Joseph Firebaugh and W. A. Lamson, who reported that they found all the coin and bullion with which the superintendent was charged, less $75,549.75, the amount embezzled from the refinery by John T. Jones, late assistant melter and refiner, and James Heney, silver dissolver, for which offense the parties named are now imprisoned.

UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE AT NEW YORK.

The value of the gold and silver bullion deposited at the assay office at New York during the fiscal year 1897 aggregated $48,377,455.64.

The weight and value of the deposits are shown in the following table:

Metals.	Standard ounces.	Value.
Gold	2,272,154.546	$42,272,642.70
Silver	5,246,323.63	6,104,812.94
Total	7,518,478.176	48,377,455.64

The value of the deposits for the previous fiscal year was $49,091,947.71, showing a decrease for 1897 of $714,492.07.

There were received and melted during the year mutilated and uncurrent gold coins of the United States of the face value of $328,642.50, containing 17,475.621 ounces of standard gold, having a coinage value in new coins of $325,127.85, and domestic silver coins of the face value of $255.85, containing 195.19 ounces of standard silver, having a subsidiary coining value of $242.85. Foreign gold coins of the value of $4,831,304.95 in United States money, and foreign silver coins containing 112,389.68 ounces of standard silver, having a coining value of $130,780.72, were deposited and melted during the year.

The value of gold bars exchanged for gold coin was $18,942,932.88, of which amount $14,221,334.74 was for export and $4,721,598.14 for domestic use.

MELTER AND REFINER'S DEPARTMENT.

The melter and refiner received from the superintendent 2,298,242.722 standard ounces of gold and 5,366,132.68 standard ounces of silver during the fiscal year.

The operations of the refinery comprised 691,788.82 standard ounces of gold and 3,448,485.92 standard ounces of silver.

There were manufactured and delivered to the superintendent during the year 48,392 fine, mint and standard bars, containing 2,285,480.497 ounces of standard gold and 5,206,512.49 ounces of standard silver.

The deposits melted aggregated 11,358 of which number 8,289 were gold and 3,069 silver.

There were 1,543,035 pounds of sulphuric acid used in parting operations, while the receipts from the sale of by-products were $9,170.05. On the annual settlement of the melter and refiner's accounts at the close of the fiscal year it was found that in operating upon 2,278,750.811 ounces of standard gold he returned an excess of 525.324 ounces standard, of the value of $9,773.47, and in his operations on 5,227,551.54 ounces standard of silver he returned an excess of 1,816.54 ounces standard.

ASSAY DEPARTMENT.

During the fiscal year there were assayed and stamped 1,300 melts of fine metal; the number of deposit melts assayed and computed was 11,358. There were 1,100 melts of mixed metal and 500 barrels of sweeps tested for the melter and refiner.

In addition to the above there were several hundred special assays made, many of which were of deposits of gold said to have been manufactured from Mexican dollars.

Several pieces of new machinery were added to the equipment of the sweep cellar during the year. They consist of a pair of Krom's steel rolls, a Krom pneumatic separator, a Krom laboratory screen, and a Robertson crusher.

Messrs. F. P. Gross and W. F. Bowen, of the Mint Bureau, assisted by Mr. C. C. Tyler, conducted the annual settlement June 30, 1897, and reported that they found on hand all the coin and bullion with which the superintendent was charged.

MINT OF THE UNITED STATES AT DENVER.

The value of the gold and silver bullion deposited at the mint at Denver during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, was $6,974,016.42, against $4,225,983.41 for the previous fiscal year, or an increase for 1897 of $2,748,033.01.

United States mutilated gold coins of the nominal value of $151, containing 7.822 standard ounces, of the coining value of $145.54, were received and melted during the year.

Bullion to the amount of 1,488.584 standard ounces of gold, of the value of $27,694.59, and 452.83 standard ounces of silver, valued at $526.93, was obtained from deposits of old plate and jewelry.

The following statement shows the deposits, earnings, and expenditures, also the percentage of net expenses to deposits, for the fiscal year 1897:

Items.		Amount.
Deposits:		
Gold	$6,915,100.98	
Silver	58,915.44	
		$6,974,016.42
Earnings		10,869.46
Expenditures		36,696.14
Percentage of net expenses to deposits, 0.370327.		

ASSAY OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES AT BOISE, IDAHO.

There were 4,246 bullion deposits at the assay office at Boise during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, coming principally from mines in Oregon and Idaho and aggregating in value $1,394,351.23.

The value of bullion deposits during the previous fiscal year was $1,166,251.68, showing an increase for 1897 of $228,099.55. There were no deposits of mutilated or uncurrent domestic coins. The increase in business during the year made it necessary to add to the equipment of the institution an electric motor, bullion and assay balances.

The deposits, earnings, and expenditures for the fiscal year were:

Items.		Amount.
Deposits:		
Gold	$1,375,297.22	
Silver	19,054.01	
		$1,394,351.23
Earnings		5,024.65
Expenditures		13,686.35
Percentage of net expenses to deposits, 0.621199.		

ASSAY OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES AT HELENA, MONT.

The value of the gold and silver contained in the regular deposits of bullion made at the United States assay office at Helena during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, amounted to $2,090,950.87. While this is a decrease of $296,786.68 in comparison with the business done in 1896, when the operations reached the highest point in the history of the office, this showing for 1897 is one of the largest ever made, and the decrease from that of the previous year is almost wholly due to the temporary closing down for six months during 1897 of the largest gold-producing mine in the States tributary to the office. The greater portion of the bullion received originated from the mines of Montana, Idaho, and Washington, although some of the largest single deposits came from the placers of Alaska and of the Cariboo district in British Columbia.

The number of deposits of gold bullion that were melted, assayed, and computed during the fiscal year aggregated 2,178. There were also 317 special melts and assays made of bullion in lots too small for purchase, but which were brought to the assay office in order that the fineness and value of the same might be accurately determined, and the figures thus obtained be used in making sales to outside dealers in bullion. In addition to these regular and special melts, assays, and computations the clerical and operating departments handled consolidation melts preparatory to shipments, besides other work in connection with the office, so that the total number of these melts, assays, and computations equal 3,500 for the year.

There were no deposits of mutilated or uncurrent coins of the United States during the year.

Near the close of the year 1896 the mechanical department was equipped with an electric motor. The operation of this motor during the year in place of the gas engine formerly used as motive power has

proven both satisfactory and economical. A press to cut disks for quartation use in the assaying department is the most important addition to the machinery during the year. The bars of silver are rolled into sheets of the required thickness, and by changing the size of the plate and die in the press the desired weight of disk is secured. This has proven to be a material convenience.

The assay office at Helena is so situated that it is easily accessible to the large copper electrolytic refineries, to the several custom smelters, and to the silver mills in Montana. The output of silver as a "by-product" from the copper ores and as Doré bullion from other sources in the State amounts to over $15,000,000 annually. Much of this product in previous years has been shipped from Pacific Coast points to the Orient, previous to the shipping of which the producer has been put to great expense and loss of time to send this product to the Government and private refineries in the East for refining, assaying, and stamping.

The following table exhibits the amount of deposits, earnings, and expenditures, with the percentage of net expenses to deposits, for the fiscal year 1897:

Items.		Amount.
Deposits:		
Gold	$2,056,809.03	
Silver	34,141.84	
		$2,090,950.87
Earnings		5,790.37
Expenditures		24,964.40
Percentage of net expenses to deposits, 0.91700.		

ASSAY OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES AT CHARLOTTE, N. C.

The value of the gold and silver bullion deposited at the assay office at Charlotte during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, aggregated $239,722.99, as against $274,569.48 for the previous fiscal year, or a decrease of $34,846.49.

These deposits are the product of the South Appalachian range, and include 3,000 standard ounces of gold and silver, the result of the cyanide and chlorination processes.

No mutilated or uncurrent domestic gold or silver coins were received during the year.

The deposits, earnings, and expenditures for the fiscal year were:

Items.		Amount.
Deposits:		
Gold	$238,132.43	
Silver	1,590.56	
		$239,722.99
Earnings		935.37
Expenditures		4,927.80
Percentage of net expense to deposits, 1.665434.		

ASSAY OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES AT ST. LOUIS, MO.

The value of the gold and silver bullion deposited at the assay office at St. Louis during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, was $99,195.74, a decrease of $7,008.84 as compared with the previous fiscal year.

There were deposited during the year mutilated and uncurrent United States gold coins of the nominal value of $1,939, containing 103.150 standard ounces, with a coining value in new coin of $1,919.07.

The deposits, earnings, and expenditures for the fiscal year were:

Items.		Amount.
Deposits:		
Gold	$97,938.26	
Silver	1,257.48	
		$99,195.74
Earnings		683.46
Expenditures		4,329.76
Percentage of net expenses to deposits, 3.67586.		

ASSAY OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES AT DEADWOOD, S. DAK.

Congress having authorized the establishment of an assay office of the United States at Deadwood, S. Dak., arrangements are being perfected for an early opening of the same for the reception of gold deposits and payment therefor. A suitable building has been leased and is being equipped with necessary fixtures and appliances.

RECOINAGE OF STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS.

No mutilated or uncurrent standard silver dollars were transferred from the Treasury to the mints for recoinage during the fiscal year 1897. There were, however, purchased as bullion by the mints at Philadelphia and New Orleans and the assay office at New York 1,898 mutilated silver dollars which were for use in the manufacture of subsidiary silver coins.

The total number of mutilated and uncurrent silver dollars received and melted at the mints and at the assay office at New York from 1883 to the close of the fiscal year 1897 is shown in the following statement:

Fiscal years.	Amount.	Fiscal years.	Amount.
1883	$621	1891	$10,800
1884		1892	42,881
1885	1,850	1893	10,500
1886		1894	15,055
1887	8,292	1895	18,580
1888	14,055	1896	2,034
1889	31,042	1897	1,898
1890	11,977	Total	169,585

BULLION OPERATIONS, LEGAL ALLOWANCE, AND WASTAGE, 1897.

The following table shows the amount of gold and silver operated upon, legal allowance, wastage, and per cent of loss of the legal allowance at the mints of the United States and the assay office at New York during the fiscal year 1897:

GOLD AND SILVER OPERATED UPON, LEGAL ALLOWANCE, WASTAGE, AND THE PER CENT OF LOSS OF THE LEGAL ALLOWANCE DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

GOLD BULLION.

Institution and department.	Amount operated upon.	Surplus.	Legal allowance.	Actual wastage.	Loss of the legal allowance.
Philadelphia:	*Standard oz.*	*Stand. oz.*	*Standard oz.*	*Stand. oz.*	*Per cent.*
Melter and refiner's	4,679,755.315	.....	4,679.755	546.883	11.686
Coiner's	4,380,649.870	.....	2,190.324	119.301	5.446
San Francisco:					
Melter and refiner's	3,149,478.407	1,379.694	3,149.478	.....	.....
Coiner's	3,166,766.810	.....	1,583.383	186.965	11.808
New Orleans:					
Melter and refiner's	29.921.293	19.157	29.921	.....	.....
Coiner's	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Carson:					
Melter and refiner's	39,632.703	130.136	39.632	.....	.....
New York:					
Melter and refiner's	2,278,750.811	525.324	2,278.750	.....	.....

GOLD AND SILVER OPERATED UPON, LEGAL ALLOWANCE, WASTAGE, AND THE PER CENT OF LOSS OF THE LEGAL ALLOWANCE DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

SILVER BULLION.

Institution and department.	Amount operated upon.	Surplus.	Legal allowance.	Actual wastage.	Loss of the legal allowance.
Philadelphia:	*Standard oz.*	*Stand. oz.*	*Standard oz.*	*Stand. oz.*	*Per cent.*
Melter and refiner's	16,193,681.59	2,388.59	24,290.52	.....	.....
Coiner's	15,340,671.66	.....	15,340.67	2,019.38	13.163
San Francisco:					
Melter and refiner's	15,965,847.95	9,413.82	23,948.77	.....	.....
Coiner's	16,035,582.31	.....	16,035.58	3,953.63	24.655
New Orleans:					
Melter and refiner's	11,493,724.12	.....	17,240.58	178.67	1.03
Coiner's	11,126,842.80	*a* 231.40	11,126.84	.....	.....
Carson:					
Melter and refiner's	310,338.68	164.76	465.51	.....	.....
New York:					
Melter and refiner's	5,227,551.54	1,816.54	7,841.32	.....	.....

a 276.78 standard ounces of silver sweeps recovered from well.

QUANTITY OF METALS OPERATED UPON, WASTAGE, AND LOSS, FISCAL YEAR 1897.

In quantity the precious metals operated upon in the different departments of the mints and assay offices during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, exceeded 627 tons of gold and 3,147 tons of silver.

The value of the precious metals wasted in the metallurgical and mechanical departments was $19,515.15. A loss of $15,583.61 occurred from the difference between the assay value of bullion contained in sweeps and leady melts sold and the amount received for the same.

The wastages and losses aggregated $25,098.76. Against these losses there were gains arising from the operations on bullion as follows:

GAINS ARISING FROM BULLION OPERATIONS, 1896 AND 1897.

Character of gains.	Fiscal year.	
	1896.	1897.
Surplus bullion returned by the operative officers	$38,361.01	$47,243.16
Precious metals recovered in grains and sweeps	6,919.78	13,244.92
Gain on bullion shipped from the minor assay offices to the mint for coinage	7,004.38	5,874.37
Total gains	52,288.17	66,362.45

Deducting the value of the total operative, wastage, and loss on sale of sweeps from the incidental gains on bullion, there was a net gain in the operations of the mints during the fiscal year of $41,263.69.

COST OF COINAGE, 1896 AND 1897.

The following table exhibits the cost per piece of the coins executed at the mints of the United States during the fiscal years 1896 and 1897:

COST OF COINAGE EXECUTED AT THE COINAGE MINTS OF THE UNITED STATES DURING THE FISCAL YEARS 1896 AND 1897.

Coinage mints.	Pieces coined.		Pieces coined exclusive of minor coins.	
	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.
Philadelphia	69,487,295	67,354,030	15,165,811	17,688,627
San Francisco	3,291,478	12,583,813	3,291,478	12,583,813
New Orleans	5,552,000	8,398,000	5,552,000	8,398,000
Total	78,330,773	88,335,843	24,009,289	38,670,440

Coinage mints.	Expenses for salaries, wages, and incidentals.		Cost per piece, including minor coins.		Cost per piece, excluding minor coins.	
	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.
Philadelphia	$410,416.71	$502,744.25	$0.005906	$0.007464	$0.027062	$0.028421
San Francisco	280,507.68	349,962.37	.....	.....	.085222	.027810
New Orleans	114,427.44	117,209.95	.....	.....	.020610	.013956
Total	805,351.83	969,916.57	.....	.....	.....	.....
Average	.....	.....	.010281	.010979	.033543	.025081

The following table exhibits the cost per dollar of the coins stamped at the mints of the United States during the fiscal years 1896 and 1897:

COST OF COINAGE PER DOLLAR AT THE COINAGE MINTS OF THE UNITED STATES DURING THE FISCAL YEARS 1896 AND 1897.

Coinage mints.	Gold, silver, and minor coinage.		Gold and silver coinage.	
	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.
Philadelphia	$43,725,517.02	$49,496,864.74	$42,856,179.70	$48,512,355.15
San Francisco	24,332,951.50	40,854,536.50	24,332,951.50	40,854,536.50
New Orleans	3,130,000.00	6,607,600.00	3,130,000.00	6,607,600.00
Total	71,188,468.52	96,959,001.24	70,319,131.20	95,974,491.65

Coinage mints.	Expenses for salaries, wages, and incidentals.		Cost per dollar, including minor coins.		Cost per dollar, excluding minor coins.	
	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.
Philadelphia	$410,416.71	$502,744.25	$0.009386	$0.010157	$0.009576	$0.010363
San Francisco	280,507.68	349,962.37	.....	.....	.011527	.008566
New Orleans	114,427.44	117,209.95	.....	.....	.036564	.017738
Total	805,351.83	969,916.57	.....	.....	.....	.....
Average	.....	.....	.0113129	.010003	.011452	.010106

SUMMARY OF THE WORK OF THE MINOR ASSAY OFFICES, 1897.

The following tables of deposits, earnings, and expenditures, with the percentage of net expenditures to deposits and the manufacture of unparted bars, summarizes the work of the minor assay offices, including the mint at Denver, during the fiscal year 1897:

DEPOSITS, EARNINGS, AND EXPENDITURES, WITH PERCENTAGE OF NET EXPENSES TO DEPOSITS.

Institutions.	Deposits.	Earnings.	Expenses.	Percentage of net expenses to deposits.
Denver	$6,974,016.42	$10,869.46	$36,696.14	0.370327
Boise	1,394,351.23	5,024.65	13,686.35	.621199
Helena	2,090,950.87	5,790.37	24,964.40	.917000
Charlotte	239,722.99	935.37	4,927.80	1.665434
St. Louis	99,195.74	683.46	4,329.76	3.675860
Total	10,798,237.25	23,303.31	84,604.45	.....
Average	.....	.....	.....	.56769

BARS OF GOLD AND SILVER MANUFACTURED FROM DEPOSITS OF BULLION AND SHIPPED TO THE MINT AT PHILADELPHIA FOR COINAGE.

Institutions.	Bars.	
	Gold.	Silver.
Denver	$6,915,100.98	$58,915.44
Boise	1,375,297.22	19,054.01
Helena	2,056,809.03	34,141.84
Charlotte	238,132.43	1,590.56
St. Louis	97,938.26	1,257.48
Total	10,683,277.92	114,959.33

SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS OF MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES.

The precious metals received at all the mints and assay offices during the fiscal year 1897 were valued at $138,830,523 against $115,159,820 the previous fiscal year.

METALLURGICAL OPERATIONS, 1896 AND 1897.

The operations of the melting and refining departments of the coinage mints and of the assay office at New York for 1896 and 1897, as far as the value of the metals treated is concerned, are exhibited in the following table:

BULLION OPERATIONS OF THE MELTING DEPARTMENTS, 1896 AND 1897.

Metals.	Fiscal year 1896.		Fiscal year 1897.	
	Standard ounces.	Coining value.	Standard ounces.	Coining value.
Gold	8,437,739	$156,981,191	10,177,539	$189,349,562
Silver	27,299,277	31,766,431	49,191,144	57,240,604
Total		188,747,622		246,590,166

MECHANICAL OPERATIONS, 1896 AND 1897.

The operations of the coining branches of the mints during the fiscal years 1896 and 1897 in the manufacture of finished coin from ingots prepared by the melting departments were, in value of the metals operated upon, as follows:

BULLION OPERATIONS OF THE COINING DEPARTMENTS, 1896 AND 1897.

Metals.	Fiscal year 1896.		Fiscal year 1897.	
	Standard ounces.	Coining value.	Standard ounces.	Coining value.
Gold	6,108,128	$113,639,591	7,547,417	$140,417,060
Silver	19,447,561	22,629,889	42,503,097	49,458,149
Total		136,269,480		189,875,209

WORK OF THE MINOR ASSAY OFFICES, 1896 AND 1897.

The work of the minor assay offices at Helena, Mont.; Boise, Idaho; Charlotte, N. C., and St. Louis, Mo., and of the mint at Denver, Colo., which consists in the receipt and assaying of deposits and the manufacture of unparted bars of gold and silver, during the fiscal years 1896 and 1897, was as follows:

OPERATIONS OF MINOR ASSAY OFFICES, 1896 AND 1897.

Metals.	Fiscal year 1896.		Fiscal year 1897.	
	Standard ounces.	Coining value.	Standard ounces.	Coining value.
Gold	431,462	$8,027,200	574,226	$10,683,274
Silver	114,770	133,550	98,793	114,958
Total		8,160,750		10,798,232

OPERATIONS OF THE MINT SERVICE, 1896 AND 1897.

The following table is a summary of the three preceding tables, showing the value of the precious metals operated on at the mints and minor assay offices during the fiscal years 1896 and 1897:

BULLION OPERATED UPON IN THE MELTING AND COINING DEPARTMENTS OF ALL THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES, 1896 AND 1897.

Metals.	Fiscal year 1896.		Fiscal year 1897.	
	Standard ounces.	Coining value.	Standard ounces.	Coining value.
Gold	14,977,329	$278,647,982	18,299,182	$340,449,896
Silver	46,861,608	54,529,870	91,793,034	106,813,711
Total		333,177,852		447,263,607

MELTS OF GOLD AND SILVER FOR INGOTS MADE AND CONDEMNED, 1896 AND 1897.

The following table exhibits the number of melts for ingots made and condemned at the coinage mints and the percentage of finished coin produced from the gold and silver ingots operated upon during the fiscal years 1896 and 1897.

NUMBER OF GOLD AND SILVER INGOTS MADE AND CONDEMNED AND PERCENTAGE OF FINISHED COIN PRODUCED FROM INGOTS OPERATED UPON AT EACH OF THE COINAGE MINTS, 1896 AND 1897.

Coinage mints.	Fiscal year 1896.					
	Melts of gold ingots.		Percentage of finished gold coin produced from ingots operated upon.	Melts of silver ingots.		Percentage of finished silver coin produced from ingots operated upon.
	Made.	Condemned.		Made.	Condemned.	
Philadelphia	614	1	49.5	3,876	7	48.9
San Francisco	736	1	56.3	1,256	17	52.6
New Orleans	4	1	(a)	592	4	51.5
Total	1,354	3		5,724	28	

Coinage mints.	Fiscal year 1897.					
	Melts of gold ingots.		Percentage of finished gold coin produced from ingots operated upon.	Melts of silver ingots.		Percentage of finished silver coin produced from ingots operated upon.
	Made.	Condemned.		Made.	Condemned.	
Philadelphia	809	15	49.9	4,767	13	48.1
San Francisco	1,076	12	54.3	9,620	79	50.8
New Orleans			(a)	1,307	5	50.69
Total	1,885	27		15,694	97	

a No gold coinage.

COMPARISON OF THE BUSINESS OF THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE FISCAL YEARS 1896 AND 1897.

DEPOSITS, BARS MANUFACTURED, AND COINAGE.

Institutions.	Deposits.		Bars manufactured.			
			Gold.		Silver.	
	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.
Philadelphia	$33,092,000.75	$45,859,462.59	$2,895,546.40	$582,382.38	$60,960.78	$67,340.29
San Francisco	22,731,660.70	32,194,729.47	.....	.....	.....	2,490.19
Carson	536,817.66	912,203.01	.....	724,675.74	55,814.46	347,660.00
New Orleans	1,546,647.13	688,434.83	160.32	206.40	1,836.92	7,814.23
New York	49,091,947.71	48,377,455.64	42,325,620.18	42,520,567.38	7,118,292.92	6,058,487.26
Denver	4,225,983.41	6,974,016.42	4,168,255.39	6,915,100.98	57,728.02	58,915.44
Boise	1,166,251.68	1,394,351.23	1,144,346.15	1,375,297.22	21,905.53	19,054.01
Helena	2,387,737.55	2,090,950.87	2,336,517.64	2,056,809.03	51,219.91	34,141.84
Charlotte	274,569.48	239,722.99	273,225.88	238,132.43	1,343.60	1,590.56
St. Louis	106,204.58	99,195.74	104,851.82	97,938.26	1,352.75	1,257.48
Total	115,159,820.65	138,830,522.79	53,248,523.78	54,511,109.82	7,370,454.89	6,598,751.30

Institutions.	Gold coinage.		Silver coinage.		Minor coinage.	
	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.
Philadelphia	$35,922,990.00	$39,919,205.00	$6,933,189.70	$8,593,150.15	$869,337.32	$984,509.59
San Francisco	22,955,500.00	31,727,500.00	1,377,451.50	9,127,036.50	.....	.....
New Orleans	.....	.....	3,130,000.00	6,607,600.00	.....	.....
Total	58,878,490.00	71,646,705.00	11,440,641.20	24,327,786.65	869,337.32	984,509.59

BULLION OPERATIONS AND WASTAGE.

Institutions.	Gold bullion received by melter and refiner.				Silver bullion received by melter and refiner.			
	Operations.		Wastage.		Operations.		Wastage.	
	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.
	Stand. oz.	*Stand. oz.*	*Stand. oz.*	*Stand. oz.*	*Stand. oz.*	*Stand. oz.*	*Stand. oz.*	*Stand. oz.*
Philadelphia	3,922,717	4,679,755	197	546	12,899,108	16,193,681	.....	.....
San Francisco	2,163,270	3,149,478	.....	.....	2,132,944	15,965,848	.....	.....
Carson	40,863	39,633	.....	.....	698,952	310,339	.....	.....
New Orleans	15,459	29,921	.....	.....	5,301,708	11,493,724	1,617	179
New York	2,295,430	2,278,751	.....	.....	6,265,972	5,227,552	.....	.....
Total	8,437,739	10,177,538	197	546	27,298,684	49,191,144	1,617	179

Institutions.	Gold bullion received by coiner.				Silver bullion received by coiner.			
	Operations.		Wastage.		Operations.		Wastage.	
	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.
	Stand. oz.	*Stand. oz.*	*Stand. oz.*	*Stand. oz.*	*Stand. oz.*	*Stand. oz.*	*Stand. oz.*	*Stand. oz.*
Philadelphia	3,894,715	4,380,649	29	119	12,062,913	15,340,671	2,124	2,019
San Francisco	2,213,413	3,166,767	190	187	2,412,830	16,035,582	531	3,954
New Orleans	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,971,818	11,126,843	497	.....
Total	6,108,128	7,547,416	219	306	19,447,561	42,503,096	3,152	5,973

COMPARISON OF THE BUSINESS OF THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE FISCAL YEARS 1896 AND 1897—Continued.

OPERATIONS OF THE MINOR ASSAY OFFICES.

Institutions.	Gold bullion operations.		Silver bullion operations.	
	1896.	1897.	1896.	1897.
	Stand. ozs.	*Stand. ozs.*	*Stand. ozs.*	*Stand. ozs.*
Denver	224,044	371,687	49,610	50,630
Boise	61,508	73,922	18,825	16,374
Helena	125,588	110,553	44,017	29,341
Charlotte	14,686	12,800	1,155	1,367
St. Louis	5,636	5,264	1,163	1,081
Total	431,462	574,226	114,770	98,793

INCREASED COINAGE OF FRACTIONAL SILVER COIN RECOMMENDED.

Since 1890, the demand by the public for new fractional silver coin has largely exceeded the amount of such coins manufactured by the mints, and the Treasury has been compelled to pay out small silver coins that were much worn and abraded, and unfit for circulation.

The manufacture of fractional silver coins by the mints, from worn and uncurrent coins transferred from the Treasury, is limited in amount by the appropriation made for the loss on the recoinage of such coins.

This appropriation reimburses the Treasurer for the difference between the face value and the output of the same in new coin.

The face value of uncurrent silver coin transferred to the mints for recoinage, commencing with the fiscal year 1890 and ending with the fiscal year 1897, has amounted to $35,673,373.80. In recoining this amount there was a loss of $1,352,014.92, and the circulation of fractional coin reduced to this extent.

While the population of the country is constantly increasing, and new avenues of business opened up, the volume of fractional silver coin has not increased, but, on the contrary, has decreased. I am of the opinion that a much larger volume of fractional coin could be kept in active circulation if the Secretary of the Treasury were authorized to use any silver bullion now in the Treasury for the coinage of such denominations of fractional silver as might be required from time to time in different sections of the country.

It is also suggested and recommended that authority be obtained from Congress authorizing the recoinage of the worn and abraded fractional silver coin now lying useless in the vaults of the Treasury, and that hereafter such coin, as fast as received, be recoined, and the Treasurer of the United States reimbursed for the loss on the same from any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

If a general provision of this character were enacted by Congress, the Treasury would be enabled to pay out new, or at least, coin in good condition, which would be gratifying to the public at large.

ALLOWANCES OF THE OPERATIVE OFFICERS FOR WASTAGE.

Section 3541 of the Revised Statutes of the United States provides "that the accounts of the coiner and melter and refiner of each mint shall be settled at least once a year by the delivery of all bullion in their hands to the superintendent."

Section 3542 provides:

That when all other coins, clippings, and other bullion have been delivered to the superintendent, it shall be his duty to examine the accounts and statements rendered by the coiner and melter and refiner. The difference between the amount charged and credited to each officer shall be allowed as necessary wastage, if the superintendent shall be satisfied that there has been a bona fide waste of the precious metals, and if the amount shall not exceed, in the case of the melter and refiner one-thousandth of the whole amount of gold and one and one-half thousandths of the whole amount of silver delivered to him since the last annual settlement, and in the case of the coiner one-thousandth of the whole amount of silver and one-half thousandth of the whole amount of gold that has been delivered to him by the superintendent.

Experience since 1873 has shown that the amount it is permissible by law to allow the operative officers of the coinage mints and the assay office at New York for wastage of gold and silver in their operations is excessive and should be reduced. At present 1 ounce of gold and 1½ ounces of silver may be allowed the melter and refiner on every 1,000 ounces of gold and silver, respectively, delivered to him during the year, and in the case of the coiner half an ounce of gold and 1 ounce of silver on each 1,000 ounces delivered, provided the waste is bona fide, which is determined by the superintendent.

It is respectfully suggested and recommended that section 3542 of the Revised Statutes of the United States be amended as to so limit the amount that may be allowed for wastage of the precious metals that it may not exceed, in the case of the melter and refiner, one-half thousandth of the whole amount of gold and one-thousandth of the whole amount of silver delivered to him since the last annual settlement, and in the case of the coiner one-half thousandth of the whole amount of silver and one-quarter thousandth of the whole amount of gold delivered to him.

This would reduce the amount that is at present permissible to allow under the law by one-half, which would be ample to cover any legitimate loss liable to occur in the manipulation of the precious metals.

It is a pleasure to be able to report that (with one exception, that of the assistant melter and refiner of the mint at Carson, Nev.) from March 1, 1890, to April 13, 1895, the operative officers of the several coinage mints and the assay office at New York have worked zealously to reduce their wastage to a minimum each year, and in many instances instead of showing a wastage on the annual settlement of their accounts a gain has been exhibited.

DISCONTINUANCE OF COINAGE MINTS AT NEW ORLEANS AND CARSON.

There remained on deposit at the United States mint at New Orleans October 1, 1897, a balance of 1,209,531.76 fine ounces of silver bullion purchased under the provisions of the act of July 14, 1890; in ordinary coinage operations about 500,000 fine ounces of this bullion can be converted monthly into standard silver dollars.

As the value of the deposits of gold bullion at the mint does not exceed a yearly average of $250,000, it will be necessary to suspend coinage operations at this institution not later than January 1, 1898, by which date all the silver bullion now on hand will have been coined.

It is respectfully recommended that the silver dollars now in storage in the vaults of the mint be transferred to the subtreasury in New Orleans, the balance of gold and silver bullion transferred to the mint at Philadelphia, and thereafter the mint at New Orleans be conducted as an assay office, similar to the United States assay office at Boise City, Idaho.

Estimates for the fiscal year 1899 are submitted on this basis.

Coinage operations were suspended at the United States mint at Carson, Nev., in May, 1893, since which time the operations of the institution have been conducted in a manner similar to those of the United States assay office at New York.

The refinery operations were suspended from March 1, 1895, to April 1, 1896, owing to the long investigation of the embezzlement of gold bullion. In April, 1897, the refinery was again closed, for the reason that the amount of bullion deposits did not justify refinery operations.

The value of the yearly deposits of gold bullion at this institution does not exceed $650,000.

In view of these facts, it is respectfully recommended that the mint at Carson be discontinued as a mint and hereafter the business of said institution be conducted upon the same basis as the United States assay office at Boise City, Idaho.

Estimates for the fiscal year 1899 are submitted upon this basis.

There are now stored in the vaults of the mint at Carson 5,081,388 standard silver dollars and 567,981.47 fine ounces of silver bullion.

Provision should be made for the transfer of the silver dollars to the subtreasury and the bullion to the United States mint at San Francisco.

PAYMENT OF FOREIGN GOLD COIN WITHOUT MELTING.

All foreign gold coin received at the mints and assay offices is melted and assayed before payment is made in United States gold coin. In case of large importations of gold it frequently occurs that large sums of foreign gold coin forms a part of such importations. These coins are deposited at the assay office at New York and the mint at San Francisco, and, although they may be new, are immediately melted, as required by section 3545, Revised Statutes of the United States. Both the Bank of England and the Bank of France, in case of the importation of American gold coin into these countries, purchase the same by weight and carry the amount as part of the bank's gold assets. When gold is required for export to the United States the demand is, as far as practicable, met by the Banks of France and England selling United States gold coin. As the coins are received and paid out by weight, little or no loss occurs.

It is respectfully recommended that section 3545 of the Revised Statutes of the United States be amended so as to admit of large importations of foreign gold coin being received at the mints and assay office at New York and not melted, but held as bullion at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, and when the Treasury is called upon to furnish gold that is to be exported such coins be made to supply the demand as far as may be deemed advisable.

This would result in a saving to the Government of the expense of coining, and, in the case of deposits at the New York assay office, the additional cost of shipping the bullion resulting from the melting of such coins to the mint at Philadelphia for conversion into coin.

MATERIAL FOR MINOR COINS.

The great volume of our minor coin circulation, some 4,500 tons outstanding, with constant demand for more, has attracted attention to the materials of which it is composed. Discussion has arisen as to whether the alloys now in use are the best obtainable for the purpose, either from an artistic or practical point of view. This discussion led

to the Committee on Coinage, Weights, and Measures considering the subject, and on the recommendation of the committee the resolution recited below was passed by the House of Representatives June 8, 1896:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury be requested to communicate to the House at the commencement of the next session such information as he may have, or may be able to obtain meantime, as to the comparative merits and advantages of pure nickel, nickel alloy, aluminum combined or alloyed with other metals, and of copper bronze as material for our minor coins; and for the purpose of making such information as full and complete as possible the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to have struck such experimental minor coins of the metals above mentioned pure and in combination with other metals, as he may deem necessary and proper, and is requested to communicate to the House the results and conclusions derived from such experimental coinage.

In compliance with the above the Secretary of the Treasury directed that experimental 1 and 5 cent pieces be struck from such alloys as might be presented. Every opportunity was given to those who desired to submit blanks of such alloys as they might think would be suitable for the purpose.

December 12, 1896, 1 and 5 cent pieces were struck at the mint at Philadelphia from 14 different alloys submitted for trial, including pure aluminum and nickel. A number of the nickel alloys worked satisfactorily, but were no improvement on the alloys now used from either an artistic or practical point of view. All the alloys of aluminum submitted were too soft, clogging the dies and giving burred edges to the coins.

The pure-nickel sample blanks furnished were found to be very hard, making it difficult to obtain a perfect impression of the dies and after a few impressions causing the dies to crack or break.

The response of the Secretary of the Treasury to the House of Representatives, under date of January 7, 1897, reporting the action taken under the resolution quoted, will be found in the Appendix.

On February 12, 1897, other experimental 5-cent coins were struck from aluminum alloys and pure nickel in the presence of the members of the Annual Assay Commission, then in session at the mint in Philadelphia, without satisfactory results, the alloys of aluminum again proving too soft and the pure nickel very hard.

From experiments made in annealing pure nickel since the pieces above referred to were struck it has been made apparent that the difficulty in obtaining good impressions of the dies was due to the fact that the blanks submitted were not properly annealed, and that no difficulty would be experienced were the blanks properly annealed, as they then become malleable and readily receive impressions from the dies without any greater power than is now used in striking the 1 and 5 cent pieces.

MONETARY STATISTICS OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

The statistics of the production and coinage of the precious metals, imports and exports of gold and silver, amount of bank and Government notes, both covered and uncovered, of the different foreign countries, published annually in the reports of this Bureau, are obtained directly from the governments of such countries by the representatives of the United States accredited to them.

A list of the interrogatories, covering the points on which information is sought from the governments of foreign countries, is sent yearly to the United States ambassadors and ministers through the Department of State, and the replies in the form of reports are forwarded directly to the Bureau of the Mint.

The interrogatories for 1896 are as follows:

(1) What was the amount of gold coined during the calendar year 1896, by denominations and values? What amount was recoined (withdrawn from circulation) during the year, domestic and foreign coins separately?
(2) Same question as to silver.
(3) What was the weight of fine gold used in the industrial arts during the calendar year 1896?
(4) What amount of this was new gold and what amount old gold?
(5) What was the weight of fine silver used in the industrial arts during the calendar year 1896?
(6) What amount of this was new silver and what amount old silver?
(7) What was the import and export of gold during the calendar year 1896? (Coin, bullion, and ore, as well as their weight and value, should be given separately, if possible.)
(8) Same question as to silver.
(9) What was the total import of United States gold coin during the year?
(10) What was the total import of gold from the United States direct in 1896?
(11) What was the amount of United States gold coin deposited at the mints and melted?
(12) What was the weight expressed in kilograms, fine, and the value of the gold produced from the mines of the country during the calendar year 1896?
(13) Same question as to silver. (In answering this interrogatory, state whether the value given is commercial or coining value.)
(14) What were the weight and value of the output of gold from the refineries of the country during the year?
(15) Same question as to silver.
(16) What, approximately, was the stock of gold coin and bullion in the country at the close of the calendar year 1896?
(17) Same question as to silver.
(18) What was the amount of Government notes outstanding at the end of the year 1896?
(19) What was the amount of bank notes outstanding at the end of the year 1896?
(20) What was the amount of uncovered Government notes at the end of the year 1896?
(21) What was the amount of uncovered bank notes at the end of the year 1896?
(22) What was the actual currency of the country, gold and silver, or inconvertible paper?
(23) Is gold at a premium as compared with the actual currency of the country; and if it is, what was the average premium during the year 1896?
(24) What was the average rate of exchange on London during the year 1896?
(25) Were any laws passed during the year 1896 affecting the coinage, issue, or legal-tender character of the metallic paper currency? If so, please transmit copies of the same.
(26) Is there a report published on the operations of the mint? If so, please forward a copy of the same; also the report of the department of mines for 1896.

It is usual for this Bureau to supplement the information received through our foreign representatives by other statistical data obtained from printed documents, both official and nonofficial.

For special information kindly furnished the Bureau the Director desires to express his personal obligations to the following gentlemen: Hon. Horace Seymour, deputy master of the royal mint, London; Hon. Robert Barton, deputy master of the mint, Melbourne; Hon. J. Macdonald Cameron, deputy master of the mint, Sydney, Australia; Hon. J. H. W. Hart, assistant secretary of the Government of India; the directors of the mints of the Netherlands, Paris, Berlin, Vienna, and Kremnitz, and Mr. Augustus Sauerbeck, London.

The replies to the interrogatories, which are given in full in the appendix to this report, are indicated by the numbers of the questions.

In the list of questions propounded to foreign governments for the calendar year 1896 were the following:

What was the total import of United States gold coin during the year? and
What was the amount of United States gold coin deposited at the mints and melted?

The following table shows the countries from which answers to these two interrogatories were received, the amount of United States gold coin imported by them, and the value of the United States gold coin melted at their mints:

Countries.	Amount imported.	Amount melted.
Argentina	$1,600,000	.....
Australasia	1,000	.....
Austria-Hungary	665	$1,018,252
Costa Rica	10,000	.....
Great Britain	78,034	.....
Germany	11,724,740	7,081,772
Hawaii	1,015,500	.....
Japan	683	.....
Russia	6,176,000	.....
Total	20,606,622	8,100,024

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD.

The imports and exports of the precious metals of the principal countries of the world during the calendar year 1896 are exhibited in the following table. The information relating to foreign countries was received through representatives of the United States in them:

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF THE PRECIOUS METALS IN THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD, 1896.

GOLD COIN AND BULLION.

Countries.	Imports.	Exports.	Excess of imports over exports.	Excess of exports over imports.
United States	$104,733,851	$58,262,508	$46,471,343	.....
Argentina	6,063,345	.....	6,063,345	.....
Australasia	.....	27,828,360	.....	$27,828,360
Austria-Hungary	24,711,754	13,672,619	11,039,135	.....
Bolivia	.....	1,605,139	.....	1,605,139
China	622,214	7,195,031	.....	6,572,817
Costa Rica	10,400	99,276	.....	88,876
Denmark	201,000	1,206,000	.....	1,005,000
Ecuador	4,000	15,573	.....	11,573
Egypt	17,739,592	8,797,660	8,941,932	.....
France	58,249,195	60,003,829	.....	1,754,634
Great Britain	119,664,232	146,628,706	.....	26,964,474
Germany	52,421,909	47,000,480	5,421,429	.....
Hawaii	1,015,500	.....	1,015,500	.....
India	21,274,715	10,422,069	10,852,646	.....

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF THE PRECIOUS METALS IN THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD, 1896—Continued.

GOLD COIN AND BULLION—Continued.

Countries.	Imports.	Exports.	Excess of imports over exports.	Excess of exports over imports.
Italy	$1,106,006	$2,748,610	.....	$1,642,604
Japan	10,217,458	1,996,576	$8,220,882	.....
Korea	1,800	1,443,530	.....	1,441,730
Mexico	.....	6,278,936	.....	6,278,936
Netherlands	1,956,695	84,098	1,872,597	.....
Portugal	15,120,000	3,456,000	11,664,000	.....
Russia	69,720,678	180,715	69,539,963	.....
Siam	1,035,956	16,100	1,019,856	.....
Sweden	85,447	.....	85,447	.....
Switzerland	3,727,475	5,093,332	.....	1,365,857
Venezuela	989,878	948,468	41,410	.....

SILVER COIN AND BULLION.

United States	$30,182,717	$64,837,290	.....	$34,654,573
Austria-Hungary	3,032,310	3,470,300	.....	437,990
China	14,298,599	12,905,069	$1,393,530	.....
Costa Rica	403,161	3,567	399,594	.....
Ecuador	.....	37,000	.....	37,000
Egypt	625,853	229,049	396,804	.....
France	30,217,697	18,771,262	11,446,435	.....
Great Britain	76,043,209	74,182,191	1,861,018	.....
Germany	3,163,429	7,260,925	.....	4,097,496
Hawaii	85,500	.....	85,500	.....
India	40,706,862	12,966,850	27,740,012	.....
Italy	1,045,445	1,717,291	.....	671,846
Japan	28,924,750	9,602,308	19,322,442	.....
Korea	862,457	417,817	444,640	.....
Mexico	.....	56,976,819	.....	56,976,819
Netherlands	639,381	247,981	391,400	.....
Portugal	1,537,920	.....	1,537,920	.....
Russia	41,498,492	2,708,233	38,790,259	.....
Salvador	.....	600,000	.....	600,000
Siam	5,514,517	989,950	4,524,567	.....
Sweden	350,203	17,686	332,517	.....
Switzerland	9,787,265	5,531,494	4,255,771	.....
Venezuela	.....	7,624	.....	7,624

VALUE OF GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED INTO AND EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES FROM AND INTO THE UNITED KINGDOM.

GOLD BULLION AND COIN.

Fiscal years. *a*	Imports.	Exports.	Excess of imports over exports.	Excess of exports over imports.
1874	$44,261	$21,941,783	.....	$21,897,522
1875	2,806,311	40,185,922	.....	37,379,611
1876	17,150,938	21,274,902	.....	4,123,964
1877	5,682,271	10,034,324	.....	4,352,053
1878	4,032,112	4,216,010	.....	183,898
1879	33,817,688	1,889,418	$31,928,270	.....
1880	26,823,600	269,431	26,554,169	.....
1881	35,947,633	112,859	35,834,774	.....
1882	448,701	29,684,594	.....	29,235,893
1883	4,562,437	47,580	4,514,857	.....
1884	10,627,477	24,683,345	.....	14,055,868
1885	1,456,700	530,665	926,035	.....
1886	14,575,484	12,556,212	2,019,272	.....
1887	8,568,758	180,110	8,388,648	.....
1888	19,169	10,956,287	.....	10,937,118
1889	50,125	13,608,778	.....	13,558,653
1890	4,923,034	12,624,961	.....	7,701,927
1891	15,391,766	37,351,283	.....	21,959,517
1892	641,385	5,110,827	.....	4,469,442
1893	28,796,540	20,595,062	8,201,478	.....
1894	1,459,590	15,799,647	.....	14,340,057
1895	16,146,069	54,173,664	.....	38,027,595
1896	51,236,371	15,431,560	35,804,811	.....
Total	285,208,420	353,259,224	154,172,314	222,223,118
Excess	.....	68,050,804	.....	68,050,804

a British fiscal year ended March 31.

SILVER BULLION AND COIN.

1874	$122,879	$16,918,981	.....	$16,796,102
1875	43,448	15,481,341	.....	15,437,893
1876	1,841,683	12,834,099	.....	10,992,416
1877	1,449,682	12,730,380	.....	11,280,698
1878	5,269,384	7,870,002	.....	2,600,618
1879	2,989,588	12,632,115	.....	9,642,527
1880	163,125	5,832,816	.....	5,669,691
1881	152,531	12,644,788	.....	12,492,257
1882	143,172	9,355,681	.....	9,212,509
1883	236,755	13,643,442	.....	13,406,687
1884	40,548	12,795,566	.....	12,755,018
1885	29,253	13,648,158	.....	13,618,905
1886	13,943	8,259,345	.....	8,245,402
1887	172,026	10,773,185	.....	10,601,159
1888	157,280	11,600,485	.....	11,443,205
1889	151,591	19,348,927	.....	19,197,336
1890	3,161,262	19,746,841	.....	16,585,579
1891	41,755	19,387,377	.....	19,345,622
1892	88,794	26,807,663	.....	26,718,869
1893	14,780	35,371,119	.....	35,356,339
1894	10,847	35,267,598	.....	35,256,751
1895	37,054	39,335,554	.....	39,298,500
1896	32,182	49,352,583	.....	49,320,401
Total	16,363,562	421,638,046	.....	405,274,484
Excess	.....	405,274,484	.....	.....

The following table exhibits the value of gold and silver bullion and coin imported into and exported from the United States from and into France from 1879 to 1896, inclusive:

VALUE OF GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED INTO AND EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES FROM AND INTO FRANCE.

GOLD BULLION AND COIN.

Fiscal years.	Imports.	Exports.	Excess of imports over exports.	Excess of exports over imports.
1879	$1,230,447	$128,424	$1,102,023	
1880	33,383,297	2,649	33,380,648	
1881	18,219,558	450	18,219,108	
1882	1,495,006	2,590,050		$1,095,044
1883	104,220		104,220	
1884	3,969,915	5,015,767		1,045,852
1885	3,113,347	6,300	3,107,047	
1886	4,427,555	11,578,912		7,151,357
1887	12,433,314	37,135	12,396,179	
1888	9,570,658	44,166	9,526,492	
1889	1,558,341	23,026,482		21,468,141
1890	2,353,764	5,431,373		3,077,609
1891	472,850	14,659,015		14,186,165
1892	15,845,817	13,061,100	2,784,717	
1893	5,399,599	32,240,402		26,840,803
1894	10,742,507	15,450,000		4,707,493
1895	7,845,583	28,625,400		20,779,817
1896	3,933,491	7,534,361		3,600,870
Total	136,099,269	159,431,986	80,620,434	103,953,151
Excess		23,332,717		23,332,717

SILVER BULLION AND COIN.

1879	$259,097	$126,666	$132,431	
1880	24,274	89,431		$65,157
1881	1,267	75,850		74,583
1882	21,064	810,400		789,336
1883	212	1,381,214		1,381,002
1884	1,635	796,788		795,153
1885	919	830,115		829,196
1886	146,477	585,157		438,680
1887	70,139	980,713		910,574
1888	227,566	601,809		374,243
1889	1,906	371,850		369,944
1890	1,351	134,535		133,184
1891		399,684		399,684
1892	360,433	1,412,624		1,052,191
1893	1,351	462,898		461,547
1894	21,595	201,000		179,405
1895	5,126	1,500	3,626	
1896	8,133	3,435,326		3,427,193
Total	1,152,545	12,697,560	136,057	11,681,072
Excess		11,545,015		11,545,015

The following table exhibits the value of gold and silver bullion and coin imported into and exported from the United States from and into Germany from 1879 to 1896, inclusive:

VALUE OF GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED INTO AND EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES FROM AND INTO GERMANY.

GOLD BULLION AND COIN.

Fiscal years.	Imports.	Exports.	Excess of imports over exports.	Excess of exports over imports.
1879	.....	$6,600	.....	$6,660
1880	$3,128,185	15,850	$3,112,335	.....
1881	31,406,112	4,157	31,401,955	.....
1882	4,596,964	82,560	4,514,404	.....
1883	2,299,665	32,600	2,267,065	.....
1884	3,079,605	1,115,674	1,963,931	.....
1885	7,938,164	57,039	7,881,125	.....
1886	5,921,677	3,882,799	2,038,878	.....
1887	12,744,269	2,000,180	10,744,089	.....
1888	18,265,659	6,637,241	11,628,418	.....
1889	1,259,139	8,709,652	.....	7,450,513
1890	1,756,884	2,297,808	.....	540,924
1891	2,758,812	16,530,377	.....	13,771,565
1892	3,920,742	19,308,050	.....	15,387,308
1893	478,811	37,913,100	.....	37,434,289
1894	14,437,867	28,811,650	.....	14,373,783
1895	1,376,762	14,857,754	.....	13,480,992
1896	119,016	29,020,672	.....	28,901,656
Total	115,488,333	171,283,763	75,552,200	131,347,690
Excess	.....	55,795,430	.....	55,795,490

SILVER BULLION AND COIN.

1879	$45,399	$348,432	.....	$303,033
1880	15,465	383,830	.....	368,365
1881	96,231	472,029	.....	375,798
1882	296,697	649,628	.....	352,931
1883	271,052	335,455	.....	64,403
1884	39,194	1,914,560	.....	1,875,366
1885	9,538	282,609	.....	273,071
1886	34,386	99,333	.....	64,947
1887	177,855	83,389	$94,466	.....
1888	135,078	151,276	.....	16,198
1889	19,015	575	18,440	.....
1890	750,633	32,712	717,921	.....
1891	845,901	910	844,991	.....
1892	91,413	107,666	.....	16,253
1893	9,688	4,500	5,188	.....
1894	1,905	94,950	.....	93,045
1895	12,328	81,317	.....	68,989
1896	3,311	10,179	.....	6,868
Total	2,855,089	5,053,350	1,681,006	3,879,267
Excess	.....	2,198,261	.....	2,198,261

For convenience of reference, the more important statistical data relative to foreign countries and contained in the answers to the interrogatories and other authentic sources, are condensed into the following tables:

ABYSSINIA (ETHIOPIA.)

Items reported for 1896.	Francs.	Value in United States money.
Silver coinage	1,950	$376.00

AFRICA.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Gold produced	2,148,218	$44,407,600.00

ARGENTINA.

Items reported for 1896.	Kilograms.	Value in United States money.
Gold coinage		$982,715.00
United States gold imported		1,600,000.00
Gold imports		6,063,345.00
Stock of gold		30,000,000.00
Notes in circulation		295,166,111.00
Gold produced	*a* 473.86	*a* 314,927.36
Silver produced	*a* 10,210.00	*a* 424,327.60

a The same as officially reported for 1895.

AUSTRALASIA.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Gold coinage		$34,602,786.93
Gold recoinage	399,000	7,560,723.28
United States gold coin imported		1,000.00
Stock of gold		132,127,801.18
Notes in circulation		22,545,783.99
Gold produced	2,185,676	45,181,900.00
Silver produced	15,160,077	19,600,900.00

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United Sttes money.
Gold coinage		$33,898,738.65
Gold recoinage		362,438.60
Foreign gold coin melted		15,215,830.16
United States gold coin melted		1,018,252.15
Silver coinage		1,630,069.33
Silver recoinage		714,060.73
Foreign silver coin melted		4,573.01
Gold imports		24,711,753.70
United States gold imported		664.60
Gold exports		13,672,618.62
Silver imports		3,032,310.14
Silver exports		3,470,299.74
Gold produced	104,137	2,152,700.00
Silver produced	1,863,921	2,409,900.00
Stock of gold		178,479,229.34
Stock of silver		63,664,388.53
Notes in circulation		323,623,300.04

BELGIUM.

Items reported for 1896.	Francs.	Value in United States money.
Notes in circulation	492,636,900	$95,078,921.70

BOLIVIA.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Silver coinage		$1,508,087.00
Gold exports		1,605,139.00
Stock of silver		7,150,100.00
Notes in circulation		5,191,382.00
Gold produced	*a* 36,281	*a* 750,000.00
Silver produced	*a* 15,000,000	*a* 19,393,900.00

a Estimate of Bureau of the Mint.

BORNEO.

Items reported for 1896.	Kilograms.	Value in United States money.
Gold produced	*a* 111	$73,770.60

a The same as officially reported for 1895.

BRAZIL.

Items reported for 1896.	Kilograms.	Value in United States money.
Gold produced	*a* 3,339	*a* $2,219,500.00

a The same as officially reported for 1893.

BRITISH INDIA.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Silver coinage		$5,579,691.93
Silver recoinage		2,593,721.13
Gold imports		21,274,714.92
Gold exports		10,422,069.49
Silver imports		40,706,862.37
Silver exports		12,966,849.68
Stock of gold		705,941,339.54
Stock of silver		1,808,269,158.89
Silver in circulation		592,125,000.00
Silver produced	296,563	6,130,500.00

CANADA.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Gold produced	135,943	$2,810,200.00
Silver produced	3,205,343	4,144,300.00

CENTRAL AMERICAN STATES.

Items reported for 1896.	Value in United States money.
Gold imports	$10,400.00
Gold exports	99,276.00
United States gold imported	10,000.00
Silver imports	403,161.25
Silver exports	603,567.00
Stock of gold	20,000.00
Stock of silver	7,501,190.00
Notes in circulation	5,897,886.00

CHILE.

Items reported for 1896.	Pesos.	Value in United States money.
Gold coinage		$5,424,686.60
Silver coinage	1,857,196.85	677,876.83
Foreign gold coin melted	1,066,666.66	389,333.00
Stock of gold	26,000,000.00	9,490,000.00
Stock of silver	8,000,000.00	2,920,000.00
Notes in circulation	4,115,027.00	1,501,984.00
Gold produced		*a* 1,407,600.00
Silver produced		*a* 6,505,900.00

a The same as officially reported for 1895.

CHINA.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Silver coinage		$8,638,629.55
Gold imports		622,214.00
Gold exports		7,195,031.00
Silver imports		14,298,599.00
Silver exports		12,905,069.00
Gold produced	146,285	3,024,000.00

COLOMBIA.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Notes in circulation	.....	$30,695,230.00
Gold produced	*a* 145,125	*a* 3,000,000.00
Silver produced	.....	*b* 2,182,400.00

a Estimate of Bureau of the Mint.
b The same as officially reported for 1893.

DENMARK.

Items reported for 1896.	Crowns.	Value in United States money.
Silver recoinage	3,755.60	$1,006.50
Gold imports	750,000.00	201,000.00
Gold exports	4,500,000.00	1,206,000.00
Stock of gold	37,500,000.00	15,410,000.00
Stock of silver	20,000,000.00	5,360,000.00
Notes in circulation	90,250,000.00	24,187,000.00

DUTCH GUIANA.

Item reported for 1896.	Kilograms.	Value in United States money.
Gold exported	874.897	$481,841.00

ECUADOR.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Silver coinage	.....	$169,798.00
Gold imports	.....	4,000.00
Gold exports	.....	15,572.80
Silver exports	.....	37,000.00
Stock of silver	.....	2,677,947.00
Notes in circulation	.....	4,681,906.50
Gold produced	6,430	132,900.00

EGYPT.

Items reported for 1896.	Egyptian pounds.	Value in United States money.
Silver coinage	113,852	$562,770.43
Gold imports	3,588,831	17,739,591.63
Gold exports	1,779,822	8,797,660.14
Silver imports	126,614	625,853.00
Silver exports	146,338	229,048.73
Stock of silver	1,300,000	6,425,900.00

ERITREA (COLONY).

Item reported for 1896.	Lire.	Value in United States money.
Silver coinage	4,000,000	$772,000.00

FRANCE.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Gold coinage		$21,719,880.32
Gold recoinage		175,485.25
Gold imports		58,249,194.70
Gold exports		60,003,828.73
Silver imports		30,217,696.56
Silver exports		18,771,262.03
Stock of gold		772,000,000.00
Stock of silver		386,000,000.00
Notes in circulation		724,957,209.79
Silver produced	*a* 566,346	*a* 732,200.00

a The same as officially reported for 1895.

GERMAN EAST AFRICAN COMPANY.

Items reported for 1896.	Rupees.	Value in United States money.
Silver coinage	8,343	$3,952.00

GERMANY.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Gold coinage		$25,133,475.92
Gold recoinage		124,139.61
Foreign gold coin melted		9,036,832.63
Gold imports		55,844,082.00
Gold exports		47,001,668.00
United States gold coin imported		11,724,740.28
United States gold bullion imported		1,644,253.63
United States gold coin melted		7,081,771.92
Silver coinage		2,718,367.94
Silver recoinage		2,718,367.94
Silver imports		3,074,484.00
Silver exports		7,059,794.00
Stock of gold		74,816,014.00
Stock of silver		209,697,284.00
Notes in circulation		373,639,294.00
Gold produced	79,945	1,652,600.00
Silver produced	6,583,927	8,512,600.00

GREAT BRITAIN.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Gold coinage		$23,402,560.51
Gold withdrawn from circulation		12,627,044.28
Gold imports		119,664,232.36
Gold exports		146,628,705.89
United States gold coin imported		379,752.46
United States gold bullion imported		15,051,807.10
Silver coinage		6,470,352.40
Silver withdrawn from circulation		1,100,641.70
Silver imports		76,043,208.75
Silver exports		74,182,191.02
Stock of gold		437,985,000.00
Notes in circulation		204,487,244.64
Gold produced	1,188	24,600.00
Silver produced	262,567	339,500.00

GREECE.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Silver produced	1,028,609	$1,329,900.00
Stock of gold and silver		462,328.41
Notes in circulation		26,019,865.31

HAWAII.

Items reported for 1896.	Value in United States money.
Gold imports	$1,015,500.00
United States gold coin imported	1,015,500.00
Silver imports	85,500.00
Stock of gold	5,000,000.00
Stock of silver	1,000,000.00

INDO-CHINA.

Items reported for 1896.	Francs.	Value in United States money.
Silver coinage	65,005,297.20	$12,542,772.00

ITALY.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Gold imports		$1,106,005.80
Gold exports		2,748,609.50
Silver imports		1,045,445.30
Silver exports		1,717,290.84
Stock of gold		96,904,146.05
Stock of silver		45,437,833.03
Notes in circulation		304,792,041.56
Gold produced	*a* 6,063	*a* 125,300.00
Silver produced	*a* 183,655	*a* 237,500.00

a The same as officially reported for 1895.

JAPAN.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Gold coinage		$1,125,000.00
Gold recoinage		16,362.43
Silver coinage		13,399,062.00
Silver recoinage		6,015.70
Foreign silver coin melted		709,507.41
Gold imports		10,217,458.21
Gold exports		1,996,575.93
United States gold coin imported		682.50
Silver imports		28,924,750.11
Silver exports		9,602,307.86
Stock of gold		80,084,287.00
Stock of silver		93,979,054.00
Notes in circulation		216,823,472.75
Gold produced	34,506	713,300.00
Silver produced	2,507,532	3,242,100.00

KOREA.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Gold imports		$900.00
Gold exports		271,765.00
Silver imports		431,228.50
Silver exports		208,908.50
Gold produced	34,915	721,800.00

LIBERIA.

Items reported for 1896.	Value in United States money.
Silver coinage	$12,000.00
Silver imports	12,000.00

MADAGASCAR.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Gold produced	23,341	$482,500.00

MEXICO.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Gold coinage		$565,985.00
Silver coinage		21,092,397.00
Silver recoinage		12,500,000.00
Gold exports		6,278,935.65
Silver exports		38,640,757.09
Gold and silver imported		69,080.00
Stock of silver		106,000.00
Notes in circulation		40,000,000.00
Gold produced	*a* 362,812	*a* 7,500,000.00
Silver produced	46,328,906	59,900,000.00

a Estimate of Bureau of the Mint.

MONACO.

Items reported for 1896.	Francs.	Value in United States money.
Gold coinage	2,000,000	$386,000.00

MOROCCO.

Items reported for 1896.	Value in United States money.
Silver coinage	$589,985.00

NETHERLANDS.

Items reported for 1896.	Florins.	Value in United States money.
Silver coinage	450,000	$180,900.00
Silver coinage (for Netherlands East Indies)	615,000	247,230.00
Silver recoinage (for Netherlands East Indies)	1,062,247	427,023,00
Gold imports	4,867,400	1,956,695.00
Gold exports	209,200	84,098.40
Silver imports	1,590,500	639,381.00
Silver exports	616,893	247,980.98
Stock of gold	54,601,296	21,949,720.89
Stock of silver	139,637,790	56,134,391.58
Notes in circulation	222,855,805	89,588,033.61

NORWAY.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Silver coinage		$67,000.00
Silver produced	162,198	209,700.00

PARAGUAY.

Items reported for 1896.	Value in United States money.
Notes in circulation	$6,225,274.00

PERU.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Silver coinage		$2,704,831.00
Gold produced	5,639	116,600.00
Silver produced	2,254,021	2,914,300.00

PORTUGAL.

Items reported for 1896.	Milreis.	Value in United States money.
Silver coinage	1,760,000	$1,900,800.00
Gold imports	14,000,000	15,120,000.00
Gold exports	3,200,000	3,456,000.00
Silver imports	1,424,000	1,537,920.00
Notes in circulation	59,418,404	64,171,876.50

RUSSIA.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Gold coinage		$10,284.23
Silver coinage		30,985,565.72
Silver recoinage		285,583.75
Stock of gold		586,899,900.00
Gold produced	1,041,794	21,535,800.00
Silver produced	336,127	434,600.00

SERVIA.

Items reported for 1896.	Francs.	Value in United States money.
Stock of gold	14,000,000	$2,702,000.00
Stock of silver	9,000,000	1,737,000.00
Notes in circulation	24,461,000	4,720,973.00

SIAM.

Items reported for 1896.	Value in United States money.
Silver coinage	$3,322,752.00
Gold imports	1,035,956.00
Gold exports	16,100.00
Silver imports	5,514,517.00
Silver exports	989,950.00
Stock of gold	20,000,000.00
Stock of silver	193,441,490.00

SPAIN.

Items reported for 1896.	Kilograms.	Value in United States money.
Silver coinage		$5,386,942.00
Silver produced	*a* 109,804	*a* 4,563,500.00

a The same as officially reported for 1895.

SWEDEN.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Silver coinage		$109,006.77
Silver coin melted		883.86
Gold imports		85,447.24
Silver imports		350,303.26
Silver exports		17,686.00
Stock of gold		10,575,899.61
Stock of silver		4,943,951.97
Notes in circulation		34,464,807.23
Gold produced	3,681	76,100.00
Silver produced	17,822	23,000.00

SWITZERLAND.

Items reported for 1896.	Francs.	Value in United States money.
Gold coinage	8,000,000	$1,544,000.00
Silver recoinage	10,000	1,930.00
Gold imports	19,313,344	3,727,475.00
Gold exports	26,390,324	5,093,332.00
Silver imports	50,711,218	9,787,265.00
Silver exports	28,660,594	5,531,494.00
Notes in circulation	194,434,150	37,525,791.00

TUNIS.

Items reported for 1896.	Francs.	Value in United States money.
Gold coinage	1,200	$232.00
Silver coinage	1,800	347.00

TURKEY.

Items reported for 1896.	Value in United States money.
Gold coinage	$50,114.40
Silver coinage	7,473.00

URUGUAY.

Items reported for 1896.	Value in United States money.
Notes in circulation	$1,000,000.00

VENEZUELA.

Items reported for 1896.	Ounces.	Value in United States money.
Gold imports		$989,878.47
Gold exports		948,468.43
Silver exports		7,623.50
Stock of gold		20,586,738.72
Stock of silver		2,613,378.40
Notes in circulation		562,077.76
Gold produced	45,882	948,500.00

THE DECLINE OF SILVER SINCE 1873.

Among the most notable events of the year, from a monetary point of view, are the measures taken toward the adoption of the gold standard by Russia and Japan, and the decline of the price of silver to 23⅝ pence, British standard, the lowest it has ever reached—one scarcely sufficient to cover the cost of production in a very great number of mines, and representing a ratio of about 1:40.

The going over of the two great nations named, with an aggregate population of 170,000,000, to gold monometallism and the subsequent remarkable fall in the price of silver are doubtless related phenomena, although other causes may, and very likely have, contributed to the reduction of the price of silver. It is not necessary to give here in detail the provisions of the laws enacted in Russia and Japan toward placing their respective currencies on a gold basis, as they are to be found in full in the appendix to this report; nor is there anything to be gained by speculating as to the time it will take to complete the monetary reforms they have inaugurated, or on the difficulties they will very likely encounter in bringing them to a successful termination. It is sufficient to remark that the action of Russia and Japan had naturally and necessarily a discouraging effect on the silver market, since it has now made it certain that the credit or "silver" rubles of Russia, which amounted at the end of 1895 to the nominal value of $900,000,000, will hereafter be redeemed not in silver, but in gold at the rate of 1½ paper credit or "silver" rubles for 1 gold ruble; and that Japan, which has hitherto been, de facto if not de jure, a single silver standard country, in which the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 1:16.18 prevailed, will, before long, be a market almost entirely closed to silver.

The monetary history of the world, like all other history, repeats itself. The coinage record of States is political economy teaching by example; and the causes for the further decline of silver in 1897 are similar to those that first produced and then accelerated its downfall since 1873, viz, the increase of the supply and the decline of the demand.

A careful study of monetary events since 1871 and of the market for silver in the various countries irrefutably establishes the truth of the following propositions:

1. The cause—one which of itself would have been all-sufficient—of the decline of silver since 1873, is the enormous increase in its annual production since that year—over 270 per cent in 1895 and 1896.

2. Other causes contributed to the dethronement of the metal, viz: The demonetizations of it by Germany, Norway, Sweden and Denmark, and Roumania; the suspensions of its coinage into full legal-tender coins on private account by all the States of Europe and by every civilized government of any importance, except Mexico; the substitution on a large scale of council bills for shipments of silver to India, especially during the years 1873–1876.

3. The practical measures taken toward its rehabilitation by the United States proved abortive, affording no satisfaction either to the advocates or opponents of legislation in favor of silver.

4. The demonetizations and sale of silver by Germany and the Scandinavian States do not account for the decline in the price of silver, because the aggregate of such sales since 1873 by all nations did not equal the silver product of any single year since 1893, and would constitute but a small part of the total yield of the mines since the sales began.

5. The suspensions of the coinage of silver by various nations since 1873 will not account for it, because, notwithstanding such suspensions, there has been incomparably more silver coined since then than in any period of equal length preceding it.

6. It follows as a corollary from the two foregoing propositions that the combined effect of the demonetizations and suspensions did not cause the decline.

7. The decline was not caused by the increase in council bills sent as

payment to India instead of silver, since that increase ceased to operate fifteen years ago.

The supposition that silver began to decline only in 1873 is an erroneous one. Previous to that year it had, on the whole, been depreciating, as compared with gold, for centuries.

The Latin-Union ratio of 1:15½, which results from the average prices of gold and silver at the end of the last century and the beginning of the present one, is evidence that even then there was a decline of the value of silver. At the commencement of the sixteenth century the ratio was 1:10.75. It was 12.25 during the first twenty years of the seventeenth century, 14.50 between 1641 and 1660, 15.27 at the beginning of the eighteenth century. There was then a change favorable to silver; by degrees the ratio rose to 14.56 between 1751 and 1760. It afterwards fell, and eighty years later—that is, from 1841 to 1850—it reached 15.83. After a transitory rise to 15.36 and 15.48 in the two following decennial periods the ratio by a precipitous decline fell to the level at which we find it to-day.

We thus see that there has been a progressive decline of the value of silver from century to century. The way had long been paving for its dethronement, which was consummated when the means of production and transportation had been transformed and the number, extent, and rapidity of commercial transactions increased. The countries which up to that time had remained faithful to silver abandoned it and adopted gold as their ruling standard.

The more modern fall of silver began as far back as 1867. The report of the French Monetary Inquiry of that year called attention to this depreciation and to its causes, which it found to be the enormous increase of the production of silver and the disfavor felt by people in commercial circles for that metal. In 1871 and 1872, before Germany had begun to demonetize its silver coins, the decline had become quite perceptible.

The table showing the fluctuations of the commercial ratio of silver to gold, published in the appendix to the report, is evidence of the enormous decline of the value of that metal. From 1870 to 1897 commercial ratio of value between the two metals fell from 15.57:1 to 1:40—that is, it now requires 40 ounces of silver instead of 15.57 twenty-seven years ago to purchase 1 ounce of gold.

The agitation in favor of the gold standard commenced before 1871.

Beginning with the last years of the period 1860–1870, most countries of the European continent were considering the question of the adoption of gold as their sole monetary standard. A movement in this direction was taken in 1856 by the great commercial city of Hamburg. In France, an international conference was called by the Government in 1867, at which the majority of civilized States were represented. It instituted an inquiry into the various questions relating to gold and silver, and especially into the utility and opportuneness of abandoning the double standard for the single gold standard. In this monetary inquiry, conducted by the Superior Council of Agriculture and Industry of France, only eleven experts favored the continuance of the double standard; twenty-four favored the single gold standard. The report summing up the results reached by the committee of inquiry concludes in the following words: "The majority of the experts whose testimony was given were of opinion that the system of the single gold standard is the only one which can serve as a basis of monetary unification." The same report gave as the motives for abandoning the double standard the very great increase of the production of silver:

The annual production of silver, which did not exceed $40,000,000 in 1847, is now estimated at $100,000,000; it increases, while that of gold remains stationary or

diminishes slightly. Silver tends to depreciate in the markets of the world; gold, on the contrary, is in demand. More than $100,000,000 in silver 5-franc pieces have already been accumulated in the Bank of France, and the public are no longer willing to accept these heavy pieces. Silver, therefore, seems to be falling into disfavor, and we should make haste to demonetize it, unless we wish to be the last to be encumbered by that inconvenient and burdensome metal.

The same document stated that "silver coin had not only the material disadvantage of being heavy and cumbersome but the further drawback that in order to use less of it the Government was forced to increase beyond measure the circulation of paper," and it gave as an example North Germany. It also alluded to the very marked movement in Germany for the demonetization of silver and the adoption of the gold standard, in which case it remarked, the gold circulation of France would be imperiled. It likewise called attention to the fact that the double standard is the alternative standard, and that it might become in France the single silver standard.

Thus there was, beginning with 1867, a very active movement in Europe in favor of the single gold standard. The increase in the production of silver and the decline of that metal, although still small, began to create disquiet in the minds of some of Europe's best statesmen and economists. Paul Leroy-Beaulieu considers it unfortunate that France did not in 1867 follow the advice of its most experienced men, Michel Chevalier and de Parieu, and of the majority of the witnesses called by the Committee of Monetary Inquiry of that year. He thinks that if she had then adopted the single gold standard and anticipated Germany her monetary situation would be much superior to what it is. She would have been able, he says, without great loss to have demonetized $200,000,000 worth of silver. Moreover, she would not have had the $90,000,000 of silver coin stamped under the Third Republic (1870–1876); and, lastly, she would not have been encumbered by the Italian and Belgian stocks of 5-franc silver pieces, which it will be difficult at least for Italy to redeem in gold. By adopting the single gold standard in 1867 France would have been able, without any great sacrifice to the treasury, to reduce to, at most, $200,000,000 the stock of 5-franc silver pieces remaining in the country, a sum which would not have been excessive, used as token money, to which the people had become habituated.

"Now, on the contrary," Leroy Beaulieu continues, "that France holds $600,000,000 worth of silver, both in national and foreign coins, and that the metal is losing commercially between 55 and 60 per cent of its monetary value, she is forced, unless willing to make enormous sacrifices while adopting the gold standard, to keep as subsidiary coin an amount of silver altogether superabundant, especially if she can not prevail on Italy to take back the silver coins stamped in that country which now circulate in France."

Reference was made above to the decline of the price of silver in years long past. But in recent times, instead of the slow oscillations in the price of silver that occurred in previous centuries and in the present up to 1873, there has been an unusually rapid and on the whole continuous decline—a decline which has sometimes been interrupted, it is true, by rises in the price of the metal, but which has never been long interrupted.

The world market for silver is in London, and the price is there quoted in pence per ounce standard, the fineness being 0.925. The French ratio of value of gold to silver of $1:15\frac{1}{2}$, which was formerly considered almost universally the normal ratio, corresponds to the London price of $60\frac{3}{16}$ pence. The greatest deviations from this ratio previous to 1870 were in the years 1845 and 1847, when the price declined

to 58⅞ pence, in April 1848, when it fell to 58½ pence, and in July, 1859, when it rose to 62¾ pence. The London price corresponding to the United States ratio of 1:16 is 59 pence.

The revolution in the condition of the silver market coincides in point of time with the changes made in the sixties by several states in their coinage: and there can be no doubt that these monetary measures contributed to the depreciation of silver, and that some of them had the same effect by partially removing the obstacles which prevented the decline of the price of that metal.

After her victories in 1870–71, Germany, equipped with the resources of the colossal war indemnity, $1,000,000,000, which she had obtained, decided by the laws of December 4, 1871, and July 9, 1873, to demonetize silver as full legal tender money and to adopt the single gold standard.

Imitating Germany, the Scandinavian countries, Norway, Sweden, and Denmark, concluded, in 1872, a monetary treaty for the demonetization of silver, which was ratified by Sweden and Denmark in 1873 and by Norway in 1875. By this treaty these powers adopted the single gold standard and retained silver only as subsidiary coin, which could be stamped only on Government account.

To the quantities of silver extracted from the mines there were added, beginning in 1873, the amounts sold by the German Empire and the Scandinavian countries after they had adopted the single gold standard. The sales of silver by the Scandinavian countries were insignificant. They have been estimated at 225,000 kilograms, or 7,233,750 ounces, of the coining value of $9,331,500. Germany has sold 3,602,848 kilograms, or 115,832,530 ounces, of the value of $149,423,965. To these amounts must be added the sales of silver by Roumania, amounting to $4,675,000, equivalent to about 112,500 kilograms, or 3,616,875 ounces. If any other Government made any sales of demonetized silver up to the present year, they have been insignificant. The total amount of silver, therefore, demonetized and sold since 1873 amounts in round numbers to 4,040,348 kilograms or 126,683,156 ounces, of the value of $163,430,460. This total does not equal the production of silver in a single year since 1893, beginning with which the world's production of silver has exceeded 5,000,000 kilograms per annum.

While the supply of silver was thus increasing the demand for it was decreasing both in Europe, America, and Asia.

The total production of silver from 1873 to the end of 1896 was, approximately, 76,000,000 kilograms. Now, as the amount actually demonetized was only 4,040,348 kilograms, it constituted only about 5 per cent of the total production of silver during the twenty-three years beginning with 1873 and ending with 1896. During the period of equal length preceding 1873—that is, in the twenty-three years beginning with 1849 and ending with 1872—the production of silver was about 15,875,000 kilograms. The world's yield of silver was, therefore, over four times as great in the period 1873–1896 as in the period of equal length, 1849–1872. Taken in connection with the fact that the demand for silver was continually lessening during the former period, these figures are sufficient to show what part the demonetization of the metal played in producing its decline since 1873, and what share its enormously increased production had in the same.

The total amount of silver demonetized and sold by Germany, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, and Roumania, viz, 4,040,348 kilograms, distributed over the twenty-three years since 1873, would give, as the share of each year, 175,667 kilograms. If the sales of these countries of the

silver they had demonetized were equally divided over the entire period, this is the amount of fine silver the above-named countries would have put upon the market each year, and by which they would have swollen the quantity extracted annually from the mines; that is, during the last four years, for instance, the sales would have increased the amount put on the market by less than 3½ per cent. Nearly all, however, of the silver demonetized was sold before 1879; and the effect of its being placed on the market was felt very soon after the sales began in 1873.

So much for the actual demonetization of silver after 1871. It is very important to draw a clearly defined distinction between the demonetizations of silver by the countries already named and the restrictions, limitations, or suspensions of its coinage by other countries that followed as the direct and necessary consequence both of these demonetizations and of the simultaneous large increase in the quantity of silver extracted from the mines of the world, but more especially of the United States. The demonetizations by Germany and the Scandinavian nations deprived their full legal tender silver coins of the character and quality of money. Demonetization transformed these coins into a commodity—silver bullion. The demonetizations increased the supply while they lessened the demand for silver. The restrictions, limitations, and suspensions of the coinage of silver by several countries lessened the demand for the metal, but as they left to the full legal tender coins already in existence the character of money, and did not necessitate their being melted down and sold, they did not increase the supply of silver.

Germany began the sales of the silver derived from its demonetized coins as early as 1873, and in 1874 the price having fallen to a point at which it became profitable for brokers to purchase silver in Germany and ship it to states comprising the Latin Union for conversion into 5-franc pieces, the parties to the monetary convention of the Union decided in 1874 to limit the amount of 5-franc pieces to be coined by each. This, however, did not have the effect to steady the price, and in 1878 the mints of France, Belgium, Switzerland, Italy, and Greece were closed to the coinage of full legal-tender silver coins, and have remained so ever since. This action of the Latin Union, as Professor Lexis has observed, deprived silver of the refuge which had thus far sheltered it most securely, and for the longest time, against the influence of the German and Scandinavian sales and the progressive increase of the production—the French mint. In the first twenty years after the Californian and Australian discoveries gold would doubtless have declined much more as compared with silver than it actually did if it had not found in France a wide open market, while at the same time $1,800,000,000 francs in silver could be taken thence without any great increase of its price.

Only a few voices were raised in France against this outflow of silver. Public opinion, as a rule, looked upon it with indifference, and considered the enormous import and coinage of gold (over 6,000,000,000 of francs) as a great advantage to the country. On the other hand, when silver began to depreciate, the inflow into France and Belgium of a few hundred millions of francs in silver and the thought of the possibility of an increasing gold outflow was sufficient to create great uneasiness in both countries and to induce them to restrict the coinage of silver. This fact shows conclusively that public opinion in our day does not look upon gold and silver as equally good for monetary purposes, and that it has a decided preference for the former. Indeed, silver in Europe

has fallen into a kind of disfavor. It is abandoned for gold because gold is much better adapted to the wants of an extremely active circulation. This fact must be reckoned with, says Lexis, even if it is based on nothing more than prejudice.

France's influence in maintaining the value of gold in the fifties and sixties is to be ascribed only partly to the peculiar operation of the double standard. Its value was maintained only so long as the increased import of gold into France was offset by an export of silver, perhaps not quite as great as the import of gold, but still very large, and the price of silver stood perceptibly above the normal rate—that is, up to 1865. After that year, France imported not only more gold but more silver than it exported. As a consequence, the price of the latter metal again declined temporarily below the so-called par, and the coinage of silver reached once more large proportions, beginning with the year 1867. After 1865, therefore, France acted on the value of gold only as a country with the single gold standard would have done.

The mechanism of bimetallism serves only to facilitate the importation of the metal that is growing cheaper, while it operates a simultaneous exportation of the other. The best thing that can be done to insure the complete maintenance of the value of one of the precious metals, when its production is greatly increasing, is to provide it with as large a territory as possible, in which it may be coined into pieces of the same nominal value as those that are already legal tender there, and to make it legal tender in payment of all debts, even of existing ones.

Of course, when there is a continuous and great increase of the metal, there may be a gradual decrease of its purchasing power over commodities, and therefore a gradual increase of prices; and although gold, in the fifties, declined in value but little as compared with silver, there is no doubt that at that time both gold and silver, which were then bound together by French bimetallism, declined in purchasing power considerably as compared with commodities, and that there was therefore a rise of prices.

If we inquire how far the influence of the coinage would have had to go in order to keep gold during that period in a state of relative fixity of value, we find that in the years 1851 to 1870 while the production of gold was valued at $2,595,996,000 there was a gold coinage in Europe, America, and Australia of $3,005,226,000. From this latter sum we must deduct the Russian coinages, which amounted to about $285,000,000, as these coins were almost entirely exported to western Europe, melted, and recoined. Leaving out of consideration other recoinages, it appears that about 52 per cent of the newly produced gold must have been definitively employed in coinage in order to insure the stability of the value of that metal as compared with silver, and to make its diminution in value as compared with other commodities slow, steady, and almost imperceptible.

If at that time the coinage of gold had been universally restricted or suspended, there would undoubtedly have appeared a similar difference of value between gold in the form of coin and bar metal as has appeared since 1874 between silver coins and silver bars in countries with the limping double standard like France and the United States.

Holland, which in 1847 had adopted the single silver standard, followed the example of Germany in 1875, *de facto* if not *de jure*. It nominally adopted the double standard at the ratio of $1:15\frac{5}{11}$ between the two metals and prohibited the coinage of silver, which made it a country with a gold circulation.

The silver coinages of Holland had been, up to 1874, very large, because the mother country coined silver for the Dutch Netherlands also, and the loss of that market to silver dealt a further blow at the metal.

The abolition of the double standard in the United States in 1873 in favor of the gold standard was of less importance than the action of Germany and Scandinavian nations, for the reason that it was still under a paper-money régime. But the law of February 12, 1873, had at least one plain effect: It prevented the flow into the United States of the silver which had been demonetized in Germany, Sweden, Norway and Denmark, and which for some years subsequent was in search of a market.

In 1876 Russia completely suspended the coinage of full legal tender silver, but allowed the coinage of such pieces as might become necessary to carry on its trade with China.

Austria-Hungary, which had nominally the silver standard but which was actually on a paper basis, suspended the coinage of silver in 1879 because it had come to be of less value than paper money, and in 1892 it formally adopted the single gold standard, a reform which it is still in process of effecting.

On the 26th of June, 1893, the legislative council of India passed a bill closing the mints of the country to the coinage of silver on individual account.

The United States, by an act of November 1, 1893, repealed the purchasing clause of the act of July 14, 1890, which had taken the place of the Bland act, the object of both of which was the obligatory purchase of silver to a stated amount every month by the United States Treasury.

Chile adopted the gold standard in 1895.

The recent action of Russia and Japan have already been alluded to.

Such is the series of demonetizations and suspensions of the coinage of silver by the great civilized powers since 1871, England having prohibited the coinage of silver in 1798 and adopted the single gold standard in 1816 as Portugal did in 1854.

It is a curious fact that in double-standard countries the final substitution of gold for silver and the downfall of the latter were precipitated by the temporary decline of gold after 1850. One of the consequences of a bimetallic system is to cause the exports of the metal which is at a premium and the import of the one which is losing in value. After 1850, as a result of the natural action of the double standard, gold was imported into France and into the countries of the Latin Union and was substituted in them for silver. Gold, with which the people of these countries were almost entirely unacquainted, was first received by them with distrust. But it was soon appreciated. New monetary habits were formed. After 1872, when silver became depreciated, and might in consequence have driven gold out of these same countries, their Governments took measures to prevent the substitution of silver for gold and to keep the latter metal in circulation. As has been already stated, by almost common agreement they closed their mints to the coinage of silver.

The suspension of the coinage of silver by the Latin Union and subsequently by every European State, followed by the closure of the mints of India to its free coinage and of those of the United States to even the limited coinage of full legal tender silver coins on private accounts, reenforced the action of Germany and other European States in demonetizing silver; but the limitations and suspensions of the coin-

age of that metal, as we shall yet take occasion to demonstrate, while they evidently contributed to its depreciation, were not the main cause of its fall; nor were they and the suspensions combined.

Indeed, the limitations and suspensions, and to a less degree the demonetizations, are rather the effect than the cause of the depreciation of silver. The fall of that metal would have taken place, although perhaps in smaller but still very great proportions, if no change had been made since 1871 in the monetary organization of the different countries.

To a close observer it is unquestionable that the legislative measures enumerated above were (as just remarked) dictated by the decline of silver, and did not cause that decline, and this all the more as they were offset in great part by other legislative measures, especially the Bland Act and the Sherman Act. The facts undoubtedly prove that even if all States had abstained after 1870 from making any modification in their monetary legislation a formidable decline of silver would have nevertheless taken place, although the depreciation might have been a little less serious and a little less rapid.

That fall tended to become ever greater because of the enormous increase of the production of silver. The average amount of silver produced annually, which was only 780,415 kilograms, or 25,090,342 ounces, of the coining value of $32,440,000, in the period 1841–1850, increased to 1,339,085 kilograms, or 35,401,972 ounces, of the value of $45,772,000, in the period 1866–1870, and then to 1,969,400 kilograms, or 43,051,583 ounces, of the value of $81,864,000 in the period 1871–1875, and to 2,450,300 kilograms, or 78,775,602 ounces, of the value of $101,851,000, in the period 1876–1880, having thus more than trebled since the ten-year period 1840–1850, although the commercial value of silver had fallen enormously. Since 1893 the annual production of silver is more than six times that of the period 1841–1850, although silver has lost commercially from 40 to 60 per cent of its value. This formidable increase of production is the main and all-sufficient reason of the extraordinary decline of silver since 1871.

The measures taken by the United States, beginning with 1878, largely offset the closure of the mints of Europe. The Government of the United States purchased under the Bland Act of February 28, 1878, up to the 13th of August, 1890, the enormous amount of 291,272,018 ounces at a cost of $308,279,260, and during the shorter period from the 13th of August, 1890, to the 1st of November, 1893, under the Sherman Act, the comparatively larger amount of 168,674,682 ounces of silver at a cost of $155,931,002.

The Bland Act restored the standard silver dollar, which had been dropped from the coins to be minted by the law of February 12, 1873, and provided that the Secretary of the Treasury should purchase monthly and coin from $2,000,000 to $4,000,000 worth of silver. The price of silver nevertheless declined further, probably in consequence of the encouragement given to production by these obligatory purchases, since the product rose to 2,500,000 kilograms in 1878 against 2,389,000 in 1877. A new minimum was reached March, 1879, when silver fell to 48⅞ pence.

The price of silver rose again to 53¾ pence in October, 1879. Then during nearly three years, 1880–1882, it oscillated about 52 pence. But, beginning with 1883, under the influence of an ever-increasing production, it began to decline again. It stopped, momentarily, in July, 1886, at the rate of 42 pence. There was a slight rise at the end of 1886 and the beginning of 1887, caused, probably, by a momentary

increase in the imports into India. But in 1888 silver fell to 41⅝ pence. The United States Congress now made a new attempt toward the rehabilitation of silver. Numerous bills were introduced, both in the Senate and House of Representatives, with that view. Mr. Windom, Secretary of the Treasury, in December, 1889, departing from the reserve of his predecessors, took himself the iniative in the movement. His proposals were not accepted.

But on the 14th of July, 1890, an act, generally known as the Sherman Act, was passed, providing for the monthly purchase of 4,500,000 ounces of silver at the maximum price of $1 for 371¼ grains of fine silver. The price of silver, which rose constantly while the debates in Congress on this subject were going on, reached, in September, 54⅝ pence. It fell almost immediately because the production, which had been overstimulated by the high price of the metal, reached, in 1891, 4,466,000 kilograms. In December, 1891, silver was quoted at 43½ pence, and in March, 1892, at 39 pence.

The United States then called an international monetary conference to find means to increase the use of silver. The conference met at Brussels November 22, 1892. On the 17th of December the delegates adjourned without having passed any resolutions. In 1893 the decline of silver became aggravated to such an extent and inflicted such losses on the countries that continued its coinage that, as already stated, India, by a law of June 26, 1893, closed its mints to the coinage of silver, and the United States Congress, in extraordinary session, repealed the purchasing clause of the act of July 14, 1890, on November 1, 1893. In December, 1893, the price fluctuated between 30 and 31 pence. In February, 1894, it fell to 29 15/16 pence. In September, 1897, we find it as low as 23⅝ pence.

The necessary conclusion of this exposition is that the depreciation of silver results from the modifications that have taken place in the supply and demand of the metal and is preponderantly due to the increase of production, being in 1896 over 400 per cent greater than in 1872.

Undoubtedly [says Professor Lexis] the suspension of the coinage of silver in several of the most important civilized States, together with the German and Scandinavian sales, contributed materially to the depression of the price of that metal. It would not, however, have fallen much below its former price if its annual production had continued at the same figure as at the beginning of the fifth decade of this century. It still found in India and China so great an outlet as a money metal that an overloading of the European market with it could not, on the supposition just made, have taken place. Up to the present time it has not by any means been deprived of the quality or character of a monetary metal.

During no former period had so much silver been employed, even approximately, every year in coinage or used in some other way (especially as a deposit against paper money) for monetary purposes as there has been in the present. Leaving Mexico and the South American States entirely out of consideration, there were coined in Europe, the United States, and India in the years 1851 to 1860 an annual average (at the old ratio of 1:15½ and 1:16 principally) of $38,794,000. During the decade 1861–1870, when the production of silver in the West of the United States began to be developed and when the cotton famine enormously increased the payments due to India on account of international trade, this annual average coinage amounted to $80,020,000. But even this figure, which up to that period had never been reached, is exceeded by the average amount of coinage (Mexico and South America not included) in the years 1887 to 1891, when the price of silver had fallen as low as 43½ pence in London. The average coinage of those years amounted to no less than $113,000,000 (at the old ratio of value), and this sum does not include the storage of silver bullion by the United States after August, 1890. The large silver import into China, which to a great extent consists of Mexican dollars and which may also be considered as a monetary employment of silver, is also left out of account in the above average figures.

The known aggregate coinage of silver during the sixteen years 1876–1891—that is, during the period of the greatest depreciation of the metal—amounted to

$2,110,560,000 at the old ratio. From this we must deduct $71,000,000, which were recoined from old coins into German and Scandinavian divisional coins, but this amount is offset by the monetary silver bullion stock of the United States created under the law of July 14, 1890.

Moreover, this sum embraces about $950,000,000 of Mexican piasters, one-half of which may have served as coinage material. The remainder went to China, or may be considered the equivalent of the bar silver exported to China, and which serves monetary purposes. The net silver coinages, therefore, of this metal, would have to be put at at least $1,560,000,000. On the other hand, the production of silver during the same period, according to Soetbeer, amounted to $2,109,394,000. Thus the net coinage was fully 74 per cent of the production, while the gross amount of coinage shows that a quantity of silver as large or even larger than that of the silver newly produced passed through the mints. So far, therefore, was silver after its so-called demonetization from having lost any of its employment as a monetary metal that it may be truly said that it was employed in coinage in larger proportions than was gold in the period from 1851–1870.

The coinage of silver, it is true, has been suspended in France. It can no longer be turned, for the convenience of holders, into 5-franc pieces, but in lieu thereof it has found a place in the currency of the United States to the amount, annually, of $70,000,000—a sum six times as great as the average annual coinage of France during the time of silver's supremacy. But while the silver absorption of the United States for monetary purposes is large it is also strictly limited, and the remaining markets for silver as material for money are not included within the limits of European civilization, and hence the use of silver there is not possible to the same extent or in the same mode as in Europe. Not only do European products exceed in variety and value the raw agricultural products of Asiatic countries, but Europe has far greater opportunities for the investment of capital and also for the purchase of governmental and industrial securities. But considering the vast production of silver at the present time it could never be restored to its former value as compared with gold even if all the mints of Europe were again open to it under the conditions that formerly prevailed.

Confirmatory of the above views given of Professor Lexis is the following table, giving by 5-year periods the silver coinage of the principal countries of the world since 1851, exclusive of the coinages of Mexico and India, both before and since the beginning of the great depreciation of silver. The coinage of Mexico is not included, because, although the silver stamped in that Republic serves to a limited extent at home and in other countries a monetary purpose, by far the greater part of it is exported from Mexico practically as bullion, and will be accounted for as exports to the East. That of India is also omitted, because it, too, more properly comes under the same head of exports to the East.

SILVER COINAGE OF THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES BY QUINQUENNIAL PERIODS FROM 1851 TO 1895.

Period.	Amount.	Period.	Amount.
1851–1855	$21, 780, 808	1876–1880	$82, 752, 600
1856–1860	43, 901, 004	1881–1885	53, 335, 800
1861–1865	33, 673, 668	1886–1890	68, 721, 548
1866–1870	55, 795, 768	1891–1895	77, 442, 225
1871–1875	66, 068, 800		

If we compare the silver coinages of the principal countries during the twenty years previous to 1873 and the twenty years subsequent, we find the following results:

Period.	Silver.	Average silver coinage per annum.
1853–1872	$864, 332, 224	$43, 216, 611
1873–1892	1, 377, 140, 590	68, 857, 030

Thus the total silver coinages of the principal countries during the twenty years subsequent to 1873 have been over 62 per cent greater than the silver coinages during the twenty-three years previous thereto.

It seems clear from the facts, figures (and arguments) given above that the main cause of the depreciation of silver since 1873 is not to be sought for in the restrictions and suspensions of its coinage in almost all civilized countries since 1874, any more than in the demonetization of it in Germany and the Scandinavian States in 1871–1873. These causes, however, contributed to the decline of the metal, as did also, for a time, the substitution of council bills for shipments of silver to India.

Beginning with the Indian fiscal year 1871–72 the nature and mode of the financial relations of India with England were greatly modified. The British Government recouped its expenses in India by making on the colonial government drafts called India council bills, which are sold in London to the highest bidder. These council bills are bills of exchange which the Indian office in London, which has always large payments to make in Europe for interest, pensions, and other objects, draws on the Indian treasury and sells continually in large lots. A person who has payments to make in India can choose between these council bills and the actual shipping of silver. There is, therefore, a very active competition between silver and council bills.

During the period of the construction of Indian railways the drawings of the Indian office were greatly reduced for the following reasons: The railways were constructed by English companies under a guaranty of interest. Their capital, almost all of which was subscribed for in England, was paid into the hands of the secretary of state for India. The purchases of rails, locomotives, and cars made in England absorbed 40 per cent of this capital. The remainder, about 60 per cent, was expended in India in the construction of the roads. The secretary of state had thus simultaneously to remit funds to India and to receive payments from India. He offset one against the other as far as the amounts would allow. His drawings were diminished by so much. Trade having fewer bills available, was obliged to ship silver to India. When the works were terminated the India office drew bills for the sum total of the amount due the United Kingdom. As the remittances by the bills increased the quantities of metal sent to India diminished. The following figures show the remittances made to India in specie and in council bills from 1868–69 to 1871–72 on the one hand, and from 1872–73 to 1875–76 on the other:

	Specie.	Council bills.
From 1868–69 to 1871–72	£40,000,000	£29,500,000
Annual average	10,000,000	7,400,000
From 1872–73 to 1875–76	16,500,000	50,500,000
Annual average	4,100,000	12,600,000

In 1875–76 the remittances amounted to only £3,100,000 in specie against £12,400,000 in council bills.

The facts above stated are sufficient to explain why the price of silver fell in January, 1876, to 54⅞ pence and subsequently to 46¾ pence. After 1876–77 the Indian market for silver became less restricted than previously. The net imports of the metal were larger than those of the

preceding period. But the issues of council bills also increased. The following are the figures for the years 1876–77 to 1896–97:

NET IMPORTS OF SILVER INTO INDIA, AVERAGE RATE OF INDIAN RUPEE, AND AMOUNT OF COUNCIL BILLS SOLD FOR FISCAL YEARS (ENDING MARCH 31) FROM 1872 TO 1897, INCLUSIVE.

Years.	Net imports of silver.	Average rate of Indian rupee.	Amount of council bills sold.
1872–73	$3,298,985	22.750	$67,834,606
1873–74	11,311,401	22.351	64,654,752
1874–75	20,916,698	22.221	52,760,715
1875–76	6,826,414	21.645	60,294,052
1876–77	29,911,149	20.491	61,784,106
1877–78	61,869,640	20.790	49,319,325
1878–79	15,910,390	19.761	67,880,692
1879–80	31,852,848	19.961	74,271,598
1880–81	15,751,280	19.956	74,163,888
1881–82	21,699,764	19.895	89,604,086
1882–83	29,614,971	19.525	73,584,015
1883–84	25,372,923	19.536	85,649,451
1884–85	28,367,364	19.308	66,957,731
1885–86	42,960,530	18.254	50,089,336
1886–87	25,306,454	17.441	59,061,202
1887–88	31,623,459	16.899	74,742,515
1888–89	30,709,917	16.379	69,410,203
1889–90	36,741,437	16.566	75,306,635
1890–91	51,993,287	18.089	77,713,304
1891–92	30,611,949	16.733	78,320,740
1892–93	39,083,615	14.984	80,454,024
1893–94	40,466,665	14.546	46,378,884
1894–95	16,812,318	13.100	82,268,679
1895–96	18,206,409	13.641	85,278,507
1896–97	17,163,142	14.454	76,028,915

The quantities of silver therefore absorbed by India remain as a rule equal to those of the period comprised between the Indian fiscal years 1862–63 and 1869–70, but the council bills or drafts on India representing as they do much larger sums, their sale in London could not fail to affect the price of silver just as sales of that metal would have done.

The imports of silver, which were very large from 1862 to 1866, were the consequence of the purchases of cotton which European industry, cut off from the United States market by the war of secession, was compelled to make in British India. When the American civil war ended cotton from the United States resumed the place that Indian cotton had temporarily occupied, and Europe had to send less silver to India.

In the years 1865–1870 the amounts of council bills actually sold fluctuated between 41,000,000 and 68,000,000 of rupees; but in the fiscal year 1870–71 they amounted to 90,000,000 of rupees; in 1871–72, to 143,000,000; in 1874–75, to 117,000,000; in 1875–76, to 137,000,000, and in 1876–77 to 149,000,000 of rupees. This increase of council bills had undoubtedly in the earliest period of the depreciation of silver contributed to that depreciation, but in the subsequent period it is impos-

sible to discover any definite connection between the amount of council bills and the average price of rupees or bar silver. The average annual value of these bills in sterling has not increased since the year 1880, but the corresponding amount of rupees nevertheless rose with the decline of the price of silver. In the year 1881–82, 222,000,000 of rupees in council bills were sold for £18,400,000, at an average price per rupee of 19.9 pence; in 1888–89, 209,000,000 rupees in council bills yielded only £14,300,000 (i.e., 1 rupee=16.38 pence); in 1889–90, 224,000,000 of rupees sold for £15,500,000 (1 rupee=16.57 pence); in 1890–91, 220,000,000 of rupees brought £15,970,000 (1 rupee=16.09 pence). The demand of the Indian Government in England for money met by council bills has therefore in recent years decreased as compared with the years 1880–1886, and hence the pressure bearing down the price of silver must have come principally from the increased supply of bar silver.

The total export of silver from London to India, the Straits Settlements, and China, from 1881 to 1896, was as follows:

Years.	Ounces.	Years.	Ounces.	Years.	Ounces.
1881.....	19,850,000	1887.....	23,990,000	1892.....	54,523,000
1882.....	27,540,000	1888.....	25,530,000	1893.....	53,803,000
1883.....	33,440,000	1889	39,310,000	1894.....	43,673,000
1884.....	39,230,000	1890.....	41,400,000	1895.....	29,349,000
1885.....	37,180,000	1891.....	33,650,000	1896.....	31,502,800
1886.....	25,820,000				

In 1892, during which silver fell to a price lower than ever before, the export to the East was greater than ever before, and in the first half of 1893 the outflow was also unusually large. Every effort is made, no matter what the cost, to utilize this metal in Eastern Asia by exchanging it for the products of those countries which, of course, to the extent that they are produced in Europe also, meet with considerable competition in European markets.

It can not yet be definitely said that in India the depreciation of silver has caused wages or the prices of the common products of the country expressed in rupees to rise. The price of Indian wheat in 1891 was indeed higher than almost ever before, except in such famine years as 1873, 1874, 1877, and 1878. But this high price of wheat was not caused by the low price of silver, but by the bad harvests in Europe and the economic condition of the country in general. In the case of rice, which is of more importance to the Indian people as food than wheat, there was no rise as compared with the average price.

There are also large amounts of silver shipped from San Francisco to China and Japan, and these amounts must be added to those already given. They amounted, for instance, in 1888 to $8,897,500, in 1889 to $12,992,890, and in 1890 to $6,579,433, and in the fiscal year 1891–92 to $8,082,270, and 1895–96 to $4,853,668.

The substitution of the sale of council bills for silver affected the market of the metal only for a few years about twenty years ago, while the total amount of silver shipped to the far East has been larger since 1873 than before. The decline, therefore, can not be laid to the loss of that market.

An impartial survey of all the facts lead to the conclusion that the great cause of the decline since 1873 is the increased production of the metal.

In the years 1866–1870 the production of silver increased from an annual average of 1,101,150 kilograms or 35,401,972 ounces, of the coining value of $45,772,000, to a yearly average of 1,339,085 kilograms or 43,051,583 ounces, of the coining value of $55,663,000. In the year 1871 it rose to 1,969,425 kilograms or 63,317,014 ounces, of the value of $81,864,000, and in the following years its production was as follows:

Years.	Fine ounces.	Years.	Fine ounces.	Years.	Fine ounces.
1872.....	63,317,014	1881.....	79,020,872	1889.....	120,213,611
1873.....	63,267,187	1882.....	86,472,691	1890.....	126,095,062
1874.....	55,300,781	1883.....	89,175,023	1891.....	137,170,919
1875.....	62,261,719	1884.....	81,567,801	1892.....	153,151,762
1876.....	67,753,125	1885.....	91,609,959	1893.....	165,472,621
1877.....	62,679,916	1886.....	93,297,290	1894.....	164,610,394
1878.....	73,385,451	1887.....	96,123,586	1895.....	169,180,249
1879.....	74,383,495	1888.....	108,827,606	1896.....	166,476,796
1880.....	74,795,273				

Professor Lexis says:

As great an expert and zealous defender of silver as Suess expressed the opinion in 1892 that the enormous figure which the production of silver had then reached would not only be maintained, but would rise still higher. What St. Clair-Duport said over fifty years ago, that the silver production of America would find no other limit than that set to it by the ever progressive decline of the value of the metal, has been confirmed by Suess, as it was previously by Humboldt.

Suess maintains that the price of silver has not yet reached its limit. The mines which supply the largest part of the silver have a cost of production of 20 to 24 pence per ounce and could therefore be very profitably operated while the price was much above that figure. The mines which previous to the present year were compelled to cease operations on account of the decline of prices contributed, as a rule, only little to the total output. "All hope of an improvement in the monetary condition of nations by a lessening of the production of silver," says Suess, "presupposes a very large decline in the price of silver."

The cause of the enormous development of silver production, continues Professor Lexis, lies not only in the continuous discovery and opening up of new veins, but also in the progress made in metallurgy, by which the cost of the production of silver is largely decreased. Dry ores, especially in Colorado, Idaho, etc., that is, the sulphides of silver found in the deep zone, are no longer treated as they were formerly by the expensive amalgamation process, but are melted, as they had long been in Germany, in reverberatory furnaces with fluxes of silver ores rich in lead, especially carbonates. Mexico is very rich both in dry ores and in fluxing ores. Its productive capacity is almost unlimited, and in the end it is a matter of indifference whether its ores are exported or smelted in the country itself. Modern facilities of transportation naturally help turn to account the ores extracted, both in Mexico and South America. The still unexhausted mines of Potosi have very recently been reopened with improved apparatus. In Peru and Bolivia there is vast room for improvement in technics, especially in the mountainous regions, where no fuel is known but the dung of the llama. The production of Broken Hill in Australia will, according to Suess, probably decrease in the near future, as the top of the region will have been exhausted and the sulphides reached. He is of opinion

that the future production of silver will be from dry ores, which are found in combination with volcanic rocks in Mexico, Bolivia, and Chile.

The enormous growth of silver production, which as far as can be seen at present will continue at the height it has already reached unless the price of silver falls very much lower than it is at present, is the final and essential cause of the depreciation of that metal.

Writing in 1893, Professor Lexis said:

> The heavy sales of silver by Germany ceased fourteen years ago. The past coinages of the States that stamped 5-franc silver pieces have been more than counterbalanced by the coinages and storage of silver by the United States. And still another cause of the depreciation which the English silver commission of 1876 called attention to, viz, the decrease of the silver exports to India, has not been operative of late years. These facts make it evident that the great cause of the recent depreciation of silver has been its increased production.

Attention should here be called to a calculation made by Paul Leroy Beaulieu of the market for silver in the years 1889–1893, and to the inferences he draws therefrom.

To the artificial support given silver by the United States, he says, must be added the monetary consumption of that metal in the countries of Central and South America and in some of southern Europe, like Spain, and the heavy exports of silver to the extreme East. The exports of silver from London alone to India, China, and the Straits Settlements during the period 1881 to the end of 1893 amounted to $458,308,168.

This enormous sum of $458,308,168, absorbed in less than twelve years by the extreme East, was distributed very unequally over the period 1881–1893. It was much larger during the five last years than during the seven first. In 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, we reach a total of $222,681,000 for the exports of silver from the port of London to India, China, and the Straits. This represents an average of $44,681,300 for each of these five years. And yet these figures do not seem to represent the total export of silver from Eastern countries to those of the extreme East. The statistics of India evidence a much larger import of silver than that shown by the exportation from Great Britain to that country, according to these statistics. While the latter for the years 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, and the first nine months of 1893, show an export of silver of only 148,165,500 ounces from London to India, and even if we add the year 1888, an export of 169,327,000 ounces for the six years and nine months, the Indian statistics of the net imports of silver into India show for the last five years only—that is, from the Indian fiscal years 1888–89, 1889–90, 1890–91, 1891–92, 1892–93—the much larger sum of 225,177,000 ounces; the difference is about 40 per cent as compared with the Indian statistics.

This difference may be readily understood, because India draws its silver from other sources than the London market. Thus the United States supplies it directly with considerable amounts.

We are warranted in believing also that the same is the case with respect to China and the Straits Settlements. The figure given above of the exports of silver from London to these countries does not represent all that they have absorbed. The United States, for instance, send directly large sums of silver in coin and bars to China and Japan. It may be remarked that this latter country does not figure in the table of the exports of silver from the port of London. For instance, in the year 1892–93 the United States shipped to Japan $1,859,200 in silver bullion and $627,000 to Hongkong. During this same fiscal year 1892–93, the United States also shipped $7,809,151 of foreign silver pieces, princi-

pally Mexican dollars, to Hongkong, and $2,291,780 in pieces of the same kind to Japan. It is certain that China, Japan, and the Straits Settlements received silver from other countries, either in bars or coin, especially from Russia, which, by suspending the coinage of that metal in 1876 for home use, maintained it for its trade purposes with China, and also from Australia, in payment of tea and other products.

We may therefore, Mr. Leroy Beaulieu thinks, without risk of exaggeration, to obtain the total amount of silver absorbed by the countries of the extreme East, add 50 per cent to the figures given in the British statistics relative to the exports of silver from the port of London to British India, China, and the Straits Settlements.

As these latter statistics give for the five years 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, $222,681,000, by increasing it 50 per cent for the reasons above given we reach the sum of $334,021,000 in round numbers, as representing approximately the absorption of silver by the extreme East in the five-year period 1889–1893, an average of $66,805,000 a year.

If now we recall that during the period that the Sherman Act was in force, that is, from July 14, 1890, to November 1, 1893, the United States Treasury purchased and stored in its vaults an average of $65,000,000 a year, we obtain an annual average of $131,800,000 absorbed annually by the extreme East and by the United States Treasury.

But this enormous absorption has not prevented or did not prevent silver from declining in value to the extent of 25 per cent before the suspension of the coinage of silver in India or the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman Act. It is true that the average annual production of silver in 1892–93 exceeded a coining value of $200,000,000; but it must be remembered on the other hand that there will always continue to be a coinage of silver in countries other than the extreme East and the United States. It would be difficult to estimate the amount of this coinage, because frequently the coinage of silver pieces represents, at least in part, old coinages melted down. The world's coinage of silver in 1888 was estimated at $135,000,000; in 1889 at $138,500,000, and in 1890 at $149,500,000. Two-thirds at least, however, of this enormous quantity of new silver coin represent the coinage of the United States, India, Japan, and Hongkong, consumptions of silver which have already been included in the calculations made above of the absorption of the metal of the United States and the extreme East. Another considerable fraction of this silver coinage of the world, to wit, $26,658,000 in 1888, $25,294,000 in 1889, and $24,081,000 in 1890, consisted of the coinage of Mexico, represented by the Mexican dollars, which are current in the entire East; it therefore, in part at least, figured in the preceding calculations.

There remains, however, from $10,000,000 to $15,000,000 after all deductions have been made to represent the annual coinage of silver which remains in the various countries of America and Southern Europe. Thus Peru coined $3,258,000 of silver in 1888, $2,842,531 in 1889, $2,842,530 in 1890; Bolivia $1,762,000 in 1888; Spain $4,436,000 in 1888, $4,710,000 in 1889, $1,479,000 in 1890; Portugal $1,533,000 in 1888, $680,000 in 1889, and $540,000 in 1890; Colombia, Venezuela, Brazil, Ecuador, Costa Rica, and Haiti minted small amounts in this coinage of silver. Some great European countries also figured in it for rather large amounts—Austria-Hungary for $5,516,000 in 1888, $4,528,000 in 1889, and $3,857,000 in 1890; England for $3,681,000, $10,827,000, and $8,332,000 in these three years, respectively. While admitting that in these States their coinages were really recoinages there can be no doubt

that they also employed to restore the legal weight of the pieces a certain amount of new silver.

The amount of silver estimated to have been employed in coinage in countries other than the United States in the extreme East in the years previous to the closing of the Indian mints averages only about $10,000,000 a year. But we saw above that the United States Treasury and the countries of the extreme East absorbed during the period that the Sherman Act was in force about $131,000,000, to which, if $10,000,000 be added, we have a total absorption of silver per annum of $141,000,000.

Now, asks Paul Leroy Beaulieu, how does it happen that having, by these purchases of the United States Treasury and these exports to the East as well as by coinage in American and European countries an outlet of more than $140,000,000 a year in the period 1890–1893, silver fell in value from 15 to 18 per cent or thereabouts—that is, from 47¾ pence per ounce standard in 1890 to 41 in 1893, before the closing of the Indian mints and before the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman Act, while the actual average production of the metal during these years did not exceed $200,000,000 coining value? The answer, Leroy Beaulieu contends, is that silver having no longer any great employment in industry, "having come to be looked upon by the populations of the West as distinguished from the East as no longer a metal of luxury, and being no longer a precious metal, as a commodity its commercial consumption, at least in Europe and America, is very limited and does not increase."

Leroy Beaulieu, indeed, contends that a metal can be considered a precious metal only so long as it is eagerly sought after for decorating and ornamental purposes, and that it can not serve as money, in the full meaning of the word, when, apart from its monetary function, it does not continue to be extensively employed and to command a high price as a commodity especially as an object of ornament, decoration, and art. When it has lost this position in the unconstrained judgment of the public, he claims that it has been dethroned as a precious metal and can be used only for token coin as a representative sign; that, consequently, silver being a metal socially fallen, it can serve a monetary purpose, in the full meaning of the words, only in the countries of the extreme East and in other poor countries where it is still sought after as a commodity, as an object of personal display, for ornamentation and decoration.

The acknowledgments of the Director are due to the officers and clerks of the various mints, as well as to the clerical staff of the Bureau, for the zeal and fidelity they have shown in the performance of the duties required of them.

Respectfully, yours,

R. E. PRESTON,
Director of the Mint.

Hon. LYMAN J. GAGE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

APPENDIX.

XXVII.—HIGHEST, LOWEST, AND AVERAGE PRICE OF BAR SILVER IN LONDON, PER OUNCE BRITISH STANDARD (.925), SINCE 1833, AND THE EQUIVALENT IN UNITED STATES GOLD COIN OF AN OUNCE 1,000 FINE, TAKEN AT THE AVERAGE PRICE.

Calendar years.	Lowest quotation.	Highest quotation.	Average quotation.	Value of a fine ounce at average quotation.	Calendar years.	Lowest quotation.	Highest quotation.	Average quotation.	Value of a fine ounce at average quotation.
	d.	*d.*	*d.*	*Dollars.*		*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*Dollars.*
1833	58¾	59⅞	59 3/16	1.297	1866	60⅜	62¼	61⅛	1.339
1834	59¾	60¾	59 15/16	1.313	1867	60⅜	61¼	60 5/16	1.328
1835	59½	60	59 11/16	1.308	1868	60⅜	61⅛	60½	1.326
1836	59⅝	60⅜	60	1.315	1869	60	61	60 7/16	1.325
1837	59	60⅜	59 5/16	1.305	1870	60¼	60¾	60 3/16	1.328
1838	59⅛	60⅛	59⅛	1.304	1871	60 3/16	61	60⅛	1.326
1839	60	60⅝	60⅜	1.323	1872	59¼	61⅛	60 5/16	1.322
1840	60⅛	60¾	60⅜	1.323	1873	57⅞	59 15/16	59¼	1.298
1841	59¾	60⅜	60 1/16	1.316	1874	57¼	59⅛	58 5/16	1.278
1842	59½	60	59 7/16	1.303	1875	55½	27⅝	56⅞	1.246
1843	59	59⅝	59 3/16	1.297	1876	46¾	58⅛	52¾	1.156
1844	59½	59¾	59⅛	1.304	1877	53½	58¼	54 13/16	1.201
1845	58⅞	59⅞	59¼	1.298	1878	49½	55¼	52 5/16	1.152
1846	59	60⅛	59 5/16	1.300	1879	48⅞	53¾	51¼	1.123
1847	58⅞	60⅜	59 11/16	1.308	1880	51⅝	52⅞	52¼	1.145
1848	58½	60	59⅛	1.304	1881	50⅞	52⅞	51 15/16	1.138
1849	59½	60	59¾	1.309	1882	50	52⅜	51 13/16	1.136
1850	59½	61½	61 1/16	1.316	1883	50	51 3/16	50⅝	1.110
1851	60	61⅝	61	1.337	1884	49½	51⅜	50¾	1.113
1852	59⅞	61⅞	60½	1.326	1885	46⅞	50	48 9/16	1.0645
1853	60⅝	61⅞	61½	1.348	1886	42	47	45⅜	.9946
1854	60⅞	61⅞	61⅛	1.348	1887	43¼	47⅛	44⅝	.97823
1855	60	61⅝	61 5/16	1.344	1888	41⅝	44 9/16	42⅞	.93974
1856	60½	62¼	61 5/16	1.344	1889	42	44⅜	41 11/16	.93512
1857	61	62⅜	61⅜	1.353	1890	43⅜	54⅜	47¾	1.04633
1858	60¾	61⅞	61 5/16	1.344	1891	43½	48¾	45 7/16	.98782
1859	61¾	62¾	62 1/16	1.360	1892	37⅞	43¾	39¾	.87106
1860	61¼	62⅜	61 11/16	1.352	1893	30½	38¾	35 5/16	.78031
1861	60⅛	61⅜	60 13/16	1.333	1894	27	31¼	28⅝	.63479
1862	61	62⅛	61 7/16	1.346	1895	27 3/16	31⅜	29⅞	.65406
1863	61	61¾	61⅜	1.345	1896	29¾	31 15/16	30¾	.67437
1864	60⅝	62½	61⅜	1.345	1897 (9 mos.)	23⅝	29 13/16	27¾	.60953
1865	60½	61⅝	61 1/16	1.338					

XXVIII.—Commercial Ratio of Silver to Gold each Year since 1687.

[Note.—From 1687 to 1832 the ratios are taken from Dr. A. Soetbeer; from 1833 to 1878 from Pixley and Abell's tables; and from 1879 to 1896 from daily cablegrams from London to the Bureau of the Mint.]

Years.	Ratio.	Years.	Ratio.	Years.	Ratio.	Years.	Ratio.	Years.	Ratio.	Years.	Ratio.
1687....	14.94	1723...	15.20	1758...	14.85	1793...	15.00	1828...	15.78	1863...	15.37
1688....	14.94	1724...	15.11	1759...	14.15	1794...	15.37	1829...	15.78	1864...	15.37
1689....	15.02	1725...	15.11	1760...	14.14	1795...	15.55	1830...	15.82	1865...	15.44
1690....	15.02	1726...	15.15	1761...	14.54	1796...	15.65	1831...	15.72	1866...	15.43
1691....	14.98	1727...	15.24	1762...	15.27	1797...	15.41	1832...	15.73	1867...	15.57
1692....	14.92	1728...	15.11	1763...	14.99	1798...	15.59	1833...	15.93	1868...	15.59
1693....	14.83	1729...	14.92	1764...	14.70	1799...	15.74	1834...	15.73	1869...	15.60
1694....	14.87	1730...	14.81	1765...	14.83	1800...	15.68	1835...	15.80	1870...	15.57
1695....	15.02	1731...	14.94	1766...	14.80	1801...	15.46	1836...	15.72	1871...	15.57
1696....	15.00	1732...	15.09	1767...	14.85	1802...	15.26	1837...	15.83	1872...	15.63
1697....	15.20	1733...	15.18	1768...	14.80	1803...	15.41	1838...	15.85	1873...	15.92
1698....	15.07	1734...	15.39	1769...	14.72	1804...	15.41	1839...	15.62	1874...	16.17
1699....	14.94	1735...	15.41	1770...	14.62	1805...	15.79	1840...	15.62	1875...	16.59
1700....	14.81	1736...	15.18	1771...	14.66	1806...	15.52	1841...	15.70	1876...	17.88
1701....	15.07	1737...	15.02	1772...	14.52	1807...	15.43	1842...	15.87	1877...	17.22
1702....	15.52	1738...	14.91	1773...	14.62	1808...	16.08	1843...	15.93	1878...	17.94
1703....	15.17	1739...	14.91	1774...	14.62	1809...	15.96	1844...	15.85	1879...	18.40
1704....	15.22	1740...	14.94	1775...	14.72	1810...	15.77	1845...	15.92	1880...	18.05
1705....	15.11	1741...	14.92	1776...	14.55	1811...	15.53	1846...	15.90	1881...	18.16
1706....	15.27	1742...	14.85	1777...	14.54	1812...	16.11	1847...	15.80	1882...	18.19
1707....	15.44	1743...	14.85	1778...	14.68	1813...	16.25	1848...	15.85	1883...	18.64
1708....	15.41	1744...	14.87	1779...	14.80	1814...	15.04	1849...	15.78	1884...	18.57
1709....	15.31	1745...	14.98	1780...	14.72	1815...	15.26	1850...	15.70	1885...	19.41
1710....	15.22	1746...	15.13	1781...	14.78	1816...	15.28	1851...	15.46	1886...	20.78
1711....	15.29	1747...	15.26	1782...	14.42	1817...	15.11	1852...	15.59	1887...	21.13
1712....	15.31	1748...	15.11	1783...	14.48	1818...	15.35	1853...	15.33	1888...	21.99
1713....	15.24	1749...	14.80	1784...	14.70	1819...	15.33	1854...	15.33	1889...	22.10
1714....	15.13	1750...	14.55	1785...	14.92	1820...	15.62	1855...	15.38	1890...	19.76
1715....	15.11	1751...	14.39	1786...	14.96	1821...	15.95	1856...	15.38	1891...	20.92
1716....	15.09	1752...	14.54	1787...	14.92	1822...	15.80	1857...	15.27	1892...	23.72
1717....	15.13	1753...	14.54	1788...	14.65	1823...	15.84	1858...	15.38	1893...	26.49
1718....	15.11	1754...	14.48	1789...	14.75	1824...	15.82	1859...	15.19	1894...	32.56
1719....	15.09	1755...	14.68	1790...	15.04	1825...	15.70	1860...	15.29	1895...	31.60
1720....	15.04	1756...	14.94	1791...	15.05	1826...	15.76	1861...	15.50	1896...	30.66
1721....	15.05	1757...	14.87	1792...	15.17	1827...	15.74	1862...	15.35	1897*a*.	32.29
1722....	15.17										

a Nine months.

XXIX.—AVERAGE PRICE OF AN OUNCE OF GOLD IN LONDON AND EQUIVALENT VALUE IN UNITED STATES, 1870-1896.

Calendar years.	Average London price.	Equivalent value in United States gold coin of an ounce of gold, British standard (.916⅔).	Value in United States gold coin of an ounce 1,000 fine.	Per cent premium above Bank of England's minimum rate.
	£ s. d.			
1870	3 17 9.01	$18.9187	$20.638	0.00106
1871	3 17 9.01	18.9187	20.638	.00106
1872	3 17 9.24	18.9233	20.643	.02571
1873	3 17 9.28	18.9241	20.644	.03000
1874	3 17 9.00	18.9185	20.638	.....
1875	3 17 9.23	18.9231	20.643	.02431
1876	3 17 9.30	18.9246	20.645	.03215
1877	3 17 9.42	18.9270	20.647	.04501
1878	3 17 9.41	18.9268	20.647	.04394
1879	3 17 9.11	18.9207	20.640	.01178
1880	3 17 9.15	18.9215	20.641	.01607
1881	3 17 9.35	18.9256	20.646	.03751
1882	3 17 9.43	18.9272	20.647	.04607
1883	3 17 9.18	18.9221	20.642	.01929
1884	3 17 9.32	18.9250	20.645	.03429
1885	3 17 9.17	18.9219	20.642	.01821
1886	3 17 9.10	18.9205	20.640	.01071
1887	3 17 9.01	18.9187	20.638	.00106
1888	3 17 9.21	18.9227	20.642	.01804
1889	3 17 9.04	18.9193	20.639	.00428
1890	3 17 9.44	18.9274	20.648	.04715
1891	3 17 10.29	18.9446	20.666	.13826
1892	3 17 10.17	18.9422	20.664	.12542
1893	3 17 10.57	18.9503	20.673	.16826
1894	3 17 9.33	18.9256	20.646	.03747
1895	3 17 9.03	18.9191	20.639	.00324
1896	3 17 10.16	18.9420	20.664	.12433
1897 (9 months)	3 17 11.07	18.9606	20.684	.21724
Mint price	3 17 10.50	18.9491	20.671	.16208
Bank price	3 17 9.00	18.9185	20.638	.....

XXX.—BULLION VALUE OF 371¼ GRAINS OF PURE SILVER AT THE ANNUAL AVERAGE PRICE OF SILVER EACH YEAR FROM 1837 TO 1897, INCLUSIVE.

Years.	Value.	Years.	Value.	Years.	Value.	Years.	Value.
1837	$1.009	1853	$1.042	1868	$1.025	1883	$0.858
1838	1.008	1854	1.042	1869	1.024	1884	.861
1839	1.023	1855	1.039	1870	1.027	1885	.823
1840	1.023	1856	1.039	1871	1.025	1886	.769
1841	1.018	1857	1.046	1872	1.022	1887	.756
1842	1.007	1858	1.039	1873	1.004	1888	.727
1843	1.003	1859	1.052	1874	.988	1889	.723
1844	1.008	1860	1.045	1875	.964	1890	.809
1845	1.004	1861	1.031	1876	.894	1891	.764
1846	1.005	1862	1.041	1877	.929	1892	.673
1847	1.011	1863	1.040	1878	.891	1893	.603
1848	1.008	1864	1.040	1879	.868	1894	.491
1849	1.013	1865	1.035	1880	.886	1895	.505
1850	1.018	1866	1.036	1881	.880	1896	.522
1851	1.034	1867	1.027	1882	.878	1897 (9 mos.)	.471
1852	1.025						

XXXI.—COINAGE VALUE IN GOLD OF AN OUNCE OF FINE SILVER AT THE RATIOS 1:15–1:40.

Ratio.	Value of an ounce of fine silver.	Ratio.	Value of an ounce of fine silver.	Ratio.	Value of an ounce of fine silver.
1 to 15	$1.3780	1 to 23	$0.8987	1 to 32	$0.6459
1 to 15½	1.3336	1 to 23½	.8796	1 to 32½	.6360
1 to 15.988 (United States ratio)	1.2929	1 to 24	.8613	1 to 33	.6264
1 to 16	1.2919	1 to 24½	.8437	1 to 33½	.6171
1 to 16½	1.2527	1 to 25	.8268	1 to 34	.6080
1 to 17	1.2159	1 to 25½	.8106	1 to 34½	.5992
1 to 17½	1.1811	1 to 26	.7950	1 to 35	.5906
1 to 18	1.1483	1 to 26½	.7800	1 to 35½	.5823
1 to 18½	1.1173	1 to 27	.7656	1 to 36	.5742
1 to 19	1.0879	1 to 27½	.7517	1 to 36½	.5663
1 to 19½	1.0600	1 to 28	.7382	1 to 37	.5587
1 to 20	1.0335	1 to 28½	.7253	1 to 37½	.5512
1 to 20½	1.0083	1 to 29	.7109	1 to 38	.5439
1 to 21	.9843	1 to 29½	.7007	1 to 38½	.5369
1 to 21½	.9614	1 to 30	.6890	1 to 39	.5300
1 to 22	.9396	1 to 30½	.6777	1 to 39½	.5233
1 to 22½	.9187	1 to 31	.6668	1 to 40	.5168
		1 to 31½	.6562		

XXXIV.—PRODUCT OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES FROM 1792 TO 1844, AND ANNUALLY SINCE.

[The estimate for 1792-1873 is by R. W. Raymond, commissioner, and since by Director of the Mint.]

Years.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
April 2, 1792–July 31, 1834	$14,000,000	Insignificant.	$14,000,000
July 31, 1834–December 31, 1844	7,500,000	$250,000	7,750,000
1845	1,008,327	50,000	1,058,327
1846	1,139,357	50,000	1,189,357
1847	889,085	50,000	939,085
1848	10,000,000	50,000	10,050,000
1849	40,000,000	50,000	40,050,000
1850	50,000,000	50,000	50,050,000
1851	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000
1852	60,000,000	50,000	60,050,000
1853	65,000,000	50,000	65,050,000
1854	60,000,000	50,000	60,050,000
1855	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000
1856	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000
1857	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000
1858	50,000,000	500,000	50,500,000
1859	50,000,000	100,000	50,100,000
1860	46,000,000	150,000	46,150,000
1861	43,000,000	2,000,000	45,000,000
1862	39,200,000	4,500,000	43,700,000
1863	40,000,000	8,500,000	48,500,000
1864	46,100,000	11,000,000	57,100,000
1865	53,225,000	11,250,000	64,475,000
1866	53,500,000	10,000,000	63,500,000
1867	51,725,000	13,500,000	65,225,000
1868	48,000,000	12,000,000	60,000,000
1869	49,500,000	12,000,000	61,500,000
1870	50,000,000	16,000,000	66,000,000
1871	43,500,000	23,000,000	66,500,000
1872	36,000,000	28,750,000	64,750,000
1873	36,000,000	35,750,000	71,750,000
1874	33,500,000	37,300,000	70,800,000
1875	33,400,000	31,700,000	65,100,000
1876	39,900,000	38,800,000	78,700,000
1877	46,900,000	39,800,000	86,700,000
1878	51,200,000	45,200,000	96,400,000
1879	38,900,000	40,800,000	79,700,000
1880	36,000,000	39,200,000	75,200,000
1881	34,700,000	43,000,000	77,700,000
1882	32,500,000	46,800,000	79,300,000
1883	30,000,000	46,200,000	76,200,000
1884	30,800,000	48,800,000	79,600,000
1885	31,800,000	51,600,000	83,400,000
1886	35,000,000	51,000,000	86,000,000
1887	33,000,000	53,350,000	86,350,000
1888	33,175,000	59,195,000	92,370,000
1889	32,800,000	64,646,000	97,446,000
1890	32,845,000	70,465,000	103,310,000
1891	33,175,000	75,417,000	108,592,000
1892	33,000,000	82,101,000	115,101,000
1893	35,955,000	77,576,000	113,531,000
1894	39,500,000	64,000,000	103,500,000
1895	46,610,000	72,051,000	118,661,000
1896	53,088,000	76,069,000	129,157,000
Total	2,113,034,769	1,444,970,000	3,558,004,769

XXXV.—Coinage of Nations.

Countries.	1894.		1895.		1896.	
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.
United States	$79,546,160	$9,200,351	$59,616,358	$5,698,010	$47,053,060	$23,089,899
Mexico	554,107	29,481,033	504,193	24,832,351	565,985	21,092,397
Great Britain	27,633,807	4,002,657	18,547,229	5,776,584	23,402,560	6,470,352
Australasia	35,203,648	.....	33,695,008	.....	34,602,786	.....
India *a*	.....	2,288,504	.....	4,044,935	.....	5,579,692
France	1,897,395	772,000	20,845,337	1,544,000	21,719,880	.....
Germany	37,433,154	1,067,945	25,588,334	1,826,038	25,133,476	2,718,368
Russia *b*	2,315,481	233,861	38,590,432	3,696,192	10,284	30,985,566
Finland	.....	41,365	.....	.....	.....	.....
Austria-Hungary *c*	40,395,456	10,742,232	18,208,728	9,056,188	33,898,739	7,904,911
Eritrea	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	771,860
Spain	.....	3,946,225	.....	205,649	.....	5,386,942
Japan	1,576,440	24,131,363	1,515,000	23,883,505	1,125,000	13,399,062
Portugal	.....	478,440	.....	119,880	.....	1,900,800
Netherlands	70,897	160,800	135,692	140,700	.....	428,130
Norway	.....	120,600	.....	80,400	.....	67,000
Sweden	165,239	46,443	896,921	.....	.....	109,007
Denmark	.....	121,593	.....	.....	.....	.....
Switzerland	465,516	579,000	772,000	44,390	1,544,000	1,930
Turkey	84,403	450,018	3,420,717	414,483	50,114	7,473
Egypt	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	562,770
Abyssinia	.....	30,759	.....	.....	.....	376
Liberia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12,000
Hongkong	.....	2,100,000	.....	2,200,000	.....	1,700,000
China	.....	6,000,000	.....	8,253,340	.....	8,638,630
Indo-China	.....	1,532,087	.....	6,092,709	.....	12,542,772
Tunis	232	347	232	347	232	347
Canada	.....	144,518	.....	.....	.....	140,000
Newfoundland	.....	58,000	.....	.....	.....	98,000
Costa Rica	.....	12,517	.....	.....	.....	.....
Haiti	.....	718,753	.....	730,285	.....	.....
Argentina	.....	.....	.....	.....	982,715	.....
Bolivia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,508,087
Peru	.....	4,360,153	.....	4,073,270	.....	2,704,831
Colombia	.....	8,252	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ecuador	.....	83,308	.....	1,102,073	.....	169,798
Venezuela	.....	193,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chile	.....	121,779	8,353,212	4,243,919	5,424,686	677,877
Uruguay	.....	.....	.....	1,000,000	.....	.....
Guatemala	.....	3,561,988	145	500,000	.....	.....
British Honduras	.....	50,000	.....	30,000	.....	.....
British West Indies	.....	9,733	.....	.....	.....	.....
Puerto Rico	.....	.....	.....	8,389,222	.....	167,240
German East Africa	.....	93,097	.....	.....	.....	392
German New Guinea	.....	47,608	11,900	.....	.....	.....
Monaco	.....	.....	386,000	.....	386,000	.....
Straits Settlements	.....	306,000	.....	450,446	.....	453,554
Congo State	.....	96,500	.....	.....	.....	193,000
Morocco	.....	327,337	.....	354,630	.....	589,985
Bulgaria	579,097	2,316,224	.....	.....	.....	.....
Roumania	.....	579,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ceylon	.....	142,110	.....	236,850	.....	.....
Siam	.....	2,338,288	.....	2,589,823	.....	3,322,752
Total	227,921,032	113,095,788	231,087,438	121,610,219	195,899,517	153,395,740

a Rupee calculated at coining rate, $0.4737. *b* Silver ruble calculated at coining rate, $0.7718.
c Florin calculated at coining rate, $0.4052, under the coinage act of August 2, 1892.

XXXVIII.—WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND

[Fine ounce of gold, $20.671834+; fine ounce of silver,

	Countries.	1894.			
		Gold.		Silver.	
		Ozs. fine.	*Dollars.*	*Ozs. fine.*	*Dollars.*
1	United States	1,910,813	39,500,000	49,500,000	64,000,000
2	Australasia	2,020,179	41,760,800	18,073,455	23,367,700
3	Mexico	217,688	*a* 4,500,000	47,038,381	60,817,300
	European countries:				
4	Russia	1,167,453	24,133,400	275,808	356,600
5	Germany	*b*103,566	2,140,700	6,203,820	8,021,100
6	Austria-Hungary	87,423	1,807,200	2,684,524	3,470,900
7	Sweden	3,024	62,500	92,194	119,200
8	Norway	.....	.....	151,207	195,500
9	Italy	*d*5,660	117,000	*d*928,512	1,200,500
10	Spain	.....	.....	2,044,505	2,643,400
11	Greece	.....	.....	1,139,041	1,472,700
12	Turkey	387	8,000	48,727	63,000
13	France	.....	.....	841,113	1,087,500
14	Great Britain	3,183	65,800	255,002	329,700
15	Dominion of Canada	50,411	1,042,100	847,687	1,096,000
	South American countries:				
16	Argentina	4,596	95,000	1,200,066	1,551,600
17	Colombia	*d*139,939	2,892,800	*d*1,687,950	2,182,400
18	Bolivia	3,241	*a*67,000	21,999,966	28,444,400
19	Ecuador	3,309	68,400	*d*7,734	10,000
20	Chile	22,466	*d*464,400	2,850,503	3,685,500
21	Brazil	57,566	1,190,000	.....	.....
22	Venezuela	43,997	909,500	.....	.....
23	Guiana (British)	111,751	2,310,100	.....	.....
24	Guiana (Dutch)	*a* 31,482	650,800	.....	.....
25	Guiana (French)	126,026	2,605,200	.....	.....
26	Peru	3,599	74,400	3,236,759	4,184,900
27	Uruguay	745	15,400	.....	.....
28	Central American States	22,760	470,500	1,546,875	*g* 2,000,00
29	Japan	*i*23,694	489,800	*i*1,956,565	2,529,700
30	China	413,937	*a*8,556,800	.....	.....
31	Africa	1,948,100	40,271,000	.....	.....
32	India (British)	187,835	3,882,900	.....	.....
33	Korea	22,600	467,200	.....	.....
34	Borneo	3,601	74,400	.....	.....
35	Madagascar	23,341	*a*482,500	.....	.....
	Total	8,764,372	181,175,600	164,610,394	212,829,600

a Estimate of the Bureau of the Mint.
b Gold separated from silver in Germany, whose gold contents do not figure in the statistics of any other country.
c Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1895.
d Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1893.
e Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1894.

SILVER FOR CALENDAR YEARS, 1894, 1895, AND 1896.

$1.292929+, coining rate in United States silver dollars.]

1895.				1896.				
Gold.		Silver.		Gold.		Silver.		
Ozs. fine.	*Dollars.*	*Ozs. fine.*	*Dollars.*	*Ozs. fine.*	*Dollars.*	*Ozs. fine.*	*Dollars.*	
2, 254, 760	46, 610, 000	55, 726, 945	72, 051, 000	2, 568, 132	53, 088, 000	58, 834. 800	76, 069, 200	1
2, 167, 118	44 798, 300	12, 507, 335	16, 171, 100	2, 185, 676	45, 181, 900	15, 160, 077	19, 600, 900	2
290, 250	*a* 6, 000, 000	46, 962, 738	60. 719, 500	403, 046	*a* 8, 331, 700	45, 646, 424	59, 017, 600	3
1, 397. 767	28, 894, 400	401, 646	519, 300	1, 041, 794	21, 535, 800	336, 127	434, 600	4
b 107, 542	2, 223, 100	5, 818, 106	7, 522, 400	*b* 55, 104	1, 139, 100	5, 890, 500	7, 616, 000	5
96, 218	1, 989, 000	2, 184, 265	2, 824, 100	104, 137	2, 152, 700	1, 863, 921	2, 409, 900	6
2, 540	52, 500	38, 130	49, 300	3, 681	76, 100	17, 822	23, 000	7
.....	.....	195, 525	252, 800	.....	.....	162, 198	209, 700	8
6, 063	125, 300	183, 655	237, 500	6, 063	*c* 125, 300	183, 655	*c* 237, 500	9
.....	.....	3, 529, 582	4, 563, 500	.....	.....	3, 529. 582	*c* 4, 563, 500	10
.....	.....	*c* 1, 139, 041	1, 472, 700	.....	.....	1, 028, 609	1, 329, 900	11
e 387	8, 000	*e* 48, 727	63, 000	*e* 387	8, 000	*e* 48, 727	63, 000	12
.....	.....	566, 346	732, 200	.....	.....	*c* 566, 346	732, 200	13
5, 176	107, 000	280, 371	362, 500	1, 188	24, 600	262, 567	339, 500	14
92, 440	1, 910, 900	1, 775, 658	2, 295, 800	135, 943	2, 810, 200	3, 205, 343	4, 144, 300	15
15, 238	315, 000	328, 170	424, 300	15, 238	*c* 315, 000	328, 170	*c* 424, 300	16
d 139, 939	2, 892, 800	*d* 1, 687, 950	2, 182, 400	145, 125	*a* 3, 000, 000	*d* 1, 687, 950	2, 182, 400	17
3, 241	*a* 67, 000	*e* 21, 999, 966	28, 444, 400	36, 281	*a* 750, 000	*a* 15, 000, 000	19, 393, 900	18
6, 429	132, 900	*d* 7, 734	10, 000	6, 429	132, 900	*d* 7, 734	10, 000	19
68, 092	1, 407, 600	5, 031, 907	6, 505, 900	68, 092	*c* 1, 407, 600	5, 031, 907	*c* 6, 505, 900	20
57, 566	1, 190, 000	.....	.....	58, 050	1, 200, 000	.....	.....	21
e 43, 997	909, 500	.....	.....	45, 882	948, 500	.....	.....	22
107, 059	2, 213, 100	.....	.....	107, 059	*c* 2, 213, 100	.....	.....	23
25, 426	525, 600	.....	.....	23, 309	481, 800	.....	.....	24
90, 263	1, 865, 900	.....	.....	90, 263	1, 865, 900	.....	.....	25
3, 086	63, 800	3, 162, 973	4, 089, 500	5, 639	116, 600	2, 254, 021	2, 914, 300	26
1, 316	27. 200	.....	.....	1, 316	*c* 27, 200	.....	.....	27
c 22, 760	470, 500	1, 546, 875	*g* 2, 000, 000	*c* 22, 760	470, 500	1, 546, 875	*g* 2, 000, 000	28
j 25, 015	517, 100	*j* 2, 165, 084	2, 799, 300	*h* 34, 506	713, 300	*h* 2, 507, 532	3, 242, 100	29
170, 328	*a* 3, 521, 000	.....	.....	146, 285	*a* 3, 024, 000	.....	.....	30
2, 155, 343	44, 554, 900	.....	.....	2, 148, 218	44, 407, 600	.....	.....	31
225, 244	4, 656, 200	.....	.....	296, 563	6, 130, 500	.....	.....	32
33, 824	699, 200	.....	.....	34, 915	721, 800	.....	.....	33
3, 569	73, 800	.....	.....	3, 569	*c* 73, 800	.....	.....	34
23, 341	*a* 482, 500	.....	.....	23, 341	*a* 482, 500	.....	.....	35
9, 641, 337	199, 304, 100	167, 288, 729	216, 292, 500	9, 817, 991	202, 956, 000	165, 100, 887	213, 463, 700	

f Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1891.
g Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1887.
h Product of Imperial mines. 1896; private mines, 1894.
i Product of Imperial mines, 1894; private mines, 1892.
j Product of Imperial mines, 1895; private mines, 1893.

XXXVIII.—PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER IN

[From 1493 to 1885 is from a table of averages for certain periods, compiled by Dr. Adolph Soetbeer.

	Period.	GOLD.			
		Annual average for period.		Total for period.	
		Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Value.
1	1493–1520	186,470	$3,855,000	5,221,160	$107,931,000
2	1521–1544	230,194	4,759,000	5,524,656	114,205,000
3	1545–1560	273,596	5,656,000	4,377,544	90,492,000
4	1561–1580	219,906	4,546,000	4,398,120	90,917,000
5	1581–1600	237,267	4,905,000	4,745,340	98,095,000
6	1601–1620	273,918	5,662,000	5,478,360	113,248,000
7	1621–1640	266,845	5,516,000	5,336,900	110,324,000
8	1641–1660	281,955	5,828,000	5,639,110	116,571,000
9	1661–1680	297,709	6,154,000	5,954,180	123,084,000
10	1681–1700	346,095	7,154,000	6,921,895	143,088,000
11	1701–1720	412,163	8,520,000	8,243,260	170,403,000
12	1721–1740	613,422	12,681,000	12,268,440	253,611,000
13	1741–1760	791,211	16,356,000	15,824,230	327,116,000
14	1761–1780	665,666	13,761,000	13,313,315	275,211,000
15	1781–1800	571,948	11,823,000	11,438,970	236,464,000
16	1801–1810	571,563	11,815,000	5,715,627	118,152,000
17	1811–1820	367,957	7,606,000	3,679,568	76,063,000
18	1821–1830	457,044	9,448,000	4,570,444	94,479,000
19	1831–1840	652,291	13,484,000	6,522,913	134,841,000
20	1841–1850	1,760,502	36,393,000	17,605,018	363,928,000
21	1851–1855	6,410,324	132,513,000	32,051,621	662,566,000
22	1856–1860	6,486,262	134,083,000	32,431,312	670,415,000
23	1861–1865	5,949,582	122,989,000	29,747,913	614,944,000
24	1866–1870	6,270,086	129,614,000	31,350,430	648,071,000
25	1871–1875	5,591,014	115,577,000	27,955,068	577,883,000
26	1876–1880	5,543,110	114,586,000	27,715,550	572,931,000
27	1881–1885	4,794,755	99,116,000	23,973,773	495,582,000
28	1886	5,135,679	106,163,900	5,135,679	106,163,900
29	1887	5,116,861	105,774,900	5,116,861	105,774,900
30	1888	5,330,775	110,196,900	5,330,775	110,196,900
31	1889	5,973,790	123,489,200	5,973,790	123,489,200
32	1890	5,749,306	118,848,700	5,749,306	118,848,700
33	1891	6,320,194	130,650,000	6,320,194	130,650,000
34	1892	7,094,266	146,651,500	7,094,266	146,651,500
35	1893	7,618,811	157,494,800	7,618,811	157,494,800
36	1894	8,764,362	181,175,600	8,764,362	181,175,600
37	1895	9,641,337	199,304,100	9,641,337	199,304,100
38	1896	9,817,991	202,956,000	9,817,991	202,956,000
	Total			434,568,089	8,983,320,600

THE WORLD SINCE THE DISCOVERY OF AMERICA.

for the years 1886 to 1896 the production is the annual estimate of the Bureau of the Mint.]

SILVER.				PERCENTAGE OF PRODUCTION.				
Annual average for period.		Total for period.		By weight.		By value.		
Fine ounces.	Coining value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	
1,511,050	$1,954,000	42,309,400	$54,703,000	11	89	66.4	33.6	1
2,899,930	3,740,000	69,598,320	89,986,000	7.4	92.6	55.9	44.1	2
10,017,940	12,952,000	160,287,040	207,240,000	2.7	97.3	30.4	69.6	3
9,628,925	12,450,000	192,578,500	248,990,000	2.2	97.8	26.7	73.3	4
13,467,635	17,413,000	269,352,700	348,254,000	1.7	98.3	22	78	5
13,596,235	17,579,000	271,924,700	351,579,000	2	98	24.4	75.6	6
12,654,240	16,361,000	253,084,800	327,221,000	2.1	97.9	25.2	74.8	7
11,776,545	15,226,000	235,530,900	304,525,000	2.3	97.7	27.7	72.3	8
10,834,550	14,008,000	216,691,000	280,166,000	2.7	97.3	30.5	69.5	9
10,992,085	14,212,000	219,841,700	284,240,000	3.1	96.9	33.5	66.5	10
11,432,540	14,781,000	228,650,800	295,629,000	3.5	96.5	36.6	63.4	11
13,863,080	17,924,000	277,261,600	358,480,000	4.2	95.8	41.4	58.6	12
17,140,612	22,162,000	342,812,235	443,232,000	4.4	95.6	42.5	57.5	13
20,985,591	27,133,000	419,711,820	542,658,000	3.1	96.9	33.7	66.3	14
28,261,779	36,540,000	565,235,580	730,810,000	2	98	24.4	75.6	15
28,746,922	37,168,000	287,469,225	371,677,000	1.9	98.1	24.1	75 9	16
17,385,755	22,479,000	173,857,555	224,780,000	2.1	97.9	25.3	74.7	17
14,807,004	19,144,000	148,070,040	191,444,000	3	97	33	67	18
19,175,867	24,703,000	191,758,675	247,930,000	3.3	96.7	35.2	64.8	19
25,090,342	32,440,000	250,903,422	324,400,000	6.6	93.4	52.9	47.1	20
28,488,597	36,824,000	142,442,986	184,169,000	18.4	81.6	78.3	21.7	21
29,095,428	37,618,000	145,477,142	188,092,000	18.2	81.8	78.1	21.9	22
35,401,972	45,772,000	177,009,862	228,861,000	14.4	85.6	72.9	27.1	23
43,051,583	55,663,000	215,257,914	278,313,000	12.7	87.3	70	30	24
63,317,014	81,864,000	316,585,069	409,322,000	8.1	91.9	58.5	41.5	25
78,775,602	101,851,000	393,878,009	509,256 000	6.6	93.4	53	47	26
92,003,944	118,955,000	460,019,722	594,773 000	5	95	45.5	54.5	27
93,297,290	120,626,800	93,297,290	120,626,800	5.2	94.8	46.8	53.2	28
96,123,586	124,281,000	96,123,586	124,281,000	5	95	45.9	54.1	29
108,827,606	140,706,400	108,827,606	140,706,400	4.6	95.4	43.9	56.1	30
120,213,611	155,427,700	120,213,611	155,427,700	4.7	95.3	44.3	55.7	31
126,095,062	163,032,000	126,095,062	163,032,000	4.3	95.7	42.1	57.9	32
137,170,919	177,352,300	137,170,919	177,352,300	4.4	95.6	42.4	57.6	33
153,151,762	198,014,400	153,151,762	198,014,400	4.4	95.6	42.5	57.5	34
165,472,621	213,944,400	165,472,621	213,944,400	4.4	95.6	42.4	57.6	35
164,610,394	212,829,600	164,610,394	212,829,600	5	95	46.3	53.7	36
167,288,729	216,292,500	167,288,729	216,292,500	5.4	94.6	47.7	52.3	37
165,100,887	213,463,700	165,100,887	213,463,700	5.6	94.4	48.7	51.3	38
.....	.....	8,164,953,183	10,556,700,800	5	95	46	54	

XLII.—COINAGE OF THE MINTS OF THE UNITED STATES FROM THEIR ORGANIZATION, 1792, TO JUNE 30, 1897.

Denominations.	Pieces.	Value.
GOLD.		
Double eagles	66,874,902	$1,337,498,040.00
Eagles	27,458,128	274,581,280.00
Half eagles	44,874,009	224,370,045.00
Three-dollar pieces (coinage discontinued under act of September 26, 1890)	539,792	1,619,376.00
Quarter eagles	11,508,352	28,770,880.00
Dollars (coinage discontinued under act of September 26, 1890)	19,499,337	19,499,337.00
Total gold	170,754,520	1,886,338,958.00
SILVER.		
Dollars (coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873, and resumed under act of February 28, 1878)	a 460,024,980	460,024,980.00
Trade dollars	35,965,924	35,965,924.00
Half dollars	268,066,390	134,033,195.00
Half dollars, Columbian souvenir	5,002,105	2,501,052.50
Quarter dollars	209,580,208	52,395,052.00
Quarter dollars, Columbian souvenir	40,023	10,005.75
Twenty-cent pieces (coinage discontinued, act of May 2, 1878)	1,355,000	271,000.00
Dimes	294,286,139	29,428,613.90
Half dimes (coinage discontinued, act February 12, 1873)	97,604,388	4,880,219.40
Three-cent pieces (coinage discontinued, act February 12, 1873)	42,736,240	1,282,087.20
Total silver	1,414,661,397	720,792,129.75
MINOR.		
Five-cent pieces, nickel	298,041,095	14,902,054.75
Three-cent pieces, nickel (coinage discontinued, act September 26, 1890)	31,378,316	941,349.48
Two-cent pieces, bronze (coinage discontinued, act February 12, 1873)	45,601,000	912,020.00
One-cent pieces, copper (coinage discontinued, act February 21, 1857)	156,288,744	1,562,887.44
One-cent pieces, nickel (coinage discontinued, act April 22, 1864)	200,772,000	2,007,720.00
One-cent pieces, bronze	844,860,048	8,448,600.48
Half-cent pieces, copper (coinage discontinued, act February 21, 1857)	7,985,222	39,926.11
Total minor	1,584,926,425	28,814,558.26
Total coinage	3,170,342,342	2,635,945,646.01

a Silver-dollar coinage under act of—

April 2, 1792		$8,031,238
February 28, 1878	$378,166,793	
July 14, 1890	68,748,477	
March 3, 1891	5,078,472	
		451,993,742
Total		460,024,980

XLIII.—COINAGE OF SILVER COINS, BY ACTS AND DENOMINATIONS, FROM 1792 TO JUNE 30, 1897.

Denominations.	1792 to 1853.	1853 to Feb. 12, 1873.	Feb. 12, 1873, to June 30, 1897.	Total silver.
Dollars	$2,506,890.00	$5,524,348.00	$451,993,742.00	$460,024,980.00
Trade dollars			35,965,924.00	35,965,924.00
Total dollars	2,506,890.00	5,524,348.00	487,959,666.00	495,990,904.00
Half dollars	66,280,640.50	32,666,832.50	35,085,722.00	134,033,195.00
Half dollars, Columbian			2,501,052.50	2,501,052.50
Quarter dollars	3,994,040.50	17,879,790.50	30,521,221.00	52,395,052.00
Quarter dollars, Columbia			10,005.75	10,005.75
Twenty-cent pieces			271,000.00	271,000.00
Dimes	3,890,230.10	4,908,520.00	20,629,863.80	29,428,613.90
Half dimes	1,825,126.40	3,055,093.00		4,880,219.40
Three-cent pieces	744,927.00	537,160.20		1,282,087.20
Total subsidiary	76,734,964.50	59,047,396.20	89,018,865.05	224,801,225.75
Total silver	79,241,854.50	64,571,744.20	576,978,531.05	720,792,129.75

Fractional silver coinage, 1792 to 1853	$76,734,964.50
Subsidiary silver coinage, 1853 to February 12, 1873	59,047,396.20
Subsidiary silver coinage, February 12, 1873, to June 30, 1897	89,018,865.05
Total	224,801,225.75

XLIV.—Coinage of the Mints of the United States

RECAPITULATION.

Calendar years.	GOLD COINAGE.					
	Double eagles.	Eagles.	Half eagles.	Three dollars.	Quarter eagles.	Dollars.
1793–1795		$27,950	$43,535			
1796		60,800	16,995		$165.00	
1797		91,770	32,030		4,390.00	
1798		79,740	124,335		1,535.00	
1799		174,830	37,255		1,200.00	
1800		259,650	58,110			
1801		292,540	130,030			
1802		150,900	265,880		6,530.00	
1803		89,790	167,530		1,057.50	
1804		97,950	152,375		8,317.50	
1805			165,915		4,452.50	
1806			320,465		4,040.00	
1807			420,465		17,030.00	
1808			277,890		6,775.00	
1809			169,375			
1810			501,435			
1811			497,905			
1812			290,435			
1813			477,140			
1814			77,270			
1815			3,175			
1816						
1817						
1818			242,940			
1819			258,615			
1820			1,319,030			
1821			173,205		16,120.00	
1822			88,980			
1823			72,425			
1824			86,700		6,500.00	
1825			145,300		11,085.00	
1826			90,345		1,900.00	
1827			124,565		7,000.00	
1828			140,145			
1829			287,210		8,507.50	
1830			631,755		11,350.00	
1831			702,970		11,300.00	
1832			787,435		11,000.00	
1833			968,150		10,400.00	
1834			3,660,845		293,425.00	
1835			1,857,670		328,505.00	
1836			2,765,735		1,369,965.00	
1837			1,035,605		112,700.00	
1838		72,000	1,600,420		137,345.00	
1839		382,480	802,745		191,622.50	
1840		473,380	1,048,530		153,572.50	
1841		656,310	380,945		54,602.50	
1842		1,089,070	655,330		85,007.50	
1843		2,506,240	4,275,425		1,327,132.50	
1844		1,250,610	4,087,715		89,345.00	
1845		736,530	2,743,640		276,277.50	
Carried forward		8,492,540	35,263,920		4,570,155.00	

FROM THEIR ORGANIZATION, BY CALENDAR YEARS—Continued.

RECAPITULATION.

SILVER COINAGE.							
Trade dollars.	Dollars.	Half dollars.	Quarter dollars.	Twenty cents.	Dimes.	Half dimes.	Three cents.
.....	$204,791	$161,572.00	.....	.....	.....	$4,320.80	.....
.....	72,920	.....	$1,473.50	.....	$2,213.50	511.50	.....
.....	7,776	1,959.00	63.00	.....	2,526.10	2,226.35	.....
.....	327,536	.....	.....	.....	2,755.00	.....	.....
.....	423,515	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	220,920	.....	.....	.....	2,176.00	1,200.00	.....
.....	54,454	15,144.50	.....	.....	3,464.00	1,695.50	.....
.....	41,650	14,945.00	.....	.....	1,097.50	650.50	.....
.....	66,064	15,857.50	.....	.....	3,304.00	1,892.50	.....
.....	19,570	78,259.50	1,684.50	.....	826.50	.....	.....
.....	321	105,861.00	30,348.50	.....	12,078.00	780.00	.....
.....	.....	419,788.00	51,531.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	525,788.00	55,160.75	.....	16,500.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	684,300.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	702,905.00	.....	.....	4,471.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	638,138.00	.....	.....	635.50	.....	.....
.....	.....	601,822.00	.....	.....	6,518.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	814,029.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	620,951.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	519,537.50	.....	.....	42,150.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	17,308.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	23,575.00	5,000.75	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	607,783.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	980,161.00	90,293.50	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	1,104,000.00	36,000.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	375,561.00	31,861.00	.....	94,258.70	.....	.....
.....	.....	652,898.50	54,212.75	.....	118,651.20	.....	.....
.....	.....	779,786.50	16,020.00	.....	10,000.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	847,100.00	4,450.00	.....	44,000.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	1,752,477.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	1,471,583.00	42,000.00	.....	51,000.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	2,002,090.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	2,746,700.00	1,000.00	.....	121,500.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	1,537,600.00	25,500.00	.....	12,500.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	1,856,078.00	.....	.....	77,000.00	61,500.00	.....
.....	.....	2,382,400.00	.....	.....	51,000.00	62,000.00	.....
.....	.....	2,936,830.00	99,500.00	.....	77,135.00	62,135.00	.....
.....	.....	2,398,500.00	80,000.00	.....	52,250.00	48,250.00	.....
.....	.....	2,603,000.00	39,000.00	.....	48,500.00	68,500.00	.....
.....	.....	3,206,002.00	71,500.00	.....	63,500.00	74,000.00	.....
.....	.....	2,676,003.00	488,000.00	.....	144,000.00	138,000.00	.....
.....	1,000	3,273,100.00	118,000.00	.....	119,000.00	95,000.00	.....
.....	.....	1,814,910.00	63,100.00	.....	104,200.00	113,800.00	.....
.....	.....	1,773,000.00	208,000.00	.....	239,493.40	112,750.00	.....
.....	300	1,748,768.00	122,786.50	.....	229,638.70	108,285.00	.....
.....	61,005	1,145,054.00	153,331.75	.....	253,358.00	113,954.25	.....
.....	173,000	355,500.00	143,000.00	.....	363,000.00	98,250.00	.....
.....	184,618	1,484,882.00	214,250.00	.....	390,750.00	58,250.00	.....
.....	165,100	3,056,000.00	403,400.00	.....	152,000.00	58,250.00	.....
.....	20,000	1,885,500.00	290,300.00	.....	7,250.00	32,500.00	.....
.....	24,500	1,341,500.00	230,500.00	.....	198,500.00	78,200.00	.....
.....	2,069,040	56,739,200.50	3,188,575.50	.....	3,120,200.10	1,396,901.40	.....

XLIV.—COINAGE OF THE MINTS OF THE UNITED STATES

RECAPITULATION—Continued.

Calendar years.	GOLD COINAGE.					
	Double eagles.	Eagles.	Half eagles.	Three dollars.	Quarter eagles.	Dollars.
Brought forward	.....	$8,492,540	$35,263,920	.....	$4,570,155.00	.....
1846	.....	1,018,750	2,736,155	.....	279,272.50	.....
1847	.....	14,337,580	5,382,685	.....	482,060.00	.....
1848	.....	1,813,340	1,863,560	.....	98,612.50	.....
1849	.....	6,775,180	1,184,645	.....	111,147.50	$936,789
1850	$26,225,220	3,489,510	860,160	.....	895,547.50	511,301
1851	48,043,100	4,393,280	2,651,955	.....	3,867,337.50	3,658,820
1852	44,860,520	2,811,060	3,689,635	.....	3,283,827.50	2,201,145
1853	26,646,520	2,522,530	2,305,095	.....	3,519,615.00	4,384,149
1854	18,052,340	2,305,760	1,513,235	$491,214	1,896,397.50	1,657,016
1855	25,046,820	1,487,010	1,257,090	171,465	600,700.00	824,883
1856	30,437,560	1,429,900	1,806,665	181,530	1,213,117.50	1,788,996
1857	28,797,500	481,060	1,232,970	104,673	796,235.00	801,602
1858	21,873,480	343,210	439,770	6,399	144,082.50	131,472
1859	13,782,840	253,930	361,235	46,914	142,220.00	193,431
1860	22,584,400	278,830	352,365	42,465	164,360.00	51,234
1861	74,989,060	1,287,330	3,332,130	18,216	3,241,295.00	527,499
1862	18,926,120	234,950	69,825	17,355	300,882.50	1,326,865
1863	22,187,200	112,480	97,360	15,117	27,075.00	6,250
1864	19,958,900	60,800	40,540	8,040	7,185.00	5,950
1865	27,874,000	207,050	144,535	3,495	62,302.50	3,725
1866	30,820,500	237,800	253,200	12,090	105,175.00	7,180
1867	23,436,300	121,400	179,600	7,950	78,125.00	5,250
1868	18,722,000	241,550	288,625	14,625	94,062.50	10,525
1869	17,238,100	82,850	163,925	7,575	84,612.50	5,925
1870	22,819,480	164,430	143,550	10,605	51,387.50	9,335
1871	20,456,740	254,650	245,000	3,990	68,375.00	3,930
1872	21,230,600	244,500	275,350	6,090	52,575.00	3,530
1873	55,456,700	173,680	754,605	75	512,562.50	125,125
1874	33,917,700	799,270	203,530	125,460	9,850.00	198,820
1875	32,737,820	78,350	105,240	60	30,050.00	420
1876	46,386,920	104,280	61,820	135	23,052.50	3,245
1877	43,504,700	211,490	182,660	4,464	92,630.00	3,920
1878	45,916,500	1,031,440	1,427,470	246,972	1,160,650.00	3,020
1879	28,889,260	6,120,320	3,727,155	9,090	331,225.00	3,030
1880	17,749,120	21,715,160	22,831,765	3,108	7,490.00	1,636
1881	14,585,200	48,796,250	33,458,430	1,650	1,700.00	7,660
1882	23,295,400	24,740,640	17,831,885	4,620	10,100.00	5,040
1883	24,980,040	2,595,400	1,647,990	2,820	4,900.00	10,840
1884	19,944,200	2,110,800	1,922,250	3,318	4,982.50	6,206
1885	13,875,560	4,815,270	9,065,030	2,730	2,217.50	12,205
1886	22,120	10,621,600	18,282,160	3,426	10,220.00	6,016
1887	5,662,420	8,706,800	9,560,435	18,480	15,705.00	8,543
1888	21,717,320	8,030,310	1,560,980	15,873	40,245.00	16,080
1889	16,995,120	4,298,850	37,825	7,287	44,120.00	30,729
1890	19,399,080	755,430	290,640	.....	22,032.50	.....
1891	25,891,340	1,956,000	1,347,065	.....	27,600.00	.....
1892	19,238,760	9,817,400	5,724,700	.....	6,362.50	.....
1893	27,178,320	20,132,450	9,610,985	.....	75,265.00	.....
1894	48,350,800	26,032,780	5,152,275	.....	10,305.00	.....
1895	45,163,120	7,148,260	7,289,680	.....	15,297.50	.....
1896	43,931,760	2,000,980	1,072,315	.....	48,005.00	.....
January 1 to June 30, 1897	37,699,460	6,304,810	3,086,375	.....	26,572.50	.....
Total	1,337,498,040	274,581,280	224,370,045	1,619,376	28,770,880.00	19,499,337

a Includes $475,000 in Columbian coins. *b* Includes $2,026,052.50 in Columbian coins.

FROM THEIR ORGANIZATION, BY CALENDAR YEARS—Continued.

RECAPITULATION—Continued.

SILVER COINAGE.							
Trade dollars.	Dollars.	Half dollars.	Quarter dollars.	Twenty cents.	Dimes.	Half dimes.	Three cents.
.....	$2,069,040	$56,739,200.50	$3,188,575.50	.....	$3,120,200.10	$1,396,901.40	.....
.....	169,600	2,257,000.00	127,500.00	.....	3,130.00	1,350.00	.....
.....	140,750	1,870,000.00	275,500.00	.....	24,500.00	63,700.00	.....
.....	15,000	1,880,000.00	36,500.00	.....	45,150.00	63,400.00	.....
.....	62,600	1,781,000.00	85,000.00	.....	113,900.00	72,450.00	.....
.....	47,500	1,341,500.00	150,700.00	.....	244,150.00	82,250.00	.....
.....	1,300	301,375.00	62,000.00	.....	142,650.00	82,050.00	$185,022.00
.....	1,100	110,565.00	68,265.00	.....	196,550.00	63,025.00	559,905.00
.....	46,110	2,430,354.00	4,146,555.00	.....	1,327,301.00	785,251.00	342,000.00
.....	33,140	4,111,000.00	3,466,060.00	.....	624,000.00	365,000.00	20,130.00
.....	26,000	2,288,725.00	857,350.00	.....	207,500.00	117,500.00	4,170.00
.....	63,500	1,903,500.00	2,129,500.00	.....	703,000.00	299,000.00	43,740.00
.....	94,000	1,482,000.00	2,726,500.00	.....	712,000.00	433,000.00	31,260.00
.....	.....	5,998,000.00	2,002,250.00	.....	189,000.00	258,000.00	48,120.00
.....	636,500	2,074,000.00	421,000.00	.....	97,000.00	45,000.00	10,950.00
.....	733,930	1,032,850.00	312,350.00	.....	78,700.00	92,950.00	8,610.00
.....	78,500	2,078,950.00	1,237,650.00	.....	209,650.00	164,050.00	14,940.00
.....	12,090	802,175.00	249,887.50	.....	102,830.00	74,627.50	10,906.50
.....	27,660	709,830.00	48,015.00	.....	17,196.00	5,923.00	643.80
.....	31,170	518,785.00	28,517.50	.....	26,907.00	4,523.50	14.10
.....	47,000	593,450.00	25,075.00	.....	18,550.00	6,675.00	255.00
.....	49,625	899,812.50	11,381.25	.....	14,372.50	6,536.25	681.75
.....	60,325	810,162.50	17,156.25	.....	14,662.50	6,431.25	138.75
.....	182,700	769,100.00	31,500.00	.....	72,625.00	18,295.00	123.00
.....	424,300	725,950.00	23,150.00	.....	70,660.00	21,930.00	153.00
.....	445,462	829,758.50	23,935.00	.....	52,150.00	26,830.00	120.00
.....	1,117,136	1,741,655.00	53,255.50	.....	109,371.00	82,493.00	127.80
.....	1,118,600	866,775.00	68,762.50	.....	261,045.00	189,247.50	58.50
$1,225,000	296,600	1,593,780.00	414,190.50	.....	443,329.10	51,830.00	18.00
4,910,000	.....	1,406,650.00	215,975.00	.....	319,151.70	.....	.....
6,279,600	.....	5,117,750.00	1,278,375.00	$265,598	2,406,570.00	.....	.....
6,192,150	.....	7,451,575.00	7,839,287.50	5,180	3,015,115.00	.....	.....
13,092,710	.....	7,540,255.00	6,024,927.50	102	1,735,051.00	.....	.....
4,259,900	22,495,550	726,200.00	849,200.00	120	187,880.00	.....	.....
1,541	27,560,100	2,950.00	3,675.00	.....	1,510.00	.....	.....
1,987	27,397,355	4,877.50	3,738.75	.....	3,735.50	.....	.....
960	27,927,975	5,487.50	3,243.75	.....	2,497.50	.....	.....
1,097	27,574,100	2,750.00	4,075,00	.....	391,110.00	.....	.....
979	28,470,039	4,519.50	3,859.75	.....	767,571.20	.....	.....
.....	28,136,875	2,637.50	2,218.75	.....	393,134.90	.....	.....
.....	28,697,767	3,065.00	3,632.50	.....	257,711.70	.....	.....
.....	31,423,886	2,943.00	1,471.50	.....	658,409.40	.....	.....
.....	33,611,710	2,855.00	2,677.50	.....	1,573,838.90	.....	.....
.....	31,990,833	6,416.50	306,708.25	.....	721,648.70	.....	.....
.....	34,651,811	6,355.50	3,177.75	.....	835,338.90	.....	.....
.....	38,043,004	6,295.00	20,147.50	.....	1,133,461.70	.....	.....
.....	23,562,735	100,300.00	1,551,150.00	.....	2,304,671.60	.....	.....
.....	6,333,245	*a* 1,652,136.50	2,960,331.00	.....	1,695,365.50	.....	.....
.....	1,455,792	*b* 4,003,948.50	*c* 2,583,837.50	.....	759,219.30	.....	.....
.....	3,093,972	3,667,831.00	2,233,448.25	.....	205,099.60	.....	.....
.....	862,880	2,354,652.00	2,255,390.25	.....	225,088.00	.....	.....
.....	19,876,762	1,507,855.00	1,386,700.25	.....	318,581.80	.....	.....
.....	8,827,351	412,689.50	579,788.00	.....	274,772.80	.....	.....
35,965,924	460,024,980	136,534,247.50	52,405,057.75	271,000	29,428,613.90	4,880,219.40	1,282,087.20

c Includes $10,005.75 in Columbian coins.

XLIV.—COINAGE OF THE MINTS OF THE UNITED STATES RECAPITULATION—Continued.

Calendar years.	MINOR COINAGE.		
	Five cents.	Three cents.	Two cents.
1793–1795			
1796			
1797			
1798			
1799			
1800			
1801			
1802			
1803			
1804			
1805			
1806			
1807			
1808			
1809			
1810			
1811			
1812			
1813			
1814			
1815			
1816			
1817			
1818			
1819			
1820			
1821			
1822			
1823			
1824			
1825			
1826			
1827			
1828			
1829			
1830			
1831			
1832			
1833			
1834			
1835			
1836			
1837			
1838			
1839			
1840			
1841			
1842			
1843			
1844			
1845			
1846			
Carried forward			

FROM THEIR ORGANIZATION, BY CALENDAR YEARS—Continued.

RECAPITULATION—Continued.

MINOR COINAGE.		TOTAL COINAGE.			TOTAL VALUE.
Cents.	Half cents.	Gold.	Silver.	Minor.	
$10,660.33	$712.67	$71,485.00	$370,683.80	$11,373.00	$453,541.80
9,747.00	577.40	77,960.00	77,118.50	10,324.40	165,402.90
8,975.10	535.24	128,190.00	14,550.45	9,510.34	152,250.79
9,797.00	.....	205,610.00	330,291.00	9,797.00	545,698.00
9,045.35	60.83	213,285.00	423,515.00	9,106.68	645,906.68
28,221.75	1,057.65	317,760.00	224,296.00	29,279.40	571,335.40
13,628.37	.....	422,570.00	74,758.00	13,628.37	510,956.37
34,351.00	71.83	423,310.00	58,343.00	34,422.83	516,075.83
24,713.53	489.50	258,377.50	87,118.00	25,203.03	370,698.53
7,568.38	5,276.56	258,642.50	100,340.50	12,844.94	371,827.94
9,411.16	4,072.32	170,367.50	149,388.50	13,483.48	333,239.48
3,480.00	1,780.00	324,505.00	471,319.00	5,260.00	801,084.00
7,272.21	2,380.00	437,495.00	597,448.75	9,652.21	1,044,595.96
11,090.00	2,000.00	284,665.00	684,300.00	13,090.00	982,055.00
2,228.67	5,772.86	169,375.00	707,376.00	8,001.53	884,752.53
14,585.00	1,075.00	501,435.00	638,773.50	15,660.00	1,155,868.50
2,180.25	315.70	497,905.00	608,340.00	2,495.95	1,108,740.95
10,755.00	.....	290,425.00	814,029.50	10,755.00	1,115,219.50
4,180.00	.....	477,140.00	620,951.50	4,180.00	1,102,271.50
3,578.30	.....	77,270.00	561,687.50	3,578.30	642,535.80
.....	.....	3,175.00	17,308.00	.....	20,483.00
28,209.82	.....	.....	28,575.75	28,209.82	56,785.57
39,484.00	.....	.....	607,783.50	39,484.00	647,267.50
31,670.00	.....	242,940.00	1,070,454.50	31,670.00	1,345,064.50
26,710.00	.....	258,615.00	1,140,000.00	26,710.00	1,425,325.00
44,075.50	.....	1,319,030.00	501,680.70	44,075.50	1,864,786.20
3,890.00	.....	189,325.00	825,762.45	3,890.00	1,018,977.45
20,723.39	.....	88,980.00	805,806.50	20,723.39	915,509.89
.....	.....	72,425.00	895,550.00	.....	967,975.00
12,620.00	.....	93,200.00	1,752,477.00	12,620.00	1,858,297.00
14,611.00	315.00	156,385.00	1,564,583.00	14,926.00	1,735,894.00
15,174.25	1,170.00	92,245.00	2,002,090.00	16,344.25	2,110,679.25
23,577.32	.....	131,565.00	2,869,200.00	23,577.32	3,024,342.32
22,606.24	3,030.00	140,145.00	1,575,600.00	25,636.24	1,741,381.24
14,145.00	2,435.00	295,717.50	1,994,578.00	16,580.00	2,306,875.50
17,115.00	.....	643,105.00	2,495,400.00	17,115.00	3,155,620.00
33,592.60	11.00	714,270.00	3,175,600.00	33,603.60	3,923,473.60
23,620.00	.....	798,435.00	2,579,000.00	23,620.00	3,401,055.00
27,390.00	770.00	978,550.00	2,759,000.00	28,160.00	3,765,710.00
18,551.00	600.00	3,954,270.00	3,415,002.00	19,151.00	7,388,423.00
38,784.00	705.00	2,186,175.00	3,443,003.00	39,489.00	5,668,667.00
21,110.00	1,990.00	4,135,700.00	3,606,100.00	23,100.00	7,764,900.00
55,583.00	.....	1,148,305.00	2,096,010.00	55,583.00	3,299,898.00
63,702.00	.....	1,809,765.00	2,333,243.40	63,702.00	4,206,710.40
31,286.61	.....	1,376,847.50	2,209,778.20	31,286.61	3,617,912.31
24,627.00	.....	1,675,482.50	1,726,703.00	24,627.00	3,426,812.50
15,973.67	.....	1,091,857.50	1,132,750.00	15,973.67	2,240,581.17
23,833.90	.....	1,829,407.50	2,332,750.00	23,833.90	4,185,991.40
24,283.20	.....	8,108,797.50	3,834,750.00	24,283.20	11,967,830.70
23,987.52	.....	5,427,670.00	2,235,550.00	23,987.52	7,687,207.52
38,948.04	.....	3,756,447.50	1,873,200.00	38,948.04	5,668,595.54
41,208.00	.....	4,034,177.50	2,558,580.00	41,208.00	6,633,965.50
1,046,560.96	37,203.56	52,300,792.50	69,072,497.50	1,083,764.52	122,517,054.52

XLIV.—COINAGE OF THE MINTS OF THE UNITED STATES

RECAPITULATION—Continued.

Calendar years.	MINOR COINAGE.		
	Five cents.	Three cents.	Two cents.
Brought forward			
1847			
1848			
1849			
1850			
1851			
1852			
1853			
1854			
1855			
1856			
1857			
1858			
1859			
1860			
1861			
1862			
1863			
1864			$396,950.00
1865		$341,460.00	272,800.00
1866	$737,125.00	144,030.00	63,540.00
1867	1,545,475.00	117,450.00	58,775.00
1868	1,440,850.00	97,560.00	56,075.00
1869	819,750.00	48,120.00	30,930.00
1870	240,300.00	40,050.00	17,225.00
1871	28,050.00	18,120.00	14,425.00
1872	301,800.00	25,860.00	1,300.00
1873	227,500.00	35,190.00	
1874	176,900.00	23,700.00	
1875	104,850.00	6,840.00	
1876	126,500.00	4,860.00	
1877			
1878	117.50	70.50	
1879	1,455.00	1,236.00	
1880	997.75	748.65	
1881	3,618.75	32,417.25	
1882	573,830.00	759.00	
1883	1,148,471.05	318.27	
1884	563,697.10	169.26	
1885	73,824.50	143.70	
1886	166,514.50	128.70	
1887	763,182.60	238.83	
1888	536,024.15	1,232.49	
1889	794,068.05	646.83	
1890	812,963.60		
1891	841,717.50		
1892	584,982.10		
1893	668,509.75		
1894	270,656.60		
1895	498,994.20		
1896	442,146.00		
January 1 to June 30, 1897	407,184.05		
Total	14,902,054.75	941,349.48	912,020.00

FROM THEIR ORGANIZATION, BY CALENDAR YEARS—Continued.

RECAPITULATION—Continued.

MINOR COINAGE.		TOTAL COINAGE.			TOTAL VALUE.
Cents.	Half cents.	Gold.	Silver.	Minor.	
$1,046,560.96	$37,203.56	$52,360,792.50	$69,072,497.50	$1,083,764.52	$122,517,054.52
61,836.69	.....	20,202,325.00	2,374,450.00	61,836.69	22,638,611.69
64,157.99	.....	3,775,512.50	2,040,050.00	64,157.99	5,879,720.49
41,785.00	199.32	9,007,761.50	2,114,950.00	41,984.32	11,164,695.82
44,268.44	199.06	31,981,738.50	1,866,100.00	44,467.50	33,892,306.00
98,897.07	738.36	62,614,492.50	774,397.00	99,635.43	63,488,524.93
50,630.94	.....	56,846,187.50	999,410.00	50,630.94	57,896,228.44
66,411.31	648.47	39,377,909.00	9,077,571.00	67,059.78	48,522,539.78
42,361.56	276.79	25,915,962.50	8,619,270.00	42,638.35	34,577,870.85
15,748.29	282.50	29,387,968.00	3,501,245.00	16,030.79	32,905,243.79
26,904.63	202.15	36,857,768.50	5,142,240.00	27,106.78	42,027,115.28
177,834.56	175.90	32,214,040.00	5,478,760.00	178,010.46	37,870,810.46
246,000.00	.....	22,938,413.50	8,495,370.00	246,000.00	31,679,783.50
364,000.00	.....	14,780,570.00	3,284,450.00	364,000.00	18,429,020.00
205,660.00	.....	23,473,654.00	2,259,390.00	205,660.00	25,938,704.00
101,000.00	.....	83,395,530.00	3,783,740.00	101,000.00	87,280,270.00
280,750.00	.....	20,875,997.50	1,252,516.50	280,750.00	22,409,264.00
498,400.00	.....	22,445,482.00	809,267.80	498,400.00	23,753,149.80
529,737.14	.....	20,081,415.00	609,917.10	926,687.14	21,618,019.24
354,292.86	.....	28,295,107.50	691,005.00	968,552.86	29,954,665.36
98,265.00	.....	31,435,945.00	982,409.25	1,042,960.00	33,461,314.25
98,210.00	.....	23,828,625.00	908,876.25	1,819,910.00	26,557,411.25
102,665.00	.....	19,371,387.50	1,074,343.00	1,697,150.00	22,142,880.50
64,200.00	.....	17,582,987.50	1,266,143.00	963,000.00	19,812,130.50
52,750.00	.....	23,198,787.50	1,378,255.50	350,325.00	24,927,368.00
39,295.00	.....	21,032,685.00	3,104,038.30	99,890.00	24,236,613.30
40,420.00	.....	21,812,645.00	2,504,488.50	369,380.00	24,686,513.50
116,765.00	.....	57,022,747.50	4,024,747.60	379,455.00	61,426,950.10
141,875.00	.....	35,254,630.00	6,851,776.70	342,475.00	42,448,881.70
135,280.00	.....	32,951,940.00	15,347,893.00	246,970.00	48,546,803.00
79,440.00	.....	46,579,452.50	24,503,307.50	210,800.00	71,293,560.00
8,525.00	.....	43,999,864.00	28,393,045.50	8,525.00	72,401,434.50
57,998.50	.....	49,786,052.00	28,518,850.00	58,186.50	78,363,088.50
162,312.00	.....	39,080,080.00	27,569,776.00	165,003.00	66,814,859.00
389,649.55	.....	62,308,279.00	27,411,693.75	391,395.95	90,111,368.70
392,115.75	.....	96,850,890.00	27,940,163.75	428,151.75	125,219,205.50
385,811.00	.....	65,887,685.00	27,973,132.00	960,400.00	94,821,217.00
455,981.09	.....	29,241,990.00	29,246,968.45	1,604,770.41	60,093,728.86
232,617.42	.....	23,991,756.50	28,534,866.15	796,483.78	53,323,106.43
117,653.84	.....	27,773,012.50	28,962,176.20	191,622.04	56,926,810.74
176,542.90	.....	28,945,542.00	32,086,709.90	343,186.10	61,375,438.00
452,264.83	.....	23,972,383.00	35,191,081.40	1,215,686.26	60,379,150.66
374,944.14	.....	31,380,808.00	33,025,606.45	912,200.78	65,318,615.23
488,693.61	.....	21,413,931.00	35,496,683.15	1,283,408.49	58,194,022.64
571,828.54	.....	20,467,182.50	39,202,908.20	1,384,792.14	61,054,882.84
470,723.50	.....	29,222,005.00	27,518,856.60	1,312,441.00	58,053,302.60
376,498.32	.....	34,787,222.50	12,641,078.00	961,480.42	48,389,780.92
466,421.95	.....	56,997,020.00	8,802,797.30	1,134,931.70	66,934,749.00
167,521.32	.....	79,546,160.00	9,200,350.85	438,177.92	89,184,688.77
383,436.36	.....	59,616,357.50	5,698,010.25	882,430.56	66,196,798.31
390,572.93	.....	47,053,060.00	23,089,899.15	832,718.93	70,975,677.98
210,692.93	.....	47,117,217.50	10,094,601.30	617,876.98	57,829,695.78
12,019,207.92	39,926.11	1,886,338,958.00	720,792,129.85	28,814,558.26	2,635,945,646.01

XLIX.—COINS OF THE UNITED STATES, AUTHORITY FOR COINING, AND CHANGES IN WEIGHT AND FINENESS AND AMOUNT COINED.

GOLD COINS.

DOUBLE EAGLE.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1849.
Weight, 516 grains; fineness, 0.900.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1897, $1,337,498,040.

EAGLE.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 270 grains; fineness, 0.916⅔.
Weight changed, act of June 28, 1834, to 258 grains.
Fineness changed, act of June 28, 1834, to 0.899225.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 0.900.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1897, $274,581,280.

HALF EAGLE.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 135 grains; fineness, 0.916⅔.
Weight changed, act of June 28, 1834, to 129 grains.
Fineness changed, act of June 28, 1834, to 0.899225.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 0.900.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1897, $224,370,045.

QUARTER EAGLE.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 67.5 grains; fineness, 0.916⅔.
Weight changed, act of June 28, 1834, to 64.5 grains.
Fineness changed, act of June 28, 1834, to 0.899225.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 0.900.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1897, $28,770,880.

THREE-DOLLAR PIECE.

Authorized to be coined, act of February 21, 1853.
Weight, 77.4 grains; fineness, 0.900.
Coinage discontinued, act of September 26, 1890.
Total amount coined to September 26, 1890, $1,619,376.

ONE DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1849.
Weight, 25.8 grains; fineness, 0.900.
Coinage discontinued, act of September 26, 1890.
Total amount coined to September 26, 1890, $19,499,337.

SILVER COINS.

DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 416 grains; fineness, 0.8924.
Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 412½ grains.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 0.900.
Coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873.
Total amount coined to February 12, 1873, $8,031,238.
Coinage reauthorized, act of February 28, 1878.
Amount coined from March 1, 1878, to June 30, 1897, $451,993,742.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1897, $460,024,980.

TRADE DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of February 12, 1873.
Weight, 420 grains; fineness, 0.900.
Coinage limited to export demand, joint resolution July 22, 1876.
Coinage discontinued, act of February 19, 1887.
Total amount coined, $35,965,924.

HALF DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 208 grains; fineness, 0.8924.
Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 206¼ grains.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 0.900.
Weight changed, act of February 21, 1853, to 192 grains.
Weight changed, act of February 12, 1873, to 12½ grams, or 192.9 grains.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1897, $134,033,195.

COLUMBIAN HALF DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of August 5, 1892.
Weight, 192.9 grains; fineness, 0.900.
Total amount coined, $2,501,052.50.

QUARTER DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 104 grains; fineness, 0.8924.
Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 103⅛ grains.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 0.900.
Weight changed, act of February 21, 1853, to 96 grains.
Weight changed, act of February 12, 1873, to 6¼ grams, or 96.45 grains.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1897, $52,395,052.

COLUMBIAN QUARTER DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1893.
Weight, 96.45 grains; fineness, 0.900.
Total amount coined, $10,005.75.

TWENTY-CENT PIECE.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1875.
Weight, 5 grams, or 77.16 grains; fineness, 0.900.
Coinage discontinued, act of May 2, 1878.
Total amount coined, $271,000.

DIME.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 41.6 grains; fineness, 0.8924.
Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 41¼ grains.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 0.900.
Weight changed, act of February 21, 1853, to 38.4 grains.
Weight changed, act of February 12, 1873, to 2½ grams, or 38.58 grains.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1897, $29,428,613.90.

HALF DIME.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 20.8 grains; fineness, 0.8924.
Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 20⅝ grains.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 0.900.
Weight changed, act of February 21, 1853, to 19.2 grains.
Coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873.
Total amount coined, $4,880,219.40.

THREE-CENT PIECE.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1851.
Weight, 12⅜ grains; fineness, 0.750.
Weight changed, act of March 3, 1853, to 11.52 grains.
Fineness changed, act of March 3, 1853, to 0.900.
Coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873.
Total amount coined, $1,282,087.20.

MINOR COINS.

FIVE CENT (NICKEL).

Authorized to be coined, act of May 16, 1866.
Weight, 77.16 grains; composed of 75 per cent copper and 25 per cent nickel.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1897, $14,902,054.75.

THREE CENT (NICKEL).

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1865.
Weight, 30 grains; composed of 75 per cent copper and 25 per cent nickel.
Coinage discontinued, act of September 26, 1890.
Total amount coined, $941,349.48.

TWO CENT (BRONZE).

Authorized to be coined, act of April 22, 1864.
Weight, 96 grains; composed of 95 per cent copper and 5 per cent tin and zinc.
Coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873.
Total amount coined, $912,020.

CENT (COPPER).

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 264 grains.
Weight changed, act of January 14, 1793, to 208 grains.
Weight changed by proclamation of the President, January 26, 1796, in conformity with act of March 3, 1795, to 168 grains.
Coinage discontinued, act of February 21, 1857.
Total amount coined, $1,562,887.44.

CENT (NICKEL).

Authorized to be coined, act of February 21, 1857.
Weight, 72 grains; composed of 88 per cent copper and 12 per cent nickel.
Coinage discontinued, act of April 22, 1864.
Total amount coined, $2,007,720.

CENT (BRONZE).

Coinage authorized, act of April 22, 1864.
Weight, 48 grains; composed of 95 per cent copper and 5 per cent tin and zinc.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1897, $8,448,600.48.

HALF CENT (COPPER).

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 132 grains.
Weight changed, act of January 14, 1793, to 104 grains.
Weight changed by proclamation of the President, January 26, 1796, in conformity with act of March 3, 1795, to 84 grains.
Coinage discontinued, act of February 21, 1857.
Total amount coined, $39,926.11.

TOTAL COINAGES.

Gold	$1,886,338,958.00
Silver	720,792,129.75
Minor	28,814,558.26
Grand total	2,635,945,646.01

Besides gold and silver and certificates of deposit of gold and silver with the Treasury, the circulation of the United States consists of Government and national-bank notes.

L.—SUMMARY OF MONETARY EVENTS SINCE 1786.

1786.—Establishment of the double standard in the United States with a ratio of 1 to 15.25; that is, on the basis of 123.134 grains of fine gold for the half eagle or $5 piece, and 375.64 grains of fine silver for the dollar, without any actual coinage.

1792.—Adoption of the ratio of 1 to 15 and establishment of a mint with free and gratuitous coinage in the United States; the silver dollar equal to 371¼ grains fine, the eagle to 247½ grains fine.

1803.—Establishment of the double standard in France on the basis of the ratio of 1 to 15½, notwithstanding the fact that the market ratio was then about 1 to 15.

1810.—Introduction of the silver standard in Russia on the basis of the ruble of 17.99 grams of fine silver, followed in 1871 by the coinage of imperials or gold pieces of 5 rubles, of 5,998 grams, therefore with a ratio of 1 to 15. This ratio was changed by the increase of the imperial to 5 rubles 15 copecks, and later to 1 to 15.45.

1815.—Great depreciation of paper money in England, reaching 26½ per cent in May. Course of gold, £5 6s., and of silver, 71½d. per ounce standard. In December the loss was only 6 per cent. Gold at this period was quoted at £4 3s., and silver at 64d.

1816.—Abolition of the double standard in England which had had as its basis the ratio of 1 to 15.21, and adoption of the gold standard on the basis of the pound sterling at 7.322 grams fine in weight.

Coinage of divisional money at the rate of 66d. per ounce. Extreme prices, £4 2s. for gold and 64d. for silver; in January, £3 18s. 6d., and 59¼d. in December.

1816.—Substitution for the ratio of 1 to 15.5 in Holland, established by a rather confused coinage, of the ratio of 1 to 15⅞.

1819.—Abolition of forced currency in England. Price of gold £3 17s. 10½d. and of silver, 62d.[1] per ounce in October, against £4 1s. 6d. and 67d. in February.

1832.—Introduction of the monetary system of France in Belgium with a decree providing for the coinage of pieces of 20 and 40 francs, which, however, were not stamped. Silver, 59⅜d.

1834.—Substitution of the ratio of 1 to 16 for that of 1 to 15 in the United States by reducing the weight of the eagle, $10 gold piece, from 270 grains to 258 grains.

In 1837 the fineness of the United States gold coins was raised from 0.899225 to 0.900, and the silver coins from 0 8924 to 0.900, giving a ratio of 1 to 15.988 and fixing the standard weight of the silver dollar at 412½ grains. Silver, 59 1/16d.

1835.—Introduction of the company rupee, a piece of silver weighing 165 grains fine, in India, in place of the sicca rupee. Creation of a trade coin—the mohur, or piece of 15 rupees—containing 165 grains of fine gold. Silver, 59 1/16d.

1844.—Introduction of the double standard in Turkey, with the ratio of 1 to 15.10. Silver, 59½d.

1847.—Abolition of the double standard in Holland by the introduction of the silver standard on the basis of a 1-florin piece 0.945 grams fine, the coinage of which had already been decreed in 1839. Silver, 59 1/16.

1847.—Discovery of the gold mines of California.

1848.—Coinage in Belgium of pieces of 10 and 25 francs in gold, a shade too light. These pieces were demonetized and withdrawn from circulation in 1884. Silver, 59½d.

1848.—Replacing the ratio of 1 to 16 in Spain, which had been in force since 1786, by that of 1 to 15.77.

1850.—Introduction of the French monetary system in Switzerland without any actual coinage of gold pieces. Silver, 60 1/16d.

1851.—Discovery of the gold mines of Australia.

1853.—Lowering of the weight of silver pieces of less value than $1 to the extent of 7 per cent in the United States, and limitations of their legal-tender power to $5. Silver, 61½d.

1853.—Maximum of the production of gold reached in California, when it amounted to $65,000,000.

1854.—Introduction of the gold standard in Portugal on the basis of the crown of 16.257 grams fine. Before this period the country had the silver standard, with a rather large circulation of gold coins stamped on the basis of 1 to 15⅛ in 1835 and 1 to 16⅛ in 1847. Silver, 61½d.

1854.—Modification of the ratio of 1 to 15.77 in Spain by raising it to 1 to 15.48, and by lowering the piaster from 23.49 grams to 23.36 grams fine.

1854.—Introduction of the silver standard, as it existed in the mother country, in Java, in place of the ideal Javanese money, and coinage of colonial silver pieces.

1857.—Conclusion of a monetary treaty between Austria and the German States, in accordance with which 1 pound of fine silver (one-half a kilogram) was stamped

[1] The price of silver given hereafter represents the average rate per ounce standard—that is, the mean between the highest price and the lowest price quoted during the year.

into 30 thalers or 52½ florins of south Germany, or 45 Austrian florins, resulting in 1 thaler equaling 1¾ German florins or 1½ Austrian florins. Silver, 61¾d.

1861.—Law decreeing the coinage of gold pieces of 10 and 20 francs exactly equal to French coins of the same denomination in Belgium. Silver, 61¾d.

1862.—Adoption of the French monetary system by Italy. Silver, 61 7/16d.

1865.—Formation of the Latin Union between France, Belgium, Switzerland, and Italy on the basis of a ratio of 1 to 15½. Silver, 61 1/16d.

1867.—First international monetary conference held in Paris.

1868.—Adoption of the French monetary system by Roumania, with the exclusion of the 5-franc silver piece, which was, however, stamped in 1881 and 1883. Silver, 60½d.

1868.—Admission of Greece into the Latin Union. The definite and universal introduction of the French monetary system into the country was effected only in 1883.

1868.—Adoption of the French monetary system, with the peseta or franc as the unit, by Spain. The coinage of gold alphonses d'or of 25 pesetas was made only in 1876.

1871.—Replacing of the silver standard in Germany by the gold standard. Coinage in 1873 of gold pieces of 5, 10, and 20 mark pieces, the latter weighing 7.168 grams fine. Silver, 60½d.

1871.—Establishment of the double standard in Japan with the ratio of 1 to 16.17 by the coinage of the gold yen of 1.667 grams and of the silver yen of 26.956 grams, both with a fineness of 0.900.

1873.—Increase of the intrinsic value of the subsidiary coins of the United States. Replacing of the double standard by the gold standard. Reduction of the cost of coinage of gold to one-fifth per cent, the total abolition of which charge was decreed in 1875. Creation of a trade dollar of 420 grains with a fineness of 0.900. Silver, 59¼d.

1873.—Suspension of the coinage of 5-franc pieces in Belgium.

1873.—Limitation of the coinage of 5-francs on individual account in France.

1873.—Suspension of the coinage of silver in Holland.

1873.—Formation of the Scandinavian Monetary Union. Replacing of the silver standard in Denmark, Sweden, and Norway by that of gold on the basis of the krone. Coinage of pieces of 10 and 20 kroner, the latter weighing 8.961 grams, with a fineness of 0.900.

1874.—Introduction of the system of contingents for the coinage of 5-franc silver pieces in the Latin Union. Silver, 58 5/16d.

1875.—Suspension of the coinage of silver on individual account in Italy. Silver, 56⅝d.

1875.—Suspension of the coinage of silver on account of the Dutch colonies.

1875.—Introduction of the double standard in Holland on the basis of the ratio of 1 to 15.62 by the creation of a gold piece of 10 florins, weighing 5.048 grams fine, with the maintenance of the suspension of the coinage of silver.

1876.—Great fluctuations in the price of silver, which declined to 46⅜d., representing the ratio of 1 to 20.172, in July. Recovery, in December, to 58½d. Average price, 52¾d.

1877.—Coinage of 5-franc silver pieces by Spain continued later, notwithstanding the decline of silver in the market. Silver, 54⅜d.

1877.—Replacing of the double standard in Finland by that of gold on the basis of the mark or franc.

1878.—Act of United States Congress providing for the purchase, from time to time, of silver bullion, at the market price thereof, of not less than $2,000,000 worth per month as a minimum, nor more than $4,000,000 worth per month as a maximum, and its coinage as fast as purchased into silver dollars of 412½ grains. The coinage of silver on private account prohibited. Silver, 52 9/16d.

1878.—Meeting of the second international monetary conference in Paris. Prolongation of the Latin Union to January 1, 1886.

1879.—Suspension of the sales of silver by Germany. Silver, 51¼d.

1879.—Resumption of specie payment by the United States.

1881.—Third international monetary conference in Paris. Silver, 51 11/16d.

1885.—Introduction of the double standard in Egypt. Silver, 48⅜d.

1885.—Prolongation of the Latin Union to January 1, 1891.

1886.—Great decline in the price of silver, which fell in August to 42d., representing a ratio of 1 to 22.5, and recovery, in December, to 46d. Modification of the coinage of gold and silver pieces in Russia. Silver, 45⅜d.

1887.—Retirement of the trade dollars by the Government of the United States in February. Demonetization of the Spanish piasters, known as Ferdinand Carolus, whose reimbursement at the rate of 5 pesetas ended on March 11. New decline of silver in March to 44d., representing the ratio of 1 to 21.43. Silver, 44⅛d.

1890.—United States—Repeal of the act of February 28, 1878, commonly known as

Bland-Allison law, and substitution of authority for purchase of 4,500,000 fine ounces of silver each month to be paid for by issue of Treasury notes payable in coin. (Act of July 14, 1890.) Demonetization of 25,000,000 lei in pieces of 5 lei in Roumania in consequence of the introduction of the gold standard by the law of October 27. Silver, 47 1/16d.

1891.—Introduction of the French monetary system in Tunis on the basis of the gold standard. Coinage of national gold coins and billon. Silver, 45 1/16d.

1892.—Replacing of the silver standard in Austria-Hungary by that of gold by the law of August 2. Coinage of pieces of 20 crowns, containing 6.098 grams fine. The crown equals one-half florin. Meeting of the fourth international monetary conference at Brussels. Production of gold reaches its maximum, varying between 675,000,000 and 734,000,000 francs. Silver, 39 3/8d.

1893.—Suspension of the coinage of silver in British India and of French trade dollars on individual account. Panic in the silver market in July in London, when the price fell below 30d., representing the ratio of 1 to 31.43. Repeal of the purchasing clause of the act of July 14, 1890, by the Congress of the United States.

1895.—Adoption of the gold standard by Chile.

1895.—Russia decides to coin 100,000,000 gold rubles in 1896.

1896.—Costa Rica adopts the gold standard.

1896.—Russia decides to resume specie payments.

1897.—Adoption of the gold standard by Russia and Japan.

1897.—Peru suspends the coinage of silver and prohibits its importation.

(No. 3.)

REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington, December 6, 1897.

SIR: I beg leave to herewith submit for the consideration of Congress the annual report of the Comptroller of the Currency for the year ended October 31, 1897.

In view of the interest attaching to that which is termed the banking and currency question, I have deemed it best to briefly review the history of the legislation which, taken as a whole, constitutes the present national-bank act. In previous reports to Congress amendments to the act have been suggested, many of which remain as yet unconsidered and unacted upon. To such as I have heretofore made, in many cases being but a repetition of those suggested by my predecessors in office, I again respectfully call attention without specifically repeating them.

The national currency act, which became a law February 25, 1863, was in its original form unsymmetrical in arrangement, inconsistent in many of its provisions, obscure in certain others, and in consequence very difficult of construction. It at once became apparent that a law of such far-reaching importance to the financial progress of the country, and which daily was to be interpreted by people of widely different scholastic and business training, should be couched in clear and precise language, entirely consistent in all its provisions, and methodically and logically arranged. In consequence not a few of the provisions in the original currency act of 1863 at once became subject to criticism by those charged with the supervision and control of the banks organized in pursuance of the law.

The first to be criticised was section 13, which had reference to the increase of the capital stock of a national bank. That section, as originally passed, provided for an increase, by a vote of the shareholders, from time to time, of such capital stock, subject to the limitations of the act. It was at once discovered that as a matter of fact there was no limitation of any kind or nature embodied in the original act fixing the amount to which the capital could be increased. The same section provided that no increase of the capital would be valid until it was all paid in and the Comptroller of the Currency so notified, and his certificate obtained specifying the amount of the increase and that the amount had been duly paid to the association. That which should have been enacted, and which was years afterward, was the grant of power to the banks to increase their capital stock, such increase to be

approved by the Comptroller of the Currency, and his certificate certifying to the increase issued when he was assured of the payment in full.

Section 15 of the act was inconsistent with section 30, in that the former required that every association before the commencement of the business of banking should deposit with the Treasurer of the United States interest-bearing bonds to an amount not less than one-third of the paid-up capital stock, while the latter provided, among other things, that the Comptroller of the Currency "may direct the return of any of said bonds" to the depositing association upon cancellation of a proportionate amount of the circulating notes of the bank, which provision construed by itself might have entirely defeated, or partially nullified, the provisions of section 15.

Section 37 was intended to prohibit the making of loans or discounts by an association on the security of its own shares of stock, and to prohibit general stock speculation, but the section was so inartificially drawn that a literal construction, might prevent banks from loaning or discounting with stocks of other corporations as collateral security. Many other sections were criticised, some in part, others in toto. Some were recommended to be stricken out entirely, others partially amended. In the year following, on June 3, 1864, the national currency act was thoroughly revised and reenacted. This act was embodied in the sixty-second title of the Revised Statutes, which contained all the national statutes which were in force December 1, 1873. On the 20th of June, 1874, Congress declared that the act shall hereafter be known as the national-bank act.

Acting on certain suggestions made by the first Comptroller of the Currency, Congress remodeled the original law on the lines indicated, making the act clear where it was obscure and definite where different constructions were possible. In its amended form it received Executive approval on the 3d day of June, 1864, and, as then revised, the act constitutes in the largest measure the law governing the national-banking system to-day.

The revised act was still found to be defective in many of its important features, and the then Comptroller urged upon Congress the necessity of passing acts amendatory thereof. In the law of June 3, 1864, no provision was made for the appointment of a receiver by the Comptroller of the Currency whenever he was possessed of satisfactory evidence that a particular association was not carrying on the proper and legitimate business for which it was organized, that it was making reports required by law in a false and fraudulent manner, willfully misapplying the funds of the association, or committing overt acts of insolvency.

The same report recommended an amendment to section 29 of the bank act extending the provisions contained therein so that the limitation to one-tenth of the capital would apply to all liabilities for money loaned or deposited, except balances due from one national-banking association to another. Still other amendments of more or less importance were suggested, viz, to section 38, providing for a reduction in the capital stock of the association to meet impairment; to section 34, relative to doing away with quarterly statements at stated intervals, and to section 59, regarding penal offenses and counterfeiting.

All of these recommendations failed to receive action at the hands of Congress, and the law remained as it was, notwithstanding the forceful reasons presented in their favor. The only amendment passed by Congress in 1865 was the one amending section 21 of the law of 1864 in reference to the amount of circulating notes which a bank was entitled

to receive, in what ratio to the bonds deposited, and in what ratio to the capital of the association.

In 1867 the Comptroller recommended but a single amendment, and that was a reiteration of one of the principal amendments urged in the report of the year previous. Under the existing law at that time banks were required to make detailed statements of their affairs at the beginning of each quarter, together with a statement showing the average circulation, deposits, lawful money, and balances available for the redemption of their circulating notes at the beginning of each month. The monthly statement required was more or less vague, and so general that it failed to give anything like correct or reliable information as to the actual condition of the bank, and in lieu of the report so required a statement exhibiting in detail the affairs of each bank on the first Monday of each month was suggested.

Congress failing to act upon this recommendation, it was repeated in the report of 1868, with an exceedingly strong statement of reasons for better legislation on the subject. The law as originally passed required every national banking association to make a report exhibiting in detail its resources and liabilities on the first Monday of January, April, July, and October of each year, and in addition a report on the first Tuesday of each month showing the average amount of loans and discounts, deposits, and circulation. The argument against the policy of this law, repeatedly made to Congress by those intrusted with its administration, was that these quarterly reports came upon certain specified days, known in advance to all, and because of this if a bank cared to make any preparation or change in its affairs so as to exhibit a different condition from that actually existing it had time and ample notice to do so.

Another argument presented on the subject was that the law as it stood was a menace to business, and operated harshly against those associations which would not resort to unfair statements of any kind in making reports. It was well known to gold and stock speculators that on a day certain the national banks would strive to have in their vaults the required amount of lawful money, and taking advantage of this necessity combinations were organized with the sole object of creating a stringent money market, and thereby forcing a depression of the price of securities. Besides a forced depression in the value of securities, commercial transactions were hampered through the rates of interest prevailing, caused by this artificially created stringency in the money market. A state of affairs such as this, which had before been twice fully laid before Congress, called for a remedy both prompt and complete in the interest of all commercial transactions, and as a matter of fairness to honest methods of banking.

The amendment to the law suggested was that section 34 of the act of June 3, 1864, be amended so as to authorize the Comptroller of the Currency to call upon the banks for five detailed statements or reports during each year, fixing upon some past day to such call for the date of the report. This method would ascertain the condition of the banks at irregular intervals, for which preparation could not be made, and would prevent currency speculators from knowing when to blackmail the legitimate trade of the country. On March 3, 1869, after five years of urgent solicitation, a law was passed by Congress embodying the recommendation relative to reports, and the amended law as passed in 1869 is the law to-day.

Another defect in the original bank act was the provision relating to associations in voluntary liquidation. Section 42 of the currency act

provided that any association might go into liquidation, and be closed by a vote of shareholders owning two-thirds of the stock; and at any time after the expiration of one year from the time of publishing the notice of the liquidation, the association was required to pay to the Treasurer of the United States the amount of lawful money required to redeem its outstanding notes, and take up the bonds on deposit with the Treasurer as security for its circulating notes. Under that law there was no reason why a bank could not vote to go into voluntary liquidation, pay off all existing liabilities, and do no business of any kind, and yet reap the benefit of its circulation.

A remedy for this was suggested to Congress in 1868 and urged with added vigor in 1869. It required banks going into voluntary liquidation to provide for their outstanding circulation by a deposit of lawful money with the Treasurer of the United States within three or six months after going into liquidation. Upon July 14, 1870, the provision which has remained unchanged, requiring all banks liquidating after that date to deposit lawful money to retire the outstanding circulation within six months from the date of the vote to go into liquidation, in default of which authority was given to the Comptroller to sell the bonds pledged for the circulation of the banks for the redemption and cancellation of the circulation, was enacted into law.

A further examination of the course of bank legislation during this period develops that laws of more or less importance were enacted. On March 2, 1867, an act to provide ways and means for the payment of compound-interest notes was passed, which authorized the Secretary of the Treasury to issue temporary interest-bearing loan certificates payable on demand in lawful money, said certificates to be allowed to be held by national banks as part of the reserve required by law. This law was supplemented by another act, approved July 25, 1868, providing for a further issue of temporary loan certificates for the purpose of redeeming and retiring the remainder of the outstanding compound-interest notes. Section 2 of the act approved March 26, 1867, entitled "An act to exempt wrapping paper made from wood or cornstalks from internal tax, and for other purposes," provided for a 10 per cent tax to be paid by banks upon the notes of any town, city, or municipal corporation paid out by them after the 1st of May, 1867.

The law of 1864, section 41, relating to State taxation, provided that the shares of a national banking association should be included in the valuation of the personal property of a person or corporation at the place where such bank is located, and not elsewhere; but this seemingly explicit statement of where the shares were to be taxed became so much the subject of almost endless litigation that an act approved February, 10, 1868, provided that "the place where the bank is located, and not elsewhere," shall be construed to mean the State within which the bank is located, and, also, that the shares of any national bank owned by nonresidents of any State shall be taxed in the city or town where said bank is located.

Early in the history of the national currency act it was demonstrated that a prohibition would be necessary against the practice of loaning money upon United States notes, and on February 19, 1869, an act was passed to the effect that no national bank should thereafter offer or receive United States notes or national-bank notes as security for any loan of money or for a consideration agree to withhold the same from use, nor offer or receive the same as collateral security; and a violation of this law was a misdemeanor which carried a heavy fine. In the same year two additional acts to prevent unlawful practices were passed,

one making it unlawful for any officer of a national bank to certify a check drawn upon it unless the person or company drawing said check had on deposit at the time an amount of money equal to the amount specified in the check, and providing for the appointment of a receiver by the Comptroller for any certifications contrary to the restrictions imposed, and the other made it a crime punishable by imprisonment and fine for any person aiding or abetting with intent to defraud or deceive any officer or agent of any association in doing any of the acts enumerated in the fifty-fifth section of the law of June 3, 1864.

Another amendment of importance to the act was approved July 12, 1870. It purported to provide merely for the redemption of the 3 per cent temporary loan certificates and for an increase of national-bank notes, but that title gave a very inadequate idea of its scope and effect. It did provide for an additional circulation of $54,000,000, to be distributed pro rata among the States and Territories according to the census of 1870. The really important feature of the statute was the establishment by section 3 thereof of national banks authorized to issue circulation, redeemable in gold coin, to 80 per cent of the par value of the bonds deposited.

The United States bonds required to be deposited as security for this circulation were those bearing interest payable in gold only, and the associations organized under this statute were subject to all the requirements and provisions of the national currency act, with a few minor exceptions, chief among which was the privilege granted to any one association of issuing circulation to $1,000,000, while section 1 of the same act limited the amount of the circulation to other banking associations organized after 1870 to $500,000.

Within the period embraced between 1864 and 1872, the internal-revenue laws of the country enacted during that time contained provisions of much importance to national banks on the subject of taxation. Under title of an amendatory act to the act passed in 1864 to provide internal revenue to support the Government, to pay interest on the public debt, and for other purposes, permission was given in 1865 to State banks to convert to the national system, and where such State banks had branches, to retain and keep in operation such branches after conversion.

The great defect in the law as it existed in 1870 was that no provision was made whereby a bank whose capital stock had become seriously impaired by losses or otherwise could be forced to make good its impaired capital within a reasonable time, or finally wound up by a receivership or voluntary liquidation. The only aid which the Comptroller could invoke in cases where the capital of a bank was impaired was to prohibit it from declaring any dividends during the period of impairment. This was wholly inadequate to reach the necessities of the case, and was entirely ineffective, because it permitted the carrying on of business by unsound institutions, whose usefulness was seriously crippled or possibly entirely destroyed. The remedy suggested to Congress was that a bank with impaired capital be required forthwith to make good the impairment by an assessment on its shareholders, and if the capital was not promptly restored the affairs of the bank should be placed in the hands of a receiver. This recommendation was renewed annually until 1873, when the act of March 3 of that year, now section 5205 of the Revised Statutes, was passed, giving authority to the Comptroller to appoint a receiver for any national bank which did not restore its impaired capital within three months after receiving notice of such impairment, or go into liquidation.

Congress in 1873 had before the proper committees bills embodying amendments to the act, providing for bank consolidations, defining definitely the duties of receivers of such as were insolvent, and for other changes, but no action was taken on them. In 1874, however, legislation of importance was enacted, the principal features of which were the abolishment of lawful-money reserve on circulation except as to national gold banks, and the establishment of a redemption fund with the Treasurer of the United States.

By this act also were abolished redemption agencies in cities, and banks were permitted to withdraw bonds deposited in proportion to amount of circulation retired. In 1875 a law repealing the provisions limiting the aggregate amount of circulating notes, and also the provisions for the withdrawal of currency, went into effect. The same year the law limiting the circulation of banking associations organized for the purpose of issuing notes payable in gold, severally to $1,000,000, was also repealed.

In the year 1876 the national-bank act was again materially amended. This law provided, in section 1, for the appointment of receivers for any violation of law, or neglect of any association to pay any judgment obtained against it, or in case of insolvency. The second section of this act is to the effect that when any association goes into liquidation the individual liability of the shareholders may be enforced by any creditor by a bill in equity, in the nature of a creditors' bill, brought by such creditor on behalf of himself and of all other creditors of the association, against the shareholders thereof, in any court of the United States having original jurisdiction in equity for the district in which such association may be located. Section 3 of this act, amended by the law of August 3, 1892, has special reference to the election of an agent to manage the affairs of an association after the payment in full of every creditor thereof, not including shareholders who are creditors, together with the expenses of the receivership. The manner in which the meeting of shareholders shall be called is fully explained, and the powers and duties of the agent enumerated.

In the same act it is made incumbent upon all savings banks or savings and trust companies organized under authority of any act of Congress to report to the Comptroller of the Currency, and all savings or other banks then or subsequently organized in the District of Columbia were subjected to all provisions of the Revised Statutes, and of all acts of Congress applicable to national banking associations.

From 1876 to 1881 there was comparatively little banking legislation, and few recommendations were made to Congress by the Comptroller of the Currency. In 1882, however, was passed an act to enable national banking associations to extend their corporate existence for an additional period of twenty years, by an amendment to the articles of association of the bank.

The amendment was to be authorized by the consent in writing of stockholders owning two-thirds of the stock, upon which the certificate of the Comptroller approving the extension would issue. All the rights, privileges, immunities, liabilities, and restrictions of extended associations were continued exactly as they existed before the extension of its period of succession. The statute providing for the extension of the corporate existence of national banks is to be accounted the most important law referring to the national system of banking enacted since 1864.

After specifying how shareholders not assenting to the extension shall proceed; for the redemption of the circulating notes of extended

associations at the Treasury; for the deposit of lawful money for such redemption within three years from the date of extension, and for various other things, Congress, after ten years of continued and repeated recommendations for legislation against the constant and flagrant abuse of certification of checks drawn against fictitious balances, by section 13 of this act, made it a misdemeanor punishable by a fine and imprisonment for any officer, clerk, or agent of any national banking association who shall certify checks before the amount thereof shall have been properly entered to the credit of the drawer upon the books of the bank.

In the year succeeding (1883), as a part of the general statute reducing internal-revenue taxation, the tax on capital and on deposit of banks was repealed.

Thus far no provision had been made in the law enabling national banking associations to increase their stock, nor for a change of title or location, but by section 1 of the act of May, 1886, a national bank could, with the approval of the Comptroller of the Currency, by a vote of the shareholders owning two-thirds of the stock, increase its capital to any sum approved by the Comptroller, notwithstanding the limits fixed in the original articles of association. It also made it possible for banks to change their name and location without the necessity of a special act of Congress by complying with certain formalities set out in section 2, and by section 3 it was expressly stipulated that all the debts, liabilities, rights, provisions, and powers of the banks under the old name shall devolve upon and inure to the association under the new name.

The law of 1876 authorizing the appointment of receivers of national banks made no provision for the termination or continuation of a receivership after the creditors had been paid in full. In 1892, legislation to that end was passed, and on August 3, 1892, an act was approved which has materially changed the manner of caring for the affairs of insolvent banks after satisfying in full the demands of all creditors. Under existing law, when a receiver has paid every creditor in full, not including shareholders, and all the expenses of the receivership, and the circulating notes of the association have been redeemed, it is the duty of the Comptroller of the Currency to call a meeting of the shareholders, and at such meeting the shareholders shall determine whether the receiver shall be continued to wind up the affairs of the bank or whether an agent shall be elected for that purpose.

In case an agent is determined upon, the person so elected shall execute and file a bond to the satisfaction of the Comptroller of the Currency conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties devolving upon said agent, whereupon the Comptroller of the Currency and the receiver shall transfer to the agent so elected all the remaining assets of the trust, which shall be collected by the agent and distributed in accordance with the specific directions contained in the law.

On July 28, 1892, an act was passed which by indirection changed the law relative to the signing of circulation. In sections 5172 and 5182 of the Revised Statutes certain officers of the bank are designated to sign its circulating notes, and no one else could sign for them, no matter how great the inconvenience or emergency. But this law made it obligatory upon every national bank to redeem all notes issued to or received by it, even if such notes were lost by or stolen from the bank and put in circulation without the signature or upon the forged signature of the president or vice-president and cashier.

Since the enactment of this law, however, while this office has not sanctioned nor authorized any change regarding the signing of circu-

lation as established in the original law, the rule indicated has not been enforced, as the banks are now liable for the redemption of all notes issued to them, whether signed or not.

All the law relating to the agent of shareholders will be found in section 3 of the act of June 30, 1876, as amended by the acts of August 3, 1892, and March 2, 1897. The original act of June 30, 1876, as amended by that of August 3, 1892, defined the rights and duties of such agent in a most explicit and satisfactory manner, but was grossly defective in the one great particular, that there was no provision of law for any procedure in case the agent first elected should refuse to serve, or die, resign, or be removed.

This amendatory law of March 2, 1897, remedied that defect, and enacted that upon the happening of any one of the four enumerated contingencies any shareholder may call a meeting of the shareholders to elect another agent, who, when elected in accordance with the conditions stated, shall execute a bond to the shareholders for the faithful performance of his duties.

BANK-NOTE CIRCULATION.

It is noticeable that in all the changes which have been wrought in the national-currency act from its inception to the present time the feature subject to criticism but which was intended should constitute the principal benefit to be conferred has remained comparatively unchanged, namely, the note-issuing function. Whatever justification there was in the first instance for restricting the issuing of notes against the bonds of the Government deposited with the Treasurer of the United States to 90 per cent of the par value thereof, long since ceased. In the report of every Comptroller of the Currency during the past twenty years the wisdom of changing the existing law so that the banks and through them the communities in which located might have the additional benefit of an added loanable capital has been urged. Despite all this the law still remains without amendment. Not only should the bank act be amended in this particular, but Congress should seriously consider such a change in the method of bank-note issues as will enable the banks of the country to more adequately meet the demands of trade and commerce in all sections of the country. The business of banking, like every other form of investment, must be made attractive to capital. If it is placed upon a footing different from other undertakings, embarrassed through unnecessary restrictions, and deprived of proper sources of profit, the result can not be otherwise than that investible capital will seek other means of employment, and to such extent deprive the people of the benefits of the agency most requisite to commercial activity.

It is considered by every great commercial nation except the United States to be the sole province of the banks to issue the paper which circulates as currency. The belief in a bank-note currency as being better and safer than Government-paper currency prevailed almost unquestioned in this country until, under the apparent exigencies of the war, the Government undertook to issue paper currency. Even under such circumstances the promise was always given, however, that it should be retired at the earliest practicable moment and the admission freely made that it was neither a wise measure nor a safe form of currency.

Between the competition of the Government note issues on the one hand and the unnecessary restrictions imposed by law upon the other, together with the increasing price of bonds required to be deposited as

security, the note-issuing function of the banks has been permitted to become merely an incident to the conduct of the national banking associations of the country. It has been seriously suggested more than once that the bank-note issues be done away with and all paper be issued by the Government instead. The danger of such a course is not to be overestimated. The experience of every government has been that governmental currency paper is a source of weakness and danger. In the United States, where there has been the nearest approach to success, but with the volume of the Federal paper comparatively limited in amount, the credit of the Government has more than once been put in jeopardy through it and the business interests of the country subjected to unnecessary loss and confusion.

The argument that the Government, better than the banks, can provide for the redemption of paper-note issues will not stand the test of a careful analysis. The Government has no means for caring for its demand liabilities except through borrowing and through the levying of taxes. Upon the other hand the banks have assets which can be promptly converted into cash to meet their outstanding notes when presented. Their ability to command gold has always been beyond that of the Government, for in each financial exigency which has confronted the Government the banks have furnished to it the amounts necessary to maintain its solvency. It is impossible to believe that with a system of bank-note issues, based in part upon securities and in part upon bank assets, the country can not be provided with a sound, safe, and elastic bank-note issue, always commensurate with and responsive to the demands of trade. The Bank of England, the Bank of Scotland, and the Bank of Ireland have been found to be ample in their resources to provide the note issues for use in the trade of Great Britain. The same is true of the Bank of France. The Deutsche Reichsbank, or German Imperial Bank, has for more than twenty-two years issued bank-note paper against assets which has maintained its value and has been so controlled as to successfully meet the commercial needs of the Empire.

It may be of value, in the light of a consideration which it is hoped will be given to this whole subject, to call the attention of Congress particularly to the Deutsche Reichsbank, which was created in 1875, as in its organization and conduct have entered elements of success that justify the position taken by many thoughtful students of the country's banking and currency needs, that the issuing of notes against assets, regulated by a tax, is the only way that at all times and under all circumstances the banks can be made to fulfill their proper function in the business world.

By the terms of the statute of its creation that bank is subject to Imperial supervision and direction. Its functions are to regulate the money circulation within the jurisdiction of the German Empire, to facilitate settlements and utilize available capital. The notes are issued against its general assets, but are not legal tender, the Imperial decree stating that there shall be no obligation to accept bank notes in case of those payments which are to be legally discharged in coin. The fact, however, that the notes are not a legal tender has in no way hindered or prevented their general circulation and they are freely accepted both at home and abroad. At all times, however, the bank is required to maintain a coin and bullion reserve amounting to at least one-third of the notes in circulation.

The authorized circulation of the bank, without tax, was fixed arbitrarily, and this circulation required a reserve of one-third in cash or its equivalent, and the other two-thirds may be covered by discounted

bills not maturing later than three months from date, and protected usually by three (never less than two) solid and accredited vouchers. All notes issued beyond the limit so fixed were to be covered by a cash reserve, but this restriction on note circulation having always been a source of weakness to banks of issue because of inelasticity, the German Government, by the act of creation, provided that when the Imperial Bank issued its uncovered notes in excess of the limit provided, a tax of 5 per cent per annum on such uncovered notes must be paid. It was not until six years after the bank's creation that any notes subject to this 5-per-cent tax were issued, and only on a few occasions has the German Imperial Bank been obliged to issue its uncovered notes subject to this tax.

The latest returns obtainable for the whole year of the outstanding note circulation of the German Imperial Bank show that during the year 1896 the lowest amount was 973,484,000 marks, on February 23, while the highest, 1,257,925,000 marks, was reached December 31, the average for the year being 1,083,497,000 marks, against an average for the year 1895 of 1,095,593,000 marks. The amount of uncovered notes allotted to the bank in accordance with section 9 of the bank law was exceeded in the year 1896 on the following dates and in the following amounts: On January 7, by 35,811,520 marks; on March 31, by 44,008,225 marks; on June 30, by 34,328,672 marks; on September 30, by 119,558,561 marks; on October 7, by 78,352,771 marks; on December 31, by 134,149,422 marks. On these amounts a tax was paid of 464,801.22 marks, which is carried as an item in the liabilities of the bank.

The latest obtainable statements of the bank from August 7, 1897, to October 23, 1897, show that within this time the rate of discount advanced from 3 per cent to 5 per cent. The rate continued from August 7 to August 31 at 3 per cent; advanced on September 7 and continued until October 7 at 4 per cent, and reached 5 per cent on October 15 and 23. At these various periods the outstanding circulation is shown to have been as follows: 1,052,132,000 marks, 1,038,446,000 marks, 1,030,931,000 marks, 1,070,683,000 marks, 1,066,774,000 marks, 1,056,156,000 marks, 1,080,822,000 marks, 1,286,923,000 marks, 1,242,109,000 marks, 1,168,414,000 marks, 1,125,550,000 marks.

A study of these statistics, together with an observation of the promptness with which the increase or reduction of note issues was made, shows how in each instance the operation of the bank conformed to the volume and necessities of trade. It is impossible for any bank of issue, no matter how well or skillfully managed, to attain the highest beneficial results where the note issues are based entirely upon a prerequired deposit of bonds. There is no strength in the argument of a greater safety to the note holder by such deposit as against the continual inconvenience and loss worked to trade through its operation.

The tendency of modern banking and legislation has been rather toward the increase of freedom of note issues instead of in the line of restriction. Not only does this appear in the German Imperial Bank, but the provision for bank note-issue without metallic cover, but subject to the restraint of a heavy tax, has also been adopted by the reorganized Bank of Austro-Hungary.

It is respectfully suggested that a careful study of the needs of the sections of the United States now deprived of proper currency facilities could be improved by such amendment to the law as under proper control would incorporate into the national-bank act provision for bank-note issue as against bankable assets and limited in volume by the restraining influence of a properly graduated tax.

ORGANIZATIONS, EXTENSIONS AND LIQUIDATIONS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

The total number of national banks organized from the date of the granting of the first certificate of authority on June 20, 1863, to the close of the year embraced in this report has been 5,095, making an average for each year of 150. On the 31st of October last there were in active operation 3,617 banks, having an authorized capital stock of $630,230,295. The total outstanding circulating notes of the banks in active operation was $229,199,880, of which $202,994,555 was secured by bonds of the United States and the balance by lawful money deposited with the Treasurer. The total of all national-bank circulation outstanding on October 31 was $230,131,005, of which amount $1,558,800 was secured by bonds held for account of insolvent and liquidating banks and $26,205,325 by lawful money deposited for their account and by active banks reducing circulation. The net decrease in the amount of circulation secured by bonds during the year was $12,584,334, and the gross decrease in the total circulation $4,851,292.

In geographical divisions the 3,617 banks in operation are divided as follows: Five hundred and eighty-eight banks with authorized capital stock of $159,191,620 in the New England States; 956 banks with capital stock of $195,124,275 in the Eastern States; 546 banks with capital stock of $66,761,900 in the Southern States; 1,046 banks with capital stock of $160,163,967 in the Middle States; 357 banks with capital stock of $32,654,100 in the Western States, and 124 banks with capital of $17,465,000 in the Pacific States.

In point of number of active banks Pennsylvania, New York, Massachusetts, Ohio, Illinois and Texas lead with 427, 326, 267, 249, 220, and 202 banks, respectively. Arranged according to capital stock Massachusetts is first, with $94,327,500; New York second, with $83,169,940; Pennsylvania third, with $75,193,390; followed by Ohio, with $45,235,967; Illinois, $37,296,000, and Texas, $19,985,000.

The paid-in capital stock of national banks in each State on October 31, 1897, arranged in order of amount of capitalization, is shown in the following table:

State.	Capital.	State.	Capital.
Massachusetts	$94,327,500	Virginia	$4,646,300
New York	83,664,940	Georgia	4,016,000
Pennsylvania	75,345,240	Montana	3,855,000
Ohio	45,630,100	Alabama	3,455,000
Illinois	37,326,000	West Virginia	3,451,000
Connecticut	21,641,070	Louisiana	3,360,000
Texas	20,106,200	District of Columbia	3,127,000
Rhode Island	19,337,050	Oregon	3,070,000
Maryland	17,079,960	North Carolina	2,801,000
Missouri	15,065,000	Delaware	2,083,985
New Jersey	14,445,000	North Dakota	1,985,000
Indiana	14,237,000	South Carolina	1,890,100
Minnesota	13,865,000	Utah	1,750,000
Iowa	13,500,000	South Dakota	1,745,000
Michigan	12,295,000	Florida	1,485,000
Kentucky	11,664,900	Arkansas	1,220,000
Maine	11,171,000	Wyoming	860,000
Nebraska	10,775,000	Mississippi	755,000
Wisconsin	10,310,000	Idaho	675,000
Tennessee	8,760,000	Indian Territory	620,000
Kansas	8,717,100	New Mexico	600,000
California	7,360,000	Arizona	400,000
Vermont	6,985,000	Oklahoma	300,000
New Hampshire	5,805,000	Nevada	82,000
Colorado	5,232,000		
Washington	4,738,000	Total	637,615,445

There were organized during the report year 44 banks, located in 18 States and 2 Territories, with an aggregate capital stock of $4,420,000. Of this number 9 were in Pennsylvania, 5 in Illinois, 3 each in Indiana, Iowa, New York, Ohio, Texas, and Indian Territory, and 1 each in California, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Missouri, New Hampshire, New Jersey, North Carolina, North Dakota, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Oklahoma Territory. The number located in the New England States is 2, the capital stock aggregating $100,000; in the Eastern States 14, with a combined capital stock of $760,000; in the Southern States 6, having a total capital stock of $1,445,000; in the Middle States 16, with an aggregate capital stock of $1,815,000; in the Western States 5, the capital stock aggregating $250,000, and in the Pacific States 1, having a capital stock of $50,000. The State of Tennessee is first in amount of capital stock, having $1,000,000; Ohio has $750,000, and Pennsylvania $510,000.

The corporate existence of 17 national banks in 12 States, with capital stock of $2,139,000 and a total circulation of $722,700, has been extended during the year. New York has 3, Colorado, Michigan, and Ohio, 2 each, and the following States 1 each: Georgia, Iowa, Maine, Massachusetts, Nebraska, New Hampshire, Pennsylvania, and Texas. Of the total capital New York aggregates $605,000; Colorado, $155,000; Michigan, $100,000; Ohio, $270,000; Georgia, $150,000; Iowa, $50,000; Maine, $100,000; Massachusetts, $150,000; Nebraska, $100,000; New Hampshire, $100,000; Pennsylvania, $100,000, and Texas, $250,000.

Under the act of July 12, 1882, providing for the extension of national banks, the corporate existence of 1,650 banks, representing an aggregate capital stock of $405,386,115, has been extended. Of these New York has 236, with capital stock of $74,177,460; Massachusetts, 229, with capital stock of $92,742,200; Pennsylvania, 205, with capital stock of $53,876,000, followed by Ohio with 114, and an aggregate capital of $18,758,000.

The number of banks leaving the system by reason of the expiration of their corporate existence was 2, having capital stock of $150,000 and circulation of $61,200. These banks were located in New York and Indiana, and were succeeded by new associations with capital stock of $100,000 and circulation of $24,750.

During the year ending October 31, 1898, the corporate existence of 23 banks, with a capital stock aggregating $2,679,000 and circulation of $1,032,975, will expire. They are located as follows: 5 in New York, 4 in Pennsylvania, 3 in Illinois, 2 each in Kentucky and Massachusetts, and 1 each in Delaware, District of Columbia, Indiana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Vermont, and Washington. In the succeeding ten years, from 1898 to 1907, inclusive, the corporate existence of 1,099 banks, having capital stock of $161,228,150 and circulation of $43,683,158, will expire.

The number of banks leaving the system during the year through voluntary liquidation was 71, having capital stock of $9,659,000 and circulation of $1,729,040.

A comparison of the data of this year with that set forth in the report of this Bureau for the year 1896 shows the number of active banks to have decreased 62, with a decrease in capital stock of $11,090,500. The number of banks organized increased 16, and the number going into voluntary liquidation, 33. There has been an increase of 10 in the number of receivers appointed, and a decrease of 9 in the number of extensions of corporate existence. The loss through expiration of charters increased 1, and the number of banks organized to succeed expiring associations increased 1.

DIAGRAM.

The Comptroller's report for 1886 contained a diagram, exhibiting in a clear and concise way the principal items entering into the statements of the national banks, and showing how each had varied during the twenty-one years of the life of the system, commencing with January 1, 1866. This method so graphically presents the history of the growth of, and changes in, the national banking system that it has been reproduced in this report and made to cover the entire period of its existence—from October 5, 1863, to October 5, 1897, both dates inclusive. To make its meaning still clearer, vertical lines have been introduced at certain points to mark the dates of financial crises and other events which have had a notable effect upon the then existing condition of the banks. The items of resources and liabilities selected are those which most distinctively indicate extension and growth and bear more or less close relation to each other, namely: (1) Capital stock; (2) aggregate of capital stock, surplus, and undivided profits; (3) individual deposits; (4) lawful money reserves held against deposits; (5) national-bank notes on hand; (6) loans and discounts; (7) aggregate of United States bonds held for circulation, Government deposits, and for investment; and (8) national-bank circulation.

The lines in the diagram show the variations in the several items at each date for which reports of condition were made by the banks to the Comptroller, commencing with October 5, 1863, the date on which the first report was made. It is shown by the diagram that there was a steady and substantial increase in the items of loans and discounts, individual deposits and capital stock, aggregate of capital stock, surplus and profits, and circulation until September 12, 1873, when, as the result of speculation, inflation of the currency, and resulting causes, the financial panic of 1873 occurred. This is marked in the sudden falling off in deposits of $80,000,000, and in loans and discounts, respectively, between September 12 and December 26 of that year. Following such condition there was a rapid, though brief, recovery until June 30, 1875, when a steady downward movement in the items of deposits, loans and discounts, capital stock, aggregate of capital stock, surplus, and profits set in, continuing until January 1, 1879.

A period of reaction from high prices measured in a depreciated paper currency and the readjustment of values to a specie basis between the period of the passage of the resumption act in January, 1875, and the successful resumption of specie payments provided for by that act on January 1, 1879, followed. From the latter date the expansion of loans and discounts and of deposits was rapid, while the increase in capital stock, surplus, and profits, though less marked, was continually steady and upward. The first break in this upward movement occurred on April 24, 1884, when the lines on the diagram show a sudden drop of $80,000,000 in the item of deposits between that date and June 20, with a corresponding reduction in the volume of loans and discounts, and a falling off of surplus and profits. This continued until July, 1885, when bank deposits again reached and exceeded the point attained on April 24, 1884.

The same upward tendencies are to be noted in the items of loans and discounts, capital stock and aggregate of capital stock, surplus and profits, until October 2, 1890, when again by December 19, owing to the financial disturbance of that year, a sudden drop of about $78,000,000 in deposits followed. Accompanying this was a similar decrease in the volume of loans and discounts. At the latter date the

movement of loans and discounts, individual deposits, capital stock and aggregate of capital stock, surplus and profits again became upward and continued steadily until May 4, 1893, the date of the well-defined inception of the most serious financial crisis in the history of the system. The far-reaching extent of this crisis is measured by the lines on the diagram, which show a falling off in deposits between May 4, and July 12, 1893, of $200,000,000, and a further falling off between July 12 and October 3 of that year of $100,000,000 more, making a total withdrawal of deposits within a period of five months of about $300,000,000.

Following this was a contraction of loans and discounts of $140,000,000 between May 4 and July 12, 1893, and a further contraction of nearly $180,000,000 additional between July 12 and October 3 of that year, making a total reduction of nearly $320,000,000.

Within the year following October 2, 1893, $280,000,000 of the $300,000,000 deposits withdrawn during the panic returned to the banks, and the loans and discounts, though at a slower rate, expanded to the amount of $160,000,000. Thereafter in both the deposits and loans and discounts of the banks is shown more or less variation, with a general downward tendency, until the lowest point was touched on October 6, 1896, the date of the reports of condition made a month before the Presidential election in November. The increase in deposits then became rapid and marked, the line indicating this item having touched on October 5, 1897, the highest point in the history of the system. The expansion of loans, though steady, was in smaller measure. In connection with the period from 1890 to 1897 it is worthy of note that the silver-purchasing act was passed in July, 1890, and repealed in August, 1893, and that this period covered the period of greatest activity in the agitation for the free coinage of silver.

In contrast with the upward movement of deposits from October, 1893, to October, 1897, the diagram shows a continually downward movement both for capital stock and for the aggregate capital, surplus, and profits, forcibly illustrating how the shrinkage of values through losses and liquidation during the period of reaction after 1893 either wasted the capital invested in some of the banks or caused its withdrawal because it could no longer be profitably employed.

National-bank circulation is shown, with slight variation, to have kept pace with the capital stock relatively in its increase and decrease from the beginning of the system until December 31, 1881, after which, while capital stock of the banks steadily increased until 1893, circulation steadily decreased until October 2, 1890, when the lowest point at any report date was touched, namely, $122,928,084. Between December 31, 1881, and October 2, 1890, capital stock increased by $184,000,000, while circulation decreased by $202,000,000, the decrease being chiefly due to the compulsory redemption by the Government between 1883 and 1888 of the 3 per cent bonds, of which the banks in 1883 held over $200,000,000 as security for circulation. With the organization of new banks and the legal requirement as to the deposit of bonds to secure circulation a gradual expansion set in until 1893, when, between May 4 and October 3, under the exigencies of the currency famine, the extent of the expansion of bond-secured circulation was $31,000,000. This expansion of the circulation strongly contrasts with the contraction in deposits of $300,000,000, withdrawn from the banks during the same period.

It is interesting to note how rapidly after each financial crisis, in 1873, 1884, and 1893, was lawful money reserve accumulated by the banks.

The accumulation after the panic of 1893 amounted between July 12 and December 19 of that year to $125,000,000, and continued until May 4, 1894, when the national banks held $163,000,000 more cash than they held on July 12, and more than they held at any time in their history. This exhibition of ability on the part of the banks to provide money with which to meet payment of demand obligations, by conversion of their assets into cash, contrasts strongly to the weakness of the Government in times of panic or distrust to maintain payment of its demand obligations except by borrowing large sums of money on interest-bearing bonds. It was distinctly manifest in 1893 and the years following that the banks were meeting their obligations by converting their accumulated assets into cash while the Government to sustain itself was increasing its bonded indebtedness. In the end the Government had to appeal to the banks and through their aid only was enabled to maintain solvency. The difference must be accounted for by the fact that the liabilities of the banks were secured by assets readily convertible into cash, and margined by a large amount representing their capital stock, surplus, and profits, while the demand obligations of the Government were supported by a percentage of cash, considered adequate during periods of quiet and confidence, but totally insufficient in time of panic and distrust. The Government was possessed of no asset which could be changed immediately into money. It had only an ability to borrow and then pay its borrowings through funds resulting from taxation. Under such conditions it, at the best, was poorly equipped to maintain itself against the claims of its creditors, holding demand obligations similar in character to the demand evidences of indebtedness held by depositors against a bank.

Outstanding circulation decreased from October 3, 1893, until December, 1894, after which the increase was gradual until March, 1897, followed by a decrease until October, 1897, the changes being influenced by the fluctuations during this period of the prices of United States bonds required to be deposited to secure circulation.

The item of United States bonds held for circulation, Government deposits, and for investment necessarily in the main bears a close relation to the circulation outstanding based thereon. There is a marked variation between January 1 and October 2, 1879, due to the part then taken by the national banks in the refunding operations of the Government. The change between December 9, 1893, and October 5, 1897, shows the extent to which national banks invested in the bonds then issued by the Government.

The line representing national-bank notes on hand demonstrates the very limited amounts to which the notes of other national banks are held in the total cash of the banks, the average holdings throughout the whole period being about $20,000,000.

One noticeable feature of the diagram is the zigzag course of the line indicating individual deposits, marking the frequent variations in volume, in times of prosperity as well as of panic, and in close relation to deposits is the singular course exhibited by the line indicating lawful money reserve held against deposits.

ANALYSIS OF REPORTS OF 1897.

An analysis of the abstracts of the reports made by the banks in response to the five calls required by law, to be found in the appendix, shows the following changes which have characterized the status of the banks at different periods covered by these reports:

The change in the item of individual deposits during the report year of 1897 is shown to be as follows: It increased from $1,597,891,058 on

October 6, 1896, to $1,639,688,393 on December 17, 1896; to $1,669,219,961 on March 9, 1897; to $1,728,083,971 on May 14, 1897; to $1,770,480,563 on July 23, 1897, and to $1,853,349,128 on October 5, 1897, being $255,000,000 more than the amount shown on October 6, 1896.

The number of banks holding these deposits on October 6, 1896, was 3,676, with a capital stock of $648,540,325, as against 3,610 on October 5, 1897, with capital stock of $631,488,095.

The surplus fund of the banks on October 6, 1896, was $247,690,074, and their net undivided profits $88,652,759. On October 5, 1897, the former had decreased to $246,345,020, while the latter had decreased to $88,406,980.

On October 6, 1896, national-bank notes outstanding secured by bonds deposited amounted to $209,944,019. The returns under each call show variations in the amounts held during the year, the amount on December 17, 1896, being $210,689,985; on March 9, 1897, $202,655,403; on May 14, 1897, $198,278,310; on July 23, 1897, $196,590,790, and on October 5, 1897, $198,920,670.

The amount due to other national banks, which on October 6, 1896, stood at $269,043,386, increased to $317,860,025 on December 17, 1896; to $369,287,235 on March 9, 1897; decreased to $363,219,013 on May 14, 1897, and then again increased to $388,117,906 on July 23, 1897, and to $418,644,281 on October 5, 1897.

The amount due to State banks and bankers, which on October 6, 1896, was $146,058,794, increased steadily throughout the year, being $168,635,982 on December 17, 1896; $194,150,435 on March 9, 1897; $195,001,040 on May 14, 1897; $208,876,900 on July 23, 1897, and $227,063,685 on October 5, 1897.

The liabilities of the national banks for money borrowed in different forms aggregated on October 6, 1896, $38,967,450, had decreased on March 9, 1897, to $18,193,210, and varied very slightly until October 5, 1897, when the amount had increased to $22,930,232.

The total liabilties, which on October 6, 1896, were $3,263,685,313, increased steadily throughout the year, being $3,705,133,707 on October 5, 1897.

On the side of resources the loans and discounts, which on October 6, 1896, amounted to $1,893,268,839, increased to $1,901,160,110 on December 17, 1896, decreased slightly on March 9, 1897, after which it steadily increased, reaching $2,066,776,113 on October 5, 1897, a gain in this item of $173,507,274 since October 6, 1896.

The amount of United States bonds to secure circulation, which on October 6, 1896, was $237,291,650, decreased to $227,483,950 on October 5, 1897.

The banks held on October 6, 1896, $25,135,500 United States bonds other than those securing circulation. On December 17, 1896, the amount had decreased to $24,274,550, then increased on March 9, 1897, to $30,429,900, and to $32,490,750 on October 5, 1897.

The investment of assets in stocks, securities, etc., on October 6, 1896, was $188,995,352. It had increased on October 5, 1897, to $208,831,563.

The investment in banking house, furniture, and fixtures, which on October 6, 1896, was $78,046,817, showed but slight variations during the year, being on October 5, 1897, $79,113,954.

Other real estate and mortgages owned on October 6, 1896, amounted to $27,403,155, and increased to $29,363,532 on October 5, 1897.

The amount due from other national banks (not reserve agents) on October 6, 1896, was $111,830,935; increased to $125,382,562 on December 17, 1896; again increased to $133,467,636 on March 9, 1897, and to

$140,940,788 on May 14, 1897; then decreased to $135,587,688 on July 23, 1897, after which the increase is marked, the amount due on October 5, 1897, being $155,980,447.

The amount due from State banks and bankers on October 6, 1896, was $29,583,299; increased to $35,971,045 on May 14, 1897; decreased to $34,275,424 on July 23, 1897, and then increased to $41,410,311 on October 5, 1897.

The amount due from approved reserve agents increased from $190,077,533 on October 6, 1896, to $258,430,252 on March 9, 1897, then decreased to $251,948,640 on May 14, 1897, and again increased to $297,017,805 on October 5, 1897.

Exchanges for clearing house, which on October 6, 1896, amounted to $76,760,416, increased to $84,976,088 on December 17, 1896; decreased to $74,830,987 on March 9, 1897; increased to $84,350,553 on May 14, 1897; to $89,457,189 on July 23, 1897, and to $112,305,535 on October 5, 1897.

The specie held by the banks on October 6, 1896, was $200,808,632, while on October 5, 1897, it was $239,387,702.

The amount of legal-tender notes and United States certificates of deposit for such notes, which on October 6, 1896, aggregated $142,334,730, increased to $186,332,852 on March 9, 1897; decreased to $174,144,992 on May 14, 1897, and continued to decrease until October 5, 1897, when the amount held was $149,494,929.

RECEIVERSHIPS.

During the year covered by this report the affairs of 38 banks have been placed under the supervision of receivers. Of this number, 1 has been restored to solvency and resumed business. Of all the insolvent banks, 26 have been finally closed during this year, ending October 31, 1897, on which date 127 trusts still remained under the care of receivers in the process of active liquidation.

There are 46 banks still in the hands of receivers on the inactive list, the affairs of which are practically wound up, but the trusts can not be finally closed because of pending litigation or the possession of valuable assets, the immediate disposition of which would entail an unwarranted sacrifice in value. The expenses of a trust in this condition are nominal and limited to just what is actually necessary for the payment of proper and careful attention to the matters not yet settled. If a considerable period of time elapses before the litigation is finally settled or the remaining assets sold without unnecessary sacrifice, a final dividend is paid from the office of the Comptroller of the Currency after the active supervision of the trust by the receiver is terminated.

A strenuous effort has been made during the period embraced in this report to formally close several receiverships, the available assets of which have been already realized on, but undetermined legal controversies have generally been the barrier preventing the realization of the desires and efforts of the Comptroller in this direction. During the year just closed the crisis, through which the country has been passing for the last four years, has continued and when the enormous shrinkage of values is considered it is a matter of agreeable surprise that many receivers of national banks have so managed their trusts that a total of dividends has been paid which, at the time of failure, seemed impossible.

The increase in rate per cent paid to creditors of, apparently, many hopelessly insolvent institutions is due in part to the greater efficiency and economy in conducting the liquidations, and shows conclusively that governmental supervision is growing more and more effective as new and improved methods are evolved from experience in managing the affairs

of insolvent associations. The criticism, which it is to be said is not frequent, against receivers because they do not convert the assets into cash quicker than they do and thus pay dividends, is largely because of a failure to appreciate all the difficulties surrounding the situation.

Receivers are not to blame if the trusts to which they are appointed have very little of value in their assets. While banking is free in every part of the country, associations will often be formed by men without business tact, training, or judgment, or, worst of all, without even a rudimentary knowledge of the first principles of commercial banking. Associations formed and managed by such inexperienced men will be, at least, unskillfully managed, and inevitably result in disaster. And, on the other hand, so long as dishonest men see in banking a fair chance to further their schemes they will embark in it, and defalcations and embezzlements will be, accordingly, prevalent. Saddled with either one or the other, or possibly both, of these misfortunes, a bank struggles on through a precarious existence of a few years and ultimately fails. A receiver is appointed, and at once begins an earnest effort to bring order out of confusion so far as possible, and to realize the utmost possible for the creditors from a rather hopeless mass of what generally proves to be slow or doubtful, or absolutely worthless, assets. The commercial paper which comes into his hands is always slow, and most of it either doubtful, bad, or absolutely worthless. With this mass of paper, much of which requires litigation to collect either in whole or in part, the receiver finds his position one of perplexity and frequently of disappointment. The creditors are importunate, the debtors proverbially and almost universally obdurate. With generally no cash on hand to start with, the best commercial paper either rediscounted or hypothecated as collateral security, and often burdened with unsalable real estate, the receiver begins his work of making what collections he can from this mass of almost inconvertible assets. As a rule he is successful, and the records show how much more has been realized from the assets of failed national banks than from those of any other class of banking institutions or other business undertakings.

PAYMENT OF DIVIDENDS DURING THE YEAR JUST CLOSED.

Notwithstanding these conditions, which have always existed to a greater or less extent in connection with insolvent banks, there was paid to creditors within the year covered by this report the sum of $13,169,781 in dividends. The magnitude of this unequaled record will be the more forcibly illustrated if considered in the light of what has been accomplished heretofore in the way of dividend payments to creditors of insolvent institutions. In 1893 there was paid in dividends to creditors of failed national banks the sum of $3,433,646; in 1894, $5,124,577; in 1895, $3,380,552; in 1896, $2,451,959, and in 1897, $13,169,781, making a total of dividends paid within the five years from 1893 to 1897 of $27,560,515, or 36¼ per cent of all the dividends that have ever been paid to creditors of insolvent national banks.

The unprecedented work of receivers during the last year is more conspicuously shown when the fact is realized that since the origin of the national banking system in 1863 there has been paid to creditors of insolvent associations down to and including 1897, a period of thirty-four years, the sum of $75,935,925, and in the one year embraced in this report there has been paid, as above stated, the sum of $13,169,781, or 17⅓ per cent of all the dividends that have ever been paid to the creditors of the 368 banks that have been placed in the charge of receivers.

Since October 31, the date of the closing of this report, seventeen additional dividends, aggregating about $625,000, have been ordered.

The following table sets forth in detail the names, location, capital stock, and condition of the assets of failed banks of the year at the time of the appointment of receivers therefor:

THE NATIONAL BANKS IN EACH STATE AND GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISION WHICH WERE PLACED IN THE CHARGE OF RECEIVERS DURING THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 1897, WITH THEIR CAPITAL, NOMINAL ASSETS, AND LIABILITIES AT DATE OF SUSPENSION.

Name and location of bank.	Capital.	Assets.				Liabilities. *b*
		Estimated good.	Estimated doubtful.	Estimated worthless.	Total. *a*	
First National Bank, Niagara Falls, N. Y.	$100,000	$95,791	$135,119	$40,713	$271,623	$161,283
National Bank of Potsdam, N. Y.	200,000	152,125	455,334	29,745	637,204	397,365
Keystone National Bank, Erie, Pa.	150,000	116,234	426,436	107,053	649,723	492,789
Eastern States	450,000	364,150	1,016,889	177,511	1,558,550	1,051,437
First National Bank, Asheville, N. C.	100,000	21,514	52,969	259,747	334,230	215,428
Merchants' National Bank, Ocala, Fla.	100,000	32,877	93,336	120,875	247,088	150,611
Merchants' National Bank, Jacksonville, Fla	100,000	153,080	139,608	53,805	346,493	232,154
Mutual National Bank, New Orleans, La	200,000	162,646	269,016	65,848	497,510	290,557
First National Bank, Tyler, Tex.	200,000	44,287	182,330	470,037	696,654	441,052
City National Bank, Gatesville, Tex.	50,000	11,103	47,988	30,198	89,289	37,405
First National Bank, Newport, Ky.	200,000	204,993	344,896	264,025	813,914	650,243
German National Bank, Louisville, Ky	251,500	233,745	306,123	92,185	632,053	370,367
Southern States	1,201,500	864,245	1,436,266	1,356,720	3,657,231	2,387,817
Missouri National Bank, Kansas City, Mo.	250,000	541,307	765,013	208,361	1,514,681	1,248,993
First National Bank, Franklin, Ohio.	50,000	23,792	98,255	4,985	127,032	80,706
Second National Bank, Rockford, Ill.	200,000	168,784	208,257	246,955	623,996	354,120
National Bank of Illinois, Chicago, Ill.	1,000,000	7,636,207	1,490,358	4,778,553	13,905,118	11,578,896
First National Bank, East Saginaw, Mich.	100,000	231,479	128,033	223,650	583,162	385,562
Big Rapids National Bank, Big Rapids, Mich. *c*	100,000	1,065	30,693	23,490	55,248	27,552
First National Bank, Benton Harbor, Mich.	50,000	46,597	81,685	10,649	138,931	92,040
First National Bank, Decorah, Iowa.	75,000	63,259	134,526	131,758	329,543	245,383
First National Bank, Sioux City, Iowa *d*	100,000					
First National Bank, Griswold, Iowa.	50,000	7,576	64,514	39,474	111,564	56,075
Marine National Bank, Duluth, Minn.	200,000	50,552	267,451	103,573	421,576	224,791
Columbia National Bank, Minneapolis, Minn	200,000	150,763	202,616	85,057	438,436	253,345
Union National Bank, Minneapolis, Minn	500,000	16,217	507,068	253,916	777,201	282,145
Second National Bank, Grand Forks, N. Dak	50,000	76,049	106,004	7,370	189,423	140,632
Citizens' National Bank, Fargo, N. Dak	100,000	80,160	308,641	76,712	465,513	324,787
Merchants' National Bank, Devils Lake, N. Dak.	50,000	48,522	42,074	7,296	97,892	48,683
Dakota National Bank, Sioux Falls, S. Dak	50,000	42,510	157,962	98,495	298,967	212,616
First National Bank, Garnett, Kans.	50,000	38,719	85,796	7,624	132,139	74,777
First National Bank, Alma, Nebr.	50,000	1,681	71,923	67,503	141,107	87,866
First National Bank, Orleans, Nebr.	50,000	7,219	32,549	49,631	89,399	36,682
Western States	3,275,000	9,232,458	4,783,418	6,425,052	20,440,928	15,755,651
The Dalles National Bank, The Dalles, Oreg	50,000	54,801	144,445	21,644	220,890	154,373
Moscow National Bank, Moscow, Idaho	75,000	34,878	95,440	95,325	205,643	100,608
Northwestern National Bank, Great Falls, Mont.	250,000	422,388	329,075	217,675	969,138	679,050
Merchants' National Bank, Helena, Mont	350,000	619,922	755,503	287,311	1,662,736	1,220,624
Merchants and Miners' National Bank, Philipsburg, Mont.	50,000	9,259	42,170	47,862	99,291	44,123
First National Bank, Olympia, Wash.	100,000	77,572	127,122	18,807	223,501	100,493
First National Bank, Eddy, N. Mex.	50,000	41,160	57,295	17,090	115,545	54,729
Pacific States and Territories	925,000	1,239,980	1,551,050	705,714	3,496,744	2,354,000
United States	5,851,500	11,700,833	8,787,623	8,664,997	29,153,453	21,548,905

a Exclusive of United States bonds on deposit to secure circulation.
b Exclusive of capital, circulation, surplus, and undivided profits.
c Formerly in voluntary liquidation.
d Restored to solvency and resumed business.

The number, capital, assets, and liabilities of national banks, in each State, which failed during the past year are shown in the following table:

State.	Banks.	Capital.	Assets. a				Liabilities.
			Estimated good.	Estimated doubtful.	Estimated worthless.	Total.	
New York	2	$300,000	$247,916	$590,453	$70,458	$908,827	$558,648
Pennsylvania	1	150,000	116,234	426,436	107,053	649,723	492,789
North Carolina	1	100,000	21,514	52,969	259,747	334,230	215,428
Florida	2	200,000	185,957	232,944	174,680	593,581	382,765
Louisiana	1	200,000	162,646	269,016	65,848	497,510	290,557
Texas	2	250,000	55,390	230,318	500,235	785,943	478,457
Kentucky	2	451,500	438,738	651,019	356,210	1,445,967	1,020,610
Missouri	1	250,000	541,307	765,013	208,361	1,514,681	1,248,993
Ohio	1	50,000	23,792	98,255	4,985	127,032	80,706
Illinois	2	1,200,000	7,804,991	1,698,615	5,025,508	14,529,114	11,933,016
Michigan	3	250,000	279,141	240,411	257,789	777,341	505,154
Iowa	3	225,000	70,835	199,040	171,232	441,107	301,458
Minnesota	3	900,000	217,532	977,135	442,546	1,637,213	760,281
North Dakota	3	200,000	204,731	456,719	91,378	752,828	514,102
South Dakota	1	50,000	42,510	157,962	98,495	298,967	212,616
Kansas	1	50,000	38,719	85,796	7,624	132,139	74,777
Nebraska	2	100,000	8,900	104,472	117,134	230,506	124,548
Oregon	1	50,000	54,801	144,445	21,644	220,890	154,373
Idaho	1	75,000	14,878	95,440	95,325	205,643	100,608
Montana	3	650,000	1,051,569	1,126,748	552,848	2,731,165	1,943,797
Washington	1	100,000	77,572	127,122	18,807	223,501	100,493
New Mexico	1	50,000	41,160	57,295	17,090	115,545	54,729
Total	38	5,851,500	11,700,833	8,787,623	8,664,997	29,153,453	21,548,905

a Exclusive of one bank in Iowa restored to solvency.

The number of failures of national banks in each year, capital stock, circulation issued, claims proved, and dividends paid by the trusts appear in the following table:

Year.	Number of failures.	Capital.	Circulation.	Claims proved.	Dividends paid.
1865	1	$50,000	$44,000	$122,089	$70,811
1866	2	500,000	265,000	1,104,044	267,156
1867	7	1,370,000	928,900	3,357,563	2,455,515
1868	3	210,000	141,800	308,112	238,322
1869	2	300,000	174,700	239,886	193,259
1872	6	1,806,100	1,388,393	2,558,660	2,200,236
1873	11	3,825,000	2,522,100	6,930,123	5,052,958
1874	3	250,000	230,000	376,579	200,704
1875	5	1,000,000	638,676	2,566,239	644,686
1876	9	965,000	540,609	1,392,406	1,021,056
1877	10	3,344,000	951,728	3,636,723	3,576,632
1878	14	2,612,500	1,322,725	2,739,079	2,334,156
1879	8	1,230,000	516,825	1,108,644	884,454
1880	3	700,000	506,143	778,966	724,328
1882	3	1,561,300	999,400	5,948,150	3,746,278
1883	2	250,000	108,200	609,765	451,375
1884	11	1,285,000	850,120	6,356,830	4,812,642
1885	4	600,000	486,550	3,775,062	2,915,978
1886	8	650,000	328,385	856,802	811,620
1887	8	1,550,000	386,597	5,263,402	3,220,654
1888	8	1,900,000	557,811	3,590,481	2,832,257
1889	2	250,000	56,250	564,794	569,908
1890	9	750,000	171,450	1,108,014	811,864
1891	25	3,622,000	663,852	6,804,464	2,449,860
1892	17	2,450,000	623,153	10,856,609	8,740,575
1893	65	10,935,000	1,886,404	13,929,579	8,645,861
1894	21	2,770,000	626,786	3,663,050	1,156,120
1895	36	5,235,020	963,752	6,144,847	2,730,209
1896	27	3,805,000	784,400	6,576,106	1,314,935
1897	38	5,851,500	1,229,118	18,501,118	10,861,509
	368	61,627,420	20,893,827	121,768,186	75,935,925

DISTRIBUTION OF NATIONAL BANK STOCK.

In 1876, in compliance with a resolution of Congress, a compilation was made of the number of shares of national bank stock issued, the number of shareholders, the location, etc., of the stock and the shareholders. A similar compilation was made ten years later and continued in 1887, 1888 and 1889. Prior to 1887 shares were taken at the par value, varying from $10 to $200 each, as converted State banks were permitted to reorganize as national banks without change of original divisions of stock; subsequently the shares of every bank were reduced in compiling the returns to a par of $100 each. The abstracts of the reports for 1876 and 1886 are shown separately, the stock being based, as hereinbefore stated, on the varying par values of shares, and differ materially in that respect from the later compilations.

Of the 6,337,114 shares issued on July 5, 1897, 5,464,037 are held by residents of the States in which the banks are located, 873,077 by nonresidents, of which 21,729 are held by residents of foreign countries. The number owned by women is 1,418,542.

The investments by residents in the New England and Eastern States in the stock of the national banks located in the Southern States amount to $5,294,600; in the Middle States, $8,678,200; in the Western States, $4,507,300; in the Pacific States, $1,823,600, and in all these sections, $20,303,700.

The shareholders number 281,225, of which 270,149 are natural persons, including 101,944 women. The corporations which are shareholders number 11,076. The average investment by each shareholder is about $2,250. A further classification shows that 169,948 persons or corporations hold stock of the par value of $1,000 or less; 79,756, over $1,000 or less than $5,000; 29,541, $5,000 or less than $30,000, and 1,980, $30,000 or over.

The distribution, etc., of stock and number of shareholders is shown in detail in the appendix. The condensed abstracts of the returns for 1876, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, and 1897 are given herewith.

DISTRIBUTION OF SHARES OF STOCK, ETC., OF NATIONAL BANKS ON THE FIRST MONDAY OF JULY IN 1876 AND 1886.

	1876.		1886.	
	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.
National banks in existence	2,091	.....	2,868	.....
Shares held by—				
State residents	5,820,908	89.5	6,426,320	90.3
Non-State residents	655,361	10.1	690,574	9.7
Foreigners	29,661	.4	.....	.....
Natural persons	.....	.....	6,524,143	91.7
Corporations	.....	.....	592,751	8.3
Total issue	6,505,930	.....	7,116,894	.....
Total issue at par of $100 each	5,054,824	.....	5,452,065	.....
Shareholders—				
Natural persons	.....	.....	215,879	96.5
Corporations	.....	.....	7,704	3.5
Resident	183,996	88.3	198,151	88.6
Nonresident	24,490	11.7	25,432	11.4
Owning 10 shares or less	104,976	50.4	117,974	52.8
Owning over 10 and not more than 50	77,496	37.2	78,781	35.2
Owning over 50 and not more than 300	.....	.....	24,770	11.1
Owning over 50 and not more than 500	25,247	12.1	.....	.....
Owning over 300	.....	.....	2,058	.9
Owning over 500	767	.3	.....	.....
Total	208,486	.....	223,583	.....

DISTRIBUTION OF SHARES OF STOCK (AT PAR VALUE OF $100 EACH), ETC., OF NATIONAL BANKS ON THE FIRST MONDAY OF JULY IN 1887, 1888, 1889, AND 1897.

	1887.		1888.		1889.		1897.	
	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.
National banks in existence	3,009	.....	3,120	.....	3,235	.....	3,615	.....
Shares held by—								
State residents	5,034,325	87.8	5,111,408	86.7	5,209,462	85.4	5,464,037	86.2
Non-State residents	697,400	12.2	785,186	13.3	888,521	14.6	873,077	13.8
Natural persons	5,205,728	90.8	5,317,110	90.2	5,426,279	89	5,698,822	89.9
Religious, charitable, and educational institutions	52,963	.9	63,876	1.1	72,320	1.2	53,529	.9
Municipal corporations	4,094	.1	2,926	.1	4,325	.1	6,580	.1
Savings banks, loan and trust and insurance companies	467,173	8.1	503,803	8.5	572,510	9.4	532,205	8.4
All other corporations	1,767	.....	8,879	.1	22,549	.3	45,978	.7
Women	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,418,542	22.4
Foreigners	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	21,729	.3
Shares issued, total	5,731,725	.....	5,896,594	.....	6,097,983	.....	6,337,114	.....
Shareholders:								
Natural persons	233,680	96.9	234,950	96.1	241,192	95.6	270,149	96.1
Corporations	7,492	3.1	9,573	3.9	11,166	4.4	11,076	3.9
Resident	212,272	88	210,703	86.2	200,038	79.3	239,010	85
Nonresident	28,900	12	33,820	13.8	52,320	20.7	42,215	15
Women	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	101,944	36.3
Owning $1,000 or less	139,843	57.9	141,683	58	141,685	56.1	169,948	60.4
Owning over $1,000 or less than $5,000	73,205	30.4	73,132	29.9	81,522	32.3	79,756	28.4
Owning $5,000 or less than $30,000	26,442	11	27,965	11.4	27,434	10.9	29,541	10.5
Owning $30,000 or over	1,682	.7	1,743	.7	1,717	.7	1,980	.7
Total	241,172	.....	244,523	.....	252,358	.....	281,225	.....

The foreign holdings of national-bank stock are shown in the table following:

NUMBER OF SHARES OF STOCK OF NATIONAL BANKS, LOCATED IN EACH GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISION OF THE COUNTRY, OWNED ABROAD, JULY 5, 1897.

Countries.	New England States.	Eastern States.	Southern States.	Middle States.	Western States.	Pacific States.	Total.
Australia					65		65
Austria	57			50			107
Canada	1,578	1,327	83	248	500	175	3,911
Central America			6				6
Chile	10						10
China	11	3	4	15			33
Cuba		13	10			20	43
Denmark		20		5	13		38
England	870	3,110	682	1,143	2,271	50	8,126
France	378	2,559	136	136	60	260	3,529
Germany	2	1,517	552	272	63	47	2,453
Hawaii		7				469	476
Holland	50	105				20	175
India	60		41				101
Italy	76	272	9	3			360
Jamaica		12					12
Japan		65	25			10	100
Korea						90	90
Mexico		50	311	15		5	381
Norway			1				1
Persia	6	5	9		10		30
Peru	3						3
Russia	5	6					11
Spain		282		99			381
Sweden		5			40		45
Switzerland	5	913	37				955
West Indies	100	57			1		158
Europe (not shown)	17	70					87
Asia	19						19
Africa	6						6
Foreign (not shown)	17						17
Total	3,270	10,398	1,906	1,986	3,023	1,146	21,729

WOMEN EMPLOYEES OF NATIONAL BANKS.

In 1893 the national banks submitted information relative to the number and compensation of women employees. At that time the number was only 383 and their average compensation $485.11. The reports made on July 5, 1897, indicate the employment of 499 women and that their average compensation is $477.62, or an aggregate of $238,331. The number of such employees in the New England States is 92; in the Eastern States, 125; in the Southern States, 33; in the Middle States, 190; in the Western States, 48, and in the Pacific States, 11. This information, in connection with the investment by women in national-bank stock, is shown in detail in the appendix.

EARNINGS AND DIVIDENDS OF NATIONAL BANKS AND TAXES PAID BY THE BANKS TO THE GOVERNMENT.

Six years after the passage of the national-bank act an amendment thereto was passed (sec. 5212, Rev. Stat.), which provided that within ten days after the declaration of a dividend every national bank should report to the Comptroller of the Currency the amount of such dividend and the amount of net earnings in excess of such dividend. While the dividend periods of a majority of the banks are semiannual, some are quarterly and a few bimonthly; but all returns are compiled semiannually, in March and September. In the current report are shown the last semiannual abstracts by reserve cities, States, and geographical

divisions, of the capital, surplus, gross and net earnings, losses, premiums, expenses and taxes charged off, dividends paid and ratios of net earnings to capital and surplus, dividends to capital and dividends to capital and surplus. In another table are set forth the ratios for every semiannual period from March 1, 1893, to September 1, 1897. This character of information is further supplemented by a table which gives the average number of banks, capital stock, surplus fund, the amount of net earnings and dividends, and the ratios of dividends to capital, dividends to capital and surplus, and net earnings to capital and surplus, from March 1, 1869, to March 1, 1897. The net earnings and dividends paid during the last year were $48,612,927 and $43,215,818, respectively; the percentage of dividends to capital was 6.7, dividends to capital and surplus 4.8, net earnings to capital 7.5, and to capital and surplus 5.4. The average annual net earnings and dividends for the past twenty-eight years were $54,417,014 and $44,425,549, respectively. The average rate per cent of dividends to capital was 8.3, dividends to capital and surplus 6.3, and net earnings to capital and surplus 7.8.

The national banks have paid to the General Government $81,411,384.54 in the form of semiannual duty on their circulation. In addition to this amount they paid taxes on capital and deposits to the amount of $7,855,887.74 and $60,940,067.16, respectively. The aggregate taxes thus paid from 1863 to June 30, 1897, amount to $150,207,339.44. The act of March 31, 1883, repealed the provision requiring the payment of a tax on capital and deposits.

STATE BANKS AND BANKING INSTITUTIONS.

In 1873 Congress enacted legislation providing for the collection and publication by the Comptroller of the Currency in his annual report to Congress of statements showing the resources and liabilities and condition of banks and banking companies and savings banks organized under State and Territorial authority, the necessary information to be obtained from reports made by such institutions to the State legislatures or officers, and the deficiency to be supplied from any other authentic source. In that year, for the first time, returns obtainable from State officials formed a portion of the report, and were confined to 9 States—3 New England, 3 Eastern, and 3 Western. The number of banks reporting is not stated, but the aggregate resources is shown to have been nearly $179,000,000. The amount of capital was $42,700,000 and deposits $110,800,000. In 1887 the Comptroller, owing to the fact that in so many States legislation had not been enacted providing for the supervision of State banks, inaugurated a systematic attempt to secure reports of their condition through direct correspondence with banks located in such States. That this plan was productive of good results is shown by the increase in the number of banks from which reports were received over the prior year, viz, 564. The assets of the banks reporting in that year (1887) were about $685,000,000—capital $141,000,000, and deposits $446,000,000. To secure the necessary returns the same means have been resorted to each year since the above date, but the work incident thereto has been almost constantly lessened by legislative action in a number of the States and Territories in the establishment of banking departments, through which media the desired information has been obtained.

With the exception of Delaware and Maryland, legal provision has been made for the collection and publication of bank returns in each of the New England, Eastern, and Central States. Delaware has but one

State bank (with three branches). This bank is required to submit statements of condition to the governor, but as they do not appear to be made public this Bureau depends upon the special reports made thereto each year. In Maryland the banks are required to make semiannual statements to the State treasurer of taxable assets, but there is no publication of abstracts of reports of condition. Through the courtesy of the officer above mentioned reports have been obtained from banks which have failed to respond to the Comptroller's request for statements. In Virginia and North Carolina banks are required to make reports on the same days as are national banks, but in the former State no provision is made for the publication of the consolidated returns. Semiannual statements are made by the Florida banks, abstracts of which are obtainable. In Mississippi quarterly reports are called for. In Kentucky five reports are required each year, and abstracts are furnished by the secretary of state. In 1876 Texas legislated against the creation of corporations with banking and discounting privileges and the renewal or extension of the charters of those then doing business. Those still in operation, chartered prior to 1876, are required to make semiannual reports to the secretary of state, from whom copies are obtainable. With these exceptions, it is impossible to obtain any official information relative to the condition of the banks in the Southern States.

Within a recent period it has been possible to obtain quite full returns relative to the condition of the banks in Nebraska, Kansas, North and South Dakota, Montana, Wyoming, and Oklahoma. With the exception of North Carolina, Kentucky, Wisconsin, Nebraska, Kansas, the Dakotas, Wyoming, and California, dependence for information relative to private banks and bankers is placed upon the reports made voluntarily to this Bureau by those addressed. By reference to the comparative statements[1] of the resources and liabilities of State banks from 1873 to 1897 it will be noted that with but one exception (1896) there has been an uninterrupted increase in the number of banks reporting, which is due rather to legislative action providing for the collection of banking statistics than to an actual increase in the number of existing banks of that character, although there has been a normal increase each year.

In January last a personal letter was addressed to the governor of each State and Territory, in which the request was made that necessary legislation be recommended providing for the submission to the proper officer of returns from banks and banking institutions organized under State authority coinciding in time and corresponding in manner with reports required from national banks. Special attention was directed to the desirability of obtaining statements of condition on at least one date of each year, preferably the 1st of July, as on or about that date reports are required from national banks. Reports received on this date could be compiled in ample time for use by the Comptroller in his next succeeding report to Congress. It was also urged that the reports should be required to show in detail the character and amount of actual money held by the banks and also the amount of earnings and dividends declared during the preceding year.

The resulting correspondence developed the fact that in many of the States existing laws fully meet the suggestions with respect to the character of the returns. In other States correspondents indicate a willingness to recommend the necessary legislation, and in a few others unwillingness was expressed to change existing arrangements.

[1] Statement omitted from this volume and contained in the Comptroller's separate report.

CONDITION OF STATE BANKS AND BANKING INSTITUTIONS.

From statements of State banks and banking institutions, obtained through the courtesy of officials having supervision of their general operations and from returns made directly to this Bureau by banks in States not requiring reports to be made to State officials, information has been received relative to 5,088 institutions incorporated under State authority, approximately 90 per cent of the number in operation in the year 1897. In addition, statements have beeen obtained from 759 private banks and bankers, a total of 5,847 incorporated and private banks, and an increase over the prior year of 132. In the appendix to this report appear abstracts of the returns, by classes, States, and geographical divisions.

The principal items of resources and liabilities of these banks in 1893 to 1897 inclusive are shown herewith:

Items.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.
Loans	$2,348,193,077	$2,133,628,978	$2,417,468,494	$2,279,515,283	$2,231,013,262
Bonds	1,009,604,350	1,010,248,230	1,375,026,025	1,210,827,389	1,248,150,146
Cash	205,645,203	229,373,004	227,743,303	169,198,601	193,094,029
Capital	406,007,240	398,735,390	422,052,618	400,831,399	380,090,778
Surplus and undivided profits	346,206,287	352,424,784	370,397,003	362,602,702	382,436,990
Deposits	3,070,462,680	2,973,414,101	3,185,245,810	3,276,710,916	3,324,254,807
Resources	3,979,068,533	3,868,474,997	4,138,990,529	4,200,124,955	4,258,677,065

The aggregate resources show an increase over 1896 of $58,552,110, and over 1894, the lowest point during the period mentioned, of $390,202,068. Loans and discounts and capital stock have decreased during the year $48,502,021 and $20,740,621, respectively, but bond and stock investments have increased $37,322,757; cash in bank, $23,895,428; surplus and other profits, $19,834,288, and deposits, $47,543,891.

The capital of the reporting State banks aggregates $228,677,088; surplus and other profits, $102,359,024; deposits, $723,640,795. Loans and discounts amount to $669,973,556; United States bonds, $1,135,609; other bonds, stocks, etc., $105,471,239; cash in bank, $116,849,749, and total resources, $1,138,185,402. Comparing these figures with the returns in 1896, an increase is shown of 149 in number of banks, and $30,997,894 in aggregate resources. The increase in deposits is $27,980,881. These banks held in cash 16.8 per cent of their net deposits, and the credit balance with other banks was 11.5 per cent. The net deposits, cash in bank, and credit with other banks, by States, appear in the table in the appendix.

An attempt was made to ascertain the amount and rate per cent of dividends paid by these financial institutions, but the result is only fairly satisfactory, as the returns are confined to 557 banks, with $37,841,887 capital stock, about one-sixth of the capital of banks reporting their resources and liabilities. The amount of dividends paid was $2,688,248, an average rate of 7 per cent.

CONDITION OF SAVINGS BANKS.

Returns relative to the savings banks in the United States are practically complete, but their value is somewhat impaired by the want of uniformity in dates, showing the condition of the institutions. The latest obtainable information from savings banks in Maine, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Minnesota is from reports made at various dates from October to December, 1896, and in

the other States from January to July, 1897. The number of institutions covered by this report is 980, 8 less than reported in 1896. It is satisfactory to note, however, that there has been an increase in resources of $55,517,311; in deposits, $47,947,096, and in surplus and other undivided profits, $9,224,585. The increase in number of depositors, 135,638, is about one fifth of 1 per cent greater than the percentage of increase of deposits, and, in consequence, the average deposit shows a reduction from $376.50 to $372.88. Depositors number 5,201,132, and the amount to their credit is $1,939,376,035. This does not include $44,037,529 of deposits subject to check in stock savings banks, which are operated under charters permitting both a commercial and savings-bank business. These two classes show total deposits of $1,983,413,564. The surplus and undivided profit account amounts to $183,939,578, about 9.3 per cent of liabilities to depositors. Nearly 50 per cent ($1,066,507,686) of the resources of the savings banks is represented by loans, of which $822,012,228 are on real estate security and $244,495,458 on other collateral.

Investments in United States bonds amount to $163,886,928, and in other bonds, stocks, etc., $772,374,743. Balances due from other banking institutions and cash on hand aggregate $90,403,074 and $42,507,816 respectively, about 6.7 per cent of the net deposits. The savings-bank returns are exhibited in detail, by States and classes, in the table on page —[1]. The mutual institutions, that is, those conducted solely for the benefit of depositors, number 668, and, with the exception of 11 (4 in Ohio, 5 in Indiana, and 1 each in West Virginia and Wisconsin), are located in the New England and Eastern States. The deposits and total resources of the mutual savings banks are about 88 per cent and 87 per cent, respectively, of the deposits and resources of all savings institutions. The depositors number 4,691,444, and they have to their credit $1,737,099,370 (of which but $694,545 is subject to check), an average savings deposit of $370.12, an increase of $1.92 over the average for the prior year. The largest average deposit, $504.48, is held by the depositors in the Rhode Island banks; Connecticut follows with $419.41; New York, $413.46; the minimum average being $208.53 in Delaware. The average deposit in the banks in the New England States is $363.81, and in the Eastern States, $376.71. With the exception of Rhode Island, in which there has been a reduction of only about $50,000 in deposits, and New Hampshire (banks in charge of assignees and in liquidation, with resources of about $13,000,000, heretofore included with active banks, but now omitted), substantial gains are shown, the increase in resources and deposits being $56,903,528 and $49,081,708, respectively. The surplus and undivided profit account has increased from $158,595,655 in 1896 to $166,650,990; that is, $8,055,335. Of the resources, $877,476,103 represents loans, $714,600,413 being on real-estate security; $162,804,101, United States bonds; $728,671,010, other bonds and stocks; $66,069,649 with other banks and bankers; $24,480,907, cash on hand, and $34,034,105, bank premises and other real estate.

Nearly 47 per cent of the deposits are held by banks in the New England States, and over 51 per cent by those in the Eastern States. The deposits in the banks of Massachusetts, which are 26 per cent of the total, paid interest at a rate slightly exceeding 4 per cent; the interest rates in the other New England States are, Maine, 3.72; New Hampshire, 3.5; Vermont, 4; Rhode Island, 4.5, and Connecticut, 4. The New York savings banks hold nearly 42 per cent of the total, and pay an average rate of 3.54 per cent. The rate in New Jersey is 3,

[1] Table omitted from this report, but contained in the Comptroller's separate report.

Maryland 3.5, and in Delaware, West Virginia, Ohio, and Wisconsin 4, and in Indiana 4 and 5 per cent. Summarized, it appears that 92 per cent of all deposits in savings banks earn from 3.5 to 4.5 per cent; that is, $876,957,718 (50 per cent) earning 3.5 to 3.72 and $738,746,712 (42 per cent) 4 per cent or over. Information relative to the cost of management has been obtained from but two states, Maine and Massachusetts. In the former the rate is one-fifth of 1 per cent, and in the latter one-fourth of 1 per cent of deposits. Returns showing the classification of deposits are confined to Maine and Connecticut, and are given herewith:

Classification of deposits.	Depositors.		Deposits.	
	Number.	Per cent.	Amount.	Per cent.
MAINE.				
$500 or less	126,614	77	$15,713,392	28
Over $500 and less than $2,000	32,241	20	30,913,841	54
$2,000 and less than $5,000	4,078	2	9,297,083	16
$5,000 and over	182	1	1,552,579	2
Total	163,115		57,476,895	
CONNECTICUT.				
$1,000 or less	311,937	88	60,334,104	40
Over $1,000 and less than $2,000	31,035	8	41,538,191	28
Over $2,000 and less than $10,000	13,274	3	44,761,970	30
$10,000 or over	199	1	2,862,291	2
Total	356,445		149,496,556	

The assets of the 312 stock savings banks, from which reports have been received, amount to $292,014,025, about 13 per cent of the assets of all reporting savings institutions. The capital of these banks aggregates $26,199,430; surplus and other profits, $17,288,588; savings deposits, $202,971,210, and deposits subject to check, $43,342,984. The number of depositors is 509,688, and the average savings deposit, $398.22. This high average is mainly due to the fact that the deposits and number of depositors in the California banks represent about 63 per cent and 80 per cent, respectively, of the total deposits and number of depositors in all stock savings banks. The average deposit in the California banks is $687.69. The total amount of loans of this class of institutions is $189,031,583, nearly 60 per cent of which is secured by real estate. Investments in United States and other bonds, stocks, etc., amount to $43,703,733; credits with other banks, $24,333,425; cash on hand, $18,026,909; bank premises and other real estate, $13,377,961. These banks hold in cash about 7 per cent of their net deposits, and including credits with other banks, nearly 17 per cent.

LOAN AND TRUST COMPANIES.

Reports have been received relative to the condition of 251 loan and trust companies, all located in the New England and Eastern States, except 4 in Indiana, 11 in Illinois, and 8 in Minnesota. The capital of these companies is $106,968,253; surplus and undivided profits, $89,025,267; deposits, $566,922,205. The loans aggregate $445,629,725; United States bonds owned, $39,097,761; other bonds, stocks, etc., $162,030,259; cash on hand and with other institutions, $28,587,626 and $88,606,800, respectively; real estate, etc., $32,572,077; total resources, $843,713,745. About 18 per cent of the net deposits is held in cash and in credits with other financial institutions. The highest rate of dividends paid on stock during the year was 13.9 per cent, paid

by the New York State corporations, and the average rate was 7.8 per cent.

Early in the year the editor of the New York Financier inaugurated an investigation relative to the number, capital, deposits, etc., of all trust companies in the country. Returns nearest to January 1, 1897, were obtained from 458 corporations with capital of $141,278,000, an average of $208,500. The surplus and undivided profits amounted to $97,853,000 (69.27 of the capital); deposits, $675,100,000, the average per company being $1,517,000; dividends paid by the New York City companies averaged for the prior year 15.33, nearly one-third higher than the average rate paid by any other class of banking institutions in that metropolis, and about 1½ per cent higher than the average rate paid by trust companies of the State of New York.

PRIVATE BANKS AND BANKERS.

Owing to the fact that in but few of the States and Territories are statistics collected by State officials relating to the condition of private banks and bankers and also to the disinclination of many proprietors to intrust any public official with statements of their banking business, notwithstanding the assurance given that such information will be treated as confidential and used only to obtain for the public a knowledge of the aggregate amount of resources and liabilities of the banks of this character, returns have been received from but 759 concerns, only about 20 per cent of the number doing business. The aggregate resources of the reporting banks are $77,953,444. The loans aggregate $48,902,295; United States bonds, $879,898; other bonds and stocks, $3,273,709, and cash on hand, $5,148,838. The capital is $18,246,007; surplus and undivided profits, $7,113,121, and deposits, $50,278,243.

In the following table are exhibited the principal items of resources and liabilities of these banks and banking institutions:

Items.	State banks.	Loan and trust companies.	Savings banks.	Private banks.	Total.
Loans	$669,973,556	$445,629,725	$1,066,507,686	$48,902 295	$2,231,013,262
United States bonds	1,135,609	39,097,761	163,886,928	879,898	205,009,196
Other bonds	105,471,239	162,030,259	772,374,743	3,273,709	1,043,149,950
Cash	116,849,749	28,587,626	42,507,816	5,148,838	193,094,029
Capital	228,677,088	106,968,253	26,199,430	18,246,007	380,090,778
Surplus and profits	102,359,024	89,025,267	183,949,578	7,113,121	382,436,990
Deposits	723,640,795	566,922,205	1,983,413,564	50,278,243	3,324,254,807
Total resources	1,138,185,402	843,713,745	2,198,824,474	77,953,444	4,258,677,065

For the purpose of comparison, and in order to present in the most concise form the principal items of resources and liabilities of banks from which returns have been received, the following table is given. Information with respect to national banks is from the reports of July 23.

Items.	3,610 national banks.	5,847 other banks.	9,457, total banks.
Loans	$1,966,891,501	$2,231,013,262	$4,197,904,763
United States bonds	261,901,200	205,000,196	466,901,396
Other bonds	204,932,235	1,043,149,950	1,248,082,185
Cash	435,106,500	193,094,029	628,200,529
Capital	632,153,042	380,090,778	1,012,243,820
Surplus and profits	330,267,222	382,436,990	712,704,212
Deposits	1,786,871,422	3,324,254,807	5,111,126,229
Total resources	3,563,408,054	4,258,677,065	7,822,085,119

The capital stock of national banks on July 23, and of all other banks, as exhibited by the latest returns to this Bureau, is shown to have been

$1,012,243,820, a decrease during the year of $39,732,434. The averages per capita of population from 1893 to 1897, inclusive, were $16.29, $15.61, $15.44, $14.71, and $13.86, respectively. In contrast with the decrease in capital stock is the enormous increase in aggregate banking funds—that is, capital, surplus and undivided profits, and deposits—which amount to $6,822,326,870, as against $6,695,486,521 in 1896, an increase of $126,840,349. The per capita average in all banks is $93.43; in national banks, $37.45; State banks, $14.45; loan and trust companies, $10.45; savings banks, $30.04, and in private banks, $1.04.

In the following table are shown the banking funds of national and other banking institutions, arranged in the order of magnitude, followed by the average per capita of population and the average population per square mile:

CAPITAL, SURPLUS, UNDIVIDED PROFITS, AND INDIVIDUAL DEPOSITS OF NATIONAL BANKS ON JULY 23, 1897, AND OF OTHER BANKS AND BANKING INSTITUTIONS AT DATE OF LATEST REPORTS TO THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY IN 1896-97; THE PER CAPITA BANKING FUNDS, AND THE AVERAGE POPULATION PER SQUARE MILE.

States.	Capital, etc.	Average per capita of population.	Average population per square mile.
New York	$2,071,531,083	$299.23	140.65
Massachusetts	917,577,194	344.69	320.14
Pennsylvania	692,925,290	115.31	132.89
Illinois	311,622,202	69.08	79.63
California	286,082,372	191.36	9.44
Ohio	269,066,742	63.65	102.94
Connecticut	242,169,665	284.57	170.54
Missouri	160,168,664	50.02	46.12
New Jersey	159,747,994	89.75	217.73
Rhode Island	142,987,148	358.36	319.20
Michigan	141,251,785	59.42	40.34
Maryland	125,556,731	106.40	96.64
Iowa	116,894,615	54.80	38.07
Maine	98,787,054	144.42	20.70
Wisconsin	94,183,940	45.85	36.65
Minnesota	91,407,613	51.70	21.20
Indiana	80,888,258	33.04	67.35
Kentucky	78,933,299	37.86	51.60
New Hampshire	70,080,781	180.15	41.81
Texas	61,357,710	22.45	10.28
Kansas	54,533,251	40.64	16.34
Vermont	53,646,584	160.62	34.91
Nebraska	53,535,031	38.24	18.06
Virginia	45,989,210	26.01	41.64
Colorado	40,478,503	78.29	4.97
Tennessee	39,409,194	20.48	45.75
Louisiana	35,446,503	28.09	25.90
District of Columbia	30,083,839	103.03	4,171.42
West Virginia	27,982,623	31.65	35.67
Georgia	27,307,616	12.73	36.08
Delaware	18,932,507	102.34	78.38
Washington	18,330,090	40.23	6.76
North Carolina	17,464,975	9.82	34.06
Montana	17,055,731	75.80	1.54
Mississippi	15,751,384	10.91	30.85
South Carolina	14,848,744	11.60	41.87
Oregon	14,412,186	33.28	4.50
Alabama	12,780,608	7.63	32.05
South Dakota	12,565,117	32.47	4.98
North Dakota	10,205,968	40.50	3.55
Utah	9,431,792	34.67	3.20
Florida	8,503,906	17.14	8.45
Arkansas	8,178,032	6.01	25.25
New Mexico	4,437,312	22.52	1.60
Wyoming	4,270,585	49.65	.87
Idaho	3,543,551	23.47	1.78
Oklahoma	3,101,892	14.16	5.61
Arizona	3,008,798	41.22	.64
Indian Territory	2,174,545	10.40	6.65
Nevada	1,196,653	26.59	.40
Total	6,822,326,870	.....	.....

The amount of coin and other currency held by the banks on similar dates was $628,200,529, classified as follows: Gold, $242,353,002; silver, $53,691,730; legal tenders, etc., $246,948,495; specie not classified and fractional currency, $2,678,853, and cash not classified, $82,528,449. The last-named amount unquestionably includes an appreciable quantity of gold and silver, but what proportion it is impossible to state, owing to the failure of many bank officers and public officials to report the amount of each kind of currency held. The holdings of gold have been increased during the year, $41,372,171; silver, $4,859,063; legal tenders, etc., $40,425,543; cash not classified, $10,421,299; the aggregate increase being $96,344,016.

EXISTING BANKS AND BANK FAILURES.

The records show that 12,817 incorporated and private banks were in existence in the country on or about July 1, 1897, and that during the year 160 have failed, of which 38 were national, 56 State banks and trust companies, 19 savings banks, and 47 private banks and bankers. The assets and liabilities of the banks other than national, as shown by reports to the Bradstreet Company, were $17,929,163 and $24,090,879, respectively.

The following table shows the number of each class of banks in existence in 1897 and the number and percentage of failures during the year:

Class.	Number of banks in existence in July, 1897.	Failures.	
		Number.	Per cent.
National banks	3,619	38	1.05
State banks and trust companies	4,099	56	1.36
Savings banks	1,273	19	1.49
Private banks and bankers	3,826	47	1.23
Total	12,817	160	1.25

A statement of the resources and liabilities of the 38 chartered banks of the Dominion of Canada on September 30, 1897, will be found in the appendix. The capital of these banks is $62,279,925; circulation, $38,616,211; deposits, $211,819,044; total resources, $352,950,583. The percentage of specie, bank notes, and checks to deposits was 16.2. The average rate of dividends paid on stock for the past year was 7.4 per cent. During the month of September the average amount of specie and Dominion notes held was $8,743,943 and $17,462,464, respectively, and the greatest amount of circulation outstanding was $39,077,427.

The appendix to this report contains in detail, by classes, States, etc., statistical information relative to the condition of the financial institutions hereinbefore mentioned.

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

In a bulletin issued in May last by the Commissioner of Labor appear statistics and general information relative to building and loan associations in fourteen States for the year 1895–96, and comparisons with the returns from the same States from reports made to that Bureau in 1893. While incomplete, the present returns enable very satisfactory comparisons to be made in view of the fact that, based on the returns

in 1893, about 76 per cent of the number of associations and nearly 80 per cent of the total assets are represented by associations located in the States named. The current returns show an increase in every item, as follows: Number of associations, 2 per cent; shares outstanding, 5.1 per cent; dues paid, paid-up and prepaid stock, and profits, 21.4 per cent; and total assets, 21.4 per cent. The tables showing the assets and liabilities of the associations in the States reporting in 1895–96, number of associations reporting, shares outstanding, and assets of associations in the fourteen States in 1893 and in 1895–96 are reproduced herewith.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF ASSOCIATIONS IN 14 STATES, 1895–96.

States.	Assets.				Liabilities.		
	Loans.	Cash on hand.	All other.	Total.	Installment dues paid in and paid-up and prepaid stock.	Profits.	All other.
California	$18,843,284	$545,374	$2,081,651	$21,470,309	$14,191,923	e$5,147,605	$2,130,781
Conn	1,804,783	80,167	46,713	1,931,663	f 1,497,753	g 94,168	339,742
Illinois	72,586,419	2,856,919	7,195,920	82,639,258	57,954,956	17,780,821	6,903,481
Indiana	32,035,955	1,268,089	1,042,979	34,347,023	28,460,286	4,369,589	1,517,148
Maine	2,304,802	84,375	80,707	2,469,884	h 2,356,549	(i)	113,335
Mass	19,278,530	795,397	478,740	20,552,667	17,217,776	j 3,186,038	148,853
Missouri	23,304,140	485,139	2,563,676	26,352,955	17,356,496	4,570,375	4,426,084
Nebraska	3,085,930	62,890	775,958	3,924,778	2,744,414	880,329	300,035
NewHamp.	1,742,747	67,818	42,505	1,853,070	1,334,417	445,479	73,174
NewJersey	(a)	(a)	(a)	38,882,110	29,843,237	8,070,538	968,335
New York	44,215,710	2,057,703	3,895,270	50,168,683	35,001,030	8,573,364	6,594,289
Ohio	83,309,560	4,719,307	4,092,784	92,121,651	h 78,792,664	(i)	13,328,987
Pa	90,151,526	2,701,886	6,666,506	99,519,918	j 86,694,994	10,382,782	2,442,142
Tennessee	9,663,913	378,504	3,388,348	b 13,425,765	k 10,144,093	l 2,551,372	730,300
Total	c402,327,299	c16,103,568	c32,351,757	d 489,659,734	m383,590,588	m66,052,460	40,016,686

a Not reported.
b This total, although $5,000 less than the sum of the items, is apparently correct.
c Not including amount for New Jersey not reported.
d See preceding notes.
e Including unearned premiums.
f Including profits in 2 associations.
g Profits in 2 associations included in dues paid in.
h Including profits.
i Profits included in dues paid in.
j Including items of premium, interest, and fines.
k Including matured shares in 1 and profits in 7 associations.
l Profits in 7 associations included in dues paid in.
m See preceding notes.

ASSOCIATIONS REPORTING, SHARES OUTSTANDING, AND ASSETS OF ASSOCIATIONS IN 14 STATES, JANUARY 1, 1893, AND 1895–96.

States.	Number of associations reporting.		Shares outstanding.		Assets.	
	1893.	1895-96.	Jan. 1, 1893.	1895-96.	Jan. 1, 1893.	1895-96.
California	133	147	391,222	362,856	$18,093,591	$21,470,300
Connecticut	15	13	18,266	55,912	477,345	1,931,663
Illinois	669	726	2,672,183	2,330,436	75,771,559	82,639,258
Indiana	445	501	573,263	814,811	26,623,795	34,347,023
Maine	29	33	33,472	42,817	1,375,227	2,469,884
Massachusetts	115	119	366,100	461,913	13,653,330	20,552,667
Missouri	366	288	465,388	299,663	35,841,560	26,352,955
Nebraska	70	78	51,567	70,615	3,073,563	3,924,778
New Hampshire	17	18	55,406	(a)	1,447,489	1,853,070
New Jersey	288	301	577,163	693,810	31,714,681	38,882,110
New York	418	361	1,294,746	1,414,166	33,008,552	50,168,683
Ohio	721	745	1,036,184	1,256,872	67,626,374	92,121,651
Pennsylvania	1,079	1,131	1,603,787	1,796,311	81,870,964	99,519,918
Tennessee	78	70	362,008	385,817	12,897,365	13,425,765
Total	4,443	4,531	9,500,755	b9,985,999	403,475,395	489,659,734

a Not reported. b Not including shares for New Hampshire not reported.

POSTAL SAVINGS BANKS.

In order to bring within the compass of a single report as much information and as many statistics as possible bearing upon the different kinds of banks and banking systems in the world, I herewith present such data as it has been possible to collect concerning postal savings banks. The system originated in the United Kingdom, and the establishing act, passed May 17, 1881, reads as follows:

CAP. XIV.—An act to grant additional facilities for depositing small savings at interest, with the security of the Government for due repayment thereof.

Whereas it is expedient to enlarge the facilities now available for the deposit of small savings, and to make the general post-office available for that purpose, and to give the direct security of the State to every such depositor for repayment of all monies so deposited by him, together with the interest due thereon:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same:

1. It shall be lawful for the postmaster-general, with the consent of the commissioners of Her Majesty's treasury, to authorize and direct such of his officers as he shall think fit to receive deposits for remittance to the principal office, and to repay the same, under such regulations as he, with the concurrence of the commissioners of Her Majesty's treasury, may prescribe in that respect.

2. Every deposit received by any officer of the postmaster-general appointed for that purpose shall be entered by him at the time in the depositor's book, and the entry shall be attested by him and by the dated stamp of his office, and the amount of such deposit shall, upon the day of such receipt, be reported by such officer to the postmaster-general, and the acknowledgment of the postmaster-general, signified by the officer whom he shall appoint for the purpose, shall be forthwith transmitted to the depositor, and the said acknowledgment shall be conclusive evidence of his claim to the repayment thereof, with the interest thereon, upon demand made by him on the postmaster-general; and, in order to allow a reasonable time for the receipt of said acknowledgment, the entry by the proper officer in the depositor's book shall also be conclusive evidence of title from ten days from the lodgment of the deposit; and if the said acknowledgment shall not have been received by the depositor through the post within ten days, and he shall before or upon the expiry thereof demand the said acknowledgment from the postmaster-general, then the entry in his book shall be conclusive evidence of title during another term of ten days, and toties quoties: *Provided always,* That such deposits shall not be of less amount than one shilling, nor of any sum not a multiple thereof.

3. On demand of the depositor or party legally authorized to claim on account of a depositor, made in such form as shall be prescribed in that behalf, for repayment of any deposit, or any part thereof, the authority of the postmaster-general for such repayment shall be transmitted to the depositor forthwith, and the depositor shall be absolutely entitled to repayment of any sum or sums that may be due to him within ten days at farthest after his demand shall be made at any post-office where deposits are received or paid.

4. The officers of the postmaster-general engaged in the receipt or payment of deposits shall not disclose the name of any depositor nor the amount deposited or withdrawn, except to the postmaster-general, or to such of his officers as may be appointed to assist in carrying this act into operation.

5. All monies so deposited with the postmaster-general shall forthwith be paid over to the commissioners for the reduction of the national debt; and all sums withdrawn by depositors, or by parties legally authorized to claim on account of depositors, shall be repaid to them out of the said monies, through the office of Her Majesty's postmaster-general.

6. If at any time the fund to be created under the authority of this act by the investment of the deposits shall be insufficient to meet the lawful claims of all depositors, it shall be lawful for the commissioners of Her Majesty's treasury, upon being duly informed thereof by the commissioners for the reduction of the national debt, to issue the amount of such deficiency out of the consolidated fund of the United Kingdom, or out of the growing produce thereof; and the said commissioners of Her Majesty's treasury shall certify such deficiency to Parliament.

7. The interest payable to the parties making such deposit shall be at the rate of two pounds ten shillings per centum per annum, but such interest shall not be calculated on any amount less than one pound or some multiple thereof, and not com-

mence until the first day of the calendar month next following the day of deposit, and shall cease on the first day of the calendar month in which such deposit is withdrawn.

8. Interest on deposits shall be calculated to the 31st day of December in every year, and shall be added to and become part of the principal money.

9. The monies remitted to the commissioners for the reduction of the national debt under the authority of this act shall be invested in some or in all of the securities in which the funds of savings banks established under the existing laws may be invested; and a separate and distinct account shall be kept by the said commissioners of all receipts, investments, sales, and repayments; and a balance sheet of such account from the first day of January to the thirty-first of December in every year shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament not latter than the thirty-first of March in every year.

10. If any depositor making deposit under this act shall desire to transfer the amount of such deposit to a savings bank established under the acts relating to savings banks, he shall, upon application to the chief office of the postmaster-general, be furnished with a certificate stating the whole amount which may be due to him, with interest, and thereupon his account under this act shall be closed; and upon delivery of such certificate to the trustees or managers of the savings bank to which it is proposed by the depositor to transfer such deposit they shall, if they think fit, open an account for the amount stated in such certificate for such depositor, who shall thereupon be subject to the rules of such savings bank; and the amount so transferred shall, upon such certificate being forwarded to the commissioners for the reduction of the national debt, be written off in the books of the said commissioners from the amount of monies received under the authority of this act, and shall be carried to the account of the savings bank to which such transfer shall have been made; and in like manner, if any depositor in a savings bank, established under the savings bank acts, shall desire to transfer the amount due to him, with interest, from such savings bank to the postmaster-general for deposit under the provisions of this act, the trustees or managers of such savings bank shall, upon his request, furnish such depositor with a certificate, in a form to be approved by the commissioners for the reduction of the national debt, signed by two trustees of such savings bank, and thereupon his account with such savings bank shall be closed, which certificate the depositor may deliver to any officer of the postmaster-general authorized to receive deposits under this act, and such certificate shall, for the amount therein set forth, be considered to be a deposit made under the authority of this act, and, being forwarded to the said commissioners, the said amounts shall then be transferred in the books of the said commissioners from the account of the said savings bank to the credit of the account of monies deposited under the authority of this act: *Provided always*, That nothing contained in this act respecting savings banks shall render it necessary to have the rules and regulations of any savings bank again certified if the same have been before certified according to law.

11. The postmaster-general, with the consent of the commissioners to Her Majesty's treasury, may make and, from time to time, as he shall see occasion, alter regulations for superintending, inspecting, and regulating the mode of keeping and examining the accounts of depositors, and with respect to the making of deposits and to the withdrawal of deposits and interest and all other matters incidental to the carrying this act into execution in his department, and all regulations so made shall be binding on the parties interested in the subject-matter thereof to the same extent as if such regulations formed part of this act; and copies of all regulations issued under the authority of this act shall be laid before both houses of Parliament within fourteen days from the date thereof, if Parliament shall be then sitting, and if not, then within fourteen days from the next reassembling of Parliament.

12. An annual account of all deposits received and paid under the authority of this act, and of the expenses incurred during the year ended the thirty-first of December, together with a statement of the total amount due at the close of the year to all depositors, shall be laid by the postmaster-general before both houses of Parliament not later than the thirty-first of March in every year.

13. The annual accounts of the postmaster-general, and of the commissioners for the reduction of the national debt, to the thirty-first of December in each year in respect to all monies deposited or invested under the authority of this act shall annually, prior to the thirty-first of March in each year, be submitted for examination and audit to the commissioners for auditing public accounts.

14. All the provisions of the acts now in force relating to savings banks as to matters for which no other provision is made by this act shall be deemed applicable to this act so far as the same are not repugnant thereto.

15. All expenses incurred in the execution of this act shall be paid out of the monies received under the authority of this act.

The operations of the system in the United Kingdom demand special attention for the further reason that the accumulations at last reports

amounted to about 48 per cent of the total deposits in postal savings banks of the world, and the number of depositors to nearly 40 per cent.

The growth of the system is remarkable when it is known that the rate of interest paid on deposits, 2½ per cent, is much below the average allowed on savings deposits in other countries, and that the investment of funds is confined mainly to Government securities. The rate of interest has remained unchanged, and interest ceases when principal and accrued interest of any one account amount to £200. In 1893 the amount receivable from any one depositor in one year was increased from £30 to £50. As a result, the increase in total deposits in 1894 and 1895 was about double the annual increase in prior years. The increase from December 31, 1893, to December 31, 1895 (latest returns), was about £28,500,000 (say $142,000,000). On this point a correspondent of the London Economist of date March 27, 1897, says:

> The investment of these millions has been the chief figure in raising the price of consols from 98½ to 112, a price at which they yield to the investor a present annual return of only £2 9s. per cent. * * * The treasury finds itself obliged to accept millions of money, repayable on demand, for which it has no employment, at 2½ per cent, a higher rate of interest than it could borrow at on perpetuities, and to the interest has to be added the expenses of management, so that the deposits are costing the post-office department £2 18s. 5½d. per cent, and can only be invested in securities to yield a return of £2 9s. per cent at present prices of consols. If the loss thus to arise were of small amount and was being incurred in the interest of the class for whose benefit savings banks were founded, there would be few, if any, to raise a voice against it. But in respect of post-office banks the loss (£3,791) is only at its commencement. * * * These institutions, it has to be remembered, were established for the safe custody and increase solely of the small savings of the industrial classes. But it has long been manifest that they are being utilized by classes of the community who have no claim to the special advantages which they afford to depositors.

The following statement by the correspondent referred to shows, by classes, the number of depositors and amount of deposits at the close of the year 1895:

Class.	Deposits not exceeding—	Deposits.		Depositors.	
		Amount.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.
A	£50	£35,306,192	36	5,858,191	90
B	100	23,967,268	24	346,463	6
C	200	38,595,515	40	248,943	4
Total		97,868,975		6,453,597	

It is noted that to 90 per cent of the depositors belong only about one-third of the deposits, the average deposit being only about $30. To the remaining 10 per cent belong two-thirds of the deposits, the average being about $525.

The same correspondent states that in view of the fact that deposits are increasing at the rate of about £10,000,000 annually, and that this increase is mainly in the accounts of depositors in the C class, "people who are presumably capable of taking care of their money without the paternal assistance of the Government and have no claim to have their banking accounts conducted for them at a loss to the public," there should be an immediate return to the £30 limit, and that the rate of interest on Class B accounts should be reduced to 2 per cent, and on Class C to 1¾ per cent; the 2½ per cent rate to continue on all deposits not exceeding £50 each.

In addition to investing depositors' funds in Government stocks, for which there are special regulations, the postmaster-general is empowered to insure the lives of persons of either sex for not less than £5 or

more than £100. An insurance may be effected by any person not over the age of 65 years or under 14, or if the amount does not exceed £5, not under 8 years of age. The postmaster-general is also empowered to grant immediate or deferred annuities for not less than £1 nor more than £100 to any person not under the age of 5 years. All premiums for life insurance or annuities are payable through the medium of the savings-bank deposit accounts and will be accepted in addition to ordinary deposits and deposits for immediate investment in Government stock. All persons insuring their lives or purchasing annuities necessarily become savings-bank depositors and their premiums are deducted from their deposits. (Senate Ex. Doc. No. 154, Fifty-fifth Congress, first session.)

The investments at the close of the year ended December 31, 1895, aggregated a trifle over $525,000,000, classified as follows: Consols, $337,118,355; stocks, $60,377,295; miscellaneous securities, $51,000,000; annuities, $46,540,565; treasury bills, $16,955,675; advances, $8,207,810; dividends accrued but not paid, $3,200,765; bonds, $1,625,625; balance in Bank of England, $294,930.

From the last (1896) annual report of the postmaster-general are taken the following tables, which show minutely the transactions of the post-office savings banks from 1886 to 1895, inclusive, the amount and character of securities held, and the balance sheet on December 31, 1895:

POST-OFFICE SAVINGS BANKS

I. *Table showing the business*

Year.	Number of post-office savings banks.	Number of deposits.	Amount of deposits.	Average amount of each deposit.	Interest credited to depositors.	Number of withdrawals.	Amount of withdrawals.	Average amount of each withdrawal.	Expenses of management.	Average cost of each transaction.	Number of accounts opened.
			£	£ s. d.	£		£	£ s. d.	£	d.	
1886.	8,351	*6,562,395	*15,696,852	2 7 10	1,169,590	†2,390,655	†13,689,943	5 14 6	‡290,555	‡7 $\frac{8}{10}$	758,270
1887.	8,720	*6,916,327	*16,535,932	2 7 10	1,244,074	†2,496,294	†14,680,279	5 17 7	‡288,418	‡7 $\frac{3}{10}$	794,592
1888.	9,022	*7,540,625	*19,052,226	2 10 6	1,332,838	†2,633,808	†15,802,735	6 0 0	‡326,990	‡7 $\frac{7}{10}$	887,460
1889.	9,353	*8,101,120	*19,814,308	2 8 11	1,443,186	†2,757,848	†16,814,268	6 1 11	‡336,954	‡7 $\frac{9}{10}$	924,010
1890.	9,681	*6,776,566	*20,990,692	2 7 10	1,553,355	†2,892,006	†17,908,860	6 3 10	‡326,394	‡6 $\frac{7}{10}$	997,283
1891.	10,063	*8,941,431	*21,334,903	2 7 9	1,658,148	†3,126,231	†19,019,856	6 1 8	‡343,614	‡6 $\frac{8}{10}$	992,155
1892.	10,519	*9,478,339	*22,845,031	2 8 2	1,746,263	†3,335,068	†20,346,217	6 2 0	‡354,008	‡6 $\frac{8}{10}$	1,036,622
1893.	11,018	*9,838,198	*24,649,024	2 10 1	1,860,104	†3,618,721	†21,764,566	6 0 3	‡367,566	‡6 $\frac{6}{10}$	1,027,160
1894.	11,323	*10,973,651	*30,439,449	2 15 6	2,015,903	†3,863,886	†23,786,927	6 3 1	‡414,557	‡6 $\frac{7}{10}$	1,135,525
1895.	11,518	*11,384,977	*32,078,660	2 16 4	2,222,545	†4,102,059	†25,698,296	6 5 3	‡414,625	‡6 $\frac{4}{10}$	1,153,236

* Including, as well as ordinary deposits, (*a*) deposits for immediate investment in stock; (*b*) amounts realized by sale of stock and stock certificates obtained, the amount when stock is sold or a stock certificate obtained being placed to the credit of the savings-bank account so as to be dealt with as a withdrawal; (*c*) dividends; (*d*) deposits for purchase of annuities and payment of insurance premiums, and (*e*) amounts credited to accounts in respect of sums payable to annuitants and insurants and their representatives. For particulars see statements of Government stock business and annuity and insurance business.

† Including, as well as ordinary withdrawals, (*a*) withdrawals for investment in stock, with commission; (*b*) withdrawals consequent on sale of stock and obtaining stock certificates, with commission and fees; (*c*) withdrawals for purchase of annuities and payment of insurance premiums, and (*d*) amounts paid to annuitants and insurants and their representatives. For particulars see statements of Government stock business and annuity and insurance business.

‡ The charges of management in 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, and 1895 include the sums of £28,212, £19,073, £40,988, £20,663, £752, £846, £832, £762, £33,631, and £2,386, respectively, for purchase of land, while the charges in 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, and 1895 also include £17,733, £7,751, £2,274, £3,446, £2,111, £1,774, and £21,502, respectively, for new buildings. Omitting these amounts, but adding interest at the rate of 5 per cent thereon, the cost per transaction will be in 1886, 7 $\frac{7}{10}$d.; in 1887, 6 $\frac{9}{10}$d.; in 1888, 6 $\frac{8}{10}$d.; in 1889, 6 $\frac{9}{10}$d.; in 1890, 6 $\frac{6}{10}$d.; in 1891, 6 $\frac{7}{10}$d.; in 1892, 6 $\frac{6}{10}$d.; in 1893, 6 $\frac{4}{10}$d.; in 1894, 6 $\frac{7}{10}$d., and in 1895, 6d., and the percentage of expenses to capital, 10s. 4¼d., 10s., 9s. 10d., 9s. 6¼d., 9s. 5d., 9s. 6d., 9s. 2½d., 9s. 0½d., 8s. 6¼d., and 8s., respectively. Prior to the passing of the post-office savings-bank act, 1861, it was estimated (see Parliamentary Paper No. 523, 1861) that the average cost of each transaction would be 7d.

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done during the last ten years.

Number of accounts closed.	Number of accounts remaining open at close of the year.	Amount, inclusive of interest, standing to credit of all open accounts at close of the year.	Average amount standing to credit of each open account at close of the year.	Rate per cent of expenses of management to total amount standing to credit of depositors.	Total sum standing to credit of post-office savings banks on books of national debt commissioners at close of the year.	Balance in hands of Postmaster-General after making provision for outstanding warrants at close of the year.	Estimated value of the Central Savings Bank premises in Queen Victoria street.	Total value of assets applicable to payment of depositors at close of the year.	Number, at close of the year, of old savings banks and post-office banks combined.	Number, at close of the year, of depositors in old savings banks and post-office banks combined.
		£	£ s. d.	s. d.	£	£	£	£		
562,499	3,731,421	50,874,338	13 12 8	11 5	52,074,387	272,263	154,000	52,500,650	8,756	5,322,225
574,252	3,951,761	53,974,065	13 13 2	10 8¼	56,248,599	322,553	174,000	56,745,152	9,120	5,556,371
618,294	4,220,927	58,556,394	13 17 5	11 2	60,860,563	266,071	219,000	61,345,634	9,404	5,800,473
637,128	4,507,809	62,999,520	13 19 6	10 8¼	64,786,212	253,615	257,000	65,296,827	9,699	6,059,403
677,778	4,827,314	67,634,807	14 0 3	9 7¾	68,954,754	155,673	266,000	69,376,477	10,005	6,363,096
701,074	5,118,395	71,608,002	13 19 10	9 7	72,417,045	173,982	269,000	72,860,027	10,366	6,628,677
702,701	5,452,316	75,853,079	13 18 3	9 4	78,123,988	176,056	273,000	78,573,044	10,800	6,954,236
731,237	5,748,239	80,597,641	14 0 5	9 1½	82,857,668	415,073	276,000	83,548,771	11,285	7,219,385
775,001	6,108,763	89,266,066	14 12 3	9 3¼	94,497,364	497,743	312,000	95,307,107	11,580	7,579,709
808,462	6,453,597	97,868,975	15 3 4	8 5¼	105,064,203	381,181	336,000	105,784,384	11,763	7,969,826

GOVERNMENT

II.—*Table showing the business*

Year.	Number of stock accounts opened.	Number of stock accounts closed.	Number of stock accounts remaining open at close of the year.	Number of investments.	Number of sales.	Number of stock certificates obtained.	Number of transfers to the Bank of England.	Amount of money invested.	Amount of commission.	Amount of Bank of England fees.	Amount of stock bought.
								£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£
1886...	9,653	4,945	35,305	16,563	8,918	59	.....	845,606	1,725 17 6	7 6 0	841,121
1887...	10,669	5,704	40,270	18,204	10,216	50	.....	927,614	1,917 1 0	5 10 0	915,047
1888...	11,629	8,575	43,324	19,413	11,459	44	36	996,217	2,168 2 6	5 2 0	1,003,164
1889*b*	11,261	7,592	46,993	19,766	11,882	27	126	985,352	2,168 8 3	3 9 0	1,003,368
1890...	14,606	10,536	51,063	22,385	12,096	28	204	1,089,257	2,332 12 6	4 0 0	1,125,310
1891...	11,516	7,494	55,085	20,841	12,500	28	258	989,293	2,332 9 0	3 17 0	1,025,310
1892...	14,110	8,356	60,839	23,976	13,727	27	360	1,234,398	2,745 7 6	3 14 0	1,264,104
1893...	17,195	8,903	69,131	29,298	15,283	26	427	1,533,027	3,218 13 0	3 2 0	1,544,506
1894...	13,188	11,015	71,304	23,532	18,315	12	159	1,650,875	3,227 8 6	1 7 0	1,625,674
1895...	9,725	12,080	68,949	18,090	19,608	17	164	1,185,720	2,837 0 0	3 2 0	1,112,568

a Dividends on 3 per cent stock converted paid quarterly instead of half yearly.

STOCKS.

done during the last ten years.

Average amount of each purchase of stock.	Amount of stock sold.	Average amount of each sale of stock.	Amount realized by sale of stock.	Amount of stock certificates obtained.	Amount of transfers to the Bank of England.	Amount of stock transferred from old savings banks.	Amount of stock transferred to old savings banks.	Number of dividends credited to stockholders.	Amount of dividends credited to stockholders.	Amount of stock remaining to credit of stockholders at close of the year.	Average amount of stock remaining to credit of each stock account at close of the year.
£ s. d.	£	£ s. d.	£	£	£	£	£		£	£	£ s. d.
50 15 8	389,965	43 14 6	392,053	7,300	.....	1,181	348	65,339	77,908	2,896,941	82 1 1
50 5 4	462,785	45 6 0	469,656	5,500	.....	2,430	1,027	74,748	91,169	3,345,106	83 1 4
51 13 6	573,304	50 0 7	572,113	5,100	6,420	23,079	912	a127,918	110,878	3,785,611	87 7 7
50 15 3	605,359	50 18 11	535,631	3,450	21,931	18,154	760	171,270	114,460	4,175,634	88 17 1
50 5 5	590,907	48 17 0	573,168	4,000	37,490	6,819	271	189,109	118,326	c4,680,168	91 13 1
49 3 11	607,637	48 12 2	583,658	3,850	42,778	36,991	438	207,970	131,913	5,087,766	92 7 3
52 14 5	688,385	50 2 11	668,689	3,700	67,417	6,776	124	223,538	142,760	5,599,020	92 0 7
52 14 4	711,468	46 11 1	704,329	3,100	72,960	9,036	540	251,625	169,270	6,364,494	92 1 3
69 1 8	978,091	53 8 0	993,459	1,350	22,774	41,220	976	279,362	183,179	7,028,197	98 11 4
61 10 0	1,163,930	59 7 2	1,238,491	3,100	27,611	4,477	653	282,099	193,605	6,949,948	100 16 0

b In 1889 856 persons holding £59,975 redemption money under the provisions of the national debt redemption act 1889 were paid off, and £4,114 of the amount was reinvested free of commission in one or other of the new Government stocks.

c In April, 1890, the residue of redemption money amounting to £248,532 was reinvested in 2¾ per cent consolidated stock at 98, this being the final operation connected with the conversion scheme. The balance of stock was thus increased by £5,072.

ANNUITIES AND LIFE INSURANCES.

III.—*Table showing the business done during the last ten years.*

Year.	ANNUITIES.											LIFE INSURANCES.					
	Immediate.					Deferred.						Contracts entered into.		Receipts.		Payments.	
	Contracts entered into.		Receipts.	Payments.		Contracts entered into.		Receipts.		Payments.							
	No.	Amount of annuities.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount of annuities.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount of insurances.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount of claims on death and surrender.
1886	823	£17,388	£211,570	16,234	£153,878	87	£1,772	859	£10,510	246	£3,122	506	£34,188	12,187	£12,623	158	£5,942
1887	912	19,299	234,174	16,556	164,546	90	1,628	869	9,721	264	5,020	585	36,168	12,069	13,492	182	5,976
1888	995	23,404	286,762	17,050	178,160	138	2,719	900	10,853	301	3,877	580	34,819	12,016	14,121	190	5,538
1889	988	23,361	292,846	17,537	193,140	131	2,858	934	11,464	343	4,097	671	32,832	12,275	15,112	343	7,473
1890	948	21,956	273,578	17,976	206,422	116	2,527	914	14,283	412	4,644	468	25,466	11,799	14,422	196	6,841
1891	968	23,673	296,882	18,195	217,595	142	2,183	959	12,578	475	6,341	529	28,930	11,627	15,073	232	8,561
1892	1,157	28,155	355,723	18,523	230,370	214	4,253	1,096	15,360	478	6,932	1,983	80,307	15,517	16,099	190	7,354
1893	1,420	36,746	461,599	19,344	251,474	159	3,091	1,297	16,148	535	8,070	853	44,000	19,365	17,227	228	9,226
1894	1,565	41,495	540,277	20,418	275,243	164	3,772	1,283	17,202	600	9,130	1,128	56,010	20,107	18,229	291	9,641
1895	1,898	49,816	665,363	21,911	305,712	169	4,038	1,300	23,863	646	8,957	720	38,358	20,903	19,140	290	9,861

IV. TABLE SHOWING THE NUMBER AND AMOUNT OF CONTRACTS ENTERED INTO FROM THE COMMENCEMENT OF BUSINESS ON 17TH OF APRIL, 1865, TO THE 31ST OF DECEMBER, 1895, AND THE NUMBER AND AMOUNT OF CONTRACTS IN EXISTENCE ON THE 31ST OF DECEMBER, 1895.

	Contracts entered into—				Total.	
	From April 17, 1865, to Dec. 31, 1894.		From Jan. 1, 1895, to Dec. 31, 1895.			
	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.
Contracts for annuities entered into from the commencement of business on April 17, 1865, to Dec. 31, 1895, viz, immediate annuities	24,489	£ 449,699 7 0	1,898	£ 49,816 3 10	26,387	£ 499,515 10 10
Deferred annuities and monthly allowances; money not returnable	765	13,354 10 6	57	1,252 11 0	822	14,607 1 6
Deferred annuities and monthly allowances; money returnable	1,637	35,171 4 0	112	2,785 10 6	1,749	37,956 14 6
Contracts for sums payable at death entered into from the commencement of business on April 17, 1865, to Dec. 31, 1895	15,122	983,380 5 4	720	38,358 9 0	15,842	1,021,738 14 4
Contracts for annuities in existence on Dec. 31, 1895, viz, immediate annuities					14,727	336,614 1 0
Deferred annuities and monthly allowances; money not returnable					713	12,495 4 0
Deferred annuities and monthly allowances; money returnable					995	21,298 13 6
Contracts for sums payable at death in existence on Dec. 31, 1895					10,024	616,522 7 2

V. RETURN OF BALANCE SHEETS OF POST-OFFICE SAVINGS BANKS ON DEC. 31, 1895, SHOWING BALANCE DUE DEPOSITORS, ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF EXPENSES REMAINING UNPAID, VALUE OF SECURITIES ACCORDING TO AVERAGE PRICE OF THE DAY ON DEC. 31, 1895, AMOUNT OF CASH IN HAND AND DIVIDENDS ACCRUED BUT NOT RECEIVED AT END OF YEAR, AND SURPLUS OR DEFICIENCY OF FUNDS TO MEET LIABILITIES (SO FAR AS RELATES TO NATIONAL DEBT OFFICE).

Securities standing in the names of the commissioners for the reduction of the national debt on account of the post-office savings-banks fund.	Amount.	Value of securities at price of Dec. 31, 1895.	Dividends accrued but not received at the end of the year.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
2¾ per cent consols	54,485,191 15 7	58,026,729 0 0	352,044 19 11
2½ percents	9,079,170 15 8	9,396,942 0 0	53,660 17 3
Local loans 3 per cent stock	10,977,690 5 1	12,075,459 0 0	77,858 1 6
2¾ per cent annuities (1905)	75,000 0 0	78,469 0 0	487 12 1
Book debt, per act 55 and 56 Vict., c. 26	10,200,000 0 0	10,200,000 0 0	66,313 17 2
Egyptian guaranteed 3 per cent bonds	303,500 0 0	325,124 0 0	.....
Treasury bills	3,482,900 0 0	3,391,135 0 0	80,817 11 4
Advances per 43 Vict., c. 4; 43 and 44 Vict., c. 14, and 45 and 46 Vict., c. 62, repayable by Irish Land Commission, per 44 and 45 Vict., c. 71	850,000 0 0	850,000 0 0	.....
Advance under British Museum (purchase of land) act, 1894, 57 and 58 Vict., c. 34, s. 1	200,000 0 0	200,000 0 0	1,418 9 6
Annuity for a term of years in lieu of annuities converted per national debt act, 1883, 46 and 47 Vict., c. 54, s. 5, and national debt act, 1885, 48 and 49 Vict., c. 43	321,918 0 0	*a* 2,566,322 0 0	.....
Annuities for terms of years in lieu of stock canceled per national debt act, 1883, 46 and 47 Vict., c. 54; national debt act, 1885, 48 and 49 Vict., c. 43, and national debt and local loans act, 1887, 50 and 51 Vict., c. 16	574,570 0 0	*ab* 4,071,035 0 0	.....
Annuity for a term of years granted to repay advances per 32 and 33 Vict., c. 42, payable by Irish Land Commission per 44 and 45 Vict., c. 71	138,800 0 0	*a* 652,660 0 0	.....

a Value, inclusive of interest, to Dec. 31, 1895.

b Cash value (at the price of consols on Dec. 31, 1895) of the amount of 2¾ per cent consols, estimated to have been unreplaced at Dec. 31, 1895, out of the amount of stock originally canceled in exchange for these annuities. (Act 54 and 55 Vict., c. 24.)

V. RETURN OF BALANCE SHEETS OF POST-OFFICE SAVINGS BANKS ON DEC. 31, 1895, SHOWING BALANCE DUE DEPOSITORS, ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF EXPENSES REMAINING UNPAID, VALUE OF SECURITIES ACCORDING TO AVERAGE PRICE OF THE DAY ON DEC. 31, 1895, AMOUNT OF CASH ON HAND AND DIVIDENDS ACCRUED BUT NOT RECEIVED AT END OF YEAR, AND SURPLUS OR DEFICIENCY OF FUNDS TO MEET LIABILITIES (SO FAR AS RELATES TO NATIONAL DEBT OFFICE)—Continued.

Securities standing in the names of the commissioners for the reduction of the national debt on account of the post-office savings-banks fund.	Amount.	Value of securities at price of Dec. 31, 1895.	Dividends accrued but not received at the end of the year.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Annuity for a term of years per national debt act, 1884, 47 Vict., c. 2, s. 2	35,121 0 0	a250,101 0 0	.....
Annuities for terms of years per 46 Vict., c. 1, s. 2	6,398 8 6	a40,007 0 0	.....
Red Sea and India telegraph annuity, expiring Aug. 4, 1908	3,100 0 0	34,100 0 0	.....
Annuities for terms of years granted to repay advances under imperial defense act, 1888, 51 and 52 Vict., c. 32	60,431 16 0	a282,976 0 0	.....
Annuity for a term of years granted to repay advance under Russian Dutch loan act, 1891, 54 and 55 Vict., c. 26	35,176 18 0	a330,227 0 0	.....
Annuities for terms of years granted to repay advances under telegraph act, 1892, 55 and 56 Vict., c. 59	19,078 18 0	a256,837 0 0	.....
Annuities for terms of years granted to repay advances under public accounts and charges act, 1891, 54 and 55 Vict., c. 24, s. 4	55,108 4 0	a387,285 0 0	.....
Annuity for a term of years granted to repay advances under barracks act, 1890, 53 and 54 Vict., c. 25	13,576 17 0	a164,186 0 0	.....
Annuities for terms of years granted to repay advances made under the pensions commutation act, 34 and 35 Vict., c. 36	36,433 6 0	a193,908 0 0	.....
Advances under pensions commutation act, 34 and 35 Vict., c. 36, during year ended Dec. 31, 1895, in respect of which an annuity had not been granted	31,561 13 0	31,562 0 0	521 1 7
Advances under public accounts and charges act, 1891, 54 and 55 Vict., c. 24, s. 4, during year ended Dec. 31, 1895, in respect of which an annuity had not been granted	40,000 0 0	40,000 0 0	937 16 1
Advances under telegraph act, 1892, 55 and 56 Vict., c. 59, during year ended Dec. 31, 1895, in respect of which an annuity had not been granted	145,000 0 0	145,009 0 0	2,644 2 0
Advances under naval works act, 1895, 58 and 59 Vict., c. 35, during year ended Dec. 31, 1895, in respect of which an annuity had not been granted	375,000 0 0	375,000 0 0	3,445 0 8
Total	.....	104,365,064 0 0	640,153 9 1
Add value of securities	.....	.....	104,365,064 0 0
Cash balance in Bank of England	.....	.....	58,986 0 3
Total	.....	.....	105,064,203 9 4

a Value, inclusive of interest, to Dec. 31, 1895.

G. W. HERVEY, *Comptroller-General.*

NATIONAL DEBT OFFICE, *June 6, 1896.*

VI. Balance Sheet.

Return of balance sheets of post-office savings banks for 1895, showing balance due depositors, amount of expenses remaining unpaid, value of securities according to average price of the day on December 31, 1895, amount of cash in hand and dividends accrued but not received at end of year, etc., and surplus of assets over liabilities.

LIABILITIES.	£	s.	d.
Balance due to depositors on Dec. 31, 1895 (including interest)	97,868,974	15	5
Amount of expenses remaining unpaid (partly estimated)	29,750	7	10
Surplus of assets over liabilities	7,885,658	19	10
Total	105,784,384	3	1

ASSETS.	£	s.	d.
Value of securities according to the average price of the day on Dec. 31, 1895	105,005,217	9	1
Amount of cash in hands of commissioners for the reduction of the national debt	58,986	0	3
	105,064,203	9	4
Amount in the hands of Her Majesty's postmaster-general.	457,089	15	0
Less amount required to meet warrants issued to depositors but not cashed on Dec. 31, 1895.	72,909	1	3
	384,180	13	9
Value of the Central Savings bank premises in Queen Victoria street, E. C.	336,000	0	0
Total	105,784,384	3	1

	£	s.	d.
Total amount received from depositors, including interest, to Dec. 31, 1895	445,005,805	4	8
Total amount repaid to depositors to Dec. 31, 1895	347,136,830	9	3

Number of transactions:	
Deposits	163,601,652
Withdrawals	57,308,157
Number of accounts:	
Opened	20,457,018
Closed	14,003,421
Remaining open	6,453,597

The total number of transactions, i. e., deposits and withdrawals, from the commencement of post-office savings-bank business to the end of the year 1895 was 220,909,809.

The sums of £126,279 14s. 11d., £147,116 16s. 0d., £77,787 12s. 1d., £125,345 4s. 11d., £144,879 3s. 11d., £145,799 10s. 1d., £123,139 0s. 1d., £93,794 10s. 2d., £93,040 11s. 5d., £64,608 15s. 11d., £67,001 13s. 3d., £78,805 8s. 9d., £72,495 1s. 8d., £36,050 9s. 4d., £65,662 12s. 2d., £51,117 19s. 2d., £29,922 8s. 3d., £35,100 9s. 10d., and £3,836 10s. 3d. have been paid into the exchequer out of the funds of the post-office savings banks in the years 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, and 1895, respectively, under sec. 14 of the act 40 Vict., c. 13, being the excess of interest which had accrued during the years 1876, 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, and 1894. The sum of £218,145, the cost of the site of the new savings bank buildings in Queen Victoria street, and £111,119 toward the cost of the new building, have been paid for out of the funds of the post-office savings banks.

Referring to Table I, it is noted that between 1886 and 1895 the number of banks increased from 8,351 to 11,518; number of deposits from 6,562,395 to 11,384,977; number of accounts opened, from 3,731,421 to 6,453,597; deposits, from £50,874,338 to £97,868,975; average account, from £13 12s. 8d. to £15 3s. 4d.; assets, from £52,500,650 to £105,784,384. The cost of each transaction declined between the same periods from $7\frac{4}{5}$d. to $6\frac{2}{5}$d., and the per cent of expenses to deposits from 11s. 5d. to 8s. $5\frac{1}{2}$d.

Tables II and III set forth, from 1886 to 1895, the transactions in Government stocks and annuities and life insurances; Table IV, number and amount of contracts entered into since 1865; Table V, character and amount of securities, and Table VI the balance sheet for the year 1895.

The London Bankers' Magazine of November, 1897, contains a brief synopsis of the last annual report (just issued) of the postmaster-general relative to the postal savings banks of the United Kingdom for the year ended on December 31, 1896. On that date the deposits aggregated £108,098,641, an addition during the year of £10,229,666, an increase unparalleled in the history of the postal savings banks. The number of accounts opened during the year was 408,438, against 344,834 in 1895. The total number of accounts at the close of 1896 was nearly 7,000,000. It is stated that about 60½ per cent of the depositors consist of women and children. The average sum to the credit of each account at the end of the year was £15 15s. 1d., against £15 3s. 4d. in 1895. The balance sheet shows a loss on the work of the department during the year of about £32,000. Since the organization of the system the Government has lost but £10,000 through fraud, default, and accident.

The postal savings-bank system is also in operation in France, Netherlands, Sweden, Austria, Hungary, Italy, India, Canada, and in a number of English colonies, but nowhere does it attain the importance, either in magnitude of transactions or relatively to other savings institutions in those countries, that it does in the United Kingdom and its dependencies.

In France the system was established in 1882. Its growth has been so rapid that in volume of deposits it stands second to the United Kingdom, though in number of depositors it is third, being exceeded by Italy. The minimum deposit received is 50 centimes and the maximum 1,500 francs. All deposits are paid over to the Caisse des Depôts et Consignations, a Government board acting as official trustee. Deposits are invested mainly in Government securities, but to some extent in municipal stocks, mortgage bonds, real estate and other loans. The interest rate is 2¾ per cent. At the close of 1895 the accounts numbered 2,488,075; deposits, $150,000,000, approximately, and the average deposit about $60.

Italy, states Mr. H. W. Wolff, in the Journal of the Royal Statistical Society for June, 1897, is the original home of savings banks, the Monti di Pieta, nominally pawn shops, but which transacted general banking business and received and invested savings deposits. It was not until 1875, however, that the postal saving system, based on that of the United Kingdom, was called into existence. At the close of 1895 the banks numbered 4,763, over 90 per cent of the total number of saving institutions in the country, having 2,896,768 accounts and about $90,000,000 deposits, the average being about $31. There are no deposit limits, and interest is paid at the rate of 3 per cent.

On May 28, 1882, was enacted legislation establishing postal saving banks in the Austro-Hungarian Empire, the act taking effect on the 1st day of the following January. Herewith is given a translation of the act, the ministerial decree establishing the board of council, and an article relative to the act from the Neue Freie Presse of October 14, 1882. These translations are reprinted from Senate Doc. No. 154, Fifty-fifth Congress, first session.

LAW OF MAY 28, 1882, REGARDING THE INTRODUCTION OF POSTAL SAVINGS BANKS IN THE COUNTRIES REPRESENTED IN THE REICHSRATH.

With the consent of both houses of the Reichsrath I am pleased to order as follows:

ARTICLE 1. Under the administration and security of the state there will be established in Vienna a Government savings bank, belonging to the department of the minister of commerce and subject to the postmaster-general, under the title "K. K. Postsparcassen-Amt" (Imperial Royal Postal Savings Bank).

The sphere of action, organizing, and number of persons employed will be made known by special decree.

As depositories of the postal savings banks shall serve the post-offices designated for this purpose by the minister of commerce in the countries represented in the Reichsrath.

The postal savings bank is charged with the administration and carrying out of the business specified by this law; it represents publicly to this end the State Government.

For rendering advice as well as for proposals in matters which concern the postal savings banks a board of council will be established.

The regulations concerning the formation of this board as well as the rules governing its sphere of action will be made known by special decree.

ART. 2. The postal savings bank receives the deposits made at the post-offices and pays out again deposits notified for withdrawal through the post-offices.

ART. 3. All deposits in excess of the current expenses will be invested at interest by the savings bank. Interest on deposits will be procured by purchase of Austrian Government securities paying interest.

ART. 4. Interest, as well as the total expenses of administration and other outlays, will be defrayed from the proceeds of the savings thus invested.

As long as these proceeds are not sufficient to pay the interest and the expenses of administration, the deficit, as well as the expenses of establishing the institution, will be covered by loans advanced by the post-office department.

These loans are to be repaid to the post-office department out of realized surpluses at the close of the fiscal year, without any interest.

The surplus remaining after the redemption of the above-mentioned loans will be used for the formation of a reserve fund.

ART. 5. Every depositor will receive from the post-office where he makes his first deposit a deposit book, in which is entered every deposit made, amount drawn out, and amount of capitalized interest. Each subsequent deposit can be entered in the book at whatever post-office it is made.

The person in whose favor the deposit was made will be regarded as the depositor. The deposit book will be given free of charge and is exempt from stamp duty.

The postal savings bank will open an account with every depositor.

ART. 6. The deposit book will bear the name of the person for whom the deposit was made and contain the memoranda necessary to the identity of the same, as well as the signature of the depositor.

Depositors who can not write must bring with them a reliable person who can vouch for the identity of the depositor and sign the deposit book in his stead.

A transfer of the deposit book to another person will be considered valid only when the act of transfer has taken place before a post-office official authorized by the postal savings bank.

When this is done, the person to whom the transfer was made will be regarded as the owner of the deposit book. (Article 21, line 3.)

Minors likewise are entitled to make deposits, independently, and to draw out money, provided the legal guardian makes no written protest at the postal savings bank against it.

In case a deposit book is lost, a duplicate will be issued in accordance with the provision prescribed in article 14.

For one and the same person only one postal savings bank deposit book can be issued.

Whoever takes out two or more deposit books loses the interest on the capital inscribed in the second book or in those issued subsequently. If, however, the total amount of the deposits in two or more deposit books which the depositor had caused to be issued exceeds 1,000 florins, or if the depositor had deposited more than 300 florins within one year in the two or more books issued to him, then will the depositor lose, in the first case, that part of the capital which surpasses 1,000 florins, and in the second case the part of the capital which surpasses 300 florins.

The minister of commerce is authorized, for reasons worthy of consideration, to remit the loss of capital resulting from the foregoing clause.

The post-office employees are prohibited from giving information to anyone whomsoever, except to their superiors, concerning the names of depositors and amounts paid in by them.

ART. 7. Each deposit must amount to at least 50 kreuzers or a multiple of 50 kreuzers. The total amount deposited in one year shall not exceed three hundred florins, after deducting the sums which have been drawn out during the year.

The amount due to a depositor, in deposits made and interest on capital, shall not exceed the sum of 1,000 florins after deducting the amounts which have been drawn out.

Deposits to the amount of 50 kreuzers may be made in postage stamps or in special postal savings marks as soon as the issue of such by the minister of commerce takes

place. They must be pasted upon blank forms, which will be furnished free of charge.

ART. 8. The rate of interest for deposits is fixed at 3 per centum per annum. The rate of interest can be changed only by legislation.

ART. 9. The interest on the deposits begins on the 1st and 16th of the month following the day the deposit was made, and ends on the last or 15th of the month preceding the day on which the notice of withdrawal was received at the post-office in Vienna. Amounts of less than one florin will not bear interest. On the 31st of December of each year the interest will be added to the capital, and will likewise henceforth bear interest.

For calculations of interest, the month will be taken at thirty days.

The officially prepared table of interest will be posted up publicly at the places for collection (post-offices).

ART. 10. An amount exceeding the sum of 1,000 florins will not bear interest.

ART. 11. The office of the postal savings bank is obliged to notify the depositor by registered letter to reduce his capital as soon as the deposits and capitalized interest of a depositor exceeds 1,000 florins. If the depositor has not reduced his credit during the month following this notice, there will be purchased for his account, after the lapse of this period, Government bonds of the common state debt, paying interest in paper to the nominal value of 200 florins at the current rate of exchange, of which proceeding the depositor will be notified.

No interest will be paid for the time which elapses between giving notice and the period when the reduction of the credit of a depositor takes place.

In case the respective depositor shall not have taken possession of the securities bought for his account, the office of the postal savings bank shall draw the interest of these bonds which are in its keeping, and place it as a new deposit to the credit of the respective depositor in the books of the institution.

A book shall be issued to the depositor for such Government bonds as are deposited for him in the office of the postal savings bank.

ART. 12. At the wish of the depositor, and in accordance with the sufficiency of his credit, may the deposits be devoted to the purchase of Austrian Government securities.

ART. 13. The repayment of the credit, or a part of the same, to the depositor or to his legal successor or attorney shall take place upon a notice of withdrawal, which may be done at any place of collection (post-office) designated by the party giving notice.

The payment is made at the place of collection designated in the notice (post-office) on presentation of the deposit book, by virtue of an order from the office of the postal savings bank, except in cases where the provisions as mentioned in article 14 are applicable, or where a protest which has been made (articles 6 and 17) prevents it.

Notified amounts up to 10 florins will be ordered by the office of the postal savings bank to be paid at the places of collection (post-offices) by return of mail, and will be cashed immediately after arrival of the order of the office of the postal savings bank.

The payment of amounts between 10 and 100 florins will take place at the latest in fifteen days; that of amounts between 100 and 500 at the latest in a month; that of amounts above 500 florins at the latest in two months after the arrival of the notice.

ART. 14. If a deposit book is lost, the following proceedings take place: The owner, in order to obtain a duplicate, shall immediately inform the office of the postal savings bank, either direct or through the nearest place of collection, of the loss, with the most accurate description possible of the marks of the book.

The office of the postal savings banks shall note immediately upon its books a memorandum, to the end that for the present payment upon the lost deposit book may be made to no one. At the same time the office of the postal savings banks shall publicly post up at the post-office which issued the lost book, and at that one to which the book would perhaps be presented, an edict by which all are reminded that after the expiration of one month from the date of publication, if within that time no claim for the lost book was made, it will be declared null and void, and a new book will be issued.

If no claim is made within a month, a duplicate will be issued by the office of the postal savings banks on payment of 10 kreuzers, and the deposit book which was lost will be declared as null and void. If a claim is established within a month, the office of the postal savings bank must refer the party to the proper judge for decision, and neither permit the issue of a duplicate nor allow any disposition of the lost book to be made until judgment in regard to the claim set up has been given by competent authority.

ART. 15. The provisions of paragraph 1480 of the common civil law, according to which demands of arrears of interest cease after a lapse of three years, will not be applied to deposits made in the postal savings banks. In regard to the prescription of postal-savings-bank deposits, the general provisions of the common law are in force.

Deposits falling under the law of prescription revert to the post-office department. Prescription is interrupted by every new deposit, by every notice of withdrawal, and by every entry of interest on the deposit book.

ART. 16. The Government securities purchased by the administrators or at the request of the depositor and held in safe-keeping by the savings bank shall revert to the post-office department if no one applies during forty years either for the securities themselves or for the interest, or if the depositor has never during that length of time made any other application whatever to the postal savings bank concerning the capital or the interest.

ART. 17. Deposits made in the postal savings banks, as well as deposit books, are neither subject to attachment nor can they be mortgaged. Neither is the executive surrender of a postal-savings-bank deposit book admissible. These provisions have no application in regard to the books issued for purchased state *rentes*, as mentioned in articles 11 and 12.

If a depositor is in bankruptcy, the administrator is empowered to give notice to the postal savings bank to draw out and receipt for the balance to his credit.

A protest against the return payment of deposits can receive consideration only in a case of a suit at law for the ownership of the deposit book or under the presumption mentioned in article 6. Such a protest must be made in writing, addressed to the office of the postal savings bank in Vienna, accompanied by the proofs necessary to form a judgment.

ART. 18. The reserve fund, the immediate purpose of which is to cover possible losses which the postal savings bank may possibly encounter, is to be formed by depositing the surpluses which have remained at the close of the fiscal year, after deduction of defrayed interest, expenses of administration, and other outlays, and the return of advances made by the post-office department.

The reserve fund is gradually to be increased until it reaches 5 per centum of the total amount of deposits. It shall not, however, exceed 2,000,000 florins, Austrian currency.

ART. 19. The sums forming the reserve fund are to be invested at interest, and the occasional profits will be added to the reserve fund until the latter has reached the fixed maximum.

When the reserve fund has reached the prescribed limit, the entire surplus will be accredited receipts to the post-office department.

ART 20. The office of the postal savings banks will render due accounts of all deposits made at the places of collection (post-offices), and will be controlled by the chief comptroller.

At the end of every calendar year the minister of commerce will report to both houses of the Reichsrath the general condition of and the business done by the postal savings banks and will cause it to be published in the official part of the Wiener Zeitung.

The office of the postal savings banks will periodically publish in the Wiener Zeitung the condition of the institution.

ART. 21. The correspondence of the office of the postal savings banks and employés with the depositors is free of postage.

The income of the postal savings banks is free from taxes. The deposits addressed to the office of the postal savings banks, to the officers and employés by depositors or by persons empowered by them, as well as the documents for a transfer, as mentioned in article 6, are free from taxes and stamps, and the interest on the deposits is exempt from income tax or any tax taking its place.

ART. 22. The time when the office of the postal savings banks in Vienna and the places of collections will commence operations will be fixed by the minister of commerce.

ART. 23. The minister of commerce is intrusted with carrying out of this law.

Schönbrunn, May 28, 1882.

FRANCIS JOSEPH.
TAAFE.
PINO.

THE BOARD OF COUNCIL OF THE POSTAL SAVINGS BANK.

First. The board of council established by virtue of article 1 of the law of May 28, 1882, shall be an advisory body to the minister of commerce in regard to the business of the office of the postal savings banks.

Second. The board of council consists of nine members, viz:

1. A president, nominated by His Majesty the Emperor, for the term of five years.
2. Four experts, nominated by the minister of commerce from the industrial and mercantile classes.
3. Three Government officials in active service, nominated likewise by the minister of commerce.
4. The director of the imperial royal office of the postal savings bank.

Third. Two members, experts, taken from the industrial and mercantile classes, and one member taken from among the Government officers, will go out each year according to the turn established in the first year by drawing lots. In the places of those whose term of office has expired, the board of council will elect two members from the industrial and mercantile classes of the population, and the minister of commerce will nominate a new member from the ranks of Government officials. The ex-members of the board of council can be reelected, respectively renominated. The minister of commerce has the right to dissolve the board of council at any time, in which case, however, he will take pains that an immediate formation of a new board takes place.

Fourth. Members who die or are lost to the board of council by other means are replaced in the same manner and at the same time in the category to which they belonged as if they had left in the turn decided by lot.

Fifth. The members of the board must have their domicile in Vienna, with exception of the president and two members taken from the technical men of the industrial and mercantile circles, whose domicile is not limited to Vienna.

Sixth. As members of the board of council can be elected, only such persons who, by virtue of the law of April 2, 1873, R. G. B. No. 41, are eligible to the Reichsrath (paragraphs 19 and 20).

Members who, during their term of office, should lose their right to be elected are to be regarded as members whose term of office has expired.

Seventh. The board of council shall meet in the rooms of the office of the postal savings bank by invitation of the president presiding. In case the president be prevented from being present, the minister of commerce shall nominate a deputy for the time of prevention.

Eighth. The regular annual meeting of the board of council shall take place after the yearly balance has been struck by the office of the postal savings bank—that is to say, upon communication from the director to the president. Aside from this, the board of council shall meet as often as the minister of commerce orders, the director desires, or at least four members of the board demand it. The respective communications are to be addressed to the president. Upon invitation of the presiding officer, functionaries of the ministry of commerce or other persons may be invited as experts. These experts have no right to vote.

Ninth. Those members of the board of council who are not Government officials shall lay their affirmation into the hands of the minister of commerce.

The office of a member of the board of council is honorary and without remuneration. Those members who reside outside Vienna have a claim to a remuneration of 8 florins per day and traveling expenses, according to a schedule to be made.

Tenth. The board of council shall have the right to examine the books and accounts of the office of the postal savings bank, and to ask information of the directors concerning the condition and business manipulation of the office. The board of council shall make suggestions concerning improvements in the business manipulations of the office of the postal savings bank, either in consequence of intimation of the minister of commerce or of its own accord, and submits the respective bills to the minister of commerce. Changes in the regulations of the general management, as well as in the fundamental outlines for the organization of the office of the postal savings bank, and the statutes of organization for the board of council, shall not be made unless the board of council has given its opinion in regard to the utility of the alteration.

Eleventh. The board of council shall take its resolutions by a simple majority of the votes of the members present in the assembly, convoked according to rule. To a valid resolution of the board of council the presence of at least six members, aside from the president, is required. A record of his resolutions shall be kept by the directors of the office of postal savings bank, to be submitted to the minister of commerce.

The director shall have a right, in a given case, to put on record his negative vote, and to represent it in a separate petition.

Twelfth. The board of council shall regulate its own business management, subject to approval of the minister of commerce.

THE PRACTICAL USES OF THE SAVINGS BANKS.

[Translation of an article appearing in the Neue Freie Presse of October 14, 1882, on the formation of the postal savings bank in Austria.]

The regulations necessary to carry out the law of May 28, 1882, concerning the postal savings bank have been approved by the Emperor.

At the beginning of next year the postal savings bank will commence its operations, and if the institution shall prosper, it must be free from the bureaucratic spirit from which so many institutes in Austria suffer.

An effort to accomplish this is seen partially in the regulations of the organization,

but particularly from the blank forms prepared for the use of the public. They excel in brevity and clearness of text, convenience, and perspicuity; for instance, the forms for the transfer of deposit books, for the protest against payment to minors, for the request for the purchase or sale of Government securities, for authorizing the drawing out of one or more deposits, the forwarding of interest coupons, &c. All these blank forms can be had free of charge at the post-offices, are exempt from taxes and stamp duty, and will be sent free of charge when declared as mail matter containing deposits or as registered letter.

The deposit book is handy, practical, and neatly gotten up, which can not be said of all Government blank forms.

Every depositor finds in his book a short enumeration of the most important regulations and privileges, being an advantage over all deposit books of existing postal savings banks; a table of postal savings banks; a table of interest from which he can learn at a glance the amount of interest due on any capital and for any space of time, as well as the amount due him in a separate column, much more distinctly than in the books of other countries.

We wish now to describe, for the clear understanding of the public, the method of making a deposit as provided by the law. A person wishing to make a deposit in the postal savings bank goes to the nearest post-office, pays over the amount desired, which, however, can not be less than 50 kreuzers, and receives thereupon a deposit book bearing his name, which henceforth he can present at any time at any post-office in the Austrian Empire to make further deposits, which will be placed immediately to his credit by the official, with signature and seal, and be separately receipted for by the office of the postal savings bank by letter, free of postage, wherein he is informed of the receipt of his last deposit and the amount now due him, which must correspond with the entries made on his book. If this should not be the case, he must immediately remonstrate, which he can do by tearing off a perforated blank form attached to the book, fill it out, and put it in the nearest letter box. This insures safety to the depositor and serves as a control over the post officials. The interest will always be added by the office of the postal savings bank on the 31st December. To this end the depositor must send his deposit book, postpaid, on the anniversary of his first deposit to the office of the postal savings bank in Vienna, in conformity with the rules of the English post-office savings bank. Of course he will not lose his interest should he fail to send in his deposit book. Simultaneously with the deposit book the depositor receives a notice book which contains ten blank forms of notice of withdrawal. These notices bear the printed number and series of the book.

If he wishes to draw a certain amount, he simply takes his notice book, fills out the blank with the sum he desires to draw, names the post-office where he wishes the payment to be made, and puts it in the nearest letter box. If he wishes registration, he must ask for it at the post-office, where it will be granted free of charge.

By return of mails he receives a check, upon presentation of which at the post-office singled out by him he will immediately receive payment. He must bring with him his deposit book, in which the payment will be entered. Should he not desire to draw the amount himself, then he must authorize a person for the single case. A depositor may therefore give notice in Graz demanding payment to be made in Prague, and authorize a person in Prague to receive the amount.

This convenience and novelty benefits especially the traveling workingman, who in this manner may send home his savings; the merchant, who thus can send money to his commercial traveler, and the small tradesman, who by these means may fulfill his obligations in the city. It was proposed that the money should by paid by the letter carrier at the same time that he brought the check, which for the present, however, could not be done, owing to existing post-office regulations, which is much to be regretted.

According to the provisions of the law, a depositor is not allowed to have more than one deposit book. However, for a third person a deposit book may be taken and deposits made; for instance, a father for his children or an office servant for his institution. It is likewise provided that not more than 300 florins be deposited in one book in a single year, and altogether not more than 1,000 florins. To watch over this is the duty of the office of the postal savings bank. These maximums, however, may be reduced by payments or by the purchase of Government interest-bearing securities.

In order to make it possible to save smaller amounts than 50 kreuzers, the following provision has been made:

Oblong pieces of white cardboard will be issued, having a 5-kreuzer postage stamp imprinted in one corner, with a space for pasting on nine additional postage stamps of 5 kreuzers each. Such a "savings card" can be bought for 5 kreuzers wherever postage stamps are sold. When the savings card is filled up with ten postage stamps, including the one imprinted, it represents the minimum of a deposit of 50 kreuzers, and may be offered as such at any post-office, and if it is the depositor's

first deposit, then a book will be issued to him. Children will in this manner be stimulated to deposit their savings by having an opportunity to watch, so to speak, the growing of their savings with every new 5-kreuzer postage stamp pasted on.

If a deposit book is lost, the nearest post-office is to be advised, and after one month's delay, if not recovered, the book will be canceled free of charge; payment in the meantime to anyone on the book is stopped and a new one will be issued free of charge. The officials and chief of the post-office are bound to treat the personal matters of the depositors as office secrets to their fullest extent; they are not allowed to give information to anyone except their superiors, otherwise they are liable to discharge.

All blank forms employed are printed either in German alone or in two languages, and are lettered, which serves at the same time as marking the series in the deposit books.

The post-offices must render their accounts daily to the chief office in Vienna of all moneys received or disbursements made, on the basis of which the latter makes its daily balance. The deficit or surplus which results is settled every day by the cashier's office of Lower Austria in Vienna.

The organization of the office of the postal savings bank is as follows: At the head is a director, who receives his orders direct from the minister of commerce. The number of employees will be taken partly from the ranks of Government officials and partly be made up from persons engaged for the purpose on monthly pay.

A pension fund will be raised for these from rates deducted from their wages, according to the profits realized by the institution. The remuneration of the post-office officials is for the present fixed at the following rates: One kreuzer for every deposit made at that particular office; five kreuzers for every book issued by that particular office and existing at the end of the year (first deposit); for every thousand florins paid in, deducting the payments up to 20,000 florins, 1 florin and 50 kreuzers; up to 40,000 florins, 1 florin and 25 kreuzers; higher amounts, 1 florin. This remuneration is a trifle higher than the one received by the officials in England and Italy, for this reason, that, particularly in Austria, these employees will have to use their influence to make the institution popular, to which end they are best adapted.

The postal savings banks have, moreover, everything in their favor, since the communication between the depositors and the savings banks and the office of the postal savings bank in Vienna is carried on by about four thousand post-office officials now in existence, with each one of whom they can without difficulty make deposits and receive payments.

No depositor is henceforth required to make long journeys to deposit his savings, as has been the case heretofore in the provinces. He will no longer be compelled to lose a working day to make a deposit or receive a payment.

It is to be hoped, therefore, that the post-office savings banks will flourish here in Austria as they do in England and in Italy. It is greatly to be desired, for economy is the mother of wealth.

The operation of the check or banking department is very fully described by United States Minister Tripp in his report to this Bureau in 1896 on banking in the Empire, as follows:

The depositor uses the postal bank not only as an ordinary bank of deposit, which allows the depositor 2 per cent on open accounts, but also as a means of paying all bills and collecting all indebtedness in every part of the city or country, free of all postage or charges to the depositor. The system in vogue, which is both simple and practical, is briefly as follows: If a depositor wishes to pay a debt to a creditor in any part of Austria-Hungary, he simply fills out a postal check to the order of his creditor, with address of same, together with the date and amount, incloses it in one of the special envelopes addressed to the general office in Vienna, and the post-office authorities find the payee, pay the amount, and take his receipt for same. Within twenty-four hours the depositor receives through the post-office, from the central office of the bank in Vienna, a statement showing the transaction. It contains date, name of depositor, number of the check, amount, and name of post-office where it has been paid; also cash balance of the depositor. These statements reach the depositor after every transaction. If there have been several transactions in one day, they all appear on the statement of the day. The depositor is thus kept informed as to the condition of his account every twenty-four hours, provided he has drawn or made a deposit during the previous day. The check of the depositor, forwarded as above, thus becomes a post-office order without incurring the trouble, time, and expense which the latter system involves. The depositors pay all their bills in this manner, whether in the same city or in different parts of Austria-Hungary. The receiver of the money sends his usual receipt by mail to the payer, and in addition the latter has the daily statement from the postal bank that such a numbered check for such an amount was paid on such a day. Furthermore, if the creditor to whose order the check is paid is also a depositor in the postal bank, as it is the custom for all business houses who are depositors in the postal bank to have their

deposit number printed on all their bills, statements, receipts, and business cards, the debtor fills in the check with the name and deposit number of his creditor, forwards it in the same manner, free of postage, to the general office in Vienna, and the creditor receives his daily statement that his account has been credited by so much from depositor No. —— (giving number of debtor), and likewise the debtor or issuer of check receives his daily statement that his account has been debited by a like amount paid to account of depositor No. —— (giving the number of creditor). Thus an enormous amount of transactions take place without the cash being withdrawn from the bank.

The deposit blanks consist of two parts, each containing the name, address, and number of depositor printed on their face, in addition to which each blank contains its special number in its order in the book, which number appears on both divisions of the blank. The blanks are used in two ways: If a depositor wishes to make a cash deposit, he fills in a blank with the amount and date, presents it with the cash in person or otherwise, at the nearest post-office (there are 125 post-offices in Vienna alone). The postmaster or his deputy receives the deposit, places the date stamp of the post-office on both portions of the blank, separates the latter, affixes his signature to one portion, which he gives to the depositor as a receipt. The other portion is turned into the general office with the cash at the end of the day. Within twenty-four hours the depositor receives his daily statement, showing his account credited with the above transaction and inclosing the other half of the deposit blank. If a depositor sends a bill to one of his debtors he usually incloses one of his deposit blanks; the person receiving the bill fills in the amount of the bill on both portions of the deposit blank, adds his name and address, and presents it or sends it with the money to the nearest post-office, receiving half of the deposit blank, signed and stamped as above, which he attaches to the original bill as a receipt. When the depositor receives his next daily statement from the bank, he sees at once that his account has been credited by the amount of the bill he has sent to his debtor, and with the statement he receives the other half of the deposit blank which was presented by his debtor at the post-office when the latter made the deposit in his favor. In order that the depositors may enjoy all of the above privileges and conveniences, together with free postage and 2 per cent interest on deposit, each depositor is required to keep a constant balance of 100 florins on deposit unless he express a desire to close up his account; therefore the daily statements are most useful and necessary. Any check he may draw, the payment of which would reduce his balance to 1 kreutzer below 100 florins, would be refused payment; therefore all payments are made direct from the one central office in Vienna, though they may be made through any post-office in the monarchy.

The table on page —[1] shows the extent to which use is made of the check department as well as the savings department. Depositors in both branches number 1,418,786. The average saving deposit is only about $20, while the check deposit averages nearly $962. This is stated to be the only country in which the check business is operated through the post-office, and that so well and cheaply is the work performed that transactions of this character are almost entirely monopolized by the postal savings banks. Funds are invested in public securities, railway debentures, and mortgage bonds. Interest on deposits is allowed at the rate of 3 per cent in the savings department, and 2 per cent in the banking department. On each transaction in the latter department there is a charge of 2 kreutzers, the same amount on each check issued in addition to a slight fee on entries on the debit side of accounts.

The postal-savings system in the Netherlands was inaugurated in 1881. The minimum deposit accepted is 25 cents (Dutch), and interest at the rate of 2.64 per cent is allowed on accounts not exceeding 800 florins (say $320). Deposits are invested at the discretion of the department in public and private securities, and in advances on securities, etc. At the close of 1895 the depositors numbered 448,581; the deposits amounted to $17,762,323, and the average account to $39, approximately.

In 1865 a law was passed establishing savings banks in Belgium, under the control, direction, and guaranty of the state, and creating a

[1] Table omitted from this volume, but contained in the separate report of the Comptroller.

bureau belonging to the department of finance. The necessary machinery was provided, books printed, notices published, blanks furnished free of cost or tax, rates of interest fixed, and disposition of funds directed. All branches of the Banque Nationale act as agents and depositaries. This law was supplemented by an act passed in 1869 which organized the postal system of the country as an auxiliary to the savings banks, and subsequently public schools were added. The savings deposits on each day are transmitted to the central office at the seat of government, leaving only sufficient funds on hand for current daily needs. Unless directed to the contrary by the depositor, all savings are invested in Government securities, but the depositor may direct the investment in certain other specified securities, but at his own risk. The rate of interest was fixed at 3 per cent, but in 1881 the rate was reduced to 2 per cent on sums over $2,400. Sums under $20 can be withdrawn on demand, but for larger amounts notice may be required. Postal savings stamps are issued in denominations from 2 centimes (two-fifths of a cent) to $200. Stamps of similar denominations are made use of largely by school children under special regulations. From the year 1865 to 1877 expenses of the savings banks were met by a tax of one-half of 1 per cent on deposits, and since 1877 by a tax of three-eighths of 1 per cent. The number of depositors in the Belgium savings banks on December 31, 1895, was 882,370, and their deposits $63,693,274; average deposit, $72.18.

The operation of the postal savings system in Sweden began in 1883. The management is conferred on a board, of which the postmaster-general is the chairman, by whom investments are made in public securities, stock, mortgage bonds, municipal loans, etc. The minimum deposit received is 1 kronor (26.8 cents). The interest rate on all accounts not exceeding 2,000 kronor ($536) is 3.6 per cent. At the close of 1895 there were 408,288 accounts and $10,696,745 deposits, the average account amounting to $26.20.

In Canada the postal savings system has been in operation since 1868, although not extended to the entire Dominion until 1885. In 1882 depositors numbered 51,463 and the deposits aggregated $9,473,661. On January 30, 1895, there were 120,628 depositors, with a credit balance of $26,805,542, an average deposit of $222.22. The minimum and maximum deposits are $1 and $1,000 respectively, and the maximum balance $3,000. Interest on deposits, which are turned over to the treasury, is allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. The following synopsis of the laws and regulations of postal savings banks of the Dominion is reproduced from Senate Doc. 154.

"With a view of enlarging the facilities for the deposit of small savings, the Dominion post-office department was made available by Parliament in April, 1868, for that purpose, and savings banks were established under its auspices, the Government being made directly responsible for the deposits therein, as well as for accumulated interest thereon.

"Under the act the postmaster-general has authority, with the consent of the governor in council, to direct such postmasters as he may deem proper to receive deposits, which shall be remitted daily to him at Ottawa. It is required that each deposit shall be promptly entered in the depositors' books by the postmaster, and the entry attested by him as well as by the dated stamp of his office.

"Upon the receipt of the deposit at Ottawa the postmaster-general shall cause the same to be acknowledged to the depositor, which shall be conclusive evidence of the latter's claim thereto, and such interest as may from time to time accrue thereon.

"In order, however, that the depositor shall run no risk during the time intervening between the deposit and the receipt of the postmaster-general's acknowledgment, the law provides that the entry in the depositor's book at the post-office of deposit shall be conclusive evidence as to his right to the deposit for ten days from the date thereof. At the expiration of this period, should the postmaster-general's acknowledgment have failed to reach the depositor, the latter may demand it, and the entry in the book in question in such case shall be conclusive evidence of his title to the amount for an additional ten days. A deposit can not be less than $1, nor of any sum not a multiple thereof.

"Money deposited can not be seized or detained while in the hands of the postmaster-general or while in transit to or from that officer, under legal process against the depositor.

"Upon complying with certain rules, the depositor or his representative may withdraw the amount of the deposit, or any part thereof, and the authorities shall allow no unnecessary delay to ensue in this connection.

"Postmasters and others connected with the post-office at which deposits are made or repaid are not allowed to disclose the names of the depositors, the amount of the deposit, or of that withdrawn, to other than the postmaster-general, or such of his officers as may be appointed in connection with the post-office savings bank system.

"All moneys deposited with the postmaster-general on account of this system are immediately paid over to the receiver-general of Canada, who credits them to the post-office savings bank account, and all sums withdrawn by depositors or others authorized are repaid from this fund through the postmaster-general.

"The interest on deposits of this character is 4 per cent, and dates from the 1st of the month following the deposit and ceases on the 1st of the month in which the deposit may be withdrawn.

"The accumulated interest is added to the principal and becomes part thereof on the 30th of June each year.

"A report is required to be made as soon as possible after the expiration of each month, to the auditor of public accounts, of the moneys received and paid during the preceding month, as well as of the total amount on deposit, by the postmaster-general. This statement is published in the Canada Gazette, the official organ of the Government, for the information of depositors and others.

"The postmaster-general is also required to render a statement to Parliament, within ten days after its following session, of the deposits received and the amount withdrawn, the expenses incurred in connection therewith during the fiscal year preceding, together with an exhibit of the total amount due to depositors on the 30th of June as indicated.

"The postmaster-general, subject to the conditions of the act, is empowered to frame regulations governing deposits and all other matters appertaining thereto. He is, however, required to submit such regulations to Parliament fourteen days after they shall have been framed, should it be in session, but if not, then fourteen days after the next ensuing session.

"A deposit of any one person can not exceed $300 in any fiscal year, excepting in special cases and by express authority of the postmaster-general. Interest is not allowed on sums over $1,000 during any period.

"A depositor, upon making his first deposit, is required to give his name in full, and his vocation and residence, to the postmaster or other

officer of the post-office department, and to make and sign the declaration provided by law and regulations, which must be witnessed by the officer receiving the deposit or some person known to him, or by a justice of the peace.

"Should the declaration or any part thereof not be true, the depositor loses all right and title to the deposit.

"Depositors are not required to continue making their deposits at the original office of deposit, but may do so at any office of deposit in the Dominion. This applies to withdrawing deposits also.

"In changing from one office of deposit to another no notice to the authorities or change of pass book is required.

"Depositors are required, on the anniversary of their first deposit, in each year, to forward their books to the postmaster-general in order that the entries therein may be compared with the entries in the books of his department, as well as for the purpose of adding the accumulated interest to the principal.

"Books for the use of depositors are furnished free by the post-office department. No postage is charged on these books when in transit through the mails to the postmaster-general. Married women, or women who may afterwards marry, have sole control of their deposits."

The postal savings-bank system is in operation in New South Wales, Queensland, Victoria, Western Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand. The minimum deposit is uniformly 1 shilling, and the maximum, on which interest is allowed, ranges from £150, in Tasmania, to £500, in South Australia and New Zealand. The lowest rate of interest is 3 per cent and the highest 4 per cent, paid only by the New Zealand banks. Investments authorized vary, the principal being in government securities, debentures, stock, and mortgages. In 1895 the depositors in the Australasian postal savings banks numbered 474,635, and the deposits amounted to £14,007,785.

Postal savings-bank returns from Australasia, India, and the Cape Colony have been incorporated with like returns from other countries published in the June, 1897, number of the Bulletin de Statistique, and presumably represent with approximate correctness the deposits, etc., in the world's institutions of this character. The deposits held by postal savings banks in the United Kingdom and dependencies are about 61 per cent of the amount in all such depositaries. The number of depositors, amount of deposits, and average account are shown in the following table:

POSTAL SAVINGS-BANK RETURNS, 1895.

Country.	Number of depositors.	Deposits. *a*	Average deposit.
United Kingdom	6,453,957	$489,344,875	$75.82
France *b*	2,488,075	150,691,705	60.56
Italy	2,896,768	89,724,465	30.97
Australasia	474,635	70,038,925	147.56
Belgium	882,370	63,693,274	72.18
Austria:			
Savings department	1,110,091	22,124,156	19.93
Banking department	28,363	27,270,964	961.50
Hungary:			
Savings department	276,565	5,429,098	19.63
Banking department	3,767	3,634,108	964.72
Canada	125,353	29,252,784	233.36
India	653,892	28,413,460	43.45
Netherlands	499,963	18,557,651	37.12
Sweden	408,288	10,696,745	26.20
Cape Colony	43,672	7,675,270	175.75
Total	16,345,759	1,016,547,480	62.19

a Returns in pounds and francs converted to dollars on the basis of £1=$5 and francs 5=$1.
b Including Algeria and Tunis.

Credit for a large portion of the foregoing information is due to Mr. H. W. Wolff, who in the June (1897) number of the Journal of the Royal Statistical Society gives a very elaborate description of savings banks at home and abroad. The statistical results of his investigations, set forth in great detail in the table reproduced on page —[1], show the population of the countries, the character and number of savings banks, rates of interest paid, deposit limits, aggregate deposits, average deposits, etc., to which is appended a column indicating the mode of investment of deposits. The returns very generally are for the year 1895.

In order that the information above referred to may be presented in the most concise form, the returns from the various classes of savings institutions in each country have been consolidated in the following table. The most notable as well as most satisfactory feature is the enormous amount of deposits in savings banks of the United States, not only relatively, but actually, being nearly 28 per cent of the aggregate in reporting savings banks of the world. This is the more remarkable when it is considered that over 23 per cent of the total is held by the mutual savings banks of the New England States and New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, and Maryland. The average savings account is $378.31 and the average deposit per inhabitant $26.73. Second to the United States in amount of deposits is Prussia. The savings banks of that country hold only about one-half the amount of those in the United States, although they have nearly one-third more depositors.

With nearly 5,000,000 depositors the Austro-Hungarian banks hold 13.4 per cent of the total, being exceeded only by the United States and Prussia. France follows Austria-Hungary in volume of deposits (12.6 per cent of the aggregate), although occupying the first place of all countries in number of patrons, nearly 9,000,000. Second only to France, in number of depositors, is the United Kingdom, and in amount of deposits it is only slightly behind that country. Including her dependencies the United Kingdom holds 16 per cent of the total deposits, but the United Kingdom alone only 12.3 per cent. The savings deposits in the Australasian banks amount to over $130,000,000; in banks of Canada and Newfoundland, about $60,000,000; India, over $28,000,000, and other Crown colonies over $21,000,000. Next in importance both in respect of deposits and depositors is Italy, the former amounting to $331,330,100 and the latter numbering 4,137,908.

The proportionate extent to which savings banks are used in each country is shown in the column indicating the percentage of population who are depositors. The maximum is 45.4 per cent in Denmark, where also is the largest average deposit per inhabitant ($75.42). In Switzerland the percentage is 39.8 and the per capita average $59.60. In the United Kingdom the percentage is 20.9 and the average $21.47; in France, 23.6 per cent and $21.84; in Prussia, 19.5 per cent and $29.37; in Austria-Hungary, 11.4 per cent and $20.60; in Italy, 13.3 per cent and $11.01, and in the United States, 7.1 per cent and $26.73. Looking to the column showing the average savings account it is seen that, with a single exception (Newfoundland), the United States has by far the highest average, viz, $378.31; Canada follows with an average of $327.97. Austria-Hungary has $180; Denmark, $165.95; Prussia, $150.23; Switzerland, $149.42; United Kingdom, $102.35; France, $92.33; Italy, $80.07.

[1] Table omitted from this volume, but contained in the Comptroller's separate report.

The following is the table referred to:

DEPOSITORS, AMOUNT OF DEPOSITS, AND AVERAGE DEPOSIT IN ALL SAVINGS BANKS, POPULATION OF THE COUNTRIES, PERCENTAGE OF POPULATION WHO ARE DEPOSITORS, AND AVERAGE DEPOSIT PER INHABITANT, 1895.

Country.	Depositors.	Deposits.	Average deposit.	Population.	Number of depositors to population.	Deposit per inhabitant.
					Per cent.	
Austria	3,924,902	$658,921,560	$167.88	25,000,000	15.7	$26.35
Hungary	995,397	226,151,760	227.19	18,000,000	5.5	12.56
Bavaria	665,943	57,638,605	86.55	6,000,000	11.1	9.60
Belgium	1,145,408	113,500,080	99.09	6,850,000	16.7	16.59
Denmark	999,854	165,920,525	165.95	2,200,000	45.4	75.42
France	8,986,631	829,783,735	92.33	38,000,000	23.6	21.84
Italy	4,137,908	331,330,100	80.07	31,000,000	13.3	11.01
Netherlands	740,024	43,073,460	58.20	4,250,000	17.4	10.13
Norway	540,053	60,533,905	112.08	2,000,000	27	30.26
Prussia	6,255,507	939,757,555	150.23	32,000,000	19.5	29.37
Sweden	1,460,858	98,170,720	67.20	5,000,000	29.2	19.63
Switzerland	1,196,590	178,792,290	149.42	3,000,000	39.8	59.60
United Kingdom	7,969,826	815,686,750	102.35	38,000,000	20.9	21.47
Australasia	894,879	130,485,880	145.81	4,200,000	21.3	31.07
Canada	175,560	57,578,975	327.97	5,250,000	3.3	10.97
Cape Colony	50,161	8,490,920	169.21	1,600,000	3.1	5.31
India	653,892	28,413,460	43.60	290,000,000	.2	.01
Natal	6,963	861,520	123.01	550,000	1.3	1.57
Newfoundland	6,401	2,821,420	440.71	198,000	3.2	14.25
Crown colonies, other	114,491	12,275,455	107.22	*a* 2,000,000	5.7	6.14
United States	4,875,519	1,844,357,798	378.31	69,000,000	7.1	26.73
Total	45,796,767	6,604,546,473	144.21	584,098,000	7.8	11.31

a Partially estimated.

THE WORLD'S BANKING POWER.

Mr. M. G. Mulhall, the most distinguished of English statisticians, in his History of Prices, issued in 1885, gives statistics relative to the banking power, viz, capital, circulation, and deposits, of the world. For that year the figures for Europe, Australia, and Canada are £2,043,000,000, or $10,215,000,000. In his Industries and Wealth of Nations, issued in 1896, it is stated that in 1894 the banking power of Europe, Australia, Cape Colony, Canada, and Argentina amounted to £2,307,000,000, say $11,535,000,000, the deposits of savings banks being excluded from the calculation. In order to make the returns upon the subject as complete as possible, an investigation has been made by the Comptroller by means of a letter of inquiry sent in March last, through the courtesy of the Department of State, to each diplomatic and consular officer of the United States, in which a request was made for a statement of the resources and liabilities of each class of banks in operation in the country to which the officer addressed was accredited.

The blanks accompanying the letter called for a statement of resources and liabilities in the most concise form, and yet, with the elimination of details ordinarily obtained from banks in this country, the returns are only measurably satisfactory. In some instances investments in stocks, bonds, etc., are joined with loans and discounts; all currency united in one item; surplus and undivided profits added to capital, and balances due from other banks included in deposits. In other cases the correspondents were compelled to accept statements no more recent than 1895 (none later have been made public), and the returns for 1896 run from January to December. It has been necessary in a few instances to draw upon the Economist and Bankers' Magazine (London) for the necessary data, where the correspondents fail to obtain

or make returns. The information obtained, however, must be regarded as adding to the fund extant on this subject. The number of banks and branches (1,760 and 6,142 respectively) relative to which information has been received appears comparatively small, but it is to be remembered that, especially in Europe, there is a great concentration of banking capital, the six hundred banks in that division having resources aggregating over ten and a quarter billion dollars, nearly 83 per cent of the total resources of foreign banks. The capital, including surplus and undivided profits, circulation and deposits, and non-classified liabilities, aggregate $12,358,411,246, or about $823,000,000 in excess of the estimate of Mr. Mulhall in 1894. The returns by countries are shown in detail in the table on page —[1], and are consolidated in the following statement:

RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF FOREIGN COMMERCIAL BANKS AND BANKS OF ISSUE.

	Europe.	Other countries.	Total.
RESOURCES.			
Loans and discounts	$3,899,335,668	$1,292,012,848	$5,191,348,516
Stocks, bonds, etc.	2,016,392,501	145,226,094	2,161,618,595
Banking premises	23,172,366	18,080,698	41,253,064
Gold	*a* 974,119,774	20,819,646	994,939,420
Silver	475,519,053	57,647,778	533,166,831
Specie	528,890,578	138,693,319	667,583,897
Other currency	938,444,785	108,362,079	1,046,806,864
All other resources	1,397,988,012	323,706,047	1,721,694,059
Total	10,253,862,737	2,104,548,509	12,358,411,246
LIABILITIES.			
Capital	904,609,720	363,509,370	1,268,119,090
Surplus and other undivided profits	337,437,978	107,791,194	445,229,172
Circulation	2,714,768,668	235,939,769	2,950,708,437
Deposits	4,942,011,246	1,151,706,375	6,093,717,621
All other liabilities	1,355,035,125	245,601,801	1,600,636,926
Total	10,253,862,737	2,104,548,509	12,358,411,246
Number of banks	600	1,160	1,760
Number of branches	4,349	1,793	6,142

a Includes $200,000,000, the approximate amount stated to be held by the Bank of England.

Referring again to Mulhall's statement for 1894, it is noted that the banking power of the United States in that year was 30.9 per cent of that of the world. The combined banking power of foreign banks in 1896, as shown by the foregoing table, was $10,757,771,320, and of the United States (excluding savings institutions) $5,293,366,029, a total of $16,051,137,349, the proportion of the United States being 32.9 per cent.

Inquiry as to the minimum and maximum rates of interest charged on loans and discounts shows the following: In Europe 1 to 7 per cent, Asia 3.5 to 12.41, Australasia 4.5 to 7, Mexico 7 to 7.5, Central America 12 to 18, South America 6 to 17, Pacific and West India islands 3.5 to 18. Interest paid on deposits varies from 0 to 6 in Europe, 0 to 5.5 in Asia, 3.5 in Australasia, 3.25 to 3.5 in Mexico, 5 to 6 in Central America, 3 to 5 in the Pacific and West India islands. The average rate of dividends paid by the joint stock banks of the United Kingdom was approximately 11 per cent during the year ended on June 30, 1896. In the other European States the rate varied, as reported, from 4 to 10 per cent, in Asia and Africa 3 to 12.26 per cent, Canada 7.5, Mexico 3 to 13.5, Central America 8 to 27, South America 8 to 25, and the islands 4 to 40.

[1] Table omitted from this volume, but contained in the Comptroller's separate report.

It has been thought best to reproduce the correspondence accompanying the banking returns, except mere letters of transmittal, containing, as it does, valuable information not specially called for, but of interest as bearing indirectly on the subject. The correspondence will be found in the appendix.

BANKS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM.

The returns of the joint stock and private banks of the United Kingdom and of colonial and foreign joint stock banks with London officers, from statements submitted on or about June 30 and December 31 of each year, are published semiannually as a supplement to the London Economist. The returns for the last three semiannual statements are reproduced in the following table, the hundreds being omitted. The number of banks and branches in the United Kingdom on June 30, 1896, was, it will be seen, 147 and 4,332, respectively; on December 31, 1896, 145 and 4,601, respectively, and on June 30, 1897, 139 and 4,725. The assets of these banks on the earliest date mentioned were £957,311,000, capital £84,835,000; deposits and accounts current, £754,049,000, and circulation, £41,593,000. On December 31 of that year the assets were £950,589,000; capital, £84,993,000; deposits, etc., £744,189,000, and circulation, £41,421,000. On the date of the last report the resources amounted to £957,675,000; capital, £84,403,000; deposits, £757,311,000, and circulation, £42,878,000. It will be noted that the notes in circulation of the Bank of England amount to about 65 per cent of the total circulation outstanding. The resources of the colonial and foreign banks on June 30, 1896, were £397,452,000; on December 31, 1896, £394,648,000, and on June 30, 1897, £382,264,000. The following is the table referred to:

RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF JOINT-STOCK AND PRIVATE BANKS OF

[000's omitted.]

JUNE 30, 1896.

	Number of banks.	Number of branches.	Resources. Loans and discounts.	Government and other securities.	Cash and money at call and short notice.
Bank of England	1	11	£29,051	£32,027	£49,156
Banks of England and Wales, including Bank of England	97	2,794	361,271	149,957	173,892
Banks of Scotland	10	1,015	63,465	30,236	21,937
Banks of Ireland	9	509	32,858	18,381	10,214
Banks of Isle of Man and Channel Islands	4	14	1,322	932	359
Total	120	4,332	458,916	199,506	206,403
Banks, private, of England and Wales	27	.....	25,785	17,532	12,717
Total joint-stock and private banks	147	4,332	484,701	217,038	219,120
Colonial joint-stock banks with London offices	29	1,585	163,776	15,905	59,556
Foreign joint-stock banks with London offices	24	168	141,063	14,180	27,402
Grand total	200	6,085	789,540	247,123	306,078

DECEMBER 30, 1896.

Bank of England	1	11	£34,563	£30,553	£34,159
Banks of England and Wales, including Bank of England	95	3,062	372,588	148,024	150,029
Banks of Scotland	10	1,016	64,691	30,530	22,005
Banks of Ireland	9	509	34,042	18,180	9,423
Banks of Isle of Man and Channel Islands	4	14	1,251	1,074	286
Total	118	4,601	472,572	197,808	181,743
Banks, private, of England and Wales	27	.....	26,878	19,357	13,211
Total joint-stock and private banks	145	4,601	499,450	217,165	194,954
Colonial joint-stock banks with London offices	28	1,560	161,674	13,541	55,693
Foreign joint-stock banks with London offices	24	173	110,737	14,091	24,977
Grand total	197	6,334	771,861	244,797	275,624

JUNE 30, 1897.

Bank of England	1	11	£35,373	£30,748	£36,880
Banks of England and Wales, including Bank of England	91	3,179	376,229	149,174	160,881
Banks of Scotland	10	1,019	64,845	30,364	22,452
Banks of Ireland	9	513	35,025	17,634	8,921
Banks of Isle of Man and Channel Islands	3	14	1,248	811	251
Total	113	4,725	477,347	197,983	192,505
Banks, private, of England and Wales	26	.....	25,933	18,883	12,511
Total joint-stock and private banks	139	4,725	503,280	216,866	205,016
Colonial joint-stock banks with London offices	29	1,573	164,414	14,579	48,844
Foreign joint-stock banks with London offices	23	172	104,581	12,257	24,242
Grand total	191	6,470	772,275	243,702	278,102

THE UNITED KINGDOM IN JUNE AND DECEMBER, 1896, AND JUNE, 1897.

[000's omitted.]

JUNE 30, 1896.

Resources.		Liabilities.					
All other assets.	Total assets.	Capital.	Reserve fund.	Dividends unpaid and other profits.	Notes in circulation.	Deposits and current accounts.	All other liabilities.
.....	£110,234	£14,553	£3,000	£89	£27,034	£65,426	£132
£25,905	711,025	59,704	29,608	2,615	28,146	564,538	26,414
6,738	122,376	9,302	5,889	968	7,275	94,337	4,605
1,286	62,739	7,109	3,129	449	5,907	45,566	579
31	2,644	125	115	24	53	2,310	16
33,960	898,785	76,241	38,742	4,056	41,381	706,751	31,614
2,491	58,526	8,594	.....	.....	211	47,298	2,422
36,451	957,311	84,835	38,742	4,056	41,593	754,049	34,036
8,402	247,639	31,734	7,712	1,243	7,502	172,726	26,723
3,168	149,813	21,569	6,917	2,233	2,993	86,625	29,475
48,021	1,354,763	138,138	53,371	7,532	52,088	1,013,400	90,234

DECEMBER 30, 1896.

.....	£99,275	£14,553	£3,000	£193	£26,664	£54,736	£129
£28,152	698,793	59,756	29,763	3,314	27,675	549,969	28,316
7,068	124,293	9,302	6,044	983	7,335	95,695	4,934
1,236	62,882	7,109	3,151	503	6,134	45,553	432
32	2,643	125	117	26	53	2,306	14
36,488	888,611	76,292	39,075	4,826	41,197	693,523	33,696
2,532	61,978	8,701	.....	.....	224	50,666	2,386
39,020	950,589	84,993	39,075	4,826	41,421	744,189	36,082
11,468	242,376	34,142	7,739	1,332	7,721	162,901	28,539
2,465	152,272	21,922	7,422	2,359	3,045	79,927	37,594
52,953	1,345,237	141,057	54,236	8,517	52,187	987,017	102,215

JUNE 30, 1897.

.....	£103,002	£14,553	£3,000	£98	£28,485	£56,716	£149
£21,595	707,879	59,318	29,617	2,893	29,447	565,006	21,598
7,267	124,929	9,302	6,145	1,006	7,370	95,882	5,223
1,161	62,739	7,114	3,251	475	5,795	45,580	525
23	2,334	105	98	22	54	2,045	9
30,046	897,881	75,839	39,111	4,396	42,666	708,513	27,355
2,465	59,794	8,564	.....	.....	212	48,798	2,219
32,511	957,675	84,403	39,111	4,396	42,878	757,311	29,574
10,660	238,497	33,795	7,820	1,330	7,567	156,320	31,664
2,687	143,767	21,859	7,403	2,242	2,854	72,604	36,802
45,858	1,339,939	140,057	54,334	7,968	53,299	986,235	98,040

FOREIGN BANKS OF ISSUE.

The specie, circulation, ratio of specie to circulation, deposits and accounts current, loans and discounts, and rates of discount of the principal European banks of issue on March 31, 1897, are shown in the April number of the Bulletin de Statistique, the amounts being expressed in millions of francs. The statement is reproduced herewith:

Banks.	Specie.	Gold.	Silver.	Circulation.	Specie to circulation.	Current accounts and deposits.	Loans and discounts.	Discount rate.
	Francs.	*Francs.*	*Francs.*	*Francs.*	*Per ct.*	*Francs.*	*Francs.*	*Per ct.*
Imperial Bank of Germany	1,076.2	.....	.....	1,501.6	71	513.8	1,032.7	3.5
Bank of Austria-Hungary	.....	654.8	265	1,272.2	72	24.7	701.2	4
National Bank of Belgium	108.7	.....	.....	467.9	23	46.1	422.9	3
National Bank of Bulgaria	9.6	.....	.....	2	480	50.1	72.2	8
National Bank of Denmark	.....	78.8	.....	114	70	12.5	51.9	4
Bank of Spain	.....	213.2	269.4	1,055.8	46	462.7	444.6	5
Bank of Finland	.....	20.1	3.6	67.7	35	13.4	36.4	5
Bank of France	.....	1,918.4	1,226.8	3,702	85	487.3	1,138.8	2
National Bank of Greece	2.7	.....	.....	112.9	2	41.7	57.8	6.5
Bank of Italy, of Naples, and Sicily	.....	444.1	74.8	1,025.2	56	331.9	380.1	5
Bank of Norway	.....	36.4	.....	69.8	52	13.7	52	4.5
Bank of The Netherlands	.....	66.4	176.8	413.4	58	10.7	217.1	3.5
Bank of Portugal	.....	26.7	48	322.9	23	11.2	94.3	5.5
National Bank of Roumania	.....	59.8	2	129.3	47	13.9	54.6	5
Bank of England, of Scotland, and of Ireland	.....	1,166	30	1,011.4	118	965	747.5	3
Imperial Bank of Russia	.....	2 421.4	96.4	2,533.8	99	447.2	692.7	4.5
Bank of Servia	.....	7	4.9	24.7	48	1.1	14.9	6
Royal Bank of Sweden and private banks	.....	43.8	19	168	37	569.1	533.6	4.5
Banks of Switzerland	.....	87.1	8	190.6	50	325.3	697.9	3.5
Imperial Ottoman Bank	33.7	.....	.....	14.2	240	130.3	98.5	3.5
Total	1,230.9	7,244	2,224.7	14,199.4	75	4,471.7	7,541.7	.....

MONETARY SYSTEMS AND WORLD'S STOCK OF MONEY.

The Director of the Mint has courteously enabled a presentation to be made in this report of the latest compiled statistics relative to the world's monetary systems and the stock of gold, silver, and paper currency. To the returns from 34 countries reported in 1896, are now added those from the Cape Colony and South African Republic. There has been no change during the past year in the monetary systems, nor have the ratios of gold to silver been disturbed. The stock of gold has increased from $4,143,700,000 in 1896 to $4,359,600,000 in 1897; the stock of silver from $4,236,900,000 to $4,268,300,000, and the uncovered paper from $2,558,000,000 to $2,565,800,000. The greater portion of the gold, $3,293,700,000 (about 75 per cent), is held in the United States, United Kingdom, France, Germany, and Russia. About 78 per cent of the silver is held in the following-named countries: India, $950,000,000; China, $750,000,000; United States, $634,000,000; France, $441,000,000; Straits Settlements, $242,000,000; Germany, $212,000,000; United Kingdom, $121,000,000. The South American States have in circulation $550,000,000 of uncovered paper currency; Russia, $467,200,000; United States, $397,000,000; Austria-Hungary,

$177,600,000; Italy, $161,000,000; Germany, $123,800,000; France, $119,200,000, and the United Kingdom $112,100,000.

During the year Russia increased her supply of gold $98,300,000; the United States, $24,100,000, and Austria-Hungary, $11,300,000. The gold stock of the United Kingdom and France is practically unchanged, but Germany and Italy have lost $20,500,000 and $3,500,000, respectively. There has been but a slight increase in the stock of silver, Germany having added only about $5,800,000 and the United States $3,100,000. The supply of silver in France has decreased about $48,300,000. No other material changes are noted in the specie held.

The amount of uncovered paper circulation outstanding in the United States has been reduced $27,400,000. In Austria-Hungary the currency of this character has decreased $26,900,000; in Italy, $7,500,000, and in Germany, $2,300,000. The only material increase is in France, namely, $21,200,000. The uncovered paper currency in Russia, Spain, and the South American States stands at about the same figures as in 1896.

A very interesting feature of this statement is the per capita amount of each kind of money in the countries named. The per capita averages in the principal countries of the world are as follows: United States, 23.70; United Kingdom, 20.65; France, 34.68; Germany, 18.95; Austria-Hungary, 9.33, and Russia, 8.95. The information referred to is shown in the following table:

MONETARY SYSTEMS, POPULATION, AND APPROXIMATE STOCKS OF MONEY IN THE AGGREGATE IN THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD IN 1897.

Countries.	Monetary system.*	Ratio between gold and full legal tender silver.	Ratio between gold and limited tender silver.	Population.	Stock of gold.	Stock of silver.			Uncovered paper.	Per capita.			
						Full tender	Limited tender.	Total.		Gold.	Silver.	Paper.	Total.
				Millions.	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*				
United States*j*.	G. and s	*1 to*— 15.98	*1 to*— 14.95	72.9	$696.3	$558.7	$75.8	$634.5	†$397	$9.55	$8.70	$5.45	$23.70
United Kingdom	G	.....	14.28	39.6	*a* 584	.....	*a* 121.7	121.7	*b* 112.1	14.75	3.07	2.83	20.65
France	G. and s	15½	14.38	38.5	*b* 772	*b* 386	*b* 57.9	443.9	*b* 119.2	20.05	11.53	3.10	34.68
Germany	G	.....	13.957	52.3	*c* 654.5	*c* 95.2	*c* 117.6	212.8	*b* 123.8	12.51	4.07	2.37	18.95
Belgium	G. and s	15½	14.38	6.4	*d* 35	*d* 50	*d* 7	57	*b* 72.5	5.47	8.91	11.32	25.70
Italy	...do	15½	14.38	31.3	*b* 96.9	*b* 18.9	*b* 26.5	45.4	*b* 161	3.10	1.45	5.14	9.69
Switzerland	...do	15½	14.38	3	*k* 24	.....	*k* 10.7	10.7	*b* 14.3	8	3.56	4.77	16.33
Greece	...do	15½	14.38	2.2	*d*. 5	*d*. 5	*d* 1	1.5	*b* 26	.23	.68	11.81	12.72
Spain	...do	15½	14.38	18	*d* 45	.....	*d* 49	49	*b* 103	2.50	2.72	5.72	10.94
Portugal	G	.....	14.08	5.1	*d* 5.5	.....	*d* 9.5	9.5	*b* 49.8	1.08	1.86	9.76	12.70
Roumania	G. and s	.....	.....	5.4	*b* 38.6	.....	*b* 10.6	10.6	*b* 11.8	7.15	1.96	2.19	11.30
Servia	...do	.....	.....	2.3	*b* 2.7	.....	*b* 1.7	1.7	*b* 2.4	1.18	2.04	1.04	4.26
Austria-Hungary	G	.....	13.69	45	*b* 178.5	*b* 23.7	*b* 40	63.7	*b* 177.6	3.97	1.41	3.95	9.33
Netherlands	G. and s	15⅝	15	4.9	*b* 21.9	*b* 52.8	*b* 3.3	56.1	*b* 37.9	4.47	11.45	7.73	23.65
Norway	G	.....	14.88	2	*b* 7.5	.....	*b* 2	2	*b* 3.8	3.75	1	1.90	6.65
Sweden	...do	.....	14.88	5	*b* 10.6	.....	*b* 4.9	4.9	*b* 19	2.12	.98	3.80	6.90
Denmark	...do	.....	14.88	2.3	*b* 15.4	.....	*b* 5.4	5.4	*b* 6.4	6.70	2.35	2.78	11.83
Russia	S.	15½	12.90	126	*f* 586.9	*b* 32.3	*d* 41.9	74.2	*b* 467.2	4.66	.59	3.70	8.95
Turkey	G. and s	15⅝	15.875	22	*d* 50	*d* 30	*c* 10	40	.....	2.27	1.82	.....	4.09
Australasia	G	.....	14.28	5	*b* 132.1	.....	*d* 7	7	*b* 22.5	26.42	1.40	4.50	32.32
Egypt	...do	.....	15.68	7.8	*c* 129.3	.....	*b* 6.4	6.4	.....	16.58	.82	.....	17.40
Mexico	S.	16½	.....	13.0	*d* 8.6	*b* 106	.....	106	*b* 4	.67	8.15	3.07	11.89

* G. (gold) S. (silver).

† National-bank notes, gold and currency certificates and United States notes outstanding, less gold coin and bullion in the Treasury.

a Money and Prices, United States State Department.

b Information furnished through United States representatives.

c Haupt.

d Estimate Bureau of the Mint.

f London Economist.

k C. Cramer Frey.

j July 1, 1897; all other countries January 1, 1897.

MONETARY SYSTEMS, POPULATION, AND APPROXIMATE STOCKS OF MONEY IN THE AGGREGATE IN THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD IN 1897—Cont'd.

Countries.	Monetary system.*	Ratio between gold and full legal tender silver.	Ratio between gold and limited tender silver.	Population.	Stock of gold.	Stock of silver.			Uncovered paper.	Per capita.			
						Full tender	Limited tender	Total.		Gold.	Silver.	Paper.	Total.
				Millions.	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*				
Central American States	S	*1 to* —	*1 to* —	3.3	*d* $1	$18.9	.....	$18.9	*b* $8.4	$0.30	$5.73	$2.54	$8.57
South American States	do *e*	15½	.....	37.5	*d* 65	*d* 25	*d* $10	35	*d* 550	1.73	.93	14.67	17.33
Japan	G and s	16.18	.....	45	*b* 80.1	75.5	18.5	94	.....	1.78	2.09	.....	3.87
India	do	15	.....	296	.....	*g* 950	.....	950	*h* 37	.....	3.21	.12	3.33
China	S	.....	.....	360	.....	*d* 750	.....	750	.....	.....	2.08	.....	2.08
Straits Settlements	do	.....	.....	*i* 3.8	.....	*c* 240	*c* 2	242	.....	.....	63.68	.....	63.68
Canada	G	.....	14.28	5.3	*b* 16	.....	*b* 5	5	*b* 35	3.01	.95	6.60	10.56
Cuba	G and s	15½	.....	1.8	*d* 5	*d* 1.5	.....	1.5	.....	2.78	.83	.....	3.61
Haiti	do	15½	.....	1	*b* 4	*b* 3	*d* 1.5	4.5	*b* 4.1	4	4.50	4.10	12.60
Bulgaria	do	15½	14.38	3.3	*d* 1	*d* 3.4	*d* 3.4	6.8	.....	.30	2.06	.....	2.36
Siam	S	.....	.....	5	*b* 20	*b* 193.4	.....	193.4	.....	4	38.68	.....	42.68
Hawaii	G and s	15.98	14.95	.1	*b* 5	*b* 1	.....	1	.....	50	10	.....	60
Cape Colony	G	.....	.....	1.7	*a* 37.5	.....	*a* 1	1	.....	22.06	.58	.....	22.64
South African Republic	G	.....	.....	.8	*a* 29.2	.....	*a* 1.2	1.2	.....	36.50	1.50	.....	38
Total	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,359.6	3,615.8	652.5	4,268.3	2,565.8	.....	.....	.....	.....

* G. (gold), S. (silver).
a Money and Prices, United States State Department.
b Information furnished through United States representatives.
c Haupt.
d Estimate Bureau of the Mint.
e Except Venezuela and Chile.
g F. C. Harrison,
h Indian Currency Committee Report.
i Includes Aden and Perim, Ceylon, Hongkong, Labuan, and Straits Settlements.

DIGEST.

Some years since the increasing importance of a knowledge on the part of bankers of the law, as laid down by the Federal and State courts, affecting the conduct of the banks, warranted the undertaking of a compilation of decisions rendered in bank cases. In the report herewith presented the digest is enlarged to 227 pages, embracing about 1,400 decisions, accompanied by a table of cases alphabetically arranged, together with an index of subjects affected by the court decisions cited.

APPENDIX AND VOLUME II.

To the statistical information usually contained in the appendix[1] of the report several valuable tables have been added, notably classification of the capital of national banks by States and geographical divisions; comparative statement of the capital, bonds, and circulation by States, etc.; resources, liabilities, specie, and lawful money reserve by States, etc., at the date of every report during the year, and a condensed statement of the principal items of the resources and liabilities of the national banks in every State at the date of the last annual call, from October 5, 1863, to October 5, 1897. Volume II contains statements of the resources and liabilities of every national bank on October 5, 1897. The statements are arranged, alphabetically, by towns and States.

[1] The appendix and tables here referred to, which are omitted for want of space, will be found in the separate of the Comptroller's full report.

CONCLUSION.

In closing this, my final report to Congress, I can not forbear paying a special tribute of respect to those who have been associated with me during my incumbency of the office of Comptroller of the Currency. The Deputy Comptrollers, the chief clerk, the chiefs of divisions, the clerks, and all others in the office at Washington have been faithful in their attention to duty and earnest in their efforts to promote the efficiency of the service. The labor involved by the increased number of bank examinations and the unprecedented number of bank failures has more than doubled the work necessary to be done, but no increase in the force of employees has been made.

Not less intelligent and careful have been the bank examiners in the field and the receivers in charge of failed banks. The effort of the receivers is shown by the amount of money paid to creditors within the past year, equaling one-sixth of the total amount of dividends paid out to creditors of all failed banks in the history of the system. The difficulties confronting the examiners during the period of prolonged uncertainty affecting the banks of the country have been at times many and intricate. In the first report which I submitted to Congress I recommended that a change be made in the method of compensating examiners from the fee system at present controlling to that of a fixed salary, with an allowance for necessary traveling and other expenses.

This salary should be paid from a fund to be collected from the banks by an assessment in lieu of the fee now charged against them for examinations when made. The expense to the banks would not be increased, but a more even distribution of salaries would be obtained. With a fixed salary, instead of an already-determined fee, examiners would be in position to apportion their time, in making examinations, in accordance with the needs of the banks examined. Only in this way can be had that complete scrutiny of a bank's affairs which is due to the officers and shareholders and to its patrons and the general public.

JAMES H. ECKELS,
Comptroller of the Currency.

To the SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

(No. 4.)

REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
Washington, D. C., November 1, 1897.

SIR: In compliance with your instructions, I have the honor to submit the following report of the operations of the Bureau of Internal Revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, and also certain additional information relating to the work performed, and the receipts from the various sources of internal revenue, during the months of July, August, and September of the current fiscal year:

The titles of the tables found at the close of the bound volume of this report are as follows:

Table A, showing the receipts from each specific source of internal revenue and the amounts refunded in each collection district, State, and Territory of the United States for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897.

Table B, showing the number and value of stamps for special taxes, manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, cigarettes, distilled spirits, fortified sweet wine, fortified wine for export, fermented liquors, oleomargarine, filled cheese, export stamps for distilled spirits, playing cards, and opium manufactured for smoking purposes; also the number of the different kinds of certificates of registry, with the number and value of documentary stamps used for validating unstamped instruments, issued to collectors of internal revenue during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897.

Table C, showing the percentages of receipts from the several general sources of internal revenue now taxable in each State and Territory of the United States to the aggregate receipts from the same sources, by fiscal years, from July 1, 1863, to June 30, 1897.

Table D, showing the aggregate receipts of internal revenue in each collection district, State, and Territory of the United States, by fiscal years, from September 1, 1862, to June 30, 1897.

Table E, showing the receipts from specific and general sources of internal revenue, by fiscal years, from September 1, 1862, to June 30, 1897.

Table F, showing the ratio of receipts from specific sources of internal revenue to the aggregate receipts of the same, by fiscal years, from July 1, 1863, to June 30, 1897.

Table G, showing the returns of distilled spirits, fermented liquors, manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes, under the several acts of legislation and by fiscal years, from September 1, 1862, to June 30, 1897; also statement of the production of distilled spirits and fermented liquors in the several States and Territories, by fiscal years, from July 1, 1877, to June 30, 1897.

Table H, showing the receipts from special taxes in the several States and Territories for the twelve months ended June 30, 1897.

Table I. Abstract of reports of district attorneys concerning suits and prosecutions under the internal-revenue laws during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897.

Table K. Abstract of seizures of property for violation of internal-revenue laws during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897.

Table L, showing the collections, expenses, and percentage cost of collection in the several collection districts during the fiscal years ended June 30, 1896 and 1897.

COLLECTIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

In the last annual report from this Bureau, it was estimated that the receipts from all sources of internal revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, would aggregate $150,000,000. The actual receipts were $146,619,593.47, being $3,380,406.53 less than the amount estimated.

RECEIPTS FOR THE PAST TEN FISCAL YEARS.

Fiscal year ended—	
June 30, 1897	$146,619,593.47
June 30, 1896	146,830,615.66
June 30, 1895	143,246,077.75
June 30, 1894	147,168,449.70
June 30, 1893	161,004,989.67
June 30, 1892	153,857,544.35
June 30, 1891	146,035,415.97
June 30, 1890	142,594,696.57
June 30, 1889	130,894,434.20
June 30, 1888	124,326,475.32

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS FOR THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR.

A comparison of the aggregate receipts from all sources of internal revenue for the months of July, August, and September, 1897, with the receipts for the same months of 1896, shows a net increase in favor of the months of the current fiscal year of $5,997,745.93.

While this marked increase was doubtless due to some extent to the abnormal conditions growing out the changes in the rates of taxation on fermented liquors and cigarettes made by the act of July 24, 1897, yet a careful consideration of the business conditions of those industries yielding internal revenue induces the belief that material changes for the better are to be reasonably expected.

I, therefore, estimate that the receipts from all sources of internal revenue for the current fiscal year will aggregate at least $155,000,000

Schedule of articles and occupations subject to tax under the internal-revenue laws of the United States in force November 1, 1897.

SPECIAL TAXES.

	Rate of tax.
Rectifiers of less than 500 barrels a year	$100.00
Rectifiers of 500 barrels, or more, a year	200.00
Retail liquor dealers	25.00
Wholesale liquor dealers	100.00
Retail dealers in malt liquors	20.00
Wholesale dealers in malt liquors	50.00
Manufacturers of stills	50.00
and for stills or worms, manufactured, each	20.00
Brewers, annual manufacture less than 500 barrels	50.00
annual manufacture 500 barrels or more	100.00
Manufacturers of oleomargarine	600.00
Retail dealers in oleomargarine	48.00
Wholesale dealers in oleomargarine	480.00
Manufacturers of filled cheese	400.00
Wholesale dealers in filled cheese	250.00
Retail dealers in filled cheese	12.00

DISTILLED SPIRITS, ETC.

Distilled spirits, per gallon	$1.10
Wines, liquors, or compounds known or denominated as wine, and made in imitation of sparkling wine or champagne, but not made from grapes grown in the United States, and liquors, not made from grapes, currants, rhubarb, or berries grown in the United States, but produced by being rectified or mixed with distilled spirits or by the infusion of any matter in spirits, to be sold as wine, or as a substitute for wine, in bottles containing not more than 1 pint, per bottle or package	.10
Same, in bottles, containing more than 1 pint, and not more than 1 quart, per bottle or package	.20
(And at the same rate for any larger quantity of such merchandise, however put up, or whatever may be the package.)	
Stamps for distilled spirits intended for export, for expense, etc., of, each	.10

TOBACCO AND SNUFF.

Tobacco, chewing and smoking, fine-cut, cavendish, plug or twist, cut or granulated, of every description; tobacco twisted by hand or reduced into a condition to be consumed, or in any manner other than the ordinary mode of drying and curing, prepared for sale or consumption, even if prepared without the use of any machine or instrument, and without being pressed or sweetened; and all fine-cut shorts and refuse scraps, clippings, cuttings, and sweepings of tobacco, domestic or imported, per pound	.06
Snuff, of all descriptions, domestic or imported, and snuff flour, sold or removed for use, per pound	.06

CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.

Cigars and cheroots, of all descriptions, domestic or imported, weighing over 3 pounds per thousand, per thousand	3.00
Cigars of all descriptions, domestic or imported, weighing not over 3 pounds per thousand, per thousand	1.00
Cigarettes, domestic or imported, weighing not over 3 pounds per thousand, per thousand	1.00
Cigarettes, domestic or imported, weighing over 3 pounds per thousand, per thousand	3.00

NOTE.—The internal-revenue taxes on imported manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes are *in addition to the import duties thereon.* (§§ 3377, 3392, and 3402, R. S.)

FERMENTED LIQUORS.

Fermented liquors, per barrel, containing not more than 31 gallons	1.00
And at a proportionate rate for halves, thirds, quarters, sixths, and eighths of barrels.	
More than one barrel of 31 gallons, and not more than 63 gallons, in one package	2.00

OLEOMARGARINE.

All substances heretofore known as oleomargarine, oleo, oleomargarine oil, butterine, lardine, suine, and neutral; all mixtures and compounds of oleomargarine, oleo, oleomargarine oil, butterine, lardine, suine, and neutral; all lard extracts and tallow extracts; and all mixtures and compounds of tallow, beef fat, suet, lard, lard oil, vegetable oil, annotto, and other coloring matter, intestinal fat, and offal fat made in imitation or semblance of butter, or when so made, calculated or intended to be sold as butter or for butter, domestic, per pound	.02
Same, imported from foreign countries, per pound	.15

FILLED CHEESE.

Tax on, per pound	.01
Tax on imported, per pound	.08

OPIUM.

Prepared smoking opium, per pound	10.00

BANKS AND BANKERS.

Circulation issued by any bank, etc., or person, per month..... $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1 p. ct.
Circulation exceeding 90 per cent of capital, in addition, per month... $\frac{1}{6}$ of 1 p. ct.
Banks, etc., on amount of notes of any person, State bank or State banking association, used for circulation and paid out..... 10 per cent.
Banks, etc., bankers, or associations, on amount of notes of any town, city, or municipal corporation, paid out by them..... 10 per cent.
Every person, firm, association, other than national-bank associations, and every corporation, State bank, or State banking association, on the amount of *their own notes* used for circulation and paid out by them.. 10 per cent.
Every such person, firm, association, corporation, State bank, or State banking association, and also every national banking association, on the amount of notes of any person, firm, association, other than a national banking association, or of any corporation, State bank, or State banking association, or of any town, city, or municipal corporation, used for circulation and paid out by them..... 10 per cent.

PLAYING CARDS.

Playing cards, per pack, containing not more than fifty-four cards..... $0.02

The only taxes under the laws now in force not payable by stamps are as follows:

Tax on deficiencies in production of spirits.
Tax on excess of materials used in production of spirits.
Tax on circulation of banks and bankers.
Tax on notes paid out by banks and others.
Penalties of 50 per cent and 100 per cent.

TABLE OF SPECIAL TAXES AND 50 PER CENT PENALTIES.

Commencing business in—	No. of months liable.	Tax or penalty.	Annual rate in dollars and cents.							
			$20.	$25.	$48.	$50.	$100.	$200.	$480.	$600.
June	1	Tax	$1.67	$2.08	$4.00	$4.17	$8.33	$16.67	$40.00	$50.00
		Penalty	.83	1.04	2.00	2.08	4.17	8.33	20.00	25.00
May	2	Tax	3.33	4.17	8.00	8.33	16.67	33.33	80.00	100.00
		Penalty	1.67	2.08	4.00	4.17	8.33	16.67	40.00	50.00
April	3	Tax	5.00	6.25	12.00	12.50	25.00	50.00	120.00	150.00
		Penalty	2.50	3.13	6.00	6.25	12.50	25.00	60.00	75.00
March	4	Tax	6.67	8.33	16.00	16.67	33.33	66.67	160.00	200.00
		Penalty	3.33	4.17	8.00	8.33	16.67	33.33	80.00	100.00
February	5	Tax	8.33	10.42	20.00	20.83	41.67	83.33	200.00	250.00
		Penalty	4.17	5.21	10.00	10.42	20.83	41.67	100.00	125.00
January	6	Tax	10.00	12.50	24.00	25.00	50.00	100.00	240.00	300.00
		Penalty	5.00	6.25	12.00	12.50	25.00	50.00	120.00	150.00
December	7	Tax	11.67	14.58	28.00	29.17	58.33	116.67	280.00	350.00
		Penalty	5.83	7.29	14.00	14.58	29.17	58.33	140.00	175.00
November	8	Tax	13.33	16.67	32.00	33.33	66.67	133.33	320.00	400.00
		Penalty	6.67	8.33	16.00	16.67	33.33	66.67	160.00	200.00
October	9	Tax	15.00	18.75	36.00	37.50	75.00	150.00	360.00	450.00
		Penalty	7.50	9.38	18.00	18.75	37.50	75.00	180.00	225.00
September	10	Tax	16.67	20.83	40.00	41.67	83.33	166.67	400.00	500.00
		Penalty	8.33	10.42	20.00	20.83	41.67	83.33	200.00	250.00
August	11	Tax	18.33	22.92	44.00	45.83	91.67	183.33	440.00	550.00
		Penalty	9.17	11.46	22.00	22.92	45.83	91.67	220.00	275.00
July	12	Tax	20.00	25.00	48.00	50.00	100.00	200.00	480.00	600.00
		Penalty	10.00	12.50	24.00	25.00	50.00	100.00	240.00	300.00

INTERNAL-REVENUE RECEIPTS DURING THE LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT SHOWING THE RECEIPTS FROM THE SEVERAL OBJECTS OF INTERNAL TAXATION IN THE UNITED STATES DURING THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1896, AND 1897.

Objects of taxation.	Receipts during fiscal years ended June 30—		Increase.	Decrease.
	1896.	1897.		
SPIRITS.				
Spirits distilled from apples, peaches, grapes, pears, pineapples, oranges, apricots, berries, and prunes*	*a* $1,584,879.02	$1,260,743.74		$324,135.28
Spirits distilled from materials other than apples, peaches, grapes, pears, pineapples, oranges, apricots, berries, and prunes	*b* 73,743,018.60	*c* 75,706,513.17	$1,963,494.57	
Rectifiers (special tax)	227,425.26	209,175.22		18,250.04
Retail liquor dealers (special tax)	4,669,818.91	4,423,062.16		246,756.75
Wholesale liquor dealers (special tax)	439,704.80	403,999.05		35,705.75
Manufacturers of stills (special tax)	1,041.68	842.08		199.60
Stills and worms, manufactured (special tax)	2,470.00	1,550.00		920.00
Stamps for distilled spirits intended for export	1,712.50	2,657.50	945.00	
Total	80,670,070.77	82,008,542.92	1,338,472.15	
TOBACCO.				
Cigars and cheroots weighing over 3 pounds per thousand	12,713,267.83	12,189,507.29		523,760.54
Cigarettes weighing not over 3 pounds per thousand	2,021,195.82	2,075,834.88	54,639.06	
Cigarettes weighing over 3 pounds per thousand	4,221.29	4,748.13	526.84	
Snuff	752,915.92	796,118.37	43,202.45	
Tobacco, chewing and smoking	15,220,028.25	15,644,088.75	424,060.50	
Total	30,711,629.11	30,710,297.42		1,331.69
FERMENTED LIQUORS.				
Ale, beer, lager beer, porter, and other similar fermented liquors	33,139,141.10	31,841,362.40		1,297,778.70
Brewers (special tax)	163,770.96	160,927.33		2,843.63
Retail dealers in malt liquors (special tax)	202,777.36	191,071.12		11,706.24
Wholesale dealers in malt liquors (special tax)	278,545.84	278,801.22	255.38	
Total	33,784,235.26	32,472,162.07		1,312,073.19
OLEOMARGARINE.				
Oleomargarine, domestic and imported	952,475.46	850,691.18		101,784.28
Manufacturers of oleomargarine (special tax)	15,725.00	7,200.00		8,525.00
Retail dealers in oleomargarine (special tax)	178,968.00	130,338.42		48,629.58
Wholesale dealers in oleomargarine (special tax)	72,264.00	45,900.00		26,364.00
Total	1,219,432.46	1,034,129.60		185,302.86
FILLED CHEESE.				
Filled cheese, domestic and imported		16,661.37	16,661.37	
Manufacturers of filled cheese (special tax)		1,566.68	1,566.68	
Retail dealers in filled cheese (special tax)		556.00	556.00	
Wholesale dealers in filled cheese (special tax)		208.33	208.33	
Total		18,992.38	18,992.38	

* Under the authority of an act approved June 3, 1896, distillers of brandy from pears, pineapples, oranges, apricots, berries, and prunes have been included in the exemptions applicable to distillers of brandy from apples, peaches, or grapes; but no returns from distillers of these additional fruits were made during the fiscal year 1896.

a Includes $54.04, at 90 cents per gallon.

b Includes $3,973.57, at 90 cents per gallon.

c Includes $45,185.80, at 90 cents per gallon.

COMPARITIVE STATEMENT SHOWING THE RECEIPTS FROM THE SEVERAL OBJECTS OF INTERNAL TAXATION IN THE UNITED STATES DURING THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1896 AND 1897—Continued.

Objects of taxation.	Receipts during fiscal years ended June 30—		Increase.	Decrease.
	1896.	1897.		
BANKS, BANKERS, ETC.				
Bank circulation				
Notes of persons, State banks, towns, cities, etc., paid out	$134.85	$85.38		$49.47
Total	134.85	85.38		49.47
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Penalties	184,710.57	114,958.17		69,752.40
Opium manufactured for smoking purposes	22.50			22.50
Playing cards	259,853.76	251,306.52		8,547.24
Collections not otherwise herein provided for	526.38	9,119.01	$8,592.63	
Total	445,113.21	375,383.70		69,729.51
Aggregate receipts	146,830,615.66	146,619,593.47		211,022.19

WITHDRAWALS FOR CONSUMPTION DURING THE LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS.

The quantities of distilled spirits, fermented liquors, manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, cigarettes, oleomargarine, and filled cheese on which tax was paid during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

Articles taxed.	Fiscal years ended June 30—		Increase.	Decrease.
	1896.	1897.		
Spirits distilled from apples, peaches, grapes, pears, pineapples, oranges, apricots, berries, and prunes*.....gals.	a 1,440,810	1,146,131		294,679
Spirits distilled from materials other than apples, peaches, grapes, pears, pineapples, oranges, apricots, berries, and prunes.....gals.	b 67,039,910	c 68,833,231	1,793,321	
Fermented liquors.....bbls.	35,826,098	34,423,094		1,403,004
Cigars and cheroots weighing over 3 pounds per thousand.....No.	4,237,755,943	4,063,169,097		174,586,846
Cigarettes weighing not over 3 pounds per thousand.....No.	4,042,391,640	4,151,669,760	109,278,120	
Cigarettes weighing over 3 pounds per thousand.....No.	1,407,097	1,582,710	175,613	
Snuff.....lbs.	12,548,599	13,268,640	720,041	
Tobacco, chewing and smoking.....lbs.	253,667,137	260,734,812	7,067,675	
Oleomargarine.....lbs.	47,623,773	42,534,559		5,089,214
Filled cheese.....lbs.		1,666,137	1,666,137	

*See footnote, page 400.
a Includes 60 gallons, at 90 cents.
b Includes 4,415 gallons, at 90 cents.
c Includes 50,206 gallons, at 90 cents.

AGGREGATE COLLECTIONS MADE AND REPORTED TO THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE BY THE COLLECTORS OF THE SEVERAL COLLECTION DISTRICTS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Collection districts.	Names of collectors.	Amount collected.
District of Alabama	Rodolphus O. Randall	$158,999.06
District of Arkansas	Robert T. Cook	90,674.57
First California	Osca M. Welburn	2,739,059.07
Do	B. M. Thomas (acting)	7,514.78
Fourth California	Waverly Stairley	302,685.70
District of Colorado	Albert L. New	391,995.84
District of Connecticut	John C. Byxbee	1,066,470.96
District of Florida	George W. Wilson	462,397.29
District of Georgia	Paul B. Trammell	447,698.85
First Illinois	William J. Mize	5,556,327.15
Fifth Illinois	James W. Hunter	15,859,716.29
Eighth Illinois	Joseph L. Wilcox	10,037,884.89
Thirteenth Illinois	William K. Murphy	661,678.74
Sixth Indiana	William H. Bracken	2,539,991.02
Seventh Indiana	Joshua Jump	6,024,372.11
Third Iowa	John C. Kelly	175,414.44
Fourth Iowa	William H. Stackhouse	276,827.21
District of Kansas	Richard B. Morris	250,398.32
Second Kentucky	Joshua D. Powers	1,371,270.87
Fifth Kentucky	Ben Johnson	8,793,111.45
Sixth Kentucky	Alexander Davezac	2,308,018.41
Seventh Kentucky	Wallace M. Shelby	1,503,463.24
Eighth Kentucky	Charles H. Rodes	1,682,193.70
District of Louisiana	John J. Carter	1,299,526.39
District of Maryland	Murray Vandiver	5,454,795.82
District of Massachusetts	Edward J. Donovan	2,884,541.60
Do	Peter J. Hughes (acting)	550,875.81
Do	James D. Gill	582,982.33
First Michigan	James Phelan	2,048,050.90
Fourth Michigan	Israel C. Smith	193,452.28
District of Minnesota	William H. Harries	2,224,315.85
First Missouri	Charles Speck	2,337,381.83
Do	H. D. Cleveland (acting)	853,625.42
Do	Wayman Crow McCreery	3,634,954.46
Sixth Missouri	Webster Withers	538,721.15
District of Montana	Ambrose W. Lyman	143,813.69
Do	John Moffitt (acting)	82,407.56
District of Nebraska	James E. North	1,313,881.81
District of New Hampshire	Calvin Page	403,719.62
First New Jersey	James Butcher	191,501.31
Fifth New Jersey	William D. Rutan	3,919,596.96
District of New Mexico	Charles M. Shannon	38,019.20
First New York	John C. Kelley	3,976,333.90
Do	Alexander McKinny (acting)	1,708,566.23
Do	Frank R. Moore	665,159.23
Second New York	John A. Mason	2,277,365.12
hird New York	Edward Grosse	3,224,688.36
Do	Andrew J. Sparks (acting)	996,939.80
Do	Ferdinand Eidman	1,068,069.87
Fourteenth New York	Louis W. Pratt	1,742,181.69
Twenty-first New York	William A. Beach	885,574,05
Twenty-eighth New York	Valentine Fleckenstein	1,875,888.49
Fourth North Carolina	Furnifold M. Simmons	1,073,228.60
Fifth North Carolina	Samuel L. Rogers	1,687,592.48
First Ohio	Joseph H. Dowling	5,437,571.81
Do	Herman F. Cellarius (acting)	2,469,749.36
Do	Bernhard Bettmann	2,090,927.93
Tenth Ohio	George W. Hull	717,021.31
Eleventh Ohio	Samuel M. McMillen	890,364.56
Eighteenth Ohio	Louis P. Ohliger	1,143,153.14
District of Oregon	Henry Blackman	275,577.44
First Pennsylvania	William H. Doyle	2,573,982.42
Do	Francis B. Bracken (acting)	598,451.46
Do	Penrose A. McClain	822,240.41
Ninth Pennsylvania	Raymond E. Shearer	1,980,608.34
Twelfth Pennsylvania	Grant Herring	798,386.65
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	Edmond A. Bigler	4,672,648.21
District of South Carolina	Samuel A. Townes	93,350.47
Second Tennessee	John T. Essary	175,087.93
Fifth Tennessee	Frank P. Bond	893,533.34
Third Texas	J. Edward Kauffman	304,464.57
Fourth Texas	James L. Doggett	137,383.81
Second Virginia	William Ryan	1,742,588.53
Sixth Virginia	William H. Fowle (acting)	761,861.95
Do	Park Agnew	149,296.05
District of West Virginia	Edwin Myers Gilkeson	706,874.77
First Wisconsin	James W. Murphy	4,119,280.36
Second Wisconsin	Moritz F. Blumenfeld	479,272.88
Aggregate collections		146,619,593.47

RECEIPTS, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES, DURING THE LAST FISCAL YEAR.

AGGREGATE COLLECTIONS OF INTERNAL REVENUE, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES, DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

States and Territories.	Aggregate collections.	States and Territories.	Aggregate collections.
Alabama	$158,999.06	Montana *g*	$226,221.25
Arkansas	90,674.57	Nebraska *h*	1,313,881.81
California *a*	3,049,259.55	New Hampshire *i*	403,719.62
Colorado *b*	391,995.84	New Jersey	4,111,098.27
Connecticut *c*	1,066,470.96	New Mexico *k*	38,019.20
Florida	462,397.29	New York	18,420,766.74
Georgia	447,698.85	North Carolina	2,760,821.08
Illinois	32,115,607.07	Ohio	12,748,788.11
Indiana	8,564,363.13	Oregon *l*	275,577.44
Iowa	452,241.65	Pennsylvania	11,446,317.49
Kansas *d*	250,398.32	South Carolina	93,350.47
Kentucky	15,658,057.67	Tennessee	1,068,621.27
Louisiana *e*	1,299,526.89	Texas	441,848.38
Maryland *f*	5,454,795.82	Virginia	2,653,746.53
Massachusetts	4,018,399.74	West Virginia	706,874.77
Michigan	2,241,503.18	Wisconsin	4,598,553.24
Minnesota	2,224,315.85		
Missouri	7,364,682.86	Total	146,619,593.47

a Including the State of Nevada.
b Including the State of Wyoming.
c Including the State of Rhode Island.
d Including the Indian Territory and the Territory of Oklahoma.
e Including the State of Mississippi.
f Including the State of Delaware, District of Columbia, and two counties of Virginia.
g Including the States of Idaho and Utah.
h Including the States of North Dakota and South Dakota.
i Including the States of Maine and Vermont.
k Including the Territory of Arizona.
l Including the State of Washington and the Territory of Alaska.

AMOUNT OF INTERNAL REVENUE COLLECTED IN THE SEVERAL STATES, TERRITORIES ETC., THAT HAVE BEEN CONSOLIDATED WITH OTHER DISTRICTS, FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

States, Territories, etc.	Amount collected.	States, Territories, etc.	Amount collected.
Alaska	$7,261.68	Nevada	$17,487.55
Arizona	19,900.80	New Hampshire	338,789.73
California	3,031,772.00	New Mexico	18,118.40
California, Fourth district of	285,198.15	North Dakota	25,881.61
Colorado	391,995.84	Oklahoma Territory	11,655.57
Connecticut	660,333.86	Oregon	106,962.38
Delaware	96,308.36	Rhode Island	406,137.10
District of Columbia	197,859.35	South Dakota	49,071.98
Idaho	23,574.08	Utah	47,429.18
Indian Territory	4,768.93	Vermont	21,900.49
Kansas	233,973.82	Virginia	2,656,168.11
Louisiana	1,287,932.02	Virginia, two counties of—Accomac and Northampton, belonging to collection district of Maryland	2,421.58
Maine	43,029.40		
Maryland	5,158,206.53		
Mississippi	11,594.37		
Montana	155,217.99	Washington	161,353.38
Nebraska	1,238,928.22	Wyoming	11,188.26

RECEIPTS FOR FIRST THREE MONTHS OF PRESENT FISCAL YEAR.

The following table shows the receipts from the several objects of taxation for the first quarter of the fiscal years ending June 30, 1897 and 1898. A comparison of the receipts for the two periods is also given:

Objects of taxation.	Amount of tax paid during first three months of fiscal year—		Increase.	Decrease.
	1897.	1898.		
SPIRITS.				
Spirits distilled from apples, peaches, grapes, pears, pineapples, oranges, apricots, berries, and prunes	$248,026.31	$267,622.12	$19,595.81	.....
Spirits distilled from materials other than apples, peaches, grapes, pears, pineapples, oranges, apricots, berries, and prunes	16,995,559.55	19,621,733.00	2,626,173.45	.....
Wine made in imitation of champagne, etc	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rectifiers (special tax)	88,050.03	96,687.53	8,637.50	.....
Retail liquor dealers (special tax)	2,392,021.79	2,357,609.20	.....	$34,412.59
Wholesale liquor dealers (special tax)	223,258.84	227,726.61	4,467.77	.....
Manufacturers of stills, and stills and worms manufactured (special tax)	735.00	562.50	.....	172.50
Stamps for distilled spirits intended for export	361.10	384.50	23.40	.....
Case stamps for distilled spirits bottled in bond	.....	526.90	526.90	.....
Total	19,948,012.62	22,572,852.36	2,624,839.74	.....
TOBACCO.				
Cigars and cheroots at $3 per thousand	3,149,120.19	a 3,341,191.97	192,071.78	.....
Cigarettes at 50 cents per thousand	562,367.73	b 930,637.03	368,269.30	.....
Snuff of all descriptions	182,965.77	203,388.00	20,422.23	.....
Tobacco, manufactured, of all descriptions	3,475,967.12	3,739,155.79	263,188.67	.....
Total	7,370,420.81	8,214,372.79	843,951.98	.....
FERMENTED LIQUORS.				
Fermented liquors, tax of $1 per barrel on, discount rate	9,790,663.27	c 12,300,750.65	2,510,087.38	.....
Brewers (special tax)	79,183.37	82,331.28	3,147.91	.....
Retail dealers in malt liquors (special tax)	114,057.29	127,547.43	13,490.14	.....
Wholesale dealers in malt liquors (special tax)	150,072.37	160,516.41	10,444.04	.....
Total	10,133,976.30	12,671,145.77	2,537,169.47	.....
OLEOMARGARINE.				
Oleomargarine, domestic and imported	166,634.66	180,223.68	13,589.02	.....
Manufacturers of oleomargarine (special tax)	3,600.00	4,800.00	1,200.00	.....
Retail dealers in olemargarine (special tax)	69,681.00	58,160.00	.....	11,521.00
Wholesale dealers in oleomargarine (special tax)	29,200.00	21,412.00	.....	7,788.00
Total	269,115.66	264,595.68	.....	4,519.98
FILLED CHEESE.				
Filled cheese, domestic and imported	435.01	1,376.64	941.63	.....
Manufacturers of filled cheese (special tax)	333.34	1,666.66	1,333.32	.....
Retail dealers in filled cheese (special tax)	239.00	36.00	.....	203.00
Wholesale dealers in filled cheese (special tax)	208.33	.....	.....	208.33
Total	1,215.68	3,079.30	1,863.62	.....

a Includes $75,220.64 at $1 per thousand.
b Includes $732,068.99 at $1 per thousand and $1,059.06 at $3 per thousand.
c Includes $4,367,101.85 at new rate.

RECEIPTS FOR FIRST THREE MONTHS OF PRESENT FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Object of taxation.	Amount of tax paid during first three months of fiscal year—		Increase.	Decrease.
	1897.	1898.		
BANKS, BANKERS, ETC.				
Bank circulation				
Notes of persons, State banks, towns, cities, etc., paid out				
Total				
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Penalties	$28,807.10	$17,542.88		$11,264.22
Opium manufactured for smoking purposes		114.90	$114.90	
Playing cards	43,330.96	48,565.18	5,234.22	
Collections not otherwise herein provided for	8.45	364.65	356.20	
Total	72,146.51	66,587.61		5,558.90
Aggregate receipts	37,794,887.58	43,792,633.51	5,997,745.93	

COST OF COLLECTION.

The cost of collection for the past fiscal year, distributed among the different items of appropriation, was approximately as follows:

For salaries and expenses of collectors, including pay of deputy collectors, clerks, etc., and including expenses incident to enforcing the provisions of law taxing oleomargarine	$1,727,495.21
For salaries and expenses of revenue agents, surveyors of distilleries, gaugers, storekeepers, and miscellaneous expenses	1,777,822.05
For paper for internal-revenue stamps	37,313.34
For expenses of detecting and punishing violations of internal-revenue laws	49,218.68
For salaries of officers, clerks, and employees in the office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue	256,620.21
Total amount expended	3,848,469.49

PERCENTAGE OF COST OF COLLECTION.

The percentage of cost of collection is 2.62 per cent. The expenses for the previous fiscal year were $4,086,292.47, or 2.78 per cent of the collections for that year, the figures indicating a slight decrease in the percentage of cost for the fiscal year just ended.

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.

The act of Congress approved August 7, 1882, making provision for sundry civil expenses for the year ended June 30, 1883, required the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to make a detailed statement of all miscellaneous expenditures in the Bureau of Internal Revenue for which appropriation was made in that act. In accordance with this requirement, I submit the following detailed statement of miscellaneous expenses incurred:

Telegraphing on public business	$412.85
Locks for use at distilleries	2,015.06
Hydrometers used in gauging spirits	5,487.50
Weighing beams for use in weighing spirits	563.91
Expenses of testing spirits weighed, labor, etc	23.34
Steel canceling dies	18.60
Saccharometers and chemicals for testing sweet-wine samples and oleomargarine	72.65

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES—continued.

Stationery for internal-revenue officers	$300.98
The Internal Revenue Record supplied to internal-revenue officers	2,242.31
The Federal Reporter for the office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue	17.50
Traveling expenses of clerks and chemist under special orders of the Department	79.33
Expenses of seizures and sales by collectors	518.01
Total	11,752.04

ESTIMATED EXPENSES FOR NEXT FISCAL YEAR.

I estimate the expenses of the Internal-Revenue Service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1899, as follows:

For salaries and expenses of collectors, including pay of deputy collectors and surveyors and clerks, and expense of enforcing the act of August 2, 1886, taxing oleomargarine, and the act of August 4, 1886, imposing on the Government the expense of the inspection of tobacco exported, and the act of June 6, 1896, imposing a tax on filled cheese	$1,850,000
For salaries and expenses of 20 revenue agents, for fees and expenses of gaugers, for salaries of storekeepers, and for miscellaneous expenses	2,150,000
For paper for internal-revenue stamps	40,000
For detecting and bringing to trial and punishment persons guilty of violating the internal-revenue laws, including payment for information and detection	75,000
For salaries of officers, clerks, and employees in the office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue	259,090
Total	4,374,090

SALARIES.

I have the honor to recommend that Congress appropriate for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1899, the sum of $259,090, as salaries for the following officers, clerks, and employees in this Bureau:

One Commissioner, at	$6,000
One Deputy Commissioner, at	3,200
One chemist, at	2,500
Two heads of division, at	2,500
Five heads of division, at	2,250
One superintendent of stamp vault, at	2,000
One stenographer, at	1,800
Twenty-four clerks, at	1,800
Twenty-four clerks, at	1,600
Thirty-four clerks, at	1,400
Twenty-four clerks, at	1,200
Thirteen clerks, at	1,000
Forty clerks, at	900
Two messengers, at	840
Fourteen assistant messengers, at	720
Thirteen laborers, at	660

An aggregate of 200 persons.

I also recommend the appropriation of the sum of $2,500 as salaries for one stamp agent at $1,600 and one counter, at $900, the same to be reimbursed by the stamp manufacturers, as provided by the act of August 5, 1882.

SCALE OF SALARIES OF COLLECTORS.

The recommendations made for the salaries of collectors are based upon an estimate of their probable collections according to the following scale, with the qualification that if the actual collections should vary from the amounts estimated, the salaries will be readjusted at the end of the fiscal year:

For collection of—	Salary.	For collection of—	Salary.
$25,000 or less	$2,000	$375,001 to $425,000	$3,375
25,001 to $37,500	2,125	425,001 to 475,000	3,500
37,501 to 50,000	2,250	475,001 to 550,000	3,625
50,001 to 75,000	2,375	550,001 to 625,000	3,750
75,001 to 100,000	2,500	625,001 to 700,000	3,875
100,001 to 125,000	2,625	700,001 to 775,000	4,000
125,001 to 175,000	2,750	775,001 to 850,000	4,125
175,001 to 225,000	2,875	850,001 to 925,000	4,250
225,001 to 275,000	3,000	925,001 to 1,000,000	4,375
275,001 to 325,000	3,125	1,000,001 and upward	4,500
325,001 to 375,000	3,250		

In addition to the salary based upon the above-mentioned scale, the collector shall receive a commission of one-half of 1 per cent on tax-paid spirit stamps, and may receive additional compensation on account of territorial extent, as provided by law, provided the gross compensation does not exceed $4,500. (See sections 3148 and 3314, Rev. Stat.)

OFFICIAL FORCE.

The force connected with this Bureau during the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1897, in the various districts throughout the United States, as reorganized under the Executive order of May 21, 1887, was 63 collectors, who received per annum salaries as follows:

Number.	Salary.	Number.	Salary.	Number.	Salary.
33	$4,500	4	$3,875	5	$3,000
1	4,375	4	3,625	3	2,875
2	4,250	2	3,500	2	2,750
1	4,125	2	3,375	1	2,625
1	4,000	1	3,250	1	2,500

There were also employed 958 deputy collectors, who received per annum salaries as follows:

Number.	Salary.	Number.	Salary.	Number.	Salary.
22	$2,000	34	$1,300	9	$500
11	1,900	169	1,200	1	480
33	1,800	127	1,100	1	425
1	1,750	136	1,000	11	400
10	1,700	2	950	4	360
31	1,600	64	900	27	300
2	1,550	4	850	3	250
59	1,500	23	800	2	240
9	1,450	1	750	7	200
119	1,400	5	700	1	150
1	1,350	25	600	4	120

There were also employed in the offices of the different collectors 185 clerks, who received per annum salaries as follows:

Number.	Salary.	Number.	Salary.	Number.	Salary.
1	$1,800	8	$1,150	9	$700
2	1,600	6	1,100	2	650
3	1,500	30	1,000	11	600
9	1,400	34	900	1	500
4	1,300	18	800	1	400
1	1,250	5	750		
38	1,200	2	720		

Also 23 porters, messengers, or janitors, who received per annum salaries as follows:

Number.	Salary.	Number.	Salary.	Number.	Salary.
5	$600	5	$400	1	$200
3	500	2	300	1	120
4	480	1	240	1	100

At the close of the year ended June 30, 1897, 202 officers, clerks, messengers, and laborers were employed in this Bureau, and the aggregate amount paid during the year for their salaries was $256,620.21.

STOREKEEPERS, GAUGERS, ETC.

There were also employed 587 gaugers, who received fees not to exceed $5 per day, 405 storekeepers, and 1,430 storekeepers and gaugers, whose pay did not exceed $4 per day, and 5 distillery surveyors. All the foregoing officers are paid only when actually employed.

Storekeepers are assigned to those distilleries only which have a surveyed daily capacity exceeding 100 bushels, and are paid such compensation as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, not to exceed $4 per day.

Storekeepers and gaugers are assigned to distilleries having a capacity of 100 bushels or less, which are in operation, and to distilleries of a capacity not exceeding 500 bushels, when under suspension. When the business of bottling spirits in bond is carried on at a distillery of the latter class, if the increase of work so requires, officers performing the separate duty of storekeeper and of gauger are assigned thereto.

Under the act of August 28, 1894, storekeepers and gaugers may now be assigned to perform the separate duties of a storekeeper at any distillery, or at any general or special bonded warehouse, or to perform any of the duties of a gauger, under the internal-revenue laws.

The pay of storekeepers and gaugers assigned to distilleries whose registered daily capacity is 20 bushels or less, is fixed by law at $2 per diem. The pay of those assigned to larger distilleries has been graded according to the following scale:

Compensation of storekeepers and gaugers assigned to distilleries in operation having a surveyed daily capacity exceeding 20 bushels, and not exceeding 40 bushels, $3 per day; compensation of those assigned to distilleries having a surveyed daily capacity exceeding 40 bushels, and not exceeding 60 bushels, $3.50 per day; compensation of those assigned to distilleries having a surveyed daily capacity exceeding 60 bushels, $4 per day.

The compensation of such officers assigned to distilleries under suspension having a surveyed daily capacity not exceeding 20 bushels, and having not exceeding 5,000 gallons of spirits in the distillery warehouse, is $2, for such days only as the officer is required to be in attendance to make withdrawals of spirits, or for other necessary purposes; when the quantity of spirits in warehouse of a suspended distillery having a daily capacity not exceeding 500 bushels, exceeds 5,000 gallons, and does not exceed 25,000 gallons, the compensation is $2 per day of constant attendance; when the quantity exceeds 25,000 and does not exceed 100,000 gallons, $3 per day; and when the quantity exceeds 100,000 gallons, $4 per day.

GENERAL CONDITION OF THE OFFICE AND THE SERVICE.

The work of the Bureau, both in this office and in the field, is well advanced and fully up to date. The efficient and faithful services of the officers and employees who have contributed to produce this result are highly appreciated, and deserve warm commendation.

REPORT OF WORK PERFORMED.

The report of work performed by the different divisions of the office during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, is shown by the following statement:

LAW DIVISION.

Offers in compromise briefed	899
Solicitors' opinions prepared	898
Offers in compromise acted upon	964
Report of seizures on Form 117 received	988
Report of seizures and destructions on Form 161 received	2,347
Reports on Form 128 received	7
Other reports received and examined	8,832
Reward claims acted upon	9
Letters written	6,294
Letters received	13,588
Claims for abatement of taxes disposed of	5,096
Orders and certificates of abatement of taxes issued	785
Amount of abatement claims allowed (uncollectible)	$153,445.12
Amount of abatement claims allowed (erroneous)	$121,908.11
Amount of abatement claims rejected (uncollectible)	$8,787.01
Amount of abatement claims rejected (erroneous)	$69,849.75
Claims for refunding taxes disposed of	219
Amount of refunding claims allowed	$8,398.72
Amount of refunding claims rejected	$100,035.31
Blank forms filled out and addressed	3,775

DIVISION OF DISTILLED SPIRITS.

Returns and reports relating to distilled spirits examined and disposed of	419,592
Returns and reports relating to fermented liquors examined and disposed of	45,462
Computations made of capacities of distilleries and of distillers' monthly liabilities	15,008
Cases of liability to assessment for deficiency, excess, and errors in gauging found and reported	2,861
Aggregate amount reported for assessment	$136,804.28
Examined and issued for use at distilleries:	
Slaight locks	337
Miller locks	812
Total	1,149

Examined and issued to gauging officers:	
Hydrometer sets	47
Hydrometer boxes	64
Hydrometer cups	279
Hydrometer stems	1,722
Hydrometer stem holders	8
Thermometers	743
Gauging rods	16
Wantage rods	150
Weighing beams issued for use of gauging officers	47
Letters written	24,758
Letters received	11,019

DIVISION OF TOBACCO.

Accounts of cigar manufacturers audited	30,301
Accounts of tobacco manufacturers audited	3,621
Accounts of tobacco manufacturers recorded	2,394
Statements of apparent deficiencies in accounts sent to collectors	1,323
Notices of apparent deficiencies in accounts sent to collectors for service on manufacturers	2,646
Explanations of deficiencies examined and acted upon	1,409
Claims for abatement and refunding of taxes examined and opinions thereon furnished to the law division	40
Circular letters prepared and sent to collectors	2
Letters written	1,028
Letters received	882

DIVISION OF STAMPS.

Sheets of stamps received from Bureau of Engraving and Printing and counted	46,482,560
Sheets of stamps returned by collectors, counted for reissue	29,120
Certificates of registry received from Public Printer and counted	65,250
Certificates of registry returned by collectors and counted	4,716
Collectors' orders and requisitions filled	4,088
Packages of stamps mailed	55,333
Books of stamps, coupons, and stubs, returned by collectors, examined and counted	71,355
Stamps and coupons returned, counted, credited in collectors' accounts, and forwarded to Auditor	88,232,801
Stubs of stamps examined	16,937,650
Books of stamps and coupons referred to Auditor	44,152
Stamps returned by collectors, unfit for reissue and stamps returned for redemption, counted and certified for destruction	406,594
Claims for redemption of stamps received and examined	458
Claims for redemption of stamps allowed and referred to Auditor	397
Claims for redemption of stamps rejected	27
Applications for restamping received and disposed of	92
Applications for issue of special-tax stamps in lieu of others destroyed, received and disposed of	363
Claims on Forms 66, 66 A, and 325, examined, allowed, and referred to Auditor and assessment division	448
Stubs of tax-paid spirit and special-tax stamps, and items Form 168, checked with claims Forms 66, 66 A, and 325	1,840
Reports examined and disposed of	31,796
Statements of accounts made	195
Names of persons appearing liable to penalty copied from stubs of special-tax stamps	11,675
Names of persons liable to penalty for default of proper return of special-tax liability reported to assessment division	7,283
Reexamination of stubs of special-tax stamps made to verify lists of persons reported for assessment	7,283
Packages received by express recorded and distributed	180
Packages received by registered mail recorded and distributed	10,580
Acknowledgments of stamps prepared and forwarded	3,147
Letters written	3,001
Value of stamps received from Bureau of Engraving and Printing	$172,634,701.50

Value of stamps issued to collectors	$161,711,873.77
Value of stamps on tin-foil wrappers for tobacco issued to manufacturers	86 207.76
Value of stamps destroyed	1,576,617.51
Value of stamps and coupons forwarded to Auditor as vouchers in collectors' accounts	12,095,042.63
Value of claims for redemption of stamps allowed	17,113.52

DIVISION OF ASSESSMENTS.

Reports relating to assessments examined and disposed of	20,481
Reports relating to bonded accounts examined and disposed of	509,255
Reports relating to exportations examined and disposed of	180,563
Reports relating to the fortification of wines examined and disposed of	662
Claims for drawback disposed of	131
Letters written, including telegrams and printed forms calling for corrections	7,654
Letters and telegrams received	4,138

DIVISION OF ACCOUNTS.

Weekly reports examined and disposed of	3,192
Monthly reports examined and disposed of	47,580
Quarterly reports examined and disposed of	507
Miscellaneous reports examined and disposed of	845
Certificates of deposit for internal-revenue collections recorded (amounting to $146,595,743.89)	27,792
Certificates of deposit for compromise offers, etc., recorded (amounting to $89,704.04)	1,093
Drafts mailed to collectors for monthly expenses (amounting to $2,706,320)	753
Drafts mailed to collectors for gaugers' fees, etc. (amounting to $682,407.32)	7,242
Drafts mailed to collectors for compromise offers returned (amounting to $25,413.70)	122
Drafts mailed to depositories for transfer of funds (amounting to $78,092.84)	512
Drafts mailed to internal-revenue agents for salary (amounting to $41,586.16)	233
Amount disbursed on pay roll of Office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue	$256,620.21
Special allowances to collectors of internal revenue recommended to the Secretary of the Treasury	175
Final statements of collectors' accounts referred to the Auditor of the Treasury for settlement	14
Collectors' monthly reports of collections consolidated into annual statements	700
Annual statements of collectors' monthly reports of collections recorded	84
Schedules of gaugers' accounts prepared	213
Checks for gaugers' fees and expenses filled out	6,847
Deputy collectors' expense accounts recorded in detail	8,631
Monthly abstracts of collections recorded	1,960
Accounts returned for correction	1,552
Letters received and disposed of	2,564
Letters written	4,009

DIVISION OF REVENUE AGENTS.

Reports of revenue agents received and disposed of	6,459
Reports of collectors received and disposed of	444
Accounts of revenue agents examined	479
Miscellaneous expense accounts examined	149
Sales by dealers in oleomargarine abstracted and referred to collectors	16,258
Reports relative to oleomargarine examined and disposed of	1,291
Reports of examining officers on condition of collectors' accounts examined and recorded	188

Reports of collectors of seizures of illicit stills, Form 162, examined and recorded	275
Reports of revenue agents of seizures, etc., Form 170, examined and recorded	157
Letters written	1,578

DIVISION OF APPOINTMENTS, RECORDS, AND FILES.

Commissions of collectors recorded, and appointees notified	15
Bonds of collectors and disbursing agents recorded	26
Commissions of gaugers, storekeepers, and storekeepers and gaugers recorded, appointees notified, and blank bonds prepared	213
Bonds of gaugers, storekeepers, etc., recorded	212
Revocations of commissions and resignations of gaugers, storekeepers, etc., recorded and mailed	105
Collectors' reports on Form 242, assignments of storekeepers, gaugers, etc., examined and acted upon	738
Statements of organizations of collectors' offices and districts, Form 204, recorded	63
Reports of examining officers on condition of collectors' offices, Form 188, examined and acted upon	164
Letters received for entire Bureau registered and distributed	37,404
Letters briefed and filed	22,730
Press copies of letters sent registered and arranged for reference	43,742
Pages of press-copy letters copied in records, doubly indexed, and compared	5,926
Pages of unrecorded press-copy letters bound in volumes, paged, and indexed	50,320
Pages of letter and cap paper copied and compared	7,330
Letters paged in registers and compared	29,094
Orders for press copies for reference filed	3,033
Blank forms prepared and issued	7,492,819
Blank books prepared and issued	34,724
Letters written	6,854

DIVISION OF CHEMISTRY.

Letters written	125

REVENUE AGENTS' DIVISION.

Twenty revenue agents have been employed during the last fiscal year, 1 as chief of division in this office, 13 in charge of territorial divisions, 3 in the examination of the offices and accounts of collectors, and 3 in assisting agents in charge of divisions and on special duty.

EXPENSES OF REVENUE AGENTS.

There have been expended from the appropriation for salaries and expenses of revenue agents during the year the following amounts:

Aggregate salary of agents	$44,640.00
Aggregate amount of traveling expenses	30,626.75
Stationery furnished agents	300.98
Transportation over Pacific railroads	1,355.89
Total	76,923.62

WORK DONE BY REVENUE AGENTS AND AMOUNT EXPENDED FROM "FRAUD FUND" FROM JULY 1, 1896, TO JUNE 30, 1897, BY CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

States.	Congressional districts.	Amount expended from fraud fund.	Registered distilleries reported for seizure.	Illicit stills seized.	Gallons of spirits reported for seizure.	Value of property reported for seizure.	Taxes reported for assessment.
Alabama	First				362	$415.00	
Do	Third	$3.00		2		25.00	
Do	Fourth	631.00	4	69	545	5,455.00	
Do	Fifth	763.00	3	107	173.90	6,606.59	
Do	Sixth	267.50		21	21.75	2,280.00	
Do	Seventh	136.50		11	8	1,105.00	
Do	Eighth	569.50		74	136	6,306.00	
Do	Ninth	15.00		2		45.00	
Arkansas	First	17.00		1		60.00	$45.00
Do	Second	160.00		6		416.00	
Do	Third	413.00		18		1,365.00	
Do	Fourth	384.00		11	10	1,000.00	
Do	Fifth	72.00		4	586	409.00	363.50
Do	Sixth	63.00		4		350.00	
California	First						265.63
Do	Second	115.00			93	100.00	350.00
Do	Third						15.63
Do	Fourth	140.00			477	770.00	3,760.63
Do	Fifth				40	319.25	5,091.82
Do	Sixth	121.43					1,561.00
Colorado	First						1,657.00
Do	Second						605.13
Connecticut	Second						150.00
Do	Fourth						150.00
Delaware	First				31.29	40.50	293.33
Florida	First	9.00				25.00	
Georgia	First	10.00		1	1,192.51	710.00	
Do	Second					17.00	
Do	Third	445.00		3	120.30	356.50	
Do	Fourth	507.50	1	65	532	4,552.00	
Do	Fifth	1,367.72		66	344.75	4,055.55	
Do	Sixth	1,260.50		42	94	2,492.00	
Do	Seventh	2,069.50		121	501.50	8,201.80	
Do	Eighth	151.50	1	18	1,088.46	2,555.58	
Do	Ninth	6,364.92	3	466	2,314.80	44,675.30	
Do	Tenth	43.27		1	240.90	330.00	
Do	Eleventh				708	880.50	

WORK DONE BY REVENUE AGENTS AND AMOUNT EXPENDED FROM "FRAUD FUND" FROM JULY 1, 1896, TO JUNE 30, 1897, BY CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS—Cont'd.

States.	Congressional districts.	Amount expended from fraud fund.	Registered distilleries reported for seizure.	Illicit stills seized.	Gallons of spirits reported for seizure.	Value of property reported for seizure.	Taxes reported for assessment.
Illinois	First	$47.47			99	$19.80	$1,471.88
Do	Second	126.19			64	19.20	212.50
Do	Third	57.81			112	42.70	1,966.52
Do	Fourth	36.47			27	8.10	206.90
Do	Fifth	92.98			28.78	8.63	681.89
Do	Sixth	93.03			37	11.10	328.34
Do	Seventh				21	6.30	462.50
Do	Eighth	169.62			52.50	15.75	407.50
Do	Ninth	103.55					218.75
Do	Tenth	89.72					253.13
Do	Eleventh				45	13.50	737.92
Do	Twelfth						15.63
Do	Thirteenth	24.17					
Do	Fourteenth	71.31			50	15.00	120.63
Do	Fifteenth	142.62			376	110.45	37.50
Do	Sixteenth	139.74			241.50	88.00	300.00
Do	Seventeenth				114	34.20	81.25
Do	Nineteenth				44.50	13.35	150.00
Do	Twenty-first				72	21.60	16.67
Indiana	Third						18.75
Do	Fourth						56.25
Do	Fifth				159.22	80.00	
Do	Seventh				38.50	50.00	50.00
Iowa	First						20.00
Do	Second						30.00
Do	Third	10.00		1		75.00	
Do	Fifth				22.14	33.21	
Do	Eleventh						225.00
Kansas	First					60.00	317.50
Do	Second				127.28	174.60	257.50
Do	Third					2.00	
Do	Fourth						74.17
Do	Fifth						108.34
Do	Sixth						315.00
Do	Seventh				15	26.25	
Kentucky	First	10.00				75.00	462.51
Do	Second	106.85					473.51
Do	Third	42.00		2		115.00	279.20
Do	Fourth	535.18		23	5	1,919.00	84.48
Do	Fifth	158.39					1,731.78
Do	Seventh	136.00		4		295.00	1,922.72
Do	Eighth	372.00		16		1,040.00	1,511.46
Do	Ninth	32.00		3	163	350.00	797.59
Do	Tenth	955.09		24	76.50	2,196.00	693.86
Do	Eleventh	1,422.01		39	104	5,345.00	679.81
Louisiana	First	440.00				27.46	2,967.66
Do	Second	116.00		1		25.00	283.33
Do	Third						18.75
Do	Fourth						58.33
Do	Fifth	117.65		6	12	770.00	
Do	Sixth						13.55
Maryland	Second	190.00			226.68	340.00	120.00
Do	Fifth						384.00
Do	Sixth	4.98			34.96	52.44	450.00
Massachusetts	Fourth						300.00
Do	Seventh						150.00
Do	Ninth	28.10			245.71	150.00	862.50
Do	Tenth						150.00
Do	Eleventh			1	120	1,500.00	37.50
Do	Twelfth			1		150.00	25.00
Do	Thirteenth						200.00
Michigan	First				39.48	39.48	
Minnesota	Second						337.50
Do	Third						150.00
Do	Fourth						62.50
Do	Sixth						140.63
Do	Seventh						9.38
Mississippi	First	373.00		16	35	1,822.00	192.70
Do	Second	352.98		11		992.50	103.23
Do	Third	110.00		1		52.50	28.13
Do	Fourth	652.47		19	53	2,575.00	478.94
Do	Fifth	129.00		3		55.00	343.60
Do	Sixth						147.13
Do	Seventh						124.61
Missouri	First				110	304.78	247.44
Do	Second						532.50

WORK DONE BY REVENUE AGENTS AND AMOUNT EXPENDED FROM "FRAUD FUND FROM JULY 1, 1896, TO JUNE 30, 1897, BY CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS—Cont'd.

States.	Congressional districts.	Amount expended from fraud fund.	Registered distilleries reported for seizure.	Illicit stills seized.	Gallons of spirits reported for seizure.	Value of property reported for seizure.	Taxes reported for assessment.
Missouri	Third						$96.66
Do	Fifth				12.75	$77.19	1,225.39
Do	Sixth						910.84
Do	Seventh					66.25	348.00
Do	Eighth					4.00	230.00
Do	Ninth				101.81	136.52	967.05
Do	Tenth					8.25	226.91
Do	Eleventh				178.34	243.48	1,252.50
Do	Twelfth	$100.00			548.10	789.50	849.29
Do	Thirteenth	31.25		3	20	336.50	66.25
Do	Fourteenth					20.00	840.00
Do	Fifteenth						537.50
Montana	First						375.00
Nebraska	do	20.00		1			
Do	Third						150.00
Do	Fifth						300.00
New Jersey	First	120.00		1		15.00	309.62
Do	Second	140.00			28.05	48.00	790.00
Do	Third				46.61	50.00	352.50
Do	Fifth	16.80		1	1.50	1,050.00	.....
Do	Sixth	13.45			33.60	50.40	.....
Do	Seventh	6.16					.....
Do	Eighth	100.00	1		3,743.56	790.00	.....
New Mexico	First					60.00	140.00
New York	do	37.92			86.85	90.00	30.00
Do	Second	138.21			358.80	462.50	
Do	Third	316.63		1	260.78	2,862.25	4,195.50
Do	Fourth	203.09			151.60	5,271.19	13,709.84
Do	Fifth	226.44		1		2,123.00	3,048.50
Do	Sixth	87.85		1	92.32	5,230.00	1,918.00
Do	Seventh	282.27		1	668.56	1,466.60	1,028.25
Do	Eighth	117.24		1	440.67	639.20	58.33
Do	Ninth	67.74		1	215.10	39,344.80	446.86
Do	Tenth	34.85			610.49	707.74	87.50
Do	Eleventh	45.09			240	365.00	191.67
Do	Twelfth				98.06	110.00	
Do	Thirteenth			2	26	200.00	
Do	Fourteenth	134.71		1	35	251.10	
Do	Fifteenth	14.18			190.90	220.00	33.33
Do	Sixteenth	139.44					19,939.00
Do	Seventeenth				83.25	95.00	
Do	Eighteenth				23.82	30.00	
Do	Nineteenth				44.59	50.00	
Do	Twentieth	151.00			405.50	445.00	503.98
Do	Twenty-fifth				61.76	80.00	
Do	Twenty-ninth				51.83	60.00	
Do	Thirty-first	78.00		4	37	968.24	
Do	Thirty-second				40.63	50.00	
Do	Thirty-fourth	76.50					
North Carolina	First	22.00		1		200.00	
Do	Second	129.00		11	1,647.24	2,975.99	1,478.46
Do	Third	409.50	1	19	556.75	2,258.30	8,467.75
Do	Fourth	785.50	1	47	1,342.60	4,750.50	5,544.00
Do	Fifth	1,427.40	1	84	2,164.45	9,150.73	6,707.37
Do	Sixth	139.50	2	5	2,704.69	4,294.84	126.52
Do	Seventh	1,471.98	26	57	12,646.43	23,113.49	26,608.80
Do	Eighth	2,670.25	31	124	11,096.12	25,118.48	32,287.82
Do	Ninth	2,963.60	6	140	3,157.07	13,921.84	7,448.18
North Dakota	First			1		1,000.00	
Ohio	do			1	20	20.00	373.98
Do	Second						265.75
Do	Ninth				40.85	12.25	
Do	Tenth				111.46	58.45	
Do	Thirteenth		1			10.00	
Do	Twenty-first				222.20	66.65	
Oregon	Second						887.08
Pennsylvania	First	490.64			2,001.96	2,244.73	266.00
Do	Second	3.36			1,329.39	2,878.93	1,517.71
Do	Third	200.00			1,112.61	3,010.02	1,478.75
Do	Fourth	3.15			144	341.17	166.25
Do	Fifth				814.63	1,327.87	913.50
Do	Sixth						375.00
Do	Seventh				204.97	299.25	512.50
Do	Eighth						37.50
Do	Ninth						187.50
Do	Tenth				28.06	42.00	

WORK DONE BY REVENUE AGENTS AND AMOUNT EXPENDED FROM "FRAUD FUND" FROM JULY 1, 1896, TO JUNE 30, 1897, BY CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS—Cont'd.

States.	Congressional districts.	Amount expended from fraud fund.	Registered distilleries reported for seizure.	Illicit stills seized.	Gallons of spirits reported for seizure.	Value of property reported for seizure.	Taxes reported for assessment.
Pennsylvania	Eleventh				24.90	$47.00	
Do	Twelfth					8.00	$525.00
Do	Thirteenth	$150.00			1,276.58	1,914.87	3,650.63
Do	Fourteenth				183.57	224.50	
Do	Sixteenth	100.00			275.69	420.79	354.57
Do	Seventeenth				191.57	295.00	75.00
Do	Twentieth	107.00			362.88	544.00	755.75
Do	Twenty-first				72.38	113.57	545.00
Do	Twenty-second						1,323.00
Do	Twenty-third						20.00
Do	Twenty-fourth						1,071.25
Do	Twenty-fifth	100.00			48.53	65.00	300.00
Do	Twenty-seventh						12.50
Do	Twenty-eighth						425.00
South Carolina	First	34.00		1		35.00	
Do	Second	16.00	1	1	408.91	437.84	25.00
Do	Third	1,138.00		63	28	5,447.25	417.78
Do	Fourth	1,863.50	1	100	982.60	9,695.22	87.50
South Dakota	First						159.38
Tennessee	do	234.00		4	329	606.00	
Do	Second	234.50	1	10	571.10	1,029.00	
Do	Third	758.00	1	28	6,354.17	10,607.40	225.00
Do	Fourth	410.00		13	30	740.00	
Do	Fifth	496.00	2	10	6,952.10	68,726.00	
Do	Sixth	56.00			446.27	673.75	150.00
Do	Seventh	223.00		5	91.50	625.50	
Do	Eighth	196.77		2	47.15	283.17	112.50
Do	Ninth				37.76	56.02	
Do	Tenth	126.00		1		25.00	300.00
Texas	First						62.50
Do	Third						37.50
Do	Fifth						68.76
Do	Sixth						134.83
Do	Seventh						774.99
Do	Eighth	16.00		1	2	100.00	83.36
Do	Tenth						106.25
Utah	First	50.00		3	1		
Virginia	Second						762.51
Do	Fourth	64.00		6	92	420.00	137.50
Do	Fifth	4,275.25	4	180	2,297	16,884.10	10,010.80
Do	Sixth	449.15		19	1,800	3,750.07	1,787.07
Do	Seventh	110.40	1		5,368.30	7,414.18	11,920.74
Do	Eighth	90.05			304	355.31	1,315.42
Do	Ninth	879.36		28	1,302.50	3,469.75	10,572.43
Do	Tenth	32.00	1	4	12.50	367.50	2,906.86
Washington	Second						346.25
West Virginia	Third	32.00		1	373	550.20	
Wisconsin	First				55	11.00	170.01
Do	Second						31.25
Do	Fourth	39.78			526.65	177.88	716.67
Do	Fifth		1		20,763	7,300.00	92.75
Do	Sixth				20	4.00	150.00
Do	Eighth				69	13.80	56.25
Do	Ninth				37.50	7.50	
Wyoming	First			3		425.00	87.50
Total		49,218.68	95	2,273	114,614.33	422,870.64	244,926.27

While this report shows the amount expended from the appropriation for the discovery of violations of internal-revenue law, it does not exhibit the correct results obtained thereby, for the reason that many cases discovered within the time named are before the courts or pending a settlement by offers in compromise under consideration in this office, the aggregate results of which would materially increase the sums reported.

In some districts the reports show violations of law discovered and seizures of property and assessments resulting therefrom, while but little, and in some instances none, of the appropriation for the discovery of violations of law was expended. It will also be observed that these

results are generally reported in districts where no illicit production of spirits is discovered. The larger portion of this appropriation is necessarily used in those parts of the country where illicit distillation is carried on to a considerable extent.

The seizure of illicit stills within the last few years has greatly increased. This matter should receive serious consideration. In 1894, 1,016 unregistered stills were seized. Since that time seizures of this character have gradually increased until during the last fiscal year they reached the unprecedented number of 2,273. The cause of the increased illicit production of spirits is, no doubt, in a great degree attributable to the increased tax on that product.

The suppression of frauds of this character is very difficult. Stills are illicitly operated in many parts of the country, but they are particularly numerous in the more remote localities and in the mountain regions of several of the Southern States, and on this account extraordinary measures must be taken to discover and seize them. Collectors allege that the means at their hands are entirely inadequate for this purpose, and hence the appropriation for the discovery of violations of internal-revenue laws must be depended upon for this work. The appropriation for the last three or four years has been insufficient for this and other purposes for which it is provided. I therefore recommend that it be considerably increased for the next fiscal year.

ILLICIT STILLS SEIZED.

Districts.	Stills seized.		Persons arrested.	Casualties.	
	Destroyed.	Removed.		Killed.	Wounded.
Alabama	228	4	177	0	0
Arkansas	43	0	14	0	0
Colorado	0	1	2	0	0
Connecticut	0	1	0	0	0
Florida	2	0	3	0	0
Georgia	841	11	445	0	*a* 1
Thirteenth Illinois	0	1	1	0	0
Third Iowa	0	1	1	0	0
Second Kentucky	10	1	5	0	0
Fifth Kentucky	23	0	5	0	0
Seventh Kentucky	17	0	5	0	0
Eighth Kentucky	77	2	5	0	0
Louisiana	21	0	10	0	0
First Missouri	0	2	0	0	0
First New Jersey	1	0	2	0	0
New Hampshire	1	0	1	0	0
First New York	0	2	7	0	0
Second New York	1	0	0	0	0
Third New York	5	1	5	0	0
Fourth North Carolina	173	0	0	*b* 1	*c* 2
Fifth North Carolina	290	0	46	0	0
Eleventh Ohio	1	0	0	0	0
South Carolina	190	1	79	0	0
Second Tennessee	42	1	2	0	0
Fifth Tennessee	27	0	8	0	0
Fourth Texas	2	0	6	0	0
Sixth Virginia	245	3	0	0	0
West Virginia	1	0	0	0	0
Total	2,241	32	829	1	3

The casualties to the officers named below occurred while they were on official duty:

a July 13, 1896, Deputy Collector E. T. McAfee was shot and wounded in the neck with a pistol ball by parties from ambush while on raid near Buford, Guinnett County.

b December 4, 1896, Deputy Collector Moffitt killed by illicit distiller Lee Turner in Montgomery County, Fourth district, North Carolina.

c October 2, 1896, Deputy Marshal J. C. Parish and Chief of Police of Florence, S. C., wounded by B. L. Jones, an illicit distiller, while resisting arrest.

STILLS SEIZED AND CASUALTIES TO OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS.

	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.
Stills seized	518	466	583	795	852	806	1,016	1,874	1,905	2,273
Officers or employees killed	1	2	1	1	.....	3	.....	1	.....	1
Officers or employees wounded	1	2	1	3	1	.....	.....	2	3	3

EXPENDITURES FOR THE DISCOVERY AND PUNISHMENT OF VIOLATORS OF LAW.

In accordance with the provisions of the act making an appropriation of $50,000, the following detailed statement of expenditures for detecting and bringing to trial and punishment persons guilty of violating internal revenue laws is submitted:

AMOUNT EXPENDED THROUGH REVENUE AGENTS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Names.	Amount.	Names.	Amount.
Bouldin, B. B	$3,327.10	Gates, D. A	$2,081.36
Brooks, A. H	1,750.46	McGinnis, J. W	1,133.89
Carson, T. B	116.00	Pitts, W. L	2,213.98
Chapman, W. H	13,014.11	Spaulding, D. D	1,067.98
Clark, Geo. B	7,760.98	Williams, Robert, jr	198.20
Colquitt, W. W	10,154.48	Wooters, J. M	1,915.55
Falvey, J. D	465.05		
Ferguson, Wayne	3,608.27	Total	48,807.41

RECAPITULATION.

Amount expended by revenue agents	$48,807.41
Miscellaneous	3.00
Amount expended for rewards	408.27
Total	49,218.68

The accounts for expenditures under this appropriation are rendered monthly, with an itemized statement, and in all cases supported by proper subvouchers duly sworn to. These accounts pass through all the accounting offices in the Treasury Department and are filed in the Register's Office.

STAMP DIVISION.

The following statements relate to the manufacture of stamp paper, engraving and printing the stamps, and the receipt, custody, and issue by this office of all internal-revenue stamps of the Government during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897:

STATEMENT OF NUMBER AND VALUE OF INTERNAL-REVENUE STAMPS ISSUED TO COLLECTORS FROM JULY 1, 1896, TO JUNE 30, 1897.

Class of stamps.	Number.	Value.
Spirits:		
Tax-paid	1,255,950	$83,473,945.50
Exportation	19,200	1,920.00
Imported	2,400	.....
Distillery warehouse	917,200	.....
Special warehouse	24,400	.....
Rewarehousing	8,400	.....
General-bonded warehouse	71,800	.....
General-bonded retransfer	3,000	.....
Rectified spirits	1,467,100	.....
Wholesale liquor dealers	703,500	.....
Transfer grape brandy	13,800	.....
Wine:		
Fortified sweet	600	.....
Tobacco:		
Tax-paid	524,523,749	20,223,115.80
Tax-paid tin-foil wrappers	22,508,208	86,207.76
Snuff:		
Tax-paid	82,547,220	780,975.57
Tobacco and snuff:		
Exportation	45,600	.....
Cigars:		
Tax-paid	67,667,770	12,136,228.80
Exportation	11,200	.....
Cigarettes:		
Tax-paid (50 cents per M.)	355,318,832	2,077,062.10
Tax-paid ($3 per M.)	76,850	6,594.00
Special tax	235,020	7,231,820.00
Fermented liquors:		
Tax-paid	79,440,700	34,317,675.00
Exportation	55,600	.....
Brewers' permits	66,800	.....
Oleomargarine:		
Tax-paid	1,366,800	1,150,624.00
Exportation	30,400	.....
Playing cards:		
Tax-paid	13,668,600	273,372.00
Documentary:		
Tax-paid	2	3.00
Certificates of registry	46,190	.....
Certificates of residence, by order of United States court	132	.....
Filled cheese:		
Tax-paid	76,200	38,538.00
Total	1,152,173,223	161,798,081.53

MANUFACTURE OF STAMP PAPER.

After due advertisement in the public prints, and by Department circular, for proposals to furnish stamp paper for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898, five sealed bids were presented, which were opened on the 28th day of April, 1897, in the office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, by a committee appointed by the honorable Secretary of the Treasury to open and consider such bids as might be presented. The various bids submitted having been duly considered, the committee

recommended an award of contract to the lowest and best bidder whose proposal conformed to the terms of the circular inviting such bids. Accordingly, the contract was awarded on the 1st day of May, 1897, to the New York and Pennsylvania Company, of New York, at 4.5 cents per pound, including cost of transportation and delivery at the Treasury Department, this being at the same rate as the contract price for the previous year.

PRODUCTION OF STAMPS.

All of the stamps used by this Bureau are engraved and printed by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, with the exception of stamps for tobacco imprinted on foil wrappers, which have been printed and furnished by the John J. Crooke Company, of New York, under a contract which provides that the imprinting of such stamps shall be without cost to the Government, the contractors receiving such remuneration from the manufacturers of tobacco as may be agreed upon between them, and reimbursing the Government for the salaries of one stamp agent for the United States, and one counter, amounting to $2,500 per annum.

NEW CLASSES OF STAMPS ADDED UNDER RECENT ACTS OF CONGRESS.

Stamps representing the tax on filled cheese, and the special taxes on the manufacturers of and wholesale and retail dealers in filled cheese, in accordance with the provisions of the act of June 6, 1896, imposing a tax of 1 cent per pound on domestic filled cheese; 8 cents per pound on filled cheese imported; and special taxes of $400 per annum on the manufacturer thereof; $250 per annum on the wholesale dealer, and $12 per annum on the retail dealer therein, have been prepared and issued since the report for the last fiscal year.

Under the provisions of "An act to allow the bottling of distilled spirits in bond," approved March 3, 1897, case stamps, with attached bottle stamps, to be used in the bottling of distilled spirits, have been prepared and issued. Case stamps for tax-paid spirits bottled in bond are in four denominations, viz: 3 gallons for cases containing 12 bottles of 1 quart each, with strip stamp attached for each bottle; 2.4 gallons for cases containing 12 bottles of one-fifth gallon each, with a strip stamp for each bottle; 3 gallons for cases containing 24 bottles of 1 pint each, with a strip stamp for each bottle, and 3 gallons for cases containing 48 bottles of one-half pint each, with a strip stamp for each bottle. These stamps are bound in books, each case stamp having a cash value of 10 cents. Stamps of the same denomination and value, but differing in design, are being prepared for distilled spirits bottled for export.

STOCK OF STAMPS IN VAULT.

The stock of stamps in the vaults of this office October 1, 1897, of the various classes and denominations, was 199,174,038, and the value of same $64,222,147.91.

STATEMENT OF THE NUMBER OF CERTIFICATES OF RESIDENCE ISSUED TO CHINESE BY ORDER OF COURT DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

California (includes Nevada)	1
Montana (includes Idaho and Utah)	126
Oregon (includes Washington and Alaska Territory)	5
Total	132

TOBACCO DIVISION.

The United States is the largest tobacco-growing country in the world. Other leading tobacco-growing countries of prominence are Austria-Hungary, Germany, Russia, British India, Dutch East Indies, France, and Japan.

The production of the United States is estimated at about 500,000,000 pounds annually, and the area devoted to the crop is about 700,000 acres, or 1,094 square miles.[1] (Census Report of 1890. Production and Distribution of the Principal Agricultural Products of the World, Department of Agriculture.)

The States of Kentucky, North Carolina, and Virginia lead in the area devoted to the cultivation of tobacco.

The total production of European countries is about 443,000,000 pounds, and they import about 350,000,000 pounds annually.

Tobacco is one of our leading articles of domestic export. Our exports are mainly to Great Britain, Germany, France, and other European countries.

The quantity of unmanufactured tobacco, including leaf, stems, and trimmings, exported during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, was 314,931,691 pounds, valued at $24,711,446.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, 295,539,312 pounds were exported.

Our imports of leaf are comparatively small, being mostly from the Dutch East Indies (Sumatra and Java), and Cuba. Importations from Germany and Mexico have increased during the past year and fallen off from Cuba.

The quantity of leaf tobacco imported into the United States during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, was 30,825,976 pounds, valued at $16,672,227.

DIFFERENT KINDS OF TOBACCO GROWN IN THE UNITED STATES.

Different types of tobacco are required for cigars, cigarettes, smoking and chewing, and different grades for wrappers and fillers of cigars and for plug tobacco.

Tobacco readily adapts itself to a wide range of climatic conditions, as seen in the distribution of the plant from Florida to Wisconsin.

On account of the difference in climate and soils, different kinds are produced in different States.

The main sorts of the Connecticut Valley crop are a wrapper and a binder leaf for cigars.

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[1] The Census Report (1890) gives the following statistics relative to leaf tobacco production:

Number of planters	205,802
Acres	692,990
Pounds	488,255,896
Value	$34,844,449

The characteristic crop of Ohio used to be a wrapper, but in the change of styles from dark to light cigars the product of that State is adapted to the filler only.

In Pennsylvania the main dependence of the grower is a filler crop, and on the heavier limestone soils filler leaf only is produced.

In Wisconsin both filler and wrapper are produced.

White burley tobacco is grown on the limestone soils of the blue grass regions of Kentucky and Ohio.

The tobacco grown in Maryland and on the heavier soils of Virginia and North Carolina is used both for manufacturing purposes and for export. The larger portion of the product of Virginia is of the dark heavy variety for export.

The bright yellow tobacco of southern Virginia, North and South Carolina, and east Tennessee is grown upon a certain type of very sandy soil, and is used for smoking tobacco, cigarettes, and bright wrappers.

In Louisiana the variety of tobacco known as perique is raised in the Parish of St. James. The entire product of perique for the calendar year 1896 was 182,009 pounds.

Reports show that the culture of domestic leaf is being experimented with, with favorable results, in Florida. The leaf tobacco raised is from Havana and Sumatra seed, and very fine wrapper tobacco is being produced. The industry is attracting capital and skilled producers.

THE TAX ON TOBACCO.

Tobacco forms one of the chief sources of revenue in every civilized country. Early in the history of this country acts were passed levying taxes on the article. One of the first acts passed under the Constitution (the act of July 4, 1789) levied a duty of 6 cents per pound on manufactured tobacco imported.

In 1794 an internal-revenue tax was levied on snuff made in the United States. This tax was taken off in 1795 and in lieu thereof a tax was imposed on snuff mills, which was repealed in 1800. By the act of January 18, 1815, tobacco, cigars, and snuff made for sale within the United States were taxed 20 per cent ad valorem. This statute was repealed February 22, 1816.

No further internal-revenue taxes were imposed on tobacco until 1862, when, under the necessities of the war, it was deemed necessary to inaugurate the present internal-revenue system and to place a tax on tobacco. It was suggested by some that the tax should be collected directly from the leaf in the hands of the producer, but it was believed that such a method was inapplicable in this country, where it was so widely produced, and the tax was placed on the manufactured article. (Commissioner's Report, 1863, p. 7; Report 1864, p. 9.)

The rate of tax has been subject to frequent changes since the original act of July 1, 1862.

Specific taxes on cigars, graduated according to the values of the cigars, were first imposed.

Plug and fine-cut tobacco were mainly taxed 15 cents per pound until June 30, 1864, when the rate was increased to 35 cents and afterwards to 40 cents.

Smoking tobacco was first taxed 5 cents per pound. The rate was subsequently increased to 35 cents.

The manufacturer was originally required to make returns and pay taxes on the product the same as other manufacturers whose products were taxed.

By the act of July 20, 1868, the system was reorganized, and manufacturers were required to pack their product in prescribed packages, to which stamps denoting payment of the tax were required to be affixed.

PRESENT RATE OF TAX.

The present rate of tax under the act of July 24, 1897 (the Dingley bill), on cigars and cigarettes is $3 per thousand when they weigh over 3 pounds per thousand, and $1 per thousand when they weigh not over 3 pounds per thousand.

The present rate of tax on manufactured tobacco and snuff is 6 cents per pound, as established by the act of October 1, 1890 (the McKinley bill).

THE ACT OF JULY 24, 1897.

The act of July 24, 1897, provided as follows:

SEC. 10. That section thirty-three hundred and ninety-four of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended, be, and the same is hereby, further amended, so as to read as follows:

"Upon cigars which shall be manufactured and sold, or removed for consumption or sale, there shall be assessed and collected the following taxes, to be paid by the manufacturer thereof: On cigars of all descriptions made of tobacco, or any substitute therefor, and weighing more than three pounds per thousand, three dollars per thousand; on cigars, made of tobacco, or any substitute therefor, and weighing not more than three pounds per thousand, one dollar per thousand; on cigarettes, made of tobacco, or any substitute therefor, and weighing more than three pounds per thousand, three dollars per thousand; on cigarettes, made of tobacco, or any substitute therefor, and weighing not more than three pounds per thousand, one dollar per thousand: *Provided*, That all rolls of tobacco, or any substitute therefor, wrapped with tobacco, shall be classed as cigars, and all rolls of tobacco, or any substitute therefor, wrapped in paper or any substance other than tobacco, shall be classed as cigarettes.

"And the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall provide dies and adhesive stamps for cigars weighing not more than three pounds per thousand: *Provided*, That such stamps shall be in denominations of ten, twenty, fifty, and one hundred, and the laws and regulations governing the packing and removal for sale of cigarettes, and the affixing and canceling of the stamps on the packages thereof, shall apply to cigars weighing not more than three pounds per thousand.

"None of the packages of smoking tobacco and fine-cut chewing tobacco and cigarettes prescribed by law shall be permitted to have packed in, or attached to, or connected with, them, any article or thing whatsoever, other than the manufacturers' wrappers and labels, the internal-revenue stamp and the tobacco or cigarettes, respectively, put up therein, on which tax is required to be paid under the internal-revenue laws; nor shall there be affixed to, or branded, stamped, marked, written, or printed upon, said packages, or their contents, any promise or offer of, or any order or certificate for, any gift, prize, premium, payment, or reward."

This act made a new definition of cigars and cigarettes. Cigarettes with tobacco wrappers, which had been usually called "all-tobacco cigarettes," are now designated as cigars.

The tax on cigarettes weighing not more than 3 pounds per thousand is double the rate previously in force.

If cigarettes continue to be consumed as largely as ever, the collections from this source will be doubled and the increase in revenue from this source will be about $2,000,000 per annum.

Returns received since the act went into effect do not indicate any decrease in production.

WHEN THE LAW WENT INTO EFFECT.

The act of July 24, 1897, went into effect at midnight July 23, 1897, or at the first moment of July 24. (Department Circular No. 108.)[1]

[1] Contra, decision of the Board of General Appraisers in the case of Stoddard, Haserick, Richards & Co. *v.* Collector of Customs at Boston, 10 U. S. Revenue Journal, 377.

Collectors were instructed to have an inventory made of all cigarettes weighing not more than 3 pounds per thousand to which the manufacturer had, after the hour of midnight of July 23, 1897, affixed stamps at the old rate, to wit, 50 cents per thousand.

In cases where such cigarettes had been removed from the manufactory, or place where they were made, after the hour of midnight of July 23, stamped at the old rate of 50 cents per thousand, assessments were made against the manufacturer of the additional amount of 50 cents per thousand upon cigarettes so removed.

DEALERS IN LEAF TOBACCO.

Dealers in leaf tobacco are required to register with the collector of the district, to keep books, and to furnish statements as to sales under oath when required.

Dealers in leaf tobacco are those dealers who sell to three classes of persons, viz: (1) To other dealers in leaf tobacco; (2) to manufacturers of tobacco, snuff, and cigars; (3) to persons known to be purchasers of tobacco for export.

All restrictions whatsoever upon the farmer and grower in regard to the sale of leaf tobacco of his own production in its natural condition were removed by the act of August 28, 1894.

While the farmer is not restricted as to the sale of his leaf in its natural condition, the manipulation of it renders it liable to the tax. All tobacco is held to be manufactured that is in any manner changed after being dried and cured upon the farm where it is produced (except resweated), such as being sweetened, doubled, rolled, plaited, twisted by hand, or otherwise reduced to a condition to be consumed, even if prepared by a process, however simple, without the aid of any machine or instrument, and the same will be subject to the tax of 6 cents per pound, and the owner will be required to qualify as a manufacturer of tobacco.

There were 4,205 registered dealers in leaf tobacco in the United States during the last fiscal year.

The following statement shows the number in each collection district:

NUMBER OF DEALERS IN LEAF TOBACCO IN THE UNITED STATES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, ARRANGED ACCORDING TO DISTRICTS.

Alabama	0	Seventh Kentucky	135
Arkansas	0	Eighth Kentucky	14
First California	16	Louisiana (includes Mississippi)	14
Fourth California (includes Nevada)	0	Maryland (includes District of Columbia and Delaware)	101
Colorado (includes Wyoming)	5	Third Massachusetts	67
Connecticut (includes Rhode Island)	135	First Michigan	15
Florida	97	Fourth Michigan	2
Georgia	0	Minnesota	8
First Illinois	61	First Missouri	39
Fifth Illinois	2	Sixth Missouri	14
Eighth Illinois	3	Montana (includes Idaho and Utah)	0
Thirteenth Illinois	2	Nebraska (includes North and South Dakota)	1
Sixth Indiana	10	New Hampshire (includes Maine and Vermont)	3
Seventh Indiana	10	First New Jersey	1
Third Iowa	2	Fifth New Jersey	24
Fourth Iowa	6	New Mexico (includes Arizona)	1
Kansas (includes Indian Territory and Oklahoma)	2	First New York	73
Second Kentucky	322	Second New York	383
Fifth Kentucky	95	Third New York	179
Sixth Kentucky	137	Fourteenth New York	31

NUMBER OF DEALERS IN LEAF TOBACCO IN THE UNITED STATES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, ARRANGED ACCORDING TO DISTRICTS—Continued.

Twenty-first New York	98	Twenty-third Pennsylvania	16
Twenty-eighth New York	40	South Carolina	65
Fourth North Carolina	253	Second Tennessee	20
Fifth North Carolina	37	Fifth Tennessee	150
First Ohio	365	Third Texas	8
Tenth Ohio	32	Fourth Texas	2
Eleventh Ohio	17	Second Virginia	97
Eighteenth Ohio	69	Sixth Virginia	135
Oregon (includes Alaska and Washington)	3	West Virginia	57
First Pennsylvania	154	First Wisconsin	17
Ninth Pennsylvania	420	Second Wisconsin	131
Twelfth Pennsylvania	9	Total	4,205

MANUFACTURERS OF TOBACCO.

The law defines a manufacturer of tobacco as one whose business it is to manufacture tobacco or snuff for himself, or who employs others to manufacture tobacco or snuff, whether such manufacture be by cutting, pressing, grinding, crushing, or rubbing of any raw or leaf tobacco, or otherwise preparing raw or leaf tobacco, or manufactured or partially manufactured tobacco or snuff, or the putting up for use or consumption of scraps, waste, clippings, stems, or deposits of tobacco resulting from any process of handling tobacco, or by the working or preparation of leaf tobacco, tobacco stems, scraps, clippings, or waste, by sifting, twisting, screening, or any other process.

Every person shall also be regarded as a manufacturer of tobacco whose business it is to sell leaf tobacco in quantities less than a hogshead, case, or bale; or who sells directly to consumers, or to persons other than duly registered dealers in leaf tobacco, or duly registered manufacturers of tobacco, snuff, or cigars, or to persons who purchase in packages for export; and all tobacco so sold by such persons shall be regarded as manufactured tobacco, and such manufactured tobacco shall be put up and prepared by such manufacturer in such packages only as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall prescribe.

The number of registered manufacturers of tobacco in the United States during the calendar year 1896 was 3,332.

Of this number some did not manufacture, but registered in order to dispose of tobacco on hand, and for the purpose of dealing in scraps, cuttings, and waste made by cigar manufacturers.

The total number who manufactured tobacco was 2,070.

In Louisiana all the tobacco manufactured was produced principally by three factories, a fourth commencing business near the close of December. All the other registered manufacturers were parties who raised "perique" tobacco.

Owing to the peculiar and exceptional method adopted by planters in curing and preparing this class of tobacco, producers of "perique" tobacco are required to qualify as manufacturers.

NUMBER OF REGISTERED TOBACCO MANUFACTURERS IN THE UNITED STATES DURING THE CALENDAR YEARS 1895 AND 1896.

A.—ARRANGED ACCORDING TO DISTRICTS.

Districts.	1895.	1896.	Districts.	1895.	1896.
Alabama	4	4	New Hampshire (includes Maine and Vermont)	9	11
Arkansas	5	9	First New Jersey	23	23
First California	21	20	Fifth New Jersey	50	48
Fourth California (includes Nevada)	1	2	New Mexico (includes Arizona)	6	3
Colorado (includes Wyoming)	20	18	First New York	47	45
Connecticut (includes Rhode Island)	52	55	Second New York	55	72
Florida	9	13	Third New York	81	79
Georgia	20	18	Fourteenth New York	63	67
First Illinois	216	265	Twenty-first New York	138	143
Fifth Illinois	21	19	Twenty-eighth New York	75	85
Eighth Illinois	86	84	Fourth North Carolina	68	70
Thirteenth Illinois	22	24	Fifth North Carolina	177	162
Sixth Indiana	71	69	First Ohio	108	120
Seventh Indiana	30	29	Tenth Ohio	41	37
Third Iowa	30	33	Eleventh Ohio	23	22
Fourth Iowa	87	84	Eighteenth Ohio	79	86
Kansas (includes Indian Territory and Oklahoma)	53	48	Oregon (includes Alaska and Washington)	34	39
Second Kentucky	36	30	First Pennsylvania	153	150
Fifth Kentucky	57	52	Ninth Pennsylvania	92	88
Sixth Kentucky	24	22	Twelfth Pennsylvania	28	30
Seventh Kentucky	14	14	Twenty-third Pennsylvania	46	51
Eighth Kentucky	14	18	South Carolina	9	8
Louisiana (includes Mississippi)	66	67	Second Tennessee	15	13
Maryland (includes District of Columbia and Delaware)	40	40	Fifth Tennessee	53	54
Third Massachusetts	30	28	Third Texas	15	13
First Michigan	101	111	Fourth Texas	19	9
Fourth Michigan	55	58	Second Virginia	47	56
Minnesota	105	105	Sixth Virginia	101	98
First Missouri	52	49	West Virginia	34	39
Sixth Missouri	47	42	First Wisconsin	59	61
Montana (includes Idaho and Utah)	24	27	Second Wisconsin	39	36
Nebraska (includes North and South Dakota)	56	57	Total	3,256	3,332

B.—ARRANGED ACCORDING TO STATES.

States.	1895.	1896.	States.	1895.	1896.
Alabama	4	4	Nebraska	48	46
Alaska	0	0	Nevada	0	0
Arkansas	5	9	New Hampshire	2	2
Arizona	2	2	New Jersey	73	71
California	22	22	New Mexico	4	1
Colorado	17	15	New York	459	491
Connecticut	52	55	North Carolina	245	232
Delaware	5	7	North Dakota	0	0
District of Columbia	4	5	Ohio	251	265
Florida	9	13	Oklahoma	4	1
Georgia	20	18	Oregon	18	22
Idaho	2	3	Pennsylvania	319	319
Illinois	345	392	Rhode Island	0	0
Indiana	101	98	South Carolina	9	8
Indian Territory	0	1	South Dakota	8	11
Iowa	117	117	Tennessee	68	67
Kansas	49	46	Texas	34	22
Kentucky	145	136	Utah	7	8
Louisiana	66	66	Vermont	7	8
Maine	0	1	Virginia	148	154
Maryland	31	28	Washington	16	17
Massachusetts	30	28	West Virginia	34	39
Michigan	156	169	Wisconsin	98	97
Minnesota	105	105	Wyoming	3	3
Mississippi	0	0			
Missouri	99	91	Total	3,256	3,332
Montana	15	17			

MANUFACTURERS OF CIGARS.

The number of cigar manufacturers operating in 1896 was 31,401.

The following statement shows the number in each district and State for the calendar years 1895 and 1896:

NUMBER OF CIGAR MANUFACTURERS IN THE UNITED STATES DURING THE CALENDAR YEARS 1895 AND 1896.

A.—ARRANGED ACCORDING TO DISTRICTS.

Districts.	1895.	1896.	Districts.	1895.	1896.
Alabama	64	56	New Hampshire (includes Maine and Vermont	166	180
Arkansas	43	50	First New Jersey	279	278
First California	527	536	Fifth New Jersey	795	790
Fourth California (includes Nevada)	79	79	New Mexico (includes Arizona)	10	11
Colorado (includes Wyoming)	222	232	First New York	1,703	1,731
Connecticut (includes Rhode Island)	467	472	Second New York	373	533
Florida	515	571	Third New York	2,617	2,665
Georgia	82	93	Fourteenth New York	800	816
First Illinois	1,958	2,158	Twenty-first New York	750	806
Fifth Illinois	145	142	Twenty-eighth New York	767	758
Eighth Illinois	515	520	Fourth North Carolina	23	25
Thirteenth Illinois	181	190	Fifth North Carolina	16	17
Sixth Indiana	628	623	First Ohio	692	742
Seventh Indiana	207	229	Tenth Ohio	446	422
Third Iowa	193	184	Eleventh Ohio	287	295
Fourth Iowa	430	450	Eighteenth Ohio	781	784
Kansas (includes Indian Territory and Oklahoma)	330	323	Oregon (includes Alaska and Washington)	177	176
Second Kentucky	31	32	First Pennsylvania	2,123	2,171
Fifth Kentucky	131	144	Ninth Pennsylvania	2,873	2,975
Sixth Kentucky	128	137	Twelfth Pennsylvania	161	395
Seventh Kentucky	28	29	Twenty-third Pennsylvania	785	811
Eighth Kentucky	3	3	South Carolina	15	14
Louisiana (includes Mississippi)	180	177	Second Tennessee	35	30
Maryland (includes Delaware and District of Columbia	912	931	Fifth Tennessee	42	30
Third Massachusetts	764	767	Third Texas	99	108
First Michigan	888	908	Fourth Texas	59	56
Fourth Michigan	336	344	Second Virginia	40	145
Minnesota	518	554	Sixth Virginia	90	83
First Missouri	610	638	West Virginia	145	141
Sixth Missouri	294	300	First Wisconsin	708	731
Montana (includes Idaho and Utah	97	109	Second Wisconsin	363	370
Nebraska (includes North and South Dakota	346	331	Total	30,072	31,401

B.—ARRANGED ACCORDING TO STATES.

States.	1895.	1896.	States.	1895.	1896.
Alabama	64	56	Montana (includes Idaho and Utah)	97	109
Alaska. (*See* Oregon.)			Nebraska (includes North and South Dakota)	346	331
Arkansas	43	50	Nevada. (*See* California.)		
Arizona. (*See* New Mexico.)			New Hampshire (includes Maine and Vermont)	166	180
California (includes Nevada)	606	615	New Jersey	1,074	1,068
Colorado (includes Wyoming)	222	232	New Mexico (includes Arizona)	10	11
Connecticut (includes Rhode Island)	467	472	New York	7,010	7,309
Delaware. (*See* Maryland.)			North Carolina	39	42
District of Columbia. (*See* Maryland.)			North Dakota. (*See* Nebraska.)		
Florida	515	571	Ohio	2,206	2,243
Georgia	82	93	Oklahoma. (*See* Kansas.)		
Idaho. (*See* Montana.)			Oregon (includes Alaska and Washington)	177	176
Illinois	2,799	3,010	Pennsylvania	5,942	6,352
Indiana	835	852	Rhode Island. (*See* Connecticut.)		
Indian Territory. (*See* Kansas.)			South Carolina	15	14
Iowa	623	634	South Dakota. (*See* Nebraska.)		
Kansas (includes Indian Territory and Oklahoma)	330	323	Tennessee	77	60
Kentucky	321	345	Texas	158	164
Louisiana (includes Mississippi)	180	177	Vermont. (*See* New Hampshire.)		
Maine. (*See* New Hampshire.)			Virginia	130	228
Maryland (includes District of Columbia and Delaware)	912	931	West Virginia	145	141
Massachusetts	764	767	Wisconsin	1,071	1,101
Michigan	1,224	1,252	Wyoming. (*See* Colorado.)		
Minnesota	518	554			
Mississippi. (*See* Louisiana.)			Total	30,072	31,401
Missouri	904	938			

PEDDLERS OF TOBACCO, SNUFF, OR CIGARS.

Peddlers of tobacco, snuff, or cigars are required to register and give a bond, but are not required to pay any taxes under the internal-revenue laws.

Peddlers can only sell in original legal packages. Leaf tobacco can not be lawfully sold by peddlers unless put up in legal packages by a manufacturer of tobacco and stamped and labeled.

There were 2,353 registered peddlers in the United States during the last fiscal year. The following statement shows the States in which they registered and the number in each district:

NUMBER OF PEDDLERS OF TOBACCO IN THE UNITED STATES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, ARRANGED ACCORDING TO DISTRICTS.

Alabama	0	New Hampshire (includes Maine and Vermont)	30
Arkansas	15	First New Jersey	18
First California	13	Fifth New Jersey	64
Fourth California (includes Nevada)	0	New Mexico (includes Arizona)	0
Colorado (includes Wyoming)	10	First New York	69
Connecticut (includes Rhode Island)	23	Second New York	11
Florida	5	Third New York	44
Georgia	1	Fourteenth New York	105
First Illinois	71	Twenty-first New York	115
Fifth Illinois	0	Twenty-eighth New York	157
Eighth Illinois	18	Fourth North Carolina	37
Thirteenth Illinois	16	Fifth North Carolina	142
Sixth Indiana	33	First Ohio	96
Seventh Indiana	9	Tenth Ohio	52
Third Iowa	21	Eleventh Ohio	14
Fourth Iowa	12	Eighteenth Ohio	147
Kansas (includes Indian Territory and Oklahoma)	19	Oregon (includes Alaska and Washington)	0
Second Kentucky	2	First Pennsylvania	121
Fifth Kentucky	9	Ninth Pennsylvania	171
Sixth Kentucky	7	Twelfth Pennsylvania	16
Seventh Kentucky	1	Twenty-third Pennsylvania	82
Eighth Kentucky	0	South Carolina	1
Louisiana	46	Second Tennessee	0
Maryland (includes District of Columbia and Delaware)	19	Fifth Tennessee	25
Third Massachusetts	103	Third Texas	1
First Michigan	92	Fourth Texas	2
Fourth Michigan	57	Second Virginia	2
Minnesota	47	Sixth Virginia	20
First Missouri	6	West Virginia	37
Sixth Missouri	20	First Wisconsin	69
Montana (includes Idaho and Utah)	0	Second Wisconsin	10
Nebraska (includes North and South Dakota)	20	Total	2,353

INTERNAL-REVENUE COLLECTIONS FROM TOBACCO.

The aggregate amount of taxes collected from tobacco during the last fiscal year was $30,710,297.42.

This amount includes taxes paid on manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes, domestic and imported.

The internal-revenue taxes on imported manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes are the same as on domestic in addition to the import duties thereon.

The collections from each item were as follows:

Manufactured tobacco, chewing and smoking	$15,644,088.75
Snuff	796,118.37
Cigars	12,189,507.29
Cigarettes	2,080,583.01
	30,710,297.42
Collections for fiscal year ended June 30, 1896	30,711,629.11
Decrease	1,331.69

The collections on cigarettes, snuff, and manufactured tobacco increased, but the receipts from cigars fell off to the amount of $523,760.54.

The increase from the tax on cigarettes amounted to	$55,165.90
On manufactured tobacco	424,060.50
On snuff	43,202.45
Increase	522,428.85
Decrease in collections from cigars and cheroots	523,760.54
Net decrease	1,331.69

STATEMENT SHOWING THE AMOUNT OF INTERNAL-REVENUE TAXES COLLECTED FROM TOBACCO FOR THE PAST TEN YEARS.

Fiscal year ending June 30—	Amount.	Fiscal year ending June 30—	Amount.
1888	$30,662,431.52	1893	$31,889,711.74
1889	31,866,860.42	1894	28,617,898.62
1890	33,958,991.06	1895	29,704,907.63
1891	32,796,270.97	1896	30,711,629.11
1892	31,000,493.07	1897	30,710,297.42

The amount received from special taxes relating to tobacco is included in the above up to the time such taxes were repealed, May 1, 1891 (act of October 1, 1890).

The total collections from September 1, 1862, to June 30, 1897, from tobacco of all descriptions, including special taxes, amount to $1,059,900,901.77.

Table E in the Appendix at the close of the bound volume of this report shows the receipts from this source by fiscal years from September 1, 1862.

QUANTITY TAXED.

The figures given below represent the quantity of manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes upon which taxes were collected during the last two fiscal years:

Articles taxed.	Fiscal years ending June 30—		Increase.
	1896.	1897.	
Cigars and cheroots weighing over 3 pounds per thousand *a* ..... number..	4,237,755,943	4,063,169,097	.....
Cigarettes weighing not over 3 pounds per thousand ..... number..	4,042,391,640	4,151,669,760	109,278,120
Cigarettes weighing over 3 pounds per thousand..do....	1,407,097	1,582,710	175,613
Snuff.....pounds..	12,548,599	13,268,640	720,041
Tobacco, chewing and smoking .....do....	253,667,137	260,734,812	7,067,675

a Decrease, 174,586,846.

There was an increase in the quantity of manufactured tobacco, snuff, and cigarettes upon which tax was paid over the previous fiscal year, and a decrease in the number of cigars.

QUANTITY EXPORTED.

There was also produced the following quantity of tobacco, snuff, and cigars which were exported without payment of tax during the last fiscal year:

Tobacco and snuff[1]	pounds..	16,879,743
Cigars	number..	1,411,194
Cigarettes	do....	892,956,300

being an increase in the quantity of tobacco and snuff exported over the previous year of 3,844,725 pounds, and an increase in the quantity of cigars of 405,783, and in the quantity of cigarettes of 264,869,910.

PRODUCTION OF TOBACCO, SNUFF, CIGARS, AND CIGARETTES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

The total production of tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes in the United States for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, is computed from the receipts for taxes on all such goods put on the market for consumption. The quantity removed in bond for export without payment of the tax is added, and from this amount the quantity imported for consumption, upon which the internal-revenue tax was paid in addition to customs duties, is deducted.

TOBACCO AND SNUFF PRODUCED.

	Pounds.	Pounds.
Tobacco upon which tax was paid		260,734,812
Snuff upon which tax was paid		13,268,640
Total tobacco and snuff taxed		274,003,452
Tobacco and snuff exported		16,879,743
Total		290,883,195
Deduct tobacco and snuff imported for consumption		333,423
Net total domestic production for fiscal year 1897		290,549,772
	Pounds.	
Total production 1896	279,250,754	
Less imports	327,385	
		278,923,369
Increase over fiscal year 1896		11,626,403

The increase of taxed tobacco and snuff over fiscal year 1896 was 7,787,716 pounds; the increase of tobacco and snuff exported was 3,844,725 pounds, and the increase of tobacco and snuff imported and withdrawn for consumption was 6,038 pounds.

[1] This statement does not include all tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes exported. Some of these articles are exported after payment of tax and drawback is allowed (p. 187). The manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigarettes, and cigars exported during the year were valued at $5,025,817; number of cigars exported, 1,962,000; number of cigarettes, 921,316,000. (Monthly Summary of Finance and Commerce, Bureau of Statistics, No. 12, series 1896-97.)

CIGARS AND CHEROOTS PRODUCED.

	Number.
Cigars and cheroots taxed	4,063,169,097
Quantity exported	1,411,194
Total	4,064,580,291
Deduct quantity imported 1897 (estimated average 12 pounds per 1,000)	35,560,362
Net total domestic production	4,029,019,929

	Number.	
Taxed in 1896	4,237,755,943	
Exported in 1896	1,005,411	
Total for 1896	4,238,761,354	
Less imports	36,956,720	
		4,201,804,634
Decrease over fiscal year 1896		172,784,705

The decrease from the fiscal year 1896 of taxed cigars was 174,586,846; the increase of cigars exported was 405,783, and the decrease of cigars imported and withdrawn for consumption was 1,396,358.

CIGARETTES PRODUCED.

	Number.
Cigarettes taxed at 50 cents a thousand	4,151,669,760
Cigarettes taxed at $3 a thousand	1,582,710
Total cigarettes taxed	4,153,252,470
Quantity exported	892,956,300
Total taxed and exported	5,046,208,770
Deduct cigarettes imported (estimated average 3 pounds per 1,000)	4,312,360
Total net production	5,041,896,410

	Number.	
Taxed in 1896	4,043,798,737	
Exported in 1896	628,086,390	
Total taxed and exported	4,671,885,127	
Less imports, 1896	3,864,775	
		4,668,020,352
Increase in production over fiscal year 1896		373,876,058

The increase over the fiscal year 1896 in the quantity of cigarettes taxed was 109,453,733, and of cigarettes exported was 264,869,910. The increase of cigarettes imported and withdrawn for consumption was 447,585.[1]

SUMMARY STATEMENTS SHOWING PRODUCTION OF PREVIOUS YEARS.

The following statements show the quantity of tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes manufactured in the United States during the past ten calendar years.

The statements are made by calendar years, as the law requires the annual inventory of manufacturers to be taken on the first day of January of each year.

[1] The statistics in regard to importations were obtained from the Bureau of Statistics.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE QUANTITY OF MANUFACTURED TOBACCO AND SNUFF REPORTED PRODUCED IN THE UNITED STATES DURING THE PAST TEN (CALENDAR) YEARS.

Years.	Manufactured tobacco.	Snuff.	Years.	Manufactured tobacco.	Snuff.
	Pounds.	*Pounds.*		*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
1887	218,184,857	8,168,609	1892	262,412,767	11,426,927
1888	203,906,158	5,446,858	1893	238,587,702	11,952,736
1889	237,119,240	9,040,345	1894	257,059,333	11,582,838
1890	243,427,008	9,434,746	1895	*a* 263,404,840	10,837,709
1891	259,855,085	10,674,241	1896	248,708,581	12,708,919

a In the Annual Report for 1896, 122,282 pounds of smoking tobacco were reported as snuff, and 1,127,535 pounds of snuff reported as smoking tobacco (Fifth Tennessee district). Correcting the error the figures showing production for 1895 are as above given.

There will be found in Table G, Appendix, at the close of the bound volume of this report, a statement showing "the amount of internal revenue derived from each kind of manufactured tobacco, including snuff, at each rate of tax under the several enactments, the quantities of the same on which tax was paid, the date when each rate of tax was imposed and repealed, and the length of time the several rates were in force from July 1, 1862, to June 30, 1897;" also a statement showing "the total internal-revenue receipts from snuff, chewing and smoking tobacco, at the several different rates of tax, together with the quantities of the same on which tax was paid, and the average rate of tax per pound on the aggregate quantities taxed each year, by fiscal years, from September 1, 1862, to June 30, 1897."

STATEMENT SHOWING THE QUANTITIES OF CIGARS AND CIGARETTES REPORTED MANUFACTURED IN THE UNITED STATES DURING THE PAST TEN YEARS.

Calendar years.	Cigars.	Cigarettes.	Calendar years.	Cigars.	Cigarettes.
1887	3,661,630,422	1,865,287,052	1892	4,674,708,260	3,282,001,283
1888	3,668,162,486	2,211,900,645	1893	4,341,240,981	3,660,755,959
1889	3,787,229,453	2,413,349,811	1894	4,163,641,327	3,620,666,804
1890	4,228,528,258	2,505,167,610	1895	4,099,137,855	4,237,754,453
1891	4,422,024,212	3,137,318,596	1896	4,048,463,306	4,967,444,232

There will be found in Table G, Appendix, at the end of the bound volume of this report, a statement showing "the amount of internal revenue derived from cigars, cheroots, and cigarettes at each rate of tax under the several enactments, the number of the same returned for taxation (exclusive of cigarettes on which an ad valorem tax was paid, the number of which can not be ascertained), the date when each rate of tax was imposed and repealed, and the length of time the several rates were in force, from July 1, 1862, to June 30, 1897;" also a statement showing "the total internal-revenue receipts from cigars, cheroots, and cigarettes at the several different rates of tax, together with the number of the same on which the tax was paid during each fiscal year, from September 1, 1862, to June 30, 1897."

LEAF TOBACCO USED BY MANUFACTURERS.

The quantity of leaf tobacco used in the production of tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes for the past ten years has been as follows:

Years.	Pounds.	Product.	Total.
1887	84,706,081	Cigars and cigarettes	287,644,509
	202,938,428	Tobacco and snuff	
1888	82,866,929	Cigars and cigarettes	268,135,629
	185,268,700	Tobacco and snuff	
1889	83,513,962	Cigars and cigarettes	303,937,574
	220,423,612	Tobacco and snuff	
1890	91,746,311	Cigars and cigarettes	311,862,784
	220,116,473	Tobacco and snuff	
1891	85,435,928	Cigars	332,511,067
	9,115,810	Cigarettes	
	237,959,329	Tobacco and snuff	
1892	90,875,830	Cigars	339,012,619
	9,907,222	Cigarettes	
	238,229,567	Tobacco and snuff	
1893	84,428,797	Cigars	312,907,679
	12,497,183	Cigarettes	
	215,981,699	Tobacco and snuff	
1894	77,359,405	Cigars	317,640,403
	12,614,409	Cigarettes	
	227,666,589	Tobacco and snuff	
1895	77,499,875	Cigars	323,656,332
	16,094,338	Cigarettes	
	230,062,119	Tobacco and snuff	
1896	75,938,866	Cigars	308,398,583
	19,114,190	Cigarettes	
	213,345,527	Tobacco and snuff	

TABULAR STATEMENTS

SHOWING DETAILS RESPECTING THE MANUFACTURE OF TOBACCO, SNUFF, CIGARS, AND CIGARETTES FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR 1896.

The following tables show the manner in which the manufacture of cigars and cigarettes is distributed among the different States and districts, the number of persons and firms engaged in each of the two branches of manufacturing, the quantity of different kinds of material used, and the quantity and kinds of product manufactured. These tables are compiled from reports received from collectors of internal revenue of the transactions of manufacturers in their several districts for the calendar year ended December 31, 1896, a period of time differing from the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, which will account for any apparent discrepancies between them and the previous part of the report relating to tobacco.

Tables Nos. 1 and 2 relate to the manufacture of cigars and cigarettes.

The total number of cigar manufacturers for which accounts were rendered for the calendar year 1896 were 31,401.

The total number of cigars made was 4,048,463,306, a decrease of 50,674,549 from the previous year.

The total number of cigarettes made was 4,967,444,232, an increase of 729,689,779 over the previous year.

The quantity of leaf tobacco used in making cigars varies in different districts from 12 pounds per thousand cigars to 24 pounds per thousand. The average quantity was 18.75 pounds per thousand cigars.

The quantity used in making cigarettes varies from 1.32 pounds per thousand to 4⅛ pounds per thousand. The average quantity was 3.85 pounds per thousand cigarettes.

The total quantity of leaf tobacco used in making cigars was 75,938,866 pounds.

The total quantity used in making cigarettes was 19,114,190 pounds.

The States in which the largest quantity of cigars were made were Pennsylvania and New York.

Cigarettes were made mostly in New York, Virginia, and North Carolina.

Tables Nos. 3, 4, 5, and 6 relate to tobacco and snuff.

There was an increase of 66 in the number of tobacco factories operating over the previous calendar year.

There was a decrease in the quantity of leaf tobacco used of 16,716,592 pounds, and a decrease in all other materials used except scraps.

There was an increase of 1,821,210 pounds in the quantity of snuff manufactured, and of 1,207,686 pounds of smoking tobacco, and a decrease in the quantity of plug and fine cut manufactured, as follows:

	Pounds.
Plug tobacco	14,400,306
Fine-cut tobacco	1,503,639

The States in which the largest quantities of chewing and smoking tobacco were manufactured are Missouri, Kentucky, Virginia, North Carolina, and Ohio, as follows:

	Pounds.
Missouri	52,861,260
Kentucky	38,028,134
Virginia	31,247,410
North Carolina	24,609,214
Ohio	17,979,837

The district in which the largest quantity of tobacco was manufactured was the First Missouri, in which the returns show the manufacture of 52,485,394 pounds.

New Jersey and Pennsylvania were the largest snuff manufacturing States.

Snuff was manufactured more or less in 27 districts, and there were 124 factories.

The largest snuff-producing district was the Fifth New Jersey, in which 4,591,366 pounds were produced.

TABLE NO. 1.—CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER, BY DISTRICTS, OF CIGAR MANUFACTURERS' ACCOUNTS REPORTED, THE QUANTITY OF TOBACCO USED, AND THE NUMBER OF CIGARS AND CIGARETTES REPORTED MANUFACTURED DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1896.

States.	Districts.	Number of factories each having one account.	Pounds of tobacco used.		Cigars manufactured.	Cigarettes manufactured.
			Cigars.	Cigarettes.		
Alabama	.....	56	81,936	2	5,744,791	600
Arkansas	.....	50	36,310	.....	1,819,525	.....
California	1	536	1,154,655	12,555	54,958,104	8,279,545
Do	4	79	83,560	.....	3,855,264	.....
Total	.....	615	1,238,215	12,555	58,813,368	8,279,545
Colorado	.....	232	249,280	.....	12,438,602	.....
Connecticut	.....	472	925,748	722	40,601,651	149,930
Florida	.....	571	2,868,910	9,298	146,862,496	2,369,940
Georgia	.....	93	89,192	9,674	4,426,406	3,225,800
Illinois	1	2,158	3,334,711	16,273	175,470,541	5,151,336
Do	5	142	239,245	.....	12,835,634	.....
Do	8	520	959,811	.....	47,772,464	.....
Do	13	190	204,231	38	11,611,073	12,500
Total	.....	3,010	4,737,998	16,311	247,689,712	5,163,836
Indiana	6	623	854,946	.....	44,814,312	.....
Do	7	229	382,286	.....	18,054,366	.....
Total	.....	852	1,237,232	.....	62,868,678	.....
Iowa	3	184	254,779	15	13,083,526	7,900
Do	4	450	884,272	723	44,199,038	186,800
Total	.....	634	1,139,051	738	57,282,564	194,700
Kansas	.....	323	347,324	.....	17,911,224	.....
Kentucky	2	32	48,508	.....	2,210,925	.....
Do	5	144	559,627	36	27,140,499	13,700
Do	6	137	112,914	.....	6,004,913	.....
Do	7	29	55,291	.....	2,785,425	.....
Do	8	3	1,954	.....	105,550	.....
Total	.....	345	778,294	36	38,247,312	13,700
Louisiana	.....	177	948,811	482,303	50,054,727	149,608,361
Maryland	.....	931	1,430,736	436,853	75,603,088	97,129,080
Massachusetts	.....	767	2,311,330	4,356	103,705,343	1,416,620
Michigan	1	908	1,429,513	80	82,105,559	27,800
Do	4	344	335,038	340	17,617,736	95,700
Total	.....	1,252	1,764,551	420	99,723,295	123,500
Minnesota	.....	554	842,561	1,561	42,968,111	519,120
Missouri	1	638	851,494	977,228	45,871,602	317,759,270
Do	6	300	307,403	4	16,686,248	1,600
Total	.....	938	1,158,897	977,232	62,557,850	317,760,870
Montana	.....	109	115,224	.....	5,584,515	.....
Nebraska	.....	331	344,372	.....	17,744,960	.....
New Hampshire	.....	180	358,940	385	15,281,827	86,315
New Jersey	1	278	212,494	.....	10,433,590	.....
Do	5	790	1,220,973	844	60,039,452	293,300
Total	.....	1,068	1,433,467	844	70,473,042	293,300
New Mexico	.....	11	9,432	676	391,900	319,000

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER, BY DISTRICTS, OF CIGAR MANUFACTURERS' ACCOUNTS REPORTED, THE QUANTITY OF TOBACCO USED, AND THE NUMBER OF CIGARS AND CIGARETTES REPORTED MANUFACTURED DURING THE CALENDAR YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1896—Continued.

States.	Districts.	Number of factories each having one account.	Pounds of tobacco used.		Cigars manufactured.	Cigarettes manufactured.
			Cigars.	Cigarettes.		
New York	1	1,731	1,467,541	9,152	66,489,182	2,450,960
Do	2	533	2,085,776	5,411,061	111,127,704	1,318,919,685
Do	3	2,665	9,295,657	992,930	478,757,078	284,135,700
Do	14	816	2,099,962	33	98,740,125	7,000
Do	21	806	2,196,725	.....	102,770,512	.....
Do	28	758	1,084,557	3,418,871	51,190,377	755,745,500
Total	.....	7,309	18,230,218	9,832,047	909,074,978	2,361,258,845
North Carolina	4	25	60,193	2,995,734	3,715,563	926,232,550
Do	5	17	23,198	39,584	1,345,342	11,087,000
Total	.....	42	83,391	3,035,318	5,060,905	937,319,550
Ohio	1	742	4,101,738	21,122	206,997,372	4,895,680
Do	10	422	711,394	.....	37,711,011	.....
Do	11	295	1,550,532	.....	87,107,268	.....
Do	18	784	1,992,056	511	117,878,576	176,340
Total	.....	2,243	8,355,720	21,633	449,694,227	5,072,020
Oregon	.....	176	136,849	.....	6,616,416	.....
Pennsylvania	1	2,171	6,611,167	9,946	337,663,412	2,667,310
Do	9	2,975	9,021,564	613	506,460,093	208,000
Do	12	395	605,264	2,804	29,422,036	848,600
Do	23	811	4,374,048	859	313,327,086	463,400
Total	.....	6,352	20,612,043	14,222	1,186,872,627	4,187,310
South Carolina	.....	14	17,358	85	839,192	25,200
Tennessee	2	30	33,638	.....	1,882,647	.....
Do	5	30	71,049	.....	3,365,249	.....
Total	.....	60	104,687	.....	5,247,896	.....
Texas	3	108	163,293	450	7,670,861	117,060
Do	4	56	82,466	.....	3,956,422	.....
Total	.....	164	245,759	450	11,627,283	117,060
Virginia	2	145	1,089,143	4,243,180	89,279,564	1,068,311,520
Do	6	83	119,019	11,856	6,563,005	4,008,900
Total	.....	228	1,208,162	4,255,036	95,842,569	1,072,320,420
West Virginia	.....	141	1,030,914	.....	62,584,068	.....
Wisconsin	1	731	985,460	1,433	51,940,318	489,610
Do	2	370	480,500	.....	24,267,840	.....
Total	.....	1,101	1,465,960	1,433	76,208,158	489,610

TABLE NO. 2.—CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER, BY STATES, OF CIGAR MANUFACTURERS' ACCOUNTS REPORTED, THE QUANTITY OF TOBACCO USED, AND THE NUMBER OF CIGARS AND CIGARETTES REPORTED MANUFACTURED DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1896.

States.	Districts.	Number of factories, each having one account.	Pounds of tobacco used.		Cigars manufactured.	Cigarettes manufactured.
			Cigars.	Cigarettes.		
Alabama	1	56	81,936	2	5,744,791	600
Arkansas	1	50	36,310	.....	1,819,525	.....
California *a*	2	615	1,238,215	12,555	58,813,368	8,279,545
Colorado *b*	1	232	249,280	.....	12,438,602	.....
Connecticut *c*	1	472	925,748	722	40,601,651	149,930
Florida	1	571	2,868,910	9,298	146,862,496	2,369,940
Georgia	1	93	89,192	9,674	4,426,406	3,225,800
Illinois	4	3,010	4,737,998	16,311	247,689,712	5,163,836
Indiana	2	852	1,237,232	.....	62,862,678	.....
Iowa	2	634	1,139,051	738	57,282,564	194,700
Kansas *d*	1	323	347,324	.....	17,911,224	.....
Kentucky	5	345	778,294	36	38,247,312	13,700
Louisiana *e*	1	177	948,811	482,303	50,054,727	149,608,361
Maryland *f*	1	931	1,430,730	436,853	75,603,088	97,129,080
Massachusetts	1	767	2,311,330	4,356	103,705,343	1,416,620
Michigan	2	1,252	1,764,551	420	99,723,295	123,500
Minnesota	1	554	842,561	1,561	42,968,111	519,120
Missouri	2	938	1,158,897	977,232	62,557,850	317,760,870
Montana *g*	1	109	115,224	.....	5,584,515	.....
Nebraska *h*	1	331	344,372	.....	17,744,960	.....
New Hampshire *i*	1	180	358,940	385	15,281,827	86,315
New Jersey	2	1,068	1,433,467	844	70,473,042	293,300
New Mexico *k*	1	11	9,432	676	391,900	319,000
New York	6	7,309	18,230,218	9,832,047	909,074,978	2,361,258,845
North Carolina	2	42	83,391	3,035,318	5,060,905	937,319,550
Ohio	4	2,243	8,355,720	21,633	449,694,227	5,073,020
Oregon *l*	1	176	136,849	.....	6,616,416	.....
Pennsylvania	4	6,352	20,612,043	14,222	1,186,872,627	4,187,310
South Carolina	1	14	17,358	85	839,192	26,200
Tennessee	2	60	104,687	.....	5,247,896	.....
Texas	2	164	245,759	450	11,627,283	117,060
Virginia	2	228	1,208,162	4,255,036	95,842,569	1,072,320,420
West Virginia	1	141	1,030,914	.....	62,584,068	.....
Wisconsin	2	1,101	1,465,960	1,433	76,208,158	489,610
Total	63	31,401	75,938,866	19,114,190	4,048,463,306	4,967,444,232
Calendar year 1895	.....	30,072	77,544,875	16,094,338	4,099,137,855	4,237,754,453
Increase, calendar year 1896	.....	1,329	.....	3,019,852	.....	729,689,779
Decrease, calendar year 1896	.....	.....	1,606,009	.....	50,674,549	.....

a Including the State of Nevada.
b Including the State of Wyoming.
c Including the State of Rhode Island.
d Including the Indian Territory and the Territory of Oklahoma.
e Including the State of Mississippi.
f Including the State of Delaware, the District of Columbia, and two counties of Virginia.
g Including the States of Idaho and Utah.
h Including the States of North Dakota and South Dakota.
i Including the States of Maine and Vermont.
k Including the Territory of Arizona.
l Including the State of Washington and the Territory of Alaska.

TABLE No. 3.—TOBACCO, MATERIAL ACCOUNT.

DETAILED STATEMENT OF THE NUMBER OF TOBACCO FACTORIES IN EACH DISTRICT AND STATE AND THE AGGREGATE QUANTITY OF LEAF TOBACCO AND OTHER MATERIALS USED DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1896.

States and districts.	Factories.	Materials used in manufacturing tobacco.							
		Leaf.	Scraps.	Stems.	Licorice.	Sugar.	Other materials.	In process.	Total.
	No.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
Alabama	4	85,510	260	500	91				86,361
Arkansas	9	61,620	1,114		5,280	8,754	1,314		78,082
California:									
First district	20	161,197	16,873		2,158	1,005	3,394	2,678	187,305
Fourth district	2		300						300
Total	22	161,197	17,173		2,158	1,005	3,394	2,678	187,605
Colorado	18		31,375						31,375
Connecticut	55		26,674						26,674
Florida	13		30,560						30,560
Georgia	18	45,254	11,702		180		1,968	2,892	61,996
Illinois:									
First district	265	5,869,575	2,077,294	492,736	364,230	723,248	627,548	119,267	10,273,898
Fifth district	19	10,985	23,455	3,737			1,500		39,677
Eighth district	84	1,444,290	91,142	7,362	77,635	306,731	147,148	49,829	2,124,137
Thirteenth district	24	43,863	8,130						51,993
Total	392	7,368,713	2,200,021	503,835	441,865	1,029,979	776,196	169,096	12,489,705
Indiana:									
Sixth district	69	84,585	79,848		797	355	1,205		166,790
Seventh district	29	74,811	30,355		710	1,701	276	33,725	141,578
Total	98	159,396	110,203		1,507	2,056	1,481	33,725	308,368
Iowa:									
Third district	33	221,913	21,678	50,108	1,889	8,265	851	26,666	331,370
Fourth district	84		80,590						80,590
Total	117	221,913	102,268	50,108	1,889	8,265	851	26,666	411,960
Kansas	48	3,938	30,254		5			2,283	36,480
Kentucky:									
Second district	30	1,787,301	85,342		139,157	97,861	25,748	76,570	2,161,979
Fifth district	52	23,224,899	62,879		6,697,800	4,784,692	2,706,184	112,385	37,588,839
Sixth district	22	750,108	14,666	148,786	52,369	131,030	71,155	50,929	1,219,043

Seventh district	14	133,723	5,617	.....	6,987	10,061	617	8,996	166,001
Eighth district	18	90,693	758	.....	3,364	2,627	122	80	97,644
Total	136	25,986,724	119,262	143,786	6,899,677	5,026,271	2,803,826	248,960	41,233,506
Louisiana	67	1,161,587	218,456	.....	45,056	15,012	30,169	.....	1,470,280
Maryland	40	9,298,139	949,811	591,292	120,987	728,107	486,642	2,281,094	14,456,072
Massachusetts	28	69,094	10,025	9,724	.....	.....	456	45,894	135,193
Michigan:									
First district	111	9,422,826	1,257,396	147,222	1,626,900	2,113,914	777,522	521,270	15,867,050
Fourth district	58	.....	29,800	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	29,800
Total	169	9,422,826	1,287,196	147,222	1,626,900	2,113,914	777,522	521,270	15,896,850
Minnesota	105	47,873	72,121	12,889	2,298	3,212	3,040	9,525	150,958
Missouri:									
First district	49	38,796,330	2,198,753	1,122,663	10,744,466	6,405,013	1,996,759	498,847	61,762,831
Sixth district	42	320,512	89,304	4,528	9,855	15,333	2,086	52,915	494,533
Total	91	39,116,842	2,288,057	1,127,191	10,754,321	6,420,346	1,998,845	551,762	62,257,364
Montana	27	.....	10,124	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,124
Nebraska	57	.....	35,506	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	35,506
New Hampshire	11	.....	3,014	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,014
New Jersey:									
First district	23	.....	8,453	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,453
Fifth district	48	16,364,799	1,193,066	771,691	2,718,253	1,672,347	987,398	4,027,306	27,734,860
Total	71	16,364,799	1,201,519	771,691	2,718,253	1,672,347	987,398	4,027,306	27,743,313
New Mexico	3	6,740	550	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,290
New York:									
First district	45	4,370,683	30,179	3,275	520,910	364,317	283,700	161,364	5,734,428
Second district	72	4,984,732	486,060	.....	563,804	71,651	66,012	65,377	6,237,636
Third district	79	2,286,197	814,312	3,228	56,094	6,362	47,905	99,249	3,313,347
Fourteenth district	67	1,097,988	85,419	23,271	12,554	32,381	40,630	9,703	1,301,946
Twenty-first district	143	411,654	360,404	32,165	11,875	34,921	25,252	13,559	889,860
Twenty-eighth district	85	1,483,974	1,560	5,334	80,788	175,770	240,623	140,651	2,128,700
Total	491	14,635,228	1,777,934	67,273	1,246,025	685,402	704,122	489,933	19,605,917
North Carolina:									
Fourth district	70	11,990,019	69,134	.....	195,503	127,689	235,810	908,989	13,527,144
Fifth district	162	17,605,866	174,252	.....	1,272,148	615,667	214,866	424,988	20,307,787
Total	232	29,595,885	243,386	.....	1,467,651	743,356	450,676	1,333,977	33,834,931
Ohio:									
First district	120	9,459,631	2,554,825	74,946	3,002,662	2,760,234	1,064,901	152,560	19,069,759
Tenth district	37	570,315	171,911	144,744	50,737	80,004	59,483	71,020	1,148,214
Eleventh district	22	212,728	57,482	.....	27,100	20,686	5,990	10,330	334,316

TABLE No. 3.—TOBACCO, MATERIAL ACCOUNT—Continued.

DETAILED STATEMENT OF THE NUMBER OF TOBACCO FACTORIES IN EACH DISTRICT AND STATE AND THE AGGREGATE QUANTITY OF LEAF TOBACCO AND OTHER MATERIALS USED DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1896—Continued.

States and districts.	Factories.	Materials used in manufacturing tobacco.							
		Leaf.	Scraps.	Stems.	Licorice.	Sugar.	Other materials.	In process.	Total.
Ohio—Continued.	*No.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
Eighteenth district	86	149,717	142,423	.....	3,312	19,987	10,582	20,506	346,527
Total	265	10,392,391	2,926,641	219,690	3,083,811	2,880,911	1,140,956	254,416	20,898,816
Oregon	39	.....	9,079	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,079
Pennsylvania:									
First district	150	2,265,433	270,690	119,988	27,551	45,433	2,331,723	486,139	5,546,957
Ninth district	88	.....	128,959	.....	.....	.....	4,684	3,365	137,008
Twelfth district	30	926,740	15,819	.....	30,594	.....	16	.....	973,169
Twenty-third district	51	941,603	50,992	390	11,344	300	122,862	33,021	1,160,512
Total	319	4,133,776	466,460	120,378	69,489	45,733	2,459,285	522,525	7,817,646
South Carolina	10	59,412	19,079	.....	3,688	913	2,172	7,321	92,585
Tennessee:									
Second district	13	696,086	8,158	.....	44,277	21,194	10,703	18,082	798,500
Fifth district	54	4,050,679	20,451	151,070	74,503	60,831	384,532	292,958	5,035,024
Total	67	4,746,765	28,609	151,070	118,780	82,025	395,235	311,040	5,833,524
Texas:									
Third district	13	45,482	4,730	90	.....	.....	.....	.....	50,302
Fourth district	9	1,138	5,226	.....	50	70	.....	5,219	11,703
Total	22	46,620	9,956	90	50	70	.....	5,219	62,005
Virginia:									
Second district	44	23,688,637	252,410	37,191	1,501,517	1,227,547	1,174,039	536,010	28,417,351
Sixth district	98	11,385,562	58,547	1,348	539,219	278,821	426,602	691,227	13,381,326
Total	142	35,074,199	310,957	38,539	2,040,736	1,506,368	1,600,641	1,227,237	41,798,677
West Virginia	39	638,568	1,741,989	.....	230,591	208,712	627,033	1,834	3,448,727
Wisconsin:									
First district	61	4,440,518	49,801	880,216	91,025	208,999	154,885	156,999	5,982,443
Second district	36	.....	34,747	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	34,747
Total	97	4,440,518	84,548	880,216	91,025	208,999	154,885	156,999	6,017,190

TABLE No. 4.—TOBACCO, MATERIAL ACCOUNT.

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF THE NUMBER OF TOBACCO FACTORIES IN EACH STATE AND THE AGGREGATE QUANTITY OF LEAF TOBACCO AND OTHER MATERIALS USED DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1896.

States and Territories.	Factories.	Materials used in manufacturing tobacco.							
		Leaf.	Scraps.	Stems.	Licorice.	Sugar.	Other materials.	In process.	Total.
	No.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
Alabama	4	85,510	260	500	91				86,361
Arkansas	9	61,620	1,114		5,280	8,754	1,314		78,082
California	22	161,197	17,173		2,158	1,005	3,394	2,678	187,605
Colorado	18		31,375						31,375
Connecticut	55		26,674						26,674
Florida	13		30,560						30,560
Georgia	18	45,254	11,702		180		1,968	2,892	61,996
Illinois	392	7,368,713	2,200,021	503,835	441,865	1,029,979	776,196	169,096	12,489,705
Indiana	98	159,396	110,203		1,507	2,056	1,481	33,725	308,368
Iowa	117	221,913	102,268	50,108	1,889	8,265	851	26,666	411,960
Kansas	48	3,938	30,254		5			2,283	36,480
Kentucky	136	25,986,724	119,262	148,786	6,899,677	5,026,271	2,803,826	248,960	41,233,506
Louisiana	67	1,161,587	218,456		45,056	15,012	30,169		1,470,280
Maryland	40	9,298,139	949,811	591,292	120,987	728,107	486,642	2,281,094	14,456,072
Massachusetts	28	69,094	10,025	9,724			456	45,894	135,193
Michigan	169	9,422,826	1,287,196	147,222	1,626,900	2,113,914	777,522	521,270	15,896,850
Minnesota	105	47,873	72,121	12,889	2,298	3,212	3,040	9,525	150,958
Missouri	91	39,116,842	2,288,057	1,127,191	10,754,321	6,420,346	1,998,845	551,762	62,257,364
Montana	27		10,124						10,124
Nebraska	57		35,506						35,506
New Hampshire	11		3,014						3,014
New Jersey	71	16,364,799	1,201,519	771,691	2,718,253	1,672,347	987,398	4,027,306	27,743,313
New Mexico	3	6,740	550						7,290
New York	491	14,635,228	1,777,934	67,273	1,246,025	685,402	704,122	489,933	19,605,917
North Carolina	232	29,595,885	243,386		1,467,651	743,356	450,676	1,333,977	33,834,931
Ohio	265	10,392,391	2,926,641	219,690	3,083,811	2,880,911	1,140,956	254,416	20,898,816
Oregon	39		9,079						9,079
Pennsylvania	319	4,133,776	466,460	120,378	69,489	45,733	2,459,285	522,525	7,817,646
South Carolina	10	59,412	19,079		3,688	913	2,172	7,321	92,585
Tennessee	67	4,746,765	28,609	151,070	118,780	82,025	395,235	311,040	5,833,524
Texas	22	46,620	9,956	90	50	70		5,219	62,005
Virginia	142	35,074,199	310,957	38,539	2,040,736	1,506,368	1,600,641	1,227,237	41,798,677
West Virginia	39	638,568	1,741,989		230,591	208,712	627,033	1,834	3,448,727
Wisconsin	97	4,440,518	84,548	880,216	91,025	208,999	154,885	156,999	6,017,190
Total calendar year 1896	3,322	213,345,527	16,375,883	4,840,494	30,972,313	23,391,757	15,408,107	12,233,652	316,567,733
Total calendar year 1895	3,256	230,062,119	15,515,439	5,417,117	33,605,007	24,957,041	17,271,057	11,993,384	338,821,164
Difference	*a* 66	*b* 16,716,592	*a* 860,444	*b* 576,623	*b* 2,632,694	*b* 1,565,284	*b* 1,862,950	*a* 240,268	*b* 22,253,431

a Increase. *b* Decrease.

TABLE NO. 5.—TOBACCO, PRODUCTION ACCOUNT.

DETAILED STATEMENT OF THE AGGREGATE QUANTITIES OF THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF MANUFACTURED TOBACCO PRODUCED IN EACH DISTRICT AND STATE DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1896, TOGETHER WITH A STATEMENT OF THE QUANTITY OF MANUFACTURED TOBACCO ON HAND AT THE COMMENCEMENT AND AT THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR, THE QUANTITY TO BE ACCOUNTED FOR, THE QUANTITY REMOVED IN BOND FOR EXPORT, THE TOTAL SALES REPORTED, AND THE AMOUNT OF TAXES PAID.

States and districts.	Tobacco manufactured.										
	Plug.	Fine cut.	Smoking.	Snuff.	Total.	On hand.	Total to be accounted for.	On hand unsold.	Exported in bond.	Sold.	Stamps required for sales.
	Pounds.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	
Alabama	9,968	.....	260	16,414	26,642	1,432	28,074	2,282	.....	25,792	$1,547.52
Arkansas	60,131	.....	2,762	.....	62,893	652	63,545	752	.....	62,793	3,767.58
California:											
First district	86,705	.....	138,624	.....	175,329	.....	175,329	.....	5,698	169,631	10,177.86
Fourth district	.....	.....	300	.....	300	149	449	149	.....	300	18.00
Total	86,705	.....	138,924	.....	175,629	149	175,778	149	5,698	169,931	10,195.86
Colorado	.....	.....	31,375	.....	31,375	.....	31,375	.....	.....	31,375	1,882.50
Connecticut	.....	.....	26,674	.....	26,674	.....	26,674	200	.....	26,474	1,588.44
Florida	.....	.....	30,560	.....	30,560	.....	30,560	.....	.....	30,560	1,833.60
Georgia	2,101	.....	52,348	.....	54,449	39,612	94,061	21,662	.....	72,399	4,343.94
Illinois:											
First district	41,998	1,891,668	7,568,987	398,959	9,901,612	13,035	9,914,647	13,520	.....	9,901,127	594,067.62
Fifth district	.....	.....	23,455	22,000	45,455	5,813	51,268	14,627	.....	36,641	2,198.46
Eighth district	695,673	210,736	866,623	.....	1,773,032	36,169	1,809,201	45,944	3,046	1,760,211	105,612.66
Thirteenth district	26,932	.....	18,051	.....	44,983	13,130	58,113	22,392	.....	35,721	2,143.26
Total	764,603	2,102,404	8,477,116	420,959	11,765,082	68,147	11,833,229	96,483	3,046	11,733,700	704,022.00
Indiana:											
Sixth district	67,505	.....	79,268	.....	146,773	13,855	160,628	11,826	.....	148,802	8,928.12
Seventh district	54,990	.....	40,289	.....	95,279	19,057	114,336	25,296	.....	89,040	5,342.40
Total	122,495	.....	119,557	.....	242,052	32,912	274,964	37,122	.....	237,842	14,270.52
Iowa:											
Third district	.....	10,910	294,160	731	305,801	12,744	318,545	12,987	.....	305,558	18,333.48
Fourth district	.....	.....	80,590	.....	80,590	617	81,207	778	.....	80,429	4,825.74
Total	.....	10,910	374,750	731	386,391	13,361	399,752	13,765	.....	385,987	23,159.22
Kansas	442	.....	31,987	.....	32,429	18,629	51,058	13,248	.....	37,810	2,268.60

Kentucky:											
Second district	1,569,646	.....	123,795	.....	1,693,441	979,290	2,672,731	673,409	4,507	1,994,815	119,688.90
Fifth district	32,307,361	.....	2,730,755	249,034	35,287,150	1,588,164	36,875,314	1,387,570	18,637	35,469,107	2,128,146.42
Sixth district	111,902	221,955	759,337	.....	1,093,194	61,561	1,154,755	84,148	.....	1,120,607	67,236.42
Seventh district	110,701	.....	15,895	.....	126,596	30,790	157,386	31,201	44	126,141	7,568.46
Eighth district	75,967	.....	820	.....	76,787	28,593	105,380	35,387	633	69,360	4,161.60
Total	34,175,577	221,955	3,630,602	249,034	38,277,168	2,688,398	40,965,566	2,161,715	23,821	38,780,030	2,326,801.80
Louisiana	3,465	.....	1,321,979	13,664	1,339,108	352,108	1,691,216	357,327	159,812	1,174,077	70,444.62
Maryland	.....	244,263	8,685,803	803,519	9,733,585	663,929	10,397,514	626,910	105,124	9,665,480	579,928.80
Massachusetts	.....	50	16,015	64,618	80,683	1,421	82,104	2,558	.....	79,546	4,772.76
Michigan:											
First district	3,551,319	3,865,336	7,664,116	29,353	15,110,124	14,739	15,124,863	18,191	2,204	15,104,468	906,268.08
Fourth district	.....	.....	29,800	.....	29,800	.....	29,800	.....	.....	29,800	1,788.00
Total	3,551,319	3,865,336	7,693,916	29,353	15,139,924	14,739	15,154,663	18,191	2,204	15,134,268	908,056.08
Minnesota	.....	3,310	129,482	16,699	149,491	23,024	172,515	21,426	72	151,017	9,061.02
Missouri:											
First district	47,900,279	82,137	4,502,978	21,732	52,507,126	3,541,610	56,048,736	3,055,468	11,798	52,981,470	3,178,888.20
Sixth district	246,340	.....	129,526	.....	375,866	133,098	508,964	90,667	46	418,251	25,095.06
Total	48,146,619	82,137	4,632,504	21,732	52,882,992	3,674,708	56,557,700	3,146,135	11,844	53,399,721	3,203,983.26
Montana	.....	.....	10,124	.....	10,124	.....	10,124	794	.....	9,330	559.80
Nebraska	.....	.....	35,506	.....	35,506	1,142	36,648	625	.....	36,023	2,161.38
New Hampshire	.....	.....	3,014	.....	3,014	.....	3,014	.....	.....	3,014	180.84
New Jersey:											
First district	.....	.....	8,453	.....	8,453	.....	8,453	.....	.....	8,453	507.18
Fifth district	7,142,797	2,394,888	5,503,856	4,591,366	19,632,907	892	19,633,799	32,225	276,069	19,325,505	1,159,530.30
Total	7,142,797	2,394,888	5,512,309	4,591,366	19,641,360	892	19,642,252	32,225	276,069	19,333,958	1,160,037.48
New Mexico	300	300	4,900	.....	5,500	.....	5,500	.....	.....	5,500	330.00
New York:											
First district	2,551,036	90,246	1,797,048	6,160	4,444,490	3,066	4,447,556	4,722	10,000	4,432,834	265,970.04
Second district	.....	96,901	6,095,070	.....	6,191,971	33,047	6,225,018	16,024	442,475	5,766,519	345,991.14
Third district	5,244	995,128	1,661,718	61,588	2,723,678	10,717	2,734,395	6,814	1,058,221	1,669,360	100,161.60
Fourteenth district	.....	128,206	1,100,718	1,601	1,230,525	28,423	1,258,948	16,673	92	1,242,183	74,530.98
Twenty-first district	.....	115,307	745,186	341	860,834	23,717	884,551	27,819	.....	856,732	51,403.92
Twenty-eighth district	10,696	465,827	1,357,629	10,525	1,844,677	52,399	1,897,076	56,565	182,812	1,657,699	99,461.94
Total	2,566,976	1,891,615	12,757,369	80,215	17,296,175	151,369	17,447,544	128,617	1,693,600	15,625,327	937,519.62

TABLE No. 5.—TOBACCO, PRODUCTION ACCOUNT—Continued.

DETAILED STATEMENT OF THE AGGREGATE QUANTITIES OF THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF MANUFACTURED TOBACCO PRODUCED IN EACH DISTRICT AND STATE DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1896, ETC.—Continued.

States and districts.	Tobacco manufactured.										
	Plug.	Fine cut.	Smoking.	Snuff.	Total.	On hand.	Total to be accounted for.	On hand unsold.	Exported in bond.	Sold.	Stamps required for sales.
North Carolina:	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	
Fourth district	2,557,999	6,530	6,865,750	64,244	9,494,523	2,285,414	11,779,937	1,942,362	87,812	9,749,763	584,985.78
Fifth district	14,816,487	.....	362,448	40,682	15,219,617	6,535,625	21,755,242	5,799,553	231,280	15,724,409	943,464.54
Total	17,374,486	6,530	7,228,198	104,926	24,714,140	8,821,039	33,535,179	7,741,915	319,092	25,474,172	1,528,450.32
Ohio:											
First district	11,767,469	62,191	4,450,346	6,029	16,286,035	927,826	17,213,861	1,280,448	175	15,933,238	955,994.28
Tenth district	62,500	213,257	843,745	.....	1,119,502	6,983	1,126,485	32,535	.....	1,093,950	65,637.00
Eleventh district	14,986	.....	239,415	.....	254,401	5,500	259,901	2,063	.....	257,238	15,434.28
Eighteenth district	596	66,560	258,772	423	326,351	14,342	340,693	9,870	.....	330,823	19,849.38
Total	11,845,551	342,008	5,792,278	6,452	17,986,289	954,651	18,940,940	1,325,516	175	17,615,249	1,056,914.94
Oregon	.....	.....	9,079	.....	9,079	102	9,181	114	.....	9,067	544.02
Pennsylvania:											
First district	.....	55,284	1,269,433	3,264,069	4,588,786	299,057	4,887,843	164,349	3,400	4,720,094	283,205.64
Ninth district	.....	.....	129,263	4,559	133,822	15	133,837	15	15	133,807	8,028.42
Twelfth district	.....	.....	790,913	.....	790,913	21,230	812,143	17,941	.....	794,202	47,652.12
Twenty-third district	20,855	.....	798,752	321,300	1,140,907	18,561	1,159,468	16,596	1,600	1,141,272	68,476.32
Total	20,855	55,284	2,988,361	3,589,928	6,654,428	338,863	6,993,291	198,901	5,015	6,789,375	407,362.50
South Carolina	37,831	.....	21,585	.....	59,416	53,027	112,443	43,715	1,138	67,590	4,055.40
Tennessee:											
Second district	467,038	.....	105,304	.....	572,342	482,582	1,054,924	332,891	320	721,713	43,302.78
Fifth district	1,123,936	.....	128,051	1,872,281	3,124,268	421,430	3,545,698	508,360	7,230	3,030,108	181,806.48
Total	1,590,974	.....	233,355	1,872,281	3,696,610	904,012	4,600,622	841,251	7,550	3,751,821	225,109.26
Texas:											
Third district	.....	.....	50,302	.....	50,302	204	50,506	35	.....	50,471	3,028.26
Fourth district	493	.....	5,226	.....	5,719	5,721	11,440	2,776	.....	8,664	519.84
Total	493	.....	55,528	.....	56,021	5,925	61,946	2,811	.....	59,135	3,548.10

Virginia:											
Second district	18,246,486		4,196,602	67,933	22,511,021	2,189,549	24,700,570	1,746,074	9,287,352	13,667,144	820,028.64
Sixth district	7,695,020		1,109,302	755,511	9,559,833	4,829,495	14,389,328	3,676,865	2,075	10,710,388	642,623 28
Total	25,941,506		5,305,904	823,444	32,070,854	7,019,044	39,089,898	5,422,939	9,289,427	24,377,532	1,462,651.92
West Virginia			3,098,719		3,098,719	263,079	3,361,798	164,364		3,197,434	191,846.04
Wisconsin:											
First district	2,713	540,700	5,061,394	3,584	5,608,391	45,969	5,654,360	47,072		5,607,288	336,437.28
Second district			34,747		34,747		34,747			34,747	2,084.82
Total	2,713	540,700	5,096,141	3,584	5,643,138	45,969	5,689,107	47,072		5,642,035	338,522.10

TABLE NO. 6.—TOBACCO, PRODUCTION ACCOUNT.

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF THE AGGREGATE QUANTITIES OF THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF MANUFACTURED TOBACCO PRODUCED IN EACH STATE DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1895, TOGETHER WITH A STATEMENT OF THE QUANTITY OF MANUFACTURED TOBACCO ON HAND AT THE COMMENCEMENT AND AT THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR, THE QUANTITY TO BE ACCOUNTED FOR, THE QUANTITY REMOVED IN BOND FOR EXPORT, THE TOTAL SALES REPORTED, AND THE AMOUNT OF TAXES PAID.

States and Territories.	Tobacco manufactured.										
	Plug.	Fine cut.	Smoking.	Snuff.	Total.	On hand.	Total to be accounted for.	On hand unsold.	Exported in bond.	Sold.	Stamps required for sales.
	Pounds.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	
Alabama	9,968		260	16,414	26,642	1,432	28,074	2,282		25,792	$1,547.52
Arkansas	60,131		2,762		62,893	652	63,545	752		62,793	3,767.58
California	36,705		138,924		175,629	149	175,778	149	5,698	169,931	10,195.86
Colorado			31,375		31,375		31,375			31,375	1,882.50
Connecticut			26,674		26,674		26,674	200		26,474	1,588.44
Florida			30,560		30,560		30,560			30,560	1,833.60
Georgia	2,101		52,348		54,449	39,612	94,061	21,662		72,399	4,343.94
Illinois	764,603	2,102,404	8,477,116	420,959	11,765,082	68,147	11,833,229	96,483	3,046	11,733,700	704,022.00
Indiana	122,495		119,557		242,052	32,912	274,964	37,122		237,842	14,270.52
Iowa		10,910	374,750	731	386,391	13,361	399,752	13,765		385,987	23,159.22
Kansas	442		31,987		32,429	18,629	51,058	13,248		37,810	2,268.60
Kentucky	34,175,577	221,955	3,630,602	249,034	38,277,168	2,688,398	40,965,566	2,161,715	23,821	38,780,030	2,326,801.80
Louisiana	3,465		1,321,979	13,664	1,339,108	352,108	1,691,216	357,327	159,812	1,174,077	70,444.62
Maryland		244,263	8,685,803	803,519	9,733,585	663,929	10,397,514	626,910	105,124	9,665,480	579,928.80
Massachusetts		50	16,015	64,618	80,683	1,421	82,104	2,558		79,546	4,772.76
Michigan	3,551,319	3,865,336	7,693,916	29,353	15,139,924	14,739	15,154,663	18,191	2,204	15,134,268	908,056.08
Minnesota		3,310	129,482	16,699	149,491	23,024	172,515	21,426	72	151,017	9,061.02
Missouri	48,146,619	82,157	4,632,504	21,732	52,882,992	3,674,708	56,557,700	3,146,135	11,844	53,399,721	3,203,983.26

TABLE No. 6.—TOBACCO, PRODUCTION ACCOUNT—Continued.

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF THE AGGREGATE QUANTITIES OF THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF MANUFACTURED TOBACCO PRODUCED IN EACH STATE DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1896, ETC.—Continued.

States and Territories.	Tobacco manufactured.										
	Plug.	Fine cut.	Smoking.	Snuff.	Total.	On hand.	Total to be accounted for.	On hand unsold.	Exported in bond.	Sold.	Stamps required for sales.
	Pounds.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	
Montana			10,124		10,124		10,124	794		9,330	559.80
Nebraska			35,506		35,506	1,142	36,648	625		36,023	2,161.38
New Hampshire			3,014		3,014		3,014			3,014	180.84
New Jersey	7,142,797	2,394,888	5,512,309	4,591,366	19,641,360	892	19,642,252	32,225	276,069	19,333,958	1,160,037.48
New Mexico	300	300	4,900		5,500		5,500			5,500	330.00
New York	2,566,976	1,891,615	12,757,369	80,215	17,296,175	151,369	17,447,544	128,617	1,693,600	15,625,327	937,519.62
North Carolina	17,374,486	6,530	7,228,198	104,926	24,714,140	8,821,039	33,535,179	7,741,915	319,092	25,474,172	1,528,450.32
Ohio	11,845,551	342,008	5,792,278	6,452	17,986,289	954,651	18,940,940	1,325,516	175	17,615,249	1,056,914.94
Oregon			9,079		9,079	102	9,181	114		9,067	544.02
Pennsylvania	20,855	55,284	2,988,361	3,589,928	6,654,428	338,863	6,993,291	198,901	5,015	6,789,375	407,362.50
South Carolina	37,831		21,585		59,416	53,027	112,443	43,715	1,138	67,590	4,055.40
Tennessee	1,590,974		233,355	1,872,281	3,696,610	904,012	4,600,622	841,251	7,550	3,751,821	225,109.26
Texas	493		55,528		56,021	5,925	61,946	2,811		59,135	3,548.10
Virginia	25,941,506		5,305,904	823,444	32,070,854	7,019,044	39,089,898	5,422,939	9,289,427	24,377,532	1,462,651.92
West Virginia			3,098,719		3,098,719	263,079	3,361,798	164,364		3,197,434	191,846.04
Wisconsin	2,713	540,700	5,096,141	3,584	5,643,138	45,969	5,689,107	47,072		5,642,035	338,522.10
Total, calendar year 1896	153,397,907	11,761,690	83,548,984	12,708,919	261,417,500	26,152,335	287,569,835	22,470,784	11,903,687	253,195,364	15,191,721.84
Total, calendar year 1895	167,798,213	13,265,329	82,341,298	10,887,709	274,292,549	29,362,089	303,654,638	26,100,585	10,826,639	266,727,414	16,003,644.84
Increase, 1896			1,207,686	1,821,210					1,077,048		
Decrease, 1896	14,400,306	1,503,639			12,875,049	3,209,754	16,084,803	3,629,801		13,532,050	811,923.00

SUMMARY.

OPERATIONS OF MANUFACTURERS OF TOBACCO AND CIGARS DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR 1896.

Number of registered manufacturers of tobacco		3,332
Number who actually manufactured tobacco		2,070
Number who made no tobacco but qualified as tobacco manufacturers for the purpose of dealing in scraps, cuttings, and waste made by cigar manufacturers, and for other purposes		1,262
Quantity of plug and twist tobacco produced	pounds	153,397,907
Quantity of fine-cut chewing tobacco produced	do	11,761,690
Quantity of smoking tobacco produced	do	83,548,984
Total quantity of tobacco produced	do	248,708,581
Quantity of snuff produced	do	12,708,919
Number of cigar factories		31,401
Number of cigars produced		4,048,463,306
Number of cigarettes produced		4,967,444,232
Leaf tobacco used in the production of cigars	pounds	75,938,866
Leaf tobacco used in the production of cigarettes	do	19,114,190
Leaf tobacco used in the production of chewing tobacco, smoking tobacco, and snuff	do	213,345,527
Total leaf tobacco used	do	308,398,583
Average quantity of leaf tobacco used per 1,000 cigars	do	18.75
Average quantity of leaf tobacco used per 1,000 cigarettes	do	3.85
Average quantity of leaf tobacco used per capita of population	do	4.27

NOTE.—The population of this country was estimated by the actuary of the Treasury Department at 72,159,000 on the 1st day of January, 1897.

MANUFACTURE IN BONDED WAREHOUSES FOR EXPORT.

The act of August 28, 1894, provided as follows:

SEC. 9. That all articles manufactured in whole or in part of imported materials, or of materials subject to internal-revenue tax, and intended for exportation without being charged with duty and without having an internal-revenue stamp affixed thereto shall, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, in order to be so manufactured and exported, be made and manufactured in bonded warehouses similar to those known and designated in Treasury Regulations as bonded warehouses, class six: *Provided*, That the manufacturer of such articles shall first give satisfactory bonds for the faithful observance of all the provisions of law and of such regulations as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury: *Provided further*, That the manufacture of distilled spirits from grain, starch, molasses or sugar, including all dilutions or mixtures of them or either of them, shall not be permitted in such manufacturing warehouses.

Whenever goods manufactured in any bonded warehouse established under the provisions of the preceding paragraph shall be exported directly therefrom or shall be duly laden for transportation and immediate exportation under the supervision of the proper officer who shall be duly designated for that purpose, such goods shall be exempt from duty and from the requirements relating to revenue stamps.

The act of July 24, 1897 (sec. 15), contained the same provision. There are three tobacco manufacturers in the second district of Virginia who manufacture tobacco for export exclusively under the above-mentioned provisions of law and make no reports to this office. These factories were placed in the bonded manufacturing warehouse system, and thus transferred from the supervision of the collector of internal revenue to that of the collector of customs. From January 18 to December 31, 1896, the exports of tobacco from these factories aggregated 4,846,503 pounds. During the fiscal year from June 30, 1896, to June 30, 1897, their exports were 4,870,554 pounds.

ASSESSMENTS FOR DEFICIENCIES.

Assessments for deficiencies are made against manufacturers of tobacco, snuff, and cigars when there is satisfactory proof that such products have been removed from the manufactory without use of the proper stamps.

Upon the receipt at this office of the collectors' annual abstracts of cigar manufacturers' accounts and of tobacco manufacturers' accounts a careful examination is made, and whenever it is found that the manufacturer has failed to report manufactured products corresponding to the amount of materials had and used, or apparently used, and corresponding to what is known to be the average production from a given quantity of materials, an estimate is made of the deficiency and the amount of tax apparently omitted to be paid computed. Statements are prepared and sent to collectors, and manufacturers are notified and an opportunity is given to make explanation before the assessments are made.

The sum of $9,043.79 was assessed during the last fiscal year on tobacco, snuff, and cigars removed from the factory unstamped. (See statement on page 93.)

BONDS OF MANUFACTURERS OF TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

The regulations of this office require collectors, as often at least as once a year, to examine the bonds of manufacturers of tobacco and cigars in their respective districts and assure themselves of the continued responsibility of the sureties.

These bonds have been examined and new bonds required in cases where the old ones were defective, or where the sureties were not

deemed good and sufficient, or where on account of changes made it was deemed necessary or desirable to have the bonds renewed.

All current bonds of manufacturers on file in collectors' officers are believed to be in good condition.

PROVISION RESPECTING ARTICLES OF A FOREIGN NATURE INSIDE STATUTORY PACKAGES.

The last paragraph of section 10 of the act of July 24, 1897, above quoted, prohibits packages of smoking tobacco, fine-cut chewing tobacco, and cigarettes from having packed in, or attached to, or connected with them, "any article or thing whatsoever" of a foreign nature, and provides that there shall not be affixed to or branded, stamped, marked, written, or printed upon said packages, or their contents, any promise or offer of, or any order or certificate for, any gift, prize, premium, payment, or reward.

These provisions apply to cigars weighing not more than 3 pounds per thousand, as they are made by the same section subject to the law governing the packing and removal for sale of cigarettes.

Whether by accident or design, packages of plug tobacco, snuff, and cigars weighing more than 3 pounds per thousand are not included.

As these provisions were inserted in the bill while in conference, and without having passed either House, this office has not the benefit of the discussions in Congress which usually accompany measures proposed and enacted and throw light upon the object and purpose of the law.

Manufacturers have been notified of these provisions, and while there has been manifested in general a disposition to comply with the law, many complaints have been made as to its arbitrary features and doubts raised as to its constitutionality.

It will be observed that there is no penalty provided for its violation, and if there is any penalty it must be found in some other law previously passed. The removal of tobacco which is not put up in "proper packages" is a punishable offense under section 3374, Revised Statutes. The law also provides the penalty of forfeiture for removing tobacco otherwise than as provided by law. (Section 3372, R. S.)

It is doubtful if the courts would hold that the penalties provided by these sections are applicable, and the same may be said of section 3456, Revised Statutes, which is intended to cover by general provision those instances where acts have been enjoined or forbidden by the statute and no specific penalty elsewhere imposed.

As far as the protection of the revenue is concerned, this office does not regard such stringent provisions necessary. They cause annoyance to a large class of taxpayers without furnishing additional security to the Government in the matter of preventing fraud.

I would recommend that the law be amended so as to authorize the Commissioner to prescribe by regulations what statutory packages of tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes may contain, or authorize him to prohibit the packing in such statutory packages of articles which increase appreciably the size or weight of the package under penalty of seizure and forfeiture.

AMENDMENT PROPOSED RELATIVE TO PACKAGES OF SMOKING TOBACCO.

The smallest package of smoking tobacco which the law authorizes is a 2-ounce package.

Fine-cut chewing tobacco can be put up in 1-ounce packages.

It is frequently desired by manufacturers to put up smoking tobacco in 1-ounce packages, and there is no apparent reason for the discrimination.

I recommend that section 3362, Revised Statutes, as amended by the act of March 1, 1879, and the act of January 8, 1883, be amended by inserting after the words "in packages containing" and before the word "two," in the fourth paragraph of said section the word "one," so that said paragraph will read as follows:

All smoking tobacco and all cut and granulated tobacco other than fine-cut chewing, all shorts, the refuse of fine-cut chewing, which has passed through a riddle of thirty-six meshes to the square inch, and all refuse scraps, clippings, cuttings, and sweepings of tobacco, in packages containing one, two, three, four, eight, and sixteen ounces each.

OPIUM.

Section 36 of the act of October 1, 1890, provides that an internal-revenue tax of $10 per pound shall be levied and collected upon all opium manufactured in the United States for smoking purposes.

No person can engage in such manufacture who is not a citizen of the United States, and every manufacturer must furnish a bond in the penal sum of not less than $5,000.

There are no legal manufacturers of opium in this country, and practically no revenue derived from this source.

DIVISION OF LAW.

The following is an abstract of reports of district attorneys for the fiscal year 1896–97 of internal-revenue suits and prosecutions pending, commenced, and disposed of:

ABSTRACT OF REPORTS OF DISTRICT ATTORNEYS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1896–97 OF INTERNAL-REVENUE SUITS AND PROSECUTIONS PENDING, COMMENCED, AND DISPOSED OF.

Suits and prosecutions.	Criminal actions.	Civil actions in personam.	Civil actions in rem.	Total.
Pending July 1, 1896	5,871	113	59	6,043
Commenced during fiscal year 1897	5,908	118	60	6,086
Total	11,779	231	119	12,129
Decided in favor of the United States	3,502	68	10	3,580
Settled by compromise	49	1	13	63
Decided against the United States	981	8	17	1,006
Dismissed, abandoned, consolidated, etc	1,805	16	13	1,834
Total suits disposed of	6,337	93	53	6,483
Pending July 1, 1897	5,442	138	66	5,646
Wherein sentences are suspended	661			661

Recoveries of judgments, costs taxed, etc.	Fines.	Principal.	Costs.	Total.
Amount of judgments recovered and costs:				
In criminal actions	$317,139.78		$17,842.36	$334,982.14
In civil actions in personam		$20,322.52	17,732.21	38,054.73
In civil actions in rem		1,715.86	658.09	2,373.95
Amount paid to collectors	90,913.71	1,247.40	13,572.67	105,733.78

OFFERS IN COMPROMISE.

The following statement shows the number of offers in compromise and action thereon under section 3229, Revised Statutes, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, with the amounts of tax, assessed penalty, and specific penalty accepted:

Month.	Compromise cases.		Amounts of tax accepted.	Amounts of assessable penalty accepted.	Amounts of specific penalty accepted.
	Received.	Offers accepted and sent to Secretary for approval, etc.			
1896.					
On hand July 1	40				
July	54	53	$2,721.39	$62.50	$5,430.00
August	65	54	50.00	25.00	4,159.99
September	67	51	3.00		2,116.00
October	105	76	48.77	14.58	6,554.30
November	51	70	46.75		2,793.65
December	58	38	160.62		4,185.00

Offers in compromise—Continued.

Month.	Compromise cases. Received.	Compromise cases. Offers accepted and sent to Secretary for approval, etc.	Amounts of tax accepted.	Amounts of assessable penalty accepted.	Amounts of specific penalty accepted.
1897.					
January	80	64	$852.00	$12.50	$5,355.85
February	85	69	2,644.20	.....	2,865.68
March	102	84	1,050.00	175.00	3,475.95
April	73	81	1,204.50	100.00	6,895.00
May	123	80	34.00	12.50	3,957.50
June	92	99	18.00	.....	7,145.00
Offers rejected or withdrawn	.....	87	.....	.....	.....
On hand July 1, 1897	.....	89	.....	.....	.....
Total	995	995	8,843.23	402.08	54,933.92

RECAPITULATION.

Tax	$8,843.23
Assessable penalty	402.08
Specific penalty	54,933.92
Total	64,179.23

STATEMENT OF CASES COMPROMISED IN QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1897.

Month.	Compromise cases. Received.	Compromise cases. Offers accepted and sent to Secretary for approval.	Amounts of tax accepted.	Amounts of assessable penalty accepted.	Amounts of specific penalty accepted.
1897.					
On hand July 1	89	.....	.....	.....	.....
July	108	118	$20.00	.....	$4,565.00
August	86	63	40.00	.....	6,395.00
September	116	75	1,012.50	$6.25	5,354.40
Offers rejected or withdrawn	.....	20	.....	.....	.....
On hand Oct. 1, 1897	.....	123	.....	.....	.....
Total	399	399	1,072.50	6.25	16,314.40

RECAPITULATION.

Tax	$1,072.50
Assessable penalty	6.25
Specific penalty	16,314.40
Total	17,393.15

ABSTRACT OF SEIZURES.

Seizures of property for violation of internal-revenue laws during the year ended June 30, 1897, are as follows:

Articles.		Quantity.	Value.
Distilled spirits	gallons	157,941	$137,138.67
Tobacco	pounds	3,238	949.60
Cigars	number	89,829	1,158.50
Miscellaneous property		.....	203,514.66
Total		.....	342,761.43

ABSTRACT OF SEIZURES OF PROPERTY FOR VIOLATION OF INTERNAL-REVENUE LAWS FOR THE MONTHS OF JULY, AUGUST, AND SEPTEMBER, 1897.

States and Territories.	Distilled spirits.		Cigars.		Tobacco.		Miscellaneous property.
	Gallons.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	
Alabama	56	$40.00					$3,355.00
Arkansas							875.00
California	352	228.00	30	$0.25			15,974.00
Florida							25.70
Georgia	1,229	729.87	150	5.00			6,474.00
Illinois	230	44.04			3	$0.90	146.35
Indiana	71	100.00					
Iowa							50.00
Kentucky	273	359.67	61	2.00			1,312.00
Louisiana	529	610.00					
Massachusetts	216	25.00	1,000	20.00			25.00
Michigan							
Missouri	144	50.00					100.00
North Carolina	11,085	3,433.40					10,580.60
Pennsylvania	1,183	2,068.00	63,500	954.00			12.00
South Carolina	256	145.95					
Tennessee	21,912	27,263.75					560.00
Texas							25.00
Virginia	2,032	2,344.90					4,516.13
West Virginia							50.00
Total	39,568	37,442.58	64,741	981.25	3	.90	44,080.78

RECAPITULATION.

	Quantity.	Value.
Distilled spirits.....gallons..	39,568	$37,442.58
Cigars.....number..	64,741	981.25
Tobacco.....pounds..	3	.90
Miscellaneous property		44,080.78
Grand total		82,505.51

ABATEMENT CLAIMS.

On the 1st of July, 1896, there were pending 273 claims for abatement of assessed taxes, amounting to $28,531.02, and during the year 5,425 claims, amounting to $490,201.61, were presented.

Of these, 3,740 claims, amounting to $275,272.23, have been allowed by this office, and 1,356 claims, amounting to $187,576.52, have been rejected or returned for amendment.

This left 602 claims for abatement still pending on the 30th of June, 1897, amounting to $55,883.88.

Since that date and up to October 1, 1897, 815 other claims have been filed, amounting to $122,630.34, and 485 claims have been allowed, amounting to $49,189.96, and 239 rejected or returned for amendment, amounting to $22,534.24, and on the 1st of October, 1897, 693 claims for abatement were pending, amounting to $106,790.02.

REFUNDING CLAIMS.

On the 1st of July, 1896, there were pending 194 claims for the refunding of taxes collected, amounting to $145,423.51, and during the year 212 other claims, amounting to $79,343.02 were presented. Of these, 99 claims, amounting to $8,398.72, have been allowed, and 120 claims, amounting to $105,025.65, have been rejected or returned for amendment.

This left 187 claims for refunding still pending on the 30th of June, 1897, amounting to $111,342.16. Since that date and up to the 1st of

October, 1897, 59 other claims, amounting to $7,828.90, have been received, and 42 claims, amounting to $1,332.19, have been allowed, and 28 claims, amounting to 2,895.90, have been rejected or returned for amendment.

On the 1st of October, 1897, 176 claims for refunding, amounting to $114,942.97, were pending.

VIOLATIONS OF INTERNAL-REVENUE LAWS.

VIOLATIONS OF THE INTERNAL-REVENUE LAWS CHARGED AND FOR WHICH PROSECUTIONS WERE INSTITUTED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, AND ALSO THE PROSECUTIONS PENDING ON JULY 1, 1897.

Judicial districts.	Suits pending July 1, 1896.	Commenced during year.	Total.	Settled during year.	Pending July 1, 1897.
Alabama:					
Northern district	318	252	570	298	272
Middle district	397	297	694	395	299
Southern district	12	72	84	69	15
Alaska	1		1	1	
Arkansas:					
Eastern district	69	67	136	91	45
Western district	11	81	92	38	54
Arizona *a*					
California:					
Northern district	14	5	19	7	12
Southern district	3		3	1	2
Colorado	2	2	4		4
Connecticut	2	2	4	2	2
Delaware *a*					
District of Columbia	49	5	54	13	41
Florida:					
Northern district	10	26	36	28	8
Southern district	27	71	98	65	33
Georgia:					
Northern district	1,084	746	1,830	949	881
Southern district	50	59	109	29	80
Idaho *a*					
Illinois:					
Northern district	33	25	58	51	7
Southern district	162	217	379	215	164
Indiana	29	25	54	34	20
Indian Territory:					
Northern district		1	1		1
Central district		5	5		5
Southern district		22	22	9	13
Iowa:					
Northern district	17	86	103	79	24
Southern district	177	169	346	146	200
Kansas	9	10	19	15	4
Kentucky	114	352	466	387	79
Louisiana:					
Eastern district	6	13	19	9	10
Western district	17	11	28	8	20
Maine	21	79	100	77	23
Maryland		3	3	2	1
Massachusetts	25	61	86	84	2
Michigan:					
Eastern district	15	8	23	4	19
Western district	20	18	38	15	23
Minnesota	4	4	8	5	3
Mississippi:					
Northern district	632	94	726	115	611
Southern district	384	204	588	162	426
Missouri:					
Eastern district	9	51	60	55	5
Western district	108	40	148	115	33
Montana	2		2		2
Nebraska	9	35	44	30	14
Nevada					
New Hampshire	6	27	33	22	11
New Jersey	16	13	29	9	20
New Mexico	4	2	6	4	2
New York:					
Northern district	15	59	74	47	27
Eastern district	16	21	37	15	22
Southern district	48	21	69	33	36
North Carolina:					
Eastern district	97	231	328	194	134
Western district	310	761	1,071	688	383
North Dakota	12	24	36	20	16

a No report.

VIOLATIONS OF THE INTERNAL-REVENUE LAWS CHARGED AND FOR WHICH PROSECUTIONS WERE INSTITUTED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, AND ALSO THE PROSECUTIONS PENDING ON JULY 1, 1897—Continued.

Judicial districts.	Suits pending July 1, 1896.	Commenced during year.	Total.	Settled during year.	Pending July 1, 1897.
Ohio:					
Northern district	3	24	27	22	5
Southern district	11	16	27	22	5
Oklahoma	20	12	32	18	14
Oregon	2	2	4	1	3
Pennsylvania:					
Eastern district	13	17	30	19	11
Western district[a]					
Rhode Island[a]					
South Carolina	43	135	178	150	28
South Dakota	13	3	16	14	2
Tennessee:					
Eastern district	82	183	265	209	56
Middle district	61	341	402	349	53
Western district	190	118	308	148	160
Texas:					
Eastern district	38	9	47	23	24
Northern district	5	29	34	16	18
Western district	8	33	41	36	5
Utah	1	1	2	2	
Vermont	6	11	17	11	6
Virginia:					
Eastern district	20	22	42	18	24
Western district	257	220	477	315	162
Washington	4		4	3	1
West Virginia	895	516	1,411	456	955
Wisconsin:					
Eastern district		2	2	2	
Western district	4	15	19	13	6
Wyoming	1		1	1	
Total	6,043	6,086	12,129	6,483	5,646

[a] No report.

ACTUAL NUMBER OF SPECIAL-TAX PAYERS.

STATEMENT SHOWING, BY COLLECTION DISTRICTS, THE ACTUAL NUMBER OF THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPECIAL-TAX PAYERS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

[The figures in the following table represent the actual number of persons or firms as returned to this office by the collectors of the several collection districts who, during the fiscal year 1897, were engaged in business for different periods of time, varying from one month to twelve months each.]

Collection districts.	Rectifiers.	Retail liquor dealers.	Wholesale liquor dealers.	Manufacturers of stills.	Brewers.	Retail dealers in malt liquors.	Wholesale dealers in malt liquors.	Manufacturers of oleomargarine.	Retail dealers in oleomargarine.	Wholesale dealers in oleomargarine.	Manufacturers of filled cheese.	Retail dealers in filled cheese.	Wholesale dealers in filled cheese.	Total.
Alabama	5	850	32	....	3	120	23	....	12	3	....	....	....	1,048
Alaska	....	147	....	....	6	8	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	162
Arizona	1	702	16	....	2	9	22	....	2	1	....	....	....	755
Arkansas	1	649	35	....	....	40	26	....	26	1	....	....	....	778
California:														
First district	132	9,585	368	2	74	161	102	....	....	....	....	....	....	10,424
Fourth district	13	3,182	46	....	54	60	48	....	....	....	....	....	....	3,403
Colorado	19	2,402	53	....	15	133	72	....	51	2	....	....	....	2,747
Connecticut	20	3,212	59	....	20	121	144	....	9	....	....	....	....	3,585
Delaware	6	367	5	....	5	28	10	....	14	....	....	....	....	435
District of Columbia	13	1,043	29	....	5	43	27	....	63	....	....	19	1	1,243
Florida	4	444	16	....	1	10	23	....	89	4	....	....	....	591
Georgia	14	1,301	39	....	5	166	21	....	14	5	....	....	....	1,565
Idaho	....	641	6	....	18	21	12	....	....	....	....	....	....	698
Illinois:														
First district	120	12,661	228	3	96	734	221	6	944	6	7	4	....	15,030
Fifth district	13	1,032	24	....	6	80	36	....	28	3	....	....	....	1,222
Eighth district	7	2,083	26	....	15	164	102	....	56	1	....	....	....	2,454
Thirteenth district	7	1,623	14	....	14	172	58	....	23	2	....	....	....	1,913
Indiana:														
Sixth district	11	4,815	65	....	30	380	214	1	90	4	....	3	....	5,613
Seventh district	9	2,605	24	....	20	198	72	....	31	....	....	....	....	2,959
Indian Territory	....	13	....	....	....	253	8	....	10	....	....	....	....	284
Iowa:														
Third district	6	1,740	22	....	2	136	183	....	....	....	....	....	....	2,089
Fourth district	5	2,049	35	....	17	233	155	....	....	....	....	....	....	2,494
Kansas	5	2,269	12	....	2	264	46	2	54	....	....	....	....	2,654
Kentucky:														
Second district	18	525	28	....	3	78	20	....	4	....	....	....	....	676
Fifth district	84	1,403	104	1	21	83	15	....	46	....	....	....	....	1,757
Sixth district	5	646	48	....	4	25	8	....	43	1	....	....	....	780
Seventh district	23	581	30	....	....	17	26	....	8	....	....	....	....	685
Eighth district	1	477	13	....	1	13	16	....	....	....	....	....	....	521
Louisiana	26	3,994	89	....	7	58	33	....	68	4	....	29	....	4,308
Maine	....	995	11	....	....	132	13	....	3	....	....	....	....	1,154
Maryland	47	4,273	80	1	26	101	65	....	29	4	....	....	....	4,626
Massachusetts	92	4,371	200	....	42	184	269	....	28	1	....	....	....	5,187
Michigan:														
First district	7	4,478	34	....	82	128	114	....	205	5	....	....	....	5,053
Fourth district	....	1,519	14	....	9	107	67	....	30	1	....	....	....	1,747
Minnesota	33	4,360	59	....	120	410	259	....	....	1	....	1	....	5,243
Mississippi	....	326	8	....	....	101	13	....	4	....	....	....	....	452
Missouri:														
First district	63	4,648	99	1	38	184	113	....	55	....	....	....	....	5,201
Sixth district	36	2,997	74	....	14	230	124	1	40	....	....	2	....	3,518
Montana	2	1,700	38	....	19	42	41	....	....	....	....	....	....	1,842
Nebraska	7	1,761	30	....	24	150	139	....	21	....	....	....	....	2,132
Nevada	....	509	3	....	7	1	15	....	....	....	....	....	....	535
New Hampshire	....	1,237	5	....	5	166	72	....	5	....	....	....	....	1,490
New Jersey:														
First district	6	1,757	13	....	7	60	123	....	19	4	....	1	....	1,990
Fifth district	35	6,886	80	3	40	214	147	1	145	3	....	1	....	7,555
New Mexico	2	456	16	....	2	8	25	....	4	....	....	....	....	513
New York:														
First district	38	7,293	88	....	60	102	100	....	2	....	....	....	....	7,683
Second district	160	2,548	445	....	5	11	21	....	3	2	....	....	....	3,205
Third district	66	6,640	169	....	50	106	56	....	6	....	....	....	....	7,093
Fourteenth district	17	7,464	88	....	64	200	270	....	1	....	....	....	....	8,104
Twenty-first district	24	4,459	55	....	48	73	124	....	....	....	....	....	....	4,783
Twenty-eighth district	41	4,587	88	....	51	77	121	....	....	....	....	....	....	4,965
North Carolina:														
Fourth district	6	799	4	....	....	41	18	....	1	....	....	....	....	869
Fifth district	14	483	30	3	....	8	7	....	3	....	....	....	....	548
North Dakota	....	654	1	....	2	247	13	....	3	....	....	....	....	920

STATEMENT SHOWING, BY COLLECTION DISTRICTS, THE ACTUAL NUMBER OF THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPECIAL-TAX PAYERS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

[The figures in the following table represent the actual number of persons or firms as returned to this office by the collectors of the several collection districts who, during the fiscal year 1897, were engaged in business for different periods of time, varying from one month to twelve months each.]

Collection districts.	Rectifiers.	Retail liquor dealers.	Wholesale liquor dealers.	Manufacturers of stills.	Brewers.	Retail dealers in malt liquors.	Wholesale dealers in malt liquors.	Manufacturers of oleomargarine.	Retail dealers in oleomargarine.	Wholesale dealers in oleomargarine.	Manufacturers of filled cheese.	Retail dealers in filled cheese.	Wholesale dealers in filled cheese.	Total.
Ohio:														
First district	79	3,969	200	3	37	57	63	....	155	3	....	....	....	4,566
Tenth district	13	3,296	41	....	31	119	111	....	8	1	....	....	....	3,620
Eleventh district	4	2,323	34	....	19	79	103	1	60	....	....	....	....	2,623
Eighteenth district	12	5,261	72	....	40	119	138	1	148	1	....	....	....	5,792
Oklahoma	1	318	4	....	....	35	27	....	....	....	....	....	....	385
Oregon	14	1,225	30	....	27	35	22	....	....	....	....	....	....	1,353
Pennsylvania:														
First district	85	5,308	114	....	85	88	172	....	24	....	....	....	....	5,876
Ninth district	11	1,342	31	....	26	169	70	....	3	....	....	1	....	1,653
Twelfth district	23	4,408	52	....	42	103	149	....	12	....	....	....	....	4,789
Twenty-third district	54	3,461	183	1	90	196	168	....	264	9	....	....	....	4,426
Rhode Island	12	1,728	41	....	5	34	42	3	305	6	....	....	....	2,176
South Carolina	....	322	10	....	2	7	6	....	10	2	....	....	....	359
South Dakota	2	1,091	6	....	6	69	50	....	....	....	....	....	....	1,224
Tennessee:														
Second district	4	342	7	....	2	7	9	....	3	....	....	....	....	374
Fifth district	14	1,332	43	....	2	32	21	....	24	2	....	....	....	1,470
Texas:														
Third district	12	1,738	42	....	10	1,727	231	....	32	7	....	....	....	3,799
Fourth district	6	1,638	23	....	4	444	107	....	14	3	....	....	....	2,239
Utah	3	400	8	....	8	20	13	....	1	....	....	....	....	453
Vermont	....	575	....	....	....	196	23	....	....	....	....	....	....	794
Virginia:														
Second district	11	1,473	19	....	2	50	27	....	62	3	....	1	....	1,648
Sixth district	6	1,011	12	....	3	23	18	....	10	....	....	....	....	1,083
Accomac and Northampton counties (annexed to Maryland)	....	111	....	....	....	3	2	....	....	....	....	....	....	116
Washington	....	1,332	29	....	36	36	26	....	9	....	....	....	....	1,468
West Virginia	7	1,531	10	....	8	84	71	....	67	4	....	1	....	1,783
Wisconsin:														
First district	51	5,400	76	....	93	243	81	....	10	....	....	....	....	5,954
Second district	4	3,425	18	....	87	209	117	....	7	5	....	....	....	3,872
Wyoming	....	341	5	....	4	1	24	....	4	....	....	....	....	379
Total	1,692	194,942	4,308	18	1,830	11,076	5,974	16	3,524	104	7	63	1	223,555
Total for fiscal year ended June 30, 1896	1,855	204,294	4,648	26	1,866	12,064	5,749	22	4,399	168	....	....	....	235,091

NOTE.—In the case of retail dealers in oleomargarine, the number of places where oleomargarine is sold or offered for sale is sometimes in excess of the number of persons who pay special taxes as retail dealers in oleomargarine. This is accounted for from the fact that one retail dealer in some cases pays more than one special tax for the privilege of offering oleomargarine for sale at more than one store or place of business.

The above note applies also to retail dealers in filled cheese.

STATEMENT SHOWING, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES, THE ACTUAL NUMBER OF THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPECIAL-TAX PAYERS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

States and Territories.	Rectifiers.	Retail liquor dealers.	Wholesale liquor dealers.	Manufacturers of stills.	Brewers.	Retail dealers in malt liquors.	Wholesale dealers in malt liquors.	Manufacturers of oleomargarine.	Retail dealers in oleomargarine.	Wholesale dealers in oleomargarine.	Manufacturers of filled cheese.	Retail dealers in filled cheese.	Wholesale dealers in filled cheese.	Total.
Alabama	5	850	32	....	3	120	23	....	12	3	....	....	....	1,048
Alaska	....	147	....	....	6	8	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	162
Arizona	1	702	16	....	2	9	22	....	2	1	....	....	....	755
Arkansas	1	649	35	....	....	40	26	....	26	1	....	....	....	778
California	145	12,767	414	2	128	221	150	....	....	....	....	....	....	13,827
Colorado	19	2,402	53	....	15	133	72	....	51	2	....	....	....	2,747
Connecticut	20	3,212	59	....	20	121	144	....	9	....	....	....	....	3,585
Delaware	6	367	5	....	5	28	10	....	14	....	....	....	....	435
District of Columbia	13	1,043	29	....	5	43	27	....	63	....	....	19	1	1,243
Florida	4	444	16	....	1	10	23	....	89	4	....	....	....	591
Georgia	14	1,301	39	....	5	166	21	....	14	5	....	....	....	1,565
Idaho	....	641	6	....	18	21	12	....	....	....	....	....	....	698
Illinois	147	17,399	292	3	131	1,150	417	6	1,051	12	7	4	....	20,619
Indiana	20	7,420	89	....	50	578	286	1	121	4	....	3	....	8,572
Indian Territory	....	13	....	....	....	253	8	....	10	....	....	....	....	284
Iowa	11	3,789	57	....	19	369	338	....	....	....	....	....	....	4,583
Kansas	5	2,269	12	....	2	264	46	2	54	....	....	....	....	2,654
Kentucky	131	3,632	223	1	29	216	85	....	101	1	....	....	....	4,419
Louisiana	26	3,994	89	....	7	58	33	....	68	4	....	29	....	4,308
Maine	....	995	11	....	....	132	13	....	3	....	....	....	....	1,154
Maryland	47	4,273	80	1	26	101	65	....	29	4	....	....	....	4,626
Massachusetts	92	4,371	200	....	42	184	269	....	28	1	....	....	....	5,187
Michigan	7	5,997	48	....	91	235	181	....	235	6	....	....	....	6,800
Minnesota	33	4,360	59	....	120	410	259	....	....	1	....	1	....	5,243
Mississippi	....	326	8	....	....	101	13	....	4	....	....	....	....	452
Missouri	99	7,645	173	1	52	414	237	1	95	....	....	2	....	8,719
Montana	2	1,700	38	....	19	42	41	....	....	....	....	....	....	1,842
Nebraska	7	1,761	30	....	24	150	139	....	21	....	....	....	....	2,132
Nevada	....	509	3	....	7	1	15	....	....	....	....	....	....	535
New Hampshire	....	1,237	5	....	5	166	72	....	5	....	....	....	....	1,490
New Jersey	41	8,643	93	3	47	274	270	1	164	7	....	2	....	9,545
New Mexico	2	456	16	....	2	8	25	....	4	....	....	....	....	513
New York	346	32,991	933	....	278	569	702	....	12	2	....	....	....	35,833
North Carolina	20	1,282	34	3	....	49	25	....	4	....	....	....	....	1,417
North Dakota	....	654	1	....	2	247	13	....	3	....	....	....	....	920
Ohio	108	14,849	347	3	127	374	415	2	371	5	....	....	....	16,601
Oklahoma	1	318	4	....	....	35	27	....	....	....	....	....	....	385
Oregon	14	1,225	30	....	27	35	22	....	....	....	....	....	....	1,353
Pennsylvania	173	14,519	380	1	243	556	559	....	303	9	....	1	....	16,744
Rhode Island	12	1,728	41	....	5	34	42	3	305	6	....	....	....	2,176
South Carolina	....	322	10	....	2	7	6	....	10	2	....	....	....	359
South Dakota	2	1,091	6	....	6	69	50	....	....	....	....	....	....	1,224
Tennessee	18	1,674	50	....	4	39	30	....	27	2	....	....	....	1,844
Texas	18	3,376	65	....	14	2,171	338	....	46	10	....	....	....	6,038
Utah	3	400	8	....	8	20	13	....	1	....	....	....	....	453
Vermont	....	575	....	....	....	196	23	....	....	....	....	....	....	794
Virginia	17	2,595	31	....	5	76	47	....	72	3	....	1	....	2,847
Washington	....	1,332	29	....	36	36	26	....	9	....	....	....	....	1,468
West Virginia	7	1,531	10	....	8	84	71	....	67	4	....	1	....	1,783
Wisconsin	55	8,825	94	....	180	452	198	....	17	5	....	....	....	9,826
Wyoming	....	341	5	....	4	1	24	....	4	....	....	....	....	379
Total	1,692	194,942	4,308	18	1,830	11,076	5,974	16	3,524	104	7	63	1	223,555
Total for fiscal year ended June 30, 1896	1,855	204,294	4,648	26	1,866	12,064	5,749	22	4,399	168	....	....	....	235,091

DIVISION OF DISTILLED SPIRITS.

The statements under the above heading relating to the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, exhibit the number of grain, molasses, and fruit distilleries which were registered and operated in each State; the number of fruit distilleries registered and operated in each collection district; the number and capacity of the grain and molasses distilleries in operation at the beginning of each month in the year and of the three following months; the number of grain distilleries, classified according to their different capacities, registered and operated in each district and State; the quantities and several kinds of grain and other materials used in the production of distilled spirits in each collection district and State; the different kinds of fruit brandy produced during the year in each collection district and State; the quantity of distilled spirits, in proof gallons, rectified in the several districts and States; the number of cattle and hogs fed at the registered grain distilleries; the quantity of distilled spirits gauged during the fiscal years ended June 30, 1896 and 1897, in each collection district and State; and the quantity of fermented liquors produced during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, in each collection district and State, together with other items.

DISTILLERIES REGISTERED AND OPERATED.

The following statement shows the number of distilleries registered and operated during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897:

States and Territories.	Grain.		Molasses.		Fruit.		Total registered.	Total operated.
	Registered.	Operated.	Registered.	Operated.	Registered.	Operated.		
Alabama	34	29	.....	.....	59	59	93	88
Arkansas	43	24	.....	.....	13	13	56	37
Arizona	1	1	.....	.....	2	2	3	3
California	2	2	.....	.....	239	237	241	239
Colorado	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2
Connecticut	2	2	.....	.....	34	34	36	36
Delaware	.....	.....	.....	.....	22	22	22	22
Florida	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3	3	3
Georgia	70	59	.....	.....	93	93	163	152
Illinois	19	12	.....	.....	15	15	34	27
Indiana	16	14	.....	.....	36	36	52	50
Iowa	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	2	2
Kansas	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	2	2
Kentucky	367	209	1	1	171	167	539	377
Louisiana	.....	.....	1	1	6	6	7	7
Maryland	26	17	.....	.....	16	16	42	33
Massachusetts	1	1	7	7	3	3	11	11
Minnesota	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Missouri	78	59	.....	.....	54	53	132	112
Nebraska	1	1	.....	.....	2	2	3	3
New Hampshire	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
New Jersey	1	1	.....	.....	60	60	61	61
New Mexico	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	6	6	6
New York	2	2	1	1	46	46	49	49
North Carolina	563	502	.....	.....	409	406	972	908
Ohio	34	30	.....	.....	36	36	70	66
Oklahoma	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Oregon	3	.....	.....	.....	7	7	10	7
Pennsylvania	109	79	.....	.....	12	11	121	90
South Carolina	41	33	.....	.....	13	13	54	46
Tennessee	106	74	.....	.....	107	84	213	158
Texas	14	8	.....	.....	11	11	25	19
Virginia	88	60	.....	.....	509	458	597	518
Washington	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	1
West Virginia	5	4	.....	.....	16	13	21	17
Wisconsin	5	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	4
Total	1,635	1,231	11	10	2,005	1,917	3,651	3,158

FRUIT DISTILLERIES REGISTERED AND OPERATED.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER OF FRUIT DISTILLERIES REGISTERED AND OPERATED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, BY COLLECTION DISTRICTS.

Districts.	Registered.	Operated.	Districts.	Registered.	Operated.
Alabama	59	59	New Mexico	8	8
Arkansas	13	13	New York:		
California:			Fourteenth district	26	26
First district	132	132	Twenty-first district	2	2
Fourth district	107	105	Twenty-eighth district	18	18
Connecticut	34	34	North Carolina:		
Florida	3	3	Fourth district	81	81
Georgia	93	93	Fifth district	328	325
Illinois:			Ohio:		
First district	1	1	First district	3	3
Fifth district	1	1	Tenth district	15	15
Eighth district	7	7	Eleventh district	12	12
Thirteenth district	6	6	Eighteenth district	6	6
Indiana:			Oregon	8	8
Sixth district	12	12	Pennsylvania:		
Seventh district	24	24	First district	10	10
Iowa, fourth district	2	2	Ninth district	1	.....
Kansas	2	2	Twelfth district	1	1
Kentucky:			South Carolina	13	13
Second	61	60	Tennessee:		
Fifth district	40	39	Second district	48	30
Sixth district	3	2	Fifth district	59	54
Seventh district	14	13	Texas, fourth district	11	11
Eighth district	53	53	Virginia:		
Louisiana	6	6	Second district	18	18
Maryland	38	38	Sixth district	491	440
Massachusetts, third district	3	3	West Virginia	16	13
Missouri:			Total	2,005	1,917
First district	36	35			
Sixth district	18	18			
Nebraska	2	2			
New Jersey:					
First district	28	28			
Fifth district	32	32			

NUMBER AND CAPACITY OF GRAIN AND MOLASSES DISTILLERIES IN OPERATION AT THE BEGINNING OF EACH MONTH DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, AND THE FIRST THREE MONTHS OF THE PRESENT FISCAL YEAR.

Months.	Number of distilleries.		Capacity of grain distilleries.		Capacity of molasses distilleries.		Total spirit-producing capacity per day.
	Grain.	Molasses.	Grain.	Spirits.	Molasses.	Spirits.	
1896.			*Bushels.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*
July	520	6	46,722	207,747	9,162	7,788	215,535
August	408	4	24,240	105,460	6,578	5,591	111,051
September	387	3	20,408	79,221	5,797	4,928	84,149
October	445	4	25,437	110,830	4,534	3,853	114,683
November	504	5	26,570	115,018	11,041	9,385	124,403
December	567	7	51,339	230,308	27,014	21,187	251,495
1897.							
January	567	8	129,904	251,208	25,137	19,365	270,573
February	612	9	57,072	252,727	25,913	20,024	272,751
March	691	8	56,780	248,457	22,279	16,434	264,891
April	716	9	60,690	265,184	28,296	21,523	286,707
May	583	8	58,421	250,224	28,056	21,319	271,543
June	575	8	57,158	248,337	9,552	7,635	255,972
July	459	8	44,927	196,807	15,879	12,496	209,303
August	371	5	26,780	115,381	10,592	8,502	123,883
September	360	3	28,655	123,638	6,314	5,366	129,004

GRAIN AND MOLASSES DISTILLERIES IN OPERATION SEPTEMBER 1, 1880 TO 1897.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER AND CAPACITY OF GRAIN AND MOLASSES DISTILLERIES IN OPERATION ON THE 1ST DAY OF SEPTEMBER IN EACH OF THE YEARS 1880 TO 1897, INCLUSIVE.

Date.	Number of distilleries.		Capacity of grain distilleries.		Capacity of molasses distilleries.		Total spirit-producing capacity per day.
	Grain.	Molasses.	Grain.	Spirits.	Molasses.	Spirits.	
September 1—			*Bushels.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*
1880	372	6	69,013	275,364	8,899	7,564	282,928
1881	298	5	70,193	272,806	8,573	7,287	280,093
1882	198	7	57,755	227,973	10,426	8,861	236,834
1883	387	7	56,859	224,107	8,721	6,818	230,925
1884	294	8	47,855	189,308	8,814	7,424	196,732
1885	212	8	42,594	174,295	7,122	6,054	180,349
1886	305	9	46,180	181,223	8,853	7,524	188,747
1887	293	8	50,355	199,100	6,460	5,493	204,593
1888	399	5	33,294	141,963	4,465	3,798	145,761
1889	376	5	40,946	172,526	3,574	3,037	175,563
1890	467	6	48,946	190,777	7,425	6,311	197,088
1891	425	7	43,655	186,693	8,511	7,418	194,111
1892	437	6	30,379	126,961	4,926	4,188	131,149
1893	403	4	23,425	95,391	7,295	6,201	101,592
1894	426	3	20,477	84,375	4,156	3,533	87,908
1895	348	3	16,278	68,454	2,527	2,188	70,642
1896	387	3	20,408	79,221	5,797	4,928	84,149
1897	360	3	28,655	123,638	6,314	5,366	129,004

CAPACITIES OF GRAIN DISTILLERIES REGISTERED AND OPERATED.

NUMBER OF GRAIN DISTILLERIES OF DIFFERENT CAPACITIES REGISTERED AND OPERATED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, BY COLLECTION DISTRICTS.

Districts.	Daily spirit capacity not exceeding 30 gallons.		Daily grain capacity not exceeding 5 bushels.		Daily grain capacity exceeding 5 bushels and not exceeding 10 bushels.		Daily grain capacity exceeding 10 bushels and not exceeding 20 bushels.		Daily grain capacity exceeding 20 bushels and not exceeding 40 bushels.		Daily grain capacity exceeding 40 bushels and not exceeding 60 bushels.		Daily grain capacity exceeding 60 bushels and not exceeding 100 bushels.		Daily grain capacity exceeding 100 bushels and not exceeding 500 bushels.		Daily grain capacity exceeding 500 bushels.		Total.	
	Registered.	Operated.	Registered.	Operated.	Registered.	Operated.	Registered.	Operated.	Registered.	Operated.	Registered.	Operated.	Registered.	Operated.	Registered.	Operated.	Registered.	Operated.	Registered.	Operated.
Alabama	30	27	28	23	4	4	.....	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	34	29
Arkansas	33	18	12	8	22	11	5	5	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43	24
California, first district	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	1	.....	.....	2	2
Colorado	2	2	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2
Connecticut	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2
Georgia	46	35	34	24	14	13	1	1	19	19	1	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	70	59
Illinois:																				
First district	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2	1
Fifth district	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	5	8	5
Eighth district	2	1	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	6	4
Thirteenth district	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	3	2
Indiana:																				
Sixth district	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	3	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	3	3	11	10
Seventh district	1	1	1	1	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	5	4
Kansas	1	1	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Kentucky:																				
Second district	62	30	30	15	36	17	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	3	3	8	3	5	3	85	41
Fifth district	21	14	6	3	18	14	1	1	6	4	1	.....	14	8	26	13	22	9	94	52
Sixth district	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	6	.....	.....	1	1	9	2	4	2	20	11
Seventh district	30	20	26	18	6	2	.....	.....	5	1	2	1	1	.....	12	5	9	5	61	32
Eighth district	70	59	67	55	7	6	2	2	5	2	3	1	3	.....	15	5	5	2	107	73
Maryland	2	2	2	2	.....	.....	4	3	5	4	.....	.....	6	4	4	1	5	3	26	17
Massachusetts, third district	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Minnesota	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	1
Missouri:																				
First district	25	14	11	9	16	8	.....	.....	2	2	1	1	.....	.....	1	1	2	2	33	23
Sixth district	33	26	12	9	26	22	.....	.....	5	4	.....	.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	45	36
Nebraska	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	1

New Jersey																	1	1	1	1
New Mexico	1	1			1	1													1	1
New York:																				
First district																	1	1	1	1
Twenty-eighth district																	1	1	1	1
North Carolina:																				
Fourth district	167	147	164	145	3	2	1	1											168	148
Fifth district	393	353	382	343	11	10	1	1					1						395	354
Ohio:																				
First district					1										2	1	5	5	8	6
Tenth district															1	1			1	1
Eleventh district	4	4	2	2	3	3	3	3									1	1	9	9
Eighteenth district	2	2			3	3	3	2	8	8	2	1							16	14
Oregon									1						2				3	
Pennsylvania:																				
First district	4	2			6	4							3	2	2	2	1	1	12	9
Ninth district	1	1			11	8	2	1	11	5	3	3	5	4			1	1	32	22
Twelfth district	5	4			17	14			2	2									19	16
Twenty-third district	3	2			12	10			18	12	3	3	3	2	9	5			45	32
South Carolina	40	32	36	29	5	4													41	33
Tennessee:																				
Second district	54	42	50	41	1	1													51	42
Fifth district	16	8	4	3	14	6	8	5	12	10	6	4	3	3	1	1	7		55	32
Texas, fourth district	11	7	3	2	8	5			3	1									14	8
Virginia:																				
Second district	2	1	2	1															2	1
Sixth district	77	56	51	34	26	22	2	1	5	1	1	1			1				86	59
West Virginia	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	1									1	1	5	4
Wisconsin, first district									2	2					1		2	2	5	4

NUMBER OF GRAIN DISTILLERIES OF DIFFERENT CAPACITIES REGISTERED AND OPERATED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES.

States and Territories.	Daily spirit capacity not exceeding 30 gallons.		Daily grain capacity not exceeding 5 bushels.		Daily grain capacity exceeding 5 bushels and not exceeding 10 bushels.		Daily grain capacity exceeding 10 bushels and not exceeding 20 bushels.		Daily grain capacity exceeding 20 bushels and not exceeding 40 bushels.		Daily grain capacity exceeding 40 bushels and not exceeding 60 bushels.		Daily grain capacity exceeding 60 bushels and not exceeding 100 bushels.		Daily grain capacity exceeding 100 bushels and not exceeding 500 bushels.		Daily grain capacity exceeding 500 bushels.	
	Registered.	Operated.	Registered.	Operated.	Registered.	Operated.	Registered.	Operated.	Registered.	Operated.	Registered.	Operated.	Registered.	Operated.	Registered.	Operated.	Registered.	Operated.
Alabama	30	27	28	23	4	4	.....	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Arkansas	33	18	12	8	22	11	5	5	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Arizona	1	1	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
California	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	1	.....	.....
Colorado	2	2	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Connecticut	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Georgia	46	35	34	24	14	13	1	1	19	19	1	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Illinois	3	1	1	.....	2	1	.....	.....	2	2	2	.....	.....	.....	1	1	11	8
Indiana	3	3	2	2	1	1	3	2	3	3	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	5	5
Kentucky	183	123	129	91	67	39	3	3	25	13	6	2	22	12	70	28	45	21
Maryland	2	2	2	2	.....	.....	4	3	5	4	.....	.....	6	4	4	1	5	3
Massachusetts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Minnesota	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Missouri	58	40	23	18	42	30	.....	.....	7	6	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	2
Nebraska	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
New Jersey	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2
North Carolina	560	500	546	488	14	12	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ohio	6	6	2	2	7	6	6	5	8	8	2	1	.....	.....	3	2	6	6
Oklahoma	1	1	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oregon	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
Pennsylvania	13	9	.....	.....	46	36	2	1	31	19	6	6	11	8	11	7	2	2
South Carolina	40	32	36	29	5	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tennessee	70	50	54	44	15	7	8	5	12	10	6	4	3	3	1	1	7	.....
Texas	11	7	3	2	8	5	.....	.....	3	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Virginia	79	57	53	35	26	22	2	1	5	1	1	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
West Virginia	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Wisconsin	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	2	2
Total	1,144	916	928	771	277	194	37	29	130	91	26	16	49	32	97	43	91	55

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF DISTILLERIES REGISTERED AND OPERATED.

The whole number of grain distilleries registered during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, was 1,635, of which number 1,231 were operated.

The numbers registered and operated during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, were 1,833 and 1,351, respectively, showing a decrease during the last fiscal year of 198 in the number registered and of 120 in the number operated.

The decrease in the class of distilleries having the smaller capacities for the production of spirits was 174 in the number registered and 55 in the number operated.

In the class of larger distilleries there was a decrease of 24 in the number registered and of 65 in the number operated.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, there were registered 1,572 distilleries of the smaller class, varying in daily grain capacity from not over 5 to not over 60 bushels each, and of this number 1,156, or 73+ per cent, were operated.

Of the larger distilleries having daily grain capacities varying from over 60 bushels and not over 100 bushels to several thousand bushels each, 261 were registered and 195, or 74+per cent, were operated.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, of the smaller distilleries 1,398 were registered and 1,101, or 78+per cent, were operated.

Of the larger distilleries 237 were registered and 130, or 54+per cent, were operated.

There were 11 molasses distilleries registered and 10 operated, a decrease of 1 in the number operated in the previous fiscal year.

A very large decrease occurred in the number of fruit distilleries registered and operated, there having been 2,005 registered and 1,917 operated, a decrease from the previous fiscal year of 2,840 registered and 2,908 operated.

The total number of grain, molasses, and fruit distilleries registered during the fiscal year is 3,651, and the total number operated is 3,158, a decrease of 3,038 in the number of all kinds of distilleries registered, and of 3,029 in the number of all kinds of distilleries operated during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, as compared with the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896.

MATERIALS USED FOR THE PRODUCTION OF DISTILLED SPIRITS.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE QUANTITIES OF GRAIN AND OTHER MATERIALS USED FOR THE PRODUCTION OF DISTILLED SPIRITS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, BY COLLECTION DISTRICTS.

Districts.	Malt.	Wheat.	Barley.	Rye.	Corn.	Oats.	Mill feed.	Molasses.	Other materials.	Total.	
	Bushels.	*Bushels.*	*Bushels.*	*Bushels.*	*Bushels.*	*Bushels.*	*Bushels.*	*Gallons.*	*Bushels.*	*Bushels.*	*Gallons.*
Alabama	4,045	.....	42	598	24,456	.....	.....	.....	.....	29,141	.....
Arkansas	1,750	61	27	820	14,997	.....	.....	.....	.....	17,655	.....
California, first district	4,750	639	.....	18,140	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	23,529	.....
Colorado	7	7	.....	.....	76	.....	.....	.....	.....	90	.....
Connecticut	5,916	.....	.....	17,328	16,162	.....	.....	.....	.....	39,406	.....
Georgia	13,057	.....	.....	73,878	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	86,935	.....
Illinois:											
First district	11,541	.....	.....	8,276	85,844	.....	.....	.....	.....	105,661	.....
Fifth district	286,043	.....	.....	52,616	2,214,676	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,553,335	.....
Eighth district	194,347	.....	1	34,141	1,841,147	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,069,636	.....
Thirteenth district	12,582	.....	.....	15,921	71,469	.....	531	.....	.....	100,503	.....
Indiana:											
Sixth district	46,419	.....	.....	43,385	475,327	8,652	.....	.....	.....	573,783	.....
Seventh district	134,233	.....	.....	22,855	1,136,389	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,293,477	.....
Kansas	19	.....	.....	19	541	.....	.....	.....	.....	579	.....
Kentucky:											
Second district	21,362	186	.....	8,112	170,965	60	.....	.....	.....	200,685	.....
Fifth district	92,752	.....	.....	187,203	484,790	.....	.....	.....	.....	764,745	.....
Sixth district	12,002	.....	.....	33,918	52,833	.....	.....	19,836	.....	98,753	19,836
Seventh district	37,955	49	492	89,142	198,879	.....	.....	.....	.....	326,517	.....
Eighth district	20,481	239	17	21,706	129,226	.....	.....	.....	.....	171,669	.....
Louisiana	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	997,623	.....	.....	997,623
Maryland	46,149	302	.....	168,963	139,395	838	.....	.....	.....	355,647	.....
Massachusetts, third district	1,541	.....	.....	5,237	4,494	.....	.....	1,667,796	.....	11,272	1,667,796
Minnesota	27,768	.....	.....	5,238	244,283	.....	.....	.....	.....	277,289	.....
Missouri:											
First district	27,480	499	.....	11,995	206,694	.....	3	.....	.....	246,671	.....
Sixth district	2,634	281	74	3,529	26,114	92	.....	.....	.....	32,724	.....
Nebraska	41,667	.....	.....	17,362	340,878	155	.....	.....	.....	400,062	.....
New Jersey, fifth district	31,300	.....	.....	46,950	46,950	.....	.....	.....	.....	125,200	.....
New York:											
First district	12,509	.....	.....	138,215	191,711	.....	.....	3,443,859	4,999	347,434	3,443,859
Twenty-eighth district	1,278	.....	.....	299	10,218	.....	.....	.....	.....	11,795	.....
North Carolina:											
Fourth district	5,260	2,260	.....	4,545	55,323	.....	235	20,928	.....	67,623	20,928
Fifth district	18,877	.....	80	20,124	147,312	.....	.....	.....	.....	186,393	.....
Ohio:											
First district	166,014	1,975	.....	242,763	1,238,990	883	.....	.....	.....	1,650,625	.....
Tenth district	2,912	.....	.....	7,588	25,440	.....	.....	.....	.....	35,940	.....
Eleventh district	1,887	69	.....	3,577	13,669	.....	.....	.....	.....	19,202	.....
Eighteenth district	1,765	979	318	12,958	1,785	.....	.....	.....	.....	17,805	.....

Pennsylvania:											
First district	23,561		4	86,438	14,645			3,300		124,648	3,300
Ninth district	6,696	304		69,538	4,573					81,111	
Twelfth district	583	198		15,134	934					16,849	
Twenty-third district	13,019	65		60,846	6,167		417			80,514	
South Carolina	2,145		87	1,685	18,297					22,214	
Tennessee:											
Second district	2,768	483	37	1,552	23,027					27,867	
Fifth district	16,760			14,208	145,767		1,342			178,077	
Texas, fourth district	427	63		466	4,858					5,814	
Virginia:											
Second district	13	13			207					233	
Sixth district	3,003	128		13,901	25,505					42,537	
West Virginia	1,710			12,826	616					15,152	
Wisconsin, first district	49,753		531	64,106	176,782				3,922	295,094	
Total	1,408,740	8,800	1,710	1,658,101	10,032,411	10,680	2,528	6,153,342	8,921	13,131,891	6,153,342

MATERIALS USED FOR THE PRODUCTION OF DISTILLED SPIRITS.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE QUANTITIES OF GRAIN AND OTHER MATERIALS USED FOR THE PRODUCTION OF DISTILLED SPIRITS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES.

States and Territories.	Malt.	Wheat.	Barley.	Rye.	Corn.	Oats.	Mill feed.	Molasses.	Other materials.	Total.	
	Bushels.	*Bushels.*	*Bushels.*	*Bushels.*	*Bushels.*	*Bushels.*	*Bushels.*	*Gallons.*	*Bushels.*	*Bushels.*	*Gallons.*
Alabama	4,045	.....	42	598	24,456	.....	.....	.....	.....	29,141	.....
Arkansas	1,750	61	27	820	14,997	.....	.....	.....	.....	17,655	.....
California	4,750	639	.....	18,140	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	23,529	.....
Colorado	7	7	.....	.....	76	.....	.....	.....	.....	90	.....
Connecticut	5,916	.....	.....	17,328	16,162	.....	.....	.....	.....	39,406	.....
Georgia	13,057	.....	.....	73,878	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	86,935	.....
Illinois	504,513	.....	1	110,954	4,213,136	.....	531	.....	.....	4,829,135	.....
Indiana	180,652	.....	.....	66,240	1,611,716	8,652	.....	.....	.....	1,867,260	.....
Kentucky	184,552	474	509	340,081	1,036,693	60	.....	19,836	.....	1,562,369	19,836
Louisiana	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	997,623	.....	.....	997,623
Maryland	46,149	302	.....	168,963	139,395	838	.....	.....	.....	355,647	.....
Massachusetts	1,541	.....	.....	5,237	4,494	.....	.....	1,667,796	.....	11,272	1,667,796
Minnesota	27,768	.....	.....	5,238	244,283	.....	.....	.....	.....	277,289	.....
Missouri	30,114	780	74	15,524	232,808	92	3	.....	.....	279,395	.....
Nebraska	41,667	.....	.....	17,362	340,878	155	.....	.....	.....	400,062	.....
New Jersey	31,300	.....	.....	46,950	46,950	.....	.....	.....	.....	125,200	.....
New York	13,787	.....	.....	138,514	201,929	.....	.....	3,443,859	4,999	359,229	3,443,859
North Carolina	24,137	2,260	80	24,669	202,635	.....	235	20,928	.....	254,016	20,928
Ohio	172,578	3,023	318	266,886	1,279,884	883	.....	.....	.....	1,723,572	.....
Oklahoma Territory	19	.....	.....	19	541	.....	.....	.....	.....	579	.....
Pennsylvania	43,859	567	4	231,956	26,319	.....	417	3,300	.....	303,122	3,300
South Carolina	2,145	.....	87	1,685	18,297	.....	.....	.....	.....	22,214	.....
Tennessee	19,528	483	37	15,760	168,794	.....	1,342	.....	.....	205,944	.....
Texas	427	63	.....	466	4,858	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,814	.....
Virginia	3,016	141	.....	13,901	25,712	.....	.....	.....	.....	42,770	.....
West Virginia	1,710	.....	.....	12,826	616	.....	.....	.....	.....	15,152	.....
Wisconsin	49,753	.....	531	64,106	176,782	.....	.....	.....	3,922	295,094	.....
Total	1,408,740	8,800	1,710	1,658,101	10,032,411	10,680	2,528	6,153,342	8,921	13,131,891	6,153,342

The average yield per bushel of grain used was $\frac{59,154,877}{13,131,891}$ = 4.50+ gallons of spirits

The average yield per gallon of molasses used for the production of spirits was $\frac{3,310,77}{4,441,482}$ = .745+ of a gallon.

The average yield per gallon of molasses used for the production of rum was $\frac{1,294,157}{1,711,860}$ = .755+ of a gallon.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF MATERIALS USED AND SPIRITS PRODUCED DURING THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS.

Years.	Grain used.	Spirits produced from grain.	Molasses used to produce spirits.	Spirits produced from molasses.	Molasses used to produce rum.	Rum produced.
	Bushels.	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*
1888	16,122,509	68,388,160	.....	.....	2,519,494	1,891,246
1889	20,990,924	87,887,456	.....	.....	1,951,104	1,471,054
1890	25,202,901	107,618,120	.....	.....	2,198,538	1,657,808
1891	26,347,641	114,178,077	.....	.....	2,368,171	1,784,312
1892	26,489,827	112,812,723	.....	.....	2,550,759	1,956,318
1893	29,030,409	126,545,017	.....	.....	2,775,752	2,106,765
1894	19,716,818	87,340,897	.....	.....	2,598,409	1,846,595
1895	18,057,107	78,172,512	.....	.....	2,219,547	1,777,083
1896	18,630,618	82,456,153	3,507,609	2,642,322	1,891,356	1,490,228
1897	13,131,891	59,154,877	4,441,482	3,310,771	1,711,860	1,294,157
Total	213,720,645	924,553,992	7,949,091	5,953,093	22,784,990	17,275,566
Average	21,372,064	92,455,399	3,974,545	2,976,546	2,278,499	1,727,556

In this table, as prepared prior to the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, the grain used included the molasses used for the production of spirits other than rum reduced to its equivalent in grain; and the spirits produced included the spirits produced from both grain and molasses.

The quantity of grain used for the production of spirits during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897 (13,131,891 bushels), shows a decrease of 5,498,727 bushels from the quantity used in the preceding fiscal year (18,630,618 bushels), and is 8,240,173 bushels less than the average (21,372,064 bushels) for the last ten years.

The number of gallons of spirits produced from grain during the year (59,154,877) shows a decrease of 23,301,276 gallons from the product of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896 (82,456,153 gallons), and is 33,300,522 gallons less than the average product (92,455,399 gallons) for the last ten years.

The yield of spirits from each bushel of grain is 4.50+ gallons.

The yield for the two preceding years was 4.32+ gallons for 1895 and 4.42+ gallons for 1896.

The quantity of molasses used for the production of spirits during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897 (4,441,482 gallons), shows an increase of 933,873 gallons over the quantity used in the preceding fiscal year (3,507,609 gallons), and is 466,937 gallons more than the average (3,974,545 gallons) for the last two years.

The quantity of spirits produced from molasses during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897 (3,310,771 gallons), shows an increase of 668,449 gallons over the product of the previous year (2,642,322 gallons), and is 334,225 gallons more than the average product (2,976,546 gallons) for the last two years.

The quantity of molasses used for the production of rum during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897 (1,711,860 gallons) shows a decrease of 179,496 gallons from the quantity used in the previous year (1,891,356 gallons), and is 566,639 gallons less than the average (2,278,499 gallons) for the last ten years.

The quantity of rum distilled from molasses during the fiscal year (1,294,157 gallons) shows a decrease of 196,071 gallons from the product of the previous year (1,490,228 gallons), and is 433,399 gallons less than the average product (1,727,556 gallons) for the last ten years.

DIFFERENT KINDS OF FRUIT BRANDY PRODUCED DURING THE YEAR.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE QUANTITY OF EACH KIND OF FRUIT BRANDY PRODUCED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, BY COLLECTION DISTRICTS.

Districts.	Apple.	Peach.	Grape.	Pear.	Orange.	Berry.	Prune.	Total.
	Gallons.	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*
Alabama	675	71	27					773
Arkansas	13,955	130	85					14,170
First California		2,035	1,012,290	440			708	1,015,473
Fourth California			426,995					426,995
Connecticut	17,632							17,632
Florida		8	35	50	93		49	235
Georgia	1,032	1,008	1,386					3,426
First Illinois			41					41
Fifth Illinois			212					212
Eighth Illinois	264	67	825					1,156
Thirteenth Illinois	334	381						715
Sixth Indiana	2,074	437	133			76		2,720
Seventh Indiana	7,539	477	199					8,215
Fourth Iowa			304					304
Kansas	75	172	1,058					1,305
Second Kentucky	12,406	248	20					12,674
Fifth Kentucky	16,518	990	67					17,575
Sixth Kentucky		585		100				685
Seventh Kentucky	816							816
Eighth Kentucky	3,432		26					3,458
Louisiana	20	108						128
Maryland	4,062	4,196	9					8,267
Third Massachusetts	1,971							1,971
First Missouri	2,834	265	4,567					7,666
Sixth Missouri	6,360	403	54					6,817
Nebraska	223							223
First New Jersey	35,532							35,532
Fifth New Jersey	43,903							43,903
New Mexico			3,212					3,212
Fourteenth New York	39,936							39,936
Twenty-first New York	4,367							4,367
Twenty-eighth New York	25,347	46	17,183					42,576
Fourth North Carolina	722		2,492					3,214
Fifth North Carolina	6,063	25	10					6,098
First Ohio		407	2,669					3,076
Tenth Ohio	21	68	20,971					21,060
Eleventh Ohio	416	1,812						2,228
Eighteenth Ohio	69	30	240					339
Oregon	1,338	185	64				16	1,603
First Pennsylvania	17,042	1,017	127					18,186
Twelfth Pennsylvania	419							419
South Carolina	82	32	320					434
Second Tennessee	3,644	19	24			13		3,700
Fifth Tennessee	10,037							10,037
Fourth Texas	10	1,845						1,855
Second Virginia	187	138	30			11		366
Sixth Virginia	15,903		11			13		15,927
West Virginia	1,661	46						1,707

STATEMENT SHOWING THE QUANTITY OF EACH KIND OF FRUIT BRANDY PRODUCED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES.

States and Territories.	Apple.	Peach.	Grape.	Pear.	Orange.	Berry.	Prunes.	Totals.
	Galls.	*Galls.*	*Galls.*	*Galls.*	*Galls.*	*Galls.*	*Galls.*	*Galls.*
Alabama	675	71	27					773
Arizona			2,839					2,839
Arkansas	13,955	130	85					14,170
California		2,035	1,439,285	440			708	1,442,468
Connecticut	17,632							17,632
Delaware	3,140	3,133						6,273
Florida		8	35	50	93		49	235
Georgia	1,032	1,008	1,386					3,426
Illinois	598	448	1,078					2,124
Indiana	9,613	914	332			76		10,935
Iowa			304					304
Kansas	75	172	1,058					1,305
Kentucky	33,172	1,823	113	100				35,208
Louisiana	20	108						128
Maryland	922	1,063	9					1,994
Massachusetts	1,971							1,971
Missouri	9,194	668	4,621					14,483

STATEMENT SHOWING THE QUANTITY OF EACH KIND OF FRUIT BRANDY PRODUCED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, ETC.—Continued.

States and Territories.	Apple.	Peach.	Grape.	Pear.	Orange.	Berry.	Prunes.	Totals.
	Galls.	*Galls.*	*Galls.*	*Galls.*	*Galls.*	*Galls.*	*Galls.*	*Galls.*
Nebraska	223							223
New Jersey	79,435							79,435
New Mexico			373					373
New York	69,650	46	17,183					86,879
North Carolina	6,785	25	2,502					9,312
Ohio	506	2,317	23,880					26,703
Oregon	1,145	185	64				16	1,410
Pennsylvania	17,461	1,017	127					18,605
South Carolina	82	32	320					434
Tennessee	13,681	19	24			13		13,737
Texas	10	1,845						1,855
Virginia	16,090	138	41			24		16,293
Washington	193							193
West Virginia	1,661	46						1,707
Total	298,921	17,251	1,495,686	590	93	113	773	1,813,427

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER OF GALLONS OF SPIRITS RECTIFIED IN THE UNITED STATES DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, BY COLLECTION DISTRICTS.

Districts.	Gallons.	Districts.	Gallons.
Alabama	164,250.47	Nebraska and Dakotas	244,101.74
California:		New Mexico	7,419.50
First district	2,015,814.25	New York:	
Fourth district and Nevada	113,617.08	First district	1,094,887.15
Colorado and Wyoming	58,851	Second district	6,340,541.09
Connecticut and Rhode Island	433,464.61	Third district	1,382,973.81
Georgia	123,136	Fourteenth district	310,871.82
Illinois:		Twenty-first district	229,960.65
First district	4,457,824.83	Twenty-eighth district	1,201,370.60
Fifth district	1,314,589.05	North Carolina:	
Eighth district	73,722.92	Fourth district	72,213.49
Thirteenth district	39,789.50	Fifth district	188,333.86
Indiana:		Ohio:	
Sixth district	112,320.09	First district	7,799,160.53
Seventh district	1,175,802.31	Tenth district	225,976.73
Iowa:		Eleventh district	49,045.44
Third district	50,649.50	Eighteenth district	602,254.97
Fourth district	23,598.04	Oregon and Washington	131,959.66
Kansas		Pennsylvania:	
Kentucky:		First district	5,508,345.05
Second district	360,810.54	Ninth district	97,766.04
Fifth district	2,264,259.94	Twelfth district	222,213.50
Sixth district	1,984,902.94	Twenty-third district	1,001,828.67
Seventh district	97,601.29	Tennessee:	
Eighth district	761	Second district	101,371.54
Louisiana and Mississippi	1,111,833.70	Fifth district	244,611.75
Maryland, Delaware, and District of Columbia	4,480,752.34	Texas:	
Massachusetts	3,524,525.92	Third district	183,253.12
Michigan:		Fourth district	30,786
First district	260,420.90	Virginia:	
Fourth district		Second district	710,795.26
Minnesota	499,636.62	Sixth district	65,259.65
Missouri:		West Virginia	140,487.70
First district	2,088,569.30	Wisconsin:	
Sixth district	474,859.50	First district	1,153,794.71
Montana, Utah, and Idaho	28,583	Second district	26,028.50
New Hampshire, Maine, and Vermont		Total	56,944,178.20
New Jersey:			
First district	39,883.63		
Fifth district	201,734.50		

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER OF GALLONS OF SPIRITS RECTIFIED IN THE UNITED STATES DURING YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES.

States and Territories.	Gallons.	States and Territories.	Gallons.
Alabama	164,250.47	Nebraska and Dakotas	244,101.74
California and Nevada	2,129,431.33	New Hampshire, Maine, and Vermont	
Colorado and Wyoming	58,851	New Jersey	241,618.13
Connecticut and Rhode Island	433,464.61	New Mexico and Arizona	7,419.50
Georgia	123,136	New York	10,560,605.12
Illinois	5,885,926.30	North Carolina	260,547.35
Indiana	1,288,123.30	Ohio	8,676,437.67
Iowa	74,247.54	Oregon and Washington	131,959.66
Kansas		Pennsylvania	6,830,153.26
Kentucky	4,708,335.71	Tennessee	345,983.29
Louisiana and Mississippi	1,111,833.70	Texas	214,039.12
Maryland, Delaware, and District of Columbia	4,480,752.34	Virginia	776,054.91
Massachusetts	3,524,525.92	West Virginia	140,487.70
Michigan	260,420.90	Wisconsin	1,179,823.21
Minnesota	499,636.62		
Missouri	2,563,428.80	Total	56,944,178.20
Montana, Idaho, and Utah	28,583		

STOCK FED AT DISTILLERIES.

The following statement shows the number of cattle and hogs fed at registered grain distilleries, with their average and total increase in weight during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, by collection districts:

Districts.	Cattle.			Hogs.			Total increase in weight of cattle and hogs.
	Number fed.	Increase in weight.		Number fed.	Increase in weight.		
		Total.	Average.		Total.	Average.	
		Pounds.	*Pounds.*		*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
Alabama	256	61,380	239+	1,720	180,920	105+	242,300
Arkansas	107	21,400	200	899	74,597	83	95,997
Colorado				15	225	15	225
Connecticut	50	12,500	250				12,500
Georgia	55	9,250	168+	1,485	85,200	57+	94,450
Fifth Illinois	12,250	3,210,000	262+				3,210,000
Eighth Illinois	10,398	2,630,244	252+				2,630,244
Sixth Indiana	2,082	478,100	229+	30	2,160	72	480,260
Seventh Indiana	5,500	1,100,000	200				1,100,000
Kansas				57	4,265	74+	4,265
Second Kentucky	274	49,516	180+	485	40,315	83+	89,831
Fifth Kentucky	2,276	431,393	189+	235	22,770	96+	454,163
Sixth Kentucky				215	19,100	88+	19,100
Seventh Kentucky	1,383	289,725	209+	150	7,500	50	297,225
Eighth Kentucky	642	121,940	189+	1,409	127,755	90+	249,695
Maryland	20	4,000	200	107	13,441	125+	17,441
Third Massachusetts	10	2,000	200	15	2,250	150	4,250
Minnesota	2,600	59,800	230				59,800
First Missouri	19	3,800	200	1,363	97,005	71+	100,805
Sixth Missouri	500	50,000	100	680	57,120	84	107,120
Nebraska	1,356	241,273	178+				241,273
Fourth North Carolina	98	6,845	69+	2,188	120,746	55+	127,591
Fifth North Carolina	41	7,900	192+	816	62,055	76	69,955
Eleventh Ohio				100	3,500	35	3,500
Eighteenth Ohio	77	7,050	91+	35	1,750	50	8,800
First Pennsylvania	18	1,600	88+	15	800	53+	2,400
Ninth Pennsylvania	49	6,336	129+	1,495	75,187	50+	81,523
Twelfth Pennsylvania				437	31,948	73+	31,948
Twenty-third Pennsylvania				278	23,990	86+	23,990
South Carolina	42	9,300	221+	585	40,745	69+	50,045
Second Tennessee	41	3,608	88	872	59,296	68	62,904
Fifth Tennessee	386	61,540	159+	2,175	121,992	56+	183,532
Fourth Texas				300	21,225	70+	21,225
Second Virginia	13	1,617	124+				1,617
West Virginia	6	900	150	20	1,000	50	1,900
First Wisconsin	549	139,700	254+				139,700

The following statement shows the number of cattle and hogs fed at registered grain distilleries, arranged by States:

States.	Cattle.			Hogs.			Total increase in weight of cattle and hogs.
	Number fed.	Increase in weight.		Number fed.	Increase in weight.		
		Total.	Average.		Total.	Average.	
		Pounds.	*Pounds.*		*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
Alabama	256	61,380	239+	1,720	180,920	105+	242,300
Arkansas	107	21,400	200	899	74,597	83	95,997
Colorado				15	225	15	225
Connecticut	50	12,500	250				12,500
Georgia	55	9,250	168+	1,485	85,200	57+	94,450
Illinois	22,648	5,840,244	257+				5,840,244
Indiana	7,582	1,578,100	208+	30	2,160	72	1,580,260
Kansas				57	4,265	74+	4,265
Kentucky	4,575	892,574	195+	2,494	217,440	87+	1,110,014
Maryland	20	4,000	200	107	13,441	125+	17,441
Massachusetts	10	2,000	200	15	2,250	150	4,250
Minnesota	2,600	59,800	230				59,800
Missouri	519	53,800	103+	2,043	154,125	75+	207,925
Nebraska	1,356	241,273	178+				241,273
North Carolina	139	14,745	106+	3,004	182,801	60+	197,546
Ohio	77	7,050	91+	135	5,250	38+	12,300
Pennsylvania	67	7,936	118+	2,225	131,925	59+	139,861
South Carolina	42	9,300	221+	585	40,745	69+	50,045
Tennessee	427	65,148	152+	3,047	181,288	59+	246,436
Texas				300	21,225	70+	21,225
Virginia	13	1,617	124+				1,617
West Virginia	6	900	150	20	1,000	50	1,900
Wisconsin	549	139,700	254+				139,700
Total	41,098	9,022,717	219+	18,181	1,298,857	71+	10,321,574

SUMMARY.

Number of cattle fed at registered grain distilleries in the United States		41,098
Total increase in weight of cattle	pounds	9,022,717
Average increase in weight of cattle	do	219+
Number of hogs fed at registered grain distilleries in the United States		18,181
Total increase in weight of hogs	pounds	1,298,857
Average increase in weight of hogs	do	71+
Total number of cattle and hogs fed		59,279
Total increase in weight of cattle and hogs	pounds	10,321,574
Average increase in weight of cattle and hogs	do	174+

SPIRITS GAUGED IN 1896.

QUANTITIES, IN TAXABLE GALLONS, OF DISTILLED SPIRITS GAUGED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1896, BY COLLECTION DISTRICTS.

Collection districts.	Distilled spirits, other than apple, peach, and grape brandies—							Apple, peach, and grape brandies produced and withdrawn from special bonded warehouses, tax paid and free of tax; also that used for fortification of sweet wine.	Total gauged.
	Deposited in warehouse.	Withdrawn from warehouse—				Dumped for rectification.	Rectified.		
		On payment of the tax.	For export.	For scientific purposes and use of the United States.	For transfer to manufacturing warehouses.				
Alabama	48,847	34,340				127,878	154,601	20,132	385,798
Arkansas	63,596	43,126						48,019	154,741
First California	188,158	a 777,357	b 15,344	c 4,299	d 25,416	1,905,517	2,077,617	2,772,498	7,766,206
Fourth California		214				103,839	118,792	1,221,138	1,443,983
Colorado	1,086	e 38,951				55,486	65,643		161,166
Connecticut	120,030	108,097				341,887	372,687	18,341	961,042
Florida									
Georgia	231,896	238,032				85,829	96,325	37,322	689,404
First Illinois	3,145,900	2,890,593		7,581		3,450,602	3,948,789	83,374	13,526,839
Fifth Illinois	19,349,749	11,215,414	116,066	15,925	67,915	1,236,463	1,353,179		33,354,711
Eighth Illinois	8,981,003	9,049,726	31,478	20,190	27,697	60,102	69,259	337	18,239,797
Thirteenth Illinois	397,508	405,434				28,486	30,217	8,703	870,348
Sixth Indiana	2,322,489	1,827,152	1,188	85		81,837	94,339	6,341	4,333,431
Seventh Indiana	6,758,007	4,202,477	46,398	2,724	530	934,823	938,979	47,342	12,931,280
Third Iowa			388			38,743	43,521		82,652
Fourth Iowa						28,188	31,152	192	59,532
Kansas	359	194						2,016	2,569
Second Kentucky	2,859,394	1,851,232		1,759	1,126	287,402	346,664	66,748	5,414,325
Fifth Kentucky	9,595,034	f 4,880,261	33,575	987		1,919,256	2,062,805	149,685	18,641,603
Sixth Kentucky	3,366,939	1,948,459	5,808		2,423	1,891,613	1,933,983	6,751	9,155,976
Seventh Kentucky	2,071,096	949,044	10,018	88		70,419	73,923	15,882	3,190,470
Eighth Kentucky	1,930,795	825,494	2,783	834		383	369	30,318	2,790,976
Louisiana	789,656	719,224	24,801	623		1,130,579	1,250,983	1,808	3,917,674
Maryland	2,586,305	g 3,681,220	548	h 2,262	2,608	4,043,363	4,340,952	88,130	14,745,388
Massachusetts	1,450,693	i 2,157,745	j 868,348		10,102	3,074,555	3,386,286	1,924	10,949,653
First Michigan						215,588	253,186		468,774
Fourth Michigan						2,622	2,586		5,208
Minnesota	1,549,695	1,348,811		935		372,157	394,258		3,665,856
First Missouri	845,700	845,519		993		1,954,737	2,163,632	13,265	5,823,846
Sixth Missouri	101,024	k 109,459				417,294	443,271	8,060	1,079,108
Montana						29,726	28,752	178	58,656

Nebraska	263,432	240,631		505		345,365	344,169		1,194,102
New Hampshire	12,834	10,824							23,658
First New Jersey						39,192	45,545	102,969	187,706
Fifth New Jersey	463,022	352,251				181,828	197,101	48,527	1,242,729
New Mexico	1,307	552				3,651	4,614	4,315	14,439
First New York	2,962,917	3,348,168	2,272	23,690		1,052,056	1,120,747		8,509,850
Second New York		*l* 564,710	*m* 430		*n* 6,823	6,168,744	6,326,958	218,951	13,286,616
Third New York		*o* 1,064,076				1,079,042	1,197,359		3,340,477
Fourteenth New York	21	21				325,177	336,100	35,918	697,237
Twenty-first New York						234,906	239,385	4,751	479,042
Twenty-eighth New York	275,207	216,333		1,698		1,153,106	1,255,226	59,576	2,961,146
Fourth North Carolina	137,003	*p* 116,242				57,083	61,065	28,316	399,709
Fifth North Carolina	496,410	448,499				230,459	259,606	70,985	1,505,959
First Ohio	5,459,453	5,238,805	21,599	2,105	9,703	6,495,446	7,882,229	37,226	25,146,566
Tenth Ohio	132,234	31,317				228,784	245,521	46,094	683,950
Eleventh Ohio	347,546	194,458				53,280	57,097	6,187	658,568
Eighteenth Ohio	62,495	39,220				540,268	619,273	1,407	1,262,663
Oregon	50,527	60,930		1,451		122,634	134,761	2,871	373,174
First Pennsylvania	605,869	270,766			719	6,089,705	5,922,335	22,388	12,911,782
Ninth Pennsylvania	520,762	158,870				100,613	109,120	30,030	919,395
Twelfth Pennsylvania	65,372	39,387				211,711	238,164		554,634
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	3,575,396	*q* 2,059,340	8,375		2,157	1,086,411	1,225,672		7,957,351
South Carolina	51,889	62,404						2,730	117,023
Second Tennessee	54,894	53,973				76,334	89,146	26,148	300,495
Fifth Tennessee	567,789	405,586	839			167,978	185,405	221,629	1,549,226
Third Texas						161,566	179,917		341,483
Fourth Texas	23,471	17,474				32,296	36,860	4,612	114,713
Second Virginia		*r* 115,119				624,070	715,007	18,614	1,472,810
Sixth Virginia	88,130	89,996				63,493	69,848	143,541	455,008
West Virginia	138,663	103,810		1,399		115,600	129,970	9,635	499,077
First Wisconsin	1,477,096	1,400,303				1,120,439	1,268,277		5,266,115
Second Wisconsin						15,913	21,134		37,047
Total	86,588,703	66,851,640	1,190,258	90,133	157,219	52,066,524	56,594,361	5,795,924	269,334,762

a 573,910 from general bonded warehouse.
b 14,649 from general bonded warehouse.
c 1,107 from general bonded warehouse.
d 22,906 from general bonded warehouse.
e 38,093 from general bonded warehouse.
f 82,733 from general bonded warehouse.
g 2,012,427 from general bonded warehouse.
h 429 from general bonded warehouse.
i 1,675,892 from general bonded warehouse.
j 56,247 from general bonded warehouse.
k 59,180 from general bonded warehouse.
l 564,710 from general bonded warehouse.
m 430 from general bonded warehouse.
n from general bonded warehouse.
o 1,064,075 from general bonded warehouse.
p 302 from general bonded warehouse.
q 31,046 from general bonded warehouse.
r 113,913 from general bonded warehouse.

SPIRITS GAUGED IN 1896—Continued.

QUANTITIES, IN TAXABLE GALLONS, OF DISTILLED SPIRITS GAUGED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1896, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES.

States and Territories.	Distilled spirits other than apple, peach, and grape brandies—							Apple, peach, and grape brandies produced and withdrawn from special bonded warehouses, tax-paid, and free of tax; also that used for fortification of sweet wine.	Total gauged.
	Deposited in warehouse.	Withdrawn from warehouse—				Dumped for rectification.	Rectified.		
		On payment of the tax.	For export.	For scientific purposes and use of the United States.	For transfer to manufacturing warehouses.				
Alabama	48,847	34,340				127,878	154,601	20,132	385,798
Arizona									
Arkansas	63,596	43,126						48,019	154,741
California	188,158	777,571	15,344	4,299	25,416	2,009,356	2,196,409	3,993,656	9,210,189
Colorado	1,086	38,951				55,486	65,643		161,166
Connecticut	120,030	108,097				341,887	372,687	18,341	961,042
Delaware									
Florida									
Georgia	231,896	238,032				85,829	96,325	37,322	689,404
Idaho									
Illinois	31,874,165	23,561,167	147,544	43,696	95,612	4,775,653	5,401,444	92,414	65,991,695
Indiana	9,080,496	6,029,629	47,536	2,809	530	1,016,660	1,033,318	53,683	17,264,711
Iowa			388			66,931	74,673	192	142,184
Kansas	359	194						2,016	2,569
Kentucky	19,823,258	10,454,490	52,184	3,668	3,549	4,169,073	4,417,744	269,384	39,193,350
Louisiana	789,656	719,224	24,801	623		1,130,579	1,250,983	1,808	3,917,674
Maryland	2,586,305	3,681,220	548	2,262	2,608	4,043,363	4,340,952	88,130	14,745,388
Massachusetts	1,450,693	2,157,745	868,348		10,102	3,074,555	3,386,286	1,924	10,949,653
Michigan						218,210	255,772		473,982
Minnesota	1,549,695	1,348,811		935		372,157	394,258		3,665,856
Missouri	946,724	954,978		993		2,372,031	2,606,903	21,325	6,902,954
Montana						29,726	28,752	178	58,656
Nebraska	263,432	240,631		505		345,365	344,169		1,194,102
New Hampshire	12,834	10,824							23,658
New Jersey	465,022	352,251				221,020	242,646	151,496	1,430,435
New Mexico	1,307	552				3,651	4,614	4,315	14,439
New York	3,238,145	5,193,308	2,702	25,388	6,823	10,013,031	10,475,775	319,196	29,274,368
North Carolina	633,413	564,741				287,542	320,671	99,301	1,905,668
Ohio	6,001,728	5,503,800	21,599	2,105	9,703	7,317,778	8,804,120	90,914	27,751,747
Oregon	50,527	60,930		1,451		122,634	134,761	2,871	373,174
Pennsylvania	4,767,399	2,528,363	8,375		2,876	7,488,440	7,495,291	52,418	22,343,162

South Carolina	51,889	62,404				244,312	274,551	2,730	117,023
Tennessee	622,683	459,559	839			193,862	216,777	247,777	1,849,721
Texas	23,471	17,474						4,612	456,196
Utah									
Vermont									
Virginia	88,130	205,115				687,563	784,855	162,155	1,927,818
Washington									
West Virginia	138,663	103,810		1,399		115,600	129,970	9,635	499,077
Wisconsin	1,477,096	1,400,303				1,136,352	1,289,411		5,303,162
Total	86,588,702	66,851,640	1,190,258	90,133	157,219	52,066,524	56,594,361	5,795,924	269,334,762

SPIRITS GAUGED IN 1897.

QUANTITIES, IN TAXABLE GALLONS, OF DISTILLED SPIRITS GAUGED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, BY COLLECTION DISTRICTS.

Collection districts.	Distilled spirits other than fruit brandies—							Fruit brandies produced and withdrawn from special bonded warehouses, tax-paid, and free of tax; also that used for fortification of sweet wine.	Total gauged.
	Deposited in warehouse.	Withdrawn from warehouse—				Dumped for rectification.	Rectified.		
		On payment of the tax.	For export.	For scientific purposes and use of the United States.	For transfer to manufacturing warehouses.				
Alabama	89,227	59,577				134,083	164,250	773	447,910
Arkansas	45,960	43,356						22,033	111,349
First California	84,495	1,283,167	37,278	5,146	25,466	1,839,354	2,015,814	1,457,587	6,748,307
Fourth California		34				99,855	113,617	509,833	723,339
Colorado	179	74,612				51,746	58,851		185,388
Connecticut	153,070	123,438				389,844	433,465	19,181	1,118,998
Florida								235	235
Georgia	231,133	242,823				112,971	123,136	3,426	713,489
First Illinois	556,294	712,680		3,730		4,093,624	4,457,825	82,496	9,906,649
Fifth Illinois	12,199,654	14,253,887	235,571	17,383	115,350	1,206,792	1,314,589	212	29,343,438
Eighth Illinois	9,506,063	8,719,479	63,843	69,413	7,692	64,299	73,723	1,156	18,505,668
Thirteenth Illinois	408,929	404,804		4,232		38,054	39,789	715	896,523
Sixth Indiana	2,583,225	1,745,155	304			98,848	112,321	2,720	4,542,573
Seventh Indiana	6,067,755	5,113,279	31,524	14,809	797	1,172,710	1,175,802	8,215	13,584,891
Third Iowa						44,882	50,649		95,531
Fourth Iowa						21,034	23,598	304	44,936
Kansas	1,451	287						2,154	3,892
Second Kentucky	968,020	1,066,849	173,363	89	1,486	334,913	360,811	19,436	2,924,967
Fifth Kentucky	3,369,939	5,469,668	46,432			2,131,535	2,264,260	81,459	13,363,293
Sixth Kentucky	408,578	1,884,511	21,473			1,938,629	1,984,903	685	6,238,779
Seventh Kentucky	1,315,915	1,329,033	99,476	246	2,712	108,858	97,601	816	2,954,657
Eighth Kentucky	682,225	1,500,939	204,226	797		754	761	5,812	2,395,514
Louisiana	822,900	575,359	154,035	881		991,085	1,111,834	128	3,656,222
Maryland	1,479,722	3,167,795	1,427	4,260		4,272,220	4,480,752	48,492	13,454,668
Massachusetts	1,317,511	1,802,795	806,330		15,291	3,164,798	3,524,526	1,971	10,633,222
First Michigan						227,924	260,421		488,345
Fourth Michigan									
Minnesota	1,363,086	1,354,498		1,316	6,275	473,161	499,637		3,697,973
First Missouri	1,104,447	870,633		1,109		1,895,838	2,088,569	12,405	5,973,001
Sixth Missouri	101,553	161,117				460,365	474,859	7,857	1,205,751
Montana						28,260	28,583		56,843
Nebraska	1,915,050	906,837		3,354		216,645	244,102	223	3,286,211

New Hampshire		11,580							11,580
First New Jersey						34,805	39,884	35,532	110,221
Fifth New Jersey	459,685	459,308	23,609			187,436	201,734	43,903	1,375,675
New Mexico		511				5,685	7,419	3,212	16,827
First New York	3,650,151	3,092,715	181,470	16,184		1,022,186	1,094,887	21,523	9,079,116
Second New York		37,557	525			6,113,374	6,340,541	202,540	12,694,537
Third New York						1,240,716	1,382,974		2,623,690
Fourteenth New York						297,935	310,872	39,936	648,743
Twenty-first New York						219,506	229,961	4,367	453,834
Twenty-eighth New York	53,146	79,340		725		1,124,207	1,201,371	66,619	2,525,408
Fourth North Carolina	165,382	148,059				64,557	72,213	3,214	453,425
Fifth North Carolina	470,077	462,153				164,762	188,334	6,098	1,291,424
First Ohio	7,195,055	6,309,587	4,536	3,103	7,771	6,350,962	7,799,161	3,076	27,673,251
Tenth Ohio	146,047	41,597				208,215	225,977	41,065	662,901
Eleventh Ohio	81,488	119,441				43,120	49,045	2,228	295,322
Eighteenth Ohio	66,120	32,692				532,219	602,255	339	1,233,625
Oregon		3,093				119,657	131,960	1,603	256,313
First Pennsylvania	521,231	305,941				5,863,062	5,508,345	18,186	12,216,765
Ninth Pennsylvania	311,176	198,759	165			90,059	97,766		697,925
Twelfth Pennsylvania	55,599	37,909				200,057	222,213	419	516,197
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	335,435	2,475,182	6,201		1,159	887,797	1,001,829		4,707,603
South Carolina	54,437	57,548						434	112,419
Second Tennessee	69,348	62,129				86,322	101,372	4,689	323,860
Fifth Tennessee	626,885	429,977				215,497	244,612	60,206	1,577,177
Third Texas						164,317	183,253		347,570
Fourth Texas	16,284	15,710				28,032	30,786	1,855	92,667
Second Virginia	555	33,648				622,382	710,795	366	1,367,746
Sixth Virginia	113,967	92,744				58,089	65,260	19,545	349,605
West Virginia	57,916	125,651				123,432	140,488	2,219	449,706
First Wisconsin	1,239,283	1,161,596		1,454		1,026,629	1,153,795		4,582,757
Second Wisconsin						20,442	26,028		46,470
Total	62,465,648	68,661,039	2,091,788	148,231	183,999	52,728,540	56,944,178	2,873,498	246,096,921

SPIRITS GAUGED IN 1897—Continued.

QUANTITIES, IN TAXABLE GALLONS, OF DISTILLED SPIRITS GAUGED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES.

States and Territories.	Distilled spirits other than fruit brandies—							Fruit brandies produced, and withdrawn from special bonded warehouses, tax-paid, and free of tax; also, that used for fortification of sweet wine.	Total gauged.
	Deposited in warehouse.	Withdrawn from warehouse—				Dumped for rectification.	Rectified.		
		On payment of the tax.	For export.	For scientific purposes and use of the United States.	For transfer to manufacturing warehouses.				
Alabama	89,227	59,577				134,083	164,250	773	447,910
Arizona								2,839	2,839
Arkansas	45,960	43,356						22,033	111,349
California	84,495	1,283,202	37,278	5,146	25,466	1,939,209	2,129,431	1,967,420	7,471,647
Colorado	179	74,612				51,746	58,851		185,388
Connecticut	153,070	123,438				389,844	433,465	19,181	1,118,998
Delaware									
Florida								235	235
Georgia	231,133	242,823				112,971	123,136	3,426	713,489
Idaho									
Illinois	22,670,940	24,090,850	299,414	94,758	123,042	5,402,769	5,885,926	84,579	58,652,278
Indiana	8,650,980	6,858,434	31,828	14,809	797	1,271,558	1,288,123	10,935	18,127,464
Iowa						65,916	74,247	304	140,467
Kansas	1,451	287						2,154	3,892
Kentucky	6,744,677	11,251,000	544,970	1,132	4,198	4,514,689	4,708,336	108,208	27,877,210
Louisiana	822,900	575,359	154,035	881		991,085	1,111,834	128	3,656,222
Maryland	1,479,722	3,167,795	1,427	4,260		4,272,220	4,480,752	48,492	13,454,668
Massachusetts	1,317,511	1,802,795	806,330		15,291	3,164,798	3,524,526	1,971	10,633,222
Michigan						227,924	260,421		488,345
Minnesota	1,363,086	1,354,498		1,316	6,275	473,161	499,637		3,697,973
Missouri	1,206,000	1,031,750		1,109		2,356,203	2,563,428	20,262	7,178,752
Montana						28,260	28,583		56,843
Nebraska	1,915,050	906,837		3,354		216,645	244,102	223	3,286,211
New Hampshire		11,580							11,580
New Jersey	459,685	459,308	23,609			222,241	241,618	79,435	1,485,896
New Mexico		511				5,685	7,419	373	13,988
New York	3,703,297	3,209,612	181,995	16,909		10,017,924	10,560,606	334,985	28,025,328
North Carolina	635,459	610,211				229,319	260,547	9,312	1,744,848
Ohio	7,488,710	6,503,317	4,536	3,103	7,771	7,134,516	8,676,438	46,708	29,865,099
Oregon		3,093				119,657	131,960	1,603	256,313
Pennsylvania	1,223,441	3,017,791	6,366		1,159	7,040,975	6,830,153	18,605	18,138,490
South Carolina	54,437	57,548						434	112,419

Tennessee	696,233	492,106				301,819	345,984	64,895	1,901,037
Texas	16,284	15,710				192,349	214,039	1,855	440,237
Utah									
Vermont									
Virginia	114,522	126,392				680,471	776,055	19,911	1,717,351
Washington									
West Virginia	57,916	125,651				123,432	140,488	2,219	449,706
Wisconsin	1,239,283	1,161,596		1,454		1,047,071	1,179,823		4,629,227
Total	62,465,648	68,661,039	2,091,788	148,231	183,999	52,728,540	56,944,178	2,873,498	246,096,921

FERMENTED LIQUORS.

PRODUCTION OF FERMENTED LIQUORS IN THE SEVERAL COLLECTION DISTRICTS OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Districts.	Barrels.	Districts.	Barrels.
Alabama	36,366	First New Jersey	73,836
Arkansas	.....	Fifth New Jersey	1,927,193
First California	626,421	New Mexico	3,891
Fourth California	130,287	First New York	2,450,481
Colorado	208,858	Second New York	436,282
Connecticut	571,306	Third New York	3,727,586
Florida	2,480	Fourteenth New York	1,233,350
Georgia	109,300	Twenty-first New York	442,762
First Illinois	2,867,524	Twenty-eighth New York	1,199,671
Fifth Illinois	102,516	Fourth North Carolina	.....
Eighth Illinois	128,000	Fifth North Carolina	.....
Thirteenth Illinois	146,856	First Ohio	1,286,670
Sixth Indiana	349,174	Tenth Ohio	408,272
Seventh Indiana	285,004	Eleventh Ohio	342,674
Third Iowa	60,285	Eighteenth Ohio	594,053
Fourth Iowa	81,868	Oregon	188,274
Kansas	6,255	First Pennsylvania	2,320,764
Second Kentucky	9,090	Ninth Pennsylvania	141,861
Fifth Kentucky	230,670	Twelfth Pennsylvania	537,611
Sixth Kentucky	129,100	Twenty-third Pennsylvania	902,044
Seventh Kentucky	.....	South Carolina	8,400
Eighth Kentucky	9,430	Second Tennessee	37,740
Louisiana	249,250	Fifth Tennessee	73,850
Maryland	916,130	Third Texas	206,692
Massachusetts	1,670,556	Fourth Texas	58,876
First Michigan	601,781	Second Virginia	48,660
Fourth Michigan	73,403	Sixth Virginia	53,594
Minnesota	492,814	West Virginia	123,125
First Missouri	2,052,521	First Wisconsin	2,351,256
Sixth Missouri	193,956	Second Wisconsin	310,783
Montana	132,610		
Nebraska	173,498	Total	34,423,094
New Hampshire	285,554		

PRODUCTION OF FERMENTED LIQUORS IN THE SEVERAL STATES AND TERRITORIES OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

States and Territories.	Barrels.	States and Territories.	Barrels.
Alabama	36,366	Montana	132,610
Arkansas	.....	Nebraska	173,498
California	756,708	New Hampshire	285,554
Colorado	208,858	New Jersey	2,001,029
Connecticut	571,306	New Mexico	3,891
Florida	2,480	New York	9,490,132
Georgia	109,300	North Carolina	.....
Illinois	3,244,896	Ohio	2,631,669
Indiana	634,178	Oregon	188,274
Iowa	142,153	Pennsylvania	3,902,280
Kansas	6,255	South Carolina	8,400
Kentucky	378,290	Tennessee	111,590
Louisiana	249,250	Texas	265,568
Maryland	916,130	Virginia	102,254
Massachusetts	1,670,556	West Virginia	123,125
Michigan	675,184	Wisconsin	2,662,019
Minnesota	492,814		
Missouri	2,246,477	Total	34,423,094

GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES.

In the annual report for the preceding fiscal year objection was made by my predecessor in office to the use of this class of warehouses for temporary occupancy by certain kinds of distilled spirits for which the warehouses served merely as distributing agencies, and not as a convenient place for permanent storage while the spirits aged and ripened.

Recommendation was therefore made that the statute in this regard be so amended as to limit the privilege of storage in these warehouses to such spirits as may be approved by this office, and that a charge be made for the general bonded-warehouse stamps and rewarehousing stamps which are affixed to packages of spirits upon transfer from a distillery warehouse to a general bonded warehouse, or from one general bonded warehouse to another, such as would defray the expense to which the Government is put for the supervision and control of these warehouses.

Concurring in this view of the question, I have pursued the policy of restricting the number of these warehouses, and have discouraged the removal thereto of other spirits than those which properly seek storage there for long terms in the due course of preparation for use as beverages.

I am satisfied that the expense of the care and official supervision of these warehouses should not be borne by the Government, but should fall wholly upon the parties benefited by their maintenance. The reimbursement of this expense can most easily and conveniently be made by a proper charge for the stamps above mentioned, and I recommend that legislation be had for this purpose.

Should this recommendation be adopted, and such charge be levied by means of the stamp as would fully reimburse the expenses necessarily incurred by the Government, it would greatly lessen the objection to the use of the warehouses by any class of spirits, inasmuch as every package would contribute its share to the discharge of the cost which its presence in the warehouse occasions, and no distinction between different kinds of spirits, in respect to the occupancy of these warehouses, would seem to be required.

DIVISION OF ASSESSMENTS.

The following statements relative to assessments, to spirits deposited in and withdrawn from distillery warehouses, general bonded warehouses and special bonded warehouses, the number and location of each of the special and general bonded warehouses, and the names of the proprietors thereof; to the stock of spirits in the United States October 1, 1897; to the exportation of spirits, fermented liquors, tobacco, snuff, cigars and cigarettes, and playing cards in bond; to the exportation of tobacco, cigars, fermented liquors, and stills, with benefit of drawback; to the use of grape brandy, tax free, in fortifying wines, are prepared from reports in the division of assessments.

The statements relative to assessments are to be found on this page and the page following; statements relative to operations in distillery warehouses commence on page 488 (see also special index on pages 486 and 487); to operations in general bonded warehouses, on page 548, and in special bonded warehouses on page 568; to exportations in bond free of tax from special bonded warehouses, on page 572; as to tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes, on page 578; as to playing cards, on page 579; to exportations with benefit of drawback, on page 579, and to the use of brandy in fortifying wines, on page 577.

ASSESSMENTS.

1. By States and Territories, 1897.

The following statement shows the amount of assessments in each of the several States and Territories of the United States, except where two or more are comprised in one district, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897:

States and Territories.	Amount.	States and Territories.	Amount.
Alabama	$6,661.56	Montana, Idaho, and Utah	$4,265.77
Arkansas	10,119.33	Nebraska, North and South Dakota	4,853.99
California and Nevada	23,583.52	New Hampshire, Maine, and Vermont	4,821.81
Colorado and Wyoming	2,657.63	New Jersey	18,510.92
Connecticut and Rhode Island	3,224.03	New Mexico and Arizona	2,148.72
Florida	1,906.33	New York	60,713.30
Georgia	12,688.95	North Carolina	299,797.83
Illinois	27,296.97	Ohio	7,397.04
Indiana	5,680.51	Oregon, Washington, and Alaska	4,523.69
Iowa	8,981.28	Pennsylvania	63,157.91
Kansas, Indian Territory, and Oklahoma	4,236.63	South Carolina	6,700.01
Kentucky	79,586.02	Tennessee	47,010.67
Louisiana and Mississippi	9,078.41	Texas	6,808.80
Maryland, Delaware, and District of Columbia	5,922.12	Virginia	95,245.49
Massachusetts	8,445.89	West Virginia	4,505.86
Michigan	4,899.79	Wisconsin	9,143.32
Minnesota	9,048.58	Total	878,855.37
Missouri	15,232.69		

2. By Articles and Occupations, 1896 and 1897.

The following table shows the assessments made by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue during the fiscal years ended June 30, 1896, and June 30, 1897, respectively, and the increase or decrease on each article or occupation:

Description of tax by article or occupation.	Assessed during fiscal year ended—		Fiscal year ended June 30, 1896.	
	June 30, 1896.	June 30, 1897.	Increase over 1896.	Decrease from 1896.
Tax on deficiencies in production of distilled spirits	$75,091.39	$59,321.97	.....	$15,769.42
Tax on excess of materials used in the production of distilled spirits	5,363.50	4,309.56	.....	1,053.94
Tax on circulation of banks and others	1,888.08	.....	.....	1,888.08
Tax on distilled spirits fraudulently removed or seized; also taxes overdue	2,163,282.50	500,561.61	.....	1,662,720.89
Tax on fermented liquors removed from brewery unstamped	19,120.43	14,215.79	.....	4,904.64
Tax on tobacco, snuff, and cigars removed from factory unstamped	9,620.37	9,043.79	.....	576.58
Tax on oleomargarine sold without payment of tax	835.26	30.90	.....	804.36
Assessed penalties	94,464.29	91,204.77	.....	3,259.52
Tax on filled cheese	.....	25.05	$25.05	.....
Tax on playing cards	2,687.02	.44	.....	2,686.58
Unassessed and unassessable penalties, interest, deficiencies in bonded accounts which have been collected, taxes previously abated, conscience money; also fines, penalties, and forfeitures, and costs paid to collectors by order of court or by order of Secretary, and unassessable taxes recovered; also amount of penalties and interest received for validating unstamped instruments (Form 58)	183,861.59	133,993.19	.....	49,868.40
Special taxes (licenses)	65,928.40	66,148.30	219.90	.....
Total	2,622,142.83	878,855.37	244.95	1,743,532.41

Taxes on deficiencies in the production of distilled spirits and on excess of materials used by distillers abated before assessment during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, are as follows:

Ninety-one claims received from grain distillers, amount of tax abated—	
On excess of material used	$5,358.48
On deficiencies in production of distilled spirits	36,066.25
Total	41,424.73
Claims received from fruit distillers, amount of tax abated—	
On deficiencies in production of distilled spirits	521.55
Total grain and fruit	41,946.28

STATEMENT AS TO STAMP TAXES ASSESSED.

All taxes payable by stamps not paid at the time and in the manner required by law have been assessed and accounted for separately from those not payable by stamps. The amount of stamp taxes so assessed and accounted for is as follows:

Balance as per last report	$144,652.68
Amount assessed, including stamp-tax spirits, special taxes, oleomargarine, and playing cards, during year ended June 30, 1897	270,045.49
Total	414,698.17
Amount collected during year	250,689.66
Amount abated during year	64,656.60
Balance on hand June 30, 1897	99,351.91
Total	414,698.17

DETAILS OF OPERATIONS IN DISTILLERY, GENERAL AND SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES, ETC.

The following tables furnish detailed statements, in taxable gallons, as to operations in distillery, general and special bonded warehouses during the year and the months of July, August, and September, 1897, also as to spirits in the hands of wholesale liquor dealers and rectifiers, etc., viz:

A.—Distillery Warehouses.

I. Spirits in warehouses July 1, 1896:
   1. By districts and months of production, pages 490 to 499.
   2. By districts and kinds known to the trade, pages 488 and 489.
      Note.—For statement of spirits in warehouses at commencement of previous fiscal years, see pages 547 and 566.

II. Spirits produced and deposited in distillery warehouses:
   1. By kinds known to the trade during the fiscal year 1896, and by districts and kinds during the fiscal year 1897, pages 500 and 501.
   2. In aggregate during the years 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, and 1897, page 566.
   3. By kinds, including fruit brandy, in aggregate during past twenty years, page 503.

III. Spirits withdrawn from warehouses:
   1. Tax-paid by different kinds, fiscal year 1896, and by districts and kinds during fiscal year 1897, pages 504 and 505.
   2. Tax-paid in aggregate, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, and 1897, page 566.
   3. For export by districts and kinds during fiscal year 1896, page 517.
   4. For export by districts and kinds during fiscal year 1897, page 518.
   5. For export by domestic and foreign ports and kinds in 1896, pages 520 to 523.
   6. For export by domestic and foreign ports and kinds in 1897, pages 523 to 527.
   7. For export in aggregate by years during the past twenty-five years, page 528.
   8. For scientific purposes and use of the United States by kinds in 1896 and by districts and kinds in 1897, page 528.
   9. For manufacturing warehouses by districts and kinds, year 1897, and in aggregate for 1896, page 529.
   10. Lost by leakage in 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, and 1896, also by districts and kinds in 1897, pages 514, 515, and 516.
   11. Loss by casualty, etc., in 1896, also by districts and kinds in 1897, also by calendar years, 1872 to 1896, inclusive, pages 530 and 531.
   12. Losses and withdrawals not tax-paid or for export, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, and 1897, page 566.

IV. Spirits in warehouse June 30, 1897:
   1. By districts and months of production, pages 535 to 546, inclusive.
   2. By districts and kinds known to the trade, pages 533 and 534.

V. Summary of operations at distillery warehouses and general bonded warehouses for the fiscal year 1897, page 567. See also pages 547 and 565.
   Note.—For statement as to balances in warehouses at close of each of past twenty-nine fiscal years, see page 586.

VI. Operations at distillery warehouses during July, August, and September, 1896 and 1897:
   1. Spirits produced in July, August, and September, 1895 and 1896, by months, and in same months in 1897, by months and States, page 582.
   2. Spirits withdrawn tax-paid in July, August, and September, 1895 and 1896, by months, and in same months in 1897, by months and States, page 582.
   3. Spirits withdrawn for export in July, August, and September, 1897, page 583.
   4. Spirits withdrawn for export in July, August, and September, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, and 1897, page 583.
   5. Spirits in warehouse October 1, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, and 1897, page 587.

VII. Spirits in hands of wholesale liquor dealers and rectifiers:
   1. Quantity in aggregate, by districts, held October 1, 1896, page 584.
   2. Quantity, by districts and kinds, held October 1, 1897, pages 584 and 585.

VIII. Quantity of spirits in the United States October 1, 1897, page 587.

B.—General Bonded Warehouses.

I. Spirits in general bonded warehouses July 1, 1896:
   1. By districts and kinds known to the trade, page 548.
   2. By districts and months of production, page 549 to 555.

II. Spirits deposited in general bonded warehouses:
1. By kinds known to the trade during fiscal year 1896, page 556.
2. By districts and kinds known to the trade during fiscal year 1897, page 556.
III. Spirits withdrawn from general bonded warehouses:
1. Tax-paid by kinds during the fiscal year 1896 and by districts and kinds during the fiscal year 1897, page 556.
2. For scientific purposes during fiscal year 1897, page 557.
3. For export by kinds during fiscal year 1896 and by districts and kinds during fiscal year 1897, page 557.
4. For export by domestic and foreign ports in fiscal year 1897, page 558.
5. Lost by leakage by kinds in 1896 and by districts and kinds for fiscal year 1897, page 557.
6. Lost by casualty during the fiscal year 1897, page 559.
IV. Spirits in warehouses June 30, 1897:
1. By kinds in 1896 and by districts and kinds in 1897, page 559.
2. By warehouses in the United States, page 559.
3. By districts and months of production, pages 560 to 564.
V. Operations at distillery and general bonded warehouses during the year, page 567.

C.—SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES.

I. Spirits in warehouses July 1, 1896, by districts and kinds, page 568.
II. Spirits produced and deposited in special bonded warehouses during the year 1897, pages 568 to 570.
III. Spirits withdrawn from special bonded warehouses during 1897:
1. Tax-paid by districts and kinds, page 571.
2. For export by districts and kinds during the year 1897, page 572.
3. For export by foreign and domestic ports during the year 1897, page 572.
4. For scientific purposes during the year 1897, page 576.
5. For deposit in other special bonded warehouses during the year 1897, page 573.
6. For the fortification of sweet wines during the year 1897, page 576.
7. For transfer to manufacturing warehouses during the year 1897, page 576.
IV. Remaining in special bonded warehouses:
1. By districts and kinds on June 30, 1897, page 574.
2. By special bonded warehouses, pages 575 and 576.
V. Summary of operations at special bonded warehouses during fiscal year 1897, page 574.

DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPIRITS IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES JULY 1, 1896.

QUANTITY, IN TAXABLE GALLONS, OF SPIRITS, AS KNOWN TO THE TRADE, REMAINING IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES JULY 1, 1896.

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.	High wines.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Aggregate.	Specific kinds of spirits reported in miscellaneous column.
Alabama								23,010.6	23,010.6	Corn whisky.
Arkansas	5,496.1	452.4						97,943.4	103,891.9	Do.
First California	704.1	6,584.4	7,120.9		700.9		5,943.7	26,888.3	47,942.3	Spirits.
Fourth California								2,436.5	2,436.5	Malt whisky.
Colorado		382.3						431.8	814.1	Corn whisky.
Connecticut					77,584.3				77,584.3	
Georgia		615.8						84,733.6	85,349.4	Do.
First Illinois	1,337.9	52,756.8	2,594		55,043.4			878,471.7	990,203.8	Whisky and spirits.
Fifth Illinois		442,775.1	1,073,142.5		16,617.8		7,927,510.9	961,146.1	10,421,192.4	Whisky.
Eighth Illinois	919.4	11,935.4	49,920.1		1,192.6	388.7	607,384.6	482,564.8	1,154,305.6	Spirits, corn in excess.
Thirteenth Illinois	34,186.6	1,449.1	3,430.4				3,985.9	5,634.3	48,686.3	Whisky.
Sixth Indiana	167,420.1	92,159.9	601.8		4,113.3	2,033.9	6,531.7	1,679,797.2	1,952,657.9	Whisky, malt and potato.
Seventh Indiana	22,427.1	1,486.6	42,918.5					121,415	188,247.2	Whisky and spirits.
Kansas	358.9							102.5	461.4	Wheat whisky.
Second Kentucky	6,695,026.7	52,471.5	3,790.6		5,782		71,381		6,828,451.8	
Fifth Kentucky	35,403,289.8	3,058,721.6						87,973.1	38,549,984.5	Malt.
Sixth Kentucky	7,005,353.9	2,018,056.8	7,270	85,827.6	24,313.9		2,483.3	3,146,039	12,289,344.5	Whisky.
Seventh Kentucky	12,656,336.7	1,810,122.2	2,189.8					29,457.9	14,498,106.6	Malt and wheat whisky.
Eighth Kentucky	14,830,064.5	847,182.5						4,391.9	15,681,638.9	Do.
Louisiana			14,698		2,045.8		75,800.3	4,050.9	96,595	Whisky.
Maryland		9,372,911.5	7,638.4		1,541.1		118,358.7	64,805.3	9,565,255	Corn whisky.
Third Massachusetts				794,838.6	43,902.2				838,740.8	
Minnesota	19,875.3	9,784.4	195,632.9					377,248.4	602,541	Whisky and spirits.
First Missouri	255,473.6	35,795.5	24,243.9				187,206.5	29,122.2	531,841.7	Whisky and white corn whisky.
Sixth Missouri	251,941.8	11,992.4							263,934.2	
Nebraska	23,777.5	24,011.4	21,180.2				30,615.3	12,088.3	111,672.7	Whisky.
New Hampshire				34,375.5					34,375.5	
Fifth New Jersey		574,744.4	3,559.5		1,887.4		1,851.6		582,042.9	
New Mexico	1,469.5								1,469.5	
First New York			19,361.7	1,994.2	9,998.9		25,250.7	13,702.1	70,307.6	Do.
Fourteenth New York		254.3							254.3	
Twenty-eighth New York	77,448.7	104,518.7	788.3		31,781.4		3,916.5	6,024.6	224,478.2	Malt whisky.
Fourth North Carolina		456.2						42,143.8	42,600	Corn whisky.
Fifth North Carolina		342.7						119,772.2	120,114.9	Do.
First Ohio	986,503.8	1,587,848.3	9,391.1		2,823.8			1,213,737.9	3,800,304.9	Whisky, corn and malt, and spirits.
Tenth Ohio	147,462.9	26,674.3							174,137.2	
Eleventh Ohio	55,845	41,471.6	7,097.1		3,092.5		42,275.8	121,099.3	270,881.3	Whisky, corn, and malt wheat.
Eighteenth Ohio	8,862.9	141,560.8						6,078	156,501.7	Whisky, malt and wheat.

Oregon	26,670.5	2,488.4	502.4				888	3,615.7	34,165	Wheat whisky.
First Pennsylvania	139.5	2,488,349.3						21,822.7	2,510,311.5	Wheat whisky and rye malt.
Ninth Pennsylvania		1,422,308.9			571.4			3,422.7	1,426,303	Wheat whisky and malt whisky.
Twelfth Pennsylvania		157,311.2						11,341.9	168,653.1	Wheat whisky.
Twenty-third Pennsylvania		21,183,967.8	12,207.6		938.4			218,829.9	21,415,943.7	Whisky, wheat and malt.
South Carolina								9,577.2	9,577.2	Corn whisky.
Second Tennessee								27,143.6	27,143.6	Do.
Fifth Tennessee	819.5	11,877.9						1,272,304.9	1,285,002.3	Do.
Fourth Texas		1,786.8						27,185.1	28,971.9	Do.
Second Virginia		779.5						1,093.6	1,873.1	Do.
Sixth Virginia		286,283.8			617.6			23,973.5	310,874.9	Corn and wheat whisky.
West Virginia	19,452	1,034,132.1						32,384.5	1,085,968.6	Rye malt.
First Wisconsin	243,326	157,340.4	45,292.8		22,397.2	97.6	2,956.2	118,564.6	589,974.8	Whisky.
Total	78,941,990.3	47,076,145	1,554,572.5	917,035.9	306,945.9	2,520.2	9,114,340.7	11,413,570.6	149,327,121.1	
Remaining in warehouse July 1, 1895.	74,711,122.7	43,642,720.3	1,846,568	840,554.8	299,632.4	34,822.3	4,560,827.1	10,466,304.5	136,402,552.1	

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JULY 1, 1896.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Prior to Aug., 1891.	Aug., 1891.	Sept., 1891.	Oct., 1891.	Nov., 1891.	Dec., 1891.	Jan., 1892.
Alabama							
Arkansas							
First California							
Fourth California							
Colorado							
Connecticut							48.4
Georgia						328.8	493.8
First Illinois						1,247.8	1,752.4
Fifth Illinois			4,432.9	21,774.5	5,111	46,943.2	47,350.5
Eighth Illinois							
Thirteenth Illinois							
Sixth Indiana				4,992.6	2,985.6	470	408.6
Seventh Indiana							
Kansas							
Second Kentucky				710.5	11,672.9	66,167.1	170,572
Fifth Kentucky					93,035.5	285,408.7	358,864
Sixth Kentucky					14,549	28,937.6	63,240.3
Seventh Kentucky					11,545.9	92,196.7	236,748.9
Eighth Kentucky	97.8		50		2,248.9	179,656.7	371,496.3
Louisiana							
Maryland			4,951.9	38,548.7	63,045	76,951.1	89,414.6
Third Massachusetts							89.8
Minnesota							
First Missouri							46.9
Sixth Missouri				48.9	475.5	235.5	1,746.9
Nebraska						4,970.6	1,926.3
New Hampshire							
Fifth New Jersey		124.2	2,774			1,073	1,293
New Mexico							
First New York							
Fourteenth New York							
Twenty-eighth N. Y.						1,323.1	1,635.2
Fourth North Carolina							
Fifth North Carolina							
First Ohio					833.2	25,950.7	13,856.7
Tenth Ohio							
Eleventh Ohio					141	92.5	
Eighteenth Ohio					91.5	46	45.5
Oregon						3,128.6	1,618.3
First Pennsylvania		17,535	11,779.4	12,916.5	4,994.5	14,602	3,167.6
Ninth Pennsylvania			184.1	1,239.1	9,088.8	11,616	22,655.9
Twelfth Pennsylvania			45.4			283.8	
Twenty-third Pa.		26,388.8	53,816.3	109,959.8	127,687.4	203,179.7	211,996.4
South Carolina							
Second Tennessee							
Fifth Tennessee		2,892.6	435.1	3,407.7		27,297.8	5,516
Fourth Texas							
Second Virginia							
Sixth Virginia					312	1,531.3	177
West Virginia			8,227	13,723.6	21,286.2	17,907.4	20,301.2
First Wisconsin						1,335.5	
Total by months	97.8	46,940.6	86,696.1	207,321.9	369,103.9	1,092,881.2	1,626,462.5

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia						328.8	542.2
Illinois			4,432.9	21,774.5	5,111	48,191	49,102.9
Indiana and Kansas				4,992.6	2,985.6	470	408.6
Kentucky	97.8		50	710.5	133,052.2	652,366.8	1,200,921.5
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota			4,951.9	38,548.7	63,045	76,951.1	89,504.4
Missouri				48.9	475.5	235.5	1,793.8
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico		124.2	2,774			6,043.6	3,219.3
New York						1,323.1	1,635.2
North Carolina							
Ohio and Oregon					1,065.7	29,217.8	15,520.5
Pennsylvania		43,923.8	65,825.2	124,115.4	141,770.7	229,681.5	237,819.9
South Carolina and Tennessee		2,892.6	435.1	3,407.7		27,297.8	5,516
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin			8,227	13,723.6	21,598.2	20,774.2	20,478.2
Total by months	97.8	46,940.6	86,696.1	207,321.9	369,103.9	1,092,881.2	1,626,462.5

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JULY 1, 1896—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Feb., 1892.	Mar., 1892.	Apr., 1892.	May, 1892.	June, 1892.	July, 1892.
Alabama				136.1	44.4	
Arkansas		141.8				
First California						
Fourth California		152.6	1,403.6	93.4		
Colorada						
Connecticut						
Georgia	573.4	285.4	472.6	661.8	371	375.3
First Illinois	598.1	1,790.6		6,128.7	249.6	
Fifth Illinois	8,143.3					1,642.3
Eighth Illinois				790.9	651.8	
Thirteenth Illinois						
Sixth Indiana	1,067.6	1,962.6	16,234.5	29,060.9	63,542.5	5,969.9
Seventh Indiana			92.8	89.7	44.4	
Kansas						
Second Kentucky	254,830.1	266.908	233,784.2	221,506.2	61,573.4	4,353.3
Fifth Kentucky	646,035.8	921,792.5	983,363.5	1,120,700.6	525,754.7	179,497.1
Sixth Kentucky	116,381.2	183,319.3	199,880.2	250,913.3	152,867.8	3,948.9
Seventh Kentucky	417,351.2	570,458.3	633,464.2	529,911.2	395,924.5	55,061.4
Eighth Kentucky	509,494.2	673,350.6	643,196.8	630,360.2	342,829.8	40,804.2
Louisiana						
Maryland	99,103.1	100,118.2	133,540.1	157,755.7	115,651.6	16,645.5
Third Massachusetts	411.6	1,004	4,708.4	1,116.6	4,382.2	4,327
Minnesota						
First Missouri			329.5	888	144.7	
Sixth Missouri	87.3	93.8	5,057.7	6,059.8	1,407	1,523.3
Nebraska	1,528.2	5,153.9	9,528			
New Hampshire				770.3		
Fifth New Jersey	3,301.8	4,184.8	9,614.8	344.4	4,710.3	9,814.7
New Mexico						
First New York						
Fourteenth New York						
Twenty-eighth New York	852.6	457	3,027.2	1,365.8	7,279	1,451.2
Fourth North Carolina		47			52.6	
Fifth North Carolina		46		137.1	180.7	90.5
First Ohio	27,909.8	40,401.2	34,714.9	35,207.8	19,430.4	18,053.3
Tenth Ohio						
Eleventh Ohio			242.5	148.1	11,499.4	
Eighteenth Ohio	92	1,048.6		105.2	597.3	3,408.5
Oregon		3,540.6	5,079.7	715.5	595.1	431.1
First Pennsylvania	13,745.4	41,836.6	37,794.9	43,385.8	24,957.4	22,715.3
Ninth Pennsylvania	4,457.2	5,275.4	5,536.6	5,798.4	873.1	1,870.3
Twelfth Pennsylvania	604.6			138.1	943.3	46.3
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	221,930.2	331,849.1	380,014.8	406,741.8	276,817.2	165,781.8
South Carolina	88	50	96	36		
Second Tennessee	48					
Fifth Tennessee	10,789.9	35,541.6	21,724.1	32,473.6	12,782	2,069.1
Fourth Texas						
Second Virginia						
Sixth Virginia	426	724.5	899.5	1,219.7	379.1	386.3
West Virginia	14,862.1	16,193.6	11,635.7	14,771.6	26,091.2	
First Wisconsin		641.7		231.2		
Total by months	2,354,712.7	3,208,369.3	3,375,436.8	3,499,763.5	2,052,627.5	540,266.6

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	573.4	579.8	1,876.2	891.3	415.4	375.3
Illinois	8,741.4	1,790.6		6,919.6	901.4	1,642.3
Indiana and Kansas	1,067.6	1,962.6	16,327.3	29,150.6	63,586.9	5,969.9
Kentucky	1,944,092.5	2,615,828.7	2,693,688.9	2,753,391.5	1,478,950.2	283,664.9
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	99,514.7	101,122.2	138,248.5	158,872.3	120,033.8	20,972.5
Missouri	87.3	93.8	5,387.2	6,947.8	1,551.7	1,523.3
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	4,830	9,338.7	19,142.8	1,114.7	4,710.3	9,814.7
New York	852.6	457	3,027.2	1,365.8	7,279	1,451.2
North Carolina		93		137.1	233.3	90.5
Ohio and Oregon	28,001.8	44,990.4	40,037.1	36,176.6	32,122.2	21,892.9
Pennsylvania	240,737.4	378,961.1	423,346.3	456,064.1	303,591	190,413.7
South Carolina and Tennessee	10,925.9	35,591.6	21,820.1	32,509.6	12,782	2,069.1
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin	15,288.1	17,559.8	12,535.2	16,222.5	26,470.3	386.3
Total by months	2,354,712.7	3,208,369.3	3,375,436.8	3,499,763.5	2,052,627.5	540,266.6

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JULY 1, 1896—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Aug., 1892.	Sept., 1892.	Oct., 1892.	Nov., 1892.	Dec., 1892.	Jan., 1893.
Alabama						45.4
Arkansas						106.5
First California						
Fourth California						
Colorado						
Connecticut						
Georgia	373.2	282.1	317.4	182.7	538.4	137.4
First Illinois				5,502.6	33,443.2	6,862.4
Fifth Illinois			216.3	21,692.8	36,280.7	51,970.7
Eighth Illinois						3,075.6
Thirteenth Illinois						
Sixth Indiana	2,738.3	2,913.1	15,075.6	17,327.5	29,612.5	29,259.6
Seventh Indiana						
Kansas						
Second Kentucky	37.1	431.5	11,228.9	41,362.6	89,501.8	233,637.8
Fifth Kentucky	57,809.4	22,356.8	140,517.2	382,582.6	949,765.5	1,158,856.7
Sixth Kentucky			29,181.2	145,328.3	250,414	325,290.8
Seventh Kentucky	33,753.1		29,595.2	147,944.2	503,971.1	805,097.8
Eighth Kentucky	15,879.9	12,071.5	55,252.4	305,155.6	648,600.4	857,877.9
Louisiana						
Maryland	94.9	43,055.1	150,352.2	226,110.5	265,923.9	289,062.9
Third Massachusetts	727.3	4,539.1	8,453.9	5,205.1	16,591.7	6,211.9
Minnesota						
First Missouri			1,163.1	21,018.9		
Sixth Missouri					1,385.4	2,070.8
Nebraska						
New Hampshire				1,653.9	551	
Fifth New Jersey	5,189.7	5,073.8		1,075.3	128.3	2,976.3
New Mexico						
First New York			183.8		1,766.3	
Fourteenth New York						
Twenty-eighth New York	219.6	447.3	2,200.6	4,003.9	1,415.6	357.2
Fourth North Carolina				54.5		168.9
Fifth North Carolina	99.1	91.9	188.6	92.3	139.6	191.4
First Ohio	4,034.6	12,278.2	17,702.4	97,675.7	61,731.5	54,357
Tenth Ohio						
Eleventh Ohio	45.5	275.3	441.1	953	628.7	1,911.2
Eighteenth Ohio	1,122.4	185.1	1,147.5	532.2	1,252.7	2,426.9
Oregon	142.9	94.3		763.3	1,380.1	4,782.9
First Pennsylvania	24,613.8	31,415.4	32,691.5	37,937.3	48,816.7	50,509.8
Ninth Pennsylvania		2,492.2	3,497.8	7,254	9,377.2	17,672.7
Twelfth Pennsylvania	1,298.6	1,327.8	178.8	1,936.1	1,597.1	963.2
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	52,539	308,391.4	480,404.6	601,442	709,837.3	670,024
South Carolina						
Second Tennessee						95.2
Fifth Tennessee		51	2,282.1	15,709.1	32,629.6	6,572.4
Fourth Texas					84.1	
Second Virginia						
Sixth Virginia	45.8	531.5	1,563.5	4,138.7	5,865.2	6,394.4
West Virginia		25,499.6	38,745.7	35,436.5	38,962.2	44,992.6
First Wisconsin		141.5	89.9		213.4	645.8
Total by months	200,764.2	473,945.5	1,022,671.3	2,130,071.2	3,742,405.2	4,634,606.1

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	373.2	282.1	317.4	182.7	538.4	289.3
Illinois			216.3	27,195.4	69,723.9	61,908.7
Indiana and Kansas	2,738.3	2,913.1	15,075.6	17,327.5	29,612.5	29,259.6
Kentucky	107,479.5	34,859.8	265,774.9	1,022,373.3	2,442,252.8	3,380,761
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	822.2	47,594.2	158,806.1	231,315.6	282,515.6	295,274.8
Missouri			1,163.1	21,018.9	1,385.4	2,070.8
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	5,189.7	5,073.8		2,729.2	679.3	2,976.3
New York	219.6	447.3	2,384.4	4,003.9	3,181.9	357.2
North Carolina	99.1	91.9	188.6	146.8	139.6	360.3
Ohio and Oregon	5,345.4	12,832.9	19,291	99,924.2	64,993	63,478
Pennsylvania	78,451.4	343,626.8	516,772.7	648,569.4	769,628.3	739,169.7
South Carolina and Tennessee		51	2,282.1	15,709.1	32,629.6	6,667.6
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin	45.8	26,172.6	40,399.1	39,575.2	45,124.9	52,032.8
Total by months	200,764.2	473,945.5	1,022,671.3	2,130,071.2	3,742,405.2	4,634,606.1

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JULY 1, 1896—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Feb., 1893.	Mar., 1893.	Apr., 1893.	May, 1893.	June, 1893.	July, 1893.
Alabama						
Arkansas	45.3		594.9	185.8	1,411.4	1,241.4
First California						
Fourth California						
Colorado						
Connecticut		88.8				
Georgia	327.5	676.5	471.5	554.2	515.9	274
First Illinois	2,959.8	7,140	6,499.2	2,356.8		
Fifth Illinois	32,065.9	35,245.9	4,899.4	1,949.9	88.7	
Eighth Illinois	3,141.1	3,686	3,557.4	2,019.2		
Thirteenth Illinois	2,657.3			5,520.9		
Sixth Indiana	13,442.6	15,355.6	11,881	27,920.3	17,050.7	3,156.9
Seventh Indiana		225.4	135.2	224.4		
Kansas						
Second Kentucky	290,737.6	384,959.4	398,746.1	362,448.3	58,899.9	5,017.7
Fifth Kentucky	1,331,934.2	1,799,979.4	1,727,681.5	1,913,731.3	618,729.3	41,691
Sixth Kentucky	410,201.4	451,061.8	467,026.3	535,714.6	289,832.9	
Seventh Kentucky	815,492.6	890,564.3	849,285	750,665.1	165,576.4	28,303.1
Eighth Kentucky	892,123.8	979,467.4	894,176.5	773,605.9	246,779.1	6,370.2
Louisiana						
Maryland	288,202.5	319,703.9	301,814.2	316,611.6	153,365.5	4,476.9
Third Massachusetts	6,231.8	3,590.4	3,895.3	185.5	138.8	1,356.8
Minnesota						
First Missouri	136.5	606.1	2,002.6	3,389.9	3,685.8	1,764.2
Sixth Missouri	4,576.2	3,246.6	8,193.4	19,429.2	8,723.8	
Nebraska						
New Hampshire	989.1	544.2	458.3	677.1	1,704.6	
Fifth New Jersey	6,049.7	12,596.3	8,534	4,769.7	1,702.7	5,065
New Mexico						
First New York						
Fourteenth New York						
Twenty-eighth New York		133.1	1,314	3,057.3		821.8
Fourth North Carolina	88.8			44.3	110.7	180.9
Fifth North Caroline	484.2	443.4	657	457.9	387.2	312.9
First Ohio	64,005.2	85,545.7	95,320.7	105,666.1	39,161.1	
Tenth Ohio						
Eleventh Ohio	3,175.8	1,480.9	162.2	3,580.5	2,978.7	143 6
Eighteenth Ohio	3,356.3	1,154.1	1,635.9	3,837.3	2,654.6	171.8
Oregon	5,083.5	1,816				
First Pennsylvania	53,047.5	49,493.5	53,006	53,675.4	51,131	45,674.9
Ninth Pennsylvania	37,502	53,492.5	38,747.4	36,077.7	15,190.8	6,863.9
Twelfth Pennsylvania	1,533.2	919.4	763	1,559.9	2,128.2	1,983.5
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	641,583.1	769,030.9	727,830.7	718,641.2	489,824.7	147,014.7
South Carolina	718.4		142.5	230.5	199.2	
Second Tennessee	34.5	46.6	325	44.6		
Fifth Tennessee	10,636.1	26,805.2	47,303.1	47,223.8	5,920.8	4,580.1
Fourth Texas	93.8	236.8	317.5	246.4		
Second Virginia						
Sixth Virginia	6,709.4	18,916.5	21,873.7	17,833.5	921.9	640.8
West Virginia	47,458.9	55,440	48,773.4	39,733.9	25,386.7	
First Wisconsin	1,715	4,860.2	4,848.7	3,831.5	4,029.9	
Total by months	4,978,540.6	5,978,552.8	5,732,872.6	5,757,701.5	2,208,231	307,106.1

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	372.8	765.3	1,066.4	740	1,927.3	1,515.4
Illinois	40,824.1	46,071.9	14,956	11,846.8	88.7	
Indiana and Kansas	13,442.6	15,581	12,016.2	28,144.7	17,050.7	3,156.9
Kentucky	3,740,489.6	4,506,032.3	4,336,915.4	4,336,165.2	1,379,817.6	81,382
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	294,434.3	323,294.3	305,709.5	316,797.1	153,504.3	5,833.7
Missouri	4,712.7	3,852.7	10,196	22,819.1	12,409.6	1,764.2
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	7,038.8	13,140.5	8,992.3	5,446.8	3,407.3	5,065
New York		133.1	1,314	3,057.3		821.8
North Carolina	573	443.4	657	502.2	497.9	493.8
Ohio and Oregon	75,620.8	89,996.7	97,118.8	113,083.9	44,794.4	315.4
Pennsylvania	733,665.8	872,936.3	820,347.1	809,954.2	558,274.7	201,537
South Carolina and Tennessee	11,389	26,851.8	47,770.6	47,498.9	6,120	4,580.1
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin	55,977.1	79,453.5	75,813.3	61,645.3	30,338.5	640.8
Total by months	4,978,540.6	5,978,552.8	5,732,872.6	5,757,701.5	2,208,231	307,106.1

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JULY 1, 1896—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Aug., 1893.	Sept., 1893.	Oct., 1893.	Nov., 1893.	Dec., 1893.	Jan., 1894
Alabama						
Arkansas	183.7	660	551.5	784.5	1,724.4	2,164.1
First California						
Fourth California						
Colorado						
Connecticut						
Georgia	546.9	91.8		21.5		167.2
First Illinois				1,117.7	26,893	14,874.5
Fifth Illinois			978.5	44,107.9		
Eighth Illinois			47.5	45.8	48.3	
Thirteenth Illinois	1,147.3					
Sixth Indiana			23,337.5	18,490	1,532.7	229.4
Seventh Indiana			133.3			224.7
Kansas						
Second Kentucky	884	747.4	43.9	402.6	12,784.8	38,119.6
Fifth Kentucky	13,029.6			48,067.2	380,220.8	787,277.7
Sixth Kentucky		45.9		12,592.5	111,321.7	247,202.1
Seventh Kentucky	2,406.6		10,161.1	45,013.3	131,696.1	184,031.6
Eighth Kentucky		207.4	22.8	22,318.5	45,246.1	201,542.6
Louisiana						
Maryland	4,192.6	75,292.2	79,783	125,184.9	230,190.7	242,901
Third Massachusetts		4,752.6	358.1	1,039.9	4,854.6	1,641.3
Minnesota			798.3	6,579	10,002.3	6,152
First Missouri		244.3	637.9	1,407.2	2,974.6	2,257
Sixth Missouri		44.8	705	896	758.3	98.2
Nebraska						2,796.3
New Hampshire				1,597.1	455.4	269.2
Fifth New Jersey	13,196.4	5,210	3,981.5	5,768.8	5,932.4	8,577.3
New Mexico						
First New York						
Fourteenth New York						
Twenty-eighth New York					4,126.9	6,189.6
Fourth North Carolina		45.9		86.6	92	
Fifth North Carolina	315.5	246.6	273.8	273.4	355.1	235.6
First Ohio			5,658.6	20,968.3	28,951.1	22,737
Tenth Ohio						
Eleventh Ohio	40	306.7	628.7	2,048.6	2,166.8	2,504.3
Eighteenth Ohio	113	88.8	95.7	144.3	2,175.7	8,083
Oregon	434.9	508.6	861.5	610.4		
First Pennsylvania	42,851.7	42,074.1	46,535.6	52,923.2	64,255.9	44,188.1
Ninth Pennsylvania	2,826.8	2,468	4,301	7,354.8	14,284	18,508.7
Twelfth Pennsylvania	252.1	1,187.9	3,526.4	3,145.7	3,941.3	1,732.4
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	88,019	133,851.9	219,802.9	355,691.7	400,733.4	466,630.9
South Carolina				42	90	44.8
Second Tennessee	79.6		15.6	92.6	89.9	45.4
Fifth Tennessee	8,899.7	13,358.9	14,057.7	11,418.4	11,096.2	9,413.4
Fourth Texas			740.7	511.7	316	140
Second Virginia		140.6			89.3	91.4
Sixth Virginia	238.4	266.6	535	2,533.9	4,627.2	5,548.4
West Virginia		29,160.8	31,357.8	28,974.1	20,832.8	15,861.1
First Wisconsin	316.4	21	864.7	1,543.7	3,137.7	91.3
Total by months	179,974.2	311,022.8	450,795.6	823,797.8	1,527,997.5	2,342,571.2

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	730.6	751.8	551.5	806	1,724.4	2,331.3
Illinois	1,147.3		1,026	45,271.4	26,941.3	14,874.5
Indiana and Kansas			23,470.8	18,490	1,532.7	454.1
Kentucky	16,320.2	1,000.7	10,227.8	128,394.1	681,269.5	1,458,173.6
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	4,192.6	80,044.8	80,939.4	132,803.8	245,047.6	250,694.3
Missouri		289.1	1,342.9	2,303.2	3,732.9	2,355.2
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	13,196.4	5,210	3,981.5	7,365.9	6,387.8	11,642.8
New York					4,126.9	6,189.6
North Carolina	315.5	292.5	273.8	360	447.1	235.6
Ohio and Oregon	587.9	904.1	7,244.5	28,771.6	33,293.6	33,324.3
Pennsylvania	133,949.6	179,581.9	274,165.9	419,115.4	483,214.6	531,060.1
South Carolina and Tennessee	8,979.3	13,358.9	14,073.3	11,553	11,276.1	9,503.6
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin	554.8	29,589	33,498.2	33,563.4	29,003	21,732.2
Total by months	179,974.2	311,022.8	450,795.6	823,797.8	1,527,997.5	2,342,571.2

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JULY 1, 1896—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Feb., 1894.	Mar., 1894	Apr., 1894	May, 1894	June, 1894	July, 1894.
Alabama					34	
Arkansas	1,231.6	1,585.9	3,005.5	3,429.9	2,928.5	552.4
First California						
Fourth California						
Colorado						
Connecticut						
Georgia	24.6	315.2	473.4	1,217.2	128.5	140.6
First Illinois	44,571.4	25,480.3	3,402.9	18,015.9	16,950.5	
Fifth Illinois			1	44,920.7		3
Eighth Illinois	240.4	144.7			919.4	
Thirteenth Illinois						
Sixth Indiana	23,162.9	24,223	25,104.1	41,907.5	28,021.8	3,570.9
Seventh Indiana	454.9	3,954.9	2,783.4	771.8		
Kansas						
Second Kentucky	35,899.8	66,055.1	111,092.9	121,222	13,002.8	484.8
Fifth Kentucky	824,070	1,134,272.5	1,397,930.8	1,391,543.8	455,042.8	166,552.6
Sixth Kentucky	299,810.2	396,741.8	402,597.2	454,312.9	161,499.7	
Seventh Kentucky	236,386.6	284,668.9	313,200.5	395,799.6	102,720.5	7,667.1
Eighth Kentucky	232,791	285,864	293,170.6	303,829.6	120,122.4	1,880
Louisiana						
Maryland	239,757.5	301,603.6	293,936.2	259,572.6	95,040.5	7,813.9
Third Massachusetts	2,827.2	12,726.8	7,320.2	1,006.2	7,691.9	
Minnesota	5,862.2					
First Missouri	2,328.2	437.2	3,366	6,125	2,623.7	790.4
Sixth Missouri	2,798	3,601.2	8,548.4	13,832	11,237	
Nebraska	1,309.4			3,911.2		
New Hampshire	1,286.1	1,649.1		875.2		
Fifth New Jersey	3,587	6,437.5	11,257.8	22,252.5	25,822.8	15,576.1
New Mexico						
First New York						
Fourteenth New York						
Twenty-eighth New York	5,287	3,364.7	4,447.3	1,076	3,985.3	
Fourth North Carolina	183.3	304.8		146.5		
Fifth North Carolina	477.1	228.6	226.7	279	186	227.7
First Ohio	30,672.7	36,920.9	73,636.3	92,967	50,845.5	
Tenth Ohio				602.6	1,304.5	
Eleventh Ohio	2,274	958.1	847.4	364.4	1,565.8	
Eighteenth Ohio	4,723.7	4,017.6	2,595.7	4,198.4	3,507	2,216.7
Oregon						
First Pennsylvania	49,772.6	50,998.6	41,657.8	36,561.3	37,039.1	2,233.3
Ninth Pennsylvania	23,033	32,792.9	34,895.6	31,543.8	9,673.2	7,548.6
Twelfth Pennsylvania	652	1,294.2	1,972.5	3,543.5	3,241.9	3,556.9
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	485,987.8	596,177.5	509,364.5	470,884.4	338,002.2	116,127.7
South Carolina					302.4	179.6
Second Tennessee	136.9	89.4	175.8	155.8	372.5	436.2
Fifth Tennessee	6,219.2	8,345.5	17,078.2	16,662.4	16,892.1	17,419.3
Fourth Texas	588.7	1,683.2	1,731.9	644.5	443.9	
Second Virginia		44.7	46.6		120.6	
Sixth Virginia	7,035.6	9,027.7	12,323.7	21,365.7	10,277.2	1,454.6
West Virginia	14,074.6	16,025.6	14,746.7	16,879.6	3,102.5	
First Wisconsin	2,816	5,397.7	13,897.4	4,842.2		1,506.1
Total by months	2,592,333.2	3,317,433.4	3,606,835	3,787,262.7	1,524,648.5	357,998.5

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	1,256.2	1,901.1	3,478.9	4,647.1	3,091	693
Illinois	44,811.8	25,625	3,403.9	62,936.6	17,869.9	3
Indiana	23,617.8	28,177.9	27,887.5	42,679.3	28,021.8	3,570.9
Kentucky	1,628,957.6	2,167,602.3	2,517,992	2,666,707.9	852,388.2	176,584.5
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	248,446.9	314,330.4	301,256.4	260,578.8	102,732.4	7,813.9
Missouri	5,126.2	4,038.4	11,914.4	19,957	13,860.7	790.4
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	6,182.5	8,086.6	11,257.8	27,038.9	25,822.8	15,576.1
New York	5,287	3,364.7	4,447.3	1,076	3,985.3	
North Carolina	660.4	533.4	226.7	425.5	186	227.7
Ohio and Oregon	37,670.4	41,896.6	77,079.4	98,132.4	57,222.8	2,216.7
Pennsylvania	559,445.4	681,263.2	587,890.4	542,533	387,956.4	129,466.5
South Carolina and Tennessee	6,356.1	8,434.9	17,254	16,818.2	17,567	18,035.1
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin	24,514.9	32,178.9	42,746.3	43,732	13,944.2	3,020.7
Total by months	2,592,333.2	3,317,433.4	3,606,835	3,787,262.7	1,524,648.5	357,998.5

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JULY 1, 1896—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Aug., 1894.	Sept., 1894.	Oct., 1894.	Nov., 1894.	Dec., 1894.	Jan., 1895.
Alabama			45		221.6	283.9
Arkansas	606.7		902.9	1,355.8	4,074.1	4,116.2
First California		383.6	887.5	718.5	448.5	
Fourth California				297.8	489.1	
Colorado						
Connecticut			185.1			
Georgia	512.7	778	600.6	1,245.8	1,944.1	1,812.2
First Illinois	3,449.2			973.7	6,931.9	7,034.3
Fifth Illinois	3,332.1			27,692.8	130,340.5	63,431.1
Eighth Illinois		873.5		178.1	8,178	696
Thirteenth Illinois		3,533.1	15,313.8	1,735.2		852.6
Sixth Indiana	1,414.9		20,275.8	25,547.6	50,974.6	77,583
Seventh Indiana						
Kansas						
Second Kentucky	781.3	9,925.3	1,739.1	3,592.9	35,687.6	75,952.9
Fifth Kentucky	35,660.6		2,709.3	175,527	635,604	933,984.3
Sixth Kentucky				70,793.3	238,758.1	384,364.1
Seventh Kentucky		43.2	48.3	75,227.3	194,786.3	302,604
Eighth Kentucky	207.4	128.3	571.5	57,144.2	253,694.1	400,619.2
Louisiana						272
Maryland	907.3	94,964.3	252,776.5	273,852.7	292,176.3	291,279.1
Third Massachusetts		4,994.3	3,527.5	5,436.4	28,828.8	24,010.9
Minnesota						
First Missouri		238.1	402.7	1,336.1	2,503.6	5,257.1
Sixth Missouri			379	1,034.9	1,148.1	3,154.1
Nebraska						
New Hampshire					1,502.6	274.2
Fifth New Jersey	9,657.9	25,211.8	35,549.7	19,544.6	1,242.9	3,637
New Mexico						
First New York					622.8	1,929.3
Fourteenth New York						
Twenty-eighth New York				87.5	3,965.1	7,062.6
Fourth North Carolina	45.7			137	164.3	468.5
Fifth North Carolina	375.2	416.7	395.8	332.2	553.8	1,412.1
First Ohio		68,048.5	110,487.1	68,571.3	130,690.7	127,111.9
Tenth Ohio						6,088.7
Eleventh Ohio			536.8	861.9	835.2	827
Eighteenth Ohio			951.5	1,031.2	3,650.6	5,665.1
Oregon						
First Pennsylvania	89.8	29,675.8	50,491.5	66,836	74,037.6	77,194.2
Ninth Pennsylvania	4,013.5	7,183.8	17,633.3	60,233.8	74,270.8	47,127
Twelfth Pennsylvania	2,926.1	3,915.9	5,489.8	8,564	6,434.3	3,473.6
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	60,429.6	72,981.4	369,025.1	533,366.7	599,467.5	604,162
South Carolina	206.5	249.1		141.7	47.4	45
Second Tennessee	305.4		119.9	494.2	318.8	135.5
Fifth Tennessee	7,747.4	4,424.4	12,550.2	17,221	19,475.9	23,934.8
Fourth Texas				181.6	43.8	
Second Virginia			244.1	239.4	242.5	243.8
Sixth Virginia	1,174.2	1,729.6	4,950.1	7,011.1	10,154.2	11,186.2
West Virginia		8,491.7	56,253.2	22,337.3	18,324.7	16,055.2
First Wisconsin	3,166.5	29,533.2	25,252.5	8,690.8	8,459.6	9,915.8
Total by months	137,010	367,723.6	990,295.2	1,539,573.4	2,841,294.4	3,525,256.5

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	1,119.4	1,161.6	2,621.1	3,617.9	7,177.4	6,212.3
Illinois	6,781.3	4,406.6	15,313.8	30,579.8	145,450.4	72,014
Indiana and Kansas	1,414.9		20,275.8	25,547.6	50,974.6	77,583
Kentucky	36,649.3	10,096.8	5,068.2	382,284.7	1,358,530.1	2,097,524.5
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	907.3	99,958.6	256,304	279,289.1	321,005.1	315,562
Missouri		238.1	781.7	2,371	3,651.7	8,411.2
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	9,657.9	25,211.8	35,549.7	19,544.6	2,745.5	3,911.2
New York				87.5	4,587.9	8,991.9
North Carolina	420.9	416.7	395.8	469.2	718.1	1,880.6
Ohio and Oregon		68,048.5	111,975.4	70,464.4	135,176.5	139,692.7
Pennsylvania	67,459	113,756.9	442,639.7	669,000.5	754,210.2	731,956.8
South Carolina and Tennessee	8,259.3	4,673.5	12,670.1	17,856.9	19,842.1	24,115.3
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin	4,340.7	39,754.5	86,699.9	38,460.2	37,224.8	37,401
Total by months	137,010	367,723.6	990,295.2	1,539,573.4	2,841,294.4	3,525,256.5

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JULY 1, 1896—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Feb., 1895.	Mar., 1895.	Apr., 1895.	May, 1895.	June, 1895.	July, 1895.
Alabama	33.5	103	133.4	89.3	57.9	258.7
Arkansas	2,506.9	3,666.2	3,257.1	4,747.2	2,254.3	349.4
First California	.....	.....	759.8	723.7	2,882.7	773.9
Fourth California	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Colorado	45.8	46.2	44.1	.....	.....	.....
Connecticut	596	854	2,780.8	5,668.2	1,722.9	2,974
Georgia	1,258.4	2,330.2	2,264.7	3,294.9	2,238.7	1,230.1
First Illinois	6,185	13,666.7	39,820.8	.....	81,369.2	79,724.7
Fifth Illinois	118,179.2	52,950.8	18,057.4	4,425	74,195.9	8,271.2
Eighth Illinois	15,260.9	10,712.9	12,965.6	5,429.8	.....	88.9
Thirteenth Illinois	.....	739.9	458.9	61.2	.....	.....
Sixth Indiana	121,554.2	44,054.3	26,389.8	83,051.3	92,691.5	11,924.8
Seventh Indiana	.....	.....	872.7	3,687.5	.....	.....
Kansas	.....	.....	51.5	51	.....	.....
Second Kentucky	133,120.4	213,205.3	314,802.4	319,024.8	80,820.3	401.8
Fifth Kentucky	1,014,892.7	1,173,489	1,635,031.6	1,709,789.1	551,663.9	91,319.9
Sixth Kentucky	405,479.9	623,646.2	639,240.1	641,739	224,246.3	13,700.3
Seventh Kentucky	325,295.1	424,435.3	578,508.5	659,084.2	257,661.9	24,636.2
Eighth Kentucky	396,215.6	501,992.1	587,677	634,881.1	344,245.6	10,530.3
Louisiana	5,247.9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Maryland	264,917.1	311,245.5	318,464.9	294,815.2	161,474	7,816.7
Third Massachusetts	4,909.4	24,895.3	5,357.7	55,671.5	20,823	2,741.6
Minnesota	.....	90.5	175.4	.....	.....	.....
First Missouri	6,832	26,838.5	6,397.8	34,989.7	17,938.5	219.7
Sixth Missouri	3,719	8,632.2	10,142.2	20,126.3	11,898.4	854.9
Nebraska	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Hampshire	2,235.6	2,568.6	1,480	.....	.....	.....
Fifth New Jersey	2,766.8	5,868.9	14,780.5	13,604	1,964.9	10,138.6
New Mexico	.....	.....	.....	.....	173.3	.....
First New York	.....	259.7	2,883.7	1,096.1	2,159.7	521.6
Fourteenth New York	.....	.....	126.3	128	.....	.....
Twenty-eighth New York	10,344.3	18,857.8	11,461.9	.....	.....	.....
Fourth North Carolina	1,103.2	557.5	837.4	816.8	870.2	90.1
Fifth North Carolina	1,954.6	1,858.4	1,527.5	1,711.7	2,038.7	1,247.8
First Ohio	149,228.1	193,762.8	204,092.4	220,575.1	27,677.2	22,732.6
Tenth Ohio	8,525.5	9,376.1	9,317.5	9,509.1	.....	.....
Eleventh Ohio	529.8	3,203.8	10,239.1	8,470.4	84.3	.....
Eighteenth Ohio	8,340.4	8,309.2	3,976	3,286.3	3,024.6	.....
Oregon	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
First Pennsylvania	70,747.1	74,299.9	76,880.5	72,628.9	72,070.9	29,197.4
Ninth Pennsylvania	31,094.9	44,706.7	59,415.4	50,767.3	28,700.5	6,922.9
Twelfth Pennsylvania	3,629.7	4,694.5	5,911.2	8,754.8	6,007	4,070.1
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	567,100.5	625,173.7	631,749.8	619,081.5	333,572.4	45,319.4
South Carolina	184	150.1	144.4	211.1	48.9	.....
Second Tennessee	57.2	526.3	420.6	956.9	268.6	186.7
Fifth Tennessee	27,556.5	27,887.2	34,833.7	46,076.7	30,983.3	23,440.4
Fourth Texas	280.8	1,283	508.6	425.2	.....	.....
Second Virginia	.....	95.4	.....	139.9	134.8	.....
Sixth Virginia	8,752.9	11,605.2	9,494.3	5,696	4,392.6	3,566
West Virginia	14,525.6	15,460.9	15,125	15,265.5	10,169.5	.....
First Wisconsin	9,983.2	13,588.7	15,324.2	43,680.7	29,285.9	17,406.4
Total by months	3,745,189.7	4,501,688.5	5,313,184.2	5,604,232	2,481,812.3	422,657.1

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	4,440.6	6,999.6	9,239.9	14,523.3	9,156.5	5,586.1
Illinois	139,625.1	78,070.3	70,302.7	9,916	155,565.1	88,084.8
Indiana and Kansas	121,554.2	44,054.3	27,314	86,789.8	92,691.5	11,924.8
Kentucky	2,275,003.7	2,936,767.9	3,755,259.6	3,964,518.2	1,458,638	140,588.5
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	275,074.4	336,231.3	323,998	350,486.7	182,297	10,558.3
Missouri	10,551	35,470.7	16,540	55,116	29,836.9	1,074.6
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	5,002.4	8,437.5	16,260.5	13,604	2,138.2	10,138.6
New York	10,344.3	19,117.5	14,471.9	1,224.1	2,159.7	521.6
North Carolina	3,057.8	2,415.9	2,364.9	2,528.5	2,908.9	1,337.9
Ohio and Oregon	166,623.8	214,651.9	227,625	241,840.9	30,786.1	22,732.6
Pennsylvania	672,572.2	748,874.8	773,956.9	751,232.5	440,350.8	85,509.8
South Carolina and Tennessee	27,797.7	28,563.6	35,398.7	47,244.7	31,300.8	23,627.1
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin	33,542.5	42,033.2	40,452.1	65,207.3	43,982.8	20,972.4
Total by months	3,745,189.7	4,501,688.5	5,313,184.2	5,604,232	2,481,812.3	422,657.1

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JULY 1, 1896—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Aug., 1895.	Sept., 1895.	Oct., 1895.	Nov., 1895.	Dec., 1895.	Jan., 1896.
Alabama	261.7			49	286.3	6,243.3
Arkansas	170.7	578.6	2,269.8	4,795.9	5,670.4	5,400.4
First California				1,289.5	1,470.8	2,348.1
Fourth California						
Colorado	44.8				111.1	179.2
Connecticut	2,990.5	921	1,170.8	1,531.2	763.8	3,619.2
Georgia	964.2	1,217.2	565.3	1,482.4	1,899.4	1,857
First Illinois	29,567.1			263.3	69,834.8	80,871.8
Fifth Illinois				481,888	934,887.3	1,448,654.4
Eighth Illinois			2,022	431.5	42,156	50,135.2
Thirteenth Illinois				3,110.9	94.4	514
Sixth Indiana		4,691.1	42,676.9	84,932.7	95,480.7	63,260
Seventh Indiana			87.2	5,608.1	45,358.3	
Kansas					10.1	92.6
Second Kentucky		311.9	9,894.8	51,351.9	124,039.3	248,992.4
Fifth Kentucky	11,871.9	5,201.5	20,391.5	332,766.1	910,119.2	1,251,393.1
Sixth Kentucky	5,858.9			46,703.9	222,539	392,810.7
Seventh Kentucky				73,754.9	152,289.3	243,319.4
Eighth Kentucky		175.2	211.7	33,802.2	264,266.8	313,308.9
Louisiana	58.8	93.3	105.8		74.3	146.4
Maryland		37,877.7	98,540.6	172,897.5	264,391.5	236,666.5
Third Massachusetts	136.1	4,594.1	5,466.5	29,636.5	67,847.8	51,015.7
Minnesota					90.4	7,117.6
First Missouri		94.9	456.2	1,718.5	2,197.7	2,662.3
Sixth Missouri		235.9	2,754.8	5,773.4	8,608.6	5,522.1
Nebraska						
New Hampshire					1,815.2	2,852.1
Fifth New Jersey	21,095.9	13,645.6	3,884.1	6,013.7	10,216.2	15,845.3
New Mexico						
First New York		349	268.2	1,496.1	2,455.2	8,790.8
Fourteenth New York						
Twenty-eighth New York					4,274.7	14,571.2
Fourth North Carolina	135.7	137.3	74.6	180.9	754.9	2,821.9
Fifth North Carolina	1,226.9	1,516.9	1,675	1,605.2	3,600.1	4,955.5
First Ohio	10,706	229.7	21.7	35,972.4	68,752.4	118,511.6
Tenth Ohio					14,359.7	19,149.7
Eleventh Ohio			1,489.7	4,206.5	10,483.5	11,078.3
Eighteenth Ohio		696.6	2,731.2	5,340.1	8,758.3	8,437.8
Oregon						
First Pennsylvania	29,079.6	42,628.5	47,275.3	57,676.6	67,192.8	49,856.2
Ninth Pennsylvania	1,304	17,928.3	40,558.9	48,755.8	51,959.8	55,177
Twelfth Pennsylvania	4,512.1	4,884.3	6,643.6	7,290.3	6,702.4	5,446.8
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	15,338.1	13,342	51,986.2	147,134.3	358,745.8	478,360.5
South Carolina						46.8
Second Tennessee	48	130.8	67.4	587.3	662.2	1,241.6
Fifth Tennessee	19,977.2	20,197.5	20,644	26,615.1	39,136.3	56,726.4
Fourth Texas				410.5	1,065.2	3,160.2
Second Virginia						
Sixth Virginia	2,244.6	1,281.3	2,235.4	5,958.7	8,365.7	8,363.6
West Virginia		7,726.4	16,029.4	15,741.4	15,611.4	15,991.2
First Wisconsin	6,238.1	1,085.5	275.7		3,152.1	16,465.3
Total by months	163,839.9	181,772.1	382,474.3	1,689,772.3	3,892,551.2	5,314,480.1

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	4,440.9	2,716.8	4,005.9	9,148	10,201.8	19,647.2
Illinois	29,567.1		2,022	485,693.7	1,046,972.5	1,580,175.4
Indiana and Kansas		4,691.1	42,764.1	90,540.8	140,849.1	63,352.6
Kentucky	17,730.8	5,688.6	30,498	538,379	1,673,253.6	2,450,324.5
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	194.9	42,565.1	104,112.9	193,534	332,404	294,946.2
Missouri		330.8	3,211	7,491.9	10,806.3	8,184.4
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	21,095.9	13,645.6	3,884.1	6,013.7	12,031.4	18,697.4
New York		349	268.2	1,496.1	6,729.9	23,362
North Carolina	1,362.6	1,654.2	1,749.6	1,786.1	4,355	7,777.4
Ohio and Oregon	10,706	926.3	4,242.6	45,519	102,353.9	157,177.4
Pennsylvania	50,233.8	78,783.1	146,464	260,857	484,600.8	588,840.5
South Carolina and Tennessee	20,025.2	20,328.3	20,711.4	27,202.4	39,798.5	58,014.8
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin	8,482.7	10,093.2	18,540.5	22,110.6	28,194.4	43,980.3
Total by months	163,839.9	181,772.1	382,474.3	1,689,772.3	3,892,551.2	5,314,480.1

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JULY 1, 1896—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Feb., 1896.	Mar., 1896.	Apr., 1896.	May, 1896.	June, 1896.	Total by districts.
Alabama	2,851.7	2,936	3,022.5	1,146.5	4,727.4	23,010.6
Arkansas	5,290.4	8,421.2	9,788	7,230.6	3,910	103,891.9
First California	4,715.3	2,661.7	3,812.3	4,937	19,129.4	47,942.3
Fourth California	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,436.5
Colorado	.....	.....	149	193.9	.....	814.1
Connecticut	7,196.5	10,969.2	9,951.7	11,691.4	11,851.8	77,584.3
Georgia	3,119.1	6,444.4	9,625.4	11,718.9	15,605.9	85,349.4
First Illinois	103,636.1	113,482	42,585.8	8,079.4	75,890.6	990,203.8
Fifth Illinois	1,264,457.9	1,572,063.3	1,338,659.3	1,261,060.3	1,208,826.8	10,421,192.4
Eighth Illinois	99,943.2	93,857.6	238,397.5	265,207.1	289,403.7	1,154,305.6
Thirteenth Illinois	3,682.9	2,737.7	310.8	346.5	5,868.9	48,686.3
Sixth Indiana	55,367.1	79,911.1	171,377.7	183,423.2	114,067.3	1,952,657.9
Seventh Indiana	47,477.3	1,720.4	7,086	3,072.3	64,142.5	188,247.2
Kansas	156.9	.....	.....	.....	99.3	461.4
Second Kentucky	327,171.2	375,731.3	351,517.4	322,258.7	258,302.7	6,828,451.8
Fifth Kentucky	1,241,584.9	1,362,664	1,534,703.4	1,390,692.1	670,830.3	38,549,984.5
Sixth Kentucky	416,242.8	485,270.8	545,616.3	598,015.4	330,106.5	12,289,344.5
Seventh Kentucky	294,654	419,312.4	408,402.2	351,441.1	35,940.9	14,498,106.6
Eighth Kentucky	204,349.6	237,757.8	376,790.8	377,794.2	96,834.2	15,681,638.9
Louisiana	835.8	.....	4,310.3	22,094.8	63,355.6	96,595
Maryland	213,274.3	231,250.7	250,841.7	177,487.1	107,569.5	9,565,255
Third Massachusetts	83,070.3	68,379.6	82,124.6	61,362.9	95,524.3	838,740.8
Minnesota	95,029	93,397.2	110,845.7	126,055.7	140,345.7	602,541
First Missouri	7,993.7	76,800.5	106,810.4	71,981.6	99,804.4	531,841.7
Sixth Missouri	9,226.8	11,344.5	20,263.2	17,583.2	14,652.6	263,934.2
Nebraska	.....	792.5	18,308.7	16,246.7	45,200.9	111,672.7
New Hampshire	2,993.7	2,888.7	2,284.2	.....	.....	34,375.5
Fifth New Jersey	20,980.8	34,127.7	30,279.9	28,319.3	35,670.9	582,042.9
New Mexico	151.4	255.5	345.2	191.8	352.3	1,469.5
First New York	11,697.1	5,144.5	.....	.....	28,683.7	70,307.6
Fourteenth New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	254.3
Twenty-eighth New York	24,886	35,830	33,298.8	.....	.....	224,478.2
Fourth North Carolina	3,124	4,898.3	6,629.4	7,363.2	9,782.3	42,600
Fifth North Carolina	6,017.8	9,921.9	10,187.9	21,013.5	37,244.8	120,114.9
First Ohio	163,800	187,317.4	290,256.1	192,644.3	191,922	3,800,304.9
Tenth Ohio	21,120.4	22,130.6	20,108	16,788	15,756.8	174,137.2
Eleventh Ohio	21,143	28,826.5	40,871.3	38,255.2	47,334.2	270,881.3
Eighteenth Ohio	7,715	9,340.4	9,936.5	5,436.7	3,003.2	156,501.7
Oregon	1,067.3	1,170.4	.....	276.9	63.1	34,165
First Pennsylvania	45,342.9	49,230.9	52,599.7	47,436	35,308.9	2,510,311.5
Ninth Pennsylvania	55,470.6	58,601.9	63,259.6	59,740.9	55,482.8	1,426,303
Twelfth Pennsylvania	3,484.4	3,453.9	3,617.9	5,997.7	6,451.6	168,653.1
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	509,519.9	536,501.5	523,599.6	490,607.8	215,377.6	21,415,943.7
South Carolina	.....	276.9	.....	1,832.7	3,773.2	9,577.2
Second Tennessee	2,168.6	3,264.7	4,129.7	4,669.3	4,100.3	27,143.6
Fifth Tennessee	57,235.9	59,652.5	61,581	68,235.1	73,366	1,285,002.3
Fourth Texas	3,680.4	4,009	4,372.6	1,716.1	55.7	28,971.9
Second Virginia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,873.1
Sixth Virginia	7,034.1	7,726.9	7,091.5	7,581.7	6,554.7	310,874.9
West Virginia	15,098.5	16,226.3	15,608.7	13,787.7	5,694.3	1,085,968.6
First Wisconsin	12,072.4	23,130	47,271.3	88,445.5	120,472.9	589,974.8
Total by months	5,487,131	6,361,832.3	6,872,629.6	6,391,460	4,668,442.5	149,327,121.1

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	23,173	31,432.5	36,348.9	36,918.3	55,224.5	341,029.1
Illinois	1,471,720.1	1,782,140.6	1,619,953.4	1,534,693.3	1,579,990	12,614,388.1
Indiana and Kansas	103,001.3	81,631.5	178,463.7	186,495.5	178,309.1	2,141,366.5
Kentucky	2,484,002.5	2,880,736.3	3,217,030.1	3,040,201.5	1,392,014.6	87,847,526.3
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	392,209.4	393,027.5	448,122.3	387,000.5	406,795.1	11,103,131.8
Missouri	17,220.5	88,145	127,073.6	89,564.8	114,457	795,775.9
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	24,125.9	38,064.4	51,218	44,757.8	81,224.1	729,560.6
New York	36,583.1	40,974.5	33,298.8	.....	28,683.7	295,040.1
North Carolina	9,141.8	14,820.2	16,817.3	28,376.7	47,027.1	162,714.9
Ohio and Oregon	214,845.7	248,785.3	361,171.9	253,401.1	258,079.3	4,435,990.1
Pennsylvania	613,817.8	647,788.2	643,076.8	603,782.4	312,620.9	25,521,211.3
South Carolina and Tennessee	59,404.5	63,194.1	65,710.7	74,737.1	81,239.5	1,321,723.1
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin	37,885.4	51,092.2	74,344.1	111,531	132,777.6	2,017,663.3
Total by months	5,487,131	6,361,832.3	6,872,629.6	6,391,460	4,668,442.5	149,327,121.1

DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPIRITS PRODUCED DURING THE YEAR.

QUANTITY OF EACH KIND OF SPIRITS AS, KNOWN TO THE TRADE, DEPOSITED IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.	High wines.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Aggregate.	Specific kind of spirits reported in miscellaneous column.
Alabama								89,227.4	89,227.4	Corn whisky.
Arkansas		0.1						45,959.7	45,959.8	Do.
First California		26,783.1	25,566.2		2,215		1,153.8	28,777.1	84,495.2	"Spirits."
Colorado								179.3	179.3	Corn whisky.
Connecticut					153,069.8				153,069.8	
Georgia								231,133.2	231,133.2	Do.
First Illinois			57,112.3		97,376.7			401,805.4	556,294.4	Whisky and spirits.
Fifth Illinois			1,823,640.6		273,776.7	1,173.1	9,462,145	638,919	12,199,654.4	Whisky.
Eighth Illinois	4,122.2		1,681,099.4		45,116.1	190,020.8	3,434,687.4	4,151,016.6	9,506,062.5	Corn in excess and spirits.
Thirteenth Illinois	7,426.5		66,467.7			71.5	13,783.4	321,180	408,929.1	Corn whisky and whisky.
Sixth Indiana	105,372.9	31,307.7	22,865.7		34,280.9	4,568.1	125,280.2	2,259,549.3	2,583,224.8	Whisky, malt and potato.
Seventh Indiana	16,656.3		494,592.5				323,858.6	5,232,647.4	6,067,754.8	Spirits and whisky.
Kansas	1,451.4								1,451.4	
Second Kentucky	828,805		19,085		43.8		120,086.7		968,020.5	
Fifth Kentucky	2,263,207	1,053,045.4						53,686.3	3,369,938.7	Malt whisky.
Sixth Kentucky	266,372.7	128,270.4		13,934.6					408,577.7	
Seventh Kentucky	1,013,168	277,115.7	1,658.3					23,972.6	1,315,914.6	Malt whisky and wheat whisky.
Eighth Kentucky	653,954.8	28,270.7							682,225.5	
Louisiana			291,444.1		37,650.3		419,475.5	74,330	822,899.9	"Whisky."
Maryland		775,181.8	53,090		7,226.1		451,032.4	193,191.5	1,479,721.8	Corn whisky.
Third Massachusetts				1,280,130.4	37,380.9				1,317,511.3	
Minnesota			395,852.6		1,304.7			965,928.8	1,363,086.1	Whisky and spirits.
First Missouri	262,694.1	15,670.3	84,799.8				535,343.4	205,939.1	1,104,446.7	Whisky, white corn and wheat whisky.
Sixth Missouri	99,675.7	1,877.1							101,552.8	
Nebraska	52,629.5	21,210.3	545,549.7		20,568		1,134,364.3	140,728.3	1,915,050.1	Whisky.
Fifth New Jersey		42,795.6	192,854.2		33,592.3		190,442.5		459,684.6	
First New York			2,892,778.4		114,266.3		629,626.7	13,479.1	3,650,150.5	Do.
Twenty-eighth New York			1,128.8		52,017.6				53,146.4	
Fourth North Carolina				91.9				165,290.1	165,382	Corn whisky.
Fifth North Carolina								470,076.6	470,076.6	Do.
First Ohio	258,235	371,733.1	546,200.4		184,919.1	10,175.1		5,823,792.3	7,195,055	Whisky, corn, malt, and spirits.
Tenth Ohio	131,868.4	14,178.8							146,047.2	
Eleventh Ohio	9,004.2	7,883.4	5,496.8		1,957.5		2,276.8	54,868.9	81,487.6	Corn, wheat, and malt whisky.
Eighteenth Ohio	3,990.9	61,155.6						973.3	66,119.8	Malt, wheat, sugar, and cherry whisky.

First Pennsylvania	.....	520,978.6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	252	521,230.6	Wheat and malt whisky.
Ninth Pennsylvania	.....	311,176.4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	311,176.4	
Twelfth Pennsylvania	.....	54,227.1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,372.3	55,599.4	Wheat whisky.
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	2,604.5	313,657.8	.....	.....	321	.....	.....	18,851.7	335,435	Whisky, wheat and malt.
South Carolina	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	54,437.2	54,437.2	Corn whisky.
Second Tennessee	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	69,348.2	69,348.2	Do.
Fifth Tennessee	27,799.5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	599,085.4	626,884.9	Do.
Fourth Texas	.....	480.3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15,803.9	16,284.2	Do.
Second Virginia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	554.8	554.8	Do.
Sixth Virginia	481.7	90,693.1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	22,792.4	113,967.2	Do.
West Virginia	2,235.5	55,680.3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.1	57,915.9	Do.
First Wisconsin	101,970.4	65,847.5	302,070.7	.....	62,231.2	729.8	33,748.9	672,684	1,239,282.5	Whisky, wheat and corn.
Total	6,113,726.2	4,269,220.2	9,503,353.2	1,294,156.9	1,159,314	206,738.4	16,877,305.6	23,041,833.3	62,465,647.8	
Deposited during year ended June 30, 1896.	16,935,862.4	9,153,066.6	9,960,301.1	1,490,227.6	1,098,375.7	198,298.6	25,564,738.3	22,187,832.7	6,588,703	

DECREASED PRODUCTION OF SPIRITS.

The quantity of spirits (62,465,647.8 gallons) produced and deposited in distillery warehouses during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, is less than the production (86,588,703 gallons) of the year 1896 by 24,123,055.2 gallons. The difference is distributed among the different kinds as known to the trade as follows:

	Gallons.	Gallons.
Decrease in the production of—		
Bourbon		10,822,136.2
Rye		4,883,846.4
Alcohol		456,947.9
Rum		196,070.7
Pure neutral or cologne spirits		8,687,432.7
Total decrease		25,046,433.9
Increase in the production of—		
Gin	60,938.3	
High wines	8,439.8	
Miscellaneous	854,000.6	
Total increase		923,378.7
Net decrease		24,123,055.2

Distilled Spirits Deposited (a) in Distillery Warehouses during the past Twenty Years.

Fiscal year ended June 30—	Spirits warehoused.									
	Fruit brandy.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.	High wines.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
	Gallons.	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*
1878	178,544	6,405,520	2,834,119	10,277,725	1,603,376	364,963	19,412,985	11,108,023	4,096,342	56,281,597
1879	69,340	8,587,081	4,001,048	19,594,283	2,243,455	372,776	18,033,652	13,459,486	5,600,840	71,961,961
1880	129,086	15,414,148	6,341,991	21,631,009	2,439,301	394,668	15,210,389	20,657,975	8,265,789	90,484,356
1881	240,124	33.632,615	9,931,609	22,988,969	2,118,506	549,596	14,363,581	23,556,608	10,586,666	117,968,274
1882	381,825	29,575,667	9,224,777	15,201,671	1,704,084	569,134	10,962,379	27,871,293	10,744,156	106,234,986
1883	223,977	8,662,245	4,784,654	10,718,706	1,801,960	545,768	8,701,951	28,295,253	10,502,771	74,237,285
1884	200,732	8,896,832	5,089,958	12,385,229	1,711,158	641,724	6,745,688	28,538,680	11,426,470	75,636,471
1885	312,197	12,277,750	5,328,043	13,436,916	2,081,165	639,461	3,235,889	27,104,382	10,811,757	75,227,560
1886	329,679	19,318,819	7,842,540	11,247,877	1,799,952	656,607	2,396,248	26,538,581	10,543,756	80,674,059
1887	673,610	17,015,034	7,313,640	10,337,035	1,857,223	747,025	2,410,923	27,066,219	11,084,500	78,505,209
1888	864,704	7,463,609	5,879,690	11,075,639	1,891,246	872,990	1,016,436	29,475,913	12,603,883	71,144,110
1889	952,358	21,960,784	8,749,768	10,939,135	1,471,054	1,029,968	1,029,495	30,439,354	13,738,952	90,310,868
1890	1,137,649	32,474,784	13,355,577	11,354,448	1,657,808	1,202,940	555,572	34,022,619	14,652,180	110,413.577
1891	1,223,725	29,931,415	14,345,389	12,260,821	1,784,312	1,293,874	1,007,070	35,356,126	19,983.382	117,186,114
1892	2,044,893	29,017,797	13,436,827	14.490,987	1,956,318	1,338,617	633,590	37,690,335	16,204,570	116,813,934
1893	1,250,276	40.835,873	16,702,240	12,250,380	2,106,765	1,424,490	449,209	37,577,052	17,305,773	129,902,058
1894	1,330,289	15,518,349	10,026,544	10,570,070	1,864,595	1,287,977	126,506	35,377,115	14,434,336	90,535,781
1895	915,677.3	18,717,152.7	12,321,542.8	8,819,923.6	1,777,083.5	1,176,669	209,699.3	21,062,215.6	15,865,308.8	80,865,272.6
1896	1,301,188.3	16,935,862.4	9,153,066.6	9,960,301.1	1,490,227.6	1,098,375.7	198,298.6	25,564,738.3	22,187,832.7	87,889,891.3
1897	620,780.8	6,113,726.2	4,269,220.2	9,503,353.2	1,294,156.9	1,159,314	206,738.4	16,877,305.6	23,041,833.3	63,086,428.6

a This does not show spirits redeposited, but shows spirits produced except fruit brandy not deposited in special bonded warehouses.

DIFFERENT KINDS OF TAX-PAID SPIRITS WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSES DURING THE YEAR.

STATEMENT OF QUANTITY IN TAXABLE GALLONS OF EACH KIND OF SPIRITS AS KNOWN TO THE TRADE WITHDRAWN FROM DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES TAX-PAID DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.	High wines.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Aggregate.	Specific kinds of spirits reported in miscellaneous column.
Alabama								59,577.3	59,577.3	Corn whisky.
Arkansas	330.7	385.1						42,639.7	43,355.5	Do.
First California	227.9	15,955.8	29,298.4		1,687.6			51,015	98,184.7	Spirits.
Fourth California								34.4	34.4	Malt whisky.
Colorado		246.1						249.1	495.2	Corn whisky.
Connecticut					123,438.3				123,438.3	Low wines.
Georgia		69.4						242,753.3	242,822.7	Corn whisky.
First Illinois	1,190.3	10,184.3	55,304.1		148,593.1			497,408.5	712,680.3	Whisky and spirits.
Fifth Illinois		51,831.3	2,246,335.3		189,434.9	795.9	11,300,766.5	464,723	14,253,886.9	Whisky.
Eighth Illinois	1,134.1	651.9	1,420,437		45,346.4	188,994.7	3,526,498.6	3,536,416.2	8,719,478.9	Corn in excess and spirits.
Thirteenth Illinois	4,210.5	959.2	61,439			71.5	17,051.5	321,072.1	404,803.8	Corn whisky.
Sixth Indiana	65,558.7	22,761.4	19,999.2		16,904.5	3,722	131,094.7	1,485,114.2	1,745,154.7	Whisky, malt, and potato.
Seventh Indiana	19,957	162.8	465,588.4				263,370.7	4,364,200.4	5,113,279.3	Whisky and spirits.
Kansas	287.1								287.1	
Second Kentucky	874,884.9	2,677.3	22,785.2		3,358.9		163,142.6		1,066,848.9	
Fifth Kentucky	4,896,705.8	322,169.7						17,454.1	5,236,329.6	Malt.
Sixth Kentucky	937,238.4	233,660.8	7,151.3	64,169.2	18,330.7		2,449.9	621,510.5	1,884,510.8	Whisky and spirits.
Seventh Kentucky	1,203,423.6	120,351.9	2,165					3,092.8	1,329,033.3	Malt whisky and wheat whisky.
Eighth Kentucky	1,431,929.2	68,486.8						522.8	1,500,938.8	Malt whisky.
Louisiana			225,257.2		34,707.3		300,424.9	14,969.4	575,358.8	Whisky.
Maryland		1,069,936.6	50,775.1		7,717.9		516,674.2	160,736.3	1,805,840.1	Corn whisky.
Third Massachusetts				477,929.2	27,209.3				505,138.5	
Minnesota	5,409.7	1,166.8	471,924		459.1			875,538.3	1,354,497.9	Whisky and spirits.
First Missouri	132,299.1	9,929.6	88,939				611,839.1	27,625.8	870,632.6	Whisky and white corn whisky
Sixth Missouri	62,520.2	1,261.9							63,782.1	
Nebraska	6,049.8	6,147	379,021.3		16,534.3		420,303.2	78,781.7	906,837.3	Whisky.
New Hampshire				11,580.3					11,580.3	
Fifth New Jersey		91,736.5	163,970.7		30,272.7		173,327.8		459,307.7	
New Mexico	511								511	
First New York			2,332.035	1,753.3	113,579.8		625,799.2	16,300	3,089,467.3	Whisky.
Twenty-eighth New York	21,994.4	5,095.6	332.4		46,935.7		3,672.9	1,308.6	79,339.6	Malt whisky.
Fourth North Carolina		235.3		91.9				146,945.5	147,272.7	Corn whisky.
Fifth North Carolina		44.1						462,108.4	462,152.5	Do.
First Ohio	280,204.4	178,196.2	530,387.8		170,763	5,038.5		5,144,997.5	6,309,587.4	Whisky, malt and corn, and spirits.
Tenth Ohio	40,280.9	1,315.8							41,596.7	
Eleventh Ohio	22,445.5	10,190.6	8,154.9		1,682.5		36,759.3	40,207.7	119,440.5	Whisky, corn, malt, and wheat.

Eighteenth Ohio	2,787.6	27,952.8						1,952.1	32,692.5	Whisky, malt, wheat, sugar and cherry.
Oregon	1,090.7	491.2	340				877	293.8	3,092.7	Wheat whisky.
First Pennsylvania		305,941							305,941	Wheat whisky and rye malt.
Ninth Pennsylvania		198,338.3						420.7	198,759	Wheat whisky.
Twelfth Pennsylvania		33,355.5						4,553.6	37,909.1	Do.
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	319.7	2,430,621.8			46.7			31,359.9	2,462,348.1	Wheat and malt whisky and whisky.
South Carolina								57,548.2	57,548.2	Corn whisky.
Second Tennessee								62,128.6	62,128.6	Do.
Fifth Tennessee	195.7							429,781.2	429,976.9	Do.
Fourth Texas		665.1						15,045	15,710.1	Do.
Second Virginia		114.3						672.3	786.6	Do.
Sixth Virginia		70,785.8			247.9			21,710.1	92,743.8	Do.
West Virginia	6,160.4	117,442.9						2,048.1	125,651.4	Rye malt.
First Wisconsin	43,073.7	44,206.9	328,616.6		57,355.3	815.7	30,924	656,604.2	1,161,596.4	Whisky.
Total	10,062,421	5,455,725.4	8,910,256.9	555,523.9	1,054,605.9	199,438.3	18,124,976.1	19,961,420.4	64,324,367.9	
Tax paid during year ended June 30, 1896.	8,277,293.8	4,426,910.7	9,560,576.7	513,403.2	1,077,292.4	225,490.8	19,492,903	17,061,485.5	60,635,356.1	

INCREASED WITHDRAWAL OF TAX-PAID SPIRITS.

The quantity of tax-paid spirits (64,324,367.9 gallons) withdrawn from distillery warehouses during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, is greater that the quantity (60,635,356.1 gallons) withdrawn from distillery warehouses during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, by 3,689,011.8 gallons, the increase being distributed among the different kinds known to the trade as follows:

	Gallons.	Gallons.
Increase in withdrawals of—		
Bourbon whisky		1,785,127.2
Rye whisky		1,028,814.7
Rum		42,120.7
Miscellaneous		2,899,934.9
Total increase		5,755,997.5
Decrease in withdrawals of—		
Alcohol	650,319.8	
Gin	22,686.5	
High wines	26,052.5	
Pure neutral or cologne spirits	1,367,926.9	
Total decrease		2,066,985.7
Net increase		3,689,011.8

If the quantity, 956,760 gallons (as stated by the Chief of the Bureau of Statistics), of exported domestic spirits reimported during the year upon which should have been paid a customs duty equal to the internal-revenue tax be added, the quantity virtually withdrawn from distillery warehouses during the year ended June 30, 1897, is found to be 65,281,127.9 gallons, or 3,942,651.5 gallons more than during the year 1896, including the 703,520.6 gallons reimported and tax-paid during that year.

There were also tax-paid withdrawals of spirits from general bonded warehouses amounting to 4,336,670.6 gallons which should be added to the above, making the total domestic spirits, exclusive of fruit brandy, withdrawn from bond on payment of the tax, or of a duty equal to the tax, 69,617,798.5 gallons, or 2,036,291.1 gallons more than the quantity (67,581,507.4 gallons)*a* so withdrawn during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896.

I have the honor to submit below a copy of my letter addressed to you April 3, 1897, relative to the depressed condition of the distilling industry June 30, 1896; see also a statement showing the number of seizures of illicit stills, etc., during the year ended June 30, 1897, given in the opening pages of this report.

It will be noted from the foregoing statement as to tax-paid withdrawals of spirits that the situation in this particular was not much improved during the year ended June 30, 1897, and from what follows, that during this last-named year the illicit distillation of spirits has made decided progress.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
Washington, D. C., April 3, 1897.

SIR: In compliance with suggestion made by you in recent conference on the subject I have the honor to submit the following data from the records of this office bearing on the prostrated condition of the distilling industry and trade, and the reduction of the revenues from that source since the passage of the act of August 28, 1894, increasing the tax on distilled spirits.

a The quantity stated on page 136 of the report for 1896 (67,554,760.5 gallons) should be increased by 26,346.6 gallons, found to have been withdrawn after that statement was prepared.

I have devoted some time to investigating the question whether this condition is the result of the general business depression that has prevailed in the country during the last three years or of the increase in the tax from 90 cents to $1.10 per gallon, or of both. I am convinced that while the depression in general business may have had some effect on the distilling industry, the reduction of revenues is mainly due to the increase in the tax to a rate above the revenue-producing line.

In support of this conclusion I beg to call attention to the fact that there would seem to be no reason why all industries bearing an internal-revenue tax should not have suffered in like proportion from a general cause. That this has not been the case is evident from the following tables, showing directly the production of distilled spirits during the thirty months ended August 31, 1894, and during the thirty months from September 1, 1894, to February 28, 1897, and from the additional tables showing the comparative receipts, during the two periods named, from tobacco, fermented liquors, and distilled spirits, and by implication, the comparative falling off in the production of the articles named during the latter period.

QUANTITY, IN TAXABLE GALLONS, OF SPIRITS PRODUCED AND DEPOSITED IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES, AND THE QUANTITY WITHDRAWN FROM SUCH WAREHOUSES TAX-PAID, FOR THE PERIODS STATED.

Deposited during 30 months ended August 31, 1894	277,127,809.8
Deposited during 30 months beginning September 1, 1894	194,038,705.5
Falling off in production during last 30 months	83,089,104.3
Withdrawn tax-paid during 30 months ended August 31, 1894	254,192,712.9
Withdrawn tax-paid during 30 months beginning September 1, 1894	151,346,340.6
Falling off in tax-paid withdrawals during last 30 months	102,846,372.3
Receipts from distilled spirits during the 30 months ended August 31, 1894	$231,182,893.06
Receipts from distilled spirits during the 30 months beginning September 1, 1894	164,151,439.59
Falling off in receipts during 30 months from September 1, 1894	67,031,453.47
Receipts from tobacco during the 30 months ended August 31, 1894	75,985,779.20
Receipts from tobacco during the 30 months beginning September 1, 1894	75,016,527.63
Falling off in receipts during 30 months from September 1, 1894	969,251.57
Receipts from fermented liquors during the 30 months ended August 31, 1894	79,914,123.44
Receipts from fermented liquors during the 30 months beginning September 1, 1894	78,327,398.48
Falling off in receipts during 30 months from September 1, 1894	1,586,724.96

Percentage loss in receipts from—	
Distilled spirits	16.95
Tobacco	.64
Fermented liquors	1.00

It will be observed that while the loss during the second period in receipts from fermented liquors was only 1 per cent and from tobacco less than 1 per cent, the decrease in receipts from distilled spirits was nearly 17 per cent.

The effect of the greatly increased incentive to fraud furnished by the present high rate of tax is shown by the following facts:

Since the passage of the act referred to the number of illicit distilleries and of registered distilleries operated illicitly has increased from 1,016 to 1,905. The number of arrests for violation of the internal revenue-laws has increased from 614 to 839.

The number of registered grain distilleries in the United States averages annually about 1,600. Of this number one-half is the average number operated during each year. Of the 1,600 a little less than half have registered daily capacity of four bushels or less, 470 have a registered capacity of more than four but less than twenty bushels, and 409 have a capacity of twenty bushels or more. The records of this office show that since the increase of the tax a very large per cent of the smaller distilleries operate each year, and that the per cent of the larger distilleries operating during the year has decreased very considerably.

In many sections of the country where these small distilleries are located it is found impracticable to sell forfeited spirits at a price equal to the amount of tax due on them. In these same sections it is found that distillers and dealers have agreed to furnish customers with distilled spirits at much less than the tax thereon, provided the purchasers agree to return the stamps intact or the barrel heads bearing the stamps. Other evidence is in the possession of this office that in the sections where the small distilleries are operated spirits have been offered for sale at from 40 to 60 cents a gallon. Within the last thirty days 14 barrels of illicit spirits, amounting to more than 300 gallons, have been discovered in Nebraska and followed by the agent into Montana and there seized. Information has reached this office that seven illicit distilleries were operated in the State of Kansas during last year and that four are operating there now, showing that illicit distillation is extending into sections of the country where it has never before existed.

Attention is also called to the fact that with the reduced price of grain and the increased product from 56 pounds, made possible by modern machinery and methods, the ad valorem tax at a specific tax of $1.10 per gallon is greater than it was when specific tax was $2 per gallon in 1866. The fact that the purchasing power of $1.10 is now much greater than that of $2 was when that tax was imposed is a further temptation to fraud.

The following table shows the revenue-producing results under the several rates of taxation on distilled spirits since the establishment of the present internal-revenue system:

CONSUMPTION PER CAPITA OF DISTILLED SPIRITS FROM MATERIALS OTHER THAN FRUIT, AND TAX THEREON AND REVENUE THEREFROM.

Year.	Per cent of tax.	Population.	Aggregate of population.	Aggregate gallons consumed.	Per capita consumed.	Revenue.
1860	None.	31,443,321	31,443,321	83,904,285	2.86	None.
1864	$0.20	34,046,000	34,046,000	85,295,393	2.57	$17,059,792
1865		34,748,000				
1866		35,469,000				
1867	2.00	36,211,000	125,575,875	37,979,104	.30	75,958,208
1868		36,973,000				
1868		36,973,000				
1869		37,756,000				
1870	.50	38,558,000	154,652,000	278,099,810	1.79	139,049,905
1871		39,555,000				
1872		40,596,000				
1872		40,596,000				
1873		41,677,000				
1874	.70	42,796,000	102,000,000	168,444,000	1.65	117,900,800
1875		43,951,000				
1875		43,951,000				
1876		45,137,000				
1877		46,353,000				
1878		47,998,000				
1879		48,866,000				
1880		50,155,783				
1881		51,316,000				
1882		52,495,000				
1883		53,693,000				
1884		54,911,000				
1885	.90	56,148,000	1,191,336,832	1,412,997,777	1.27	1,271,697,997
1886		57,404,000				
1887		58,680,000				
1888		59,974,000				
1889		61,289,000				
1890		62,622,000				
1891		63,975,000				
1892		65,403,000				
1893		66,826,000				
1894		68,275,000				
1895		69,753,000				
1895	1.10	69,753,000	110,615,275	115,104,612	.95	121,676,802
1896		71,263,000				

This table would indicate that the highest revenue-producing rate was 70 cents per gallon.

I would suggest as a remedy for the reduction in revenue and other evils above referred to that the tax on distilled spirits be promptly reduced to 90 cents, possibly to 70 cents per gallon, that a special tax of not less than $500 or more than $1,000 per annum be imposed on the industry of distilling, the amount to be determined by the capacity of the distillery, that only stills having a capacity of 20 gallons or more

shall be entitled to registry and survey, or permitted to operate, that the relief from certain provisions of the law relating to the process of distilling, now afforded under section 3255a, Revised Statutes, in case of distilleries of a certain capacity, be withdrawn, and that all distilleries, regardless of size, be required to conform strictly to said provisions of law, and that all distilled spirits placed in wooden packages or jacketed shall be required to be stamped with a wholesale liquor dealer's or rectifier's stamp, and that all persons selling packages of this kind shall be regarded as wholesale liquor dealers and required to make all reports and keep all records connected with that business.

Very respectfully,

G. W. WILSON, *Acting Commissioner.*

The SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

PROPOSED TAX ON METHYL ALCOHOL.

In connection with the question of securing additional revenue from distilled spirits by taxing spirits other than the ethyl alcohol now taxed, the following letter in which the proposition is made to levy a tax on methyl alcohol is now submitted for your further consideration:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
Washington, D. C., July 14, 1897.

SIR: I have the honor to respectfully invite your attention to the advisability of legislative action looking toward the supervision and possibly the taxing of purified wood or methyl alcohol, and desire to submit for your consideration certain facts which have recently been brought to the notice of this office, and certain results which have been arrived at in a preliminary investigation of this product.

The increase of tax upon distilled spirits by the act of August 28, 1894, greatly stimulated the production and use of wood spirits, and with this increased use has come an improvement in methods of manufacture and especially of rectifying or purifying. To such a degree of perfection have the manufacturers attained, that samples of the product of one establishment have been received by this office from revenue agents and special gaugers who were hardly able to distinguish it from grain spirits, and who found that rectifiers considered it potable and were willing to mix it with their whiskies. This is shown by attached report from Revenue Agent W. L. Pitts, dated May 10, 1897. This spirit is produced by the Manhattan Spirit Company, Buffalo, N. Y., and called "Columbian spirits." It is sold by them at $1.50 per gallon, double the price of their other grades of wood alcohol. Of this article Mr. Pierce, president of the Manhattan Spirit Company, says in his testimony before the Joint Select Committee appointed to consider the question of alcohol in the manufactures and arts (Senate Report No. 1141, p. 391):

"Mr. PIERCE. We reduced the price of the 97 per cent and the 95 per cent, but not of the Columbian spirit. We are selling a comparatively small amount of Columbian spirit, but in regard to that product I wish to say that it is absolutely pure methyl alcohol. It contains no impurities whatever, and it closely approaches grain alcohol in odor. We discovered how to make it in the Columbian year, and we called it Columbian spirit. We have been steadily improving on the quality, and we look forward, if we are permitted to exist, to making that product so fine that it may be used in the manufacture of perfumes and for many articles where it is not now used. It has been constant progress with us, and we also hope to be able to reduce the price of that grade very materially in the future, as our improved methods of manufacture warrant it."

A sample of Columbian spirit was examined in the laboratory of this office, and compared with chemically pure methyl alcohol made in Germany, with the following results:

	Chemically pure methyl alcohol.	Columbian spirit.
Specific gravity at $\frac{155° C}{15.5°}$	80,112	79,747
Boiling point, °C	65.5	65.5
Iodoform test	None.	None.

The results of the above, and of other tests, show that the two spirits are nearly identical, and prove Mr. Pierce's statement that the Columbian spirit is "absolutely pure methyl alcohol" to be practically, though not quite technically, true.

The facts established are these: Highly purified methyl alcohol, an article heretofore confined to the chemical laboratory, is being made and sold in quantities at a low price. It is entirely devoid of the disagreeable and nauseating taste and smell of ordinary wood alcohol, due to its impurities, which constitute its distinguishing mark, and prevent its use for drinking purposes.

No one who is not an expert can distinguish between ethyl and methyl alcohols in their pure condition. They have the same high volatility, the same agreeable vinous odor, and the same biting, pungent taste. Both mix with water in all proportions. Consequently methyl alcohol could take the place of ethyl alcohol, partially or wholly, in most alcoholic beverages, and none but highly educated palates could detect the difference.

The next question is, how would this substitution affect the health of the consumer? The manufacturers of Columbian spirit claim that such substitution is out of the question on account of the injurious effects of methyl alcohol upon the system.

Following is an extract from the testimony of Mr. Pierce upon this point (p. 391):

"The CHAIRMAN. Do you know of any experiments which have been made recently to see whether wood alcohol can be made drinkable?

"Mr. PIERCE. No, sir.

"The CHAIRMAN. You have not heard of such experiments?

"Mr. PIERCE. No, sir.

"The CHAIRMAN. Do you think it is possible?

"Mr. PIERCE. No, sir; I know it is not. We have the obituary notices of a number of gentlemen who have tried it. It is impossible.

"I wish to make a statement from some chemical knowledge of the product. It makes no difference how pure we may make wood alcohol, you may remove every impurity, and you still have its deadly effect on the human system.

"Senator JONES, of Arkansas. What causes that?

"Mr. PIERCE. When it is taken into the stomach it evaporates immediately, and the autopsies which have been performed on the people who have died from drinking it have shown that every blood vessel leading to the heart burst. It accelerates the action of the heart. In fact, its use is advocated in the United States Pharmacopœia in certain cases for that purpose.

"Representative MCMILLIN. To accelerate the heart action?

"Mr. PIERCE. Yes, sir.

"Senator JONES, of Arkansas. Is there any perceptible difference in that effect between the refined spirits of the high grade which you make and the other grades?

"Mr. PIERCE. There is no difference. You can not remove that quality. I think if I were going to take some wood alcohol I would rather take the crude, because it would be so nauseous to my stomach that perhaps I should be relieved of it before it had time to get in its deadly work.

"Senator JONES, of Arkansas. Does it kill everybody who drinks it, or does it only occasionally kill a man?

"Mr. PIERCE. It kills every man. You could take a teaspoonful without killing you, but a wineglassful would do it."

A manufacturer of crude wood alcohol, however, Mr. Clark, who testified before the same committee, held quite different views on this subject:

STATEMENT OF FRANKLIN S. CLARK.

"Mr. CLARK. I wish to state that in western North Carolina I have a factory for making wood alcohol. In Wilmington, N. C., I have another factory for refining wood alcohol. I have been engaged in the business for eleven years, under the supposition that the present conditions would continue. I believe if we have free alcohol it will stop both of my factories. That is the first thing.

"Another point is that with free alcohol I do not see how any means can be adopted to prevent its being used for drinking purposes, because wood alcohol is made so refined now that when it is mixed with common alcohol the mixture can be used for drinking purposes.

"The CHAIRMAN. In what proportion?

"Mr. CLARK. In the proportion of about 10 per cent. If you take 50 per cent of grain alcohol and 50 per cent of wood alcohol, and dilute it with water down to one-half, it has not a very distasteful effect upon the tongue, and if you take it down to 10 per cent I believe it may be used for drinking right along.

"The CHAIRMAN. Do you know that that is done, or is it simply your opinion that it might be done?

"Mr. CLARK. It is merely my opinion from the mixtures I have made and have had my men try to see whether they could drink it. I understand that wood alcohol is used to adulterate liquors. That is simply what I have heard. I do not know that it is true. I am firmly convinced that 10 per cent of wood alcohol in grain alcohol could be drank.

"The CHAIRMAN. You do not think that wood alcohol ought to be used in any way for drinking purposes without paying a tax?

"Mr. CLARK. No; I do not. But if you have free alcohol and methylation I see nothing to prevent a large amount of methylated spirits from being used for drinking purposes. That is a thing very easily tested. All you have to do is to take a sample of refined wood alcohol and common alcohol and mix them in that proportion and dilute them with water, and almost any man can drink it."

Compare, also, Mr. Pierce's admission, in another part of his testimony (p. 398):

"The CHAIRMAN. Do people drink methylated spirits?

"Mr. PIERCE. I would not want to do so, but they do somewhat. That is to say, a great many people in England do."

To disprove the radical statements of Mr. Pierce, I may here instance the fact that Dr. C. A. Crampton, the chemist of this office, in an experiment upon himself a few weeks ago, took over 2 ounces of Columbian spirit internally, in half-ounce doses, suitably diluted, the whole being taken inside of five hours. No serious discomfort followed. This result, in the case of a person unaccustomed to alcohol, is sufficient to prove that methyl alcohol has not the serious toxic effect upon the human system that would be inferred from the testimony quoted. It is misleading under any circumstances to call methyl alcohol a "poison," and to instance deaths which have occurred from taking it as establishing its character as such. All the substances used by man as stimulants or narcotics are poisons in the sense that they produce an injurious effect when taken in sufficient quantities. Ethyl alcohol is a very active therapeutic agent, large quantities producing immediate death by nerve paralysis, less quantities death within a few hours by venous congestion, and its habitual use producing numerous inflammatory and tissue-destroying diseases. The physiological effect of methyl alcohol is very similar, and the important point to be determined is the relative toxicity of the two agents.

This has been the subject of many scientific experiments, especially in Europe, and this office is now engaged in collecting the recorded results. For the purpose of this report it will be sufficient to quote the description of the physiological action of the different alcohols, including ethyl and methyl, as given by Brunton, in his work, "Pharmacology, Therapeutics, and Materia Medica," page 648.

Speaking of methyl, ethyl, propyl, and amyl alcohols, he says:

"These alcohols have all a toxic action when given in sufficiently large doses. The general effect they produce on the organism appears to be much the same in all, viz, paralysis, affecting the nerve centers in the inverse order of their development. Their lethal power and the symptoms they produce are modified by their physical character, such as their solubility in water, and their volatility, for if they are not readily soluble in water they can not be readily absorbed, and probably will not be readily excreted. Their toxic power increases with their atomic weight, so that a less quantity of the higher alcohols will produce death. This is shown in the following table by Dujardin-Beaumets. It will be noticed, however, that the lowest term and also the highest terms of the series form exceptions. This may possibly be due to rapid absorption as compared with excretion (p. 56) in the case of methylic alcohol, and to slow absorbtion in the case of œnanthic and caprylic alcohols:

Kind of alcohol.		Mean toxic dose in grams per kilogram weight of the animal.	
		Pure.	Diluted.
Nonfermented	Methylic alcohol, CH_4O	.....	7
Fermented	Ethylic alcohol, C_2H_6O	8	7.75
	Propylic alcohol, C_3H_8O	3.9	3.75
	(Icopropylic) alcohol (C_3H_8O)	.....	(3.7 to 3.8)
	Butylic alcohol, $C_4H_{10}O$	2	1.85
	Amylic alcohol, $C_5H_{12}O$	1.7	1.50
Nonfermented	Œnanthylic alcohol, C_7H_6O	8	.....
	Caprylic alcohol, $C_8H_{18}O$	7 to 7.5	.....

"All the alcohols produce symptoms, which are divided by Dujardin-Beaumets into three stages. These stages are modified by (*a*) the kind of alcohol used, (*b*) its quantity, and (*c*) the resistance of the subjects.

"Ethylic alcohol has the most typical action, and in poisoning by it all the stages succeed one another in regular order. In the case of the other alcohols obtained by fermentation the stages are also regular, but the farther the alcohol is from ethylic, the less regular do the stages become. They succeed one another more rapidly, their character is less marked, and convulsive phenomena appear.

"In the case of methylic alcohol the excitement is greater, the subsequent stages succeed one another more quickly, and reach their acme sooner; but if the dose be insufficient to cause death, the effects pass off more quickly.

"In the case of œnanthic and caprylic alcohol, the stages do not present the same regularity, and convulsions occur.

"All the alcohols now mentioned lower the temperature.

"On post-mortem examination after acute poisoning by alcohols, the blood, stomach, intestines, liver, lungs, and kidneys are found to be affected. It is possible, however, that some of these poisons are not to be regarded as specific consequences of the action of alcohol, but rather as due to the death by asphyxia which ensued from the respiratory paralysis. The blood is of a dark color, and forms clots in the heart. When the alcohol is given by the mouth the stomach and intestines are much congested and softened, the congestion being greater when the alcohol is undiluted. When the alcohol is injected subcutaneously, the stomach is little altered, but the intestine is congested, the congestion being probably due, according to Dujardin-Beaumets, to elimination of the alcohol by the intestinal mucous membrane. The liver is the gland most affected; it is congested, soft, and friable. The spleen is also gorged with blood, and soft. The lungs are congested with small extravasations, which are most abundant when the alcohol has been given by the mouth. Hemorrhages are observed in the kidneys, especially in the case of the non-fermented alcohols."

It will be seen from the above that this authority places the toxicity of methyl alcohol only about one-eighth higher than ethyl alcohol. More recent experiments seem to tend toward a greater difference, however, especially in chronic or long-continued use, the difficult elimination of methyl alcohol from the system making it more dangerous.

It may safely be concluded, however, that there is not enough difference in the toxicity of the two alcohols to prevent the consumption of methyl alcohol in spirituous beverages if it were substituted for ethyl alcohol. The possibility of such substitution of the pure, or partially purified, wood alcohol has been long recognized by other countries, as will be sufficiently evident from the following extract from the inland-revenue laws of Great Britain:

[Part XXX, section 133.]

"(1) Any liquid containing methylic alcohol so purified or otherwise prepared by filtration or any other process as to be free, wholly or partially, from any flavor or odor which would otherwise pertain to it, shall be deemed to be low wines, and to have been so prepared for the purpose of distilling spirits therefrom, and shall be chargeable with duty and otherwise subject to the regulations to which spirits are subject under part 1 of this act.

"(2) Provided that the Commissioners may, if they think fit, dispense with or modify those regulations with respect to any such preparation."

There can be no doubt of the urgent necessity for an official supervision and control of the manufacture and sale of the article in this country.

An enactment by Congress placing a sufficient tax upon it to pay the expense of its supervision (as in the case of filled cheese, for example) would be the very least that could be done to meet the exigencies of the matter.

There are many strong arguments, however, in favor of placing a revenue-producing tax upon it.

The raw material is abundant and cheap; the process of manufacture comparatively simple; the uses and applications are rapidly increasing, and the industry appears fully as well able to bear a reasonable tax as the grain-alcohol industry which it is supplanting.

Although the manufacturers do not admit that it is or can be used in beverages, they do urge its capability of replacing ethyl alcohol for many other purposes. And they claim that, if present conditions continue, in a very few years it will have superseded the taxed article entirely for all industrial uses, and for all medicinal purposes where it is used externally. Should these expectations be realized, and from present indications there is no reason whatever to doubt their realization, a very serious reduction in the amount of tax collected from distilled spirits by this office must be anticipated.

It is a fact not generally understood, perhaps, that a very considerable fraction of the tax paid upon distilled spirits is derived from alcohol used for other than beverage purposes. And it is also unfortunate that this office is unable, from the means at its disposal, to give an exact estimate of this amount.

Estimates previously made, however (see letter of Commissioner Miller to Secretary Carlisle, August 27, 1894), have placed the figure at 9,000,000 proof gallons, yielding a revenue of $10,000,000. A tax upon methyl alcohol at one-half the rate now imposed upon ethyl alcohol, viz, 55 cents per proof gallon, would yield as follows:

Upon present production, amounting to 1,500,000 gallons, equal to 3,000,000 proof gallons (see Mr. Pierce's testimony, p. 368)	$1,650,000
Upon 9,000,000 gallons ethyl alcohol displaced	4,950,000
Total	6,600,000

This would go a considerable way toward making up the deficit, and would, in the opinion of this office, amply meet all the requirements of the case.

Respectfully yours, G. W. WILSON, *Acting Commissioner.*

The SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

WITHDRAWAL OF PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS.

The quantity of each month's product of spirits in distillery warehouses July 1, 1896, which was withdrawn during the year ended June 30, 1897, is shown in the following statement:

[In taxable gallons.]

Product of—	In warehouse July 1, 1896.	Withdrawn during the year ended June 30, 1897.	Remaining in warehouse June 30, 1897.
1891.			
Prior to August, 1891	97.8	97.8	
August	46,940.6	10,843.1	36,097.5
September	86,696.1	1,311	85,385.1
October	207,321.9	80,686.5	126,635.4
November	369,103.9	99,978.9	269,125
December	1,092,881.2	338,677.5	754,203.7
1892.			
January	1,626,462.5	479,040.7	1,147,421.8
February	2,354,712.7	694,074	1,660,638.7
March	3,208,369.3	879,165	2,329,204.3
April	3,375,436.8	915,221.3	2,460,215.5
May	3,499,763.5	944,079.9	2,555,683.6
June	2,052,627.5	582,304	1,470,323.5
July	540,266.6	144,556.2	395,710.4
August	200,764.2	26,239	174,525.2
September	473,945.5	135,174.9	338,770.6
October	1,022,671.3	275,381.7	747,289.6
November	2,130,071.2	657,052.9	1,473,018.3
December	3,742,405.2	957,570.2	2,784,835
1893.			
January	4,634,606.1	1,222,223.6	3,412,382.5
February	4,978,540.6	1,096,706.5	3,881,834.1
March	5,978,552.8	1,400,369.4	4,578,183.4
April	5,732,872.6	1,349,729.7	4,383,142.9
May	5,757,701.5	1,216,205.2	4,541,496.3
June	2,208,231	298,120.8	1,910,110.2
July	307,106.1	74,370.1	232,736
August	179,974.2	33,584.8	146,389.4
September	311,022.8	49,421.3	261,601.5
October	450,795.6	61,586.6	389,209
November	823,797.8	178,412.8	645,385
December	1,527,997.5	287,710.3	1,240,287.2
1894.			
January	2,342,571.2	422,780	1,919,791.2
February	2,592,333.2	406,536.4	2,185,796.8
March	3,317,433.4	428,036	2,889,397.4
April	3,606,835	497,786.4	3,109,048.6
May	3,787,262.7	409,824.5	3,377,438.2
June	1,524,648.5	168,312.1	1,356,336.4
July	357,998.5	74,712.1	283,286.4
August	137,010	23,196.9	113,813.1
September	367,723.6	51,182.7	316,540.9
October	990,295.2	94,726	895,569.2
November	1,539,573.4	210,162	1,329,411.4
December	2,841,294.4	336,903.8	2,504,390.6
1895.			
January	3,525,256.5	342,058.7	3,183,197.8
February	3,745,189.7	387,004.5	3,358,185.2
March	4,501,688.5	406,146.1	4,095,542.4
April	5,313,184.2	396,573	4,916,611.2
May	5,604,232	571,717.8	5,032,514.2
June	2,481,812.3	279,953.9	2,201,858.4
July	422,657.1	102,902.9	319,754.2
August	163,839.9	39,070.7	124,769.2
September	181,772.1	24,746.2	157,025.9
October	382,474.3	50,314.6	332,159.7
November	1,689,772.3	608,293.7	1,081,478.6
December	3,892,551.2	1,096,709.2	2,795,842
1896.			
January	5,314,480.1	1,548,665.3	3,765,814.8
February	5,487,131	1,446,259.2	4,040,871.8
March	6,361,832.3	1,794,387.3	4,567,445
April	6,872,629.6	1,969,285.5	4,903,344.1
May	6,391,460	1,969,152	4,422,308
June	4,668,442.5	2,624,881.8	2,043,560.7
Total	149,327,121.1	33,272,177	116,054,944.1

DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPIRITS LOST BY LEAKAGE OR EVAPORATION IN WAREHOUSE DURING THE YEAR.

QUANTITY, IN TAXABLE GALLONS, OF EACH KIND OF SPIRITS AS KNOWN TO THE TRADE LOST BY LEAKAGE FROM DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.	High wines.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Aggregate.	Specific kinds of spirits reported in miscellaneous column.
Alabama								227.8	227.8	Corn whisky.
Arkansas	20.5	67.4						4,026.3	4,114.2	Do.
First California	7	397.3	161.5				73	251.7	890.5	Spirits.
Fourth California								2.5	2.5	Malt whisky.
Colorado		2.2						2	4.2	Corn whisky.
Connecticut					2,003.6				2,003.6	
Georgia								1,860.6	1,860.6	Corn whisky.
First Illinois	147.6	2,068.5	54.6		520.4			27,250.9	30,042	Whisky and spirits.
Fifth Illinois		9,840.5	19,710.7		90.6	3.6	156,689.4	32,946.2	219,281	Whisky.
Eighth Illinois	139.5	104.9	558.5			1,038	21,586.5	26,314.1	49,741.5	Spirits, corn in excess.
Thirteenth Illinois	411.5	20.4	85.1				85.6	1,110.4	1,713	Corn whisky.
Sixth Indiana	5,314.5	2,430	22		7.3	.9	674	56,308.2	64,756.9	Whisky, malt and potato.
Seventh Indiana	748	27	1,264.4				1,708.1	26,109.6	29,857.1	Whisky and spirits.
Second Kentucky	174,079.4	557	1.5		6.1		952.3		175,596.3	
Fifth Kentucky	825,000.7	60,395.7						2,707.7	888,104.1	Malt.
Sixth Kentucky	169,052	43,814.3	118.7	4,384.2	102.3		33.4	79,319.2	296,824.1	Whisky and spirits.
Seventh Kentucky	217,647.6	22,398.3	26.6					684.2	240,756.7	Malt whisky and wheat whisky.
Eighth Kentucky	302,370.8	13,310.3						112.4	315,793.5	Malt whisky.
Louisiana			1,125.1		.6		2,290.3	515.3	3,931.3	Whisky.
Maryland		231,838.2	226.8		185.1		13,945.3	4,624.8	250,820.2	Corn whisky.
Third Massachusetts				21,835	1,296.5				23,131.5	
Minnesota	912.9	175.2	2,236.5		2.4			8,356	11,683	Whisky and spirits.
First Missouri	10,212.2	1,546	326.8				4,726.7	3,149.9	19,961.6	Whisky and white corn whisky.
Sixth Missouri	7,250.6	236.5							7,487.1	
Nebraska	836.2	868.7	172.8				1,933	1,981	5,791.7	Whisky.
New Hampshire				883.6					883.6	
Fifth New Jersey		14,602.3	752		83.5		882.5		16,320.3	
First New York			213.4	240.9	4.9		190.5	237.3	887	Do.
Twenty-eighth New York	1,701	1,700.8					11.4	205.5	3,618.7	Malt whisky.
Fourth North Carolina		35.9						835.5	871.4	Corn whisky.
Fifth North Carolina								1,627.3	1,627.3	Do.
First Ohio	27,996.6	32,190.4	575		87.1	46.6		61,126.3	122,022	Whisky, malt, corn, and spirits.
Tenth Ohio	4,049.9	175.4							4,225.3	
Eleventh Ohio	2,424.4	1,142.7	47.6		15.5		986.2	2,263.5	6,879.9	Corn, wheat, and malt whisky.

Eighteenth Ohio	447.3	3,741.5						278	4,466.8	Whisky, malt, wheat, sugar, and cherry.
Oregon	148.8	88.7					11	45.2	293.7	Wheat whisky.
First Pennsylvania		52,865.4							52,865.4	
Ninth Pennsylvania		31,715.7						79.2	31,794.9	Wheat and malt whisky.
Twelfth Pennsylvania		3,805.3						362.1	4,167.4	Wheat whisky.
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	12	496,907.9						5,683.6	502,603.5	Whisky, wheat and malt.
South Carolina								345.5	345.5	Corn whisky.
Second Tennessee								485	485	Do.
Fifth Tennessee	6							44,836.4	44,842.4	Do.
Fourth Texas		25.5						1,055	1,080.5	Do.
Second Virginia		22.1						83.3	105.4	Do.
Sixth Virginia		10,386.2			18			745.7	11,149.9	Do.
West Virginia	1,403.1	26,842.9						505.9	28,751.9	Rye malt.
First Wisconsin	4,457.8	3,918.7	1,087.8		305.3	11.7	179	6,955.1	16,915.4	Whisky.
Total	1,756,797.9	1,070,265.8	28,767.4	27,343.7	4,729.2	1,100.8	206,958.2	405,616.2	3,501,579.2	
Lost by leakage during the year ended June 30, 1896.	1,214,550.5	787,605.3	25,875	21,511.9	5,386.6	5,109.9	188,785.8	365,958.6	2,614,783.6	

The increase of leakage allowed as compared with the year 1896 is 886,795.6 gallons, and is distributed among the different kinds of spirits known to the trade as follows:

Increase of leakage allowed for—	Gallons.
Bourbon whisky	542,247.4
Rye whisky	282,660.5
Alcohol	2,892.4
Rum	5,831.8
Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits	18,172.4
Miscellaneous	39,657.6
Total increase	891,462.1
Decrease of leakage allowed for—	Gallons.
Gin	657.4
High wines	4,009.1
Total decrease	4,666.5
Net increase	886,795.6

DISTILLED SPIRITS ALLOWED FOR LOSS BY LEAKAGE OR EVAPORATION IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES.

The quantity of spirits (3,501,579.2 gallons) reported in the preceding table as lost by leakage or evaporation in warehouse is that portion of actual leakage in warehouse from packages withdrawn during the year which has been allowed in accordance with the provisions of section 17 of the act of May 28, 1880, and section 50 of the act of August 28, 1894.

The following statement shows the quantity of spirits, as per original gauge, withdrawn from warehouse for all purposes during the stated period, and the amount and percentage of leakage allowed thereon under the provisions of the act named:

Year.	Total quantity withdrawn.	Leakage allowed.	Percentage of withdrawals.
	Gallons.	*Gallons.*	
1880	78,199,283	75,834	.096
1881	84,335,900	811,466	.962
1882	80,281,611	1,231,336	1.533
1883	83,291,190	2,291,013	2.750
1884	92,022,593	3,858,494	4.193
1885	*a* 90,925,782	4,424,314	4.866
1886	*b* 78,566,767	1,806,868	2.299
1887	70,782,951	1,833,681	2.591
1888	74,391,751	2,209,327	2.969
1889	81,879,458	3,145,111	3.841
1890	88,066,945	2,932,249	3.329
1891	92,761,985	2,420,256	2.609
1892	100,094,159	3,532,810	3.529
1893	108,353,427	5,072,164	4.681
1894	99,107,108	5,626,803	5.677
1895	*c* 82,681,445.2	3,533,171.1	4.273
1896	*d* 73,664,134	2,614,783.6	3.549
1897	*e* 74,662,498.8	3,501,579.2	4.689

a Includes 7,750,696 gallons stamped for export not actually withdrawn.
b Includes 2,494,091 gallons stamped for export not actually withdrawn.
c Includes 2,216,452.2 gallons transferred to general bonded warehouses and on which leakage will be allowed on final withdrawal.
d Includes 7,408,518 gallons transferred to general bonded warehouses and on which leakage will be allowed on final withdrawal.
e Includes 4,358,010 gallons transferred to general bonded warehouses and on which leakage will be allowed on final withdrawal.

EXPORTATION OF DISTILLED SPIRITS.

1. BY DISTRICTS, WITHDRAWN FROM DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES IN 1896.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Aggregate.	Specific kinds of spirits reported in miscellaneous column.
First California		548.3			146.7			695	
Fifth Illinois			108,906.8			2,587.6	4,571.4	116,065.8	"Whisky."
Eighth Illinois			26,731.5			4,746.8		31,478.3	
Sixth Indiana	1,187.5							1,187.5	
Seventh Indiana			43,409.6				2,988.5	46,398.1	Spirits and "whisky."
Second Kentucky	388							388	
Fifth Kentucky	32,747.8	827.5						33,575.3	
Sixth Kentucky	4,519.9	664		158.6			465.6	5,808.1	"Whisky" and spirits.
Seventh Kentucky	9,181.7	835.9						10,017.6	
Eighth Kentucky	2,783.3							2,783.3	
Louisiana			23,939.8		769.3		92.2	24,801.3	"Whisky."
Maryland		548.3						548.3	
Third Massachusetts				812,100				812,100	
First New York			2,272.1					2,272.1	
First Ohio	266.5	812.1	20,427.2		93.1			21,598.9	
Twenty-third Pennsylvania		8,374.6						8,374.6	
Fifth Tennessee							839.3	839.3	Do.
Total	51,074.7	12,610.7	225,687	812,258.6	1,009.1	7,334.4	8,957	1,118,931.5	
Withdrawn during year ended June 30, 1895.	77,825	21,576.2	165,608.7	987,587.8	224.3	37,249.7	20,753.6	1,310,825.3	
More than in 1895			60,078.3		784.8				
Less than in 1895	26,750.3	8,965.5		175,329.2		29,915.3	11,796.6	191,893.8	

EXPORTATION OF DISTILLED SPIRITS—Continued.

2. BY DISTRICTS, WITHDRAWN FROM DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES IN 1897.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Aggregate.	Specific kinds of spirits reported in miscellaneous column.
First California		88.8				1,202.4	2,348.5	3,639.7	Spirits.
Fifth Illinois		507.3	227,141.5			2,127.8	5,794.5	235,571.1	"Whisky."
Eighth Illinois			60,103.2			2,707.5	1,031.9	63,842.6	
Sixth Indiana	303.7							303.7	
Seventh Indiana			2,779.1			7,390.5	21,354.6	31,524.2	Spirits and "whisky."
Second Kentucky	173,362.9							173,362.9	
Fifth Kentucky	44,299.8	1,701.2						46,001	
Sixth Kentucky	14,249.2	605.8		128.5			6,489.1	21,472.6	"Whisky" and spirits.
Seventh Kentucky	97,643.9	1,831.9						99,475.8	
Eighth Kentucky	204,225.8							204,225.8	
Louisiana			25,378		441.9	125,246.6	2,968.3	154,034.8	"Whisky."
Maryland		1,427.2						1,427.2	
Third Massachusetts				791,543.1				791,543.1	
Fifth New Jersey			23,608.7					23,608.7	
First New York			168,734.4			12,736		181,470.4	
First Ohio		1,438.4	1,055.8				2,042.4	4,536.6	Whisky, corn and malt, and spirits.
Ninth Pennsylvania		165.4						165.4	
Twenty-third Pennsylvania		6,200.9						6,200.9	
Total	534,085.3	13,966.9	508,800.7	791,671.6	441.9	151,410.8	42,029.3	2,042,406.5	
Withdrawn during year ended June 30, 1896.	51,074.7	12,610.7	225,687	812,258.6	1,009.1	7,334.4	8,957	1,118,931.5	
More than in 1896	483,010.6	1,356.2	283,113.7			144,076.4	33,072.3	923,475	
Less than in 1896				20,587	567.2				

The quantity of spirits (2,042,406.5 gallons) withdrawn for exportation during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, is greater than the quantity (1,118,931.5 gallons) so withdrawn during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, by 923,475 gallons, the decrease being distributed among the different kinds known to the trade as follows:

Increase in the withdrawals of—	Gallons.
Bourbon whisky	483,010.6
Rye whisky	1,356.2
Alcohol	283,113.7
Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits	144,076.4
Miscellaneous	33,072.3
Total increase	944,629.2

	Gallons.	
Decrease in withdrawals of—		
Rum	20,587	
Gin	567.2	
Total decrease		21,154.2
Net increase		923,475

EXPORTATION OF DISTILLED SPIRITS—Continued.

3. BY FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC PORTS FROM DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES IN 1896.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

Port to which exported.	Bourbon whisky.														
	Baltimore.	Boston.	Buffalo.	Detroit.	El Paso.	Eagle Pass.	Eastport.	Laredo.	Mobile.	New Orleans.	New York.	Newport News.	Nogales.	San Francisco.	Seattle.
Acajutla, Central America															397.3
Belize, Central America										840.2					
Bermuda, West Indies											965				
Bluefields, Central America										959.6					
Bonnilo, Spain										420.9					
Bremen, Germany	14,826.6														
Caracas, South America											79.9				
Copenhagen, Denmark											495.3				
Diaz, Mexico						1,110.4				413					
Geneva, Switzerland											40.1				
Guaymas, Mexico													209.8		
Hamburg, Germany	2,752.5											11,362.4			
Honolulu, Sandwich Islands											474.9				
Juan Lopes, Central America										838.9					
Juarez, Mexico					4,357.3										
La Guayra, South America											200.3				
La Libertad, Central America														134.4	
Livingstone, Central America									986.2						
Liverpool, England											82.6				
London, England											611				
Mexico, Mexico					211.2	253.5		2,514.6							
Montreal, Canada			253.9	249.9											
New Laredo, Mexico								392.5							
Nogales, Mexico													588.6		
Port Limon, Central America										624.9	198.2				
Puerto Cortez, Mexico										198					
Rama, Central America										428.7					
Rotterdam, Netherlands											40				
San Jose, Central America										44.8				756.8	
St. John, Canada		729.5					120.4						183.9		
Shanghai, China											235.3				
Tampico, Mexico									85.1		406.3				
Total	17,579.1	729.5	253.9	249.9	4,568.5	1,363.9	120.4	2,907.1	1,071.3	4,769	3,828.9	11,362.4	982.3	891.2	397.3

Port to which exported.	Alcohol.										Gin.		Rum.		
	Boston.	Brownsville.	Eagle Pass.	El Paso.	Laredo.	Mobile.	New Orleans.	New York.	Port Huron.	San Francisco.	New Orleans.	San Francisco.	Boston.	New York.	Toledo.
Acajutla, Central America										6,438.4					
Alexandria, Egypt														4,465	
Axim, West Coast of Africa													56,977		
Bermuda, West Indies								435.6							
Bluefields, Central America											93.1				
Bocas del Toro, Central America							2,159.8				330.3				
Capleton, Canada									44,037.5						
Carracas, Venezuela								179.2							
Colon, Central America								1,568.2							
Diaz, Mexico			444.7												
Elmina, Africa													525,253.2		
Grand Basam, Africa													84,065.5		
Grey Town, Central America								4,406.9							
Hamburg, Germany								2,150							
Honolulu, Sandwich Islands												100.8			
Hull, England													4,966.7		
Juarez, Mexico				18,356.4											
Liverpool, England													127,969.7		
Livingston, Guatemala											341.8				
London, England								89.4							
Matamoras, Mexico		17,333.3					4,446.7								
Mexico, Mexico					174.2										
Nassau, West Indies								265.6							
Port au Prince, West Indies								434.5							
Prescott, Canada									116,764.4						
San Andres, Spain						881.7									
San Domingo, San Domingo								87.1							
San José, Central America												45.9			
Santo Tomas, West Indies											97.2				
Sydney, Australia								850.1							
Sierra Leone, Africa													3,828.4		
Smyrna, Turkey													4,574.5		
St. Pierre, Miquelon	526.3														
Tampico, Mexico								1,129.5							
Toronto, Canada															158.6
Yokohama, Japan										2,527.5					
Total	526.3	17,333.3	444.7	18,356.4	174.2	881.7	6,606.5	11,596.1	160,801.9	8,965.9	862.4	146.7	807,635	4,465	158.6

EXPORTATION OF DISTILLED SPIRITS—Continued.

8. BY FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC PORTS FROM DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES IN 1896—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

Port to which exported.	Rye whisky.					Miscellaneous.					Pure, neutral, and cologne spirits.	
	Baltimore.	El Paso.	New Orleans.	New York.	San Francisco.	Boston.	Brownsville.	New Orleans.	New York.	Laredo.	Detroit.	New York.
Belize, Central America			188.8					434.5				
Bermuda, West Indies									2,753.4			4,317.4
Bluefields, Central America			529.1					1,166.6				
Bremen, Germany	7,507.4			40.9								
Brussels, Belgium				189.8								
Bordeaux, France									174.4			
British Honduras, Central America								433				
Buenos Ayres, South America				73.1								
Cape Haitien, West Indies												429.4
Ceiba, Central America								218.6				
Coatzacoalas, Mexico				39.9								
Colon, Central America									407.3			
Copenhagen, Denmark				123.5								
Corinto, Central America				198.3								
Geneva, Switzerland				39.4								
Grey Town, Central America								651.8				
Guaymas, Mexico					45.3							
Hamburg, Germany	664			112.2								690.7
Havana, Cuba				40.6								
Havre, France				193								
Juan Lopez, Central America								215.8				
Juarez, Mexico		120										
La Libertad, Central America					314.3							
Livingston, Guatemala			191.5					92.2				
London, England				606.2								
Matamoras, Mexico							219.2					
Melbourne, Australia				39.2								1,808.6
Mexico, Mexico		182.7								432		
Nassau, West Indies				40.3								
Port Limon, Central America				223.9								
Rotterdam, Netherlands				223.7								
San Jose, Central America			45.3		50.5							
Sydney, Australia									1,292.6			
Shanghai, China				39								
St. John's, Canada						465.6						
Tampico, Mexico				39.2								
Toronto, Canada											88.3	
Valparaiso, South America				36.2								
Vera Cruz, Mexico				20.9								

Yokohama, Japan					452.5								
Total	8,171.4	302.7	954.7	2,319.3	862.6	465.6	219.2	3,212.5	4,627.7	432	88.3	7,246.1	

4. BY FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC PORTS FROM DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES IN 1897.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

Port to which exported.	Bourbon.													
	Baltimore.	Boston.	Buffalo.	Eagle Pass.	El Paso.	Laredo.	Mobile.	New Orleans.	New York.	Nogales.	Pensacola.	Port Townsend.	San Diego.	San Francisco.	Seattle.
Acajulta, Central America															1,249.9
Belize, Central America								220							
Bluefields, Central America							2,976.4	218.5							
Bremen, Germany	470,171														
Cape Town, Africa									311.5						
Cape Gracias, Central America									40.7						
Ceiba, Central America								130.4							
Chihuahua, Mexico							418.7								
Diaz, Mexico				436										244.6	
Ensenada, Argentina													320		
Frankfort, Germany									82.1						
Geneva, Switzerland									39						
Glasgow, Scotland									195						
Guaymas, Mexico										1,359.4					
Halifax, Nova Scotia									349.2						
Hamburg, Germany	35,839.2								284.1						
Juarez, Mexico					4,591										
London, England									1,802.3						
Livingston, Central America								824.3							
Mexico, Mexico				82.9		2,873.5				40.8	75.2				
Montreal, Canada			146.8												
Nogales, Mexico										38.9					
Nagasaki, Japan												37.4			
Port Barrios, Central America								291.5							
Port Limon, Central America								3,201.9							
Rama, Central America								423.5							
San Juan del Sur, Central America									187.3						
Shanghai, China									412.4						
Sonora, Mexico										184.9					
St. John's, Canada		2,846.8							115.7						
Tampico, Mexico											802.6				
Yokohama, Japan									37.4						
Tax-paid						182.5									
Total	506,010.2	2,846.8	146.8	518.9	4,591	3,056	3,395.1	5,310.1	3,856.7	1,624.0	877.8	37.4	320	244.6	1,249.9

EXPORTATION OF DISTILLED SPIRITS—Continued.

4. BY FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC PORTS FROM DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES IN 1897—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

Port to which exported.	Rye.									Gin.
	Baltimore.	Eagle Pass.	Laredo.	New Orleans.	New York.	Nogales.	Pensacola.	Port Townsend.	Tacoma.	New Orleans.
Bocas del Toro, Central America										201.9
Bremen, Germany	5,963.1									
Cape Town, Africa					39.8					
Coatzacolas, Mexico					207.5					
Copenhagen, Denmark					176.3					
Diaz, Mexico		39.5								
Guaymas, Mexico						41.9				
Hamburg, Germany	1,851				204.6					
Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands					840.5					
Livingston, Central America										91.7
London, England					1,792.4					
Mexico, Mexico		119.1	711.8							
Montevideo, Uruguay					191					
Nagasaki, Japan								168		
Port Barrios, Central America				115.4						52.1
Port Limon, Central America				374.7	184.6					96.2
Shanghai, China					180.8					
Tampico, Mexico					238.2		397.2			
Vera Cruz, Mexico					42					
Yokohama, Japan									46.9	
Tax paid					40.6					
Total	7,814.1	158.6	711.8	490.1	4,138.3	41.9	397.2	168	46.9	441.9

Port to which exported.	Alcohol.										
	Brownsville.	Detroit.	Eagle Pass.	El Paso.	Island Pond, Vt.	Laredo.	New Orleans.	Newport, Vt.	New York.	Port Huron.	San Francisco.
Acajulta, Central America											15,810.8
Bermuda, West Indies									3,040.3		
Bocas del Toro, South America							1,764				
Capeton, Canada								43,381.4		22,754.8	
Colon, South America									3,145.3		
Curaçoa, West Indies			1,869.7						443.7		
Grey Town, Central America									12,971.7		

Hamburg, Germany									95,637.8		
Inagua, Bahama Islands									86.1		
Juarez, Mexico				15,546.8							
London, Canada		522.7									
London, England									2,207.6		
Matamoras, Mexico	5,436										
Marseilles, France									44,838.3		
Mexico, Mexico			86.1			2,782					
Montreal, Canada										251.5	
Panama, South America									86.1		
Port au Prince, West Indies									1,777.3		
Port Limon, Central America							8,715.5				
Punta Arenas, Central America											9,462.5
Prescott, Canada					64,479				5,679	34,277.4	
Puerto Plata, West Indies									91.8		
Santo Domingo, Santo Domingo									89.7		
St. Croix, Canada									90.4		
St. Thomas, West Indies									796.6		
Sydney, Australia									2,627.3		
Tampico, Mexico									351.9		
Yokohama, Japan									27,820.1		79,879.5
Total	5,436	522.7	1,955.8	15,546.8	64,479	2,782	10,479.5	43,381.4	201,781	57,283.7	105 152.8

EXPORTATION OF DISTILLED SPIRITS—Continued.

4. BY FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC PORTS FROM DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES IN 1897—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

Port to which exported.	Miscellaneous.									Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.					Rum.				
	Boston.	Brunswick.	El Paso.	Laredo.	Mobile.	New Orleans.	New York.	San Francisco.	Tacoma.	Boston.	El Paso.	New Orleans.	New York.	San Francisco.	Boston.	Detroit.	New York.	San Francisco.	Tacoma.
Acajulta, Central America								2,348.5						1,202.4					
Accra, Africa															24,529.3				
Axim, Africa															154,627.4				
Belize, Central America						4,600.9													
Bermuda, West Indies													2,616.7						
Bluefields, Central America					463.5	3,619.5													
Bonito, Italy						216.6													
Cape Coast, Africa															3,683.2				
Ceiba, Central America						214.6													
Dunedin, New Zealand							434												
Elmina, Africa										12,291.3					454,292.7				
Grey Town, Central America						220.2													
Hamburg, Germany							481.6												
Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands							3,662.6	2,617.6											
Hull, England															6,829.8				
Juarez, Mexico			453.2								440.4								
Juan Lopez, Central America						1,089													
Kobe, Japan																			449
Liverpool, England															140,500.7				
Livingston, Central America						131.9													
Mazagan, Africa		17,528																	
Melbourne, Australia													3,428.2						
Mexico, Mexico				175.2															
Port Limon, Central America						411.3						125,246.6							
Puerto Cortez, Mexico						1,761													
San Jose, Central America							175.3												
San Pedro, South America						217.5													
Shanghai, China															223.4				
St. Johns, Canada	1,074.9																		
St. Thomas, West Indies													90.8						
Sierra Leone, Africa															6,132.6				

Sydney, Australia													6,094.4					
Toronto, Canada															128.5			
Yokohama, Japan									89.9							138.7	136.3	
Tax paid							42.5											
Total	1,074.9	17,528	453.2	175.2	463.5	12,482.5	4,796	4,966.1	89.9	12,291.3	440.4	125,246.6	12,230.1	1,202.4	790,819.1	128.5	138.7	136.3	449

SPIRITS REMOVED IN BOND FOR EXPORT.

The following statement shows the quantity and percentage of production of distilled spirits removed in bond for export during each fiscal year since the passage of the act of June 6, 1872:

Year.	Taxable (proof) gallons exported.	Percentage of production.	Year.	Taxable (proof) gallons exported.	Percentage of production.
1873	2,358,630	3.45+	1886	5,646,656	7.02+
1874	4,060,160	5.90+	1887	2,223,913	2.85+
1875	587,413	.96+	1888	1,514,205	2.15+
1876	1,308,900	2.25+	1889	2,590,235	2.89+
1877	2,529,528	4.22+	1890	1,367,726	1.25+
1878	5,499,252	9.80+	1891	1,676,395	1.44+
1879	14,837,581	20.63+	1892	3,218,787	2.80+
1880	16,765,666	18.55+	1893	3,762,231	2.14+
1881	15,921,482	13.52+	1894	6,114,417	6.85+
1882	8,092,725	7.64+	1895	*a* 1,312,006.5	1.64+
1883	5,326,427	7.19+	1896	*b* 1,190,258.4	1.37+
1884	9,586,738	12.70+	1897	*c* 2,091,788.1	3.25+
1885	10,671,118	14.24+			

a 1,181.2 of this quantity withdrawn from general bonded warehouses.
b 71,326.9 of this quantity withdrawn from general bonded warehouses.
c 49,381.6 of this quantity withdrawn from general bonded warehouses.

STATEMENT, BY DISTRICTS AND KINDS, OF THE QUANTITY OF SPIRITS WITHDRAWN FROM DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES FOR SCIENTIFIC PURPOSES AND FOR THE USE OF THE UNITED STATES DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Aggregate.
First California			980.2	1,287.1	*a* 266.9	2,534.2
First Illinois			3,729.9			3,729.9
Fifth Illinois			16,936.9	446.2		17,383.1
Eighth Illinois			68,960.1	452.4		69,412.5
Thirteenth Illinois			4,232.3			4,232.3
Seventh Indiana			14,808.8			14,808.8
Second Kentucky			88.9			88.9
Seventh Kentucky		158.9	87.2			246.1
Eighth Kentucky	796.8					796.8
Louisiana			544.5	336.3		880.8
Maryland		1,234.3	1,953.8	19.2		3,207.3
Minnesota			1,226.2		*a* 90	1,316.2
First Missouri			1,109.2			1,109.2
Nebraska			3,354.1			3,354.1
First New York			16,183.3			16,183.3
Twenty-eighth New York			725.4			725.4
First Ohio			3,102.8			3,102.8
First Wisconsin			1,454.7			1,454.7
Total	796.8	1,393.2	139,478.3	2,541.2	356.9	144,566.4
Withdrawn during the year ended June 30, 1896	833.9	987	82,531.4	3,721.2	523.5	88,597

a Spirits.

INCREASED WITHDRAWALS OF SPIRITS FOR SCIENTIFIC PURPOSES AND USE OF THE UNITED STATES.

The preceding table shows an increase of spirits withdrawn for scientific purposes and for the use of the United States of 55,969.4 gallons over the quantity so withdrawn in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, as follows.

Increase in—	Gallons.
Rye	406.2
Alcohol	56,946.9
Total increase	57,353.1

Decrease in—	Gallons.
Bourbon	37.1
Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits	1,180
Miscellaneous	166.6
Total decrease	1,383.7
Net increase	55,969.4

TRANSFER OF SPIRITS FROM DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES TO MANUFACTURING WAREHOUSES.

QUANTITY OF SPIRITS WITHDRAWN FOR TRANSFER TO MANUFACTURING WAREHOUSES DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Rum.	Gin.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous (whisky)	Aggregate.	Specific kinds of spirits reported in miscellaneous column.
Fifth Illinois	.....	.....	.....	.....	113,249.2	2,100.9	115,350.1	Whisky.
Eighth Illinois	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,691.6	.....	7,691.6	
Seventh Indiana	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	797	797	Do.
Second Kentucky	1,486	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,486	
Seventh Kentucky	2,712	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,712	
Third Massachusetts	.....	.....	15,291.3	.....	.....	.....	15,291.3	
Minnesota	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,275.2	6,275.2	Whisky and spirits.
First Ohio	.....	1,130.6	.....	218.4	.....	6,422.3	7,771.3	Whisky, corn, malt, and spirits.
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	.....	959.7	.....	.....	.....	199.6	1,159.3	Whisky.
Total	4,198	2,090.3	15,291.3	218.4	120,940.8	15,795	158,533.8	
Withdrawn during the year ended June 30, 1896	1,946	5,626.5	10,101.5	220.7	94,949.5	14,646.2	127,490.4	

INCREASED TRANSFERS OF SPIRITS FROM DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES TO MANUFACTURING WAREHOUSES.

As compared with transfers in 1896, the above table shows an increase of 31,043.4 gallons in the quantity of spirits transferred to manufacturing warehouses, distributed as follows:

Increase in—	Gallons.
Bourbon	2,252
Rum	5,189.8
Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits	25,991.3
Miscellaneous	1,148.8
Total increase	34,581.9

Decrease in—	Gallons.
Rye	3,536.2
Gin	2.3
Total decrease	3,538.5
Net increase	31,043.4

SPIRITS LOST BY CASUALTY IN WAREHOUSE DURING THE YEAR.

QUANTITY OF SPIRITS LOST BY CASUALTY IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Gin.	Pure neutral or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Aggregate.	Specific kinds of spirits reported in miscellaneous column.
Alabama						484.2	484.2	Corn whisky.
Arkansas						901.6	901.6	Do.
Georgia						349.3	349.3	Corn.
First Illinois								
Fifth Illinois			88.7		.1	.9	89.7	Whisky.
Eighth Illinois						2	2	Spirits.
Thirteenth Illinois			.1				.1	
Sixth Indiana		5.8				43.3	49.1	Whisky.
Second Kentucky	1,742.9						1,742.9	
Fifth Kentucky	10,394.6						10,394.6	
Seventh Kentucky	1,545.3						1,545.3	
Eighth Kentucky	3,624.5						3,624.5	
Louisiana					.1		.1	
Maryland		2.1				.1	2.2	Corn whisky.
Third Massachusetts				.5			.5	
Minnesota	138.3						138.3	
Sixth Missouri	2.2						2.2	
New Mexico	22.5						22.5	
Fourth North Carolina						12,605.7	12,605.7	Do.
Fifth North Carolina		298.6				54,345.3	54,643.9	Do.
First Ohio		.7				5.1	5.8	Spirits.
Eleventh Ohio								
Eighteenth Ohio		.6					.6	
Oregon	2.5						2.5	
First Pennsylvania		.1					.1	
Twelfth Pennsylvania		18,838.7					18,838.7	
Twenty-third Pennsylvania		373.1					373.1	
South Carolina						1,470.2	1,470.2	Corn whisky.
Second Tennessee						1,465.5	1,465.5	Do.
Fifth Tennessee						13,944.5	13,944.5	Do.
Sixth Virginia		6,289.2				4,023.2	10,312.4	Do.
West Virginia		22.9					22.9	
Total	17,472.8	25,831.8	88.8	.5	.2	89,640.9	133,035	
Lost by casualty during year ended June 30, 1896.	1,401,777.7	178,847.6	3.4	.5	189.8	89,638.4	1,670,457.4	

CASUALTIES.

DISTILLED SPIRITS REPORTED AS LOST BY CASUALTY IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES, INCLUDING SEIZURES, FRAUDULENT REMOVALS, EXCESSIVE LEAKAGES, ETC., DURING THE FISCAL YEARS 1896 AND 1897.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Fire.	Other casualty.	Excessive leakage.	Leakage or theft.	Theft.	Seized.	Errors in gauge.	Total.
Alabama					47	437.2		484.2
Arkansas	105.6				795.8		.2	901.6
Georgia				91.7	135.1	120.3	2.2	349.3
Sixth Indiana		43.3					5.8	49.1
Fifth Illinois		88.7					1	89.7
Eighth Illinois							2	2
Thirteenth Illinois							.1	.1
Second Kentucky	1,593.4				143.7		5.8	1,742.9
Fifth Kentucky	10,387						7.6	10,394.6
Seventh Kentucky	1,239.5					298.9	6.9	1,545.3
Eighth Kentucky	2,288.2	122.7	321	873.2	10		9.4	3,624.5
Louisiana							.1	.1
Third Massachusetts							.5	.5
Maryland							2.2	2.2
New Mexico		22.5						22.5

DISTILLED SPIRITS REPORTED AS LOST BY CASUALTY IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES, INCLUDING SEIZURES, FRAUDULENT REMOVALS, EXCESSIVE LEAKAGES, ETC., DURING THE FISCAL YEARS 1896 AND 1897—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Fire.	Other casualty.	Excessive leakage.	Leakage or theft.	Theft.	Seized.	Errors in gauge.	Total.
Minnesota					138.3			138.3
Sixth Missouri							2.2	2.2
Fourth North Carolina					1,085.7	11,519.1	.9	12,605.7
Fifth North Carolina	2,231.1	363.6		50.1	1,284.7	50,661.8	52.6	54,643.9
First Ohio							5.8	5.8
Eighteenth Ohio							.6	.6
Oregon							2.5	2.5
First Pennsylvania							.1	.1
Twelfth Pennsylvania	18,791.9	46.8						18,838.7
Twenty-third Pennsylvania				372.1			1	373.1
South Carolina	545.7				46.5	878		1,470.2
Second Tennessee	185.9			88.4	73.6	1,111.7	5.9	1,465.5
Fifth Tennessee	13,208.7			725.4			10.4	13,944.5
Sixth Virginia	1,135.2			517.7	447	8,212.5		10,312.4
West Virginia		21.9					1	22.9
Total	51,712.2	709.5	321	2,718.6	4,207.4	73,239.5	126.8	133,035
Year 1896	1,589,792	2,552.2	277.4	2,573.2	7,544.9	67,553.1	164.6	1,670,457.4

SPIRITS LOST BY FIRE IN WAREHOUSES FOR THE LAST TWENTY-FIVE YEARS.

The following statement shows the quantity of spirits lost in distillery warehouses by fire during each of the last twenty-five calendar years. As it shows also the stock of spirits in warehouse at the close of each of the fiscal years 1872 to 1896, both inclusive, the percentage of loss on stock held may be readily computed:

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

Year.	In bond June 30.	Total loss.	Year.	In bond June 30.	Total loss.
1872	10,103,392	28,399	1886	58,096,620	181,198
1873	12,917,462	9,901	1887	65,145,269	112,722
1874	15,817,709	124,602	1888	61,030,236	18,925
1875	13,367,253	81,493	1889	68,509,288	32,252
1876	12,984,896	99,102	1890	89,718,271	1,160,769
1877	13,258,794	7,487	1891	112,921,457	50,431
1878	14,088,773	29,913	1892	127,596,339	48,944
1879	19,212,470	2,465	1893	147,894,694	1,975,766
1880	31,363,869	14,620	1894	137,993,078	58,728.5
1881	64,648,111	198,251	1895	136,402,552.1	27,655.1
1882	89,862,645	175,216	1896	149,327,121.1	1,585,299.2
1883	80,499,993	396,299			
1884	63,502,551	416,609	Total	1,650,987,759.2	6,946,076.8
1885	54,724,916	109,030			

[Average loss, $\frac{4}{100}$ of 1 per cent.]

The loss during the six months ended June 30, 1897, was 36,908.8 gallons, the stock on hand June 30, 1897, being 137,130,270.1 gallons.

There has not yet been any loss of distilled spirits by fire in any special bonded warehouse established under act of March 3, 1877, nor in any general bonded warehouse established under act of August 28, 1894.

DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPIRITS WITHDRAWN FROM DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES FOR TRANSFER TO GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES.

DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPIRITS, AS KNOWN TO THE TRADE, WITHDRAWN FROM DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, FOR TRANSFER TO GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.	High wines.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Specific kinds of spirits reported in miscellaneous column.
First California		1,725.8							1,725.8	
First Illinois					2,787				2,787	
Fifth Illinois			78,297.1		2,452.9	139.7	1,691,581.7	5,997.8	1,778,469.2	Whisky.
Eighth Illinois			39,361.6		193.6		76,562.6	258,600.1	374,717.9	Spirits, corn in excess.
Seventh Indiana			4,260.4				45,052	631,287	680,599.4	Whisky and spirits.
Second Kentucky	58,436.1	2,922.2			705.2		27,372.8		89,436.3	
Fifth Kentucky	261,678.6	14,207.3							275,885.9	
Sixth Kentucky	22,178.5	11,280.4			466.5			28,225.3	62,150.7	Whisky.
Seventh Kentucky	143,245	3,383.7						2,809.9	149,438.6	Malt and wheat whisky.
Eighth Kentucky	42,731								42,731	
Maryland		3,295.6							3,295.6	
Third Massachusetts				23,978.9					23,978.9	
Minnesota			48,325.7					194,536.2	242,861.9	Whisky and spirits.
First Missouri	3,454.9								3,454.9	
Nebraska		1,048.9	100,848.3		2,729.9		447,965.6	13,262.3	565,855	Whisky.
First Ohio		1,852.3						7,492.2	9,344.5	Whisky, corn and malt, and spirits.
Eleventh Ohio		1,164.5							1,164.5	
Twenty-third Pennsylvania		46,770.4							46,770.4	
Fifth Tennessee								703.3	763.3	Corn whisky.
First Wisconsin					2,639.2				2,639.2	
Total	531,724.1	87,651.1	271,093.1	23,978.9	11,974.3	139.7	2,288,534.7	1,142,914.1	4,358,010	
Withdrawn during the year ended June 30, 1896.	1,757,518.2	307,054.1	357,623.1	56,471.3	7,152.9		1,223,341	3,699,357.4	7,408,518	

DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPIRITS IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES JUNE 30, 1897.

QUANTITY, IN TAXABLE GALLONS, OF SPIRITS, AS KNOWN TO THE TRADE, REMAINING IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES JUNE 30, 1897.

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.	High wines.	Pure, neutral or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Aggregate.	Specific kinds of spirits reported in miscellaneous column.
Alabama								51,948.7	51,948.7	Corn whisky.
Arkansas	5,144.9							96,335.5	101,480.4	Do.
First California	469.2	15,199.8	2,247		1,228.3		4,535	1,783.3	25,462.6	Spirits.
Fourth California								2,399.6	2,399.6	Malt whisky.
Colorado		134						360	494	Corn whisky.
Connecticut					105,212.2				105,212.2	
Georgia		546.4						70,903.6	71,450	Do.
First Illinois		40,504	617.7		519.6			755.617.7	797,259	Whisky and spirits.
Fifth Illinois		380,596	308,272.9		98,416.1	233.9	4,124,795	1,088,501.8	6,000,815.7	Whisky.
Eighth Illinois	3,768	11,178.6	141,599.1		768.7	376.8	406,572.8	811,217.1	1,375,481.1	Spirits, corn in excess.
Thirteenth Illinois	36,991.1	469.5	4,141.6				632.2	4,631.8	46,866.2	Whisky.
Sixth Indiana	201,616.1	98,270.4	3,446.3		21,482.4	2,879.1	43.2	2,397,880.8	2,725,618.3	Whisky, malt and potato.
Seventh Indiana	18,378.4	1,296.8	48,809.9				6,337.3	310,313.8	385,136.2	Whisky and spirits.
Kansas	1,523.2							102.5	1,625.7	Wheat whisky.
Second Kentucky	6,239,839.5	46,315			1,755.6				6,287,910.1	
Fifth Kentucky	31,628,417.3	3,713,293.1						121,497.6	35,463,208	Malt.
Sixth Kentucky	6,129,008.5	1,856,965.9		31,080.3	5,414.4			2,410,494.9	10,432,964	Whisky.
Seventh Kentucky	12,003,287.3	1,939,113.2	1,569.3					46,843.6	13,990,813.4	Malt and wheat whisky.
Eighth Kentucky	13,498,341.2	793,656.1						3,756.7	14,295,754	Malt whisky.
Louisiana			53,837.3		4,546.3		66,977.6	59,927.9	185,289.1	Whisky.
Maryland		8,840,359.3	7,772.7		864.2		38,752.4	92,635.6	8,980,384.2	Corn whisky.
Third Massachusetts				744,391.5	52,776.8				797,168.3	
Minnesota	13,414.4	8,442.4	67,773.1		843.2			258,381.5	348,854.6	Whisky and spirits.
First Missouri	372,201.5	39,990.2	18,668.7				105,984.1	204,285.6	741,130.1	Whisky and white corn whisky.
Sixth Missouri	281,844.5	12,371.1							294,215.6	
Nebraska	69,521	37,157.1	83,333.4		1,303.8		294,777.3	58,791.6	544,884.7	Whisky.
New Hampshire				21,911.6					21,911.6	
Fifth New Jersey		511,201.2	8,082.3		5,123.5		18,083.8		542,490.8	
New Mexico	936								936	
First New York			394,974		10,680.5		16,151.7	10,643.9	432,450.1	Do.
Fourteenth New York		254.3							254.3	
Twenty-eighth New York	53,753.3	97,722.3	859.3		36,863.3		232.2	4,510.5	193,940.9	Malt whisky.
Fourth North Carolina		185						47,047.2	47,232.2	Corn whisky.
Fifth North Carolina								71,767.8	71,767.8	Do.
First Ohio	936,537.8	1,744,772.8	20,470.1		16,674.4	5,090		1,815,444.4	4,538,989.5	Whisky, corn and malt, and spirits.
Tenth Ohio	235,000.5	39,361.9							274,362.4	
Eleventh Ohio	39,979.3	36,857.2	4,391.4		3,352		6,807.1	133,497	224,884	Whisky, corn, and malt, wheat.

QUANTITY, IN TAXABLE GALLONS, OF SPIRITS, AS KNOWN TO THE TRADE, REMAINING IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.	High wines.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Aggregate.	Specific kinds of spirits reported in miscellaneous column.
Eighteenth Ohio	9,618.9	171,021.5						4,821.2	185,461.6	Whisky, malt, wheat, sugar, and cherry.
Oregon	25,428.5	1,908.5	162.4					3,276.7	30,776.1	Wheat whisky.
First Pennsylvania	139.5	2,650,521.4						22,074.7	2,672,735.6	Wheat whisky and rye malt.
Ninth Pennsylvania		1,503,265.9			571.4			2,922.8	1,506,760.1	Wheat whisky and malt whisky.
Twelfth Pennsylvania		155,538.8						7,798.5	163,337.3	Wheat whisky.
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	2,272.8	18,515,791.8	12,207.6		1,212.7			200,438.5	18,731,923.4	Whisky, wheat and malt.
South Carolina								4,650.5	4,650.5	Corn whisky.
Second Tennessee								32,412.7	32,412.7	Do.
Fifth Tennessee	28,417.3	11,877.9						1,382,124.9	1,422,420.1	Do.
Fourth Texas		1,576.5						26,889	28,465.5	Do.
Second Virginia		643.1						892.8	1,535.9	Do.
Sixth Virginia	481.7	289,515.7			351.7			20,286.9	310,636	Corn and wheat whisky.
West Virginia	14,124	945,503.7						29,830.6	989,458.3	Rye malt.
First Wisconsin	297,764.9	175,062.3	16,204.4		24,328.6		5,602.1	127,689.3	646,651.6	Whisky.
Total	72,148,220.6	44,688,440.7	1,199,440.5	797,383.4	394,289.7	8,579.8	5,096,284.3	12,797,631.1	137,130,270.1	
Remaining in warehouses June 30, 1896.	78,941,990.3	47,076,145	1,554,572.5	917,035.9	306,945.9	2,520.2	9,114,340.7	11,413,570.6	149,327,121.1	

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JUNE 30, 1897.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Aug., 1891.	Sept., 1891.	Oct., 1891.	Nov., 1891.	Dec., 1891.	Jan., 1892.
Alabama						
Arkansas						
First California						
Fourth California						
Colorado						
Connecticut						48.4
Georgia					234	493.8
First Illinois					1,247.8	1,752.4
Fifth Illinois		696	3,446.6	4,040.3	22,449.5	45,069.5
Eighth Illinois						
Thirteenth Illinois						
Sixth Indiana			4,258.5	2,383.4	470	
Seventh Indiana						
Kansas						
Second Kentucky			710.5	10,259.9	51,378.9	132,696.3
Fifth Kentucky		22,482.4		68,860.6	188,439.7	186,353.2
Sixth Kentucky				11,174.8	21,485.2	43,419.6
Seventh Kentucky				5,006.5	57,039.5	166,994
Eighth Kentucky				928.1	153,344.9	307,020
Louisiana						
Maryland		3,389.5	17,628.4	49,568.9	57,877.5	67,892.4
Third Massachusetts						
Minnesota						
First Missouri						46.9
Sixth Missouri			48.9	352.5	48	1,214
Nebraska					2,876.2	641.6
New Hampshire						
Fifth New Jersey	82.8	980.2			943.8	1,248.6
New Mexico						
First New York						
Fourteenth New York						
Twenty-eighth New York					1,223.1	1,068.7
Fourth North Carolina						
Fifth North Carolina						
First Ohio				833.2	6,198.4	8,490
Tenth Ohio						
Eleventh Ohio				95.5	92.5	
Eighteenth Ohio				45	46	
Oregon					3,128.6	1,583.5
First Pennsylvania	16,408	10,789.1	11,873.3	1,813	8,910	1,376.5
Ninth Pennsylvania		91.8	922.3	7,810	8,527.1	21,535.1
Twelfth Pennsylvania		45.4		142.9		324
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	19,606.7	39,750.8	77,794	92,322.6	138,996.4	144,397.3
South Carolina						
Second Tennessee						
Fifth Tennessee		332.3	703.8		18,122	3,096
Fourth Texas						
Second Virginia						
Sixth Virginia				269	633.5	
West Virginia		6,827.6	9,249.1	13,218.8	9,046.1	10,660
First Wisconsin					1,245	
Total by months	36,097.5	85,385.1	126,635.4	269,125	754,003.7	1,147,421.8

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia					234	542.2
Illinois		696	3,446.6	4,040.3	23,697.3	46,821.9
Indiana and Kansas			4,258.5	2,383.4	470	
Kentucky		22,482.4	710.5	96,229.9	471,688.2	836,483.1
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota		3,389.5	17,628.4	49,568.9	57,877.5	67,892.4
Missouri			48.9	352.5	48	1,260.9
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	82.8	980.2			3,820	1,890.2
New York					1,223.1	1,068.7
North Carolina						
Ohio and Oregon				973.7	9,465.5	10,073.5
Pennsylvania	36,014.7	50,677.1	90,589.6	102,088.5	156,433.5	167,632.9
South Carolina and Tennessee		332.3	703.8		18,122	3,096
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin		6,827.6	9,249.1	13,487.8	10,924.6	10,660
Total	36,097.5	85,385.1	126,635.4	269,125	754,003.7	1,147,421.8

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JUNE 30, 1897—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Feb., 1892.	Mar., 1892.	Apr., 1892.	May, 1892.	June, 1892.	July, 1892.
Alabama						
Arkansas		47				
First California						
Fourth California		152.6	1,403.6	93.4		
Colorado						
Connecticut						
Georgia	573.4	189.6	472.6	187.7	371	375.3
First Illinois	598.1	1,790.6		6,128.7	249.6	
Fifth Illinois	7,694.3					221.9
Eighth Illinois				746.9	601.2	
Thirteenth Illinois						
Sixth Indiana	310.8	134.2	11,607.1	13,954.1	26,614.4	1,423.1
Seventh Indiana			92.8	89.7		
Kansas						
Second Kentucky	191,107.7	187,119.5	160,467.6	142,453.6	45,020.5	3,968.3
Fifth Kentucky	391,971.5	638,091.8	692,746.9	917,782.2	361,759.4	138,002.4
Sixth Kentucky	77,707.4	112,343.7	136,764	185,122.9	109,124.1	277.9
Seventh Kentucky	336,638.7	437,469.6	479,775.6	414,426.3	353,910.6	48,400.9
Eighth Kentucky	386,159.9	562,860.3	514,760.8	389,510.3	206,610.2	28,269.3
Louisiana						
Maryland	72,737.7	61,888.3	86,730.6	105,158.7	80,143.3	4,334.3
Third Massachusetts		915	3,892	578.4	3,848.4	3,639.4
Minnesota						
First Missouri			87.5		24.2	
Sixth Missouri	87.3		2,047.5	1,492.9	1,227.2	1,100.4
Nebraska	1,296.7	4,094.2	6,143.3			
New Hampshire				542		
Fifth New Jersey	2,956.6	2,982.6	7,229.4		2,748.3	5,632.3
New Mexico						
First New York						
Fourteenth New York						
Twenty-eighth New York	541.8	457	3,027.2	1,105.6	4,200.6	1,232.1
Fourth North Carolina		47			52.6	
Fifth North Carolina		46				
First Ohio	14,719.5	22,290	26,520.7	26,210.7	8,396.6	11,010.6
Tenth Ohio						
Eleventh Ohio			242.5	133.3	9,072.4	
Eighteenth Ohio	92			16.5	125.4	2,150.3
Oregon		3,445.8	4,744.6	587.3	472.7	234.5
First Pennsylvania	7,863.8	6,361.5	24,627.1	35,253.3	18,851.4	15,139.1
Ninth Pennsylvania	3,263.2	2,749	1,931.6	3,546.7	546.1	771.2
Twelfth Pennsylvania			91.5	808.4		
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	148,665.2	241,624.1	270,073.6	273,148.8	201,922.8	128,412.9
South Carolina						14
Second Tennessee						
Fifth Tennessee	7,831.1	31,538.9	16,589.4	28,386.2	10,200.6	1,100.2
Fourth Texas						
Second Virginia						
Sixth Virginia	243	167	470	809.8	21.8	
West Virginia	7,029	10,399	7,676	7,408.2	24,208.1	
First Wisconsin	550					
Total by months	1,660,638.7	2,329,204.3	2,460,215.5	2,555,682.6	1,470,323.5	395,710.4

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	573.4	389.2	1,876.2	281.1	371	375.3
Illinois	8,292.4	1,790.6		6,875.6	850.8	221.9
Indiana and Kansas	310.8	134.2	11,699.9	14,043.8	26,614.4	1,423.1
Kentucky	1,383,585.2	1,937,884.9	1,984,514.9	2,049,295.3	1,076,424.8	218,918.8
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	72,737.7	62,803.3	90,622.6	105,737.1	83,991.7	7,973.7
Missouri	87.3		2,135	1,492.9	1,251.4	1,100.4
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	4,253.3	7,076.8	13,372.7	542	2,748.3	5,632.3
New York	541.8	457	3,027.2	1,105.6	4,200.6	1,232.1
North Carolina		93			52.6	
Ohio and Oregon	14,811.5	25,735.8	31,507.8	26,947.8	18,067.1	13,395.4
Pennsylvania	159,792.2	250,734.6	296,723.8	312,757.2	221,320.3	144,323.2
South Carolina and Tennessee	7,831.1	31,538.9	16,589.4	28,386.2	10,200.6	1,114.2
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin	7,822	10,566	8,146	8,218	24,229.9	
Total	1,660,638.7	2,329,204.3	2,460,215.5	2,555,682.6	1,470,323.5	395,710.4

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JUNE 30, 1897—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Aug., 1892.	Sept., 1892.	Oct., 1892.	Nov., 1892.	Dec., 1892.	Jan., 1893.
Alabama						
Arkansas						
First California						
Fourth California						
Colorado						
Connecticut						
Georgia	236.4	94.8	226.3	92.4	446.1	
First Illinois				222.7	13,647.1	3,955.2
Fifth Illinois			216.3	17,693.6	35,647.5	42,131.1
Eighth Illinois						
Thirteenth Illinois						
Sixth Indiana	1,591.9	1,763.7	11,588.1	11,268.3	20,019.2	14,996.4
Seventh Indiana						
Kansas						
Second Kentucky		258.4	6,617.8	17,837.7	51,543.5	153,915.8
Fifth Kentucky	53,590.5	16,977.7	110,503.7	273,155.5	632,023.4	844,030.2
Sixth Kentucky			11,576.2	83,561.3	177,476.2	221,637.1
Seventh Kentucky	33,753.1		21,153.4	105,672.9	386,598.4	640,024.5
Eighth Kentucky	13,701.3	12,071.5	44,281.5	280,823.6	545,141.5	673,982.4
Louisiana						
Maryland	94.9	28,667.6	101,186.5	147,386.8	198,055.1	198,384.1
Third Massachusetts	727.3	3,436.2	7,379.3	4,528.7	8,762.6	1,922.3
Minnesota						
First Missouri						
Sixth Missouri					639.4	1,335.6
Nebraska						
New Hampshire				915		
Fifth New Jersey	2,679.3	2,194.3			128.3	2,465.7
New Mexico						
First New York						
Fourteenth New York						
Twenty-eighth New York	219.6	447.3	1,618.4	3,446.1	1,196.1	
Fourth North Carolina					54.5	
Fifth North Carolina					139.6	146.1
First Ohio	4,034.6	11,422.7	17,702.4	48,378.6	49,495.6	38,411.6
Tenth Ohio						
Eleventh Ohio	45.5	275.3	88.7	673.4	602.3	1,705.6
Eighteenth Ohio	981.4	185.1	1,052.5	144.2	577.8	1,766
Oregon	104.5			763.3	1,353.3	4,521
First Pennsylvania	19,717	23,222.1	25,269.2	23,417.8	35,200.2	34,694.4
Ninth Pennsylvania		1,673.5	462.6	3,936.3	3,487.2	15,363
Twelfth Pennsylvania	941.4	751.8	89.3	1,035.6	993.9	692
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	42,106.5	213,656.6	350,569.1	406,476.9	559,760.3	472,881.1
South Carolina						
Second Tennessee						
Fifth Tennessee			1,728.9	8,458.8	24,430.9	3,806.3
Fourth Texas					63.9	
Second Virginia						
Sixth Virginia			535.6	2,655.6	2,198.8	2,530
West Virginia		21,530.5	33,353.9	30,473.2	34,933.9	36,439.2
First Wisconsin		141.5	89.9		213.4	645.8
Total by months	174,525.2	338,770.6	747,289.6	1,473,018.3	2,784,835	3,412,382.5

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	236.4	94.8	226.3	92.4	446.1	
Illinois			216.3	17,916.3	49,294.6	46,086.3
Indiana and Kansas	1,591.9	1,763.7	11,588.1	11,268.3	20,019.2	14,996.4
Kentucky	101,044.9	29,307.6	194,132.6	761,051	1,792,783	2,533,590
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	822.2	32,103.8	108,565.8	151,915.5	206,817.7	200,306.4
Missouri					639.4	1,335.6
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	2,679.3	2,194.3		915	128.3	2,465.7
New York	219.6	447.3	1,618.4	3,446.1	1,196.1	
North Carolina					194.1	146.1
Ohio and Oregon	5,166	11,883.1	18,843.6	49,959.5	52,029	46,404.2
Pennsylvania	62,764.9	239,304	376,390.2	434,866.6	599,446.6	523,630.5
South Carolina and Tennessee			1,728.9	8,458.8	24,430.9	3,806.3
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin		21,672	33,979.4	33,128.8	37,410	39,615
Total	174,525.2	338,770.6	747,289.6	1,473,018.3	2,784,835	3,412,382.5

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JUNE 30, 1897—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Feb., 1893.	Mar., 1893.	Apr., 1893.	May, 1893.	June, 1893.	July, 1893.
Alabama						
Arkansas	45.3		465.9		1,325.7	898.6
First California						
Fourth California						
Colorado						
Connecticut		43.4				
Georgia	327.5	273.5		554.2	515.9	250.3
First Illinois	1,931	3,135	6,451.3	1,718.9		
Fifth Illinois	32,065.9	35,245.9	4,899.4	927.2	88.7	
Eighth Illinois	2,447.9	3,530.9	3,404.1	2,019.2		
Thirteenth Illinois	1,344.8			5,520.9		
Sixth Indiana	10,194	9,647.4	9,803.4	15,470.9	12,001.5	2,193.5
Seventh Indiana		180.1	89.9	224.4		
Kansas						
Second Kentucky	210,327.2	311,657.1	310,540.5	264,536.8	41,931.2	2,738.4
Fifth Kentucky	964,906	1,332,046.5	1,303,523.5	1,482,067.6	619,862.3	33,398.5
Sixth Kentucky	288,756.8	335,411	351,734.3	397,052.3	250,405.4	
Seventh Kentucky	728,123.4	754,130.4	738,986.5	680,493.9	161,396.5	11,813.7
Eighth Kentucky	748,814.1	788,037.8	645,947.1	686,595.5	202,158.8	5,857.7
Louisiana						
Maryland	206,067.4	211,504.5	221,069.4	235,262.2	116,984.4	1,901.4
Third Massachusetts	4,933.9	953.9	3,582.4		45.1	1,035.9
Minnesota						
First Missouri	108.9	186	1,392.6	1,717.9	3,006.5	1,344.4
Sixth Missouri	2,210	944.4	4,784.6	9,976.2	6,746.8	402.6
Nebraska						
New Hampshire	455.6				219.8	
Fifth New Jersey	2,560	7,498.4	6,642.4	2,879	1,702.7	548.8
New Mexico						
First New York						
Fourteenth New York						
Twenty-eighth New York			1,314	3,057.3		649.4
Fourth North Carolina	168.9	44.4				
Fifth North Carolina	35.4	113.7	93.3	181.6	166.5	134.7
First Ohio	42,365.8	55,179.7	49,756.8	50,469.8	32,921.5	
Tenth Ohio						
Eleventh Ohio	3,051.3	1,050.4	71.1	1,297.6	2,807.4	143.6
Eighteenth Ohio	3,308.4	627.1	1,491.9	1,063.3	2,365.7	123
Oregon	4,647.7	1,709.4				
First Pennsylvania	41,944.9	33,303.8	38,817.1	43,664	41,598	38,570
Ninth Pennsylvania	30,808.8	41,904.3	22,119.5	15,110.4	9,126.2	2,830.7
Twelfth Pennsylvania	936	493.1	135.9	601.6	1,291.6	918.3
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	496,903.6	571,536.4	556,460.5	550,753.6	375,125.2	124,451.6
South Carolina				47.6		
Second Tennessee			94.2			
Fifth Tennessee	7,639.5	19,712	36,242.1	40,496.8	3,123.3	2,034.3
Fourth Texas				114.8		
Second Virginia						
Sixth Virginia	4,433.4	10,723.9	17,517.2	13,885.2	311	496.6
West Virginia	39,070.1	45,503.6	43,075.9	33,009.7	20,460.3	
First Wisconsin	900.6	1,855.4	2,696.1	725.9	2,422.2	
Total by months	3,881,834.1	4,578,183.4	4,383,142.9	4,541,496.3	1,910,110.2	232,736

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	372.8	316.9	465.9	554.2	1,841.6	1,148.9
Illinois	37,789.6	41,911.8	14,754.8	10,186.2	88.7	
Indiana and Kansas	10,194	9,827.5	9,893.3	15,695.3	12,001.5	2,193.5
Kentucky	2,940,927.5	3,521,282.8	3,350,731.9	3,510,746.1	1,275,754.2	53,808.3
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	211,001.3	212,458.4	224,591.8	235,262.2	117,029.5	2,937.3
Missouri	2,318.9	1,130.4	6,177.2	11,694.1	9,753.3	1,747
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	3,015.6	7,498.4	6,642.4	2,879	1,922.5	548.8
New York			1,314	3,057.3		649.4
North Carolina	204.3	158.1	93.3	181.6	166.5	134.7
Ohio and Oregon	53,373.2	58,566.6	51,319.8	52,830.7	38,094.6	266.6
Pennsylvania	570,593.3	647,237.6	617,533	610,129.6	427,141	166,770.6
South Carolina and Tennessee	7,639.5	19,712	36,336.3	40,544.4	3,123.3	2,034.3
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin	44,404.1	58,082.9	63,289.2	47,735.6	23,193.5	496.6
Total	3,881,834.1	4,578,183.4	4,383,142.9	4,541,496.3	1,910,110.2	232,736

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JUNE 30, 1897—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Aug., 1893.	Sept., 1893.	Oct., 1893.	Nov., 1893.	Dec., 1893.	Jan., 1894.
Alabama						
Arkansas		515			120.2	757.3
First California						
Fourth California						
Colorado						
Connecticut						
Georgia	546.9	91.8		21.5		75.1
First Illinois					3,612.3	11,077.9
Fifth Illinois			666	4,246.9		
Eighth Illinois						
Thirteenth Illinois						
Sixth Indiana			20,094.9	6,999.7	1,295.4	44.6
Seventh Indiana			133.3			45.4
Kansas						
Second Kentucky	884	614.4	43.9	133.1	13,047.4	34,742.1
Fifth Kentucky	10,826.6			36,122.3	326,218.2	638,553.8
Sixth Kentucky				8,665.6	74,659.6	190,812
Seventh Kentucky	1,548.7		10,161.1	40,520.5	127,000	153,818
Eighth Kentucky		138.7		21,622.3	42,444.6	181,906.2
Louisiana						
Maryland	2,307.8	60,442.7	67,741.4	108,347.8	178,823.7	198,383.3
Third Massachusetts		4,387.5	133.3	677.8	811	683.6
Minnesota				3,363	8,008.1	5,500.2
First Missouri		244.3	490.8	564.7	653.7	1,019.8
Sixth Missouri		44.8	44.7	713.2	88.9	10.1
Nebraska						
New Hampshire				1,597.1	455.4	269.2
Fifth New Jersey	806.3	1,851.1	1,408.5	4,564.2	3,986.9	6,780.2
New Mexico						
First New York						
Fourteenth New York						
Twenty-eighth New York					2,400.4	6,006.4
Fourth North Carolina	45.7			29.9		
Fifth North Carolina	222.8	246.6	273.8	273.4	271.8	140.4
First Ohio			5,439.6	18,588.8	21,966.7	12,082.5
Tenth Ohio						
Eleventh Ohio	40	306.7	173.4	1,303.3	1,283.3	2,231.2
Eighteenth Ohio	71.8	88.8	48.1	96.1	675.9	1,346.1
Oregon	294.6	463.8	861.5	579.7		
First Pennsylvania	41,734.3	37,608.2	41,062.5	47,187.5	59,441.3	37,492.5
Ninth Pennsylvania	2,647.9	630.1	3,389.8	4,414	9,520.2	11,938.9
Twelfth Pennsylvania		553.3	2,333.3	1,658.8	1,892	1,540.2
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	80,549	120,723.8	195,743.7	292,793.6	329,282.1	398,044.7
South Carolina						
Second Tennessee					44.5	
Fifth Tennessee	3,501.8	9,692.1	11,210.4	10,753.8	9,184.9	6,479.4
Fourth Texas			740.7	511.7	316	92.5
Second Virginia						
Sixth Virginia	90	266.6	535	1,020.9	3,637.3	4,681.6
West Virginia		22,670.2	25,504.2	26,652.2	18,783.5	13,144.7
First Wisconsin	271.2	21	775.1	1,361.6	361.9	91.3
Total by months	146,389.4	261,601.5	389,009	645,385	1,240,287.2	1,919,791.2

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	546.9	606.8		21.5	120.2	832.4
Illinois			666	4,246.9	3,612.3	11,077.9
Indiana and Kansas			20,228.2	6,999.7	1,295.4	90
Kentucky	13,259.3	753.1	10,205	107,063.8	583,369.8	1,199,832.1
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	2,307.8	64,830.2	67,874.7	112,388.6	187,642.8	204,567.1
Missouri		289.1	535.5	1,277.9	742.6	1,029.9
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	806.3	1,851.1	1,408.5	6,161.3	4,442.3	7,049.4
New York					2,400.4	6,006.4
North Carolina	268.5	246.6	273.8	303.3	271.8	140.4
Ohio and Oregon	406.4	859.3	6,522.6	20,567.9	23,925.9	15,659.8
Pennsylvania	124,931.2	159,515.4	242,529.3	346,053.9	400,135.6	449,016.3
South Carolina and Tennessee	3,501.8	9,692.1	11,210.4	10,753.8	9,229.4	6,479.4
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin	361.2	22,957.8	27,555	29,546.4	23,098.7	18,010.1
Total	146,389.4	261,601.5	389,009	645,385	1,240,287.2	1,919,791.2

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JUNE 30, 1897—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Feb., 1894.	Mar., 1894.	Apr., 1894.	May, 1894.	June, 1894.	July, 1894.
Alabama						
Arkansas	744.9	1,219.8	1,362.5	3,019.9	2,841.8	552.4
First California						
Fourth California						
Colorado						
Connecticut						
Georgia		122.2	68.6	113.3	92.8	44.5
First Illinois	17,347.3	15,814.6	2,065	6,733	4,222.5	
Fifth Illinois				44,662		
Eighth Illinois						
Thirteenth Illinois						
Sixth Indiana	14,864.9	21,106.4	19,592.8	34,571	20,934.4	3,251.2
Seventh Indiana		3,770.3	2,587.7	410.4		
Kansas						
Second Kentucky	33,336.1	56,935.7	91,583.5	112,083.7	10,972.4	268.9
Fifth Kentucky	688,999.4	942,863.4	1,164,258.3	1,194,287.4	393,920.8	118,812.9
Sixth Kentucky	240,537.9	353,313.7	349,305.4	407,635.1	139,499.6	
Seventh Kentucky	207,568.2	256,572.9	291,161.8	375,282.1	100,567.9	7,667.1
Eighth Kentucky	225,734.2	273,660.8	287,780.1	302,292.8	117,476.9	1,271.2
Louisiana						
Maryland	214,984	273,871.2	268,223.2	259,244.6	87,182.2	7,399
Third Massachusetts		2,379.6	1,255.6	87		
Minnesota	4,985.5					
First Missouri	1,261.5		2,097.7	4,895.8	1,624.7	553.3
Sixth Missouri	1,794.3	3,413.6	6,952.1	11,297.2	11,101.1	
Nebraska	415.5	1,309.4			3,168.6	
New Hampshire	364.9	1,422.5		875.2		
Fifth New Jersey	3,154.1	2,331.9	8,663.3	14,355.7	25,326.7	15,576.1
New Mexico						
First New York						
Fourteenth New York						
Twenty-eighth New York	4,907.2	2,032.3	3,522.3	1,076	3,895.3	
Fourth North Carolina	173.3	136		56.4		
Fifth North Carolina	477.1	181.4	226.7	279	186	137.2
First Ohio	21,861.2	28,158.5	59,037.7	83,776.7	48,536.4	
Tenth Ohio						
Eleventh Ohio	2,228.9	912.2	847.4	364.4		
Eighteenth Ohio	3,273.7	3,283	2,055.1	2,437.9	3,274.4	1,940.7
Oregon						
First Pennsylvania	46,392.8	48,807.5	39,200.5	35,599.3	34,828.1	2,233.3
Ninth Pennsylvania	17,185.4	23,083.9	23,895.1	26,479.5	7,244.8	6,668.1
Twelfth Pennsylvania	652	687.4	994.4	857.7	2,449.9	2,462.4
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	409,671.4	541,496.2	447,534.4	433,098.9	311,094.7	104,010.1
South Carolina					32.1	128.4
Second Tennessee	46.1	44.9	86.2	72.4	134.8	394
Fifth Tennessee	4,723	6,207.9	8,053.9	6,024.3	13,675.3	9,130.3
Fourth Texas	90.2	139.9	375	234.9	176.4	
Second Virginia					120.6	
Sixth Virginia	5,236.9	5,565.1	7,775.5	17,181.5	8,652.7	434.6
West Virginia	11,331.9	14,925	9,943.4	14,175.3	3,102.5	
First Wisconsin	1,453	3,628.2	8,543.4	3,877.8		350.7
Total by months	2,185,796.8	2,889,397.4	3,109,048.6	3,377,438.2	1,356,336.4	283,286.4

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	744.9	1,342	1,431.1	3,133.2	2,934.6	596.9
Illinois	17,347.3	15,814.6	2,065	51,395	4,222.5	
Indiana and Kansas	14,864.9	24,876.7	22,180.5	34,981.4	20,934.4	3,251.2
Kentucky	1,396,175.8	1,883,346.5	2,184,089.1	2,391,581.1	762,437.6	128,020.1
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	219,969.5	276,250.8	269,478.8	239,331.6	87,182.2	7,399
Missouri	3,055.8	3,413.6	9,049.8	16,193	12,725.8	553.3
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	3,934.5	5,063.8	8,663.3	15,230.9	28,495.3	15,576.1
New York	4,907.2	2,032.3	3,522.3	1,076	3,895.3	
North Carolina	650.4	317.4	226.7	335.4	186	137.2
Ohio and Oregon	27,363.8	32,353.7	61,940.2	86,579	51,810.8	1,940.7
Pennsylvania	473,901.6	614,075	511,624.4	496,035.4	355,617.5	115,373.9
South Carolina and Tennessee	4,769.1	6,252.8	8,140.1	6,096.7	13,842.2	9,652.7
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin	18,112	24,258.2	26,637.3	35,469.5	12,052.2	785.3
Total	2,185,796.8	2,889,397.4	3,109,048.6	3,377,438.2	1,356,336.4	283,286.4

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JUNE 30, 1897—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Aug., 1894.	Sept., 1894.	Oct., 1894.	Nov., 1894.	Dec., 1894.	Jan., 1895.
Alabama						
Arkansas	384.2		812.4	1,085.2	1,894.5	1,548.3
First California			887.5	718.5	178	
Fourth California				297.8	452.2	
Colorado						
Connecticut						
Georgia	374.8	410.6	364.6	84.5	1,018.7	1,056.3
First Illinois	3,449.2			973.7	6,931.9	7,034.3
Fifth Illinois				14,094.8	79,035	50,903.1
Eighth Illinois		873.5		45.2	5,709.3	554.4
Thirteenth Illinois	1,147.3	5,203.3	15,079.5	1,735.2		807.4
Sixth Indiana	992.6		18,617.5	22,483.4	29,954.9	50,549
Seventh Indiana						
Kansas						
Second Kentucky	176.9	7,951.4	816.7	3,554	34,359.1	66,236.1
Fifth Kentucky	28,361.8		2,709.3	153,456.4	584,646	847,200.4
Sixth Kentucky				25,208.5	156,472	304,509.6
Seventh Kentucky				60,502.9	180,412.6	287,086.3
Eighth Kentucky	207.4		498.6	56,869.1	250,377.8	394,496.7
Louisiana						
Maryland	539.1	82,407.2	235,350.9	266,415.8	286,311.3	283,745.7
Third Massachusetts		4,320.5	1,200.8	2,249.1	8,574.3	3,520.7
Minnesota						
First Missouri				479.5	747.7	2,718.4
Sixth Missouri			379	627.5	766.2	2,832.8
Nebraska						
New Hampshire					1,502.6	274.2
Fifth New Jersey	5,621.1	24,853.8	33,166.2	15,140.9		3,637
New Mexico						
First New York						1,308.9
Fourteenth New York						
Twenty-eighth New York					3,607.2	5,046.5
Fourth North Carolina				137	44.5	
Fifth North Carolina	133.6	178.3	181.8		146.8	300.6
First Ohio		40,179.1	79,677	37,178.6	109,402.6	110,702.4
Tenth Ohio						
Eleventh Ohio			536.8	814.9	789	781.3
Eighteenth Ohio			856.9	900.5	2,781	4,907.3
Oregon						
First Pennsylvania	89.8	29,583.1	44,888.8	59,537.2	66,665.6	74,673.9
Ninth Pennsylvania	3,322	6,640.4	13,944.2	49,679.6	70,122.9	40,171.7
Twelfth Pennsylvania	2,695.3	2,594.1	2,343	5,103.8	5,692.4	2,823.6
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	57,107.8	72,813.3	359,335.3	506,278.8	581,226.3	589,605.8
South Carolina		86.1		95.5		46.8
Second Tennessee	217.3		25.3	265.6	45.6	38.9
Fifth Tennessee	7,319.1	3,430.7	3,781.7	9,271.7	7,470.2	11,486.2
Fourth Texas						
Second Virginia			244.1	188.1	242.5	217.1
Sixth Virginia	281.6	540.1	1,830.4	5,218.7	8,324.9	9,618.5
West Virginia		8,491.7	56,253.2	22,077.3	18,324.7	16,010.9
First Wisconsin	1,392.2	27,983.7	21,787.7	6,642.1	4,160.3	6,746.7
Total by months	113,813.1	316,540.9	895,569.2	1,329,411.4	2,508,390.6	3,183,197.8

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	759	410.6	2,064.5	2,186	3,543.4	2,604.6
Illinois	4,596.5	4,076.8	15,079.5	16,848.9	91,676.2	59,299.2
Indiana and Kansas	992.6		18,617.5	22,483.4	29,954.9	50,549
Kentucky	28,746.1	7,951.4	4,024.6	299,590.9	1,206,267.5	1,899,529.1
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	539.1	86,727.7	236,551.7	268,664.9	294,885.6	287,266.4
Missouri			379	1,107	1,513.9	5,551.2
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	5,621.1	24,853.8	33,166.2	15,140.9	1,502.6	3,911.2
New York					3,607.2	6,355.4
North Carolina	133.6	178.3	181.8	137	191.3	300.6
Ohio and Oregon		40,179.1	81,070.7	38,894	112,972.6	116,391
Pennsylvania	63,214.9	111,636.9	420,511.3	620,599.4	723,707.2	707,275
South Carolina and Tennessee	7,536.4	3,516.8	3,807	9,632.8	7,515.8	11,571.9
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin	1,673.8	37,015.5	80,115.4	34,126.2	31,052.4	32,593.2
Total	113,813.1	316,540.9	895,569.2	1,329,411.4	2,508,390.6	3,183,197.8

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JUNE 30, 1897—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Feb., 1895.	Mar., 1895.	Apr., 1895.	May, 1895.	June, 1895.	July, 1895.
Alabama			89.5	89.3	10	46.1
Arkansas	1,116.6	1,373.8	1,298.3	716.7	746.9	
First California			530	723.7	1,966.5	
Fourth California						
Colorado						
Connecticut		361.9		45.1		225.3
Georgia	598.2	1,814.7	931	1,194.9	1,368.2	228.1
First Illinois	6,185	6,695	22,364.1		5,999.2	55,657.1
Fifth Illinois	83,258.2	39,707.1	8,837.9	3,097.8	71,980.8	2,721.7
Eighth Illinois	381.5	95.9	1,159.4	3,116.3		
Thirteenth Illinois		316.3	318.6	35.9		
Sixth Indiana	59,797.2	39,847.2	11,831.3	69,477.9	82,624.7	3,451.5
Seventh Indiana			137.3	2,741.2		
Kansas			51.5	51		
Second Kentucky	101,144.9	185,850.6	296,635.3	273,614	60,758.6	223.6
Fifth Kentucky	950,702.4	1,052,736.3	1,485,428.9	1,493,911.4	481,171.5	83,180
Sixth Kentucky	341,642.8	544,923.3	605,577	585,580.7	201,605.6	279.4
Seventh Kentucky	308,538.7	409,154.1	565,644.5	633,669.7	256,031.2	24,616.2
Eighth Kentucky	388,864	494,979.4	570,069	629,679	336,463.6	7,465.3
Louisiana	3,449.6					
Maryland	254,401.4	307,461.8	317,830.1	291,004.7	160,735.8	6,656
Third Massachusetts	2,315	13,245.5	2,366.5	24,325.7	9,825	
Minnesota						
First Missouri	2,201.2	10,629.5	682.1	11,093.7	2,951.4	42.9
Sixth Missouri	3,288.5	7,243.9	8,081.1	16,575.7	10,937.1	
Nebraska						
New Hampshire	728.8	2,021.2	1,480			
Fifth New Jersey	1,755.3	4,679	14,077.1	13,120.3	785.6	6,127.7
New Mexico					106.8	
First New York			1,288.5	1,096.1	1,644.2	172.9
Fourteenth New York			126.3	128		
Twenty-eighth New York	8,331.1	14,108.2	9,245.1			
Fourth North Carolina	141.5	46.5	45.6	47.5	27.1	
Fifth North Carolina	638.6	675.9	129.3	235.5	100.4	47
First Ohio	130,979.2	171,637.5	178,658	166,554	25,265.9	21,699.3
Tenth Ohio			4,363.4	9,509.1		
Eleventh Ohio	480.8	181.6	5,266.1	3,440.5	84.3	
Eighteenth Ohio	5,559.8	6,829.8	2,490.4	2,339.4	2,214.3	
Oregon						
First Pennsylvania	68,976.3	72,104.2	75,430.4	72,168.4	71,340.7	28,249.9
Ninth Pennsylvania	25,957	40,904.5	48,249.6	46,408.8	25,861.7	6,140.3
Twelfth Pennsylvania	2,940.5	3,330.4	4,380.8	4,196.8	5,414.7	3,376.4
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	559,212	616,767.1	621,550.6	604,376	328,000.5	40,263.7
South Carolina						
Second Tennessee		261.4	244.4	476.9	87.1	186.7
Fifth Tennessee	13,725.1	10,259.2	12,940.5	21,571.9	17,677.1	10,223.2
Fourth Texas	280.8	776	274.8	159.8		
Second Virginia		95.4				
Sixth Virginia	7,807.7	9,980.2	7,368.1	5,051.3	3,308.5	2,619.4
West Virginia	14,479.4	15,368.8	15,081.6	15,265.5	10,159.3	
First Wisconsin	8,366.1	9,079.2	14,057.2	25,624	24,604.1	15,854.5
Total by months	3,358,185.2	4,095,542.4	4,916,611.2	5,032,514.2	2,201,858.4	319,754.2

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	1,714.8	3,550.4	2,848.8	2,769.7	4,091.6	499.5
Illinois	89,824.7	46,814.3	32,680	6,250	77,980	58,378.8
Indiana and Kansas	59,797.2	39,847.2	12,020.1	72,270.1	82,624.7	3,451.5
Kentucky	2,090,892.8	2,687,643.7	3,523,354.7	3,616,454.8	1,336,030.5	115,764.5
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	260,166	320,707.3	320,196.6	315,330.4	170,560.8	6,656
Missouri	5,489.7	17,873.4	8,763.2	27,669.4	13,888.5	42.9
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	2,484.1	6,700.2	15,557.1	13,120.3	892.4	6,127.7
New York	8,331.1	14,108.2	10,659.9	1,224.1	1,644.2	172.9
North Carolina	780.1	722.4	174.9	283	127.5	47
Ohio and Oregon	137,019.8	178,648.9	190,777.9	181,843	27,564.5	21,699.3
Pennsylvania	657,085.8	733,106.2	749,611.4	727,150	430,617.6	78,030.3
South Carolina and Tennessee	13,725.1	10,520.6	13,184.9	22,048.8	17,764.2	10,409.9
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin	30,874	35,299.6	36,781.7	46,100.6	38,071.9	18,473.9
Total	3,358,185.2	4,095,542.4	4,916,611.2	5,032,514.2	2,201,858.4	319,754.2

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JUNE 30, 1897—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Aug., 1895.	Sept., 1895.	Oct., 1895.	Nov., 1895.	Dec., 1895.	Jan., 1896.
Alabama	45.5			49	459.6	3,841.7
Arkansas		578.6	1,687	3,204.2	3,108.8	3,290.1
First California						805.6
Fourth California						
Colorado	44.8				45.6	86.4
Connecticut				93.1		
Georgia	352.2	755.1	104.9	610	611.6	94.2
First Illinois	29,567.1				28,003.2	78,630.6
Fifth Illinois				30,717.8	240,636.5	283,510.7
Eighth Illinois			1,219	431.5	12,727.8	33,466.7
Thirteenth Illinois				445.9		139.5
Sixth Indiana		4,116.5	29,132	59,672.8	63,248.8	47,928.1
Seventh Indiana					20,671.3	
Kansas					10.1	92.6
Second Kentucky		86.7	9,712	41,058.8	94,149.2	216,232.5
Fifth Kentucky	8,154.5	5,392.3	14,719.1	282,779.5	816,189.3	1,172,111.5
Sixth Kentucky	180.3			34,908.2	196,043.3	350,499.8
Seventh Kentucky				73,306.9	143,048.2	238,169.7
Eighth Kentucky				32,532.1	244,311.8	306,669.9
Louisiana		93.3				
Maryland		36,123.7	98,072.9	169,670.7	262,565	224,676.6
Third Massachusetts	136.1	1,984.1	637.1	12,261.3	37,647.7	10,862.7
Minnesota						
First Missouri		94.9	456.2	1,359.1	1,636	2,288.7
Sixth Missouri			1,306.3	4,323.3	7,735.4	4,628.4
Nebraska						
New Hampshire				1,815.2	506.7	1,293.3
Fifth New Jersey	16,421.9	11,819.3	3,666.1	6,003.5	10,037.5	15,795
New Mexico						
First New York		88	179.1	792.4	435.8	
Fourteenth New York						
Twenty-eighth New York					2,459.8	7,053.3
Fourth North Carolina		89.3				215.8
Fifth North Carolina	91.1		22.2	45.7	2,487.4	2,099.7
First Ohio	4,444.6			30,366	49,981.4	89,939
Tenth Ohio					14,312.6	4,226.3
Eleventh Ohio			907.3	523.8	7,597.5	4,589.1
Eighteenth Ohio		556.6	2,731.2	5,293.4	7,673.8	7,569.3
Oregon						
First Pennsylvania	28,623.8	42,628.5	46,857.7	56,801.8	65,742.6	49,141.9
Ninth Pennsylvania	1,130.2	16,483.6	37,971.9	44,880.4	49,422.9	53,302.1
Twelfth Pennsylvania	3,275.6	2,777.7	3,867.5	5,369.5	5,735.9	5,019.6
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	11,701.8	9,514.1	49,957	144,434	356,683.7	477,153.3
South Carolina						
Second Tennessee		130.8	19.9	187.6	249	186.1
Fifth Tennessee	12,928.3	14,285	11,286	18,015.5	24,639.3	33,952.4
Fourth Texas				410.5	970.4	1,625.7
Second Virginia						
Sixth Virginia	1,433.3	1,102.2	1,572.5	3,604.6	6,686.5	6,579.7
West Virginia	6,238.1	7,457	15,799.1	15,510.5	15,471.6	15,865.8
First Wisconsin		868.6	275.7		1,898.4	12,181.4
Total by months	124,769.2	157,025.9	332,159.7	1,081,478.6	2,795,842	3,765,814.8

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	442.5	1,333.7	1,791.9	3,956.3	4,225.6	8,118
Illinois	29,567.1		1,219	31,595.2	281,367.5	395,747.5
Indiana and Kansas		4,116.5	29,132	59,672.8	83,930.2	48,020.7
Kentucky	8,334.8	5,479	24,431.1	464,585.5	1,493,741.8	2,283,683.4
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	136.1	38,201.1	98,710	181,932	300,212.7	235,539.3
Missouri		94.9	1,762.5	5,682.4	9,371.4	6,917.1
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	16,421.9	11,819.3	3,666.1	7,818.7	10,544.2	17,088.3
New York		88	179.1	792.4	2,895.6	7,053.3
North Carolina	91.1	89.3	22.2	45.7	2,487.4	2,315.5
Ohio and Oregon	4,444.6	556.6	3,638.5	36,183.2	79,565.3	106,323.7
Pennsylvania	44,731.4	71,403.9	138,654.1	251,485.7	477,585.1	584,616.9
South Carolina and Tennessee	12,928.3	14,415.8	11,305.9	18,203.1	24,888.3	34,138.5
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin	7,671.4	9,427.8	17,647.3	19,525.6	25,026.9	36,252.6
Total	124,769.2	157,025.9	332,159.7	1,081,478.6	2,795,842	3,765,814.8

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JUNE 30, 1897—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Feb., 1896.	Mar., 1896.	Apr., 1896.	May, 1896.	June, 1896.	July, 1896.
Alabama	2,626.8	2,423.1	1,774.2	100.3	2,461.4	2,920.1
Arkansas	3,830.1	5,354	5,934.3	4,935.4	3,391.3	1,334.8
First California	.....	89.3	.....	.....	786.8	611.7
Fourth California	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Colorado	.....	.....	47.5	90.4	.....	.....
Connecticut	87.5	.....	.....	2,295.3	2,036	5,567.3
Georgia	412.7	703.8	1,514	861.2	622.5	605.2
First Illinois	101,193.1	90,319.5	10,139.2	7,820.8	6,218.5	89
Fifth Illinois	357,414.2	412,961.8	253,037.8	223,331	52,696.6	9,100.4
Eighth Illinois	49,157	27,436.6	71,612.4	40,451.5	813.1	8,153.4
Thirteenth Illinois	1,678.1	1,908.1	141	137.6	.....	.....
Sixth Indiana	48,734.2	61,150.6	157,969.1	162,837.1	91,904.4	63,668
Seventh Indiana	15,251.9	137.6	5,627	2,627.7	4,378.5	.....
Kansas	156.9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Second Kentucky	291,714.5	347,243.9	322,861.2	304,946.8	161,803.4	26,107.6
Fifth Kentucky	1,202,575.1	1,304,655.4	1,441,436.9	1,311,163.7	618,524.4	28,346.8
Sixth Kentucky	361,784.3	422,745.1	497,537.8	540.908	274,980.9	.....
Seventh Kentucky	272,567.8	407,951.5	398,833.5	335,228.5	31,391	92.6
Eighth Kentucky	199,999	228,259.6	369,150.5	372,247	94,603.9	2,226.9
Louisiana	48	.....	.....	.....	.....	82.4
Maryland	204,445.8	193,447.6	201,550.9	155,900.6	81,734.5	8,629.1
Third Massachusetts	21,419.2	15,704	58,446.7	36,354.1	23,642	9,521.7
Minnesota	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
First Missouri	2,473	31,350.8	29,903.6	12,792.9	12,362.1	273.4
Sixth Missouri	7,502.7	9,839.8	18,235.8	14,752.9	11,456.5	3,197
Nebraska	.....	.....	.....	87.3	13,439.6	.....
New Hampshire	2,888.7	2,284.2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fifth New Jersey	19,381.8	33,954.2	30,279.9	26,760.5	29,520.7	14,433.6
New Mexico	51.1	255.5	102.2	118.1	302.3	.....
First New York	9,446.2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fourteenth New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Twenty-eighth New York	14,553.3	24,864.4	24,089.8	.....	.....	.....
Fourth North Carolina	290.1	758.8	938.4	1,109.5	718.8	222.5
Fifth North Carolina	603.6	896.9	469.4	146.2	149.7	629.7
First Ohio	129,396.9	165,612.5	236,499.1	112,436.8	90,276.3	21,803.8
Tenth Ohio	21,120.4	22,130.6	20,108	16,788	15,756.8	.....
Eleventh Ohio	13,894.4	17,050.4	16,291.9	14,589.4	27,717.3	40.4
Eighteenth Ohio	6,435.7	8,987.4	8,643.1	5,253.3	2,665	1,591.3
Oregon	225.1	1,055.2	.....	.....	.....	.....
First Pennsylvania	45,068.6	48,148.1	50,157.4	36,461.6	29,001	25,592.1
Ninth Pennsylvania	53,669.3	56,738	61,109.9	58,937.3	53,263.3	5,274.1
Twelfth Pennsylvania	3,458.4	2,548.1	3,066.6	3,554.2	3,788.6	3,597.7
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	507,432.4	535,428.3	520,916.8	486,961.6	205,575.6	54,484.3
South Carolina	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Second Tennessee	280.5	439.8	695.5	926.7	564.9	225.1
Fifth Tennessee	32,156.3	47,652.8	55,714.1	61,360.3	60,670.8	53,139.2
Fourth Texas	2,468.6	2,290.9	1,858.2	44.5	.....	.....
Second Virginia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sixth Virginia	4,484.3	4,032.9	3,797.7	4,021.4	3,654	2,764
West Virginia	14,997.8	16,174.3	15,608.7	13,733.1	5,694.3	.....
First Wisconsin	10,495.9	12,459.6	7,244	49,215.4	24,993.9	9,365
Total by months	4,040,871.8	4,567,445	4,903,344.1	4,422,308	2,043,560.7	363,690.2

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	6,957.1	8,570.2	9,270	8,282.6	9,298	11,039.1
Illinois	509,442.4	532,626	334,930.4	271,740.9	59,728.2	17,342.8
Indiana and Kansas	64,143	61,288.2	163,596.1	165,464.8	96,282.9	63,668
Kentucky	2,331,640.7	2,710,855.5	3,029,819.9	2,864,494	1,181,303.6	56,773.9
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	225,913	209,151.6	259,997.6	192,254.7	105,376.5	18,233.2
Missouri	9,975.7	41,190.6	48,139.4	27,545.8	23,818.6	3,470.4
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	22,321.6	36,493.9	30,382.1	26,965.9	43,262.6	14,433.6
New York	23,999.5	24,864.4	24,089.8	.....	.....	.....
North Carolina	893.7	1,655.7	1,407.8	1,255.7	868.5	852.2
Ohio and Oregon	171,072.5	214,836.1	281,542.1	149,067.5	136,415.4	23,435.5
Pennsylvania	609,628.7	642,862.5	635,250.7	585,934.7	291,628.5	88,948.2
South Carolina and Tennessee	32,436.8	48,092.6	56,409.6	62,287	61,235.7	53,364.3
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin	32,447.1	34,957.7	28,508.6	67,014.4	34,342.2	12,129
Total	4,040,871.8	4,567,445	4,903,344.1	4,422,308	2,043,560.7	363,690.2

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JUNE 30, 1897—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Aug., 1896.	Sept., 1896.	Oct., 1896.	Nov., 1896.	Dec., 1896.	Jan., 1897.
Alabama	2,017	1,254.2	377.9	1,644.3	1,288.1	2,961.6
Arkansas	926.5	932.2	1,387.9	2,662	4,701.6	5,690.6
First California	31.1	304.3	255.3		2,504.3	1,907
Fourth California						
Colorado						
Connecticut	7,929.6	8,795.6	6,007.5	7,768.7	10,095.6	8,560.8
Georgia	284.3	526.7	328.9	561.2	258.4	1,763.4
First Illinois					96,936.3	129,351.2
Fifth Illinois	699.7			3,825.6	289,770.3	555,943.8
Eighth Illinois	28,192		198.7	12,814.9	122,080.3	42,770
Thirteenth Illinois	45.9	387.5	3,332.9			90.7
Sixth Indiana	121,860.6	34,540.6	31,269.2	63,924.5	83,117.3	218,694.9
Seventh Indiana	4,975.3		96.1	1,329.2	13,878.3	
Kansas						
Second Kentucky	1,311.9	1,445.9	2,465.3	4,047.5	109,153.1	52,760.7
Fifth Kentucky	24,587.9	26,704.8	179.8	323.3	56,489.3	207,476.1
Sixth Kentucky				261.3	1,528	3,788.7
Seventh Kentucky				100.1	6,868.7	37,583.4
Eighth Kentucky	281.6	383.3	571.2	10,659.2	52,032.2	53,017.7
Louisiana		1,483.1		162.1	283.3	3,975.8
Maryland		7,736.7	18,873.5	42,982.3	116,846.5	125,829.2
Third Massachusetts	3,045.5	4,233.7	5,997.3	7,414	50,496.6	61,088.4
Minnesota						40,661.8
First Missouri	181.8	254	1,621.4	2,964.1	3,464.5	21,963.9
Sixth Missouri	2,817.5	3,663.2	5,207.7	3,258.6	2,972.9	3,408.2
Nebraska		1,787.1		2,338.7	91,335.8	98,240.6
New Hampshire						
Fifth New Jersey	6,039.4	1,260	2,877.3	5,714.1	9,150.4	53.1
New Mexico						
First New York			791.8	178.1		622.3
Fourteenth New York						
Twenty-eighth New York					9,743.5	22,194.5
Fourth North Carolina		231.8	538.7	545.2	1,683.5	4,139.3
Fifth North Carolina	399.6	398	1,008.7	734.6	3,857	3,113.9
First Ohio		15,223.4	25,769.2	26,600.1	152,885.9	263,864.2
Tenth Ohio					18,271.2	20,948.3
Eleventh Ohio			848.6	668	1,130.9	1,048.7
Eighteenth Ohio	192.3	730.6	3,084.8	2,642.7	5,599.8	6,172.1
Oregon						
First Pennsylvania			26,559.8	44,086.8	77,844.8	86,898.9
Ninth Pennsylvania	2,786.6	2,745.3	4,455.9	9,977.7	14,575.9	45,566.1
Twelfth Pennsylvania	4,077.9	4,286.3	6,374.8	7,013.2	8,691.8	3,070.2
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	16,512.5	2,066.3	4,255.9	5,355.9	7,938.6	29,422.5
South Carolina						
Second Tennessee	227	321.8	565	751.9	1,164	1,785.2
Fifth Tennessee	33,096.9	34,480.7	29,817.4	24,940	29,955	41,339.9
Fourth Texas			68.3	203.6	2,225.5	2,523.7
Second Virginia						
Sixth Virginia	2,793.2	2,051.2	3,911	5,097.1	9,040.7	10,164.3
West Virginia		5,030.5	15,281.5	13,931.6	19,645.2	773.2
First Wisconsin	1,222.3	1,801.8	19,898.7	1,261.2	5,029.3	16,343.4
Total by months	266,535.9	165,060.6	224,278	318,743.4	1,494,534.4	2,237,572.3

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	11,188.5	11,813	8,357.5	12,636.2	18,848	20,883.4
Illinois	28,937.6	387.5	3,531.6	16,640.5	508,786.9	728,155.7
Indiana and Kansas	126,835.9	34,540.6	31,365.3	65,253.7	96,995.6	218,694.9
Kentucky	26,181.4	28,534	3,216.3	15,391.4	226,071.3	354,626.6
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	3,045.5	13,453.5	24,870.8	50,558.4	167,626.4	231,555.2
Missouri	2,999.3	3,917.2	6,829.1	6,222.7	6,437.4	25,372.1
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	6,039.4	3,047.1	2,877.3	8,052.8	100,486.2	98,293.7
New York			791.8	178.1	9,743.5	22,816.8
North Carolina	399.6	629.8	1,547.4	1,279.8	5,540.5	7,253.2
Ohio and Oregon	192.3	15,954	29,702.6	29,910.8	177,887.8	292,033.3
Pennsylvania	23,377	9,097.9	41,646.4	66,433.6	109,051.1	164,957.7
South Carolina and Tennessee	33,323.9	34,802.5	30,382.4	25,691.9	31,119	43,125.1
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin	4,015.5	8,883.5	39,159.5	20,493.5	35,940.7	29,804.6
Total	266,535.9	165,060.6	224,278	318,743.4	1,494,534.4	2,237,572.3

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JUNE 30, 1897—Cont'd.

IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Feb., 1897.	Mar., 1897.	Apr., 1897.	May, 1897.	June, 1897.	Total by districts.
Alabama	2,481.4	3,558.4	5,510.1	7,570.6	6,348.5	51,948.7
Arkansas	5,582.4	6,112.7	5,571.4	4,351.8	2,019.5	101,480.4
First California	1,099.4	604	3,391.8	1,714.4	6,353.4	25,462.6
Fourth California						2,399.6
Colorado		111.9	67.4			494
Connecticut	8,178.5	10,984.7	9,077.7	7,950	9,060.2	105,212.2
Georgia	3,993.2	5,106.8	9,137.5	12,439	13,267.1	71,450
First Illinois						797,259
Fifth Illinois	257,054	304,321.1	390,244	738,433.6	941,371.8	9,000,815.7
Eighth Illinois	134,183.6	93,053.9	227,176.8	140,788.4	304,067.8	1,375,481.1
Thirteenth Illinois	2,659.3	90.7	560.8	2,474	3,265	46,866.2
Sixth Indiana	180,229.9	152,326.7	152,547.1	126,140.8	56,528.7	2,725,618.3
Seventh Indiana		4,078.5	1,498.1	6,716.5	293,367.7	385,136.2
Kansas	347.5	504	412.1			1,625.7
Second Kentucky	27,173.6	45,204.9	120,783.5	240,599.7	183,993.8	6,287,910.1
Fifth Kentucky	383,705.1	611,180.1	755,713.8	760,735.9	479,120.4	35,463,208
Sixth Kentucky	5,410.5	18,910	120,593.2	180,163.1	74,463.5	10,432,964
Seventh Kentucky	60,364.9	284,464.7	282,271.7	339,743.1	219,494.2	13,990,813.4
Eighth Kentucky	87,191.9	123,800.5	123,215.4	164,438.5	48,987.5	14,295,754
Louisiana	15,326.8	12,325.7	54,724.6	53,589.7	39,744.7	185,289.1
Maryland	135,457.2	137,754.4	144,191.6	80,445.8	59,785	8,980,384.2
Third Massachusetts	58,766.1	56,513.4	51,351.2	61,131.1	75,975	797,168.3
Minnesota	154,913.8	112,578.8	18,843.4			348,854.6
First Missouri	44,023.9	119,358.6	174,415.6	117,359.5	107,664.5	741,130.1
Sixth Missouri	6,051.5	13,420.7	23,301.8	18,038.1	8,247.2	294,215.6
Nebraska	107,170.9	34,208.7	75,746.9	66,367.5	34,216.1	544,884.7
New Hampshire						21,911.6
Fifth New Jersey	1,637.5	1,312.5	1,987.2	2,346.7	26,166.1	542,490.8
New Mexico						936
First New York		1,348.2	35,293.9	239,219.9	138,543.8	432,450.1
Fourteenth New York						254.3
Twenty-eighth New York						193,940.9
Fourth North Carolina	4,362.2	5,324.2	7,135.9	8,941.5	8,688.3	47,232.2
Fifth North Carolina	2,644.6	5,433.3	7,921.4	11,036.2	20,838	71,767.8
First Ohio	235,665.6	267,078.2	258,117.6	284,070.5	182,767.9	4,538,989.5
Tenth Ohio	20,226.5	22,295.9	22,168.2	21,786.1	20,351	274,362.4
Eleventh Ohio	1,705.1	2,863.8	41,582.8	26,371.9	1,948.2	224,884
Eighteenth Ohio	8,265.7	12,783.7	10,559.9	8,689.7	5,707.6	185,461.6
Oregon						30,776.1
First Pennsylvania	65,820.3	39,050.8	35,754.9	39,338.8	39,174.7	2,672,735.6
Ninth Pennsylvania	46,386.6	55,373.9	53,458.4	53,083.8	13,149.9	1,506,760.1
Twelfth Pennsylvania	2,186.5	2,916.1	3,072.3	2,389.7	1,928.2	163,337.3
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	26,280.4	27,503	57,522.8	57,464.8	39,361.4	18,731,923.4
South Carolina			139.6	227.9	3,832.5	4,650.5
Second Tennessee	1,719.9	2,360.3	3,098	6,938.3	6,809.1	32,412.7
Fifth Tennessee	54,074.9	67,418	67,624.4	63,826.4	56,679.4	1,422,420.1
Fourth Texas	2,770.3	3,602.2	1,211.8	1,238.8	605.1	28,465.5
Second Virginia	45.7	205.9	176.5			1,535.9
Sixth Virginia	10,422.8	12,666.9	12,610.7	10,816.4	12,399.6	310,636
West Virginia	811.1	1,193	765.6	121.7	275.2	989,458.3
First Wisconsin	25,710.3	30,615.7	54,622.7	62,202.4	94,249	646,651.6
Total by months	2,192,101.4	2,711,919.5	3,425,172.1	4,031,302.6	3,640,816.6	137,130,270.1

RECAPITULATION BY STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, and Georgia	21,334.9	26,478.5	32,755.9	34,025.8	37,048.7	358,447.5
Illinois	393,896.9	397,465.7	617,981.6	881,696	1,248,704.6	8,220,422
Indiana and Kansas	180,577.4	156,909.2	154,457.3	132,857.3	349,896.4	3,112,380.2
Kentucky	563,846	1,083,560.2	1,402,577.6	1,685,680.3	1,006,059.4	80,470,649.5
Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, and Minnesota	364,463.9	319,172.3	269,110.8	195,166.6	175,504.7	10,311,696.2
Missouri	50,075.4	132,779.3	197,717.4	135,397.6	115,911.7	1,035,345.7
Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and New Mexico	108,808.4	35,521.2	77,734.1	68,714.2	60,382.2	1,110,223.1
New York		1,348.2	35,293.9	239,219.9	138,543.8	626,645.3
North Carolina	7,006.8	10,757.5	15,057.3	19,977.7	29,526.3	119,000
Ohio and Oregon	265,862.9	305,021.6	332,428.5	340,918.2	210,774.7	5,254,473.6
Pennsylvania	140,673.8	124,843.8	149,808.4	152,277.1	93,614.2	23,074,756.4
South Carolina and Tennessee	55,794.8	69,778.3	70,862	70,992.6	67,321	1,459,483.3
Texas, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin	39,760.2	48,283.7	69,387.3	74,379.3	107,528.9	1,976,747.3
Total	2,192,101.4	2,711,919.5	3,425,172.1	4,031,302.6	3,640,816.6	137,130,270.1

DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPIRITS PRODUCED, WITHDRAWN, AND REMAINING IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES FOR LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS.

STATEMENT OF THE QUANTITY OF DISTILLED SPIRITS OF THE DIFFERENT KINDS AS KNOWN TO THE TRADE, PRODUCED, WITHDRAWN, AND REMAINING IN WAREHOUSE IN THE UNITED STATES FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1896, AND JUNE 30, 1897, RESPECTIVELY.

Distilled spirits—	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.	High wines.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Aggregate.
DR.	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*
Remaining in warehouse July 1, 1895	74,711,122.7	43,642,720.3	1,846,568	840,554.8	299,632.4	34,822.3	4,560,827.1	10,466,304.5	136,402,552.1
Produced and bonded during the year	16,935,862.4	9,153,066.6	9,960,301.1	1,490,227.6	1,098,375.7	198,298.6	25,564,738.3	22,187,332.7	86,588,703
Total	91,646,985.1	52,795,786.9	11,806,869.1	2,330,782.4	1,398,008.1	233,120.9	30,125,565.4	32,654,137.2	222,991,255.1
CR.									
Withdrawn on payment of tax during the year	8,277,293.8	4,426,910.7	9,560,576.7	513,403.2	1,077,292.4	225,490.8	19,492,903	17,061,485.5	60,635,356.1
Lost by leakage or evaporation in warehouse	1,214,550.5	787,605.3	25,875	21,511.9	5,386.6	5,109.9	188,785.8	365,958.6	2,614,783.6
Withdrawn for export during the year	51,074.7	12,610.7	225,687	812,258.6	1,009.1	.....	7,334.4	8,957	1,118,931.5
Withdrawn for scientific purposes during the year	833.9	987	82,531.4	.....	.....	.....	3,721.2	523.5	88,597
Withdrawn for transfer to manufacturing warehouses	1,946	5,626.5	.....	10,101.5	220.7	.....	94,949.5	14,646.2	127,490.4
Withdrawn for transfer to general bonded warehouses	1,757,518.2	307,054.1	357,623.1	56,471.3	7,152.9	.....	1,223,341	3,699,357.4	7,408,518
Lost by casualty, etc., during the year	1,401,777.7	178,847.6	3.4	.....	.5	.....	189.8	89,638.4	1,670,457.4
Remaining in warehouse June 30, 1896	78,941,990.3	47,076,145	1,554,572.5	917,035.9	306,945.9	2,520.2	9,114,340.7	11,413,570.6	149,327,121.1
Total	91,646,985.1	52,795,786.9	11,806,869.1	2,330,782.4	1,398,008.1	233,120.9	30,125,565.4	32,654,137.2	222,991,255.1
DR.									
Remaining in warehouse July 1, 1896	78,941,990.3	47,076,145	1,554,572.5	917,035.9	306,945.9	2,520.2	9,114,340.7	11,413,570.6	149,327,121.1
Produced and bonded during the year	6,113,726.2	4,269,220.2	9,503,353.2	1,294,156.9	1,159,314	206,738.4	16,877,305.6	23,041,833.3	62,465,647.8
Total	85,055,716.5	51,345,365.2	11,057,925.7	2,211,192.8	1,466,259.9	209,258.6	25,991,646.3	34,455,403.9	211,792,768.9
CR.									
Withdrawn on payment of tax during the year	10,062,421	5,455,725.4	8,910,256.9	555,523.9	1,054,605.9	199,438.3	18,124,976.1	19,961,420.4	64,324,367.9
Lost by leakage or evaporation in warehouse	1,756,797.9	1,070,265.8	28,767.4	27,343.7	4,729.2	1,100.8	206,958.2	405,616.2	3,501,579.2
Withdrawn for export during the year	534,085.3	13,966.9	508,800.7	791,671.6	441.9	.....	151,410.8	42,029.3	2,042,406.5
Withdrawn for scientific purposes during the year	796.8	1,393.2	139,478.3	.....	.....	.....	2,541.2	856.9	144,566.4
Withdrawn for transfer to manufacturing warehouses	4,198	2,090.3	.....	15,291.3	218.4	.....	120,940.8	15,795	158,533.8
Withdrawn for transfer to general bonded warehouses	531,724.1	87,651.1	271,093.1	23,978.9	11,974.3	139.7	2,288,534.7	1,142,914.1	4,358,010
Lost by casualty, etc., during the year	17,472.8	25,831.8	88.8	.....	.5	.....	.2	89,640.9	133,035
Remaining in warehouse June 30, 1897	72,148,220.6	44,688,440.7	1,199,440.5	797,383.4	394,289.7	8,579.8	5,096,284.3	12,797,631.1	137,130,270.1
Total	85,055,716.5	51,345,365.2	11,057,925.7	2,211,192.8	1,466,259.9	209,258.6	25,991,646.3	34,455,403.9	211,792,768.9

DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPIRITS IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES JULY 1, 1896.

QUANTITY OF THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPIRITS AS KNOWN TO THE TRADE REMAINING IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES JULY 1, 1896.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Gin.	Pure neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Aggregate.
First California	147,342.4	17,617.1	2,680.2	1,897.8	12,922.6	18,489.8	200,949.9
Colorado	8,565	189.1	1,786.7	.....	1,070.2	.....	11,611
Fifth Kentucky	1,744,664.2	25,214.2	.....	.....	.....	26,064	1,795,942.4
Maryland	.....	2,424.8	6,104.7	.....	9,198.6	51,539.7	69,267.8
Third Massachusetts	5,639.6	5,473	11,096	.....	31,848.8	43,866	97,923.4
Sixth Missouri	98,161.5	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,365.1	106,526.6
Second New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51,496	51,496
Fourth North Carolina	3,624.4	2,007.8	.....	.....	.....	288.6	5,920.8
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	4,105.7	258,681.4	.....	.....	2,112	3,522.3	268,421.4
Second Virginia	5,737.8	3,202.4	.....	.....	6,367.6	19,465	34,772.8
Total	2,017,840.6	314,809.8	21,667.6	1,897.8	63,519.8	223,096.5	2,642,832.1
Balance in warehouse at the end of fiscal year 1895.	439,792.6	36,043.5	20,210.2	3,158.2	275,296.6	652,200.4	1,426,700.9

NOTE.—The quantities reported in miscellaneous column are either spirits or whisky.

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JULY 1, 1896.

IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District. Deposited.	District. Produced.	Nov., 1891.	Dec., 1891.	Jan., 1892.	Feb., 1892.	Mar., 1892.	Apr., 1892.	May, 1892.
First California	Second Kentucky				356.7	4,339.6		
	Fifth Kentucky	2,358.5	6,326.1	2,090.6	4,029	6,660.5		2,759.6
	Sixth Kentucky					1,873.5	4,178	696.9
	Seventh Kentucky				1,643.5	6,660	7,095.3	9,831.2
	Eighth Kentucky							1,641.2
	First Ohio						701	
Total		2,358.5	6,326.1	2,090.6	6,029.2	19,533.6	11,974.3	14,928.9
Colorado	Fifth Kentucky							270.6
	Eighth Kentucky						1,159.1	708.2
Total							1,159.1	978.8
Fifth Kentucky	Fifth Kentucky			9,425.8	24,528.1	25,689.3	22,028.8	12,353.9
	Seventh Kentucky			931.5	1,805.1	4,395	17,401.5	8,911.3
	Eighth Kentucky			1,073.8	1,220.5	3,910	2,465.9	28,850.8
Total				11,431.1	27,553.7	32,994.3	41,896.2	50,116
Third Massachusetts.	Fifth Kentucky		2,856					
	Seventh Kentucky							1,144.4
Total			2,856					1,144.4
Sixth Missouri	Fifth Kentucky				950	1,762.3	1,984.1	2,965.2
	Sixth Kentucky				189.6	6,243.7	2,243.2	1,665
	Seventh Kentucky			191.5	2,099.1	3,254.1	3,579.5	3,452.6
	Eighth Kentucky					6,582.6		655.4
	Sixth Missouri				1,797.8	1,124.7	27.2	1,269.7
Total				191.5	5,036.5	18,967.4	7,834	10,007.9
Second Virginia	First Ohio						1,173	
Total							1,173	
Grand total by months		2,358.5	9,182.1	13,713.2	38,619.4	71,495.3	64,036.6	77,176

District. Deposited.	District. Produced.	June, 1892.	July, 1892.	Oct., 1892.	Nov., 1892.	Dec., 1892.	Jan., 1893.	Feb., 1893.
First California	Fifth Kentucky	10,039.7				475.4	1,078.7	5,186.8
	Sixth Kentucky							479.8
	Seventh Kentucky					468.5	1,794.6	
	Eighth Kentucky					527	2,348.8	
	First Ohio				6,071.1			
	Twenty-third Pennsylvania.						477.1	2,633.9
Total		10,039.7			6,071.1	1,470.9	5,699.2	8,300.5
Colorado	Fifth Kentucky		185.1					
Total			185.1					
Fifth Kentucky	Fifth Kentucky	2,015.6				16,154.8	29,575.9	6,911.4
	Seventh Kentucky			665.5	2,916.1	1,802.2	728.6	5,877.7
	Eighth Kentucky	36,052.2				5,844.5	20,739.6	17,650.2
Total		38,067.8		665.5	2,916.1	23,801.5	51,044.1	30,439.3
Maryland	Maryland							743.5
Total								743.5
Third Massachusetts.	Fifth Kentucky						1,849.4	
	Sixth Kentucky				4,328.6			
Total					4,328.6		1,849.4	

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JULY 1, 1896—Cont'd.

IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.		June, 1892.	July, 1892.	Oct., 1892.	Nov., 1892.	Dec., 1892.	Jan., 1893.	Feb., 1893.
Deposited.	Produced.							
Sixth Missouri	Fifth Kentucky	420.1			942.3	4,752.3	941.3	1,703.7
	Seventh Kentucky	468.2					1,054.8	
	Eighth Kentucky	2,510.6						967.9
Total		3,398.9			942.3	4,752.3	1,996.1	2,671.6
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	Twenty-third Pennsylvania.				233.7	1,183.1	2,908.3	2,621.9
Total					233.7	1,183.1	2,908.3	2,621.9
Second Virginia	First Ohio							1,581.7
Total								1,581.7
Grand total by months		51,506.4	185.1	665.5	14,491.8	31,207.8	63,497.1	46,358.5

District.		Mar., 1893.	Apr., 1893.	May, 1893.	June, 1893.	Nov., 1893.	Dec., 1893.
Deposited.	Produced.						
First California	Fifth Kentucky	4,999.1	6,566.6	10,173.5	3,127.5	484.1	
	Sixth Kentucky		2,939.3	2,127.2	1,097.5		
	Seventh Kentucky	232.5	2,237.1				
	First Ohio			1,387.2			
Total		5,231.6	11,743	13,687.9	4,225	484.1	
Colorado	Fifth Kentucky	790.8		431			
	Seventh Kentucky		383.8				
Total		790.8	383.8	431			
Fifth Kentucky	Second Kentucky		916.1	2,446.8	578		
	Fifth Kentucky	34,455.6	59,941.5	39,869.5	26,505.5		46.4
	Seventh Kentucky	12,044.9	9,519.5	4,975.3			
	Eighth Kentucky	21,839.1	19,342.8	30,797			
Total		68,339.6	89,719.9	78,088.6	27,083.5		46.4
Maryland	Maryland	1,235			446.3		
Total		1,235			446.3		
Sixth Missouri	Fifth Kentucky	4,348.1	2,334		47.4		
	Sixth Kentucky	230.8	4,570.1				
	Sixth Missouri		5,463.8				
Total		4,578.9	12,367.9		47.4		
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	2,591.9	2,336.5	1,245.3	521.7	430.3	2,553.8
Total		2,591.9	2,336.5	1,245.3	521.7	430.3	2,553.8
Second Virginia	First Ohio		229.4				
Total			229.4				
Grand total by months		82,767.8	116,780.5	93,452.8	32,323.9	914.4	2,600.2

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JULY 1, 1896—Cont'd.

IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.		Jan., 1894.	Feb., 1894.	Mar., 1894.	Apr., 1894.	May, 1894.	June, 1894.
Deposited.	Produced.						
First California....	Eighth Illinois.....						533.1
	Fifth Kentucky.....	3,484.7	237.2	1,650.4	2,839.5	5,081	278.7
	Sixth Kentucky.....				452.8	948.6	
	Seventh Kentucky.....	2,125				424	
Total.....		5,609.7	237.2	1,650.4	3,292.3	6,453.6	811.8
Colorado.....	Fifth Kentucky.....	428.7					
Total.....		428.7					
Fifth Kentucky...	Fifth Kentucky.....	576.3	18,096.3	16,370.5	27,422.9	53,396.1	24,091.4
	Sixth Kentucky.....				466.2		
	Seventh Kentucky.....		1,681.3	18,074.2	12,837.1	43,272.3	2,527.7
	Eighth Kentucky.....				7,807.9	11,240.8	10,973.2
Total.....		576.3	19,777.6	34,444.7	48,534.1	107,909.2	37,592.3
Sixth Missouri.....	Fifth Kentucky.....		479.5			3,384.2	9,899.6
	Seventh Kentucky.....		2,424.1	893.5	2,369.8		
Total.....			2,903.6	893.5	2,369.8	3,384.2	9,899.6
Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	Sixth Kentucky.....	2,928.5					
	Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	11,244.4					1,108.9
Total.....		14,172.9					1,108.9
Second Virginia...	First Ohio.....	447.7					
Total.....		447.7					
Grand total by months.....		21,235.3	22,918.4	36,988.6	54,196.2	117,747	49,412.6

District.		July, 1894.	Aug., 1894.	Sept., 1894.	Oct., 1894.	Nov., 1894.	Dec., 1894.
Deposited.	Produced.						
First California....	Eighth Illinois.....						1,840.6
	Fifth Kentucky.....	2,184.3					
	Seventh Kentucky.....						2,856.3
Total.....		2,184.3					4,696.9
Colorado.....	Seventh Kentucky.....					189.1	752.8
Total.....						189.1	752.8
Fifth Kentucky....	Fifth Kentucky.....						35,186.1
	Seventh Kentucky.....					1,259.7	30,864.7
	Eighth Kentucky.....	2,821					
Total.....		2,821				1,259.7	66,050.8
Fourth North Carolina.	Fifth Kentucky.....					2,007.8	
Total.....						2,007.8	
Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	Fifth Kentucky.....						1,177.2
	Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	1,437.8	1,450.5	1,394.8	1,437.6	3,320.5	3,728.1
Total.....		1,437.8	1,450.5	1,394.8	1,437.6	3,320.5	4,905.3
Grand total by months.....		6,443.1	1,450.5	1,394.8	1,437.6	6,777.1	76 405.8

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JULY 1, 1896—Cont'd.

IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.		June, 1892.	July, 1892.	Oct., 1892.	Nov., 1892.	Dec., 1892.	Jan., 1893.	Feb., 1893.
Deposited.	Produced.							
Sixth Missouri	Fifth Kentucky	420.1			942.3	4,752.3	941.3	1,703.7
	Seventh Kentucky	468.2					1,054.8	
	Eighth Kentucky	2,510.6						967.9
Total		3,398.9			942.3	4,752.3	1,996.1	2,671.6
Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	Twenty-third Pennsylvania.				233.7	1,183.1	2,908.3	2,621.9
Total					233.7	1,183.1	2,908.3	2,621.9
Second Virginia	First Ohio							1,581.7
Total								1,581.7
Grand total by months		51,506.4	185.1	665.5	14,491.8	31,207.8	63,497.1	46,358.5

District.		Mar., 1893.	Apr., 1893.	May, 1893.	June, 1893.	Nov., 1893.	Dec., 1893.
Deposited.	Produced.						
First California	Fifth Kentucky	4,999.1	6,566.6	10,173.5	3,127.5	484.1	
	Sixth Kentucky		2,939.3	2,127.2	1,097.5		
	Seventh Kentucky	232.5	2,237.1				
	First Ohio			1,387.2			
Total		5,231.6	11,743	13,687.9	4,225	484.1	
Colorado	Fifth Kentucky	790.8		431			
	Seventh Kentucky		383.8				
Total		790.8	383.8	431			
Fifth Kentucky	Second Kentucky		916.1	2,446.8	578		
	Fifth Kentucky	34,455.6	59,941.5	39,869.5	26,505.5		46.4
	Seventh Kentucky	12,044.9	9,519.5	4,975.3			
	Eighth Kentucky	21,839.1	19,342.8	30,797			
Total		68,339.6	89,719.9	78,088.6	27,083.5		46.4
Maryland	Maryland	1,235			446.3		
Total		1,235			446.3		
Sixth Missouri	Fifth Kentucky	4,348.1	2,334		47.4		
	Sixth Kentucky	230.8	4,570.1				
	Sixth Missouri		5,463.8				
Total		4,578.9	12,367.9		47.4		
Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	2,591.9	2,336.5	1,245.3	521.7	430.3	2,553.8
Total		2,591.9	2,336.5	1,245.3	521.7	430.3	2,553.8
Second Virginia	First Ohio		229.4				
Total			229.4				
Grand total by months		82,767.8	116,780.5	93,452.8	32,323.9	914.4	2,600.2

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JULY 1, 1896—Cont'd.

IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.		Jan., 1895.	Feb., 1895.	Mar., 1895.	Apr., 1895.	May, 1895.	June, 1895.
Deposited.	Produced.						
First California....	Fifth Illinois		189.6				
	Fifth Kentucky		2,180.3	1,323.5		12,070.6	
	Sixth Kentucky					447.1	
	Seventh Kentucky					2,743.5	
Total			2,369.9	1,323.5		15,261.2	
Colorado	Seventh Kentucky	2,812.3				642.6	
Total		2,812.3				642.6	
Fifth Kentucky ...	Fifth Illinois			2,529.8	1,148.8	690.6	
	Fifth Kentucky	38,201.8	28,854.1	39,208.6	64,220	27,558.3	
	Sixth Kentucky				671.9	1,112.3	
	Seventh Kentucky	6,858.9	11,290.3	28,990.3	35,526.1	30,433	
	First Missouri					8,044.6	15,321.7
Total		45,060.7	40,144.4	70,728.7	101,566.8	67,838.8	15,321.7
Third Massachusetts.	Fifth Illinois						1,934
	Seventh Indiana						1,571.7
	Fifth Kentucky					934.2	
Total						934.2	3,505.7
Sixth Missouri.....	Second Kentucky			1,459.3			782
	Fifth Kentucky				2,388.5		
	First Missouri			2,497.4		233	1,093.7
Total				3,956.7	2,388.5	233	1,875.7
Second New York..	Fifth Illinois			477.2	2,900.3		
Total				477.2	2,900.3		
Fourth North Carolina.	Fifth Kentucky		483				
	Fourth North Carolina						182.5
Total			483				182.5
Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	17,506.6	3,639.8	8,163.3	9,181.8	1,098.1	
Total		17,506.6	3,639.8	8,163.3	9,181.8	1,098.1	
Second Virginia ...	Fifth Kentucky						481.3
	Seventh Kentucky		490.5				
Total			490.5				481.3
Grand total by months		65,379.6	47,127.6	84,649.4	116,037.4	86,007.9	21,366.9

District.		July, 1895.	Aug., 1895.	Oct., 1895.	Nov., 1895.	Dec., 1895.	Jan., 1896.
Deposited.	Produced.						
First California....	Fifth Illinois				914.6		2,812.9
	Fifth Kentucky						614.7
Total					914.6		3,427.6
Colorado	Eighth Illinois						707.2
Total							707.2
Fifth Kentucky ...	Fifth Illinois				3,151.7	3,065.1	
	Fifth Kentucky				30,294.4	91,208.7	93,929.7
	Seventh Kentucky						9,116.4
Total					33,446.1	94,273.8	103,046.1
Maryland	Seventh Indiana					2,422.5	
Total						2,422.5	

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JULY 1, 1896—Cont'd.

IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.		July, 1895.	Aug., 1895.	Oct., 1895.	Nov., 1895.	Dec., 1895.	Jan., 1896.
Deposited.	Produced.						
Third Massachusetts.	Fifth Illinois					3,056.1	5,772.2
Total						3,056.1	5,772.2
Sixth Missouri	Eighth Illinois						2,093.8
Total							2,093.8
Fourth North Carolina.	Second Kentucky					1,216.4	
	Fifth Kentucky				1,925		
	Fourth North Carolina	106.1					
Total		106.1			1,925	1,216.4	
Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	Twenty-third Pennsylvania.					19,870	27,450.5
Total						19,870	27,450.5
Second Virginia	Eighth Illinois		139	473.8			
	Sixth Indiana			2,491.9	2,044.7		
	Eleventh Ohio					2,941	4,024.9
Total			139	2,965.7	2,044.7	2,941	4,024.9
Grand total by months		106.1	139	2,965.7	38,330.4	123,779.8	146,522.3

District.		Feb., 1896.	Mar., 1896.	Apr., 1896.	May, 1896.	June, 1896.	Total by districts.
Deposited.	Produced.						
First California	Fifth Illinois				2,668.9	6,067.8	12,653.8
	Eighth Illinois			3,890.4			6,264.1
	Second Kentucky						4,696.3
	Fifth Kentucky						98,300.6
	Sixth Kentucky						15,240.7
	Seventh Kentucky						38,111.5
	Eighth Kentucky						4,517
	Minnesota				6,284.4	2,498.1	8,782.5
	First Ohio						8,159.3
	Twenty-third Pennsylvania.						3,111
	First Wisconsin	267	846.1				1,113.1
Total		267	846.1	3,890.4	8,953.3	8,565.9	200,949.9
Colorado	Eighth Illinois	797.6					1,504.8
	Fifth Kentucky						2,106.2
	Seventh Kentucky						4,780.6
	Eighth Kentucky						1,867.3
	Nebraska				1,254.8	97.3	1,352.1
Total		797.6			1,254.8	97.3	11,611
Fifth Kentucky	Fifth Illinois		3,107.4	12,370.6			26,064
	Second Kentucky						3,940.9
	Fifth Kentucky	77,046.4	59,784.5	63,274.3	48,636.1	28,834.8	1,175,693.4
	Sixth Kentucky						2,250.4
	Seventh Kentucky	37,291.9					341,998.1
	Eighth Kentucky						222,629.3
	First Missouri						23,366.3
Total		114,338.3	62,891.9	75,644.9	48,636.1	28,834.8	1,795,942.4
Maryland	Fifth Illinois		361.1		11,363.4		11,724.5
	Eighth Illinois					5,746.7	5,746.7
	Seventh Indiana		84.5		20,683.9	22,686.6	45,877.5
	Second Kentucky					3,494.3	3,494.3
	Maryland						2,424.8
Total			445.6		32,047.3	31,927.6	69,267.8

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JULY 1, 1896—Cont'd.

IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.		Feb., 1896.	Mar., 1896.	Apr., 1896.	May, 1896.	June, 1896.	Total by districts.
Deposited.	Produced.						
Third Massachusetts.	Fifth Illinois	14,171.8	10,557.7	2,675.1	5,636.2	3,064.4	46,867.5
	Eighth Illinois	.....	.....	12,580.6	.....	3,180.8	15,761.4
	Seventh Indiana	.....	.....	.....	22,610.2	.....	24,181.9
	Fifth Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,639.6
	Sixth Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,328.6
	Seventh Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,144.4
Total		14,171.8	10,557.7	15,255.7	28,246.4	6,245.2	97,923.4
Sixth Missouri	Eighth Illinois	1,470.4	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,564.2
	Second Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,241.3
	Fifth Kentucky	.....	2,265.1	.....	.....	.....	41,567.7
	Sixth Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15,142.4
	Seventh Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19,787.2
	Eighth Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,716.5
	First Missouri	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,824.1
	Sixth Missouri	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,683.2
Total		1,470.4	2,265.1	.....	.....	.....	106,526.6
Second New York	Fifth Illinois	.....	.....	6,895.3	41,223.2	.....	51,496
Total		.....	.....	6,895.3	41,223.2	.....	51,496
Fourth North Carolina.	Second Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,216.4
	Fifth Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,415.8
	Fourth North Carolina	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	288.6
Total		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,920.8
Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	Eighth Illinois	477.5	.....	1,634.5	.....	.....	2,112
	Fifth Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,177.2
	Sixth Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,928.5
	Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	35,891.5	33,129.5	29,288.8	22,302.7	12,932	262,203.7
Total		36,369	33,129.5	30,923.3	22,302.7	12,932	268,421.4
Second Virginia	Eighth Illinois	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	612.8
	Sixth Indiana	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,536.6
	Seventh Indiana	3,000.3	.....	3,340.1	449.1	4,243.4	11,032.9
	Fifth Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	481.3
	Seventh Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	490.5
	Fourth North Carolina	.....	.....	137.2	131.8	.....	269
	First Ohio	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,431.8
	Eleventh Ohio	2,595.5	.....	.....	4,356.5	.....	13,917.9
Total		5,595.8	.....	3,477.3	4,937.4	4,243.4	34,772.8
Grand total by months		173,009.9	110,135.9	136,086.9	187,601.2	92,846.2	2,642,832.1

DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPIRITS DEPOSITED IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES DURING THE YEAR.

QUANTITY OF EACH KIND OF SPIRITS AS KNOWN TO THE TRADE DEPOSITED IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.
First California	193,365.8	32,596.3	141,104.8	9,106.5	8,887.2
Colorado	4,925.9	560.5	26,884.8	.....	1,742
Fifth Kentucky	242,346.5	6,522.9	.....	.....	.....
Maryland	.....	.....	9,914.2	.....	1,151.5
Third Massachusetts	.....	11,252.7	93,189.3	14,872.4	193.6
Sixth Missouri	90,627.1	5,011.7	.....	.....	.....
Second New York	594.5	1,471.9	.....	.....	.....
Fourth North Carolina	.....	2,419.1	.....	.....	.....
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	3,305.2	31,795.9	.....	.....	.....
Total	535,165	91,631	271,093.1	23,978.9	11,974.3
Deposited during year ended June 30, 1896	1,845,807.1	304,555.7	363,032.5	56,471.3	7,152.9

District.	High wines.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Aggregate.
First California	.....	781,980.9	281,987.1	1,449,028.6
Colorado	.....	30,208.5	6,485.4	70,807.1
Fifth Kentucky	.....	.....	703.3	249,572.7
Maryland	139.7	887,209.2	421,923.1	1,320,337.7
Third Massachusetts	.....	587,114.5	529,979	1,236,631.5
Sixth Missouri	.....	.....	22,546.4	118,185.2
First New York	.....	.....	13,515.8	13,515.8
Second New York	.....	.....	.....	2,066.4
Fourth North Carolina	.....	.....	.....	2,419.1
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	.....	.....	8,829.7	43,930.8
Total	139.7	2,286,543.1	1,285,969.8	4,506,494.9
Deposited during year ended June 30, 1896	.....	1,367,162.9	3,749,690	7,693,872.4

NOTE.—The quantities in miscellaneous column are either spirits or whisky.

DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPIRITS WITHDRAWN TAX-PAID FROM GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES DURING THE YEAR.

QUANTITY OF EACH KIND OF SPIRITS AS KNOWN TO THE TRADE WITHDRAWN UPON PAYMENT OF THE TAX FROM GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.	High wines.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Aggregate.
First California	148,955.2	18,694.3	106,506.7	4,868.6	7,729.9	.....	665,038.6	233,189.2	1,184,982.5
Colorado	6,592.3	264.9	28,671.5	.....	1,693.6	.....	31,275.8	5,618.6	74,116.7
Fifth Kentucky	211,466.2	6,404.6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15,467.8	233,338.6
Maryland	.....	2,027.1	14,849.7	.....	1,134.8	138.9	875,569.1	468,234.8	1,361,954.4
Third Massachusetts	4,714.6	13,603.5	103,158.6	.....	191.4	.....	606,734.9	569,253.6	1,297,656.6
Sixth Missouri	76,823.9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20,510.9	97,334.8
First New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,248.2	3,248.2
Second New York	499.5	1,232.7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	35,825	37,557.2
Fourth North Carolina	663	123.2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	786.2
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	3,519.8	4,808.9	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,059	2,446.2	12,833.9
Second Virginia	5,314.5	2,736.7	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,113.8	18,696.5	32,861.5
Total	458,549	49,895.9	253,186.5	4,868.6	10,749.7	138.9	2,186,791.2	1,372,490.8	4,336,670.6
Withdrawn during year ended June 30, 1896	226,139.9	19,325.7	356,441.4	5.6	7,972.6	.....	1,538,910.4	4,093,835.1	6,242,630.7

NOTE.—The quantities in miscellaneous column are either spirits or whisky.

DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPIRITS LOST BY LEAKAGE IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES DURING THE YEAR.

QUANTITY OF EACH KIND OF SPIRITS AS KNOWN TO THE TRADE LOST BY LEAKAGE IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.	High wines.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Aggregate.
First California	27,141.3	4,396.1	1,316.2	186.1	42.3	.....	3,947.4	6,576.2	42,605.6
Colorado	834.4	15.1	.....	.....	.9	.....	2.9	100.5	953.8
Fifth Kentucky	34,269.8	953.7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	811.2	36,034.7
Maryland	.....	397.7	116	.....	16.7	.8	20,840.7	5,228	26,599.9
Third Massachusetts	925	3,122.2	1,142.9	85.5	2.2	.....	12,258.4	4,623	22,159.2
Sixth Missouri	13,928.5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,542	15,470.5
First New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	177.6	177.6
Second New York	95	239.2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,630.6	1,964.8
Fourth North Carolina	57.4	15.3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	72.7
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	456.5	669.9	.....	.....	.....	.....	53	319	1,498.4
Second Virginia	423.3	465.7	.....	.....	.....	.....	253.8	768.5	1,911.3
Total	78,131.2	10,274.9	2,575.1	271.6	62.1	.8	37,356.2	21,776.6	150,448.5
Lost during year ended June 30, 1896	34,563.5	3,521.9	2,571	218.3	83.4	.....	16,679.3	49,392.1	107,029.5

NOTE.—The quantities in miscellaneous column are either spirits or whisky.

QUANTITY OF SPIRITS WITHDRAWN FROM GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES FOR SCIENTIFIC PURPOSES DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Alcohol.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Aggregate.
First California	1,649.3	962.2	2,611.5
Maryland	1,053.2	.....	1,053.2
Total	2,702.5	962.2	3,664.7

QUANTITY AND KIND OF SPIRITS WITHDRAWN FROM GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES FOR EXPORT DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

1. BY DISTRICTS AND KINDS.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Aggregate.
First California	2,033.3	2,072.6	.....	45	10,850.3	18,637.5	33,638.7
Fifth Kentucky	431.4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	431.4
Third Massachusetts	.....	.....	14,786.9	.....	.....	.....	14,786.9
Second New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	524.6	524.6
Total	2,464.7	2,072.6	14,786.9	45	10,850.3	19,162.1	49,381.6
Exported during the year ended June 30, 1896	3,358.3	1,745	56,247.4	160.6	4,187.1	5,628.5	71,326.9

NOTE.—The quantity in miscellaneous column is spirits and whisky.

EXPORTATION OF DISTILLED SPIRITS FROM GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES—Continued.

2. BY FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC PORTS IN 1897.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

Port to which exported.	Spirits exported from general bonded warehouses.				
	Bourbon whisky.				
	Laredo.	Mobile.	New Orleans.	San Francisco.	Tacoma.
Acajutla, Central America				121	
Amapala, Central America					
Apia, Samoan Islands				44.5	
Bluefields, Central America		197.8			
Champerico, Mexico				213.1	
Elmina, Africa					
Ensenada, Argentina				76.9	
Guaymas, Mexico				77.8	
Hamilton, Bermuda					
Hiago, Japan				38.5	
Hilo, Hawaiian Islands					
Hermosillo, Mexico					
Honolulu, Sandwich Islands					
Iztapa, Central America				44.8	
La Libertad, Central America					
Mexico, Mexico	117.9		115.7		
Ocos, Central America				43.2	
Panama, South America				44	
Port Limon, Central America					
Punta Arenas, Central America				399.1	
San Jose de Guatemala, Central America				40.6	
Shanghai, China				80.1	
Yokohama, Japan				253.1	556.6
Total	117,9	197.8	115.7	1,476.7	556.6

Port to which exported.	Spirits exported from general bonded warehouses—Cont'd.					
	Alcohol.	Miscellaneous.		Rum.	Gin.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.
	San Francisco.	New York.	San Francisco.	Boston.	San Francisco.	San Francisco.
Acajutla, Central America			6,617.9			2,460.6
Amapala, Central America			186.4			
Apia, Samoan Islands						
Bluefields, Central America						
Champerico, Mexico						
Elmina, Africa				14,786.9		
Ensenada, Argentina						
Guaymas, Mexico			92.2			
Hamilton, Bermuda		87.1				
Hiago, Japan						
Hilo, Hawaiian Islands			37.4			
Hermosillo, Mexico			45.3			
Honolulu, Sandwich Islands	2,072.6					
Iztapa, Central America						
La Libertad, Central America			11,613.9			8,389.7
Mexico, Mexico						
Ocos, Central America						
Panama, South America						
Port Limon, Central America		437.5				
Punta Arenas, Central America						
San Jose de Guatemala, Central America			44.4		45	
Shanghai, China						
Yokohama, Japan						
Total	2,072.6	524.6	18,637.5	14,786.9	45	10,850.3

NOTE.—The quantities in miscellaneous column are either spirits or whisky.

SPIRITS LOST BY CASUALTY IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES DURING THE YEAR.

QUANTITY OF SPIRITS LOST BY CASUALTY IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Miscellaneous. *a*	Aggregate.
First California	.7		.2
Fifth Kentucky		.2	.7
Total	.7	.2	.9

a Spirits or whisky.

DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPIRITS IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES JUNE 30, 1897.

QUANTITY OF THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPIRITS AS KNOWN TO THE TRADE REMAINING IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES JUNE 30, 1897.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Aggregate.
First California	159,906.8	23,484.8	32,281.4	4,051.8	2,970.8	106,066.7	31,343.3	360,105.6
Colorado	6,064.2	469.6			47.5		766.3	7,347.6
Fifth Kentucky	1,740,843.3	24,378.8					10,488.1	1,775,710.2
Sixth Missouri	98,036.5	5,011.7					8,858.6	111,906.8
First New York							10,090	10,090
Fourth North Carolina	2,904	4,288.4					288.6	7,481
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	3,434.6	284,998.5					9,586.8	298,019.9
Total	2,011,189.4	342,631.8	32,281.4	4,051.8	3,018.3	106,066.7	71,421.7	2,570,661.1
Balance in warehouse at the end of fiscal year 1896	2,017,840.6	314,809.8	21,667.6		1,897.8	63,519.8	223,096.5	2,642,832.1

NOTE.—The quantities reported in miscellaneous column are either spirits or whisky.

LIST OF GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES, SHOWING ALSO THE QUANTITY OF DISTILLED SPIRITS REMAINING IN EACH JUNE 30, 1897.

Bonded warehouse.	Quantity in each warehouse.
First district of California:	
No. 1. Bode & Haslett, San Francisco	360,105.6
District of Colorado:	
No. 1. Denver Transit and Warehouse Co., Denver	7,347.6
Fifth district of Kentucky:	
No. 1. Louisville Public Warehouse Co., Louisville	717,399.6
No. 2. Herndon-Carter Co., Louisville	69,933
No. 3. Louisville Public Warehouse Co., Louisville	792,979
No. 4. General Storage Co., Louisville	195,398.6
District of Maryland: *a*	
No. 1. E. A. Alexander, Baltimore	
Third district of Massachusetts: *b*	
No. 1. C. O. Fellows, Boston	
Sixth district of Missouri:	
No. 1. Western Storage and Warehouse Co., Kansas City	111,906.8
First district of New York:	
No. 1. Brooklyn Wharf and Warehouse Co., Brooklyn	10,090
Second district of New York:	
No. 1. G. Brickelmaier, 436 Pearl street, New York *c*	
Fourth district of North Carolina:	
No. 1. S. J. Lambeth, Greensboro, Guilford County, N. C.	7,481
Twenty-third district of Pennsylvania:	
No. 1. Union Storage Co., Pittsburg	298,019.9
Second district of Virginia: *d*	
No. 1. J. R. Sedgwick, Richmond	
Total	2,570,661.1

a Discontinued January 31, 1897.
b Discontinued March 31, 1897.
c Discontinued May 30, 1897.
d Discontinued October 31, 1896.

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JUNE 30, 1897.

IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.		Dec., 1891.	Jan., 1892.	Feb., 1892.	Mar., 1892.	Apr., 1892.	May, 1862.	June, 1892.
Deposited.	Produced.							
First California	Second Kentucky	2,206.8	.....	2,205.3	7,423.6	.....	.....	.....
	Fifth Kentucky	1,169.5	1,425	3,153.5	5,415.6	.....	141.4	4,469.6
	Sixth Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	235	.....	139.9	.....
	Seventh Kentucky	.....	.....	702.5	2,177.5	2,978.6	7,692.8	.....
Total		3,376.3	1,425	6,061.3	15,251.7	2,978.6	7,974.1	4,469.6
Colorado	Fifth Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	135.5	.....	.....
	Seventh Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	238	2,143.1	.....
	Eighth Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	471.8	.....
Total		.....	.....	.....	.....	373.5	2,614.9	.....
Fifth Kentucky	Fifth Kentucky	.....	6,439.9	13,069	25,209	19,658.2	12,174.3	2,015.6
	Seventh Kentucky	.....	137.7	794.8	2,703.7	6,379.6	2,471.7	4,531.7
	Eighth Kentucky	5,653.3	17,167.3	13,974.4	21,577.9	20,937	23,644.5	21,065.4
Total		5,653.3	23,744.9	27,838.2	49,490.6	46,974.8	38,290.5	27,612.7
Sixth Missouri	Second Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	278.9	.....	.....
	Fifth Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,036.7	1,032.8	47.2
	Sixth Kentucky	.....	.....	2,755.9	3,196.2	1,407	691.9	2,292.8
	Seventh Kentucky	.....	.....	3,334	2,391.5	3,106.5	1,373.8	233.2
	Eighth Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	1,498.7	4,165.4	1,122.6	2,127.9
	Sixth Missouri	.....	.....	241.5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total		.....	.....	6,331.4	7,086.4	9,994.5	4,221.1	4,701.1
Grand total by months		9,029.6	25,169.9	40,230.9	71,828.7	60,321.4	53,100.6	36,783.4

District.		July, 1892.	Oct., 1892.	Nov., 1892.	Dec., 1892.	Jan., 1893.	Feb., 1893.	Mar., 1893.
Deposited.	Produced.							
First California	Second Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,638.8	.....
	Fifth Kentucky	.....	.....	2,585.9	49.9	848.8	4,572.6	3,989.8
	Sixth Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	326	46.5	705.2	268.6
	Seventh Kentucky	.....	.....	712	233.6	3,503.7	.....	.....
	Eighth Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	2,123.7	1,486.8	.....	.....
	First Ohio	.....	.....	940.9	.....	.....	.....	1,852.3
	Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	.....	.....	2,970	.....	.....	1,917.9	621.1
Total		.....	.....	7,208.8	2,733.2	5,885.8	8,834.5	6,731.8
Colorado	Fifth Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	92.4
	Seventh Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	872.1	.....	.....
Total		.....	.....	.....	.....	872.1	.....	92.4
Fifth Kentucky	Second Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	230.8	.....	.....
	Fifth Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	9,691.9	16,930.9	5,349.3	42,756
	Seventh Kentucky	3,552.4	238.3	19,716.9	20,754.8	434.9	5,218.6	17,612.4
Total		3,552.4	238.3	19,716.9	30,446.7	17,596.6	10,567.9	60,368.4
Sixth Missouri	Fifth Kentucky	.....	.....	475	384.1	.....	.....	619
	Sixth Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	1,158.1	.....	.....	.....
	Seventh Kentucky	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,827.8	.....	.....
	Eighth Kentucky	.....	843.9	.....	2,514.7	.....	.....	1,168.6
Total		.....	843.9	475	4,056.9	2,827.8	.....	1,787.6
Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	.....	.....	233.7	1,183.1	2,908.3	2,621.9	2,591.9
Total		.....	.....	233.7	1,183.1	2,908.3	2,621.9	2,591.9
Grand total by months		3,552.4	1,082.2	27,634.4	38,419.9	30,090.6	22,024.3	71,572.1

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JUNE 30, 1897—Cont'd.

IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.		Apr., 1893.	May, 1893.	June, 1893.	July, 1893.	Nov., 1893.	Dec., 1893.	Jan., 1894.
Deposited.	Produced.							
First California	Second Kentucky	1,165.5	604.2					
	Fifth Kentucky	909.5	14,487.1	374.9	1,048.1			1,853.7
	Sixth Kentucky	1,363.1	2,827.9	5,635.4				48.3
	Seventh Kentucky	2,034.6						1,433.2
	Eighth Kentucky	6,519.1	3,560.2					
	Maryland	2,355.9						
	Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	1,203.3		950.1				474.4
Total		15,551	21,479.4	6,960.4	1,048.1			3,809.6
Colorado	Fifth Kentucky		94.6					96.1
	Seventh Kentucky	336.1						
Total		336.1	94.6					96.1
Fifth Kentucky	Second Kentucky	1,992.3	2,446.8	578				
	Fifth Kentucky	57,011.1	40,296.3	26,457.6				1,990.1
	Sixth Kentucky	671.9	1,024.2					
	Seventh Kentucky	5,606.5	5,054.3					
	Eighth Kentucky		22,927.7					
Total		65,281.8	71,749.3	27,035.6				1,990.1
Sixth Missouri	Second Kentucky	2,078.2						
	Fifth Kentucky	844.8	3,924.3				1,437	2,317.9
	Sixth Kentucky		610	9,892.4				
	Sixth Missouri	1,550.9						
Total		4,473.9	4,534.3	9,892.4			1,437	2,317.9
Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	Sixth Kentucky							2,469.8
	Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	2,100.4	1,007.4	189.7		95.6	2,553.8	11,098.4
Total		2,100.4	1,007.4	189.7		95.6	2,553.8	13,568.2
Grand total by months		87,743.2	98,865	44,078.1	1,048.1	95.6	3,990.8	21,781.9

District.		Feb., 1894.	Mar., 1894.	Apr., 1894.	May, 1894.	June, 1894.	July, 1894.	Aug., 1894.
Deposited.	Produced.							
First California	Fifth Kentucky	1,372.5	5,384.2	1,434.4	7,094.9	432.5	429.8	
	Sixth Kentucky	138.2	226.8		1,628.1			
	Seventh Kentucky				282			
	First Ohio		926.4		1,403.7			
	Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	466						
Total		1,976.7	6,537.4	1,434.4	10,408.7	432.5	429.8	
Fifth Kentucky	Fifth Kentucky	10,879.9	20,125.2	33,789.1	49,096.4	27,058.3		
	Sixth Kentucky			466.2				
	Seventh Kentucky	1,201.6	15,612.6	8,733	43,272.3	2,527.7		
	Eighth Kentucky	85.3	44.1	6,942.3	9,636.5	10,973.2	2,821	
Total		12,166.8	35,781.9	49,930.6	102,005.2	40,559.2	2,821	
Sixth Missouri	Fifth Kentucky	287.6	1,428.3	2,138.7	6,085	3,732		
	Seventh Kentucky	728.7		2,369.8				
Total		1,016.3	1,428.3	4,508.5	6,085	3,732		
Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	Twenty-third Pennsylvania.					1,108.9	1,437.8	1,450.5
Total						1,108.9	1,437.8	1,450.5
Grand total by months		15,159.8	43,747.6	55,873.5	118,498.9	45,832.6	4,688.6	1,450.5

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JUNE 30, 1897—Cont'd.

IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.		Sept., 1894.	Nov., 1894.	Dec., 1894.	Jan., 1895.	Feb., 1895.	Mar., 1895.	Apr., 1895.
Deposited.	Produced.							
First California	Second Kentucky				465.5			
	Fifth Kentucky		753.2			242.6	4,997.3	
	Sixth Kentucky					912		
	Seventh Kentucky			1,526.7				
	First Missouri							2,537.5
Total			753.2	1,526.7	465.5	1,154.6	4,997.3	2,537.5
Colorado	Seventh Kentucky		189.1	329	237.1			
Total			189.1	329	237.1			
Fifth Kentucky	Second Kentucky				1,005			
	Fifth Kentucky			23,273.9	32,777	28,711.5	39,208.6	70,516.8
	Seventh Kentucky		1,259.7	21,753.9	5,099.4	9,400	31,566.7	42,833.4
	Eighth Kentucky						286.5	7,886.6
Total			1,259.7	45,027.8	38,881.4	38,111.5	71,061.8	121,236.8
Sixth Missouri	Second Kentucky					4,484		
	Fifth Kentucky						2,870.9	2,052.6
	Sixth Kentucky			2,991.4				
	First Missouri						891.8	
Total				2,991.4		4,484	3,762.7	2,052.6
Fourth North Carolina	Fifth Kentucky		1,869.3			483	1,204.6	
Total			1,869.3			483	1,204.6	
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	Second Kentucky					964.8		
	Sixth Kentucky						3,217.4	
	Eleventh Ohio						509.2	
	Twenty-third Pennsylvania	2,832.4	2,938	5,504.5	20,003.6	3,256.8	6,679.2	10,595.5
Total		2,832.4	2,938	5,504.5	20,003.6	4,221.6	10,405.8	10,595.5
Grand total by months		2,832.4	7,009.3	55,379.4	59,587.6	48,454.7	91,432.2	136,422.4

District.		May, 1895.	June, 1895.	July, 1895.	Aug., 1895.	Sept., 1895.	Oct., 1895.	Nov., 1895.
Deposited.	Produced.							
First California	Fifth Kentucky	3,937.3					2,480.5	
	Sixth Kentucky	913.5						
	Seventh Kentucky	7,533.9						
	Nebraska		244.8			4,852.5	11,365.0	13,021.7
Total		12,384.7	244.8			4,852.5	13,845.5	13,021.7
Colorado	Seventh Kentucky	1,018.4						
Total		1,018.4						
Fifth Kentucky	Fifth Illinois							990.4
	Fifth Kentucky	56,235.2	2,383.4					27,391.5
	Seventh Kentucky	29,066.5						
	Eighth Kentucky	669.8						
	First Missouri	6,426.6	15,321.7					
Total		92,998.1	17,705.1					28,381.9
Sixth Missouri	First Missouri		137.1					
Total			137.1					
Fourth North Carolina	Fourth North Carolina		182.5	106.1				
Total			182.5	106.1				
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	Twenty-third Pennsylvania	8,497.7		2,200.6	1,349.7			
Total		8,497.7		2,200.6	1,349.7			
Grand total by months		114,898.9	18,269.5	2,306.7	1,349.7	4,852.5	13,845.5	41,403.6

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JUNE 30, 1897—Cont'd.

IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District. Deposited.	Produced.	Dec., 1895.	Jan., 1896.	Feb., 1896.	Mar., 1896.	Apr., 1896.	May, 1896.
First California	First California	375.8	1,026.8				
	Fifth Illinois		1,802.6				
	Eighth Illinois	1,391					
	Fifth Kentucky	4,809.5	378.3		1,394.8		
	Sixth Kentucky		922.5				
	Third Massachusetts		915.3		3,136.5		
	Minnesota					2,268.5	436.7
	Nebraska	5,993.5	6,047.3	5,874.4	52,474.3		
Total		12,569.8	11,092.8	5,874.4	57,005.6	2,268.5	436.7
Fifth Kentucky	Fifth Illinois	1,557.6			479.9	7,179.8	
	Fifth Kentucky	90,447.1	93,393.7	75,799.8	59,643.4	53,448.7	48,206.3
	Seventh Kentucky		8,884.8	37,291.9			
	Eighth Kentucky		95.3	93.1	1,277	1,145.6	621.5
	Fifth Tennessee		280.4				
Total		92,004.7	102,654.2	113,184.8	61,400.3	61,774.1	48,427.8
Sixth Missouri	Eighth Illinois	95					
	Fifth Kentucky				2,031.3		
	Sixth Kentucky					1,715.2	
Total		95			2,031.3	1,715.2	
First New York	Fifth Illinois						10,090
Total							10,090
Fourth North Carolina.	Second Kentucky	1,216.4					
	Fifth Kentucky		195.2	2,223.9			
Total		1,216.4	195.2	2,223.9			
Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	19,870	27,450.5	35,891.5	33,129.5	29,288.8	22,302.7
Total		19,870	27,450.5	35,891.5	33,129.5	29,288.8	22,302.7
Grand total by months		125,755.9	141,392.7	157,174.6	153,566.7	95,046.6	81,257.2

District. Deposited.	Produced.	June, 1896.	July, 1896.	Aug., 1896.	Oct., 1896.	Nov., 1896.	Dec., 1896.
First California	First Illinois						271
	Fifth Illinois					103.6	303.2
	Second Kentucky	9,619.1					
	Fifth Kentucky	3,060.9					
	Minnesota	455.8					6,263.7
	First Wisconsin			107.5	570.4		
Total		13,135.8		107.5	570.4	103.6	6,837.9
Colorado	Nebraska	280.5	142.2	47.5			
Total		280.5	142.2	47.5			
Fifth Kentucky	Fifth Kentucky	35,384					
Total		35,384					
Sixth Missouri	Eighth Illinois						3,818.3
	Nebraska						238.7
Total							4,057
Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	Fifth Illinois	2,847.1					
	Twenty-third Pennsylvania.	22,013.2	2,129.3	1,496.7			
Total		24,860.3	2,129.3	1,496.7			
Grand total by months		73,660.6	2,271.5	1,651.7	570.4	103.6	10,894.9

PRODUCTS, BY MONTHS, OF SPIRITS IN WAREHOUSE JUNE 30, 1897—Cont'd.

IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES—Continued.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

District.		Jan., 1897.	Feb., 1897.	Mar., 1897.	Apr., 1897.	May, 1897.	Total by districts.
Deposited.	Produced.						
First California	First California						1,402.6
	First Illinois	627.2					898.2
	Fifth Illinois	6,364.7		23,043.5			31,617.6
	Eighth Illinois	2,922		5,845			10,158
	Second Kentucky						25,328.8
	Fifth Kentucky						34,697.6
	Sixth Kentucky						16,337
	Seventh Kentucky						30,811.1
	Eighth Kentucky						13,689.8
	Maryland						2,355.9
	Third Massachusetts						4,051.8
	Minnesota			12,517.5			21,942.2
	First Missouri						2,537.5
	Nebraska						99,873.5
	First Ohio						5,123.3
	Twenty-third Pennsylvania						8,602.8
	First Wisconsin						677.9
Total		9,913.9		41,406			360,105.6
Colorado	Fifth Kentucky						418.6
	Seventh Kentucky						5,362.9
	Eighth Kentucky						471.8
	Nebraska	384.6			239.5		1,094.3
Total		384.6			239.5		7,347.6
Fifth Kentucky	Fifth Illinois						10,207.7
	Second Kentucky						6,252.9
	Fifth Kentucky			624.2	1,962.9	1,419.1	1,160,825.2
	Sixth Kentucky						2,162.3
	Seventh Kentucky			12,856.8	17,539.5		384,708.1
	Eighth Kentucky						189,525.3
	First Missouri						21,748.3
	Fifth Tennessee						280.4
Total				13,481	19,502.4	1,419.1	1,775,710.2
Sixth Missouri	Eighth Illinois						3,913.3
	Second Kentucky						6,841.1
	Fifth Kentucky	6,437.6	2,391.6				41,574.4
	Sixth Kentucky						26,710.9
	Seventh Kentucky						16,365.3
	Eighth Kentucky						13,441.8
	First Missouri						1,028.9
	Sixth Missouri						1,792.4
	Nebraska						238.7
Total		6,437.6	2,391.6				111,906.8
First New York	Fifth Illinois						10,090
Total							10,090
Fourth North Carolina	Second Kentucky						1,216.4
	Fifth Kentucky						5,976
	Fourth North Carolina						288.6
Total							7,481
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	Fifth Illinois						2,847.1
	Second Kentucky						964.8
	Sixth Kentucky						5,687.2
	Eleventh Ohio						509.2
	Twenty-third Pennsylvania						288,011.6
Total							298,019.9
Grand total by months		16,736.1	2,391.6	54,887	19,741.9	1,419.1	2,570,661.1

DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPIRITS DEPOSITED, WITHDRAWN, AND REMAINING IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES.

QUANTITY OF DISTILLED SPIRITS OF THE DIFFERENT KINDS AS KNOWN TO THE TRADE, PRODUCED, WITHDRAWN, AND REMAINING IN GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES IN THE UNITED STATES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

Distilled spirits.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.	High wines.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Aggregate.
DR.									
Remaining in bonded warehouses July 1, 1896	2,017,840.6	314,809.8	21,667.6	.....	1,897.8	.....	63,519.8	223,096.5	2,642,832.1
Deposited in bonded warehouses during the year	535,165	91,631	271,093.1	23,978.9	11,974.3	139.7	2,286,543.1	1,285,969.8	4,506,494.9
Excess ascertained on regauge at bonded warehouses	5.3	.....	57.4	.....	3	.....	336.2	79.8	481.7
Total	2,553,010.9	406,440.8	292,818.1	23,978.9	13,875.1	139.7	2,350,399.1	1,509,146.1	7,149,808.7
CR.									
Withdrawn during the year upon payment of tax	458,549	49,895.9	253,186.5	4,868.6	10,749.7	138.9	2,186,791.2	1,372,490.8	4,336,670.6
Lost by leakage or evaporation in warehouse	78,131.2	10,274.9	2,575.1	271.6	62.1	.8	37,356.2	21,776.6	150,448.5
Withdrawn for export	2,464.7	.....	2,072.6	14,786.9	45	.....	10,850.3	19,162.1	49,381.6
Withdrawn for scientific purposes	.....	.....	2,702.5	.....	.....	.....	962.2	.....	3,664.7
Withdrawn for transfer to manufacturing warehouses *a*	2,675.9	3,638.2	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,372.5	10,778.9	25,465.5
Withdrawn for transfer to general bonded warehouse *b*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13,515.8	13,515.8
Lost by casualty during the year	.7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.2	.9
Remaining in warehouse June 30, 1897	2,011,189.4	342,631.8	32,281.4	4,051.8	3,018.3	.....	106,066.7	71,421.7	2,570,661.1
Total	2,553,010.9	406,440.8	292,818.1	23,978.9	13,875.1	139.7	2,350,399.1	1,509,146.1	7,149,808.7

a Withdrawn from first California.

b Withdrawn from second New York.

STOCK ON HAND, PRODUCTION, AND MOVEMENT OF SPIRITS FOR FIVE YEARS.

The following table shows the stock on hand, production, and movement of spirits, other than fruit brandies, for the fiscal years 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, and 1897:

Distilled spirits.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.
	Gallons.	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*
Actually in warehouse at beginning of fiscal year	127,596,339	147,894,694	137,993,078	*a* 138,248,796.2	*b* 152,125,495.4
Produced during fiscal year	128,651,782	89,205,492	*c* 81,090,993.9	*d* 86,589,358.5	*e* 62,466,129.5
Total	256,248,121	237,100,186	219,084,071.9	224,838,154.7	214,591,624.9
Withdrawn, tax-paid, during fiscal year	97,424,825	87,087,618	*f* 74,540,569	*g* 66,877,986.8	*h* 68,661,038.5
Withdrawn for exportation during fiscal year	3,762,231	6,114,417	*i* 1,312,006.5	*k* 1,190,258.4	*l* 2,091,788.1
Withdrawn for scientific purposes, for use of United States, for transfer to manufacturing warehouse, destroyed by casualty, allowed for loss by leakage in warehouses, etc	7,166,371	5,905,073	*m* 4,982,700.2	*n* 4,644,414.1	*o* 4,117,294
Total	108,353,427	99,107,108	80,835,275.7	72,712,659.3	74,870,120.6
Remaining in warehouse at end of fiscal year	147,894,694	137,993,078	*a* 138,248,796.2	*p* 152,125,495.4	*q* 139,721,504.3

a This includes 1,426,700.9 gallons in general bonded warehouses and 419,543.2 gallons in transit June 30, 1895, between distillery warehouses and general bonded warehouses.

b This includes 2,642,832.1 gallons in general bonded warehouses, 153,475.8 gallons in transit between distillery warehouses and general bonded warehouses, and 2,066.4 gallons in transit between general bonded warehouses June 30, 1896.

c This includes 1,141,324 gallons added under act of August 28, 1894, and 74.6 gallons excess found on regauge at general bonded warehouses.

d This includes 655.5 gallons excess found on regauge at general bonded warehouses.

e This includes 481.7 gallons excess found on regauge at general bonded warehouses.

f This includes 364,329.5 gallons tax-paid upon withdrawal from general bonded warehouses.

g This includes 6,242,630.7 gallons withdrawn tax-paid from general bonded warehouses.

h This includes 4,336,670.6 gallons tax-paid upon withdrawal from general bonded warehouses.

i This includes 1,181.2 gallons withdrawn from general bonded warehouses for export.

k This includes 71,326.9 gallons withdrawn for export from general bonded warehouses.

l This includes 49,381.6 gallons withdrawn for export from general bonded warehouses.

m This includes 1,192,514 gallons deducted under act of August 28, 1894, 4,591.5 gallons leakage in general bonded warehouses, and 180.5 gallons withdrawn for use of the United States from such warehouses.

n This includes 143,038.8 gallons withdrawn from or destroyed or lost in general bonded warehouses.

o This includes 179,579.6 gallons withdrawn from or destroyed or lost in general bonded warehouses.

p This includes 2,642,832.1 gallons in general bonded warehouses, 153,475.8 gallons in transit between distillery warehouses and general bonded warehouses, and 2,066.4 gallons in transit between general bonded warehouses.

q This includes 12,822.9 gallons in transit between distillery warehouses and general bonded warehouses, and 7,750.2 gallons tax-paid on deficiency in transfer from distillery warehouse to general bonded warehouse.

SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS AT DISTILLERY AND GENERAL BONDED WAREHOUSES DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Distilled spirits.	Quantity.	Total.
	Gallons.	*Gallons.*
Actually remaining in warehouses July 1, 1896	151,969,953.2	
In transit from distillery to general bonded warehouses July 1, 1896	153,475.8	
In transit from general bonded warehouses to other general bonded warehouses July 1, 1896	2,066.4	
Withdrawn for export and unaccounted for July 1, 1896	226,680.5	
Transfers to manufacturing warehouses and unaccounted for July 1, 1896	19,005.2	
Lost by casualty, etc., not allowed July 1, 1896	1,743,461.4	
		154,114,642.5
Deposited in distillery warehouses during the year ended June 30, 1897		62,465,647.8
Deposited in general bonded warehouses during the year ended June 30, 1897		4,490,912.7
Excess found on regauge at general bonded warehouses		481.7
Transferred during the year from general bonded warehouses to other general bonded warehouses		15,582.2
Aggregate		221,087,266.9
Withdrawn from distillery warehouses tax-paid	64,324,367.9	
Withdrawn from general bonded warehouses tax-paid	4,336,670.6	
Loss on account of leakage in distillery warehouses	3,501,579.2	
Loss on account of leakage in general bonded warehouses	150,448.5	
Withdrawn for scientific purposes and for use of the United States from distillery warehouses	144,566.4	
Withdrawn for scientific purposes and for use of the United States from general bonded warehouses	3,664.7	
Exported from distillery warehouses, proof of landing received	1,670,258	
Allowed for loss by leakage in transportation for export, etc., from distillery warehouses	3,759.4	
Tax-paid on leakages in transit for export from distillery warehouses	396.3	
Exported from general bonded warehouses, proof of landing received	52,961.9	
Allowed for loss by leakage in transportation for export, etc., from general bonded warehouses	30.4	
Tax-paid on leakage in transit for export from general bonded warehouses	1	
Tax-paid on spirits lost by casualty, distillery warehouses	128,866	
Tax-paid on spirits lost by casualty, general bonded warehouses	1,424.7	
Loss allowed on account of casualty, distillery warehouses	29,975.5	
Loss allowed on account of casualty, general bonded warehouses	61.9	
Transferred from distillery warehouses to manufacturing warehouses	177,289	
Leakage allowed in transfer to manufacturing warehouses from distillery warehouses	249.9	
Tax-paid on leakage in transfer to manufacturing warehouses from distillery warehouses	.1	
Transferred to manufacturing warehouses from general bonded warehouses	25,445.1	
Leakage allowed in transfer to manufacturing warehouses from general bonded warehouses	20.4	
Transferred to general bonded warehouses from distillery warehouses	4,490,912.7	
Tax-paid on deficiencies in transfers to general bonded warehouses from distillery warehouses	7,750.2	
Transferred from general bonded warehouses to other general bonded warehouses	15,582.2	
		79,066,282
Withdrawn from distillery warehouses for export and unaccounted for June 30, 1897	584,843.6	
Withdrawn from general bonded warehouses for export and unaccounted for June 30, 1897	6,218	
Lost by casualty and unaccounted for from general bonded warehouses June 30, 1897	875.5	
Lost by casualty and unaccounted for from distillery warehouses June 30, 1897	1,715,293.7	
Transfers from distillery warehouses to general bonded warehouses and unaccounted for June 30, 1897	12,822.9	
		2,320,053.7
Remaining in distillery warehouses June 30, 1897	137,130,270.1	
Remaining in general bonded warehouses June 30, 1897	2,570,661.1	
		139,700,931.2
Aggregate		221,087,266.9

DIFFERENT KINDS OF BRANDY REMAINING IN SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES JULY 1, 1896.

QUANTITY OF THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF BRANDY, BY TAXABLE GALLONS, REMAINING IN SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES JULY 1, 1896.

District.	Grape.	Apple.	Peach.	Total.
Arkansas		21,095.9		21,095.9
First California	777,874.4		2,148.9	780,023.3
Fourth California	550,584.5	466.4	3,328.4	554,379.3
Connecticut		8,648.8		8,648.8
First Illinois	84,767.4			84,767.4
Kansas	3,959.5	2,176.6		6,136.1
Second Kentucky		24,819.5		24,819.5
Fifth Kentucky	2,965.7	172,996.8	4,521.5	180,484
Eighth Kentucky		6,338.7		6,338.7
Maryland	901.5	48,596.6	36,590.3	86,088.4
First Missouri	3,149.7	6,129.5	425.1	9,704.3
Sixth Missouri		3,981.7	816.7	4,798.4
Second New York	256,468.3	57,975	2,555.5	316,998.8
Twenty-eighth New York	16,871	33,537.1	26.6	50,434.7
Tenth Ohio	48,825.1	506.8		49,331.9
Second Tennessee		5,010.5		5,010.5
Fifth Tennessee		130,722.2	416.8	131,139
Sixth Virginia	1,372	8,245.8		9,617.8
West Virginia		1,337		1,337
Total	1,747,739.1	532,584.9	50,829.8	2,331,153.8

DIFFERENT KINDS OF BRANDY PRODUCED AND PLACED IN SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

QUANTITY, IN TAXABLE GALLONS, OF THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF BRANDY PRODUCED IN THE SEVERAL COLLECTION DISTRICTS, SHOWING THE DISTRICTS IN WHICH DEPOSITED IN SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES AND THE QUANTITY REMAINING IN TRANSIT AT THE BEGINNING AND END OF THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

District in which produced.	Grape.	Apple.	Peach.	Other.	Total.
In transit July 1, 1896:					
Fourth California	1,117.3				1,117.3
Fifth Tennessee		419			419
Total	1,117.3	419			1,536.3
Produced during the year:					
Arkansas		18,627.3	1,113.2		19,740.5
First California	285,762.1	104.4	2,152.1	1,231.1	289,249.7
Fourth California	164,655.4				164,655.4
Connecticut		7,962.1			7,962.1
First Illinois	1				1
Eighth Illinois		197.5			197.5
Seventh Indiana		1,031.3			1,031.3
Kansas	1,058		172		1,230
Second Kentucky		1,848.3			1,848.3
Fifth Kentucky	195.3	13,611	393.1		14,199.4
Sixth Kentucky		110.7	383		493.7
Eighth Kentucky		598.9			598.9
Maryland		920.7	347.1		1,267.8
First Missouri	2,968.8	1,527.4			4,496.2
Sixth Missouri		4,190.4			4,190.4
Fifth New Jersey		4,064.7			4,064.7
First New York		15,387.4			15,387.4
Second New York	6.2				6.2
Fourteenth New York		8,491.2			8,491.2
Twenty-first New York		3,739.3			3,739.3
Twenty-eighth New York	3,588.3	21,576.5			25,164.8
Tenth Ohio	18,777.9				18,777.9
First Pennsylvania	127	11,057.2	1,017		12,201.2
Second Tennessee		978.5			978.5
Fifth Tennessee		18,655.6			18,655.6
Sixth Virginia	838	890.2			1,728.2
Total produced	477,978	135,570.6	5,577.5	1,231.1	620,357.2
In transit July 1, 1896	1,117.3	419			1,536.3
Total to be accounted for	479,095.3	135,989.6	5,577.5	1,231.1	621,893.5

DIFFERENT KINDS OF BRANDY PRODUCED AND PLACED IN SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES, ETC.—Continued.

QUALITY, IN TAXABLE GALLONS, OF THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF BRANDY PRODUCED IN THE SEVERAL COLLECTION DISTRICTS, ETC.—Continued.

District in which produced.	District in which deposited in special bonded warehouses.					
	Arkansas.		First California.			
	Apple.	Peach.	Grape.	Apple.	Peach.	Other.
Arkansas	18,627.3	1,113.2				
First California			217,521.4	104.4	2,152.1	1,231.1
Fourth California			61,774.8			
Connecticut						
First Illinois						
Seventh Indiana						
Kansas						
Second Kentucky						
Fifth Kentucky						
Total	18,627.3	1,113.2	279,296.2	104.4	2,152.1	1,231.1

District in which produced.	District in which deposited in special bonded warehouses.					
	Fourth California.	Connecticut.	First Illinois.	Kansas.		Second Kentucky.
	Grape.	Apple.	Grape.	Grape.	Peach.	Apple.
Arkansas						
First California			31,239.5			
Fourth California	97,384.5		2,556.9			
Connecticut		7,962.1				
First Illinois			1			
Seventh Indiana						422.1
Kansas				1,058	172	
Second Kentucky						1,706.1
Fifth Kentucky						4,604.8
Total	97,384.5	7,962.1	33,797.4	1,058	172	6,733

District in which produced.	District in which deposited in special bonded warehouses.									
	Fifth Kentucky.			Eighth Kentucky.	Maryland.			First Missouri.		Sixth Missouri.
	Grape.	Apple.	Peach.	Apple.	Grape.	Apple.	Peach.	Grape.	Apple.	Apple.
Eighth Illinois									197.5	
Seventh Indiana		609.2								
Second Kentucky		142.2								
Fifth Kentucky	195.3	9,006.2	393.1							
Sixth Kentucky		110.7	383							
Eighth Kentucky				598.9						
Maryland						920.7	347.1			
First Missouri								2,601.3	1,527.4	
Sixth Missouri										4,190.4
Fifth New Jersey						2,704.5				
Twenty-eighth New York						2,306.3				
First Pennsylvania					127	11,046.7	974.5			
Total	195.3	9,868.3	776.1	598.9	127	16,978.2	1,321.6	2,601.3	1,724.9	4,190.4

DIFFERENT KINDS OF BRANDY PRODUCED AND PLACED IN SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES, ETC.—Continued.

QUANTITY, IN TAXABLE GALLONS, OF THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF BRANDY PRODUCED IN THE SEVERAL COLLECTION DISTRICTS, ETC.—Continued.

District in which produced.	District in which deposited in special bonded warehouses.							
	First New York.		Second New York.		Twenty-eighth New York.		Tenth Ohio.	Second Tennessee.
	Grape.	Apple.	Grape.	Apple.	Grape.	Apple.	Grape.	Apple.
First California	11,129.9		8,396.3		8,134			
Fourth California			1,212.2					
First New Jersey		995.7		14,391.7				
Fifth New Jersey				1,360.2				
Second New York			6.2					
Fourteenth New York				8,491.2				
Twenty-first New York						3,739.3		
Twenty-eighth New York					3,588.3	19,270.2		
Tenth Ohio							18,777.9	
Second Tennessee								978.5
Total	11,129.9	995.7	9,614.7	24,243.1	11,722.3	23,009.5	18,777.9	978.5

District in which produced.	District in which deposited in special bonded warehouses.			Total.
	Fifth Tennessee.	Sixth Virginia.		
	Apple.	Grape.	Apple.	
Arkansas				19,740.5
First California				279,908.7
Fourth California				162,928.4
Connecticut				7,962.1
First Illinois				1
Eighth Illinois				197.5
Seventh Indiana				1,031.3
Kansas				1,230
Second Kentucky				1,848.3
Fifth Kentucky				14,199.4
Sixth Kentucky				493.7
Eighth Kentucky				598.9
Maryland				1,267.8
First Missouri				4,128.7
Sixth Missouri				4,190.4
First New Jersey				15,387.4
Fifth New Jersey				4,064.7
Second New York				6.2
Fourteenth New York				8,491.2
Twenty-first New York				3,739.3
Twenty-eighth New York				25,164.8
Tenth Ohio				18,777.9
First Pennsylvania				12,148.2
Second Tennessee				978.5
Fifth Tennessee	18,655.6			18,655.6
Sixth Virginia		838	890.2	1,728.2
Total	18,655.6	838	890.2	608,868.7
Tax paid at distilleries				519
Balance in transit June 30, 1897				12,505.8
Total accounted for				621,893.5

DIFFERENT KINDS OF BRANDY WITHDRAWN FROM SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES DURING THE YEAR.

QUANTITY, IN TAXABLE GALLONS, OF EACH KIND OF BRANDY WITHDRAWN FROM SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES, TAX-PAID, DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

District.	Grape.	Apple.	Peach.	Other.	Total.
Arkansas		7,717.8	145.7		7,863.5
First California	220,815.2		605.5	36.3	221,457
Fourth California	54,497.6		99.3		54,596.9
Connecticut		1,548.5			1,548.5
First Illinois	82,455.2				82,455.2
Kansas	551.1	297.6			848.7
Second Kentucky		6,762.4			6,762.4
Fifth Kentucky	523.9	59,704.4	3,655.3		63,883.6
Eighth Kentucky		2,353.9			2,353.9
Maryland		26,382.6	13,524.5		39,907.1
First Missouri	2,010.8	2,381.2	347.5		4,739.5
Sixth Missouri		1,040.1			1,040.1
First New York	17,522.8	3,412.3	588		21,523.1
Second New York	184,893.9	14,498.6	900.3		200,292.8
Twenty-eighth New York	1,002.5	6,143.4			7,145.9
Tenth Ohio	20,004.7				20,004.7
Second Tennessee		989			989
Fifth Tennessee		49,623.2	126.5		49,749.7
Sixth Virginia		3,617.8			3,617.8
West Virginia		512.5			512.5
Total	584,277.7	186,985.3	19,992.6	36.3	791,291.9

DIFFERENT KINDS OF BRANDY LOST BY LEAKAGE OR EVAPORATION IN SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES DURING THE YEAR.

QUANTITY, IN TAXABLE GALLONS, OF EACH KIND OF BRANDY LOST FROM SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

District.	Grape.	Apple.	Peach.	Other.	Total.
Arkansas		352	.7		352.7
First California	26,381.4		80.2	.9	26,462.5
Fourth California	7,287.6		31.9		7,319.5
Connecticut		103.8			103.8
First Illinois	6,336.4				6,336.4
Kansas	12.9	15.9			28.8
Second Kentucky		408.1			408.1
Fifth Kentucky	62.2	3,427.2	310		3,799.4
Eighth Kentucky		179.3			179.3
Maryland	24.1	1,556.5	1,142.9		2,723.5
First Missouri	118.2	194.8	30.2		343.2
Sixth Missouri		80.2			80.2
First New York	1,938.6	511.1	109.9		2,559.6
Second New York	21,141.2	1,320.3	167.3		22,628.8
Twenty-eighth New York	547.7	371.2			918.9
Tenth Ohio	1,236.3				1,236.3
Second Tennessee		39			39
Fifth Tennessee		3,221.2	11.9		3,233.1
Sixth Virginia		155.6			155.6
Total	65,086.6	11,936.2	1,885	.9	78,908.7

BRANDY WITHDRAWN FOR EXPORT DURING THE YEAR.

STATEMENT, BY DISTRICTS, OF THE QUANTITY OF BRANDY, IN TAXABLE GALLONS, WITHDRAWN FOR EXPORT FROM SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

1. BY DISTRICTS AND KINDS.

District.	Grape.	Peach.	Aggregate.
First California	4,983.3	.....	4,983.3
Fourth California	3,399.4	95.2	3,494.6
Maryland	126.5	191.7	318.2
Second New York	121.1	.....	121.1
Total	8,630.3	286.9	8,917.2

2. BY FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC PORTS.

Port to which exported.	Grape brandy.				Peach brandy.	
	Baltimore.	Eagle Pass.	New York.	San Francisco.	Baltimore.	San Francisco.
Acajutla, Central America	.....	.....	.....	115.3	.....	.....
Altata, Mexico	.....	.....	.....	21.8	.....	.....
Amapala, Central America	.....	.....	.....	537.9	.....	.....
Antwerp, Belgium	.....	.....	716.8	.....	.....	.....
Berlin, Germany	.....	.....	49.3	.....	.....	.....
Bremen, Germany	.....	.....	67.9	.....	.....	.....
Copenhagen, Denmark	.....	.....	701.8	.....	.....	.....
Diaz, Mexico	.....	25.5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Guaymas, Mexico	.....	.....	.....	131.1	.....	.....
Hamburg, Germany	.....	.....	128.4	.....	.....	.....
Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands	.....	.....	.....	776	.....	95.2
La Libertad, Central America	.....	.....	.....	23.1	.....	.....
London, England	126.5	.....	1,121.3	3,377.2	191.7	.....
Mazatlan, Mexico	.....	.....	.....	44.7	.....	.....
Panama, South America	.....	.....	.....	44.8	.....	.....
Punta Arenas, Central America	.....	.....	.....	90	.....	.....
San José de Guatemala, Central America	.....	.....	.....	191.7	.....	.....
San José del Sur, Central America	.....	.....	.....	26.8	.....	.....
Shanghai, China	.....	.....	.....	26.3	.....	.....
Vancouver, Canada	.....	.....	.....	286.1	.....	.....
Total	126.5	25.5	2,785.5	5,692.8	191.7	95.2

TRANSFERS OF BRANDY FROM SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES IN ONE DISTRICT TO SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES IN OTHER DISTRICTS.

QUANTITY, IN TAXABLE GALLONS, OF BRANDY, BY KINDS, REMOVED FROM SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES TO OTHER SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES IN OTHER DISTRICTS, SHOWING THE DISTRICT FROM WHICH AND THE DISTRICT TO WHICH REMOVED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

District from which removed.	Grape.	Apple.	Peach.	Total.
First California	77,389.5			77,389.5
Fourth California	99,523.5			99,523.5
Maryland			2,023.5	2,023.5
Second New York	47,614.8	22,460	1,487.9	71,562.7
Total	224,527.8	22,460	3,511.4	250,499.2
In transit June 30, 1896:				
First California	14,312.9			14,312.9
Fourth California	5,749.2			5,749.2
Second New York	1,862.8			1,862.8
Total	246,452.7	22,460	3,511.4	272,424.1

District from which removed.	District to which removed.			
	First California.	First Illinois.	Fifth Kentucky.	First Missouri.
	Grape.	Grape.	Peach.	Grape.
First California		22,275.1		250
Fourth California	17,268.6	35,268.3		423.3
Maryland			2,023.5	
Second New York	1,863.8	1,009.6		
Total	19,132.4	58.553	2,023.5	673.3

District from which removed.	District to which removed.					
	First New York.			Second New York.	Twenty-eighth New York.	Total.
	Grape.	Apple.	Peach.	Grape.	Grape.	
First California	12,993.5			54,516.1	894.3	90,929
Fourth California				49,415.5		102,375.7
Maryland						2,023.5
Second New York	46,605.2	22,460	1,487.9			73,426.5
Total	59,598.7	22,460	1,487.9	103,931.6	894.3	268,754.7

District from which removed.	Aggregate.			
	Grape.	Apple.	Peach.	Total.
First California	90,929			90,929
Fourth California	102,375.7			102,375.7
Maryland			2,023.5	2,023.5
Second New York	49,478.6	22,460	1,487.9	73,426.5
Total	242,783.3	22,460	3,511.4	268,754.7
In transit June 30,1897:				
First California	773.4			773.4
Fourth California	2,896			2,896
Total	246,452.7	22,460	3,511.4	272,424.1

FRUIT BRANDY REMAINING IN SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES JUNE 30, 1897.

1. BY DISTRICTS AND KINDS.

District.	Grape.	Apple.	Peach.	Other.	Total.
	Gallons.	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*
Arkansas		31,653.4	966.8		32,620.2
First California	531,003.7	104.4	3,615.3	1,193.9	535,917.3
Fourth California	458,515.8	466.4	3,102		462,084.2
Connecticut		14,958.6			14,958.6
First Illinois	88,327.2				88,327.2
Kansas	4,453.5	1,863.1	172		6,488.6
Second Kentucky		24,382			24,382
Fifth Kentucky	2,574.9	119,733.5	3,355.8		125,664.2
Eighth Kentucky		4,404.3			4,404.3
Maryland	877.9	37,635.7	21,029.3		59,542.9
First Missouri	4,295.3	5,274.8	47.4		9,617.5
Sixth Missouri		7,051.8	816.7		7,868.5
First New York	51,267.2	19,532.3	790		71,589.5
Second New York	114,115.1	43,939.6			158,054.7
Twenty-eighth New York	11,039.9	50,032	26 6		61,098.5
Tenth Ohio	46,362	506.8			46,868.8
Second Tennessee		4,961			4,961
Fifth Tennessee		96,533.4	278.4		96,811.8
Sixth Virginia	2,210	5,362.6			7,572.6
West Virginia		824.5			824.5
Total	1,315,042.5	469,220.2	34,200.3	1,193.9	1,819,656.9

SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS AT SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Brandy.	Quantity.
	Gallons.
Actually remaining in special bonded warehouses July 1, 1896	2,331,153.8
In transit from special bonded warehouses to special bonded warehouses in other districts	21,924.9
Not actually in special bonded warehouses, claimed as lost by casualty	58.8
Deposited in special bonded warehouses during the year received from distilleries	608,868.7
Withdrawn for export, proof of landing not received	62,118.6
Withdrawn for fortification of sweet wine, still unused	82.6
Transferred from a special bonded warehouse to a special bonded warehouse in another district	268,754.7
Total	3,292,962.1
Withdrawn from special bonded warehouses, tax-paid during the year	791,291.9
Tax-paid on deficiencies in export bonds	77.1
Tax-paid on brandy heretofore reported lost by casualty	28.6
Tax-paid on brandy reported withdrawn for fortification of sweet wine	6.5
Exported—proofs of landing received	63,539.5
Withdrawn and used to fortify sweet wine	244,580.7
Allowed for loss by leakage or evaporation in warehouse	78,908.7
Allowed for loss by leakage in transportation for export	15.2
Allowed for loss by leakage in transportation to manufacturing warehouse	43.1
Loss allowed on account of casualties, etc	31.6
Transferred from special bonded warehouses in other districts, receipt at second district acknowledged	268,754.7
Withdrawn for exportation, proof of landing not received	7,404
Not actually in special bonded warehouses, claimed as lost by casualty, etc	59
In transit from other districts, not yet received at second district	3,669.4
Withdrawn for use of the United States	319.2
Withdrawn for transfer to manufacturing warehouse	3,949.6
Withdrawn for fortification of sweet wine, still unused	10,626.4
Brandy actually remaining in special bonded warehouses June 30, 1897	1,819,656.9
Total	3,292,962.1

2. BY BONDED WAREHOUSES AND BY DISTRICTS.

The following table shows the quantity, in taxable gallons, of brandy remaining June 30, 1897, in each of the special bonded warehouses and the quantity in bond in each district and in the United States:

Bonded warehouse.	Quantity in each warehouse.	
District of Arkansas:		
A. A. Armstrong, Bentonville, Benton County	32,620.2	
Total, Arkansas		32,620.2
First district of California:		
No. 1. Bode & Haslett, Battery street, San Francisco	33,836.8	
No. 2. S. M. Bernard, Los Angeles	34,652.5	
No. 3. Wm. B. West, Stockton, San Joaquin County	43,903.1	
No. 4. Isaac A. Cooper, San Gabriel Station, Los Angeles County	23,706.7	
No. 5. Snyder & Foss Warehouse Co., San Jose, Santa Clara County	22,952.5	
No. 6. Overland Freight and Transfer Co., San Francisco	276,971.4	
No. 7. Fresno Warehouse Co., Fresno, Fresno County	40,909.8	
No. 8. Bode & Haslett, Oriental street, San Francisco	58,984.5	
Total, First district of California		535,917.3
Fourth district of California:		
No. 1. T. J. Clunie, Sacramento	68,481.2	
No. 2. L. W. Burris, Santa Rosa, Sonoma County	40,062.4	
No. 3. H. J. Lewelling, St. Helena, Sonoma County	30,686.6	
No. 4. John Tivnen, Sonoma County	5,825.2	
No. 5. H. B. Shackelford, Vina, Tehama County	305,193	
No. 6. A. E. Hatt, sr., Napa City, Napa County	11,835.8	
Total, Fourth district of California		462,084.2
District of Connecticut:		
No. 1. E. Williams, Wallingford, New Haven County	14,958.6	
Total, Connecticut		14,958.6
First district of Illinois:		
No. 1. Hiram Sibley & Co., North Clark street, between Chicago River and North Water street, Chicago	67,261.1	
No. 2. International Warehouse Co., Nos. 279, 281, 283, and 285 East Monroe street, Chicago	21,066.1	
Total, First district of Illinois		88,327.2
District of Kansas:		
No. 1. Willis D. Stewart, No. 311 Commercial street, Atchison	6,488.6	
Total, Kansas		6,488.6
Second district of Kentucky:		
No. 1. E. W. Peters, Owensboro Public Warehouse Co., Owensboro, Daviess County	24,382	
Total, Second Kentucky district		24,382
Fifth district of Kentucky:		
No. 1. Louisville Public Warehouse Co., Louisville	125,664.2	
Total, Fifth district of Kentucky		125,664.2
Eighth district of Kentucky:		
No. 1. J. P. Hornaday, Somerset, Pulaski County	4,404.3	
Total, Eighth district of Kentucky		4,404.3
District of Maryland:		
No. 1. Baltimore and Ohio R. R. Co., No. 4, Belt's Wharf, Fell street, between South Ann and South Wolfe streets, Baltimore	57,123.1	
No. 2. Wm. J. Thoroughgood, Georgetown, Del	2,419.8	
Total, district of Maryland		59,542.9
First district of Missouri:		
No. 1. Columbia Warehouse Co., No. 214, 216, and 218 Broadway, St. Louis	9,617.5	
Total, First district of Missouri		9,617.5
Sixth district of Missouri:		
No. 1. Western Storage and Warehouse Co., No. 2042 and 2044 Walnut street, Kansas City	4,894.8	
No. 2. Mossley and Gardner, Olden, Howell County	2,973.7	
Total, Sixth district of Missouri		7,868.5
First district of New York:		
No. 1. New York and Brooklyn Wharf and Warehouse Co., Imlay and Commerce streets, Atlantic Basin, Brooklyn	71,589.5	
Total, First district of New York		71,589.5
Second district of New York:		
No. 2. R. J. Dean, No. 490 and 492 Greenwich street, New York City	158,054.7	
Total, Second district of New York		158,045.7

2. BY BONDED WAREHOUSES AND BY DISTRICTS—Continued.

Bonded warehouse.	Quantity in each warehouse.	
Twenty-eighth district of New York:		
No. 1. The Metropolitan Storage and Transfer Co., Rochester	61,098.5	
Total, Twenty-eighth district of New York		61,098.5
Tenth district of Ohio:		
No. 1. W. Allendorf, Sandusky, Erie County	46,868.8	
Total, Tenth district of Ohio		46,868.8
Second district of Tennessee:		
No. 1. W. R. Wilson, Fish Springs, Carter County	4,961	
Total, Second district of Tennessee		4,961
Fifth district of Tennessee:		
No. 1. J. E. Jones, McMinnville, Warren County	72,357.1	
No. 2. J. W. Montgomery, Double Springs, Putnam County	13,409.5	
No. 3. H. McCoy, Tullahoma, Coffee County	11,045.2	
Total, Fifth district of Tennessee		96,811.8
Sixth district of Virginia:		
No. 1. M. Kaufman, Charlottesville, Albemarle County	4,262.5	
No. 2. E. P. Barnard, Pizarro, Floyd County	3,310.1	
Total, Sixth district of Virginia		7,572.6
District of West Virginia:		
No. 1. J. A. Cogbill, No. 804 Third avenue, Huntington, Cabell County	824.5	
Total, district of West Virginia		824.5
Total, all districts		1,819,656.9

DIFFERENT KINDS OF BRANDY PRODUCED, WITHDRAWN, AND REMAINING IN SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR.

QUANTITY OF THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF BRANDY PRODUCED, WITHDRAWN, AND REMAINING IN SPECIAL BONDED WAREHOUSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Brandy.	Grape.	Apple.	Peach	Other.	Total.
DR.	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*
Remaining in special bonded warehouses July 1, 1896	1,747,739.1	532,584.9	50,829.8	.....	2,331,153.8
In transit between warehouses July 1, 1896	21,924.5	.4	.....	.....	21,924.9
Received from distilleries during the year	466,542.5	135,560.1	5,535	1,231.1	608,868.7
Total	2,236,206.1	668,145.4	56,364.8	1,231.1	2,961,947.4
CR.					
Withdrawn from special bonded warehouses tax-paid	584,277.7	186,985.3	19,992.6	36.3	791,291.9
Loss from leakage in warehouse	65,086.6	11,936.2	1,885	.9	78,908.7
Withdrawn for the use of the United States	319.2	.....	.....	.....	319.2
Withdrawn for export	8,630.3	.....	286.9	.....	8,917.2
Withdrawn for transfer to manufacturing warehouses	3,992.7	.....	.....	.....	3,992.7
Withdrawn to fortify wine	255,131	.....	.....	.....	255,131
Lost by casualty	56.7	3.7	.....	.....	60.4
In transit between warehouses July 1, 1897	3,669.4	.....	.....	.....	3,669.4
Remaining in warehouses July 1, 1897	1,315,042.5	469,220.2	34,200.3	1,193.9	1,819,656.9
Total	2,236,206.1	668,145.4	56,364.8	1,231.1	2,961,947.4

FORTIFICATION OF WINES WITH GRAPE BRANDY FREE OF TAX.

The quantity of grape brandy used in fortifying wines under the act of October 1, 1890, as amended by the act of August 28, 1894, during the year ended June 30, 1896, was 1,527,962.85 tax gallons.

The quantity of brandy used and of each kind of wine fortified during the year ended June 30, 1897, in each district is shown in the following table:

Kind.	First California.		Fourth California.		Second Kentucky.	
	Before fortification.	After fortification.	Before fortification.	After fortification.	Before fortification.	After fortification.
	Gallons.	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*
Angelica	209,562.56	245,453.31	68,161.03	84,579.40		
Frontignac			7,799.88	9,020.07		
"Grape"					650	786
Madeira			1,836	2,269.11		
Muscatel	763,662.48	902,021.79	49,281.12	58,876.04		
Port	979,620.03	1,152,082.80	438,563.85	518,412.84		
Sherry	1,215,790.18	1,439,528.66	465,422.35	555,120.85		
Tokay	827	974.34				
Total	3,169,462.25	3,740,060.90	1,031,064.23	1,228,278.31	650	786

Kind.	First Missouri.		Fifth New Jersey.		New Mexico.	
	Before fortification.	After fortification.	Before fortification.	After fortification.	Before fortification.	After fortification.
	Gallons.	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*
Angelica					2,463.54	3,209.79
Port	619	772	1,893	2,382.50	5,297.92	6,717.67
Sherry	1,443	1,768			609.39	747.39
Total	2,062	2,540	1,893	2,382.50	8,370.85	10,674.85

Kind.	Twenty-eighth New York.		Fourth North Carolina.		Aggregate.	
	Before fortification.	After fortification.	Before fortification.	After fortification.	Before fortification.	After fortification.
	Gallons.	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*	*Gallons.*
Angelica					280,187.13	333,242.50
Frontignac					7,799.88	9,020.07
Grape					650	786
Madeira					1,836	2,269.11
Muscatel					812,943.60	960,897.83
Port	56,363.06	66,779.43			1,482,356.86	1,747,147.24
Scuppernong			5,000	5,251.50	5,000	5,251.50
Sherry	2,484	2,969.96			1,685,748.92	2,000,134.86
Sweet Catawba	88,690.02	102,669.45			88,690.02	102,669.45
Tokay					827	974.34
Total	147,537.08	172,418.84	5,000	5,251.50		
Grand total					4,366,039.41	5,162,392.90

GRAPE BRANDY USED.

	Gallons.
First California	879,455.3
Fourth California	295,011.5
Second Kentucky	135.5
First Missouri	625
Fifth New Jersey	439.5
New Mexico	2,803.3
Twenty-eighth New York	37,699.9
Fourth North Carolina	260.8
Total	1,216,480.8

EXPORTATION OF MANUFACTURED TOBACCO AND SNUFF IN BOND.

The quantity of manufactured tobacco removed from the place of manufacture in bond free of tax, now at the rate of 6 cents per pound during the year, also the quantity actually exported during the year and the quantity unaccounted for at the beginning and at the end of the year, are shown in the subjoined statement:

	Pounds.
Quantity unaccounted for July 1, 1896	893,288⅛
Quantity removed for export during the year ended June 30, 1897	12,009,189⅞
Total	12,902,477⅞
Quantity actually exported during the year ended June 30, 1897	12,327,042⅛
Quantity deficient on which tax was paid	6,809
Quantity unaccounted for at close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897	568,626⅛
Total	12,902,477⅞

NOTE.—The above statements relate to tobacco withdrawn from factories bonded under internal-revenue laws. In arriving at the actual quantity of domestic tobacco exported from the United States it would appear to be proper to add the quantity manufactured in and exported from manufacturing warehouses, as follows: 4,870,554 pounds. This would make the total quantity removed during the year 1897, 17,197,596⅛ pounds.

EXPORTATION OF CIGARS AND CIGARETTES IN BOND.

	Cigars at $3 per 1,000.	Cigarettes at 50 cents per 1,000.
Removed and unaccounted for July 1, 1896	54,285	20,414,850
Removed during the year ended June 30, 1897	1,411,194	a 892,956,300
Total	1,465,479	913,371,150
Exported and accounted for during the year 1897	1,403,816	865,407,950
Tax paid on deficiencies in export	.....	75,000
Remaining unaccounted for at close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897	61,663	47,888,200
Total	1,465,479	913,371,150

a This includes 27,000 cigars removed for export in the First district of Pennsylvania prior to July 1, 1896, but not so reported until after that date.

Upon comparing the foregoing statements as to manufactured tobacco, cigars, and cigarettes with those for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, the increase in 1897 as to cigars and cigarettes and the decrease as to tobacco are found to be as follows:

	Increase.	Decrease.
Tobacco ..... pounds	.....	1,025,829½
Cigars ..... number	405,783	.....
Cigarettes ..... do	237,321,560	.....

The increase as to cigarettes continues to be the prominent feature of this class of exportations. The business of exporting cigarettes has grown during the past fourteen years as follows:

NUMBER DURING FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.

Year.	Number.	Year.	Number.	Year.	Number.
1882	64,001,500	1888	180,769,800	1893	397,827,260
1883	68,413,560	1889	246,679,750	1894	401,605,300
1884	86,243,485	1890	259,310,050	1895	461,859,100
1885	104,811,420	1891	294,534,250	1896	628,086,390
1886	134,311,180	1892	320,845,020	1897	892,956,300
1887	139,935,300				

EXPORTATION OF PLAYING CARDS IN BOND DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

	Playing cards, 2 cents per package.
Removed and unaccounted for July 1, 1896, as per last report	125,309
Removed during the year ended June 30, 1897	1,362,499
Total	1,487,808
Removed and exported during the year ended June 30, 1897	1,339,229
Deficiency on which tax was paid	2,245
Remaining unaccounted for June 30, 1897	146,334
Total	1,487,808

DRAWBACK ALLOWED ON EXPORTED MERCHANDISE.

DRAWBACK OF INTERNAL-REVENUE TAXES ALLOWED ON EXPORTED MERCHANDISE DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Port.	Number of claims.	Tobacco.	Cigars and cigarettes.	Distilled spirits.	Stills.	Total.
Baltimore	2	$84.00	$60.00			$144.00
Boston	1	288.77				288.77
Chicago	1				$20.00	20.00
New Orleans	21	542.70	7.20			549.90
New York	13	119.88		$21,186.15		21,306.03
Philadelphia	2	302.40				302.40
San Francisco	60	331.66	2,256.53	1,543.50		4,131.69
St. Louis	17		8,100.00			8,100.00
Total	117	1,669.41	10,423.73	22,729.65	20.00	34,842.79

RECAPITULATION OF DRAWBACK OF INTERNAL-REVENUE TAXES ALLOWED DURING THE FISCAL YEARS 1863 TO 1897, INCLUSIVE.

Periods.	Number of claims.	Proprietary articles.	Tobacco.	Snuff.	Cigars and cigarettes.
Allowed—					
1863 to 1876, inclusive					
1877	751	$48,235.85	$5,819.32		
1878	562	33,820.54	2,537.98		
1879	744	43,184.71	12,113.86		$1,250.20
1880	872	35,153.86	22,314.02		1,094.97
1881	749	28,483.87	8,596.60	$26.08	1,232.43
1882	909	33,695.22	5,069.36		1,406.12
1883	1,130	33,000.89	5,604.60		5,195.37
1884	1,090	16,460.34	6,053.81	82.00	5,673.96
1885	706	46.66	2,515.80		901.75
1886	800		3,582.13	1.60	601.25
1887	877		5,270.54		968.62
1888	1,222		5,584.00		703.25
1889	1,280		3,437.64		1,416.55
1890	1,540		1,829.12		1,112.50
1891	1,744		7,421.70	.80	1,184.97
1892	240		2,041.73		1,023.10
1893	192		2,049.73		1,005.30
1894	208		2,951.08		1,426.93
1895	185		829.68		686.25
1896	227		1,880.64		1,599.92
1897	117		1,669.41		10,423.73

Periods.	Fermented liquors.	Distilled spirits.	Stills.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
Allowed—					
1863 to 1876, inclusive					$6,673,845.00
1877	$760.12			[a]$277.11	55,092.40
1878	46.25	$718.90			37,123.67
1879	533.69	1,426.92			57,509.38
1880	2,205.42		$80.00	[b]888.00	61,736.27
1881	1,128.38	1,161.90	220.00		40,849.26
1882	3,913.18	1,966.50	60.00		46,110.38
1883	6,034.16	4,608.00	60.00	[c]590.92	55,093.94
1884	14,996.30	8,352.00	480.00		52,098.41
1885	16,192.71	3,705.30			23,362.22
1886	23,878.21	6,642.00			34,765.19
1887	21,238.94	5,755.50	140.60		33,373.60
1888	26,166.54	28,411.30	160.00		61,025.09
1889	25,633.33	10,737.00	80.00		41,304.52
1890	31,657.93	12,410.00	100.00		47,109.55
1891	31,374.51	9,177.30			49,159.28
1892	378.09	17,019.00	40.00		20,501.92
1893		7,467.30	40.00		10,562.33
1894		38,332.10			42,710.11
1895		20,883.22	80.00		22,470.15
1896		11,269.68	60.00		14,810.24
1897		22,729.65	20.00		34,842.79
Total					7,515,455.70

[a] Manufactured cotton exported prior to 1868. [b] Machinery exported prior to 1868.
[c] Chairs exported prior to 1868.

FERMENTED LIQUORS REMOVED FROM BREWERIES IN BOND, FREE OF TAX, FROM JULY 1, 1896, TO JUNE 30, 1897, UNDER THE ACT OF JUNE 18, 1890.

	Gallons.
Removed for export, unaccounted for, June 30, 1896	100,739
Removed for direct exportation	334,040
Removed in original packages to be bottled for export	726,735
Removed by pipe line to be bottled for export	170,784
Excess reported by bottlers	4,234
Total	1,336,532
Exported in original packages, proofs received	332,169
Exported in bottles, proof received	880,316
Removed for export unaccounted for, tax-paid	2,385
Excess reported by bottlers	13,049
Removed for export, unaccounted for, June 30, 1897	108,613
Total	1,336,532

FERMENTED LIQUORS REMOVED FROM BREWERIES IN BOND FOR EXPORT DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, BY DISTRICTS.

District.	Gallons.	District.	Gallons.
Alabama	124	Third New York	34,740
First California	186,124	Twenty-eighth New York	8,526
Fourth California	31,894	Oregon	161,031
Sixth Indiana	915	First Pennsylvania	660
Louisiana	83,483	Third Texas	12,989
First Missouri	261,941	First Wisconsin	369,796
Fifth New Jersey	14,477		
First New York	37,263	Total	1,231,559
Second New York	27,596		

PRODUCTION AND WITHDRAWAL OF TAX-PAID SPIRITS DURING THREE MONTHS OF CURRENT FISCAL YEAR.

QUANTITY, IN TAXABLE GALLONS, OF SPIRITS PRODUCED AND WITHDRAWN TAX-PAID AND THE AMOUNT OF TAX PAID DURING THE MONTHS OF JULY, AUGUST, AND SEPTEMBER, 1897.

State.	July, 1897.			August, 1897.			September, 1897.		
	Produced.	Withdrawn.	Tax paid.	Produced.	Withdrawn.	Tax paid.	Produced.	Withdrawn.	Tax paid.
Alabama	4,802.1	2,228	$2,450.80	4,134.3	5,619.6	$6,181.56	4,483.1	4,558.1	$5,013.91
Arkansas	310.3	1,478.9	1,626.79	288	2,632	2,895.20	951.3	2,772	3,049.20
California	7,220.7	8,731	9,604.10	7,165.2	5,634.4	6,197.84	6,645.1	9,168.8	10,085.68
Colorado		39.8	43.78						
Connecticut	11,791.3	6,976.5	7,674.15	11,002.5	10,079.9	11,087.89	10,779.4	9,641.1	10,605.21
Georgia	12,609	12,182.3	13,400.53	11,974.5	14,017.7	15,419.47	20,689.1	20,924.4	23,016.84
Illinois	1,561,253.9	1,973,589.3	2,170,948.23	1,193,736.8	2,553,497.2	2,808,846.92	1,399,803.5	2,726,222.7	2,998,844.97
Indiana	249,324.4	356,416.1	392,057.71	30	224,506.8	246,957.48	137,700.2	205,808.4	226,389.24
Kansas					45.2	49.72			
Kentucky	171,061.1	755,235.3	830,758.83	129,812.6	953,151.1	1,048,466.21	84,977.6	1,105,555	1,216,110.50
Louisiana	95,476.5	40,426.5	44,469.15	96,023.8	64,739.6	71,213.56	83,633.8	34,578.5	38,036.35
Maryland	47,003.1	131,224.1	144,346.51	75,502.1	157,684.7	173,453.17	67,876.5	197,426.7	217,169.37
Massachusetts	83,341.2	28,258.8	31,084.68	37,992.7	41,235.6	45,359.16	34,638.6	57,200.4	62,920.44
Minnesota		90,886.2	99,974.82		98,356.1	108,191.71		81,095.4	89,204.94
Missouri	36,015	77,083.8	84,792.18	33,435.3	102,124.8	112,337.28	32,970.1	81,469.8	89,616.78
Nebraska	76,467.2	123,751.1	136,126.21	74,573.8	126,792.1	139,471,31	76,733.8	172,303.9	189,534.29
New Hampshire		731.2	804.32		586.6	645.26		714.1	785.51
New Jersey	40,739.2	32,361.9	35,598.09	38,209	61,312.7	67,443.97	38,093.6	67,872	74,659.20
New Mexico		158.1	173.91					46.8	51.48
New York	278,249.3	314,751.7	346,226.87	126,782.9	313,699.7	345,069.67	233,756.5	314,726.1	346,198.71
North Carolina	30,996.8	29,739.6	32,713.56	30,419.7	33,712.8	37,084.08	33,883.8	42,116.8	46,328.48
Ohio	627,968.5	699,214.2	769,135.62	705,466.8	803,937.9	884,331.69	684,991.6	794,054.8	873,460.28
Oregon		590	649.00		357.6	393.36		449.9	494.89
Pennsylvania	50,617.9	219,557.5	241,513.25	42,141	260,059.2	286,065.12	134,572.8	311,619.3	342,781.23
South Carolina	4,222.8	3,924.9	4,317.39	3,995.9	4,059.8	4,465.78	4,248.4	4,698.7	5,168.57
Tennessee	54,955.2	31,286.2	34,414.82	59,786.6	36,646.8	40,311.48	38,117.7	45,322.8	49,855.08
Texas		790.6	869.66		845.8	930.38		1,359.7	1,495.67
Virginia	7,346.1	5,944.5	6,538.95	4,664.5	7,990.2	8,789.22	4,256.4	8,151.7	8,966.87
West Virginia	164.4	12,297.2	13,526.92	134.4	9,387.7	10,326.47	136.8	12,317.8	13,549.58
Wisconsin	127,353.3	96,228.7	105,851.57	60,009	122,499.8	134,749.78	61,316.3	104,313.3	114,744.63
Total	3,579,289.3	5,056,084	5,561,692.40	2,747,281.4	6,015,213.4	6,616,734.74	3,189,256	6,416,489	7,058,137.90
Quantity for same months in 1896	4,114,247.9	4,398,188.5	4,838,007.35	2,313,214.2	4,483,314	4,931,645.40	2,135,727.8	5,243,832.4	5,768,215.64
Quantity for same months in 1895	3,308,021.2	3,626,771.1	3,989,448.21	2,384,767.8	4,392,207.3	4,831,428.03	2,613,688.8	4,873,986.2	5,361,384.82

SPIRITS WITHDRAWN FOR EXPORT DURING THE FIRST THREE MONTHS OF THE PRESENT FISCAL YEAR.

STATEMENT SHOWING, BY DISTRICTS, THE NUMBER OF TAXABLE GALLONS OF EACH KIND OF SPIRITS REMOVED FROM DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES FOR EXPORT DURING THE MONTHS OF JULY, AUGUST, AND SEPTEMBER, 1897.

District.	Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	Rum.	Gin.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.	Miscellaneous.	Aggregate.
Fifth Illinois						5,724.6	217.1	5,941.7
Eighth Illinois			13,038.7			4,492.6	2,037.2	19,568.5
Second Kentucky	23,212							23,212
Fifth Kentucky	14,828.4	226.9						15,055.3
Seventh Kentucky	86.1	147.3						233.4
Eighth Kentucky	573.6							573.6
Louisiana			17,855.5		639.2		2,325	20,819.7
Maryland		164.2						164.2
Third Massachusetts				152,980.4				152,980.4
First New York			4,459.4					4,459.4
Total	38,700.1	538.4	35,353.6	152,980.4	639.2	10,217.2	4,579.3	243,008.2
For corresponding months 1896	137,583.3	7,283.6	53,041.1	86,521.7	91.7	58,981.5	2,924.7	346,427.6

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT WITH PREVIOUS YEARS.

Following is a statement showing, by districts, the quantity in taxable gallons of spirits withdrawn for export during the three months ended September 30, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, and 1897:

District.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.
First California		262			869.5			
First Illinois			5,607	213				
Fifth Illinois	153,379	134,773	15,413	7,974	513	6,441.3	38,141.2	5,941.7
Eighth Illinois			11,326	6,312	1,752.1	3,286	16,519.5	19,568.5
Sixth Indiana							303.7	
Seventh Indiana			92				1,804.1	
Second Kentucky	2,812	13,462	2,885	24,096	3,845	198	33,479.9	23,212
Fifth Kentucky	14,032	46,733	34,200	191,918	3,754.4	10,894.5	10,622	15,055.3
Sixth Kentucky	3,097	2,405	1,750	24,316	942	878.8	834.2	
Seventh Kentucky	2,381	1,824	23,976	281,842	34,212	248.9	2,471.6	233.4
Eighth Kentucky	1,093		106,844	102,363	8,364	825.1	91,624.6	573.6
Louisiana						448.8	57,740	20,819.7
Maryland		390		57,586		100.3	212.1	164.2
Third Massachusetts	254,726	169,833	57,765	280,103	126,541.3	255,628.9	86,521.7	152,980.4
Minnesota			2,772					
Fifth New Jersey			118	1,776				
First New York		1,758	1,734	2,204	86,360	609		4,459.4
Twenty-eighth New York				21,780	1,857			
First Ohio	467	2,520	430	6,848	1,097	973.4	189.9	
First Pennsylvania				11,392				
Ninth Pennsylvania				3,701				
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	166	118	2,902	178,663	15,756.8	39.2	5,963.1	
Fifth Tennessee				11,636				
West Virginia				77				
Total	432,153	374,087	267,814	1,214,800	285,864.1	280,572.2	346,427.6	243,008.2

SPIRITS IN HANDS OF WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALERS

QUANTITY IN PROOF GALLONS OF TAX-PAID SPIRITS HELD BY WHOLESALE

	District.	All kinds, Oct. 1, 1896.	Domestic, Oct. 1, 1897.						
			Bourbon whisky.	Rye whisky.	Alcohol.	New England rum.	Gin.	High wines.	Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.
1	Alabama	132,920	22,970	35,862	4,453	.....	5,324	.....	1,112
2	Arkansas	38,555	125,355	11,759	2,270	23	38,293	.....	.....
3	First California	925,736	662,267	32,529	27,597	20,983	27,821	2,598	77,410
4	Fourth California	66,277	40,451	2,294	1,484	1,067	1,571	34	8,422
5	Colorado	63,469	30,345	10,392	947	613	1,521	319	130
6	Connecticut	323,725	110,337	77,988	3,258	18,850	24,107	2,574	15,570
7	Florida	14,765	1,299	5,066	130	644	1,179	.....	.....
8	Georgia	102,027	7,229	31,654	176	3,281	8,684	.....	3,285
9	First Illinois	528,108	275,795	120,888	18,237	7,186	14,896	562	36,037
10	Fifth Illinois	154,484	52,985	13,423	6,439	1,663	5,937	.....	35,989
11	Eighth Illinois	74,036	39,865	4,933	2,921	720	3,309	.....	326
12	Thirteenth Illinois	75,198	30,238	3,800	488	107	972	1,722	20
13	Sixth Indiana	103,621	65,803	12,162	2,822	831	4,929	.....	1,565
14	Seventh Indiana	104,052	47,867	7,280	1,701	640	2,493	.....	7,889
15	Third Iowa	83,126	38,941	19,136	3,602	1,485	2,339	.....	48
16	Fourth Iowa	67,420	35,715	6,216	3,847	1,004	1,786	23	1,156
17	Kansas	17,987	12,144	1,395	1,316	36	469	.....	90
18	Second Kentucky	70,900	38,933	3,522	163	.....	1,442	.....	3,547
19	Fifth Kentucky	852,851	481,066	7,134	2,615	1,157	3,439	189	20,393
20	Sixth Kentucky	210,400	82,717	7,735	7,840	875	1,189	3,300	27,678
21	Seventh Kentucky	217,416	37,777	23,277	60	26	438	.....	383
22	Eighth Kentucky	8,644	4,776	271	.....	.....	5	.....	.....
23	Louisiana	237,906	64,945	55,819	5,257	2,024	20,643	528	2,804
24	Maryland	865,609	13,852	464,972	5,362	6,308	4,931	.....	83,127
25	Third Massachusetts	1,270,889	559,314	176,782	54,630	127,705	38,330	11,251	67,185
26	First Michigan	105,103	49,426	15,092	5,196	2,236	3,079	.....	2,997
27	Fourth Michigan	17,992	9,691	3,666	342	846	1,189	.....	.....
28	Minnesota	273,024	109,799	45,284	13,514	2,716	6,455	.....	10,089
29	First Missouri	496,881	322,997	36,653	10,420	3,065	7,334	.....	38,810
30	Sixth Missouri	226,218	150,577	20,688	4,521	1,364	4,691	715	3,131
31	Montana	124,431	81,964	25,681	2,166	767	5,511	1,060	3,382
32	Nebraska	77,821	44,143	12,556	2,837	2,259	3,763	.....	722
33	New Hampshire	17,708	7,811	7,275	771	2,380	1,077	.....	173
34	First New Jersey	10,233	1,270	6,567	.....	100	379	.....	1,090
35	Fifth New Jersey	84,945	10,910	52,835	636	2,664	4,388	694	9,977
36	New Mexico	22,608	17,938	990	.....	235	751	657	.....
37	First New York	87,396	12,804	56,804	2,564	2,606	3,262	1,832	11,370
38	Second New York	1,336,358	237,677	542,269	30,139	22,275	29,350	1,191	217,103
39	Third New York	633,891	22,308	74,930	6,323	5,089	3,747	548	38,231
40	Fourteenth New York	223,758	45,348	24,704	2,788	3,889	4,949	.....	7,849
41	Twenty-first New York.	109,276	33,952	26,996	5,176	3,113	3,561	.....	14,798
42	Twenty-eighth New York.	281,350	47,938	108,030	11,157	3,608	7,419	96	37,933
43	Fourth North Carolina.	8,298	282	1,296	51	121	934	.....	1,156
44	Fifth North Carolina	23,442	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
45	First Ohio	887,069	364,601	137,457	7,120	5,415	10,912	3,768	98,584
46	Tenth Ohio	105,782	44,860	16,434	1,491	1,012	2,192	.....	3,379
47	Eleventh Ohio	89,325	37,326	18,657	2,210	528	4,151	52	1,884
48	Eighteenth Ohio	234,235	84,398	61,581	12,638	2,801	9,486	416	15,181
49	Oregon	142,974	74,074	10,902	8,487	1,430	4,628	.....	2,508
50	First Pennsylvania	1,193,518	35,946	649,597	18,540	8,564	20,116	3,135	108,880
51	Ninth Pennsylvania	39,827	210	20,407	410	564	1,435	.....	313
52	Twelfth Pennsylvania	42,724	3,183	21,240	475	788	2,271	107	7,853
53	Twenty-third Pennsylvania	520,120	24,088	379,701	6,733	1,884	8,438	.....	19,469
54	South Carolina	10,593	.....	5,480	890	183	1,054	.....	.....
55	Second Tennessee	32,137	2,771	12,739	291	121	1,044	.....	799
56	Fifth Tennessee	235,347	45,074	13,369	4,587	320	7,871	.....	9,963
57	Third Texas	106,375	56,342	20,128	3,554	838	3,141	65	2,405
58	Fourth Texas	83,674	41,123	11,303	2,915	609	2,746	119	70
59	Second Virginia	143,308	6,736	74,175	5	2,170	7,677	.....	32,353
60	Sixth Virginia	16,109	610	4,768	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,251
61	West Virginia	92,279	21,081	100,231	7,435	241	1,464	.....	977
62	First Wisconsin	323,622	135,996	33,840	20,387	7,019	16,928	658	42,786
63	Second Wisconsin	23,853	13,147	4,920	2,816	682	437	125	60
	Total	15,063,725	5,081,987	3,795,534	357,200	291,730	413,787	38,338	1,142,222

AND RECTIFIERS OCTOBER 1, 1896, AND OCTOBER 1, 1897

LIQUOR DEALERS AND RECTIFIERS OCTOBER 1, 1896, AND OCTOBER 1, 1897.

Domestic, Oct. 1, 1897.		Foreign, Oct. 1, 1897.							Total domestic and foreign.	Number of wholesale liquor dealers.	Number of rectifiers.	
Miscellaneous spirits.	Total domestic.	Irish whisky.	Scotch whisky.	Jamaica rum.	St. Croix rum.	Holland gin.	Miscellaneous spirits.	Total foreign.				
51,185	120,906	429	343	420	.....	623	1,994	3,809	124,715	33	4	1
28,515	206,215	.....	.....	115	.....	.....	724	839	207,054	17	.....	2
98,270	949,475	1,644	5,053	2,535	69	9,875	15,002	34,178	983,653	284	97	3
10,622	65,945	15	218	179	.....	382	283	1,077	67,022	37	7	4
7,507	51,774	30	63	407	10	422	1,328	2,260	54,034	34	7	5
13,353	266,037	218	547	830	2,000	3,829	3,430	10,854	276,891	96	27	6
2,629	10,947	.....	.....	50	.....	41	21	112	11,059	13	1	7
38,435	92,744	68	140	258	72	586	250	1,374	94,118	32	12	8
39,237	512,838	1,139	2,081	2,182	382	3,146	6,850	15,780	528,618	191	86	9
16,908	133,344	5	5	68	8	48	62	196	133,540	26	9	10
14,993	67,067	75	.....	184	.....	65	227	551	67,618	26	3	11
4,148	41,495	.....	26	.....	.....	228	.....	254	41,749	13	5	12
10,105	98,217	156	158	293	54	707	520	1,888	100,105	42	11	13
13,074	80,944	80	40	163	.....	261	319	863	81,807	23	8	14
8,502	74,053	77	153	139	70	130	388	957	75,010	20	5	15
7,488	57,235	45	80	189	.....	62	340	716	57,951	31	3	16
1,405	16,855	.....	20	18	20	.....	92	150	17,005	13	.....	17
4,503	52,110	.....	.....	30	.....	129	66	225	52,335	28	18	18
14,656	531,149	34	82	42	22	313	494	987	532,136	88	43	19
3,221	134,555	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	46	46	134,601	39	5	20
1,432	63,393	.....	.....	175	.....	285	.....	460	63,853	21	8	21
48	5,100	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,100	9	1	22
4,232	156,252	136	58	629	69	1,145	736	2,773	159,025	92	17	23
28,331	606,883	369	1,324	874	117	6,638	2,815	12,137	619,020	112	69	24
41,865	1,077,062	3,142	4,845	4,599	3,389	19,323	24,959	60,257	1,137,319	178	6	25
5,521	83,547	61	199	363	.....	253	265	1,141	84,688	25	6	26
4,713	20,447	24	28	21	.....	85	282	440	20,887	10	.....	27
34,396	222,253	270	605	863	102	551	1,831	4,222	226,475	54	28	28
45,019	464,328	791	1,155	972	141	2,245	3,127	8,431	472,759	90	46	29
19,162	204,759	106	481	255	.....	279	586	1,707	206,466	58	21	30
14,245	134,776	53	229	1,997	.....	331	2,118	4,728	139,504	44	3	31
13,559	79,839	81	86	174	25	116	446	928	80,767	30	5	32
501	19,988	18	16	15	15	80	15	159	20,147	14	.....	33
666	10,072	.....	25	70	.....	110	18	223	10,295	12	7	34
10,894	92,998	179	460	1,301	67	1,486	1,856	5,349	98,347	62	24	35
3,622	24,193	20	62	170	.....	44	414	710	24,903	22	2	36
12,001	103,243	557	852	1,128	303	2,272	2,336	7,448	110,691	70	32	37
54,459	1,134,463	8,200	20,664	19,604	12,220	35,283	60,009	155,980	1,290,443	380	139	38
21,489	172,665	751	2,372	2,927	1,476	4,779	9,639	21,944	194,609	150	61	39
12,463	101,990	224	514	697	1,040	2,639	935	6,049	108,039	70	19	40
11,453	99,049	137	173	580	.....	992	756	2,638	101,687	49	20	41
54,018	270,199	413	509	432	603	1,674	1,764	5,395	275,594	70	29	42
4,651	8,491	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,491	4	4	43
17,466	17,466	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	17,466	18	9	44
79,880	707,737	448	943	1,291	170	2,068	5,240	10,160	717,897	174	73	45
21,503	90,871	18	52	175	.....	335	495	1,075	91,946	30	13	46
8,264	73,072	14	123	184	.....	155	237	713	73,785	33	3	47
27,601	214,102	158	520	561	138	528	1,220	3,125	217,227	58	10	48
13,662	115,691	299	1,521	2,645	37	755	1,734	6,991	122,682	47	13	49
77,757	922,535	1,532	5,439	3,326	733	8,817	12,160	32,007	954,542	190	120	50
2,168	25,507	.....	.....	54	.....	8	70	132	25,639	28	8	51
1,591	37,508	84	159	253	7	351	408	1,262	38,770	45	20	52
11,747	452,660	461	716	1,041	279	1,117	1,827	5,441	458,101	152	46	53
11,196	18,803	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	18,803	8	.....	54
10,078	27,843	.....	20	15	.....	.....	.....	35	27,878	5	3	55
110,301	191,485	76	146	141	87	961	436	1,847	193,332	38	8	56
8,693	95,166	70	82	107	114	45	226	644	95,810	35	11	57
10,569	69,454	81	119	158	68	174	348	948	70,402	11	2	58
16,801	139,917	.....	184	87	.....	23	1,479	1,773	141,690	18	12	59
1,753	8,382	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	24	24	8,406	5	3	60
14,096	145,525	.....	25	37	.....	81	232	375	145,900	6	5	61
58,759	316,373	1,252	1,539	2,487	721	2,706	5,308	14,013	330,386	69	42	62
4,615	26,802	13	17	6	.....	.....	.....	36	26,838	17	4	63
1,295,996	12,416,794	24,053	55,271	58,516	24,628	119,581	178,787	460,836	12,877,630	3,699	1,303	

SPIRITS IN THE HANDS OF WHOLESALE DEALERS AND RECTIFIERS.

[Compiled from reports of collectors based upon statements made to them by dealers and rectifiers.]

It appears from the preceding table (on pp. 584 and 585) that the quantity of spirits, tax or duty paid, held by wholesale liquor dealers and rectifiers October 1, 1896, was 15,063,725 gallons, the quantity so held October 1, 1897, being 12,877,630 gallons. The quantity of domestic and foreign spirits, respectively, and the aggregate held October 1, each year from 1878 to 1897, both inclusive, are as follows:

Year.	Domestic.	Foreign.	Total.
	Proof gallons.	*Proof gallons.*	*Proof gallons.*
1878	14,480,393	11,401	14,491,794
1879	13,014,112	593,506	13,607,618
1880	11,666,991	626,692	12,293,683
1881	11,065,611	572,797	11,638,408
1882	11,505,434	583,992	12,089,426
1883	13,345,779	575,703	13,921,482
1884	15,139,715	524,491	15,664,206
1885	14,760,683	496,109	15,256,792
1886	15,523,226	534,094	16,057,320
1887	14,003,833	511,126	14,514,959
1888	14,341,056	487,315	14,828,371
1889	14,815,703	440,179	15,255,882
1890	15,879,918	503,277	16,383,195
1891	13,915,377	490,898	14,406,275
1892	15,190,886	366,756	15,557,642
1893	18,634,971	359,630	18,994,601
1894	30,321,083	275,062	30,596,145
1895	17,498,572	282,562	17,781,134
1896	14,800,417	263,308	15,063,725
1897	12,416,794	460,836	12,877,630

BALANCE IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES AT CLOSE OF 1897 AND PREVIOUS FISCAL YEARS.

Date.	Quantity.	Date.	Quantity.
Remaining June 30—	*Gallons.*	Remaining June 30—	*Gallons.*
1869	16,685,166	1884	63,502,551
1870	11,671,886	1885	54,724,916
1871	6,745,360	1886	58,096,620
1872	10,103,392	1887	65,145,269
1873	14,650,148	1888	61,033,018
1874	15,575,224	1889	68,512,070
1875	13,179,596	1890	89,721,053
1876	12,595,850	1891	112,921,457
1877	13,091,773	1892	127,596,339
1878	14,088,773	1893	147,894,694
1879	19,212,470	1894	137,993,078
1880	31,363,869	1895	*a* 138,248,796.2
1881	64,648,111	1896	*b* 152,125,495.4
1882	89,962,645	1897	*c* 139,713,753.9
1883	80,499,993		

a This quantity includes 1,426,700.9 gallons in general bonded warehouses and 419,543.2 gallons in transit June 30, 1895, between distillery warehouses and general bonded warehouses.

b This quantity includes 2,642,832.1 gallons in general bonded warehouses, 153,475.8 in transit between distillery and general bonded warehouses, and 2,066.4 in transit between general bonded warehouses June 30, 1896.

c This quantity includes 2,570,661.1 gallons in general bonded warehouses and 12,822.9 gallons in transit between distillery and general bonded warehouses June 30, 1897.

SPIRITS IN DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES OCTOBER 1, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, AND 1897.

The following is a statement of the quantities, in taxable gallons, of spirits remaining in distillery warehouses October 1, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, and 1897, respectively:

State.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.
Alabama	3,550	4,312	5,286	4,718.1	11,463.1	30,979.1	52,885.5
Arkansas	43,828	75,299	91,011	73,511.1	84,332.9	98,343.4	95,425.4
California	50,569	67,769	53,918	29,493	42,970.1	30,245.1	24,985
Colorado	80			176	583	736.2	449.5
Connecticut	399,972	313,357	216,686	15,604.2	69,568.2	87,335.6	111,675.6
Georgia	102,678	115,983	94,444	52,775.2	104,722.9	83,924.7	62,378.6
Illinois	2,398,563	2,932,949	5,228,340	5,825,653.3	3,682,964.7	9,231,015.5	4,881,598.3
Indiana	1,614,311	1,688,601	1,616,698	894,280.6	2,193,178.7	2,163,948.7	2,690,675.6
Iowa	407	89					
Kansas					297.1	408.4	1,580.5
Kentucky	70,153,832	77,556,469	87,330,661	65,616,448.8	81,076,179.5	84,928,936	77,404,508.9
Louisiana				180	106,381	106,248.6	298,670.2
Maryland	5,752,452	6,583,298	7,475,693	6,575,979.4	8,766,344.7	9,319,681.9	8,611,501.3
Massachusetts	486,961	711,214	850,235	303,426	662,583.7	805,526.5	662,538.7
Minnesota	159,118	227,876	483,921	45,642	314,598.7	263,644.8	72,518.7
Missouri	335,175	474,907	815,298	327,432.2	626,220.5	599,846.2	867,105.4
Nebraska	106,335	101,054	202,933	43,565	80,490.4	126,552.9	344,251.6
New Hampshire.	36,197	41,154	41,981	20,429	31,282.1	31,069	19,695.3
New Jersey	557,651	609,234	538,947	397,601.4	511,438.7	598,328.3	493,347.6
New Mexico					589.9	1,373.8	726.6
New York	436,486	389,253	285,852	210,315.7	351,911.7	264,319.6	307,471.5
North Carolina	94,271	178,976	275,151	133,236.3	186,320,7	158,023.8	94,012.7
Ohio	2,788,437	3,086,420	3,268,708	2,263,378.3	3,976,030.8	4,172,339.9	4,894,575
Oregon	435	27,103	57,496	44,920	38,510.1	32,445.5	29,170.7
Pennsylvania	16,277,331	19,068,718	22,107,022	18,575,320.4	23,645,825.3	24,873,382.8	22,351,835.1
South Carolina	11,625	21,970	31,768	30,239.2	20,008.1	7,283	4,149.6
Tennessee	1,633,624	1,463,586	1,384,172	947,240.6	1,188,826.7	1,369,943.3	1,483,053.5
Texas	1,809	3,771	9,200	24,548	20,930.4	25,146.3	25,190.9
Virginia	236,222	289,492	342,103	288,085.7	313,796.9	302,087	298,515.1
West Virginia	1,051,179	1,164,647	1,307,130	925,049.7	1,053,334.3	1,062,900.4	947,900.6
Wisconsin	77,794	88,734	174,011	167,359.4	393,800.9	465,511.6	563,921.8
Total	104,810,892	117,286,325	134,288,665	103,836,608.6	129,555,485.8	141,242,027.9	127,696,314.8

DISTILLED SPIRITS IN THE UNITED STATES OCTOBER 1, 1897.

The quantity of distilled spirits in the United States (except what may be in customs bonded warehouses and in fruit-brandy distilleries) on the 1st day of October, 1897, was 173,742,898.8 gallons, this quantity being distributed as follows:

	Gallons.
In distillery warehouses	127,696,314.8
In special bonded warehouses	1,586,205.2
In general bonded warehouses	2,329,416.9
In transit between distillery warehouses and general bonded warehouses	32,031.9
In hands of wholesale liquor dealers	12,877,630
In hands of retail liquor dealers	29,221,300
Total	173,742,898.8

In making the above computation the average stock of each retail liquor dealer in the United States is estimated at 150 gallons.

The foregoing statement of production and tax-paid withdrawals of distilled spirits during the first three months of the current fiscal year shows an increase of such withdrawals over those made during the corresponding portion of the fiscal year 1896 of 3,362,451.5 gallons, yielding an increased tax amounting to $3,698,696.65, and as compared with the previous year, 1895, of 4,594,821.8 gallons and of $5,054,303.98 tax.

As the stock on hand in the United States is also less than it was October 1, 1896, by 13,545,713.1 gallons, it may reasonably be expected that the increase in receipts from distilled spirits will be maintained throughout the year.

SPIRITS WITHDRAWN FOR BOTTLING PURPOSES.

Owing to unavoidable delays in the preparation of strip stamps and case stamps for spirits bottled in bond under the supervision of internal-revenue officers under the bottling act of March 3, 1897, withdrawals of spirits tax-paid for such bottling were not made until August, 1897, the quantity so withdrawn in that month being 5,794.8 gallons, and the quantity so withdrawn in September, 1897, being 35,555.2 gallons.

OLEOMARGARINE.

The following statements, showing operations under the act of August 2, 1886, defining butter and imposing a tax upon and regulating the manufacture, sale, importation, and exportation of oleomargarine, comprise—

First. A summary of operations at oleomargarine manufactories during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897; also a summary of operations during the past two fiscal years, and by months covering the period from November 1, 1886, to June 30, 1897.

Second. A statement of the receipts from all classes of taxes imposed by the oleomargarine law for the year ended June 30, 1897.

Third. A statement, by States and Territories, showing the number of establishments for which special tax was paid to carry on during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, the business of manufacturing and dealing in oleomargarine; also, in aggregate, of all persons who paid oleomargarine special taxes for the twelve months ended June 30, 1896.

Fourth. A statement of the total production and of total receipts from all oleomargarine sources for each fiscal year since the oleomargarine law took effect.

It appears from the subjoined table that the average monthly production of oleomargarine under the operations of the law has been as follows:

	Pounds.
During the eight months ended June 30, 1887	2,711,828
During the fiscal year ended June 30—	
1888	2,860,460
1889	2,972,002
1890	2,693,669
1891	3,699,367
1892	4,030,346
1893	5,602,024
1894	5,801,853
1895	4,746,508
1896	4,237,769
1897	3,794,267

It also appears that the average monthly quantity withdrawn from factories on payment of the tax was as follows:

	Pounds.
During the eight months ended June 30, 1887	2,592,946
During the fiscal year ended June 30—	
1888	2,707,430
1889	2,821,970
1890	2,566,494
1891	3,601,292
1892	3,909,625
1893	5,371,989
1894	5,508,004
1895	4,469,686
1896	3,978,482
1897	3,541,636

The average quantity withdrawn monthly for exportation during the same time is shown to have been as follows:

	Pounds.
During the eight months ended June 30, 1887	90,566
During the fiscal year ended June 30—	
1888	140,516
1889	145,746
1890	134,866
1891	102,426
1892	107,981
1893	232,124
1894	283,890
1895	278,123
1896	258,850
1897	262,367

In the fiscal years 1887 and 1888 the largest production month was March; in the fiscal year 1889, December; in the fiscal year 1890, October; in the fiscal year 1891, March; in the fiscal year 1892, March; in the fiscal year 1893, January; in the fiscal year 1894, October; in the fiscal year 1895, October; in the fiscal year 1896, October; while the greatest production during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, occurred in March. The quantity produced during these months was as follows:

	Pounds.
In March, 1887	3,568,254
In March, 1888	3,940,727
In December, 1888	4,181,317
In October, 1889	4,072,333
In March, 1891	6,723,224
In March, 1892	5,916,871
In January, 1893	7,824,657
In October, 1893	9,318,006
In October, 1894	7,046,429
In October, 1895	5,922,649
In March, 1897	4,826,677

The months in which the production fell below 2,000,000 pounds were as follows:

	Pounds.
During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1887:	
May, 1887, produced	1,885,027
June, 1887, produced	1,375,423
During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1888:	
July, 1887, produced	1,208,638
During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1889:	
June, 1889, produced	1,575,362
During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1890:	
July, 1889, produced	1,404,749
August, 1889, produced	1,975,773
May, 1890, produced	1,864,746
June, 1890, produced	1,364,826
During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891:	
July, 1890, produced	1,723,966
June, 1891, produced	1,988,633

There was a decrease in the number of persons engaged in the sale of oleomargarine during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, as well as a decrease in the production of the article.

The following table shows the quantity of oleomargarine, in pounds, at 2 cents tax, produced at manufactories during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, the quantity withdrawn therefrom during the year, and the stock of oleomargarine remaining in factories June 30, 1897:

SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS AT OLEOMARGARINE MANUFACTORIES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

	Pounds.
Stock on hand July 1, 1896	396,404
Removed for export and remaining unaccounted for July 1, 1896	330,062
Produced during the year	45,531,207
Total	46,257,673
Oleomargarine withdrawn from factories tax-paid	42,499,634
Oleomargarine lost or destroyed in manufactories	3,645
Withdrawn from manufactories for export and accounted for by clearance certificates filed	3,233,746
Withdrawn from manufactories for export and accounted for by payment of tax on account of certificates not filed	1,565
Oleomargarine transferred from First district of Illinois to Sixth district of Indiana at close of fiscal year	43,858
Understatement of withdrawals	4,319
Removed for export not accounted for June 30, 1897	243,158
Remaining in factories June 30, 1897	227,748
Total	46,257,673

OPERATIONS IN OLEOMARGARINE DURING THE LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS.

The following statements, by districts, show the quantity, in pounds, of oleomargarine produced at manufactories, the quantity withdrawn therefrom tax-paid, for export, and the quantity lost or destroyed at manufactories during the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1896, and June 30, 1897, respectively; also the stock remaining on hand at the close of each year:

Districts.	From July 1, 1895, to June 30, 1896.				
	Produced.	Withdrawn tax-paid.	Withdrawn for export.	Lost or destroyed.	Remaining in factory June 30, 1896.
Connecticut *a*	8,644,860	6,396,020	2,236,585	.....	29,840
First Illinois	29,172,122	28,591,110	584,876	2,090	238,790
Sixth Indiana	621,455	620,017	.....	.....	4,665
Kansas *b*	5,936,533	5,826,112	99,343	40	71,123
Sixth Missouri	688,487	700,963	.....	.....	32,907
Nebraska *c*	1,611,240	1,609,040	1,900	300	.....
Fifth New Jersey	67,224	62,014	2,850	.....	2,360
Eleventh Ohio	2,190,753	2,195,686	.....	.....	3,955
Eighteenth Ohio	1,743,535	1,736,266	.....	.....	12,764
First Pennsylvania	177,025	4,565	180,650	.....	.....
Total	50,853,234	47,741,793	3,106,204	2,430	396,404

Districts.	From July 1, 1896, to June 30, 1897.				
	Produced.	Withdrawn tax-paid.	Withdrawn for export.	Lost or destroyed.	Remaining in factory June 30, 1897.
Connecticut *a*	7,112,433	5,026,683	2,074,686	.....	40,904
First Illinois	25,700,900	24,963,741	878,354	.....	53,677
Sixth Indiana	1,291,588	1,286,313	.....	.....	9,415
Kansas *b*	5,589,363	5,396,063	162,341	.....	98,592
Sixth Missouri	346,372	378,639	.....	.....	640
Fifth New Jersey	261,871	219,080	33,026	3,645	8,480
Eleventh Ohio	3,452,314	3,452,165	.....	.....	3,860
Eighteenth Ohio	1,776,366	1,776,950	.....	.....	12,180
Total	45,531,207	42,499,634	3,148,407	3,645	227,748

a Including the State of Rhode Island. No oleomargarine was manufactured in the State of Connecticut.

b Including the Indian Territory and the Territory of Oklahoma; but no oleomargarine was manufactured in either of these Territories.

c Including the States of North Dakota and South Dakota; but no oleomargarine was manufactured in either of these States.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE QUANTITY OF OLEOMARGARINE PRODUCED, WITHDRAWN TAX-PAID, FOR EXPORT, FOR EXPOSITION PURPOSES, AND LOST OR DESTROYED IN MANUFACTORIES MONTHLY, FROM NOVEMBER 1, 1886, TO JUNE 30, 1897.

Months.	Quantity returned to factories.	Quantity produced.	Withdrawn tax-paid.	Withdrawn for export.	Lost or destroyed.	Withdrawn for exposition purposes.
	Pounds.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
On hand Nov. 1, 1886		181,090				
November		3,188,261	2,986,241	6,747	10,878	
December		3,073,263	2,956,827	67,189	296	
1887.						
January		2,804,096	2,720,235	144,535	3,056	
February		2,779,855	2,716,759	60,500	9,182	
March		3,568,254	3,512,138	96,499	12,472	
April		2,839,358	2,780,307	149,838	6,866	
May		1,885,027	1,769,954	136,523	2,210	
June		1,375,423	1,301,108	62,701	6,267	
July		1,208,638	1,170,136	33,240	1,191	
August		2,425,226	2,296,238	110,990	601	
September		2,703,256	2,568,007	68,917	262	
October		3,082,935	2,915,016	92,201	1,979	
November		3,003,715	2,862,321	148,899		
December		3,256,028	3,120,393	78,500		
1888.						
January		3,058,955	2,918,868	117,781		
February		3,057,149	3,003,515	126,168		
March		3,940,727	3,824,672	155,761	2,998	
April		3,273,453	3,062,396	251,994	1,537	
May		3,185,127	2,817,292	327,726		
June		2,130,318	1,930,311	174,021	995	
July		2,084,317	1,925,762	155,200	185	
August		2,301,769	2,209,782	153,285	727	
September		2,776,465	2,611,693	167,787		
October		3,462,123	3,368,418	80,785		
November		3,734,878	3,509,408	175,965		
December		4,181,317	4,025,336	109,385	10	
1889.						
January		3,607,753	3,353,350	137,123		
February		3,523,381	3,266,245	228,191	1,000	
March		3,047,875	3,077,831	70,424		
April		3,057,841	2,886,481	285,948		
May		2,310,945	2,114,678	126,223	70	
June		1,575,362	1,514,658	58,579		
July		1,404,749	1,442,094	95,580		
August		1,975,773	1,914,016	49,222	4,973	
September		2,274,456	2,130,648	167,826		
October		4,072,333	3,668,057	190,385	688	
November		3,188,757	3,174,648	121,630		
December		3,072,028	3,010,319	93,770		
1890.						
January		3,338,340	3,053,375	117,000	3,692	
February		3,011,670	3,042,219	104,018	256	
March		3,885,080	3,657,614	213,680		
April		2,871,274	2,719,725	159,119		
May		1,864,746	1,795,963	219,052		
June		1,364,826	1,189,257	86,215	90	
July		1,723,966	1,573,786	157,808		
August		2,320,548	2,135,414	192,175	56	
September		3,391,817	3,139,816	146,920		
October		3,626,055	3,482,124	95,660	3,356	
November		3,615,704	3,615,132	71,400		
December		4,373,447	4,238,578	21,090		
1891.						
January		3,664,473	3,702,844	36,158		
February		4,386,152	4,349,304	46,330		
March		6,723,224	6,577,926	62,170		
April		4,572,178	4,443,605	288,966	1,039	
May		4,005,212	3,907,827	39,994		
June		1,988,633	2,049,156	70,445		
July		2,524,287	2,428,144	38,970		
August		2,376,022	2,276,339	104,008		
September		3,560,418	3,435,513	45,050		
October		4,941,276	4,825,731	71,998	112	
November		4,975,162	4,813,457	91,860		
December		4,593,610	4,570,557	68,775		

STATEMENT SHOWING THE QUANTITY OF OLEOMARGARINE PRODUCED, WITHDRAWN TAX-PAID, FOR EXPORT, FOR EXPOSITION PURPOSES, ETC.—Continued.

Months.	Quantity returned to factories.	Quantity produced.	Withdrawn tax-paid.	Withdrawn for export.	Lost or destroyed.	Withdrawn for exposition purposes.
1892.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
January		4,777,319	4,563,758	83,306		
February		4,861,932	4,607,287	218,570		
March		5,916,871	5,711,766	189,090		
April		4,606,392	4,711,950	122,593		
May		3,160,611	2,935,407	134,198		
June		2,067,255	2,035,592	127,364		
July		2,653,622	2,388,926	284,558		
August		3,745,521	3,571,333	144,870		
September		5,116,208	4,698,580	145,853		
October		5,195,351	5,239,316	219,263		
November		7,311,563	6,707,850	229,732		
December		6,541,521	6,202,957	283,058		
1893.						
January		7,824,657	7,686,836	223,053		
February		6,383,115	6,068,662	233,048	4,525	
March		6,358,576	6,249,313	239,106	3,828	
April		6,378,648	6,253,313	305,957	1,959	
May		6,242,756	5,860,198	264,392		1,214
June		3,472,760	3,536,591	212,604		
July		3,653,387	3,350,268	233,894	1,506	
August		5,014,242	4,716,712	222,354		
September		7,126,593	6,739,234	220,283		228
October	228	9,318,006	8,731,547	265,147	228	
November	450	7,401,265	7,280,926	302,468	450	
December		6,809,238	6,577,978	177,320		
1894.						
January		6,566,191	6,215,278	255,889		
February		6,243,843	6,127,589	287,461	643	
March		5,889,497	5,639,414	415,549	61	
April		5,413,302	4,956,192	358,951		
May		3,633,891	3,443,917	328,171	2,691	
June		2,552,791	2,317,003	339,196		
July		3,028,980	2,695,799	257,784		
August		5,429,045	4,756,713	262,076		
September		5,928,516	5,862,883	317,141		100
October	100	7,046,429	6,616,097	338,673	100	
November		6,633,846	6,297,673	290,424		
December		5,075,604	4,834,587	242,503		
1895.						
January		5,030,335	4,900,591	244,102	4,029	
February		4,803,201	4,625,339	211,471		
March		4,318,972	4,021,562	359,255	19,458	
April		3,967,691	3,820,075	255,985		
May		3,295,660	3,012,370	267,166		
June		2,399,826	2,192,553	290,606	4,480	
July		3,003,913	2,669,369	301,633		
August		3,547,363	3,240,923	275,950		
September		3,887,134	3,820,689	155,593	300	
October		5,922,649	5,357,691	330,129		
November		5,266,905	4,995,014	318,798		
December		5,436,286	5,033,087	205,319	1,760	
1896.						
January		4,830,851	4,735,497	228,860	40	
February		4,501,881	4,355,331	204,327		
March		4,962,718	4,642,891	293,626		
April		3,741,993	3,630,624	247,033		
May		2,929,162	2,697,332	241,231		
June		2,822,379	2,563,345	303,705	330	
July		2,610,739	2,405,071	164,289		
August		2,647,753	2,495,435	233,653		
September		3,478,137	3,257,578	186,149		
October		4,734,809	4,208,662	312,218	1,135	
November		3,662,184	3,455,106	324,844		
December		4,740,937	4,424,367	361,287	650	
1897.						
January		4,240,212	4,030,944	175,770	180	
February		4,171,130	3,742,250	387,528		
March		4,826,677	4,604,195	290,970		
April		4,323,737	4,085,153	197,073		
May		3,494,183	3,308,871	249,618		
June		2,600,709	2,482,002	265,008	1,680	*a* 43,858
			b 4,319			
Total	778	506,953,866	482,467,245	24,087,194	127,057	45,400
On hand June 30, 1896						227,748

a This quantity was transferred from first district of Illinois to sixth district of Indiana at close of fiscal year 1897.

b Understatement of withdrawals.

RECEIPTS UNDER THE OLEOMARGARINE LAW DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

[For notes to the references in this table, see p. 10.]

Districts.	Collections on oleomargarine at 2 cents per pound.	Special taxes of—			Total.
		Manufacturers.	Retail dealers.	Wholesale dealers.	
Alabama			$432.00	$1,360.00	$1,792.00
Arkansas			888.00	480.00	1,368.00
First California					
Fourth California *a*					
Colorado *b*			1,624.00	680.00	2,304.00
Connecticut *c*	$101,737.68	$600.00	14,375.10	2,720.00	119,432.78
Florida			2,772.00	2,240.00	5,012.00
Georgia			616.00	2,320.00	2,936.00
First Illinois	494,959.42	2,400.00	33,146.00	2,680.00	533,185.42
Fifth Illinois			1,096.00	480.00	1,576.00
Eighth Illinois			1,536.00		1,536.00
Thirteenth Illinois			949.00	800.00	1,749.00
Sixth Indiana	26,276.70	600.00	3,382.00	1,600.00	31,858.70
Seventh Indiana			1,200.00		1,200.00
Third Iowa					
Fourth Iowa					
Kansas *d*	110,665.14	1,200.00	2,348.00		114,213.14
Second Kentucky			162.00		162.00
Fifth Kentucky			1,876.00		1,876.00
Sixth Kentucky			1,568.00	480.00	2,048.00
Seventh Kentucky			314.00		314.00
Eighth Kentucky					
Louisiana *e*			3,380.00	1,840.00	5,220.00
Maryland *f*			3,852.00	1,760.00	5,612.00
Massachusetts			1,108.00		1,108.00
First Michigan			7,392.00	1,800.00	9,192.00
Fourth Michigan			1,040.00	400.00	1,440.00
Minnesota				480.00	480.00
First Missouri			2,024.00		2,024.00
Sixth Missouri	7,638.00	600.00	676.00		8,914.00
Montana *g*			48.00		48.00
Nebraska *h*	10.80		942.00		952.80
New Hampshire *i*			284.00		284.00
First New Jersey			606.00	2,280.00	2,886.00
Fifth New Jersey	4,410.20	600.00	5,462.00	1,440.00	11,912.20
New Mexico *k*			276.00	480.00	756.00
First New York			154.00		154.00
Second New York			120.00	800.00	920.00
Third New York	36.00		204.00		240.00
Fourteenth New York			60.00		60.00
Twenty-first New York					
Twenty-eighth New York					
Fourth North Carolina			48.00		48.00
Fifth North Carolina			120.00		120.00
First Ohio			5,652.00	1,440.00	7,092.00
Tenth Ohio			266.00	120.00	386.00
Eleventh Ohio	69,005.96	600.00	2,260.00		71,865.96
Eighteenth Ohio	35,693.98	600.00	6,014.00	480.00	42,787.98
Oregon *l*			318.00		318.00
First Pennsylvania	257.30		1,018.00		1,275.30
Ninth Pennsylvania			168.00		168.00
Twelfth Pennsylvania			320.00		320.00
Twenty-third Pennsylvania			9,284.00	3,600.00	12,884.00
South Carolina			316.00	480.00	796.00
Second Tennessee			96.00		96.00
Fifth Tennessee			920.00	960.00	1,880.00
Third Texas			1,552.00	3,840.00	5,392.00
Fourth Texas			574.00	1,320.00	1,894.00
Second Virginia			2,142.00	1,680.00	3,822.00
Sixth Virginia			378.32		378.32
West Virginia			2,368.00	2,220.00	4,588.00
First Wisconsin			376.00		376.00
Second Wisconsin			236.00	2,640.00	2,876.00
Total	850,691.18	7,200.00	130,338.42	45,900.00	1,034,129.60

STATEMENT, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES, SHOWING NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS FOR WHICH SPECIAL TAX WAS PAID TO CARRY ON, DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, THE BUSINESS OF MANUFACTURING AND DEALING IN OLEOMARGARINE.

States and Territories.	Manufactories.	Wholesale establishments.	Retail establishments.	Total.
Alabama		3	10	13
Alaska				
Arizona			2	2
Arkansas		1	26	27
California				
Colorado		2	44	46
Connecticut			11	11
Delaware			8	8
District of Columbia		2	63	65
Florida		4	88	92
Georgia		4	15	19
Idaho				
Illinois	6	12	1,065	1,083
Indiana	1	4	121	126
Indian Territory			10	10
Iowa				
Kansas	2		57	59
Kentucky		1	104	105
Louisiana		4	79	83
Maine			4	4
Maryland		2	30	32
Massachusetts		2	29	31
Michigan		6	235	241
Minnesota		1		1
Mississippi			5	5
Missouri	1		74	75
Montana			1	1
Nebraska			22	22
Nevada				
New Hampshire			5	5
New Jersey	1	7	167	175
New Mexico			5	5
New York		2	14	16
North Carolina			4	4
North Dakota			2	2
Ohio	2	6	394	402
Oklahoma				
Oregon				
Pennsylvania		9	283	292
Rhode Island	3	5	315	323
South Carolina		3	9	12
South Dakota				
Tennessee		1	27	28
Texas		10	45	55
Utah				
Vermont				
Virginia		3	69	72
Washington			9	9
West Virginia		4	71	75
Wisconsin		5	17	22
Wyoming				
Total for 12 months ended June 30, 1897	16	a 103	3,539	3,658
Total for 12 months ended June 30, 1896	22	b 157	4,380	4,559

a The number of wholesale establishments that actually carried on business after paying the special tax was 103.

b The number of wholesale establishments that actually carried on business after paying the special tax for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, was 157.

The following table of production and total receipts from all oleomargarine sources for each fiscal year since November 1, 1886, the date the oleomargarine law took effect, is interesting as showing the extent of operations in the country:

	Produced.	Received.
	Pounds.	
On hand November 1, 1886	181,090	
During the fiscal year ended June 30—		
1887 (from November 1, 1886)	21,513,537	$723,948.04
1888	34,325,527	864,139.88
1889	35,664,026	894,247.91
1890	32,324,032	786,291.72
1891	44,392,409	1,077,924.14
1892	48,364,155	1,266,326.00
1893	67,224,298	1,670,643.50
1894	69,622,246	1,723,479.90
1895	56,958,105	1,409,211.18
1896	50,853,234	1,219,432.46
1897	45,531,207	1,034,129.60
Total	506,953,866	12,669,774.33

THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN ACCOUNT WITH THE SEVERAL COLLECTORS OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN WHOSE DISTRICTS OLEOMARGARINE MANUFACTORIES ARE LOCATED.

July, 1896.	Pounds.
DR.	
To stock of oleomargarine on hand July 1, 1896	396,404
To quantity removed for export and unaccounted for July 1, 1896	330,062
To quantity of oleomargarine produced during the month	2,610,739
	3,337,205
CR.	
By quantity withdrawn, tax paid, during month	2,405,131
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and accounted for during this month	286,776
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month	207,575
By stock on hand July 31, 1896	437,723
	3,337,205

The following is a summary of operations at oleomargarine factories located in the several collection districts of the United States during the month of July, 1896, also the balances from the previous month are shown and the balances at the close of this month.

Districts.	Stock on hand July 1, 1896.	Exported and unaccounted for, July 1, 1896.	Quantity produced this month.	Quantity withdrawn, tax paid.	Quantity withdrawn for export.	Exported in this and previous months and accounted for in this month.	Exported in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month.	Stock on hand at close of month.
	Pounds.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
Connecticut	29,840	245,336	463,042	353,480	104,369	220,586	129,119	35,033
First Illinois	238,790	79,200	1,489,971	a1,436,704	57,140	65,650	70,690	234,917
Sixth Indiana	4,665	.....	54,593	41,698	.....	.....	.....	17,560
Kansas	71,123	4,386	363,215	339,155	2,780	540	6,626	92,403
Sixth Missouri	32,907	.....	12,600	10,212	.....	.....	.....	35,295
Nebraska	.....	540	.....	.....	.....	.....	540	.....
Fifth New Jersey	2,360	600	9,650	7,040	.....	.....	600	4,970
Eleventh Ohio	3,955	.....	125,167	125,415	.....	.....	.....	3,707
Eighteenth Ohio	12,764	.....	92,501	91,427	.....	.....	.....	13,838
Total	396,404	330,062	2,610,739	2,405,131	164,289	286,776	207,575	437,723

a This quantity contains an understatement of withdrawals of 60 pounds.

THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN ACCOUNT WITH THE SEVERAL COLLECTORS OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN WHOSE DISTRICTS OLEOMARGARINE MANUFACTORIES ARE LOCATED.

August, 1896.	Pounds.
DR.	
To stock of oleomargarine on hand August 1, 1896	437,723
To quantity removed for export and unaccounted for August 1, 1896	207,575
To quantity of oleomargarine produced during the month	2,647,753
To overstatement of tax-paid withdrawals in December, 1895 (Connecticut)	200
To understatement of production in December, 1895 (Connecticut)	370
	3,293,621
CR.	
By quantity withdrawn, tax paid, during month	2,495,435
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and accounted for this month	149,725
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month	291,503
By stock on hand on August 31, 1896	355,348
By overstatement of production in Connecticut in December, 1895	200
By understatement of tax-paid withdrawals in Connecticut in December, 1895	370
By understatement of tax-paid withdrawals in Kansas in February, 1896	1,000
By understatement of tax-paid withdrawals in Eleventh Ohio in December, 1895	40
	3,293,621

The following is a summary of operations at oleomargarine factories located in the several collection districts of the United States during the month of August, 1896; also the balances from the previous month are shown and the balances at the close of this month:

Districts.	Stock on hand August 1, 1896.	Exported and unaccounted for, August 1, 1896.	Quantity produced this month.	Quantity withdrawn, tax paid.	Quantity withdrawn for export.	Exported in this and previous months and accounted for this month.	Exported in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month.	Stock on hand at close of month.
	Pounds.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
Connecticut	35,033	129,119	483,966	325,103	144,793	53,319	220,593	49,103
First Illinois	234,917	70,690	1,538,418	1,513,336	83,260	90,960	62,990	176,739
Sixth Indiana	17,560	.....	54,769	54,286	.....	.....	.....	18,043
Kansas	92,403	6,626	296,848	a317,072	5,300	4,846	7,080	66,879
Sixth Missouri	35,295	.....	7,800	14,452	.....	.....	.....	28,643
Nebraska	.....	540	.....	.....	.....	.....	540	.....
Fifth New Jersey	4,970	600	7,774	9,260	300	600	300	3,184
Eleventh Ohio	3,707	.....	157,157	a157,514	.....	.....	.....	3,350
Eighteenth Ohio	13,838	.....	101,021	105,452	.....	.....	.....	9,407
Total	437,723	207,575	2,647,753	2,496,475	233,653	149,725	291,503	355,348

a In the quantity withdrawn tax paid in district of Kansas is shown an understatement of 1,000 pounds; also 40 pounds in the eleventh Ohio district.

THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN ACCOUNT WITH THE SEVERAL COLLECTORS OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN WHOSE DISTRICTS OLEOMARGARINE MANUFACTORIES ARE LOCATED.

September, 1896.	Pounds.
DR.	
To stock of oleomargarine on hand September 1, 1896	355,348
To quantity removed for export and unaccounted for, September 1, 1896	291,503
To quantity of oleomargarine produced during the month	3,478,137
To understatement of production in June, 1896, in the district of Connecticut	1,770
	4,126,758
CR.	
By quantity withdrawn, tax paid, during month	3,257,578
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and accounted for during this month	308,953
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month	168,699
By stock on hand on September 30, 1896	389,758
By understatement of withdrawals, tax paid, in district of Connecticut in June, 1896	1,770
	4,126,758

The following is a summary of operations at oleomargarine factories located in the several collection districts of the United States during the month of September, 1896; also the balances from the previous month are shown, and the balances at the close of this month:

Districts.	Stock on hand September 1, 1896.	Exported and unaccounted for September 1, 1896.	Quantity produced this month.	Quantity withdrawn tax-paid.	Quantity withdrawn for export.	Exported in this and previous months and accounted for in this month.	Exported in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month.	Stock on hand at close of month.
	Pounds.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
Connecticut	49,103	220,593	*a* 528,217	*b* 403,920	118,130	240,133	98,590	55,270
First Illinois	176,739	62,990	2,097,448	2,014,485	55,345	63,520	54,815	204,357
Sixth Indiana	18,043	.....	66,723	75,342	.....	.....	.....	9,424
Kansas	66,879	7,080	423,453	422,600	12,674	5,000	14,754	55,058
Sixth Missouri	28,643	.....	26,200	17,537	.....	.....	.....	37,306
Nebraska	.....	540	.....	.....	.....	.....	540	.....
Fifth New Jersey	3,184	300	15,411	13,140	.....	300	.....	5,455
Eleventh Ohio	3,350	.....	205,448	198,222	.....	.....	.....	10,576
Eighteenth Ohio	9,407	.....	117,007	114,102	.....	.....	.....	12,312
Total	355,348	291,503	3,479,907	3,259,348	186,149	308,953	168,699	389,758

a This quantity contains an understatement of production in previous months of 1,770 pounds.
b This quantity contains an understatement of withdrawals in previous months of 1,770 pounds.

THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE SEVERAL COLLECTORS OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN WHOSE DISTRICTS OLEOMARGARINE MANUFACTORIES ARE LOCATED.

October, 1896.	Pounds.
DR.	
To stock of oleomargarine on hand October 1, 1896	389,758
To quantity removed for export and unaccounted for October 1, 1896	168,699
To quantity of oleomargarine produced during the month	4,734,809
To overstatements of withdrawals in previous months	1,200
	5,294,466
CR.	
By quantity withdrawn, tax-paid, during month	4,208,062
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and accounted for during this month	208,429
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month	272,438
By quantity lost or destroyed in manufactories allowed	1,135
Tax-paid on account of certificate not filed	50
By overstatement of production in previous months	1,200
By understatement of withdrawals tax-paid in Sixth district of Indiana	600
By stock on hand on October 31, 1896	601,952
	5,294,466

The following is a summary of operations at oleomargarine factories located in the several collection districts of the United States during the month of October, 1896; also the balances from the previous month are shown, and the balances at the close of this month:

Districts.	Stock on hand October 1, 1896.	Exported and unaccounted for October 1, 1896.	Quantity produced this month.	Quantity withdrawn tax-paid.	Quantity withdrawn for export.	Exported in this and previous months and accounted for in this month.	Exported in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month.	Stock on hand at close of month.
	Pounds.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
Connecticut	55,270	98,590	665,568	479,230	197,230	114,440	181,380	44,378
First Illinois	204,357	54,815	2,865,620	2,606,469	107,818	a 79,215	83,418	355,690
Sixth Indiana	9,424	.....	92,297	b 92,973	.....	.....	.....	8,748
Kansas	55,058	14,754	650,780	572,745	5,270	13,924	6,100	127,823
Sixth Missouri	37,306	.....	30,800	28,544	.....	.....	.....	39,562
Nebraska	.....	540	.....	.....	.....	.....	540	.....
Fifth New Jersey	5,455	.....	15,790	c 15,935	1,900	900	1,000	3,410
Eleventh Ohio	10,576	.....	262,256	258,667	.....	.....	.....	14,165
Eighteenth Ohio	12,312	.....	151,698	155,834	.....	.....	.....	8,176
Total	389,758	168,699	4,734,809	4,210,397	312,218	208,479	272,438	601,952

a In this item is 50 pounds withdrawn for export and tax-paid.
b In this item is an understatement of withdrawals, tax-paid, of 600 pounds.
c In this item is 1,135 pounds lost or destroyed in manufactories allowed.

THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE SEVERAL COLLECTORS OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN WHOSE DISTRICTS OLEOMARGARINE MANUFACTORIES ARE LOCATED.

November, 1896.	Pounds.
DR.	
To stock of oleomargarine on hand November 1, 1896	601,952
To quantity removed for export and unaccounted for November 1, 1896	272,438
To quantity produced during the month	3,662,184
To overstatement of withdrawals in previous month	640
	4,537,214
CR.	
By quantity withdrawn, tax-paid	3,455,106
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and accounted for this month	260,848
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month	335,894
Tax-paid on account of certificate not filed	540
Overstatement of productions in previous months	715
Understatement of withdrawals in previous months	4
By stock on hand November 30, 1896	484,107
	4,537,214

The following is a summary of operations at oleomargarine factories located in the several collection districts of the United States during the month of November, 1896; also the balances from the previous month are shown, and the balances at the close of this month:

Districts.	Stock on hand November 1, 1896.	Exported and unaccounted for November 1, 1896.	Quantity produced this month.	Quantity withdrawn tax-paid.	Quantity withdrawn for export.	Exported in this and previous months and accounted for this month.	Exported in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month.	Stock on hand at close of month.
	Pounds.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
Connecticut	44,378	181,380	647,561	437,624	195,120	178,330	198,170	59,195
First Illinois	355,690	83,418	2,051,446	2,017,119	105,540	78,998	109,960	284,477
Sixth Indiana	8,748	.....	82,976	a85,704	.....	.....	.....	6,020
Kansas	127,823	6,100	473,280	491,758	23,914	3,520	26,494	85,431
Sixth Missouri	39,562	.....	15,040	27,339	.....	.....	.....	27,263
Nebraska	.....	540	.....	.....	.....	b540	.....	.....
Fifth New Jersey	3,410	1,000	12,061	12,430	270	.....	1,270	2,771
Eleventh Ohio	14,165	.....	217,953	c225,475	.....	.....	.....	6,643
Eighteenth Ohio	8,176	.....	161,867	157,736	.....	.....	.....	12,307
Total	601,952	272,438	3,662,184	3,455,185	324,844	261,388	335,894	484,107

a This quantity contains an understatement of withdrawals of 75 pounds.
b This export item tax-paid in lieu of certificate.
c This quantity contains 4 pounds understatement of withdrawal in previous months.

THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN ACCOUNT WITH THE SEVERAL COLLECTORS OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN WHOSE DISTRICTS OLEOMARGARINE MANUFACTORIES ARE LOCATED.

December, 1896.	Pounds.
DR.	
To stock of oleomargarine on hand December 1, 1896	484,107
To quantity removed for export and unaccounted for December 1, 1896	335,894
To quantity of oleomargarine produced during the month	4,740,937
	5,560,938
CR.	
By quantity withdrawn, tax-paid, during month	4,424,367
By quantity lost or destroyed in manufactories, allowed	650
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and accounted for during this month	402,979
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month	294,002
By stock on hand December 31, 1896	438,740
By quantity, tax-paid, on account of export, certificate not filed	200
	5,560,938

The following is a summary of operations at oleomargarine factories located in the several collection districts of the United States, during the month of December, 1896; also the balances from the previous month are shown and the balances at the close of this month:

Districts.	Stock on hand December 1, 1896.	Exported and unaccounted for December 1, 1896.	Quantity produced this month.	Quantity withdrawn, tax-paid.	Quantity withdrawn for export.	Exported in this and previous months and accounted for in this month.	Exported in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month.	Stock on hand at close of month.
	Pounds.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
Connecticut	59,195	198,170	751,789	489,517	285,012	265,750	217,432	36,455
First Illinois	284,477	109,960	2,754,687	2,720,625	62,990	a111,510	61,440	255,549
Sixth Indiana	6,020	.....	89,256	87,582	.....	.....	.....	7,694
Kansas	85,431	26,494	639,664	609,764	13,285	25,919	13,860	102,046
Sixth Missouri	27,263	.....	.....	20,272	.....	.....	.....	6,991
Nebraska	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fifth New Jersey	2,771	1,270	26,119	b21,990	.....	.....	1,270	6,900
Eleventh Ohio	6,643	.....	287,707	289,430	.....	.....	.....	4,920
Eighteenth Ohio	12,307	.....	191,715	185,837	.....	.....	.....	18,185
Total	484,107	335,894	4,740,937	4,425,017	361,287	403,179	294,002	438,740

a In this quantity is included 200 pounds, tax-paid, on account of export certificate not filed.
b Six hundred and fifty pounds lost or destroyed in manufactory, Fifth district of New Jersey, and allowed, is included in this quantity.

THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN ACCOUNT WITH THE SEVERAL COLLECTORS OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN WHOSE DISTRICTS OLEOMARGARINE MANUFACTORIES ARE LOCATED.

January, 1897.	Pounds.
DR.	
To stock of oleomargarine on hand January 1, 1897	438,740
To quantity removed for export and unaccounted for January 1, 1897	294,002
To quantity of oleomargarine produced during the month	4,240,212
	4,972,954
CR.	
By quantity withdrawn, tax-paid	4,030,944
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and accounted for during this month	282,192
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month	187,580
Quantity lost or destroyed in manufactories, allowed	180
By stock on hand January 31, 1897	472,058
	4,972,954

The following is a summary of operations at oleomargarine factories, located in the several collection districts of the United States, during the month of January, 1897, also the balances from the previous month are shown and the balances at the close of this month:

Districts.	Stock on hand January 1, 1897.	Exported and unaccounted for January 1, 1897.	Quantity produced this month.	Quantity withdrawn, tax-paid.	Quantity withdrawn for export.	Exported in this and previous months and accounted for during this month.	Exported in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month.	Stock on hand at close of this month.
	Pounds.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
Connecticut	36,455	217,432	577,690	467,321	106,060	235,312	88,180	40,764
First Illinois	255,549	61,440	2,534,704	2,410,541	42,430	32,590	71,280	337,282
Sixth Indiana	7,694	.....	120,667	121,002	.....	.....	.....	7,359
Kansas	102,046	13,860	493,894	511,757	21,170	9,080	25,950	63,013
Sixth Missouri	6,991	.....	24,488	30,333	.....	.....	.....	1,146
Fifth New Jersey	6,900	1,270	28,965	*a* 24,570	6,110	5,210	2,170	5,185
Eleventh Ohio	4,920	.....	307,933	305,442	.....	.....	.....	7,411
Eighteenth Ohio	18,185	.....	151,871	160,158	.....	.....	.....	9,898
Total	438,740	294,002	4,240,212	4,031,124	175,770	282,192	187,580	472,058

a This amount includes 180 pounds destroyed in factory.

THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN ACCOUNT WITH THE SEVERAL COLLECTORS OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN WHOSE DISTRICTS OLEOMARGARINE MANUFACTORIES ARE LOCATED.

February, 1897.	Pounds.
DR.	
To stock of oleomargarine on hand February 1, 1897	472,058
To quantity removed for export and unaccounted for February 1, 1897	187,580
To quantity of oleomargarine produced during the month	4,171,130
Overstatement of withdrawals-December 3, 1896	100
	4,830,868
CR.	
By quantity withdrawn, tax-paid, during month	3,742,250
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and accounted for during this month	165,870
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month	409,138
Tax-paid, on account of certificate not filed	100
By overstatement of production in previous months	100
By stock on hand February 28, 1897	513,410
	4,830,868

The following is a summary of operations at oleomargarine factories located in the several collection districts of the United States during the month of February, 1897, also the balances from the previous month are shown, and the balances at the close of this month:

Districts.	Stock on hand February 1, 1897.	Exported and unaccounted for February 1, 1897.	Quantity produced this month.	Quantity withdrawn, tax paid.	Quantity withdrawn for export.	Exported in this and previous months and accounted for in this month.	Exported in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month.	Stock on hand at close of month.
	Pounds.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
Connecticut	40,764	88,180	688,768	424,092	252,562	a53,880	286,862	52,878
First Illinois	337,282	71,280	2,257,352	2,164,390	108,730	79,870	100,140	321,514
Sixth Indiana	7,359	.....	147,816	135,394	.....	.....	.....	19,781
Kansas	63,013	25,950	513,073	464,953	25,960	30,450	21,400	85,233
Sixth Missouri	1,146	.....	53,397	38,073	.....	.....	.....	16,470
Fifth New Jersey	5,185	2,170	21,256	22,310	336	1,770	736	3,795
Eleventh Ohio	7,411	.....	337,679	341,557	.....	.....	.....	3,533
Eighteenth Ohio	9,898	.....	151,789	151,481	.....	.....	.....	10,206
Total	472,058	187,580	4,171,130	3,742,250	387,528	165,970	409,138	513,410

a This quantity contains 100 pounds withdrawn for export and tax paid, on account of failure to furnish clearance certificates.

THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN ACCOUNT WITH THE SEVERAL COLLECTORS OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN WHOSE DISTRICTS OLEOMARGARINE MANUFACTORIES ARE LOCATED.

March, 1897.	Pounds.
DR.	
To stock of oleomargarine on hand March 1, 1897	513,410
To quantity removed for export and unaccounted for March 1, 1897	409,138
To quantity of oleomargarine produced during the month	4,826,677
Overstatement of withdrawals in previous months	1,650
	5,750,875
CR.	
By quantity withdrawn, tax paid, during month	4,604,195
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and accounted for during this month	489,742
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month	210,366
Overstatement of production	1,200
Understatement of withdrawals	250
By stock on hand Mar. 31, 1897	445,122
	5,750,875

The following is a summary of operations at oleomargarine factories located in the several collection districts of the United States, during the month of March, 1897; also the balances from the previous month are shown, and the balances at the close of this month:

Districts.	Stock on hand March 1, 1897.	Exported and unaccounted for March 1, 1897.	Quantity produced this month.	Quantity withdrawn, tax paid.	Quantity withdrawn for export.	Exported in this and previous months and accounted for in this month.	Exported in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month.	Stock on hand at close of month.
	Pounds.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
Connecticut	52,878	286,862	681,235	478,017	213,528	359,444	140,946	42,568
First Illinois	321,514	100,140	2,619,732	2,597,060	70,262	111,802	58,600	273,924
Sixth Indiana	19,781	.....	167,753	*a* 184,848	.....	.....	.....	2,686
Kansas	85,233	21,400	*b* 533,350	514,467	7,180	17,760	10,820	96,936
Sixth Missouri	16,470	.....	57,296	73,736	.....	.....	.....	30
Fifth New Jersey	3,795	736	24,915	25,210	.....	736	.....	3,500
Eleventh Ohio	3,533	.....	558,470	*c* 551,705	.....	.....	.....	10,298
Eighteenth Ohio	10,206	.....	184,376	179,402	.....	.....	.....	15,180
Total	513,410	409,138	4,827,127	4,604,445	290,970	489,742	210,366	445,122

a This quantity contains 50 pounds, understatement of withdrawals in previous months.
b This quantity contains 450 pounds, overstatement of withdrawals in previous months.
c This quantity contains 200 pounds, understatement of withdrawals in previous months.

THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN ACCOUNT WITH THE SEVERAL COLLECTORS OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN WHOSE DISTRICTS OLEOMARGARINE MANUFACTORIES ARE LOCATED.

April, 1897.	Pounds.
DR.	
To stock of oleomargarine on hand April 1, 1897	445,122
To quantity removed for export and unaccounted for April 1, 1897	210,366
To quantity of oleomargarine produced this month	4,323,737
Understatement of production in previous months	18,125
Overstatement of withdrawals, February, 1897	400
	4,997,750
CR.	
By quantity withdrawn, tax paid	4,085,153
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month	203,773
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and accounted for during this month	203,666
Understatement of withdrawals in previous months	20,865
By stock on hand April 30, 1897	484,293
	4,997,750

The following is a summary of operations at oleomargarine factories in the several collection districts of the United States during the month of April, 1897; also the balances from the previous month are shown, and the balances at the close of the month:

Districts.	Stocks on hand April 1, 1897.	Exported and unaccounted for April 1, 1897.	Quantity produced this month.	Quantity withdrawn, tax paid.	Quantity withdrawn for export.	Exported in this and previous months and accounted for this month.	Exported in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month.	Stock on hand at close of this month.
	Pounds.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
Connecticut	42,568	140,946	579,735	434,632	138,880	145,746	134,080	48,791
First Illinois	273,924	58,600	2,340,664	2,282,125	39,405	48,920	49,085	293,058
Sixth Indiana	2,686	.....	*a* 163,515	*b* 153,781	.....	.....	.....	12,420
Kansas	96,936	10,820	464,213	*c* 455,568	8,528	6,700	12,648	97,053
Sixth Missouri	30	.....	47,107	46,747	.....	.....	.....	390
Fifth New Jersey	3,500	.....	39,480	25,710	10,260	2,300	7,960	7,010
Eleventh Ohio	10,298	.....	500,527	505,442	.....	.....	.....	5,383
Eighteenth Ohio	15,180	.....	188,896	183,888	.....	.....	.....	20,188
Total	445,122	210,366	4,324,137	4,087,893	197,073	203,666	203,773	484,293

a This quantity contains 400 pounds, overstatement of withdrawals in February, 1897.
b This quantity contains 100 pounds, understatement of withdrawals in February, 1897.
c This quantity contains 2,640 pounds, understatement of withdrawals.

THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE SEVERAL COLLECTORS OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN WHOSE DISTRICTS OLEOMARGARINE MANUFACTORIES ARE LOCATED.

May, 1897.	Pounds.
DR.	
To stock of oleomargarine on hand May 1, 1897	484,293
To quantity removed for export and unaccounted for May 1, 1897	203,773
To quantity of oleomargarine produced this month	3,494,183
Understatement of production in previous months	13,200
	4,195,449
CR.	
By quantity withdrawn tax-paid	3,308,871
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and accounted for during this month	254,807
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month	198,209
Tax paid on account of certificate not filed	375
Understatement of withdrawals in previous months	13,300
By stock on hand May 31, 1897	419,887
	4,195,449

The following is a summary of the operations at oleomargarine factories located in the several collection districts of the United States during the month of May, 1897; also the balances from the previous month are shown, and the balances at the close of this month:

Districts.	Stock on hand May 1, 1897.	Exported and unaccounted for May 1, 1897.	Quantity produced this month.	Quantity withdrawn tax-paid.	Quantity withdrawn for export.	Exported in this and previous months and accounted for in this month.	Exported in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month.	Stock on hand at the close of this month.
	Pounds.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
Connecticut	48,791	134,080	578,154	397,808	175,184	182,010	127,254	53,953
First Illinois	293,058	49,085	1,816,412	1,823,247	51,834	a51,864	49,055	234,389
Sixth Indiana	12,420	.....	163,731	b 160,406	.....	.....	.....	15,745
Kansas	97,053	12,648	404,410	393,071	13,300	9,648	16,300	95,092
Sixth Missouri	390	.....	33,952	34,158	.....	.....	.....	184
Fifth New Jersey	7,010	7,960	30,285	22,500	9,300	11,660	5,600	5,495
Eleventh Ohio	5,383	.....	309,680	310,394	.....	.....	.....	4,669
Eighteenth Ohio	20,188	.....	157,559	167,387	.....	.....	.....	10,360
Total	484,293	203,773	3,494,183	3,308,971	249,618	255,182	198,209	419,887

a This quantity contains 375 pounds withdrawn for export and tax-paid on account of certificate not filed.

b This quantity contains 100 pounds understatement of withdrawals March, 1897.

THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE SEVERAL COLLECTORS OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN WHOSE DISTRICTS OLEOMARGARINE MANUFACTORIES ARE LOCATED.

June, 1897.	Pounds.
DR.	
To stock of oleomargarine on hand June 1, 1897	419,887
To quantity removed for export and unaccounted for June 1, 1897	198,209
To quantity of oleomargarine produced during the month	2,600,709
	3,218,805
CR.	
By quantity withdrawn, tax-paid	2,482,002
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and accounted for during this month	219,759
By quantity removed for export in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month	243,158
Tax-paid on account of certificate not filed	300
Quantity lost or destroyed, allowed	1,680
Understatement of withdrawal	300
Transferred to Hammond, Ind., by First Illinois district	43,858
By stock on hand June 30, 1897	227,748
	3,218,805

The following is a summary of operations at oleomargarine factories in the several collection districts of the United States during the month of June, 1897; also the balances from the previous month are shown, and the balances at the close of the month.

Districts.	Stock on hand June 1, 1897.	Exported and unaccounted for June 1, 1897.	Quantity produced this month.	Quantity withdrawn tax-paid.	Quantity withdrawn for export.	Exported in this and previous months and accounted for this month.	Exported in this and previous months and unaccounted for at close of this month.	Stock on hand at close of this month.
	Pounds.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*
Connecticut	53,953	127,254	468,478	337,709	143,818	135,904	135,168	40,904
First Illinois	234,389	49,055	1,334,446	a1,421,558	93,600	b 62,955	79,700	53,677
Sixth Indiana	15,745	.....	87,892	94,222	.....	.....	.....	9,415
Kansas	95,092	16,300	333,633	c 307,093	23,040	12,550	26,790	98,592
Sixth Missouri	184	.....	37,692	37,236	.....	.....	.....	640
Fifth New Jersey	5,495	5,600	30,165	d 22,630	4,550	8,650	1,500	8,480
Eleventh Ohio	4,669	.....	182,337	183,146	.....	.....	.....	3,860
Eighteenth Ohio	10,360	.....	126,066	124,246	.....	.....	.....	12,180
Total	419,887	198,209	2,600,709	2,527,840	265,008	220,059	243,158	227,748

a This quantity contains 43,858 pounds transferred to Hammond, Ind.
b This quantity contains 300 pounds tax-paid on account of certificate not filed.
c This quantity contains 300 pounds understatement of withdrawals.
d This quantity contains 1,680 pounds lost or destroyed in factory.

Section 41, act of October 1, 1890, requiring wholesale dealers in oleomargarine to keep books and render returns in compliance with the regulations authorized to be made by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, provides no penalty for the violation of this section. The courts have decided that none of the penalties denounced in the act governing the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine are applicable to this section. Such a penalty is essential to an effective enforcement of the law. I therefore recommend that the section above referred to be amended by the enactment of a penalty clause.

FILLED CHEESE.

The following statements showing operations under the act of June 6, 1896, defining cheese and imposing a tax upon and regulating the manufacture, sale, importation, and exportation of filled cheese comprise—

First. A summary of operations at filled cheese manufactories during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897.

Second. A statement of the receipts from all classes of taxes imposed by the filled-cheese law for the year ended June 30, 1897.

Third. A statement, by States, showing the number of establishments for which special tax was paid to carry on the business of manufacturing and dealing in filled cheese during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897.

Fourth. A statement of the production and receipts from all filled-cheese sources from September 4, 1896, to June 30, 1897.

It appears that the average monthly production during the nine months ended June 30, 1897, under the operations of the law, was 184,785 pounds, and the average monthly quantity withdrawn from the factories on payment of the tax was the same.

There were no withdrawals for exportation.

The largest production month during the nine months ended June 30, 1897, was March, and the quantity produced that month was 305,346 pounds.

There were 1,663,067 pounds of filled cheese produced at manufactories during the nine months ended June 30, 1897, and the tax at 1 cent per pound was paid upon the entire quantity and the same withdrawn from factory.

The following statement shows the quantity of filled cheese produced and withdrawn, tax-paid, from manufactories monthly from September 4, 1896, to June 30, 1897:

Months.	Quantity produced.	Withdrawn tax-paid.
1896.		
September	31,342	31,342
October	61,900	61,900
November	20,428	20,428
December	38,301	38,301
1897.		
January	136,184	136,184
February	a 266,810	266,810
March	371,569	371,569
April	305,346	305,346
May	b 188,546	188,546
June	242,641	242,641
Total	1,663,067	1,663,067

a This includes 2,266 pounds understatement of production for January.
b This includes an understatement of production in March and April of 7 pounds.

STATEMENT, BY STATES, SHOWING THE NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS FOR WHICH SPECIAL TAX WAS PAID TO CARRY ON THE BUSINESS OF MANUFACTURING AND DEALING IN FILLED CHEESE DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

States.	Manufactories.	Wholesale establishments.	Retail establishments.	Total.
Illinois	7	.....	4	11
Indiana	.....	.....	3	3
Louisiana	.....	.....	29	29
Maryland	.....	1	19	20
Missouri	.....	.....	2	2
New Jersey	.....	.....	2	2
Virginia	.....	.....	2	2
West Virginia	.....	.....	1	1
Total for 9 months ended June 30, 1897	7	1	62	70

RECEIPTS UNDER THE FILLED-CHEESE LAW DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Districts.	Collections on filled cheese at 1 cent per pound.	Special taxes of—			Total.
		Manufacturers.	Retail dealers.	Wholesale dealers.	
First Illinois	$16,575.21	$1,566.68	$39.00	.....	$18,180.89
Sixth Indiana	.....	.....	20.00	.....	20.00
Louisiana *a*	17.08	.....	240.00	.....	257.08
Maryland *b*	24.28	.....	195.00	$208.33	427.61
Minnesota	.....	.....	10.00	.....	10.00
Sixth Missouri	19.75	.....	20.00	.....	39.75
First New Jersey	.....	.....	3.00	.....	3.00
Fifth New Jersey	.....	.....	6.00	.....	6.00
Ninth Pennsylvania	.....	.....	10.00	.....	10.00
Second Virginia	.....	.....	7.00	.....	7.00
West Virginia	.....	.....	6.00	.....	6.00
First Wisconsin	25.05	.....	.....	.....	25.05
Total	16,661.37	1,566.68	556.00	208.33	18,992.38

a Including the State of Mississippi.
b Including the State of Delaware, District of Columbia, and two counties of Virginia.

SUGAR BOUNTY.

At the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, there were pending in this office 493 approved claims for bounty of eight-tenths of a cent per pound on sugar produced in the United States from beets, sorghum, and sugar cane during that part of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1895, comprised in the period commencing August 28, 1894, and ending June 30, 1895, both days inclusive. These claims as approved by this office amounted in the aggregate to the sum of $6,085,156.66.

The act of March 2, 1895 (28 Stat. L., 933), appropriated the sum of $5,000,000 for the payment of claims of this class, and the amount of these approved claims having exceeded the amount appropriated, the sum appropriated ($5,000,000) was prorated among the claimants entitled thereto.

This appropriation being available after June 30, 1896, the claims were scheduled and the amounts involved therein were certified by this office to the accounting officers of the Treasury Department for payment.

After this payment pro rata the amounts so paid were charged to the individual accounts of the sugar producers kept in this office, which accounts, at the close of the year ended June 30, 1897, showed in each case the amount of the approved claim, the amount paid, and the balance of the claim over and above the payment. These balances in the aggregate amounted to $1,085,156.66.

The Congress of the United States, under the sundry civil act approved June 4, 1897 (30 Stat. L., 30), appropriated the sum of $1,085,156.66 for the purpose of paying the sugar producers the balances due them under the terms of the act of March 2, 1895 (28 Stat. L., 933).

This last appropriation was not available until after the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, but immediately thereafter, to wit, July 1, 1897, the amount appropriated was applied to the payment of the balances due on the claims, and the accounts were closed.

In addition and supplemental to the amount appropriated under the sundry civil act approved June 4, 1897, the Congress of the United States, under the general deficiency act approved July 19, 1897 (30 Stat. L., 140, 141), authorized the settlement and payment of an account in favor of Andrew H. Gay, allowing to him out of the appropriation of $5,000,000 under the act of March 2, 1895, the sum of $7,196.38, being his pro rata share of said appropriation which had been withheld on account of a judgment in his favor for said bounty rendered in the United States circuit court for the eastern district of Louisiana, which was affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States.

In addition to the principal sum mentioned in this case, interest was allowed thereon at the rate of 4 per centum per annum from the date of the payment until the date of the passage of the general deficiency act, which interest amounted to $455.04.

It was also provided by the general deficiency act of July 19, 1897, that an account should be stated and settled in favor of the Realty Company, allowing to this company out of the appropriation in the sundry civil act of March 2, 1895, of $238,289.08 for bounty on sugar produced prior to August 28, 1894, the sum of $5,576.97, being the

amount of their claim in said appropriation, and for recovery of which judgment had been rendered and affirmed, as in the case of Andrew H. Gay.

In addition to the principal sum paid to the Realty Company, interest was allowed thereon from the date of the judgment until the date of the passage of the act of July 19, 1897, which interest amounted to $352.65.

Attention is called to the following tabulated statements, which show concisely the quantity of sugar produced in the United States which reached the bounty point; that is, sugar which tested not less than 80 degrees by the polariscope and the amount of bounty paid thereon from July 1, 1891, to June 30, 1895.

It should be borne in mind that from July 1, 1891, to August 27, 1894, date of repeal of bounty law, "Act of October 1, 1890," there were two rates of bounty, to wit: A bounty of 2 cents per pound on all sugars that tested not less than 90 degrees, and a bounty of 1¾ cents per pound on all sugars that tested less than 90 but not less than 80 degrees by the polariscope.

Upon all sugars produced after August 27, 1894, and previous to July 1, 1895, which tested not less than 80 degrees, a bounty of eight-tenths of a cent per pound was allowed. The act of March 2, 1895, provided but one rate of bounty for all grades of sugar manufactured after August 27, 1894.

NUMBER AND AMOUNT OF CLAIMS APPROVED FOR BOUNTY ON SUGAR, TESTING NOT LESS THAN EIGHTY DEGREES BY THE POLARISCOPE, PRODUCED IN THE UNITED STATES BY LICENSED SUGAR PRODUCERS, FROM BEETS, SORGHUM, AND SUGAR CANE DURING THE BOUNTY PERIOD COMMENCED AUGUST 28, 1894, AND ENDED JUNE 30, 1895, AND AMOUNT OF BOUNTY PAID DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

[Rate of bounty, 0.8 of 1 cent.]

Districts.	Kind of sugar.	Number of claims.	Production.	Amount of approved claims.	Amount of appropriation prorated.
			Pounds.		
Louisiana	Cane	469	695,690,942	$5,565,527.43	$4,573,035.46
Texas, third district	do	13	15,435,995	123,487.97	101,466.56
Florida	do	4	697,375	5,579.00	4,584.10
California, first district	Beet	3	36,651,121	293,208.97	240,921.46
Nebraska	do	1	5,635,975	45,087.80	37,047.36
Montana	do	1	5,786,932	46,295.46	38,039.66
Kansas	Sorghum	2	746,254	5,970.03	4,905.40
Total		493	760,644,594	6,085,156.66	5,000,000.00

The following is a statement of the bounty paid July 1, 1897, under the sundry civil act approved June 4, 1897 (30 Stat. L., 30), appropriating the sum of $1,085,156.66 for payment of balances due sugar producers under the terms of the act of March 2, 1895:

Districts.	Number of claims.	Amount of claims.	Amount paid August, 1896.	Amount paid July 1, 1897.
Louisiana	469	$5,565,527.43	$4,573,035.46	$992,491.97
Texas	13	123,487.97	101,466.56	22,021.41
Florida	4	5,579.00	4,584.10	994.90
California	3	293,208.97	240,921.46	52,287.51
Nebraska	1	45,087.80	37,047.36	8,040.44
Montana	1	46,295.46	38,039.66	8,255.80
Kansas	2	5,970.03	4,905.40	1,064.63
Total	493	6,085,156.66	5,000,000.00	1,085,156.66

The quantity of bounty-paid sugar produced in the United States from beets, sorghum, sugar cane, and maple sap from July 1, 1891, to June 30, 1895, was as follows:

[Reported in pounds.]

Kinds of sugar.	Net production during fiscal year ended June 30—				Production in four years.
	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	
Cane sugar	367,752,306	455,141,381	611,156,922	762,377,697	2,196,428,306
Beet sugar	12,004,838	27,083,288	45,191,296	52,872,267	137,151,689
Sorghum sugar	1,136,086	1,027,050	882,572	775,454	3,821,162
Maple sugar	3,981,953	7,655,116	7,633,036	6,906,341	26,176,446
Total	384,875,183	490,906,835	664,863,826	822,931,759	2,363,577,603

STATEMENT SHOWING THE AMOUNT OF BOUNTY PAID FROM JULY 1, 1891, TO AND INCLUDING THE FIRST DAY OF JULY, 1897, THE BOUNTY PAID AFTER JUNE 30, 1895, ACCREDITED TO THAT YEAR.

Kinds of sugar on which bounty was paid.	Net bounty paid in fiscal year ended June 30—				Total bounty paid.
	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	
Cane sugar	$7,077,316.21	$8,763,830.75	$11,114,599.89	$6,681,493.29	$33,637,240.14
Beet sugar	240,098.56	531,263.81	852,174.84	479,429.94	2,103,067.15
Sorghum sugar	22,197.28	19,817.00	17,312.26	6,535.53	65,862.07
Maple sugar	2,465.74	60,119.32	116,121.90	122,120.34	300,827.30
Total	7,342,077.79	9,375,130.88	12,100,208.89	7,289,579.10	36,106,996.66

It will be observed that bounty payments by fiscal years do not relatively correspond with the quantity of sugar reported produced in such fiscal years, and this variance can be accounted for by the fact that payments on each year's product have to a large extent been made in the succeeding year.

DIVISION OF CHEMISTRY.

The samples examined in the laboratory at San Francisco, Cal., during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, were as follows:

Fortified sweet wines	995

The following table shows the number and character of samples examined in the work of the laboratory at Washington, D. C., during the past fiscal year:

Oleomargarine	23
Butter	29
Filled cheese	5
Cheese	43
Malt liquors	13
Fermented liquors other than malt	18
Distilled liquors	7
Fortified (and sweetened) wines	36
Ink	32
Mucilage and paste	11
Typewriter ribbons	12
Miscellaneous	11
Total	240

The number of samples of material suspected of being oleomargarine was 52, a decrease of 124 from last fiscal year.

The number of samples of material suspected of being filled cheese during the first year of the operation of the law was 48, of which number 5 proved to be filled cheese.

Under the provisions of the act of October 12, 1888, relating to the adulteration of food and drugs in the District of Columbia, analyses were made by the chemist of the health office of the District under the control of this office of 44 samples of foods and drugs, including 35 samples of vinegar, 5 of olive oil, 2 of cream of tartar, and 2 of precipitated sulphur.

Of these samples, 41 were decided to be adulterated, and were so certified to the district attorney for the District of Columbia.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully,

W. S. FORMAN,
Commissioner.

Hon. LYMAN J. GAGE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

(No. 5.)

REPORT ON THE OPERATIONS OF THE BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING,
October 1, 1897.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report of the operations of this Bureau during the fiscal year 1897:

The number of sheets delivered in 1896 was 85,050,595. In 1897 the number delivered was 86,174,766—an increase over 1896 of 1,124,171 sheets, while the expenditures in 1897 were less by $18,747.84.

Up to 1897, the most successful year in the history of this Bureau was the year 1896. A point had been reached, both in quality of production and economy in the expenditures of the appropriations, which made it doubtful whether better results could be reached than those obtained during that year. I find, however, by comparison with the year 1897 that still better results have been reached. There were 1,919,887 more sheets of United States notes, bonds, certificates, and national currency, and 1,383,834 less sheets of internal-revenue stamps delivered than in 1896. Bank notes being the most costly securities furnished, an increased cost per 1,000 sheets results when the delivery of them is increased, and internal-revenue stamps being a cheaper grade of securities, when the delivery falls off, as in this case, an increase of average cost per 1,000 sheets also occurs. Notwithstanding these conditions, I find a decrease in cost per 1,000 sheets of 44 cents, aggregating a saving of $37,916.89 on the work of 1897 as compared with the work of 1896. In addition to this saving, there was an increase in the stock of unfinished securities and materials on hand, representing expenditures to the amount of $27,755.12, making a total saving during the year of $65,672.01.

This result is not attributable to any considerable increase in the volume of work delivered, for, as above shown, the deliveries are to the disadvantage of the year 1897, because the increase is mainly made up of the most expensive securities. I believe, therefore, that the saving shown is fairly attributable to careful management of the business of the Bureau.

In my annual report for the year 1896 the gross deliveries and expenditures contain certain items which were unusual, and, therefore, in making a summary of the year's work to ascertain exactly what the regular work of the Bureau cost, I deducted these unusual deliveries and expenditures, showing a decrease in cost per 1,000 sheets of $9.03 since 1893. For the purpose of proving the correctness of the decrease for 1897, as shown above—i. e., 44 cents per 1,000 sheets—I have made certain deductions and additions, placing the year 1897 upon the same basis as that of 1896, and find that the results show the reduction in cost to be a little better than is above stated.

The following table will show exactly how the two years have been equalized:

	Sheets.	Cost.
Work delivered in 1897	86,174,766	$1,450,611.86
Deduct items of work in which deliveries are in excess of 1896:		
Notes and securities (Sheets. 1,919,887; Cost. $81,702.71)		
Customs stamps (Sheets. 60,000; Cost. 1,158.84)		
Postage stamps (Sheets. 384,540; Cost. 1,925.59)		
Checks, etc (Sheets. 146,007; Cost. 6,127.91)	2,510,434	90,915.05
	83,664,332	1,359,696.81
Add items of work in which deliveries fall short of 1896:		
Internal-revenue stamps (Sheets. 1,383,834; Cost. $15,382.69)		
Postage stamps, special delivery (Sheets. 2,399; Cost. 13.67)	1,386,233	15,396.36
	85,050,565	1,375,093.17
Deduct difference in value of stock on hand June 30, 1897		27,755.12
	85,050,565	1,347,338.05

The average cost per 1,000 sheets during 1896 was	$16.32
The average cost per 1,000 sheets during 1897 was	15.84
Difference	.48

In the final table showing annual production and expenditures, under the head of "Average number of sheets per employee," it will be observed that during the year 1896 the number handled was 55,991, while the number handled during the year 1897 was 53,692. This being inconsistent with the general good results shown, it is proper that some explanation should be made. The handling of 1,919,887 additional sheets of bank notes, most of which have two printings and the balance three, requiring as many additional handlings, necessarily reduces the average under this head. Again, the overtime worked by the employees of the Bureau during 1896 was 60 per cent more than that of 1897, which permitted the handling of additional sheets to that extent without increasing the number of employees. Another reason is that during 1897 there were 28 employees upon the rolls of this Bureau assigned to other branches of the service, whereas during the year 1896 there were but 20. Considering these various causes, it can be safely stated that the usefulness of the employees during the year 1897 was fully equal to, if not greater, than during 1896.

In each annual report made by the head of this Bureau for many years past attention has been called to the necessity of an appropriation for buildings in which to operate the machinery of our laundry and ink mill with safety and to proper advantage. The further use of the present wooden sheds is not only disadvantageous to the service, but very dangerous to the surrounding property. They contain combustible material which is liable to fire, and in the case of the laundry, which has already been injured to a considerable extent by fire, it is becoming so decayed as to be dangerous to the lives of the men working therein. I most earnestly request your assistance in securing from Congress a sufficient appropriation to construct such buildings as are needed to make this branch of the service creditable and safe.

The appropriations for this Bureau are made direct by Congress for all of the principal expenditures except postage stamps and Treasury notes issued under the act of 1890. It is therefore necessary in making estimates for appropriations to base our totals upon expected deliveries of postage stamps and Treasury notes. When such deliveries are reduced and instead of them deliveries are demanded in excess of the amount estimated for other classes of securities, a serious complication arises for want of funds to supply the classes of securities demanded and actually needed in the business of the Department. This was illustrated during the year 1897 by a demand for silver certificates largely in excess of the estimate, and a decrease in the delivery of Treasury notes to a like extent. Treasury notes are paid for, as stated, out of a permanent appropriation. Silver certificates are appropriated for directly by Congress.

This permanent appropriation is not available for use in printing silver certificates, and unless there had been a decrease in orders for some classes of work and a general reduction in the cost per 1,000 sheets it would have been impossible, without causing a deficiency, to have furnished the Treasurer the silver certificates which he required, even to the extent they were furnished. As it was, the Treasurer needed an additional million sheets, which could not be furnished him owing to the failure of the general deficiency bill at the close of the last Congress. It is possible that the same condition may arise with reference to postage stamps. The method of making appropriations to conduct this Bureau causes a constant uncertainty as to the amount of funds available to continue the operations throughout the year, and necessitates an adjustment of orders between the Treasurer and this office contrary at times to the requirements of business. I have the honor, therefore, to suggest that you recommend to Congress that all appropriations for this Bureau be made direct.

In conclusion it seems proper for me to say that the Bureau is in better working order and is more capable of furnishing all the branches of the Government with the securities desired than it has ever been. The officers and employees of the Bureau seem ambitious to maintain and improve the standard of work, rendering at all times proper cooperation with this office. With this condition prevailing and a continuance of your confidence, the honor of which I fully appreciate, I see no reason why the Bureau of Engraving and Printing should not continue to be classed as the most perfect manufacturing establishment in this country.

Respectfully, yours,

CLAUDE M. JOHNSON,
Director.

HON. LYMAN J. GAGE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

APPENDIX.

APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE YEAR.

Legislative act, May 28, 1896, Salaries		$17,450.00
Sundry civil act, June 11, 1896:		
Compensation of employees		420,000.00
Plate printing		516,350.00
Materials and miscellaneous expenses		166,650.00
		1,120,450.00

Repayments for work done for the several Executive Departments, the cost of which was not included in the Bureau's estimates, the amounts therefor being transferred to the credit of the appropriation for engraving and printing, as follows:

From appropriation, expenses of Treasury notes, act of July 14, 1890, for Treasury notes:		
Compensation of employees	$81,951.25	
Plate printing	59,797.20	
Materials and miscellaneous expenses	19,228.35	
		160,976.80
From appropriation, distribution of medals and diplomas, World's Columbian Exposition, act of March 13, 1896, Compensation of employees		1,837.45
From Post-Office Department, for postage stamps:		
Compensation of employees	75,454.90	
Plate printing	32,772.40	
Materials and miscellaneous expenses	47,266.05	
		155,493.35
From Post-Office Department, for money-order drafts:		
Compensation of employees	108.60	
Plate printing	360.05	
Materials and miscellaneous expenses	240.15	
		708.80
From Public Printer, for portraits of Presidents of United States, to accompany compilation of annual, special, and veto messages, and proclamations:		
Compensation of employees	3,737.20	
Plate printing	3,724.25	
Materials and miscellaneous expenses	1,878.75	
		9,340.20
From various other appropriations and sources for sundry work:		
Compensation of employees	194.20	
Plate printing	393.10	
Materials and miscellaneous expenses	2,252.05	
		2,839.35
Aggregate available		1,451,645.95

Aggregate available for the work of the Bureau:		
Salaries	17,450.00	
Compensation of employees	583,283.60	
Plate printing	613,397.00	
Materials and miscellaneous expenses	237,515.35	
		1,451,645.95
Expenditures:		
Salaries	17,156.00	
Compensation of employees	583,093.90	
Plate printing	613,224.05	
Materials and miscellaneous expenses	237,137.91	
		1,450,611.86
Unexpended balance:		
Salaries	294.00	
Compensation of employees	189.70	
Plate printing	172.95	
Materials and miscellaneous expenses	377.44	
		1,034.09

No. 1.—Statement showing the United States Notes, Certificates of Deposit, Bonds, and National Currency delivered during the Fiscal Year 1897.

Class.	Denomination.	Sheets.	Value.
United States notes, series of 1880, unsealed	$5	659,000	$13,180,000
Do	10	287,000	11,480,000
Do	50	10,000	2,000,000
Do	100	8,000	3,200,000
Do	500	2,000	4,000,000
Total		966,000	33,860,000
Silver certificates, series of 1891, unsealed	1	464,000	1,856,000
Do	2	193,000	1,544,000
Do	5	469,000	9,380,000
Do	10	1,160,000	46,400,000
Do	20	311,000	24,880,000
Do	50	30,000	6,000,000
Do	100	30,000	12,000,000
Total		2,657,000	102,060,000
Silver certificates, series of 1896, unsealed	1	4,932,000	19,728,000
Do	2	1,419,000	11,352,000
Do	5	2,040,000	40,800,000
Total		8,391,000	71,880,000
Currency certificates, series of 1875, unsealed	10,000	4,000	120,000,000
Treasury notes, series of 1891, unsealed	1	1,999,000	7,996,000
Do	2	799,000	6,392,000
Do	5	531,000	10,620,000
Do	10	166,000	6,640,000
Do	1,000	1,000	4,000,000
Total		3,496,000	35,648,000
5 per cent registered bonds, loan of 1904, unsealed	100	3,000	300,000
Do	1,000	4,000	4,000,000
Do	10,000	2,000	20,000,000
Total		9,000	24,300,000
Pacific Railroad registered bonds, unsealed	1,000	242	242,000
Do	5,000	100	500,000
Do	10,000	698	6,980,000
Total		1,040	7,722,000
National currency, series of 1875	5, 5, 5, 5	73,842	1,476,840
Do	10, 10, 10, 10	7,325	293,000
Do	10, 10, 10, 20	49,541	2,477,050
Do	20, 20, 20, 50	456	50,160
Do	50, 100	2,023	303,450
Total		133,187	4,600,500
National currency, series of 1882	5, 5, 5, 5	1,636,280	32,725,600
Do	10, 10, 10, 20	758,793	37,939,650
Do	50, 100	51,802	7,770,300
Total		2,446,875	78,435,550

RECAPITULATION.

Class.	Sheets.	Value.
United States notes, series of 1880, unsealed	966,000	$33,860,000
Silver certificates, series of 1891, unsealed	2,657,000	102,060,000
Silver certificates, series of 1896, unsealed	8,391,000	71,880,000
Currency certificates, series of 1875, unsealed	4,000	120,000,000
Treasury notes, series of 1891, unsealed	3,496,000	35,648,000
5 per cent registered bonds, loan of 1904, unsealed	9,000	24,300,000
Pacific Railroad registered bonds, unsealed	1,040	7,722,000
National currency, series of 1875	133,187	4,600,500
National currency, series of 1882	2,446,875	78,435,550
Total	18,104,102	478,506,050

No. 2.—Statement Showing the Internal-Revenue Stamps Delivered during the Fiscal Year 1897.

Class.	Volumes.	Sheets.	Stamps.
Tax-paid stamps for distilled spirits, series of 1894:			
10 gallon	180	9,000	27,000
20 gallon	260	13,000	39,000
30 gallon	1,820	91,000	273,000
40 gallon	4,444	222,200	666,600
50 gallon	80	4,000	12,000
70 gallon	20	1,000	3,000
80 gallon	2,370	118,500	355,500
90 gallon	340	17,000	51,000
100 gallon	20	1,000	3,000
Total	9,534	476,700	1,430,100
Stamps for rectifiers, series of 1892:			
5 gallon	640	16,000	64,000
10 gallon	1,720	43,000	172,000
20 gallon	1,160	29,000	116,000
30 gallon	120	3,000	12,000
40 gallon	8,800	220,000	880,000
50 gallon	1,000	25,000	100,000
60 gallon	40	1,000	4,000
80 gallon	320	8,000	32,000
90 gallon	200	5,000	20,000
Total	14,000	350,000	1,400,000
Stamps for wholesale liquor dealers, series of 1878:			
5 gallon	280	28,000	84,000
10 gallon	690	69,000	207,000
20 gallon	250	25,000	75,000
30 gallon	50	5,000	15,000
40 gallon	1,030	103,000	309,000
50 gallon	210	21,000	63,000
70 gallon	5	500	1,500
80 gallon	10	1,000	3,000
90 gallon	10	1,000	3,000
Total	2,535	253,500	760,500
Tax-paid stamps for oleomargarine, series of 1886:			
10 pound	2,020	101,000	404,000
20 pound	700	35,000	140,000
30 pound	900	45,000	180,000
40 pound	780	39,000	156,000
50 pound	500	25,000	100,000
60 pound	1,180	59,000	236,000
Total	6,080	304,000	1,216,000
Tax-paid stamps for filled cheese, series of 1897:			
10 pound	100	5,000	20,000
20 pound	200	10,000	40,000
30 pound	100	5,000	20,000
40 pound	100	5,000	20,000
50 pound	100	5,000	20,000
60 pound	200	10,000	40,000
70 pound	100	5,000	20,000
80 pound	10	500	2,000
90 pound	10	500	2,000
100 pound	5	250	1,000
Total	925	46,250	185,000
Warehouse stamps, series of 1878: Distillery warehouse	2,950	295,000	1,180,000
Warehouse stamps, series of 1890:			
Special bonded warehouse	80	8,000	32,000
Rewarehouse	20	2,000	8,000
Transfers for grape brandy	160	4,000	16,000
Total	260	14,000	56,000
Warehouse stamps, series of 1894: Transfers for general bonded warehouse	120	12,000	48,000
Snuff stamps, stub, series of 1891:			
10 pound	60	4,800	24,000
20 pound	30	2,400	12,000
Total	90	7,200	36,000

NO. 2.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE INTERNAL-REVENUE STAMPS DELIVERED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1897—Continued.

Class.	Volumes.	Sheets.	Stamps.
Tobacco stamps, stub, series of 1891:			
5 pound	3,450	276,000	1,380,000
10 pound	16,000	1,280,000	6,400,000
20 pound	4,905	392,400	1,962,000
30 pound	1,210	96,800	484,000
40 pound	250	20,000	100,000
50 pound	10	800	4,000
60 pound	10	800	4,000
Total	25,835	2,066,800	10,334,000
Brewers permit stamps, series of 1878	130	13,000	52,000
Export tobacco stamps, series of 1883	180	18,000	72,000
Export cigar stamps, series of 1883	40	4,000	16,000
Export oleomargarine stamps, series of 1886	80	8,000	32,000
Export fermented liquor stamps, series of 1891	100	10,000	40,000
Special-tax stamps for liquors, series of 1897:			
Retail liquor dealers	2,294	114,700	229,400
Wholesale liquor dealers	580	5,800	5,800
Retail malt liquor dealers	1,420	14,200	14,200
Wholesale malt liquor dealers	810	8,100	8,100
Manufacturers of stills	35	350	350
Rectifiers, less 500 barrels	204	2,040	2,040
Rectifiers	122	1,220	1,220
Brewers, less 500 barrels	101	1,010	1,010
Brewers	254	2,540	2,540
Stills manufactured	40	400	400
Worms manufactured	40	400	400
Total	5,900	150,760	265,460
Special-tax stamps for oleomargarine, series of 1897:			
Retail dealers	820	8,200	8,200
Wholesale dealers	78	780	780
Manufacturers	20	200	200
Total	918	9,180	9,180
Special-tax stamps for filled cheese, series of 1897:			
Retail dealers	910	9,100	9,100
Wholesale dealers	90	900	900
Manufacturers	40	400	400
Total	1,040	10,400	10,400
Stamps for playing cards: Manufacturer	.....	65,000	13,000,000
Beer stamps, series of 1878:			
Hogshead	.....	65,000	1,300,000
Barrel	.....	285,000	5,700,000
½ barrel	.....	1,700,000	34,000,000
⅓ barrel	.....	15,000	300,000
¼ barrel	.....	1,689,000	33,780,000
½ barrel	.....	75,000	1,500,000
⅛ barrel	.....	340,000	6,800,000
Total	.....	4,169,000	83,380,000
Tobacco stamps, strip, series of 1891:			
1 ounce	.....	17,500	700,000
2 ounce	.....	8,620,000	344,800,000
3 ounce	.....	850,000	34,000,000
4 ounce	.....	2,095,000	83,800,000
8 ounce	.....	1,100,000	16,500,000
16 ounce	.....	700,000	10,500,000
Total	.....	13,382,500	490,300,000
Tobacco stamps, sheet, series of 1891:			
½ pound	.....	27,000	324,000
1 pound	.....	9,000	108,000
2 pound	.....	13,000	156,000
4 pound	.....	15,000	180,000
Total	.....	64,000	768,000
Snuff stamps, small, series of 1891:			
¼ ounce	.....	7,000	1,372,000
1 ounce	.....	205,000	40,180,000
2 ounce	.....	220,000	23,760,000
3 ounce	.....	4,000	400,000
Total	.....	436,000	65,712,000

No. 2.—Statement Showing the Internal-Revenue Stamps Delivered during the Fiscal Year 1897—Continued.

Class.	Volumes.	Sheets.	Stamps.
Snuff stamps, strip, series of 1891:			
4 ounce		233,000	4,660,000
6 ounce		499,000	9,980,000
8 ounce		7,000	140,000
16 ounce		88,000	880,000
Total		827,000	15,660,000
Snuff stamps, sheet, series of 1891:			
½ pound		4,000	48,000
1 pound		11,000	132,000
2 pound		5,000	60,000
3 pound		4,000	48,000
5 pound		18,000	216,000
Total		42,000	504,000
Cigar stamps, strip, series of 1883:			
25 cigars		550,000	5,500,000
50 cigars		5,608,000	56,080,000
100 cigars		1,107,000	11,070,000
200 cigars		22,000	110,000
250 cigars		252,000	1,260,000
500 cigars		6,000	30,000
Total		7,545,000	74,050,000
Cigar stamps, strip, series of 1891: 12 cigars		58,000	580,000
Cigarette stamps, strip, series of 1883:			
50 cigarettes		6,000	72,000
100 cigarettes		45,000	450,000
Total		51,000	522,000
Cigarette stamps, small, series of 1893:			
10 cigarettes		3,326,600	332,600,000
20 cigarettes		638,500	51,080,000
Total		3,965,100	383,740,000
Lock seals, series of 1875		7,408	400,032
Hydrometer labels		100	2,000

RECAPITULATION.

Tax-paid stamps for distilled spirits, series of 1894	9,534	476,700	1,430,100
Stamps for rectifiers, series of 1892	14,000	350,000	1,400,000
Stamps for wholesale liquor dealers, series of 1878	2,535	253,500	760,500
Tax-paid stamps for oleomargarine, series of 1886	6,080	304,000	1,216,000
Tax-paid stamps for filled cheese, series of 1896	925	46,250	185,000
Warehouse stamps, series of 1878	2,950	295,000	1,180,000
Warehouse stamps, series of 1890	260	14,000	56,000
Warehouse stamps, series of 1894	120	12,000	48,000
Snuff stamps, stub, series of 1891	90	7,200	36,000
Tobacco stamps, stub, series of 1891	25,835	2,066,800	10,334,000
Brewers' permit stamps, series of 1878	130	13,000	52,000
Export tobacco stamps, series of 1883	180	18,000	72,000
Export cigar stamps, series of 1883	40	4,000	16,000
Export oleomargarine stamps, series of 1886	80	8,000	32,000
Export fermented liquor stamps, series of 1891	100	10,000	40,000
Special-tax stamps for liquors, series of 1897	5,900	150,760	265,460
Special-tax stamps for oleomargarine, series of 1897	918	9,180	9,180
Special-tax stamps for filled cheese, series of 1897	1,040	10,400	10,400
Stamps for playing cards		65,000	13,000,000
Beer stamps, series of 1878		4,169,000	83,380,000
Tobacco stamps, strip, series of 1891		13,332,500	490,300,000
Tobacco stamps, sheet, series of 1891		64,000	768,000
Snuff stamps, small, series of 1891		436,000	65,712,000
Snuff stamps, strip, series of 1891		827,000	15,660,000
Snuff stamps, sheet, series of 1891		42,000	504,000
Cigar stamps, strip, series of 1883		7,545,000	74,050,000
Cigar stamps, strip, series of 1891		58,000	580,000
Cigarette stamps, strip, series of 1883		51,000	522,000
Cigarette stamps, small, series of 1893		3,965,100	383,740,000
Lock seals, series of 1875		7,408	400,032
Hydrometer labels		100	2,000
Total	70,717	34,660,898	1,145,760,672

No. 3.—Statement Showing the Customs Stamps Delivered during the Fiscal Year 1897.

Class.	Volumes.	Sheets.	Stamps.
Customs wine and malt liquor stamps, series of 1891	800	80,000	160,000
Imported distilled spirits stamps, series of 1891	200	20,000	40,000
Reimported American distilled spirits stamps, series of 1891	200	20,000	40,000
Total	1,200	120,000	240,000
Customs cigar stamps, series of 1895:			
25 cigars		48,000	480,000
50 cigars		56,000	560,000
100 cigars		11,000	110,000
Total		115,000	1,150,000
Customs cigarette stamps, series of 1879:			
10 cigarettes		5,000	500,000
20 cigarettes		1,000	100,000
100 cigarettes		3,000	30,000
Total		9,000	630,000
Customs opium stamps, series of 1879		30,000	300,000

RECAPITULATION.

Customs wine and malt liquor stamps, series of 1891	800	80,000	160,000
Imported distilled spirits stamps, series of 1891	200	20,000	40,000
Reimported American distilled spirits stamps, series of 1891	200	20,000	40,000
Customs cigar stamps, series of 1895		115,000	1,150,000
Customs cigarette stamps, series of 1879		9,000	630,000
Customs opium stamps, series of 1879		30,000	300,000
Total	1,200	274,000	2,320,000

No. 4. Statement showing the Postage Stamps Delivered to Postmasters during the Fiscal Year 1897.

Class.	Sheets.	Stamps.
Ordinary stamps, series of 1894:		
$0.01	7,246,515	724,651,500
.02	22,190,270	2,219,027,000
.03	197,863	19,786,300
.04	217,557	21,755,650
.05	443,740	44,374,020
.06	55,839	5,583,900
.08	93,054	9,305,350
.10	171,192	17,119,390
.15	18,928	1,892,820
.50	1,098	109,800
1.00	233	23,295
2.00	22	2,150
5.00	27	2,670
Total	30,636,338	3,063,638,885
Special-delivery stamps, series of 1894:		
$0.10	86,926	4,346,330
Postage-due stamps, series of 1894:		
$0.01	87,135	8,713,500
.02	84,568	8,456,750
.03	3,006	300,600
.05	7,067	706,660
.10	13,832	1,383,240
.30	71	7,150
.50	53	5,260
Total	195,732	19,573,160

No. 4. Statement showing the Postage Stamps Delivered to Postmasters during the Fiscal Year 1897—Continued.

Class.	Sheets.	Stamps.
Newspaper and periodical stamps, series of 1894:		
$0.01	20,903	1,045,150
.02	26,421	1,321,025
.05	18,987	949,360
.10	21,519	1,075,935
.25	9,081	454,064
.50	9,319	465,927
2.00	2,478	123,910
5.00	912	45,599
10.00	550	27,514
20.00	369	18,460
50.00	89	4,420
100.00	258	12,915
Total	110,886	5,544,279

RECAPITULATION.

Ordinary stamps, series of 1894	30,636,338	3,063,633,885
Special-delivery stamps, series of 1894	86,926	4,346,330
Postage-due stamps, series of 1894	195,732	19,573,160
Newspaper and periodical stamps, series of 1894	110,886	5,544,279
Total	31,029,882	3,093,097,654

No. 5.—Statement showing the Checks, Certificates, Drafts, etc., by Classes, Delivered during the Fiscal Year 1897.

Class.	Volumes.	Sheets.
Disbursing officers' checks:		
Two-subject checks, payable to order and to bearer—		
For War Department, on designated depositaries	57	2,825
For War Department	243	22,225
For Treasury Department	118	11,500
For Navy Department	168	15,550
For Interior Department	111	11,600
For Post-Office Department	19	1,900
For Department of Justice	30	3,000
For Treasurer	154	15,400
Four-subject checks, payable to order and to bearer—		
For War Department, on designated depositaries	50	5,000
For War Department	332	34,200
For Treasury Department	526	60,200
For Navy Department	76	7,675
For Interior Department	78	8,800
For Post-Office Department	100	12,500
For Department of Justice	66	6,600
For Department of Agriculture	50	5,000
For Department of Labor	4	500
For Treasurer	234	31,900
Checks:		
Assay office, New York	50	2,500
Commissioners of the District of Columbia	80	10,000
Special-deposit account checks	6	762
Pension checks—		
On Treasurer	38	7,600
On assistant treasurers	4,113	822,600
Interest checks—		
Funded loan of 1891, 4½ per cent, continued at 2 per cent	10	451
Loan of 1904, 5 per cent	22	1,100
Consols of 1907, 4 per cent	547	27,331
Loan of 1925, 4 per cent	12	600
Pacific Railroad bonds	15	637
Treasurer's transfer checks—		
Cash division	10	2,000
National-bank redemption agency	5	250
Accountable warrants: For Treasurer	27	8,750
Settlement warrants: For Treasurer	32	12,250
License certificates:		
To special engineers	50	5,000
To joint pilots and engineers	50	2,500

NO. 5.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE CHECKS, CERTIFICATES, DRAFTS, ETC., BY CLASSES, DELIVERED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1897—Continued.

Class.	Volumes.	Sheets.
License certificates—Continued.		
To chief engineers	80	14,000
To assistant engineers	85	8,500
To masters	70	13,000
To chief mates	40	2,000
To first-class pilots	65	6,500
To second-class pilots	70	7,000
Pension certificates:		
Invalids' increase		35,000
Invalids' original		10,000
Dependents		2,000
Widows		12,500
Widows with minor children		12,500
Minor children, $2 additional		4,000
Debenture certificates	50	10,000
Registry certificates		3,000
Patent certificates		23,400
Certificates of organization		300
Post-Office warrants	4,213	105,325
Post-Office transfer drafts	520	13,000
Post-Office money-order drafts	3,230	16,000
Post-Office inspectors' commissions		200
Requests for transportation	700	50,000
Admission cards to inaugural ceremonies		9,300
Admission cards to Senate gallery		2,500
Admission cards to gallery of House of Representatives		2,500
Admission cards to press gallery		200
Warrants for War Department: For noncommissioned officers		4,960
Commissions for Navy Department: For navy officers		411
Invitation cards to inaugural ball		12,456
President's commissions:		
For War Department		600
For permanent		250
For four years		250
For Revenue-Cutter Service		150
For Marine-Hospital Service		100
Portraits of Hon. Charles O'Neill		9,894
Portraits of Hon. William H. Crain		9,894
Portraits of Hon. William Cogswell		9,894
Portraits of Hon. Charles F. Crisp		9,894
Portraits of President Cleveland		100
Portraits of the Presidents of the United States, for compilation of annual, special, and veto messages, proclamations, etc		522,000
Portraits of Hon. B. H. Bristow		500
Portraits of Hon. Randall Lee Gibson		600
Executive Mansion: Vignettes		500
Total	16,606	2,105,884

NO. 6.—SUMMARY OF ALL CLASSES OF WORK DELIVERED.

Class.	Sheets.
Notes, certificates of deposit, bonds and national-bank notes	18,104,102
Internal-revenue stamps	34,660,898
Customs stamps	274,000
Postage stamps	31,029,882
Checks, certificates, drafts, etc	2,105,884
Aggregate	86,174,766

NO. 7.—STATEMENT OF MISCELLANEOUS WORK DONE FOR AND OF MATERIALS FURNISHED TO THE VARIOUS BUREAUS OF THE DEPARTMENTS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Item.	Number.	Amount.
National banks, engraved face plates	67	$4,750.00
Calvin C. Woolworth: Curved and hardened postal-card plates	72	16.00
Internal-revenue stamps: Altered plates for special tax		428.30
Portraits of Hon. Charles O'Neill, engraved plate	1	360.20
Portraits of Hon. William H. Crain, engraved plate	1	314.95
Portraits of Hon. William Cogswell, engraved plate	1	277.55
Portraits of Hon. Charles F. Crisp, engraved plate	1	591.15
Special deposit account checks, engraved plates	3	456.90
License certificates:		
Engraved plate for Chief of Engineers	1	352.40
Engraved plate for assistant engineers	1	297.60
Engraved plate for masters	1	443.50
Engraved plate for chief mates	1	449.35
Engraved plate for first-class pilots	1	380.50
Engraved plate for second-class pilots	1	297.20
Post-Office Department: Altered plates for inspectors' commissions	2	4.45
War Department: Engraved plate for transportation requests	1	783.40
Admission cards to inaugural ceremonies of March 4, 1897, engraved plates	2	342.95
Invitation cards to inaugural ball; furnished boxes		17.00
Admission cards to press gallery of House of Representatives, engraved plate	1	81.80
Geological Survey Office: Engraved steel seal	1	39.50
Appropriation for press and separating machine; furnished press	1	300.00
The Public Printer:		
Numbered and perforated foreign-letter labels	1,808,520	813.83
Perforated foreign-letter labels	192,360	28.85
Perforated weather-map bulletins	4,000	4.00
Sergeant-at-Arms United States Senate, engraved hand stamp	1	7.20
Treasury Department:		
Sharpened canceling knives	45	22.50
Sharpened cutting knives	4	3.45
Sharpened mailing knives	3	.75
Recast canceling leads	20	9.30
Engraved new seal	1	20.50
Reengraved brass seal	2	4.15
Furnished steel seal	1	30.90
Furnished new press for seal	1	10.05
Furnished new punch and die for canceling machine	1	6.90
Furnished maple sticks for cutting machine	38	4.00
Repaired cutting machine	2	3.62
Repaired canceling machine	7	25.71
Repaired pallets for lettering	2	2.30
Repaired matrix for seal	1	.85
Repaired engine	1	25.60
Repaired separating machine	1	4.72
Repaired knife for paper cutter	1	7.02
Lewis Hopfenmaier, furnished pounds of dried pulp	79,820	826.13
Otelia Duke, furnished pounds of dried pulp	2,670⅔	27.63
Henry Martin, furnished pounds of dried pulp	572⅔	5.93
Total		12,880.59

The amounts charged for the following materials were transferred from the appropriations stated and deposited to the credit of materials and miscellaneous expenses, Bureau of Engraving and Printing:

Appropriation for sealing and separating United States securities:		
Furnished yards of millinet	2,051¼	42.18
Furnished yards of awning cloth	6	.90
Furnished pounds of special sealing ink	96	408.00
Furnished pounds of rotten stone	2	.20
Furnished reams of book paper	14	20.60
Furnished gallons of gasoline	100	9.95
Furnished gallons of benzine	104	8.84
Furnished gallons of sperm oil	1	.48
Furnished violin strings	12	.80
Furnished feet of 1¼-inch leather belting	89	4.70
Furnished feet of 2½-inch leather belting	33	4.02
Furnished feet of 3-inch leather belting	22	3.22
Furnished feet of 5-inch leather belting	15	3.59
Furnished feet of gutta-percha belting	244¾	16.53
Furnished skin of lace leather	1	2.60
Furnished thumb screws	18	5.04
Appropriation for canceling United States securities and cutting distinctive paper: Furnished pounds of cotton waste	10	.70
Coast and Geodetic Survey Office:		
Furnished pounds of black ink	1,650	825.00
Furnished pounds of blue ink	10	10.60
Furnished pounds of brown ink	10	10.00

NO. 7.—STATEMENT OF MISCELLANEOUS WORK DONE FOR AND OF MATERIALS FURNISHED TO THE VARIOUS BUREAUS OF THE DEPARTMENTS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1897—Continued.

Item.	Number.	Amount.
Coast and Geodetic Survey Office—Continued.		
Furnished pounds of whiting	696	$9.05
Furnished yards of printers' blanket	11	64.35
Furnished gallons of weak oil	10	10.00
Hydrographic Office:		
Furnished pounds of black ink	750	375.00
Furnished yards of printers' blanket	6⅔	39.00
Furnished gallons of medium oil	30	30.00
Post-Office Department: Furnished tuck pockets for inspectors' commissions	200	78.00
Total		1,983.35

NO. 8.—STATEMENT OF THE VARIOUS CLASSES OF SECURITIES AND OTHER WORK PROPOSED TO BE EXECUTED IN THE FISCAL YEAR 1899.

Class.	Number of sheets.	Class.	Number of sheets.
United States notes and certificates	14,400,000	Certificates of authority to commence business	200
Treasury notes	3,000,000	Certificates of extension of charter	40
Registered bonds for transfers	40,000	Post-office warrants	75,000
National currency, series of 1875	150,000	Post-office transfer drafts	12,500
National currency, series of 1882	2,750,000	Post-office collection drafts	7,500
Internal-revenue stamps	43,665,326	Post-office money-order drafts	28,800
Customs stamps	349,000	Post-office inspectors' commissions	200
Postage stamps	35,526,110	Army officers' commissions	3,000
Pension checks	920,000	Requests for transportation	50,000
Disbursing officers' checks	305,000	Navy officers' commissions	250
Interest checks	50,000	Naval Observatory book labels	1,000
Transfer checks	5,000	Commissions for Department Justice	50
District of Columbia checks	10,000	Cards of admission to Senate and House galleries	5,000
Drafts on warrants	20,000	President's commissions	200
Transfer orders	1,000	Portraits of deceased Members Congress, etc	50,000
Registry certificates	4,000		
License certificates	50,000		
Patent certificates	26,000		
Pension certificates	183,200		
Debenture certificates	5,000	Aggregate	101,698,376

Numbering and perforating letter labels	2,000,880
Engraving national currency face plates	240
Engraving postal-card plates	145
Engraving miscellaneous plates	20
Repairing canceling and numbering machines for Executive Departments	16
Repairing cutting-machine knives for Executive Departments	52
Recasting canceling leads for Executive Departments	20
Engraving dies and seals for Executive Departments	6
Producing and drying pulp from maceration, pounds	200,000

No. 9.—Statement showing the Annual Production of Securities in Sheets, and the Expenditures by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing for the last Twenty Fiscal Years.

Fiscal year.	U. S. notes, bonds, and certificates.	National currency.	Internal-revenue stamps.	Customs stamps.	Postage stamps.	Checks drafts, certificates, etc.	Total number of sheets produced.	Expenditures.	Average cost per 1,000 sheets.	Average number of employees.	Average number of sheets per employee.
1878	2,610,148	2,422,764	7,014,133	480,017	.....	571,694	13,098,756	$538,861.33	$41.14	522	25,093
1879	4,946,948	1,938,564	13,752,562	182,250	.....	573,706	21,394,030	814,077.01	38.05	804	26,609
1880	5,931,840	1,379,588	15,335,354	197,179	.....	761,124	23,605,085	883,171.95	37.41	905	26,083
1881	5,333,812	1,831,476	17,981,693	197,000	.....	673,680	26,017,661	901,165.26	34.64	958	27,158
1882	5,571,597	2,069,011	22,561,057	277,400	.....	633,419	31,112,484	936,757.62	30.11	1,011	30,774
1883	6,775,250	2,456,755	22,991,641	410,700	.....	696,400	33,330,746	1,104,986.43	33.15	1,173	28,415
1884	6,127,000	2,068,193	20,859,407	293,000	.....	858,299	30,205,899	977,301.85	32.35	1,193	25,319
1885	5,214,668	2,479,868	19,541,971	255,314	.....	725,879	28,217,706	965,195.47	34.21	1,133	24,905
1886	2,645,625	2,331,623	20,607,750	283,500	.....	786,998	26,655,496	763,207.84	28.63	886	30,085
1887	6,472,959	711,907	24,366,700	314,700	.....	785,941	32,652,207	794,477.90	24.33	840	38,872
1888	9,342,001	1,307,547	25,950,988	420,200	.....	1,020,248	38,040,984	948,995.83	24.95	895	42,504
1889	8,260,387	940,934	28,579,055	373,000	.....	1,053,788	39,207,164	932,577.78	23.79	917	42,756
1890	7,746,627	955,693	26,305,488	304,600	.....	1,200,311	36,512,719	1,012,789.18	27.74	992	36,807
1891	10,265,470	968,529	33,163,696	337,000	.....	1,655,686	46,390,381	1,265,263.29	27.27	1,161	39,957
1892	11,971,418	1,757,026	36,466,196	298,625	.....	2,015,123	52,508,438	1,316,585.89	25.07	1,358	38,666
1893	12,228,500	1,678,652	32,911,188	294,500	.....	1,740,688	48,853,528	1,238,464.36	25.35	1,333	36,650
1894	13,716,586	3,064,124	37,097,706	201,000	.....	1,437,545	55,516,961	1,317,389.61	23.73	1,380	40,230
1895	14,192,650	2,018,658	31,545,838	199,000	21,873,682	1,056,205	70,886,033	1,439,265.94	20.30	1,427	49,675
1896	14,130,819	2,053,396	36,044,732	214,000	30,647,771	1,959,877	85,050,595	1,469,359.70	17.27	1,519	55,991
1897	15,524,040	2,580,062	34,660,898	274,000	31,029,882	2,105,884	86,174,766	1,450,611.86	16.83	1,605	53,692

No. 10.—Statement showing the Number of Employees on the First Day of Each Month since July 1, 1877.

Month.	Fiscal years—																		
	1877–78	1878–79	1879–80	1880–81	1881–82	1882–83	1883–84	1884–85	1885–86	1886–87	1887–88	1888–89	1889–90	1890–91	1891–92	1892–93	1893–94	1894–95	1895–96	1896–97
July	479	653	901	903	945	1,003	1,214	1,173	912	839	864	916	926	1,097	1,238	1,330	1,334	1,355	1,468	1,571
August	459	677	888	934	979	1,090	1,219	1,165	907	828	879	915	951	1,094	1,333	1,338	1,368	1,376	1,500	1,599
September	487	679	896	956	988	1,110	1,202	1,175	902	824	879	913	962	1,116	1,368	1,327	1,440	1,420	1,505	1,603
October	531	782	896	960	1,004	1,163	1,199	1,175	901	824	892	911	970	1,121	1,379	1,332	1,441	1,417	1,514	1,617
November	492	796	897	949	1,014	1,187	1,195	1,170	889	835	894	906	985	1,146	1,376	1,331	1,393	1,404	1,511	1,623
December	496	844	909	964	1,017	1,203	1,187	1,163	888	844	893	901	989	1,169	1,388	1,330	1,387	1,429	1,513	1,621
January	513	835	896	967	1,038	1,218	1,188	1,154	885	847	892	913	990	1,170	1,389	1,337	1,373	1,460	1,519	1,614
February	529	853	911	983	1,035	1,228	1,186	1,153	881	848	905	926	1,006	1,168	1,388	1,334	1,390	1,424	1,527	1,611
March	563	812	908	984	1,037	1,226	1,182	1,145	875	848	907	924	1,008	1,171	1,379	1,330	1,377	1,437	1,524	1,603
April	571	869	917	973	1,031	1,223	1,185	1,048	868	846	908	925	1,011	1,201	1,374	1,334	1,382	1,450	1,522	1,611
May	567	929	921	968	1,024	1,214	1,182	1,043	862	844	913	923	1,041	1,229	1,345	1,338	1,332	1,466	1,553	1,599
June	579	916	922	954	1,016	1,212	1,178	1,035	861	845	913	924	1,074	1,246	1,334	1,334	1,338	1,483	1,573	1,589

(No. 6.)

REPORT OF THE REGISTER OF THE TREASURY.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE REGISTER,
Washington, D. C., September 25, 1897.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the annual report of the business of this office for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897.

This Bureau is organized in two divisions, viz, the division of loans and the division of notes, coupons, and currency, each having charge of the subjects indicated by their titles.

DIVISION OF LOANS.

(C. N. MCGROARTY, *Chief.*)

The following tabular statements show, by loans, the numbers and amounts of United States and District of Columbia bonds issued, and the numbers and amounts canceled, as recorded upon the books of the loan division during the year ended June 30, 1897:

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER AND AMOUNT OF UNITED STATES BONDS ISSUED DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Loan.		Bonds issued.				
		Direct issue.	Exchanges.	Transfers.	Number of bonds issued.	Total amount issued.
1891, continued at 2 per cent	R.			$2,828,200	740	$2,828,200
1904, 5 per cent	R.		$2,130,500	15,266,700	5,553	17,397,200
Consols of 1907, 4 per cent	C.	$2,700		150	25	2,850
	R.	555	118,700	49,064,550	15,165	49,183,800
1925, 4 per cent	R.		15,329,600	25,513,850	9,158	40,843,450
District of Columbia, 5 per cent	R.			7,000	7	7,000
District of Columbia, 3.65 per cent	R.		22,000	314,000	124	336,000
Pacific Railroads	R.			18,104,000	2,841	18,104,000
Cherokee certificates	R.			910,000	91	910,000
Total	R.	3,250	17,600,800	112,008,450	33,704	129,612,500

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER AND AMOUNT OF UNITED STATES BONDS CANCELED DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Loan.		Bonds canceled.				
		Redemptions.	Exchanges.	Transfers.	Number bonds canceled.	Total amount canceled.
July and August, 1861, continued at 3½ per cent	R.	$1,500			2	$1,500
July and August, 1861, 6 per cent	C.	2,400			15	2,400
Five-twenties of 1862, 6 per cent	C.	2,500			8	2,500
1863, 6 per cent	R.	500			1	500
Ten-forties of 1864, 5 per cent	C.	5,000			9	5,000
Consols of 1865, 6 per cent	C.	13,150			15	13,150

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER AND AMOUNT OF UNITED STATES BONDS CANCELED DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

Loan.		Bonds canceled.				
		Redemptions.	Exchanges.	Transfers.	Number bonds canceled.	Total amount canceled.
Consols of 1867, 6 per cent	C.	$24,250			38	$24,250
Consols of 1868, 6 per cent	C.	400			4	400
1881, funded, 5 per cent	C.	1,000			1	1,000
	R.	500			1	500
1881, funded, continued at 3½ per cent	R.	1,000			1	1,000
July 12, 1882, 3 per cent	R.	1,600			3	1,600
1891, funded, 4½ per cent	C.	227,650			249	227,650
	R.	13,250			17	13,250
1891, funded, continued at 2 per cent	R.			2,828,200	682	2,828,200
1904, 5 per cent	C.		2,130,500		2,173	2,130,500
	R.			15,266,700	3,631	15,266,700
Consols of 1907, 4 per cent	C.		118,700	150	722	118,850
	R.			49,064,550	14,301	49,064,550
1925, 4 per cent	C.		15,329,600		16,640	15,329,600
	R.			25,513,850	5,341	25,513,850
District of Columbia, 1899, funded, 5	C.	25,000			25	25,000
5 per cent	R.			7,000	7	7,000
District of Columbia, 1901, funded, 3½ per cent	R.	551,500			537	531,500
District of Columbia, 1924, funded,	C.		22,000		71	22,000
3.65 per cent	R.			314,000	154	314,000
Pacific railroads	R.	11,065,000		18,104,000	4,826	29,169,000
Cherokee certificates	R.	1,660,000		910,000	257	2,570,000
Totals		13,576,200	17,600,800	112,008,450	49,731	143,185,450

The following table shows in summary form the number and amount of bonds issued and canceled, and the total number handled during the last ten years:

Year.	Bonds issued.		Bonds canceled.		Total handled.	
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
1887-88	26,598	$114,831,900	72,135	$189,656,950	98,733	$304,488,850
1888-89	21,500	103,894,350	85,149	231,811,450	106,649	335,705,800
1889-90	17,669	67,181,500	66,830	171,575,200	84,499	238,756,700
1890-91	16,592	69,151,600	75,606	172,256,450	92,198	241,408,050
1891-92	26,253	107,738,200	54,288	129,009,825	80,541	236,748,025
1892-93	15,796	59,396,050	24,943	60,271,850	40,739	119,667,900
1893-94	64,799	163,551,900	36,195	114,277,200	100,994	277,829,100
1894-95	80,362	195,445,950	43,072	110,513,200	123,434	305,959,150
1895-96	143,476	258,595,350	64,579	136,941,450	208,055	395,536,800
1896-97	33,704	129,612,500	49,731	143,185,450	83,435	272,797,950

The amount of coupon bonds exchanged for registered bonds was $17,600,800. The larger part of the amounts exchanged since the issuing of the loans of 1904 and 1925 arises from the action of purchasers of coupon bonds of these loans, who find they have taken more coupon bonds than they required and desire to replace them with registered bonds. The regulations permit the holder of a coupon bond to present it at the Treasury and receive in exchange a registered bond of equal amount, but the giving of a coupon bond in exchange for a registered bond is not allowed.

The policy of the Government has favored the issue of registered bonds in preference to coupon bonds. As a consequence, at every new issue of bonds large amounts of coupon bonds are taken by investors in excess of the needs of the purchasers, and for several years after the process of exchange goes on rapidly, until the amount of coupon bonds

outstanding is reduced to the amount demanded by the business of the country.

During the year the following redeemed coupon bonds issued by the District of Columbia when under a Territorial Government, and which had been paid by the Treasurer of the United States, were recorded on the books of the office:

Loan.	Number of bonds.	Amount.
6 per cent permanent improvement bonds	2	$200
20-year funding loan	1	500
Total	3	700

SPANISH INDEMNITY CERTIFICATES.

Under a convention between the United States and Spain, concluded at Madrid, February 17, 1834, a commissioner was appointed, who awarded to certain claimants against Spain the aggregate sum of $599,850 28. The claims in question arose from the seizure of vessels and cargoes belonging to American citizens by privateers, or from the seizure and confiscation of the same in the ports of Spain and its colonies. In each case the Spanish courts had approved of such action.

The treaty was intended to cover claims remaining unsettled at the date of the prior treaty of February 22, 1819, or which had arisen since that date up to the date of the signing of the convention on February 17, 1834. It claimed to be a full settlement of all claims of whatever class, denomination, or origin then at issue. Suitable legislation for carrying out the treaty was enacted by Congress in an act approved June 7, 1836. The United States agreed to receive and transmit to the proper parties such amount of principal or interest as might be forwarded by Spain.

For many years the sum of $28,500 has been received annually through the State Department and divided pro rata among the holders of this stock. The fifty-seventh installment was paid on schedules furnished by this division to the Treasurer of the United States under date of September 21, 1897. The annual dividend is at the rate of 4.75118 per cent. The transfers from one owner to another for the last nine years are shown in the following table:

SPANISH INDEMNITY CERTIFICATES (ACT OF CONGRESS, JUNE 7, 1836).

Year.	Issued on transfers.		Canceled on transfers.	
	Number of bonds.	Amount.	Number of bonds.	Amount.
1888-89	16	$59,891.48	23	$59,891.48
1889-90	4	36,813.86	4	36,813.86
1890-91	3	10,189.70	3	10,189.70
1891-92	7	61,565.77	6	61,565.77
1892-93	128	595,972.51	136	595,972.51
1893-94	9	44,523.95	8	44,523.95
1894-95	4	12,306.53	3	12,306.53
1895-96	4	39,556.94	4	39,556.94
1896-97	8	28,475.78	8	28,475.78

NEW BONDS RECEIVED.

During the year 10,090 new registered bonds (loans 1904, Pacific Railroad, and District of Columbia 3.65 per cent) amounting to $32,072,000, prepared by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, were delivered to the Office. It is never possible to estimate accurately the number of bonds which will be required for the issue of a new loan. Not only do purchasers call for different denominations from those specified in their original subscriptions, but frequently orders will be changed and registered bonds will be asked for when notice had been given that coupon bonds would be required, or the case may be reversed.

As the processes of printing bonds require considerable time for their execution, it is necessary that orders for printing must be given a considerable period in advance. As a result, more or less bonds are always left on hand at the completion of the issue of a loan. During the year 40,046 surplus unissued coupon bonds, loans of 1904, 1907, and 1925, amounting to $19,622,500, were delivered to the committee for the destruction of United States securities, which bonds had been accumulating for some years.

Upon the loans of 1891 (2 per cent), 1904 (5 per cent), 1907 (4 per cent), and 1925 (4 per cent), the interest is payable every three months. At each dividend period the amount of the balance standing to the credit of each holder is taken off and the interest thereon calculated. A schedule is prepared showing the name and address of each holder of registered bonds, the amount of principal to his credit, and the amount of interest due him. This schedule is delivered to the Treasurer of the United States, who issues and forwards checks for the amount of interest due. Upon the Pacific railroads and the District of Columbia loans dividends are declared semiannually. Upon the Cherokee and Spanish indemnity certificates they are declared once a year.

The payments made upon the schedules so prepared constitute one of the largest expenditures of the Government. The total number of interest checks authorized to be drawn was 134,692, representing the payment of $30,706,978.22, an increase over the preceding year of 9,703.

The second of the four installments of certificates showing the indebtedness of the Government on account of Cherokee lands, issued under the act of August 15, 1894, and amounting to $1,660,000, became due March 4, 1897, and was redeemed in full. During the year the following issues of bonds in aid of the construction of the various branches of the Pacific railroads have matured:

Date due.	Road.	Amount.
January 1, 1897	Central Pacific R. R.	$2,112,000
Do	Union Pacific R. R.	3,840,000
Do	Kansas Pacific Rwy. Co., late Union Pacific Rwy. Co., Eastern Division.	2,800,000
Do	Central Branch, Union Pacific Rwy. Co., late Atchison and Pike's Peak R. R. Co., assignees of the Hannibal and St. Joseph R. R. Co.	640,000
Do	Western Pacific R. R.	320,000
Total		9,712,000
Add amount called for payment during year 1894–95		2,362,000
Add amount called for payment during year 1895–96		8,640,000
Total Pacific R. R. bonds called for payment		20,714,000
Amount payable January 1, 1898		29,904,952
Amount payable January 1, 1899		14,004,560
Total		64,623,512

Considerable work has been given, by those who could be spared from other duties, to the preparation of two card indexes. The total number of cards prepared was 99,431; the total number examined, 81,483; total number arranged, 59,992; total number consolidated, 94,018.

The first index is intended to cover the names of all persons, corporations, and institutions which have appeared upon United States registered bonds since the year 1836. This information is now scattered through a large number of books, and in order to ascertain if a party ever owned bonds of this character it is necessary to examine quite a number of long lists of names. On July 1, 1897, the total number of references to accounts upon the ledgers of the office which appeared on this index was 351,651.

The second series of cards is to index a list of certificates issued to Revolutionary soldiers, which certificates were subsequently funded into the public debt. The number of names taken off on cards is about 90,000. This work is not yet finished.

DIVISION OF NOTES, COUPONS, AND CURRENCY.

(NEWTON FERREE, *Chief.*)

The duties of this branch of the office are confined to the receiving, counting, arranging, registering, and examining of all redeemed detached coupons, redeemed, exchanged, and transferred coupon bonds, redeemed interest checks, with other miscellaneous redeemed securities to be placed on file for reference, together with the charge of the final count and examination of all United States notes, gold and silver certificates, and statistical matter, before their destruction.

Within the fiscal year there were received, registered, and scheduled 24,003 coupon bonds of various loans, with 2,520,792 coupons attached, amounting to $21,764,700. At the close of the year the aggregate number of coupon bonds received in this division was 4,354,484, amounting to $2,591,061,800; 2,363,085 of which, having been delivered to the destruction committee, amounting to $1,421,687,450, leaves on file in this office 1,991,399 bonds, and in amount $1,169,374,350.

In the line of old work there were recounted, to verify schedules, 53,355 bonds, with 696,747 coupons attached.

The total number of redeemed coupons of various loans on hand at the beginning of the year to arrange was 292,889; to register, 612,181; to examine, 1,172,834; to schedule, 1,316,481, and to enter in ledgers, 2,661,668.

There were received and verified during the year 1,016,719 coupons; arranged numerically and counted, 1,172,440; registered, 1,421,636; examined, 1,839,400; scheduled, 1,062,075, and entered in ledgers, 2,024,894. At the close of the year there were on file, boxed and labeled, 101,904,388 coupons, amounting in the aggregate to $1,227,639,376.59. The following table gives the places of payment of coupons redeemed during the year:

	Number.	Amount.
New York, N. Y	612,698	$5,059,532.07
Washington, D. C	16,253	113,063.41
Boston, Mass	146,513	888,700.21
Philadelphia, Pa	49,442	280,714.17
Baltimore, Md	20,712	157,882.60
Cincinnati, Ohio	73,378	336,330.41
Chicago, Ill	46,911	226,077.29
St. Louis, Mo	33,792	149,251.87
San Francisco, Cal	13,023	99,564.11
New Orleans, La	3,997	18,763.75
Total	1,016,719	7,329,879.89

During the year there were received, entered in journals and ledgers, and delivered to the destruction committee the following redeemed securities of the Government and total amounts received and destroyed to June 30, 1897:

Issue and denomination.	Redeemed during year.		Total amount redeemed since issue.
	Number.	Amount.	
Old demand notes:			
Five dollar			$21,778,087.50
Ten dollar			20,009,865.00
Twenty dollar			18,187,700.00
Total			59,975,652.50
United States notes:			
One dollar	753,308	$753,248.00	185,227,346.80
Two dollar	542,444	1,084,833.00	183,538,090.20
Five dollar	3,164,511	15,822,202.00	457,406,733.00
Ten dollar	1,730,478	17,303,684.00	438,319,169.00
Twenty dollar	734,862	14,696,458.00	395,999,328.00
Fifty dollar	40,043	2,002,025.00	125,311,225.00
One hundred dollar	28,856	2,885,550.00	150,643,900.00
Five hundred dollar	3,424	1,712,000.00	193,373,000.00
One thousand dollar	3,360	3,360,000.00	317,051,000.00
Five thousand dollar			19,985,000.00
Ten thousand dollar			39,990,000.00
Unknown denominations			1,000,000.00
Total	7,001,286	59,620,000.00	2,507,844,792.00
Treasury notes of 1890:			
One dollar	6,975,770	6,975,560.00	34,518,125.00
Two dollar	2,606,030	5,211,960.00	27,973,630.00
Five dollar	2,575,016	12,874,790.00	62,444,935.00
Ten dollar	1,079,453	10,794,280.00	55,310,710.00
Twenty dollar	177,905	3,558,060.00	20,662,120.00
Fifty dollar	2,591	129,550.00	854,300.00
One hundred dollar	28,018	2,801,800.00	14,512,900.00
One thousand dollar	3,156	3,156,000.00	39,929,000.00
Total	13,447,939	45,502,000.00	256,205,720.00
Silver certificates:			
One dollar	19,812,708	19,812,166.00	125,991,795.90
Two dollar	5,040,890	10,081,533.00	75,661,325.60
Five dollar	8,771,923	43,858,735.00	264,283,765.50
Ten dollar	3,929,683	39,295,755.00	300,981,474.00
Twenty dollar	1,051,597	21,031,486.00	165,397,990.00
Fifty dollar	86,015	4,300,675.00	30,536,015.00
One hundred dollar	70,707	7,070,650.00	45,480,630.00
Five hundred dollar	126	63,000.00	16,272,500.00
One thousand dollar	58	58,000.00	26,705,000.00
Total	38,763,707	145,572,000.00	1,051,310,496.00
Gold certificates—series of 1882:			
Twenty dollar	19,258	$385,120.00	$22,439,586.00
Fifty dollar	5,784	289,200.00	18,591,445.00
One hundred dollar	3,967	396,700.00	21,036,200.00
Five hundred dollar	586	293,000.00	25,752,500.00
One thousand dollar	702	702,000.00	54,640,500.00
Five thousand dollar	29	145,000.00	60,350,000.00
Ten thousand dollar	15	150,000.00	158,210,000.00
Total	30,341	2,361,020.00	361,020,231.00
Refunding certificates (payable to bearer):			
Ten dollar	186	1,860.00	39,909,040.00
One-year Treasury notes of 1863:			
Ten dollar	3	30.00	6,195,075.00
Twenty dollar	6	120.00	16,425,580.00
Fifty dollar			8,233,500.00
One hundred dollar			13,633,800.00
Unknown denominations			90.00
Total	9	150.00	44,488,045.00
Two-year Treasury notes of 1863 (issued without coupons):			
Fifty dollar	1	50.00	6,794,400.00
One hundred dollar			9,678,200.00
Total	1	50.00	16,472,600.00

Issue and denomination.	Redeemed during year.		Total amount redeemed since issue.
	Number.	Amount.	
Two-year Treasury notes of 1863 (issued with coupons):			
Fifty dollar			$5,903,600.00
One hundred dollar			14,476,400.00
Five hundred dollar			40,300,500.00
One thousand dollar			89,289,000.00
Unknown denominations			10,500.00
Total			149,980,000.00
Compound-interest notes (act of March 3, 1863):			
Ten dollar	4	$40.00	847,810.00
Fifty dollar	2	100.00	2,006,050.00
One hundred dollar			3,911,700.00
Five hundred dollar			8,223,500.00
Total	6	140.00	14,989,060.00
Compound-interest notes (act of June 30, 1864):			
Ten dollar	15	150.00	22,220,430.00
Twenty dollar	10	200.00	29,918,220.00
Fifty dollar	4	200.00	57,798,650.00
One hundred dollar	3	300.00	41,052,800.00
Five hundred dollar			57,388,000.00
One thousand dollar			39,395,000.00
Total	32	850.00	247,773,100.00
Fractional currency:			
Three cent	200	6.00	511,692.57
Five cent	1,560	78.00	3,835,943.73
Ten cent	6,300	620.50	77,137,648.73
Fifteen cent	310	45.80	5,065,273.59
Twenty-five cent	5,134	1,272.70	134,752,758.66
Fifty cent	2,942	1,459.00	132,125,121.70
Unknown denominations			32,000.00
Total	16,446	3,482.00	353,460,438.98

There were on hand at the beginning of the year, 5,617 redeemed checks, for the payment of the interest on registered bonds, to verify; 5,617 to register, and to examine, 31,899. Received during the year in addition, 131,563, amounting to $30,237,756.42. Of these, there were counted 141,551; verified, 141,551; registered, 131,001; examined, 157,283; scheduled, 141,551. The total number of interest checks on file at the close of the year was 3,863,579, amounting to $733,535,086.50. The following table gives places of payment, number, and amount of checks received:

	Number.	Amount.
New York, N. Y.	76,445	21,461,115.30
Boston, Mass	23,374	3,073,987.18
Philadelphia, Pa.	9,221	1,732,214.81
Washington, D. C.	11,382	2,032,884.42
Baltimore, Md	1,683	496,186.10
Chicago, Ill.	3,404	569,116.43
Cincinnati, Ohio	3,050	302,682.33
St. Louis, Mo.	1,674	237,266.11
San Francisco, Cal.	872	242,336.74
New Orleans, La.	518	89,967.00
Totals	131,563	30,237,756.42

Gold certificates, act of July 12, 1882, series of 1888, received, registered, and examined, 252; in amount, $2,200,000. Total on file, 20,664, amounting to $158,285,000.

Currency certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872, received, registered, and examined, 7,496; in amount, $74,625,000. Total on file at

the end of the year, 141,465, amounting to $1,310,025,000. The following table gives places of payment of the certificates received:

Treasury and subtreasury.	Denomination.	Series.	Number.	Amount.
New York, N. Y	$5,000	B.	15	$75,000
Do	10,000	E.	4,259	42,590,000
Boston, Mass	10,000	E.	529	5,290,000
Philadelphia, Pa	5,000	B.	37	185,000
Do	10,000	E.	1,660	16,600,000
Baltimore, Md	10,000	E.	361	3,610,000
Cincinnati, Ohio	10,000	E.	27	270,000
Chicago, Ill	10,000	E.	311	3,110,000
St. Louis, Mo	5,000	B.	14	70,000
Do	10,000	E.	253	2,530,000
Washington, D. C	10,000	E.	24	240,000
New Orleans, La	5,000	B.	1	5,000
Do	10,000	E.	5	50,000
Total			7,496	74,625,000

Interest checks issued for dividend on Spanish indemnity certificates received and registered, 89; in amount, $28,389.85. Total on file, 343; in amount, $113,465.50.

Interest checks on certificates of indebtedness for Cherokee lands received, 22; in amount, $199,200. Total on file, 61; in amount, $730,400.

The following table of issues and redemptions of United States interest-bearing notes and certificates shows the amounts outstanding of each class of these securities to June 30, 1897:

Issues.	Total issued.	Redeemed.			Outstanding.
		To June 30, 1896.	During fiscal year.	To June 30, 1897.	
Seven-thirty Treasury notes:					
Act of July 17, 1861	$140,094,750.00	$140,084,050.00	$1,000.00	$140,085,050.00	$9,700.00
Act of June 30, 1864, first series	299,992,500.00	299,945,100.00	150.00	299,945,250.00	47,250.00
Act of March 3, 1865, second series	331,000,000.00	330,969,450.00		330,969,450.00	30,550.00
Act of March 3, 1865, third series	199,000,000.00	198,953,900.00		198,953,900.00	46,100.00
Total	970,087,250.00	969,952,500.00	1,150.00	969,953,650.00	133,600.00
Certificates of indebtedness (acts of March 1 and 17, 1862, and March 3, 1863):					
First issue	498,593,241.65	498,591,241.65		498,591,241.65	2,000.00
Second issue	63,160,000.00	63,159,000.00		63,159,000.00	1,000.00
Total	561,753,241.65	561,750,241.65		561,750,241.65	3,000.00
Three per cent certificates (acts of March 2, 1867, and July 25, 1868), issued at various dates	85,155,000.00	85,150,000.00		85,150,000.00	5,000.00
Refunding certificates (act of February 26, 1879) payable to order	58,500.00	58,430.00		58,430.00	70.00
Refunding certificates (act of February 26, 1879) payable to bearer	39,954,250.00	39,907,180.00	1,860.00	39,909,040.00	45,210.00
Total	40,012,750.00	39,965,610.00	1,860.00	39,967,470.00	45,280.00
Gold certificates:					
Act of March 3, 1863, first series	429,604,900.00	429,596,800.00		429,596,800.00	8,100.00
Act of March 3, 1863, Geneva award (special)	33,000,580.46	33,000,580.46		33,000,580.46	
Act of March 3, 1863, series of 1870	370,500,000.00	370,471,000.00		370,471,000.00	29,000.00
Act of March 3, 1863, series of 1871	5,000,000.00	4,997,700.00		4,997,700.00	2,300.00
Act of March 3, 1863, series of 1875	143,029,400.00	142,886,400.00		142,886,400.00	143,000.00
Total	981,134,880.46	980,952,480.46		980,952,480.46	182,400.00

Issues.	Total issued.	Redeemed.			Outstanding.
		To June 30, 1896.	During fiscal year.	To June 30, 1897.	
One-year Treasury notes (act of March 3, 1863)	$44,520,000.00	$44,487,895.00	$150.00	$44,488,045.00	$31,955.00
Two-year Treasury notes:					
Act of March 3, 1863, issued without coupons	16,480,000.00	16,472,550.00	50.00	16,472,600.00	7,400.00
Act of March 3, 1863, issued with coupons	150,000,000.00	149,980,000.00	.....	149,980,000.00	20,000.00
Total	166,480,000.00	166,452,550.00	50.00	166,452,600.00	27,400.00
Three-year compound interest notes:					
Act of March 3, 1863	17,993,760.00	17,982,680.00	140.00	17,982,820.00	10,940.00
Act of June 30, 1864	248,601,680.00	248,441,930.00	850.00	248,442,780.00	158,900.00
Total	266,595,440.00	266,424,610.00	990.00	266,425,600.00	169,840.00

DATES OF COMMENCEMENT AND DISCONTINUANCE OF VARIOUS ISSUES OF UNITED STATES CURRENCY.

Issues.	Began—	Ceased—
Old demand notes	Aug. 26, 1861	Mar. 5, 1862
United States notes:		
New issue	Apr. 2, 1862	Aug. 16, 1870
Issue of 1869	Oct. 19, 1869	June 30, 1877
Issue of 1874	July 25, 1874	Nov. 13, 1877
Issue of 1875	July 20, 1875	June 20, 1879
Issue of 1878	Mar. 4, 1878	May 12, 1884
Issue of 1880	Mar. 16, 1880	
Treasury notes of 1890	Aug. 14, 1890	May 16, 1894
Treasury notes of 1891	May 25, 1892	
One-year Treasury notes of 1863	Feb. 4, 1864	June 1, 1864
Two-year Treasury notes of 1863	Mar. 16, 1864	May 30, 1864
Two-year Treasury notes of 1863 (coupon)	Jan. 12, 1864	Apr. 20, 1864
Compound-interest notes	Jan. 9, 1864	July 24, 1866
Fractional currency:		
First issue	Aug. 21, 1862	Sept. 21, 1866
Second issue	Oct. 10, 1863	Feb. 23, 1867
Third issue	Dec. 5, 1864	Apr. 16, 1869
Fourth issue	July 14, 1869	Feb. 16, 1875
Fifth issue	Feb. 26, 1874	Feb. 15, 1876
Gold certificates:		
Act of March 3, 1863	Nov. 15, 1865	Dec. 3, 1878
Act of July 12, 1882, series of 1882	Oct. 2, 1882	Nov. 16, 1883
Act of July 12, 1882, series of 1888	Nov. 27, 1888	Apr. 14, 1893
Silver certificates, acts of February 28, 1878, and August 4, 1886:		
Series of 1878	Apr. 11, 1878	May 22, 1883
Series of 1880	May 26, 1880	
Series of 1886	Sept. 7, 1886	July 8, 1892
Series of 1891	Dec. 1, 1891	
Series of 1896	July 14, 1896	

The total number of all the redeemed and canceled vouchers of every class, on file and in the custody of this division, to June 30, 1897, was 112,050,806, amounting to $7,334,513,443.86½.

In concluding this report, I have to thank the employes of the office for the cheerful, willing, and thoroughly reliable manner in which they have always performed the duties assigned them.

Respectfully submitted.

J. FOUNT. TILLMAN, *Register.*

To the Honorable
The SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

(No. 7.)

REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY,
Washington, September 1, 1897.

SIR: In compliance with your recent request, I have the honor to submit the following report of the business transacted in this office during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897:

WARRANTS.

The following warrants were received, examined, countersigned, entered on registers, and posted into ledgers under their several heads of appropriations, viz:

Kind of warrant.	Number.	Amount.
APPROPRIATION.		
Treasury proper	39	$56,152,819.08
Public debt	1	390,971,987.98
Diplomatic and consular	16	2,376,748.15
Customs	14	17,246,342.97
Internal revenue	5	4,165,623.61
Judiciary	11	5,451,078.84
Interior civil	14	9,225,109.89
Indian	30	11,821,019.23
Pension	6	151,480,787.86
War	28	78,021,678.57
Navy	13	39,615,966.95
Total	177	766,529,163.13
PAY (ACCOUNTABLE AND SETTLEMENT).		
Treasury proper	6,417	55,651,356.57
Public debt	29	390,944,750.73
Diplomatic and consular	4,783	2,157.215.16
Customs	4,094	18,880,879.15
Internal revenue	2,949	8,702,322.21
Judiciary	5,267	6,275,498.95
Interior civil	2,755	8,892,298.08
Indian	6,865	13,553,900.02
Pension	6,118	143,066,108.01
War	3,970	50,457,840.84
Navy	2,163	42,495,194.21
Total	45,410	741,077,363.93
COVERING (REPAY).		
Indian	839	537,097.56
Pension	276	1,240,377.75
War	2,402	1,507,572.95
Miscellaneous: Customs, internal revenue, public debt, diplomatic and consular, Treasury, judiciary, and interior civil	2,994	10,171,167.14
Total	6,511	13,456,215.40
COVERING (REVENUE).		
Customs	1,772	176,554,126.65
Internal revenue	894	146,688,774.29
Lands	1,153	864,417.56
Miscellaneous (including reissue of Treasury notes, gold certificates, silver certificates, etc.)	9,655	413,544,642.81
Total	13,474	737,651,961.31
Grand total	65,572	2,258,714,703.77

Number of indemnifying bonds on account of disbursing officers' lost checks, etc., examined and approved 829
Number of indemnifying bonds examined and approved on account of lost interest checks and bonds 68
Number of applications for duplicate United States bonds received and examined 14
Number of requests of Attorney-General for information as to matters of counterclaim, etc., received and answered 351
Number of certificates to indorse warrants received, approved, and filed, and notices sent out 1,527
Special powers of attorney to indorse warrants (estimated) 100

Number of appeals on hand June 30, 1896 141

Number of appeals filed, arranged according to month, and the Auditor from whom appeal was taken.

Month.	State.	War.	Navy.	Interior.	Treasury.	Post-Office.	Total.
July	28	22	2	9	0	0	61
August	16	15	1	3	0	0	35
September	25	15	0	9	0	0	49
October	33	12	0	4	0	0	49
November	30	17	4	9	0	0	60
December	34	14	2	7	1	1	59
January	28	11	5	6	1	1	52
February	36	4	7	5	1	0	53
March	34	31	14	5	1	0	85
April	17	18	7	4	0	0	46
May	27	46	5	2	1	0	81
June	22	28	3	5	1	0	59
Total	330	233	50	68	6	2	689

Number of appeals disposed of during the fiscal year 1897, arranged according to month in which settled and the Auditor from whom appeal was taken.

Month.	State.	War.	Navy.	Interior.	Treasury.	Post-Office.	Total.
July	31	13	1	7	0	0	52
August	36	7	1	7	1	0	52
September	15	26	1	4	0	0	46
October	51	16	2	6	0	0	75
November	23	18	1	3	0	0	45
December	29	21	2	10	0	1	63
January	24	19	3	10	2	0	58
February	23	19	4	4	1	1	52
March	34	14	15	6	1	0	70
April	39	29	7	2	0	0	77
May	33	42	6	4	1	0	86
June	33	29	7	7	0	0	76
Total	371	253	50	70	6	2	752

Number of appeals on hand June 30, 1897, distributed among the various Auditors as follows:

Auditor for State and other Departments 18
Auditor for War Department 55
Auditor for Navy Department 2
Auditor for Interior Department 2
Auditor for Treasury Department 1
Auditor for Post-Office Department 0

Total 78

Of the number of appeals on hand June 30, 1897, all were filed during the month of June except the following:

Auditor for State and other Departments 6
Auditor for War Department 33
Auditor for Navy Department 1

40

Number of applications for rehearing on hand June 30, 1896	225
Number of applications received during fiscal year	307
	532
Number of applications disposed of during fiscal year	340
Remaining on hand June 30, 1897	192

Opinions rendered by the Comptroller and Assistant Comptroller under act of July 31, 1894; classified as follows:

To heads of Departments:		
Secretary of Treasury	21	
Secretary of State	6	
Secretary of War	35	
Secretary of Navy	13	
Secretary of Interior	12	
Secretary of Agriculture	2	
Attorney-General	4	
		93
On construction of statutes by the several Auditors:		
Auditor for State and other Departments	12	
Auditor for War Department	22	
Auditor for Navy Department	14	
Auditor for Interior Department	22	
Auditor for Post-Office Department	3	
Auditor for Treasury Department	5	
		78
On appeal from the several Auditors:		
Auditor for State and other Departments	18	
Auditor for the War Department	190	
Auditor for Navy Department	23	
Auditor for the Interior Department	3	
Auditor for the Treasury Department	3	
		239
To disbursing officers		125
On rehearings		301
Total		836

From the foregoing tables it appears that the work of the office is in excellent condition.

The above classification of the work performed does not include the hundreds of letters received, briefed, and entered upon the register; nor, likewise; the hundreds of official letters written relative to matters before the office.

The unfinished business of the late First Comptroller's Office—being accounts remaining on hand in said office September 30, 1894, the date when the change in the accounting system took effect—has been practically completed. Of the very few accounts still unfinished, some are awaiting action of the courts and others are awaiting action of the claimants themselves. When the unfinished business of the late Second Comptroller's Office will be completed I am unable to say, owing to the peculiar condition of affairs. For instance, there remained on hand in this office June 30, 1896, 8 old accounts; since then 20 have been received and 23 disposed of, leaving on hand only 5. These old accounts, reported as having been received during the year, were at one time in the late Second Comptroller's Office, but were returned, under the practice then in vogue, to the Auditor from whence they came for the purpose of getting additional information and evidence, and as that is received they are returned by the Auditor to this office as part of the unfinished business of the said late Second Comptroller's Office. How many of this character of accounts yet remain in the Auditor's office in this uncompleted condition I have no means of ascertaining, but judging from the decrease in the number received this year (20) as compared

with the number received last year (47), it may be inferred that this work will steadily diminish.

The work on rehearings on back pay and bounty cases, which up to this time has been in arrears, will shortly be disposed of currently, as has been the case with all other classes of work in this office since the inauguration of the new system of accounting, October 1, 1894.

A comparison of the above figures with those given in the report of the Comptroller of the Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, in general indicates that the work of the office is increasing. Notwithstanding this fact, it will be seen that the number of appeals on hand June 30, 1896, was 141, while at the end of the present fiscal year there were but 78, and that the number which had been on hand for thirty days or more for the year ending June 30, 1896, was 77, as compared with but 40 at the end of the present fiscal year.

Although there has been this gain during the past year, I find that no attempt has been made to carry out a very important suggestion in the last annual report of this office, owing to the amount of current work to be disposed of and the insufficient force of the office. This suggestion was:

> By section 8 of the act of July 31, 1894—the "Dockery Act"—authority was conferred upon the Comptroller to revise upon his own motion, independently of any request therefor either by the claimant or the head of the Department interested, any account settled by an Auditor within a year. This provision was evidently enacted in order to furnish a check upon the Auditors as a substitute for the former detail revision of all accounts by the Comptrollers. It was furthermore intended thereby that the Comptroller should investigate the manner in which settlements were being made by the various Auditors, so as to ascertain whether the rulings of the former Comptrollers of the Treasury and of the Commissioner of Customs prior to October 1, 1894, when the "Dockery Act" took effect, and the decisions of the present Comptroller's Office since that date, were being properly applied.
>
> The work of completing the unfinished business of the former Comptrollers and the Commissioner of Customs, the revising of accounts on appeals, and deciding questions presented by heads of Departments and disbursing officers, together with the routine work imposed upon the Comptroller's Office, has been of such a character as to preclude hitherto the revision of accounts by the Comptroller upon his own motion, except in a few isolated cases. It is believed that the work of the office is now in such condition that attention may be given to this important provision of the accounting system heretofore neglected, and that a systematic detail revision of particular accounts covering all the classes of accounts settled by the various Auditors may be inaugurated during the present fiscal year.

This plan meets with my entire approval, except that I am satisfied that the only way in which this can be accomplished is to add to the force of the office six law clerks and expert accountants, who should be constantly occupied in the offices of the various six Auditors in examining methods of settlement there prevailing, and in advising the clerks as to the rulings made by the Comptroller, or revising, in the office of the Comptroller, settlements called for by him on his own motion. Such a check upon the administration of the Auditors' offices seems to me essential to maintain the system of accounting inaugurated under the so-called "Dockery law;" and I would, therefore, respectfully urge that the estimates for the clerical force for the ensuing fiscal year for this office should include an item for six law clerks and expert accountants at $2,000 each, $12,000.

In pursuance of the practice established under the new accounting system of publishing the decisions of the Comptroller upon questions of importance, for the purpose of establishing precedents in the settlement of other similar accounts in the future, volume 3 of these decisions is now in print, and only awaits binding to be available for distribution to the accounting and disbursing officers of the Government. This volume contains 742 pages, and includes the more important decisions

of the office from July 1, 1896, to July 1, 1897. It is thoroughly indexed, and contains a table of decisions of the courts, opinions of the Attorneys-General, statutes, regulations, etc., cited in these decisions.

The suggestion of the late Comptroller of publishing the decisions at the expiration of each quarter in a temporary pamphlet form for the purpose of furnishing immediate information to disbursing and other officers of the Government directly interested in public accounts, was carried out during the past fiscal year.

Although the desirability of passing some general statute of limitations applicable to the time within which claims against the Government might be presented to the accounting officers has been repeatedly urged in the past by the accounting officers as a most desirable reform and no action has been taken, I venture again to bring forward this subject. Upon it the late Comptroller said in his last report:

It not infrequently happens that constructions placed upon acts of Congress relating to the compensation or other emoluments of officers of the United States, the language of which is somewhat ambiguous, become by reason of long continuance the settled practice of the Executive Departments as constituting the true construction of the statutes. Many years afterwards the construction of these acts by the accounting officers may be reversed by the courts and a larger amount than had been theretofore allowed is held to be due these officers. Immediately after such decisions claims covering the entire period of time since the enactment of the laws are presented either by the officers themselves, or in many cases, where the construction of the accounting officers has continued for a long period unreversed, by the heirs of officers already dead.

As Congress has for more than thirty years furnished a tribunal in the Court of Claims in which the validity of this character of claims might have been tried immediately after the construction was placed upon the acts by the accounting officers, if such construction was deemed erroneous, it is confidently believed that no injustice will be done if the jurisdiction of the accounting officers over claims of this character is taken away, especially as it is a matter of common notoriety that in many cases the claims have been instigated by diligent attorneys rather than by the officers themselves. An example of such legislation in a particular case may be found in the act of July 28, 1892 (27 Stat., 313), wherein it was provided:

"That hereafter the accounting officers of the Treasury shall not receive, examine, consider, or allow any claim against the United States for sea pay or commutation of rations which has been or may be presented by officers of the Navy, their heirs or legal representatives, under the decisions of the Supreme Court, which have heretofore been adopted as a basis for the allowance of such claims, which accrued prior to July 16, 1880."

The case particularly referred to in that enactment was that of United States *v.* Strong (125 U. S., 656). It appears that the petition in the Strong case was filed in the Court of Claims July 17, 1886, and as the statute of limitations relating to that court excludes from its jurisdiction any claims accruing prior to six years from the date of filing the petition, the date "July 16, 1880," referred to by Congress in the above-quoted clause, relates to claims which would have been barred in the Court of Claims in the test case.

In this connection the action of Congress in attaching the following proviso to two clauses appropriating for naval claims in the act of July 19, 1897, is noteworthy:

Provided, That no part or any one of the claims to which this appropriation is applicable shall be paid therefrom which accrued more than six years prior to the filing of the petition in the Court of Claims upon which the judgment was rendered, which, being affirmed by the Supreme Court, has been adopted by the accounting officers as the basis for the allowance of said claim.

Another matter in which it seems to me that legislation is necessary has been called to my attention since my induction into this office. In the offices of the First and Second Comptrollers it was a long-established practice to waive the taking out of letters of administration in cases where sums were due from the United States to a deceased employee, or to any other person having a claim against the Government, where the amount involved is less than $100. There is no

authority of law for such a waiver, and this action has apparently been taken from the earliest times simply to accomplish substantial equity, for oftentimes the cost of taking out letters of administration would either absorb the entire amount due from the Government to such claimants, or take such a considerable part of the little sum due as to lead to an apparent injustice. Doubtless on this account the Comptrollers have been, and still are, in the habit of permitting payment to be made in such cases without administration. However, as it is his duty to administer the law as he finds it and not as it should be, I find myself embarrassed by the absence of any law to sustain this long-established practice and my desire to do equity. I have the honor, therefore, to recommend that this matter be laid before Congress with a view to obtaining such legislation as is necessary in the premises.

Former Comptrollers have called attention to the difficulty experienced in determining what appropriations are to be considered as "permanent specific appropriations," which are available for the payment of expenses incurred after the fiscal year has expired for which the appropriations were made. I beg to renew the request that Congress will furnish a definition of these words.

Respectfully, yours,

R. J. TRACEWELL,
Comptroller.

The SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

(No. 8.)

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR FOR THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE
AUDITOR FOR THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
October 1, 1897.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the annual report of the Auditor for the Treasury Department for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897.

As I did not qualify until June 9, 1897, nearly all of the work covered by this report was performed under the direction of my predecessor, and this report is, therefore, submitted in the usual form.

CLASSES OF ACCOUNTS.

The different classes of accounts assigned to this office for examination and certification are designated as follows:

The Auditor for the Treasury Department shall receive and examine all accounts of salaries and incidental expenses of the office of the Secretary of the Treasury and all bureaus and offices under his direction, all accounts relating to the customs service, public debt, internal revenue, Treasurer and assistant treasurers, mints and assay offices, Bureau of Engraving and Printing, Coast and Geodetic Survey, Revenue-Cutter Service, Life-Saving Service, Light-House Board, Marine-Hospital Service, public buildings, Steamboat-Inspection Service, immigration, navigation, Secret Service, Alaskan fur-seal fisheries, and to all other business within the jurisdiction of the Department of the Treasury, and certify the balances arising thereon to the division of bookkeeping and warrants. (28 Stat. L., 206.)

DIVISIONS.

To expedite the proper examination of the accounts thus assigned, the auditing clerks are separated into four divisions: The customs division, the public-debt division, the internal-revenue division, and the miscellaneous division.

At the beginning of the year, July 1, 1896, there were 1,025 accounts on hand, and 19,688 were received during the year, making a total of 20,713. The customs division audited 10,062 accounts, involving $244,649,081; the internal-revenue division, 2,497 accounts, involving $326,412,280.20; the public-debt division, 848 accounts, involving $394,208,692.94; the miscellaneous division, 5,954 accounts, involving $1,813,959,116.28.

The total number of accounts audited during the year was 19,361, involving a total amount of $2,779,229,170.42, and leaving 1,352 accounts on hand June 30, 1897.

Of the 1,352 accounts on hand at the close of the year, 87 (2 customs and 85 miscellaneous) were received within the quarter ending March

31, 1897, and 1,265 (1,009 customs, 30 public debt, 226 miscellaneous) were received within the quarter ending June 30, 1897.

The April and May customs accounts which would have been settled in June were delayed by Department Circular No. 61, of April 5, 1897, and could not be passed to final liquidation and settlement until said circular was revoked by Department Circular No. 101, of July 21, 1897.

It is a settled purpose to avoid any accumulation of delinquent accounts, and the clerks who may at any time have charge of such accounts are required to explain the causes of delay. Thus the Auditor and the deputy can secure definite information as to the actual condition of the business of the office, and the work can be properly equalized among the clerks, so that no account will be necessarily delayed which is accompanied by evidence justifying its allowance.

REFERENCES.

1. A brief statement of audits relating to the collections of public revenues will be found on page 5.

2. Audits relative to miscellaneous disbursements of public funds appear on pages 5–9.

3. A summary of the work performed by each division is given on pages 10 and 11.

The liquidating section of the customs division (see page 12) examined 247,251 entries and discovered and corrected errors therein involving $22,271.88, of which amount $2,027.02 were "overcollections" unduly favoring the Government and $20,244.86 were "short collections" unduly favoring importers, making a net balance of $18,217.84 due the Government over and above the amounts reported by the collectors of customs.

4. A comparative statement, by fiscal years, of the business of this office from 1861 is presented on pages 13 and 14.

5. The appendix (pages 15–19) contains three important tables (A, B, and C) relating to the work of the manifest section of the customs division and presenting valuable information in regard to the nature, quantity, and modes of importations.

Table A shows that the total number of manifests received during the year was 226,007.

Table B indicates the merchandise transported without appraisement under the act of June 10, 1880.

Table C is a report made by this office in response to a written request of the supervising special agent for certain information relative to merchandise imported under consular seal.

THE FILES.

I desire to call attention to the urgent need of additional space for the files of this office. The rooms are already so crowded that many papers must be left in the aisles without the possibility of appropriate system.

The regular accounts and warrants filed between October 1, 1894, and November 15, 1896, occupied 8,155 cubic feet. In view of these facts, the necessity for additional space becomes apparent.

We also need some suitable books in which we can keep a systematic record of accounts so that each account can be readily and correctly traced and located.

Although the Auditor and the Deputy, the Hon. Edward McKitterick, have had but a brief acquaintance with the clerks, the assistant messengers, and laborers in the office, we hereby express to you our hearty appreciation of the efficiency and fidelity which they have manifested in the discharge of their official duties.

Very respectfully,

W. E. ANDREWS,
Auditor for the Treasury Department.

Hon. LYMAN J. GAGE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

STATISTICAL REPORT OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVED, EXAMINED, AND AUDITED, SHOWING THE TITLE OF THE APPROPRIATION, THE NUMBER OF ACCOUNTS, AND THE AMOUNT INVOLVED.

RECEIPTS.

Accounts audited (title of appropriation).	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Duties on merchandise and tonnage	1,322	$126,400,397.98
Fines, penalties and forfeitures	821	109,697.66
Marine-hospital collections	90	6,247.66
Immigration fees	201	341,475.00
Receipts on emolument accounts	.....	516,608.35
Money received on account of deceased passengers	21	390.00
Money received from sale of old material, public documents, etc	222	36,527.92
Epidemic diseases and quarantine collections	12	265.15
Treasurer of the United States, for moneys received	4	796,988,166.90
Mints and assay offices, account of gold and silver bullion	25	114,029,086.86
Copyright catalogues	20	230.00
Collectors' internal-revenue accounts	275	153,475,371.70
Secretary's special-deposit accounts	2	220,750.56
Assays of ores	46	2,797.50
Total receipts	3,061	1,189,128,013.24

DISBURSEMENTS.

Accounts audited.	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Salaries.		
Office of—		
Secretary	6	$506,225.56
Secretary, Winder Building	12	9,196.53
Supervising Architect	5	5,190.70
Comptroller of the Treasury	5	39,922.77
Auditor for Treasury Department	5	141,891.49
Auditor for War Department	12	301,374.49
Auditor for War Department, repairing rolls	12	20,345.10
Auditor for Navy Department	5	67,061.59
Auditor for Interior Department	5	173,640.88
Auditor for State and other Departments	5	85,957.54
Auditor for Post-Office Department	4	563,998.93
Auditor for Post-Office Department, temporary clerks	1	39.56
Treasurer of United States	5	281,337.07
Treasurer (national currency, reimbursable)	5	61,142.26
Register of the Treasury	5	68,109.45
Comptroller of the Currency	5	102,546.50
Comptroller of the Currency (national currency, reimbursable)	5	16,714.82
Bureau of Immigration	5	10,560.00
Commissioner of Internal Revenue	5	255,956.86
Commissioner of Internal Revenue (reimbursable)	4	2,500.00
Light-House Board	5	35,610.29
Life-Saving Service	5	36,573.01
Bureau of Navigation, Treasury Department	5	25,499.72
Bureau of Statistics	5	47,743.77
Secret-Service Division	5	11,302.12
Supervising Surgeon-General, Marine-Hospital Service	4	25,920.00
Supervising Inspector-General, Steamboat-Inspection Service	5	10,449.78
Standard weights and measures	14	3,749.87
Contingent expenses, office of Standard Weights and Measures	20	429.35
Director of the Mint	5	26,850.25

STATISTICAL REPORT OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVED, EXAMINED, ETC.—Continued.

DISBURSEMENTS—Continued.

Accounts audited.	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Contingent expenses.		
Stationery	9	$64,723.98
Binding, newspapers, etc	6	731.10
Investigating accounts and traveling expenses	5	365.95
Freight, telegrams, etc	16	5,440.69
Rent	5	4,294.92
Horses, wagons, etc	6	2,714.14
Ice	6	2,286.54
File holders and cases	5	2,052.06
Fuel, etc	6	8,857.50
Gas, etc	7	12,888.02
Carpets and repairs	10	2,678.75
Furniture, etc	5	6,272.78
Miscellaneous items	11	7,322.76
National currency.		
Contingent expenses, national currency, Treasurer's office, reimbursable (permanent)	59	46,538.00
Sealing and separating United States securities	18	874.48
Distinctive paper for United States securities	18	104,555.75
Canceling United States securities and cutting distinctive paper	6	44.90
Expenses of Treasury notes	21	154,288.24
Special witness of destruction of United States securities	12	1,630.00
Examination of national banks and bank plates	10	1,177.68
Expenses of national currency	7	25,093.16
Press and separating machine for United States securities	5	1,291.99
Alaska.		
Salaries and traveling expenses of agents at the seal fisheries	10	10,519.18
Protecting seal and salmon fisheries of Alaska	3	602.60
Supplies for native inhabitants, Alaska	1	21,899.05
Expenses of inspectors of pelagic seal skins	4	295.00
Protection of salmon fisheries of Alaska	24	5,169.74
Government wharf in Alaska	2	7.20
Scientific investigation of fur-seal fisheries	26	11,341.64
World's Columbian Exposition.		
Expenses Government Board of Control	3	8.96
Medals and diplomas	4	6,016.23
Expenses committee on awards (reimbursable)	10	3,149.04
Rent of building, division of awards	1	69.14
Board of Lady Managers	12	1,780.30
Expenses committee on awards, Board of Lady Managers (reimbursable)	3	3,647.68
Synopsis of Department reports	3	2,553.49
Distribution of medals and diplomas	36	3,534.98
Payment to Thomas W. Palmer, president World's Columbian Exposition	18	6,517.67
Expenses World's Columbian Commission	4	12,33
Government buildings, World's Columbian Exposition	3	600.00
Expositions at Atlanta and Nashville.		
Cotton States and International Exposition at Atlanta	17	2,853.64
Building for Government exhibit, Atlanta	4	132.00
Tennessee Centennial Exposition, Nashville, Tenn	9	35,358.99
Building for Goverument exhibit, Nashville, Tenn	1	29.00
Bureau of Engraving and Printing.		
Salaries	13	17,123.00
Compensation of employees	13	581,828.45
Materials and miscellaneous expenses	36	272,805.04
Plate printing	13	614,931.95
Custody of dies, rolls, and plates	12	6,743.30
Rent of office for distribution of stamps	1	50.00
Leaves of absence, division of awards	1	3,210.80
Internal revenue.		
Salaries and expenses of—		
Collectors	366	1,771,779.26
Agents and subordinate officers	1,084	1,832,890.33
Bounty on sugar	2	6,077,960.28
Paper for internal-revenue stamps	29	39,867.63
Punishment for violation of internal-revenue laws	146	49,337.97
Refunding taxes illegally collected	96	4,659.00
Refunding taxes on spirits destroyed by casualty	6	2,694.09
Redemption of stamps	389	16 844.06
Drawback on tobacco and spirits exported	84	35,980.86
Refund of moneys paid for lands sold for direct taxes in South Carolina	10	14,927.89
Refund of direct taxes levied under act of August 5, 1861	2	4,898.17
Relief of Cogswell & Co	1	1,287.67

STATISTICAL REPORT OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVED, EXAMINED, ETC.—Continued.

DISBURSEMENTS—Continued.

Accounts audited.	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Coast and Geodetic Survey.		
Salaries	21	$224,035.62
Party expenses	115	106,882.37
Repairs of vessels	17	30,700.32
Publishing observations	18	632.48
General expenses	43	25,634.41
Alaska boundary survey	7	6.00
Revenue-Cutter Service.		
Expenses Revenue-Cutter Service	528	1,002,889.92
Revenue steamer for Chesapeake Bay	4	3,017.17
Revenue steamer for the New England coast	12	70,031.07
Revenue steamer for the Great Lakes	9	79,851.97
Revenue steamer for the Pacific coast	13	180,773.01
Revenue cutter for San Francisco	11	35,341.49
Steam launches for Puget Sound	4	3,053.25
Building or purchase of revenue vessels	3	695.91
Refuge station, Point Barrow, Alaska	7	1,924.99
Revenue steamers for the Great Lakes	1	1,179.48
Life-Saving Service.		
Life-Saving Service	193	1,431,204.50
Establishing life-saving stations	21	49,698.99
Site Long Branch life-saving stations	1	860.80
Light-House Establishment.		
Salaries, keepers of light-houses	79	634,082.61
Supplies of light-houses	159	346,761.86
Repairs of light-houses	95	507,917.12
Expenses of light vessels	70	263,285.00
Expenses of buoyage	151	359,549.13
Expenses of fog signals	58	66,406.10
Inspecting lights	4	681.42
Lighting of rivers	65	274,632.08
Construction of light stations	181	336,999.63
Construction of light ships	27	91,535.22
Construction of light-house tenders	6	14,777.51
Construction of light-house depots	12	14,241.89
Oil houses for light stations	30	3,931.93
Miscellaneous light-house accounts	4	14.58
Public buildings.		
Construction of—		
Court-houses and post-offices	644	1,807,812.90
Custom-houses	148	439,056.22
Quarantine stations	9	357.11
Appraiser's warehouse	25	60,128.74
Building for mints	18	11,215.67
Marine hospitals	18	20,992.72
Building for Bureau of Engraving and Printing	13	24,495.90
Plans for public buildings	6	3,724.96
Pay of assistant custodians and janitors	19	787,716.59
Fuel, lights, and water for public buildings	74	856,755.81
Furniture and repairs of same, public buildings	38	218,133.85
Inspector of furniture, etc	4	4,651.39
Heating apparatus for public buildings	34	162,097.82
Vaults, safes, and locks for public buildings	9	50,681.84
Repairs and preservation of public buildings	35	260,693.80
Treasury building, Washington, D. C	12	7,165.66
Independent treasury.		
Salaries, office of assistant treasurers:		
Baltimore, Md	3	13,861.20
Boston, Mass	2	19,705.00
Chicago, Ill	2	17,086.00
Cincinnati, Ohio	2	9,380.00
New Orleans, La	2	10,245.00
New York, N. Y	2	96,991.11
Philadelphia, Pa	2	21,079.40
St. Louis, Mo	2	11,228.30
San Francisco, Cal	2	13,560.00
Contingent expenses, independent treasury	248	167,182.71
Treasurer's general account of expenditures	4	776,736,707.16
Paper for checks and drafts, independent treasury	5	9,867,88

STATISTICAL REPORT OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVED, EXAMINED, ETC.—Continued.

DISBURSEMENTS—Continued.

Accounts audited.	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Mints and assay offices.		
Contingent expenses, Office of Director of Mint	43	$3,833.80
Freight on bullion and coin	27	29,380.96
Salaries, wages, and contingent expenses of United States mints and assay offices	459	1,074,677.67
Gold and silver bullion	16	106,072,500.63
Transportation of silver coins	163	85,816.45
Recoinage of uncurrent fractional silver coins	7	69,578.25
Coinage of silver bullion	42	182,948.11
Parting and refining bullion	70	127,388.92
Storage of silver bullion	12	4,015.00
Recoinage of gold coins	5	36,942.84
Transportation of minor coins	6	1,984.70
Purchase of gold coin, act March 17, 1862	1	1.60
Customs service.		
Expenses of collecting the revenue from customs	2,093	7,162,685.45
Detection and prevention of frauds upon the customs revenue	10	68,846.78
Excess of deposits	553	1,365,723.99
Debentures and drawbacks	214	2,401,190.98
Official emoluments	1,595	278,874.53
Duties, etc., refunded	513	109,371.94
Compensation in lieu of moieties	42	6,017.29
Salaries of shipping service	254	86,620.53
Services to American vessels	1,002	20,880.04
Marine-Hospital Service.		
Marine-Hospital Service	187	735,718.49
Preventing the spread of epidemic diseases	27	37,373.88
Quarantine service	73	110,047.61
Quarantine station:		
Brunswick, Ga.	2	1,541.40
Delaware Breakwater	1	----------
South Atlantic	4	831.08
Southport, N. C.	4	18,336.99
Key West, Fla.	1	----------
Gulf	4	300.54
Port Townsend	3	4,839.55
Cape Charles, site of building, etc.	1	90.00
Reedy Island, Delaware River	5	2,830.59
San Diego	1	347.50
San Francisco	6	4,163.47
Steamboat Inspection Service.		
Salaries	4	207,679.80
Contingent expenses	141	63,398.99
Secret Service.		
Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes	32	36,364.00
Immigration.		
Expense of regulating immigration	47	268,943.54
Enforcement of the Chinese exclusion act	45	79,291.09
Enforcement of the alien contract-labor law	7	91,834.37
Public debt (permanent).		
Interest:		
Consols of 1907	134	19,564,466.50
Funded loan of 1891	93	508,134.12
Loans of 1881 and 1882	4	139.94
Pacific Railroad bond checks	53	3,217,410.72
Coin coupons	191	7,357,608.26
Navy pension fund	1	420,000.00
Four per cent of 1895	121	4,720,761.00
Five per cent loan of 1904	104	2,412,601.00
Unclaimed interest	3	2,529.00
Miscellaneous securities:		
Spanish indemnity	3	28,389.85
Redemption of bonds	8	51,318.89
Redemption of sinking fund	10	260,441.52
Pacific Railroad bonds	9	11,065,055.90
Currency certificates, 1872	12	74,625,000.00
Refunding certificates	8	3,164.00
Gold certificates, 1882	8	2,200,000.00
One-year notes, 1863	9	241.50
Two-year notes of 1863	1	55.00
Six per cent compound-interest notes	12	1,588.02
Seven-thirties, 1864–65	2	1,236.22

STATISTICAL REPORT OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVED, EXAMINED, ETC.—Continued.

DISBURSEMENTS—Continued.

Accounts audited.	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Public debt (permanent)—Continued.		
Circulating securities destroyed:		
United States notes	25	$109,273,500.00
Fractional currency	3	3,248.00
Gold certificates	10	2,616,020.00
Silver certificates	12	144,989,000.00
National-bank notes	12	10,886,783.50
Treasury—miscellaneous.		
Secretary's special-deposit account (offers of compromise)	1	210,207.49
Sinking fund, Pacific railroads	7	1,534,857.10
File cases, office of the Sixth Auditor	1	115.94
Lands and other property of the United States	24	214.73
To promote the education of the blind	1	10,000.00
Outstanding liabilities	279	20,905.90
Report upon explosives	4	540.00
Refunding money erroneously received and covered	1	400.00
Examination of subtreasuries and depositories	4	1,840.35
Refunding to national banking associations excess of duty	5	50.00
Payment of judgments court of Alabama claims	1	34.49
Employment of E. W. Sells, expert in bookkeeping	1	597.25
Collecting statistics relating to commerce	8	769.32
Reimbursement to A. H. Stilwell and Charles Olsen	2	137.20
Relief of H. C. Herndon	1	204.30
Relief of Wm. B. Isaac & Co	1	16,987.00
Relief of John Keefe	1	220.00
Total disbursements	15,207	1,318,725,669.24
Total receipts	3,061	1,189,128,013.24
Total receipts and disbursements	18,268	2,507,853,682.48
Warehouse and bond and stamp accounts	1,093	271,375,487.94
Grand total	19,361	2,779,229,170.42

Number of certificates recorded	11,605
Number of certificates indexed	11,605
Number of letters written	22,488
Number of letters typewritten	34,093
Number of letters press-copied	22,488
Number of letters indexed	22,488
Requisitions answered	4,003
National-bank changes	2,536
Accounts, letters, etc., received and entered	32,036
Authorities filed	1,979
Authorities recorded	2,844
Authorities transcribed	5,246
Number of references to other offices	329
Entries on register of authorities	3,970
Number of powers of attorney entered and referred	1,751
Number of acknowledgments	3,340
Number of warrants received and entered	6,115
Certificates of authority furnished	421
Fines registered	2,545
Public fund statements referred	6,559
Money returns examined	1,914
Stubs received	215,616
Stubs summarized	236,815
Books of internal-revenue stamps received and counted	44,096
Files room:	
Accounts received, arranged, checked, and filed	16,088
Accounts withdrawn from files	7,525
Accounts returned to files	6,696
Vouchers in accounts numbered	795,570
Pay warrants received, arranged, and labeled	53,364
Contracts, etc., received and filed	3,186
Number of notices of official bonds received and filed	143
Number of requisitions upon superintendent's office issued	149
Number of reports on suits in Court of Claims, etc.	35

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF THE WORK OF THE OFFICE AS SHOWN BY THE REPORTS OF THE VARIOUS DIVISIONS.

CUSTOMS DIVISION—J. G. DILL, CHIEF.

[Audits the accounts of collectors of customs for receipts of customs revenue, and disbursements for the expenses of collecting the same, and also including accounts of collectors for receipts and disbursements in connection with the Revenue-Cutter, Light-House, and Marine-Hospital services, with accounts for official emoluments, debentures, refund of duties, warehouse and bond accounts, and miscellaneous disbursements.]

	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Receipts	2,487	$127,375,311.80
Disbursements	6,579	11,983,122.74
Total receipts and disbursements	9,066	139,358,434.54
Warehouse and bond accounts	996	105,290,646.46
Total receipts and disbursements and warehouse and bond accounts	10,062	244,649,081.00

INTERNAL-REVENUE DIVISION—E. C. FITZSIMONS, CHIEF.

[Audits all accounts relating to internal revenue.]

	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Receipts	275	$150,475,371.70
Disbursements	2,125	9,852,067.02
Total receipts and disbursements	2,400	160,327,438.72
Stamp accounts of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue	97	166,084,841.48
Total receipts, disbursements, and stamp accounts	2,497	326,412,280.20

PUBLIC DEBT DIVISION—T. O. W. ROBERTS, CHIEF.

[Audits all accounts for payment of interest on the public debt, both registered stock and coupon bonds, Pacific Railroad bonds, Louisville and Portland Canal bonds, Navy pension fund, redemption of United States bonds, redemption of coin and currency certificates, old notes, and bounty scrip, and accounts for notes and fractional currency destroyed.]

	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Interest on United States securities	707	$38,232,040.39
Redemption of United States bonds	79	88,208,101.05
United States circulating securities destroyed	62	267,768,551.50
Total	848	394,208,692.94

MISCELLANEOUS DIVISION—C. C. TYLER, CHIEF.

[Audits all accounts of the Department of the Treasury, including salaries and contingent expenses, Life-Saving Service, outstanding liabilities, bonded and land-grant railroads, Coast and Geodetic Survey, accounts of mints and assay offices, construction and care of public buildings, United States Treasurer and assistant treasurers, Light-House Establishment, Bureau of Engraving and Printing, independent treasury, Marine Hospital, Steamboat-Inspection Service, and sales of old material.]

	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Receipts	299	$911,277,329.74
Disbursements	5,655	902,681,786.54
Total	5,954	1,813,959,116.28

RECAPITULATION.

	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Customs division: Receipts and disbursements	9,066	$139,358,434.54
Internal-revenue division: Receipts and disbursements	2,400	160,327,438.72
Public debt division: Total	848	394,208,692.94
Miscellaneous division: Receipts and disbursements	5,954	1,813,959,116.28
Total receipts and disbursements	18,268	2,507,853,683.48
Customs division: Warehouse and bond accounts	996	105,290,646.46
Internal-revenue division: Stamp accounts	97	166,084,841.48
Total number of accounts settled and total amount involved in settlement	19,361	2,779,229,170.42

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER OF ACCOUNTS ON HAND JULY 1, 1896, THE NUMBER RECEIVED, THE NUMBER AUDITED, AND THE NUMBER REMAINING AT THE CLOSE OF THE FISCAL YEAR.

Division.	Number of accounts on hand July 1, 1896.	Number of accounts received.	Number of accounts audited.	Number of accounts remaining June 30, 1897.
Customs	955	10,118	10,062	1,011
Internal revenue	.....	2,497	2,497	.....
Public debt	.....	878	848	30
Miscellaneous	70	6,195	5,954	311
Total	1,025	19,688	19,361	1,352

The accounts remaining June 30, 1897, were received as follows:

Division.	Prior to Jan. 1, 1897.	During the quarter ending Mar. 31, 1897.	During the quarter ending June 30, 1897.
Customs	.....	2	1,009
Internal revenue	.....	.....	.....
Public debt	.....	.....	30
Miscellaneous	.....	85	226
Total	.....	87	1,265

REPORT OF WORK PERFORMED IN MANIFEST SECTION.

Vessel manifests received, masters'	27,885
Vessel manifests received, collectors' copies	27,885
Consular seal manifests received, consuls'	1,526
Consular seal manifests received, collectors' copies on entry	1,526
Consular seal manifests received on arrival	1,526
Railroad car manifests received, conductors'	104,075
Railroad car manifests received, collectors' copies	189,935
Wagon and other manifests received, owners'	7,662
Wagon and other manifests received, collectors' copies	7,662
Manifests compared with collectors' copies	142,874
Manifests liquidated by comparison with entries, etc	246,453
Manifests returned for correction	584
Letters written	737
Letters received	475
Consular seal reports received and checked	252
Immediate transportation reports received and checked	1,257
Unclaimed merchandise reports received and checked	645

REPORT OF WORK PERFORMED IN LIQUIDATION SECTION.

Number of entries examined	247,251
Number of invoices, weighers' returns, and other papers examined in connection with the verification of the liquidation of the above entries	356,533
Number of letters written to and received from surveyors of customs, collectors of customs, etc., in connection with the above entries	4,473
Total number of papers handled	608,257
Number of tariff errors noted in connection with the examination of the above entries	1,064
Number of errors in form	11,022
Total number of errors	12,086
Amount involved in the tariff errors—	
In favor of the United States, over collections	2,027,02
In favor of the importer, short collections	20,244.86
Total amount involved in the errors	22,271.88

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, BY FISCAL YEARS, OF TRANSACTIONS IN THE FIRST AUDITOR'S OFFICE, FROM 1861 TO SEPTEMBER 30, 1895, INCLUSIVE.

Fiscal year.	Number of accounts examined and adjusted.				Amount.				Number of certificates recorded.	Number of letters written.	Number of powers of attorney filed.
	Receipts.	Disbursements.	Warehouse and bond accounts.	Total.	Receipts.	Disbursements.	Warehouse and bond accounts.	Total amount.			
1861	1,744	7,461	.....	9,205	$40,032,704.03	$201,860,753.25	.....	$241,893,457.28	7,249	727	.....
1862	1,477	7,906	.....	9,383	47,225,611.94	352,564,687.88	.....	399,790,299.82	7,997	1,065	.....
1863	1,407	8,543	.....	9,950	67,417,405.95	890,917,695.77	.....	958,335,101.72	7,436	1,339	.....
1864	1,342	9,560	.....	10,902	81,540,726.80	1,447,668,825.90	.....	1,529,209,552.70	7,580	1,316	1,646
1865	1,972	10,520	.....	12,492	90,763,635.52	1,755,151,626.75	.....	1,845,915,262.27	8,524	1,824	2,424
1866	2,122	13,329	.....	15,451	221,445,243.71	1,972,713,889.06	.....	2,194,159,132.77	12,635	1,909	2,326
1867	2,055	10,812	.....	12,867	218,884,931.81	2,339,633,571.08	.....	2,558,518,502.89	10,823	1,735	2,973
1868	2,364	11,396	.....	13,760	215,497,955.23	1,949,304,257.09	.....	2,164,802,212.32	10,160	1,737	5,022
1869	2,547	13,352	.....	15,899	231,762,318.23	1,808,644,481.50	.....	2,040,406,799.73	10,859	1,900	4,295
1870	2,441	12,630	.....	15,071	240,196,298.97	1,344,512,789.41	.....	1,584,709,088.38	10,572	2,395	7,690
1871	2,864	14,101	.....	16,965	239,338,078.13	1,773,277,492.08	.....	2,012,615,570.21	11,426	2,239	6,856
1872	4,511	15,293	.....	19,804	912,200,147.78	1,399,778,632.45	.....	2,251,978,780.23	12,900	2,356	5,672
1873	5,522	14,474	.....	19,996	1,202,869,370.18	1,416,193,007.42	.....	2,619,062,377.60	12,433	2,339	5,138
1874	6,586	17,237	.....	23,823	875,692,671.71	1,283,786,750.33	.....	2,159,479,422.04	13,766	1,905	5,362
1875	7,065	17,994	.....	25,059	1,144,320,298.80	1,491,427,101.07	.....	2,635,747,399.87	12,860	2,282	4,149
1876	6,615	16,847	.....	23,462	1,139,847,330.52	1,746,678,602.58	.....	2,886,525,933.10	12,163	2,048	2,948
1877	7,016	17,544	.....	24,560	696,493,659.51	986,401,191.96	.....	1,682,894,851.57	13,059	2,055	4,505
1878	7,038	16,381	.....	23,419	959,020,393.82	1,287,812,745.00	.....	2,246,833,138.82	12,729	2,473	4,626
1879	7,207	17,618	.....	24,825	917,547,049.73	1,147,581,192.79	.....	2,065,128,242.52	13,824	3,219	5,891
1880	7,035	20,046	.....	27,081	1,206,298,429.71	1,893,413,941.53	.....	3,099,712,371.24	13,768	3,443	3,891
1881	6,814	20,308	.....	27,122	862,066,081.94	1,016,464,134.81	.....	1,878,530,216.75	15,396	3,857	3,539
1882	7,193	20,802	.....	27,995	973,657,471.39	1,025,640,807.75	.....	1,999,298,279.14	15,179	4,501	3,568
1883	8,149	22,950	.....	31,099	828,360,880.42	1,361,099,615.73	.....	2,189,460,496.15	18,871	5,248	3,200
1884	8,608	22,705	.....	31,313	956,377,944.94	1,126,835,531.67	.....	2,083,213,476.61	20,106	5,381	2,339
1885	6,342	23,632	.....	29,974	1,089,208,286.68	1,152,493,050.55	.....	2,241,701,337.23	10,985	5,295	2,125
1886	4,834	24,206	.....	29,040	898,990,191.10	916,703,292.09	.....	1,815,693,483.19	19,987	8,591	2,643
1887	3,385	27,930	.....	31,315	1,053,299,015.66	1,284,471,593.23	.....	2,337,770,608.89	21,606	4,571	3,072
1888	2,733	28,658	.....	31,391	901,181,435.09	1,030,725,563.22	.....	1,931,906,998.31	21,464	4,263	3,106
1889	2,268	27,200	.....	29,468	803,042,622.61	867,577,102.75	.....	1,670,619,725.36	10,708	3,146	2,685
1890	2,761	31,867	.....	34,628	1,019,684,429.60	1,165,879,638.80	.....	2,185,564,068.40	14,753	3,184	2,071
1891	2,988	33,592	.....	36,580	985,017,611.19	1,201,513,909.85	.....	2,186,531,521.04	17,195	3,874	2,044
1892	3,029	32,648	1,212	36,889	1,104,745,679.22	1,292,218,570.88	$156,876,147.35	2,553,840,397.45	15,890	4,259	1,803
1893	3,017	33,750	977	37,744	1,106,118,228.22	1,281,007,284.13	137,474,540.29	2,524,600,052.64	25,518	4,295	1,674
1894	3,175	31,590	1,088	35,853	1,133,696,183.44	1,565,596,216.37	153,133,113.77	2,852,425,513.58	24,880	5,140	1,827
1895 (three months)	402	7,456	111	7,969	19,759,750.05	75,599,723.64	19,623,074.19	114,982,547.88	8,934	1,501	1,408

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, BY FISCAL YEARS, OF TRANSACTIONS IN THE OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR FOR THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT, FROM OCTOBER 1, 1895 TO 1897, INCLUSIVE.

Fiscal year.	Number of accounts examined and audited.				Amount.				Number of certificates recorded.	Number of letters written.	Number of powers of attorney filed.
	Receipts.	Disbursements.	Warehouse and bond and internal-revenue stamp accounts.	Total.	Receipts.	Disbursements.	Warehouse and bond and internal-revenue stamp accounts.	Total amount.			
1895 (nine months) ..	3,032	12,825	909	16,766	$1,152,461,710.55	$1,174,262,162.79	$309,162,440.90	$2,635,886,314.24	9,528	13,345	1,321
1896	2,998	22,002	1,022	26,022	1,211,571,529.10	1,298,242,491.30	296,389,800.35	2,806,203,820.75	17,998	20,598	1,401
1897	3,061	15,207	1,093	19,361	1,189,128,013.24	1,318,725,669.24	271,375,487.94	2,779,229,170.42	11,605	22,488	1,979

APPENDIX.

TABLE A.—STATEMENT OF ARRIVAL OF VESSELS, RAILROAD CARS (NOT SEALED), WAGONS AND OTHER VEHICLES, AND RAILROAD CARS UNDER CONSULAR SEAL DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Collection district.	Manifests received.			
	Vessels and small boats.	Railroad cars not sealed.	Wagons and other vehicles.	Railroad cars under consular seal.
Alaska, Alaska	109			
Alexandria, Va	12			
Apalachicola, Fla	114			
Arizona, Ariz		931	607	
Aroostook, Me		786	386	
Bangor, Me	23	13,861		
Barnstable, Mass	7			
Bath, Me	21	474	19	
Beaufort, S. C	28			
Belfast, Me	81			
Brazos de Santiago, Tex	358			
Bridgeton, N. J	2			
Bristol and Warren, R. I	4			
Brunswick, Ga	299			
Buffalo Creek, N. Y	1,895	17,023		
Cape Vincent, N. Y	1,084			
Castine, Me	8			
Champlain, N. Y	1,183	26,820	849	
Charleston, S. C	114			
Chicago, Ill	104			
Corpus Christi, Tex		2,176	55	
Cuyahoga, Ohio	708			
Delaware, Del	96			
Detroit, Mich	2,589	8,933		187
Duluth, Minn	191	1,887		
Edgartown, Mass	23			
Erie, Pa	69			
Fairfield, Conn	35			
Fall River, Mass	44			
Fernandina, Fla	74			
Frenchmans Bay, Me	6			
Galveston, Tex	368			
Genesee, N. Y	646			
Georgetown, D. C	11			
Georgetown, S. C	1			
Gloucester, Mass	100			
Hartford, Conn	3			
Huron, Mich	3,300	3,536		141
Key West, Fla	278			
Los Angeles, Cal	32			
Machias, Me	20			
Marblehead, Mass	51			
Miami, Ohio	202			
Michigan, Mich	112			
Minnesota, Minn	196		1	
Mobile, Ala	474			
Montana and Idaho, Mont. and Idaho	128	3,596	5	
Newark, N. J	58			
New Bedford, Mass	68			
Newburyport, Mass	3			
New Haven, Conn	44			
New London, Conn	14			
Newport, R. I	22			
Newport News, Va	179			
Niagara, N. Y	804	19,068	2,593	
Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va	135			
North and South Dakota, N. and S. Dak	26	1,249	193	535
Oregon, Oreg	105			
Oswegatchie, N. Y	2,034	7,948	14	449
Oswego, N. Y	1,253			
Pamlico, N. C	4			
Paso del Norte, Tex		7,974	64	

TABLE A.—STATEMENT OF ARRIVAL OF VESSELS, RAILROAD CARS (NOT SEALED), WAGONS AND OTHER VEHICLES, AND RAILROAD CARS UNDER CONSULAR SEAL DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

Collection district.	Manifests received.			
	Vessels and small boats.	Railroad cars not sealed.	Wagons and other vehicles.	Railroad cars under consular seal.
Passamaquoddy, Me	797		3	
Pearl River, Miss	265			
Pensacola, Fla	393			
Perth Amboy, N. J	24			
Petersburg, Va	1			
Plymouth, Mass	8			
Portland and Falmouth, Me	217			
Portsmouth, N. H	23			
Providence, R. I	87			
Puget Sound, Wash	2,272	2,398	110	63
Richmond, Va	5			
Saco, Me	1			
Salem and Beverly, Mass	45			
Saluria, Tex		6,180	500	
San Diego, Cal	204		357	
Sandusky, Ohio	438		31	
Savannah, Ga	290			
St. Augustine, Fla	6			
St. Johns, Fla	34			
St. Marks, Fla	1			
St. Marys, Ga	5			
Stonington, Conn	22			
Superior, Mich	1,569	970	206	10
Tampa, Fla	92			
Vermont, Vt	605	64,125	1,669	91
Waldoboro, Me	434			
Willamette, Oreg	11			
Wilmington, N. C	84			
Total	27,885	189,935	7,662	1,526

TABLE B.—MERCHANDISE TRANSPORTED WITHOUT APPRAISEMENT UNDER ACT OF JUNE 10, 1880, FROM THE UNDERMENTIONED PORTS OF FIRST ARRIVAL DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897 (SECTION NO. 1), AS PER ACCOUNTS RECEIVED AND EXAMINED.

Port of importation.	District.	Packages.	Invoice value.	Estimated duty.
Baltimore, Md	Baltimore	214,887	$2,268,390.00	$2,307,488.66
Boston, Mass	Boston and Charlestown	62,876	902,725.00	186,825.60
Charleston, S. C	Charleston	38	8,019.00	
Detroit, Mich	Detroit	16,709	155,673.00	43,340.43
Galveston, Tex	Galveston	12	548.00	247.40
Key West, Fla	Key West	17,515	397,404.06	303,867.83
Marquette, Mich	Superior	621	6,165.98	1,042.37
New Orleans, La	New Orleans	106,900	1,067,955.00	719,137.10
Newport News, Va	Newport News	83,666	1,390,206.00	438,731.33
New York, N. Y	New York	961,432	26,586,355.00	12,575,228.00
Ogdensburg, N. Y	Oswegatchie	4,077	21,631.00	9,515.87
Pensacola, Fla	Pensacola	4,757	237.85	
Philadelphia, Pa	Philadelphia	67,931	1,766,083.00	910,729.00
Port Huron, Mich	Huron	33,902	232,949.82	58,591.57
Portland, Me	Portland and Falmouth	13,536	71,563.00	30,145.77
Portland, Oreg	Willamette	124,167	667,973.00	48,138.00
San Francisco, Cal	San Francisco	212,149	5,511,585.00	766,279.26
Seattle, Wash	Puget Sound	45,649	418,362.00	61,062.94
Tacoma, Wash	do	407,953	2,984,193.00	274,837.04
Tampa, Fla	Tampa	1	5.00	41.25
Vanceboro, Me	Bangor	1,483	52,521.00	8,671.75
Total		2,380,261	44,510,544.71	18,743,921.17

TABLE B (CONTINUED).—MERCHANDISE TRANSPORTED WITHOUT APPRAISEMENT UNDER ACT OF JUNE 10, 1880, TO THE UNDERMENTIONED PORTS OF DELIVERY DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897 (SECTION NO. 7), AS PER ACCOUNTS RECEIVED AND EXAMINED.

Port of importation.	District.	Packages.	Invoice value.	Estimated duty.
Albany, N. Y	Independent port, surveyor	2,437	$107,122.00	$62,583.00
Atlanta, Ga	do	339	26,775.06	9,943.99
Baltimore, Md	Baltimore	33,065	270,120.00	153,977.95
Bangor, Me	Bangor	672	3,229.00	1,317.50
Bath, Me	Bath	3	620.00	310.00
Boston, Mass	Boston and Charlestown	157,162	4,011,664.00	1,625,866.48
Bridgeport, Conn	Fairfield	1,168	121,305.00	60,261.00
Buffalo, N. Y	Buffalo Creek	11,587	363,968.00	162,723.70
Burlington, Vt	Vermont	837	7,804.00	95.00
Charleston, S. C	Charleston	15,233	79,070.71	58,000.61
Chicago, Ill	Chicago	585,072	11,025,036.26	4,843,956.23
Cincinnati, Ohio	Independent port, surveyor	77,791	1,207,723.00	759,059.41
Cleveland, Ohio	Cuyahoga	33,834	1,478,774.00	631,312.14
Columbus, Ohio	Independent port, surveyor	3,692	103,433.00	45,179.60
Council Bluffs, Iowa	do	262	10,604.00	3,666.55
Denver, Colo	do	1,938	69,533.56	30,321.05
Des Moines, Iowa	do	932	21,525.00	5,864.45
Detroit, Mich	Detroit	24,543	415,379.00	172,694.49
Dubuque, Iowa	Independent port, surveyor	2,242	35,072.00	8,333.85
Duluth, Minn	Duluth	501	3,297.60	916.82
Dunkirk, N. Y	Dunkirk	498	6,436.00	650.00
Erie, Pa	Erie	3,385	3,094.00	5,774.00
Evansville, Ind	Independent port, surveyor	248	10,404.00	3,338.10
Galveston, Tex	Galveston	6,863	16,283.85	4,675.25
Grand Haven, Mich	Michigan	180	27,441.00	11,000.00
Grand Rapids, Mich	Independent port, surveyor	11,392	102,872.00	27,084.90
Hartford, Conn	Hartford	25,085	683,713.00	137,391.95
Indianapolis, Ind	Independent port, surveyor	45,357	325,012.00	158,892.22
Jacksonville, Fla	St. Johns	214	12,924.00	22,314.66
Kansas City, Mo	Independent port, surveyor	29,252	250,248.00	114,596.78
Key West, Fla	Key West	511	23,321.00	43,309.00
Lincoln, Nebr	Independent port, surveyor	3,048	23,758.00	7,661.00
Los Angeles, Cal	Los Angeles	3,860	58,694.00	22,738.66
Louisville, Ky	Independent port, surveyor	15,851	321,326.00	292,191.98
Marquette, Mich	Superior	51	8,482.00	3,165.00
Memphis, Tenn	Independent port, surveyor	2,339	94,100.00	47,132.04
Middletown, Conn	Hartford (subport of)	34	6,399.00	3,085.00
Milwaukee, Wis	Milwaukee	13,309	460,567.00	170,766.52
Minneapolis, Minn	Independent port, deputy collector.	6,063	201,311.99	49,863.00
Mobile, Ala	Mobile	1,069	7,009.08	2,885.32
Nashville, Tenn	Independent port, surveyor	2,096	143,712.00	222,560.99
Newark, N. J	Newark	1,733	157,524.00	38,877.90
New Haven, Conn	New Haven	4,933	86,103.00	34,495.00
New Orleans, La	New Orleans	37,501	204,430.00	60,291.45
New York, N. Y	New York	400,024	6,731,104.00	1,011,228.77
Norfolk, Va	Norfolk and Portsmouth	2,453	11,479.00	2,423.70
Oakland, Cal	San Francisco (subport of)	4	287.00	120.00
Ocala, Fla	St. Marks (subport of)	1	10.00	5.00
Ogdensburg, N. Y	Oswegatchie	28	2,446.00	677.00
Omaha, Neb	Independent port, surveyor	17,269	114,194.00	13,838.60
Philadelphia, Pa	Philadelphia	55,405	4,447,573.00	2,623,715.40
Pittsburg, Pa	Independent port and district surveyor.	202,497	2,197,582.00	562,441.85
Port Huron, Mich	Huron	851	4,292.00	1,757.81
Portland, Me	Portland and Falmouth	1,396	35,140.00	12,721.36
Portland, Oreg	Willamette	58,720	263,272.00	101,551.55
Portsmouth, N. H	Portsmouth	3	64.00	35.00
Port Townsend, Wash	Puget Sound	2,656	3,073.00	2,908.85
Providence, R. I	Providence	20,407	762,249.00	299,028.20
Pueblo, Colo	Subport of Denver	1	37.00	20.00
Richmond, Va	Richmond	4,994	56,724.00	15,768.00
Rochester, N. Y	Genesee	12,082	609,351.00	277,890.72
St. Augustine, Fla	St. Augustine	18	707.45	115.78
St. Joseph, Mo	Independent port, surveyor	4,433	111,371.00	41,294.90
St. Louis, Mo	do	204,724	2,632,246.00	1,419,418.59
St. Paul, Minn	Minnesota	53,895	564,681.39	88,854.17
San Antonio, Tex	Subport of Saluria	182	4,757.00	1,501.33
San Diego, Cal	San Diego	17	1,814.00	828.25
Sandusky, Ohio	Sandusky	117	2,163.00	1,949.00
San Francisco, Cal	San Francisco	93,771	2,245,732.00	1,408,623.20
Savannah, Ga	Savannah	3,545	51,149.00	7,564.00
Seattle, Wash	Subport of Puget Sound	14,651	29,824.00	13,005.10

TABLE B (CONTINUED).—MERCHANDISE TRANSPORTED WITHOUT APPRAISEMENT UNDER ACT OF JUNE 10, 1880, TO THE UNDERMENTIONED PORTS OF DELIVERY DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897 (SECTION NO. 7), AS PER ACCOUNTS RECEIVED AND EXAMINED—Continued.

Port of importation.	District.	Packages.	Invoice value.	Estimated duty.
Sioux City, Iowa	Independent port, surveyor	3,381	$19,381.00	$671.53
Springfield, Mass	do	1,278	150,713.00	65,622.60
Syracuse, N. Y	do	17,230	83,833.00	36,100.00
Tacoma, Wash	Puget Sound (subport of)	24	878.00	723.11
Tampa, Fla	Tampa	19,320	488,732.76	446,929.57
Toledo, Ohio	Miami	12,345	109,483.00	45,529.46
Washington, D. C	Georgetown	4,293	168,562.00	112,430.23
Wilmington, Del	Delaware	99	7,527.00	4,150.00
Wilmington, N. C	Wilmington	55	893.00	354.00
Total		2,380,261	44,510,544.71	18,743,921.17

TABLE C.—MERCHANDISE IMPORTED UNDER CONSULAR SEAL FOR IMMEDIATE TRANSPORTATION WITHOUT APPRAISEMENT, PURSUANT TO DEPARTMENT CIRCULAR NO. 100, JULY 2, 1891, DURING FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897, AS PER ACCOUNTS RECEIVED AND EXAMINED.

PORTS OF FIRST ARRIVAL.

Ports.	Packages.	Invoice value.	Estimated duty.
Blaine, Wash	1,078	$12,605.51	$642.38
Detroit, Mich	37,141	216,034.00	
Island Pond, Vt	1,590	1,636.00	
Marquette, Mich	5,260	152,843.00	
Ogdensburg, N. Y	152,872	2,580,319.43	640,838.49
Portal, N. Dak	156,040	1,648,605.00	
Port Huron, Mich	3,007	79,468.00	1,812.95
Richford, Vt	6,180	178,600.99	1,393.25
Sumas, Wash	19,683	150,537.86	
Total	382,851	5,020,649.79	644,687.07

PORTS OF DELIVERY.

Baltimore, Md	1,046	$8,017.16	$567.37
Boston, Mass	6,180	178,600.99	1,393.25
Chicago, Ill	69,725	577,249.81	1,704.70
Cincinnati, Ohio	12	1,567.00	22.50
Cleveland, Ohio	620	8,203.00	
Everett, Wash	19,320	150,156.49	
Grand Rapids, Mich	7	138.00	
Kansas City, Mo	41,487	600,289.00	
Memphis, Tenn	1	77.00	
Milwaukee, Wis	4,592	14,756.00	85.75
Minneapolis, Minn	5,516	126,914.42	
New York, N. Y	145,644	2,444,283.16	628,256.00
Northport, Wash	2	151.75	
Omaha, Nebr	67,669	643,500.00	
Philadelphia, Pa	5,804	117,534.45	12,657.50
Pittsburg, Pa	740	10,437.47	
Portland, Me	1,590	1,636.00	
Pueblo, Colo	404	1,362.00	
Rochester, N. Y	270	4,450.89	
St. Louis, Mo	2,359	18,153.00	
St. Paul, Minn	9,218	110,854.83	
Sioux City, Iowa	282	1,936.00	
Tacoma, Wash	363	381.37	
Total	382,851	5,020,649.79	644,687.07

RECAPITULATION OF MERCHANDISE FORWARDED UNDER CONSULAR SEAL DURING FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Port of delivery.	District.	Packages.	Invoice value.	Estimated duty.	District from which forwarded.
Baltimore, Md	Baltimore	1,046	$8,017.16	$567.37	Oswegatchie.
Boston, Mass	Boston and Charlestown.	6,180	178,600.99	1,393.25	Vermont.
Chicago, Ill	Chicago	31,986	191,910.00		Detroit.
Do	do	2,979	78,995.00	1,704.70	Huron.
Do	do	34,314	298,143.00		North and South Dakota.
Do	do	446	8,201.81		Puget Sound.
		69,725	577,249.81		
Cincinnati, Ohio	Independent port	11	1,477.00		Detroit.
Do	do	1	90.00	22.50	Huron.
		12	1,567.00		
Cleveland, Ohio	Cuyahoga	620	8,203.00		North and South Dakota.
Everett, Wash	Puget Sound	19,320	150,156.49		Puget Sound.
Grand Rapids, Mich	Independent port	7	138.00		Huron.
Kansas City, Mo	do	41,487	600,289.00		North and South Dakota.
Memphis, Tenn	do	1	77.00		Do.
Milwaukee, Wis	Milwaukee	4,572	14,511.00		Detroit.
Do	do	20	245.00	85.75	Huron.
		4,592	14,756.00		
Minneapolis, Minn	Independent port	1,709	13,405.00		North and South Dakota.
Do	do	3,807	113,509.42		Superior.
		5,516	126,914.42		
New York, N. Y	New York	145,012	2,439,879.46	627,613.62	Oswegatchie.
Do	do	632	4,403.70	642.38	Puget Sound.
		145,644	2,444,283.16	628,256.00	
Northport, Wash	Puget Sound	2	151.75		Superior.
Omaha, Neb	Independent port	67,669	643,500.00		North and South Dakota.
Philadelphia, Pa	Philadelphia	5,804	117,534.45	12,657.50	Oswegatchie.
Pittsburg, Pa	Pittsburg	740	10,437.47		Do.
Portland, Me	Portland and Falmouth.	1,590	1,636.00		Vermont.
Pueblo, Colo	Subport of Denver	404	1,362.00		North and South Dakota.
Rochester, N. Y	Genesee	270	4,450.89		Oswegatchie.
Sioux City, Mo	Independent port	282	1,936.00		North and South Dakota.
St. Louis, Mo	do	1,787	10,017.00		Do.
Do	do	572	8,136.00		Detroit.
		2,359	18,153.00		
St. Paul, Minn	Minnesota	7,767	71,673.00		North and South Dakota.
Do	do	1,451	39,181.83		Superior.
		9,218	110,854.83		
Tacoma, Wash	Puget Sound	363	381.37		Puget Sound.
Total		382,851	5,020,649.79	644,687.07	

(No. 9.)

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE AUDITOR OF THE TREASURY FOR WAR DEPARTMENT.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF AUDITOR FOR WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C., September 10, 1897.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following annual report, showing the details of the work performed in this office during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897. This office is organized into six divisions.

A brief statement of the duties of the office was given by divisions in the annual reports for 1895 and 1896.

PAY AND BOUNTY DIVISION.

The following tables show the work performed by this division during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897:

EXAMINING BRANCH.

Classes of claims.	Claims pending July 1, 1896.	Claims received.	Sent to settling branch.	Disallowed.	Referred elsewhere.	Claims pending June 30, 1897.
WHITE SOLDIERS.						
Commissioned officers and enlisted men subsequent to April 13, 1861, arrears of pay and all bounties	15,445	13,798	5,358	6,872	2,312	14,701
Claims prior to April 14, 1861	25	75	26	46	.....	28
Claims of laundresses, sutlers, tailors, etc	14	14	15	7	.....	6
COLORED SOLDIERS.						
Arrears of pay and bounty	3,586	3,449	774	1,347	861	4,053
Total	19,070	17,336	6,173	8,272	3,173	18,788

SETTLING BRANCH.

Classes of claims.	Claims pending July 1, 1896.	Received from examining branch.	Allowed.	Disallowed.	Claims pending June 30, 1897.
WHITE SOLDIERS.					
Commissioned officers and enlisted men subsequent to April 13, 1861, arrears of pay and all bounties	1,623	5,358	6,094	298	589
Claims prior to April 14, 1861	.....	26	26	.....	.....
Claims of laundresses, sutlers, tailors, etc	.....	15	15	.....	.....
COLORED SOLDIERS.					
Arrears of pay and bounty	109	774	799	38	46
Total	1,732	6,173	6,934	336	635

Number of claims settled and allowed during the year	6,934
Amount involved in claims settled and allowed	$499,670.85
Number of claims disallowed	8,608
Number of claims finally disposed of	15,542
Number of claims referred to files of abandoned claims by reason of abandonment, etc	3,173
Number of claims pending June 30, 1897	19,423
Number of letters written and mailed during the year	140,341

In addition to the 15,542 claims finally disposed of during the year, there were 3,173 claims referred to the files of abandoned claims because of death of the claimants or their failure to furnish the evidence required in the consideration of their claims. In the last annual report of this office the claims "referred elsewhere," which included the cases referred from the files of pending cases to the files of "abandoned claims," were treated as claims disposed of, but in this report they are mentioned as a separate item.

During the year there were 30,091 claims examined and suspended for material evidence, and 6,573 claims were perfected and transmitted to the auditing branch for settlement.

The work of the pay and bounty division is more than one year in arrears in the examination of claims pending, but it is believed that with a more systematic order of examination and united effort on the part of all the employees the work will be so advanced that claims may receive consideration at an early date after their receipt in the office.

MAIL AND MISCELLANEOUS DIVISION.

The amount of the 2,225 requisitions approved during the year was $49,698,620.84; and in connection therewith 34 cases of delinquency were noted in the rendering of accounts to which they pertained. These were disposed of in accordance with the provisions of the act of July 31, 1894.

The following is a summary statement of the work of the division for the last fiscal year:

Certificates of nonindebtedness issued	1,334
Incoming mail (pieces)	132,420
Outgoing mail (pieces)	132,145
Claims registered	14,850
Additional evidence registered	11,900
Miscellaneous papers registered	2,779
Inquiries from other bureaus answered	6,713
Bonds registered and filed	66
Contracts registered and filed	1,981
Pages typewritten	7,792
"Final statements" copied	52
Signatures compared	342
Letters written	4,495
Letters referred to other bureaus	1,167
Letters returned to office, "uncalled for"	1,041
Requisitions recorded and indexed	2,225

The following is a summary statement of the work of the auditing section of the mail and miscellaneous division for the last fiscal year:

	Accounts.	Claims.
Number on hand July 1, 1896	107	44
Number received during the year	1,283	116
Number to be accounted for	1,390	160
Number settled during the year	1,281	125
Number on hand June 30, 1897	109	35

Number of vouchers examined 41,162

The amount involved in the accounts and claims settled was $10,871,644.23 (accounts, $10,753,500.27; claims, $118,143.96), comprising the following classes of disbursements:

Ordnance Department appropriations, including armament of fortifications, etc	$4,335,086.69
Medical Department appropriations, including artificial limbs, trusses and appliances for disabled soldiers, support and medical treatment of destitute patients (District of Columbia), maintenance of Garfield Hospital (District of Columbia), Army Medical Museum, library of Surgeon-General's Office, etc	627,132.38
Appropriations for support of National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers and for State or Territorial Homes for disabled soldiers and sailors	3,767,474.03
Miscellaneous appropriations, including the following: Salaries (civil list), contingent expenses, stationery, and rent of buildings, War Department; publication of official records of war of the rebellion; Gettysburg, Shiloh, Chickamauga, and Chattanooga national (military) parks; battle lines and sites at Antietam, and contingencies of the Army (all the foregoing being included in the accounts of the disbursing clerk for the War Department); arming and equipping the militia, contingencies at headquarters of military departments and of the military information division, Adjutant-General's Office; expenses of commanding general's office; of military convicts; artillery school at Fortress Monroe, Va., and infantry and cavalry school at Fort Leavenworth, Kans	2,141,951.13
Total	10,871,644.23

ARCHIVES DIVISION.

The following is a record of work performed by this division during the year:

FILE WORK.

Paymasters' settlements received and filed	365
Vouchers stamped	89,730
Payments registered	38,930
Vouchers withdrawn from files	69,474
Vouchers returned to files	111,178
Vouchers sent to Record and Pension Office	829
Vouchers returned from Record and Pension Office	970
File boxes stenciled	177
File boxes labeled	1,148

TRANSCRIBING PAYMENTS.

Transcripts of payments furnished pay and bounty division	7,924
Abstracts of payments furnished pay and bounty division	1,672
Special examinations for payments	1,127

REPAIRING AND COPYING.

Muster and pay rolls repaired	2,997
Single vouchers repaired	5,792
Sheets of abstracts repaired	2,948
Muster and pay rolls copied (1,626 pages)	766
Pages of registers copied	4,633

CARD INDEXING.

Cards written from muster and pay rolls	337,639
Vouchers carded	33,571
Payments reported from card index	7,141
Letters written	4,196
Pages typewritten (besides letters)	12,101

PAYMASTERS AND CLAIMS DIVISION.

The following tables show the work of this division and its condition June 30, 1897:

PAYMASTERS' ACCOUNTS.

Number on hand July 1, 1896	27
Number received during the year	271
Number to be accounted for	298
Number examined during the year	239
Number on hand June 30, 1897	59

Amount disbursed in accounts examined, $12,931,496.06.

On the 30th of June, 1897, the accounts of Army paymasters were rendered to this office to include May, 1897. Said accounts have been settled to include December 31, 1896, and the balances certified to the Secretary of the Treasury. The accounts have been examined to include February, 1897.

CLAIMS.

Number on hand July 1, 1896	5,563
Number received during the year	1,149
Number to be accounted for	6,712
Number disposed of during the year	5,924
Number on hand June 30, 1897	788

Amount claimed in cases disposed of, $469,124.77.
Amount allowed in cases disposed of, $336,036.64.

SOLDIERS' HOME.

During the year ending June 30, 1897, the sum of $126,617.95 was placed to the credit of the permanent fund of the Home, being the amount retained from enlisted men of the United States Army, on account of 12½-cent fund, and amount found due deserters and dishonorably discharged men.

There was withdrawn from said fund during the year, for current expenses, the sum of $94,782.80, and the amount paid the treasurer of the Home on account of interest on said fund, under section 8 of the act approved March 3, 1883, was $81,266.44.

DESERTERS' ACCOUNTS.

Number on hand July 1, 1896	136
Number received during the year	1,637
Number to be accounted for	1,773
Number settled during the year	617
Number on hand June 30, 1897	1,156

LONGEVITY.

Number of cases in which dates have been revised and established, showing the time from which increase is due officers of the Army for length of service	267

ADVANCE BOUNTY.

Number of calls on hand July 1, 1896	16
Number of calls received during the year	3,331
Number of calls to be accounted for	3,347
Number of calls rendered during the year	3,347

DEPOSITS AND REPAYMENTS.

The record of deposits by enlisted men under act of May 15, 1872, shows that 17,709 deposits were made since last report, amounting to $550,753.79, and that 6,207 deposits have been withdrawn, amounting to $309,402.73, upon which the depositors received interest amounting to $32,760.68.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Number of letters written	7,119
Number of pages typewritten	7,422
Number of vouchers recorded	63,267
Number of vouchers examined	102,413
Number of vouchers returned to files	2,179
Number of miscellaneous settlements reported	1,866
Number of miscellaneous papers filed	2,155
Number of requisitions passed	386
Number of transcripts prepared	120
Number of deceased soldiers' cases settled	303
Number of accounts examined in connection with inquiries received	11,133

MILITARY DIVISION.

The number of accounts considered by this division and amounts involved therein are indicated by the following tabulated statement:

Accounts.	On hand.		Received.		Settled.	
	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.
Quartermaster	552	$3,136,654.37	2,307	$7,404,328.36	2,108	$8,311,873.97
Engineer	258	3,464,375.87	794	16,220,503.27	720	13,002,692.93
Subsistence	433	607,631.16	1,891	2,146,648.79	1,805	1,993,854.19
Signal	30	4,945.87	94	20,749.11	87	18,314.71
Total	1,273	7,213,607.27	5,086	25,792,229.53	4,720	23,326,735.80

Accounts.	Unsettled.		Supplemental.	
	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.
Quartermaster	751	$2,229,108.76	256	$269,840.67
Engineer	332	6,682,186.21	18	97,668.99
Subsistence	519	760,425.76	115	10,896.06
Signal	37	7,280.27	6	1,711.81
Total	1,639	9,679,101.00	395	380,117.53

RECAPITULATION.

Accounts.	Number.	Amount.
On hand per last report	1,273	$7,213,607.27
Received since last report	5,086	25,792,229.53
Supplemental settlements	395	380,117.53
Total	6,754	33,385,954.33
Accounts settled	4,720	23,326,735.80
Supplemental settlements	395	380,117.53
Total	5,115	23,706,853.33
Remaining on hand	1,639	9,679,101.00

MISCELLANEOUS.

Letters written	2,935
Vouchers examined	571,733
Pages of manuscript written	16,241
Letters registered	7,934
Accounts examined	7,240
Contracts registered	2,237
Contract vouchers registered	10,574
Reports on requisitions for advances	1,352
Pages of manuscript compared	7,555
Names indexed	660
Calls answered	1,521

REVIEW DIVISION.

The following is a record of the work performed by this division during the fiscal year:

Character of claims audited and passed.	For allowance.	For disallowance.	Total.
Soldiers' back pay and bounty	7,177	3,962	11,139
Miscellaneous	898	234	1,132
Total	8,075	4,196	12,271

Reference is made to the report of work in the pay and bounty division, the paymasters and claims division, and the mail and miscellaneous division, in which these claims in the first instance were audited, for fuller information as to the character of the claims, amounts involved, etc.

The amount involved in the accounts of disbursing officers, settled and allowed, is $47,391,849.66, and the amount of claims allowed is $953,851.45.

Respectfully, yours,

W. W. BROWN,
Auditor.

To the Honorable the SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

(No 10.)

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR FOR THE INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE
AUDITOR FOR THE INTERIOR DEPARTMENT,
August 30, 1897.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the annual report of this Bureau for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897. The following statement shows, in tabular form, the number of accounts and claims, and amounts involved therein, on hand July 1, 1896, received and settled during the fiscal year, and remaining unsettled June 30, 1897. The total number of accounts and claims settled during the year was 27,745, involving $175,092,894.68.

Description of accounts.	On hand July 1, 1896.		Received during fiscal year.	
	Number.	Amount involved.	Number.	Amount involved.
Pension agents' accounts	47	$33,057,556.24	294	$132,910,055.86
Miscellaneous pension accounts, claims, etc			7,427	111,431.15
Supplemental accounts of pension agents			37	5,854.48
Claims for reimbursement (accrued pensions) act March 2, 1895	1,039		4,891	
Accounts of disbursing officers, Indian service	218	733,133.08	1,408	7,121,395.36
Claims, Indian service	491	468,022.86	8,350	5,404,044.35
Accounts of receiving and disbursing officers, Interior Department	28	10,701.27	3,812	11,774,056.82
Miscellaneous claims, Interior Department			1,149	16,310.75
Total	1,823	34,269,713.45	27,368	157,343,148.77

Description of accounts.	Settled during fiscal year.		Remaining unsettled June 30, 1897.	
	Number.	Amount involved.	Number.	Amount involved.
Pension agents' accounts	299	$150,322,835.25	42	$15,644,776.85
Miscellaneous pension accounts, claims, etc	7,427	111,431.15		
Supplemental accounts of pension agents	37	5,854.48		
Claims for reimbursement (accrued pensions) act March 2, 1895	5,457	(a)	473	
Accounts of disbursing officers, Indian service	1,424	7,385,582.52	202	469,245.92
Claims, Indian service	8,309	5,339,263.34	532	532,803.87
Accounts of receiving and disbursing officers, Interior Department	3,643	11,770,647.57	197	14,110.52
Miscellaneous claims, Interior Department	1,149	16,310.75		
Total	27,745	174,951,925.06	1,446	16,660,937.16

a Amount allowed, $140,969.62.

INDIAN DIVISION.

The general duties of the division are to examine and state the cash accounts of Indian agents and other disbursing officers of the Indian service, and to keep records of contracts for supplies, so that any article can be traced from its place of purchase to its destination, and the fulfillment of the contract can be ascertained. It also audits the claims of contractors for supplies, and claims of contractors for the transportation of the same; claims of employees of the Indian service, and others, for services rendered and supplies furnished by open-market purchase.

Such information and documentary evidence as is found in the files, bearing upon suits against the United States in Indian matters, is furnished to the Attorney-General and the proper courts by this division, and transcripts of the accounts of the disbursing officers in the Indian service are also furnished in cases where it is necessary to bring suit for the recovery of balances found due to the Government.

The total number of disbursing officers in the Indian service whose accounts were examined and settled in this division during the last fiscal year is as follows:

Agents	92
Agents, special	10
Inspectors	7
General superintendent of schools	1
Superintendents of schools	45
Supervisors of Indian schools	5
Allotting agents	13
Disbursing officers, special commissions	9
Land examiners	1
Governor, Alaska	1
Examiners of surveys	3
Secretary of Board of Indian Commissioners	1
Superintendent of Indian warehouses	2
Receiving and shipping clerks	2
Surveyors-general and special disbursing agent	3
Receiving clerk, Indian Office	1
Others of a miscellaneous nature	24
Total	220

The following tables exhibit the volume of work done from July 1, 1896, to June 30, 1897, compared with the same period for the two previous years:

	Accounts.					
	Cash.			Claims.		
	1895.	1896.	1897.	1895.	1896.	1897.
On hand at commencement of fiscal year	646	290	218	180	327	491
Received during the fiscal year	1,534	1,639	1,408	5,963	8,619	8,350
Total	2,180	1,929	1,626	6,143	8,946	8,841
Examined and stated during fiscal year	1,890	1,711	1,424	5,816	8,455	8,309
Remaining on hand June 30	290	218	202	327	491	532

	1895.	1896.	1897.
Disbursed in accounts	$8,565,584.37	$8,092,057.33	$7,385,582.52
Disbursed in claims	4,838,890.65	5,360,253.87	5,339,263.34
Total	13,404,475.02	13,452,311.20	12,724,845.86

The number of cash accounts received was 126 less than during the year 1895, and 231 less than the year 1896. The number of claims received was 2,387 more than during the year 1895, and 269 less than during the year 1896. The total disbursements in both accounts and claims audited decreased during the year 1897 $727,465.34 as compared with the year 1896, and $679,629.16 as compared with 1895.

The average number of clerks employed during the year 1897 was 26, against 30 for 1896 and 32 for 1895.

Under the head of "Accounts" are included both the regular quarterly returns of officers and the "explanations" filed by them to remove suspensions, so that the actual status June 30, 1897, may be exhibited thus:

	Cash accounts.		
	Original.	Explanations.	Total.
In process of examination	33	77	110
Waiting examination		92	92
Total on hand	33	169	202

The following is a detailed statement of the 532 claims and 209 accounts on hand June 30, 1897, showing the amount of disbursements involved in each class:

CLAIMS ON HAND JUNE 30, 1897.

129 current claims	$36,945.17
282 depredation claims	468,824.53
101 Eastern Cherokee claims	21,385.33
16 Nez Perces claims	4,847.36
4 Delaware claims	801.48
532 claims, amount involved	532,803.87
202 accounts, amount involved	469,245.92
Total	1,002,049.79

The large majority of the current claims were being held for evidence to complete same. There is no appropriation available to pay the Eastern Cherokee claims. The Delaware and Nez Perces claims are held for additional evidence. There was no appropriation available to pay the depredation claims June 30, 1897. The appropriation made by the deficiency act of July 19, 1897, provided for the payment of 177 of the depredation claims, all of which have since been paid except 12, which are held for further evidence to complete same. Of the 209 accounts remaining on hand 117 were under examination, leaving but 92 accounts (explanations to prior accounts) to be examined in connection with the succeeding accounts of disbursing officers.

Six hundred and forty-nine advance requisitions were approved during the year 1897, amounting to $7,761,411.33, against 631, amounting to $7,129,883.01, for the year 1896.

Other work accomplished by this division is shown as follows:

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT BY FISCAL YEARS.

	1895.	1896.	1897.
Number of letters written July 1 to June 30	6,899	6,028	6,352
Number of pages copied July 1 to June 30	6,062	9,669	8,609
Number of certificates copied July 1 to June 30	3,636	4,892	4,582
Number of certificates of deposit appropriations designated on	31	49	118
Number of entries transcribed in records			120,020
Number of bills of lading checked			4,422
Number of bonds registered			658
Number of pages indexed			2,675

LAND, FILES, AND MISCELLANEOUS DIVISION.

This division is charged with the performance of the work involved in the examination and settlement of accounts of receivers of public moneys, arising from sales of public and Indian lands, and of their accounts as disbursing agents; the accounts of registers, United States surveyors-general and deputy surveyors, and all other accounts for receipts and expenditures in the public lands service; the accounts of the disbursing clerk of the Interior Department, and of the disbursing officers of the Geological Survey, Howard University, Government Hospital for the Insane, Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, and of all special receiving and disbursing officers of the Interior Department, exclusive of pension agents and officers of the Indian Bureau. The claims of railroad and telegraph companies for services rendered the various bureaus above indicated are examined, reexamined, and settled in this division.

To this division is also assigned the work of boxing, labeling, and arranging in proper order for preservation and convenient reference all the public records of the Bureau. The services of seven employees are usually required in the performance of the work of the files section, in which labor they are seriously embarrassed in consequence of the overcrowded and congested condition of the main files rooms. In this connection it is respectfully submitted that there is urgent necessity for some early provision for the shelving, handling, and proper preservation of the rapidly accumulating records of the office.

The public business assigned to the division is in a highly satisfactory condition and practically up to date, as will appear from an examination of the tabulated statements herewith.

STATEMENT OF WORK PERFORMED BY PUBLIC LANDS SECTION.

Public lands accounts and claims—	
On hand July 1, 1896	22
Received to June 30, 1897, inclusive	3,210
Adjusted and disposed of	3,058
On hand July 1, 1897	174

Accounts and claims settled.	Number.	Vouchers.	Amounts.
Receivers of public moneys for receipts	607	17,845	$2,249,864.94
Receivers as disbursing agents	1,183	50,549	724,399.58
Surveyors-general as disbursing agents	199	5,133	381,858.94
Accounts with States for 2, 3, and 5 per cent of net proceeds of sales of public lands	24	1,774	26,730.06
Deputy surveyors for surveying public lands	177	4,593	242,614.32
Repayments for lands erroneously sold	824	7,110	74,804.78
Miscellaneous claims on account of public lands	12	175	3,294.29
Accounts of miscellaneous disbursing agents	17	307	16,218.59
Express accounts for depositing public moneys	15	1,353	623.50
Total	3,058	88,839	3,720,409.00

MISCELLANEOUS WORK RELATING TO PUBLIC LANDS.

Letters written	1,487
Letters received and filed	2,656
Accounts received, adjusted, recorded, and filed	2,030
Claims received, adjusted, recorded, and filed	1,028
Copies of certificates of settlements made and transmitted	3,058
Requisitions for advances received, approved, and recorded	641
Certificates of deposits received and indorsed	393
Official bonds received, recorded, and filed	78
Contracts of deputy surveyors received, examined, and filed	142
Special allowances for contingent expenses received and recorded	339
Certificates of examination of official bonds recorded and filed	45
Covering, repay, and accountable warrants received, recorded, and filed	4,454
Cases and transcripts prepared for suit and appeals	5
Clerks employed, including typewriter part of the time	3½

WORK RELATING TO SETTLEMENT OF RAILROAD AND TELEGRAPH CLAIMS.

On hand July 1, 1896	0
Received and recorded since July 1, 1896	1,149
Settled	1,149
Remaining on hand June 30, 1897	0
Vouchers examined	11,731
Amount involved in claims settled	$16,310.75
Certificates of settlement furnished	766
Certificates of settlement copied and forwarded	766

WORK RELATING TO MISCELLANEOUS ACCOUNTS.

Letters:	
Received	1,563
Written	2,337
Accounts:	
On hand July 1, 1896	6
Received and recorded during the fiscal year	602
Settled	585
Remaining unsettled	23
Amount involved in accounts settled	$8,050,238.57
Amount involved in unsettled accounts	$14,110.52
Vouchers examined	153,235
Railroad and telegraph claims reexamined	1,149
Recorded and filed:	
Contracts	224
Leases	35
Bonds	6
Powers of attorney	8
Requisitions approved and recorded	629
Certificates of deposit indorsed	120
Certificates of settlement furnished	540
Certificates copied and forwarded	540
Number of extra statements written	270
Pages of Patent Office cash receipts compared and added	7,728
Patent Office certificates of deposit compared, etc	1,730
Weekly statement of public funds examined	406

DISBURSING OFFICERS' AND MISCELLANEOUS ACCOUNTS SETTLED.

DISBURSEMENTS.

	Number of accounts.	Amount.
Department of the Interior.		
Salaries, office of Secretary of the Interior	9	$265,040.45
Contingent expenses, Department of the Interior	9	77,636.70
Stationery, Department of the Interior	6	80,571.04
Repairs of buildings, Department of the Interior	6	5,655.29
Library, Department of the Interior	7	544.00
Rent of buildings, Department of the Interior	5	39,799.88
Postage to postal union countries, Department of the Interior	5	3,563.05
Expenses, special land inspectors, Department of the Interior	6	1,303.38
Inspecting mines in the Territories	6	5,989.90
Supreme Court reports	5	760.00
Publishing Biennial Register of the United States	2	1,739.03
Payment to settlers, Des Moines River land	3	169,491.63
Examinations of desert lands	1	117.65
Forested lands of the United States	3	4,181.21
Revenues Yellowstone National Park	4	449.91
Penitentiary building, Territory of Idaho	1	0.00
Penitentiary building, Utah	1	0.00
Penitentiary building, Washington	2	240.00
Investigations of Des Moines River land grant	3	319.76
Total	84	657,402.88
General Land Office.		
Salaries, General Land Office	7	485,432.75
Contingent expenses of land offices	6	2,587.01
Surveying the public lands	7	31,735.78
Appraisal and sale of abandoned military reservations	6	3,238.87
Expenses of inspectors, General Land Office	6	5,153.40
Transcripts of records and plats	6	4,571.90
Protecting public lands, timber, etc	6	99,541.53
Reproducing plats of surveys, General Land Office	7	1,871.25
Maps of the United States	8	20,492.24
Library, General Land Office	7	278.70
Classification of certain mineral lands in Montana and Idaho	5	30,178.80
Total	71	685,082.23
Indian Office.		
Salaries, Indian Office	6	114,677.55
Pension Office.		
Salaries, Pension Office	8	2,071,332.35
Salaries, special examiners, Pension Office	6	193,272.20
Investigation of pension cases, Pension Office	10	477,029.00
Library, Pension Office	1	215.00
Total	25	2,741,848.55
Patent Office.		
Salaries, Patent Office	7	687,233.50
Official Gazette, Patent Office	7	100,470.33
Photolithographing, Patent Office	6	61,552.72
Scientific library, Patent Office	7	2,026.32
International protection of industrial property, Patent Office	2	1,406.91
Refund of patent fee to H. Kessler Smith—Deficiency act, June 8, 1896	1	6.00
Total	30	852,695.78
Bureau of Education.		
Salaries, Bureau of Education	5	51,948.95
Collecting statistics, Bureau of Education	6	2,329.80
Distributing documents, Bureau of Education	6	2,609.28
Library, Bureau of Education	6	578.67
Education of children in Alaska	7	29,707.03
Education of Indians in Alaska	4	2,734.10
Reindeer for Alaska	6	6,698.30
Total	40	96,606.13

DISBURSING OFFICERS' AND MISCELLANEOUS ACCOUNTS SETTLED—Continued.

DISBURSEMENTS—Continued.

		Number of accounts.	Amount.
Office of Commissioner of Railroads.			
Salaries, Railroad Office		4	$11,011.85
Traveling expenses, Railroad Office		8	896.00
Total		12	11,907.85
Eleventh Census.			
Expenses of the Eleventh Census		4	34,563.98
Preservation of census records		1	321.66
Total		5	34,885.64
Capitol.			
Salaries, office of Architect of the Capitol		4	16,234.00
Annual repairs of the Capitol		7	31,913.63
Improving the Capitol grounds		7	11,844.97
Lighting the Capitol and grounds		7	34,168.40
Pavement, Capitol grounds		5	285.19
Electric light plant, Senate		4	1,468.29
Steam heating and machinery, Senate		3	4,446.31
Special repairs, Senate		2	4.74
Ventilation, Senate		3	47,309.15
Doors for the Senate		3	2,035.00
Steam boilers, Senate		1	.....
Engine house, and Senate and House stables		6	2,140.74
Electric light plants, Capitol and grounds		3	13,287.07
Flags for the Capitol		5	87.50
Total		60	165,224.99
Geological Survey.			
Salaries, Office of Geological Survey		12	31,281.32
Geological Survey, 1895		2	272.38
Geological Survey, 1895–96		15	21,431.21
Topographic surveys west of ninety-seventh meridian	$2,081.76		
Topographic surveys west of one hundred and third meridian	1,114.28		
Topographic surveys east of ninety-seventh meridian	4,435.27		
Geologic surveys	13,799.90		
Geological Survey, 1896		10	16,578.19
Salaries of scientific assistants	$2,464.10		
Skilled laborers and various temporary employees	1,356.27		
Coal and gold resources of Alaska	611.52		
Paleontologic researches	1,684.25		
Chemical and physical researches	1,452.19		
Preparation of illustrations	2,254.35		
Mineral resources of the United States	1,367.30		
Books for library, etc	678.35		
Gauging streams, etc	4,259.87		
Rent of office rooms	449.99		
Geological Survey, 1896–97		24	259,653.76
Topographic surveys west of ninety-seventh meridian	$36,169.37		
Topographic surveys west of one hundred and third meridian	55,948.43		
Topographic surveys east of ninety-seventh meridian	77,070.18		
Geologic surveys	90,465.78		
Geological Survey, 1897		11	133,578.32
Salaries of scientific assistants	27,435.90		
Skilled laborers and various temporary employees	11,740.41		
Coal and gold resources of Alaska	4,819.44		
Paleontologic researches	9,026.86		
Chemical and physical researches	6,447.40		
Preparation of illustrations	11,672.92		
Mineral resources of the United States	18,732.95		
Books for library, etc	1,484.37		
Gauging streams, etc	38,718.17		
Rent of office rooms	3,499.90		
Geological maps of the United States		21	67,521.93
Surveying lands in the Indian Territory		28	200,013.09
Total		123	730,330.20

DISBURSING OFFICERS' AND MISCELLANEOUS ACCOUNTS SETTLED—Continued.

DISBURSEMENTS—Continued.

		Number of accounts.	Amount.
The Hot Springs Reservation.			
Protection and improvement of Hot Springs, Ark., indefinite		4	$24,395.91
Protection and improvement of Hot Springs, Ark		4	12,330.10
Total		8	36,726.01
PUBLIC BENEFICIARIES.			
The Government Hospital for the Insane.			
Government Hospital for the Insane		23	372,094.64
Repairs, Government Hospital for the Insane		12	15,328.53
Buildings and grounds, Government Hospital for the Insane		22	17,450.95
Electrical plant, incandescent and ventilating fan	$5,762.24		
Additional reservoirs	779.67		
Pavilions for epileptic insane	451.85		
Additional accommodations for the insane	1,029.64		
Fireproof stairs and sanitary towers for Relief and Daws buildings	16.20		
Heating apparatus for new buildings	3,711.38		
Renewing and fireproofing floors	1,957.33		
Electric fans and resistance coils	3,742.64		
Total		57	404,874.12
The Howard University.			
Howard University		12	
Salaries	$26,170.00		
Industrial department	2,985.64		
Books for library, law library, etc	900.00		
Laboratory	299.58		
Buildings and grounds	1,000.00		
Total		12	31,355.22
The Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb.			
Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb		4	58,383.32
Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, District of Columbia		1	10,500.00
Buildings and grounds, Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb		3	2,056.53
Total		8	70,939.85
Maryland Institution for the Instruction of the Blind. [a]			
Maryland Institution for the Instruction of the Blind		4	6,612.50
RECEIPTS.			
Patent fees		5	1,383,954.63
Receipts Yellowstone National Park		4	2,127.00
Ground and water rent, Hot Springs, Ark		5	18,000.00
Sales of waste paper, Department of the Interior		4	897.77
Sales of public documents, Department of the Interior		4	1,340.95
Sales of condemned property, Department of the Interior		2	1,380.45
Sales of publications, etc., United States Geological Survey		16	1,368.27
Total		40	1,409,069.07

RECAPITULATION.

DISBURSEMENTS.		
Department of the Interior	84	$657,402.88
General Land Office	71	685,082.23
Indian Office	6	114,677.55
Pension Office	25	2,741,848.55
Patent Office	30	852,695.78
Bureau of Education	40	96,606.13
Office of Commissioner of Railroads	12	11,907.85
Eleventh Census	5	34,885.64

[a] The Secretary of the Interior, by virtue of the authority vested in him by section 4869, Revised Statutes, caused certain indigent blind persons to be instructed in the above-named institution, at an expense to the Government of $6,612.50.

DISBURSING OFFICERS' AND MISCELLANEOUS ACCOUNTS SETTLED—Continued.

RECAPITULATION—Continued.

	Number of accounts.	Amount.
DISBURSEMENTS—continued.		
Capitol	60	$165,224.99
Geological Survey	123	730,330.20
Hot Springs, Ark	8	36,726.01
Total	464	6,127,387.81
BENEFICIARIES.		
Government Hospital for the Insane	57	404,874.12
Howard University	12	31,355.22
Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb	8	70,939.85
Maryland Institution for the Instruction of the Blind	4	6,612.50
Total	81	513,781.69
Total receipts	40	1,409,069.07
Total receipts and disbursements	585	8,050,238.57

MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS, GOVERNMENT HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1897.

Month.	Board, private patients.	Sales, property.	Total.
1896.			
July	$195.00	$1.20	$196.20
August	40.00	.25	40.25
September	1,791.00	178.79	1,969.79
October	2,150.20	104.75	2,254.95
November	819.00	160.60	979.60
December	2,042.14	25.75	2,067.89
1897.			
January	1,907.78	117.59	2,025.37
February	1,050.23	84.10	1,134.33
March	2,429.57	247.30	2,676.87
April	3,636.58	5.00	3,641.58
May	1,000.00	98.92	1,098.92
June	1,946.46	267.02	2,213.48
Total	19,007.96	1,291.27	20,299.23

GENERAL SUMMARY OF WORK PERFORMED.

Letters:	
Received	4,219
Written	3,824
Accounts:	
On hand July 1, 1896	28
Received and recorded since July 1, 1896	3,812
Settled	3,643
Claims:	
On hand July 1, 1896	0
Received and recorded since July 1, 1896	1,149
Settled	1,149
Vouchers examined	253,805
Amount involved in claims and accounts settled	$11,786,958.32
Recorded and filed:	
Contracts	364
Leases	35
Bonds	84
Powers of attorney	8

Warrants recorded	4,454
Requisitions approved and recorded	1,270
Certificates of deposit indorsed	513
Certificates of settlement furnished	4,364
Certificates copied and forwarded	4,364
Number of extra statements written	270
Pages of Patent Office cash receipts compared and added	7,728
Patent Office certificates of deposit compared	1,730
Weekly statements of public funds examined	406
Special allowances for contingent expenses received and recorded	339
Cases and transcripts prepared for suit and appeals	5
Certificates of examination of official bonds recorded and filed	45
Filed:	
New settlements	13,808
Miscellaneous papers	13,269
Miscellaneous accounts	4,826
Withdrawn from files:	
Settlements	9,043
Vouchers	12,293
Restored to files:	
Settlements	10,845
Vouchers	20,204
Mixed vouchers arranged	38,896
Boxes and packages labeled	7,209
Boxes and packages tied	39,704
Bundles replaced	80,532
Average number of employees carried on roll	17+
Aggregate days absent, sick	175
Aggregate days absent, on leave	398½

PENSION DIVISION.

To this division is assigned the examination and settlement of the accounts of the United States pension agents for disbursements to pensioners, etc., and the adjustment of all matters relating to payments from the pension funds. For the performance of this work it is necessary to keep an account with each pensioner, and to see that the amount due in each case—no more and no less—from the time when the certificate issues and the pensioner's name is placed upon the rolls until such pension terminates, by death or otherwise, is paid, and that proper vouchers and receipts therefor are furnished. These accounts are kept in three hundred and eighty-five large roll books (current series), and the proper adjustments of the payments made necessitates the examination and computation of more than 4,000,000 vouchers per annum and the entry on the rolls of the payment made in each case—the determination of the correctness of such payment requiring in many cases references to former roll books through several series. These records must be accurately kept, in order to answer inquiries and calls for information as to payments that have been made in any given case since the establishment of the Government, for use by the Commissioner of Pensions, pension agents, and others. They are the only complete rolls of United States pensioners in existence and are an index to the many millions of vouchers on file in this office. The division also examines and settles all claims against the pension funds not payable by United States pension agents, such as reimbursements on account of expenses of last sickness and burial of pensioners, amounts of lost, reclaimed, or unindorsed pension checks, refunded attorneys' fees, and all matters payable from pension appropriations other than those for current fiscal years. The work is entirely up to date. At the beginning of the fiscal year, July 1, 1896, there were in this office 515,006 unexamined vouchers. Of these, there had been paid in the month of March 4,933; in the month of April 154,712, and in the month of May 355,361. At the

close of the year, June 30, 1897, there were but 97,303 unexamined vouchers in the office, all belonging in the accounts for May, 1897, and all received during the latter part of June. None of the miscellaneous work is in arrears. The following tabulated statements show in detail the work of the division during the fiscal year:

ACCOUNTS OF PENSION AGENTS, INCLUDING SUPPLEMENTAL SETTLEMENTS; ALSO, SPECIAL SETTLEMENTS, ACCOUNTS FOR LOST CHECKS, RECLAIMED CHECKS, EXAMINING SURGEONS' FEES, ETC., ON HAND JULY 1, 1896, RECEIVED AND AUDITED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR, AND REMAINING ON HAND JUNE 30, 1897.

	Pensions.		Special.		Supplemental.		Total.	
	No.	Amount involved.	No.	Amount involved.	No.	Amount involved.	No.	Amount involved.
On hand, July 1, 1896.	47	$33,057,556.24	.....	.....	.....	.....	47	$33,057,556.24
Received during the fiscal year	294	132,910,055.86	7,427	$111,431.15	37	$5,854.48	7,758	133,027,341.49
Total	341	165,967,612.10	7,427	111,431.15	37	5,854.48	7,805	166,084,897.73
Settled during the fiscal year	299	150,322,835.25	7,427	111,431.15	37	5,854.48	7,763	150,440,120.88
Remaining on hand June 30, 1897.....	42	15,644,776.85	.....	.....	.....	.....	42	15,644,776.85
Total	341	165,967,612.10	7,427	111,431.15	37	5,854.48	7,805	166,084,897.73

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT SHOWING NATURE OF WORK AND AMOUNT INVOLVED IN PENSION DIVISION DURING FISCAL YEARS 1896 AND 1897, RESPECTIVELY.

Class of work.	Fiscal year 1896.		Fiscal year 1897.		Increase during 1897.		Decrease during 1897.	
	Number.	Amount involved.	Number.	Amount involved.	Number.	Amount involved.	Number.	Amount involved.
Letters received and registered	9,537		9,155				382	
Letters written	15,085		13,754				1,331	
Letters indexed	20,098		22,841		2,743			
Pension Office notices recorded:								
Issues	85,040		82,393				2,647	
Changes	7,880		8,621		741			
Corrections	4,397		3,700				697	
Transfers	4,036		2,709				1,327	
Reimbursement calls noted on rolls and answered	5,878		3,886				1,992	
Reimbursement settlements entered	4,012		5,387		1,375			
Transcripts of payments prepared	3,191		529				2,662	
Names and dates transcribed	33,259		42,244		8,985			
Pages, miscellaneous, copied	8,213		8,631		418			
Pages, miscellaneous, compared	3,906		2,055				1,851	
Vouchers withdrawn from files	31,414		31,019				395	
Settlements entered			5,004		5,004			
Settlements registered and sent to files	6,013		5,274				739	
Pension vouchers examined	4,222,098		4,030,691				191,407	
Pension payments entered on rolls	4,278,263		4,176,571				101,692	
Pages of Abstract added	166,662		163,250				3,412	
Pension agents' accounts-current examined and posted	302		294				8	
Pension agents' accounts settled	343	$154,588,940.04	299	$150,322,835.25			44	$4,266,104.79
Pension agents' supplemental accounts settled	109	130,469.19	37	5,854.48			72	124,614.71
Miscellaneous claims received and settled	380	15,925.17	7,427	111,431.15	7,047	$95,505.98		
Vouchers examined in settlement of claims	13,230		11,313				1,917	
Claims and accounts reviewed (including reimbursement claims)	8,345		7,842				503	
Vouchers examined in review of claims and accounts	52,548		307,512		254,964			
Checks verified before payment	2,847	113,035.30	120	5,348.57			2,727	107,686.73
Checks covered to outstanding liabilities	1,447		1,023				424	
Pay warrants registered	7,010	140,962,872.19	6,008	142,554,336.64		1,591,464.45	1,002	
Repay warrants registered	482	2,053,579.75	480	2,003,109.78			2	50,469.97
Repay warrants indexed (names)	1,015		1,361		346			
Settlement certificates copied			418		418			
Certificates of deposit designated for listing—appropriation and personal credits	587	1,848,851.27	619	2,000,620.92	32	151,769.65		
Requisitions for advances examined and approved	833	140,349,250.06	885	143,678,950.38	52	3,329,700.32		
Total	8,998,460	440,062,922.97	8,963,352	440,682,487.17	282,125	5,168,440.40	317,233	4,548,876.20
Deduct	8,963,352			440,062,922.97		4,548,876.20	282,125	
	35,108			619,564.20		619,564.20	35,108	

CONDITION OF ACCOUNTS OF PENSION AGENTS, JUNE 30, 1897.

Agency.	Agent.	Date to which accounts have been rendered to the Auditor.	Date to which accounts have been settled by the Auditor.	Accounts undergoing examination and in process of settlement.	Accounts awaiting examination.	Number of vouchers in unsettled accounts.		
						Examined.	Not examined.	Total.
Augusta, Me	R. W. Black	Mar. 25, 1897	Mar. 25, 1897					
Do	Selden Connor	May 31, 1897			Apr. 19 to May 31, 1897		556	556
Boston, Mass	H. B. Lovering	do	Mar. 31, 1897		Apr. and May, 1897		1,633	1,633
Buffalo, N. Y	S. E. Nichols	do	do	Apr. and May, 1897		44,816	557	45,373
Chicago, Ill	W. B. Anderson	do	do	do		71,787	1,128	72,915
Columbus, Ohio	A. V. Rice	do	do		Apr. and May, 1897		2,230	2,230
Concord, N. H	Thomas Cogswell	do	do	Apr. and May, 1897		18,951	249	19,200
Des Moines, Iowa	C. H. Robinson	do	do	do		49,142	7,659	56,801
Detroit, Mich	H. H. Wheeler	July 28, 1896	July 28, 1896					
Do	L. T. Griffin	Mar. 4, 1897	Mar. 4, 1897					
Do	O. A. Janes	May 31, 1897	Mar. 31, 1897		Apr. and May, 1897		1,050	1,050
Indianapolis, Ind	M. V. B. Spencer	Apr. 30, 1897	do	Apr., 1897		684		684
Knoxville, Tenn	D. A. Carpenter	do	do	do		849		849
Louisville, Ky	Geo. M. Adams	do	do	do		273		273
Milwaukee, Wis	J. H. Woodnorth	May 31, 1897	do	Apr. and May, 1897		50,044	803	50,847
New York, N. Y	S. Truesdell	do	do	do		18,908	31,630	50,538
Philadelphia, Pa	St. C. A. Mulholland	do	do	do		11,743	46,201	57,944
Pittsburg, Pa	G. W. Skinner	do	do	do		47,062	677	47,739
San Francisco, Cal	P. F. Walsh	do	do		Apr. and May, 1897		982	982
Topeka, Kans	G. W. Glick	Apr. 30, 1897	do		Apr., 1897		930	930
Washington, D. C	S. L. Willson	May 31, 1897	May 5, 1897	May 6 to May 31, 1897		572	1,018	1,590
Total						314,831	97,303	412,134

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT SHOWING WORK ON HAND AT DATE OF CONSOLIDATION OF AGENCIES, JULY 1, 1877; AMOUNT RECEIVED AND DISPOSED OF EACH FISCAL YEAR SINCE THAT DATE, AND AMOUNT REMAINING ON HAND AT CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR; ALSO AVERAGE NUMBER OF CLERKS EMPLOYED EACH YEAR.

Period.	Pension Office notices.			Pension vouchers.				Accounts for settlement.						Average number of clerks employed.
								Received.		Settled.		Remaining on hand.		
	Received.	Recorded.	On hand.	Paid by agents.	Received.	Examined.	On hand.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	
On hand July 1, 1877.	4,040	.....	4,040	.....	243,692	.....	243,692	291	$2,857,304.71	.....	.....	291	$2,857,304.71	.....
Fiscal year—														
1878	29,949	26,099	7,890	874,369	873,846	867,157	250,381	538	33,194,149.18	715	$24,133,591.52	114	11,917,862.37	36
1879	41,794	36,335	13,349	830,734	835,547	968,191	117,737	256	26,123,111.64	281	25,765,870.58	89	12,275,103.43	37
1880	72,126	42,813	42,662	957,548	935,239	832,890	220,086	547	61,010,132.95	277	31,169,748.01	359	42,115,488.37	35
1881	38,434	67,142	13,954	979,811	975,911	759,773	436,224	449	50,191,885.62	555	54,973,659.39	253	37,808,670.52	36
1882	50,064	57,730	6,288	1,037,467	1,035,120	828,175	643,169	455	50,666,841.54	416	37,528,064.66	292	50,472,491.48	39
1883	60,018	18,686	47,620	1,143,612	1,123,700	971,872	794,997	1,796	55,131,872.60	1,773	41,665,163,29	315	63,939,200.79	49
1884	57,423	87,276	17,767	1,226,119	1,200,649	1,154,811	840,835	1,868	57,671,129.86	1,819	49,521,153.00	364	72,089,177.65	54
1885	70,610	81,188	7,189	1,284,367	1,353,480	1,620,850	573,465	1,862	68,264,445.43	1,874	95,106,144.35	352	45,247,478.73	52
1886	75,542	79,221	3,510	1,375,959	1,370,933	1,912,294	32,104	1,149	63,989,888,97	1,412	96,783,160.28	89	12,454,207.42	41
1887	101,363	91,710	13,163	1,502,749	1,475,809	1,461,971	45,942	681	71,817,061.56	638	73,360,997.33	132	10,910,271.65	33
1888	111,430	121,927	2,666	1,703,869	1,651,691	1,666,832	30,801	1,021	76,888,288.47	1,015	78,328,226.46	138	9,470,333.66	33
1889	144,575	122,510	24,731	1,857,713	1,843,711	1,712,830	161,682	1,140	87,993,096.95	1,016	81,010,545.93	262	16,452,884.68	35
1890	144,690	147,214	22,207	2,052,393	1,994,300	1,873,680	282,302	1,014	102,182,702.26	974	90,533,606.66	302	28,101,980.28	39
1891	226,156	167,095	81,268	2,381,545	2,259,441	1,832,156	709,587	1,772	110,692,258.82	1,839	94,548,347.42	235	44,245,891.68	47
1892	311,422	336,280	56,410	3,180,129	3,443,748	2,967,018	1,186,317	1,175	144,294,786.85	1,123	100,707,186.31	287	87,833,492.22	59
1893	172,208	218,795	9,823	3,669,009	3,625,366	3,527,373	1,284,310	815	155,873,907.66	960	141,233,190.71	142	102,474,209.17	64
1894	67,149	67,629	9,343	3,708,088	3,986,594	4,532,235	738,669	1,255	140,182,083.34	1,320	202,911,215.17	77	39,745,077.34	60
1895	84,512	77,042	16,813	3,809,515	3,904,231	3,981,094	661,806	1,189	140,790,457.79	1,178	137,417,737.77	88	43,117,797.36	61
1896	75,825	85,040	7,598	3,824,739	4,075,298	4,222,098	515,006	791	144,675,093.28	832	154,735,334.40	47	33,057,556.24	64
1897	83,143	82,393	8,348	3,862,276	3,612,988	4,030,691	97,303	7,758	133,027,341.49	7,763	150,440,120.88	42	15,644,776.85	66
Total	2,022,473	2,014,125	.....	41,262,011	41,821,294	41,723,991	.....	27,822	1,777,517,840.97	27,780	1,761,873,064.12	.....	.....	.....
Deduct amount disposed of	2,014,125	.....	.....	.....	41,723,991	.....	.....	27,780	1,761,873,064.12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
On hand June 30, 1897	8,348	.....	.....	.....	97,303	.....	.....	42	15,644,776.85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

DISPOSITION OF FUNDS APPROPRIATED FOR PENSIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1897.

	Army pensions.	Navy pensions.	Fees of examining surgeons.	Salaries of pension agents.	Clerk hire, pension agencies.	Rents, pension agencies.	Fuel, pension agencies.	Lights, pension agencies.	Contingent expenses, pension agencies.	Total.
Amounts appropriated, act March 6, 1896	$136,326,000.00	$3,674,000.00	$750,000.00	$72,000.00	$450,000.00	$25,830.00	$250.00	$500.00	$30,000.00	$141,328,580.00
Repayments during the year	686,829.37	192,550.89	191,773.41	2,237.59	12,425.98	1,030.00	17.62	21.90	654.41	1,087,541.17
Total	137,012,829.37	3,866,550.89	941,773.41	74,237.59	462,425.98	26,860.00	267.62	521.90	30,654.41	142,416,121.17
Advances to pension agents	136,863,000.00	3,859,000.00	750,000.00	72,895.30	459,447.58	26,860.00	200.00	470.00	22,050.00	142,053,922.88
Paid on settlements by Auditor	143,720.98	6,754.25	.....	277.78	1,797.64	.....	.....	.....	8,546.91	161,097.56
Balances in Treasury undrawn June 30, 1897	6,108.39	796.64	191,773.41	1,064.51	1,180.76	.....	67.62	51.90	57.50	201,100.73
Total	137,012,829.37	3,866,550.89	941,773.41	74,237.59	462,425.98	26,860.00	267.62	521.90	30,654.41	142,416,121.17
Amounts disbursed by pension agents[a]	136,170,193.66	3,629,048.46	484,712.80	70,657.71	443,868.89	25,830.00	147.88	414.30	20,898.30	149,845,772.00
Repaid into the Treasury by pension agents	678,810.72	192,297.22	191,767.31	2,237.59	12,425.98	1,030.00	17.62	21.90	653.41	1,079,261.75
Balances in hands of pension agents June 30, 1897, since deposited	14,612.36	37,797.72	73,519.89	.....	3,153.41	.....	34.50	33.80	499.19	129,650.87
Total accounted for by pension agents	136,863,616.74	3,859,143.40	750,000.00	72,895.30	459,448.28	26,860.00	200.00	470.00	22,050.90	142,054,684.62

[a] Including amounts recovered, credited United States on accounts current, and again disbursed, as follows: Army pensions, $616.74; Navy pensions, $143.40; clerk hire, 70 cents; contingent expenses, 90 cents; total, $751.74.

REIMBURSEMENT SECTION (PENSION DIVISION).

Claims on hand July 1, 1896	1,039
Claims received during fiscal year	4,891
Total	5,930
Claims allowed during fiscal year (amount involved, $140,969.62)	5,457
Claims on hand June 30, 1897	473
Letters received	22,298
Letters written	16,505
Names indexed	43,657
Reimbursement vouchers examined	44,639
Blanks mailed to applicants	2,966
Transcripts sent out	10,328
Auditor's certificates copied	4,752
Auditor's certificates compared	9,031

Forty claims were referred to the secret-service division of this Department for investigation, thirty-nine of which have been returned with reports, the amount involved in the settlement of the same being $23,680.17 and the amount allowed $11,414.90, resulting in a saving of $12,265.27, at a total cost of investigation of $3,196.40.

STATEMENT OF AMOUNTS PAID TO EACH CLASS OF ARMY PENSIONERS, ETC., AS SHOWN BY ACCOUNTS-CURRENT OF PENSION AGENTS DURING FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1897.

Agency.	Agent.	Army pensions.																Fees of examining surgeons.		Expenses of agencies.						Total.
		General laws.				Act of June 27, 1890.					War of 1812.		Mexican war.		Indian wars.		Army nurses.									
		Invalids.	Widows.	Minors.	Dependent relatives.	Invalids.	Widows.	Minors.	Dependent relatives.	Helpless children.	Survivors.	Widows.	Survivors.	Widows.	Survivors.	Widows.		1896.	1897.	Salaries.	Clerk hire.	Rents.	Fuel.	Lights.	Contingent expenses.	
Augusta, Me	R. W. Black	$1,234,906.52	$245,390.05	$9,362.62	$87,448.80	$494,526.35	$112,026.49	$6,343.07	$23,055.60	$943.66		$16,848.00	$4,256.40	$2,930.40	$72.00	$624.00	$396.00			$2,666.66	$6,053.66				$357.30	$2,248,207.58
Do	Selden Connor	366,686.20	77,848.79	5,232.91	27,645.60	165,152.47	34,960.34	3,128.47	7,292.00	210.00		4,968.00	1,328.00	988.53	24.00	240.00	255.00			802.17	2,526.34				149.54	690,438.36
Boston, Mass	H. B. Lovering	2,350,608.98	974,256.69	34,056.78	172,138.93	1,930,811.71	915,595.01	36,967.49	67,036.40	5,604.94		20,364.00	16,671.46	12,072.27	888.00	2,001.87	6,980.60			4,000.00	28,920.12				733.94	6,579,709.19
Buffalo, N. Y	S. E. Nichols	3,003,123.85	749,993.25	45,678.33	227,581.80	1,847,504.95	480,021.79	22,854.81	81,183.60	5,622.92	$96.00	28,397.60	11,687.86	8,577.07	504.00	864.00	2,124.00			4,000.00	24,211.19	$2,928.00			1,189.31	6,548,144.33
Chicago, Ill	W. B. Anderson	4,704,478.76	1,044,872.73	125,760.70	180,338.60	2,771,962.72	778,683.64	84,448.55	89,286.40	8,979.79		15,876.00	78,884.38	59,542.94	8,970.68	25,471.21	7,440.20			4,000.00	32,814.83				1,155.97	10,022,968.10
Columbus, Ohio	A. V. Rice	6,911,923.38	1,513,155.99	131,366.82	273,638.40	5,103,518.74	1,089,423.14	87,199.90	170,433.47	11,579.95		28,584.00	51,558.98	30,265.87	783.47	1,246.67	7,716.80			4,000.00	36,461.09				1,089.86	15,453,946.53
Concord, N. H	Thomas Cogswell	1,670,010.44	350,320.46	14,919.97	101,139.27	626,194.76	160,373.46	10,408.82	30,705.60	211.93	96.00	13,848.00	3,952.80	2,150.40	480.00	96.00	576.00			4,000.00	9,525.33				212.29	2,999,221.53
Des Moines, Iowa	C. H. Robinson	4,075,183.17	571,986.33	64,998.82	117,329.60	2,779,380.51	464,390.47	47,392.21	101,680.80	6,821.73	120.00	8,604.00	48,846.80	23,619.74	2,865.60	4,958.40	6,821.80			4,000.00	25,360.56				868.22	8,355,228.76
Detroit, Mich	H. H. Wheeler	15,310.37	8,161.07	121.00	296.40	14,420.36	8,363.25	712.47	1,818.00	458.26			24.27	167.73			36.00				869.86					50,759.04
Do	L. T. Griffin	1,764,113.96	273,157.22	26,937.71	75,335.40	1,039,928.28	181,954.45	17,996.83	46,193.60	1,328.06	48.00	5,760.00	8,830.81	5,123.20	624.00	1,339.74	1,965.60			2,044.44	11,575.70	1,600.00			610.48	3,466,467.48
Do	O. A. Janes	1,691,004.19	262,726.52	19,638.61	67,799.80	999,938.09	176,048.72	14,015.93	37,929.60	1,015.87	48.00	5,040.00	8,622.00	4,772.80	576.00	1,017.87	1,806.00			1,144.44	7,286.86	800.00			299.40	3,301,530.70
Indianapolis, Ind	M. V. B. Spencer	6,527,905.23	1,109,186.45	130,429.07	185,764.67	2,078,924.21	534,375.02	68,028.08	96,034.40	24,502.40		18,236.67	59,251.74	36,753.34	1,235.20	3,536.27	3,501.20			4,000.00	32,774.79	2,500.00		$353.60	1,400.02	10,918,692.36
Knoxville, Tenn	D. A. Carpenter	1,622,885.05	588,750.44	99,166.04	99,176.60	2,993,948.76	905,444.19	72,063.34	122,329.20	2,263.20	120.00	91,281.94	368,546.63	294,372.95	181,291.30	353,382.19	5,941.60			4,000.00	22,621.36				1,125.00	7,828,709.79
Louisville, Ky	Geo. M. Adams	1,517,078.28	444,134.21	47,198.20	97,945.20	1,444,986.51	468,160.06	31,801.99	59,882.00	2,329.48		14,568.00	62,237.46	42,548.93	1,716.26	2,134.14	1,476.00			4,000.00	12,188.70				600.27	4,254,985.69
Milwaukee, Wis	J. H. Woodnorth	3,562,371.03	573,497.85	39,357.48	136,586.00	2,444,441.38	457,539.03	35,266.47	64,971.20	6,066.19		4,860.00	27,328.54	13,550.13	1,927.46	3,825.21	3,412.00			4,000.00	20,272.18	2,500.00			565.84	7,402,337.99
New York, N. Y	S. Truesdell	2,092,970.14	805,921.87	50,309.05	151,567.06	1,996,434.10	1,117,784.83	44,490.30	64,605.73	5,627.76	120.00	18,324.00	32,491.68	29,849.57	1,488.27	2,693.34	4,320.00			4,000.00	35,614.40	10,000.00			2,356.71	6,470,968.81
Philadelphia, Pa	St. C. A. Mulholland	2,364,026.34	765,865.71	30,128.67	174,585.40	2,741,843.94	1,101,413.96	52,456.09	72,052.80	5,051.75		11,275.74	27,232.14	27,378.65	1,657.87	1,536.00	4,608.00			4,000.00	31,898.34				1,241.33	7,448,252.73
Pittsburg, Pa	Geo. W. Skinner	2,433,140.67	534,026.59	38,886.86	165,425.80	2,724,281.78	730,146.58	36,208.64	71,494.00	8,926.54		10,008.00	13,903.73	11,307.46	288.00	360.00	620.80			4,000.00	27,158.71				1,690.43	6,811,874.59
San Francisco, Cal	P. F. Walsh	803,810.60	161,744.28	19,344.22	13,212.00	1,513,874.34	284,964.73	19,993.86	33,698.80	462.87	600.00	2,988.00	193,024.77	64,790.72	7,945.88	8,567.22	7,973.20			4,000.00	9,830.32	1,872.00	$35.50		489.93	3,153,223.24
Topeka, Kans	G. W. Glick	5,355,524.35	925,029.33	139,105.33	140,377.47	6,518,347.71	1,356,747.73	145,905.23	156,573.33	11,088.79		18,396.00	165,703.43	91,600.56	11,792.55	23,055.83	9,579.40			4,000.00	34,986.64	2,250.00			2,744.18	15,112,807.86
Washington, D. C	S. L. Willson	2,994,174.15	685,805.58	57,185.79	107,869.80	2,722,844.14	667,449.17	36,296.04	69,009.60	3,839.45	192.00	50,064.00	94,804.43	56,200.52	2,449.87	5,132.80	12,729.47	$193,682.64	$484,712.80	4,000.00	30,917.91	1,380.00	112.38	60.70	2,018.28	8,282,931.52
Total		57,061,235.66	12,665,832.01	1,129,184.38	2,603,202.60	44,953,265.81	12,055,866.06	873,978.59	1,467,266.13	112,935.54	1,440.00	388,291.95	1,279,188.31	818,563.78	227,580.41	442,082.76	90,279.67	193,682.64	484,712.80	70,657.71	443,868.89	25,830.00	147.88	414.30	20,898.30	137,410,406.18

AMOUNT PAID TO EACH CLASS OF NAVY PENSIONERS, AS SHOWN BY ACCOUNTS-CURRENT OF PENSION AGENTS, DURING FISCAL YEAR 1897.

Agency.	Agent.	Navy pensions.									Total.
		General laws.				Act of June 27, 1890.					
		Invalids.	Widows.	Minors.	Dependent relatives.	Invalids.	Widows.	Minors.	Dependent relatives.	Helpless children.	
Boston	H. B. Lovering	$229,092.71	$106,724.05	$5,442.86	$12,814.60	$317,302.35	$143,784.72	$8,088.17	$5,758.40	$751.13	$829,758.99
Chicago	W. B. Anderson	191,767.80	53,940.97	4,220.19	8,726.80	368,659.92	81,844.99	6,002.34	3,732.80	290.93	719,186.74
New York	S. Truesdell	119,039.95	76,330.46	4,096.41	11,992.40	278,363.87	157,616.29	10,245.88	3,960.00	288.00	661,933.26
Philadelphia	St. C. A. Mullholland	132,441.11	62,563.20	1,814.80	7,315.60	185,556.07	100,735.18	3,916.51	3,135.93	206.74	497,685.14
San Francisco	P. F. Walsh	36,821.87	8,791.60	216.00	576.00	86,488.93	16,935.15	582.40	612.00	.....	151,023.95
Washington	S. L. Willson	185,105.08	121,003.65	12,890.16	11,900.00	324,485.37	103,219.31	5,233.21	5,479.60	144.00	769,460.38
Total		894,268.52	429,353.93	28,680.42	53,325.40	1,560,856.51	604,135.64	34,068.51	22,678.73	1,680.80	3,629,048.46

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT SHOWING DISBURSEMENTS BY PENSION AGENTS TO PENSIONERS AND EXAMINING SURGEONS DURING FISCAL YEARS 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, AND 1897, AND ENTIRE EXPENSES OF THE AGENCIES DURING SAID YEARS, INCLUDING SALARIES, CLERK HIRE, RENTS, FUEL, LIGHTS, AND CONTINGENT EXPENSES, AND THE AVERAGE COST OF EACH $1,000 DISBURSED.

Agency.	Year 1893.			Year 1894.			Year 1895.			Year 1896.			Year 1897.		
	Disbursements.	Expenses.	Cost for each $1,000 disbursed.	Disbursements.	Expenses.	Cost for each $1,000 disbursed.	Disbursements.	Expenses.	Cost for each $1,000 disbursed	Disbursements.	Expenses.	Cost for each $1,000 disbursed.	Disbursements.	Expenses.	Cost for each $1,000 disbursed.
Augusta, Me	$3,085,629.11	$11,248.47	$3.64	$2,958,137.90	$11,219.36	$3.79	$2,997,030.52	$12,515.00	$4.17	$2,989,794 40	$13,081.13	$4.38	$2,935,090.27	$12,555.67	$4.28
Boston, Mass	7,749,238.30	30,428.97	3.93	6,651,070.42	29,596.85	4.45	7,403,860.53	33,974.58	4.45	7,329,592.04	33,512.20	4.56	7,375,814.12	33,654.06	4.56
Buffalo, N. Y	7,595,069.14	24,250.68	3.19	6,659,537.89	23,626.72	3.55	6,568,873.91	27,140.99	4.11	6,526,457.78	30,974.66	4.75	6,515,815.83	32,328.50	4.96
Chicago, Ill	11,305,525.68	38,598.44	3.41	10,292,101.24	37,956.64	3.58	10,752,479.89	40,034.71	3.72	10,613,995.79	37,594.32	3.54	10,704,184.04	37,970.80	3.55
Columbus, Ohio	16,512,526.04	43,995.31	2.66	15,383,145.36	44,213.37	2.87	15,447,259.35	48,797.42	3.16	15,285,968.60	41,498.72	2.65	15,412,395.58	41,550.95	2.69
Concord, N. H	3,411,173.28	12,138.63	3.85	3,073,774.57	12,565.84	4.09	3,040,090.17	13,618.02	4.48	3,002,630.98	13,755.59	4.58	2,985,483.91	13,737.62	4.60
Des Moines, Iowa	9,217,633.00	29,062.92	3.15	8,376,235.88	28,407.24	3.39	8,333,179.53	29,778.64	3.57	8,240,358.87	30,643.74	3.72	8,324,999.98	30,228.78	3.70
Detroit, Mich	7,756,930.72	25,790.00	3.32	6,971,735.63	25,648.98	3.68	6,994,465.22	28,331.14	4.05	6,821,110.87	27,580.91	4.04	6,792,526.04	26,231.18	3.86
Indianapolis, Ind	11,880,117.47	39,349.44	3.31	10,996,665.37	39,196.67	3.56	10,881,007.70	41,852.53	3.85	10,851,006.67	42,117.09	3.88	10,877,663.95	41,028.41	3.77
Knoxville, Tenn	8,299,998.00	24,750.00	2.98	7,721,420.07	24,397.48	3.15	7,619,687.00	27,900.00	3.66	7,399,709.51	27,804.93	3.76	7,800,963.43	27,746.36	3.55
Louisville, Ky	4,865,978.08	13,410.00	2.76	4,296,803.63	13,223.66	3.08	4,229,736.00	14,950.52	3.53	4,164,236.80	16,999.82	4.08	4,238,196.72	16,788.97	3.96
Milwaukee, Wis	7,791,900.51	27,506.38	3.53	7,285,111.96	26,369.90	3.60	7,346,445.69	27,780.98	3.78	7,299,420.02	26,784.45	3.67	7,374,999.97	27,338.02	3.72
New York, N. Y	7,615,426.99	40,630.40	5.33	6,672,105.73	44,141.81	6.61	7,155,132.91	48,511.46	6.78	7,054,117.13	52,366.81	7.42	7,080,930.96	51,971.11	7.34
Philadelphia, Pa	8,468,633.93	31,770.00	3.75	7,379,430.01	31,611.81	4.27	7,787,789.87	35,747.46	4.46	7,761,152.19	37,637.95	4.98	7,908,798.20	37,139.67	4.69
Pittsburg, Pa	7,472,230.99	27,340.00	3.66	6,591,140.18	27,644.97	4.04	6,651,025.76	30,061.27	4.52	6,645,084.76	32,254.49	4.85	6,779,025.45	32,849.14	4.84
San Francisco, Cal	2,995,803.16	14,351.67	4.79	2,784,485.14	13,917.58	4.99	3,049,646.27	16,040.07	5.26	3,117,922.26	16,178.03	5.19	3,288,019.44	16,227.75	4.93
Topeka, Kans	16,409,270.24	46,969.52	2.86	14,763,462.45	46,788.26	3.17	14,900,023.04	48,864.94	3.28	14,624,999.10	45,079.55	3.08	15,068,827.04	43,980.82	2.92
Washington, D. C	12,119,129.39	36,702.12	3.03	8,263,187.93	36,903.23	4.46	9,400,908.60	37,550.13	3.99	8,994,570.11	39,163.46	4.35	9,013,902.83	38,489.07	4.27
Total	154,552,214.03	519,292.95	3.35	137,119,551.36	517,430.37	3.77	140,558,641.96	563,449.86	4.00	138,722,127.88	565,027.85	4.07	140,477,637.76	561,816.88	3.99

DISBURSEMENTS ON ACCOUNT OF PENSIONS FROM JULY 1, 1864, TO JUNE 30, 1897, INCLUSIVE.

Period.	Pensions.		Examining surgeons.		Cost of disbursing pension appropriations.	Total.	Remarks.
	Army.	Navy.	Army.	Navy.			
Fiscal year—							
1865	$16,175,251.03	$162,904.12	(a)	(a)	(b)	$16,338,155.15	
1866	15,313,598.64	291,951.24	(a)	(a)	(b)	15,605,549.88	
1867	20,707,948.47	231,841.22	(a)	(a)	(b)	20,939,789.69	
1868	22,966,183.75	290,325.61	(a)	(a)	(b)	23,256,509.36	
1869	28,323,323.34	344,923.93	(a)	(a)	(b)	28,668,247.27	
1870	29,043,237.00	308,251.78	(a)	(a)	$216,212.86	29,567,701.64	
1871	*28,081,542.41	437,250.21	(a)	(a)	431,720.03	28,950,512.65	*Including $482,110.36 paid for "Artificial limbs."
1872	*29,276,921.02	475,825.79	(a)	(a)	457,379.51	30,210,126.32	*Including 74,249.40 paid for "Artificial limbs."
1873	*26,502,528.96	479,534.93	(a)	(a)	456,323.99	27,438,387.88	*Including 74,056.33 paid for "Artificial limbs."
1874	*29,603,159.24	603,619.75	(a)	(a)	447,693.17	30,654,472.16	*Including 30,271.50 paid for "Artificial limbs."
1875	*28,727,104.76	543,300.00	(a)	(a)	444,074.79	29,714,479.55	*Including 15,179.07 paid for "Artificial limbs."
1876	*27,411,309.53	524,900.00	(a)	(a)	447,702.13	28,383,911.66	*Including 228,091.11 paid for "Artificial limbs."
1877	27,659,461.72	523,360.00	$66,057.42	$767.00	455,270.05	28,704,916.19	903,957.77
1878	26,251,725.91	534,283.53	231,658.26	3,310.00	313,194.37	27,334,172.07	
1879	c 29,089,812.59 4,019,527.33	555,089.00	85,543.50	995.00	203,851.24	33,954,818.66	
1880	c 36,291,814.64 19,609,855.78	787,558.66	73,161.00	2,386.00	221,926.76	56,986,702.84	
1881	c 48,751,926.30 667,979.05	1,163,500.00	113,392.00	3,345.00	222,295.00	50,922,437.35	
1882	c 53,195,489.40 132,702.65	984,980.00	222,995.87	9,600.00	234,544.37	54,780,312.29	
1883	c 59,388,855.40 79,755.30	958,963.11	321,966.49	19,220.00	285,620.29	61,054,380.59	
1884	c 56,890,689.50 54,425.75	967,272.22	247,966.32	14,100.00	303,430.61	58,477,884.40	
1885	c 64,183,008.22 39,267.12	949,661.78	475,031.13	7,150.00	275,976.55	65,930,094.80	
1886	c 62,995,710.34 38,932.56	1,056,500.00	487,614.76	5,100.00	294,724.14	64,878,581.80	
1887	c 72,444,294.74 19,941.95	1,288,760.39	1,089,724.92	16,600.00	248,280.42	75,107,602.42	
1888	c 77,701,447.67 11,341.60	1,237,712.40	833,561.86	11,581.75	263,109.87	80,058,755.15	
1889	c 86,982,882.43 13,619.72	1,846,218.43	772,272.72	15,119.00	278,902.20	89,909,014.50	
1890	c 103,792,629.76 16,220.63	2,285,000.00	876,108.51	19,569.11	292,697.35	107,282,225.36	

a Fees of examining surgeons paid from appropriations for army and navy pensions prior to July 1, 1876, and no separate account therefor kept.
b No data obtainable from which to determine costs prior to July 1, 1870. Amount for five years, estimated at $775,000, included in army and navy pensions.
c Arrears of army pensions, acts January 25 and March 3, 1879.

DISBURSEMENTS ON ACCOUNT OF PENSIONS FROM JULY 1, 1864, TO JUNE 30, 1897, INCLUSIVE—Continued.

Period.	Pensions.		Examining surgeons.		Cost of disbursing pension appropriations.	Total.	Remarks.
	Army.	Navy.	Army.	Navy.			
Fiscal year—							
1891 [a]	$114,732,521.29 12,229.54	$2,567,939.67	$1,591,293.76	$49,700.00	$380,360.14	$119,334,044.40	
1892 [a]	135,909,009.70 5,602.06	3,479,535.35	1,690,507.47	35,090.00	500,122.02	141,619,866.60	
1893	153,045,460.94	3,861,177.00	1,614,392.80	43,235.50	519,292.95	159,083,559.19	
1894	136,495,965.61	3,490,760.56	652,678.50	20,000.00	517,430.37	141,176,835.04	
1895	136,156,808.35	3,650,930.43	782,631.08	25,136.25	563,449.86	141,179,005.97	
1896	134,632,175.83	3,582,999.10	665,313.97	7,273.50	565,027.85	139,452,790.30	
1897	136,313,914.64	3,635,802.71	678,395.44	(b)	572,439.01	141,200,551.80	
Total	2,079,759,114.22	44,102,682.92	13,572,267.78	309,278.11	10,413,051.90	2,148,156,394.93	

[a] Arrears of army pensions, acts January 25 and March 3, 1879.

[b] No portion of appropriation set apart for "Navy."

LAW CLERK.

It is the duty of the law clerk to examine and report upon such legal questions as may be referred to him, and in all cases involving an original construction of a statute to prepare a written opinion for submission to the Comptroller, under section 8, act of July 31, 1894; also to perform such other duties as may be required of him by the Auditor.

He has charge of the law library of the office; files and keeps all decisions of the Auditor and decisions of the Comptroller transmitted to the Auditor, under section 8 of the act of July 31, 1894; records and indexes such decisions so that they can be easily referred to, and has such copies made as may be necessary for use in the office. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, he prepared written opinions in 45 cases referred to him, 21 of which were original constructions of statutes for submission to the Comptroller. Of the 21 cases submitted to the Comptroller for approval, disapproval, or modification, the action of this office was approved in 19 and reversed in 2.

The law clerk has made examination of many miscellaneous questions referred to him in connection with the work of the office in which written opinions were not deemed necessary. He has also prepared many letters in answer to correspondence in relation to legal questions arising in the settlement of accounts in this office.

THE FILES.

The question of space for files has now become very urgent. I am informed that it is not possible to allot to this office any additional room for that purpose. The next quarter's accounts of pension agents will absorb the small remaining shelf room, and even if resort should then be had to the highly objectionable expedient of converting the halls into file rooms the relief would be of short duration. If Congress in the near future should provide for the construction of a building for files and records some years would elapse before its completion. Some provision immediately available is now indispensably necessary.

I feel it due to the clerks of this Bureau to say that their conduct and deportment in office and out of office hours has been such, with rare exceptions, as to merit the approval and admiration of the Auditor and their associates.

Very respectfully,

WM. YOUNGBLOOD,
Auditor for the Interior Department.

The SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

(No. 11.)

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR FOR THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR FOR THE NAVY DEPARTMENT,
September 22, 1897.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the annual report of this Bureau for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897.

The balances, liabilities, and payments under "Pay" and other appropriations are shown by the following statements:

STATEMENT OF APPROPRIATIONS, PAY OF NAVY AND PAY OF MARINE CORPS, 1897.

Pay of the Navy, 1897.

Balance in hands of disbursing officers June 30, 1897		$86,495.78
Balance in Treasury, as shown by ledger June 30, 1897		1,219,250.74
Total balance		1,305,746.52
The ascertained liabilities June 30, 1897, were as follows:		
Due and unpaid officers and men	$794,169.10	
Due naval hospital fund	27,605.10	
Due clothing and small stores fund	80,010.89	
Due provisions, Navy	2,252.67	
Due on account of unpaid allotments	23,995.51	
Due general account of advances	534,883.94	
Total liabilities		1,462,917.21
Apparent deficiency		157,170.69

Pay of the Marine Corps, 1897.

Balance in hands of disbursing officers June 30, 1897		$13,296.82
Balance in Treasury, as shown by ledger June 30, 1897		48,199.33
Total balance		61,496.15
The ascertained liabilities June 30, 1897, were as follows:		
Due and unpaid officers and men	$58,842.38	
Due naval hospital fund	4,526.12	
Due clothing and small-stores fund	1,860.29	
Due general account of advances	27,126.64	
Total liabilities		92,355.43
Apparent deficiency		30,859.28

The following table exhibits in detail the appropriations and expenditures for the year:

APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Title of appropriation.	Year.	Appropriations and balances.	Net amount drawn out by warrant.	Balance in hand June 30, 1897.	Amount carried to the surplus fund.
Pay of the Navy	1897	$8,100,873.00	$6,881,622.26	$1,219,250.74	.....
Pay of the Navy	1896	1,096,575.55	1,091,090.69	5,484.86	.....
Pay of the Navy	1895	11,125.72	9,295.27	1,830.45	.....
Pay of the Navy	1894	6,665.71	6,627.90	37.81	.....
Pay of the Navy	1889	146.83	.....	.....	$146.83
Pay of the Navy	1888	138.73	.....	.....	138.73
Pay of the Navy, deposit fund	.....	438,348.97	169,533.56	268,815.41	.....
Pay miscellaneous	1897	271,906.48	271,716.84	189.64	.....
Contingent, Navy	1897	7,000.00	5,191.96	1,808.04	.....
Naval station, Pago Pago	.....	56,980.33	.....	56,980.33	.....
Naval coaling stations	.....	250,000.00	.....	250,000.00	.....
Naval station and coaling depot, Isthmus of Panama	.....	200,000.00	.....	200,000.00	.....
Navy pension fund	.....	840,000.00	420,000.00	420,000.00	.....
Pay of the Marine Corps	1897	764,296.40	716,097.07	48,199.33	.....
Pay of the Marine Corps	1896	30,220.16	29,506.22	713.94	.....
Pay of the Marine Corps	1895	4,478.49	612.72	3,865.77	.....
Pay of the Marine Corps	1894	31,505.45	333.99	1,000.00	30,171.46
Contingent, Marine Corps	1897	33,000.00	32,011.62	988.38	.....
Provisions, Marine Corps	1897	120,642.75	88,623.46	32,019.29	.....
Clothing, Marine Corps	1897	97,255.00	82,696.27	14,558.73	.....
Fuel, Marine Corps	1897	19,500.00	14,014.01	5,485.99	.....
Military stores, Marine Corps	1897	13,297.00	12,028.85	1,268.15	.....
Transportation and recruiting, Marine Corps	1897	15,000.00	11,930.52	3,069.48	.....
Repairs of barracks, Marine Corps	1897	23,500.00	19,686.35	3,813.65	.....
Forage, Marine Corps	1897	2,800.00	1,772.82	1,027.18	.....
Hire of quarters, Marine Corps	1897	6,624.00	5,309.46	1,314.54	.....
Increase of the Navy:					
Armor and armament	.....	11,593,825.07	5,725,469.36	5,868,355.71	.....
Armor and gun steel	.....	100,001.80	100,000.00	.....	1.80
Construction and machinery	.....	8,976,413.84	8,340,963.91	635,449.93	.....
Rapid-twist guns and reenforce cartridges	.....	11,194.11	.....	11,194.11	.....
Gun plant, navy-yard, Washington, D. C.	.....	50,000.00	43,941.60	6,058.40	.....
Nickel	.....	27,089.11	18,251.14	8,837.97	.....
Equipment	.....	270,545.76	265,055.35	5,490.41	.....
Submarine torpedo boat	.....	176,165.32	46,230.00	129,935.32	.....
Bureau of Navigation.					
Gunnery exercises	1897	6,000.00	4,130.24	1,869.76	.....
Ocean and lake surveys	1897	14,000.00	10,963.29	3,036.71	.....
Outfits for naval apprentices	1897	33,750.00	19,539.29	14,210.71	.....
Transportation, recruiting and contingent, navigation	1897	45,000.00	34,495.81	10,504.19	.....
Naval training station	1897	32,500.00	30,343.72	2,156.28	.....
Naval War College and Torpedo School	1897	11,200.00	10,046.51	1,153.49	.....
Naval station, Newport, R. I.	1897	1,000.00	997.72	2.28	.....
Naval station, Newport, R. I., buildings	.....	2,262.37	2,262.09	.....	.28
Building Naval Torpedo School and War College	.....	30.72	.....	.....	30.72
Pay, Naval Academy	1897	106,401.45	106,085.03	316.42	.....
Special course, Naval Academy	1897	3,000.00	2,896.30	103.70	.....
Repairs, Naval Academy	1897	56,000.00	45,804.26	10,195.74	.....
Heating and lighting, Naval Academy	1897	20,000.00	16,714.69	3,285.31	.....
Contingent, Naval Academy	1897	46,400.00	34,189.80	12,210.20	.....
Buildings and grounds, Naval Academy	.....	55,812.54	53,784.18	2,028.36	.....
Repairs, Naval Academy	1897 / 1898	5,000.00	.....	5,000.00	.....
Bureau of Ordnance.					
Ordnance and ordnance stores	1897	450,000.00	347,985.15	102,014.85	.....
Repairs, ordnance	1897	30,000.00	27,919.27	2,080.73	.....
Torpedo station	1897	75,000.00	70,820.80	4,179.20	.....
Arming and equipping Naval Militia	.....	95,035.29	13,769.30	81,265.99	.....
Contingent, ordnance	1897	8,000.00	7,341.77	658.23	.....
Civil establishment, ordnance	1897	29,324.00	28,324.00	1,000.00	.....
Reserve projectiles	.....	201,562.50	104,917.95	96,644.55	.....
Naval proving ground	.....	7,803.02	7,102.65	700.37	.....
Ordnance material, proceeds of sales	.....	40,578.52	28,897.32	11,681.20	.....
Modern guns and ammunition	.....	7,044.47	6,224.32	820.15	.....

APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

Title of appropriation.	Year.	Appropriations and balances.	Net amount drawn out by warrant.	Balance in hand June 30, 1897.	Amount carried to the surplus fund.
Bureau of Ordnance—Continued.					
Removal of naval magazine, Craney Island		$51,753.94	$12,892.17	$38,861.77	
Naval magazine, Dover, N. J		15,000.00	14,521.61	478.39	
Naval magazine, Fort Mifflin, Pa		50,000.00	24,907.69	25,092.31	
Reserve guns for auxiliary cruisers		400,000.00	122,202.73	277,797.27	
Testing high explosives		50,000.00	22,855.76	27,144.24	
Torpedoes		142,000.00		142,000.00	
Patent rights breech-loading ordnance		25,000.00		25,000.00	
Gun cotton factory, torpedo station		450.00	450.00		
Bureau of Equipment.					
Equipment of vessels	1897	1,312,147.00	1,181,823.52	130,323.48	
Contingent, equipment	1897	12,000.00	11,993.10	6.90	
Civil establishment, equipment	1897	19,625.00	18,425.53	1,199.47	
Naval Observatory	1897	11,800.00	10,555.60	1,244.40	
Naval Observatory, buildings		12,170.64	12,165.75	4.89	
New Naval Observatory		9,190.01		9,190.01	
Naval Observatory, lands		834.58	834.58		
Bureau of Yards and Docks.					
Maintenance	1897	200,000.00	179,306.71	20,693.29	
Repairs and preservation, navy-yards	1897	400,000.00	365,082.58	34,917.42	
Contingent, yards and docks	1897	15,000.00	14,989.75	10.25	
Naval Home, Philadelphia, Pa	1897	79,725.00	61,213.67	18,511.33	
Navy-yard, Portsmouth, N. H		9,415.14		9,415.14	
Navy-yard, Boston, Mass		9,261.51	8,995.00	266.51	
Navy-yard, Brooklyn, N. Y		333,783.81	213,667.86	120,115.95	
Navy-yard, League Island, Pa		65,977.14	23,143.01	42,834.13	
Navy-yard, Washington, D. C		111,887.19	84,970.66	26,916.53	
Navy-yard, Mare Island, Cal		176,681.08	92,772.12	83,908.96	
Navy-yard, Norfolk, Va		53,536.25	50,135.19	3,401.06	
Naval station, Port Royal, S. C		245,442.36	69,515.99	175,926.37	
Dry dock, Algiers, La		1,712.20		1,712.20	
Dry dock, Puget Sound, Wash		160,758.31	73,740.93	87,017.38	
Civil establishment, yards and docks	1897	61,486.04	58,246.09	3,239.95	
Adjustable stern dock		3,000.00		3,000.00	
Construction of dock, Port Royal, S. C		390.97	390.97		
Navy-yard, Brooklyn, N. Y., extension and improvement		106,624.55	106,017.17	607.38	
Naval station, Key West, Fla		60,400.00	1,549.60	58,850.40	
Steam tug, navy-yard, Mare Island, Cal		379.17			$379.17
Steam tug, navy-yard, League Island, Pa		6,252.17	6,077.37		174.80
Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.					
Medical department	1897	65,000.00	64,976.82	23.18	
Contingent, medicine and surgery	1897	30,000.00	25,710.34	4,289.66	
Repairs, medicine and surgery	1897	20,000.00	17,981.41	2,018.59	
Naval hospital fund	1897	20,000.00	20,000.00		
Naval hospital fund		408,727.12	176,244.92	232,482.20	
Naval training station, hospital		9,517.87	9,516.77		1.10
Ambulances for naval hospitals	1897	1,200.00	1,180.00	20.00	
Naval cemetery, Mare Island, Cal	1897	1,000.00	1,000.00		
Bureau of Supplies and Accounts.					
Provisions, Navy	1897	1,405,000.00	1,114,904.72	290,095.28	
Contingent, supplies and accounts	1897	50,000.00	47,998.17	2,001.83	
Civil establishment, supplies and accounts	1897	67,000.00	62,407.61	4,592.39	
Naval supply fund		336,562.03	136,107.41	200,454.62	
Transportation naval supplies		14,164.72	1,154.43	13,010.29	
Clothing and small-stores fund		717,371.59	409,645.10	307,726.49	
Bureau of Construction and Repair.					
Construction and repair	1897	1,750,000.00	1,664,080.95	85,919.05	
Civil establishment, construction and repair	1897	19,972.50	18,955.31	1,017.19	
Construction and repair	1896 1897	290,986.90	281,997.64	8,989.26	
Repairs to the Hartford		103,987.27	60,525.78	43,461.49	
Repairs to the Chicago		250,000.00	226,857.70	23,142.30	
Model tank, navy-yard, Washington, D.C		100,000.00	14,106.36	85,893.64	

APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

Title of appropriation.	Year.	Appropriations and balances.	Net amount drawn out by warrant.	Balance in hand June 30, 1897.	Amount carried to the surplus fund.
Bureau of Construction and Repair—Continued.					
Construction plant, navy-yard, Portsmouth, N. H	.....	$0.25	.....	.....	$0.25
Repairs to the Constitution	.....	7,989.36	$4,219.14	$3,770.22	.....
Bureau of Steam Engineering.					
Steam machinery	1897	928,500.00	869,907.26	58,592.74	.....
Steam machinery, "special"	.....	569,630.48	199,262.53	370,367.95	.....
Contingent, steam engineering	1897	1,000.00	715.73	284.27	.....
Civil establishment, steam engineering	1897	11,900.00	11,899.94	.06	.....
Machinery plant, League Island, Pa	.....	7,686.60	5.467.07	2,219.53	.....
Miscellaneous appropriations.					
Pay miscellaneous	1896	32,595.82	29,548.35	3,047.47	.....
Contingent, Navy	1896	2,835.26	2,202.60	632.66	.....
Contingent, Marine Corps	1896	274.77	141.74	133.03	.....
Provisions, Marine Corps	1896	15,087.55	10,745.21	4,342.34	.....
Clothing, Marine Corps	1896	5,928.26	4,924.53	1,003.73	.....
Fuel, Marine Corps	1896	7,643.27	1,349.15	6,294.12	.....
Military stores, Marine Corps	1896	2,046.63	750.39	1,296.24	.....
Transportation and recruiting, Marine Corps	1896	8,992.98	4,063.77	4,929.21	.....
Repairs barracks, Marine Corps	1896	792.22	740.44	51.78	.....
Forage, Marine Corps	1896	146.41	140.00	6.41	.....
Hire of quarters, Marine Corps	1896	1,301.60	496.80	804.80	.....
Gunnery exercises	1896	1,347.80	1,347.80	.....	.....
Ocean and lake surveys	1896	1,422.93	942.56	480.37	.....
Outfits for naval apprentices	1896	9,637.95	5,766.90	3,871.05	.....
Transportation, recruiting and contingent, navigation	1896	1,523.69	1,479.80	43.89	.....
Naval training station	1896	2,573.85	2,561.22	12.63	.....
Naval War College and Torpedo School	1896	2,338.30	2,245.64	92.66	.....
Naval station, Newport, R. I	1896	310.03	309.19	.84	.....
Pay, Naval Academy	1896	477.18	154.32	322.86	.....
Special course, Naval Academy	1896	238.40	202.60	35.80	.....
Repairs, Naval Academy	1896	6,284.48	6,284.48	.....	.....
Repairs, Naval Academy	1895 1896	20.00	.....	.....	20.00
Heating and lighting, Naval Academy	1896	2,643.43	2,640.05	3.38	.....
Contingent, Naval Academy	1896	7,729.37	7,503.08	226.29	.....
Ordnance and ordnance stores	1896	19,577.01	14,293.70	5,283.31	.....
Repairs, ordnance	1896	1,323.41	840.73	482.68	.....
Torpedo station	1896	4,989.06	4,275.79	713.27	.....
Contingent, ordnance	1896	3,594.50	2,553.87	1,040.63	.....
Civil establishment, ordnance	1896	1,483.35	.....	1,483.35	.....
Equipment of vessels	1896	235,431.66	209,572.94	25,858.72	.....
Contingent, equipment	1896	1,342.12	1,342.04	.08	.....
Civil establishment, equipment	1896	1,199.99	.....	1,199.99	.....
Naval Observatory	1896	577.43	575.88	1.55	.....
Maintenance, yards and docks	1896	18,420.33	17,664.76	755.57	.....
Repairs and preservation, navy yards	1896	50,395.97	48,248.87	2,147.10	.....
Contingent, yards and docks	1896	450.95	333.74	117.21	.....
Naval Home, Philadelphia, Pa	1896	19,327.89	16,602.14	2,725.75	.....
Civil establishment, yards and docks	1896	4,804.37	91.00	4,713.37	.....
Medical department	1896	234.21	9.37	224.84	.....
Contingent, medicine and surgery	1896	3,064.19	3,022.50	41.69	.....
Repairs, medicine and surgery	1896	915.21	901.90	13.31	.....
Provisions, Navy	1896	142,818.21	138,727.10	4,091.11	.....
Contingent, supplies and accounts	1896	9,508.36	8,362.85	1,145.51	.....
Civil establishment, supplies and accounts	1896	4,653.49	.....	4,653.49	.....
Construction and repair	1896	15,249.34	15,245.71	3.63	.....
Civil establishment, construction and repair	1896	1,059.38	.....	1,059.38	.....
Steam machinery	1896	40,835.74	40,799.82	35.92	.....
Contingent, steam engineering	1896	144.68	112.68	32.00	.....
Civil establishment, steam engineering	1896	67.48	.....	67.48	.....
Pay miscellaneous	1895	11,795.23	10,784.72	1,010.51	.....
Contingent, Navy	1895	.06	.06	.....	.....
Provisions, Marine Corps	1894 1895	11,021.54	11,021.54	.....	.....
Contingent, Marine Corps	1895	2,093.87	2,063.40	.....	30.47
Provisions, Marine Corps	1895	3,067.80	750.66	2,317.14	.....
Clothing, Marine Corps	1895	1,142.28	1,034.16	.....	108.12

APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

Title of appropriation.	Year.	Appropriations and balances.	Net amount drawn out by warrant.	Balance in hand June 30, 1897.	Amount carried to the surplus fund.
Miscellaneous appropriations—Cont'd.					
Fuel, Marine Corps	1895	$2,517.62			$2,517.62
Military stores, Marine Corps	1895	299.32	$248.24		51.08
Transportation and recruiting, Marine Corps	1895	6,381.46			6,381.46
Repairs barracks, Marine Corps	1895	125.92			125.92
Forage, Marine Corps	1895	591.81	589.85		1.96
Hire of quarters, Marine Corps	1895	160.13			160.13
Gunnery exercises	1895	1,420.89			1,420.89
Ocean and lake surveys	1895	79.52			79.52
Outfits for naval apprentices	1895	15,145.64			15,145.64
Transportation, recruiting and contingent, navigation	1895	69.93	15.51		54.42
Naval training station	1895	19.09			19.09
Naval War College and Torpedo School	1895	54.53	25.87		28.66
Pay, Naval Academy	1895	751.08			751.08
Special course, Naval Academy	1895	54.40			54.40
Repairs, Naval Academy	1895	31.29			31.29
Heating and lighting, Naval Academy	1895	53.16			53.16
Contingent, Naval Academy	1895	478.38	31.26		447.12
Ordnance and ordnance stores	1895	426.51			426.51
Repairs, ordnance	1895	426.78			426.78
Torpedo station	1895	295.95			295.95
Contingent, ordnance	1895	2.53	2.44		.09
Civil establishment, ordnance	1895	1,295.24			1,295.24
Equipment of vessels	1895	66,167.64	32,736.56		33,431.08
Contingent, equipment	1895	78.68	21.58		57.10
Civil establishment, equipment	1895	1,623.17			1,623.17
Naval Observatory	1895	7,493.70	6,900.00		593.07
Maintenance, yards and docks	1895	5,030.79	15.28		5,015.51
Repairs and preservation, navy-yards	1895	6,192.25			6,192.25
Contingent, yards and docks	1895	1,905.36			1,905.36
Naval Home, Philadelphia, Pa	1895	2,234.80			2,234.80
Civil establishment, yards and docks	1895	2,727.99			2,727.99
Medical Department	1895	193.14	178.95		14.19
Contingent, medicine and surgery	1895	123.95	123.27		.68
Repairs, medicine and surgery	1895	226.07			226.07
Provisions, Navy	1895	70,791.09	51,667.90		19,123.19
Contingent, supplies and accounts	1895	119.48	46.30		73.18
Civil establishment, supplies and accounts	1895	4,690.49			4,690.49
Construction and repair	1895	5,196.15	187.44		5,008.71
Civil establishment, construction and repair	1895	2,382.77			2,382.77
Steam machinery	1895	2,684.77	2,132.45		552.32
Contingent, steam engineering	1895	19.20	7.00		12.20
Civil establishment, steam engineering	1895	153.54			153.54
Pay miscellaneous	1894	1,353.64	1.00		1,352.64
Clothing, Marine Corps	1894	4,478.13			4,478.13
Contingent, Marine Corps, 1894 and prior years		10.10			10.10
Equipment of vessels	1894	760.35	8.00		752.35
Equipment of vessels, 1894 and prior years		328.81			328.81
Provisions, Navy	1894	84.60	84.60		
Contingent, supplies and accounts	1894	78.04			78.04
Contingent, Navy, 1894 and prior years		14.00			14.00
Steam machinery	1894	10,179.87	6.00		10,173.87
Ordnance, 1894 and prior years		735.02			735.02
Pay of the Navy, certified claims		11,117.01	10,753.54	$363.47	
Pay, Marine Corps, certified claims		43.60	1.47	42.13	
Pay miscellaneous, certified claims		252.66	161.28	42.67	48.71
Steam machinery, certified claims		26.99			26.99
Provisions, Navy, certified claims		24.50	24.50		
Twenty per cent additional compensation, certified claims		108.18		108.18	
Torpedo Station, certified claims		31.09	31.09		
Transportation and recruiting, equipment, certified claims		70.50		70.50	
Extra pay to officers and men who served in the Pacific, certified claims		279.45	279.45		
Maintenance, yards and docks, certified claims		7.42			7.42
Destruction of clothing and bedding for sanitary reasons, certified claims		168.29	109.31	58.98	
Enlistment bounties to seamen, certified claims		600.00	125.00	475.00	
Equipment of vessels, certified claims		1,349.24	1,349.24		

APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

Title of appropriation.	Year.	Appropriations and balances.	Net amount drawn out by warrant.	Balance in hand June 30, 1897.	Amount carried to the surplus fund.
Miscellaneous appropriations—Cont'd.					
Contingent, Marine Corps, certified claims		$9.70			$9.70
Gratuity to seamen, certified claims		100.00	$100.00		
Construction and repair, certified claims		53.95			53.95
Contingent, navigation, certified claims		.80		$0.80	
Contingent, Naval Academy, certified claims		36.83	36.83		
Contingent, ordnance, certified claims		318.08			318.08
Contingent, medicine and surgery, certified claims		13.62			13.62
Contingent, supplies and accounts, certified claims		805.39			805.39
Contingent, equipment, certified claims		399.57		97.41	302.16
Six first-class steam frigates, certified claims		2.65	2.65		
Bounty, destruction enemies' vessels, certified claims		216.21		216.21	
Allowance for reduction of wages under eight-hour law, certified claims		18.00		18.00	
Indemnity, lost clothing, certified claims		865.92	184.54	681.38	
Transportation, recruiting and contingent, navigation, certified claims		108.00			108.00
Transportation and recruiting, Marine Corps, certified claims		.25	.25		
Bounty, destruction of enemies' vessels, act July 7, 1884		54,078.54	112.33	53,966.21	
Payment of Japanese award		29,992.35		29,992.35	
Relief of sufferers by wreck of United States steamers at Apia, Samoan Islands		447.45	447.45		
Mileage, Navy, Graham decision		599.45	107.02	492.43	
Extra pay to officers and men who served in the Mexican war		2,609.25	2,609.25		
Indemnity for lost property, naval service		2,496.94	2,496.94		
Prize money		449,920.63	1,475.58	448,445.05	
Relief of Sophia and Julia C. Sparks, heirs of Edward Sparks		670.58	670.58		
Relief of National New Haven Bank, of New Haven, Conn		3,519.15	3,519.15		
Navy transportation, Pacific roads	1897	2,093.83	2,093.83		
Navy transportation, Pacific roads	1896	45,368.69	45,368.69		
Navy transportation, Pacific roads	1895	74.09	74.09		
Navy transportation, Pacific roads	*1894	40,109.87	40,109.87		
Relief of George H. Plant		5,216.85	5,216.85		
Payment on account of purchase of steamers De Soto and Bienville		24,606.28		24,606.28	
Transportation and recruiting, Marine Corps	1892	2.08	2.98		
Payment to owners of schooner H. E. Thompson for damages		90.00	90.00		
Payment to owners of Newton's Wharf, Norfolk, Va		48.00	48.00		
Payment to owners of yacht Gosson, for damages		179.56	179.56		
Payment to Brooklyn and New York Ferry Co., for damages		62.00	62.00		
Total		48,063,434.76	34,589,078.95	13,307,748.79	166,607.02

*And prior years.

INCREASE OF THE NAVY.

Amount heretofore appropriated	$113,238,179.91
Amount heretofore expended	99,283,740.90
Unexpended July 1, 1896	13,954,439.01
Appropriated by act March 3, 1896 (immediately available)	7,250,796.00
Total amount available for fiscal year 1897	21,205,235.01
Expended during the fiscal year 1897	14,539,911.36
Unexpended July 1, 1897	6,665,323.65
Appropriated by act March 3, 1897 (available July 1, 1897)	6,807,987.00
Total amount available for fiscal year 1898	13,473,310.65

PAY OF THE NAVY, DEPOSIT FUND.

Balance standing to the credit of the men July 1, 1897	$246,389.16
Deposited during the fiscal year 1897	194,800.81
Total	441,189.97
Repayments during the fiscal year 1897	141,918.56
Standing to the credit of the men July 1, 1897	299,271.41
Interest paid during the fiscal year 1897	8,654.24
Total deposits since date of act February 9, 1889	1,189,188.36
Total repayments	889,916.95
Balance, as above stated	299,271.41
Total interest paid since date of act	46,742.28

SPECIAL FISCAL AGENTS AT LONDON.

The contract with Messrs. August Belmont & Co., late special fiscal agents at London, provided as follows:

A commission of one-half of 1 per cent to be paid on disbursements made by them on account of the Navy Department.

On daily balances in their hands they paid to the United States the rate of interest paid by the London joint stock banks, and on advances they received the rate charged by the Bank of England.

They received the amount of $7,341.62 as commission under the above contract, and have paid the United States $2,568.86 as interest on daily credit balances.

The account of Messrs. August Belmont & Co. terminated May 20 last, and the balance in hand was transferred to Messrs. Seligman Bros., the newly appointed fiscal agents.

The provisions of the contract with this house are the same as with the late agents, and they have received the amount of $1,211.39 as commission on disbursements during the months of May and June, 1897, and $9.18 as interest on advances.

They have paid to the United States $42.03 as interest on the daily credit balances during the same period.

There has been a net loss of $166.42 in the transfer of funds from New York to London during the year.

ACCOUNTS AND CLAIMS SETTLED.

	Number.	Vouchers examined.	Amounts allowed.
Disbursing officers' accounts settled	403	69,717	$30,321,566.77
Transfer accounts settled	114	2,575	352,939.61
Railroad claims settled	916	1,954	80,961.69
Telegraph claims settled	314	347	2,294.53
Miscellaneous claims settled	2,244	10,512	237,854.90
Prize money claims settled	179	537	1,866.14
Grand total	4,170	85,642	30,997,483.64

On June 30, 1897, 77 claims were on hand, which claims are awaiting additional evidence and decisions of the courts in similar cases.

This is a reduction of 86, as against the number remaining unsettled June 30, 1896.

F. H. MORRIS, *Auditor.*

The SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

(No. 12.)

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR FOR THE STATE AND OTHER DEPARTMENTS.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR FOR THE
STATE AND OTHER DEPARTMENTS,
October 11, 1897.

SIR: In compliance with your request I have the honor to submit a report of the transactions of this office during the fiscal year 1897, and of the present condition of the public business committed to my charge.

WORK OF THE OFFICE.

The work of this office is in as satisfactory a condition as can be expected, taking into consideration the limited force employed thereon. A comparison of the work of the past year with that of previous years indicates that the work of the office is increasing from year to year. In order to expedite the settling of accounts an increase in the force is urgently recommended. In fact, it has become a matter of necessity, as is set forth in another part of this report.

SUITS AGAINST THE UNITED STATES.

A very important part of the work of this office consists in furnishing such evidence as is called for by the Attorney-General on behalf of the United States in suits brought by Federal officers against the United States for the recovery of fees in the various circuit and district courts under the act of March 3, 1887. The preparation of the evidence necessary for the proper presentation of the Government's side in these cases involves very much more labor than is required for the same class of work furnished in cases on trial in the Court of Claims upon the call of the Attorney-General under section 188, Revised Statutes, and in those cases where it is necessary to send expert witnesses from this office to testify on behalf of the Government it is evident that the expense in the circuit and district courts is much greater than in the Court of Claims.

The jurisdiction of the circuit and district courts over fee cases of Federal officers has resulted, however, in a greater evil, from the standpoint of the accounting officers, in furnishing conflicting opinions upon the leading statutes which come before this office by the different courts in the various circuits and districts.

I would suggest that the act of March 3, 1887, be so amended as to take from the circuit and district courts their jurisdiction over these fee

cases. First Comptroller Matthews made a like recommendation in his report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1889, in which he set forth in a most convincing argument his reasons for making the suggestion. In effect his argument was that prior to the passage of this act the accounting officers had little trouble in "keeping in line with the law as found in the statute and as interpreted by the Supreme Court and the Court of Claims; but with all the circuit and district judges of the States and Territories added, a sharp conflict of opinion can now be found upon the leading statutes which come before this office, under which money is disbursed, in almost every case."

COMPENSATION OF UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS, MARSHALS, AND COMMISSIONERS.

The law establishing salaries in lieu of fees for compensation of United States district attorneys and marshals, which went into effect July 1, 1896, is a great improvement over the old system, and has resulted in the saving to the Government of a considerable sum of money. While the law as to commissioners did not go into effect until July 1 last, there is every reason to believe that it will be as beneficial as in the case of district attorneys and marshals.

The work on the accounts of the various officers of the United States courts that are settled in this office is constantly increasing, and I find it absolutely necessary, in order to expedite the settlement of these accounts, that four additional clerks be provided for the judicial division—two of class 4 and two of class 3.

LAW BOOKS FOR USE OF THE OFFICE.

Daily recourse is necessarily made to the statute laws of the various States, more especially those providing fee bills for State officers, in the settlement in this office of accounts of the officers of the United States courts. This necessity arises generally from provisions of section 1014, Revised Statutes, and of sections 6 to 24 of the act of May 25, 1896 (29 Stat. L., 179–186), and specially from the enactments extending the provisions of chapter 45 of Mansfield's Digest of the General Laws of Arkansas to the Indian Territory and the statutes of Oregon to the Territory of Alaska. The lack of a full set of the Revised Statutes of all the States has been a source of great inconvenience to this office in the settlement of said accounts, especially as the latest editions of the Revised Statutes of some of the States can not be consulted without leaving the Treasury building.

On July 21, 1897, a circular letter was sent to the secretary of each of the States and Territories, requesting that a copy of the latest revision, compilation, or codification of the State laws, especially of those statutes relating to practice in the courts and the fees and costs chargeable or taxable for services rendered by the several officers of the courts, be furnished this office in order to more satisfactorily and with greater facility examine and settle the accounts of the officers of the Federal courts and the accounts of such State officers as from time to time render service to the United States Government in any manner connected with the enforcement of law. The following States and Territories, in response to this circular letter, forwarded copies of the laws: Arkansas, Connecticut, Maine, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, North

Dakota, New Jersey, Rhode Island, Vermont, Arizona, and Oklahoma, and the same are now in this office. In order to complete the set of these statutes and the sets of United States Reports and Federal Reporter now in the office incomplete, and to procure some works on practice, I recommend that a sum not to exceed $1,000 be appropriated for this purpose.

SETTLEMENT OF ACCOUNTS.

I have the settlement of the accounts of three departments of the Government, and also the accounts of all boards, commissions, and establishments of the Government not within the jurisdiction of any of the Executive Departments, as herein stated. I am often confronted with the various vouchers in these accounts. There seems to be a lack of uniformity, both as to the rate of charges allowed in the personal expense vouchers as well as in the vouchers themselves, which should be avoided. If Congress will take some action, placing the power to regulate this matter in the head of one of the Executive Departments, presumably the Secretary of the Treasury, in order that a uniform rate of expenditure should apply throughout the Government service, and a uniform voucher prescribed for use by all the disbursing clerks, I think such a regulation would tend, not only to facilitate the adjustment of the accounts, but also prove a decided advantage in the line of economy without in the least impairing the efficiency of the service.

EXAMINATIONS UNDER THE ACT OF FEBRUARY 19, 1897.

The act making appropriations for the Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Departments for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898, which was approved February 19, 1897 (29 Stat. L., 550), contains the following provision:

> All books, papers, and other matters relating to the office or accounts of disbursing officers of the Executive Departments, and commissions, boards, and establishments of the Government in the District of Columbia, shall at all times be subject to inspection and examination by the Comptroller of the Treasury and the Auditor of the Treasury authorized to settle such accounts, or by the duly authorized agents of either of said officials.

Acting under the authority therein given, and by direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, I have directed the examination of the books, papers, and accounts of the disbursing officers whose accounts are settled in this office, and at the date of this report many of them have been completed, while others are still in progress. These examinations differ from the usual auditing of the accounts as rendered to this office in that the offices themselves of the disbursing officers, with all their books, papers, and accounts, are inspected, their cash in hand counted, and their balances with the Treasurer or the assistant treasurers of the United States ascertained, thus enabling this office to know absolutely that all public funds intrusted to these officers are in hand or properly accounted for.

It affords me pleasure to report that the examinations so far made show that the accounts have been carefully and accurately kept, and that all funds placed in the hands of these officers were properly accounted for at the dates of the examinations.

I think it proper to call attention to the fact that these examinations brought to my attention a practice on the part of some disbursing offi-

cers which could not be ascertained by the ordinary examination of their accounts as rendered to the Treasury Department. I refer to their custom of making advances of public funds to certain agents or employees of their departments or offices who are absent from Washington, to meet future expenses to be incurred by them, when these agents or employees are unable to use their private funds, awaiting reimbursement, and where it is impracticable to obtain the service without immediate payment. This practice seems in most instances to be absolutely essential to the proper conduct of the public business, but is contrary to the provisions of section 3648, Revised Statutes, which forbids such advances of public money.

The work of inspecting and examining the books, papers, and other matters relating to the offices and accounts of the disbursing officers of the Executive Departments, boards, commissions, and other establishments of the Government above referred to, a list of which is given below, will require the services of an expert accountant, and I suggest that an examiner with a salary of $2,000 per annum be provided for this work:

Department of State.
Department of Justice.
Department of Agriculture.
Department of Labor.
Executive Office.
Senate.
House of Representatives.
Library of Congress and Botanic Garden.
Government Printing Office.
Civil Service Commission.
Fish Commission.
Venezuelan Boundary Commission.
Intercontinental Railway Commission.
District of Columbia.
Office superintendent State, War, and Navy Department building.
Tax Office, District of Columbia.
Treasurer United States (commissioner sinking fund, District of Columbia).
Office recorder of deeds, District of Columbia.
Office register of wills, District of Columbia.
Smithsonian Institution and Zoological Park.
Rock Creek Park, District of Columbia.
Association for Works of Mercy, District of Columbia.
Washington Hospital for Foundlings, District of Columbia.
St. John's Church Orphanage, District of Columbia.
House of the Good Shepherd, District of Columbia.
Industrial Home School, District of Columbia.
Columbia Hospital for Women and Lying-in Asylum, District of Columbia.
National Homeopathic Hospital Association, District of Columbia.
National Association for Colored Women and Children, District of Columbia.
St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum, District of Columbia.
Children's Hospital, District of Columbia.
Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital, District of Columbia.
Women's Christian Association, District of Columbia.
Reform School, District of Columbia.
St. Ann's Infant Asylum, District of Columbia.
Temporary Home for Ex-Union Soldiers and Sailors, District of Columbia.
St. Rose's Industrial School, District of Columbia.
Board of Children's Guardians, District of Columbia.
German Orphan Asylum Association, District of Columbia.
Young Women's Christian Home, District of Columbia.
Reform School for Girls, District of Columbia.

Work done by the law clerk in connection with suits for and against the United States:

Number of cases reported upon		172
Under act of March 3, 1887 (24 Stat. L., 505), Government, defendant:		
From district courts	3	
From circuit courts	1	
Under section 188, Revised Statutes, Government, defendant:		
From Court of Claims	75	
Under act of August 8, 1888 (25 Stat. L., 378), Government, plaintiff:		
Suits brought through Solicitor of Treasury under sections 377 and 379, Revised Statutes	2	
Judgments reported upon:		
From Court of Claims, appeals suggested	16	
From Court of Claims, no appeals suggested	56	
From district courts, appeals suggested	2	
From circuit courts, appeals suggested	1	
Form circuit courts, no appeals suggested	1	
From circuit court of appeals, appeal suggested	1	
From circuit court of appeals, no appeals suggested	2	
Under section 1076, Revised Statutes, calls from the Court of Claims	12	
		172
Miscellaneous letters in relation to cases reported upon		36

Amounts involved.

	Number of cases.	Amount of claim.	Amount of judgment.
In Court of Claims.			
Cases reported upon, in which judgment was rendered and appeals taken	1	$830.00	$415.85
Cases reported upon, in which judgment was rendered and no appeals taken	29	59,269.01	26,026.98
Cases reported upon, in which judgment has not been rendered	45	60,461.54	.....
In District Court.			
Cases reported upon, in which judgment has not been rendered	3	808.90	.....
In Circuit Court.			
Cases reported upon, in which judgment has not been rendered	1	2,940.00	.....
In suits brought under sections 377 and 379, R. S	2	7,560.22	.....

Total amount of claims against the Government in cases reported upon:		
In 75 cases in Court of Claims		$120,560.55
In 3 cases in district court		808.90
In 1 case in circuit court		2,940.00
Total		123,309.45
Amount of judgments in cases reported upon prior to July 1, 1896, in which the question of appeal was reported upon from July 1, 1896, to June 30, 1897:		
In 15 cases in Court of Claims, in which appeal was suggested		10,993.90
In 27 cases in Court of Claims, in which no appeal was suggested		10,741.43
In 2 cases in district court, in which appeal was suggested		1,211.06
In 1 case in circuit court, in which appeal was suggested		3,530.00
In 1 case in circuit court, in which no appeal was suggested		960.40
In 3 cases in circuit court of appeals (amounts included in report for fiscal year ended June 30, 1896)		00.00

The following is a summary of the work of the office:

Settlements made and certified	18,113
Vouchers contained therein	806,442
Amount involved in said settlements	$59,871,659.26

Folios copied relating to settlements	22,571
Letters written	14,197
Certificates of deposit indorsed	2,653
Diplomatic and miscellaneous requisitions examined and entered	3,256
Certificates copied	14,956
Transcripts certified for evidence in suits	26
Auditor's requisitions prepared and issued	983
Bonds, etc., registered	674
Consular drafts registered	959
Invoice and debenture certificate numbers posted from returns of collectors of customs (sec. 4213, R. S.)	347,712
Consular fee reports proven	2,621
Pages of consular fee reports tabulated	23,647

DIVISION OF JUDICIAL ACCOUNTS.

EXPENDITURES AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR

Judicial districts.	Salaries of district judges.	Salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals.			Salaries and expenses of district attorneys.		
		Salaries.		Fees and expenses.	Salaries.		Traveling expenses, etc.
		Marshals.	Office deputies, etc.		District attorneys.	Clerks and stenographers.	
Alabama, northern district	$5,000.00	$4,000.00	$3,847.50	$19,171.51	$4,000.00	$1,200.00	$350.83
Alabama, middle district		4,000.00	3,288.49	20,159.24	4,000.00	720.00	21.32
Alabama, southern district	5,000.00	3,000.00	1,798.40	6,251.43	3,000.00	1,000.00	12.24
Alaska	3,000.00	2,500.00	.....	3,686.40	2,500.00	.....	320.13
Arizona	12,000.00	4,000.00	2,400.00	5,108.18	4,000.00	900.00	418.08
Arkansas, eastern district	5,000.00	4,000.00	6,228.24	5,775.34	4,000.00	720.00	66.45
Arkansas, western district	5,000.00	5,000.00	4,694.70	11,549.89	5,000.00	.....	175.75
California, northern district	5,000.00	4,000.00	8,200.80	2,304.56	4,500.00	3,000.00	121.55
California, southern district	5,000.00	3,000.00	1,800.50	4,422.68	3,500.00	900.00	10.50
Colorado	5,000.00	4,000.00	2,599.50	4,924.63	4,000.00	300.00	106.86
Connecticut	5,000.00	2,000.00	981.02	489.01	2,500.00	.....	16.90
Delaware	5,000.00	2,000.00	1,913.12	906.45	2,000.00	.....	87.75
District of Columbia	30,000.00	5,500.00	20,720.78	2,181.49	200.00	.....	21,429.86
Florida, northern district	5,000.00	3,000.00	1,300.00	3,141.75	3,500.00	600.00	121.66
Florida, southern district	5,000.00	3,000.00	1,607.56	8,901.63	3,500.00	720.00	233.96
Georgia, northern district	5,000.00	5,000.00	5,463.98	17,891.95	5,000.00	2,400.00	98.99
Georgia, southern district	5,000.00	3,500.00	2,243.01	5,288.71	3,500.00	600.00	.....
Idaho	5,000.00	3,000.00	1,796.80	3,504.56	3,000.00	600.00	488.21
Illinois, northern district	5,000.00	5,000.00	13,416.65	2,874.87	5,000.00	1,200.00	209.80
Illinois, southern district	5,000.00	4,500.00	3,100.00	7,998.12	5,000.00	600.00	1,037.59
Indiana	5,000.00	4,500.00	3,714.71	4,805.71	5,000.00	900.00	978.71
Indian Territory, northern district	5,000.00	4,000.00	.....	6,858.01	4,000.00	1,000.00	459.02
Indian Territory, central district	5,000.00	4,000.00	.....	7,168.77	4,000.00	1,000.00	310.63
Indian Territory, southern district	5,000.00	4,000.00	.....	6,835.39	4,000.00	.....	197.33
Iowa, northern district	5,000.00	4,000.00	1,498.60	3,537.34	4,500.00	1,000.00	255.81
Iowa, southern district	5,000.00	4,000.00	2,560.08	8,782.28	4,500.00	1,000.00	692.99
Kansas	5,000.00	4,000.00	2,100.00	4,675.59	4,500.00	780.00	857.43
Kentucky	5,000.00	5,000.00	5,347.08	14,774.29	5,000.00	900.00	86.54
Louisiana, eastern district	5,000.00	3,000.00	3,081.32	1,527.48	3,500.00	900.00	290.57
Louisiana, western district	5,000.00	2,500.00	1,198.90	2,326.23	2,500.00	.....	51.85
Maine	5,000.00	3,000.00	1,500.00	4,234.53	3,000.00	.....	85.86
Maryland	5,000.00	3,500.00	4,389.50	1,109.43	4,000.00	1,000.00	21.25
Massachusetts	5,000.00	5,000.00	6,116.80	2,992.48	5,000.00	900.00	403.51
Michigan, eastern district	5,000.00	4,000.00	3,590.28	2,799.25	4,000.00	900.00	208.30
Michigan, western district	5,000.00	3,000.00	2,720.00	1,983.57	3,500.00	750.00	990.89
Minnesota	5,000.00	4,000.00	6,024.46	8,714.19	4,000.00	.....	482.28
Mississippi, northern district	5,000.00	3,000.00	1,096.70	4,510.24	3,500.00	720.00	123.20
Mississippi, southern district		3,000.00	1,198.90	7,595.62	3,500.00	900.00	115.50
Missouri, eastern district	5,000.00	4,000.00	3,000.00	6,087.43	4,500.00	720.00	81.54
Missouri, western district	5,000.00	4,000.00	2,998.90	10,038.74	4,500.00	720.00	420.57
Montana	5,000.00	3,500.00	1,800.00	6,880.66	4,000.00	1,200.00	318.44
Nebraska	5,000.00	3,500.00	2,222.30	7,386.99	4,000.00	900.00	399.98
Nevada	5,000.00	2,500.00	1,200.00	1,802.74	3,000.00	.....	.....
New Hampshire	5,000.00	2,000.00	790.20	579.70	2,000.00	250.00	26.72
New Jersey	5,000.00	3,000.00	998.90	873.06	3,000.00	800.00	112.21
New Mexico	15,000.00	4,000.00	3,000.00	8,376.68	4,000.00	900.00	529.02
New York, northern district	5,000.00	5,000.00	4,633.04	12,402.51	4,500.00	1,200.00	1,971.08
New York, eastern district	5,000.00	4,000.00	4,786.60	2,498.87	4,500.00	1,000.00	16.46
New York, southern district	5,000.00	5,000.00	22,838.39	2,160.07	6,000.00	.....	10,165.61
North Carolina, eastern district	5,000.00	4,000.00	2,800.00	9,743.05	4,000.00	500.00	141.60
North Carolina, western district	5,000.00	4,500.00	4,625.80	25,487.52	4,500.00	2,320.00	757.07
North Dakota	5,000.00	4,000.00	2,700.00	8,839.94	4,000.00	720.00	637.11
Ohio, northern district	5,000.00	4,000.00	3,600.00	3,339.32	4,500.00	900.00	632.14
Ohio, southern district	5,000.00	4,000.00	4,583.17	4,937.55	4,500.00	720.00	668.92
Oklahoma	15,000.00	5,000.00	4,964.69	37,384.51	5,000.00	900.00	1,339.52
Oregon	5,000.00	4,000.00	3,500.00	3,304.57	4,500.00	900.00	41.45
Pennsylvania, eastern district	5,000.00	4,000.00	4,700.00	975.15	4,500.00	600.00	672.04
Pennsylvania, western district	5,000.00	4,000.00	2,794.10	2,386.79	4,500.00	1,000.00	836.19
Rhode Island	5,000.00	2,000.00	800.00	635.36	2,500.00	.....	220.00
South Carolina	5,000.00	4,500.00	4,092.93	9,571.16	4,500.00	1,200.00	304.80
South Dakota	5,000.00	4,000.00	1,798.40	11,402.72	4,000.00	600.00	357.73
Tennessee, eastern district	5,000.00	4,000.00	2,698.60	5,730.28	4,500.00	1,200.00	114.38
Tennessee, middle district		4,000.00	2,400.00	6,595.76	4,500.00	1,200.00	13.39
Tennessee, western district	5,000.00	4,000.00	2,495.80	4,418.13	4,500.00	600.00	162.04
Texas, northern district	5,000.00	3,000.00	1,500.00	5,080.87	3,500.00	600.00	497.85
Texas, eastern district	5,000.00	5,000.00	6,918.74	31,252.77	5,000.00	2,500.00	723.78
Texas, western district	5,000.00	4,000.00	2,494.40	8,677.59	4,000.00	150.00	505.47
Utah	5,000.00	3,500.00	3,909.54	1,157.26	4,000.00	420.00	17.83

DIVISION OF JUDICIAL ACCOUNTS.

EXPENSES, UNITED STATES COURTS.

Pay of regular assistant attorneys.	Fees of clerks.	Fees of commissioners.	Fees of jurors.	Fees of witnesses.	Support of prisoners.	Pay of bailiffs, etc.	Miscellaneous expenses.	Rent of court rooms and miscellaneous items.	Total.
$1,800.00	$6,692.16	$17,365.31	$7,417.90	$42,673.70	$3,932.92	$1,005.80	$698.50	.....	$119,156.13
1,500.00	6,113.90	10,758.74	7,431.80	48,364.13	4,336.54	502.00	336.40	.....	111,532.56
.....	3,194.42	2,479.50	4,396.65	11,492.85	1,030.62	773.00	249.38	$81.97	43,760.46
600.00	2,500.00	1,024.30	6,818.00	3,885.60	15,733.13	437.00	1,247.75	2,918.38	47,170.69
1,800.00	9,312.25	2,644.50	4,101.70	5,021.77	11,895.22	1,143.00	885.00	3,045.60	68,675.30
2,400.00	2,939.31	2,524.20	15,616.20	14,069.82	2,895.35	563.50	1,487.95	.....	68,286.36
3,200.00	6,177.95	5,529.75	12,984.50	52,953.70	19,950.86	3,314.15	1,925.75	.....	137,457.00
4,500.00	7,496.13	1,567.85	7,248.70	5,155.75	21,476.75	3,903.00	6,807.28	2,126.75	87,409.12
1,500.00	5,339.55	1,363.90	4,578.60	5,409.15	2,603.13	1,557.50	2,896.95	1,182.70	45,065.16
1,500.00	2,034.56	1,162.92	5,167.15	5,747.30	2,730.58	548.25	2,590.75	510.00	42,922.50
.....	1,530.12	419.35	1,296.60	332.90	1,616.54	1,076.00	874.89	.....	18,133.33
.....	1,800.80	5.00	1,403.80	227.80	36.26	751.00	317.23	.....	16,449.21
.....	.....	1,161.65	38,282.00	4,586.55	4,768.80	5,463.90	5,499.36	455,781.71	595,576.10
.....	1,566.00	2,505.15	1,924.30	6,779.78	972.35	203.00	282.33	.....	30,896.32
1,200.00	3,221.10	2,881.65	8,561.95	16,643.85	3,256.73	1,357.20	178.15	505.00	60,768.78
4,500.00	11,006.44	18,572.60	7,807.75	28,900.96	14,656.51	1,369.00	1,253.50	205.00	129,126.68
.....	2,095.90	3,258.00	3,351.90	9,174.77	1,581.09	1,480.50	988.33	462.00	42,524.21
.....	1,520.28	323.75	3,046.25	4,690.25	7,390.10	146.10	663.20	2,887.50	38,057.00
4,700.00	6,630.48	3,581.15	17,134.95	9,689.60	9,586.40	4,985.50	6,059.11	26,700.00	121,768.51
1,500.00	5,410.64	1,350.65	11,405.80	12,600.40	5,056.94	2,448.00	471.75	425.04	67,904.93
2,000.00	3,230.70	1,443.20	2,974.60	5,072.65	16,444.86	2,343.00	507.75	42.60	58,958.49
1,200.00	}	{ 9,000.00	16,854.50	30,718.10	25,707.94	731.00	780.00	21,220.15	127,528.72
.....	4,249.51	9,000.00	18,390.05	18,312.30	18,050.87	865.50	1,204.50	21,788.47	109,091.09
1,200.00	}	9,000.00	13,905.95	15,248.60	22,814.61	1,295.50	1,309.50	24,706.05	113,762.44
1,200.00	2,285.06	2,005.40	6,069.70	3,834.25	5,433.63	402.42	653.00	1,983.33	43,658.54
1,200.00	4,163.16	4,781.40	11,215.40	30,399.99	9,117.63	875.50	851.32	.....	89,139.75
2,000.00	2,113.52	1,761.60	9,037.30	9,299.94	2,375.77	1,360.75	1,030.00	102,349.71	153,241.61
2,400.00	5,070.11	6,842.70	13,066.00	48,235.40	18,962.00	724.00	2,954.80	1,202.10	135,564.42
2,500.00	2,932.25	1,683.55	7,966.00	2,580.40	891.45	3,862.65	2,592.42	5.40	42,313.49
.....	800.47	480.45	2,177.90	2,585.20	567.50	490.50	1.50	.....	20,680.50
.....	1,307.38	228.15	2,786.00	3,108.72	1,578.88	808.00	683.85	1,050.00	28,371.37
1,200.00	1,946.16	1,011.70	4,294.80	2,589.15	6,805.81	688.00	1,043.98	.....	38,599.78
4,300.00	3,613.36	2,138.05	8,270.35	4,321.52	4,954.13	12,330.48	7,248.96	6,369.78	78,959.42
2,000.00	1,685.25	739.75	7,211.70	2,959.55	14,878.54	1,768.00	541.30	.....	52,281.92
1,200.00	1,897.61	962.10	5,164.60	7,057.23	2,828.73	453.20	1,219.01	.....	38,726.94
3,500.00	3,900.67	3,050.40	14,720.00	9,610.91	14,936.16	2,397.15	4,870.94	413.90	85,621.06
} 1,500.00	{2,815.84	1,962.10	4,331.05	7,805.85	625.45	103.00	36.50	.....	30,629.93
	{4,804.13	642.70	5,895.10	13,826.02	2,364.45	374.00	104.40	.....	50,821.82
3,500.00	3,539.16	2,572.15	8,044.45	10,333.75	2,566.95	1,442.45	990.41	1,316.21	57,694.50
2,000.00	3,219.21	2,455.35	6,486.15	16,912.85	11,844.82	644.60	203.35	.....	71,444.54
1,500.00	2,517.45	413.75	4,988.80	6,513.55	4,857.00	1,416.00	713.13	3,352.50	48,971.28
1,500.00	4,256.88	507.15	8,115.90	8,159.05	1,492.65	1,245.16	171.70	.....	48,857.76
.....	1,941.56	242.45	1,054.90	1,133.80	5,041.75	269.00	968.68	.....	24,154.88
.....	1,119.91	224.05	1,677.90	770.31	1,981.60	268.90	60.85	450.00	17,200.14
800.00	984.89	1,183.80	2,432.80	1,086.11	5,864.27	312.00	.....	.....	26,448.04
1,800.00	9,383.30	1,890.70	20,110.25	11,188.95	11,658.17	2,212.11	1,585.75	58,241.02	153,875.95
5,000.00	3,787.29	10,635.41	5,592.75	43,073.91	30,784.19	1,041.25	2,453.74	1,234.99	138,310.16
2,000.00	1,622.52	2,168.55	1,424.00	471.60	48,170.34	141.78	128.41	.....	77,929.13
16,500.00	.....	1,202.65	13,176.00	8,335.29	5,933.93	7,010.48	11,272.59	3,686.58	118,280.59
1,250.00	3,174.66	8,037.35	2,426.40	15,810.74	4,203.60	310.75	149.00	150.00	61,697.15
2,000.00	12,750.58	23,586.20	4,509.20	37,847.12	11,471.96	821.64	435.25	328.00	140,940.34
1,200.00	3,979.80	244.25	2,573.10	6,721.10	.....	416.00	333.00	7,404.66	48,768.96
1,800.00	1,753.92	1,242.05	8,653.20	2,798.90	1,868.51	2,389.50	1,920.25	.....	44,397.79
3,200.00	3,210.61	1,878.00	8,223.60	9,392.21	60,372.59	5,016.10	5,028.64	.....	120,731.39
3,500.00	10,011.45	9,023.40	4,913.10	17,619.91	7,026.99	3,256.50	2,575.78	5,002.49	132,518.34
1,200.00	8,154.66	718.35	3,813.75	3,925.61	3,513.58	1,259.40	332.07	.....	44,163.44
4,500.00	.....	1,659.95	8,121.95	10,441.97	9,198.60	2,613.77	2,429.50	156.20	59,569.13
4,000.00	1,279.60	1,265.35	12,142.90	5,007.12	7,805.41	650.00	1,002.84	.....	53,670.30
.....	1,839.43	236.45	754.50	313.35	195.01	1,793.00	25.75	.....	16,312.85
2,700.00	6,347.09	11,327.45	10,354.75	18,163.45	4,611.28	1,603.00	1,231.72	19,516.58	105,024.21
1,500.00	3,389.89	880.10	9,615.11	31,616.23	11,762.57	1,022.70	760.28	3,850.00	91,555.73
1,500.00	3,581.80	4,275.67	4,323.20	5,940.79	5,030.43	628.00	1,112.87	.....	44,636.02
1,600.00	4,675.71	5,404.35	4,227.15	8,734.95	4,898.21	940.00	1,683.20	200.00	56,072.72
1,500.00	5,193.40	3,299.60	4,982.80	8,033.25	1,983.70	378.00	1,477.35	.....	48,024.07
.....	1,629.78	2,269.50	6,468.10	6,827.65	2,409.20	1,510.50	2,271.95	607.23	43,172.63
3,500.00	13,108.84	5,698.20	20,518.60	69,337.10	16,729.15	3,500.60	2,069.55	.....	190,857.33
1,500.00	2,534.46	3,386.85	9,247.40	11,428.20	9,965.92	804.00	792.87	171.05	64,658.21
1,500.00	1,261.63	340.55	1,993.00	2,364.10	2,290.25	706.65	825.20	4,083.20	33,369.21

EXPENDITURES AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR

Judicial districts.	Salaries. of district judges.	Salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals.			Salaries and expenses of district attorneys.		
		Salaries.		Fees and expenses.	Salaries.		Traveling expenses, etc.
		Marshals.	Office deputies, etc.		District attorneys.	Clerks and stenographers.	
Vermont	$5,000.00	$2,500.00	$975.58	$2,709.68	$3,000.00	$600.00	$350.26
Virginia, eastern district	5,000.00	3,500.00	1,277.72	2,437.89	4,000.00	600.00	208.78
Virginia, western district	5,000.00	4,000.00	2,700.00	14,197.01	4,500.00	1,500.00	400.63
Washington	5,000.00	4,000.00	3,642.60	11,284.91	4,500.00	900.00	805.69
West Virginia	5,000.00	4,000.00	4,495.90	14,001.00	4,500.00	1,000.00	440.50
Wisconsin, eastern district	5,000.00	4,000.00	4,597.90	1,402.03	4,000.00	600.00	461.45
Wisconsin, western district	5,000.00	4,000.90	3,000.00	3,221.87	4,000.00	480.00	273.80
Wyoming	5,000.00	3,500.00	1,498.60	564.79	4,000.00	900.00	52.17
Special assistant attorneys							
Total	415,000.00	287,000.00	267,371.18	521,589.73	301,200.00	59,410.00	57,618.32
Judgments of the Court of Claims							
Grand total							

RECAPITULATION.

Salaries of district judges		$415,000.00	
Salaries of United States marshals	$287,000.00		
Salaries of office deputies, etc., United States marshals	267,371.18		
Fees and expenses of United States marshals	521,589.73		
		1,075,960.91	
Salaries of district attorneys	301,200.00		
Salaries of clerks, etc., to district attorneys	59,410.00		
Traveling expenses, etc., of district attorneys	57,618.32		
Pay of regular and special assistant attorneys	167,000.36		
		585,228.68	
Fees of clerks		282,629.59	
Fees of commissioners		261,853.20	
Fees of jurors, United States courts		575,335.51	
Fees of witnesses, United States courts		977,570.27	
Support of prisoners, United States courts		649,963.45	
Pay of bailiffs, etc., United States courts		119,975.69	
Miscellaneous expenses, United States courts		116,416.96	
Rent of court rooms and miscellaneous items		802,255.04	
			$5,862,189.30
Judgments of Court of Claims			1,578,974.34
Grand total			7,441,163.64

EXPENSES, UNITED STATES COURTS—Continued.

Pay of regular assistant attorneys.	Fees of clerks.	Fees of commissioners.	Fees of jurors.	Fees of witnesses.	Support of prisoners.	Pay of bailiffs, etc.	Miscellaneous expenses.	Rent of court rooms and miscellaneous items.	Total.
.....	$1,378.95	$12.50	$2,528.60	$3,312.32	$1,405.03	$378.00	$221.50	.....	$24,372.42
$1,500.00	4,453.97	704.55	3,131.70	1,470.60	1,943.21	3,405.00	994.82	$350.00	34,978.24
1,200.00	6,719.22	7,312.25	9,764.95	21,294.68	6,234.53	1,407.00	1,092.28	.....	87,322.55
1,800.00	3,926.49	2,829.20	13,354.60	13,984.00	14,897.02	1,449.80	2,284.80	7,638.91	92,298.02
2,600.00	8,652.16	2,808.00	9,540.10	34,633.05	14,485.90	763.00	1,919.54	.....	108,839.15
1,200.00	946.55	2,049.25	3,006.40	2,777.84	7,655.54	712.00	878.09	3,952.28	43,239.24
1,200.00	2,130.10	476.55	6,247.45	10,740.90	1,229.40	987.00	574.00	.....	43,561.07
.....	775.50	178.10	2,488.50	3,087.55	1,734.96	350.00	99.65	2,600.00	26,829.82
26,850.36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	26,850.36
167,000.36	282,629.59	261,853.20	575,335.51	977,570.27	649,963.45	119,975.69	116,416.96	802,255.04	5,862,189.30
.....									1,578,974.34
.....									7,441,163.64

DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR DIVISION.

Diplomatic service.—The accounts of ambassadors, ministers, and other officers of the diplomatic service have been settled, showing (Table A of the Appendix) expenditures and passport fees for the year, as follows:

Paid for salaries of ambassadors and ministers	$324,783.92
Paid for salaries, secretaries of embassies and legations	36,557.04
Paid for clerk hire to legation in Spain	1,200.00
Paid for salaries, diplomatic officers, while receiving instructions and in transit	29,231.02
Paid for salaries, chargés d'affaires ad interim	27,695.62
Paid for salaries, interpreters to legations	10,500.00
Paid for contingent expenses, foreign missions	112,173.88
Paid for loss by exchange, diplomatic service	1,313.78
Total salaries and expenses	543,455.26
Passport fees received and accounted for	1,732.03

Consular service.—Accounts of consular officers have been settled, showing expenses for this service and official fees collected, as follows (Tables B, C, D, and E of the Appendix):

Paid:	
Salaries, consular service	$532,264.76
Salaries, while receiving instructions and in transit	9,654.42
Salaries, consular clerks	14,255.27
Loss on bills of exchange	3,050.56
Pay of consular officers for services to American vessels	5,333.33
Compensation from fees (secs. 1703, 1750, and 1733, Rev. Stat.)	169,663.08
Office rent and clerk hire (sec. 1732, Rev. Stat.)	1,215.28
Contingent expenses, United States consulates	181,694.55
Allowance for clerks at consulates	97,485.36
Expenses of prisons for American convicts	7,132.79
Salaries, interpreters to consulates in China, etc	13,598.15
Salaries, marshals for consular courts	9,210.06
Expenses of interpreters and guards in Turkish dominions	6,831.84
Total	1,051,389.45
Received:	
Consular fees received for official services	914,432.66
Excess of expenditures over receipts	136,956.79

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CONSULAR FEES RECEIVED AND EXPENDITURES MADE ANNUALLY FROM 1884 TO 1897, INCLUSIVE.

Year.	Consular fees received.	Salaries and other expenses.	Excess of expenditures.	Excess of receipts.
1884	$895,780.27	$872,345.08		$23,435.19
1885	791,345.43	870,183.10	$78,837.67	
1886	881,569.79	900,604.90	19,035.11	
1887	950,690.64	918,973.26		31,717.38
1888	999,172.31	934,983.93		64,188.38
1889	979,191.60	953,580.37		15,611.23
1890	1,039,653.26	1,032,048.08		7,605.18
1891	978,142.58	1,095,160.93	117,018.35	
1892	940,040.50	1,097,585.55	157,545.05	
1893	1,009,060.26	1,105,103.16	96,042.90	
1894	758,410.81	1,055,417.43	297,006.62	
1895	938,764.66	1,039,332.58	100,567.92	
1896	975,500.30	1,045,920.70	70,420.40	
1897	914,432.66	1,051,389.45	136,956.79	

Consular fees.—The consular fees collected for official services are stated in detail as to the character and amount at each consulate in Table H of the Appendix, and aggregate in kind and amount, as follows:

Invoice certificates	$836,771.95
Landing certificates	21,342.66
Bills of health	32,438.50
Miscellaneous	23,879.55
Total	914,432.66

Relief of seamen.—As shown by Tables F and G of the Appendix, accounts for relief of seamen and wages were settled, with the following results:

Board and lodging	$4,879.63
Clothing	3,054.85
Medical aid	3,683.02
Other expenses	5,076.93
Loss by exchange	73.47
Passage to the United States, paid at Treasury	7,979.29
Total	24,747.19
Amount of extra wages and arrears collected	199,891.59
Amount of extra wages and arrears paid to seamen	193,924.99
Amount of extra wages and arrears paid for relief	4,841.28
Amount of extra wages and arrears in hands of consuls	1,125.32
Total	199,891.59
Total relief afforded	24,747.19
Wages and extra wages applied	4,841.28
Amount paid by the United States	19,905.91
Balance of appropriation unexpended September 22, 1897	30,094.09
Total sum appropriated	50,000.00

Other expenses of the foreign service.—Accounts other than those hereinbefore reported, and in addition to the accounts which are included in the tables coming immediately after this, of disbursing clerk's accounts settled during the year, relating to appropriations are as follows:

Foreign hospital at Panama, 1897	$500.00
Annual expenses Cape Spartel light, 1897	295.50
Fees and costs in extradition cases, 1897	181.10
Allowance to widows or heirs of diplomatic or consular officers who die abroad, 1897	729.16
Rescuing shipwrecked American seamen, 1897	1,019.79
Printing consular and commercial reports, 1897	19,433.09
Transporting negroes from Mexico to their homes in Alabama	70.56
Bringing home criminals, 1897	1,106.89
International Bureau for publication of customs tariffs, 1896 and 1897	1,318.76
International Union of American Republics, 1897	4.00
Purchase of legation premises at Tokyo, Japan	16,000.00
Rent of buildings for legation in Japan, 1897	196.00
Buildings and grounds for legation in China, 1897	3,499.65
Steam launch for legation at Constantinople, 1897	1,800.00
Commission on damages for seizure of vessels in Bering Sea	21,685.02
International Boundary Survey, United States and Mexico	12,877.40
Water boundary, United States and Mexico	12,667.00
Water boundary, United States and Canada	65.00
Monument to mark the birthplace of George Washington	13,194.56
Rescuing crew of American schooner *Maggie E. Wells*	2,000.00
Inspection of consulates, 1896 and 1897	2,235.11

Trust funds, Department of State:	
Virginius indemnity	$902.29
Venezuelan indemnity	51,298.59
Venezuela Steam Transportation Company indemnity	28,300.00
Claim of the Hydrographic Commission of the Amazon	5,208.34
Hale claim	7,236.58
Cerruti claim	3,000.00
Platt claim	387.74
Frary claim	311.74

Disbursing clerk's accounts.—Accounts have been settled during the year, showing expenditures on account of appropriations under the supervision of the Department of State, as follows:

	1895.	1896.	1897.
Salaries, Department of State	.....	$127.17	$118,946.55
Stationery and furniture, Department of State	.....	663.96	3,913.41
Books and maps, Department of State	.....	451.23	1,761.83
Lithographing, Department of State	.....	.....	1,200.00
Contingent expenses, Department of State	.....	414.58	3,215.35
Contingent expenses, foreign missions	.....	1,240.44	17,160.97
Contingent expenses, United States consulates	$3.40	256.70	12,531.66
Emergencies arising in the diplomatic and consular service	.....	5,167.91	19,430.15
Expenses under the neutrality act	.....	206.93	1,936.82
Rescuing shipwrecked American seamen	5.06	313.00	1,092.50
Publication of consular and commercial reports	.....	.....	2,859.70
International Union of American Republics	.....	3,245.09	35,565.30
Transporting remains of diplomatic officers, consuls, and consular clerks	.....	.....	293.00
United States and Chilean Claims Commission	.....	.....	24.00
International exhibition at Brussels	.....	.....	1,470.40
Publication of International Catalogue of Exports and Imports	.....	.....	4,991.39
Editing Revised and Annual Statutes	.....	2,502.75	3,570.60
Protecting the interests of the United States in the Samoan Islands	.....	150.00	3,392.26
Committee on water communication between the Great Lakes and Atlantic Ocean	.....	.....	4,081.00
International marine conference	.....	.....	1,437.43
Digest of International Law, second edition	.....	.....	500.00
International prison commission	.....	.....	1,997.62
Inspection of consulates	.....	.....	1,337.32
Relief of destitute American citizens in Cuba	.....	.....	10,000.00

Accounts of prior years.—Diplomatic and consular accounts not heretofore reported were received or perfected during the year and have been settled as follows:

Salaries, secretaries of embassies and legations, 1896	$1,392.71
Salaries, diplomatic officers while receiving instructions and in transit, 1896	148.09
Contingent expenses, foreign missions, 1871, and prior years	344.51
Contingent expenses, foreign missions, 1894, $62.46; 1895, $64.09; 1896, $2,292.36	.....
Contingent expenses, United States consulates, 1895, $563.10; 1896, $1,561.89	.....
Loss by exchange, diplomatic service, 1896	1,196.89
Loss by exchange, consular service, 1895, $94.96; 1896, $709.41	.....
Salaries, consular clerks, 1896	164.84
Consular fees, 1896	720.00
Pay for services rendered American vessels, 1895, $504.83; 1896, $8,169.87	.....
Allowance for clerks at consulates, 1896	200.00
Transporting remains of diplomatic officers, consuls, and consular clerks, 1896	1,984.88
Allowance to widows or heirs of diplomatic or consular officers who die abroad, 1894	138.89
Fees and costs in extradition cases, 1896	165.71
Bringing home criminals, 1896	1,018.51
Survey and examination of Nicaragua Canal, 1895 and 1896	6,176.00
Books and maps, Department of State, 1896	1.55
Conference of Red Cross at Rome, 1892	882.70
Refunding penalties and charges erroneously exacted, 1896	156.75

London bankers' accounts.—Accounts of Brown, Shipley & Co., bankers for the United States at London, settled, covering the period from July 1, 1896, to April 30, 1897, show payments by them aggregating $264,139.85, and receipts from consular officers of surplus fees amounting to $193,287.13, and of wages of seamen, $28.06.

The disbursements related to appropriations as follows:

	1896.	1897.	Total.
Salaries of ambassadors and ministers	$22,831.65	$154,704.79	$177,536.44
Salaries, secretaries of embassies and legations	3,661.59	21,147.14	24,808.73
Salaries, interpreters to legations	998.74	6,634.58	7,633.32
Clerk hire to legation in Spain		1,200.00	1,200.00
Contingent expenses, foreign missions	3,785.89	44,202.31	47,988.20
Contingent expenses, United States consulates	5.62	89.54	95.16
Steam launch for legation at Constantinople		1,350.00	1,350.00
Inspection of consulates 1896 and 1897		3,528.00	3,528.00
Total	31,283.49	232,856.36	264,139.85

Accounts of Seligman Brothers, bankers for the United States at London, settled, covering the period from May 1, 1897, to June 30, 1897, show payments by them aggregating $69,125.15, and receipts from consular officers of surplus fees amounting to $34,545.81.

The disbursements related to appropriations as follows (1897):

Salaries of ambassadors and ministers	$58,682.42
Salaries, secretaries of embassies and legations	4,100.53
Salaries, interpreters to legations	1,392.69
Contingent expenses, foreign missions	4,937.06
Contingent expenses, United States consulates	12.45
Total	69,125.15

The disbursements and receipts by the United States bankers at London for the year are as follows:

Salaries of ambassadors and ministers	$236,218.86
Salaries, secretaries of embassies and legations	28,909.26
Salaries, interpreters to legations	9,026.01
Clerk hire to legation in Spain	1,200.00
Contingent expenses, foreign missions	52,925.26
Contingent expenses, United States consulates	107.61
Steam launch for legation at Constantinople	1,350.00
Inspection of consulates	3,528.00
Total	333,265.00
Receipts from surplus consular fees	227,832.94

Estates of decedents, trust fund.—Accounts of this fund (sec. 1709, Rev. Stat.) were settled, showing the following sums paid to the legal representatives of citizens of the United States who died abroad:

Estate of—	
Natalio Clark	$299.93
Charles Brennan	3.57
C. A. Macrea	63.46
Robert Thompson	58.60
John Dublin	292.91
John Fisher	49.57
Joseph Milton	524.19
Edgar Sprecher	91.52
J. G. Everett	2,102.06

MISCELLANEOUS DIVISION.

The following statement shows the disbursements made and allowed in settlements during the fiscal year on account of the following appropriations:

	1896.	1897.
Department of Agriculture:		
Salaries	$1,923.03	$290,791.95
Furniture, cases, and repairs	262.93	8,781.98
Library	1,215.74	4,685.44
Museum	41.90	2,889.60
Postage		1,730.00
Contingent expenses	1,093.07	17,875.60
Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Animal Industry	52,005.73	572,609.85
Animal quarantine stations	816.16	5,657.91
Collecting agricultural statistics	1,247.28	81,421.96
Botanical investigations and experiments	1,651.04	12,545.88
Entomological investigations		17,646.66
Vegetable pathological investigations	78.01	18,018.75
Biological investigations		16,185.52
Pomological investigations	110.80	4,780.98
Laboratory	915.74	9,851.24
Forestry investigations	1,754.81	12,128.59
Experimental gardens and grounds	221.97	18,977.32
Soil investigations	1,194.57	9,384.50
Grass and forage plant investigations	505.69	8,580.12
Fiber investigations		4,136.00
Agricultural experiment stations	1,141.93	28,132.08
Nutrition investigation	3,244.37	11,373.22
Public-road inquiries	176.21	7,633.92
Publications		60,004.22
Purchase and distribution of valuable seeds	22,068.60	132,968.07
Salaries, Weather Bureau		145,043.60
Fuel, lights, and repairs, Weather Bureau	34.67	7,204.94
Contingent expenses, Weather Bureau	498.61	6,904.16
General expenses, Weather Bureau	61,803.20	626,660.34
Irrigation investigation	445.85	
Illustrations and engravings	1,393.94	
Investigations in ornithology and mammalogy	1,037.46	
Civil Service Commission:		
Salaries		90,919.90
Traveling expenses	842.64	5,149.83
Interstate Commerce Commission:		
Salaries and expenses	4,706.44	230,434.45
Venezuelan Boundary Commission:		
Salaries and expenses		64,899.27
Department of Labor:		
Salaries		99,754.80
Miscellaneous expenses		55,713.34
Stationery		1,179.82
Library	151.84	772.60
Postage to Postal-Union countries		450.00
Rent		5,000.00
Contingent expenses	139.20	2,402.97
Fish Commission:		
Salaries	2,005.01	180,142.63
Miscellaneous expenses	9,426.34	152,421.39
Fish hatchery, Iowa		22,109.50
Fish hatchery, Montana		11,829.51
Fish hatchery, New York		2,498.13
Fish hatchery, Northville, Mich		12,970.15
Fish hatchery, South Dakota		73.70
Fish hatchery, Texas		20,598.25
Fish hatchery, Vermont		7,040.03
Fish hatchery, Lake County, Colo		627.02
Fish hatchery, New Hampshire		45.55
Fish hatcheries, repairs		8,462.92
Smithsonian Institution:		
International exchanges	168.65	18,820.37
North American ethnology	1,168.81	44,699.35
Astrophysical Observatory	641.75	7,573.56
Furniture and fixtures, National Museum	1,314.89	13,198.93
Heating and lighting, National Museum	946.91	12,257.89
Preservation of collections, National Museum	2,821.87	148,991.66
Postage, National Museum		500.00
Building, National Museum, repairs	928.13	3,884.75
Rent of workshops	75.00	1,999.92
Galleries, National Museum		295.92

	1896.	1897.
Territory of Alaska:		
Salaries		$3,000.00
Contingent expenses		1,477.01
Territory of Arizona:		
Contingent expenses		396.22
Salaries		3,670.60
Legislative expenses		24,208.06
Territory of New Mexico:		
Contingent expenses		500.00
Salaries		4,880.00
Legislative expenses		20,552.44
Repairs and furniture, Adobe Palace		2,000.00
Territory of Oklahoma:		
Contingent expenses		945.74
Salaries		4,315.40
Legislative expenses		24,233.80
Territory of Utah:		
Compensation and expenses, officers of election		23,319.51
Contingent expenses, Utah Commission		1,484.68
Constitutional convention		9,580.25
Senate:		
Salary of the Vice-President		8,000.00
Salaries and mileage of Senators		526,512.41
Salaries, officers and employees		458,935.44
Stationery and newspapers	$1,325.88	22,403.58
Postage		100.00
Horses and wagons		4,673.89
Fuel for heating apparatus		8,997.82
Purchase of furniture		4,000.00
Repairs of furniture		1,000.00
Cleaning furniture		998.24
Folding documents		13,229.38
Materials for folding		1,370.29
Packing boxes		969.22
Expenses of special and select committees	746.04	9,907.51
Miscellaneous items	455.62	25,000.00
Miscellaneous items, Maltby Building		20,840.00
Repairs to Maltby Building		3,227.83
Storage of documents		1,800.00
Salaries, Capitol police		26,011.74
Reporting debates and proceedings		25,000.00
Compiling Congressional Directory		1,200.00
Contingent fund, Capitol police		128.73
Expenses of inaugural ceremonies, 1897		4,962.79
One month's extra pay, officers and employees		47,027.09
House of Representatives:		
Salaries, officers and employees	111.22	376,905.38
Clerk hire, Members and Delegates	11,727.70	382,821.13
Stationery	3,030.97	55,349.81
Postage		525.00
Fuel for heating apparatus	765.28	10,626.15
Furniture and repairs	1,119.29	7,595.34
Materials for folding	3,310.59	4,384.65
Miscellaneous items	3,866.80	47,768.23
Salaries Capitol police		25,918.50
Packing boxes		3,218.40
One month's extra pay, officers and employees		39,704.71
Salaries and mileage, Members and Delegates	213,900.60	1,832,804.70
Library of Congress:		
Salaries		54,620.47
Joint Committee of Congress on Library:		
Increase of Library	2,780.26	3,199.76
Contingent expenses, Library of Congress	282.42	721.35
Salaries Botanic Garden		13,892.75
Improving Botanic Garden	316.97	4,748.47
Improving building, Botanic Garden	233.06	5,426.52
Repairs of paintings in the Capitol		1,500.00
Building for Library of Congress:		
Building for Library		451,390.06
Care and maintenance		12,636.81
Fuel, lights, etc		8,656.81
Furniture		981.05
Removal of Library		1,011.51
Government Printing Office:		
Salaries, office of Public Printer	1,244.50	12,554.73
Contingent expenses, office of Public Printer	345.71	1,590.22
Public printing and binding	576,123.51	2,538,519.22
Publication of the Eleventh Census reports		90,545.62
Publication of Special Report on Diseases of the Horse		41,238.28
Publication of Special Report on Diseases of Cattle		134,011.46
Printing Annual Report (1895) Secretary of Agriculture		269,902.54
Printing Annual Report (1896), Secretary of Agriculture		14,359.89
Machinery, etc., new building for Government Printing Office		25,518.25

	1896.	1897.
Government Printing Office—Continued.		
Land, boiler house, etc., Government Printing Office		$99,859.04
Receipts from sales of documents		12,303.56
Receipts from sales of Government property		49,331.88
Building for Government Printing Office, repairs and rent		1,290.96
Building for Government Printing Office (act of Mar. 2, 1895)		7,689.69
Court of Claims:		
Contingent expenses		3,000.00
State, War, and Navy Department building:		
Salaries		120,557.94
Fuel and lights		38,995.73
District of Columbia:		
Salaries, officers and employees	$25.60	254,143.34
Contingent and miscellaneous expenses	3,265.33	44,897.64
Assessment and permit work	41,991.40	187,858.37
Improvements and repairs	3,624.89	302,543.23
Permanent system of highways	5,403.50	10,124.05
Sewers	77,620.80	295,040.95
Streets	23,906.99	380,315.08
Construction of county roads	6,042.28	83,185.20
Bridges	197.69	13,886.08
Public schools	11,985.77	957,278.86
Building and grounds, public schools	59,219.68	122,796.95
Militia	2,151.21	22,956.02
Metropolitan police	1,800.47	598,707.97
Fire department	1,933.78	187,395.72
Buildings, fire department	2,932.26	35,986.06
Telegraph and telephone service	3,195.55	23,100.93
Health department	5,534.15	87,903.87
Emergency fund	386.42	7,098.74
Courts	4,330.99	31,823.88
Writs of lunacy		1,993.50
Judgments		5,368.57
Transportation of paupers and prisoners	531.31	2,843.56
Washington Asylum	5,614.74	54,629.43
Buildings, Washington Asylum	28.15	
Industrial Home School		11,942.60
Hospital for the Insane		104,049.00
Freedmen's Hospital and Asylum	4,903.31	48,002.61
Relief of the poor	1,529.29	14,890.09
Water department	3,240.02	210,081.68
Guaranty fund		152.54
Police relief fund		21,097.50
Firemen's relief fund		8,401.79
Refunding taxes		17,313.80
Washington redemption fund		5,941.51
Refunding water rents and taxes		780.14
Expenses, excise board		6,147.96
Washington special-tax fund		413.68
Relief of Emmart, Dunbar & Co		14,548.22
Smallpox hospital	3,639.77	3,610.87
Permit fund		20,027.91
Salaries and expenses, office of the surveyor	196.07	
Redemption tax-sale certificates		1,031.00
Building, Metropolitan police	29.93	
Forty-eight inch and Fourteenth street water mains, District of Columbia		248,566.65
Increasing water supply in Washington		61,288.97
Office, commissioner of sinking fund, District of Columbia:		
Salaries, sinking fund office		2,400.00
Redemption of bonds, old funded debt		247,700.00
Redemption of bonds, 3.65 loan		310,375.00
Interest on old funded debt		58,122.00
Interest on 3.65 bonds		519,605.78
Interest on water stock bonds		23,835.00
Office of collector of taxes, District of Columbia:		
Collection of taxes for fiscal year 1897 on account of general fund		3,226,173.86
Water fund		312,966.59
Revenue account showing condition of the District revenue of June 30, 1896:		
General fund		825,766.71
Water fund		30,617.81
Department of Justice:		
Support of convicts, District of Columbia		1,892.26
Albany County Penitentiary:		
Support of convicts, District of Columbia		44,036.90
New Jersey State Prison:		
Support of convicts		1,827.90
Office of marshal, District of Columbia:		
Support of prisoners		40,229.28
Salaries of employees, court-house		12,864.25
Repairs to jail		3,000.00
Office of recorder of deeds:		
Receipts and expenditures		23,467.50
Office of register of wills:		
Receipts and expenditures		12,388.27
Zoological Park:		
Salaries and expenses		65,432.97

	1896.	1897.
Association for Works of Mercy		$1,800.00
Washington Hospital for Foundlings		6,000.00
St. John's Church Orphanage		1,800.00
House of the Good Shepherd		2,700.00
Columbia Hospital for Women and Lying-in Asylum		25,000.00
National Homeopathic Hospital Association		8,500.00
St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum		1,800.00
Children's Hospital		10,000.00
Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital		15,000.00
Women's Christian Association		4,000.00
Reform School		42,770.24
St. Ann's Infant Asylum		5,400.00
Temporary Home for Ex-Union Soldiers and Sailors		2,500.00
St. Rose's Industrial School		4,500.00
Board of Children's Guardians		25,429.19
German Orphan Asylum		1,799.10
Young Women's Christian Home		999.33
Reform School for Girls		9,900.00
Eastern Dispensary		1,000.00
Newsboy's and Children's Aid Society		1,000.00
Hope and Help Mission		1,000.00
Washington Home for Incurables		1,130.72
National Association for Colored Women and Children		9,825.87
Miscellaneous accounts:		
Transportation		9,483.53
Telegraphing		1,639.99
Agricultural experiment stations		719,954.86
Interest on Smithsonian funds		54,720.00
Expenses of contested election cases		15,434.06
Extra compensation to employees of Congress		2,190.48
Miscellaneous		20,317.89

I have the honor to be, very respectfully,

ERNST G. TIMME, *Auditor.*

Hon. LYMAN J. GAGE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

APPENDIX.

A.—STATEMENT OF SALARIES AND EXPENSES AND OF PASSPORT FEES OF THE DIPLOMATIC SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Legations.	Salaries of ambassadors and ministers.	Salaries, secretaries of embassies and legations.	Salaries, diplomatic officers while receiving instructions and in transit.	Salaries, chargés d'affaires ad interim and interpreters to legations.	Contingent expenses, foreign missions.	Loss by exchange, diplomatic service.	Total salaries and expenses.	Passport fees collected.
Argentine Republic[1]	$7,500.00	$494.45	$94.78	.....	$1,552.14	$106.46	$9,747.83	$10.00
Austria-Hungary	12,000.00	1,373.39	2,769.23	[2]$1,092.39	2,192.63	5.49	19,433.13	85.00
Belgium	10,000.00	.....	1,236.27	.....	1,920.00	37.11	13,193.38	47.00
Bolivia	5,000.00	.....	.....	.....	1,343.02	.....	6,343.02	.....
Brazil	12,000.00	1,506.52	923.08	.....	3,162.03	[3]	17,591.63	11.00
Chile	10,000.00	1,376.37	549.45	.....	1,563.88	.....	13,489.70	3.00
China	11,413.04	4,203.87	.....	[2]505.43	1,626.72	84.03	17,833.09	44.00
Do	.....	.....	.....	[4]3,000.00	.....	.....	3,000.00	.....
Colombia	6,750.00	.....	906.60	[2]2,853.26	1,531.11	.....	12,040.97	.....
Denmark	7,500.00	.....	.....	.....	2,099.26	22.55	9,621.81	13.00
Ecuador	5,000.00	.....	.....	.....	1,505.27	[3]	6,505.27	14.50
France	17,500.00	2,595.61	2,869.66	[2]2,830.00	4,010.28	28.17	29,833.72	205.00
Germany	17,307.69	3,700.55	2,853.02	[2]96.15	3,933.89	197.21	28,088.51	599.00
Guatemala and Honduras	7,690.21	.....	1,521.74	[2]2,347.24	3,696.36	.....	15,255.55	29.00
Great Britain	15,913.45	3,914.78	2,017.95	[2]2,010.68	6,011.36	6.33	29,874.55	185.53
Haiti	5,000.00	.....	41.21	.....	1,731.46	72.08	6,844.75	.....
Hawaiian Islands	4,369.51	.....	927.20	.....	725.01	.....	6,021.72	.....
Italy	9,000.00	1,030.26	3,359.35	[2]2,565.80	2,322.77	.....	18,278.18	74.00
Japan	12,000.00	3,267.59	2,869.44	[2]798.91	3,448.70	.....	22,384.64	30.00
Do	.....	.....	.....	[4]2,500.00	.....	.....	2,500.00	.....
Korea	7,500.00	1,255.44	.....	[2]611.41	2,104.40	.....	11,471.25	10.00
Do	.....	.....	.....	[5]500.00	.....	[3]	500.00	.....
Liberia	4,000.00	1,059.78	350.54	.....	560.55	25.16	5,996.03	.....
Mexico	14,112.66	2,992.13	2,427.85	[2]3,910.95	4,543.05	.....	27,986.64	17.00
Netherlands	7,500.00	.....	638.73	.....	1,524.27	34.46	9,697.46	3.00
Nicaragua, Costa Rica, and Salvador	9,809.78	1,183.70	.....	[2]1,711.96	1,977.24	.....	14,682.68	.....
Paraguay and Uruguay	7,500.00	.....	.....	.....	1,782.42	440.07	9,722.49	15.00
Persia	5,000.00	.....	883.15	[4]1,000.00	2,842.04	100.13	9,825.32	2.00
Peru	7,829.67	601.26	54.95	[2]3,682.59	1,786.95	.....	13,955.42	3.00
Portugal	7,500.00	.....	.....	.....	2,454.73	.....	9,954.73	.....
Roumania, Servia, and Greece	6,500.00	.....	.....	.....	2,337.95	.....	8,837.95	19.00
Russia	17,500.00	1,948.94	.....	[2]2,253.54	4,373.65	.....	26,076.13	57.00
Siam	5,000.00	.....	.....	[4]500.00	1,728.64	.....	7,228.64	.....
Spain	12,000.00	[6]870.65	.....	[2]97.83	4,568.59	.....	18,737.07	1.00
Do	.....	[6]1,200.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sweden and Norway	7,500.00	.....	.....	.....	1,675.49	.....	9,175.49	33.00
Switzerland	7,500.00	.....	288.46	.....	1,694.00	.....	9,482.46	161.00
Turkey	9,587.91	1,681.75	1,236.27	[2]327.48	7,249.84	154.53	20,237.78	59.00
Do	.....	.....	.....	[4]3,000.00	.....	.....	3,000.00	.....
Venezuela	7,500.00	1,500.00	.....	.....	2,520.31	.....	11,520.31	2.00
AGENCY AND CONSULATE-GENERAL.								
Cairo, Egypt	5,000.00	.....	412.09	.....	.....	.....	5,412.09	.....
DISBURSED BY—								
United States dispatch agent, London	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,912.87	.....	3,912.87	.....
United States consulate-general, Tangier	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000.03	.....	1,000.03	.....
Public Printer	.....	.....	.....	.....	50.75	.....	50.75	.....
State Department	.....	.....	.....	.....	17,160.97	.....	17,160.97	.....
Total	324,783.92	37,757.04	29,231.02	38,195.62	112,223.63	1,313.78	543,506.01	1,732.03

[1] Accounts for June quarter not received.
[2] Chargé d'affaires ad interim.
[3] Amount suspended for further information.
[4] Interpreter to legation.
[5] Accounts for March and June quarters not received.
[6] Clerk hire to legation in Spain.

B.—Statement of Consular Fees, Salaries, and Expenses for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1897.

SCHEDULES B AND C, SALARIED OFFICES.

[*a*, for one quarter; *b*, for two quarters; *c*, for three quarters; *d*, no returns.]

Consular offices.	Salaries of principal officers and their compensation from fees of agencies.	Salary while receiving instructions and in transit.	Pay for services performed for vessels at agencies.	Contingent expenses.	Allowance for clerks.	Loss by exchange.	Fees collected.
Acapulco	$2,000.00			$383.32			$395.00
San Benito *a*							27.50
Tehuantepec and Salina Cruz *a*							10.00
Aix la Chapelle	2,500.00			407.85	$640.00		3,868.00
Alexandretta [1]	750.00	$111.25		731.79	250.00	$2.38	
Amherstburg	1,500.00			92.80		10.79	460.50
Amoy	3,500.00	759.84		454.22			2,080.00
Amsterdam	1,500.00			680.14	500.00		7,572.75
Annaberg	2,500.00			624.64	500.00		2,963.00
Eibenstock	757.50						1,757.50
Antigua	1,500.00			238.47			798.00
Montserrat			$2.50				165.50
Portsmouth, Dominica			58.86				7.50
Roseau, Dominica			15.83				230.00
Antwerp	3,000.00			764.29	1,500.00		4,374.10
Apia	3,000.00			736.20			25.00
Asuncion	1,500.00			466.70			3.50
Athens	2,500.00			544.88		19.46	135.89
Piræus							125.00
Syra [1]							
Volo							2.50
Auckland	2,000.00	10.99		431.83		35.22	385.00
Christchurch							137.50
Dunedin							*c* 105.00
Monganui *d*							
Wellington							205.86
Bahia	2,000.00			551.11	425.00	6.57	834.50
Aracaju *b* [1]							
Bangkok [2]							84.50
Baracoa	2,000.00			374.20			12.50
Barbados	2,000.00			673.98	500.00	66.98	1,030.00
St. Lucia							334.50
St. Vincent							159.50
Barcelona	1,500.00			532.21	500.00		399.00
Bilbao							98.00
Gijon							7.50
Grao							378.50
Palma Majorca							30.00
Port Mahon [1]							
San Felin de Guixols							526.50
San Sebastian							7.50
Santander [1]							
Tarragona							370.50
Torrevieja							5.50
Barmen	3,000.00	247.25		*c* 895.00	1,200.00		10,354.00
Solingen	1,000.00						2,725.00
Barranquilla	2,000.00			653.86	500.00	10.42	4,462.50
Rio Hacha							205.00
Santa Marta							133.29
Basle	3,000.00			513.65	478.27		3,005.00
Chaux-de-Fonds	443.50						1,443.50
Batavia	1,000.00	79.67		258.40		9.92	903.50
Macassar			14.77				115.00
Samarang							393.00
Scerabaya	77.08		17.08				1,060.00
Beirut	2,000.00	374.15		695.93	480.00	108.76	281.00
Aleppo							*c* 50.00
Alexandretta							*b* 62.50
Damascus							220.00
Haifa							32.50
Mersine							*b* 2.50
Belfast	3,000.00			738.06	1,000.00		14,514.50
Ballymena							355.00
Londonderry							112.63
Lurgan							997.50
Belize	1,500.00			211.59		13.27	841.50
Berlin	*c* 3,000.00	32.97		*c* 1,235.26	*c* 900.00		*c* 10,141.00
Guben	282.50						*c* 1,282.50

[1] No fees.

[2] For salary, see Siam, Table A.

B.—STATEMENT OF CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, AND EXPENSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

SCHEDULES B AND C, SALARIED OFFICES—Continued.

[*a*, for one quarter; *b*, for two quarters; *c*, for three quarters; *d*, no returns.]

Consular offices.	Salaries of principal officers and their compensation from fees of agencies.	Salary while receiving instructions and in transit.	Pay for services performed for vessels at agencies.	Contingent expenses.	Allowance for clerks.	Loss by exchange.	Fees collected.
Bermuda	$2,000.00	.....	.....	$416.41	.....	$1.84	$1,312.50
Birmingham	*c* 1,875.00	.....	.....	*c* 488.17	*c* $720.00	.....	*c* 4,480.00
Kidderminster	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*c* 570.00
Redditch	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*c* 755.00
Wolverhampton	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*c* 500.00
Bogota[1]	[2]858.67	.....	.....	43.00	.....	.....	.....
Bucaramauga[1]	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cucuta[1]	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Honda *d*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bordeaux	3,000.00	$247.25	.....	921.32	800.00	.....	9,684.50
Pau	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15.00
Bradford	3,000.00	189.56	.....	1,688.01	1,800.00	.....	21,114.50
Bremen	2,500.00	.....	.....	1,285.31	1,200.00	.....	4,527.65
Brake and Nordenhamm	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	235.00
Bremerhaven-Geestemunde	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	443.50
Breslau	1,500.00	.....	.....	508.72	400.00	.26	4,521.50
Bristol	1,500.00	.....	.....	565.19	.....	10.37	1,175.00
Gloucester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	320.00
Brockville	1,500.00	.....	.....	338.07	.....	6.52	694.25
Brunswick	2,000.00	.....	.....	1,042.90	.....	23.17	1,700.00
Brussels	2,500.00	.....	.....	1,097.56	800.00	.....	4,953.50
Charleroi	954.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,954.50
Buenos Ayres	2,500.00	.....	.....	*c* 741.35	*c* 375.00	8.57	1,776.38
Bahia Blanca *d*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cadiz	1,500.00	.....	.....	606.25	500.00	.....	212.00
Algeciras *d*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Huelva	.....	.....	$10.09	.....	.....	.....	418.00
Jeres de la Frontera	317.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,317.50
Port St. Marys	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	572.50
Seville	.....	.....	60.57	.....	.....	.....	439.50
Cairo[3]	.....	.....	.....	2,716.00	573.07	.....	323.00
Alexandria	283.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,283.50
Assioot *d*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Beni-Souef *d*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Keneh *d*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Luxor *d*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mansourah *d*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Port Said	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43.00
Sohag and Akhmin *d*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Suez *d*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Calcutta	5,000.00	769.23	.....	1,000.29	800.00	.....	8,040.50
Akyab *d*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bassein *d*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chittagong	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2.50
Madras	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,272.50
Moulmein *d*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rangoon	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	117.00
Callao	3,500.00	67.31	.....	*c* 418.45	*c* 375.00	.....	1,034.50
Chiclayo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*b* 15.00
Mollendo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	152.50
Paita	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	206.00
Piura	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*c* 115.00
Truxillo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*c* 65.00
Tumbez	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*c* 5.00
Canton	3,500.00	.....	.....	700.36	.....	.....	3,328.00
Swatow[4]	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cape Haitien	1,000.00	86.10	.....	.....	.....	.....	162.50
Gonaives	.....	.....	54.28	.....	.....	.....	295.50
Port de Paix	.....	.....	14.71	.....	.....	.....	236.00
Cape Town	3,000.00	.....	.....	*c* 673.65	96.47	35.50	519.00
Bloemfontein *d*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Durban	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*c* 195.00
East London	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*c* 94.00
Johannesberg *d*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

[1] No fees.

[2] The secretary of legation and consul-general received salary as chargé d'affaires ad interim from December 6, 1896, to June 30, 1897.

[3] For salary, see Table A.

[4] Returns incomplete; no fees.

B.—STATEMENT OF CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, AND EXPENSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

SCHEDULES B AND C, SALARIED OFFICES—Continued.

[*a*, for one quarter; *b*, for two quarters; *c*, for three quarters; *d*, no returns.]

Consular offices.	Salaries of principal officers and their compensation from fees of agencies.	Salary while receiving instructions and in transit.	Pay for services performed for vessels at agencies.	Contingent expenses.	Allowance for clerks.	Loss by exchange.	Fees collected.
Cape Town—Continued.							
Kimberley *d*							
Port Elizabeth							$c 310.00
Simonstown *d*							
Cardenas	$1,500.00			$400.59			286.00
Cardiff	2,000.00	$65.93		424.94		$21.86	623.50
Llanelly							82.50
Milford Haven							2.50
Newport							78.50
Castellamare	*c* 1,125.00			411.38			*c* 1,020.00
Sorrento							*c* 884.50
Catania	1,500.00			203.29		5.24	1,091.25
Ceylon	1,500.00			*c* 314.02		21.12	1,068.00
Jaffna *d*							
Point de Galle							*c* 85.00
Charlottetown	1,500.00			239.47		6.43	461.00
Alberton							59.00
Georgetown							5.00
Souris							122.50
Summerside							156.00
Chatham	2,000.00			419.85		8.40	1,515.00
Chefoo	2,153.53	346.47		1,445.88		30.26	158.00
Chemnitz	2,500.00			1,085.97	$1,200.00		11,315.75
Chin Kiang	3,000.00			907.62			(1)
Christiania	1,000.00			139.51	300.00		685.25
Arendal							7.50
Christiansand							41.50
Chung King	1,752.72	920.53		738.63			2.50
Cienfuegos	2,500.00			*c* 526.35	400.00		1,014.68
Trinidad de Cuba							12.50
Clifton	1,500.00			206.09			270.00
St. Catharines							425.50
Coaticook	1,500.00			263.08		10.80	364.75
Hereford							284.50
Lineboro							474.00
Patton							66.50
Stanstead							21.00
Cognac	1,500.00			311.37		9.73	1,621.00
Cologne	2,000.00			676.21	571.65		4,331.00
Colon	3,000.00			698.30	800.00		700.00
Bocas del Toro	502.59						1,502.59
Constantinople	3,000.00			1,278.97	600.00	158.69	1,689.50
Dardanelles							*a* 1.00
Salonica							*c* 377.50
Copenhagen	1,500.00			654.81		9.84	982.25
Dyrefjord, Iceland *d*							
Elsinore *d*							
Cork	2,000.00			1,221.30		34.46	532.60
Waterford							22.50
Crefeld	2,000.00			589.79	1,200.00		5,520.00
Curaçao	2,000.00			215.76	67.20		595.98
Buen Ayre							*b* 22.50
Demerara	3,000.00			989.58	480.00	82.17	548.50
Denia	1,500.00			184.52		4.20	495.50
Dresden	3,000.00			890.21	800.00		3,916.50
Zittau	1,000.00						3,324.75
Dublin	2,000.00			573.79	500.00	24.05	1,467.00
Athlone							92.00
Limerick			$16.81				75.00
Dundee	2,500.00			484.99	800.00		6,483.50
Aberdeen	655.00						1,655.00
Dunfermline	2,000.00			322.94	400.00		2,681.00
Kirkcaldy	388.50						1,388.50
Dusseldorf	2,000.00			716.59			800.50
Essen							617.50
Erzerum	1,929.35	$59.78		1,737.75		83.17	1.00
Fayal	1,500.00			310.76			192.00
Flores							43.00
San Jorge							46.00
St. Michaels							193.25
Terceira							45.20

[1] No fees.

B.—STATEMENT OF CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, AND EXPENSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

SCHEDULES B AND C, SALARIED OFFICES—Continued.

[*a*, for one quarter; *b*, for two quarters; *c*, for three quarters; *d*, no returns.]

Consular offices.	Salaries of principal officers and their compensation from fees of agencies.	Salary while receiving instructions and in transit.	Pay for services performed for vessels at agencies.	Contingent expenses.	Allowance for clerks.	Loss by exchange.	Fees collected.
Florence	$1,500.00			$510.63	$480.00	$3.55	$2,470.50
Bologna							372.50
Fort Erie	1,500.00			180.76			533.00
Frankfort	3,000.00			1,285.35	1,200.00		6,399.00
Cassel							515.00
Langen Schwalbach[1]							
Freiburg	1,500.00			439.66	300.00		2,891.40
Fuchau	2,979.62	$684.05		857.89			957.00
Funchal, Madeira	1,500.00			331.86		90.39	129.00
Fürth	2,000.00			582.05	500.00		3,950.00
Gaspé Basin	1,000.00			37.40			47.50
Paspebiac							378.00
Rimouski	544.00						1,544.00
Geneva	1,500.00			483.38		8.20	426.50
Vevey							734.50
Genoa	1,500.00			463.73	480.00		2,490.95
San Remo							8.00
Ghent	1,000.00			300.01	300.00		3,437.25
Gibraltar	1,500.00			322.03			244.25
Glasgow	3,000.00			872.06	800.00		9,637.75
Greenock							468.89
Troon							727.00
Glauchau	2,000.00			487.51	500.00		4,638.00
Goderich	1,500.00			273.43		6.10	176.00
Clinton							458.50
Gothenberg	1,500.00			731.44		5.22	1,342.25
Helsingborg							7.50
Malmo							72.50
Guadaloupe	1,500.00			272.21			86.50
Guatemala	[2]1,061.11			705.08	500.00		1.00
Champerico	225.39						1,225.39
Livingston							710.92
Ocos							366.00
San Jose							755.00
Guayaquil	3,000.00			862.24	540.00	23.26	830.00
Bahia de Caraquez							220.00
Esmeraldas							197.50
Manta							135.00
Guelph	1,500.00			239.71			394.00
Habana	6,000.00			6,671.55	2,000.00		10,737.50
Halifax	3,500.00	9.62		437.27	640.00	3.03	2,079.00
Bridgewater							122.50
Liverpool							327.50
Lunenberg							173.50
Hamburg	2,500.00			1,536.20	1,200.00		10,918.70
Cuxhaven							27.50
Kiel							147.50
Lubec							312.00
Hamilton	2,000.00			466.80	500.00		1,233.00
Brantford							266.50
Galt							465.50
Paris							224.50
Hankow	3,000.00			856.18		135.86	387.50
Harpoot *d*							
Havre	3,500.00	509.61		631.41	1,190.62	15.91	2,020.31
Cherbourg							99.50
Honfleur							357.50
Rennes							120.50
St. Malo							23.00
Hongkong	*c* 3,750.00			*c* 1,223.35	*c* 900.00		*c* 5,972.00
Honolulu	4,000.00	318.66		1,294.26			2,834.12
Hilo			$126.97				239.50
Kukului			235.30				189.65
Mahukona			174.51				217.50
Horgen	2,000.00	71.46		313.87	600.00	12.91	690.00
Lucerne							172.50
Huddersfield	2,500.00			582.00	600.00		6,692.50

[1] No fees.

[2] The secretary of legation and consular-general received salary as chargé d'affaires ad interim from July 1 to September 28, 1896, and from November 14, 1896, to February, 1897.

B.—STATEMENT OF CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, AND EXPENSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

SCHEDULES B AND C, SALARIED OFFICES—Continued.

[*a*, for one quarter; *b*, for two quarters; *c*, for three quarters; *d*, no returns.]

Consular offices.	Salaries of principal officers and their compensation from fees of agencies.	Salary while receiving instructions and in transit.	Pay for services performed for vessels at agencies.	Contingent expenses.	Allowance for clerks.	Loss by exchange.	Fees collected.
Hull	$1,500.00			$600.11	$270.00	$4.37	$1,568.75
Jerusalem	2,500.00			576.77		151.88	124.00
Yafa*d*							
Kanagawa	4,000.00	$109.89		1,453.14	1,200.00		10,623.16
Kehl	1,500.00			222.02	400.00		1,889.00
Kingston, Canada	1,500.00			347.41	400.00		660.00
Gananoque							26.50
Kingston, Jamaica	3,000.00			823.96	800.00		2,999.84
Black River			$37.98				432.50
Milk River							52.50
Port Morant			86.09				431.50
Savannah la Mar			50.64				459.00
La Guayra	1,500.00			*c*550.25			340.00
Barcelona							70.00
Caracas							317.50
Carupano							191.50
Ciudad Bolivar			40.66				479.50
Cumana							86.50
Leeds	2,000.00			271.11	500.00		4,993.00
Leghorn	1,500.00	251.37		*c*558.53	427.99		2,763.50
Carrara	182.50						1,182.50
Leipsic	2,000.00			805.08	800.00		6,292.50
Gera	1,000.00						2,432.50
Leith	2,500.00			569.65	640.00	17.67	2,253.50
Galashiels							752.50
Liege	1,500.00			495.65			1,872.00
Verviers							737.50
Limoges	1,500.00			769.66			2,290.00
Liverpool	5,000.90	590.67		2,642.31	2,000.00		27,827.75
St. Helens	727.50						1,727.50
London, Canada	1,500.00			336.50		6.00	1,177.00
London, England	5,000.00	608.77		4,145.15	1,600.00		59,756.00
Dover							18.00
Lyons	2,500.00			1,278.08	1,200.00	2.75	14,276.25
Dijon							*b*480.00
Magdeburg	2,000.00			449.99	300.00		4,377.50
Malta	1,500.00			292.34		91.76	49.00
Malaga	1,500.00			450.83	480.00		1,414.75
Almeria, Malaga	638.00						1,638.00
Port of Marbella							30.00
Managua	2,000.00			495.04	245.00		(1)
Corinta							687.50
San Juan del Sur							161.00
Manchester	3,000.00			1,746.64	1,200.00		19,106.00
Manila	2,000.00			741.77			825.50
Cebu							*c*90.00
Iloilo							*c*90.00
Mannheim	1,500.00			575.24	468.00		2,680.75
Neustadt							718.00
Maracaibo	2,000.00			895.10	800.00		3,083.00
Coro							432.50
Marseilles	2,500.00	117.45		738.89	957.32		5,399.75
Bastia							7.50
Cette							385.00
Toulon							232.50
Martinique	1,500.00			366.40			199.96
Matamoras	1,500.00	44.84		630.28			530.00
Mier							75.00
Matanzas	3,000.00			726.25	500.00		199.50
Mayence	2,500.00			239.01	600.00		5,352.50
Melbourne	4,500.00			863.48	800.00		1,424.00
Adelaide							175.00
Albany *d*							
Freemantle							*a*7.50
Merida	1,500.00			341.84			195.50
Campeche							*c*159.00
Laguna de Terminos							442.50
Progreso							*c*530.00
Messina	1,500.00			500.53	800.00		4,876.75
Reggio, Calabria							105.00

[1] No fees.

B.—STATEMENT OF CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, AND EXPENSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

SCHEDULES B AND C, SALARIED OFFICES—Continued.

[*a*, for one quarter; *b*, for two quarters; *c*, for three quarters; *d*, no returns.]

Consular offices.	Salaries of principal officers and their compensation from fees of agencies.	Salary while receiving instructions and in transit.	Pay for services performed for vessels at agencies.	Contingent expenses.	Allowance for clerks.	Loss by exchange.	Fees collected.
Mexico	$4,000.00			$1,150.75	$1,200.00		$1,507.43
Aguas Calientes							662.50
Guadalajara							30.00
Guanajuato							200.00
Zacatecas							235.00
Milan	1,500.00			591.13	300.00		2,559.50
Mourovia[1]							2.50
Cape Coast Castle							(2)
Montevideo	3,000.00			856.42	500.00		670.50
Montreal	4,000.00			928.96	1,200.00		4,288.25
Coteau							291.50
Grenville	357.50						1,357.50
Hemmingford							257.50
Huntingdon							111.50
Morrisburg	1,500.00			228.84			108.50
Cornwall							236.50
Mozambique[2]	1,000.00			*c* 71.37		$24.88	
Beira[2]							
Lorenzo Marquez							*c* 27.00
Munich	1,500.00			469.40	600.00		2,015.00
Augsburg							542.50
Nagasaki	3,000.00			670.28			102.50
Nantes	1,000.00			191.15		11.56	358.00
Angers							302.50
Brest							369.50
L'Orient							272.50
Naples	1,500.00			547.27	480.00		2,303.55
Bari							517.50
Rodi							*b* 300.00
Nassau	2,000.00			727.92		29.18	807.75
Albert Town							45.00
Dunmore Town							112.50
Governors Harbor							322.50
Green Turtle Cay							92.50
Mathewtown							143.00
Newcastle, England	1,500.00			613.04	500.00	11.55	1,560.50
Carlisle							450.00
Hartlepool							244.50
Sunderland							120.50
Nice	1,500.00			359.20		37.01	160.50
Cannes							857.50
Mentone[2]							
Monaco							5.00
Nogales	1,500.00	$110.05		859.64		7.61	3,850.50
Guaymas	130.11		$236.61				893.50
Nottingham	2,500.00			662.42	600.00		9,016.50
Derby							615.00
Leicester	83.50						1,083.50
Nuevo Laredo	2,500.00			1,066.21	800.00		1,666.50
Monterey	114.50						1,114.50
Victoria							125.50
Nuremberg	3,000.00			655.24	788.12		4,814.50
Odessa	2,000.00			1,109.45	600.00	201.60	125.00
Rostoff and Taganrog							215.00
Osaka and Hiogo	3,000.00			913.34	500.00	36.49	7,626.25
Ottawa	*c* 2,250.00			832.34	1,200.00	1.38	*c* 4,138.00
Arnprior	633.00						*c* 1,633.00
Palermo	2,000.00			611.02	725.00	1.17	7,132.30
Carini							540.00
Girgenti							651.50
Licata							206.50
Trapani							175.00
Panama	4,000.00			715.22	800.00		810.99
Para	2,000.00			475.34	600.00		1,582.00
Manaós							666.00
Maranhão							187.50
Paris	5,000.00	949.18		3,366.98	1,600.00		50,462.82
Paso del Norte	2,500.00			729.44	640.00		2,626.00

[1] For salary and expenses, see Table A (Liberia).

[2] No fees.

B.—STATEMENT OF CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, AND EXPENSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

SCHEDULES B AND C, SALARIED OFFICES—Continued.

[*a*, for one quarter; *b*, for two quarters; *c*, for three quarters; *d*, no returns.]

Consular offices.	Salaries of principal officers and their compensation from fees of agencies.	Salary while receiving instructions and in transit.	Pay for services performed for vessels at agencies.	Contingent expenses.	Allowance for clerks.	Loss by exchange.	Fees collected.
Pernambuco	$2,000.00			*c*$240.74	$600.00		$667.50
Ceara							180.00
Maceio							58.50
Natal							27.50
Pictou	1,500.00	$189.55		279.15		$9.47	232.50
Antigonish							17.00
Arichat							20.00
Cape Canso							82.50
Magdalen Islands							35.00
Port Hawkesbury and Mulgrave							247.50
Pugwash and Wallace							85.00
Sydney							468.00
Piedras Negras	2,000.00			888.52	426.63		2,640.00
Sierra Mojada							860.00
Plauen	2,500.00			793.46	500.00		5,919.50
Markneukirchen	1,000.00						2,744.00
Port au Prince[1]					800.00		287.00
Aux Cayes							122.50
Jacmel							226.50
Jeremie							120.00
Miragoane							40.00
Petit Goâve							62.50
St. Marc							34.50
Port Hope	1,500.00	12.23		196.17		7.50	741.00
Peterboro							508.00
Port Louis	2,000.00			425.34			52.61
Port Sarnia	1,500.00			382.62			578.50
Port Stanley, Falkland Islands	1,500.00			327.92		44.88	7.50
Port Stanley and St. Thomas	2,000.00			379.50		8.65	1,049.25
Courtright							145.50
Prague	2,983.70			819.01	480.04		7,068.00
Prescott	1,500.00			357.54		2.36	265.50
Puerto Cabello	1,500.00			*c*316.51			439.00
Valencia *d*.							
Quebec	1,500.00			514.02		9.92	1,100.50
Point Levi[2]	72.28						694.50
Reichenberg	2,500.00			736.63	500.00		3,736.00
Haida	1,000.00						3,904.00
Rheims	2,000.00			718.48	400.00		3,269.00
Troyes							625.00
Rio de Janeiro	5,000.00			1,335.37	1,600.00		4,622.25
Victoria							*b*69.00
Rome	3,000.00			1,321.59	500.00	84.05	572.50
Ancona							67.50
Cagliari							7.50
Civita Vecchia							70.00
Rotterdam	2,000.00			817.54	500.00		4,958.68
Flushing							5.00
Schiedam	1,000.00						2,112.50
Roubaix	2,000.00			562.56	300.00		3,320.00
Caudry							380.00
Dunkirk							145.00
Lille	422.50						1,422.50
Ruatan (Utilla)	1,000.00			41.60			106.25
Bonacca							172.50
Ruatan							211.00
Sagua la Grande	2,000.00			706.92	500.00		116.50
Santo Domingo	1,500.00			389.11	150.00		513.00
Azua							194.00
Macoris							617.00
Sanchez							*c*102.50
San Jose[3]	*a*500.00			*a*145.93			
Port Limon *d*.							
Punta Arenas *d*.							

[1] For salary and expenses, see Table A (Haiti).
[2] To February 13, 1897.
[3] No fees.

B.—STATEMENT OF CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, AND EXPENSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

SCHEDULES B AND C, SALARIED OFFICES—Continued.

[*a*, for one quarter; *b*, for two quarters; *c*, for three quarters; *d*, no returns.]

Consular offices.	Salaries of principal officers and their compensation from fees of agencies.	Salary while receiving instructions and in transit.	Pay for services performed for vessels at agencies.	Contingent expenses.	Allowance for clerks.	Loss by exchange.	Fees collected.
San Juan del Norte	$2,000.00			$1,121.78			$443.50
Bluefields	931.76						1,931.76
San Juan (Puerto Rico)	2,000.00			811.32		$9.67	227.50
Aguadilla							46.00
Arecibo							92.00
Fajardo							37.00
Guayama							171.50
Mayaguez							301.50
Naguabo							227.00
Ponce							403.00
Vieques							53.50
San Salvador *d*							
Acajutla							*b* 254.50
La Libertad							*b* 139.50
La Union							*b* 45.00
Santiago de Cuba	2,500.00			522.83	$500.00		769.50
Guantanamo							33.00
Manzanillo							83.00
Santa Cruz							2.50
Santos	1,495.84	$335.72		537.84	456.94		4,476.00
Desterro							*a* 9.50
Seoul[1]							14.75
Shanghai	5,000.00			2,845.18	1,600.00		6,098.79
Sheffield	2,500.00			801.15	800.00		4,164.25
Barnsby							227.50
Sherbrooke	2,000.00			369.92	400.00	1.75	2,293.50
Cookshire	891.50						1,672.50
Megantic							1,219.00
Sierra Leone	1,000.00			53.43			71.50
Singapore	3,000.00			654.96	800.00	29.28	2,805.00
Penang							575.00
Sivas[2]	1,500.00			188.50		67.09	
Samsoun							*a* 3.50
Trebizond							*c* 7.50
Smyrna	2,500.00			585.81	800.00	187.17	2,014.00
Mytilene *d*							
Sonneberg	2,000.00			946.39	1,000.00		9,577.50
Coburg							*b* 1,157.50
Southampton	2,500.00			760.19	1,750.00	20.39	506.95
Portsmouth							41.00
Weymouth							19.00
St. Etienne	2,000.00			332.34	379.34		1,776.00
St. Gall	3,000.00			653.72	800.00	15.92	8,856.75
St. Helena	1,500.00			291.53		33.84	7.50
St. John (New Brunswick)	2,000.00			675.86	500.00		4,548.50
Campobella Island							37.50
Fredericton							760.00
Grand Manan							180.00
St. George							127.00
St. John (Quebec)	1,500.00			228.50			371.75
Farnham							211.75
La Colle							85.50
St. Johns (Newfoundland)	1,500.00			286.09			708.50
St. Petersburg	3,000.00			971.50	500.00		416.00
Cronstadt *d*							
Libau							118.50
Revel							28.50
St. Stephen	1,500.00			233.46			332.75
McAdam Junction							80.50
St. Andrews			$66.42				300.50
St. Thomas	2,500.00			327.32			195.00
Fredericksted							285.50
Christiansted							85.50
Stettin	1,000.00	68.68		116.71	300.00		1,623.00
Dantzic							463.50
Konigsberg							902.00
Stockholm	1,500.00			657.38	300.00		1,338.00
Stratford	1,500.00			248.40		2.45	749.25

[1] For salary and expenses, see Table A (Korea).
[2] No fees.

B.—STATEMENT OF CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, AND EXPENSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

SCHEDULES B AND C, SALARIED OFFICES—Continued.

[*a*, for one quarter; *b*, for two quarters; *c*, for three quarters; *d*, no returns.]

Consular offices.	Salaries of principal officers and their compensation from fees of agencies.	Salary while receiving instructions and in transit.	Pay for services performed for vessels at agencies.	Contingent expenses.	Allowance for clerks.	Loss by exchange.	Fees collected.
Stuttgart	$2,500.00			$752.04	$480.00		$2,981.00
Swansea	2,500.00			312.68	500.00		2,233.00
Sydney	2,000.00			631.74	400.00		1,578.40
Norfolk Island *d*							
Tahiti	1,000.00			*a* 160.50			272.16
Tamatave	2,000.00			444.83	445.65	$72.13	46.75
Tampico	2,000.00			402.29	600.00		1,281.50
San Luis Potosi							959.50
Tangier	2,000.00	$304.34		404.40	797.83		124.50
Casa Blanca							20.00
Laraichi[1]							
Mozagan							9.00
Mogador							314.00
Rabat							7.50
Saffi							4.00
Tetuan *d*							
Tegucigalpa	1,967.39			441.90			2.00
Amapala							179.50
Ceiba							651.00
Macaome *d*							
Puerto Cortez							770.00
San Juancinta *d*							
San Pedro Sula *d*							
Truxillo							187.50
Yuscaran *d*							
Teheran[1 2]							
Three Rivers	1,500.00			291.63		5.21	2,491.00
Arthabaska	493.25						1,493.25
Tientsin	3,500.00			1,442.86			858.50
Toronto	2,000.00			541.60	800.00	.80	3,909.50
Oshawa							377.50
Trieste	2,000.00			426.47	400.00		893.50
Trinidad, West Indies	2,000.00			447.90	300.00		1,587.00
Grenada							234.50
Scarboro, Tobago							17.50
Tunstall	2,500.00			767.22	800.00		13,217.50
Turin	1,000.00			77.92		11.29	433.50
Valparaiso	3,000.00			894.46	400.00		177.50
Coronel							52.50
Talcahuana							100.50
Venice	1,500.00			826.47		43.26	863.50
Vera Cruz	3,000.00			960.93	600.00		3,540.00
Coatzacoalcos			$69.02				346.00
Frontera			106.63				482.50
Victoria	2,500.00			632.15	615.22		1,103.00
Nanaimo							738.50
Vienna	3,500.00			1,251.77	1,200.00		5,413.00
Brunn	25.00						1,025.00
Innsbruck							50.00
Wallaceburg	1,500.00			191.17			923.50
Windsor (Nova Scotia)	1,000.00			61.77		1.00	540.50
Cornwallis							122.00
Kempt							314.00
Parrsboro							586.50
Port Joggins							462.50
Windsor (Ontario)[3]	1,198.37			407.67			1,736.00
Winnipeg	1,500.00			537.89		8.37	1,210.50
Deloraine							21.00
Emerson							55.00
Gretna							35.00
Lethbridge							594.00
North Portal							120.00
Rat Portage (Ontario)							411.00
Fort William							135.00
Weimar	2,000.00			284.72		.59	3,602.50
Woodstock	1,500.00			272.47		5.72	701.50
Edmonston							706.00

[1] No fees.
[2] For salary and expenses see Table A (Persia).
[3] Returns incomplete.

B.—STATEMENT OF CONSULAR FEES, SALARIES, AND EXPENSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

SCHEDULES B AND C, SALARIED OFFICES—Continued.

[*a*, for one quarter; *b*, for two quarters; *c*, for three quarters; *d*, no returns.]

Consular offices.	Salaries of principal officers and their compensation from fees of agencies.	Salary while receiving instructions and in transit.	Pay for services performed for vessels at agencies.	Contingent expenses.	Allowance for clerks.	Loss by exchange.	Fees collected.
Yarmouth	$1,500.00			$289.90		$2.08	$954.50
Annapolis							286.00
Barrington							130.00
Digby							599.50
Shelburne							156.00
Zanzibar *d*							
Zurich	2,000.00			771.52	$600.00	3.21	2,558.50
Aarau	1,000.00						2,315.00
Winterthur							195.00
Berne					480.00		
Public Printer				3,538.67			
Total	532,264.76	$9,654.42	$1,546.33	165,051.17	97,485.36	2,505.39	$56,896.83

C.—STATEMENT OF CONSULAR FEES, COMPENSATION, EXPENSES, AND LOSS BY EXCHANGE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

UNSALARIED OFFICES.

[*a*, for one quarter; *b*, for two quarters; *c*, for three quarters; *d*, no returns.]

Consular offices.	Fees collected.	Services performed for vessels.	Compensation of principal officers.	Office rent and clerk hire (sec. 1732, R. S.).	Fees accruing to Government.	Contingent expenses.	Loss by exchange.
Aden	$1,449.50		$1,449.50			$56.04	
Hodeida	27.50						
Algiers	194.00		194.00				
Beni Saf *c*	12.50						
Bone *c*	10.00						
Calle and Philippeville[1]							
Oran	54.00						
Alicante	120.00		120.00				
Antofagasta	259.69		259.69			64.94	
Arica	43.50		43.50				
Bagdad	192.50		192.50			50.78	
Bassorah	176.00						
Bamberg	2,360.00		2,360.00			96.12	
Bathurst *d*							
Batoum	124.50		124.50			32.35	
Belleville	221.00		221.00			*c*35.76	
Deseronto	822.00						
Napanee	89.50						
Picton	448.50						
Trenton	456.50						
Bergen	1,003.50		1,003.50			214.82	
Drontheim[2]	90.00						
Stavanger[2]	450.00						
Tromso *a*	2.50						
Berne	1,180.00		1,180.00			113.22	
Bombay	387.50		387.50			37.68	
Karachi	37.50						
Budapest	703.25		703.25			189.72	
Fiume	137.50						
Calais	3,336.75		2,500.00	$836.75		411.09	
Boulogne-sur-mer	232.50						
Campbellton[3]	1,123.00		840.28	198.53		32.41	$0.50
Bathurst	142.50						
Moncton	155.50						
Newcastle	206.00						
Richibucto	5.00						
Cartagena (Colombia)	1,552.95		1,552.95				
Carthagena (Spain)	39.50		39.50				
Cayenne	122.00	*b* $90.47	212.47				

[1] No fees. [2] Discontinued January 10, 1897. [3] Established March 1, 1897.

C.—STATEMENT OF CONSULAR FEES, COMPENSATION, EXPENSES, AND LOSS BY EXCHANGE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

UNSALARIED OFFICES—Continued.

[*a*, for one quarter; *b*, for two quarters; *c*, for three quarters; *d*, no returns.]

Consular offices.	Fees collected.	Services performed for vessels.	Compensation of principal officers.	Office rent and clerk hire (sec. 1732, R. S.).	Fees accruing to Government.	Contingent expenses.	Loss by exchange.
Chihuahua	$1,656.00		$1,656.00			$122.82	
Parral	2.50						
Collingwood	866.50		866.50			149.66	
Barrie	126.00						
Lindsay	1,115.50		115.50				
Owen Sound	543.00						
Parry Sound	338.50						
Colonia[1]							
Coquimbo	90.00		90.00				
Cordoba[1]						*c*.90	
Corruna	10.50		10.50			10.14	
Carril *a*	.50						
Corcubion[1]							
Ferrol[1]							
Vigo *b*	7.00						
Vivero[1]							
Durango	142.00		142.00			25.41	
Torcon	325.00						
Ensenada *d*							
Falmouth	490.50		490.50				
Scilly Islands *d*							
Garrucha[1]							
Gorée-Dakar	5.00	$32.91	37.91				
Grenoble	1,685.00		1,685.00			41.34	
Hanover	2,048.50		2,048.50			153.13	$3.65
Helsingfors	26.50		26.50			12.75	
Abo *c*	5.00						
Wiborg[1]							
Hobart[1]						32.41	
Launceston[1]							
Iquique	443.44	79.12	522.56			127.62	
La Paz (Bolivia) *b*						13.92	
La Paz (Mexico)	243.50	*c*40.08	283.58			23.51	
Magdalena Bay[1]							
San Jose and Cape St. Lucas	92.50						
Levuka *c*		7.69	7.69			34.05	9.87
Lisbon	744.50		744.50			*b*15.76	
Faro	187.50						
Loando *a*	2.50						
Oporto *c*	637.50						
Setubal	60.00						
Madrid *c*	40.00		40.00				
Maskat *c*	140.50		140.50			86.67	
Mazatlan	715.00	75.52	790.52			6.42	
Medellin	22.00		22.00				
Moncton[2]	567.00	78.67	645.67				
Bathurst	164.50						
Campbellton	2,005.50		663.89		$677.72		
Newcastle	685.50						
Richibucto	112.50						
Moscow	362.50		362.50			92.61	
Newcastle (New South Wales)	*c*372.00	*b*434.91	806.91			153.00	11.95
Brisbane *c*	57.50						
Townsville *d*							
Ninchwang[1]						180.00	
Nouméa[1]							
Nuevitas *d*							
Gibara *c*	37.50						
Orilla	1,808.00		1,808.00			60.41	
North Bay	535.00						
Wanbaushene *c*	796.50						
Padang	414.00		414.00			52.02	
Palmerston	1,346.00		1,346.00			67.51	
Wiarton	431.50						
Wingham	478.00						
Paramaribo	428.50	*c*139.58	568.08			51.33	
Patras	822.50		822.50			*b*9.61	
Corfu *b*	2.00						
Kalamata *d*							
Zante	17.50						
Paysandu	43.50	*b*34.75	78.25			5.61	

[1] No fees.

[2] Discontinued February 28, 1897.

C.—STATEMENT OF CONSULAR FEES, COMPENSATION, EXPENSES, AND LOSS BY EXCHANGE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

UNSALARIED OFFICES—Continued.

[*a*, for one quarter; *b*, for two quarters; *c*, for three quarters; *d*, no returns.]

Consular offices.	Fees collected.	Services performed for vessels.	Compensation of principal officers.	Office rent and clerk hire (sec. 1732, R. S.).	Fees accruing to Government.	Contingent expenses.	Loss by exchange.
Plymouth	$711.00	*c* $112.55	$823.55				
Dartmouth	25.50						
Guernsey	12.50						
Jersey	7.50						
Port Antonio	1,523.50	*c* 519.70	2,048.20			$204.88	
Falmouth	290.50						
Montego Bay	851.00						
Port Maria	517.50						
St. Anns Bay	630.50						
Port Rowan	376.50		376.50			12.39	
Puerto Plata	132.50	*c* 69.30	201.80			40.99	
Monte Christi	64.00						
Riga	240.00		240.00				
Rio Grande do Sul	107.50		107.50			7.59	
Porto Alegre *d*							
Rosario	470.00	*c* 518.83	988.83				
Rouen	297.50		297.50			138.44	
Dieppe	32.50						
Saigon *c*	7.50		7.50				
Saltillo	397.50		397.50			20.44	
Samana *a*	7.50	22.50	30.00				
Stanbridge	318.00		318.00				
Clarenceville	97.50						
Frelighsburg *c*	18.00						
Sutton	141.50						
St. Bartholomew *d*							
St. Christopher	823.80	69.76	893.56			40.23	
Nevis *c*	165.00						
St. Georges (Bermuda)	65.50	138.85	204.35			31.01	
St. Hyacinthe	296.75		296.75			44.25	$1.00
Sorel	214.75						
Waterloo	351.25						
St. Martin	8.00		8.00			9.20	
St. Eustatius [1]							
St. Pierre	350.00	330.61	680.61			18.90	
Santiago (Cape Verde Islands) *a*		4.80	4.80				
Brava *a*	5.00						
Fogo [1]							
St. Vincent *a*	93.50						
San Juan de los Remedios	77.50	60.10	137.60				
Sault Ste. Marie	1,354.50		1,354.50			98.28	
Teneriffe	169.50	80.04	249.54			27.30	
Grand Canary	297.50						
Lanzarote [1]							
Orotava [1]							
Tunis	15.50		15.50			*c* 14.90	
Turks Island *c*	142.50	345.85	488.35			2.00	
Cockburn Harbor	130.00						
Salt Cay	68.25						
Tuxpan	635.50	200.86	836.36			.05	
Vancouver	2,380.45	299.55	2,500.00	$180.00		89.30	
Union	237.50						
Warsaw	102.50		102.50			141.87	
Charges relating to consular stationery, paid by B. F. Stevens, dispatch agent, London, England						75.93	
Purchases of consular stationery, etc., by Department of State						12,531.66	
Total	57,535.83	3,787.00	44,229.50	1,215.28	$677.72	16,413.15	26.97

[1] No fees.

D.—STATEMENT OF SALARIES, EXPENSES, AND LOSS BY EXCHANGE OF CONSULAR CLERKS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Name.	Where located.	Salary.	Contingent expenses.	Loss by exchange.	Total.
J. Allison Bowen	Paris	[1] $717.39			$717.39
William P. Boyd	Honolulu	1,200.00			1,200.00
Charles H. Day	Berlin	1,041.76			1,041.76
William D. Hunter	Washington	1,200.00			1,200.00
Edward P. MacLean	Paris	1,200.00			1,200.00
Henry W. Martin	Mannheim	[2] 766.67	[3] $127.59	$16.49	910.75
George H. Murphy	Washington	1,200.00			1,200.00
Donnell Rockwell	Habana	1,129.45			1,129.45
George H. Scidmore	Kanagawa	1,200.00			1,200.00
Hubbard T. Smith	Constantinople	1,000.00	[4] 102.64	31.46	1,134.10
Joseph A. Springer	Habana	1,200.00			1,200.00
St. Leger A. Touhay	Cairo	1,200.00		35.97	1,235.97
Charles M. Wood	Rome	1,200.00		23.88	1,223.88
Total		14,255.27	230.23	107.80	14,593.30

[1] Account for June quarter, 1897, not received.
[2] July 1, 1896, to February 19, 1897.
[3] Expenses from Southampton to Mannheim.
[4] Expenses from Paris to Constantinople.

E.—STATEMENT OF SUNDRY EXPENSES AT CONSULATES IN CHINA, JAPAN, AND TURKEY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Consulate.	Expenses of prisons for American convicts.	Salaries interpreters to consulates in China and Japan.	Salaries marshals for consular courts.	Expenses of interpreters and guards in Turkish dominions.	Loss by exchange.	Total.
Alexandretta				[1] $200.00		$200.00
Amoy		$1,000.00	$1,000.00			2,000.00
Bangkok	$900.00					900.00
Beirut				753.04	$30.52	783.56
Cairo				800.00		800.00
Canton		1,000.00				1,000.00
Chefoo		1,000.00	155.76		9.03	1,164.79
Chinkiang		998.15	499.07			1,497.22
Chungking			[2] 146.28			146.28
Constantinople			1,000.00	2,000.00	150.00	3,150.00
Erzerum				[3] 578.80		578.80
Fuchau		600.00	[4] 873.62			1,473.62
Hankow		1,000.00	750.00			1,750.00
Hongkong		[5] 750.00				750.00
Jerusalem				1,100.00	78.57	1,178.57
Kanagawa	3,201.79	1,500.00	1,000.00			5,701.79
Nagasaki	35.79	1,000.00	750.00			1,785.79
Niuchwang		750.00				750.00
Osaka and Hiogo	375.12	1,000.00	1,000.00			2,375.12
Shanghai	2,218.09	1,500.00	1,000.00			4,718.09
Sivas				800.00	42.08	842.08
Smyrna	402.00			600.00	100.20	1,102.20
Tien-Tsin		1,500.00	1,035.33			2,535.33
Total	7,132.79	13,598.15	9,210.06	6,831.84	410.40	37,183.24

[1] Consulate opened January 1, 1897.
[2] April 21 to June 30, 1897.
[3] July 14, 1896, to June 30, 1897.
[4] Account from June 10 to 30, 1897, not received.
[5] Account for June quarter, 1897, not received.

F.—STATEMENT OF RELIEF AFFORDED SEAMEN, WITH EXTRA WAGES AND ARREARS, FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Where afforded.	Number relieved.	Board and lodging.	Clothing.	Medical aid.	Other expenses.	Total.	Extra wages and arrears collected.	Wages paid to seamen.
Amherstburg	4	.....	$25.75	.....	.....	$25.75	.....	.....
Amoy	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	$257.76	$257.76
Antigua	15	$78.60	38.64	$12.24	$26.16	155.64	19.60	19.60
Antwerp	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12,243.41	12,243.41
Auckland	17	217.00	218.63	101.69	206.35	743.67	619.66	549.99
Bahia	9	62.00	41.98	13.60	51.50	169.08	743.97	662.97
Baracoa	1	6.00	.....	.....	.....	6.00	.....	.....
Barbados	38	443.50	572.73	113.28	39.21	1,168.72	2,624.47	2,450.76
Barcelona	3	.47	.....	.....	4.28	4.75	.....	.....
Batavia	5	82.48	14.71	27.86	176.25	301.30	966.04	707.66
Belize	.....	22.50	5.10	.....	.....	27.60	407.58	324.98
Bermuda	.....	.....	.....	.....	22.00	22.00	81.56	59.56
Bristol	1	10.69	.....	41.36	3.76	55.81	100.94	82.28
Buenos Ayres	5	48.00	31.75	231.00	.91	311.66	2,248.38	2,166.76
Callao	2	19.50	35.33	.....	80.10	134.93	2,178.48	2,153.89
Cape Town	12	106.05	249.01	12.77	331.03	698.86	154.54	118.79
Cardiff	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	72.11	72.11
Cartagena	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	38.88	30.00
Ceylon	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15.50	15.50
Charlottetown	9	55.00	3.45	81.85	62.52	202.82	59.00	.....
Cienfuegos	.....	.....	.....	26.97	23.23	50.20	71.94	.....
Colon	3	26.00	.....	.....	30.00	56.00	371.60	14.50
Constantinople	2	2.81	.....	.....	11.58	14.39	.....	.....
Copenhagen	4	7.25	.....	.....	42.55	49.80	.....	.....
Curaçao	1	.....	.....	13.00	.60	13.60	4,615.08	4,576.43
Demerara	5	81.72	13.50	11.42	.....	106.64	70.03	28.91
Dublin	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9.95	9.95
Fayal	15	74.68	37.03	71.29	29.00	212.00	148.59	97.36
Funchal	20	28.44	.....	.....	211.75	240.19	.....	.....
Glasgow	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	110.73	110.73
Gothenberg	4	3.62	.....	.....	27.63	31.25	.....	.....
Guadaloupe	1	3.08	4.59	34.23	9.78	51.68	47.25	.....
Guatemala	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,206.20	1,206.20
Habana	14	62.50	20.69	90.29	263.99	437.47	568.02	291.74
Halifax	109	179.20	207.65	43.50	417.35	847.70	3,052.81	2,977.81
Hamburg	1	1.20	.....	.....	.....	1.20	824.91	824.91
Havre	2	7.92	.....	.....	.....	7.92	.....	.....
Hongkong	5	45.90	1.81	133.34	.....	181.05	12,919.54	12,870.72
Honolulu	15	111.95	10.90	840.25	21.00	984.10	6,102.51	5,266.28
Hull	1	.....	.....	.....	3.65	3.65	867.48	867.48
Iquique	4	137.63	.....	.....	.....	137.63	221.04	204.86
Kanagawa	20	117.01	30.54	210.13	.....	357.68	9,577.70	9,660.91
Kingston, Jamaica	1	19.39	.....	41.93	115.00	176.32	414.74	249.19
La Guayra	2	15.00	.....	.....	.....	15.00	.....	.....
Liverpool	27	33.36	171.52	53.64	216.72	475.24	1,156.31	1,104.03
London	2	8.12	.....	.....	.....	8.12	63.75	63.75
Manila	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	584.79	584.79
Marseilles	16	79.32	11.96	.....	5.18	96.46	790.77	790.77
Martinique	1	6.40	.....	67.98	25.10	99.48	117.50	67.50
Matanzas	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40.66	40.66
Melbourne	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,080.87	3,994.63
Merida	11	142.89	1.76	1.00	101.66	247.31	.....	.....
Messina	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	103.33	103.33
Montevideo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	329.05	329.05
Montreal	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,097.56	2,097.56
Nagasaki	2	7.00	.....	42.00	31.82	80.82	532.27	444.95
Nassau	60	578.61	15.01	16.50	76.71	686.83	32.53	.....
Newcastle (New South Wales)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,384.50	8,384.50
Nogales	1	15.24	.....	.....	.....	15.24	.....	.....
Osaka and Hiogo	4	10.34	.....	189.58	72.00	271.92	2,056.56	2,012.21
Panama	2	11.55	.....	.....	.....	11.55	48,520.90	48,520.90
Para	2	11.64	.....	.....	.....	11.64	.....	.....
Paysandu	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	190.39	190.39
Pernambuco	1	12.60	2.80	3.00	.....	18.40	883.16	883.16
Picton	28	210.05	101.48	156.77	326.80	795.10	125.00	9.75
Plymouth	10	11.67	168.48	.....	44.03	224.18	.....	.....
Port Antonio	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	56.66	56.66
Port au Prince	1	76.00	.....	128.70	25.00	229.70	35.40	.....
Puerto Plata	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	47.00	.....
Rio de Janeiro	5	102.33	.....	.....	.....	102.33	2,308.14	2,264.26
Rosario	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,492.40	1,479.45
Rotterdam	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	46.80	46.80
Roubaix	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	39.19	39.19
Sagua la Grande	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	18.86	18.86
San Juan del Norte	.....	3.90	.....	.....	20.00	23.90	180.53	156.63
San Juan, Puerto Rico	7	38.93	2.40	.....	41.20	82.53	144.60	30.40
Santiago de Cuba	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	23.35	23.35

F.—STATEMENT OF RELIEF AFFORDED SEAMEN, WITH EXTRA WAGES AND ARREARS, FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

Where afforded.	Number relieved.	Board and lodging.	Clothing.	Medical aid.	Other expenses.	Total.	Extra wages and arrears collected.	Wages paid to seamen.
Santo Domingo	17	$94.00	$10.50	$21.39	$36.30	$162.19	$372.37	$94.23
Santos	13	112.98	.....	.....	99.00	211.98	645.58	320.71
Shanghai	2	35.75	.....	100.77	5.90	142.42	6,843.53	6,086.51
Singapore	23	244.88	199.83	141.35	5.79	591.85	2,779.19	2,695.50
Southampton	11	20.58	.....	.60	2.47	23.65	22,643.06	22,321.75
Stockholm	2	3.22	.....	.....	10.72	13.94	.....	.....
Sydney	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,623.10	4,623.10
St. Christopher	.....	.....	.....	21.00	25.00	46.00	104.49	58.49
St. Georges	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	325.44	325.44
St. Helena	4	94.50	3.78	42.00	88.84	229.12	20.00	.....
St. John, New Brunswick	25	43.17	9.25	.....	240.70	293.12	10,835.58	10,835.58
St. Johns, Newfoundland	49	249.51	375.92	113.68	106.81	845.92	176.00	.....
St. Martin	4	44.00	.....	.....	6.10	50.10	.....	.....
St. Pierre	4	.....	.....	115.90	70.00	185.90	478.00	428.00
St. Stephen	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	116.70	116.70
St. Thomas	5	24.00	.....	36.02	47.10	107.12	102.12	9.40
Tahiti	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	253.66	253.66
Tampico	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	242.66	234.66
Teneriffe	21	59.02	.....	20.65	124.31	203.98	60.40	27.25
Trinidad	1	21.48	.....	3.89	.86	26.23	364.59	290.40
Turks Island	8	30.00	6.25	8.00	.50	44.75	30.55	.....
Tuxpan	.....	4.86	.....	.....	.....	4.86	101.01	61.15
Valparaiso	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	88.16	88.16
Vancouver	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,446.74	1,446.74
Vera Cruz	3	16.69	.....	.....	60.00	76.69	1,059.03	981.23
Victoria	10	10.00	.....	.....	50.00	60.00	6,155.45	6,155.45
Windsor, Nova Scotia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	56.50	56.50
Yarmouth	81	333.95	410.12	246.60	81.07	1,071.74	1,452.85	1,402.85
Masters and owners of vessels, etc	43	.....	.....	.....	891.53	891.53	.....	.....
Total	856	4,879.63	3,054.85	3,683.02	5,150.40	16,767.90	199,891.59	193,924.99

G.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER OF SEAMEN SENT TO THE UNITED STATES AND THE AMOUNT PAID AT THE TREASURY FOR PASSAGE, FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Where from.	Number of men.	Amount.	Where from.	Number of men.	Amount.
Antigua	15	$315.00	Marseilles	12	$302.94
Auckland	3	240.00	Martinique	1	10.00
Bahia	9	465.00	Mazatlan	8	176.00
Barbados	20	455.00	Merida	11	100.00
Belize	5	55.00	Nassau	46	910.00
Bermuda	1	10.00	Newcastle, England	3	30.00
Bristol	1	15.00	Osaka and Hiogo	1	63.00
Buenos Ayres	3	120.00	Panama	2	92.50
Charlottetown	2	20.00	Para	2	40.00
Cienfuegos	2	67.00	Pictou	3	22.00
Colon	6	180.00	Puerto Plata	1	26.00
Caraças	1	36.00	Rosario	1	20.00
Demerara	5	44.73	Santo Domingo	19	648.66
Ensenada	2	20.00	Santiago, Cape Verde Islands	1	30.00
Fayal	12	190.00	Santiago de Cuba	1	30.00
Guadeloupe	2	62.00	Santos	1	20.00
Guaymas	1	30.00	Shanghai	2	30.00
Halifax	55	399.50	Southampton	11	110.00
Hamburg	2	38.08	St. Thomas	4	40.00
Havre	5	50.00	Teneriffe	3	30.00
Hongkong	2	140.00	Trinidad	5	50.00
Honolulu	6	95.00	Turks Island	8	188.00
Hull	1	10.00	Tuxpan	1	20.00
Kanagawa	13	819.00	Vancouver	1	3.00
La Guayra	2	73.80	Victoria	9	23.82
La Paz	1	30.86	Yarmouth	70	691.40
Lisbon	1	15.00			
Liverpool	25	250.00	Total	432	7,979.29
London	2	20.00			

H.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE CHARACTER AND AMOUNT OF THE OFFICIAL FEES COLLECTED AT EACH CONSULATE (INCLUDING AGENCIES) DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

[*a*, one quarter; *b*, two quarters; *c*, three quarters; *d*, no returns.]

Consulates.	Invoice certificates.	Landing certificates.	Bills of health.	Other fees.	Total of fees.
Acapulco	$404.50	$7.50	$10.50	$10.00	$432.50
Aden	995.00	7.50	77.50	397.00	1,477.00
Aix la Chapelle	3,860.00			8.00	3,868.00
Alexandretta[1]	47.50		15.00	2.00	64.50
Algiers	180.00	10.00	71.50	9.00	270.50
Alicante	115.00		5.00		120.00
Amherstburg	455.00			5.50	460.50
Amoy	1,659.50	2.50	24.00	394.00	2,080.00
Amsterdam	7,217.50	75.00	178.00	102.25	7,572.75
Annaberg	4,717.50			3.00	4,720.50
Antigua	1,017.00		80.00	104.00	1,201.00
Antwerp	3,215.00	167.50	621.00	370.60	4,374.10
Apia	15.00	2.50	4.00	3.50	25.00
Asuncion[2]		2.50		1.00	3.50
Athens	127.50	7.50	2.50	125.89	263.39
Auckland	690.20	132.66		5.00	827.86
Arica	10.00		33.50		43.50
Antofagasta	65.00	15.00	25.50	154.19	259.69
Bagdad	245.00			123.50	368.50
Bahia	677.50	50.00	103.50	3.50	834.50
Bamberg	2,360.00				2,360.00
Bangkok	25.00	2.50		57.00	84.50
Baracoa		7.50	5.00		12.50
Barbados	487.50	47.50	926.50	62.50	1,524.00
Barcelona	1,571.00	30.00	221.00	1.00	1,823.00
Barmen	13,072.50			6.50	13,079.00
Barranquilla	4,450.00	110.00	63.00	177.79	4,800.79
Basle	4,425.00			23.50	4,448.50
Batavia	1,579.50	72.50	246.50	573.00	2,471.50
Bathurst *d*					
Batoum	103.00		12.50	9.00	124.50
Beirut	600.00		47.50	1.00	648.50
Belfast	15,715.50	27.50	168.50	68.13	15,979.63
Belgrade *d*					
Belize	532.50	200.00	82.50	26.50	841.50
Bellville	1,945.00			92.50	2,037.50
Bergen[3]	1,507.50		22.50	16.00	1,546.00
Berlin *c*	11,109.50			314.00	11,423.50
Bermuda	1,102.50	67.50	135.00	7.50	1,312.50
Berne	1,180.00				1,180.00
Birmingham *c*	6,290.00			15.00	6,305.00
Bogota[4]					
Bombay	380.00	22.50	15.00	7.50	425.00
Bordeaux	9,437.50	5.00	87.50	169.50	9,699.50
Bradford	20,757.50			357.00	21,114.50
Bremen	3,957.00	275.00	578.00	396.15	5,206.15
Breslau	4,515.00			6.50	4,521.50
Bristol	1,160.00	87.50	245.00	2.50	1,495.00
Brockville	670.00			24.25	694.25
Brunswick	1,700.00				1,700.00
Brussels	6,865.00			43.00	6,908.00
Bucharest *d*					
Budapest	722.50		40.00	78.25	840.75
Buenos Ayres	1,238.00	310.00	215.00	13.38	1,776.38
Cadiz	2,641.00		184.00	134.50	2,959.50
Cairo	1,355.00	7.50	145.50	141.50	1,649.50
Calais	3,395.00		157.50	16.75	3,569.25
Calcutta	9,165.50	75.00	75.00	117.00	9,432.50
Callao	1,411.00	75.00	105.50	1.50	1,593.00
Campbellton[5]	1,602.00		17.50	12.50	1,632.00
Canton	3,180.00			148.00	3,328.00
Cape Haitien	477.50	42.50	164.00	10.00	694.00
Cape Town	360.00	215.00	428.00	115.00	1,118.00
Cardenas	197.50	17.50	71.00		286.00
Cardiff	140.00		647.00		787.00
Cartagena (Colombia)	1,262.50	60.00	61.50	168.95	1,552.95
Carthagena (Spain)	12.50		16.00	11.00	39.50
Castellamare di Stabia *c*	1,760.00		13.00	131.50	1,904.50
Catania	1,015.00	10.00	39.50	26.75	1,091.25
Cayenne		7.50	27.50	87.00	122.00
Ceylon	1,091.50		42.00	19.50	1,153.00

[1] Became a consulate January 1, 1897.
[2] Account March 1 to 18, 1897, not received.
[3] Account July 1 to 7, 1896, not received.
[4] No fees.
[5] Became a commercial agency March 1, 1897.

H.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE CHARACTER AND AMOUNT OF THE OFFICIAL FEES COLLECTED AT EACH CONSULATE (INCLUDING AGENCIES) DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

[*a*, one quarter; *b*, two quarters; *c*, three quarters; *d*, no returns.]

Consulates.	Invoice certificates.	Landing certificates.	Bills of health.	Other fees.	Total of fees.
Charlottetown	$695.00	$5.00	$87.50	$16.00	$803.50
Chatham	1,483.00			32.00	1,515.00
Chefoo	155.00			3.00	158.00
Chemnitz	11,313.50			2.25	11,315.75
Chihuahua	1,644.50			14.00	1,658.50
Chinkiang *c* [1]					
Christiania	659.00	17.50	27.00	30.75	734.25
Chungking [2]	2.50				2.50
Cienfuegos	763.50	15.00	216.00	32.68	1,027.18
Clifton	648.50			47.00	695.50
Coaticook	1,154.00			56.75	1,210.75
Cognac	1,621.00				1,621.00
Cologne	4,330.00			1.00	4,331.00
Colon	852.50	419.50	505.50	425.09	2,202.59
Colonia *c* [1]					
Collingwood	2,937.50			52.00	2,989.50
Constantinople	1,693.50		12.50	377.00	2,083.00
Copenhagen	682.50	87.50	110.00	102.25	982.25
Coquimbo	77.50	5.00	7.50		90.00
Cordoba *c* [1]					
Cork	215.00		114.00	226.10	555.10
Corunna			18.00		18.00
Crefeld	5,520.00				5,520.00
Curaçoa	457.50	32.50	63.00	65.48	618.48
Demerara	332.50	35.00	179.00	2.00	548.50
Denia	482.50		13.00		495.50
Dresden	7,175.00			66.25	7,241.25
Dublin	1,498.50	15.00	82.50	38.00	1,634.00
Dundee	8,081.00		43.50	14.00	8,138.50
Dunfermline	4,060.00			9.50	4,069.50
Durango	467.00				467.00
Dusseldorf	1,412.50			5.50	1,418.00
Ensenada *d*					
Erzerum [3]				1.00	1.00
Falmouth	462.50		25.00	3.00	490.50
Fayal	13.50	2.50	258.00	245.45	519.45
Florence	2,795.00			48.00	2,843.00
Fort Erie	489.50			43.50	533.00
Frankfort	6,905.50			8.50	6,914.40
Freiburg	2,835.00			56.40	2,891.40
Fuchau	932.50	5.00	9.50	10.00	957.00
Funchal	75.00	7.50	45.50	1.00	129.00
Fürth	3,949.50			.50	3,950.00
Garrucha [1]					
Gaspé Basin	1,808.00		152.50	9.00	1,969.50
Geneva	1,150.00			11.00	1,161.00
Genoa	2,074.50	80.00	296.50	47.95	2,498.95
Ghent	2,968.50			468.75	3,437.25
Gibraltar	30.00	27.50	173.50	13.25	244.25
Glasgow	9,822.50	180.00	564.50	266.64	10,833.64
Glauchau	4,637.50			.50	4,638.00
Goderich	616.00			18.50	634.50
Gorée-Dakar [4]			5.00		5.00
Gothenberg	1,340.00	40.00	15.50	26.75	1,422.25
Grenoble	1,685.00				1,685.00
Guadaloupe	17.50	10.00	50.00	9.00	86.50
Guatemala	2,437.50	397.50	123.50	99.81	3,058.31
Guayaquil	1,042.50	10.00	22.50	307.50	1,382.50
Guelph	350.50			43.50	394.00
Habana	8,035.00	450.00	510.50	1,742.00	10,737.50
Halifax	2,133.00	85.00	482.00	250	2,702.50
Hamburg	9,297.00	290.00	1,256.50	562.20	11,405.70
Hamilton	1,955.00			234.50	2,189.50
Hankow	384.50			3.00	387.50
Hanover	1,978.00			70.50	2,048.50
Harpoot *d*					
Havre	1,701.50	372.50	308.50	238.31	2,620.81
Helsingfors	27.50			4.00	31.50
Hobart [1]					
Hongkong *c*	5,755.00	55.00	156.50	5.50	5,972.00
Honolulu	2,714.00	542.50	116.50	107.77	3,480.77
Horgen	862.50				862.50
Huddersfield	6,692.50				6,692.50

[1] No fees.
[2] Became a consulate December 1, 1896.
[3] Opened on July 14, 1896.
[4] Account for May and June, 1897, not received.

H.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE CHARACTER AND AMOUNT OF THE OFFICIAL FEES COLLECTED AT EACH CONSULATE (INCLUDING AGENCIES) DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

[*a*, one quarter; *b*, two quarters; *c*, three quarters; *d*, no returns.]

Consulates.	Invoice certificates.	Landing certificates.	Bills of health.	Other fees.	Total of fees.
Hull	$676.00	$420.00	$315.00	$157.75	$1,568.75
Iquique	324.50	27.50	75.50	15.94	443.44
Jerusalem	92.50			31.50	124.00
Kanagawa	10,173.00	197.50	150.00	102.66	10,623.16
Kehl	1,869.50			19.50	1,889.00
Kingston (Jamaica)	3,108.00	115.00	545.50	606.84	4,375.34
Kingston (Ontario)	597.50	5.00		84.00	686.50
La Guayra	1,142.50	132.50	123.00	87.00	1,485.00
La Paz (Bolivia) *d*					
La Paz (Mexico)	331.00	5.00			336.00
Leeds	4,420.50			572.50	4,993.00
Leghorn	3,740.00	2.50	75.00	128.50	3,946.00
Leipsic	8,715.00			10.00	8,725.00
Leith	2,805.00	5.00	135.00	61.00	3,006.00
Levuka *d*					
Liege	2,608.50			1.00	2,609.50
Limoges	2,290.00				2,290.00
Lisbon	1,442.00	60.00	127.00	3.00	1,632.00
Liverpool	25,461.50	1,262.50	2,272.50	558.75	29,555.25
London (England)	56,963.00	897.50	1,052.00	861.50	59,774.00
London (Ontario)	1,121.50			55.50	1,177.00
Lyons	14,751.00			5.25	14,756.25
Madrid *c*	40.00				40.00
Magdeburg	4,375.00			2.50	4,377.50
Malaga	3,044.00		36.00	2.75	3,082.75
Malta	20.00	5.00	23.00	1.00	49.00
Managua	805.00	43.50			848.50
Manchester	18,712.50	7.50	37.50	348.50	19,106.00
Manila	882.50	5.00	95.00	23.00	1,005.50
Mannheim	3,392.50			6.25	3,398.75
Maracaibo	3,347.50	50.00		118.00	3,515.50
Marseilles	5,707.50	22.50	197.00	97.75	6,024.75
Martinique	10.00	12.50	94.50	82.96	199.96
Maskat *c*	67.50			73.00	140.50
Matamoras	412.50	192.50			605.00
Matanzas	135.00	7.50	35.00	22.00	199.50
Mayence	5,352.50				5,352.50
Mazatlan	645.00	70.00			715.00
Medellin				22.00	22.00
Melbourne	735.50	335.00	17.50	118.50	1,206.50
Merida	1,132.50	42.50	149.00	3.00	1,327.00
Messina	4,797.00	32.50	99.50	52.75	4,981.75
Mexico	2,442.00			192.93	2,634.93
Milan	2,558.50			1.00	2,559.50
Moncton [1]	3,390.50	5.00	77.50	62.00	3,535.00
Monrovia	2.50				2.50
Montevideo	370.00	177.00	123.50		670.50
Montreal	5,793.00	17.50		495.75	6,306.25
Morrisburg	308.50			36.50	345.00
Moscow	342.50			20.00	362.50
Mozambique	2.50	7.50	15.00	2.00	27.00
Munich	2,540.00			17.50	2,557.50
Nagasaki	25.00	35.00	30.00	12.50	102.50
Nantes	1,280.00		3.00	19.50	1,302.50
Naples	2,495.00	15.00	261.50	349.55	3,121.05
Nassau	1,082.50	117.50	316.00	7.25	1,523.25
Newcastle (New South Wales) *c*	190.00	67.50	150.00	22.00	429.50
Newcastle (England)	1,522.50	15.00	834.00	4.00	2,375.50
Ninchwang [2]					
Nice	982.50	2.50	2.50	35.50	1,023.00
Nogales	2,326.50	2,417.50			4,744.00
Nottingham	10,711.00			4.00	10,715.00
Nouméa [2]					
Neuvitas *c*	25.00		12.50		37.50
Nuevo Laredo	1,497.00	1,347.50		62.00	2,906.50
Nuremberg	4,807.50			7.00	4,814.50
Odessa	335.00		2.50	2.50	340.00
Osaka and Hiogo	7,111.00	132.50	113.50	269.25	7,626.25
Ottawa *c*	5,718.00			53.00	5,771.00
Orillia	3,124.50			15.00	3,139.50
Padang	385.00	5.00	22.00	2.00	414.00
Palermo	8,372.50	12.50	292.00	28.30	8,705.30
Palmerston	2,200.50			55.00	2,255.50
Panama	545.00	55.00	22.50	188.49	810.99
Para	2,016.00	120.00	299.50		2,435.50
Paramaribo	377.50	30.00	21.00		428.50
Paris	49,422.50			1,040.32	50,462.82

[1] Became an agency under Campbellton March 1, 1897.

[2] No fees.

H.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE CHARACTER AND AMOUNT OF THE OFFICIAL FEES COLLECTED AT EACH CONSULATE (INCLUDING AGENCIES) DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

[*a*, one quarter; *b*, two quarters; *c*, three quarters; *d*, no returns.]

Consulates.	Invoice certificates.	Landing certificates.	Bills of health.	Other fees.	Total of fees.
Paso del Norte	$1,237.50	$1,345.00	.....	$43.50	$2,626.00
Patras	801.00	2.50	$23.50	15.00	842.00
Paysandu	22.50	.....	10.00	11.00	43.50
Pernambuco	565.00	107.50	261.00	.....	933.50
Pictou	1,032.00	.....	155.50	.....	1,187.50
Piedras Negras	1,970.00	1,465.00	.....	65.00	3,500.00
Plauen	8,647.50	.....	.....	16.00	8,663.50
Plymouth	657.50	.....	96.00	3.00	756.50
Port Antonio	2,595.00	80.00	1,015.00	128.00	3,818.00
Portau Prince	522.50	100.00	236.00	34.50	893.00
Port Hope	1,187.50	.....	.....	61.50	1,249.00
Port Louis	10.00	10.00	15.00	17.61	52.61
Port Rowan	343.50	.....	.....	33.00	376.50
Port Sarnia	537.50	.....	.....	41.00	578.50
Port Stanley (Falkland Islands) *b*	.....	.....	7.50	.....	7.50
Port Stanley (Ontario)	1,130.00	.....	.....	64.75	1,194.75
Prague	7,052.50	.....	.....	15.50	7,068.00
Prescott	226.50	15.00	.....	24.00	265.50
Puerto Cabello	367.50	15.00	54.50	2.00	439.00
Puerto Plata	152.50	37.50	2.50	4.00	196.50
Quebec	1,605.00	.....	20.00	170.00	1,795.00
Reichenburg	7,634.00	.....	.....	6.00	7,640.00
Rheims	3,875.00	.....	.....	19.00	3,894.00
Riga	217.50	.....	.....	22.50	240.00
Rio Grande do Sul	60.00	15.00	32.50	.....	107.50
Rio de Janeiro	3,719.50	175.00	760.00	36.75	4,691.25
Rome	695.00	.....	.50	22.00	717.50
Rosario *c*	385.00	57.50	27.50	.....	470.00
Rotterdam	5,987.50	320.00	567.50	201.18	7,076.18
Roubaix	5,197.50	.....	70.00	.....	5,267.50
Rouen	240.00	2.50	87.50	.....	330.00
Ruatan	335.00	5.00	137.50	12.25	489.75
Sagua la Grande	85.00	2.50	25.00	4.00	116.50
Saigon *c*	2.50	5.00	.....	.....	7.50
Saltillo	397.50	.....	.....	.....	397.50
Samana *a*	.....	7.50	.....	.....	7.50
Santo Domingo	1,007.00	145.00	147.00	127.50	1,426.50
San José (Costa Rica) *a*[1]	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
San Juan de los Remedios	35.00	.....	42.50	.....	77.50
San Juan del Norte	1,138.50	645.00	312.00	279.76	2,375.26
San Juan (Puerto Rico)	1,007.50	55.00	438.00	58.50	1,559.00
San Salvador *b*	220.00	177.50	36.50	5.00	439.00
Santiago (Cape Verde Islands) *a*	7.50	.....	90.00	1.00	98.50
Santiago de Cuba	533.00	27.50	325.50	2.00	888.00
Santos	3,885.00	127.50	471.00	2.00	4,485.50
Sault Ste. Marie	1,344.00	.....	.....	10.50	1,354.50
Seoul	.....	.....	.....	14.75	14.75
Shanghai	5,845.00	130.00	68.00	55.79	6,098.79
Sheffield	4,387.50	.....	.....	4.25	4,391.75
Sherbrooke	5,095.00	.....	.....	90.00	5,185.00
Sierra Leone	45.00	12.50	.....	14.00	71.50
Singapore	3,230.00	25.00	107.50	17.50	3,380.00
Sivas	7.50	.....	.....	3.50	11.00
Smyrna	1,965.00	5.00	40.00	4.00	2,014.00
Sonneberg	10,735.00	.....	.....	.....	10,735.00
Southampton	163.50	237.50	112.50	53.45	566.95
St. Bartholomew *d*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Christopher	810.00	62.50	20.00	96.30	988.80
St. Etienne	1,776.00	.....	.....	.....	1,776.00
St. Gall	8,840.00	2.50	.....	14.25	8,856.75
St. Georges	30.00	.....	35.50	.....	65.50
St. Helena	.....	.....	7.50	.....	7.50
St. Hyacinthe	784.50	.....	.....	78.25	862.75
St. John (New Brunswick)	3,626.50	50.00	1,743.00	233.50	5,653.00
St. Johns (Newfoundland)	575.00	25.00	94.00	14.50	708.50
St. Johns (Quebec)	623.50	.....	.....	45.50	669.00
St. Martin	.....	.....	5.00	3.00	8.00
St. Pierre	307.50	5.00	35.00	2.50	350.00
St. Petersburg	528.50	.....	.....	34.50	563.00
St. Stephen	630.50	.....	32.50	50.75	713.75
St. Thomas	421.00	20.00	96.00	29.00	566.00
Stanbridge	565.50	.....	.....	9.50	575.00
Stettin	2,407.50	.....	263.00	318.00	2,988.50
Stockholm	1,330.00	.....	5.00	3.00	1,338.00
Stratford	687.00	.....	.....	62.25	749.25
Stuttgart	2,980.00	.....	.....	1.00	2,981.00

[1] No fees.

H.—STATEMENT SHOWING THE CHARACTER AND AMOUNT OF THE OFFICIAL FEES COLLECTED AT EACH CONSULATE (INCLUDING AGENCIES) DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

[*a*, one quarter; *b*, two quarters; *c*, three quarters; *d*, no returns.]

Consulates.	Invoice certificates.	Landing certificates.	Bills of health.	Other fees.	Total of fees.
Suva					
Swansea	$1,997.50	$2 50	$232.50	$0.50	$2,233.00
Sydney	1,105.00	312.50	110.00	50.90	1,578.40
Tahiti	226.00	22.50		23.66	272.16
Tamatave		25.00		21.75	46.75
Tampico	1,670.00	297.50	266.00	7.50	2,241.00
Tangier	200.00			279.00	479.00
Tegucigalpa	1,052.50	485.00	232.50	20.00	1,790.00
Teheran[1]					
Teneriffe	72.50	25.00	290.00	79.50	467.00
Three Rivers	3,937.25			47.00	3,984.25
Tientsin	850.50		5.00	3.00	858.50
Toronto	3,741.00			546.00	4,287.00
Trieste	790.00	2.50	93.00	8.00	893.50
Trinidad	1,451.00	127.50	193.50	67.00	1,839.00
Tunis	12.50			3.00	15.50
Tunstall	13,217.50				13,217.50
Turin	430.00			3.50	433.50
Turks Island	287.50	2.50	50.00	.75	340.75
Tuxpan	529.00		50.50	56.00	635.50
Valparaiso	100.00	125.00	101.50	4.00	330.50
Vancouver	2,077.50	115.00	80.00	345.45	2,617.95
Venice	827.00		34.00	2.50	863.50
Vera Cruz	3,899.50	105.00	355.00	9.00	4,368.50
Victoria	1,359.50	182.50	237.50	62.00	1,841.50
Vienna	6,435.00			53.00	6,488.00
Wallaceburg	921.00			2.50	923.50
Warsaw	67.50			35.00	102.50
Windsor (Nova Scotia)	1,372.50		652.50	.50	2,025.50
Windsor (Ontario)[2]	1,720.50			15.50	1,736.00
Winnipeg	2,485.00	5.00		91.50	2,581.50
Woodstock	1,364.50			43.00	1,407.50
Weimar	3,602.50				3,602.50
Yarmouth	1,650.00	10.00	462.50	3.50	2,126.00
Zanzibar *d*					
Zurich	5,067.50			1.00	5,068.50
Total	836,771.95	21,342.66	32,438.50	23,879.55	914,432.66

[1] No fees.
[2] Account October 1, to December 13, 1896, not received.

(No. 13.)

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR FOR THE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF AUDITOR
FOR THE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C., October 5, 1897.

SIR: I have the honor to present the following report of the operations of this office and the financial transactions of the Post-Office Department during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897:

THE WORK OF THE BUREAU.

This is said to be the largest accounting office in the world. Its employees, nearly 500 in number, are engaged in the important work of adjusting the accounts of the entire postal service, with its $176,446,750.59 of receipts and expenditures. A separate ledger account is kept with each of the 70,000 post-offices in the country. It audits the pay of each of the postmasters, railway mail clerks, post-office clerks, letter carriers, mail contractors, and department employees, constituting the 150,000 persons on the pay rolls of the postal system. It receives, checks, assorts and files each of the 26,000,000 money orders issued annually in the United States, aggregating in amount $364,113,010.93.

DUTIES OF THE AUDITOR.

Briefly stated, the duties of the Auditor for the Post-Office Department are: To receive and examine all accounts of salaries and incidental expenses of the Office of the Postmaster-General and of all bureaus and offices under his direction; all postal and money order accounts of postmasters; all accounts relating to the transportation of the mails, and to all other business within the jurisdiction of the Post-Office Department, and certify the balances arising thereon to the Postmaster-General for accounts of the postal revenue and expenditures therefrom, and to the division of bookkeeping and warrants for other accounts, and send forthwith copies of the certificates in the latter cases to the Postmaster-General; to superintend the collection of debts due the Post-Office Department, and the payment of the salaries of the officers and clerks connected with his office.

The duties above outlined are assigned to and performed by the deputy auditor, chief clerk, disbursing clerk, and seven divisions, viz:

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY AUDITOR.

The deputy auditor has general supervision of the work and assignment to duty of the clerks in the office; assumes charge of the office as Acting Auditor during the absence of the Auditor; signs all official papers designated by the Auditor, which includes drafts, letters, statements, post-office warrants, and other papers; is charged with the custody and care of the furniture, and has supervision of all requisitions relating to the purchase of furniture and miscellaneous supplies.

OFFICE OF CHIEF CLERK.

The chief clerk has charge of all the correspondence, the opening, reading, and assigning of all letters received; reading, preparing for signature, and press-copying letters sent; keeping the roll and making report of attendance and absence of employees, and preparing and forwarding to the Secretary of the Treasury all applications for leave taken by the employees; preparing and submitting to the Department of Justice for suit the accounts of postmasters, late postmasters, failing contractors, failing bidders, and late contractors, and keeping the record thereof; has charge of the seal of the office and the certifying of all official papers; recording decisions upon appeals to the Comptroller of the Treasury; keeping the record of attorneys suspended from practice; recording all orders of the Postmaster-General for allowances or disallowances of claims of postmasters for loss of postal funds, postage stamps, etc., and of money-order funds, by burglary, fire, or other unavoidable casualty; making requisitions for and issuing supplies, and has charge of all miscellaneous subjects not directly connected with the business of the several divisions and not otherwise assigned.

DISBURSING CLERK.

The disbursing clerk has charge of the preparation of pay rolls, disbursements of appropriations for the salaries of officers and employees; the disposition of deposits made in connection with offers of compromise of debts and judgments on post-office accounts, and the receipt and dispatch of the official registered mail matter.

BOOKKEEPING DIVISION.

The bookkeeping division keeps the general ledger accounts of the postal service, prepares the quarterly and annual reports of receipts and expenditures, and registers the Postmaster-General's transfer drafts and all warrants for the payment of mail contractors and other miscellaneous expenses of the postal service. The quarterly returns of postmasters, the accounts of postal depositaries, including the Treasurer and the several assistant treasurers of the United States, and the salary and expense accounts of the Post-Office Department, rendered by its disbursing officer, are audited, and ledger accounts kept by this division. A ledger account is also kept with each mail contractor.

COLLECTING DIVISION.

This division reviews all postal accounts in which differences are found by the bookkeeping division; collects balances due from and pays balances due to late and present postmasters on postal account; keeps a record of all changes of postmasters, new bonds, and the establishment and discontinuance of post-offices; has charge of the postal files, and conducts the general correspondence affecting this part of the work.

PAY DIVISION.

Adjusting and reporting for payment the accounts for the transportation of the mails by railroads, steamboats (foreign and domestic), star, mail messenger, and special mail service, and auditing the accounts of post-office inspectors, superintendent and assistant superintendents, Railway Mail Service, and sundry miscellaneous accounts, including post-office supplies.

INSPECTING DIVISION.

The examination of postmasters' weekly, semimonthly, and monthly statements of money-order business, with accompanying money orders, is made in the inspecting division. The work consists of comparing every money order with the credit claimed for its payment by the postmaster; checking and allowing credits when correct; detecting and correcting errors; verifying the fees charged by postmasters for issuing international and domestic orders, and making complete additions of the debit and credit sides of the statements.

ASSORTING AND CHECKING DIVISION.

The duties of this division are to assort by States, offices of issue, and arrange numerically by quarters all money orders received by the inspecting division, and to compare the coupons of all money orders issued with the amounts postmasters debit themselves in their money-order statements.

RECORDING DIVISION.

This division audits and adjusts the money-order accounts of postmasters, and has charge of the correspondence relating thereto. The statements of postmasters are received from the assorting and checking division, the footings entered in registers, and entries of deposits, drafts, and transfers verified by comparison with journal records of the original vouchers. Accounts are adjusted quarterly, and the differences between accounts as rendered and as audited are indicated by error circulars, and postmasters are directed to make the necessary corrections. Defective vouchers are returned for perfection. Statements as received are filed by States, alphabetically, in guard books and monitors. Accounts of late postmasters are adjusted by payment, transfer, or collection, as indicated by the balance. Detailed statements of account are referred for suit when balances due the United States are not paid after demand has been made on late postmasters and their sureties. Quarterly and annual statements of the money-order transactions of the United States, both domestic and international, with the revenue derived therefrom, are prepared for the information of the Secretary of the Treasury and the Postmaster-General.

FOREIGN DIVISION.

Adjusts and settles the postal and money order accounts with foreign countries; settles accounts of steamship companies for the ocean transportation of mails; settles quarterly with the German administration the accounts containing the joint expenses for the maintenance of the sea post service on fast German steamers, and with the Cuban post department the accounts arising in connection with the conveyance of Cuban mails from Havana to Tampa; verifies all lists of money orders certified for payment in foreign countries and all lists received from foreign countries of orders certified for payment in the United States; assorts and numbers coupons of international money orders issued in the United States and international money orders issued in foreign countries for payment in the United States, and checks them against the lists; examines all statements of weights of mail dispatched to foreign countries by the various exchange offices, and conducts the correspondence arising in connection with the above duties.

POSTAL ACCOUNTS.

The work of auditing postal accounts is fully up to date and in satisfactory condition.

The prompt rendition of postmasters' accounts at the close of each quarter is very essential. This has been accomplished by immediately reporting to the Postmaster-General, for the purpose of notifying the sureties on the bonds, all officers who have failed to make their returns within the prescribed periods.

The failure of postmasters to make deposits of surplus postal funds as directed has been treated in like manner, resulting in the absence of large defalcations such as have been prevalent in prior years. By requiring all deposits to be made promptly the temptation to misappropriate funds is reduced to the minimum and the Government saved from loss.

Under the system required by the reorganization of this office by the "Dockery Commission," when the audited figures agree with those of the postmaster, no review is made, and any error made in auditing is not discovered, as the account passes to the files.

Reviews have been had of accounts found to be correct under the above method and some slight discrepancies found therein. The fact remains, however, that there is a possibility of serious errors being made, which can only be avoided by reviewing all postal accounts, instead of those wherein there are differences between the Auditor and postmasters.

The matter of the collection of balances due the United States on the postal accounts of late postmasters has received close attention, and great care has been given to that part of the work to avoid possibility of delay in the settlement of accounts, which might result in the release of the sureties by the expiration of the period of limitation prescribed by law.

The practice of the office now is, in all cases, so soon as the account of a retiring postmaster has been audited and the final balance due the United States determined, to have a collection draft issued against him for the amount and to inform him that if payment be not made within fifteen days demand will be made upon his sureties.

Prior to July 1, 1896, collection drafts were issued for the smaller amounts only, after failure to cause late postmasters to deposit the balances due the United States with the designated depositories. This frequently resulted in delay and much correspondence.

If collections can not be made within a reasonable time by means of collection drafts, inspectors are detailed by the Post-Office Department to assist in making collections. Upon their failure the cases are promptly prepared for suit.

Another use of collection drafts, inaugurated during the last fiscal year with good results, is in cases where postmasters are delinquent in rendering their accounts to this office for two consecutive quarters. In addition to reporting these delinquencies to the Postmaster-General, the stamp stock with which the postmasters are accountable is charged to them as "sold" and collection drafts are issued against them. The usual result of these steps is a prompt rendition of accounts by the delinquent postmasters.

USELESS PAPERS.

In the files of this office there is a quantity of letters, accounts, memorandums, etc., which have long since served their usefulness and are no longer required. The estimated weight is 50 tons. The further

preservation of these miscellaneous papers seems to be needless, and I recommend that authority be obtained from Congress to destroy them. A detailed statement thereof has been prepared and will be submitted when required. Their destruction at this time will save the expense of moving them from their present location to the new building, and will afford this office valuable floor space. Congress has already authorized the Secretary of the Treasury and the Postmaster-General to destroy all money-order statements rendered by postmasters and all paid money orders and paid postal notes accompanying the same after seven years shall have elapsed from the expiration of the period covered by such statements. (28 Stat. L., 107, and 29 Stat. L., 648.)

MONEY-ORDER ACCOUNTS.

During the past year close attention has been given to the matter of auditing the money-order accounts of postmasters, and there is continued improvement in this branch of the office.

DOUBLE PAYMENT OF MONEY ORDERS.

During the past fiscal year 877 of the duplicate money orders issued by the Money-Order Office of the Post-Office Department, which were transmitted by postmasters to this office as paid vouchers, were found upon investigation under the present system to be double payments, the original paid order in each case having been found in the files of this office. The amount represented by these duplicate payments is $3,058.50. In each of these cases the amount has already been refunded to the Government by the postmaster in error, or is in process of collection.

APPLICATION FOR WARRANTS.

During the fiscal year 3,123 applications for warrants to pay invalid money orders were referred by the Post-Office Department to this office, amounting to the sum of $28,959.91. Of this number, 3,061, amounting to $28,631.14, were certified to the Post-Office Department for payment. Of the number referred, 62, amounting to $328.77, were rejected and returned for cancellation, for the reason that an inspection of the files of this office developed the fact that the original orders had been paid.

UNPAID DOMESTIC MONEY ORDERS.

The amount of domestic money orders remaining unpaid for one year from the last day of the month of issue, as evidenced by the advices and postmasters' monthly statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, was $40,734.12.

OUTSTANDING INDEBTEDNESS.

The amount of balances due on June 30, 1897, from late postmasters, and the actual damages due from failing contractors, late contractors, and failing bidders, on account of the fiscal year 1896 and prior years, was $685,228.17, divided as follows:

Late postmasters:	
Postal account	$151,674.95
Money-order account	102,284.16
Failing bidders and late and failing contractors	431,269.06
Total	685,228.17

Suit has been instituted for $616,767.01 of the above indebtedness, leaving $68,461.16 otherwise in the process of collection.

Within the past year 13,783 postmasters have been retired from office by death, resignation, or removal. The accounts of these postmasters, both postal and money order, have been audited.

The total sum accruing in the fiscal year 1897 is $44,861.69, viz:

Late postmasters:	
Postal account	$26,203.50
Money-order account	17,772.55
Failing contractors and failing bidders	885.64
Total	44,861.69

Of the 1897 indebtedness suit has been brought for $5,379.76, leaving the sum of $39,481.93 otherwise in process of collection.

RECAPITULATION.

Amount due on account of fiscal year 1896 and prior years	$685,228.17
Amount due on account of fiscal year 1897	44,861.69
Total	730,089.86
Amount for which suit has been instituted	622,146.77
Otherwise in process of collection	107,943.09

ACCOUNTS WITH THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT, ADJUSTED AND CERTIFIED TO SEPTEMBER 30, 1897.

Accounts of Rufus B. Merchant, disbursing clerk, Post-Office Department.

RECEIPTS.

Sales of post-route maps	$1,679.50

DISBURSEMENTS.

Appropriations.	Fiscal year—		Total.
	1896.	1897.	
Salaries		$758,613.19	$758,613.19
Post-route maps	$8,775.21	14,791.88	23,567.09
Official postal guides	684.17	18,148.74	18,832.91
Postage		550.00	550.00
Rent of buildings	5,375.01	20,208.32	25,583.33
Stationery	772.22	5,696.85	6,469.07
Fuel	187.05	6,789.90	6,976.95
Lights	247.65	3,442.94	3,690.59
Plumbing and light fixtures	357.50	285.96	643.46
Telegraphing	77.95	2,357.29	2,435.24
Painting		337.39	337.39
Carpets	69.75	2,538.40	2,608.15
Furniture	306.29	1,535.65	1,841.94
Horses and wagons		624.39	624.39
Hardware	45.63	117.96	163.59
Miscellaneous items	2,218.87	7,432.22	9,651.09
Congress of the Universal Postal Union		36,454.41	36,454.41
Total	19,117.30	879,925.49	899,042.79

Accounts certified for payment.

Deficiency in the postal revenues	$12,133,392.88
Reimbursement of postal revenues on account of L. A. Skinner	14.88
Total	12,133,407.76
Amount of repayments on account of "Deficiency in the postal revenues"	10,746.89
Amount of accounts certified to the credit of Pacific railroads for transportation of the mails	1,573,889.08

COLLECTIONS BY SUIT.

A table showing the number of accounts, and amount involved, submitted to the Department of Justice for suit during the last fiscal year, viz:

Accounts.	Number.	Amount.
Postal	63	$23,230.38
Money order	27	13,641.26
Mail service	7	3,583.39
Total	97	40,455.03

The amount collected by legal proceedings on postal, money order, and mail service accounts, including interest at 6 per cent, was $42,748.46, which is the largest collection made by this branch of the office for many years.

Appended hereto is a list of the accounts of postmasters, late postmasters, failing contractors, failing bidders, and late contractors, with balances remaining due thereon, exclusive of costs and interest, upon which legal proceedings were pending June 30, 1897.

Very respectfully,

Henry A. Castle
Auditor.

The SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

Suits pending June 30, 1897.

Account.	Name of principal.	Designation.	Office or route.	Balance.	Year.	Remarks.
	ALABAMA.					
Money order	W. A. McCreless	Late postmaster	Albertville	$295.39	1886	Judgment.
Postal	James T. Tramel	do	Allsup	584.81	1883	Do.
Do	do	do	do	712.66	1887	Do.
Do	Joseph Presley	do	Andalusia	67.39	1868	Do.
Do	J. T. Pence	do	Ball Flat	1,648.97	1885	Do.
Do	Robert L. Houston	do	Birmingham	1,260.64	1893	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	356.27	1893	Do.
Postal	H. J. Winn	do	do	401.79	1887	Do.
Do	Warren E. Durham	do	Black Oak	29.57	1893	Do.
Do	Wm. H. Tennent	do	Center Star	23.98	1871	Do.
Do	Mitchell A. Smith	do	Charlton	19.57	1892	Pending.
Do	J. J. Scroggin	do	Coloma	682.04	1885	Judgment.
Do	C. W. Dustan	do	Demopolis	441.49	1873	Do.
Do	John T. Keyton	do	Dothen	49.48	1892	Do.
Do	Mary C. Marrs	do	East Lake	71.05	1891	Do.
Do	do	do	do	327.88	1893	Pending.
Money order	do	do	do	520.70	1893	Do.
Postal	John J. Haney	do	Eldridge	12.38	1892	Judgment.
Do	Holman Freeman	do	Fort Deposit	173.32	1871	Do.
Do	Henry Atkinson	do	Gnatville	828.62	1885	Do.
Do	Jacob Greenwald	do	Hamburg	48.72	1880	Do.
Do	Daniel McRae	do	Harpersville	245.70	1879	Do.
Do	do	do	do	804.09	1885	Do.
Do	do	do	do	106.88	1887	Do.
Do	George Hunt	do	Hartsells	104.78	1874	Pending.
Do	John L. Shank	do	Houston	80.11	1880	Judgment.
Do	John W. Davison	do	Lovan	63.77	1891	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	420.58	1891	Do.
Postal	George W. Brown	do	Marion	473.82	1870	Do.
Do	Edwin D. Olmstead	do	New Decatur	92.93	1891	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	2,344.89	1891	Do.
Postal	Jacob Black	do	North Birmingham	148.13	1896	Pending.
Money order	do	do	do	381.65	1896	Do.
Postal	Gilbert Gay	do	Roanoke	92.91	1893	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	181.06	1893	Do.
Postal	Leonard F. Townsend	do	Wetumpka	163.45	1893	Do.
Mail service	Willard W. Harris	Failing bidder	Two routes	106.27	1891	Do.
Do	D. L. James	Failing contractor	One route	1,300.31	1880	Judgment.
Do	Joseph T. Stephens	Failing bidder	do	269.32	1891	Do.
	Total			15,937.37		

	ALASKA.					
Postal	Charles H. Edwards	Late postmaster	Douglas	76.48	1891	Pending.
Money order	do	do	do	643.35	1891	Do.
	Total			719.83		
	ARIZONA.					
Postal	George Marks	Late postmaster	Allen	31.50	1886	Judgment.
Do	Harry Lewis	do	Contention	159.18	1886	Do.
Do	Simon Marks	do	do	337.94	1885	Appeal pending.
Do	James J. Chatham	do	Nogales	308.98	1893	Credits authorized by Congress.
Do	Isidor E. Solomon	do	Solomonsville	2.05	1894	Pending.
Money order	do	do	do	100.34	1894	Do.
	Total			939.99		
	ARKANSAS.					
Postal	Irby Shepherd	Late postmaster	Bryant	20.00	1895	Pending.
Money order	do	do	do	171.60	1895	Do.
Postal	James B. Core	do	Plum Bayou	30.26	1892	Judgment.
Do	Jacob J. Applegate	do	Gurdon	94.01	1882	Do.
Do	Virgil C. Bigham	do	Moro	263.71	1893	Pending.
Do	William C. Ligon	do	do	89.78	1895	Do.
Do	William K. Gately	do	Tyler	236.40	1878	Judgment.
Mail service	Joseph G. Bell	Failing contractor	Thirteen routes	2,199.09	1887–88	Do.
Do	Mathew Pridgen	Failing bidder	Route No. 7632	230.00	1872	Do.
Do	Eugene L. Fisher	Failing contractor	Route No. 32011	12,296.47	1877	Do.
Do	George S. Scott	do	Seven routes	436.15		Do.
	Total			16,067.47		
	CALIFORNIA.					
Money order	William M. Vickrey	Late postmaster	Copperopolis	642.75	1895	Pending.
Postal	Edward A. Preuss	do	Los Angeles	664.82	1888	Do.
Do	Willis U. Masters	do	Pasadena	108.93	1891	Do.
Do	Ely Gill	do	Santee	17.85	1894	Do.
Money order	Wm. J. Bryan	do	San Francisco	9,399.88	1890	Do.
Postal	John A. Leach	do	Uncle Sam	46.98	1864	Judgment in State of Washington.
Do	Elzy Morgan Paul	do	Upper Lake	94.79	1888	Judgment.
Mail service	C. C. Morse	Failing contractor	Nine routes	12,637.70	1889–90	Do.
Do	William Barnes	Failing bidder	Route No. 46290	1,082.62	1879	Do.
Do	Peter Fort	do	Route No. 76614	108.85	1892	Do.
Do	H. J. Langdon	Failing contractor	Routes Nos. 76229, 76233, 76314	2,853.60	1889	Do.
Do	A. H. Tevis	do	Nineteen routes	6,823.16	1881	Pending.
	Total			34,481.93		

Suits pending June 30, 1897—Continued.

Account.	Name of principal.	Designation.	Office or route.	Balance.	Year.	Remarks.
	COLORADO.					
Postal	Ambrose Bray	Late postmaster	Central City		1894	Pending.
Money order	Edgar H. Cooper	do	Cortez	$1,798.93	1893	Judgment.
Do	Michael B. Downey	do	Globeville	1,015.40	1895	Pending.
Postal	William H. Gowdy	do	Fremont	49.57	1891	Do.
Do	do	do	Morland	24.07	1892	Do.
Do	do	do	Fremont	631.61	1892	Do.
Do	do	do	Cripple Creek	250.05	1893	Do.
Do	John A. Lafferty	do	Georgetown	1,035.46	1868	Judgment.
Do	do	do	do	1,058.58	1869	Do.
Do	James G. Sheek	do	Parrott	171.21	1885	Do.
Money order	John S. Wheeler	do	Platteville	193.06	1889	Do.
Mail service	Lewis Barnum	Failing contractor	Three routes	20,350.81		Do.
Do	Wash. T. Bennett	do	Thirty-one routes	30,698.61	1885–86	Pending.
Do	Perley and Walter Wason	do	Route No. 38211	3,069.53	1885	Do.
	Total			60,346.89		
	DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.					
Mail service	Albert E. Boone	Failing contractor	Two routes	326.60	1879	Judgment.
Do	J. B. Colegrove	do	Eighteen routes	4,676.08	1891–93	Do.
Do	C. C. Frayser	do	Thirteen routes	3,605.82	1880	Do.
Do	W. W. Hall	do	Seven routes	1,847.02	1892–93	Do.
Do	Charles A. McEuen	do	Two routes	489.79	1880	Pending.
	Total			10,945.31		
	FLORIDA.					
Postal	John T. Jolly	Late postmaster	Cedar Keys	679.53	1870	Pending.
Do	Kirby A. Griner	do	Dunnellon	170.90	1895	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	331.80	1895	Do.
Postal	Edward H. Reed	do	Jacksonville	784.95	1871	Judgment.
Money order	do	do	do	813.94	1871	Do.
Do	J. C. Emerson	do	Fernandina	645.94	1874	Do.
Do	William R. Bush	do	Lake City	70.01	1894	Pending.
Postal	W. B. Saunders	do	Lake de Funiak	27.72	1884	Do.
Do	do	do	do	269.67	1885	Do.
Do	do	do	do	27.43	1884	Do.
Do	J. M. Nall	do	Marysville	1,283.10	1885	Do.
Do	do	do	do	449.06	1888	Do.
Do	Alfred B. Osgood	do	Madison	719.49	1893	Judgment.
Money order	do	do	do	22.84	1893	Do.

Postal	John Carlovitz	do	Milton	1,343.68	1885	Appeal taken by United States.
Do	do	do	do	339.29	1888	Do.
Do	Simeon P. Lewis	do	Moseley Hall	350.52	1887	Pending.
Do	William Perkins	do	Moultrie	35.97	1887	Do.
Money order	William M. Eatman	do	Pemberton	629.17	1894	Do.
Postal	George T. Hubert	do	Punta Gorda	411.67	1895	Judgment.
Money order	do	do	do	2,577.07	1895	Do.
Postal	Robert Meacham	do	do	177.85	1892	Pending.
Money order	do	do	do	112.82	1892	Do.
Do	L. M. Moore	do	Sanford	220.92	1878	Do.
Postal	Charles R. Jenkins	do	Sneads	42.08	1895	Judgment.
Money order	do	do	do	10,784.02	1895	Do.
Postal	John C. Calhoun	do	Spring Warrior	693.48	1885	Pending.
Do	do	do	do	127.21	1887	Do.
Do	James S. Fannin	do	West Wynnton	1,628.67	1885	Do.
Do	do	do	do	364.05	1887	Do.
Mail service	John W. Price	Late contractor	Four routes	198.46		Do.
Do	D. Brown Stennis	Failing bidder	One route	80.00	1895	Do.
	Total			26,413.31		
	GEORGIA.					
Postal	Michael P. Suber	Late postmaster	Andersonville	753.45	1886	Pending.
Do	do	do	do	67.14	1886	Do.
Do	William T. Crane	do	Athens	123.88	1873	Judgment.
Money order	Gussie Barksdale	do	Box Spring	358.67	1895	Pending.
Postal	Stephen R. Potts	do	Forsyth	529.89	1876	Judgment.
Money order	Screven A. Sweat	do	Homerville	74.49	1893	Pending.
Postal	Milton Watts	do	Igo	60.00	1893	Do.
Do	do	do	do	69.22	1895	Do.
Money order	J. M. Rice	do	Jamaica	27.28	1894	Do.
Postal	Stella R. Laird	do	La Grange	2,286.90	1893	Pending in middle district of Alabama.
Money order	do	do	do	3,493.70	1893	Do.
Postal	John M. James	do	Lithia Springs	122.88	1890	Judgment.
Do	Andrew J. Dickson	do	Mershon	455.03	1890	Do.
Money order	W. B. Jones	do	Montezuma	344.07	1873	Do.
Postal	John W. Clements	do	Preston	67.36	1874	Do.
Do	John T. Whorton	do	do	62.44	1875	Do.
Do	Josiah G. W. Mills	do	Redclay	150.30	1895	Pending.
Do	John B. Suttles, jr	do	Redoak	504.18	1886	Do.
Do	do	do	do	94.69	1887	Do.
Do	Charles W. Ashley	do	Rochelle	174.40	1891	Do.
Money order	John B. Roberts	do	Sandersville	751.60	1893	Do.
Postal	J. T. McLane	do	Sanfordville	511.69	1885	Judgment.
Do	William G. Heald	do	Starkville	68.03	1865	Do.
Do	H. W. McCranie	do	Stockton	78.18	1874	Do.
Do	Abner F. Holt	do	Valdosta	646.43	1894	Pending.
Money order	Joseph P. Lide	do	Waresboro	102.41	1895	Do.
	Total			11,978.31		

Suits pending June 30, 1897—Continued.

Account.	Name of principal.	Designation.	Office or route.	Balance.	Year.	Remarks.
	IDAHO.					
Postal	Charles P. Tatro	Late postmaster	Bellevue	$425.31	1883	Judgment.
	ILLINOIS.					
Postal	Thaddeus O. Jones	Late postmaster	Auburn Park	470.15	1893	Pending.
Do	James Allen, jr	do	Bloomington	465.64	1865	Judgment.
Do	Daniel Scully	do	Cummings	271.68	1889	Do.
Do	David P. O'Leary	do	Evanston	215.50	1896	Pending.
Do	B. H. Bishop	do	Freemanton	195.87	1872	Judgment.
Do	Robert Doughty	do	Lovilla	16.94	1862	Do.
Do	John L. Walsh	do	South Chicago	777.94	1890	Do.
Do	Alex S. Scott	do	Wethersfield	1,250.64	1886	Pending.
Mail service	James M. Blades	Failing contractor	Three routes	310.33	1879	Judgment.
	Total			3,974.69		
	INDIANA.					
Postal	Samuel S. Heiney	Late postmaster	Mooreland	5.87	1896	Pending.
Money order	do	do	do	457.70	1896	Do.
Postal	Furman Y. Brill	do	Riley	151.56	1893	Do.
Money order	James H. Clugage	do	Sullivan	.43	1894	Do.
	Total			615.56		
	INDIAN TERRITORY.					
Money order	Wm. F. Weeks	Late postmaster	Hartshorne	5,052.19	1895	Pending.
	IOWA.					
Postal	Nelson Huckins	Late postmaster	Brush Creek	22.40	1868	Judgment.
Do	Milton H. Westbrook	do	Lyons	242.92	1890	Pending.
Do	John McGaughey	do	Mount Ayr	191.15	1867	Judgment.
Do	Clarence S. Wilson	do	Pella	591.70	1866	Do.
Mail service	Nathan Harvey	Late contractor	One route	176.07		Pending.
	Total			1,224.24		
	KANSAS.					
Postal	Elijah L. Pierce	Late postmaster	Delta	49.82	1880	Judgment.
Do	August Jaedicke	do	Hanover	527.49	1892	Appeal taken by defendants.

Do	Frank Mapes	do	Kansas City	9,163.56	1892	Judgment.
Do	Peter A. Becker	do	Kingman	257.54	1894	Pending.
Do	Newton M. Wellman	do	Rosedale	24.00	1884	Judgment.
Mail service	R. N. Bennett	Failing contractor	Twenty-three routes	16,132.04	1889	Do.
Do	W. L. Bumgarner, I. C. Bumgarner, J. W. Hudson	Failing contractors	Seven routes	3,503.39	1889–90	Do.
Do	G. C. Charles	Failing contractor	One route	1,723.91	1890	Appeal taken by United States.
Do	Riley Lake	do	do	762.17	1891	Judgment.
Do	D. T. McFarland	do	Twenty-one routes	12,062.32	1889	Do.
Do	J. A. Moore	Failing bidder	Two routes	23,462.50	1870	Pending.
	Total			67,668.74		
	KENTUCKY.					
Postal	Wm. L. Malone	Late postmaster	Campbellsville	489.37	1891	Pending.
Money order	do	do	do	10.48	1891	Do.
Postal	James B. Stallard	do	Colly	28.10	1894	Do.
Do	Wm. R. Bates	do	Glasgow	917.76	1861	Judgment.
Do	Thomas F. McClure	do	Hardinsburg	173.06	1894	Do.
Do	Preston J. Hall	do	Hoskinston	47.37	1894	Pending.
Do	Cornelius S. Smith	do	Jolly	36.20	1893	Judgment.
Do	Wm. T. Davis	do	Middlesboro	262.94	1894	Do.
Do	George C. Everett	do	Mt. Sterling	1,632.49	1896	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	286.61	1896	Do.
Postal	Hugh Mulholland, jr	do	Paducah	110.81	1892	Do.
Do	Frank E. Schmuck	do	Saxony	169.80	1896	Pending.
Money order	do	do	do	49.62	1896	Do.
Mail service	J. N. Brafford	Failing contractor	Three routes	1,964.16	1881	Judgment.
Do	Calvin Caywood	do	One route	107.46	1879	Do.
Do	Chelf & Cogar	Failing contractors	do	720.05	1887	Do.
Do	D. W. Conger	Failing contractor	Nine routes	3,046.76	1887–8–9	Do.
Do	A. K. Cook	do	Sixty-eight routes	12,435.01	1880	Do.
Do	Wm. Craft	Failing bidder	One route	51.55	.....	Do.
Do	Parks B. Engle	Failing contractor	do	100.96	1879	Do.
Do	Edgar H. Gaither	Late contractor	Four routes	318.06	.....	Do.
Do	James T. Gibson	Failing contractor	Fifty-six routes	10,634.15	1880	Do.
Do	Glase & Goodin	Failing contractors	Nineteen routes	2,960.20	1880–81	Do.
Do	Hiram Hogg	Failing contractor	Thirty-one routes	10,234.80	1891	Do.
Do	J. W. Jones	do	Three routes	341.60	1887–90	Do.
Do	J. V. Lovelace	do	do	786.50	.....	Do.
Do	John W. Reeder	do	One route	607.07	1878	Do.
Do	A. L. Reid	do	Eleven routes	4,235.96	1887–88	Do.
Do	James R. Sawyer	do	Seven routes	176.68	1881	Do.
Do	E. E. & J. R. Sawyer	Failing contractors	Two routes	339.63	1879	Do.
Do	Stewart Wyatt	Failing contractor	One route	3.87	1879	Do.
Do	Thomas J. Wyatt	do	Eight routes	2,579.59	1880–81	Do.
	Total			55,908.67		

Suits pending June 30, 1897—Continued.

Account.	Name of principal.	Designation.	Office or route.	Balance.	Year.	Remarks.
	LOUISIANA.					
Money order	Frank Connelly	Late postmaster	Alexandria	$1,053.33	1881	Judgment.
Postal	William A. Moulton	do	Bastrop	141.07	1870	Do.
Do	Simon Witkowski	do	Caledonia	17.30	1867	Pending.
Do	Richard W. Francis	do	Houma	987.04	1870	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	7,865.33	1870	Do.
Do	Charles Leroy	do	Natchitoches	1,957.32	1872	Judgment.
Postal	Joseph F. De Vargas	do	do	323.88	1875	Do.
Do	Ernest Foutenette	do	St. Martinsville	114.46	1871	Do.
Mail service	Sanders F. Oliver	Failing contractor	One route	389.06	1881	Do.
	Total			12,848.79		
	MARYLAND.					
Postal	F. A. Tolson	Late postmaster	Riverside	1,022.01	1885	Pending.
Do	do	do	do	307.85	1887	Do.
Do	James H. Frazier	do	St. Leonards	85.80	1894	Do.
Do	Basil H. Betts	do	Woodbine	100.12	1889	Do.
	Total			1,515.78		
	MICHIGAN.					
Money order	Wm. C. Simmons	Late postmaster	Hesperia	2,384.31	1893	Pending.
Postal	John E. Mannering	do	Ingalls	298.31	1891	Do.
Do	Charles D. Smith	do	Marshall	764.35	1841	Judgment.
Do	H. A. Reed	do	Mill Point	90.93	1861	Do.
Do	Avery M. Dewey	do	Riga	10.85	1867	
Do	J. M. McKinley	do	St. James	65.21	1861	Pending.
Do	W. F. Clitz	do	Sault de Ste. Marie	135.81	1861	Judgment.
Do	T. W. Hastings	do	Zilwaukee	130.40	1866	Do.
Mail service	Emery F. Califf	Failing contractor	One route	1,397.30	1878	Do.
	Total			5,277.47		
	MINNESOTA.					
Postal	Mathias Snyder	Late postmaster	Germania	379.97	1881	Judgment.
Do	Joseph Buttweiler	do	New Munich	24.29	1886	Do.
Do	James B. Summer	do	Pillager	82.06	1895	Do.
Do	Charles A. Peterson	do	Thomson	3.16	1896	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	387.55	1896	Do.
Mail service	J. H. Sugden	Late contractor	One route	49.32		Do.
	Total			926.35		

	MISSISSIPPI.					
Postal	James J. Gibson	Late postmaster	Corinth	146.96	1871	Judgment.
Do	Robert Brentlinger	do	Greenville	594.72	1875	Do.
Do	C. M. Baskin	do	Hazlehurst	401.74	1870	Do.
Do	Wm. H. Gibbs	do	Jackson	3,720.01	1893	Do.
Money order	Wm. Young	do	Waveland	601.24	1894	Pending.
Do	Irene E. Huddleston	do	Williamsburg	182.00	1894	Do.
Mail service	Jordan Magee	Failing contractor	Three routes	562.44	1879	Do.
Do	J. H. Packwood	do	Five routes	1,156.43	1879	Judgment.
Do	James Robinson	do	Two routes	395.07	1879	Do.
	Total			7,760.61		
	MISSOURI.					
Postal	J. M. Nickell	Late postmaster	Hannibal	365.05	1890	Judgment.
Do	Henry Hahn	do	Lowell	61.50	1872	Do.
Do	Geo. M. Shelley	do	Kansas City	363.85	1888	Pending.
Money order	James E. Williams	do	Mountain View	59.63	1896	Do.
Postal	James M. Wisdom	do	Saratoga	92.39	1884	Judgment.
Mail service	A. M. De Priest	Failing contractor	One route	544.65	1879	Do.
Do	J. J. Griffith	Failing bidder	do	164.53		Do.
Do	M. A. Thompson	Failing contractor	do	237.01	1881	Do.
Do	Richard Ritter	do	Eleven routes	3,197.61	1882	Do.
Do	F. T. Welch	do	Four routes	480.32	1882	Do.
	Total			5,566.54		
	MONTANA.					
Postal	Elba W. Pember	Late postmaster	Bowen	18.00	1892	Judgment.
Do	Frank J. Nesbitt	do	Bozeman	4,343.78	1896	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	59.43	1896	Do.
	Total			4,421.21		
	NEBRASKA.					
Postal	Elmer O. Blake	Late postmaster	Butte	195.30	1893	Judgment.
Money order	do	do	do	498.36	1893	Do.
Postal	John J. Truman	do	Genoa	713.76	1890	New trial granted.
Money order	do	do	do	1,392.59	1890	Do.
Do	James Drake	do	Gilead	22.96	1894	Pending.
Postal	J. M. Naper	do	Grand Rapids	167.01	1895	Do.
Do	Marian Davis	do	Roselma	554.80	1894	Do.
Mail service	Joel Hale	Failing contractor	Eight routes	1,795.32	1889	Judgment.
	Total			5,340.10		

Suits pending June 30, 1897—Continued.

Account.	Name of principal.	Designation.	Office or route.	Balance.	Year.	Remarks.
	NEVADA.					
Postal	L. C. Peace	Late postmaster	Humboldt City	$202.02	1865	Judgment.
Do	T. W. Abraham	do	Pioche	1,920.23	1874	Do.
Do	George Dean	do	Silver City	893.29	1864	Pending.
Do	do	do	do	428.32	1865	Judgment.
	Total			3,443.86		
	NEW JERSEY.					
Money order	Jacob D. Schor	Postmaster	Nordhoff	2,510.38		Pending.
	NEW MEXICO.					
Money order	A. M. Swan	Late postmaster	Gallup	168.24	1890	Appeal taken by United States.
Do	Emma J. Hansberg	do	Hansberg	477.52	1894	Pending.
Postal	Hans A. Olson	do	Kelly	226.28	1895	Do.
Money order	Fernando Nolan	do	Mora	1,330.87	1890	Judgment.
Postal	Jose T. Dominquez	do	Pena Flor	98.91	1896	Pending.
Do	Geo. W. Howland	do	Santa Fe	2,707.47	1870	Judgment.
	Total			5,009.29		
	NEW YORK.					
Postal	Joseph Hegeman	Late postmaster	Bayville	323.29	1894	Pending.
Money order	do	do	do	1,291.43	1894	Do.
Do	C. H. Kennard	do	Chauncey	2,320.18	1894	Appeal taken by United States.
Postal	Beriah Wilber	do	Indian Lake	210.57	1884	Judgment.
Do	do	do	do	208.04	1885	Do.
Do	Aaron L. Christie	do	Nyack	2,700.00	1880	Pending.
Money order	Peter F. Vaupel	do	Wakefield	601.30	1893	Do.
Postal	John H. McVean	do	West Haverstraw	132.63	1896	Do.
Mail service	Thomas J. Crouch	Failing contractor	Two routes	728.32		Judgment.
Do	J. W. McCullah	do	Six routes	1,331.18	1880–81	Pending.
	Total			9,846.94		
	NORTH CAROLINA.					
Postal	John Q. A. Henry	Late postmaster	Allreds	119.33	1894	Pending.
Do	Thomas W. Thatham	do	Andrews	192.75	1894	Do.

Do	George W. Cannon	do	Asheville	3,444.16	1893	Do.
Do	Anton Ebert	do	Bannermans	81.88	1893	Judgment.
Do	Mrs. Ann E. Cherry	do	Bay River	83.58	1875	Do.
Do	Robert E. McDonald	do	Charlotte	3,387.01	1876	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	983.97	1876	Do.
Do	do	do	do	105.54	1875	Do.
Postal	Neill C. Hall	do	Clarkton	59.56	1893	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	88.08	1893	Do.
Postal	John E. Wilcox	do	Debruhls	557.28	1896	Do.
Do	Wm. Lambell Kimmell	do	Glen Inglis	184.60	1895	Pending.
Do	Mrs. V. C. McCraw	do	Henderson	250.23	1880	Judgment.
Money order	do	do	do	134.65	1880	Do.
Postal	Medora H. Thompson	do	Horse Cove	678.88	1894	Pending.
Money order	Joseph Edgerton	do	Kenly	300.21	1894	Judgment.
Postal	do	do	do	38.47	1894	Do.
Do	Owen S. Lanier	do	Lanier	37.96	1893	Do.
Money order	Samuel B. Snell	do	Mackey Ferry	165.18	1893	Do.
Postal	John O. Griffith	do	Micaville	89.41	1889	Pending.
Do	Hezekiah Cooke	do	Oberlin	206.72	1894	Judgment.
Money order	do	do	do	116.23	1894	Do.
Postal	A. Webster Shaffer	do	Raleigh	54.52	1894	Pending.
Money order	do	do	do	4.37	1894	Do.
Do	John W. Scott, jr	do	Sanford	545.70	1896	Do.
Postal	Jane Horton	do	Scottville	35.69	1892	Do.
Do	Mary E. Swing	do	Smith Grove	158.18	1896	Do.
Do	Frank Davis	do	Southport	51.69	1893	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	337.08	1893	Do.
Postal	Columbus M. Mills	do	Tryon	309.50	1895	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	473.60	1895	Do.
Postal	Peter P. Smith	do	Wakulla	26.46	1893	Judgment.
Do	W. R. Whitley	do	Whitley	346.12	1887	Pending.
Do	George Z. French	do	Wilmington	367.63	1894	Judgment.
Do	Wm. H. Wheeler	do	Winston	25.76	1890	Pending.
Do	do	do	do	384.71	1894	Do.
Mail service	Jesse A. Crisp	Failing contractor	One route	81.88	1887	Do.
Do	Wm. T. Hayes	do	Two routes	237.18	1887	Do.
Do	James J. Horton	do	do	262.54	1883	Do.
Do	John F. Logan	do	Eight routes	2,644.52	1884	Do.
Do	Wm. R. Lovell	do	One route	90.55	1891	Do.
Do	R. G. Winn	do	Seven routes	684.06	1888	Do.
	Total			18,427.42		
	NORTH DAKOTA.					
Postal	Orson L. Freeman	Late postmaster	Grand Forks	23.23	1875	Judgment.
Money order	Wm. E. Mansfield	do	Minot	198.23	1893	Pending.
	Total			221.46		

Suits pending June 30, 1897—Continued.

Account.	Name of principal.	Designation.	Office or route.	Balance.	Year.	Remarks.
	OKLAHOMA.					
Postal	Thos. J. Mann	Late postmaster	Cleveland	$198.48	1894	Judgment.
Do	do	do	do	147.20	1895	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	411.42	1895	Do.
Postal	Harvey E. Tompson	do	Kremlin	102.27	1896	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	203.05	1896	Do.
Postal	Joshua Copeland	do	Waynoka	40.23	1894	Pending.
Do	do	do	do	14.58	1895	Do.
	Total			1,117.23		
	OHIO.					
Mail service	L. F. Sturdevant	Failing contractor	Three routes	1,390.94	1889	Judgment.
Do	J. D. Emerson	Late contractor	Eleven routes	852.21		Do.
	Total			2,243.15		
	OREGON.					
Postal	William Griffiths	Late postmaster	Crown Rock	70.78	1892	Judgment.
Do	Joseph Bassett	do	New Bridge	24.85	1888	Do.
	Total			95.63		
	PENNSYLVANIA.					
Postal	A. Dalrymple	Late postmaster	Browns Mills	89.65	1869	Pending.
Do	Miles Beaty	do	Clarion	139.28	1868	Do.
Money order	John Breen	do	Gladwyne	1,103.93	1893	Do.
Postal	Samuel Ware	do	Kensington	2,239.00	1862	Judgment.
Do	Isaac F. Tillinghast	do	La Plume	89.41	1891	Pending.
Do	do	do	do	352.46	1893	Do.
Do	John O'Brien	do	Pencoyd	147.71	1895	Judgment.
Do	Robert T. Perry	do	Ringgold	361.25	1885	Pending.
Mail service	J. Frank Boyer	Failing contractor	One route	789.99	1880	Judgment.
Do	B. Frank Crouse	do	Five routes	41,276.05	1892	Pending.
	Total			46,588.73		
	SOUTH CAROLINA.					
Postal	W. Walker Russell	Late postmaster	Anderson Court-House	124.91	1894	Pending.
Do	Aaron G. Varn	do	Bamberg	62.48	1891	Judgment.

Do	Samuel B. Doilly	do	Brickhouse	613.69	1894	Do.
Do	Jabez J. Sanders	do	Delemars	43.47	1892	Do.
Do	Peter W. Drawdy	do	Drawdys	38.83	1894	Do.
Do	George E. Hart	do	Elloree	101.75	1893	Pending.
Money order	do	do	do	456.52	1893	Do.
Postal	Joseph W. Tolbert	do	Ninetysix	35.77	1893	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	93.17	1893	Do.
Postal	Philipp Gerlach	do	Orangeburg Court-House	634.91	1895	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	97.53	1895	Do.
Postal	Henry B. Hendricks	do	Pickens Court-House	132.74	1894	Do.
Do	Edward D. Bennett	do	Rantowles	337.14	1893	Do.
Do	Jerry H. Payne	do	Stewart	54.16	1888	Judgment.
Do	Silas Holshouser	do	Virgil	21.36	1895	Pending.
Do	Gustave B. Ambler	do	Wellford	98.80	1890	Do.
	Total			2,947.23		
	SOUTH DAKOTA.					
Postal	J. W. C. White	Late postmaster	Carbonate	36.44	1888	Judgment.
Money order	do	do	do	968.04	1888	Do.
Postal	John Mansfield	do	Mansfield	74.73	1895	Do.
Do	C. H. McIntyre	do	Yankton	502.40	1874	Do.
Mail service	Albert T. Hanson	Failing contractor	One route	538.07	1889	Do.
	Total			2,119.68		
	TENNESSEE.					
Postal	William M. King	Late postmaster	Clairfield	306.26	1895	Pending.
Do	King C. Griffin	do	Deep Spring	36.94	1896	Do.
Mail service	W. F. Jones	Failing contractor	Two routes	1,166.62	1887	Judgment.
	Total			1,509.82		
	TEXAS.					
Postal	Eugene A. Gage	Late postmaster	Barnards Mill	58.32	1874	Judgment.
Do	J. Robert Brown	do	Brownwood	114.70	1879	Do.
Money order	Charles M. Norton	do	Calvert	33.10	1892	Appeal taken by defendants.
Do	do	do	do	1,108.50	1893	Do.
Do	do	do	do	1,454.98	1895	Do.
Do	Milton T. Johnson	do	Center	578.07	1893	Pending.
Postal	C. W. Clifton	do	Greenwood	39.37	1880	Judgment.
Do	Charles A. Hemmenway	do	Grigsbys Bluff	20.19	1893	Do.
Do	F. W. Rhinehart	do	Groesbeck	541.98	1872	Do.
Do	John W. Tompkins	do	Ironwood	79.29	1873	Do.
Do	Enos C. England	do	Kaufman	194.96	1885	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	1,536.24	1885	Do.
Postal	Champion Cowan	do	Lockhart	82.58	1873	Do.
Money order	Henry Andrews	do	Lyons	67.13	1893	Do.
Postal	John H. Cooke	do	Quinlin	74.99	1896	Pending.

Suits pending June 30, 1897—Continued.

Account.	Name of principal.	Designation.	Office or route.	Balance.	Year.	Remarks.
	TEXAS—continued.					
Money order	John H. Cooke	Late postmaster	Quinlin	$5,096.69	1896	Pending.
Postal	J. W. Vining	do	Kusk	127.06	1873	Judgment.
Do	Fred C. Bauman	do	Sumpter	46.84	1872	Do.
Do	Wm. L. Culbreath	do	do	123.22	1871	Do.
Do	Philip T. Ball	do	Sunset	80.25	1885	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	5,466.67	1885	Do.
Do	O. J. Posey	do	Sweet Water	30.56	1886	Do.
Do	J. F. Rasbury	do	Tyler	293.48	1873	Do.
Mail service	H. F. Dunson	Failing contractor	Six routes	1,301.86	1886	Do.
Do	J. F. Witt	do	Two routes	2,414.18		Do.
	Total			20,965.21		
	UTAH.					
Postal	Brigham L. Young	Late postmaster	Kanab	960.23	1884	Judgment.
Do	Ida Jones	do	Manti	72.88	1888	Do.
Mail service	T. C. Jackson	Failing contractor	Route No. 41125	43,591.03		Pending.
Do	Henry C. Kennedy	do	Two routes	27,215.69		Do.
	Total			71,839.83		
	VIRGINIA.					
Postal	Wm. H. White	Late postmaster	Bremo Bluff	78.99	1891	Judgment.
Do	Wells Blevins	do	Green Cove	10.80	1894	Pending.
Money order	Virginia C. Fizer	do	Interment	191.19	1894	Judgment.
Postal	Lorenzo D. McMillion	do	Macks Gap	778.91	1890	Do.
Money order	Josephine M. Owens	do	Waterfall	249.51	1895	Pending.
Do	do	do	do	65.25	1895	Do.
Do	do	do	do	325.99	1895	Do.
Mail service	Luther Lewis	Failing contractor	One route	482.34	1892	Judgment.
Do	Samuel M. McArthur	do	Fourteen routes	4,003.13	1892	Do.
	Total			6,186.11		
	WASHINGTON.					
Postal	Phineas M. Annis	Late postmaster	Alderson	44.38	1894	Pending.
Do	F. E. Scriver	do	Boundary	138.15	1895	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	1,521.12	1895	Do.
Postal	Sadie Young	do	Deep Creek Falls	46.13	1891	Judgment.
Do	John Martin	do	Rochester	584.64	1894	Pending.

Money order	Julius C. Lovejoy	do	Ruby	853.21	1894	Do.
Postal	Duncan C. McBeath	do	Snohomish	256.82	1893	Do.
Do	Howard T. Mallon	Postmaster	Spokane	4,728.17	.....	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	2,600.00	.....	Do.
Postal	Arthur J. Shaw	Late postmaster	do	12,750.71	1894	Do.
Money order	do	do	do	478.49	1894	Do.
Postal	Marcus De L. Hamilton	do	Sunnydale	44.62	1896	Do.
Mail service	C. C. McCoy	Failing contractor	Twelve routes	31,125.55	1889	Judgment.
	Total			55,171.99		
	WEST VIRGINIA.					
Postal	Boyd E. Lusk	Late postmaster	Brier	41.37	1894	Pending.
Do	L. A. Rader	do	Clifton	78.82	1874	Judgment.
Do	John A. Howell	do	Diana	28.35	1893	Pending.
Do	Alex R. Campbell	do	Fry	81.02	1893	Do.
Do	C. A. M. Meadows	do	Kanawha City	110.77	1891	Do.
Do	do	do	do	268.48	1892	Do.
Do	do	do	do	81.46	1893	Do.
Do	J. D. Shumate	do	Oceana	123.99	1880	Judgment.
Do	James W. Hunter	do	Peachtree	44.69	1895	Pending.
Do	Nathan L. Bartlett	do	Simpson	205.96	1893	Do.
Mail service	John A. Hauver	do	One route	463.91	1892	Judgment.
	Total			1,528.82		
	WISCONSIN.					
Money order	Edwin L. Hinchliff	Late postmaster	Hawthorne	55.47	1896	Pending.
Postal	J. A. Wood	do	Hurley	1,275.88	1888	Judgment.
Money order	Otto A. Risum	do	Pulcifer	82.17	1894	Pending.
Postal	Joseph W. Herman	do	Wallace	72.07	1895	Do.
	Total			1,485.59		
	WYOMING.					
Postal	Rome Maffitt	Late postmaster	Almond	171.97	1891	Pending.
Do	William M. Masi	do	Cheyenne	2,624.14	1893	Conditional relief granted by Congress.
Do	George A. Draper	do	do	4,836.51	1897	Pending.
Do	Thomas E. McLeland	do	Cheyenne City	4,481.62	1869	Do.
Do	A. J. White	do	Point of Rocks	22.25	1871	Judgment.
Do	J. H. Teats	do	Sherman	395.25	1870	Do.
	Total			12,531.74		

Total amount in suit June 30, 1897, $622,146.77.

(No. 14.)

REPORT OF THE SUPERVISING SPECIAL AGENT.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Washington, D. C., November 10, 1897.

SIR: The following is a summary of the more important operations of the special agents of the Department during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897:

Number of seizures	157
Arrests for violation of customs laws	117
Suits commenced	26
Amount involved in suits	$151,550.00
Reduction in expense recommended	$229,742.50
Customs districts examined	68
Moneys received on account of—	
Seizures	$2,700.60
Fines, penalties, and forfeitures	$10,839.92
Undervaluations and erroneous classifications discovered	$424,236.37
Salaries and expenses of special agents	$92,567.08

The reports and letters written by the agents during the year numbered nearly 11,000, and related to an infinite variety of subjects connected with the collection of the customs duties and the maintenance of the customs service.

EXAMINATIONS OF CUSTOMS DISTRICTS.

Section 2649, Revised Statutes, provides for the appointment of special agents "for the purpose of making the examinations of the books, papers, and accounts of collectors and other officers of the customs, and to be employed generally under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury in the prevention and detection of frauds on the customs revenue." These examinations involve the general conduct of customs business, and the requirements of the service with respect to number and efficiency of employees and their rates of compensation. The agents' recommendations have led to considerable reductions in expense in many customs districts, where the decrease in business warranted such action, and have secured greater uniformity and efficiency in the conduct of business. But few instances of dishonesty on the part of customs officials have been discovered, and in these cases criminal prosecutions were instituted and are being vigorously pushed.

UNDERVALUATIONS.

Special attention has been given to the correct appraisement of imported merchandise, in the interest both of the revenue and of honest importers. All cases of suspected undervaluation, improper classification, or other irregularities have been promptly investigated. Agents

have furnished to appraising officers information tending to secure correct and uniform appraisements and classifications. It has been the purpose to perform these duties with the least possible friction and without undue interference with the local officials, and this has required the exercise of tact, judgment, and fidelity.

A fair measure of success has been attained in the prevention of undervaluations, as appears in the foregoing summary, but the attempted evasion of customs duties may always be expected, and will continue to demand constant watchfulness.

SMUGGLING.

On the Canadian and Mexican frontiers the smuggling of horses, cattle, drugs, furs, and clothing has long prevailed. The vigilance of the officers of this division has, however, resulted in a number of seizures and arrests, and every effort is being made to prevent such irregularities. At the port of New York several employees on the steamships arriving from abroad have lately been arrested for smuggling drugs, and the merchandise has been seized.

The higher duties prescribed by the new tariff law have tended to increase the long prevailing practice of smuggling cattle, horses, etc., from contiguous foreign territory, and it may be expected that the powerful combinations for the smuggling of wool which were in existence prior to 1890 will be renewed, and that increased vigilance will be required on the part of the special officers as well as of the local customs officials on the frontier.

CUSTOMS SUITS.

At various points the special agents and their subordinates have aided the United States attorneys in the preparation of customs and other cases for trial, and this work is believed to have been entirely satisfactory to the officers of the Department of Justice.

SPECIAL AGENTS IN EUROPE.

There is now but one special agent in Europe. This officer, well qualified by long experience, has supervision over four subordinates, two in Great Britain and two on the Continent, and this organization has already led to increased efficiency. These officers are engaged in securing evidence as to correct dutiable values of imported merchandise and in the investigation of irregularities connected therewith. They are in direct communication with local customs officers, and have furnished to the latter, and to the Department as well, much valuable information, resulting in the collection of increased duties in many instances. In four cases reported by them the increased duties amounted to nearly $100,000. The officers in Europe have had the cordial cooperation of our consular officers and have almost invariably received valuable aid from the latter in the performance of their delicate and onerous duties.

REDUCTION OF EXPENSE.

During the past six months the cost of maintaining this division has been reduced $55,102.50 per annum without detriment to the efficiency of the force, the services of 19 special inspectors of customs and 10 Chinese inspectors having been discontinued. With the consent of the

Secretary of State the consular officers on the Isthmus of Panama have undertaken to perform the duties of the inspectors of customs employed pursuant to the provisions of section 2999, Revised Statutes, and the services of the latter officers have been discontinued. An additional saving of $5,000 per annum will thus be effected.

In view of the insufficiency of the customs appropriation it may be necessary to still further reduce the force of employees, but it is probable that such action will tend to impair the service.

CUSTOMS REORGANIZATION.

By reason of the abolition of fees the amount available for the expense of collecting the revenue from customs was $740,584.46 less in the last fiscal year than it was twenty-six years ago. In the meantime new customs ports and districts have been created by law, and the necessities of the service are greater than ever before. These facts emphasize the urgent need of an early reorganization of the customs districts, the abolition of certain unnecessary offices, and the equalization of rates of compensation now prescribed by law.

CHINESE EXCLUSION.

In the last fiscal year 5,880 Chinese persons other than laborers applied for admission to the United States. Of this number 5,478 were admitted and 402 were refused admission. In addition 1,819 Chinese persons were permitted the privilege of transit through the United States, the railways transporting them being required to give proof of their departure from this country. During the same period 1,651 Chinese laborers departed from the United States, and 1,039 of this class returned to this country by virtue of the provisions of Article II of the treaty with China. The number of Chinese arrested was 1,088; of these 227 were deported, 810 were discharged, 46 cases are pending, 6 escaped, and 4 were sent to the penitentiary, to be deported at end of sentence. To enforce the provisions of the Chinese exclusion acts, $89,807.09 was expended, including the salaries and expenses of the officers charged with that duty. This amount includes also $15,796.50 expended by United States marshals and their deputies in deporting Chinese prisoners adjudged to be unlawfully within this country, an average cost of $69.58 for each of the 227 Chinese deported.

The Chinese inspectors, twenty-six in number, are stationed at the ports on the frontier and seaboard where the Chinese seek admission to this country, and have been active and vigilant, as the foregoing figures show; but they are powerless when, under the laws and treaties, admission is gained by means of fraudulent certificates and false testimony.

Many difficulties have been encountered in the enforcement of the Chinese exclusion laws. In Vermont and northern New York many Chinese of alleged American birth have been admitted by the United States commissioners before whom they were taken for deportation on testimony believed to have been fraudulent. In such cases the commissioners refused to hold such Chinese until the necessary investigation of their claims could be made.

The provisions of Article III of the treaty between the United States and China, executed on March 17, 1894, give to Chinese laborers the privilege of transit across the territory of the United States in the course of their journey to or from other countries. Many Chinese labor-

ers journey through the United States to Mexico under this provision and straightway attempt to smuggle themselves back into the United States. The extent and character of the Mexican frontier make it extremely difficult to prevent this, and suggest that the treaty should be modified or abrogated.

The same article of the treaty gives to Chinese not laborers who are officials, teachers, students, merchants, or travelers for curiosity or pleasure the privilege of coming to the United States, provided they produce a certificate from their government or the government where they last resided visaed by the diplomatic or consular officer of the United States in the country whence they depart. Many Chinese believed to be laborers have lately been admitted on the Pacific Coast on such certificates issued by the government of Macao, a Portuguese town in China, to the effect that they were merchants, the courts having held that the presentation of the certificates referred to was conclusive.

BONDED TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING.

All transportation companies employed in the conveyance of imported merchandise without appraisement and merchandise which has been entered for warehousing in bond, as well as domestic merchandise in transit between places in the United States via Canadian territory, are bonded through this division, where the applications are considered and drafts of the bonds prepared. These are railroad and steamship companies bonded for the transportation of appraised and transit merchandise and for the transportation of unappraised goods. A list of bonded common carriers is appended hereto, as is a table showing the value of the estimated duty on imported merchandise forwarded without appraisement from and to the several ports from and to which, under the law, such goods may be transported. Attention is also called to the appended table, showing quantity of merchandise transported between American ports through Canadian territory during the last fiscal year.

During the past fiscal year the aggregate receipts on account of customs was $177,533,674.67, and the expenses $6,952,866.05, the percentage of cost of collection being $0.0391.

For detailed information as to the volume of business at each of the ports in the United States reference is made to the accompanying table.

All applications for the bonding of warehouses for the storage of dutiable goods in bond are passed upon in this division, as are applications for the establishment of manufacturing premises wherein goods are manufactured for export from imported and taxable materials. The bonds for such premises are also examined and letters of approval prepared in this division. Many complicated questions connected with the foregoing are considered, and decisions prepared in the division of special agents, under the direction of the Secretary and Assistant Secretaries.

AGENTS ON THE SEAL ISLANDS.

This division also has supervision over the operations of the four agents on the seal islands, appointed under the provisions of section 1973 of the Revised Statutes, which charges them with "the management of the seal fisheries of Alaska and the performance of such other duties as may be assigned to them by the Secretary of the Treasury."

Under the regulations prescribed these officers are required to superintend the killing of seals by the lessee of the right to take seals on the Pribilof Islands, to supervise the allotment of the earnings of the natives in taking, salting, and shipping skins, and to attend to the proper distribution of food, fuel, and clothing furnished the natives by the Government by means of an annual appropriation of $19,500. In addition, they are charged with the duty of seeing that the lessee performs all the obligations of its lease, in the proper treatment of the natives and the adoption of measures for their comfort and welfare.

The work performed by these agents has been in strict accordance with these regulations, and has resulted in benefit to the natives, morally and physically, and in the observance of the utmost care in the driving and killing of the seals.

PROTECTION OF SALMON FISHERIES OF ALASKA.

This branch of the service is also under the supervision of this division.

To enforce the provisions of the acts of March 3, 1889, and June 9, 1896, providing for the protection of the salmon fisheries of Alaska, one inspector of fisheries and two assistant inspectors were appointed, by whom an inspection was made of a number of the salmon cannery plants in Alaska, and the methods employed by the canners in obtaining their quota of fish. Statistics were compiled, also, showing the catch of salmon, the number and nationality of the employees at the canning plants, the vessels engaged in connection with the work, and the quantity and value of tin plate used in canning.

While the work of these officers has been thorough, as far as opportunities permitted, yet the canneries are so far apart, and the means afforded for reaching them all during the fishing season so precarious, that an inspection of all the canneries was impossible. Furthermore, these inspectors have no means of enforcing the law where irregularities are discovered, and must depend for their correction upon the good faith of the canners and their regard for law. The cooperation of a revenue cutter in the future would insure transportation for the inspectors independent of that placed at their disposal by the kindness of the canners, and would provide means for enforcing the law where force is necessary.

Respectfully, yours,

W. S. CHANCE,
Supervising Special Agent.

To the Honorable the SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

EXHIBIT A.

Statement of customs business for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897.

District and port.	Vessels entered.		Vessels cleared.		Entries of merchandise.	Documents issued to vessels.	Duties and tonnage tax.	Aggregate receipts.	Value of exports.		Expenses.	Average number of persons employed.	Cost to collect $1.
	Foreign.	Coastwise.	Foreign.	Coastwise.					Foreign.	Domestic.			
Alaska (Sitka), Alaska	124	278	126	260	104	95	$10,794.88	$13,946.02		$27,206	$30,541.68	20	$2.189
Albany, N. Y					801	287	111,266.14	112,054.99	$133		12,805.50	8	.114
Albemarle (Edenton), N. C						108		15.00			1,803.50	2	120.233
Alexandria, Va	12	436			13	116	139.44	276.14			1,234.00	2	4.468
Annapolis, Md						224					958.00	2	
Apalachicola, Fla	114	25	78	60	8	123	2,980.32	3,676.27		364,080	3,998.27	4	1.087
Arizona (Nogales), Ariz					1,253		126,642.64	127,005.79	106,910	920,581	29,341.76	21	.231
Aroostook (Houlton), Me					1,110		13,315.72	14,392.14			14,059.81	14	.976
Atlanta, Ga					52		5,481.00	10,117.33			2,113.47	2	.208
Baltimore, Md	821	1,599	936	2,161	10,519	1,544	2,330,469.89	2,361,264.34	21,739	85,670,912	254,696.62	196	.107
Bangor, Me	24	5	41	1	1,985	180	47,115.09	50,433.43	71,457	1,232,454	13,177.95	9	.261
Barnstable, Mass	17	4	14	3	9	526	4,084.91	4,209.01			3,876.90	7	.921
Bath, Me	279	81	25	2	276	280	5,040.86	5,327.67		656	7,957.19	9	1.493
Beaufort, N. C						164					1,492.50	2	
Beaufort, S. C	32	14	38	5	15	41	4,071.58	4,834.15		3,262,695	4,579.01	6	.947
Belfast, Me	82	3	85		81	186	111.54	458.01		1,795	2,092.00	4	4.567
Boston and Charlestown (Boston), Mass	2,065	841	1,947	1,082	58,504	1,179	12,351,127.22	12,425,973.65	1,405,676	99,451,605	645,184.58	535	.051
Brazos (Brownsville), Tex		25		24	829	1	23,921.60	25,184.23	66,708	147,407	32,089.64	26	1.274
Bridgeton, N. J	2	4	1	1	2	471	56.27	80.74		28,993	1,112.20	6	13.775
Bristol and Warren, R. I	3		3		4	31	40.74	55.74			137.05	2	2.458
Brunswick, Ga	294	404	263	418	11	210	10,845.01	12,692.45		7,396,241	7,132.69	5	.561
Buffalo Creek (Buffalo), N. Y	1,108	4,362	1,096	4,506	22,333	439	511,116.71	517,977.04	67,306	4,947,941	56,774.47	40	.109
Burlington, Iowa						48		25.92			361.60	2	13.950
Burlington (Trenton), N. J						51					150.00	2	
Cairo, Ill						24					350.00	1	
Cape Vincent, N. Y	998	534	1,089	539	2,107	87	16,899.20	18,300.54	988	125,722	14,837.74	13	.810
Castine, Me	6	1	6	10	8	338	131.76	172.74	687	9,467	3,836.22	6	22.208
Champlain (Plattsburg), N. Y	1,268		1,246	1,188	17,444	305	180,914.25	182,811.42	420,042	4,246,116	40,954.54	37	.224
Charleston, S. C	105	385	76	68	256	232	67,560.24	69,269.31		10,872,026	13,968.87	12	.201
Chattanooga, Tenn						44	33.50	115.65			444.15	2	3.840
Cherrystone (Cape Charles City), Va						580					1,997.33	3	
Chicago, Ill	109	8,589	306	8,342	24,325	373	5,039,805.45	5,050,370.61	19,070	2,290,479	146,095.28	110	.028
Cincinnati, Ohio					4,103	115	908,403.89	911,993.70			32,429.19	25	.035
Columbus, Ohio					276		36,458.77	36,663.57			4,602.56	3	.125
Corpus Christi, Tex					778	22	37,322.69	38,889.72	81,817	5,161,069	32,548.12	24	.836
Council Bluffs, Iowa								1,200.40			300.81	2	.025

Statement of customs business for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897—Continued.

District and port.	Vessels entered.		Vessels cleared.		Entries of merchandise.	Documents issued to vessels.	Duties and tonnage tax.	Aggregate receipts.	Value of exports.		Expenses.	Average number of persons employed.	Cost to collect $1.
	Foreign.	Coastwise.	Foreign.	Coastwise.					Foreign.	Domestic.			
Cuyahoga (Cleveland), Ohio	733	5,145	912	4,999	2,796	498	$601,131.91	$604,991.12	$2,730	$1,495,373	$30,776.48	22	$0.050
Delaware (Wilmington), Del	87	29	93	15	50	202	10,213.60	11,201.74		4,724,644	8,704.39	12	.777
Denver, Colo					1,025		98,758.47	99,759.37			4,541.27	5	.045
Des Moines, Iowa					59		5,258.33	5,262.53			160.53	2	.030
Detroit, Mich	1,580	2,679	1,410	2,863	21,625	445	932,055.14	939,871.09	78,439	11,002,333	85,492.03	70	.090
Dubuque, Iowa					77	35	9,954.64	10,130.81			362.00	3	.035
Duluth, Minn	196	2,550	200	2,559	457	214	4,883.62	10,070.57	1,164,379	2,654,245	11,957.72	11	1.187
Dunkirk, N. Y	1	30	4	24		2	429.91	434.41			1,044.20	1	2.403
Eastern (Crisfield), Md						859		15.80			2,275.00	2	143.987
Edgartown, Mass	34		1	34	1	45	169.95	343.74			2,687.21	4	7.817
Erie, Pa	109	831	88	849	121	68	4,332.52	4,533.66	7,520	8,353	3,518.57	3	.776
Evansville, Ind					144	63	28,142.90	28,224.41			1,155.00	2	.040
Fairfield (Bridgeport), Conn	34	1,441	22	865	402	336	65,052.15	65,758.01	1,927		6,047.69	5	.092
Fall River, Mass	43	748	39	632	79	113	9,762.98	9,983.23			3,567.21	4	.357
Fernandina, Fla	77	159	93	157	7	71	3,161.64	4,357.12		1,526,963	2,248.28	3	.515
Frenchmans Bay (Ellsworth), Me	16		10		5	230	467.64	635.59			3,380.85	5	5.319
Galena, Ill		13		13		7					350.00	1	
Galveston, Tex	388	254	410	223	596	271	142,473.61	148,478.31	50,581	58,147,593	35,710.56	26	.240
Genesee (Rochester), N. Y	689	171	732	174	1,546	17	212,504.68	214,998.62		810,000	20,711.51	16	.096
Georgetown, D. C	11	481		7	710	127	32,999.35	34,493.42			10,440.47	7	.302
Georgetown, S. C	1	50	3	7		42	7.81	20.08		6,919	980.50	2	48.829
Gloucester, Mass	104	36	100	55	97	607	2,419.38	3,385.96	7,860	1,561	9,489.57	9	2.802
Grand Rapids, Mich					773		21,182.81	21,194.76			2,774.38	2	.130
Great Egg Harbor (Somers Point), N. J		1				126		2.68			817.55	2	305.055
Hartford, Conn	4	244	3	242	1,090	129	150,639.72	151,171.97			9,462.86	5	.062
Humboldt (Eureka), Cal	8	159	29	6	2	64	378.75	471.65		162,027	2,790.30	1	5.916
Huron (Port Huron), Mich	1,041	2,436	1,029	2,508	7,357	532	61,296.82	69,211.35	37,938	6,684,080	47,886.43	48	.691
Indianapolis, Ind					636		105,007.00	105,307.68			9,941.67	5	.094
Kansas City, Mo					2,686	8	159,375.72	161,735.52			15,016.10	8	.092
Kennebunk, Me						13					369.33	2	
Key West, Fla	286	289	292	266	2,399	211	538,550.17	549,720.95	5,446	521,077	34,539.78	30	.062
La Crosse, Wis						79		3.84			355.00	1	92.447
Lincoln, Nebr					175		5,194.29	5,198.89			1,806.42	3	.347
Little Egg Harbor (Tuckerton), N. J						43		121.85			292.00	2	2.396
Los Angeles, Cal	34	184	28	9	346	46	84,786.31	86,529.18	124	7,375	21,043.13	21	.243
Louisville, Ky					1,500	60	312,493.12	314,577.91			18,061.98	11	.057
Machias, Me	77	9	117	46	24	346	226.75	1,165.29	447	1,840	2,699.83	5	2.317
Marblehead, Mass	46	11	55	7	58	57	82.83	382.00			2,079.30	3	5.443

Memphis, Tenn					247	112	44,781.85	45,322.45			6,887.53	5	.150
Miami (Toledo), Ohio	214	2,123	199	2,105	382	104	42,799.44	43,236.14		752,049	6,668.67	5	.154
Michigan (Grand Haven), Mich	133	5,909	106	5,961	305	482	17,437.34	17,683.68		26,448	6,879.17	14	.389
Milwaukee, Wis	1	13,371	11	13,585	1,966	535	331,825.54	33,893.93	2,761		17,076.94	18	0.051
Minnesota (St. Paul), Minn	135		135		2,163	30	246,920.35	250,118.26	1,191	116,166	34,743.72	25	.138
Mobile, Ala	467	49	491	30	496	159	33,177.06	37,653.36	15,022	10,116,320	16,334.54	15	.433
Montana (Great Falls), Mont	121		119		432	1	39,375.48	41,779.19		50,470	18,382.54	14	.439
Nantucket, Mass				30							346.00	1	
Nashville, Tenn					159	26	17,509.33	17,640.93			6,601.53	6	.374
Natchez, Miss						10					505.00	2	
Newark, N. J	58	9	23		1,592	140	86,022.80	87,928.26	614,720	28,168	9,840.61	5	.111
New Bedford, Mass	72	151	61	11	133	136	31,140.36	32,244.54		11,276	6,080.96	5	$0.188
Newburyport, Mass	3		7	1	3	62	406.52	476.81		15	1,063.72	2	2.230
New Haven, Conn	53	739	25	743	603	277	64,428.55	65,117.48			9,239.68	7	.141
New London, Conn	15	14	7	34	18	250	88.64	325.10			4,690.01	5	14.426
Newport, R. I	16		17		17	141	125.88	233.80			1,839.07	4	7.865
Newport News, Va	186	754	552	67	1,548	388	201,863.38	208,278.55	335,740	21,773,835	37,590.97	36	.180
New Orleans, La	1,048	265	1,018	282	11,368	272	2,902,944.87	2,920,928.68	354,240	101,139,880	202,876.76	173	.069
New York, N. Y	4,486	2,552	4,117	2,711	417,265	4,780	120,840,927.59	121,366,311.85	9,068,932	382,610,975	2,923,158.73	1,925	.024
Niagara (Suspension Bridge), N. Y	636	915	600	930	20,883	11	96,701.39	102,091.12	631,754	5,171,352	52,056.15	43	.509
Norfolk and Portsmouth (Norfolk), Va	133	2,008	558	1,871	95	741	19,685.18	24,293.75		18,581,532	13,335.87	11	.548
North and South Dakota (Pembina,) N. Dak					1,482		13,127.71	14,595.86	25,832	1,961,580	20,381.77	16	1.396
Omaha, Nebr					754		92,617.15	92,617.15			5,065.15	3	.054
Oregon (Astoria), Oreg	85	505	32	454	179	83	98,045.23	100,875.42	8,904	411,735	16,220.36	18	.160
Oswegatchie (Ogdensburg), N. Y	1,088		831		4,392	48	43,518.31	46,228.83	86,592	3,575,421	23,980.21	23	.518
Oswego, N. Y	1,262	434	1,359	335	578	41	20,306.69	21,756.39	5,312	1,716,239	20,249.16	16	.930
Paducah, Ky											355.00	2	
Pamlico (Newbern), N. C	4	195	2		6	221	628.22	656.29		1,904	3,394.98	5	5.172
Paso del Norte (El Paso), Tex					4,991		314,440.31	317,657.56	142,751	5,931,746	41,303.60	4	.130
Passamaquoddy (Eastport), Me	737	181	791	150	1,531	294	48,202.01	51,251.62	8,805	335,180	22,936.68	20	.447
Patchogue, N. Y						341		296.10			296.10	2	1.000
Pearl River (Shieldsboro), Miss	265	26	260	52	7	277	9,647.25	11,831.92		1,673,286	7,429.21	7	.627
Pensacola, Fla	408	101	424	86	80	192	26,387.20	29,339.80		8,021,112	15,522.01	15	.529
Peoria, Ill					50	12	8,827.25	8,926.40			722.22	2	.080
Perth Amboy, N. J	19	75	53	64	562	521	29,586.78	32,106.23	762,421	144,058	10,975.05	8	.341
Petersburg, Va	2			2	566	10	65.84	2,232.58			1,749.91	5	.783
Philadelphia, Pa	1,019	759	979	1,067	28,382	965	16,471,170.70	16,520,872.90	311,629	46,993,644	460,162.96	405	.027
Pittsburg, Pa					1,623	173	265,193.07	265,976.11			17,509.07	11	.065
Plymouth, Mass	8	3	11	1	16	21	1,826.73	1,869.23			1,470.03	2	.786
Port Jefferson, N. Y						65						2	
Portland and Falmouth (Portland), Me	301	427	285	360	2,397	405	90,006.33	97,418.91	197,131	3,909,069	44,617.87	26	.458
Portsmouth, N. H	22	8	51		83	113	28,917.63	29,147.10			7,086.43	7	.243
Providence, R. I	95	597	70	155	1,533	197	191,189.92	192,542.58		4,129	17,657.26	13	.091
Puget Sound (Port Townsend), Wash	2,292	282	2,307	225	7,872	540	248,883.75	271,531.29	46,601	11,818,324	76,023.48	62	.279
Richmond, Va	5	986		961	202	110	20,267.22	20,387.32			4,689.85	5	.230
Rock Island, Ill						87		31.75			402.00	1	12.661
Saco, Me	1		2			17		11.75			603.17	1	51.759
Sag Harbor, N. Y					1	321					553.73	2	

Statement of customs business for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897—Continued.

District and port.	Vessels entered.		Vessels cleared.		Entries of merchandise.	Documents issued to vessels.	Duties and tonnage tax.	Aggregate receipts.	Value of exports.		Expenses.	Average number of persons employed.	Cost to collect $1.
	Foreign.	Coastwise.	Foreign.	Coastwise.					Foreign.	Domestic.			
Salem and Beverly (Salem), Mass.	139	5	51	42	52	100	$535.49	$1,303.89	$25		$6,020.49	6	4.617
Saluria (Eagle Pass), Tex.					3,091	53	80,761.84	83,403.06	51,807	$1,387,779	37,887.28	29	.454
San Diego, Cal.	169	90	154	9	592	28	37,275.47	38,508.26	5,846	193,694	19.428.89	14	.504
Sandusky, Ohio.	385	1,429	342	1,461	418	144	1,811.68	2,292.18		14,664	4,190.45	9	1.828
San Francisco, Cal.	896	253	841	563	29,041	1,067	5,275,306.31	5,309,782.04	489,733	39,157,873	386,916.48	252	.072
Savannah, Ga.	306	443	348	385	283	136	42,137.71	45,656.57		23,442,727	14,789.96	13	.323
St. Augustine, Fla.	8	1	8	1	83	53	12,104.14	12,149.78		2,426	3,703.09	4	.304
St. Johns (Jacksonville), Fla.	46	373	46	365	131	103	39,180.74	39,565.34	196	101,371	5,098.41	5	.128
St. Joseph, Mo.					363	1	37,096.26	42,057.32			4,349.67	3	.103
St. Louis, Mo.					4,246	239	1,134,933.45	1,139,723.86			51,022.84	38	.044
St. Marks (Cedar Keys), Fla.					5	32	485.16	485.16			4,161.92	5	8.578
St. Marys, Ga.	7	6	9			21	148.56	215.85		34,691	1,343.73	2	6.225
Sioux City, Iowa.					25		582.99	596.29			615.00	2	1.031
Southern Oregon (Coos Bay), Oreg.	1		3	1	2	25	10.81	23.41		16,833	1,669.00	2	71.294
Springfield, Mass.					270		53,236.01	53,276.06			4,773.64	3	.089
Stonington, Conn.	13	2	16		19	123	38.70	128.40			868.08	2	6.760
Superior (Marquette), Mich.	1,206	6,300	1,107	6,289	1,202	186	13,798.35	16,180.42	101	4,469,649	21,853.39	24	1.350
Syracuse, N. Y.					331		50,787.38	50,990.51			4,921.13	3	.096
Tampa, Fla.	90	213	65	176	3,592	146	744,763.45	748,997.29		857,526	32,491.71	25	.043
Tappahannock, Va.		157				255					530.00	2	
Teche (Brashear), La.		280	2	288		179		17.80		2,952	2,612.48	3	146.768
Vicksburg, Miss.						30	4.62	90.92			536.30	1	5.898
Vermont (Burlington), Vt.	711		669	3	42,882	18	292,903.79	301,694.88	2,195,325	6,729,634	88,561.95	81	.293
Waldoboro, Me.	459	11	455	14	447	395	842.78	2,660.53			7,552.11	7	2.838
Wheeling, W. Va.					8	157	302.83	335.62			1,170.41	2	3.488
Wiscasset, Me.	57	6	7	45	3	108	231.70	522.93		6,533	3,372.31	4	6.448
Wilmington, N. C.	83	123	140	73	39	107	3,791.09	4,809.29		8,225,272	9,514.51	9	1.978
Willamette (Portland), Oreg.	27	211	95	156	1,813	139	241,807.82	250,150.61	2,658	6,576,238	66,428.17	46	.265
Yaquina, Oreg.		81		81		9		5.00			1,062.00	2	212.400
York, Me.						9					250.00		
Total	33,055	78,962	32,957	77,460	799,949	31,964	176,555,441.81	177,534,875.07	18,985,953	1,032,007,603	6,820,828.53	5,129	

Amount of expenses reported by collectors as above	$6,820,527.72
Miscellaneous expenses not included in above	132,338.33
Total expenses for fiscal year ended June 30, 1897	6,953,166.86
Cost to collect $1	$0.0391
In addition to the above there was expended on account of collecting the revenue from customs for 1896 and prior years	122,507.00

EXHIBIT B.

Aggregate receipts and expenses of collection for the fiscal years 1887 to 1897, inclusive.

Year.	Receipts.	Expenses.	Cost, per cent.
1887	$218,662,892.22	$6,830,296.16	3.12
1888	220,428,930.22	6,481,599.57	2.94
1889	225,041,419.48	6,553,209.05	2.91
1890	231,049,118.83	6,568,716.74	2.84
1891	220,630,683.60	6,704,453.49	3.04
1892	178,531,716.18	6,525,979.33	3.65
1893	204,571,238.72	6,712,530.45	3.28
1894	132,533,105.20	6,747,257.03	5.09
1895	153,092,518.20	6,712,597.30	4.23
1896	161,150,706.77	6,904,517.17	4.28
1897	177,533,674.67	6,952,866.05	3.91

NOTE.—The accounts of receipts and expenditures published by the Register will vary in some cases from the figures above given, for the reason that his statement is made up from warrants issued during the fiscal year, regardless of balances in the hands of officers at the beginning and end of the year. If the accounts of each collector were closed and balances settled at the end of the fiscal year, the two statements would agree.

EXHIBIT C.

Statement of merchandise transported without appraisement under section 1, act of June 10, 1890, from the under-mentioned ports of first arrival during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897.

	Packages.	Invoice value.	Estimated duty.
Baltimore	214,887	$2,268,390.00	$2,307,488.66
Boston	62,876	902,725.00	186,825.60
Charleston	38	3,019.00	
Detroit	16,709	155,673.00	43,340.43
Galveston	12	548.00	247.40
Key West	17,515	397,404.06	303,867.83
Marquette	621	6,165.98	1,042.37
New Orleans	106,900	1,067,955.00	719,137.10
Newport News	83,666	1,390,206.00	438,731.33
New York	961,432	26,586,355.00	12,575,228.00
Ogdensburg	4,077	21,631.00	9,515.87
Pensacola	4,757	237.85	
Philadelphia	67,931	1,766,083.00	910,729.00
Port Huron	33,902	232,949.82	58,591.57
Portland, Me	13,536	71,563.00	30,145.77
Portland, Oreg	124,167	667,973.00	48,138.00
San Francisco	212,149	5,511,585.00	766,279.26
Seattle	45,649	418,362.00	61,062.94
Tacoma	407,953	2,984,193.00	274,837.04
Tampa	1	5.00	41.25
Vanceboro	1,483	52,521.00	8,671.75
Total	2,380,261	44,510,544.71	18,743,921.17

EXHIBIT D.

The merchandise enumerated above was forwarded to the following named ports, to which the privileges of section 7, act of June 10, 1890, have been extended:

	Packages.	Invoice value.	Estimated duty.
Albany	2,437	$107,122.00	$62,583.00
Atlanta	339	26,775.06	9,943.99
Baltimore	33,065	270,120.00	153,977.95
Bangor	672	3,229.00	1,317.50
Bath	3	620.00	310.00
Boston	157,162	4,011,664.00	1,625,866.48
Bridgeport	1,168	121,305.00	60,261.00
Buffalo	11,587	363,968.00	162,723.70
Burlington	837	7,804.00	95.00
Charleston	15,233	79,070.71	58,000.61
Chicago	585,072	11,025,036.26	4,843,956.23

EXHIBIT D—Continued.

	Packages.	Invoice value.	Estimated duty.
Cincinnati	77,791	$1,207,723.00	$759,059.41
Cleveland	33,834	1,478,774.00	631,312.14
Columbus	3,692	103,433.00	45,179.60
Council Bluffs	262	10,604.00	3,666.55
Denver	1,938	69,533.56	30,321.05
Des Moines	932	21,525.00	5,864.45
Detroit	24,543	415,379.00	172,694.49
Dubuque	2,242	35,072.00	8,333.85
Duluth	501	3,297.60	916.82
Dunkirk	498	6,436.00	650.00
Erie	3,385	3,094.00	5,774.00
Evansville	248	10,404.00	3,838.10
Galveston	6,863	16,283.85	4,675.25
Grand Haven	180	27,441.00	11,000.00
Grand Rapids	11,392	102,872.00	27,084.90
Hartford	25,085	683,713.00	137,391.95
Indianapolis	45,357	325,012.00	158,892.22
Jacksonville	214	12,924.00	22,814.66
Kansas City	29,252	250,248.00	114,596.78
Key West	511	23,321.00	43,309.00
Lincoln	3,048	23,758.00	7,661.00
Los Angeles	3,860	58,694.00	22,738.66
Louisville	15,851	321,326.00	292,191.98
Marquette	51	8,482.00	3,165.00
Memphis	2,339	94,100.00	47,132.04
Middletown	34	6,399.00	3,085.00
Milwaukee	13,309	460,567.00	170,766.52
Minneapolis	6,063	201,311.99	49,863.00
Mobile	1,069	7,009.08	2,885.32
Nashville	2,096	143,712.00	222,560.99
Newark	1,733	157,524.00	38,877.90
New Haven	4,933	86,103.00	34,495.00
New Orleans	37,501	204,430.00	60,291.45
New York	400,024	6,731,104.00	1,011,228.77
Norfolk	2,453	11,479.00	2,423.70
Oakland	4	287.00	120.00
Ocala	1	10.00	5.00
Ogdensburg	28	2,446.00	677.00
Omaha	17,269	114,194.00	13,838.60
Philadelphia	55,405	4,447,573.00	2,623,715.40
Pittsburg	202,497	2,197,582.00	562,441.85
Port Huron	851	4,292.00	1,757.81
Portland, Me	1,306	35,140.00	12,721.36
Portland, Oreg	58,720	263,272.00	101,551.55
Portsmouth	3	64.00	35.00
Port Townsend	2,656	3,073.00	2,908.85
Providence	20,407	762,249.00	299,028.20
Pueblo	1	37.00	20.00
Richmond	4,994	56,724.00	15,768.00
Rochester	12,082	609,351.00	277,890.72
St. Augustine	18	707.45	115.78
St. Joseph	4,433	111,371.00	41,294.90
St. Louis	204,724	2,632,246.00	1,419,418.59
St. Paul	53,895	564,681.39	88,854.17
San Antonio	182	4,757.00	1,501.33
San Diego	17	1,814.00	828.25
Sandusky	117	2,163.00	1,949.00
San Francisco	93,771	2,245,732.00	1,408,623.20
Savannah	3,545	51,149.00	7,564.00
Seattle	14,651	29,824.00	13,005.10
Sioux City	3,381	19,381.00	671.53
Springfield	1,278	150,713.00	65,622.60
Syracuse	17,230	83,833.00	36,100.00
Tacoma	24	878.00	723.11
Tampa	19,320	488,732.76	446,929.57
Toledo	12,345	109,483.00	45,529.46
Washington	4,293	168,562.00	112,430.23
Wilmington, Del	99	7,527.00	4,150.00
Wilmington, N. C	55	893.00	354.00
Total	2,380,261	44,510,544.71	18,743,921.17

EXHIBIT E.

Approximate report of merchandise imported under consular seal for immediate transportation without appraisement, pursuant to Department Circular No. 100, July 2, 1891, during fiscal year ended June 30, 1897.

Port.	Ports of first arrival and entry.		
	Packages.	Invoice value.	Estimated duty.
Blaine, Wash	1,078	$12,605.51	$642.38
Detroit, Mich	37,141	216,034.00	.....
Island Pond, Vt	1,590	1,636.00	.....
Marquette, Mich	5,260	152,843.00	.....
Ogdensburg, N. Y	52,872	2,580,319.43	640,838.49
Portal, N. Dak	156,040	1,648,605.00	.....
Port Huron, Mich	3,007	79,468.00	1,812.95
Richford, Vt	6,180	178,600.99	1,393.25
Sumas, Wash	19,683	150,537.86	.....
Total	382,851	5,020,649.79	644,687.07

Port.	Ports of delivery, destination.		
	Packages.	Invoice value.	Estimated duty.
Baltimore, Md	1,046	$8,017.16	$567.37
Boston, Mass	6,180	178,600.99	1,393.25
Chicago, Ill	69,725	577,249.81	1,704.70
Cincinnati, Ohio	12	1,567.00	22.50
Cleveland, Ohio	620	8,203.00	.....
Everett, Wash	19,320	150,156.49	.....
Grand Rapids, Mich	7	138.00	.....
Kansas City, Mo	41,487	600,289.00	.....
Memphis, Tenn	1	77.00	.....
Milwaukee, Wis	4,592	14,756.00	85.75
Minneapolis, Minn	5,516	126,914.42	.....
New York, N. Y	145,644	2,444,283.16	628,256.00
Northport, Wash	2	151.75	.....
Omaha, Nebr	67,669	643,500.00	.....
Philadelphia, Pa	5,804	117,534.45	12,657.50
Pittsburg, Pa	740	10,437.47	.....
Portland, Me	1,590	1,636.00	.....
Pueblo, Colo	404	1,362.00	.....
Rochester, N. Y	270	4,450.89	.....
Sioux City, Iowa	282	1,936.00	.....
St. Louis, Mo	2,359	18,153.00	.....
St. Paul, Minn	9,218	110,854.83	.....
Sumas, Wash	363	381.37	.....
Total	382,851	5,020,649.79	644,687.07

RECAPITULATION OF MERCHANDISE FORWARDED UNDER CONSULAR SEAL DURING FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

District from which sent.	Packages.	Invoice value.	Estimated duty.	Port to which forwarded.	Packages.	Invoice value.	Estimated duty.
Detroit	37,141	$216,034.00	.....	Chicago	31,986	$191,910.00	.....
				Cincinnati	11	1,477.00	.....
				Milwaukee	4,572	14,511.00	.....
				St. Louis	572	8,136.00	.....
Huron, from Port Huron.	3,007	79,468.00	$1,812.95	Chicago	2,979	78,995.00	$1,704.70
				Cincinnati	1	90.00	22.50
				Grand Rapids	7	138.00	.....
				Milwaukee	20	245.00	85.75
North and South Dakota from Portal.	156,040	1,648,605.00	.....	Chicago	34,314	298,143.00	.....
				Cleveland	620	8,203.00	.....
				Kansas City	41,487	600,289.00	.....
				Memphis	1	77.00	.....
				Minneapolis	1,709	13,405.00	.....
				Omaha	67,669	643,500.00	.....
				Pueblo	404	1,362.00	.....
				Sioux City	282	1,936.00	.....
				St. Louis	1,787	10,017.00	.....
				St. Paul	7,767	71,673.00	.....
Oswegatchie from Ogdensburg.	152,872	2,580,319.43	640,838.49	Baltimore	1,046	8,017.16	567.37
				New York	145,012	2,439,870.46	627,613.62
				Philadelphia	5,804	117,534.45	12,657.50
				Pittsburg	740	10,437.47	.....
				Rochester	270	4,450.89	.....

Approximate report of merchandise imported under consular seal for immediate transportation without appraisement, etc.—Continued.

RECAPITULATION OF MERCHANDISE FORWARDED UNDER CONSULAR SEAL DURING FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897—Continued.

District from which sent.	Packages.	Invoice value.	Estimated duty.	Port to which forwarded.	Packages.	Invoice value.	Estimated duty.
Puget Sound:							
From Blaine..	1,078	$12,605.51	$642.38	New York.....	632	$4,403.70	$542.38
				Chicago	446	8,201.81	.....
From Sumas .	19,683	150,537.86	.....	Everett.....	363	381.37	.....
				Tacoma.....	19,320	150,156.49	.....
Superior, from Marquette.	5,260	152,843.00	.....	Minneapolis	3,807	113,509.42	.....
				Northport	2	151.75	.....
				St. Paul.....	1,451	39,181.83	.....
Vermont:							
From Island Pond.	1,590	1,636.00	.....	Portland.....	1,590	1,636.00	.....
From Richford.	6,180	178,600.99	1,393.25	Boston.....	6,180	178,600.99	1,393.25
	382,851	5,020,649.79	644,687.07		382,851	5,020,649.79	644,687.07

RECAPITULATION OF MERCHANDISE RECEIVED UNDER CONSULAR SEAL DURING FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Port of delivery.	Packages.	Invoice value.	Estimated duty.	District from which forwarded.
Baltimore, Md. (district of Baltimore)...	1,046	$8,017.16	$567.37	Oswegatchie.
Boston, Mass. (district of Boston and Charlestown).	6,180	178,600.99	1,393.25	Vermont.
Chicago, Ill. (district of Chicago).....	31,986	191,910.00	.....	Detroit.
Do.....	2,979	78,995.00	1,704.70	Huron.
Do.....	34,314	298,143.00	.....	North and South Dakota.
Do.....	446	8,201.81	.....	Puget Sound.
	69,725	577,249.81	.....	
Cincinnati, Ohio (independent port).....	11	1,477.00	.....	Detroit.
Do.....	1	90.00	22.50	Huron.
	12	1,567.00	.....	
Cleveland, Ohio (district of Cuyahoga)..	620	8,203.00	.....	North and South Dakota.
Everett, Wash. (district of Puget Sound).	19,320	150,156.49	.....	Puget Sound.
Grand Rapids, Mich. (independent port).	7	138.00	.....	Huron.
Kansas City, Mo. (independent port).....	41,487	600,289.00	.....	North and South Dakota.
Memphis, Tenn. (independent port)	1	77.00	.....	Do.
Milwaukee, Wis. (district of Milwaukee).	4,572	14,511.00	.....	Detroit.
Do.....	20	245.00	85.75	Huron.
	4,592	14,756.00	.....	
Minneapolis, Minn. (independent port)...	1,709	13,405.00	.....	North and South Dakota.
Do.....	3,807	113,509.42	.....	Superior.
	5,516	126,914.42	.....	
New York, N. Y. (district of New York).	145,012	2,439,879.46	627,613.62	Oswegatchie.
Do.....	632	4,403.70	642.38	Puget Sound.
	145,644	2,444,283.16	628,256.00	
Northport, Wash. (district of Puget Sound).	2	151.75	.....	Superior.
Omaha, Nebr. (independent port).....	67,669	643,500.00	.....	North and South Dakota.
Philadelphia, Pa. (district of Philadelphia).	5,804	117,534.45	12,657.50	Oswegatchie.
Pittsburg, Pa. (independent port).....	740	10,437.47	.....	Do.
Portland, Me. (district of Portland and Falmouth).	1,590	1,636.00	.....	Vermont.
Pueblo, Colo. (subport of Denver).....	404	1,362.00	.....	North and South Dakota.
Rochester, N. Y. (district of Genesee)....	270	4,450.39	.....	Oswegatchie.
Sioux City, Iowa (independent port)	282	1,936.00	.....	North and South Dakota.
St. Louis, Mo.....	1,787	10,017.00	.....	Do.
Do.....	572	8,136.00	.....	Detroit.
	2,359	18,153.00	.....	

Approximate report of merchandise imported under consular seal for immediate transportation without appraisement, etc.—Continued.

RECAPITULATION OF MERCHANDISE RECEIVED UNDER CONSULAR SEAL DURING FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1897.

Port of delivery.	Packages.	Invoice value.	Estimated duty.	District from which forwarded.
St. Paul, Minn. (district of Minnesota)	7,767	$71,673.00	.....	North and South Dakota.
Do	1,451	39,181.83	.....	Superior.
	9,218	110,854.83	.....	
Tacoma, Wash. (district of Puget Sound)	363	381.37	.....	Puget Sound.
Total	382,851	5,020,649.79	$644,687.07	

Approximate report of merchandise imported under consular seal regulations during fiscal year ended June 30, 1897.

Customs district and region of production.	Cars.	Invoice value.	Remarks.
Detroit:			
Products of Canada and United States returned	10	$16,963.00	Sealed at Montreal; mackerel, etc.
Products of European countries	179	199,071.00	Sealed at Montreal; earthenware and tin, mainly.
All classes	189	216,034.00	
Huron:			
Products of Canada and United States returned	6	9,088.00	Do.
Products of European countries	100	70,380.00	Sealed at Montreal; household effects and mica, principally.
All classes	106	79,468.00	
North and South Dakota:			
Products of China, Japan, and India	128	406,432.00	Sealed at Vancouver; tea, etc.; by Canadian Pacific R. R. Co. and M., St. Paul and S. Ste. Marie R. R.
Products of Canada and United States returned	467	1,242,173.00	Sealed at Vancouver; ores from Revelstoke, British Columbia, sent to Kansas City and Omaha by Can. Pac. R. R. and M., St. Paul and S. Ste. Marie R. R.
All classes	595	1,648,605.00	
Oswegatchie:			
Products of China, Japan, and India	487	2,524,751.98	Sealed at Vancouver; tea, etc.; by Can. Pac. R. R. Co.
Products of Canada and United States returned	9	55,567.45	Sealed at Vancouver; matte for smelting at Newark.
All classes	496	2,580,319.43	
Puget Sound:			
Products of Canada and United States returned	64	163,143.37	Sealed at Vancouver; ore from Revelstoke, British Columbia; some canned salmon, caviare, etc.
Superior:			
Products of European countries	169	152,843.00	Sealed at Montreal; earthenware, household effects, etc.
Vermont:			
Products of China, Japan, and India	47	170,460.59	Sealed at Vancouver; tea, etc.; by Can. Pac. R. R. to Boston.
Products of Canada and United States returned	37	9,776.40	Sealed at Coaticook, Province of Quebec; empty oil barrels, and by consul at Montreal, mica, oats, etc.
All classes	84	180,236.99	
Products of China, Japan, and India	662	3,101,644.57	
Products of Canada and United States returned	593	1,496,711.22	
Products of European countries	448	422,294.00	
All classes	1,703	5,020,649.79	

EXHIBIT F.

Table showing number of cars, with weight of contents, departing from ports in the United States for transit through Canada to other ports in the United States during the calendar years 1893, 1894, 1895, and 1896.

Port.	1893.		1894.		1895.		1896.	
	Number of cars.	Weight of contents.	Number of cars.	Weight of contents.	Number of cars.	Weight of contents.	Number of cars.	Weight of contents.
		Tons.		*Tons.*		*Tons.*		*Tons.*
Buffalo	44,889	897,780	37,457	749,140	42,512	850,240	32,993	659,860
Pembina	108	970	316	3,297	532	6,656	507	6,369
Plattsburg	2,081	15,555	1,590	14,001	2,300	21,655	3,165	29,446
Suspension Bridge	89,583	799,848	72,951	651,348	78,173	697,973	78,655	786,550
Port Huron	90,169	1,352,535	88,275	1,324,125	68,803	1,032,045	77,626	1,164,390
Portland, Me	1,579	23,685	1,116	16,740	815	12,225	1,364	20,460
District of Vermont	27,658	414,880	30,150	452,250	27,103	417,045	30,623	235,000
Detroit	192,865	4,628,760	192,665	4,623,960	209,072	5,017,728	202,305	3,034,575
Ogdensburg	1,663	15,786	1,289	12,197	1,368	12,945	1,191	8,315
Sumas, Wash	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,620	19,440
Total	450,595	8,149,799	425,809	7,847,058	430,678	8,068,512	430,049	5,964,405

EXHIBIT G.

List of common carriers bonded for the transportation of appraised merchandise in bond.

Agather, Andrew.
Allen, J. H., & Co. (for materials used in construction of vessels exclusively).
American Express Co.
Ann Arbor R. R. Co.
Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Rwy. Co.
Balbach Smelting and Refining Co.
Baltimore and Ohio R. R. Co.
Baltimore and Philadelphia Steamboat Co.
Boston and Gloucester Steamboat Co.
Boston and Maine R. R. Co.
Boston and Philadelphia Steamship Co.
Buffalo Creek Transfer R. R.
Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern Rwy. Co.
Central Pacific R. R. Co.
Central R. R. Co. of New Jersey.
Central Vermont R. R. Co.
Champlain Transportation Line.
Chesapeake and Ohio R. R. Co.
Chicago and Alton R. R. Co.
Chicago and Grand Trunk Rwy. Co.
Chicago and Northwestern R. R. Co.
Chicago, Burlington and Northern R. R. Co.
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy R. R. Co.
Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Rwy. Co.
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Rwy. Co.
Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha Rwy. Co.
Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton R. R. Co.
Clyde Steamship Co.
Commonwealth Transportation Co.
Connecticut and Passumpsic Rivers R. R. Co.
Consolidated Kansas City Smelting and Refining Co. (for dutiable ores exclusively).
Couch, Daniel L. (for grain and lumber exclusively).
Cowper & Gregory (for lumber exclusively).
Crane, Belden & Co.
Cromwell Steamship Co.
Delaware, Lackawanna and Western R. R. Co.
Denver, Texas and Fort Worth R. R. Co.
De Long & Seaman (for fish exclusively).
Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee Rwy. Co.
Downey, Robert & Co.
Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic Rwy. Co.
Eastern and McMahon Transportation Co.
Erie R. R. Co.
Erie Boatmen's Transportation Co., Ltd.
Export Lumber Co., Limited (for lumber exclusively).
Fall River Steamboat Co.
J. M. Favill's Transportation Line.
Fitchburg R. R. Co.
Frost, B. C. (for grain and lumber exclusively).
Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio R. R. Co.
Grand Trunk Rwy. Co. of Canada.
Great Falls and Canada Rwy. Co.
Great Northern Express Co.
Great Northern Rwy. Co.
Guggenheim Smelting Co. (for ores and metals exclusively).
Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Rwy. Co.
Harmony's Nephews & Co., P.
Hathaway, G. F., & Co. (for tin plate exclusively).

List of common carriers bonded for transportation of appraised merchandise, etc.—Cont'd.

Holder, Frederick B. (for tin plate exclusively).
Homer, Adam (for lumber and grain exclusively).
Hume, S. B.
Illinois Central R. R. Co.
International Steamship Co.
Jacus, Willis C. (for grain exclusively).
Kountz Line of Steamers.
Lake Champlain Transportation Co.
Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Rwy. Co.
Lehigh Valley R. R. Co.
Lothridge, Gallagher & Co. (for lumber and grain exclusively).
Lott, Uriah.
Louisville and Nashville R. R. Co.
Louisville, New Orleans and Texas Rwy. Co.
Mackintosh, James (for lumber and grain exclusively).
Maine Central R. R. Co.
Maine Steamship Co.
Malone and St. Lawrence R. R. Co.
Merchants' Despatch Transportation Co.
Metropolitan Steamship Co.
Michigan Central R. R. Co.
Midland Rwy. Co. of Canada.
Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie Rwy. Co.
Missouri, Kansas and Texas Rwy. Co.
Mound City Transportation Co.
National Express Co.
New Brunswick Rwy. Co.
New England R. R. Co.
New Jersey Steamboat Co.
Newport News and Mississippi Valley Co.
New York and Baltimore Transportation Line.
New York and Eastern Steamship Co.
New York and Lake Champlain Transportation Co.
New York and Texas Steamship Co.
New York Central and Hudson River R. R. Co.
New York, New Haven and Hartford R. R. Co.
New York, Ontario and Western Rwy. Co.
New York, West Shore and Buffalo Rwy. Co.
Norfolk and Western R. R. Co.
Northern Central Rwy. Co.
Northern Pacific Express Co.
Northern Pacific Rwy. Co.
Northern Steamship.
Northwestern Grand Trunk Rwy. Co., of Michigan.
Ocean Steamship Co.
Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain R. R. Co.
Oille & McKeen (for lumber exclusively).
Old Dominion Steamship Co.
Pacific Coast Steamship Co.
Pennsylvania R. R. Co.
Philadelphia and Reading R. R. Co.
Port Huron and Washburn and Duluth Line of Steamers.
Portland Steamship Co.
Port Reading R. R. Co.
Providence and Stonington Steamship Co.
Roane Iron Co.
Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg R. R. Co.
Rosenfeld's, John, Sons.
Rush, Israel L. (for lumber and grain exclusively).
Scribner, Phillip W. (for lumber and grain exclusively).
Seattle and International Rwy. Co.
South Carolina and Georgia R. R. Co.
Southeastern Rwy. of Canada.
Southern Express Co.
Southern Pacific Co.
Southern Rwy. Co.
Spokane Falls and Northern Rwy. Co.
Starin's City, River and Harbor Transportation Co.
St. Louis and Mississippi Valley Transportation Co.
St. Louis and New Orleans Anchor Line.
St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Rwy. Co.
St. Paul and Duluth R. R. Co.
Syracuse and New York Canal Line.
Taft, Waterman A. (for lumber exclusively).
Texas and Pacific Rwy. Co.
Texas-Mexican Rwy. Co.
United States Express Co.
Upper Coos R. R. Co.
Utica and Black River R. R. Co.
Wells, Fargo & Co.
Western Transportation Co.
Western Transit Co.
West Shore R. R. Co.
Wheeler, E. S., & Co.
Wilson's Transit Line.
Windsor, Alfred, & Son.
Winthrop Steamship Co.
Wisconsin Central Co.
Woodhouse, Humphrey E.

EXHIBIT H.

List of common carriers bonded for the transportation of unappraised merchandise in bond under the act approved June 10, 1880.

Adams Express Co., from New York, N. Y.
American Express Co., from Boston, Mass.
American Express Co., from New York, N. Y.
American Express Co., from Portland, Me.
Baltimore and Ohio R. R. Co., from Baltimore, Md.
Baltimore and Ohio R. R. Co., from New York, N. Y.
Baltimore and Ohio R. R. Co., from Philadelphia, Pa.

List of common carriers bonded for transportation of unappraised merchandise, etc.—Cont'd.

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., from Baltimore, Md.
Boston and Maine R. R. Co., from Boston, Mass.
Central Pacific R. R. Co., from San Francisco, Cal.
Central R. R. Co., of New Jersey, from New York, N. Y.
Central Vermont R. R. Co., from Boston, Mass.
Central Vermont R. R. Co., from New York, N. Y.
Chesapeake and Ohio Rwy. Co., from Newport News, Va.
Chesapeake and Ohio Rwy. Co., from New York, N. Y.
Chicago and Alton R. R. Co., from Chicago, Ill.
Chicago and Grand Trunk Rwy. Co., from Port Huron, Mich.
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy R. R. Co., from Chicago, Ill.
Chicago Northwestern Rwy. Co., from Chicago, Ill.
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Rwy. Co., from Chicago, Ill.
Clyde Steamship Co., from New York, N. Y.
Commonwealth Transportation Co., from New York, N. Y.
Commonwealth Transportation Co., from Philadelphia, Pa.
Delaware, Lakawanna and Western R. R. Co., from New York, N. Y.
Delaware, Lackawanna and Western R. R. Co., from Philadelphia, Pa.
Denver, Texas and Fort Worth R. R., from New Orleans, La.
Eastern Rwy. Co. of Minnesota, from Duluth, Minn.
Erie R. R. Co., from New York, N. Y.
Fitchburg R. R. Co., from Boston, Mass.
Grand Trunk Rwy. Co. of Canada, from Portland, Me.
Great Northern Rwy. Co., from Seattle, Wash.
Illinois Central R. R. Co., from Chicago, Ill.
Illinois Central R. R. Co., from New Orleans, La.
Lake Shore and Michigan Southern R. R. Co., from Detroit, Mich.
Lehigh Valley R. R. Co., from New York, N. Y.
Louisville and Nashville R. R. Co., from New Orleans, La.
Louisville, New Orleans and Texas Rwy. Co., from New Orleans, La.
Merchants and Miners' Transportation Co., from Baltimore, Md.
Merchants and Miners' Transportation Co., from Boston, Mass.
Merchants' Despatch Transportation Co., from Boston, Mass.
Merchants' Despatch Transportation Co., from New York, N. Y.
Merchants' Despatch Transportation Co., from Philadelphia, Pa.
Metropolitan Steamship Co., from Boston, Mass.
Metropolitan Steamship Co., from New York, N. Y.
Michigan Central R. R. Co., from Detroit, Mich.
Michigan Central R. R. Co., from New York, N. Y.
New England R. R. Co., from Boston, Mass.
New York Central and Hudson River R. R. Co., from Ogdensburg, N. Y.
New York, New Haven and Hartford R. R. Co., from New York, N. Y.
New York, New Haven and Hartford R. R. Co., from Boston, Mass.
New York, Ontario and Western Rwy. Co., from New York, N. Y.
New York, West Shore and Buffalo Rwy. Co., from New York, N. Y.
Norfolk and Western R. R. Co., from Norfolk, Va.
Northern Central Rwy. Co., from Baltimore, Md.
Northern Pacific Rwy. Co., from Duluth, Minn.
Northern Pacific Rwy. Co., from Portland, Oreg.
Northern Pacific Rwy. Co., from Port Townsend, Seattle, and Tacoma, Wash.
Norwich and New York Transportation Co., from New York, N. Y.
Ocean Steamship Co. of Savannah, from New York, N. Y.
Old Dominion Steamship Co., from New York, N. Y.
Oregon Rwy. and Navigation Co., from Portland, Oreg.
Pennsylvania R. R. Co., from New York, N. Y.
Pennsylvania R. R. Co., from Philadelphia, Pa.
Philadelphia and Reading R. R. Co., from Philadelphia, Pa.
Plant Investment Co., from Key West, Fla.
Port Reading R. R. Co., from New York, N. Y.
South Carolina and Georgia R. R. Co., from Charleston, S. C.
Southern Express Co., from Tampa, Fla.
Southern Pacific Co., from Galveston, Tex.
Southern Pacific Co., from New Orleans, La.
Southern Pacific Co., from New York, N. Y.
Southern Pacific Co., from San Francisco, Cal.
Starin's City, River and Harbor Transportation Co., from New York, N. Y.
St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern R. R. Co., from Galveston, Tex.
St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern R. R. Co., from New Orleans, La.

List of common carriers bonded for transportation of unappraised merchandise, etc.—Cont'd.

St. Louis and Mississippi Valley Transportation Co., from New Orleans, La.
St. Louis and New Orleans Anchor Line, from New Orleans, La.
Texas and Pacific Rwy. Co., from New Orleans, La.
United States Express Co., from Baltimore, Md.
United States Express Co., from Boston, Mass.
United States Express Co., from New Orleans, La.
United States Express Co., from New York, N. Y.
United States Express Co., from Philaphia, Pa.
Wabash R. R. Co., from Detroit, Mich.
Wells, Fargo & Co., from New York. N. Y.
Well, Fargo & Co., from San Francisco, Cal.
Western Maryland R. R. Co., from Baltimore, Md.
West Shore R. R. Co., from New York, N.Y.
Wisconsin Central Co., from Chicago, Ill.

(No. 15.)

REPORT OF THE CHIEF OF THE SECRET SERVICE DIVISION.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
SECRET SERVICE DIVISION,
Washington, D. C., October 7, 1897.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the thirty-second annual report, containing a summary of work of the Secret Service Division during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897.

The arrests by agents of this division and other duly qualified officers numbered 842.

The offenses alleged were as follows:

Manufacturing, having in possession, passing, and dealing in counterfeit paper money	57
Attempting to pass counterfeit paper money	5
Having in possession counterfeit paper money, plates, paper, press, etc	2
Altering, having in possession and passing altered obligations of the United States	52
Attempting to pass altered obligations of the United States	9
Having in possession tools and material for altering paper money	3
Engraving plate in imitation of the plate for $20 United States note	1
Having in possession plate for counterfeit notes	4
Having in possession counterfeit notes of Costa Rica	2
Passing or attempting to pass Confederate States notes as United States notes	6
Passing State warrants as United States notes	6
Manufacturing, having in possession, dealing in, and passing counterfeit coins	600
Manufacturing and passing counterfeit coins and having in possession molds for same	12
Attempting to pass counterfeit coins	29
Plating counterfeit silver dollars	1
Plating and passing 1-cent coins for 10-cent coins	3
Mutilating, diminishing, and lightening gold and silver coins of the United States (sec. 5459, Rev. Stat., U. S)	7
Making and having in possession dies for manufacturing counterfeit coins	2
Making and having in possession molds for manufacturing counterfeit coin	6
Having in possession molds for manufacturing counterfeit coin	17
Personating Government officers	2
Intimidating Government witness	1
Removing public documents (sec. 5403, Rev. Stat. U. S.)	2
Defrauding national banks	2
Presenting false claims to United States Treasurer	2
Violation section 3, page 89, Revised Statutes United States—stealing and having in possession property of the United States	5
Bribery	1
Conspiracy	2
Larceny	1
Total	842

The judicial disposition of the foregoing cases was as follows:

Convicted and sentenced	170
Convicted, sentence suspended	2
Pleaded guilty and sentenced	168
Pleaded guilty, awaiting sentence	3
Pleaded guilty, sentence suspended	11
Pleaded guilty, released on own recognizance	1
Convicted, awaiting sentence	4

Indicted, awaiting trial	72
Pleaded nolo contendere	3
Not indicted	37
Awaiting action of grand jury	119
Awaiting examination	20
Acquitted	78
Nolle prosequied	30
Discharged by United States commissioner	74
Discharged on personal recognizance	5
Ignored by United States grand jury	32
Discharged and held as witnesses	4
Discharged by judge after turning State's evidence	2
Adjudged insane and sent to insane asylum	2
Fugitives	5
Total	842

One hundred and eight cases were disposed of during the past fiscal year, which were undetermined at the close of the preceding year, to wit:

Convicted and sentenced	57
Pleaded guilty and sentenced	7
Pleaded guilty and sentence suspended	2
Acquitted	24
Bills ignored by the United States grand jury	4
Nolle prosequied	11
Released on personal recognizance	2
Pleaded non vult and sentenced	1
Total	108

Places of nativity of persons arrested.

United States	646	Poland	4
Germany	37	Holland	3
Ireland	23	France	3
Italy	22	Hungary	2
England	17	Armenia	1
Russia	11	Austria	1
Roumania	7	Denmark	1
Canada	6	Bavaria	1
Sweden	6	Belgium	1
Greece	5	Unknown	35
Scotland	6		
Mexico	4	Total	842

The following table shows the character and amount (representative value) of altered and counterfeit notes, also counterfeit coins and imitation money, captured and secured by Secret Service agents during the past fiscal year:

United States notes		$11,703.00
Treasury notes		591.00
United States silver certificates		2,514.00
National-bank notes		3,640.00
Altered notes		2,527.00
Fractional currency		366.60
Kronor notes (Bank of Sweden)		8,500.00
Pesos notes (Bank of Costa Rica)		408,900.00
Pesos notes (National Bank of United States of Colombia)		100.00
Bank of England (£5)		25.00
Total		438,866.60
Imitations and facsimiles of notes		31,926.60
Gold coin	$6,062.00	
Silver coin	7,724.50	
Nickel coin	172.58	
Copper coin	21.17	
		13,980.25
Total		484,773.45

SUNDRIES.

Sheets of bond paper, cut the size of "notes"	4,290
Internal-revenue stamps (manifest, conveyance, and beer)	201
Paper-weight (cluster of gold coins)	1
Boxes of bond paper	2
Packages of fine cut silk thread	2
Illustrations of standard silver dollar	11,139
Illustrations of 25-cent coin	403
Package of gold leaf	1

PLATES.

Copper, for $1 United States silver certificate (back)	1
Copper, for $10 United States silver certificate (face and back)	2
Copper, for $20 United States silver certificate (face and back)	2
Copper, for 100-Kronor note (back)	2
Copper, for Haitien postage stamps	1
Steel, portrait of Hamilton	1
Steel, numbering plate, with numbers	1
Zinc, for $1 United States silver certificate (face)	1
Zinc, for $1 United States note (face and back)	2
Zinc, for $5 national-bank note (face and back)	2
Zinc, for parts of 100-Kronor note, Swedish (face)	3
Zinc, for 100-Kronor note, Swedish (face)	1
Glass, for $20 United States silver certificate (back)	2
Glass, for $20 United States note (face and back)	2
Glass, for 100 kronor note, Swedish (21 faces and 8 backs)	29
Wood, for $20 United States note (face and back)	2
Wood, for seal and Goddess of Liberty	3
Wood, for signatures of Register of Treasury and Treasurer	2
Wood, for portraits of General Grant and General Jackson	2
Brass, for printing the check letter "A"	1
Illustrations of United States coins	110
Metal for internal-revenue stamp	1
For flash notes and cards	14
Total	187

DIES.

For $10 gold coin	4
For $1 silver coin	4½
For 50-cent silver coin	2½
For 25-cent silver coin	3½
For 1-cent copper coin	2
For trade checks and tokens	6
Total	22½

MOLDS.

Metal, for $5 gold coin	1
Metal, for $1 silver coin	16⅓
Metal, for 50-cent silver coin	7
Metal, for 25-cent silver coin	4
Metal, for 10-cent silver coin	2
Metal, for 5-cent nickel coin	6
Plaster, for $20 gold coin	1
Plaster, for $10 gold coin	3
Plaster, for $5 gold coin	7
Plaster, for $1 silver coin	129
Plaster, for 50-cent silver coin	37½
Plaster, for 25-cent silver coin	40½
Plaster, for 10-cent silver coin	14
Plaster, for 5-cent nickel coin	70½
Plaster, for 1-cent copper coin	14
Total	353

Also large number of broken molds.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Photographic outfits	3
Printing presses	3
Automatic numbering machine	1
Hand press for numbering notes	1
Electrotyping battery	1
Reeding machines	2
Scales	3
Engravers' magnifying glass	1
Dentists' tools	3
Burnishing machines	2
Oil stoves	3
Inking rollers	3
Steel die press, with trip hammer	1
Steel and copper disks and collars for same	10
Crucibles	27
Ladles	54
Hand vises	4
Wood and iron clamps	14
Tubes of printers' inks and oils	26
Steel punches	11
Revolvers	6
Plating batteries	12
Plumbers' furnaces	3
Bar metal	60
Melting pots	13
Trade checks or tokens	3,738

Also a large lot of miscellaneous material, consisting of files, tools, metals, plaster of paris, acids of all kinds used in plating and photographing, hammers, wrenches, reeding tools, fine saws, tongs, hand bellows, etc.

Twenty-six cases of back pay and bounty were investigated by this Service for the Auditor for the War Department. For the Auditor for the Interior Department 39 claims, aggregating $23,680.17, made by various persons, for reimbursement of expenses incurred in the last sickness and burial of deceased pensioners were investigated. The amount of these claims allowed by the Auditor was $11,414.90.

The following is a summary of the property turned over to the committee to superintend the destruction of certain counterfeit money and contraband property, and by them destroyed: The counterfeit notes represented $128,722.45; counterfeit coins, $25,985.11; total, $154,707.56. Flash notes and illustrations of coins, $2,599,600. Number of plates, 1,203; dies, 161; metal molds, 36 singles and 56 sets; plaster of paris molds, 442 sets; miscellaneous molds, 17 sets, and a large quantity of reeding tools, ladles, crucibles, and facsimiles of World's Fair diplomas and medals.

Six new counterfeit notes were placed in circulation during the year, to wit: In July, 1896, a counterfeit $1 Treasury note, series 1891, check letter C, J. Fount Tillman, Register, D. N. Morgan, Treasurer, portrait of Stanton; and a counterfeit $5 United States silver certificate, series 1891, check letter B, J. Fount Tillman, Register, D. N. Morgan, Treasurer, portrait of Grant, were found in circulation.

In November, 1896, a photographic counterfeit of the $5 issue of the National Bank of Commerce, New York, series of 1882, check letter G, charter number 733, bank number 78763, portrait of Garfield, appeared.

In December, 1896, another photographic counterfeit was placed in circulation. It was of the $10 Union National Bank of Detroit, Mich., note, series of 1882, check letter B, W. S. Rosecrans, Register, C. N. Jordan, Treasurer, charter number 3487, bank number 3981, Treasury number B162032.

In January, 1897, a dangerous counterfeit of the $20 United States silver certificate, series 1891, check letter B, J. Fount Tillman, Register, D. N. Morgan, Treasurer, portrait of Daniel Manning, was put in circulation. The maker of this note, John A. Skoog, was arrested at Chicago, Ill., and a large number of the notes and counterfeit 100-kronor Swedish notes, as well as the plates and necessary outfit for their manufacture, were captured. Skoog, on March 22, 1897, made his escape from the jail at Joliet, Ill., and is at present a fugitive.

Skoog's previous record shows that he was arrested in Sweden for making counterfeit 100-kronor notes, for which he served six years imprisonment. He is an artist and photographer by profession, and the counterfeit money that he made and successfully passed is considered dangerous.

In June, 1897, a counterfeit of the $5 United States silver certificate (new issue), series of 1896, check letter B, J. Fount Tillman, Register, D. N. Morgan, Treasurer, appeared. It is apparently a photolithographic production and is dangerous. But few have been seen.

The following comparative statement shows the work of the Secret Service Division from the fiscal year 1890 to the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897:

Comparative statement.

Year.	Number of arrests.	Amount of counterfeit and altered notes captured.	Imitations and facsimiles of notes.	Amount of counterfeit coins.	Imitations and facsimiles of coins, toy money, etc.	Number of plates.	Number of dies.	Number of molds.
1890	346	$26,405.17	$516,731.34	$5,619.37	.....	154	7	81
1891	429	2,155,095.35	2,101,396.50	5,336.01	$2,046,643.45	272	a 12 b 13	84½
1892	524	29,441.40	2,087,608.87	7,676.15	103.10	693	a 201 b 44	243
1893	494	22,108.15	3,836,013.24	8,591.29	406.09	491	a 9 b 9	153½
1894	687	13,942.50	7,358.30	10,756.46	437,300.00	134	a 14 b 19	156½
1895	803	27,428.60	2,272,636.05	7,092.28	291,227.00	935	47	217½
1896	780	757,531.50	33,189.75	10,678.93	.....	339	a 50 b 1	228
1897	842	438,866.60	31,926.60	13,980.25	11,542.00	187	a 21 b 3	353

a Sets. *b* Single.

The following statement shows the character and amount of expenditures for suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897:

Transportation		$3,037.47
Subsistence		5,143.65
Incidentals		10,395.84
Services		43,054.00
		61,630.96
Credits (amount received from United States marshals)		216.48
		61,414.48
Rewards		1,780.00
Total		63,194.48

Amount appropriated, $66,000.
Balance, $2,805.52, to be used in the settlement of claims for reward.

Of the $4,000 appropriated by Congress for expenses to be incurred in the investigation for the Auditor for the Interior Department of

claims for "Reimbursement of expenses incident to the last sickness and burial of deceased pensioners," the following amounts have been expended:

Transportation	$782.63
Subsistence	765.25
Incidentals	378.67
Services	1,310.00
	3,236.55
Unexpended balance	763.45
Total	4,000.00

I would respectfully recommend that section 5430 of the Revised Statutes of the United States be so amended as to cover the manufacture of counterfeit plates by the new processes of photography and photolithography, as the need for some such legislation becomes daily more apparent.

The ramifications of the United States Secret Service extend to all parts of the United States. New districts have been established, others might well be divided, and the division greatly benefited, by an increased appropriation of $100,000, which I respectfully urge. This amount I have estimated for suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes for the fiscal year 1898.

With the increased number of arrests, the addition of new districts, and the consequent increase in the number of reports to be filed, the office requires more clerical service.

For your many official courtesies and advice to this office, allow me to thank you.

Respectfully submitted.

WM. P. HAZEN, *Chief.*

To the Honorable
The SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

(No. 16.)

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF UNITED STATES GENERAL APPRAISERS.

OFFICE OF BOARD OF U. S. GENERAL APPRAISERS,
New York, N. Y., October 1, 1897.

SIR: We have the honor to submit our seventh annual report, which embraces the period from October 1, 1896, to September 30, 1897.

In addition to the matter pertaining to the various branches of our work, presented under appropriate headings, more complete data, perhaps useful for reference, are furnished in the statistical appendix.

REAPPRAISEMENTS.

By individual general appraisers:	
Appeals pending last annual report	300
Appeals received since last annual report	3,889
Total	4,189
Appeals decided	3,905
Appeals pending	284
By boards:	
Appeals pending last annual report	87
Appeals received since last annual report	1,024
Total	1,111
Appeals decided	990
Appeals pending	121
Total appeals to reappraisement decided during the year	4,895

The average number of reappraisements per annum under the act of 1894 was more than twice the average number under the act of 1890. As stated in our report for 1896, this was in some measure attributable to greater diligence and efficiency of appraising officers, but was chiefly due to the enlargement of the scope of ad valorem rates of duty in the latter act. A decrease in the number under the present act, which would logically result from the substitution of specific for ad valorem rates of duty, may be prevented, to a considerable extent at least, by the provision in section 32 of the new act, imposing additional duty in all cases of advances of invoice value. When the "penalty limit" was 10 per cent, importers frequently did not contest advances within that margin.

As a rule, reappraisements by a single general appraiser are held at

the ports of importation, and it is estimated that the time consumed in such reappraisements at ports other than New York would occupy one general appraiser constantly.

Two of the general appraisers are employed almost exclusively upon original reappraisement cases at the port of New York. Other general appraisers participate in this work more or less frequently, as the condition of the public business requires.

Board reappraisements are conducted by a board of three specially designated for that service by the Secretary of the Treasury, as well as by the two boards assigned especially to classification duty. Care is taken that cases on review do not come before a board of which the general appraiser who held the original reappraisement is a member.

This branch of our work is in a satisfactory condition, the number of pending cases not being unusual or unreasonable. Further data concerning reappraisements will be found in the appendix.

CLASSIFICATION.

This branch of the board's business is not as well advanced as the others, nor as we could wish. The accumulation of undecided protests is due, however, in some measure certainly, to the enactment within the seven years of the board's existence, of three general tariff acts, differing widely from each other, and each affording new opportunities or pretexts for protests. Delay in the trial of suits involving issues which are subject of protests accounts in a great degree for the large number upon our "suspended" files. Decision by the courts of no very considerable number of the issues would enable the board to dispose of a very large number of protests in a comparatively short time.

The following figures would indicate that there will be fewer protests and less litigation under the new tariff act than under its predecessor:

Number of protests received first sixty days:	
Under act of August 28, 1894	2,896
Under act of July 24, 1897	730

The total number of protests received from the several ports of the country since August 1, 1890, was 204,499, of which 155,393 have been decided, leaving 49,106 undisposed of, of which about 40,000 are on the "suspended files," the remainder being either in the hands of the members of the two classification boards for decision, or on the docket now in process of hearing.

The number of protests received during the past year was 14,544, being the smallest in any year during the board's existence. The previous minimum was 19,862, for the year ending October 31, 1894, and the maximum, 50,146, for the year ending October 31, 1891.

There were three dockets for hearings on protests during this year, the first extending from October 13 to December 23, the second from February 16 to April 20, and the third, now about completed, from August 31 to October 6. Each of these embraced all the protests in the office not previously heard or suspended, which were received in time for two weeks' notice to the protestants.

We believe the wisdom and popularity of this feature of the customs administrative act of June 10, 1890, has become more and more manifest with the growing experience of the members of the boards, and as their methods of procedure and the nature of their decisions have become more familiar to the public and have conformed more closely to the views and rules of the courts.

Although, during the first seven years of the board's existence, more than 60 per cent of the decisions from which appeals were taken were finally affirmed by the courts, during the past year the percentage affirmed by the circuit court of appeals for the second circuit was 77 per cent (fourteen out of a total of eighteen). Of the fourteen affirmed, six had been reversed by the circuit court.

It is fair to assume, in view of such a record, that the number of appeals to the courts will diminish in future.

Tea reexaminations.

The duties devolved upon the general appraisers by the customs administrative act were considerably increased by the act of March 2, 1897, for the prevention of the importation of impure and unwholesome tea. Under its provisions the Secretary of the Treasury designated in July last a board of three general appraisers who have docketed for hearing and examination all cases received under the law. The following is the record of this class of work:

Number of appeals received	202
Number of appeals decided	172
Number of appeals pending	30
Decisions affirming examiner	148
Decisions sustaining the appeal	19
Decisions affirming examiner in part and sustaining appeal in part	5

It would appear from this record that the examiners at the several ports have not been unnecessarily rigid in the enforcement of the provisions of the law.

It is the purpose of the board designated to reexamine teas to decide each month all cases that have been received during the month, giving due notice of the hearings to the importers. While the law is silent as to such hearings, it is thought expedient to give the importers the opportunity of verifying or contesting the samples and of presenting any facts that may have a bearing on the case.

It is believed that the number of cases will diminish rather than increase, owing to the onerous results from adverse decisions.

It is proper to say that no small amount of labor is involved in the disposition of these cases, a larger portion of the time of one general appraiser, at least, being occupied with the work.

EMPLOYMENT OF GENERAL APPRAISERS.

No board hearings have been held during the year at any other port than New York. There has been no demand for such hearings. Importers desiring to give their own or other oral testimony at their home ports have been afforded the opportunity by general appraisers who visited such ports for the purpose of holding reappraisements. Should the public interests require the Department would doubtless designate a board to visit any port to hold hearings.

General appraisers have held reappraisements and taken testimony at the following ports other than New York during the year: Monthly or oftener at Baltimore, Philadelphia, and Boston, and as required, at Portland, Me., Ogdensburg and Buffalo, N. Y., Detroit, Mich., Chicago, Ill., Cleveland and Cincinnati, Ohio, St. Louis, Mo., Nashville, Tenn., Mobile, Ala., New Orleans, La., El Paso, Tex., San Francisco, Cal., Portland, Oreg., and Tacoma, Wash.

One or more general appraisers have been engaged from time to time in taking the additional testimony provided for under section 15, act of 1890. It may be stated that in a single case under this provision as many as 127 witnesses were examined.

During five months of the time that the present tariff act was under consideration one general appraiser was constantly, and for a part of the time two other general appraisers were on duty at Washington at the request of the Secretary.

With the exceptions noted the general appraisers have been employed at the port of New York, with only comparatively brief intervals covered by leaves of absence granted by the Department.

SUPERVISION.

Supervision over appraisements and classification has been directed to a careful examination of the tabulated reports and samples received from the several ports, and to advice to the proper customs officers when there appeared a want of uniformity or a failure to conform to established practice. The bureau of samples established under the customs administrative act receives careful attention and is of growing importance and value.

REPORTS FROM JUDICIAL CIRCUITS.

The board desires to call attention to the advisability of making some arrangements by which it may be more promptly informed of decisions of the courts upon its decisions in other districts and circuits than the southern district of New York, and second circuit. We receive adequate reports from this circuit, but months sometimes elapse before we have intelligence of the decisions of other courts. Both for the relief of our suspended files and the dispatch of current business, it is of great importance that we should have early reports of all decisions in customs cases, and it is earnestly hoped that the Department will arrange for their prompt transmission direct to the board. We would also respectfully suggest that the Department will cause the attention of United States attorneys to be called to the importance of avoiding unnecessary delays in bringing customs cases to trial.

Respectfully,

THAD. S. SHARRETTS,
F. N. SHURTLEFF,
GEORGE H. SHARPE,
WILBUR F. LUNT,
J. B. WILKINSON, Jr.,
GEO. C. TICHENOR,
HENDERSON M. SOMERVILLE,
CHARLES H. HAM,
JAMES A. JEWELL,
General Appraisers.

The SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY,
Washington, D. C.

APPENDIX.

List of new subjects placed on suspended list since October 1, 1896.

UNDER ACT OF 1890.

Christmas-tree ornaments, N. P. (See G. A. 2927.)
Fish in tins, G. A. 2208.

UNDER ACT OF 1894.

American products, G. A. 3880.
Anchovy sauce, G. A. 2273 and 3671.
Appliqued goods, G. A. 3513.
Bags as coverings, G. A. 3769.
Bicycle saddles. (See G. A. 3646.)
Bolting cloth, G. A. 3635.
Carbons, G. A. 3191.
Chatelaine watches, G. A. 3820.
Corking and wiring bottles. (Follows G. A. 3728.)
Crude plumes, G. A. 3870.
Damasks, N. P. (See G. A. 2434.)
Double-warped bags, G. A. 3486.
Dress goods (cotton and wool), N. P. (Follows G. A. 1667.)
Dress goods (silk and cotton).
Enfleuraged grease, G. A. 3603.
Fees for certification. (Follows G. A. 3277.)
Ferrochrome, G. A. 3715.
Folding pictures, G. A. 3425.
Fruit juice, G. A. 3189.
Galloons, G. A. 2172.
Gas tubes, G. A. 3662.
Gauge glasses, G. A. 2922.
Gauffreé leather, G, A. 3730.
Hat tips, G. A. 3327.
Imitation precious stones, G. A. 3658.
Istrian stone, G. A. 3803.
Italian drawback, G. A. 3577.
Lamp chimneys, N. P. (See G. A. 3448.)
Natural gas (not in time), G. A. 2142.
Olive oil, gauge of, G. A. 3292.
Palm leaves, G. A. 3398.
Paper napkins. (Protest 10606-F.)
Pawpaw milk, N. P. (Follows G. A. 3687.)
Peruvian petroleum, G. A. 3592.
Photograph lenses, G. A. 3380.
Pint bottles. (Follows G. A. 3656.)
Plush. (Protest 13156-F.)
Protest instead of reappraisement, G. A. 1288 and 2622.
Prune butter, G. A. 3661.
Ribbons (silk and cotton). (Protest 14363-F.)
Rice flour, G. A. 689.
Rovings, G. A. 3768.
Saw plates, G. A. 3569.
Silk beadings. (See G. A. 3840.)
Skins, tanned. (Protest 1645-F. and 3541-F.)
Smelling salts, G. A. 3090 and 3676.
Steel tubes, G. A. 3662; same as gas tubes.
Striped burlaps. (Follows G. A. 3367.)
Tapestries, G. A. 3686.
Thermometers, G. A. 3463.
Thin shooks, G. A. 3880.
Wood flour. (Follows G. A. 3583.)
Zante currants, G. A. 3028.

UNDER ACT OF 1897.

Time of effect.
Sheathing felt, G. A. 3719.

APPEALS TO COURT FROM DECISIONS OF THE BOARDS OF UNITED STATES GENERAL APPRAISERS.

Number of appeals to court taken during year:	
In southern district of New York	122
In other judicial districts	20
Total	142
Returns to court made during year:	
To circuit court for southern district of New York	96
To circuit court for other districts	25
Total	121

Decisions in circuit court.

Board affirmed, with opinion by circuit court	24
Board affirmed on motion, or without opinion	85
Total	109
Board reversed, with opinion by circuit court	23
Board reversed, without opinion by circuit court	6
Total	29
Board partly affirmed and partly reversed	12
Total decisions in circuit court	150

Appealed to circuit court of appeals, 21.

Decisions in circuit court of appeals.

Board and circuit court both affirmed	9
Board reversed in circuit court and affirmed in circuit court of appeals	7
Total affirmances	16
Board reversed in circuit court and circuit court of appeals	5
Board affirmed in circuit court and reversed in circuit court of appeals	1
Total reversals	6
Total decisions in circuit court of appeals	22

Decisions in circuit court and circuit court of appeals in which opinions were handed down.

Suit No.	Subject.	General appraisers' decision involved.	Circuit court.		Circuit court of appeals.	
			Circuit court decision.	Federal Reporter	Circuit court of appeals decision.	Federal Reporter.
2062	Right to produce amended invoice to show clerical error.	3389	Board affirmed	77, 601	No appeal	
1766	Shortage	N. P.	do	77, 608	do	
1264	Protest filed after office hours.	2018	Board reversed	77, 606	do	
1913	Protest on reliquidation	1818, 1584	do	77, 607	do	
2164	Antiquities for collection, but shipped separately.	N. P.	Board affirmed	72, 49	Board affirmed	
2125	Herring oil	2808	Board reversed		Board reversed	77, 411
2247	Antitoxin	3204	do	77, 607	Appeal	
505	Embroidered gloves	306, 405	do	77, 600	No appeal	
2325	Camphor oil	N. P.	Board affirmed	77, 602	Appeal	
2354	Patna rice	3385	do	77, 826	Board affirmed	80, 887
2326 2341 2386	American bags returned		Board reversed	77, 604	Appeal	
2019 2046	Cylinder glass	1153	Board affirmed	77, 603	Board affirmed	81, 162
2174	Strung beads		Board reversed in part.	77, 605	Appeal	
2182	do	N. P.	do		do	
1173	Value of currency	N. P.	Board affirmed	77, 591	No appeal	
2490	Dried asphalt	3378, 3387	do	77, 609		
627	American shooks	428, 507	Board reversed		Board affirmed	78, 334
1790	Acetate of copper	1860	do	71, 954	do	78, 359
517	Velvet ribbons	615, 2112	do	71, 953	Board reversed	
1213	Natural gas	2142	Board affirmed	73, 191	Board affirmed	Appeal to Supreme Court.
2188	Cotton elastic cords	3019	do	73, 810	do	
1201	Alizarin black	1868	Board reversed		do	
1811	Quills	2460	Board affirmed	75, 833	do	79, 953
205	Toothpicks	85	Board reversed		do	79, 953
1134	Needles in books	969	do	72, 43	do	78, 345
1292	Cocoa butterine	1174, 3122, 2766	Board affirmed		do	78, 332
2248	Bonbon boxes and Easter rabbits.	3182	do	76, 452	do	
2303	Atomizers	3247	Board reversed	78, 809	No appeal	
2484	Theatrical effects	3602	do	78, 808	Appeal	
2489	Dead oil	3591	do	81, 375	do	
1798	Alizarin yellow	N. P.	Board affirmed	78, 803	Acquiescence	
382	Measuring tapes	309	do	78, 807	Appeal	
2503	Carbonate of potash	1249	do	78, 805	do	
2244	Mirror plates	3174	do	78, 809	No appeal	
2217	Collodion hairpins	3095	do	78, 805	do	
2281	Millet seed	2085, 3423	Board reversed	78, 804	Appeal	
2249	Custody of Government	3193	Board affirmed	78, 806	do	
1301	Dressed lumber	3276	Board reversed	75, 548	Board reversed	79, 75
1247	Gunstocks and barrels	See 707	Board affirmed		do	78, 799
1577	Acetanilid	553	Board reversed	71, 957	do	79, 313
2215	Dotted swisses	3065, 3070, 3113	do		Board affirmed	78, 797
2055	Camel's-hair noils	2725	Board affirmed	75, 814	do	
1298	Unsigned protest	N. P.	Board reversed			
1112	Lentils	734	Board affirmed			
1879	Grapes in barrels	2535	Board reversed			
579	Harmonicas	830	Board affirmed			
1285	Three years in bond	3054	Board reversed	71, 505	Board reversed	76, 742
1335	Cattle from Mexico	3349	do		Board affirmed	81, 399

Cases in which the circuit court affirmed the board's ruling or dismissed the appeal on motion, no opinions being handed down.

Suit No.	Subject.	General appraisers' decision involved.
698	Jew's-harps	460
699	....do	460
849	Hat pins or ornaments	1315
910	Tissue paper, etc	1430
920	Plaster-of-paris images	1429
1198	Artificial oil of mustard and cumarin	1861
1223	Vegetables	849
1336	Small pins of glass coated with metal	N. P. (169, 225)
1912	Wood slate pencils	2582
2023	Pruning knives	See 1486
2028	Coquille lenses	2275
2035	Steel rings—magnets	2687
2142	Silk edgings	2840
2192	Crystal carbonate	3030
2222	"Diamond" steel	3159
2223	Silk chiffon	3140
2234	Toy mirrors	3169
2340 2110	Olive oil flasks and corn plasters	2774, 1314
2379	Book of original chemical research	3035
2165	Lithographic prints	2836
2126	China grass noils	1728
470	Bits of plate glass, beveled and unsilvered	333
490	Lanolin	574
693	....do	575
708	Jute canvas and padding	1129
817	Imitation jet pins	1315, 1334
845	Beaded trimmings	1353
992	....do	
1068	Glass beads, strung	
1086	Crocus	1627
1130	Exported bags, returned	1748
1154	....do	1748
1287	Naphthol	801, 1348
1501	Antiquities, collections of	
1511	Beta naphthol	
1618	Crude eosin	
1691	Brown padding	
1941	Hemstitched lawns	
2014	Rabbits' fur	1693
2017	Phenylene diamin	2649, 2652
2044	Hemstitched lawns	2658
2063	Resorcin	
2127	Dotted swiss, embroidered	
2133	Retroactive claim	
2284	Currency, date of conversion	1555
2314	....do	1555
2316	Natural flowers	3146
2356	Cumarin	3374
2368	Clerical error	3389
2388	Fluted or rolled plate glass	3449
2438	Artificial leaves	
2477	Spring steel	
2485	Forgings	
2495	Corrected decision (collector's suit)	
2613	Crude plumes	3870
65	Wintergreen synthetic	27
579 580	Musical instruments	830
912	Gallein and cerulein	1424, 1425
993	Manufactures of imitation precious stones	
1026- 1029, 1031- 1038, 1074	Manufactures of jet	1522
1571	Imitation hemstitched and embroidered handkerchiefs	2301
1720	Glass-headed hat pins	2096
1735	Imitation precious stones	
1739	Small bull's-eye lanterns	1895
1880	Brooches, etc. (metal and glass)	
1961	Ornamental hat pins	
1978	Imitation monogram handkerchiefs	
2208	Necklace of glass beads	
2359	Asphalt epuré	
1405	Nets and veilings	
2223	Chiffon	3140

Appeals dismissed in circuit court of appeals.

Suit No.	Subject.	General appraisers' decision involved.
1288	Reciprocity	1960
2055	Camel's-hair noils	2725

Appeals in which the circuit court reversed the board's ruling without opinion.

1302	Conversion of currency	1555
1304	.....do	1555
1340	Rugs	N.P.
1449	Currency	1555
1934	Cotton beading	2611
2022	Worsted shawls, embroidered with silk	2031

Appeals in which the board's rulings were affirmed in part and reversed in part by the circuit court.

1389	Nets and veilings	2103
1400	.....do	2103
1404	.....do	2103
1405	.....do	2103
1466	.....do	2103
1471	.....do	2103
1508	.....do	2103
1588	Handkerchiefs, hemstitched and initialed	2301
1632	.....do	2301
1532	.....do	2301