ANNUAL REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY

ON

THE STATE OF THE FINANCES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

1924

With Appendices



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Personnel Capital-stock tax division
Taxes collected Estate tax division
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Sales tax divisionTobacco and miscellaneous division
Tobacco.
Miscellaneous Accounts and Collections Unit
Office accounts and procedure division
Division of field allowances Disbursement division
Field procedure divisionProhibition Unit
CollectionsOffice of chief, general prohibition agents
Office of chief, general prohibition agentsOffice of counsel
Narcotic division
Permit divisionIndustrial alcohol and chemical division
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SECRETARIES OF THE TREASURY AND PRESIDENTS UNDER WHOM THEY SERVED

Note.—Robert Morris, the first financial officer of the Government, was Superintendent of Finance from 1781 to 1784. Upon the resignation of Morris, the powers conferred upon him were transferred to the "Board of the Treasury." Those who finally accepted positions on this board were John Lewis Gervais, Samuel Osgood, and Walter Livingston. The board served until Hamilton assumed office in 1789.

Presidents	Secretaries of Treasury	Term of service			
		From-	To		
Washington	Alexander Hamilton, New York	Sept. 11,1789	Jan. 31,1795		
	Oliver Wolcott, Connecticut	Feb. 3,1795	Mar. 3,1797		
Adams	Oliver Wolcott, Connecticut	Mar. 4,1797	Dec. 31,1800		
	Samuel Dexter, Massachusetts	Jan. 1,1801	Mar. 3,1801		
Jefferson	Samuel Dexter, Massachusetts	Mar. 4,1801	May 13,1801		
	Albert Gallatin, Pennsylvania	May 14,1801	Mar. 3,1809		
Madison	Albert Gallatin, Pennsylvania 1	Mar. 4,1809	Apr. 17, 1813		
	George W. Campbell, Tennessee	Feb. 9,1814	Oct. 5,1814		
	Alexander J. Dallas, Pennsylvania	Oct. 6,1814	Oct. 21,1816		
	Wm. H. Crawford, Georgia	Oct. 22,1816	Mar. 3,1817		
Monroe	Wm. H. Crawford, Georgia	Mar. 4,1817	Mar. 6, 1825		
Adams, J. Q	Richard Rush, Pennsylvania 2	Mar. 7,1825	Mar. 5,1829		
Jackson	Samuel D. Ingham, Pennsylvania 8	Mar. 6,1829	June 20, 1831		
	Louis McLane, Delaware	Aug. 8,1831	May 28,1833		
	Wm. J. Duane, Pennsylvania	May 29, 1833	Sept. 22,1833		
	Roger B. Taney, Maryland 4	Sept. 23, 1833	June 25, 1834		
	Levi Woodbury, New Hampshire	July 1,1834	Mar. 3,1837		
Van Buren	Levi Woodbury, New Hampshire 5	Mar. 4,1837	Mar. 3,1841		
Harrison	Thomas Ewing, Ohio	Mar. 6, 1841	Apr. 4,1841		
T yler	Thomas Ewing, Ohio 6	Apr. 5,1841	Sept. 11, 1841		
	Walter Forward, Pennsylvania 7	Sept. 13, 1841	Mar. 1,1843		
the state of	John C. Spencer, New York 8	Mar. 8,1843	May 2,1844		
	Geo. M. Bibb, Kentucky	July 4, 1844	Mar. 4,1845		
Polk	Geo. M. Bibb, Kentucky	Mar. 5, 1845	Mar. 7,1845		
	Robt. J. Walker, Mississippi 9	Mar. 8, 1845	Mar. 5, 1849		
Taylor	Wm. M. Meredith, Pennsylvania		July 9, 1850		
Fillmore	Wm. M. Meredith, Pennsylvania		July 22, 1850		
	Thos. Corwin, Ohio	July 23, 1850	Mar. 6, 1853		
Pierce	James Guthrie, Kentucky	Mar. 7,1853	Mar. 6,1857		

¹ While holding the office of Secretary of the Treasury, Gallatin was commissioned envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary. April 17, 1813, with John Quincy Adams and James A. Bayard, to negotiate peace with Great Britain. On February 9, 1814, his seat as Secretary of the Treasury was declared vacant because of his absence in Europe. William Jones, of Pennsylvania (Secretary of the Navy), acted ad interim Secretary of the Treasury from April 21, 1813, to February 9, 1814.

3 Rush was nominated March 5, 1825, confirmed and commissioned March 7, 1825, but did not enter upo n the discharge of his duties until August 1, 1825. Samuel L. Southard, of New Jersey (Secretary of the Navy), served as ad interim Secretary of the Treasury from March 7 to July 31, 1825.

4 Asbury Dickens (Chief Clerk), ad interim Secretary of the Treasury from June 2t to August 7, 1831.

5 McClintock Young (Chief Clerk), ad interim Secretary of the Treasury from June 25 to 30, 1834.

6 McClintock Young (Chief Clerk), ad interim Secretary of the Treasury from March 4 to 5, 1841.

8 McClintock Young (Chief Clerk), ad interim March 1 to 7, 1843.

8 Spencer resigned as Secretary of the Treasury May 2, 1844; McClintock Young (Chief Clerk), ad interim from May 2 to July 3, 1844.

9 McClintock Young (Chief Clerk), ad interim March 6 to 7, 1849.

Secretaries of the Treasury and Presidents under whom they served—Continued

Presidents	Secretaries of Treasury	Term of service		
		From-	То	
Buchanan	Howell Cobb, Georgia 10.	Mar. 7,1857	Dec. 8,1860	
	Philip F. Thomas, Maryland	Dec. 12,1860	Jan. 14, 1861	
	John A. Dix, New York	Jan. 15,1861	Mar. 6, 1861	
Lincoln	Salmon P. Chase, Ohio 11	Mar. 7,1861	June 30, 1864	
4	Wm. P. Fessenden, Maine 13	July 5, 1864	Mar. 3,1865	
	Hugh McCulloch, Indiana	Mar. 9,1865	Apr. 15, 1865	
Johnson	Hugh McCulloch, Indiana 18	Apr. 16, 1865	Mar. 3,1869	
Grant	Geo. S. Boutwell, Massachusetts	Mar. 12,1869	Mar. 16, 1873	
	Wm. A. Richardson, Massachusetts	Mar. 17, 1873	June 3,1874	
	Benj. H. Bristow, Kentucky 14	June 4,1874	June 20, 1876	
	Lot M. Morrill, Maine	July 7, 1876	Mar. 3,1877	
Hayes	Lot M. Morrill, Maine	Mar. 4,1877	Mar. 9,1877	
	John Sherman, Ohio 15.	Mar. 10,1877	Mar. 3,1881	
Garfield	Wm. Windom, Minnesota	Mar. 8,1881	Sept. 19, 1881	
Arthur	Wm. Windom, Minnesota	Sept. 20, 1881	Nov. 13, 1881	
	Chas. J. Folger, New York 16.	Nov. 14,1881	Sept. 4,1884	
	Walter Q. Gresham, Indiana.	Sept. 25, 1884	Oct. 30,1884	
	Hugh McCulloch, Indiana.	Oct. 31,1884	Mar. 3,1885	
Cleveland	Hugh McCulloch, Indiana.	Mar. 4,1885	Mar. 7,1885	
	Daniel Manning, New York.		Mar. 31,1887	
	Chas. S. Fairchild, New York.	Apr. 1,1887	Mar. 3,1889	
Harrison, Benj	Chas. S. Fairchild, New York	Mar. 4,1889	Mar. 6,1889	
Latrison, Dong	Wm. Windom, Minnesota 17.	Mar. 7,1889	Jan. 29,1891	
	Chas. Foster, Ohio.	Feb. 25, 1891	Mar. 3,1893	
Cleveland	Chas. Foster, Ohio.	Mar. 4,1893	Mar. 6, 1893	
Olovolalid	John G. Carlisle, Kentucky	Mar. 7,1893	Mar. 3,1897	
McKinley	John G. Carlisle, Kentucky	Mar. 4,1897	Mar. 5,1897	
	Lyman J. Gage, Illinois	Mar. 6,1897	Sept. 14,1901	
Roosevelt	Lyman J. Gage; Illinois	Sept. 15, 1901	Jan. 31,1902	
20036 7617	L. M. Shaw, Iowa	Feb. 1,1902	Mar. 3,1907	
	George B. Cortelyou, New York	Mar. 4,1907	Mar. 7,1909	
Taft	Franklin MacVeagh, Illinois	Mar. 8,1909	Mar. 5,1913	
Wilson	W. G. McAdoo, New York.	Mar. 6,1913	Dec. 15, 1918	
** 110011	Carter Glass, Virginia	Dec. 16, 1918	Feb. 1,1920	
	David F. Houston, Missouri	Feb. 2,1920	Mar. 3, 1921	
Harding	Andrew W. Mellon, Pennsylvania	Mar. 4,1921	Aug. 2,1923	
Y 1	· · ·		Aug. 2,1920	
Coolidge	Andrew W. Mellon, Pennsylvania	Aug. 3,1923		

¹⁸ Isaac Toucey, of Connecticut (Secretary of the Navy), acted as Secretary of the Treasury ad interim December 10 to 12, 1860.

11 George Harrington, District of Columbia (Assistant Secretary), ad interim July 1 to 4, 1864.

12 George Harrington (Assistant Secretary), ad interim March 4 to 8, 1865.

13 John F. Hartley, of Maine (Assistant Secretary), ad interim from March 5 to 11, 1869.

14 Charles F. Conant, of New Hampshire (Assistant Secretary), ad interim June 21 to 30 [July 6], 1876.

15 Henry E. French, of Massachusetts (Assistant Secretary), ad interim March 4 to 7, 1881.

16 Charles E. Coon, of New York (Assistant Secretary), ad interim September 4 to 7, 1884; Henry F. French, of Massachusetts (Assistant Secretary), ad interim September 8 to 14, 1884; Charles E. Coon ad interim September 15 to 24, 1884.

18 A. B. Nettleton, of Minnesota (Assistant Secretary), ad interim January 30 to February 24, 1891.

UNDERSECRETARIES OF THE TREASURY AND PRESIDENTS AND SECRETARIES UNDER WHOM THEY SERVED

Presidents	Secretaries	Undersecretaries ¹	Undersecretaries 1 Term of service	
Harding	Mellon	S. Parker Gilbert, jr., New Jersey S. Parker Gilbert, jr., New Jersey	From— July 1,1921	To
Coonage		Garrard B. Winston		

ASSISTANTS TO THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY AND PRESIDENTS AND SECRETARIES UNDER WHOM THEY SERVED

Presidents	Secretaries	Assistants to the Secretaries	Term of service			
			Fre	m—	T	с—
Washington	Hamilton	Tench Coxe, Pennsylvania	Sept.	11,1789	May	8, 1792
Wilson	McAdoo	George R. Cooksey, District of Columbia.	Mar.	6, 1917	Mar.	4, 1921
	Glass.					
	Houston.					

ASSISTANT SECRETARIES OF THE TREASURY AND PRESIDENTS AND SECRETARIES UNDER WHOM THEY SERVED

Presidents	Secretaries	Assistant Secretaries 8	Term of service		
			From-	To	
Taylor	Meredith	Charles B. Penrose, Pennsylvania	Mar. 12,1849	Oct. 9,1849	
	Meredith	Allen A. Hall, Pennsylvania	Oct. 10,1849	Nov. 15,1850	
Filmore	Corwin.			·	
	Corwin	William L. Hodge, Tennessee	Nov. 16, 1850	Mar. 13,1853	
Pierce					
	Guthrie	Peter G. Washington, District of Co- lumbia.	Mar. 4,1853	Mar. 12,1857	
Buchanan	Cobb.				
+	Cobb	Philip Clayton, Georgia	Mar. 13,1857	Jan. 16,1861	
	Thomas.				
	Dix.		•		
Lincoln	Chase	George Harrington, District of Columbia.4	Mar. 13,1861	July 11, 1865	
	Fessenden.				
	McCulloch.	,			
Johnson	McCulloch.	, i			
Lincoln	Chase	Maunsell B. Field, New York	Mar. 18, 1864	June 15,1865	
	Fessenden.	·			
	McCulloch.				
Johnson	McCulloch.				
Lincoln	Fessenden	William E. Chandler, New Hamp- shire.	Jan. 5,1865	Nov. 30, 1867	
	McCulloch.				
Johnson	McCulloch.				

Office established act June 16, 1921.
 Office established Sept. 2, 1789; abolished act May 8, 1792; reestablished act Mar. 3, 1917. Appointed

by the Secretary.

Office established act Mar. 3, 1849; appointed by the Secretary. Act Mar. 3, 1857, made the office Presidential.

Act Mar. 14, 1864, provides one additional Assistant Secretary.

Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury and Presidents and Secretaries under whom they served—Continued

Presidents	Secretaries	Assistant Secretaries	Term of	service
·	,		From-	
Johnson	McCulloch	John F. Hartley, Maine	July 11, 1865	May 4, 187
Grant	Boutwell.	,	, , ,	
	Richardson.			
	Bristow.		•	
ohnson		Edmund Cooper, Tennessee	Dec. 2,1867	May 31,186
Grant	Boutwell		Mar. 20, 1869	Mar. 17,1873
	Richardson	•	Mar. 8,1873	June 11, 187
	Bristow.		, .	,
	Bristow	Charles F. Conant, New Hampshire	July 1,1874	Apr. 3,187
	Morrill.		,	
Hayes	Sherman,			
Grant	Bristow	Curtis F. Burnam, Kentucky	Mar. 4,1875	June 30, 1876
	Morrill	Henry F. French, Massachusetts	Aug. 12, 1876	Mar. 9,188
Науез	Sherman.	,,,		,
Garfield	Windom.			
Arthur	Windom.			
	Folger.			
i	Gresham.			
	McCulloch.			
leveland	Manning.			
Hayes	Sherman	Richard C. McCormick, Arizona	Apr. 3,1877	Dec. 8, 187
	Sherman	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Dec. 9,1877	Mar. 31,1880
	Sherman	J. Kendrick Upton, New Hampshire	Apr. 10,1880	Dec. 31,1881
Jarfield	Windom.	,		'
Arthur	Windom.	•		
	Folger.			
	Folger	John C. New, Indiana	Feb. 28,1882	Apr. 16,1884
	Folger	1	Apr. 17,1884	Nov. 10, 1885
	Gresham.	·		,
	McCulloch.			
leveland	Manning.			
*.		Charles S. Fairchild, New York	Mar. 14,1885	Apr. 1,1887
	Manning	William E. Smith, New York	Nov. 10, 1885	June 30, 1886
•	Manning	· ·	July 12,1886	Mar. 12,1889
	Fairchild.			
Iarrison	Windom.	,		
leveland	Fairchild	Isaac N. Maynard, New York	Apr. 6,1887	Mar. 11,1889
larrison	Windom.	,	- 1	•
	Windom	George H. Tichner, Illinois	Apr. 1,1889	July 20,1890
	Windom		Apr. 1,1889	Oct. 31,1890
	Windom	A. B. Nettleton, Minnesota	July 22,1890	Dec. 1,1892
	Foster.			•
	Windom	Oliver L. Spaulding, Michigan	July 23,1890	June 30, 1893
•	Foster.	, ,,	• • •	,
Cleveland	Carlisle.		1	
Iarrison	Foster	Lorenzo Crounse, Nebraska	Apr. 27,1891	Oct. 31,1892
	Foster	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Nov. 22,1892	Mar. 3,1893
.	Foster	Genio M. Lambertson, Nebraska	Dec. 23,1892	Apr. 3,1893
leveland	Carlisle.	·,-	,	,
		Charles S. Hamlin, Massachusetts	Apr. 12, 1893	Apr. 7,1897
	Carnote,		Apr. 12, 1003	Trott 1.100

⁵ Act July 11, 1890, provides for an additional Assistant Secretary.

Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury and Presidents and Secretaries under whom they served—Continued

Presidents	Secretaries	Assistant Secretaries	. Term of	Term of service		
			From_	То		
Cleveland	Carlisle	William E. Curtis, New York		Mar. 31, 1897		
McKinley	Gage.	·				
Cleveland	Carlisle	Scott Wike, Illinois	Julý 1, 1893	May 4,1897		
McKinley	Gage.			,		
•	Gage	William B. Howell, New Jersey	Apr. 7,1897	Mar. 10,1899		
	Gage	Oliver L. Spaulding, Michigan	Apr. 7,1897	Mar. 4,1903		
Roosevelt	Gage.	,		,		
	Shaw.	٠,				
McKinley	Gage	Frank A. Vanderlip, Illinois	June 1,1897	Mar. 5,1901		
	Gage	Horace A. Taylor, Wisconsin	Mar. 13, 1899	June 3,1906		
Roosevelt	Gage.					
	Shaw.		•			
McKinley	Gage	Milton E. Ailes, Ohio	Mar. 6,1901	Apr. 15, 1903		
Roosevelt	Gage.	*				
	Shaw.					
1.5	Shaw	Robert B. Armstrong, Iowa	Mar. 5,1903	Mar. 5,1905		
	Shaw	Charles H. Keep, New York	May 27, 1903	Jan. 21,1907		
	Shaw	James B. Reynolds, Massachusetts	Mar. 5,1905	Nov. 1,1909		
	Cortelyou.					
Taft	MacVeagh.					
Roosevelt	Shaw	John H. Edwards, Ohio	July 1,1906	Mar. 15,1908		
•	Cortelyou.					
	Shaw	Arthur F. Statter, Oregon	Jan. 22,1907	Feb. 28, 1907		
	Cortelyou	Beekman Winthrop, New York	Apr. 23,1907	Mar. 6,1909		
	Cortelyou	Louis A. Coolidge, Massachusetts	Mar. 17,1908	Apr. 10,1909		
Taft	MacVeagh.					
	MacVeagh	Charles D. Norton, Illinois	Apr. 5,1909	June 8, 1910		
	MacVeagh	Charles D. Hilles, New York	Apr. 19,1909	Apr. 3,1911		
	MacVeagh	James F. Curtis, Massachusetts	Nov. 27, 1909	July 31,1913		
Wilson	McAdoo.					
Taft	MacVeagh	A. Piatt Andrew, Massachusetts	June 8,1910	July 3,1912		
	MacVeagh	Robert O. Bailey, Illinois	Apr. 4,1911	Mar. 3,1913		
Wilson	McAdoo.	*	1			
Taft	MacVeagh	Sherman P. Allen, Vermont	July 20,1912	Sept. 30, 1913		
Wilson	McAdoo.					
	McAdoo	John Skelton Williams, Virginia	Mar. 24,1913	Feb. 2,1914		
	McAdoo	Charles S. Hamlin, Massachusetts	Aug. 1,1913	Aug. 9,1914		
	McAdoo	Byron R. Newton, New York	Oct. 1,1913	Oct. 1,1917		
	McAdoo	William P. Malburn, Colorado	Mar. 24, 1914	Jan. 26,1917		
	McAdoo	Andrew J. Peters, Massachusetts	Aug. 17, 1914	Mar. 15, 1917		
	McAdoo	Oscar T. Crosby, Virginia	Apr. 17,1917	Aug. 28, 1918		
• .	McAdoo	Leo S. Rowe, Pennsylvania	June 22, 1917	Nov. 20, 1919		
	Glass.	James H. Morrie, Titch 6	Oot 5 1017	A 06 7001		
	McAdoo Glass.	James H. Moyle, Utah 6	Oct. 5,1917	Aug. 26, 1921		
	Houston.					
Harding	Mellon.					
Wilson	McAdoo	Puscell C Leffingwell New York	Oat 20 1017	July 5,1920		
** 413011	Glass.	Russell C. Leffingwell, New York	Oct. 30, 1917	July 5, 1920		
	Houston.					
	•	! o additional Assistant Secretaries for du				

⁶ Act Oct. 6, 1917, provided for two additional Assistant Secretaries for duration of war and six months after.

Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury and Presidents and Secretaries under whom they served—Continued

Presidents	Secretaries	Assistant Secretaries	Term of service		
		,	From-	To_	
Wilson	McAdoo	Thomas B. Love, Texas	Dec. 15,1917	Jan. 31, 1919	
	Glass.	•			
	McAdoo	Albert Rathbone, New York	Sept. 4,1918	June 30, 1920	
	Glass.				
	Houston.		•		
	Glass	Jouett Shouse, Kansas	Mar. 5,1919	Nov. 15, 1920	
	Houston.	,	·	-	
	Glass	Norman H. Davis, Tennessee	Nov. 21, 1919	June 14,1920	
	Houston.	•	·		
	Houston	Nicholas Kelley, New York	June 15, 1920	Apr. 14,1921	
Harding	Mellon.	•	•]	
Wilson		S. Parker Gilbert, jr., New Jersey 1	July 6,1920	June 30, 1921	
Harding		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,		
•	Houston	Ewing Laporte, Missouri	Dec. 4,1920	May 31, 1921	
Harding			ĺ	. ,	
		Angus W. McLean, North Carolina	Dec. 4.1920	Mar. 4, 1921	
	Mellon	Eliot Wadsworth, Massachusetts		1 '	
. •	Mellon	Eliot Wadsworth, Massachusetts			
Harding		· ·		l .	
		Elmer Dover, Washington	Dec. 23,1921	, , ,	
	Mellon		Mar. 3, 1923		
Coolidge			,		
Harding		Garrard B. Winston, Illinois	July 9, 1923		
Coolidge		Garrard B. Winston, Illinois8		Nov. 19, 1923	
		Charles S. Dewey	, ,		
			, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -		

[†] Became Undersecretary July 1, 1921. ⁸ Became Undersecretary November 20, 1923.

ANNUAL REPORT ON THE FINANCES

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Washington, November 20, 1924.

SIR: I have the honor to make the following report:

With the other nations of the world we are just emerging from that most difficult period of readjustment which is the inevitable aftermath of a great war. We are perhaps the first nation able now to present reasonable assurances that we have come through successfully. During the transition, improvement has often seemed slow and uncer-Various theories inconsistent with economic laws have been advanced and urged as remedies to this or that feature of our system, according to the slant or obsession of the particular theorist. sober judgment of a great majority of our people has in the election just passed repudiated these theories and expressed itself in favor of a constructive and orderly program of handling our governmental affairs. It is only through hard work, economy, and sound policies that we have a right to expect true progress. We have every reason, then, to believe that with the indorsement just received these forces will have full weight in our Nation. There lie before us to-day, if we approach them with intelligence, years of prosperous and healthy conditions such as succeeded the election of 1896. A review of the past four years shows that we have already made much progress in this direction.

These years have been a period of readjustment in both Government finances and general economic conditions, and of reconstruction on a more substantial basis. How complete the transition has been can be seen only from a comparison of present conditions with the inflated levels of public expenditures and taxation, and the maladjustments in business which prevailed four years ago. The magnitude of the Government's operations and activities in waging the greatest war in history made the return to more normal conditions a slow process at best, and at the beginning of 1921 the adjustment of the Government's finances to a peace-time basis had only begun. There existed at that time a staggering public debt of about \$24,000,• 000,000 and of this amount about seven and one-half billions was short-dated debt, much of it maturing from month to month requiring frequent heavy refunding issues to be floated on the market. Government expenditures were still eight or ten times as heavy as pre-war expenditures, and Federal taxes, which were still being collected under the war-revenue measure of 1918, amounted to nearly one-tenth of the total national income of the country.

Through the establishment of the Bureau of the Budget and the splendid cooperation of all Government departments in the program of economy, expenditures have been reduced from \$6,500,000,000 during the fiscal year 1920 to about \$3,500,000,000 in 1924, a reduction of about 46 per cent. As a result of this reduction in expenditures two revenue relief measures were made possible, the revenue act of 1921 and the revenue act of 1924. The receipts under the 1924 act, it is estimated, will aggregate nearly \$1,500,000,000 less than they would have been under the act of 1918. In 1920 Federal taxes collected amounted to \$54 per capita; next year they should be but \$27, a cut of exactly one-half. At the same time the public debt has been reduced \$2,800,000,000 since March 1, 1921, and provision is made in each year's budget for debt retirements of about \$500,000,000, chargeable against ordinary receipts. The entire short-dated debt, moreover, has been either retired or refunded into more manageable maturities, and refunding operations are now necessary only on quarterly tax-payment dates, with consequent minimum disturbance to the financial markets. These accomplishments have placed the Government's finances on a sound footing and, with the tax reform which must ultimately come, the burden on private business and credit should grow progressively smaller and smaller. The urgent need is for constant guard against additional undertakings or outlays which might interfere with the orderly program of debt retirements or make additional taxes necessary.

The readjustments in the general economic conditions of the country have been no less noteworthy than in Government finances. Following a period of extraordinary inflation the country experienced in 1920 and the early part of 1921 one of the most precipitant declines in prices, production, and trade in its history. Prices turned downward early in 1920 and continued for somewhat over a year. The movement gathered such momentum that it was not completely checked until about the middle of 1921. By that time the general price level had declined nearly one-half from the high point of the previous year, while prices of farm products had fallen 54 per cent. This meant that farm products worth \$1 in January, 1920, were worth only 46 cents in June, 1921. The production index declined from 116 to 74, while bank debits outside of New York City declined from 120 to 88, and the index of building permits from 129 to 68. There followed similar declines in bank credit and currency.

The result of this situation was the complete disorganization of our economic structure. Business languished, factories closed, unemployment increased, land values were cut in half in many sections of the country, the banks were nearly paralyzed with frozen loans, mortgages were foreclosed, and we had to readjust ourselves to meet new conditions.

While it has taken time for this situation completely to remedy itself, the adjustment has now been made and both banking and business conditions are in a thoroughly sound position. Prices have been comparatively stable for two or three years, production has increased 20 or 25 per cent, bank debits 15 or 20 per cent, and employment 8 or 10 per cent. Interest and discount rates, as a rule, have been reduced more than half. Discount rates of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, for example, have been reduced from 7 per cent to 3 per cent, and rates on prime commercial paper from over 71 per cent to 31 per cent. Bank deposits have increased six or eight billion dollars from the low point of 1921, or over 20 per cent. At the same time reserves are unusually high, frozen loans have been almost completely liquidated, and the country's banking and credit structure was never in a stronger position and more able to support continued business and industrial expansion. The traffic handled by the railroads continues at almost record levels, and many roads are returning to a dividend-paying basis after years of financial difficulties and struggles to build up road and equipment to a basis of efficiency. The building and automotive industries are prosperous and in turn are big factors in maintaining the country's general prosperity.

Perhaps agriculture suffered most from the crisis of 1920 and 1921 and was slower than other industries in recovering. Farmers and stockmen generally were left in a serious plight by the price decline. Livestock had to be sold regardless of price, and cotton, corn, and other agricultural commodities met markets which were discouragingly low. Forced liquidation and hasty selling impaired the farmer's buying power, and this in turn brought about a reduced demand for the products of industry. Various relief measures were adopted to remedy this situation. They were the agricultural credits act of 1921, broadening the powers of the War Finance Corporation: the agricultural credits act of 1923, creating the intermediate credit banks; and the Agricultural Finance Corporation, which was organized at the suggestion of the President but is supported entirely by private capital. Additional relief was afforded through the renewed activities of the Federal farm loan system and the gradual improvement of the Federal reserve banks as well as the member banks and other commercial banks of the country. While recovery in agriculture has been slow it has been substantial, and to-day, due largely to changing conditions in world crops and world markets, it faces a new era. The maladjustment between agriculture and other industries has been removed, and the farmer is rapidly being restored to his proper status in the economic system.

In looking forward to the years immediately ahead of us the new situation in Europe, following the inauguration of the Dawes plan,

must be taken into account. Those countries have already developed a new mental attitude and outlook, and something of the old-time industrial vigor and thrift are returning. The effect of a more prosperous Europe means the broadening of our markets and opportunities and a quickening of our economic development. The situation in America looks more favorable for sound and orderly economic development than at any time since the war.

TAXATION

The President on signing the revenue act of 1924 issued a statement (Exhibit 56, p. 264) in which he pointed out its defects and indicated that he viewed the bill as a measure of temporary relief but not a genuine tax reform. I am in hearty accord with those views. This act, while granting many desirable reductions in taxes, failed to provide changes in the tax system for which there is a pressing need. The problem, therefore, before us now is not so much one of tax reduction as of tax reform. The attention of the Congress should be directed principally to the excessive surtax rates and the confiscatory estate tax rates. The gift tax is unworkable and unduly hampers legitimate business. The publicity provision in the revenue law, in my opinion, is a mistake of policy and will be detrimental to the revenue.

Taxation should not be used as a field for socialistic experiment, or as a club to punish success, but as a means of raising revenue to sup-The controlling elements are not political. port the Government. The last two preceding Secretaries of the Treasury, both under another political administration, presented to the Congress the same economic viewpoint with respect to high surtaxes as that which was advanced by the Treasury and raised the greatest controversy during the recent tax legislation. It is a fair supposition that, except for the exigencies of partisan advantage in a session of the Congress before a presidential election, there would not have been a very great difference of opinion as to the evil of these excessive taxes. solution of the problem, and it is one which must ultimately be solved, lies not in partisanship but in an impartial consideration of a subject economic in its essence, no matter how much it may be political in its appeal.

The purpose of taxation is to raise money, not only in the particular year in which the tax is assessed, but to leave the source from which the revenue is to be derived permanently unharmed, so that in the next year and in the years following similar taxes will produce adequate revenue from this source. The power to tax has been well called the power to destroy. But the continued existence, not the destruction, of its source of revenue is the object of the Treasury. If experience shows that a policy of taxation has harmful conse-

quences, and if we wish to maintain the particular source as a means of revenue, we must adjust our policy to meet the facts, regardless of how pleasant a different policy may have seemed. If land is continually over-cropped, less and less will the harvest be in the succeeding years until the land is valueless and its owner must abandon it and move to other fields if he would live. So in taxation there are limits to taxable capacity. The enemies of the income tax are not those seeking to reduce its excessive rates but those who insist that the high rates, which have proved economically incorrect, shall remain.

The argument is made that the wealthy should bear substantially the whole burden. It is quite obvious that we could not collect solely from those having incomes in excess of \$300,000 a year the \$861,000,000 of personal income tax which we received from all classes in 1922, because the total income of the \$300,000 class, reported for taxation, was but \$365,000,000, and even a 100 per cent tax would be ineffective to produce the revenue required. The income is not there. We must also tax smaller incomes if the Government's requirements are to be met. While the example given above may seem extreme, it illustrates the fact that it is impossible for the Government to live by taxing the wealthy alone. A broader base of taxation must be found. Again, if we attempt to levy taxes inherently too high, those whom we seek to tax will find some of the many ways of avoiding the realization of an income which can be reached by taxation, and the source of the revenue will decline. Those having incomes in excess of \$300,000 had in 1916 aggregate incomes of nearly \$1,000,000,000 under a 15 per cent maximum tax. This would have been more than sufficient to provide for the total income tax collected in 1922 from all classes, but by 1922 the aggregate income of this wealthy class, with the maximum rate of tax at 58 per cent, had dropped to \$365,000,000. There was less income upon which taxes could be levied. As a matter of fact, about as much tax was collected from this class in 1916 with the 15 per cent maximum tax as in 1921 with the maximum rate of 73 per cent.

Taxation in America is not the simple question of garnering a tithe of the product of a purely agricultural people. We are a nation of 48 States, each with its own laws of property and corporate organization, none of which is subject to the Federal Government. We are notably ingenious in finding ways and means to accomplish our purposes. We are becoming experienced in investments outside the country, where the Federal tax collector's hand does not reach. We have the anomaly of a Government seeking to collect income taxes and at the same time providing legally authorized means of avoiding payment of the tax by the issuance of fully tax-exempt securities

through its own agencies and a refusal to tax the income from the enormous mass of securities being issued by State and municipal governments. It is an interesting commentary on the method of approach by some to an economic question that the means of tax avoidance by the wealthy are promoted by the very persons who most vehemently demand that the wealthy shall pay. Differing from the ideas of other countries, we have a theory of income tax which treats realized increment in capital values as income. The theory may be correct, but when we come to practice we find that, in order not to put all business and dealing in property in a strait-jacket, page after page of exceptions must be written into the law. With so many doors to the house, the effort to close them all has given us the most intricate tax law in history. At the apex of this structure, we have maximum rates of tax and a publicity provision which not only encourage tax avoidance but make its avoidance, unless human nature be changed, inevitable.

Ways will always be found to avoid a tax so inherently excessive. America presents no exception in the history of taxation. The solution of the problem lies not in passing more laws but in adopting laws with more reason. A reasonable rate of tax will make elaborate, expensive methods of avoidance unprofitable. A reasonable rate of tax will make the administration of the tax laws more simple of accomplishment.

There is, in addition to the intricacies of our income tax and the impossibility of a strict enforcement, a much more serious effect of excessive taxation, both income and estate, on our industry and initiative. To make a new venture, to start a new business, to build a new building, to construct and not just sit passive, means risk. Where that risk involves capital, the probable rate of return must compensate for the risk taken. Yet the law now says to the man of large income: "If you lose on your venture, you will pay 100 per cent of the loss; if you win, the law will take 50 per cent of your profit." These are not the odds which encourage adventure or the production of income which will yield its revenue to the Government. No man will continue to sow where he can not reap. We have, then, the blighting effect of excessive rates, which compel avoidance and destroy initiative, and by both means diminish the returns from the upper brackets, from which the Government has been taking a large part of its revenue. If these brackets become unproductive, the revenue can be made up only by higher taxes in the lower brackets and by decreasing the present exemptions so that the tax will apply upon smaller incomes. This is a condition which can not be escaped more scientific taxes on the larger incomes or more taxes on the lower incomes.

While it is true that income and estate taxes will always yield revenue, it is not true that they will yield sufficient revenue to contribute their share to the support of the Government, unless adjusted economically. In the seven-year period from 1916 to 1922, as to which we now have income-tax statistics, the reported income of those having incomes in excess of \$300,000 dropped from \$992,000,000 to \$365,000,000, and the percentage of income of this class to all income reported dropped from 15.77 to 1.71 per cent. During the four years in which the 25 per cent maximum tax on estates has been felt in revenue, receipts from this source have dropped from \$154,000,000 in 1921 to \$102,000,000 in 1924. Should this tendency continue, and the evidence is that it will and be accelerated in the estate tax where the maximum has been raised from 25 to 40 per cent, then both taxes will be indeed unproductive.

It may be truly said, therefore, that the man with small income is more interested than are the wealthy themselves in seeing that the tax upon high incomes and large estates is economically sound. With all the world opening to investment, with new tax-exempt securities being issued at the rate of more than \$1,000,000,000 a year, and with other means of escaping, the wealthy need no guardian. But to the extent that they are encouraged and do avoid taxation, the burden will inevitably be shifted to those with small or moderate incomes. The Government must live. The inevitable result of uneconomic taxation is to raise the price level, so that 97 per cent of the people in the country, who pay no income tax directly, must make their payments indirectly in what they buy. They, too, are vitally interested.

The importance of getting our taxing system on a sound basis is not a subject which with safety to our future can be long postponed. During the war and in the period of readjustment immediately succeeding, large investments were made by the Government in what might be termed capital assets, and we have been living partly upon these assets in the past few years. War supplies became surplus and were available for sale; large loans were made to the railroads, which are being repaid; the War Finance Corporation is collecting its loans and returning them to the Treasury. The earlier income and excess profits taxes were exceedingly complicated, new in theory, and extremely difficult to administer. The Treasury is still collecting for the earlier years, which have yielded much in additional taxes. In the past fiscal year, for example, \$44,000,000 was received from the sale of war supplies, the Railroad Administration showed a net excess of \$58,000,000 of receipts over expenditures, and the War Finance Corporation an excess of \$52,000,000. It is estimated that the back taxes collected in the year were between \$350,000,000 and \$400,000,000, from which should be deducted \$127,000,000 of tax re-

This means that last year's receipts reflected about \$400,000. 000 of such realization, against which can be offset \$12,000,000 of new investment in stock of the Intermediate Credit Banks. surplus war properties has been substantially completed. Most of the railroads able to do so have repaid their loans, and the great bulk of securities still held will be slow in realization. The War Finance Corporation has returned to the Government almost all of the Government's investment in that corporation. Back taxes have not yet been exhausted, but within the next year the Bureau of Internal Revenue should become substantially current. In the meantime there are several tax questions pending in court, decision of which against the Government would involve very large tax refunds. is clear that we must look carefully to the productivity of our existing taxes and to their economic stability if we are to have further tax reduction and if we are not to be forced in less prosperous times to actual tax increases. We can not afford to lose revenue.

The adoption of the Dawes plan presages industrial activity to those European countries who are our greatest competitors in foreign trade. All of these countries have a lower standard of wage and of living than this country. Their production costs generally will be less than ours. If we are to continue to compete successfully abroad, we must be sure that our taxation system does not put too heavy a a handicap upon our industry and our trade.

In approaching the subject of rates the Treasury has been concerned solely with recommending those rates which will produce, and continue to produce, the most revenue with the least disturbance. The problem in its essential features does not differ from the problem of any sales manager attempting to price the article he has to sell. the price is too high, his customers are few or none and he makes nothing; if the price is too low, he has many customers but small or no profit. Somewhere between the two extremes lies the belt within the bounds of which is the maximum profit. What the exact rate of maximum profit may be is a matter of judgment. In all probability the recommendation of the Treasury of 25 per cent maximum surtax plus a 6 per cent normal tax, a total of 31 per cent, is above this belt of profit. A total maximum tax of 15 per cent might be on the lower side of this belt of profit. But at least the maximum rate should be brought within the limits of the belt. would be more profitable to collect 30 per cent of the \$1,856,000,000 of aggregate net income of those having incomes above \$100,000 in 1916 (a year of 15 per cent maximum tax) than to collect 50 per cent from similar incomes aggregating \$892,000,000 in 1922 (a year of 58 per cent maximum tax).

It has been the belief of the Treasury, and it is borne out by experience, that, if taxes are too high, the source of revenue diminishes and the tax becomes less and less productive. If taxes are reduced,

the source of taxation expands and the lower rate may be even more productive than the higher rate and the source of revenue assured for the future. The table 1 appearing as a footnote gives a comparison of incomes in the \$100,000 and the \$300,000 classes which is extremely interesting. During the period covered by available statistics, the percentage of aggregate income reported by those with incomes of \$100,000 or more to the total income of all classes reporting dropped from 29.47 to 4.18 per cent, and in the \$300,000 or more class from 15.77 to 1.71 per cent. In 1922, however, the maximum rate was reduced from 73 to 58 per cent, and the higher brackets recovered somewhat, the \$100,000 class increasing its percentage from 2.37 to 4.18 per cent, and the \$300,000 class from .78 to 1.71 per cent. This illustrates clearly the advisability of reducing the rates on the higher incomes so that more income proportionately may be available for taxation and the burden not have to be borne by the smaller incomes.

An even more striking example is the case of capital gains. Prior to 1922 these were taxed at the regular surtax rates. In 1922 for the first time a flat rate of 121/2 per cent was levied. Between these two years the number of taxpayers with incomes in excess of \$300,000 increased from 246 to 537, and of this number 165 would not have been in that class except for the realization of capital gains. Prior to the insertion of the capital gains section in the law, investments did not change hands, property was tied up, and the Government collected little revenue from this source. When the rate of tax was reduced to 12½ per cent, however, the Government opened up a vein of revenue which in that one year yielded over \$31,000,000 in taxes. It is quite obviously of as much advantage to the Government that the tax on capital gains be reduced as to the taxpayer and to business. Most of all is the moderate taxpaver benefited by removing some of the load from him. The rate was such as permitted the traffic to move, and it did move, to everybody's advantage.

¹ Tax returns of those with net income in excess of \$100,000 and \$300,000, as compared with total of all net incomes returned, for the calendar years in which the tax accrues; latest available figures

Year	ncome tax, maxi- mum rate	Total amount of net income returned	Num- ber of returns of net income in ex- cess of \$100,000	Net income returned by those returning in excess of \$100,000	Per cent (5) is of (3)	Num- ber of returns in ex- cess of \$300,000	Net income returned by those return- ing in excess of \$300,000	Per cent (8) is of (3)
. (1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1916	Per ct. 15 67 77 73 73 73 58	\$6, 298, 577, 620 13, 652, 383, 207 15, 924, 639, 355 19, 859, 491, 448 23, 735, 629, 183 19, 577, 212, 528 21, 336, 212, 530	6, 633 6, 664 4, 499 5, 526 3, 649 2, 352 4, 031	\$1, \$56, 187. 710 1, 606, 516, 153 990, 239, 425 1, 169, 553, 048 727, 004, 763 463, 003, 351 892, 747, 680	29. 47 11. 77 6. 22 5. 89 3. 06 2. 37 4. 18	1, 296 1, 015 627 679 395 246 537	\$992, 972, 986 731, 372, 153 401, 107, 868 440, 011, 589 246, 354, 585 153, 534, 305 365, 729, 746	15. 77 5. 36 2. 52 2. 22 1. 04 . 78 1. 71

One of the most difficult problems the income tax presents is the tax-exempt security question. There are two solutions: First, eliminate the tax-exemption privilege; second, adjust the income-tax rates, so that the value of tax exemption as a means of tax avoidance shall be lessened. The first solution requires a constitutional amendment, and its adoption has met with serious political opposition. Also, in the last session of the Congress there was defeated a recommendation of the Secretary of the Treasury that a taxpayer should not be permitted to take as a deduction, in figuring his net income, interest paid by him except to the extent it exceeded the tax-exempt interest received by him and which he did not include in his gross income. While the Treasury renews the recommendation made heretofore that a constitutional amendment to reach tax exemption be proposed by the Congress, it feels that the recognition of the necessity for this action by Congress may be delayed and that an immediate remedy should be adopted.

Fully tax-exempt securities outstanding in the hands of the public now amount to \$13,284,000,000, and are increasing at the rate of about \$1,000,000,000 a year. The value of a tax-exempt security to a man of large income lies wholly in the fact that the tax-exemption feature gives him more free income than another equally safe investment, part of the return from which the Government takes. Under the present law, if a man has an income of \$100,000 and is asked to invest money in some constructive project, the new project must return to him \$1.75 for every \$1 he would receive from investing the same money in tax-exempt securities. To express this another way, it takes about an 8 per cent return on a taxable investment to be equivalent to a 41/2 per cent return on one that is tax-exempt. With higher incomes, the disparity is even greater. If the Treasury's recommendation for a maximum aggregate tax of 31 per cent should be adopted, the relative values would be \$1.44 to \$1, or 61/2 per cent taxable as compared with 4½ per cent exempt. The difference between an investment in ordinary productive business returning 8 per cent, the requirement under the present law, and 61/2 per cent, the requirement under the Treasury rates, to equal a 4½ per cent tax exempt, is the difference between a sound investment and a speculative investment. One will be accepted, the other not. If the income-tax rates are reduced to a reasonable figure, the lure of taxexempt securities to the wealthy becomes less appealing and many will put their money into business or new projects and be content with less return because it will give them as much free income as would a tax-exempt security. From such investments the Government gets revenue; from tax-exempt securities it gets none. such investments capital is provided for industry at lower rates and the appalling increase of State and municipal indebtedness, with its

inevitable taxation of the people to pay this indebtedness, is not encouraged.

The adoption of the solution of the tax-exempt evil by taking from it the wholly artificial attraction of high income taxes on other investments is within the immediate power of the Congress. This would prove advantageous to constructive business and to all who use capital, would remove the incentive for the most notorious avoidance by the wealthy of income taxes, and would assist in accomplishing the purpose of taxation—that is, to raise revenue. A continuation of the high artificial value to this legal means of escape must end, or the graduated income tax will cease to be productive.

Estate taxes

This is a field of taxation which has been occupied by the Federal Government four times in its history, and each time until the present was promptly relinquished to the States when the particular emergency for which additional taxation was then required had passed. The first time was immediately after the Revolution; the second, during the Civil War; the third, during the Spanish War; and the present tax was inaugurated during the World War. The present tax is duplicated by similar taxes of every State in the Union except one or two. There arises, then, on this feature of our taxing law the question whether or not this particular field is one for Federal or State taxation, or whether the field is open to both. This is a political phase of the subject. Discussing the economic feature, it is necessary to consider the effect of both Federal and State taxes. The greater burden is, of course, the Federal tax.

It is true that the present law gives a credit of any tax paid to the States up to 25 per cent of the Federal tax, but the effect of this will only be for all States to raise their taxes to a point which will equal this 25 per cent. If a State imposes no inheritance tax, then the Federal Government takes its full Federal tax. If a State imposes a small tax, then the State tax plus the Federal tax is equivalent to the full Federal tax. It is not until the State tax exceeds 25 per cent of the Federal tax that additional burdens are laid upon the estates of decedents domiciled in the particular State imposing such a tax. The incentive is for each State to adopt rates which will be equivalent to 25 per cent of the Federal tax. The credit, therefore, is not necessarily a material decrease in the total tax of both jurisdictions

There is conflict between the States themselves. It is quite possible under our complex system of property ownership in America for the various States and the Federal Government to take by death taxes more than 100 per cent of a particular estate. The elimination of this manifest injustice will require the working out of some reciprocal exercise of the taxing power by the States and the Federal

Government in the interest of the good of the whole. A consideration of this feature might well have the attention of the Congress.

In addition, there seems to be a well-defined view on the part of

State authorities that the occupation of the field of death taxes by the Federal Government when the war emergency has ceased is unfair to the States, since the Federal tax cuts very materially into the revenue which the State can obtain through this type of taxation. In many States Federal taxes are a deduction from the gross estate before the State's death duty is levied. The direct effect of the Federal tax, therefore, is to decrease the amount of the estate subject to the State tax. A \$10,000,000 estate is reduced to less than \$7,500,000 if the Federal tax is first deducted. Indirectly the Federal tax is so high that it has a strong tendency to decrease both the size of the estate, which is the usual result of avoidance of excessive taxes, and the value of the property in the estate, which is the economic effect of a capital tax, so that graduated death duties of the States are much less productive. The importance of this matter to the States is so great that they will undoubtedly present their own views to the Congress. If, however, we are to retain the estate tax as a source of Federal revenue, there must in any event be a change in policy and the rates made more reasonable.

In 1921 the 25 per cent maximum estate tax was first fully reflected in revenue. The return from Federal estate taxes for that and subsequent years has been as follows:

1921	\$154, 000, 000
1922	139, 000, 000
1923	126, 000, 000
1924	102, 000, 000

For the first three months of the current fiscal year estate taxes have aggregated \$19,703,126, as against \$23,357,400 for the first three months of the previous fiscal year. This is a clear showing of the progressive failure of a tax inherently excessive. With a 40 per cent maximum rate in the revenue act of 1924 we may expect an acceleration of this tendency. Again, it must be remembered that not only is the effect of the loss of productivity of this character of taxation felt by the Federal Government, but it is even more serious to many State governments, where inheritance taxes are a more important part of the State revenue, than such taxes are to the Federal Government.

This excessively high taxation should be considered from two standpoints: First, its effect upon existing capital, or its static effect; and second, its effect on the production of future capital, or its dynamic effect. Death taxes are taxes upon capital. It is obvious that, if the Government, to maintain itself, were to take 50 per cent of every estate, small or large, and if on the average in the course of a generation a man could not double his inheritance, there would be an actual depletion of capital within the country and ultimately nothing would be left to tax. This is clear enough, but there is another less readily visible but more immediate result.

Inheritance taxes are based upon capital values. Even though the rate of tax remains the same, it makes an important difference in Government revenue whether a wealthy man dies when the market for the assets left by him is up or when it is down. The Federal tax on an estate consisting net of 100,000 shares of United States Steel would be \$2,961,000 if Steel were \$110 and \$1,861,000 if Steel were \$80 when the death of the decedent occurred, making a difference of \$1,100,000 in revenue derived by the Government. This result might be brought about by market conditions alone and, if so, in the long run the disparity would be equalized, since sometimes the market value of the stock is up and sometimes down and on the average Government revenue would not suffer. If, however, there is a continuing pressure on all values, not on steel stock alone, or on stocks alone, but on every kind of property within the country, the result is a bringing down of values and necessarily a lessening of the revenue, because the tax depends upon values and upon nothing else.

Since an executor must obtain cash to pay his tax, he usually must dispose of the assets of the estate at what is essentially a forced sale. If an estate must realize upon some stock not generally dealt in, or a piece of real estate, for example, it can do so only by reducing the price until a bargain figure is reached which will attract purchasers. When the next estate comes along for taxation with similar stock or a like kind of property, its tax will be based upon the lower price fixed by the sale of the assets of the first estate. Thus we have a permanent lessening of values and a continuous exhaustion of the source for death taxes. Any tax which thus materially lowers values destroys itself.

The dynamic or moving effect of high taxes is not so immediate as the actual depletion of capital and lessening of capital values. It is nevertheless of great importance in the establishment of a permanent policy. After man has become sufficiently civilized to provide for the reasonable requirements of living, the impetus to further effort at production is found largely in the desire to leave one's family well provided for. So long as the individual feels that he can pay the tax and still leave an estate to his family, he will increase his efforts; but, if he finds that by reason of excessive taxation the results are not commensurate with the effort, he will probably cut down his production and the general wealth of the country will be diminished accordingly. A man will not seek to build up a large fortune just to have it taken away from his family at his death.

Gift tax

The gift-tax provision was adopted upon the floor of Congress without reference to committee. In consequence it was never thoroughly studied and not tied up with the other provisions of the law. As an example, if a donor should give away a piece of property which cost him \$50,000 and which at the time of the gift was worth \$100,000, he is taxed on the basis of \$100,000. If the donee should then sell this property for \$100,000, he would be taxed on the basis of what the property cost the donor and be obliged to report \$50,000 profit for income tax purposes, although the property was sold at the same price which fixed its value for taxation as a gift.

Aside from the grave constitutional question of the right of Congress to tax gifts at all, the gift tax is an excellent illustration of the futility of trying to prevent avoidance of excessive taxes and still not penalize legitimate transactions. Under the statute, if property is sold or exchanged, the difference between the value of the property and what is received is considered a gift. So, if a seller makes a bad bargain, he suffers not only his loss on the bargain but he must pay a gift tax on this loss. The more he has lost the more tax he has to pay. The duty devolves upon the taxpayer to report every transaction where he received less in value than he gave, and upon the Bureau of Internal Revenue, therefore, to pass upon innumerable straight business transactions.

The tax applies to corporations, and must necessarily do so or its avoidance would be too simple. A corporation would be reluctant to give pensions to its injured or superannuated employees, or to pay bonuses, if its gifts to these employees are taxed; and, of course, the larger the number of employees it wishes to benefit the more the corporation would be taxed for each employee. Although the tax is a tax on capital, it is on an annual basis. If a man should give \$50,000 a year for 10 years there would be no tax, but if he gave \$500,000 in one year the tax would be \$19,000. A man might receive a gift of \$50,000 from each of 10 corporations without tax; but if one corporation gave him \$500,000, again the tax would be \$19,000. Under the law, after the aggregate of such gifts is in excess of \$50,000, every gift of over \$500 to any one person even to members of one's immediate family must be reported and is taxable. Examples of the sunsound nature of this attempt to close loopholes for the avoidance of excessive taxes could well be multiplied. It is better to adopt reasonable rates of taxation which do not compel avoidance, and to avoid indirect and artificial restraints upon usual and proper transactions. Something is wrong with our tax policy if legislation such as this is necessary to make the collection of revenue effective.

Publicity

The revenue act of 1924 added to the requirement that the names and addresses of all taxpayers be open to public inspection the additional requirement that the amount of tax paid by each be also open to inspection. At the same time Congress specifically reenacted section 3167, which penalizes the printing or publication of any part of a return. No attempt was made to reconcile these two sections. Whatever the law may be, the printing has been done, and we can now view, in the light of actual experience, the undesirability of the publicity provision.

Aside from the question of the unnecessary violation of the right of privacy which should be insured to all citizens in the spirit of the fifth amendment to the Constitution, it would be interesting to know what good will be accomplished by the provision. The Treasury has every means of access to the complete returns and all books and papers of each of these taxpayers. Publicity is wholly unnecessary from an administrative standpoint. Publicity serves one purpose, however. It gives to business rivals and to those having some ulterior motive information which is of value to them solely to the extent it is detrimental to the taxpayer. They gain by the taxpayer being hurt. It is difficult to imagine any one thing which would be a greater spur to the efforts of all taxpayers to avoid a taxable income than the threat that the amount they pay will be pilloried. To the direct monetary value of saving payment of an inherently high tax is added the incentive, in many cases much stronger, of preserving business privacy. Immediately upon the recent publication of this information opened to the public, the newspapers reported a stimulation in the market for tax-exempt securities. We may promptly expect renewed use of the many means of tax avoidance, with the consequent decrease in the productivity of the income tax. The provision should be repealed.

Board of Tax Appeals

In June, 1924, the President appointed 12 members of the Board of Tax Appeals, and the nucleus of the board thus appointed promptly undertook the preparation of rules of practice and methods of procedure. The new law gave taxpayers an additional 60 days within which to determine whether they desired to go to the Board of Tax Appeals, and thereafter an additional 30 days was given by the board's rules for getting the case at issue. As the result of the necessary delay in getting cases at issue and the unfamiliarity of all, both within the Bureau of Internal Revenue and among taxpayers generally with the new law, the number of cases on the board's dockets have not yet necessitated the appointment of additional

members within the maximum of 28 authorized under the law. The board is functioning satisfactorily, and at present is keeping up to date with its calendar. The experiment is one which is yet too new to provide a basis for comment, and the board should be permitted to continue along the lines indicated by the Congress without further amendment to the law until it has an opportunity to demonstrate its value to the taxpayer and to the Government.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

The Treasury closed the fiscal year 1924 with the largest surplus in the history of the Government. Total ordinary receipts during the year aggregated \$4,012,044,701 and total expenditures chargeable against such receipts were \$3,506,677,715, showing a surplus of \$505,366,986. This compares with an estimated surplus of \$329,639,624 in my previous annual report, the actual surplus being about \$175,000,000 in excess of the estimate. The two accounts which varied the greatest from estimates and which were largely responsible for the additional surplus were "Railroads" and "Receipts from foreign governments." Both of these accounts were affected by changes in the money and investment markets. While total receipts from foreign governments corresponded closely with estimates, the method of payment changed. After Liberty bonds went above par they were no longer used in payment of foreign obligations. In June \$50,000,000 in payment of interest was received in cash instead of in our own securities as expected. amount, therefore, did not appear as a corresponding expenditure on account of the cancellation of securities. With the decline in interest rates, moreover, the railroad securities heretofore acquired by the Government could be refunded at lower interest rates by the railroads, and were, therefore, paid off or purchased; and instead of a net cash outgo in the railroad account there was a net cash income, making a difference of some \$120,000,000 over the earlier These two factors, therefore, are responsible for about estimate. \$170,000,000 of the increase in the actual surplus over the estimate.

On the other hand, income taxes, which aggregated \$1,842,000,000, were only \$8,000,000 less than the estimate although a 25 per cent reduction had been made on six months of the 1924 payments of personal income taxes. This reduction amounted to something over \$100,000,000, it is estimated. In spite of the reduction, income taxes were approximately \$163,000,000 larger than in 1923, due mainly to the increase in business activity over the previous year and the consequent growth of profits. Customs receipts were \$545,637,504, or about \$24,000,000 less than estimated, and miscellaneous internal revenue was \$953,012,617, or about \$20,000,000 in excess of the estimate.

In view of the discussion during the past year regarding the degree of accuracy of the Treasury's estimates, attention may be further directed to the closeness with which estimates correspond with actual tax receipts and general expenditures. Without the 25 per cent reduction in personal income taxes paid during 1924, total receipts from customs and internal revenue would have been about \$100,000,000 in excess of estimates, a difference of only 3 per cent. The amount appears large only when viewed alone and disassociated from the tremendous totals of Government receipts. Ninety-seven per cent accuracy in pre-war estimates would have been considered exceptional and the total discrepancy would have been less than \$24,000,000. The showing has been especially creditable in view of the rapid changes in business activity during recent years and the consequent wide fluctuations in incomes. In order to maintain the same degree of accuracy of estimates of receipts, or to attain greater accuracy if possible, the Treasury has recently undertaken a detailed statistical analysis of the various taxes as related to the business cycle. The purpose is to determine as nearly as possible the relative degree to which a change in business activity affects tax receipts and to work out a statistical basis for estimating which will give due weight to such changes. A change of 10 per cent in business activity, for example, means a much greater change relatively in profits and income taxes. Estimating income taxes, therefore, requires the measurement not only of the change in business activity but also of the effects of these changes on corporate and personal profits, including the shifting of personal incomes from one bracket to another.

If the special accounts, such as "Railroads" and "Receipts from foreign governments," changes in which are not foreseeable by the Treasury, are omitted, estimates of expenditures correspond much more closely with actual figures than receipts. In the case of general governmental expenditures, for example, which include all administrative expenditures of the various departments, the Army and Navy, and the various special bureaus and offices, the actual figures were \$1,833,000,000, as compared with estimates of \$1,828,000,000.

A detailed statement of receipts and expenditures during the fiscal year 1924, as compared with 1923, appears on pages 131 to 143 of this report. Of the total expenditures, \$457,999,750 were on account of the sinking fund and other debt retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts. Total ordinary expenditures other than public debt retirements were \$3,048,677,965, compared with \$3,294,627,529 during the previous fiscal year, a reduction of about \$246,000,000. The decrease in interest payments accounts for \$115,000,000 of this, while general expenditures showed a reduction from the previous year of \$117,000,000, due mainly to further Government economies.

DIAGRAM 1

ORDINARY RECEIPTS OF THE GOVERNMENT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1924

TOTAL = \$ 4,012,044,701

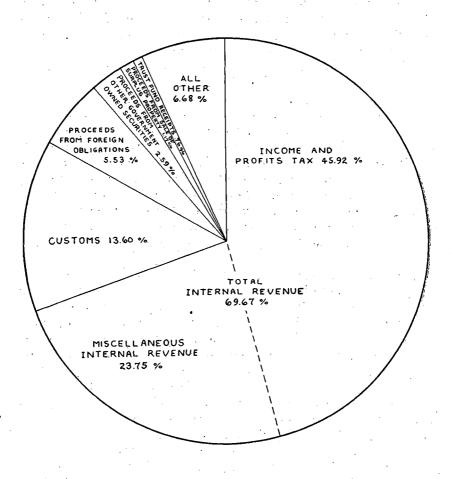
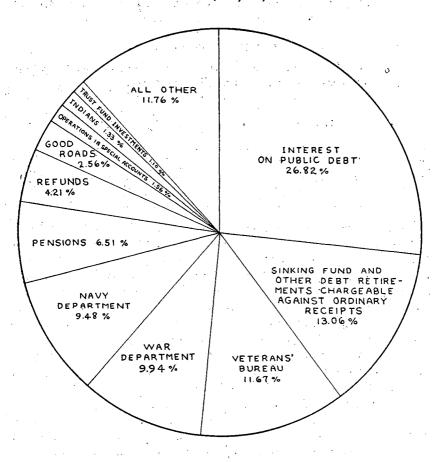


DIAGRAM 2

GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES CHARGEABLE AGAINST ORDINARY RECEIPTS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1924

TOTAL = \$ 3,506, 677,715



Reductions are shown in nearly all departments and independent bureaus. Expenditures for the Treasury Department, for example, were reduced from \$145,016,859 in 1923 to \$137,411,205 in 1924, and for the War Department from \$392,733,634 to \$348,629,778. In fact, the only major department which did not show a decrease was Agriculture, whose expenditures increased from \$128,745,677 in 1923 to \$141,116,440 in 1924, due to additional expenditures for good roads. There were slight increases in the expenditures of the legislative establishment, the executive proper, the District of Columbia, and some of the independent offices and commissions. Diagrams 1 and 2, pages 18 and 19, show the percentage distribution of receipts and expenditures for the fiscal year under review.

Four years of economy

The extent of the reduction in Government expenditures during the past four years is shown in the following table:

Fiscal year	Total ordi- nary receipts	Expenditures chargeable against ordi- nary receipts	Surplus
1920 1921 1922 1923 1924	\$6, 694, 565, 388 5, 624, 932, 960 4, 109, 104, 150 4, 007, 135, 480 4, 012, 044, 701	\$6, 482, 090, 191 5, 538, 209, 189 3, 795, 302, 499 3, 697, 478, 020 3, 506, 677, 715	\$212, 475, 197 86, 723, 771 313, 801, 651 309, 657, 460 505, 366, 986

Total expenditures have been reduced from \$6,482,000,000 in 1920 to \$3,506,000,000 in 1924, or nearly \$3,000,000,000, although in 1920 there were no sinking fund charges. While a large proportion of this reduction is accounted for in the special accounts such as "Railroads," "War Finance Corporation," "Shipping Board," and "Grain Corporation," there have been noteworthy and consistent reductions in the regular administrative expenditures of the Government each year. The general expenditures (which include all regular departmental expenditures but exclude interest on the public debt, public debt retirements, operations in special accounts, trust fund investments, etc.), were \$1,833,000,000 in 1924, compared with \$3,232,000,000 in 1920, a reduction of about \$1,400,000,000, or 43 per cent. This reduction was accomplished in spite of the heavy expenditures for veterans' relief, amounting to over \$400,000,000 in Moreover, the outlays for good roads have practically doubled the disbursements of the Department of Agriculture, and the amount paid out in pensions increased about \$15,000,000 between the two dates, thereby increasing total disbursements of the Interior Department. Expenditures of the War Department alone were reduced about \$1,260,000,000 from 1920 to 1924, and for the Navy Department the reduction was about \$400,000,000. Table F, page 375, shows the expenditures of the various departments each year from 1917 to 1924. Diagram 3, below, gives a comparison of cash receipts and expenditures each year from 1914 to 1924, and diagram 4, page 22, shows receipts from customs, income and profits taxes, and miscellaneous internal revenue from 1914 to 1924.

It was the annual surplus of receipts over and above the regular budget expenditures which formed the basis of the Treasury's recommendations last November for further tax revision and tax reduction. The revenue act of 1921 had already given substantial relief from the

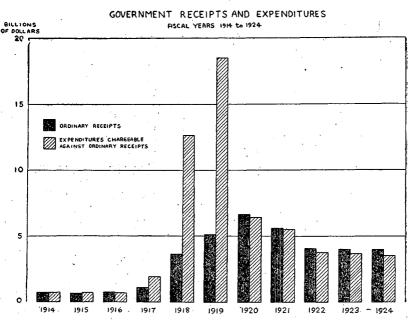


DIAGRAM 3

war taxes, but by rigid adherence to principles of economy further relief was made possible; and while the new revenue act did not accomplish all that was desired in the way of tax reform, it did further substantially reduce the total tax burden. Receipts during the fiscal year 1926, the first fiscal year in which the full effect of the reductions will be felt, will aggregate from \$1,200,000,000 to \$1,500,000,000 less than they would have been under the rates in effect at the beginning of this administration.

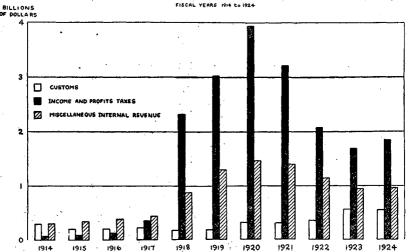
The annual surplus might well have been allowed to continue to accumulate for the purpose of additional debt retirements if the necessity for tax revision had not been so urgent and if extraneous influences for additional expenditures could have been avoided. Tax collec-

tions for the purpose of debt retirements do not lessen the country's capital supply. The funds are put back into productive channels, and, moreover, the annual interest charge is lessened by the additional retirements. There are limits, however, to taxation even for debt-paying purposes. The disturbing influence of an excessive rate of redistribution through debt liquidation might more than offset the advantages of debt reduction. This is especially true under present conditions of unusually heavy ordinary expenditures incident to the war, such as interest on the public debt, care of disabled veterans, and other enlarged governmental outlays from which there is no relief.

DIAGRAM 4

RECEIPTS FROM CUSTOMS, INCOME AND PROFITS TAXES,

AND MISCELLANEOUS INTERNAL REVENUE



In view of these heavy outlays and the fact that provisions have been made in the ordinary budget for liberal debt retirements, amounting to nearly \$500,000,000 per year at present, it was the Treasury's view that a reduction in the country's burdensome taxes to the extent of the annual surplus would prove more advantageous to business than the additional debt retirements, and would facilitate the much-needed program of tax reform.

The accomplishments of the Treasury during the past three years have been made possible only through determined and persistent adherence to the policy of economy laid down at the beginning of the administration. It has not always been easy, however, to follow the charted course and to resist the numerous demands made on the Public Treasury for private aid. It has been necessary to oppose

vigorously numerous proposals for additional outlays, proposals which undoubtedly seem worthy to those sponsoring them. These proposals are frequently for small amounts and the argument is advanced in each case that the small additional expense could be easily provided without deleterious consequences. But they are sufficient in the aggregate to upset completely the whole fiscal program of the administration and to produce an annual deficit, or additional taxation, instead of a surplus or tax reduction.

Organized and influential groups of interests are sometimes able to advance their selfish aims with dangerous effectiveness to the detriment of the unorganized masses. Nothing is more certain than that when special advantages of this kind are secured somebody pays the bill. It is in effect an arbitrary redistribution of private income by taking from one class and giving to another without any justification on the basis of public welfare. This Government has always opposed class legislation of this nature, and to pursue a different course now would be suicidal in my opinion. When one group of the community gains at the expense of others, the efficiency and productivity of the community as a whole must inevitably suffer. The Treasury has sincerely attempted to represent the interests of the whole public in these matters, realizing that, whatever the undertaking may be, the taxpayers and consumers pay the price. The importance of Government economy may be seen from the fact that out of every \$100 of the national income about \$12 is paid to Federal, State, and local governments in taxes. Approximately \$5 of the \$12 goes to the Federal Government and the remainder to the State and local Governments. With this already serious encroachment upon private income the Government hesitates to undertake further activities even for worthy and commendable purposes. Therefore it must conscientiously oppose the many unsocial measures for expenditures which have been proposed and pressed upon Congress and the administration.

THE PUBLIC DEBT

The gross public debt was reduced \$1,098,894,375 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, and stood at \$21,250,812,989 on the latter date. This reduction was accomplished through (1) the application of the sinking fund and other public debt charges against ordinary receipts, aggregating \$457,999,750; (2) a reduction in the general fund balance of \$135,527,639.56; and (3) the use of the entire surplus of \$505,366,986.31. The annual interest charges on the debt represented by this reduction are equivalent to over \$45,000,000.

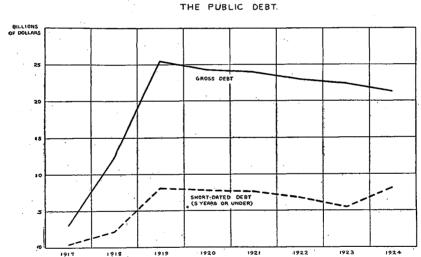
The total reduction in the debt since the high point of \$26,594,000,-000 on August 31, 1919, amounted to \$5,343,000,000 at the close of the last fiscal year. At the peak of the debt, however, there was an

unusually large amount of temporary borrowing in anticipation of the next tax payment date and the debt figures on that date give a somewhat exaggerated impression of the true situation. The debt on June 30, 1919, a more representative date, was \$25,484,000,000, and the reductions by fiscal years since that time are shown in the following table:

Fiscal year	Retirements chargeable against ordi- nary receipts	Retirements through sur- plus	Retirements through reduc- tions in the net balance in general fund	Total debt reductions
1920. 1921. 1922. 1923. 1924	\$79, 000, 000 422, 000, 000 423, 000, 000 403, 000, 000 458, 000, 000	\$212, 000, 000 87, 000, 000 314, 000, 000 310, 000, 000 505, 000, 000	\$894, 000, 000 1 187, 000, 000 277, 000, 000 1 99, 000, 000 136, 000, 000	\$1, 185, 000, 000 ² 322, 000, 000 1, 014, 000, 000 614, 000, 000 1, 099, 000, 000
Total	1, 785, 000, 000	1, 428, 000, 000	1, 021, 000, 000	4, 234, 000, 000

Debt issues resulting in increase in net balance in general fund.
 Includes a reduction of \$4,842,000 on account of a revised estimate of the amount of fractional currency outstanding.

DIAGRAM 5



Details as to debt retirements will be found in Exhibits 12 to 17, pages 179 to 189 and in Tables D and F, pages 369 and 375. Diagram 5 above shows the course of the gross public debt and the short-dated debt from 1917 to the present time.

It will be noted that about three-fourths of the debt reduction during the fiscal year 1920 was due to the decrease in the net balance in the general fund of the Treasury. During the war, financial operations were on such a large scale that it was necessary for the Treasury to have always available a working cash balance of a billion dollars or more. This balance was obviously much too large for peace-time operations, and consequently it was reduced \$894,000,000 during the fiscal year 1920, effecting a corresponding reduc-

tion in the debt. During the years 1921-1924, however, the reductions have been effected almost entirely, taking the four-year period as a whole, through fixed-debt retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts and through the use of the surplus.

The fixed-debt charges are included in the regular budget of the Government under a definite plan worked out soon after the close of the war for the gradual retirement of the public debt, and must be met before the budget can balance. The most important of these fixed-debt charges is the cumulative sinking fund provided in the Victory Liberty loan act. Retirements through this fund during the past fiscal year were about \$296,000,000. The next items in size among the fixed charges are the retirements of securities received from foreign Governments under debt settlements and the purchases from foreign repayments. These two accounts amounted to about \$150,000,000 during the fiscal year 1924. The following table shows for each fiscal year from 1920 to 1924 the debt retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts classified according to the source of the funds:

Debt retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts [In thousands of dollars]

	(in violation of domain)								
Fiscal year	Sinking fund	Pur- chases from foreign repay- ments	Received from for- eign gov- ernments under debt settle- ments		Pur- chases from franchise tax receipts	Forfeitures, gifts, etc.	Total		
1920 C 1921 1922 1923 1924 Total	\$261, 100 276, 046 284, 019 295, 987 1, 117, 152	\$72, 670 73, 939 64, 838 32, 140 38, 509 282, 096	\$68, 753 110, 879 179, 632	\$3, 141 26, 349 21, 085 6, 568 8, 897 66, 040	\$2, 922 60, 725 60, 333 10, 815 3, 635	\$13 169 393 555 93 1, 223	\$78, 746 422, 282 422, 695 402, 850 458, 000 1, 784, 578		

See Exhibit 24, page 200, for the specific issues of securities retired under each of the above accounts.

Retirements through the sinking fund increase each year, but this means no increase in the total amount devoted to the debt service, because the increase in the sinking fund each year represents interest saved on previous retirements from the fund. There can be little or no further reduction in the general-fund balance for some years to come, because it is as low now as the Treasury's activities will safely permit. The total balance, moreover, fluctuates around \$200,000,000, a small figure when compared with the public debt. It is not contemplated, furthermore, that there will be further surpluses of any significance. The revenue act of 1924 will reduce tax receipts over \$450,000,000 annually, it is estimated, and in addition some of the sources of revenue during the past few years, such as realizations on war assets and back taxes, are rapidly becoming exhausted.

The total debt retirements from the peak have effected a saving in interest amounting to approximately \$225,000,000 annually, a saving which equals nearly one-third of the total annual pre-war expenditures of the Government. This strict adherence to a rigorous debt-paying program has not only strengthened the public credit and put the Government's finances in a more manageable shape, but has greatly added to the strength of the general investment and money markets. Retrenchment in current Government expenditures which does not impair governmental efficiency and the application of the surplus thus created to debt retirements increase the country's capital supply by that amount, the funds being released for private enterprise. Sound Government finance, including a rigid debtpaying policy, is absolutely indispensable to the best interests of business and private finance. Private credit can not continue to flourish if the public credit is in a state of chaos. Therefore, a debtpaying program has been the only consistent policy to follow. The necessity for such a policy is obvious when it is realized that this country came out of the war with a debt at its peak in 1919 equal approximately to the total expenditures of the Government during its entire existence prior to 1917. The debt per capita had risen from \$12 at the beginning of the war to about \$250 at the middle of 1919. Interest alone on this debt has been about a quarter of a billion dollars more each year since 1920 than the total Government expenditures during the fiscal year 1916, the last pre-war year.

The nation which does not follow a policy of paying its debts, but allows them to accumulate, may be compared to an individual who follows a similar course. It is a sign of debility and denotes the absence of essential vigor and foresight. The public debt is a mortgage or lien upon national wealth, and unless the country pursues a policy of paying off this mortgage it is bound to become more and more burdensome as time goes on. Debt reduction, in fact, is the best method of bringing about tax reduction. Aside from gradual refunding at lower rates of interest, it is the only method of reducing the heavy annual interest charges.

The question of how rapidly the public debt shall be liquidated is not a question of what proportion of the cost of the war shall be paid by the present generation and what proportion shall be shifted to future generations. The view sometimes advanced that the present generation can avoid in part the burden of the cost of the war by passing the war debt on to future generations is fallacious when the debt is entirely domestic, as in the case of the present debt of the United States. A domestic debt is simply a liability of the people to pay themselves, or rather to pay the group holding Government securities; and while this liability may be handed down to the next generation, equivalent assets in the form of Government securities

would also be handed down, and that generation, viewed as a whole, would be neither richer nor poorer. From the viewpoint of the country as a whole, the war was paid for when it was fought. equipment, munitions, ships, food, clothing, and all other materials and supplies necessary for carrying on the war had to be produced before they could be utilized. If the war had been financed entirely through taxation, as some suggested at the time, or if the supplies needed by the Government had simply been commandeered and not paid for, it can readily be seen that the whole burden of the war would have been borne at that time. The financing of the conflict in part by loans was simply an arrangement under Government supervision whereby those who were in position could pay more than their proper proportion of the cost and be reimbursed later with interest by those who were not in position at the time to meet their proper proportion under the tax system without too great sacrifices and hardships.

If every citizen had subscribed to the Government war securities in the proportion of his tax payments to total tax collections, the process of financing the war in part by loans would have been a useless expense because in that event the Government would return to each individual in debt payments just the amount it collects from him in taxes. There are doubtless some who are in approximately this position and are unaffected by debt payments. On the other hand, there is one group who hold Government war obligations in excess of the amount which they will ultimately pay in taxes for debt redemptions, as contrasted with another group who will pay in taxes for debt redemptions an amount greater than their holdings of Government obligations. What constitutes an asset to the one group in the form of Government obligations is in effect an equal liability on the other group in the form of a tax lien on their future earnings. The Government is simply an intermediary or agent who collects from the debtor and pays the creditor. This situation is analogous to the supposititious case where A, not being able to meet his tax payments, borrows from B, giving his note with interest. A has not evaded the burden but has simply increased his liabilities instead of reducing his cash assets. He must meet the new obligation, principal and interest.

The problem of the public debt, then, is largely a question as to how rapidly the redistribution may be effected without undue disturbance to business and general economic conditions. The obligations must be met, but the rate of payment must be adjusted to produce the greatest good and the least disturbance. To the extent that tax collections for debt-paying purposes promote saving and

reduce unnecessary expenditures, and to the extent that a debt-paying program promotes Government economy, the net result is an actual net increase in the country's capital supply and general welfare. On the other hand, if a business or an individual is forced to liquidate its or his obligations too rapidly, the result is needless sacrifice and loss. The present program calls for fixed-debt retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts aggregating about \$500,000,000 annually. This constitutes at present about 14 per cent of the Government's expenditures, but the amount will increase progressively each year by the amount of the reduction in interest charges due to debt retirements through the sinking fund. The Treasury believes that this program, while providing for substantial retirements, is not unduly burdensome and should not be interfered with by additional or extraordinary governmental expenditures.

Changes in the composition of the debt

In my previous annual report I reviewed the refunding operations and pointed out that the entire short-dated debt of seven and one-half billion dollars outstanding at the beginning of this administration had either been retired or refunded into more manageable maturities. The effectiveness of that refunding program is illustrated in the operations of the past year. Maturities have fallen only on quarterly tax payment dates and, due to the heavy retirements from ordinary receipts, only comparatively small new issues have been necessary. All new issues since the previous annual report have been certificates of indebtedness. The following table gives the principal facts regarding these issues:

Series	Interest rate	Term	Date of issue	Due	Amount allotted
TJ-1924 TD-1924 TM-1925 TD2-1924 TS-1925	4 4 ¹ / ₄ 4 2 ³ / ₄ 2 ⁸ / ₄	6 months 1 year do 6 months 1 year	Dec. 15, 1923 	June 16, 1924 Dec. 15, 1924 Mar. 15, 1925 Dec. 15, 1924 Sept. 15, 1925	\$135, 128, 500 214, 149, 000 400, 299, 000 193, 065, 500 391, 369, 500

The article on pages 81 to 83 of this report, entitled "Certificates of indebtedness," gives the details regarding these various issues. Circulars announcing the issues are included as Exhibits 26 to 29, pages 208 to 213. The table following shows in summary form the changes in the various items of the short-dated debt (maturing within five years) since August 31, 1919.

Short-dated	debt,	August	31,	1919,	to	October	31,	19241
[Millions of dollars]								

Date	Total short- dated debt (maturing within five years)	Third Liberty loan bonds	Victory notes	Treasury notes	Loan and tax certifi- cates of indebted- ness	special cer- tificates of	Treasury (war) savings securities	4 per cent loan of 1925
Aug. 31, 1919 Apr. 30, 1921 June 30, 1921 June 30, 1922 June 30, 1923 June 30, 1924 Oct. 31, 1924	9, 246 7, 602 7, 618 6, 746 5, 473 8, 072 8, 068	2, 997 2, 979	4, 113 4, 069 3, 914 1, 991	311 2, 247 4, 104 3, 736 3, 358	3, 938 2, 548 2, 451 1, 755 1, 031 808 1, 196	263 272 249 74	931 713 694 679 337 413 417	118

¹ Exclusive of debt on which interest has ceased and interest-bearing obligations redeemable at the pleasure of the Government but not maturing within the period covered.

² From Preliminary Statement of the Public Debt, Oct. 31, 1924.

On November 1 of this year the Secretary of the Treasury announced that he had called for redemption and payment on February 2, 1925, the 4 per cent loan of 1925, and that such bonds will cease to bear interest on that date. This issue has therefore been included in the short-dated debt. The text of the official circular calling those bonds for redemption is incorporated in this report as Exhibit 33, page 218.

The details of the various issues of the debt outstanding on June 30, 1924, are shown in Exhibit 1, page 150, and in Table A, pages 356 to 363. Operations during the year and other information regarding the debt will be found in Tables B to E, pages 364 to 374, and in Exhibits 2 to 25, pages 155 to 207.

Treasury saving certificates were withdrawn from sale at the close of business July 15, 1924, and until further notice will not be issued except for exchange of denominations or for reissue in case of the death of the registered owner prior to the maturity of the securities. A statement regarding the withdrawal and the details of the sales and exchanges of the series of 1924 up to the date of the withdrawal is given on pages 83 and 84 of this report in the article entitled "Government savings securities."

The table following shows the distribution of the interest-bearing debt by maturities at various dates since August 31, 1919, when the gross debt reached the peak.

Interest-bearing debt, distributed by maturities, and total gross debt August 31, 1919, to October 31, 1924¹

[Millions of dollars]

. * # #	Ma	aturing wit	thin five ye				
Date	Within one year	One year to two years	Two years to five years	Total within five years	Maturing after five years	Total interest- bearing debt	Total gross debt
Aug. 31, 1919 Apr. 30, 1921 June 30, 1921 June 30, 1922 June 30, 1923 June 30, 1924 Oct. 31, 1924 ²	4, 201 2, 820 2, 699 4, 336 1, 393 2, 328 2, 338	572 4, 494 366 1, 432 927 1, 342	5, 045 4, 209 425 2, 044 2, 647 4, 817 4, 388	9, 246 7, 602 7, 618 6, 746 5, 473 8, 072 8, 068	17, 103 16, 158 16, 119 15, 965 16, 535 12, 910 12, 910	26, 349 23, 760 23, 737 22, 711 22, 008 20, 982 20, 978	26, 594 23, 994 23, 976 22, 964 22, 350 21, 251 21, 242

¹ Exclusive of interest-bearing obligations redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, but not maturing within the period covered.
From Preliminary Statement of the Public Debt, Oct. 31, 1924.

The increase between June 30, 1923, and June 30, 1924, in the debt maturing within five years and the like decline in the longer-term obligations are due to the fact that on September 15, 1923, the maturity of the third Liberty bonds moved into the five-year period. The following table shows in more detail the distribution of debt maturities from October 31, 1924, to November 1, 1929:

Public debt maturities to November 1, 1929 1

[Amounts as of October 31, 1924]

Date of maturity	Certificates of indebted- ness ²	Notes and bonds?	Treasury (war) savings certificates (including interest)	Total	Cumulative total
Dec. 15, 1924 Jan. 1, 1925 Feb. 1, 1925 Mar. 15, 1925	\$407, 197, 500 400, 299, 000	4\$118, 489, 900 507, 325, 900	³ \$25, 144, 494	\$407, 197, 500 25, 144, 494 118, 489, 900	
Mar. 15, 1925 June 15, 1925 Sept. 15, 1925 Dec. 15, 1925 Jan. 1, 1926	388, 869, 500	597, 325, 900 406, 031, 000 299, 659, 900	⁸ 13, 715, 592	997, 624, 900 406, 031, 000 388, 869, 500 299, 659, 900 13, 715, 592	1, 954, 487, 794 2, 343, 357, 294 2, 643, 017, 194 2, 656, 732, 786
Mar. 15, 1926 Sept. 15, 1926 Dec. 15–31, 1926 January–September, 1927		414, 922, 300	² 1, 805, 047 ² 98, 740, 349	615, 707, 900 414, 922, 300 1, 805, 047 98, 740, 349	3, 272, 440, 686 3, 687, 362, 986 3, 689, 168, 033 3, 787, 908, 382
Mar. 15, 1927		355, 779, 900 \$2,978,776,300	² 15, 548, 160 ² 265, 179, 538	668, 201, 400 15, 548, 160 355, 779, 900 3, 243, 955, 838	4, 456, 109, 782 4, 471, 657, 942 4, 827, 437, 842 8, 071, 393, 680
Total	1, 196, 366, 000	6,454,894,500	⁶ 420, 133, 180	8 8, 071, 393, 680	

¹ Exclusive of debt on which interest has ceased amounting to \$19,703,420.26; second Liberty loan bonds amounting to \$3,104,574,800, which are redeemable, but do not mature, within the period; other interest-bearing obligations redeemable at the pleasure of the Government but not maturing within the period covered and not called for redemption, amounting to \$86,804,660; and thrift and Treasury savings stamps, unclassified sales, etc., amounting to \$4,040,947.69.

2 From Preliminary Statement of the Public Debt, Oct. 31, 1924.

3 From Preliminary Statement of the Public Debt, Oct. 31, 1924, plus accrued interest as shown on the Statement of the Public Debt, Aug. 31, 1924.

4 per cent loan of 1925, called for redemption Feb. 2, 1925.

5 Third Liberty loan maturing Sept. 15, 1928.

6 These totals differ somewhat from the corresponding figures in the table above and also in the table on page 29 because they include the accrued interest on Treasury (war) savings certificates.

PROGRAM FOR RETIRING NATIONAL-BANK CIRCULATION

On November 1 of this year the Secretary of the Treasury announced that he had called for redemption and payment on February 2, 1925, the 4 per cent loan of 1925 amounting to \$118,489,900, and that such bonds will cease to bear interest on that date. (Exhibit 33, p. 218.) By the acts of July 14, 1870, and January 14, 1875, under which these bonds were issued, they are redeemable at the pleasure of the United States after February 1, 1925, upon three months' notice. The public was advised of the Treasury's intention over seven months in advance of the date on which the bonds were to be called, thus discouraging speculation in the bonds and indicating the course which the Treasury proposed to follow.

For many years prior to the enactment of the Federal reserve act much thought had been devoted to the study of our currency system with a view to providing some form of currency more responsive to the needs of commerce and business than the rigid, inelastic, bond-secured circulation which has little or no relation to the legitimate demands for currency. Periodic money panics due to the inflexible limitations placed upon our circulating medium by the requirements of law resulted in country-wide distress and failure of banks and business concerns. For years we labored under the handicaps of an unscientific and wholly inadequate currency system.

It was only after the bitter experiences of 1893 and 1907 and as a result of the study of expert commissions, that Congress finally passed the Federal reserve act. This act, according to its title, was "To provide for the establishment of Federal reserve banks, to furnish an elastic currency, to afford means of rediscounting commercial paper, to establish a more effective supervision of banking in the United States, and for other purposes."

The chief purpose of this law, so far as it relates directly to the currency, was to provide a modern, elastic form of currency which would expand and contract in accordance with varying trade needs. The creation of such a currency involves the retirement of our inelastic national-bank circulation.

To visualize clearly just how rigid our currency system was prior to the enactment of the Federal reserve act, there are listed below the classes and amounts of outstanding paper currency on July 1, 1914, a date just prior to the World War, and four and one-half months prior to the opening of the Federal reserve banks. The amounts given represent the total stock of paper money in the country:

(a)	Gold certificates	\$1, 080, 974, 869
(b)	Silver certificates	490, 850, 000
	Treasury notes of 1890	
(d)	United States notes	346, 681, 016
(e)	National-bank notes	750, 671, 899
	·	2, 671, 616, 784

It will be noted that there is no great degree of elasticity in any one of these five forms of paper currency. It may be well to consider each in turn:

Certificates, gold and silver.—Both gold and silver certificates are in the nature of warehouse receipts issued by the Government, certifying that there has been deposited in the Treasury of the United States an equivalent amount of gold or silver dollars, as the case may be, payable to the bearer on demand. They are a convenient paper substitute for the metal itself and are limited dollar for dollar to the amount of coin (or coin and bullion in the case of gold certificates) deposited in the Treasury.

Treasury notes of 1890.—Approximately \$156,000,000 of these notes were originally issued to pay for the purchase of silver by the Secretary of the Treasury, but under the act authorizing the issue and the act of March 14, 1900, all but approximately \$1,400,000 have been retired, and these now compose an insignificant part of our circulating medium.

United States notes.—The total amount of United States notes (more commonly known as "greenbacks" or "legal tenders") authorized by law was \$450,000,000, and the highest amount outstanding at any one time was \$449,338,902 (January 30, 1864). Through authorized retirements the amount was reduced to \$346,681,016 on May 31, 1878, when Congress passed an act requiring all such notes to be reissued when redeemed. While, therefore, these notes can not be further reduced under the present provisions of the law, neither can they be increased. They constitute a fixed and inflexible element in our currency situation.

National-bank notes.—The only other form of circulating paper currency authorized by law at the time the Federal reserve law was passed was the national-bank note. On July 1, 1914, there was outstanding \$750,671,899 of this kind of currency, more than one-fourth of the total stock of paper currency in the country.

These notes were first authorized by the act of February 25, 1863, an act which was superseded by the act of June 3, 1864, entitled "An act to provide a national currency, secured by the pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof." This is the basic act for the national banking system, and it is generally recognized that the power given to banks chartered thereunder to issue circulating notes against the pledge of United States bonds was largely to accomplish two purposes—to provide an easy market for Government bonds and to provide a uniform circulation which might take the place of the bank notes issued by many different institutions chartered under the laws of the different States. These State-bank notes were taxed out of existence under the terms of the act of March 3, 1865, as amended.

While there is no doubt that the national-bank notes helped to accomplish each of these two purposes and were a vast improvement over most of the State-bank note issues previously circulating, nevertheless it has long been recognized by economists, bankers, and others interested in the establishment of a more perfect currency system, that even this form of bank-note currency—the only supplement to the certificates and notes issued by the Government—failed to serve the growing needs of the country, and that the lack of elasticity of the whole currency system had become a source of real danger. The reason for this is obvious. There are outstanding the following Government bonds which bear the circulation privilege:

•		Amount outstanding Oct. 31, 1924	Amount pledged with Treasurer to secure circu- lation, Nov. 1, 1924
4 per cent loan o	s of 1930 f 1925	\$599, 724, 050 118, 489, 900 48, 954, 180 25, 947, 400 793, 115, 530	\$589, 086, 200 76, 687, 050 48, 484, 720 25, 584, 920 739, 842, 890

It will be seen from the above table that there are in existence. only \$53,272,640 of bonds bearing the circulation privilege which are not pledged with the Treasurer to secure circulation. This amount represents the maximum potential increase over the present figures of national-bank circulation. Consequently, it is easy to see how inelastic our currency system would be at the present time were it not for the fact that the Federal reserve banks have authority to issue Federal reserve notes as provided in the Federal reserve act. Even if there were an indefinite supply of eligible bonds against which bank notes could be issued, the element of elasticity, which signifies the power to contract as well as to expand, would still be lacking. In practice there would be expansion, but no automatic inducement on the part of the issuing banks to contract when the need no longer existed. We would still suffer from all the consequent ills of a rigid bond-secured circulation. Diagram No. 6, page 34, shows how inelastic the national-bank bond-secured circulation was from 1900 to 1914 as compared with Federal reserve notes, which were first issued in 1914:

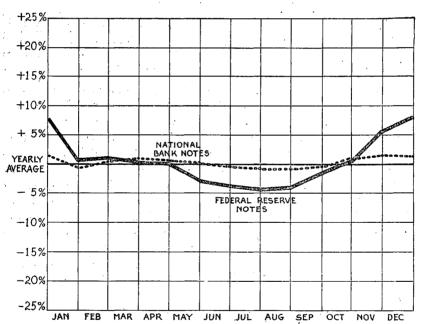
While, therefore, the Federal reserve act has overcome one of the shortcomings of our earlier system in that it has now provided the means of issuing an elastic currency against commercial paper, nevertheless, it has failed to accomplish the gradual retirement of the national-bank circulation, as was contemplated by its authors.

Section 18 of that act provided for the purchase of circulating bonds by Federal reserve banks in amounts not to exceed \$25,000,000 a

year for a period of 20 years, with a view to retiring gradually all of the national-bank circulation through this and other provisions of law. This provision of the Federal reserve act was entirely consistent with the plan of legislation suggested by the National Monetary Commission as a result of its many years of investigation of banking throughout the world. In that proposed plan, the provision relating to the purchase of circulating bonds (somewhat similar to that contained in section 18 of the Federal reserve act) was supported by the statement that it was—

the policy of the United States to retire as rapidly as possible, consistent with the public interests, bond-secured circulation and to substitute therefor notes of the National Reserve Association of a character and secured and redeemed in the manner provided for in this act.

DIAGRAM 6



Seasonal variation of Federal reserve notes (1915-1922) compared with the seasonal variation of national.

bank notes (1900-1914).

In other words, it was recognized by students of economics and banking that as soon as Congress should provide the means of issuing an elastic currency, such as that provided by the Federal reserve act, a way should also be provided for the gradual elimination of the bond-secured currency issued by the several thousand different national banks. The provision for the retirement of national-bank notes, moreover, is in keeping with world-established and universally

approved banking practices. With certain exceptions, the central banks of issue in the other nations of the world, whether owned by the Government or by private interests, are the sole media for providing paper currency.

As already stated, it was expected that under the terms of section 18 of the Federal reserve act the Federal reserve banks would purchase \$25,000,000 of circulation bonds every year, beginning two years after the date of the act. If they had adhered to this program, they would have purchased a total of \$225,000,000 by this time. As a matter of fact, owing to the interruption of the war, they have actually presented only \$64,000,000 of these bonds for conversion and redemption, and have on hand about \$1,000,000. \$160,000,000 less than expected under the general plan of the Federal reserve act. It is impossible now, owing to the high market price of all these bonds bearing the circulation privilege, for Federal reserve banks to continue purchases under the provisions of section 18, since that section places a price limit of par and accrued interest. is some other way in which the retirement of national-bank notes may be brought about, it is believed that it should be adopted as speedily as may be consistent with the Treasury's other fiscal policies and with due regard to the best interests of the national banks.

It has been suggested that this may not be the proper time to take such action because of the fact that there is already a widespread feeling among national bankers that they are considerably handicapped in their competition with State institutions by the fact that their banking powers generally are more restricted than those of the State institutions. But the proper answer to this suggestion would seem to be not to continue a bank-note currency which is generally agreed to be unscientific and of a more sentimental than material value to the issuing banks, but rather to amend the national-bank act so as to give to those national banks whatever additional banking powers may be necessary in order to enable them effectively and properly to compete with State institutions.

In this connection there are now pending before Congress two bills, known as the McFadden bill and the Pepper bill, both designed to grant those very privileges to national banks. Under the proposed bills some of the present powers will be liberalized and other new powers granted. The Treasury approves the general features of these bills and believes that some such legislation is necessary, not only as a matter of justice to national banks, but also in order to preserve the essential strength and effectiveness of our central banking system. This is obvious when it is considered that approximately two-thirds of the total resources of the member banks of the Federal reserve system are represented by national banks. In view of the likelihood of an early passage of such legislation conferring substan-

tial additional banking powers upon national banks, it is believed that now is the appropriate time to formulate a permanent program for the ultimate retirement of the national-bank circulation.

The 4 per cent loan of 1925, of which \$118,489,900 is outstanding, has been called for redemption and payment as of February 2, 1925. The calling of these bonds may be regarded as the initial step in a program which, if not interrupted or curtailed by reason of circumstances or conditions not now discernible, will result ultimately in the retirement of all bonds bearing the circulation privilege.

This program will provide for the retirement of the 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1916–1936 (in principal amount of \$48,-954,180), and the 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1918–1938 (in principal amount of \$25,947,400), at some date after the passage of the contemplated legislation for the relief of national banks, but before the callable date of the 2 per cent consols of 1930.

The 2 per cent consols of 1930 are not redeemable until after April 1, 1930. By that time the national banks will have had ample opportunity to adjust themselves to the Treasury's plan to retire national-bank circulation. Furthermore, they will then have fully availed themselves of the additional benefits afforded by changes in the national-bank act, if amended. The 2 per cent consols of 1930 should therefore be retired as speedily after April 1, 1930, as may be consistent with other fiscal operations of the Treasury.

It may be suggested that, if the condition of the Treasury precludes the payment in cash of any bonds that are called in accordance with this program and necessitates their refunding into other securities, it would result in increasing the interest obligations of the Treasury. But notwithstanding the possibility of having to refund these bonds at an increased rate, the importance of simplifying our currency system by the elimination of the nationalbank note is paramount, and the increased interest rate in such event might properly be considered an investment in behalf of a sound and much-needed monetary reform.

Moreover, an increase in the interest rates on a relatively small proportion of our national debt would not be a net loss to the Government, because, to the extent that the national-bank notes withdrawn from circulation are replaced by Federal reserve notes, the circulation of the latter would be increased and this would tend to increase the profits of the Federal reserve banks—profits in which the Government has very liberal rights of participation. To the extent, moreover, that national-bank notes are replaced by Federal reserve notes, the more efficiently can the Federal reserve banks function as a stabilizing influence on our credit and currency.

It has also been suggested that the retirement of the nationalbank note circulation would result in currency shortage. believed, however, that there is no sound basis for the fear that any undue or harmful contraction of the currency would result. if the Panama Canal loans callable in 1916 and 1918, respectively, and the 4's of 1925 should all be called at the same time, the resulting contraction in national-bank circulation would not exceed approximately \$151,000,000, or less than 4 per cent of our total paper currency outstanding. It would be superseded, if needed, by the issue of Federal reserve notes or gold certificates. At the present time the Federal reserve banks, which are now the chief distributers of currency in the United States, arbitrarily make payments of nationalbank notes on hand before any other forms of currency. If, however, they should accumulate national-bank notes and pay out other forms of currency first, it would take but a few weeks to substitute \$151,000,000 of Federal reserve notes for \$151,000,000 of nationalbank currency, and the country would never realize that the substitution had been made.

As to the suggestion that national-bank notes are a necessary part of our currency in times of emergency or unusual credit expansion, it may be pointed out that on December 23, 1920, when Federal reserve note circulation was at its maximum (\$3,405,000,000), the available reserve against such notes was 49.8 per cent after setting aside 35 per cent against deposit liabilities. It would have been possible at the peak of expansion, therefore, for the Federal reserve banks to have issued \$831,000,000 additional Federal reserve notesover \$100,000,000 more than the entire amount of national-bank notes then in circulation—without lowering the reserve against Federal reserve notes below 40 per cent. Even if this \$831,000,000 additional currency, which might have been issued under a 40 per cent reserve requirement, had not been sufficient, section 11 of the Federal reserve act specifically authorizes and empowers the Federal Reserve Board to reduce this reserve requirement when necessary. By reducing the reserve requirement only 2 per cent on the above date, therefore, it would have been possible for the reserve banks to have issued \$1,054,000,000 of additional currency, and proportionately more with further reductions of the reserve requirement.

But conditions prevailing in 1920 and 1921 were unusual and it is not likely that we shall have a repetition of them. It is hard to contemplate a condition of the Federal reserve banks, moreover, in which it would not be possible to provide sufficient currency for any emergency that might arise. It could have been done in 1920, if it had been necessary, even without the national-bank note circulation. All the more could it be done now when the total reserve of the Federal reserve system is \$895,000,000 more than it was at that time—

an increase of about 40 per cent. It is difficult to believe, moreover, that our gold reserve for years to come, even contemplating possible heavy exports to Europe, will not be sufficient to meet every possible emergency.

In conclusion, it seems that it is wise and proper to retire national-bank circulation by calling the bonds against which such circulation is issued, for the following reasons:

- (1) A bond-secured bank note is inelastic and unresponsive to the needs of business and commerce.
- (2) National-bank circulation is no longer necessary in view of the ability of the Federal reserve banks to issue Federal reserve notes as and when needed.
- (3) It was contemplated by the framers of the Federal reserve act, and by the committees of Congress which submitted reports prior thereto, that national-bank circulation should ultimately be retired. The provisions of section 18 looking forward to that end became ineffective only because of the war and war financing.
- (4) It is the general policy of other nations to have all currency issued either by the Government itself or by central banks of issue.
- (5) The retirement of national-bank circulation would do much to simplify our currency system and to make more effective those provisions of the Federal reserve act relating to an elastic currency.
- (6) While it has been argued that national banks may object to abandoning the circulation privilege, nevertheless the value of that privilege is, generally speaking, more sentimental than material. Moreover, the enactment of the so-called McFadden-Pepper bills will confer upon national banks those powers so vitally necessary to enable them successfully to compete with State institutions.

While unforeseen conditions and circumstances affecting the fiscal policies of the Government may arise to interrupt or curtail a general program of retirement, it appears desirable to adopt a tentative program which will include the retirement of the 2 per cent Panama Canal loans, callable in 1916 and 1918. These bonds should not be called until after the passage of the national-bank legislation referred to, but they should be called well in advance of April 1, 1930, the callable date of the 2 per cent consols. Subject to the same conditions and circumstances, the tentative program should further include the retirement of the 2 per cent consols of 1930 as soon as practicable after April 1, 1930.

PAPER CURRENCY

The matter of paper currency supply has been one of the major problems within the department since the beginning of the World War. Important changes in kinds, amounts, and denominations of paper currency issues have occurred, and many difficulties have been encountered in the production. Increasing demands, particularly for \$1 notes, have taxed the department's resources. The condition of the notes outstanding generally is very much below the desirable standard, and has caused no end of complaint from all parts of the country. It has been increasingly difficult to meet all demands for notes.

From time to time the department has considered the matter of paper currency supply and has adopted measures which, in part, have given temporary relief, but no definite program was developed for a permanent solution of the difficulties. Before the war, generally speaking, the supply of currency notes was ample, and the condition of those in circulation was satisfactory; the average life of the \$1 denomination was about 11 months, and of the higher denominations somewhat longer. During the war period the life of the notes was materially shortened. This is attributed to changes in the stock composition of the distinctive paper and to changes in printing procedure made necessary to supply the currency needs. As soon as possible the department undertook corrective measures. The situation did not improve, but as a matter of fact grew worse.

Early in this fiscal year an intensive study of the situation was undertaken to determine definitely what should be done. A complete survey of conditions, requirements, and manufacturing procedure was made. As a result certain very definite conclusions were reached and a currency printing program for the balance of the present fiscal year and extending through the next fiscal year was proposed and adopted.

It was shown that conditions imposed during the war had largely persisted because of continuing and even increasing demands for currency. Such demands have continued in excess of the department's facilities under available appropriations, and it has been necessary to depart from the approved standard of fitness, and pay back into circulation large quantities of notes that should have been retired as unfit. The result is a lower standard generally throughout the country. And it has been shown that the most important adverse factor in the situation is the depletion of reserve stocks. Formerly there were maintained reserve stocks of blank paper, reserve stocks of incomplete currency in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, reserve stocks of completed notes in the Treasurer's office, and considerable amounts of new and fit notes in the cash balance of Federal reserve banks. During the period 1917 to 1920 the production of Liberty bonds, war savings stamps, and other securities required a large share of the facilities of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. In the face of increased demands for currency it was necessary to deplete the reserve stocks, and ultimately to deliver the notes direct from the presses. This meant that a note was completed and issued in three weeks, whereas under normal conditions the processes of seasoning and manufacture covered a period of three months. Currency that is rushed into circulation without preliminary seasoning lacks the wearing quality attained only through such seasoning, and as a consequence of this depletion of reserves the life of the notes has been reduced by three or four months. There is no possibility of correcting this defect except through restoration of the reserve stocks.

The approved program for currency supply, in short, includes provision for printing additional notes to improve the general standard of those in circulation; for providing a moderate increase in the amount of \$1 notes outstanding; for providing the certificates required to restore gold to circulation; for establishing a reserve of blank paper approximating one month's requirements; for providing a reserve of incomplete currency in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing the equivalent of one month's product; and for providing a reserve of completed notes in the Treasurer's office equal to one month's requirements.

To make this program effective will require supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year 1925 in aggregate amount \$2,879,750.19. To request an appropriation of this amount, when it is the policy of the department to curtail expenditures, might, at first glance, seem ill-advised, and would be so were there not a real emergency present. Moreover, the program presented is to a certain extent self-supporting. The building up of reserve stocks will increase the life of the currency to such an extent that after the fiscal year 1926 the savings derived by this added life of the currency will amount to at least \$1,500,000 each year, which in two years would equal the amount of the supplemental appropriation requested, and thereafter will continue as an annual saving.

NEW CURRENCY DESIGNS

In the last annual report an account was given of the adoption of new designs for paper currency issues. It will be recalled that the designs provided for characteristic backs for each denomination irrespective of kind, and characteristic faces for each denomination irrespective of kind with variations in detail to differentiate the separate issues.

Silver certificates of the \$1 denomination embodying the new features were first paid into circulation on December 1, 1923, and to June 30, 1924, 128,892,000 notes had been issued. The first delivery of United States notes of the new design in the denomination of \$1 was made by the bureau on January 3 of this year, and to June 30, 1924, 36,068,000 of these notes had been paid into circulation. In accordance with the principles of design adopted, the backs of these two issues of the same denomination are uniform, and the faces

are uniform except as to certain characteristics, which differentiate the silver certificates from the United States notes.

Initial delivery of silver certificates of the \$5 denomination was made on August 7, 1924, and the printing of United States notes of the \$10 denomination has commenced.

Since the last report and the account therein given of the new designs, a design for the \$2 denomination has been approved.

STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS

On August 16, 1924, the Treasury announced its program for increasing the circulation of silver dollars. Following the violent ductuations in the price of silver during 1920, there was a substantial decline in the number of silver dollars in the hands of the public, and since that time the circulation of these coins has been considerably below the level maintained during and prior to the war, as shown in the following table:

Standard silver dollars in circulation

[In millions of dollars]

June 30		June 30	
1910	72	1918	78
1911	72	1919	79
1912	70	1920	77
1913	72	1921	56
1914	70	1922	58
1915	. 64	1923	57
1916	66	1924	54
1917	72		

Efforts have been made from time to time to restore this coin to its former place in the currency structure. Federal reserve banks have sought the assistance of their member banks in an effort to keep the silver dollars in active circulation. Owing to the fact, however, that the cost of shipping silver dollars falls on the member banks while the cost of shipping paper currency is absorbed by the Federal reserve banks, this effort has proved unsuccessful. Furthermore, there was no real demand for silver dollars, since the public had become accustomed to using paper dollars and gave no consideration to the fact that the excessive use of paper money of this denomination was adding an appreciable sum to the expenses of the Government.

The Treasury is now endeavoring to acquaint the public with the desirability of accepting silver dollars as an auxiliary to paper money. Plans have been formulated to increase their circulation to the extent of \$40,000,000, and the various departments of the Government have been requested to cooperate in this movement by using silver in making salary payments to Government employees throughout the

United States. Field officers of the various departments have agreed in making salary payments to use silver dollars for all odd amounts in sums under \$5. The Federal reserve banks have been requested to circularize their member banks, urging that they cooperate in explaining to the public the savings that will accrue to the Government and the assistance that will be given the Treasury in its currency program of building up reserve stocks of dollar bills.

During the last three years an unprecedented demand has developed for paper currency of the smaller denominations. particularly true of \$1 notes, which are being used in increasingly large numbers. In order to supply the demand and to meet redemptions of unfit and mutilated dollar bills, it is necessary to print and put into circulation 48,000,000 of these bills each month. which is rushed through the process of manufacture becomes unfit for circulation within 7 or 8 months of issue, whereas notes which have been given a reasonable period of seasoning, will continue in circulation from 10 to 11 months. Elsewhere in this report the Treasury's plans for increasing the quantity and improving the quality of paper currency are set forth in full. One of the most important phases of the Treasury's program is the setting up of a reserve supply of currency sufficiently large in amount to keep a portion of it in process of seasoning. The building up of an adequate currency reserve will take time. One way of facilitating the operation is to increase the number of standard silver dollars in circulation, thus enabling the Treasury to build up a reserve of paper dollars to the extent of the increased circulation of silver.

There are many reasons why the silver dollar should be restored to its former importance in the currency structure. In the first place, the life of a silver dollar is indefinite, whereas that of a paper dollar does not at most exceed 11 months. A paper dollar costs $1\frac{7}{10}$ cents to manufacture and keep in circulation. If the Treasury, therefore, can restore to circulation 30,000,000 silver dollars in continental United States and 10,000,000 in our insular possessions, it can displace equal amounts of paper currency and effect an annual saving of \$828,000 on this item alone. The use of the silver dollar is not an innovation. It has merely lost its place temporarily in the circulation in certain localities, and all that is proposed is to restore a very limited amount of these coins as an auxiliary to the paper currency.

Suggestions have been received from various sources as to the advantages of issuing a metallic "token" coin in place of the silver certificate or the standard silver dollar itself, the token to be smaller in size and so different in design that it could not be mistaken for any of the subsidiary coins. Proper reserves could be set up against this circulation and we would in effect have a metallic dollar certificate instead of a paper dollar certificate. The thought behind this idea

is perfectly sound and if economy of manufacture were the only consideration the project might be put into effect. The ease of manufacture, however, raises an obstacle, for unless the alloy should contain an amount of precious metal approaching the face value of the coin, counterfeiting would be extremely easy.

BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, several important changes took place in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. On February 15, 1924, Maj. W. W. Kirby, Corps of Engineers, United States Army, was designated to take over the supervision of the bureau. In view of a ruling of the Comptroller General to the effect that an officer of the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps could not fill a civil executive position. Major Kirby was relieved of this duty on March 16, 1924. However, by authority of an act of Congress approved May 31, 1924, Major Kirby was detailed by the Secretary of War to serve as director of the bureau for a period of six months, beginning June 16, 1924, and he is now serving under such detail.

In February, 1924, 17 of the 28 officials dismissed by Executive order of March 31, 1922, were reinstated in the service in the bureau. Failure to reinstate the remaining 11 employees was due to the fact that some of them had died, others had reached the age of retirement, and others declined the offer of reinstatement.

The number of sheets of perfect work completed and delivered by the bureau during the fiscal year 1924 exceeded, with two exceptions, all records in its history. In 1919, when the war peak was reached, and in 1921, when temporary bonds were being replaced by permanent bonds, the total deliveries amounted to approximately 447,000,000 sheets and 438,000,000 sheets, respectively. In 1924 the deliveries reached a total of approximately 431,000,000 sheets. The average number of employees required to complete this work in 1924 was 4,980 as compared with 7,508 in 1919 and 7,097 in 1921.

During the past fiscal year considerable attention was devoted to accounting. A committee appointed for the purpose of investigating accounting procedure has studied the operations of the bureau and has submitted valuable suggestions affecting the accounting procedure. A new system of control accounts of security paper in the process of printing, providing a complete check at each printing stage from the time the blank paper is received from the division of paper custody until the finished subjects are delivered to administrative offices of issue, has been installed with satisfactory results.

In the interests of efficiency and economy many changes in organization and methods were effected during the latter part of the

fiscal year. These include the abolition of the vault division (delivering agency of the bureau), all deliveries now being effected by the divisions completing the work; the inauguration of a simplified method of withdrawing national-bank currency plates from the plate vault; the separation of the personnel office from the office of the purchasing agent, there being no logical connection between personnel and purchasing activities; the restoration of the electrolytic process of making plates, a measure for relieving the present shortage of currency plates; the general use of deep-etched plates for offset printing, the life of a deep-etched plate being considerably longer than that of an ordinary plate; the installation of a new method of wetting paper, resulting in a reduction of spoilage; the salvaging of large quantities of plain distinctive fiber paper; the completion of the eight-subject program on power presses; the installation of safety devices on idling equipment and agitators for uniform ink distribution on power presses; the restoration of the resizing operation, a process for improving the wearing qualities of money paper; the inauguration of a scheme for condemning single notes of a sheet of currency instead of the entire sheet of four notes, resulting in a reduction of spoilage; the installation of the spot welding device, a machine used to band currency for shipment with steel bands in lieu of the old method of tying currency with twine; consolidation of binding and internal revenue issue operations with the surface printing division, thereby centralizing the responsibility for the printing, packing, and issue of all surface printed securities; and the consolidation into one division of all postage-stamp activities following the printing operation resulting in coordination of related operations.

For several years the need for additional space for housing bureau activities has been recognized. During the past fiscal year tentative plans were drafted for the reconditioning of a part of the Auditors' Building (old bureau building), and estimates covering expenses incident thereto were prepared and submitted. The plans provide for the transfer of certain related activities to the Auditors' Building and the rearrangement of divisions in the new building. Such a rearrangement will eliminate long hauls between divisions, thus promoting efficiency, economy, and security and relieving the bureau of its present congestion.

CHANGES IN ORGANIZATION OF BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING

One of the most important organization changes in recent years affecting a bureau or office of the Treasury took place on October 16, 1924, when a reorganization of the general administration of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing became effective.

Prior to the reorganization the administration of the work was handled by a director, an assistant director, and 27 major divisional units, 17 of the major divisional units being further subdivided into 112 subunits. Except in a number of major divisional units and subdivisional units and their size, the organization has remained unchanged during a period of many years. The disadvantages of this form of organization were obvious. The divisional chiefs and many of the subdivisional chiefs reported direct to the director or to the assistant director. Matters of policy, matters of discipline matters of technique, matters of accounting, and routine matters of every conceivable character were presented to the director and to the assistant director. They were loaded with detail, much of which was inconsequential, and they were required to devote their time and attention to matters which should have been otherwise attended to. The assistant director, as a matter of fact, was merely a representative of the director and without definite authority, though he did act on a great mass of details submitted to him. The situation was exactly as if there were a great corporation with a president and a vice president attempting to administer all the details of the business without the advice and counsel of the board of directors and without intermediate officers charged with responsibility for lines of work.

The result was that the operating divisions of the bureau were without correct administrative supervision, except when the operating heads in their discretion placed matters before the director. It could not be otherwise, for it would not have been possible for one man to meet all operating chiefs and discuss matters of technique and administration with them. The organization was too large and too intricate to permit desirable personal contact. Such contact as was established, however, occupied the director to such an extent that he had little time to give to major matters of policy. There was little or no connection between the bureau and the department. As a matter of fact, the situation between the director and the fiscal Assistant Secretary was similar to that between the divisional chiefs and the director; only the unusual or the established routine reached the fiscal Assistant Secretary, and he was not able to keep closely in touch with plans in the making.

Under the reorganization, effective October 16, 1924, in lieu of 27 major divisional units with 112 subunits, there have been established 3 major groups. These groups are composed of 6, 10, and 7 major divisional units, respectively. Each group has been assigned to an assistant director, who will be charged with full responsibility for the conduct thereof. Through a consolidation of major divisional units the number has been reduced from 27 to 23, and the number of

subunits has been reduced from 112 to 95. The assistant directors are of equal rank, each to report direct to the director on matters with which his group is concerned. In his absence the director will designate one of the assistant directors as acting director in order to carry on matters with which the director is charged.

A further element of the reorganization establishes a real connection between the bureau and the department proper. Supplementing the organization there will be a weekly meeting of the fiscal Assistant Secretary, the director, and the three assistant directors, composing a committee of which the fiscal Assistant Secretary is chairman. As a part of the reorganization there is created an executive secretary from the office of the fiscal Assistant Secretary, who shall attend the weekly meetings with a view of keeping, for the Secretary's office, a permanent record of all matters of policy and administration under discussion. As a further auxiliary to the organization a permanent planning unit is established, headed by an employee detailed from the Bureau of Efficiency. The chief of the planning unit also shall attend the weekly conferences and shall be permitted to discuss matters of organization with the fiscal Assistant Secretary as well as with the director.

There is now pending before the Personnel Classification Board a recommendation from this department that the classification of the director be changed from grade 13 (C. A. F.) to grade 14 (C. A. F.). The Treasury hopes to obtain favorable action by the Personnel Classification Board in this connection, and upon approval by the board of the change in classification an appropriate recommendation will be submitted to Congress for the establishment of a salary of \$10,000 per annum for the position of director. It is felt that unless the director of the bureau is paid a salary comparable with that paid for similar services in the commercial field the Treasury can not expect to obtain and retain an executive of the caliber necessary to accomplish the results desired.

In addition to the benefits immediately to be derived from the reorganization, the amended plan of administration will have the effect of developing executives in the bureau who will have some permanency in their positions and who will in turn develop in their units men who may in future years be expected to succeed them. The lack of this permanency of organization in the past has resulted in a constantly changing policy of administration. Under the present plan, even should the director himself be changed, the assistant directors will be able to carry on the established policy in general and to complete any improvements which may be in the making. Moreover, a closer relationship existing between the bureau and the office of the Secretary of the Treasury will tend to permanency of policy and adequate control.

WORLD WAR FOREIGN DEBT COMMISSION

The present members of the World War Foreign Debt Commission are:

Andrew W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury, chairman.

Charles E. Hughes, Secretary of State.

Herbert C. Hoover, Secretary of Commerce.

Reed Smoot, United States Senator.

Theodore E. Burton, Member of the House of Representatives.

Charles R. Crisp, Member of the House of Representatives.

Richard Olney, formerly Member of the House of Representatives.

Edward N. Hurley, formerly chairman of the United States Shipping Board.

Eliot Wadsworth, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, secretary.

A copy of the act of Congress approved February 9, 1922, creating the commission and defining its powers, appears in the Annual Report of the Secretary of the Treasury for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1923, as Exhibit 42, page 256.

A copy of the act of Congress approved February 28, 1923, which authorized the settlement of the indebtedness of Great Britain and increased the membership of the commission from five to eight appears as Exhibit 44, page 261 of the same report.

At the time of the creation of the commission the United States held obligations of foreign governments representing indebtedness incurred in connection with the World War or arising out of conditions resulting therefrom, aggregating in principal amount approximately \$10,102,000,000. The commission has negotiated agreements for the funding of the principal of such indebtedness (including the indebtedness of Lithuania and Poland, respectively, referred to below), amounting to \$4,249,434,720.64, or more than 42 per cent of the total indebtedness to the United States at that time.

A statement of the obligations of foreign governments, together with interest accrued and remaining unpaid thereon as of the last interest period prior to or ending with November 15, 1924, is attached as Exhibit 38, page 230.

There is set forth below a detailed report of the activities of the commission since the last annual report.

Debt settlement with Finland

Settlement of the indebtedness of Finland to the United States on the terms embodied in the agreement executed May 1, 1923, signed on behalf of Finland by the minister of Finland at Washington and on behalf of the United States by the Secretary of the Treasury as chairman of the World War Foreign Debt Commission, with the approval of the President, was approved by act of Congress of March 12, 1924.

Bonds of Finland in the aggregate principal amount of \$9,000,000 issued pursuant to the terms of the agreement, were received by the Treasury on March 22, 1924. The Treasury thereupon, in accordance with the terms of the agreement, canceled and surrendered to Finland through the legation of Finland at Washington obligations of Finland in the principal amount of \$8,281,926.17.

Negotiations leading up to the execution of the agreement are described in the last report of the commission embodied in the Annual Report of the Secretary of the Treasury for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1923, page 26.

Copies of the agreement as executed on May 1, 1923, together with the form of bond actually executed and delivered on March 22, 1924; of the report of the commission dated May 2, 1923; of the letter of the President to Congress dated January 16, 1924; and of the act of Congress approving the settlement are attached as Exhibits 41, 42, 43, 44, pages 233 to 241.

Debt settlement with Hungary

Count László Széchényi, minister of Hungary at Washington and representative appointed by the Government of Hungary to negotiate with the commission, presented to the commission on April 7, 1924, the desire of his Government to refund its indebtedness to the United States evidenced by one of a series of obligations designated as "Relief Series C of 1920." Frequent conferences resulted between representatives of the commission and the minister, at which the minister emphasized the fact that his Government was in serious financial difficulties, that a reconstruction loan had become imperative in order to enable his Government to rehabilitate its finances, and that the success of this loan made it essential that the lien enjoyed by the series of obligations designated as "Relief Series C of 1920" be subordinated to that of the loan. After full consideration of the problems involved, an agreement was reached, subject to the approval of the President and of the Congress of the United States, which was substantially the same as that previously reached with Finland. The agreement, however, provided that the bonds to be issued pursuant to its terms should be secured in the same manner and to the same extent as the obligations designated as "Relief Series C of 1920," subject to release of such security, in whole or in part, if and when all other creditor nations holding obligations of Hungary of the designated series should release to a similar extent the security enjoyed by such obligations, by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States on such terms and conditions as he might deem necessary or appropriate, so that the United States could cooperate in any program whereby Hungary might be able to finance its immediate needs by the flotation of a loan for reconstruction purposes.

The arrangement contemplated was similar to that previously made with respect to the relief obligation of the Government of Austria held by the Treasury, designated as "Relief Series B of 1920" by authority of joint resolution of Congress approved April 6, 1922. See Annual Report of the Secretary of the Treasury for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1922, page 23.

A formal agreement was executed on April 25, 1924, signed on behalf of Hungary by the minister of Hungary at Washington and on behalf of the United States by the Secretary of the Treasury as chairman of the World War Foreign Debt Commission. The agreement, together with the report of the commission recommending for submission to Congress a settlement with Hungary upon the terms embodied in the agreement, was forwarded to the President on April 25, 1924, and received his approval on that date. On the same day the agreement was transmitted to Congress by the President with the recommendation that settlement of the indebtedness on the terms agreed upon be approved. The settlement was approved by act of Congress of May 23, 1924.

Advices received thereafter by the Treasury through the Department of State indicated that the Reparation Commission by unanimous vote on May 20, 1924, had agreed that the bonds to be issued pursuant to the terms of the agreement should have the same priority, in respect to the assets and revenues of Hungary, as that enjoyed by the obligations designated as "Relief Series C of 1920." Such advices further indicated that substantially all other creditor nations holding obligations so designated, namely, Denmark, France, Great Britain, Holland, Norway, Sweden, and Switzerland, had agreed that the lien enjoyed by their respective obligations upon the assets and revenues of Hungary should be subordinated to that of the reconstruction loan of \$50,000,000 contemplated under the plan approved by the Reparation Commission under date of February 21, 1924.

Accordingly, on May 29, 1924, the Treasury accepted bonds of Hungary, issued pursuant to the terms of the agreement, in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,939,000, canceling and surrendering to Hungary, through the legation of Hungary at Washington, the obligation of Hungary designated as "Relief Series C of 1920," in the principal amount of \$1,685,835.61. On the same day, acting under the authority conferred by the act of Congress above referred to, the Secretary of the Treasury, on behalf of the United States, consented to subordinate the lien of the bonds so received upon the assets and revenues of Hungary to that of the above-described reconstruction loan, without prejudice, however, to the priority over costs of reparation to which the bonds are entitled.

Copies of the agreement as executed on April 25, 1924, together with the form of bond actually executed and delivered on May 29.

1924; of the report of the commission dated April 25, 1924; of the letter of the President to Congress dated April 25, 1924; and of the act of Congress approving the settlement are attached as Exhibits 45, 46, 47, 48, pages 241 to 251.

Debt settlement with Lithuania

Mr. Kazys Bizauskas, minister of Lithuania at Washington, and representative appointed by the Government of Lithuania to negotiate with the commission, called at the office of the commission on May 16, 1924, and stated that he had been instructed by his Government to inform the commission of its desire to refund its indebtedness to the United States. As a result of conferences with the officers of the commission, an agreement was reached, subject to the approval of the Seimas of Lithuania and of the President and Congress of the United States, which was substantially the same as that previously reached with Finland. The formal agreement was executed on September 22, 1924, signed on behalf of Lithuania by the minister of Lithuania at Washington and on behalf of the United States by the Secretary of the Treasury as chairman of the World War Foreign Debt Commission. The agreement, together with the report of the commission recommending for submission to Congress a settlement with Lithuania upon the terms embodied in the agreement, was forwarded to the President on September 22, 1924, and received his approval on that date. Neither the Seimas of Lithuania nor the Congress of the United States being in session, the settlement has not yet been finally approved.

Debt settlement with Poland

Dr. Władysław Wróblewski, minister of Poland at Washington and representative appointed by the Government of Poland to negotiate with the commission, appeared before the commission on June 23, 1924, and stated that he had been instructed by his Government to inform the commission of its desire to refund its indebtedness to the United States. He pointed out, however, that the entire territory of Poland had been overrun during the World War; that about one-half of its territory had again been overrun during the Soviet war in 1921; that a large amount of German and Austrian currency of greatly depreciated value was still in circulation in Poland; that the Polish mark had not been stabilized until January, 1924; that the new currency of Poland, the zloty, secured by gold or real values and controlled by a bank of issue independent of the Government, had been provided for only as of April 30, 1924; that until very recently Poland had no adequate taxation system and no trained fiscal administration for 80 per cent of its territory; and that Poland had only

just succeeded in balancing its budget. As a result of this meeting and conferences with the officers of the commission, an agreement was reached, subject to the approval of the President and the Congress of the United States and of the President and Council of Ministers of Poland, which was substantially the same as that previously reached with Great Britain, except for a provision under which Poland shall have the option to liquidate amounts due under the agreement prior to 1930, in part by certain semiannual payments aggregating \$10,000,000, and the balance in bonds of Poland similar in terms to those originally issued. The formal agreement embodying the terms agreed upon was executed on November 14, 1924, being signed on behalf of Poland by the minister of Poland at Washington and on behalf of the United States by the Secretary of the Treasury as chairman of the World War Foreign Debt Commission. The agreement, together with the report of the commission recommending for submission to Congress a settlement with Poland upon the terms embodied in the agreement, was forwarded to the President on November 14, 1924, and received his approval on that date. Congress not being in session, the settlement has not yet been finally approved.

Other debtor nations

Armenia.—There is no government recognized by the United States.

Austria.—The time of payment of principal and interest of the Austrian obligation held by this Government was extended until June 1, 1943, and the lien of the obligation subordinated pursuant to special authority conferred by joint resolution of Congress approved April 6, 1922. See annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1923, page 33.

Belgium.—No proposals or representations with reference to refunding have been received since the publication of the last annual report.

Czechoslovakia.—The representatives appointed by the Government of Czechoslovakia left the United States in July, 1923, with the understanding that they would continue their efforts to adjust all differences between their accounts and those of the United States and would return to the United States in order to continue negotiations. On April 9, 1924, the commission was advised that the minister of Czechoslovakia at Washington had been authorized by his Government to proceed with negotiations, and on June 5, 1924, that during the minister's absence the counselor of the legation at Washington would act in his stead. No proposals or representations with reference to refunding have as yet been received.

Esthonia.—Mr. Antonius Piip, minister of Esthonia at Washington and representative appointed by the Government of Esthonia to negotiate with the commission, called at the office of the commission on January 9, 1924, and stated that he had been instructed by his Government to inform the commission of its desire to refund its indebtedness to the United States. The minister placed in the hands of the commission information regarding the financial and economic conditions in Esthonia and has had a number of conferences with the officers of the commission. No agreement has as yet been reached.

France.—No proposals or representations with reference to refunding have been received since the publication of the last annual report.

Greece.—No proposals or representations with reference to refunding have been received since the publication of the last annual report.

Italy.—No proposals or representations with reference to refunding have been received since the publication of the last annual report.

Latvia.—On May 6, 1924, the commission was advised that the question of the foreign indebtedness of Latvia was under consideration by the Latvian cabinet. No proposals or representations with reference to refunding have as yet been received.

Liberia.—No proposals or representations with reference to refunding have been received since the publication of the last annual report.

Nicaragua.—This indebtedness has not been refunded. Payments are being made from time to time on account of the obligations held by the United States.

Rumania.—No proposals or representations with reference to refunding have been received since the publication of the last annual report.

Russia.—There is no government recognized by the United States. Yugoslavia.—Dr. George Diouritch, a member of the delegation of the Kingdom of the Serbs, Croats, and Slovenes to the Reparation Commission; Dr. Milorad Nedelkovitch, professor at the University of Subotitsa; and Mr. M. I. Pupin, professor at Columbia University and honorary consul general at New York, representatives appointed by the Government of the Kingdom of the Serbs, Croats, and Slovenes, appeared before the commission on April 7, 1924. They stated that their Government intended to present to the commission a plan for the refunding of its indebtedness to the United States, but that due to the economic and financial conditions existing in their country it did not feel that it could do so at present. They placed in the hands of the commission certain information regarding such conditions and stated that their purpose in coming to this country had been twofold, namely, to supply the commission with full information as to such conditions and to demonstrate the progress which their Government had made during the past five They expressed with confidence the view that as a result of this progress their Government, at a future date, would be able to

present plans for refunding its indebtedness, not only to this country but also that to Great Britain and France, the latter amounting in the aggregate to about twenty times that to the United States. reply the commission defined its position and authority and expressed its strong desire for a refunding of the indebtedness to the United States at the earliest possible moment. It also took the position that if a formal proposal were not presently to be submitted, the United States should be assured that, prior to the refunding or discharge of its indebtedness to the United States, no steps would be taken by the Government of the Serbs, Croats, and Slovenes, with respect to any other indebtedness of that Government which would result in placing the United States in a less favorable position as a creditor than that which it then occupied. The representatives of the Serbs, Croats, and Slovenes responded that in their opinion the United States could consider that it already had the desired assurance and that no step was contemplated by their Government which would affect the United States in the manner suggested. The representatives of the Serbs, Croats, and Slovenes left the United States shortly after this meeting.

OBLIGATIONS OF FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS

The obligations of foreign governments held by the Treasury on November 15, 1924, aggregated \$10,559,929,727.59, in principal amount, and may be classified as follows:

- (1) \$5,242,247,155.14 representing cash advances made by the Secretary of the Treasury, with the approval of the President, under the Liberty bond acts (\$9,598,236,575.45 originally held).
- (2) \$595,052,397.27 received from the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy on account of sales of surplus war material under the act of July 9, 1918 (\$595,141,368.43 originally held).
- (3) \$75,812,037.38 received from the American Relief Administration on account of relief supplies furnished under the act of February 25, 1919 (\$84,093,963.55 originally held).
- (4) \$55,172,966.88 received from the United States Grain Corporation on account of sales of flour for relief purposes under the act of March 30, 1920 (\$56,858,802.49 originally held).
- (5) \$3,736,628.42 received from the United States Shipping Board on account of services rendered to the Government of Poland.
- (6) \$4,587,908,542.50 received from the Governments of Finland, Great Britain, and Hungary under the terms of the respective funding agreements concluded pursuant to the act of Congress approved February 9, 1922, as amended by act of Congress approved February 28, 1923 (\$4,610,939,000 originally held). See statement regarding the World War Foreign Debt Commission embodied in the annual reports of the Secretary of the Treasury for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1923 and 1924, pages 24 and 47, respectively.

The Government of Cuba has paid in full both principal and interest due on its obligations, and the Governments of Finland, Hungary, and Great Britain have refunded both principal and interest due on their respective obligations. The Government of Nicaragua is from time to time making payments on account of principal and interest due on its indebtedness with a view to its full liquidation in about 35 months. Payments under the terms of the refunding agreements with the Governments of Finland, Great Britain, and Hungary have been made in accordance with the provisions of the respective agreements.

The Governments of Belgium and France have paid in full interest due on such of their obligations as have been received from the Secretary of War on account of sales of surplus war material under the act of July 9, 1918.

Statements showing in detail the obligations of foreign governments held by the Treasury, with interest accrued and remaining unpaid thereon as of the last interest period prior to, or ending with, November 15, 1924, together with repayments made to that date both on account of principal and interest, are attached as Exhibits 38, 39, 40, pages 230 to 232.

BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE 1

Internal-revenue receipts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, were \$2,796,179,257.06, compared with \$2,621,745,227.57 for the previous fiscal year, an increase of \$174,434,029.49. Income and profits tax collections amounted to \$1,841,759,316.80, compared with \$1,691,089,534.56 for the year 1923, an increase of \$150,669,782.24. Collections of miscellaneous taxes for the year 1924 amounted to \$954,419,940.26, compared with \$930,655,693.01 for the fiscal year 1923, an increase of \$23,764,247.25.

In the foregoing statement of receipts no deductions have been made on account of refunds, which for the fiscal year 1924 were as follows:

Refunding	taxes	illegal	lly col	llected:
1020 6	nd nn	A		

1920 and prior years	\$29, 244, 233. 15
1921	11, 854, 300. 19
1922	7, 772, 246. 91
1923	
1924 and prior years	83, 658, 654. 42
Total refunds	137, 006, 225. 65

¹ The figures concerning internal-revenue receipts as given in this statement differ from such figures carried in other Treasury statements showing the financial condition of the Government, because the former represent collections by internal-revenue officers throughout the country, including deposits by post-masters of amounts received from sale of internal-revenue stamps and deposits of internal-revenue collected through customs offices, while the latter represent the deposits of these collections in the Treasury or depositaries during the fiscal year concerned, the differences being due to the fact that some of the collections in the latter part of the fiscal year can not be deposited, or are not reported to the Treasury as deposited until after June 30, thus carrying them into the following fiscal year as recorded in the statements showing the condition of the Treasury.

The interest allowed on claims for refunds under provisions of the act of November 23, 1921, amounted to \$7,174,400.37, which is included in the foregoing statement.

During the year ended June 30, 1924, a number of changes were made in the organization of the Income Tax Unit with a view to better coordination of work of its several divisions. Authority and responsibility for auditing the three general classes of returns—personal, corporation, and affiliated corporation—were centered in three major divisions, thus eliminating duplication of work, needless transfers of returns, and overspecialization.

The files audit procedure, established during the preceding year with good results, was broadened to provide for the immediate examination of the 1923 returns upon their receipt in the unit for the purpose of determining whether an intensive audit is necessary, and, if necessary, whether the case should be referred to the field for investigation without passing through the office audit. In this examination apparent discrepancies, such as mathematical errors, etc., are corrected, the assessment list is changed and the taxpayer notified of the error. Those returns requiring an intensive audit are carded for field or office examination and those showing no change in tax liability are closed and immediately filed. As a result of this procedure, needless movement of returns is avoided.

In consequence of the policy of delegating more authority to the field force, satisfactory progress was made toward establishing a closer contact between the Income Tax Unit and taxpayers. For the convenience of the public, instructions were given the field forces of the unit to afford taxpayers the opportunity to visit the offices of the revenue agents in charge in the various cities and discuss the findings and recommendations of revenue agents before such recommendations were forwarded to Washington. This policy will be continued with a view to saving taxpayers the expenditure of time and money necessitated by a visit to Washington.

The efforts of the unit during the year were directed largely toward adjustment of complicated tax cases for the years 1917, 1918, and 1919. As a consequence of amendments to prior tax laws, many cases were filed with respect to the earlier tax years, particularly 1917 and 1918. Court decisions and opinions by the Attorney General have resulted in a considerable increase in the number of 1917, 1918, and 1919 cases to be adjusted.

Lists of corporations apparently delinquent with respect to capitalstock tax were furnished all collectors' offices, as the result of which delinquent returns were received from more than 130,000 corporations, involving in many cases taxes for several years.

Field investigations and division audits disclosed additional estate tax amounting to \$45,934,192.94. During the year 17,005 estate

tax cases were audited. The field force submitted 24,297 reports, 17,705 of which were of major investigations. The field investigations and the office audit of estate tax cases were practically on a current basis at the end of the fiscal year.

During the year the bureau completed its program of bringing the collectors' accounts into reconciliation with the bureau's records, with the result that at the end of the fiscal year no collection district was out of balance.

There were filed with collectors of internal revenue 214,042 claims for credit, abatement, and refund.

One of the largest problems presented to the bureau was the work in connection with refunds and credits due to the 25 per cent reduction in the tax on income received by individuals for the year 1923, provision for which was made by the revenue act of 1924. When the records of the 65 collectors were examined it was found that more than 2,200,000 taxpayers had settled their accounts in full when they filed their returns, and that more than 1,900,000 had selected the installment plan of payment. It was necessary to make refunds to those who paid in full, and in the cases of those who selected the installment plan it was necessary to credit them with one-fourth of the taxes reported on their returns. Instructions were issued to collectors of internal revenue relative to procedure, and indications at the close of the fiscal year were that the task would be carried through promptly and with a minimum of friction.

In the field investigations made by the collectors' field forces, as well as by the special squads working direct from the bureau, a noteworthy increase in the average production record of the men employed was shown. The average production per man per month of all deputy collectors was increased from \$1,648 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1923, to \$2,015 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924. The average production per man per month of the special force working direct from the bureau was increased from \$5,582 for the fiscal year 1923 to \$9,189 for the fiscal year 1924.

During the year, despite the constantly increasing volume of work thrown upon the solicitor's office, important changes in method looking to the good of the service were introduced. For example, the practice in relation to the imposition of penalties and the treatment of appeals from proposed assessments was greatly simplified by the establishment in the solicitor's office of a special adjustment section, which made a prima facie determination of whether penalties should be imposed in a given case. This section functioned without relation to the other divisions of the solicitor's office, so that, were an appeal taken by the taxpayer, the points raised might be considered and determined by lawyers who could act with a free and unprejudiced mind. The creation of a Board of Tax Appeals by the revenue act of 1924

changed the system of appeals in income tax and estate tax cases, and the special adjustment section of the solicitor's office was accordingly abolished. The experience gained in the system while it lasted, however, was of great importance in establishing a simplified practice which, in so far as applicable, will be continued.

Enabling taxpayers in States distant from Washington to present appeals without undue expense and loss of time the field division of the committee on appeals and review, which was created toward the end of the fiscal year 1923, continued to function with success. Offices were first established in St. Paul, Minn., where it heard and disposed of about 150 appeals of taxpayers in the States of Minnesota, Wisconsin, North Dakota, South Dakota, Iowa, and Nebraska. field division then removed to Los Angeles, Calif., where it heard and disposed of appeals of taxpayers in the States of Utah, Nevada, California, and Arizona. During November and December, 1923, a session was held in Portland, Oreg., where it heard and disposed of appeals of taxpayers in the States of Washington, Montana, Oregon, Idaho, and Wyoming. The field division again began the hearing of cases in the field on April 1, 1924, a session being held at Kansas City, Mo., where it heard and disposed of about 200 appeals of taxpavers in the States of Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri, and New Mexico. The field division then proceeded to St. Paul, Minn., and held a session beginning about June 1, 1924.

Prohibition and narcotic enforcement

The policing activities of the prohibition officers resulted in arrests during the year of 68,161 persons for violation of the national prohibition act. Fines and forfeitures resulting from these arrests were turned into the Federal Treasury in the amount of \$5,682,719.87, as shown by the records of the Solicitor of the Treasury Department. This is in addition to the amounts paid as fines and forfeitures in the State courts. Offers in compromise for civil liabilities incurred as a result of violations of the national prohibition act covered into the Treasury \$855,395.37, in addition to the moneys collected as a result of criminal convictions and forfeitures. Property used in violating the law, valued at \$10,843,881.83, was seized by officers of the Treasury Department operating under the Prohibition Commissioner. Prohibition agents reported during the year 4,171 cases involving violations of the law on the part of persons holding permits to use sell, or prescribe intoxicating liquors.

During the year the withdrawal of whisky for tax payment and consumption amounted to 1,813,178.2 gallons. This whisky was tax paid for distribution under permits, the major part of it being dispensed by druggists on physicians' prescriptions. This consumption of whisky compares with previous years as follows: During the fiscal

year ended June 30, 1921, 8,671,860 gallons were tax paid, this being the first full year of prohibition under the eighteenth amendment to the Constitution; 2,645,506 gallons were tax paid during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1922; 1,754,893 gallons during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1923. The average annual consumption of whisky during 10 years prior to prohibition was approximately 130,000,000 gallons. The high point of whisky consumption in the country was reached in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1917, in which year there was tax payment on 164,291,294 gallons of distilled spirits. The present consumption of whisky officially released on permits is a little more than 1 per cent of whisky consumption prior to prohibition.

On July 1, 1922, the date of the beginning of concentration of large stocks of intoxicating liquor into a small number of warehouses, there were 26 general bonded warehouses, 20 special bonded warehouses, and 251 distillery bonded warehouses, or a total of 297 internal-revenue warehouses in which distilled spirits were stored in bond. Since that time, 9 general bonded warehouses, 15 special bonded warehouses, and 188 distillery bonded warehouses, or a total of 212 internal-revenue bonded warehouses, have been discontinued. ing the past fiscal year 10 general bonded warehouses, 10 special bonded warehouses, and 84 distillery bonded warehouses, or a total of 104 internal-revenue bonded warehouses, were discontinued. Of the remaining 85 warehouses containing spirits on July 1, 1924, 28 are concentration warehouses. Of approximately 33,000,000 gallons of spirits remaining in bond in these 85 warehouses, approximately 24,500,000 gallons are in concentration warehouses and about 8,500,000 gallons have not yet been concentrated. are the figures of the original gauge.

Some of the more serious problems of prohibition enforcement are concerned in the exportation of whisky and the importation of wine. To meet and solve these difficulties a commission on importation of wine and exportation of liquor was created late in the fiscal year 1923, consisting of five members. All applications to import wine and to export liquor are considered and passed upon by this commission. Since the appointment of this commission 306 applications to export 4,555,465 gallons of whisky have been acted upon, of which about 4 per cent have been approved; 205 applications to import wine in the amount of 583,246.5 gallons have been acted upon and 19 per cent approved. It is believed that the situation in connection with imports and exports is now very well in hand.

A board of review, consisting of five members of the counsel's office, was appointed during the year to consider revocation cases where the final action of a Federal prohibition director is reversed by the Prohibition Commissioner.

In order to insure uniform and thoroughly considered action on the part of the Government in matters connected with the control of basic permits issued under the national prohibition act and to expedite all permit work, a committee composed of seven members of the Prohibition Commissioner's office was created, one of the members being the Assistant Prohibition Commissioner and one member being the counsel for the Prohibition Unit. This committee is termed the central committee and considers applications for basic permits of the more important and troublesome classes, such as dealcoholizing plants, alcohol and denatured manufacturers, as well as any important and perplexing questions that arise in the unit from day to day.

The Harrison narcotic law has been enforced more vigorously during the past year than at any time since it became effective, resulting in an increase in the number of cases made, convictions secured, and sentences imposed. There were 7,301 persons reported for violation of the law and 4,242 convictions were secured which resulted in sentences aggregating over 5,028 years. Of narcotic cases tried, 93.4 per cent resulted in conviction. The educational work which has been done with legitimate handlers of narcotic drugs has resulted in more complete cooperation on their part.

TAX SIMPLIFICATION BOARD

The Tax Simplification Board was created by section 1327 of the revenue act of 1921 "to investigate the procedure of and the forms used by the bureau in the administration of the internal revenue laws, and to make recommendations in respect to the simplification thereof." The board was organized on December 6, 1921, and was originally composed of Messrs. James H. Beal, chairman, Joseph E. Sterrett, W. T. Abbott, representing the public, and Messrs. C. P. Smith, George W. Skilton, and Jesse D. Burks, representing the Bureau of Internal Revenue.

During the year 1922 the board, as shown by its report to Congress of December 2, 1922, devoted its attention primarily to preparing the new regulations promulgated under the revenue act of 1921, to considering the simplification of the forms of income-tax returns, and to studying means of expediting the work of the Bureau of Internal Revenue in auditing the income-tax returns. The various recommendations of the board with reference to the simplification of the form of returns and with reference to changes in the administrative procedure for the purpose of expediting the settlement of cases were adopted by the bureau. Since the adoption of these recommendations the statistics show a decided acceleration in the work of completing audits.

During the year 1923 the board, as shown by its report to Congress of December 3, 1923, made further recommendations as to procedure within the Bureau of Internal Revenue and in addition recommended certain legislative changes to assist the bureau in the administration, of the tax laws. The most important recommendations made by the board to the Bureau of Internal Revenue were with reference to the procedure in cases of appeals taken by taxpayers from the action of the Income Tax Unit and with reference to the reopening of closed The board recommended various changes in the procedure in appeal cases for the purpose of expediting the disposition of appeals and in addition recommended that cases once closed should not be reopened in the absence of evidence of fraud or gross error; all of these recommendations were put into effect by the bureau. further recommended a discontinuance of the use of ownership certificates except in comparatively few cases, which recommendation was also adopted by the bureau. The recommendation of the board with reference to decentralization of the work of the Bureau of Internal Revenue has not been adopted but is being given careful and thorough study by the bureau.

The legislative recommendations of the board advocated the creation of a Board of Tax Appeals to hear appeals from proposed additional assessments of taxes, the furnishing by Congress of adequate buildings to the Bureau of Internal Revenue, and the elimination of capital gains and losses in computing taxable net income. The provision of the revenue act of 1924 creating a Board of Tax Appeals carries into effect to a large extent the recommendation of the board on this subject.

The representatives of the public on the Tax Simplification Board have served without pay and, part of the time, without reimbursement for expenses, and the service which they have rendered has been given in a most unselfish and public-spirited way.

The board ceased to function on October 24, 1924. At this time it was composed of Messrs. W. S. Moorhead, Henry H. Hilton, and William N. Davis, representing the public, and Messrs. C. R. Nash and James G. Bright, representing the bureau.

CUSTOMS

The Congress increased the appropriation for the operation and maintenance of the Customs Service for the fiscal year 1924 in order to permit the employment of a larger force and better equipment to care for the expansion in business and make possible a more thorough enforcement of the customs and tariff laws.

The wisdom of this additional expenditure to strengthen and improve the service is demonstrated by the fact that the collections for 1924 are proportionately larger than those for 1923. The value

of imports for the fiscal year 1924 is approximately 6 per cent lower than for the previous fiscal year, but the amount of duties collected decreased only approximately 3 per cent.

Particularly striking evidence of the greater efficiency of the service is afforded by the increase of \$7,097,744 in the duties collected in the districts along the northern border in spite of the fact that the value of the imports for these districts is \$37,000,000 less than for the preceding year.

The receipts for the entire service from mail, informal, and baggage entries, miscellaneous duties, fines, and the sale of seizures exceed

those of the previous year by \$1,858,806.

The total net cost of operation and maintenance of the service, including the increase of compensation, or so-called bonus, paid to employees for the fiscal year 1924, was \$14,299,254, which is \$1,137,909 in excess of the cost for the fiscal year 1923. Notwithstanding this increase in the cost of operation and maintenance, the cost to collect \$1 was increased only \$0.0027. The cost per \$1 for collection in 1923 was \$0.0231, and in 1924 \$0.0258. In 1922 the cost per \$1 was \$0.0347.

The revision of the Customs Regulations of 1915 was completed and the new volume issued. The availability of the new regulations, the publication of decisions during the year establishing precedents and methods of procedure under the tariff act of 1922, and the greater familiarity of importers with the act have smoothed out many of the difficulties incident to the administration of a new tariff law.

The complicated provisions of the tariff act of 1922, governing the importation of dyes, required careful study to overcome the difficulty of administration. Methods and procedure, however, have been adopted so that this part of the tariff act is being enforced with general satisfaction.

A system of registration cards for automobile tourists was placed in operation during the year and has greatly reduced the number of tourists who fail to report to the customhouse, thus giving customs officers much closer supervision over automobile traffic. This is important, as automobile traffic across the international borders has increased to such an extent that at some ports it averages at a given point from 125 to 300 machines per hour over a 12-hour period.

Much better supervision has also been obtained over importations by mail through the establishment of a new system of examination of foreign-mail packages. The success of the system is evidenced by the increase of 24,180 mail entries during the quarter ended June 30, 1924, although 171,773 more packages, due to part of the Christmas mails being included, were received during the quarter ended March 31, 1924.

THE COAST GUARD

During the year the Coast Guard, through the instrumentality of its vessels and stations, saved or rescued from peril 2,462 persons. The value of vessels assisted (including their cargoes) amounted to \$25,316,180. The number of persons on board vessels assisted was 15,902. The instances of assistance rendered numbered 4,226. The number of vessels boarded and examined by the various agencies of the service in the interest of the enforcement of United States laws was 46,152, exceeding last year's number by 14,499. The number of vessels seized or reported for violations of law was 2,205.

Aside from its duties having to do directly with the preservation of life and property from shipwreck, the Coast Guard has continued its usual activities, including the international service of ice patrol in the vicinity of the Grand Banks off Newfoundland, which is conducted annually under the terms of the International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea; special winter cruising better to safeguard shipping during the stormy season from December 1 to March 31; the patrol of the waters of the north Pacific Ocean, Bering Sea, and southeastern Alaska for the protection of the fur seal and sea otter, and of the game, the fisheries, and fur-bearing animals of Alaska; enforcement of the rules and regulations governing the anchorage and movements of vessels in the navigable waters of the United States; patrol and supervision of regattas and marine parades; removal of derelicts and other floating dangers to navigation from the paths of marine commerce; enforcement of navigation and other laws governing merchant vessels and motor boats; rendering medical aid to American vessels engaged in deep-sea fisheries; examination of applicants for "certificated lifeboat men," under the seamen's act; the protection of the customs revenue, etc.

The Secretary of the Treasury awarded during the year 33 life-saving medals of honor, under the provisions of law, in recognition of bravery exhibited in the rescue, or attempted rescue, of persons in danger of drowning.

It is a matter of great satisfaction to the department that the Coast Guard in the spring of 1924 was able to be of material aid along the Alaskan shores and in crossing the Pacific, to the round-the-world flight of the Army Air Service. Both the Secretary of War and the Chief of the Air Service of the Army have communicated with the department expressing their high appreciation of the cooperation and assistance afforded by the Coast Guard in this historic enterprise. The department extends to the War Department its hearty felicitations upon the accomplishment of this conspicuous and heroic undertaking by the intrepid American Army fliers.

Attention is invited to bill H. R. 6817, Sixty-eighth Congress, first session, "To provide for the construction of a vessel for the Coast Guard." This bill proposes that a cutter of appropriate design and special construction shall be constructed and equipped for Coast Guard duty in Alaskan waters and for cruises into the Arctic Ocean to replace the cutter Bear. The bill passed the House of Representatives March 19, 1924. It was reported favorably by the Committee on Commerce in the Senate, with the recommendation that it pass, and is now pending in the Senate. The Bear is now 50 years old. She performs most important duty in the Arctic regions, but is no longer suitable for such service. It is urged that this bill be enacted into law at the earliest possible day. It has the full approval of the department.

There is imperative need also of funds to make extensive repairs to the cutter *Manning*. This vessel upon careful examination was found to be in such bad condition as to form a menace to her personnel at sea. She is not safe, and it has therefore been necessary to withdraw her from service. She was built in 1897 and has seen hard service on the east and west coasts, on the Bering Sea patrol and other duties in Alaskan waters, in the blockade off Cuba during the Spanish-American War, and on convoy and escort duty in European waters during the World War. The *Manning* can be reconditioned and put in shape to last many years. If this work is not done, she will rapidly deteriorate and soon be of little value. It is estimated that it will cost at this time \$150,000 to put her in good, serviceable condition. It is earnestly hoped that the Congress will see its way clear to provide the necessary funds for this purpose without delay.

The floating equipment of the Coast Guard is in pressing need of enlargement by the addition of vessels adapted to the important duty of saving life and property at sea. The ever-increasing demands upon the service in this regard emphasize the urgency of this need, and it is recommended that the Congress give favorable consideration to such measures as may be proposed to this end.

The Coast Guard during the year continued its activities in the enforcement of the customs, navigation, and motor-boat laws of the country and rendered very effective service along the coasts of the United States in the enforcement of the laws relating to the smuggling of liquor. The regular equipment of the Coast Guard, designed especially for life-saving and wreck work at sea and along the shore, is nowise suitable for combating the attempted smuggling of liquor in its present proportions, and it is therefore a matter of congratulation and speaks well for the service at large that it has been able even with its limited, ill-adapted equipment to produce the very satisfactory results that have been attained up to this time.

In my annual report for the fiscal year 1923 I recommended to the Congress that a material increase be made in the appropriations for the Coast Guard to provide additional equipment, officers, and men, with the view of preventing the smuggling of liquor into the country along the coasts. On February 1, 1924, the President forwarded to the Congress supplemental estimates of appropriations for the Treasury Department for the fiscal year 1924, amounting to \$13,853,989, for increasing the equipment and personnel of the Coast Guard to prevent smuggling. Of this amount \$12,194,900 was for conditioning and equipping 20 torpedo-boat destroyers and 2 mine sweepers or other suitable type of vessel, to be obtained from the Navy Department, and the construction and equipment of 223 "cabin cruiser" type motor boats and 100 smaller motor boats. The remaining \$1,659,089 was for additional operating expenses during the remainder of the fiscal year, brought about by this enlargement program. The President also recommended that the personnel of the Coast Guard be increased by the appointment of temporary commissioned and warrant officers and by temporary enlistments. The Congress, by act approved April 2, 1924, appropriated \$13,850,622 for the purposes indicated and by act approved April 21, 1924, authorized the additional personnel. Steps were immediately taken by the Coast Guard to put the provisions of the law into effect, and the law-enforcement program as contemplated by this legislation is being pushed to completion with all possible consistent haste. The whole undertaking is one of great magnitude and presents a task practically new in our national affairs, which must be worked out in an orderly and a systematic manner. this work no time will be lost.

DOMESTIC CREDIT SITUATION

The decline in money rates has been the outstanding development in the domestic credit situation during the past year. After reaching in May, 1923, their highest point since the depression of 1921, rates on commercial paper declined until September, 1924, apart from an upward seasonal movement in the fall of 1923, to a point lower than they had been at any previous time since 1916. Rates on call loans and bankers' acceptances, and yields on certificates of indebtedness have shown similar declines but indicate slight advances in the past two months. The following table shows the rates on various types of loans for July, 1922, which was about the low point reached during the depression of 1920–1922, and the movement of rates since May, 1923:

Date	Rate on 4 to 6 months' paper (good)	Rate on bankers' accept- ances	Rate on call loans	Yield on certificates of indebt- edness, 4 to 6 months
1922 July 1923 May 1923 May June 1924 August September October 1924 January 1924 January 1924 January March April May June 1929 July July 1929 August September 1924 January September 1924 January September 1924 January September 1924 July September 1925 August September 1928	5. 19 5. 25 5. 41 5. 35 5. 25 5. 19 5. 00 4. 94 4. 84 4. 78 4. 41 4. 25 5. 3. 90 3. 53 3. 33	3. 06 4. 19 4. 19 4. 19 4. 19 4. 19 4. 19 4. 19 4. 19 4. 19 4. 11 4. 06 3. 94 3. 90 3. 38 2. 44 2. 06 2. 11 2. 22 2. 2. 18	3. 93 4. 75 5. 00 4. 75 5. 00 4. 94 4. 84 4. 81 4. 81 4. 55 4. 31 4. 00 4. 25 3. 25 2. 00 2. 06 2. 35	3. 24 4. 04 3. 86 3. 90 3. 87 4. 10 4. 23 3. 92 3. 85 3. 75 3. 52 3. 70 3. 48 2. 95 2. 37 2. 13 2. 26 2. 35 2. 62

Rediscount rates at the Federal reserve banks remained unchanged from March, 1923, until May, 1924. On May 1 the Reserve Bank of New York reduced its discount rate from 4½ to 4 per cent. June 2 the Cleveland bank reduced its rate from 41/2 to 4 per cent. From June 10 to June 19 eight banks made reductions. York, Boston, and Philadelphia banks reduced their rates to 31/2 per cent, and the Chicago, Richmond, Atlanta, St. Louis, and San Francisco banks reduced their rates from 4½ to 4 per cent. Kansas City and Dallas banks did not reduce their rates until July, when they were decreased from 41% to 4 per cent. On August 8 the New York bank again reduced its rates, from 31/2 to 3 per cent, and on August 15 and 25, respectively, the Cleveland and San Francisco banks made a second reduction in their rates, from 4 to 3½ per cent. The Minneapolis bank maintained its rate unchanged until October 15, when it was reduced from $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 per cent. These reductions were in the way of adjustments to prevailing market rates and to credit and business conditions.

The business recession noted during the latter part of 1923 continued during the first half of 1924. Wholesale prices, production in basic industries, and employment all showed further declines. Iron and steel and the textiles suffered the greatest curtailment. Some of the textiles fell off to a point almost as low as that reached in the depression of 1921. In July, 1924, however, the bottom was reached, and since that date there has been slow but noticeable improvement. Wholesale prices have turned upward after declining for over a year. Production in basic industries in September showed the first advance since last January; factory employment increased 2 per cent during the same month. Of particular importance is the great improvement in the agricultural situation, as indicated by good crops in areas that have been suffering severely and the

strong upward movement in the prices of agricultural products. The Bureau of Labor Statistics index number of wholesale prices of farm products increased from 134 in June to 149 in October, 1924. The Department of Agriculture index of prices at the farm of all grains increased from 116 in June to 150 in October, and for livestock from 105 in June to 121 in October. Of particular importance are the price increases in such crops as corn and wheat. The price at the farm for the former increased from \$0.80 to \$1.09 and for the latter from \$0.98 to \$1.30 between June and October.

This improvement in the agricultural outlook is one of the strongest grounds for optimism regarding the future prosperity of the country. It enables many farmers to pay off their old debts and strengthens the purchasing power of this important economic group, thus helping to restore the balance in our industrial system. This lack of balance has been one of the most serious handicaps under which the agriculture and industry of the country have labored since the war. It has been temporarily restored by the world crop situation, but we may look forward to its continuation through the beginnings of financial and industrial stabilization of Europe under the operation of the Dawes plan. Further favorable conditions for the recovery of business are to be found in the easy money market conditions prevailing at the present time and the unusually strong position of the banking system.

In spite of the business recession that prevailed up to July, there has been a substantial increase in the volume of bank credit. The total loans and discounts of reporting member banks were \$12,150,000,000 at the end of June, 1924, compared with \$11,850,000,000 in June, 1923. The accompanying table gives the changes which have taken place in the volume of credit extended by reporting member banks and the Federal reserve banks from June, 1923, to the present time:

., .,	Member bank credit (in millions)				Reserve bank credit (in millions)			
Date (end of month)	Total	Invest- ments	Collat- eral loans	Commer- cial loans	Total	Securi- ties pur- chased in the open market	Redis- counts	
1923 June	16, 543 16, 350 16, 244 16, 506 16, 474 16, 368 16, 622	4, 693 4, 610 4, 536 4, 522 4, 531 4, 464 4, 555	4, 057 3, 943 3, 872 3, 996 3, 939 3, 959 4, 269	7,793 7,797 7,836 7,988 8,004 7,945 7,798	1, 114 1, 083 1, 083 1, 150 1, 181 1, 168 1, 298	339 276 267 268 297 374 441	77.5 807 816 882 884 794	
January 1924 February March April May June July August September October September October	16, 364 16, 374 16, 629 16, 656 16, 611 17, 056 17, 552 17, 571 18, 194 18, 315	4, 481 4, 496 4, 527 4, 534 4, 660 4, 906 4, 880 5, 411 5, 551	4,077 4,033 4,111 4,187 4,075 4,329 4,431 4,570 4,663 4,547	7, 806 7, 845 7, 991 7, 935 7, 876 7, 821 7, 941 7, 868 8, 120 8, 217	915 951 1, 008 873 850 859 825 915 983 1, 024	393 419 478 426 420 490 531 613 716 802	522 532 530 447 430 369 294 302 267 222	

The table shows that all types of member bank credit increased. Not only were there increases in the volume of investments and collateral loans, but also in the amount of loans for commercial purposes. Reserve bank credit, on the other hand, declined. Although the reserve banks increased their open market holdings, the decrease in rediscounts more than offset this, so that the total volume of credit extended by the reserve banks declined.

This expansion in the volume of bank loans is accounted for in part by the huge gold imports that continued to flow into this country. The member banks, after paying off their obligations to the Federal reserve banks, found their reserves accumulating. The business situation was such that only a part of this large volume of surplus funds could be absorbed by commercial loans even at the reduced rates. The banks, therefore, increased their investments in order to use funds that would otherwise have been idle. It was the surplus funds, then, made available by the inflowing gold that account for the unusual phenomena of a credit expansion during a period of business recession, and the opposite movements of member bank credit and reserve bank credit. Member banks are now in an unusually strong position, and can make substantial increases in their commercial loans, in case of need, without rediscounting at the Federal reserve banks.

Gold imports have also been a factor in creating the present ease in the money market. The situation in the money market during the past year differs from conditions prevailing in 1921-22. The decline in rates during the earlier period can be attributed almost entirely to the severe business depression and credit liquidation, whereas the decline during the past year is due, in large part, to the gold situation.

The yield on certificates of indebtedness is unusually sensitive to money market changes, as is indicated in the table on page 65. All new issues since the previous annual report have been certificates of indebtedness, and the Treasury has therefore been able to take full advantage of the easy money rates in its financial operations during the past year. On September 15, 1924, for example, an issue of 12 months' certificates was offered at 234 per cent, compared with an issue of the same maturity on December 15, 1923, at 414 per cent.

Fluctuations in the prices and yields of Government bonds are determined very largely by changes in interest rates. The prices of these securities, therefore, have made material increases during the past year. Each issue except the first $3\frac{1}{2}$'s has made a new high record. The table following gives the high and low points reached by the various issues and the closing quotations on July 15 and December 15 for the years 1920 to 1923, inclusive, and on the 15th of each month from January to November, 1924:

Market pr	ices of Libert	y bonds and	Treasury	bonds
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Date	First 3½'s	First 4's	First 4½'s	Second 4's	Second 41/4's	Third 4¼'s	Fourth 4¼'s	Treasury 4½'s
Low point	1 \$86. 30 7 101. 88	2 \$83. 00 8 103. 00	3 \$84. 00 9 102. 66	4 \$81. 70 10 102. 00	4 \$82. 00 10 101. 97	· 5 \$86. 00 11 102. 69	4 \$82. 54 12 102. 84	6 \$98. 22 18 106. 19
1920, July 15 Dec. 15	91. 02 90. 12	86. 10 86. 02	86. 44 86. 12	85. 26 85. 10	85. 42 85. 36	88. 88 87. 90	85. 68 85. 90	
1921 July 15 Dec. 15	86. 50 95. 10	87. 12 97. 30	87. 34 97. 40	86. 92 96. 84	87. 02 97. 04	91. 16 98. 14	87. 16 97. 42	
July 15 Dec. 15	100. 80 100. 50	100. 70 98. 80	100. 82 98. 78	100. 48 98. 10	100. 52 98. 14	100. 34 98. 74	100. 92 98. 48	99. 74
July 16	100. 38 99. 84	98. 19 98. 31	98. 38 98. 34	98. 34 98. 22	98. 34 98. 38	98. 91 99. 25	98. 38 98. 44	99. 91 99. 56
Jan. 15. Feb. 15. Mar. 15. Apr. 15. May 15. June 16. July 15. Aug. 15. Sept. 15. Oct. 15. Nov. 15.	99. 47 99. 09 98. 94 99. 09 100. 03 101. 31 101. 41 101. 00 100. 72 100. 81	99. 00 99. 16 99. 00 99. 78 100. 56 100. 50 102. 31 102. 41 102. 09 101. 88	98. 94 99. 19 99. 13 99. 84 100. 63 102. 13 102. 09 102. 56 101. 91 102. 25 101. 84	98. 94 99. 13 99. 00 99. 72 100. 47 101. 22 101. 84 101. 47 101. 00 101. 31	98. 94 99. 13 99. 06 99. 78 100. 53 101. 25 101. 47 101. 13 101. 41 101. 28	99. 84 99. 97 99. 97 100. 13 101. 00 102. 00 102. 19 102. 53 101. 97 102. 03 101. 69	99. 03 99. 19 99. 13 99. 91 100. 88 102. 22 102. 09 102. 78 102. 22 102. 31	99. 97 100. 16 100. 16 100. 91 102. 63 105. 00 104. 69 105. 97 106. 31 105. 88

As the prices of Government bonds have increased, their yields have of course declined. The yields are shown in the following table:

Yields on Liberty bonds and Treasury bonds 1

Date	First 3½'s	First 4's	First 4¼'s	First second 41/4's	Second 4's	Second 4¼'s	Third 4¼'s	Fourth 41/4's	Treas- ury 41/4's
July December	Per ct. 4. 049 4. 117	Per ct. 4. 959 4. 974	Per ct. 5. 221 5. 248	Per ct. 4. 546 4. 594	Per ct. 5. 129 5. 164	Per ct. 5. 399 5. 437	Per ct. 5. 959 6. 296	Per ct. 5. 523 5. 556	Per ct.
JulyDecember	4. 359 3. 804	4. 863 4. 185	5. 129 4. 440	4. 429 4. 372	4. 989 4. 237	5. 258 4. 485	5. 771 4. 657	5. 390 4. 491	
July December	3. 459 3. 469	3. 948 4. 074	4. 190 4. 328	4. 144 4. 284	3. 971 4. 133	4. 214 4. 382	4. 166 4. 490	4. 171 4. 373	4. 263
July December	3. 478 3. 518	4. 110 4. 109	4. 364 4. 365	4. 399 4. 388	4. 132 4. 136	4. 379 4. 387	4. 513 4. 432	4. 401 4. 406	4. 265 4. 285
January. February. March. April. May. June. July. August. September. October.	3. 573 3. 547 3. 506 3. 444 3. 408 3. 435 3. 445	4. 062 4. 049 4. 041 4. 005 3. 962 3. 885 3. 855 3. 853 3. 853 3. 853	4. 318 4. 300 4. 298 4. 256 4. 219 4. 133 4. 101 4. 092 4. 101 4. 088	4. 334 4. 301 4. 302 4. 265 4. 220 4. 161 4. 146 4. 140 4. 141 4. 100	4. 083 4. 060 4. 063 4. 013 3. 979 3. 919 3. 882 3. 889 3. 905 3. 890	4. 332 4. 310 4. 311 4. 261 4. 125 4. 125 4. 134 4. 128	4. 287 4. 254 4. 245 4. 194 4. 032 3. 788 3. 646 3. 619 3. 676 3. 651	4. 340 4. 316 4. 315 4. 253 4. 191 4. 076 4. 038 4. 019 4. 031 4. 015	4, 255 4, 238 4, 238 4, 187 4, 119 4, 002 3, 957 3, 924 3, 932 3, 871

¹ Computed by the Government Actuary.

¹ July 9, 1921. ² May 19, 1920. ³ May 18, 1920. ⁴ May 20, 1920. ⁵ Dec. 21, 1920.

Mar. 27, 1923.
 Jan. 25, 1923, and June 12, 1924.
 June 14 and Aug. 4, 1924.
 Aug. 15, 16, and 18, 1924.

July 29, 1924.
 Aug. 5, 1924.
 Aug. 8, 9, and 18, 1924.
 Aug. 9, 1924.

FEDERAL FARM LOAN SYSTEM

Federal land banks

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, the Federal land banks closed 52,446 loans, amounting in the aggregate to \$187,969,194. Net earnings for the same period amounted to \$6,528,549.55, after paying cost of operation and after the reserve had been increased from \$3,829,500 to \$5,706,900 during the year.

The Treasury originally subscribed practically all the capital stock in the Federal land banks. The law provides that this capital is to be retired out of proceeds of stock subscriptions by national farm loan associations. On June 30, 1924, Government capital had been reduced to \$1,985,500. All Government capital had been retired in five banks.

It is the policy of these banks to charge real estate acquired by foreclosure to undivided profits. It is interesting to note in connection with farms acquired through foreclosure that subsequent sales by the banks have resulted in a net profit. This indicates that loans are made upon a conservative basis.

The national farm loan associations, subsidiary organizations through which Federal land bank loans are made, increased in number operating during the fiscal year from 4,538 to 4,612. The combined capital stock in all Federal land banks on June 30, 1924, amounted to \$47,289,522.50, of which \$44,995,997.50 is owned by national farm loan associations and the remainder, with the exception of \$308,025, is owned by the Federal Government.

Joint-stock land banks

During the fiscal year a charter was issued to one joint-stock land bank, and six banks were liquidated. At the end of the fiscal year there were 66 joint-stock land banks in actual operation. Joint-stock land banks are operating in all States except the New England States, Delaware, Florida, New Mexico, and Montana.

Loans were made by joint-stock land banks during the year to 13,221 borrowers, amounting to \$85,756,833. Earnings, after paying expenses of operation and setting aside a reserve as required by law, amounted to \$2,730,013.76. The small volume of business done by these banks was due to an unfavorable bond market during the greater part of the year. It was necessary to increase the bond interest rate of Federal land banks to 4¾ per cent in order to find a satisfactory absorption. The joint-stock land banks were unable to sell bonds in sufficient volume to meet their loaning requirements. It was necessary, therefore, in many sections of the country to curtail operations. The banks operating in what is usually regarded as favored territory were able to procure funds at increased interest

rates. At present the bond market is very satisfactory and there is no reason to anticipate any handicap in this respect during the ensuing fiscal year.

The combined capital stock of all joint-stock land banks on June 30 was \$33,718,785; reserve, \$2,306,754.45; surplus and undivided profits, \$3,270,306.30.

Federal intermediate credit banks

The 12 Federal intermediate credit banks, authorized by the agricultural credits act of 1923, have now been in actual operation a little more than one year. Each bank has a paid-in capital of \$2,000,000, with a call upon the Treasury for an additional \$3,000,000. It is not expected that an additional call for capital will be made for some time, but that the callable stock will remain in the Treasury against a day when there may not be a favorable market for debentures.

Direct loans to cooperative marketing associations from the beginning of operations aggregated \$57,591,900.33, of which \$30,305,904.62 has been repaid, leaving outstanding at the close of the fiscal year \$27,285,995.71. The aggregate advances were distributed as follows:

Cotton	\$21, 077, 506. 06
Tobacco	
Wheat	4, 379, 059. 35
Canned fruits and vegetables	2, 648, 826. 73
Wool	789, 035. 15
Raisins	5, 000, 000. 00
Broomcorn	150, 000. 00
Red top clover seed	25, 800. 00
Peanuts	69, 300. 00
Prunes	400, 000. 00
Rice	342, 939. 95

Rediscounts aggregated \$25,794,970.30, of which \$5,082,839.37 has been repaid, leaving outstanding \$20,712,130.93. The agencies through which the outstanding rediscounts have been made are as follows:

Agricultural credit corporations	\$12, 109, 183. 77
National banks	115, 126. 98
State banks	
Livestock loan companies	6, 842, 708. 82
Savings banks and trust companies	176, 212. 29

The Federal intermediate credit banks paid the United States Treasurer, as provided in section 206, paragraph (b), of the agricultural credits act of 1923, 50 per cent of the net earnings of said banks on December 31, 1923, amounting to \$152,271.20. On June 30, 1924, the surplus and undivided profits accounts of the 12 banks aggregated \$700,429.07.

It is estimated that approximately 15,000 farmers have been directly served through the rediscount of their individual notes and 600,000 indirectly served as members of cooperative marketing associations.

The banks have experienced no difficulty in finding a ready sale for debentures. The market has been so favorable that the rate of interest on direct loans to cooperative associations secured by staple agricultural commodities has been reduced to $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Rediscounts are now made at 5 per cent. The difference in rate is due to the fact that, to take care of rediscounts, it is necessary to sell a debenture of longer maturity with a consequent higher rate.

WAR FINANCE CORPORATION

There has been a continued decline during the past year in the number and amount of applications for loans received by the War Finance Corporation. The loans authorized for agricultural and livestock purposes from October 16, 1923, to October 15, 1924, inclusive, aggregated \$13,201,000, including \$4,708,000 to banking and financing institutions; \$6,993,000 to livestock loan companies; and \$1,500,000 to cooperative marketing associations. Under these and previous authorizations \$3,230,000 was actually advanced to banking and financing institutions, \$6,095,000 to livestock loan companies, and \$1,020,000 to cooperative marketing associations, a total of \$10,345,000.

The repayments on account of the corporation's agricultural and livestock loans, from October 16, 1923, to October 15, 1924, amounted to \$42,648,000, of which \$20,515,000 was repaid by banking and financing institutions, \$17,981,000 by livestock loan companies, and \$4,152,000 by cooperative marketing associations. During the same period, \$11,312,000 was repaid on war loans and loans under the corporation's export authority, making the total repayments for the year \$53,960,000. All the corporation's export loans have been completely liquidated.

Since the corporation began to function under the agricultural credits act of August 24, 1921, it has approved advances for agricultural and livestock purposes aggregating \$478,739,000, of which \$297,376,000 was actually advanced. Of the total advanced, \$242,911,000 has been repaid, leaving a balance outstanding on October 15, 1924, of \$54,465,000. On the same date loans made under the war powers of the corporation were outstanding to the extent of \$16,979,000.

When the last annual report was submitted, the law provided that the corporation should discontinue the making of advances on March 31, 1924. In view of the acute situation which developed in the Northwest during the early part of the year, resulting from the failure of a considerable number of banks in the agricultural districts, it seemed desirable to extend the corporation's authority for a further period of nine months, and the President so recommended in a special message to Congress on January 23, 1924. The recommendation was adopted by the Congress and embodied in the act of February 20, 1924. That act extended until November 30, 1924, the time during which the corporation may receive applications and until December 31, 1924, the time during which it may make advances. The corporation, therefore, will cease active operations at the end of the calendar year, although it will still have authority, under existing law and in proper cases, to renew or extend outstanding loans within certain limits.

In the agricultural credits act of 1923 Congress made provision for a permanent system of agricultural credits. The Federal intermediate credit banks, the establishment of which was authorized by that act, were designed to take the place of the War Finance Corporation, and have been in operation for a year and a half. These banks have power to make loans for agricultural and livestock purposes for periods ranging from six months to three years, and they should be in position to meet all legitimate requirements which can not be taken care of through the normal banking channels. In the circumstances, and particularly in view of the greatly improved agricultural and banking situation, there seems to be no occasion for a further extension of the authority of the War Finance Corporation.

THE AGRICULTURAL CREDIT CORPORATION

In a special message to the Congress on January 23, 1924, the President discussed the economic situation in certain wheat-growing sections of the Northwest—a situation rendered the more acute by a considerable number of bank failures in those sections. He recommended the enactment of the so-called Norbeck-Burtness bill, then pending in Congress, to assist wheat farmers in diversifying their operations, and also an extension of the time during which the War Finance Corporation could make advances for the benefit of agriculture and the livestock industry. He pointed out, however, that there was a distinct limit to the scope of the assistance which the Federal Government could render and suggested that it might be necessary to provide systematically, on a well-organized and extensive scale, for the restoration or strengthening of the capital resources of the country banks and financing institutions necessary to the proper service of the farmer. He said:

The Government can not supply banking capital, nor can it organize loan companies, but it can properly call upon those large business concerns, the railroads, the mercantile establishments, the agricultural supply houses, and all those large business establishments whose welfare is immediately connected with the welfare of the farmer. It can ask them, in their own interest as well as in the interest of the country, to cooperate with Federal agencies in attacking the problem in a large way.

In line with this thought, the President called a conference in Washington on February 4, 1924, "to consider the pressing agricultural needs of the Northwest." The meeting was attended by a representative group of business men, bankers, and farm leaders, as well as by officials of interested branches of the Government service, including the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Managing Director of the War Finance Corporation, the Comptroller of the Currency, and members of the Federal Reserve Board and the Federal Farm Loan Board. The President in addressing the conference indicated the steps which, in his opinion, the Federal Government properly could take as its share of the work to be done, and emphasized the necessity of full and complete cooperation on the part of the interests represented at the conference. He said:

Agriculture and banking, like all other interests, are not the business of the Government but the business of the people. Primarily they must assume responsibility for them. The Government can help, should help, and will help; but it will be entirely ineffective unless the main impulse comes from the people.

The principal purpose of this conference is to secure cooperation. Agriculture can not stand alone. The banks can not stand alone. A great amount of money has been spent to establish the population in the area affected. It represents some of the best elements of our citizenship. In this day of distress and adversity it ought to be saved because it is worth saving. It can be saved if all of you who are interested are willing to do what you can do. Without you the Government can do practically nothing. With you the Government can save the situation.

In response to the President's appeal for their cooperation, the banking and business interests represented at the conference agreed to organize a corporation, with a capital of \$10,000,000 privately subscribed, to aid in meeting the emergency financial needs of the Northwest which could not be met by existing agencies. A committee consisting of C. T. Jaffray, president of the Soo Line, Minneapolis; John McHugh, president Mechanics & Metals National Bank, New York City; Ralph Van Vechten, vice president Continental & Commercial National Bank, Chicago; Clarence M. Woolley, chairman of the board, American Radiator Co., New York City; E. W. Decker, president Northwestern National Bank, Minneapolis; Alexander Legge, president International Harvester Co., Chicago; and R. P. Lamont, president American Steel Foundries, Chicago, was designated to proceed with the work of organization and of obtaining the necessary subscriptions. Following a meeting of the organization committee in Chicago 10 days later, or on February 14, 1924, it was announced that the entire \$10,000,000 had been subscribed. Approximately \$5,000,000 was provided by the business and financial interests centering in and around New York, Philadelphia, Hartford, and Boston, while the remainder was subscribed by similar interests in and around Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth, Milwaukee, Chicago, Detroit, Cleveland, and Pittsburgh. It was decided to organize an operating company under the name of the Agricultural Credit Corporation, with a holding company known as the Agricultural Securities Co., both companies being formed under the laws of the State of Delaware, with headquarters in Minneapolis. It was understood that, in case of necessity, the Agricultural Credit Corporation would be able to rediscount some of its agricultural paper, within certain limits, with the War Finance Corporation.

The officers and directors were promptly selected, temporary offices were opened in Minneapolis on February 26, and the first loan was completed and made on March 20. Two million dollars of the capital was called in the beginning, and subsequently, as the corporation's operations progressed, two additional calls of \$2,000,000 each were made.

The corporation devoted its initial efforts to the checking of bank suspensions and to the reopening of some of the closed banks in key communities, for it was felt that in this way it would be able to render the most effective assistance to a larger number of people within a short time. To September 26, 1924, the latest date for which figures are available, the corporation had assisted 230 banks, having deposits totaling \$54,000,000, by making loans aggregating \$5,142,000 either directly to them or through their directors or stockholders. These loans not only kept in operation a number of banks which otherwise would have suspended, and enabled 16 to resume business, but were a material factor in stabilizing the banking situation in the Northwest. It has been estimated, for example, that, in addition to safeguarding the deposits of the banks in question, the loans have helped to safeguard at least \$25,000,000 of deposits in banks which received no direct aid from the corporation.

The activities of the Agricultural Credit Corporation, however, were not confined to the making of advances to banks in the agricultural districts. It also purchased the tax certificates of a considerable number of farmer taxpayers, thus relieving them of excessive charges on their past due taxes, and made advances, through a seed wheat distributing association, to assist farmers in obtaining seed. When the Norbeck-Burtness bill, already referred to, failed to pass the Senate, the President suggested that the Agricultural Credit Corporation undertake, along sound and effective lines, some of the work which he had hoped the Department of Agriculture would be permitted to undertake under the terms of that measure, and he expressed the opinion that no more effective service could be rendered to the agricultural interests of the central Northwest. The

corporation promptly formulated plans for making loans to farmers for the purchase of livestock, with the view of encouraging and facilitating the program of diversification. On September 26, 1924, the corporation had financed the purchase of 2,509 dairy cows for distribution in 104 localities and was arranging to place from 30,000 to 40,000 sheep in Minnesota and North and South Dakota.

By the early part of September the agricultural and banking conditions in the Northwest had improved to such an extent that the Agricultural Credit Corporation was receiving only scattering applications from banks, and C. T. Jaffray, chairman of the board, stated that the emergency functions of the corporation were no longer required. Since then the corporation has been devoting its efforts largely to those activities which seek to make farming more profitable through diversification, and it is understood that these activities will be continued.

The results of the operations of the Agricultural Credit Corporation can not be measured by the amount of its loans, for its mere creation and existence helped to restore confidence and exerted a stabilizing influence on the general situation. Without question, the corporation has rendered an important service to the agricultural interests of the Northwest during a critical period.

FARMERS' SEED-GRAIN LOANS

The Treasury Department has continued to release those whose crops were failures, as defined in the act of February 26, 1923, from repayment of the amounts borrowed from the Government for the purchase of seed wheat, and is releasing from repayment those to whom loans were made on account of seed rye and seed oats. The Treasury is also making refunds in accordance with the provisions of the act of February 26, 1923.

Very few applications for refund or release are now being presented to the Treasury, and, with a view to making final settlement of the seed-grain loan account, it is advisable that limitation be placed upon the time within which applications for refunds may be submitted. It is, therefore, suggested that an amendment to the act of February 26, 1923, be enacted by the Congress providing that all claims for refund under the provisions of the act must be presented on or before July 31, 1925.

The following table shows the amount of loans, the amount released, the amount of principal collected, the amount of interest collected, contributions to the guaranty funds, balance of principal outstanding uncollected, and the amount of refunds made, as of October 31. 1924:

Federal land bank	Amount loaned	Principal collected	Principal released	Balance of prin- cipal uncol- lected	Interest collected	Guaranty funds	Amount refunded under act of Feb. 26, 1923
							
	\$1, 891, 132. 75						
St. Paul	358, 370. 45						
Spokane	1, 951, 379. 50	10, 361. 03	1, 254, 593. 50	080, 424. 97	478. 30	24. 15	
	4, 200, 882. 70	1, 443, 439. 88	1, 834, 684. 72	922, 758. 10	77, 538. 50	246, 956. 80	140, 177. 36

¹ This amount includes \$97 refunded to borrowers who contributed to the guaranty funds in excess of the requirements of Joint Circular No. 1, dated August 2, 1918.

ALLEGED DUPLICATIONS OF THE PUBLIC DEBT

In a report submitted to the Attorney General under date of. January 15, 1924, Mr. Charles B. Brewer, special assistant to the Attorney General, presented certain charges relating to the printing, delivery, retirement, and destruction of United States securities. Mr. Brewer charged in substance that there had been large issues of duplicate Liberty bonds, and implied that there had been a conspiracy, affecting even the higher officials of the Treasury, to suppress the facts and make it possible for the guilty parties to realize on the duplicate bonds. His charges covered principally the issue of temporary bonds during the years 1917, 1918, and 1919. charges were substantially a reiteration of charges made by Mr. J. W. McCarter, of South Dakota, in letters published in September, 1920, in the name of the McCarter Corporation, a family corporation organized by McCarter. Secretary Houston made a thorough investigation into the matter at the time, and subsequently stated in two letters, which were made public on September 28, 1920, that the charges were without foundation. McCarter had been for a time Assistant Register of the Treasury under the Democratic administration. His conduct in office had been inefficient and generally unsatisfactory, and in July, 1920, he had been permitted to resign, though Secretary Glass had first asked and obtained authority from President Wilson to remove him from office.

McCarter, it appears, again presented his charges, in April, 1921, to a Member of Congress, by whom they were referred to the Department of Justice. Mr. Charles B. Brewer was then employed as a special assistant to the Attorney General, and the McCarter charges were referred to him for investigation. As stated, this took place in April, 1921. For nearly three years thereafter Brewer devoted practically all of his time to the investigation of McCarter's accusations. He examined the records of the several Treasury offices and bureaus concerned and accumulated a mass of documentary matter, which included copies of Treasury records, affidavits of employees, etc., and in addition was given permission to withdraw from the files of the department certain securities and interest coupons which

were deemed by him to have a bearing on the charges made by McCarter. Mr. Brewer's investigation was not confined to the Treasury offices in Washington, but included visits to several of the Federal reserve banks and member banks.

After he had been engaged in this work for nearly two and a half years it appeared that he had had ample time to produce proofs sufficient to warrant either the dismissal of McCarter's charges or the immediate arrest and conviction of any persons found to be guilty of fraud or conspiracy. Accordingly, in October, 1923, Brewer was directed by a representative of the President of the United States to complete his investigation and submit his report not later than January 15, 1924. Since he had already spent two and a half years in his investigation, it was deemed reasonable to suppose that three additional months would be sufficient to enable him to finish the remaining phases of his work and to present the results of his investigation. In accordance with these instructions, Mr. Brewer, on January 15, 1924, submitted to the Attorney General the report hereinbefore mentioned. In his report Mr. Brewer charged that fraudulent duplications or overissues of the public debt were evidenced by "spurious" securities or securities bearing duplicate serial numbers; that such fraudulent duplications or overissues were further evidenced by securities numbered higher than the high numbers officially reported as issued; that irregularities in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing permitted fraudulent duplications or overissues to have been perpetrated without detection; that officials deliberately attempted to conceal the facts regarding fraudulent duplications or overissues; that retired securities were destroyed in order that proof of duplication might not be available; that changes in procedure and personnel within the public debt service were made for the purpose of suppressing evidence of fraud; that the source of surrendered bonds was obscured to preclude tracing; and that there was fraud in the handling of securities after retirement. charges were contained in a voluminous report, which was prefaced by Mr. Brewer with the statement that he expected to prove the facts.

The Brewer charges were referred to the Secretary of the Treasury for investigation, and on February 13, 1924, the Secretary of the Treasury advised the President that an exhaustive investigation of the charges had immediately been ordered and was then under way, but that since the Brewer charges had been made public and were practically a reiteration of the McCarter charges it appeared desirable, pending the completion of a full investigation, to assure the public that the charges were wholly unfounded, that there had been no overissue of Government securities, and that the integrity of the public debt could not be attacked. The Treasury meanwhile had

begun a detailed investigation of each of Mr. Brewer's specific charges. Incident to this investigation it appeared desirable that the Treasury examine the securities which Mr. Brewer had withdrawn from the files of the department and which had been referred to in Mr. Brewer's report. Therefore, under date of February 1, 1924, the Treasury requested the Attorney General to instruct Mr. Brewer to return these securities to the Treasury for the purpose of examination.

On February 4, 1924 (the date set for the return of the securities to the Treasury), Mr. Brewer, instead of complying with the instructions of the Attorney General to make such delivery, brought suit in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. This suit was brought by Charles B. Brewer as plaintiff against Andrew W. Mellon, Harry M. Daugherty, Garrard B. Winston, and Augustus T. Seymour, as defendants. The chief purpose of the suit was to prevent the return to the Treasury Department of the securities in Mr. Brewer's custody, thereby depriving the Treasury temporarily of the opportunity it desired to examine the securities, which examination was necessary in order that a complete report might be submitted to the President of the United States.

In March, 1924, and while the above suit was pending, the House of Representatives passed a resolution authorizing a special committee of five members, to be designated by the Speaker, to investigate the preparation, distribution, sale, payment, retirement, surrender, cancellation, and destruction of Government bonds and other securities. The following members of the House Committee on Banking and Currency were designated as members of the special investigating committee: Louis T. McFadden, Pennsylvania (chairman); Edward J. King, Illinois; James G. Strong, Kansas; Henry B. Steagall, Alabama; and William F. Stevenson, South Carolina.

The securities withdrawn by Mr. Brewer from the files of the Treasury were delivered by him to the clerk of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. They remained in the registry of the court until April 14, 1924, when, with the consent of the Treasury, the securities and other documentary evidence were ordered turned over to the special congressional committee under an agreement reached between the congressional committee and the Secretary of the Treasury whereby officials of the Treasury were given an opportunity to examine the impounded securities immediately following their delivery by the court to the committee. This enabled the Treasury to complete its reply to the Brewer charges as contained in his report of January 15, 1924, to the Attorney General. An exhaustive investigation of each of the specific accusations was made by the Treasury. Where the charges related to particular transactions or particular securities the records of the department were carefully

examined for the facts. Where the charges were either indefinite or general in their application the department brought together all of the available information which appeared to relate to the matters in question.

The Treasury's detailed reply was submitted to the President of the United States in a letter dated April 26, 1924. It consisted of nearly 200 pages of printed text and tabulated information. The substance of the Treasury's reply was to the effect that there had been no fraudulent duplications or overissues of the public debt, and that Mr. Brewer's charges that officials of the Treasury had suppressed information concerning fraudulent duplications or overissues were absurd.

As to the instances of securities bearing duplicated serial numbers, it was pointed out that erroneously numbered securities were printed and certain of such securities were issued without the errors in serial numbers being detected, thus resulting in actual duplication in serial numbers but without any overissue of the public debt. Treasury stated, further, that errors had been made in preparing lists of serial numbers and in posting serial numbers in the numerical registers, thus resulting in apparent duplications in the serial numbers of bonds. It was explained also that thieves, who had stolen bonds from the public after they had been issued by the Treasury, had altered the serial numbers on some securities so as to result in apparent duplications in numbers. But in every instance of duplicate numbering, whether actual or apparent, the Treasury's investigation disclosed that the duplication was clearly traceable to the abovementioned errors or alterations, and not to fraud. In no case had any such errors or alterations resulted in an overissue of the public debt. The Treasury's conclusions were justified by the following facts:

- (1) The amount of securities issued, as shown by the records of the Treasury Department, agreed absolutely with the amount of cash received by the Treasury upon subscriptions.
- (2) A large overissue, such as Mr. Brewer attempted to show, would have resulted in excessive payments of interest, whereas the figures as to interest paid show that the amount paid has continually been far below the actual accruals.
- (3) There was an absolute control on each piece of distinctive paper used in the printing of United States securities, such control operating from the time the paper left the Government paper mill through the various printing operations in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and through the various issue operations in the public debt service and Federal reserve banks, until the securities were delivered to the public.
- (4) Fraudulent duplications or overissues of the public debt could not have occurred without the collusion of so many clerks

employed in the several operating divisions and sections, as well as those employed on the controls, that any attempted conspiracy would have been exposed.

A complete description of the operations in the Government paper mill, the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and in the various offices engaged in the handling of public debt securities, was included in the Treasury's reply, and particular attention was called to the numerous checks and verifications accorded the securities in the process of manufacture and issue.

The Treasury's reply explained, further, that errors in the printing of serial numbers on securities not only were made during the wartime period, when bonds were printed under great stress and adverse conditions, but that such errors continue to be detected in the current work of the bureau. It was shown, further, that there were no irregularities in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing which permitted fraudulent duplications or overissues to occur, nor was there fraud on the part of officials or employees responsible for the safeguarding of retired securities. Mr. Brewer's charges of "manipulation" of the annual reports of the register were shown clearly to be absurd and ridiculous. In his attempt to support such charges Mr. Brewer misinterpreted the table headings and disregarded table contents and otherwise deliberately distorted the facts as they were set forth in the annual reports of the Register and the Secretary of the Treasury.

The Treasury's letter to the President also conveyed the assurance that Mr. Brewer's charges were utterly without foundation. These charges, it was stated, appeared in some instances to be nothing less than deliberate and malicious distortion of the facts, traceable largely to misinformation and misunderstanding, and to the malicious gossip of disgruntled employees. It was pointed out that Mr. Brewer repeatedly had dealt in innuendoes and insinuations, and that his conclusions were not justified by the evidence which he presented. The President was assured, further, that while there had been instances of duplicate serial numbers, the origin of which had been fully explained, there was no evidence whatever of any duplicate issues or other fraudulent overissues of Liberty bonds or other Government securities, and absolutely nothing to support Mr. Brewer's charge that there had been a conspiracy to defraud the United States.

The special committee of Congress has continued its investigation of the preparation, distribution, sale, payment, retirement, surrender, cancellation, and destruction of Government bonds and other securities, and Mr. Brewer has reiterated some of his charges before the committee.

The Secretary's letter of April 26, 1924, to the President of the United States sets forth all of the facts surrounding matters men-

tioned in Mr. Brewer's written charges. However, the Treasury is anxious to furnish any additional information that may be desired by the congressional committee. The charges made by Mr. Brewer are serious charges, and while the Treasury, as above stated, has already furnished a complete answer thereto, it has extended, and will continue to extend, such assistance and cooperation as will enable the committee to conduct a thorough investigation of the facts.

CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS

Last year's annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury covered operations in certificates of indebtedness through the offering of September 15, 1923. Since that date the Treasury has offered only five issues of certificates, and this financing has been confined to the quarterly tax payment dates. All issues have been well received and largely oversubscribed. There have been no new issues of Treasury notes.

The first offering of certificates after the publication of the previous annual report was on December 15, 1923. On that day about \$350,000,000 of certificates of indebtedness matured and approximately \$75,000,000 of interest on the public debt became payable. To cover any difference between these obligations and the December tax receipts and to provide for further requirements of the Treasury in excess of balances on hand, two series of certificates were offered. One series, maturing in six months, or on June 16, 1924, bore 4 per cent interest; the other, maturing in one year, or on December 15, 1924, bore 41/4 per cent interest. The combined offering was for \$300,000,000, or thereabouts, and was announced on December Subscriptions, which closed at the close of business December 12, aggregated \$765,505,500. Allotments amounted to \$349,277,500, of which \$135,128,500 were for the June maturity and \$214,149,000 for the December, 1924, maturity. Of the subscriptions, \$109,180,-500 represented subscriptions for which Treasury certificates maturing December 15, 1923, were offered in payment, all of which were allotted in full. Cash subscriptions in amounts not exceeding \$10,000 for any one subscriber also were allotted in full, and those over \$10,000 were allotted 25 per cent, but not less than \$10,000 on any one subscription.

On March 15, 1924, about \$550,000,000 of certificates matured and approximately \$143,000,000 of interest on the public debt became payable. In order to meet these obligations, interest payments due April 15 and May 15, and other requirements until June 15, 1924, in so far as they might be in excess of March tax receipts and balances on hand, a new issue of certificates, dated March 15, 1924, was announced. This issue consisted of one-year 4 per cent tax certificates, maturing March 15, 1925. The offering was for \$400,000,000, or thereabouts, and Treasury certificates maturing March 15, 1924,

were accepted in exchange for the new issue. Subscriptions closed on March 11, the day following the announcement of the issue, and aggregated \$662,760,500. Allotments amounted to \$400,299,000, of which \$137,365,000 represented allotments on subscriptions in payment for which certificates maturing on March 15, 1924, were tendered. All exchange subscriptions were allotted in full, while allotments on other subscriptions were made on a graduated scale, giving preference, as usual, to smaller investors.

For the necessary June financing the Treasury offered \$150,-000,000, or thereabouts, of tax certificates dated June 16, and maturing December 15, 1924. The certificates bore 23/4 per cent interest, the low rate reflecting the easy money conditions then prevailing. Treasury certificates maturing June 16, 1924, and Treasury notes maturing June 15, 1924, were accepted in payment. Subscriptions aggregated \$609,192,500, or over four times as much as the offering. The amount allotted was \$193,065,500, of which \$124,608,400 represented allotments on subscriptions for which the maturing Treasury certificates and notes were tendered in payment. All exchange subscriptions were allotted in full, while cash subscriptions were allotted on a graduated scale, previously announced. This offering of certificates, supplemented by balances on hand and the June income tax receipts, was intended to provide for the payment of about \$311,000,000 of maturing Treasury notes, \$134,000,000 of maturing certificates, approximately \$76,000,000 of interest on the public debt and all other requirements until September 15, 1924.

The September financing took the form of an offering of 23/4 per cent tax certificates of indebtedness, dated September 15, 1924, and maturing September 15, 1925. The amount offered was \$350,000,000, or thereabouts, and Treasury notes maturing on September 15, 1924, were accepted in payment. The proceeds of this issue, together with September tax receipts and cash on hand, were intended to pay the \$377,000,000 of 51/2 per cent Treasury notes maturing on September 15, meet public debt interest payments of approximately \$135,000,000 in September, \$150,000,000 in October, and \$66,000,000 in November, and provide for all other Treasury requirements until December 15, 1924. On that date two issues of certificates of indebtedness fall due and additional financing will be necessary. The September certificates were offered on the 8th of the month and subscriptions closed on the 10th. Subscriptions aggregated \$596,145,500 and the total allotted was \$391,369,500, of which \$125,982,000 represented allotments on subscriptions in payment for which maturing Treasury notes were tendered. The exchange subscriptions were allotted in full, as were cash subscriptions in amounts not exceeding \$10,000 for any one subscriber, while other allotments were made on a graduated scale, as announced.

Further details concerning Treasury certificates of indebtedness will be found in Exhibits 1 to 29, pages 150 to 213, and in Tables A, C, and D, pages 356 to 373. The official circulars announcing the various offerings, beginning with that of December 15, 1923, are printed as Exhibits 26 to 29, pages 208 to 213.

The aggregate amount of certificates issued from the beginning of the war to October 31, 1924, was \$60,880,483,809, of which \$21,422,-925,500 were loan certificates, \$14,972,646,500 were sold in anticipation of income and profits taxes and \$24,484,911,809 were special issues. The following table gives the details regarding the unmatured certificates of indebtedness and Treasury notes outstanding on October 31, 1924:

Unmatured certificates of indebtedness and Treasury notes outstanding October 31, 1924

Detail	Inter- est	Date of issue	Due	Amount outstand- ing
Certificates of indebtedness: Series TD-1924. Series TD-1924 Series TM-1925 Series TS-1925.	Per cent 41/4 23/4 4 23/4	Dec. 15, 1923 June 16, 1924 Mar. 15, 1924 Sept. 15, 1924	Dec. 15, 1924 do Mar. 15, 1925 Sept. 15, 1925	\$214, 148, 000. 00 193, 049, 500. 00 400, 299, 000. 00 388, 869, 500. 00
Treasury notes: Series A-1925. Series B-1925. Series C-1925. Series A-1926. Series A-1926. Series B-1926. Series B-1927.	43 <u>4</u> 41 <u>4</u>	Feb. 1, 1922 June 15, 1922 Dec. 15, 1922 Mar. 15, 1922 Aug. 1, 1922 Jan. 15, 1923 May 15, 1923	Mar. 15, 1925 Dec. 15, 1925 June 15, 1925 Mar. 15, 1926 Sept. 15, 1926 Dec. 15, 1927 Mar. 15, 1927	597, 325, 900. 00 299, 659, 900. 00 406, 031, 000. 00 615, 707, 900. 00 414, 922, 300. 00 355, 779, 900. 00 668, 201, 400. 00

GOVERNMENT SAVINGS SECURITIES

The last annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury contained a description of the issue of Treasury savings certificates, dated December 1, 1923. The terms of these certificates and the regulations governing the surrender of Treasury savings certificates, issue of September 30, 1922, by collateral agents and post offices appear in Department Circular No. 329, dated November 15, 1923, published as Exhibit 49, page 295 of the 1923 report.

With the change in price effective December 1, 1923, the sale of savings certificates increased rapidly. New publicity material was prepared and a broad campaign for the year adopted. Preparations were made throughout the Federal reserve districts to increase the sales, and rapid progress was made until January, 1924. Due to the strained financial conditions in the agricultural sections of the country, on January 26, 1924, it was deemed advisable to suspend all publicity and sale of Treasury savings certificates in the following States: Arizona, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin, Montana, Minnesota, Oklahoma, Idaho, New Mexico, Texas, Iowa, Arkansas, and Wyoming.

While it was felt that these certificates were not injurious to the banks, still some bankers held the view that a suspension would be beneficial to the general situation and the Treasury acceded to their request. This suspension of sale was extended in February to include a total of 21 States. The adoption of a passive program throughout the remaining unaffected States followed, with the result that monthly returns to the Treasury decreased rapidly.

With the easing off of conditions in the spring and the resultant lowering of the Government interest rates, this particular issue of Treasury savings certificates was out of line with other interest rates; and in view of the restricted area of sale, it was not thought advisable to issue certificates on a new interest rate, but to suspend all sales throughout the United States. In accordance with the terms of the original offering, the Secretary of the Treasury reserved the right to withdraw the issue at any time, and on July 15, 1924, announcement was made of the withdrawal of the current issue. Regulations governing the withdrawal, the surrender of unissued stocks, and the discontinuance of the exchange of war-savings certificates and Treasury savings certificates, series of 1918 and 1919, appear in Department Circular No. 343, attached hereto as Exhibit 30, page 214. Regulations governing the redemption of war-savings certificates, series of 1920, and Treasury savings certificates, series of 1920, appear in Department Circulars Nos. 347 and 348, attached hereto as Exhibits 31 and 32, pages 215 to 218.

The following table shows the cash receipts from the sale of Treasury (war) savings securities by months, from the date of the first offering in December, 1917, up to and including the month of October, 1924:

	··			
Month	1917	1918	1919	1920
January February March April May June July. August September October November December		211 417 042 61	\$70, 996, 041. 14 15, 816, 539. 27 10, 143, 081. 68 9, 572, 728. 48 6, 558, 198. 33 5, 269, 535. 51 5, 176, 865. 12 6, 201, 164. 07 6, 111, 944. 78 7, 316, 467. 60 8, 020, 436. 67	\$8, 987, 462. 59 5, 221, 213, 48 6, 063, 359, 22 4, 815, 437, 69 3, 152, 962, 19 3, 107, 909, 72 2, 359, 274, 53 2, 231, 509, 77 1, 814, 705, 89 1, 989, 750, 48 1, 912, 967, 05
December	\$10, 236, 451. 32	63, 970, 813. 47	9, 124, 292. 13	1, 934, 452. 46
Total		961, 677, 421. 59	160, 307, 294. 78	43, 891, 005. 07
Month	1921	1922	1923-	1924
January February March April May June July August September October November December	3, 324, 164, 22 2, 838, 416, 58 2, 471, 904, 05 1, 682, 606, 72 1, 481, 271, 98 1, 403, 106, 07 1, 321, 198, 52 1, 083, 602, 12 1, 209, 074, 50 1, 285, 573, 34 2, 245, 408, 97	\$8, 896, 071, 56 8, 693, 242, 30 9, 880, 942, 69 10, 749, 347, 94 10, 542, 156, 31 12, 059, 050, 88 14, 183, 629, 47 11, 544, 404, 78 13, 661, 364, 60 18, 763, 085, 89 4, 834, 624, 68 18, 441, 740, 90	\$55, 024, 798, 53 27, 003, 547, 16 13, 355, 434, 95 9, 473, 432, 77 7, 842, 896, 64 8, 257, 445, 35 8, 108, 997, 13 7, 113, 879, 99 6, 543, 062, 03 7, 433, 534, 57 6, 874, 753, 92 24, 014, 474, 55	\$45, 608, 046, 62 19, 383, 936, 33 11, 908, 248, 64 10, 222, 244, 58 8, 651, 022, 60 8, 004, 118, 84 12, 478, 787, 62 1, 205, 416, 35 1, 090, 932, 42 963, 329, 95
Total	22, 992, 723. 95	142, 249, 662. 00	181, 046, 257. 59	119, 516, 083, 95

DEPOSITS OF GOVERNMENT FUNDS

Deposits of Government funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, comprised four general classes, as follows: (1) Deposits maintained with depositary banks to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States as a basis for the transaction of the essential business of the Government; (2) deposits carried with such depositaries by Government officers other than the Treasurer of the United States in the form of official checking accounts to facilitate current disbursements; (3) temporary deposits with special depositaries of public moneys, resulting from the purchase of Government securities for which payment was made by credit, subject to withdrawal on demand by the Secretary of the Treasury; and (4) temporary deposits with Federal land banks under the provisions of section 32 of the act approved July 17, 1916, as amended July 1, 1921. The depositary system of the Treasury during the year embraced, in addition to the Treasurer of the United States, Federal land banks, Federal reserve banks and branches, special depositaries, national-bank depositaries-both general and limited-foreign depositaries, and insular depositaries, including the treasurer of the Philippine Islands. Statements indicating the number of depositaries by classes and the Government deposits held by them, on the basis of daily Treasurv statements, revised, at the end of the fiscal year 1923 and at the end of the fiscal year 1924, are shown in the abstract of report of the division of deposits on page 341.

In conformity with the established policy of the Treasury to maintain deposits of Government funds with depositary banks as nearly as possible in proportion to the Government's actual requirements, the trend of Government deposits during recent years has been downward. This downward trend was particularly marked during the past fiscal year. The total amount of Government deposits with depositary banks on June 30, 1924, was \$234,299,077.89, compared with deposits amounting to \$361,026,583.43 at the end of the fiscal year 1923. A review of the average daily totals of Government deposits throughout the past fiscal year likewise shows a very material decrease over the average daily deposits of the preceding fiscal year. The greater part of this decrease was effected in the deposits held by special depositaries of public moneys as a result of the purchase of Government securities for which payment was made by credit. These deposits are governed principally by the refunding operations of the Treasury, which were upon a considerably smaller scale during the past fiscal year than in the fiscal year 1923. Consequently, the average daily balance of Government deposits held by special depositaries during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, was approximately \$198,000,000 against an average daily balance during the preceding fiscal year of approximately \$241,000,000. Special depositaries of

public moneys, however, continue to hold an important place in the depositary system of the Treasury. Such depositaries are permitted to subscribe for Government securities offered for sale from time to time and to make payment for them by credit, thereby retaining the proceeds of such sales in the form of deposits until withdrawn as needed to meet current disbursements of the Government. procedure has been of great assistance in providing facilities for the sale of large issues of Government securities without disturbance to the money market. Furthermore, since special despositaries of public moneys are required to pay interest on daily deposits at the rate of 2 per cent per annum, the sale of Government securities by this method is productive of a substantial revenue which would not be received if all Government securities were sold for cash. interest received on these deposits during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, was \$3,961,872.50. The total amount received from April 24, 1917, to June 30, 1924, was \$61,648,043.97. This is shown by Federal reserve districts and semiannual periods in the following statement:

Table No. 1.—Interest collected to June 30, 1924, by Federal reserve districts, on deposits in special depositaries on account of sales of Liberty bonds, Victory notes, Treasury notes, and certificates of indebtedness, and income and profits tax payments, under acts of April 24, 1917, September 24, 1917, April 4, 1918, September 24, 1918, July 9, 1918, and March 3, 1919

Federal reserve district	April 24 to June 30, 1917	July 1 to Dec. 31, 1917	Jan. 1 to June 30, 1918	July 1 to Dec. 31, 1918
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta New Orleans branch Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco.	338, 480, 60 1, 044, 64 252, 06 9, 023, 53	\$495, 044, 28 2, 418, 335, 72 200, 276, 04 290, 482, 56 81, 252, 94 28, 189, 27 300, 428, 59 56, 412, 34 32, 520, 68 39, 634, 27 35, 888, 58 137, 996, 92	\$757, 345, 98 2, 486, 301, 63 557, 668, 79 803, 219, 84 128, 860, 72 96, 986, 76, 76 60, 320, 38 638, 048, 19 288, 726, 24 168, 309, 21 150, 897, 61 80, 191, 52 208, 486, 34	\$1, 138, 915. 47 6, 720, 162. 97 1, 059, 668. 15 872, 392. 10 109, 503. 64 144, 105. 99 79, 005. 33 974, 334. 63 403, 488. 76 164, 790. 29 332, 145. 268, 329, 88 377, 421. 12
Total	358, 221. 43	4, 142, 794. 84	6, 423, 863. 19	12, 644, 323, 82
Federal reserve district	Jan. 1 to June 30, 1919	July 1 to Dec. 31, 1919	Jan. 1 to June 30, 1920	July 1 to Dec. 31, 1920
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta New Orleans branch Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	596, 436. 23 696, 750. 48 242, 735. 18 203, 550. 98 88, 140. 55 1, 107, 399. 81 369, 783. 56 311, 793. 53 309, 106. 79	\$563, 524. 88 3, 336, 357. 90 520, 102. 81 530, 146. 39 555, 390. 68 153, 908. 04 40, 666. 90 817, 172. 84 264, 058. 53 171, 863. 85 159, 047. 57 182, 127. 50 246, 486. 13	\$254, 689. 51 1, 887, 688. 21 171, 509. 48 352, 082. 30 140, 635. 35 82, 811. 99 61, 682. 62 355, 685. 31 100, 947. 90 104, 223. 41 95, 489. 75 118, 843. 58 182, 833. 46	\$131, 904. 55 837, 038. 64 123, 242. 32 98, 748. 63 29, 202. 82 17, 182. 07 23, 774. 93 159, 607. 51 45, 418. 04 19, 254. 89 49, 622. 84 15, 256. 09 97, 164. 11
Total	8, 351, 885, 19	7, 549, 854. 02		1, 647, 417, 44

Table No. 1.—Interest collected to June 30, 1924, by Federal reserve districts, on deposits in special depositaries on account of sales of Liberty bonds, Victory notes, Treasury notes, and certificates of indebtedness, and income and profits tax payments, under acts of April 24, 1917, September 24, 1917, April 4, 1918, September 24, 1918, July 9, 1918, and March 3, 1919—Continued

Federal reserve district	Jan. 1 to June 30, 1921	July 1 to Dec. 31, 1921	Jan. 1 to June 30, 1922	July 1 to Dec. 31, 1922
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta New Orleans branch Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	16, 393. 10 5, 417. 03 87, 765. 18 55, 839. 57 39, 930. 85 40, 237. 12	\$229, 145. 55 1, 382, 584. 79 296, 937. 77 339, 829. 56 53, 373. 59 20, 544. 91 10, 288. 39 356, 846. 54 93, 306. 68 74, 455. 39 63, 463. 86 49, 760. 21 103, 123. 90	\$293, 199. 36 1, 130, 984. 88 196, 007. 92 208. 690. 66 105, 497. 31 44, 474. 72 24, 339. 61 412, 204. 08 109, 287. 53 63, 793. 12 60, 799. 89 71, 030. 98 154, 947. 15	\$109, 546, 15 1 693, 384, 59 172, 844, 37 1 206, 926, 49 85, 398, 34 38, 485, 08 32, 393, 11 189, 668, 39 48, 373, 71 81, 572, 42 58, 396, 88 29, 366, 09 118, 043, 35
Total	1, 864, 890. 58	3, 073, 661. 14	2, 884, 257. 21	1 1, 864, 399. 57
Federal reserve district	Jan. 1 to June 30, 1923	July 1 to Dec. 31, 1923	Jan. 1 to June 30, 1924	Total
Boston. New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta New Orleans branch Chicago St. Louis. Minneapolis	315, 175. 60 155, 886. 06 128, 889. 67 71, 747. 98 18, 198. 15 372, 426. 72	\$228, 554. 85 919, 210. 35 160, 276. 86 196, 574. 67 66, 881. 86 31, 532. 49 63, 729. 64 220, 950. 16 124, 229. 35 75, 635. 84	\$209, 125, 72 456, 624, 89 132, 972, 32 176, 743, 67 58, 751, 56 32, 588, 73 49, 524, 35 174, 621, 16 64, 467, 92 32, 482, 57	\$5, 639, 042. 48 27, 618, 167. 93 4, 715, 677. 98 5, 099, 473. 02 1, 847, 695. 39 981, 914. 09 583, 813. 70 6, 196, 182. 64 2, 120, 028. 28 1, 398, 149. 27
Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	72, 323. 95 101, 254. 81	30, 645, 92 37, 670, 17 198, 652, 16	21, 673. 76 66, 850. 55 130, 840. 98	1, 492, 485. 80 1, 207, 726. 42 2, 747, 686. 97

¹ Amended figures.

The Federal reserve banks and their branches, acting as depositaries and fiscal agents of the United States, received the greater part of all deposits of Government revenues from day to day throughout the year. Consequently, the balances carried therewith to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States are very active and are subject to considerable variation. No idle or excessive balances of Government funds are carried with the Federal reserve banks and their branches.

Adjustments during the past fiscal year in the deposits to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States with general national-bank depositaries of public moneys resulted mainly from the constantly changing requirements of the Government for depositary facilities in different parts of the country. As an indication of the necessity for close supervision of the depositary accounts of all general national-bank depositaries, it is interesting to note that while the aggregate amount of the fixed balances carried with such depositaries throughout the country averaged approximately \$8,000,000 during the year under review, there was a shifting of balances totaling

in the aggregate \$1,409,000. These adjustments and changes are summarized as follows: Twenty-five general depositaries, carrying aggregate fixed balances of \$207,000 to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States, were discontinued; and reductions totaling \$624,000 were made in the fixed balances held by 27 other such depositaries. Seventeen additional general national-bank depositaries, with authority to maintain fixed balances aggregating \$241,000, were designated, and increases in the fixed balances of 17 general depositaries, amounting to \$337,000, were granted. The net reduction in the number of general national-bank depositaries during the fiscal year, therefore, was eight, while the net reduction in the amount of the fixed balances was \$253,000. Sixty additional limited nationalbank depositaries were designated, and 56 such depositaries were discontinued during the fiscal year. There were 885 limited depositaries on June 30, 1924, and deposits held by them and general national-bank depositaries to the credit of Government officers other than the Treasurer of the United States during the past fiscal year averaged approximately \$21,700,000, as against an approximate average daily balance of \$20,000,000 during the preceding fiscal year. All of these deposits, with a few exceptions, are maintained by the United States courts and their officers and by postmasters in the form of official checking accounts.

Depositaries of public moneys in foreign countries and in the insular possessions of the United States were continued throughout the past fiscal year where necessary for the convenience of Government officers. The deposits of Government funds carried with such depositaries during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, however, were considerably less in the aggregate than during the previous fiscal year.

Since June 1, 1913, all Government depositaries have been required to pay interest at the rate of 2 per cent per annum on daily balances. The amounts received during the past 12 years from this source, exclusive of special depositaries, which are shown above, are as follows:

Table No. 2.—Interest on Government deposits, exclusive of those in special depositaries

1913	\$122, 218. 89	1919	\$5, 507, 742. 43
1914	1, 409, 426, 07	1920	1, 865, 975. 76
1915			
1916	791, 671. 45	1922	865, 848. 30
1917			
1918	1, 134, 569. 09	1924	² 570, 225. 42

¹ Amended figures.

² Incomplete and subject to revision.

During the fiscal year under review temporary deposits of Government funds aggregating \$5,000,000 were made with Federal land

banks under the provisions of section 32 of the act approved July 17, 1916, as amended July 1, 1921; \$4,000,000 of these deposits were repaid to the Treasury prior to June 30, 1924, and the balance was repaid on July 9, 1924.

SECURITIES OWNED BY THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

The statement of securities owned by the Government on June 30, 1924, compiled from latest returns received by the Treasury shows an aggregate of \$11,301,313,434.70, as against \$10,839,774,452.46 on June 30, 1923, a net increase of \$461,538,982.24. A comparative summary classification of the respective holdings is as follows:

	June 30, 1924	June 30, 1923
Foreign obligations: Funded under debt settlements	\$4, 587, 894, 000. 00 5, 968, 435, 295. 61	\$10, 090, 900, 222. 9 6
Capital stock of war-emergency corporations	10, 556, 329, 295. 61 102, 215, 837. 80 449, 377, 995. 16 7, 000, 000. 00	10, 090, 900, 222. 96 138, 768, 824. 98 419, 383, 158. 97 7, 000, 000. 00
Capital stock of Federal land banks	1, 985, 500. 00 101, 885, 000. 00 24, 000, 000. 00	3, 086, 070. 00 101, 885, 000. 00 12, 000, 000. 00
ments and United States Shipping Board	58, 519, 806. 13 11, 301, 313, 434. 70	66, 751, 175. 55 10, 839, 774, 452. 46

The largest net increase appears in the holdings of foreign obligations, and is due to the funding of accrued interest into principal under debt settlements with the Governments of Great Britain, Finland, The other foreign obligations do not include accrued and Hungary. The funded obligations of Great Britain and Finland were reduced during the fiscal year by payments of principal in the respective amounts of \$23,000,000 and \$45,000. The net reduction in the total amount of capital stock of war-emergency corporations was accomplished through net cash deposits of \$52,539,931.15 made by the War Finance Corporation to its credit with the Treasurer of the This was partially offset by an increase of approxi-United States. mately \$19,000,000 on account of the Emergency Fleet Corporation and is due to the decrease of about that amount in the balance to the credit of the corporation with the Treasurer of the United States as compared with such balance on June 30, 1923. In all cases of holdings by the Government of capital stock of war-emergency corporations, the cash balances of the corporations with the Treasurer of the United States are deducted from the par amount of capital stock owned in each case in order to exhibit the net cash outgo on account of the stock ownership. The holdings of railroad obligations show an increase of approximately \$30,000,000, although payments aggregating

about \$65,000,000 were received during the year on account of the principal of such obligations matured, sold, or paid before maturity. The Federal intermediate credit banks made additional calls for payments aggregating \$12,000,000 on subscriptions to their capital stock by the Government under the provisions of section 205 of the "Agricultural credits act of 1923." The total amount subscribed was \$60,000,000 of which \$24,000,000 has been paid to the close of the fiscal year 1924. In this connection franchise tax payments under section 206 of the act above mentioned were made to the Treasury by the Federal intermediate credit banks aggregating \$152,271.20, representing one-half of the net earnings to December 31, 1923, for such part of the calendar year 1923 as the banks were in operation.

The detailed items of the security holdings are shown in Exhibit 37, page 227, of this report.

RAILROADS

The total railroad obligations owned by the Government on June 30, 1924, which were acquired under the Federal control and transportation acts, as amended, were \$449,377,995.16, principal amount, as against \$419,383,158.97 on June 30, 1923. The total obligations increased during the fiscal year approximately \$30,000,000, although in the same period payments of railroads to the Government amounted to approximately \$65,000,000 on account of principal. For a detailed statement of these obligations see Exhibit 37, page 227, of this report.

On the basis of the daily Treasury statements the net cash receipts on account of railroads during the fiscal year amounted to \$58,631,-367.78, as against the earlier estimates included in the Budget of a net cash outgo amounting to \$57,986,299, a difference of \$116,617,666.78. This reversal of the estimate was due primarily to the change in the money market since the first of the calendar year, which enabled the carriers to refund at lower rates of interest their securities held by the Government. Easy money conditions also made it possible for the carriers in some cases to make substantial cash payments to the Director General of Railroads on final settlements made with him, instead of funding their indebtedness to the Government with their obligations.

The total receipts from railroad securities during the fiscal year were \$94,373,535.52, of which \$64,976,163.81 was on account of principal and \$29,397,371.71 represented interest.

The total net expenditures were \$35,742,167.74. Under the transportation act, 1920, net payments during the fiscal year for reimbursement of deficits under section 204 were \$1,772,444.32, net guaranty payments under section 209 were \$27,898,071.72, and new loans made under section 210 amounted to \$12,971,000. The total payments by the Railroad Administration during the fiscal year, amounting to \$17,465,640.94, were more than offset by credits of \$24,364,989.24,

practically all of which was received in cash by the director general on account of final settlements; the net excess of credits was accordingly \$6,899,348.30.

The probable continuance of low interest rates for the balance of the year and the decreasing scale of expenditures by the director general as final settlements with carriers are concluded should result in a substantial excess of receipts over expenditures for the current fiscal year. During the period from July 1 to October 31, 1924, the proceeds of railroad securities received by the Government amounted to \$88,222,410.45, while net expenditures were only \$4,059,990.91, an excess of receipts for the period amounting to \$84,162,419.54. Of the \$88,222,410.45 received, \$80,215,122.08 was on account of principal and \$8,007,288.37 represented interest.

The payments under sections 204, 209, and 210 of the transportation act, 1920, as amended, are made by the Treasury in accordance with certificates issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission for purposes briefly described as follows:

Section 204: For reimbursement of deficits of the so-called "short-line" railroads during Federal control.

Section 209: For the guaranty of net railway operating income during the six months' period immediately following the termination of Federal control on March 1, 1920.

Section 210: For loans to carriers from the \$300,000,000 revolving fund therein provided made when authorized by the Interstate Commerce Commission upon applications filed within two years after termination of Federal control.

In previous annual reports payments made by the Treasury under the provisions of the three sections above enumerated have been shown covering the period of a year ending with November 15. Similar transactions, covering the period from November 16, 1923, to October 31, 1924, inclusive, are given below.

Section 204

In making payments under this section the Treasury is required, upon request of the President, to deduct from the amount certified to be due to the carrier the amount certified to be due from the carrier to the President, as operator of the transportation systems under Federal control, and payable to his agent, the Director General of Railroads. From November 16, 1923, to October 31, 1924, \$1,160,482.19 was paid under this section, \$862,657.17 to the carriers directly, and \$297,825.02 to the Director General of Railroads, making a total of \$9,435,354.99 paid up to October 31, 1924, \$7,579,616.40 to the carriers directly and \$1,855,738.59 to the Director General of Railroads. The Interstate Commerce Commission

estimates the total amount payable at approximately \$15,000,000, leaving an estimated balance to be paid of \$5,564,645.01, all of which it hopes to certify for payment during the remainder of the present fiscal year.

The following is a list of carriers indebted to the United States as of October 31, 1924, by reason of overpayments under this section:

Midland Ry. Co	13, 586. 31
Total	52, 809. 78

A statement showing partial and final payments to carriers under this section of the act, together with the deductions therefrom, for the period from November 16, 1923, to October 31, 1924, is attached as Exhibit 34, page 222.

Section 209

From November 16, 1923, to October 31, 1924, carriers have paid into the Treasury on account of excess earnings during the guaranty period, pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (d) of this section, \$32,340.90, making the total amount paid up to October 31, 1924, \$256,130.50. The Interstate Commerce Commission estimates the total amount which will be payable to the United States from carriers under paragraph (d) at \$2,500,000, leaving an estimated balance to be paid to the United States of \$2,243,869.50, all of which it hopes to certify as payable during the remainder of the present fiscal year.

The following is a list of carriers indebted to the United States as of October 31, 1924, on account of excess earnings during the guaranty period, pursuant to paragraph (d):

Mammoth Cave R.	R. Co	\$6, 818. 84
Yreka Valley R. R.	Co	562. 52
Total		7, 381, 36

From November, 16, 1923, to October 31, 1924, \$5,947,354.72 was paid to carriers under this section, making the total amount paid up to October 31, 1924, \$507,517,685.58, which includes final payments to 370 carriers out of 676 accepting the guaranty. The Interstate Commerce Commission estimates the total amount payable under this section at \$536,000,000, leaving an estimated balance to be paid of \$28,482,314.42, all of which it hopes to certify for payment during the remainder of the present fiscal year.

The following is a list of carriers indebted to the United States as of October 31, 1924, by reason of overpayments under the provisions of paragraphs (g) and (h) of this section:

Atlanta & St. Andrews Bay R. R. Co.	\$31, 472. 36
Gulf, Texas & Western Ry. Co	12, 439. 57
Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. Co	
Missouri & North Arkansas Ry. Co	41, 375. 46
Peoria Railway Terminal Co	9, 650. 04
Total	386, 959, 66

A statement showing partial and final payments to carriers and amounts received from carriers under this section from November 16, 1923, to October 31, 1924, is attached as Exhibit 35, page 223.

Section 210

An appropriation of \$300,000,000 was provided by section 210 of the transportation act of 1920 as a revolving fund for loans to railroads and for paying judgments, decrees, and awards rendered against the Director General of Railroads.

Loans made by the Treasury to railroads under this section from November 16, 1923, to October 31, 1924, aggregated \$10,800,000, making the total loans up to October 31, 1924, to 84 railroads, \$350,600,667.

Advances made by the Treasury to the Director General of Railroads for the purposes specified from November 16, 1923, to October 31, 1924, aggregated \$3,000,000, making the net total of such advances up to October 31, 1924, \$28,924,539.88.

Repayments of loans from November 16, 1923, to October 31, 1924, amounted to \$14,060,401.51, of which \$13,183,991.51 represented payments on account of principal in advance of maturity, making the total repayments up to October 31, 1924, \$161,922,993.92.

Payments received on account of interest from November 16, 1923, to October 31, 1924, amounted to \$10,739,682.63, making the total of such payments up to October 31, 1924, \$45,040,318.91.

The balance to the credit of the revolving fund at the close of business on October 31, 1924, was \$127,438,105.95.

From November 16, 1923, to October 31, 1924, 11 railroads paid their loans in full and 19 reduced their loans; 9 have defaulted in interest payments and 2 in payments due on account of principal. The following is a list, as of October 31, 1924, of the carriers in default in respect to loans made under this section:

Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic Railway Co.:

Balance of interest due Feb. 1, 1922	\$4, 404. 59
Interest due Aug. 1, 1922	5, 400. 00
Principal due Aug. 13, 1922	20, 000. 00
Interest due Aug. 13, 1922	39. 13
Interest due Feb. 1, 1923	5, 360. 87
Interest due Aug. 1, 1923	5, 400. 00
Principal due Aug. 13, 1923	20, 000. 00
Interest due Aug. 13, 1923	39. 13
Interest due Feb. 1, 1924	5, 360. 87
Interest due Aug. 1, 1924	•
Principal due Aug. 13, 1924	20, 000. 00
Interest due Aug. 13, 1924	39. 13
TD=4-1	

\$91, 443. 72

Charles City & Western Railway Co.: Interest due			
July 1, 1924			\$4, 200. 00
Gainesville & Northwestern Railroad Co.:			,
Interest due July 1, 1923	\$2, 250	0. 00	1
Interest due Jan. 1, 1924			
Interest due July 1, 1924			
Total			6 750 00
Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railroad Co. (re-			6, 750. 00
ceiver):			
Balance of interest due June 1, 1922	\$42, 095		
Interest due Dec. 1, 1922	75, 000		
Interest due June 1, 1922	,		
Principal due Dec. 1, 1923	75, 000		•
Interest due Dec. 1, 1923			
Interest due Dec. 1, 1925	75, 000		•
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	75, 000		
Total			2, 842, 095. 83
Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad Co.:			
Interest due Oct. 1, 1923	*\$41, 460	. 00	
Interest due Apr. 1, 1924	41, 460	. 00	. 1
Interest due Oct. 1, 1924	41, 460		
Total		_	124, 380. 00
Missouri & North Arkansas Railway Co.:			,
Balance of interest due Oct. 1, 1923	\$95, 000	. 00	
Interest due Apr. 1, 1924	105, 000		
Interest due Oct. 1, 1924	105, 000		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			205 000 00
Total			305, 000. 00
Virginia Southern Railroad Co.: Interest due July			1 140 00
1, 1924			1, 140. 00
Waterloo, Cedar Falls & Northern Railway Co.:	#9 7 000		
Interest due Apr. 15, 1922	\$37, 800		
Interest due Oct. 15, 1922:	37, 800		
Interest due Apr. 15, 1923	37, 800		
Interest due Oct. 15, 1923	37, 800		
Interest due Apr. 15, 1924	37, 800		
Interest due Oct. 15, 1924			
Total			226, 800. 00
Wichita Northwestern Railway Co.: Interest due			•
June 1, 1924			11, 452. 50
Grand total		٠.	
Grand total			5, 015, 202. 05

A statement showing the amount of loans outstanding on November 15, 1923, loans made between November 16, 1923, and October 31, 1924, and loans outstanding on October 31, 1924, is attached as Exhibit 36, page 225.

CHECKING ACCOUNTS OF GOVERNMENT CORPORATIONS AND AGENCIES

The United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, the United States Housing Corporation, the War Finance Corporation, the several Federal land banks, the Railroad Administration, the United States Sugar Equalization Board (Inc.), and the United States

Spruce Production Corporation have maintained checking balances with the Treasurer of the United States during the year, in the manner outlined in previous annual reports of the Secretary of the Treasury.

The following table shows the amount of checks on these accounts, including similar accounts formerly maintained by the United States Grain Corporation and the Russian Bureau of the War Trade Board, paid by the Treasurer from the dates of the establishment of the account to October 31, 1924, and the balances on deposit with the Treasurer on the latter date:

	Checks paid by the Treasurer of the United States	Period	Balances with the Treas- urer of the United States Oct. 31, 1924
Emergency Fleet Corporation	\$7, 340, 544, 627. 60 158, 715, 834. 71 3, 429, 182, 682. 28 933, 967, 229. 41	Feb. 28, 1918-Oct. 31, 1924 July 27, 1918-Oct. 31, 1924 June 2, 1918-Oct. 31, 1924 Oct. 31, 1918-Feb. 2, 1922	\$34, 373, 937, 93 919, 626, 92 490, 583, 550, 50
Russian Bureau of the War Trade Board Federal land banks Rallroad Administration	13, 333, 773, 99 27, 724, 557, 51 1, 859, 629, 713, 45	Nov. 30, 1918-Sept. 28, 1920 June 2, 1920-Oct. 31, 1924 Apr. 13, 1918-Oct. 31, 1924	(2) 355, 200. 00 37, 686, 195. 96
United States Sugar Equalization Board (Inc.)	2, 482, 476. 33 6, 035, 275. 15	Apr: 7, 1922-Oct. 31, 1924 Dec. 20, 1921-Apr. 14, 1924	12, 797, 160. 19 (³)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13, 771, 616, 170. 43		576, 715, 671. 50

The plans worked out by the Treasury for handling these accounts have operated to the entire satisfaction of all concerned. The results have been to assure absolute security to the funds and to save withdrawals of large amounts from the Treasury until actually needed to pay obligations of the Government, thus reducing the amount of Government borrowings with consequent savings in interest charges.

GOLD

The stream of gold which has been flowing into this country since the closing months of 1920 continued throughout the past fiscal year, imports aggregating \$417,000,000 during the year. During the past few months, however, there has been a noticeable decline in the volume of imports. The net imports during the past seven months are shown in the following table:

April	\$44, 028; 000
May	
June	
July	18, 507, 000
August	15, 753, 000
September	2, 077, 000
October	15, 576, 000

Closed Feb. 2, 1922.
 Closed Sept. 28, 1920.
 Closed Apr. 14, 1924.

From September 1, 1920, to the close of the past fiscal year, net gold imports amounted to \$1,611,180,000. The fiscal years 1921 and 1922, with net imports respectively of \$505,000,000 and \$441,000,000, are responsible for a large part of the total. In 1923 net imports fell to \$235,000,000, but for the fiscal year 1924 they increased to \$407,000,000, an excess over 1923 figures of \$172,000,000.

Gold exports throughout the four-year period have been very small and almost ceased in the fiscal year 1924, amounting to only about \$10,000,000. In no year since 1887 has the gold exported from this country stood at so low a figure. The following table gives the imports and exports of gold for the fiscal years 1921, 1922, 1923, and 1924, and from July 1 to November 1, 1924:

	Fiscal year	Fiscal year	Fiscal year	Fiscal year	July 1 to
	1921	1922	1923	1924	Nov. 1, 1924
Gold imports	\$638, 559, 805	\$468, 318, 273	\$284, 089, 550	\$417, 025, 638	\$63, 342, 101
Gold exports	133, 537, 902	27, 345, 282	49, 021, 975	10, 206, 941	11, 429, 404
Net imports	505, 021, 903	440, 972, 991	235, 067, 575	406, 818, 697	51, 912, 697

Imports from practically all the principal countries, except France, were greater in 1924 than in 1923. The largest amounts came from Great Britain, Canada, and the Netherlands, while the greatest increases over the preceding year were from Great Britain, the Netherlands, and Argentina. The following table shows the principal sources of imports during the fiscal years 1922, 1923, and 1924:

Principal sources 1 of imports of gold during the fiscal years 1922, 1923, and 1924

Country	Fiscal year 1922	Fiscal year 1923	Fiscal year 1924	Increase 1924 over 1923
Great Britain Canada	\$124, 654, 463 19, 509, 099 4, 186, 976	\$141, 722, 541 34, 254, 897 15, 957, 122	\$215, 511, 546 44, 204, 261 41, 781, 818	\$73, 789, 005 9, 949, 364 25, 824, 696
Netherlands Germany France	19, 924, 893 129, 650, 473	26, 918, 284 22, 391, 027	27, 482, 036 21, 114, 498	563, 752 21, 276, 529
ArgentinaSwedenDenmark	55, 294, 298 18, 924, 110	120, 486 1, 329, 788 1, 115, 469	13, 696, 438 6, 194, 051 3, 561, 829	13, 575, 952 4, 864, 263 2, 446, 360
Australia and New Zealand British India All others	13, 011, 302 14, 863, 765 68, 033, 703	1, 713, 278 38, 566, 658	3, 027, 170 40, 451, 991	1, 313, 892
Total	468, 318, 273	284, 089, 550	417, 025, 638	132, 936, 088

¹ Includes every country from which the United States imported \$10,000,000 or more of gold in 1922, 1923, or 1924.

² Decrease.

The increase in gold imports from Sweden followed the resumption on April 1, 1924, of gold payments by the Swedish Central Bank and the removal of restrictions on the export of gold. Imports from Sweden for the fiscal year up to that date amounted to only \$44,426, while the total for the year reached more than \$6,000,000 and exceeded that of 1923 by almost \$5,000,000. The increase in the imports from Great Britain during the fiscal year 1924 reflects in part the larger output of the South African mines. During recent months, however, there has been a falling off in imports from Great Britain, and this is responsible for much of the decline in total imports. Imports from Germany during the past fiscal year came

largely from the reserves of the Reichsbank, and a large part of the imports from the Netherlands came from the reserves of the central bank of that country. The increased importation from Canada is due to the enlarged production in that country, to which reference is made later.

Of the \$10,206,941 gold exported during the fiscal year 1924, \$3,439,703 went to Mexico, \$1,849,733 to Canada, \$1,431,070 to Hongkong, \$1,310,728 to British India, \$1,101,600 to Venezuela, and \$1,074,107 to other countries.

In connection with the increase in net imports of gold (\$172,000,-000), it is of interest that the increase in net exports of merchandise between the fiscal years 1923 and 1924 amounted to about \$580,000. 000, while silver showed a net export increase of \$28,000,000. estimates of other items in the balance of international payments of the United States have been made by fiscal years; but estimates for the calendar year 1923 placed the net debit balance of international payments by the United States at \$152,000,000 as compared with \$488,000,000 for the previous calendar year. debit balance is explained mainly by changes in three items. Our net balance of merchandise exports fell from \$754,000,000 in 1922 to \$389,000,000 in 1923, and net gold imports rose from \$238,000,-000 to \$294,000,000. On the other hand, foreign investments in the United States increased in 1923, while the amount of American capital invested abroad decreased very materially, which gave the United States a net credit balance on capital movements in 1923 (including an increase in debt payments by foreign countries) of \$125,000,000 as compared with a net debit balance on the same items of \$638,000,000 in 1922. This resulted in a much lower debit balance for 1923, in spite of the decreased merchandise exports and the increased gold imports. The net excess of credits in favor of foreign countries in the final balance indicates continued payments on outstanding and open merchandise accounts.

With the exception of the German Reichsbank gold and the recent imports from Sweden and the Netherlands, the gold received by the United States in 1923 and 1924 was largely newly mined gold. The world's production in the calendar year 1923 was estimated at about \$350,000,000, a small increase over the production of the three previous years but below the average production of the last 20 years. The decline in the world's production of gold since 1915 has been constant. The decrease has apparently been due to the loss of the Russian product, the increased cost of the output of a fixed-price product, natural exhaustion of the mines, and, until the development of the recent discoveries in Canada, the absence of any new source of supply. More than one-half of the world's gold production in 1923 and 1924 was mined by the Transvaal in South Africa. The output of these mines has never dropped far below the high level of their 1916 production, and in 1923 was only slightly less than the production of that record year. Their output in 1923 was almost

\$190,000,000 and bids fair to be at least that large in 1924. Canada. now third in world production, is showing increased output due to the development of two very important producing areas in the last decade. Her total production figures have increased from around \$16,000,000 in 1920 to about \$25,000,000 in 1923. Production in the United States was about \$51,734,000 in 1923, which is slightly higher than production for any year since 1919.

Gold reclaimed from the arts in the United States during the calendar year 1923 is estimated at about \$13,000,000, but there was used in the arts in the same period about \$69,000,000, of which \$40,000,000 was new material.

The total monetary stock of gold in the United States has increased \$441,000,000 in the fiscal year just closed, as against an increase of only \$265,000,000 during the previous year. Our holdings continue to equal about one-half of the visible monetary stock of gold in the entire world. At the present time, the United States has 2.4 times as much gold as it had in 1913.

On July 23, 1924, the gold holdings of the Federal reserve banks were at the highest point ever reached-\$3,167,527,000-but have declined somewhat since that date. The banks' proportionate holdings of the total gold stock decreased from 76 per cent in July. 1923, to 67 per cent in November, 1924. The following table shows the monetary stock of gold in the United States on the 1st of July each year from 1913 to 1922, inclusive, and on the first of each month from July 1, 1923, to November 1, 1924, together with the gold holdings of the Federal reserve banks on or about the same dates:

Date	Stock of monetary gold in United States (in millions of dollars)	Per cent of amount in 1913	Total gold holdings of Federal reserve banks (in millions of dollars)	held by Federal reserve
July, 1913 July, 1914 July, 1914 July, 1915 July, 1916 July, 1917 July, 1918 July, 1919 July, 1919 July, 1920 July, 1920 July, 1921 July, 1922 July, 1923 August, 1923 September, 1923 September, 1923 October, 1923 December, 1923 December, 1923 January, 1924 February, 1924 February, 1924 March, 1924 May, 1924 May, 1924 July, 1924 July, 1924 July, 1924 July, 1924 August, 1924 September, 1924 September, 1924 September, 1924 October, 1924 September, 1924 September, 1924 November, 1924 November, 1924 November, 1924 November, 1924 November, 1924 November, 1924	1, 986 2, 450 3, 019 3, 019 3, 113 2, 709 3, 298 3, 785 4, 050 4, 1079 4, 109 4, 135 4, 168 4, 210 4, 247 4, 289 4, 338 4, 368 4, 417 4, 460 4, 491 4, 517 4, 517 4, 531 4, 534	100 101 106 131 161 164 166 145 176 202 216 218 220 221 223 225 227 229 232 233 236 238 240 241 242 242 243	329 543 1, 237 1, 928 2, 148 1, 854 2, 468 3, 021 3, 101 3, 106 3, 113 3, 111 3, 101 3, 103 3, 123 3, 123 3, 123 3, 123 3, 123 3, 123 3, 123 3, 123 3, 124 3, 089 3, 089 3, 047 3, 089 3, 047 3, 089 3, 047 3, 089	16. 57 22. 16 40. 97 62. 68 69. 00 68. 44 74. 83 79. 82 76. 42 76. 02 75. 59 75. 28 74. 64 73. 66 72. 52 73. 28 71. 92 70. 86 70. 64 69. 85 69. 65 69. 65 69. 65 69. 66

¹ Excluding gold held abroad, which is not included in the monetary stock in the United States.

Gold certificates in circulation have more than doubled since July, 1923, and the proportion of gold coin and certificates in circulation to total money in circulation is substantially larger than a year ago. The following table shows the total money in circulation and the amount of gold coin and gold certificates in circulation outside of the Treasury and the Federal reserve banks on July 1, 1922, and subsequent dates:

Month	Gold coin in circulation	Gold certifi- cates in circulation	Total gold in circulation	Total money in circulation	Ratio of gold coin and certifi- cates to total money in circu- lation
July 1, 1922 Oct. 1, 1922 Jan. 1, 1923 Apr. 1, 1923 July 1, 1923 Oct. 1, 1923 Jan. 1, 1924 Apr. 1, 1924 July 1, 1924 Oct. 1, 1924 Nov. 1, 1924	415, 319, 417 408, 061, 873	\$173, 342, 199 214, 956, 729 302, 743, 899 319, 068, 349 386, 456, 089 465, 279, 009 582, 029, 209 687, 252, 519 801, 380, 819 898, 165, 509 904, 861, 229	\$589, 279, 752 627, 851, 177 731, 936, 078 729, 170, 364 790, 637, 092 863, 259, 673 997, 348, 626 1, 095, 314, 392 1, 197, 127, 753 1, 326, 135, 230 1, 341, 021, 029	\$4, 374, 015, 037 4, 520, 895, 293 4, 732, 898, 991 4, 655, 675, 790 4, 729, 378, 516 4, 849, 921, 139 4, 951, 085, 383 4, 812, 861, 042 4, 754, 772, 754 4, 806, 366, 540 4, 879, 693, 585	13. 5 13. 9 15. 5. 16. 7 17. 8 20. 1 22. 8 25. 2 27. 6 27. 5

This steady increase in the circulation of gold certificates since July, 1922, is a result of the policy of the Treasury and the Federal reserve banks, inaugurated in March, 1922, of paying out gold certificates in the ordinary course of business with other forms of money. With the increased circulation of gold certificates it has been necessary to continue the coinage of gold in order to be in a position to meet the legal requirement that at least one-third of the gold held against certificates be in the form of gold coin. From July, 1923, to November, 1924, the amount of gold coin held in the Treasury has increased from about \$312,000,000 to \$532,000,000. The gold coin held in the Treasury above the legal requirement against gold certificates in circulation on November 1, 1924 (\$78,000,000), exceeded the amount so held at the beginning of the fiscal year 1923 by about \$12,000,000.

Probably the most important result of the continued and large increase in gold imports during the fiscal year has been its effect on the credit situation and more particularly on the Federal reserve system. Gold imported into the country goes immediately into the banks. By enabling them to repay their borrowings and increase their reserves at the Federal reserve banks, it has served as a basis for credit expansion by the member banks. This phase of the gold situation is more fully discussed in the article, "Domestic Credit Situation," pages 64 to 68 of this report.

SILVER

Although the acceptances of silver tenders under the act of April 23, 1918, were concluded in June, 1923, deliveries of silver continued

during the fiscal year 1924. All accepted tenders of silver were due for delivery by the 1st of October. At the close of the fiscal year 1924 there remained to be delivered 588,642 ounces.

The coinage of silver dollars, held back by the more urgent gold coinage, has continued in moderate amounts throughout the year. By the close of the fiscal year 1924, 234,016,473 silver dollars had been coined, leaving 36,216,249 to be manufactured to complete the number required to replace the dollars melted under the Pittman Act

The production of silver in the United States during the calendar year 1923 amounted to 73,335,170 ounces, an increase over the previous year of 17,095,122 ounces. Whatever apprehension may have existed as to the disturbing effect of the cessation of purchases under the Pittman Act on the price and production of silver has been allayed during the past year. Not only has production in this country during the past fiscal year been somewhat higher than the average production during the three-year period when purchases were being made under the Pittman Act but there has also been a substantial advance in price during recent months. The following table shows the average monthly price of fine bar silver per ounce in New York during 1923 and 1924:

	1923	1924	1923	1924
January February March April May June	\$0. 66094 . 64716 . 67963 . 67270 . 67455 . 65194	\$0. 63781 . 64652 . 64293 . 64403 . 65860 . 67045	\$0. 63383 . 63176 . 64529 . 63928 . 64122 . 65035	\$0. 67497 . 68865 . 69680 . 71168

Fluctuations in the price of silver are in a very large measure due to variations in demand, and changes in production have less influence upon the course of the market. The demand from the Far East, principally India, is, as a rule, the prevailing and most variable demand and is, therefore, a dominant factor in price changes. The proportion of the world's production of silver absorbed by India and China is shown in the following table:

Year	World production of silver	Net im- ports into India and China	Percentage of world production absorbed by India and China	Average price of silver in New York
	In mi	llions of fine	ounces	
1911	226. 2	121.0	54	\$0. 54
1912 1913	230. 9 208. 7	125. 1 132. 8	54 64	. 62
1914	167. 0	54. 7	33	. 56
1915	167. 5	38. 1	23	. 51
1916	175. 8	71.0	40	. 67
1917	181. 2	53.0	29	.84
1918	198. 2 176. 5	204. 0 223. 9	103 127	. 98 1. 12
1919 1920	110.0	96.3	56	1. 02
1921		88.3	50	. 63
1922	213. 5	104. 4	49	. 68
1923	234. 5	150. 3	64	. 65

Good business conditions in India during the past year and her favorable trade balance have given rise to a sustained demand for silver from that quarter. During recent months there has also been some demand from Europe and exports from the United States to England have increased materially compared with corresponding months for previous years. While production figures do not play a major role in market quotations, the reverse is equally true. Silver is very largely a by-product and the amount produced in the United States varies directly with the production of copper, lead, and zinc. While the silver-producing industry benefited by millions of dollars through the operations of the Pittman Act, its existence in no sense depended upon the act and apparently the cessation of purchases had no effect upon production.

MINTS

The coinage of double eagles and standard silver dollars absorbed the chief energies of the coinage mints during the fiscal year 1924. Gold coinage amounted to 7,706,000 pieces, silver coinage to 86,702,080 pieces, and minor coinage to 167,770,000 pieces, making a total of 262,178,080 pieces. The combined coinage for the two previous years was 238,854,675 pieces. Foreign coinage amounted to 9,632,196 pieces during the fiscal year.

As the law requires that at least one-third of the gold held in trust against outstanding gold certificates must be gold coin, the emission of gold coin was expedited in order to maintain this proportion.

The purchases of gold bullion by the mint institutions amounted to \$488,753,331 and silver bullion to 18,785,464 fine ounces.

The total expenses of the Mint Service were \$1,848,461.41, and the income, including charges on bullion, recoveries of precious metals in operation, and seigniorage, \$8,616,444.37.

The annual legal examination of the coinage mints and the New York assay office manifested that all coin and bullion with which the respective institutions were charged was properly accounted for.

The annual trial of pyx coins showed that the integrity of the coins as to weight and fineness had been maintained by all the mints.

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

The Public Health Service has conducted its work efficiently and with benefit to the country. With the passage of legislation relieving it of the duties and obligations connected with the care of the ex-service men and women, it has been able to concentrate more intensively upon the public health work of the country. This work of conserving our human resources is of prime importance. While it is neither possible nor desirable for the Federal Govern-

ment to replace the appropriate public health responsibilities of our cities and States, there is a broad field of operation for the Federal Public Health Service in preventing the importation of disease and the spread of disease from one State to another, in helping the State public health authorities when necessary, and in conducting research looking toward the protection of the health of the Nation at large.

Through its own medical officers stationed in consulates abroad, the Department of State, the International Office of Public Hygiene, the Pan American Sanitary Bureau, and other agencies and through its collaborating epidemiologists and State health officials, the service has continued observations of the health conditions both abroad and in this country.

The Surgeon General served as the American member of the permanent committee of the International Office of Public Hygiene, Paris. He represented the Government as a delegate to the International Conference on Emigration and Immigration at Rome, and in his capacity as an advisory member to the health committee of the League of Nations attended the session of this committee. He has continued as director of the Pan American Sanitary Bureau.

The Assistant Surgeon General, in charge of foreign quarantine, continued as the assistant director of the Pan American Bureau in addition to his other duties. In this capacity he attended the first Pan American Conference on Red Cross in Buenos Aires, thus having opportunity to confer with the sanitary authorities of the several South American maritime countries. In February he attended a maritime quarantine conference in Panama. The relations thus maintained with the health authorities of foreign countries have contributed materially toward a mutual understanding of sanitary problems and are tending toward uniformity in quarantine methods with consequent benefit to our commerce.

The health conditions abroad still require vigilance to prevent the introduction of disease into this country. The past year has been marked by a continued spread of bubonic plague into southern Europe and the Canary Islands. A severe epidemic of cerebral meningitis has caused a distressing number of deaths in Japan. There has been during the past summer a recrudescence of yellow fever in Central and South America. Cholera has continued its devastation in the Orient and has appeared in Russia, but fortunately not in Europe. Smallpox has been extremely prevalent both in this country and abroad, while typhus fever is disappearing in Europe with the return to more normal conditions.

Health conditions throughout the United States were generally good though provisional figures indicate that the death rate was higher than those of the years 1921 and 1922. There was a continuation of the remarkable decline in the death rate from typhoid fever which

has been recorded for many years. Forty-four States reported 32 cases per hundred thousand as compared with 34.6 cases in 1922, and the death rate was 7.2 as compared with 8 per hundred thousand in 1922. Although the means for its control are known, diphtheria continues to cause many deaths. The cases per hundred thousand reported in 1923 were 132.6 compared with 164.1 in 1922. The death rate was 11.3 in 1923 and 14.3 in 1922. The reports of both cases and deaths from measles show a decided increase; for the calendar year 1923, 45 States reported 689.2 cases per hundred thousand population as compared with 253.7 in 1922. The death rates from this disease were 9.4 in 1923 and 3.5 in 1922.

Tuberculosis death rates based on reports from 45 States were 92 per 100,000 population in 1922 and 89.1 per 100,000 in 1923.

Cordial relations and mutual cooperation have been continued between the Public Health Service and other agencies of the Federal, State, and local governments as well as with the various unofficial organizations interested in the advancement of the public health. Through its studies of administrative work in rural sanitation in cooperation with State and local authorities, this service has aided in the establishment and maintenance of efficient whole-time local health officers.

The investigational work in public health is being developed in accordance with a limited but well-rounded program. Substantial progress has been made, notably in relation to studies of tularaemia, the standardization of biologics, and pollution of navigable waters. Investigations of endemic goiter, mental health, milk control, public health administration, and minor respiratory diseases are being continued. Special effort is made to disseminate the information gained to research workers, health officials, and others interested.

Cooperation of State and municipal health authorities has enabled the Public Health Service to collect and publish currently information concerning the prevalence of preventable diseases. The fact is being continually emphasized, however, that the Federal Government is dependent on State and local authorities for this information and contributes little toward its collection. There is a legitimate demand on the part of the health authorities and others for the establishment of a registration area for the collection of morbidity reports. By reason of its public health and economic importance, funds should be appropriated for this purpose.

Changes were made during the year in the manner of presenting the information collected regarding the prevalence of communicable diseases in cities of the United States. It is now possible, therefore, by consulting the printed reports to ascertain readily from week to week the variations of the prevalence of the principal communicable diseases in different parts of the country, as reported by certain cities, having an aggregate population of more than 29,000,000 people. The Public Health Reports have been issued weekly during the year, a practice continued since 1878.

In accordance with legislation first enacted in 1798, hospital and medical care of American seamen has been continued. Facilities for these purposes are provided in 149 ports of the United States and its possessions. There was an increase of 7.7 per cent in the number of hospital-patient days and 41 per cent in the number of out-patient treatments as compared with the previous year. During the same period there was a reduction in the per diem operating cost which amounted in the marine hospitals to 5.6 per cent. The increased amount of relief rendered was accordingly met without increase of funds by reason of economies effected.

Merchant seamen were the chief class of beneficiaries at marine hospitals and relief stations, constituting 52 per cent of all patients, but other important classes of beneficiaries have been added from time to time by law and Executive order. Out of a total of 163,100 patients treated 37,265, or 22.8 per cent, were patients of the United States Employees' Compensation Commission; 16,994, or 10.4 per cent, were Coast Guard personnel; and 11,000, or 6.8 per cent, were immigrants detained for examination and treatment, chiefly at Ellis Island. Lepers constitute another important class of patients, for whom a total of 66,000 hospital-patient days were provided, chiefly at the National Leper Home at Carville, La. Hospital facilities were continued for patients of the United States Veterans' Bureau and other beneficiaries designated by law. Under an Executive order of June 18, 1923, there were 15,679 physical examinations of applicants for civil-service positions.

The work of venereal-disease control is taking definite form. New and important activities have been undertaken including the study of syphilis in pregnant women, the organization of prenatal clinics, the more general incorporation in schools of courses of sex education in their curricula, and the standardization and improvement of clinical facilities on the part of the State and local health organizations. The publication Venereal Disease Information has achieved a more general distribution among the medical profession not only in this country but in foreign countries, and is regarded as an important aid in venereal-disease control work. Compilations of special material relating to venereal diseases, such as syphilis of the nervous system and congenital syphilis, have been prepared by the Public Health Service and widely distributed among physicians throughout the country. The reception of these publications on the part of the medical profession has been enthusiastic.

The total personnel of the service on June 30, 1924, was 8,668, including 4,261 State and local health officers employed at nominal

salaries, generally \$1 per year, for the purpose of furnishing epidemiologic information. There was a total reduction of 752 on June 30, 1924, as compared to June 30, 1923. Six hundred and eighty-two officers of the Reserve Corps were placed on inactive status, the majority as a result of the passage of an act to "consolidate, codify and reenact the laws effecting the establishment of the United States Veterans' Bureau."

The constantly increasing use of the facilities and scientific knowledge of the Public Health Service by other governmental agencies is a source of gratification to the department.

The efficiency of he personnel would be increased and economies effected by legislation enlarging the commissioned corps.

Attention is invited to the recommendations of the Surgeon General in respect to new construction and repairs of buildings at hospital and quarantine stations, in which I concur.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS

The need for the exercise of very strict economy in governmental expenditures has crowded the public-buildings situation into the back-That situation has been serious for some time. It could not well be otherwise. There has been no legislation authorizing the construction of public buildings since 1913. Many of the buildings authorized at that time have not been constructed. It was found necessary during the World War, in the interest of conserving man power, money, and transportation facilities, to postpone the letting of contracts for the construction of Federal buildings. Meanwhile the abnormal increase in construction cost has rendered it impossible in many cases to construct Federal buildings within the limits of cost fixed by Congress therefor. Although the Government's building program has been practically at a standstill during this period its business has steadily and rapidly increased, with the result that a large number of the Federal buildings have become congested to such an extent as to make it necessary to rent outside accommodations or to attempt to operate under conditions which seriously interfere with the transaction of the public business and cause discomfort and inconvenience alike to the officials and the public.

In a letter recently addressed to this department by the Postmaster General he calls attention to the list of 140 buildings mentioned in the letter addressed under date of October 27, 1922, to the Speaker of the House by the Postmaster General and the Secretary of the Treasury, and states with respect to these buildings, and some others, that:

At a great many of these offices, if relief is not provided by the construction of additions, the department will within the next year be obliged to rent outside space in order to carry on the constantly increasing volume of business, the congestion now having reached such an acute stage that the service is unduly

hampered, and it is impossible to continue under existing conditions. After a thorough study of the problem I am convinced that it is not to the Government's interests to rent space where it is possible to provide the additional floor area needed by an extension to the Government-owned building.

It would require a very large expenditure to bring the Government's public-building requirements up to date, and it would not be practicable procedure to enter upon such an extensive program at one time. A start should be made on a program which will gradually provide for the Government's actual needs, due attention being given to extensions of buildings in which extreme congestion exists or where relief can otherwise be had only by renting outside space.

There has been just ground in the past for criticizing the prodigality with which public buildings have been authorized at times, as well as the unnecessarily high cost of many of the buildings constructed. Sound business considerations alone should govern the authorization of public buildings, and the limits of cost therefor should have in contemplation structures of standardized types of the general character more recently designed and constructed by the Supervising Architect's Office.

While the determination of what public buildings shall be authorized lies with Congress, it is believed that this department is in position to render valuable preliminary service, and attention is again called to the recommendation made by one of my predecessors, Secretary Cortelyou, in a report addressed under date of December 7, 1908, to the Speaker of the House. This recommendation, which has been renewed from time to time by a number of his successors, was quoted in my 1923 report, pages 82–83.

Hospitals

During the period covered by this report the last of a number of hospitals constructed by this department for the treatment of veterans of the World War was completed. This concludes the major hospital program under the supervision of the Treasury Department under appropriations totaling \$26,496,500. Twenty-three hospitals have been constructed in all, providing a bed capacity of 8,188. These hospitals, with the exception of three, were designed and constructed by the Supervising Architect's Office. Many of the hospital buildings were constructed under the so-called purchase and hire method, consisting of the purchase of materials and the employment of labor, instead of under lump-sum contracts, with very satisfactory reductions in cost over the latter method. The progress made and results obtained reflect much credit on the Supervising Architect's Office.

An abstract of the report of the Supervising Architect's Office will be found on page 308 of this report, and shows in considerable detail the work carried on by that office, together with a list of buildings authorized but not put under contract.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA TEACHERS' RETIREMENT FUND

The total credits into the District of Columbia teachers' retirement fund during the fiscal year amounted to \$254,567.43, of which \$32,430.62 represented interest on investments and \$222,136.81 was on account of deductions from salaries. The total charges against the fund in the fiscal year amounted to \$240,877.08, of which \$27,472.58 represented advances to the disbursing officer of the District of Columbia for payments of annuities and \$213,404.50 was advanced to the Treasurer of the United States in payment for investments made in accordance with the provisions of the amendment of June 5, 1920, to the act approved January 15, 1920. Purchases for account of the fund are made upon advice received from the Commissioners of the District of Columbia from time to time, stating the amounts available for investment. During the year purchases of fourth Liberty loan 41/4 per cent bonds aggregating \$233,250 face amount were made for the investment account at a principal cost of \$231,341.85. The total amount of securities held in the investment account of the fund on June 30, 1924, was \$888,400, the details with respect to which are as follows:

	Par value	Principal cost
Third Liberty loan 4¼ per cent bonds. Fourth Liberty loan 4¼ per cent bonds. Treasury bonds, 4¼ per cent, 1947-1952.	\$165, 450 712, 950 10, 000	\$157, 611. 47 680, 072. 15 10, 000. 00
Total	888, 400	847, 683. 62

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LIFE INSURANCE FUND

Under the provisions of section 18 of the act approved December 24, 1919, as amended March 4, 1923, all moneys received in payment of premiums on converted insurance in excess of reserve requirements and authorized payments are required to be invested by the Secretary of the Treasury in interest-bearing obligations of the United States or in bonds of the Federal land banks. The Director of the United States Veterans' Bureau advises the Treasury when funds are available for investment. Purchases for account of the fund during the fiscal year 1924 aggregated \$29,874,900 face amount, all of which were 41/4 per cent Treasury bonds of 1947-1952, and the aggregate holdings on June 30, 1924, were \$116,563,950 face amount. Beginning with the fiscal year 1925, purchases of Federal farm loan bonds have been made under authority of the amendment to the act approved March 4, 1923. The securities purchased for the investment account are held in trust by the Secretary of the Treasury for account of the fund and the director of the bureau makes

periodical verifications of the security holdings from time to time through detailed custody reports rendered by the Treasury. The securities held in the fund June 30, 1924, classified by loans, are as follows:

	Par value	Principal cost
First Liberty loan converted 4½ per cent bonds. Second Liberty loan converted 4½ per cent bonds. Fourth Liberty loan 4½ per cent bonds. 4½ per cent Treasury bonds of 1947–1952.	\$6, 639, 900 18, 089, 300 42, 661, 550 49, 173, 200	\$6, 316, 209. 21 16, 247, 357. 00 39, 495, 573. 60 49, 201, 905. 28
	116, 563, 950	111, 261, 045. 09

CIVIL-SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

The total credits entered in the civil-service retirement and disability fund during the fiscal year 1924 aggregated \$16,642,270.98. The net charges against the fund on account of refunds to employees, annuities, etc., were \$8,624,999.04, and on account of investments under the provisions of section 8 of the act aggregated \$8,028,336.62. The unexpended balance on June 30, 1924, was \$85,423.55. The administration of the fund is vested in the Secretary of the Interior, but the Secretary of the Treasury is required to make investments from time to time from such portion of the fund as may not be required for authorized payments and to credit the fund with the income. Part of the investments are made each year in short-term obligations during the period when the funds are not required for immediate disbursement. Such part of the fund estimated not to be required for use during the fiscal year is invested in longer term securities. net investments during the fiscal year 1924 aggregated \$7,993,500 face amount, \$7,000,000 of which were 4½ per cent Treasury notes of series A-1927, maturing December 15, 1927, and \$993,500 face amount were 4 per cent Treasury certificates of indebtedness of series TM-1925, maturing March 15, 1925. The interest on investments credited to the account during the year amounted to \$1,484,514.97. The total interest and profits collected and earned on investments made to June 30, 1924, was \$3,115,802.98. The following statement shows the securities held in the fund as of June 30, 1924:

	Par value	Principal cost
Second Liberty loan 4½ per cent converted bonds. Fourth Liberty loan 4½ per cent bonds. Treasury notes, series A-1926. Treasury notes, series B-1926. Treasury notes, series A-1927. Treasury certificates, series TM-1925.	\$8, 120, 000 9, 864, 250 2, 050, 000 6, 000, 000 7, 000, 000 993, 500	\$7, 944, 608. 00 9, 245, 997. 64 2, 065, 065. 11 6, 030, 000. 00 7, 016, 796. 88 1, 001, 754. 69
Total	34, 027, 750	33, 304, 222, 32

Further information in regard to the fund will be found on page 300 of this report.

SURETY BONDS

The amount of work devolving upon the Secretary of the Treasury in the enforcement of the law with respect to the acceptance of corporate surety companies on obligations running to the United States is steadily increasing.

The Secretary of the Treasury is required (1) to decide whether any corporate surety company is qualified to act as surety on obligations running to the United States; (2) to determine the continuing solvency of all companies so authorized; (3) to keep all branches and agencies of the Federal service fully informed as to the financial status of all companies authorized under the law, and the maximum liability which each company may assume on any single risk or undertaking; and (4) to revoke the certificate of authority of any company whenever in his judgment it is no longer sufficient security.

On June 30, 1921, 31 companies held certificates of authority to transact business with the United States; on June 30, 1924, 44 companies held such certificates and 26 other companies were reporting for reinsurance purposes. During that period the certificates of authority of seven companies were revoked.

Not only has the number of companies authorized to write Government bonds increased but the aggregate volume of assets of the individual companies is greater, so that the work involved in the examination and audit of these financial returns is steadily increasing. The following tabulation briefly shows the development of the work which the Treasury is now called upon to perform in the examination of such companies:

	j	une 30		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4 **	Number of com- panies author- ized	Aggregate assets of all companies
1921 1922 1923 1924						31 36 40 44	\$304, 518, 557, 51 368, 505, 814, 82 424, 363, 350, 95 475, 177, 804, 87
Increase in 3 years			- <i>:</i>			13	170, 659, 247. 26

The above data do not include figures from statements of the 26 companies reporting only for reinsurance purposes.

In the examination and audit of these financial returns representatives of the Treasury are in close touch with the officers of the reporting companies. Conferences are frequently necessary, and the decisions rendered by the Treasury as to the valuation of assets and the determination of liabilities have an important bearing upon the welfare and standing of the companies.

The growing importance of the supervision of surety companies writing Government bonds, as it affects both the Government and the companies, justifies the creation of a division of surety bonds with adequate personnel to carry out the responsibilities of the Treasury under the law.

In my report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1923, emphasis was given to the importance of a centralized control of data which would result in a record of every bond or other obligation executed by surety companies in favor of the United States. To establish this control, it is necessary that all such obligations shall clear through a central office. No legislation has been passed to bring about this result, but the records of the Treasury with respect to surety bonds taken by it are now so kept that it is possible to ascertain at any time the extent of the liability of each company on such risks. I renew the recommendation, however, for a centralization of the records of all surety bonds in which the Government has an interest.

TREASURY ORGANIZATION

The savings division of the public debt service was abolished during the year, the need for this division having ceased with the suspension of the sale of Treasury savings certificates at the close of business July 15, 1924, in accordance with Department Circular No. 343 of July 10, 1924 (Exhibit 30, p. 214). Aside from this, only minor changes in organization in the natural trend of efficient administrative operation have taken place during the year.

BUDGET AND IMPROVEMENT COMMITTEE

As set forth in the last annual report, reserves had been set up from appropriations for the fiscal year 1924 amounting to \$545,967.50 on October 31, 1923. Subsequently additional reserves amounting to \$23,000 were added and reserves amounting to \$141,000 were released, leaving a balance of \$427,967.50 in reserve for the fiscal year 1924. For the fiscal year 1925 heads of bureaus and offices reported reserves of \$60,138, to which, after investigation by the budget and improvement committee, were added \$469,980, making a total reserve for the year of \$530,118 of which \$509 was subsequently released, leaving a total of \$529,609 in the general reserve on October 31, 1924.

During the year various supplemental and deficiency estimates were submitted, aggregating \$188,968,590.53, of which \$156,849,000 was for refund of internal-revenue taxes. After examination by the committee these estimates were revised and reduced to \$187,905,709.91. A number of requests for legislation authorizing projects which would result in estimates for appropriations were considered by the committee, which made appropriate recommendations thereon.

The preliminary estimates of the department for the fiscal year 1926, exclusive of interest on the public debt, debt retirements from ordinary receipts, and estimates for the Bureau of the Budget, aggregated \$174,415,007.85. The Bureau of the Budget made a tentative allocation to the Treasury Department of \$155,695,855, including \$26,091,500 for estimated permanent and indefinite appropriations. This allocation was \$8,628,435 less than the appropriations, including items contained in bills H. R. 9559 and H. R. 9561, for the same purpose for the fiscal year 1925, and \$18,719,152.85 less than the preliminary estimates. The regular estimates submitted by heads of bureaus and offices for the same purposes amounted to \$176,587,203.15. These estimates were carefully examined by the committee with the purpose of eliminating all items not considered absolutely necessary, \$3,170,971.16 being thus eliminated. In order to bring the estimates within the amount allocated by the Bureau of the Budget it was necessary to consider which activities of the department could be curtailed or entirely abolished with the least detriment to the public service. As a result such items aggregating \$17,720,954 were deducted from the regular estimates, of which \$17,575,454 were submitted as supplemental estimates, and \$145,500 emergent items for inclusion in the next deficiency bill, leaving the regular estimates \$155,695,277.99, or \$577.01 less than the allocation made by the Bureau of the Budget.

The committee has considered and reported on various subjects which have been referred to it from time to time. Through a subcommittee, it has recently made a thorough examination of one of the bureaus of the department with a view to determining whether the organization and business methods of the bureau are susceptible of improvement. Similar examinations will be made of other bureaus and offices from time to time.

BUREAU OF SUPPLY

Department Circular 283 of March 28, 1922, and amendatory circulars of June 16, 1922, and January 9, 1923, authorized the creation of the Bureau of Supply and the consolidation therein of all activities incident to purchasing, warehousing, and distributing supplies, together with most of the accounting work in connection therewith, for all units of the Treasury Department, both in Washington and in the field (except the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, which, because of statutory restrictions, could not be included). This consolidation has proceeded gradually until the purchasing for only the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, the Coast Guard, and the Mint is now done independently of the Bureau of Supply.

The purchasing functions of the bureau during the fiscal year 1924 involved the preparation of 3,452 sets of specifications on which

proposals could be based and the writing of 32,966 purchase orders. The figures for 1923 were 2,800 and 28,285, respectively. creases were due to the fact that during a part of 1923 the work of several of the bureaus had not been transferred to the Bureau of Supply.

During the fiscal years 1923 and 1924 there were expended and accounted for by the Bureau of Supply, from allotments made to it from appropriations to the several bureaus and offices, to be used for the purchase of supplies, the following amounts:

	1923	1924
Chief clerk and superintendent. General Supply Committee. Division of Printing and Stationery. Supervising Architect 1. Bureau of Internal Revenue. Treasurer of the United States Commissioner of the Public Debt 2. Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants Bureau of the Publie Health Service. Division of Customs 3.	379, 971. 90 768, 419. 45 528, 231. 80 3, 942. 44 63, 124. 79 1, 493. 50 2, 069, 435. 02	\$159, 562. 45 111, 436. 68 319, 293. 10 1, 925, 066. 63 436, 254. 19 141. 77 72, 902. 39 3, 193. 67 1, 983, 116. 44 46, 117. 78
Total	4, 104, 064. 50	5, 057, 085. 10

Purchasing for Supervising Architect transferred to Bureau of Supply on Oct. 17, 1922.
 Purchasing for the Commissioner of the Public Debt transferred to Bureau of Supply on Sept. 15, 1922.
 Purchasing for Division of Customs transferred to Bureau of Supply on Apr. 1, 1924.

In addition, \$88,953.96 was expended in 1924 from numerous other appropriations from which there were no allotments, the appropriation accounting being done by the several administrative offices for which the purchases were made.

The accounting work of the Bureau of Supply involved the examination and approval for payment of 64,760 vouchers, totaling \$5,279,-983.59, and also 5,896 transportation vouchers for express and freight shipments were forwarded to the General Accounting Cifice for direct Cash discounts for prompt payment, totaling \$4,832.61. were claimed by the department and allowed by contractors.

Compared with the fiscal year 1923 there was a decrease in 1924 of \$63,258.87 (from \$505,023.56 to \$441,764.69) in expenditures by the Bureau of Supply for stationery supplies, while the value of such supplies issued decreased \$41,903.05 (from \$533,935.14 to \$492,032.09), the excess of issues over expenditures being met by a corresponding reduction in the value of the stock in the stationery warehouse.

The inventory value of the stock of stationery supplies on hand July 1, 1924 (based on replacement costs), was \$155,290.37, compared with \$215,442.22 on July 1, 1923, or a decrease of \$60,151.85.

On September 10, 1923, the Bureau of Supply absorbed a section of the Bureau of Internal Revenue engaged in the distribution of supplies to field offices, and on January 1, 1924, it absorbed the blank books and forms section of the Division of Printing.

The shipping of all supplies from one warehouse has permitted the consolidation of shipments to single points of both stationery and blank forms, thus decreasing largely the total number of shipments, and has resulted in savings to the department in clerical work and transportation costs, although the work of the Bureau of Supply has been increased. Further savings have been effected by the adoption of the policy of making shipments by freight or express wherever practicable and the discontinuance of the practice of utilizing the more expensive method of mail transportation. This change in policy is reflected particularly in the increase in the weight of freight and express shipments from 398 tons in 1923 to 600 tons in 1924, which required 1,646 bills of lading in 1923 and 3,817 in 1924. The shipments in 1924 were packed in 6,462 boxes, crates, etc.

However, parcel post is utilized for small shipments when the carriage charge is lower or quick delivery is urgent. This class of shipments in 1924 numbered 1,527 packages, weighing 19,356 pounds and requiring \$733.98 in postage.

Since February, 1923, all freight shipments by the department have been routed by the traffic section of the Bureau of Supply. This policy has resulted in material economy in transportation expenditures.

General Supply Committee

During the fiscal year 1924 various Government agencies reported purchases totaling in value \$6,498,619.23 from the General Schedule of Supplies issued by the General Supply Committee, which is the contracting agency for supplies in common use in two or more departments of the Government. This was an increase of \$274,657.34 compared with similar purchases in the fiscal year 1923, which totaled \$6,223,961.89.

Reissues by the committee of surplus supplies to Government establishments showed a decrease in value, however, of \$174,373.81—from \$324,376.77 in 1923 to \$150,002.96 in 1924—due to a reduction in serviceable articles available for reissue; while sales to the public of unusable surplus material amounted to \$241,708.08, compared with \$114.492.74 in 1923.

Thus there was deposited in miscellaneous receipts of the Treasury during the fiscal year 1924, \$391,711.04—the sum of \$150,002.96 from reissues to Government offices and \$241,708.08 received from sales to the public—compared with \$438,869.51 so deposited in 1923, a decrease of \$47,158.47. The decrease recorded was due to a gradual diminishing of surplus materials.

The total of all purchases by Government establishments from both General Supply Committee contractors and from serviceable surplus stores was \$6,648,622.19 in 1924 and \$6,548,338.66 in 1923, an increase of \$100,283.53. The total in 1924, however, was only about 66 per cent of similar purchases in 1919, the record year, though it was about twice that for years immediately preceding the

World War. These increases are due principally to greater demands and more extensive purchasing from General Supply Committee contractors instead of in the open market, although higher prices in recent years are also a factor.

Particular attention is being given by the committee to the standardization of supply items and the elimination of unnecessary articles from its annual schedule. The committee has also continued its efforts to obtain the widest competition and the lowest prices for supplies. Further, it has demonstrated by actual experience that material economies can be effected through purchases in definite quantities of commonly used supplies. If the cumbersome procedure required by existing law could be eliminated and full advantage taken of prompt payment of bills, even greater savings could be accomplished. In addition to the materially lower prices that have been obtained by purchases in definite quantities it has been possible to inspect and test properly the deliveries of commodities to assure strict compliance with specifications.

PERSONNEL

On June 30, 1923, there were on the rolls of the Treasury Department in Washington 18,252 employees. By September 30, 1924, the force had been reduced to 16,761 employees, or a net decrease of 1,491. A reduction of 394 took place in the office of the Register of the Treasury and 333 in the Division of Loans and Currency. These reductions have been made possible by the clearing up of work incident to the bond issues, the discontinuance of the assortment of interest coupons, and the introduction of labor-saving methods. During the same period, the force of the Internal Revenue Bureau was reduced from 7,260 to 6,627, or by 633 employees. Other branches of the Treasury in which considerable reductions in force have been accomplished are the chief clerk's office and the office of the Treasurer of the United States.

A slight increase occurred in the field services of the Treasury during the last fiscal year. On June 30, 1923, the entire field force numbered 41,685, while on June 30, 1924, the number was 41,882, or a net increase of 197. The field force in the Internal Revenue Service was reduced by 927 employees and that of the Public Health Service by 750. Due to increased activities authorized by law, the Coast Guard Service was increased 1,520 and the customs service 390.

A statement showing by bureaus, divisions, and offices the number of employees in the departmental service of the Treasury at the close of each month from June, 1923, to September, 1924, is included in this report as Exhibit 55, page 263. A summary of the number of employes in the offices having both departmental and field services is shown in the following table:

Bureau or office	June 30, 1923			June 30, 1924			Increase (+) and decrease (-)		
	Depart- mental	Field	Total	Depart- mental	Field	Total	Depart- mental	Field	Total
Division of Customs	46 12 80 75	7, 410 117 4, 244 34 738	7, 456 129 4, 324 109 752	55 13 107 92 14	7, 800 123 5, 764	7,855 136 5,871 92 752	+9 +1 +27 +17	+390 +6 +1,520 -34	+399 +7 +1,547 -17
Internal Revenue Bureau Supervising Architect's Office Public Health Bureau All other	7, 260	14, 026 5, 727 9, 389	21, 286 5, 951 9, 669 10, 261	6, 469 211 261 9, 897	13, 099 5, 719 8, 639	19, 568 5, 930 8, 900 9, 897	-791 -13 -19 -364	-927 -8 -750	-1, 713 -2 -76 -36
Total	18, 252	41, 685	59, 937	17, 119	41, 882	59, 001	-1, 133	+197	-93

PERSONNEL CLASSIFICATION

Under the classification act of 1923, 16,168 departmental positions were allocated and the rate of compensation of each employee was fixed in accordance with section 6 of the act.

A Treasury board, consisting originally of nine members, but since January 1, 1924, composed of five members (Exhibit 54, page 261), reviewed the allocations and efficiency ratings made by the various offices and divisions of the department. All protests and complaints of employees are passed on by the board and transmitted to the Personnel Classification Board for final review.

This work was done without interference with the regular routine of the department. Each employee was allocated to the proper grade and rate of compensation and the records were changed before July 1, so that there was no delay or confusion at the end of the first pay period after classification became effective.

RETIREMENT OF CIVIL-SERVICE EMPLOYEES

During the last fiscal year the Treasury further raised the standard of its personnel by the retirement of a large number of superannuated and disabled employees. From July 1, 1923, to September 30, 1924, 169 persons were retired on account of age and 49 were retired on account of disability. Since the retirement law went into effect 1,741 employees have been retired under the provisions of the law. At the present time only 92 persons above the retirement age are retained in the Treasury Department in Washington and 386 in its field service. Of the total number retained in the field service 225 are in the Customs Service, where on account of their long experience in the interpretation and administration of the customs laws many of these employees are more valuable to the Government than would be new employees without experience. The retirement law has proven a great benefit both to the department and to many of the aged and disabled employees who, without the benefits of the law, would have

been without means of support after their separation from the service. I am still of the opinion, however, that the age limits for retirement should be lowered and the annuities granted under the law increased. In this connection, it should be noted that before July 1, 1924, deductions were not made from the portions of salaries commonly known as the bonus. In the course of reclassification, the bonus has been added to the basic salaries of a large majority of employees, and the deductions which accrue to the retirement fund are correspondingly increased. With this accretion to the retirement fund more liberality toward retiring employees either by reducing the age limit or increasing the retirement annuities, or both, would certainly be justified.

The following table shows the number of persons retired and the number retained in the departmental and field services of the Treasury under the provisions of the act of May 22, 1920, and the amendments thereto.

Departmental Service

			n account age		n account ability	Retired		
Office	Re- tained	To June 30, 1923	From July 1, 1923, to Sept. 30, 1924	To June 30, 1923	From July 1, 1923, to Sept. 30, 1924	under act Sept. 22, 1922	Total number retired	
Secretary's. Appointment division. Mint Bureau. Customs Division. Printing Division. Treasurer's office. Bookkeeping and Warrants. Public Health. Comptroller of Currency. Loans and Currency. Supervising Architect. Public Debt. Secret Service.	3 1 13 2 2 6 8 6 2 5	2 43 6 19 13 8 1 3	2	1 1 1 1 23 24 2 3 2	5 1 2	1	73 6 3 23 18 14 3 3 2	
Mail and Files Register's office Engraving and Printing Internal Revenue Chief Clerk Coast Guard Auditors' offices Public Moneys War Risk	4 1 11 26	2 4 191 37 17 5 86 3 14	4 22 5 6	3 67 13 6	8 2	8 1 1	2 11 296 58 30 5 98 4 15	
Total	92	454	42	142	18	12	668	

Field Service

Customs. Coast Guard. Internal Revenue. Public Health. Mint and Assay. Custodian.	225 1 25 12 36 87	305 6 201 5 7 108 118	56 1 18 16 36	13 2 5 22	7 1 1 1 8	45	419 7 284 10 131 184
Subtreasury		24		3		11	38
Total	386	769	127	89	31	57	1,073

PRACTICE BEFORE THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Treasury Department Circular No. 230 governing the recognition of attorneys and agents to practice before the department, was revised and reissued August 15, 1923. Three supplements to the revised circular have been issued, dated respectively, January 4, February 15, and April 15, 1924. (Exhibits 49, 50, and 51, pages 251 to 254.) The first supplement deals with the make-up of the committee on enrollment and disbarment, provides for a secretary to the committee, and directs that the duties formerly assigned to the chief clerk of the department by Circular No. 230, shall be performed by the committee on enrollment and disbarment, or by its secretary under the direction of the committee. The third supplement authorizes enrolled attorneys and agents to indicate on their letterheads or cards that they are enrolled to practice before the Treasury Department, and provides that a former employee of the Bureau of Internal Revenue who violates his agreement to stay at least a year in the bureau shall not be admitted to practice until after two years from his severance of connection with the bureau. The second supplement amends paragraph 7 (b) of the circular so as to enumerate as one of the causes for suspension, rejection, or disbarment "Conduct contrary to the canons of ethics as adopted by the American Bar Association," but strikes out "or the rules of professional conduct approved by the American Institute of Accountants, or their equivalent."

The principal change is embodied in the second supplement, dated February 15, 1924, which provides that no former officer, clerk, or employee of the Treasury Department shall act as attorney or agent in any matter or controversy pending in such department during his employment therein within two years after the termination of his employment, without having obtained the consent thereto of the Secretary of the Treasury or his duly authorized representative, and that no attorney or agent shall, without such consent, employ or retain any such former clerk or employee, directly or indirectly, in any such matter or controversy, within such two-year period. It further provides that such consent may only be granted when it appears (1) that such employment is not prohibited by law or the regulations of the Treasury Department, (2) that the matter or controversy, to handle which such consent is sought, was not pending in the particular office or division (departmental or field) in which the applicant was formerly employed. The chairman of the committee on enrollment and disbarment is designated as the duly authorized representative of the Secretary in carrying out the foregoing provisions.

The requirement that no attorney or agent shall be recognized as such until he has filed an affidavit relative to contingent fees has resulted in the reenrollment of those actively engaged in practice before the department. On September 30, 1924, 10,094 attorneys and agents had filed the required affidavit.

During the fiscal year 3,718 applications for enrollment as attorney or agent were approved and 100 were disapproved. It is the practice to refer applications to field officers of the department for inquiry as to the applicants' qualifications and standing. Owing to the time required for such investigations and the subsequent inquiry and consideration by the committee on enrollment and disbarment, there are on hand a large number of applications which have not been acted upon. Twenty-four applicants for enrollment appeared before the committee for hearings on their applications.

On June 30, 1923, there were 12 unsettled cases in which disbarment proceedings had been instituted against enrolled attorneys or agents. During the year new proceedings were instituted in 79 cases; in 23 cases the answer of the respondent was accepted as sufficient and the complaint was dismissed, 8 were disbarred, 18 were suspended from practice for various periods from 30 days to 1 year, and 3 were reprimanded, leaving 39 cases unsettled on June 30, 1924. In 10 cases the attorney or agent was suspended from practice pending the outcome of the disbarment proceedings. In numerous instances where apparent violations of the regulations have been brought to the attention of the committee on enrollment and disbarment the attorney or agent has been given an opportunity to make an explanation, and in cases of minor infractions individuals have been admonished to observe the regulations strictly. In the more serious cases formal complaints have been presented to the committee by its attorney, and the attorney or agent has been called upon to make formal answer.

PANAMA CANAL

The general fund of the Treasury was charged during the fiscal year 1924 with \$7,535,675.34 on account of the Panama Canal, including \$7,141,711.97 for maintenance and construction work and \$393,963.37 for fortifications and miscellaneous expenditures. The general fund was credited during the year with \$26,074,513.33 on account of receipts from tolls, etc., making an excess of receipts for the year of \$18,538,837.99. The total amount expended for canal construction, fortifications, maintenance, and operation, together with the amount of interest paid on Panama Canal loans up to the close of the fiscal year 1924, is shown in the following table:

Year	Construction, maintenance, and operation	Fortifications	Total	Interest paid on Panama Canal loans	Receipts covered into the Treasury
1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922	\$9, 985. 00 50, 164, 500. 00 3, 918, 819. 83 19, 379, 373. 71 27, 198, 618. 71 38, 093, 929. 04 31, 419, 442. 41 33, 911, 673. 37 37, 038, 994. 71 34, 285, 276. 50 39, 917, 866. 71 31, 452, 559. 61 24, 427, 107. 29 14, 638, 194. 78 15, 949, 262. 47 13, 299, 762. 56 10, 704, 409. 74 6, 031, 463. 72 16, 230, 390. 79 2, 791, 035. 40 3, 620, 500. 37	330, 608. 75 1, 036, 091. 08 1, 823, 491. 32 3, 376, 900. 85 4, 767, 605. 38 2, 868, 341. 97 3, 313, 532. 55 7, 487, 862. 36 1, 561, 364. 74 2, 088, 007. 66 896, 327. 45 950, 189. 20	\$9, 985. 00 50, 164, 500. 00 3, 918, 819, 83 19, 379, 373. 71 27, 198, 618, 73, 73, 74 37, 198, 618, 763, 37 37, 069, 603. 46 35, 321, 367, 363, 321, 367, 363, 321, 367, 362, 367, 562, 91, 94, 712, 67 17, 506, 536, 75 19, 262, 795, 624, 92 12, 265, 774. 48 9, 465, 056, 54 18, 318, 398, 45 3, 687, 362, 84 4, 570, 692, 57		
Total	7, 141, 711. 97 461, 624, 681. 69	393, 963. 37	7, 535, 675.34 495, 652, 561.19	2, 992, 461. 19 45, 357, 888. 62	26, 074, 513. 33 119, 734, 137. 34

FINANCES

Condition of the Treasury, June 30, 1924

[Revised figures]

neral fund:			•
In Treasury offices—		•	
Gold	\$153, 840,	269. 23	* *
Standard silver dollars			
United States notes	4, 260,	547.00	
Federal reserve notes	718,	558.00	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
Federal reserve bank notes	193,	898.00	• • • •
National-bank notes	191,	06400	·.
Subsidiary silver coin	8, 073,	620.73	
Minor coin	2, 738,	648.76	*
Silver bullion (at cost)	31, 072,	996. 78	
Unclassified (unassorted currency,			
etc.)	34, 342,	165.80	
Public debt paid, awaiting reim-			* ***
bursement	126,	949. 12	ra * - a
To Padanal assessment baseling	42,050	996 96	\$253, 464, 760. 42
In Federal reserve banks			
In transit	3, 874,	540. 84	47, 124, 767. 10
In Federal land banks		-	1 000 000 00
In special depositaries—			1, 000, 000. 00
Account of sales of Treasury notes			
and certificates of indebtedness.			162, 091, 572, 40
In national-bank depositaries—			
To credit of Treasurer of the			
United States	6, 821,	829. 92	
To credit of other Government	-,,		
officers,	20, 022,	705. 27	
In transit	2, 699,		
			29, 544, 401. 18

In treasury of Philippine Islands— To credit of Treasurer of the United States In transit	\$732, 487. 25 822. 11	
In foreign depositaries— To credit of Treasurer of the		\$733, 309. 36
United States	135, 907. 47	
To credit of other Government officers	244, 349. 32	•
In transit	150. 00	380, 406. 79
		494, 339, 217. 25
Deduct current liabilities—		
Federal reserve		•
note 5 per cent fund \$141, 046, 727. 99		
Less notes in		•
process of re-		
demption 406, 290. 00	140 640 427 00	•
National-bank	140, 640, 437. 99	
note 5 per	•	
cent fund 30, 314, 179. 01		
Less notes in		
process of re-		
demption 18, 099, 987. 50	10 014 101 51	
Treasurer's checks outstanding	12, 214, 191. 51 1, 267, 180. 65	
Post Office Department balance	14, 955, 576. 26	,
Board of trustees, Postal Savings	22, 000, 010. 20	
System balance	7, 867, 446. 87	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Balance to credit of postmasters,		
clerks of courts, disbursing		•
officers, etc	36, 844, 728. 78	
Undistributed assets of insolvent national banks	E 151 650 0A	
Retirement of additional circulat-	5, 151, 652. 94	
ing notes, act of May 30, 1908.	8, 745. 00	
Miscellaneous redemption accounts	37, 359, 742. 51	256, 309, 702. 51
	-	200, 000, 102, 01
Balance in the Treasury June 3 ing to statement of the public d		
States	ent at one outled	238, 029, 514, 74

The following is a brief summary of the net change in the general fund balances between June 30, 1923, and June 30, 1924:

General	fund	balances:
Concrat	lunu	Datamets.

Balance per daily Treasury statement, June 30, 1923	\$370, 939, 121. 08
Deduct net excess of expenditures over receipts in June reports subsequently received.	1, 052, 305. 05
Net balance June 30, 1923, according to statement of the public debt of the United StatesExcess of ordinary receipts over expenditures chargeable	369, 886, 816. 03
against ordinary receipts in the fiscal year 1924	508, 815, 929. 72
Total to be accounted for	878, 702, 745. 75
Public debt retirements from surplus revenue	508, 815, 929. 72
Public debt retirements resulting in decrease in general	101 000 001 00
fund balance	131, 857, 301. 29
statement of the public debt of the United States	238, 029, 514. 74
Total	878, 702, 745. 75

United States notes (greenbacks).—The redemptions of United States notes unfit for circulation during the year amounted to \$304,120,000. An equal amount was issued in order to maintain the outstanding aggregate of the notes as required by law.

Gold reserve fund.—There were no redemptions of United States notes for gold from the reserve fund during the year. This fund remains at \$152,979,025.63, or the same amount as at the close of

the previous fiscal year.

Trust funds.—The following table shows the trust funds held for the redemption of the notes and certificates for which they are respectively pledged:

1, 628, 138, 695

Gold coin and bullion \$1, 218, 350, 659
Silver dollars 408, 365, 410
Silver dollars, 1890 1, 422, 626

Gold certificates out- standing	\$1, 672, 541, 159
Less amount in the	
Treasury	454, 190, 500
Net	1, 218, 350, 659
Silver certificates out-	
standing	410, 607, 623
Less amount in the	, ,
Treasury	2, 242, 213
Net	408, 365, 410
Treasury notes (1890)	
outstanding	1, 429, 626
Less amount in the	, ,
Treasury	7, 000
Net	1, 422, 626
Total	1, 628, 138, 695

Gold fund, Federal Reserve Board.—The balance to the credit of the gold fund of the Federal Reserve Board on June 30, 1924, amounted to \$2,260,891,035.12, a decrease of \$24,278,610.53 from the amount to the credit of this fund on June 30, 1923.

The public debt.—The gross public debt of the United States at the close of the fiscal year 1924 amounted to \$21,251,120,426.83. This is shown in detail in Exhibit 1, page 150, and Table A, page 356.

Receipts and expenditures, on cash basis

The following statements summarize cash receipts and expenditures during the fiscal year 1924, and the estimated receipts and expenditures for the fiscal years 1925 and 1926 on the basis of the latest information received from the Bureau of the Budget and the various departments and establishments of the Government:

Summary of receipts and expenditures on the basis of daily Treasury statements. unrevised

	Actual, fiscal year 1924	Estimated, fiscal year 1925	Estimated, fiscal year 1926
Net balance in the general fund at the beginning of fiscal year	\$370, 939, 121	\$235, 411, 482 3, 601, 968, 297	\$235, 411, 482 3, 641, 295, 092
Ordinary Public debt	4, 012, 044, 702 1, 001, 148, 687	1, 884, 337, 610	1, 145, 990, 056
Total	5, 384, 132, 510	5, 721, 717, 389	5, 022, 696, 630
Expenditures: Ordinary Public debt chargeable against ordinary receipts Other public debt. Net balance in the general fund at close of fiscal year	3, 048, 677, 965 457, 999, 750 11, 642, 043, 313 235, 411, 482	3, 062, 277, 407 471, 806, 401 1, 952, 222, 099 235, 411, 482	2, 782, 785, 248 484, 766, 130 1, 519, 733, 770 235, 411, 482
Total	5, 384, 132, 510	5, 721, 717, 389	5, 022, 696, 630
POSTAL SERVICE Postal receiptsPostal expenditures	572, 948, 778 585, 587, 628	610, 190, 000 620, 320, 931	647, 410, 000 637, 376, 008
Deficiency in postal receipts 3	12, 638, 850	10, 130, 931	³ 10, 033, 995

¹ Other public debt expenditures and public debt receipts, as shown in this statement, are exclusive of \$1,206,307,000 Treasury certificates issued and retired within the same fiscal year. ¹ The postal deficiency for 1924, the estimated postal deficiency for 1925, and the estimated surplus for 1926 are included in the ordinary expenditures shown above and in the general classification of ordinary expenditures and estimated ordinary expenditures on p. 124. Surplus of receipts.

Receipts and expenditures for the fiscal years 1923 and 1924, and estimated receipts and expenditures for the fiscal years 1925 and 1926 (on the basis of daily Treasury statements, unrevised)

	Fiscal year 1923	Fiscal year 1924	Fiscal year 1925	Fiscal year 1926
RECEIPTS Ordinary				
CustomsInternal revenue:	\$561, 928, 866. 66	\$545, 637, 503. 99	\$550,000,000	\$535,000,000
Income tax Miscellaneous internal reve-	\$1, 678, 607, 428. 22	\$1, 842, 144, 418. 46	\$1,660,000,000	\$1,710,000,000
nue	945, 865, 332. 61 2, 624, 472, 760. 83	953, 012, 617. 62	826, 325, 000 2, 486, 325, 000	890, 875, 000 2, 600, 875, 000
Miscellaneous receipts: Proceeds of Government- owned securities—	2, 021, 112, 100.00	2,700,107,000.00	2,100,020,000	2,000,010,000
Foreign obligations— Principal. Interest Railroad securities. All other securities.	31, 656, 907. 64 201, 332, 247. 86 99, 297, 348. 01 46, 361, 371. 60	61, 089, 867. 14 160, 684, 807. 75 94, 373, 535. 52 9, 602, 404. 53	23, 088, 687 159, 215, 670 110, 000, 000 17, 253, 825	24, 086, 800 158, 508, 099 26, 000, 000 30, 621, 160
Trust fund receipts (reap- propriated for investment)	26, 862, 679. 69	30, 643, 799. 16	46, 492, 841	59, 636, 792
Proceeds sale of surplus prop- erty Panama Canal tolls, etc. Receipts from miscellaneous	91, 706, 388, 29 17, 271, 855, 23	46, 774, 600. 22 27, 063, 204. 24	26, 850, 159 21, 009, 000	20, 102, 059 21, 000, 000
sources credited direct to appropriationsOther miscellaneous	65, 911, 405. 93 240, 333, 648. 82 820, 733, 853. 07	29, 609, 735. 46 211, 408, 207. 56 671, 250, 161. 58	18, 180, 154 143, 552, 961 565, 643, 297	18, 492, 126 146, 973, 056
Total ordinary receipts	4, 007, 135, 480. 56	4, 012, 044, 701. 65	3, 601, 968, 297	3, 641, 295, 092

Receipts and expenditures for the fiscal years 1923 and 1924, and estimated receipts and expentitures for the fiscal years 1925 and 1926 (on the basis of daily Treasury statements, unrevised)—Continued

	Fiscal year 1923	Fiscal year 1924	Fiscal year 1925	Fiscal year 1926
EXPENDITURES				
Ordinary (checks and warrants paid, etc.)				
General expenditures: Legislative establishment Executive proper State Department Treasury Department War Department Department of Justice	\$14, 165, 243. 89 349, 380. 15 15, 463, 276. 30 1 145, 016, 859. 60 392, 733, 634. 86 23, 521, 485, 79	\$14, 315, 684, 73 450, 952, 65 14, 669, 456, 89 1 137, 411, 205, 17 348, 629, 778, 55 21, 134, 228, 10	\$13, 784, 866 431, 474 16, 077, 257 145, 303, 399 344, 431, 634 22, 690, 160	\$14, 783, 065 436, 567 16, 033, 783 131, 241, 338 322, 891, 798 25, 047, 660
Post Office Department	145, 048, 859, 60 392, 733, 634, 86 23, 521, 485, 79 146, 942, 46 333, 201, 362, 31 354, 623, 058, 88 128, 745, 677, 33 21, 783, 508, 71 7, 241, 466, 73 461, 719, 433, 83	186, 789, 29 332, 249, 136, 67 328, 227, 697, 11 141, 116, 440, 69 21, 429, 678, 93 6, 620, 052, 55 409, 120, 863, 66	330, 150, 000 300, 516, 363 154, 859, 950 25, 529, 300 7, 843, 410 411, 979, 821	292, 000, 000 279, 924, 857 145, 370, 450 22, 729, 000 8, 152, 998 387, 490, 261
Other independent offices and commissions	28, 712, 285. 42 24, 053, 705. 47	32, 846, 244. 39 25, 873, 115. 19	26, 680, 423 30, 559, 284	27, 452, 889 32, 055, 927
Total Deduct unclassified items	1, 951, 477, 321. 73 1, 436, 386. 81	1, 834, 281, 324, 57 1, 234, 150, 47	1, 830, 837, 341	1, 705, 610, 593
TotalInterest on public debt Refunds of receipts:		1, 833, 047, 174, 10 2 940, 602, 912, 92	1, 830, 837, 341 865, 000, 000	1, 705, 610, 593 830, 000, 000
Customs	125, 279, 043, 35	20, 566, 638. 33 127, 220, 151. 47 12, 638, 849. 75 8, 387, 099. 90	20, 012, 500 127, 310, 000 10, 130, 931 9, 799, 805	19, 622, 500 91, 905, 000 10, 033, 995 8, 560, 659
Railroads	100, 618, 067. 12 3 109, 436, 238. 13 57, 023, 838. 18 3 1, 365, 554. 16	22, 771, 167. 74 5 52, 539, 947. 20 85, 491, 358. 71 1, 150, 576. 16	15, 733, 489 300, 000, 000 54, 500, 000	3, 317, 699 \$ 20, 000, 000 39, 000, 000
Loans to railroads	2, 482, 476. 33 13, 526, 587. 00	12, 971, 000. 00	6,000,000	
Government life insurance fund. Civil-service retirement fund.	26, 672, 161. 78 8, 091, 417. 48	30, 410, 378, 80 8, 028, 336, 62	39, 659, 841 8, 000, 000	52, 497, 792 7, 000, 000

District of Columbia teachers' retirement fund Foreign Service retirement fund	190, 517. 91		233, 420. 36		230, 000 63, 500		235, 000 70, 000	
General Railroad contingent fund			(4)		5, 000, 000		5, 000, 000	
Adjusted Service certificate fund		3, 294, 627, 529. 16		3, 048, 677, 965. 34	100, 000, 000	3, 062, 277, 407	50, 000, 000	2, 782, 785, 248
Public debt retirements charge- able against ordinary receipts: Sinking fund					310,000,000	,,	323, 175, 000	
Purchases from foreign repay- ments	284, 018, 800. 00 32, 140, 000. 00		295, 987, 350. 00 38, 509, 150. 00		208,600		323, 173,000	
Received from foreign govern- ments under debt settle-			, ,				100 041 190	
ments Received for estate taxes Purchases from franchise tax	68, 752, 950. 00 6, 568, 550. 00		110, 878, 450. 00 8, 897, 050. 00		160,345,601 100,000	o.	160, 641, 130	
receipts (Federal reserve banks and Federal inter-	10 015 000 00		2 424 550 00		1,152,200		950,000	
mediate credit banks) Forfeitures, gifts, etc	10, 815, 300. 00 554, 891. 10		3, 634, 550. 00 93, 200. 00	457, 999, 750. 00	1,132,200	471, 806, 401	930,000	484,766,130
Total expenditures charge- able against ordinary re-	-		-		·			
ceipts		3, 697, 478, 020. 26	=	3, 506, 677, 715. 34	_	3, 534, 083, 808	=	3, 267, 551, 378
Excess of ordinary receipts over total expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts	<u> </u>	309, 657, 460. 30		505, 366, 986. 31		67, 884, 489		373, 743, 714

¹ Includes \$12,000,000 subscriptions to capital stock of Federal intermediate credit banks for each of the fiscal years 1923 and 1924.

² Includes \$97,078,362 for 1923, and \$25,020,344.59 for 1924, accrued discount on war savings certificates of the series of 1918 and 1919.

³ Excess of credits, deduct.

⁴\$4,584,262.92 for this purpose included under "Other independent offices and commissions" above.

Public debt expenditures and receipts for fiscal year 1924 and estimates for fiscal years 1925 and 1926 [On basis of daily Treasury statements, unrevised]

	Fiscal	year 1924	Fiscal	year 1925	Fiscal y	7ear 1926
EXPENDITURES Certificates of indebtedness. Victory notes. Treasury notes and Liberty bonds. Treasury bonds. Treasury (war) savings securities. Loan of 1925. Retirements of Federal reserve bank notes and national-bank notes. Old debt items.		1 \$1, 032, 270, 000 80, 751, 050 866, 428, 500 6, 000 87, 457, 799 33, 084, 377 45, 337		\$807, 513, 500 10, 000, 000 1, 391, 500, 000 15, 000, 000 15, 000, 000 85, 000, 000 15, 000	-	\$1,000,000,000 2,000,000 927,000,000 12,000,000 3,489,900 60,000,000
Total public debt expenditures Deduct debt expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts:		1 2, 100, 043, 063	-1	2, 424, 028, 500	-	2, 004, 499, 900
Sinking fund Purchase of Liberty bonds from foreign repayments Received from foreign governments under debt settlements Redemption of bonds and notes from estate taxes Retirements from Federal reserve bank franchise tax receipts Obligations retired from net earnings of Federal intermediate credit banks Retirements from gifts, forseitures, etc.	\$295, 987, 350 38, 509, 150 110, 878, 450 8, 897, 050 3, 634, 550	•	\$310, 000, 000 208, 600 160, 345, 601 100, 000 1, 000, 000 152, 200		\$323, 175, 000 160, 641, 130 500, 000 450, 000	
		457, 999, 750		471, 806, 401		484, 766, 130
RECEIPTS		1, 642, 043, 313		1, 952, 222, 099		1, 519, 733, 770
Deposits to retire Federal reserve bank notes and national-bank notes	-	28, 453, 557 163, 866, 320		110, 000, 000		20, 000, 000
Treasury savings securities. Other new issues of securities, including Treasury notes and certificates		808, 828, 810		1, 774, 337, 610	•	1, 125, 990, 056
Total public debt receipts		1 1, 001, 148, 687		1, 884, 337, 610		1, 145, 990, 056
Excess of public debt retirements over the retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts due to indicated surplus and decrease in general fund balance		640, 894, 626		67, 884, 489		373, 743, 714
		1, 642, 043, 313		1, 952, 222, 099		1, 519, 733, 770

¹ Public debt expenditures and public debt receipts, as shown in this statement, are exclusive of \$1,206,307,000 Treasury certificates issued and retired within the same fiscal year.

Preliminary statement showing classified expenditures of the Government for the period from July 1, 1923, to June 30, 1924 [For comparative figures and total expenditures for the fiscal year 1923, see Table F. p. 375] On the basis of daily Treasury statements, unrevised!

	July, 1923	August, 1923	September, 1923	October, 1923	November, 1923	December, 1923	January, 1924
General expenditures: ORDINARY			*				
I agislative actablishment	\$1 167 544 30	\$1, 449, 484. 46	\$1,093,540.04	\$1, 105, 957. 56	\$1, 293, 166, 20	\$1, 165, 967, 15	\$1, 220, 315. 03
Executive proper State Department Treasury Department War Department	27 002 10	40, 853, 99	44, 774, 75	26, 078, 78	57, 107, 12	31, 300, 71	28, 210, 12
State Department	616 655 36	992, 034, 37	5, 603, 443, 84	843, 119, 75	1, 032, 628, 76	832, 909, 54	873, 268, 60
Treasury Department	12 664 984 29	11, 726, 490. 74		13, 579, 204, 44	11, 293, 486, 83	10, 084, 722, 84	9, 384, 605, 04
War Denartment	35, 253, 112, 09	35, 277, 296. 74	27, 462, 631, 16	31, 783, 651, 64	27, 385, 595, 21	28, 684, 150. 06	26, 350, 879, 6
		1 516 800 84	1, 518, 561, 79	1, 923, 401, 02	1, 854, 719. 93	1, 836, 886, 69	1, 545, 249, 4
Post Office Department Navy Department Interior Department	1 5, 829, 20	50, 142, 86	13, 705. 87	106, 777, 59	1 77, 205. 63	44, 901, 06	18, 156, 6
Navy Department	26, 573, 939, 85	27, 640, 996. 38	23, 609, 975. 94	30, 649, 777, 72	26, 578, 128. 73	35, 867, 695, 36	29, 259, 431. 8
Interior Department	31, 038, 899, 11	27, 127, 962, 40	29, 502, 259, 00	31, 916, 036, 62	25, 810, 844, 00	27, 550, 075, 05	23, 575, 995, 9
Department of Agriculture	10, 419, 442, 07	13, 213, 528, 18		14, 277, 008, 96	15, 712, 098, 68	14, 504, 815, 41	11, 990, 508, 6
Department of Commerce	1, 737, 280, 19	1, 861, 608. 55		1, 889, 587. 44	1, 986, 990, 73	1, 941, 756. 75	1, 731, 397. 7
Department of Agriculture Department of Commerce Department of Labor	513, 738, 57	583, 463, 99	620, 969, 84	402, 065, 85	1, 986, 990. 73 442, 958. 69	535, 310, 51	529, 585. 3
United States Veterans' Bureau 2	36, 865, 858, 18	34, 832, 998, 52	34, 540, 937. 40	37, 793, 334, 21	34, 057, 300, 33	33, 546, 555, 14	33, 542, 763, 0
United States Veterans' Bureau ² Other independent offices and commissions	2, 468, 658, 50	1, 447, 420. 95		2, 789, 203, 34	1, 811, 690, 84	1, 739, 950, 19	3, 680, 121, 0
District of Columbia	1, 763, 300, 01	1, 982, 822. 62	1, 845, 566, 94	2, 531, 067, 42	2, 558, 361. 66	2, 478, 974. 57	2, 088, 336. 4
Total	163 011 016 10		155, 756, 348, 16		151, 797, 872, 08	160, 845, 971. 03	145, 818, 824, 7
Deduct unclassified items	3 1, 334, 692, 80	2, 140, 835, 59		590, 544, 47	3 261, 023, 87	846, 092, 16	3 246, 899, 6
Total	164, 345, 708, 90	157, 603, 169, 00	155, 576, 651. 36	171, 025, 727, 87	152, 058, 895, 95	159, 999, 878, 87	146, 065, 724, 3
nterest on public debt	23, 645, 508, 44			147, 869, 587. 96	79, 220, 700, 08	86, 979, 766, 79	23, 797, 966. 9
Refunds of receipts:		' '	1 2 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3	121,000,001100	10, 220, 1101 00	00,010,100110	20, 101, 000.0
Customs. Internal revenue.	2, 201, 356, 76	3, 698, 467, 41	1, 607, 334, 17	1, 462, 159, 16	1, 621, 873, 53	1, 900, 072. 31	1, 154, 962. 2
Internal revenue	8, 675, 112, 71	9, 877, 294, 91	11, 007, 438, 71	14, 614, 863. 08	8, 697, 535, 19	11, 899, 704. 39	2, 305, 400. 7
Postal deficiency				8, 000, 000, 00			4, 476, 314. 1
Postal deficiency Panama Canal	321, 681, 52	271, 711. 63	1, 133, 224, 88	1, 660, 302, 23	432, 460, 06	619, 548. 36	43, 531, 5
nerations in special accounts:		,	, .,,	-,,		,	
Railroads. War Finance Corporation Shipping Board.	1, 649, 608, 56	9, 068, 654, 00	1 10, 263, 158. 67	15, 239, 139, 10	1 14, 579, 718, 19	14, 610, 108, 67	1, 734, 432, 2
War Finance Corporation	1 4, 937, 068, 46	1 6, 759, 778, 87	1 5, 949, 357, 98	1 8, 058, 218, 86	1 6, 934, 689, 90	1 11, 533, 368, 32	1 3, 334, 070, 0
Shipping Board	4, 180, 151, 44	9, 094, 024, 66	9, 324, 927. 95	31, 626, 839. 37	8, 845, 882. 24	2, 981, 473, 32	3, 768, 500. 9
Alien property funds	2, 140, 877, 97	1 56, 948. 72	1 3, 713, 180. 12	501, 570. 39	1 2, 309, 284. 07	943, 302. 16	2, 812, 425. 6
Alién property funds Sugar Equalization Board Joans to railroads				 			
Loans to railroads		371, 000, 00	1, 000, 000. 00	450, 000. 00	350, 000. 00		7, 400, 000. 0
. Government life insurance fund	2, 224, 306. 09	1, 424, 718. 58	3, 045, 012. 38	2, 148, 395. 50	3, 932, 872. 99	2, 393, 640. 14	3, 053, 706. 2
Civil service retirement fund	10, 022, 965. 67		1,000,700.54			1 5, 023, 668. 79	2, 527, 463. 2
Government life insurance fund Civil service retirement fund District of Columbia teachers' retirement fund	19, 998. 56	15, 030. 72		19, 966. 31	29, 019. 71	19, 980. 74	17, 031. 8
Total ordinary	214, 490, 208, 16	195, 560, 774, 76	286, 072, 504. 03	386, 560, 332, 11	231, 365, 547, 59	265, 790, 438. 64	195, 823, 390. 28
1 Deduct excess of credits	1,,	1		I			

Defining the fiscal year 1924 to date, allotments for veterans' relief have been made to the Treasury Department in the amount of \$457,150, to the War Department in the amount of \$44,434,713.92, to the Navy Department in the amount of \$1,474,600, and to the Interior Department in the amount of \$44,791. Similar allotments in the fiscal year 1923 to the Treasury Department were \$3,164,425.11, to the War Department \$4,563,230. Expenditures under these allotments, however, appear as expenditures of the respective departments and not of the Veterans' Bureau. In the fiscal year 1922, payments on account of veterans' relief made prior to August 11, 1921, by the War Risk Insurance Bureau are included under Treasury Department, while similar payments made prior to that date by the Federal Board for Vocational Education are included under other independent offices and commissions. *Add.

Preliminary statement showing classified expenditures of the Government for the period from July 1, 1923, to June 30, 1924—Continued

	July, 1923	August, 1923	September, 1923	October, 1923	November, 1923	December, 1923	January, 1924
ORDINARY—continued							
Public debt retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts: Sinking fund Purchases from foreign repayments Received from foreign governments under debt settlements.	\$26, 535, 800. 00 371, 150. 00	\$30, 306, 800. 00 7, 047, 650. 00	\$20, 231, 000. 00 8 221, 900. 00	\$16, 588, 300. 00 22, 311, 000. 00	\$23, 500, 000. 00 467, 600. 00	\$41, 928, 000. 00 91, 858, 200. 00	\$60, 181, 850. 00 89, 850. 00
Received for estate taxes Purchases from franchise tax receipts (Federal reserve banks)_	819, 900. 00	1, 568, 650. 00	292, 300. 00	1, 078, 350. 00	943, 100. 00	1, 356, 250. 00	1, 030, 050. 00 3, 634, 550. 00 5, 000. 00
Forfeitures, gifts, etc		13, 750. 00		10, 000. 00	10, 400. 00	5, 700. 00	
Total	27, 731, 500. 00	38, 936, 850. 00	28, 748, 200. 00	39, 987, 650. 00	24, 921, 100. 00	135, 148, 150. 00	64, 941, 300. 00
Total expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts	242, 221, 708. 16	234, 497, 624. 76	314, 820, 704. 03	426, 547, 982. 11	256, 286, 647. 59	400, 938, 588. 64	260, 764, 690. 28
PUBLIC DEBT							
Public debt retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts (see above) Other public debt expenditures.	27, 731, 500. 00 64, 715, 230. 94	38, 936, 850. 00 41, 063, 163. 64	28, 748, 200. 00 399, 450, 780. 12	39, 987, 650. 00 12, 763, 363. 27	24, 921, 100. 00 10, 818, 979. 16	135, 148, 150. 00 568, 784, 775. 66	64, 941, 300. 00 53, 514, 585. 20
Total public debt	92, 446, 730. 94	80, 000, 013. 64	428, 198, 980. 12	52, 751, 013. 27	35, 740, 079. 16	703, 932, 925. 66	118, 455, 885. 20
Recapitulation, public debt: Certificates of indebtedness. Treasury notes Treasury bonds	1 '	23, 616, 500. 00 21, 207, 800. 00	383, 919, 500. 00 11, 512, 000. 00	1, 927, 000. 00 4, 717, 300. 00 2, 000. 00	965, 500. 00	553, 988, 500. 00 4, 020, 000. 00	1, 363, 000. 00 14, 000. 00
War savings securities Treasury savings securities First Liberty bonds Second Liberty bonds	178, 300. 00	479, 959. 39 2, 102, 754. 25 68, 550. 00 357, 900. 00	445, 873. 57 2, 112, 126. 55 5, 300. 00 47, 850. 00	443, 091, 22 2, 264, 451, 70 25, 650, 00 275, 550, 00	356, 419. 01 2, 033, 410. 15 6, 350. 00 239, 650. 00	3, 812, 331, 21 3, 451, 134, 45 36, 700, 00 92, 338, 250, 00	40, 307, 663. 85 3, 826, 316. 35 27, 600. 00 262, 550. 00
Third Liberty bonds. Fourth Liberty bonds. Victory notes. Other debt items National-bank notes and Federal reserve bank notes.	10, 576, 550. 00 423, 900. 00 28, 846, 400. 00	16, 482, 650. 00 819, 450. 00 12, 072, 100. 00 2, 600. 00	19, 195, 000. 00 164, 800. 00 7, 820, 650. 00 13, 150. 00	32, 272, 850. 00 512, 150. 00 7, 760, 500. 00 4, 420. 35	24, 251, 450. 00 422, 650. 00 5, 038, 150. 00 3, 270. 00	38, 246, 500. 00 506, 700. 00 4, 748, 150. 00 950. 00	64, 132, 800. 00 504, 350. 00 4, 651, 200. 00 1, 530. 00
Total public debt	2, 776, 100, 00 92, 446, 730, 94	2, 789, 750. 00 80, 000, 013. 64	2, 962, 150. 00 428, 198, 980. 12	2, 546, 050. 00	2, 423, 230. 00 35, 740, 079. 16	2, 783, 710. 00 703, 932, 925. 66	3, 364, 875. 00 118, 455, 885. 20

Note.—The figures given for operations in special accounts are net figures and make allowance for receipts and deposits credited to the account concerned.

	February, 1924	March, 1924	April, 1924	May, 1924	June, 1924	Total July 1, 1923, to June 30, 1924	Total July 1, 1922, to June 30, 1923
ORDINARY							
General expenditures:	4077 704 00	4004 011 10	61 400 000 10	AT 000 045 00	81 004 000 07	014 017 404 70	`
Legislative establishment.	\$975, 536. 28 42, 714, 87	\$896, 611. 19 24, 758. 08	\$1, 490, 833. 18 36, 651, 67	\$1, 232, 645, 60 33, 459, 24	\$1, 224, 083. 65 58, 041. 22	\$14, 315, 684. 73 450, 952, 65	\$14, 165, 243. 89 349, 380, 15
Executive proper	602 262 02	877, 113, 71	702, 702, 88	452, 727, 94	1, 159, 488, 31	14, 669, 456. 89	15, 463, 276. 30
State Department. Treasury Department War Department. Department of Justice.	10 518 546 90	11, 152, 916. 33	11 000 150 47	10, 621, 574, 92	11 654 545 17	2 137, 411, 205, 17	² 145, 016, 859, 60
War Department	24, 248, 979, 16	25, 102, 384. 71	11, 000, 150. 47 31, 417, 947. 99	28, 659, 972. 07	11, 654, 545. 17 27, 003, 178. 11	348, 629, 778. 55	392, 733, 634. 86
Department of Justice	1, 769, 632, 93	1, 756, 345, 57	1, 975, 350. 98	1, 722, 885, 93	1, 807, 863. 35	21, 134, 228. 10	23, 521, 485. 79
Post Office Department Navy Department Interior Department	1 9, 179. 05	20, 865, 49	6, 333. 27	1 9, 225, 58	27, 345, 92	186, 789. 29	146, 942, 46
Navy Department	27, 334, 373. 01	25, 501, 193. 36	24, 503, 689. 44	25, 127, 770. 86	29, 602, 164. 13	332, 249, 136. 67	333, 201, 362. 31
Interior Department	26, 172, 972. 77	24, 991, 445. 19	25, 153, 341. 67	23, 068, 995, 46	32, 318, 869. 89	328, 227, 697, 11	354, 623, 058. 88
Department of Agriculture. Department of Commerce.	11, 536, 630. 48	9, 733, 658. 31	8, 119, 774. 16	9, 064, 261, 63	9, 688, 844. 66	141, 116, 440. 69	128, 745, 677. 33
Department of Commerce.	1,661,518.90	1, 745, 127. 28	1, 651, 295. 18	1, 761, 835. 60	1, 865, 074. 70	21, 429, 678. 93	21, 783, 508. 71
Department of Labor. United States Veterans' Bureau	443, 068. 21	612, 269. 00	761, 342. 68	611, 734, 32	563, 545. 59	6, 620, 052, 55	7, 241, 466. 73
United States Veterans' Bureau	32, 403, 331, 71	33, 384, 824, 53	33, 663, 703. 80	32, 989, 534. 96	31, 499, 721. 84	409, 120, 863. 66	461, 719, 433. 83
Other independent offices and commissions. District of Columbia.	2, 651, 605. 80	1, 198, 333. 26 976, 302, 87	3, 863, 379. 41	7, 070, 011. 49	2, 407, 940. 48 2, 482, 793. 24	32, 846, 244. 39 25, 873, 115. 19	28, 712, 285. 42 24, 053, 705. 47
District of Columbia	2, 153, 502. 59	970, 302. 87	2, 547, 524. 69	2, 464, 562. 13	2, 482, 193. 24	20, 873, 115. 19	24, 033, 703. 47
Total	149 596 509 30	127 074 149 99	146, 894, 021. 47	144, 872, 746, 57	153 363 500 26	1, 834, 281, 324, 57	1 051 477 391 73
Total Deduct unclassified items	3 774 101 00	3 221, 969, 73	189, 437, 72	3 388, 353, 62	514, 584, 44		1, 436, 386, 81
Deduce and assined nembers	- 111, 101.00	221, 000. 10	103, 101.12	000,000.02		1, 201, 100. 11	7, 100, 000. 01
Total	143, 360, 699, 39	138, 196, 118, 61	146, 704, 583. 75	145, 261, 100, 19	152, 848, 915. 82	1, 833, 047, 174, 10	1, 950, 040, 934, 92
Total:	9, 944, 991, 56	127, 557, 938, 02	144, 411, 729. 40	79, 420, 633, 51	84, 497, 747, 99	940, 602, 912. 92	1, 055, 923, 689, 61
		, ,			i ' '	1 ' '	1
Refunds of receipts: Customs	1, 159, 873. 27	1, 358, 945. 02	1, 142, 550. 35	1, 507, 631. 00	1, 751, 413. 06	20, 566, 638. 33	28, 736, 711. 58
Internal revenue	_ 513, 483, 82	389, 986. 63	17, 456, 461. 30	23, 664, 392. 96	18, 118, 477. 07	127, 220, 151. 47	125, 279, 043. 35
Postal deficiency			162, 535. 57			12, 638, 849. 75	32, 526, 914. 89
Panama Canal	704, 103. 56	797, 253. 24	1, 264, 274. 15	657, 137. 71	481, 871. 04	8, 387, 099. 90	4, 316, 961. 30
Operations in special accounts:	047 007 00	1 550 000 05	. 055 400 50	0.040.400.00	117 400 07	00 771 107 74	100 610 007 10
Railroads War Finance Corporation	- 841, 221. 89	1 752, 399. 85	1, 257, 632. 79	3, 848, 160. 22	117, 486. 95 1 1, 220, 948. 07	22, 771, 167. 74	100, 618, 067. 12
war rinance Corporation	996, 885. 71	1 12, 731. 45 4, 345, 328. 40	1 913, 502. 48	1 1, 719, 243. 52 3, 449, 699. 66	2, 933, 866, 21	1 52, 539, 947. 20 85, 491, 358, 71	1 109, 436, 238. 13 57, 023, 838. 18
Shipping Board	334, 384. 32	1 2, 265, 395, 54	3, 943, 778. 77 1 3, 800, 921. 80	1 3, 319, 813, 49	7, 582, 407, 12	1 1, 150, 576. 16	1 1, 365, 554, 16
Sugar Equalization Board	- 304, 384. 32	• 2, 200, 395. 54	- 3, 000, 921. 80	. 0, 010, 010. 49	1, 502, 401. 12	- 1, 100, 570. 10	2, 482, 476, 33
Bugai Equalization Doutd	-		1				1 2, 102, 110. 00

¹ Deduct, excess of credits.

² Includes \$12,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1923 and 1924, subscriptions to capital stock of Federal intermediate credit banks.

Add.
4 During the fiscal year 1924 to date, allotments for veterans' relief have been made to the Treasury Department in the amount of \$457,150, to the War Department in the amount of \$4,434,713.92, to the Navy Department in the amount of \$1,474,600, and to the Interior Department in the amount of \$44,791. Similar allotments in the fiscal year 1923 to the Treasury Department were \$3,164,425.11, to the War Department \$4,869,241.91, and to the Navy Department \$2,662,303. Expenditures under these allotments, however, appear as expenditures of the respective departments and not of the Veterans' Bureau. In the fiscal year 1922 payments on account of veterans' relief made prior to Aug. 11, 1921, by the War Risk Insurance Bureau are included under Treasury Department, while similar payments made prior to that date by the Federal Board for Vocational Education are included under other independent offices and commissions.

Preliminary statement showing classified expenditures of the Government for the period from July 1, 1923, to June 30, 1924—Continued

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					The second second		
	February, 1924	March, 1924	April, 1924	May, 1924	June, 1924	Total July 1, 1923, to June 30, 1924	Total July 1, 1922, to June 30, 1923
ORDINARY—continued.							
Loans to railroads		\$1, 500, 000. 00	\$1,900,000.00		 	\$12, 971, 000. 00	\$13, 526, 587, 00
Investment of trust funds: Government life insurance fund Civil service retirement fund District of Columbia teachers' retirement fund		1, 968, 979. 32 1 1, 000, 700. 54	4, 204, 573. 28	1 '	ľ	30, 410, 378. 80 8, 028, 336. 62	26, 672, 161. 78 8, 091, 417. 48
District of Columbia teachers' retirement fund	18, 957. 84	20, 010. 15	33, 427. 86	19, 989. 74	20, 006. 85	233, 420. 36	190, 517. 91
Total ordinary	158, 471, 777. 44	272, 103, 332. 01	317, 767, 122. 94	255, 656, 419. 44	269, 016, 117. 94	3, 048, 677, 965. 34	3, 294, 627, 529. 16
Public debt retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts: Sinking fund. Purchases from foreign repayments	49, 468, 150. 00	18, 210, 000. 00	8, 887, 450. 00	150, 000. 00		295, 987, 350. 00 38, 509, 150. 00	284, 018, 800. 00 32, 140, 000, 00
Sinking fund Purchases from foreign repayments Received from foreign governments under debt settlements Received for estate taxes Purchases from franchise tax receipts (Federal reserve banks) Forfeitures, gifts, etc	482, 150. 00	710, 300. 00	339, 850. 00	268, 550. 00	19, 020, 250. 00 7, 600. 00	110, 878, 450. 00 8, 897, 050. 00 3, 634, 550. 00	68, 752, 950. 00 6, 568, 550. 00 10, 815, 300. 00
Forfeitures, gifts, etc		2, 300. 00	7, 400. 00	10, 500. 00	10, 650. 00	93, 200. 00	554, 891, 10
Total	49, 960, 150. 00	18, 922, 600. 00	9, 234, 700. 00	429, 050. 00	19, 038, 500. 00	457, 999, 750. 00	402, 850, 491. 10
Total expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts	208, 431, 927. 44	291, 025, 932. 01	327, 001, 822. 94	256, 085, 469. 44	288, 054, 617. 94	3, 506, 677, 715. 34	3, 697, 478, 020. 26
PUBLIC DEBT		=					
Public debt retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts (see above). Other public debt expenditures.	49, 960, 150. 00 32, 633, 902. 28	18, 922, 600. 00 1, 005, 481, 474. 86	9, 234, 700. 00 12, 939, 986. 84	429, 050. 00 81, 095, 906. 11	19, 038, 500. 00 565, 088, 165. 09	457, 999, 750. 00 2, 848, 350, 313. 17	402, 850, 491, 10 7, 560, 947, 689, 07
Total public debt	82, 594, 052. 28	1, 024, 404, 074. 86	22, 174, 686. 84	81, 524, 956. 11	584, 126, 665. 09	3, 306, 350, 063. 17	7, 963, 798, 180. 17
Recapitulation, public debt: Certificates of indebtedness Treasury notes	17, 736, 500. 00	996, 252, 000. 00	5, 090, 500. 00	1, 811, 000. 00	221, 301, 000. 00 298, 974, 700. 00	2, 238, 577, 000. 00 356, 981, 600. 00 6, 000. 00	5, 095, 993, 000. 00 143, 339, 500. 00
Treasury bonds War savings securities Treasury savings securities	6, 534, 589. 88 2, 913, 882. 40	444, 555. 61 3, 338, 556. 25	247, 355, 14 3, 169, 166, 70	4, 000. 00 219, 411. 07 3, 558, 474. 25	182, 016, 19 2, 730, 328, 90	54, 051, 976. 93 33, 405, 822. 10	528, 157, 586, 60 15, 996, 572, 75
Treasury savings securities First Liberty bonds Second Liberty bonds Third Liberty bonds	1 40 590 900 00	14, 200. 00 261, 400. 00 18, 289, 050. 00	33, 800. 00 121, 150. 00 8, 928, 600. 00	3,000.00 158,800.00 71,358,500.00	29, 650. 00 57, 275, 600. 00	240, 450. 00 94, 469, 500. 00 410, 600, 450. 00	78, 550. 00 111, 539, 900. 00 65, 987, 100. 00
Fourth Liberty bonds. Victory notes. Other debt items. National-bank notes and Federal reserve bank notes	2, 880, 250, 00	357, 950. 00 2, 737, 850. 00 1, 593. 00	151, 150. 00 1, 635, 300. 00 410. 00	104, 750. 00 1, 426, 750. 00 11, 140. 79	200. 00 1, 133, 750. 00 1, 240. 00	4, 136, 500. 00 80, 751, 050. 00 45, 336. 64	16, 751, 650. 00 1, 911, 285, 650. 00 246, 106. 82
National-bank notes and Federal reserve bank notes Total public debt		2, 706, 920. 00 1, 024, 404, 074. 86	2, 797, 255. 00 22, 174, 686. 84	2,869,130.00 81,524,956.11	2, 498, 180. 00 584, 126, 665. 09	33, 084, 377. 50 3, 306, 350, 063. 17	74, 414, 564. 00

¹ Deduct, excess of credits.

Note.—The figures given for operations in special accounts are net figures and make allowance for receipts and deposits credited to the account concerned.

Receipts and expenditures, on warrant basis

The following comparison of receipts and expenditures is on the basis of warrants issued (net) and includes unexpended balances to the credit of disbursing officers at the end of the year, but not expenditures under such unexpended balances at the beginning of the year:

Comparison of receipts, fiscal years 1924 and 1923, on the basis of warrants issued (net)

	1924	1923	Increase, 1924	Decrease, 1924
Ordinary receipts:				
Customs	\$545, 012, 115. 13	\$562, 189, 038. 87		\$17, 176, 923. 74
Internal revenue— . Income tax	1, 841, 759, 316, 80	1, 691, 089, 534, 56	\$150,669,782.24	
Income tax Miscellaneous taxes	952, 530, 768. 41	935, 699, 504. 36	16, 831, 264. 05	
Miscellaneous— Interest, premium, and dis- count—				
Interest on loans to for- eign governments Interest on miscellane	138, 653, 592. 17	179, 101, 699. 15		40, 448, 106.9 8
ous obligations of for- eign governments Interest on miscellane-	22, 031, 215. 58	22, 230, 548. 71		199, 333. 13
ous obligations Interest on overpay- ments under section	1, 157, 965. 63	1, 412, 896. 77		254, 931. 14
209, transportation act, 1920, as amended Interest on farm-loan	30, 968. 23	10, 344. 34	20, 623. 89	
bonds Interest on public de-	4, 584, 825. 00	5, 423, 694. 58		838, 869. 58
posits	4, 630, 099. 08	5, 450, 769, 69		820, 670. 61
ments to contractors. Dividends on capital stock of the Panama	43, 213. 39	576, 023. 85		532, 810. 46
Railroad owned by the United States Discount on bonds, notes, and certificates of in-	1, 050, 000. 00		1, 050, 000. 00	
debtedness purchased. Gain by exchange Sales of Government property—	1, 631, 456. 83 16, 820. 93	816, 667. 85 6, 109, 449. 60	814, 788. 98	6, 092, 628. 67
Proceeds of sale of Government property (unserviceable) Sale of office material, etc., including auction sales (General Supply	4, 098, 506. 56	12, 129, 518. 21		8, 031, 011. 6
Committee)	366, 514. 29	574, 215. 50		207, 701. 21
Corporation	1, 272, 307. 17 44, 267, 023. 74	961, 965. 90 77, 931, 236. 95	310, 341. 27	33, 664, 213. 21
Sale of buildings, plants, etc. (war supplies) Sale of seal and fox skins Sale of public documents	310, 592, 05 110, 958, 09	4, 524, 444. 62 400, 445. 76		4, 213, 852. 57 289, 487. 67
and charts	225, 696. 90		225, 696. 90	
Library of Congress Miscellaneous Government property	149, 130. 32 398, 846. 32	417, 448. 19	149, 130. 32	18, 601. 87
Public-domain receipts— Sale of public lands	522, 222. 93	656, 508. 40		134, 285. 47
Receipts under mineral leasing acts Forest reserve fund	12, 619, 155. 66 5, 369, 707. 36	8, 825, 655. 60 5, 446, 152. 72	3, 793, 500. 06	76, 445. 36
National park revenues Other Federal reserve bank fran- chise tax and net earnings	651, 377. 06 1, 404, 241. 03	516, 529. 86 974, 946. 48	134, 847. 20 429, 294. 55	
derived by the United States from Federal inter- mediate credit banks Profits on coinage, bullion	3, 765, 326. 58	10, 850, 604. 72		7, 085, 278. 14
deposits, etc	8, 133, 587. 23	25, 865, 170. 45		17, 731, 583. 22

Comparison of receipts, fiscal years 1924 and 1923, on the basis of warrants issued (net)—Continued

t.	1924	1923	Increase, 1924	Decrease, 1924
Ordinary receipts—Continued.			,	
Ordinary receipts—Continued. Miscellaneous—Continued.				
Revenue-producing enter- prises—	•			
Operation of properties, United States Housing				
Corporation	\$888, 023. 09	\$996, 861. 81		\$108, 838. 72
Funds deposited for con-				
struction loans under	l			
section 11, merchant marine act, 1920	20, 108, 729. 48	50, 000, 000. 00		29, 891, 270. 52
Balance of funds held by I			•	
ping Board Emer-				
United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corpora-		•		
tion deposited under	05 751 521 04		\$25, 751, 531. 04	
tion deposited under act of Feb. 13, 1923 Center Market, Wash-	25, 751, 531. 04		\$20, 701, 001. U4	
ington, D. C	259, 589. 23	236, 634. 67	22, 954. 56	
Earnings from radio serv-		200 775 00		25, 700. 62
ice	314, 074. 60	339, 775. 22		25, 700. 62
ama Canal	25, 709, 562. 43	17, 686, 963. 95	8, 022, 598. 48	
United States telegraph	000 154 10		000 174 19	
lines Laundry and dry-clean-	209, 154. 13		209, 154. 13	
ing operations (War)	1, 269, 656. 38		1, 269, 656. 38	
Other	221, 962. 60	405, 667. 40		183, 704. 80
Rent of public buildings and grounds	1, 187, 904, 53	940, 765. 46	247, 139. 07	'
Fees, fines, penalties, for-	1, 101, 501, 66	010, 100. 10	217, 100.01	
feitures. etc.—		*** *** **		
Alaska fund	184, 553. 24 2, 998, 683. 02	183, 349. 95 3, 031, 276. 53	1, 203. 29	32, 593. 51
Fees on letters patent Copyright fees	164, 582. 85	0,001,270.00	164, 582. 85	
Registers' and receivers'	, i			154 000 50
fees (Land Office) Consular and passport	681, 205. 92	835, 229. 48		154, 023. 56
fees	8, 114, 688. 73	7, 702, 265. 66	412, 423. 07	
Tax on circulation of	. , ,	, , , , , , ,	,	
fees	4 057 200 17	4, 304, 331. 82		247, 032. 65
Customs Service	4, 057, 299. 17 947, 231. 88	621, 895. 65	325, 336. 23	217,002.00
Collections under enforce-				
ment of national pro-				
hibition act (internal revenue and judicial).	6, 507, 062. 12		6, 507, 062, 12	
Navy fines and forfer-		2 22 22 22		
tures Naval hospital fund	818, 474, 43 273, 753, 80 481, 033, 50 5, 539, 349, 96 3, 038, 763, 53	2, 925, 278. 82 871, 083. 44 654, 562. 50 4, 151, 694. 68 6, 647, 494. 25		2, 106, 804. 39 597, 329. 64
Naturalization fees	481, 033, 50	654, 562, 50		173, 529. 00
Immigration head tax	5, 539, 349. 96	4, 151, 694. 68	1, 387, 655. 28	
Judicial	3, 038, 763. 53	6, 647, 494. 25		3, 608, 730. 72
Forfeitures by contrac- tors	17, 210. 38	151, 022, 92		133, 812. 54
Other	1, 111, 003. 40	151, 022. 92 1, 277, 881. 05		166, 877. 65
Licenses under Federai	53, 713. 42		53 713 42	
water power act Taxes, licenses, fines, etc.,	00, 110. 12		•	i
Canal Zone	159, 841. 24		159, 841. 24	
Gifts and contributions—		\		
For river and harbor im- provements	2, 814, 422. 25	3, 007, 755. 22		193, 332. 97
For Forest Service co-				1
operative work	2, 618, 441. 59	1, 514, 772. 16	1, 103, 669. 43	
Contributions by New York Liberty loan, as-	·			
		200, 000. 00		200, 000. 00
For roads, bridges, and	107, 365. 35		107, 365. 35	
related works, Alaska Moneys received from	101, 300. 30		101,000.00	
persons unknown	3, 911. 54	2, 838. 23	1, 073. 31	
Donations to the United	6 014 27	9 579 59	4, 335. 75	
States Pan American Union	6, 914. 27	2, 578. 52	2, 330. 75	
quotas	69, 936. 62		69, 936. 62	
Other	1, 062. 50	116, 954. 92		115, 892. 4
Repayments of investments— Principal of loans made	1			
to foreign governments.	61, 024, 695. 13	31, 603, 108. 49	29, 421, 586. 64	
to foreign governments. Principal of sale of sur-	' '		1	
plus war supplies to				

Comparison of receipts, fiscal years 1924 and 1923, on the basis of warrants issued (net)—Continued

		1924	1923	Increase, 1924	Decrease, 1924
Ordinary rec	ceipts—Continued.				
Miscella	ceipts—Continued.		ı	·	
Co	y,ments of Investments— ntinued.				
]	Liquidation of capital stock, Federal land		-		
	banks	\$1, 100, 570. 00	\$2, 556, 775. 00		\$1, 456, 205. 0 0
	Principal on account of Relief—American	•	*		
	Relief Administration".	45, 000. 00	 	\$45, 000. 00	
£	Sale of farm-loan bonds Return of advances made		36, 750, 000. 00		36, 750, 000. 00
	to reclamation fund	1,000,000.00	1, 000, 000. 00		
]	Principal of loans made by United States Hous-				
	ing Corporation	713, 628. 37	1, 561, 975. 93		848, 347. 56 63, 822. 30
. (Otherssments and reimburse-		63, 822. 30		63, 822. 30
me	ents—				
	Salaries and expenses, national-bank exam-				
	iners	2, 333, 836. 31	2, 145, 855. 91	187, 980. 40	
	Expenses of redeeming national currency	759, 933. 16	968, 516. 57		208, 583. 41
	Assessments on Federal	,	144,554		,
	reserve banks for sal- aries and expenses. Fed-				
	eral Reserve Board	2, 038, 053. 82	2, 215, 228. 62		177, 174. 80
	Assessments on Federal intermediate credit and				
	Federal and joint-stock		•		
	land banks for salaries and expenses, Federal			a	
	Farm Loan Board	365, 932. 95		365, 932, 95	
۲.	Payment by German Government under				
	terms of the armistice.		344, 663. 88		344, 663. 88
4	Overhead charges on sales of services or sup-		,		
	sales of services or sup- plies (War and Navy)	455, 238. 57		455, 238. 57	
4	Settlement of claims (War)	786, 597. 81	2, 435, 403. 62		1, 648, 805. 8
	Work done by indi-	•			
	viduals, corporations, et al	148, 919. 64	1, 633, 102. 62		1, 484, 182. 9
•	General railroad contin-	4 852 470 70		4, 652, 470. 79	
	gent fund Reimbursement of appro-	4, 652, 470. 79		4, 002, 410. 18	
	priations made for	260 615 05		360, 615. 95	. •
. i	Indian tribes Expense of international	360, 615. 95		300, 010, 90	
	service of ice observa- tion and patrol	124 002 00		124 092 99	
3	Reimbursement for Gov-	134, 083. 22	1	'	
	ernment property lost	32, 477. 88	391, 668. 95		359, 191. 0
	Damages to Govern- ment property	63, 153. 58	63, 953, 77		800. 1
Diet	Other crict of Columbia—	1, 519, 069. 33	1, 620, 689, 50		101, 620. 1
Disc	Revenues of the District				
	of Columbia— District of Columbia				
	share (excluding				
v	trust funds) United States share	16, 491, 658. 99 635, 471. 97	16, 930, 989. 18 682, 966. 05		439, 330. 1 47, 494. 0
	cellaneous unclassified	000, 1, 1, 0,	302,000.00		1
	ceipts— Clothing and small stores				1
	fund	4, 055, 548. 06	555, 970. 38	4, 055, 548. 06	391, 458. 1
	st funds:	164, 512. 19	555, 970. 38		391, 408. 1
	Government life insur-				
	ance fund— Premium on con-	,	· :		1
	verted insurance	34, 716, 888. 03	30, 710, 055, 71	4, 006, 832. 32	
,	Interest Civil service retirement	4, 327, 469. 07	3, 129, 702. 63	1, 197, 766. 44	
	and disability fund-				
	Interest on invest- ments	1, 484, 514. 97	981, 888. 87	502, 626, 10	
	Deductions from In-				000 #
	dian tribal funds	10, 979. 85	11, 272. 63	1	.) 292. 7

Comparison of receipts, fiscal years 1924 and 1923, on the basis of warrants issued (net)—Continued

	1924	1923	Increase, 1924	Decrease, 1924
Ordinary receipts—Continued. Miscellaneous—Continued. Trust funds—Continued. Civil service retirement and disability fund— Continued.				
Deductions from In- dian reimbursable appropriations Deductions from sal-	\$4, 640. 61	\$3, 470. 32	\$1, 170. 29	
aries from revenues of Virgin Islands Deductions from sal- aries payable by Porto Rican trea-	246. 00	223. 88	22. 12	
Porto Rican trea- sury	2, 444. 00	2, 154. 06	289. 94	
(Agriculture) Deferred deductions due civil service	884. 35	2, 055. 39		\$1, 171. 04
retirement and dis- ability fund	3, 247. 60	1, 617. 64	1, 629. 96	
Service credit pay- ments	25, 862. 11	40, 098. 79		14, 236. 68
Soldiers' Home perma- nent fund	709, 959. 35	1, 009, 262. 18		299, 302. 83
Navy and Marine Corps deposit funds	376, 147. 06	820, 435. 03	 	444, 287, 97
Indian moneys— Proceeds of labor Proceeds of sale of Indian lands and	26, 120, 216. 15	34, 124, 621. 91		8, 004, 405. 76
timberOther Miscellaneous trust funds.	1, 465, 329. 11 109, 472. 28 300, 012. 71	1, 508, 110. 22 24, 099. 49 289, 013. 87	85, 372. 79 10, 998. 84	42, 781. 11
District of Columbia trust funds	2, 003, 642. 50	1, 789, 097. 56	214, 544. 94	
Total miscellaneous receipts, includ- ing Panama Canal and sales of	*			
public lands	544, 749, 637. 83	658, 041, 542. 31	98, 449, 165. 11	211, 741, 069. 59
Total	3, 884, 051, 838. 17	3, 847, 019, 620. 10	265, 950, 211. 40	228, 917, 993. 33
Deduct moneys covered by warrant in year subsequent to deposit thereof	28, 259. 13	2, 196. 46	26, 062. 67	
	3, 884, 023, 579. 04	3, 847, 017, 423. 64	265, 924, 148. 73	228, 917, 993. 33
Add moneys received in fiscal year but not covered by warrant	17, 562. 91	28, 259. 13		10, 696. 22
Proceeds of railroad securities owned by the Government	94, 340, 205. 52	99, 119, 987. 01		4, 779, 781. 49
Receipts from miscellaneous sources	29, 518, 645. 50	67, 236, 748. 72	1	37, 718, 103. 22
Total ordinary receipts	4, 007, 899, 992. 97	4, 013, 402, 418. 50	265, 924, 148. 73	271, 426, 574. 26
Public debt receipts— Treasury notes (various series) Certificates of indebtedness Treasury (war) savings securities. Postal-savings bonds Bank-note fund Treasury bonds of 1947-1952	209, 750, 00 2, 014, 892, 500, 00 163, 539, 816, 71 33, 560, 00 28, 453, 557, 50	2, 000, 938, 300. 00 4, 292, 259, 500. 00 201, 991, 038. 95 29, 760. 00 90, 547, 571. 50 763, 962, 300. 00	3, 800. 00	2, 000, 728, 550. 00- 2, 277, 367, 000. 00- 38, 451, 222. 24- 62, 094, 014. 00- 763, 962, 300. 00-
Total public debt receipts	2, 207, 129, 184. 21	7, 349, 728, 470. 45	3, 800. 00	5, 142, 603, 086. 42
Total receipts exclusive of postal.	6, 215, 029, 177. 18 572, 948, 778. 41	11, 363, 130, 888. 95 532, 827, 925. 09	265, 927, 948. 73 40, 120, 853. 32	5, 414, 029, 500. 66
		11, 895, 958, 814. 04		5 414 020 660 50

¹ Items of this character represent cash receipts which are credited against the expenditures shown on a warrant basis. It is necessary, therefore, to add back the amounts to receipts by warrants in order to adjust to an actual cash basis.

Summary of receipts by organization units

	1924	1923	Increase, 1924	Decrease, 1924
Ordinary receipts:	\$491, 304, 92	\$458, 287. 55	\$33,017.37	
Executive Office	56. 89	φ100, 201.00	56. 89	
Independent offices	95, 983, 857, 34	91, 297, 997. 02	4, 685, 860. 32	
Department of Agriculture	8, 680, 978. 81	7, 741, 852. 78	939, 126. 03	
Department of Commerce		944, 515. 74		\$331, 572. 40
Department of the Interior Department of Justice	1 50, 220, 187. 68 8, 988, 846. 24	² 53, 373, 208. 87 6, 925, 905. 00	2,062,941.24	3, 153, 021. 19
Department of Labor		5, 159, 649, 90	1, 572, 068. 37	
Navy Department		19, 020, 706, 92	2, 022, 755. 86	
Post Office Department	31, 374. 94	47, 859. 30		16, 484. 36
Department of State	8, 301, 942. 45	7, 745, 552. 44	556, 390. 01	
Treasury Department	3,596,377,631.05	4 3,519,949,600. 81	76, 428, 030. 24	
War Department Panama Canal		97, 077, 537. 77 17, 869, 985. 25	8, 204, 528. 08	55, 695, 330. 10
District of Columbia—	20, 074, 515. 55	11, 009, 985. 25	0, 204, 328. 08	
District of Columbia reve-		Ì		
nues, taxes, etc	18, 495, 301. 49	18, 720, 086: 74		224, 785. 25
United States revenues from				00
District of Columbia sources.	635, 510. 97	682, 966. 05		47, 455. 08
Receipts not classified by de- partments		3, 907. 96		3, 907. 96
par omonos sector secto				
	3, 884, 051, 838. 17	3, 847, 019, 620. 10	96, 504, 774. 41	59, 472, 556. 34
Deduct moneys covered by warrant			i	
in year subsequent to deposit	28, 259, 13	2, 196, 46	26, 062, 67	
thereof	. 20, 209. 13	2, 190. 40	20, 002. 01	
•	3, 884, 023, 579. 04	3, 847, 017, 423, 64	96, 478, 711. 74	59, 472, 556. 34
Add moneys received in fiscal year	1		! '	, ,
but not covered by warrant	17, 562. 91	28, 259. 13		10, 696. 22
Add receipts credited direct to appro- priations: 6				
Proceeds of railroad securities	,		1	
owned by the Government	94, 340, 205. 52	. 99, 119, 987. 01		4,779,781.49
Receipts from miscellaneous	02,020,200.02	. 00, 110, 001.01		1,110,101.10
sources	29, 518, 645. 50	67, 236, 748. 72		37, 718, 103. 22
m . a . b				
Total ordinary receipts		4,013,402,418.50	96, 478, 711. 74	101, 981, 137. 27
Public debt receipts	2, 207, 129, 184. 21	7, 349, 728, 470. 45		5, 142, 599, 286. 24
Total receipts into the general			,	
fund	6, 215, 029, 177. 18	11, 363, 130, 888, 95	96, 478, 711, 74	5, 244, 580, 423. 51
Postal revenues under control of the			ł	' ' '
Postmaster General	572, 948, 778. 41	532, 827, 925. 09	40, 120, 853. 32	
Total receipts, including postal				
		11, 895, 958, 814, 04	136 599 565 08	5 244 580 423 51
10.0000	0, 101, 011, 000.00		200, 000, 000. 00	0, 211, 000, 120. 01

Comparison of expenditures, fiscal years 1924 and 1923, on the basis of warrants issued (net)

	1924	1923	Increase, 1924	Decrease, 1924
LEGISLATIVE ESTABLISHMENT				
United States Senate House of Representatives Legislative, miscellaneous Architect of the Capitol Botanic Garden Library of Congress. Government Printing Office.	\$2, 613, 511, 74 6, 191, 373, 55 4, 132, 67 945, 571, 70 115, 908, 51 1, 048, 966, 50 3, 552, 710, 81	\$2, 361, 337. 50 6, 661, 409. 79 19, 191. 11 1, 221, 887. 12 86, 441. 02 1, 064, 179. 21 3, 011, 520. 66	\$252, 174. 24 29, 467. 49 541, 190, 15	\$470, 036, 24 15, 058, 44 276, 315, 42 15, 212, 71
Total legislative establishment	14, 472, 175. 48	14, 425, 966. 41	822, 831. 88	776, 622. 81
Salaries and expenses, Executive office	448, 324. 60	357, 625. 23	90, 699. 37	

¹ Includes \$522, 222.93 sales of public lands.
² Includes \$656,508.40 sales of public lands.
³ Includes \$545,012.115.13, customs receipts, and \$2,794,290,085.21, internal revenue receipts.
⁴ Includes \$552, 189,038.87, customs receipts, and \$2,626,789,038.92, internal revenue receipts.
⁵ Items of this character represent cash receipts which are credited against the expenditures shown on a warrant basis. It is necessary, therefore, to add back the amounts to receipts by warrants in order to adjust to an actual cash basis.

Comparison of expenditures, fiscal years 1924 and 1923, on the basis of warrants issued (net)—Continued

	1924	1923	Increase, 1924	Decrease, 1924
INDEPENDENT BUREAUS AND OFFICES				
Alaska relief funds	\$19, 365. 25	\$11, 560. 30	\$7, 804. 95	
Alien Property Custodian American Battle Monuments Com-	285, 688. 54	325, 672. 28	4,,002.00	\$39, 983. 7
American Battle Monuments Com- mission	22, 000. 00		22, 000. 00	
Arlington Memorial Amphitheater	22,000.00		22,000.00	
Commission	1 219. 21			219. 2
Arlington Memorial Bridge Com-	9, 698, 84	15, 091, 14		5, 392. 3
mission Board of Mediation and Concilia-		1		·
tion	1 7. 19 143, 777. 57	18. 92 147, 831, 24		26. 1 4, 053. 6
Bureau of Efficiency Divil Service Commission Commission of Fine Arts.	973, 608. 79	729, 159. 33	244, 449. 46	4,000.0
Commission of Fine Arts	6, 107. 45	6, 475, 29	l	367.8
Jommittee on Public Information		1 67. 72	67. 72	
Employees' Compensation Commission	2, 449, 903. 78	2, 994, 249. 80	.	544, 346. 0
Federal Board for Vocational Edu-				
cation	5, 663, 182. 94	6, 106, 370, 27 403, 12		443, 187. 3
Federal Fuel Distribution	39, 765. 10	25, 003. 32	14, 761. 78	403. 1
Federal Power Commission	2, 177, 680. 38	2, 112, 720. 42	64, 959. 96 25, 734. 67	
Federal Trade Commission	982, 386. 15	l 956, 651, 48	25, 734. 67	
General Accounting Office	3, 646, 422. 63 806, 664. 97	3, 521, 752. 70 1, 113, 362. 42	124, 669. 93	306, 697. 4
Housing Corporation Interdepartmental Social Hygiene	000,004.97	1, 113, 302. 42		500, 097. 4
Doard	1 696. 52	94, 099. 29 5, 027, 843. 97		94, 795. 8
nterstate Commerce Commission	9, 665, 072. 71	5, 027, 843. 97	4, 637, 228. 74	
Interstate Governmental Commission, Colorado River	1 8. 37	9, 828. 65		9, 837. 0
Miscellaneous items National Advisory Committee for	857, 893. 63	103, 565. 94	754, 327. 69	
National Advisory Committee for	000 000 07	000 054 06	77, 644. 21	
Aeronautics Railroads	286, 698. 27 1 65, 043, 275. 94	209, 054. 06 17, 079, 113. 19	11,044.21	82, 122, 389. 1
Railroad Labor Board	308, 498. 46	334, 622. 13		26, 123. 6
Rock Creek and Potomac Parkway	·	1 105 51	********	
Commission Smithsonian Institution and Na-		1 107. 74	107. 74	
tional Miliselim	782, 582. 96	759, 161. 73	23, 421. 23	
State, War, and Navy Department Buildings United States Coal Commission				
Buildings	2, 356, 177. 64 129, 643. 53	3, 171, 776. 64 452, 195. 56		815, 599. 0 322, 552. 0
United States Cood and Fuel Admin-	120,010.00	102, 100.00		022,002.0
istrations	14. 13.	¹ 168, 18	182. 31	
United States Shipping Board	57, 743, 143. 59 754, 771. 44	78, 308, 739. 72 398, 526. 51	356, 244. 93	20, 565, 596. 1
United States Shipping Board United States Tariff Commission United States Veterans' Bureau:	104, 111.44	890, 020. 51	300, 244. 33	
Salaries and expenses Medical and hospital services	43, 339, 690. 36	33, 240, 251. 81	10, 099, 438. 55	
Medical and hospital services	40, 108, 659, 22	43, 265, 174, 71		3, 156, 515. 4
Military and naval compensation. Military and naval insurance (ap-	112, 362, 336. 75	130, 115, 288. 47		17, 752, 951. 7
propriated fund) Military and naval family allow-	, 90, 000, 000, 00	² 13, 235, 000. 00	76, 765, 000. 00	
Military and naval family allow-	00 140 01	00 005 55	0.044.00	
ance Miscellaneous items	29, 149, 81 250, 000, 00	26, 205, 55 22, 498, 33	2, 944. 26 227, 501. 67	
Special funds—	200,000.00	1, 200, 00		
Military amd naval insur-	10 104 770 04	2 00 000 004 15		70 155 071 0
ance Miscellaneous special funds	1 3, 194, 776. 94 23, 288. 65	³ 68, 960, 294. 15 251. 23	23, 037. 42	72, 155, 071. 0
Government life insurance fund	20, 200. 00	201, 20	20,007.42	
(trust fund)—			0 000 #00 :5	
Investments	30, 253, 725. 51	27, 052, 937. 11 6, 459, 097. 70	3, 200, 788. 40	
Expenses Vocational rehabilitation	9, 029, 961, 17 109, 058, 207, 32	140, 005, 210. 29	2, 570, 863. 47	30, 947, 002. 9
Increase of compensation	1, 786, 375. 62	2, 946, 022. 77		1, 159, 647. 1
				[-
Total independent bureaus and	į.	1	1 00 000 000	1 -00 4
offices	458, 113, 158. 99	589, 342, 737. 90	99, 243, 179. 09	230, 472, 758. (

Excess of repayments, deduct.
 See special fund below.
 See appropriated fund above.

Comparison of expenditures, fiscal years 1924 and 1923, on the basis of warrants issued (net)—Continued

	1924	1923	Increase, 1924	Decrease, 1924
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA				,
Salaries and expenses	\$23, 036, 206. 39	\$22, 409, 728. 17	\$626, 478. 22	
Water department	943, 896. 87	869, 797. 36	74, 099. 51	\$14, 650. 21
Washington Aqueduct	943, 896. 87 193, 955. 67 10, 502. 83	869, 797, 36 208, 605, 88 4, 229, 56	6, 273. 27	\$14, 000. ZI
Trust funds: Miscellaneous trust-fund deposits.	905, 875. 05	932, 647. 80		26, 772. 75
Washington redemption fund	315, 915. 49	188, 260. 47	127, 655. 02	20, 112. 10
Policemen and firemen's relief	412, 210, 17	282, 431, 25	129, 778. 92	·
Teachers' retirement fund— Investments	213, 404. 50	192, 000. 00	21, 404. 50	
Investments Current expenses	213, 404. 50 27, 472. 58 32, 335. 55	192, 000. 00 23, 500. 00 96, 837. 51	3, 972. 58	64, 501. 96
Other trust funds	82, 330. 55			
Total District of Columbia	26, 091, 775. 10	25, 208, 038. 00	989, 662. 02	105, 924. 9
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				-
Salaries	6, 562, 508. 89	6, 299, 066. 53 1 178, 894. 26	263, 442. 36	
Miscellaneous	1, 631, 178. 36	1 178, 894. 26	1, 810, 072. 62	
Work Office of Experiment Stations, ex-	707, 336. 15	699, 223. 13	8, 113. 02	
penses	1, 705, 150. 14		1, 705, 150. 14 1, 273, 344. 18	
Extension ServiceStates Relations Service	1, 273, 344. 18	2 981 544 16	1, 273, 344. 18	2, 865, 159. 0
Bureau of Animal Industry, expenses. Meat inspection, Bureau of Animal	1, 705, 150. 14 1, 273, 344. 18 116, 385. 08 7, 064, 608. 16	2, 981, 544. 16 4, 992, 408. 69	2, 072, 199. 47	
Meat inspection, Bureau of Animal Industry		3, 743, 229, 86	34, 332. 89	
Bureau of Plant Industry, expenses	3, 777, 562. 75 2, 935, 755. 45 4, 616, 132. 90 977, 418. 66	3, 743, 229. 86 3, 079, 222, 26 5, 071, 208. 59 909, 740, 14		143, 466. 8
Forest Service, expenses	4, 616, 132, 90	5, 071, 208. 59	67, 678. 52	455, 075. 6
Bureau of Chemistry, expenses Bureau of Soils, expenses	278, 623. 39	275, 261. 27	3, 362. 12	
Dureau of Entomology, expenses	1, 702, 392, 57	1 584 618 96	3, 362. 12 117, 773. 61 42, 808. 41	
Bureau of Biological Survey, expenses. Bureau of Public Roads, expenses	355, 367, 50	720, 556. 52 436, 732. 02 2, 619, 690. 63	42, 000. 41	81, 364. 5
Bureau of Agricultural Economics	3, 067, 697. 93	2, 619, 690. 63	448, 007. 30	
Federal Horticultural Board	278, 623, 39 1, 702, 392, 57 763, 364, 93 355, 367, 50 3, 067, 697, 93 630, 716, 85 1, 597, 384, 73	623, 177. 62 1, 466, 706. 62	7, 539. 23 130, 678. 11	
Weather Bureau, expenses Lands for protection of watersheds			l .	,
and streams	879, 850. 45 89, 770, 320. 25	765, 942. 87 79, 240, 808. 61	113, 907. 58 10, 529, 511. 64	
Increase of compensation	3, 234, 241. 23	3, 020, 733. 22	213, 508. 01	
Enforcement of insecticide act, gen-	(2)	113, 103. 05		113, 103. (
eral expenses Cooperative agricultural extension		i.	***************************************	110,100.0
work	5, 820, 816. 89	5, 810, 349. 45	10, 467. 44	
Cooperative work, Forest Service.	2, 226, 575. 97	1, 228, 374. 20	998, 201. 77	
Cooperative work, Forest Service. Payments to States and Ter- ritories from national forest				
lungs	1, 321, 422. 66	846, 442. 41	474, 980. 25 418, 550. 67	
Other special funds	1, 321, 422. 66 637, 027. 72	218, 477. 05	418, 550. 67	
Total Department of Agricul-	149 659 109 70	126, 567, 723. 60	20, 743, 629. 34	3, 658, 169. 1
ture	143, 653, 183. 79	120, 307, 723. 00	20, 740, 025. 04	3, 030, 108. 1
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE	·			
Office of the Secretary	881, 433. 80	745, 398. 33	136, 035. 47	
Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce	2, 393, 067, 01	1, 653, 956. 44	739, 110. 57	
Bureau of the Census	2, 393, 067. 01 1, 771, 811. 70 860, 384. 30	1, 653, 956. 44 1, 759, 199. 27 824, 976. 33	12, 612. 43	
Steamboat Inspection Service	1 351 025 22	348, 001, 51	35, 407. 97 3, 023. 71	
Bureau of Standards Bureau of Lighthouses Coast and Geodetic Survey Bureau of Fisheries	1, 653, 819. 56 8, 639, 874. 74 1, 978, 951. 87 1, 109, 273. 34	348, 001. 51 1, 741, 743. 41		87, 923. 8 119, 714. 9
Bureau of Lighthouses	8, 639, 874. 74	8, 759, 589. 70 1, 898, 210. 53 1, 314, 271. 30	80, 741. 34	119, 714.
Bureau of Fisheries.	1, 109, 273. 34	1, 314, 271. 30	30, 121.04	204, 997.
increase of compensation	1, 8/1, 510, 28	1,662,729.65	208, 780. 63	4, 813.
Miscellaneous	801.71	5, 615. 04		4, 013. 7
Total Department of Com-	91 511 059 59	20, 713, 691. 51	1, 215, 712. 12	417, 450.
merce	21, 511, 953. 53	20, 710, 001. 01	1, 210, (12. 12	111, 100. 1

¹Excess of repayments, deduct.
²Included under Bureau of Agricultural Economics

Comparison of expenditures, fiscal years 1924 and 1923, on the basis of warrants issued (net)—Continued

Interior civil: Office of the Secretary		1924	1923	Increase, 1924	Decrease, 1924
Interior civil: Office of the Secretary		1024	1,720		20010430, 1024
Office of the Secretary	DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR				
Surian of Pensions	Interior civil:	•			
Surian of Pensions	Office of the Secretary	\$1,754,087.84	\$1, 538, 494. 40	\$215, 593. 44	
Surian of Pensions		673, 280. 62	087, 431. 29	220 100 70	\$14, 150. 6
Surian of Pensions	Indian Office	4, 922, 834. 40	4, 590, 665. 76	247 74	
Salaries and expenses	Bureau of Pensions—		- 241.14	241.14	
Civil-service retirement and disability fund— Investments.	Salaries and expenses	1, 397, 003, 66	1, 749, 010, 04		352, 006, 3
Civil-service retirement and disability fund— Investments.	Army pensions	219, 558, 900. 31	254, 604, 888. 56		35, 045, 988. 2
Civil-service retirement and disability fund— Investments.	Navy pensions	8, 157, 811. 67	8, 997, 369. 88		839, 558, 2
disability fund	Fees of examining surgeons	544, 843. 07	545, 610. 91		767. 84
Investments	Civil-service retirement and				
Current expenses.	Investments	8 028 336 62	8 001 417 48		63 080 86
Patent Office Sureau of Education 2, 308, 117. 50 2, 149, 884. 14 158, 233. 36 103, 152. 1 702, 358. 04 104, 368. 07 702, 358. 04 104, 368. 07 702, 358. 04 104, 368. 07 702, 358. 04 104, 368. 07 703, 358. 04 104, 368. 07 703, 358. 04 104, 368. 07 703, 358. 04 104, 368. 07 703, 358. 04 104, 368. 07 703, 358. 04 104, 368. 07 703, 358. 04 104, 368. 07 703, 358. 04 104, 368. 07 703, 368. 07	Current expenses	8, 624, 999, 04	7, 673, 830, 71	951, 168, 33	00,000.00
Sureau of Education	Patent Office	2, 308, 117, 50	2, 149, 884, 14	158, 233, 36	
Colleges for agriculture and mechanic atts. Office of Architect, Capitol Reclamation Service— General expenses. Reclamation (und. 6, 610, 636. 31 5, 557, 873. 71 1, 052, 762. 60 10, 488. 43 68, 773. 77 11, 052, 762. 60 10, 488. 43 68, 773. 71 1, 052, 762. 60 10, 488. 43 68, 773. 71 1, 052, 762. 60 10, 488. 43 68, 773. 71 1, 052, 762. 60 10, 488. 43 68, 773. 71 1, 052, 762. 60 10, 488. 43 68, 773. 71 1, 052, 762. 60 10, 488. 43 1, 413, 526. 67 191, 424. 96 10, 489. 40 1, 413, 526. 67 191, 424. 96 10, 489. 40 1, 413, 526. 67 1, 413, 526.	Bureau of Education	599, 205. 87	702, 358. 04		103, 152. 17
Reclamation Service— General expenses. General expenses. Reclamation fund. Geological Survey. How interest claims, act of Mar. General expenses. Adjustment and payment of mineral claims, act of Mar. 1, 769, 641. 32 1, 845, 486. 98 1, 769, 641. 32 1, 845, 486. 98 1, 845,	Colleges for agriculture and me-			•	•
Reclamation Service— General expenses. General expenses. Reclamation fund. Geological Survey. How interest claims, act of Mar. General expenses. Adjustment and payment of mineral claims, act of Mar. 1, 769, 641. 32 1, 845, 486. 98 1, 769, 641. 32 1, 845, 486. 98 1, 845,	chanic arts	2, 550, 000. 00	2, 550, 000. 00		
General expenses	Prolometica Caprico	* 9, 208. 71	° 28, 079. 03		18, 870. 92
Rureau of Mines	General expenses	170, 215, 80	101 488 43	68 727 37	
Rureau of Mines	Reclamation fund			1, 052, 762, 60	
Bureau of Mines	Geological Survey	1, 604, 951. 63	1, 413, 526, 67	191, 424, 96	
Adjustment and payment of mineral claims, act of Mar. 2, 1919. 180, 936, 69 2, 309, 695, 75 2, 128, 759, 6	Bureau of Mines—	• •		· ·	
Miscellaneous expense	General expenses	1,769,641.32	1, 845, 486. 98		75, 845. 66
180, 936. 69	Adjustment and payment of				
Signature Stort	mineral claims, act of Mar.	190 026 60	2 200 605 75		9 199 750 04
Signature Stort	National parks	1 604 720 23	1 468 860 14	225 860 00	2, 128, 739. 00
Signature Stort	Reneficiaries	1, 895, 784, 83	1, 536, 583, 59	359, 201, 24	
Signature Stort	Territorial governments	32, 800. 66	109, 246, 94		76, 446, 28
Signature Stort	Alaskan Engineering Commis-		-		,
Total Interior civil	SIOII	2, 837, 289. 59	4, 472, 592. 85		1, 635, 303. 26
Total Interior civil	Increase of compensation	1, 580, 519. 09	1, 696, 567. 69		116, 048. 60
Current and contingent expenses Current and contingent expenses Fulfilling treaty stipulations Til, 906. 40 587, 407. 31 124, 499. 09 688, 489. 70 620, 648. 02 67, 841. 68 136, 088. 58 136, 088.	Miscellaneous	710. 42	7, 521. 43		6, 805. 0
Current and contingent expenses. Fulfilling treaty stipulations. Fulfilling treaty stipulations. Miscellaneous supports. 688, 489, 70 for 31 124, 490, 09 for 341, 682 for 340, 731 124, 490, 09 for 341, 682 for 341, 384, 715, 81 for 341, 682 for 342, 384, 715, 81 for 344, 715, 8	Total Interior civil	277, 506, 870. 94	314, 428, 237. 28	3, 555, 416. 83	40, 476, 783. 1
Current and contingent expenses. Fulfilling treaty stipulations. Fulfilling treaty stipulations. Til, 906, 40 587, 407. 31 124, 499. 09 Miscellaneous supports. 688, 489. 70 620, 648. 02 67, 841. 68 136, 088. 2	Indian affaire				
Miscellaneous supports	Current and contingent expenses	2, 274, 765, 63	2, 433, 129, 22	_	158, 363, 59
Miscellaneous supports	Fulfilling treaty stipulations	711, 906. 40	587, 407. 31	124, 499, 09	
Support of Indian schools	Miscellaneous supports	688, 489. 70	620, 648, 02	67, 841. 68	
Trust funds	Interest on Indian trust funds	755, 466. 25	891, 554. 46		136, 088. 21
Trust funds	Support of Indian schools	4, 648, 917. 33	4, 384, 715, 81	264, 201. 52	
Total Indian affairs	Trust funds	3, 937, 319, 03 33 736 060 06	32 005 060 92	017, 280. 99	
Total Department of the Interior, including pensions and Indian affairs	Trust tunds	35, 100, 500. 50	02, 300, 000. 82	001, 091. 14	
terior, including pensions and Indian affairs. 324, 260, 896. 86 359, 571, 000. 58 5, 461, 131. 25 40, 771, 234. 5 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Department of Justice proper: Salaries and expenses. 1, 693, 558. 92 1, 513, 664. 79 179, 894. 13 Detection and prosecution of crimes. 2, 282, 735. 49 2, 087, 608. 99 195, 126. 50 Increase of compensation. 846, 607. 00 734, 477. 01 112, 129. 99 Judicial: Courts, salaries, and expenses. 10, 419, 067. 19 11, 881, 254. 67 Fees of jurors and witnesses. 2, 748, 984. 70 2, 521, 169. 62 227, 815. 08 Penal institutions. 3, 000, 910. 53 3, 303, 460. 69 Miscellaneous. 10, 000. 00 10, 000. 0	Total Indian affairs.	46, 754, 025. 92	45, 142, 763. 30	1, 905, 714. 42	294, 451. 80
terior, including pensions and Indian affairs. 324, 260, 896. 86 359, 571, 000. 58 5, 461, 131. 25 40, 771, 234. 5 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Department of Justice proper: Salaries and expenses. 1, 693, 558. 92 1, 513, 664. 79 179, 894. 13 Detection and prosecution of crimes. 2, 282, 735. 49 2, 087, 608. 99 195, 126. 50 Increase of compensation. 846, 607. 00 734, 477. 01 112, 129. 99 Judicial: Courts, salaries, and expenses. 10, 419, 067. 19 11, 881, 254. 67 Fees of jurors and witnesses. 2, 748, 984. 70 2, 521, 169. 62 227, 815. 08 Penal institutions. 3, 000, 910. 53 3, 303, 460. 69 Miscellaneous. 10, 000. 00 10, 000. 0	Total Department of the In-				
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Department of Justice proper: Salaries and expenses	terior, including pensions and				
Department of Justice proper: Salaries and expenses	Indian affairs	324, 260, 896. 86	359, 571, 000. 58	5, 461, 131. 25	40, 771, 234. 97
Salaries and expenses	DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
Salaries and expenses	Department of Trictics Preserve				
Detection and prosecution of crimes 2, 282, 735. 49 2, 087, 608. 99 195, 126. 50 10 112, 129. 99 112, 129. 99 10 112, 129. 99 10 112, 129. 99 10 112, 129. 99 10 112, 129. 99 10 112, 129. 99 10 112, 129. 99 10 112, 129. 99 10 112, 129. 99 10 112, 129. 99 10 112, 129. 99 10 112, 129. 99 10 112, 129. 99	Solories and expenses	1 602 559 02	1 512 664 70	170 904 12	
crimes 2, 282, 735. 49 2, 087, 608. 99 195, 126. 50 195, 126. 50 195, 126. 50 195, 126. 50 195, 126. 50 195, 126. 50 195, 126. 50 195, 126. 50 195, 126. 50 112, 129. 99 112, 129. 99 112, 129. 99 112, 129. 99 112, 129. 99 112, 129. 99 112, 129. 129 112, 129. 129. 129 112, 129. 129 112, 129. 129. 129 113, 129. 129 113, 129. 129. 129 113, 129. 129. 129 113, 129. 129 113, 129. 129. 129 113, 129. 129 113, 129. 129. 129 113, 129. 129. 129 113, 129. 129. 129 129. 129. 129 129. 129. 129. 129 129. 129. 129 <td>Detection and prosecution of</td> <td>1, 000, 000. 92</td> <td>1, 010, 004. 18</td> <td>110,004.13</td> <td></td>	Detection and prosecution of	1, 000, 000. 92	1, 010, 004. 18	110,004.13	
Increase of compensation		2, 282, 735, 49	2, 087, 608, 99	195, 126, 50	
Iudicial: 10, 419, 067. 19 11, 881, 254. 67 1, 462, 187. 4 Courts, salaries, and expenses. 2, 748, 984. 70 2, 521, 169. 62 227, 815. 08 Penal institutions. 3, 000, 910. 53 3, 303, 460. 69 302, 550. 10, 000. 00 Miscellaneous. 10, 000. 00 10, 000. 00	Increase of compensation	846, 607. 00			
Penal institutions. 3, 000, 910. 53 3, 303, 460. 69 302, 550. 10, 000. 00 10, 000. 0	Judicial:			·	
Penal institutions. 3, 000, 910. 53 3, 303, 460. 69 302, 550. 10, 000. 00 10, 000. 0	Courts, salaries, and expenses	10, 419, 067. 19	11, 881, 254. 67		1, 462, 187. 48
Miscellaneous 10,000.00 10,000.00	r ees of jurors and Witnesses	2, 748, 984. 70		221, 815. 08	200 550 14
	Miscellaneous	9, 000, 810, 93	10,000,400.09		
Total Department of Justice 20,991,863.83 22,051,635.77 714,965.70 1,774,737.6	MINOCHARCORY		10, 000. 00		10, 000. 00
	Total Department of Justice	20, 991, 863. 83	22, 051, 635. 77	714, 965, 70	1, 774, 737. 64

Included under Indian affairs.
 Excess of repayments, deduct.
 Covers only expenditures made under 1922 and prior year accounts. For expenditures under 1923 and 1924 accounts see Legislative establishment, p. 135.

Comparison of expenditures, fiscal years 1924 and 1923, on the basis of warrants issued (net)—Continued

·				
	1924	1923	Increase, 1924	Decrease, 1924
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR				
Office of the Secretary Bureau of Labor Statistics Bureau of Immigration Bureau of Naturalization Children's Bureau Women's Bureau Increase of compensation Miscellaneous	\$573, 835. 78 234, 810. 10 3, 492, 719. 57 738, 427. 46 1, 064, 148. 84 102, 615. 32 553, 031. 59 211, 285. 54	\$528, 687. 77 225, 910. 65 3, 990, 177. 34 665, 087. 98 880, 204. 83 93, 776. 71 537, 692. 22 274, 600. 45	\$45, 148, 01 - 8, 899, 45 202, 542, 23 - 73, 339, 48 183, 944, 01 - 8, 838, 61 - 15, 339, 37	\$63, 314. 91
Total Department of Labor	6, 970, 874. 20	6, 496, 137. 95	538, 051. 16	63, 314. 91
NAVY DEPARTMENT				
Office of the Secretary: Pay, miscellaneous Other items	2, 825, 128. 85 1, 794, 238. 68 38, 513. 48 76, 983. 40 204, 187. 50 26, 238. 03	2, 942, 254. 90 4, 944, 817. 66	38, 513. 48 76, 983. 40 204, 187. 50	117, 126. 05 3, 150, 578. 98
Transportation. Other items. Bureau of Engineering. Bureau of Construction and Repair. Bureau of Ordnance. Bureau of Supplies and Accounts:	20, 258. 68 4, 470, 454. 68 7, 111, 556. 02 15, 425, 696. 97 15, 893, 667. 21 11, 141, 181. 55	71, 716. 04 5, 941, 317. 58 8, 311, 448. 35 19, 340, 529. 08 17, 567, 564. 92 10, 704, 999. 60	436, 181. 95	45, 478. 01 1, 470, 862. 90 1, 199, 892. 33 3, 914, 832. 11 1, 673, 897. 71
Pay of the Navy. Provisions Fuel and transportation. Freight Maintenance. Naval supply account fund Clothing and small stores spe-	112, 084, 626. 53 10, 712, 054. 20 13, 431, 463. 14 2, 487, 026. 71 6, 784, 591. 05 5, 932, 503. 29	122, 691, 929. 05 14, 166, 939. 65 14, 046, 989. 09 2, 159, 687. 70 7, 211, 855. 85 1, 881, 306. 93	327, 339. 01 7, 813, 810. 22	10, 607, 302. 52 3, 454, 885. 45 615, 525. 95 427, 264. 80
cial fund Other items. Bureau of Medicine and Surgery Bureau of Yards and Docks. Bureau of Aeronautics. Naval Academy Marine Corps:	6, 744, 539, 04° 1, 019, 267, 09 3, 772, 622, 21 11, 779, 131, 13 16, 718, 955, 68 2, 367, 353, 52	1 3, 752, 607, 61 604, 385, 96 6, 961, 734, 16 16, 297, 341, 03 16, 817, 157, 46 2, 256, 807, 19	10, 497, 146. 65 414, 881. 13 	3, 189, 111. 95 4, 518, 209. 90 98, 201. 78
Pay. Maintenance. Other items. Increase of the Navy. General account of advances. Miscellaneous.	15, 429, 371. 04 9, 182, 458. 92 624, 807. 19 54, 650, 913. 22 19, 644, 937. 57 1, 045, 404. 90	22, 109, 248. 59 8, 046, 779. 16 1, 097, 164. 33 66, 429, 462. 49 1 43, 060, 471. 46 505, 164. 98	33, 415, 533. 89 540, 239. 92	6, 679, 877. 55 472, 357. 14 11, 778, 549. 27
Total Navy Department	324, 129, 997. 66	322, 532, 908. 82	55, 011, 043. 24	53, 413, 954. 40
POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT	•			
Post Office Department proper Deficiency in postal revenues Miscellaneous expenses	1 13. 25 12, 638, 849. 75 129, 241. 61	² 29, 101. 11 32, 526, 914. 89 217, 379. 49		29, 114. 36 19, 888, 065. 14 88, 137. 88
Total Post Office Department	12, 768, 078. 11	32, 773, 395. 49		20, 005, 317. 38
DEPARTMENT OF STATE				
Department of State, proper Foreign intercourse	1, 157, 212. 68 13, 052, 585. 59	1, 349, 382. 62 12, 874, 885. 84	177, 699. 75	192, 169. 94
Total Department of State	14, 209, 798. 27	14, 224, 268. 46	177, 699. 75	192, 169. 94

 ¹ Excess repayments, deduct.
 2 Expenditures during 1923 under 1922 and prior year accounts; expenditures for 1923 payable from postal revenues.

^{10065—}FI 1924†——11

Comparison of expenditures; fiscal years 1924 and 1923, on the basis of warrants issued (net)—Continued

issuea (nei)—Continuea				
	1924	1923	Increase, 1924	Decrease, 1924
TREASURY DEPARTMENT				
Office of the SecretaryOffice of the Chief Clerk and Super-	\$59, 990. 27	\$69, 859. 54		\$9, 869. 27
intendentOffice of Commissioner of Accounts	677, 287. 78	737, 557. 87		60, 270. 09
and Deposits	16, 681. 26	16, 400. 00	. \$281. 26	
rantsDivision of Deposits	1 666, 539. 56 16, 439. 47	1 1, 035, 433. 36 16, 810. 36		368, 893. 80 370. 89
World War Foreign Debt Commis-	6, 194, 550. 84	7, 904, 508. 46		1, 709, 957. 62
sionDivision of Appointments	361. 25 46, 739. 64 1, 084, 256. 33	47, 980. 05	361. 25	1, 240. 41
Division of Printing and Stationery Division of Mail and Files	1, 084, 256. 33 15, 931. 50	47, 980. 05 731, 786. 22 15, 765. 94	352, 470. 11 165. 56	
Office of Disbursing Clerk Customs Service:	30, 034. 66	29, 997. 57	37. 09	
Administrative salaries Collecting the revenue from	61, 988. 95	64, 092. 34		2, 103. 3
customs Miscellaneous expenses Refunds, debentures, draw-	12, 253, 444. 85 172, 967. 81	11, 221, 881. 56 111, 607. 88	1, 031, 563. 29 61, 359. 93	
backs, etc	20, 467, 556. 25	29, 849, 875. 61		9, 382, 319. 30
Special funds	136, 217. 72	2, 488. 08 142, 462. 80 2 264, 266. 28		2, 488. 0 6, 245. 0
Office of Treasurer of the United	² 332, 669. 06		68, 402. 78	
States. Office of Comptroller of the Cur-	1, 345, 839. 24	1, 571, 342. 67	00 660 06	225, 503. 4
rency Internal Revenue Service:	2, 507, 543. 50	2, 408, 874, 64	98, 668. 86	
Administrative salaries Collecting the revenue Enforcement of narcotic and	684, 059. 01 33, 746, 634. 08	674, 738, 48 35, 012, 112, 65	9, 320. 53	1, 265, 478. 5
prohibition acts	8, 372, 380. 29 2, 036. 33	9, 072, 238. 65 7, 183. 40		699, 858. 3 5, 147. 0
Refunds, debentures, draw-	138, 821, 789. 73	127, 742, 031. 72	11, 079, 758. 01	
backs, etc	18, 358. 28 11, 354, 038. 29	535, 176. 47 10, 462, 232. 41		516, 818. 1
Coast Guard Bureau of Engraving and Printing: Administrative salaries			891, 805. 88	
Administrative salaries Compensation of employees	213, 487, 98 2, 567, 055, 59	223, 974, 45 2, 181, 388, 81	385, 666, 78	10, 486. 4
Compensation of employees Materials and miscellaneous expenses		1	425, 996. 09	
Plate printing	1, 450, 829. 49 1, 338, 635. 75	1, 024, 833. 40 1, 639, 583. 11 407, 620. 29		300, 947. 3
Secret Service Public Health Service:	414, 650. 03	407, 620, 29	7, 029. 74	
Administrative salaries and miscellaneous items	1, 541, 639, 34	1, 972, 683. 45		431, 044.
Hospital construction Medical and hospital services	1, 541, 639, 34 ³ 2, 963, 38 ³ 42, 529, 89	261, 142, 15 5, 168, 679, 39		431, 044. 1 264, 105. 5 5, 211, 209. 2
Pay of commissioned officers,	12,020.00	0, 100, 015. 05		3, 211, 209.
pharmacists, acting assist- ant surgeons, and other em-	,			
Diovees	2, 222, 571. 19	2, 087, 120, 81	135, 450. 38	
Pay of personnel and mainte- nance of hospitals	4, 402, 125. 61 1, 308, 836. 24	4, 768, 173. 95 1, 282, 597. 15	26, 239, 09	366, 048.
Public buildings: Office of Supervising Architect	203, 106. 32	205, 642. 13	2, 200. 00	2, 535.
Public buildings, construction	1, 797, 102. 35	810, 207. 65	986, 894. 70	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
and rent Hospitals	4 2, 628, 583. 49	46, 719, 001. 99	980, 894. 70	4, 090, 418.
Quarantine stations Repairs, equipment, and gen-	19, 368. 07	563, 522. 77		544, 154.
eral expenses	2, 278, 208. 96 7, 203, 805. 60	2, 927, 118. 37 6, 597, 238. 16	606, 567, 44	648, 909.
Operating expenses American Printing House for the	1	1	1	
Increase of compensation.	50, 000. 00 9, 967, 047. 83	50, 000. 00 10, 087, 000. 30		119, 952.
Miscellaneous.	9, 967, 047. 83 8 988, 718. 85	10, 087, 000. 30 3 1, 522, 549. 82	533, 830. 97	
Total Treasury Department_	277, 659, 177. 67	287, 203, 683, 52	16, 701, 869. 74	26, 246, 375.

¹ Includes \$225,000 for 1924, and \$507,635.86 for 1923, charges on silver dollar bullion sold and \$4,685.91 for 1923, loss on silver dollars melted or broken up, under Pittman Act.
² Exclusive of \$12,000,000 for subscriptions to capital stock, Federal intermediate credit banks, agricultural credits act of 1923; see special accounts, p. 142.
² Excess of repayments, deduct.
⁴ Includes \$1,890,088.57 for 1924 and \$6,127,232.61 for 1923 under hospital facilities, etc., for war patients

Comparison of expenditures, fiscal years 1924 and 1923, on the basis of warrants issued (net)—Continued

		·		-
•	1924	1923	Increase, 1924	Decrease, 1924
WAR DEPARTMENT				
Military activities:				
Office of the Secretary of War General Staff Corps	\$742, 619. 99 248, 359. 15	\$793, 158. 23 255, 589. 37		\$50, 538. 24 7, 230. 22
Adjutant General's Department— Vocational training of soldiers	34 564 99	204 202 40		250 729 27
Other l	34, 564. 22 1, 289, 384. 40	294, 302. 49 1, 569, 808. 69		259, 738. 27 280, 424. 29
Organized ReservesOffice of Inspector General	5, 950, 152, 70 1	3, 476, 459, 06	\$2, 473, 693. 64	1
Office of Judge Advocate General	17, 687, 00 58, 364, 11 1 888, 323, 05	18, 310. 46 49, 577. 63 2, 475, 351. 76	8, 786, 48	623. 46
Army account of advances.	1 888, 323, 05	2, 475, 351, 76	0,700.40	3, 363, 674. 81
Army account of advances Finance Department—				** *** ***
Pay of the Army Mileage of the Army Increase of compensation 2	121, 160, 880. 50	132, 479, 809. 56		11, 318, 929. 06 123, 470. 17
Increase of compensation 2	4, 622, 503. 03	7, 013, 292, 70		2, 390, 789. 67
Finance service	891, 927, 33 4, 622, 503, 03 1, 367, 880, 39 1, 627, 052, 47	1, 015, 397. 50 7, 013, 292. 70 1, 277, 529. 64 545, 335. 46	90, 350. 75 1, 081, 717. 01	
Miscellaneous items Quartermaster Corps—	1, 627, 052. 47	545, 335. 46	1, 081, 717. 01	
Army transportation	15, 070, 969, 63	18, 596, 098, 22	İ	3, 525, 128, 59
Barracks and quarters Clothing and equipage Construction and repair of	15, 070, 969. 63 3, 613, 852. 01 4, 567, 592. 48	18, 596, 098. 22 5, 606, 035. 23 6, 547, 016. 30		3, 525, 128. 59 1, 992, 183. 22 1, 979, 423. 82
Clothing and equipage	4, 567, 592. 48	6, 547, 016. 30		1, 979, 423. 82
nospitais	586, 536, 53	729, 152, 15		142, 615. 62
General appropriations Incidental expenses of the	586, 536. 53 2 383, 996. 97	729, 152. 15 324, 621. 12		708, 618. 09
	4, 156, 803. 72	4, 189, 258. 77		20 455 05
Army Inland and port storage		4, 109, 200. 11		32, 455. 05
and shipping facilities	181, 294. 08 11, 241, 332. 82	739, 196. 72 12, 206, 276. 36		557, 902. 64
Regular supplies of the Army	11, 241, 332. 82	12, 206, 276. 36		964, 943. 5 4
Roads, walks, wharves, and drainage	693, 819. 49	623, 491. 64	70, 327. 85	
Subsistence of the Army	15, 300, 383. 12	15, 437, 863. 01		137, 479. 89
Supplies, services, and trans-	107 474 00	1 001 050 50		004 455 00
portation	167, 474. 96	1, 031, 652. 59		864, 177. 63
	2, 086, 526. 11	1, 759, 190. 79	327, 335. 32	
Miscellaneous items	5, 292, 874. 66	481, 031. 63	4, 811, 843. 03 31, 594. 55	
posts. Miscellaneous items. Signal Corps. Air Service. Medical Department. Bureau of Insular Affairs. Corps of Pragraces	5, 292, 874, 66 2, 307, 857, 90 11, 279, 461, 97 1, 314, 317, 24 64, 764, 10	481, 031. 63 2, 276, 263. 35 19, 173, 531. 71 1, 138, 608. 72	31, 594, 55	7, 894, 069, 74
Medical Department	1, 314, 317. 24	1, 138, 608. 72	175, 708. 52	1,001,000.11
Bureau of Insular Affairs	64, 764. 10	63, 125. 04 2, 340, 260. 97	1, 639. 06	
Corps of Engineers Fortifications, etc., Panama	1, 607, 294. 97	2, 340, 260. 97		732, 966. 00
	393, 963. 37	950, 189. 20		556, 225, 83
Ordnance Department—	1 000 750 20	1 205 702 00		250 020 70
Ordnance service	1,026,753.32 188,706.74 841,191.38	1, 385, 793. 02 331, 845, 90		359, 039. 70 143, 139. 16
Ammunition	841, 191. 38	331, 845. 90 988, 724. 09		147, 532. 71
Ammunition Automatic rifles and manufacture of arms Nitrate plants Armament of fortifications Arsanals			00 000 00	
Nitrate plants	848, 641. 59 5 288 79	766, 313. 50 885, 519. 40	82, 328. 09	880 230 61
Armament of fortifications	5, 288. 79 1, 693, 131. 09 736, 090. 15	2 167 925 98		474, 794, 89
	736, 090. 15	1, 284, 425. 36		548, 335. 21
Ordnance storage facilities Miscellaneous items	61, 475. 83	77, 562. 07		1 142 461 67
Chemical Warfare Service	61, 475. 83 1, 394, 721. 92 697, 854. 77	1, 284, 425. 36 77, 562. 07 2, 538, 183. 59 935, 139. 86		880, 230. 61 474, 794. 89 548, 335. 21 16, 086. 24 1, 143, 461. 67 237, 285. 09
National Board for Promotion				,
of Rifle Practice	79, 055. 33 59, 719. 03	50, 668. 74 55, 752. 54	28, 386. 59 3, 966. 49	
Chief of Cavalry	17, 414. 33	14 902 61	2, 511. 72	
Chief of Field Artillery	20 881 30 1	31, 563. 67		10, 682. 37
Militia Burgay	235, 648. 02	257, 064, 10		21, 416, 08 457 727 12
Miscellaneous items Chemical Warfare Service National Board for Promotion of Rifle Practice Chief of Infantry Chief of Cavalry Chief of Field Artillery Chief of Oast Artillery Militia Bureau Military Academy	235, 648. 02 24, 331, 283. 35 1, 810, 560. 85	31, 563. 67 257, 064. 10 24, 789, 010. 47 2, 075, 718. 89		21, 416. 08 457, 727. 12 265, 158. 04
			0.100.100.10	
Total military activities	250, 714, 592. 22	284, 112, 899. 86	9, 190, 189. 10	42, 588, 496. 74
Nonmilitary activities:			1	
National cemeteries— Disposition of remains of			1	1
officers, soldiers, and civil			1	
employees Miscellaneous items	522, 135. 06 451, 801. 54	1, 076, 828. 79		554, 693. 73
Miscellaneous items Medical Department—	451, 801. 54	365, 988. 52	85, 813. 02	
Medical and hospital services	722, 961. 60	2, 296, 466. 93		1, 573, 505. 33
Miscellaneous items	105, 080. 38	94, 753. 03	10, 327. 35	1
199 4				

Excess of repayments, deduct.
 Exclusive of increase of compensation under Panama Canal and National Homes for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers.

Comparison of expenditures, fiscal years 1924 and 1923, on the basis of warrants issued (net)—Continued

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1094	1099	Inomaga 1004	Diamaga 1004
	1924	1923	Increase, 1924	Decrease, 1924
Nonmilitary activities—Continued.				
Public buildings and grounds under Chief of Engineers Miscellaneous items under Corps	\$63, 040. 32	\$203, 461. 02		\$140, 420. 70
of Engineers	1, 178, 310. 15	1, 126, 794. 17	\$51, 515. 98	
Improving riversImproving harbors	71, 305, 487, 65 1, 301, 729, 13	46, 677, 286. 93 1, 946, 103. 21	24, 628, 200. 72	644, 374. 08
Special funds for rivers and harbors Inland and coastwise waterways	3, 085, 281. 17	2, 769, 833. 25	315, 447. 92	-
service	197, 274. 64 116, 393. 35 143, 154. 42	994, 566. 86 29, 289. 87 133, 154. 32	87, 103, 48 10, 000, 10	797, 292. 22
National homes for disabled vol- unteer soldiers— Medical and hospital services. Care and maintenance.	424, 839. 16 6, 433, 091. 53	1, 177, 785. 90 5, 473, 541. 91	959, 549. 62	752, 946. 74
War claims and relief acts Trust funds—	3, 301, 117. 30	2, 289, 834. 40	1, 011, 282. 90	
Pay of the Army deposit fund. Soldiers' Home permanent	(1)	88, 185, 86		88, 185, 86
fund	738, 584. 13.	834, 364, 59		95, 780. 46
Abraham Lincoln	3,000.00	1, 229. 69	1,770.31	
ties	656, 661. 21	409, 983. 77	246, 677. 44	
Total nonmilitary activities (exclusive of Panama Canal).	90, 749, 942, 74	67, 989, 453. 02	27, 407, 688. 84	4, 647, 199. 12
Panama Canal, operation and main- tenance	7, 141, 711. 97	3, 620, 503. 37	3, 521, 208. 60	
· Total War Department	348, 606, 246. 93	355, 722, 856. 25	40, 119, 086. 54	47, 235, 695. 86
SPECIAL ACCOUNTS				
Subscriptions to capital stock of Fed- eral intermediate credit banks Interest on the public debt Premium on the public debt	12, 000, 000. 00 938, 740, 771. 79 8 1, 772, 689. 94	12, 000, 000. 00 21, 055, 088, 486. 44 3 403, 916. 27	1, 368, 773. 67	116, 347, 714. 65
	952, 513, 461. 73	1, 067, 492, 402. 71	1, 368, 773. 67	116, 347, 714. 65
Add repayments covered by warrant	2, 946, 400, 966. 75	3, 244, 684, 072. 20	243, 198, 334. 87	541, 481, 440. 32
in fiscal year subsequent to the de- posit thereof	`	6, 085. 41		6, 085. 41
Total ordinary warrant expen- ditures	2, 946, 400, 966. 75	3, 244, 690, 157. 61	243, 198, 334. 87	541, 487, 525. 73
tures—4 Proceeds of railroad securities owned by the Government Miscellaneous credits——— Relief of John Burke, former	94, 340, 205. 52 29, 518, 645. 50	99, 119, 987. 01 67, 236, 748. 72		4, 779, 781, 49 37, 718, 103, 22
Treasurer of the United States, act June 3, 1922	60.00	26, 934. 35		26, 874. 35
Disbursing officers' credits, etc., at beginning of fiscal year	742, 652, 367. 90	624, 470, 588. 44	118, 181, 779. 46	
Unpaid warrants at beginning of fiscal year	1, 606, 057. 22	1, 965, 257. 07		359, 199. 85

Included under Finance Department.

Includes \$97,545,828.38 accrued discount on war-savings certificates of the series of 1918.

Offset by \$1,631,456.83 in 1924, and \$816,667.85 in 1923, discount on bonds, notes, and certificates purchased and covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts, p. 131.

Items of this character represent cash receipts which are credited against the expenditures shown on a warrant basis. It is necessary, therefore, to add back the amounts to expenditures by warrants in order to adjust to an actual cash basis.

Comparison of expenditures, fiscal years 1924 and 1923, on the basis of warrants issued (net)—Continued

<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, :		
	1924	1923	Increase, 1924	Decrease, 1924
Adjustments to the general fund— Continued Deduct—		,		
Disbursing officers' credits, etc., at close of fiscal year Unpaid warrants at close of	\$771, 932, 016. 29	\$742, 652, 367. 90	\$29, 279, 648. 39	
fiscal year	1, 396, 323. 35	1, 606, 057, 22		\$209, 733. 87
	773, 328, 339. 64	744, 258, 425. 12	29, 279, 648. 39	209, 733. 87
Total ordinary cash ex- penditures on basis of daily Treasury state-				
ments, revised	13,041,189,963.25	13, 293, 251, 248. 08	332, 100, 465. 94	584, 161, 750. 77
PUBLIC DEBT				
First Liberty loan, converted at 4	50.00	-,	ŀ	
per cent First Liberty loan, converted at 4¼		1		i
per cent	239, 400. 00	ļ	164, 050. 00	
4¼ per cent	94, 449. 650. 00 410, 587, 300. 00	111, 538, 150. 00 66, 000, 750. 00 16, 818, 100. 00	344, 586, 550. 00	17, 088, 500. 00 12, 748, 000. 00
Victory Liberty loan	80, 639, 850. 00 356, 973, 000. 00	1, 911, 442, 400. 00 143, 339, 500. 00	213, 633, 500. 00	1, 830, 802, 550. 00
Treasury bonds 1947-1952 Panama Canal loan, 1911 Loan of 1908-1918	6, 000. 00	8, 000. 00 200, 000. 00		2, 000. 00 200, 000. 00 460. 00
Certificates of indebtedness, various	2 238 167 000 00	5 096 403 000 00	٠.	2 858 236 000 00
Treasury (war) savings securities	87, 434, 451. 08 33, 084, 377, 50	543, 807, 539. 87 74, 414, 564, 00		456, 373, 088. 79 41, 330, 186. 50
Funded loan of 1907 Miscellaneous redemptions.	13, 550. 00 2, 526. 64	950. 00 15, 436. 82	12,600.00	12, 910. 18
Total public debt expenditures	3, 305, 696, 515. 22	7, 964, 119, 760. 69	558, 396, 700, 00	5, 216, 819, 945. 47
Total cash expenditures, ex- clusive of Postal Service, payable from postal rev-				. •
Postal Service, payable from postal revenues	6, 346, 886, 478. 47 572, 948, 778. 41	11, 257, 371, 008. 77 532, 827, 925. 09	890, 497, 165. 94 40, 120, 853. 32	
Total expenditures, including postal service payable from		11, 790, 198, 933. 86		

¹ Exclusive of public debt retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts during 1924 of \$457,894,100 and during 1923 of \$402,957,691.10, which amounts are included in this table under public debt expenditures. The total expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts during the fiscal years 1924 and 1923 were, therefore, \$3,499,084,063.25 and \$3,696,208,939.18, respectively.

Estimates for 1925 and 1926 compared with actual receipts for 1924

The following table shows estimates of receipts for the fiscal years 1925 and 1926 compared with actual receipts for the fiscal year 1924:

Comparison of estimated receipts, fiscal years 1925 and 1926, with actual receipts for the fiscal year 1924

	Estimated, 1926	Estimated, 1925	Actual, 1924
			·
Ordinary receipts: Customs	. 0525 000 000	\$550,000,000	\$545, 637, 503. 99
Customs Internal revenue—	\$535,000,000	\$550,000,000	\$545, 637, 503. 99
Income tax	1,710,000,000	1, 660, 000, 000	1, 842, 144, 418. 46
Miscellaneous taxes:	890, 875, 000	826, 325, 000	953, 612, 617. 62
Miscellaneous:			
Interest, premium, and discount—			
Interest on loans to foreign governments	136, 764, 316	137, 471, 887	138, 653, 592. 17
Interest on miscellaneous obligations of	21 7/2 792	21 7/3 783	99 031 915 59
foreign governments Interest on miscellaneous obligations	21, 743, 783 1, 213, 835	21, 743, 783 1, 469, 000	22, 031, 215. 58 1, 232, 147. 25
Interest on farm-loan bonds	1 3 572 325	4, 359, 825	4, 584, 825. 00
Interest on public deposits	4, 512, 300	4, 512, 800	4, 630, 099, 08
Interest on public deposits. Interest on loans to railroads. Premiums on veterans' term insurance.	19, 400, 000	20, 000, 000	29, 397, 371. 71 14, 900, 000. 00
Premiums on veterans term insurance	10, 686, 029	12, 120, 154 500, 000	1, 050, 000, 00
Dividend on capital stock		500,000	1, 050, 000. 00
of indebtedness purchased			1, 631, 456. 83
of indebtedness purchased Gain by exchange Sales of Government property—	20,000	20, 000	16, 820. 93
Sales of Government property—			
Sale of war supplies Miscellaneous Government property	12, 000, 000 8, 102, 059	18, 000, 000	44, 267, 023. 74 6, 932, 551. 70
Public-domain receipts—	6, 102, 009	8, 850, 159	0, 952, 551. 10
Sale of public lands	400,000	450,000	522, 222. 93
Sale of public lands. Receipts under mineral leasing acts	12, 000, 000	12,000,000	12, 619, 155, 66
Forest reserve fund	. 6, 165, 000	5, 327, 000	5, 369, 707. 36
Other	1, 966, 850	1, 864, 430	2, 055, 618. 09
Federal reserve and Federal intermediate credit bank franchise tax. Profits on coinage, bullion deposits, etc.	950, 000	1 450 000	3 765 396 58
Profits on coinage, bullion denosits, etc	7, 000, 000	1, 450, 000 7, 497, 000	3, 765, 326. 58 8, 133, 587. 23
Revenue-producing enterprises—	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,,	•, •••, •••
Emergency Fleet Corporation, construc-			
Revenue-producing enterprises— Emergency Fleet Corporation, construction loan funds Tolls, profits, etc., Fanama Canal Balance of funds held by United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation deposited under act of Feb. 13, 1923.	01 000 000	2,000,000	20, 108, 729, 48
Tolls, profits, etc., Panama Canal	21, 000, 000	21, 009, 000	25, 709, 562. 43
Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Cor-			
poration deposited under act of Feb. 13.			
1923			25, 751, 531. 04
Other	. 0, 4. 7, 100	3, 222, 750 1, 352, 750	3, 521, 490. 55 1, 187, 904. 53
Rent of public buildings and grounds	1, 157, 750	1, 352, 750	1, 187, 904. 53
Fees, fines, penalties, forfeitures, etc.—	3, 454, 720	3, 180, 470	2, 998, 683. 02
Fees on letters patent Consular and passport fees Tax on circulation of Federal reserve and	7, 800, 000	7, 800, 000	8, 114, 688. 73
Tax on circulation of Federal reserve and	1		
national banks	_ 3, 357, 947	3, 739, 697	4, 057, 299. 17
Customs service	800,000	800,000	947, 231. 88
Collections under enforcement of national prohibition act (internal revenue and			
iudicial)	8, 300, 000	7, 300, 000	6, 507, 062, 12
Navy fines and forfeitures	810,000	810,000	818, 474. 43
Naturalization fees	745,000	755, 000 3, 500, 000	481, 033. 50
Immigration head tax	3,500,000	3, 500, 000	5, 539, 349. 96
judicial) Navy fines and forfeitures Naturalization fees. Immigration head tax Judicial Other	3, 500, 000 9, 600, 000 4, 035, 330	7, 450, 000 3, 900, 090	818, 474, 43 481, 033, 50 5, 539, 349, 96 3, 038, 763, 53 2, 654, 075, 13
Grits and contributions—	1	0,000,000	
For river and harbor improvements For Forest Service cooperative work			2, 814, 422. 25
For Forest Service cooperative work	1, 800, 000	1,800,000	2, 618, 441, 59
Other			189, 190. 28
Principal of loans made to foreign govern-			
ments	24, 086, 800	23, 088, 687	61, 024, 695, 13
ments Liquidation of capital stock, Federal land	1 ' '	1	
Dadks	_	400,000	1, 1,00, 570, 00
Repayment of principal of loans to rail-	e enn non	90, 000, 000	84 076 182 91
roadsSale of farm-loan bonds	6, 600, 000 25, 000, 000	10, 000, 000	64,976,163.81
Return of advances made to reclamation	20,000,000	10,000,000	
		1, 000, 000	1, 000, 000. 00
fund. Principal of loans made by United States Housing Corporation. Other.			
Housing Corporation	_ 535, 000	525, 000	713, 628. 37

Comparison of estimated receipts, fiscal years 1925 and 1926, with actual receipts for the fiscal year 1924—Continued

Miscellaneous—Continued. Assessments and reimbursements— Salaries and expenses, national-bank examiners. Expenses of redeeming national currency. Expenses of redeeming national currency. Expenses of rederal reserve notes. Beginning of the deserve banks for salaries and expenses, rederal reserve Board General railroad contingent fund	en de la companya de			
Assessments and reimbursements— Salaries and expenses, national-bank examiners Expenses of redeeming national currency Expenses of Federal reserve notes. Expenses of Federal reserve banks for Salaries and expenses, Federal Reserve Board. General railroad contingent fund. Other. District of Columbia— Revenues of the District of Columbia— Revenues of the District of Columbia— Revenues of the Oistrict of Columbia— Revenues of the Oistrict of Columbia— Revenues of the Oistrict of Columbia— Trust funds. Government life-insurance fund— Premium on converted insurance. Government life-insurance fund— Premium on converted insurance. Givil service retirement and disability fund. Soldiers' Home permanent fund. Proceeds of labor. Proceeds of Indian lands and timber. Proceeds of Indian lands and timber. Proceeds of Indian lands and timber. Proceeds of Indian sales of public lands. Total miscellaneous receipts, including Panama Canal and sales of public lands. Soldiers' Home permaner centers, including Panama Canal and sales of public lands. Total miscellaneous receipts, including Panama Canal and sales of public lands. Sold, 22, 250, 000 \$2, 250, 000 \$2, 250, 000 \$2, 233, 836. 31 727, 333 729, 933. 16 681, 480 727, 333 729, 933. 16 681, 480 727, 333 729, 933. 16 681, 480 727, 333 729, 933. 16 681, 480 727, 333 729, 933. 16 681, 480 727, 333 729, 933. 16 681, 480 727, 333 729, 933. 16 681, 480 729, 933. 16 681, 480 720, 000 5, 900, 000 5, 900, 000 5, 900, 000 19, 500, 000 19, 500, 000 19, 500, 000 19, 600, 000 10, 472, 28 80, 501, 400, 900 10, 407, 400, 400 10, 407, 400, 400 10, 407, 400, 400 10, 407, 400, 400 10, 407, 400 10, 407, 400 10, 407, 400 10, 500, 900 10, 407, 400		Estimated, 1926	Estimated, 1925	Actual, 1924
Assessments and reimbursements— Salaries and expenses, national-bank examiners Expenses of redeeming national currency Expenses of Federal reserve notes. Expenses of Federal reserve banks for Salaries and expenses, Federal Reserve Board. General railroad contingent fund. Other. District of Columbia— Revenues of the District of Columbia— Revenues of the District of Columbia— Revenues of the Oistrict of Columbia— Revenues of the Oistrict of Columbia— Revenues of the Oistrict of Columbia— Trust funds. Government life-insurance fund— Premium on converted insurance. Government life-insurance fund— Premium on converted insurance. Givil service retirement and disability fund. Soldiers' Home permanent fund. Proceeds of labor. Proceeds of Indian lands and timber. Proceeds of Indian lands and timber. Proceeds of Indian lands and timber. Proceeds of Indian sales of public lands. Total miscellaneous receipts, including Panama Canal and sales of public lands. Soldiers' Home permaner centers, including Panama Canal and sales of public lands. Total miscellaneous receipts, including Panama Canal and sales of public lands. Sold, 22, 250, 000 \$2, 250, 000 \$2, 250, 000 \$2, 233, 836. 31 727, 333 729, 933. 16 681, 480 727, 333 729, 933. 16 681, 480 727, 333 729, 933. 16 681, 480 727, 333 729, 933. 16 681, 480 727, 333 729, 933. 16 681, 480 727, 333 729, 933. 16 681, 480 727, 333 729, 933. 16 681, 480 729, 933. 16 681, 480 720, 000 5, 900, 000 5, 900, 000 5, 900, 000 19, 500, 000 19, 500, 000 19, 500, 000 19, 600, 000 10, 472, 28 80, 501, 400, 900 10, 407, 400, 400 10, 407, 400, 400 10, 407, 400, 400 10, 407, 400, 400 10, 407, 400 10, 407, 400 10, 407, 400 10, 500, 900 10, 407, 400				
Salaries and expenses, national-bank examiners. \$2, 250, 000 \$2, 250, 000 \$2, 333, 836, 31		,		
## Steps	Assessments and reimbursements—		<i>'</i>	
Expenses of redeeming national currency Expenses of Federal reserve notes. 1, 541, 720 1, 540, 000 Expenses of Federal reserve backs for Reclamation 5, 900, 000 5, 350, 000 5, 916, 083. 01 Assessments on Federal reserve banks for Salaries and expenses, Federal Reserve Board 2, 038, 053. 82 General railroad contingent fund 5, 000, 000 5, 000, 000 4, 652, 470. 79 Work done by individuals, corporations, et al 196, 500 196, 300 148, 919. 64 Other 2, 681, 999 2, 715, 626 3, 717, 169. 29 District of Columbia— Revenues of the District of Columbia— Revenues of the District of Columbia share (excluding trust funds) 21, 704, 500 19, 504, 500 16, 491, 658. 99 United States' share 635, 471. 97 Miscellaneous unclassified receipts 2, 348, 670 2, 348, 675 6, 200, 932. 66 Army and Navy miscellaneous collections. 1, 906, 097 710, 000 8, 962, 795. 96 Trust funds— Government life-insurance fund— Premium on converted insurance 50, 336, 210 40, 694, 606 34, 716, 888. 03 Interest 10, 161, 552 6, 965, 235 4, 327, 469. 07 Civil service retirement and disability fund 1, 405, 000 19, 000, 000 709, 959. 35 Navy and Marine Corps deposit funds 1, 405, 000 19, 000, 000 26, 120, 216. 15 Proceeds of labor 19, 000, 000 19, 000, 000 26, 120, 216. 15 Proceeds of sale of Indian lands and timber 30, 000 30, 000 109, 472. 28 Miscellaneous receipts, including Panama Canal and sales of public lands 505, 420, 092 565, 643, 297 671, 250, 161.58		PO 050 000	80 050 000	#0 000 000 B1
Expenses of Federal reserve notes. 1, 541, 720 1, 540, 000 5, 916, 063. 01				\$2, 333, 830. 31
Reclamation	Expenses of redeeming national currency			759, 933. 16
Assessments on Federal reserve banks for salaries and expenses, Federal Reserve Board. General railtoad contingent fund. Work done by individuals, corporations, et al	Expenses of Federal reserve notes			
Salaries and expenses, Federal Reserve Board 2, 038, 053, 82	Reclamation	5, 900, 000	5, 350, 000	5, 916, 063. 01
Board 2, 038, 053, 82	Assessments on rederal reserve banks for			
General railroad contingent fund 5,000,000 5,000,000 4,652,470.79	salaries and expenses, rederal Reserve			0.000.070.00
Work done by individuals, corporations, et al. 196,500 196,300 148,919.64 Other	Board			2, 038, 053, 82
et al		5, 000, 000	5,000,000	4, 652, 470. 79
Other	work done by individuals, corporations,	100 500	100 000	140 010 04
District of Columbia— Revenues of the District of Columbia— Revenues of the District of Columbia share (excluding trust funds) 21,704,500 19,504,500 16,491,658.99	et al			
Revenues of the District of Columbia— District of Columbias hare (excluding trust funds). 21,704,500 19,504,500 16,491,658.99 16,491,658.99 16,491,658.99 16,491,658.99 16,491,658.99 16,491,658.99 16,491,658.99 16,491,658.99 16,491,658.99 16,491,658.99 16,491,658.99 16,491,658.99 16,491,658.99 16,491,658.99 16,491,658.99 16,491,658.99 16,500,932.65 16,535,471.97 16,491,658.99 16,535,471.97 17,000 1,400,000 1,400,853,471.97 16,491,658.99 16,535,471.97 16,491,658.99 16,535,471.97 16,491,658.99 16,535,471.97 17,690,000 19,500,935,471.97 16,491,658.99 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.97 16,491,658.99 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.97 16,491,658.99 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.97 16,491,658.99 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.97 16,491,658.99 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.97 16,535,471.	District of Columbia	. 2,081,999	2, 715, 626	3, 717, 169. 29
District of Columbia share (excluding trust funds)				
trust funds)			l	
United States' share. Miscellaneous unclassified receipts. Army and Navy miscellaneous collections. Trust funds— Government life-insurance fund— Premium on converted insurance. Interest. Civil service retirement and disability fund. Soldiers' Home permanent fund. Indian moneys— Proceeds of labor. Proceeds of labor. Proceeds of sale of Indian lands and timber. Other. 30, 000 30, 000 30, 000 30, 000 30, 000 30, 000 30, 000 10, 472, 28 Miscellaneous trust funds. 21, 350, 000 328, 540 328, 540 328, 540 328, 540 328, 540 300, 012, 71 District of Columbia trust funds. Total miscellaneous receipts, including Panama Canal and sales of public lands. 503, 348, 670 1, 906, 097 710, 000 40, 694, 606 34, 716, 888. 03 34, 716, 888. 03 34, 716, 888. 03 34, 327, 469. 07 40, 694, 606 34, 716, 888. 03 34, 327, 469. 07 40, 694, 606 34, 716, 888. 03 34, 327, 469. 07 690, 000 690, 000 690, 000 709, 959. 35 Navy and Marine Corps deposit funds. 1, 405, 000 1, 330, 000 376, 147. 00 376, 147. 00 1, 400, 000 1, 465, 329. 11 Other. 30, 000 30, 000 109, 472. 28 328, 540 300, 012. 71 District of Columbia trust funds. 2, 170, 000 2, 003, 642. 50	District of Columnia share (excluding	01 704 500	10 504 500	1 10 401 050 00
Miscellaneous unclassified receipts. 2, 348, 670 1, 906, 997 710, 000 8, 962, 795, 96	trust iunus)	21, 704, 500	19, 504, 500	
Army and Navy miscellaneous collections Trust funds— Government life-insurance fund— Premium on converted insurance Interest	United States snare.	0 240 670	0 240 675	
Trust funds— Government life-insurance fund— Premium on converted insurance. Interest	Miscenaneous unclassified receipts			0, 200, 932, 00
Government life-insurance fund— Premium on converted insurance. 50, 336, 210 40, 694, 606 34, 716, 888.02 Interest. 10, 161, 582 6, 965, 235 4, 327, 469.07 Civil service retirement and disability fund. 2, 139, 000 1, 833, 000 709, 959. 35 Navy and Marine Corps deposit funds. 1, 405, 000 1, 330, 000 376, 147.06 Indian moneys— Proceeds of labor. 19, 000, 000 19, 000, 000 26, 120, 216. 15 Proceeds of sale of Indian lands and timber. 1, 350, 000 1, 400, 000 109, 472. 22 Miscellaneous trust funds. 328, 540 328, 540 300, 012. 71 District of Columbia trust funds. 2, 170, 000 1, 760, 000 2, 003, 642. 56 Total miscellaneous receipts, including Panama Canal and sales of public lands. 505, 420, 092 565, 643, 297 671, 250, 161.58		1,906,097	710,000	8, 902, 795. 90
Premium on converted insurance. 50, 336, 210 40, 694, 606 34, 716, 888. 03 Interest. 10, 161, 582 6, 965, 235 4, 327, 469. 07 (2011) service retirement and disability fund. 2, 139, 000 1, 333, 000 709, 959. 35 (2011) Soldiers' Home permanent fund. 690, 000 690, 000 709, 959. 35 (2011) Navy and Marine Corps deposit funds. 1, 405, 000 1, 330, 000 376, 147. 00 Proceeds of labor 19, 000, 000 19, 000, 000 26, 120, 216. 15 (2011) Proceeds of Sale of Indian lands and timber. 30, 000 30, 000 109, 472. 28 (2011) Miscellaneous trust funds 328, 540 328, 540 300, 012. 71 (2011) District of Columbia trust funds 2, 170, 000 1, 760, 000 2, 003, 642. 50 (2011) Total miscellaneous receipts, including Panama Canal and sales of public lands 505, 420, 092 565, 643, 297 671, 250, 161.58			!	
Interest	Government me-msurance tunu-	50 226 210	10 604 606	24 716 000 02
Civil service retirement and disability funds 2, 139, 000 1, 833, 000 1, 532, 834, 95 Soldiers' Home permanent fund 690, 000 690, 000 709, 959, 35 Navy and Marine Corps deposit funds 1, 405, 000 1, 330, 000 376, 147, 00 Indian moneys			6 005 005	
Soldiers' Home permanent fund	Ciril anguine nationment and dischility	10, 101, 502	0, 900, 200	4, 327, 409. 07
Soldiers' Home permanent fund	from dervice retirement and disability	0 120 000	1 222 000	1 520 024 05
Navy and Marine Corps deposit funds. Indian moneys— Proceeds of labor. 19,000,000 19,000,000 26,120,216.15 Proceeds of sale of Indian lands and timber. 30,000 30,000 109,472.28 Miscellaneous trust funds 2328,540 328,540 300,012.71 District of Columbia trust funds 2,170,000 1,760,000 2,003,642.50 Total miscellaneous receipts, including Panama Canal and sales of public lands 505,420,092 565,643,297 671,250,161.58	Coldinal Trans payment fund	2, 139, 000	1, 833, 000	
Indian moneys—	Norm and Marine Council dends tund	1 405 000		
Proceeds of labor	Indian managed	1, 400, 000	1, 330, 000	376, 147. 00
Proceeds of sale of Indian lands and timber		10,000,000	10 000 000	00 100 010 15
timber 1, 350, 000 1, 400, 000 1, 453, 329. 11 Other 30, 000 30, 000 30, 000 109, 472. 28 Miscellaneous trust funds 328, 540 300, 012. 71 District of Columbia trust funds 2, 170, 000 1, 760, 000 2, 003, 642. 50 Total miscellaneous receipts, including Panama Canal and sales of public lands 505, 420, 092 565, 643, 297 671, 250, 161.58		19, 000, 000	19,000,000	20, 120, 216. 13
Other 30,000 30,000 30,000 109,472.28 Miscellaneous trust funds 328,540 328,540 300,012.71 District of Columbia trust funds 2,170,000 1,760,000 2,003,642.50 Total miscellaneous receipts, including Panama Canal and sales of public lands 505,420,092 565,643,297 671,250,161.58		1 250 000	1 400 000	1 405 200 11
Miscellaneous trust funds		1, 330, 000		1, 400, 328. 11
District of Columbia trust funds 2, 170, 000 1, 760, 000 2, 003, 642. 50 Total miscellaneous receipts, including Panama Canal and sales of public lands 505, 420, 092 565, 643, 297 671, 250, 161.58		30,000		
Total miscellaneous receipts, including Panama Canal and sales of public lands	District of Columbia trust funds			
Panama Canal and sales of public lands 505, 420, 092 565, 643, 297 671, 250, 161.58	District of Columbia trust lands	2,170,000	1, 700, 000	2, 003, 042. 50
Panama Canal and sales of public lands 505, 420, 092 565, 643, 297 671, 250, 161.58	Total missellaneous receipts including			
lands 505, 420, 092 565, 643, 297 671, 250, 161.58	Panama Canal and calca of public			
		505 420 002	565 643 907	671 950 161 59
3, 641, 295, 092 3, 601, 968, 297 4, 012, 044, 701. 65	10HU3	505, 420, 092	505, 045, 297	071, 200, 101.00
0,021,200,002 0,001,900,201 4,012,044,101.00		3 641 205 002	2 601 068 207	4 012 044 701 85
		0,011,200,002	9, 001, 500, 291	1,012,011,001.00

¹ Exclusive of \$2,003,642.50 on account of trust funds shown below.

Estimated receipts for the fiscal years 1925 and 1926

Source of revenue	Fiscal year 19	Fiscal year 1925
Customs	\$535, 000, 00	0 \$550, 000, 000
Internal revenue (under revenue act approved June 2, 1924):		-
Income tax—		;
Individual	685, 000, 00	
Corporation	875, 000, 00	
Back taxes	150, 000, 00	0 140, 000, 000
Total income tax	1, 710, 000, 00	0 1,660,000,000
Miscellaneous internal revenue (see details below)	890, 875, 00	
Total internal revenue	2, 600, 875, 00	2, 486, 325, 000
Miscellaneous internal revenue—		
Estate tax	125, 000, 00	
Gift tax	1, 750, 00	0 1,750,000
Alcoholic spirits, etc	26, 000, 00	
Tobacco and tobacco manufactures	360, 000, 00	350,000,000
Admissions and dues	60, 000, 00	50, 000, 000
Automobiles, trucks, parts, etc.	150, 000, 00	
Cameras and lenses Photographic films and plates	800, 00 900, 00	
Firearms, shells, and cartridges	4, 500, 00	
Smokers' articles	100,00	
Coin-operated devices and machines	300, 00	
Mah-jongg and similar tile sets	25. 00	
Art works		
Jewelry, watches, clocks, etc	13, 000, 00	
Corporation capital stock tax	85, 000, 00	0 80,000,000
Stamp taxes, including playing cards	47, 500, 00	0 47, 500, 000
Oleomargarine, adulterated butter, etc	3, 000, 00	0 4, 000, 000
Miscellaneous taxes, including occupational taxes, receipts under		
national prohibition and narcotic laws, and delinquent taxes		
underrepealed laws	12, 500, 00	0 18, 000, 000
Total	890, 875, 00	0 826, 325, 000
Miscellaneous ordinary receipts by departments and Government establishments:	501.04	500.040
Legislative	531, 04 106, 860, 30	
Department of Agriculture		0 8,035,000
Department of Commerce		0 2,337,100
Department of Sommerce	48, 730, 57	0 47 598 800
Department of Justice	48, 730, 57 17, 359, 50	0 47, 598, 800 0 14, 209, 500
Department of Labor	5, 198, 15	0 5, 208, 650
Navy Department	5, 247, 30	0 8, 272, 300
Department of State	7, 997, 83	9 7, 979, 066
Treasury Department	235, 181, 91	8 222, 327, 464
War Department	22, 366, 87	
Panama Canal	21, 000, 00	0 21, 009, 000
District of Columbia— District of Columbia revenues, taxes, etc	23, 874, 50	0 21, 264, 500
Total miscellaneous ordinary receipts	505, 420, 09	2 565, 643, 297
Total estimated ordinary receipts	3, 641, 295, 09	

Estimates for 1926 and appropriations for 1925

APPROPRIATIONS FOR 1925

Appropriations made for the fiscal year 1925 and for prior years during the first session of the Sixty-eighth Congress, including revised estimated permanent and indefinite appropriations and appropriations for the Postal Service payable from postal revenues______ \$3, 748, 651, 750. 35

Deduct:

Postal Service for 1925 payable from	
the postal revenues	\$613, 645, 195. 25
Postal deficiencies of prior years, pay-	
able from postal revenues	15, 553, 553. 46
Deficiencies and supplements for prior	
years	146, 443, 811. 70

· \$775, 642, 560. 41

Total appropriations for 1925, exclusive of deficiencies and Postal Service payable from postal revenues, and excluding also the railroad guaranty, repayments under revolving fund appropriations, repayments to appropriations, and appropriations of unexpended balances

2, 973, 009, 189. 94

Comparison of the estimates for 1926 with the appropriations for 1925 shows an increase in the 1926 estimates of \$119,134,651.54, as exhibited in the table following, without, however, including in the figures the railroad guaranty, repayments under revolving fund appropriations, repayments to appropriations, and appropriations of unexpended balances, the effect of which on the appropriations is shown on pages 47 to 49 of the report for the fiscal year 1920.

Estimates of appropriations for 1926 compared with appropriations for 1925
[Excluding Postal Service payable from the postal revenues]

	1926 estimates, including per- manent annual	1925 appropria- tions, including revised per- manent annual	Increase, 1926 estimates over 1925 appropria- tions (+), decrease (-)
Legislative	\$15, 094, 545. 80 439, 960. 00	\$14, 229, 816. 00 397, 847. 50	+\$864, 729. 80 +42, 112. 50
Independent offices: Alien Property Custodian American Battle Monument Commission	189, 220. 00	225, 000. 00 500, 000. 00	-35, 780. 00 -500, 000. 00
Board of Tax Appeals Bureau of Efficiency Civil Service Commission	150, 350. 00		+354, 320, 00 -5, 800, 00 +50, 260, 00
Commission of Fine Arts Employees Compensation Commission Federal Board for Vocational Education	6, 500. 00 2, 301, 500. 00	5, 350, 00 2, 650, 600, 00 6, 380, 000, 00	+1, 150, 00 -349, 100, 00 +1, 842, 270, 00
Federal Power Commission Federal Trade Commission General Accounting Office	31, 300, 00	13, 301, 79 1, 010, 000, 00 3, 724, 612, 00	+17, 998. 21 -60, 000. 00 -22, 652. 00
Housing Corporation Interstate Commerce Commission National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics	4, 913, 500. 00	808, 100. 00 4, 272, 284. 00 440, 000. 00	-64, 185. 00 +641, 216. 00 +94, 000. 00
Perry's Victory Memorial Commission Railroad Labor Board Smithsonian Institution	296, 805. 00 817, 890. 00	99, 185. 00 322, 200. 00 869, 101. 66	-99, 185, 00 -25, 395, 00 -51, 211, 66
State, War, and Navy Department Buildings Tariff Commission United States Geographic Board	721, 500. 00 550. 00	2, 306, 215. 00 681, 980. 00 1, 000. 00	+36, 665. 00 +39, 520. 00 -450. 00
United States Shipping Board	24, 330, 000. 00 45, 700, 000. 00	30, 344, 000. 00 47, 065, 000. 00	-6, 014, 000. 00 -1, 365, 000. 00
Military and naval compensation	127, 000, 000. 00 35, 000, 000. 00 38, 000, 000. 00	83, 000, 000. 00 42, 000, 000. 00 89, 000, 000. 00	+44,000,000.00 -7,000,000.00 -51,000,000.00
Military and naval insurance	98, 000, 000. 00 62, 000, 000. 00 15, 000. 00	88, 000, 000. 00 15, 000. 00	+10,000,000.00 +62,000,000.00

10065—FI 1924†——12

Estimates of appropriations for 1926 compared with appropriations for 1925—Con.

	1926 estimates, including per- manent annual	1925 appropria- tions, including revised per- manent annual	Increase, 1926 estimates over 1925 appropria- tions (+), decrease (-)
District of Columbia	\$32, 335, 827. 00	\$27, 682, 067. 00	+\$4,653,760.00
Department of Agriculture	140, 092, 750. 00	70, 936, 024. 00	+69, 156, 726, 00
Department of Commerce Department of the Interior:	22, 741, 514. 00	23, 942, 905, 00	-1, 201, 391.00
Department of the Interior:	04 540 500 50	00 001 704 00	11 001 004 44
Pensions and Pension Office		33, 061, 504. 06	+1, 681, 064, 44 -25, 500, 000, 00
Indian Service.	199, 116, 000. 00 33, 927, 027, 67	224, 616, 000. 00 32, 816, 220. 00	+1, 110, 807. 67
Department of Justice.	24, 917, 822, 00	21, 371, 430. 00	+3, 546, 392. 00
Department of Justice Department of Labor	8, 335, 260, 00	7, 981, 516, 51	+353, 743, 49
		1, 301, 010. 01	1 000, 1 10. 10
Navy Department: Pay of the Navy. Provisions, maintenance, fuel, and transportation	117, 000, 000. 00	117, 000, 000. 00	
Provisions, maintenance, fuel, and transpor-	.,,,		
		33, 890, 000. 00	+11, 270, 000. 00
Marine Corps	24, 374, 650. 00	25, 965, 300. 00	-1, 590, 650. 00
Increase of the Navy		8, 450, 000. 00	-1,006,000.00
Other items under Navy Department	95, 805, 328. 00	91, 903, 027. 00	+3, 902, 301. 00
Post Office Department (exclusive of Postal Service)			
State Department:			+8, 173. 00
Proper	1, 321, 688. 00	1, 313, 515, 00	10, 110.00
Foreign intercourse	14, 808, 964. 51	13, 714, 131, 29	+1,094,833.22
Preasury Department:	l ''		
Collecting the revenue	52, 667, 200. 00	49, 315, 140. 00	+3, 352, 060. 00
Refunds, drawbacks, etc., of revenue	32, 725, 000. 00	33, 540, 000. 00	-815, 000. 00
Public buildings, construction, operating ex-			
penses, repairs, equipment, etc	12, 714, 486. 00	10, 514, 310. 00	+2, 200, 176. 00
Other items under Treasury Department	65, 741, 055. 00	54, 172, 055. 00	+11, 569, 000. 00
War Department: Military activities—			'
Pay of the Army	121, 309, 872. 00	121, 516, 020. 00	-206, 148, 00
Quartermaster Corps, subsistence, sup-	121,000,012.00	121, 010, 040. 00	200, 220, 00
plies, transportation, etc., of the Army	60, 662, 955, 00	60, 025, 414, 13	+637, 540. 87
Militia Bureau	29, 863, 746. 00	29, 900, 202. 00	-36, 456. 00
Other military activities	47, 848, 701. 00	45, 073, 643. 00	+2,775,058.00
Nonmilitary activities—			
Rivers and harbors.	59, 277, 990. 00	59, 971, 621. 00	-693, 631. 00
Soldiers' homes	9, 031, 200. 00	7, 454, 562. 00	+1, 576, 638. 00
nance	8, 735, 366, 00	7, 240, 160, 00	+1, 495, 206. 00
Other nonmilitary activities	1, 821, 400, 00	3, 372, 164, 00	-1, 550, 764, 00
Interest on public debt	830, 000, 000, 00	1 865, 000, 000, 00	-35, 000, 000. 00
Sinking fund	323, 175, 000. 00	310, 000, 000. 00	+13, 175, 000. 00
Other public debt retirements chargeable against	' '	l	1
ordinary receipts	161, 591, 130. 00	1 161, 806, 401. 00	-215, 271. 00
Matal analysis Datal Commiss would			
Total, excluding Postal Service payable from the postal revenues	3, 092, 143, 841. 48	2, 973, 009, 189, 94	+119, 134, 651. 54
mont one hosest teachnes	0, 002, 130, 031. 40	2, 010, 000, 100. 94	1 -1-110, 104, 001, 04

¹ Revised.

Attention is respectfully invited to the attached abstracts of the annual reports of the various bureaus and divisions of the Treasury Department and to the tables and exhibits accompanying the report on the finances.

A. W. MELLON, Secretary of the Treasury.

To the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

EXHIBITS ACCOMPANYING THE REPORT ON THE FINANCES

EXHIBITS

 ${\bf Exhibit} \ \ 1 \\ {\bf STATEMENT OF THE PUBLIC DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES, JUNE 30, 1924} \ \cdot \\$

Detail	Amount issued	Amount retired		Amount outstanding	
Bonds: 2 per cent consols of 1930. 4 per cent loan of 1925 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1916-36 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1918-38 3 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1961 3 per cent conversion bonds of 1946-47 2½ per cent postal savings bonds (first to twenty-sixth series). First Liberty loan— 3½ per cent bonds of 1932-47.	162, 315, 400, 00 54, 631, 980, 00 30, 000, 000, 00 50, 000, 000, 00 28, 894, 500, 00 11, 893, 760, 00 1, 989, 455, 550, 00	43, 825, 500. 00 5, 677, 800. 00 4, 052, 600. 00 200, 000. 00	\$1,409,999,000.00	25, 947, 400. 00 49, 800, 000. 00 28, 894, 500. 00 11, 893, 760. 00	\$883, 703, 790. 0
Converted 4 per cent bonds of 1932-47. Converted 4½ per cent bonds of 1932-47. Second converted 4½ per cent bonds of 1932-47. Second Liberty loan— 4 per cent bonds of 1927-42. Converted 4½ per cent bonds of 1927-42. Third Liberty loan—			530, 861, 550. 00 3, 492, 150. 00	1, 951, 524, 750. 00 3, 104, 587, 150. 00	
4½ per cent bonds of 1928. Fourth Liberty loan- 4½ per cent bonds of 1933-38.	1 ' ' '			2, 997, 199, 950. 00 6, 324, 495, 550. 00	14, 377, 807, 400. 0
Treasury bonds— 4½ per cent bonds of 1947-52	763, 962, 300. 00	14, 000. 00		,	763, 948, 300. 0
Treasury notes— Series B-1924 Series A-1925 Series B-1925 Series C-1925 Series C-1926 Series B-1926 Series B-1927 Series B-1927	601, 599, 500, 00 335, 141, 300, 00 469, 213, 200, 00 617, 769, 700, 00 486, 940, 100, 00 366, 981, 500, 00	4, 273, 600, 00 35, 481, 400, 00 63, 182, 200, 00 2, 061, 800, 00 72, 017, 800, 00 11, 201, 600, 00		597, 325, 900. 00 299, 659, 900. 00 406, 031, 000. 00 615, 707, 900. 00 414, 922, 300. 00 355, 779, 900. 00	3, 735, 309, 400. 0

Certificates of indebtedness:	,			1	
Series TD-1924	214, 149, 000. 00			214, 149, 000. 00	
Series TD2-1924	193, 065, 500. 00			193, 065, 500. 00	•
Series TM-1925	400, 299, 000. 00			400, 299, 000. 00	807, 513, 500, 00
Treasury (war) savings securities:1					001, 010, 000. 00
Treasury (war)savings certificates, series 1920	43, 682, 407. 43	23, 098, 307. 48		20, 584, 099. 95	
Treasury (war) savings certificates, series 1921. Treasury savings certificates, series 1921, issue of Dec. 15, 1921.	22, 692, 000. 97 2, 312, 963. 20	10, 688, 074. 10		12, 003, 926. 87 1, 825, 256. 60	
Treasury savings certificates, series 1921, Issue of Dec. 15, 1921	120, 579, 494, 70	20, 725, 833, 95		99, 853, 660, 75	
Treasury savings certificates, series 1922, issue of Sept. 30, 1922	19, 838, 558, 15	3, 931, 816. 25		15, 906, 741. 90	
Treasury savings certificates, series 1923, issue of Sept. 30, 1922	162, 051, 436. 30 27, 567, 506. 45	20, 987, 087. 80		141, 064, 348. 50 25, 778, 772, 40	
Treasury savings certificates, series 1923, issue of Dec. 1, 1923 Treasury savings certificates, series 1924, issue of Dec. 1, 1923	95, 027, 722, 80	2, 864, 032, 20		92, 163, 690. 60	
Thrift and Treasury savings stamps, unclassified sales, etc.		3, 877, 612. 75		4, 123, 542. 09	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					413, 304, 039. 66
Total interest-bearing debt outstanding				ľ	20, 981, 586, 429. 66
Total Motion Doming Good Guistand					20, 001, 000, 120, 00
MATURED DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED—PAYABLE ON PRESENTATION					
Old debt matured at various dates prior to Apr. 1, 1917				1, 282, 140. 26	
Certificates of indebtedness, at various interest rates, matured				2, 859, 000. 00	
Spanish War loan of 1908-18				267, 060. 00 146, 850. 00	,
3¾ per cent Victory notes of 1922-23 4¾ per cent Victory notes of 1922-23 (with serial letters "A" to "F") 4¾ per cent Victory notes of 1922-23 (with serial letters "G" to "L")				4, 815, 600. 00	
434 per cent Victory notes of 1922-23 (with serial letters "G" to "L")				8, 748, 100. 00	
Treasury notes, series A-1924				12, 122, 500. 00	
Total outstanding matured debt on which interest has ceased					30, 241, 250. 26
DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST—PAYABLE ON PRESENTATION					
	1	ì			
Obligations required to be reissued when redeemed: United States notes			346, 681, 016. 00		
Less: Gold reserve			152, 979, 025, 63		
				193, 701, 990. 37	
Obligations that will be retired on presentation: Old demand notes		}	1	53, 012, 50	
National bank notes and Federal reserve bank notes assumed by the				33, 012. 30	
National bank notes and Federal reserve bank notes assumed by the United States on deposit of lawful money for their retirement.				43, 541, 539. 00	
Fractional currency.					
Total outstanding debt bearing no interest			.		239, 292, 746. 91
• Total gross debt 2	l		.		21, 251, 120, 426. 83

¹ Amounts issued of Treasury (war) savings certificates of the series of 1920 and 1921 are on basis of reports of sales, taken at issue price; amounts retired are on basis of redemption value. Amounts issued and amounts outstanding of Treasury savings certificates, issue of December 15, 1921, series of 1921 and 1922, issue of September 30, 1922, series of 1922 and 1922, and issue of December 1, 1923, series 1924, are on basis of treasurer's cash receipts plus discount accrued (partly estimated).

The total gross debt June 30, 1924, on the basis of daily Treasury statements, was \$21,250,812,989.49, and the net amount of public debt redemptions and receipts in transit, etc., was \$307,437.34.

Statement of the public debt of the United States, June 30, 1924-Continued

Detail	Amount issued	Amount retired	Amount outstanding	
Matured interest obligations, etc.: Matured interest obligations outstanding Discount accrued (partly estimated) on Treasury (war) savings certificates, series 1918 Discount accrued (partly estimated) on Treasury (war) savings certificates, series 1919 Discount accrued (partly estimated) on Treasury (war) savings certificates, series 1920 Discount accrued (partly estimated) on Treasury (war) savings certificates, series 1920 Treasury warrants and checks outstanding Disbursing officers' checks outstanding			 \$56, 113, 477. 49 12, 643, 195. 00 5, 917, 775. 00 4, 640, 039. 40 1, 944, 865. 85 1, 396, 323. 35 82, 298, 682. 85	\$164, 954, 358. 9
Balance held by the Treasurer of the United States as per daily Treasury statement for June 30, 1924 Add: Net excess of receipts over disbursements in June reports subsequently received			 235, 411, 481. 52 2, 618, 033. 22	21, 416, 074, 785. 7
Net debt, including matured interest obligations, etc 5			 	21, 178, 045, 271.

Treasury (war) savings certificates, series of 1918, matured January 1, 1923, and series of 1919 matured January 1, 1924. The entire outstanding principal amount, taken at issue price, less amounts retired on basis of redemption value, has already been charged out, so that the balance still outstanding appears as discount accrued, partly estimated.
 Accrued discount calculated on basis of exact accrual at rate of 4 per cent per annum compounded quarterly with due allowance for cash redemptions to date.
 No deduction is made on account of obligations of foreign governments or other investments.

Title	Authorizing act	Rate of interest	Date of issue	When redeemable or payable	Interest payable
Bonds: Consols of 1930 Loan of 1925 Panama Canal loan of 1916-36 Panama Canal loan of 1918-38 Panama Canal loan of 1961 Conversion bonds Postal savings bonds (1st to 26th series)	Jan. 14, 1875. June 28, 1902, and Dec. 21, 1905. do	4 2 2 3 3	Apr. 1, 1900	Redeemable after Apr. 1, 1930. Redeemable after Feb. 1, 1925. [Redeemable after Aug. 1, 1916; payable Aug. 1, 1936. Redeemable after Nov. 1, 1918; payable Nov. 1, 1938. Payable June 1, 1961. Payable 30 years from date of issue. [Redeemable on and after 1 year from	Jan. 1, Apr. 1, July 1, Oct. 1. Feb. 1, May 1, Aug. 1, Nov. 1. Do. Do. Mar. 1, June 1, Sept. 1, Dec. 1. Jan. 1, Apr. 1, July 1, Oct. 1.
First Liberty loan— 3½ per cent bonds of 1932-47. Converted 4½ per cent bonds of 1932-47. Converted 4½ per cent bonds of 1932-47. Second converted 4¼ per cent bonds of 1932-47. Second Liberty loan—	Apr. 24, 1917	3½ 4 4¼	1911-24. June 15, 1917 Nov. 15, 1917 May 9, 1918	date of issue; payable 20 years from date of issue. Redeemable on or after June 15, 1932; payable June 15, 1947. dodododo	
4 per cent bonds of 1927-42. Converted 4½ per cent bonds of 1927-42. Third Liberty loan— 4½ per cent bonds of 1928. Fourth Liberty loan—	Sept. 24, 1917, as amended		Nov. 15, 1917 May 9, 1918do	Payable Sept. 15, 1928.	May 15, Nov. 15. Do. Mar. 15, Sept. 15.
4¼ per cent bonds of 1933-38. Treasury bonds— 4¼ per cent bonds of 1947-52. Notes:	do	/*	Oct. 24, 1918 Oct. 16, 1922	Redeemable on and after Oct. 15, 1933; payable Oct. 15, 1938. Redeemable on and after Oct. 15, 1947; payable Oct. 15, 1952.	Apr. 15, Oct. 15. Do.
Treasury notes— Series B-1924 Series A-1925 Series B-1925 Series C-1925 Series C-1926 Series B-1926 Series B-1927 Series B-1927	do do dodo	43/4 43/8 41/2 43/4 41/1	Dec. 15, 1922 Mar. 15, 1922 Aug. 1, 1922	Payable Sept. 15, 1924. Payable Mar. 15, 1925 Payable Dec. 15, 1925 Payable June 15, 1925 Payable Mar. 16, 1926 Payable Mar. 16, 1926 Payable Sept. 16, 1926 Payable Dec. 15, 1927 Payable Mar. 15, 1927	Mar. 15, Sept. 15. Do. June 15, Dec. 15. Do. Mar. 15, Sept. 15. Do. June 15, Dec. 15. Mar. 15, Sept. 15.

Detail of outstanding interest-bearing issues as shown above, June 30, 1924—Continued

Title	Authorizing act	Rate of interest	Date of issue	When redeemable or payable	Interest payable
INTEREST-BEARING DEBT-continued					
Certificates of indebtedness:	, i	Per cent	-		
Series TD-1924	Sept. 24, 1917, as amended.	41/4	Dec. 15, 1923 June 16, 1924		June 15, Dec. 15. At maturity.
Series TD2-1924 Series TM-1925	do	4	Mar. 15, 1924 (Jan. 2, 1920	Payable Mar. 15, 1925	Sept. 15, Mar. 15.
Treasury (war) savings certificates	do	14	Jan. 3, 1921	Jan. 1, 1925. Redeemable on demand; payable Jan. 1, 1926.	At maturity or redemption
Treasury savings certificates, issue of Dec. 15, 1921.	do	2 41/2	Various dates from Dec. 15, 1921.		Do.
Treasury savings certificates, issue of Sept. 30, 1922.	do	24	Various dates from Sept. 30, 1922.	do	Do,
Treasury savings certificates, issue of Dec. 1, 1923.	do	2 41/2		do	Do.

¹ If held to maturity, Treasury (war) savings certificates yield interest at 4 per cent per annum compounded quarterly for the average period to maturity on the average issue price. Thrift stamps and Treasury savings stamps do not bear interest.

¹ Treasury savings certificates of the issues dated Dec. 15, 1921, and Dec. 1, 1923, yield interest at about 4½ per cent per annum, compounded semiannually, if held to maturity, and about 3½ per cent per annum, compounded semiannually if redeemed before maturity. Issue dated September 30, 1922, yields interest at about 4 per cent per annum, compounded semiannually, if held to maturity, and about 3 per cent per annum if redeemed before maturity.

Exhibit 2

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT OF THE PUBLIC DEBT OCTOBER 31, 1924

01, 1	022	
On the basis of daily	Treasury statements]	
Bonds:	\$500 794 050 00	
Consols of 1930	\$599, 724, 050. 00 118, 489, 900. 00	
Loan of 1925Panama's of 1916-1936	48, 954, 180. 00	
Panama's of 1018_1038	25, 947, 400, 00	
Panama's of 1918–1938	25, 947, 400. 00 49, 800, 000. 00	
Conversion bonds	28, 894, 500. 00	
Postal savings bonds	11, 903, 080. 00	
, -		\$883, 713, 110, 00
First Liberty loan of 1932-1947	1, 951, 523, 650, 00	4000, 120, 220, 00
Second Liberty loan of 1927-1942	3, 104, 574, 800, 00	• •
Second Liberty loan of 1927–1942. Third Liberty loan of 1928	2, 978, 776, 300, 00	
Fourth Liberty loan of 1933-1938	6, 324, 489, 850, 00	
<u>.</u>		14, 359, 364, 600. 00
Treasury bonds of 1947–1952		763, 948, 300. 00
·		
Total bonds		16, 007, 026, 010. 00
Notes:		
Treasury notes—		
Series A-1925, maturing Mar.	*O# 00* 000 00	•
15, 1925	597, 325, 900. 00	
Series B-1925, maturing Dec.	000 050 000 00	
15, 1925	299, 659, 900. 00	
Series C-1925, maturing June	406 021 000 00	
15, 1925 Series A-1926, maturing Mar.	406, 031, 000. 00	
15 1096 maturing war.	615 707 000 00	•
15, 1926 Series B-1926, maturing Sept.	615, 707, 900. 00	
15, 1926	414, 922, 300, 00	
Series A-1927, maturing Dec.	414, 922, 300. 00	
15, 1927	355, 779, 900. 00	
Series B-1927, maturing Mar.	000, 110, 500. 00	
15, 1927	668, 201, 400. 00	
20, 202.2222222		3, 357, 628, 300. 00
Treasury certificates:		., , ,
Tax-		
Series TD-1924, maturing		
° Dec. 15, 1924	214, 148, 000. 00	•
Series TD2-1924, maturing		
Dec. 15, 1924	193, 049, 500. 00	
Series TM-1925, maturing		
Series TM-1925, maturing Mar. 15, 1925	400, 299, 000. 00	
Series TS-1925, maturing Sept. 15, 1925		
Sept. 15, 1925	388, 869, 500. 00	1 100 000 000 00
Trocourt (work) sortings socurities:		1, 196, 366, 000. 00
Treasury (war) savings securities:		
Treasury (war) savings certificates,	20 257 052 51	
series 1920 1	20, 357, 053. 51	
Treasury (war) savings certificates, series 1921 1	11, 686, 146. 34	
Treasury savings certificates, series	11, 000, 140, 34	
1921, issue of Dec. 15, 1921 2	1, 805, 047, 30	
Treasury savings certificates, series	1, 000, 011. 00	
1922, issue of Dec. 15, 1921 2	98, 740, 349. 10	
Treasury savings certificates, series	-5,5, 5 -5, 20	
1922, issue of Sept. 30, 1922 2	15, 548, 159. 65	
Treasury savings certificates, series	., -,	
1923, issue of Sept. 30, 1922 2	138, 443, 181. 30	
Treasury savings certificates, series	. ,	
.1923, issue of Dec. 1, 1923 2	25, 215, 723. 55	*
¹ Net cash receipts. ² Net	redemption value of certi	ficates outstanding.

Treasury (war) savings securities— Continued Treasury savings certificates, series 1924, issue of Dec. 1, 1923 2 Thrift and Treasury savings stamps, unclassified sales, etc	\$101, 520, 632. 67 4, 040, 947. 69	\$417, 357, 241. 11
Total interest-bearing debt Matured debt on which interest has		20, 978, 377, 551. 11
ceased: Old debt matured at various dates		
prior to Apr. 1, 1917	1, 281, 760. 26	
Spanish War loan of 1908–1918	262, 360, 00	
Certificates of indebtedness	715, 500. 00	
Treasury notes	6, 911, 800. 00	
3¾ per cent Victory notes of 1922-	* *00 000 00	
23	108, 300. 00	
Called for redemption Dec. 15,	, ,	
1922	3, 589, 300. 00	
Matured May 20, 1923	6, 834, 400. 00	
		19, 703, 420. 26
Debt bearing no interest:	046 601 016 00	•
United States notes	346, 681, 016, 00 152, 979, 025, 63	
Less gold reserve	102, 979, 020. 03	
	193, 701, 990, 37	•
Deposits for retirement of national	200, 102, 000. 01	•
bank notes and Federal reserve		
bank notes	47, 702, 959. 00	
Old demand notes and fractional		
currency	2, 049, 217. 54	049 454 166 01
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		243, 454, 166. 91
Total gross debt		21, 241, 535, 138. 28

² Net redemption value of certificates outstanding.

Ехнівіт 3

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF TRANSACTIONS IN INTEREST-BEARING AND NONINTEREST-BEARING UNITED STATES BONDS, NOTES, AND CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1924

Transactions	Amount	Pieces
I. Transactions in interest-bearing securities (as affecting the outstanding public debt): A. Interest-bearing securities outstanding June 30, 1923 (see Annual Report, June 30, 1923)	\$21,670,392,080.00	1 32, 377, 222
B. Interest-bearing securities issued during the fiscal year 1924— 1. Upon original subscriptions against cash received (see Exhibit 4) 2. Upon exchange, conversion, etc., for securities of equal par value retired (see Exhibit 4) 3. Upon adjudicated claims for replacement (see Exhibit 4)		144, 255 1, 288, 550 4, 513
4. Total issues during the fiscal year 1924 (see Exhibit 4).	5, 376, 860, 680, 00	1, 437, 318
C. Total interest-bearing securities to account for (Items A and B-4)	27, 047, 252, 760. 00	33, 814, 540
D Interest-bearing securities retired during the fiscal year 1924— 1. Account of redemption (see Exhibit 5). 2. Account of exchange, conversion, etc., for securities of equal par value issued (see Exhibit 5). 3. Account loss or destruction (covered by insurance or bonds of indemnity) (see Exhibit 5).	3, 102, 540, 000. 00 3, 360, 850, 320. 00 874, 550. 00	440, 608 4, 824, 668 3, 516
4. Total retirements during the fiscal year 1924 (see Exhibit 5)	6, 464, 264, 870. 00	5, 268, 792
E. Securities outstanding June 30, 1924, which matured during the fiscal year (see Exhibit 6)	14, 705, 500. 00 20, 568, 282, 390. 00	13, 755 28, 531, 993
G. Total interest-bearing securities accounted for (Items D-4, E, and F)	27, 047, 252, 760. 00	33, 814, 540
II. Transactions in interest-bearing securities and securities which matured prior to July 1, 1923 (as affecting the accountability of the Treasury Department and its agents): A. Securities on hand June 30, 1923— 1. Interest-bearing securities (see Exhibit 8)————————————————————————————————————	13, 585, 154, 910. 00 138, 585, 650. 00 10, 343, 031, 888. 43	16, 786, 032 768, 694 2, 688, 045
4. Total securities on hand June 30, 1923	24, 066, 772, 448. 43	20, 242, 771
B. Interest-bearing securities received from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing during the fiscal year 1924 (see Exhibit 10)	4, 272, 142, 300. 00	772, 585
C. Securities received for retirement during the fiscal year 1924— 1. Account redemption— (a) Interest-bearing securities (see Item I, D-1, above) (b) Securities matured prior to July 1, 1923 (see Exhibit 25)	82, 636, 410, 00	440, 608 624, 253
2. Account exchange, conversion, etc., for securities of equal par value issued— (a) Interest-bearing securities (see Item I, D-2, above). (b) Securities matured prior to July 1, 1923 (see Exhibit 25) 3. Account loss or destruction (covered by insurance or bonds of indemnity)— (a) Interest-bearing securities (see Item I, D-3, above).	5, 550. 00	4, 824, 668 7 3, 516
(0) Securities matured prior to July 1, 1923 (see Exhibit 25)	_	2 4
. Total securities received for retirement.	6, 546, 911, 830. 00	5, 893, 048

¹ Includes 231,689 pieces pre-war bonds, which information was unavailable June 30, 1923.

² Counter entry; deduct.

Summary statement of transactions in interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924—Continued

Transactions	Amount	Pieces
I. Transactions in interest-bearing securities and securities which matured prior to July 1, 1923 (as affecting the accountability of the		. *
Treasury Department and its agents)—Continued. D. Total securities to account for (Items A-4, B, and C-4)	\$34,885,826,578.43	26, 908, 404
E. Securities issued during the fiscal year 1924— 1. Upon original subscriptions against cash received (see Item I, B-1, above)	2, 015, 135, 810. 00	144, 255
(a) Interest-bearing securities (see Item I, B-2, above). (b) Securities matured prior to July 1, 1923 (see Exhibit 25). 3. Upon addiudicated claims for replacement—	3, 360, 850, 320. 00 5, 550. 00	1, 288, 550 7
(a) Interest-bearing securities (see Item I, B-3, above) (b) Securities matured prior to July 1, 1923 (see Exhibit 25)	874, 550. 00 5, 000. 00	4, 513 1
4. Total securities issued	5, 376, 871, 230. 00	1, 437, 326
F. Securities delivered to the Register of the Treasury— 1. Account redemption—		
(a) Interest-bearing securities (see Item II, C-1-a, above) (b) Securities matured prior to July 1, 1923 (see Item II, C-1-b, above) (c) Pre-war securities not previously reported (see Exhibit 9).	82, 636, 410. 00	440, 608 624, 253 675, 780
(c) Pre-war securities not previously reported (see Exhibit 9). 2. Account exchange, conversion, etc., for securities of equal par value issued— (a) Interest-bearing securities (see Item II, C-2-a, above). (b) Securities matured prior to July 1, 1923 (see Item II, C-2-b, above). (c) Pre-war securities not previously reported (see Exhibit 9).	3, 360, 850, 320. 00 5, 550. 00	4, 824, 668 7
		2, 010, 620
(a) Interest-bearing securities (see Item II, C-3-a, above) (b) Securities matured prior to July 1, 1923 (see Item II, C-3-b, above) (c) Pre-war securities not previously reported (see Exhibit 9) 4. Unissued securities (excess stocks)— 4. Unissued securities (excess stocks)—	3, 053, 390. 00	3, 516 2 4 1, 638
(a) Interest bearing securities (see Exhibit 11). (b) Securities matured prior to July 1, 1923 (see Exhibit 11). (c) Pre-war securities not previously reported (see Exhibit 9).	1, 050, 970, 250. 00 136, 070, 600. 00 430, 000. 00	2, 349, 924 768, 602 7
5. Total deliveries to the Register of the Treasury during the fiscal year 1924	18, 076, 984, 568. 43	11, 699, 619
G. Securities on hand June 30, 1924— 1. Interest-bearing securities (see Exhibit 8) 2. Securities matured during the fiscal year 1924 (see Exhibit 8)	11, 206, 316, 980. 00 225, 653, 800. 00	13, 561, 898 209, 561
3. Total securities on hand June 30, 1924	11, 431, 970, 780. 00	13, 771, 459
H. Total securities accounted for (Items E-4, F-5, and G-3)	34, 885, 826, 578, 43	26, 908, 404

² Counter entry; deduct.

EXHIBIT 4. (See Exhibit 3, Item I-B)

INTEREST-BEARING UNITED STATES BONDS, NOTES, AND CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS ISSUED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1924, CLASSIFIED BY ISSUES AND ACCOUNTS

			Exchange, conversion, etc., against securities of equal par value retired											
Issue	Original subscrip-		E	xchanges			Conver-	-	Muti-		judi- cated claims	Total	Pieces	
•	tion	Denomina- tional	Coupon	Registered	Tempo- rary	Interim		Transfer	lations, etc. ¹	Total	for replace- ment			
I. Bonds: A. Pre-war bonds— 1. 2 per cent consols of 1930. 2. 4 per cent loan of 1925. 3. 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1916-1936. 4. 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1918-1938. 5. 3 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1918-1938. 6. 3 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1961. 6. 3 per cent panama Canal loan of 1961. 7. 2½ per cent postal savings bonds (first to twenty-sixth series). 8. Total pre-war bonds issued. B. Liberty bonds— 1. First Liberty loan of 1932-1947— (a) First 3½'s. (b) First 4's's. (c) First 4'd's. (d) First second 4'd's 2. Second Liberty loan of 1927-1942— (a) Second 4's. (b) Second 4's. (c) Second 4's. 3. Third Liberty loan of 1928. 4. Fourth Liberty loan of	\$33, 560	\$14, 004, 500 121, 700 38, 784, 900 255, 200 271, 500 203, 858, 300	\$308, 150 655, 100 5, 000 68, 000 168, 300 1, 085, 000 42, 360 2, 331, 910 47, 220, 500 13, 164, 100 388, 600 37, 615, 200	9, 960, 200	\$397, 850 177, 700 2, 450 1, 651, 500 929, 350	\$31,400	\$2,799,800	446, 160 51, 651, 110 13, 825, 500 5, 900 2, 619, 850 20, 550	2, 500 2, 500 750 1, 700	3, 566, 540 1, 431, 660 3, 763, 000 1, 183, 200 488, 520 53, 985, 520 96, 956, 550 1, 293, 600 67, 508, 250 733, 200 5, 409, 800 355, 645, 900	1, 700 1, 800 1, 450 4, 950 29, 700 500 24, 650 145, 350	3, 566, 540 1, 431, 660 3, 763, 000 1, 183, 200 523, 780 54, 020, 880 96, 958, 000 1, 298, 550 67, 537, 950 733, 700 5, 434, 450	4, 717 1, 937 778 441 1, 145 180 1, 161 10, 359 45, 546 7, 942 61, 014 522 28, 990 214, 356 297, 034	
1933-1938				129, 026, 150 330, 836, 350						687, 509, 800 1, 677, 640, 500			<u> </u>	

¹Includes coupon error transactions.

Interest-bearing United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness issued during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, classified by issues and accounts—Continued

			Exchange,	conversion	, etc., agair	nst secur	ities of equ	ıal par valu	e retired	·	Ad-		
Issue	Original subscrip- tion		E	changes			Conver-		Muti-		judi- cated claims for	Total	Pieces
	tion	Denomina- tional	Coupon	Registered	Tempo- rary	Interim	sion .	Transfer	lations, etc. 1	Total	replace- ment		
I. Bonds—Continued. C. 4¼ per cent Treasury bonds of 1947–1952		\$50, 896, 100	\$67, 424, 700	\$8, 809, 800				\$10, 685, 500		\$137, 816, 100	\$3,000	\$137, 819, 100	27, 052
D. Total bonds issued	\$33, 560	900, 710, 150	365, 435, 260	339, 646, 150	\$16,633,750	\$31,400	\$17,172,200	229, 694, 110	\$119, 100	1, 869, 442, 120	872, 950	1, 870, 348, 630	1, 149, 886
II. Treasury notes: 1. Series A-1924 2. Series B-1924 3. Series A-1925 4. Series B-1925 5. Series C-1925 6. Series A-1926 7. Series B-1926 8. Series A-1927 9. Series B-1927	209, 750	89, 994, 700 145, 113, 300 71, 452, 300 124, 061, 900 107, 051, 700 134, 055, 800 112, 789, 400 158, 685, 300							2,000	89, 996, 700 145, 114, 300 71, 452, 300 124, 061, 900	500	145, 114, 300 71, 452, 800 124, 061, 900 107, 051, 700	6, 454 12, 074 6, 166 11, 873 10, 047 9, 802 12, 809
10. Total Treasury notes issued.	209, 750	1, 015, 757, 100							3, 100	1, 015, 760, 200	1,600	1, 015, 971, 550	100, 250
11. Cerimeares of indebedness: 1. Series TS-1923. 2. Series TS-1923. 3. Series TD-1923. 4. Series TM-1924. 5. Series TD2-1923. 6. Series TM2-1924. 7. Series TJ-1924. 8. Series TD-1924. 9. Series TD-1924. 10. Series TD-1924. 11. Special.	249, 750, 500 135, 128, 500 214, 149, 000 400, 299, 000 193, 065, 500	5, 046, 000 16, 709, 500 24, 608, 500 53, 990, 000 84, 321, 500 58, 940, 000 96, 669, 000 11, 255, 000								16, 709, 500 24, 608, 500 53, 990, 000 43, 638, 500 84, 321, 500 58, 940, 000 80, 470, 000 96, 669, 000		24, 608, 500 53, 990, 000 43, 638, 500 334, 072, 000 194, 068, 500 294, 619, 000	5, 363 3, 748 47, 586 22, 419 38, 342 51, 048 15, 521
12. Total certificates of indebt- edness issued	2, 014, 892, 500	475, 648, 000								475, 648, 000		2, 490, 540, 500	187, 182
IV. Total securities issued during fiscal year 1924	2, 015, 135, 810								-		874, 550	5, 376, 860, 680	1, 437, 318

¹Includes coupon error transaction.

EXHIBIT 5. (See Exhibit 3, Item I-D)

INTEREST-BEARING UNITED STATES BONDS, NOTES, AND CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS RETIRED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1924, CLASSIFIED BY ISSUES AND ACCOUNTS

	*	Exchange, conve	rsion, etc., aga	inst securities	of equal par v	alue issue			
Title of issue	Redemption		Exchanges						
		Denominational	Coupon	Registered	Temporary	Interim			
Bonds: A. Pre-war bonds— 1. 2 per cent consols of 1930. 2. 4 per cent loan of 1925. 3. 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1916-1936. 4. 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1918-1938. 5. 3 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1961. 6. 3 per cent conversion bonds of 1946-47. 7. 2½ per cent postal savings bonds (first to twenty-sixth series).			655, 100 5, 000 68, 000 168, 300 1, 085, 000						
8. Total pre-war bonds retired.			2, 331, 910						
B. Liberty bonds— 1. First Liberty loan of 1932-1947— (a) First 3½'s. (b) First 4½'s. (c) First 84½'s. (d) First second 4½'s. 2. Second Liberty loan of 1927-1942— (a) Second 4½'s. (b) Second 4½'s.	239, 400	\$14, 004, 500 121, 700 38, 784, 900 255, 200 271, 500 203, 858, 300	47, 220, 500 13, 164, 100 388, 600 500 37, 615, 200	\$21, 873, 900 768, 150 9, 960, 200 66, 400 3, 457, 450 61, 931, 050	1, 651, 500 929, 350				
3. Third Liberty loan of 1928. 4. Fourth Liberty loan of 1933–1938.	410 587 300	259, 287, 250 333, 230, 700	47, 579, 000 149, 710, 750	103, 753, 050 129, 026, 150	4, 622, 300 8, 852, 600				
5. Total Liberty bonds retired		849, 814, 050	295, 678, 650	330, 836, 350	16, 633, 750	31, 40			
C. 41/4 per cent Treasury bonds of 1947-1952	6, 000	50, 896, 100	67, 424, 700	8, 809, 800					
D. Total bonds retired.	509, 352, 500	900, 710, 150	365, 435, 260	339, 646, 150	16, 633, 750	31, 4			
. Treasury notes: 1. Series A-1924 2. Series B-1924 3. Series A-1925 4. Series B-1925	3, 000, 000 1, 030, 000	145, 113, 300							

Interest-bearing United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness retired during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, classified by issues and accounts—Continued

		Exchange, conve	rsion, etc., aga	inst securities	of equal par va	due issued			
Title of issue	Redemption	Exchanges							
		Denominational	Coupon	Registered	Temporary	Interim			
II. Treasury notes—Continued. 5. Series C-1925. 6. Series A-1926. 7. Series B-1926. 8. Series A-1927. 9. Series B-1927.	1, 029, 300 9, 564, 200	107, 051, 700 134, 055, 800							
10. Total Treasury notes retired	356, 973, 000	1, 015, 757, 100							
III. Certificates of indebtedness: 1. Series TS-1923 2. Series TS-1923 3. Series TD-1923 4. Series TM-1924 5. Series TM-2-1923 6. Series TM-1924 7. Series TJ-1924 8. Series TJ-1924 9. Series TM-1925 10. Series TM-1925 11. Special	134, 151, 500	16, 709, 500 24, 608, 500 53, 990, 000 43, 638, 500 84, 321, 500 80, 470, 000 96, 669, 000 11, 255, 000							
IV. Total securities retired during fiscal year 1924	3, 102, 540, 000	2, 392, 115, 250	\$365, 435, 260	\$339, 646, 150	\$16, 633, 750	\$31, 400			

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Middle of January	Exchange, co		against securit e issued	ies of equal par	Loss or de-	Total	Disass
Title of issue	Conversion	Transfer	Mutilations, etc.1	Total	struction	Total	Pieces.
I. Bonds: A. Pre-war bonds— 1. 2 per cent consols of 1930. 2. 4 per cent loan of 1925. 3. 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1916–1936. 4. 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1918–1938. 5. 3 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1961.		9, 411, 200 3, 561, 540 1, 363, 660 3, 594, 700	\$2,500	1, 431, 660 3, 763, 000		\$33, 483, 800 10, 068, 900 3, 566, 540 1, 431, 660 3, 763, 000	4, 580 2, 939 697 405 2, 683
6. 3 per cent conversion bonds of 1946-47. 7. 2½ per cent postal savings bonds (first to twenty-sixth series)				1, 183, 200 488, 520	1,700	1, 183, 200 490, 220	1, 119 2, 839
8. Total pre-war bonds retired B. Liberty bonds— 1. First Liberty loan of 1932-1947— (a) First 3½'s. (b) First 4's. (c) First 4½'s. (d) First second 4½'s. 2. Second Liberty loan of 1927-1942—	\$2, 799, 800	13, 825, 500 5, 900	750 750	96, 956, 550 4, 093, 400 64, 708, 450 733, 200	1, 450 4, 950 29, 700 500	96, 958, 050 4, 098, 350 64, 977, 550 733, 700	15, 262 194, 255 22, 951 225, 935 1, 257
(a) Second 4's. (b) Second 4's's. 3. Third Liberty loan of 1928 4. Fourth Liberty loan of 1933-1938.	14, 372, 400	27, 350 36, 924, 000 47, 306, 250 66, 628, 100	1, 500 15, 600 35, 550 61, 500	19, 782, 200 341, 273, 500 462, 583, 400 687, 509, 800	24, 650 145, 350 258, 200 403, 350	19, 806, 850 435, 868, 500 873, 428, 900 691, 983, 250	93, 130 873, 113 1, 499, 485 1, 733, 699
5. Total Liberty bonds retired	17, 172, 200	167, 357, 500	116, 600	1, 677, 640, 500	868, 150	2, 187, 855, 150	4, 643, 825
C. 4½ per cent Treasury bonds of 1947-1952		10, 685, 500		137, 816, 100	3,000	137, 825, 100	76, 954
D. Total bonds retired	17, 172, 200	229, 694, 110	119, 100	1, 869, 442, 120	872, 950	2, 379, 667, 570	4, 736, 041
II. Treasury notes: 1. Series A-1924. 2. Series B-1924. 3. Series A-1925. 4. Series B-1925. 5. Series C-1925. 6. Series C-1925. 7. Series B-1926. 8. Series A-1927. 9. Series B-1927.			2,000	71, 452, 300 124, 061, 900 107, 051, 700 134, 055, 800 112, 789, 500		371, 519, 900 92, 996, 700 146, 144, 300 82, 772, 700 149, 327, 400 108, 081, 000 143, 620, 000 119, 587, 500 158, 685, 300	104, 648 15, 402 21, 727 11, 831 26, 384 20, 222 19, 778 21, 418 42, 914
10. Total Treasury notes retired			3, 100	1, 015, 760, 200	1,600	1, 372, 734, 800	284, 324
1 Includes counon error transactions							

¹ Includes coupon error transactions.

Interest-bearing United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness retired during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, classified by issues and accounts—Continued

	Exchange, co	onversion, etc., value	against seçuri e issued	Loss or de-			
Title of issue	Conversion	Transfer	Mutilations, etc.1	Total	struction	Total	Pieces
III. Certificates of indebtedness: 1. Series TS-1923. 2. Series TS2-1923. 3. Series TD-1923. 4. Series TD-1923. 5. Series TD-1924. 6. Series TM-1924. 7. Series TM-1924. 8. Series TD-1924. 9. Series TD-1924. 10. Series TD-1924. 11. Special.				16, 709, 500 24, 608, 500 53, 990, 000 43, 638, 500 84, 321, 500 58, 940, 000 96, 669, 000 11, 255, 000		170, 666, 000 220, 094, 500 374, 265, 000 225, 187, 000 333, 567, 000	24, 150 22, 237 16, 586 68, 307 26, 080 47, 314 21, 916 10, 909 9, 373 1, 507
12. Total certificates of indebtedness retired				475, 648, 000		2, 711, 862, 500	248, 427
IV. Total securities retired during fiscal year 1924	\$17, 172, 200	\$229, 694, 110	\$122, 200	3, 360, 850, 320	\$874, 550	6, 464, 264, 870	5, 268, 792

¹ Includes coupon error transactions.

RELAKY OF THE TREASOR

EXHIBIT 6. (See Exhibit 3, Item I-E)

TREASURY NOTES AND CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS OUTSTANDING JUNE 30, 1924, WHICH MATURED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1924, CLASSIFIED BY ISSUES AND DENOMINATIONS

Issue	\$100	\$500	\$1,000	\$5,000	\$10,000	. \$100,000	Total	Pieces
I. Treasury notes: I. Series A-1924	\$306, 000	\$1, 521, 500	\$5, 290, 000	\$2, 765, 000	\$2, 140, 000	\$100,000	\$12, 122, 500	12, 16
I. Certificates of indebtedness: 1. Series TS-1923 2. Series TS-1923 3. Series TD-1923 4. Series TM-1924 5. Series TD2-1923 6. Series TM2-1924 7. Series TJ-1924 7. Series TJ-1924		37,000	9, 000 11, 000 359, 000 6, 000 158, 000	200, 000 90, 000	50, 000 60, 000 10, 000 110, 000 220, 000	100,000		3 4 2 71 27
7. Series TJ-1924 8. Total certificates of indebtedness		83, 000 304, 000	254, 000 799, 000	190, 000	450, 000 900, 000	100, 000	977, 000 2, 583, 000	1, 5
II. Total securities outstanding June 30, 1924, which matured during the fiscal year 1924.	306, 000	1, 825, 500	6, 089, 000	3, 245, 000	3, 040, 000	200, 000	14, 705, 500	13, 7

EXHIBIT 7. (See Exhibit 3, Item I-F)

INTEREST-BEARING UNITED STATES BONDS, NOTES, AND CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS OUTSTANDING JUNE 30, 1924, CLASSIFIED BY ISSUES AND DENOMINATIONS

Issue	\$20	\$50	\$100	\$500	\$1,000	\$5,000	\$10,000	\$50,000	\$100,000	Total	Pieces
Bonds: A. Pre-war bonds—									,		
1. 2 per cent consols of											
(a) Coupon		\$3,700	\$31,800	\$75, 500	\$541,000		 			\$652,000	1,084
(b) Registered		109, 850	599, 200	2,718,000	23, 595, 000	\$60, 600, 000	\$428, 800, 000	\$82, 650, 000		599, 072, 050	93, 873
2. 4 per cent loan of 1925— (a) Coupon		18,050	112, 800	331,000	6,000,000					6, 461, 850	8, 151
(b) Registered		8, 650	166, 400	622, 000	5, 686, 000	8, 105, 000	97, 440, 000			112, 028, 050	20, 132
3. 2 per cent Panama Canal											
loan, 1916-1936— (a) Coupon	\$900	i	100	Í				i		1,000	46
(b) Registered	4, 180		159,000		5, 930, 000		42, 860, 000			48, 953, 180	12, 015
4. 2 per cent Panama Canal loan, 1918–1938—											
(a) Coupon	140	l	200		3,000	·		li		3, 340	12
(b) Registered	1,560		73, 500		2, 739, 000		23, 130, 000			25, 944, 060	5, 865
5. 3 per cent Panama Canal loan, 1961—											
(a) Coupon			50, 400	336, 500	5, 321, 000			ļ		5, 707, 900	6, 498
(b) Registered			67, 100	377, 000	16, 928, 000		26, 720, 000			44, 092, 100	21, 025
6. 3 per cent conversion bonds of 1946-47—										-	
(a) Coupon		[43, 100		17, 600, 000					17, 643, 100	18, 031
(b) Registered			6, 400		305, 000	230, 000	10, 710, 000			11, 251, 400	1, 486
7. 2½ per cent postal sav-								İ			
ings bonds (first to twenty-sixth series)—									i	i	
(a) Coupon	21,320		122, 200	146, 500						290, 020	2, 581
(b) Registered (c) Interim certifi-	105, 880		1, 474, 500	2, 413, 000						3, 993, 380	24, 865
cates										7, 610, 360	11, 122
8. Total pre-war bonds											
outstanding 1		140, 250	2, 906, 700	7, 019, 500	84, 648, 000	68, 935, 000	629, 660, 000	82, 650, 000		883, 703, 790	226, 786

B. Liberty bonds— 1. First Liberty loan of		1	1		· ·	[1				
1932-1947— (a) First 3½'s— 1. Coupon 2		19, 412, 100		37, 314, 000	932, 574, 000	15, 000	10, 000			1, 014, 085, 500	1, 643, 052
2. Registered (b) First 4's— 1. Coupon		690, 850	2, 244, 000 586, 900	2, 529, 500 213, 000	14, 450, 000 407, 000	20, 700, 000	102, 840, 000	75, 250, 000	\$177, 900, 000	395, 913, 500 1, 917, 750	59, 657 20, 522
2. Registered (c) First 414's— 1. Coupon		138, 900 24, 952, 800	1, 456, 900 47, 309, 100	1, 082, 500 48, 730, 000	1, 591, 000 144, 483, 000	325, 000 35, 205, 000	560, 000 87, 040, 000	100, 000		5, 254, 300 387, 719, 900	21, 226 1, 229, 835
2. Registered (d) First second 41's—	.	1, 358, 350	9, 152, 800	15, 529, 500	39, 371, 000	17, 340, 000	24, 190, 000	9, 000, 000	27, 200, 000	143, 141, 650	195, 464 5, 722
1. Coupon		108, 600 19, 650	180, 500 82, 900	234, 500 104, 000	1, 201, 000 311, 000	145, 000 205, 000	460, 000 190, 000	50,000	200, 000	2, 329, 600 1, 162, 550	1, 804
1927-1942- (a) Second 4's- 1. Coupon		2, 950, 450	2, 378, 600	1, 061, 500	2, 656, 000	295, 000	570, 000		, 	9, 911, 550	87, 690 79, 940
2. Registered (b) Second 4½'s— 1. Coupon			4, 082, 600 156, 193, 900	3, 412, 000 171, 888, 000	5, 592, 000 807, 892, 000	1, 870, 000 251, 850, 000	1, 770, 000 963, 750, 000	500, 000		18, 533, 450 2, 435, 511, 400	4, 539, 102
2. Registered. 3. Third Liberty loan of		5, 332, 650	26, 889, 100	46, 914, 000	137, 945, 000	66, 390, 000	117, 160, 000	47, 100, 000	192, 900, 000	640, 630, 750	635, 182
(a) Coupon	.	145, 924, 650 11, 752, 100	235, 175, 000 53, 350, 700	214, 273, 500 74, 027, 000	762, 596, 000 175, 786, 000	191, 925, 000 60, 160, 000	784, 780, 000 90, 800, 000	33, 850, 000	162, 800, 000	2, 334, 674, 150 662, 525, 800	6, 578, 249 1, 115, 806
(a) Coupon(b) Registered		165, 209, 950 16, 241, 600	318, 847, 600 80, 053, 900	316, 710, 500 108, 536, 000	1, 462, 520, 000 311, 476, 000	498, 455, 000 133, 045, 000	1, 985, 660, 000 247, 040, 000	98, 200, 000	582, 500, 000	4, 747, 403, 050 1, 577, 092, 500	8, 886, 873 1, 713, 021
5. Total Liberty bonds outstanding		479, 337, 000	962, 744, 900	1, 042, 559, 500	4, 800, 851, 000	1, 277, 935, 000	4, 406, 830, 000	264, 050, 000	1, 143, 500, 000	14, 377, 807, 400	26, 813, 145
Co 41/4 per cent Treasury bonds of 1947-1952— (a) Coupon			5, 215, 800	14, 546, 000	137, 214, 000	73, 265, 000	327, 190, 000			557, 430, 800	265, 836
(b) Registered			975, 500	3, 352, 000	17, 460, 000	12, 640, 000	29, 690, 000	13, 300, 000	129, 100, 000	206, 517, 500	40, 973
D. Total bonds outstanding 1.	133, 980	479, 477, 250	971, 842, 900	1, 067, 477, 000	5, 040, 173, 000	1, 432, 775, 000	5, 393, 370, 000	360, 000, 000	1, 272, 600, 000	16, 025, 459, 490	27, 346, 740
Treasury notes—coupon: 1. Series B-1924 2. Series A-1925			999, 100 1, 027, 900	7, 941, 000 6, 741, 000	39, 466, 000 42, 997, 000	39, 375, 000 52, 150, 000	113, 300, 000 165, 410, 000		176, 600, 000 329, 000, 000	377, 681, 100 597, 325, 900	86, 310 97, 019
2. Series A-1925 3. Series C-1925 5. Series A-1926			2, 203, 900 4, 593, 000 3, 179, 400	5, 293, 000 13, 570, 000	28, 703, 000 62, 293, 000	18, 560, 000 45, 925, 000 41, 800, 000	79, 600, 000 126, 450, 000 175, 860, 000		165, 300, 000 153, 200, 000 324, 100, 000	299, 659, 900 406, 031, 000	74, 653 158, 725 128, 775
o. Delies A-1920			. 3, 119, 400	7, 025, 500	63, 743, 000	41, 800, 000	170,000,000		323, 100, 000	010, 707, 900	100,770

¹ Includes postal savings interim certificates issued in various amounts aggregating 11,122 pieces, amounting to \$7,610,360.
² Includes full-paid interim certificates not exchanged for 3½ per cent bonds.

II.

Interest-bearing United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness outstanding June 30, 1924, classified by issues and denominations—Continued

Issue	\$20	\$50 · •	\$100 -	\$500	\$1,000	\$5, 000	\$10,000	\$50,000	\$100,000	Total	Pieces
I. Treasury notes—coupon—Con. 6. Series B–1926. 7. Series A–1927. 8. Series B–1927.			\$1, 316, 300 2, 940, 900 12, 130, 900	\$5, 773, 000 10, 081, 000 31, 696, 500	\$35, 823, 000 43, 838, 000 127, 314, 000	\$41, 660, 000 37, 370, 000 74, 520, 000	\$126, 950, 000 119, 650, 000 196, 040, 000		\$203, 400, 000 141, 900, 000 226, 500, 000	\$414, 922, 300 355, 779, 900 668, 201, 400	83, 593 114, 267 348, 789
9. Total Treasury notes out- standing			28, 391, 400	88, 121, 000	444, 177, 000	351, 360, 000	1, 103, 260, 000		1, 720, 000, 000	3, 735, 309, 400	1, 102, 131
II. Certificates of indebtodness— coupon: 1. Series TD-1924. 2. Series TM-1925. 3. Series TD2-1924				1, 967, 000 2, 443, 000 440, 500	11, 717, 000 16, 901, 000 . 4, 405, 000	20, 855, 000 30, 595, 000 10, 840, 000	64, 610, 000 114, 060, 000 53, 180, 000		115, 000, 000 236, 300, 000 124, 200, 000	214, 149, 000 400, 299, 000 193, 065, 500	27, 433 41, 675 14, 014
4. Total certificates of indebt- edness outstanding				4, 850, 500	33, 023, 000	62, 290, 000	231, 850, 000		475, 500, 000	807, 513, 500	83, 122
V. Total interest-bearing securi- ties outstanding June 30, 1924 ¹	\$133,980	\$479,477,250	1,000,234,300	1, 160, 448, 500	5, 517, 373, 000	1, 846, 425, 000	6, 728, 480, 000	\$360,000,000	3, 468, 100, 000	20, 568, 282, 390	28, 531, 99

Includes postal savings interim certificates issued in various amounts aggregating 11,122 pieces, amounting to \$7,610,360.

EXHIBIT 8. (See Exhibit 3, Items II-A and II-G)

UNITED STATES BONDS, NOTES, AND CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS ON HAND JUNE 30, 1923, AND JUNE 30, 1924, CLASSIFIED BY ISSUES

•		Division of Loan	as and Curren	су	1	Federal res	erve banks i	•
Title of issue	June	30, 1923	June	30, 1924	June	30, 1923	June 30, 1924	
	Matured	Unmatured	Matured	Unmatured	Matured	Unmatured	Matured	Unmatured
I. Bonds: Pre-war bonds— 1. 2 per cent consols of 1930 2. 4 per cent loan of 1925 3. 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1916-1936 4. 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1918-1938 5. 3 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1961 6. 3 per cent conversion bonds of 1946-47 7. 2½ per cent postal savings bonds (first to twenty-sixth series) A. 8. Total pre-war bonds on hand		3, 670, 660 18, 184, 300 15, 614, 600 64, 257, 000		15, 603, 120 27, 502, 640 34, 849, 600 63, 073, 800 11, 021, 920				
B. Liberty bonds— 1. First Liberty loan of 1932-1947— (a) First 3½'s. (b) First 4's. (c) First 4½'s. (d) First second 4½'s. 2. Second Liberty loan of 1927-1942—		1,060,579,350 42,756,750		1, 024, 223, 700 37, 486, 400	ŀ	,	ı	\$10, 341, 55 14, 508, 90 100, 253, 90 704. 25
(a) Second 4's (b) Second 4½'s 3. Third Liberty loan of 1928 4. Fourth Liberty loan of 1933-1938		1, 416, 818, 700 1, 523, 282, 850				36, 526, 050 135, 195, 450 210, 133, 700 177, 190, 750		18, 399, 550 101, 502, 900 115, 341, 050 108, 913, 050
5. Total Liberty bonds on hand		8, 177, 674, 300 263, 481, 500		7, 589, 963, 550 291, 565, 200		733, 377, 000	·	469, 965, 150 69, 939, 400
D. Total bonds on hand		8, 671, 483, 060		8, 119, 172, 230		835, 227, 100		539, 904, 550

Includes Treasury booth.
 Includes imperfect original bonds amounting to \$1,894,300 (9,546 pieces) not previously reported.

United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness on hand June 30, 1923, and June 30, 1924, classified by issues-Continued

	1	Division of Loan	s and Currenc	У		Federal rese	rve banks 1			
Title of issue	June	30, 1923	June	30, 1924	June	30, 1923	June	30, 1924		
	Matured	Unmatured	Matured	Unmatured	Matured	Unmatured	Matured	Unmatured		
II. Notes: A. Victory Liberty loan of 1922-23— 1. Victory 4¾'s-	\$133, 983, 050				\$1,754,100					
B Treasury notes— 1. Series A-1924 2. Series B-1924 3. Series A-1925 4. Series B-1925 5. Series C-1925 6. Series A-1926 7. Series B-1926 8. Series A-1927 9. Series B-1927 10. Various issues (specimens)		\$250, 120, 900 166, 130, 800 316, 578, 200 188, 240, 600 185, 277, 700 468, 785, 300 164, 050, 000 438, 598, 500 314, 512, 300	\$222, 908, 800	\$92, 973, 800 181, 517, 200 163, 755, 100 174, 061, 200 381, 660, 300 102, 627, 000 342, 190, 400 213, 051, 800		124, 819, 000 67, 053, 000 76, 261, 300 84, 353, 700 83, 452, 900 145, 989, 750 345, 500	\$10,000	71, 556, 400 83, 848, 200 59, 795, 600 54, 531, 400 64, 237, 000 78, 141, 300 335, 500		
Total Treasury notes on hand C. Total notes on hand		2, 492, 294, 300	222, 908, 800	1, 651, 836, 800 1, 651, 836, 800	1, 754, 100	817, 901, 450 817, 901, 450	10,000	525, 995, 900 525, 995, 900		
III. Certificates of indebtedness: 1. Series TJ-1923 2. Series TS-1923 3. Series TS2-1923 4. Series TD-1923 5. Series TD-1923 6. Series TD2-1923 7. Series TD2-1924		29, 233, 500 144, 986, 500 119, 464, 500 96, 497, 500 61, 354, 000			344, 000	43, 027, 500 57, 529, 000 71, 642, 000 63, 426, 500 80, 962, 500				
8. Series TJ-1924 9. Series TD-1924 10. Series TM-1925 11. Series TD2-1924 12. Various issues (specimens)				90, 350, 000 76, 268, 000 20, 451, 500				64 231 000		
13. Total certificates of indebtedness on hand		451, 536, 000		187, 069, 500	2, 848, 500	316, 713, 000	2, 735, 000	182, 338, 000		
IV. Total securities on hand	133, 983, 050	11, 615, 313, 360	222, 908, 800	9, 958, 078, 530	4, 602, 600	1, 969, 841, 550	2, 745, 000	1, 248, 238, 450		

¹ Includes Treasury booth.

³ Includes specimens in hands of Treasury officials amounting to \$2,182,500 (75 pieces) not previously reported.

		To	tal			Pie	ces	es	
Title of issue	June 30, 1923		June	30, 1924	June 30, 1923 June 30, 19			30, 1924	
	Matured	Unmatured	Matured	Unmatured	Matured	Unmatured	Matured	Unmatured	
. Bonds:		*							
A. Pre-war bonds— 1. 2 per cent consols of 1930— 2. 4 per cent loan of 1925— 3. 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1916—1936— 4. 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1918—1938— 5. 3 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1961— 6. 3 per cent conversion bonds of 1946—47.		40, 680, 800 3, 670, 660 18, 184, 300 15, 614, 600		\$54, 990, 500 30, 601, 900 15, 603, 120 27, 502, 640 34, 849, 600 63, 073, 800		8, 030 15, 960 2, 767 5, 282 63, 484 31, 247		6, 258 14, 021 4, 438 6, 816 67, 337 31, 067	
 2½ per cent postal savings bonds (first to twenty- sixth series) 				11, 021, 920		68, 722		69, 144	
8. Total pre-war bonds on hand		230, 327, 260		237, 643, 480		195, 492		199, 081	
B Liberty bonds— 1. First Liberty loan of 1932-1947— (a) First 3½'s. (b) First 4½'s. (c) First 4½'s. (d) First second 4½'s. 2. Second Liberty loan of 1927-1942— (a) Second 4½'s. (b) Second 4½'s. 3. Third Liberty loan of 1928. 4. Fourth Liberty loan of 1933-1938.		923, 999, 850 489, 745, 500 1, 194, 557, 800 43, 525, 100 2 1, 493, 421, 650 1, 438, 375, 400 1, 626, 952, 400 1, 700, 473, 600		896, 623, 850 479, 532, 800 1, 124, 477, 600 38, 190, 650 1, 478, 113, 100 1, 140, 785, 550 1, 346, 116, 900 1, 556, 088, 250		877, 642 52, 979 21, 662, 469 1, 205, 146		1, 179, 329 715, 876 792, 598 - 52, 003 1, 616, 334 1, 026, 334 3, 398, 824 3, 269, 688	
5. Total Liberty bonds on hand		8, 911, 051, 300		8, 059, 928, 700		14, 828, 806		12, 051, 100	
C. 41/4 per cent Treasury bonds of 1947-1952.		365, 331, 600		361, 504, 600		276, 564		253, 863	
D. Total bonds on hand		9, 506, 710, 160		8, 659, 076, 780		15, 300, 862		12, 504, 044	

² Includes imperfect original bonds amounting to \$1,894,300 (9,546 pieces) not previously reported.

10065—FI 1924†-

United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness on hand June 30, 1923, and June 30, 1924, classified by issues—Continued

		Total					es		
Title of issue	June	30, 1923	June 8	30, 1924	June	30, 1923	June	June 30, 1924	
and the second s	Matured	Unmatured	Matured	Unmatured	Matured	Unmatured	Matured	Unmatured	
II. Notes: A. Victory Liberty loan of 1922-23— 1. Victory 4¾'s	\$135, 737, 150				768, 175				
B. Treasury notes— 1. Series A-1924 2. Series B-1924 3. Series A-1925 4. Series C-1925 5. Series C-1925 6. Series A-1926 7. Series B-1926 8. Series B-1927 9. Series B-1927 10. Various issues (specimens)		\$337, 773, 700 231, 308, 100 399, 374, 400 313, 059, 660 252, 330, 700 545, 046, 600 248, 403, 700 522, 051, 400 460, 502, 050 345, 500	\$222, 908, 800	\$147, 868, 900 253, 073, 600 247, 603, 300 233, 856, 800 436, 191, 700 161, 282, 400 406, 427, 400 291, 193, 100 335, 500		238, 676 105, 475 222, 812 131, 375 112, 561 118, 548 72, 411 178, 790 123, 776	209, 469	99, 345 209, 299 124, 117 102, 583 107, 869 58, 752 165, 185 95, 291	
11. Total Treasury notes on hand		3, 310, 195, 750	222, 918, 800	2, 177, 832, 700		1, 304, 433	209, 470	962, 449	
C. Total notes on hand	135, 737, 150	3, 310, 195, 750	222, 918, 800	2, 177, 832, 700	768, 175	1, 304, 433	209, 470	962, 449	
III. Certificates of indebtedness: 1. Series TJ-1923 2. Series TS-1923 3. Series TS2-1923 4. Series TD-1923 5. Series TM-1924 6. Series TD2-1923 7. Series TM2-1924		202, 515, 500 191, 106, 500 159, 924, 000 142, 316, 500				40, 441 27, 034			
8. Series TJ-1924 9. Series TD-1924 10. Series TM-1925 11. Series TD2-1924 12. Various issues (specimens)				154, 581, 000 145, 046, 500 69, 674, 500 105, 500		5		17, 128 60, 796 17, 478 3	
13. Total certificates of indebtedness on hand	2, 848, 500	768, 249, 000	2, 735, 000	369, 407, 500	519	180, 737	91	95, 405	
IV. Total securities on hand	138, 585, 650	13, 585, 154, 910	225, 653, 800	11, 206, 316, 980	768, 694	16, 786, 032	209, 561	13, 561, 898	

³ Includes specimens in hands of Treasury officials amounting to \$2,182,500 (75 pieces) not previously reported

EXHIBIT 9. (See Exhibit 3, Items II-A and F)

UNITED STATES PRE-WAR SECURITIES ON HAND JUNE 30, 1923—NOT PREVIOUSLY REPORTED (BELONGING TO PREVIOUS FISCAL YEARS AND DELIVERED TO THE REGISTER OF THE TREASURY DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1924)

_		Retired securities			T7 .:1	Total	
Title of issue	Interest rate	Redemption	Exchange, conversion, etc.	Loss or destruction	Unissued stock	Amount	Pieces
Loan of 1841 Loan of 1842 Loan of 1843 Loan of 1846 Loan of 1846 Loan of 1847 Loan of 1848 Loan of 1858	5 6 6 6	\$5, 672, 976. 88 6, 568, 486. 03 5, 596, 731. 35 4, 976, 023. 00 28, 172, 200. 00 8, 009, 000. 00 6, 255, 500. 00	\$3, 910, 066, 18 19, 847, 494, 84 16, 810, 500, 00 11, 757, 648, 35 52, 247, 450, 00 19, 631, 291, 80 10, 430, 000, 00 7, 144, 000, 00		\$30,000.00	\$9, 583, 043, 06 26, 445, 980, 87 22, 407, 231, 35 16, 733, 671, 35 80, 419, 650, 00 27, 640, 291, 80 16, 685, 000, 00	3, 324 9, 718 6, 573 7, 784 37, 684 9, 939 3, 337
Loan of 1860 Loan of February, 1861 Loan of July and August, 1861 Loan of July and August, 1861, continued Loan of 1862 Loan of 1863 Loan of 1863, continued Five-twenties of March, 1864	5 6 6 3½ 6	6, 075, 000. 00 14, 888, 000. 00 36, 219, 600. 00 127, 595, 600. 00 116, 808, 800. 00 14, 732, 950. 00 50, 457, 850. 00	348, 216, 950. 00 42, 991, 400. 00 164, 951, 750. 00 139, 344, 350. 00 27, 803, 150. 00	80, 000. 00 80, 000. 00 89, 150. 00		384, 806, 050. 00 170, 587, 000. 00 281, 840, 550. 00 154, 166, 450. 00 78, 261, 000. 00	3, 499 19, 803 108, 832 39, 530 95, 621 43, 012 18, 506
Five-twenties of June, 1864 Ten-forties of 1864 Five-twenties of 1865 Consols of 1865 Consols of 1867 Consols of 1868	6 5 6 6	3, 129, 100, 00 57, 898, 950, 00 144, 854, 150, 00 63, 570, 300, 00 115, 952, 900, 00 152, 328, 500, 00 17, 531, 000, 00	3, 229, 200, 00 61, 372, 450, 00 219, 460, 950, 00 81, 377, 450, 00 209, 074, 950, 00 244, 612, 800, 00 23, 012, 000, 00	8, 000. 00 642, 350. 00 16, 000. 00		144, 963, 750, 00 325, 157, 950, 00	1, 569 29, 895 89, 721 42, 631 106, 258 127, 117 13, 185
Funded loan of 1881 Funded loan of 1881, continued Loan of 1882. Funded loan of 1891 Funded loan of 1891, continued Certificates of indebtedness, 1898 Loan of 1904	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	60, 576, 100. 00 694, 515, 250. 00 305, 581, 050. 00 184, 271, 950. 00 50, 518, 600. 00 16, 186, 500. 00 75, 399, 250. 00	331, 952, 200. 90 186, 615, 500. 00 143, 434, 650. 00 491, 643, 950. 00 32, 918, 900. 00 2, 038, 000. 00 128, 582, 550. 00	600.00 2,100.00 25,200.00		881, 131, 350, 00 449, 017, 800, 00 675, 941, 100, 00 83, 437, 500, 00 18, 224, 500, 00 203, 986, 850, 00	79, 691 110, 321 111, 161 173, 534 16, 472 592 54, 729
Loan of 1907 Loan of 1908–1918 Bounty land scrip Treasury notes, 1916–17 Loan of 1925 Consols of 1930	4 3 6 3 4	660, 344, 000. 00 103, 205, 420. 00 229, 000. 00 35, 184, 550. 00	1, 920, 265, 150. 00 234, 840, 960. 00 319, 650. 00 4, 390, 000. 00	747, 200. 00 95, 320. 00		2, 581, 356, 350. 00 338, 141, 700. 00 548, 650. 00 4, 390. 000. 00	765, 611 179, 119 4, 392 451 109, 228 190, 051

Total

United States pre-war securities on hand June 30, 1923—not previously reported (belonging to previous fiscal years and delivered to the Register of the Treasury during the fiscal year 1924)—Continued

Retired securities

the state of the s	Interest				Unissued		
Title of issue	rate	Redemption	Exchange, conversion, etc.	Loss or destruction	stock	Amount	Pieces
Panama Canal loan, 1906–1936. Panama Canal loan, 1908–1938. Panama Canal loan, 1911–1961. Conversion bonds, 1916–1946. Postal savings bonds.	Per cent 2 2 3 3 21/2		\$81, 016, 900. 00 54, 101, 180. 00 75, 415, 700. 00 5, 900, 600. 00 20. 00	\$2,000.00	\$400,000.00	\$81, 016, 900. 00 54, 101, 180. 00 75, 817, 700. 00 5, 900, 600. 00 11, 040. 00	18, 179 9, 084 45, 527 2, 301 64
Total		\$3, 173, 304, 787, 26	7, 166, 243, 711, 17	3, 053, 390, 00	430, 000, 00	10, 343, 031, 888, 43	2, 688, 045

EXHIBIT 10. (See Exhibit 3, Item 11-B)

INTEREST-BEARING UNITED STATES BONDS, NOTES, AND CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS RECEIVED FROM THE BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1924

Title of issue	Coupon	Registered	Total	Pieces
L. Bonds:				
A. Pre-war bonds— 1. 2 per cent consols of 1930.		\$11, 500, 000	\$11, 500, 000	2, 950
2. 4 per cent loan of 1925 3. 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1916–1936. 4. 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1918–1938. 5. 3 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1961 6. 3 per cent conversion bonds of 1946–1947 7. 2½ per cent postal savings bonds (first to twenty-sixth series)		15, 500, 000 10, 750, 000 23, 000, 000	15, 500, 000 10, 750, 000 23, 000, 000	2, 450 1, 975 5, 000
7. 2½ per cent postal savings bonds (first to twenty-sixth series)		1 605, 100	¹ 605, 100	1 1, 583
8. Total pre-war bonds received		61, 355, 100	61, 355, 100	13, 958
B. Liberty bonds— 1. First Liberty loan of 1932-1947— (a) First 31/s.	\$66,000,000	3, 750, 000	69, 750, 000	66, 375
(b) First 4's. (c) First 4'4's. (d) First second 4'4's 2. Second Liberty loan of 1927-1942—		837, 500	837, 500	1,675
(a) Second 4's(b) Second 4's's(c) Second 4's's(d) Second 4's(d) Second 4's(d) Second 4's(d) Second 4's's(d) 53, 000, 000 150, 000, 000	10, 457, 000 143, 092, 700 282, 270, 000	63, 457, 000 293, 092, 700 550, 400, 000	48, 680 141, 267 180, 682	
5. Total Liberty bonds received.	537, 130, 000	440, 407, 200	977, 537, 200	438, 679
C 4½ per cent Treasury bonds of 1947–1952	25, 000, 000	110, 000, 000	0 135, 000, 000	4, 500
D. Total bonds received	562, 130, 000	611, 762, 300	1, 173, 892, 300	457, 137
II. Treasury notes: 1. Series A-1924 2. Series B-1924 3. Series A-1925 4. Series B-1925	10 000 000		10, 000, 000 10, 000, 000	100 1,000
4. Series B-1925	10, 000, 000		10, 000, 000	100

¹ Interim certificates (issued in lieu of postal savings bonds) and special certificates are received from the Burcau of Engraving and Printing in blank form, amounts to be filled in as the certificates are issued. The figures for postal savings bonds, shown above, include 983 interim certificates issued at a face value of \$481,100. Figures for special certificates represent number and face value of the certificates issued

Interest-bearing United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness received from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924—Continued

Title of issue	Coupon	Registered	Total	Pieces
II. Treasury notes—Continued. 5. Series C-1925 6. Series A-1926			\$110,000,000	6,*500
7. Series B-1926 8. Series B-1927 9. Series B-1927	50, 000, 000			500
10. Total Treasury notes received	190, 000, 000		190, 000, 000	8, 200
III. Certificates of indebtedness: 1. Series TS-1923. 2. Series TS2-1923. 3. Series TD-1923				100
4. Series TM-1924. 5. Series TD2-1923 6. Series TM2-1924 7. Series TJ-1924 8. Series TD-1924 9. Series TM-1925. 10. Series TM-1925. 11. Special ¹	431, 000, 000 273, 250, 000 450, 000, 000 647, 500, 000		431, 000, 000 273, 250, 000 450, 000, 000 647, 500, 000	68, 500 36, 500 56, 000 113, 100 33, 000
12. Total certificates of indebtedness received	2, 085, 750, 000	822, 500, 000	2, 908, 250, 000	307, 248
IV. Total interest-bearing securities received.	2, 837, 880, 000	1, 434, 262, 300	4, 272, 142, 300	772, 585

¹ Interim certificates (issued in lieu of postal savings bonds) and special certificates are received from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing in blank form, amounts to be filled in as the certificates are issued. The figures for postal savings bonds, shown above, include 983 interim certificates issued at a face value of \$481, 100. Figures for special certificates represent number and face value of the certificates issued.

EXHIBIT 11. (See Exhibit 3, Item II-F)

UNISSUED UNITED STATES BONDS, NOTES, AND CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS, INTEREST-BEARING AND NONINTEREST-BEARING JULY 1, 1923, DELIVERED TO THE REGISTER DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1924

Title of issue		of Loans and rency	By Federal re	eserve banks 1	т	otal	Pieces		
:	Matured	Unmatured	Matured	Unmatured	Matured	Unmatured	Matured	Unm	
Bonds: A. Pre-war bonds— 1. 2 per cent consols of 1930. 2. 4 per cent loan of 1925. 3. 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1916–1936. 4. 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1918–1938. 5. 3 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1961.		10,000 1,000				1,000 2,000			
6. 3 per cent conversion bonds of 1946-47. 7. 2½ per cent postal savings bonds (first to twenty-sixth series) 8. Total pre-war bonds delivered.		18,000				18,000			
B. Liberty bonds— 1. First Liberty loan of 1932-1947— (a) First 3½'s. (b) First 4's. (c) First 4's. (d) First second 4½'s. (2) Second Liberty loan of 1927-1942—		167, 900 100 1, 137, 900 4, 600, 650		8, 914, 050 2, 241, 850 100		168,000 8,914,150 3,379,750 4,600,750		i	
(a) Second 4's (b) Second 4's 3. Third Liberty loan of 1938 4. Fourth Liberty loan of 1933-1938		4,007,550 108,216,350		1, 248, 050 2, 870, 250		5 255 600		17 13 2,024 1	
5. Total Liberty bonds delivered		124, 969, 500		25, 181, 650		150, 151, 150		2, 103	
C. 41/4 per cent Treasury bonds of 1947-1952		755, 300		252, 600		1,007,900		· .	
D. Total bonds delivered		125, 742, 800		25, 434, 250		151, 177, 050		2, 140	

¹ Includes Treasury booth

Unissued United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness, interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing July 1, 1923, delivered to the Register during the fiscal year 1924—Continued

Title of issue		of Loans and rency	By Federal r	eserve banks 1	Г	otal	Pieces		
	Matured	Unmatured	Matured	Unmatured	Matured	Unmatured	Matured	Unmatured	
II. Notes: A. Victory Liberty loan of 1922-23— 1. Victory 4½'s.	\$133, 972, 500		\$1, 754, 100		\$135, 72 6, 600		768, 167		
B. Treasury notes— 1. Series A-1924 2. Series B-1924 3. Series A-1925 4. Series B-1925 5. Series C-1925 6. Series A-1926 7. Series B-1927 9. Series B-1927				1, 186, 500 4, 003, 500		4, 003, 500 4, 412, 000 1, 803, 200 3, 065, 500 2, 834, 500		23, 495 676 1, 439 1, 192 4, 605 632 4, 357 796 3, 272	
10. Total Treasury notes delivered				83, 472, 700				40, 464	
C. Total notes delivered	133, 972, 500		1, 754, 100	83, 472, 700	135, 726, 600	83, 472, 700	768, 167	40, 464	
III. Certificates of indebtedness: 1. Series TJ-1923. 2. Series TS-1923. 3. Series TS2-1923. 4. Series TD-1923. 5. Series TM-1924. 6. Series TD2-1923. 7. Series TM2-1924. 8. Series TJ-1924 9. Series TD-1924 10. Series TD-1924 11. Series TD2-1924		139, 986, 500 110, 764, 500 72, 597, 500 43, 854, 000 45, 614, 500 49, 463, 000		45, 819, 500 55, 733, 500 33, 336, 500		105, 934, 000 98, 678, 000 96, 923, 000	435	31, 265 38, 665 38, 466 21, 671 38, 547 20, 913 14, 080 529 1, 255	
12. Total certificates of indebtedness delivered		500, 513, 500	344, 000	315, 807, 000	344, 000	816, 320, 500	435	205, 391	
IV. Total unissued securities delivered	133, 972, 500	626, 256, 300	2, 098, 100	424, 713, 950	136, 070, 600	1, 050, 970, 250	768, 602	2, 349, 924	

¹ Includes Treasury booth.

Ехнівіт 12

SUMMARY OF TRANSACTIONS IN INTEREST-BEARING UNITED STATES BONDS, NOTES, AND CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1924

Account	Pre-war bonds. (See Exhibit 13)	Liberty bonds and Treasury bonds. (See Exhibit 14)	Treasury notes. (See Exhibit 15)	Certificates of indebtedness. (See Exhibit 16)	Total
+ I. Outstanding June 30, 1923	\$883, 670, 230	\$15, 651, 108, 200	\$4, 104, 195, 150	\$1, 031, 418, 500	\$21, 670, 392, 080
II. Issued during the fiscal year 1924: A. Upon original subscriptions against cash received B. Upon exchange, conversion, etc., for securities of equal par value retired— 1. Exchange— 1. Exchange—	33, 560	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2, 014, 892, 500	2, 015, 135, 810
(a) Interim certificates (b) Registered for coupon	_f	31, 400 339, 646, 150		475, 648, 000	31, 400 339, 646, 150 365, 435, 260
(c) Coupon for registered (d) Of denominations. (e) Temporary for permanent	2, 331, 910	900, 710, 150 16, 633, 750	1, 015, 757, 100	475, 648, 000	2, 392, 115, 250 16, 633, 750 122, 200
(e) Temporary for permanent. (f) Mutilated for perfect 1. 2. Conversion.		116, 600 17, 172, 200	3, 100		122, 200 17, 172, 200
3. Transfer of ownership C. Upon adjudicated claims for replacement	- 1,800	178, 043, 000 871, 150	1,600		229, 694, 110 874, 550
D. Total issued during the fiscal year 1924.	54, 020, 880	1, 816, 327, 750	1, 015, 971, 550	2, 490, 540, 500	5, 376, 860, 680
III. Retired during the fiscal year 1924; A. Account of redemption— 1. Purchases—					
(a) Sinking fund (b) Repayment of loans to foreign governments	-	238, 025, 450 38, 509, 150	57, 961, 900		295, 987, 350 38, 509, 150
(d) From surplus money in the Treasury	-	128, 466, 950	l ·	Į.	
Securities received for redemption— (a) Federal estate taxes (b) Forfeitures		44 200	45,000		8, 791, 400 44, 200
(c) Miscellaneous sources(d) Repayment of loans to foreign governments		47, 350 22, 964, 550			47, 350 22, 964, 550 87, 913, 900 2, 516, 180, 600
(e) Interest payments on obligations of foreign governments(f) At maturity		68, 913, 900	298, 966, 100	19, 000, 000 2, 217, 214, 500	2, 516, 180, 600

¹ Includes coupon error transactions.

Summary of transactions in interest-bearing United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness for the fiscal year 1924—Continued

Account	Pre-war bonds. (See Exhibit 13)	Liberty bonds and Treasury bonds. (See Exhibit 14)	Treasury notes. (See Exhibit 15)	Certificates of indebtedness. (See Exhibit 16)	.Total
III. Retired during the fiscal year 1924—Continued. B. Account of exchange, conversion, etc., for securities of equal par value issued— 1. Exchange— (a) Interim certificates.		\$31, 400		-	- \$31, 400
(b) Registered for coupon	\$2, 331, 910.	339, 646, 150 363, 103, 350 900, 710, 150	\$1, 015, 757, 100	\$475, 648, 000	339, 646, 150 365, 435, 260 2, 392, 115, 250
(e) Temporary for permanent (f) Mutilated for perfect 1. 2. Conversion 3. Transfer of ownership. C. Account loss or destruction (covered by insurance or bonds of indemnity)	2, 500 <u>%</u>	16, 633, 750 116, 600 17, 172, 200 178, 043, 000	3, 100		16, 633, 750 122, 200 17, 172, 200 229, 694, 110
		871, 150	1,600		874, 550
D. Total retired during the fiscal year 1924	53, 987, 320	2, 325, 680, 250	.1, 372, 734, 800	2, 711, 862, 500	6, 464, 264, 870
IV. Outstanding June 30, 1924. Deduct interest-bearing debt which matured during year	883, 703, 790	15, 141, 755, 700	3, 747, 431, 900 12, 122, 500	810, 096, 500 2, 583, 000	20, 582, 987, 890 14, 705, 500
V Outstanding June 30, 1924 (per public-debt statement)	883, 703, 790	15, 141, 755, 700	3, 735, 309, 400	807, 513, 500	20; 568, 282, 390

¹ Includes coupon error transactions.

Exhibit 13. (See Exhibit 12)

TRANSACTIONS IN INTEREST-BEARING PRE-WAR BONDS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1924

	2 per cent	4	Pa	nama Canal lo	ans	3 per cent	2½ per cent postal savings	
Account	consols of 1930	4 per cent loan of 1925	2 per cent of 1916–1936	2 per cent of . 1918-1938	3 per cent of 1961	bonds of 1946-47	bonds (first to twenty- sixth series)	Total
I. Outstanding June 30, 1923	\$599, 724, 050	\$118, 489, 900	\$48, 954, 180	\$25, 947, 400	\$49, 800, 000	\$28, 894, 500	\$11,860,200	\$883, 670, 230
 II. Issued during the fiscal year 1924: A. Upon original subscriptions against cash received B. Upon exchange, transfer, etc., for securities of equal par value retired— 							33, 560	33, 560
Exchange— (a) Coupon for registered. (b) Mutilated for perfect.	308, 150	655, 100 2, 500	5, 000	68, 000	168, 300	1, 085, 000	42, 360	2, 331, 910 2, 500
Transfer of ownership C. Upon adjudicated claims for replacement	33, 175, 650	9, 411, 200	3, 561, 540	1, 363, 660	3, 594, 700	98, 200	446, 160 1, 700	51, 651, 110 1, 800
D. Total issued during the fiscal year 1924	33, 483, 800	10, 068, 900	3, 566, 540	1, 431, 660	3, 763, 000	1, 183, 200	523, 780	54, 020, 880
III. Retired during the fiscal year 1924: A. Account of redemption B. Account of exchange, transfer, etc., for securities of equal par value issued— 1. Exchange—							,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
(a) Coupon for registered (b) Mutilated for perfect (c)	308, 150	655, 100 2, 500	5, 000	68,000	168, 300	1, 085, 000	42, 360	2, 331, 910 2, 500
2. Transfer of ownership C. Account of loss or destruction (covered by insurance	33, 175, 650	9, 411, 200	3, 561, 540	1, 363, 660	3, 594, 700	98, 200	446, 160	51, 651, 110
or bonds of indemnity)		100					1,700	1,800
D. Total retired during fiscal year 1924	33, 483, 800	10, 068, 900	3, 566, 540	1, 431, 660	3, 763, 000	1, 183, 200	490, 220	53, 987, 320
IV. Outstanding June 30, 1924	599, 724, 050	118, 489, 900	48, 954, 180	25, 947, 400	49, 800, 000	28, 894, 500	11, 893, 760	883, 703, 790

Exhibit 14. (See Exhibit 12)
TRANSACTIONS IN INTEREST-BEARING LIBERTY BONDS AND TREASURY BONDS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1924

	Firs	t Liberty lo	an of 1932-194	7	Second L	iberty loan of 27–1942	m : 1414	B - 0 414	4½ per cent	
Account	First 3½'s	First 4's	First 41/4's	First sec- ond 41/4's	Second 4's	Second 4½'s	Third 41/4's	Fourth 41/4's	Treasury bonds	Total
I. Outstanding June 30, 1923	\$1, 409, 999, 050	\$9, 971, 850	\$528, 301, 150	\$3, 492, 150	\$42, 817, 400	\$3, 156, 219, 400	\$3, 407, 787, 250	\$6, 328, 565, 650	\$763, 954, 300	\$15, 651, 108, 200
II. Issued during the fiscal year 1924: A. Upon original subscriptions against cash received B. Upon exchange, conversion, etc., for securities of										
equal par value re- tired— 1. Exchange— (a) Interim certifi-						-				
cates(b) Registered for	31, 400									31,400
coupon coupon for regis-	21, 873, 900	768, 150	9, 960, 200	66, 400	3, 457, 450	61, 931, 050	103, 753, 050	129, 026, 150	8, 809, 800	339, 646, 150
(c) Coupon for regis- tered	47, 220, 500 14, 004, 500	121, 700	13, 164, 100 38, 784, 900	388, 600 255, 200	500 271, 500	37, 615, 200 203, 858, 300	47, 579, 000 259, 287, 250	149, 710, 750 333, 230, 700	67, 424, 700 50, 896, 100	363, 103, 350 900, 710, 150
permanent (f) Mutilated for	750	397, 850	177, 700 1, 700	2, 450	1, 651, 500 1, 500	929, 350 15, 600	4, 622, 300	8, 852, 600 61, 500		16, 633, 750
perfect ¹ 2. Conversion			2, 799, 800			14, 372, 400	35, 550			116, 600 17, 172, 200
3. Transfer of ownership C. Upon adjudicated claims for	13, 825, 500	5, 900	2, 619, 850	20, 550	27, 350	36, 924, 000	47, 306, 250	66, 628, 100	10, 685, 500	178, 043, 000
replacement	1,450	4, 950	29, 700	500	24, 650	145, 350	258, 200	403, 350	3,000	871, 150
D. Total issued during the fiscal year 1924	96, 958, 000	1, 298, 550	67, 537, 950	733, 700	5, 434, 450	355, 791, 250	462, 841, 600	687, 913, 150	137, 819, 100	1, 816, 327, 750
III. Retired during the fiscal year 1924: A. Account of redemption— 1. Purchases—								. :		
(a) Sinking fund (b) Repayment of loans to foreign							238, 025, 450	·		238, 025, 450
governments (c) Franchise tax receipts							38, 509, 150 3, 634, 550			38, 509, 150 3, 634, 550
(d) From surplus money in the Treasury							128, 466, 950			128, 466, 950

Securities received for re- demption— (a) Federal estate taxes			236, 850			2, 523, 200	1, 942, 550	4, 037, 800	6,000	8, 746, 400
(b) Forfeitures (c) Miscellaneous	50		2, 550			12, 250	7, 150	22, 200	0,000	44, 200
sources(d) Repayment of loans to foreign						35, 750	1, 500	10, 100		47, 350
governments (e) Interest pay-				,		22, 964, 550		·		22, 964, 550
ments on obli- gations of for- eign govern- ments.	·				. : .	68, 913, 900				68, 913, 900
B. Account of exchange, conversion, etc., for securities of equal par value is-						.,,				,
sued— 1. Exchange— (a) Interim certificates	31, 400					-	,	,		31, 400
(b) Registered for coupon	21, 873, 900	768, 150	9, 960, 200	66, 400	3, 457, 450	61, 931, 050	103, 753, 050	129, 026, 150	8, 809, 800	339, 646, 150
(c) Coupon for regis- tered	47, 220, 500	700, 130	13, 164, 100.	388, 600	500	37, 615, 200	47, 579, 000	149, 710, 750	67, 424, 700	363, 103, 350
(d) Of denominations (e) Temporary for	14, 004, 500	121, 700	38, 784, 900	255, 200	271, 500	203, 858, 300	259, 287, 250	333, 230, 700	50, 896, 100	900, 710, 150
permanent(f) Mutilated for		397, 850	177, 700	2, 450	1, 651, 500	929, 350	4, 622, 300	8, 852, 600		16, 633, 750
perfect 1	750	2, 799, 800	1,.700		1,500 14,372,400	15, 600	35, 550	61, 500		116, 600 17, 172, 200
3. Transfer of ownership C. Account loss or destruction (covered by insurance or	13, 825, 500	5, 900	2, 619, 850	20, 550	27, 350	36, 924, 000	47, 306, 250	66, 628, 100	10, 685, 500	178, 043, 000
bonds of indemnity)	1,450	4, 950	29, 700	500	24, 650	145, 350	258, 200	403, 350	3, 000	871, 150
D. Total retired during fiscal year 1924.	96, 958, 050	4, 098, 350	64, 977, 550	733, 700	19, 806, 850	435, 868, 500	873, 428, 900	691, 983, 250	137, 825, 100	2, 325, 680, 250
IV. Outstanding June 30, 1924	1, 409, 999, 000	7, 172, 050	530, 861, 550	3, 492, 150	28, 445, 000	3, 076, 142, 150	2, 997, 199, 950	6, 324, 495, 550	763, 948, 300	15, 141, 755, 700

Includes coupon error transactions.

EXHIBIT 15. (See Exhibit 12)

TRANSACTIONS IN INTEREST-BEARING TREASURY NOTES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1924

Account	Series A-1924	Series B-1924	Series A-1925	Series B-1925	Series C-1925	Series A-1926	Series B-1926	Series A-1927	Series B-1927	Total
I. Outstanding June 30, 1923	\$311, 088, 600	\$380, 681, 100	\$598, 355, 900	\$310, 979, 800	\$431, 296, 500	\$616, 737, 200	\$424, 486, 500	\$362, 577, 900	\$667, 991, 650	\$4, 104, 195, 150
II. Issued during the fiscal year 1924: A. Upon original subscription against cash received.	:								209, 750	209, 750
B. Upon exchange, conversion, etc., for securities of equal par value retired— 1. Exchange—									,	
(a) Of denominations 1(b) Mutilated	72, 552, 700	89, 994, 700	145, 113, 300	71, 452, 300	124, 061, 900	107, 051, 700	134, 055, 800	112, 789, 400	158, 685, 300	1, 015, 757, 100
for perfect C. Upon adjudicated claims for replacement	1, 100	2, 000	1,000	500				100		3, 100 1, 600
D. Total issued during the fiscal year 1924	72, 553, 800	89, 996, 700	145, 114, 300	71, 452, 800	124, 061, 900	107, 051, 700	134, 055, 800	112, 789, 500	158, 895, 050	1, 015, 971, 550
III. Retired during the fiscal year 1924:			,	,						
A. Account of redemption— 1. Purchases— (a) Sinking fund 2. Securities received for redemption—		3, 000, 000	1, 000, 000	11, 315, 900	25, 265, 500	1, 018, 300	9, 564, 200	6, 798, 000		57, 961, 900
(a) Federal es- tate taxes (b) At maturity.	298, 966, 100	j.	30, 000	4, 000		11, 000				45, 000 298, 966, 100
B. Account of exchange, conversion, etc., for securi- ties of equal par value is- sued—		1		,						, , , i
1. Exchange— (a) Of denominations 2	72, 552, 700	-89, 994, 700	145, 113, 300	71, 452, 300	124, 061, 900	107, 051, 700	134, 055, 800	112, 789, 400	158, 685, 300	1, 015, 757, 100
(b) Mutilated for perfect		2, 000	1,000		·			100		3, 100

C. Account oss or destruc- tion (covered by insur- ance or bonds of indem- nity)	1, 100			500			-			1,600
. •••										
D. Total retired during fis- cal year 1924	371, 519, 900	92, 996, 700	146, 144, 300	82, 772, 700	149, 327, 400	108, 081, 000	143, 620, 000	119, 587, 500	158, 685, 300	1, 372, 734, 800
IV. Outstanding June 30, 1924	12, 122, 500	377, 681, 100	597, 325, 900	299, 659, 900	406, 031, 000	615, 707, 900	414, 922, 300	355, 779, 900	668, 201, 400	3, 747, 431, 900

¹ Includes deliveries against receipts by other Federal reserve banks.
² Includes receipts against deliveries by other Federal reserve banks.

EXHIBIT 16. (See Exhibit 12)

TRANSACTIONS IN INTEREST-BEARING CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1924

○ Account	Series TS-1923	Series TS2-1923	Series TD-1923	Series TM-1924	Series TD2-1923	Series TM2-1924
Outstanding June 30, 1923	\$179, 116, 500	\$154, 039, 000	\$195, 512, 500	\$321, 196, 000	\$181, 554, 500	
I. Issued during the fiscal year 1924: A. Upon original subscription against cash received						\$249, 750, 500
B. Upon exchange for securities of equal par value retired— 1. Of denominations 1	5, 046, 000	16, 709, 500	24, 608, 500	53, 990, 000	43, 638, 500	84, 321, 500
C. Total issued during the fiscal year 1924	5, 046, 000	16, 709, 500	24, 608, 500	53, 990, 000	43, 638, 500	334, 072, 000
II. Retired during the fiscal year 1924: A. Account of redemption— 1. Securities received— (a) Interest payments on obligations of foreign governments						
B. Account of exchange for securities of equal par value issued— 1. Of denominations 2.	179, 051, 500 5, 046, 000	153, 956, 500 16, 709, 500	195, 486, 000 24, 608, 500	320, 275, 000 53, 990, 000	181, 548, 500 43, 638, 500	249, 245, 500 84, 321, 500
C. Total retired during the fiscal year 1924.	184, 097, 500	170, 666, 000	220, 094, 500	374, 265, 000	225, 187, 000	333, 567, 000
V. Outstanding June 30, 1924	65, 000	82, 500	26, 500	921,000	6,000	505, 000

Account	Series TJ-1924	Series TD-1924	Series TM-1925	Series TD2-1924	Special	Total
I. Outstanding June 30, 1923						\$1, 031, 418, 500
II. Issued during the fiscal year 1924: A. Upon original subscription against cash received. B. Upon exchange for securities of equal par value retired—	\$135, 128, 500	\$214, 149, 000	\$400, 299, 000	\$193, 065, 500	\$822, 500, 000	2, 014, 892, 500
1. Of denominations 1	58, 940, 000	80, 470, 000	96, 669, 000	11, 255, 000		475, 648, 000
C. Total issued during the fiscal year 1924	194, 068, 500	294, 619, 000	496, 968, 000	204, 320, 500	822, 500, 000	2, 490, 540, 500
III. Retired during the fiscal year 1924: A. Account of redemption— 1. Securities received—						
 (a) Interest payments on obligations of foreign governments (b) At maturity 	19, 000, 000 115, 151, 500	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			822, 500, 000	19, 000, 000 2, 217, 214, 500
B. Account of exchange for securities of equal par value issued— 1. Of denominations ²	58, 940, 000	80, 470, 000	96, 669, 000	11, 255, 000	i , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	475, 648, 000
C. Total retired during the fiscal year 1924	193, 091, 500	80, 470, 000	96, 669, 000	11, 255, 000	822, 500, 000	2, 711, 862, 500
IV. Outstanding June 30, 1924	977, 000	214, 149, 000	400, 299, 000	193, 065, 500		810, 096, 500

¹ Includes deliveries against receipts by other Federal reserve banks.
² Includes receipts against deliveries by other Federal reserve banks.

EXHIBIT 17

TRANSACTIONS IN TREASURY (WAR) SAVINGS SECURITIES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1924

			Ser	ies		
Account					New issue	(Dec. 15, 1921)
	1918	1919	1920	1921	. 1921	1922
I. Outstanding June 30, 1923 1 Plus accrued discount liabilities	\$30, 946, 745. 00	\$50, 522, 338. 02 11, 157, 633. 95	\$22, 130, 862. 07 3, 754, 024. 41	\$13, 400, 704. 15 1, 429, 366. 59	\$1, 903, 979. 65	\$105, 215, 413. 30
Total value of outstanding securities June 30, 1923	30, 946, 745. 00	61, 679, 971. 97	25, 884, 886. 48	14, 830, 070. 74	1, 903, 979. 65	105, 215, 413. 30
II. Issued during fiscal year 1924: A. Cash subscriptions. B. Accrued discount credited as public debt receipts	2 3 1,687.28	² 566. 51	² 1, 187. 38	² 410. 20	² 3, 060. 00 64, 841. 15	² 16, 980. 0 3, 534, 398. 3
C. Accrued discount not credited as public debt receipts	³ 2, 836. 77	1, 106, 593. 78	886, 014. 99	515, 499. 26		
D. Total issued during fiscal year 1924	8 4, 524. 05	1, 107, 160. 29	887, 202. 37	515, 909. 46	67, 901. 15	3, 551, 378. 3
III. Retired during fiscal year 1924: A. Account of redemption— 1. Prior to maturity 2. At maturity.	15, 250. 95 18, 283, 775. 00	627, 927. 26 56, 241, 430. 00	1, 547, 949. 50	⁵ 1, 397, 187. 48	146, 624. 20	8, 913, 130. 9
B. Total retired during fiscal year 1924	18, 299, 025. 95	56, 869, 357. 26	1, 547, 949. 50	1, 397, 187. 48	146, 624. 20	8, 913, 130. 9
(V. Outstanding June 30, 1924 ⁶ Plus accrued discount liabilities	12, 643, 195. 00	5, 917, 775. 00	20, 584, 099. 95 4, 640, 039. 40	12, 003, 926. 87 1, 944, 865. 85	1, 825, 256. 60	99, 853, 660. 7
Total value of outstanding securities June 30, 1924	12, 643, 195. 00	5, 917, 775. 00	25, 224, 139. 35	13, 948, 792. 72	1, 825, 256. 60	99, 853, 660. 7

		Ser	ies			
Account	Issue of Se	pt. 30, 1922	Issue of D	ec. 1, 1923	Thrift and Treasury savings stamps, unclassi- fied sales, etc.	Total
•	1922	1923	1923	1924		
I. Outstanding June 30, 1923 1 Plus accrued discount liabilities	\$17, 753, 234. 15	\$120, 667, 113. 58			\$5, 605, 029. 11	\$337, 198, 674. 03 47, 287, 769. 95
Total value of outstanding securities June 30, 1923	17, 753, 234. 15	120, 667, 113. 58			5, 605, 029. 11	384, 486, 443. 98
II. Issued during fiscal year 1924: A. Cash subscriptions B. Accrued discount credited as public debt receipts C. Accrued discount not credited as public debt receipts	² \$ 34, 255, 50 475, 218, 05	4 33, 754, 467. 12 4, 033, 516. 75	\$27, 109, 600. 00 457, 906. 45	\$94, 160, 672. 70 867, 050. 10	2 3 904, 115. 27	154, 106, 885. 86 9, 432, 930. 85 2, 505, 271. 26
D. Total issued during fiscal year 1924	440, 962. 55	37, 787, 983. 87	27, 567, 506. 45	95, 027, 722. 80	8 904, 115. 27	166, 045, 087. 97
III. Retired during fiscal year 1924: A. Account of redemption— 1. Prior to maturity 2. At maturity	2, 287, 454. 80	17, 390, 748. 95	1, 788, 734. 05	2, 864, 032. 20	577, 371. 75	37, 556, 412. 04 74, 525, 205. 00
B. Total retired during fiscal year 1924	2, 287, 454. 80	17, 390, 748. 95	1, 788, 734. 05	2, 864, 032. 20	577, 371. 75	112, 081, 617. 04
IV Outstanding June 30, 1924 8	15, 906, 741. 90	141, 064, 348. 50	25, 778, 772. 40	92, 163, 690. 60	4, 123, 542. 09	413, 304, 039. 66 25, 145, 875. 25
Total value of outstanding securities June 30, 1924	15, 906, 741. 90	141, 064, 348. 50	25, 778, 772. 40	92, 163, 690. 60	4, 123, 542. 09	438, 449, 914. 91

¹ Series 1919 to 1922, inclusive, were on basis of sales reports; series 1923 and thrift and Treasury savings stamps were on basis of Treasurer's net cash receipts.

² Adjustments in sales reports subsequent to June 30, 1923.

³ Adjustment, deduct.

Adjustment of difference between Treasurer's net cash receipts to June 30, 1923, and sales reports taken up as cash subscriptions during the fiscal year.

4 Adjustment of difference between Treasurer's net cash receipts to June 30, 1923, and sales reports taken up as cash subscriptions during the fiscal year.

5 Disallowance of \$90.40 affecting May redemptions reported by Register subsequent to close of the fiscal year not considered in this figure.

6 Series 1920 to series 1923, inclusive, on basis of sales reports; series 1924, and thrift and Treasury savings stamps, on basis of Treasurer's net cash receipts.

EXHIBIT 18

LIBERTY BOND AND VICTORY NOTE CONVERSIONS FROM NOVEMBER 15, 1917, TO JUNE 30, 1924

		,									
Issue	Original issue	Issued on con- version		First 4¼'s	First second 41/4's	Second 4½'s	Victory 3¾'s	Victory 4¾'s	Redeemed to June 30, 1924	Outstanding June 30, 1924	
First 3½'s First 4's First 4½'s		\$568, 318, 450 553, 196, 900	\$568, 318, 450	\$7, 570, 550 545, 626, 350	\$3, 492, 150				\$75, 400 15, 520, 050 22, 335, 350	\$1, 409, 999, 000 7, 172, 050 530, 861, 550	
First 4½'s First second 4½'s Second 4's Second 4½'s	3, 807, 865, 000	3, 492, 150 3, 700, 338, 550				\$3, 700, 338, 550			79, 081, 450 624, 196, 400	28, 445, 00 3, 076, 142, 15	
Third 4¼'s Fourth 4¼'s Victory 3¾'s Victory 4¾'s	4, 175, 650, 050 6, 964, 581, 100 672, 585, 100 3, 822, 787, 900	3, 700, 338, 550 424, 666, 750 505, 068, 900					\$424, 666, 750	\$505. 068, 900	1, 178, 450, 100 640, 085, 550 592, 036, 100 3, 889, 626, 350	2, 997, 199, 950 6, 324, 495, 550 2 146, 850 2 13, 563, 700	
Total		5, 755, 081, 700	568, 318, 450	553, 196, 900	3, 492, 150	3, 700, 338, 550	424, 666, 750	505, 068, 900	7, 041, 406, 750	14, 391, 517, 95	

Includes full-paid interim certificates not exchanged for 3½ per cent bonds.
 Now included in matured debt.

Exhibit 19

CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS, TOTAL ISSUES AND THE AMOUNT ISSUED THROUGH EACH FEDERAL RESERVE
BANK FROM JULY 1, 1923, TO AUGUST 31, 1924

•							Federal rese	erve district		
Authorizing act and series	Date of issue	Date of ma- turity	Rate	Total amount	Boston	New York	Philadel- phia	Cleveland	Richmond	Atlanta
Issued in anticipation of income and profits taxes—1924: Sept. 24, 1917, as amended—			Per cent.				-			
Series TM2-1924 Series TJ-1924 Series TJ-1924 Series TD2-1924	Sept. 15, 1923 Dec. 15, 1923 do June 16, 1924	Mar. 15, 1924 June 16, 1924 Dec. 15, 1924	41/4 4 41/4 23/4	\$249, 750, 500 135, 128, 500	\$30, 693, 000 8, 029, 500 17, 847, 000 26, 699, 000	\$78, 348, 500 43, 743, 500 62, 405, 000 59, 045, 500	\$16, 535, 000 5, 925, 000 15, 255, 000 12, 637, 500	\$23, 405, 500 10, 143, 000 21, 636, 500 14, 961, 000	\$9,053,000 3,142,000 5,739,500 3,794,000	\$9, 032, 500 5, 013, 500 7, 590, 500 4, 044, 000
Total				792, 093, 500	83, 268, 500	243, 542, 500	50, 352, 500	70, 146, 000	21, 728, 500	25, 680, 500
Issued in anticipation of income and profits taxes—1925:										
Sept. 24, 1917, as amended— Series TM–1925	Mar. 15, 1924	Mar. 15, 1925	. 4	400, 299, 000	18, 652, 500	113, 136, 000	34, 606, 500	32, 538, 500	11, 967, 500	10, 160, 000
Total				400, 299, 000	18, 652, 500.	113, 136, 000	34, 606, 500	32, 538, 500	11, 967, 500	10, 160, 000
Grand total				1, 192, 392, 500	101, 921, 000	356, 678, 500	84, 959, 000	102, 684, 500	33, 696, 000	35, 840, 500
Special short-term issues: Sept. 24, 1917, as amended Apr. 4, 1918, and Mar. 3, 1919.	Various	Various	Various_	822, 500, 000	59, 500, 000	638, 000, 000	23, 500, 000	18, 500, 000		

Certificates of indebtedness, total issues and the amount issued through each Federal reserve bank from July 1, 1923, to August 31, 1924—Continued

·		Detection				Federal rese	rve district			
Authorizing act and series	Date of issue	Date of ma- turity	Rate	Chicago	St. Louis	Minne- apolis	Kansas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco	Treasury
Issued in anticipation of income and profits taxes—1924: Sept. 24, 1917, as amended— Series TM2-1924. Series TJ-1924. Series TD-1924. Series TD-1924. Total.	Sept. 15, 1923 Dec. 15, 1923 do. June 16, 1924	Mar. 15, 1924 June 16, 1924 Dec. 15, 1924	Per cent 41/4 41/4 23/4	\$32, 792, 500 13, 207, 500 24, 727, 000 33, 804, 500 104, 531, 500	\$9, 399, 500 3, 622, 000 9, 669, 500 2, 573, 000 25, 264, 000	\$6, 179, 000 3, 924, 000 3, 571, 500 7, 963, 000 21, 637, 500	\$5, 463, 000 1, 581, 000 3, 225, 500 3, 988, 500 14, 258, 000	\$10, 211, 000 6, 962, 500 7, 002, 000 7, 841, 000 32, 016, 500	\$18, 638, 000 9, 835, 000 15, 480, 000 14, 581, 500 58, 534, 500	\$20, 000, 000 20, 000, 000 1, 133, 000 41, 133, 000
Issued in anticipation of income and profits taxes—1925: Sept. 24, 1917, as amended— Series TM-1925 Total Grand total	=		4	49, 417, 500 49, 417, 500 153, 949, 000	10, 006, 500 10, 006, 500 35, 270, 500	11, 608, 000 11, 608, 000 33, 245, 500	9, 781, 000 9, 781, 000 24, 039, 000	12, 914, 000 12, 914, 000 44, 930, 500	27, 511, 000 27, 511, 000 86, 045, 500	58, 000, 000 58, 000, 000 99, 133, 000
Special short-term issues: Sept. 24, 1917, as amended Apr. 4, 1918, and Mar. 3, 1919.	Various	Various	Various	54, 000, 000	9, 500, 000	5, 000, 000	11, 500, 000	2, 000, 000	1, 000, 000	

EXHIBIT 20

TREASURY NOTES ISSUED THROUGH EACH FEDERAL RESERVE BANK AND THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT FROM JULY 1, 1923, TO AUGUST 31, 1924

Series B-1927; dated May 15, 1923; maturing March 15, 1927 1

Bank	Amount	Bank	Amount :
Boston New York Philadelphia Richmond Atlanta Chicago	\$11, 700 38, 900 3, 300 20, 900 5, 000 7, 150	Kansas City Dallas San Francisco Treasury Department Total	\$1,000 400 117,600 3,800 209,750

¹ Authorized under act of Sept. 24, 1917, as amended. Rate of interest, 43/4 per cent

EXHIBIT 21

REGISTERED INTEREST-BEARING BONDS OUTSTANDING JUNE 30, 1924, CLASSIFIED BY ISSUES, AND NUMBER OF REGISTERED ACCOUNTS, AMOUNT OF INTEREST PAYABLE, AND NUMBER OF CHECKS DRAWN DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1924

Issue	Outstanding June 30, 1923	Registration		0	Number of	Interest pay-	Number of checks
		Increase	Decrease	Outstanding June 30, 1924	accounts June 30, 1924	able during fiscal year	drawn during fiscal year
I. Bonds: A. Pre-war bonds— 1. 2 per cent consols of 1930. 2. 4 per cent loan of 1925. 3. 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1916-1936. 4. 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1918-1938. 5. 3 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1961. 6. 3 per cent panama Canal loan of 1961. 7. 2½ per cent postal savings bonds (first to twenty-sixth series).	25, 876, 060. 00	\$348, 150. 00 661, 100. 00 5, 000. 00 70, 000. 00 298, 200. 00 1, 085, 000. 00 92, 860. 00		\$599, 112, 050. 00 112, 034, 050. 00 48, 953, 180. 00 25, 946, 060. 00 44, 222, 000. 00 11, 251, 400. 00 11, 620, 680. 00 853, 139, 420. 00	7, 674 2, 557 963 555 1, 630 105 3, 516	\$11, 976, 316, 75 4, 466, 324, 00 978, 963, 60 517, 521, 20 1, 320, 718, 50 328, 587, 00 288, 681, 75	30, 854 10, 569 3, 869 2, 214 6, 667 408 7, 301
8. Total pre-war bonds	850, 579, 110. 00	2, 500, 310. 00		853, 139, 420. 00	17, 000	19, 877, 112. 80	61, 882
(a) First 3½'s (b) First 4's (c) First 4½'s (d) First second 4½'s	370, 566, 900. 00 7, 259, 500. 00 138, 728, 000. 00 840, 350. 00	25, 346, 600. 00 4, 413, 650. 00 322, 200. 00	\$2, 005, 200. 00	395, 913, 500. 00 5, 254, 300. 00 143, 141, 650. 00 1, 162, 550. 00	22, 039 14, 130 106, 947 1, 072	13, 464, 888. 50 246, 766. 00 6, 041, 567. 41 44, 863. 85	45, 810 32, 508 216, 378 2, 220
2. Second Liberty loan of 1927-1942— (a) Second 4'S. (b) Second 4'V'S. 3. Third Liberty loan of 1928 4. Fourth Liberty loan of 1933-1938.	26, 575, 700. 00 660, 650, 750. 00 734, 786, 250. 00 1, 557, 005, 300. 00	20, 087, 200. 00	8, 042, 250. 00 20, 020, 000. 00 72, 260, 450. 00	18, 533, 450. 00 640, 630, 750. 00 662, 525, 800. 00 1, 577, 092, 500. 00	56, 645 319, 190 619, 204 872, 261	910, 148. 00 27, 811, 426. 39 30, 729, 149. 62 67, 436, 518. 50	131, 219 649, 680 1, 305, 830 1, 823, 229
5. Total Liberty bonds,	3, 496, 412, 750. 00	50, 169, 650. 00	102, 327, 900. 00	3, 444, 254, 500. 00	2, 011, 488	146, 685, 328. 27	4, 206, 874
C. 41/4 per cent Treasury bonds of 1947-1952	147, 902, 600. 00	58, 614, 900. 00		206, 517, 500. 00	14, 810	7, 368, 897. 23	28, 599
II. Total registered interest-bearing bonds outstanding, etc	4, 494, 894, 460. 00	111, 344, 860. 00	102, 327, 900. 00	4, 503, 911, 420. 00	2, 043, 298	173, 931, 338. 30	4, 297, 355

INSULAR AND DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA LOANS—CHANGES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1924

					77.7	
Loan	Rate	Outstanding June 30, 1923	Issued account original subscrip- tion	Retired account redemp- tion	Issued and retired account exchanges, transfers, etc.	Outstanding June 30, 1924
						
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS	•					i
T 1 1 1 1004 1004	Per cent					
Land purchases, 1914–1934 Public improvement:	. 4	\$7,000,000			\$803,000	\$7,000,000
First series 1915-1935	4	2, 500, 000			323, 000	2, 500, 000
Second series, 1916-1936	4	2, 500, 000 1, 000, 000			219,000	2, 500, 000 1, 000, 000
Second series, 1916–1936 Third series, 1919–1939 Loan of 1916–1946	4	1, 500, 000 4, 000, 000			323, 000 219, 000 185, 000 544, 000	1, 500, 000 4, 000, 000
	_					
City of Manila, sewer and water: First series, 1915-1935. Second series, 1917-1937. Third series, 1918-1938. City of Cebu, 1921-1941. Manila, port works and improvements, 1920-1930-1950. City of Manila, 1920-1930-1950.	4	1,000,000 2,000,000 1,000,000			26,000	1, 000, 000 2, 000, 000
Third series 1918-1938	4 4	2,000,000			676, 000 21, 000	2,000,000 1,000,000
City of Cebu, 1921-1941	4	125,000			21, 000 5, 000	125, 000
Manila, port works and im-	F1./	0 000 000				6 000 000
City of Manila, 1920-1930-1950	51/2 51/2	6, 000, 000 2, 750, 000			516,000	6, 000, 000 2, 750, 000
	51/2	2, 750, 000 10, 000, 000			2,000	10,000,000
Loan of 1922-1952	5	5, 000, 000 2, 750, 000			18, 000	5,000,000
Irrigation and permanent public	41/2	2, 750, 000				2, 750, 000
works, 1922–1952. Loan of July 15, 1922–1952	4½ 4½ 4½	5, 000, 000 23, 000, 000	\$2, 250, 000		150, 000 42, 000	7, 250, 000 23, 000, 000
Loan of July 15, 1922-1952	41/2	23, 000, 000			42,000	23, 000, 000
Total		74, 625, 000	2, 250, 000		3, 530, 000	76, 875, 000
		= ====			=====	
PORTO RICO						
Road loan of 1910-1920-1927	4	425, 000	l	\$105,000	20,000	320, 000
San Juan Harbor:	4			10.000		
Series 1912	4	200,000		10, 000 73, 000		127, 000
Series 1912 Series 1914 Series 1915 Series 1917	4	10,000 200,000 200,000				127, 000 200, 000
Series 1917	4	100, 000				100, 000
Irrigation loans: Series 1913–1933–1943	. 4	1, 000, 000			145, 000	1, 000, 000
Series 1913-1944-1950	4	700, 000 400, 000 400, 000			145, 000 67, 000 33, 000	1,000,000 700,000 400,000
Series 1914–1951–1954	4	400,000			33,000 51,000	400, 000 400, 000
Irrigation toans: Series 1913-1933-1943 Series 1913-1934-1950 Series 1914-1951-1954 Series 1915-1955-1958 Series 1916-1959-1960 Series 1918-1958-1959 Series 1922-1961-1962 Series 1922-1961-1962 Series 1923-1929-1941 Subbi	4	200,000				200 000
Series 1918-1958-1959	4	200,000			1 33.000	200, 000
Series 1922-1961-1962	5 4½	250, 000	075 000		1, 231, 000	200, 000 250, 000 975, 000
			313,000		[
Series 1914-1925-1939 Series 1916-1927-1930	4	1,000,000			26,000	1,000,000
Series 1916-1927-1930 Series 1918-1927-1930	4 4	500,000			44, 000 105, 000	500, 000 500, 000
Series 1919-1931-1934	41/2	1,000,000			l	1, 000, 000
Series 1918-1927-1930 Series 1918-1927-1930 Series 1919-1931-1934 Series 1920-1937-1940 Series 1922-1941-1942-1944 Series 1923-1945-1948 Series 1923-1944-1949	41/2	1, 000, 000 500, 000 500, 000 1, 000, 000 1, 000, 000			265, 000	1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000
Series 1922-1941-1942-1944 Series 1923-1945-1948	5	1, 000, 000	1 000 000		1 539 000	1,000,000
061165 1320-1344-1343	41/2 5 5 5		3,000,000		112,000 1,539,000 2,027,000	3, 000, 000
Refunding loans, series 1914-		255 000				555 000
1923–1953 Refunding municipal loans:	4	655, 000		100,000	16,000	555, 000
Series 1915-1919-1935 Series 1916-1918-1927	. 4	215, 000		21,000	19,000	194, 000
Series 1916–1918–1927 High-school building loan, 1920–	4	150, 000		30,000		120,000
1945	41/2	300,000			4,000	300,000
House construction loan, Series		-			ľ	
A, 1920-1945 Workingmen's house construc-	41/2	250, 000			22, 000	250, 000
tion 1920:	-	}		İ		l
Series A, 1941 Series B, 1942	4½ 4½	250, 000 250, 000			25, 000	250, 000
Series B, 1942	41/2	250, 000				250, 000
Total		11, 155, 000	4, 975, 000	339, 000	5, 784, 000	15, 791, 000
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA						
		:				
50-year funded loan of 1924	3, 65	4, 589, 250		979, 700	436, 000	3, 609, 550

RETIRED AND UNISSUED SECURITIES, NOT AFFECTING THE PUBLIC DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES, DELIVERED TO THE REGISTER OF THE TREASURY DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1924

•		Retired account of-				ı	Cotal
Title of security	Interest rate	Re- demp- tion	Exchange, transfer, etc.	Loss or de- struc- tion	Unissued stock	Pieces	Amount
SECURITIES FUNCTIONED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1924						,	
Philippine loans: Land purchase, 1904–1914–1934 Public improvement—	Per cent		\$803,000		\$3, 000	347	\$806, 000
First series, 1905-1915-1935.	4	- 	323, 000	-	1, 000	180	324, 000
Second series, 1906–1916– 1936– Third series, 1909–1919–	4		219, 000			39	219, 000
City of Manila, sewer and	4		185, 000			185	185, 000
water— First series, 1905-1915-1935_ Second series, 1907-1917-	4		26, 000			17	26,000
1937	4		676, 000			127	676, 000
City of Cebu 1911-1921-1941	4		21, 000 5, 000			21 5	21, 000 5, 000
Loan of 1916-1926-1946	4		544, 000		2, 000	186	546, 000
Loan of 1916-1926-1946. Manila, port works and improvements, 1920-1930-1950. Certificates of indebtedness,	5½		516, 000		9, 499, 000	2, 464	10, 015, 000
1921-22 Public improvement, 1921-	4				19, 950, 000	4, 254	19, 950, 000
1941 Loan of 1922–1952	5½ 5		18 000	\$2,000		2 18	2, 000 18, 000
Loan of July 15, 1922-1952	41/2		42, 000			42	42, 000
Irrigation and permanent public works, 1922-1952	4½		150, 000			150	150, 000
Total Philippine loans			3, 528, 000	2, 000	29, 455, 000	8, 037	32, 985, 000
Porto Rico loans: Road loan, 1910–1920–1927 San Juan Harbor, 1912–1922–	4		20, 000		5, 000	5	25, 000
1937 Irrigation loan, 1913–1933–1943 Irrigation loans, 1913–1944–	4		145, 000		2, 730, 000	546 29	2, 730, 000 145, 000
1950— Series A	4		25, 000			25	25, 000
Series B	4		1,000			6 1	30, 000 1, 000
Series F Irrigation loans, 1914-1951- 1954—	4	•••••			1	11	11, 000
Series A Series C Irrigation loans, 1915–1955–	4 4		6, 000 27, 000			2 15	6, 000 27, 000
1958— Series E	4		49,000			49	49, 000
Irrigation loan, 1917–1961—	4		2, 000			2	2, 000
Series K Irrigation loans, 1918-1958- 1959-	4				500, 000	300	500, 000
Series ASeries BIrrigation loans, 1922-1961-1962-	4		1, 000 31, 000	1,000	491, 000 581, 000	160 205	492, 000 613, 000
Series A	5 5				75, 000 20, 000	75 20	75, 000 20, 000
Series B. Irrigation loans, 1923-1929- 1941-	3						•
Series ASeries B	41/2		1.55, 000 144, 000			155 144	155, 000 144, 000
Series C	4/2		160, 000			160	160, 000

Retired and unissued securities, not affecting the public debt of the United States, delivered to the Register of the Treasury during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924—Continued

		Reti	red account	of—		1	otal
Title of security	Interest rate	Re- demp- tion	Exchange, transfer, etc.	Loss or de- struc- tion	Unissued stock	Pieces	Amount
SECURITIES FUNCTIONED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1924—COII.							
Porto Rico loans—Continued. Irrigation loans, 1923-1929- 1941—Continued.	Per cent						•
			\$70,000			70	\$70,000 125,000
Series B. Series F. Series G. Series I. Series J. Public improvement loop	41/2		125,000			125	125, 000
Series G	41/2		145,000			95 145	95, 000
Series H	41/2		150,000			150	150, 000
Series I	41/2		109,000			109	145, 000 150, 000 109, 000 78, 000
Series J	41/2		78,000			78	78, 000
1014 1005 1020	1 .		26, 000		l f	14	26, 000
Public improvement loans, 1916-1927-1930-	4		o			. 14	
Series B	4		14, 000			6	14,000 9,000 21,000
Series C	4		9,000			9	9,000
Public improvement loans, 1916-1927-1930— Series B Series C Series D Public improvement loans, 1918-1927-1930— Series F	. *		İ			-	
Series E Series F Series G	4		25, 000		\$300, 000 275, 000 515, 000	213	325, 000 300, 000 545, 000
Series C	4		25,000		275,000	208 293	300,000
Series H	4		25, 000		450, 000	283 283	475, 000
Series H Public improvement loans, 1919-1931-1934— Series I Series J Series K Series L				ŀ			
Series I	4				800,000	480	800, 000
Series K	4.				800, 000 1, 200, 000	480 720	800, 000 1 200, 000
Series L	4				1, 200, 000	720	1, 200, 000 1, 200, 000
1020 1027 1040	1		1				
Series B Series C	4½ 4½		10,000		310, 000 365, 000 365, 000	64 75	320, 000 375, 000 560, 000
Series C	41/2		195,000		365,000	112	560, 000
Series D	41/2		50,000		420,000	94	470, 000
Public improvement loans, 1922-1941-1944— Series A					222 222		200 000
Series R	5 5		37,000		832,000	293 290	869, 000 890, 000
Series B Series C Series D	5		10,000		850, 000 850, 000	250	890, 000 850, 000
Series D	- 5		35, 000		715, 000	234	750, 000
1923-1944-1948-	5		210,000		270,000	680	600 000
Series A	5		485, 000		370, 000 275, 000 361, 000 349, 000	751	680, 000 760, 000
Series C	5		383,000		361,000	744	744, 000
	5		361,000		349, 000	710	710, 000
Public improvement loans, 1923-1943-1955 Series A. Series B. Series C. Series D. Series E. Series F.	5		352 000			352	352,000
Series B	5		451,000			451	451 000
Series C	5		184, 000			184	184, 000
Series D	5 5 5 5		374, 000			374	374, 000
Series F	5		200,000			367 299	184,000 374,000 367,000 299,000
Refunding loans, 1914-1923-							200,000
Series I	4				431, 000	239	431,000
Series P	4 4		2,000			2 6	2,000 6,000
Series Q	4		1,000				1,000
Series V	4		7,000			1 7	7,000
1953— Series I Series O Series P Series Q Series V Refunding municipal loans, 1915-1919-1935— Series A Series B Series C Series D Series E Series F				•			
Series A	4	••			69, 000 26, 000	69 26	69, 000 26, 000
Series C	4				52, 000	52 42	52, 000
Series D	4		2,000		52, 000 42, 000	42	42, 000 64, 000
Series E	4				64, 000	64	64,000
Series F	4		2,000			2	2, 000

Retired and unissued securities, not affecting the public debt of the United States, delivered to the Register of the Treasury during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924—Continued

		Retir	ed account o	of—		Total	
Title of security	Interest rate	Re- demp- tion	Exchange, transfer, etc.	Loss or de- struc- tion	Unissued stock	Pieces	Amount
SECURITIES FUNCTIONED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1924—COD.							
Porto Rico loans—Continued. Refunding municipal loans, 1915–1919–1935—Continued. Series G. Series H. Series I. Series I. Series J. Series K. Refunding municipal loans, 1916–1918–1927—	Per cent 4 4 4 4 4 4		\$1,000 1,000 6,000 7,000 2,000			1 1 6 7 2	\$1,000 1,000 6,000 7,000 2,000
Series A Series B Series B Series C Series D Series E Series F High-school building loan,	4 4 4 4 4				\$110,000 105,000 155,000 175,000 175,000 145,000	54 61 95 83 99 93	110, 000 105, 000 155, 000 175, 000 175, 000 145, 000
1920–1930–1945 House construction loan, 1920– 1930–1945, series A Workingmen's house con-	4½ 4½		3, 000 21, 000	\$1,000 1,000	1	4 272	4, 000 272, 000
struction, 1920-1942, series A. Total Porto Rico loans	41/2		25, 000 5, 781, 000	3 000	17, 803, 000	13, 730	25, 000 23, 587, 000
District of Columbia funded loan of 1924	3. 65	\$979, 700	436, 000			418	1, 415, 700
Soldiers' and sailors' civil relief insurance bonds	3½				1, 403, 500	2, 275	1, 403, 500
Total securities functioned during fiscal year 1924		979, 700	9, 745, 000	5, 000	48, 661, 500	24, 460	59, 391, 200
SECURITIES BELONGING TO PRE- VIOUS FISCAL YEARS DELIVERED TO THE REGISTER DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1924							
Insular loans: Porto Rico San Juan Harbor improvement loan, 1914- 1924-1939 Porto Rico San Juan Harbor improvement loan, 1915-	4		200, 000			200	200, 000
1925-1940 City of Manila sewer and	4		200, 000			200	200, 000
water loan, 1907-1917-1937 Total			400, 000		\ <u></u>	404	422, 000
District of Columbia loans: Funded loan of 1879 Funded loan of 1897 Funded loan of 1924	5 31/2 3. 65	391, 000 2, 800, 000 2, 984, 000	399, 000 3, 302, 300 58, 613, 000			790 6, 230 17, 413	790, 000 6, 102, 300 61, 597, 000
Total		6, 175, 000	62, 314, 300			24, 433	68, 489, 300
United States railroad loans: Pacific Railroad stock Central Pacific Railroad— Issue of 1865. Issue of 1866. Issue of 1867. Issue of 1868. Issue of 1868.	6 6 6 6 6	64, 623, 512	3, 374, 000 3, 065, 000 3, 743, 000 15, 312, 000 14, 787, 000			11, 549 3, 279 1, 981 571 2, 495 2, 061	64, 623, 512 3, 374, 000 3, 065, 000 3, 743, 000 15, 312, 000 14, 787, 000
Kansas Pacific Railroad— Issue of 1865. Issue of 1866. Issue of 1867. Issue of 1868.	6 6		1, 707, 000			1, 664 1, 752 907 427	1, 707, 000 3, 094, 000 5, 730, 000

Retired and unissued securities, not affecting the public debt of the United States, delivered to the Register of the Treasury during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924—Continued

		Retire	d account o	ıf		Total	
Title of security	Interest rate	Re- demp- tion	Exchange, transfer, etc.	Loss or de- struc- tion	Unissued stock	Pieces	Amount
SECURITIES BELONGING TO PRE- VIOUS FISCAL YEARS DELIVERED TO THE REGISTER DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1924—continued							
United States railroad loans—Con. Union Pacific Railroad— Issue of 1866. Issue of 1867. Issue of 1868. Issue of 1869. Central Branch, Union Pacific Railroad— Issue of 1866. Issue of 1866. Issue of 1867.	Per cent 6 6 6 6 6		\$7, 736, 000 7, 585, 000 268, 563, 856 6, 313, 000 1, 260, 000 1, 311, 000			1,605	1, 260, 000
Issue of 1868 Issue of 1868 Western Pacific Railroad Issue of 1867 Issue of 1869 Sioux City and Pacific Railroad road	6 6		731, 000 731, 000 1, 735, 000			155 165 242	636, 000 731, 000
Issue of 1868	6	\$64 693 519	3, 087, 320 352, 038, 176		<u></u>	507 87 630	3, 087, 320 416, 661, 688
Cherokee certificates of indebtedness	4	6, 640, 000				<u>-</u>	14, 490, 000
Soldiers' and sailors' civil relief insurance bonds	3½	195, 500	1,000			725	196, 500
Total securities belonging to previous fiscal years		77, 634, 012	422, 603, 476	\$22,000		114, 650	500, 259, 488
Total securities delivered		78, 613, 712	432, 348, 476	27, 000	\$48, 661, 500	139, 110	559, 650, 688

Exhibit 24

PUBLIC DEBT RETIREMENTS CHARGEABLE AGAINST ORDINARY RECEIPTS

	Face amount retired			Principal	Accrued in-	
	Coupon	Registered	Total	amount paid	terest paid	
Purchases and redemptions for account of cumulative sinking fund: Cumulative total to June 30, 1923.	\$804, 668, 150. 00	\$16, 496, 900. 00	\$821, 165, 050. 00	\$813, 476, 232. 82	\$9, 933, 989. 08	
Fiscal year 1924— Third 4½'s Treasury notes—	225, 244, 450. 00	12, 781, 000. 00	238, 025, 450. 00	237, 055, 929. 68	13, 169, 764. 94	
Series B-1924 Series A-1925 Series B-1925 Series C-1925 Series C-1925 Series A-1926 Series A-1927	11, 315, 900. 00 25, 265, 500. 00 1, 018, 300. 00 9, 564, 200. 00		3, 000, 000. 00 1, 000, 000. 00 11, 315, 900. 00 25, 265, 500. 00 1, 018, 300. 00 9, 564, 200. 00 6, 798, 000. 00	3, 028, 635. 62 1, 004, 123. 53 11, 279, 715. 38 25, 261, 611. 61 1, 018, 300. 00 9, 485, 492. 59 6, 793, 211. 16	38, 983, 52 11, 353, 02 96, 271, 44 153, 761, 25 4, 119, 36 77, 559, 94 64, 581, 00	
Total fiscal year		12, 781, 000. 00	295, 987, 350. 00	294, 927, 019. 57	3, 616, 394, 47	
Cumulative total to June 30, 1924.	1, 087, 874, 500. 00	29, 277, 900. 00	1, 117, 152, 400. 00	1, 108, 403, 252. 39	13, 550, 383. 55	
Purchases from repayments of principal by foreign governments: Cumulative total to June 30, 1923	202, 894, 800. 00	48, 614, 000. 00	251, 508, 800. 00	243, 010, 605, 40	2, 624, 655. 80	
Fiscal year 1924— Third 4½'s	38, 509, 150. 00		38, 509, 150. 00	38, 028, 328. 66	217, 315. 63	
Total fiscal year	38, 509, 150. 00		38, 509, 150. 00	38, 028, 328. 66	217, 315. 63	
Cumulative total to June 30, 1924	241, 403, 950. 00	48, 614, 000. 00	290, 017, 950. 00	281, 038, 934. 06	2, 841, 971. 43	
Purchases and redemptions from franchise tax receipts: 2 Cumulative total to June 30, 1923.	135, 929, 484. 48		135, 929, 484. 48	135, 387, 636. 25	314, 086. 69	
Fiscal year 1924— Third 4¼'s	3, 634, 550. 00		3, 634, 550. 00	3, 613, 349. 41	48, 200. 90	
Total fiscal year	3, 634, 550. 00		3, 634, 550. 00	3, 613, 349. 41	48, 200. 90	
Cumulative total to June 30, 1924.	139, 564, 034. 48		139, 564, 034. 48	139, 000, 985. 66	362, 287. 59	

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	F	ace amount retire	bd	Accrued
	Coupon	Registered	Total	interest
Redemption of bonds, etc., received as repayments of principal by foreign governments:				
Fiscal year 1924— Second 4¼'s	\$22, 964, 550. 00		\$22, 964, 550. 00	\$80, 431. 9
Total fiscal year	22, 964, 550. 00		22, 964, 550. 00	80, 431. 9
Cumulative total to June 30, 1924	22, 964, 550. 00		22, 964, 550. 00	80, 431. 9
edemption of bonds, etc., received as interest payments on obligations of foreign governments: Cumulative total to June 30, 1923	68, 752, 950. 00		68, 752, 950. 00	247, 022. 5
Fiscal year 1924— Second 4¼'s	68, 913, 900. 00		68, 913, 900. 00	241, 396. 6
Certificates of indebtedness— Series TJ-1924.			19, 000, 000. 00	
Total fiscal year	87, 913, 900. 00	[87, 913, 900. 00	241, 396. 6
Cumulative total to June 30, 1924.	156, 666, 850. 00		156, 666, 850. 00	488, 419. 2
eceipts of Liberty bonds, Victory notes, Treasury bonds and notes for estate or inheritance taxes: Cumulative total to June 30, 1923	50, 806, 300. 00	\$6, 535, 800. 00	57, 342, 100. 00	537, 636. 1
Fiscal year 1924— First 4½'s Second 4½'s Third 4½'s Fourth 4½'s Treasury bonds, 1947–1952, 4½'s Treasury notes—	2, 211, 750. 00	34, 100. 00 311, 450. 00 205, 400. 00 597, 400. 00	236, 850. 00 2, 523, 200. 00 1, 942, 550. 00 4, 037, 800. 00 6, 000. 00	2, 051. 3 24, 789. 3 20, 109. 2 43, 531. 7 6. 5
Series A-1925 Series B-1925 Series A-1926	30, 000. 00 4, 000. 00 11, 000. 00		30, 000. 00 4, 000. 00 11, 000. 00	384. 9 3. 3 53. 1
Total fiscal year.	7, 643, 050. 00	1, 148, 350. 00	8, 791, 400. 00	90, 929. 5
Cumulative total to June 30, 1924	58, 449, 350. 00	7, 684, 150. 00	66, 133, 500. 00	628, 565. 7
ifts, forfeitures, and miscellaneous: Cumulative total to June 30, 1923	920, 250. 00	208, 941. 10	1, 129, 191. 10	

¹Includes \$3,966.66 representing interest paid on registered bonds by registered interest check issued by the Division of Loans Currency.

Includes adjustment of \$61,858,734.48 not previously reported under this classification.

$\textit{Public debt retirements chargeable against ordinary \textit{receipts}-\textbf{Continue} \alpha$

	F	ace amount retir	ed ·	Accrued
	Coupon	Registered	Total	interest
rifts, forfeitures, and miscellaneous—Continued. Fiscal year 1924— Forfeitures—				
First 3½'s. First 3½'s. Second 4½'s. Third 4½'s. Fourth 4½'s. Victory 4½'s.	\$50. 00 2, 550. 00 12, 250. 00 7, 150. 00 22, 200. 00 1, 650. 00		\$50. 00 2, 550. 00 12, 250. 00 7, 150. 00 22, 200. 00 1, 650. 00	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	45, 850. 00		45, 850. 00	
Miscellaneous— Second 4½'s Third 4½'s Fourth 4½'s	35, 750. 00 1, 500. 00 10, 100. 00		35, 750. 00 1, 500. 00 10, 100. 00	
	47, 350. 00		47, 350. 00	
Total fiscal year	93, 200. 00		93, 200. 00	
Cumulative total to June 30, 1924	1, 013, 450. 00	\$208, 941. 10	1, 222, 391. 10	

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.0065—FI 1924†		Rate of interest	Outstanding July 1, 1923	Issued account of original subscription	Retired account of redemption	Issued and retired account of conversion, exchange, etc.	Outstanding June 30, 1924
24†15	Bonds: A. Pre-war bonds— 2 per cent consols of 1930. 4 per cent loan of 1925. 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1916–1936. 2 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1918–1938. 3 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1961. 3 per cent conversion bonds of 1946–1947. 2½ per cent postal savings bonds (first to twenty-sixth series)	4 2 2 3 3	118, 489, 900. 00 48, 954, 180. 00 25, 947, 400. 00 49, 800. 000. 00 28, 894, 500. 00	\$33, 560.00		3, 566, 540, 00 1, 431, 660, 00 3, 763, 000, 00 1, 183, 200, 00	\$599, 724, 050. 00 118, 489, 900. 00 48, 954, 180. 00 25, 947, 400. 00 49, 800, 000. 00 28, 894, 500. 00 11, 893, 760. 00
	Total pre-war bonds		883, 670, 230. 00	33, 560. 00		53, 987, 320, 00	883, 703, 790. 00
	B. Liberty bonds— First Liberty loan of 1932-1947— (a) First 3½'s. (b) First 4's. (c) First 4½'s. (d) First second 4½'s. Second Liberty loan of 1927-1942— (a) Second 4's. (b) Second 4½'s. Third Liberty loan of 1928. Fourth Liberty loan of 1933-1938.	41/4 41/4	42.817.400.00			96, 958, 000. 00 2 4, 098, 350. 00 2 67, 337, 950. 00 7 733, 700. 00 2 19, 806, 850. 00 2 355, 791, 250. 00 462, 841, 600. 00 687, 913, 150. 00	1 1, 409, 999, 000, 00 7, 172, 050, 00 530, 861, 550, 00 3, 492, 150, 00 28, 445, 000, 00 3, 076, 142, 150, 00 2, 997, 199, 950, 00 6, 324, 495, 550, 00
•	Total Liberty bonds				l	1, 695, 680, 850. 00	14, 377, 807, 400. 00
	C. 41/4 per cent Treasury bonds of 1947-1952	41/4			6, 000. 00	137, 819, 100. 00	763, 948, 300. 00
	D. Total bonds		16, 534, 778, 430. 00	33, 560. 00	509, 352, 500. 00	1, 887, 487, 270. 00	16, 025, 459, 490. 00
2	. Treasury notes: Series A-1924 Series B-1924 Series B-1925 Series B-1925	43/	311, 088, 600. 00 380, 681, 100. 00 598, 355, 900. 00 310, 979, 800. 00		298, 966, 100. 00 3, 000, 000. 00 1, 030, 000. 00 11, 319, 900. 00	72, 553, 800. 00 89, 996, 700. 00 145, 114, 300. 00 71, 452, 800. 00	12, 122, 500. 00 377, 681, 100. 00 597, 325, 900. 00 299, 659, 900. 00

¹ Includes interim certificates.
2 First loan conversion transactions in the amount of \$2,799,800 and second loan conversion transactions in the amount of \$14,372,400 are included as retirements on the respective 4 per cent loans and also as issues on the respective 4½ per cent loans.

Public debt transactions from July 1, 1923, to June 30, 1924, inclusive—Continued

Interest bearing debt	Rate of interest	Outstanding July 1, 1923	Issued account of original subscription	Retired account of redemption	Issued and retired account of conversion, exchange, etc.	Outstanding June 30, 1924
2. Treasury notes—Continued. Series C-1925. Series A-1926. Series B-1926. Series A-1927. Series B-1927.	43/4 41/4 41/2	424, 486, 500. 00 362, 577, 900. 00	\$209, 750. 00	9, 564, 200, 00	\$124, 061, 900. 00 107, 051, 700. 00 134, 055, 800. 00 112, 789, 500. 00 158, 685, 300. 00	\$406, 031, 000. 00 615, 707, 900. 00 414, 922, 300. 00 355, 779, 900. 00 668, 201, 400. 00
Total Treasury notes		4, 104, 195, 150. 00	209, 750. 00	356, 973, 000. 00	1, 015, 761, 800. 00	3, 747, 431, 900. 00
3. Certificates of indebtedness:	41/4 41/2 4 41/4 41/4 41/4 23/4	195, 512, 500. 00 321, 196, 000. 00 181, 554, 500. 00	249, 750, 500. 00 135, 128, 500. 00 214, 149, 000. 00 400. 299. 000. 00	320, 275, 000. 00 181, 548, 500. 00 249, 245, 500. 00 134, 151, 500. 00		65, 000, 00 82, 500, 00 26, 500, 00 321, 000, 00 6, 000, 00 505, 000, 00 977, 000, 00 214, 149, 000, 00 400, 299, 000, 00 193, 065, 500, 00
Total certificates of indebtedness.		1, 031, 418, 500. 00	2, 014, 892, 500. 00	2, 236, 214, 500. 00	475, 648, 000. 00	810, 096, 500. 00
3.4. Total interest-bearing bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness July 1, 1923		21, 670, 392, 080. 00	2, 015, 135, 810. 00	3, 102, 540, 000. 00	3, 378, 897, 070. 00	20, 582, 987, 890. 00
5. Treasury (war) savings securities: A. Treasury savings certificates— Series 1919 Series 1920 Series 1921. Series 1921, new issue. Series 1921, issue of Dec. 15, 1921. Series 1922, issue of Sept. 30, 1922 Series 1923, issue of Sept. 30, 1922 Series 1923, issue of Dec. 1, 1923 Series 1924, issue of Dec. 1, 1923 Beries 1924, issue of Dec. 1, 1923 Beries 1924, issue of Dec. 1, 1923 Beries 1924, issue of Dec. 1, 1923 Beries 1924, issue of Dec. 1, 1923	3 -4 3 -4 3½-4½ 3½-4½ 3 -4 3 -4 3¼-4¼	17, 753, 234. 15 120, 667, 113. 58	566. 51 1, 187. 38 410. 20 67, 901. 15 3, 551, 378. 35 440, 962. 55 37, 787, 983. 87 27, 567, 506. 45 95, 027, 722. 80 3 904, 116. 27	50, 522, 904. 53 1, 547, 949. 50 1, 397, 187. 48 146, 624. 20 8, 913, 130. 90 2, 287, 454. 80 17, 390, 748. 95 1, 788, 734. 05 2, 864, 032. 20 577, 371. 75	21, 545, 00 48, 730, 00 35, 155, 00 7, 850, 00 316, 975, 00 65, 250, 00 595, 475, 00 185, 200, 00 254, 000, 00	20, 584, 099, 95 12, 003, 926, 87 1, 825, 256, 60 99, 853, 660, 75 15, 906, 741, 90 141, 064, 348, 50 25, 778, 772, 40 92, 163, 690, 60 4, 123, 542, 09
C. Total Treasury (war) savings securities		337, 198, 674. 03	163, 541, 503. 99	87, 436, 138. 36	1, 530, 180. 00	413, 304, 039. 66
	I 					

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TREASURY

6. Total interest-bearing debt July 1, 1923. Deduct debt which matured during year.		22, 007, 590, 754. 03 1, 342, 507, 100. 00	2, 178, 677, 313, 99 384, 879, 000, 00	3, 189, 976, 138. 36 1, 712, 680, 600. 00	3, 380, 427, 250. 00 359, 807, 800. 00	20, 996, 291, 929. 66 14, 705, 500. 00
7. Total interest-bearing debt June 30, 1924.		20, 665, 083, 654. 03	1, 793, 798, 313. 99	1, 477, 295, 538. 36	3, 020, 619, 450. 00	20, 981, 586, 429. 66
MATURED DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED						
1. Pre-war bonds, etc.: Old-debt matured at various dates prior to Jan. 1, 1861 Texas indemnity stock. Loan of 1847. Loan of 1858. Loan of February, 1861. Treasury notes of 1861. Oregon war debt. Loan of July and August, 1861 Seven-thirties of 1861. Five-twenties of 1862. Temporary loan (1862-1868) Certificates of indebtedness (1862-1866). Loan of 1863. 1-year notes of 1863. 2-year notes of 1863. 2-year notes of 1864. Five-twenties of 1864. Five-twenties of 1864. Seven-thirties of 1864. Seven-thirties of 1864. Seven-thirties of 1865. Consols of 1865. Consols of 1865. Consols of 1865. Consols of 1865. Consols of 1865. Consols of 1866. Refued and of 1881. Funded loan of 1881. Funded loan of 1881. Funded loan of 1881 (refunding) Funded loan of 1881 (continued) Loan of July 12, 1882. Loan of 1904. Loan of 1904. Loan of 1904. Loan of 1908-1918. Total pre-war bonds.	5 6 5 6 6 6 6 3 7 6 6 6 6 6 3 5 4 1 2 2 3 5 3	19, 000. 00 950. 00 2, 000. 00 2, 000. 00 2, 200. 00 2, 250. 00 15, 650. 00 105, 250. 00 22, 850. 00 33, 000. 00 30, 100. 00 26, 700. 00 157, 640. 00 15, 350. 00 120, 000. 00 38, 500. 00 120, 000. 00 157, 640. 00 157, 640. 00 158, 350. 00 159, 350. 00 159, 350. 00 373, 650. 00 373, 650. 00 17, 140. 00 200. 00 19, 000. 01 19, 000. 00 19, 300. 00 10, 140. 00 200. 00 13, 050. 00 10, 140. 00 200. 00 13, 050. 00 13, 050. 00 13, 050. 00 13, 050. 00 13, 050. 00 13, 050. 00 296, 320. 00		220. 00 220. 00 13, 550. 00 530. 00 29, 260. 00		19, 000. 00 950. 00 2, 000. 00 2, 000. 00 2, 250. 00 15, 650. 00 9, 300. 00 105, 250. 00 3, 000. 00 33, 000. 00 36, 100. 00 157, 420. 00 18, 350. 00 120, 000. 00 13, 950. 00 14, 950. 00 18, 800. 00 22, 400. 00 18, 800. 00 18, 800. 00 18, 800. 00 18, 800. 00 19, 000. 00 11, 000. 00 11, 000. 00 11, 000. 00 12, 000. 00 13, 050. 00 14, 050. 00 150. 00 150. 00 150. 00 150. 00 150. 00 150. 00 150. 00 150. 00 150. 00 150. 00
2. Victory notes:		1, 595, 260. 26		44, 000. 00		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Victory 3¾'s. Victory 4¾'s.	384 434	514, 650. 00 93, 835, 750. 00		367, 800. 00 80, 272, 050. 00	10, 550. 00	146, 850. 00 13, 563, 700. 00
Total Victory notes	-	94, 350, 400. 00		80, 639, 850. 00	10, 550. 00	13, 710, 550. 00
•	1		, 			·

⁸ Counter entry; deduct. ¹ Interest compounded.

Public debt transactions from July 1, 1923, to June 30, 1924, inclusive—Continued

Interest-bearing debt	Rate of interest	Outstanding July 1, 1923	Issued account of original subscription	Retired accoun of redemption	Issued and retired account of conversion, exchange, etc.	Outstanding June 30, 1924
MATURED DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED—continued						
. Certificates of indebtedness:		4				
A Manufacture	Per cent	•	}		1	
A. Tax issues— Series Jan. 2, 1918.	. Ter cent	\$2,000.00	1 -			\$2,000.0
Series Aug. 20, 1918.		21, 500. 00				\$2, 000. 0 21, 500. 0
	ازي؛ ا٠٠	21, 500. 00				
Series T-8	4/2					2,000.0
Series T-10	·- 4 ½	11, 000. 00				11, 000. 0
Series TJ-1920	41/2 41/2 45/2 48/4 41/2 53/4 53/4	3, 000. 00				3, 000. 0
Series TD-1920	43/4	17, 500. 00		\$10,500.00		7, 000. 0
Series TM4-1920	41/2	4,000.00				
Series TM-1921	43/4	1, 000. 00				1, 000. 0
Series TM2-1921	53/4	10, 500. 00				6, 500. 0
Series TM4-1921		2, 500.00		1,000.00		1, 500. 0
Series TJ-1921	. 6 1	8, 000. 00				4, 500. 0
Series TS-1921	6 1	23, 000, 00	l	10, 500, 00	[12, 500, 0
Series TS2-1921	51/9	1,000.00		l – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –		1, 000, 0
Series TD-1921	6 1	44, 000, 00		18,000,00		26, 000, 0
Series TM-1922		22, 500, 00				8, 000. 0
Series TM2-1922	512	10, 000, 00		2,000.00		8, 000. 0
Series TM3-1922	·· 5/4	7, 000, 00		7,000.00		8, 000. 0
Series TJ-1922	··; 514	33, 500, 00		20,500.00		13, 000. 0
Series TJ2-1922.	372	15 000 00				
Deries TJ 2-1922	} #24	50, 000, 00		37, 000, 00		
Series TS-1922	3/4	50, 000. 00] ₋	37,000.00		13, 000. 0
Series TS2-1922	4/2	34, 000. 00		20, 500. 00		13, 500. 0
Series TD-1922	41/2	155, 000. 00		137, 500. 00		17, 500. 0
Series TD2-1922	31/2	11, 000. 00] 11,000.00		
Series TM-1923	41/4	439, 500. 00	<u>-</u>	407, 500. 00		
Series TM2-1923	51/2 41/4 51/4 41/2 41/2 31/2 41/4 31/2	45, 500. 00		45, 500. 00		
Series TJ-1923	33/4	1, 135, 000. 00		1, 129, 500. 00		5, 500. 0
B. Loan issues—	i 'I					
Series Mar. 20, 1918	41/2	500.00				500.0
Series 4-A	41/5	500.00				500. 0
Series 4-B	413	2, 000, 00		1,000.00		1, 000. 0
Series 4-C	41/3	5, 500, 00				5, 500, 0
Series 4-D	41/2 41/2 41/2 41/2 41/3 41/3 41/3 51/4 51/4 51/3 51/3	3, 500. 00				3, 500, 0
Series C-1920	412	500.00				. 0,000.0
Series G-1920	1 51/2	1, 000. 00				1, 000. 0
Series H-1920	51/4	500.00				500. (
Series D-1921	3/2	6, 000, 00		E 000 00		1, 000. 0
Series E-1921	5%	0, 000. 00		5,000.00		
	51/2	1, 500. 00				1, 500. (
Series C-1921	6 1	16, 000. 00		3, 000, 00	'	13, 000.

Series F-1921 Series G-1921 Series H-1921 Series A-1922 Series B-1922 Series D-1922	5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 3½			2, 000. 00 500. 00 11, 000. 00 26, 000. 00 1, 000. 00		3, 000. 00 1, 500. 00 15, 000. 00 12, 000. 00
C. Total certificates of indebtedness		2, 228, 500. 00		1, 952, 500. 00		276, 000. 00
4. Treasury (war) savings securities: Series 1918			3 \$1,687.28	³ 1, 687. 28		
5. Total matured debt July 1, 1923			1, 687. 28 384, 879, 000. 00	82, 634, 722. 72 1, 712, 680, 600. 00	\$10, 550. 00 359, 807, 800. 00	15, 535, 750. 26 14, 705, 500. 00
6. Total matured debt June 30 ,1924		1, 440, 679, 260. 26	384, 877, 312. 72	1, 795, 315, 322. 72	359, 818, 350. 00	30, 241, 250. 26
DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST						
United States notes (less gold reserve) Old demand notes.		53, 012, 50	304, 120, 000. 00	l		193, 701, 990. 37 53, 012. 50
National and Federal reserve bank notes. Fractional currency.	l	48, 172, 359. 00	⁵ 28, 453, 557. 50	33, 084, 377. 50 1, 276. 64		43, 541, 539. 00 1, 996, 205. 04
5. Total debt bearing no interest		243, 924, 843. 55	332, 573, 557. 50	337, 205, 654. 14		239, 292, 746. 91
Total gross debt		22, 349, 687, 757. 84	2, 511, 249, 184. 21	3, 609, 816, 515. 22	3, 380, 437, 800. 00	21, 251, 120, 426. 83

Counter entry, deduct.

⁸Represents deposits account of retirements.

[Department Circular No. 332. Loans and Currency]

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—TREASURY CERTIFICATES OF IN-DEBTEDNESS. DATED AND BEARING INTEREST FROM DECEM-BER 15, 1923, SERIES TJ-1924, 4 PER CENT, DUE JUNE 16, 1924, SERIES TD-1924, 41/4 PER CENT, DUE DECEMBER 15, 1924

The Secretary of the Treasury, under the authority of the act approved September 24, 1917, as amended, offers for subscription, at par and accrued interest, through the Federal Reserve Banks, Treasury certificates of indebtedness, in two series both dated and bearing interest from December 15, 1923, the certificates of Series TJ-1924 being payable on June 16, 1924, with interest at the rate of four per cent per annum, and the certificates of Series TD-1924 being payable on December 15, 1924, with interest at the rate of four and one-quarter per cent per annum, payable semiannually.

Applications will be received at the Federal Reserve Banks.

Bearer certificates will be issued in denominations of \$500, \$1,000, \$5,000, \$10,000, and \$100,000. The certificates of Series TJ-1924 will have one interest coupon attached, payable June 16, 1924, and the certificates of Series TD-1924, two interest coupons attached,

payable June 15, 1924, and December 15, 1924.

The certificates of said series shall be exempt, both as to principal and interest, from all taxation now or hereafter imposed by the United States, any State, or any of the possessions of the United States, or by any local taxing authority, except (a) estate or inheritance taxes, and (b) graduated additional income taxes, commonly known as surtaxes, and excess-profits and war-profits taxes, now or hereafter imposed by the United States, upon the income or profits of individuals, partnerships, associations, or corporations. The interest on an amount of bonds and certificates authorized by said act approved September 24, 1917, and amendments thereto, the principal of which does not exceed in the aggregate \$5,000, owned by any individual, partnership, association, or corporation, shall be exempt from the taxes provided for in clause (b) above. The cerexempt from the taxes provided for in clause (b) above. tificates of these series will be accepted at par, with an adjustment of accrued interest, during such time and under such rules and regulations as shall be prescribed or approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, in payment of income and profits taxes payable at the maturity of the certificates. The certificates of these series will be acceptable to secure deposits of public moneys, but do not bear the circulation privilege.

The right is reserved to reject any subscription and to allot less than the amount of certificates of either or both series applied for and to close the subscriptions as to either or both series at any time without notice. The Secretary of the Treasury also reserves the right to make allotment in full upon applications for smaller amounts and to make reduced allotments upon, or to reject, applications for larger amounts, and to make classified allotments and allotments upon a graduated scale; and his action in these respects will be final. Allotment notices will be sent out promptly upon allotment,

and the basis of allotment will be publicly announced.

Payment at par and accrued interest for certificates allotted must be made on or before December 15, 1923, or on later allotment. After allotment and upon payment Federal Reserve Banks may issue interim receipts pending delivery of the definitive certificates. Any qualified depositary will be permitted to make payment by credit for certificates allotted to it for itself and its customers up to any amount for which it shall be qualified in excess of existing deposits, when so notified by the Federal Reserve Bank of its dis-Treasury certificates of indebtedness of Series TD-1923 and TD2-1923, both maturing December 15, 1923, will be accepted at par, with an adjustment of accrued interest, in payment for any certificates of the Series TJ-1924 or TD-1924 now offered which shall be subscribed for and allotted.

As fiscal agents of the United States, Federal Reserve Banks are authorized and requested to receive subscriptions and to make allotments on the basis and up to the amounts indicated by the Secretary of the Treasury to the Federal Reserve Banks of the

respective districts.

A. W. MELLON, Secretary of the Treasury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, December 10, 1923.

To the Investor:

Almost any banking institution in the United States will handle your subscription for you, or you may make subscription direct to the Federal Reserve Bank of your district. Your special attention is invited to the terms of subscription and allotment as stated above. If you desire to purchase certificates of the above issues after the subscriptions close, or certificates of any outstanding issue, you should apply to your own bank, or, if it can not obtain them for you, to the Federal Reserve Bank of your district, which will then endeavor to fill your order in the market.

EXHIBIT 27

[Department Circular No. 337. Public Debt]

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—FOUR PER CENT TREASURY CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS. SERIES TM-1925, DATED AND BEARING INTEREST FROM MARCH 15, 1924, DUE MARCH 15,

The Secretary of the Treasury, under the authority of the act approved September 24, 1917, as amended, offers for subscription, at par and accrued interest, through the Federal Reserve Banks, Treasury certificates of indebtedness of Series TM-1925, dated and bearing interest from March 15, 1924, payable March 15, 1925, with interest at the rate of four per cent per annum, payable semiannually. Applications will be received at the Federal Reserve Banks.

Bearer certificates will be issued in denominations of \$500, \$1,000, \$5,000, \$10,000, and \$100,000. The certificates will have two interest coupons attached, payable September 15, 1924, and March 15, 1925.

The certificates of said series shall be exempt, both as to principal and interest, from all taxation now or hereafter imposed by the United States, any State, or any of the possessions of the United States, or by any local taxing authority, except (a) estate or inheritance taxes, and (b) graduated additional income taxes, commonly

known as surtaxes, and excess-profits and war-profits taxes, now or hereafter imposed by the United States, upon the income or profits of individuals, partnerships, associations, or corporations. The interest on an amount of bonds and certificates authorized by said act approved September 24, 1917, and amendments thereto, the principal of which does not exceed in the aggregate \$5,000, owned by any individual, partnership, association, or corporation, shall be exempt from the taxes provided for in clause (b) above.

The certificates of this series will be accepted at par, with an adjustment of accrued interest, during such time and under such rules and regulations as shall be prescribed or approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, in payment of income and profits taxes payable at the maturity of the certificates. The certificates of this series will be acceptable to secure deposits of public moneys, but will not bear

the circulation privilege.

The right is reserved to reject any subscription and to allot less than the amount of certificates applied for and to close the subscriptions at any time without notice. The Secretary of the Treasury also reserves the right to make allotment in full upon applications for smaller amounts, and to make reduced allotments upon, or to reject, applications for larger amounts, and to make classified allotments and allotments upon a graduated scale; and his action in these respects will be final. Allotment notices will be sent out promptly upon allotment, and the basis of the allotment will be publicly announced.

Payment at par and accrued interest for certificates allotted must be made on or before March 15, 1924, or on later allotment. After allotment and upon payment Federal Reserve Banks may issue interim receipts pending delivery of the definitive certificates. Any qualified depositary will be permitted to make payment by credit for certificates allotted to it for itself and its customers up to any amount for which it shall be qualified in excess of existing deposits, when so notified by the Federal Reserve Bank of its district. Treasury certificates of indebtedness of Series TM and TM2-1924, both maturing March 15, 1924, will be accepted at par, with an adjustment of accrued interest, in payment for any certificates of the Series TM-1925 now offered which shall be subscribed for and allotted.

As fiscal agents of the United States, Federal Reserve Banks are authorized and requested to receive subscriptions and to make allotments on the basis and up to the amounts indicated by the Secretary of the Treasury to the Federal Reserve Banks of the respective

districts.

A. W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
March 10, 1924.

To the Investor:

Almost any banking institution in the United States will handle your subscription for you, or you may make subscription direct to the Federal Reserve Bank of your district. Your special attention is invited to the terms of subscription and allotment as stated above. If you desire to purchase certificates of the above issue after the subscriptions close, or certificates of any outstanding issue, you should apply to your own bank, or, if it can not obtain them for you, to the Federal Reserve Bank of your district, which will then endeaver to fill your order in the market.

Exhibit 28

[Department Circular No. 341. Public Debt]

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—TWO AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT TREASURY CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS. SERIES TD2-1924, DATED AND BEARING INTEREST FROM JUNE 16, 1924, DUE DECEMBER 15, 1924

The Secretary of the Treasury, under the authority of the act approved September 24, 1917, as amended, offers for subscription, at par and accrued interest, through the Federal Reserve Banks, Treasury certificates of indebtedness of Series TD2-1924, dated and bearing interest from June 16, 1924, payable December 15, 1924, with interest at the rate of two and three-quarters per cent per annum on an annual basis.

Applications will be received at the Federal Reserve Banks.

Bearer certificates will be issued in denominations of \$500, \$1,000, \$5,000, \$10,000, and \$100,000. The certificates will have one

interest coupon attached, payable December 15, 1924.

The certificates of said series shall be exempt, both as to principal. and interest, from all taxation now or hereafter imposed by the United States, any State, or any of the possessions of the United States, or by any local taxing authority, except (a) estate or inheritance taxes, and (b) graduated additional income taxes, commonly known as surtaxes, and excess-profits and war-profits taxes, now or hereafter imposed by the United States, upon the income or profits of individuals, partnerships, associations, or corporations. The interest on an amount of bonds and certificates authorized by said act approved September 24, 1917, and amendments thereto, the principal of which does not exceed in the aggregate \$5,000, owned by any individual, partnership, association, or corporation, shall be exempt from the taxes provided for in clause (b) above.

The certificates of this series will be accepted at par, with an adjustment of accrued interest, during such time and under such rules and regulations as shall be prescribed or approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, in payment of income and profits taxes payable at the maturity of the certificates. The certificates of this series will be acceptable to secure deposits of public moneys, but will

not bear the circulation privilege.

The right is reserved to reject any subscription and to allot less than the amount of certificates applied for and to close the subscriptions at any time without notice. The Secretary of the Treasury also reserves the right to make allotment in full upon applications for smaller amounts, and to make reduced allotments upon, or to reject, applications for larger amounts, and to make classified allotments and allotments upon a graduated scale; and his action in these respects will be final. Allotment notices will be sent out promptly upon allotment, and the basis of allotment will be publicly announced.

Payment at par and accrued interest for certificates allotted must be made on or before June 16, 1924, or on later allotment. After allotment and upon payment Federal Reserve Banks may issue interim receipts pending delivery of the definitive certificates. Any qualified depositary will be permitted to make payment by credit for certificates allotted to it for itself and its customers up to any amount for which it shall be qualified in excess of existing deposits, when so notified by the Federal Reserve Bank of its district. Treasury certificates of indebtedness of Series TJ-1924, maturing June 16, 1924, and Treasury notes of Series A-1924, maturing June 15, 1924, will be accepted at par, in payment for any certificates of the Series TD2-1924 now offered which shall be subscribed for and allotted, with an adjustment of the interest accrued, if any, on the certificates of Series TD2-1924 so paid for.

As fiscal agents of the United States, Federal Reserve Banks are authorized and requested to receive subscriptions and to make allotments on the basis and up to the amounts indicated by the Secretary of the Treasury to the Federal Reserve Banks of the

respective districts.

A. W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
June 9, 1924.

' To the Investor:

Almost any banking institution in the United States will handle your subscription for you, or you may make subscription direct to the Federal Reserve Bank of your district. Your special attention is invited to the terms of subscription and allotment as stated above. If you desire to purchase certificates of the above issue after the subscriptions close, or certificates of any outstanding issue, you should apply to your own bank, or, if it can not obtain them for you, to the Federal Reserve Bank of your district, which will then endeavor to fill your order in the market.

Ехнівіт 29

[Department Circular No. 345. Public Debt]

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—TWO AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT TREASURY CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS. SERIES TS-1925, DATED AND BEARING INTEREST FROM SEPTEMBER 15, 1924, DUE SEPTEMBER 15, 1925

The Secretary of the Treasury, under the authority of the act approved September 24, 1917, as amended, offers for subscription at par and accrued interest, through the Federal Reserve Banks, Treasury certificates of indebtedness of Series TS-1925, dated and bearing interest from September 15, 1924, payable September 15, 1925, with interest at the rate of two and three-quarters per cent per annum, payable semiannually.

Applications will be received at the Federal Reserve Banks.

Bearer certificates will be issued in denominations of \$500, \$1,000, \$5,000, \$10,000, and \$100,000. The certificates will have two interest coupons attached, payable March 15, 1925, and September

15, 1925.

The certificates of said series shall be exempt, both as to principal and interest, from all taxation now or hereafter imposed by the United States, any State, or any of the possessions of the United States, or by any local taxing authority, except (a) estate or inheritance taxes, and (b) graduated additional income taxes, commonly known as surtaxes, and excess-profits and war-profits taxes, now or hereafter imposed by the United States, upon the income or profits of

individuals, partnerships, associations, or corporations. The interest on an amount of bonds and certificates authorized by said act approved September 24, 1917, and amendments thereto, the principal of which does not exceed in the aggregate \$5,000, owned by any individual, partnership, association, or corporation, shall be exempt from the taxes provided for in clause (b) above.

The certificates of this series will be accepted at par, with an adjustment of accrued interest, during such time and under such rules and regulations as shall be prescribed or approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, in payment of income and profits taxes payable at the maturity of the certificates. The certificates of this series will be acceptable to secure deposits of public moneys, but will

not bear the circulation privilege.

The right is reserved to reject any subscription and to allot less than the amount of certificates applied for and to close the subscriptions at any time without notice. The Secretary of the Treasury also reserves the right to make allotment in full upon applications for smaller amounts, and to make reduced allotments upon, or to reject, applications for larger amounts, and to make classified allotments and allotments upon a graduated scale; and his action in these respects will be final. Allotment notices will be sent out promptly upon allotment, and the basis of the allotment will be publicly announced.

Payment at par and accrued interest for certificates allotted must be made on or before September 15, 1924, or on later allotment. After allotment and upon payment Federal Reserve Banks may issue interim receipts pending delivery of the definitive certificates. Any qualified depositary will be permitted to make payment by credit for certificates allotted to it for itself and its customers up to any amount for which it shall be qualified in excess of existing deposits, when so notified by the Federal Reserve Bank of its district. Treasury notes of Series B-1924, maturing September 15, 1924, will be accepted at par, with an adjustment of accrued interest, if any, in payment for any certificates of the Series TS-1925 now offered which shall be subscribed for and allotted.

As fiscal agents of the United States, Federal Reserve Banks are authorized and requested to receive subscriptions and to make allotments on the basis and up to the amounts indicated by the Secretary of the Treasury to the Federal Reserve Banks of the

respective districts.

A. W. Mellon,
Secretary of the Treasury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
September 8, 1924.

To the Investor:
Almost any banking institution in the United States will handle your subscription for you, or you may make subscription direct to the Federal Reserve Bank of your district. Your special attention is invited to the terms of subscription and allotment as stated above. If you desire to purchase certificates of the above issue after the subscriptions close, or certificates of any outstanding issue, you should apply to your own bank, or, if it can not obtain them for you, to the Federal Reserve Bank of your district, which will then endeavor to fill your order to market.

[Department Circular No. 343. Public Debt]

WITHDRAWAL OF TREASURY SAVINGS CERTIFICATES, ISSUE OF DECEMBER 1, 1923, FROM SALE

> TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, Washington, July 10, 1924.

1. Withdrawal from sale.—Pursuant to the provisions of Treasury Department Circular No. 329, dated November 15, 1923, and until further notice, Treasury Savings Certificates of the issue of December 1, 1923, offered thereunder, are hereby withdrawn from sale at the close of business July 15, 1924, and thereafter such certificates will

not be issued for cash or in exchange, except as hereinafter provided for exchange of denominations or for reissue in case of the death of

the registered owner prior to maturity.

2. Surrender of unissued stocks.—Every collateral agent shall surrender immediately after July 15, 1924, to the Federal Reserve Bank from which received all Treasury Savings Certificates of the issue of December 1, 1923, not sold before the close of business that day, and upon such surrender shall receive appropriate credit for the certificates surrendered in its account with the Federal Reserve Bank. Post offices will be required to surrender all Treasury Savings Certificates of the issue of December 1, 1923, held by them for sale and remaining in their hands unsold at the close of business on July 15, 1924, in accordance with instructions issued by the Postmaster General.

3. Discontinuing the exchange of War-Savings Certificates and Treasury Savings Certificates, Series of 1918 and 1919.—The provisions of Department Circulars Nos. 329, 330, and 331, dated November 15, 1923, which authorize the exchange of War-Savings Certificates and Treasury Savings Certificates of the Series of 1918 and 1919 for Treasury Savings Certificates of the issue of December 1, 1923, are hereby suspended effective at the close of business July 15, 1924, and thereafter any such certificates then outstanding when presented will be paid in regular course and the exchange thereof for Treasury Savings Certificates will not be permitted.

4. Exchange of denominations and reissue on death of registered owner.—The provisions of Department Circular No. 329, dated November 15, 1923, authorizing the exchange of denominations of Treasury Savings Certificates of the issue of December 1, 1923, and the reissue of such certificates in the case of the death of the owner prior to maturity in favor of the person entitled thereto, remain in full force and effect. Such exchanges may be made only at the Treasury Department, Division of Loans and Currency.

5. The Secretary of the Treasury may at any time withdraw this circular as a whole or in part and from time to time may make any supplemental or amendatory regulations which shall not modify or impair the terms and conditions of Treasury Savings Certificates of the issue of December 1, 1923, issued under Treasury Department Circular No. 329, dated November 15, 1923. G. B. WINSTON,

Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

[Department Circular No. 347. Public Debt]

REDEMPTION OF WAR-SAVINGS CERTIFICATES, SERIES OF 1920

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, November 15, 1924.

To Holders of War-Savings Certificates of the Series of 1920, Postmasters, Federal Reserve Banks, and Others Concerned.

United States War-Savings Certificates of the Series of 1920, become due and payable January 1, 1925, according to their terms. The Secretary of the Treasury offers special facilities for their

redemption as follows:

1. General.—Holders of War-Savings Certificates, Series of 1920, will be entitled to receive on or after January 1, 1925, \$5.00 for each War-Savings Stamp of the Series of 1920 then affixed thereto. Certificates having registered stamps affixed are payable only at the post office where registered. Unregistered certificates are payable at any money-order post office or at the Treasury Department in Washington, and will likewise be accepted for payment at the Federal Reserve Banks and their branches, acting as fiscal agents of the United States. Certificates presented for redemption must be duly receipted in the name inscribed thereon, or, in the event of the death or disability of the owner, in the name of the person entitled to receive payment under the provisions of Treasury Department Circular No. 108, Revised, dated August 1, 1923. Banking institutions generally will handle redemptions for their customers, but the only official agencies are the post offices, the Federal Reserve Banks and branches, and the Treasury Department at Washington.

2. Redemption.—Holders must present their certificates, at their own expense and risk, to the post office where registered in the case of registered certificates, or to any money-order post office, Federal Reserve Bank or branch, or the Treasurer of the United States, at Washington, D. C., in the case of unregistered certificates. Holders will facilitate redemption by presenting unregistered certificates through their own banks, for recognized banking institutions enerally will receive such certificates for collection, for account of the holders, or may cash unregistered certificates for the holders and get cash reimbursement therefor, at maturity value, on or after January 1, 1925, upon surrender of the certificates, duly receipted as herein provided, to the Federal Reserve Bank of the district.

3. Redemption will be made only as of January 1, 1925. In order to facilitate redemption, however, any of the certificates may be presented and surrendered in the manner herein prescribed, at any time in advance of January 1, 1925, for payment on that date. Certificates presented prior to January 1, 1925, should be receipted as of January 1, 1925, and certificates presented on or after January 1, 1925, should be receipted as of the date of presentation. Treasurer of the United States and the Federal Reserve Banks and branches will be prepared to make payment of matured certificates immediately upon presentation, provided, however, that where certificates are presented prior to January 1, 1925, a check payable to the order of the holder will be mailed to reach him on or about January 1, 1925. Post offices are not required to make payment until ten days after receiving written demand therefor, but wherever practicable will waive this requirement and make payment at an earlier date, but in no event will any such payment be made prior to January 1, 1925. Payment of certificates surrendered through banks will be made to the bank through which presented, while payment of certificates presented direct to post offices, Federal Reserve Banks and branches, or the Treasurer of the United States will be made direct to the holder.

4. Procedure in case of death or disability of the owner.—The provisions of Treasury Department Circular No. 108, Revised, dated August 1, 1923, further define the rights of holders of War-Savings Certificates and subject to the provisions hereof will govern the presentation and surrender of certificates for redemption in the event of the death or disability of the owner. Where certificates are inscribed in the name of a deceased owner and the estate is being administered in a court of competent jurisdiction, the certificates should be receipted by the legal representative of the estate and accompanied by a certificate of his appointment or by duly certified copies of the letters testamentary or letters of administration, as the case may Certificates inscribed in the names of minors should be receipted by the legal guardian, or, if there is no guardian, by the minor himself if of sufficient competency and understanding to sign the receipt and comprehend the nature thereof, or, if not of sufficient competency and understanding, receipted for the minor by the parent or natural guardian with whom the minor resides. Holders may obtain further information as to the provisions of the circular from their own banks or post offices.

5. Limitation of holdings.—Under the provisions of Section 6 of the Act of Congress approved September 24, 1917, as amended, it is not lawful for any one person at any one time to hold War-Savings Certificates of the Series of 1920 to an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 (maturity value). Holders may, however, redeem their excess holdings in accordance with the provisions of Treasury Department Circular No. 178, dated January 15, 1920, as amended and supplemented.

6. Further information.—Any further information which may be desired as to the redemption of War-Savings Certificates of the Series of 1920 may be obtained from post offices, Federal Reserve Banks and branches, or the Treasury Department, Division of Loans and Currency, Washington, D. C.

7. The Secretary of the Treasury may at any time or from time to time prescribe supplemental or amendatory rules and regulations governing the redemption of War-Savings Certificates, Series of 1920.

A. W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury.

[Department Circular No. 348. Public Debt]

REDEMPTION OF TREASURY SAVINGS CERTIFICATES, SERIES OF 1920

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Washington, November 15, 1924.

To Owners of Treasury Savings Certificates of the Series of 1920, and Others Concerned:

United States Treasury Savings Certificates of the Series of 1920 become due and payable January 1, 1925, according to their terms. Treasury Savings Certificates of the Series of 1920 are all in registered form, and bear on their face the title "United States War-Savings Certificate, Treasury Savings Certificate Issue," and the date "January 2, 1920." The Secretary of the Treasury offers facili-

ties for their redemption, as follows:

1. General.—Registered owners of Treasury Savings Certificates, Series of 1920, will be entitled to receive, on or after January 1, 1925, One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000) for each \$1,000 certificate and One Hundred Dollars (\$100) for each \$100 certificate. Certificates are payable and must be presented and surrendered (by mail or otherwise) at the Treasury Department, Division of Loans and Currency, Washington, D. C. The demand for payment appearing on the back of each certificate presented for redemption must be properly signed by the owner in the presence of and duly certified by a United States postmaster (who should affix the official postmark of his office), an executive officer of an incorporated bank or trust company (who should affix the corporate seal of the bank or trust company), or any other person duly designated by the Secretary of the Treasury for the purpose. In the event of the death or disability of the owner, the demand for payment shall be executed by the person entitled to receive payment under the provisions of Treasury Department Circular No. 149, Revised, dated August 1, 1922.

2. Presentation before maturity.—In order to facilitate redemption of maturing certificates, owners are offered the privilege, beginning December 1, 1924, of surrendering their certificates in advance, for redemption as of January 1, 1925. Payment for all certificates thus presented will be made by check payable to the order of the registered owner, which will be mailed to reach him on or about January 1,

1925.

3. Presentation at or after maturity.—Redemption will be made only as of January 1, 1925. Payment will be made by check payable to

the order of the registered owner.

4. Procedure in case of death or disability of the owner.—The provisions of Treasury Department Circular No. 149, Revised, dated August 1, 1922, further define the rights of holders of Treasury Savings Certificates and will govern the presentation and surrender of certificates for redemption in the event of the death or disability of the owner.

5. Further information.—Any further information which may be desired as to the redemption of Treasury Savings Certificates of the

Series of 1920 may be obtained from post offices, Federal Reserve Banks and branches, or the Treasury Department, Division of Loans

and Currency, Washington, D. C.
6. The Secretary of the Treasury may at any time or from time to time prescribe supplemental or amendatory rules and regulations governing the redemption of Treasury Savings Certificates, Series of

> A. W. MELLON, Secretary of the Treasury.

Ехнівіт 33

[Department Circular No. 346. Public Debt]

REDEMPTION OF THE 4 PER CENT BONDS OF THE LOAN OF 1925

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Office of the Secretary,

Washington, October 15, 1924. To Holders of 4 per cent Bonds of the Loan of 1925 and Others Concerned:

Public notice is hereby given that United States 4 per cent bonds of the Loan of 1925, dated February 1, 1895, issued under authority of the Act of Congress approved July 14, 1870, as amended by the Act approved January 20, 1871, and by the Act of Congress approved January 14, 1875, are called for redemption and payment on February

2, 1925, and will cease to bear interest on that date.

1. Coupon bonds.—Four per cent bonds of 1925 in coupon form should be presented and surrendered for redemption to the Treasurer of the United States, at Washington, or to any Federal Reserve Bank The bonds must be delivered at the expense and risk of the holder, and should be accompanied by appropriate written advice (see Form P. D. 900 hereto attached). The final interest coupons which will become payable on February 1, 1925, should be detached for collection in regular course before the bonds are presented for redemp-One day's additional interest accruing on such coupon bonds of February 2, 1925, will be covered by payments to be made simultane-

ously with the payments on account of principal.

2. Registered bonds.—Four per cent bonds of 1925 in registered form should be assigned by the registered payees or assigns thereof to "The Secretary of the Treasury for redemption," in accordance with the general regulations of the Treasury Department governing assignments, and thereafter should be presented and surrendered for redemption to the Treasury Department, Division of Loans and Currency, Washington, or to any Federal Reserve Bank or branch. The bonds must be delivered at the expense and risk of the holder, and should be accompanied by appropriate written advice (see Form P. D. 901 hereto attached). If assignment for redemption is made by the registered owner, payment of principal and interest will be made to the registered owner at his last address of record, unless written instructions to the contrary are received from the registered owner. If assignment for redemption is made by an assignee holding under proper assignment from the registered owner, payment of principal and interest will be made to such assignee at the address specified in the form of advice. Assignments in blank, or other assignments having similar effect, will also be recognized, and in that event payment will be made to the person surrendering the bonds for redemption, since under such assignments the bonds become in effect payable to bearer. In case it is desired to have payment made to some one other than the registered owner, without intermediate assignment, the bonds may be assigned to "The Secretary of the Treasury for redemption for account of...";

(Here insert name and address of payee desired.)

but assignments in this form must be completed before acknowledgment and not left in blank. The transfer books for such registered bonds will not close prior to February 2, 1925, and the interest accruing for the quarter year ending February 1, 1925, together with one day's additional interest accruing on February 2, 1925, will be covered by payments to be made simultaneously with the payments on account of principal. Separate checks for interest to February 1, 1925, will not be issued.

3. Bonds held by Treasurer of the United States in trust.—Registered 4 per cent bonds of 1925 on deposit with the Treasurer of the United States to secure circulating notes of national banks, or to secure deposits of public money or postal savings funds, may be redeemed

upon assignment as follows:

(a) If deposited to secure circulating notes of national banks, the board of directors of the national bank concerned should, by appropriate resolution, authorize the Treasurer of the United States to assign such bonds to "The Secretary of the Treasury for redemption." The resolution should further authorize the withdrawal by the Comptroller of the Currency of the bonds from the custody of the Treasurer of the United States and the substitution of a like amount of other United States bonds bearing the circulation privilege, or the deposit of the proceeds of redemption for the retirement of the outstanding circulating notes secured by such bonds. A certified copy of such resolution and the Treasurer's receipt for the bonds on deposit, together with the bonds, if any, to be substituted, should be forwarded to the Comptroller of the Currency, Treasury Department, Washington.

(b) If deposited to secure deposits of public money or postal savings funds the board of directors of the bank or trust company concerned should, by appropriate resolution, authorize the Treasurer of the United States to assign such bonds to "The Secretary of the Treasury for redemption." The resolution should further authorize the withdrawal of the bonds from the custody of the Treasurer of the United States and the substitution of a like amount of other acceptable collateral. A certified copy of such resolution, together with the Treasurer's receipt for the bonds on deposit, should be forwarded either (1) to the Treasurer of the United States, Division of Securities, Washington, if the bonds are held to secure deposits of public money, or (2) to the Director of Postal Savings, Washington, if the bonds are held to secure postal savings funds. In either case if other collateral is to be deposited, such collateral should be forwarded direct to the Treasurer of the United States, Division of Securities, Washington.

(c) The Treasurer of the United States will forward appropriate resolution forms to each bank or trust company having 4 per cent

bonds of 1925 on deposit as security for the above accounts.

4. Presentation prior to February 2, 1925.—In order to facilitate redemption of outstanding 4 per cent bonds of 1925, any of the bonds may be presented and surrendered in the manner herein prescribed, at any time in advance of February 2, 1925, for payment on that date, and holders are urged to present their bonds well in advance so as to insure prompt payment when due. This is particularly important with respect to registered bonds, for payment can not be made until registration shall have been discharged by the Treasury Department, Division of Loans and Currency.

5. Miscellaneous.—Any further information which may be desired as to the payment or redemption of said bonds may be obtained from the Treasury Department, Division of Loans and Currency, Washington, or from any Federal Reserve Bank or branch. The Secretary of the Treasury may at any time or from time to time prescribe supplemental or amendatory provisions governing the matters covered by

this circular.

A. W. MELLON, Secretary of the Treasury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT DIVISION OF LOANS AND CURRENCY Form P. D. 900. Ed. 8000. Oct. 15, 1924

Form of advice to accompany 4 per cent bonds of the loan of 1925 in coupon form presented for redemption

То	The	TREASURER	OF	THE	UNITED	States,	Washington,	D.	<i>C</i>
				Or					

The Federal Reserve Bank of.....

Pursuant to the provisions of Treasury Department Circular No. 346, dated October 15, 1924, the undersigned presents and surrenders herewith for redemption on February 2, 1925, \$_____, face amount, of 4 per cent bonds of the Loan of 1925 in coupon form, with all coupons detached, as follows:

Number of bonds	Denomination	Serial numbers of bonds	Face amount
	\$50		
***************************************	100		
-	500		
,	1,000		
Total		·	
2 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			

and requests that remittance covering payment therefor be forwarded to the undersigned at the address indicated below.

(Signature)	· 	
(Address in full)		
Date)		

NOTE 1.—Coupon bonds must be delivered to the Treasurer of the United States, Washington, D. C., or to any Federal Reserve Bank or branch, at the expense and risk of the holder.

NOTE 2.—Final coupon due February 1, 1925, should be detached by holders of bonds and collected in regular course. One day's additional interest, due February 2, 1925, will be paid simultaneously with payment of the principal amount. The decimal for computing such one day's interest on \$1,000 face amount of coupon bonds is \$0.11235955 (interest for one day in 89 day period).

TREASURY DEPARTMENT DIVISION OF LOANS AND CURRENCY Form P. D. 901. Ed. 8000. Oct. 15, 1924

Form of advice to accompany 4 per cent bonds of the loan of 1925 in registered form presented for redemption

То	The	TREASURY	DEPARTMENT	, Divisio	n of	Loans	and	Currency,	Washington,
	D. (7. <i>:</i>							
			or	•					
	Т	he FEDERA	T. RESERVE I	SANK OF					

Pursuant to the provisions of Treasury Department Circular No. 346 dated October 15, 1924, the undersigned presents and surrenders herewith for redemption on February 2, 1925, \$_____, face amount, of 4 per cent bonds of the Loan of 1925 in registered form, inscribed in the name of..... ____and duly assigned to "The Secretary of the Treasury for Redemption" as follows: .

Number of bonds	Denomination	Serial numbers of bonds	Face amount
	\$50		
	100	••	
	500		
	1,000		
	5, 000		
	10,000		
Total			

and	requests	that	remittance	covering	payment	therefor	be	forwarded	to	the
und	ersigned a	t the	address ind	icated be	low.			•		

Signature	
(Address in full)	
	. •
(Date)	

Note 1.—Registered bonds must be assigned, in accordance with Treasury Department regulations governing assignments generally, to "The Secretary of the Treasury for redemption," and must be delivered to the Treasury Department, Division of Loans and Currency, Washington, D. C., or to any Federal Reserve Bank or branch at the expense and risk of the holder.

Note 2.—The usual check for interest due February 1, 1925, will not be issued. Interest for quarter year ending February 1, 1925, plus one day's additional interest due February 2, 1925, will be paid simultaneously with payment of the principal amount. The decimal for computing such interest on \$1,000 face amount of registered bonds is \$10.11235955 (one quarter year's interest plus interest for one day in 89 day neriod). period).

PAYMENTS TO CARRIERS FROM NOVEMBER 16, 1923, TO OCTOBER 31, 1924, INCLUSIVE, PROVIDED FOR IN SECTION 204 OF THE TRANSPORTATION ACT OF 1920, AS AMENDED, FOR THE REIMBURSEMENT OF DEFICITS ON ACCOUNT OF FEDERAL CONTROL

			·	· · ·
	Partial	Final		Total
Carrier	payments	payments	Deductions 1	certified
<u> </u>	payments	payments		certmea
Amador Central R. R. Co	:	\$35, 835, 06	\$25. 41	\$35, 835. 06
Arizona & New Mexico Ry Co		86 742 77	φ20. 11	86, 742. 77
Arizona & New Mexico Ry. Co		00, 112.11		00, 142, 11
ceivers		82 649 45	66, 343. 57	82, 649, 45
Birmingham & Southeastern Ry. Co., receivers.		20, 429. 11		20, 429, 11
Brownstone & Middleton R. R. Co		296, 88		296. 88
Central Ry. Co. of Arkansas		27, 730, 27		27, 730. 27
Coudersport & Port Allegany R. R. Co		5, 796, 05	5, 796. 05 51, 965. 56	5, 796, 05
Delaware & Northern R. R. Co., receivers		·51, 965, 56	51, 965, 56	51, 965. 56
East Texas & Gulf Ry. Co		14, 405, 37	22,000,00	14, 405, 37
Free Valley R. R. Co		6, 498, 52	41, 743. 49	6, 498. 52
Freeo Valley R. R. Co. Georgia & Florida Railway, receivers		41, 743, 49	41, 743, 49	41, 743, 49
Illinois Southern Ry. Co., receiver		199, 626, 62		199, 626. 62
Keeseville, Ausable Chasm & Lake Champlain				200, 020. 02
R. R. Co	l	3, 899, 52	3, 899. 52	3, 899, 52
Kansas, Oklahoma & Gulf Ry. Co		106, 363. 47		106, 363. 47
Lake Champlain & Moriah R. R. Co		73, 315, 97		73, 315, 97
Mineral Point & Northern Ry. Co		12, 222, 92		12, 222. 92
Montour Railroad Co		12, 222. 92 125, 224. 08	107, 000. 00	125, 224, 08
Morenci Southern Ry. Co				7, 127. 02
Nevada County Narrow Gauge R. R. Co		9, 039, 71		9, 039, 71
North Louisiana & Gulf R R Co		9.656 19	2, 418, 10	9, 656. 19
Pittsburgh & Susquehanna R. R. Co		34, 284, 99	5, 051, 40	34, 284, 99
Prescott & Northwestern R. R. Co		7, 496, 50		7, 496, 50
Springfield Electric Ry. Co., receiver		22, 949, 76		22, 949, 76
Texas-South-Eastern R. R. Co.		3, 986, 29		3, 986. 29
Tionesta Valley Ry. Co		1, 474, 88		1, 474. 88
Trinity Valley & Northern Ry. Co		5 085 79	65. 28	5, 085. 79
Warren & Ouachita Valley Ry. Co		15, 558. 38	601. 80	15, 558. 38
Waukegan, Rockford & Elgin Traction Co		4, 252. 07		4, 252. 07
Waycross & Southern R. R. Co	:	7, 762. 51		7, 762. 51
Warren & Ouachita Valley Ry. Co. Waukegan, Rockford & Elgin Traction Co. Waycross & Southern R. R. Co. Wellington & Powellsville R. R. Co., receiver		18, 577. 94	154. 61 304. 78	18, 577. 94
White River R. R. Co		1, 329. 31	304. 78	1, 329. 31
White Sulphur Springs & Yellowstone Park				
Ry. Co. Wichita Northwestern Ry. Co., receiver. Williamsport & North Branch R. R. Co., re-		6, 999. 49		6, 999. 49
Wichita Northwestern Ry. Co., receiver		49, 351, 78		49, 351. 78
Williamsport & North Branch R. R. Co., re-				
ceiver		10, 718. 73		10, 718, 73
·w oodworth & Louisiana Central Rv. Co	1	10, 140. 51		10, 140. 51
				27, 489. 78
Wyoming Railway Co		12, 455. 45	12, 455. 45	12, 455. 45
Total		1, 160, 482. 19	297, 825, 02	1, 160, 482, 19
Less refund of overpayments:	,		·	
Lorain & Southern R. R. Co \$2,849.58	l	,		
Randolph & Cumberland Ry. Co. (part)				
Co. (part)		,		
		3, 037. 83		3, 037. 83
				
Payments from Nov. 16, 1923, to Oct. 31, 1924,	1	l		
_ inclusive		1, 157, 444. 36	297, 825. 02	1, 157, 444. 36
Payments to Nov. 15, 1923, inclusive	\$2, 207, 651. 4 1	6, 070, 259. 22	1, 557, 913. 57	8, 277, 910. 63
W. t. 1 t. t. O.t. 01 1001	0.007.051.11	# 00# #00 #0	1 055 500 50	0.405.054.00
Total payments to Oct. 31, 1924	2, 207, 051. 41	7, 227, 703. 58	1, 855, 738. 59	9, 435, 354. 99
	I	l		

¹ Amount due from the carrier to the President (as operator of the transportation systems under Federal control) on account of traffic balances or other indebtedness.

PAYMENTS TO CARRIERS FROM NOVEMBER 16, 1923, TO OCTOBER 31, 1924, INCLUSIVE, UNDER THE GUARANTY PROVIDED FOR IN SECTION 209 OF THE TRANSPORTATION ACT OF 1920, AS AMENDED, AND PAYMENTS BY CARRIERS TO THE UNITED STATES UNDER THE SAME SECTION

Carrier	Advances	Partial	Final 1	Total
Alabama Central B. R. Co			\$933. 48	\$933. 48
Alabama & Vicksburg Rv. Co:			187, 744, 92 13, 191, 39	187, 744. 9
Arizona & New Mexico Rv. Co			13, 191, 39	13, 191, 39
Arkansas Central R. R. Co			33, 378. 31	13, 191. 39 33, 378. 31
Alabama Central R. R. Co		·	5, 429. 65	5, 429. 65
ceivers. Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co. and Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co., joint lessees of Georgia R. R. Atlantic, Wayeross & Southern R. R. Barnegat Railroad Co. Buffalo Creek Railroad, lessees. Central Indiana Ry. Co., receiver. Chicago Great Western R. R. Co. Chicago, Milwaukee & Gary Ry. Co. Chicago, Milwaukee & Gary Ry. Co. Chicago, West Pullman & Southern R. R. Co.				
Joint lessees of Georgia R. R.			48, 223. 11	48, 223. 11
Paragot Dailroad Co			575. 79 3, 457. 49	575. 79 3, 457. 49
Pariden Pailway Co			10, 669. 09	10, 669. 09
Buffalo Creek Railroad Jesses			232, 252. 77	232, 252, 77
Central Indiana Ry Co receiver			48, 173. 78	48, 173. 78
Chicago Great Western R R Co			22, 660. 60	22, 660, 60
Chicago Milwankee & Gary Ry Co			78, 327. 97	78, 327, 97
Chicago, West Pullman & Southern			5, 897. 87	•
R. R. Co. Cincinnati, Lebanon & Northern Ry. Co. Copper Range Railroad Co. Cumberland & Pennsylvania R. R. Co.				5, 897. 87
<u></u>			98, 988. 33	98, 988. 33
Copper Range Railroad Co			33, 436. 00	33, 436. 00
Delaware & Northern R. R. Co., re-			80, 066. 28	80, 066. 28
celvers			9, 987. 83	9, 987. 83
Elberton & Eastern R. R. Co			5, 856, 29 228, 594, 35 694, 150, 86	5, 856. 29 228, 594. 35
Evansville & Indianapolis R. R. Co			228, 594, 35	228, 594. 35
Florida East Coast Ry. Co			694, 150. 86	694, 150, 86 6, 847, 61
Delaware & Northern R. R. Co., receivers. Elberton & Eastern R. R. Co Evansville & Indianapolis R. R. Co Florida East Coast Ry. Co Greenwich & Johnsonville Ry. Co Huntington & Broad Top Mountain			6, 847, 61	
R. R. & Coal Co			48, 083, 75	48, 083. 75
Kansas, Oklahoma & Gulf Ry. Co., in- cluding Kansas, Oklahoma & Gulf			40 770 99	40, 770. 22
Controod & Poston Dr. Co			40, 770. 22 12, 932. 18	10,770.22
Lagranuseth & Manales D. D. Co.			6, 363. 85	12, 932. 18
Labigh Volley D. D. Co			282, 585. 02	6, 363. 85 282, 585. 02
Lorsin Ashland & Southern R R Co			261, 938, 01	261, 938. 01
Manistiana & Lake Superior R. R. Co			3, 686, 60	3, 686. 60
Manufacturers Railway Co			45, 160. 60	45, 160. 60
Marion R. R. Corporation			1, 570. 18	1, 570. 18
cluding Kansas, Oklahoma & Gulf Ry. of Texas Kentwood & Eastern Ry. Co Leavenworth & Topeka R. R. Co Lehigh Valley R. R. Co Lorain, Ashland & Southern R. R. Co Manistique & Lake Superior R. R. Co Manufacturers Railway Co Marion R. R. Corporation Maryland, Delaware & Virginia Ry. Co Midland Valley R. R. Co Minnesota Northwestern Electric Ry.			37, 498. 18	37, 498. 18
Midland Valley R. R. Co			90, 634, 31	90, 634. 31
Minnesota Northwestern Electric Ry.			3, 383. 00	3, 383. 00
Minnesota Northwestern Electric Ry. Co. Missouri, Kansas & Texas R. R. Co. and Missouri, Kansas & Texas Ry. of Texas. Missouri Pacific R. R. Co. Missouri Pacific R. R. Co. Missouri Southern R. R. Co. Moronegahela Ry. Co. Morenci Southern Ry. Co. Morenci Southern Ry. Co. Mount Hood R. R. Co. New Park & Fawn Grove R. R. Nezperce & Idaho R. R. Co. Norfolk & Western Ry. Co. Dhio River & Western Ry. Co. Dhio River & Western Ry. Co. Philadelphia & Beachhaven R. R. Co. Pittsburgh, Chartiers & Youghiogheny Ry. Co.			1	0, 000. 00
Texas			817, 157. 85	817, 157. 85
Missouri Pacific R. R. Co			660, 448. 73	660, 448. 73
Missouri Southern R. R. Co			7, 838. 83	660, 448. 73 7, 838. 83 432, 819. 43 19, 380. 92
Mononganela Ry. Co.			432, 819. 43	432, 819. 43
Morenci Southern Ry, Co			19, 380. 92	19, 380. 92
Mount Hood R. R. Co.			18, 095. 26	18, 095. 26
New Park & Pawn Grove R. R.			2, 071. 56 1, 274. 44	2, 071. 56
Norfolk & Western Dr. Co.			593, 668, 16	1, 274. 44
This Divon & Western Ry. Co			24, 169, 19	593, 668. 16 24, 169, 19
Philadelphia & Reachbayon D. D. Co.			4, 648. 79	4, 648. 79
Pittshurgh Chartiers & Voughinghany			4, 020. 10	4, 040. 79
Ry. Co. Rockingham Railroad Co. Rockingham Railroad Co. Rome & Northern R. R. Co. Saratoga & Encampment R. R. Co. Seaboard Air Line Ry. Co. Shearwood Ry. Co. St. Johnsbury & Lake Champlain R. R. Co.	•••		140, 705. 12	140, 705. 12
Co			200, 281. 91	200, 281. 91
Rockingham Railroad Co			952. 11	952. 11
Rome & Northern R. R. Co			2, 270, 61	2, 270. 61
Saratoga & Encampment R. R. Co			13, 663, 56	13, 663. 56
seaboard Air Line Ry, Co			650, 188, 43	650, 188. 43
Shearwood Ry. Co			13, 663. 56 650, 188. 43 1, 671. 32	1, 671. 32
R. R. Co St. Joseph & Grand Island Ry. Co St. Paul Bridge & Terminal Ry. Co			9, 987. 78	9, 987. 78
t Tasanh & Canad Taland Day Co	1		121, 867. 32	121, 867. 32

¹Amounts in this column represent balances due and paid after taking into account advances and partial payments previously made.

Payments to carriers from November 16, 1923, to October 31, 1924, inclusive, under the guaranty provided for in section 209 of the transportation act of 1920, as amended, and payments by carriers to the United States under the same section— Continued

Valdosta, Moultrie & Western Ry. Co. \$13, 178. 48 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$	
Virginian Ry. Co. 165, 985. 63 Washington & Lincolnton R. R. Co. 9, 175. 61 Washington & Lincolnton R. R. Co. 3, 000. 00 (supplemental). 24, 361. 03 Western Maryland Ry. Co. 24, 361. 03 Wichita Northwestern Ry. Co., receiver 3, 870. 17 Williamson & Pond Creek R. R. Co. 29, 670. 52 Less refund of overpayment by: 6, 679, 422. 48 Atlanta & St. Andrews Bay Ry. Co. (part)\$10, 985. 89 Baltimore, Chesapeake Atlantic Ry. Co 68, 117. 76 Bangor & Aroostook R. R. Co	otal
(supplemental)	\$13, 178. 48 165, 985. 63 9, 175. 61
Less refund of overpayment by: Atlanta & St. Andrews Bay Ry. Co. (part)\$10, 985. 89 Baltimore, Chesapeake & Atlantic Ry. Co 68, 117. 76 Bangor & Aroostook R. R. Co 11, 419. 81 Birmingham & Southeastern Ry. Co 9, 612. 44 Leavenworth Terminal	3, 000. 00 24, 361. 03 3, 870. 17 29, 670. 52
Atlanta & St. Andrews Bay Ry. Co. (part)\$10,985.89 Baltimore, Chesapeake & Atlantic Ry. Co 68, 117.76 Bangor & Aroostook R. R. Co	79, 422. 48
Birmingham & South- eastern Ry. Co. 9, 612. 44 Leavenworth Terminal	
Ry. & Bridge Co 18, 900. 00 Muscatine, Burlington & Southern R. R. Co.	
	36, 019. 99
Repayment by: International & Great Northern Ry. Co., receiver, on account part payment of amount due re- ceiver from Pierce Oil Corpora-	
tion	. 10
Payments to carriers from Nov. 16,	
	147, 354. 72 170, 330. 86
Total payments to Oct. 31, 1924, inclusive	

PAYMENTS BY CARRIERS TO THE UNITED STATES

Payments by carriers to the United States from November 16, 1923, to October 31, 1924, under the provisions of section 209(d) of the transportation act, 1920, as amended, on account of excess earnings during the guaranty period:

Campbells Creek R. R. Co.	\$3, 560. 52
Kishacoquillas Valley R. R. Co.	2, 707. 79
Missouri & Illinois Bridge & Belt R. R. Co	20, 395, 56
Rosslyn Connecting R. R. Co	
	-, -, -, -,

 Total
 32, 340. 90

 Payments to Nov. 15, 1923
 223, 789. 60

256, 130. 50

LOANS TO CARRIERS UNDER SECTION 210 OF THE TRANSPORTATION ACT OF 1920, AS AMENDED, AND REPAYMENTS ON SUCH LOANS FROM NOVEMBER 16, 1923, TO OCTOBER 31, 1924, INCLUSIVE, WITH LOANS OUTSTANDING NOVEMBER 15, 1923, AND OCTOBER 31, 1924

Carrier outstanding Nov. 15, 1923 to Oct. 31, 1924 outstanding Nov. 15, 1923 to Oct. 31, 1924 oct. 3	ans anding
Nov. 15, 1923 to Oct. 31, 1924 Oct. 31, 1924 Oct. 31, 1924	
Akron Centon & Youngstown Rv Co \$212,000,00	1, 1924
421 Walley Control of a Company of the first	12, 000. 00
Alabama, Tennessee & Northern R. R. Corporation 447, 750.00 \$27, 500.00 42	20, 250, 00
Alabama & Vicksburg Ry. Co	70, 000, 00
Aransas Harbor Terminal Ry	50, 000. 00
Co	30, 000. 00 00, 000. 00
Bangor & Aroostook R. R. Co	14, 000. 00
	75, 000. 00 05, 479. 00
Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Ry.	10, 418.00
Co	·
Central of Georgia Ry. Co 206, 180.00 206, 180.00 300, 000.00	00, 000, 00
Central Vermont Ry Co 167 000 00 13 000 00 15	54, 000. 00
Charles City Western Ry. Co	10, 000. 00 73, 023. 97
Chicago & Eastern Illinois R. R. Co.,	•
receiver 785, 000. 00 78	35, 000. 00 05, 373. 00
Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville Ry.	•
Co	55, 000. 00 00, 000. 00
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. Co. 25, 000, 000. 00 2,000, 000. 00 7, 86	52, 000. 00 52, 000. 00
Chicago & Western Indiana R. R. Co 7,719,000.00 103,000.00 7,61	16, 000. 00
Cisco & Northeastern Ry. Co	36, 450. 00 45, 000. 00
Cumberland & Manchester R. R. Co 375, 000. 000. 000. 000. 000. 000. 000. 00	75, 000. 00
(formerly the Inter-Urban Ry. Co.) 633,500.00 63 Erie R. R. Co. 11,574,450.00 11,57	33, 500. 00 74, 450. 00
Erie R. Co. 11, 574, 450, 00 11, 57 Evansville, Indianapolis & Terre Haute 400, 000, 00 400, 000, 00 400, 000, 00	4, 400. 00
Fernwood, Columbia & Gulf R. R. Co. 25,000.00 5,000.00 2	20, 000. 00
Flemingsburg & Northern R. R. Co. 7, 250.00 7, 250.00	00, 000. 00
Fort Smith & Western R. R. Co.,	56, 000. 00
Gainesville & Northwestern R. R. Co. 75,000.00 75,000.00	75, 000. 00
Georgia & Florida Ry., receivers 792, 000. 00 79 Great Northern Ry. Co. 1,608, 000. 00 1,608, 000. 00	2, 000. 00
	2, 000. 00
Gulf, Mobile & Northern R. R. Co	33, 500. 00
Kansas City, Mexico & Orient R. R.	35, 000. 00
Co, receiver 2, 500, 000, 00 2, 50	00, 000. 00 80, 000. 00
Co	7, 500. 00
R. R. Co	17, 000. 00 73, 000. 00
Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. Co	32, 000. 00
Texas, receiver 390, 000. 00 390, 000. 00 390, 000. 00 3, 500, 000. 00 3, 500	00, 000. 00
	59, 760. 00

Loans to carriers under section 210 of the transportation act of 1920, as amended, and repayments on such loans from November 16, 1923, to October 31, 1924, inclusive, with loans outstanding November 15, 1923, and October 31, 1924—Continued

Carrier	Loans outstanding Nov. 15, 1923	Loans from Nov. 16, 1923, to Oct. 31, 1924	Repayments from Nov. 16, 1923, to Oct. 31, 1924	Loans outstanding Oct. 31, 1924
National Railway Service Corporation account— Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co. Bangor & Aroostook R. R. Co. Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ry. Co. Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. Co. New Orleans, Texas & Mexico R. R. Co. Wheeling & Lake Erie Ry. Co. Wheeling & Lake Erie Ry. Co. Norfolk Southern R. R. Co. Peoria & Pekin Union Ry. Co. Salt Lake & Utah R. R. Co. Seaboard Air Line Ry. Co. Seaboard Bay Line Co. Shearwood Ry. Co. Tennessee Central Ry. Co. Toledo, St. Louis & Western R. R. Co. Virginia Blue Ridge Ry. Co. Virginia Bule Ridge Ry. Co. Virginia Ry. Co., The Waterloo, Cedar Falls & Northern Ry. Co. Western Maryland Ry. Co. Wheeling & Lake Erie Ry. Co. Wichita Northwestern Ry. Co. Wilmington, Brunswick & Southern R. R. Co. Total Loans and repayments to November 15, 1923, inclusive	\$4, 160, 000. 00 44, 250. 00 1, 543, 032. 82 379, 909. 87 766, 344. 80 3, 250, 271. 13 23, 930, 000. 00 1, 797, 000. 00 888, 300. 00 1, 797, 000. 00 4, 239, 900. 00 1, 500, 000. 00 600, 000. 00 160, 000. 00 18, 000. 00 2, 000. 00 2, 000. 00 38, 000. 00 2, 922, 800. 00 3, 460, 000. 00 381, 750. 00 101, 938, 074. 59	\$3,400,000.00	314, 000. 00 46, 000. 00 2, 000, 000. 00	372, 730, 22 734, 413, 76 3, 188, 846, 46 27, 230, 000, 00 1, 561, 700, 00 189, 97, 400, 00 3, 925, 000, 00 1, 500, 000, 00 154, 997, 400, 00 156, 000, 00 38, 000, 00 1, 260, 000, 00 38, 000, 00 1, 260, 000, 00 38, 000, 00 1, 260, 000, 00 381, 750, 00 90, 000, 00 188, 677, 673, 08
		350, 600, 667. 00	161, 922, 993. 92	

SECURITIES OWNED BY THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

[Compiled from latest reports received by the Treasury, June 30, 1924]

(5 / 0 00 / 203	
Bonds of foreign governments received under agreements for funding		
Bonds of foreign governments received under agreements for funding of their debts to the United States, pursuant to the acts of Congress approved Feb. 9, 1922, Feb. 28, 1923, Mar. 12, 1924, and May 23, 1924:		
approved Feb. 9, 1922, Feb. 28, 1923, Mar. 12, 1924, and May 23, 1924;		
Great Britain	\$4,577,000,000,00	
Finland	8, 955, 000, 00	
Finland Hungary	8, 955, 000. 00 1, 939, 000. 00	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		\$4, 587, 894, 000. 00
Obligations of foreign governments under authority of acts approved Apr. 24, 1917, and Sept. 24, 1917, as amended (on basis of cash advances, less repayments of principal):		
Apr. 24, 1917, and Sept. 24, 1917, as amended (on basis of cash		
advances, less repayments of principal):1		
Belgium Czechoslovakia France Greece	347, 210, 808. 68	
UZecnosiovakia	61, 974, 041, 10 2, 933, 179, 559, 22 15, 000, 000, 00 1, 647, 997, 050, 16	
Change	2, 933, 179, 339, 22	
Italy	1 647 007 050 16	
Liberia	26,000.00	
Rumania	23 205 819 52	
Russia	187, 729, 750, 00	
Serbia	23, 205, 819. 52 187, 729, 750. 00 26, 059, 865. 40	
-		
Total		5, 242, 382, 894. 08
Foreign obligations received from the Secretary of War on account of		, , ,
sale of surplus war supplies: 1		
Belgium	29, 818, 761. 38	
Czechoslovakia	20, 604, 302. 49	
Sale of surplus war supplies: Belgium Czeehoslovakia Esthonia. France	29, 818, 761. 38 20, 604, 302. 49 12, 213, 377. 88 407, 341, 145. 01	
rrance	407, 341, 145. 01	
Latvia	2, 521, 869. 32	
Lithuania	4, 159, 491. 96	
Poland	155, 590. 28	
Pumonio	77, 408, 015, 21	
Ruccia	12, 922, 675. 42 406, 082. 30	
Nicaragua Poland Rumania Russia Serbs, Croats, and Slovenes	24, 978, 020. 99	
-		
Total		592, 529, 332, 24
Foreign obligations received from the Secretary of the Navy on account		, ,
of sale of surplus war supplies: 1		
Poland		2, 538, 065. 03
Foreign obligations received from the American Relief Administration		
on account of relief, pursuant to act approved Feb. 25, 1919:		
Armenia	8, 028, 412. 15	
Czechoslovakia	6, 428, 089. 19	
Esthonia Latvia	1, 785, 767, 72	
Lithuania	2,010,417.82	
Poland	1, 785, 767. 72 2, 610, 417. 82 822, 136. 07 51, 671, 749. 36	
Russia	4, 465, 465. 07	
	2, 100, 100.01	
Total		75, 812, 037. 38
Foreign obligations received from the United States Grain Corpora- tion on account of final liquidation, given for relief, pursuant to act		
tion on account of final liquidation, given for relief, pursuant to act		
approved Mar. 30, 1920: 1		
Armenia	3, 931, 505. 34	
Austria	24, 055, 708. 92 2, 873, 238. 25	
Austria Czechoslovakia Poland	2, 873, 238. 25	
T 018BU	24, 312, 514. 37	
Total		55, 172, 966. 88
Capital stock of war emergency corporations:		30, 112, 300.00
Capital stock of the Emergency Fleet Corporation	50, 000, 000. 00	
Capital stock of the Emergency Fleet Corporation Less cash deposited with the Treasurer of the United States to	00, 000, 000. 00	
the credit of the corporation	33, 020, 689. 69	
in the second of		16, 979, 310. 31 400, 000. 00
Capital stock of the Hoboken Manufacturers Railroad Co		400,000.00
Capital stock of United States Housing Corporation issued	70, 000, 000. 00	•
Less amount retired plus cash deposits covered into Treasury		
under act approved July 11, 1919	24, 665, 664. 76	12.1.2.2.2.1
Control of the Activity of Charles Connection (1997)		45, 334, 335. 24
Capital stock of United States Sugar Equalization Board (Inc.). Offset by cash deposited with the Treasurer of the United	5, 000, 000. 00	
Onset by cash deposited with the Treasurer of the United	10 505 140 -0	
States to credit of the corporation	12, 797, 160. 19	
Capital stock of the United States Spruce Production Corporation.		10,000,000
Capital stock of the War Finance Corporation, authorized and	***************************************	10,000,000.00
issued	500, 000, 000. 00	
Less cash deposited with the Treasurer of the United States to	000, 000, 000.00	
credit of War Finance Corporation	470, 497, 807. 75	•
. / -		29, 502, 192, 25
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

¹ The figures do not include interest accrued and unpaid.

Obligations of carriers acquired under section 7 of the Federal control		
act approved Mar. 21, 1918, as amended: 2 Boston & Maine Railroad	\$25, 950, 000. 00	
Washington, Brandywine & Point Lookout Railroad Co	50, 000. 00	
Total		\$26, 000, 000. 00
Equipment trust 6 per cent gold notes, acquired by Director General of Railroads pursuant to Federal control act of Mar. 21, 1918, as		Ψ20, 000, 000. 00
of Railroads pursuant to Federal control act of Mar. 21, 1918, as		
amended, and act approved Nov. 19, 1919, to provide for the reimbursement of the United States for motive power, cars, and other		
equipment ordered for carriers under Federal control: 3		
Ann Arbor Railroad Co	\$193,600.00	
Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic Railway Co	917, 000. 00 1, 674, 200. 00	•
Chicago & Alton Railroad Co	444, 400. 00	
Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad Co	180, 400. 00	
Chicago Great Western Railroad Co	159, 500. 00 4, 020, 500. 00	
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co	218, 900. 00	
Grand Trunk Western Railway Co	756, 800. 00	
Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad Co	369, 600. 00 2, 545, 400. 00	
Missouri Pacific Railroad Co	1, 087, 900. 00	
Seaboard Air Line Railway Co	403, 700. 00	
Spokane, Portland & Seattle Rallway Co	214, 500. 00 210, 100. 00	
Seaboard Air Line Railway Co Spokane, Portland & Seattle Railway Co Western Maryland Railway Co Wheeling & Lake Erie Railway Co	1, 122, 000. 00	
		14 510 500 00
Obligations of carriers acquired pursuant to section 207 of the transpor-		14, 518, 500. 00
tation act approved Feb. 28, 1920, as amended:		•
Ann Arbor Railroad Co	\$525, 000. 00	
Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co	9, 000, 000. 00 1, 030, 000. 00	
Central Vermont Railway Co.	700, 000, 00	
Central Vermont Railway Co	400, 000. 00	
Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad Co	3, 425, 000. 00 950, 000. 00	
Chicago Great Western Railroad Co Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co	20, 000, 000. 00	
Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railroad Co	200, 000. 00	
Erie Railroad Co	8, 725, 000. 00 480, 000. 00	
Hocking Valley Railway Co	700, 000, 00	•
Hocking Valley Railway Co Kansas, Oklahoma & Gulf Railway Co	1, 410, 000. 00	
Maine Central Railroad Co Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad Co	750, 000. 00 1, 250, 000. 00	
Missouri Pacific Railroad Co	3, 000, 000. 00	
New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co New York, Susquehanna & Western Railroad Co	64, 000, 000. 00	
New York, Susquenanna & Western Railroad Co	100, 000. 00 200, 000. 00	
Pennsylvania Railroad Co	69, 065, 000. 00	
Pennsylvania Railroad Co Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Co	18, 250, 000. 00	
Seaboard Air Line Railway Co	2, 000, 000. 00 3, 000, 000. 00	
Wabash Railway Co	1, 500, 000. 00	
Wabash Railway Co Western Maryland Railway Co Wheeling & Lake Erie Railway Co	2,000,000.00	
w neeling & Lake Erie Railway Co	900, 000. 00	
Total		213, 560, 000. 00
Obligations of carriers acquired pursuant to section 210 of the transpor-		
tation act approved Feb. 28, 1920, as amended: Akron, Canton & Youngstown Railway Co	\$212,000.00	
Akron, Canton & Youngstown Railway Co	420, 250. 00	•
Ann Arbor Railroad Co	390, 000. 00 50, 000. 00	
Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic Railway Co	180, 000. 00	
	2, 900, 000. 00	
Bantimore & Onto Kanroad Co. Bangor & Aroostook Railroad Co. Birmingham & Northwestern Railway Co.	144, 000. 00 75, 000. 00	
Boston & Maine Railroad	21, 705, 479, 00	
Boston & Maine Railroad Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway Co	1, 000, 000. 00	
Central New England Railroad Co. Central Vermont Railway Co. Charles City Western Railway Co.	300, 000. 00 167, 000. 00	
Charles City Western Railway Co	140, 000. 00	
Chacanaaka & Chia Railway Ca	8, 073, 023. 97	
Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad Co., Receiver of	785, 000. 00 2, 205, 373. 00	
Chicago Great Western Railroad Co Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville Railway Co	155, 000. 00	
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co	35, 000, 000. 00	
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway Co	7, 862, 000. 00	
Chicago & Western Indiana Railroad Co	7, 616, 000. 00 236, 450. 00	
Cowlitz, Chehalis & Cascade Railway Co	45, 000, 00	*
Cumberland & Manchester Railroad Co	375, 000. 00	
Des Moines & Central Iowa Railroad, formerly the Inter-Urban Railway Co.	633, 500. 00	
	555, 556, 56	

² This amount does not include securities purchased by the Director General of Railroads under the provisions of sec. 12 of the Federal control act, approved Mar. 21, 1918.

³ The notes are in series, which mature, respectively, on the 15th day of January in various years up to 1935.

Obligations of carriers acquired pursuant to section 210 of the transportation act approved Feb. 28, 1920, as amended—Continued Eric Railroad Co. Fernwood, Columbia & Gulf Railroad Co. Fort Dodge, Des Moines & Southern Railroad Co. Fort Smith & Western Railroad Co., Receiver of the. Gainesville & Northwestern Railroad Co. Georgia & Florida Railway, Receivers of. Great Northern Railway Co. Greene County Railroad Co. Gulf, Mobile & Northern Railroad Co. Hocking Valley Railway Co. Kansas City Mexico & Orient Railroad Co., Receiver of the. Kansas City Terminal Railway Co. Lake Erie, Franklin & Clarion Railroad Co. Louisville & Jeffersonville Bridge & Railroad Co. Minne Central Railroad Co. Minsouri, Kansas & Texas Ry. Co. of Texas, Receiver of the. Missouri & North Arkansas Railway Co. Missouri & North Arkansas Railway Co. Missouri & Rorth Arkansas Railway Co. National Railway Service Corporation. New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. Seaboard Air Line Railway Co. Seaboard Bay Line Co. Seaboard Bay Line Co. Seaboard Bay Line Co. Seaboard Bay Line Co. Seaboard Bay Line Co. Virginia Southern Railroad Co. Virginia Southern Railroad Co. Virginia Southern Railroad Co. Virginia Southern Railroad Co. Virginia Southern Railroad Co. Western Maryland Railway Co. Western Maryland Railway Co. Western Maryland Railway Co. Western Maryland Railway Co. Western Maryland Railway Co. Wilmington, Brunswick & Southern Railroad Co. Wilmington, Brunswick & Southern Railroad Co.	\$11 574 450 00	
Fernwood, Columbia & Gulf Railroad Co	\$11, 574, 450. 00 20, 000. 00 200, 000. 00	•
Fort Smith & Western Railroad Co., Receiver of the		
Georgia & Florida Railway, Receivers of	792, 000. 00	
Great Northern Railway Co	1, 608, 000. 00 48, 000. 00	
Gulf, Mobile & Northern Railroad Co	1, 433, 500. 00	
Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railroad Co., Receiver of the	156, 000. 00 75, 000. 00 792, 000. 00 1, 608, 000. 00 48, 000. 00 1, 433, 500. 00 1, 665, 000. 00 2, 500, 000. 00 580, 000. 00	
Lake Erie, Franklin & Clarion Railroad Co.	580, 000. 00 18, 750. 00	
Louisville & Jeffersonville Bridge & Railroad Co	147, 000. 00 2, 373, 000, 00	
Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad Co.	18, 750. 00 147, 000. 00 2, 373, 000. 00 1, 382, 000. 00 390, 000. 00	
Missouri & North Arkansas Railway Co.	3, 500, 000. 00	
Missouri Pacific Railroad Co	5, 469, 760. 00 9, 839, 009. 19	•
New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co	27, 330, 000. 00	
Peoria & Pekin Union Railway Co.	1, 797, 000. 00	
Salt Lake & Utah Rahroad Co	14, 957, 400. 00	
Seaboard Bay Line Co	4, 082, 000. 00 29, 000. 00	
Tennessee Central Railway Co	1,500,000.00	
Virginia Blue Ridge Railway Co	106, 000. 00	
Waterloo, Cedar Falls & Northern Railway Co	390, 000. 00 3, 500, 000. 00 5, 469, 760. 00 9, 839, 009. 19 27, 330, 000. 00 1, 797, 000. 00 1, 797, 000. 00 1, 957, 400. 00 4, 082, 000. 00 4, 082, 000. 00 106, 000. 00 106, 000. 00 38, 000. 00 1, 260, 000. 00 2, 822, 800. 00 3, 460, 000. 00 381, 750. 00 90, 000. 00	
Western Maryland Railway Co	2, 822, 800. 00 3, 460, 000, 00	
Wichita Northwestern Railway Co.	381, 750. 00	
Total	90,000.00	\$195, 299, 495. 16
Capital stock of Federal land banks (on basis of purchases, less repay-		7, 000, 000. 00
Springfield, Mass Baltimore, Md	\$543, 340. 00 434, 035. 00 277, 095. 00 27, 095. 00	
Columbia, S. C.	277, 095. 00	
St. Louis, Mo	170, 660. 00	
ments to date): Springfield, Mass. Baltimore, Md. Columbia, S. C. New Orleans, La. St. Louis, Mo. Wichita, Kans. Berkeley, Calif.	65, 995. 00 467, 280. 00	
Total		1, 985, 500. 00
Capital stock of Federal intermediate credit banks, acquired pursuant to the "Agricultural credits act of 1923," approved Mar. 4, 1923:		
Springfield, Mass Baltimore, Md	\$2, 000, 000. 00 2, 000, 000, 00	
Columbia, S. C.	\$2, 000, 000. 00 2, 000, 000. 00 2, 000, 000. 00 2, 000, 000. 00 2, 000, 000. 00 2, 000, 000. 00 2, 000, 000. 00 2, 000, 000. 00	•
New Orleans, La.	2, 000, 000. 00	
St. Louis, Mo	2, 000, 000, 00	
Omaha, Nebr Wichita, Kans	2, 000, 000. 00 2, 000, 000, 00	
Houston, Tex	2, 000, 000. 00	
Total Capital stock of Federal intermediate credit banks, acquired pursuant to the "Agricultural credits act of 1923," approved Mar. 4, 1923: Springfield, Mass. Baltimore, Md. Columbia, S. C. Louisville, Ky. New Orleans, La. St. Louis, Mo. St. Paul, Minn Omaha, Nebr. Wichita, Kans. Houston, Tex. Berkeley, Calif. Spokane, Wash	2, 000, 000, 00 2, 000, 000, 00 2, 000, 000	
Total	10.	24, 000, 000. 00
Federal farm loan 4½ per cent bonds		101, 885, 000. 00
Total. Federal farm loan bonds, acquired pursuant to act approved Jan. 18, 19: Federal farm loan 4½ per cent bonds. Securities received by the Secretary of War on account of sales of surplu Securities received by the Secretary of the Navy on account of sales of sur Securities received by the United States Shipping Board on account of sales	s war supplies rplus property les of ships, etc	101, 885, 000. 00 6, 309, 317. 34 10, 304, 408. 50 41, 906, 080. 29
Grand total		11, 301, 313, 434. 70
MEMORANDUM		
Amount due the United States from the Central Branch of the Union on account of bonds issued (Pacific Railroad aid bonds, acts approve July 2, 1864, and May 7, 1878): Principal. Interest	Pacific Railroad ed July 1, 1862,	•
Principal		1, 600, 000. 00 1, 905, 932. 2 7
Total	_	3, 505, 932. 27

Note.—This statement is made up on the basis of the face value of the securities therein described as received by the United States, with due allowance for repayments. To the extent that the securities are not held in the custody of the Treasury, the statement is made up from reports received from other Government departments and establishments. The statement does not include securities which the United States holds as collateral, or as the result of the investment of trust funds (as, for example, securities held for account of the Alien Property Custodian, the United States Government life insurance fund, and other similar trust funds).

OBLIGATIONS OF FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS HELD BY THE UNITED STATES TREASURY, TOGETHER WITH INTEREST ACCRUED AND REMAINING UNPAID THEREON, AS OF THE LAST INTEREST PERIOD PRIOR TO OR ENDING WITH NOVEMBER 15, 1924

Country	Obligations received under refunding agreements concluded by World War Foreign Debt Commission	Obligations re advanced u bond acts	presenting cash inder Liberty	and the Sec Navy on ac	ary of War cretary of the count of sales war material	from the A lief Admir account o	received merican Re- nistration on- f relief sup- shed (act of 19)	from the U Grain Con account of	received Jnited States rporation on sales of flour ar. 30, 1920)	To	tal
	(act of Feb. 9, 1922, as amended Feb. 28, 1923)	Principal	Interest (including interest due Nov. 15, 1924)	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
	Principal										
Armenia				[_:]		\$8, 028, 412, 15	\$2,007,103.05	\$3, 931, 505, 34	\$894, 171, 77	\$11, 959, 917, 49	\$2, 901, 274. 82
Austria								24, 055, 708. 92	5, 773, 370. 16	24, 055, 708, 92	5, 773, 370. 16
Belgium		\$347, 210, 808. 68	\$94, 794, 143. 33	\$29, 818, 761. 38	(1) (2)					377, 029, 570. 06	94, 794, 143. 33
Czechoslo-											
vakia		61, 974, 041. 10	16, 333, 545, 93 796, 711, 537, 08 2, 250, 000, 00 449, 477, 924, 86 6, 118, 85	20, 604, 302. 49	\$5, 018, 623. 50	6, 428, 089. 19	1, 607, 022. 30	2, 873, 238. 25	689, 577. 20	91, 879, 671. 03	
Esthonia				12, 213, 377. 88	3, 053, 344. 49	1, 785, 767. 72	436, 195. 74	-		13, 999, 145. 60	
Finland	\$8, 955, 000. 00			[8, 955, 000. 00	
France		2, 933, 171, 672. 48	796, 711, 537. 08	407, 341, 145. 01	(2)					3, 340, 512, 817, 49	796, 711, 537. 08
Great B itain	4, 577, 000, 000. 00									4, 577, 000, 000, 00	
Greece		15, 000, 000. 00	2, 250, 000. 00							15, 000, 000. 00	2, 250, 000. 00
Hungary	1, 953, 542. 50									1, 953, 542, 50	*************
Italy		1, 647, 869, 197. 96	449, 477, 924. 86							1, 647, 869, 197. 96	449, 477, 924. 86
Latvia				2, 521, 869. 32	504, 201. 13	2, 610, 417. 82	652, 604. 45			5, 132, 287. 14	1, 156, 805. 58
Liberia		26,000.00	6, 118. 85							26, 000. 00	6, 118. 85
Lithuania				4, 159, 491. 96	875, 508. 04	822, 136. 07	172, 863. 93			³ 4, 981, 628, 03	1, 048, 371. 97
Nicaragua				140, 590, 28	0.040.514.55	51 071 740 00		64-656-554-65		140, 590, 28	
Pumania			6 046 004 06	\$3,682, 708. 66	0,040,714.00	31, 671, 749. 36	7, 598, 932. 41	24, 312, 314. 37	∠, 000, 580.65	³ 159, 666, 972, 39	
пишана		107 700 720 00	6, 246, 284. 96 57, 796, 693, 34		3, 230, 668. 89 50, 760. 30 5, 880, 151. 89	4 405 405 07				36, 128, 494. 94 192, 601, 297. 37	
Vugoslovio		187, 729, 750. 00 26, 059, 865. 40	7 221 012 54	24, 978, 020. 99	5 000, 700. 30	4, 400, 400. 07.	934, 139.00			51, 037, 886. 39	13, 101, 164, 43
7											
Total	4, 587, 908; 542. 50	5, 242, 247, 155. 14	1, 430. 837, 260. 89	598, 789, 025. 69	27, 256, 972. 79	75, 812, 037. 38	13, 409, 460. 94	55, 172, 966. 88	10,`007, 499. 78	10, 559, 929, 727. 59	1, 481, 511, 194. 40

¹ No interest due on Nicaraguan notes until maturity, as is also the case of certain Belgian obligations aggregating \$2,284,151.40.
² Interest has been paid as it became due.

'Includes obligations in the principal amount of \$3,736,628.42 received by the Treasury on July 16, 1924, from the United States Shipping Board, on account of services rendered to the Government of Poland.

^{*}Agreements providing for refunding of these obligations as to both principal and interest executed, subject to approval of Congress, on Sept. 22, 1924, and Nov. 14, 1924. Bonds of Lithuania amounting to \$5,030,000, and of Poland amounting to \$178,500,000 will be delivered to the Treasury in exchange for the obligations now held if the agreements are approved.

Ехнівіт 39 PAYMENTS MADE BY FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS ON ACCOUNT OF PRINCIPAL OF OBLIGATIONS HELD BY THE TREASURY

u ag ec F m 9,		igations received ler refunding ments conclud- by World War- ign Debt Com- ion (act of Feb. 22, as amended 28, 1923)	On obligations cash advanced bond acts	representing under Liberty	from the War and tary of the account surplus	ons received Secretary of I the Secre- ne Navy on of sales of war mate- of_July 9,	On obligations from the Ar Relief Adm tion on accordief supplinished (act 25, 1919)	ninistra- ount of ies fur-	State porat of sal	gations received the United is Grain Cor- ion on account les of flour (act ar. 30, 1920)	Total
	To Nov. 15, 1923	From Nov. 16, 1923, to Nov. 15, 1924	To Nov. 15, 1923	From Nov. 16, 1923, to Nov. 15, 1924	To Nov. 15, 1923	From Nov. 16, 1923, to Nov. 15, 1924		From Nov. 16, 1923, to Nov. 15, 1924	15, 1923	From Nov. 16, 1923, to Nov. 15, 1924	
Belgium Cuba Finland France Great Britain Hungary Italy Nicarağua Rumania Yugoslavia		\$45, 000. 00	\$2, 003, 659. 21 10, 000, 000. 00 64, 212, 568. 04	1 \$93, 559. 48	\$53, 971. 16		² \$8, 281, 926. 17				\$2, 057, 630. 37 10, 000, 000. 00 8, 326, 926. 17 64, 306, 127. 52
Great Britain		23, 000, 000. 00	24, 277, 000, 000. 00 37, 000. 74	¹ 127, 852. 20		3 \$35, 000. 00				² \$1, 685, 835. 61	4, 300, 000, 000. 00 1, 685, 835. 61 164, 852. 94 35, 000. 00
Yugoslavia		23, 045, 000. 00	1, 794, 180, 48 720, 600, 16 4, 355, 768, 008, 63	221, 411. 68		35, 000. 00	i			1, 685, 835. 61	1, 794, 180. 48 720, 600. 16 4, 389, 091, 153. 25

¹ Represents amounts due Governments of France and Italy by various departments of the United States Government, paid to the Treasury under arrangements previously made with those governments, to be applied on account of principal of obligations representing cash advances under Liberty bond acts.

² Includes principal amount of obligations funded under the terms of refunding agreements with Finland, Great Britain (\$4,074,818,358.44) and Hungary, pursuant to act of Congress approved Feb. 9, 1922, as amended Feb. 28, 1923.

³ Represents payment in full of notes numbered 1 to 7, inclusive, at maturity.

Ехнівіт 40

PAYMENTS MADE BY FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS ON ACCOUNT OF INTEREST ON OBLIGATIONS HELD BY THE TREASURY

Carintan	refunding a cluded by V eign Debt C	received under greements con- vorld War For- ommission (act 22, as amended		representing ca Liberty bond a		the Secretar the Secretar on account	s received from ry of War and ry of the Navy of sales of sur- terial (act July	On obligat ceived from can Relies istration of relief su nished (ac 1919)	f Admin- n account pplies fur-	On obligations received from the U.S. Grain Corporation on	Total
Country	To Nov. 15, 1923	From Nov. 16, 1923, to Nov. 15, 1924	To May 15, 1919	From May 16, 1919, to Nov. 15, 1923	From Nov. 16, 1923, to Nov. 15, 1924	To Nov. 15, 1923	From Nov. 16, 1923, to Nov. 15, 1924	To Nov. 15, 1923	From Nov. 16, 1923, to Nov. 15, 1924	account of sales of flour (act Mar. 30, 1920) To Nov. 15, 1924	
Belgium Duba Dzechoslovakia			\$10, 907, 281. 55 394, 520. 55 304, 178. 09	1 1	1	4	\$1, 376, 730. 17	1 :	ı	i	304 178 (
Finland France Freat Britain	69, 000, 000. 00	\$269, 325. 00 137, 655, 000. 00	125, 100, 194. 08 231, 112, 406. 91	120, 784, 200. 20		61, 265, 340. 81	20, 367, 057. 25	\$309, 315. 27			713, 640. 211, 202, 774. 564, 551, 657.
łreece Yungary taly "atvia Jiberia Jithuania		14, 542. 50	57, 598, 852. 62	1, 159, 153. 34		126 266 10				\$753.04	1, 159, 153. 15, 295. 57, 598, 852. 126, 266.
Liberia Lithuania Vicaragua			161. 10	700.00			5, 168, 09	ř	ŀ	i	5, 168.
Poland Rumania Russia Vugoslavia				154, 409. 63 4, 030, 028. 39		2, 043, 198. 26 50, 760. 30	5, 025. 99	181, 017. 17			2, 048, 224.
ugustavia	69, 135, 000. 00	137, 938, 867. 50	429, 658, 244, 87	138, 490, 954. 64	149, 647. 23	69, 039, 596. 80		490, 332. 44	407. 98	753. 04	866, 658, 924.

¹Represents proceeds of liquidation of financial affairs of Russian Government in this country (copies of letter dated May 23, 1922, from the Secretary of State and of reply of the Secretary of the Treasury dated June 2, 1922, in regard to loans to Russian Government and liquidation of affairs of the latter in this country appear in the annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1922, as Exhibit 79, p. 283).

Exhibit 41

AGREEMENT FOR THE FUNDING OF THE DEBT OF FINLAND TO THE UNITED STATES

AGREEMENT

Made the first day of May, 1923, at the City of Washington, District of Columbia, between the Government of the Republic of Finland, hereinafter called Finland, party of the first part, and the Government of the United States of America, hereinafter called the United States party of the second part

Whereas, Finland is indebted to the United States as of December 15, 1922, upon obligations maturing June 30, 1921, in the aggregate principal amount of \$8,281,926.17, together with interest accrued and unpaid thereon; and

Whereas, Finland desires to fund said indebtedness to the United States, both principal and interest, through the issue of bonds to the United States, and the United States is prepared to accept bonds from Finland upon the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth;

Now, therefore, in consideration of the premises and of the mutual

covenants herein contained, it is agreed as follows:

1. Amount of Indebtedness.—The amount of the indebtedness to be funded, after allowing for cash payments made or to be made by Finland, is \$9,000,000, which has been computed as follows:

Principal amount of obligations to be funded___ \$8, 281, 926. 17 Interest accrued thereon from June 30, 1919, and

June 1, 1920, respectively, to December 15, 1922, at the rate of 4½ per cent per annum. \$1,027,389.10 Less—Payment in cash made by Finland March 8, 1923, on account of interest.... 300,000.00

727, 389, 10

Total principal and interest, accrued and unpaid, as 9, 009, 315. 27 9, 315. 27 of December 15, 1922... To be paid in cash by Finland, May 1, 1923_____

Total indebtedness to be funded into bonds_____ 9,000,000.00

2. Repayment of Principal.—In order to provide for the repayment of the indebtedness thus to be funded, Finland will issue to the United States at par, as of December 15, 1922, bonds of Finland in the aggregate principal amount of \$9,000,000, dated December 15, 1922, and maturing serially on each December 15 in the succeeding years for 62 years, in the amounts and on the several dates fixed in the following schedule:

December 15—		December 15—Continued.	
1923	\$45,000	1934	\$62,000
1924	45, 000	1935	65, 000
1925	47, 000	1936	67, 000
1926	49, 000	1937	69, 000
1927	50,000	1938	71, 000
1928	52, 000	1939	74, 000
1929	53, 000	1940	76, 000
1930	55, 000	1941	79, 000
1931	55, 000	1942	82, 000
1932	58, 000	1943	84, 000
1933	62, 000	1944	87, 000

December 15—Continued.	1	December 15—Continued.	
1945	\$90,000	1966	\$185,000
1946	93, 000	1967	192,000
1947	96, 000	1968	199, 000
1948	100, 000	1969	206, 000
1949	103, 000	1970	213, 000
1950	107, 000	. 1971	220, 000
1951	110, 000	1972	228, 000
1952	114, 000	1973	236, 000
1953	118,000	1974	244, 000
1954	122,000	1975	253, 000
1955	126,000	1976	262, 000
1956	131, 000	1977	271, 000
1957	136, 000	1978	280, 000
1958	141, 000	1979	290, 000
1959	146, 000	1980	301, 000
1960	151, 000	1981	312, 000
1961	156, 000	1982	322, 000
1962	162, 000	1983	333, 000
1963	167, 000	1984	345, 000
1964	173, 000	-	
1965	179, 000	Total	9, 000, 000

Provided, however, That Finland may at its option, upon not less than ninety days' advance notice to the United States, postpone any payment falling due as hereinabove provided to any subsequent June 15 or December 15 not more than two years distant from its due date, but only on condition that in case Finland shall at any time exercise this option as to any payment of principal, the payment falling due in the next succeeding year can not be postponed to any date more than one year distant from the date when it becomes due unless and until the payment previously postponed shall actually have been made, and the payment falling due in the second succeeding year can not be postponed at all unless and until the payment of principal due two years previous thereto shall actually have been made.

All bonds issued or to be issued hereunder to the United States shall be payable to the Government of the United States of America, or order, shall be issued in such denominations as may be requested by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, and shall be substantially in the form set forth in the exhibit hereto annexed and marked "Exhibit A." The \$9,000,000 principal amount of bonds first to be issued hereunder shall be issued in 62 pieces, in denominations and with maturities corresponding to the annual payments of principal hereinabove set forth.

3. Payment of Interest.—All bonds issued or to be issued hereunder shall bear interest, payable semiannually on June 15 and December 15 in each year, at the rate of 3 per cent per annum from December 15, 1922, to December 15, 1932, and thereafter at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum until the principal thereof shall have been paid.

4. Method of Payment.—All bonds issued or to be issued hereunder shall be payable, as to both principal and interest, in United States gold coin of the present standard of value, or, at the option of Finland, upon not less than thirty days' advance notice to the United States, in any bonds of the United States issued after April 6, 1917, to be taken at par and accrued interest to the date of payment hereunder: Provided, however, That Finland may at its option, upon not less than ninety days' advance notice to the United States, pay

up to one-half of any interest accruing between December 15, 1922, and December 15, 1927, on the \$9,000,000 principal amount of bonds first to be issued hereunder, in bonds of Finland dated and bearing interest from the respective dates when the interest to be paid thereby becomes due, with maturities arranged serially to fall on each December 15 in the succeeding years up to December 15, 1984, substantially in the manner provided for the original issue in paragraph 2 of this Agreement, and substantially similar in other respects

to the original issue of bonds under this Agreement.

All payments, whether in cash or in bonds of the United States, to be made by Finland on account of the principal or interest of any bonds issued or to be issued hereunder and held by the United States, shall be made at the Treasury of the United States in Washington, or, at the option of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, and if in cash shall be made in funds immediately available on the date of payment, or if in bonds of the United States shall be in form acceptable to the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States under the general regulations of the Treasury Department governing transactions in United States bonds.

5. Exemption from Taxation.—The principal and interest of all bonds issued or to be issued hereunder shall be paid without deduction for, and shall be exempt from, any and all taxes or other public dues, present or future, imposed by or under authority of Finland or any political or local taxing authority within the Republic of Finland, whenever, so long as, and to the extent that beneficial ownership is in (a) the Government of the United States, (b) a person, firm, or association neither domiciled nor ordinarily resident in Finland, or (c) a corporation not organized under the laws of Finland.

6. Payments Before Maturity.—Finland may at its option, on any interest date or dates, upon not less than ninety days' advance notice to the United States, make advance payments in amounts of \$1,000 or multiples thereof, on account of the principal of any bonds issued or to be issued hereunder and held by the United States. Any such advance payments shall first be applied to the principal of any bonds which shall have been issued hereunder on account of interest accruing between December 15, 1922, and December 15, 1927, and then to the principal of any other bonds issued or to be issued hereunder and held by the United States, as may be indicated

by Finland at the time of the payment.

7. Exchange for Marketable Obligations.—Finland will issue to the United States at any time, or from time to time, at the request of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, in exchange for any or all of the bonds issued or to be issued hereunder and held by the United States, definitive engraved bonds in form suitable for sale to the public, in such amounts and denominations as the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States may request, in bearer form, with provision for registration as to principal, and/or in fully registered form, and otherwise on the same terms and conditions, as to dates of issue and maturity, rate or rates of interest, exemption from taxation, payment in bonds of the United States issued after April 6, 1917, and the like, as the bonds surrendered on such exchange. Finland will deliver definitive engraved bonds to the United States, in accordance herewith within six months of receiving notice of any

such request from the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, and pending the delivery of the definitive engraved bonds will, at the request of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, deliver temporary bonds or interim receipts in form satisfactory to the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States within thirty days of the receipt of such request, all without expense to the United The United States, before offering any such bonds or interim receipts for sale in Finland, will first offer them to Finland for purchase at par and accrued interest, and Finland shall likewise have the option, in lieu of issuing any such bonds or interim receipts, to make advance redemption, at par and accrued interest, of a corresponding principal amount of bonds issued or to be issued hereunder and held by the United States. Finland agrees that the definitive engraved bonds called for by this paragraph shall contain all such provisions, and that it will cause to be promulgated all such rules, regulations, and orders, as shall be deemed necessary or desirable by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States in order to facilitate the sale of the bonds in the United States, in Finland or elsewhere, and that if requested by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States it will use its good offices to secure the listing of the bonds on the stock exchange in Helsingfors.

8. Cancellation and Surrender of Demand Obligations.—Upon the execution of this Agreement, the payment to the United States of cash in the sum of \$9,315.27 as provided in paragraph 1 of this Agreement and the delivery to the United States of the \$9,000,000 principal amount of bonds of Finland first to be issued hereunder, together with satisfactory evidence of authority for the execution of the Agreement and the bonds on behalf of Finland by its Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Washington, the United States will cancel and surrender to Finland, at the Treasury of the United States in Washington, the obligations of Finland in the principal amount of

\$8,281,926.17, described in the preamble to this Agreement.

9. Notices.—Any notice, request, or consent under the hand of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States shall be deemed and taken as the notice, request, or consent of the United States, and shall be sufficient if delivered at the Legation of Finland at Washington or at the office of the Minister of Finance in Helsingfors; and any notice, request, or election from or by Finland shall be sufficient if delivered to the American Legation at Helsingfors or to the Secretary of the Treasury at the Treasury of the United States in Washington. The United States in its discretion may waive any notice required hereunder, but any such waiver shall be in writing and shall not extend to or affect any subsequent notice or impair any right of the United States to require notice hereunder.

10. Compliance with Legal Requirements.—Finland represents and agrees that the execution and delivery of this Agreement and of the bonds issued or to be issued hereunder have in all respects been duly authorized and that all acts, conditions, and legal formalities which should have been completed prior to the making of this Agreement and the issuance of bonds hereunder have been completed as required by

the laws of Finland and in conformity therewith.

11. Counterparts.—This Agreement shall be executed in two counterparts, each of which shall have the force and effect of an original.

In witness whereof Finland has caused this Agreement to be executed on its behalf by its Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Washington, thereunto duly authorized, and the United States has likewise caused this Agreement to be executed on its behalf by the Secretary of the Treasury, as Chairman of the World War Foreign Debt Commission, with the approval of the President, all on the day and year first above written, subject, however, to the approval of Congress, pursuant to the Act of Congress approved February 9, 1922, as amended by the Act of Congress approved February 28, 1923, notice of which approval, when given by Congress, will be transmitted in due course by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States to the Legation of Finland at Washington.

[SEAL]

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF FINLAND, By L. ASTRÖM,

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.

[SEAL]

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, For the Commission:

By A. W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury,

And Chairman of the World War Foreign Debt Commission.

Approved:

WARREN G. HARDING, President.

EXHIBIT A

(Form of Bond)

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF FINLAND

Sixty-two year 3-31/2 per cent Gold Bond

Dated December 15, 1922—maturing December 15,

The Government of the Republic of Finland, hereinafter called Finland, for value received, promises to pay to the Government of the United States of America, hereinafter called the United States, or order, on the 15th day of December, , the sum of Dollars (\$), and to pay interest upon said principal sum semiannually on the fifteenth day of June and December in each year, at the rate of three per cent per annum from December 15, 1922, to December 15, 1932, and at the rate of three and one-half per cent per annum thereafter until the principal hereof shall have been paid. This bond is payable as to both principal and interest in gold coin of the United States of America of the present standard of value, or, at the option of Finland, upon not less than thirty days' advance notice to the United States, in any bonds of the United States issued after April 6, 1917, to be taken at par and accrued interest to the date of payment hereunder. This bond is payable as to both principal and interest without deduction for, and is exempt from, any and all taxes and other public dues, present or future, imposed by or under authority of Finland or any political or local taxing authority within the Republic of Finland, whenever, so long

as, and to the extent that, beneficial ownership is in (a) the Government of the United States, (b) a person, firm, or association neither domiciled nor ordinarily resident in Finland, or (c) a corporation not organized under the laws of Finland. This bond is payable as to both principal and interest at the Treasury of the United States in Washington, D. C., or, at the option of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

This bond is issued under an Agreement, dated May 1, 1923, between Finland and the United States, to which this bond is subject and to which reference is made for a further statement of its terms

and conditions.

In witness whereof, Finland has caused this bond to be executed in its behalf at the City of Washington, District of Columbia, by its Envey Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Washington, thereumto duly authorized.

The Government of the Republic of Finland:

By

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.

Dated, December 15, 1922.

(Back)

The following amounts have been paid upon the principal amount of this bond:

Date.

Amount paid.

Ехнівіт 42

LETTER FROM THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY, DATED MAY 2, 1923, TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES SUBMITTING THE REPORT OF THE WORLD WAR FOREIGN DEBT COMMISSION IN CONNECTION WITH THE DEBT SETTLEMENT WITH FINLAND

WORLD WAR FOREIGN DEBT COMMISSION, May 2, 1923.

The President:

The World War Foreign Debt Commission, created under the act of Congress approved February 9, 1922, as amended by the act of Congress approved February 28, 1923, having received the representative appointed by the Government of the Republic of Finland to consider the funding of the obligations of that Government arising out of the World War and held by the United States, reports as follows:

The Government of the Republic of Finland designated as its representative Mr. Axel Astrom, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary at Washington, who conferred with the commission in Washington and presented in full the financial and economic situation in Finland, emphasizing particularly the burden imposed upon his Government in making payments to this country by reason of the existing adverse exchange. After full consideration by the commission of the problems involved in funding the debt of Finland to the United States, the minister stated that he would be willing to

enter into an arrangement on behalf of his Government, subject to ratification by the Parliament of Finland, to fund the obligations in question on the basis of the terms recently agreed upon between this country and Great Britain; the total amount of the indebtedness to be determined as of December 15, 1922, accrued interest to that date on obligations held being computed at 4½ per cent per annum, repayment of the indebtedness so determined to be provided for by the issue, at par, as of that date, of bonds in the principal amount of \$9,000,000, and the immediate payment in cash of any amount found to be due over and above that figure. This proposal was accepted by the commission, subject to your approval and that of Congress by act or joint resolution.

A form of agreement, setting forth in detail a settlement upon the above terms, was thereupon prepared by the commission and presented to the minister in order that he might communicate with his Government with a view to obtaining its ratification by the Parliament of Finland before its April adjournment. Thereafter, the commission was advised by the minister that the Parliament of Finland, on April 10, 1923, had passed a bill authorizing a funding of the debt upon substantially the terms submitted, and that he accordingly was in a position to sign, on behalf of his Government, an agreement

in the form prepared by the commission.

On April 16, 1923, at a meeting of the commission held at the office of the commission, room 272, Treasury Building, Washington, D. C., at 9.30 o'clock a. m., at which all members of the commission were present throughout the meeting, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury as chairman of the World War Foreign Debt Commission, with the approval of the President and subject to the approval of Congress, be, and hereby is, authorized and directed to execute for the commission, on behalf of the Government of the United States of America, an agreement with the Government of the Republic of Finland providing for the funding of the indebtedness of that Government to the Government of the United States of America substantially in the form agreed upon by the commission under the terms of the act of Congress approved February 9, 1922, as amended by the act of Congress approved February 28, 1923.

I have accordingly executed for the commission and on behalf of the Government of the United States an agreement substantially in the form agreed upon by the commission under the applicable statutes, subject to your approval and that of Congress. I have the honor to hand you herewith for your approval the agreement executed in two counterparts, and one copy thereof for your records.

The commission believes that a settlement of the debt of the Government of the Republic of Finland to the United States on the basis specified is fair and just to both Governments, and unanimously recommends for submission to Congress the terms embodied

in the agreement herewith.

I should appreciate it if after indorsing your approval on the two counterparts of the agreement you would return them to me in order that I may transmit one copy to the Minister of Finland and the other to the Treasurer of the United States, to be held pending such action as Congress may see fit to take in the matter.

Respectfully submitted.

A. W. MELLON,

Secretary of the Treasury and Chairman of the Commission.

Ехнівіт 43

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES TO THE CONGRESS, DATED JANUARY 16, 1924, SUBMITTING THE REPORT OF THE WORLD WAR FOREIGN DEBT COMMISSION, DATED MAY 2, 1923

To the Congress of the United States:

I am submitting herewith for your consideration a copy of the report of the World War Foreign Debt Commission, dated May 2, 1923, together with a copy of the agreement referred to therein, providing for the settlement of the indebtedness of the Republic of Finland to the United States of America. The agreement was executed on May 1, 1923, with the approval of President Harding, subject to the approval of Congress pursuant to authority conferred by act of Congress approved February 9, 1922, as amended by act of Congress approved February 28, 1923.

I recommend the approval and authorization of this agreement.

CALVIN COOLIDGE.

THE WHITE HOUSE, January 16, 1924.

Ехнівіт 44

[Public No. 41, 68th Congress. H. R. 5557]

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE SETTLEMENT OF THE INDEBTEDNESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF FINLAND TO THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the settlement of the indebtedness of the Republic of Finland to the United States of America, made by the World War Foreign Debt Commission and approved by the President, upon the following terms is hereby

approved and authorized:

Principal amount of obligations to be funded, \$8,281,926.17; interest accrued thereon to December 15, 1922, at the rate of $4\frac{1}{4}$ per centum per annum, \$1,027,389.10, less payment in cash made by Finland March 8, 1923, on account of interest, \$300,000, leaving a balance of \$727,389.10; total principal and interest accrued and unpaid as of December 15, 1922, \$9,009,315.27; less payment in cash made by Finland on May 1, 1923, \$9,315.27. Total indebtedness to be funded into bonds, \$9,000,000.

The principal of the bonds shall be paid in annual installments on the 15th day of each December, up to and including December 15, 1984, on a fixed schedule, subject to the right of the Government of Finland to make these payments in three-year periods; the amount of the first year's installment shall be \$45,000, the annual installments to increase with due regularity until, in the sixty-second year, the amount of the installment will be \$345,000, the aggregate installments being equal to the total principal of the debt.

The Government of Finland shall have the right to pay off additional amounts of the principal of the bonds on any interest date

upon ninety days' notice.

Interest shall be payable upon the unpaid balances at the following rates on December 15 and June 15 of each year:

At the rate of 3 per centum per annum, payable semiannually, from December 15, 1922, to December 15, 1932, and thereafter at the rate of 3½ per centum per annum, payable semiannually, until

final payment.

The Government of Finland shall have the right to pay up to one-half of any interest accruing between December 15, 1922, and December 15, 1927, on the \$9,000,000, principal amount of bonds first to be issued, in bonds of Finland dated as of the respective dates when the interest to be paid thereby becomes due, payable as to principal on the 15th day of December in each succeeding year, up to and including December 15, 1984, on a fixed schedule, in annual installments, increasing with due regularity in proportion to and in the manner provided for, the payments to be made on account of principal of the original issue of bonds, and bearing the same rates of interest and being similar in other respects to such original issue of bonds.

Any payment of interest or of principal may be made, at the option of the Government of Finland, in any United States Government obligations issued after April 6, 1917, such bonds to be taken at par and accrued interest.

Approved, March 12, 1924.

Ехнівіт 45

AGREEMENT FOR THE FUNDING OF THE DEBT OF HUNGARY TO THE UNITED STATES

AGREEMENT

Made the 25th day of April, 1924, at the City of Washington, District of Columbia, between the Government of the Kingdom of Hungary, hereinafter called Hungary, party of the first part, and the Government of the United States of America, hereinafter called the United States, party of the second part

Whereas, Hungary is indebted to the United States as of December 15, 1923, upon an obligation maturing January 1, 1925, in the principal amount of \$1,685,835.61, described as "Relief Series C of 1920," together with interest accrued and unpaid thereon; and

Whereas, Hungary desires to fund said indebtedness to the United States, both principal and interest, through the issue of bonds to the United States, and the United States is prepared to accept bonds from Hungary upon the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth:

Now, therefore, in consideration of the premises and of the mutual

covenants herein contained, it is agreed as follows:

1. Amount of Indebtedness.—The amount of the indebtedness to be funded, after allowing for cash payments made or to be made by Hungary, is \$1,939,000, which has been computed as follows:

Principal amount of the obligation to be funded	1, 685, 835. 61
1923, at the rate of 4½ per cent per annum.	253, 917. 43
Total principal and interest, accrued and unpaid as of	1 000 770 04

 2. Repayment of Principal.—In order to provide for the repayment of the indebtedness thus to be funded, Hungary will issue to the United States at par, as of December 15, 1923, bonds of Hungary in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,939,000, dated December 15, 1923, and maturing serially on each December 15 in the succeeding years for 62 years, in the amounts and on the several dates fixed in the following schedule:

December 15—		December 15—Continued.	
1924	\$9,600	1956	\$27,000
1925	9, 800	1957	27, 500
1926	10, 000	1958	28, 500
1927	10, 200	1959	29, 000
1928	10, 400	1960	30, 000
1929	11,000	1961	
1930	11, 500	1962	33, 000
1931	12, 000	1963	35, 000
1932	12, 000	1964	36, 000
1933	12, 500	1965	38, 000
1934	12, 500	1966	40, 000
1935	13, 000	1967	41, 000
1936	13, 500	1968	42, 000
1937	13, 500	1969	44, 000
1938	14, 000	1970	45, 000
1939	14, 500	1971	47, 000
1940	15, 000	1972	48, 000
1941	15, 500	1973	50, 000
1942	16, 000	1974	51, 000
1943	17,000	1975	53, 000
1944	17, 500	1976	55, 000
1945	18, 000	1977	57, 000
1946	19, 000	1978	59, 000
1947	19, 500	1979	62, 000
1948	20, 500	1980	64, 000
1949	21, 000	1981	66, 000
1950	22,000	1982	68, 000
1951	22, 500	1983	71, 000
1952	23, 500	1984	73, 000
1953	24, 000	1985	75, 000
1954	25, 000	-	
1955	26, 000	Total	1, 939, 000

Provided, however, That Hungary may at its option, upon not less than ninety days' advance notice to the United States, postpone any payment falling due as hereinabove provided to any subsequent June 15 or December 15 not more than two years distant from its due date, but only on condition that in case Hungary shall at any time exercise this option as to any payment of principal, the payment falling due in the next succeeding year can not be postponed to any date more than one year distant from the date when it becomes due unless and until the payment previously postponed shall actually have been made, and the payment falling due in the second succeeding year can not be postponed at all unless and until the payment of principal due two years previous thereto shall actually have been made.

All bonds issued or to be issued hereunder to the United States shall be payable to the Government of the United States of America, or order, shall be issued in such denominations as may be requested by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, and shall be substantially in the form set forth in the exhibit hereto annexed and marked "Exhibit A." The \$1,939,000 principal amount of bonds

first to be issued hereunder shall be issued in 62 pieces, in denominations and with maturities corresponding to the annual payments of

principal hereinabove set forth.

3. Payment of Interest.—All bonds issued or to be issued hereunder shall bear interest, payable semiannually on June 15 and December 15 in each year, at the rate of 3 per cent per annum from December 15, 1923, to December 15, 1933, and thereafter at the rate of $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent per annum until the principal thereof shall have been paid.

4. Method of Payment.—All bonds issued or to be issued hereunder shall be payable, as to both principal and interest, in United States gold coin of the present standard of value, or, at the option of Hungary, upon not less than thirty days' advance notice to the United States, in any obligations of the United States issued after April 6, 1917, to be taken at par and accrued interest to the date of payment hereunder: Provided, however, That Hungary may at its option, upon not less than ninety days' advance notice to the United States, pay up to one-half of any interest accruing between December 15, 1923, and December 15, 1928, on the \$1,939,000 principal amount of bonds first to be issued hereunder, in bonds of Hungary dated and bearing interest from the respective dates when the interest to be paid thereby becomes due with maturities arranged serially to fall on each December 15 in the succeeding years up to December 15, 1985, substantially in the manner provided for the original issue in section 2 of this Agreement, and substantially similar in other respects to the original issue of bonds under this Agreement.

All payments, whether in cash or in obligations of the United States, to be made by Hungary on account of the principal or interest of any bonds issued or to be issued hereunder and held by the United States, shall be made at the Treasury of the United States in Washington, or, at the option of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, and if in cash shall be made in funds immediately available on the date of payment, or if in obligations of the United States shall be in form acceptable to the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States under the general regulations of the Treasury Department governing transactions in

United States obligations.

5. Exemption from Taxation.—The principal and interest of all bonds issued or to be issued hereunder shall be paid without deduction for, and shall be exempt from, any and all taxes or other public dues, present or future, imposed by or under authority of Hungary or any political or local taxing authority within the Kingdom of Hungary, whenever, so long as, and to the extent that beneficial ownership is in (a) the Government of the United States, (b) a person, firm, or association neither domiciled nor ordinarily resident in Hungary, or (c) a corporation not organized under the laws of Hungary.

6. Payments Before Maturity.—Hungary may at its option, on any interest date or dates, upon not less than ninety days' advance notice to the United States, make advance payments in amounts of \$1,000 or multiples thereof, on account of the principal of any bonds issued or to be issued hereunder and held by the United States. Any such advance payments shall first be applied to the principal of any bonds which shall have been issued hereunder on account of interest accruing between December 15, 1923, and December 15,

first to be issued hereunder shall be issued in 62 pieces, in denominations and with maturities corresponding to the annual payments of

principal hereinabove set forth.

3. Payment of Interest.—All bonds issued or to be issued hereunder shall bear interest, payable semiannually on June 15 and December 15 in each year, at the rate of 3 per cent per annum from December 15, 1923, to December 15, 1933, and thereafter at the rate of $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent per annum until the principal thereof shall have been paid.

4. Method of Payment.—All bonds issued or to be issued hereunder shall be payable, as to both principal and interest, in United States gold coin of the present standard of value, or, at the option of Hungary, upon not less than thirty days' advance notice to the United States, in any obligations of the United States issued after April 6, 1917, to be taken at par and accrued interest to the date of payment hereunder: Provided, however, That Hungary may at its option, upon not less than ninety days' advance notice to the United States, pay up to one-half of any interest accruing between December 15, 1923, and December 15, 1928, on the \$1,939,000 principal amount of bonds first to be issued hereunder, in bonds of Hungary dated and bearing interest from the respective dates when the interest to be paid thereby becomes due with maturities arranged serially to fall on each December 15 in the succeeding years up to December 15, 1985, substantially in the manner provided for the original issue in section 2 of this Agreement, and substantially similar in other respects to the original issue of bonds under this Agreement.

All payments, whether in cash or in obligations of the United States, to be made by Hungary on account of the principal or interest of any bonds issued or to be issued hereunder and held by the United States, shall be made at the Treasury of the United States in Washington, or, at the option of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, and if in cash shall be made in funds immediately available on the date of payment, or if in obligations of the United States shall be in form acceptable to the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States under the general regulations of the Treasury Department governing transactions in

United States obligations.

5. Exemption from Taxation.—The principal and interest of all bonds issued or to be issued hereunder shall be paid without deduction for, and shall be exempt from, any and all taxes or other public dues, present or future, imposed by or under authority of Hungary or any political or local taxing authority within the Kingdom of Hungary, whenever, so long as, and to the extent that beneficial ownership is in (a) the Government of the United States, (b) a person, firm, or association neither domiciled nor ordinarily resident in Hungary, or (c) a corporation not organized under the laws of Hungary.

6. Payments Before Maturity.—Hungary may at its option, on any interest date or dates, upon not less than ninety days' advance notice to the United States, make advance payments in amounts of \$1,000 or multiples thereof, on account of the principal of any bonds issued or to be issued hereunder and held by the United States. Any such advance payments shall first be applied to the principal of any bonds which shall have been issued hereunder on account of interest accruing between December 15, 1923, and December 15.

1928, and then to the principal of any other bonds issued or to be issued hereunder and held by the United States, as may be indicated

by Hungary at the time of the payment.

- 7. Security.—The payment of the principal and interest of all bonds issued or to be issued hereunder shall be secured in the same manner and to the same extent as the obligation of Hungary in the principal amount of \$1,685,835.61, described in the preamble to this Agreement; that is to say, shall be "a first charge upon all the assets and revenues of Hungary and shall have a priority over costs of reparation under the Treaty of Trianon or under any treaty or agreement supplementary thereto, or under arrangements concluded between Hungary and the Allied and Associated Powers during the armistice signed on November 3, 1918;" Provided, however, That all or any part of such security may be released by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States on such terms and conditions as he may deem necessary or appropriate in order that the United States may cooperate in any program whereby Hungary may be able to finance its immediate needs by the flotation of a loan for reconstruction purposes, if and when substantially all other creditor nations holding obligations of Hungary similar to that held by the United States and described in the preamble to this Agreement, to wit, Denmark, France, Great Britain, Holland, Norway, Sweden and Switzerland, shall release to a similar extent the security enjoyed by such obligations. The Secretary of the Treasury of the United States shall be authorized to decide when such action has been substantially
- 8. Exchange for Marketable Obligations.—Hungary will issue to the United States at any time, or from time to time, at the request of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, in exchange for any or all of the bonds issued or to be issued hereunder and held by the United States, definitive engraved bonds in form suitable for sale to the public, in such amounts and denominations as the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States may request, in bearer form, with provision for registration as to principal, and/or in fully registered form, and otherwise on the same terms and conditions as to dates of issue and maturity, rate or rates of interest, security, exemption from taxation, payment in obligations of the United States issued after April 6, 1917, and the like, as the bonds surrendered on such exchange. Hungary will deliver definitive engraved bonds to the United States in accordance herewith within six months of receiving notice of any such request from the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, and pending the delivery of the definitive engraved bonds will, at the request of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, deliver temporary bonds or interim receipts in form satisfactory to the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, within thirty days of the receipt of such request, all without expense The United States, before offering any such to the United States. bonds or interim receipts for sale in Hungary, will first offer them to Hungary for purchase at par and accrued interest, and Hungary shall. likewise have the option, in lieu of issuing any such bonds or interim receipts, to make advance redemption, at par and accrued interest, of a corresponding principal amount of bonds issued or to be issued hereunder and held by the United States. Hungary agrees that the definitive engraved bonds called for by this paragraph shall

contain all such provisions, and that it will cause to be promulgated all such rules, regulations, and orders, as shall be deemed necessary or desirable by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States in order to facilitate the sale of the bonds in the United States, in Hungary or elsewhere, and that if requested by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States it will use its good offices to secure the listing

of the bonds on the stock exchange in Budapest.

9. Cancellation and Surrender of Relief Obligation.—Upon the execution of this Agreement, the payment to the United States of cash in the sum of \$753.04 as provided in paragraph 1 of this Agreement and the delivery to the United States of the \$1,939,000 principal amount of bonds of Hungary first to be issued hereunder, together with satisfactory evidence of authority for the execution of the Agreement and the bonds on behalf of Hungary by its Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Washington, and of appropriate action by the Reparation Commission so as to assure by its approval to the bonds of Hungary to be issued hereunder the same priority over reparations as that now enjoyed by the obligation of Hungary in the principal amount of \$1,685,835.61 described in the preamble to this Agreement, the United States will cancel and surrender to Hungary, at the Treasury of the United States in Washington, the obligation of Hungary last described.

10. Notices.—Any notice, request, or consent under the hand of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States shall be deemed and taken as the notice, request, or consent of the United States, and shall be sufficient if delivered at the Legation of Hungary at Washington or at the office of the Minister of Finance in Budapest; and any notice, request, or election from or by Hungary shall be sufficient if delivered to the American Legation at Budapest or to the Secretary of the Treasury at the Treasury of the United States in Washington. The United States in its discretion may waive any notice required hereunder, but any such waiver shall be in writing and shall not extend to or affect any subsequent notice or impair

any right of the United States to require notice hereunder.

11. Compliance with Legal Requirements.—Hungary represents and agrees that the execution and delivery of this Agreement and of the bonds issued or to be issued hereunder have in all respects been duly authorized and that all acts, conditions, and legal formalities which should have been completed prior to the making of this Agreement and the issuance of bonds hereunder have been completed as required by the laws of Hungary, and/or applicable treaties and in conformity therewith.

12. Counterparts.—This Agreement shall be executed in two counterparts, each of which shall have the force and effect of an

original.

In Witness Whereof Hungary has caused this Agreement to be executed on its behalf by its Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Washington, thereunto duly authorized, and the United States has likewise caused this Agreement to be executed on its behalf by the Secretary of the Treasury, as Chairman of the World War Foreign Debt Commission, with the approval of the President, all on the day and year first above written, subject, however, to the approval of Congress, pursuant to the Act of Congress approved February 9, 1922, as amended by the Act of Congress

approved February 28, 1923, notice of which approval, when given by Congress, will be transmitted in due course by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States to the Legation of Hungary at Washington.

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE KINGDOM OF HUNGARY.

By

(Sgd.) Laszlo Szechenyi,

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.

The Government of the

United States of America,

For the Commission:
By

(Sgd.) A. W. Mellon,

Secretary of the Treasury, and
Chairman of the World War Foreign Debt Commission.

Approved:

(Sgd.) CALVIN COOLIDGE, President.

Ехнівіт А

Form of Bond

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE KINGDOM OF HUNGARY

Sixty-two year 3-3½ per cent Gold Bond

Dated December 15, 1923—maturing December 15,

The Government of the Kingdom of Hungary, hereinafter called Hungary, for value received, promises to pay to the Government of the United States of America, hereinafter called the United States, , the sum of or order, on the 15th day of December,), and to pay interest upon said principal sum semiannually on the fifteenth day of June and December in each year, at the rate of three per cent per annum from December 15, 1923, to December 15, 1933, and at the rate of three and one-half per cent per annum thereafter until the principal hereof shall have been This bond is payable as to both principal and interest in gold coin of the United States of America of the present standard of value, or, at the option of Hungary, upon not less than thirty days' advance notice to the United States, in any obligations of the United States issued after April 6, 1917, to be taken at par and accrued interest to the date of payment hereunder. This bond is payable as to both principal and interest without deduction for, and is exempt from, any and all taxes and other public dues present or future, imposed by or under authority of Hungary or any political or local taxing authority within the Kingdom of Hungary, whenever, so long as, and to the extent that, beneficial ownership is in (a) the Government of the United States, (b) a person, firm, or association neither domiciled nor ordinarily resident in Hungary, or (c) a corporation not organized under the laws of Hungary. This bond is payable as to both principal and interest at the Treasury of the United

States in Washington, D. C., or, at the option of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

This bond is issued under an Agreement, dated April 25, 1924, between Hungary and the United States, to which this bond is subject and to which reference is made for a further statement of its terms

and conditions.

The payment of the principal and interest on this bond is secured in the same manner and to the same extent as the obligation of Hungary in the principal amount of \$1,685,835.61 described in the preamble to said Agreement, subject to release in whole or in part by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States under authority conferred by Section 7 of said Agreement.

In witness whereof, Hungary has caused this bond to be executed in the left of the second of the secon

in its behalf at the City of Washington, District of Columbia, by its Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Washington,

thereunto duly authorized.

The Government of the Kingdom of Hungary:

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.

Dated, December 15, 1923.

(Back)

The following amounts have been paid upon the principal amount of this bond:

Date.

Amount paid.

Ехнівіт 46

LETTER FROM THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY, DATED APRIL 25, 1924, TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES GIVING THE REPORT OF THE WORLD WAR FOREIGN DEBT COMMISSION IN CONNECTION WITH THE DEBT SETTLEMENT WITH HUNGARY

> WORLD WAR FOREIGN DEBT COMMISSION, Washington, April 25, 1924.

DEAR MR. PRESIDENT: The World War Foreign Debt Commission, created under the act of Congress approved February 9, 1922, as amended by the act of Congress approved February 28, 1923, having received the representative appointed by the Government of the Kingdom of Hungary to consider the refunding of the indebtedness

of that Government to the United States, reports as follows:

The Government of the Kingdom of Hungary designated as its representative Count Laszlo Szechenyi, its envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary at Washington, who advised the commission that he had been instructed by his Government to express its desire to refund its indebtedness to this country, provided that terms could be agreed upon with which it would be possible for it to comply. Frequent conferences resulted between representatives of the commission and the Hungarian minister at Washington, at which the minister emphasized particularly the fact that his Government is to-day in serious financial difficulties and that a reconstruction loan has become imperative in order to enable it to rehabilitate its finances.

After full consideration by the commission of the problems involved in refunding the indebtedness of the Government of Hungary to this country, the minister indicated that he would be willing to enter into an arrangement on behalf of his Government to refund the indebtedness in question on terms similar to those embodied in the agreement executed by the United States with the Government of Finland on May 1, 1923, the total amount of the indebtedness to be determined as of December 15, 1923, accrued interest to that date to be computed at the rate of 4½ per cent per annum, the repayment of the indebtedness so determined to be provided for by the issue at par as of that date of bonds in the principal amount of \$1,939,000, and the immediate payment in cash of any amount found to be due over

and above that figure.

The minister pointed out, however, that the indebtedness of his Government to the United States is evidenced by one of a series of obligations designated as "Relief series C of 1920," the other obligations of this series being held by other creditor nations of Hungary; that this series of obligations, according to its express terms, is a first lien on all the assets and revenues of Hungary; and that the success of the reconstruction loan referred to makes it essential that the lien enjoyed by this series of obligations be subordinated to that of such loan. He accordingly made his consent to enter into the foregoing agreement contingent upon appropriate provision for the subordination of the lien enjoyed by the obligation of the Government of Hungary now held by the United States to that of the loan, suggesting that some such course of action be provided for as in the case of the relief obligation of the Government of Austria held by this Government, by embodying in the form of agreement and bond as executed by the Government of Finland two amendments worded substantially as follows:

(To be inserted as section 7 of the agreement:)

Security.—The payment of the principal and interest of all bonds issued or to be issued hereunder shall be secured in the same manner and to the same extent as the obligation of Hungary in the principal amount of \$1,685,835.61, described in the preamble to this agreement; that is to say, shall be "a first charge upon all the assets and revenues of Hungary and shall have a priority over costs of reparation under the Treaty of Trianon or under any treaty or agreement supplementary thereto, or under arrangements concluded between Hungary and the Allied and Associated Powers during the armistice signed on November 3, 1918": Provided, however, that all or any part of such security may be released by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States on such terms and conditions as he may deem necessary or appropriate in order that the United States may cooperate in any program whereby Hungary may be able to finance its immediate needs by the flotation of a loan for reconstruction purposes, if and when substantially all other creditor nations holding obligations of Hungary similar to that held by the United States and described in the preamble to this agreement, to wit., Denmark, France, Great Britain, Holland, Norway, Sweden and Switzerland, shall release to a similar extent the security enjoyed by such obligations. The Secretary of the Treasury of the United States shall be authorized to decide when such action has been substantially taken.

(To be inserted as the third paragraph of the bond:)

The payment of the principal and interest on this bond is secured in the same manner and to the same extent as the obligation of Hungary in the principal amount of \$1,685,835.61 described in the preamble to said agreement, subject to release in whole or in part by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States under authority conferred by Section 7 of said agreement.

You will note that the form of agreement as amended makes it clear that the bonds to be issued pursuant to its terms shall in the first instance have the same security as that now enjoyed by the obligation of the Government of Hungary held by the United States, but makes it possible for this Government to cooperate with other governments having claims against Hungary, in the manner required in the pending program for the financial reconstruction of Hungary. The authority conferred upon the Secretary of the Treasury in the latter connection, by the amendments agreed to, is substantially the same as that conferred upon him with reference to the relief obligation of the Government of Austria held by the United States by the joint resolution passed by Congress and approved by the President on **A**pril 6, 1922.

Briefly, the agreement accords to the Government of Hungary, with respect to the repayment of its indebtedness to the United States, terms similar to those already extended to the Governments of Great Britain and Finland and, with respect to the security enjoyed by the indebtedness, terms of similar nature to those already extended

to the Government of Austria.

On April 7, 1924, at a meeting of the commission, by appropriate resolution unanimously adopted, the Secretary of the Treasury as chairman of the World War Foreign Debt Commission, with the approval of the President and subject to the approval of Congress, was authorized and directed to execute for the commission, on behalf of the United States of America, under the terms of the act of Congress approved February 9, 1922, as amended by the act of Congress approved February 28, 1923, an agreement with the Government of Hungary providing for the refunding of its indebtedness to the United States upon terms substantially similar to those embodied in the agreement concluded by the United States with the Government of Finland on May 1, 1923, the form of agreement and bond as executed by the Government of Finland to be amended substantially as above indicated.

I have the honor to hand you herewith, for your approval, such agreement, executed in two counterparts, pursuant to the foregoing resolution, together with one copy thereof for your files.

The commission believes that a settlement of the debt of the Government of Hungary to the United States on the basis specified is fair and just to both Governments, and recommends for submission to

Congress the terms embodied in the agreement herewith.

Should you see fit to indorse your approval on the two counterparts of the agreement herewith, I should appreciate it if they might be returned to me, in order that one copy may be transmitted to the Hungarian minister at Washington and the other to the Treasurer of the United States to be held pending such action as Congress may take in the matter.

Respectfully submitted.

A. W. MELLON, Secretary of the Treasury and Chairman of the World War Foreign Debt Commission.

The President, The White House.

EXHIBIT 47

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES TO THE CONGRESS, DATED APRIL 25, 1924, SUBMITTING THE REPORT OF THE WORLD WAR FOREIGN DEBT COMMISSION, DATED APRIL 25, 1924

To the Congress of the United States:

I am submitting herewith for your consideration the report of the World War Foreign Debt Commission, dated April 25, 1924, together with a copy of the agreement referred to therein, providing for the settlement of the indebtedness of the Kingdom of Hungary to the United States of America. The agreement has been executed on April 25, 1924, with my approval, subject to the approval of Congress, pursuant to the authority conferred by act of Congress approved February 9, 1922, as amended by the act of Congress approved February 9. ruary 28, 1923.

I recommend the approval and authorization of this agreement.

CALVIN COOLIDGE.

THE WHITE HOUSE, April 25, 1924.

Exhibit 48

[Public-No. 128-68th Congress. H. R. 8905]

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE SETTLEMENT OF THE INDEBTED-NESS OF THE KINGDOM OF HUNGARY TO THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the settlement of the indebtedness of the Kingdom of Hungary to the United States of America, made by the World War Foreign Debt Commission and approved by the President upon the following terms, is hereby approved and authorized:

Principal amount of obligation to be funded, \$1,685,835.61; interest accrued thereon to December 15, 1923, at the rate of 41/4 per centum per annum, \$253,917.43; total principal and interest accrued and unpaid as of December 15, 1923, \$1,939,753.04; less payment in cash by Hungary on April 25, 1924, \$753.04; total in-

debtedness to be funded into bonds, \$1,939,000. The principal of the bonds shall be paid in annual installments on the 15th day of December, up to and including December 15, 1985, on a fixed schedule, subject to the right of the Government of Hungary to make these payments in three-year periods; the amount of the first year's installment shall be \$9,600, the installments to increase with due regularity until, in the sixty-second year, the amount of the installment shall be \$75,000, the aggregate installments being equal to the total principal of the debt.

The Government of Hungary shall have the right to pay off additional amounts of the principal of the bonds on any interest date upon ninety days' notice.

Interest shall be payable upon the unpaid balances at the following rates, on December 15 and June 15 of each year:

At the rate of 3 per centum per annum, payable semiannually, from December 15, 1923, to December 15, 1933, and thereafter at the rate of $3\frac{1}{2}$ per centum per annum, payable semiannually until

final payment.

The Government of Hungary shall have the right to pay up to one-half of any interest accruing between December 15, 1923, and December 15, 1928, on the \$1,939,000 principal amount of the bonds first to be issued in bonds of Hungary dated as of the respective dates when the interest to be paid thereby becomes due, payable as to principal on the 15th day of December in each succeeding year, up to and including December 15, 1985, on a fixed schedule, in annual installments, increasing with due regularity in proportion to and in the manner provided for payments to be made on account of principal of the original issue of bonds, bearing the same rates of interest and being similar in other respects to such original issue of bonds.

Any payment of interest or of principal shall be made in United States gold coin of the present standard of value or at the option of the Government of Hungary, in any United States Government obligations issued after April 6, 1917, such obligations to be taken

at par and accrued interest.

The payment of the principal and interest of the bonds shall be secured in the same manner and to the same extent as the obligation of Hungary which is to be funded: *Provided*, however, That all or any part of such security may be released by the Secretary of the Treasury on such terms and conditions as he may deem necessary or appropriate in order that the United States may cooperate in any program whereby Hungary may be able to finance its immediate needs by the flotation of a loan for reconstruction purposes, if and when substantially all other creditor nations holding obligations similar to that held by the United States which is to be funded, to wit, Denmark, France, Great Britain, Holland, Norway, Sweden, and Switzerland, shall release to a similar extent the security enjoyed by such obligations.

The Secretary of the Treasury shall be authorized to decide when

this action has been substantially taken.

Approved, May 23, 1924.

Ехнівіт 49

[First supplement to Department Circular No. 230, dated August 15, 1923. Chief Clerk]

LAWS AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE RECOGNITION OF ATTORNEYS, AGENTS, AND OTHER PERSONS REPRESENTING CLAIMANTS AND OTHERS BEFORE THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT AND OFFICES THEREOF

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Washington, January 4, 1924.

The regulations governing the recognition of attorneys, agents, and other persons representing claimants and others before the Treasury Department and offices thereof are hereby amended and supplemented, effective January 1, 1924, as follows:

1. The Committee on Enrollment and Disbarment shall consist of six members appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury, of whom

two shall be detailed from the Office of the Secretary, three from the Office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and one from the Division of Customs. The Secretary shall designate the chairman and vice chairman from members detailed from his office. The Secretary shall also designate a secretary of the Committee.

retary shall also designate a secretary of the Committee.

2. The duties assigned to the Chief Clerk of the Treasury Department by paragraphs 4 and 8 of Department Circular No. 230, dated August 15, 1923, shall be performed by the Committee on Enrollment and Disbarment or by its secretary under the direction of the Com-

mittee.

Any provision in Department Circular No. 230, dated August 15, 1923, in conflict with the foregoing is hereby amended accordingly.

A. W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury.

EXHIBIT 50

[Second supplement to Department Circular No. 230, dated August 15, 1923. Chief Clerk]

LAWS AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE RECOGNITION OF ATTORNEYS, AGENTS, AND OTHER PERSONS REPRESENTING CLAIMANTS AND OTHERS BEFORE THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT AND OFFICES THEREOF

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Washington, February 15, 1924.

Treasury Department Circular No. 230, dated August 15, 1923, as supplemented January 4, 1924, is hereby amended by striking out paragraph 5 and subparagraph (b) of paragraph 7 of said circular and inserting in lieu thereof a new paragraph and subparagraph to read as follows:

5. Former connection with the Treasury Department or personal knowledge of matter in controversy.—(a) No attorney or agent shall be permitted to appear before the Treasury Department in connection with any matter to which such attorney or agent gave personal consideration or as to the facts of which he had actual personal knowledge while in the service of the Treasury Department, and likewise no such attorney or agent shall aid or assist another in any such matter, and no attorney or agent shall receive assistance from one formerly in the service of the Treasury Department and having such personal

knowledge.

(b) No former officer, clerk, or employee of the Treasury Department shall act as attorney or agent in any matter or controversy pending in such Department during his employment therein within two years after he has ceased to be such officer, clerk, or employee without first having obtained the consent thereto of the Secretary of the Treasury or his duly authorized representative; and no enrolled attorney or agent shall, without first having obtained the consent of the Secretary of the Treasury or his duly authorized representative, employ or retain any such former officer, clerk, or employee directly or indirectly in any such matter or controversy, within such two-year period. Such consent may only be granted when it appears (1) that such employment is not prohibited by law or by the regulations of the Treasury Department; (2) that the matter

or controversy, to handle which such consent is sought, was not pending in the particular office or division (departmental or field) in which the applicant was formerly employed. Applications for consent should be directed to the Secretary of the Committee on Enrollment and Disbarment, stating the former connection of the employee and the matter or controversy in which the applicant desires to appear. The applicant shall thereupon be promptly advised as to his right to appear in the particular matter or controversy, and a copy of such advice shall be filed in the record of the case.

(c) Subparagraph (b) shall not affect existing contracts of employment, entered into prior to the date of this supplement to Circular No. 230, to handle any specific matter or controversy now pending.

7. Causes for rejection, suspension, or disbarment—

(b) Conduct contrary to the canons of ethics as adopted by the American Bar Association.

A. W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury.

EXHIBIT 51

[Third supplement to Department Circular No. 230, dated August 15, 1923. Chief Clerk]

LAWS AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE RECOGNITION OF ATTORNEYS, AGENTS, AND OTHER PERSONS REPRESENTING CLAIMANTS AND OTHERS BEFORE THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT AND OFFICES THEREOF

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Washington, April 15, 1924.

Paragraph 7 of Treasury Department Circular No. 230, dated August 15, 1923, as amended by the Second Supplement to said circular, dated February 15, 1924, is hereby further amended by striking out the words "or enrollment as attorney or agent," in the fourth line of subparagraph (d), and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "but an enrolled attorney or agent may use on his letterheads or cards the words 'enrolled to practice before the Treasury Department,' or words of similar import," and by adding a new subparagraph (h), so that the paragraph will read as follows:

7. Causes for rejection, suspension, or disbarment.—In general, any conduct which would preclude an applicant from enrollment will be sufficient to justify his suspension or disbarment. Specifically, the following matters, among others, will be considered grounds for

suspension or disbarment:

(a) Violation of the statutes or rules governing practice before the Treasury Department.

(b) Conduct contrary to the canons of ethics as adopted by the

American Bar Association.

(c) False or misleading statements or promises made by the attorney or agent to a taxpayer or misrepresentation to the Treasury

Department.
(d) Solicitation of business by the attorney or agent. This includes letters, circulars, and interviews not warranted by previous association; printed matter appearing on the letterheads or cards of the attorney or agent indicating previous connection with the Treasury

Department (but an enrolled attorney or agent may use on his letterheads or cards the words "enrolled to practice before the Treasury Department," or words of similar import); or representation of acquaintance with Treasury officials or employees. It includes also the use by attorneys and agents of any titles which might imply official status or connection with the Government, such as "Federal tax expert" or "Federal tax consultant." It is not considered a violation of this regulation for Treasury employees, on severing their connection with the department, to send out announcement cards, briefly stating their former official status and announcing their new association, provided the cards are addressed only to personal or business acquaintances, and provided further that such cards are distributed only at the time of severance of the official connection with the Government. These cards are regarded by the committee not as advertising but as the customary announcement cards issued for the express purpose of identifying the sender with his new association or business.

(e) Negligence in furnishing evidence required in matters pending before the Treasury Department, and in the use of any means whereby the final settlement of the matter is unjustifiably delayed.

(f) The employment by an enrolled attorney or agent as correspondent or subagent in any matter pending before the Treasury Department, or the acceptance by such enrolled attorney or agent of employment as correspondent or subagent of or from any person who has been denied enrollment or who has been suspended or disbarred from practice. It is in violation of the regulations for an enrolled attorney or agent to assist in any way or be assisted by an attorney or agent who has been denied enrollment or has been suspended or disbarred.

(g) Any other matter which, in the opinion of the Committee on Enrollment and Disbarment, is unfair to the taxpayer or to the Treasury Department or interferes unduly with the orderly dis-

position of matters pending before the department.

(h) No former employee of the Bureau of Internal Revenue who violated his agreement to stay at least a year in the bureau shall be admitted to practice until after two years from his severance of connection with the bureau.

A. W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury.

Ехнівіт 52

[Department Circular No. 54, revised. Treasurer U. S.]

REGULATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS GOVERNING THE ISSUE OF DUPLICATE TREASURY WARRANTS, TREASURER'S CHECKS, AND INTEREST CHECKS

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, D. C., October 15, 1924.

The following regulations governing the issue of duplicates of Treasury warrants, Treasurer's checks, and interest checks are hereby established:

GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. Advice of nonreceipt or loss.—In the event of the nonreceipt or loss of a warrant or check, the owner, to protect his interest, should immediately notify the Treasurer of the United States in writing, describing the warrant or check, giving, if possible, its date, number,

and amount, and requesting that payment be stopped.

- 2. Issue of duplicate.—Upon receipt of such request payment of the original will be stopped, and a bond of indemnity will be prepared in the Treasurer's office and transmitted with a form of affidavit for execution by the claimant. Upon the return of the bond and affidavit duly executed according to instructions, and the approval of the bond by the Solicitor of the Treasury, the Treasurer, if satisfied as to the nonreceipt or loss of the original warrant or check, will authorize the issue of a duplicate warrant or check; provided, however, that no duplicate will be issued until 30 days shall have elapsed from the date of the notice of nonreceipt or loss of the original warrant or check.
- 3. Affidavit of nonreceipt or loss.—An affidavit in substantially the form prescribed must be executed by the claimant and submitted to the Treasurer with the bond of indemnity, giving his name and residence in full, describing the warrant or check, and all indorsements thereon, showing his interest therein and detailing the circumstances attending its nonreceipt or loss. The affidavit must be made and signed before a notary public or other officer authorized by law to administer oaths, who must certify that he administered the oath. If executed in a foreign country, the affidavit must be made before a notary public or before a United States diplomatic or consular officer.

4. Waiver of bond and affidavit.—Where the principal of a lost or destroyed warrant or check does not exceed \$20, the Treasurer may waive the filing of an affidavit or bond of indemnity, or both, in his discretion.

5. Recovery of original.—In the event of the recovery of the original warrant or check, after the issue of the duplicate, it must be surrendered to the Treasurer of the United States for cancellation. If the warrant or check is recovered before the issue of a duplicate, the Treasurer should be immediately notified and the removal of the stoppage requested.

6. Names.—The Christian names of the principal and sureties must be written in the body of the bond in full and so signed to the bond.

7. Witnesses.—The signature of each party must be made in the presence of two persons, who must sign their names as witnesses. All erasures and interlineations on the bond must be noted above the signatures of the witnesses as having been made before the execution of the bond.

8. Seal.—A seal of wax or wafer must be attached to the signature of the principal and each individual surety. A corporate surety must

affix its corporate seal. .

9. Residence.—The residence and post-office address (giving number and street where the residence is so designated) of the prin-

cipal and of each surety and witness must be given.

10. Penalty.—The penalty of the bond should be in even dollars and at least double the amount of the missing warrant or check, but in no case less than \$50, except that if the bond is executed by a corporate surety, as provided in the succeeding paragraph, the penalty of the bond should be at least equal to the amount of the warrant or check, plus 10 per cent, but in no case less than \$50.

warrant or check, plus 10 per cent, but in no case less than \$50.

11. Sureties.—The sureties on the bond, if individuals, must be two in number and citizens and residents of the United States. When a surety is a woman it should appear whether she is married or single, as a married woman will not be accepted as surety. One corporate surety duly qualified under the act of August 13, 1894, as amended by the act of March 23, 1910, and the regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury prescribed thereunder, will, however, be accepted as sole surety.

When the payee resides abroad and it is impracticable to obtain citizens and residents of the United States as sureties, or a duly qualified corporate surety, other sureties may be accepted by the Treasurer in his discretion, provided the sufficiency of such sureties is certified

by a United States diplomatic or consular officer.

12. Certificate as to sureties.—The sufficiency of individual sureties must be certified by one of the following-named officers: A judge of a United States court; United States commissioner; United States district attorney; United States postmaster; United States marshal; collector of internal revenue; collector of customs; clerk of a court of record, under seal of the court; executive officer of an incorporated bank or trust company, under his official designation and the seal of the bank or trust company; a commissioned officer of the Army or Navy of the United States for persons in the military or naval service; or a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States,

under his official seal, in case of a payee resident abroad.

13. Corporation as principal.—If a corporation is the principal, the blank in the first and second lines of the bond must be filled thus: "The —— (giving name of corporation), by —— (an officer duly authorized by resolution of the board of directors)." The bond must be signed for the corporation by the proper officer, thus: "The —— (giving name of corporation), by —— (the authorized officer)," and the seal of the corporation must be affixed. A copy of the resolution of the board of directors authorizing the officer to execute the bond on behalf of the corporation, certified to be correct by the secretary of the corporation (who, for this purpose, must be some other officer than the officer authorized to execute the bond), under the seal of the corporation, must be returned with the bond, and must show whether action was taken at a regular or a special meeting of the

board; if the latter, that all of the directors were notified of the time

and place of the meeting and that a quorum was present.

14. Unincorporated companies, etc., as principal.—Where an unincorporated company, society, lodge, or association is principal, a copy of the resolution or minutes of the meeting of the proper governing body of the association, under seal of the association (if it have a seal), authorizing an officer or officers to execute the bond must be attached thereto. If the company have no seal, the copy of the resolution should be certified as correct under oath before a notary public or other officer authorized by law to administer oaths (who must affix his official seal) by the secretary or other competent officer of the association.

15. Miscellaneous.—If the claimant is an individual doing business under a company title, he must make affidavit that he is the sole owner of the business and execute the bond individually as sole owner of the company named. If a partnership is the claimant, the names of the individuals should be inserted as principals on the bond, thus: "John Jones and James Smith, composing the firm of Jones & Smith," or "John Jones and James Smith, composing the partnership of John Jones & Co.," and the bond shall be signed by each member

of the partnership.

16. This circular supersedes Department Circular No. 54 of February 15, 1923, and February 7, 1916, and No. 18 of March 1, 1904. The Treasurer of the United States, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may withdraw or amend at any time or from time to time any or all of the provisions of this circular.

FRANK WHITE,
Treasurer of the United States.

Approved:

RICHARD R. McMahon, Solicitor of the Treasury.

Approved:

A. W. Mellon,

Secretary of the Treasury.

Ехнівіт 53

[Department Circular No. 327, revised. Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants]

REGULATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS GOVERNING THE ISSUE OF DUPLICATE CHECKS OF DISBURSING OFFICERS

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, Washington, D. C., October 15, 1924.

REVISED STATUTES OF THE UNITED STATES

Section 3646, as amended: Whenever any original check is lost, stolen, or destroyed, disbursing officers and agents of the United States are authorized, within three years from the date of such check, to issue a duplicate check, under

within three years from the date of such check, to issue a diplicate check, under such regulations in regard to its issue and payment, and upon the execution of such bond, with sureties, to indemnify the United States, and proof of loss of original check, as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe. * * * Section 3647, as amended: In case the disbursing officer or agent by whom such lost, destroyed, or stolen original check was issued is dead or no longer in the service of the United States, it shall be the duty of the proper accounting officer, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, to state an account in favor of the owner of such original check for the amount thereof and to charge such amount to the account of such officer or agent. * * * thereof and to charge such amount to the account of such officer or agent. * * *

The following regulations governing the issue of duplicates of checks drawn by disbursing officers or agents of the United States are hereby established pursuant to Sections 3646 and 3647 of the Revised Statutes of the United States as amended:

GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. Advice of nonreceipt or loss.—In the event of the nonreceipt or loss of a check issued by a disbursing officer or agent of the United States, the owner, to protect his interest, should immediately notify the Treasurer of the United States or other drawee, describing the check, stating the name of the disbursing officer or agent by whom the check was drawn, giving, if possible, its date, number, and amount,

and requesting that payment be stopped.

2. Issue of duplicate.—Upon receipt of such request payment of the original will be stopped and a bond of indemnity will be prepared in the Treasurer's office and transmitted with a form of affidavit for execution by the claimant. The bond and affidavit, when duly executed according to instructions, must be transmitted to the disbursing officer or agent who issued the original check. The bond and affidavit will then be indorsed by the officer or agent as having been submitted to him and as being the proof and security upon which he acts in issuing the duplicate check. After the expiration of 30 days from the date of the original check the disbursing officer or agent will issue a duplicate, which must be an exact transcript of the original, special care being taken that the number and date correspond to those of the original. He will then, without delay, forward the bond, affidavit, and duplicate check to the Secretary of the Treasury, by whom the bond will be approved and the issue of the duplicate will be authorized if the bond and the information obtained are found satisfactory. Certification of approval shall be made in writing on the papers as well as on the duplicate check. Any duplicate issued in pursuance of these instructions, bearing such approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may, if properly indorsed, be paid subject to the same rules and regulations as apply to payment of original checks; but no duplicate shall be paid if the original has

already been paid.

3. Affidavit of nonreceipt or loss.—An affidavit in substantially the form herein prescribed must be executed by the claimant and submitted to the disbursing officer or agent who drew the original check with a bond of indemnity giving the claimant's name and residence in full, describing the check, and all indorsements thereon, showing the claimant's interest therein and detailing the circumstances attending its nonreceipt or loss, and what action, if any, has been taken to stop payment. The affidavit must be made and signed before a notary public or other officer authorized by law to administer oaths, who must certify that he administered the oath. If executed in a foreign country, the affidavit must be made before a notary public or be-

fore a United States diplomatic or consular officer.

4. In case the disbursing officer or agent is dead or no longer in the service of the United States.—In case of the loss of a check issued by a United States disbursing officer or agent who is dead or no longer in the service of the United States, the affidavit and bond required to be furnished by the owner of said check to an officer or agent in the service of the United States, prior to the issue of a duplicate check, should be forwarded to the Secretary of the Treasury, who will refer them to the General Accounting Office for examination and the statement of an account in favor of the owner of said check, as provided for in section 3647 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended. Payment will then be made by a check issued by the Treasurer of the United States pursuant to the statement of account. Whenever such an account shall have been stated and an officer or agent charged with the amount of said lost check, the General Accounting Office will notify the Secretary of the Treasury in order that the amount of the check, if remaining to the credit of the officer or agent in any United States depositary, may be repaid into the Treasury and carried to his credit and to the credit of the proper appropriation.

5. Recovery of original.—In the event of the recovery of the original check, after the issue of the duplicate, it must be surrendered to the Secretary of the Treasury for cancellation. If the check has been recovered before the issue of a duplicate, the Treasurer of the United States or other drawee should be immediately notified and

the removal of the stoppage requested.

BOND OF INDEMNITY

6. Names.—The Christian names of the principal and sureties must be written in the body of the bond in full and so signed to the bond.

7. Witnesses.—The signature of each party must be made in the presence of two persons, who must sign their names as witnesses. All erasures and interlineations on the bond must be noted above the signatures of the witnesses as having been made before the execution of the bond.

8. Seal.—A seal of wax or wafer must be attached to the signature of the principal and each individual surety. A corporate surety must affix its corporate seal.

9. Residence.—The residence and post-office address (giving number and street, where the residence is so designated) of the principal

and each surety and witness must be given.

10. Penalty.—The penalty of the bond should be in even dollars and shall be at least equal to the amount of the check, plus 10 per cent, but in no case shall the bond be in an amount less than \$50, unless the amount of the lost check is less than \$10, in which case a

bond of \$10 with one satisfactory surety may be accepted.

11. Sureties.—The sureties on the bond, if individuals, must be two in number and citizens and residents of the United States. When a surety is a woman, it should appear affirmatively that she is single, as a married woman will not be accepted as surety. One corporate surety duly qualified under the act of August 13, 1894, as amended by the act of March 23, 1910, and the regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury prescribed thereunder, will, however, be accepted as sole surety.

When the payee resides abroad and it is impracticable to obtain citizens and residents of the United States as sureties, or a duly qualified corporate surety, other sureties may be accepted, provided the sufficiency of such sureties is certified by a United States diplo-

matic or consular officer.

- 12. Certificate as to sureties—The sufficiency of individual sureties must be certified by one of the following-named officers: A judge of a United States court; United States commissioner; United States district attorney; United States postmaster; United States marshal; collector of internal revenue; collector of customs; a clerk of a court of record, under seal of the court; executive officer of an incorporated bank or trust company, under his official designation and the seal of the bank or trust company; a notary public, under his seal; a commissioned officer of the Army or Navy of the United States for persons in the military or naval service; or a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States, under his official seal, in case of a payee resident abroad.
- 13. Corporation as principal.—If a corporation is the principal, the blank in the first and second lines of the bond must be filled thus: "The —— (giving name of corporation), by —— (an officer duly authorized by resolution of the board of directors)." The bond must be signed for the corporation by the proper officer, thus: "The —— (giving name of corporation), by —— (the authorized officer)," and the seal of the corporation must be affixed. A copy of the resolution of the board of directors authorizing the officer to execute the bond on behalf of the corporation, certified to be correct by the secretary of the corporation (who, for this purpose, must be some other officer than the officer authorized to execute the bond), under seal of the corporation, must be returned with the bond, and must show whether action was taken at a regular or special meeting of the board; if the latter, that all of the directors were notified of the time and place of the meeting and that a quorum was present.
- 14. Unincorporated companies, etc., as principal.—Where an unincorporated company, society, lodge, or association is principal, a copy of the resolution or minutes of the meeting of the proper governing

body of the association, under seal of the association (if it have a seal), authorizing an officer or officers to execute the bond must be attached thereto. If the company have no seal, the copy of the resolution should be certified as correct under oath before a notary public or other officer authorized by law to administer oaths (who must affix his official seal) by the secretary or other competent officer of the association.

15. Miscellaneous.—If the claimant is an individual doing business under a company title, he must make affidavit that he is the sole owner of the business and execute the bond individually as sole owner of the company named. If a partnership is the claimant, the names of the individuals should be inserted as principals on the bond, thus: "John Jones and James Smith, composing the firm of Jones and Smith," or "John Jones and James Smith, composing the partnership of John Jones & Co.," and the bond should be signed by each member of the partnership.

16. This circular supersedes Treasury Department Form 1343, dated April 14, 1916, and all previous regulations regarding the issue

of duplicate checks of disbursing officers.

A. W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury.

Ехнівіт 54

[Department Circular No. 324, amended. Chief Clerk]

TREASURY DEPARTMENT PERSONNEL CLASSIFICATION BOARD

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Washington, January 29, 1924.

To Heads of Bureaus and Offices, and Chiefs of Divisions, Secretary's Office, Treasury Department:

Section 4 of the act of Congress approved March 4, 1923, providing for the classification of civilian employees within the District of Columbia and the field services imposed upon the heads of Departments the duty of allocating all positions in their respective Departments to their proper grades in the Compensation Schedules and of fixing the rate of compensation of each employee thereunder in accordance with the rules prescribed in section 6 of the act. Paragraph 2 of section 9 of said act makes it the duty of the head of each Department to rate in accordance with such systems as may be established by the Personnel Classification Board the efficiency of each employee under his control or direction.

Department Circular No. 324 of May 29, 1923, created a board to be known as the Treasury Department Personnel Classification Board, consisting of nine members, who were designated to serve on said committee in addition to their other duties during the calendar year 1923. The object and work of the committee are fully set forth in the Department Circular mentioned.

The following officers of the Department have been designated to serve on the Personnel Classification Board during the calendar year

1924:

Mr. F. A. Birgfeld, Chief Clerk and Chairman of the Board.

Mr. J. E. Harper, Chief, Appointment Division.

Mr. R. C. Pollock, Chief, Appointment Division, Internal Revenue Bureau.

Miss K. R. Pike, Division of Customs.

Miss R. W. Barr, Assistant Chief, Division of Loans and Currency. The Board shall meet at the call of the Chairman, and three mem-

bers shall constitute a quorum.

It is directed that all officers and employees in the Treasury Department shall bring all matters affecting classification to the attention of the Treasury Department Board, which shall act thereon prior to submitting its views to the Personnel Classification Board for final adjudication.

A. W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury.

Exhibit 55

NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES IN THE DEPARTMENTAL SERVICE OF THE TREASURY IN WASHINGTON, BY MONTHS, FROM JUNE 30, 1923, TO SEPTEMBER 30, 1924

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Bureau or office	June 30	July 31	Aug. 31	Sept.	Oct. 31	No⊽. 30	Dec. 31	Jan. 31	Feb. 29	Mar. 31	A pr. 30	May 31	June 30	July 31	Aug. 31	Sept.	Increase or de- crease
Secretary's office. Chief clerk's office. Division of Appointments. Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants. Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants. Division of Customs. Division of Loans and Currency. Division of Loans and Currency. Division of Printing and Stationery. Savings Division. Secret Service Division. Bond roll (miscellaneous). United States Coast Guard. Comptroller of the Currency. Disbursing clerk's office. Bureau of Engraving and Printing. Federal Farm Loan Bureau. Mint Bureau. Internal Revenue Bureau. Public Health Bureau. Office of the Register of the Treasury. Supervising Architect's office. Office of the Treasurer of the United States. Bureau of the Budget. Office of the Commissioner of Accounts and Deposits. Office of the Commissioner of Public Debt. Division of Public Debt Accounts and Audit. Public debt (miscellaneous). General Supply Committee.	9 1, 510 13 42 14 12 52 80 198 19 4, 980 280 1, 100 224 1, 134 40 6 25 134	25 660 34 83 49 9 1, 469 1, 469 113 12 13 12 14 81 19 4, 997 80 14 7, 208 279 1, 131 39 6 26 133 6 26 133 6 26 110	25 662 34 83 49 1, 450 13 42 13 13 13 54 81 192 19 5, 024 82 14 7, 046 277 1, 085 217 1, 125 40 6 6 6 133 5 8 119	25 661 34 84 84 50 9 1, 457 13 13 13 55 81 191 191 195,015 94 13 7,010 273 1,077 212 2,134 41 65 132 61 141 141 141 141 141 141 141 141 141	25 658 34 84 50 9 1, 447 13 12 13 12 55 78 187 7, 19 4, 950 93 13 6, 884 267 1, 072 207 1, 124 39 625 133 67 112	25 656 33 84 50 9 1, 418 13 12 13 12 15 1 78 186 6, 687 205 1, 061 209 1, 127 39 6, 25 132 6, 25 132 6, 25 106 106 106	24 654 33 84 50 9 1, 410 13 12 13 12 54 80 192 19 4, 961 95 13 6, 686 263 211 1, 070 39 6, 25 132 6, 27 97	24 657 33 84 52 9 1, 405 13 13 51 1 80 190 19 4, 949 95 13 6, 629 264 1, 040 208 1, 070 40 6 26 132 6 6 26 132 6	23 654 34 84 53 8 1, 396 13 13 13 13 15 11 81 190 19 4, 968 95 5 13 6, 593 260 1, 059 207 7 1, 070 41 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 8 8 8 8 8 1, 396 8 8 1, 396 8 8 1, 396 8 1, 396 8 1, 396 8 1, 396 8 1, 496 8 1, 596 8 1, 596	23 653 34 57 8 1, 383 13 42 13 13 50 81 188 19 4, 956 94 13 6, 532 259 1, 054 41 6 25 133 6 81 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 10	25 648 33 83 55 8 1, 378 1, 378 13 13 50 87 19 19 4, 984 91 13 6, 467 257 1, 003 40 6 21 13 40 13 26 26 132 6 26 132 6	24 637 32 85 56 8 1, 347 13 13 50 103 189 18 5, 023 91 1 13 6, 461 257 1, 022 39 6, 461 210 1, 022 39 6, 461 1, 347 1, 34	24 637 32 83 55 8 1, 348 13 47 107 186 18 5, 010 92 14 6, 469 261 1, 008 211 1, 019 40 6 25 133 68 8137	62 513 35 8 1, 207 10 10 10 13 5 105 185 29 5, 108 93 14 6, 431 251 7665 216 1, 028 42 6 25 133 6 25 133 6 27 103	63 514 35 83 51 1, 184 1, 184 106 183 29 5, 148 94 14 6, 391 249 714 219 1, 025 43 6 25 131 6 8 163 163 174 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185	62 511 35 8 1, 177 13 38 6 12 4 106 184 29 5, 150 95 14 6, 627 244 706 215 1, 018 42 8 8 1, 177 215 1, 018	+37 -158 +1 -1 -14 -1 -333 -4 -8 -48 +26 -14 +10 +170 -633 -36 -394 -116 +2 -2 +2 -7 -13
Total	18, 252	18, 139	17, 982	17, 959	17, 718	17, 480	17, 402	17, 330	17, 318	17, 214	17, 126	17, 147	17, 119	16, 644	16, 566	16, 761	-1, 491

Note.—The figures in this exhibit show actual number of names appearing on payrolls for the pay period covering the last half of each month.

Ехнівіт 56

STATEMENT BY PRESIDENT COOLIDGE CONCERNING THE REVE-NUE BILL OF 1924

The passage of a new Revenue Bill was required for two reasons, the reduction of taxation and the reform of taxation. The bill as passed provides a certain amount of tax reduction. It improves some of the features of administration. But it is not only lacking in tax reform, it actually adds some undesirable features to the present law. As a permanent expression of Government fiscal policy this bill contains provisions which, in my opinion, are not only unsatis-

factory but are harmful to the future of this country.

The reduction of high surtaxes from 50 to 40 per cent is quite immaterial to accomplish a real improvement in the law. The resolution for a constitutional amendment giving to the States and the Federal Government reciprocal rights of taxation on securities issued by the other, which was urged in my Annual Message to the Congress, failed of passage. The suggestion of reaching in part the abuse of tax-exemption by limiting the deduction for interest of a non-business character to the amount that such interest exceeds the taxexempt revenue of the taxpayer, has not been adopted. With some \$12,000,000,000 of tax-exempt securities now outstanding, and \$1,000,000,000 of new issues each year, it is idle to propose high surtaxes. A man with large inherited or accumulated capital is told he must pay one-half of his income to the Government if he invests it in productive business, but he is invited to be relieved of all tax by the simple expedient of withdrawing from business and investing in tax-exempt securities. This does not mean that wealth in existence is taxed; it is not. It escapes. It does mean, however, that initiative and new enterprises are throttled.

While the inconsistency of high surtaxes existing side by side with a lawfully authorized means of avoidance is obvious, it is not simply through tax exemption that high surtaxes are uneconomical. experience for the few years under high surtaxes shows the increasing failure of these taxes as a source of revenue. There are many means of escaping the tax, and with the settlement of conditions abroad we may anticipate the movement of capital from this country to other parts of the world where income is not so penalized. Ways will always be found to avoid taxation inherently excessive. presented, then, with a plan of taxation which punishes energy and initiative and must decrease revenue. Such a plan will ultimately work harm to the country and should not be permitted to continue much longer. The cure does not lie in attacking the symptoms by other unsound penalties worse than the disease itself, such as an undistributed surplus tax, but in correcting the cause. The remedy is such a reduction in the peak of the surtaxes as will attract capital to new enterprises and prevent the continual diminution of taxable income in the higher brackets. In this way alone can high living costs, the indirect tax paid by all of the people, be reduced and the productivity of a graduated income tax maintained.

The principles applicable to high surtaxes apply similarly to high estate taxes. The bill raises the estate tax to 40 per cent. As a concomitant is added a gift tax which is a further invasion of the rights of the citizen, both unusual in nature and of doubtful legality.

When there is added to this the inheritance taxes levied by the States, there amounts to a practical confiscation of capital. To meet these taxes executors must realize cash on forced sales of property, with a general lowering of all values upon which the credit structure of our country is based, and diminishing the very source from which this revenue comes. It is proposed to take capital and to use it in the ordinary operating expenses of Government. We are thus to live, not on income, but on principal, and to that extent we exhaust our resources and prevent the industrial expansion essential to our increasing population and our high standard of living. Heretofore estate taxes in the Federal Government have been war measures. It is now proposed to use these reserves in times of peace.

They should be kept for emergencies.

The States have a very real interest in this tax. Inheritance taxes constitute a material part of State revenue. They are a comparatively small factor in Federal revenue. As the Federal Government invades this sphere, belonging primarily to the States, it will cut down the flow of income to the States from this tax, and thus force the States to higher taxes from other sources, which will mean increased land taxes. For the sake of \$12,000,000 of additional revenue the Federal Government in its strength should not further handicap the States, already heavily burdened with expenditures which can be met only by taxation. I believe also it would be advisable to call a conference of the taxing authorities of the States and the Treasury, before the next session of the Congress, to give consideration to some comprehensive plan of division of this field of taxation between the various States and the Federal Government and the elimination of overlapping and unfair taxes.

Our institutions guarantee to our citizens sanctity in their private affairs, a right giving way only to the needs of Government. Under the law as it now exists, the Treasury has access to all information useful in determining the liability of the taxpayer. For the needs of revenue, publicity is unnecessary. While the bill purports not to give full publicity this is scarcely true, and it still sacrifices without reason the rights of the taxpayer. In each post office the amount which the citizen contributes to the Treasury must be exhibited to the curious and to the taxpayer's business rivals. Committees in Congress have access to returns and other private papers, without any restriction as to their publication in open committee or on the floor of Congress, the most certain means of publicity. If a taxpayer desires a hearing before the Board of Tax Appeals he must expose to the public the complete details of his income. To put this price upon the fair determination of tax liability in its regular administrative course, is entirely unjustifiable. Yet, such is done in the publicity provisions of the Board of Tax Appeals.

It is not alone in the unwarranted interference with the right of the citizen to privacy that these provisions are hurtful. It is believed that far from increasing revenue, the desire to avoid the gratification of the idle curiosity of others or the exposure of one's personal affairs to one's competitor will result in the concealment of millions of dollars of income which would otherwise be reported. This means a change in the fundamental policy of our laws, viola-

tive of private rights, and harmful to Government revenues.

Criticism of the income tax and a large part of the dissatisfaction with it are the result of delay and uncertainty in the final determination of a taxpayer's liability. Taxes can usually be paid within a short time after the receipt of the income on which the tax is based without serious embarrassment. The payment, however, of a large additional tax on income received several years previous and which may have since its receipt either been wiped out by subsequent losses or invested in nonliquid assets may force a taxpayer into bankruptcy and often causes financial sacrifice and hardship. vision should be made for the prompt and final determination of a taxpayer's liability and such was the purpose in the suggestion for a

Board of Tax Appeals.

The provisions of the bill, however, with reference to the Board, make it in all its essentials practically a court of record. The Board is to be bound by formal rules of evidence and procedure. In each case a formal record must be prepared and all oral testimony in cases involving more than \$10,000 must be reduced to writing and an opinion in addition to the findings of fact and a decision must be A taxpayer is entitled to appeal to the Board before any assessment can be made. The reduction in the salary of the members of the Board from \$10,000 as recommended by the Treasury to \$7,500, and the reduction of the term of office of the original appointees from the 10 years recommended to 2 years, make it difficult to secure for membership on the Board men with training, experience and ability. This Board of Tax Appeals, unable to secure the proper type of men for membership, hampered and burdened with rules of procedure and evidence and forced to prepare a record, a finding of fact, and a decision in practically every case, will be unable to handle the business which will come to it. The result will be greater delay in the final settlement of tax cases, and may ultimately result in the complete breakdown of the administrative machinery for the collection of taxes.

The purpose of a tax bill is to provide the Government with revenue, and the primary consideration on tax reduction is the probable receipts and expenditures of the Government after the bill becomes We shall close the fiscal year ending June 30th, next with a surplus, but it is the next fiscal year that must have consideration. By far the greater part of the loss of revenue which will be brought about by the bill is in income taxes. Aside from the 25 per cent credit in 1924 taxes the bill applies to incomes received in 1924, the tax on which is payable in the calendar year 1925. So this income tax reduction will not be felt until the last half of the fiscal year 1925. Under these circumstances, after giving effect to the bonus law and the reductions contemplated by the bill, and provided no further commitments in large amounts are made by the Congress, the Treasury may reasonably expect to conclude the fiscal year 1925 without a deficit.

Looking beyond 1925 to later years, there are certain factors which deserve consideration. The excess profits and income tax laws of the war period were new in principle and exceedingly complicated in practice. The Treasury has not yet become current in the ascertainment of tax liability and collection of taxes for this period. We must, therefore, consider the establishment for the future of such a policy of taxation as will insure the maintenance of the sources of taxation without the aid of these reservoirs which will soon be empty. This means that the policy must be so framed that

it will encourage the creation of income subject to tax, will close the most obvious methods of avoidance, will not diminish by excessive estate taxes the very values upon which the Federal and the State Governments must rely for revenue, and will bring about a reduction in the high cost of living as a means of meeting world competition. Of the 110,000,000 people in this country, less than 4,000,000 pay income taxes directly. The remaining 106,000,000 who pay no such direct taxes are given no relief from what they pay indirectly in everything they buy. They too must have tax reduction. These

conditions the present bill does not meet.

High taxes were adopted as a war measure in 1918. We have had but six years experience under them and their detrimental effect upon our fiscal structure is not yet fully appreciated. To the intelligent observer tendencies are already apparent which indicate the stress to which this structure is being put. I mention as an instance the increased cost of capital for new industrial enterprises. These influences are being felt even in our present prosperity. During the after-the-war period of adjustment, the other great nations of the world have been disturbed more than this country. They are not vet restored. As a consequence, we have been relieved of much of the world competition. When other countries return to productivity and become again the serious commercial rivals of our people, and when we experience those periods of depression, which normally follow periods of prosperity, we should have our house in order by so establishing our tax system that its economic effects will be beneficial and not harmful. The bill represents tax reduction, not tax If we are to maintain the American standard of living and hold our place in the world, we must adjust our taxes upon an economic and not a political basis.

The bill comes to me for consideration less than two weeks before the contemplated adjournment of Congress, and it provides for a credit on 1924 taxes which should become effective before June 15th next. No different, bill can be passed before adjournment. The question before me is the present law or the bill in the shape it has passed the Congress. As it stands, in its administrative features generally it is an improvement on the existing law. It will meet the needs of revenue through the fiscal year 1925, and probably be sufficient for some time if no unforeseen expenses arise. The immediate relief by credit on 1924 taxes of 25 per cent is due, is expected by the people, and should be promptly given, and the determination of the taxes to which 1924 incomes will be subject should be made certain while the income is still being received.

These opinions are supported by the Treasury Department.

As I have said, the bill does not represent a sound permanent tax policy and in its passage has been subject to unfortunate influence which ought not to control fiscal questions. Still, in spite of its obvious defects, its advantages as a temporary relief and a temporary adjustment of business conditions, in view of the uncertainty of a better law within a reasonable time, lead me to believe that the best interests of the country would be subserved if this bill became a law. A correction of its defects may be left to the next session of the Congress. I trust a bill less political and more truly economic may be passed at that time. To that end I shall bend all my energies.

THE WHITE HOUSE, June 2, 1924. 10065—FI 1924†——19

Ехнівіт 57

SURTAX RATES

1913 law applicable to incomes of 1913, 1914, and 1915		1916 law applicable comes of 1916	to in-	1917 law applicable to incomes of 1917			1918 law applicable to incomes of 1918, 1919, 1920, and 1921			1921 law applicable to in- comes of 1922 and 1923		1924 law applicable to in- comes of 1924 and subse- quent years	
Income class	Rate	Income class	Rate	Income clas	ss	Rate	Income	class	Rate	Income class	Rate	Income class	Rate
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SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY

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ABSTRACTS OF REPORTS OF BUREAUS AND DIVISIONS



ABSTRACTS OF REPORTS OF BUREAUS AND DIVISIONS

The following is a summary of the reports of the various bureaus and divisions of the Treasury Department:

TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES

On the basis of daily Treasury statements, revised, the total ordinary receipts from all sources (exclusive of postal revenues) during the fiscal year 1924 were \$4,007,899,992.97, a decrease of \$5,502,425.53 as compared with those of the fiscal year 1923. The cash expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts amounted to \$3,499,084,063.25. The net result for the year was an excess of ordinary receipts over total expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts of \$508,815,929.72.

Disbursements made on account of the Panama Canal, exclusive of fortifications, during the fiscal year 1924, on the basis of warrants drawn (not cash expenditures), were \$7,141,711.97, while receipts from tolls, etc., were \$26,074,513.33, leaving a net excess of receipts over warrants drawn of \$18,932,801.36.

During the fiscal year 1924 the receipts and expenditures on account of the principal of the public debt are shown in the following statement:

Receipts on account of-

receipts on account of—	
Certificates of indebtedness	\$2, 014, 892, 500. 00
Treasury notes	209, 750. 00
Treasury savings securities	163, 539, 816. 71
Postal savings bonds	33, 560. 00
Deposits for retirement of national-bank notes and	
Federal reserve bank notes	28, 453, 557. 50
Total	2, 207, 129, 184. 21
Expenditures on account of—	
Certificates of indebtedness \$2, 238, 167, 000. 00	
Treasury notes 356, 973, 000. 00	0
Treasury bonds 6, 000. 00	•
War-savings securities 54, 043, 728. 98	
Treasury savings securities 33, 390, 722. 10	
First Liberty bonds	. •
Second Liberty bonds	
Third Liberty bonds 410, 587, 300. 00	
Fourth Liberty bonds	
Victory notes 80, 639, 850. 00	•
Other debt items	
National-bank notes and Federal	•
reserve bank notes	
Total	3, 305, 696, 515. 22
Excess of expenditures	1, 098, 567, 331. 01

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The retirements of the debt were effected as follows:

From—	•
Cumulative sinking fund	\$295, 987, 350. 00
Purchases from repayments of foreign loans	38, 509, 150. 00
Receipts from foreign governments under debt settle-	
ments	110, 878, 450. 00
Receipts from estate taxes	8, 791, 400, 00
Purchases from franchise tax receipts (Federal reserve	
banks)	3, 634, 550. 00
Forfeitures to the United States, gifts, etc	93, 200. 00
Total	457, 894, 100, 00
Surplus of ordinary receipts applied to public debt	, ,
retirements	508, 815, 929. 72
Retirements from reduction in general fund balance	131, 857, 301. 29
Total	1, 098, 567, 331. 01

The gold in the Treasury at the beginning of the fiscal year 1924 amounted to \$3,363,739,944.73. There was a noticeable increase during each month of the year and at its close the Treasury holdings of the precious metal attained a maximum at \$3,786,060,988.98. Set apart for the respective uses, it was held on the following accounts: Reserve fund, \$152,979,025.63; trust funds (for redemption of gold certificates in actual circulation), \$1,218,350,659; gold fund of Federal Reserve Board, \$2,260,891,035.12; and general fund, \$153,840,269.23. Of the amount in the general fund, \$141,046,727.99 was held for redemption of Federal reserve notes.

At the close of the fiscal year 1923 the balance in the gold fund of the Federal Reserve Board was \$2,285,169,645.65. During the fiscal year 1924 the deposits therein were \$1,390,924,449.47 and the withdrawals \$1,415,203,060, leaving a balance on June 30, 1924, of \$2,260,891,035.12.

The public moneys on deposit in designated depositaries of the United States at the close of the fiscal year 1924 amounted to \$233,-.299,077.89, exclusive of items in transit, distributed as follows:

Dep	osit	taries:
	T	Fadore

postuaries.	
In Federal reserve banks	
In special depositaries	162, 091, 572. 40
In foreign depositaries	380, 256. 79
In national banks	25, 382, 657. 78
In insular depositaries	1, 461, 877. 41
In treasury of Philippine Islands	
Total	233, 299, 077, 89

There were in the custody of the Treasurer at the close of the fiscal year 1924 United States bonds to the amount of \$750,858,930 pledged to secure bank-note circulation. United States bonds and other securities held to secure public deposits in national banks amounted to \$45,242,550, and securities held for the safekeeping of postal deposits in postal savings depositaries amounted to \$128,386,533. Under provisions of law or by direction of the Secretary of the Treasury the Treasurer of the United States is custodian of several special trusts, consisting of bonds and other obligations to the amount of \$11,852,907,115.17%. The aggregate amount of the foregoing trust accounts is \$12,777,395,128.17%.

During the fiscal year 1924 there were no redemptions of United States notes from the reserve fund. National-bank notes presented for redemption amounted to \$552,690,228, or 71 per cent of the average amount outstanding. National-bank notes assorted and delivered amounted to \$548,925,205, of which \$7,447,200 were fit for use and were returned to the respective banks of issue for further circulation. There were also presented for redemption Federal reserve notes amounting to \$40,225,960, of which \$7,966,000 were fit for use and were returned to the respective banks of issue for further circulation. Federal reserve bank notes amounting to \$11,606,830 were presented for redemption, none of which were fit for further circulation.

Canceled and uncanceled Federal reserve notes amounting to \$1,466,673,540 were received from Federal reserve banks and branches for credit to the accounts of Federal reserve agents. Such notes are received, counted, and delivered by the National Bank Redemption Agency but are settled for between the Federal reserve banks and the agents either directly or by adjustments in their redemption funds, and are therefore not taken into the cash accounts of the National Bank Redemption Agency.

The pieces of United States paper currency (gold certificates, silver certificates, United States notes, and Treasury notes of 1890) issued during the fiscal year 1924 numbered 588,719,005, with a value of \$1,436,668,000, an increase over the fiscal year 1923 of 39,575,202 pieces and of \$368,482,000 in value. Redemptions aggregated 541,937,683 pieces with a value of \$958,497,447, as against 476,442,247 pieces with a value of \$754,104,980 in the fiscal year 1923.

The increase in the amount of gold certificates outstanding was \$481,373,450, while the silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 decreased \$3,202,897, leaving a net increase of \$478,170,553.

During the fiscal year 1924 the shipments of currency from the Treasury in Washington to Treasury offices and to banks amounted to \$1,348,889,877, as against \$1,005,965,618 during the fiscal year 1923.

10065-Fi 1924†---- 20

COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY

National banks organized, consolidated, insolvent, in voluntary liquidation, and in existence

Since the inauguration of the national banking system charters have been issued to 12,555 banks, of which 4,430 have passed out of the system by reason of liquidation, consolidation, or insolvency, leaving at the close of business June 30, 1924, 8,125 banks in existence.

The number of national banks in existence, authorized capital, changes incident to organization, increases and reduction in capital stock, etc., in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, and since the inauguration of the system on February 25, 1863, are shown in the following statements:

Organizations, capital stock changes, and liquidations of national banks during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924

			Total			
	Number of banks	Capital	Number of banks	Capital		
New charters granted	153	\$27, 600, 000 28, 780, 000				
Restored to solvency	6	390, 000	159	\$56, 770, 00 0		
Voluntary liquidations	158 139	39, 680, 000 9, 450, 000 3, 130, 000	109	\$30, 770, 000		
Closed under consolidation act, Nov. 7, 1918, and amount of capital reduction incident thereto	14	3, 000, 000	² 311	² 55, 260, 000		
Net decrease in banks			151	1, 570, 000		
Charters in force June 30, 1923, and authorized capital			8, 276	1, 338, 571, 215		
Charters in force June 30, 1924, and authorized capital			8, 125	1, 340, 141, 215		

Includes 3 increases aggregating \$140,000 which were effected as a result of consolidations under the act of Nov. 7, 1918, and 82 increases by stock dividends aggregating \$8,413,583.
 Includes one bank with capital of \$60,000 which had been previously reported in voluntary liquidation.

Number of national banks organized since February 25, 1863, number passed out

of the system, and number in existence June 30, 1924		•
Under act Feb. 25, 1863	456	
Under act June 3, 1864	7,655	
Under gold currency act July 12, 1870	10	
Under act Mar. 14, 1900		
Total number of national banks organized		12, 555
Number reported in voluntary liquidation	3, 334	·
Number passed into liquidation upon expiration of corporate		
existence	208	
Number consolidated under act Nov. 7, 1918	114	
Number placed in charge of receivers, exclusive of those restored		
to solvency	774	
Total number passed out of the system		4, 430

The following table shows the number of national banks organized, consolidated under the act of November 7, 1918, insolvent, in volun-

Number now in existence.

tary liquidation, and in existence on June 30, 1924, by States and geographical divisions:

Number of national banks organized, consolidated under act November 7, 1918, insolvent, in voluntary liquidation, and in existence on June 30, 1924, by States

State	Organ- ized	Consolidated under act Nov. 7, 1918	Insolvent	In liqui- dation	In exist- ence
Maine	113			54	59
MaineNew Hampshire	. 72		4	13	55
Vermont	76	i	7	22	46
Massachusetts	342	5	16	163	158
Rhode Island	65	L	ĭ	47	17
Connecticut	112	3	5	42	62
Total New England States	780	9	33	341	397
New York	842	15	51	245	531
New Jersey	305	5	10	42	248
Pennsylvania	1, 094	8	45	175	866
Delaware	28			10	18
Maryland	126		2	39	85
District of Columbia	29	2	3	10	14
Total Eastern States	2, 424	30	111	521	1, 762
	232	4			2,702
Virginia			7	38	183
West Virginia North Carolina	160 123	$\frac{1}{2}$	5 9	29 28	125 84
South Carolina	108	2		28	84
		. 3	1	23	82
Georgia.	164 94	ا ا	11	55	95
Florida			13	26	55
Alabama Mississippi	154		10	39	105
Lavisiana		2	2 8	28	35
Louisiana Texas	82 913		47	39	33
		7		285	574
Arkansas	118	1	8	20 77	89
Kentucky Tennessee	226 189	5 2	6 8	11	138
Tennessee	199	_ 4	8	71	108
Total Southern States	2, 628	29	135	758	1,706
Ohio	630	8	34	229	359
Indiana	394	5	17	124	248
Illinois	689	l ĭ	23	162	503
Michigan	249	2	16	110	121
Wisconsin	231	<u>2</u>	ğ	65	155
Minnesota	424	2	17	67	338
Iowa	486	3	20	114	349
Missouri	257	4	12	107	134
Total Middle Western States	3, 360	27	148	978	2, 207
North Dakota	235		37	22	168
South Dakota	187		34	32	166
Nebraska.	341		35	37 131	116 175
Kansas	426	3	41	121	
Montana	186	2	49	40	261 95
Wyoming.	55		9	8	38
Colorado	202		17	44	141
New Mexico	74		20	21	. 33
Oklahoma	704	1	20 29	249	425
Total Western States	2, 410	6	271	683	1, 450
Washington	195	3	26	54	112
Oregon	131	li	ii	23	97
California.	429	8	14	139	268
Idaho	105		16	18	71
Utah	38	2	4	, 12	20
Nevada	16		2	- 3	īĭ
Arizona	28		3	6	19
	040	13	76	255	598
Total Pacific States	942				
					•
	4			1	3
Alaska The Territory o (Hawaii	4 6			4	3 2
Alaska The Territory o Hawaii Porto Rico	4 6 1			1	2
Total Pacific States	4 6	114		4	

Condition of national banks

On June 30, 1924, there were 8,085 reporting national banks with resources of \$22,565,919,000. Although the number of reporting banks shows a reduction in the year of 156, resources were increased \$1,054,153,000.

Loans and discounts show an increase since June 30, 1923, of \$161,057,000.

Investments in United States Government securities show a reduction in the year of \$212,068,000, and other miscellaneous bonds and securities, etc., an increase of \$284,693,000, or a net increase in investments in Government and other securities since June 30, 1923, of \$72,625,000.

Balances due from correspondent banks and bankers, including lawful reserve with Federal reserve banks, were \$295,472,000 in excess of the amount June 30, 1923. Cash in vault was \$54,111,000 greater than a year ago.

Capital stock shows an increase in the year of \$5,120,000, and surplus and undivided profits an increase of \$35,413,000.

The liability for circulating notes outstanding shows an increase in the year of \$9,685,000.

Balances due to other banks and bankers, including certified checks and cashiers' checks outstanding, June 30, 1924, aggregated \$3,371,336,000, compared with \$2,662,385,000 June 30, 1923. Demand deposits, including United States deposits, are \$236,135,000 greater than a year ago, and time deposits, including postal savings, show an increase since June 30, 1923, of \$504,771,000. Total deposit liabilities show an increase in the year of \$1,449,857,000.

The liabilities of these banks for borrowed money (bills payable and rediscounts) were curtailed \$383,097,000 since June 30, 1923. The percentage of bills payable with Federal reserve banks to total bills payable June 30, 1924, was 56.14, compared with 82.55 June 30, 1923. The percentage of rediscounts with Federal reserve banks to total rediscounts was 78.57, compared with 81.90 a year ago.

The percentage of loans and discounts to total deposits was 65.29, compared with 69.93 June 30, 1923.

The resources and liabilities of national banks at the date of each report since June 30, 1923, are shown in the following statement:

Abstract of reports of condition of national banks at the date of each report since June~30,~1923

[In thousands of dollars]

	June 30, 1923— 8,241 banks	Sept. 14, 1923— 8,239 banks	Dec. 31, 1923— 8,184 banks	Mar. 31, 1924— 8,115 banks	June 30, 1924— 8,085 banks
RESOURCES					
Loans and discounts (including redis- counts)1	11, 817, 671	11, 934, 556	11, 876, 562	11, 952, 287	11, 978, 728
OverdraftsCustomers' liability account of accept- ances	10, 430 187, 131	12, 950 153, 485	10, 470 207, 438	10, 815 202, 572	10, 075 135, 829
ances United States Government securities owned	2, 693, 846	late that the late of	2 566 851	9 404 313	•
Other bonds, stocks, securities, etc	2, 375, 857 493, 324	2, 602, 762 2, 398, 304 504, 731	2, 477, 843 512, 910 93, 881	2,511,637 525,335 100,098 1,160,766	2,481,778 2,660,550 532,728 104,630
Other real estate ownedLawful reserve with Federal reserve banks Items with Federal reserve banks in process	87, 133 1, 142, 736	86,412 1,169,345	1, 180, 838		1, 198, 070
of collection	396, 911 291, 108 910, 014	463, 456 361, 485 960, 769	460, 173 386, 428 1, 029, 342	379, 307 342, 969 938, 804	397, 340 345, 219 1, 099, 763
Amount due from other banks, bankers, and trust companies	295, 660 486, 333	292, 974 481, 585 49, 560	319, 992 925, 979	283, 386 842, 719 67, 083	345,020 925,568
Checks on other banks in the same place Outside checks and other cash items Redemption fund and due from U.S.	68, 283 71, 578	59, 406	85,079 73,656	56,420	75, 925 69, 687
TreasurerOther assets	37, 108 146, 643	36, 934 144, 162	36,746 161,940	37, 167 157, 210	37, 129 167, 280
Total	21, 511, 766	21,712,876	22, 406, 128	22,062,888	22, 565, 919
Liabilities					
Capital stock paid in	1,328,891 1,070,616	1,332,394 1,068,320	1,325,825 1,068,359	1,335,572 1,073,363	1,334,011 1,080,578
paidNational bank notes outstanding Due to Federal reserve banks	476, 205 720, 001 24, 194	523,010 731,479 29,763	473, 979 725, 949 26, 965	507, 905 726, 483 25, 328	501, 650 729, 680 26, 44
Amount due to national banksAmount due to other banks, bankers, and	838, 227	905, 104	920, 239	886, 435	1,035,000
trust companiesCertified checks outstandingCashiers' checks outstanding	1,546,777 54,123 199,064	1,510,573 130,547 167,157	1,648,607 186,434 347,629	1,653,347 187,704 261,785	1,759,556 226,714
Demand deposits Time deposits (including postal savings) United States deposits.	9, 288, 298 4, 755, 162	9,331,368 4,864,369	9,593,119 4,948,019	9, 292, 127 5, 108, 970	323, 62 9, 593, 256 5, 259, 93
United States deposits	192, 135 16, 897, 980	101, 649 17, 040, 530	157, 849 17, 828, 861	183,000 17,598,696	5, 259, 93, 123, 31, 18, 847, 88
rowed	34, 952	36, 983	38, 287	35, 684	32, 54
States) borrowed	2,977	2,750	3,038	2,532	2, 56
representing borrowed money other than rediscounts) Notes and bills rediscounted (including acceptances of other banks and foreign	370, 921	352, 995	324, 166	238, 888	143,84
bills of exchange or drafts sold with in- dorsement)	352, 801	400,799	333, 896	271, 645	196, 77
standing	8,569	7,503	5,475	6, 225	9,45
to furnish dollar exchange less those pur- chased or discounted	172, 208	145, 786	204, 432	193, 240	131, 41
Acceptances executed by other banksLiabilities other than those stated above	30, 409 45, 236	18,897 51,430	17, 630 56, 231	25, 455 47, 200	17,38 38,17
Total	21, 511, 766	21, 712, 876	22, 406, 128	22, 062, 888	22, 565, 91

¹ Includes customers' liability under letters of credit.

Banks other than national

Returns were received as of June 30, 1924, from the State banking departments of the several States, and from individual private banks not under State supervision, showing the condition of 21,263 banks,

a reduction of 674 in the number of reporting banks since June 30, 1923. Despite this reduction, aggregate resources of \$34,578,771,000 on June 30, 1924, show an increase of \$2,055,626,000 during the year. Loans and discounts show an increase of \$901,385,000, and investments an increase of \$483,573,000.

Capital stock shows an increase of \$56,716,000 during the year, surplus and undivided profits an increase of \$150,037,000, and individual deposits an increase of \$2,110,203,000. Liabilities for money borrowed on account of notes and bills rediscounted and bills payable were reduced \$53,403,000 and \$80,988,000, respectively.

Comparison of the resources and liabilities of reporting banks other than national for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1923 and 1924, is shown in the following statement:

Resources and liabilities of banks other than national June 30, 1924, compared with June 30, 1923

Ţ	In tl	housai	nde i	nf i	doll:	arel

	June 30, 1924 (21,263 banks)	June 30, 1923 (21,937 banks)	Increase	Decrease (674 banks)
RESOURCES				
Loans and discounts (including rediscounts) Overdrafts. Investments (including premiums on bonds) Banking house (including furniture and fixtures) Other real estate owned Due from banks. Lawful reserve with Federal reserve bank or other reserve agents. Checks and other cash items. Exchanges for clearing house Cash on hand. Other resources.	46, 259 9, 086, 417 763, 103 189, 798 1, 810, 162 1, 270, 138 729, 397 191, 793	18, 411, 775 47, 552 8, 602, 844 682, 774 168, 986 1, 766, 591 1, 085, 238 409, 624 160, 257 505, 993 681, 511	20, 812 43, 571 184, 900 319, 773 31, 536 60, 288	
LIABILITIES	34, 576, 771	32, 023, 143	2,030,020	
Capital stock paid in Surplus. Undivided profits (less expenses and taxes paid) Due to all banks. Certified checks and cashiers' checks. Individual deposits (including dividends unpaid and postal savings). United States deposits (exclusive of postal savings). Notes and bills rediscounted. Bills papable Other liabilities.	1, 886, 781 470, 074 1, 107, 291 114, 522 28, 100, 938 28, 984 128, 502	1, 723, 476 1, 728, 878 477, 940 1, 201, 013 104, 923 25, 990, 735 46, 304 181, 905 409, 840 658, 131	56, 716 157, 903 9, 599 2, 110, 203	7, 866 93, 722 17, 320 53, 403
Total liabilities	34, 578, 771	32, 523, 145	2, 055, 626	

All reporting banks

(National, State (commercial), savings, and private banks, and loan and trust companies)

On or about June 30, 1924, there were 29,348 reporting banks in the United States, Alaska, and insular possessions, with aggregate resources of \$57,144,690,000. Although the number of banks shows

a reduction of 830 during the year, resources show an increase of \$3,109,779,000.

Loans and discounts amounted to \$31,427,717,000 on June 30, 1924, and were \$1,011,140,000 in excess of the amount a year ago; investments in United States Government securities and other miscellaneous bonds and securities, amounting to \$14,228,745,000, were \$556,198,000 greater than a year ago.

Capital stock shows an increase of \$61,836,000; surplus, an increase of \$167,865,000, and undivided profits, an increase of \$17,585,000.

Total deposit liabilities, amounting to \$47,699,572,000, show an increase of \$3,458,617,000, and liabilities for money borrowed on account of notes and bills rediscounted and bills payable, show reductions of \$209,426,000 and \$308,062,000, respectively.

The resources and liabilities of all reporting banks on or about June 30 of each year, from 1918 to 1924, are shown in the following table:

Resources and liabilities of all reporting banks, 1918-1924 [In thousands of dollars]

<u> </u>	. [362	1 viioabana					
Classification	1918 (28,880 banks)	1919 (29,123 banks)	1920 (30,139 banks)	1921 (30,812 banks)	1922 (30,389 banks)	1923 (30,178 banks)	1924 (29,348 banks)
RESOURCES							
Loans and discounts (including rediscounts) 1	22, 514, 602 60, 335	25, 255, 171 94, 293	31, 208, 142 109, 186	28, 932, 011 81, 849	27, 860, 443 74, 600	30, 416, 577 57, 982	31, 427, 717 56, 334
ities Due from other banks and bankers ² Real estate, furniture, etc. ³ Checks and other cash items ⁴	5, 136, 604 909, 183	5, 865, 414 936, 707	5, 833, 241 1, 000, 976	1 ' '	5, 414, 241 1, 276, 631	5, 597, 150	14, 228, 745 6, 121, 093 1, 590, 259 1, 992, 370
Cash on handOther resources	896, 571	997, 353	1,076,378	946, 567 1, 096, 647	829, 892	797, 101	911, 500
TotalLIABILITIES	40, 726, 439	47, 615, 447	53, 079, 108	49, 671, 390	50, 425, 367	54, 034, 911	57, 144, 690
Capital stock paid in	2, 034, 764 684, 260	2, 437, 365 2, 181, 994 825, 889 677, 162	2, 410, 346 976, 261	910, 743	2, 697, 409 933, 843	2, 799, 494 954, 145	2, 967, 359
checks. Individual deposits United States deposits. Due to other banks and bankers. Other liabilities ⁵	. 1, 037, 787 . 3, 595, 062	32, 665, 286 566, 793 3, 890, 487	37, 315, 123 175, 788 3, 708, 302	34, 844, 572	37, 194, 318 128, 887 3, 244, 386	40, 034, 195 238, 439 3, 610, 211	42, 954, 121 152, 302
Total	40, 726, 439	47, 615, 447	53, 079, 108	49, 671, 390	50, 425, 367	54, 034, 911	57, 144, 690

In the following statement the number of national banks in each State, the amount of capital and aggregate assets on June 30, 1924, are compared with similar data relative to all reporting banks in each State.

Includes acceptances and letters of credit.
 Includes lawful reserve with Federal reserve bank.
 Includes real estate owned other than banking house.
 Includes exchanges for clearing house.
 Includes bills payable and rediscounts.

Number, capital, and assets of national banks and all reporting banks June 30, 1924

Number Capital of the committed Agreegate Committed Comm			National l	oanks	All ban	ks, including banks	g national
New Hampshire	States, etc.	ber of	· (Ō00	assets (000		(000	Aggregate assets (000 omitted)
New York	Vermont Massachusetts	55 46 157	5, 340 5, 060 68, 117 6, 320	70, 553 61, 117 1, 230, 273 74, 814	123 105 448 45	7, 783 7, 726 103, 217 15, 692	\$404, 620 263, 58- 226, 85 3, 642, 42- 478, 28- 1, 042, 220
New Jersey		396	112, 414	1, 823, 361	1,093	183, 248	6, 057, 99
Virginia	New Jersey Pennsylvania Delaware	246 864	37, 132 140, 372 1, 710 16, 754	744, 767 2, 756, 792 22, 829 274, 245	479 1,650 61 250	86, 366 310, 205 8, 649 38, 809	15, 128, 43 1, 910, 31 5, 526, 65 123, 46 782, 44 255, 65
South Carolina	Total Eastern States	1, 750	430, 661	9, 326, 549	3, 606	965, 877	23, 726, 97
Ohio 359 62, 785 892, 765 1, 107 172, 351 2, 725, 9 Indiana 248 31, 842 404, 040 1, 108 70, 236 1, 026, 08 Michigan 121 25, 825 461, 439 770 95, 295 1, 709, 9 Wisconsin 155 26, 550 407, 427 993 61, 379 947, 947 Minnesota 334 38, 416 625, 549 1, 422 70, 227 1, 125, 07 Iowa 347 26, 417 388, 969 1, 692 32, 170 1, 141, 9 Missouri 134 42, 617 557, 165 1, 612 124, 547 1, 490, 2 Total Middle Western States 2, 200 349, 675 5, 435, 353 10, 610 935, 387 14, 216, 0 North Dakota 116 5, 255 82, 483 553 14, 490 220, 1 Nebraska 175 16, 727 240, 609 1, 00 40, 865 534, 7 Kansas 260 17, 682 218, 871 <td>South Carolina Georgia Florida Alabama Mississippi Louisiana Texas Arkansas Kentucky</td> <td>81 94 54 105 35 33 573 88 138</td> <td>13, 126 13, 420 11, 880 16, 390 9, 740 13, 330 5, 035 8, 830 73, 972 7, 912 18, 471</td> <td>202, 422 178, 798 131, 926 187, 343 167, 716 161, 687 72, 389 111, 916 810, 250 88, 732 262, 532</td> <td>350 618 411 656 299 362 357 251 1,533 485 612</td> <td>33, 465 37, 274 27, 106 47, 890 23, 063 26, 720 17, 160 31, 870 117, 124 24, 558 40, 873</td> <td>627, 95; 441, 03; 459, 41; 282, 03; 458, 04; 346, 76; 300, 91; 231, 77; 469, 30; 1, 144, 72; 250, 67; 522, 23; 486, 57;</td>	South Carolina Georgia Florida Alabama Mississippi Louisiana Texas Arkansas Kentucky	81 94 54 105 35 33 573 88 138	13, 126 13, 420 11, 880 16, 390 9, 740 13, 330 5, 035 8, 830 73, 972 7, 912 18, 471	202, 422 178, 798 131, 926 187, 343 167, 716 161, 687 72, 389 111, 916 810, 250 88, 732 262, 532	350 618 411 656 299 362 357 251 1,533 485 612	33, 465 37, 274 27, 106 47, 890 23, 063 26, 720 17, 160 31, 870 117, 124 24, 558 40, 873	627, 95; 441, 03; 459, 41; 282, 03; 458, 04; 346, 76; 300, 91; 231, 77; 469, 30; 1, 144, 72; 250, 67; 522, 23; 486, 57;
Indiana	Total Southern States	1, 699	239, 534	2, 986, 908	7, 026	527, 371	6, 021, 44
North Dakota	Indiana Illinois. Michigan Wisconsin. Minnesota. Iowa.	248 502 121 155 334 347	31, 842 95, 723 25, 325 26, 550 38, 416 26, 417	404, 040 1, 697, 999 461, 439 407, 427 625, 549 388, 969	1, 108 1, 906 770 993 1, 422 1, 692	79, 236 250, 182 95, 295 61, 379 70, 227 82, 170	2, 725, 910 1, 026, 000 4, 048, 84 1, 709, 96 947, 99 1, 125, 07 1, 141, 95 1, 490, 290
South Dakota	Total Middle Western States	2, 200	349, 675	5, 435, 353	10, 610	935, 387	14, 216, 04
Washington 112 17, 240 294, 429 381 30, 183 493, 8 Oregon 97 13, 020 182, 434 277 23, 303 310, 9 California 265 60, 078 928, 516 675 184, 919 3, 157, 8 Idaho 70 4, 720 59, 764 177 8, 035 95, 1 Utah 20 3, 525 53, 184 116 11, 470 156, 6 Nevada 11 1, 460 17, 782 34 3, 146 40, 9 Arizona 19 1, 650 27, 960 63 5, 779 80, 5 Total Pacific States 594 101, 693 1, 564, 069 1, 723 266, 835 4, 335, 9 Alaska 3 150 2, 957 17 755 10, 7 The Territory of Hawaii 2 600 7, 689 22 7, 806 84, 6 Philippine Islands 111 24, 364 142, 8 Total Alaska and insular possessions	South Dakota Nebraska Kansas Montana Wyoming Colorado New Mexico	116 175 260 93 37 141 33	5, 255 16, 727 17, 682 5, 960 3, 075 13, 140 2, 310	82, 483 240, 669 218, 871 75, 952 55, 799 268, 042 29, 734	553 1, 100 1, 293 248 116 342 76	44, 108 13, 120 5, 448 19, 999 4, 110	186, 31: 220, 17: 534, 74: 495, 82: 147, 16: 81, 92: 354, 13: 41, 62: 433, 80:
Oregon 97 13,020 182,434 277 23,303 310,9 California 265 60,078 928,516 675 184,919 3,157,8 Idaho 70 4,720 59,764 177 8,035 95,1 Utah 20 3,525 53,184 116 11,470 156,6 Nevada 11 1,460 17,782 34 3,146 40,9 Arizona 19 1,650 27,960 63 5,779 80,5 Total Pacific States 594 101,693 1,564,069 1,723 266,835 4,335,9 Alaska 3 150 2,957 17 755 10,7 The Territory of Hawaii 2 600 7,689 22 7,806 84,6 Philippine Islands 11 24,364 142,8 Total Alaska and insular possessions 5 750 10,646 67 41,343 290,5	Total Western States	1, 441	99, 284	1, 419, 033	5, 223	194, 142	2, 495, 70
Alaska 3 150 2,957 17 755 10,7 The Territory of Hawaii 2 600 7,689 22 7,806 84,6 Porto Rico 17 8,418 52,2 Philippine Islands 11 24,364 142,8 Total Alaska and insular possessions 5 750 10,646 67 41,343 290,5	Oregon California Idaho Utah Nevada	97 265 70 20 11	13, 020 60, 078 4, 720 3, 525 1, 460	182, 434 928, 516 59, 764 53, 184 17, 782	27.7 67.5 17.7 11.6 34	23, 303 184, 919 8, 035 11, 470 3, 146	493, 87 310, 92 3, 157, 83 95, 10 156, 66 40, 99 80, 58
The Territory of Hawaii 2 600 7, 689 22 7, 806 84, 6 Porto Rico 17 8, 418 52, 2 Philippine Islands 111 24, 364 142, 8 Total Alaska and insular possessions 5 750 10, 646 67 41, 343 290, 5	Total Pacific States	594	101, 693	1, 564, 069	1, 723	266, 835	4, 335, 97
Total Alaska and insular posses- sions 5 750 10,646 67 41,343 290,5	The Territory of Hawaii Porto Rico	3 2		2, 957 7, 689	22 17	7, 806 8, 418	10, 72 84, 67 52, 26 142, 88
	Total Alaska and insular posses-						
	sions	8, 085	750 1, 334, 011	22, 565, 919	29, 348	3, 114, 203	290, 54 57, 144, 69

¹ Figures for June 30, 1923.

DIRECTOR OF THE MINT

Institutions of the Mint Service

Eleven Mint Service institutions operated throughout the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924: Coinage mints at Philadelphia, San Francisco, and Denver; assay office at New York, which makes large sales of fine gold bars; mints at New Orleans and Carson City, conducted as assay offices; and assay offices at Boise, Helena, Deadwood, Seattle, and Salt Lake City. The seven last-named institutions are in effect bullion-purchasing agencies for the large institutions and also serve the public by making, at nominal charge, assays of ores and bullion. Electrolytic refineries are operated at the New York, Denver, and San Francisco institutions.

-Coinage

During the first half of the fiscal year the demand for small coins quarters, dimes, nickels, cents—in the territory served by the Philadelphia Mint was such that the stocks of those coins were exhausted and it was necessary to operate the Philadelphia Mint on a 24-hourper-day basis. It is thus evident that notwithstanding the enormous issues of small coins during the five-year period 1917-1921 there is no redundancy of coins below the dollar. As a result of the demand for small coins the total number of pieces, 262,178,080, of domestic coin executed during the fiscal year just closed exceeded the combined totals of the two preceding fiscal years, when the mints were principally occupied in replacing the silver dollars sold under the Pittman Act and in adding to the stock of gold coin. Silver dollars were made during the past fiscal year at the Philadelphia Mint only, the total being \$11,870,000. The Denver Mint operated almost exclusively on double eagles, which were made at the San Francisco and Philadelphia Mints also, the total gold coin executed being \$154,120,000. Subsidiary coin to the value of \$10,276,040 and \$3,822,420 of minor coin were executed, making the total value of domestic coinage \$180,088,460, as compared with \$172,196,760 during the previous year. Foreign coin was manufactured during the past fiscal year at the Philadelphia Mint only, the total number of pieces being 9,632,196, of which 4,482,196 silver 1 sol pieces were made for Peru, 4,450,000 silver pieces for Venezuela, and 700,000 bronze pieces for Nicaragua. The total number of pieces executed during the fiscal year, foreign and domestic, was 271,810,276, which compares with 136,758,500 during the prior fiscal year.

$Gold\ operations$

Gold acquired by the Government at the several Mint Service institutions during the fiscal year 1924 totaled \$488,753,331.72.

This has been exceeded during only four fiscal years, as follows: 1917, 907.96 million dollars; 1921, 673.16 million dollars; 1922, 540.63 million dollars; 1916, 508.08 million dollars. During the 10 fiscal years 1915 to 1924, inclusive, since the beginning of the World War, the total gold acquired by the Government was valued at \$4,269,000,000. As during the previous fiscal year, the greater portion of gold received came to the United States assay office at New York in the form of imported refined bars, although foreign coin received at the New York office was a material item. United States gold coin received by the mints for recoinage amounted to \$3,008,-441.65; transfers of gold between mint offices totaled \$9,493,529.07; and the aggregate amount of gold received by the several Mint Service institutions during the fiscal year 1924 was \$501,255,302.44.

Silver operations

Receipts of purchased silver during the fiscal year 1924 totaled 18,785,464.93 fine ounces, of which 15,601,961.73 fine ounces were Pittman Act silver costing \$1 per ounce. The average cost of other purchased silver was slightly under 63.6 cents per ounce, total cost being \$2,011,633.03 for 3,183,503.20 fine ounces. Silver received in exchange for bars bearing the Government stamp totaled 3,196,585.49 fine ounces; United States silver coin received for recoinage totaled 1,492,359.05 fine ounces, the recoinage value being \$2,063,050.34; silver deposited in trust by other governments totaled 2,313,084.28 fine ounces; and transfers between Mint Service offices totaled 1,604,562.79 fine ounces, making the aggregate quantity of silver received by the several Mint Service offices during the fiscal year 27,393,056.54 fine ounces.

All except 588,642 ounces of the silver purchased under the terms of the so-called Pittman Act and remaining undelivered on June 30, 1923, has been received during the past fiscal year. Deliveries to the mints upon all accepted tenders over due on or before October 1, 1924. Approximately 36,000,000 silver dollars remain to be coined from the silver purchased under this act.

The New York market price of silver during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, averaged \$0.64517; the lowest price was \$0.62875 on August 23-24, 1923; and the highest price \$0.675 on various dates in June, 1924.

Refineries

The refinery at the Denver Mint, which has been closed since 1920, was reopened in September, 1923, on account of the large accumulations of unrefined gold and silver bullion. Material quantities of silver bullion purchased under the terms of the Pittman Act could not be coined until separated from other metals and impurities with which

combined, such bullion representing a large inert governmental investment. Several years will be required for refining this silver and with the accumulations and regular purchases of other silver and gold the continued operation of the Denver refinery will be essential.

Production of electrolytically refined gold by the three refineries—New York, San Francisco, Denver—totaled during the past fiscal year 3,925,962 ounces, as compared with 1,738,848 ounces from two refineries during the fiscal year 1923. Electrolytically refined silver from three refineries last year totaled 6,616,817 ounces, as compared with 3,570,784 ounces from two refineries during the fiscal year 1923. Both the New York and San Francisco refineries materially increased their production last year, while the Denver refinery contributed about 17 per cent of the total.

Stock of coin and monetary bullion in the United States

On June 30, 1924, the estimated stock of domestic coin in the United States was \$1,864,423,056, of which \$1,083,053,827 was gold, \$503,754,851 standard silver dollars, and \$277,614,378 subsidiary silver coin.

The stock of gold bullion in the mints, assay offices, and Federal reserve banks on the same date was valued at \$3,407,753,476, a gain during the year of \$355,900,757; the stock of silver bullion was 32,655,072.24 fine ounces, a gain of 1,894,058.13 fine ounces.

Production of gold and silver

Domestic gold production during the calendar year 1923 was \$51,734,000, as compared with \$48,849,100 in 1922. The output continues at approximately half of that for the record year, 1915, when the total was \$101,035,700.

Silver of domestic production during 1923 totaled 73,335,170 fine ounces, this total having been exceeded only during the years 1915 and 1916. The record production of 1915 was 74,961,075 fine ounces while the 1922 output was 56,240,048 fine ounces. The 1923 silver product is valued at \$60,134,839.

Industrial consumption of gold and silver

Gold consumed in the industrial arts during the calendar year 1923 is estimated at \$69,292,245, of which \$40,013,175 was new material.

Silver used in the arts is estimated at 36,824,977 fine ounces, of which 28,355,171 fine ounces were new material.

As compared with the prior year, gold consumption increased about \$10,000,000 and silver consumption decreased about 1,000,000 ounces.

Import and export of domestic gold coin

The net import of domestic gold coin during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, was \$19,183,640; during the prior fiscal year there was net export of \$1,431,911. During the 10 fiscal years 1915-1924, since the opening of the World War, there has been net export of \$781,193,057. Since 1870 the net export of domestic gold coin has been \$1,658,842,121.

Appropriations, expenses, and income

Appropriations available for Mint Service during the fiscal year 1924 totaled \$1,542,522.50, and reimbursements to appropriations for services rendered amounted to \$333,751.60, making a total of \$1,876,274.10.

Expenses amounted to \$1,848,461.41, of which \$1,810,259.85 was chargeable to appropriations and \$38,201.56 chargeable to income.

The income realized by the Treasury from the Mint Service aggregated \$8,616,444.37, of which \$7,437,835.76 was seigniorage. The seigniorage included \$2,686,904.57 on the coinage of silver dollars, which amount offsets an equal loss which was incurred when the silver dollars were melted and sold under terms of the Pittman Act. The seigniorage on subsidiary silver coin was \$1,640,697.25; on nickel coin, \$2,228,371.99; and on bronze coin, \$881,861.95.

Summary of appropriations, expenses, and balances, fiscal year 1924

Items	Salaries	Wages	Contingent expenses	Increase of compensation	Freight on bullion	Total
AppropriationsEarnings credited to appropriations	\$265, 330. 00	\$756, 892. 50 249, 221. 35	\$336, 500. 00 84, 530. 25	\$178, 800. 00	\$5,000.00	\$1, 542, 522. 50 333, 751. 60
Total available	265, 330. 00 250, 352. 63	1,006,113.85 985,780.16	421, 030. 25 398, 477. 60	178, 800. 00 170, 652. 54	5, 000. 00 4, 996. 92	1, 876, 274. 10 1, 810, 259. 85
Unexpended balances	14, 977. 37	20, 333. 69	22, 552. 65	8, 147. 46	3. 08	66, 014. 25

Deposits of gold and silver, income, expenses, and employees, by institutions, fiscal year 1924

The number and value of deposits, transfers, gross income, and expenses for the fiscal year 1924, and the number of employees on June 30, 1924, at each institution, are shown in the following table:

, Institution	Num- ber of depos- its of gold and silver	Num- ber of Mint Service trans- fers	Coining value of gold and silver received ¹	Gross income	Gross expense	Excess of income (+) or of expenses (-)	Employees June 30, 1924
Philadelphia San Francisco Denver New York New Orleans Carson City Boise Helena Deadwood Seattle Salt Lake City	3, 181 19, 165 500 242 553 343	1, 024 58 626 3	424, 670, 392, 69 1, 314, 946, 64 258, 345, 45 296, 936, 88 366, 772, 04 35, 170, 80	1, 032, 860. 52 241, 245. 04 563, 845. 84 914. 22 624. 89 1, 607. 49 800. 14 363. 13 3, 132. 29	307, 652. 43 221, 905. 35 351, 193. 00 11, 711. 09 5, 210. 17 7, 061. 06 5, 946. 64 5, 117. 63 25, 033. 17	+19, 339. 69 +212, 652. 84 -10, 796. 87 -4, 585. 28 -5, 453. 57 -5, 146. 50 -4, 754. 50 -21, 900. 88	134 89 133 6 3 4 3 3
Total field Mint Bureau	62, 255	3, 103	525, 512, 344. 02	8, 616, 444. 37	1, 813, 527, 92 34, 933, 49	+6, 802, 916. 45 -34, 933. 49	
Grand total Fiscal year 1923	62, 255 88, 588					+6, 767, 982. 96 +24, 686, 019. 01	

¹ Gold valued at \$20.67 per fine ounce, silver for standard dollars valued at \$1.29 per fine ounce, and silver for subsidiary coin at \$1.38 per fine ounce.

BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE 1

Receipts from internal-revenue taxes during the fiscal year 1924 compared with 1923 were as follows:

Sources	1923	1924	Increase
Income and profits tax	\$1, 691, 089, 534. 56 930, 655, 693. 01	\$1, 841, 759, 316. 80 954, 419, 940. 26	\$150, 669, 782. 24 23, 764, 247. 25
Total.	2, 621, 745, 227. 57	2, 796, 179, 257. 06	174, 434, 029. 49

In the foregoing statement of receipts no deductions have been made on account of refunds, which for the fiscal year 1924 were as follows:

Refunding taxes illegally collected, 1920 and prior years	\$29, 244, 233. 15
Refunding taxes illegally collected, 1921	11, 854, 300. 19
Refunding taxes illegally collected, 1922	7, 772, 246. 91
Refunding taxes illegally collected, 1923	4, 476, 790. 98
Refunding taxes illegally collected, 1924 and prior years	83, 658, 654. 42
(T) . (197 000 005 05

The interest allowed on claims for refunds under provisions of the act of November 23, 1921, amounted to \$7,174,400.37, which is included in the foregoing statement.

¹ The figures concerning internal-revenue receipts as given in this statement differ from such figures carried in other Treasury statements showing the financial condition of the Government, because the former represent collections by internal-revenue officers throughout the country, including deposits by postmasters of amounts received from sale of internal-revenue stamps and deposits of internal revenue collected through customs offices, while the latter represent the deposits of these collections in the Treasury or depositaries during the fiscal year concerned, the differences being due to the fact that some of the collections in the latter part of the fiscal year can not be deposited or are not reported to the Treasury as deposited until after June 30, thus carrying them into the following fiscal year as recorded in the statements showing the condition of the Treasury.

The following comparative statement shows in greater detail the internal-revenue receipts for the fiscal years 1923 and 1924:

		, 	
Sources	1923	1924	Increase (+) or decrease (-)
Income and profits 1	\$1, 691, 089, 534. 56	\$1, 841, 759, 316. 80	+\$150, 669, 782. 24
Estates of decedents Distilled spirits and alcoholic beverages Receipts under national prohibition Tobacco and tobacco manufactures Oleomargarine, adulterated, and process or renovated butter and mixed flour.	126, 705, 206, 55 30, 358, 085, 63 729, 244, 23 309, 015, 492, 98 2, 307, 310, 84	102, 966, 761. 68 27, 585, 708. 37 855, 395. 37 325, 638, 931. 14 2, 863, 463. 98	-23, 738, 444. 87 -2, 772, 377. 26: +126, 151. 14: +16, 623, 438. 16: +556, 153. 14:
Bonds, capital stock issues, conveyances, capital stock transfers, sales of produce for future deliveries, etc. Telegraph and telephone. Excise taxes, manufacturers', including automobiles, cameras, photographic films, candy,	64, 875, 378. 81 30, 380, 783. 93	62, 257, 553. 96 34, 662, 428. 90	-2, 617, 824. 85 +4, 281, 644. 97
yachts, etc. (sec. 900) Other excise taxes, including sculpture and paintings; carpets, rugs, trunks, and valises; jewelry, clocks, and watches; nonalcoholic	162, 527, 580. 57	175, 900, 047. 91	+13, 372, 467. 34
beverages, etc. Corporations, on capital stock. Brokers, theaters, museums, bowling alleys, billiard and pool tables, shooting galleries, riding academies, passenger automobiles for	32, 668, 594, 81 81, 567, 739, 32	35, 391, 179. 90 87, 471, 691. 52	+2, 722, 585. 09 +5, 903, 952. 20
hire, and use of pleasure boats, etc	8, 035, 583. 49	7, 814, 413. 92	-221, 169, 57
tainment and club dues Narcotics: Opium, coca leaves, etc., including special taxes of importers, manufacturers,	77, 345, 877. 72	85, 722, 385. 09	+8, 376, 507. 37
and dealers 2	1, 013, 736. 26	1, 057, 341. 33	+43, 605. 07
Internal revenue collected through customs offices	109, 291. 01	29, 036. 37	80, 254. 64
Miscellaneous collections, including receipts from repealed taxes 3	3, 015, 786. 86	4, 203, 600. 82	+1, 187, 813. 96.
Total miscellaneous taxes	930, 655, 693. 01	954, 419, 940. 26	+23, 764, 247. 25
Total receipts from all sources	2, 621, 745, 227. 57	2, 796, 179, 257. 06	+174, 434, 029. 49

¹ Includes income tax on Alaska railroads (act of July 18, 1914), amounting to \$17,492.13 for 1923 and \$20,329.08 for 1924; also includes in the fiscal year 1923 payments of the third and fourth installments of income and profits tax for the calendar year 1921.

² Includes \$470 for 1923 and \$275 for 1924 collected on account of opium manufactured for smoking

purposes.
³ Includes delinquent taxes collected under repealed laws amounting to \$2,797,206.18 in 1923 and \$4,115,-676.66 in 1924.

Cost of administration

The expenditures in administering the internal revenue laws for the fiscal year 1924 were \$42,895,625.04, not including expenditures from appropriations for refunding internal revenue collections and taxes illegally collected, which in no sense are administrative expenses.

The foregoing expenditures include, however, \$7,509,146.27 for the enforcement of the prohibition law and \$709,790.66 for the enforcement of the narcotic law, which are regulatory provisions rather than Deducting these two items of expense from the total tax measures. leaves \$34,676,688.11 as the expenditure for collecting the internalrevenue taxes for the fiscal year 1924. As the aggregate receipts of internal revenue were \$2,796,179,257.06, it will be seen that the cost. of collection for the fiscal year 1924 amounted to \$1.24 for each \$100 collected. The cost of collection on a similar basis for the fiscal year 1923 was \$1.39 for each \$100 collected.

Income and profits taxes

During the fiscal year 1924 the Income Tax Unit in Washington audited 2,329,191 income and excess-profits tax returns, of which 1,823,320 were individual and partnership returns and 505,871 were corporation returns. The number was about 80 per cent greater than during the fiscal year 1923 when 1,292,612 income and excess-profits tax returns were audited, including 1,009,868 individual and partnership returns and 282,744 corporation returns.

The number of returns audited was almost twice the average number received annually for audit by the Income Tax Unit in Washington. This greater production resulted in a material reduction in the total number of cases now pending in Washington.

In the main, the intensive audit has been confined to the excess-profits tax years of 1917 to 1921, inclusive, and more particularly to the 1917 cases involving claims or cases in which waivers had been secured, and to returns for 1918. Substantial reduction as a consequence of concerted and continued efforts was made in the number of cases pending for the earlier years. Many thousands of 1917 and 1918 cases were reopened in consequence of claims and applications filed under sections of the law providing for such procedure.

The number of claims adjusted was 97,911. In addition, 73,804 certificates of overassessment were issued in cases in which no claims were filed. The total amount involved in certificates scheduled was \$827,871,486.79. The number of claims allowed was 63,209. The total amount involved, including overassessments stated where no claim was filed, was \$452,582,691.87, of which \$118,311,079.78 was refunded and \$334,271,612.09 abated or credited. The amount of interest paid on amounts refunded or credited under section 1324 (a) of the revenue act of 1921 was \$6,543,223.30. The number of claims received during the year was 88,514, involving \$1,515,786,087.54. The number of claims rejected was 34,702, involving \$375,288,794.92. The number of claims on hand at the end of the year was 79,956, compared with 95,271 at the end of the previous fiscal year.

A total of \$487,564,966.22 in additional taxes was assessed. In order that the collections would not be jeopardized, it was necessary to assess \$161,515,217.33, reserving the taxpayer's right of appeal to a later date, and in consequence this sum is subject to claims of abatement.

In addition to the taxes assessed, by rejection of claims in abatement and claims of credit of taxes previously assessed, there was made immediately available for collection \$110,438,675.62.

Important compilations prepared by the statistical division of the Income Tax Unit during the year included "Statistics of Income for 1921," containing an extensive analysis of the income-tax returns

filed by individuals and corporations for 1921; "Preliminary Report, Statistics of Income, compiled from the personal income-tax returns for 1922;" "Distributed and Undistributed Earnings of Corporations," published as Senate Document No. 85, Sixty-eighth Congress, first session, containing information relative to profit, surplus, and dividends of corporations reporting net taxable income of \$2,000 and over in 1922; and "Corporate Income and Excess Profits Tax for 1921," published as Senate Document No. 67, Sixty-eighth Congress, first session, containing information regarding the excess-profits taxes of corporations based upon the business of 1921, and for which returns were made during the year 1922.

In accordance with a survey of its activities, a number of changes in the organization of the Income Tax Unit were made during the year. The purpose was to concentrate, as far as practicable, in one of three divisions, authority and responsibility for auditing all of any one of the three general classes of returns, personal, corporation, and affiliated corporation, thus eliminating duplication of work, needless transfers, and overspecialization.

The Income Tax Unit gained during the year approximately half a year on a current condition of work. It produced in additional revenue, deducting refunds, more than \$300,000,000.

Capital-stock tax

Capital-stock taxes produced a revenue of \$87,471,691.52 compared with \$81,567,739.32 for the preceding year. The number of offers of compromise on hand in the Capital Stock Tax Division at the beginning of the year was 7,776. The number received during the year was 20,563, compared with 11,864 for the previous year. The number disposed of was 22,174, of which 21,540 were accepted and 634 rejected. The increase in the number of claims received was largely due to the drive for delinquent returns, the offers being submitted in compromise of the specific penalty for failure to file returns within the time prescribed by law. The capital-stock tax regulations were revised to conform with the revenue act of 1924.

Sales taxes

Under the general definition of sales taxes are included the taxes on telephone and telegraph messages, beverages and constituent parts thereof, admissions, dues, manufacturers' excise taxes, and works of art and jewelry. Total collections from these sources for the year 1924 amounted to \$331,676,041.80, compared with \$302,922,837.03 for 1923. The average monthly number of returns received and audited was 215,000, compared with 200,000 for the previous year.

From time to time special investigations are made to check up delinquent taxpayers. During the year investigations covering dealers in jewelry, etc., resulted in additional assessments of approximately \$550,000.

Tobacco taxes

Receipts from tobacco taxes were the greatest in the history of the Bureau of Internal Revenue, exceeding the total internal-revenue collections from all sources for any year prior to 1913. Total collections from this source were \$325,638,931.14, an increase of \$16,-623,438.16, or 5.38 per cent, compared with the preceding year. Such collections represent 11.65 per cent of the total revenue receipts from all sources, compared with 11.78 for the fiscal year 1923 and 8.46 per cent for the fiscal year 1922. Receipts from taxes on small cigarettes represent 62.54 per cent of the tobacco collections. amounting to \$203,651,330.58, an increase of \$21,066,523.75 or 11.53 per cent over the preceding year.

Miscellaneous stamp and special taxes

Collections from the miscellaneous stamp and special taxes amounted to \$72,935,431.86, compared with \$75,218,273.14 for the preceding fiscal year. The largest part of these collections were taxes on bonds, capital stock issues, conveyances, promissory notes, customhouse entries, passage tickets, proxies, powers of attorney, and foreign policies of insurance on property in the United States, which amounted to \$43,031,608.47, compared with \$44,-603,166.20 for the year 1923. Special taxes on brokers, theaters. museums, circuses, bowling alleys, and pool tables, shooting galleries, riding academies, passenger automobiles for hire, and use of pleasure boats amounted to \$7,814,413.92, compared with \$8,035,583.49 for the preceding year.

Collections from taxes on oleomargarine amounted to \$2,814,104.14, an increase of \$559,572.91 or 24.82 per cent over the preceding year; on adulterated butter, \$37,642.78, a decrease of \$3,833.42; on process or renovated butter, \$10,676.56, an increase of \$384.56; and on mixed flour, \$1,040.50, a decrease of \$29.09. The revenue derived from the tax on playing cards was \$3,731,536.90, an increase of \$346,310.07, or 10.23 per cent compared with 1923.

Estate taxes

Estate-tax collections amounted to \$102,966,761.68, compared with \$126,705,206.55 for the year 1923. The number of estate-tax returns filed in 1924 was 14,388 showing a tax liability of \$76,198,-627.75, compared with 14,272 returns filed in 1923 showing a tax liability of \$82,266,951.88. The increase in the number of returns

filed reflects, in part, the result of a delinquent canvass begun during the latter part of the year 1923.

Field investigations and office audit disclosed deficiency tax amounting to \$45,934,192.94, compared with \$62,764,429.95 for the previous fiscal year. The deficiency tax is far in excess of any other year, with the exception of the year 1923, since the estate-tax law was enacted.

During the year 2,032 claims for abatement and 2,004 claims for refund were adjusted. A total of \$17,638,744.06 was either abated or refunded, compared with \$33,297,709.84 for the preceding year.

Accounts and Collections Unit

The Accounts and Collections Unit has to do with the work of the internal-revenue districts, of which there are 65, each under the direct supervision of a collector of internal revenue.

Special attention was given by collectors' field forces to the serving of warrants for distraint, the verification of returns filed indicating additional taxes due, and the conduct of delinquent drives. A total of 123,407 warrants for distraint was served which involved the collection of \$22,342,407, compared with 159,463 warrants served and \$17,081,651 collected for the previous fiscal year. An average of 2,231 deputy collectors made 695,463 revenue-producing investigations, including the serving of warrants for distraint. The amount collected and reported for assessment as a result of these investigations was \$53,953,593. The average number of investigations made per deputy was 312 and the average amount of tax collected per deputy was \$24,184.

The work of the collectors' field forces was again supplemented by special squads composed of internal-revenue agents on the rolls of the Accounts and Collections Unit and a few deputy collectors. An average of 260 special officers made a total of 75,061 revenue-producing investigations, which resulted in collecting and reporting for assessment tax in the amount of \$28,697,617. The average number of cases per officer was 288 and the average amount collected per officer was \$110,375.

The amount collected and reported for assessment as the result of the activities of both the field force of deputy collectors working under supervision of collectors and the special squads working under the supervision of supervisors of accounts and collections was \$82,651,210, compared with \$64,697,674 for the fiscal year 1923.

On recommendation of the tax simplification board detailed instructions were prepared by the Accounts and Collections Unit directing collectors of internal revenue to retain for audit, in addition to individual income-tax returns filed on Form 1040A, all individual

returns filed on Form 1040 showing gross income of \$15,000 or less. As a result of this procedure, collectors are auditing approximately 95 per cent of the more than 7,300,000 individual income-tax returns filed during the period from January 1 to June 30, 1924. Twenty-eight offices had completed the audit prior to June 30. At this rate of progress, it is expected to complete the audit in all of the offices at an early date.

During the year \$300,784.69 was expended for rental for collectors' offices and branch offices, compared with \$227,137.16 for the preceding fiscal year. The increase was due in great part to the removal of the collector's office at Boston, Mass., to more commodious quarters and to the removal of the collector's offices at Brooklyn, N. Y., from Federal to commercial space. Arrangements were made, also, to remove the collector's office at Richmond, Va., from Federal to commercial space. The removals were necessitated by lack of space in Federal buildings satisfactorily to house the collectors' organizations.

Constant endeavor is made to afford taxpayers the best possible facilities in the transaction of their business with the Internal Revenue Service. On June 30, 1924, there were open 169 division headquarters offices, 8 subdivision offices, and 21 offices at which stamps only were sold, in addition to the 65 collectors' offices, a total of 263 offices and branch offices.

Solicitor's Office

The civil division, in cooperation with the Department of Justice and the United States attorneys' offices, handles all civil internal-revenue cases pending in the Federal courts. The number of such cases decided by the Federal courts during the year was 150, of which 88 were for the Government, 52 against the Government, and 10 partly for the Government and partly for the taxpayer.

The number of civil cases pending on June 30, 1924, was 1,853, compared with 1,370 on July 1, 1923. The principal centers of litigation with reference to the number of cases pending and the amounts involved are New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago, Pittsburgh, and San Francisco.

At the beginning of the fiscal year there were pending in the penal division 597 cases alleging fraud in connection with the internal-revenue laws. There were received 1,382 new cases, making a total of 1,979 cases pending during the year. The number of cases disposed of was 1,023.

To interpretative division I are referred questions relating solely to the income and excess profits taxes provisions of the various revenue laws. The following questions have been made the subject of careful study during the year:

Taxability of officers and employees of public utilities and other enterprises owned and operated by a State or municipality.

Reciprocal exemption of income derived from the operation of foreign ships under section 213 (b) (8) of the revenue acts of 1918 and 1921.

The taxable status of estates in process of administration under the several revenue acts.

The subject of consolidated returns with particular reference to the expressions "control through closely affiliated interests" and "substantially all the stock" as those expressions appear in the revenue acts of 1918 and 1921.

The exempt status of building and loan associations, farmers' cooperative enterprises, and business leagues and chambers of commerce.

The taxability of assessment and premium deposit insurance companies under the revenue act of 1918.

The taxable status of income received by Indians from tax-exempt land and land restricted as to alienation.

The proper method of taxing annuities and life interests in trust funds.

Interpretative division II, in addition to its work of interpreting the provisions of the law relating to miscellaneous taxes, preparing and reviewing Treasury decisions and Solicitor's memoranda, reviewing and approving claims for abatement, redemption and refund of miscellaneous taxes involving amounts in excess of \$500, and other duties, has supervision of the disposition of real estate acquired by the Government under the provisions of the internal-revenue law, and, with the approval of the Secretary, authorizes the sale at public vendue of the interest of the United States in such realty.

The division conducted more than 200 hearings on interpretative cases, and also considered and prepared changes in procedure within the bureau necessitated by the creation of the United States Board of Tax Appeals. The division reviewed 5,727 claims, 84,911 compromises, 3,402 letters, and 1,366 interpretative cases. There were 107 real estate cases pending on July 1, 1923. During the year, 3 were received and 61 disposed of, leaving 49 cases pending on June 30, 1924.

The special assessment section passed on 333 alleged fraud cases during the year. There were pending at the beginning of the year 16 cases and at the end of the year 10.

Committee on Appeals and Review

The work of the Committee on Appeals and Review, which was created October 1, 1919, increased rapidly, particularly since the beginning of the calendar year 1922. On July 1, 1923, the number of appeals on hand was 1,195. The number of cases received during the fiscal year 1924 was 4,879 and the number disposed of was 4,020, leaving on hand on June 30, 1924, a total of 2,054. The number of cases disposed of during the year 1924 was slightly more than 50 per cent in excess of the number disposed of during the year 1923. The increase was effected without enlarging the personnel of the committee.

Resulting from the repeal by the revenue act of 1924 of section 250 of the revenue act of 1921 providing for the right to appeal prior to assessment in those cases where a deficiency in the amount of tax is discovered, the Committee on Appeals and Review has been abolished.

The Solicitor of Internal Revenue is now performing the review work necessary in order that the commissioner may make his final determination of the tax due as required by the revenue act of 1924.

$National\ prohibition$

A total of \$855,395.37 was collected under the tax and tax penalty provisions of the national prohibition act for the fiscal year 1924, compared with \$729,244.23 for the fiscal year 1923. In addition, as shown by the records of the Solicitor of the Treasury, there were certain collections through the Federal courts, such as fines, forfeitures, etc., made by the Department of Justice, which assists in enforcing the national prohibition act, amounting to \$5,682,719.87, compared with \$4,366,056 for the fiscal year 1923.

The number of general prohibition agents on the rolls on June 30, 1924, was 561, compared with 533 on June 30, 1923. During the year 32,611 cases were reported by these agents, an increase of 15,640 over the number reported for the preceding fiscal year. The 1924 cases were divided as follows: Investigations of applications for permits to use or sell intoxicating liquor, 13,734; investigations of alleged violations by breweries, 150; miscellaneous cases, such as illegal transportation, sale, or possession of intoxicating liquor, 18,727. As a result of the activities of this force, 23,552 arrests were made and 23,939 persons were recommended for prosecution. The work of the general prohibition agents is separate from and in addition to the work done by the Federal prohibition agents employed under Federal prohibition directors for the States. The directors reported during the year 44,609 arrests for alleged violations of the prohibition law. Seizures were made of 2.799 automobiles and 111 boats for alleged illegal transportation of liquor.

The provisions of the national prohibition act authorizing the issuance of injunctions to restrain alleged violators of the law were invoked with good results. A concerted effort was made in this respect. Injunctions were obtained in the United States district courts in practically every State and Territory, and efforts made to have State prosecuting attorneys institute such proceedings in the State courts.

The conspiracy provisions of the criminal code were frequently invoked in the prosecution of charges of violations of the national prohibition act and internal-revenue laws. During the year 841 convictions were obtained.

Fifty-six breweries were seized and 19 closed by injunction. Libels were filed against the breweries seized.

There were outstanding at the end of the year 115,345 active permits of various classes. The largest number of renewals were of permits to use intoxicating liquors for manufacturing purposes, of which there were 26,402, and of permits to use and sell, of which there were 16,008.

At the close of the year there were qualified to operate for the production, storage, and denaturation of alcohol, respectively, 69 industrial alcohol plants, 79 bonded warehouses, and 88 denaturing plants. During the year 6 industrial alcohol plants, 2 bonded warehouses, and 16 denaturing plants were established, and 8 industrial alcohol plants, 10 bonded warehouses, and 20 denaturing plants were discontinued.

The program to concentrate in designated bonded warehouses distilled spirits was substantially completed. Since the enactment of the concentration legislation, 212 warehouses have been discontinued, and it is estimated that over seven-eighths of the bonded stock has been moved.

Bureau and field personnel

The number of employees in the service of the Bureau of Internal Revenue on June 30, 1924, was 19,203, compared with 20,995 on June 30, 1923, a total decrease of 1,792. The number of employees in Washington was decreased from 7,239 to 6,447, and in collectors' offices—exclusive of 282 temporary employees—from 7,085 to 6,588. The internal-revenue agents' force was decreased from 3,549 to 3,016, exclusive of 6 temporary employees. There was a decrease from 2,695 to 2,631 in the prohibition field service, including narcotic officers and exclusive of 233 temporary employees. The number of storekeeper-gaugers was decreased from 320 to 230. The special intelligence force was increased from 56 to 91 employees.

The number of supervisors of accounts and collections was decreased from 51 to 46.

A force of 153 internal-revenue agents engaged on miscellaneous and sales tax work was employed during the past fiscal year. This number is not included in the total of 3,016 revenue agents.

One stamp agent is not included in the above total of the internalrevenue agents' force. The salary of this agent is reimbursable to the Tederal Government by the stamp manufacturers.

DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS

A summary of receipts and expenditures during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, adjusted to the basis of daily Treasury statements, revised, is set forth in the following table:

Ordinary receipts	\$4, 007, 899, 992. 97
Expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts	3, 499, 084, 063. 25
Surplus of ordinary receipts over total ordinary cash expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts.	508, 815, 929. 72
Surplus revenues applied to reduction of the public debt, in addition to \$457,894,100 debt retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts, and \$131,857,301.29 public debt retirements resulting in decrease in general fund balance	508, 815, 929. 72
Public debt expenditures, including public debt expenditures chargeable against ordinary receiptsPublic debt receipts	3, 305, 696, 515. 22 2, 207, 129, 184. 21
Excess of total public debt expenditures over public debt receipts	1, 098, 567, 331. 01
Public debt retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts_ Public debt retirements from surplus revenues Public debt retirements resulting in decrease in general fund	457, 894, 100. 00 508, 815, 929. 72
balance	131, 857, 301. 29
Net reduction in public debt during fiscal year, as above	1, 098, 567, 331. 01
Total ordinary and public debt expenditures Total ordinary and public debt receipts	6, 346, 886, 478. 47 6, 215, 029, 177. 18
Excess of all expenditures over all receipts	131, 857, 301. 29
Balance in general fund on basis of daily Treasury statements, revised, June 30, 1923	369, 886, 816. 03
ments, revised, June 30, 1924	238, 029, 514. 74
Net decrease in balance in general fund June 30, 1924, under such amount June 30, 1923	131, 857, 301. 29

The general fund

Balance according to daily Treasury statement June 30, 1923 (unrevised)	\$370, 939, 121. 08
Deduct net excess of expenditures over receipts in June reports subsequently received	1, 052, 305. 05
•	369, 886, 816. 03
Pay warrants issued in excess of receipts, fiscal year 1924\$160, 927, 215. 81 Decrease in unpaid warrants June 30,	
1924, as compared with June 30, 1923_ 209, 733. 87	
161, 136, 949. 68	•
Deduct increase in book credits of dis- bursing officers and agencies with the Treasurer, June 30, 1924, as compared with June 30, 1923	131, 857, 301. 29
Balance held by the Treasurer of the United States June 30, 1924	238, 029, 514. 74
Balance held by the Treasurer, according to daily Treasury statement, June 30, 1924 (unrevised) Add net excess of receipts over expenditures in June reports subsequently received	235, 411, 481. 52 2, 618, 033. 22
-	238, 029, 514. 74

Surplus of ordinary receipts over expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts, excess of public debt expenditures 1 over public debt receipts, and excess of all expenditures over all receipts, according to unrevised daily Treasury statements adjusted to the basis of revised daily Treasury statements, fiscal year 1924

	Ordinary 2	Public debt 1	Total (or net)
Surplus of receipts according to daily Treasury statement June 30, 1924 (unrevised) Excess of expenditures over receipts in June, 1923, reports subsequently received	\$505, 366, 986. 31	3 \$640, 894, 625. 87 19, 607, 52	³ \$135,527,639.56
reports subsequently received	1, 032, 697. 53 506, 399, 683. 84	640, 875, 018, 35	1, 052, 305. 05
Excess of receipts over expenditures in June, 1924, reports subsequently received	2, 416, 245. 88	201, 787. 34	2, 618, 033. 22
Surplus of receipts on basis of daily Treasury statements June 30, 1924 (revised)	508, 815, 929. 72	³ 640, 673, 231, 01	⁸ 131,857, 301. 29

Exclusive of public debt expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts.
 Includes public debt expenditures chargeable against ord nary receipts.
 Excess of expenditures over receipts.

Warrants issued during the fiscal year 1924 adjusted to basis of daily Treasury statements, revised

The following table shows the total number of warrants issued and the gross amounts involved on account of the receipts and expenditures recorded during the fiscal year, adjusted to basis of daily Treasury statements, revised:

6	Wε	rrants issued	Adjustments to basis of daily	
General classes	Number	Amount	Treasury statements, revised, on account of disbursing officers' credits, unpaid warrants, uncovered moneys, and receipts credited direct to appropriations	Adjusted figures on basis of daily Treasury statements, revised
Receipts warrants: Ordinary Public debt	552 13	\$3, 884, 051, 838. 17 2, 207, 129, 184. 21	+\$123, 848, 154. 80	\$4, 007, 899, 992. 97 2, 207, 129, 184. 21
Total	565	6, 091, 181, 022. 38	+123, 848, 154. 80	6, 215, 029, 177. 18
Pay and transfer warrants: Ordinary Public debt	124, 068 67	3, 968, 936, 276, 92 3, 305, 756, 654, 37	-29, 069, 854. 52	1 3, 939, 866, 422. 40 2 3, 305, 756, 654. 37
Total	124, 135	7, 274, 692, 931. 29	-29, 069, 854. 52	7, 245, 623, 076. 77
Repay and counter warrants: Ordinary Public debt	798 12	1, 022, 535, 310. 17 60, 139. 15	-123, 858, 851. 02	898, 676, 459. 15 60, 139. 15
Total	810	1, 022, 595, 449. 32	-123, 858, 851. 02	898, 736, 598. 30
Pay warrants (net)		6, 252, 097, 481. 97	+94, 788, 996. 50	6, 346, 886, 478. 47
Grand total of warrants issued.	125, 510	14, 388, 469, 402. 99		

L' Exclusive of \$457,894,100 public debt expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts.
 Includes \$457,894,100 public debt expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts.

Receipt accounts to the number of 968, representing receipts from customs, internal revenue, public lands, miscellaneous sources, Panama Canal tolls, and public debt, and appropriation accounts to the number of 9,405, covering expenditures for all executive departments, other Government establishments, the District of Columbia, and the public debt, have been credited and charged, respectively, to the general fund of the Treasury, details of which are exhibited on pages 131 to 143 of this report. Of the total receipts and repayments to appropriations deposited during the year aggregating \$6,359,281,178.01, no amount remained uncovered by warrant on June 30, 1924.

Transfer and counter warrants amounting to \$1,508,984,977.10 were issued for adjustment of appropriation accounts, largely for the service of the Army and Navy, without affecting the general fund.

Appropriation warrants have been issued to the number of 475, crediting detailed appropriation accounts with amounts provided by law for disbursement, and transfer-appropriation and surplus-fund warrants, charging and crediting detailed appropriation accounts to the number of 378, a total of 853.

District of Columbia account of revenues and expenditures

The total charges and credits to the District of Columbia for the siscal year ended June 30, 1924, on the basis of warrants issued, as shown by the District of Columbia ledger of revenues and expendi-

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tures established in accordance with the act of June 29, 1922 (42 Stat. p. 669), were as follows:

. !	General funds	Special funds	Trust funds	Total
RevenuesGeneral revenue covered into Treasury	\$15, 682, 700. 61	\$1, 163, 958. 38	\$1, 648, 642. 50	\$18, 495, 301. 49
to credit of policemen and firemen's relief fund under act of Sept. 1, 1916	355, 000. 00		355, 000. 00	
Total	15, 327, 700. 61	1, 163, 958. 38	2, 003, 642. 50	18, 495, 301. 49
Expenditures: Pay warrants (net) Transfers to retirement fund	13, 979, 266. 26 38, 460. 41	1, 148, 355. 37 4, 083. 93	1, 907, 213. 34 400. 85	17, 034, 834. 97 42, 945. 19
Total	14, 017, 726. 67	1, 152, 439. 30	1, 907, 614. 19	17, 077, 780. 16
Excess of revenues	1, 309, 973. 94	11, 519. 08	96, 028. 31	1, 417, 521. 33

Alien Property Custodian account

Under the provisions of the act of Congress approved October 6, 1917, and the proclamations and Executive orders issued thereunder by the President, the Secretary of the Treasury purchased during the year for account of the Alien Property Custodian United States securities of a par value of \$292,736,950. There were on hand on July 1, 1923, similar securities of a par value of \$173,977,000. Securities amounting to \$302,046,950 were sold or redeemed during the year, the proceeds being reinvested as available. The total face amount of such securities carried by the Secretary of the Treasury in trust for the Alien Property Custodian on June 30, 1924, was \$164,667,000.

During the fiscal year 1924 payments aggregating \$34,773,703.13 were made upon authorizations of the Alien Property Custodian and the Attorney General.

$Purchase\ of\ farm\ loan\ bonds$

On July 1, 1923, there were held by the Secretary of the Treasury \$101,885,000 Federal farm loan bonds, purchased under the provisions of the act of January 18, 1918, as amended by the joint resolution dated May 26, 1920. The total amount of such bonds on hand at the close of the fiscal year 1924 was \$101,885,000.

Civil service retirement and disability fund

The following statement shows the transactions under the civil service retirement fund during the fiscal year 1924, and includes cumulative figures from August 1, 1920, to June 30, 1924:

	Fiscal year 1924	Aug. 1, 1920, to June 30, 1924
Unexpended balance, June 30, 1923	\$96, 488. 23	
On account of 2½ per cent deductions from basic compensation of employees subject to the civil service retirement act	15, 109, 451. 49	\$55, 807, 469. 85
Interest on investments. Profits on investments.	1, 484, 514. 97	2, 986, 199. 13 129, 603. 85
All other	48, 304. 52	143, 491. 50
Total	16, 738, 759. 21	59, 066, 764. 33
Charges: On account of refunds to employees, annuities, etc. On account of investments at cost. Accrued interest on investments (net) paid.	8, 624, 999. 04 1 8, 018, 551. 57 9, 785. 05	25, 667, 333. 41 2 33, 304, 222. 32 9, 785. 05
Unexpended balance, June 30, 1924	85, 423. 55	85, 423. 55
Total	16, 738, 759. 21	59, 066, 764. 33

¹ Face amount, \$7,993,500.

The total net investments for account of the fund from August 1, 1920, to June 30, 1924, amounted to \$34,027,750, face amount, purchased at a principal cost of \$33,304,222.32. Of these investments, \$8,120,000, face amount, is in second Liberty loan converted $4\frac{1}{4}$ per cent bonds; \$9,864,250 in fourth Liberty loan $4\frac{1}{4}$ per cent bonds; \$6,000,000 in Treasury notes, series B-1926; \$2,050,000 in Treasury notes, series A-1926; \$7,000,000 in Treasury notes, series A-1927; and \$993,500 in Treasury certificates, series TM-1925. All of the Liberty loan bonds are registered in the name of the Secretary of the Treasury for account of the civil service retirement and disability fund and held in safekeeping by the Division of Loans and Currency of the Secretary's office, while the Treasury notes and certificates are in coupon form and held by the Federal reserve banks subject to the order of the Secretary of the Treasury.

BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, the Bureau of Engraving and Printing reduced its expenditures, as compared with the year previous, by \$704,394.60. A summary statement of receipts and expenditures showing this reduction appears in the following table:

Detail	1924	1923	Increase	Decrease
Appropriated by Congress:	6.			
Salaries	\$247,940.00	\$252,040.00		\$4, 100. 00
Compensation of employees Plate printing	2, 722, 375. 00 1, 426, 170. 00	2, 512, 140. 00 2, 016, 795. 00	\$210, 235. 00	590, 625, 00
Materials and miscellaneous expenses	1, 236, 000. 00	1, 293, 515. 00		57, 515, 00
Materials and miscellaneous expenses,				
1923-24 Reimbursements to regular appropriations	21, 254. 00	333, 746. 00		312, 492. 00
from other bureaus for work completed:			. '	
Compensation of employees	1, 375, 811. 90	1, 527, 640. 63		151, 828. 73
Plate printing	586, 395. 99	740, 120. 95		153, 724. 96
Materials and miscellaneous expenses 1	868, 949, 29	897, 393, 24		28, 443, 6 5

¹ An additional amount of \$70,338.75 received from sale of by-products and useless property was deposited to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States on account of miscellaneous receipts.

² Face amount, \$34,027,750.

Detail	1924	1923	Increase	Decrease
Allotment for increased compensation	\$922, 392. 00	\$1, 100, 000. 00		\$177, 608. 00
from other bureaus for work completed	277, 625. 49	335, 773. 67		58, 148. 18
Total	9, 684, 913. 67	11, 009, 164. 49	\$210, 235. 00	1, 534, 485. 82
Net decrease				1, 324, 250. 82
Expended:				
Salaries	218, 047. 99	226, 032. 32		7, 984, 33
Compensation of employeesPlate printing	4,056,922.80 1,986,123.78	3, 882, 317. 05 2, 474, 947. 91	174, 605. 75	488, 824, 13
Materials and miscellaneous expenses 2	2, 079, 457. 52	2, 080, 073, 39		615. 87
Materials and miscellaneous expenses.	2,0.0,200	2,000,070.00		
1923-24	20, 660. 46	333, 746. 00		313, 085. 54
Increased compensation	1, 040, 713. 13	1, 109, 203. 61		68, 490, 48
Total	9, 401, 925. 68	10, 106, 320. 28	174, 605. 75	879, 000. 35
Net decrease				704, 394. 60
Unexpended balance:				A
Salaries	29, 892. 01	26, 007. 68	3, 884. 33	
Compensation of employees	41, 264, 10	157, 463. 58		116, 199. 48
Plate printing	26, 442. 21	281, 968. 04		255, 525. 83
Materials and miscellaneous expenses	25, 491. 77	110, 834. 85		85, 343. 08
Materials and miscellaneous expenses, 1923-24	593. 54		593, 54	
Increased compensation	159, 304. 36	326, 570. 06	350.04	167, 265. 70
Total	282, 987. 99	902, 844. 21	4, 477. 87	624, 334. 09
Net decrease				619, 856. 22

² Of this amount \$99,433.46 was expended for new machinery.

The deliveries of finished work, however, were increased by approximately 20,000,000 sheets, the total sheets delivered during the fiscal year 1924 amounting to approximately 431,000,000 sheets as compared with 411,000,000 sheets for the fiscal year 1923. A statement of deliveries, by class, follows:

Classes	Sheets	Face value
Durrency:		
United States notes	38, 375, 000	\$327, 244, 000
Silver certificates		466, 728, 000
Gold certificates	11, 500, 000	704, 720, 000
National-bank currency.	14, 687, 340	526, 790, 400
National-bank currency Federal reserve notes	31, 284, 000	1, 134, 440, 000
Total	195, 931, 340	3, 159, 922, 400
Randa notes and contificator:		
Pre-war bonds. Liberty bonds.	11, 175	60, 874, 000
Liberty hands	255, 8845/6	977, 537, 200
Treesury bonds	2, 9162/3	135, 000, 000
Treasury bonds Treasury notes Treasu	2,050	190, 000, 000
Certificates of indebtedness	76, 800	2, 085, 750, 000
Treasury savings certificates		367, 300, 000
Insular bonds, Porto Rican		29, 600, 000
Federal farm loan bonds	647, 5841/2	387, 845, 320
Collateral trust debentures for Federal intermediate credit banks	32, 100	152, 275, 000
Interim certificates for Porto Rican bonds	. 8, 600	
Specimens—		
Pre-war bonds	51/2	
Certificates of indebtedness	- 1	
Treasury savings certificates	21/8	
Porto Rican bonds	12-6	
Federal farm loan bonds	. 13	
Collateral trust debentures for Federal intermediate credit	1	1
banks	. 4	
Total	1, 987, 703+38	4, 386, 181, 520

Classes	Sheets	Subjects
Stamps:	1 2	
Customs	65, Ò00	1, 800, 000
Internal revenue		
United States	79, 365, 7154/9	6, 312, 485, 973 3, 301, 000
Philippine	17, 510 375, 000	38, 200, 000
Porto Rican	375, 000	30, 500
Specimens—	, 555	
United States	12250	89
Postage—		
	140 010 227	15 057 700 E01
Ordinary. Postage due Special delivery.	142, 912, 337 665, 346	15, 957, 706, 581 66, 534, 561
Special delivery	1, 392, 593	69, 629, 670
Philippine, ordinary	363, 656	36, 978, 080
		,
United States— Ordinary		
Ordinary	247	22, 495 761
Special delivery Postal savings	1511 6, 714	671, 350
1 05001 50 11185		
Total	225, 164, 4521888	22, 487, 361, 060
Miscellaneous:		
Checks	5, 775, 322	28, 87.5, 985
Drafts	15, 525	35, 000
WarrantsCommissions	51, 590	248, 590
Certificates	26, 480 310, 136	24, 925 323, 136
Transportation requests	345 984	1, 211, 920
Transportation requestsPassports	345, 984 185, 728	185, 728
Liquor permitsOther miscellaneous	1, 702, 8331/8	15, 676, 000
Other miscellaneous	371, 511	5, 326, 550
Specimens— Checks		
Checks	2,	- 10
Transportation requestsLiquor permits	50 ¹⁰	400
Total	8, 785, 16133	51, 908, 248
Grand total	431, 868, 657 1300	
Grand total	491, 000, 001 1300	

The following statement shows total deliveries made, total expenses, and average number of employees engaged by the bureau since 1878:

				*			
Fiscal year	Total num- ber of sheets delivered	Expenditures	Average number of em- ployees	Fiscal year	Total num- ber of sheets delivered	Expenditures	A verage number of em- ployees
1878 1879 1880 1881 1881 1882 1883 1883 1885 1886 1886 1886 1889 1890 1892 1893 1894 1895 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1898 1899 1990 1990	13, 098, 756 21, 394, 030 23, 605, 085 26, 017, 661 31, 112, 484 33, 330, 746 30, 205, 899 28, 217, 706 26, 655, 992 32, 652, 207 38, 040, 984 39, 207, 164 36, 512, 719 46, 390, 381 52, 508, 438 48, 853, 528 48, 853, 528 55, 516, 961 70, 886, 033 85, 050, 595 86, 174, 766 92, 979, 478 112, 161, 122 116, 909, 423 121, 1558, 291	\$538, 861. 33 814, 077. 01 883, 171. 95 901, 165. 26 936, 757. 62 1, 104, 986. 43 977, 301. 85 965, 195. 47 763, 207. 84 794, 477. 90 948, 995. 83 932, 577. 78 1, 012, 789. 18 1, 265, 263. 29 1, 316, 585. 89 1, 238, 464. 36 1, 439, 265. 94 1, 469, 359. 70 1, 450, 611. 86 1, 570, 598. 44 1, 884, 441. 39 2, 011, 702. 01 2, 393, 494. 26	522 804 905- 958 1,011 1,173 1,193 1,133 886 840 885- 917 902 1,161 1,333 1,333 1,333 1,427 1,519 1,605 1,605 1,603 1,90	1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919 1919 1920 1922 1922 1923	139, 167, 359 155, 743, 691 159, 918, 061 165, 354, 514 180, 289, 766 201, 123, 528 210, 589, 172 239, 405, 723 252, 710, 864 262, 806, 113 287, 192, 192 280, 272, 228 307, 634, 334 300, 711, 800 343, 345, 005 396, 790, 284 47, 464, 105 402, 711, 759 438, 694, 824 416, 820, 113 411, 546, 429 431, 868, 658	\$2, 967, 091, 74 3, 186, 477, 73 3, 159, 940, 69 3, 292, 217, 06 3, 355, 786, 23 3, 849, 064, 39 3, 841, 173, 60 4, 355, 935, 65 4, 375, 365, 57 4, 180, 284, 20 4, 319, 246, 57 4, 449, 726, 22 4, 372, 922, 81 5, 039, 204, 80 5, 066, 048, 72 6, 324, 118, 70 9, 086, 303, 90 11, 571, 179, 03 11, 854, 171, 45 13, 965, 233, 57 10, 812, 756, 38 10, 106, 320, 28 9, 401, 925, 68	2, 672 2, 850 2, 928 3, 002 3, 033 4, 3, 572 3, 977 3, 977 3, 984 4, 119 4, 012 6, 214 7, 508 6, 912 7, 07 6, 416 4, 48 4, 48

CUSTOMS SERVICE

Commerce and customs receipts

The foreign commerce of the United States for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, shows an increase in the value of exports of \$354,205,807 and a decrease in the value of imports of \$227,120,876, compared with 1923. While this resulted in reducing the customs receipts from \$562,189,039 in 1923 to \$545,012,115 in 1924, a decrease of \$17,176,924, it increased the balance of trade in favor of the United States from \$175,818,789 to \$757,145,472.

Refunds during the year on account of drawbacks and excessive duties deposited were less than for the preceding fiscal year by \$7,767,410 and \$249,386, respectively. The decrease in the amount of refunds reduces the net decrease in the customs receipts to \$9,160,128.

Expansion and improvement of the service

The decrease in the value of imports amounts to approximately 6 per cent and the decrease in the amount of duties collected to approximately 3 per cent. The proportionately larger collection of duties during the fiscal year 1924 is due to the expansion of the customs service and the consequent more rigid enforcement of the customs laws. This increased efficiency is further reflected in larger receipts from importations by mail, and in baggage, fines, seizures, etc., as shown in the following table:

	1923	1924
Receipts from mail and informal entries	\$4, 338, 429 2, 444, 978	\$5, 261, 935 2, 885, 236
Baggage. Miscellaneous duties. Fines.	269, 223 389, 316	2, 885, 236 371, 176 712, 976 115, 267
Sale of seizures	45, 838	115, 267

The increase in the personnel of the customs service from 7,410 to 8,204 employees during the fiscal year 1924, made possible by a supplemental appropriation, also greatly facilitated the transaction of the customs business, and resulted in a more effective administration of the tariff act. The establishment of precedents in the administrative procedure so extensively changed under the tariff act of 1922, the publication of decisions governing the classification of commodities under the provisional features of the act, and the greater familiarity of importers with the new law, have all contributed to the elimination of many of the difficulties incident to the administration of a new tariff law.

The revision of the Customs Regulations of 1915, referred to in the last annual report, has been completed and the volume, known as the Customs Regulations of 1923, issued. It is expected that the issuance of the revised regulations will still further facilitate the administration of the tariff and customs laws.

Dyes, etc.

Upon the passage of the tariff act of 1922 apprehension that administrative difficulties would render the so-called dye provisions inoperative caused severe criticism and complaint. The Board of United States General Appraisers, referring to the American valuation provision, remarked in G. A. 8702 (T. D. 39854) that this provision "sets up a totally different method of finding dutiable value from any previous tariff ad valorem ever heretofore enacted, as well as from the 'United States value,' 'export value,' and 'foreign-market value' as defined in this very act." It is very gratifying to report, however, that these difficulties have been smoothed out and that the administration of the provisions of the tariff act affecting dyes, etc., is now giving satisfaction.

Marking country of origin

The provision in the tariff act of 1922 for the assessment of 10 per cent additional duty on imported articles which are not marked to show the country of their origin as required by law has resulted in a much better observance of the marking requirements.

Mail importations

A change has been made in the method of making examinations of foreign mail, which gives customs officers a closer supervision over mail importations and makes possible the more expeditious handling of the mail. The following comparative table of mail packages examined and entries made during the quarters ended March 31 and June 30, 1924, shows the efficiency of the new system:

		,	0		Quarter ended Mar. 31	Quarter ended June 30
Total number of pac Number of mail ent Duty collected. Number of formal en Duty collected.	ries issued tries issued			 	1, 394, 425 262, 608 \$966, 345, 14 78, 601 \$5, 350, 904, 05	1, 222, 652 286, 788 \$1, 072, 457. 50 92, 674 \$4, 258, 788. 82

Because of the examination of Christmas mail in January, the number of packages examined during the first quarter exceeds the number examined during the second quarter by 171,773. It is significant, therefore, that the number of mail entries made during the latter quarter exceeds by 24,180 the number made during the former period.

This indicates the collection of duties on a larger proportion of mail packages because of closer supervision and examination. Based on

statistics for the first six months, it is estimated that the duties from mail importations for the calendar year 1924 will amount to \$23,300,000.

 $Automobile\ traffic$

The constantly increasing automobile traffic across the international borders requires a great deal of attention from customs officers. At some ports this traffic at a given point averages from 125 to 300 machines per hour over a 12-hour period.

The number of automobile tourists who fail to report at the custom-house has been greatly reduced by a system of registration cards which has been in operation during the year. Steps have also been taken to erect signs along the principal international highways directing tourists to report to the customhouse, and it is believed that this will further reduce the number of failures to report to customs officers.

Early closing on the Mexican border

For many years it was the practice to maintain customs inspection at the principal ports on the Mexican border all night or until very late at night. Disorder and difficulty in law enforcement increased to such an extent at a number of the border ports due to crowds returning late at night from resorts on the Mexican side that it was deemed expedient to close the line at such ports at 9 o'clock at night. This earlier closing has been in effect for several months with beneficial results. It is serving to promote law and order and has met with general approval.

Customs relations with Canada

Conferences held between officers of the department and Canadian customs authorities during the year resulted in mutual benefit and the general facilitation of the customs business between the two countries.

SPECIAL AGENCY SERVICE, CUSTOMS

Every activity of the special agency service during the fiscal year has been stimulated by intensive supervision. The following tabulation shows the results:

Number of ports examined	2
Number of drawback investigations made	74
Number of arrests	77
Number of convictions	40
Number of acquittals	
Failures to indict	
Indictment cases pending	27
Number of seizures made	
Number of seizures appraised	
Number of seizures released or pending	10

Appraised value of seized merchandise \$2	, 751, 065. 33
Proceeds of sale of seized merchandise	483, 737. 65
Merchandise entered free but found dutiable	34, 172. 69
Fines imposed by United States courts	202, 178. 83
Fines, penalties, and forfeitures incurred exclusive of court fines.	37, 646. 95
Bail forfeited.	17, 500. 00
Amount of increased and additional duty	373, 727. 62
Amount deposited in offers in compromise.	265, 149. 74

Investigations made by this service of undervaluations and wrongful classifications of imported merchandise have resulted in the collection of additional and increased revenue and the recovery of duties unlawfully withheld, which would otherwise have been lost to the Government aggregating \$373,727.62, with total cash recoveries from all sources of \$1,174,287.70.

The customs information exchange, a branch of the special agency service, continues to gather and disseminate information as to the value of imported merchandise. This office renders to appraisers and other customs officers services of inestimable value in the preparation and distribution of reports and decisions touching every activity of customs operation, and assures uniformity of appraisement throughout the customs ports. Every irregularity in entered values is ascertained by this bureau and undervaluations detected, leading to the collection of additional and increased duties. Through this bureau also dumping of foreign merchandise is investigated, in order to prevent unfair and ruinous competition with American goods and to protect the honest importer of foreign merchandise.

Every undervaluation investigation led to increased valuation of similar merchandise entered at all ports and a correspondingly increased duty collection; and this reflex action, as indicated by the figures above presented, by no means represents the full accomplishment. It is impossible to reduce to exact figures the gains to the revenue resulting from the skillful operations of the highly trained technical experts of this service.

The investigating force of the foreign service was necessarily increased to comply with requests of customs appraising officers for reports of foreign values of imported merchandise, as affected by frequent fluctuation of exchange values and economic causes. Numerous investigations were made of entries conditionally free, which upon investigation were found dutiable; many entries covering antiquities were found not to be entitled to the privilege of free entry.

One outstanding activity of this service has been the prevention and detection of the smuggling of liquors and narcotics. Because of the frequent disregard of the law by organized bands of smugglers appearing in coastal waters adjacent to New York, it was found necessary to establish at that port a customs marine patrol, which has been in operation since April 1. During three months of operation this patrol seized 14,526 cases of liquor; total value of seizures, including seized vessels and vehicles, amounting to \$983,015, and the aggregate fines imposed amounting to \$51,058.

The attention of Congress is invited to the necessity of providing funds for equipping officers of the customs and special agency service with motor-propelled, passenger-carrying vehicles for use in the prevention and detection of fraud upon the revenue along the frontier. Not alone liquor and narcotics but other articles under the law specifically denied entry into the United States are frequently concealed in merchandise subject to entry.

There is constantly increasing smuggling of precious stones, the ease with which this commodity may be concealed on the person entering the United States making the law difficult of enforcement. There has been a marked increase of all fraudulent practices during the past year, requiring greater vigilance on the part of officers of this service, and in an effort to detect these forms of violation at the source the personnel has been augmented by the appointment of additional employees both in the United States and abroad.

This service is developing, without greatly increasing the cost of operation, a highly trained force of agents engaged in detailed examinations of all transactions occurring at customs ports. These examinations require a highly trained corps of agents, as they embrace not only the entire accounting procedure and office management but the whole field of customs administration.

There were 747 drawback investigations made during the year. This work being largely protective, it has been found necessary to assign to this class of investigations only such men as are capable of looking into all manner of industrial processes to determine the percentage of materials used or wasted, and the value, if any, of the waste. Changes in manufacturing methods, after the establishment of rates, frequently lead to overpayment, there being in litigation at this time \$110,629.27 representing overpayments. The fact that \$14,154,757.19 was paid to exporters in drawback during the year demonstrates the necessity of systematic reinvestigations for the protection of revenues.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERVISING ARCHITECT

The following statement shows in general the building operations of the office of the Supervising Architect up to the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924:

Number of buildings completed (occupied or ready for occupancy) at the end of the fiscal year 1923, exclusive of marine hospitals and quarantine stations	
Total number of buildings (completed) under control of the Treasury Department June 30, 1924 Buildings placed under contract during fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, exclusive of hospitals Buildings placed under contract prior to July 1, 1923, and not completed June 30, 1924	
Construction of new projects in force July 1, 1924	- . 25
Total number of buildings completed and in course of erection June 30, 1924, exclusive of marine hospitals and quarantin stations Buildings authorized prior to act of Mar. 4, 1913, not under contract June 30, 1924	e 1, 282
Buildings, miscellaneous projects, etc., authorized in acts of Mar. 4, 1913, and subsequent, not under contract June 30, 19249	
Total buildings, etc., completed, in course of erection, or author ized, not including extensions (corrected)	

In addition to the above buildings and projects there are 57 marine hospitals and quarantine stations under the control of the Treasury Department. Each of these hospitals and stations, moreover, includes several buildings.

During the fiscal year 1924, 12 Federal buildings were completed at Apalachicola, Fla., Chandler, Okla., Charles Town, W. Va., Eureka, Utah, Front Royal, Va., Leesburg, Va., Phoenixville, Pa., Shawnee, Okla., Spanish Forks, Utah, Vinton, Iowa, Pratt, Kans., and Marianna, Ark.; also 1 extension to post office at Alexandria, La., and 19 miscellaneous major projects, as follows: New roof over call room, customhouse, Baltimore, Md.; protection of site, immigration station, Boston, Mass.; flooring over subtreasury at third and fourth floor levels, post office and subtreasury, Boston, Mass.; additional court quarters, post office, Brooklyn, N. Y.; additional vaults, etc., Mint Building, Denver, Colo.; new granite exterior stairway, post office, Denver, Colo.; remodeling customhouse, Detroit, Mich.; extension mailing vestibule and platform, post office and courthouse, Detroit, Mich; additional court quarters, post office, Minneapolis, Minn.; ventilating and dust-collecting apparatus, etc., assay office, New York City; additional court quarters, also cleaning, repairs, and painting, post office and courthouse, New York City; additional court quarters, also repairs to roof, etc., post office, Philadelphia, Pa.; additional court quarters, post office, Pittsburgh, Pa.; water system, tank, etc., quarantine station, Port Townsend, Wash.; additional court quarters, customhouse, St. Louis, Mo.: alterations and repairs. Auditors'

Building, Washington, D. C.; and new lookouts, post office, Wheeling, W. Va.

On June 30, 1924, 25 Federal buildings were in course of construction at Bakersfield, Calif., Bluffton, Ind., Carroll, Iowa, Clinton, Ind., Clinton, S. C., Cordova, Alaska, Dawson, Ga., Gallipolis, Ohio' Hastings, Mich., Hoosick Falls, N. Y., Houghton, Mich., Liberty, Mo., Memphis, Tenn., Midland, Mich., Mineral Point, Wis., Nogales, Ariz., Orange, Tex., Paris, Tex., Ripon, Wis., Saco, Me., Salisbury, Md., Saranac Lake, N. Y., State College, Pa., Water Valley, Miss., and Woodbury, N. J.; also 1 extension to post office, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and 2 miscellaneous major projects, viz, restoration of stone cornice, roof, etc., post office, Oswego, N. Y., and construction of steerage barracks, wharf, etc., quarantine station, San Francisco, Calif.

Under the appropriation of \$475,000 for "Remodeling and enlarging public buildings," 91 buildings received attention; in 30 of these the contracts ranged from \$2,140 to \$19,675; the total space gained under the entire appropriation was 62,545 square feet; the average cost per square foot was \$5.99.

One large hospital for the Veterans' Bureau—Castle Point, N. Y.—with a bed capacity of 412 was completed with the exception of a few minor items and the construction of a recreation building recently decided upon. This completes the major hospital program under the supervision of the Treasury Department under several appropriations, totaling \$26,496,500. The number of hospitals constructed is 23, of which 20 were designed and constructed by the office of the Supervising Architect; the total bed capacity of the 23 hospitals is 8,188.

Examination was made of the structural safety of various buildings in Washington, D. C., under control of the Treasury as well as other departments. For other departments drawings and specifications were prepared for five building projects, involving a total estimated expenditure of \$775,000, and analysis made of the drawings and specifications for two large projects.

Status of claims filed under act of Congress approved August 25, 1919, at close of business June 30, 1924

	-		Prior	r to July, 1923	Fisca	al year 1924		Total
·.··.	• •		Num- ber	Amount	Num- ber	Amount	Num- ber	Amount
Claims d	llowed and pa isallowed or	aid withdrawn by claim-	175	\$2, 486, 479. 00 444, 625. 13	7 2	\$44, 494. 47 28, 966. 22	1 182 78	\$2, 530, 973. 47 473, 591. 35
То	tal adjudicate	•	251	2, 931, 104. 13	9	73, 460. 69	260	3, 004, 564. 82
	tal claims file ng to be hand	dled	-				340 80	3, 202, 113. 29 197, 548. 47

¹ Includes 1 claim on which payment was allowed but temporarily withheld pending decision by Comptroller General.

Expenditures from July 1, 1923, to June 30, 1924, contract liabilities charged against appropriations, and unencumbered balances

1			5.0
	Expenditures	Contract liabilities charged against previous	Unencumbered balances June 30, 1924
		appropriations	
•			
	7	1000	7.00
Statutory roll.	\$203, 836. 46		\$14, 543. 54
Sites and additional land	7, 700. 00		
Construction of new buildings	958, 491. 98	1, 724, 064. 13	8, 590, 926. 47
Construction of new buildings Extensions to buildings	1, 131, 076. 79		
Miscellaneous special items Rent of buildings	39, 953. 08		
Rent of buildings	2, 870. 00		50, 000, 00
Veterans' hospitals Architectural competitions	102, 099. 76 155. 60		33, 767. 79
Remodeling and enlarging public buildings	400, 676. 86		1, 779. 70
Relief of contractors, etc., for public buildings under		10,010.11	1, 118.10
Treasury	32, 218, 51	21, 224, 18	10, 611. 26
Hospital construction, Public Health Service			
Hospital facilities, etc., for war patients		201, 566. 03	
Lands and other property of the United States	1.00		299.00
Repairs and preservation	772, 324. 03	131, 915. 39	
Mechanical equipment	563, 404, 06		51, 925, 65
Vaults and safes	55, 180. 82	28, 686. 59	
Operating supplies	2, 918, 587. 31		
General expenses. Furniture and repairs of same.	395, 720. 87 537, 451. 30	14, 444. 94 108, 141. 46	
Operating force	3, 654, 378. 13	159, 758. 67	
Obersonik lotee	0, 004, 378. 13	100, 100.01	2, 839. 30
Total.	13, 885, 713. 03	4, 589, 385. 30	12, 445, 725. 92
	1	1	

¹ Includes 1923 and 1924 reserve of \$8,500.

Classification of public buildings under control of Treasury Department, by titles, showing expenditures in each class, prepared pursuant to act approved June 6, 1900 (31 Stat. p. 592)

	Construction	Extensions, alterations, and special items	Annual repairs	Total expenditures to June 30, 1924	
Post office, courthouse, customhouse buildings, etc. Courthouse buildings. Customhouse buildings. Marine hospital buildings Post office buildings. Quarantine station buildings. Veterans' hospital buildings Miscellaneous buildings.	80, 469, 035, 91	\$15, 574, 548. 07 42, 223. 99 3, 303, 020. 20 2, 597, 375. 78 3, 766, 817. 34 2, 034, 650. 67 356, 576. 52 3, 764, 174. 83	\$491, \$18. 12 27, \$10. 17 55, \$30. 34 114, 876. 56 477, 919. 08 57, 438. 28	\$118, 425, 335, 24 420, 475, 76 26, 471, 092, 14 6, 892, 899, 66 84, 713, 772, 33 4, 856, 142, 35 849, 931, 99 35, 363, 687, 37	
Total	245, 163, 040. 53	31, 439, 387. 40	1, 390, 908. 91	277, 993, 336. 84	
	, Cook of cities	Outstanding liabilities chargeable against appropriations		Unencumbered balances of	
	Cost of sites	approp	riations .	balances of	
	Cost of sites	Sites	Buildings		
Post office, courthouse, customhouse buildings, etc Courthouse buildings Customhouse buildings Marine hospital buildings Post office buildings Quarantine station buildings Veterans' hospital buildings Miscellaneous buildings	\$19, 858, 393, 07 173, 334, 69 3, 783, 322, 33 573, 736, 96 22, 969, 096, 85	\$1,005,500.00 90,071.00		balances of	

² Includes 1923 and 1924 reserve of \$15,000.

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

The activities of the Public Health Service during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, are summarized by the Surgeon General as follows:

Division of scientific research

The investigation of contagious and infectious diseases and matters pertaining to public health and the examinations and inspections incident to the control of biologic products have been continued in the Hygienic Laboratory. Field investigations of public health matters have likewise been continued and new studies undertaken in connection with endemic goiter, influenza, and trachoma.

Studies in relation to industry included ventilation, illumination, the health hazards from certain dusts, the chemical and physiological aspects of industrial fatigue, the physical condition of persons engaged in measuring radium emanations, influence of posture on health, carbon monoxide and mercurial poisoning, the causes of industrial absenteeism, cyanogen chloride as a fumigant, and the compilation of statistics on the physical examinations of 12,000 workers in various industries.

In the conservation of child health, systematic studies have been made of the physical development of children, oral hygiene, and the influence of varying degrees of illumination in class rooms. A special survey was made of mentally and physically handicapped children in the State of Illinois.

The final report of studies of the pollution of the Ohio River extending over several years was completed. As a result of these studies our knowledge of the principles of natural purification of polluted waters has been extended. Special studies of natural purification processes are being continued, however, with special reference to the purification of water supplies and the disposal of sewage.

There was also undertaken an experimental study of the relation between loading and efficiency of filter plants.

Substantial progress has been made in the studies of malaria, special emphasis having been placed on the control of the disease in rural communities. These studies included the epidemiology of malaria, studies of the life habits of mosquitoes, methods of mosquito control, and the prevention of "man-made" malaria by means of engineering operations.

Statistical studies of morbidity among industrial workers and the general population and also of mortality from influenza, pneumonia and pulmonary tuberculosis have been continued. The utilization of available statistical data bearing on the public health is an increasing activity which has economic as well as public health value.

By means of special studies concerning the control of the sanitation of milk supplies, aid has been extended to State and local health departments in the extension of their work and in the preparation of uniform milk laws and ordinances.

Problems of immigration relating to the conservation of mental health and to the evolution of mental diseases have been studied, special use being made of the records of governmental and welfare agencies in Boston and elsewhere. Supplemental information is being obtained through observations upon newly arrived immigrant families.

In cooperation with the American Public Health Association municipal surveys of present municipal public health practice were undertaken. Surveys of 100 of the largest cities were conducted by officers of the service during the year. Upon analysis the data collected should be of great practical value to public health administrators.

Epidemiologic investigations of influenza were begun during the year for the purpose of determining, if practicable, the relation of respiratory infections to the epidemic occurrence of this disease. Accurate data are being collected currently from approximately 20,000 sources.

The systematic studies of endemic goiter, which included a thyroid survey during the year of over 47,000 school children in Cincinnati, provided much valuable information. These surveys should stimulate interest in the prevalence of goiter and should indicate the necessity for the adoption by health authorities of preventive measures in communities showing an undue prevalence of goiter, especially among children.

In the Hygienic Laboratory the extent, influence, and methods of control of drug addiction have received special attention. Tularæmia, Rocky Mountain spotted fever, Malta fever, and tuberculosis have likewise been investigated with special reference to control measures. The relation of black tongue in animals and pellagra in persons has received special attention, the former disease having been experimentally produced in dogs by a so-called pellagrous diet and subsequently cured by proper diet. Fundamental studies of biochemistry have been continued.

Special efforts have been made during the year to determine the utility of the methods of treatment of leprosy at the leprosy station, Honolulu, Hawaii, and the National Leper Home, Carville, La. As a result of special studies of cancer, there is evidence that this disease is actually on the increase.

During the year the results of scientific studies were embodied in 12 Public Health bulletins, 98 special articles in the Public Health reports, 6 Hygienic Laboratory bulletins, 2 miscellaneous publications, and 43 articles in unofficial publications.

Division of domestic (interstate) quarantine

Plague-eradicative measures directed toward maintaining a zone free from ground squirrels around the cities bordering on San Francisco Bay have been continued in cooperation with the State and local authorities of California. Plague infection in ground squirrels is slowly spreading in California. New foci have appeared during the year in territory heretofore apparently free from infection. Increased activities on the part of the Federal and State Governments are necessary to prevent the spread of plague infection in ground squirrels and to remove the menace of outbreaks of human plague.

Measures for the prevention of the spread of smallpox and trachoma and for the prevention of the introduction of yellow fever have been continued.

The certification of water supplies used on trains and vessels of common carriers engaged in interstate traffic has been continued with a reduced personnel. Seventy per cent of the sources of railroad water supplies and 55 per cent of shore sources of vessel water supplies are now under supervision and are known to be safe. There are approximately 3,500 sources of water supply, however, used by interstate carriers. Supervision of all of these supplies is necessary to insure adequate protection to the traveling public.

One medical officer devoted his entire time and two sanitary engineers part time to the supervision of the sanitation of the national parks.

Cooperative demonstrations of rural sanitation were conducted in 72 counties in 16 States, the objects being to demonstrate the value of full-time health service and to give people in rural communities the benefit of intelligent health supervision and thus bring about better sanitation, better health, decreased sickness, and a lowered death rate.

In accordance with Executive order of March 15, 1912, sanitary inspections have been made during the year of all Government buildings in the District of Columbia with the exception of those of the War and Navy Departments. Reports of these inspections with recommendations for improvements deemed necessary have been made to the heads of the respective departments and to the President.

Division of foreign and insular quarantine and immigration

Quarantine transactions.—During the fiscal year 27,438 vessels and 3,333,512 persons were inspected by quarantine officers. Of these 19,309 vessels and 1,994,235 passengers and crews were inspected upon arrival at stations in the continental United States; 3,048 vessels and 340,021 passengers and crews were inspected at insular stations; and 5,081 vessels and 999,256 passengers and crews were inspected at foreign ports prior to embarkation for the United States.

Of the passengers who embarked at European ports, 364,112 were vaccinated and 238,962 were deloused under the supervision of medical officers of the service. Their clothing and baggage, amounting to 285,094 pieces, were disinfected.

A total of 7,343 vessels were disinfected or fumigated either because of the occurrence of disease on board or for the destruction of rodents; 27,395 rats were destroyed, of which number 21,108 were examined for plague infection.

The efforts of the service to exclude quarantinable disease from the United States and its possessions were successful. At the close of the year, however, typhus fever constituted a special menace along the southern frontier. During the year 23 cases of smallpox, 5 of leprosy, and 1 of typhus fever reached our quarantine stations. Although cholera, plague, and yellow fever were prevalent in various parts of the world, none of these diseases arrived at quarantine. The prophylactic measures applied by Public Health Service officers at foreign ports of departure undoubtedly contributed to this result.

Medical inspections of aliens.—There were 938,928 alien passengers and 874,962 alien seamen examined by medical officers at the various stations. Of this number 34,403 passengers and 2,737 seamen were certified in accordance with the act of Congress approved February 5, 1917. The most important causes of certification of alien passengers were: Trachoma, 1,190; tuberculosis, 226; feeble-mindedness, 214; insanity, 89; syphilis, 101; and gonorrhea, 292. Of the alien seamen certified, 154 were for trachoma, 36 for tuberculosis, 262 for syphilis, 351 for chancroid, and 621 for gonorrhea.

Division of sanitary reports and statistics

In addition to the dissemination of information of epidemics and unusual outbreaks of diseases dangerous to the public health by published weekly reports, annual compilations have been made and published showing the reported prevalence of these diseases throughout the United States and in foreign countries.

The publication of the weekly Public Health Reports was continued throughout the fiscal year, and reprints were made of articles which were of special interest. In addition, much helpful information regarding health subjects has been given the public through radiocasting stations situated in all parts of the country.

The compilation of laws, ordinances, and regulations and the digesting of court decisions pertaining to public health were continued during the fiscal year.

The need for creating a registration area for reports of communicable and preventable disease is acute and is being urged by all State health officers.

Marine hospitals and relief

The principal relief operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, may be summarized as follows:

Total number of patients treated	163, 100
Total number of patients treated in hospital	
Died	
Total number remaining in hospital June 30, 1924	
Number of days' relief in hospital.	1, 232, 754
Number of patients furnished office relief	122, 119
Number of times office relief was furnished	403, 864
Number of surgical operations, exclusive of dental	44, 312
Number of physical examinations	62, 709
Number of clinical laboratory examinations	132, 236
Number of X-ray examinations	49, 756

The operating costs in marine hospitals averaged \$3.89 per patient per day, a reduction of 23 cents over the previous year. This has been effected without reducing the cost of the ration, included in the above amount, which averaged 68 cents per day. Economies were effected chiefly in the use of personnel, supplies, freight, and transportation. The operating costs in marine hospitals, which include the salaries of all personnel, fuel, light, heat, repairs to buildings, and all expenses except new construction and permanent equipment, are now lower than those of representative non-Government hospitals giving similar services, and lower than the average cost to the Public Health Service of caring for its service beneficiaries in contract hospitals.

The marine hospitals are generally in a state of disrepair. New construction to replace dilapidated buildings is needed especially at New Orleans and San Francisco. At many other hospitals inflammable buildings occupied by bedfast patients should be replaced with wards of fire-resisting construction. A marine hospital is needed at Seattle and another to serve important Texas ports. Funds at the present time are not available for these purposes.

By the act approved December 5, 1923, authority was granted to sell the marine hospital at Detroit, Mich., and to devote the proceeds to the acquisition of a site and construction of a new marine hospital to serve that port. This became necessary by reason of the extension of the industrial section rendering the present institution unfit for the housing and care of the sick.

Division of venereal diseases

State boards of health received \$92,842.11 of the \$100,000 allotted by Congress for the fiscal year 1924. The District of Columbia, Illinois, Utah, and Wyoming failed to qualify for their portion of the allotment.

The total number of cases of venereal diseases reported to State boards of health from all sources was 363,063.

Five hundred and four clinics reported to the State boards of health. New cases admitted to these clinics totaled 118,023, an average of 234 to each clinic. The number of cases of syphilis reported is 65,046; gonorrhea, 49,028; and chancroid, 3,949. The number of treatments given was 2,147,087; doses of arsphenamin administered, 527,146; Wassermann tests made, 203,008. There were 51,658 patients discharged as noninfectious.

A total of 7,508 educational meetings was also reported by the State boards of health.

The division received 694 requests for medical advice and 13,453 requests for educational pamphlets, and 66,625 pamphlets were distributed. State boards of health purchased 967,452 pamphlets and placards, 309 exhibits, 10 sets of slides, and 47 motion-picture films. A total of 5,246 lectures, 996 exhibits, and 1,266 film demonstrations was given.

The bulletin Venereal Disease Information has been enhanced in value because of the increase in the number of journals from other countries abstracted. Translations are now made from journals published in nine foreign languages.

A representative of the Service, cooperating with the officials of the railroad companies in Florida, conducted a campaign for the purpose of giving information relating to the hygiene of sex and reproduction, danger of venereal diseases, and the importance of prompt and sufficient treatment. An effort was made also to interest the railroads in the maintenance of special clinics. The result has been the establishment of 12 clinics under the supervision of the State board of health, where railroad employees receive treatment at nominal cost. The number of persons reached by means of lectures, exhibits, motion pictures, personal letters, and pamphlets was over 25,000. This campaign demonstrates what can be done in the control of venereal diseases in cooperation with large industrial organizations.

A motion picture film, Science of Life, was prepared for use in presenting a clear and wholesome account of the biology of sex and reproduction and the danger of disease to the individual and to the race. A special lecturer has been sent to many universities and normal schools in answer to requests for this type of work.

A total of 383 conferences was also held with teachers in 25 States for the discussion of the problem of sex instruction for adolescents. Reports from the schools where the conferences were held indicate that interest in the problem of sex education in high schools has been aroused and that the work is progressing satisfactorily.

Division of personnel and accounts

On June 30, 1924, the regular commissioned corps of the service consisted of the Surgeon General, 4 Assistant Surgeons General at large, 20 senior surgeons, 122 surgeons, 30 passed assistant surgeons, and 22 assistant surgeons, a total of 199 medical officers. Of this number, 3 Assistant Surgeons General at large, 8 senior surgeons, 5 surgeons, and 3 passed assistant surgeons were on waiting orders. The total number of commissioned officers at the close of the fiscal year is 19 less than in the year 1918, the difference being due to lack of successful candidates to fill vacancies.

The number of reserve officers on active duty at the close of the fiscal year totaled 65, in the following grades: 1 Assistant Surgeon General, 3 senior surgeons, 6 surgeons, 2 dental surgeons, 20 passed assistant surgeons, 9 passed assistant dental surgeons, 21 assistant surgeons, and 3 assistant dental surgeons.

Following is a statement of all personnel of the service on June 30, 1924:

	ficers, regular corpsserve corps	
Attending enecialists		146
Contract dental surgeons		27
Internes		20
Scientific personnel		20 27
Pharmacists		37
Druggists		12
Nurses		363
Aids		37
Dietitians		25
Laboratorians:		
	<u></u>	15
Bacteriology		13
Pilots		′ 30
Marine engineers	The state of the s	33
Clerks		524
All other employees		2, 308

In addition to the above personnel there were 4,261 State and local health officers employed at nominal salaries, generally \$1 per year, for the purpose of furnishing epidemiologic information.

Financial statement

The following is a statement of appropriations and expenditures for the fiscal year 1924:

And the second					• • •	4	. 1	Appropriated	Expended and encumbered
Salaries, office of the Pay, etc., commissic Pay of acting assiste Pay of other employ Freight, transportat Maintenance, Hygic Preparation and tra Books. Pay of personnel an Quarantine service. Preventing the spree Field investigations Interstate quaranti Studies of rural san Control of biologic personnel and control of biologic personnel and tospi Bureau). Salaries and expense	nt surgeons rees ion, etc ion, etc enic Labora nsportation d maintena ad of epider of public h ne service itation oroducts f venereal d tat services	tory of remainance of hos nic diseasealth iseases (allotme	ns of offi spitals ses	cers	d State	s Veter	rans'	300, 000. 00 \$40, 000. 00 \$45, 000. 00 \$500. 00 \$500. 00 \$4, 869, 925. 00 \$48, 000. 00 \$35, 042. 78 \$279, 436. 00 \$27, 9436. 00 \$4, 500. 00 \$50, 000. 00 \$4, 500. 00 \$50, 000. , 073, 538, 49 293, 211, 55 832, 418, 86 37, 269, 41 43, 985, 98 488, 00 4, 606, 331, 59 470, 261, 85 297, 675, 47 273, 606, 47 21, 933, 92 49, 874, 86 40, 729, 81 194, 640, 07	

COAST GUARD

The principal operations of the Coast Guard during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, are summarized by the commandant, as follows:

Lives saved or persons rescued from peril	2, 462
Persons on board vessels assisted	15, 902
Persons in distress cared for	406
Vessels boarded and papers examined	46, 152
Vessels seized or reported for violations of law.	2, 205
Fines and penalties incurred by vessels reported	\$630, 123
Regattas and marine parades patrolled in accordance with law-	30
	1, 948
Instances of lives saved and vessels assisted	2, 278
Derelicts and other obstructions to navigation removed or de-	
stroved	75
Value of vessels assisted (including cargoes)	\$25, 316, 180
Value of derelicts recovered and delivered to owners	\$536, 895
Persons examined for certificates as lifeboat men	5, 643
Appropriation for 1924, office of the commandant	\$127, 530. 00
Expended and obligated	\$119, 847. 57
Unencumbered balance	\$7, 682. 43
Appropriation for 1924, maintenance of Coast Guard	
Expended and obligated	\$10, 463, 953. 33
Unencumbered balance	\$1, 494, 768. 67
Appropriation for 1924, repairs to cutters	\$375, 000. 00
Expended and obligated	\$368, 140. 36
Unencumbered balance	•
Appropriation, construction of new cutters:	
Unencumbered balance July 1, 1923	\$3, 397. 16
Expended and obligated	\$199. 83
Unencumbered balance June 30, 1924	\$3, 197. 33
Appropriation, additional vessels, Coast Guard, 1924 and 1925.	•
Expended and obligated	\$8, 288, 125. 41
Unencumbered balance, June 30, 1924	\$3, 906, 774. 59
Appropriation, radio equipment, Coast Guard, 1924, Dec. 31,	, , ,
1924	\$34, 000. 00
Unencumbered balance June 30, 1924	\$34, 000. 00

Ice patrol to promote safety at sea

The international service of ice patrol in the vicinity of the Grand Banks along the trans-Atlantic steamship lanes for the season of 1923, which was still in progress at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1923, was discontinued on July 12, 1923. The last few days of the patrol were spent, in a large part, in checking the movements of two large bergs in a southerly position. When these bergs had disintegrated to such an extent as to render them no longer a menace to navigation further patrol operations ceased for the season.

During the season of 1924 the patrol was prosecuted by the Coast. Guard cutters Tampa and Modoc, based on Halifax, Nova Scotia, with the Coast Guard cutter Ossipee as a stand-by vessel. Tampa inaugurated the patrol, leaving Boston, Mass., on March 18, She proceeded to the Tail of the Grand Banks, arriving at the ice area on the morning of March 22. She advised the wireless operator of the port of Halifax that the patrol had begun and that all ice and obstruction reports for the Atlantic area would be broadcast by the patrol. On the evening of that day the first broadcast was sent out consisting of special ice information for the steamship Cairntorr. The first report of the presence of a berg was received from the steamship Lituania, on March 25. The Modoc relieved the Tampa on April 5, and the patrol was continued, alternately, through the season by these two cutters, one relieving the other about every fortnight. A commissioned officer of the Coast Guard was detailed to accompany the cutters as scientific and oceanographic observer. He remained with the patrol throughout the season, transferring from one cutter to the other as each took up its work, conducting observations and experiments for the furtherance of oceanographic knowledge. The patrol was discontinued for the season on June 30, 1924, it then appearing that icebergs no longer formed a menace to navigation.

Winter cruising

The President annually designates certain Coast Guard vessels to perform special cruising upon the coast in the season of severe weather, usually from December 1 to March 31, to afford such aid to distressed navigators as their circumstances may require. Navigation is especially hazardous during these months and the object of this special, intensified cruising and watchfulness on the part of the cutters is to extend to shipping approaching our shores all possible protection and assistance in case it should suffer misfortune or disaster. The President, on October 26, 1923, upon the recommendation of the Secretary of the Treasury, designated the following-named cutters to perform this duty for the winter season of 1923–24: Ossipee, Tampa, Acushnet, Seneca, Seminole, Gresham, Kickapoo, Manning, Modoc, and Yamacraw.

Cruises in northern waters

The regular annual visitation and patrol of the waters of the north Pacific Ocean, Bering Sea, and southeastern Alaska for the enforcement of the convention of July 7, 1911, between the United States, Great Britain, Russia, and Japan, and the laws and regulations for the protection of the fur seal and sea otter and of game, the fisheries and fur-bearing animals of Alaska, were made for the season of 1923 by the following-named Coast Guard cutters: Algonquin, Bear, Cahokia, Haida, Mojave, Snohomish, and Unalga.

The Bear also made her customary annual cruise to the Arctic. These vessels cruised many thousands of miles in the execution of the duties of the patrol, and in addition to the prime work of this annual enterprise, rendered valuable service to shipping and to other interests, public and private, in the regions visited. The patrol for the present season of 1924 is being conducted by the above-named vessels.

Added to the many useful and beneficent offices which the Coast Guard annually is called upon to perform in the northern country, happily there fell to its lot during the spring of the year the opportunity to be of material assistance to the round-the-world flight of the Army Air Service, along the Alaskan shores and in crossing the Pacific. The Coast Guard cutters Haida and Algonquin were employed in various ways in rendering assistance to the flight. The Chief of the Air Service of the Army in a letter to the commandant graciously expresses his appreciation of the splendid cooperation and assistance rendered by the Coast Guard in this memorable undertaking, and states that the crossing could not have been effected at the time without the assistance of this service.

Anchorage and movements of vessels

The facilities of the Coast Guard were utilized during the year, as formerly, in the enforcement of the rules and regulations governing the anchorage and movements of vessels at ports and other places where Federal regulations are in effect. At the larger ports this duty is one of magnitude and great importance, and the services of Coast Guard officers with large experience in maritime affairs are availed of to insure the satisfactory and efficient administration of this service activity. Coast Guard officers are serving as captains of the port in the following-named localities: New York Harbor and vicinity; Hampton Roads and the harbors of Norfolk and Newport News, Va.; Charleston Harbor, S. C.; Galveston Harbor, Port Bolivar, and Texas City, Tex.; San Diego Harbor, Calif.; San Francisco Harbor, Calif.; Chicago Harbor, Ill.; St. Marys River, from Point Iroquois, on Lake Superior, to Point Detour, on Lake Huron, except those waters including St. Marys Falls Canals.

In the larger ports the anchorage grounds are patroled regularly by harbor tugs or launches of the Coast Guard to facilitate and effect the proper anchorage of vessels, to see that the anchorage regulations and navigation laws are observed and to impart and secure information concerning maritime conditions and activities.

Regattas

Among other activities of the service 30 regattas, marine parades, and boat races were patrolled and supervised during the year in various sections of the country. This duty is always of first importance both to the craft participating and spectators. The courses must be kept clear, order maintained, and the movements of vessels supervised, in the interests of safety to thousands of persons at times. The successful manner in which this duty is performed by the units of the service reflects great credit on the Coast Guard.

Removal of derelicts

During the year the Coast Guard, through the instrumentality of its vessels and stations, removed from the paths of marine commerce 75 derelicts and other floating dangers to navigation. The estimated value of property involved in these transactions, where values are given, aggregated \$536,895.

Coastal communication

In the course of the year additions were made to the coastal communication system of the Coast Guard by the construction of a telephone line to Egmont Key Lighthouse (Tampa Bay, Fla.), and to Coquille River Lighthouse (Oreg.). Telephone connection with these points affords excellent opportunity for reporting maritime disasters and other marine information to the Coast Guard. Aside from the foregoing and the complete rebuilding of a portion of the telephone pole line on Long Island, N. Y., the work during the year was confined principally to the repair, upkeep, improvement and maintenance of the entire system. Telephone service is now furnished to all Coast Guard stations except one, to approximately 150 lighthouses, and to other Government agencies in the vicinity of service lines, such as radio compass stations, Navy radio stations, Weather Bureau stations, etc. The system comprises more than 2,200 miles of land line, including approximately 440 miles of submarine telephone cable.

Ordnance

The ordnance equipment of many of the units of the Coast Guard has been changed during the year so as to conform to modern practices along related lines. Practically all 6-pounder guns have been replaced by modern 3-inch and 4-inch guns. The larger vessels of the service have been outfitted with modern fire-control instruments. All the small craft are now armed with rifles, pistols, and machine guns. Many of the stations have been supplied with rifles and pistols and in some cases with machine guns. Experiments have been carried on by various vessels in the use of star shells at night for target practice and other activities of the service. Experiments also were conducted with 150-pound TNT mines in the destruction of icebergs by vessels on the international ice patrol.

The regulations of the Coast Guard pertaining to ordnance and gunnery have been revised so that they now conform in every respect to Navy practice. All officers of the service have been furnished the latest data concerning gunnery.

Coast Guard Academy

At the close of the year there were under instruction at the Coast Guard Academy, at New London, Conn., 57 line cadets and 36 cadet engineers. During the year covered by this report 21 line cadets and 34 cadet engineers were appointed as the result of competitive examination held throughout the country on April 7, 1924. Two line cadets and five cadet engineers were graduated. The resignations of 26 line cadets and 16 cadet engineers were accepted. One line cadet was dismissed, and one line cadet was dropped from the rolls of the academy.

The practice cruise for 1923 of the Coast Guard cutter Alexander Hamilton, which, as stated in last year's report, was in progress at the close of the fiscal year, terminated at New London on September 15, 1923. During the cruise the vessel touched at various ports along the east coast of the United States, at Halifax, Nova Scotia, and at Hamilton, Bermuda. She began her practice cruise for 1924, sailing for Europe on June 1, and arriving at Gravesend, England, on June 24, 1924. The cruise was being continued at the close of the year.

Coast Guard repair depot

During the year the following-named Coast Guard vessels were overhauled at the Coast Guard repair depot at Curtis Bay, Md.: Acushnet, Seneca, Yamacraw, Gresham, Apache, Chulahoma, and Chincoteague. The boat-building plant at the depot constructed 31 service boats, as follows, for distribution to the units of the service as needed: 10 motor lifeboats; 15 motor self-bailing surf boats; 2 motor launches; and 4 self-bailing surf boats, without motors. The depot continued to manufacture small equipment for service needs.

Repairs and improvements to vessels and stations

In addition to the vessels of the service that underwent an overhauling at the Coast Guard depot, as shown under the preceding heading, the *Comanche* was reconditioned throughout, under contract.

Repairs, improvements, alterations, and additions, more or less extensive in character, were completed in the course of the year at seven Coast Guard stations. Minor repairs, etc., were made as needed at 207 stations. Contracts were awarded or work was begun during the year for repairs, improvements, alterations, and additions at 11 stations.

Certain buildings at the Coast Guard Academy which were taken over from the Navy were remodeled for the use of cadets as dormitory, mess hall, class rooms, etc.

Repairs were also made to the long wharf at the Coast Guard depot, and a mold loft was constructed.

Enforcement of customs and other laws

The duties of the Coast Guard in enforcing the customs laws of the country and the laws relating to navigation and motor boats were assiduously prosecuted during the year by all the units and agencies of the service, to the fullest extent of the resources at its command. The Coast Guard has continued to render invaluable assistance to the customs in the enforcement of the laws of the United States relating to the smuggling of illicit merchandise into the country along the coasts.

The Secretary of the Treasury in his report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1923, recommended a substantial increase in the appropriations for the Coast Guard for the purpose of combating the smuggling of liquor into the United States. For increasing the equipment and personnel of the Coast Guard for this work, the President, on February 1, 1924, transmitted to the Congress supplemental estimates of appropriations for the Treasury Department for the fiscal year 1924, amounting to \$13,853,989. Of this amount \$12,194,-900 was for conditioning and equipping 20 torpedo-boat destroyers and 2 mine sweepers or other suitable type of vessel, to be obtained from the Navy Department, and the construction and equipment of 223 "cabin cruiser" type motor boats and 100 smaller motor The remaining \$1,659,089 was for additional operating expenses during the remainder of the fiscal year, brought about by this enlarged program. The President also recommended that the personnel of the Coast Guard be increased by the appointment of temporary commissioned and warrant officers and by temporary enlistments. By act approved April 2, 1924, the Congress appropriated \$13,850,622 for the purposes indicated, and by act approved April 21, 1924. authorized the additional personnel.

The Coast Guard proceeded at once to carry out the provisions of law in these respects and is using all possible means at its command to hasten to completion the law-enforcement program contemplated by the legislation mentioned.

It is gratifying to be able to state that, notwithstanding the magnitude of the undertaking, very satisfactory results were being attained at the time of the closing of this report for the fiscal year. It should also be stated that during the year the Coast Guard, even with its limited, inadequate, and ill-adapted floating equipment for combating smuggling, has rendered very effective service in that direction through the seizure and apprehension of violators of the law and their contraband cargoes.

Award of life-saving medals

Thirty-three life-saving medals of honor, 4 gold and 29 silver, were awarded by the Secretary of the Treasury during the fiscal year, under the provisions of law, in recognition of bravery exhibited in the rescue, or attempted rescue, of persons in danger of drowning in waters over which the United States has jurisdiction, or upon American vessels.

Personnel

On June 30, 1924, there were on the active list of the Coast Guard 209 commissioned officers, 57 line cadets, 36 cadet engineers, 420 warrant officers, 5,000 enlisted men, 260 temporary and substitute surfmen, and 42 civilian employees in the field. There were 61 vacancies in the commissioned personnel.

Units

At the close of the year there were in commission in the service 22 cruising cutters, 19 inshore patrol cutters, 20 harbor cutters, and 16 harbor launches. The shore stations in an active status numbered 237.

Recruiting

The Coast Guard does not maintain a regular recruiting agency and it therefore was deemed desirable and in the interest of economy and expedition to solicit the cooperation of the Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department, in the recruiting of the additional enlisted personnel authorized by Congress.

Twenty-eight Navy recruiting stations were therefore designated by the Navy Department to make enlistments for the Coast Guard. Certain Coast Guard units also were directed to perform special recruiting. The campaign for recruits began on May 15, 1924. At that time the enlisted strength of the Coast Guard was 3,745 men. On June 30, 1924, the enlisted personnel had increased to 5,000 men, showing a net gain of 1,255 men from May 15 to June 30. The Navy cooperated further with the Coast Guard by training and outfitting recruits at the naval training stations at Hampton-Roads, Va., and Newport, R. I.

Vessels

There is urgent necessity of augmenting the equipment of the Coast Guard by vessels that are adapted to the highly important duty of saving life and property at sea, with which the Coast Guard is charged. Demands upon the service in this regard are constantly increasing. Many of the cutters are old and some of them are in pressing need of repairs. Every year, in the late spring, it becomes necessary to withdraw certain vessels from duty on the Pacific coast and send them on cruises in northern waters. They do not return to the west coast until fall and early winter. In the meantime shipping on the west coast is left without adequate protection.

The additional equipment in vessels that the Coast Guard is preparing under the appropriation for enlarging the service for law-enforcement work is, it is believed, well adapted to that particular duty, but distinctly not adapted to assistance and rescue work and other important duties which the Coast Guard is called upon to perform. The Coast Guard needs six new cruising cutters.

It is of the utmost importance that the Bear be replaced. This vessel is 50 years old. She performs most important duty in the Arctic regions. The bill H. R. 6817, Sixty-eighth Congress, first session, to replace the Bear by a new vessel, passed the House of Representatives on March 19, 1924, and is now pending in the Senate. It has been reported favorably by the Committee on Commerce in the Senate, with the recommendation that it pass. It is earnestly hoped that the Senate will give its approval to this meritorious measure at the earliest practicable date.

The cutter *Manning* is urgently in need of extensive repairs. Reports based on careful examination indicate that this vessel is in such bad shape as to constitute a menace to her personnel at sea. If sufficient funds are available, this ship can be reconditioned and made to last for many years. If funds are not made available, the vessel will rapidly deteriorate and soon be of negligible value to the Government.

The commandant, in former reports, has invited attention to the cutter *Onondaga*, which was rapidly deteriorating for lack of funds to recondition her. For several years the necessary funds were asked for, but were not made available. The commandant, in his report

for the fiscal year 1923, emphasized the fact that if this deterioration continued the vessel would soon have value only as scrap material. This prediction was justified, as it was found necessary finally to sell her for the sum of \$7,840. If this ship had been reconditioned she would be worth to the service approximately \$600,000. The present situation with respect to the *Manning* is identical with the *Onondaga* case. In the interest of economy and good administration this vessel should be properly repaired. It is estimated that it will cost at this time \$150,000 to put her in good condition.

DIVISION OF LOANS AND CURRENCY

Summary of activities of the Division of Loans and Currency during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924

	Pieces	Value
Unregistered letters received Stamps, checks, securities, etc., received in unregistered mail. Telegrams received. Registered letters received. Pouches received. Half notes received. Legal documents (examined and filed). Securities received from Bureau of Engraving and Printing. Securities received from Bureau of Engraving and Printing. Securities restored to stock. Interest checks received from Bureau of Engraving and Printing. Securities delivered to Register for destruction. Interest checks delivered to Destruction Committee for destruction. Half notes delivered to Destruction Committee for destruction. Securities issued Interest checks issued Unplicate checks issued Treasury savings retirements, including redemptions Old loans accounts (approximately) as of June 30, 1924. Other loans accounts. Treasury savings stubs received from banks, post office, and Treasurer of the United States.	527, 326, 304 51, 631 3, 220, 874 1, 243, 827 4, 326, 835 3, 515, 502 95, 269 527, 326, 304 3, 248, 423 4, 297, 354	\$2, 769, 819, 80 \$1, 296, 927, 011, 48 917, 050, 673, 64 4, 040, 351, 200, 00 226, 426, 600, 00 897, 540, 467, 25 917, 050, 673, 64 4, 993, 550, 580, 00 173, 931, 338, 30 52, 031, 075, 00 352, 944, 580, 00 3, 656, 960, 650, 00 189, 476, 550, 00

¹ Above includes stock shipments to Federal reserve banks, Treasury savings certificates (maturity value), and authorizations to Federal reserve banks on registered exchange transactions.

Claims section

	Claimants	Pieces	Amount
ANTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES OTHER THAN TREASURY (WAR) SAVINGS			
Received Relief granted Recovered or disallowed	2, 523 2, 746 1, 216	5, 984 6, 410 2, 759	\$2, 127, 580. 00 1, 269, 920. 00 814, 600. 00
TREASURY (WAR) SAVINGS SECURITIES	,,		
Received Relief granted Recovered or disallowed	4, 327 5, 648 525	37, 688 61, 128 6, 153	549, 979. 00 560, 474. 25 103, 365. 00

In connection with the registered accounts there were 48,109 unclaimed checks received and 50,752 released. Stoppages were placed against the payment of 5,964 checks; 63,407 accounts were consolidated, 41,451 of which were eliminated, 315,382 accounts closed, 30,391 decreased, 133,750 new accounts opened, and 73,322 changes of address effected.

To conduct these transactions approximately 337,795 letters and telegrams were written, distributed as follows:

Surrenders	30, 384
Securities	
Claims	
Treasury savings	•
Registered accounts	
Issues control unit	
Issues control unit (transmittal letters)	96, 439
Personal office of chief	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

A more detailed account of the activities of the several major

A more detailed account of the activities of the several major units of the division follows:

Surrenders Section

The following table shows the number of pieces and par amounts of securities authorized to be issued upon original subscriptions, and of securities received, examined, and accepted for redemption, transfer, exchange, or other transactions by the surrenders section during the fiscal year 1924:

	Number of pieces	
COUPON SURRENDERS UNIT		
Coupon exchange Coupon conversion Coupon conversion exchange Coupon denominational exchange Coupon denominational exchange (Treasury notes) Coupon denominational exchange (Treasury notes) Coupon denominational exchange (certificates of indebtedness) Special denominational exchange, U. S. R. A Temporary exchange Coupon mutilation Coupon mutilation Coupon mutilation (Treasury notes) Coupon claim issue Coupon claim issue (Treasury notes) Coupon claim issue (Treasury notes) Coupon claim issue (Treasury notes) Coupon claim issue (Treasury notes) Coupon issue Forgery coupon retirement Forgery coupon retirement Forgery coupon retirement Coupon claim issue Forgery coupon retirement Forgery coupon issue	10, 241 257 13, 306 500 14 13 5, 856 603 400 25 19	499, 100 71, 250 3, 100 2, 850 35, 860 1, 600 9, 100 8, 650 3, 150 400 3, 800
REGISTERED EXCHANGE-REDEMPTION UNIT		
Registered exchange. Cancellations of registered exchanges made in 1923 Inheritance tax redemption. Cumulative sinking fund redemption, unmatured loans. Cumulative sinking fund redemption, Victory 4¾'s. Redemption matured Victory 4¾'s. Redemption Victory 4¾'s in payment of Treasury notes. Registered claim redemption Registered mutilation redemption Redemption Victory 3¾'s. Redemptions out of surplus money in Treasury	302 160 5,342 39,449 975 31 6	3, 100, 000
Total	403, 991	368, 865, 600

	Number of pieces	Par amount
TRANSFER-CONVERSION UNIT		
Pransfer	111, 128	\$178, 043, 550
Registered conversion, registered conversion transfer	19, 490	5, 822, 350
Registered claim issue	4.080	831, 850
Registered mutilation	_ 190	44, 950
Registered claim retirement	_ 288	68, 200
Registered claim redemption retirement	_ 27	3, 100
Total	. 135, 203	184, 814, 000
Registered issues: OLD LOANS UNIT		
Ligited States Pro-Werlages	10,359	E4 090 000
United States pre-war loans District of Columbia Ioan	160	54, 020, 880 436, 000
Philippina lone	1, 176	3, 318, 000
Philippine loansPorto Rican loans	4, 385	5, 728, 000
		0, 120,000
Joupon issues: Philippine loans	2,462	2, 462, 000
Porto Rican loans.	5,031	5, 031, 000
Registered retirements:	- 0,001	3,031,000
United States pre-war loans (active)	12, 368	51,655,410
United States pre-war loans (active) District of Columbia loan	333	1, 393, 000
Philippine loans	1,356	3, 318, 000
Philippine loans. Porto Rican loans. United States pre-war loans (matured).	3, 266	4, 019, 000
United States pre-wer loans (matured)	95	36, 550
Coupon retirements:	- -	00,000
United States pre-war loans (active)	2, 894	2, 331, 910
District of Columbia loan Philippine loans.	85	22, 700
Philippine loans	212	212,000
Porto Rican loans	2, 104	2, 104, 000
Porto Rican loans. United States pre-war loans (matured).	77	6,760
Total	46, 363	136, 095, 210
RECAPITULATION		
Coupon surrenders unit	404, 202	372, 286, 950
Old loans unit	46, 363	136, 095, 210
Old loans unit	403, 991	368, 865, 600
Pransfer-conversion unit	135, 203	184, 814, 000
Grand total		
Grand total	989,759	1,062,061,760

The average number of days required to handle Federal reserve bank submissions through the division, for the more important transactions, has been still further reduced, as shown by the following table:

				Numbe	r of days
•	agent e	Transaction .		1924	1923
Coupon exchange				3	4
Coupon exchange Redemption Registered exchange Transfer			 	2 4 6	. 3 5

Authorities Unit.—The authorities unit received, examined, and filed 51,631 legal documents, bringing the total number of files up to 309,518; wrote 4,982 letters, telegrams, and memoranda concerning defective documents; examined 155,796 assignments requiring legal documents in support thereof; and conducted extensive filing operations incident to this work.

Correspondence Unit.—The correspondence unit wrote 10,676 letters and memoranda concerning defective assignments and the evidence

submitted or required in support thereof, giving instructions regarding the execution of assignments authorized by approved legal papers, and replying to inquiries along these lines. The bond control desk handled 10,088 bond cases, each two or more times, and kept appropriate accounts with the units concerned.

Fraud-forgery Unit.—The fraud-forgery unit conducted correspondence in 1,188 cases of alleged fraud or forgery in assignments, evasion of department regulations governing assignments, and other cases of similar nature. Full restitution, including interest, was obtained in forgery cases involving registered securities in amount of \$12,450. This unit also received and filed 27,956 cards carrying autograph signatures of officers authorized to witness assignments of registered bonds.

Numericals Unit.—All transactions in registered Liberty bonds, Victory notes, and Treasury bonds, involving 539,194 pieces, were recorded by the numericals unit on registers provided for that purpose. All entries were verified to insure accuracy, as these registers are the key to the status of all registered securities recorded therein.

Securities Section

The general activities of this section embrace the receipt of all classes and descriptions of United States Government and Insular securities from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, the Federal reserve banks, other banks, and individuals; the custody, issue, and shipment of securities of all descriptions, including registered interest checks; the supervision and conduct of safe-keeping operations, involving securities received by the Division of Loans and Currency, to be held for account of other Government departments; the preparation for issue of certificates of indebtedness, Treasury notes, Treasury savings certificates, etc.; the daily shipment of bonds and other securities requisitioned from the vault; the counting, examining, placing of impression seal, initialing, and countersigning of interest checks; the cancellation of securities for delivery to the Register of the Treasury; and the receipt, recording, verification, segregation, and delivery of all registered mail to the several sections of the division and other divisions of the Treasury Department, together with maintaining accounting records reflecting the numerous transactions of this section.

In addition to the regular work of the section, the return of unsold Treasury savings certificates of the issue of September 30, 1922, for restoration to stock necessitated the counting, arranging in numerical sequence, and listing of nearly 1,000,000 certificates, and the cancellation of surplus stock for final disposition to the

Register of the Treasury. This, together with the regular duties, has kept the section extremely busy during the entire year.

The total number of pieces received, handled, and disposed of during the year was 29,457,795, amounting to \$21,016,186,548.73.

Registered Accounts Section

There has been a reduction in the force of this section of 149 employees, from 514 to 365, with a resultant reduction in salaries of \$172,540. The work in all of the units has been functioning on a strictly current basis throughout the year.

The par amount of bonds and notes in registered form increased slightly during the year, from \$3,654,246,550 to \$3,656,960,650, a gain of \$2,714,100. Interest on these bonds was paid in the form of 4,235,473 checks, representing \$154,054,225.50. The number of registered accounts decreased 9.69 per cent, a loss of 217,963 (from 2,249,399 to 2,031,436) taking place during the year. The bulk of this loss was in the smaller holdings.

During the year the number of unclaimed checks decreased from 97,724 to 95,081, although the money value increased from \$354,787.49 to \$367,537.17; in this period 48,109 checks were received and 50,752 were released.

The section effected 73,322 changes of address, issued 2,240 duplicate checks, placed 5,964 stoppages against the payment of checks, wrote 100,963 letters, consolidated 63,407 accounts (of which 41,451 were eliminated), closed 315,382 registered accounts, decreased 30,391 others, and opened 133,750 new accounts.

Claims Section

A recapitulation of the condition of work in the claims section is submitted herewith. The section is in good condition and the work is as current as it is possible for it to be.

The figures shown are actual claims received during the fiscal year with number of pieces and money value, together with settlements and recoveries made. Where settlements exceed receipts, the difference comes from the balance on hand June 30, 1923.

Bonds, notes, interim certificates, and certificates of indebtedness

	 Number	Amount involved
Claims and reports.	3, 318 8, 843	\$2, 930, 980
Securities recovered New securities ordered issued (replacements and duplicates) Matured securities ordered redeemed.	 2, 710 5, 256 1, 152	809, 350 988, 600 281, 220

Treasury savings	
Total number of claims received.	828
Total number of Treasury savings certificates involved	1 2, 965
Total number of Treasury savings certificates allowed 2	1 1, 288
Total number of Treasury savings certificates recovered	465
∘ Total number of Treasury savings claims settled	722
War savings	
Total number of claims received	3,499
Total number of war-savings stamps involved	34, 599
Total number of thrift stamps involved	120
Total number of war-savings stamps allowed 2	57, 419
Total number of thrift stamps allowed 2	141
Total number of war-savings stamps recovered	1, 998
Total number of war-savings claims settled	5, 451

i And four stamps.

Treasury Savings Section

The following is a summary of the work handled in the Treasury savings section for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924:

	Pieces	Amount involved
Treasury savings certificates: Stubs received from banks, Post Office Department, and Treasurer of the United States. Retirements on various transactions, including redemptions. Issues on various transactions. War savings certificates: Retirements on stamps, all series.	1, 118, 598 352, 265 8, 799 38, 993	\$189, 476, 550 52, 031, 075 1, 894, 575 (1)
¹ Impractical to state. **Correspondence		
Cases handled		29,000
Total		30, 250
Mail and Files Unit		•
Total number of letters received (of this number 14,979 were division)		192, 438
Total amount of securities received (including postage star money, etc.)		
Total number of telegrams received	,	1, 039
Total number of interoffice packages received		10, 121
Analysis of filing operations		
Briefing		403, 516
Typing		
VerifyingArranging		. 470, 449 . 868, 594
Returned charges (involving searching)		
Searching	455, 94	
Special searching	39, 84	
Total		_ _ 664, 259
Filing Pink sheets		196, 433
Follow-up system		28, 875

² Duplicates and redemption authorized.

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Issues Control Unit

A recapitulation of its activities follows:

	Pieces	Amount
		7.50
Stock shipments: Treasury savings certificates	1, 823, 962 547, 062 10, 359 59, 868 246, 612	\$309, 881, 725 1, 009, 750, 700 6, 193, 500 850, 511, 000 1, 854, 380, 000
Total	2, 687, 863	4, 030, 716, 925
Treasury and Federal reserve bank cases: Registered bonds	266, 726	547, 879, 750
Treasury cases: Coupon bonds. Treasury notes. Certificates of indebtedness.	56,539 585 36	26, 526, 150 1, 071, 500 23, 000
Total	57, 160	27, 620, 650
Authorized delivery of coupon bonds by Federal reserve banks: On registered exchange	204, 302	314, 442, 800
Grand total securities authorized for delivery	3, 216, 051	4, 920, 660, 125
Treasury savings certificates assigned to Treasury savings section	8, 799	2, 597, 400
Transmittal letters typed Federal reserve banks	1	33, 627
Treasury		
1. VWV V. J		

Treasury	3 2, 812
Total	96, 439
$Unclaimed \ cases$	
On hand July 1, 1923	20
Received during year	76
Reforwarded during year	80

Redeemed Currency Unit

On hand June 30, 1924______

Number of letters and telegrams sent.....

This unit counted and delivered to the destruction committee, during the fiscal year 1924, securities as follows:

Lawful notes only

	•	Pieces	Value
United States notes		 173, 509, 130 5, 892	\$295, 537, 250. 00 43, 557. 00
Silver certificates		 344, 099, 810 9, 705, 732 5, 740	458, 254, 390, 00 163, 214, 200, 00 1, 276, 64
Total		 527, 326, 304	917, 050, 673. 64

Personnel

At the beginning of the fiscal year 1924 there were on the rolls of this division 1,472 employees. At the close of the year there were 1,276 employees, of whom 100 were slated for separation on account of reduction in force, leaving a permanent personnel of 1,176 for the fiscal year 1925.

Accounting Unit

A very comprehensive and complete report of the transactions of the year has been submitted by the accounting unit, but it is composed entirely of tabulated figures, and is not included in this abstract. This unit is a small one, and its work is current.

Circulation

The distribution of the stock of money in the United States on July 1, 1924, is shown by the following statement, to which has been added, for purposes of comparison, the totals for June 1, 1924, July 1, 1923, November 1, 1920, April 1, 1917, July 1, 1914, and January 1, 1879:

•			Money l	neld in the T	reasury		Mon	ey outside of t	he Treasury		
			Amount held in trust	Reserve against					In circulat	ion	Population of conti-
Kind of money	Stock of money 1	Total	against gold and silver certificates (and Treas- ury notes of 1890)	United States notes (and Treasury notes of 1890)	Held for Federal reserve banks and agents	All other money	Total	Held by Federal reserve banks and agents ⁶	Amount	Per capita	nental United States (estimated)
Gold coin and bullion	2 \$4,490, 807, 303	\$3, 786, 060, 989	\$1, 218, 350, 659	\$152, 979, 026	\$2, 260, 891, 035	\$153, 840, 269	\$704, 746, 314	\$308, 999, 380	\$395, 746, 934	\$3. 51	
Gold certificates	³ 1, 218, 350, 659		*************				1, 218, 350, 659	416, 969, 840		7. 11	
Silver certificates	503, 754, 851 3 408, 365, 410	427, 694, 079	409, 788, 036			17, 900, 043	76, 060, 772 408, 365, 410	22, 045, 847 43, 951, 198	54, 014, 925 364, 414, 212	2 22	
Treasury notes of 1890	3 1, 422, 626	8, 073, 621 4, 260, 547 1, 124, 848 193, 898 18, 291, 051					1, 422, 626	40, 801, 180	1, 422, 626	0. 20	
Subsidiary silver	277, 614, 378	8, 073, 621				8, 073, 621	269, 540, 757	16, 545, 502	252, 995, 255	2. 25	
United States notes	346, 681, 016	4, 260, 547				4, 260, 547	342, 420, 469		297, 790, 492	2.64	
Federal reserve notes	2, 339, 048, 030	1, 124, 848				1, 124, 848	2, 337, 923, 182	494, 817, 077	1, 843, 106, 105	16. 36	
Federal reserve bank notes National bank notes		193, 898				193, 898	10, 402, 272		10, 066, 348	. 09	
National Dank Hotes	778, 011, 779	18, 291, 051				18, 291, 051	759, 720, 728	25, 885, 690	733, 835, 038	6. 51	
Total July 1, 1924	8, 746, 513, 527	4 4,245, 699, 033	1, 628, 138, 695	152, 979, 026	2, 260, 891, 035	5 203, 690, 277	6, 128, 953, 189	1, 374, 180, 435	4, 754, 772, 754	42. 19	112, 686, 000
Comparative totals:										<u>'</u>	
June 1, 1924	8, 750, 765, 284	4 4.218, 274, 270	1, 596, 179, 109	152, 979, 026	2, 243, 232, 035	225, 884, 100	6, 128, 670, 123	1, 313, 268, 668	4, 815, 401, 455	42, 78	112, 568, 000
July 1, 1923	8, 603, 732, 716	4 4,218, 274, 270 4 3,818, 882, 894	1, 150, 167, 965	152, 979, 026	2, 285, 169, 646	230, 566, 257	5, 935, 017, 787				111, 268, 000
Nov. 1. 1920	1 8, 326, 338, 267	4 2,406, 801, 772	696, 854, 226	152, 979, 026	1, 206, 341, 990	350, 626, 530	6, 616, 390, 721	987, 962, 989	5, 628, 427, 732	52. 36	107, 491, 000
Apr. 1, 1917	5, 312, 109, 272	4 2,942, 998, 527	2, 684, 800, 085	152, 979, 026		105, 219, 416	5, 053, 910, 830	953, 320, 126	4, 100, 590, 704	39. 54	
July 1, 1914	3, 738, 288; 871	1,843, 452, 323	1, 507, 178, 879	150, 000, 000		186, 273, 444	3, 402, 015, 427		3, 402, 015, 427		
Jan. 1, 1879	1,007,084,483	1 212, 420, 402	21, 602, 640	100, 000, 000		90, 817, 762	816, 266, 721		816, 266, 721	16. 92	48, 231, 000

1 Includes United States paper currency in circulation in foreign countries and the amount held by the Cuban agencies of the Federal reserve banks.

2 Does not include gold bullion or foreign coin outside of vaults of the Treasury, Federal reserve banks, and Federal reserve agents.
3 These amounts are not included in the total since the money held in trust against gold and silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 is included under gold coin and bullion and standard silver dollars, respectively.

4 The amount of money held in trust against gold and silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 should be deducted from this total before combining it with total money outside of the Treasury to arrive at the stock of money in the United States.

This total includes \$18,700,175 of notes in process of redemption, \$140,640,438 of gold deposited for redemption of Federal reserve notes, \$12,214,192 deposited for redemption of national bank notes, \$8,745 deposited for retirement of additional circulation (act of May 30, 1908), and \$6,624,305 deposited as a reserve against postal savings deposits.

Includes money held by the Cuban agencies of the Federal Reserve Banks of Boston and Atlanta.

Note.—Gold certificates are secured dollar for dollar by gold held in the Treasury for their redemption; silver certificates are secured dollar for dollar by standard silver dollars held in the Treasury for their redemption; United States notes are secured by a gold reserve of \$152,979,025.63 held in the Treasury. This reserve fund may also be used for the redemption of Treasury notes of 1890, which are also secured dollar for dollar by standard silver dollars, held in the Treasury. Federal reserve notes are obligations of the United States and a first lien on all the assets of the issuing Federal reserve bank. Federal reserve notes are secured by the deposit with Federal reserve agents of a like amount of gold or of gold and such discounted or purchased paper as is eligible under the terms of the Federal reserve act. Federal reserve banks must maintain a gold reserve of at least 40 per cent, including the gold redemption fund which must be deposited with the United States Treasurer, against Federal reserve notes in actual circulation. Federal reserve bank notes and national bank notes are secured by United States Government obligations, and a 5 per cent fund for their redemption is required to be maintained with the Treasurer of the United States in gold or lawful money.

DIVISION OF PAPER CUSTODY

The following tables show transactions conducted by the Division of Paper Custody during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924.

Paper custody

Kind	On hand July 1, 1923	Received from contractors	Issued to bureau	On hand June 30, 1924
Distinctive paper for United States currency, Federal reserve notes, Federal reserve and national-bank currency Internal-revenue paper Postage-stamp paper Check paper United States bond paper. Parchment, artificial parchment, and parchment deed paper Postal-savings cards Customs stamp paper Miscellaneous paper Philippine Islands paper: Distinctive paper for	Sheets 13, 448, 807 31, 510, 380 3, 364, 759 631, 884 5, 370, 662½ 150, 795 156, 126 42, 615 1, 353, 112	Sheets 224, 170, 284 65, 691, 588 35, 892, 708 3, 033, 325 1, 080, 365 39, 073 100, 000 3, 111, 390	Sheets 217, 490, 197 75, 218, 543 32, 931, 928 2, 785, 563 2, 036, 567 93, 074 156, 126 62, 250 2, 826, 927	
, silver certificates, national-bank and Treasury notes Postage-stamp paper Internal-revenue and check paper Porto Rican internal-revenue paper Total Rolls postage-stamp paper Rolls internal-revenue paper	976, 725 9, 709 101, 888 232, 009 57, 349, 471½ 955 293	734 333, 119, 469 3, 265 429	19, 340 35, 002 333, 655, 517 2, 831 435	197, 741 56, 813, 423 1, 389

Blank paper counted in the Division of Paper Custody from July 1, 1923, to June 30

1924	
	Sheets
United States securities, 8½ by 13½	146, 227, 998
Federal reserve note, 8½ by 13½	79, 200, 000
First Liberty loan, 14 by 13, war bond-2 R	50, 340
Panama Canal loan, registered bond, 13 by 14-2R	3, 000
Second Liberty loan, $20\frac{3}{8}$ by $11\frac{1}{2}$ -7 R	39, 000
Second Liberty loan, 20 by $18\frac{1}{2}$ -2 R	4, 325
Third Liberty loan, $17\frac{1}{2}$ by $15\frac{1}{4}-5$ R	19, 000
Liberty loan, 19\(\frac{3}{4}\) by 18\(\frac{1}{2}\)-6 R	8, 000
Fourth Liberty loan, permanent, $17\frac{1}{2}$ by $11\frac{1}{2}$ -6 R	61, 000
Victory registered bond, 20\frac{3}{8} by 23-6 R	10, 500
Federal farm loan bond, $12\frac{1}{4}$ by $16\frac{1}{4}$ -2 R.	205, 357
Federal farm loan bond, $12\frac{3}{4}$ by $16\frac{1}{4}$ –2 R	51, 000
Federal farm loan bond, 12\frac{3}{4} by 16\frac{1}{4}-4 R	880, 272
Federal farm loan bond, $12\frac{3}{4}$ by $19\frac{3}{4}$ -2 R	344, 000
Standard Treasury bond, $17\frac{5}{8}$ by $17\frac{1}{4}$ -6 R	89, 500
United States Treasury note, 20 by $18\frac{1}{2}$ -6 R	550
Treasury savings certificates, 13½ by 19½-1 R	1, 080, 358
Certificates of indebtedness, 19 by 11-4 R	94, 000
Tax certificates of indebtedness, 19 by 12 ¹ / ₄ -4 R	206, 500
Certificates of indebtedness, 19 by 143-4 R	81, 000
Certificates of indebtedness, 21 by 13-4 R	163, 842
Interim certificates, 18½ by 20-3 R	11, 180
Philippine certificates, 7½ by 14½-2 R	976, 727
United States bond, 14½ by 19-3 R	13, 642
United States bond, 9½ by 19-1 R	19, 703

	Sheets
Remnant bond fourth permanent, 17 by 23½-6 R	1, 756
Distinctive bond, 18 by 24-4 R	313
United States bond, 17½ by 11-2 R	1, 797
Remnant bond, 6 by 11-1 R	
United States bond, 14½ by 24-3 R	700
First Liberty loan converted coupon bond, 184 by 20-4 R	644
Remnant second Liberty loan bond, 17 by 19-7 R	10, 000
Registered war savings certificates, 26½ by 18½-2 R	99, 748
Prohibition paper, "watermarked," 19 by $21\frac{1}{4}$	33, 530
Total	230, 002, 282

Custody of Federal reserve notes, series 1914 and 1918

Federal reserve bank	On hand July 1, 1923	Received	Issued	On hand June 30, 1924
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	124, 020, 000 96, 500, 000 139, 540, 000 167, 360, 000 121, 980, 000 123, 900, 000 100, 640, 000 70, 460, 000	\$181, 660, 000 83, 260, 000 255, 920, 000 169, 720, 000 72, 240, 000 25, 620, 000 2, 860, 000 8, 520, 000 14, 740, 000 72, 780, 000	\$174, 000, 000 178, 520, 000 205, 200, 000 163, 580, 000 87, 240, 000 60, 220, 000 35, 420, 000 35, 500, 000 37, 200, 000 60, 720, 000 143, 520, 000	\$152, 060, 000 342, 460, 000 174, 740, 000 122, 640, 000 139, 540, 000 159, 960, 000 91, 340, 000 98, 660, 000 48, 380, 000 49, 320, 000 110, 500, 000
Total	1, 803, 060, 000	1, 134, 440, 000	1 1, 413, 760, 000	1, 523, 740, 000

¹ Includes \$168,000,000 delivered to Federal Reserve Issue and Redemption Division for destruction.

REGISTER OF THE TREASURY

Since February 9, 1920, when the Public Debt Service was organized, the function of retiring securities surrendered to the Treasury Department has been vested entirely in the office of the register. Appropriate control is maintained over all securities received from all sources and every precaution is taken for their safekeeping. In the fiscal year 1924 the total amount of securities received reached 89,262,042 pieces, having a face value of \$19,924,859,723.25. Bearer securities amounted to 40,630,020 pieces, aggregating \$7,110,909,632.10, while registered securities amounted to 48,632,022 pieces, representing a face value of \$12,813,950,091.15.

Securities are received under two main classifications. "Canceled securities" represent securities not affecting the principal of the public debt and are surrendered upon interchange transactions with the general public, such as denominational exchange, conversion, etc., and the securities so retired have no direct bearing on the net amount outstanding. The other group, known as "redeemed securities," are those securities which have been paid and represent an actual reduction in the public debt.

Since the establishment of the Federal reserve system a great many duties hitherto performed directly by the Treasury Department have been delegated to the Federal reserve banks as fiscal agents. The general public can in this manner be served more efficiently and with greater facility since the banks are situated in important financial centers. The successful flotation of the Liberty loans may be accredited in large measure to the assistance rendered by the Federal reserve banks. Canceled securities, including unissued stock, as described above, are received directly from the banks and the Division of Loans and Currency, appropriate credit being allowed. Redeemed securities, on the other hand, are received through the office of the Treasurer of the United States, and upon receipt are given a final audit, certification of which is forwarded to the Comptroller General of the United States. The register's office bears the responsibility for the accuracy of the accounts in connection with the securities received and the Treasurer of the United States is thus cleared through the register's certification to the Comptroller General.

Approximately one-half of the personnel was engaged in auditing interest coupons. The greater part of these coupons are "paid" coupons which have been detached from the bonds as interest became due, and collected in regular course through banks. In addition, matured coupons are clipped from bonds prior to issue by either the Federal reserve banks or the Division of Loans and Currency and these are returned to the register's office for credit.

Records are kept both by pieces and amounts on all securities by issue or series, loans, transactions, denominations, paying dates, etc., and numerical registers are maintained covering the final disposition of all bearer securities (except Treasury savings securities), representing the principal of the public debt. These bearer securities are identified by means of serial numbers which are imprinted on them by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and upon retirement appropriate data in connection therewith are recorded opposite the corresponding numbers in the numerical registers. The total number of entries, including those originally entered on bond registers and later transcribed to the bond coupon registers, amounts to 160,054,129; 19,754,928 entries were made during the fiscal year 1924.

The personnel has been reduced from 1,091 to 894 clerks during the fiscal year 1924. This reduction in force has made necessary closer cooperation between the employees and the divisions, but the work of the office is practically on a current basis. The functions of auditing canceled and redeemed securities have been combined, the division of paid (redeemed) securities being consolidated with the division of canceled securities. Improvements have been effected in the accounting procedure, principally in the division of accounts, which maintains an accurate control over pieces as well as amounts of securities functioned.

The following statement shows comparative figures covering classes, pieces, and amounts of retired securities received, examined, and filed in the register's office during the fiscal years 1923 and 1924. With the exception of matured war-savings stamps redeemed, and paidinterest coupons covering three settlement months, April, May, and June, the figures below represent securities that have been given final audit and delivered to the files.

Summary of securities received, examined, and filed in the register's office during the fiscal years ended June 30, 1923 and 1924

		1923	1924		
Class of securities	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	
Redeemed: Bearer—					
United States securities— Pre-war loans Liberty loans Treasury bonds Treasury notes Certificates of indebtedness. Treasury (war) savings securities Interest coupous Securities not affecting public debt—	205 5, 275, 052 8 10, 132 309, 026 131, 682, 953 75, 359, 618	\$30,540.00 1,744,986,500.00 8,000.00 143,339,500.00 1,933,403,000.00 607,708,520.42 759,048,525.01	136 733, 256 6 94, 656 190, 276 1,228,539,395 54, 650, 448	\$7,510.00 560,767,300.00 6,000.00 356,973,000.00 1,415,667,000.00 1,2 153,558,229.73 723,049,604.16	
District of Columbia loans. District of Columbia inter-	53	13, 450. 00	85	22,700.60	
est coupons	1,344	6, 999. 33	1,242	6,807.86	
Total	212, 638, 391	5, 188, 545, 034. 76	27, 130, 710	2, 902, 941, 692. 29	
Registered— United States securities— Pre-war loans	28, 768 794, 428 466 3, 251, 666	48, 562, 200, 00 360, 914, 550, 00 3, 163, 000, 000, 00 33, 646, 228, 84	675, 875 46, 387 48 144, 813, 937	3, 173, 341, 337, 26 29, 219, 050, 00 822, 500, 000, 00 1 265, 644; 456, 54	
Interest checks (Liberty loans) Interest checks (matured	256	3, 054. 91	. 34	152. 93	
pre-war loans) Securities not affecting public debt:	122	816. 23			
District of Columbia loans Miscellaneous loans 3	49	117,000.00	4, 197 12, 937	7, 132, 000. 00 71, 459, 012. 00	
District of Columbia interest checks	. 278	169, 761. 50	263	156, 895. 25	
Total	4,076,033	3, 606, 413, 611. 48	45, 553, 678	4, 369, 452, 903. 98	
Total redeemed	216, 714, 424	8, 794, 958, 646. 24	72, 684, 388	7, 272, 394, 596. 27	
Retired on account of exchanges for other securities, etc.: Bearer— United States securities— Pre-war loans	2, 190 10, 201, 454 113, 579 191, 086	1, 428, 810. 00 2, 515, 542, 850. 00 172, 989, 700. 00 903, 704, 200. 00	8, 713 6, 861, 848 73, 489 230, 132	15, 333, 550. 00 1, 390, 497, 750. 00 118, 573, 400. 00 1, 099, 234, 500. 00	
Interim certificates (Lib- erty loans) Certificates of indebtedness. Treasury (war) savings	763 472, 304	65, 450. 00 2, 111, 912, 000. 00	288 265, 291	31, 400. 00 1, 292, 312, 500. 00	
securities Interest coupons Securities not affecting public	2, 342, 466 7, 352, 139	2, 386, 345. 25 251, 244, 430. 71	324, 315 5, 728, 337	474, 142. 00 268, 917, 697. 81	
debt— Insular possessions loans	21, 305	21, 305, 000. 00	6, 897	22, 593, 000. 00	
Total	20, 697, 286	5, 980, 578, 785. 96	13, 499, 310	4, 207, 967, 939. 81	

¹ In adjustment of unaudited figures inserted in nonregistered stamps in 1923 annual report, 44,221,209 stamps, amounting to \$221,106,045, have been transferred from nonregistered to registered account.

² Counter entry; deduct.

³ Includes United States railway loans, soldiers' and sailors' relief bonds, and Cherokee certificates.

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Summary of securities received, examined, and filed in the register's office during the fiscal years ended June 30, 1923 and 1924—Continued

		1923	1924		
Class of securities	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	
Retired on account of exchanges for other securities, etc.—Continued. Registered—					
United States securities— Pre-war loans Liberty loans Treasury bonds Certificates of indebtedness. Treasury (war) savings	14, 252 1, 022, 008 2, 038 10	\$56, 232, 830. 00 1, 225, 828, 750. 00 7, 216, 400. 00 3, 967, 000. 00	2, 024, 633 496, 760 3, 608 300	\$7, 221, 398, 871. 17 573, 867, 800. 00 20, 253, 600. 00 75, 000, 000. 00	
securities	715, 298	82, 314, 415. 00	438, 049	95, 532, 940. 00	
Insular possessions loans District of Columbia loans. Miscellaneous loans 5	23, 634 165	67, 509, 000. 00 677, 000. 00	15, 274 20, 569 79, 151	34, 401, 000. 00 62, 750, 300. 00 361, 292, 676. 00	
Total	1, 777, 405	1, 443, 745, 395. 00	3, 078, 344	8, 444, 497, 187. 17	
Total retired account ex- change, etc	22, 474, 691	7, 424, 324, 180. 96	16, 577, 654	12, 652, 465, 126. 98	
Recapitulation: Bearer— United States securities—	,	٩			
Pre-war loans. Liberty loans. Treasury bonds. Treasury notes. Interim certificates (Lib-	2, 395 15, 476, 506 113, 587 201, 218	1, 459, 350. 00 4, 260, 529, 350. 00 172, 997, 700. 00 1, 047, 043, 700. 00	8,849 7,595,104 73,495 324,788	15, 341, 060. 00 1, 951, 265, 050. 00 118, 579, 400. 00 1, 456, 207, 500. 00	
erty loans) Certificates of indebtedness.	763 781, 330	65, 450. 00 4, 045, 315, 000. 00	288 455, 567	31, 400. 00 2, 707, 979, 500. 00	
Treasury (war) savings securities. Interest coupons. Securities not affecting public	134, 025, 419 82, 711, 757	610, 094, 865. 67 1, 010, 292, 955. 72	28, 215, 080 60, 378, 785	4 153, 084, 087, 73 991, 967, 301, 97	
debt— Insular possessions loans District of Columbia loans. District of Columbia in-	21, 305 53	21, 305, 000. 00 13, 450. 00	6, 897 85	22, 593, 000. 00 22, 700. 00	
terest coupons	1,344	6, 999. 33	1, 242	6, 807. 86	
Total	233, 335, 677	11, 169, 123, 820. 72	40, 630, 020	7, 110, 909, 632. 10	
Registered— United States securities— Pre-war loans Liberty loans Treasury bonds. Certificates of indebtedness. Treasury (war) savings se-	43,020 1,816,436 2,038 476	104, 795, 030, 00 1, 586, 743, 300, 00 7, 216, 400, 00 3, 166, 967, 000, 00	2,700,508 543,147 3,608 348	10, 394, 740, 208, 43 603, 086, 850, 00 20, 253, 600, 00 897, 500, 000, 00	
curities	3, 966, 964 256	115, 960, 643. 84 3, 054. 91	45, 251, 986 34	361, 177, 396. 54 152. 93	
Interest checks (matured pre-war loans)	122	816. 23	<u>-</u>		
Insular possessions loans District of Columbia loans	23, 634 214	67, 509, 000. 00 794, 000. 00	15, 274 24, 766 92, 088	34, 401, 000. 00 69, 882, 300. 00 432, 751, 688. 00	
Miscellaneous loans District of Columbia interest checks	278	169, 761. 50	263	156, 895. 2	
Total	5, 853, 438	5, 050, 159, 006. 48	48, 632, 022	12, 813, 950, 091. 1	
Grand total	239, 189, 115	16, 219, 282, 827. 20	89, 262, 042	19, 924, 859, 723. 25	

Counter entry; deduct.
 Includes United States railway loans, soldiers' and sailors' relief bonds, and Cherokee certificates.

DIVISION OF DEPOSITS

The following statements indicate the number of depositaries maintained by the Treasury, other than the Treasurer of the United States, and the amount of public moneys held by such depositaries on the basis of revised Treasury statements, at the end of the fiscal years 1923 and 1924:

Number of depositaries

	June 30, 1923	June 30, 1924
Federal land banks. Federal reserve banks (including branches). Special depositaries. Foreign depositaries. General national-bank depositaries. Limited national-bank depositaries. Limited depositaries (including Philippine treasury).	8, 110 11 312 881	12 12 7,815 10 304 885 6
Total	9, 343	9, 044

Amount of deposits

	June 30, 1923	June 30, 1924
Deposits in Federal land banks Deposits in Federal reserve banks and branches	\$33, 681, 278, 26	\$1,000,000.00 43,250,226,26
Deposits in special depositaries. Deposits in foreign depositaries:	297, 832, 343. 40	162, 091, 572. 40
To credit of Treasurer of the United States. To credit of other Government officers.	150, 539. 16 666, 591. 79	135, 907. 47 244, 349. 32
Deposits in national-bank depositaries: To credit of Treasurer of the United States. To credit of other Government officers	6, 854, 423. 67 19, 299, 629, 40	6, 505, 701. 29 18, 876, 956, 49
Deposits in insular depositaries: To credit of Treasurer of the United States.	453, 536. 45	316, 128. 63
To credit of other Government officers. Deposits in Philippine treasury to credit of Treasurer of the United States.	1, 101, 417. 70 986, 823. 60	1, 145, 748. 78 732, 487. 25
Total	361, 026, 583. 43	234, 299, 077. 89

Changes affecting the depositary system during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, were as follows:

General national-bank depositaries of public moneys

As a result of two complete analyses of the depositary accounts of general national-bank depositaries during the fiscal year 25 general depositaries, authorized to maintain fixed balances to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States in the aggregate amount of \$207,000, were discontinued, and the fixed balances of 27 general depositaries were reduced in the amount of \$624,000, making a total reduction of \$831,000. Additional general national-bank depositaries to the number of 17 were designated with authority to carry fixed balances to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States totaling \$241,000, and the fixed balances of 17 general depositaries were increased in the amount of \$337,000. The net

reduction in the number of general national-bank depositaries during the fiscal year, therefore, totaled 8, while the net reduction in the amount of the fixed balances was \$253,000.

Limited national-bank depositaries of public moneys

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, 60 additional limited national-bank depositaries were designated and 56 such depositaries were discontinued. One hundred and ninety-one limited depositaries qualified by the deposit of requisite collateral to accept increased deposits made by United States courts and their officers and by postmasters for credit in their official checking accounts, while reductions were made in the case of 100 limited depositaries as a result of the withdrawal of collateral security by such depositaries.

Insular depositaries of public moneys

One additional insular depositary of public moneys was designated at Panama during the fiscal year. The six insular depositaries maintained by the Treasury at the close of the fiscal year were located as follows: One in the Canal Zone, two in Panama, two in Porto Rico, and one in the Philippine Islands.

Special depositaries of public moneys

One hundred and ten banks were designated and 405 banks were discontinued as special depositaries of public moneys during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924. Of the 7,815 special depositaries of public moneys maintained by the Treasury at the close of the fiscal year, June 30, 1924, 3,889 were national banks and 3,926 were State banks and trust companies.

Foreign depositaries of public moneys

One foreign depositary located in China was discontinued during the fiscal year. Accordingly, there were 10 foreign depositaries maintained by the Treasury on June 30, 1924, four of which were in England, three in France, one in Italy, one in China, and one in Haiti.

Deposits in Federal land banks

Under the provisions of section 32 of the act approved July 17, 1916, as amended July 1, 1921, the Treasury made temporary deposits aggregating \$5,000,000 with Federal land banks during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, all of which deposits, with the exception of one in the amount of \$1,000,000, were repaid to the Treasury prior to June 30, 1924. This deposit was repaid to the Treasury on July 9, 1924.

SECRET-SERVICE DIVISION

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, 893 persons were arrested by the secret-service agents, or by their direction, for the manufacture or circulation of counterfeit currency and other obligations and securities of the United States. Of those arrested, 423 have been convicted and 296 are still awaiting action by the courts.

Twenty-four new counterfeit note issues were discovered in circulation. The majority of these were so poorly made that their circulation was very limited and secret-service agents were able to suppress them promptly. Counterfeit and altered notes amounting to \$219,358.10 were seized, two-thirds of the amount in connection with the arrests of the makers. Spurious Italian public debt bonds amounting to 640,000 lire were also seized and three persons responsible for circulating them were arrested and convicted.

There were confiscated during the year \$11,328.20 in counterfeit coins, 325 note plates, 8 sets of dies, 65 metal and plaster of Paris molds, and a large amount of miscellaneous materials, including bleached note paper, bogus Treasury checks, imitation California gold coins, internal-revenue strip stamps, and apparatus and materials fitted and intended for use in counterfeiting, such as presses, plating outfits, inks, paints, acids, ladles, and melting pots.

The secret-service division conducted investigations of 1,793 forged check cases, 430 fraudulent bond cases, 40 war-savings stamp cases, and a number of miscellaneous matters relating to the Treasury Department and its several branches.

DIVISION OF PRINTING AND STATIONERY

Printing and binding

There was a reduction of 479 in the number of requisitions on the Public Printer for printing and binding during the fiscal year 1924 compared with 1923 and a consequent reduction of \$43,904.19 in the net cost for printing and binding for the same period.

The larger appropriation of \$930,000 for 1924, as compared with \$500,000 for 1923, for printing and binding was to take care of additional printing and binding which had been reimbursed from other appropriations in previous years. It will be seen from the statement following that there was a net decrease of \$445,421.34 in reimbursed expenditures for 1924 and an increase of \$401,517.15 in the regular allotment expenditures, showing a net decrease of \$43,904.19.

In the table following will be found a statement of appropriations, details of expenditures, etc., shown by bureaus and offices.

Appropriations, expenditures, and reimbursements for printing and binding

	Fiscal year 1923	Fiscal year 1924	Increase	Decrease
AppropriationReimbursements.	\$500,000.00	\$930, 000. 00 [']	\$430,000.00	
Reimbursements	575, 474. 29	130, 052. 95		\$445, 421. 3
Total credits Total expenditures	1,075,474.29 1,013,111.40	1,060,052.95 969,207.21		15, 421. 3 43, 904. 1
Balance	62, 362. 89	90, 845. 74	28, 482, 85	
EXPENDITURES BY BU	REAUS, OFF	ICES, AND	DIVISIONS	
Secretary, Undersecretary, and Assistant				
secretary, Undersecretary, and Assistant Secretaries Appointment Division Bookkeeping and Warrants Division Bureau of Engraving and Printing Bureau of Supply Bureau of Supply Chief clerk and superintendent Commissioner of Accounts and Deposits Committee on enrollment and disbarment Committee of the Currency	\$7,500.76	\$8,863.32 944.22	\$1,362.56	
Appointment Division	1, 194. 94 14, 418. 16	10, 172, 77	449.89	\$250.7 4 245.3
Bureau of Engraving and Printing	9, 110. 12	6, 741. 10		4, 245. 3 2, 369. 0
Bureau of Supply	2, 193. 26	2, 643. 15 25, 827. 11 2, 083. 00	449.89	
Bureau of the Budget	2, 536. 52	25, 827. 11	25, 827. 11	453, 5
Commissioner of Accounts and Deposits	71.64	119.19	47.55	400.0
Committee on enrollment and disbarment		156.05	156.05	
Comptroller of the Currency	27, 787. 29	18, 778. 13		9,009.1
Comptroller of the Currency Custodians of public buildings Customs Division	27, 787, 29 3, 006, 65 68, 783, 61	1, 603. 62 64, 015. 73		1,403.0
		622.56		9,009.1 1,403.0 4,767.8 323.9
Distring derivations of Deposits Federal Farm Loan Bureau Jeneral Supply Committee Jovernment Actuary Internal Revenue Bureau Loans and Currency Division.	14.75	46.44	31.69	
Federal Farm Loan Bureau	2, 962. 24	5,043.67	2,081.43	
Jeneral Supply Committee	23, 801. 89 1, 239. 55	18, 313. 45	186, 68	5, 488. 4
nternal Revenue Bureau	98, 825, 30	1,426.23 468,005.66	369, 180. 36	
Loans and Currency Division	2, 418. 64	2.504.41	85.77	
Mint Bureau	6,416.38	5, 787. 12	000.07	629. 2
National Dank depositaries	2,487.96 495.31	2, 824. 33 325. 92	336.37	169.3
Public Debt Service	450.01	26, 366, 97	26, 366. 97	100.0
Public Health Service	89, 595. 15	26, 366. 97 93, 099. 49	3,504,34	
Doans and Currency Division. Mational bank depositaries	584.65	628.06 724.31	43.41	
Supervising Architect	288.47 3,757.86	1,868.68	435.84	1,889.1
Tax Simplification Board	5.05	l '		5.0
Register of the Treasury Secret Service Supervising Architect. Pax Simplification Board Freasurer of the United States Junited States Coast Guard Miscellaneous	5.05 12,030.70	10, 575. 71 24, 230. 46 34, 813. 40	8, 128. 62	5.0 1,454.9
United States Coast Guard	16, 101, 84 39, 061, 92	24, 230, 46	8, 128. 62	4, 248, 5
Total	437, 637. 11	839, 154. 26	438, 224, 64	36, 707. 4
Net increase			401, 517. 15	
REIMBURSI	d expeni	DITURES		
Agricultural Credits Corporation	\$340.99			\$340. 9
Agricultural Credits Corporation	834.78	\$898.47	\$63.69	
Bureau of the Budget	5, 733. 59			5, 733. 5
Chief Coordinator	88. 81 1, 127. 61			88. 8 1, 127. 6
Contingent expenses, national currency	542.14	558.49	16.35	1,121.0
Contingent expenses, national currency Customs service blank forms	37, 595. 20	39, 054, 56	1,459.36	
ederal farm loan banks	498.01	138.64		359.3
Reneral Supply Committee	91. 84 584. 50	1, 551. 83	967.33	91.8
nternal Revenue Bureau	377, 231, 13	1, 001. 00		377, 231. 1
Vational bank examiners	377, 231. 13 11, 978. 55	9, 469. 58		2, 508. 9
Pederal farm Ioan banks General Supply Committee nsolvent national bank fund nternal Revenue Bureau Vational bank examiners Vational Bank Redemption Agency	4, 249, 98 (9, 816, 99	5, 567. 01	
	133, 990. 76	68, 349. 09		65,641.6 260.6
Public Health Service	320.66 265.74	60.00 155.30		200. 6 110. 4
Total	575, 474. 29	130, 052. 95	8,073.74	453, 495. 0
Net decrease				445, 421, 3

Postage

Appropriations, expenditures, and unexpended balances on account of postage for the fiscal years 1923 and 1924 are shown in the following table:

	Appropri-	Expendi-	Unexpended
	ation	tures	balance
1923	\$1, 500. 00	\$1, 493. 33	\$6. 67
1924	1, 000. 00	999. 72	. 28

Department advertising

	Fiscal year		
	1923	1924	Decrease
Number of authorizations	2, 275 \$15, 871. 45	2, 036 \$14, 982. 03	239 \$889. 42

It will be seen from the above that there was an expenditure of \$14,982.03 for department advertising for the fiscal year 1924. expenditure was made by States, Territories, and insular possessions as follows: Alabama, \$56.11; Alaska, \$10.50; Arizona, \$218.81; Arkansas. \$17.50; California, \$868.10; Colorado, \$218.65; Connecticut. \$24.72; District of Columbia, \$241.57; Florida, \$265.21; Georgia, \$112.70; Hawaii, \$170.17; Illinois, \$1,990.41; Indiana, \$44.64; Iowa, \$69.67; Kentucky, \$27.30; Louisiana, \$274.68; Maine, \$63.64; Maryland, \$836; Massachusetts, \$558.65; Michigan, \$464.27; Minnesota, \$178.95; Mississippi, \$21.04; Missouri, \$334.64; Montana. \$191.77; Nebraska, \$30.30; Nevada, \$18.60; New Hampshire, \$2.08; New Jersey, \$25.10; New Mexico, \$25.56; New York, \$3,051.70; North Carolina, \$315.39; North Dakota, \$17.02; Ohio, \$256.58; Oregon, \$104.36; Pennsylvania, \$2,355.58; Porto Rico, \$88.91; South Carolina, \$27.08; Tennessee, \$103.66; Texas, \$519.12; Utah, \$3.12; Vermont, \$402.55; Virginia, \$49.33; Washington, \$268.69; West Virginia, \$5.50; Wisconsin, \$48.06; Wyoming, \$4.04.

DISBURSING CLERK

The following is a summary of the work performed by the office of the disbursing clerk during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924:

	Number	Amount
Disbursements: Checks (salaries, expenses, supplies, etc.) Cash (salaries) Checks (refunding taxes illegally collected) Total.	704, 051	\$50, 311, 513, 34 7, 787, 402, 97 133, 960, 102, 51 192, 059, 018, 82
Collections on account of rents, sales, etc. Vouchers paid	202, 410	178, 771. 10

The cash payments and the checks for salaries, expenses, supplies, etc., cover disbursements for all bureaus and divisions of the Treasury Department in the District of Columbia (except the Bureau of Engraving and Printing), and a large portion of the salaries and expenses outside the District of Columbia under the Public Health Service, the Supervising Architect's Office, the Bureau of Internal Revenue, the Federal Farm Loan Board, the Comptroller of the Currency, the Coast Guard, the Secret Service, the Customs Division, and the Division of Loans and Currency.

Collections represent moneys received and accounted for on account of rents of buildings and sites, sales of public property, etc., under various bureaus and offices of the department.

Under the existing practice schedules of claims for refund of internal-revenue taxes illegally collected, after examination and approval by the Internal Revenue Bureau, are forwarded directly to the disbursing clerk and checks in payment thereof are issued immediately and mailed to the taxpayers. A separate account is rendered for these disbursements.

BUREAU OF SUPPLY

Department Circular 283 of March 28, 1922, and amendatory circulars of June 16, 1922, and January 9, 1923, authorized the creation of the Bureau of Supply and the consolidation therein of all activities incident to purchasing, warehousing, and distributing supplies, together with most of the accounting work in connection therewith, for all units of the Treasury Department, both in Washington and in the field (except the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, which, because of statutory restrictions, could not be included). This consolidation has proceeded gradually until the purchasing for only the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, the Coast Guard, and the Mint is now done independently of the Bureau of Supply.

To enable the Bureau of Supply to pay for supplies purchased, allotments were made to it from appropriations under the administrative control of the several bureaus, offices, and divisions of the department. The appropriations from which these allotments were made, the amounts of the allotments, and the expenditures therefrom are shown in the table following:

Allotments to and expenditures by the Bureau of Supply from appropriations to various bureaus and offices of the Treasury Department, fiscal year ended June 30, 1924

Bureaus and offices, and titles of appropriations	Allotments	Encum- brances
Chief clerk and superintendent:		
Contingent expenses, Treasury Department—		
Carpets and repairs	\$500.00	\$496.17
File holders and cases	5, 000. 00	4, 943, 55
Carpets and repairs File holders and cases Freight, telegrams, etc.	13, 000. 00	4, 943, 55 10, 230, 05
Freight, telegrams, etc. Fuel, etc. Fuel, etc. Gas, etc. Motor vehicles. Miscellaneous items. Newspaper clippings and books. Rent. Labor-saving machines. Operating expenses—	24, 000. 00	1 24, 924, 57
Eurniture, etc	5, 000. 00	4, 901. 43
Gas, etc.	24, 000. 00	23, 167, 98 4, 730, 17 14, 345, 7
Motor venicles	5, 000. 00	4, 730. 17
Massenane aliming and hears	15, 000.00 500.00	14, 345. 7
Newspaper chippings and books	14, 650. 00	493. 83
Labor-saying machines	6, 000.00	14, 650. 00 5, 694. 8
Operating expenses—	0, 000. 00	0, 094. 00
Treasury Department Anney	14, 000. 00	13, 949. 21
Annex Building, Fourteenth and B Streets NW	33, 500, 00	33, 053. 86
Treasury Department Annex Annex Building, Fourteenth and B Streets NW Darby Building	33, 500. 00 4, 000. 00	3, 981. 0
·		
Total	164, 150. 00	159, 562. 4
General Supply Committee—Transfer of office material, supplies, and	120, 000. 00	111 492 64
equipment Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants—Contingent expenses, public	120,000.00	111, 436. 68
moneys.	3, 200. 00	3, 193. 67
Public Debt Service:	30, 000. 00	00.005.10
Expenses of loans (act Sept. 24, 1917, as amended and extended)	100.00	20, 825. 18 3. 50
Public Debt Service	53, 000. 00	52, 073. 71
Total	83, 100. 00	72, 902. 39
Division of Printing and Stationery:		
Contingent expenses, Treasury Department—		
Stationery	349, 815. 00	319, 045. 61
Materials for bookbinder, Treasury Department	250.00	247. 49
Total	350, 065. 00	319, 293. 10
Treasurer of the United States—Repairs to canceling and cutting machines.	200.00	141. 77
Bureau of Internal Revenue:		
Collecting the internal revenue.	395, 285, 00	311, 279, 34
Enforcement of narcotic and national prohibition acts	125, 150. 00	124, 974. 85
Total	520, 435. 00	436, 254. 19
Public Health Service:		
Pay of personnel and maintenance of hospitals	1, 590, 000. 00	1, 568, 170. 65
Quarantine service	310, 400. 00	303, 170. 57
Quarantine service Interstate quarantine service. Maintenance of Hygienic Laboratory	850.00	363. 47
Maintenance of Hygienic Laboratory	34, 500. 00	33, 831, 94
	12, 500. 00	33, 831. 94 12, 369. 70
Preventing the spread of epidemic diseases	24, 300. 00	23, 470. 53
	5, 500. 00	4, 541. 80
Expenses, Division of Venereal Diseases	26, 000. 00	25, 658. 36
Expenses, Division of Venereal Diseases		494, 25
Preventing the spread of epidemic diseases Expenses, Division of Venereal Diseases. Control of biologic products Books.	500.00	130. 12
Expenses, Division of Venereal Diseases. Control of biologic products. Books. Studies of rural sanitation.	500. 00 300. 00	100.1
Expenses, Division of Venereal Diseases Control of biologic products Books Studies of rural sanitation Boston (Mass.), Quarantine Station	300. 00	² 708. 00
Expenses, Division of Venereal Diseases. Control of biologic products. Books. Studies of rural sanitation. Boston (Mass.), Quarantine Station. Marine hospital, Savannah, Ga. Marine hospital, Baltimore. Md	300. 00 5, 932. 14	² 708. 00 4, 811. 76
Studies of rural sanitation Boston (Mass.), Quarantine Station Marine hospital, Savannah, Ga Marine hospital, Baltimore, Md	300. 00 5, 932. 14 5, 782. 41	² 708. 00 4, 811. 76 5, 395. 29
Studies of rural sanitation Boston (Mass.), Quarantine Station Marine hospital, Savannah, Ga Marine hospital, Baltimore, Md Total	300. 00 5, 932. 14	² 708. 00 4, 811. 76
Studies of rural sanitation Boston (Mass.), Quarantine Station Marine hospital, Savannah, Ga Marine hospital, Baltimore, Md Total	300. 00 5, 932. 14 5, 782. 41 2, 016, 564. 55	2 708. 00 4, 811. 76 5, 395. 29 1, 983, 116. 44
Studies of rural sanitation Boston (Mass.), Quarantine Station Marine hospital, Savannah, Ga Marine hospital, Baltimore, Md Total	300. 00 5, 932. 14 5, 782. 41 2, 016, 564. 55	2 708. 00 4, 811. 76 5, 395. 29 1, 983, 116. 44
Studies of rural sanitation Boston (Mass.), Quarantine Station Marine hospital, Savannah, Ga Marine hospital, Baltimore, Md Total	300. 00 5, 932. 14 5, 782. 41 2, 016, 564. 55	2 708. 00 4, 811. 76 5, 395. 29 1, 983, 116. 44
Studies of rural sanitation Boston (Mass.), Quarantine Station Marine hospital, Savannah, Ga Marine hospital, Baltimore, Md Total	300. 00 5, 932. 14 5, 782. 41 2, 016, 564. 55 111, 000. 00 101, 500. 00 54, 300. 00	2 708. 00 4, 811. 76 5, 395. 29 1, 983, 116. 44 107, 455. 18 95, 259. 00 53, 925. 18
Studies of rural sanitation Boston (Mass.), Quarantine Station Marine hospital, Savannah, Ga Marine hospital, Baltimore, Md Total	300.00 5, 932.14 5, 782.41 2, 016, 564.55 111, 000.00 101, 500.00 54, 300.00 7, 300.00	2 708. 00 4, 811. 76 5, 395. 28 1, 983, 116. 44 107, 455. 18 95, 259. 00 53, 925. 18 7. 128. 17
Studies of rural sanitation Boston (Mass.), Quarantine Station Marine hospital, Savannah, Ga Marine hospital, Baltimore, Md Total	300. 00 5, 932. 14 5, 782. 41 2, 016, 564. 55 111, 000. 00 101, 500. 00 54, 300. 00	2 708. 00 4, 811. 76 5, 395. 28 1, 983, 116. 44 107, 455. 18 95, 259. 00 53, 925. 18 7. 128. 17
Studies of rural sanitation Boston (Mass.), Quarantine Station Marine hospital, Savannah, Ga Marine hospital, Baltimore, Md Total Supervising Architect: Repairs and preservation of public buildings Mechanical equipment for public buildings Vaults and safes for public buildings General expenses of public buildings Gruriture and repairs of same for public buildings Operating supplies for public buildings	300.00 5, 932.14 5, 782.41 2, 016, 564.55 111, 000.00 101, 500.00 54, 300.00 7, 300.00 447,000.00	2 708. 00 4, 811. 76 5, 395. 20 1, 983, 116. 44 107, 455. 18 95, 259. 00 53, 925. 18 7, 128. 17 441, 397. 22 1, 219, 901. 85
Studies of rural sanitation Boston (Mass.), Quarantine Station Marine hospital, Savannah, Ga Marine hospital, Baltimore, Md Total Supervising Architect: Repairs and preservation of public buildings Mechanical equipment for public buildings Vaults and sales for public buildings Vaults and sales for public buildings General expenses of public buildings Furniture and repairs of same for public buildings. Operating supplies for public buildings. Total	300.00 5, 932.14 5, 782.41 2, 016, 564.55 111, 000.00 101, 500.00 54, 300.00 447, 000.00 1, 220, 000.00 1, 941, 100.00	2 708. 06 4, 811. 76 5, 395. 25 1, 983, 116. 44 107, 455. 18 95, 259. 00 33, 925. 18 7, 128. 17 441, 397. 27 1, 219, 901. 83 1, 925, 066. 63
Studies of rural sanitation Boston (Mass.), Quarantine Station Marine hospital, Savannah, Ga Marine hospital, Baltimore, Md Total Supervising Architect: Repairs and preservation of public buildings Mechanical equipment for public buildings Vaults and safes for public buildings General expenses of public buildings Gruriture and repairs of same for public buildings Operating supplies for public buildings	300.00 5, 932.14 5, 782.41 2, 016, 564.55 111, 000.00 101, 500.00 54, 300.00 7, 300.00 447, 000.00 1, 220, 000.00	2 708. 06 4, 811. 76 5, 395. 26 1, 983, 116. 44 107, 455. 18 95, 259. 00 53, 925. 18 7, 128. 17 441, 397. 27 1, 219, 901. 83

Deficiency pending.
 Encumbrance from unexpended balance of 1923 allotment.
 The purchase and accounting for supplies for the Division of Customs assumed Apr. 1, 1924.

The foregoing is exclusive of purchases of supplies and equipment made for offices and services of the department where no allotments were made to this bureau to cover these purchases and the appropriation accounting was done by the offices for which the purchases were made. The table appended below shows the amount of such purchases by appropriations:

Hospital facilities for war patients	\$68, 695. 72
Sundry building appropriations	9, 580. 21
Salaries and expenses, Federal Farm Loan Board	4, 545. 62
National currency reimbursable	3, 605. 34
Insolvent national banks	1, 434. 35
Salaries and expenses, Bureau of the Budget	753. 58
Special examination of national banks	
World War Foreign Debt Commission	111. 00
Suppressing counterfeiting	74. 24
Salaries and expenses, national bank examiners	26. 45
Distinctive paper	19. 40
. m-4.1	00.050.06
Total	88, 953. 96

During the year the bureau examined and forwarded to the disbursing clerk for payment 64,760 vouchers totaling \$5,279,983.59. Cash discounts taken for prompt payment totaled \$4,832.61; 5,896 transportation vouchers for express and freight shipments were forwarded to the General Accounting Office for direct settlement.

The purchasing functions of the bureau during the fiscal year 1924 involved the preparation of 3,452 sets of specifications on which proposals could be based and the writing of 32,966 purchase orders. The figures for 1923 were 2,800 and 28,285, respectively. The increases were due to the fact that during a part of 1923 the work of several of the bureaus had not been transferred to the Bureau of Supply.

Purchases and issues of stationery supplies

The appropriation to the department for stationery for the fiscal year 1924 was \$349,815 (a decrease of \$38,635 from the amount appropriated for the preceding fiscal year), of which \$319,045.61 was expended and \$30,769.39 reverted to the Treasury. In addition, \$122,719.08 was expended for stationery items and reimbursed to the departmental appropriation from other appropriations to bureaus and services of the department. Thus, purchases of stationery supplies for the department during the year totaled \$441,764.69.

Compared with the fiscal year 1923, there was a decrease of \$63,258.87 in expenditures for stationery supplies in 1924, as shown in the following statement summarizing appropriations and expenditures for the two years:

Appropriations, expenditures, and reimbursements for stationery, fiscal years ended June 30, 1923 and 1924

	1923	1924	Decrease
Appropriations	\$388, 450. 00 125, 298. 50	\$349, 815. 00 122, 719. 08	\$38, 635. 00 2, 579. 42
Total credits	513, 748. 50 2, 400. 00	472, 534. 08	41, 214. 42
Available credits	511, 348. 50 505, 023. 56	472, 534. 08 441, 764. 69	38, 814. 42 63, 258. 87
Balance	6, 324. 94	30, 769. 39	2 24, 444. 45

¹ This act transferred the division of statistics, office of collector of customs, New York, N. Y., from the jurisdiction of the Treasury Department to that of the Department of Commerce.

² Increase.

The value of stationery issued during the year totaled \$492,032.09, of which \$122,719.08 was reimbursed from various appropriations to bureaus and services and \$369,313.01 was chargeable to the departmental appropriation for stationery. The excess in issues compared with expenditures (\$50,267.40) was met from reducing our available stock in warehouse.

The following table shows the value of stationery issued during the past two fiscal years by bureaus, offices, and services:

Issues of stationery supplies to bureaus, offices, and services of the Treasury Department, fiscal years ended June 30, 1923 and 1924

,,,							
Bureau, office, or service	appropris	direct to ation "Con- expenses, sta-	Reimbursements from other appropriations		То	Total	
	1923	1924	1923	1924	1923	1924	
Secretary, undersecretary, and							
assistants	\$937. 27	\$1,805.31		l	\$937. 27	\$1,805.31	
Appointment division	347. 16	827.08	l	1	347. 16	827. 08	
Bookkeeping and warrantsBureau of Engraving and	864.74	694.88		[864.74	694.88	
Bureau of Engraving and	•				!		
Printing	6, 829. 47	5, 595. 07			6, 829. 47	5, 595. 07	
Bureau of the Budget			\$1, 211. 01	\$1,352.60	1, 211. 01	1, 352. 60	
Bureau of Supply	8, 660. 67	1,415.52			8, 660. 67	1, 415. 52	
Chief clerk and superintendent.	1, 114. 06	1, 201. 68			1, 114. 06	1, 201. 68	
Commissioner of accounts and			l				
deposits	107. 16	98. 68			107. 16	98. 68	
Comptroller of the Currency	8, 175. 43	13, 879. 61	 		8, 175. 43	· 13, 879. 61	
Contingent expenses, national							
currency Custodians of public buildings.			608. 59	618. 52	608. 59	618. 52	
Custodians of public buildings.	1, 264. 64	1, 748. 67			1, 264. 64	1, 748. 67	
Customs service	61, 787, 15	76, 976. 24	404. 28	598.49	62, 191. 43	77, 574. 73	
Disbursing clerk	1, 101. 09	903. 68			1, 101. 09	903. 68	
Division of deposits	168. 88	147. 63	[168. 88	147. 63	
Federal Farm Loan Board		3, 125. 70			1,926.08	3, 125. 70	
Federal Reserve Board			3, 934. 31	4, 634. 57	3, 934. 31	4, 634. 57	
General supply committee	1, 793. 90				1, 793. 90	4, 756. 39	
Government actuary	54. 27	21. 15			54. 27	21. 15	
Insolvent national bank fund	-535-355-35	-007 077 00	55. 94	446. 43	55. 94	446. 43	
Internal Revenue Bureau	249, 492. 68	205, 677. 23	45, 539. 86	71, 734. 94	295, 032, 54 1, 682, 72	277, 412, 17 2, 027, 76	
Mint Bureau	1, 682. 72	2, 027. 76	4, 899. 58	4, 659, 48	1, 082. 72 4, 899. 58	4, 659, 48	
National bank examiners			4, 599. 55	4, 009. 48	4,099.00	4, 008. 40	
National Bank Redemption			0.274.20	2, 823. 34	2, 374. 30	2, 823. 34	
Agency Printing division	783. 51	233. 27	2, 374. 30	2, 823. 34	783. 51	2, 823. 34	
Public Debt Service	180. 01	200.21	65, 884, 37	35, 756, 47	65, 884, 37	35, 756, 47	
Public Health Service	37, 952, 53	17, 453. 17			38, 023. 66	17, 453, 17	
Second Pan American Confer-	31, 932, 33	11, 400. 14	71.13		30, 023. 00	11, 200. 11	
ence	(' .		64, 21	49.34	64, 21	49, 34	
Secret Service	1, 255, 41	1,067.73		10.01	1, 255. 41	1, 067. 73	
Superintendent of construc-	1, 200, 41	1,001.10			1, 200. 41	1,001.10	
tion	222, 21	327, 14	1		222. 21	327. 14	
Supervising Architect	3, 805, 80	3, 724. 91			3,805.80	3, 724. 91	
Treasurer of the United States.	11, 211, 29	10, 250, 82			11, 211, 29	10, 250, 82	
United States Coast Guard		15, 353. 69			7, 098. 52	15, 353, 69	
War Finance Corporation	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	20,000.00	250. 92	44. 90	250. 92	44. 90	
= inqueo corboratourirr					1		
Total	408, 636. 64	369, 313. 01	125, 298. 50	122, 719. 08	533, 935. 14	492, 032. 09	
						 .	

On January 1, 1924, the Bureau of Supply absorbed the blank books and forms section of the Division of Printing, and on September 10, 1923, a section of the Bureau of Internal Revenue engaged in the distribution of supplies to field offices. As a result of the consolidation of this work with similar work of the Bureau of Supply, and the adoption of the policy of utilizing freight rather than expensive mail transportation, there was a large increase in freight and express shipments of stationery and blank forms by the bureau. The weight increased from 398 tons in 1923 to 600 tons in 1924, while the number of bills of lading used increased from 1,646 to 3,817. The shipments in 1924 were packed in 6,462 boxes, crates, etc. In addition, parcel-post shipments totaled 1,527 packages, weighing 19,356 pounds, and required \$733.98 in postage for their transportation.

Since February, 1923, all freight shipments by the department have been routed by the traffic section of the Bureau of Supply. This policy has resulted in material economy in transportation expenditures.

The following statement summarizes the value of stocks of stationery maintained during the fiscal years 1923 and 1924:

	1923	1924	Increase	Decrease
On hand at beginning of fiscal year	\$173, 477. 27 505, 023. 56	\$215, 442. 22 441, 764. 69	\$41, 964. 95	\$63, 258. 87
Total Add value of articles transferred from Bureau	678, 500. 83	657, 206. 91		21, 293. 92
of Internal Revenue and Public Health Service stock rooms July 1, 1922. Surplus transferred to General Supply Committee in May, 1924.	59, 904. 08	4, 887. 93		
Value available for issueIssued during year	738, 404. 91 533, 935. 14	652, 318. 98 492, 032. 09		86, 085. 93 41, 903. 05
On hand at end of year	204, 469. 77	160, 286. 89		44, 182. 88
Inventory value June 30 1	204, 469. 77 215, 442. 22	160, 286. 89 155, 290. 37		44, 182. 88 60, 151. 88

¹ Inventory values are readjusted July 1 of each year in accordance with new prices on contracts effective on that date, and invoices are based on replacement costs at dates of shipment. Thus, increased cost of replacement on July 1, 1923, increased the inventory value of the stock, while decreased costs on July 1, 1924, decreased it.

General Supply Committee

Departmental purchases from General Supply Committee contracts increased \$274,657.34, while transfers of surplus property decreased \$174,373.81, the net increase in all purchases being \$100,283.53. The following statement summarizes these transactions during the fiscal years 1923 and 1924:

	1923	1924	Decrease or increase
Purchases from General Supply Committee contracts	\$6, 223, 961. 89	\$6, 498, 619. 23	\$274, 657. 34
	324, 376. 77	150, 002. 96	174, 373. 81

Efforts were made during the year to secure wider competition and to eliminate all unnecessary items from the general schedule of

supplies.

The disposition of the accumulated surplus material which can not be utilized in the Government was continued and \$179,613 was real-Sales of salvage material from various Government services, which is disposed of under contract, amounted to \$78,971.92. amounts, together with the transfers of surplus to other departments, show a total of \$408,587.88 deposited in the Treasury.

Statistics of the activities of the General Supply Committee are shown in the tables following:

Value of purchases reported under contracts negotiated by the Secretary of the Treasury through the General Supply Committee for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1916-1924, inclusive

Class No.	1910	6	1917		1918		1919	1920
1	61, 101, 59, 40, 81, 81, 84, 313, 248, 95, 7, 4, 324, 405, 3, 6, 63, 104,	358. 73 632. 32 775. 84 638. 34 400. 14 905. 16 594. 30 700. 24 654. 83 013. 80 585. 12 626. 88 476. 20 698. 80 377. 84 375. 75 605. 00 126. 51 923. 86 413. 51	72, 929, 44 106, 340, 26 14, 604, 65 115, 387, 46 00, 987, 31 31, 520, 352, 64 279, 391, 78 122, 937, 42 134, 928, 88 145, 928, 88 147, 604, 62 149, 88 149,	\$2, 096, 321, 53 113, 616, 94 196, 087, 94 77, 760, 43 60, 625, 93 230, 721, 80 97, 432, 97 85, 216, 89 1, 423, 139, 12 242, 403, 59 41, 360, 20 101, 381, 81 12, 831, 02 175, 893, 08 2, 867, 123, 80 1, 955, 99 26, 615, 00 1, 592, 225, 85 280, 811, 04 456, 496, 38		\$2, 103, 974, 31 138, 763, 59 78, 288, 54 102, 438, 75 54, 671, 79 174, 502, 43 31, 253, 09 100, 930, 11 1, 429, 884, 65 171, 593, 89 188, 363, 21 121, 814, 71 5, 262, 73 3, 234, 22 2, 530, 664, 35 3, 121, 64 (1) 1, 088, 558, 88 509, 022, 58 1, 485, 154, 81	163, 939, 37 63, 631, 37 158, 241, 44 142, 954, 84 116, 397, 28 999, 664, 35 458, 324, 05 207, 816, 93 161, 280, 90 21, 269, 55 38, 297, 73 1, 326, 218, 87 7, 579, 38 475, 466, 85	
Total	2, 714,	883. 17	3, 734, 9	23. 85	10, 180, 021	. 31	10, 321, 438. 18	8, 387, 420. 56
Class No.		1	921		1922		1923	1924
1		1,3	49, 091. 04 81, 574. 90 106, 881. 43 96, 875. 48 83, 308. 28 83, 775. 30 49, 400. 10 109, 588. 98 107, 640. 98 22, 896. 55 48, 757. 20 20, 692. 25 4, 444. 08 (24) 223, 516. 45 86, 263. 77 334, 976. 98 98, 234. 25		, 371, 881, 92 87, 847, 50 190, 714, 63 179, 357, 34 64, 064, 59 112, 954, 79 1124, 815, 24 204, 822, 37 99, 050, 86 32, 451, 41 4, 167, 779, 99 1, 504, 57 50, 473, 15 189, 413, 01 464, 000, 10 541, 393, 94 685, 097, 35		\$1, 395, 355. 96 88, 299. 77 187, 917. 10 1111, 762. 45 98, 682. 99 191, 409. 05 183, 099. 86 192, 563. 04 724, 315. 31 382, 231. 21 104, 535. 44 240, 303. 40 7, 003. 15 22, 444. 69 858, 537. 47 3, 018. 71 76, 772. 58 382, 308. 85 487, 259. 89 486, 180. 97 324, 376. 77	\$1, 419, 197. 94 98, 555. 86 233, 839. 35 89, 481. 42 80, 007. 80 203, 468. 87 179, 341. 14 190, 733. 65 669, 787. 33 408, 683. 87 108, 753. 32 243, 486. 19 3, 719. 91 14, 730. 42 823, 926. 75 1, 510. 05 96, 633. 21 662, 764. 81 512, 363. 95 457, 633. 39 150, 002. 96
Total		8, 3	13, 379. 65	6	5, 777, 022. 89		6, 548, 338. 66	6, 648, 622. 19

[!] No purchases. ? Not advertised ? Cost of supplies purchased from the General Supply Committee under the Executive order of December

Note.—The total purchases on classes 1 to 20, inclusive, for the fiscal year 1913 were \$2,728,767.64; 1914, \$2,382,203.52; and, 1915, \$2,557,497.54.

Specifications mailed, bids received, contracts entered into, items on which awards were made, no-award items, and samples received and retained, fiscal year ended June 30, 1924

					Contracts		No-award
Class No.	Sets of specifi- cations mailed	Bids received	Samples received	Number of contracts by classes	Items in general schedule of supplies and suppliements	Samples retained on contracts	items in general schedule of supplies and supple- ments
1	3, 124 1, 579 948 714 576 2, 234 1, 520 2, 204 1, 612 5, 094 603 316 202 52 72 29 1, 499 240 1	233 104 51 55 71 120 42 100 54 354 30 51 14 3 6 1 101	7, 265 849 933 51 1, 249 867 114 645 463 883 17 165 27	134 53 38 34 44 500 25 58 26 133 23 37 11 2 £ 1 59	2, 252 2, 216 781 1, 027 968 1, 269 605 503 1, 278 92 1, 191 68 21 1, 16 86 1, 040 661 45 145	1, 450 475 322 8 227 167 31 293 193 342 17 82 27	215 755 95 71 195 300 194 58 229 7 367 25 325 17
Total	22,620	1, 430	13, 829	768	15, 159	3, 782	2, 905

Statement of surplus property received and issued to the various Government services by the General Supply Committee July 1, 1923, to June 30, 1924

<u> </u>	1	1	
	Receipts	Iss	ues
	invoice		
	price	Cost 1	Charge 2
		Cost.	Charge.
	 		
Agriculture, Department of	\$4, 800. 49	\$19, 815. 49	\$16, 316. 78
Alien Property Custodian	1, 143, 53	843. 15	676, 66
Commerce, Department of	3, 167. 09	14, 727. 86	12, 903. 34
District of Columbia		18, 953. 19	15, 831. 26
Employees Compensation Commission.	396. 33	423. 18	177. 66
Federal Board for Vocational Education Federal Fuel Distributor	3,098.06	441.01	186. 20
Federal Fuel Distributor		704.39	562. 09
Federal Power Commission		132, 40 16, 86	109. 81
Federal Trade Commission Government Printing Office	0.016.45	3,948.64	16. 56 3, 007. 29
House of Representatives.	2, 510. 40	368. 60	309. 37
Interior Department of	7, 086. 97	13, 431, 13	11, 487, 25
Interior, Department of	801. 86	10, 101, 10	11, 1011 20
Interstate Commerce Commission	1 5. 552. 32	1, 823. 38	1, 337, 74
Justice, Department of	174. 89	11, 758. 24	8, 635. 92
Labor, Department of	1, 434. 26	2, 798. 78	2, 082. 65
Library of Congress.	107. 30	1, 505. 61	1, 076. 88
Labor, Department of Library of Congress Marine Corps National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics		763. 09	752. 86
National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics		292. 02	261. 54
Smithsonian Institution	1,035.00	210. 31 40. 33	180. 56 40. 33
National Training School for Boys	23 425 25	2, 692, 77	2, 321, 04
Pan American Union	20, 120. 20	250. 52	192. 26
Panama Canal	312, 50	1, 143, 99	1, 066, 73
Post Office Department		8, 678. 95	5, 956, 97
Railroad Administration	19, 972, 77	135. 58	118.08
Reclaimed from salvage	3, 984. 32		
Senate		1, 231. 75	923. 81
Shipping Board	25, 837. 26	4,068.80	3, 368. 04
Soldiers' Home		17.47	14.85
State Department	2, 927. 60	9, 470. 80	8, 779. 10
State, War, and Navy Buildings Tariff Commission	5, 944. 92	317. 15 4. 975. 49	297. 08 3, 896. 99
Tarin Commission	!	1 4, 373. 49	0, 890. 99

¹ Original cost as shown by transfer invoices.

Net amount of vouchers.

Statement of surplus property received and issued to the various Government services by the General Supply Committee July 1, 1923, to June 30, 1924—Continued

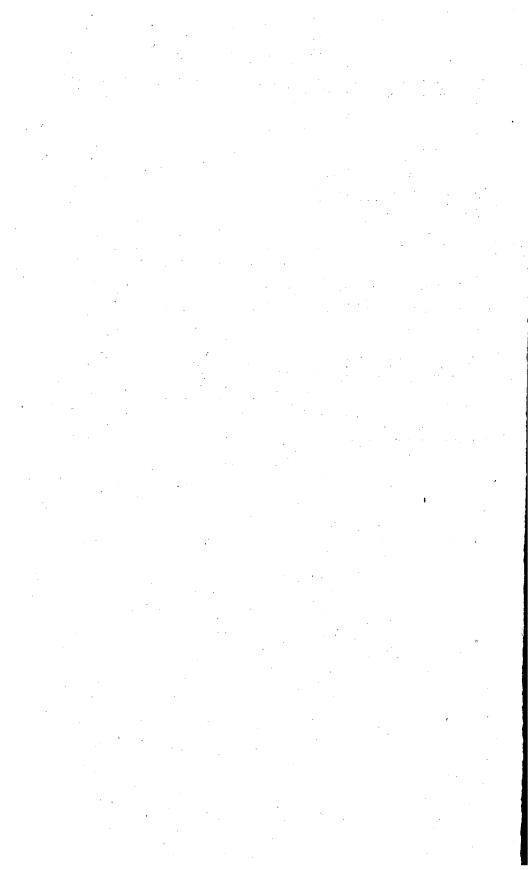
	Receipts	Issues		
	invoice price	Cost 1	Charge 2	
Treasury Department. War Department. War Finance Corporation. White House.	1	\$47, 969. 66 6, 074. 20 271. 64 121. 85 85. 00	\$36, 883. 47 4, 546. 39 236. 61 100. 47 85. 00	
United States Coal Commission United States Food Administration United States Veterans' Bureau	. 16 26, 784. 92	6, 739. 10	5, 263. 32	
Proceeds from auction sales	834, 507. 08	187, 242. 38	150, 002. 96 179, 613. 00	
Total	834, 507. 08	187, 242. 38	329, 615. 96	

¹ Original cost as shown by transfer invoices.

General Supply Committee recapitulation of surplus property stores account July 1, 1923, to June 30, 1924

Balance of stores as of June 30, 1923. \$2, 238, 771. 1 Transferred to General Supply Committee as per detailed monthly statements. 834, 507. 0	statements Discount allowed on gross sales	179, 613. 00 1, 418, 190. 25
Total3, 073, 278. 2	Total	3, 073, 278. 26
Net decrease in stores during fiscal year 1924		\$950, 538. 5 5

² Net amount of vouchers.



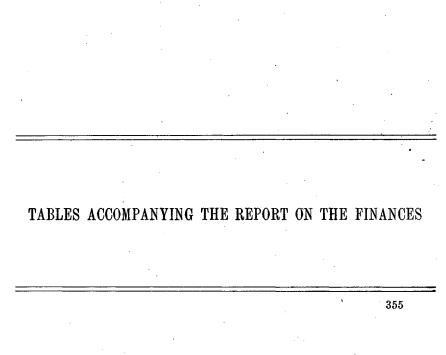


Table A.—Public debt of the United States outstanding June 30, 1924

							 	<u> </u>
Title and authorizing act	Date of loan	When redeemable or payable	Rate of interest	Interest payable	A verage price received	Amount authorized	Amount issued	Amount out- standing
INTEREST-BEARING DEBT								*
LOAN OF 1925	9			,			,	
Acts of July 14, 1870 (16 Stats. 272), as amended; Jan. 14, 1875 (18 Stats. 296).	Feb. 1, 1895	After Feb. 1, 1925	Per cent	Feb., May, Aug., and Nov. 1.	(\$104. 4946 \\$111. 166	Unlimited.	\$162, 315, 4 00. 00	\$118, 489, 900. 00
Consols of 1930								
Act of Mar. 14, 1900 (31 Stats. 48)	Apr. 1, 1900	After Apr. 1, 1930	2	Jan., Apr., July,	\$100.5116	\$839, 146, 340. 00	646, 250, 150. 00	599, 724, 050. 00
PANAMA CANAL LOAN	(4 1.1000			and Oct. 1.	4100 510			
Acts of June 28, 1902 (32 Stats. 484), and Dec.	Aug 1, 1906	After Aug. 1, 1916; on Aug. 1, 1936.	2 2	Feb., May, Aug., and Nov. 1.	\$103. 513	} 130, 000, 000. 00	54, 631, 980. 00	48, 954, 180. 00
21, 1905 (34 Stats. 5)	[Nov. 1, 1908	After Nov. 1, 1918; on Nov. 1, 1938.	3	do	\$102. 436	ľ	30, 000, 000. 00	25, 947, 400. 00
Acts of Aug. 5, 1909 (36 Stats. 117); Feb. 4, 1910 (36 Stats. 192); and Mar. 2, 1911 (36 Stats. 1013).	June 1, 1911	On June 1, 1961	3	Mar., June, Sept., and Dec. 1.	\$102. 582	290, 569, 000. 00	50, 000, 000. 00	49, 800, 000. 00
POSTAL SAVINGS BONDS				-				
Act of June 25, 1910 (36 Stats. 817)	Jan. 1, July 1, 1911–1924.	On and after 1 year; 20 years from issue.	21/2	Jan. and July 1	Par	Indefinite.	11, 893, 760. 00	11, 893, 760. 00
Conversion Bonds		nom issue.						
Act of Dec. 23, 1913 (38 Stats. 269)	Jan. 1, 1916- 1917	30 years from issue.	3	Jan., Apr., July, and Oct. 1.	Exchange.		28, 894, 500.00	28, 894, 500.00
First Liberty Loan	1911		~	and oct. 1.		,		
First 31/2's, act of Apr. 24, 1917 (40 Stats. 35)	June 15, 1917	On and after June 15, 1932; on June 15, 1947.	31/2		Par	5, 538, 945, 460. 00°	1, 989, 455, 550. 00	1, 409, 999, 000. 00
First 4's, acts of Apr. 24, 1917 (40 Stats. 35); Sept. 24, 1917 (40 Stats. 292), as amended.	Nov. 15, 1917		4	June and Dec. 15	Exchange.	1, 989, 455, 550. 00	568, 318, 450. 00	7, 172, 050.00
First 4½'s, acts of Apr. 24, 1917 (40 Stats. 35); Sept. 24, 1917 (40 Stats. 292), as amended.	May 9,1918	do	41/4		do	1, 989, 455, 550.00		530, 861, 550.00
First second 4½'s, acts of Apr. 24, 1917 (40 Stats. 35); Sept. 24, 1917 (40 Stats. 292), as amended	Oct. 24,1918	do	41/4)	-do	1, 413, 566, 550. 00	3, 492, 150. 00	3, 492, 150. 00

SECOND LIBERTY LOAN	,			ſ			[
Second 4's, act of Sept. 24, 1917 (40 Stats. 288), as amended.	Nov. 15, 1917	On and after Nov. 15, 1927; on Nov.	4	May and Nov. 15	Par	7, 538, 945, 460. 00	3, 807, 865, 000. 00	28, 445, 000. 00
Second 41/4's, act of Sept. 24, 1917 (40 Stats 288), as amended.	May 9, 1918	15, 1942. do	41/4	do	Exchange.	3, 807, 865, 000. 00		3,076,142,150.00
THIRD LIBERTY LOAN								٠.
Act of Sept. 24, 1917 (40 Stats. 288), as amended	do	On Sept. 15, 1928	41/4	Mar. and Sept. 15.	Par	8, 192, 135, 000. 00	4, 175, 650, 050. 00	2, 997, 199, 950.00
FOURTH LIBERTY LOAN								
Act of Sept. 24, 1917 (40 Stats. 288), as amended.	Oct. 24, 1918	On and after Oct. 15, 1933; on Oct. 15, 1938.	41/4	Apr. and Oct. 15	do	12,016,484,950.00	6, 964, 581, 100.00	6, 324, 495, 550.00
TREASURY BONDS		10, 1300.						
Act of Sept. 24, 1917 (40 Stats. 288), as amended.	Oct. 16, 1922	On and after Oct. 15, 1947; on Oct. 15, 1952.	41/4	do	Par'and exchange.	763, 962, 300. 00	763, 962, 300. 00	763, 948, 300. 00
TREASURY NOTES		·			÷			
Act of Sept. 24, 1917 (40 Stats. 288), as amended:		•	ı	:				
Series B-1924 Series A-1925	Sept. 15, 1921 Feb. 1, 1922	On Sept. 15, 1924 On Mar. 15, 1925	5½ 4¾	Mar. and Sept. 15.	Par and exchange.		390, 706, 100. 00 601, 599, 500. 00	377, 681, 100. 00 597, 325, 900. 00
Series A-1926. Series B-1925. Series B-1926.	Mar. 15, 1922 June 15, 1922 Aug. 1, 1922	On Mar. 15, 1926 On Dec. 15, 1925 On Sept. 15, 1926	43/4 43/8	June and Dec. 15. Mar. and Sept. 15.	Exchange.	Not exceeding \$7,500,000,000 outstanding at	617, 769, 700. 00 335, 141, 300. 00 486, 940, 100. 00	615, 707, 900. 00 299, 659, 900. 00 414, 922, 300. 00
Series C-1925_0	,	On June 15, 1925		June and Dec. 15	exchange.	any one time.	469, 213, 200. 00	406, 031, 000, 00
Series A-1927. Series B-1927.	Dec. 15, 1922 Jan. 15, 1923 May 15, 1923	On Dec. 15, 1927 On Mar. 15, 1927	41/2	Mar. and Sept 15.	do	H	366, 981, 500. 00 668, 201, 400. 00	355, 779, 900. 00 668, 201, 400. 00
CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS		٠.						,
Act of Sept. 24, 1917 (40 Stats. 288), as amended: Tax								
Series TD-1924 Series TD2-1924	Dec. 15, 1923 June 16, 1924	On Dec. 15, 1924do	$\frac{4\frac{1}{4}}{2\frac{3}{4}}$	June and Dec. 15 At maturity	Par and exchange.	\$10,000,000,000	214, 149, 000. 00 193, 065, 500. 00	214, 149, 000. 00 193, 065, 500. 00
Series TM-1925.	Mar. 15, 1924	On Mar. 15, 1925	. 4	Mar. and Sept. 15.				400, 299, 000. 00

LTABLE A.—Public debt of the United States outstanding June 30, 1924—Continued

Title and authorizing act	Date of loan	When redeemable or payable	Rate of interest	Interest payable	A verage price received	Amount authorized	Amount issued	Amount out- standing
INTEREST-BEARING DEBT-Con.				-				
TREASURY (WAR) SAVINGS SECURITIES 1								
Act of Sept. 24, 1917 (40 Stats. 288), as amended: Series 1920	Dec. 15, 1921 do Sept. 30, 1922do Dec. 1, 1923do Various	Five years from date of issuedododododododododododododododododo	3-4 31/2-41/2 3 -4 3 -4 3 -4 31/2-41/2 None	Sold at a discount; payable at par on maturity. None	Par	at any one time.		\$20, 584, 099. 95 12, 003, 926. 87 1, 825, 256. 60 99, 853, 660. 75 15, 906, 741. 90 141, 064, 348. 50 25, 778, 772. 40 92, 163, 690. 60 4, 123, 542. 09
MATURED DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS [CEASED								
OLD DEBT								
For detailed information in regard to the earlier loans embraced under this head, see Finance Report for 1876.		On demand	Various					151, 610. 26
LOAN OF 1847								•
Act of Jan. 28, 1847 (9 Stats. 118)	1847-1860	Jan. 1, 1868	6			}	² 28, 230, 350. 00	950.00
TEXAS INDEMNITY STOCK					1			
Act of Sept. 9, 1850 (9 Stats. 447)	1851	Jan. 1, 1865	5	·			5, 000, 000. 00	19, 000. 00
LOAN OF 1858			ļ			ŀ		
Act of June 14, 1858 (11 Stats. 365)	1858-1860	Jan. 1, 1874	5				20, 000, 000. 00	2, 000. 00
LOAN OF FEBRUARY, 1861 (1881s)								
Act of Feb. 8, 1861 (12 Stats. 129)	1861	Dec. 31, 1880	6	 	.l		18, 415, 000. 00	5, 000. 00

TREASURY NOTES_OF_1861	1	1	1		1		1 - 1	
Act of Mar. 2, 1861 (12 Stats. 178)	1861-1863		6				35, 364, 450. 00	2, 300. 00
OREGON WAR DEBT		after date.						
Act of Mar. 2, 1861 (12 Stats. 198)	1861-1862	July 1, 1881	6				1, 090, 850. 00	2, 250. 00
LOAN OF JULY AND AUGUST, 1861			1			,		
Acts of July 17, 1861 (12 Stats. 259); Aug. 5, 1861 (12 Stats. 316).	1861-1872	After June 30, 1881.	6				189, 321, 350. 00	15, 050. 00
Bonds of this loan continued at 3½ per cent interest and redeemable at the pleasure of the Government.	1881	Various	31/2					600. 00
SEVEN-THIRTIES OF 1861			ŀ					
Act of July 17, 1861 (12 Stats. 259)	1861-1862	Aug. 19 and Oct. 1, 1864.	710				139, 999, 750. 00	9, 300. 00
FIVE-TWENTIES OF 1862		-						
Acts of Feb. 25, 1862 (12 Stats. 345); Mar. 3, 1864 (13 Stats. 13); Jan. 28, 1865 (13 Stats. 425).	1862-1865	May 1, 1867	6				514, 771, 600. 00	105, 250. 00
TEMPORARY LOAN		·	į	!		-		
Acts of Feb. 25, 1862 (12 Stats. 346); Mar. 17, 1862 (12 Stats. 370); July 11, 1862 (12 Stats. 532); June 30, 1864 (13 Stats. 218).	1862-1868	After 10 days' no- tice.	4, 5, 6			·	716, 099, 247. 16	2, 850. 00
CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS								-
Acts of Mar. 1, 1862 (12 Stats. 352); May 17, 1862 (12 Stats. 370); Mar. 3, 1863 (12 Stats. 710).	1862-1866	1 year after date	6				561, 753, 241. 65	3, 000. 00
LOAN OF 1863		-				*		
Acts of Mar. 3, 1863 (12 Stats. 709); June 30, 1864 (13 Stats. 219).		July 1, 1881	!			1		3, 100. 00
Bonds of this loan continued at 3½ per cent interest and redeemable at the pleasure of the Government.		Various	31/2					100, 00
ONE-YEAR NOTES OF 1863					, ,			
Act of Mar. 3, 1863 (12 Stats. 710)			5			l	44, 520, 000. 00	30, 100. 00

¹ Series 1924 is on basis of Treasurer's net cash receipts and includes accrued discount. All other series on basis of sales reports. Series 1921 and 1922, issue of Dec. 15, 1921; Series 1922 and 1923, issue of Sept. 30, 1922; and Series 1923, issue of Dec. 1, 1923, include accrued discount.

² Including conversion of Treasury notes.

TABLE A.—Public debt of the United States outstanding June 30, 1924—Continued

Title and authorizing act	Date of loan	When redeemable or payable	Rate of interest	Interest payable	Average price received	Amount author- ized	Amount issued	Amount out- standing
MATURED DEBT ON WHICH INTER- EST HAS CEASED—Continued		-						
TWO-YEAR NOTES OF 1863			Per cent					
Act of Mar. 3, 1863 (12 Stats. 710)	1863-1864	2 years after date	Per cenu 5				\$166, 480, 000. 00	\$26, 700. 00
COMPOUND-INTEREST NOTES								
Acts of Mar. 3, 1863 (12 Stats. 710); June 30, 1864 (13 Stats. 218).	1864-1866	3 years from date	³ 6				266, 595, 440. 00	157, 420. 00
TEN-FORTIES OF 1864	-							
Act of Mar. 3, 1864 (13 Stats. 13)	1864-1868	Mar. 1, 1874	5				196, 118, 300. 00	18, 350. 00
FIVE-TWENTIES OF 1864								
Act of June 30, 1864 (13 Stats. 218)	1864-1867	Nov. 1, 1869	6				125, 561, 300. 00	13, 950. 00
SEVEN-THIRTIES OF 1864 AND 1865				•				
Acts of June 30, 1864 (13 Stats. 218); Jan 28, 1865 (13 Stats. 425); Mar. 3, 1865 (13 Stats 468).	1864-1868	Aug. 15, 1867 June 15, 1868 July 15, 1868	73				4 829, 992, 500. 00	120, 000. 0
FIVE-TWENTIES OF 1865								
Acts of Mar. 3, 1865 (13 Stats. 468); Apr. 12,	1865-1868	Nov. 1, 1870	6			 	203, 327, 250. 00	19, 850. 00
1866 (14 Stats. 31). Consols of 1865								
Acts of Mar. 3, 1865 (13 Stats. 468); Apr. 12, 1866 (14 Stats. 31).	1866-1868	July 1, 1870	- 6				332, 998, 950. 00	55, 350. 0
CONSOLS OF 1867			1					
Acts of Mar. 3, 1865 (13 Stats. 468); Apr. 12, 1866 (14 Stats. 31).	1867-1877	July 1, 1872	6				379, 618, 000. 00	84, 050. 0

Consols of 1868	1	1 .]				
Acts of Mar. 3, 1865 (13 Stats. 468); Apr. 12, 1866 (14 Stats. 31).	1868-1869	July 1, 1873	. 6	 		42, 539, 930. 00	3,800.00
THREE PER CENT CERTIFICATES						•	
Acts of Mar. 2, 1867 (14 Stats. 558); July 25, 1868 (15 Stats. 183).	1867-1872	Called	3	 		4 85, 155, 000. 00	5,000.00
Funded Loan of 1881						* .	
Acts of Jan 14, 1875 (18 Stats. 296); Mar. 3,1875 (18 Stats. 466); July 14, 1870 (16 Stats. 272); Jan. 20, 1871 (16 Stats. 399); Dec. 17, 1873 (18 Stats. 1).	1871–1877	May 1, 1881	5			517, 994, 150. 00	22, 400. 00 පු
Funded Loan of 1891 (Refunding)							CR.
Act of July 14, 1870 (16 Stats. 272)	1876-1878	Sept. 1, 1891	41/2	 		185, 000, 000. 00	TE
Funded Loan of 1891 (Resumption)			1			j	CRETARY 18,800.00
Act of Jan. 14, 1875 (18 Stats. 296)	1876–1878	de	41/2	 		65, 000, 000. 00	,
Funded Loan of 1907 (Refunding)							H.
Act of July 14, 1870 (16 Stats. 272)	1877-1880	July 1, 1907	4	 		710, 398, 200. 00	360, 100, 00 E
Funded Loan of 1907 (Resumption)				 			360, 100.00
Act of Jan. 14, 1875 (18 Stats. 296)	do	do	4	 		30, 500, 000. 00	TREA
Refunding Certificates			-				EAS
Act of Feb. 26, 1879 (20 Stats. 321)	1879	Called	4	 		40, 012, 750. 00	9,610.00
Funded Loan of 1881 (Continued)							R.Y.
These bonds were issued in exchange for 5 per cent bonds of the funded loan of 1881, by mutual agreement between the Secretary	1881	Various	31/2				50.00
of the Treasury and the holders, and were made redeemable at the pleasure of the Government.				 	0		
·	A T	4. 4		4 T 1 32			

⁸ Interest compounded.

⁴ Including reissues.

TABLE A.—Public debt of the United States outstanding June 30, 1924—Continued

Title and authorizing act	Date of loan	When redeemable or payable	Rate of interest	Interest payable	A verage price received	Amount author- ized	Amount issued	Amount out- standing
MATURED DEBT ON WHICH INTER- EST HAS CEASED—Continued	-					•		
Funded Loan of 1891 (Continued)			7	•				
These bonds were issued in exchange for the 4½ per cent funded loan of 1891, by mutual agreement between the Secretary of the Treasury and the holders, and were made redeemable at the pleasure of the Government.	1891	Various	Per cent				\$25, 364, 500. 00	\$1,000.00
LOAN OF JULY 12, 1882								
Act of July 12, 1882	1882-1883	do	3					200: 00
LOAN OF 1904								
Act of Jan. 14, 1875 (18 Stats. 296)	1894	On Feb. 1, 1904	5				100, 000, 000. 00	13,050.00
LOAN OF 1908-1918								
Act of June 13, 1898 (30 Stats. 467)	1898	On Aug. 1, 1918	3				198, 792, 660. 00	267, 060. 00
VICTORY NOTES						1 		;
Victory notes, 3¾	1919do	Called Dec. 15,	334 434					146,850.00 4,815,600.00
Victory notes, 434, serial letters G to L	do	1922. May 20, 1923	43/4					8, 748, 100. 00
TREASURY NOTES							·	
Treasury notes, Series A-1924	1921	On June 15, 1924	53/4				311; 191, 600. 00	12, 122, 500. 00
CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS								
Certificates of indebtedness	Various	Various	Various					2, 859, 000. 00
Total matured debt on which interest has ceased.								30, 241, 250. 26

	Authorized to be outstanding at one time	Issues or de- posits, includ- ing reissues	Authorized to be outstanding at present time	Outstanding
NONINTEREST-BEARING DEBT				
OLD DEMAND NOTES				
Acts of July 17, 1861 (12 Stats. 259); Aug. 5, 1861 (12 Stats. 313); Feb. 12, 1862 (12 Stats. 338)	\$60,000,000	4 \$60, 030, 000		\$53, 012. 50
FRACTIONAL CURRENCY				
Acts of July 17, 1862 (12 Stats. 592); Mar. 3, 1863 (12 Stats. 711); June 30, 1864 (13 Stats. 220)	50, 000, 000	4 368, 724, 080		⁵ 1, 996, 205. 04
LEGAL-TENDER NOTES				
Acts of Feb. 25, 1862 (12 Stats. 345); July 11, 1862 (12 Stats. 532); Mar. 3, 1863 (12 Stats. 710); May 31, 1878 (20 Stats 87); Mar. 14, 1900 (31 Stats. 45); Mar. 4, 1907 (34 Stats. 1290)	450, 000, 000		\$346, 681, 016	346, 681, 016. 00
NATIONAL-BANK NOTES (REDEMPTION ACCOUNT)		,		
The act of July 14, 1890 (26 Stats. 289), provides that balances standing with the Treasurer of the Unite States to the respective credits of national banks for deposits made to redeem the circulating notes of such banks, and all deposits thereaster received for like purpose, shall be covered into the Treasurer as a miscellaneou receipt, and the Treasurer of the United States shall redeem from the general cash in the Treasurery the circulating notes of said banks which may come into his possession subject to redemption, * * * and the balanc remaining of the deposits so covered shall, at the close of each month, be reported on the monthly public deb statement as debts of the United States bearing no interest.			:	43, 541, 539. 00
Total noninterest-bearing debt				392, 271, 772. 54
Total debt				21, 404, 099, 452. 46 152, 979, 025. 63
Gross debt as shown on statement of the public debt June 30, 1924				21, 251, 120, 426. 83

⁴ Including reissues.

⁸ After deducting amounts officially estimated to have been lost or irrevocably destroyed.

Table B.—Principal of the public debt at the end of each fiscal year, from 1853 to 1924,1 exclusive of gold certificates, silver certificates, currency certificates, and Treasury notes

June 30—	Interest bearing ²	Matured	Non-interest bearing	Total gross debt	Gross debt per capita
1853 1854 1855 1855 1856 1857 1858	\$59,642,412 42,044,517 35,418,001 31,805,180 28,503,377 44,743,256 58,333,156	\$162,249 199,248 170,498 168,901 197,998 170,168		\$59, 804, 661 42, 243, 765 35, 588, 499 31, 974, 081 28, 701, 375 44, 913, 424 58, 498, 381 64, 843, 831	\$2.36 1.62 1.32 1.15 1.01 1.53 1.93
1860	58, 333, 156 64, 683, 256	160, 575			2.06
1861 1862 1863 1864 1864 1865 1866 1866 1868 1868 1868	90, 423, 292 365, 356, 045 707, 834, 255 1, 360, 026, 914 2, 217, 709, 407 2, 322, 116, 330 2, 238, 954, 794 2, 191, 326, 130 2, 151, 495, 065 2, 035, 881, 095	159, 125 230, 520 171, 970 366, 629 2, 129, 425 4, 435, 865 1, 739, 108 1, 246, 334 5, 112, 034 3, 569, 664	\$158, 591, 390 411, 767, 456 455, 437, 271 458, 909, 180 429, 211, 734 409, 474, 321 390, 873, 992 388, 503, 491 397, 002, 510	90, 582, 417 524, 177, 655 1, 119, 773, 681 1, 815, 830, 814 2, 677, 929, 012 2, 755, 763, 929 2, 650, 168, 223 2, 583, 446, 456 2, 545, 110, 590 2, 436, 453, 269	2.83 16.03 33.56 53.33 77.07 77.69 73.19 69.87 67.41 63.19
1871 1872 1873 1874 1875 1876 1876 1877 1878 1879 1889	1,920,696,750 1,800,794,100 1,696,483,950 1,724,930,750 1,708,676,300 1,696,685,450 1,697,888,500 1,780,735,650 1,887,716,110 1,709,993,100	1,948,902 7,926,547 51,929,460 3,216,340 11,425,570 3,902,170 16,648,610 5,594,070 37,015,380 7,621,205	399, 406, 489 401, 270, 191 402, 796, 935 431, 785, 640 436, 174, 779 430, 258, 158 393, 222, 793 373, 088, 595 374, 181, 153 373, 294, 567	2, 322, 052, 141 2, 209, 990, 838 2, 151, 210, 345 2, 159, 932, 730 2, 156, 276, 649 2, 130, 845, 778 2, 107, 759, 903 2, 159, 418, 315 2, 208, 912, 643 2, 090, 908, 872	58,70 54,44 51,62 50,47 49,06 47,21 45,47 45,37 47,05 41,69
1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1886 1887 1888 1888 1889	1,625,567,750 1,449,810,400 1,324,229,150 1,122,563,850 1,182,150,950 1,007,692,350 936,522,500 815,853,990 711,313,110	6,723,615 16,260,555 7,831,165 19,655,955 4,100,745 9,704,195 6,114,915 2,495,845 1,911,235 1,815,555	386, 994, 363 390, 844, 689 389, 898, 603 383, 087, 639 392, 299, 474 413, 941, 255 451, 678, 029 445, 613, 311 431, 705, 286 409, 267, 919	2,019,285,728 1,856,915,644 1,721,958,918 1,625,307,444 1,5578,551,169 1,555,659,550 1,465,485,294 1,384,631,656 1,249,470,511 1,122,396,584	39. 35 35. 37 32. 07 29. 60 28. 11 27. 10 24. 97 23. 09 20. 39 17. 92
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899	610, 529, 120 585, 029, 330 585, 037, 100 635, 041, 890 716, 202, 060 847, 363, 890 847, 365, 130 847, 367, 470 1, 046, 048, 750 1, 023, 478, 860	1,614,705 2,785,875 2,094,060 1,851,240 1,721,590 1,636,890 1,346,880 1,262,680 1,218,300 1,176,320	393, 662, 736 380, 403, 636 374, 300, 606 380, 004, 687 373, 728, 570 373, 728, 570 378, 081, 703 384, 112, 913 389, 433, 654 238, 761, 733	1,005,806,561 968,218,841 961,431,766 1,016,897,817 1,096,913,120 1,222,729,350 1,226,793,713 1,232,743,063 1,436,700,704 1,263,416,913	15. 75 14. 88 14. 49 15. 04 15. 91 17. 40 17. 14 16. 90 19. 33 16. 56
1901	987, 141, 040 931, 070, 340 914, 541, 410 895, 157, 440 895, 158, 340 895, 159, 140 894, 834, 280 897, 503, 990 913, 317, 490 913, 317, 490		233, 015, 585 245, 680, 157 243, 659, 413 239, 130, 656 235, 828, 510 246, 235, 695 251, 257, 098 276, 056, 398 232, 114, 027 231, 497, 584	1, 221, 572, 245 1, 178, 031, 357 1, 159, 405, 913 1, 136, 259, 016 1, 132, 357, 095 1, 142, 522, 970 1, 147, 178, 193 1, 177, 690, 403 1, 148, 315, 372 1, 146, 939, 969	15.71 14.89 14.40 13.88 13.60 13.59 13.33 12.46 12.91

¹ Figures for 1853 to 1885, inclusive, are taken from "Statement of Receipts and Expenditures of the Government from 1855 to 1885 and Principal of Public Debt from 1791 to 1885," compiled from the official records of the Register's office. Later figures are taken from the monthly debt statements and revised figures published in the annual reports of the Secretary of the Treasury.

2 Exclusive of bonds issued to the Pacific railways (provision having been made by law to secure the Treasury against both principal and interest) and the Navy pension fund (which was in no sense a debt, the principal being the property of the United States).

3 Includes old demand notes; United States notes, less the amount of the gold reserve since 1900; postal currency and fractional currency less the amounts officially estimated to have been destroyed; and also the redemption fund held by the Treasury to retire national-bank notes of national banks failed, in liquidation, and reducing circulation, which prior to 1890 was not included in the published debt statements. Does not include gold, silver, or currency certificates or Treasury notes of 1890 for redemption of which an exact equivalent of the respective kinds of meney or bullion was held in the Treasury.

Table B.—Principal of the public debt at the end of each fiscal year, from 1853 to 1924,1 exclusive of gold certificates, silver certificates, currency certificates, and Treasury notes of 1890—Continued

June 30	Interest bearing ²	Matured	Non-interest bearing ³	Total gross debt	Gross debt per capita
911		\$1,879,830	\$236, 751, 917	\$1, 153, 984, 937	\$12.2
912		1,760,450	228, 301, 285	1, 193, 838, 505	12.4
913	965, 706, 610	1,659,550	225, 681, 585	1, 193, 047, 745	12.2
914		1, 552, 560	218, 729, 530	1, 188, 235, 400	12.0
915		1, 507, 260	219, 997, 718	1, 191, 264, 068	11.8
916	971, 562, 590	1, 473, 100	252, 109, 878	1, 225, 145, 568	11.9
917		14, 232, 230	248, 836, 878	2, 975, 618, 585	28.5
918	11, 985, 882, 436	20, 242, 550	237, 503, 733	12, 243, 628, 719	115.6
919		11, 109, 370	236, 428, 775	25, 482, 034, 419	240.0
920		6,747,700	230, 075, 350	24, 297, 918, 412	228.3
921		10, 939, 620	227, 958, 908	23, 976, 250, 608	221.8
922		25, 250, 880	227, 792, 723	22,964,079,190	209. 2
923		98, 172, 160	243, 924, 844	22,349,687,758	200. 8
924	20,981,586,430	30,241,250	239, 292, 747	21, 251, 120, 427	188.

¹ Figures for 1853 to 1885, inclusive, are taken from "Statement of Receipts and Expenditures of the Government from 1855 to 1885 and Principal of Public Debt from 1791 to 1885," compiled from the official records of the Register's office. Later figures are taken from the monthly debt statements and revised figures published in the annual reports of the Secretary of the Treasury.

² Exclusive of bonds issued to the Pacific railways (provision having been made by law to secure the Treasury against both principal and interest) and the Navy pension fund (which was in no sense a debt, the principal being the property of the United States).

³ Includes old demand notes; United States notes, less the amount of the gold reserve since 1909; postal currency and fractional currency less the amounts officially estimated to have been destroyed; and also the redemption fund held by the Treasury to retire national-bank notes of national banks failed, in liquidation, and reducing circulation, which prior to 1890 was not included in the published debt statements. Does not include gold, silver, or currency certificates or Treasury notes of 1890 for redemption of which an exact equivalent of the respective kinds of money or bullion was held in the Treasury.

TABLE C.—United States interest-bearing debt outstanding at end of each month from February 28, 1917, to August 31, 1924
[000,000 omitted]

_																				
Date	Pre- war loans	First 3½'s	First 4's	First 4½'s	First second 4½'s	Second 4's	Second 41's	Third 4½'s	Fourth 41/2's	Total Lib- erty bonds	Treas- ury bonds 1947- 52	Vic- tory 43's	Vic- tory 33's	Treas- ury notes	Loan and tax certifi- cates of in- debted- ness	Pitt- man Act certifi- cates	Special certifi- cates of in- debted- ness	Treas- ury (war) sav- ings securi- ties 1	Total short- term debt	Total in- terest- bearing debt
1917 Feb. 28 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 June 30 July 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30	\$973 1,023 1,023 1,024 974 974 974 974 974	\$1,466 1,529 1,923 1,976 1,977				\$267 2,813				\$1,466 1,529 1,923 1,976 2,244 4,790					668 273 550				\$265 668 273 550 1,076 2,315 1,879	\$973 1,023 1,288 1,692 2,713 2,503 3,447 4,026 5,533 7,643
Dec. 31 1918 Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 30 May 31 June 30. July 31 Aug. 31 Aug. 31 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31	974 974 974 974 966 966 962 898 893 893 893	1,987 1,987 1,987 1,987 1,989 21,989 21,989 21,989 21,989 21,414 1,414				3,450 3,806 3,807 3,808 3,747 3,747 3,747 3,747 3,697 3,635 822 821		\$246 3,044 3,228 3,778 4,153 4,146 4,100 4,054 4,054	\$19 3,524 5,423	5,437 5,793 5,794 5,795 6,007 8,777 8,964 9,514 9,889 9,851 13,248 15,078 15,697							\$60 190 79	\$14 45 87 144 203 260 350 350 670 760 847 908 975	1,429 2,556 3,395 4,139 2,836 2,056 2,703 3,569 4,884 4,194 3,180 4,231	7,116 8,196 9,324 10,164 11,112 12,579 11,986 13,179 14,356 15,633 18,335 19,151 20,821
1919 Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 June 30 July 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31	. 883 . 883 . 883 . 883 . 883 . 883 . 883 . 883	1,414 1,414 1,414 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410	190 190 188 183 179 168 166 165 164	385 385 383 388 392 403 405 406 408 411	\$3 3 3 3 3 3	821 821 810 785 718 704 695 688 680 658	2,792 2,792 2,772 2,782 2,849 2,862 2,871 2,879 2,846 2,869	4,056 4,007 3,973 3,973 3,959 3,959 3,959 3,954 3,931 3,904	6,745 6,913 6,809 6,810 6,89 6,795 6,785 6,714 6,680 6,614	16, 403 16, 522 16, 349 16, 334 16, 319 16, 304 16, 294 16, 219 16, 122 16, 029					4,230 5,504 5,414 5,988 4,944 3,264 3,314 3,938	123 130 143 157 167 179 196 220 241 256	302 175 177 111 111 182 35 43 34 16	1,013 1,005 993 981 966 954 942 932 919	5,668 6,814 6,727 7,360 8,467 8,047 8,379 9,247 8,934 9,058	22, 954 24, 219 23, 959 24, 577 25, 669 25, 234 25, 556 26, 349 25, 939 25, 970

Nov. 30 Dec. 31	883 883	1,410 1,410	147 140	404 411	3 3	577 573	2,860 2,854	3,826 3,781	6,594 6,574	15,821 15,746	4 4, 49	3		3,462 3,260	258 259	57 57	903 896	9,173 8,966	25,877 25,595
Jan. 31 Feb. 29 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 June 30 July 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31	884 884 884 884 884 884 884 884 884 884	1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410	139 139 132 115 97 66 55 48 43 37 33 30	410 409 415 425 442 473 484 491 497 502 506 509	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	570 569 541 463 294 240 209 189 170 153 137	2,849 2,837 2,863 2,930 3,046 3,085 3,116 3,136 3,154 3,171 3,187 3,198	3,747 3,739 3,779 3,779 3,678 3,663 3,661 3,659 3,659 3,649 3,649 3,649	6,559 6,535 6,533 6,515 6,414 6,395 6,394 6,394 6,365 6,365 6,364 6,364	15, 687 15, 641 15, 617 15, 571 15, 384 15, 335 15, 332 15, 230 15, 290 15, 289 15, 286	1 4, 49 4 4, 45 4 4, 40 4 4, 28 3 , 42 3 , 43 3 , 45 3 , 45 3 , 45 3 , 45 3 , 45	9		3,125 2,936 2,278 2,734 2,837 2,486 2,433 2,571 2,348 2,348 2,348 2,347 2,475 2,300	259 259 259 259 259 259 259 259 259 259	88 107 130 1 269 24 20 33 33 33 33	886 876 864 853 840 827 816 806 795 784 772 757	8,853 8,637 7,954 8,252 8,468 7,842 7,769 7,676 7,651 7,766 7,575	25, 424 25, 162 24, 455 24, 736 24, 736 24, 061 23, 985 24, 091 23, 853 23, 853 23, 839 23, 745
Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 June 30 July 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31	884 884 884 884 884 884 884 884 884 884	1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410	28 26 25 23 20 18 17 16 16 15	511- 513 514 516 519 521 522 523 523 524 524		116 109 102 97 87 78 75 73 70 68 66 64	3, 207 3, 213 3, 220 3, 222 3, 230 3, 241 3, 243 3, 244 3, 246 3, 248 3, 249	3,646 3,645 3,645 3,643 3,611 3,610 3,610 3,609 3,609 3,593	6, 363 6, 362 6, 360 6, 359 6, 355 6, 354 6, 353 6, 351 6, 350 6, 349	15, 282 15, 279 15, 274 15, 269 15, 235 15, 231 15, 221 15, 226 15, 226	3, 49 3, 46 3, 42 3, 39 3, 38 3, 37 3, 38 3, 30 3, 31 3, 30 3, 11 3, 09	4 686 678 6 673 1 661 3 641 1 615 4 602 2 557 8 537 0 498	\$311 311 311 702 702 702 702	2,351 2,484 2,475 2,548 2,572 2,450 2,322 2,542 2,307 1,932 2,162 2,083	259 254 247 239 227 216 209 194 172 146 126 113	33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33	744 733 722 713 703 694 687 679 672 664 657 651	7,588 7,654 7,578 7,602 7,557 7,618 7,418 7,565 7,562 7,089 7,255 7,097	23,756 23,820 23,741 23,760 23,7710 23,737 23,535 23,685 23,675 23,199 23,364 23,188
1922 Jan. 31 Feb. 23 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 June 30 July 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31	884 884 884 884 884 884 884 884 884 884	1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410	14 14 13 13 13 13 12 12 12 12 12	524 525 525 526 526 526 526 527 527 527 527	n n n n n n n n n n n n n	62 61 59 58 56 55 54 52 51 50 49	3, 251 3, 251 3, 253 3, 254 3, 255 3, 256 3, 257 3, 258 3, 251 3, 232 3, 220 3, 221	3,592 3,591 3,567 3,532 3,507 3,474 3,474 3,472 3,459 3,456 3,448	6,349 6,348 6,347 6,346 6,345 6,345 6,345 6,345 6,343 6,337 6,331	15,036 8 15,014	3, 12 2, 93 2, 32 2, 31 1, 99 1, 83 1, 83 1, 80 5742 1, 65 764 1, 59	7 333 6 296 7 281 254 1 (5) 1	702 1,304 1,913 1,921 1,921 2,247 2,256 2,743 2,743 2,743 2,718 3,160	2,081 1,825 1,559 1,661 1,660 1,754 1,754 1,299 1,001 983 1,075	113 97 89 83 77 74 71 58 48 38 24	17	654 656 660 666 671 679 690 698 713 724 726 732	7,063 7,152 6,843 6,929 6,900 6,745 6,752 6,831 6,609 6,164 6,047 5,835	23, 152 23, 239 22, 904 22, 955 22, 900 22, 711 22, 717 22, 796 22, 564 22, 826 22, 709 22, 483

¹ Amounts of the series of 1918, 1919, 1920, and 1921 (except new issue) are on the basis of reports of sales or of cash receipts less amounts redeemed. Amounts of the series of 1921 and 1922, new issue, series of 1922 and 1923, issue of Sept. 30, 1922, and series of 1923, issue of Dec. 1, 1923, are on the basis of reports of sales or of cash receipts plus accrued discount, the amount outstanding being the net redemption value. Amount of the series of 1924, issue of Dec. 1, 1923, is on the basis of cash receipts plus accrued discount, the amount outstanding being the net redemption value. Includes net receipts from the sale of thrift stamps and Treasury savings stamps.

2 Separate figures for first 34's and first 4's not available.

3 Separate figures for second 4's and second 4½'s not available.

4 Separate figures for Victory 434's and Victory 334's not available.

5 Matured June 15, 1922.

TABLE C.—United States interest-bearing debt outstanding at end of each month from February 28, 1917, to August 31, 1924—Continued [000,000 omitted]

Date	Pre- war loans	First 3½'s	First 4's	First 4½'s	First second 4½'s	Second 4's	Second 41's	Third 4½'s	Fourth 41's	Total Lib- erty bonds	Treas- ury bonds 1947- 52	Vic- tory 43's	Vic- tory 33's	Treas- ury notes	Loan and tax certifi- cates of in- debted- ness	Pitt- man Act certifi- cates	Special certifi- cates of in- debted- ness	Treas- ury (war) sav- ings securi- ties ¹	Total short- term debt	Total in- terest- bearing debt
1923 Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 June 30 July 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31	\$884 884 884 884 884 884 884 884 884 884	\$1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410	\$11 11 11 10 10 10 10 9 8 8 8	\$528 528 528 528 528 529 529 530 530 530	3333333333333333333333333333333333333	\$47 46 45 45 44 43 42 41 38 34 33 32	\$3, 221 3, 222 3, 223 3, 223 3, 224 3, 156 3, 157 3, 160 3, 164 3, 165 3, 074	\$3,440 3,449 3,439 3,409 3,408 3,397 3,381 3,362 3,329 3,305 3,267	\$6,330 6,330 6,330 6,330 6,329 6,329 6,328 6,327 6,327 6,327 6,326 6,326	\$14,990 14,989 14,988 14,957 14,876 14,876 14,858 14,839 14,805 14,780 14,650	\$764 764 764 764 764 764 764 764 764 764	•••••		\$3,522 3,523 3,522 3,522 4,176 4,104 4,088 4,067 4,055 4,051 4,050 4,046				\$291 311 321 327 332 337 342 347 351 356 360 379	\$5,721 5,730 5,753 5,691 5,581 5,433 5,435 5,347 5,348 5,351 5,345	\$22,359 22,368 22,390 22,327 22,186 22,008 21,959 21,902 21,834 21,801 21,779 21,643
1924 Jan. 31 Feb. 29 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 June 30 July 31 Aug. 31	884 884 884 884 884 884 884	1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410 1,410	8 7 7 7 7 7	530 531 531 531 531 531 531 531		32 32 31 30 29 29 28 28	3,074 3,074 3,074 3,075 3,076 3,076 3,077 3,077	3, 203 3, 153 3, 135 3, 126 3, 054 2, 997 2, 997 2, 988	6, 325 6, 325 6, 325 6, 325 6, 325 6, 325 6, 325 6, 325	14, 585 14, 535 14, 516 14, 507 14, 435 14, 378 14, 378 14, 369	764 764 764 764 764 764 764 764			4,046 4,046 4,046 4,046 4,046 3,735 3,735 3,735	920 903 750 750 750 808 808 808			375 389 397 403 408 413 422 421	5,341 5,338 5,193 5,199 5,204 4,956 4,965 5,728	21, 574 21, 521 21, 357 21, 357 21, 354 21, 287 20, 982 20, 991 20, 981

Amounts of the series of 1918, 1919, 1920, and 1921 (except new issue) are on the basis of reports of sales or of cash receipts less amounts redeemed. Amounts of the series of 1921 and 1922, new issue, series of 1922 and 1923, issue of Sept. 30, 1922, and series of 1923, issue of Dec. 1, 1923, are on the basis of reports of sales or of cash receipts plus accrued discount, the amount outstanding being the net redemption value. Amount of the series of 1924, issue of Dec. 1, 1923, is on the basis of cash receipts plus accrued discount, the amount outstanding being the net redemption value. Includes net receipts from the sale of thrift stamps and Treasury savings stamps.

Matured May 20, 1923.

TABLE D.—Public debt retirements for the fiscal years 1918 to 1924, on basis of daily Treasury statements, revised 1

								<u> </u>	
Title	Rate	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	Total
PRE-WAR LOANS	Рет		-						
The Will Living	cent								
Compound interest notes	6	\$260.00	\$90.00	\$130.00	\$20.00	\$70.00	\$200.00	\$220.00	\$990.00
Consols of 1865	6				1, 800, 00				1, 800. 00
Consols of 1867 Consols of 1868	6		100.00		1, 600. 00 100. 00		8,000.00		9, 700. 00 6, 100. 00
Five-twenties of 1862	. 6					100.00	0,000.00		200.00
Five-twenties of 1864	6	50, 00	·						50.00
Funded loan of 1891	41/2	100.00	1, 050. 00				500.00	500.00	2, 150. 00
Funded loan of 1891,	_		0.000.00	_					0.000.00
continued Funded loan of 1907	2	18, 200. 00	3, 000. 00 80, 550. 00	22 050 00	3,600.00	6, 200. 00	950.00	13, 550, 00	3, 000. 00 146, 000. 00
Loan of July and August,	7	·	· ·	22, 930.00	3,000.00	0, 200.00	300.00	13, 330. 00	140,000.00
1861	31/2			1, 000, 00			[1,000.00
Loan of 1908-1918	3	140.00	63, 009, 460, 00	416, 140.00	143, 200. 00	50, 620. 00	29, 720. 00	29, 260. 00	63, 678, 400. 00
Old demand notes	. 0	140.00 10.00					20.00		140. 00 100. 00
One-year notes of 1863 One-year Treasury notes	3	27, 362, 000. 00	19, 150, 000, 00	20.00		20.00	20.00		46, 512, 000. 00
Panama Canal loan of 1911	3	21, 802, 000. 00	19, 100, 000.00				200, 000, 00		200, 000. 00
Refunding certificates	4	360.00		430.00	60.00	80.00	130.00	530. 00	1, 950, 00
Seven-thirties of 1861	$7\frac{3}{10}$						50.00		50.00
Seven-thirties of 1864-65. Ten-forties of 1864	$7\frac{3}{10}$	100.00		500.00		50.00	² 550. 00		100. 00 200. 00
Texas indemnity stock.	5				1 000 00		200.00		1, 000. 00
Two-year notes of 1863	5				1,000.00				100.00
Total pre-warloans		27, 381, 220. 00	82, 244, 640. 00	441, 170. 00	l————	57, 140. 00		44, 060. 00	110, 565, 030. 00
Total pre-war toans		21, 301, 220.00	82, 244, 040.00	441, 170.00	101, 000.00	37, 140.00	243, 220.00	41,000.00	110, 000, 000. 00
LOANS SUBSEQUENT TO APR. 6, 1917		,							
	Mon-		47, 457, 500. 00	39, 009, 200, 00	37, 625, 000, 00				124, 091, 700. 00
ness		000 000 000 00		l ''			1 1		' '
Do	2	980, 000, 000. 00	3, 788, 000, 000. 00	7, 243, 381, 190. 00 153, 273, 768. 53	2, 039, 118, 810. 00 756, 190. 00	141, 875, 000. 00	74, 000, 000. 00	86, 000, 000. 00 736, 500, 000. 00	14, 352, 375, 000. 00 4, 098, 324, 358, 53
Do	3	99, 146, 632. 00	134, 000, 000, 00	² 65, 000, 00	750, 150.00	949, 000, 000, 00	3, 058, 000, 000. 00 31, 000, 000. 00	100, 000, 000. 00	1, 213, 081, 632, 00
Do	31/4	211, 490, 100. 00	2 5, 000, 00	66, 000, 00			l		1, 213, 081, 632. 00 211, 551, 100. 00
Do	31/2	849, 993, 000. 00	8, 000. 00	2,1,000.00			463, 687, 000. 00	57, 500. 00	1, 313, 744, 500, 00
Do Do	33/4	4, 108, 857, 000. 00	140, 396, 500. 00	85, 026, 500. 00	2, 915, 140, 50000		319, 748, 500. 00 10, 000, 000. 00	180, 181, 000. 00 511, 186, 000. 00	499, 929, 500. 00 8, 613, 711, 500. 00
D0		3, 100, 601, 000, 00	140, 390, 300.00	603, 559, 500, 00	2, 915, 140, 500.00	843, 105, 000. 00 115, 201, 000. 00	267, 509, 500. 00	403, 624, 500. 00	1, 389, 964, 000. 00
Do	41/2	1, 328, 785, 000. 00	10, 786, 881, 500. 00	7, 143, 147, 300. 00	713, 980, 500. 00	107, 000. 00	423, 054, 500. 00	320, 438, 500. 00	20, 716, 394, 300. 00
	/ 2			,,	,,,	,	, , , ,		

¹ The figures in this table are on the basis of daily Treasury statements, revised, and take into account reports of receipts and expenditures received subsequently to the close of the fiscal year. Therefore, they differ somewhat from the figures published in the daily Treasury statement which goes to press immediately after the close of the fiscal year.

² Deduct

Table D.—Public debt retirements for the fiscal years 1918 to 1924, on basis of daily Treasury statements, revised—Continued

Title	Rate	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	Total
LOANS SUBSEQUENT TO APR. 6, 1917—continued	Per cent				•				
Certificates of indebtedness	5½ 5¾			23, 687, 500. 00 1, 600, 000. 00 249, 000, 000. 00	\$1, 057, 654, 000. 00 79, 015, 000. 00 169, 007, 500. 00 225, 439, 000. 00 1, 063, 131, 500. 00 251, 279, 000, 00	\$319, 500. 00 124, 263, 000. 00 116, 826, 500. 00 1, 077, 941, 000. 00 482, 492, 000. 00 924, 743, 950. 00	\$54, 500. 00 302, 500. 00 182, 900, 500. 00 264, 563, 000. 00 1, 144, 000. 00 439, 000. 00	\$10, 500. 00 7, 000. 00 39, 000. 00 60, 000. 00 28, 000. 00 35, 000. 00	\$1, 105, 058, 000. 00 227, 275, 000. 00 470, 373, 500. 00 1, 817, 003, 000. 00 1, 546, 795, 500. 00 1, 176, 496, 950. 00
First Liberty loan bonds. First Liberty loan bonds.	31/2				150.00	72, 200. 00	3, 000. 00	50. 00	75, 400. 00
convertible Do Second Liberty loan	4 4½	\$656, 000. 00	\$4,003,050.00	14, 862, 000. 00 17, 475, 700. 00	550. 00 199, 300. 00	300. 00 342, 550. 00	1, 200. 00 75, 350. 00	239, 400. 00	15, 520, 050. 00 22, 335, 350. 00
bonds Second Liberty loan	4	61, 050, 000. 00	8, 000, 000. 00	10, 007, 700. 00	1,000.00	650. 00	22, 100. 00		79, 081, 450. 00
bonds, convertible Third Liberty loan bonds Fourth Liberty loan	$\frac{41}{4}$	14, 935, 500. 00	172, 357, 600. 00 201, 660, 500. 00	231, 142, 700. 00 296, 338, 250. 00	8, 769, 450. 00 51, 155, 500. 00	5, 938, 850. 00 137, 772, 300. 00	111, 538, 150. 00 66, 000, 750. 00	94, 449, 650. 00 410, 587, 300. 00	624, 196, 400. 00 1, 178, 450, 100. 00
bonds Victory Liberty loan	143% &	<u>, </u>	165, 000, 000. 00	405, 221, 500. 00 249, 006, 500. 00	39, 499, 250. 00 332, 587, 450. 00	9, 476, 600. 00 1, 907, 986, 250. 00	16, 818, 100. 00 1, 911, 442, 400. 00	4, 070, 100. 00 80, 639, 850, 00	640, 085, 550. 00 4, 481, 662, 450. 00
notes Treasury bonds of 1947– 1952	33/4 41/	,			, ,			6, 000, 00	14, 000. 00
Treasury notes	41/4 43/8						62, 453, 600. 00 24, 161, 500. 00	9, 564, 200. 00 11, 319, 900, 00	72, 017, 800. 00 35, 481, 400. 00
Do Do	4½ 4¾ 5½						42, 320, 300, 00 4, 276, 100, 00 10, 025, 000, 00	32, 063, 500. 00 2, 059, 300. 00 3, 000, 000. 00	74, 383, 800. 00 6, 335, 400. 00 13, 025, 000. 00
Do							103, 000. 00	298, 966, 100. 00	299, 069, 100. 00
(Dec. 15, 1921) Treasury savings cer-		·		·		141, 340. 00	199, 742. 40	146, 624. 20	487, 706. 60
tificates, series 1922 (Dec. 15, 1921) Treasury savings cer-						1, 315, 860. 00°	10, 496, 843. 05	8, 913, 127. 90	20, 725, 830. 95
tificates, series 1922 (Sept. 30, 1922)							1, 644, 361. 45	2, 287, 454. 80	3, 931, 816. 28
Treasury savings cer- tificates, series 1923 (Sept. 30, 1922)							3, 596, 338, 85	17, 390, 748, 95	20, 987, 087. 80
Treasury savings cer- tificates, series 1923 (Dec. 1, 1923)			4				,	, 000, 110.00	20,000,000.00

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Treasury savings cer- tificates, series 1924 (Dec. 1, 1923)								2, 864, 032, 20	2, 864, 032. 20
War savings certificates		0.071.08	104 047 000 00	100 010 000 11				, ,	**
and thrift stamps		2, 971, 967. 80	134, 047, 603. 63	199, 818, 880. 44	159, 731, 963. 18	83, 958, 660. 52	527, 870, 254. 12	54, 043, 728. 98	1, 162, 443, 058. 67
and thrift stamps Total loans subsequent to Apr. 6, 1917		7, 657, 885, 199. 80	15, 731, 601, 653. 63	17, 012, 577, 688. 97	9, 144, 161, 113. 18	6, 922, 879, 510. 52	7, 889, 459, 089. 87	3, 272, 566, 801. 08	67, 631, 131, 057. 05
Fractional currency Federal reserve and national bank notes: Redemption account		1, 430. 33	1,823.00	1,247.78	³ 689. 69	942.40	886. 82	1, 276. 64	8, 296. 66
Redemption account.		21, 611, 225. 00	23,717,892.50	23, 424, 164. 50	37, 460, 631.00	107, 251, 870.00	74, 414, 564. 00	33, 084, 377. 50	320, 964, 724. 50
Total		21, 612, 655. 33	23, 719, 715. 50	23, 425, 412. 28	37, 461, 320. 69	107, 252, 812. 40	74, 415, 450. 82	33, 085, 654. 14	320, 973, 021. 16
Grand total		7, 706, 879, 075. 13	15, 837, 566, 009. 13	17, 036, 444, 271. 25	39, 181, 774, 013. 87	7, 030, 189, 462. 92	7, 964, 119, 760. 69	3, 305, 696, 515. 22	68, 062, 669, 108. 21
				RECAP	ITULATION				
Pre-war loansLoans subsequent to		\$27,381,220.00	\$82,244,640.00	\$441, 170.00	\$151,580.00	\$57, 140. 00	\$245, 220.00	\$44,060.00	\$110, 565, 030. 00
Apr. 6, 1917 Fractional currency and Federal reserve and		7, 657, 885, 199. 80	15, 731, 601, 653. 63	17, 012, 577, 688. 97	9, 144, 161, 113. 18	6, 922, 879, 510. 52	7, 889, 459, 089. 87	3, 272, 566, 801. 08	67, 631, 131, 057. 05
national bank notes		21, 612, 655. 33	23,719,715.50	23, 425, 412. 28	37, 461, 320. 69	107, 252, 812. 40	74, 415, 450. 82	33, 085, 654. 14	320, 973, 021. 16
Grand total		7, 706, 879, 075. 13	15, 837, 566, 009. 13	17, 036, 444, 271. 25	39, 181, 774, 013. 87	7, 030, 189, 462. 92	7, 964, 119, 760. 69	3, 305, 696, 515. 22	68, 062, 669, 108. 21
		Α.	NALYSIS OF P	UBLIC DEBT R	ETIREMENTS	AS TO SOURCE	ES, ETC.		
Sinking fund Purchases of Liberty					\$261, 250, 250.00	\$275, 896, 000. 00	\$284,018,800.00	\$295, 987, 350.00	\$1, 117, 152, 400. 00
bonds from repay- ments of principal by foreign governments Obligations retired from			\$7,921,700.00	\$72, 669, 900. 00	73, 939, 300. 00	64, 837, 900. 00	32, 140, 000. 00	38, 509, 150. 00	290, 017, 950. 00
Federal reserve bank franchise tax receipts. Redemption of bonds, etc., received as interest payments on		\$1, 134, 234. 48		2, 922, 450.00	60, 724, 500. 00	60, 333, 000. 00	10, 815, 300. 00	3, 634, 550.00	139, 564, 034. 48
obligations of foreign governments					. 		68,752,950.00	87, 913, 900.00	156, 666; 850. 00
³ Exclusive of \$4,842,0	66.45 o	n account of fract	ional currency offi	cially estimated to	have been lost or	irrevocably destro	yed, and written o	off, this amount be	ing in addition to

^{\$8,375,934} previously estimated to have been lost or destroyed.

Table D.—Public debt retirements for the fiscal years 1918 to 1924, on basis of daily Treasury statements, revised—Continued

ANALYSIS OF PUBLIC DEBT RETIREMENT AS TO SOURCES, ETC.—Continued

Title	Rate	1918	1919	1920	1921 .	1922	1923	1924	Total
Redemption of bonds, etc., received as repay- ments of principal by foreign governments								\$22, 964, 550.00	\$22, 964, 550. 00
Redemption of bonds and notes from estate taxes			\$104, 450. 00	\$3, 189, 400. 00 12, 950. 00	\$26, 479, 300. 00 168, 500. 00	\$20, 893, 200. 00 392, 850. 00	\$6, 675, 750. 00 554, 891. 10	8, 791, 400. 00 93, 200. 00	66, 133, 500. 00 1, 222, 391. 10
Total public debt retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts. Public debt retirements		\$1, 134, 234. 48	8, 026, 150. 00	78, 794, 700. 00	422, 561, 850. 00	422, 352, 950. 00	402, 957, 691. 10	457, 894, 100. 00	1, 793, 721, 675. 58
from surplus revenues. Public debt retirements from decrease in net balance in general fund.			458, 764, 644. 95	239, 085, 706. 53 866, 217, 914. 93	67, 237, 689. 12	321, 047, 216. 40 268, 771, 393. 92	317, 193, 479. 32	508, 815, 929. 72 131, 857, 301. 29	1, 453, 380, 021. 09 1, 725, 622, 033. 81
Public debt issues result- ing in increase in gen- eral fund balance		1, 134, 234. 48 565, 165, 048. 53	466, 790, 794. 95	1, 184, 098, 321. 46	489, 799, 539. 12 172, 951, 309. 44	1, 012, 171, 560. 32	720, 151, 170. 42 105, 759, 880. 18	1, 098, 567, 331. 01	4, 972, 723, 730. 48 843, 887, 016. 87
Public debt issues to cover deficit in ordi- nary receipts		8,703,979,320.43	13, 705, 201, 301. 57						22, 409, 180, 622. 00
public debt Net decrease in the public debt Total public debt issues			13, 238, 410, 506. 62 29, 075, 976, 515. 75	1, 184, 098, 321, 46	316, 848, 229. 68 8, 864, 925, 784. 19	1, 012, 171, 560. 32 6, 018, 017, 902. 60	614, 391, 290. 24 7, 349, 728, 470. 45	1, 098, 567, 331. 01 2, 207, 129, 184. 21	18, 280, 343, 908. 39 86, 343, 013, 016. 60
Total public debt retirements, as above		7, 706, 879, 075. 13	15, 837, 566, 009. 13	17, 036, 444, 271. 25	9, 181, 774, 013. 87	7, 030, 189, 462. 92	7, 964, 119, 760. 69	3, 305, 696, 515. 22	68, 062, 669, 108. 21

Balance in general fund					_			
at beginning of year ac- cording to statement of								
the public debt of the United States	 \$1, 119, 764, 531. 68	\$1, 684, 929, 580. 21	\$1, 226, 164, 935. 26	\$359, 947, 020. 33	\$532, 898, 329. 77	\$264, 126, 935. 85	\$369, 886, 816. 03	\$1, 119, 764, 531. 68
debt	 9, 268, 010, 134. 48	13, 238, 410, 506. 62						22, 506, 420, 641. 10
Sinking fund and spe- cially dedicated ordi- nary receipts applied to public debt retire-								
ments	 1, 134, 234. 48	8, 026, 150. 00	78, 794, 700. 00	422, 561, 850. 00	422, 352, 950. 00	402, 957, 691. 10	457, 894, 100. 00	1, 793, 721, 675. 58
Surplus of ordinary re- ceipts	 		239, 085, 706. 53	67, 237, 689. 12	321, 047, 216. 40	317, 193, 479. 32	508, 815, 929. 72	1, 453, 380, 021. 09
	10, 388, 908, 900. 64	14, 931, 366, 236. 83	1, 544, 045, 341. 79	849, 746, 559. 45	1, 276, 298, 496. 17	984, 278, 106. 27	1, 336, 596, 845. 75	26, 873, 286, 869. 45
Deficit in ordinary re- ceipts	 8, 703, 979, 320. 43	13, 705, 201, 301. 57	1, 184, 098, 321. 46	316, 848, 229, 68	1, 012, 171, 560. 32	614, 391, 290. 24	1, 098, 567, 331. 01	22, 409, 180, 622. 00 4, 226, 076, 732.71
Balance in general fund at close of year ac- cording to statement of the public debt of					1,012,111,000.02	011, 001, 100/21		
the United States	 1, 684, 929, 580. 21	1, 226, 164, 935. 26	359, 947, 020. 33	532, 898, 329. 77	264, 126, 935. 85	369, 886, 816, 03	238, 029, 514. 74	238, 029, 514. 74
	10, 388, 908, 900. 64	14, 931, 366, 236. 83	1, 544, 045, 341. 79	849, 746, 559. 45	1, 276, 298, 496. 17	984, 278, 106. 27	1, 336, 596, 845. 75	26, 873, 286, 869. 45

RECONCILIATION OF OUTSTANDING PUBLIC DEBT

	1924	Total
Total gross debt according to financial statement of the United States Government, June 30, 1917	\$86,343,013,016.60 68,062,669,108.21	\$2, 975, 618, 584. 89
Total public debt receipts 1918-1924, inclusive, as above. Total public debt retirements 1918-1924, inclusive, as above		
Excess of public debt receipts (issues) over public debt retirements 1918-1924, inclusive, as above		18, 280, 343, 908. 39
		21, 255, 962, 493. 28
Less amount of fractional currency written off during fiscal year 1921, being the estimated amount of such currency to have been lost or irrevocably destroyed (this amount is additional to \$8,375,934 previously estimated to have been lost or destroyed)		4, 842, 066. 45
Total gross debt according to statement of the public debt of the United States, June 30, 1924		21, 251, 120, 426. 83

Table E.—Unmatured Liberty bonds, Treasury bonds, and Victory notes outstanding from June 30, 1919, to August 31, 1924, classified by denomination and form [000 omitted]

					food omit	icuj						
Date	\$50	\$100	\$500	\$1,000	\$5,000	\$10,600	\$50,000	\$100,000	Denomina- tion un- available	Total	Registered	Coupon
June 30 Dec. 31	\$1, 995, 251 1, 814, 120	\$2, 672, 569 2, 576, 529	\$1, 800, 678 1, 870, 411	\$7, 938, 079 8, 568, 804	\$1, 271, 070 1, 404, 955	\$2, 653, 470 3, 022, 920	\$192, 150 231, 150	\$601, 500 766, 100	\$1, 750 1 15, 419	\$19, 126, 517 20, 239, 570	\$2, 508, 571 3, 106, 936	\$16, 617, 946 17, 132, 634
June 30	1, 526, 353 1, 369, 187	2, 348, 025 2, 234, 009	1, 808, 337 1, 809, 547	8, 033, 514 8, 015, 654	1, 400, 675 1, 468, 750	3, 115, 740 3, 331, 420	255, 850 275, 200	879, 300 1, 005, 200	213, 407 2, 794	19, 581, 201 19, 511, 761	3, 515, 714 3, 827, 438	16, 065, 487 15, 684, 323
June 30	1, 127, 543 1, 011, 947	2, 019, 466 1, 856, 281	1, 747, 448 1, 667, 767	7, 387, 231 7, 135, 799	1, 572, 490 1, 581, 095	3, 855, 080 4, 064, 260	289, 300 284, 800	1, 149, 000 1, 153, 300	1, 390 197	19, 148, 948 18, 755, 446	4, 117, 754 4, 091, 368	15, 031, 194 14, 664, 078
June 30	855, 744 833, 450 812, 400 792, 005 774, 155 762, 928 677, 932	1, 593, 331 1, 555, 572 1, 519, 536 1, 482, 756 1, 454, 808 1, 437, 503 1, 288, 135	1, 479, 495 1, 457, 238 1, 430, 162 1, 407, 273 1, 397, 830 1, 384, 102 1, 268, 849	6, 198, 056 6, 160, 373 6, 051, 120 6, 000, 638 6, 107, 372 6, 054, 243 5, 762, 464	1, 457, 020 1, 461, 625 1, 450, 710 1, 452, 475 1, 491, 480 1, 515, 760 1, 462, 695	4, 108, 200 4, 238, 530 4, 276, 770 4, 362, 750 4, 551, 830 4, 777, 120 4, 706, 130	270, 250 266, 950 271, 600 271, 400 267, 600 272, 350 271, 050	1, 110, 700 1, 088, 700 1, 107, 600 1, 108, 000 1, 125, 400 1, 149, 100 1, 161, 200	2 265, 305 2 20, 800 2 16, 970	17, 072, 796 17, 062, 438 16, 919, 898 16, 877, 297 17, 435, 780 17, 373, 906 16, 615, 425	3, 838, 919 3, 810, 962 3, 786, 966 3, 757, 776 3, 751, 844 3, 774, 890 3, 644, 313	13, 233, 877 13, 251, 476 13, 132, 932 13, 119, 521 13, 418, 631 13, 578, 216 12, 954, 142
Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 June 30 July 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31	665, 791 657, 462 648, 508 639, 628 571, 711	1, 272, 735 1, 260, 619 1, 248, 109 1, 235, 695 1, 110, 777 1, 100, 602 1, 091, 015 1, 082, 429 1, 074, 362 1, 065, 548 1, 056, 226 1, 047, 161	1, 265, 439 1, 260, 030 1, 254, 576 1, 249, 331 1, 146, 151 1, 141, 854 1, 137, 616 1, 133, 235 1, 129, 186 1, 124, 870 1, 119, 599 1, 113, 409	5, 746, 283 5, 719, 659 5, 697, 067 5, 678, 983 5, 390, 602 5, 376, 653 5, 362, 020 5, 337, 290 5, 309, 625 5, 287, 684 5, 262, 739 5, 214, 548	1, 461, 880 1, 463, 535 1, 461, 710 1, 460, 990 1, 399, 445 1, 394, 885 1, 391, 325 1, 389, 585 1, 389, 585 1, 386, 730 1, 375, 610	4, 713, 110 4, 743, 260 4, 737, 070 4, 745, 980 4, 583, 870 4, 539, 170 4, 559, 920 4, 576, 290 4, 595, 870 4, 611, 040 4, 527, 230	272, 650 274, 950 274, 950 272, 450 272, 450 273, 850 275, 050 276, 650 276, 150 281, 200 283, 100	1, 186, 200 1, 205, 000 1, 221, 400 1, 235, 300 1, 245, 700 1, 265, 400 1, 274, 900 1, 281, 100 1, 293, 100 1, 294, 400 1, 324, 400	² 13, 027 ² 11, 581 ² 10, 485 ² 260 ² 160	16, 597, 115 16, 595, 096 16, 553, 525 16, 521, 117 15, 720, 866	3, 689, 608 3, 710, 671 3, 727, 944 3, 746, 345 3, 620, 344 3, 644, 315 3, 650, 937 3, 661, 970 3, 671, 815 3, 692, 263 3, 694, 913 3, 729, 221	12, 894, 480 12, 872, 844 12, 815, 096 12, 774, 512 12, 100, 362 12, 006, 793 11, 989, 044 11, 960, 271 11, 930, 924 11, 887, 181 11, 849, 099 11, 684, 432
1924 Jan. 31 Feb. 29 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 June 30 July 31 Aug. 31	520, 497 513, 581	1, 035, 871 1, 025, 930 1, 015, 172 1, 001, 764 984, 629 968, 936 953, 530 941, 836	1, 107, 346 1, 101, 066 1, 095, 665 1, 086, 800 1, 072, 319 1, 060, 458 1, 048, 938 1, 039, 348	5, 178, 171 5, 148, 940 5, 126, 944 5, 077, 159 5, 013, 071 4, 955, 525 4, 903, 230 4, 857, 877	1, 385, 730 1, 381, 495 1, 379, 810 1, 382, 285 1, 373, 080 1, 363, 840 1, 358, 265 1, 351, 750	4, 531, 470 4, 534, 570 4, 553, 340 4, 610, 640 4, 700, 880 4, 763, 710 4, 857, 960 4, 920, 850	287, 250 289, 850 283, 850 280, 750 280, 250 277, 350 274, 350 274, 850			t .	3, 718, 570 3, 719, 220 3, 720, 539 3, 729, 710 3, 675, 333 3, 650, 772 3, 637, 696 3, 638, 828	11, 630, 265. 11, 579, 612 11, 559, 375 11, 540, 933 11, 523, 728 11, 490, 984 11, 504, 054 11, 494, 668

¹ This amount should be deducted from the aggregate denominational totals to equal the grand total of \$20,239,570.
² Treasury bonds, included in total column, not separated into registered and coupon.

Table F.—Cash expenditures of the Government for the fiscal years 1917 to 1924, inclusive, as published in daily Treasury statements, classified according to departments and establishments

(Because of legislation establishing revolving funds and providing for the reimbursement of appropriations, commented upon in the Annual Report of the Secretary of the Treasury for the fiscal year 1919, p. 126 ff., the gross expenditures in the case of some departments and agencies, notably the War Department, the Railroad Administration, and the Shipping Board, have been considerably larger than here stated. This statement does not include expenditures on account of the Postal Service other than salaries and expenses of the Post Office Department in Washington, postal deficiencies, and items appropriated by Congress payable from the general fund of the Treasury.)

	1917 (revised)	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922 1	1923 1	1924 ^t
ORDINARY				·				
General expenditures:				•			'	
Legislative establishment 2	\$15, 092, 373. 97	\$15, 825, 506 72	\$17, 090, 106. 24	\$19, 327, 708. 72	\$18, 982, 565. 17	\$17, 088, 112. 87	\$14, 165, 243. 89	\$14, 315, 684. 73
Executive proper 2	1, 280, 484. 85	9, 662, 847. 53	17, 467, 352. 03	6, 675, 517. 58	210, 056. 79	218, 690. 36	349, 380. 15	450, 952. 65
State Department	6, 169, 316. 41	9, 892, 898. 09	20, 766, 400. 14	13, 586, 024. 42	8, 780, 796. 84	9, 666, 571. 70	15, 463, 276. 30	14, 669, 456. 89
Treasury Department	84, 294, 313. 65	152, 500, 426. 53	227, 277, 657. 81	322, 315, 627. 43	488, 636, 833. 10	209, 104, 990. 87	145, 016, 859. 60	137, 411, 205. 17
War Department Department of Justice	358, 158, 361, 12	4, 850, 687, 186. 88	8, 995, 880, 266, 18 15, 717, 022, 36	1, 610, 587, 380. 86 17, 814, 398. 18	1, 101, 615, 013, 32 17, 206, 418, 03	454, 730, 717. 67 17, 888, 828. 58	392, 733, 634. 86 23, 521, 485. 79	348, 629, 778. 58 21, 134, 228. 10
Post Office Department	10, 566, 401. 25 1, 895, 578. 21	12, 964, 628. 18 4, 173, 103. 28	2, 412, 250, 05	50, 049, 295. 07	\$ 135, 359, 108, 17	3, 384, 127, 31	146, 942, 46	186, 789, 29
Navy Department	239, 632, 756. 63	1, 278, 840, 486, 80	2, 002, 310, 785, 02	736, 021, 456. 43	650, 373, 835, 58	476, 775, 193. 84	333, 201, 362, 31	332, 249, 136, 67
Interior Department	216, 415, 516, 48	244, 556, 893. 96	288, 285, 627, 61	279, 244, 660. 87	357, 814, 893. 01	331, 814, 027, 57	354, 623, 058, 88	328, 227, 697. 17
Department of Agriculture	29, 547, 234, 01	42, 870, 188, 28	39, 246, 454, 41	65, 546, 293. 14	119, 837, 759, 41	142, 695, 844. 10	128, 745, 677. 33	141, 116, 440. 69
Department of Commerce	11, 689, 792, 94	12, 833, 808. 82	15, 589, 514. 30	30, 010, 737. 75	30, 828, 761. 55	21, 688, 014. 86	21, 783, 508. 71	21, 429 678. 93
Department of Labor	3, 852, 111. 34	5, 469, 268. 09	12, 942, 558. 75	5, 415, 358. 40	8, 502, 509. 55	6, 227, 471. 57	7, 241, 466. 73	6, 620, 052. 55
Veterans' Bureau '						4 376, 749, 664. 29	⁵ 461, 719, 433. 83	⁵ 409, 120, 863. 66
Other independent offices and	# FF0 000 00	10 514 540 00	BE ONE 000 41	FO 400 00F 1F	110 040 514 50	40 051 050 40	00 710 007 40	00 040 044 00
commissions 2	7, 558, 829, 88 13, 681, 595, 39	12,714,740.06	75, 375, 809. 41	59, 469, 305. 17	119, 942, 516. 73	43, 871, 656. 40 23, 731, 562. 56	28, 712, 285. 42 24, 053, 705. 47	32, 846, 244. 39 25, 873, 115. 19
District of Columbia	15, 081, 595. 59	14, 446, 832. 46	16, 014, 105. 80	19, 987, 898. 41	22, 715, 158. 60	23, 731, 302. 30	24,000,700.47	20, 373, 113. 13
Total	999, 834, 666. 13	6, 667, 438, 815, 68	11, 746, 375, 910, 11	3, 236, 051, 662, 43	3, 080, 806, 225, 85	2, 135, 635, 474, 55	1, 951, 477, 321, 73	1, 834, 281, 324, 57
Deduct unclassified items.	6 150, 275, 43	6 26, 469, 620, 31	6 895, 060, 84		922, 593. 14	6 232, 088. 59	1, 436, 386, 81	1, 234, 150. 4
				·				
Total	999, 984, 941. 56	6, 693, 908, 435. 99	11, 747, 270, 970. 95	3, 231, 651, 815. 43	3, 079, 883, 632, 71	2, 135, 867, 563. 14	1, 950, 040, 934. 92	1, 833, 047, 174. 10

¹ The figures given for operations in special accounts are net figures and make allowance for receipts and deposits credited to the account concerned.
¹ In the fiscal years 1921, 1922, and 1923, changes were made in classification of expenditures between legislative establishment, executive proper, and other independent offices and commissions, which account for most of the differences as compared with expenditures for other fiscal years.
² Owing to settlement between the Post Office Department and the Railroad Administration on account of transportation during Federal control, Post Office Department expenditures for June, 1921, include \$65,575,832.03 paid to the Railroad Administration. Deposit of this payment by Railroad Administration resulted in decrease in expenditures on account of "Federal control of transportation systems and transportation act, 1920," by a corresponding amount.

4 Payments on account of veterans' relief made prior to Aug. 11, 1921, by the War Risk Insurance Bureau are included under Treasury Department, while similar payments made prior to that date by the Federal Board for Vocational Education are included under other independent offices and commissions. During the fiscal year 1922 allotments for veterans' relief have been made to the Treasury Department in the amount of \$26,350,668.86, to the War Department in the amount of \$4,866,383.40, and to the Navy Department

in the amount of \$529,237.84, but expenditures under these allotments appear as expenditures of the respective departments and not of the Veterans' Bureau.

5 During the fiscal year 1923 allotments for veterans' relief have been made to the Treasury Department in the amount of \$3,164,425.11, to the War Department in the amount of \$4,889,241.91, and to the Navy Department in the amount of \$2,652,303. During the fiscal year 1924, allotments for veterans' relief have been made to the Treasury Department in the amount of \$457,150, to the War Department in the amount of \$4,434,713.92, to the Navy Department in the amount of \$1,474,600, and to the Interior Department in the amount

6 Add.

Table F.—Cash expenditures of the Government for the fiscal years 1917 to 1924, inclusive, as published in daily Treasury statements, classified according to departments and establishments—Continued

		2 2 22	Annual Control of the Annual Control					
	1917 (revised)	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924
ORDINARY—continued			1.				-	
Interest on public debt	\$24, 742, 701. 68	\$189, 743, 277. 14	1 ' ' '	\$1, 020, 251, 622. 28	\$999, 144, 731. 35	\$991, 000, 759. 24	\$1, 055, 923, 689. 61	\$940, 602, 912. 92
Customs 7 Internal revenue 7						37, 124, 086. 84 45, 702, 272. 89	28, 736, 711, 58	20, 566, 638. 33 127, 220, 151. 47
Postal deficiency 8						64, 346, 234. 52	125, 279, 043. 35 32, 526, 914. 89	12, 638, 849. 75 8, 387, 099. 90
Postal deficiency 8	19, 782, 509. 32 25, 000, 000. 00	19, 268, 099. 30	13, 195, 522. 37	41, 365, 714. 01	16, 461, 409. 47	3, 025, 421. 32	4, 316, 961. 30	8, 387, 099. 90
			358, 795, 274, 60	9 1,036, 672, 157, 53	20 730, 711, 669, 98	10 11 139, 469, 450.82	100, 618, 067, 12	22, 771, 167, 74
War Finance Corporation		44, 929, 168. 38	302, 621, 846. 92	12 228, 472, 186. 61	10 22, 028, 452, 12	94, 428, 001, 01	10 109, 436, 238, 13	10 52, 539, 947, 20
War Finance Corporation Shipping Board Alien property funds 13 Grain Corporation	14, 291, 282. 96	770, 681, 550. 83	1, 820, 606, 870. 90	530, 565, 649. 61	130, 723, 268. 26	87, 205, 732, 12 1, 825, 643, 99	57, 023, 838. 18 10 1, 365, 554. 16	85, 491, 358. 71
Grain Corporation				14 350, 328, 494. 70	15 90, 353, 411. 42	16 32, 000, 000, 00		
Sugar Equalization Board Food and Fuel Administrations		54, 859, 896. 40	87, 338, 207. 08			¹⁰ 15, 279, 636. 52	2, 482, 476. 33	
Purchase of obligations of foreign	!		I					
governments	885, 000, 000. 00	4, 738, 029, 750, 00 65, 018, 296, 93	3, 479, 255, 265. 56 86, 580, 427. 48	421, 337, 028. 09 29, 643, 546. 17	73, 896, 697. 44	717, 834. 36		
Subscription to stock Rederal land	1				1	ļ		
banks	8, 880, 315. 00						13, 526, 587. 00	12, 971, 000. 00
Investment of trust funder			1	1	i .	ł	13, 520, 587. 00	12, 971, 000. 00
Government life insurance fund						24, 599, 340. 52	26, 672, 161. 78	30, 410, 378. 80
Civil service retirement fund 17. District of Columbia teachers'						9, 283, 138. 54	8, 091, 417. 48	8, 028, 336. 62
retirement fund 18						230, 958. 69	190, 517. 91	233, 420. 36
Total ordinary	1,977,681,750.52	12, 696, 702, 471. 14	18, 514, 879, 955. 03	6, 403, 343, 841. 21	5, 115, 927, 689. 30	3, 372, 607, 899. 84	3, 294, 627, 529. 16	3, 048, 677, 965. 34
Public debt retirements chargeable								
against ordinary receipts: Sinking fund	i			· ·	261, 100, 250. 00	276, 046, 000. 00	284, 018, 800. 00	295, 987, 350. 00
Purchases from foreign repay-	ł	ı	į.	1	'' '	, ,	· ·	, ,
ments Received from foreign govern-			7, 921, 700. 00	72, 669, 900. 00	73, 939, 300. 00	64, 837, 900. 00	32, 140, 000. 00	38, 509, 150. 00
Received from foreign govern- ments under debt settlements							68, 752, 950. 00	110, 878, 450. 00
Received for estate taxes Purchases from franchise tax			93, 050. 00	3, 141, 050. 00	26, 348, 950. 00	21, 084, 850. 00	6, 568, 550. 00	8, 897, 050. 00
receipts (Federal recerve		1	1	l		_		
banks) Forfeitures, gifts, etc.	}	1, 134, 234. 48		2, 922, 450. 00 12, 950. 00	60, 724, 500. 00 168, 500. 00	60, 333, 000. 00 392, 850. 00	10, 815, 300. 00 554, 891. 10	3, 634, 550. 00 93, 200. 00
)
Total		1, 134, 234. 48	8, 014, 750. 00	78, 746, 350. 00	422, 281, 500. 00	422, 694, 600. 00	402, 850, 491. 10	457, 999, 750. 00
		·						

Total expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts	1,977,681,750.52	12, 697, 836, 705. 62	18, 522, 894, 705. 03	6, 482, 090, 191. 21	5, 538, 209, 189. 30	3, 795, 302, 499. 84	3, 697, 478, 020, 26	3, 506, 677, 715. 34
PUBLIC DEBT								
Public debt retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts (see above)		1, 134, 234, 48	8, 014, 750. 00	78, 746, 350. 00	422, 281, 500. 00	422, 694, 600, 00	402, 850, 491, 10	457, 999, 750. 00
Other public debt expenditures	677, 544, 782. 25		16, 318, 491, 810. 41	16, 959, 293, 373. 62	8, 759, 745, 670. 69	6, 608, 531, 896. 93	7, 560, 947, 689. 07	
Total public debt	677, 544, 782. 25	7, 214, 689, 453. 29	16, 326, 506, 560. 41	17, 038, 039, 723. 62	9, 182, 027, 170. 69	7, 031, 226, 496. 93	7, 963, 798, 180. 17	3, 306, 350, 063. 17
Recapitulation: Certificates of indebtedness Treasury notes Treasury bonds	632, 572, 268. 00 19 4, 390, 000. 00	7, 086, 312, 732. 00 19 27, 362, 000. 00	15, 538, 078, 900. 00 19 19, 150, 000. 00	15, 589, 117, 458. 53	8, 552, 225, 500. 00	4, 775, 864, 950. 00	5, 095, 993, 000. 00 143, 339, 500. 00 8, 000. 00	2, 238, 577, 000. 00 356, 981, 600. 00 6, 000. 00
War savings securities Treasury savings securities		2, 727, 345. 96	131, 519, 529. 91	200, 982, 934. 62	160, 256, 308. 19	84, 663, 504. 53 1, 457, 200. 00	528, 157, 586. 60 15, 996, 572. 75	54, 051, 976. 93 33, 405, 822. 10
First Liberty bonds. Second Liberty bonds. Third Liberty bonds. Fourth Liberty bonds.		656, 000. 00 61, 050, 000. 00 14, 935, 500. 00	4, 003, 050. 00 180, 351, 000. 00 201, 655, 700. 00 165, 000, 000. 00	32, 336, 700. 00 241, 144, 200. 00 296, 300, 800. 00 405, 222, 800. 00	202, 650. 00 8, 703, 400. 00 51, 172, 350. 00 39, 414, 450. 00		78, 550, 00 111, 539, 900, 00 65, 987, 100, 00 16, 751, 650, 00	240, 450. 00 94, 469, 500. 00 410, 600, 450. 00 4, 136, 500. 00
Victory notes Other debt items National-bank notes and Fed-		20, 650. 33	63, 029, 583. 00	249, 001, 500. 00 509, 165. 97	332, 439, 450. 00 152, 361. 50	1, 908, 139, 250. 00 58, 122. 40	1, 911, 285, 650. 00 246, 106. 82	80, 751, 050. 00 45, 336. 64
eral reserve bank notes	40, 564, 115. 50	21, 625, 225. 00	23, 718, 797. 50	23, 424, 164. 50	37, 460, 701. 00	107, 251, 870. 00	74, 414, 564. 00	33, 084, 377. 50
Total public debt	677, 544, 782. 25	7, 214, 689, 453. 29	16, 326, 506, 560. 41	17, 038, 039, 723. 62	9, 182, 027, 170. 69	7, 031, 226, 496. 93	7, 963, 798, 180. 17	3, 306, 350, 063. 17

7 Included under Treasury Department prior to fiscal year 1922. 8 Included under Post Office Department prior to fiscal year 1922.

9 Includes \$288.399.222.46 payments on certificates of indebtedness of Director General of Railroads, due July 15, 1919.

10 Deduct, excess of credits.

n The railroad expenditures during the fiscal year 1922 were reduced by \$266,636,606.26, on account of deposits by the Railroad Administration, representing proceeds of sale of equipment trust notes acquired under the Federal control act approved Mar. 21, 1918, as amended, and the act approved Nov. 19, 1919, and were further reduced by \$123,783,487.75, on account of deposits of the proceeds of sale or collection of other securities acquired under the Federal control act or transportation act. 1920. In 1923 and 1924 receipts on these accounts were included in the daily Treasury statement under miscellaneous receipts. proceeds of Government-owned securities, railroad securities.

12 Deduct excess of credits resulting from deposits of War Finance Corporation representing proceeds of redemptions of its holdings of United States securities. (See note 2, p. 2,

daily Treasury statement for June 30, 1920.)

18 Included under Executive proper prior to fiscal year 1922.
14 Includes \$350,000,000 applied by United States Grain Corporation to reduction of capital stock and reflected in "Miscellaneous receipts for fiscal year 1920." (See note 1, p. 2, daily Treasury statement for June 30, 1920.)

15 Net expenditures after taking into account credits and \$100,000,000 applied to reduction in capital stock of United States Grain Corporation.

16 \$25,000,000 of this amount represents reduction in capital stock of United States Grain Corporation effected Oct. 17, 1921, and is reflected in an increase of receipts in an equal amount. (See note p. 2, daily Treasury statement for Oct. 18, 1921.)

19 Established by act of May 22, 1920, and included under Interior Department prior to fiscal year 1922.
 19 Included under District of Columbia prior to fiscal year 1922.
 19 One-year Treasury notes issued under section 18, Federal reserve act.

²⁰ Owing to settlement between the Post Office Department and the Railroad Administration on account of transportation during Federal control, Post Office Department expenditures for June, 1921, include \$85,575,832.65 paid to the Railroad Administration. Deposit of this payment by Railroad Administration resulted in decrease in expenditures on account of "Federal control of transportation systems and transportation act, 1920," by a corresponding amount.

Table G.—Ordinary receipts, and expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts, from April 6, 1917, to October 31, 1924, on the basis of daily Treasury statements, unrevised

RECEIPTS

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	Customs	Income and profits taxes	Miscellaneous internal revenue	Miscellaneous rev- enue, including Panama Canal	Total
Apr. 6, 1917, to June 30, 1917. Fiscal year 1918. Fiscal year 1919. Fiscal year 1920. Fiscal year 1921.	\$65, 210, 500, 96 179, 998, 383, 49 184, 457, 867, 39 322, 902, 650, 39 308, 564, 391, 00	\$326, 906, 757. 77 2, 314, 006, 291. 84 3, 018, 783, 687. 29 3, 944, 949, 287. 75 3, 206, 046, 157. 74	\$142, 391, 206. 47 872, 028, 020. 27 1, 296, 501, 291. 67 1, 460, 082, 286. 91 1, 390, 379, 823. 28	\$32, 930, 241. 89 293, 550, 169. 10 652, 514, 290. 08 966, 631, 163. 83 719, 942, 588. 89	\$567, 438, 707. 09 3, 664, 582, 864. 70 5, 152, 257, 136. 43 6, 694, 565, 388. 88 5, 624, 932, 960. 91
July, 1921 August, 1921 August, 1921 October, 1921 October, 1921 December, 1921 December, 1921 January, 1922 February, 1922 March, 1922 April, 1922 May, 1922 June, 1922 June, 1922	26, 449, 062. 28 23, 356, 692. 08 26, 408, 043. 05 24, 843, 122. 17 26, 155, 151. 35 27, 251, 033. 11 33, 651, 742. 85 40, 288, 428. 44 33, 803, 780. 52 35, 578, 214. 90	47, 156, 908. 02 47, 439, 706. 64 537, 492, 412. 86 47, 986, 607. 45 35, 366, 755. 18 523, 973, 741. 40 45, 628, 589, 72 33, 206, 712. 41 383, 382, 045. 17 33, 363, 133. 13 27, 603, 368. 96 295, 527, 941. 74	110, 994, 768, 44 136, 780, 512, 99 116, 626, 662, 53 112, 873, 295, 45 104, 737, 183, 52 106, 733, 179, 66 85, 429, 053, 20 81, 503, 576, 99 83, 671, 799, 87 64, 963, 637, 15 61, 394, 647, 60 79, 416, 746, 71	31, 120, 487, 96 31, 773, 904, 92 11, 852, 492, 61 50, 579, 565, 39 30, 535, 782, 07 83, 430, 728, 98 32, 691, 806, 92 27, 289, 412, 43 33, 415, 409, 71 65, 789, 089, 94 81, 799, 529, 20 59, 129, 296, 84	209, 068, 454, 79 242, 443, 186, 83 689, 328, 260, 08 237, 847, 511, 34 195, 482, 842, 94 740, 292, 801, 39 191, 000, 752, 95 175, 651, 444, 68 550, 757, 683, 19 197, 919, 640, 74 206, 375, 760, 66 472, 935, 811, 35
Total for fiscal year 1922	356, 443, 387. 18	2, 068, 128, 192. 68	1, 145, 125, 064. 11	539, 407, 506. 97	4, 109, 104, 150. 94
July, 1922 August, 1922 September, 1922 October, 1922 November, 1922 December, 1922 January, 1923 February, 1923 March, 1923 April, 1923 May, 1923 June, 1923 Total for fiscal year 1923	39, 012, 098, 99 53, 135, 385, 46 40, 135, 835, 81 41, 647, 032, 47 37, 502, 446, 00 46, 345, 991, 53 48, 311, 001, 89 62, 172, 068, 56 53, 735, 538, 20 52, 417, 362, 85 50, 022, 514, 16	42, 758, 892. 11 367, 186, 244. 83	82, 477, 791, 80 114, 984, 312, 55 81, 283, 050, 14 79, 717, 916, 77 69, 730, 336, 42 69, 345, 290, 23 77, 392, 920, 62 63, 611, 786, 53 76, 655, 437, 49 62, 991, 863, 14 70, 348, 804, 41 97, 325, 832, 51	52, 898, 535, 05 38, 964, 030, 30, 33, 854, 990, 45 154, 663, 838, 18 90, 979, 977, 56 80, 333, 529, 00 58, 790, 230, 21 47, 746, 326, 63 39, 163, 267, 45 61, 299, 782, 53 45, 592, 473, 94 116, 446, 862, 77	204, 976, 518, 57 216, 777, 579, 47 454, 808, 681, 53 301, 239, 415, 77 226, 974, 261, 30 466, 273, 492, 68 213, 558, 075, 32 197, 516, 697, 91 641, 082, 170, 79 241, 829, 599, 64 211, 117, 533, 31 630, 981, 454, 27
July, 1923 August, 1923	43, 225, 073, 44	36, 777, 589. 67	88, 467, 899. 50 107, 225, 504. 53	37, 271, 613. 66	205, 742, 176. 27 235, 504, 671. 19

July, 1924 43, 944, 794. 06 33, 324, 709. 14 79, 296, 018. 77 39, 138, 472. 10 195, 703, 994 August, 1924 45, 620, 524. 10 21, 550, 478. 44 72, 532, 616. 77 46, 059, 196. 17 185, 762, 815. September, 1924 49, 759, 401. 60 346, 848, 752. 96 67, 645, 931. 55 23, 135, 821. 85 487, 389, 907. October, 1924 49, 889, 811. 35 29, 589, 654. 03 89, 643, 688. 03 86, 199, 847. 47 2555, 323, 000. Total July 1 to Oct. 31, 1924 189, 214, 531. 11 431, 313, 594. 57 309, 118, 255. 12 194, 533, 337. 59 1, 124, 179, 718.	September, 1923 October, 1923 November, 1923 December, 1923 January, 1924 February, 1924 March, 1924 April, 1924 May, 1924 June, 1924	46, 565, 104. 85 40, 946, 313. 13 40, 019, 386. 26 50, 207, 269. 85 51, 459, 046. 90 45, 695, 808. 65	342, 995, 805. 45 33, 713, 002. 87 32, 881, 328. 62 336, 248, 037. 68 33, 831, 762. 54 48, 955, 019. 18 500, 385, 765. 71 63, 545, 623. 31 36, 108, 764. 15 339, 929, 509. 92	80, 063, 159. 24 91, 999, 142, 92 79, 749, 652, 42 75, 678, 333. 43 80, 990, 362. 62 61, 288, 408. 26 71, 455, 426. 57 66, 533, 462. 24 76, 918, 932. 15 72, 642, 333. 74	62, 909, 161, 82 52, 835, 862, 69 31, 648, 087, 01 123, 444, 781, 65 28, 405, 544, 38 46, 155, 939, 35 23, 088, 386, 79 38, 531, 323, 42 32, 159, 701, 55 145, 732, 850, 41	530, 778, 148, 47 230, 261, 068, 82 190, 844, 172, 90 576, 317, 465, 89 183, 307, 055, 80 206, 606, 636, 64 646, 338, 625, 97 214, 306, 222, 62 190, 407, 966, 56 601, 580, 490, 52
Total July 1 to Oct. 31, 1924 189, 214, 531, 11 431, 313, 594, 57 309, 118, 255, 12 194, 533, 337, 59 1, 124, 179, 718.	Total for fiscal year 1924.	4545, 637, 503. 99	1, 842, 144, 418. 46	953, 012, 617. 62	671, 250, 161. 58	4, 012, 044, 701. 65
	July, 1924 August, 1924 September, 1924 October, 1924	43, 944, 794. 06 45, 620, 524. 10 49, 759, 401. 60 49, 889, 811. 35	21, 550, 478. 44 346, 848, 752. 96	72, 532, 616, 77 67, 645, 931, 55	46, 059, 196, 17 23, 135, 821, 85	195, 703, 994, 07 185, 762, 815, 48 487, 389, 907, 96 255, 323, 000, 88
	Total July 1 to Oct. 31, 1924	189, 214, 531. 11	431, 313, 594. 57	309, 118, 255. 12	194, 533, 337. 59	1, 124, 179, 718. 39
Grand total 2,714,358,082.17 18,830,885,816.32 8,514,503,898.06 4,896,493,313.00 34,956,241,109.	Grand total	2,714,358,082.17	18, 830, 885, 816. 32	8, 514, 503, 898. 06	4, 896, 493, 313. 00	34, 956, 241, 109. 55

EXPENDITURES

•	Ordinary, exclusive of purchase of obligations of foreign governments	Purchase of obligations of foreign governments	Public debt retire- ments charge- able against or- dinary receipts	Total expendi- tures chargeable against ordinary receipts	Excess of receipts (+), excess of expenditures (-)
Apr. 6, 1917, to June 30, 1917. Fiscal year 1918. Fiscal year 1919. Fiscal year 1920. Fiscal year 1921.	15,035,624,689.47 5,982,006,813,12	4,738,029,750.00 3,479,255,265.56 421,337,028.09	\$1,134,234.48 8,014,750.00 78,746,350.00 422,281,500.00	\$1,215,886,628.55 12,697,836,705.62 18,522,894,705.03 6,482,090,191.21 5,538,209,189.30	-13,370,637,568.60 +212,475,197.67
July, 1921 August, 1921 September, 1921 October, 1921 November, 1921 December, 1921 January, 1922 February, 1922 March, 1922	291, 157, 847, 34 266, 523, 932, 79 304, 157, 955, 85 324, 483, 376, 72 329, 765, 750, 86 231, 246, 895, 16 182, 205, 931, 85		25, 298, 550. 00 1, 888, 900. 00 59, 311, 550. 00 39, 389, 300. 00 72, 864, 750. 00 36, 323, 600. 00 5, 185, 050. 00	382, 217, 219, 24 316, 456, 397, 34 268, 412, 832, 79 363, 469, 505, 85 363, 872, 676, 72 402, 630, 500, 86 267, 570, 495, 16 187, 390, 981, 85 352, 017, 336, 78	-173, 148, 764, 45 -74, 013, 210, 51 +420, 915, 427, 29 -125, 621, 994, 51 -168, 389, 833, 78 -387, 662, 300, 53 -176, 569, 742, 21 -11, 739, 537, 17 +98, 740, 346, 41

Table G.—Ordinary receipts, and expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts, from April 6, 1917, to October 31, 1924, on the basis of daily Treasury statements, unrevised—Continued

EXPENDITURES-Continued

	Ordinary, exclusive of purchase of obligations of foreign governments	Purchase of obligations of foreign governments	Public-debt retire- ments charge- able against or- dinary receipts	Total expendi- tures chargeable against ordinary receipts	Excess of receipts (+), excess of expenditures (-)
April, 1922. May, 1922. June, 1922.	237,961,476.88	\$717,834.36	\$35, 386, 850. 00 23, 602, 350. 00 36, 982, 650. 00	\$277, 947, 811. 82 261, 563, 826. 88 351, 752, 914. 55	-\$80,028,171.08 -55,188,066.22 +121,132,896.80
Total for fiscal year 1922.	3, 371, 890, 065. 48	717, 834. 36	422, 694, 600. 00	3, 795, 302, 499. 84	+1 313,801,651.10
July, 1922. August, 1922. September, 1922. October, 1922. November, 1922. December, 1922. January, 1923. February, 1923. March, 1923. April, 1923. April, 1923. June, 1923. June, 1923.	218, 025, 762, 25 304, 132, 012, 53 411, 109, 750, 05 186, 322, 325, 00 289, 943, 929, 20 241, 717, 165, 54 243, 988, 968, 84 310, 472, 948, 03 301, 847, 746, 20 286, 965, 616, 92		6, 800, 850. 00 3, 529, 750. 00 42, 979, 550. 00 54, 787, 500. 00 67, 930, 400. 00 50, 231, 600. 00 25, 954, 450. 00 27, 954, 450. 00 17, 139, 791. 10 32, 070, 550. 00 69, 676, 900. 00	225, 497, 720. 97 221, 555, 512, 25 347, 111, 562, 53 465, 897, 250. 05 234, 252, 725. 00 340, 175, 529, 20 267, 671, 615. 54 244, 276, 018. 84 341, 935, 048. 03 318, 937, 537. 30 319, 936, 166. 92 351, 081, 333. 63	-20, 521, 202. 40 -4, 777, 932. 78 +107, 997, 119. 00 -164, 657, 834. 28 -27, 278, 463. 70 +126, 097, 963. 48 -54, 113, 540. 22 -46, 759, 320. 93 +299, 147, 122. 76 -77, 157, 937. 66 -107, 918, 633. 61 +279, 900, 120. 64
Total for fiscal year 1923.	3, 294, 627, 529. 16		402, 850, 491. 10	3,697,478,020.26	+309,657,460.30
July, 1923. August, 1928. September, 1923. October, 1923. November, 1923. December, 1923. January, 1924. February, 1924 March, 1924 April, 1924 April, 1924 June, 1924 June, 1924	286, 072, 504, 03 386, 560, 332, 11 231, 365, 547, 59 265, 790, 438, 64 195, 823, 390, 28 158, 471, 777, 44 272, 103, 332, 01 317, 787, 122, 94		28, 748, 200, 00 39, 987, 650, 00 24, 921, 100, 00 135, 148, 150, 00	242, 221, 708. 16 234, 497, 624, 76 314, 820, 704. 03 426, 547, 982. 11 256, 286, 647. 59 400, 938, 588. 64 260, 764, 690. 28 208, 431, 927. 44 291, 025, 932. 01 327, 001, 822. 94 256, 085, 469. 44 288, 054, 617. 94	-36, 479, 531. 89 +1, 007, 046. 43 +215, 937, 444. 44 -196, 286, 913. 29 -65, 442, 474. 69 +176, 378, 877. 25 -77, 457, 634. 48 -1, 825, 290. 80 +355, 362, 693. 96 -112, 695, 600. 32 -65, 677, 502. 88 +313, 525, 872. 58
Total for fiscal year 1924.	3, 048, 677, 965. 34		457, 999, 750. 00	3, 506, 677, 715. 34	+505, 366, 986. 31

July, 1924 August, 1924 September, 1924 October, 1924	188, 636, 121. 67 298, 256, 815, 43		7, 585. 20 8, 255, 500. 00 110, 540, 300. 00 3, 618. 75	207, 994, 816. 63 196, 891, 621. 67 408, 797, 115. 43 320, 307, 124. 94	-12, 290, 822, 56 -11, 128, 806, 19 +78, 592, 792, 53 -64, 984, 124, 06
Total July 1 to Oct. 31, 1924	1, 015, 183, 674. 72		118, 807, 003. 95	1, 133, 990, 678. 67	-9, 810, 960. 28
Grand total	45, 079, 601, 078. 84	9, 598, 236, 575. 45	1, 912, 528, 679. 53	56, 590, 366, 333. 82	21, 634, 125, 224, 27

¹ Net.

NOTE.—The figures given for operations in special accounts are net figures and make allowance for receipts and deposits credited to the account concerned.

Table H.—Condition of the United States Treasury at the close of the fiscal years 1922, 1923, and 1924

[Revised figures]

	1924	1923	1922
GOLD Assets:			
Gold coinGold bullion	\$459, 971, 195. 04 3, 326, 089, 793. 94	\$311, 905, 593. 88 3, 051, 834, 350. 85	\$306, 957, 667. 39 2, 850, 244, 888. 57
Total	3, 786, 060, 988. 98	3, 363, 739, 944. 73	3, 157, 202, 555. 96
Liabilities: Gold certificates. Gold fund, Federal Reserve Board. Gold reserve. Gold in general fund.	1, 218, 350, 659. 00 2, 260, 891, 035. 12 152, 979, 025. 63 153, 840, 269. 23	737, 014, 159. 00 2, 285, 169, 645. 65 152, 979, 025. 63 188, 577, 114. 45	695, 000, 469. 00 2, 108, 886, 911. 43 152, 979, 025. 63 200, 336, 149. 90
Total	3, 786, 060, 988. 98	3, 363, 739, 944. 73	3, 157, 202, 555. 96
SILVER Assets:			1
Silver dollars	427, 694, 079. 00	425, 549, 072. 00	313, 504, 308. 00
Liabilities: Silver certificates Treasury notes of 1890 Silver in general fund	408, 365, 410. 00 1, 422, 626. 00 17, 906, 043. 00	411, 692, 423. 00 1, 461, 383. 00 12, 395, 266. 00	304, 066, 593. 00 1, 510, 543. 00 7, 927, 172. 00
Total	427, 694, 079. 00	425, 549, 072. 00	313, 504, 308. 00
Assets: Gold Silver dollars United States notes Federal reserve notes Pederal reserve bank notes National-bank notes Subsidiary silver Minor coin Silver bullion at cost Unclassified Public debt paid awaiting reimbursement	153, 840, 269, 23 17, 906, 043, 00 4, 260, 547, 00 1, 124, 848, 00 193, 898, 00 18, 291, 051, 50 8, 073, 620, 73 2, 738, 648, 76 31, 072, 996, 78 34, 342, 165, 80 126, 949, 12	188, 577, 114, 45 12, 395, 266, 00 992, 174, 00 2, 103, 153, 00 459, 434, 00 14, 451, 963, 50 11, 587, 152, 52 2, 962, 881, 68 30, 807, 359, 92 4, 617, 146, 27 179, 257, 61	200, 336, 149, 90 7, 927, 172, 00 4, 145, 964, 00 2, 557, 721, 50 1, 030, 273, 00 15, 774, 366, 63 17, 747, 501, 85 3, 620, 013, 33 44, 284, 867, 40 3, 283, 342, 53 503, 020, 03
Total in Treasury offices	271, 971, 037. 92	269, 132, 902. 35	301, 210, 392. 17
In Federal land banks— To credit of Treasurer of the United States. In Federal reserve banks— To credit of Treasurer of the United States. In transit.————————————————————————————————————	1, 000, 000. 00 43, 250, 226. 26 3, 874, 540. 84	33, 681, 278. 26 8, 311, 659. 29	33, 091, 888. 68 21, 991, 600. 88
Total in Federal reserve banks	47, 124, 767. 10	41, 992, 937. 55	55, 083, 489. 56
In special depositaries account of sales of Treasury notes and certificates	162, 091, 572. 40	297, 832, 343. 40	146, 476, 840. 69
In national-bank depositaries— To credit of Treasurer of the United States. To credit of other Government officers In transit.	6, 821, 829, 92 20, 022, 705, 27 2, 699, 865, 99	7, 307, 960. 12 20, 401, 047. 10 3, 131, 153. 12	7, 832, 260. 63 16, 169, 825. 24 2, 129, 381. 31
Total in national-bank depositaries	29, 544, 401. 18	30, 840, 160. 34	26, 131, 467. 18
In treasury Philippine Islands— To credit of Treasurer of the United States. In transit.	732, 487. 2 5 822. 11	986, 823. 60 168. 89	4, 417, 757. 43 554. 05
Total in treasury Philippine Islands	733, 309. 36	986, 992. 49	4, 418, 311. 48
In foreign depositaries— To credit of Treasurer of the United States. To credit of other Government officers In transit	135, 907. 47 244, 349. 32 150. 00	150, 539. 16 666, 591. 79 120. 00	700, 619. 43 521, 190. 60 1, 141. 00
Total in foreign depositaries	380, 406: 79	817, 250. 95	1, 222, 951. 03
Total assets in general fund	512, 845, 494. 75	641, 602, 587. 08	534, 543, 452. 11

Table H.—Condition of the United States Treasury at the close of the fiscal years 1922, 1923, and 1924—Continued

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	1924	1923	1922
GENERAL FUND—continued			•
Liabilities:			
Deposits—		•	
Redemption of Federal reserve notes (5 per cent fund, gold) Redemption of Federal reserve bank	\$141, 046, 727. 99	\$177, 517, 738. 90	\$179, 138, 539. 55
notes (5 per cent fund, lawful money)		192, 096. 55	7, 445, 646. 55
Redemption of national-bank notes (5 per cent fund, lawful money)	30, 314, 179. 01	28, 891, 928. 19	29, 791, 025. 87
act of May 30, 1908	8, 745. 00	18, 480. 00	31, 080. 00
Board of trustees, Postal Savings System (5 per cent reserve, lawful money) Undistributed assets of insolvent national	7, 867, 446. 87	6, 701, 659. 81	7, 103, 734. 69
banks	5, 151, 652. 94	2, 826, 401. 39	1, 931, 759. 56
Total redemption and trust funds in the general fund	184, 388, 751. 81	216, 148, 304. 84	225, 441, 786. 22
Exchanges of currency, coin, etc	37, 359, 742. 51	4, 794, 236, 06	3, 197, 276, 59
Treasurer's checks outstanding	1, 267, 180. 65	1, 488, 550. 37	447, 858. 57
Post Office Department balance Balance to credit of postmasters, clerks of	14, 955, 576. 26	9, 626, 135. 45	12, 427, 459. 46
courts, etc	36, 844, 728. 78	39, 658, 544. 33	28, 902, 135. 42
Total liabilities, general fund	274, 815, 980. 01	271, 715, 771. 05	270, 416, 516. 26
Balance in general fund 1	238, 029, 514. 74	369, 886, 816. 03	264, 126, 935, 85
Total	512, 845, 494. 75	641, 602, 587. 08	534, 543, 452. 11

¹ Balance in general fund for years 1791 to 1922 is shown in Table I of the Annual Report for the fiscal year 1922.

·Table I.—Appropriations made by Congress for each fiscal year ending June 30, 1914 to 1925, including estimated permanent and indefinite appropriations and deficiencies for prior years

Appropriated	Third session Sixty-second Congress, 1914	First and second sessions Sixty-third Congress, 1915	Third session Sixty-third Congress, 1916	First session Sixty-fourth Congress, 1917	Second session Sixty-fourth Congress, and first session Sixty-fifth Congress, 1918	Second session Sixty-fifth Congress, 1919
Legislative Executive Office. Independent offices District of Columbia Department of Agriculture. Department of Commerce. Department of the Interior. Department of Justice. Department of Justice. Department of Justice. Post Office Department payable from Treasury 1. Post Office Department payable from Treasury 2. Post Office Department and Postal Service payable from postal revenues 3. Department of State. Treasury Department. Interest on the public debt. Sinking fund and other public debt retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts. War Department. Increase of compensation (indefinite) estimated.	1, 929, 350. 78 286, 319, 125. 26 4, 621, 908. 62 64, 433, 406. 41 22, 860, 000. 00 60, 685, 000. 00	212,077,124,45 11,096,176.86 4,245,339.64 150,357,571.24 2,558,633.89 316,777,886.96 6,436,129.07 69,694,516.62 22,900,000.00	\$14, 034, 240. 33 210, 440. 00 7, 404, 650. 55 12, 893, 383. 21 30, 942, 091. 04 11, 259, 145. 37 210, 848, 789. 26 10, 889, 181. 32 3, 466, 717. 13 153, 097, 154. 46 1, 849, 979. 56 314, 245, 638. 39 4, 906, 553. 04 65, 462, 815. 79 22, 970, 000. 00 189, 286, 924. 64	\$14, 540, 138, 33 213, 780, 88 58, 395, 108, 61 14, 044, 332, 87 36, 973, 191, 41 12, 452, 424, 28 210, 026, 630, 56 11, 662, 275, 87 3, 724, 781, 79 320, 718, 084, 53 2, 007, 187, 96 326, 493, 008, 82 9, 970, 633, 09 80, 080, 605, 15 23, 300, 000, 00 60, 727, 000, 00 443, 032, 460, 66	\$16, 865, 770, 34 221, 280, 00 1, 305, 307, 260, 87 15, 687, 936, 43 66, 891, 234, 79 13, 687, 424, 88 223, 294, 460, 59 12, 016, 477, 18 6, 158, 354, 46 1, 606, 052, 674, 57 1, 986, 719, 98 335, 696, 345, 12 31, 622, 435, 33 7, 336, 095, 502, 27 241, 795, 323, 00 60, 748, 000, 00 7, 592, 813, 043, 98 15, 000, 000, 00	\$18, 571, 305. 51 3,051, 158, 732. 86 16,936, 880. 87 66, 420, 066. 43 15, 310, 850. 71 295, 777, 748. 10 14, 974, 858. 98 11, 609, 642. 46 1, 793, 682, 080. 19 1, 994, 749. 57 385, 712, 029. 58 11, 399, 760. 83 3, 418, 605, 750. 54 655, 107, 269. 00 283, 889, 865. 00 16, 993, 818, 562. 39 25, 000, 000. 00
Total Deduct Post Office Department and Postal Service payable from postal revenues ²	1 ' ' '	1, 122, 471, 919. 12 316, 777, 886. 96	1, 114, 490, 704. 09 314, 245, 638. 39	1,628,411,644.81 326,493,008.82	18, 881, 940, 243. 79 335, 696, 345. 12	27, 065, 148, 933. 02 385, 712, 029. 58
Total, exclusive of Post Office Department and Postal Service payable from postal revenues 1	812, 282, 940. 38	805, 694, 032. 16	800, 245, 065. 70	1, 301, 918, 635. 99	18, 546, 243, 898. 67	26, 679, 436, 903. 44

Appropriated	Third session Sixty-fifth Congress, and first session Sixty-sixth Congress, 1920	Second session Sixty-sixth Congress, 1921	Third session Sixty-sixth Congress, and first session Sixty-seventh Congress to July 12, 1921, fiscal year 1922	First session Sixty-seventh Congress from July 13, 1921, and second session Sixty- seventh Congress, to July 1, 1922, fiscal year 1923	Second session Sixty-seventh Congress from July 2, 1922, and third and fourth sessions Sixty- seventh Congress, fiscal year 1924	First session Sixty-eighth Congress, fiscal year 1925
Legislative Executive Office Independent offices District of Columbia. Department of Agriculture. Department of Commerce. Department of Ustrice. Department of Justice. Department of Justice. Department of Justice. Navy Department. Post Office Department payable from Treasury '- Post Office Department and Postal Service payable from postal revenues '- Teasury Department. Interest on the public debt. Sinking fund and other public debt retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts. War Department. Increase of compensation (indefinite) estimated.	196, 175, 393, 18 30, 679, 124, 25 271, 567, 331, 13 18, 376, 751, 26 5, 363, 895, 40 910, 560, 128, 78 3 38, 068, 801, 61 412, 528, 240, 12 12, 762, 191, 23 317, 690, 154, 92 1, 052, 300, 000, 00 (7) 876, 464, 936, 81	\$18, 452, 570, 22 222, 880, 00 931, 951, 812, 18 20, 749, 021, 13 144, 796, 021, 64 23, 912, 398, 82 346, 356, 959, 05 16, 175, 965, 69 4, 58, 738, 251, 07 4, 16, 841, 282, 38 523, 468, 269, 65 11, 098, 034, 64 432, 152, 326, 94 1, 017, 500, 000, 00 287, 500, 000, 00 494, 974, 977, 08 35, 000, 000, 00	\$18, 704, 639, 44 228, 884, 00 165, 732, 573, 40 23, 174, 963, 83 49, 812, 678, 45 17, 911, 419, 04 352, 395, 185, 33 17, 679, 748, 00 5, 393, 019, 25 489, 651, 232, 99 6, 14, 238, 758, 15 701, 424, 454, 76 11, 021, 902, 75 359, 327, 529, 00 922, 650, 000, 00 265, 754, 864, 87 459, 080, 356, 20 35, 000, 000, 00	\$15, 164, 781. 72 351, 040. 00 757, 412, 716. 01 26, 651, 609. 12 145, 545, 265. 81 20, 784, 277. 56 328, 255, 752. 95 20, 676, 443. 10 8, 607, 395. 53 300, 513, 661. 17 554, 288. 22 572, 528, 197. 64 17, 569, 844. 41 243, 844, 996. 14 61, 100,000,000. 00 330, 088, 800. 00 359, 591, 500. 61	\$14,786,006.59 497,325.00 522,562,946.59 26,633,374.00 110,661,561.06 22,115,621.94 343,518,583.31 23,845,964.04 7,518,677.95 325,322,863.18 441,826.65 596,909,425.24 15,896,026.53 279,612,266.36 940,000,000.00 507,011,325.00 355,210,518.60	\$14, 648, 136. 13 344, 090. 13 411, 297, 957. 98 27, 967, 059. 41 74, 636, 707. 16 24, 123, 472. 86 292, 292, 2988. 51 24, 227, 141. 64 8, 363, 910. 44 278, 600, 933. 22 173, 449. 43 629, 198, 748. 71 15, 246, 097. 09 269, 354, 848. 75 865, 000, 000. 00 471, 806, 401. 00 341, 339, 807. 89 (9)
Total Deduct Post Office Department and Postal Service payable from postal revenues ²	6, 454, 596, 649. 56 412, 528, 240. 12	4, 780, 829, 510. 35 523, 468, 269. 65	3, 909, 282, 209. 46 701, 424, 454. 76	4, 248, 140, 569. 99 572, 528, 197. 64	4, 092, 544, 312. 04 596, 909, 425. 24	3, 748, 651, 750. 35 629, 198, 748. 71
Total, exclusive of Post Office Department and Postal Service payable from postal revenues 1		4, 257, 361, 240. 70	3, 207, 857, 754. 70	3, 675, 612, 372. 35	3, 495, 634, 886. 80	3, 119, 453, 001. 64

¹ These figures cover only those appropriations which have been specifically designated by Congress as payable from the Treasury and are exclusive of amounts which may be required under indefinite appropriations (payable from the Treasury) provided by law to supply deficiencies in the postal revenues. (See note 2 below.)

¹ These figures include amounts which may be required under indefinite appropriations (payable from the Treasury) to supply deficiencies, if any, in the postal revenues.

¹ Includes \$15,698,400 additional compensation, Postal Service.

¹ Includes \$14,000,000 for deficit under Federal control of telegraph and telephone systems.

⁶ Includes \$11,053,081.92 certified claims.

⁶ Includes \$125,000,000 of accumulated interest on war-savings certificates, series of 1918, to be paid during the fiscal year 1923 though properly allocable to the full five years of

their life and not simply to the fiscal year 1923.

The sinking fund created by the act of Feb. 25, 1862, was repealed by the act of Mar. 3, 1919 (40 Stat., p. 1312, sec. 6). The act of Mar. 3, 1919, created a cumulative sinking fund beginning with the fiscal year 1921.

Befinite amounts appropriated by Congress, which are included in this column as appropriations under the several departments and independent establishments.
Absorbed by rates of pay included under the Classification Act, approved March 4, 1923.

TABLE J.—Appropriations, expenditures, amounts carried to surplus fund, and unexpended balances for fiscal years 1885 to 1924

Fiscal year	Unexpended balances brought	balances brought forward Appropriations for fiscal years as entered on the books during the respective fiscal years \$101,889,060.40 \$160,000,940.16 \$77,514,865.6		Total available	Expenditures, exclusive of expenditures for the Postal Service payable from postal revenues and	Carried to surplus funds	Unexpended balances carried	Principal of public debt redeemed not	Postal expendi- tures from postal revenues
	forward i			appropriations	principal of the public debt redeemed, but in- clusive of ex- penditures on ac- count of postal deficiencies 2	surplus tunos	forward ¹	included in fore- going statement ⁸	not included in foregoing statement
1885 1886 1887 1888 1889	73,338,499.11 73,420,064.27 84,363,401.13 75,314,061.06	\$160,000,940.16 172,914,330.08 232,699,501.37 198,345,626.56 282,554,759.62 241,231,209.33	\$77,514,865.61 72,293,586.66 75,513,215.59 66,606,102.68 62,572,339.39 59,028,067.79	\$339, 404, 866. 17 318, 546, 415. 85 381, 632, 781. 23 349, 315, 130. 37 420, 441, 160. 07 416, 594, 088. 40	\$260, 226, 935. 11 242, 483, 138. 50 267, 898, 188. 87 267, 924, 801. 13 299, 288, 978. 25 318, 040, 710. 66	\$5,839,431.95 2,643,213.08 29,371,191.23 6,076,268.18 4,817,370.54 10,081,406.86	\$73,338,499.11 73,420,064.27 84,363,401.13 75,314,061.06 116,334,811.28 88,471,970.88	\$74,504,860.43 74,141.431.36 165,327,657.15 125,026,170.50 167,674,910.25 138,297,688.50	\$42,560,843.83 43,948,422.95 48,837,609.39 52,695,176.79 56,175,611.18 60,882,097.92
1891	135, 925, 332.03 119, 958, 239.29 131, 551, 200.70 116, 656, 620.51 147, 875, 539.65 116, 180, 482.82 135, 642, 081.67 189, 452, 744.40	337, 895, 329. 58 275, 031, 685. 27 347, 190, 061. 44 293, 642, 449. 44 341, 504, 421. 98 294, 200, 426. 21 338, 740, 047. 56 443, 832, 514. 59 623, 685, 762. 99 394, 601, 309. 30	80,038,878.20 58,085,253.96 62,201,680.49 64,745,458.84 54,564,438.16 56,597,280.53 61,358,528.34 60,314,975.42 71,447,806.13 103,057,092.00	506, 406, 178. 66 469, 042, 291. 26 529, 349, 981. 22 489, 939, 108. 98 512, 725, 480. 65 498, 673, 246. 39 516, 285, 058. 72 639, 789, 571. 68 884, 486, 313. 52 772, 945, 887. 75	365, 774, 681, 61 345, 023, 275, 83 383, 477, 954, 49 367, 525, 270, 83 356, 195, 298, 29 352, 179, 446, 08 365, 774, 159, 57 443, 388, 582, 80 605, 072, 179, 85 520, 860, 846, 52	4,706,145.02 4,060,776.14 14,320,826.03 5,757,208.64 8,654,642.71 30,313,317.49 14,868,817.48 6,968,244.48 4,126,647.22 27,273,090.02	135, 925, 352. 03 119, 938, 239. 29 131, 551, 200. 70 116, 656, 620. 51 147, 875, 539. 65 116, 180, 482. 82 135, 642, 081. 67 189, 452, 744. 40 275, 287, 486. 45 224, 811, 951. 21	126, 332, 083, 87 40, 580, 807, 98 9, 747, 554, 50 11, 185, 982, 95 15, 562, 918, 93 18, 517, 253, 35 22, 470, 857, 50 45, 932, 522, 00 31, 2717, 638, 98 40, 699, 851, 25	65, 931, 785, 72 70, 930, 475, 98 75, 896, 993, 16 75, 896, 993, 19, 10 82, 499, 208, 40 82, 665, 462, 73 89, 012, 634, 55 95, 021, 384, 17 102, 354, 579, 29
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909	241, 005, 047, 79 257, 842, 110, 83 316, 267, 885, 23 261, 082, 228, 52 240, 488, 800, 67 183, 733, 931, 04 286, 948, 599, 02 250, 090, 078, 09	486, 014, 663, 01 462, 681, 026, 18 545, 981, 442, 88 522, 601, 322, 39 510, 015, 853, 17 457, 156, 765, 19 615, 679, 778, 74 559, 772, 505, 46 660, 936, 760, 48 608, 617, 145, 69	81, 378, 628. 73 75, 335, 556. 23 75, 054, 298. 24 62, 027, 358. 99 62, 331, 521. 36 67, 247, 048. 30 75, 708, 934. 74 73, 572, 748. 77 72, 677, 728. 66 69, 999, 595. 12	792, 205, 242. 95 779, 021, 630. 20 878, 877, 851. 95 900, 896, 566. 61 833, 929, 603. 05 764, 892, 614. 16 875, 122, 694. 52 920, 293, 853. 25 983, 704, 567. 23 952, 303, 217. 77	524, 616, 926, 10 485, 234, 248, 78 517, 006, 126, 86 533, 659, 899, 92 567, 278, 913, 45 570, 202, 278, 59 579, 128, 843, 72 659, 196, 319, 68 693, 743, 887, 18 693, 717, 064, 45	26, 583, 269. 06 35, 945, 270. 59 45, 603, 839. 86 56, 154, 438. 77 26, 161, 888. 93 10, 956, 354. 53 9, 045, 251. 78 11, 007, 455. 48 16, 274, 203. 09 23, 063, 345. 79	241, 005, 047. 79 257, 842, 110, 83 316, 267, 885. 23 261, 082, 228. 52 240, 488, 800. 67 133, 733, 981. 04 286, 948, 599. 02 250, 090, 078. 09 273, 686, 476. 96 235, 617, 807. 53	54, 739, 236. 28 76, 309, 192. 50 42, 880, 919. 00 49, 559, 701. 75 26, 462, 598. 80 24, 968, 846. 80 55, 827, 297. 50 73, 891, 906. 50 104, 996, 770. 00 33, 049, 695. 50	111, 631, 193, 39 121, 848, 047, 26 134, 224, 443, 24 143, 582, 624, 34 152, 826, 585, 10 167, 932, 782, 95 183, 585, 005, 57 191, 478, 663, 41 203, 562, 383, 07 224, 128, 657, 62

1911 1912 1913	262, 174, 298. 54	616, 054, 909. 78	81, 703, 426. 70			18, 393, 716. 80	262, 174, 298. 54 251, 657, 584. 09 283, 214, 435. 24	35, 223, 336. 35 28, 648, 327. 53 24, 191, 610. 50	237, 660, 705. 48 246, 744, 015. 88 262, 108, 874. 74
1914	283, 214, 435. 24	636, 835, 844. 03					245, 816, 769. 11	26, 961, 327. 00	283, 558, 102. 62
1915	245, 816, 769. 11	707, 231, 005. 83					270, 483, 614. 78	17, 253, 491. 00	287, 248, 165. 27
1916	270, 483, 614, 78 229, 367, 708, 54	643, 037, 750. 30 8, 267, 364, 375. 04		990, 748, 567. 41 8, 591, 795, 874. 84	740, 980, 416. 47 2, 085, 894, 308, 58	20, 400, 442, 40 23, 217, 384, 12	229, 367, 708. 54 6, 482, 684, 182. 14	24, 668, 913. 50 677, 544, 782. 25	306, 228, 452. 76 319, 889, 904, 41
1917 1918		14, 469, 457, 762, 24		21, 261, 583, 425, 94				7, 706, 879, 075, 13	324, 849, 188, 16
1919		23, 747, 189, 792. 25		31, 978, 206, 789, 57		7. 234, 325, 874, 78		15, 837, 566, 009, 13	362, 504, 274, 24
		4, 300, 395, 182. 99		11, 358, 412, 410. 90		1, 011, 050, 482. 23		17, 036, 444, 271. 25	418, 722, 295. 05
1923		2,006,563,919.93 2,031,149,639.58	42,532,039,016.11 41,778,043,529.33 41,778,723,282.47 41,643,442,311.33	5,814,026,068.27 5,230,135,635.62	54, 880, 049, 960. 36 53, 615, 733, 139. 08 53, 647, 320, 641. 75 53, 402, 732, 714. 39	136, 452, 451. 03	2,029,418,619.01 1,420,262,713.57 1,446,362,542.84 1,367,901,706.26	8, 759, 380, 663, 87 6, 607, 836, 512, 92 7, 561, 162, 069, 59 2, 847, 802, 415, 22	463, 491, 274. 70 484, 853, 540. 71 532, 827, 925. 09 572, 948, 778. 41

¹ Includes balances under annual, permanent, and coatinuous appropriations. Balances of annual appropriations are available for use only in accordance with the provision of section 3690, R. S.

² Net expenditures by warrants.

³ The face amount of public debt retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts, on basis of warrants issued, not included in this column, follows: 1921, \$422,561,850.00; 1922, \$422,352,950.00; 1923, \$402,957,691.10; 1924, \$457,894,100.

⁴ Includes appropriations or retirement of public debt chargeable against ordinary receipts.

⁵ Includes public debt redemptions chargeable against ordinary receipts.

Table K .—Receipts and expenditures of the United States Government by fiscal years from 1791 to 19241

[The term "expenditures" as used in this table is on the basis of warrants issued (net) and includes unexpended balances to the credit of disbursing officers at the end of the year but not expenditures under unexpended balances at the beginning of the year]

	-			Ordinary receip	ts			Surplus (+) or deficit (-) ordinary
Fiscal year		Internal	revenue	Sales of public	Surplus postal receipts	Miscellaneous	Total ordinary	receipts com- pared with expenditures
	Customs	Income and profits taxes	Miscellaneous	lands	covered into the Treasury	receipts	receipts	chargeable against ordi- nary receipts?
1791 1792 1793 1794 1795 1796 1797 1798 1799 1800 1801 1801 1802 1803 1804 1804 1805 1806 1806	\$4, 399, 473 3, 443, 071 4, 255, 307 4, 801, 065 5, 588, 461 6, 567, 89, 650 7, 106, 062 6, 610, 449 9, 080, 933 10, 750, 779 12, 438, 726 11, 998, 565 12, 936, 487 14, 667, 698 15, 845, 522 16, 363, 551 7, 296, 021 8, 583, 309		\$208, 943 337, 706 274, 090 337, 755 475, 290 575, 491 644, 358 779, 136 809, 396 1, 048, 033 621, 899 215, 180 50, 941 21, 747 20, 101 13, 051 8, 211 4, 044	\$4, 836 83, 541 11, 963 444 167, 726 188, 628 165, 676 487, 527 540, 194 765, 246 466, 163 647, 939 442, 252 566, 549	\$11, 021 29, 478 22, 400 72, 910 64, 500 39, 500 41, 000 78, 000 79, 500 35, 000 16, 427 26, 500 21, 343 41, 118 3, 615	\$19, 440 17, 946 48, 889 327, 272 165, 918 1, 256, 599 98, 613 116, 228 879, 976 889, 293 1, 712, 031 187, 397 162, 774 40, 922 65, 768 69, 668 40, 961 31, 156 96, 926	\$4, 418, 913 3, 669, 960 4, 652, 923 5, 431, 905 6, 114, 534 8, 377, 530 8, 688, 781 7, 900, 496 7, 546, 813 10, 948, 749 12, 935, 331 14, 995, 793 11, 826, 307 13, 560, 693 15, 559, 931 16, 398, 019 17, 006, 662 7, 773, 473	+\$149,886 -1,409,572 +170,610 -1,558,934 -1,425,275 +2,650,544 +2,555,147 +223,992 -2,119,642 +62,674 +3,540,749 +7,133,676 +3,212,445 +3,106,865 +3,054,458 +3,188,943,868 +7,128,170 -2,507,275
1811 1812 1813 1814 1815 1816 1817 1817 1818 1819 1820 1821 1822	13, 313, 223 8, 958, 778 13, 224, 623 5, 998, 772 7, 282, 942 36, 306, 875 20, 283, 348 17, 176, 385 20, 283, 609 15, 005, 612 13, 004, 447 17, 589, 762 19, 088, 433		2, 296 4, 903 4, 755 1, 662, 985 4, 678, 059 5, 124, 708 2, 678, 101 955, 270 229, 594 106, 261 69, 028 67, 666 34, 242	1,040,238 710,428 835,655 1,135,971 1,287,959 1,717,985 1,991,226 2,606,565 3,274,423 1,635,872 1,212,96 1,803,682 916,523	38 85,040 35,000 45,000 135,000 149,788 29,372 20,070 71 6,466 517 602	90, 920 67, 734 41, 984 240, 377 2, 338, 897 2, 345, 064 4, 378, 315 2, 117, 003 826, 881 1, 126, 459 286, 422 770, 816 501, 357 483, 806	9, 384, 215 14, 423, 529 9, 801, 133 14, 340, 410 11, 181, 625 15, 729, 024 47, 677, 671 33, 099, 050 21, 585, 171 24, 603, 375 17, 880, 670 14, 573, 380 20, 232, 428 20, 540, 666 19, 381, 213	+1,227,705 +6,365,192 -10,479,638 -17,341,442 -23,599,315 +16,979,115 +17,090,980 +11,255,230 +1,766,050 +3,139,565 -379,957 -1,237,373 +5,232,208 +5,833,826 -945,495

1825	20,098,713	l. 	25,771	1,216,091	470)	499,813	21,840,858	+5.983.629
	23,341,332		21,590	1,393,785	300	503, 427	25, 260, 434	+8,224,637
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1,090,100		1 500,421	20, 200, 404	10,224,007
1827	19, 712, 283		19,886	1,495,845	101	1,738,249	22,966,364	+6,827,196
1828	23, 205, 524		17,452	1,018,309	20	522,325	24,763,630	+8,368,787
1829	22, 681, 966		14.503	1,517,175	i 87 i	613, 896	24, 827, 627	+9,624,294
1830	21,922,391		12, 161	2,329,356	55	580, 153	24, 844, 116	+9,701,050
1000	21, 022,001		12,101	2,020,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	000,100	22,022,110	10,101,000
1831	24, 224, 442		6.934	3,210,815	561	1,084,069	28, 526, 821	+13,279,170
	28, 465, 237		11,631	2,623,381	245	765,067	31,865,561	+14.576.611
1832				2,023,301	240		31,800,001	
1833	29, 032, 509		2,759	3,967,683		945, 476	33, 948, 427	+10,930,875
1834	16, 214, 957		4,196	4,857,601	100	715,082	21,791,936	+3,164,367
1835	19, 391, 311		10, 459	14, 757, 601	893	1, 269, 823	35, 430, 087	+17,857,274
1836.	23, 409, 941		370	24, 877, 180	ii l	2,539,294	50, 826, 796	+19,958,632
1837	11, 169, 290		5, 494	6,776,237		7,003,132	24, 954, 153	-12,289,343
	11,109,290					7,000,102		-7 , 562, 497
1838	16, 158, 800		2,467	3,081,940		7,059,355	26, 302, 562	
1839	23, 137, 925		2,553	7,076,447		1, 265, 824	31, 482, 749	+4,583,621
1840	13, 499, 502		1,682	3, 292, 683		2,686,248	19, 480, 115	-4,837,464
	,,		,	, ,		, ,		, ,
1841	14, 487, 217		3,261	1,365,627		1,004,055	16,860,160	-9,705,713
1842			495	1, 335, 798		451, 996	19, 976, 198	-5,229,563
1843	7,046,844		103			357, 937	8, 302, 702	-3,555,373
	7,040,044			0 050,010			29, 321, 374	+6, 983, 803
1844	26, 183, 571		1,777	2, 059, 940		1,076,086	29,321,374	
1845	27, 528, 113		3, 517	2,077,022		361,454	29, 970, 106	+7,032,698
1846	26, 712, 668		2, 897	2,694,452		289, 950	29, 699, 967	+1,933,042
1847	23, 747, 865		375	2,498,355		249, 174	26, 495, 769	-30, 785, 643
1848	31, 757, 071		375	3,328,643		649, 690	35, 735, 779	-9,641,447
	28, 346, 739			1,688,960		1, 172, 444	31, 208, 143	-13, 843, 514
	20, 340, 139					1,112,414		13,053,013
1850	39, 668, 686			1, 859, 894		2, 074, 859	43, 603, 439	+4, 059, 947
	40 01E F00			0.050.007	1	1 100 401	FO FFO 204	1 4 050 007
1851	49,017,568			2,352,305		1, 189, 431	52, 559, 304	+4,850,287
1852	47, 339, 327			2,043,240		464, 249	49,846,816	+5,651,897
1853	58, 931, 866		İ	1,667,085	1	988, 103 (61, 587, 054	+13,402,943
1854.	64, 224, 190			8, 470, 798		1, 105, 353	73, 800, 341	+15,755,479
1855	53, 025, 794			11, 497, 049		827, 732	65, 350, 575	+5,607,907
	64,022,863					1, 116, 191	74, 056, 699	+4,485,673
1856	04,022,803			8,917,045		1,110,191	74,000,000	11,100,005
1857	63, 875, 905			3, 829, 487		1, 259, 921	68, 965, 313	+1,169,505
1858	41, 789, 621	l	. . 	3, 513, 716		1, 352, 029	46, 655, 366	-27, 529, 904
1859	49, 565, 824			1,756,687		2, 163, 954	53, 486, 465	-15, 584, 512
1860	53, 187, 512			1,778,558		1, 098, 538	56,064,608	-7 , 065, 990
1000	00,101,012		1	2,,		2,000,000	00,000,000	.,,,,,,,,,
1861	39, 582, 126	1	l	870,659	l. :	1.057,146	41, 509, 931	-25,036,714
1862.	49, 056, 398			152, 204		2, 778, 854	51, 987, 456	-422,774,363
								-602, 043, 434
1863	69, 059, 642	\$2,741,858	34, 898, 930	167,617		5, 829, 244	112, 697, 291	
1864	102, 316, 153	20, 294, 732	89, 446, 402	588, 333		51, 981, 151	264, 626, 771	-600, 695, 871
1865	84, 928, 261	60, 979, 329	148, 484, 886	996, 553		38, 325, 576	333, 714, 605	-963, 840, 619
1866	179, 046, 652	72, 982, 159	236, 244, 654			69, 094, 124	558, 032, 620	+37,223,203
1867	176, 417, 811	66, 014, 429	200, 013, 108			47, 025, 086	490, 634, 010	+133,091,335
	164, 464, 600					48, 737, 179	405, 638, 083	+28, 297, 798
1868		41, 455, 598				20, 131, 119		+48, 078, 469
1869	180, 048, 427	34, 791, 856	123, 564, 605	4,020,344		28, 518, 515	370, 943, 747	
1870	194, 538, 374	37,775,874	147, 123, 882	3,350,482		28, 466, 865	411, 255, 477	+101,601.916

¹ This statement does not include postal revenues and expenditures, except surplus postal revenues covered into the Treasury and postal deficiencies paid out of the general fund of the Treasury.

2 Beginning with 1921, figures represent surplus or deficit after taking into account public debt expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts.

TABLE K.—Receipts and expenditures of the United States Government by fiscal years from 1791 to 1924 1—Continued

			(Ordinary receipt	\$			Surplus (+) or deficit (-)
Fiscal year		Internal	revenue.		Surplus postal			ordinary receipts com- pared with
	Customs	Income and profits taxes	Miscellaneous	Sales of public lands	receipts covered into the Treasury	Miscellaneous receipts	Total ordinary receipts	expenditures chargeable against ordi- nary receipts ?
1871 1872 1873 1874 1875 1876 1876 1877	\$206, 270, 408 216, 370, 287 188, 089, 523 163, 103, 834 157, 167, 722 148, 071, 985 130, 956, 493 130, 170, 680 137, 250, 048	\$19, 162, 651 14, 436, 862 5, 062, 312 130, 472 233 588 98	\$123, 935, 503 116, 205, 316 103, 667, 002 102, 270, 313 110, 007, 261 116, 700, 144 118, 630, 310 110, 581, 625 113, 561, 611	1, 852, 429 1, 413, 640 1, 129, 467 976, 254 1, 079, 743 924, 781		29, 037, 056 37, 612, 708 19, 411, 195 28, 193, 681 30, 843, 264 15, 931, 831 22, 090, 745	\$383, 323, 945 374, 106, 868 333, 738, 205 304, 978, 756 288, 000, 051 294, 095, 865 281, 406, 419 257, 763, 879 273, 827, 185	+\$91, 146, 757 +96, 588, 905 +43, 392, 960 +2, 344, 883 +13, 376, 658 +28, 994, 780 +40, 071, 944 +20, 799, 552 +6, 879, 301
1880. 1881 1882. 1883. 1884. 1885. 1886. 1886. 1887.	219, 091, 174 223, 832, 742	3, 022 55, 628	118, 823, 391 124, 296, 872 130, 881, 514	9,810,705 5,705,986 5,630,999 9,254,286 11,202,017 8,038,652		21, 978, 666 25, 156, 368 31, 863, 784 30, 904, 852 22, 055, 602 24, 014, 055 21, 097, 765 26, 038, 707 24, 676, 012 24, 297, 151 24, 447, 420	333, 526, 611 360, 782, 293 403, 525, 250 398, 287, 582 348, 519, 870 323, 690, 706 336, 439, 726 371, 403, 277 379, 266, 075 387, 050, 059 403, 080, 984	+65, 883, 653 +100, 069, 405 +145, 543, 810 +132, 879, 444 +104, 393, 626 +63, 463, 771 +93, 956, 587 +103, 471, 081 +87, 761, 081 +85, 040, 273
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899	219, 522, 205 177, 452, 964 203, 355, 017 131, 818, 531 152, 158, 617 160, 021, 752 176, 554, 127 149, 575, 062 206, 128, 482 233, 164, 871	77,131	153, 971, 072 161, 027, 624 147, 111, 233 143, 344, 541 146, 762, 865 146, 688, 574 170, 900, 642 273, 437, 162	3, 182, 090 1, 673, 637 1, 103, 347			392, 612, 447 354, 937, 784 385, 819, 629 306, 355, 316 324, 729, 419 338, 142, 447 347, 721, 705 405, 321, 335 515, 960, 621 567, 240, 852	+26, 838, 543 +9, 914, 453 +2, 341, 676 -61, 169, 965 -31, 465, 879 -14, 036, 999 -18, 032, 454 -38, 047, 248 -89, 111, 505 +46, 380, 005
1901 1902 1903	238, 585, 456 254, 444, 708 284, 479, 582 261, 274, 565		271, 880, 122 230, 810, 124	4, 144, 123 8, 926, 311		38, 954, 098 32, 009, 280 37, 664, 705 39, 454, 921	587, 685, 338 562, 473, 233 561, 880, 722 541, 087, 085	+63,068,413 +77,243,984 +44,874,595 -42,572,815

1905	300, 251, 878 332, 233, 363 286, 113, 130	20, 951, 781	249, 150, 213 269, 666, 773	4, 879, 834 7, 878, 811 9, 731, 560 7, 700, 568		40, 702, 521 56, 081, 439 54, 306, 090 49, 695, 352	544, 274, 685 594, 984, 446 665, 860, 386 601, 861, 907 604, 320, 498 675, 511, 715	-23, 004, 229 +24, 782, 168 +86, 731, 544 -57, 334, 413 -89, 423, 387 -18, 105, 350
1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915. 1916. 1917. 1918. 1919.	318, 891, 396 292, 320, 014 209, 786, 672 213, 185, 846 225, 962, 393 182, 758, 989	33, 516, 977 28, 583, 304 35, 006, 300 71, 381, 275 80, 201, 759 124, 937, 253 359, 681, 228 2, 838, 999, 634 2, 600, 762, 735 3, 956, 936, 004	289, 012, 224 293, 028, 896 309, 410, 666 308, 659, 733 335, 467, 887 387, 764, 776 449, 684, 980 857, 043, 591 1, 239, 468, 260 1, 442, 213, 241	5, 392, 797 2, 910, 205 2, 571, 775 2, 167, 136	\$3,800,000 3,500,000 5,200,000 9,557,701 18,000,000 300,000	59, 075, 002 54, 282, 535 57, 392, 663 55, 940, 370 66, 787, 373 54, 759, 011 81, 903, 301 290, 095, 526 611, 316, 574 979, 518, 493	701, 832, 911 692, 609, 204 724, 111, 230 734, 673, 167 697, 910, 827 782, 534, 548 1, 124, 324, 795 4, 180, 425, 156 4, 654, 380, 899 6, 704, 414, 437	+10,631,399 +2,727,870 +20,733 -400,733 -408,264 -62,675,7821 -961,717,309 -9,611,482,739 -14,297,760,281 +562,669,197
1921 1922 1923 1924	308, 025, 102 357, 544, 713 562, 189, 039 545, 012, 115	3, 228, 137, 674 2, 086, 918, 465 1, 691, 089, 535 1, 841, 759, 317	1, 351, 835, 935 1, 121, 239, 843 935, 699, 504 952, 530, 768	895, 391 656, 508	81, 494	694, 987, 895 536, 916, 625 657, 411, 097 544, 216, 719	5,584,517,045 4,103,596,531 3,847,045,683 3,884,041,142	*+693, 241, 726 +485, 558, 734 +199, 397, 834 +479, 746, 075

¹ This statement does not include postal revenues and expenditures, except surplus postal revenues covered into the Treasury and postal deficiencies paid out of the general fund of the Treasury.

3 Beginning with 1921, figures represent surplus or deficit after taking into account public debt expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts.

TABLE K .- Receipts and expenditures of the United States Government by fiscal years from 1791 to 1924—Continued

	Expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts									
Fiscal year	Civil and mis- cellaneous.	War Depart- ment (includ- ing rivers and harbors and Panama Canal) ⁴	Navy Department ⁶	Indians	Pensions 6	Postal de- ficiencies ⁷	Interest on the public debt	Total ordinary expenditures	Public debt retirements chargeable against ordi- nary receipts 8	Total expendi- tures charge- able against ordinary receipts
1791	782, 475 1, 256, 903 1, 111, 038 1, 039, 392 1, 337, 613 1, 114, 768 1, 462, 929 1, 842, 636 2, 191, 009 3, 768, 509 2, 890, 137 1, 697, 888 1, 423, 286	\$632, 804 1, 100, 702 1, 130, 249 2, 639, 098 2, 480, 910 1, 260, 264 1, 039, 403 2, 009, 522 2, 466, 947 2, 560, 879 1, 672, 944 11, 179, 148 822, 056 875, 424 712, 781 1, 224, 355 1, 288, 686 2, 900, 834 3, 345, 772 2, 294, 324	\$570 53 61, 409 410, 562 274, 784 382, 632 1, 331, 348 2, 888, 082 3, 448, 716 2, 111, 424 915, 562 1, 215, 231 1, 189, 833 1, 597, 500 1, 649, 641 1, 722, 064 1, 884, 068 2, 427, 759 1, 654, 244	\$27,000 13,649 27,283 13,042 23,476 113,564 62,396 16,470 20,302 31 9,000 94,000 116,500 124,200 205,425 213,575 337,504 177,625	81, 399 68, 673 100, 844 92, 257 104, 845 95, 444 64, 131 73, 533 85, 440 62, 902 80, 093 81, 855 81, 876 70, 500 82, 576 87, 834 83, 744		3, 490, 293 3, 189, 151 3, 195, 055 3, 300, 043 3, 053, 281 3, 186, 288 3, 374, 705 4, 412, 913 4, 125, 039 3, 848, 828 4, 266, 583 4, 148, 999 3, 723, 408 3, 369, 578 3, 428, 153 2, 866, 075	5,079,532 4,482,313 6,990,839 7,539,986 6,133,634 7,676,504 9,666,455 10,786,075 9,394,582 7,882,118 7,851,642 10,566,234 9,803,617 8,334,151 9,932,492		7, 539, 809 5, 726, 986 6, 133, 634 7, 676, 504 9, 666, 455 10, 786, 075 9, 394, 582 7, 862, 118 7, 851, 653 8, 719, 442 10, 506, 234 9, 803, 617
1811 1812 1813 1814 1815 1816 1817 1818 1819 1820 1821 1822	1, 683, 088 1, 729, 436 2, 208, 030 2, 898, 870 2, 989, 741 3, 518, 937 3, 835, 840 3, 067, 211 2, 592, 022 2, 223, 122 1, 967, 996	2, 032, 828 11, 817, 798 19, 652, 013 20, 350, 807 14, 794, 294 16, 012, 097 8, 004, 237 5, 622, 715 6, 506, 300 2, 630, 392 4, 461, 292 3, 111, 981	1, 965, 566 3, 959, 365 6, 446, 600 7, 311, 291 8, 660, 000 3, 908, 278 3, 314, 598 2, 953, 695 3, 847, 640 4, 387, 990 3, 319, 243 2, 224, 459	151, 875 277, 845 167, 358 167, 395 530, 750 274, 512 319, 464 505, 704 463, 181 315, 750 477, 005 575, 007	188, 804 297, 374 890, 720 2, 415, 940 3, 208, 376 242, 817 1, 948, 199		2,451,273 3,599,455 4,593,239 5,754,569 7,213,259 6,389,210 6,016,447 5,163,538 5,126,097 5,087,274 5,172,578	20, 280, 771 31, 681, 852 34, 720, 926 32, 708, 139 30, 586, 691 21, 843, 820 19, 825, 121 21, 463, 810 18, 260, 627		20, 280, 771 31, 681, 852 34, 720, 926 32, 708, 139 30, 586, 691 21, 843, 820 19, 825, 121 21, 463, 810 18, 260, 627
1823 1824 1825 1825 1826 1827	2, 022, 094 7, 155, 309 2, 748, 545 2, 600, 178 2, 713, 477	3, 096, 924 3, 340, 940 3, 659, 914 3, 943, 194 3, 938, 978	2, 503, 766 2, 904, 582 3, 049, 084 4, 218, 902 4, 263, 877 3, 918, 786	380, 782 429, 988 724, 106 743, 448 760, 625 705, 084	1,780,589 1,499,327		4,922,685 4,996,562 4,366,769	14, 706, 840 20, 326, 708 15, 857, 229 17, 035, 797 16, 139, 168 16, 394, 843		14, 706, 840 20, 326, 708 15, 857, 229 17, 035, 797 16, 139, 168 16, 394, 843

1829 1830	3, 101, 515 3, 237, 416	4,724,291 4,767,129	3, 308, 745 3, 239, 429	576, 345 622, 262				15, 203, 333 15, 143, 066	 15, 203, 333 15, 143, 066
1831 1832 1833 1834 1835 1836 1837 1838 1839 1840	3,054,646 4,577,141 5,716,246 4,404,729 4,229,699 5,393,280 9,893,609 7,160,965 5,728,203 5,996,269	4,841,336 5,446,035 6,704,019 5,696,189 5,759,157 12,169,227 13,682,734 12,897,224 8,916,996 7,097,070	3, 856, 133 3, 956, 370 3, 901, 357 3, 956, 260 3, 864, 939 5, 807, 718 6, 646, 915 6, 131, 596 6, 182, 294 6, 113, 897	930, 738 1, 352, 420 1, 802, 981 1, 003, 953 1, 706, 444 4, 615, 141 4, 348, 076 5, 504, 191 2, 528, 917 2, 331, 795	1,184,422 4,589,152 3,364,285 1,954,711 2,882,798 2,672,162 2,156,086 3,142,884		772, 562 303, 797 202, 153 57, 863 14, 997 399, 834 174, 598	17, 288, 950 23, 917, 552 18, 627, 569 17, 572, 813 30, 868, 164 37, 243, 496 33, 865, 059 26, 899, 128 24, 317, 579	15, 247, 651 17, 288, 952 23, 017, 552 18, 627, 569 17, 572, 813 30, 868, 164 37, 243, 496 33, 865, 059 26, 899, 128 24, 317, 579
1841 1842 1843 1844 1845 1846 1847 1848 1849 1850	6, 084, 037 6, 788, 553 3, 203, 163 5, 616, 408 5, 910, 028 6, 034, 324 6, 201, 519 5, 620, 678 14, 143, 278 14, 920, 119	8, 805, 565 6, 611, 887 2, 957, 300 5, 179, 220 5, 752, 644 10, 792, 867 38, 305, 520 25, 501, 963 14, 852, 966 9, 400, 239	6,001,077 8,397,243 3,727,711 6,498,199 6,297,245 6,454,947 7,900,636 9,408,476 9,786,706 7,904,709	2, 594, 063 1, 201, 062 581, 680 1, 179, 279 1, 540, 817 1, 021, 461 1, 470, 306 1, 221, 792 1, 373, 119 1, 665, 802	2, 388, 496 1, 379, 469 843, 323 2, 030, 598 2, 396, 642 1, 810, 371 1, 747, 917 1, 211, 270 1, 330, 010 1, 870, 292	\$407, 657 53, 697 21, 303 810, 232 536, 299 22, 222	284, 978 773, 550 523, 595 1, 833, 867 1, 040, 032 842, 723 1, 119, 215 2, 390, 825 3, 565, 578 3, 782, 331	26, 565, 873 25, 205, 761 11, 858, 757 22, 337, 571 22, 937, 408 27, 766, 925 57, 281, 412 45, 377, 226 45, 051, 657	26, 565, 873 25, 205, 761 11, 858, 075 22, 337, 571 22, 937, 408
1851 1852 1853 1854 1855 1856 1857 1858 1859 1860	18,008,594 16,590,773 15,814,840 26,443,374 22,020,924 29,310,469 24,911,223 22,255,130 18,891,737 18,086,888	11, 811, 793 8, 225, 247 9, 947, 291 11, 733, 629 14, 773, 826 16, 948, 197 19, 261, 774 25, 485, 383 23, 243, 823 16, 409, 767	9,005,931 8,952,801 10,918,781 10,798,526 13,312,024 14,091,781 12,747,977 13,984,551 14,642,990 11,514,965	2, 895, 700 2, 980, 403 3, 905, 745 1, 553, 031 2, 792, 552 2, 769, 430 4, 287, 543 4, 926, 739 3, 625, 027 2, 949, 191	2, 290, 278 2, 403, 953 1, 777, 871 1, 237, 879 1, 450, 153 1, 298, 209 1, 312, 043 1, 217, 483 1, 220, 378 1, 102, 926	1,041,444 2,153,750 3,207,346 3,078,814 3,199,118 3,616,883 4,748,923 4,808,558 9,889,546	3,696,721 4,000,293 3,665,833 3,071,017 2,314,375 1,953,822 1,678,265 1,567,056 2,638,464 3,177,315	44, 194, 919 48, 184, 111 58, 044, 862 59, 742, 668 69, 571, 026 67, 795, 708	47, 709, 017 44, 194, 919 48, 184, 111 58, 044, 862 59, 742, 668 69, 571, 026 67, 795, 708 74, 185, 270 69, 070, 977 63, 130, 598
1861 1862 1863 1864 1865 1866 1867 1868 1868 1869	18, 096, 116 17, 846, 762 22, 507, 619 44, 515, 558 41, 115, 438 58, 406, 55, 957, 827 52, 753, 231 64, 389, 438	22, 981, 150 394, 368, 407 599, 298, 601 690, 791, 843 1, 031, 323, 361 284, 449, 702 95, 224, 415 123, 246, 648 78, 501, 991 57, 655, 676	12, 420, 888 42, 668, 277 63, 221, 964 85, 725, 995 122, 612, 945 43, 324, 118 31, 034, 011 25, 775, 503 20, 000, 758 21, 780, 230	2, 841, 358 2, 273, 224 3, 154, 357 2, 629, 859 5, 116, 837 3, 247, 065 4, 642, 532 4, 100, 682 7, 042, 923 3, 407, 938	1, 036, 064 853, 095 1, 078, 991 4, 983, 924 16, 338, 811 15, 605, 352 20, 936, 552 23, 782, 387 28, 476, 622 28, 340, 202	5, 170, 895 3, 561, 729 749, 314 999, 980 250, 000 3, 516, 667 4, 053, 192 5, 395, 510 4, 844, 579	4,000,174 13,190,325 24,729,847 53,685,422 77,397,712 133,067,742 143,781,592 140,424,046 130,694,243 129,235,498	474, 761, 819 714, 740, 725 865, 322, 642 1, 297, 555, 224 520, 809, 417 357, 542, 675 377, 340, 285 322, 865, 278	 66, 546, 645 474, 761, 819 714, 740, 725 865, 322, 642 1, 297, 555, 224 520, 809, 417 357, 542, 675 377, 340, 285 322, 865, 278 309, 653, 561

Includes civil expenditures under War and Navy Departments at Washington to and including fiscal year 1920.

Exclusive of civil expenditures under War Department at Washington to and including fiscal year 1920.

Exclusive of civil expenditures under Navy Department at Washington to and including fiscal year 1920.

Includes only Army and Navy pensions for service prior to World War, and fees of examining surgeons. Does not include salaries under Bureau of Pensions, or payments to the veterans of the World War, the expenditures for which are made by the Veterans' Bureau and included in the figures covering "civil and miscellaneous."

Exclusive of the following amounts transferred to the Civil Service Retirement and Disability fund (Interior Department) on account of salary deductions of 2½ per cent under the Act of May 22, 1920: 1921, \$6,519,683.59; 1922, \$7,899,006.28; 1923, \$8,300,779.81; 1924, \$8,679,658.60.

At par.

Table K.-Receipts and expenditures of the United States Government by fiscal years from 1791 to 1924—Continued

				Expendit	ures chargeable	against ordinary	receipts			
Fiscal year	Civil and mis- cellaneous ³	War Depart- ment (includ- ing rivers and harbors and Panama Canal) ⁴	Navy Department 5	Indians	Pensions 6	 Postal deficiencies 7 	Interest on the public debt	Total ordinary expenditures	Public debt retirements chargeable against ordi- nary receipts 8	Total expenditures charge- able against ordinary receipts
1871 1872 1873 1874 1875 1876 1877 1878 1878 1879 1880	62,768,024 72,943,555 81,822,622 63,859,057 68,507,121 52,756,194	\$35, 799, 992 35, 372, 157 46, 323, 138 42, 313, 927 41, 120, 646 38, 070, 889 37, 082, 736 32, 154, 148 40, 425, 661 38, 116, 916	\$19, 431, 027 21, 249, 810 23, 526, 257 30, 932, 587 21, 497, 626 18, 963, 310 14, 959, 935 17, 365, 301 15, 125, 127 13, 536, 985	\$7, 426, 997 7, 081, 729 7, 951, 705 6, 692, 462 8, 384, 557 5, 986, 558 5, 277, 007 4, 629, 280 5, 206, 109 5, 945, 457	\$34, 443, 895 28, 533, 403 29, 359, 427 29, 038, 415 29, 456, 216 28, 257, 396 27, 963, 752 27, 137, 019 35, 121, 482 56, 777, 175	\$5, 131, 250 5, 175, 000 5, 490, 475 4, 714, 045 7, 211, 046 6, 092, 540 6, 170, 339 5, 753, 394 4, 773, 524 3, 071, 000	\$125, 576, 566 117, 357, 840 104, 750, 688 107, 119, 815 103, 093, 545 100, 243, 271 97, 124, 512 102, 500, 875 106, 327, 949 95, 757, 575	302, 633, 873 274, 623, 393 265, 101, 085 241, 334, 475 236, 964, 327 266, 947, 884 267, 642, 958		302, 633, 87: 274, 623, 39: 265, 101, 08: 241, 334, 47: 236, 964, 32: 266, 947, 88: 267, 642, 95:
1881	68, 603, 519 70, 920, 434 82, 952, 647 65, 973, 278 78, 763, 579	40, 466, 461 43, 570, 494 48, 911, 383 39, 429, 603 42, 670, 578 34, 324, 153 38, 561, 026 38, 522, 436 44, 435, 271 44, 582, 838	15, 686, 672 15, 032, 046 15, 283, 437 17, 292, 601 16, 021, 080 13, 907, 888 15, 141, 127 16, 926, 438 21, 378, 809 22, 006, 206	6,514,161 9,736,748 7,362,591 6,475,999 6,552,495 6,099,158 6,194,523 6,249,308 6,892,208 6,708,047	50, 059, 280 61, 345, 194 66, 012, 574 55, 429, 228 56, 102, 268 63, 401, 864 75, 029, 102 80, 288, 509 87, 624, 779 106, 936, 855	3, 895, 639 74, 503 4, 541, 611 8, 193, 652 6, 501, 247 3, 056, 037 3, 868, 920 6, 875, 037	82, 508, 741 71, 077, 207 59, 160, 131 54, 578, 379 51, 386, 256 50, 580, 146 47, 741, 577 44, 715, 007 41, 001, 484 36, 099, 284	260, 712, 888 257, 981, 440 265, 408, 138 244, 126, 244 260, 226, 935 242, 483, 139 267, 932, 181 267, 924, 801 299, 238, 978 318, 040, 711		260, 712, 885 257, 981, 440 265, 408, 138 244, 126, 244 260, 226, 93 242, 483, 133 267, 932, 181 267, 924, 801 299, 288, 975 318, 040, 711
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1898	95,790,499 97,786,004 93,693,884 82,263,188 77,916,235 79,252,062 86,016,465	48, 720, 065 46, 895, 456 49, 641, 773 54, 567, 930 51, 804, 759 50, 830, 921 48, 950, 268 91, 992, 000 229, 841, 254 134, 774, 768	26, 113, 896 29, 174, 139 30, 136, 084 31, 701, 294 28, 797, 796 27, 147, 732 34, 561, 546 58, 263, 985 63, 942, 104 55, 953, 078	8, 527, 469 11, 150, 578 13, 345, 347 10, 293, 482 9, 939, 754 12, 165, 528 13, 016, 862 10, 994, 686 12, 805, 711 10, 175, 107	124, 415, 951 134, 583, 053 159, 357, 558 141, 177, 285 141, 395, 229 139, 434, 001 141, 053, 165 147, 452, 369 139, 394, 929 140, 877, 316	4,741,772 4,051,490 5,946,795 8,250,000 11,016,542 9,300,000 11,149,206 10,504,040 8,211,570 7,230,779	37, 547, 135 23, 378, 116 27, 264, 392 27, 841, 406 30, 978, 030 35, 385, 029 37, 791, 110 37, 585, 056 39, 896, 925 40, 160, 333	365, 773, 904 345, 023, 331 383, 477, 953 367, 525, 281 356, 195, 298 352, 179, 446 365, 774, 159 443, 368, 583 605, 072, 179 520, 860, 847		365, 773, 90 345, 023, 33 383, 477, 95 367, 525, 28 356, 195, 29 352, 179, 44 365, 774, 15 443, 385, 58 605, 072, 17 520, 860, 84
1901	125, 110, 562 133, 072, 506 131, 357, 250	144, 615, 697 112, 272, 216 118, 629, 505 165, 199, 911 126, 093, 894	60, 506, 978 67, 803, 128 82, 618, 034 102, 956, 102 117, 550, 308	10, 896, 073 10, 049, 585 12, 935, 168 10, 438, 350 14, 236, 074	139, 323, 622 138, 488, 560 138, 425, 646 142, 559, 266 141, 773, 985	4,954,762 2,402,153 2,768,919 6,502,531 15,065,257	32,342,979 29,108,045 28,556,349 24,646,490 24,590,944	524, 616, 925 485, 234, 249 517, 006, 127 583, 659, 900		524, 616, 92, 485, 234, 24, 517, 006, 12, 583, 659, 90, 567, 278, 91,

10	1906. 1907. 1908. 1909.	145,641,626 162,532,368 167,001,087	137, 326, 066 149, 775, 084 175, 840, 453 192, 486, 904 189, 823, 379	110, 474, 264 97, 128, 469 118, 037, 097 115, 546, 011 123, 173, 717	12, 746, 859 15, 163, 608 14, 579, 756 15, 694, 618 18, 504, 132	141, 034, 562 139, 309, 514 153, 892, 467 161, 710, 367 160, 696, 416	12, 673, 294 7, 629, 383 12, 888, 041 19, 501, 062 8, 495, 612	24, 308, 576 24, 481, 158 21, 426, 138 21, 803, 836 21, 342, 979	579, 128, 842 659, 196, 320 693, 743, 885		570, 202, 278 579, 128, 842 659, 196, 320 693, 743, 885 693, 617, 065
10065—FI 1924†—— 27	1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919 1920	169, S02, 304 170, 530, 235 200, 533, 231 199, 555, 048 1, 153, 677, 360 6, 306, 334, 995 6, 805, 124, 746 3, 133, 100, 982	197, 199, 491 184, 122, 793 202, 128, 711 208, 349, 746 202, 160, 134 182, 139, 305 459, 539, 678 5, 705, 136, 249 9, 285, 325, 159 1, 100, 865, 666 580, 794, 891 402, 058, 450	119, 937, 644 135, 591, 956 133, 262, 862 139, 682, 186 141, 835, 654 155, 029, 426 257, 166, 437 1, 368, 642, 794 2, 009, 272, 389 629, 893, 116 647, 870, 645 458, 794, 813	20, 933, 869 20, 134, 840 20, 306, 159 20, 215, 076 22, 130, 351 17, 570, 284 30, 598, 994 30, 888, 400 34, 593, 257 40, 516, 832 41, 470, 808 38, 500, 413	153, 590, 456 175, 085, 450 173, 440, 231 164, 387, 302, 351 160, 318, 406 181, 137, 754 221, 614, 781	2, 221, 095 343, 511	21, 311, 334 22, 616, 300 22, 899, 108 22, 863, 957 22, 902, 897 22, 900, 313 24, 742, 129 197, 526, 608 615, 867, 337 1, 024, 024, 440 996, 676, 804 989, 485, 410	689, 881, 334 724, 511, 963 735, 081, 431 760, 586, 802 741, 996, 727 2, 086, 042, 104 13, 791, 907, 895 18, 952, 141, 180	\$422, 561, 850 422, 352, 950	691, 201, 512 689, 881, 334 724, 511, 963 735, 031, 431 760, 586, 802 741, 996, 727 2, 086, 042, 104 13, 791, 907, 895 18, 952, 141, 180 6, 141, 745, 240 4, 891, 275, 319 3, 618, 037, 797
7	1923. 1924	1, 169, 528, 360 1, 047, 269, 519	355, 722, 856 348, 606, 247	322, 532, 909 324,129, 998	45, 142, 763 46, 754, 026	264, 147, 869 228, 261, 555	32, 526, 915 12, 638, 850	1,055,088,486 938,740,772	3, 244, 690, 158 2, 946, 400, 967	402, 957, 691 457, 894, 100	3,647,647,849 3,404,295,067

8 At par.

Includes civil expenditures under War and Navy Departments at Washington to and including fiscal year 1920.

Exclusive of civil expenditures under War Department at Washington to and including fiscal year 1920.

Exclusive of civil expenditures under Navy Department at Washington to and including fiscal year 1920.

Includes only Army and Navy pensions for service prior to World War, and fees of examining surgeons. Does not include salaries under Bureau of Pensions, or payments to the veterans of the World War, the expenditures for which are made by the Veterans' Bureau and included in the figures covering "civil and miscellaneous."

Exclusive of the following amounts transferred to the Civil Service Retirement and Disability fund (Interior Department) on account of salary deductions of 2½ per cent under the Act of May 22, 1920: 1921, \$6,519,683.59; 1922, \$7,899,006.28; 1923, \$8,300,779.81; 1924, \$8,679,658.60.

TABLE K.—Receipts and expenditures of the United States Government by fiscal years from 1791 to 1924—Continued

	Public debt expenditures chargeable agains public debt receipts and surplus revenue 1			P	ublic debt receip	ots	Surplus (+) or deficit (-) public debt	Recapitulation of total receipts and expenditures			
Fiscal year	Public debt retirements, exclusive of retirements chargeable against ordi- nary receipts	Redemption of national bank and Fed- eral reserve bank notes	Total public debt retirements charge-able against public debt receipts and surplus revenue	Public debt receipts, pro- ceeds of bonds, and other securities	Deposits to retire national bank and Fed- eral reserve bank notes	Total public debt receipts	receipts com- pared with public debt expenditures (exclusive of public debt expenditures chargeable against ordi- nary receipts)	Total ordinary and public debt receipts	Total ordinary and public debt expendi- tures	Surplus (+) or deficit (-) of all receipts	
1791 1792 1793	1 4.062.038		4,062,038 3,047,263	\$5,791,113 5,070,806 1,067,701		\$5,791,113 5,070,806 1,067,701	+\$2,852,601 +1,008,768 -1,979,562 +2,297,911 +410,008	\$10,210,026 8,740,766 5,720,624	\$7,207,539 9,141,570 7,529,576	+\$3,002,487 -400,804 -1,808,952 +738,977	
1793	1 2,492,379		2,311,286 2,895,260 2,640,792 2,492,379	4, 609, 197 3, 305, 268 362, 800 70, 135		4,609, 197 3,305,268 362,800 70,135	$ \begin{array}{rrr} -2,277,992 \\ -2,422,244 \end{array} $	10,041,102 9,419,802 8,740,330	9, 302, 125 10, 435, 069 8, 367, 778 8, 626, 013	+738, 977 -1, 015, 267 +372, 552 +132, 903 -404, 447	
1798 1799 1800	937.013		1,410,589 1,203,665	1,002,100		1,002,100	-628, 439 +3, 664, 058 +398, 770	8,758,916 8,209,070 12,621,460 12,451,184	8,613,517 11,077,044 11,989,740	-404,447 $+1,544,416$ $+461,444$	
1801 1802 1803	5, 413, 966 3, 407, 331		5, 413, 966 3, 407, 331 3, 905, 205	5, 597		5, 597	-2,868,669 -5,408,369 -3,407,331 -3,895,672	12,945,456 15,001,391 11,064,098 11,835,840	12, 273, 376 13, 276, 084 11, 258, 984 12, 624, 647	+672,080 +1,725,307 -194,886 -788,807	
1805 1806 1807 1808	3, 220, 891 5, 266, 477 2, 938, 142		3, 220, 891 5, 266, 477 2, 938, 142	128,815 48,898		128, 815 48, 898	-3,895,672 -3,092,076 -5,217,579 -2,938,142 -6,830,210	11, 664, 098 11, 835, 840 13, 689, 508 15, 608, 829 16, 398, 019 17, 062, 544	12,024,047 13,727,125 15,070,094 11,292,293 16,764,584 13,867,227	-37, 617 +538, 735 +5, 105, 726 +297, 960	
1809 1810	3, 586, 479 5, 163, 477		3,586,479 5,163,477	2,759,992		2,759,992	-3,586,479 -2,403,485	7,773,473 12,144,207	13, 319, 987	$ \begin{array}{r} -6,093,754 \\ -1,175,780 \end{array} $	
1811	7, 505, 668 3, 307, 305		1,998,350 7,505,668 3,307,305	12, 837, 900 26, 184, 435 23, 377, 912		8,309 12,837,900 26,184,435 23,377,912	-5,535,162 +10,839,550 +18,678,767 +20,070,607 +28,389,967	14, 431, 838 22, 639, 033 40, 524, 845 34, 559, 537	13,601,808 22,279,121 39,187,520 38,028,231	+830,030 +359,912 +1,337,325 -3,468,694	
1815 1816 1817 1818	17,657,804 19,041,826 15,270,755		15 279 755	734,543		9, 494, 436 734, 543 8, 766	-8, 163, 368 -18, 307, 283 -15, 270, 989	50, 993, 345 57, 172, 107 33, 833, 593 21, 593, 937	13, 601, 808 22, 279, 121 39, 187, 520 38, 028, 231 39, 582, 493 48, 244, 495 40, 885, 646 35, 104, 876	+11,410,852 +8,927,612 -7,052,053 -13,510,939	
1819 1820	2,540,388 3,502,397		2, 540, 388 3, 502, 397	2,291 2,040,824		2, 291 3, 040, 824	-2,538,097 -461,573	24,605,666 20,921,494	24,004,198 21,763,024	+601,468 -841,530	

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1821	3 279 822	1	1 3 279 822 1	5 000 324 (4	5,000,324	+1,720,502	19,573,704	19,090,575	+483.129
1822	2 676 371		3, 279, 822 2, 676, 371	5,000,324		, ,	9´676´371	20, 232, 428	17, 676, 591	+2,555,837
1823	2,010,311		607,332				-607,332	20, 540, 666	15, 314, 172	+5,226,494
	007,332		007,332	***********			-6,571,832	24, 381, 213	31, 898, 540	-7,517,327
1824	11,571,832		11,571,832	5,000,000		5,000,000	-0,3/1,832	24,001,210	31, 595, 390	1,017,027
1825	7,728,576		7,728,576	5,000,000 5,000,000		5,000,000	-2,728,576	26,840,858	23, 585, 805	+3,255,053
1826	7,067,602		7,067,602				-7,067,602	25, 260, 434	24, 103, 399	+1, 157, 035
1827	6 517 597		6,517,597				-6, 517, 597	22,966,364	22,656,765	+309, 599
1828	0,064,637		0 064 637				-9,084,637	24,763,630	25, 459, 480	-695, 850
1829	0.001,001		0,001,001	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	******************		-9,841,025	24, 827, 627	25, 044, 358	-216,731
1028	9,041,020		9,041,025				-9, 442, 215	24, 844, 116	24, 585, 281	+258,835
1830	9,442,215		9,442,215				-9,442,215	24,844,110	24,000,201	7 200, 000
1831	14,790,795		14, 790, 795				-14,790,795	28, 526, 821	30, 038, 446	1,511,625
1832	17 007 740		17,067,748				-17,067,748	31, 865, 561	34, 356, 698	-2, 491, 137
	17,007,748		11,001,145				1,000,747	33, 948, 427	24, 257, 299	+9,691,128
1833	1,239,747		1, 239, 747				-1,239,747		24, 601, 981	-2,810,045
1834	5,974,412		5,974,412				-5,974,412	21,791,936	24,001,981	-2,810,045
1835	328		328				-328	35, 430, 087	17, 573, 141	+17,856,946
1836						l <i></i>		50, 826, 796	30, 868, 164	+19,958,632
1837	21 823		21,823	2 992 989		2,992,989	+2,971,166	27, 947, 142	37, 265, 319	-9.318.177
1838	5 500 724		5,590,724	12,716,821		12,716,821	+7,126,097	39, 019, 383	39, 455, 783	436, 400
1000	10 710 154		10, 718, 154	2 057 270		3,857,276	-6,860,878	35, 340, 025	37,617,282	-2,277,257
1839	10,710,104		10,710,104	3,001,210		5,001,210	1 677 520	25, 069, 663	28, 229, 595	-3,159,932
1840	3,912,016		3,912,016	5, 589, 548		5, 589, 548	+1,677,532	20,009,003	20, 229, 393	
1841	5 315 719		5,315,712 7,801,990	13,659,317 14,808,736 12,479,708 1,877,181		13 650 317	+8,343,605	30, 519, 477	31, 881, 585	-1,362,108 +1,777,183
1842	7 901 000		7,001,000	14 909 726		14 909 726	+7,006,746	34, 784, 934	33, 007, 751	±1,777,183
	7,801,990		7,801,990	14, 505, 730		14,000,700	+12.141.695	20, 782, 410	12, 196, 088	+8,586,322
1843	338,013		338,013	12, 479, 708	····	12,479,708	+12,141,095			
1844	11, 158, 451		11, 158, 451	1,877,181		1,877,181	-9, 281, 270	31, 198, 555	33, 496, 022	-2,297,467 $-503,651$
1845	7, 536, 349		7,536,349				-7,536,349	29, 970, 106	30, 473, 757	-503,651
1846	275 100	1					-375,100	29, 699, 967	28, 142, 025	+1,557,942
1847	5 596 068		375, 100 5, 596, 068	28 872 399		28, 872, 399	+23, 276, 331	55, 368, 168	62, 877, 480	-7,509,312
1848	12 028 272		13,038,373	21, 256, 700		21, 256, 700	+8, 218, 327	56, 992, 479	58, 415, 599	-1, 423, 120
	10,000,010		12,804,829	00 500 750	*************	28, 588, 750	+15,783,921	59, 796, 893	57, 856, 486	+1,940,407
1849	12,804,829		12,004,029	20, 300, 130		20,000,100	T 10, 100, 921		42 100 507	+4,450,862
1850				4,045,950		4,045,950	+390,915	47,649,389	43, 198, 527	
1851	654, 951		654,951	203, 400		203, 400	-451,551	52, 762, 704	48, 363, 968	+4,398,736
1852	9 151 754		2, 151, 754	46,300		46,300	-2, 105, 454	49, 893, 116	46, 346, 673	+3,546,443
1853	6, 110, 104		6, 412, 574	16 250		16,350	-6,396,224	61,603,404	54, 596, 685	+7,006,719
	0,412,314		0,412,074	10,000		10,350	-17, 570, 847	73, 803, 639	75, 619, 007	-1.815.368
1854	17, 574, 145		17, 574, 145	3,298		3, 298	-17,570,847	13,003,039		-1,047,359
1855	6,656,066		6,656,066	800		800	-6,655,266	65, 351, 375	66, 398, 734	-1,047,359
1856	3,614,619		3,614,619	200	••••••	200	-3,614,419	74, 056, 899	73, 185, 645	$\pm 871,254$
1857	3, 276, 606		3, 276, 606	3,900		3,900	-3, 272, 706	68, 969, 213	71,072,314	-2,103,101
1858	7 505 251		7,505,251	23, 717, 300		23,717,300	+16, 212, 049	70, 372, 666	81, 690, 521	-11,317,855
1859	14, 702, 543		14, 702, 543	28, 287, 500		28, 287, 500 20, 776, 800	+13,584,957	81, 773, 965	83, 773, 520	1, 999, 555
1860	14, 401, 050		14, 431, 350	20, 201, 000	•••••	20, 201, 000	+6,345,450	76, 841, 408	77, 561, 948	720, 540
			14,451,550	20, 110, 800		20,710,800				
1861	18, 142, 900		18, 142, 900	41,861,710		41,861,710	+23,718,810	83,371,641	84, 689, 545 570, 858, 741	-1,317,904
1862	96, 096, 922		96,096,922	529, 692, 461		529, 692, 461	+433, 595, 539	581, 679, 917	570, 858, 741	+10,821,176
1863	181, 086, 635			774 583 362		774, 583, 362	+593, 496, 727	887, 280, 653	895, 827, 360	-8,546,707
1864.	384, 793, 665			1 000, 005, 007		1,080,805,897	+696, 012, 232	1, 345, 432, 668	1, 250, 116, 307	+95,316,361
1865	591,785,660			1 456 640 150		1,456,649,159	+864, 863, 499	1,790,363,764	1, 889, 340, 884	-98, 977, 120
	591, 165,000		591, (60,000	1,400,049,109	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1,400,049,109	T004,000,499	1 152 022 154	1,034,903,797	+119,029,367
1866	514, 094, 370		514, 094, 370	595, 900, 534		595, 900, 534	+81,806,164	1, 153, 933, 154	1,004,900,797	T119, 029, 307
1867	558, 186, 181	\$92,830	558, 279, 011	455. 090. 471 1	5 81, 4 90	400, 171, 901	-103, 107, 050	945, 805, 971	915, 821, 686	+29,984,285
1868	583, 181, 259	602.180	583, 783, 439	516, 832, 146	740, 370	517, 572, 516	66, 210, 923	923, 210, 599	961, 123, 724	-37,913,125
1869	115, 002, 117	458, 409	115, 460, 526	76, 359, 939	765,720	77, 125, 659	-38,334,867	448, 069, 406	438, 325, 804	+9,743,602
1870	115, 002, 117 117, 572, 553	458, 409 202, 755	115, 460, 526 117, 775, 308	8, 331, 827	786 160	9, 117, 987	-103,657,321	420, 373, 464	427, 428, 869	+9,743,602 -7,055,405
,					,	-,, 001		,, ,	,, ,	, ,
¹ See page 3	94 for public de	bt expenditures o	chargeable agains	t ordinary recei	ots.	•				

Table K.—Receipts and expenditures of the United States Government by fiscal years from 1791 to 1924—Continued

	Public debt e	xpenditures char receipts and surp	geable against dus revenue ¹	P	ublic debt receip	ts	Surplus (+) or deficit (-) public debt	Recapitulation	of total receipt	s and expendi-
Fiscal year	Public debt retirements, exclusive of retirements chargeable against ordi- nary receipts	Redemption of national bank and Fed- eral reserve bank notes	Total public debt retire- ments charge- able against public debt receipts and surplus rev- enue	Public debt receipts, pro- ceeds of bonds, and other securities	Deposits to retire national bank and Fed- eral reserve bank notes	Total public debt receipts	receipts com- pared with public debt expenditures (exclusive of public debt expenditures chargeable against ordi- nary receipts)	Total ordinary and public debt receipts	Total ordinary and public debt expendi- tures	Surplus (+) or deficit (-) of all receipts
1871	254, 334, 064 61, 822, 216 136, 070, 505 114, 537, 836 137, 752, 615 151, 239, 525 143, 997, 994	\$1, 307, 527 3, 374, 154 3, 241, 773 1, 374, 500 10, 912, 666 24, 324, 687 25, 050, 755 12, 009, 876 8, 056, 701 6, 401, 916	\$178, 630, 961 257, 708, 218 65, 063, 994 137, 445, 005 125, 450, 502 162, 077, 302 176, 290, 280 156, 007, 870 487, 938, 927 286, 836, 853	\$61, 249, 107 142, 173, 811 3, 950, 180 142, 882, 880 96, 505, 700 104, 553, 050 141, 134, 650 198, 850, 250 617, 578, 010 73, 065, 540	\$3,017,071 3,473,104 2,333,321 3,284,510 25,288,721 32,093,381 12,069,755 8,816,027 9,855,249 14,143,476	\$64, 266, 178 145, 646, 915 6, 283, 501 146, 167, 390 121, 794, 421 136, 646, 431 153, 204, 405 207, 666, 277 627, 433, 259 87, 209, 016	-\$114, 364, 783 -112, 061, 303 -58, 780, 493 +8, 722, 385 -3, 656, 081 -22, 490, 871 -23, 085, 875 +51, 658, 407 +139, 494, 332 -199, 627, 837	\$447,590,123 519,753,783 340,021,706 451,146,146 409,794,472 430,742,296 434,610,824 465,430,156 901,260,444 420,735,627	\$470, 808, 149 535, 226, 181 355, 409, 239 440, 078, 878 400, 073, 895 427, 178, 387 417, 624, 755 392, 972, 197 754, 886, 811 554, 479, 811	-\$23, 218, 026 -15, 472, 398 -15, 387, 533 +11, 067, 268 +9, 720, 577 +3, 563, 909 +16, 986, 069 +72, 457, 959 +146, 373, 633 -133, 744, 184
1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1889	86, 110, 581 166, 505, 256 438, 430, 757 101, 266, 335 46, 042, 635 44, 583, 843 127, 959, 368 74, 862, 213 121, 288, 788	12,344,799 16,808,607 23,552,280 26,857,690 28,462,225	98, 455, 380 183, 313, 863 461, 983, 037 128, 124, 025 74, 504, 860 74, 141, 431 165, 327, 657 125, 026, 170 167, 674, 910 138, 297, 689	678, 200 225, 300 304, 372, 850 1, 404, 650 58, 150 39, 850 40, 900 48, 650 24, 350 21, 650	26, 154, 037 20, 718, 477 22, 653, 461 30, 067, 900 27, 690, 436 51, 209, 962 75, 112, 501 44, 123, 883 32, 484, 415 11, 202, 112	26, 832, 237 20, 943, 777 327, 026, 311 31, 472, 550 27, 748, 586 51, 249, 812 75, 153, 401 44, 172, 533 32, 508, 765 11, 223, 762	-71, 623, 143 -162, 370, 086 -134, 956, 726 -96, 651, 475 -46, 756, 274 -22, 891 -90, 174, 256 -80, 853, 637 -135, 166, 145 -127, 073, 927	387, 614, 530 424, 469, 027 725, 313, 893 379, 992, 420 351, 439, 292 387, 689, 538 446, 556, 678 423, 438, 608 419, 558, 824 414, 304, 746	359, 168, 268 441, 295, 303 727, 391, 175 372, 250, 269 334, 731, 795 316, 624, 570 433, 259, 838 392, 950, 971 466, 963, 888 456, 338, 400	+28, 446, 262 -16, 826, 276 -2, 077, 282 +7, 742, 151 +16, 707, 497 +71, 64, 968 +13, 296, 840 +30, 487, 637 -47, 405, 064 -42, 033, 654
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899	24, 348, 087 709, 903 256, 447 2, 494, 550 7, 294, 103 11, 378, 502 29, 942, 062 14, 622, 363	10, 929, 536 13, 068, 369 11, 223, 150 11, 092, 356 15, 990, 460 16, 649, 276	126, 332, 084 40, 580, 808 9, 747, 555 11, 185, 983 15, 562, 919 18, 517, 253 22, 470, 858 45, 932, 522 31, 271, 639 40, 699, 851	199, 201, 210	9,728,060 2,977,838 2,937,584 16,637,784 12,056,173 5,965,684 15,448,970 22,024,970 21,973,510 17,240,290	9,741,810 2,993,088 - 2,960,480 66,652,034 93,221,223 137,134,484 15,452,220 22,030,920 221,174,720 117,358,060	-116, 590, 274 -37, 587, 720 -6, 787, 775 +55, 466, 051 +77, 658, 304 +118, 617, 231 -7, 018, 638 -23, 901, 602 +189, 903, 081 -23, 341, 791	402, 354, 257 357, 930, 872 383, 780, 109 373, 007, 350 417, 950, 642 475, 276, 931 363, 173, 925 427, 352, 255 737, 135, 341 584, 598, 912	492, 105, 988 385, 604, 139 393, 225, 508 378, 711, 264 371, 758, 217 370, 696, 699 388, 245, 017 489, 301, 105 636, 343, 818 561, 560, 698	-89, 751, 731 -27, 673, 267 -4, 445, 399 -5, 703, 914 +46, 192, 425 +104, 580, 232 -25, 071, 092 -61, 948, 850 +100, 791, 523 +23, 038, 214

1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910	56, 223, 918 16, 608, 833 18, 622, 731 605, 231 244, 712 30, 373, 043 34, 356, 750 15, 434, 687	18, 626, 438 20, 085, 275 26, 272, 086 30, 936, 971 25, 857, 368 24, 724, 135 25, 454, 55 39, 535, 157 89, 562, 083 32, 288, 771	54, 739, 237 76, 309, 193 42, 880, 919 49, 559, 702 26, 462, 599 24, 968, 847 55, 827, 298 73, 891, 907 104, 996, 770 33, 049, 696	3,760 2,370 2,050 2,600 2,750 2,050 30,005,100 40,083,480 30,000,000	12, 882, 869 32, 735, 435 24, 270, 925 26, 410, 205 22, 557, 928 35, 132, 672 30, 477, 420 64, 333, 137 45, 624, 240 31, 674, 293	12, 886, 569 32, 737, 805 24, 272, 975 26, 412, 805 22, 560, 678 35, 134, 722 60, 482, 520 104, 401, 617 75, 624, 240 31, 674, 293	-41, 852, 668 -43, 571, 388 -18, 607, 944 -23, 146, 897 -3, 901, 921 +10, 165, 875 +4, 655, 222 +30, 509, 710 -29, 372, 530 -1, 375, 403	600,571,907 595,216,038 586,153,697 567,499,890 566,835,363 630,119,168 726,342,906 706,263,524 679,944,738 707,186,008	579, 356, 162 561, 543, 442 559, 887, 046 633, 219, 602 593, 741, 513 595, 171, 125 634, 956, 140 733, 088, 227 798, 740, 655 726, 666, 761	+21, 215, 745 +33, 672, 596 +26, 266, 651 -65, 719, 712 -26, 906, 150 +34, 943, 043 +91, 386, 766 -26, 824, 703 -118, 795, 917 -19, 480, 753
1911	120, 616 102, 575 109, 127 47, 533 35, 903 636, 980, 667 7, 685, 267, 850 15, 813, 848, 117	34,976,840 28,527,712 24,089,036 26,852,200 17,205,958 24,633,011 40,564,116 21,611,225 23,717,893 23,424,165	35, 223, 336 28, 648, 328 24, 191, 611 20, 961, 327 17, 253, 491 24, 668, 914 677, 544, 783 7, 706, 879, 075 15, 837, 566, 010 17, 036, 444, 272	17, 641, 634 32, 817, 646 1, 929, 840 3, 118, 940 933, 540 1, 803, 500 2, 390, 724, 755 16, 964, 609, 560 29, 053, 331, 758 15, 835, 273, 962	40, 232, 555 20, 078, 365 21, 471, 010 19, 902, 283 21, 553, 415 56, 648, 903 37, 293, 045 10, 279, 650 22, 644, 758 17, 071, 988	16, 974, 889, 210	+22,650,853 +24,247,683 -790,761 -3,940,104 +5,233,464 +33,783,489 +1,750,473,017 +9,268,010,135 +13,235,410,506 -1,184,098,322	759, 707, 100 745, 505, 215 747, 512, 080 757, 694, 390 720, 397, 782 840, 986, 951 3, 552, 342, 595 21, 155, 314, 366 33, 730, 357, 415 22, 556, 760, 387	726, 424, 848 718, 529, 662 748, 703, 574 762, 042, 758 777, 840, 293 766, 665, 641 2, 763, 586, 887 21, 498, 786, 970 34, 789, 707, 190 23, 178, 189, 512	+33, 282, 252 +26, 975, 553 -1, 191, 494 -4, 348, 368 -57, 442, 511 +74, 321, 310 +788, 755, 708 -343, 472, 604 -1, 059, 349, 775 -621, 429, 125
1921. 1922. 1923. 1924.	8, 721, 751, 533 6, 500, 584, 643 7, 486, 747, 506 2, 814, 718, 038	37, 460, 631 107, 251, 870 74, 414, 564 33, 084, 377	8,759,212,164 6,607,836,513 7,561,162,070 2,847,802,415	8,824,738,839 5,910,931,276 7,259,180,899 2,178,675,627	40, 186, 945 107, 086, 627 90, 547, 571 28, 453, 557	8,864,925,784 6,018,017,903 7,349,728,470 2,207,129,184	+105,713,620 -589,818,610 -211,433,600 -640,673,231	14, 449, 442, 829 10, 121, 614, 434 11, 196,774, 153 6, 091, 170, 326	13,650,487,483 10,225,874,310 11,208,809,919 6,252,097,482	+798, 955, 346 -104, 259, 876 -12, 035, 766 -160, 927, 156

¹ See page 394 for public debt expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts.

TABLE L.—Postal receipts and expenditures for the fiscal years 1791 to 1924

Fiscal year	Receipts	Ex- penditures 1	Excess of receipts	Excess of expenditures
791	971 206	\$67 114	Q4 190	
791 792. 793.	\$71, 296 92, 988 103, 883 129, 186	76, 586	\$4, 182 16, 402 29, 722 33, 788 38, 756	
793	103, 883	74, 161	20, 722	
	129 186	95, 398	33, 788	
795 796 797 798		125, 039	38 756	
796	195, 043	136, 639	58, 404	
797	213, 993	156, 588	57, 405 47, 837 80, 015	
798	233, 145	185, 308	47, 837	
799	264, 850	184, 835	80,015	
800	195, 043 213, 993 233, 145 264, 850 280, 806	\$67, 114 76, 586 74, 161 95, 398 125, 039 136, 639 156, 588 185, 308 184, 835 207, 136	73, 670	
801 802	320, 445 326, 832 359, 952	248, 142 275, 857 316, 312	72, 303 50, 975 43, 640	
802	326, 832	2/0,85/	50,975	
803	359, 952	316,312	43, 640	
80/2	389, 711	333, 977	55, 734	
804 805 806 807	339, 711 422, 129 446, 520 484, 134 460, 718	333, 977 386, 115 413, 814 418, 916 446, 915	55, 734 36, 014 32, 706 65, 218 13, 803	
007	446, 520	413, 814	32,706	
807	484, 134	418, 916	65, 218	
808	400, 718	445, 915	13,803	
808 809 810	506, 634 551, 755	505, 116 550, 991	1,518 764	
811	587, 267 649, 151 703, 221 1, 043, 022 961, 718 1, 022, 973 1, 130, 203 1, 204, 737 1, 111, 760	517, 921	69, 346 96, 679	
010	702 001	552, 472	90,019	
010	700, 221	700 275	67, 809	.
813 814 815 816	1,00,955	635, 412 726, 375 743, 756 807, 875 917, 129	4, 578 299, 266 153, 843 85, 844	
010	1,093,022	143, 100	299, 200	
817.	1 000 072	017, 370	103, 843	
	1, 022, 973	917, 129	85, 844	
01.0	1, 130, 203	1,031,799	98.404	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
819. 820.	1, 204, 737	1, 031, 799 1, 114, 032 1, 163, 191	90, 705	\$51, 431
821 822 833 834 825	1, 058, 302 1, 117, 555 1, 130, 214 1, 197, 299 1, 306, 253 1, 447, 660 1, 524, 602 1, 660, 276	1, 177, 526 1, 167, 359 1, 158, 777 1, 190, 478 1, 238, 912 1, 395, 799 1, 481, 620 1, 679, 316 1, 872, 705 1, 950, 116		119, 224
823	1 130 214	1, 158, 777		49, 804 28, 563
894	1 197 299	1 190 478	6 821	20,000
895	1 306 253	1 238 912	6, 821 67, 341 51, 861	
896	1 447 660	1 395 799	51 861	
R27	1 524 602	1 481 620	42, 982	
828	1,660,276	1, 679, 316	22,002	19.040
829	1, 778, 472	1, 872, 705		94, 233
826 827 828 828 829	1, 778, 472 1, 919, 314	1, 950, 116		19, 040 94, 233 30, 802
831	2, 105, 722 2, 258, 570 2, 617, 012 2, 823, 749 2, 993, 557 3, 408, 323 4, 945, 683 4, 238, 733 4, 454, 656 4, 543, 522	2, 006, 743 2, 266, 171 2, 930, 415 2, 910, 605	98, 979	
832833	2, 258, 570	2, 266, 171		7, 601 313, 403 86, 856
833	2, 617, 012	2, 930, 415		313, 403
834	2, 823, 749	2, 910, 605	236, 207 566, 557 1, 657, 349	86,856
835	2, 993, 557	2, 757, 350	236, 207	<i>.</i>
836	3, 408, 323	2, \$41, 766	566, 557	
837	4, 945, 658	3, 288, 319	1, 657, 349	
334 	4, 238, 733			191, 929
839 840	4, 484, 606	4, 636, 536 4, 718, 236		151, 880 174, 714
841	4 407 726			!
841	4, 546, 850	4, 907, 184 5, 728, 449 4, 396, 056		499, 458 1, 181, 599 99, 831
R43	4 908 995	4 306 056		2, 101, 098
844	4, 407, 726 4, 546, 850 4, 296, 225 4, 237, 288			50 995
844 845 846 847	4, 289, 842 3, 487, 199 3, 880, 309	4 390 739		59, 225 30, 890 1, 399, 069 635, 532
246	2 427 100	4, 320, 732 4, 886, 268 4, 515, 841 4, 349, 072		1 300 080
RA7	3 660 500	4 515 941		1,055,009
848	4, 555, 211	4 340 079	206, 139 226, 137	000,002
R40	4 705 176	4 470 040	200, 100	
849	4, 705, 176 5, 499, 984	4, 479, 049 5, 212, 953	226, 127 287, 031	
851	6, 410, 604	6, 278, 401 8, 149, 894	132, 203	
852	5, 184, 526	8, 149, 894		2, 965, 368
\$53 554 555 5856	5, 240, 725	7, 394, 475 9, 462, 932 9, 720, 950 10, 119, 940		2, 153, 750
854	6, 255, 586	9, 462, 932		2, 965, 368 2, 153, 750 3, 207, 346 3, 078, 814 3, 199, 118
855	6, 642, 136	9, 720, 950		3, 078, 814
256	6, 920, 822	10, 119, 940		3, 199, 118
	·, · - · , · - ·	1 70, 200, 200		1 3, 53, 66,
	7, 353, 952	10, 970, 835		
	7, 353, 952 7, 486, 793	10, 970, 835		4, 748, 923
857 858 859	6, 410, 604 5, 184, 526 5, 240, 725 6, 255, 586 6, 642, 136 6, 920, 822 7, 353, 952 7, 486, 793 7, 968, 484 8, 518, 067	10, 970, 835 12, 235, 716 12, 777, 042 18, 407, 613		3, 616, 883 4, 748, 923 4, 808, 558 9, 889, 546

¹Exclusive of departmental expenditures in Washington by the office of the Postmaster General during the fiscal years 1791 to 1922, inclusive.

Table L.—Postal receipts and expenditures for the fiscal years 1791 to 1924—Continued

Fiscal year	Receipts	Ex- penditures 1	Excess of receipts	Excess of ex- penditures
1861	98 340 206	R13 520 101		\$5, 170, 895 3, 561, 729 749, 314 999, 980 250, 000
1862	\$8,349,296 8,299,820	11, 861, 549		3 561 729
1863	11, 163, 790	11 913 104		749 314
1864.	11, 163, 790 12, 438, 254	\$13, 520, 191 11, 861, 549 11, 913, 104 13, 438, 234		999, 980
1865	14 556 150	14 806 150		250,000
1866.	14, 436, 986 15, 297, 027 16, 292, 600 18, 344, 511	14, 806, 159 14, 436, 986	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	200,000
1867	15 207 027	18 813 604		3, 516, 667
1868.	16 202 600	18, 813, 694 20, 345, 792 23, 740, 021		4, 053, 192
1869	19 244 511	23, 740, 021		5, 395, 510
1870	19, 772, 221	24, 616, 800	••••	4, 844, 579
1871	20, 037, 045 21, 915, 426 22, 996, 742 26, 471, 072 26, 791, 361 28, 644, 198	25, 168, 295 27, 090, 426 28, 487, 217 31, 185, 117 34, 003, 007 33, 736, 738 33, 701, 924		5, 131, 250 5, 175, 000 5, 490, 475 4, 714, 045 7, 211, 646 5, 092, 546 6, 170, 339
1872 1873	21, 915, 426	27, 090, 426	•••••	5, 175, 000
1873	22, 996, 742	28, 487, 217		5, 490, 475
1874	26, 471, 072	31, 185, 117	l 	4, 714, 045
1875	26, 791, 361	34,003,007	•••••	7, 211, 640
1876	28, 644, 198	33, 736, 738	. 	5, 092, 540
1877	27, 531, 585	33, 701, 924		6, 170, 339
1878	27, 531, 585 29, 277, 517			J, 100, 081
1879	30, 041, 983	34, 815, 507		4, 773, 524
1880	33, 315, 479	34, 815, 507 36, 386, 479		3, 071, 000
1881	36, 785, 398	40, 681, 037		3, 895, 639
1882	36, 785, 398 41, 876, 410 45, 508, 693 43, 325, 959 42, 560, 843 43, 948, 423 48, 837, 609 52, 695, 177 56, 175, 611	41,876,410		<u></u>
1883	45, 508, 693	45, 583, 196		74, 503
1884	43, 325, 959	43, 325, 959		
1885	42, 560, 843	47, 102, 454		4,541,611
1886	43, 948, 423	52, 142, 075		8, 193, 652
1887	48, 837, 609	55, 338, 856		6, 501, 247
1888	52, 695, 177	55, 751, 214		3,056,037
1889	56, 175, 611 60, 882, 098	60, 044, 531		3, 868, 920
1890	60, 882, 098	40, 681, 037 41, 876, 410 45, 583, 196 43, 325, 959 47, 102, 454 52, 142, 075 55, 338, 856 55, 751, 214 60, 044, 531 67, 757, 135		4, 541, 611 8, 193, 652 6, 501, 247 3, 056, 037 3, 868, 920 6, 875, 037
1891	65, 931, 786 70, 930, 476	70, 673, 558 74, 981, 966		4,741,772
1892	70, 930, 476	74,981,966		4, 051, 490 5, 946, 795
1893 1894 1895	75, 896, 993	81, 843, 788		5,946,795
1894	75, 080, 479	83, 330, 479		8, 250, 000
1895	76, 983, 128 82, 499, 208	87, 999, 670		11,010,542
1890	82, 499, 208	91,799,208		9,300,000
1897	82, 665, 463	93, 814, 669		11, 149, 200
1898	89, 012, 619	99, 516, 659		10, 504, 040
1899 1900	82, 665, 463 89, 012, 619 95, 021, 384 102, 354, 579	81, 843, 788 83, 330, 479 87, 999, 670 91, 799, 208 93, 814, 669 99, 516, 659 103, 232, 954 109, 585, 358		8, 250, 000 11, 016, 542 9, 300, 000 11, 149, 206 10, 504, 040 8, 211, 570 7, 230, 779
1901				
1902	111, 631, 193 121, 848, 047 134, 224, 443 143, 582, 624 152, 826, 585 167, 932, 783 183, 585, 005	116, 585, 955 124, 250, 200 136, 993, 362		4,954,762 2,402,153 2,768,919
903	121, 848, 047	124, 200, 200		2,402,100
1004	109, 229, 443	150,990,002		2, 700, 919
1904	150, 002, 024	150, 085, 155		6, 502, 531 15, 065, 257 12, 673, 294 7, 629, 383
1906.	102, 820, 383	167, 891, 842 180, 606, 077	- <i></i>	10,000,207
1007	107, 932, 783	101,000,077		7 600 200
907 1908	160, 080, 000	191, 214, 300		1,029,000
200	191, 478, 003	204, 300, 704		14,000,031
1909 1910	191, 478, 663 203, 562, 383 224, 128, 658	191, 214, 388 204, 366, 704 223, 063, 445 232, 624, 270		19, 501, 062 8, 495, 612
911			\$219, 118	
1912	237, 879, 823 246, 744, 016 266, 619, 526 287, 934, 566 287, 248, 165 312, 057, 689 329, 726, 116	237, 660, 705 248, 312, 211 263, 136, 244 283, 558, 103 293, 884, 758 311, 728, 453 319, 889, 904	g217, 113	1, 568, 195
913	266 610 526	263 136 244	3 492 999	1,000,180
914.	200, 010, 320	200, 100, 244	3, 483, 282 4, 376, 463	•••••
915.	287 248 185	203 884 750		6, 636, 593
916.	212 057 600	311 799 452	320 928	0,000,086
917	220 728 114	310 800 004	0 828 210	
918	344 475 049	307 070 999	17 405 800	
919	264 947 196	362 947 795	1 000 241	•••••
920	344, 475, 962 364, 847, 126 437, 150, 212	327, 070, 282 362, 847, 785 418, 722, 295	329, 236 9, 836, 212 17, 405, 680 1, 999, 341 18, 427, 917	•••••
i				130 272 844
1921				
921	494, 852, 541	545 669 041	•••••	60, 215, 400
1921	463, 491, 275 484, 853, 541	545, 668, 941		60, 815, 400
921 922 923 924	484, 853, 541 532, 827, 925 572, 948, 778	593, 764, 120 545, 668, 941 556, 893, 129 587, 412, 755		130, 272, 845 60, 815, 400 24, 065, 204 14, 463, 977

¹ Exclusive of departmental expenditures in Washington by the office of the Postmaster General during the fiscal years 1791 to 1922, inclusive.

TABLE M.—Sources of internal revenue, 1863 to 1924
[On basis of reports of collections] ¹

		 1		1	i	1	1	1	1
Fiscal year	Spirits 2	Fermented liquors 2	Tobacco 3	Income and profits 3	Legacies, successions, inheritances	Estates	Manufactures and products 2,4	Banks and bankers	Gross receipts
1863	\$5, 176, 530. 50 30, 329, 149. 53 18, 731, 422. 45 33, 268, 171. 82 33, 542, 951. 72 18, 655, 630. 90 45, 071, 230. 86 55, 606, 094. 15	\$1,628,933,82 2,290,009,14 3,734,928,06 5,220,552,72 6,057,500,63 5,955,868,92 6,099,879,54 6,319,126,90	\$3,097,620.47 8,592,098.98 11,401,373.10 16,531,007.83 19,765,148.41 18,730,095.32 23,430,707.57 31,350,707.88	\$2,741,858,25 20,294,731,74 60,979,329,46 72,982,159,03 66,014,429,34 41,455,598,36 34,791,855,84 37,775,873,62	546, 703. 17 1, 170, 978. 85 1, 865, 315. 15 2, 823, 411. 24 2, 434, 593. 23		\$16, 524, 989. 24 36, 222, 716. 67 73, 318, 450. 37 127, 230, 608. 66 91, 531, 331. 31 61, 649, 902. 56 3, 345, 362. 95 3, 017, 027. 70	\$2, 837, 719. 82 4, 940, 870. 90 3, 463, 988. 05 2, 046, 562. 46 1, 866, 745. 55 2, 196, 054. 17 3, 020, 083. 61	\$1,661,273.51 3,426,446.32 9,853,377.12 11,262,429.82 7,444,719.00 6,280,669.34 6,300,998.82 6,894,799.99
1871	46, 281, 848. 10 49, 475, 516. 36 52, 099, 371. 78 49, 444, 089. 85 52, 081, 991. 12 56, 426, 365. 13 57, 469, 429. 72 50, 420, 815. 80 52, 570, 284. 69 61, 185, 508. 79	7, 389, 501, 82 8, 258, 498, 46 9, 324, 937, 84 9, 304, 679, 72 9, 144, 004, 41 9, 571, 280, 66 9, 480, 789, 17 9, 937, 651, 78 10, 729, 320, 08 12, 829, 802, 84	33, 578, 907. 18 33, 736, 170. 52 34, 386, 303. 09 33, 242, 875. 62 37, 303, 461. 83 39, 795, 339. 91 41, 106, 546. 92 40, 091, 754. 67 40, 135, 002. 65 38, 870, 140. 08	5, 062, 311, 62 139, 472, 09 232, 64 588, 27 97, 79	2, 505, 067. 13		1, 267, 470. 38 ° 625, 408. 05 863, 851. 46 509, 042. 82 238, 162. 76 429. 658. 71	3,771,031.46 3,387,160.67 4,097,248.12 4,006,698.03 3,829,729.33 3,492,031.85 3,198,883.59	2,800,563.44
1881	67, 153, 974, 88 69, 873, 408, 18 74, 368, 775, 20 76, 905, 385, 26 67, 511, 208, 63 69, 092, 266, 00 65, 829, 321, 71 69, 306, 166, 41 74, 312, 206, 33 81, 687, 375, 09	13, 700, 241, 21 16, 153, 920, 42 16, 900, 615, 81 18, 084, 954, 11 18, 230, 782, 03 19, 676, 731, 29 21, 922, 187, 49 23, 324, 218, 48 23, 723, 385, 26 26, 008, 534, 74	42, 104, 249, 79 26, 062, 399, 98 26, 407, 088, 48 27, 907, 362, 53 30, 108, 067, 13 30, 662, 431, 52	55, 627. 64			81,559.00 71,852.43 24,345.01 22,730.25 24,199.94 21,508.41 9.745.05	5, 253, 458, 47 3, 748, 994, 60 2, 391, 57 25, 000, 00 4, 288, 37 4, 202, 55 6, 213, 91	
1891	83, 335, 963, 64 91, 309, 983, 65 94, 720, 260, 55 85, 259, 252, 25 79, 862, 627, 41 80, 670, 070, 77 82, 008, 542, 92 92, 546, 999, 77 99, 283, 534, 16 109, 868, 817, 18	28, 565, 129, 92 30, 037, 452, 77 32, 548, 983, 07 31, 414, 788, 04 31, 640, 617, 54 33, 784, 235, 26 32, 472, 162, 07 39, 515, 421, 14 68, 644, 558, 45 73, 550, 754, 49	31, 000, 493, 07 31, 889, 711, 74 28, 617, 898, 62 29, 704, 907, 63 30, 711, 629, 11 30, 710, 297, 42 36, 230, 522, 37	77, 130. 90	1, 235, 435. 25 2, 884, 491. 55		2, 198, 15 6, 908, 24 1, 572, 84 376, 04 526, 38	134.85	

1901 1902 1903 1904	121, 138, 013. 13 131, 953, 472. 39	75, 669, 907. 65 71, 988, 902. 39 47, 547, 856. 08 49, 083, 458. 77	51, 937, 925, 19 43, 514, 810, 24		4, 842, 966. 52 5, 356, 774. 90			227. 50 899. 50	1,027,294.99 730,376.50
1905 1906 1907	135, 958, 513. 12 143, 394, 055. 12 156, 336, 901. 89	50, 360, 553. 18 55, 641, 858. 56 59, 567, 818. 18	45, 659, 910. 50 48, 422, 997. 38 51, 811, 069. 69		774, 354. 59 142, 148. 22 49, 515. 29			50. 10	
で、1908 1909 1910	134, 868, 034. 12	59, 807, 616. 81 57, 456, 411. 42 60, 572, 288. 54	49, 862, 754. 26 51, 887, 178. 04 58, 118, 457. 03					100.00	
1911 1912 1913	156, 391, 487. 77 163, 879, 342, 54	64, 367, 777, 65 63, 268, 770, 51 66, 266, 989, 60	67, 005, 950, 56 70, 590, 151, 60 76, 789, 424, 75	28, 583, 259. 81 35, 006, 299. 84					
1914 1915 1916	144, 619, 699. 37 158, 682, 439. 53	67, 081, 512, 45 79, 328, 946, 72 88, 771, 103, 99	79, 986, 639, 68 79, 957, 373, 54 88, 063, 947, 51	71, 381, 274. 74 80, 201, 758. 86 124, 937, 252. 61					
№ 1917 № 1918 1919 1920	317, 553, 687. 33 365, 211, 252. 26	91, 897, 193, 81 126, 285, 857, 65 117, 839, 602, 21 41, 965, 874, 09	103, 201, 592, 16 156, 188, 659, 90 206, 003, 091, 84 295, 809, 355, 44	2, 852, 324, 865, 89 2, 600, 783, 902, 70		82,029,983.13	75, 598, 257, 17		
1921 1922	82, 598, 065. 01 6 45, 563, 350. 47	25, 363, 82 46, 086, 00	255, 219, 385. 49 270, 759, 384. 44	3, 228, 137, 673. 75 2, 086, 918, 464, 85		154, 043, 260. 39 139, 418, 846, 04	177, 802, 191. 37 143, 942, 311. 65		
1923 1924	5 30, 354, 006. 88 5 27, 580, 380. 64	4,078.75 5,327.73	309, 015, 492, 98 325, 638, 931, 14				163, 981, 350. 30 177, 531, 749. 14	••••	

¹ The figures concerning internal-revenue receipts as given in this statement differ from the figures carried in other Treasury statements showing the financial condition of the Government, because the former represent collections by internal-revenue officers throughout the country, including deposits by postmasters of amounts received from sale of internal-revenue stamps and deposits of internal revenue collected through customs offices, while the latter represent the deposits of these collections in the Treasury or depositaries during the fiscal year concerned, the differences being due to the fact that some of the collections in the latter part of the fiscal year can not be deposited, or are not reported to the Treasury as deposited until after June 30, thus carrying them into the following fiscal year as recorded in the statements showing the condition of the Treasury.

² Including special taxes relating to manufacture and sale.

³ Including special taxes relating to manufacture and sale.

⁴ Including special taxes relating to manufacture and sale.

⁵ Including special taxes relating to manufacture and sale.

⁶ Including special taxes relating to manufacture and sale.

⁸ Including special taxes relating to manufacture and sale.

⁸ Including special taxes relating to manufacture and sale.

⁸ Including special taxes relating to manufacture and sale.

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⁹ Including special taxes relating to manufacture and sale.

⁹ Including special taxes relating to manufacture and sale.

⁹ Including special taxes relating to manufacture and sale.

⁹ Including special taxes re

⁴ Including receipts from the tax on raw cotton as follows: Fiscal year 1863, \$351,311.48; 1864, \$1,268,412.56; 1865, \$1,772,983.48; 1866, \$18,409,654.90; 1867, \$23,769,078.80 and 1868, \$22,500,947.77.

<sup>300,94:717.

§</sup> Includes tax on distilled spirits (nonbeverage) amounting to \$42,259,351.63 for 1922, \$27,710,453.29 for 1923, and \$24,825,033.46 for 1924

TABLE M.—Sources of internal revenue, 1863 to 1924—Continued

Fiscal year	Sales (con- sumers' or dealers')	Stamps 6	Playing cards	Freight transportation	Express transportation	Passenger transportation	Transportation of oil by pipe lines	Telegraph and telephone	Insurance	Beverages (nonalcoholic), soft drinks, etc.
1863	\$64,003 .87	\$4, 140, 175, 29								
1864	141,231.58	5, 714, 774. 88								
1865	4, 062, 243, 54	10, 888, 727, 50								
1866	4, 002, 282, 91	14, 257, 837, 14								
1867	3, 999, 360, 31	15, 239, 181, 78								
1868	4, 595, 909, 04	14, 046, 613, 33								
1869	8, 206, 839, 03	15, 505, 492, 58								
1870	8, 837, 394, 97	15,611,003.43								
					· ·	1				
1871	3,649,642.08	14, 529, 885. 32								
1872		15, 296, 470. 77								
1873		7, 130, 933. 57								
1874		5, 683, 114. 64								
1875		6, 083, 590. 42								
		6,049,496.92					<u> </u>			
		6,004,475.15								
1878		5, 936, 843. 01								
1879		6, 237, 538. 57								
1880		7, 133, 696. 30					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		<i>-</i>	
					1		1 -,	<u> </u>		ĺ
		7,375,255.72								
	<i></i>	7,569,108.70								
		7,053,053.46						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
1884		165, 792. 14								
1885		1,630.49						,		
1007		7,887.23								
1007		7,777.08 23.82								
1000		23. 82 14. 50								
1009		7, 508, 50								
1090		7,505.50	***************************************				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••••	
1801	l	231.96]	Ì		1				
								••••••		
1897			251, 306, 52							
			261, 080, 66							

1901	(39 241 085 32	1 317.269.74	1	ſ	1	[ı	1	
1902	13, 442, 792, 69								
1903		422, 580, 32							•••••
1904		376, 408, 34							
1905		426, 575, 44							
1906									
1907		572, 714. 48							
1908		459, 860. 12			<i></i>				
1909		502, 252, 58							
1910		565, 524. 34		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
1011	1	501 640 70		· ·					
1911 1912		616 232 60	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
1913		655 283 10							• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
1914		714, 307, 26							
1915.	23, 455, 965, 34	673, 847, 54	l						
1916									
1917	8, 926, 310, 30	820, 897, 26					<i></i> .		
1918	21, 874, 734. 47	1, 276, 505, 42		\$6, 458, 994. 82	\$26, 543, 050. 02	\$1, 433, 324. 61	\$6, 299, 017. 18	\$6, 492, 025. 48	\$2, 215, 181. 03
1919 2, 301, 98	9.95 45,251,358.97	2, 091, 790. 62		14, 301, 901. 49	83, 687, 611, 52	5, 601, 693, 60	17, 902, 388. 84	14, 508, 881. 31	7, 182, 219. 25
1920 45, 310, 35	1.30 87,687,246.55	3, 088, 462. 02	130, 785, 810. 57	17, 597, 637. 69	104, 861, 192. 22	8, 426, 405. 68	27, 677, 041. 19	18, 421, 754. 01	57, 460, 956. 04
1921 45, 794, 87	8. 32 75, 664, 840. 52	2, 603, 941. 42	140, 019, 200. 14	17, 093, 935. 58	105, 966, 991. 94	9, 989, 873, 62	28, 442, 412, 46	18, 992, 094. 45	58, 675, 972. 86
1922 28, 128, 71		2, 787, 920, 72		12, 475, 870. 18	64, 033, 854. 34	7, 623, 816. 51	29, 271, 521, 79	10, 855, 403. 81	33, 504, 284, 01
1923 21,135,70							30, 380, 783. 93		10,131,896.94
1924 23,389,97	2.43 58,526,017.06	9,101,030.90					34,662,428.90		10,418,866.08
		<u> </u>	!	·	·		<u> </u>	l	·

⁶ Including sales by postmasters of documentary stamps as follows: Fiscal year 1918, \$4,336,182.21; 1919, \$10,199,466.51; 1920, \$24,437,893.75; 1921, \$20,880,868.86; 1922, \$14,616,958.05; 1923, \$11,843,403.64; and 1924, \$12,418,180.28.

7 Includes consumers' or dealers' excise tax on perfumes, cosmetics, and medicinal articles amounting to \$2,305,482.25.

TABLE M .- Sources of internal revenue, 1865 to 1924-Continued

Fiscal year	Oleomargarine s	Opium and narcotics 8	Corporation capital stock	Occupational (special taxes)	Admissions	Dues	Receipts under the national prohibition act	Penalties, etc.º	Miscellaneous 10	Total
1000				84, 799, 195, 73				\$27, 170, 14	\$1,084,849.50	\$41,003,192,93
				5, 205, 508, 94				193, 600, 48	1, 406, 429. 16	116, 965, 578, 26
				9, 806, 914, 25				520, 362, 70	2.071.161.91	210, 855, 864, 53
				14, 144, 418, 05				1, 142, 853, 20	5, 443, 160, 05	310, 120, 448, 13
				13, 627, 903, 25				1, 459, 170. 80	2, 471, 364, 27	265, 064, 938, 43
				11, 889, 549, 09				1, 256, 881, 59	1, 168, 650, 35	190, 374, 925, 59
				9, 940, 917, 62				877, 088, 79	923, 106, 46	159, 124, 126, 86
				11,020,787.78				827, 904, 72	930, 198, 09	184, 302, 828, 34
1010	·····		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	11,020,101.10				021,804.12	930, 196. 09	104, 302, 020, 34
1071	Ì)		E 000 450 05	1	İ]	636, 980, 35	385, 065, 45	143, 198, 322, 10
1070				3,002,402.00				442, 205, 12	300,000.40	130, 890, 096, 90
								461, 653, 06		113, 504, 012, 80
								364, 216, 34		102, 191, 016, 98
								281, 107. 61	216, 027, 34	110, 071, 515, 00
								409, 284, 48	210, 021. 04	116, 768, 096, 22
								419, 999, 41		118, 549, 230, 25
10770			•••••					346, 007. 55		110, 654, 163, 37
								279, 497, 80		113, 449, 621, 38
1879			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				383, 755, 08		123, 981, 916, 10
1000					1			303, 133.00		120, 981, 910. 10
1001			i '·		1			231, 078, 21		135, 229, 912, 30
1001								199, 830, 04		146, 523, 273, 72
1002								205 902 57	[144, 553, 344, 86
								000, 000, 01		
								289, 144, 12	<u> </u>	121, 590, 039, 83 112, 421, 121, 07
1885						- • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		194, 422, 45		
										116, 902, 869. 44
1887	3723,948.04			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				220, 204. 83 155, 547, 61		118, 837, 301. 06
1888	804, 139, 88							155, 547, 61 84, 991, 89		124, 326, 475. 32
1889	894, 247. 91							84,991.89		130, 894, 434. 20
1890	786, 291, 72							130, 720. 90		142, 594, 696. 57
1001	1 077 004 14			, ,				050 014 00		140 005 415 05
1891			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·····	•••••		256, 214. 39		146, 035, 415. 97
1892	1, 266, 326, 00		,					239, 732. 21		153, 857, 544, 35
1893	1, 670, 643. 50							168, 357. 57		161, 004, 989, 67
1894	1, 723, 479. 90	410.00			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		151, 045, 79		147, 168, 449, 70
1895	1, 409, 211. 18									143, 246, 077. 75
1896	1, 219, 432. 46							184, 710. 57		146, 830, 615. 66
1897	1, 034, 129. 60				•••••			. 114, 958. 17	18, 992. 38	146, 619, 593. 47
1898	1, 315, 780. 54	114,90		46, 973.00	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			136, 750. 07	16, 518, 55	170, 866, 819. 36
1899	1, 956, 618. 56			4, 921, 593. 21	[••••••••			166, 576, 25	25, 939. 04	273, 484, 573. 44
1900	2, 543, 785, 18	145.25		4, 515, 640, 85				193, 721, 46	24, 503. 94	295, 316, 107. 57

1901	2, 944, 492, 46 736, 783, 31 484, 097, 45 605, 478, 81 570, 037, 93 887, 641, 31 1, 099, 502, 84 1, 000, 214, 79 1, 128, 707, 25 1, 259, 987, 67 1, 325, 219, 13 1, 485, 970, 72 1, 195, 720, 02	738. 00 250, 474. 74 245, 072. 07 277, 165. 03	\$10, 471, 688. 90	4, 262, 902. 32 4, 967, 179. 18 6, 908, 108. 25 5, 237, 043. 97				208, 209, 05 148, 414, 07 206, 958, 55 228, 594, 73 228, 594, 73 241, 680, 16 411, 987, 53 434, 705, 95 597, 416, 58 856, 407, 83 401, 910, 26 234, 501, 61 379, 288, 98 488, 772, 77 871, 606, 22	21, 259. 00 6, 504. 78 1, 059, 334. 41 214, 901. 66 173, 996. 00 158, 251. 81 184, 709. 5 180, 826. 58 184, 658. 22 177, 471. 33 181, 069. 12 180, 876. 32 105, 216. 09 136, 523. 78 151, 232. 64 154, 522. 68 124, 184. 74	306, 871, 609. 42 271, 867, 990. 25 230, 740, 925, 22 232, 903, 781. 06 234, 187, 976. 37 249, 102, 738. 00 269, 664, 022, 85 251, 665, 950. 04 246, 212, 719. 22 289, 957, 220. 16 322, 526, 299. 73 321, 615, 594. 69 344, 424, 453. 85 380, 008, 803. 96 415, 681, 023. 86 512, 723, 257. 77 809, 393, 640. 44
1910	1,099,502.84				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			434, 705. 95	177, 471. 33	289, 957, 220, 16
1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919	1, 128, 707. 25 1, 259, 987. 67 1, 325, 219. 13 1, 695, 256. 95 1, 485, 970. 72	738. 00 250, 474. 74 245, 072. 07 277, 165. 03 185, 358. 93 726, 136. 79 1, 514, 229. 50	\$10, 471, 688, 90 24, 996, 204, 54 28, 775, 749, 66 93, 020, 420, 50	4, 967, 179. 18 6, 908, 108. 21		\$2, 259, 056. 57		856, 407. 83 401, 910. 26 284, 501. 61 379, 288. 98 458, 772. 77 871, 606. 22 985, 219. 86	180, 876. 32 165, 216. 09 136, 523. 78 151, 232. 64 154, 522. 68 124, 184. 74 172, 723. 03 1, 501, 004. 15	321, 615, 894, 69 344, 424, 453, 85 380, 008, 893, 96 415, 681, 023, 86 512, 723, 287, 77
1921	2, 986, 465. 35 2, 121,079. 68 2, 254, 531. 23 2, 814, 104. 14	1, 170, 316, 32 1, 269, 089, 90 1, 013, 736, 26 1, 057, 341, 33	81, 525, 652. 88 80, 612, 239. 80 81, 567, 739. 32 87, 471, 691. 52	8, 585, 540. 11 8, 662, 759. 89 8, 035, 583. 49 7, 814, 413. 92	89, 730, 832. 94 73, 384, 955. 61 70, 175, 147. 11 77, 712, 523. 60	6, 159, 817, 69 6, 615, 633, 92 7, 170, 730, 61 8, 009, 861, 49	1, 979, 586, 94 729, 244, 23	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11 3, 866, 190. 86 113, 125, 077. 87	4,595,357,061.95 3,197,451,083.00 2,621,745,227.57 2,796,179,257.06

Including special taxes relating to manufacture and sale.

After the fiscal year 1918, all penalties are included with other receipts from the respective taxes to which they relate.

In Including for fiscal year 1903 receipts from sundry taxes repealed by the act of Apr. 12, 1902 (war revenue repeal act), and for 1919, 1920, and 1921 receipts which remained unclassified at the time the statistical tables were compiled.

Includes internal revenue collected through customs offices as follows: Fiscal year 1921, \$356,296.21; 1922, \$495,559.43; 1923, \$109,291.01; and 1924, \$29,036.37; also delinquent taxes collected under repealed law for 1923, \$2,797,206.18, and 1924, \$4,115,676.66.

Table N.—Internal-revenue receipts, by States and Territories, for the fiscal years 1923 and 1924

[On basis of reports of collections] 1

Sttes and Territories	Income and	Income and profits taxes		Miscellaneous internal revenue ²		Total	
	1923	1924	1923	1924	1923	1924	increase (+) or de- crease (-)
Alabama	\$6, 202, 620, 78	\$7, 984, 248, 70	\$1, 505, 699, 62	\$1, 816, 722, 23	\$7, 708, 320. 40	\$9, 800, 970, 93	+27
A laska	135, 333, 24	190, 228, 03	27, 070, 87	39, 672, 78	162, 404. 11	229, 900, 81	+42
Arizona	1, 164, 518, 32	1, 591, 667, 27	501, 557, 55	539, 561, 58	1, 666, 075. 87	2, 131, 228. 85	l +28
Arkansas	4, 517, 829, 46	5, 431, 632. 83	1, 200, 488, 60	1, 105, 003, 04	5, 718, 318. 06	6, 536, 635. 87	+14
California	84, 526, 238. 22	92, 401, 441. 98	30, 349, 717, 18	36, 625, 011, 87	114, 875, 955, 40	129, 026, 453, 85	+12
Colorado	10, 920, 856, 44	11, 543, 616, 03	5, 067, 841, 75	3, 684, 421, 22	15, 988, 698, 19	15, 228, 037. 25	'-5
Connecticut	25, 131, 076, 52	26, 901, 779, 90	9, 986, 499, 67	10, 104, 752, 62	35, 117, 576, 19	37, 006, 532, 52	+5
Delaware	3, 411, 768, 03	3 9, 127, 303, 62	1, 569, 673, 15	1, 677, 798. 06	4, 981, 441. 18	10, 805, 101, 68	+117
District of Columbia	7, 783, 800. 53	4 24, 164, 324, 01	3, 031, 746, 44	3, 378, 203. 19	10, 815, 546, 97	27, 542, 527, 20	+155
Florida	6, 338, 119, 40	8, 005, 449, 14	7, 100, 744. 12	7, 814, 378, 84	13, 438, 863, 52	15, 819, 827, 98	+18
Jeorgia Hawaii	12, 075, 270, 59	13, 869, 531, 55	7, 350, 055, 10	5, 311, 914, 67	19, 425, 325, 69	19, 181, 446, 22	'-i
Hawaii	3, 506, 113, 04	5, 021, 422, 53	642, 142, 89	775, 355, 92	4, 148, 255. 93	5, 796, 778, 45	+4 <u>0</u>
[daho	1, 526, 394, 35	1, 271, 318, 63	601, 406, 54	704, 765, 65	2, 127, 800, 89	1, 976, 084, 28	-7
Illinois	163, 626, 874, 30	161, 072, 008. 68	52, 329, 056, 77	53, 768, 713, 46	215, 955, 931. 07	214, 840, 722, 14	-i
ndiana	25, 042, 436. 82	26, 384, 368. 37	20, 710, 284, 92	19, 383, 239, 38	45, 752, 721, 74	45, 767, 607. 75	! ō
[owa\	11, 807, 867, 47	12, 854, 337. 96	5, 345, 667, 56	5, 091, 866, 11	17, 153, 535, 03	17, 946, 204, 07	+5
Kansas	19, 915, 327, 65	17, 323, 184. 44	3, 837, 036. 36	3, 412, 098, 19	23, 752, 364, 01	20, 735, 282, 63	-13
Kentucky	11, 935, 824, 04	14, 284, 640. 29	14, 314, 415, 47	14, 290, 274, 26	26, 250, 239, 51	28, 574, 914. 55	+9
Louisiana	10, 473, 771, 89	13, 400, 178. 10	6, 017, 263. 66	7, 027, 204, 69	16, 491, 035, 55	20, 427, 382, 79	+24
Maine	9, 369, 688. 40	8, 978, 879. 87	1, 776, 307. 18	4, 967, 022, 87	11, 145, 995. 58	13, 945, 902, 74	+25
Maryland	27, 872, 540. 91	25, 562, 203. 85	9, 827, 364. 03	8, 787, 014, 42	37, 699, 904, 94	34, 349, 218, 27	
Massachusetts		109, 857, 344. 01	26, 980, 885. 14	28, 824, 310. 72	139, 093, 670. 44	138, 681, 654, 73	0
Michigan	88, 678, 933. 23	104, 378, 390. 00	98, 917, 345, 64	117, 001, 615. 15	187, 596, 278, 87	221, 380, 005, 15	+18 +3
Minnesota	21, 553, 185. 69	23, 855, 584, 21	9, 135, 927. 92	7, 731, 049. 38	30, 689, 113, 61	31, 586, 633, 59	+3
Mississippi	2, 903, 454. 55	4,008,798.72	865, 265. 88	940, 438. 01	3, 768, 720. 43	4, 949, 236, 73	+31
Missouri	40, 151, 456. 88	44, 116, 410. 10	25, 790, 980, 36	24, 678, 077, 82	65, 942, 437, 24	68, 794, 487, 92	+4
Montana		2, 060, 349. 38	1, 098, 233. 27	897, 689, 70	3, 280, 297. 68	2, 958, 039, 08	- 10
Nebraska	7, 275, 30814	7, 458, 788, 40	3, 812, 800. 05	3, 332, 827. 21	11, 088, 108, 19	10, 791, 615, 61	-3
Nevada	500, 672. 05	581, 492. 18	183, 384. 20	180, 007. 46	684, 056. 25	761, 499, 64	+11
New Hampshire	6, 604, 043, 48	4, 038, 467. 48	1, 488, 187, 71	1, 766, 878, 86	8, 092, 231, 19	5, 805, 346, 34	l -28
New Jersev	65, 316, 777, 10	69, 620, 079. 55	45, 591, 839. 01	42, 639, 967. 41	110, 908, 616. 11	112, 260, 046, 96	+1
New Mexico	760, 225. 12	890, 835. 06	255, 860. 68	240, 488. 62	1, 016, 085, 80	1, 131, 323, 68	+11
New York		506, 593, 933, 70	207, 843, 555. 01	183, 821, 491, 37	664, 796, 113, 82	690, 415, 425, 07	+4
North Carolina	18, 183, 734, 76	18, 173, 156. 85	122, 163, 631, 42	139, 800, 237, 10	140, 347, 366, 18	157, 973, 393, 95	+13
North Dakota	886, 826, 51	771, 387. 02	620, 205. 43	511, 451. 89	1, 507, 031. 94	1, 282, 838, 91	-15
Ohio		95, 412, 405. 37	60, 453, 226. 25	58, 112, 427. 39	148, 486, 487. 29	153, 524, 832, 76	
Oklahoma	10, 455, 830. 84	11, 028, 491. 98	2, 623, 355, 82	2, 492, 071. 16	13, 079, 186. 66	13, 520, 563, 14	+3 +3
Oregon	8, 260, 908. 31	8, 242, 145. 27	2, 313, 032, 87	2, 258, 092, 21	10, 573, 941. 18	10, 500, 237, 48	`1
Pennsylvania	181, 444, 848. 53	198, 270, 944. 16	65, 675, 841, 13	71, 417, 675. 45	247, 120, 689. 66	269, 688, 619. 61	$+\tilde{9}$
Rhode Island		16, 241, 809. 18		3, 997, 544. 55	21, 316, 997, 49	20, 239, 353, 73	

South Carolina. South Dakota Tennessee Tennessee Vermont Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming Philippine Islands	1, 188, 439, 63 11, 570, 882, 42 26, 385, 605, 77 2, 865, 695, 76 2, 525, 632, 00 13, 706, 232, 44 10, 742, 417, 42 13, 314, 012, 73 24, 976, 851, 34 1, 580, 212, 30	2, 935, 562. 31 16, 048, 299. 83 14, 723, 370. 45 14, 386, 962. 07 27, 215, 717. 70 1, 595, 540. 08	1, 373, 195. 29 876, 864. 86 6, 425, 076. 90 8, 248, 476. 16 1, 059, 972. 18 637, 289. 00 26, 498, 892. 02 3, 729, 633. 07 5, 051, 489. 02 12, 489, 485. 23 486, 491. 56 959, 624. 59	29, 943, 587. 15 4, 282, 638. 34 5, 508, 505. 14 13, 233, 004. 99 492, 813. 19 759, 956. 38	6, 710, 485, 47 2, 065, 304, 49 17, 995, 959, 32 34, 634, 081, 93 3, 162, 921, 00 40, 205, 124, 46 14, 472, 050, 49 18, 365, 501, 75 37, 466, 336, 57 2, 016, 703, 86 959, 624, 59	8, 938, 278, 96 1, 951, 248, 95 18, 633, 648, 12 36, 863, 758, 04 4, 037, 136, 96 3, 600, 827, 80 45, 991, 836, 98 19, 006, 008, 79 19, 895, 467, 21 40, 448, 722, 69 2, 088, 353, 27 759, 956, 38	+33 -6 +4 +6 +4 +14 +14 +31 +8 +8 +4 -21
Estate tax payment made in Shanghai, China			1, 725. 84		1, 725. 84		
Total	1, 691, 089, 534. 56	1, 841, 759, 316. 80	930, 655, 693. 01	954, 419, 940. 26	2, 621, 745, 227. 57	2, 796, 179, 257. 06	+7

¹ The figures concerning internal-revenue receipts as given in this statement differ from the figures carried in other Treasury statements showing the financial condition of the Government, because the former represent collections by internal-revenue officers throughout the country, including deposits by postmasters of amounts received from sale of internal-revenue stamps and deposits of internal revenue collected through customs offices, while the latter represent the deposits of these collections in the Treasury or depositaries during the fiscal year concerned, the differences being due to the fact that some of the collections in the latter part of the fiscal year can not be deposited, or are not reported to the Treasury as deposited until after June 30, thus carrying them into the following fiscal year as recorded in the statements showing the condition of the Treasury.

2 Includes \$109,291.01 internal revenue collected through customs offices for 1923 and \$29,036.37 for 1924.

3 Includes over \$3,000,000 from payments of income tax for prior years.

Includes over \$9,000,000 back taxes on alien property held in trust by the United States.

NOTE, -Internal-revenue stamp sales by postmasters for Alaska are included in amount reported for the State of Washington and for District of Columbia in amount reported for the State of Maryland.



TABLE O.— Merchandise imported and customs duties collected from 1890 to 1923, and recapitulation from 1867 to 1923

[By schedules of the respective tariffs in force from 1890 to 1923]

	Schedule A	.—Chemicals, paints	oils, and	SCHEDULE B.—Earths, earthenware, and glassware			Schedule	C.—Metals an factures of	d manu-	SCHEDULE D.—Wood and manufactures of		
Year ended	Values	Duties col- lected	Average ad valo- rem rates	Values	Duties col- lected	Average ad valo- rem rates	Values	Dutles cci- lected	Average ad valo- rem rates	Values	Duties col- lected	Average ad valo- rem rates
June 30: 1890. 1891. 1892. 1893. 1894. 1895. 1896. 1897. 1898.	20,052,010 18,980,722 20,973,252 13,951,923 18,623,919	\$7,006,211 6,086,113 5,959,770 6,429,758 4,649,309 5,575,075 5,619,239 5,440,024 6,146,884 7,009,695	Per cent 32. 04 30. 35 31. 40 30. 36 33. 32 29. 94 28. 53 28. 63 31. 50 32. 50	\$14, 362, 557 22, 716, 823 23, 734, 881 23, 836, 492 16, 877, 496 22, 285, 374 22, 871, 936 21, 166, 515 15, 192, 178 17, 244, 220	\$8, 221, 583 10, 946, 381 12, 131, 725 12, 438, 327 8, 933, 326 8, 324, 735 8, 065, 292 7, 605, 169 7, 387, 433 8, 863, 349	Per cent 57. 24 48. 19 51. 11 52. 18 52. 93 37. 36 35. 26 35. 93 48. 63 51. 40	\$48, 460, 028 68, 788, 174 42, 449, 094 47, 556, 563 30, 271, 453 33, 168, 037 34, 853, 090 23, 603, 665 18, 847, 123 18, 152, 727	\$17, 131, 406 23, 109, 252 21, 507, 930 27, 248, 271 17, 791, 784 14, 929, 358 13, 232, 162 8, 955, 132 8, 454, 289 7, 809, 281	Per cent 35. 35 33. 59 50. 67 57. 30 58. 77 45. 01 37. 97 37. 94 44. 86 43. 02	\$9, 873, 687 12, 074, 128 11, 753, 621 12, 245, 089 9, 393, 008 3, 218, 450 1, 794, 888 1, 485, 479 5, 341, 083 7, 568, 420	\$1,856,577 2,052,592 1,942,175 1,759,942 1,289,544 679,907 412,644 339,971 1,205,278 1,671,048	Per cent 16.0 17.0 16.5 14.3 13.7 21.1 22.9 22.8 22.5 22.0
1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908	26, 955, 991 26, 414, 360 29, 991, 974 31, 249, 644 30, 808, 543 31, 010, 996 33, 481, 921 40, 246, 137 39, 127, 306 42, 936, 600	8, 184, 044 7, 415, 496 8, 499, 709 8, 980, 673 8, 813, 962 8, 845, 176 9, 664, 910 11, 124, 088 10, 530, 174 11, 217, 784	30. 36 28. 07 28. 34 28. 74 28. 61 28. 52 28. 87 27. 64 26. 91 26. 13	20,090,172 20,166,399 21,424,011 25,735,463 24,704,368 23,126,296 26,589,979 31,306,009 26,224,241 21,148,142	10, 106, 541 10, 301, 486 11, 365, 381 13, 320, 181 13, 163, 258 12, 193, 546 13, 749, 020 15, 350, 019 13, 250, 558 10, 641, 572	50. 31 51. 08 53. 05 51. 76 53. 28 52. 73 51. 71 49. 03 50. 53 50. 32	29,089,333 28,631,743 38,870,207 65,164,750 40,011,304 36,327,218 50,917,147 67,148,963 45,279,789 41,103,417	11, 280, 853 10, 922, 077 14, 973, 244 22, 368, 210 15, 682, 484 14, 448, 673 18, 769, 616 21, 882, 145 16, 003, 780 15, 656, 102	38. 78 38. 15 38. 52 34. 33 39. 20 39. 77 36. 86 32. 59 35. 34 38. 09	11,711,446 10,635,183 14,556,267 16,659,208 14,449,585 16,707,735 22,760,988 24,72,483 23,349,686 23,285,386	2, 351, 940 2, 049, 457 2, 572, 527 2, 814, 734 2, 463, 948 2, 750, 017 3, 650, 271 3, 701, 201 3, 301, 256 3, 140, 844	20. 0 19. 2 17. 6 16. 9 17. 0 16. 4 16. 0 15. 1 14. 1
1910	47, 235, 641 49, 386, 692 60, 314, 179	11,072,239 12,563,788 12,239,742 13,017,094 13,099,695 11,221,795 9,309,151 12,056,119 10,507,121	26. 41 25. 71 25. 91 26. 36 21. 72 20. 74 17. 63 18. 37 15. 98	24, 774, 251 24, 495, 258 21, 994, 265 23, 001, 873 25, 222, 093 18, 141, 905 13, 023, 527 13, 530, 965 13, 444, 272	12, 467, 509 12, 669, 182 11, 156, 221 11, 385, 195 10, 187, 128 6, 804, 909 4, 676, 615 4, 613, 852 4, 706, 906	50. 33 51. 72 50. 72 49. 50 40. 39 37. 51 35. 91 34. 10 35. 01	66, 960, 781 58, 757, 341 50, 491, 870 64, 299, 772 50, 742, 814 31, 835, 773 33, 244, 863 33, 913, 977 33, 227, 040	22, 333, 344 18, 869, 321 17, 346, 221 20, 513, 874 12, 190, 202 6, 990, 064 6, 308, 568 7, 038, 419 6, 813, 460	33. 35 32. 11 34. 35 31. 90 24. 02 21. 96 18. 98 20. 75 20. 51	27, 489, 155 24, 709, 532 24, 414, 943 27, 851, 295 12, 181, 772 4, 456, 846 4, 583, 269 5, 207, 265 4, 411, 540	3, 184, 697 2, 959, 669 3, 042, 834 3, 408, 227 1, 618, 723 708, 531 659, 795 756, 236 635, 840	11. 5 11. 9 12. 4 12. 2 13. 2 15. 9 14. 4 14. 5
Dec. 31: 1918 (6 months) 1919. 1920. 1921. 1922. 1923.	27, 215, 615 108, 150, 726 120, 319, 609 64, 753, 030 88, 470, 651 90, 122, 792	4,307,849 13,922,389 15,335,010 14,143,735 22,101,592 26,988,715	15. 83 12. 87 12. 75 21. 84 24. 98 29. 95	5,782,586 14,932,536 30,256,646 28,591,086 40,525,991 60,181,830	2,064,736 5,009,456 9,240,533 9,864,043 14,000,551 23,525,814	35. 71 33. 55 30. 54 34. 50 34. 55 39. 09	16,621,637 43,185,823 83,337,492 62,792,649 82,104,529 103,306,811	3,450,648 8,671,858 16,676,983 13,671,791 20,467,706 35,013,136	20.76 20.08 20.01 21.77 24.93 33.89	1,674,678 6,090,259 13,366,877 9,894,212 13,173,567 18,230,233	217,514 851,797 1,978,931 1,546,231 2,373,128 4,001,186	12. 9 13. 9 14. 8 15. 6 18. 0 21. 9

	SCHEDULE E	.—Sugar, mol anufactures of	asses, and	Schedule F	Schedule F.—Tobacco and manufactures of		SCHEDULE G.—Agricultural products and provisions			SCHEDULE H.—Spirits, wines, and other beverages		
Year ended—	Values	Duties col- lected	Average ad valo- rem rates	Values	Duties col- lected	Average ad valo- rem rates	Values	Duties col- lected	Average ad valo- rem rates	Values	Duties col- lected	Average ad valo- rem rates
Yune 30: 1890. 1891. 1892. 1893. 1894. 1895. 1896. 1897. 1898.	\$87, 613, 335 43, 057, 639 659, 153 1, 328, 999 1, 955, 360 39, 228, 916 73, 064, 318 98, 233, 469 38, 330, 580 81, 227, 498	\$55, 168, 658 32, 511, 296 128, 900 193, 294 273, 764 15, 600, 529 29, 910, 006 41, 346, 400 29, 695, 301 61, 660, 942	Per cent 62. 97 75. 51 19. 56 14. 54 14. 00 39. 77 40. 94 42. 07 77. 47 75. 91	\$16, 626, 045 21, 065, 863 10, 150, 633 12, 589, 004 11, 289, 510 13, 672, 464 13, 625, 272 18, 782, 789 8, 225, 482 9, 371, 597	\$13, 317, 367 16, 172, 277 10, 265, 067 14, 831, 989 13, 668, 906 14, 916, 305 14, 859, 117 20, 971, 882 9, 916, 183 10, 627, 399	Per cent 80.10 76.77 101.13 117.82 121.08 109.10 109.06 111.66 120.55 113.40	\$37, 298, 471 46, 560, 858 34, 579, 463 38, 427, 051 28, 422, 078 37, 733, 091 34, 175, 778 33, 716, 953 29, 853, 286 32, 505, 236	\$10, 647, 676 14, 275, 401 11, 063, 116 12, 735, 144 9, 562, 098 9, 925, 557 7, 721, 677 8, 613, 897 11, 608, 121 12, 743, 785	Per cent 28. 55 30. 66 31. 99 33. 14 33. 64 26. 30 22. 59 25. 55 38. 88 39. 21	\$12, 499, 327 13, 572, 368 12, 717, 443 13, 921, 426 10, 160, 219 11, 285, 766 11, 287, 894 11, 880, 430 9, 319, 646 11, 072, 774	\$8, 566, 503 9, 547, 548 8, 838, 353 9, 435, 263 7, 063, 170 7, 083, 176 6, 859, 390 8, 136, 014 6, 026, 607 7, 490, 074	Per cent 68. 54 70. 35 69. 50 67. 77 69. 52 62. 63 60. 77 68. 48 64. 66 67. 64
1900. 1901. 1902. 1903. 1904. 1905. 1906. 1907. 1908.	80, 890, 937	57, 823, 285 63, 089, 412 53, 040, 877 63, 625, 731 58, 152, 347 51, 442, 112 52, 648, 866 60, 338, 523 50, 168, 155 56, 414, 434	71. 48 72. 45 86. 79 96. 46 74. 65 56. 17 61. 12 65. 03 59. 99 60. 35	13, 597, 162 15, 055, 501 16, 331, 536 18, 298, 780 17, 875, 683 20, 725, 297 22, 917, 352 29, 959, 081 26, 495, 243 27, 332, 038	14, 382, 305 16, 655, 744, 18, 756, 035 21, 891, 687 21, 176, 293 22, 689, 611 23, 927, 700 26, 125, 037 22, 160, 089 23, 269, 458	105. 77 110. 63 114. 85 119. 63 118. 46 109. 48 104. 41 87. 20 83. 64 85. 14	35, 762, 588 38, 566, 704 43, 682, 461 46, 221, 428 49, 013, 792 47, 570, 416 53, 868, 946 63, 720, 855 69, 609, 535 71, 719, 009	13, 183, 635 13, 043, 820 16, 012, 639 16, 282, 144 16, 890, 988 15, 418, 334 18, 126, 575 19, 203, 886 21, 618, 559 23, 633, 333	36. 86 33. 82 36. 66 35. 23 34. 46 32. 41 33. 65 30. 14 31. 06 32. 95	12, 897, 506 14, 099, 924 15, 367, 757 16, 784, 608 17, 120, 014 17, 912, 332 19, 669, 398 23, 083, 420 21, 419, 770 23, 381, 943	8, 828, 660 9, 533, 524 10, 562, 022- 11, 646, 522 12, 105, 786- 12, 547, 900 14, 009, 516- 16, 318, 120 15, 213, 085- 16, 144, 031	68. 45 67. 61 68. 73 69. 39 70. 71 70. 05 71. 22 70. 69 71. 02 69. 05
1910	101, 586, 708 97, 877, 463 105, 744, 519 91, 447, 551 108, 255, 115 157, 570, 801 205, 512, 242 243, 354, 335 240, 380, 144	53, 105, 357 52, 809, 371 50, 951, 199 53, 481, 801 61, 870, 457 49, 607, 651 55, 875, 639 55, 471, 364 49, 092, 779	52. 28 53. 95 48. 18 58. 48 57. 15 31. 48 27. 19 22. 79 20. 42	29, 581, 469 29, 788, 180 31, 116, 052 32, 437, 743 32, 332, 220 29, 499, 102 30, 195, 472 37, 299, 651 31, 963, 105	24, 124, 239 26, 159, 615 25, 571, 508 26, 748, 124 26, 892, 273 24, 875, 246 27, 580, 595 29, 837, 013 21, 960, 646	81. 55 87. 82 82. 18 82. 46 83. 17 84. 33 91. 34 79. 99 68. 76	84, 872, 747 105, 974, 044 117, 711, 156 99, 798, 484 122, 304, 925 87, 672, 955 94, 634, 995 132, 717, 946 125, 359, 740	25, 160, 516 28, 744, 295 34, 146, 071 27, 754, 576 24, 817, 322 18, 035, 830 16, 164, 123 17, 916, 075 14, 594, 871	29. 64 27. 12 29. 01 27. 81 20. 29 20. 57 17. 08 13. 50 11. 64	25, 315, 878 20, 354, 501 20, 731, 233 22, 372, 476 21, 763, 934 14, 392, 643 17, 330, 417 18, 611, 977 10, 563, 410	18, 113, 512 17, 298, 858 17, 409, 815 19, 475, 562 19, 674, 992 13, 404, 931 15, 550, 582 13, 586, 271 7, 038, 123	71. 55 84. 99 83. 98 87. 05 90. 40 93. 14 89. 73 73. 00 66. 63
1918 (6 months)	87, 179, 747 387, 282, 529 926, 467, 270 233, 451, 028 232, 940, 755 353, 872, 621	18, 249, 994 68, 608, 819 79, 536, 137 71, 325, 054 147, 969, 113 128, 064, 475	20. 93 17. 72 8. 58 30. 55 63. 52 36. 19	20, 308, 623 51, 609, 315 63, 815, 739 66, 614, 395 62, 414, 760 64, 881, 310	12, 269, 984 27, 562, 571 33, 695, 003 35, 949, 905 31, 788, 741 35, 830, 692	60. 42 53. 41 52. 80 53. 97 50. 93 55. 22	49, 322, 271 161, 168, 393 253, 569, 428 156, 496, 923 199, 478, 617 236, 976, 025	5, 546, 942 15, 802, 553 24, 521, 305 26, 206, 159 42, 505, 421 61, 577, 650	11. 25 9. 80 9. 67 16. 75 21. 31 25. 98	3,109,079 2,338,327 2,542,570 3,197,179 2,657,321 1,371,353	1,628,191 1,194,499 1,157,483 1,514,604 1,111,481 612,575	52.37 51.08 45.52 47.37 41.83 44.67

TABLE O .— Merchandise imported and customs duties collected from 1890 to 1923, etc.—Continued

	SCHEDULE I.—Cotton manufactures			SCHEDULE J.—Flax, hemp, and jute, and manufactures of			SCHEDULE K	.—Wool and tures of	manufac-	SCHEDULE L.—Silk and silk goods		
Year ended→	Values	Duties collected	Average ad valorem rates	Values	Duties collected	Average ad valorem rates	Values	Duties collected	Average ad valorem rates	Values	Duties collected	Average ad valorem rates
June 30: 1890	\$29, 312, 028 20, 197, 123 17, 052, 525 20, 510, 438 13, 724, 012 19, 628, 096 21, 276, 405 22, 650, 234 14, 663, 418 17, 002, 769	\$11, 691, 611 9, 892, 223 9, 468, 347 11, 333, 605 7, 446, 758 8, 906, 189 9, 311, 340 9, 903, 895 7, 500, 252 8, 934, 913	Per cent 39. 89 48. 98 55. 52 55. 26 54. 26 43. 76 43. 73 51. 15 52. 55	\$48, 325, 898 38, 784, 260 40, 028, 471 43, 493, 657 28, 060, 445 34, 874, 867 29, 756, 618 34, 852, 448 33, 704, 889 44, 412, 454	\$12, 219, 836 15, 034, 934 17, 360, 296 18, 989, 344 12, 174, 473 14, 060, 096 12, 018, 082 14, 110, 685 15, 712, 121 20, 892, 285	Per cent 25. 29 38. 77 43. 37 43. 66 43. 39 40. 32 40. 39 40. 49 46. 62 47. 04	\$70, 375, 615 60, 306, 714 53, 496, 633 55, 410, 291 24, 798, 231 37, 014, 061 48, 352, 585 48, 902, 866 18, 360, 631 22, 342, 090	\$42, 918, 996 41, 410, 169 42, 096, 021 44, 608, 120 21, 200, 263 20, 922, 958 23, 127, 569 22, 702, 726 13, 057, 164 17, 230, 152	Per cent 60. 99 68. 67 78. 69 80. 51 85. 49 56. 53 47. 83 46. 42 71. 12 77. 12	\$33, 246, 787 37, 300, 387 31, 442, 180 37, 919, 948 24, 160, 529 31, 023, 148 26, 627, 731 20, 517, 092 22, 639, 597 25, 026, 504	\$18, 945, 959 19, 368, 764 16, 965, 637 20, 310, 253 12, 824, 034 14, 739, 550 12, 504, 006 12, 421, 970 12, 231, 681 13, 506, 312	Per cent 49. 54 51. 93 53. 96 53. 56 53. 03 47. 51 46. 96 46. 85 54. 03 53. 97
1900. 1901. 1902. 1903. 1904. 1905. 1906. 1907. 1909.	23, 442, 254	10, 565, 562 9, 715, 747 10, 422, 930 11, 944, 300 11, 035, 018 10, 409, 188 12, 292, 896 14, 284, 628 13, 878, 022 11, 666, 308 13, 619, 191	51. 08 49. 65 49. 33 47. 15 47. 07 47. 26 46. 12 44. 84 43. 95 44. 48 48. 11	54, 732, 531 57, 669, 270 68, 133, 003 71, 297, 682 71, 460, 146 73, 284, 154 92, 055, 209 114, 124, 372 96, 177, 445 91, 209, 596 106, 374, 854	25, 701, 451 26, 218, 962 30, 694, 804 33, 190, 646 32, 898, 495 37, 768, 719 41, 777, 068 49, 890, 953 41, 921, 732 42, 144, 980 49, 735, 027	48. 98 45. 46 45. 05 46. 55 46. 04 46. 08 45. 38 43. 72 43. 59 48. 21 46. 75	30, 656, 717 30, 727, 663 35, 363, 788 40, 560, 037 39, 962, 848 53, 465, 490 63, 265, 115 62, 831, 601 45, 822, 496 52, 814, 238 70, 745, 252	21, 637, 428 21, 575, 104 26, 396, 923 29, 195, 736 27, 252, 492 33, 077, 578 37, 968, 695 36, 561, 217 28, 845, 245 33, 365, 316 41, 904, 850	70. 58 70. 21 74. 64 71. 98 68. 19 61. 87 60. 02 58. 19 62. 95 63. 17 59. 23	30, 358, 771 26, 836, 267 32, 242, 228 36, 047, 873 31, 483, 007 31, 822, 655 32, 591, 910 38, 816, 839 31, 755, 212 31, 001, 307 32, 295, 926	15, 771, 795, 14, 245, 693, 17, 293, 290, 19, 276, 546, 610, 210, 17, 010, 135, 1095, 20, 313, 706, 493, 078, 16, 284, 117, 17, 023, 622	51. 95 53. 12 53. 64 53. 47 52. 76 53. 45 53. 24 52. 33 51. 94 52. 53 52. 71
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918	25, 057, 288 32, 529, 134 24, 065, 209 24, 244, 523 36, 417, 492	12, 325, 584 11, 085, 150 11, 061, 514 9, 260, 408 6, 442, 047 5, 968, 827 8, 259, 958 6, 871, 746	47. 04 45. 51 44. 14 23. 47 26. 31 24. 62 22. 68 22. 21	99, 401, 935 108, 698, 102 116, 587, 298 56, 470, 796 30, 051, 243 30, 943, 574 29, 130, 379 26, 587, 130	47, 053, 000 49, 062, 348 48, 911, 742 19, 913, 016 8, 794, 568 8, 619, 140 8, 208, 910 7, 199, 925	47. 34 45. 14 41. 95 35. 26 29. 27 27. 85 28. 19 27. 08	48, 395, 406 48, 361, 374 45, 335, 616 39, 264, 823 30, 437, 555 18, 352, 968 21, 184, 027 27, 047, 896	28, 982, 553 27, 072, 116 25, 833, 028 16, 957, 341 9, 911, 637 6, 128, 567 7, 080, 906 8, 956, 449	59. 89 55. 98 56. 98 43. 19 32. 56 33. 39 33. 43 33. 11	30, 993, 562 26, 571, 510 29, 224, 018 34, 039, 755 23, 098, 167 28, 304, 619 35, 123, 949 24, 473, 609	16, 053, 261 13, 695, 239 14, 811, 561 15, 376, 702 9, 810, 495 11, 927, 952 14, 654, 690 10, 066, 714	51, 80 51, 54 50, 68 45, 17 42, 47 42, 14 41, 72 41, 13
Dec. 31: 1918 (6 months) 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923	13,622,237 33,219,952 89,274,578 58,413,927 73,334,530	3, 105, 547 7, 715, 786 21, 185, 002 15, 242, 215 20, 046, 723 21, 945, 801	22. 80 23. 23 23. 73 26. 09 27. 34 32. 18	10, 873, 228 27, 187, 093 52, 925, 870 36, 827, 736 63, 505, 151 121, 126, 239	2, 682, 414 6, 552, 591 13, 362, 385 10, 118, 185 15, 999, 377 24, 632, 043	24. 67 24. 10 25. 25 27. 47 25. 19 20. 34	9, 826, 501 18, 127, 893 49, 800, 160 52, 410, 182 79, 955, 754 162, 015, 968	2, 962, 190 5, 695, 227 16, 720, 378 18, 307, 296 48, 225, 260 91, 465, 593	30. 14 31. 42 33. 57 34. 93 60. 31 56. 45	10, 748, 947 49, 684, 244 55, 793, 487 45, 054, 936 36, 652, 674 40, 793, 507	4, 307, 698 20, 276, 171 21, 772, 950 18, 575, 772 16, 621, 550 21, 692, 353	40. 08 40. 81 39. 03 41. 23 45. 33 53. 18

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· · ·	SCHEDULE M.—Pulp, paper, and books			Schedule N.—Sundries			Теа		
Year ended—	Values	Duties collected	Average ad valo- rem rates	Values	Duties collected	Average ad valo- rem rates	Values	Duties collected	Average ad valo- rem rates
June 30: 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898	\$7, 480, 109 7, 398, 716 7, 191, 116 8, 680, 133 5, 761, 472 5, 443, 425 5, 664, 593 5, 319, 055 4, 684, 291 5, 223, 698	\$1, 445, 625 1, 690, 669 1, 809, 161 2, 070, 034 1, 402, 193 1, 257, 348 1, 260, 864 1, 200, 043 1, 202, 328 1, 349, 575	Per cent 19.33 22.85 25.16 23.85 24.34 23.10 22.26 22.56 25.67 25.84	\$65, 232, 530 54, 580, 110 51, 290, 806 63, 390, 176 38, 819, 967 47, 072, 376 47, 748, 386 41, 184, 008 56, 868, 214 66, 420, 324	\$16, 179, 068 13, 693, 067 13, 561, 172 15, 990, 103 10, 602, 196 10, 995, 435 11, 203, 210 10, 031, 293 14, 073, 599 16, 272, 012	25, 09 26, 44 25, 22 27, 31	\$76, 240 6, 631, 988		
1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909	7,695,417 7,021,206 8,047,824 9,907,819 10,771,269 11,974,859 14,173,917 20,005,025 22,335,007 22,764,740	1, 764, 834 1, 702, 776 1, 896, 456 2, 220, 756 2, 379, 354 2, 525, 896 3, 020, 980 4, 136, 029 4, 414, 633 4, 412, 020	22. 93 24. 25 23. 56 22. 28 22. 09 21. 09 21. 31 20. 67 19. 75 19. 39	77, 801, 134 76, 193, 074 86, 667, 841 98, 422, 646 78, 680, 617 92, 512, 767 119, 640, 146 133, 092, 951 94, 616, 374 113, 862, 410	18, 773, 587 17, 912, 848 20, 180, 984 20, 843, 433 18, 767, 420 20, 771, 250 26, 600, 776 29, 892, 107 24, 475, 066 26, 387, 061	22, 45 25, 87	10, 835, 047 10, 005, 430 10, 327, 118 3, 028, 168		
1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918	24, 832, 627 26, 110, 975 22, 828, 121 24, 899, 335 13, 999, 054 9, 385, 676 6, 491, 285 8, 036, 289 6, 368, 356	5, 285, 103 5, 645, 302 4, 886, 671 5, 091, 232 3, 114, 380 1, 988, 769 1, 257, 726 1, 681, 547 1, 184, 752	21. 28 21. 62 21. 41 20. 45 22. 25 21. 19 19. 38 20. 92 18. 60	120, 594, 291 109, 049, 968 108, 952, 769 128, 017, 638 144, 587, 674 100, 816, 766 123, 485, 312 134, 557, 532 106, 803, 244	29, 133, 889 27, 448, 145 26, 931, 900 30, 758, 685 48, 538, 937 37, 158, 600 39, 495, 871 40, 286, 383 30, 567, 547	25. 17 24. 72 24. 03 33. 57 36. 86 31. 98 29. 94			
1918 (6 months). 1919. 1920. 1921. 1922. 1922.	2, 759, 314 6, 797, 212 10, 487, 814 8, 901, 536 12, 806, 269 19, 217, 235	460,009 1,105,951 1,749,469 1,671,847 2,775,724 4,667,233	16. 67 16. 27 16. 68 18. 78 21. 67 24. 29	44, 034, 747 206, 447, 070 233, 907, 615 165, 192, 437 197, 512, 567 226, 318, 858	12, 653, 317 54, 433, 012 68, 703, 615 54, 222, 384 65, 369, 922 86, 646, 712	29. 37 32. 82		••••••	

Table O.—Merchandise imported and customs duties collected from 1890 to 1923, etc.—Continued [Recapitulation of merchandise imported and duties collected from 1867 to 1923]

		Values			Amour	Average ad valorem rate of duty on—			
Year ended—	Free	Dutiable	Total	Free	Ordinary	Additional	Total	Dutiable	Free and dutiable
June 30: 1867. 1868. 1869.	\$17, 033, 130 15, 147, 618 21, 692, 532 20, 214, 105	\$361, 125, 553 329, 661, 302 372, 756, 642 406, 131, 905	\$378, 158, 683 344, 808, 920 394, 449, 174 426, 346, 010	Per cent 4, 50 4, 39 5, 50 4, 74	\$168, 503, 750 160, 309, 941 176, 114, 904 191, 221, 769	\$222, 838 442, 680 292, 205	\$168, 503, 750 160, 532, 779 176, 557, 584 191, 513, 974	Per cent 46. 66 48. 63 47. 25 47. 08	Per cent 44, 50 46, 50 44, 70 44, 93
1871	40, 619, 064 47, 683, 747 178, 399, 796 151, 694, 834 146, 465, 463 140, 561, 381 140, 840, 149 141, 339, 059 142, 550, 159 208, 049, 180	459, 597, 058 512, 735, 287 484, 746, 861 415, 748, 693 379, 795, 113 324, 024, 926 298, 989, 240 297, 083, 409 296, 742, 215 419, 506, 091	500, 216, 122 560, 419, 034 663, 146, 657 567, 443, 527 526, 250, 576 464, 586, 307 439, 829, 389 438, 422, 468 439, 292, 374 627, 555, 271	8, 12 8, 51 26, 90 26, 73 27, 83 30, 26 32, 02 32, 24 32, 45 33, 15	201, 985, 575 212, 030; 727 184, 556, 045 160, 185, 383 154, 271, 806 144, 982, 442 128, 223, 207 127, 015, 185 133, 159, 025 182, 415, 162	461, 098 588, 378 372, 997 336, 902 283, 177 196, 161 205, 136 179, 974 236, 411 332, 492	202, 446, 673 212, 619, 105 184, 929, 042 160, 522, 285 154, 554, 983 145, 178, 603 128, 428, 343 127, 195, 159 133, 395, 436 182, 747, 654	43. 95 41. 35 38. 07 38. 53 40. 62 44. 74 42. 89 42. 75 44. 87 43. 48	40. 4' 37. 9 27. 8' 28. 2' 29. 3 31. 2 29. 2 29. 0 30. 3' 29. 1'
1881. 1882. 1883. 1884. 1885. 1886. 1887. 1888. 1889.	202, 557, 412 210, 721, 981 206, 913, 289 211, 280, 265 192, 912, 234 211, 530, 759 233, 993, 659 244, 104, 852 256, 574, 630 266, 103, 048	448, 061, 587 505, 491, 967 493, 916, 384 456, 295, 124 386, 667, 820 413, 778, 055 450, 325, 322 468, 143, 774 484, 856, 768 507, 571, 764	650, 618, 999 716, 213, 948 700, 829, 673 667, 575, 389 579, 580, 054 625, 308, 814 683, 418, 981 712, 248, 626 741, 431, 398 773, 674, 812	31, 13 29, 42 29, 52 31, 65 33, 28 33, 83 34, 11 34, 27 34, 61 34, 39	193, 561, 011 215, 617, 669 209, 659, 699 189, 844, 995 177, 319, 550 188, 379, 397 212, 032, 424 213, 509, 802 218, 701, 774 225, 317, 076	239, 869 521, 247 977, 594 437, 841 832, 051 1, 031, 051 2, 189, 886 2, 532, 454 1, 875, 215 1, 222, 961	193, 800, 880 216, 138, 916 210, 637, 293 190, 282, 836 173, 151, 601 189, 410, 448 214, 222, 310 216, 042, 256 220, 576, 989 226, 540, 037	43. 20 42. 66 42. 45 41. 61 45. 86 45. 53 47. 08 45. 61 44. 39	29. 7 30. 1 30. 0 28. 5 30. 7 30. 2 31. 3 30. 3 29. 7 29. 2
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898	388, 064, 404 458, 074, 604 444, 172, 064 378, 968, 717 376, 890, 100 368, 897, 523 381, 902, 414 291, 534, 005 299, 668, 977 366, 759, 922	466, 455, 173 355, 526, 741 400, 282, 519 257, 645, 703 354, 271, 990 390, 796, 561 407, 348, 616 295, 619, 695 385, 772, 915 463, 759, 330	854, 519, 577 813, 601, 345 844, 454, 583 636, 614, 420 731, 162, 090 759, 694, 084 789, 251, 030 587, 153, 700 685, 441, 892 830, 519, 252	45. 41 56. 30 52. 60 59. 53 51. 55 48. 56 48. 39 49. 65 43. 72 44. 16	215, 790, 686 173, 097, 670 198, 373, 452 128, 881, 868 147, 901, 218 156, 104, 598 171, 779, 194 144, 258, 563 200, 873, 429 228, 364, 556	1, 095, 015 1, 026, 600 770, 226 677, 024 1, 549, 390 908, 908 981, 167 1, 179, 822 1, 198, 621 996, 215	216, 885, 701 174, 124, 270 199, 143, 678 129, 558, 892 149, 450, 608 157, 013, 506 172, 760, 361 145, 438, 385 202, 072, 050 229, 360, 771	46, 26 48, 69 49, 56 50, 02 41, 75 39, 95 42, 17 48, 80 52, 07 49, 24	25. 3 21. 4 23. 5 20. 3 20. 4 20. 6 21. 8 24. 7 29. 4

1901	437, 290, 728 454, 153, 100 517, 073, 277 548, 695, 764 641, 953, 451 525, 704, 745	468, 670, 045 503, 251, 521 570, 669, 382 527, 681, 459 570, 044, 856 664, 721, 885 773, 448, 834 657, 415, 920 682, 265, 867 785, 756, 020	807, 763, 301 899, 793, 710 981, 834, 559 1, 087, 118, 133 1, 213, 417, 649 1, 415, 402, 285 1, 183, 120, 665 1, 281, 641, 735 1, 547, 109, 137	41. 98 44. 07 43. 38 46. 26 47. 56 45. 22 45. 35 44. 43 46. 77 49. 21	232, 641, 499 250, 550, 428 279, 779, 587 257, 392, 055 257, 898, 130 293, 557, 984 329, 121, 659 282, 273, 432 294, 377, 360 326, 263, 095	914, 610 902, 727 972, 828 830, 188 528, 165 352, 412 358, 389 309, 462 289, 694 298, 588	233, 556, 109 251, 453, 155 280, 752, 415 258, 222, 243 258, 426, 295 293, 910, 396 329, 480, 048 282, 582, 894 294, 667, 054 326, 561, 683	49. 64 49. 79 49. 03 48. 78 45. 24 44. 16 42. 55 42. 94 43. 15 41. 52	28, 91 27, 95 27, 85 26, 30 23, 77 24, 22 23, 28 23, 88 22, 99 21, 11
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 Dec. 31:	986, 972, 333 1, 152, 392, 059	750, 981, 697 759, 209, 915 779, 717, 079 754, 008, 335 615, 522, 722 683, 153, 244 814, 689, 485 747, 338, 621	1, 527, 945, 652 1, 640, 722, 902 1, 766, 689, 412 1, 906, 400, 386, 280 2, 179, 034, 601 2, 667, 220, 021 2, 864, 893, 987	50. 85 53. 73 55. 87 60. 45 62. 66 68. 65 69. 46 73. 91	309, 581, 944 304, 597, 035 312, 252, 215 283, 511, 564 205, 755, 073 209, 523, 151 221, 447, 743 180, 196, 879	383, 748 302, 331 257, 731 207, 517 191, 769 202, 650 211, 323 392, 955	309, 965, 692 304, 899, 366 312, 509, 946 283, 719, 081 205, 946, 842 209, 725, 801 221, 659, 066 180, 589, 834	41. 22 40. 12 40. 05 37. 60 33. 43 30. 67 27. 18 24. 11	20. 29 18. 58 17. 69 14. 88 12. 49 9. 62 8. 31 6. 30
1918 (6 months)	1, 149, 881, 796 2, 711, 462, 069 3, 115, 958, 238 1, 564, 278, 455 1, 888, 240, 127 2, 165, 148, 317	303,079,210 1,116,221,362 1,985,865,155 992,591,256 1,185,533,136 1,566,621,499	1, 452, 961, 006 3, 827, 683, 431 5, 101, 823, 393 2, 556, 869, 711 3,073, 773, 263 3,731, 769, 816	79. 14 70. 84 61. 08 61. 18 61. 43 58. 02	73, 907, 033 237, 402, 680 325, 635, 175 292, 359, 221 451, 356, 289 566, 663, 978	21, 037 54, 000 10, 390 37, 531	73, 928, 070 237, 456, 680 325, 645, 565 292, 396, 752 451, 356, 289 566, 663, 978	24. 39 21. 27 16. 40 29. 45 38. 07 36. 17	5. 09 6. 20 6. 38 11, 44 14. 68 15. 18

Table P.—Customs statistics, by districts, for the fiscal year 1924

District	Value of	Value of			Receipts		
District	imports	exports	Duties	Tonnage tax	Head tax	All other	Total
Alaska (No. 31)	\$510, 838 11, 037, 060	\$1, 378, 540 11, 795, 021	\$33, 597. 49 453, 638. 74	\$3, 388. 12	\$1, 296. 00 85, 664. 00	\$14, 277. 94 14, 682, 48	\$52, 559. 55 553, 985, 22
Buffalo (No. 9)	77, 519, 668	156, 331, 753	6, 391, 915. 52	2, 092, 52	00,001.00	27, 542, 70	6, 421, 550, 74
Chicago (No. 39)	45, 599, 189	12, 948, 276	15, 557, 643, 00	310.64	8. 00	27, 308. 84	15, 585, 270. 48
Colorado (No. 47)	610, 732	l	153, 193. 43			749. 85	153, 943. 28
Connecticut (No. 6)	7, 507, 610	777, 708	941, 149. 13	1, 010. 80		4, 612. 47	946, 836. 40
Dakota (No. 34). Duluth and Superior (No. 36)	23, 126, 996 17, 803, 468	42, 088, 184 28, 359, 094	1, 269, 528. 83 1, 153, 534. 52	78. 42		12, 988. 73 19, 690, 65	1, 282, 517. 56 1, 173, 303, 59
El Paso (No. 24)	6, 625, 915	11, 766, 935	104, 215, 26	70.42	263, 208, 00	29, 524, 52	396, 947, 78
Florida (No. 18)	20, 643, 679	62, 476, 933	2, 626, 845, 90	53, 162, 14	75, 704, 00	87, 804, 01	2, 843, 516, 05
Galveston (No. 22)	37, 354, 862.	547, 632, 880	5, 037, 954. 31	64, 001. 48	2, 008. 00	41, 707, 66	5, 145, 671, 45
Georgia (No. 17)	24, 550, 773	62, 009, 959	6, 212, 058. 24	11, 559. 72	176.00	11, 768. 48	6, 235, 562, 44
Hawaii (No. 32)	9, 251, 848	1, 663, 298	1, 454, 088. 75	37, 469. 76	25, 456. 00	26, 896. 55	1, 543, 911. 06
Indiana (No. 40)	1, 437, 239		691, 288. 73			649. 06	691, 937. 79
Iowa (No. 44)	256, 415 710, 547		131, 986. 31 520. 982. 86			818. 75	132, 805. 06 521, 942. 06
Kentucky (No. 42) Los Angeles (No. 27)	37, 298, 452	52, 974, 959	4, 336, 503. 03	106, 841. 42	22, 320, 00	959. 20 71, 779. 97	521, 942. 06 4, 537, 444. 42
Maine and New Hampshire (No. 1).	25, 572, 548	14, 033, 508	816, 606, 93	23, 724, 42	27, 016, 00	58, 699, 10	926, 046, 45
Maryland (No. 13)	93, 332, 948	82, 024, 283	14, 117, 031, 00	60, 358, 70	3, 064, 00	71, 255, 36	14, 251, 709, 06
Massachusetts (No. 4)	234, 489, 207	58, 330, 719	48, 228, 975, 96	147, 829, 72	257, 736. 00	150, 589, 21	48, 785, 130, 89
Michigan (No. 38)	86, 569, 468	218, 889, 106	4, 114, 949. 47	164. 54		34, 815. 98	4, 149, 929, 99
Minnesota (No. 35)			1, 028, 626. 38			4, 743. 26	1, 033, 369. 64
Mobile (No. 19) Montana and Idaho (No. 33)	6, 144, 705	36, 398, 584	260, 891. 07	17, 990. 80	696.00	23, 794. 09	303, 371. 96
New Orleans (No. 20)	2, 880, 022 177, 859, 368	4, 267, 957 326, 283, 310	363, 690. 25 22, 303, 507. 38	133, 311, 44	16, 016, 00	10, 176. 47 112, 976. 92	373, 866. 72
New York (No. 10)	1, 667, 567, 171	1, 594, 099, 139	312, 980, 315, 67	590, 408, 18	2, 709, 188, 00	1, 725, 237, 87	22, 565, 811. 74 318, 005, 149, 72
North Carolina (No. 15)	10, 615, 304	14, 958, 464	5, 658, 626, 50	5, 811. 00	200.00	8, 673. 61	5, 673, 311, 11
Ohio (No. 41)		33, 529, 085	4, 432, 739. 35	2, 704, 32	200,00	17, 768, 49	4, 453, 212, 16
Omaha (No. 46)	1, 613, 001		468, 303. 48			1, 929. 88	470, 233, 36
Oregon (No. 29)		65, 211, 909	1, 175, 748. 61	47, 954. 42	1, 216. 00	24, 032. 57	1, 248, 951. 60
Philadelphia (No. 11)	203, 800, 737	96, 419, 514	46, 632, 644. 34	95, 283. 80	64, 160. 00	177, 827. 25	46, 969, 915. 39
Pittsburgh (No. 12) Porto Rico (No. 49)	9, 774, 112 8, 779, 603	6, 331, 898	3, 589, 786. 13	13, 860. 64	7 040 00	4, 452. 58	3, 594, 238. 71
Rhode Island (No. 5)	9, 016, 575	138, 269	1, 333, 585, 72 861, 675, 87	7, 682, 22	7, 840. 00 73, 788. 00	40, 519. 54 11, 066. 96	1, 395, 805. 90 954, 213. 05
Rochester (No. 8)	5, 435, 464	9, 506, 582	1, 419, 789, 63	1, 274, 68	13, 188.00	5, 860. 52	1, 426, 924, 83
Sabine (No. 21)	7, 512, 650	61, 345, 346	1, 836. 77	42, 714. 38	536, 00	19, 573. 26	64, 660, 41
San Antonio (No. 23)	2, 836, 968	41, 259, 949	288, 663. 24	20.42	324, 632. 00	25, 409, 95	638, 725, 61
San Francisco (No. 28)	141, 056, 210	167, 337, 984	10, 616, 886. 83	66, 015. 94	89, 216. 00	177, 674. 18	10, 949, 792, 95
South Carolina (No. 16)	11, 462, 588	22, 975, 829	36, 309. 25	19, 279. 68	184.00	5, 975. 26	61, 748. 19
St. Lawrence (No. 7)	134, 165, 489	73, 233, 744	2, 126, 984, 87	2, 711. 68		18, 482. 44	2, 148, 178. 99
St. Louis (No. 45)	10, 392, 097		3, 128, 264, 80		l:	7, 678. 10	3, 135, 942. 90

Tennessee (No. 43). Utah and Nevada (No. 48). Vermont (No. 2). Virginia (No. 14). Washington (No. 30). Wisconsin (No. 37). Parcel post, Jan. 1 to June 30, 1924.	118, 462 42, 323, 963 12, 794, 863 287, 716, 384 4, 889, 546	198, 426, 450 138, 917, 385 867, 603	52, 169, 41 2, 470, 931, 01 2, 364, 438, 75 5, 323, 480, 93 1, 291, 844, 69	41, 58 47, 196, 88 107, 240, 49	1, 408. 00 253, 152. 00	1, 506, 55 14, 50 37, 735, 59 54, 294, 68 269, 396, 75 5, 046, 34	135, 188. 08 52, 183. 91 2, 508, 708. 18 2, 467, 338. 31 5, 953, 270. 17 1, 296, 921. 87
Total	3, 554, 138, 268		543, 359, 524. 15				552, 817, 750. 88

Table P.—Customs statistics, by districts, for the fiscal year 1924—Continued

	Payı	ments		Cost to	Vessels	clearing fro	om ports
District	Excess deposits refunded	Drawback paid	Expenses	collect one dollar	Foreign for foreign ports	Domes- tic for foreign ports	Domes- tic for domestic ports
Alaska (No. 31) Arizona (No. 26)	\$740. 07 1, 790. 77	\$445. 50 54. 94	\$43, 701. 68 70, 400. 88	\$0.831 .127	243	271	2, 151
Buffalo (No. 9)	51, 455. 61	2, 798. 41 81, 997. 43	198, 376. 23 344, 016. 69	. 0308 . 022	821 64	254 92	2, 751 5, 421
Colorado (No. 47) Connecticut (No. 6) Dakota (No. 34)	2, 499. 39 6, 742. 27	655. 35 79. 41	13, 455. 67 40, 107. 97 51, 591. 32	. 0424			
Duluth and Superior (No. 36) El Paso (No. 24)	5, 791. 81	95. 21	48, 366. 62 116, 974. 10	.0412	248	385	6, 444
Florida (No. 18) Galveston (No. 22) Georgia (No. 17)	8, 222. 75 39, 532. 42 10. 556. 01	8, 894. 43 12, 690. 92 13, 343. 78	140, 287. 49 102, 040. 14 50, 893. 57	. 04934 . 0198 . 00816	578 474 139	1, 492 814 75	639 748 598
Hawaii (No. 32) Indiana (No. 40)	21, 358, 70 3, 554, 06 355, 40	2, 153. 53	110, 133. 75 15, 419. 79	. 071 . 022 . 0625	74	65	227
Iowa (No. 44) Kentucky (No. 42) Los Angeles (No. 27)	2, 991. 25 55, 358, 92	241, 089. 77 90. 09	8, 308. 00 13, 941. 86 192. 177. 09	. 0267	684	1, 316	2, 487
Maine and New Hampshire (No. 1)	9, 815. 41 127, 619. 40	117. 84 68, 266. 44	176, 321. 10 354, 229, 44	. 1904	1,063 346	961	141 2, 034
Massachusetts (No. 4) Michigan (No. 38) Minnesota (No. 35)	404, 336, 59 33, 428, 00 5, 028, 09	125, 370. 66 37, 534. 58	1, 022, 039. 48 250, 127. 88 40, 364. 91	. 0209 . 0602 . 03906	677 1, 160	326 2, 529	1, 367 6, 956
Mobile (No. 19) Montana and Idaho (No. 33)	8, 403. 93 19, 424. 99	7, 488. 04	34, 083. 89 42, 853. 36	. 112	310	191	261
New Orleans (No. 20) New York (No. 10) North Carolina (No. 15)	120, 797. 31 4, 452, 388. 68 5, 722. 83	187, 217. 72 10, 606, 347. 82	378, 284. 61 5, 416, 973. 95 21, 416, 88	. 01676 . 0181 . 0037	1,090 3,212 11	767 1,878 8	611 3, 542 77
Ohio (No. 41)	48, 808. 98 2, 734. 95	11, 991. 67	119, 882. 88 9, 948. 80	. 0269	843	3, 188	7, 329
Oregon (No. 29). Philadelphia (No. 11). Pittsburgh (No. 12).	16, 351. 90 288, 938. 44 22, 772, 72	2, 995. 13 2, 497, 773. 34	82, 047, 82 708, 166, 90 37, 672, 50	. 0657 . 01507 . 01048	525	297	992
Porto Rico (No. 49) Rhode Island (No. 5)	19, 746. 34 5, 752. 87	8, 235. 21	128, 272. 15 30, 587. 76	.0918	399 33	403 63	366 174
Rochester (No. 8) Sabine (No. 21) San Antonio (No. 23)	17, 335, 34 355, 05 2, 989, 47		51, 224. 66 20, 077. 67 126, 001. 02	. 0359 . 3105 . 197	1,392 269	179 262	181 201
San Francisco (No. 28). South Carolina (No. 16).	522, 338. 57	189, 037. 63	609, 944. 91 14, 317. 90	. 0557	588 37	470 104	2, 177 122

St. Lawrence (No. 7) St. Louis (No. 45) Tennessee (No. 43) Utah and Nevada (No. 48) Vermont (No. 2) Virginia (No. 14) Washington (No. 30) Wisconsin (No. 37)	19, 000. 00 39. 05 307. 86 15, 407. 51 9, 624. 84	544. 49 4, 819. 29 1, 124. 42 49, 723. 31 16. 04	101, 675, 79 86, 067, 80 12, 980, 32 5, 353, 25 161, 895, 67 110, 633, 41 357, 101, 93 38, 747, 79	. 096			
Total	6, 679, 537. 89	14, 154, 757. 19	11, 981, 217. 13	. 0216	20, 474	19, 777	65, 622

Note.—Porto Rico figures not included in totals, except those relating to values of imports and exports.

The duties and tonnage covered into the Treasury by warrants during the fiscal year 1924 amounted to \$545,012,115.13. This sum represents the official "customs receipts" for 1924. The figures in the above statement are based on reports by collectors of receipts from all sources, and include estimated duties, duties and fines on mail importations, increased and additional duties, fines, penalties and forfeitures, and sundry miscellaneous receipts, as well as collections for the Departments of Commerce and Labor.

SUMMARY

Total expenses paid from customs appropriation during the fiscal year 1924, as reported by collectors Items not included in above table: Salaries and expenses of the Board of United States General Appraisers. Salaries and expenses on account of detection and prevention of frauds. Salaries and expenses of the special agency service other than in connection with the detection and prevention of frauds. Salaries and expenses of the special agency service other than in connection with the detection and prevention of frauds. Salaries and expenses of the special agency service other than in connection with the detection and prevention of frauds. Salaries and expenses of the special agency service other than in connection with the detection and prevention of frauds. Salaries and expenses of the special agency service other than in connection with the detection and prevention of frauds. Salaries and expenses of the special agency service other than in connection with the detection and prevention of frauds. Salaries and expenses of the special agency service other than in connection with the detection and prevention of frauds. Salaries and expenses of the special agency service other than in connection with the detection and prevention of frauds. Salaries and expenses of the special agency service other than in connection with the detection and prevention of frauds. Salaries and expenses of the special agency service other than in connection with the detection and prevention of frauds. Salaries and expenses of the special agency service other than in connection with the detection and prevention of frauds. Salaries and expenses of the special agency service other than in connection with the detection and prevention of frauds. Salaries and expenses of the special agency service other than in connection with the detection and prevention of frauds. Salaries and expenses of the special agency service other than in connection with the detection and prevention of frauds.	\$11, 981, 217. 13 1, 169, 159. 14
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Total expenses paid from the customs appropriation, including expenses incurred on account of enforcement of the navigation laws. Payments on account of the \$240 bonus from the appropriation "Increase of compensation, Treasury Department," exclusive of payments on account of reimburs-	13, 150, 376. 27
able salaries.	1, 628, 987. 96
maka)	14, 779, 364. 23
Total	480, 110. 00
Total Cost to collect one dollar (based on total receipts from all sources and total expenditures—except reimbursable, including increase of compensation)	14, 299, 254. 23 . 0258

Table Q .- Stock of money in the United States, classified by kind, at the end of each fiscal year from 1860 to 1889

Fiscal year	Gold coin and bullion 3	Silver dollars	Subsidiary silver	United States notes	Fractional currency 3	Other United States currency	State-bank notes	National-bank notes	Total	Percentage of gold to total money
1860 1861 1862 1863 1864 1865 1866 1867 1867 1867 1871 1872 1871 1872 1873 1874 1875 1875 1876 1877 1877	270, 000, 000 283, 000, 000 280, 000, 000 280, 000, 000 189, 000, 000 186, 000, 000 186, 000, 000 173, 000, 000 189, 000, 000 18		\$21,000,000 16,000,000 13,000,000 11,000,000 10,000,000 9,000,000 8,000,000 7,000,000 14,000,000 14,000,000 17,000,000 14,000,000 14,000,000 14,000,000 15,500,000 15,500,000 16,5778,528	\$96, 620, 000 387, 646, 589 447, 300, 203 431, 066, 428 400, 780, 306 371, 783, 597 356, 000, 000 355, 935, 194 356, 000, 000 357, 500, 000 357, 500, 000 357, 771, 580 369, 772, 284 359, 764, 332 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016	\$20, 192, 456 22, 894, 877 25, 005, 829 27, 070, 877 28, 307, 524 32, 626, 952 32, 114, 637 39, 878, 684 40, 582, 875 40, 885, 835 44, 799, 365 45, 881, 296 42, 129, 424 34, 446, 595 20, 403, 137 16, 547, 769		\$207, 102, 477 202, 005, 767 183, 792, 079 238, 677, 218 179, 157, 717 142, 919, 638 10, 996, 163 4, 484, 112 3, 163, 771 2, 558, 874 2, 222, 793 1, 968, 055 1, 700, 935 1, 294, 470 1, 069, 021 786, 844 658, 938 521, 611 426, 504	\$31, 235, 270 146, 137, 860 281, 479, 908 298, 625, 379 299, 762, 855 299, 742, 475 299, 766, 984 313, 261, 247, 267, 061 351, 981, 032 354, 403, 008 332, 998, 336 317, 048, 872 324, 514, 284 329, 691, 697	\$442, 102, 477 488, 005, 767 629, 452, 079 1, 010, 746, 758 1, 062, 840, 516 1, 180, 197, 148 1, 068, 065, 786 1, 020, 927, 154 888, 412, 603 873, 694, 101 899, 875, 899 894, 375, 752 900, 570, 903 903, 211, 674 949, 982, 671 925, 524, 183 904, 849, 435 916, 100, 169 983, 345, 160 1, 033, 640, 891	48. 41 55. 33 44. 96 25. 72 19. 10 16. 01 18. 22 18. 01 19. 80 21. 06 18. 28 16. 43 14. 95 15. 51 13. 09 14. 37 18. 23 21. 67 23. 77
1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1889	351, 841, 206 478, 484, 538 506, 757, 715 542, 732, 063 545, 500, 797 588, 697, 036 590, 774, 461 654, 520, 335 705, 818, 855	69, 660, 408 95, 297, 083 122, 788, 544 152, 047, 685 180, 306, 614 208, 538, 967 237, 191, 906 277, 443, 767 310, 166, 459 343, 947, 093	72, 862, 270 74, 087, 061 74, 428, 580 74, 960, 307 75, 261, 528 74, 939, 820 75, 060, 937 75, 547, 799 76, 406, 376 76, 601, 836	346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016				344, 505, 427 355, 042, 675 358, 742, 034 356, 815, 510 339, 499, 883 319, 069, 932 309, 010, 460 279, 217, 788 252, 362, 321	1, 185, 550, 327 1, 349, 592, 373 1, 409, 397, 889 1, 472, 236, 574 1, 487, 249, 838 1, 537, 926, 771 1, 558, 718, 780 1, 633, 412, 705 1, 691, 435, 027 1, 658, 672, 413	29. 68 35. 45 35. 96 36. 84 36. 68 38. 28 37. 90 40. 07 41. 73 41. 00

¹ Figures for the stock of money in the country from 1861 to 1878, inclusive, have been revised to include all gold in the Treasury; gold coin in the vaults of banks and in circulation; the monetary stock of silver; and all United States currency, including one and two year notes and compound interest notes, as published in previous annual reports of the Secretary of the Treasury. This table has been compiled on the basis of revised figures for June 30 of each year and therefore differs slightly from the monthly circulation statements.

¹ Does not include gold bullion and foreign coin outside of the vaults of the Treasury.

There has been no fractional currency in circulation since 1878.

TABLE R.—Stock of money in the Unried States, classified by kind, at the end of each fiscal year from 1890 to 1924 1

Fiscal year	Gold coin and bullion ²	Silver dollars	Subsidiary silver	United States notes	Fractional currency ³	Federal reserve notes	Federal reserve bank notes	National-bank notes	Total	Percentage of gold to total money
1890 1891 1892 1893 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1898	646, 582, 852 664, 275, 335 597, 697, 685 627, 293, 201 636, 256, 023 599, 597, 964 696, 239, 016 861, 514, 780	\$380, 083, 304 433, 753, 502 491, 057, 518 538, 300, 032 547, 777, 049 551, 723, 999 556, 590, 184 561, 350, 859 563, 697, 082	\$76, 825, 305 77, 848, 700 77, 521, 478 77, 415, 123 76, 249, 925 76, 954, 434 75, 971, 507 75, 818, 369 76, 127, 610 74, 866, 552	\$346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016				178, 713, 872 206, 854, 787 211, 691, 035 226, 000, 547 231, 441, 686 227, 900, 177	\$1,685,123,429 1,677,794,044 1,752,219,197 1,738,808,472 1,805,078,961 1,819,359,557 1,799,975,033 1,906,770,271 2,073,574,442 2,190,093,905	41, 28 38, 54 37, 91 34, 37 34, 75 34, 97 33, 31 36, 51 41, 55 43, 99
1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908	1,034,384,444 1,124,639,062 1,192,594,589 1,248,681,528 1,327,656,398 1,357,655,988 1,475,706,765 1,466,389,101 1,618,133,492	566, 131, 027 568, 182, 941 570, 135, 200 573, 643, 226 572, 869, 605 568, 228, 865 568, 249, 982 568, 259, 812 568, 276, 719	82, 863, 742 89, 822, 771 97, 183, 762 102, 034, 567 107, 062, 021 114, 824, 189 118, 224, 920 130, 452, 218 147, 355, 783 159, 408, 546	346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016				309, 640, 444 353, 742, 187 356, 672, 091 413, 670, 650 449, 235, 095 495, 719, 806 561, 112, 360 603, 788, 690 698, 333, 917	2, 339, 700, 673 2, 483, 067, 977 2, 563, 266, 658 2, 684, 710, 987 2, 803, 504, 135 2, 883, 109, 864 3, 060, 976, 591 3, 115, 561, 007 3, 378, 764, 020 3, 406, 328, 354	44. 21 45. 29 46. 53 46. 51 47. 35 47. 09 48. 07 47. 08 47. 89 48. 21
1910. 1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915. 1916. 1917. 1918. 1919.	1,636,043,478 1,753,196,722 1,818,188,417 1,870,761,835 1,890,656,791 1,985,539,172 2,449,739,010 3,019,146,563 3,075,788,838	568, 277, 508 568, 279, 367 568, 278, 020 568, 273, 263 568, 272, 478 568, 270, 319 568, 270, 319 568, 269, 513 499, 515, 930 308, 145, 759	155, 158, 748 159, 607, 364 170, 588, 205 176, 195, 996 182, 006, 687 185, 430, 250 188, 858, 483 198, 274, 719 231, 856, 580 242, 870, 438	346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016 346, 681, 016		\$84, 260, 500	\$9,000,000 12,790,245 15,444,000 187,666,980	713, 430, 733 728, 194, 508	3, 419, 591, 483 3, 555, 958, 977 3, 648, 870, 616 3, 720, 070, 016 3, 738, 288, 871 3, 989, 456, 188 4, 482, 891, 938 5, 407, 990, 026 6, 741, 072, 294 7, 605, 366, 571	47. 84 49. 30 49. 83 50. 28 50. 58 49. 77 54. 65 55. 83 45. 63 40. 93
1920. 1921. 1922. 1923. 1924.	2,709,463,700 3,297,729,834 3,784,651,712 4,049,553,748	268, 857, 494 288, 788, 378 381, 174, 404 491, 886, 769 503, 754, 851	258, 855, 239 271, 314, 375 271, 210, 886 269, 186, 084 277, 614, 378	346,681,016 346,681,016 346,681,016 346,681,016		3, 405, 877, 120 3, 000, 429, 860 2, 555, 061, 660 2, 676, 902, 380 2, 339, 048, 030	201, 225, 800 150, 772, 400 80, 495, 400 22, 083, 000 10, 596, 170	719, 037, 730 743, 290, 374 758, 202, 027 747, 439, 719 778, 011, 779	7,909,998,099 8,099,006,237 8,177,477,105 8,603,732,716 8,746,513,527	34, 25 40, 72 46, 28 47, 07 51, 31

¹ The stock of money in the country from 1919 to 1921, inclusive, has been revised to include gold bullion and foreign gold coin held by the Federal reserve banks. This table has been compiled on the basis of revised figures for June 30 of each year and therefore differs slightly from the monthly circulation statements.

¹ Does not include gold bullion and foreign coin outside of the vaults of the Treasury, Federal reserve banks, and Federal reserve agents.
¹ There has been no fractional currency in circulation since 1878.

Table S.—Stock of money, money in circulation, and amount of circulation per capita in the United States from 1860 to 1924, inclusive

	,	1.0	Money l	held in the Tre	easury.		Money outside of the Treasury.				
Date	Stock of money in the			Reserve against	Held for			Held by	In circul	ation	Population of continental
, 2000	United States	Total ²	against gold and silver certificates (and Treasury notes of 1890)	United States notes (and Treasury notes of 1890)	Federal reserve banks and agents	All other money	Total ²	Federal reserve banks and agents	Amount	Per capita	United States (estimated)
July 1— 1860 1861 *. 1862 *. 1863 *. 1864 *. 1865 *. 1866 *. 1868 *. 1868 *.	\$442, 102, 477 .488, 005, 767 .029, 452, 079 .1, 010, 746, 758 .1, 062, 840, 516 .1, 180, 197, 148 .1, 068, 665, 786 .1, 020, 927, 154 .888, 412, 603 .873, 694, 101	\$6, 695, 225 3, 600, 000 23, 754, 335 83, 735, 922 55, 225, 536 96, 656, 634 138, 892, 893 180, 244, 975 134, 171, 600 163, 073, 846	\$10, 505, 220 18, 678, 110 17, 643, 380 29, 955, 960			\$6, 695, 225 3, 600, 000 23, 754, 335 83, 735, 922 55, 225, 536 96, 656, 634 128, 387, 673 161, 566, 865 116, 528, 220 133, 117, 886	\$435, 407, 252 484, 405, 767 605, 697, 744 927, 010, 836 1, 007, 614, 980 1, 083, 540, 514 939, 678, 113 859, 360, 289 771, 884, 383 740, 576, 215		\$435, 407, 252 484, 405, 767 605, 697, 744 927, 010, 836 1, 007, 614, 980 1, 081, 540, 514 939, 673, 113 859, 360, 299 771, 884, 383 740, 576, 215	\$13. 85 15. 11 18. 52 27. 78 29. 60 31. 18 26. 49 23. 73 20. 88 19. 61	31, 443, 321 32, 064, 000 32, 704, 000 33, 365, 000 34, 046, 000 36, 4748, 000 36, 211, 000 36, 217, 000 37, 756, 000
1870 \$. 1871 \$. 1872 \$. 1873 \$. 1874 \$. 1876 \$. 1876 \$. 1877 \$. 1878 \$. 1878 \$.	899, 875, 899 894, 375, 752 900, 570, 903 903, 211, 674 949, 962, 671 925, 524, 183 904, 849, 435 916, 160, 169 983, 845, 160 1, 033, 640, 891	156, 994, 322 118, 009, 599 97, 773, 426 130, 830, 643 162, 525, 143 167, 431, 182 153, 853, 758 188, 581, 357 235, 370, 625 230, 703, 398	32, 084, 800			124, 909, 522	774, 966, 377 794, 155, 833 829, 209, 137 806, 632, 351 803, 452, 906 775, 641, 801 775, 170, 657 759, 876, 852 773, 379, 295 818, 631, 793		774, 966, 377 794, 155, 833 829, 209, 137 806, 632, 351 805, 452, 906 775, 641, 801 775, 170, 657 759, 876, 852 773, 379, 295 818, 631, 793	20. 10 20. 08 20. 43 19. 35 18. 82 17. 65 17. 17 16. 39 16. 25 16. 75	38, 558, 371 39, 555, 000 40, 596, 000 41, 677, 000 42, 796, 000 43, 951, 000 45, 137, 000 46, 353, 000 47, 598, 000 48, 866, 000
1880	1, 185, 550, 327 1, 349, 592, 373 1, 409, 397, 889 1, 473, 236, 574 1, 487, 249, 838 1, 537, 926, 771 1, 558, 718, 780 1, 633, 412, 705 1, 691, 435, 027 1, 658, 672, 413	225, 921, 568 280, 224, 503 294, 642, 580 375, 358, 934 410, 897, 520 473, 618, 832 470, 178, 855 549, 217, 016 641, 118, 464 652, 596, 558	13, 753, 469 44, 870, 249 59, 535, 110 132, 428, 056 167, 573, 651 228, 260, 676 164, 160, 600 233, 343, 454 321, 854, 307 374, 285, 794	100, 000, 000 100, 000, 000 100, 000, 00		112, 168, 099 135, 354, 254 135, 107, 470 142, 930, 878 143, 323, 869	973, 382, 228 1, 114, 238, 119 1, 174, 290, 419 1, 230, 305, 696 1, 243, 925, 969 1, 292, 568, 615 1, 252, 700, 525 1, 317, 539, 143 1, 372, 170, 870 1, 380, 361, 649		973, 382, 228 1, 114, 238, 119 1, 174, 290, 419 1, 230, 305, 696 1, 243, 925, 969 1, 292, 568, 615 1, 252, 700, 525 1, 317, 539, 143 1, 372, 170, 870 1, 380, 361, 649	19. 41 21. 71 22. 37 22. 91 22. 65 23. 02 21. 82 22. 45 22. 88 22. 52	50, 155, 783 51, 316, 000 52, 495, 000 53, 693, 000 54, 911, 000 56, 148, 000 57, 404, 000 58, 680, 000 59, 974, 000 61, 289, 000

1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1898 1899	1, 685, 123, 429 1, 677, 794, 044 1, 752, 219, 197 1, 738, 808, 472 1, 805, 078, 961 1, 819, 359, 557 1, 799, 975, 033 1, 906, 770, 271 2, 073, 574, 442 2, 190, 093, 905	684, 259, 256 648, 001, 076 716, 917, 786 702, 428, 878 672, 282, 267 701, 338, 503 761, 440, 624 744, 391, 268 759, 959, 983 813, 376, 324	428, 387, 097 467, 647, 739 566, 045, 776 560, 321, 651 528, 012, 014 483, 947, 419 467, 900, 557 478, 604, 168 524, 224, 536 527, 354, 300	100, 000, 000 100, 000, 000 96, 519, 833 64, 976, 622 100, 000, 000 100, 000, 000 100, 000, 0		80, 353, 337 50, 872, 010 45, 587, 394 79, 293, 631 117, 391, 667 193, 540, 067 165, 787, 100 135, 714, 547	1, 497, 440, 687 1, 601, 347, 187 1, 596, 701, 245 1, 660, 808, 708 1, 601, 968, 473 1, 506, 434, 966 1, 640, 983, 171 1, 837, 859, 895		1, 497, 440, 707 1, 601, 347, 187 1, 596, 701, 245 1, 660, 808, 708 1, 601, 968, 473 1, 506, 434, 966 1, 640, 983, 171 1, 837, 859, 895	22. 82 23. 45 24. 60 24. 07 24. 56 23. 24 21. 44 22. 92 25. 19 25. 62	62, 622, 250 63, 844, 000 65, 086, 000 66, 349, 000 67, 632, 000 68, 934, 000 70, 254, 000 71, 592, 000 72, 947, 000 74, 318, 000
1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908	2, 339, 700, 673 2, 483, 067, 977 2, 563, 266, 658 2, 684, 710, 987 2, 803, 504, 135 2, 803, 109, 864 3, 069, 976, 591 3, 115, 561, 007 3, 378, 764, 020 3, 406, 328, 354	969, 052, 210 1, 031, 980, 175 1, 096, 635, 554 1, 168, 087, 038 1, 224, 057, 129 1, 244, 574, 686 1, 328, 749, 186 1, 418, 863, 611 1, 593, 967, 386 1, 597, 013, 885	684, 502, 535 724, 220, 160 782, 759, 447 851, 068, 220 939, 695, 854 949, 347, 475 995, 419, 223 1, 076, 259, 059 1, 253, 218, 854 1, 296, 926, 188	150, 000, 000 150, 000, 000 150, 000, 000 150, 000, 000 150, 000, 000 150, 000, 000 150, 000, 000 150, 000, 000 150, 000, 000 150, 000, 000		134, 549, 675 157, 760, 015 163, 876, 107 167, 018, 818 134, 361, 275 145, 227, 211 183, 329, 963 192, 604, 552 190, 748, 532 150, 087, 697	2, 249, 390, 551 2, 367, 692, 169 2, 519, 142, 860 2, 587, 882, 653 2, 736, 646, 628 2, 772, 956, 455 3, 038, 015, 488		2, 249, 390, 551 2, 367, 692, 169 2, 519, 142, 860 2, 587, 882, 653 2, 736, 646, 628 2, 772, 956, 455 3, 038, 015, 488	26. 93 27. 98 28. 43 29. 42 30. 77 31. 08 32. 32 32. 22 34. 72 34. 93	76, 303, 387 77, 754, 000 79, 117, 000 80, 487, 000 81, 867, 000 83, 260, 000 84, 662, 000 86, 074, 000 87, 496, 000 88, 926, 000
1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919	3, 419, 591, 483 3, 555, 938, 977 3, 648, 870, 650 3, 720, 070, 016 3, 738, 288, 871 3, 989, 456, 186 4, 482, 891, 938 5, 407, 990, 026 6, 741, 072, 294 7, 605, 366, 571	1, 602, 249, 840 1, 729, 105, 262 1, 779, 933, 144 1, 332, 114, 538 1, 843, 452, 323 1, 964, 853, 949 2, 355, 630, 762 2, 858, 121, 673 2, 973, 118, 006 2, 906, 918, 873	1, 285, 013, 962 1, 387, 148, 881 1, 415, 575, 588 1, 475, 782, 971 1, 507, 178, 879 1, 610, 428, 701 2, 057, 409, 391 2, 063, 390, 829 1, 407, 694, 251 906, 672, 947	150, 000, 000 150, 000, 000 150, 000, 000 150, 000, 000 150, 000, 000	\$526, 295, 000 1, 205, 082, 010 1, 416, 086, 099	167, 235, 878 191, 956, 381	3, 102, 355, 605 3, 214, 002, 596 3, 284, 513, 094 3, 363, 738, 449 3, 402, 015, 427 3, 644, 030, 938 4, 184, 670, 567 4, 613, 259, 182 5, 175, 648, 539 5, 605, 120, 645	\$382, 964, 815 593, 338, 843 763, 862, 294	3, 102, 355, 605 3, 214, 002, 596 3, 234, 513, 094 3, 363, 738, 449 3, 402, 015, 427 3, 281, 066, 123 3, 591, 331, 724 3, 849, 396, 888 4, 336, 005, 794 4, 794, 719, 887	34. 33 34. 20 34. 34 34. 56 34. 35 32. 38 35. 06 36. 96 40. 96 45. 18	90, 363, 000 93, 983, 000 95, 656, 000 97, 337, 000 99, 027, 000 100, 725, 000 102, 431, 000 104, 145, 000 105, 869, 000 106, 136, 000
1920 4. 1921 4. 1922 . 1923 . 1924 .	7, 909, 998, 099 8, 099, 006, 237 8, 177, 477, 105 8, 603, 732, 716 8, 746, 513, 527	2, 378, 586, 783 2, 918, 696, 736 3, 511, 962, 691 3, 318, 882, 894 4, 245, 699, 033	704, 637, 755 919, 643, 386 1, 000, 577, 605 1, 150, 167, 965 1, 628, 138, 695	152, 979, 026 152, 979, 026 152, 979, 026 152, 979, 026 152, 979, 026	1, 184, 275, 552 1, 537, 856, 895 2, 108, 886, 911 2, 285, 169, 646 2, 260, 891, 035	336, 694, 450 308, 217, 429 249, 519, 149 230, 566, 257 203, 690, 277	6, 236, 049, 071 6, 099, 952, 887 5, 666, 092, 019 5, 935, 017, 787 6, 128, 953, 189	903, 907, 594 1, 257, 368, 483 1, 292, 076, 982 1, 205, 639, 271 1, 374, 180, 435	5, 332, 141, 477 4, 842, 584, 404 4, 374, 015, 037 34, 729, 378, 516 4, 754, 772, 754	50. 11 44. 80 39. 86 42. 50 42. 19	106, 414, 000 108, 087, 000 109, 743, 000 111, 268, 000 112, 686, 000

¹ The form of circulation statement was revised beginning July 1, 1922, so as to exclude from money in circulation all forms of money held by the Federal reserve agents and Federal reserve banks whether as reserve against Federal reserve notes or otherwise. This change did not affect figures for money in circulation prior to the establishment of the Federal reserve system. For the sake of comparability the figures for 1915 to 1921, inclusive, as shown on this statement, have been compiled on the revised basis.

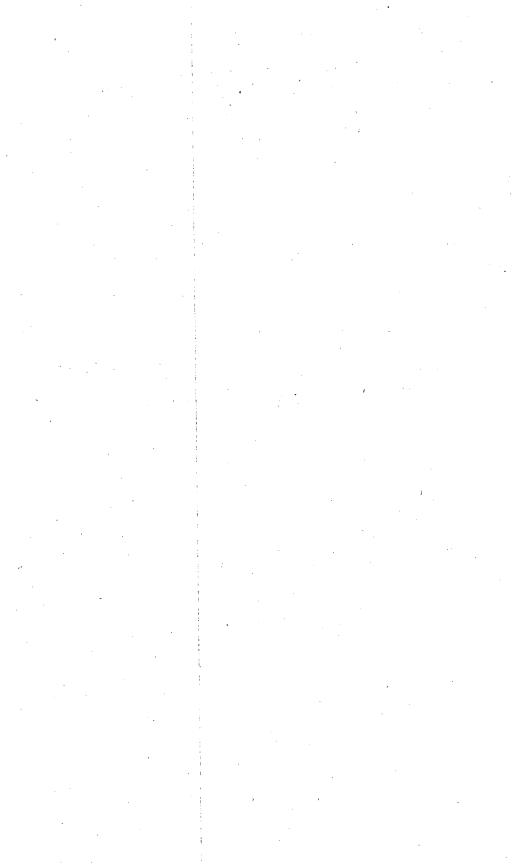
¹ The amount of money held in trust against gold and silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 should be deducted from these totals before combining them with total money outside of the Treasury to arrive at the stock of money in the United States.

² Revised figures: See footnote (¹) on p. 420.

⁴ Revised figures: See footnote (¹) on p. 421.

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APPENDIX TO REPORT ON THE FINANCES



APPENDIX

REPORTS OF HEADS OF BUREAUS

REPORT OF THE TREASURER

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE TREASURER,
Washington, October 9, 1924.

Sir: In compliance with the provisions of section 305, Revised Statutes of the United States, I have the honor to submit herewith a report covering the transactions of the Treasury of the United States for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924.

The ordinary receipts and expenditures, by warrants drawn, classified for the past two years and adjusted to the basis of the daily Treasury Statements, revised, are compared in the following table:

Ordinary receipts and expenditures for the fiscal years 1923 and 1924 (on basis of warrants drawn, adjusted to basis of daily Treasury Statements, revised)

Account	1923	1924	Increase	Decrease
RECEIPTS				
Customs Internal revenue:	\$562, 189, 038. 87	\$545, 012, 115. 13		\$17, 176, 923. 74
Income and excess profits taxes.		1, 841, 759, 316. 80	\$150, 669, 782. 24	
Miscellaneous	935, 699, 504. 36 656, 508. 40	952, 530, 768. 41 522, 222, 93	16, 831, 264. 05	134, 285, 47
Sale of public lands Miscellaneous	620, 111, 995. 87	499, 022, 089. 11		121, 089, 906. 76
Receipts of the District of Co- lumbia	19, 403, 052, 79	19, 130, 812, 46		272, 240, 33
Panama Canal tolls, etc	17, 869, 985. 25	26, 074, 513. 33	8, 204, 528. 08	
Total	3, 847, 019, 620, 10	3, 884, 051, 838, 17	175, 705, 574, 37	138, 673, 356, 30
Deduct moneys covered by war- rant in the year subsequent to	' ' ' '		, , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
the deposit thereof	2, 196. 46	28, 259. 13	26, 062. 67	
Total	3, 847, 017, 423, 64	3, 884, 023, 579. 04	175, 679, 511. 70	138, 673, 356, 30
Add moneys received in the fiscal	l 1 1 1.			
year but not covered by warrant Add receipts credited direct to	28, 259. 13	17, 562. 91		10, 696. 22
appropriations (see note): Proceeds of railroad securities		·	·	* .
owned by the Government	99, 119, 987. 01	94, 340, 205. 52		4, 779, 781. 49
Receipts from miscellaneous	67, 236, 748. 72	20 518 645 50		
Total ordinary receipts	4, 013, 402, 418. 50	4, 007, 899, 992. 97		5, 502, 425. 53
EXPENDITURES			1.2	
Pay warrants drawn (net):		,		
Legislative		14, 472, 175. 48	46, 209. 07	
Executive office	357, 625, 23 589, 342, 737, 90	448, 324. 60 458, 113, 159. 49	90, 699. 37	131, 229, 578. 41
Department of Agriculture	126, 567, 723. 60	143, 653, 183. 79	17, 085, 460. 19	
Department of Commerce Department of the Interior	20, 713, 691, 51 359, 571, 000, 58	21, 511, 953, 53 324, 260, 896, 86	798, 262. 02	35, 310, 103. 72
Department of Justice	4, 335, 750. 79	4, 822, 901. 41	487, 150. 62	1, 546, 922, 56
Department of Labor		16, 168, 962, 42 6, 970, 874, 20	474, 736. 25	
Navy Department	322, 532, 908. 82	324, 129, 997. 66	1, 597, 088. 84	
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

Ordinary receipts and expenditures for the fiscal years 1923 and 1924 (on basis of warrants drawn, adjusted to basis of daily Treasury Statements, revised)—Con.

Account	1923	1924	Increase	Decrease
EXPENDITURES—continued				
Pay warrants drawn—Continued Post Office Department (pay- able from general fund of the Treasury, postal deficien-				
cies, etc.)Department of StateTreasury DepartmentWar Department	\$32, 773, 395, 49 14, 224, 268, 46 287, 203, 683, 52 352, 102, 352, 88	\$12, 768, 091, 36 14, 209, 798, 27 277, 659, 177, 67 341, 464, 521, 21		\$20, 005, 304, 13 14, 470, 19 9, 544, 505, 85 10, 637, 831, 67
Panama Canal, maintenance and operation	3, 620, 503. 37 25, 208, 038. 00	7, 141, 711. 97 26, 091, 775. 10	\$3, 521, 208. 60 883, 737. 10	
banks Interest on the public debt Premium on public debt	12, 000, 000. 00 1, 055, 088, 486. 44 403, 916. 27	12, 000, 000. 00 938, 740, 771. 79 1, 772, 689. 94	1, 368, 773. 67	116, 347, 714. 65
Total Deduct repayments received in fiscal year but not covered by warrants	3, 244, 684, 072. 20	2, 946, 400, 966. 75	26, 353, 325. 73	324, 636, 431. 18
Total Add repayments covered by warrant in fiscal year subse-	3, 244, 684, 072. 20	2, 946, 400, 966. 75	26, 353, 325. 73	324, 636, 431. 18
quent to the deposit thereof. Total ordinary warrant expenditures	6, 085. 41 3, 244, 690, 157. 61	2, 946, 400, 966. 75		6, 085. 41 298, 289, 190. 86
Adjustments to the general fund— Decrease under act of June	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•		
3, 1922, for correction of the general account of John Burke, former Treasurer of the United	1 ~			
States, on account of unavailable items Decrease in amount of un-	26, 934. 35	60, 00		26, 874. 35
paid warrants at close of fiscal year under previous fiscal year	359, 199. 85	209, 733. 87		149, 465, 98
Total	3, 245, 076, 291. 81	2, 946, 610, 760. 62		298, 465, 531. 19
disbursing officers and agencies with Treasurer of the United States dur- ing fiscal year (deduct) Add credits against expenditures	118, 181, 779. 46	29, 279, 648. 39	88, 902, 131. 07	
(see note): Proceeds of railroad securities owned by the Government Miscellaneous credits	99, 119, 987. 01 67, 236, 748. 72	94, 340, 205. 52 29, 518, 645. 50		4, 779, 781. 49 37, 718, 103. 22
Total ordinary expendi- tures	3, 293, 251, 248. 08	3, 041, 189, 963. 25		252, 061, 284. 83
Public debt retirements chargeable against ordinary receipts: Sinking fundPurchases from foreign repay-	284, 018, 800. 00	295, 987, 350. 00	11, 968, 550. 00	
Received from foreign govern- ments under debts settle-	32, 140, 000. 00	38, 509, 150. 00	6, 369, 150. 00	
ments	68, 752, 950. 00 6, 675, 750. 00	110, 878, 450. 00 8, 791, 400. 00	42, 125, 500. 00 2, 115, 650. 00	
banks) Forfeitures, gifts, etc	10, 815, 300. 00 554, 891. 10	3, 634, 550. 00 93, 200. 00		7, 180, 750. 0 461, 691. 1
Total	402, 957, 691. 10 3, 696, 208, 939. 18	457, 894. 100. 00 3, 499, 084, 063. 25	54, 936, 408. 90	197, 124, 875. 9
Excess of ordinary receipts over expenditures chargeable against ordinary receipts	317, 193, 479. 32			101, 121, 010. 8

Note.—Items of this character represent cash receipts which are credited against the expenditure, shown on a warrant basis. It is necessary, therefore, to add back the amounts to expenditures by warwants in order to adjust to an actual cash basis.

PAY WARRANT TRANSACTIONS

During the fiscal year 1924 funds requisitioned and advanced to United States disbursing officers by accountable warrants aggregated \$2,143,544,950.90, and Treasurer's checks issued on settlement warrants in payment of claims settled by the Comptroller General of the United States, General Accounting Office, aggregated \$129,952,779.58, which latter amount included claims settled in foreign currencies paid by cable, drafts, and international money orders purchased at a total cost of \$266,595.32. Accountable warrants aggregating \$4,246,702,712.26 were also issued reimbursing the Treasurer for public debt principal and interest payments. Statements of the foregoing are as follows:

Class	Accour				necks issued t warrants
Ones	Number	Amount	Number	,	Amount
War Navy Indians Interior Miscellaneous series Treasury. Public debt.	2, 120 2, 185 1, 366 4, 776 6, 563 19, 196 86	\$404, 044, 346, 92 325, 642, 813, 74 46, 454, 220, 67 288, 847, 302, 97 790, 069, 156, 50 288, 487, 110, 10 2, 143, 544, 950, 90 4, 246, 702, 712, 26	22, 636 9, 207 3, 632 4, 705 45, 965 17, 043	1 8 1 12	0, 030, 070, 75 0, 454, 002, 35 2, 129, 763, 09 8, 351, 787, 65 1, 482, 457, 56 7, 504, 693, 80 9, 952, 775, 20 4, 38
Total	19, 282	6, 390, 247, 663. 16	103, 190	12	9, 952, 779. 58
Foreign currency			Amoun	t	Cost
Sterling Francs (Belgian). Francs (French) Francs (Swiss) Lire Canadian currency Drachma Escudos. Guilders. Hongkong currency Kronen Marks (Polish). Mexican dollars Rupees. Tientsin currency			831. 29, 272 13, 896 60, 219 8, 479 3, 010 45 672 20 300 215, 400 29, 358 15, 718	05 14 25 20 35 52 15 35 15 90 05 .73	\$185, 860. 05 41. 57 1, 610. 67 2, 467. 33 2, 670. 95 8, 282. 89 2, 252. 21 10. 44 8, 79 57, 154. 75 7, 966. 05 183, 71 28, 33

¹ Included in the amount of settlement warrants given above.

PANAMA CANAL

During the fiscal year 1924 the amount expended for maintenance and operation of the Panama Canal was \$7,141,711.97, while the receipts from tolls, etc., were \$26,074,513.33.

The total amount expended on account of the canal, the receipts from tolls, etc., and the proceeds of sales of bonds to the close of fiscal year 1924 are stated in Table No. 37, page 478.

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS ON ACCOUNT OF THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

The Postmaster General has exclusive control of the receipts and disbursements of the Post Office Department. The postal receipts deposited in the Treasury and credited to the Post Office Department

during the fiscal year 1924 were \$663, 885, 713.06; other receipts to the amount of \$449,414,470.11 were received and disbursed directly by postmasters without being deposited in the Treasury. Such disbursements are authorized by existing law and are accounted for under the provisions of section 406 of the Revised Statutes of the United States. All Post Office Department warrants are issued by the Postmaster General on the Treasurer of the United States, and under Treasury Department regulations may be cashed by any Federal reserve bank or general national-bank depositary of the United States.

The transactions relating to the account with the Treasury during the fiscal year 1924 appear from the following statement:

	Balance	Fiscal 3	Balance	
	June 30, 1923	Receipts	Disbursements	June 30, 1924
Washington Receipts and disbursements by post- masters during quarter ended—	\$9, 626, 135. 45		\$658, 556, 272. 25	\$14, 955, 576. 26
Sept. 30, 1923 Dec. 31, 1923		110, 889, 214. 63 114, 810, 652, 40	110, 889, 214. 63 114, 810, 652. 40	
Dec. 31, 1923 Mar. 31, 1924 June 30, 1924		111, 777, 647. 58 111, 936, 955. 50	111, 777, 647. 58 111, 936. 955. 50	
Total	9, 626, 135. 45	1, 113, 300, 183. 17	1, 107, 970, 742. 36	14, 955, 576. 26

¹ Including deficiency appropriation of \$12,638,849.75.

TRANSACTIONS IN THE PUBLIC DEBT

The receipts and expenditures on account of the principal of the public debt for the fiscal years 1923 and 1924 are compared in the following statement:

Account	1923	1924	Increase	Decrease
RECEIPTS				
Certificates of indebtedness	\$4, 292, 259, 500. 00 2, 000, 938, 300. 00 763, 962, 300. 00 201, 991, 038. 95 29, 760. 00	\$2, 014, 892, 500. 00 209, 750. 00 163, 539, 816. 71 33, 560. 00	\$3, 800. 00	\$2, 277, 367, 000. 00 2, 000, 728, 550. 00 763, 962, 300. 00 38, 451, 222. 24
tional bank notes and Federal reserve banks notes (acts of July 14, 1890, and Dec. 23, 1913	90, 547, 571. 50	28, 453, 557: 50		62, 094, 014. 00
Total	7, 349, 728, 470. 45	2, 207, 129, 184. 21		5, 142, 599, 286. 24
Certificates of indebtedness Treasury notes Treasury bonds War savings securities Treasury savings securities First Liberty bonds Second Liberty bonds Third Liberty bonds Fourth Liberty bonds Victory notes Other debt items. National-bank notes and Fed-	5, 096, 403, 000, 00 143, 339, 500, 00 8, 000, 00 527, 870, 254, 12 15, 937, 285, 75 79, 550, 00 111, 560, 250, 00 66, 000, 750, 00 16, 818, 100, 00 1, 911, 442, 400, 00 246, 106, 82	2, 238, 167, 000. 00 356, 973, 000. 00 6, 000. 00 54, 043, 728, 98 33, 390, 722. 10 239, 450. 00 94, 449, 650. 00 410, 587, 300. 00 4, 077, 100. 00 80, 639, 850. 00 45, 336. 64	213, 633, 500. 00 17, 453, 436. 35 159, 900. 00 344, 586, 550. 00	17, 110, 600. 00 12, 748, 000. 00 1, 830, 802, 550. 00 200, 770. 18
eral reserve bank notes Total	74, 414, 564. 00	33, 084, 377. 50 3, 305, 696, 515. 22		41, 330, 186. 50
Excess of expenditures	614, 391, 290. 24	1, 098, 567, 331. 01		

APPLICATION OF THE NET EARNINGS DERIVED BY THE UNITED STATES FROM FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

The net earnings derived by the United States from the Federal reserve banks during the fiscal year 1924 amounted to \$3,613,055.38, which, together with the unexpended balance of \$304.49 at the beginning of the year, was applied by the Secretary of the Treasury to the retirement of \$3,634,550 face amount of third Liberty loan bonds at a principal cost of \$3,613,349.41.

PAYMENT OF OBLIGATIONS OF FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS PURCHASED ON BEHALF OF THE UNITED STATES

During the fiscal year 1924 the payments received from foreign governments on account of the principal of their obligations amounted to \$38,104,995.13 and was applied to the purchase of \$38,509,150 face amount of third Liberty loan bonds at a principal cost of \$38,028,328.66.

During the fiscal year 1924 \$91,878,450 face amount second Liberty loan bonds and \$19,000,000 face amount Treasury certificates of indebtedness were received from foreign governments under debt settlements.

CUMULATIVE SINKING FUND

During the fiscal year 1924 purchases of interest-bearing obligations of the United States were made for account of the cumulative sinking fund established by section 6a of the Victory Liberty loan act, approved March 3, 1919, as amended, as follows:

Loan	Amount paid for principal	Par amount purchased	Accrued in- terest paid
Third Liberty loan Treasury notes	\$237, 055, 929. 68 57, 871, 089. 89		\$3, 169, 764. 94 446, 629. 53
Total	294, 927, 019. 57	295, 987, 350. 00	3, 616, 394. 47

INTEREST-BEARING BONDS, NOTES, AND CERTIFICATES RETIRED ON MISCELLANEOUS ACCOUNTS

During the fiscal year 1924 the retirements of United States bonds and notes on account of estate taxes, forfeitures to the United States, and on miscellaneous accounts, are shown in the following statement:

	Principal re	etired on ac	count of—
Loan	Estate or inheritance taxes	Forfeitures to the United States	Miscel- laneous
First Liberty loan Second Liberty loan Third Liberty loan Fourth Liberty loan Victory Liberty loan T reasury notes	\$236, 850 2, 523, 200 1, 942, 550 4, 037, 800	\$2,600 21,550 7,150 23,800 1,650	\$26, 450 1, 500 8, 500
T reasury bonds Total.	8, 791, 400	56, 750	36, 450

Gold coin and bullion.

PAYMENT OF INTEREST ON THE REGISTERED BONDS AND NOTES OF THE UNITED STATES

Checks are prepared and mailed from the office of the Secretary of the Treasury in payment of the interest on registered bonds of the United States. Such checks indicate the title of the loan for which they are drawn and the rate of interest it bears per annum; the name of the Secretary of the Treasury is printed on the checks, and they are countersigned by a clerk in his office. These checks are drawn on the Treasurer of the United States, but may be cashed by any Federal reserve bank or general national-bank depositary of the United States. The amount so disbursed is included in the requisition for reimbursement made by the Treasurer at the end of each The paid checks are sent to the General Accounting Office, There were 4,297,386 checks drawn during the fiscal Civil Division. year 1924, amounting to \$173,931,491.23, while the paid checks numbered 4,358,978 of the total value of \$173,839,533.24. See Table No. 23 for details of loans.

PAYMENT OF COUPONS FROM UNITED STATES BONDS AND INTEREST NOTES

The coupons cut from United States bonds and interest notes, and paid during the fiscal year 1924, numbered 54,649,414, of the total value of \$723,053,226.25.

THE RESERVE FUND

During the fiscal year 1924 there were no redemptions of United States notes from the reserve fund.

STATEMENT OF THE TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES

The Treasury holdings of moneys at the close of the fiscal year 1924 amounted to \$5,011,293,963.50 and from the revised figures of the several funds it was set apart as follows:

RESERVE FUND

Gold coin and bullion			\$152, 979, 025. 63
	TRUST	FUNDS	, w
[Held for redemption of the	notes and certific	cates for which they are respectively p	ledged]
Gold coin and bullion Silver dollars Silver dollars of 1890	408, 365, 410	Gold certificates outstanding Less amount in the Treasury	
first donais of isos	1, 122, 020	Net	1, 218, 350, 659
	,	Silver certificates outstanding Less amount in the Treasury	410, 607, 623 2, 242, 213
		Net	408, 365, 410
		Treasury notes (1890) outstanding Less amount in the Treasury	
		Net	1, 422, 626
Total	1, 628, 138, 695	Total	1, 628, 138, 695
	משחשש מאווש הו	AT DECEDUE DOADD	

GENERAL FUND

The items composing the general fund are subdivided; the first part shows the amount of each kind of available cash actually held in the vaults of Treasury offices, after setting out from the assets the appropriate kinds of money to meet the requirements of the reserve fund, trust funds, and gold fund, followed by the amounts of public moneys in Federal reserve banks, national banks, and other depositaries to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States and of disbursing officers; the second part shows the current demands against the same, and finally the net balance in the general fund.

In Treasury offices:		
Gold coin.	\$153 840 269 23	
Standard silver dollars	17 906 043 00	
United States notes.		•
Federal reserve notes		
Federal reserve bank notes	193, 898. 00	
National-bank notes	191, 064, 00	
Subsidiary silver coins	8, 073, 620, 73	
Subsidiary silver coins Minor coin	2, 738, 648. 76	
Silver bullion (at cost)	31, 072, 996, 78	
Unclessified (collections etc.)	34 342 165 80	Ç
Unclassified (collections, etc.) Public debt obligations paid, awaiting reimbursement	126 040 12	
Tuble debt obligations paid, awaiting feliments	120, 540. 12	\$253, 464, 760. 42
In Federal reserve banks:		ΨΕΟΟ, 101, 100. 12
To credit of Treasurer of United States	43 250 226 26	
In transit	3 874 540 84	1,
III (i austr	0,017,040.01	47 194 767 10
In Federal land honks		1,000,000,00
In transit In Federal land banks. In special depositaries: Account of sales of certificates of indebtedness	•	169 001 579 40
in special depositaries. Account of sales of certificates of indeptedness	•••••••	102, 091, 372, 40
In national-bank depositaries:		
To credit of Treasurer of United States	6 921 920 02	
To credit of other Government officers	20, 022, 705, 27	
To treat of other Government officers	0 000 005 00	
In transit	2, 099, 000. 99	29, 544, 401. 18
In foreign depositaries:		25, 544, 401. 10
To credit of Treasurer of United States	135, 907. 47	
To credit of other Government officers	244, 349, 32	
In transit	150.00	
In transit	150.00	380, 406, 79
In treasury of Philipine Islands:		300, 200, 13
To credit of Treasurer of United States	732, 487. 25	
In transit		
	022.11	733, 309. 36
		100, 000. 00
		494, 339, 217. 25
Deduct current liabilities:		101, 000, 211. 20
Federal reserve note 5 per cent funds (gold) \$141, 046, 727. 99		
Lose notes in process of redemption 406 200 00		
Federal reserve note 5 per cent funds (gold) \$141,046,727.99 Less notes in process of redemption 406,290.00	140, 640, 437. 99	
National-bank note 5 per cent fund 30, 314, 179. 01	140, 010, 101. 00	
I see notes in process of redemntion 19 000 087 50		
Less notes in process of redemption 18,099,987.50	12, 214, 191, 51	*
Treasurer's checks outstanding	1, 267, 180, 65	
Post Office Department balances	14, 955, 576, 26	
Board of trustees, Postal Savings System, balance	7, 867, 446. 87	
Balance to credit of postmasters, etc.	36, 844, 728. 78	•
Undistributed assets of insolvent national banks	5, 151, 652. 94	
Retirement of additional circulating notes (act of May 30, 1908)	8, 745, 00	•
Uncollected items, exchanges, etc.	37, 359, 742. 51	9
O HOOMOODOG TOOMS, CACHAMSCS, COU	01, 000, 142, 01	256, 309, 702, 51
		200, 000, 102. 01
Balance in Treasury, June 30, 1924		238, 029, 514, 74
Datable in Treasury, June 30, 1924		200, 020, 014. 14

During the fiscal year 1924 the net excess of all disbursements over all receipts was \$131,857,301.29, and this sum deducted from \$369,886,816.03, the balance in the Treasury June 30, 1923, leaves \$238,029,514.74, the balance in the Treasury June 30, 1924.

The balance in the Treasury at the end of each month from July, 1921, is stated in Table 6, page 460, and for June 30 in each year

since 1914 in the statement following:

Available cash balance (exclusive of the reserve fund) on the aates named

		Date		Available cash balance, general fund ¹
June 30—				\$161, 612, 615, 53
1915_ 1916_	•••••	 		104, 170, 105. 78 178, 491, 415. 58
		 		967, 247, 123. 48 1, 684, 929, 580. 21
1919_ 1920_		 	*********	1, 226, 164, 935, 26 359, 947, 020, 33
1921 - 1922 -		 		532, 898, 329. 77 264, 126, 935. 85
1923 - 1924		 		369, 886, 816. 03 238, 029, 514. 74

¹ Beginning with the fiscal year 1918 the balances include credits to disbursing officers and agencies of the Government.

GOLD IN THE TREASURY

At the beginning of the fiscal year 1924 the gold in the Treasury amounted to \$3,363,739,944.73. There was a noticeable increase during each month of the year and at its close June 30, 1924, the Treasury holdings of the precious metal attained a maximum at \$3,786,060,988.98.

\$3,786,060,988.98.

The imports of gold during the fiscal year 1924 were \$417,025,638, the exports \$10,206,941, and the net excess of imports \$406,818,697.

The total amount of gold in the Treasury on July 1 in each year from 1914, set apart for the respective uses, is shown in the statement following:

Gold in the Treasury

Date	Reserve	For certificates in circulation	Gold fund, Federal Re- serve Board	General fund (including gold redemption fund for Federal reserve notes)	Total
July 1— 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924	\$150, 000, 000. 00 152, 977, 036. 03 152, 979, 025. 63 152, 979, 025. 63	\$1, 026, 149, 139. 00 1, 135, 213, 619. 00 1, 565, 400, 289. 00 1, 584, 235, 909. 00 1, 026, 631, 669. 00 735, 779, 491. 00 584, 723, 645. 00 716, 532, 989. 00 695, 000, 469. 00 737, 014, 159. 00 1, 218, 350, 659. 00	\$526, 295, 000, 00 1, 205, 082, 010, 00 1, 416, 086, 099, 10 1, 184, 275, 551, 87 1, 537, 856, 895, 45 2, 108, 886, 911, 43 2, 285, 169, 645, 65 2, 260, 891, 035, 15	\$102, 962, 970. 70 94, 769, 333, 55 85, 114, 618, 20 61, 962, 101, 24 95, 262, 262, 46 211, 596, 388, 87 249, 981, 700, 36 263, 015, 170, 02 200, 336, 149, 90 188, 577, 114, 45 153, 840, 269, 23	\$1, 279, 112, 109, 70 1, 382, 959, 989, 18 1, 803, 493, 932, 83 2, 325, 472, 035, 87 2, 479, 954, 967, 09 2, 171, 959, 922, 86 2, 670, 384, 980, 10 3, 157, 202, 555, 96 3, 363, 739, 944, 73 3, 786, 666, 988, 98

SECURITIES HELD IN TRUST

The Treasurer of the United States is custodian of the United States bonds pledged as security for the circulating notes of banks, of securities pledged for the safe-keeping of public deposits in general national-bank depositaries, and of the obligations held as security for postal savings funds deposited in designated depositaries.

The kinds of securities held and the changes therein during the

fiscal year 1924 are recorded in the tables following:

Securities held for national banks June 30, 1923, and June 30, 1924, and changes during 1924

Kind of securities	Rate	Held June	Transaction	s during 1924	Held June
Kind of Securities	Trace	30, 1923	Deposited	Withdrawn	30, 1924
TO SECURE CIRCULATION	Ì				
nited States loan of 1925	Per cent	\$84, 890, 800	\$11, 391, 750	\$8, 859, 100	\$87, 423, 4
nited States consols of 1930	2	585, 843, 850	34, 979, 550	31, 700, 000	589, 123, 4
Inited States Panama Canal 1916-	2	48, 347, 600	3, 184, 240	2, 948, 120	48, 583, 7
1936 Inited States Panama Canal 1918-			' '		
1938	2	25, 572, 740	1, 396, 860	1, 241, 240	25, 728, 3
Total		744, 654, 990	50, 952, 400	44, 748, 460	750, 858, 9
TO SECURE PUBLIC DEPOSITS	· · · ·				
feld by the Treasurer of the United States:					
First Liberty loan of 1932-1947	31/2	• 640, 150	6, 150	125, 150	521, 1
Second Liberty loan of 1927–1942	4		50	50	
Third Liberty loan of 1928	$\frac{4\frac{1}{4}}{4\frac{1}{4}}$	7, 091, 150 9, 956, 450	1, 438, 250 2, 003, 850	2, 966, 650 941, 250	5, 562, 7 11, 019, 0
Victory Liberty loan 434 per cent			2,000,000		11,010,1
notes.	434	18, 200		18, 200	
Treasury bonds, 1947–1952 First Liberty loan, converted	414	1, 497, 500	866, 100 50	917, 900 50	1, 445,
Do. First Liberty loan, second converted. Second Liberty loan, converted.	41/4	1, 425, 400	93, 850	122, 950	1, 396,
verted verted	41/4	500			
Second Liberty loan, converted	41/4 41/4	11, 369, 900	1, 473, 300	1, 382, 600	11, 460,
Treasury notes— Series A-1924	53/4	45, 000	4, 700	49, 700	
Sarios R_1094	51/2 48/4	118,000	554, 300	335, 000	118, 0 1, 288, 0
Series A - 1925 Series B - 1925 Series C - 1925	43/8	1, 069, 300 233, 100	2, 500	. , 333, 000	235,
Series C-1925	41/2	860, 800	98, 000	455, 200	503,
Series A-1926	43/4	744, 500		49,000	695,
Series B-1926 Series A-1927	41/4	752, 000	323, 300	355, 000	720,
Series A-1927	4½ 4¾	280, 400 230, 000	41, 000 689, 100	15, 400 250, 000	306, 669,
Series B-1927 Certificates of indebtedness—		200,000	009, 100	200,000	000,
Series TS-1923. Series TS2-1923. Series TM-1924. Series TM2-1924.	33/4	90,000		90,000	···
Series TS2-1923	414	100, 000	50, 000	150, 000	
Series TM-1924	41/2 41/4	2, 500	23, 000 5, 000	25, 500	
Series TM_1025	4		120, 000	5, 000	120,
Series TM-1925 United States loan of 1925	. 4	163, 500	120,000	15, 000	148.
United States consols of 1930	$\tilde{2}$	1, 061, 000	1,000	37, 000	1, 025,
. United States Panama Canal			,	·	
1916-1936	2	49, 000		6, 000	43,
1916-1936. United States Panama Canal 1918-1938 United States Panama Canal of	2	43,000			43,0
United States Panama Canal of					
1961	3	3, 659, 500	58, 000	281, 000	3, 436,
United States conversion bonds	3	561,000	80,000	10, 000	631, 0
Federal farm loan bonds. Philippine loans.	(1)	521, 500 2, 453, 000	176,000	55, 000	642, 1
Porto Pico loops	(1)	336, 000	329,000	573, 000 65, 000	2, 209, 0 323, 0
District of Columbia	3.65	43,000	52, 000	3, 000	40, 0
Porto Rico loans District of Columbia Hawaii loans	(1)	656, 300	50, 000	68, 000	638,
Total		46, 071, 650		9, 367, 600	45, 242, 5
T Orst		40, 071, 050	8, 538, 500	9, 307, 000	45, 242,

¹ Various.

Securities held for Federal reserve banks June 30, 1923, and June 30, 1924, and changes during 1924

771 A 6		Held June	Transactions	Held June	
Kind of securities	Rate	30, 1923	Deposited	Withdrawn	30, 1924
United States loan of 1925 United States consols of 1930 United States Panama Canal 1916- 1936. United States Panama Canal 1918- 1938.	Per cent 4 2 2 2	\$1, 768, 000 2, 858, 400 237, 000 130, 300		\$1, 768, 000 2, 858, 400 237, 000 130, 300	
Total		4, 993, 700		4, 993, 700	

Securities held to secure postal savings funds June 30, 1923, and June 30, 1924 and changes during 1924

<u> </u>					
Kind of securities	Rate	Held June	Transactions	during 1924	Held June
		30, 1923	Deposited	Withdrawn	30, 1924
			1		
Inited States first Liberty loan	Per cent	\$987, 250	\$100 000	. 4041 600	
Inited States first Liberty loan	3½ 4	37, 950	\$186,900	\$241,600	\$932, 5
Inited States second Liberty loan	41/4	12, 812, 050	1,050 7,307,800	36, 650 2, 364, 050	2, 3 17, 755, 8
Inited States fourth Liberty loan	414	12, 664, 700	11, 226, 250	2, 104, 400	21, 786, 5
Inited States Victory Liberty loan	434	37,000	11, 220, 200	34,000	3.0
reasury bonds, 1947-1952	41/4	1, 315, 000	2, 467, 000	1, 100, 000	2, 682, 0
Inited States 414 per cent first			1 1 1	1, 100, 000	2, 002, 0
Liberty loan, converted	41/4	2, 433, 050	768, 850	165, 400	3, 036, 5
Inited States 41/4 per cent second					
Liberty loan, converted	41/4	15, 620, 650	7, 832, 100	4, 621, 900	18, 830, 8
Inited States 4 per cent first Liberty	4	21 050		01.000	10.0
loan, converted	* .	, 31,850		21,850	10, 0
Liberty loan, second converted	41/4	11,050	5, 650	1,050	15, 6
reasury notes:	-/4	11,000	0,000	1,000	10,0
Series A-1924	53/4	58,000	5,000	63,000	
Series B-1924	$5\frac{1}{2}$	2,606,000		2, 558, 000	48, (
Series A-1925	434	2, 656, 000	232, 100	2, 284, 000	604,
Series B-1925	43/8	195,000	253, 300	222,000	226, 3
Series C-1925	41/2	125, 700	179, 700	6,000	299,
Series A-1926	43/4	703, 500	2, 616, 900	103,000	3, 217,
Series B-1926		1, 151, 400	859, 500	5,000	2,005,
Series A-1927	41/2	1, 297, 000	999,000	1, 245, 000	1,051,
Series B-1927. Inited States certificates of indebted-	43/4	61,700	3, 041, 900	294, 500	2, 809,
ness: Series TD-1924	41/		25,000		25,
Series TM-1924	41/4 41/2	106,000	15,000	121,000	20,
Series TM-1925	4 2	100,000	33, 000	121,000	33.
nited States loan of 1925	4 4 2 2	101, 500	5,000	9,500	97,
nited States consols of 1930	2	219, 200	36,000	51,500	203,
nited States Canal loan of 1961	3	1, 787, 000	116,000		1, 741,
nited States Canal loan of 1916–1936.	2	33,000			33,
nited States Canal loan of 1918-1938.	2 2 3	9,500	5,000	5,000	9,
nited States conversions	3	65,000	85,000	20,000	130,
hilippine loans orto Rico loans	(<u>i</u>)	2, 408, 000	538,000	525,000	2, 421,
orto Rico loans	(i)	651,000	276, 000	121,000	806,
istrict of Columbia	3. 65	67, 500	3,000	13,000	57,
erritory of Hawaii.	1 🐰	460,000	255,000	90,000	625,
tate loansfunicipal loans	Ι Ж -	8, 592, 700	1, 699, 900 3, 593, 286	985,050	9, 307, 24, 182,
ounty loans		23, 516, 075 7, 139, 490	679, 500	2, 927, 118 1, 128, 500	6,690
discellaneous	1 🐰	4, 928, 600	605,000	705,000	4, 828,
ederal farm loan bonds	1 K :	400,000	920, 500	73,000	1, 247,
oint stock land bank bonds	(i)	298,000	489, 000	155, 000	632,
Total.		105, 587, 415	47, 362, 186	24, 563, 068	128, 386,

¹ Various.

SPECIAL TRUST FUNDS

Under provisions of law or by direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Treasurer of the United States is custodian of several special trusts, consisting of bonds and other obligations.

special trusts, consisting of bonds and other obligations.

The kinds of bonds or obligations held on each account and transactions therein during the fiscal year 1924 are set out in the statement following:

•	Held June 30,	Fiscal y	ear 1924	Held June 30,
Account and kinds	1923	Deposited	Withdrawn	1924
State bonds belonging to the				
United States:	\$37,000.00			\$37,000.00
Louisiana State bonds North Carolina State bonds	58, 000. 00			58, 000. 00
Tennessee State bonds Held for the District of Columbia:	335, 666. 662/9			335, 666. 663
United States securities for				
account District of Colum-	4 100 500 00	\$1, 546, 500. 00	\$1,848,300.00	3, 890, 700. 00
bia sinking fund Chesapeake & Ohio Canal	4, 192, 500. 00	φ1, 540, 500. 00	\$1,040,000.00	3, 050, 100.00
bonds Board of audit certificates Board of audit certifica	84, 285, 00 20, 134, 72			84, 285. 00 20, 134. 72
Held for the board of trustees,	20, 134. 72			20, 104. 72
Postal Savings System:	00 700 400 00	481 100 00	45 000 000 00	26 101 520 00
Held for the Secretary of War:	80, 700, 430. 00	481, 100. 00	45, 000, 000. 00	36, 181, 530. 00
Held for the board of trustees, Postal Savings System: United States bonds Held for the Secretary of War: Captured bonds of the State	F45 400 00			E4E 400 00
oi Louisiana	545, 480. 00			545, 480.00
Obligations belonging to the Lincoln Farm Association	46, 000. 00			46, 000. 00
Held for the Secretary of the Treasury:				:
Panama R. R. notes Loans to foreign govern-	3, 247, 332. 11			3, 247, 332. 11
Loans to foreign govern-				ļ
ments, acts approved Apr. 24, 1917, and Sept. 24, 1917, as amended and supple-		· ·		
as amended and supple- mented	9, 422, 974, 924. 11		4, 113, 021, 753. 93	5, 309, 953, 170, 18
Collateral	7, 354, 500. 00		7, 354, 500. 00	
Bonds of foreign govern- ments received under debt			i i	· .
settlements, acts approved				ĺ
settlements, acts approved Feb. 9, 1922, Feb. 28, 1923, Mar. 12, 1924, and May 23,				
1924		4, 610, 953, 542. 50	23, 045, 000. 00	4, 587, 908, 542. 50
Bonds received from the Sec- retary of War on account of				
sales of surplus War De-	ŀ			
sales of surplus War De- partment property sold by United States Liquidation		1		
Commission (act July 9,				
Obligations received from	592, 544, 499. 32	5, 004. 93	20, 172. 01	592, 529, 332. 24
Obligations received from Secretary of Navy on account of sales of surplus Navy Department property (act July 9, 1918). Obligations received from	·		•	
count of sales of surplus]
erty (act July 9, 1918)	2, 266, 709. 66	271, 967. 37	612.00	2, 538, 065. 03
Obligations received from American Relief Adminis-		"		
tration and United States			1	
Grain Corporation, acts approved Feb 25, 1919, and			,	
proved Feb. 25, 1919, and Mar. 30, 1920	140, 952, 766. 04		9, 967, 761. 78	130, 985, 004. 26
Capital stock of the War Fi- nance Corporation	500, 000, 000, 00			500, 000, 000. 00
Donations to the Government				625: 00
Bonds held to secure Govern- ment funds in Federal land				
banks—				
Notes Collateral		5, 000, 000. 00 5, 000, 000. 00	4,000,000.00 4,000,000.00	1,000,000.00 1,000,000.00
Federal farm loan bonds pur-		3,000,000.00	. 4,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
chased under act approved Jan. 18, 1918	101, 885, 000. 00			101, 885, 000. 00
Bonds and certificates held	101, 860, 000.00			101, 880, 000. 00
in trust for the Alien Property Custodian—		* 5		
Trust account	18, 795, 751. 04	4, 073, 050. 00	8, 232, 455, 00	14, 636, 346. 04
Capital stock of Federal land banks	3, 086, 070. 00		1, 100, 570. 00	1 085 500 00
Stock certificates of Federal-	3,000,070.00		1, 100, 570.00	1, 985, 500. 00
intermediate credit banks	1	1 .	F	
acquired under Agricultural credits act of 1923	12, 000, 000. 00	12,000,000.00		24, 000, 000. 00
Coos Bay wagon-road grant	20, 000. 00	:		
fundObligations held in custody	20,000.00			20,000.00
for Secretary of the Navy— Notes	4, 424, 613. 62	1, 415, 624. 27	1, 398, 508. 71	4, 441, 729. 18
Collateral	463, 389. 98	1, 110, 021. 21	342, 147. 84	121, 242, 14

	Held June 30,	Fiscal 3	year 1924	Held June 30,
Account and kinds	1923	Deposited	Withdrawn	1924
Held for the Secretary of the Treasury—Continued.				.,
Treasury—Continued.				,
Transportation act of 1920— Notes	\$297, 641, 821, 00	\$13, 014, 581. 06	\$37, 705, 297. 00	\$272, 951, 105. 06
Collateral	73, 094, 810, 98	2, 151, 000. 00	5, 618, 468. 75	69, 627, 342. 23
Railroads— Notes	104 205 000 00	15 555 000 00	00 417 000 00	FO 00F 000 00
Collateral		15, 775, 000. 00 111, 786, 300. 00	69, 415, 000. 00 960, 000. 00	50, 665, 000. 00 125, 920, 650. 00
Miscellaneous obligations	3, 274, 23	50, 00	1, 141. 41	2, 182. 82
Held for account of Secretary of Interior:	,	00.00	1, 141. 41	2, 102. 02
Custody account of Secretary			,	
of Interior Indian trust funds	7, 817, 800, 00	983, 050. 00		983, 050. 00 7, 729, 450. 00
District of Columbia teach-	- 1,817,800.00	452, 900. 00	541, 250, 00	7, 729, 450.00
ers' retirement fund Held for account of Employees'	655, 150. 00	233, 250. 00		888, 400. 00
Compensation Commission	10,000.00			10,000.00
Securities held for account War				
Finance Corporation	1, 032, 132. 22		1, 032, 132. 22	
Securities held for account re- ceivers of insolvent banks	780, 000, 00	145, 500. 00	630, 000, 00	295, 500, 00
Securities held for account John	100,000.00	140, 500.00	030,000.00	290, 000.00
Ericsson Memorial Commis-		i		
sion	25, 000. 00			25, 000. 00
Liberty bonds held account war		1		
relief notes	350.00		350.00	
Liberty bonds held in lieu of		.		*
surety bonds, under provisions of Treasury Department Cir-		,		
cular No. 154:				
For contracts performed un-		1		, .
der internal-revenue act,]		
1918	972, 850. 00	544, 800. 00	417, 850. 00°	1,099,800.00
For use of alcohol for non-	to 050 00	0 000 00	00 000 00	
beverage purposes	52, 050. 00 153, 450. 00	2,000.00	26, 000. 00 143, 000. 00	28, 050. 00 10, 450. 00
For contracts with General	100, 400.00		140,000.00	10,,400.00
Supply Committee	26, 650. 00	38, 450. 00	30, 600. 00	34, 500. 00
For Secretary of Labor De-	20,000.00	·		
partment. For Chemical Warfare Serv-	18, 500. 00	1,000.00	500.00	19,000.00
For Chemical Warfare Serv-	000 000 00		00 500 00	100 500 00
1ce	228, 000. 00		28, 500. 00	199, 500. 00
For Commissioner of Indian Affairs	2, 136, 150. 00	3, 286, 800. 00	455, 500, 00	4, 967, 450. 00
лиана	2, 100, 100, 00	3, 200, 000. 00	100,000.00	1, 001, 100.00
Total	11 400 002 015 602/	4, 789, 161, 470. 13	4 996 997 970 65	11 959 007 115 17

The State of North Carolina has authorized and appointed commissioners to take under consideration a plan for settling the indebtedness of that State to the United States, but Congress postponed action on a measure providing for representatives on the part of the Government.

Commissioners representing the Government and the State of Tennessee, under provisions of law, have had under consideration a plan for settling with that State. It is apparent that some progress has been made toward a settlement with the two States, named in the foregoing for the unpaid matured bonds of those States belonging to the United States.

The special trust held for the District of Columbia represents, first, investments on account of the sinking fund; and, second, obli-

gations that belong to the District of Columbia.

The special trust held for the board of trustees, Postal Savings System, consists of postal savings bonds and Liberty loan bonds, representing investments made by said board.

Recommendation has been made to Congress for authority to return to the State of Louisiana the bonds of that State captured

at Shreveport by the Union forces during the War of the Rebellion,

now held as a special deposit by the Secretary of War.

The special trusts held for the Secretary of the Treasury are composed of notes of the Panama Railroad Co.. drawing 4 per cent interest, payable to the United States, and is security for money advanced for the equipment and construction of said railroad; and interest-bearing obligations of foreign governments payable to the United States, acquired under acts of Congress approved April 24, 1917, and September 24, 1917, as amended and supplemented, July 9, 1918, February 25, 1919, March 30, 1920, February 9, 1922, February 28, 1923, March 12, 1924, and May 23, 1924.

POSTAL SAVINGS BONDS AND INVESTMENTS THEREIN

Under a general authority in the postal savings law (act of June 25, 1910), the trustees of the Postal Savings System have arranged to take over at par any of the postal savings bonds that depositors may wish to turn back.

Under the arrangement made by the trustees they have taken over at par all of the bonds offered by the depositors, and at the close of the fiscal year 1924 the Treasurer of the United States held \$9,504,780 of such bonds, which are registered in the name of the board of trustees.

WITHDRAWAL OF BONDS TO SECURE CIRCULATION

National banks did not file with the Treasurer of the United States any applications to sell for their account United States bonds securing circulation during the fiscal year 1924 under the provisions of section 18 of the Federal reserve act.

LAWFUL MONEY DEPOSITED IN THE TREASURY DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1924 FOR THE REDEMPTION OF NATIONAL-BANK NOTES

The lawful money deposited in the Treasury each month of the fiscal year 1924 for the redemption of notes of banks insolvent, in liquidation, and reducing their circulation is shown in Table 25, page 471.

DEPOSITARIES OF THE UNITED STATES

The Secretary of the Treasury determines the number of such depositaries and the amount of public money required in each for the transaction of the public business, fixes the amount of balances they may hold, and requires the banks thus designated to give satisfactory security, by the deposit of United States bonds and otherwise, for the safe-keeping and prompt payment of the public money deposited with them and for the faithful performance of their duties as financial agents of the Government. All of the depositaries, except the Federal reserve banks, are required to pay interest at the rate of 2 per cent per annum on the average monthly amount of public deposit held.

The number of depositary banks holding balances at the close of the fiscal years 1923 and 1924 are here stated:

	June 30, 1923	June 30, 1924
Federal reserve banks General national-bank depositaries	12 321	, 12
Insular depositaries (including Philippine Islands)	8/2	886
Foreign depositaries Special depositaries (under Liberty loan acts)	1, 645	8 823
Total	2,864	2, 047

PUBLIC MONEYS IN DEPOSITARY BANKS

The depositary banks held public moneys at the close of the fiscal years 1923 and 1924, as follows:

Depositaries	June 30, 1923	June 30, 1924
Deposits in Federal reserve banks and branches.	\$33, 681, 278. 26	\$43, 250, 226. 26
Deposits in special depositaries. Deposits in foreign depositaries:	297, 832, 343. 40	162, 091, 572. 40
To credit of Treasurer of the United States	150, 539. 16	135, 907, 47
To credit of other Government officers. Deposits in national-bank depositaries:	666, 591. 79	244, 349. 32
To credit of Treasurer of the United States	6, 854, 423, 67	6, 505, 701, 29
To credit of other Government officers. Deposits in insular depositaries:	19, 299, 629. 40	18, 876, 956. 49
To credit of Treasurer of the United States	453, 536. 45	316, 128, 63
To credit of other Government officers. Deposits in Philippine treasury to credit of Treasurer of the United	1, 101, 417. 70	1, 145, 748. 78
States.	986, 823. 60	732, 487. 25
Total	361, 026, 583. 43	233, 299, 077. 89

Whenever balances to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States in general national-bank and insular depositaries or the Treasury of the Philippine Islands are reduced below the amounts fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury, by the cashing of Government checks and warrants, restorations are immediately made by telegraph directing the appropriate Federal reserve bank or branch to credit the depositary bank's reserve account or to make payment to its correspondent. During the fiscal year 1924 such restorations numbered 4,261 and aggregated \$126,930,929.

UNITED STATES PAPER CURRENCY ISSUED AND REDEEMED

The paper currency outstanding at the close of the fiscal year 1924 issued under the direct authority of the Government amounted to \$2,431,259,424, of which \$436,227,415 was in denominations of \$1 and \$2 notes.

The Federal reserve bank and national-bank circulation outstanding at the same time amounted to \$3,133,383,079, of which only \$7,690,116 was in denominations of \$1 and \$2 bills. The amount of \$1 and \$2 notes required to meet the needs of circulation has averaged about \$444,890,327 during the past four years; therefore it can be readily seen that under present conditions the burden of supplying the greater part of such notes must be borne by the Government.

The paper currency issued by the Government during the fiscal year 1924 amounted to \$1,436,668,000, and the redemptions were \$958,497,447. The increase in gold certificates was \$481,373,450, while silver certificates decreased \$3,159,140 and Treasury notes of 1890, \$43,757. The United States notes remained at the fixed amount.

The amount of each kind of paper currency issued and redeemed during the fiscal year 1924 is recorded in the following statement:

		T:	Trust-fund obligations			
0	United States notes	Treasury notes of 1890	Gold certifi- cates	Silver certifi- cates	Total	
Outstanding June 30, 1923	\$346, 681, 016	\$1, 473, 383	\$1, 191, 167, 709	\$413, 766, 763	\$1, 953, 088, 87	
Issued during fiscal year 1924	304, 120, 000		663, 760, 000	468, 788, 000	1, 436, 668, 000	
Redeemed during fiscal year 1924.	650, 801, 016	1, 473, 383	1, 854, 927, 709	882, 554, 763	3, 389, 756, 87	
	304, 120, 000	43, 757	182, 386, 550	471, 947, 140	958, 497, 44	
Outstanding June 30, 1924	346, 681, 016	1, 429, 626	1, 672, 541, 159	410, 607, 623	2, 431, 259, 424	
Less amount held in Treasury	4, 260, 547	7, 000	454, 190, 500	2, 242, 213	460, 700, 266	
Net	342, 420, 469	1, 422, 626	1, 218, 350, 659	408, 365, 410	1, 970, 559, 16	

In a study of the foregoing table it will be observed that the United States notes issued and credited in the general account as a receipt are offset by an equal amount of worn or unfit notes in kind withdrawn therefrom, canceled, and retired, which is in accordance with the provisions of the act of May 31, 1878. In explanation of the manner of issuing and redeeming gold certificates, silver certificates, and Treasury notes of 1890, it may be said that for certificates issued and credited in the general account an equal amount of the respective kinds of money held in the general account is transferred therefrom to, and retained in, the trust funds for their redemption; for gold certificates, silver certificates, and Treasury notes withdrawn from the general fund, canceled, and retired, a like amount of the respective coins is released from the trust funds and brought into the general fund in their stead.

PAPER CURRENCY PREPARED FOR ISSUE AND AMOUNT ISSUED

The pieces of United States paper currency outstanding at the close of the fiscal year 1923 numbered 452,095,598 of the total value of \$1,954,088,871. The Treasury has to maintain this great number of pieces and also to provide for the annual growth of such denominations as may be in demand. The reserve vault should be well stocked with such currency in order that it may be properly seasoned before it is paid out.

A CANADA CARTAN SECTION

The paper currency prepared for issue and the amount issued during each fiscal year from 1918 appears from the following statement:

Apple Commence	Pr	epared for issue	regreek en Name de k	Pape	er currency issue	
Fiscal year	Number of notes and certificates	Total value	Average value	Number of notes and certificates	Total value	A verage value
1918. 1919. 1920. 1921. 1922. 1923. 1924.	352, 523, 000 267, 264, 000 280, 448, 000 311, 320, 000 483, 872, 000 518, 900, 000 599, 840, 000	\$1, 028, 488, 000 348, 824, 000 371, 112, 000 400, 420, 000 1, 236, 048, 000 980, 376, 000 1, 498, 692, 000	\$2. 917 1. 305 1. 323 1. 286 2. 554 1. 889 2. 498	354, 519, 271 260, 333, 387 284, 853, 221 318, 842, 004 463, 884, 578 549, 143, 803 588, 719, 005	\$753, 124, 000 350, 138, 000 398, 018, 000 557, 276, 000 944, 044, 000 1, 068, 186, 000 1, 436, 668, 000	\$2, 125 1, 345 1, 397 1, 747 2, 035 1, 945 2, 440

The number of pieces and amount of paper currency issued directly by the Government monthly for the fiscal years 1923 and 1924 are recorded in the following statement:

United States paper currency issued during the fiscal years 1923 and 1924

	Fi	scal year 1923.		Fi	scal year 1924	
Month	Number of notes and certificates	Total value	A verage value	Number of notes and certificates	Total value	A verage value
July August September October November December January February March April May June 9	48, 053, 000 40, 460, 000 45, 460, 200 55, 504, 000 53, 528, 200 53, 004, 703 37, 664, 000 43, 452, 300 41, 020, 000 42, 372, 000 35, 821, 000	\$55, 880, 000 75, 664, 000 76, 288, 000 103, 816, 000 112, 252, 000 114, 384, 000 113, 562, 000 100, 708, 000 86, 994, 000 85, 544, 000 63, 008, 000	2. 125	43, 550, 300 50, 888, 000 44, 173, 000 56, 837, 000 51, 120, 600 50, 231, 000 42, 036, 000 47, 393, 700 51, 908, 200 52, 872, 200 45, 365, 005	\$105, 114, 000 108, 228, 000 84, 052, 000 126, 212, 000 122, 004, 000 124, 044, 000 131, 752, 000 166, 140, 000 134, 600, 000 144, 842, 000 140, 390, 000	\$2. 413 2. 116 1. 902 2. 220 2. 330 2. 426 2. 622 2. 524 2. 840 2. 876 2. 739 2. 212
TotalPer cent of increase over pre- ceding year	549, 143, 803 18. 4	1, 068, 186, 000	1. 945	588, 719, 005 7. 2	1, 436, 668, 000 34. 4	2. 440

REDEMPTIONS OF PAPER CURRENCY

The wearing quality of the paper currency is put to a severe test in the course of its travels through the channels of trade during the year and for this reason the redemptions follow at only a short distance the issue of Government paper. The pieces of United States paper currency redeemed during the fiscal year 1924 numbered 541,937,683 of the total value of \$958,497,447. The pieces redeemed were 46,781,322 less than those issued and the amount was \$478,-170,553 less than the amount issued during the year.

The transactions, by months, for the fiscal years 1923 and 1924

are compared in the annexed table:

United States paper currency redeemed during the fiscal years 1923 and 1924

	Fiscal y	ear 1923	Fiscal y	ear 1924
Month	United States notes, Treas- ury notes of 1890, and gold		United States notes, Treas- ury notes of 1890, and gold	Total value
	and silver certificates		and silver certificates	
July August September October	23, 789, 953	\$48, 985, 020 36, 109, 870 51, 794, 400 69, 415, 000	41, 982, 959 39, 629, 815 41, 365, 594 52, 554, 819	\$64, 613, 150 63, 206, 700 68, 808, 046 85, 821, 750
October November December January February March April	44, 289, 970 43, 749, 583 51, 637, 400 44, 081, 188	70, 865, 200 69, 744, 490 81, 574, 550 68, 688, 350	48, 963, 658 43, 528, 670	78, 685, 450 72, 899, 451 87, 784, 600 71, 314, 150
Maren. April. May June.	54, 034, 010 47, 882, 579 36, 193, 947 29, 014, 020	87, 068, 050 72, 532, 650 54, 540, 500 42, 786, 900	48, 416, 573 47, 993, 757 53, 353, 930 36, 363, 590	86, 372, 050 92, 516, 650 104, 831, 050 81, 644, 400
Total Per cent of increase over preceding year	476, 442, 247 13. 8	754, 104, 980 15. 7	541, 937, 683 13. 7	958, 497, 447 27. 1

PIECES OF UNITED STATES PAPER CURRENCY OUTSTANDING

The number of pieces of United States notes, Treasury notes of 1890, and gold and silver certificates outstanding and their total value at the close of each month for the fiscal years 1923 and 1924 are shown in the following statement:

			Fiscal	year 1923	Fiscal year 1924	
	Month	1	Number of pieces	Total value	Number of pieces	Total value
July			415, 241, 173 428, 339, 609 443, 311, 662 451, 826, 092 461, 604, 708 462, 972, 011 466, 554, 824 445, 973, 114 439, 110, 534	\$1, 646, 902, 831 1, 686, 456, 961 1, 710, 980, 561 1, 745, 361, 561 1, 786, 738, 361 1, 883, 365, 321 1, 875, 660, 971 1, 893, 300, 921 1, 902, 864, 271 1, 933, 867, 71 1, 933, 867, 71	453, 662, 937 464, 920, 225 467, 728, 530 472, 010, 711 479, 091, 967 487, 691, 693 488, 959, 035 487, 466, 866 486, 443, 493 490, 357, 935 489, 876, 205 498, 877, 620	\$1, 994, 589, 721 2, 039, 611, 021 2, 054, 854, 975 2, 095, 245, 225 2, 138, 563, 775 2, 189, 708, 567, 724 2, 238, 501, 574 2, 236, 779, 524 2, 316, 779, 524 2, 313, 513, 502, 874 2, 413, 513, 82, 259, 422

The distribution of the paper currency embraced in the foregoing statement is compared here:

	Fiscal year	Total outstanding	Amount held in Treasury	Amount outside of Treasury
1923		\$1, 953, 088, 871 2, 431, 259, 424	\$457, 232, 064 460, 700, 260	\$1, 495, 856, 807 1, 970, 559, 164
Incre	ease	478, 170, 553	3, 468, 196	474, 702, 357

PAPER CURRENCY OUTSTANDING, BY DENOMINATIONS

The total amount of paper currency of each kind and denomination outstanding at the close of the fiscal years 1923 and 1924 is shown in the following statement:

JUNE 30, 1923

	JUNE 30,	1923		
Denomination	United States notes	Treasury notes of 1890	Federal reserve notes	Federal reserve bank notes
One dollar Two dollars Five dollars	42, 770, 926 43, 770, 330	\$312, 203 191, 782 380, 868	\$432, 601, 270	\$10, 146, 000 4, 888, 000 4, 214, 000
Ten dollars Twenty dollars Fifty dollars One hundred dollars	28, 247, 142 1, 166, 975 1, 242, 800	336, 760 135, 070 6, 400 62, 300	687, 100, 040 902, 117, 220 238, 483, 650 232, 598, 200	1, 074, 000 1, 699, 000 62, 000
Five hundred dollars One thousand dollars Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars Freetional parts	951, 000 2, 923, 000	48,000	45, 990, 000 110, 197, 000 12, 185, 000 15, 630, 000	
Fractional parts			10,000,000	
Total Deduct:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1, 473, 383	2, 676, 902, 380	22, 083, 000
Unknown, destroyed	1, 000, 000 992, 174	12,000	1, 415, 889	459, 434
Federal reserve agents	42, 939, 391	1,000	440, 140, 001	1, 654, 363
Net	302, 749, 451	1, 460, 383	2, 235, 346, 490	19, 969, 203
Denomination	National bank notes	Gold certificates	Silver certificates	Total
One dollar			\$220, 601, 424 25, 370, 090	\$353, 912, 923 73, 383, 988
Two dollars Five dollars Ten dollars	163, 190 139, 880, 360 314, 532, 400	\$93, 035, 695	155, 682, 613 3, 525, 611	776, 529, 441 1, 203, 691, 897
Twenty dollars Fifty dollars One hundred dollars	242, 948, 110 27, 233, 850 26, 788, 600	214, 449, 084 53, 154, 930 74, 438, 000	3, 698, 670 4, 672, 235 191, 120	1, 393, 294, 296 324, 780, 040 335, 321, 020
Five hundred dollarsOne thousand dollarsFive thousand dollars	87, 500 21, 000	13, 429, 500 65, 385, 500 80, 805, 000	10, 000 15, 000	60, 468, 000 178, 589, 500 92, 990, 000
Ten thousand dollars	60, 765	596, 470, 000		612, 110, 000 60, 765
Total Deduct:	752, 057, 619	1, 191, 167, 709	413, 766, 763	5, 405, 131, 870
Unknown, destroyed Held in Treasury Held by Federal reserve banks and	14, 451, 963	454, 153, 550	2, 074, 340	1, 000, 000 473, 559, 350
Redeemed but not assorted by de-	21, 911, 866	350, 558, 070	47, 434, 442	904, 639, 133
nominations	4, 617, 900 711, 075, 890	386, 456, 089	364, 257, 981	4, 617, 900
AY C0	111,010,090	300, 400, 009	304, 201, 901	3, 021, 010, 401

JUNE 30, 1924

Denominations	United States notes	Treasury notes of 1890	Federal reserve notes	Federal reserve bank notes
One dollar Two dollars Five dollars Ten dollars Twenty dollars Twenty dollars One hundred dollars One hundred dollars Five hundred dollars Ten thousand dollars Five thousand dollars Five thousand dollars Frenthousand dollars Frenthousand dollars Fractional parts	36, 446, 474 34, 137, 075 158, 483, 091 15, 918, 062 983, 725 1, 175, 000 902, 000 2, 739, 000	\$310, 458 190, 400 374, 198 321, 180 124, 790 5, 000 56, 600	102, 465, 000	\$4, 826, 333 2, 359, 442 1, 930, 955 538, 960 892, 480 48, 000
Total	347, 681, 016	1, 429, 626	2, 339, 048, 030	10, 596, 170
Deduct: Unknown, destroyed Held in Treasury Held by Federal reserve banks and Federal reserve agents. Redeemed but not assorted by denominations.	1,000,000 4,260,547 44,629,977	7,000	494, 817, 077	193, 898 335, 924
Net	297, 790, 492	1, 422, 626		
Denominations \(\extstyle \)	National bank notes	Gold certifi- cates	Silver certifi- cates	Total
One dollar Two dollars Five dollars Ten dollars Twenty dollars Tity dollars Fifty dollars Five hundred dollars Five hundred dollars Five hundred dollars Five thousand dollars Five thousand dollars Fren thousand dollars Fractional parts	162, 894 150, 770, 250 326, 717, 500 249, 428, 650 27, 952, 950 27, 195, 600 87, 500 21, 000	\$266, 001, 995 402, 334, 484 94, 494, 580 121, 823, 100 31, 104, 500 80, 262, 500 80, 680, 600 595, 840, 000	\$276, 313, 910 26, 079, 584 99, 284, 353 2, 895, 141 2, 628, 130 3, 204, 985 176, 520 10, 000	\$378, 678, 737 65, 238, 794 793, 480, 651 1, 264, 927, 727 1, 410, 237, 796 335, 367, 190 364, 587, 520 74, 093, 500 185, 549, 500 86, 000, 000 606, 420, 000 61, 088
	782, 738, 879	1, 672, 541, 159	410, 607, 623	. 5, 564, 642, 503
Total	1	i	i	
Total. Deduct: Unknown, destroyed	18, 291, 051 25, 885, 690	454, 190, 500 416, 969, 840	2, 242, 213 43, 951, 198	1, 000, 000 480, 325, 124 1, 026, 589, 706 4, 727, 100

INTEREST ON PUBLIC MONEYS HELD BY DEPOSITARY BANKS

Interest is collected semiannually from depositaries of public moneys (except Federal reserve banks) at the rate of 2 per cent per annum on the basis of 181 days to the half year from January 1 to June 30 (first half leap year, 182 days) and 184 days from July 1 to December 31. Each depositary is required to render to the Treasurer semiannually (January 1 and July 1) an interest report showing daily balances held by such bank for the prior six months and the amount of interest due and paid thereon. These reports are checked with the ledgers of this office.

Interest was first collected by the department under the provisions of the act of May 30, 1908, on all special and additional deposits in general depositaries and on all deposits in limited depositaries at the rate of 1 per cent per annum. In accordance with instructions contained in letter of the Secretary of the Treasury, dated April 22, 1912,

the rate of interest was increased from 1 per cent to 2 per cent per annum, beginning July 1, 1912. Beginning June 1, 1913, interest at rate of 2 per cent per annum has been collected on all Government

deposits.

During the fiscal year 1924 the interest accrued on ordinary balances held was \$570,225.42, and on balances arising from sales of bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness, was \$3,961,872.50, making a total of \$4,532,097.92. The total amount of interest collected on depositary balances since May 30, 1908, may be studied from the revised statement following:

* ss.	and the second s	Interest on balances arising from—				
	Fiscal year	Ordinary accounts	Sales of bonds, notes, and certificates	Total		
1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924		791, 671, 45 703, 771, 76 1, 134, 569, 09 5, 507, 742, 43 1, 865, 975, 76 2, 580, 746, 84 865, 848, 30 584, 192, 96 570, 225, 42	\$358, 221. 43 10, 566, 658. 03 20, 996, 209. 01 11, 458, 976. 89 3, 512, 308. 02 5, 957, 918. 35 4, 835, 879. 74 3, 961, 872. 50 61, 648, 043. 97	\$810, 626. 1: 1, 409, 426. 07 1, 222, 706. 71. 45 7, 91, 671. 45 1, 061, 993. 11, 701. 227. 12 26, 503, 951. 44 13, 324, 952. 65 6, 903, 764. 86 6, 823, 766. 65 5, 420, 072. 70 4, 532, 097. 92		

GOLD FUND, FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD

The balance to the credit of the gold fund of the Federal Reserve Board on June 30, 1923, was \$2,285,169,645.65. During the fiscal year 1924 deposits amounted to \$1,390,924,449.47 and withdrawals \$1,415,203,060, leaving a balance to the credit of the fund on June 30, 1924, of \$2,260,891,035.12.

SUPPLY OF UNITED STATES PAPER CURRENCY HELD IN RESERVE

The number of pieces and amount of each denomination of United States paper currency held in reserve vault at the close of the fiscal years 1923 and 1924 may be studied from the following statement:

	Held J	ine 30, 1923	Held June 30, 1924	
Denomination	Number of pieces	Total value	Number of pieces	Total value
One dollar Two dollars. Two dollars. Ten dollars Ten dollars Twenty dollars Fitty dollars One hundred dollars Five hundred dollars Five thousand dollars Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars One thousand dollars One thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars Order gold certificates	1, 904, 000 428, 000 2, 412, 000 1, 516, 000 1, 972, 000 324, 000 46, 300 31, 000 19, 100 55, 900 70, 832	\$1, 904, 000 856, 000 12, 060, 000 15, 160, 000 39, 440, 000 83, 200, 000 23, 150, 000 31, 000, 000 95, 500, 000 708, 320, 000	3, 720, 000 72, 000 3, 188, 000 6, 060, 000 6, 752, 000 372, 000 403, 000 5, 000 19, 100 55, 800 70, 827	\$3, 720, 000 144, 000 15, 940, 000 60, 600, 000 18, 600, 000 40, 800, 000 2, 500, 000 8, 700, 000 95, 500, 000 558, 000, 000 708, 270, 000
Total	9, 611, 132	1, 585, 790, 000	20, 731, 427	1, 647, 814, 00

RATIO OF SMALL DENOMINATIONS TO ALL PAPER CURRENCY OUTSTANDING

The variation in percentage of denominations of \$20 and less to the total paper currency, by fiscal years, since July 1, 1918, may be studied from the following statement:

Date	Total paper		Denon	ninations	of \$20 a	nd less	
Date	currency	\$1	\$2	\$5	\$10	\$20	Total
July 1— 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924	\$5, 132, 048, 035 5, 702, 970, 230 6, 184, 236, 695 5, 247, 550, 659 5, 037, 248, 518 5, 405, 131, 870 5, 564, 642, 503	Per cent 4. 99 5. 80 5. 41 6. 49 6. 75 6. 54 6. 80	Per cent 1. 67 1. 74 1. 63 1. 64 1. 50 1. 35 1. 17	Per cent 13. 73 13: 52 12. 78 14. 20 13. 89 14. 36 14. 25	Per cent 25. 48 23. 70 23. 62 22. 42 22. 96 22. 27 22. 73	Per cent 21. 57 25. 68 27. 57 27. 27 24. 57 25. 77 25. 34	Per cent 67, 46 70, 47 71, 04 72, 11 69, 68 70, 32 70, 31

THE METALLIC STOCK OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES

Gold coin and bullion.—The estimated amount of gold coin and bullion included in the general stock of money in the United States on June 30, 1924, was \$4,490,807,303, of which there was held in the Treasury \$3,786,060,989, and the balance outside of the Treasury was \$704,746,314.

Standard silver dollars.—The stock of standard silver dollars at the close of the fiscal year 1924 was \$503,754,851, of which \$427,694,079 was held in the Treasury, and the balance outside of the Treasury was \$76,060,772.

Subsidiary silver coin.—The stock of subsidiary silver coin at the close of the fiscal year 1924 was \$277,614,378, of which \$8,073,621 was held in the Treasury, and the balance outside of the Treasury was \$269,540,757.

Minor coin.—The current minor coins are the bronze 1-cent pieces and the nickel 5-cent pieces, and though not included in the stated stock of money in the country they are in great demand in all sections. The amount of each denomination of the current coins outstanding at the close of the fiscal year 1924 was as follows:

ISSUE, EXCHANGE, AND REDEMPTION OF MONEY

The distribution of available supplies of United States paper currency and coin, exchanges and replacements thereof, and payments on account of redemptions of currency and coin will, so far as practicable, be effected through the Federal reserve banks and branches. Federal reserve banks and branches have been instructed by the Treasury to make an equitable and impartial distribution of available supplies of United States paper currency and coin in all cases, and applications therefor should be made to the Federal reserve bank or branch of such bank located in the same district with the applicant. Distribution of new gold, silver, and minor coin will not be made by the Treasury so long as there are available sufficient stocks of circulated coins in the Federal reserve banks and branches or in the Treasury offices.

I.—ISSUE OF UNITED STATES PAPER CURRENCY

1. All current issues of new United States paper currency are made by the Treasurer of the United States in the form of United States notes (greenbacks), gold certificates, and silver certificates.

2. United States notes are issued in value equal to the unfit notes destroyed in order not to reduce the amount outstanding below the

figure fixed by law.

3. Gold certificates are issued against deposits of gold coin with the Treasurer or with the Federal reserve banks and branches, deposits of gold bullion or foreign gold coin with the mints and assay offices, or against available gold in the general fund of the Treasury. Gold certificates may also be obtained in payment of obligations of the United States payable in gold, in payment of checks issued by the mints and assay offices of the United States for deposits of gold bullion and foreign gold coin, in exchange for other forms of United. States paper currency, or in the ordinary course of Government payments when paid out by the Treasurer or the Federal reserve banks.

4. Silver certificates are issued against deposits of standard silver dollars or available silver dollars in the general fund of the Treasury, and may be obtained in exchange for other forms of United States. paper currency or in the ordinary course of Government payments,

when available.

II.-ISSUE OF GOLD COIN

5. Gold coin is issued for deposits of gold bullion, gold certificates, United States notes, or Treasury notes of 1890, and in payment of other obligations of the United States payable in gold.

III.—ISSUE OF STANDARD, SILVER DOLLARS, SUBSIDIARY SILVER COIN, AND MINOR COIN

6. Standard silver dollars are issued in redemption of silver certificates or Treasury notes of 1890. Subsidiary silver coin (halves, quarters, and dimes) and minor coin (1-cent bronze and 5-cent nickel) are issued against other forms of payments therefor in equal amounts.

IV.—REDEMPTION OF PAPER CURRENCY

7. United States notes and gold certificates are redeemable in gold coin; Treasury notes of 1890 in gold coin or standard silver

dollars; and silver certificates in standard silver dollars.

8. National-bank notes and Federal reserve bank notes are redeemable in lawful money of the United States by the Treasurer, but payments therefor in lawful money may be effected through the Federal reserve banks and branches. Federal reserve banks and branches will also receive national-bank notes and Federal reserve bank notes unfit for further circulation, and will make payment therefor by credit or in other forms of money.

9. Federal reserve notes are redeemable in gold by the Treasurer

and in gold or lawful money by the Federal reserve banks.

10. United States notes, Treasury notes of 1890, fractional currency notes, gold certificates, silver certificates, national-bank notes, Federal reserve notes, and Federal reserve bank notes, when not mutilated so that less than three-fifths of the original proportions remain, will be redeemed at their face value in new currency. When mutilated so that less than three-fifths, but clearly more than two-fifths of the original proportions remain, are redeemable by the Treasurer only, at one-half the face value of the whole note or certificate. Fragments not clearly more than two-fifths are not redeemed,

unless accompanied by the evidence required in paragraph 11.

11. Fragments less than three-fifths are redeemed at the face value of the whole note, by the Treasurer only, when accompanied by an affidavit of the owner or other person having knowledge of the facts that the missing portions have been totally destroyed. The affidavit must state the cause and manner of mutilation, and must be subscribed and sworn to before an officer qualified to administer oaths, who must affix his official seal thereto, and the character of the affiant must be certified to be good by such officer or some one having an official seal. Signatures by mark (X) must be witnessed by two persons who can write, and who must give their places of residence. The Treasurer will exercise such discretion under this regulation as may seem to him needful to protect the United States from fraud. Blank forms for affidavits are not furnished. The department can not make reimbursement for currency totally destroyed.

V.-REDEMPTION, EXCHANGE, AND PURCHASE OF UNITED STATES COIN

12. Gold coins and standard silver dollars of the United States, if of legal weight and not defaced or mutilated as below defined, are full legal tender, and, being such, are not redeemable, but may be exchanged for other forms of money, particularly for gold certificates and silver certificates, respectively. Gold coins, when not mutilated but reduced in weight by natural abrasion below the limit of tolerance fixed by law, will be accepted by the Federal reserve banks and branches and the Treasurer of the United States, at bullion value; the abrasion loss being determined by deduction from the face value of each coin at the rate of 2 cents for each half grain below standard Before the return of any light-weight gold coin to the owner at his request, it should be stamped with the letter "L" or other distinguishing mark. Standard silver dollars, when defaced, but not mutilated as below defined, will be accepted at face value. sidiary silver coins (halves, quarters, and dimes) and minor coins (1-cent bronze, and 5-cent nickel) will, upon demand, be redeemed in lawful money or exchanged for other forms of money. If shipped to the Treasurer of the United States for redemption, subsidiary silver and minor coins should be assorted by denominations into packages in sums or multiples of \$20, which apply to subsidiary silver and minor coins separately. Such coins should be shipped loose in cloth bags. Shipments put up in wrappers, envelopes, or rolls of paper will not be received. Not more than \$1,000 in silver coin, \$300 in 5-cent pieces, or \$100 in cents should be shipped in one bag or package.

13. No foreign or mutilated coins will be received for redemption at face value. Coin is mutilated when punched, clipped, chipped, or otherwise appreciably reduced in weight by any means other than natural abrasion; that upon which any name, advertisement, or other

unauthorized impression has been made; that to which paper or any other substance is attached; or that which has otherwise been so defaced as to be not readily and clearly identified as to genuineness Mutilated silver coin will be stamped by the reand denomination. ceiving officer with a distinguishing mark before it is returned to the depositor. Mutilated gold coins of any denomination will be received at any of the mints or assay offices of the United States, and the value of the fine gold contained will be paid to the depositor at the rate of \$20.67 + per ounce, fine (1.000); or \$18.60 + per ounce, standard (0.900). Mutilated silver coins will be purchased at the mints in Philadelphia, San Francisco, and Denver, at the price fixed from time to time by the Director of the Mint, for silver contained in gold deposits. Mutilated gold and silver coins should be transmitted to the mints by registered mail or by express (charges prepaid) and upon receipt, the value thereof, when so forwarded, will be returned in the same manner at the seller's expense and risk, or by check on the Treasurer of the United States.

14. Minor coin that is so defaced as not to be readily identified, or that is punched or clipped, will not be redeemed. Pieces that are stamped, bent, or twisted out of shape, or otherwise imperfect, but showing no material loss of metal, will be redeemed at face value.

showing no material loss of metal, will be redeemed at face value.

15. Mutilated minor coins will be purchased at the mints in Philadelphia, San Francisco, and Denver, in lots of not less than one pound of each kind, at a price (the approximate value as metal)

fixed from time to time by the Director of the Mint.

The coinage mints are located in Philadelphia, Pa.; San Francisco, Calif.; and Denver, Colo. The assay offices are located in New York, N. Y.; New Orleans, La.; Carson City, Nev.; Boise, Idaho; Helena, Mont.; Deadwood, S. Dak.; Seattle, Wash.; and Salt Lake City, Utah.

VI.—GENERAL INFORMATION

16. By reason of the facilities provided at the Federal reserve banks and branches for the distribution, replacement, exchange, and redemption of paper currency and coin, applicants are enabled to obtain such accommodations earlier and at a lower cost for transportation charges, as a general rule, than would be possible through the Treasurer of the United States at Washington. So far as practicable, therefore, such transactions should be handled through the Federal reserve banks and branches. In the event that shipments on this account are made to the Treasurer, all shipping costs thereon should

be prepaid.

The Federal reserve banks and branches are located in Boston, Mass.; New York, N. Y.; Buffalo, N. Y.; Philadelphia, Pa.; Cleveland, Ohio; Cincinnati, Ohio; Pittsburgh, Pa.; Richmond, Va.; Baltimore, Md.; Atlanta, Ga.; New Orleans, La.; Jacksonville, Fla.; Birmingham, Ala.; Nashville, Tenn.; Chicago, Ill.; Detroit, Mich.; St. Louis, Mo.; Louisville, Ky.; Memphis, Tenn.; Little Rock, Ark.; Minneapolis, Minn.; Helena, Mont.; Kansas City, Mo.; Omaha, Nebr.; Denver, Colo.; Oklahoma City, Okla.; Dallas, Tex.; El Paso, Tex.; Houston, Tex.; San Francisco, Calif.; Los Angeles, Calif.; Portland, Oreg.; Salt Lake City, Utah; Seattle, Wash.; and Spokane, Wash.

17. The act of June 30, 1876 (19 Stat. 64) requires that all United States officers charged with the receipt or disbursement of public moneys, and all officers of national banks, shall stamp or write in plain letters the word "counterfeit," "altered" or "worthless" upon all fraudulent notes issued in the form of and intended to circulate as money which shall be presented at their places of business; and if such officers shall wrongfully stamp any genuine note of the United States or of the national banks, they shall, upon presentation, redeem such notes at their face value.

18. All counterfeit notes and coins found in remittances are canceled and delivered to the Secret Service Division of the Treasury Department or to the nearest local office of that division, a receipt for the same being returned to the sender, who may communicate with the chief of that division if it is desired to have such notes or coins

submitted for reclamation.

During the fiscal year 1924, the Treasurer's office authorized and directed shipments of current gold, silver, and minor coins between the Treasury, Washington, United States mints, and Federal reserve banks and branches, for use in public disbursements and exchanges, aggregating \$29,524,050; and shipments of uncurrent gold, silver, and minor coins to United States mints from the Treasury, Washington, and Federal reserve banks and branches, to the amount of \$5,267,078.60. Statements of the foregoing are as follows:

	Treasury, V	Washington	Mints, U	Miscel- laneous	
Kind	Shipped to Federal reserve banks and branches	Received from Federal reserve banks and branches	Shipped to Treasury, Federal reserve banks and branches	Received from Treasury, Federal reserve banks and branches	Ship- ments between Federal reserve banks and branches
Gold: Double eagles	\$665,000	\$50,000 25,000	\$5,000,000 265,000 1711,250 1,917,200 2,892,000 4,704,000 5,300,000 2,587,000 1,254,600	\$700,000.00	\$500, 000 \$62, 000 778, 000 706, 000 274, 000 119, 000 39, 000
Total Uncurrent coins: Gold. Standard dollars. Subsidiary silver. Minor coins. Total.	840, 000		24, 631, 050	700, 000. 00 21, 594, 877. 57 1, 517, 045. 00 1, 938, 655. 20 216, 500. 83 75, 267, 078. 60	3, 278, 000

¹ Includes \$150,000 shipped from Assay Office, New York.
² Including light weight at bullion value.

REDEMPTION OF FEDERAL RESERVE AND NATIONAL CURRENCY

The proceeds of currency counted into its cash by the National Bank Redemption Agency during the fiscal year amounted to \$616,690,607.04. Of this sum \$552,690,229 was in national-bank

notes, \$11,405,794 in Federal reserve bank notes, \$39,798,740 in Federal reserve notes, and \$12,795,844.04 in United States currency. Comparative figures as to total redemptions in this and previous

years are contained in Table No. 26, page 472.

Payments for currency redeemed were made as follows: In Treasurer's checks, \$263,547.45; by credits to Treasury offices as transfers of funds, \$41,272,168.50; by credits to Federal reserve banks and branches in General account as transfers of funds, for direct remittances \$561,808,638,89; for remittances by member banks \$13,335,704.10; by credits in other accounts, \$10,548.10.

The notes of all issues counted and assorted amounted to

\$2,067,431,535, and were disposed of as follows:

	Amount	Per cent
National-bank notes: Fit for use returned to banks of issue Unfit for use delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency for— Destruction and reissue Destruction and retirement	\$7, 447, 200. 00 519, 688, 222. 50 21, 789, 782. 50	1. 36 94. 67 3. 97
	548, 925, 205. 00	100.00
Federal reserve bank notes: Fit for use returned to banks. Unfit for use delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency for— Destruction and reissue. Destruction and retirement.	302, 500. 00 11, 304, 330. 00	2. 61 97. 39
	11, 606, 830. 00	100.00
Federal reserve notes: Fit for use returned to banks. Unfit for use delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency for destruction.	7, 966, 000. 00 32, 259, 960. 00 40, 225, 960. 00	19. 80 80. 20 100. 00
Federal reserve notes, canceled and uncanceled, forwarded by Federal reserve banks and branches: Delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency for credit of Federal reserve agents.	1, 466, 673, 540. 00	

Canceled and uncanceled Federal reserve notes amounting to \$1,466,673,540 were received from Federal reserve banks and branch Federal reserve banks for credit of Federal reserve agents. Such notes are settled for between the Federal reserve banks and Federal reserve agents either direct or by adjustments in their redemption funds, and are, therefore, not taken into the cash of the National Bank Redemption Agency.

The number of notes counted, sorted, and delivered by the agency during the fiscal year was 231,745,248, detail of which is shown in

Table No. 35, page 476.

The amount of expenses of the agency for the fiscal year, including salaries, transportation, and contingent expenses, is set forth in Table No. 31, page 474.

SHIPMENTS OF CURRENCY FROM WASHINGTON

The United States currency distributed from the Treasury in Washington to Treasury offices and to Federal reserve banks and other banks during the fiscal year 1924 amounted to \$1,348,889,877, an increase of \$342,924,258 as compared with that of the preceding fiscal year.

The shipments for the past two fiscal years are compared in the following statement:

	Fiscal	year 1923 1	Fiscal year 1924	
	Number of packages	Total amount	Number of packages	Total amount
Total by express	49 136, 010	\$15, 140 1, 005, 950, 478	110 145, 814	\$27, 050 1, 348, 862, 827
Aggregate	136, 059	1, 005, 965, 618	145, 924	1, 348, 889, 877

¹ Revised.

DEPOSITS OF GOLD BULLION AT MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES

The deposits of gold bullion at the mints and assay offices during the fiscal years 1922, 1923, and 1924 are compared in the following statement:

Office	1922	1923	1924
Philadelphia. San Francisco. Denver. New York. New Orleans. Carson. Helena. Boise. Deadwood. Seattle. Salt Lake City.	58, 222, 890. 23 7, 561, 464. 67 480, 618, 593. 02 528, 193. 30 58, 970. 90 96, 265. 65 333, 631. 24 2, 333. 68 3, 020, 346. 31	\$6, 599, 799. 36 43, 183, 297. 56 9, 515, 296. 36 273, 564, 681. 00 2, 039, 546. 54 98, 145. 58 145, 825. 74 174, 721. 28 1, 887. 36 3, 604, 882. 84 12, 727. 64	\$9, 900, 575. 42 44, 193, 465. 66 10, 318, 975. 55 420, 079, 497. 6 1, 299, 000. 54 244, 045. 33 342, 951. 7, 370. 96 4, 724, 701. 85 54, 601. 55
Total		338, 940, 811. 26	491, 442, 438. 24

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

District of Columbia 3.65 per cent bonds were retired during the fiscal year 1924 to the amount of \$979,700, thus reducing the bonded debt of the District of Columbia to \$3,609,550. During the year United States obligations held in trust for the sinking fund to the amount of \$1,480,000 matured, and \$368,300 were sold, a total of \$1,848,300. Of this amount \$54,000 was reinvested in United States obligations, making a total of \$2,398,200 of such securities held in trust as an offset against the outstanding debt of the District of Columbia.

There has been no change in the old securities of the District of Columbia held in the care and custody of the Treasurer, and they are as follows: Chesapeake & Ohio Canal bonds, \$84,285 and board of audit certificates, \$20,134.72; while in the District of Columbia contractors' guaranty fund there is also a cash balance of \$132.51.

RECOINAGE IN THE FISCAL YEAR 1924

The amounts of uncurrent gold, silver, and minor coins reminted during the fiscal years 1923 and 1924 were as here stated:

	Fiscal ye	ear 1923	Fiscal year 1924		
Denomination	Face value	Loss re- imbursed	Face value	Loss re- imbursed	
Double eagles Eagles Half eagles Three-dollar pieces Quarter eagles Dollars	437, 890. 00 713, 130. 00 54. 00		\$333, 340. 00 383, 960. 00 700, 970. 00 9. 00 11, 062. 50 23. 00		
Total gold	1, 481, 120. 00	\$2, 350. 80	1, 429, 364. 50	\$2, 390. 01	
Half dollars			1, 132, 729, 00 737, 028, 75 40, 60 348, 257, 60 360, 80 124, 20		
Total silver	3, 500, 942. 55	235, 374, 42	2, 218, 540. 95	163, 047. 72	
Minor coins	153, 809. 33	7, 499. 76	457, 480. 16	22, 489. 37	
Aggregate	5, 135, 871. 88	245, 224. 98	4, 105, 385. 61	187, 927. 10	

GENERAL ACCOUNT OF THE TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES

The Treasurer receives and keeps the moneys of the United States and disburses the same upon warrants drawn by the Secretary of the Treasury, countersigned by the Comptroller General, and not otherwise. He takes receipts for all moneys paid by him and gives receipts for all moneys received by him; and all receipts for moneys received by him are indorsed upon warrants signed by the Secretary of the Treasury, without which warrant, so signed, no acknowledgment for money received into the Public Treasury is valid. He renders his accounts quarterly, or oftener if required, and at all times submits to the Secretary of the Treasury and the Comptroller General, or either of them, the inspection of the moneys in his hands.

As a matter of information, it may be said that all public moneys paid into any treasury office, national-bank depositary, or other depositary are placed to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States and held subject to his draft. The public moneys in the hands of any depositary of public moneys may be transferred to the Treasury of the United States or may be transferred from one depositary to any other depositary as the safety of the public moneys and the

convenience of the public service shall require.

The Treasurer is redemption agent for Federal reserve and national-bank notes; is trustee for bonds held to secure bank circulation, public deposits in depositary banks, and bonds held to secure postal savings in banks; is custodian of miscellaneous trust funds; is fiscal agent for the issue and redemption of the United States paper currency, for the payment of the interest on the public debt and the redemption of matured obligations of the Government, for collecting the interest on public deposits held by banks, and for the collection of semi-annual duty on bank circulation; is fiscal agent for paying principal

and interest of the land-purchase bonds of the Philippine Islands; is treasurer of the board of trustees of the Postal Savings System; and is ex officio commissioner of the sinking fund of the District of Columbia.

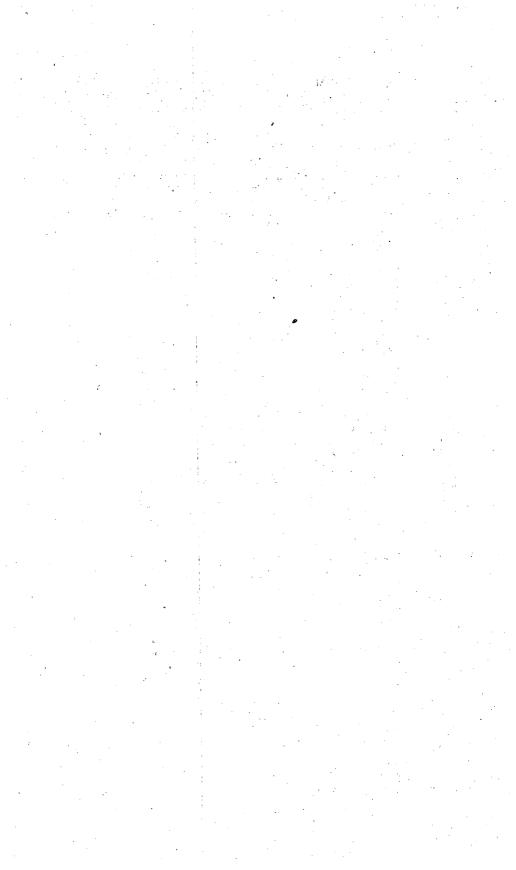
The transactions which have been related, so varied and so vast, impose on the Treasurer's office the keeping of many accounts with great responsibilities, which were conducted with rare accuracy and promptness during the past year and offer the best proof of the capacity, fidelity, and efficiency of the officers, chiefs of divisions, clerks, counters, and employees of every grade in the office of the Treasurer. They deserve and receive my cordial thanks for their excellent services.

Respectfully,

FRANK WHITE,
Treasurer of the United States.

Hon. A. W. Mellon.

Secretary of the Treasury.



TABLES

No. 1.—General distribution of the assets and liabilities of the Treasury, June 30, 1924

. *					
	Treasury offices	Mints and Assay offices	Designated depositaries of the United States	In transit	Total
ASSETS					
Gold coins	46, 565, 508. 00 604 595 43	3, 326, 089, 793. 94 381, 128, 571. 00			\$459, 971, 195. 04 3, 326, 089, 793. 94 427, 694, 079. 00 8, 073, 620. 73 31, 072, 996. 78
Silver bullion	4, 176, 791. 00 7, 000. 00			\$83, 756. 00	4, 260, 547. 00
Treasury notes of 1890. Gold certificates (active). Gold certificates (inactive). Silver certificates. Federal reserve notes.	7, 000, 350. 00 2, 242, 213. 00				22, 155, 500. 00 432, 035, 000. 00 2, 242, 213. 00
Federal reserve bank notes National-bank notes Unclassified (collections, etc.)	2, 242, 213. 00 406, 290. 00 193, 898. 00 18, 099, 987. 50 34, 338, 578. 74 94, 696. 70	3, 449. 56			2, 242, 213, 00 1, 124, 848, 00 193, 898, 00 18, 291, 051, 50 34, 342, 165, 80 2, 738, 648, 76
Minor coin Public debt interest, etc., paid but not reimbursed by	94, 696. 70				
warrant Deposits in Federal reserve banks Deposits in Federal land banks			\$43, 250, 226. 26 1, 000, 000, 00		43, 250, 226. 26
Deposits in special depositaries (act Apr. 24, 1917). Deposits in National banks, etc. Public moneys in transit be- tween Federal reserve banks			162, 091, 572. 40 27, 957, 279. 23		162, 091, 572. 40 27, 957, 279. 23
tween Federal reserve banks and to and from depositary banks	l				
Total available assets Balance with Treasurer United	117, 788, 421. 93	4, 652, 229, 011. 22	234, 299, 077. 89	6, 977, 452. 46	5, 011, 293, 963. 50
States Warrants paid but not cleared					
Aggregate	117, 788, 421. 93	4, 652, 460, 311. 14	234, 299, 077. 89	7, 168, 438. 52	5, 011, 716, 249. 48
LIABILITIES					
Outstanding Treasurer's checks and warrants Disbursing offiers' balances on books of Treasurer and de-					1, 458, 166. 71
positary banks Post Office Department account Uncollected items, exchanges,					36, 844, 728. 78 14, 955, 576. 26
etc Board of trustees, Postal Sav-					37, 359, 742. 51
ings System Redemption fund:		I.			7, 867, 446. 87
Federal reserve notes(gold). National-bank notes Retirement of additional circu-					30, 314, 179. 01
Assets of insolvent national					8, 745. 00
banks Total agency accounts					5, 151, 652. 94 275, 006, 966. 07
Balance to credit of mints and assay offices					231, 299. 92
Balance to credit of gold fund, Federal Reserve Board					2, 260, 891, 035. 12
Balance to credit of trust funds (act March 14, 1900)	ì			l .	2, 084, 578, 408. 00
ing the gold reserve 1					391, 008, 540. 37
Aggregate					5, 011, 716, 249. 48

¹ Including credits to disbursing officers.

No. 2.—Available assets and net liabilities of the Treasury at the close of June, 1923 and 1924

Total 478, 863, 760. 77 514, 652, 223. 30 Other: Minor coin. 2, 962, 881. 08 2, 738, 648. 76 Deposits in Federal reserve banks. 33, 681, 278. 26 43, 250, 226. 26 Deposits in Federal land banks. 1, 000, 000. 00 1, 000, 000. 00 Deposits in national banks, special and foreign depositaries. 327, 345, 305. 17 190, 048, 851. 63			
Coin. Sill, 905, 593, 88 S450, 971, 195, 04		June 30, 1923	June 30, 1924
Solition	ACCEMO		
Coin		ŀ	
Silver: Dollars.			\$459, 971, 195. 04 3, 326, 089, 793. 94
Dollars	Total	3, 363, 739, 944. 73	3, 786, 060, 988. 98
Dollars	Silver:		
Total	Dollars	425, 549, 072. 00	427, 694, 079. 00
Paper	Subsidiary coin Bullion	11, \$87, 152, 52 30, 807, 359, 92	8, 073, 620. 73 31, 072, 996. 78
United States notes. 992, 174 00 4, 260, 547, 000. 00 Treasury notes of 1890. 12,000. 00 7,000. 00 Federal reserve bank notes. 2, 103, 153, 00 13, 124, 348, 000 National-bank notes. 149, 494, 00 193, 898, 00 National-bank notes. 14, 451, 593, 50 18, 291, 651, 652 Gold certificates. 454, 153, 550, 00 454, 190, 500, 00 Silver certificates. 2, 2, 674, 340, 00 2, 242, 213, 00 Unclassified (collections, etc.) 478, 863, 760, 77 514, 652, 223, 30 Other: Minor coin. 2, 962, 881, 08 2, 738, 648, 76 Deposits in Federal reserve banks. 33, 681, 278, 26 43, 250, 226, 26 Deposits in Federal land banks. 33, 681, 278, 26 43, 250, 226, 26 Deposits in national banks, special and foreign depositaries. Public moneys in transit between Federal reserve banks and to and from depositary banks. 21, 600, 600, 600, 600, 600, 600, 600, 60	Total	467, 943, 584. 44	466, 840, 696. 51
United States notes. 992, 174 00 4, 260, 547, 000. 00 Treasury notes of 1890. 12,000. 00 7,000. 00 Federal reserve bank notes. 2, 103, 153, 00 13, 124, 348, 000 National-bank notes. 149, 494, 00 193, 898, 00 National-bank notes. 14, 451, 593, 50 18, 291, 651, 652 Gold certificates. 454, 153, 550, 00 454, 190, 500, 00 Silver certificates. 2, 2, 674, 340, 00 2, 242, 213, 00 Unclassified (collections, etc.) 478, 863, 760, 77 514, 652, 223, 30 Other: Minor coin. 2, 962, 881, 08 2, 738, 648, 76 Deposits in Federal reserve banks. 33, 681, 278, 26 43, 250, 226, 26 Deposits in Federal land banks. 33, 681, 278, 26 43, 250, 226, 26 Deposits in national banks, special and foreign depositaries. Public moneys in transit between Federal reserve banks and to and from depositary banks. 21, 600, 600, 600, 600, 600, 600, 600, 60	Paper		
National-Dank notes	United States notes	992, 174. 00 12, 000. 00	7, 000, 00
National-Dank notes	Federal reserve notes	2, 103, 153. 00	1, 124, 848, 00
Gold certificates	Federal reserve bank notes	459, 434. 00	
Silver certificates. 2, 074, 340.00 2, 242, 213.00	National-bank notes	14, 451, 963, 50	18, 291, 051, 50
Total	Silver certificates	2 074 340 00	2 242 213 00
Other: Minor coin	Unclassified (collections, etc.)	4, 617, 146. 27	34, 342, 165. 80
Minor coin	•	478, 863, 760. 77	514, 652, 223. 30
Total	Other:	0 000 001 00	0 700 040 70
Total	Minor coin. Deposits in Federal reserve banks.	2, 962, 881, 08 33, 681, 278. 26	43, 250, 226, 26
Public debt interest, etc., paid but not reimbursed by warrant.	Deposits in rederal land banks, special and foreign depositaries.	327, 345, 305. 17	190, 048, 851. 63
Total 375, 611, 823, 42 243, 740, 054, 71 Aggregate 4,686, 159, 113, 36 5, 011, 293, 963, 50 LIABILITIES Outstanding Treasurer's checks and warrants 1,590, 755, 74 1,458, 166, 71 Disbursing officers' balance on books of Treasurer and depositary banks 9,626, 135, 45 14,955, 76, 26 Uncollected items, exchanges, etc 9,4794, 236, 66 37, 359, 742, 51 Board of trustees, Postal Savings System 6,701,659, 81 7,867, 446,87 Redemption fund: Federal reserve notes (gold) 177, 517, 738, 90 141,046, 727, 99 Federal reserve bank notes 192,096, 55 National-bank notes 28,891,988, 19 30, 314, 179-01 Retirement of additional circulating notes (act of May 30, 1908) 18, 480, 00 8, 746, 00 Assets of insolvent national banks 2,826, 401, 39 5, 151, 652, 94 Total agency accounts 271, 317, 976, 42 275, 006, 966, 07 Less warrants paid but not cleared 271, 715, 771, 05 274, 815, 980, 01 General account: 1,191, 167, 709, 00 1,672, 541, 159, 00 Glod certificates 1,473, 383, 00 410, 607, 623, 00 Glod certificates 2,285, 619, 646, 65 2,285, 619, 646, 65 3,152, 979, 025, 63 Balance 1, 369, 886, 816, 03 238, 029, 514, 74	and from depositary banks	11, 443, 101. 30 179, 257, 61	6, 575, 378. 94 126, 949, 12
Aggregate		l	
Outstanding Treasurer's checks and warrants. 1, 590, 755. 74 1, 458, 166. 71 Disbursing officers' balance on books of Treasurer and depositary banks. 39, 658, 544. 33 36, 844, 728. 78 Post Office Department account. 9, 626, 135. 45 14, 955, 576. 26 Uncollected items, exchanges, etc. 4, 794, 236. 06 37, 359, 742. 51 Board of trustees, Postal Savings System. 6, 701, 659. 81 7, 867, 446. 87 Redemption fund: 177, 517, 738. 90 141, 046, 727. 99 Federal reserve notes (gold) 177, 517, 738. 90 141, 046, 727. 99 Retirement of additional circulating notes (act of May 30, 1908) 18, 480. 00 8, 745. 00 Assets of insolvent national banks 2, 826, 401. 39 5, 151, 652. 94 Total agency accounts 271, 317, 976. 42 275, 006, 966. 07 Less warrants paid but not cleared 1, 191, 167, 709. 00 1, 672, 541, 159. 00 General account: 1, 191, 167, 709. 00 1, 672, 541, 159. 00 Gold certificates 413, 766, 763. 00 410, 607, 623. 00 Silver certificates 413, 766, 763. 00 410, 607, 623. 00 Gold fund, Federal reserve board 2, 285, 169, 646. 65 152, 979, 025. 63 Gold fund, Fede	•		
Disbursing officers' balance on books of Treasurer and depositary banks. 39, 658, 544, 33 36, 844, 728, 78 Post Office Department account 9, 626, 135, 45 14, 955, 576, 26 Uncollected items, exchanges, etc. 4, 794, 236, 06 37, 359, 742, 51 Board of trustees, Postal Savings System 6, 701, 659, 81 7, 867, 446, 87 Redemption fund: 177, 517, 738, 90 141, 046, 727, 99 Federal reserve notes (gold) 177, 517, 738, 90 141, 046, 727, 99 Federal reserve bank notes 192, 096, 55 30, 314, 179, 01 National-bank notes 28, 891, 928, 19 30, 314, 179, 01 Retirement of additional circulating notes (act of May 30, 1908) 18, 480, 00 8, 745, 00 A ssets of insolvent national banks 2, 826, 401, 39 5, 151, 652, 94 Total agency accounts 271, 817, 976, 42 275, 006, 966, 07 Less warrants paid but not cleared 102, 205, 37 190, 986, 06 Total 271, 715, 771, 05 274, 815, 980, 01 General account: 1, 191, 167, 709, 00 1, 672, 541, 159, 00 Gilver certificates 413, 766, 763, 00 410, 607, 623, 00 Treasury notes of 1890 1, 473, 383, 00 1, 473, 383,	LIABILITIES		
Disbursing officers' balance on books of Treasurer and depositary banks. 39, 658, 544, 33 36, 844, 728, 78 Post Office Department account 9, 626, 135, 45 14, 955, 576, 26 Uncollected items, exchanges, etc. 4, 794, 236, 06 37, 359, 742, 51 Board of trustees, Postal Savings System 6, 701, 659, 81 7, 867, 446, 87 Redemption fund: 177, 517, 738, 90 141, 046, 727, 99 Federal reserve notes (gold) 177, 517, 738, 90 141, 046, 727, 99 Federal reserve bank notes 192, 096, 55 30, 314, 179, 01 National-bank notes 28, 891, 928, 19 30, 314, 179, 01 Retirement of additional circulating notes (act of May 30, 1908) 18, 480, 00 8, 745, 00 A ssets of insolvent national banks 2, 826, 401, 39 5, 151, 652, 94 Total agency accounts 271, 817, 976, 42 275, 006, 966, 07 Less warrants paid but not cleared 102, 205, 37 190, 986, 06 Total 271, 715, 771, 05 274, 815, 980, 01 General account: 1, 191, 167, 709, 00 1, 672, 541, 159, 00 Gilver certificates 413, 766, 763, 00 410, 607, 623, 00 Treasury notes of 1890 1, 473, 383, 00 1, 473, 383,	Outstan 21 - M 111		1 450 100 51
Post Office Department account 9,626, 135, 45 14, 955, 576, 26 Uncollected items, exchanges, etc. 4, 794, 236, 06 37, 359, 742, 51 Board of trustees, Postal Savings System 6, 701, 659, 81 7, 867, 446, 87 Redemption fund: Federal reserve notes (gold) 177, 517, 738, 90 Federal reserve bank notes 192, 096, 55 National-bank notes 28, 891, 928, 19 30, 314, 179, 01 Retirement of additional circulating notes (act of May 30, 1908) 18, 480, 00 8, 745, 00 Assets of insolvent national banks 2, 826, 401, 39 5, 151, 652, 94 Total agency accounts 271, 817, 976, 42 275, 006, 966, 07 Less warrants paid but not cleared 271, 15, 771, 05 274, 815, 980, 01 General account: Gold certificates 1, 191, 167, 709, 00 Silver certificates 1, 191, 167, 709, 00 Grid fund, Federal reserve board 2, 285, 169, 646, 65 152, 979, 025, 63 Reserve fund 152, 979, 025, 63 152, 979, 025, 63 Balance 369, 886, 816, 03 238, 029, 514, 74, 74, 75, 779, 779, 779, 779, 779, 779, 779,	Disbursing officers' balance on books of Treasurer and depositary	1 1	
Uncollected items, exchanges, etc. 4, 794, 236, 06 137, 359, 742, 51 Roard of trustees, Postal Savings System 6, 701, 659, 81 7, 867, 446, 87 Redemption fund: Federal reserve notes (gold) 177, 517, 738, 90 141, 046, 727, 99 Federal reserve bank notes 192, 096, 55 National-bank notes 28, 891, 928, 19 30, 314, 179, 01 84, 890, 00 8, 748, 00 8, 748, 00 \$8	Post Office Department account	9, 626, 135, 45	14, 955, 576, 26
Redemption fund: 177, 517, 738. 90 141, 046, 727. 99 Federal reserve bank notes. 192, 096. 55 30, 314, 179. 01 National-bank notes. 28, 891, 928. 19 30, 314, 179. 01 Retirement of additional circulating notes (act of May 30, 1908) 18, 480. 00 8, 745. 00 Assets of insolvent national banks 2, 826, 401. 39 5, 151, 652. 94 Total agency accounts. 271, 817, 976. 42 275, 006, 966. 07 Less warrants paid but not cleared 102, 205. 37 190, 986. 06 Total 271, 715, 771. 05 274, 815, 980. 01 General account: 1, 191, 167, 709. 00 1, 672, 541, 159. 00 Silver certificates 413, 766, 763, 00 410, 607, 623. 00 Treasury notes of 1890 1, 473, 383. 00 1, 429, 626. 00 Gold fund, Federal reserve board 2, 285, 189, 645. 65 2, 260, 891, 035. 12 Reserve fund 152, 979, 025. 63 152, 979, 025. 63 152, 979, 025. 63 Balance 1 369, 886, 816. 03 238, 029, 514, 74	Uncollected items, exchanges, etc.	4, 794, 236. 06	37, 359, 742, 51
Federal reserve bank notes 177, 517, 738, 90 141, 046, 727, 99 Federal reserve bank notes 192, 096, 55 141, 046, 727, 99 192, 096, 55 141, 046, 727, 99 192, 096, 55 141, 046, 727, 99 192, 096, 55 188, 901, 928, 19 30, 314, 179, 01 18, 480, 00 8, 745, 00 Assets of insolvent national banks. 2, 826, 401, 39 5, 151, 652, 94 450, 00 2, 2826, 401, 39 5, 151, 652, 94 450, 00 400, 966, 07 400, 966, 966, 07 400, 966, 966, 966, 966, 966, 966, 966, 9	Board of trustees, Postal Savings System	6, 701, 659: 81	7, 867, 446. 87
National-bank notes Retirement of additional circulating notes (act of May 30, 1908)	Redemption lund:	177 517 720 00	141 046 707 00
National-bank notes Retirement of additional circulating notes (act of May 30, 1908). Assets of insolvent national banks. Total agency accounts. Less warrants paid but not cleared. Total. General account: Gold certificates. Gold certificates. Treasury notes of 1890. Treasury notes of 1890. Treasury notes of 1890. Reserve fund. Reser	Federal reserve hank notes	192,096,55	
Total agency accounts. 271, \$17, 976. 42 275, 006, 966. 07 102, 205. 37 190, 986. 06 Total 271, 715, 771. 05 274, 815, 980. 01 General account: 1, 191, 167, 709. 00 1, 672, 541, 159. 00 Silver certificates. 413, 766, 763, 00. 410, 607, 623. 00 Treasury notes of 1890. 1, 473, 383. 00 1, 429, 626. 00 Gold fund, Federal reserve board. 2, 285, 169, 645. 65 2, 260, 891, 035. 12 Reserve fund. 1552, 979, 025. 63 152, 979, 025. 63 Balance 1. 369, 886, 816. 03 238, 029, 514. 74	National-bank notes	28, 891, 928, 19	30, 314, 179, 01
Total agency accounts	Retirement of additional circulating notes (act of May 30, 1908)	18, 480. 00	8, 745. 00
Total 271, 715, 771. 05 274; 815, 980. 01 General account: Gold certificates 1, 191, 167, 709. 00 1, 672, 541, 159. 00 Silver certificates 413, 766, 763. 00. 410, 607, 623. 00 Treasury notes of 1890. 1, 473, 383. 00 1, 429, 626. 00 Gold fund, Federal reserve board 2, 285, 169, 646. 65 2, 260, 891, 035. 12 Reserve fund. 152, 979, 025. 63 Balance 1 369, 886, 816. 03 238, 029, 514. 74	Assets of insolvent national banks	2, 826, 401. 39	5, 151, 652, 94
Total 271, 715, 771. 05 274; 815, 980. 01 General account: Gold certificates 1, 191, 167, 709. 00 1, 672, 541, 159. 00 Silver certificates 413, 766, 763. 00. 410, 607, 623. 00 Treasury notes of 1890. 1, 473, 383. 00 1, 429, 626. 00 Gold fund, Federal reserve board 2, 285, 169, 646. 65 2, 260, 891, 035. 12 Reserve fund. 152, 979, 025. 63 Balance 1 369, 886, 816. 03 238, 029, 514. 74	Total agency accounts	271, 817, 976. 42 102, 205, 37	275, 006, 966, 07 190, 986, 06
General account: 1, 191, 167, 709.00 1, 672, 541, 159.00 Silver certificates		···	L
Gold certificates 1, 191, 167, 709. 00 1, 672, 541, 159. 00 Silver certificates 413, 766, 763, 00. 410, 607, 623. 00 Treasury notes of 1890 1, 473, 383. 00 1, 429, 626. 00 Gold fund, Federal reserve board 2, 285, 169, 645. 65 2, 220, 891, 035. 12 Reserve fund 152, 979, 025. 63 152, 979, 025. 63 Balance 1 369, 886, 816. 03 238, 029, 514. 74			
,	General account:	1 101 167 700 00	1 679 541 150 00
,	Silver certificates	413, 766, 763, 00	410, 607, 623, 00
	Treasury notes of 1890	1, 473, 383.00	1, 429, 626. 00
,	Gold fund, Federal reserve board	2, 285, 169, 645, 65	2, 260, 891, 035, 12
,	Reserve fund Balance ¹	152, 979, 025. 63 369, 886, 816. 03	152, 979, 025. 63 238, 029, 514, 74
Aggregate 4, 686, 159, 113. 36 5, 011, 293, 963. 50		4, 414, 443, 342. 31	4, 736, 477, 983. 49
	Aggregate.	4, 686, 159, 113. 36	5, 011, 293, 963. 50

¹ Including credits to disbursing officers.

No. 3.—Distribution of the General Treasury balance, June 30, 1924

Washington	\$84,028,636.79
Baltimore	
San Francisco.	
Mints and assay offices:	
Philadelphia	572, 226, 560, 07
Denver	378, 790, 016, 48
San Francisco.	649, 732, 330. 62
Carson City.	
New Orleans	
New York	
Boise	26, 562, 61
Deadwood	
Helena	
Salt Lake City	
Seattle	
Seattle Federal reserve banks	43, 250, 226, 26
Federal land banks	
Special depositaries.	
National banks and insular depositaries.	6, 821, 829, 92
Foreign depositaries	135, 907. 47
Foreign depositaries. Treasury of Philippine Islands	732, 487, 25
In transit	40, 890, 212, 42
. Total	4, 991, 441, 945, 13
Deduct:	,,
Agency accounts on books of Treasurer of the United States \$254, 963, 961. 64	
Gold fund, Federal Reserve Board	
	2, 515, 854, 996, 76
_	2,010,001,000.10
General account	2 475 586 948 37
Deduct: Trust fund, Act Mar. 14, 1900.	2 084 578 408 00
Balance, including gold reserve	391, 008, 540. 37

No. 4.—Assets of the Treasury other than gold, silver, notes, and certificates at the end of each month, from July, 1921

Month	Minor coin	Unassorted currency, etc.	Deposits in Federal reserve and national banks	Deposits in treasury of Philippine Islands	Bonds and interest paid	Total
1921—July August September	2, 479, 993	4, 411, 798 3, 576, 306 4, 970, 811	177, 575, 575 278, 104, 483 716, 877, 414	7, 598, 341 7, 557, 840 7, 333, 706		192, 023, 976 291, 718, 62: 731, 719, 72
October November December	2, 586, 994 2, 561, 109	5, 865, 162 7, 209, 438 8, 550, 724	182, 975, 073 229, 191, 758 458, 120, 242	7, 182, 333 6, 795, 980 6, 334, 872		198, 609, 56: 245, 758, 28: 475, 668, 308
1922—January February March	2, 958, 726 3, 144, 402 3, 477, 032	7, 367, 038 6, 586, 636 4, 153, 925	344, 498, 173 433, 553, 808 332, 166, 653			360, 971, 600 449, 378, 890 345, 649, 017
April May June July	3, 536, 238 3, 620, 013	5, 394, 000 6, 896, 188 3, 283, 343 5, 239, 195	331, 888, 560 241, 166, 380 228, 914, 748 206, 536, 633	5, 631, 721 5, 351, 622 4, 418, 312 4, 296, 988	503, 020	346, 450, 526 256, 950, 428 240, 739, 436 219, 917, 902
August September October November	3, 828, 947 3, 804, 562	4, 033, 111 6, 823, 468 15, 770, 521	298, 569, 395 226, 007, 262 374, 545, 864	1, 961, 933 1, 463, 129 1, 091, 913		308, 393, 386 238, 098, 421 395, 088, 205
November December 1923—January February	2, 812, 163 2, 861, 764	1, 827, 771 3, 045, 674 4, 633, 171 4, 242, 609	305, 445, 097 535, 317, 516 295, 498, 516 213, 244, 813	1, 083, 917 796, 576		311, 972, 07 542, 259, 27 303, 790, 02 221, 475, 620
March April May	2, 815, 376 2, 830, 497	2, 221, 081 6, 177, 491 2, 380, 136	545, 922, 452 404, 642, 742 323, 277, 745	917, 322		551, 876, 231 414, 972, 365 329, 827, 585
June July August	2, 962, 881 2, 680, 341 2, 410, 085	4, 617, 147 3, 543, 067 2, 900, 619	371, 482, 692 272, 059, 043 235, 593, 330	986, 992 1, 051, 848 1, 005, 212	179, 258	380, 228, 970 279, 334, 299 241, 909, 246
September October November	1, 357, 227 1, 772, 138	3, 045, 057 15, 069, 599 2, 279, 714	403, 619, 716 204, 051, 334 139, 869, 702	1, 043, 020 1, 034, 407		409, 359, 590 221, 521, 180 144, 955, 961
December	1, 607, 324 1, 781, 674	5, 743, 676 9, 065, 408 3, 168, 950 2, 654, 440	321, 112, 389 257, 530, 860 239, 443, 160 446, 066, 966	647, 164 1, 079, 794		329, 264, 509 268, 850, 756 245, 473, 578 451, 686, 328
April May June	2, 250, 990 2, 639, 511	2, 843, 742 1, 839, 890 34, 342, 166	339, 895, 739 207, 693, 577 240, 141, 147		126, 949	346, 224, 373 213, 267, 576 278, 082, 220

No. 5.—Assets of the Treasury at the end of each month, from July, 1921

Month	Gold	Silver	Notes	Certificates	Other	Total
1921—July August September October November December 1922—January February March April May June July	2, 820, 696, 501 2, 888, 781, 529 2, 936, 260, 827 2, 982, 139, 779 3, 023, 192, 261 3, 049, 525, 465 3, 090, 057, 297 3, 118, 322, 875 3, 134, 198, 348 3, 141, 842, 818 3, 157, 202, 556 3, 195, 980, 335	285, 183, 592 292, 527, 629 300, 920, 293 313, 868, 734 324, 423, 239 336, 085, 333 345, 121, 630 350, 968, 948 356, 844, 305 362, 957, 146 368, 297, 182 375, 536, 677	30, 244, 315 25, 323, 211 25, 165, 982 28, 725, 920 31, 022, 363 26, 934, 399 28, 918, 121 24, 448, 952 27, 682, 682 26, 382, 815 25, 332, 999 23, 508, 325 23, 692, 222	75, 777, 579 58, 618, 130 46, 556, 220 98, 811, 540 66, 907, 310 267, 712, 295 271, 869, 860 276, 512, 110 279, 346, 080 283, 598, 524 291, 036, 037 295, 092, 157	192, 023, 976 291, 718, 622 731, 719, 724 198, 609, 562 245, 758, 285 475, 668, 308 360, 971, 606 449, 378, 890 345, 649, 017 346, 450, 526 256, 950, 428 240, 739, 438 219, 917, 902	3, 316, 538, 645 3, 488, 884, 093 3, 993, 143, 753 3, 576, 276, 583 3, 650, 250, 976 4, 131, 592, 596 4, 191, 366, 197 4, 127, 844, 959 4, 153, 587, 659 4, 083, 459, 464 4, 088, 736, 224 4, 115, 405, 791
August September October November December 1923—January February March April May June	3, 229, 534, 195 3, 247, 510, 704 3, 268, 106, 496 3, 276, 383, 311 3, 284, 424, 975 3, 292, 916, 279 3, 297, 944, 616 3, 292, 182, 465 3, 303, 924, 949 3, 346, 099, 009 3, 363, 739, 945	387, 334, 092 395, 723, 262 402, 534, 198 407, 536, 222 413, 977, 399 421, 811, 059 429, 622, 020 437, 679, 999 447, 636, 117 458, 067, 645 467, 943, 584 472, 226, 237	17, 162, 241 23, 057, 938 29, 117, 335 25, 399, 820 25, 238, 723 23, 931, 596 23, 891, 455 20, 242, 662 20, 077, 662 16, 764, 180 18, 018, 724 21, 719, 926	.330, 126, 738 358, 749, 738 386, 128, 201 419, 260, 192 429, 789, 950 451, 070, 532 465, 824, 650 470, 722, 490 463, 915, 360 453, 443, 541 456, 227, 890 446, 560, 036	308, 393, 386 238, 098, 421 395, 088, 205 311, 972, 074 542, 259, 270 303, 790, 027 221, 475, 620 551, 876, 231 414, 972, 362 329, 827, 582 380, 228, 970 279, 334, 299	4, 272, 550, 652 4, 263, 140, 123 4, 480, 974, 435 4, 440, 551, 619 4, 695, 690, 317 4, 493, 519, 493 4, 438, 758, 361 4, 772, 703, 847 4, 650, 526, 450 4, 604, 201, 957 4, 686, 159, 113
July	3, 424, 847, 782 3, 447, 039, 372 3, 477, 852, 265 3, 516, 227, 682 3, 553, 932, 238- 3, 597, 911, 259 3, 632, 214, 533 3, 670, 783, 660 3, 721, 208, 684 3, 761, 594, 075	473, 333, 682 473, 722, 699 474, 197, 767 463, 654, 666 461, 663, 349 463, 125, 344 464, 225, 882 464, 874, 670 465, 492, 770 466, 081, 843 466, 840, 697	21, 719, 826 21, 358, 636 20, 775, 410 21, 968, 224 22, 890 647 22, 477, 448 18, 224, 181 17, 509, 933 17, 941, 368 20, 094, 028 21, 104, 095 23, 877, 345	446, 300, 394 455, 218, 966 454, 509, 617 461, 543, 460 467, 382, 419 452, 679, 538 473, 787, 232 475, 190, 566 474, 705, 487 472, 459, 236 471, 674, 499 456, 432, 713	241, 909, 246 409, 359, 590 221, 521, 180 144, 955, 961 329, 264, 509 268, 850, 756 245, 473, 578 451, 686, 328 346, 224, 373 213, 267, 576 278, 082, 220	4, 613, 554, 104 4, 616, 668, 312 4, 805, 406, 688 4, 657, 082, 896 4, 615, 111, 375 4, 820, 017, 082 4, 821, 898, 772 4, 834, 614, 492 5, 079, 901, 513 5, 025, 479, 001 4, 933, 722, 088 5, 011, 293, 964

No. 6.—Liabilities of the Treasury at the end of each month, from July, 1921, to June, 1924

Month	Gold and silver certificates, and Treasury notes	Gold fund, redemption funds, etc.	Gold reserve	Net balance in general fund	Total
1921—July	\$1,053,096,136	\$1,879,749,036	\$152, 979, 026	\$230,714,447	\$3, \$16, 538, 645
August	1, 104, 525, 726	1,898,286,897	152, 979, 026	333, 092, 444	3, 488, 884, 093
September	1, 161, 733, 916	1, 920, 755, 581	152, 979, 026	757, 675, 230	3, 993, 143, 753
October	1,229,642,186	1, 967, 250, 214	152, 979, 026	226, 405, 157	3, 576, 276, 583
November	1, 249, 185, 966	1,990,744,131	152, 979, 026	257, 341, 853	3,650,250,976
December	1, 258, 184, 006	2, 232, 662, 035	152, 979, 026	487, 767, 529	4, 131, 592, 596
1922—January February	1,252,263,136	2, 254, 083, 248 2, 302, 390, 771	152, 979, 026 152, 979, 026	397, 081, 272 480, 650, 339	4,056,406,682 4,191,366,197
March	1,255,346,061 1,270,371,055	2, 333, 093, 090	152, 979, 026	371, 401, 788	4, 127, 844, 959
April	1, 277, 109, 805	2, 351, 153, 499	152, 979, 026	372, 345, 329	4, 153, 587, 659
May	1, 285, 995, 735	2, 355, 087, 840	152, 979, 026	289, 396, 863	4. 083, 459, 464
June	1, 292, 326, 835	2, 379, 303, 428	152, 979, 026	264, 126, 935	4, 088, 736, 224
July	1, 299, 221, 815	2, 410, 827, 607	152, 979, 026	252, 377, 343	4, 115, 405, 791
August	1, 338, 775, 945	2, 444, 284, 477.	152, 979, 026	336, 511, 204	4, 272, 550, 652
September		2, 490, 051, 823	152, 979, 026	256, 839, 729	4, 263, 140, 123
October	1, 397, 670, 545	2, 517, 979, 324	152, 979, 026	412, 345, 540	4, 480, 974, 435
November	1, 439, 057, 345	2,509,604,968	152, 979, 026	338, 910, 280	4, 440, 551, 619
December	1, 483, 696, 855	2, 521, 153, 314	152, 979, 026	537, 861, 122	4,695,690,317
1923—January	1, 515, 684, 305	2, 570, 309, 774	152, 979, 026	254, 546, 388	4, 493, 519, 493
February	1, 527, 979, 955	2, 565, 548, 907	152, 979, 026	192, 250, 473	4,438,758,361
March	_ 1,541,619,905	2, 547, 980, 618	152, 979, 026	530, 124, 298	4, 772, 703, 847
April	1, 555, 183, 255	2, 549, 241, 215	152, 979, 026	393, 122, 954	4, 650, 526, 450
May	1, 586, 186, 755	2, 563, 152, 269	152, 979, 026	301, 883, 908	4, 604, 201, 957
June	1,606,407,855	2, 556, 885, 416	152, 979, 026	369, 886, 816	4, 686, 159, 113
July	1,646,902,705	2, 530, 818, 578	152, 979, 026	282, 853, 795	4,613,554,104
August	1,691,921,005	2, 519, 312, 043	152, 979, 026	252, 456, 238	4,616,668,312
September	1,707,167,959	2, 522, 512, 191	152, 979, 026	422, 747, 512	4, 805, 406, 688
October	1,747,579,209	2, 533, 481, 699	152, 979, 026	223, 042, 962	4,657,082,896
November	1,789, 108, 109	2, 517, 250, 393	152, 979, 026	155, 773, 847	4,615,111,375
December	1,840,454,358	2,501,676,637	152, 979, 026	324, 907, 061	4,820,017,082
1924—January	1,879,697,958	2, 548, 286, 340	152, 979, 026 152, 979, 026	240, 935, 448 228, 425, 031	4,821,898,772
February	1,921,888,308 1,963,594,058	2,531,322,127 2,518,897,832	152, 979, 026	444, 520, 597	4, 834, 614, 492 5, 079, 991, 513
Anril	2,020,985,208	2, 519, 789, 455	152, 979, 026	331, 725, 402	5,025,479,091
April May	2,020,985,208	2, 516, 789, 455	152, 979, 026	196, 837, 515	4, 933, 722, 088
June	2,084,578,408	2, 535, 707, 015	152, 979, 026	238, 029, 515	5,011, 293, 964
v uno	- 2,002,010,400	2,000,101,010	102, 515, 020	200,020,010	0,011,200,904

No. 7.—United States notes of each denomination issued, redremed, and outstanding at the close of the fiscal years 1921, 1922, 1925, and 1924

Denomination	Issued dur- ing year	Total issued	Redeemed during year	Total redeemed	Outstanding
1921		· · ·		*	
One dollar. Two dollars Five dollars Ten dollars Twenty dollars Fifty dollars One hundred dollars Five hundred dollars One thousand dollars Tive thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars	18, 440, 900 17, 680, 000 8, 000, 000 2, 200, 000	\$769, 450, 160 405, 595, 048 1, 942, 451, 760 1, 700, 551, 240 550, 122, 400 197, 104, 000 226, 276, 000 467, 628, 000 40, 000, 000	\$187, 786, 096 53, 347, 934 66, 914, 920 6, 894, 020 1, 309, 380 2, 282, 650 140, 000 75, 000 574, 000	\$596, 598, 440. 80 354, 943, 754.20 1, 872, 490, 055. 00 1, 668, 693, 719. 00 547, 662, 298. 00 149, 098, 725. 00 195, 657, 800. 00 225, 205, 000. 00 461, 179, 000. 00 20, 000, 000. 00 39, 990, 000. 00	\$172, 857, 719. 26 50, 651, 293. 86 69, 961, 705. 06 31, \$57, 521. 01 12, 460, 102. 06 1, 475. 06 1, 446, 200. 06 1, 071, 000. 06 10, 000. 06
Total Unknown, destroyed	319, 324, 000	6, 479, 199, 808	319, 324, 000	6, 131, 518, 792. 00 1, 000, 000. 00	347, 681, 016. 00 1, 000, 000. 00
Net	319, 324, 000	6, 479, 199, 808	319, 324, 000	6, 132, 518, 792. 00	346, 681, 016. 0
1922				٥.	
One dollar Two dollars Five dollars Five dollars Ten dollars Twenty dollars Twenty dollars One hundred dollars Five hundred dollars Five thousand dollars Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars	113, 236, 000 50, 792, 000 37, 920, 00 105, 120, 000 31, 680, 000 600, 000	882, 692, 160 456, 387, 048 1, 980, 371, 760 1, 805, 671, 240 591, 802, 400 130, 615, 200 197, 104, 000 226, 276, 000 467, 628, 000 40, 000, 000	190, 240, 820 55, 850, 870 46, 746, 070 33, 452, 650 12, 390, 540 138, 250 126, 800 79, 000 323, 000	786, 839, 260. 80 410, 794, 624. 20 1, 919, 236, 125. 00 1, 702, 146, 369. 00 560, 052, 838. 00 149, 236, 975. 00 195, 784, 600. 00 225, 284, 600. 00 461, 502, 000. 00 39, 990, 000. 00	95, 852, 899, 20 45, 592, 423, 80 61, 135, 635, 00 103, 524, 871, 00 31, 749, 562, 00 1, 339, 225, 00 1, 339, 406, 60 902, 000, 00
Total Unknown, destroyed	339, 348, 000	6, 818, 547, 808	339, 348, 000	6, 470, 866, 792. 00 1, 000, 000. 00	347, 681, 016. 0 1, 000, 000. 0
Net	339, 348, 000	6, 818, 547, 808	339, 348, 000	6, 471, 866, 792. 00	346, 681, 016. 0
One dollar	160, 412, 000 46, 464, 000 28, 580, 000 65, 320, 000 13, 200, 000	1, 043, 104, 160 502, 851, 048 2, 008, 951, 760 1, 870, 991, 240 605, 002, 400 150, 615, 200 197, 104, 000 226, 276, 000 467, 628, 000 0, 000, 000	133, 753, 447 49, 285, 498 45, 945, 305 64, 757, 480 16, 702, 420 211, 250 76, 600 41, 000 3, 203, 000	920, 592, 707. 80 460, 080, 122. 20 1, 965, 181, 430. 00 1, 766, 903, 849. 00 576, 755, 258. 00 149, 448, 225. 00 195, 861, 200. 00 225, 325, 000. 00 464, 705, 000. 00 20, 000, 000. 00 39, 990, 000. 00	122, 511, 452, 2; 42, 770, 925, 8; 43, 770, 330, 0; 104, 087, 391, 0; 28, 247, 142, 0; 1, 166, 975, 0; 1, 242, 800, 0; 951, 000, 0; 2, 923, 000, 0;
Total Unknown, destroyed	313, 976, 000	7, 132, 523, 808	313, 976, 000	6, 784, 842, 792. 00 1, 000, 000. 00	347, 681, 016. 0 1, 000, 000. 0
Net	313, 976, 000	7, 132, 523, 808	313, 976, 000	6, 785, 842, 792. 00	346, 681, 016. 0
1924 One dollar	110, 552, 000 47, 368, 000 18, 680, 000 127, 520, 000	1, 153, 656, 160 550, 219, 048 2, 027, 631, 760 1, 998, 511, 240 605, 002, 400 150, 615, 200 197, 104, 000 226, 276, 000 467, 628, 000 40, 000, 000 40, 000, 000	136, 176, 863 53, 692, 452 28, 313, 255 73, 124, 300 12, 329, 080 183, 250 67, 800 49, 000 184, 000	1, 056, 769, 570, 80 513, 772, 574, 20 1, 993, 494, 685, 00 1, 840, 028, 149, 00 589, 084, 338, 00 149, 631, 475, 00 195, 929, 000, 00 225, 374, 000, 00 464, 889, 000, 00 20, 000, 000, 00 39, 990, 000, 00	96, 886, 589, 2 36, 446, 473, 8 34, 137, 075, 0 158, 483, 091, 0 15, 918, 062, 0 983, 725, 0 1, 175, 000, 0 902, 000, 0 2, 739, 000, 0
TotalUnknown, destroyed	304, 120, 000	7, 436, 643, 808	304, 120, 000	7, 088, 962, 792. 00 1, 000, 000. 00	347, 681, 016. 0 1, 000, 000. 0

No. 8.—Treasury notes of 1890 of each denomination redeemed and outstanding at the close of the fiscal years 1921, 1922, 1923, and 1924

		D. J	· (D-4-1	
Denomination	Total issue	Redeemed during year	Total redeemed	Outstand- ing
1921				
One dollar	\$64, 704, 000	\$4, 526	\$64, 386, 749	\$317, 251
Two dollars	49, 808, 000	4, 480	49, 612, 300	195, 700
Five dollars	120, 740, 000	18, 330	120, 341, 527	398, 473
Ten dollars	104, 680, 000	29, 450	104, 305, 000	375, 000
Twenty dollars	35, 760, 000	18, 980	35, 601, 390	158, 610
Fifty dollars	1, 175, 000	650	1, 167, 350	7,650
One hundred dollars	18, 000, 000	4,400	17, 930, 500	69, 500
One thousand dollars	52, 568, 000	2, 000	52, 514, 000	54, 000
Total	447, 435, 000	82, 816	445, 858, 816	1, 576, 184
1922 One dollar				
One dollar	64, 704, 000.	2,992	64, 389, 741	314, 259
Two dollars	49, 808, 000	2, 394	49, 614, 694	193, 306
Five dollars	120, 740, 000	11, 135	120, 352, 662	387, 338
Ten dollars	104, 680, 000	24,000	104. 329, 000	351,000
Twenty dollars	35, 760, 000	16, 520	35, 617, 910	142, 090
Fifty dollars One hundred dollars	1, 175, 000 18, 000, 000	600 5,000	1, 167, 950 17, 935, 500	7,050 64,500
One thousand dollars	52, 568, 000	3,000	52, 517, 000	51,000
	32, 300, 000	3,000	32, 317, 000	31,000
Total	447, 435, 000	65, 641	445, 924, 457	1, 510, 543
1923				,
One dollar	64, 704, 000	2,056	64, 391, 797	312, 203
Two dollars	49, 808, 000	1, 524	49, 616, 218	191, 782
Five dollars	120, 740, 000	6, 470	120, 359, 132	380, 868
Ten dollars	104, 680, 000	14, 240	104, 343, 240	336, 760
Twenty dollars	35, 760, 000 1, 175, 000	7, 020	35, 624, 930 1, 168, 600	135, 070 6, 400
Fifty dollars One hundred dollars	18, 000, 000	650 2, 200	17, 937, 700	62, 300
One thousand dollars	52, 568, 000	3, 000	52, 520, 000	48, 000
Total	447, 435, 000	37, 160	445, 961, 617	1, 473, 383
1				
1924	64 704 000	1 745	64 202 540	210 450
One dollars	64, 704, 000 49, 808, 000	1, 745 1, 382	64, 393, 542 49, 617, 600	310, 458 190, 400
Five dollars	120, 740, 000	1, 382 6, 670	120, 365, 802	374, 198
Ten dollars	104, 680, 000	15, 580	104, 358, 820	321, 180
Twenty dollars	35, 760, 000	10, 280	35, 635, 210	124, 790
Fifty dollars	1, 175, 000	1, 400	1, 170, 000	5, 000
One hundred dollars	18, 000, 000	5, 700	17, 943, 400	56, 600
One thousand dollars	52, 568, 000	1,000	52, 521, 000	47, 000
Total	447, 435, 000	43, 757	446, 005, 374	1, 429, 626

No. 9.—Gold certificates of each denomination issued, redeemed, and outstanding at the close of the fiscal years 1921, 1922, 1923, and 1924

			 		
Denomination	Issued dur- ing year	Total issued	Redeemed during year	Total redeemed	Outstanding
1921					
Ten dollars	\$3, 000, 000 12, 000, 000	\$1, 317, 268, 000 1, 320, 640, 000 292, 200, 000 408, 034, 300 144, 594, 000 497, 481, 000 890, 040, 000 4, 110, 770, 000	\$112, 778, 630 86, 994, 360 28, 298, 950 36, 634, 700 4, 920, 000 49, 859, 000 82, 935, 000 282, 430, 000	\$1, 233, 415, 255 1, 240, 535, 396 264, 409, 520 364, 637, 200 131, 321, 500 435, 054, 500 819, 015, 000 3, 696, 790, 000	\$83, 852, 745 80, 104, 604 27, 790, 480 43, 397, 100 13, 272, 500 62, 426, 500 71, 025, 000 413, 980, 000
Total	105, 040, 000	8, 981, 027, 300	684, 850, 640	8, 185, 178, 371	795, 848, 929
1922		,			
Ten dollars Twenty dollars. Fifty dollars One hundred dollars Five hundred dollars One thousand dollars Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars	440,000 14,800,000 2,600,000 3,600,000 1,000,000 2,200,000 10,000,000	1, 317, 708, 000 1, 335, 440, 000 294, 800, 000 411, 634, 300 145, 594, 000 900, 040, 000 4, 302, 550, 000	10, 014, 770 10, 928, 780 2, 197, 750 2, 545, 000 585, 500 1, 464, 000 1, 090, 000 8, 280, 000	1, 243, 430, 025 1, 251, 464, 176 266, 607, 270 367, 182, 200 131, 907, 000 436, 518, 500 820, 105, 000 3, 705, 070, 000	74, 277, 975 83, 975, 824 28, 192, 730 44, 452, 100 13, 687, 000 63, 162, 500 79, 935, 000 597, 480, 000
Total	226, 420, 000	9, 207, 447, 300	37, 105, 800	8, 222, 284, 171	985, 163, 129
1923	7	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7			
Ten dollars Twenty dollars Fifty dollars One hundred dollars Five hundred dollars One thousand dollars Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars	33, 600, 000 161, 200, 000 29, 600, 000 36, 000, 000 100, 000 3, 200, 000 1, 000, 000 2, 030, 000	1, 351, 308, 000 1, 496, 640, 000 324, 400, 000 447, 634, 300 145, 694, 000 502, 881, 000 901, 040, 000 4, 304, 580, 000	14, 842, 280 30, 726, 740 4, 637; 800 6, 014, 100 357, 500 977, 000 130, 000 3, 040, 000	1, 258, 272, 305 1, 282, 190, 916 271, 245, 070 373, 196, 300 132, 264, 500 437, 495, 500 820, 235, 000 3, 708, 110, 000	93, 035, 695 214, 449, 084 53, 154, 930 74, 438, 000 13, 429, 500 65, 385, 500 80, 805, 000 596, 470, 000
Total	266, 730, 000	9, 474, 177, 300	60, 725, 420	8, 283, 009, 591	1, 191, 167, 709
1924				•	
Ten dollars Twenty dollars. Fifty dollars One hundred dollars Five hundred dollars One thousand dollars Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars	234, 960, 000 268, 800, 000 56, 400, 000 59, 600, 000 20, 650, 000 22, 300, 000	1, 586, 268, 000 1, 765, 440, 000 380, 800, 000 507, 234, 300 166, 344, 000 901, 040, 000 4, 305, 630, 000	61, 993, 700 80, 914, 600 15, 060, 350 12, 214, 900 2, 975, 000 7, 423, 000 1, 680, 000	1, 320, 266, 005 1, 363, 105, 516 286, 305, 420 385, 411, 200 135, 239, 500 444, 918, 500 820, 360, 000 3, 709, 790, 000	266, 001, 995 402, 334, 484 94, 494, 580 121, 823, 100 31, 104, 500 80, 262, 500 80, 680, 000 595, 840, 000
Total	663, 760, 000	10, 137, 937, 300	182, 386, 550	8, 465, 396, 141	1, 672, 541, 159

No. 10.—Silver certificates of each denomination issued, redeemed, and outstanding at the close of the fiscal years 1921, 1922, 1923, and 1924

				,	
Denomination	Issued dur- ing year	Total issued	Redeemed during year	Total redeemed	Outstanding
1921					
One dollar Two dollars Five dollars Ten dollars Ten dollars Twenty dollars Fifty dollars One hundred dollars Five hundred dollars One thousand dollars	7, 088, 000 55, 420, 000 9, 000, 000 5, 280, 000 5, 200, 000	\$3, 055, 351, 600 1, 101, 508, 000 2, 957, 230, 000 676, 554, 000 335, 106, 000 128, 250, 000 81, 540, 000 16, 650, 000 32, 490, 000	\$32,613,460 7,889,202 10,190,175 1,261,260 1,725,620 871,600 22,400	\$2, 976, 296, 043, 90 1, 086, 041, 876, 60 2, 879, 856, 822, 50 663, 574, 289, 00 325, 768, 290, 00 120, 125, 915, 00 81, 326, 180, 00 16, 636, 500, 00 32, 475, 000, 00	\$79, 055, 556, 10 15, 466, 123, 40 77, 373, 177, 50 12, 979, 711, 00 9, 337, 710, 00 8, 124, 085, 00 213, 820, 00 15, 000, 00
Total	132, 912, 000	8, 384, 679, 600	54, 573, 717	8, 182, 100, 917. 00	202, 578, 683. 00
1922					
One dollar Two dollars Five dollars Ten dollars Ten dollars Twenty dollars Fitty dollars One hundred dollars Five hundred dollars One thousand dollars	284, 436, 000 6, 360, 000 84, 440, 000 3, 040, 000	3, 339, 787, 600 1, 107, 868, 000 3, 041, 670, 000 676, 554, 000 128, 250, 000 81, 540, 000 16, 650, 000 32, 490, 000	161, 826, 889 11, 548, 411 84, 618, 460 7, 358, 200 6, 502, 760 3, 330, 000 13, 800 3, 000	3, 138, 122, 932, 90 1, 097, 590, 287, 60 2, 964, 475, 282, 50 670, 932, 489, 00 332, 271, 050, 00 123, 455, 915, 00 81, 339, 980, 00 16, 639, 500, 00 32, 475, 500, 00	201, 664, 667. 10 10, 277, 712. 40 77, 194, 717. 50 5, 621, 511. 00 4, 794, 085. 00 200, 020. 00 10, 500. 00 15, 000. 00
Total			275, 201, 520	8, 457, 302, 437. 00	305, 653, 163. 00
One dollar Two dollars Five dollars Ten dollars Ten dollars Twenty dollars Fitty dollars One hundred dollars Five hundred dollars One thousand dollars	37, 640, 000 158, 360, 000 40, 000 160, 000 1, 600, 000	3, 629, 467, 600 1, 145, 508, 000 3, 200, 030, 000 676, 594, 000 338, 306, 000 129, 850, 000 81, 540, 000 16, 650, 000 32, 490, 000	270, 743, 243 22, 547, 622 79, 872, 105 2, 135, 900 2, 336, 280 1, 721, 850 8, 900 500	3, 408, 866, 175, 90 1, 120, 137, 909, 60 3, 044, 347, 387, 50 673, 068, 389, 00 125, 177, 765, 00 12, 348, 880, 00 16, 640, 000, 00 32, 475, 000, 00	220, 601, 424, 10 25, 370, 090, 40 155, 682, 612, 56 3, 525, 611, 00 3, 698, 670, 00 4, 672, 235, 00 191, 120, 00 10, 000, 00
Total	487, 480, 000	.9, 250, 435, 600	379, 366, 400	8, 836, 668, 837. 00	413, 766, 763, 00
1924					
One dollar			317, 915, 514 21, 330, 506 129, 518, 260 630, 470 1, 070, 540 1, 467, 250 14, 600	3, 726, 781, 689, 90 1, 141, 468, 415, 60 3, 173, 865, 647, 50 673, 698, 859, 00 335, 677, 870, 00 126, 645, 015, 00 16, 640, 000, 00 32, 475, 000, 00	. 276, 313, 910. 10 26, 079, 584, 40 99, 284, 352, 50 2, 895, 141, 00 2, 628, 130, 00 3, 204, 985, 00 176, 520, 00 10, 000, 00 15, 000, 00
Total	468, 788, 000	9, 719, 223, 600	471, 947, 140	9, 308, 615, 977. 00	410, 607, 623. 00

No. 11.—Amount of United States notes, Treasury notes, gold and silver certificates of each denomination issued, redeemed, and outstanding at the close of each fiscal year from 1921

Denomination	Issued during year	Total issued	Redeemed during year	Total redeemed	Outstanding
1921					
One dollar. Two dollars Five dollars. Ten dollars. Twenty dollars. Fifty dollars One hundred dollars. Five hundred dollars. One thousand dollars.	73, 860, 000 26, 680, 000 13, 280, 000 7, 400, 000	3, 889, 511, 760 1, 556, 911, 048 5, 020, 421, 760 3, 799, 053, 240 2, 251, 628, 400 571, 640, 200 704, 678, 300 387, 520, 000 1, 050, 167, 000	220, 404, 082 61, 241, 616 77, 123, 425 120, 963, 360 90, 048, 340 31, 453, 850 36, 801, 500 4, 995, 000 50, 435, 000 82, 935, 000	3, 637, 281, 233, 70 1, 490, 597, 930, 80 4, 872, 688, 404, 50 3, 669, 988, 263, 00 2, 149, 567, 374, 00 659, 551, 680, 00 373, 163, 000, 00 981, 222, 500, 00 383, 915, 000, 00	252, 230, 526, 36 66, 313, 117, 26 147, 733, 355, 56 129, 064, 977, 06 102, 061, 026, 06 36, 838, 690, 00 45, 126, 620, 00 14, 357, 000, 00 71, 025, 000, 00
Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars	12, 000, 000 90, 040, 000	4, 150, 770, 000	282, 430, 000	0, 100, 100, 000. 00	413, 990, 000. 00
Total Unknown, destroyed	557, 276, 000	24, 292, 341, 708	1, 058, 831, 173	22, 944, 656, 896. 00 1, 000, 000. 00	1, 347, 684, 812. 00 1, 000, 000. 00
Net	557, 276, 000	24, 292, 341, 708	1, 058, 831, 173	22, 945, 656, 896. 00	1, 346, 684, 812. 00
1922					
One dollar. Two dollars Five dollars. Ten dollars. Twenty dollars. Fifty dollars. Fifty dollars. One hundred dollars. One thousand dollars. Five hundred dollars. Ten thousand dollars. Ten thousand dollars.	397, 672, 000 57, 152, 000 122, 360, 000 105, 560, 000 49, 520, 000 3, 200, 000 1, 000, 000 1, 000, 000 10, 000, 000 10, 000, 000 191, 780, 000	4, 287, 183, 760 1, 614, 063, 048 5, 142, 781, 760 3, 904, 613, 240 2, 301, 148, 400 574, 840, 200 708, 278, 300 388, 520, 000 1, 052, 367, 000 920, 040, 000 4, 342, 550, 000	352, 070, 701 67, 401, 675 131, 375, 665 50, 849, 620 29, 838, 600 5, 666, 600 2, 690, 600 667, 500 1, 790, 000 1, 090, 000 8, 280, 000	3, 989, 351, 934, 70 1, 557, 999, 605, 80 5, 004, 064, 609, 50 3, 720, 837, 883, 00 2, 179, 405, 974, 00 662, 242, 280, 00 373, 830, 500, 00 983, 012, 500, 00 840, 105, 000, 00 3, 745, 060, 000, 00	297, 831, 825, 30 56, 063, 442, 20 138, 717, 690, 50 138, 775, 557, 00 121, 742, 426, 00 34, 372, 090, 00 46, 036, 020, 00 14, 689, 500, 00 69, 354, 500, 00 79, 935, 000, 00 597, 490, 000, 00
Total Unknown, destroyed	944, 044, 000	25, 236, 385, 708	651, 720, 961	23, 596, 377, 857. 00 1, 000, 000. 00	1, 640, 007, 851. 00 1, 000, 000. 00
Net	944, 044, 000	25, 236, 385, 708	651, 720, 961	23, 597, 377, 857. 00	1, 639, 007, 851. 00
1923					
One dollar. Two dollars Five dollars. Ten dollars. Twenty dollars. Fifty dollars. Fifty dollars. Fifty dollars. Five hundred dollars. One thousand dollars. Five thousand dollars. Ten thousand dollars.	98, 960, 000 174, 560, 000 31, 200, 000	4, 737, 275, 760 1, 698, 167, 048 5, 329, 721, 760 4, 003, 573, 240 2, 475, 708, 400 606, 040, 200 744, 278, 300 388, 620, 000 1, 055, 567, 000 921, 040, 000 4, 344, 580, 000	404, 498, 746 71, 834, 644 125, 823, 880 81, 749, 900 49, 772, 460 6, 571, 550 6, 101, 800 399, 000 4, 183, 000 130, 000 3, 040, 060	4, 393, 850, 680, 70 1, 629, 834, 249, 80 5, 129, 837, 949, 50 3, 802, 587, 783, 00 2, 229, 178, 434, 00 688, 344, 080, 00 374, 229, 500, 00 987, 195, 500, 00 840, 235, 600, 00 3, 748, 100, 000, 00	343, 425, 079, 36 68, 332, 798, 26 199, 833, 810, 56 200, 985, 457, 06 246, 529, 966, 06 59, 000, 540, 06 75, 934, 220, 06 14, 390, 500, 06 68, 371, 500, 06 80, 805, 000, 06 596, 480, 000, 06
Total Unknown, destroyed	1, 068, 186, 000	26, 304, 571, 708	754, 104, 980	24, 350, 482, 837. 00 1, 000, 000. 00	1, 954, 088, 871. 00 1, 000, 000. 00
Net	1, 068, 186, 000	26, 304, 571, 708	754, 104, 980	24, 351, 482, 837. 00	1, 953, 088, 871. 00
1924					
One dollar. Two dollars Five dollars. Ten dollars. Twenty dollars. Fifty dollars. One hundred dollars. Five hundred dollars. One thousand dollars. Five thousand dollars.	91, 800, 000 362, 480, 000 268, 800, 000 56, 400, 000 59, 600, 000 20, 650, 000	5, 221, 455, 760 1, 767, 575, 048 5, 421, 521, 760 4, 366, 053, 240 2, 744, 508, 400 662, 440, 200 803, 878, 300 409, 270, 000 1, 077, 867, 000 921, 040, 000 4, 345, 630, 000	454, 094, 122 75, 024, 340 157, 838, 185 135, 764, 050 94, 324, 500 16, 712, 250 12, 303, 000 3, 024, 000 7, 608, 000 1, 680, 000	4,847,944,802.70 1,704,858,599.80 5,287,726,134.50 3,938,351,833.00 2,323,502,934.00 563,751,910.00 680,647,080.00 377,253,500.00 994,803,500.00 840,360,000.00 3,749,780,000.00	373, 510, 957, 30 62, 716, 458, 22 133, 795, 625, 50 427, 701, 407, 00 421, 005, 466, 00 98, 688, 290, 00 123, 231, 220, 00 32, 016, 500, 00 80, 680, 000, 00 595, 850, 000, 00
Ten thousand dollars	1, 050, 000	4, 345, 630, 000			
Ten thousand dollars Total Unknown, destroyed		4, 345, 630, 000 27, 741, 239, 708		25, 308, 980, 284. 00 1, 000, 000. 00	2, 432, 259, 424. 00 1, 000, 000. 00

No. 12.—Old demand notes of each denomination issued, redeemed, and outstanding June 30, 1924

Denomination	Total issued	Redeemed during year	Total redeemed	Outstanding
Five dollars. Ten dollars. Twenty dollars. Total	\$21, 800, 000. 00 20, 030, 000. 00 18, 200, 000. 00 60, 030, 000. 00		\$21, 778, 752. 50 20, 010, 355. 00 18, 187, 880. 00 59, 976, 987. 50	\$21, 247. 50 19, 645. 00 12, 120. 00 53, 012, 50

No. 13.—Fractional currency of each denomination issued, redeemed, and outstanding June 30, 1924

Denomination	Total issued	Redeemed during year	Total redeemed	Outstanding
Three cents Five cents Ten cents Fifteen cents Twenty-five cents Fifty cents	\$601, 923. 90 5, 694, 717. 85 82, 198, 456. 80 5, 305, 568. 40 139, 031, 482. 00 135, 891, 930. 50	\$3.00 20.12 211.10 15.00 476.17 551.25	\$511, 750. 98 3, 836, 447. 26 77, 145, 857. 68 5, 065, 777. 20 134, 771, 577. 64 132, 146, 463. 20	\$90, 172, 92 1, 858, 270, 59 5, 052, 599, 12 239, 791, 20 4, 259, 904, 36 3, 745, 467, 30
TotalUnknown, destroyed	368, 724. 079. 45	1, 276. 64	353, 477, 873. 96 32, 000. 00	15, 246, 205, 49 32, 000, 00
Net	368, 724, 079. 45	1, 276. 64	353, 509, 873. 96	15, 214, 205, 49 - 13, 218, 000, 45
Balance				1, 996, 205. 04

No. 14.—Compound-interest notes of each denomination issued, redeemed, and outstanding June 30, 1924

Denomination	Total issued	Redeemed during year	Total redeemed	Outstanding
Ten dollars Twenty dollars Fifty dollars One hundred dollars One thousand dollars Total	\$23, 285, 200 30, 125, 840 60, 824, 000 45, 094, 400 67, 846, 000 39, 420, 000	\$10 60 50 100	\$23, 266, 360 30, 094, 830 60, 763, 000 45, 062, 800 67, 835, 000 39, 416, 000	\$18, 840 31, 010 61, 000 31, 600 11, 000 4, 000

No. 15.—One and two year notes of each denomination issued, redeemed, and outstanding June 30, 1924

Denomination	Total issued	Redeemed during year	Total re- deemed	Outstanding
Ten dollars Twenty dollars Fifty dollars One hundred dollars Five hundred dollars One thousand dollars	\$6, 200, 000 16, 440, 000 20, 945, 600 37, 804, 400 40, 302, 000 89, 308, 000		\$6, 194, 120 16, 427, 940 20, 932, 350 37, 788, 700 40, 300, 500 89, 289, 000	\$5, 880 12, 060 13, 250 15, 700 1, 500 19, 000
Total	211, 000, 000		210, 932, 610 10, 590	. 67, 390 10, 590
Net	211,000,000	,	210, 943, 200	56, 800

No. 16.—Seven-thirty notes redeemed and outstanding June 30, 1924

Issue	Total issued	Redeemed to June 30, 1922	Redeemed during year	Total retired to June 30, 1923	Outstanding
July 17, 1861 Aug. 15, 1864 June 15, 1865 July 15, 1865	\$140, 094, 750 299, 992, 500 331, 000, 000 199, 000, 000	\$140, 085, 400 299, 947, 200 330, 970, 200 198, 955, 600		\$140, 085, 400 299, 947, 250 330, 970, 200 198, 955, 600	\$9, 350 45, 250 29, 800 44, 400
Total	970, 087, 250	969, 958, 400		969, 958, 450	128, 800

No. 17.—Refunding certificates, act of February 26, 1879, redeemed and outstanding June 30, 1924

How payable	Total issued	Redeemed during year	Total retired to June 30, 1923	Outstanding
To order	\$58, 500 39, 954, 250 40, 012, 750	\$530 530	\$58, 480 39, 944, 660	\$20 9,590 9,610

No. 18.—Federal reserve banks (with branches) and national banks designated as depositaries of public moneys, with the balance held June 30, 1924

FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

Title of bank	To the credit of the Treas- urer of the United States collected funds
Federal reserve bank, Boston, Mass. Federal reserve bank, New York, N. Y. Federal reserve branch bank of New York, Buffalo, N. Y. Federal reserve branch bank of New York, Buffalo, N. Y. Federal reserve branch bank of Cleveland, Ohio. Federal reserve branch bank of Cleveland, Cincinnati, Ohio. Federal reserve branch bank of Cleveland, Cincinnati, Ohio. Federal reserve branch of Richmond, Va. Federal reserve branch of Richmond, Baltimore, Md. Federal reserve branch bank of Atlanta, New Orleans, La. Federal reserve branch bank of Atlanta, Jacksonville, Fla. Federal reserve branch bank of Atlanta, Birmingham, Ala. Federal reserve branch bank of Atlanta, Birmingham, Ala. Federal reserve branch bank of Atlanta, Nashville, Tenn. Federal reserve branch bank of Chicago, Detroit, Mich. Federal reserve branch bank of St. Louis, Mo. Federal reserve branch bank of St. Louis, Lutitle Rock, Ark. Federal reserve branch bank of St. Louis, Little Rock, Ark. Federal reserve branch bank of St. Louis, Memphis, Tenn. Federal reserve branch bank of Minneapolis, Minn. Federal reserve branch bank of Kansas City, Onaha, Nebr. Federal reserve branch bank of Kansas City, Onaha, Nebr. Federal reserve branch bank of Kansas City, Onaha, Nebr. Federal reserve branch bank of Kansas City, Onaha, Nebr. Federal reserve branch bank of Kansas City, Onaha, Nebr. Federal reserve branch bank of Kansas City, Onaha, Nebr. Federal reserve branch bank of Minneapolis, Houston, Tex. Federal reserve branch bank of Dallas, Houston, Tex. Federal reserve branch bank of Dallas, Houston, Tex. Federal reserve branch bank of San Francisco, Soattle, Wash Federal reserve branch bank of San Francisco, Portland, Oreg. Federal reserve branch bank of San Francisco, Portland, Oreg. Federal reserve branch bank of San Francisco, Portland, Oreg. Federal reserve branch bank of San Francisco, Portland, Oreg.	3, 628, 723, 31 1, 990, 725, 63 88 3, 535, 074, 23 584, 865, 936, 936, 43 2, 033, 322, 74 5, 385, 535, 36 1, 406, 163, 60 300, 000, 00 200, 010, 63 100, 000, 00 2, 159, 454, 29 66, 628, 48 2, 466, 172, 37 183, 348, 97 186, 541, 33 2, 051, 796, 88 298, 808, 155, 77 2, 691, 243, 24 101, 148, 54 1, 004, 766, 63 226, 841, 55 164, 432, 04
Total	43, 250, 226. 26

No. 18—Federal reserve banks (with branches) and national banks designated as depositaries of public moneys, with the balance held June 30, 1924—Contd.

SPECIAL DEPOSITARIES

		sitaries in each Federal tes of indebtedness rep		
		FISCAL AGENTS		-
Federal reserve	bank, Boston.	Mass		\$24, 911, 450. 0
Federal reserve	bank, New Yo	ork, N. Y lphia, Pa		 34, 974, 250. 0
Federal reserve Federal reserve	bank, Clevelar	id, Ohio		 20, 807, 879. 8 17, 946, 000. 0
Federal reserve	bank, Richmo	nd, Va		 7, 064, 850. 0
Federal reserve	branch bank o	, Ga f Atlanta, New Orleans	. La	 4, 495, 109, 0
Pederal reserve	bank, Chicago	, Ill s, Mo.		 23, 261, 991. 2
rederal reserve Rederal reserve	bank, St. Loui	s, Mo polis, Minn		 4, 316, 580. 8 4, 613, 026. 9
Pederal reserve	hank Kansas	City. Mo		1 972 250 0
Federal reserve	bank, Dallas,	Texncisco, Calif		 4, 799, 411. 4 10, 146, 243. 0
		And the second s		10, 140, 243. 0
Total				 162, 091, 572, 4

NATIONAL BANKS AND INSULAR DEPOSITARIES

GENERAL AND LIMITED

State	Number of de- positaries	Amount of public moneys on deposit, col- lected funds	State	Number of de- positaries	Amount of public moneys on deposit, col- lected funds
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Hawaii Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Missouri	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 5 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	\$336, 325. 64 371, 302. 46 98, 111. 68 200. 264. 04 908, 894. 24 293, 902. 02 412, 323. 07 118, 861. 70 134, 039. 67 262, 090. 59 467, 874, 629. 35 140, 166. 68 739, 040. 04 641, 428. 73 908, 550. 79 708, 139. 15 153, 488. 61 214, 592. 32 138, 172. 84 509, 899. 19 419, 1944. 1972. 34 347, 909. 94 377, 474, 30	New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming Insular depositaries (including Philippine Islands): Canal Zone Panama	23 13 13 17 92 3 10 17 21 53 2 6 38 21 20 43 12	\$1, 804, 313, 44 204, 288, 26 2, 047, 270, 55 565, 541, 75 149, 639, 96 750, 968, 01 488, 085, 42 103, 558, 96 1, 379, 080, 22 264, 985, 42 426, 145, 66 217, 278, 84 425, 722, 38 804, 727, 21 42, 294, 96 108, 363, 35 1, 487, 365, 16 546, 899, 47 439, 329, 26 587, 786, 86 171, 672, 21
Montana Nebraska Nevada	10	134, 682. 16 384, 006. 49 93, 489. 59	Porto Rico Philippine Islands	1	33, 482. 2 732, 487. 2
New Hampshire		183, 349. 54	Total	1, 204	27, 577, 022. 4

No 18.—Federal reserve banks (with branches) and national banks designated as depositaries of public moneys, with the balance held June 30, 1924—Continued

FOREIGN DEPOSITARIES

Title of bank	To the credit of the Treasurer of the United States and United States disbursing officers	Title of bank	To the credit of the Treasurer of the United States and United States disbursing officers
Shanghai branch of the International Banking Corporation of New York City, Shanghai, China London branch of the Farmers Loan & Trust Co. of New York City, London, England London branch of the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York City, London, England Paris branch of the Bankers Trust Co. of New York City, Paris, France	\$45, 632. 97 5, 881. 32 6, 551. 16 175, 242. 85	Paris branch of the Equitable Trust Co. of New York City, Paris, France Paris Branch of the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York City, Paris, France. Banque Nationale de la Republique, Port au Prince, Haiti Genoa branch of the National City Bank of New York, Genoa, Italy Total	\$657. 95 27, 439. 36 82, 944. 39 35, 906. 79 380, 256. 79
Federal reserve banks. Special depositaries: Federal reserve ba	nks, fiscal age	nts 16	3, 250, 226. 26 2, 091, 572. 40

Federal reserve banks. Special depositaries: Federal reserve banks, fiscal agents.	162, 091, 572, 40
National bank and insular depositaries, general and limited	
Total	

No. 19.—Number of banks with semiannual duty levied, by fiscal years, and number of depositaries with bonds as security at close of each fiscal year from 1915

Fiscal year	Number of banks	Bonds held to secure circulation	Semiannual duty levied	Number of depos- itaries	Bonds held to secure deposits	Total bonds held
1915 1916 1917 1918 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1922 1923 1924	17,503 7,412 7,363 7,388 7,416 7,381 7,422 7,420 7,374 7,332	984, 488, 600 953, 503, 640	\$3,901,541.18 3,744,967.77 3,533,631.28 3,656,895.34 4,090,246.76 4,730,245.91 4,753,995.02 4,387,405.18 4,143,764.65 4,066,599.20	1, 491 1, 381 1, 368 1, 386 1, 399 671 718 1, 185 1, 257 1, 254	\$54, 854, 619 42, 674, 350 43, 054, 350 50, 344, 700 53, 720, 400 37, 637, 500 40, 352, 600 41, 569, 989 46, 071, 650 45, 242, 550	\$790, 878, 809 733, 115, 280 714, 387, 410 759, 025, 600 942, 108, 150 1, 022, 126, 100 993, 856, 240 860, 334, 989 795, 720, 340 796, 101, 480

¹ Number of banks having bonds on deposit with Treasurer from and after this date.

No. 20.—Checks issued by the Treasurer for interest on registered bonds during the fiscal year 1924

Title of loan	Num- ber	Amount	Title of loan	Num- ber	Amount
Philippine loan of— 1914–1934 (L. P.) 1915–1935 (P. I. B.) 1916–1935 (M. S. & W.). 1916–1936 (P. I. B.) 1917–1937 (M. S. & W.) 1918–1938 (M. S. & W.) 1919–1939 (P. I. B.) 1921–1941 (Cebu) 1926–1946 (Loan 1916) 1930–1950 (M. P. & I.) City of Manila (1920–1930–1950) Porto Rican gold loan of— 1920–1927 1933–1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949	1, 034 316 311 494 331 70 88 1, 011 1, 319 4 96 30 26 30 2 46 246 243 2	\$280, 000. 00 100, 000. 00 40, 000. 00 40, 000. 00 80, 000. 00 5, 000. 00 160, 000. 00 160, 000. 00 151, 250. 00 12, 800. 00 4, 000. 00	1954 1925–1939 Refunding, 1914 Refunding, municipal Irrigation, 1915 Insular, refunding 1916 public improvement 1918 public improvement 1918 public improvement 1920 house construction Public improvement of 1922 Public improvement of 1922 Public improvement of 1922 Irrigation of 1922 Irrigation of 1923 Workingmen's house construction, 1941–1942 District of Columbia (3.65)	14 224 190 12 76 83 85 26 38 84 127 106 45 20 1	24, 200, 00 24, 000, 00 24, 000, 00 8, 180, 00 20, 000, 00 20, 000, 00 11, 250, 00 45, 000, 00 25, 000, 00 25, 000, 00 12, 500, 00 12, 500, 00 12, 500, 00 13, 800, 00 14, 937, 50 1, 170, 00 158, 264, 00
1951	24	4, 000. 00	Total	10,002	1, 857, 951. 50

No. 21.—Interest on 3.65 per cent bonds of the District of Columbia paid during the fiscal year 1924

Coupons		\$6,807.86 156,895.25
	_	

No. 22.—Coupons from United States bonds and interest notes paid during the fiscal year 1924, classified by loans

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
(max. 4)		
Title of loans	Number	Amount
First Liberty loan 31/2 per cent honds, 1932–47	3, 468, 823	\$36, 061, 407, 83
First Liberty loan 3½ per cent bonds, 1932–47. First Liberty loan converted, 4 per cent, 1932–47.	92, 987	168, 645, 96
First Liberty loan converted, 41/4 per cent, 1932-47	2,600,886	16, 491, 939, 44
First Liberty loan second converted, 4½ per cent, 1932-47	12,088	102, 896, 96
First Liberty loan, 3½ per cent, 1932-47, converted account		1, 212. 69
Second Liberty loan, 4 per cent, 1927-42 Second Liberty loan converted, 4½ per cent, 1927-42	373, 390	840, 587. 00
Second Liberty loan converted, 41/4 per cent, 1927-42.	9, 576, 917	104, 475, 637. 80
Third Liberty loan, 4½ per cent, 1928 Fourth Liberty loan, 4½ per cent, 1933-38-	14, 667, 322	107, 919, 287. 09
Fourth Liberty loan, 41/4 per cent, 1933–38	19, 172, 831	201, 573, 335. 87
4½ per cent loan of 1947-52 4¾ per cent Victory notes, 1922-23.	586, 811	25, 007, 437. 41
434 per cent Victory notes, 1922-23	1, 193, 246	2, 847, 633. 85
3% per cent Victory notes, 1922-23	1, 272	14, 913. 61
Loan of 1925, 4 per cent	35, 514	284, 323. 00
Consols of 1930, 2 per cent. Panama Canal loan, 1916–36, 2 per cent.	5, 163	17, 208. 50
Panama Canal loan, 1916–36, 2 per cent	88	137. 40
Panama Canal loan, 1918-38, 2 per cent	311 26, 179	1, 425. 50 173, 018, 25
3 per cent loan of 1908-18	3, 750	1, 479, 00
5 per cent loan of 1905-16	73, 959	543, 352, 50
3 per cent conversion loan 2½ per cent postal savings loan, consolidated	6, 384	8, 181, 00
2½ per cent postal savings loan, consolidated	33	21. 25
2½ per cent postal savings loan, third series.	18	20. 50
2½ per cent postal savings loan, fourth series	18	19, 50
212 per cent nostal savings loan fifth series	8	14.00
2½ per cent postal savings loan, sixth series	1	. 25
3½ per cent certificates of indebtedness.	124	1, 952, 20
3¾ per cent certificates of indebtedness	24, 464	2, 546, 394, 81
4 per cent certificates of indebtedness.	51, 618	9, 640, 452. 92
41/4 per cent certificates of indebtedness	76, 182	12, 045, 559, 98
4½ per cent certificates of indebtedness	119, 542	14, 073, 804, 50
434 per cent certificates of indebtedness	5	463. 51
5 per cent certificates of indebtedness.		187. 50
5½ per cent certificates of indebtedness	79	2, 013. 18
5½ per cent certificates of indebtedness	105	3, 496. 43
5¾ per cent certificates of indebtedness	55	1, 318. 62
6 per cent certificates of indebtedness.	_36	1, 875. 00
5% per cent U. S. Treasury notes, series A-1924	223, 746	18, 486, 646. 44
5½ per cent U. S. Treasury notes, series B-1924	183, 327	20, 847, 929. 75
434 per cent U. S. Treasury notes, series A-1925.	210, 375	28, 455, 275. 95
43% per cent U. S. Treasury notes, series B-1925	153, 052	13, 127, 574. 30
4½ per cent U. S. Treasury notes, series C-1925. 4¾ per cent U. S. Treasury notes, series A-1926.	325, 417	18, 387, 761. 00
4½ per cent U. S. Treasury notes, series A-1926.	291, 907 178, 111	29, 204, 806. 29 17, 777, 780. 85
4½ per cent U. S. Treasury notes, series B-1920.	230, 148	15, 899, 663. 68
43/4 per cent U. S. Treasury notes, series B-1927	683, 045	26, 013, 964, 92
Type tent of 1869	1	3,00
Five-twenties of 1862 5 per cent loan of 1904	1	1. 25
4½ per cent funded loan of 1891	21	108. 01
4 per cent funded loan of 1907.	45	56. 00
Total	54, 649, 414	723, 053, 226, 25
		, ., .,

No. 23.—Checks drawn by the Secretary and paid by the Treasurer for interest on registered bonds of the United States during the fiscal year 1924

Title of loan	Rate		wn by the Sec- the Treasury	Checks paid by the Treas- urer of the United States		
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	interest	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	
Funded loan of 1891 Funded loan of 1907 Loan of 1925 Loan of 1908-1918 Consols of 1930 Panama Canal loan of 1961 Panama Canal loan of 1961 Panama Canal loan of 1916-1936 Panama Canal loan of 1918-1938 Postal savings Conversion First Liberty loan First Liberty loan, converted First Liberty loan, converted First Liberty loan, converted First Liberty loan, converted First Liberty loan, converted First Liberty loan, converted First Liberty loan Second Liberty loan Second Liberty loan Victory loan Victory loan Victory loan Treasury bonds 1947-1952	4 3 2 3 2 2 1/2 2 2 2 3 3 3 1/4 1/4 4 4 1/4 1/4 1/4 4 1/4 4 1/4 1/4	10, 568 30, 854 6, 667 3, 869 2, 214 7, 301 408 45, 810 216, 378 2, 220 32, 508 131, 219 649, 680 1, 305, 830 1, 823, 229	288, 681, 75 328, 587, 00 13, 464, 888, 50 6, 041, 567, 41 44, 863, 85 246, 766, 00 910, 148, 00 27, 811, 426, 39 30, 729, 149, 62 67, 436, 518, 50	1, 507 24, 598 6, 642 3, 865 3, 198 7, 651 48, 686 221, 854 2, 793 38, 171 161, 388 646, 229 1, 285, 813 1, 859, 813	\$1. 12 729. 50 4, 465, 486. 00 876. 25 11, 973, 312. 50 1, 321, 219. 75 987, 224. 40 509, 274. 14 289, 087. 31 328, 446. 38 13, 466, 408. 42 6, 023, 282. 51 46, 392. 75 258, 112. 00 919, 687. 00 27, 769, 988. 43 30, 702, 132. 45 67, 353, 529. 49 13. 13 64, 889. 97 7, 359, 316. 81	

No. 24.—Coupon interest on United States bonds paid by check during the fiscal year 1924

No.	Title of loan	paid by urer of th	lrawn and the Treas- le United ites
		Number	Amount
17090 17092 17093 17094	4½ per cent first Liberty loan. 4½ per cent second Liberty loan, converted. 4½ per cent third Liberty loan 4½ per cent fourth Liberty loan.	1 7 10 14	\$3. 18 31. 81 67. 03 50. 91
Ţ	Total.	32	152. 93

No. 25.—Money deposited in the Treasury each month of the fiscal year 1924 for the redemption of national-bank notes and Federal reserve bank notes

		Re	etirement accou	nt		
Month	By national banks on 5 per cent	By insolvent and liquidating	By banks re	Total		
	account	national banks	National banks	Federal reserve banks		
1923—July	\$38, 309, 745, 00 41, 499, 793, 24 43, 420, 841, 00 48, 806, 036, 20 44, 161, 180, 16 51, 415, 459, 75 37, 747, 916, 20 42, 599, 744, 13 46, 908, 023, 91 48, 315, 325, 52 44, 731, 666, 38	\$777, 200. 00 49, 980. 00 457, 247. 50 865, 997. 50 1, 424, 045. 00 687, 047. 50 739, 800. 00 2, 035, 990. 00 1, 222, 197. 50 1, 336, 697. 50 2, 352, 600. 00 1, 434, 250. 00	\$810, 690 1, 061, 600 532, 700 1, 165, 195 683, 540 2, 950, 090 640, 000 678, 850 1, 181, 800 1, 358, 250 1, 310, 890	\$200, 000 1, 420, 300	\$40, 097, 635, 00 44, 031, 673, 24 44, 410, 788, 50 50, 837, 228, 70 46, 268, 765, 16 47, 637, 615, 15 52, 795, 259, 75 40, 462, 756, 26 44, 994, 741, 63 49, 602, 971, 41 51, 423, 025, 52 47, 798, 306, 38	
Total	531, 907, 209. 14	13, 383, 052. 50	13, 128, 705	1, 941, 800	560, 360, 766. 64	

No. 26.—Amount of currency counted into the cash of the National Bank Redemption Agency and redeemed notes delivered, by fiscal years, from 1916 to 1923, and by months during the fiscal year 1924

					r	elivered fr	om Treasury						
		National-bank notes		Federal reserve notes		Federal reserve bank notes				United States			
Fiscal years	Counted into cash	For re-	For destruc-		enent	For re-	For destruc-	For re- turn to	For destruc-	For de- struction	Total	currency deposited in Treasury	Balance
		banks of issue	reissue	Bond secured	Emergency	banks of issue	tion	banks of issue	tion and reissue	and re- tirement			<u>-</u>
1916 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923	457, 447, 296, 37 393, 429, 111, 16 603, 914, 628, 55 911, 414, 508, 74 1, 015, 557, 593, 56 853, 026, 354, 15	50, 655, 650 45, 462, 100 28, 599, 350 3, 373, 500 16, 246, 000 8, 006, 740	256, 911, 175, 00 257, 543, 020, 00 449, 229, 862, 50	39, 409, 340, 50 19, 677, 000, 00 22, 835, 072, 50 23, 134, 384, 50 18, 302, 631, 00 16, 531, 870, 00	3, 808, 650, 00 1, 465, 990, 00 618, 495, 00 136, 240, 00 71, 370, 00 36, 480, 00	12, 430, 300 15, 893, 550 37, 297, 650 30, 780, 650 30, 719, 100	Dollars 24, 758, 450, 00 41, 582, 865, 00 46, 810, 780, 00 141, 033, 275, 00 242, 582, 997, 50 209, 810, 500, 00 68, 679, 100, 00 51, 218, 745, 00	27, 550 80, 350 2, 688, 700 390, 750 232, 250	Dollars 54, 900 972, 620 32, 967, 000 228, 090, 000 229, 483, 400 68, 273, 000 6, 373, 316	119, 158, 000	389, 207, 790. 00 524, 465, 382. 50 978, 008, 164. 50 1, 012, 954, 608. 50	613, 219, 00 681, 351, 50 857, 979, 50 7, 524, 353, 50	18, 030, 293, 97 21, 570, 263, 63 100, 161, 530, 18 26, 043, 520, 92
July	47, 062, 242, 03 51, 629, 966, 31 50, 940, 543, 14 60, 297, 120, 48 52, 848, 595, 03 48, 896, 581, 96	710, 200 376, 200 612, 200 47, 550	34, 667, 030. 00 42, 826, 520. 00 42, 526, 600. 00 45, 835, 787. 50 43, 540, 065. 00 43, 296, 105. 00	1, 313, 750. 00 1, 403, 150. 00 1, 437, 050. 00 1, 446, 400. 00	300.00 1,200.00 1,100.00 300.00	926, 400 858, 600 868, 400	3, 731, 500. 00 3, 925, 000. 00 3, 117, 600. 00 2, 747, 760. 00		18,000 35,000	976, 830	50, 752, 550, 00	1, 317, 228. 00 618, 574. 00 6, 438, 215. 00 2, 615, 127. 00	18, 363, 354, 19 17, 938, 622, 50 17, 508, 041, 64 18, 374, 609, 62 18, 954, 772, 65 17, 933, 917, 61
1924 Jan Feb Mar Apr May June	58, 248, 986, 81 41, 291, 101, 91 49, 887, 726, 23 52, 985, 862, 36 53, 671, 970, 04 48, 929, 910, 74	454, 000 459, 100 503, 600 728, 000	51, 635, 012. 50 35, 570, 002. 50 42, 947, 755. 00 45, 379, 930. 00 48, 099, 035. 00 43, 364, 380. 00	1, 875, 927. 50 2, 204, 920. 00 2, 245, 255. 00 2, 257, 630. 00	700. 00 1, 155. 00 720. 00 800. 00	403, 700 382, 600 432, 900 464, 000	2, 128, 600. 00 2, 253, 200. 00 1, 922, 400. 00 1, 940, 300. 00		36, 000 33, 000 19, 000 39, 000 22, 500	732, 000 458, 000 552, 000	59, 039, 907. 50 41, 197, 930. 00 48, 725, 730. 00 51, 075, 805. 00 54, 123, 765. 00 48, 615, 460. 00	7, 949. 00 13, 010. 00 11, 427. 00 7, 508. 00	15, 608, 866, 92 15, 694, 089, 83 16, 843, 076, 06 18, 741, 706, 42 18, 282, 403, 46 18, 589, 697, 20
Total	616, 690, 607. 04	7, 447, 200	519, 688, 222. 50	21, 780, 047. 50	9, 735. 00	7, 966, 000	32, 259, 960. 00		302, 500	11, 304, 330	600, 757, 995. 00	12, 795, 845. 00	

No. 27.—Currency received for redemption by the National Bank Redemption Agency from the principal cities and other places, by fiscal years, from 1916, in thousands

Fiscal years	New York	Boston	Phila- delphia	Balti- more	Chicago	Cincin- nati	St. Louis	New Orleans	Other places	Total
1916	\$211, 596 149, 447 104, 072 153, 647 174, 302 143, 062 161, 928 130, 414 93, 151	\$46, 594 33, 452 23, 171 34, 082 43, 686 47, 236 49, 176 46, 222 41, 183	\$34, 314 30, 240 25, 281 45, 582 84, 455 90, 028 73, 845 32, 706 61, 272	\$13, 835 8, 944 9, 855 8, 483 12, 208 13, 376 12, 498 19, 276 14, 209	\$77, 998 58, 043 39, 257 50, 350 80, 763 90, 645 72, 232 65, 722 68, 806	\$16, 991 14, 892 18, 021 49, 569 61, 672 47, 449 20, 432 18, 706 15, 738	\$35, 334 34, 497 25, 720 29, 207 33, 955 29, 940 30, 930 19, 186 17, 328	\$7, 847 6, 467 4, 783 8, 296 9, 631 9, 679 10, 114 8, 106 5, 646	\$120, 368 126, 463 148, 150 237, 632 407, 350 545, 338 421, 904 339, 038 299, 420	\$564, 877 462, 445 398, 310 616, 848 908, 022 1, 016, 753 853, 059 679, 376 616, 753

No. 28.—Mode of payment for currency redeemed at the National Bank Redemption Agency, by fiscal years, from 1916

Fiscal years	Treasurer's checks	United States currency			Credit in redemption account	Total	
1916 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924	\$34, 137, 302, 52 94, 416, 415, 22 41, 098, 909, 60 18, 418, 673, 20 40, 530, 245, 32 2, 997, 501, 43 503, 190, 00 354, 690, 94 263, 547, 45	\$418, 381, 906. 13 273, 264, 891. 03 101, 362, 222. 83 173, 265, 442. 78 45, 418, 429. 73 21, 585, 953. 87 445, 282. 01	\$19, 500. 50 21, 799. 90	\$104, 343, 158. 40 87, 044, 474. 76 249, 350, 534. 39 410, 481, 596. 25 823, 041, 581. 41 989, 478, 454. 43 851, 481, 806. 29 678, 864, 343. 39 616, 416, 511. 49	\$3, 094, 263. 35 2, 699, 715. 46 1, 617, 444. 34 1, 748, 916. 32 2, 424, 252. 28 1, 495, 683. 83 596, 075. 85 112, 693. 20 10, 548. 10	\$559, 976, 130. 90 457, 447, 296. 37 393, 429, 111. 16 603, 914, 628. 55 911, 414, 508. 74 1, 015, 557. 593. 56 853, 026, 354. 15 679, 331, 727. 53 616, 690, 607. 04	

No. 29.—Deposits, redemptions, assessments for expenses, and transfers and repayments on account of the 5 per cent redemption fund of national and Federal reserve banks, by fiscal years, from 1916

Fiscal years	Deposits	Redemptions	Assessments	Transfers and repayments	Balance
1916 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1922 1923	444, 389, 017. 14	\$438, 751, 345. 00 364, 396, 070. 00 366, 130, 575. 00 500, 128, 995. 00 954, 447, 760. 00 975, 422, 607. 50 742, 643, 782. 50 590, 009, 698. 50 567, 663, 882. 50	\$501, 119. 09 438, 261. 36 417, 333. 50 409, 138. 94 535, 201. 43 975, 457. 83 1, 113, 761. 64 987, 514. 91 771, 616. 17	\$3, 243, 633. 86 2, 320, 704. 57 18, 888, 159. 51 323, 245, 597. 09 773, 734, 755. 96 1, 046, 642, 184. 48 1, 193, 172, 412. 12 472, 687, 471. 78 914, 041, 328. 57	\$24, 220, 193, 11 25, 779, 483, 71 113, 459, 699, 13 224, 653, 225, 33 268, 216, 284, 51 286, 972, 455, 81 216, 294, 522, 00 206, 520, 308, 65 171, 173, 553, 91

Note.—Federal reserve notes not included until fiscal year 1918. Federal reserve note balance June 30, 1917, was \$28,727,266.29.

No. 30.—Deposits and redemptions on account of the retirement of circulation, by fiscal years, from 1916

NATIONAL-BANK NOTES

		Deposits				
Fiscal years	Insolvent and liquidating	Reducing	Total	Redemptions	Balance	
1916 ¹ 1917 1918 1919 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924	\$9, 995, 455. 00 6, 270, 262. 50 4, 160, 762. 50 2, 397, 900. 00 5, 474, 810. 00 10, 948, 735. 00 6, 589, 537. 50 13, 383, 052. 50	\$47, 435, 911. 95 27, 106, 280. 00 6, 090, 327. 50 20, 275, 417. 50 11, 335, 577. 50 8, 318, 280. 00 6, 211, 872. 50 12, 670, 250. 00 13, 128, 705. 00	\$57, 431, 366, 95 33, 376, 542, 50 10, 251, 090, 00 22, 673, 317, 50 16, 810, 387, 50 19, 267, 015, 00 11, 570, 627, 50 19, 259, 787, 50 26, 511, 757, 50	\$86, 151, 363. 00 43, 217, 990. 50 21, 142, 990. 00 23, 453, 567. 50 23, 270, 624. 50 18, 374, 001. 00 16, 568, 350. 00 21, 789, 782. 50	\$57, 590, 975, 00 47, 749, 527, 00 36, 857, 627, 00 36, 077, 377, 00 29, 716, 140, 00 30, 510, 154, 00 25, 512, 431, 50 28, 232, 139, 00 32, 954, 114, 00	

¹ Emergency currency included.

No. 30—Deposits and redemptions on account of the retirement of circulation, by fiscal years, from 1916—Continued

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK NOTES

Fiscal years	Deposits	Redemptions	Balance	
1916 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1922	\$4,000,000 261,600 20,920,000 95,516,000 71,287,784 1,941,800	\$1, 154, 775 1, 934, 225 882, 820 289, 780 19, 158, 000 90, 720, 000 57, 887, 084 11, 304, 330	\$2,845,225 911,000 28,180 1,762,000 0,558,000 19,958,700 10,596,170	

No. 31.—Expenses incurred in the redemption of national and Federal reserve currency, by fiscal years, from 1916

D	Charges for		asurer of the States	Office of Co the Cu	m., 1	
Fiscal years	transporta- tion	Salaries	Contingent expenses	Salaries	Contingent expenses	Total
916 917 918 919 920 920 921 922	\$177, 243. 42 154, 345. 56 159, 406. 20 229, 039. 24 326, 112. 76 319, 995. 66 265, 809. 00 197, 664. 61 189, 101. 40	\$216, 476. 96 214, 715. 47 196, 241. 31 239, 736. 42 499, 385. 51 596, 963. 82 567, 518. 28 469, 828. 06 441, 040. 43	\$13, 332. 13 7, 639. 20 11, 570. 29 13, 248. 62 63, 886. 26 74, 335. 21 31, 687. 36 14, 967. 31 18, 890. 01	\$42, 658. 70 42, 930. 86 45, 023. 67 46, 055. 22 91, 871. 24 117, 183. 19 117, 129. 58 78, 885. 54 73, 112. 04	\$439. 01 559. 33 544. 45 344. 74 1, 247. 67 6, 668. 27 3, 111. 61 1, 627. 89 1, 693. 64	\$450, 150. 420, 160. 412, 785. 528, 424. 982, 503. 1, 115, 146. 985, 255. 762, 973. 723, 837.

İ				Rate	of expense	per \$1,000				
	National-bank notes			Federal	reserve ba	nk notes	Federal reserve notes			
Fiscal years	Activ	7e		Act	tive	From oth		From other	ner sources	
	Fit for use	Unfit for use	Retire- ment	Fit for use	Unfit for use	Retire- ment	banks of issue	Fit for use	Unfit for use	
1916	\$0. 81722 . 98350 . 84876 . 72976 . 64823 . 81738 . 78670 . 85319 . 88838	\$1. 11822 1. 18380 94490 1. 04644 . 96382 . 95575 . 97308	\$0. 75066 . 78946 . 92882 . 76864 . 77429 . 71244 . 71936 . 71887	\$0. 98350 . 72881 1. 10802 . 95741 . 81171	\$0, 98350 . 78946 . 92882 1, 15854 . 97863 . 91759 . 82494 . 97450	\$0. 75066 . 78946 . 92882 1. 15854 . 97863 . 91759 . 82494 . 97450	\$0. 19523 . 21470 . 17295 . 10314 . 09437 . 12009 . 10062 . 11326 . 11123	\$0. 41880 . 26587 . 67248 . 58390 . 54137 . 64583 . 63719 . 68642	\$0. 41880 . 34754 43992 . 37080 . 38637 . 47018 . 45312 . 47807 . 49402	

Note.—For 1916 the rate for national-bank notes was the same for both active and retirement. For 1917 only, a rate of \$0.80183 was established for the District of Columbia banks for active notes, both fit and unfit for use, to adjust transportation charges.

No. 32.—General cash account of the National Bank Redemption Agency for the fiscal year 1924, and from July 1, 1874

	For fiscal year	From July 1, 1874
Dr.		
Balance from previous year	\$15, 452, 930. 16 616, 752, 899. 65 4, 312. 25	\$15, 362, 402, 459. 98 2, 754, 264. 08
Total	632, 210, 142. 06	15, 365, 156, 724. 06
Cr.		
National-bank notes returned to banks of issue. National-bank notes delivered to Comptroller of the Currency Federal reserve bank notes returned to banks of issue. Federal reserve bank notes delivered to Comptroller of the Currency. Federal reserve notes returned to banks of issue. Federal reserve notes delivered to Comptroller of the Currency. Money deposited in Treasury Packages referred and moneys returned. Express charges deducted. Counterfeit notes returned or discounted. "Shorts" Cash balance June 30, 1924	541, 478, 005. 00 11, 606, 830. 00 7, 966, 000. 00 32, 259, 960. 00 12, 795, 845. 00 234. 31 303. 72 395. 50 38. 789, 61	2, 982, 553, 186, 00 10, 319, 204, 744, 10 3, 419, 600, 00 749, 847, 750, 00 155, 357, 850, 00 858, 736, 672, 50 198, 543, 957, 73 76, 434, 149, 40 143, 902, 46 111, 987, 10 458, 176, 75 1, 755, 050, 82 18, 589, 697, 20
Total	632, 210, 142, 06	15, 365, 156, 724. 06

No. 33.—Average amount of national bank notes outstanding and the redemptions, by fiscal years, from 1875 (the first year of the agency)

	Average out-	Redemp	tions		Average out-	Redemp	tions
Years	standing	Amount	Per cent	Years	standing	Amount	Per cent
375 376 3776 3778 378 378 379 380 381 381 382 382 383 384 385 386 387 389 391 391 392 393 394	344, 483, 798 321, 828, 139 320, 625, 047 324, 244, 285 339, 530, 923 346, 314, 471 359, 736, 050 359, 868, 524 347, 746, 363 327, 022, 283 314, 815, 970 293, 742, 052 265, 622, 692 230, 648, 247 196, 248, 499 175, 911, 373 172, 113, 311 174, 755, 355 205, 322, 804	\$155, 520, 880 209, 038, 855 242, 885, 375 213, 151, 458 157, 656, 645 61, 585, 676 69, 650, 259 76, 089, 327 102, 699, 677 126, 152, 572 150, 209, 607 87, 689, 607 87, 689, 689 70, 256, 947 67, 460, 619 69, 625, 046 75, 340, 845, 225 105, 330, 844, 225 105, 330, 844, 86, 709, 133	43. 90 60. 68 75. 47 66. 48 48. 62 18. 13 17. 22 21. 15 28. 53 36. 27 45. 93 41. 38 29. 85 37. 32 38. 55 38. 1900 1901 1902 1903 1905 1906 1907 1908 1910 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918	468, 285, 475 538, 065, 425 580, 445, 599 662, 473, 554 680, 666, 307	\$96, 982, 608 147, 486, 578 171, 869, 258 196, 429, 621 262, 141, 930 308, 298, 760 296, 292, 885 240, 314, 681 461, 522, 202 502, 488, 994 461, 522, 202 502, 985, 964, 710 706, 756, 602 752, 923, 467 406, 622, 419 331, 507, 154 371, 361, 153 371, 361, 153 371, 361, 153 371, 361, 153	37. 2 43. 3 47. 9 51. 2 61. 1 65. 8 55. 0 70. 9 76. 0 87. 8 90. 0 93. 5 67. 8 90. 0 93. 5 94. 1 95. 1 96. 1	
896 897 898	232, 888, 449	108, 260, 978 113, 573, 776 97, 111, 687 90, 838, 301	49. 85 48. 76 42. 56 37, 96	1921 1922 1923 1924	729, 728, 404 748, 385, 215 762, 185, 655 773, 595, 367	517, 041, 511 624, 341, 433 541, 924, 488 552, 752, 522	70. 8 83. 4 71. 1 71. 4

No. 34.—Federal reserve notes, canceled and uncanceled, forwarded by Federal reserve banks and branches, counted and delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency for credit of Federal reserve agents

Fiscal year:	`
1916	\$24, 486, 000. 00 55, 042, 725, 00
1917	55, 042, 725, 00
1918	213, 730, 775, 00
1919 1920	701, 857, 330. 00
1920	1, 722, 882, 472. 50
1921	1, 781, 861, 460.00
1922 1923	2, 127, 406, 150. 00
1923	
1067	1, 200, 013, 020, 00

No. 35.—Number of notes of each kind of currency and denomination redeemed and delivered by the National Bank Redemption Agency during the fiscal year 1924

					-· ·							
			-	Nu	mber of note	s of each de	nomination	n	-			
	٠.											
Kind of currency				· .		I	1			1 •		
	1's	2's	5's	10's	20's	50's	100's	500's	1,000's	5,000's	10,000's	Total
	• .*	. :]			1			
National-bank notes:						[
1923—July			2,032,326	1,663,738	486, 260	11,907	4, 104					4, 198, 33
August September			2, 444, 186	1, 983, 164	574, 040	15, 459	5, 445					5,022,29
September			2, 430, 608	1, 975, 805	561, 751	13, 804	4,708	1				4, 986, 676
October			2,620,760	2, 149, 705	601, 804	15,024	4,980		i	l	l	5, 392, 27
November			2, 308, 821	2,063,037	583, 167	14, 348	4,791	l		1		4, 974, 16
December	431	146	2, 399, 815	2, 077, 413	589, 604	15, 201	4, 505	l	l	1		5, 087, 11
1924—January			2, 636, 082	2, 583, 066	703, 139	17, 207	5, 665					5, 945, 15
February			2, 148, 068	1, 662, 660	474, 480	12, 304	4, 289	1	l	!		4, 301, 80
March April May			2, 315, 112	2, 060, 374	605, 544	15, 730	5, 362	l	l	1	Ii	5, 002, 12
April			2, 492, 399	2, 116, 899	647, 201	18, 575	6, 258					5, 281, 33
May			2, 673, 501	2, 222, 103	680, 686	21, 193	8, 236					5, 605, 71
June			2, 286, 286	2,021,502	642, 895	20,746						4, 979, 12
•				,,		20,110						
Total nationals	431	146	28, 787, 964	24, 579, 466	7, 150, 571	191, 498	66, 037					60, 776, 11
Cadanil massage hands makens												
Federal reserve bank notes:	854,000	182,000	59, 400	8,800	4, 950	20		l .		1		1 100 17
	684,000	182,000	58, 600	7, 300	3, 950	20						1, 109, 170 935, 870
August	762,000		68, 400	7, 200	5, 300	20						
September	702,000	154,000		4, 100	3, 600	80						996, 98
October	598, 000	96,000	45, 400 41, 509	3, 704		40						747, 10
November	475, 667	112, 279	41,009	3, 704	2,801	40						636, 00
December	346,000	114,000	36, 800		3,350	20	-					503, 47
1924—January	412,000	108,000	43, 800	6,700	4,600							575, 10
February	314,000	74,000	39, 600	3, 500	3, 400	40						434, 54
March	212,000	66,000	16,800	2,000	1,450			¦	<u> </u>			298, 25
April	240,000	54,000	31, 800	2, 900	2,700	20						331, 42
May	270, 000	90,000	20, 500	2,500	2,725							385, 76
June	152, 000	32,000	18,000	1,500	1,500			<i></i>	J			205, 000
Total Federal reserve bank notes	5, 319, 667	1, 264, 279	480, 609	53, 504	40, 326	280						7, 158, 66
Federal reserve notes:						i	ŀ	l		l i		
1923—July			4, 806, 190	3,099,080	1, 823, 845	151, 113	37, 342	926	857	1	1	9, 919, 37
Angust			5, 263, 360	3, 571, 845	1, 937, 935	180, 478	38, 216	689	792	3	1	10, 993, 31
September October			5, 346, 840	3, 828, 885	2,033,605	169, 873	35, 293	686	567	3	3	11, 415, 75
October			6, 489, 640	4, 407, 500	2, 308, 260	175, 612	38, 842	4, 280	2,844	10	4	11, 415, 75, 13, 426, 99
November			6, 337, 240	4, 356, 039	2, 283, 561	184, 273	38, 897	1,011	710	6		13, 201, 737
December			6, 159, 820	3, 962, 600	2,064,360		30, 987	520	587			12, 376, 35

1924—January February March April May June			9, 637, 360 7, 706, 730 6, 286, 330	4, 521, 945 2, 955, 100 3, 403, 255 3, 504, 329 3, 350, 500 2, 982, 185	2, 438, 575 1, 568, 355 1, 900, 270 1, 974, 995 1, 991, 390 1, 791, 375	169, 017 133, 815 188, 976 179, 786 190, 113 160, 634	36, 183 27, 757 32, 307 39, 102 45, 979 44, 892	587 527 894 1, 058 1, 193 1, 440	441 . 517 855 861 1,177 1,159	6 1 5 4 3 2	2 1 2 1	14, 151, 424 12, 993, 804 16, 167, 633 15, 337, 497 13, 287, 086 11, 268, 017
Total Federal reserve notes			83, 966, 980	43, 943, 263	24, 116, 526	2,041,185	445, 797	13,811	11, 367	48	15	154, 538, 992
United States currency: 1923—July August September October November December 1924—January February March April May June	1, 521, 151 1, 498	338 399 449 400, 424 300, 154 139 272 272 133 103 48 70 9.	778 81, 514 1, 226 501, 033 101, 307 861 1, 421 585 1, 395 626 619 482	283 302 230 670 327 221 282 175 242 354 267 295	60 83 101 102 47 47 83 43 66 159 48	1 6 1 2 7 3 8 2	1 11 5 5 5 2					208, 631 986, 379 609, 183 4, 025, 298 1, 904, 771 2, 734 1, 523, 221 2, 442 3, 008 2, 372 2, 047 1, 392
Total United States currency	7, 872, 594	702, 538	691, 737	3, 648	893	33	35					9, 271, 478
Aggregate	13, 192, 692	1, 966, 963	113, 927, 290	68, 579, 881	31, 308, 316	2, 232, 996	511, 869	13, 811	11, 367	48	15	231, 745, 248

No. 36.—Amount of money outside of the Treasury, the amount held by Federal reserve banks and agents, and the amount in circulation, the per capita, and the estimated population of the United States, on the 1st day of each month from July, 1922

[For details as to the general stock and kinds of money see Annual Report of the Secretary of the Treasury for 1924, Tables R, S, and T]

Ť	Money outside of the Treasury								
Date		Held by Fed-	In circula	Population of conti-					
	Total	eral reserve banks and agents	Amount	Per capita	nental United States (estimated)				
July 1, 1922 Aug. 1, 1922 Sept. 1, 1922 Oct. 1, 1922 Nov. 1, 1922 Dec. 1, 1922 Dec. 1, 1923 July 1, 1923 Mar. 1, 1923 Mar. 1, 1923 May 1, 1923 May 1, 1923 July 1, 1923 July 1, 1923 July 1, 1923 July 1, 1923 July 1, 1923 July 1, 1923 July 1, 1923 July 1, 1923 July 1, 1924 Aug. 1, 1924 July 1, 1924 May 1, 1924 May 1, 1924 May 1, 1924 May 1, 1924 July 1, 1924 July 1, 1924 July 1, 1924 July 1, 1924 July 1, 1924 July 1, 1924 July 1, 1924 July 1, 1924 July 1, 1924 July 1, 1924 July 1, 1924 July 1, 1924 July 1, 1924 July 1, 1924 July 1, 1924 Sept. 1, 1924 Sept. 1, 1924 Sept. 1, 1924 Sept. 1, 1924 Sept. 1, 1924 Oct. 1, 1924	5, 720, 316, 896 5, 773, 712, 579 5, 789, 293, 932 5, 824, 680, 130 5, 972, 238, 240 5, 791, 172, 672 5, 820, 964, 648 5, 793, 770, 425 5, 808, 801, 608 5, 869, 810, 616 5, 995, 392, 861 6, 058, 585, 019 6, 116, 567, 063 6, 140, 318, 291 6, 189, 517, 968 6, 360, 177, 897 6, 159, 201, 299 6, 162, 562, 381 6, 125, 437, 231 6, 149, 820, 172 6, 128, 670, 123 6, 128, 953, 189 6, 102, 299, 164	\$1, 292, 076, 982 1, 338, 279, 763 1, 326, 809, 969 1, 252, 817, 286 1, 219, 013, 105 1, 208, 172, 071 1, 239, 339, 249 1, 282, 045, 154 1, 210, 327, 980 1, 138, 094, 635 1, 140, 760, 529 1, 163, 887, 217 1, 209, 623, 736 1, 280, 678, 208 1, 266, 364, 924 1, 266, 360, 217 1, 409, 092, 514 1, 409, 092, 514 1, 477, 493, 515 1, 354, 784, 635 1, 312, 576, 189 1, 389, 706, 613 1, 312, 576, 189 1, 389, 706, 613 1, 313, 268, 668 1, 374, 180, 435 1, 438, 081, 896 1, 312, 001, 158 1, 342, 404, 392	\$4, 375, 555, 653 4, 337, 418, 158 4, 393, 506, 927 4, 520, 895, 293 4, 616, 508, 059 4, 732, 898, 991 4, 509, 127, 518 4, 616, 568, 668 4, 655, 675, 790 4, 668, 641, 079 4, 705, 923, 390 4, 729, 378, 516 4, 695, 769, 125 4, 695, 769, 125 4, 977, 906, 811 4, 849, 921, 139 4, 831, 252, 947 4, 923, 157, 751 4, 951, 085, 383 4, 812, 861, 042 4, 760, 113, 559 4, 815, 401, 455 4, 754, 772, 754 4, 665, 187, 268 4, 773, 878, 272 4, 806, 366, 540	\$39. 87 39. 47 39. 93 41. 44 41. 80 42. 81 40. 61 41. 98 42. 04 42. 50 42. 185 43. 45 44. 01 44. 22 44. 01 44. 23 44. 01 44. 25 44. 01 44. 25 44. 01 44. 25 45. 25 46. 35 47. 35 48. 35	109, 743, 000 1109, 880, 000 110, 155, 000 110, 155, 000 110, 155, 000 110, 432, 000 110, 678, 000 110, 796, 000 110, 796, 000 111, 150, 000 111, 150, 000 111, 150, 000 111, 505, 000 111, 505, 000 111, 740, 000 112, 213, 000 112, 213, 000 112, 588, 000 112, 588, 000 112, 588, 000 112, 588, 000 112, 588, 000 112, 884, 000 112, 894, 000 112, 922, 000 113, 040, 000				

No. 37.—Total amount expended on account of the Panama Canal, the receipts from tolls, etc., and the proceeds of sales of bonds to the close of the fiscal year 1924

Period	Construction, maintenance, and operation	tions	Interest paid on Panama Canal loans	Total dis- bursements	Deduct receipts from tolls, etc.	Balance
To June 30, 1914 Fiscal year— 1915	24, 427, 107. 29 14, 638, 194. 78 15, 949, 262. 47	4, 767, 605. 38 2, 868, 341. 97 3, 313, 532. 55 7, 487, 862. 36 1, 561, 364. 74 3, 433, 592. 82 2, 088, 007. 66 896, 327. 45 950, 189. 20	3, 199, 385. 06 3, 189, 024. 79 3, 103, 250. 67 2, 976, 476. 55 2, 984, 888. 33 3, 040, 872. 89 2, 994, 776. 66 2, 995, 398. 41 2, 997, 904. 81	32, 394, 097. 73 20, 695, 561. 54 22, 366, 045. 69 23, 764, 101. 47 15, 250, 662. 81 12, 505, 929. 43 21, 313, 175. 11 6, 682, 761. 26 7, 568, 597. 38	\$4, 130, 215. 15 2, 869, 995. 28 6, 150, 668. 59 6, 414, 570. 25 6, 777, 046. 55 9, 039, 670. 95 11, 914, 361. 32 12, 049, 660. 65 17, 869, 985. 25	17, 825, 566. 26 16, 215, 377. 10 17, 349, 531. 22 8, 473, 616. 26 3, 466, 258. 48 9, 398, 813. 79
Total Deduct proceeds of bonds sold Net balance expended out of the general fund of the Treas- ury		34, 027, 879. 50	45, 357, 727. 15	541, 010, 288. 34	103, 290, 687. 32	437, 719, 601. 02 138, 600, 869. 02 299, 118, 732. 00

¹ Net receipts from tolls, etc., in excess of disbursements.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MINT

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF THE MINT,
Washington, D. C., September 23, 1924.

Sir: In compliance with the provisions of section 345, Revised Statutes of the United States, I have the honor to submit herewith a report covering the operations of the mints and assay offices of the United States for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, being the fifty-second annual report of the Director of the Mint. There is also submitted for publication in connection therewith the annual report of this bureau upon the production and consumption of the precious metals in the United States for the calendar year 1923.

OPERATION OF THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES

INSTITUTIONS OF THE MINT SERVICE

Eleven mint service institutions operated throughout the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924: Coinage mints at Philadelphia, San Francisco, and Denver; assay office at New York, which makes large sales of fine gold bars; mints at New Orleans and Carson City conducted as assay offices; and assay offices at Boise, Helena, Deadwood, Seattle, and Salt Lake City. The seven last-named institutions are, in effect, bullion-purchasing agencies for the large institutions, and also serve the public by making, at nominal charge, assays of ores and bullion. Electrolytic refineries are operated at the New York, Denver, and San Francisco institutions.

COINAGE

During the first half of the fiscal year the demand for small coins—quarters, dimes, nickels, cents—in the territory served by the Philadelphia Mint was such that the stocks of those coins were exhausted and it was necessary to operate the Philadelphia Mint on a 24 hours per day basis. It is thus evident that notwithstanding the enormous issues of small coins during the five-year period 1917–1921 there is no redundancy of coins below the dollar. As a result of the demand for small coins the total number of pieces, 262,178,080, of domestic coin executed during the fiscal year just closed exceeded the combined totals of the two preceding fiscal years, when the mints were principally occupied in replacing the silver dollars sold under the Pittman Act and in adding to the stock of gold coin. Silver dollars were made during the past fiscal year only at the Philadelphia Mint, the total being \$11,870,000. The Denver Mint operated almost exclusively on double eagles, which were also made at the San Francisco and Philadelphia Mints, the total gold coin executed being \$154,120,000. Subsidiary coin to the value of \$10,276,040 was executed and minor coin, \$3,822,420, was made, giving a total value

of domestic coinage executed, \$180,088,460. This compares with prior year value of \$172,196,760. Foreign coin was manufactured during the past fiscal year only at the Philadelphia Mint, the total number of pieces being 9,632,196, of which 4,482,196 silver 1-sol pieces were made for Peru, 4,450,000 silver pieces for Venezuela, and 700,000 bronze pieces for Nicaragua. The total number of pieces executed during the fiscal year, foreign and domestic, was 271,810,276, which compares with 136,758,500 during the prior fiscal year.

GOLD OPERATIONS

Gold acquired by the Government at the several mint service institutions during the fiscal year 1924 totaled \$488,753,331.72. This has been exceeded during only four fiscal years, as follows: 1917, 907.96 million dollars; 1921, 673.16 million dollars; 1922, 540.63 million dollars; 1916, 508.08 million dollars. During the 10 fiscal years 1915 to 1924, inclusive, since the beginning of the World War, the total gold acquired by the Government was valued at \$4,269,000,000. As during the previous fiscal year, the greater portion of gold received came to the United States assay office at New York in the form of imported refined bars, although foreign coin received at the New York office was a material item. United States gold coin received by the mints for recoinage amounted to \$3,008,441.65; transfers of gold between mint offices totaled \$9,493,529.07; and the aggregate amount of gold received by the several mint service institutions during the fiscal year 1924 was \$501,255,302.44.

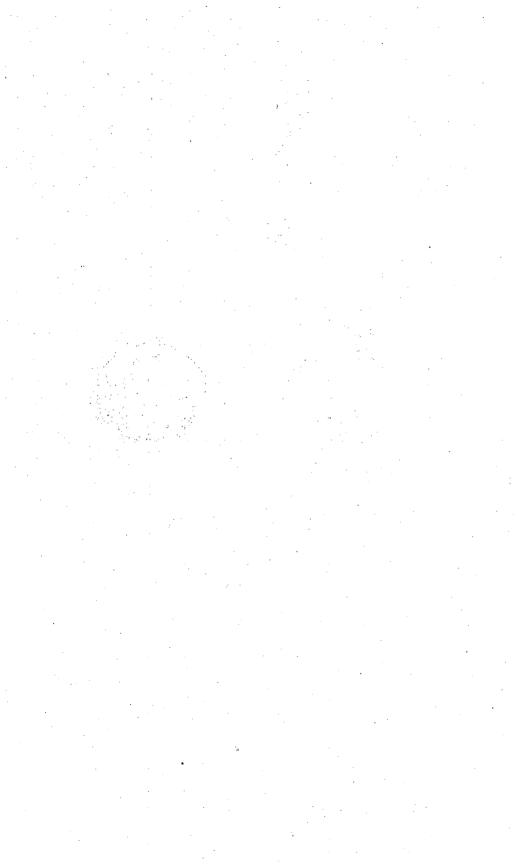
SILVER OPERATIONS

Receipts of purchased silver during the fiscal year 1924 totaled 18,785,464.93 fine ounces, of which 15,601,961.73 fine ounces was Pittman Act silver, costing \$1 per ounce. The average cost of other purchased silver was slightly under 63.6 cents per ounce, total cost being \$2,011,633.03 for 3,183,503.20 fine ounces. Silver received in exchange for bars bearing the Government stamp totaled 3,196,585.49 fine ounces; United States silver coin received for recoinage totaled 1,492,359.05 fine ounces, the recoinage value being \$2,063,050.34; silver deposited in trust by other governments totaled 2,313,084.28 fine ounces; and transfers between mint service offices totaled 1,604,562.79 fine ounces, making the aggregate quantity of silver received by the several mint service offices during the fiscal year, 27,393,056.54 fine ounces.

All of the silver purchased under the terms of the so-called Pittman Act, remaining undelivered June 30, 1923, has been received during the past fiscal year except 588,642 ounces. Deliveries to the mints upon all accepted tenders must be made on or before October 1, 1924. Approximately 36,000,000 silver dollars remain to be coined from the

silver purchased under this act.

The New York market price of silver during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, averaged \$0.64517; the lowest price was \$0.62875 on August 23-24, 1923; and the highest price \$0.675 on various dates in June, 1924.





Obverse



Reverse

HUGUENOT-WALLOON TERCENTENARY HALF DOLLAR 10065—FI 1924†. (Face p. 481.)

REFINERIES

The refinery at the Denver Mint, which has been closed since 1920, was reopened in September, 1923, on account of the large accumulations of unrefined gold and silver bullion. Material quantities of silver bullion purchased under the terms of the Pittman Act could not be coined until separated from other metals and impurities with which combined, such bullion representing a large inert governmental investment. Several years will be required for refining this silver, and with the accumulations and regular purchases of other silver and gold the continued operation of the Denver refinery will be essential.

Production of electrolytically refined gold by the three refineries— New York, San Francisco, Denver-totaled during the past fiscal year 3,925,962 ounces, as compared with 1,738,848 ounces from two refineries during the fiscal year 1923. Electrolytically refined silver from three refineries last year totaled 6,616,817 ounces, as compared with 3,570,784 ounces from two refineries during the fiscal year Both the New York and San Francisco refineries materially increased their production last year, while the Denver refinery contributed about 17 per cent of the total.

SPECIAL COIN DESIGN

The Huguenot-Walloon half dollar was authorized by act of February 26, 1923, in commemoration of the three hundredth anniversary of the settling of New Netherland (the Middle States) in 1624, by Walloons (French and Belgian Huguenots) under the Dutch West The obverse of the coin bears profile likenesses of Admiral Coligny and William the Silent, leaders in the strife for civil and religious liberty. The reverse bears a reproduction of the ship New Nederland, in which the refugees came to the New World.

STOCK OF COIN AND MONETARY BULLION IN THE UNITED STATES

On June 30, 1924, the estimated stock of domestic coin in the United States was \$1,864,423,056, of which \$1,083,053,827 was gold, \$503,754,851 standard silver dollars, and \$277,614,378 subsidiary silver coin.

The stock of gold bullion in the mints, assay offices, and Federal reserve banks on the same date was valued at \$3,407,753,476, a gain during the year of \$355,900,757; the stock of silver bullion was 32,655,072.24 fine ounces, a gain of 1,894,058.13 fine ounces.

PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER

Domestic gold production during the calendar year 1923 exceeded that of the three prior years, the total being \$51,734,000 as compared with \$48,849,100 in 1922. The output continues at approximately

half of that for the record year 1915, when the total was \$101,035,700. Silver of domestic production during 1923 totaled 73,335,170 fine ounces, this total having been exceeded only during the years 1915 and 1916. The record production of 1915 was 74,961,075 fine ounces, while the 1922 output was 56,240,048 fine ounces. The 1923 cilver product is valued at \$60,134,820. silver product is valued at \$60,134,839.

INDUSTRIAL CONSUMPTION OF GOLD AND SILVER

Gold consumed in the industrial arts during the calendar year 1923 is estimated at \$69,292,245, of which \$40,013,175 was new material.

Silver used in the arts is estimated at 36,824,977 fine ounces, of which 28,355,171 fine ounces was new material.

As compared with the prior year, gold consumption increased about \$10,000,000 and silver consumption decreased about 1,000,000 ounces.

IMPORT AND EXPORT OF DOMESTIC GOLD COIN

The net import of domestic gold coin during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, was \$19,183,640; during the prior fiscal year there was net export of \$1,431,911. During the 10 fiscal years 1915–1924, since the opening of the World War, there has been a net export of \$781,193,057. Since 1870 the net export of domestic gold coin has been \$1,658,842,121.

APPROPRIATIONS, EXPENSES, AND INCOME

Appropriations available for mint service during the fiscal year 1924 totaled \$1,542,522.50, and reimbursements to appropriations for services rendered amounted to \$333,751.60, making a total of \$1,876,274.10.

Expenses amounted to \$1,848,461.41, of which \$1,810,259.85 were chargeable to appropriations and \$38,201.56 chargeable to income.

The income realized by the Treasury from the mint service aggregated \$8,616,444.37, of which \$7,437,835.76 was seigniorage. The seigniorage included \$2,686,904.57 on the coinage of silver dollars, which amount offsets an equal loss which was incurred when the silver dollars were melted and sold under terms of the Pittman Act. The seigniorage on subsidiary silver coin was \$1,640,697.25; on nickel coin, \$2,228,371.99; and on bronze coin, \$881,861.95.

Summary of appropriations, expenses, and balances, fiscal year 1924

Items	Salaries	Wages	Contin- gent expenses	Increase of compensation	Freight on bullion	Total.
Appropriations	\$265, 330. 00	\$756, 892. 50 249, 221. 35	\$336, 500. 00 84, 530. 25	\$178, 800. 00	\$5, 000. 00	\$1, 542, 522. 50 333, 751. 60
Total available	265, 330. 00 250, 352. 63	1,006,113.85 985, 780. 16	421, 030. 25 398, 477. 60	178, 800. 00 170, 652. 54	5, 000. 00 4, 996. 92	1, 876, 274. 10 1, 810, 259. 85
Unexpended halances	14, 977. 37	20, 333. 69	22, 552. 65	8, 147. 46	3. 08	66, 014. 25

AN IMPROVED GOLD COINAGE ALLOY

Electrolytic cathode copper was substituted for electrolytic ingot copper at the three coinage mints during the past year for alloying the gold coinage. This resulted in a marked reduction of gold losses usually attending melting operations; it produced a better alloy and

coin of more uniformity of color and quality. Cathode sheet copper, being taken directly from the electrolytic process cells, does not absorb oxygen, which, with the formation of copper oxide, is incident to melting cathodes into copper ingots.

ADDITIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS

At the Denver Mint a new storage vault was installed during the past fiscal year, in the space formerly occupied by the power plant. It comprises two floors, each approximately 28 by 52 feet, and is modernly equipped; an automatic electric elevator provides ready transportation between floors for the heavily loaded trucks that are used in handling coin and bars.

At the Philadelphia Mint the new machinery built included coinage presses for the home institution, automatic scales for the San Francisco Mint, replacement parts for the several mints, and hand trucks

for the New York assay office.

At the New York assay office the Cottrell electrical precipitator for the recovery of values carried off in the furnace gases, recently installed, was in operation during the entire year. The values recovered, operating on comparatively low-grade bullion, were materially greater than those obtained previous to installation of this precipitator. Larger recoveries on the normally higher-grade bullion treated are anticipated.

DEPOSITS OF GOLD AND SILVER, INCOME, EXPENSES, AND EMPLOYEES, BY INSTITUTIONS, FISCAL YEAR 1924

The number and value of deposits, transfers, gross income, and expenses for the fiscal year 1924, and the number of employees on June 30, 1924, at each institution, are shown in the following table:

Institutions	Number of deposits of gold and silver	Number of mint service transfers	Coining value of gold and silver received ¹	Gross income	Gross expense	Excess of income (+) or of expenses (-)	Em- ploy- ees June 30, 1924
Philadelphia San Francisco Denver New York New Orleans Carson City Boise Helena Deadwood Seattle Salt Lake City	20, 783 15, 820 3, 181 19, 165 500 242 553 343 37 1, 496 135	1, 388 1, 024 58 626 3	\$27, 659, 943. 66 54, 076, 348. 25 12, 000, 970. 81 424, 670. 392. 69 1, 314, 946. 64 296, 936. 88 366, 772. 04 35, 170. 80 4, 771, 327. 67 61, 189. 13	\$6, 770, 548. 21 1, 032, 860. 52 241, 245. 04 563, 845. 84 914. 22 624. 89 1, 607. 49 800. 14 363. 13 3, 132. 29 502. 60	\$868, 623. 08 307, 652. 43 221, 905. 35 351, 193. 00 11, 711. 09 5, 210. 17 7, 061. 06 5, 946. 64 5, 117. 63 25, 033. 17 4, 074. 30	+\$5, 901, 925. 13 +725, 208. 09 +19, 339. 69 +212, 652. 84 -10, 796. 87 -4, 585. 28 -5, 453. 57 -5, 146. 50 -4, 754. 50 -21, 900. 88 -3, 571. 70	350 134 89 133 6 3 4 3 3 11
Total field Mint bureau	62, 255	3, 103	525, 512, 344. 02	8, 616, 444. 37	1, 813, 527, 92 34, 933, 49	+6, 802, 916. 45 -34, 933. 49	738 14
Grand total Fiscal year 1923	62, 255 88, 588	3, 103 1, 903	525, 512, 344. 02 419, 508, 051. 13	8, 616, 444. 37 26, 708, 686. 38	1, 848, 461. 41 2, 022, 667. 37	+6, 767, 982. 96 +24, 686, 019. 01	752 752

 $^{^1}$ Gold valued at \$20.67 per fine ounce; silver for standard dollars valued at \$1.29 per fine ounce; and silver for subsidiary coin at \$1.38 per fine ounce.

COINAGE

Details of the coinage executed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, are given below:

Domestic coinage of the United States mints during the fiscal year 1924

		San Fran-		Total		
Denominations	Philadelphia	cisco.	Denver	Value	Pieces	
Double eagles—gold	\$50, 335, 000	\$36, 260, 000	\$67, 525, 000	\$154, 120, 000	7, 706, 000	
Silver dollars Half dollars. Half dollars Huguenot-Walloon Quarter dollars. Dimes	71, 040 2, 768, 000 4, 728, 000	1, 089, 000 340, 000 1, 240, 000	40,000	11, 870, 000 1, 089, 000 71, 040 3, 108, 000 6, 008, 000	11, 870, 000 2, 178, 000 142, 080 12, 432, 000 60, 080, 000	
Total silver	19, 437, 040	2, 669, 000	40, 000	22, 146, 040	86, 702, 080	
5-cent nickels 1-cent bronze	2, 143, 800 985, 720	307, 100 155, 800	230, 000	2, 680, 900 1, 141, 520	53, 618, 000 114, 152, 000	
Total minor	3, 129, 520	462, 900	230, 000	3, 822, 420	167, 770, 000	
Total value	72, 901, 560	39, 391, 900	67, 795, 000	180, 088, 460		
Total pieces	214, 328, 830	39, 473, 000	8, 376, 250		262, 178, 080	
Prior fiscal year, total value Prior fiscal year, total pieces	\$91, 858, 760 79, 221, 000	\$51, 557, 000 34, 945, 500	\$28, 781, 000 18, 692, 000	\$172, 196, 760	132, 858, 500	

Coinage for other countries, consisting of 8,932,196 silver and 700,000 bronze pieces, made by the mint at Philadelphia during the fiscal year 1924, is detailed below:

Peru:		Venezuela—Continued.	
Silver—	Pieces	Silver—Continued.	Pieces
Un sol	4, 482, 196	½ bolivar	800, 000
Venezula:		1/4 bolivar	400, 000
Silver—		Nicaragua:	
5 bolivars	500, 000	Bronze—	
2 bolivars	1, 250, 000	Un centava	300, 000
1 bolivar	1, 500, 000	Medio	400, 000

ISSUE OF FINE GOLD BARS FOR GOLD COIN AND GOLD BULLION

The value of the fine gold bars issued in exchange for gold coin and bullion, monthly, by the United States mints at Philadelphia, San Francisco, and Denver, and the assay office at New York during the fiscal year 1924 was as follows:

EXCHANGED FOR GOLD COIN OR GOLD CERTIFICATES

Months	Philadelphia	San Francisco	Denver	New York	Total
1923					<u> </u>
July	\$60, 989. 58	\$54,757.60		\$3, 643, 406. 80	\$3,759,153.98
August	66, 744. 44	32, 187. 29		4, 200, 121. 34	4, 299, 053. 0
September	63, 621. 61	26, 420. 40		5, 057, 244. 18	5, 147, 286. 19
October	79, 494. 57	41, 358. 07		6, 289, 275. 24	6, 410, 127. 8
November	61, 084, 55	36, 294, 89	[4, 735, 252, 94	4, 832, 632, 3
December	67, 328, 01	35, 046. 03		3, 420, 140. 14	3, 522, 514. 1
1924				. 1	
January	86, 017, 46	31, 027. 92	l	4, 902, 596, 85	5, 019, 642, 2
February	54, 888. 06	35, 082. 20		5, 604, 796, 83	5, 694, 767, 0
March	46, 260, 45	36, 019. 99		5, 500, 268. 16	5, 582, 548, 6
April	65, 472. 27	36, 027. 64		4, 590, 188. 58	4, 691, 688. 4
May	47, 158. 75	42, 484. 44		3, 861, 440. 83	3, 951, 084. 0
Tuno	35, 126, 59	25, 300. 92		4, 069, 425, 11	4, 129, 852, 6
June	20, 120. 09	20, 300. 92		4,000,425.11	4, 128, 602. 0
Total	734, 186, 34	432,007.39		55, 874, 157. 00	57, 040, 350. 7
Prior fiscal year	2, 703, 867. 09	729, 495. 28		67, 469, 666, 01	70, 903, 028. 3

EXCHANGED FOR GOLD BULLION

Months	Philadelphia	San Francisco	Denver	New York	Total
July	\$85, 575. 67	\$4, 322. 19	\$4, 086. 83	\$374, 954, 92	\$468, 939. 61
	65, 282. 39	9, 678. 73	3, 432. 17	340, 342, 26	418, 735. 55
	70, 409. 99	9, 717. 83	4, 442. 53	355, 745, 85	440, 316. 20
	130, 707. 92	9, 127. 35	5, 854. 11	428, 101, 97	573, 791. 35
	100, 550. 10	7, 091. 84	6, 117. 09	418, 459, 19	532, 218. 22
	85, 542. 50	6, 917. 15	5, 101. 78	317, 537, 39	415, 098. 82
1924 January February March April May June	90, 466. 36	4, 558. 18	5, 112. 43	417, 642, 26	517, 779, 23
	95, 490. 03	7, 187. 36	6, 486. 07	435, 358, 88	544, 522, 34
	90, 484. 06	8, 185. 15	12, 880. 28	385, 193, 37	496, 742, 86
	156, 040. 07	5, 221. 37	9, 011. 45	469, 687, 94	639, 960, 83
	105, 491. 50	5, 088. 64	12, 907. 79	415, 055, 27	538, 542, 20
	60, 408. 81	927. 65	10, 857. 89	289, 280, 08	361, 474, 43
Total	1, 136, 449. 40	78, 023. 44	86, 290, 42	4, 647, 359. 38	5, 948, 122. 64
Prior fiscal year	769, 450. 13	72, 320. 01	51, 248, 01	5, 270, 756. 05	6, 163, 774. 20

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF GOLD BULLION AND BALANCES ON HAND

Receipts and disbursements of gold bullion during the fiscal year 1924 and balance on hand on June 30, 1924, as compared with June 30, 1923, are shown in the following table:

				·	
Institutions	Balance on June 30, 1923	Receipts during fiscal year 1924 (details below)	Total	Disbursements during fiscal year 1924 (details below)	Balance on June
Philadelphia San Francisco Denver. New York New Orleans Carson City Boise Helena Deadwood Seattle Salt Lake City	\$275,059,520.90 441,320,696.69 196,566,277.38 2,138,113,531.91 571,343.17 37,766.04 31,597,75 10,993.20 1,875.94 136,155.41 2,960.54	\$9, 903, 815. 42 49, 462, 468. 11 10, 758, 300. 81 423, 864, 389, 19 1, 299, 000. 54 244, 045. 33 277, 355. 34 342, 951. 78 7, 370. 99 4, 724, 908. 61 54, 601. 58	\$284, 963, 336. 32 490, 783, 164. 80 207, 324, 578. 19 2, 561, 977, 921. 10 1, 870, 343. 71 281, 811. 37 308, 953. 09 353, 944. 98 9, 246. 93 4, 861, 064. 02 57, 562. 12	\$56, 011, 389. 70 36, 783, 029. 01 67, 628, 636. 71 60, 563, 453. 57 437, 258. 08 223, 498. 21 233, 088. 12 233, 824. 70 7, 101. 95 4, 427, 355. 09	\$228, 951, 946. 62 454, 000, 135. 79 139, 695, 941. 48 2, 501, 414, 467. 53 1, 433, 085. 63 58, 313. 16 25, 864. 97 30, 120. 28 2, 144. 98 433, 708. 93 57, 562. 12
Total	3, 051, 852, 718. 93	500, 939, 207. 70	3, 552, 791, 926. 63	226, 688, 635. 14	3, 326, 103, 291. 49

DETAILED RECEIPTS OF GOLD BULLION

	·			
Institutions	Deposits, including U. S. uncurrent coin	Surplus bullion recovered (including shipment gains)	Transfers from mints and assay offices	Total
Philadelphia San Francisco. Denver New York New Orleans Carson City Boise Helena Deadwood Seattle Salt Lake City	10, 317, 080. 78 420, 029, 018. 10 1, 298, 734. 82 243, 995. 86 276, 979. 22 342. 891. 34	\$2, 184. 74 14, 871. 63 1, 894. 77 50, 479. 40 265. 72 49. 47 272. 76 60. 44 3. 68 494. 67 8. 72		\$9, 903, 815. 42 49, 462, 468. 11 10, 758, 300. 81 423, 864, 389. 19 1, 299, 000. 54 244, 045. 33 277, 355. 34 342, 951. 78 7, 370. 99 4, 724, 908. 61 54, 601. 58
Total	491, 371, 852. 24	70, 586. 00	9, 496, 769. 46	500, 939, 207. 70

DETAILED DISBURSEMENTS OF GOLD BULLION

Institutions	Bars paid to depositors and issued in ex- change for coin	Transfers to mints and assay offices	Sold in sweeps, manufac- tures, etc.	Manufac- tured into coin	Wastage and ship- ment losses	Total ·
Philadelphia San Francisco. Denver New York New Orleans Carson City Boise Helena. Deadwood Seattle. Salt Lake City.	510, 030. 83 96, 290. 42 60, 529, 439. 84	437, 258. 08 223, 498. 21 283, 088. 12		\$50, 335, 000 36, 260, 000 67, 525, 000		\$56, 011, 389. 70 36, 783, 029. 01 67, 628, 636. 71 60, 563, 453. 57 437, 258. 08 223, 498. 21 283, 088. 12 323, 824. 70 7, 101, 95 4, 427, 355. 09
Total	63, 006, 396. 83	9, 493, 529. 46	63, 334. 41	154, 120, 000	5, 374. 44	226, 688; 635. 14

PURCHASE OF MINOR COINAGE METAL FOR USE IN DOMESTIC COINAGE

During the fiscal year 1924 there was purchased at the mint at Philadelphia 18,593,181.63 troy ounces of minor coinage metals at a cost of \$407,501.27, which includes 6,342,021.88 troy ounces in nickel blanks and 4,398,048.96 troy ounces in bronze blanks prepared for stamping, the former costing \$221,789.61 and the latter \$108,568.98.

There was also purchased during the same period at the mint at San Francisco 746,477.08 troy ounces of copper at a cost of \$6,654.31 for use in minor coinage, being the by-product of the refinery con-

nected with that institution.

MINOR COIN DISTRIBUTION COSTS

The minor coinage distribution costs paid during the fiscal year 1924 from the profits on minor coinage amounted to \$36,964.17.

MINOR COINS OUTSTANDING

The following statement shows the coinage of minor coins, by denominations, the amount on hand, issued, melted, and outstanding June 30, 1924. Minor coins were first manufactured at the Philadelphia Mint in 1793; at the San Francisco Mint in 1908; at the Denver Mint in 1911.

Denominations	Coined	On hand	Issued (net)	Melted	Amount, issued and outstanding June 30, 1924
Philadelphia: Copper cents Copper half cents ' Copper nickel cents Bronze 1-cent pieces Bronze 2-cent pieces Nickel 3-cent pieces	\$1, 562, 887. 44 39, 926. 11 2, 007, 720. 00 37, 449, 096. 83 912, 020. 00 941, 349. 48 58, 023, 818. 10	\$290, 157. 00 	\$1, 562, 887. 44 39, 926. 11 2, 007, 720. 00 37, 158, 939. 83 912, 020. 00 941, 349. 48 56, 847, 871. 10	\$382, 493. 39 807, 094. 53 841, 890. 11 342, 428. 16 286, 311. 10 5, 424, 794. 75	\$1, 180, 394, 05 39, 926, 11 1, 200, 625, 47 36, 317, 049, 72 569, 591, 84 655, 038, 38 51, 423, 076, 35
Total	100, 936, 817. 96	1, 466, 104. 00	99, 470, 713. 96	8, 085, 012. 04	91, 385, 701. 92
San Francisco: Bronze 1-cent pieces Nickel 5-cent pieces Total.	3, 399, 500. 00 2, 718, 550. 00 6, 118, 050. 00	99, 090. 45 120, 250. 00 219, 340. 45	3, 300, 409. 55 2, 598, 300. 00 5, 898, 709. 55	15, 026. 17 66, 235. 65 81, 261. 82	3, 285, 383. 38 2, 532, 064. 35 5, 817, 447. 73
Denver: Bronze 1-cent pieces Nickel 5-cent pieces	3, 146, 300. 00 4, 153, 915. 00	57, 750. 00 230, 000. 00	3, 088, 550. 00 3, 923, 915. 00	7, 023. 33 91, 479. 05	3, 081, 526. 67 3, 832, 435. 95
Total	7, 300, 215. 00	287, 750. 00	7, 012, 465. 00	98, 502. 38	6, 913, 962. 62
Grand total	114, 355, 082. 96	1, 973, 194. 45	112, 381, 888. 51	8, 264, 776. 24	104, 117, 112. 27
Deduct \$5.05 copper cents, \$11 melted at San Francisco M Deduct \$12.32 bronze two-cet Denver Mint, coined at P	int, coined at Pint pieces and \$1.	hiladelphia .38 nickel three	e-cent pieces mel	ted at	
Total amount outstan	ding				90. 09

¹ There is no record of the melting of the old copper half cents, but it is believed that few, if any, are now in circulation.

OPERATIONS OF THE ASSAY DEPARTMENTS

The principal work of the assay department of the coinage mints and the assay office at New York during the fiscal year 1924 is summarized as follows:

	- 1	hiladelphi	a	l s	an Francis	co
Items	Samples	Assays	Reports	Samples	Assays	Reports
Silver purchases (Pittman Act) Deposits and other purchases Redeposits.	14, 326	Number 13, 282 58, 690	Number 13, 093 6, 355	Number 3,001 24,316 1,432	Number 4,934 93,167 3,751	Number 1, 444 11, 724
Gold ingots Silver ingots Refinery Melting and refining department	3, 465 15, 292	4,716 16,323	1, 155 7, 623 58	3, 886 1, 512 10, 270	5, 280 1, 738 18, 854	9:
Coining department Assayers' bars Proof gold and silver	l 70	249 186	36 14	36 64	158 240	15 15
Annual assay work Special assays of bullion and ores Silver bars from Germany	141 53 1,016	163 207 1, 543	141 53 507	1,392	4, 474	477
Venezuela bars and ingots. Peruvian ingots and coin. Mass melts. Sweeps.	3, 494 384 12	1, 528 3, 561 1, 217 45	1, 118 1, 747 93 11	285 24	182	17 73
Miscellaneous		102, 359	32,086	46, 263	133, 918	25,748
Prior fiscal year		149, 817	69, 414	83, 079	160, 422	30, 926
***		Denver			New York	
Items	Samples	Assays	Reports	Samples	Assays	Reports
Silver purchases (Pittman Act)	Number 348	Number 374	Number 174	Number	Number	Number
Deposits and other purchases Redeposits Gold ingots	9, 276 116 4, 435	37, 306 166 11, 516	3, 007 58 873		162, 589	
Silver ingots Refinery Melting and refining department Coining department	2, 932 64	302 9,534 231 106	1,060 28 17		12, 949	
County department Assayers' bars Special assays of bullion and ores Mass melts	88 44	282 328	49 33	734 76	3, 028 162	36'
Sweeps Miscellaneous				186 144	442 352	30 70
Total		61, 366	5, 575	63, 313	179, 522	21, 98
Prior fiscal year		89,372	19, 512	55, 393	160, 264	19, 68

PROOF BULLION (1.000 FINE)

In order to establish uniformity in assay of bullion in the offices of the mint service, all proof gold and proof silver is made at the mint at Philadelphia and furnished to other offices when required.

The amount made during the fiscal year 1924 was: Gold, 798 ounces; silver, 1,121 ounces.

OPERATIONS OF THE MELTING AND REFINING AND OF THE COINING DEPARTMENTS, FISCAL YEAR 1924

The aggregate quantity of metals operated upon in the abovementioned departments of the coinage mints and assay office at New York during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, was 58.90 million fine ounces of gold and 84.58 million fine ounces of silver. There were also operated upon at the coinage mints 37.86 million ounces of minor coinage metal. The figures in the table following are based on the figures obtained at the settlements of the accounts.

Legal limits of wastage on the whole amount delivered by the superintendent to operative officers, as prescribed in section 3542,

Revised Statutes, are as follows: Melter and refiner—gold, 0.001; silver, 0.0015; coiner—gold, 0.0005; silver, 0.001.

GOLD BULLION

	G.	льо вовь.	ION	*			
Institution and department	Amount received	Amount returned	Amount operated upon, in- cluding reworked metal	Legal amount of wast- age on amount received	Sur- plus recov- ered	Wast- age	Wast- age per 1,000 ounces oper- ated upon
Philadelphia Mint: Melting and refining Coining San Francisco Mint:	Fine ounces 6, 797, 430 6, 459, 203	6, 797, 247 6, 459, 181	Fine ounces 6, 901, 402 6, 134, 486	Fine ounces 6, 797 3, 230	Fine ounces	Fine ounces 183 22	Fine ounces 0. 026 . 003
Melting and refining Coining Denver Mint:	7, 412, 616 3, 755, 146	7, 413, 234 3, 755, 136	6, 461, 768 3, 544, 374	7, 413 1, 877	618	10	. 002
Melting and refining Coining New York assay office:	6, 275, 434 5, 064, 739	6, 275, 460 5, 064, 750	6, 219, 913 4, 716, 802	6, 275 2, 532	26 11		
Melting and refining Total melting and refining. Total coining	24, 930, 866 45, 416, 346 15, 279, 088	24, 931, 115 45, 417, 056 15, 279, 067	24, 931, 115 44, 514, 198 14, 395, 662	24, 931 45, 416 7, 639	893 11	183 32	
Grand total	60, 695, 434	60, 696, 123	58, 909, 860	53,055	904	215	
	SIL	VER BULL	ION	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	•	<u> </u>
•	i		i	Fine	Fine	Fine	Fine
Philadelphia Mint: Melting and refining Coining San Francisco Mint:	Fine ounces 36, 811, 876 33, 378, 092	Fine ounces 36, 835, 624 33, 377, 033	Fine ounces 35, 730, 250 32, 180, 759	ounces 55, 218 33, 378	ounces 23, 748	ounces 1,059	ounces 0. 033
Melting and refining Coining Denver Mint:	10, 984, 842 3, 250, 439	10, 985, 419 3, 249, 963	6, 369, 430 3, 144, 770	16, 476 3, 250	577	476	151
Melting and refining Coining New York assay office:	4, 490, 464 167, 849	4, 491, 808 167, 905	1, 567, 842 46, 018	6, 735 168	1, 344 56		
Melting and refining	5, 544, 033	5, 546, 497	5, 546, 497	8, 316	2,464		<u></u>
Total melting and refining Total coining	57, 831, 215 36, 796, 380	57, 859, 348 36, 794, 901	49, 214, 019 35, 371, 547	86,745 36,796	28, 133 56	1, 535	<u>-</u>
Grand total	94, 627, 595	94, 654, 249	84, 585, 566	123, 541	28, 189	1, 535	
	NICKEL	COINAGE	METAL				
Dhile delabie Minte	<i>a</i>	a	á	Gross	Gross	Gross	Gross
Philadelphia Mint: Melting and refining Coining	4, 720, 662 9, 294, 028	4, 706, 947 9, 290, 932	Gross ounces 2, 818, 100 1, 100, 880	ounces	ounces	0unces 13, 715 3, 096	ounces 4. 866 2. 812
Melting and refining Coining Denver Mint:	2, 092, 087 1, 612, 521	2, 089, 476 1, 608, 882	1, 518, 169 1, 612, 432			2, 611 3, 639	1. 720 2. 257
Melting and refining Coining	1,050,910 1,820,192	1, 049, 098 1, 820, 192	479, 277 1, 047, 224			1,812	3. 781
Total melting and refining. Total coining.	7,863,659 12,726,741	7, 845, 521 12, 720, 006	4,815,546 3,760,536			18, 138 6, 735	
Grand total	20, 590, 400	20, 565, 527	8, 576, 082			24, 873	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	BRONZI	E COINAGI	E METAL				
Philadelphia Mint:	Gross ounces	Grass aumees	Gross ounces	Gross ounces	Gross ounces	Gross ounces	Gross ounces
Melting and refining Coining San Francisco Mint:	13, 883, 835 18, 044, 666	13, 865, 429 18, 040, 266	12, 738, 755 12, 604, 225			18, 406 4, 400	1. 444 . 349
San Francisco Mint: Melting and refining Coining Denver Mint: 1	2, 013, 179 2, 460, 863	2, 011, 758 2, 457, 973	1, 485, 336 2, 460, 683			1, 421 2, 890	. 956 1. 175
Melting and refining Coining	237, 024 28, 049	237, 024 28, 049					
Total melting and refining. Total coining	16, 134, 038 20, 533, 578	16, 114, 211 20, 526, 288	14, 224, 091 15, 064, 908			19, 827 7, 290	
Grand total	20 007 010	26 640 400	90 999 000			97 117	1

REFINING OPERATIONS

The net product of electrolytically refined gold and silver of the mint service during the fiscal year 1924 was 10,542,779.468 fine ounces; other electrolytic output included the equivalent of the refined metals used for aiding the processes, 1,305,386.824 fine ounces; the product of melting operations (only) totaled 1,369,852.104 ounces, making the total output of the refineries 13,218,018.396 fine ounces. Details are shown in the following table:

Items	San Fr	ancisco	Den	ver				
100113	Gold	Silver	Gold	Silver				
Bullion placed in processes: Crude, with charges. Crude, without charges. 0.992 and over, to aid processes Retreated, refined, to aid processes Retreated, unrefined Apparent gain	23. 651 505, 075. 805	Fine ounces 3, 277, 223. 76 5, 079. 46 16, 954. 18	Fine ounces 831, 055, 639 28, 400, 022 63, 017, 339 258, 759, 542 127, 907	Fine ounces 895, 367. 07 34, 738. 19 138, 674. 63 51, 018. 55 269, 844. 29 507. 41				
Total		3, 487, 719. 66	1, 181, 360. 449	1, 390, 150. 14				
Bullion obtained from processes: Unrefined. Output 0.999+fine— Used to aid processes. Electrolytic product. Apparent loss.	505, 075, 805	151, 922. 27 16, 954. 18 3, 316, 027. 85 2, 815. 36	220, 598. 371 63, 017. 339 897, 677. 984 66. 755	310, 508. 62 189, 693. 18 889, 462. 31 486. 03				
Total	1, 752, 251. 665	3, 487, 719. 66	1, 181, 360, 449	1, 390, 150. 14				
Items	New	York	Total					
	Gold	Silver	Gold	Silver				
Bullion placed in processes: Crude, with charges. Crude, without charges. 0.999 and over (fire process only).	Fine ounces 2, 255, 808. 124 921, 268. 829	Fine ounces 2, 616, 541. 91	Fine ounces 4, 240, 282, 111 28, 423, 673 921, 268, 829	Fine ounces 6, 789, 132, 74 39, 817, 65				
0.900 standard (copper base for bar making only). 0.992 and over, to aid processes Retreated, refined, to aid processes Retreated, unrefined Apparent gain	449, 502, 573 529, 025, 860 590, 556, 450 179, 894	1, 620. 46 436, 445. 44 2, 461. 24	449, 502, 573 1, 097, 119, 004 942, 610, 403 747, 251	157, 249. 27 51, 018. 55 894, 751. 99 2, 968. 65				
Total-	4, 746, 341. 730	3, 057, 069. 05	7, 679, 953. 844	7, 934, 938. 85				
		*						
Bullion obtained from processes: Unrefined. Output 0.999+fine— Used to aid processes. Electrolytic product Other product	959, 620, 326 529, 025, 860 1, 887, 843, 540 1, 369, 852, 104	1, 620. 46 2, 411, 327. 10	1, 286, 953. 873 1, 097, 119. 004 3, 925, 962. 208 1, 369, 852. 104	1, 106, 552. 38 208, 267. 82 6, 616, 817. 26				

INGOT MELTS MADE

The following statement shows the number of melts made for domestic ingots and the weight of metal involved during the fiscal year 1924:

	ļ.	Melts		Weight			
Mints	Passed first melting	Re- melted	Con- demned	Melted	Passed	Per cent passed	
Gold: Philadelphia San Francisco Denver	1, 057 815 859	88 0 14	10 6 0	Fine ounces 6, 883, 084, 533 3, 376, 653, 624 5, 013, 079, 254	Fine ounces 6, 197, 797, 845 3, 326, 756, 076 4, 934, 305, 674	90. 04 98. 52 98. 43	
Total	2, 731	102	16	15, 272, 817. 411	14, 458, 859. 595	94. 67	
Silver: Philadelphia San Francisco Denver Total	9, 685 736 44 10, 465	27 0 1 28	8 10 0	33, 554, 951. 09 2, 881, 710. 24 171, 872. 58 36, 608, 533. 91	32, 549, 989. 89 2, 821, 947. 86 167, 848. 77 35, 539, 786. 52	97. 01 97. 97 97. 69 97. 08	
Nickel: Philadelphia San Francisco Denver	885 388 84	0 0	0 0	Gross ounces 2, 818, 100. 63 1, 518, 168. 83 276, 066. 70	Gross ounces 2, 675, 208. 63 1, 501, 344. 50 276, 066. 70	94. 93 98. 89 100. 00	
Total	1, 357	0	0	4, 612, 336. 16	4, 452, 619. 83	96. 54	
Bronze: Philadelphia San Francisco	3, 449 436	. 0	0	12, 738, 785. 25 1, 485, 336. 12	12, 445, 439. 25 1, 474, 518. 00	97. 70 99. 27	
Total	3, 885	0	.0	14, 224, 121. 37	13, 919, 957. 25	97. 87	

FINENESS OF MELTS FOR GOLD AND SILVER INGOTS

The statement following shows the number of gold and silver ingot melts made, also their reported fineness, during the fiscal year 1924:

	Gold ing	got melts				Silver in	got melts		
F	or United	States coi	n .	I	or United	States coin	1	For foreign coin	
Ingot fineness	Phila- delphia	San Fran- cisco	Denver	Ingot fineness	Phila- delphia	San Fran- cisco	Denver	Ingot fineness	Phila- delphia
899. 6 899. 7 899. 8	1 38 154	63	97 460	898. 0 898. 25 898. 50	55 74 2, 100			Peru	vian
899. 9 900. 0 900. 1	207 393 178	363 353 30	257 59	898. 60 898, 75 898. 80	444	113	3	500. 0	1,714
900. 2 900. 3	63 24	6		898. 90 899 899. 1	3, 593	151	14 6 9	Venez	uelan
				899. 2 899. 25 899. 30	980	154	4 1	835. 0	383
	•	!		899. 50 899. 75 899. 80	258 52	109			•
	į.			900. 00 900. 25 900. 50	23 4 1	5			
ľ	1, 058	815	873		7, 584	736	45	•	

COMMERCIAL AND CERTIFICATE BARS MANUFACTURED

During the fiscal year 1924 the coinage mints and the assay office at New York manufactured 183,628 gold and 10,713 silver bars, valued at \$488,684,236.72, as shown by the following table:

Institutions		Gold bars			Silver bars	
institutions	Number	Fine ounces	Value	Number	Fine ounces	Value
Philadelphia San Francisco Denver New York	4, 485 10, 113 593 168, 437	87, 195, 314 2, 973, 099, 625 6, 555, 533 20, 456, 228, 186	\$1, 802, 487, 11 61, 459, 423, 70 135, 514, 89 422, 867, 766, 09	326 354 10, 033	50, 771. 78 34, 631. 39 2, 863, 708. 14	\$70, 187. 36 21, 983. 70 2, 326, 873. 87
Total	183, 628 144, 390	23, 523, 078. 658 15, 026, 923. 415	486, 265, 191. 79 310, 634, 075. 68	10, 713 7, 711	2, 949, 111. 31 2, 353, 716. 75	2, 419, 044, 93 1, 650, 043, 13

INGOTS OPERATED UPON BY COINING DEPARTMENTS AND PERCENTAGE OF COIN PRODUCED

Items	Philadelphia	San Francisco	Denver	Total
DOMESTIC COINAGE				
Gold: Ingots operated upon (ounces)	6, 134, 486, 445	3, 544, 373, 484	4, 716, 802. 440	14, 395, 662, 369
Percentage of good coin produced Silver dollars:	39. 86	49. 50	69. 25	51. 86
Ingots operated upon (ounces) Percentage of good coin produced Subsidiary silver:	17, 066, 239. 92 53. 81			17, 066, 239. 92 53. 81
Ingots operated upon (ounces) Percentage of good coin produced. Nickel:	9, 752, 840. 10 56. 15	3, 144, 770. 35 61. 04	46, 018. 02 63. 13	12, 943, 628. 47 57. 36
Ingots operated upon (ounces) Percentage of good coin produced	1, 100, 880. 71 56. 33	1, 612, 432, 00 61, 23	1, 047, 223. 90 70. 49	3, 760, 536. 61 60. 23
Bronze: Ingots operated upon (ounces) Percentage of good coin produced	12, 480, 482. 85 54. 31	2, 460, 683. 00 63. 28		14, 941, 165. 85 55. 78
FOREIGN COINAGE Silver:				
Ingots operated upon (ounces) Percentage of good coin produced	5, 361, 679. 45 51. 61			5, 361, 679. 45 51. 61
Bronze: Ingots operated upon (ounces) Percentage of good coin produced	123, 742. 84 57. 16			123, 742. 84 57. 16

PERCENTAGE OF GOOD COIN PRODUCED TO PIECES STRUCK

Denomination	Philadelphia	San Francisco	Denver	Total
Double eagles:				
Blanks struck (number)	2, 796, 656	1, 858, 800	3, 491, 407	8, 146, 863
Percentage of good coin produced Silver dollars:	90. 37	97. 53	96. 70	94. 72
Blanks struck (number)	13, 429, 617			13, 429, 617
Percentage of good coin produced	88.40			88.40
Subsidiary silver:	. 50 411 044	10.010.100	407 007	
Blanks struck (number) Percentage of good coin produced	59, 411, 244 98, 47	16, 246, 406 98. 10	407, 307 98, 20	76, 064, 957 98. 26
Nickel:	30, 11	50.10	86. 20	90. 20
Blanks struck (number)	43, 024, 913	6, 178, 781	4, 634, 342	53, 838, 036
Percentage of good coin produced	99. 65	99. 40	99. 25	99. 59
Bronze: Blanks struck (number)	99, 035, 291	15, 752, 595		114, 787, 886
Percentage of good coin produced	9953	98. 90		99. 63
FOREIGN COINAGE Silver:		ŀ '.		
Blanks struck (number)	9, 913, 754	Lai		9, 913, 754
Percentage of good coin produced	90. 01			90. 01
Bronze:	#00.0#D			#00 0M0
Blanks struck (number) Percentage of good coin produced	702, 373 99, 71			702, 373 99. 71
T Greenwage or good com produced	99. 11			99. 71

SWEEP CELLAR OPERATIONS

Institutions	Materi	Material					Metal content			
			Quantity		Bars recovered		Tailings			
	Source	Bags	Bar- rels	Net avoir- dupois pounds	Gold	Silver	Gold	Silver		
Denver New York Philadelphia Denver Philadelphia San Francisco Denver	Melting department	173 363 287 919 647 1,644 	154	79, 392 26, 384 23, 783 72, 434 52, 759 134, 404 2, 147 236 5, 108 949 8, 014 12, 924	Ounces 41, 044 157, 940 783, 268 1, 379, 125 1, 671 44, 503 59, 400	Ounces 4, 617. 41 2, 276. 64 2, 397. 66 865. 08 120. 34 42. 27 86. 54	Ounces 284, 846 159, 399 347, 278 584, 312 508, 410 2, 575, 768 2, 817 21, 328 80, 448 15, 895 236, 384 489, 480	Ounces 7, 744. 53- 2, 072. 63- 684. 12: 3, 315. 77 2, 104. 29- 4, 586. 58- 143. 40- 34. 07- 140. 04- 44. 48- 586. 19- 384. 48		

BULLION GAINS AND LOSSES

The net gains from operations on gold and silver bullion during the fiscal year 1924 amounted to \$349,234.65, as follows:

		Mint at-		Assay office	Minor		
Item	Philadel- phia	San Fran- cisco Denver		at New York	assay offices	Total	
Decorated from refining and saining						-	
Recovered from refining and coining operations Recovered incident to receipt of	\$22, 023. 74	\$13, 143. 09 ¹	\$2, 264. 73	\$6,746.71		\$44, 178. 27	
deposits.	4, 365. 21	2, 254. 73	3, 994. 34 .	25, 405. 32	\$1,925.50	37, 945. 10	
Net gain on shipments to Govern- ment refineries					224. 14	224. 14	
Gain on light-weight and mutilated coin purchased for recoinage Receipts from sale of by-products	23. 13	46. 24 48, 702. 79	.76, 56 13, 481, 33	114. 22 222, 532. 69		260. 15 284, 716. 81	
Total gains	26, 412. 08	64, 146. 85	19, 816. 96	254, 798. 94	2, 149. 64	367, 324. 47	
Wasted in refining and coining operations Loss on assay value of operative	5, 163. 68	504. 77	929. 22			6, 597. 67	
sweeps sold	6, 089. 42	2, 222. 23	1, 017. 56	2, 162. 94		11, 492. 15	
Total losses	11, 253. 10	2, 727. 00	1, 946. 78	2, 162. 94		18, 089. 82	
Net gains.	15, 158. 98	61, 419. 85	17, 870. 18	252, 636. 00	2, 149. 64	349, 234. 65	

WASTAGE AND LOSS ON SALE OF SWEEPS

The value of metals wasted in the operative departments during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, was \$7,829.04. A loss of \$11,492.15 occurred from the difference between the assay value of the bullion contained in sweeps sold and the amount received for the same. Details are given below:

		Mint at-		Assay	
Items	Philadel- phia	San Fran- cisco	Denver	office at New York	Total
Gold wastage: Melting and refining department Coining department.	\$3,789.71 451.35	\$204.16	\$711.30 217.92		\$4,500.01 873.43
Silver wastage: Coining department	922. 62	300. 61			1, 223. 23
Nickel wastage: Melting and refining department Coining department	465. 54 105. 09	52, 17 72, 73	13. 01		530. 72 177. 82
Bronze wastage: Melting and refining department Coining department Loss on sale of sweeps	370. 34 88. 53	13. 84 28. 16	21.96		406. 14 116. 69
Loss on sale of sweeps	6, 089. 42	2, 222. 23	1,017.56	\$2, 162. 94	11, 492. 15
Total wastage and loss	12, 282. 60	2, 893. 90	1, 981. 75	2, 162. 94	19, 321. 19
Reimbursements: Nickel and bronze wastage, from minor coinage					
profits	1, 029. 50 11, 253. 10	166. 90 2, 727. 00	34. 97 1, 946. 78	2, 162. 94	1, 231. 37 18, 089. 82
Total reimbursements	12, 282. 60	2, 893. 90	1, 981. 75	2, 162. 94	19, 321. 19

ENGRAVING DEPARTMENT

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, the engraving department made 3,840 working dies for domestic coinage, including those for the half dollar issued in commemoration of the Huguenot-Walloon Tercentenary. Master dies, hubs, and working dies were made for Venezuelan, Nicaraguan, and Peruvian coinage, and dies for the Harding memorial medal were engraved.

The electric furnace for use in hardening dies, installed toward the close of the prior fisal year, has been used throughout this year with entire satisfaction. It gives a definite record of the critical point in the heating of the steel when quenching will give the best results,

and is more economical of operation than a gas furnace.

DIES MANUFACTURED

		Issue	ed to min	t at—	Total p	repared
Items	Unused	Phila- delphia	San Fran- cisco	Denver	1924	1923
Domestic coinage: Regular gold coinage Regular silver coinage. Regular minor coinage. Memorial—	100	Number 230 1,370 1,105	Number 160 20 60	Number 140 160 395	Number 550 1,650 1,630	Number 430 1,805 390
Huguenot-Walloon Tercentenary Monroe Doctrine Centennial					10	25
Venezuelan coinage Nicaraguan coinage Peruvian coinage Philippine coinage		260 20 140			20	16 150 105
Other dies		3, 135	<u>'</u>	695	4, 265	2, 921
Master dies and hubs manufactured for: United States coinage Venezuelan coinage					20 8	20
Nicaraguan coinage. Peruvian coinage. Philippine coinage.					2 10	10 10
Stamped envelope embossing dies Annual assay medal Coast Guard medals	ii				4	110 4 9
Life-saving medals Harding medal. Presidential medals					18 6	7
Army and Navy medals Miscellaneous medals					61 15	123 28
Grand total					4, 415	3, 246

MEDALS SOLD

Medals manufactured at the mint at Philadelphia were sold during the fiscal year as follows:

Items	Pieces	Value
Gold medals Silver medals Bronze medals	123 530 18, 695	\$5, 761. 41 1, 221. 11 16, 890. 51
Total, fiscal year 1924	19, 348	23, 873. 03
Prior fiscal year	25, 664	14, 403. 38

EMPLOYEES

The total number of officers and employees of the mint service on June 30, 1924, was 752, as follows:

		Departments						Total	
Institutions	Established under act of—	General	Engrav- ing	Assaying	Coining	Melting and refining	1924	1923	
Philadelphia San Francisco Denver New York New Orleans 1	Feb. 12, 1873 Apr. 2, 1792 July 3, 1852 Apr. 21, 1862 Mar. 3, 1853 Mar. 3, 1863	11 144 58 40 75 6	9	3 13 13 7 21	129 30 17	55 33 25 37	14 350 134 89 133 6	14 366 135 76 130	
Boise Helena Deadwood Seattle	Feb. 19, 1869 May 12, 1874 Feb. 19, 1897 May 21, 1898 May 30, 1908	4 3 3 11 2			24		3 3 11 2	11	
Total, 1924 Total, 1923		360 366	9 11	57 55	176 175	150 145	752	75	

¹ Conducted as assay offices.

WORK OF THE MINOR ASSAY OFFICES

The following table exhibits the principal work of the minor assay offices during the fiscal year 1924:

Items	New Orleans	Carson City	Boise	Helena	Dead- wood	Seattle	Salt Lake City
Deposits receivednumber_Fineness, average goldthousandths_Fineness, average silver	128 89, 794 89, 152 642 0, 71	242 481 422 25, 254 24, 494 760 3, 00	553 465 489 29, 737 28, 829 908 3, 05	343 456 468 37, 445 36, 816 629 1, 68	37 176 750 21, 314 21, 228 86 0. 40	1, 499 842 125 270, 703 268, 150 2, 553 0, 94	138 299 551 8, 950 8, 725 225 2, 51
Melts of bullion madenumber. Melts, mass of bullion, madedo. Melts of D. M. R. grainsdo. Melts of assayers' chipsdo. Value of deposits, golddollars. Value of deposits, silver at cost	500 25 3 1 1, 298, 735 7 374	243, 996 6, 611	499 8 4 3 277, 048 8, 691 28, 813	353 8 4 8 8 342, 948 10, 989 31, 621	45 2 2 2 7, 371 12, 768 16, 270	4, 669, 831 21, 324	140 5 2 1 54, 593 3, 087
Bullion shipped gross ounces Value of gold shipped dollars Value, cost, of silver shipped do- Quartation silver made ounces Quartation silver used do Proof gold received do Proof gold used do	25 27 3	0. 68	283, 087 8, 770 25 20 5 1	323, 824 8, 582 27 25	7, 102 9, 740 15 10	4, 427, 355 20, 324 163 130 10	25
Proof silver used do Cupels made number Cupels used do Crucibles used do Assays made of: Deposits Melting room assay do	2, 691 2, 226 31 2, 100	1, 835 1, 715 17 1, 181	0. 5 4, 250 2, 485 29 1, 799	2, 500 2, 587 40 1, 672	750 750 750 14 228	10, 613 10, 454 137 11, 447 98	2, 500 1, 800 324 1, 380
Ore for gold and silver do. Ore for base metal do. Mutilated coin do. Special bullion do. Coin for Department of Justice do. Concentrates do.	94 27 14 5	528 13 14	682 74 1	1 35	456 64 36	125 37 3	562 69 2

71, 097

ORE ASSAYS

A comparative statement of ore assays made at the minor assay offices since 1915 shows increased use of our facilities by the mining industry. The increased number of assays in the later years seems to indicate revival of prospecting.

Fiscal year	Ore assays made.	Amount of charges collected	Fiscal year	Ore assays made	Amount of charges collected
1915	1, 404	\$885. 65	1920.	1, 938	\$1, 579. 00
	2, 318	1, 678. 00	1921.	2, 151	1, 793. 00
	2, 842	1, 931. 75	1922.	2, 315	1, 912. 00
	2, 530	1, 644. 00	1923.	2, 737	1, 767. 00
	1, 877	1, 528. 00	1924.	2, 731	2, 116. 00

GOLD RECEIPTS AT SEATTLE

Statement of gold deposits at the Seattle assay office from the opening of the institution on July 15, 1898, to the close of business June 30, 1924.

Number of deposits_____

Troy ounces		16, 517, 020. 21
Avoirdupois tonsCoining value		565. 9
Coining value		\$282, 878, 141. 04
Origin of the foreg	going	
Alaska:		
Circle	\$988, 270. 32	
Cook Inlet	4, 237, 104. 70	
Copper River	6, 093, 582. 95	
Eagle	1, 089, 429. 20	
Iditarod	14, 943, 230. 01	
Koyukuk	2, 090, 959. 72	
Kuskokwim	224, 651. 90	* 4
Nome	69, 643, 667. 60	1 (a) = 1
Southeastern Alaska	7, 434, 328. 15	
Tanana	50, 406, 185. 99	
Unclassified	2, 767, 506. 28	
Compade.		\$159, 918, 916. 82
Canada:		00 745 500 00
British Columbia		23, 547, 733. 38
Yukon Territory		92, 155, 268. 34
All other sources		7, 256, 222. 50
Total		282, 878, 141. 04

LABORATORY OF THE BUREAU OF THE MINT

From the domestic coinage of the calendar year 1923 the assayer of this bureau tested 92 gold coins and 732 silver coins, all of which were found within the legal requirements as to weight and fineness.

The greatest deviation in fineness of gold coins from standard (the limit of tolerance being 1 one-thousandth above or below) was 0.4 one-thousandth above and 0.4 one-thousandth below.

The greatest deviation in fineness of silver coins above standard (the limit of tolerance being 3 one-thousandths above or below) was 0.9 one-thousandth, while the greatest deviation below was 1.4 one-thousandths.

The following table summarizes results of fineness tests on domestic coin:

	Num	ber of gold	l coins	Number of silver coins			
Fineness (thousandths)	Phila- delphia	Denver	Total	Phila- delphia	San Francisco	Denver	Total
98.6. 98.9. 99.1				3 21 51	3 4 16 41	. 6	4 9
99.5 99.6 99.7 99.8	1	8 23 28	8 24 38	77	34	13	12 14
99.9 00.0 00.1	8 2 1	7 1 1	15 3 2	1 80	80 6	14	17
00.2 00.4 00.7	. 1		1 1	37 24 2 4	25 24 3 1	7 4 1 2	5
Totalverage fineness	899. 900	68 899, 760	92 899, 797	386 899, 762	276 899, 786	70 899. 800	73 899. 77

Average weights of domestic coins tested as compared with standard weights

STANDARD WEIGHTS

Double eagle	grains 516, 000
Silver dollar	do412.500
Half dollar	do192. 900
Quarter dollar	do 96. 450
Dime	do 38. 58
	ı

Philadelphia:		
Philadelphia: 24 double eagles 186 standard silver dollars	grains	515. 896
186 standard silver dollars	do	412.685
04 quarters	uu	90. 400
118 dimes	do	38. 598
San Francisco:		
138 Standard silver dollars	do	412. 491
58 half dollars	do	193. 023
28 quarters	do	96. 473
52 dimes	do	38. 634
Denver:		
68 double eagles	do	516.000
70 standard silver dollars	do	412. 602
	•	

Summary of work of mint bureau laboratory

Items	Numbe
old assays liver assays tandard silver dollars examined	3, 70
(alf dollars examined under the dollars examined the same same same same same same same sam	17
ertineate par samples assayed (160 meits), New York ounterfeit coins examined mpire assays, number of samples fiscellaneous upels made upels made	
upels usedroof gold used	Ounces
roof silver used quartation silver used	5. 92.

ASSAY COMMISSION'S ANNUAL TEST OF COIN

Section 3547 of the Revised Statutes provides for an annual test of the domestic coinage executed during the prior year, by a commission of whom part are ex officio members, the others being appointed, without compensation, by the President. The purpose is "to secure a due conformity in the gold and silver coins to their respective standards of fineness and weight." The commission, which met at the Philadelphia Mint February 13 to 15, 1924, reported the following results of their examination:

Your committee on counting respectfully reports that the packages containing the pieces reserved from the coinage made during the calendar year 1923 by the several mints for the trial of coins, in accordance with section 3539 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, were delivered to us by the superintendent of the mint at Philadelphia, and upon comparison with the transcripts kept by the Director of the Mint were found to be correct as to date, number of delivery, number of pieces, and denomination.

The verification of the packages being completed, they were delivered to the

committees on weighing and assaying.

The committee on weighing have to report that they have weighed the coins shown in an appended list and have found them to be standard within the legal tolerances. The coins were selected at random from those reserved by the

mints at Philadelphia, San Francisco, and Denver.

The coins were directly weighed against a set of sealed coin-weights which were accompanied by a certificate signed by the Director of the Bureau of Standards, Department of Commerce, and which gave the value of the weights in terms of United States standard. The weighings were made on a Troemner balance supplied by the Philadelphia Mint which was tested by your committee as to the equality of the arms and as to its sensibility, which were entirely satisfactory.

The committee on assaying respectfully reports that it has completed the assays of coin selected from the residues representing all denominations coined by the mints at Philadelphia, San Francisco, and Denver during the year 1923.

The coinage laws provide for variations in the fineness of individual coins of one one-thousandth for gold and three one-thousandths for silver, and, as shown by the schedules which follow, the coinage of the three mints has been within the legal limits allowed.

The assay balances and materials used in assaying and examined by the committee were found to be satisfactory; the committee, therefore, considers the

assays to be accurate.

The highest assays on individual gold coin selected for assay were: Philadel-

phia, 900.3; Denver, 900.4.

The lowest assays on gold coin were: Philadelphia, 899.7; Denver, 899.4.

The highest assays on individual silver coin selected were: Philadelphia, 900.7; San Francisco, 902.2; Denver, 900.9.

The lowest assays on silver coin were: Philadelphia, 898.2; San Francisco,

898.4; Denver, 898.4.

ASSAY OF COINS MELTED IN MASS

Philadelphia, gold, 23 double eagles, fineness, 900. Philadelphia, silver, 20 dollars, fineness, 899.1. Philadelphia, 12 dollars, 40 quarter dollars, 30 dimes, fineness, 898.9.

San Francisco, silver, 13 dollars, 8 half dollars, 2 Monroe doctrine centennial half dollars, 6 quarter dollars, 45 dimes, fineness, 899.1.

half dollars, 6 quarter dollars, 45 dimes, fineness, 899.1. Denver, gold, 15 double eagles, fineness, 899.8.

Denver, silver, 17 dollars, fineness, 899.1.

The foregoing report, covering the operations of the mints and assay offices of the United States for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, is respectfully submitted.

R. J. Grant, Director of the Mint.

Hon. Andrew W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury.

TABLES FROM THE REPORT OF

Deposits and purchases of gold during

		* -	20	pour and	parcituses of	3 - 1
	Source and description	Philadelphia	San Fran- cisco	Denver	New York	New Orleans
	PURCHASES	Fine ounces	Fine ounces	Fine ounces	Fine ounces	Fine ounces
1	Alaska	187. 803	9, 991. 042	143. 380	515. 287	
2 3	Alabama	5, 531				
4	Arizona	62. 830 3. 905	53, 873, 252 121, 077, 062	404. 126 9. 736	4. 511	
5	Colorado	0. 303	7. 431	47, 359. 648		
6 7	Georgia	29. 553			13. 523	
7	Idaho	8. 215	110. 216	165. 194	6. 028	
8	Montana Nevada	12. 249	3, 292, 148 15, 039, 449	1, 580. 757 10. 496	42. 825	
10	New Mexico	12. 213	311. 846	8, 568. 707	12. 574	
11	North Carolina	29. 022				
12	Oregon	21.852	2, 383. 026	193. 201		
13 14	Oregon South Carolina South Dakota Utah Washington Wyoming Philippine Islands Porto Rico	15. 150			312, 186. 513	
15	Utah		49. 085	16. 580	012, 100, 010	
16	Washington		107. 907		l	
17	Wyoming			4. 103		
18 19	Philippine Islands		24, 340. 054			
20	Other				6. 782	
21	Deposit melting-room				1	
	crains	104. 864	89. 997	21.030	718. 563	12.,855
22	Total unrefined	480. 974	230, 672. 515	58, 476. 958	313, 506. 606	12. 855
- 1	Domestic refinery bullion:	400. 874	200, 072. 313			12.000
23	Less than 0.992 fine	40 040 050	1 240 007 106	209, 786. 405	1, 512. 384	
24	Over 0.992 fine	42, 840. 250	1, 348, 967. 185	***************************************	1, 483, 813. 549	
25	Total domestic pur-					
	chases	43, 321. 224	1, 579, 639. 700	268, 263, 363	1, 798, 832, 539	12. 855
26	Foreign coin	152, 313. 298 86, 589. 236	109, 853, 168	128, 851, 532	5, 208, 772. 746	45, 472, 593
27 28	Foreign bullion, crude Foreign bullion, refined	120. 560	309, 958. 711 26, 567. 000	21, 687. 616 9, 908. 373	966, 969, 774 11, 949, 052, 339	13, 756. 905
29	Jewelers' bars, dental scrap,		20,001.000	0,000.010	11, 010, 002, 000	
	etc	158, 764. 686	33, 716. 361	12, 788. 018	427, 783. 125	. 2, 909. 774
30	Total deposit nun					
30	Total deposit pur- chases	441, 109. 004	2, 059, 734. 940	441, 498, 902	20, 351, 410. 523	62, 152, 127
			2,000,101.010		20,001,110,020	02, 102, 12,
	REDEPOSITS PURCHASED					
31	Domestic coin	67. 666	68, 966. 384	8. 819	7, 067. 051	687. 011
32	Bars stamped by U. S.	303. 355	189. 081	5. 590	15, 412. 100	
33	Government Surplus (mint recoveries)		618. 151	64. 881	248. 886	
٠.						
34	Total redeposits	271 001	60 772 616	70.900	00 700 027	607 011
	purchased	371. 021	69, 773. 616	79. 290	22, 728. 037	687. 011
35	Total purchases	441, 480. 025	2, 129, 508. 556	441, 578. 192	20, 374, 138, 560	62, 839, 138
	REDEPOSITS TRANSFERRED					
20						
36	Domestic coin from	16, 070. 819	8, 350. 352	44, 057. 250		
37	Treasury Domestic assay coins	256. 388	0, 000. 002	11,001.200		
38	Refined bars			21, 152. 360		
39	Unrefined bars		254, 687. 994		182, 844. 136	
40	Proof bullion		200. 000	100. 000	250. 000	
41	Total redeposits]	
. '	transferred	16, 327. 207	263, 238. 346	65, 309. 610	183, 094. 136	
,,	Chand total	457 007 000	0.200.710.000	EOC 007 000	00 557 000 000	60 000 100
42	Grand total	457, 807. 232	2, 392, 746. 902	506, 887. 802	20, 557, 232. 696	62, 839. 138
- 1	Value of—					
43	Purchases	\$9, 126, 202. 06	\$44, 020, 848. 58	\$9, 128, 231. 37	\$421,170,822.83	\$1, 299, 000. 22
44	U.S. coin transferred			010 744 70		
45	from Treasury Other transfers	337, 513. 32	172, 617. 10 5, 269, 002. 43	910, 744. 18 439 325 27	3, 784, 891. 70	,
	Omer managers		0, 200, 002, 40		0, 104, 091. 10	
46	Total value	9, 462, 715. 38	49, 462, 468. 11	10, 478, 300. 82	424, 955, 714. 53	1, 299, 000. 22
ı	Number of					
47	Number of—1 Deposits, gold and					
-'	silver	19, 838	15, 820	3, 181	19, 165	500
48	Redeposits purchased_	51	. 3		25	1
49	Redeposits transferred	1, 388	1, 021	58	601	3
50	Deposits in trust	894				
51	 Total gold and silver 	22, 171	16, 844	3, 239	19, 791	503
			l	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

¹ By number is meant the total number of assay reports on the metal received.

THE DIRECTOR OF THE MINT

the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924

Carson	Boise	Helena	Deadwood	Seattle	Salt Lake City	Total	_
Fine ounces	Fine ounces	Fine ounces	Fine ounces	Fine ounces 197, 778. 272	Fine ounces	Fine ounces 208, 615, 784	1
118. 324				5. 672	1. 799 6. 509	5. 531 54, 344. 719 121, 216. 498 47, 373. 588	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
11, 654. 944	7, 436, 428 25, 553 429 855	48. 521 16, 033. 664		435. 424 19. 548 1. 180	568. 379 8. 605 260. 019	43.076 8,778.405 21,003.100 26,978.766 8,893.982	10
	5, 656. 780			253. 344	1, 330. 588	29. 022 9, 838. 791 15. 150	10 11 12 13
	3. 629	. 850	322. 956	2, 250. 184	39, 018	312, 509, 469 104, 683 2, 361, 720 4, 953 24, 340, 054 6, 782	14 18 16 17 18
2. 132	7. 855	131. 121 2. 723	. 178	20. 181	. 422	131, 121 980, 800	20
11, 775. 400	13, 131. 529	16, 216. 879	323. 134	200, 763. 805	2, 215. 339	847, 575. 994	22
				3, 338. 400 18, 131. 791		214, 637, 189 2, 893, 752, 775	23 24
11, 775. 400	13, 131. 529	16, 216. 879	323, 134	222, 233. 996 23. 262 1, 049. 038	2, 215. 339	3, 955, 965, 958 5, 645, 286, 599 1, 400, 011, 280 11, 985, 648, 272	25 26 27 28
30. 034	275. 207	373. 003	33. 438	2, 585. 378	426. 023	639, 685. 047	29
11, 805. 434	13, 406. 736	16, 589. 882	356. 572	225, 891. 674	2, 641. 362	23, 626, 597. 156	30
•		0. 215		.1.412	 	76, 798. 558	31
,	3.242					15, 910. 126 - 935. 160	33
	3. 242	0. 215		1, 412		93, 643. 844	34
11, 805. 434	13, 409. 978	16, 590. 097	356. 572	225, 893. 086	2, 641. 362	23, 720, 241. 000	38
	5.000			10,000		68, 478, 421 256, 388 21, 152, 360 437, 532, 130 565, 000	36 37 38 39 40
	5. 000			10.000		527, 984. 299	 4
11, 805. 434	13, 414. 978	16, 590. 097	356. 572	225, 903. 086	2, 641. 362	24, 248, 225. 299	42
\$244, 039. 93	\$277, 208. 77	\$342, 947. 63	\$7, 370. 99	\$4, 669, 624. 40	\$54, 601. 58	\$490, 340, 898. 36 1, 420, 874. 60	43
244, 039. 93	103. 36 277, 312. 13	342, 947. 63	7, 370. 99	206. 72 4, 669, 831. 11	54, 601. 58	9, 493, 529. 48 501, 255, 302. 44	4:
242	553	343	37	1,496	135	61, 310	4' 41
•				1		3, 072 894	49
242	553	343	37	1, 500	135	65, 358	5

Deposits and purchases of silver during

	Source and description	Philadelphia	San Francisco	Denver	New York	New Orleans
1	PURCHASES Alaska	Fine ounces 24.15	Fine ounces 1,836.29	Fine ounces 29.74	Fine ounces 56.27	Fine ounces
2 3 4	Alabama Arizona California	. 35	37, 444. 46 81, 995. 34	31, 508. 82 2. 41	. 51	
5 6 7	Colorado Georgia	4.47	1.46	24, 484. 96	. 38	
8	Georgia Idaho Michigan Montana	1. 16 12, 789. 57	2, 755. 18	49.41	2.44 3.40	
10 11	New Mexico	1.12	1, 061, 597. 39 27. 98	2. 07 398, 001. 06	. 99	
12 13	North Carolina Oregon South Carolina	5. 79 3. 30	683.88	975.41		
14 15	South Dakota				89, 638. 31,	
16	Utah Washington		364, 114. 70 35. 90			
18 19 20	Washington Wyoming Philippine Islands Porto Rico		8, 632. 27	.45	115.47	
21 22	Other	130.02	119, 16	25. 59	562, 89	3.76
23	Total unrefined		1, 559, 356. 85	459, 512. 17	90, 380. 66	3.76
24 25	Domestic refinery bullion: Less than 0.992 fine Over 0.992 fine	3,000.00 13,607,086.52	1,180,874:67	24, 403. 77 200, 060. 75	73, 823. 33 403, 056. 84	
26	Total domestic purchases	13, 623, 753. 30	2, 740, 231. 52	683, 976. 69	567, 260. 83	3. 76
27 28 29	Foreign coin Foreign bullion, crude	13, 623, 753. 30 113, 206. 11 9, 313. 86 1, 930, 918. 57	434.19 540, 581.72	211,877.13	112. 97 517, 434. 89 80, 632. 24	1.51 6,103.15
30	Foreign bullion, refined Jewelers' bars, dental scrap, etc.	114, 167. 47	211, 197. 05	9, 681. 90	480, 451. 85	5, 426. 59
31	Total deposit purchases REDEPOSITS PURCHASED	15, 791, 359. 31	3, 492, 444. 48	905, 535. 72	1, 645, 892. 78	11,535.01
32 33	Domestic coin Bars stamped by U. S. Gov-	2, 194. 91	474.75	919.13	107.44	
34	ernment	23, 747. 62	1. 19 577. 28	8, 139. 14	197. 44 2, 464. 28	
35	Total redeposits pur- chased	25, 942. 53	1,053.22	9, 058. 27	2, 661. 72	
36	Total purchases	15, 817, 301. 84	3, 493, 497. 70	914, 593. 99	1, 648, 554. 50	11, 535. 01
37 38	REDEPOSITS TRANSFERRED Domestic coin from Treasury Domestic assay coins	1, 008, 809. 58 329. 64	358, 251. 32	121, 379. 72		
39 40	Refined bars	1, 253, 224. 65	81, 993. 86		268, 869. 28	
41	Proof bullion		25.00	100.00	350.00	
42	Total redeposit trans- ferred	2, 262, 363.87	440, 270. 18	121,479.72	269, 219. 28	
	DEPOSITED IN TRUST BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS					
43 44	U. S. Government bars Domestic refined bullion	150, 343. 71 365, 310. 27 451, 775. 67				
45 46	Foreign refined bullion Foreign coin	451, 775. 67 1, 345, 654. 63				
47	Total deposited in trust	2, 313, 084. 28				
48	Grand total fine ounces	20, 392, 749. 99	3, 933, 767. 88	1,036,073.71	1, 917, 773. 78	11, 535. 01
4 9 50	Value: Cost of purchases Cost of bullion trans-	\$15,028,444.23	\$3,412,098.95	\$669, 702. 69	\$1,048,940.57	\$7,376.60
51	ferred	1, 175, 914. 01	51, 913. 88	86. 29	182, 257. 59	
52	purchased	17, 593, 901. 36	2, 276, 580. 95	296, 440. 97	5, 310. 06	
	chased	3, 051, 424. 00	2, 394, 649. 90	946, 115. 50	2, 273, 299. 19	15, 946. 10
53	of purchased and trans-	i	i .	ì	1	1

the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924

Carson	Boise	Helena	Deadwood	Scattle	Salt Lake City	Total	
Fine ounces	Fine ounces	Fine ounces	Fine ounces	Fine ounces 29, 518. 31	Fine ounces	Fine ounces 31, 464. 76	1
11.06				1. 05	0. 42 3. 27	69, 658, 89 82, 010, 63 24, 489, 69	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
	2,091.06	24, 78		112, 11	45. 74	4. 85 2, 439. 54	6 7
10, 263. 25	3. 31 . 04 3. 93	16, 849. 03		3. 22 14. 82	3, 736. 47	2, 439. 54 12, 789. 57 24, 042. 27 1, 075, 615. 16 398, 033. 96	11
	11, 899. 97			28. 98	157. 37	5. 79 13, 748. 91 1. 60	12 13 14
	1. 37	,,	145. 83	129. 75	274. 53	89, 784. 14 364, 393. 98 167. 02	15 16 17
	1.07	. 07				. 52 8, 632. 27 115. 47	18 19 20
3. 63	3. 46	20. 02 1. 22	2. 39	3. 58	. 75	20. 02 856. 45	21 22
10, 277. 94	14, 003. 14	16, 895. 12	148. 22	29, 811. 82	4, 219. 18	2, 198, 275. 64	23
				5. 86		101, 232. 96 15, 391, 078. 78	24 25
10, 277. 94	14, 003. 14	16, 895. 12	148. 22	29, 817. 68	4, 219. 18	17, 690, 587, 38 113, 754, 78	26 27
				118. 27		17, 690, 587, 38 113, 754, 78 1, 285, 429, 02 2, 011, 550, 81	27 28 29
66. 41	100. 52	335. 86	19, 961. 47	3, 631. 64	54609	845, 566. 85	3€
10, 344. 35	14, 103. 66	17, 230. 98	20, 109. 69	33, 567. 59	4, 765. 27	21, 946, 888. 84	31
						3, 588. 79	32
	34. 63					198. 63 34, 962. 95	33
, ,==	34. 63					38, 750. 37	35
10, 344. 35	14, 138. 29	17, 230. 98	20, 109. 69	33, 567. 59	4, 765. 27	21, 985, 639. 21	36
						1, 488, 440. 62 329. 64 1, 253, 224. 65 350, 863. 14 475. 00	37 38 39 40 41
			0			3, 093, 333. 05	42
						150, 343. 71 365, 310. 27 451, 775. 67 1, 345, 654. 63	43 44 45 46
						2, 313, 084. 28	47
10, 344. 35	14, 138. 29	17, 230. 98	20, 109. 69	33, 567. 59	4, 765. 27	27, 392, 056. 54	48
\$6, 613. 65	\$8, 985. 53	\$10, 989. 00	\$12, 768. 46	\$21, 323. 62	\$3, 087. 07	\$20, 230, 330. 37 1, 410, 171. 77	49
						20, 172, 233. 34	5.
14, 300. 12	19, 544. 90	23, 820. 26	27, 779. 81	46, 404. 13	6, 587. 55	8, 819, 871. 46	5:
							5

Deposits of gold at United States mints and assay offices since 1873

	.*	Chara	acter of gold dep	posited		
Fiscal year ended June 30—	Domestic bullion, including domestic refinery product from foreign ores, etc.	Domestic coin	Foreign bullion	Foreign coin	Surplus bullion, grains, jewelers' bars, old plate, etc.	Total
1873 1874 1875 1876 1877 1877 1878 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1885 1887 1887 1888 1889 1899 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1919 1920 1922 1922 1923 1924	\$28, 868, 570 29, 736, 388 34, 266, 125 37, 590, 529 43, 478, 104 48, 075, 124 38, 549, 706 35, 821, 705 35, 815, 037 31, 298, 512 32, 481, 642 29, 079, 596 31, 584, 473 32, 456, 494 32, 973, 027 31, 440, 779 30, 474, 900 31, 555, 117 31, 961, 546 33, 286, 168 38, 696, 951 44, 371, 950 53, 910, 957 60, 618, 240 69, 881, 121 76, 252, 48, 836 92, 929, 696 60, 881, 121 76, 252, 48, 836 94, 622, 079 96, 514, 298 87, 745, 627 101, 618, 315 103, 838, 268 87, 745, 627 111, 735, 738 111, 735, 738 111, 735, 738 111, 735, 738 111, 735, 738 111, 735, 738 111, 735, 738 111, 737, 439 112, 727, 439 113, 278, 439 114, 504, 953 113, 278, 957 119, 217, 239 120, 722, 159 224, 355, 339 101, 416, 485 83, 350, 336 106, 416, 689 72, 714, 480 69, 746, 328 74, 102, 007	\$27, 116, 948 6, 275, 367 1, 714, 311 417, 947 447, 340 301, 022 1188, 083 209, 329 240, 777 599, 357 374, 129 3263, 117 325, 210 3393, 345 516, 985 5402, 513 585, 067 6655, 475 583, 847 57, 968 792, 470 2, 093, 615 1, 188, 258 1, 670, 006 1, 158, 258 1, 670, 006 1, 1188, 258 1, 1670, 006 1, 1188, 258 1, 116, 180 900, 908 1, 116, 180 900, 908 3, 404, 967 1, 514, 291 1, 488, 448 980, 908 3, 404, 967 1, 514, 291 1, 980, 903 3, 494, 967 1, 514, 291 1, 980, 903 1, 990, 903 1, 906, 166 4, 81, 236 2, 522, 900 1, 906, 126 4, 51, 264 5, 079, 373 1, 887, 929 2, 491, 089 2, 491, 089 2, 491, 089 2, 491, 089 2, 491, 089 2, 491, 089 2, 491, 089 2, 491, 089 2, 491, 089 2, 491, 089 2, 491, 089 2, 491, 089 2, 491, 089	\$426, 108 3, 162, 520 739, 440 1, 141, 906 1, 931, 163 2, 068, 679 21, 200, 97 21, 200, 97 21, 200, 97 37, 771, 472 12, 783, 807 4, 727, 143 6, 023, 735 11, 221, 847 4, 317, 068 22, 571, 329 22, 741, 042 21, 36, 517 2, 981, 932 4, 054, 823 10, 935, 155 2, 247, 731 15, 614, 118 6, 572, 390 9, 371, 521 26, 477, 370 30, 336, 560 22, 720, 150 27, 189, 659 9, 371, 521 26, 477, 370 30, 336, 560 22, 720, 150 27, 189, 659 36, 802, 224 17, 645, 527 36, 317, 865 71, 774, 351 16, 761, 852 35, 673, 116 20, 914, 227 31, 985, 879 18, 983, 879 18, 983, 879 22, 2881, 854 91, 099, 419 571, 448, 086 153, 405, 687 34, 568, 599 78, 021, 266 509, 493, 374 346, 479, 206 6192, 071, 404	\$518, 542 9, 313, 882 1, 111, 084 2, 003, 261 1, 316, 461 1, 498, 820 40, 426, 564 20, 304, 811 6, 906, 084 9, 095, 462 7, 893, 185 5, 673, 565 9, 896, 512 14, 596, 885 4, 447, 476 5, 298, 774 8, 256, 304 14, 040, 188 6, 293, 296 12, 386, 407 2, 278, 614 3, 227, 409 13, 188, 014 47, 210, 078 32, 785, 151 18, 834, 496 27, 906, 489 27, 906, 489 17, 221, 252 18, 634, 426 10, 066, 648, 512 17, 221, 252 13, 684, 426 10, 066, 643 2, 155, 233 2, 732, 439 3, 261, 1967 15, 420, 256 10, 066, 643 2, 155, 233 2, 732, 439 3, 261, 967 15, 420, 256 10, 066, 643 2, 155, 233 2, 732, 439 3, 261, 967 15, 420, 256 10, 066, 643 2, 155, 233 2, 732, 439 3, 261, 967 154, 111, 619 40, 422, 147 76, 813, 705 124, 111, 619 48, 033, 348	\$774, 218 664, 354 724, 626 681, 819 907, 922 9937, 751 1, 176, 506 1, 364, 3431 1, 770, 106 1, 864, 769 1, 869, 977 2, 265, 220 1, 265, 220 1, 266, 907 1, 266, 907 1, 266, 907 1, 266, 907 1, 266, 907 1, 266, 907 1, 266, 907 1, 266, 907 1, 266, 907 1, 266, 907 1, 266, 907 1, 266, 907 1, 266, 907 1, 267	\$57, 704, 386 49, 142, 511 38, 556, 294 41, 943, 285 48, 787, 779 52, 669, 384 42, 254, 157 98, 835, 097 130, 833, 103 66, 756, 653 46, 347, 106 46, 326, 679 52, 894, 075 44, 909, 749 68, 223, 073 72, 225, 498 42, 136, 436 42, 663, 095 42, 848, 485, 801 61, 131, 460 46, 449, 841 71, 909, 513 65, 161, 067 68, 769, 384 177, 783, 384 147, 093, 195 143, 397, 113, 197, 198, 103, 107, 108, 108, 108, 108, 108, 108, 108, 108
1924	81, 777, 074 3, 678, 164, 419	3, 008, 442 144, 798, 244	276, 706, 141	116, 698, 431	13, 242, 795 238, 859, 813	491, 432, 883 8, 411, 025, 487

Deposits of silver at the United States mints and assay offices since 1873

			Characte	er of silver of	leposited			_
Fiscal	Domestic bullion,	Domest	ie coin	:	Foreig	n coin	Surplus	
year ended June 30—	including domestic refinery product	United	Ha-	Foreign bullion	Philip- pines	Othor	bullion, grain, jewelers' bars, old	Total
	from foreign ores, etc.	States	waiian		For re- coinage	Other	plate, etc.	
•	Fine ounces	Fine ounces	Fine ounces	Fine ounces	Fine ounces	Fine ounces	Fine ounces	Fine ounces
1873	6, 619, 104	37, 955		59, 877		216, 171	141, 235	7, 074, 34
1874	8, 370, 649 11, 729, 014	45, 287 10, 984		89, 474 399, 240		163, 748 124, 285	213, 524	8, 882, 68
1876	18, 685, 953	3, 753		269, 835		109, 245	166, 104 138, 096	12, 429, 62 19, 206, 88
1875 1876 1877	20, 967, 567	795, 375		2, 284, 732		189, 968	315, 354	
878	22, 271, 284	795, 375 4, 930		4, 824, 919		265, 541	157, 356	27, 524, 03
18/9	20, 832, 329	8, 205		829, 836			161, 347	22, 372, 06 26, 792, 28
1880	24, 852, 680 22, 025, 225	30, 395 5, 652		892, 826 1, 014, 862		823, 515 568, 038	192, 866 201, 251	26, 792, 28
881	23, 942, 987	98, 669		1, 103, 408			269, 825	23, 815, 02 26, 080, 69
883	25, 336, 643	492,668		1,414,767			292, 680	28, 516, 51
883 884	24, 334, 752	117, 589 678, 741		1. 952, 731		1, 534, 782	306, 310	28, 516, 51 28, 246, 16
880	24, 943, 394	678, 741 216, 015		1, 627, 619	-	867, 856	336, 981	28, 454, 59
886 887 888	25, 101, 639 29, 293, 372	5, 848, 585		1, 145, 017 1, 127, 213			361, 316 396, 656	27, 452, 53 36, 936, 99
888	28, 921, 649	1. 202. 177		1, 290, 390		67, 549	485, 190	31 966 95
889	29, 606, 387	394, 346 466, 302		1,063,900		67, 549 328, 276	502, 223	31, 895, 13
.890	29, 187, 135	466, 302		1, 852, 155		951, 162	526, 270	32, 983, 02
891 892	50, 667, 116 56, 817, 548	637, 652 5, 036, 246		1,767,908 1,556,618	-	1,970,912 349,652	633, 073 572, 661	55, 676, 66
893	56, 976, 082	5, 346, 912		1, 738, 711		505 171	582, 728	64, 332, 72 65, 149, 60
894	15, 296, 815	5, 012, 060		994, 901		522, 725	467, 958	65, 149, 60 22, 194, 45
894 895	6, 809, 626	3 015 005		1, 362, 141		15. 291	580, 125	11, 783, 08 9, 027, 62
896	4, 420, 770	3, 170, 768	,	680, 757		150, 942	604, 386	9, 027, 62
897 898	3, 914, 985 2, 116, 690	2, 208, 953 1, 243, 050		626, 085 209, 987		101, 157 6, 808	473, 755 249, 468	7, 324, 93 3, 826, 00
899	5 584 019	6, 060, 986		716, 077		19, 382	484, 751	12, 866, 10
900	4, 977, 978	3, 587, 992		1, 088, 019		44,704	557, 831	10, 256, 52
901	2, 466, 749	2, 613, 570		1, 306, 149		4, 250, 196	567, 647	11, 204, 31
902	1, 425, 060 12, 523, 630	2, 275, 090	761 606	1, 152, 023		29, 265	575, 430	5, 456, 86
903 904	9, 991, 187	2,050,225	148 788	1, 110, 463 1, 361, 701	2, 567, 137	21,869	627, 108 652, 015	16, 794, 98 18, 116, 40
905	4, 923, 655	1, 923, 609 1, 333, 595 959, 568	3, 647	1. 906. 410	7, 703, 766	1, 471, 963 92, 995	739.311	16, 703, 37
905 906	2, 398, 871	959, 568	461, 686 148, 788 3, 647 3, 895	3, 162, 507	¹ 7, 703, 766 ¹ 61, 333	1. 287. 658	632, 544	8, 506, 37
907[20, 388, 163	770, 269 786, 085		3, 162, 507 2, 552, 003 2, 963, 399	4,680,791	282, 612	636, 722	29, 310, 56
908	16, 114, 553 5, 375, 389	659, 935		2, 963, 399 2, 326, 847	8, 870, 033 7, 320, 312	134, 974 21, 917	648, 007 520, 715	29, 517, 05 16, 225, 11
910	1 547 145	548, 821		1, 162, 240	1, 391, 587	13, 295	460, 935	5, 124, 02
911	3, 220, 236	393, 906		799, 105	621, 800	6,040	495, 013	5, 536, 10
912	5, 635, 513	458, 694	447	957, 233	227, 295	7,934	540, 117	7, 827, 23
913	3, 104, 347 9, 752, 614	280, 688 589, 972		624, 215 527, 233	342, 289 143, 873	17,010	577, 423	4, 945, 97
914 915	7, 250, 205	491, 028		2, 130, 138	136, 247	85, 141 383, 439	572, 687 536, 887	11, 671, 42 10, 927, 94
916	9, 346, 085	569, 510	99.	1,860,420	138, 067	204, 470	698, 026	12, 816, 67
917	7, 556, 359	6, 240, 994	62	2, 327, 785	149, 198	816, 725	698, 026 882, 893	17, 974, 01
918	21, 155, 924	8, 176, 334 456, 283		6, 780, 011	1, 911, 376	7, 145, 336	964,626	46, 133, 60
919	2, 669, 447 5, 336, 184	456, 283 541, 117	100	1, 670, 071 2, 205, 066	618, 531 225	4, 801, 019 4, 413, 248	1, 145, 067 1, 274, 743	11, 360, 51 13, 770, 58
921	63, 540, 055	507, 894		2, 158, 717	225	763, 075	830, 570	67, 800, 31
922	51, 994, 780	1, 734, 696		1, 705, 424		5, 219, 623	746, 708	61, 401, 23
923	68, 903, 846	2, 367, 425		1, 522, 320		198,834	768, 359	73, 760, 78
924	17, 690, 587	1, 492, 359		3, 296, 980		113, 755	880, 430	23, 474, 11
							1	

¹ Spanish-Filipino coins.

Authority for United States coinage, by denominations, with standard weight and fineness, and total coined

GOLD COINAGE.

·		Standard	Standard	Total coined	l to June 30, 1924
Denominations	Authorizing acts	weight	fineness	Pieces	Value
50-dollar piece, memo-					
rial: Panama-Pacific In-		1 1	P		Ì
Panama-Pacific In- ternational Ex-		A	Thou-		
position— Octagonal	Jan. 16, 1915	Grains 1, 290	sandths 900	1, 509	\$75, 450. 00
Round Double eagle (\$20)	Mon 2 1840	1, 290 516	900	, . , 1,510	75, 500. 00
	Feb. 12, 1873	516	! 900 l	35, 958, 356 h	2, 719, 167, 120. 00
Eagle (\$10)	Apr. 2, 1792	270 258	916 ² / ₃ 899. 225	Ì	
•	Jan. 16, 1915	258	900 '	51, 797, 985	517, 979, 850. 00
Half eagle (\$5)	Feb. 12, 1873	258 135	900	Į.	
Lian cagio (po)	June 28, 1834	129	916 2/3 899. 225	78, 249, 869	391, 249, 345. 00
• ,	Jan. 18, 1837 Feb. 12, 1873	129 129	900	10, 240, 000	331, 233, 340. 00
Quarter eagle (\$2.50)	Apr. 2, 1792	67. 5	9162/s 899. 225	ĺ.	
	June 28, 1834 Jan. 18, 1837	64. 5 64. 5	899. 225 900	17, 856, 590	44, 641, 475. 00
O	Jan. 18, 1837 Feb. 12, 1873	. 64, 5	900	j	
Quarter eagle (\$2.50), memorial:					
Panama-Pacific In- ternational Expo- sition.	Jan. 16, 1915	64. 5	900	10, 017	25, 042. 50
3-dollar piece	Feb. 21, 1853 (discontinued,	774	900		
	act Sept. 26, 1890). Feb. 12, 1873	77. 4	900	539, 792	1, 619, 376. 00
1 dollar	Mar. 3, 1849 (discontinued,	25. 8	900	10 400 007	10 400 227 00
•	Feb. 12, 1873. Mar. 3, 1849 (discontinued, act Sept. 26, 1890). Feb. 12, 1873.	25. 8	900 -	19, 499, 337	19, 499, 337. 00
1 dollar memorial: Louisiana Purchase	June 28, 1902	25. 8	900	250, 000	250, 000. 00
Exposition.					1
Lewis and Clark Ex- position.	Apr. 13, 1904	25. 8	900	60, 000	60, 000 00
Panama-Pacific In- ternational Expo- sition.	Jan. 16, 1915	25. 8	900	25, 034	25, 034. 00
McKinley	Feb. 23, 1916	25. 8	900	30, 040	30, 040. 00
Grant	Feb. 2, 1922	25. 8	900	10, 016	10, 016. 00
Total gold				304, 290, 055	3, 694, 707, 585. 50
	SILVER CO	INAGE.			
Dollar	Apr 9 1702	416	892. 4		•
Donai	Apr. 2, 1792 Jan. 18, 1837 (discontinued, act Feb. 12, 1873).	4121/2	900		
•	Feb. 28, 1878	$412\frac{1}{2}$ $412\frac{1}{2}$	900	812, 320, 321	\$812, 320, 321. 00
	act Feb. 12, 1873). Feb. 28, 1878. July 14, 1890. Mar. 3, 1891. Apr. 23, 1918.	4121/2	900		
¹ Silver-dollar coinage	•		900]		ŀ
Act Apr. 2, 1792—				61 40 0	
During 1836	J5			51, 439 1 6, 590	, 517 ,:000
From 1839 to Fe	05 0b. 12, 1873		-;	6, 590	\$8,031,238
	Oct. 31, 1893, date of repeal of pu				378, 166, 793
					, 285
Act Nov. 1, 1893, to Act June 13, 1898, w	June 12, 1898ar revenue bill			42, 139 108, 800	, 872 , 188 ——— 187, 027, 345
Act Mar. 1, 1891, tra	ade dollar conversion				5, 078, 472
Act Apr. 23, 1918, P	ade dollar conversionittman Act replacement—			86, 730	. 000
Peace dollar				147, 286	473
٠.,	•				234, 010, 473
•					812, 320, 321

Note.—Silver dollar coinage suspended 1805 to 1837 and 1874 to 1878. The bullion value of the dollar was greater than its coin value prior to 1878.

Authority for United States coinage, by denominations, with standard weight and fineness, and total coined—Continued

SILVER COINAGE—continued.

Denominations					
Denominations	· Authorizing acts	Standard	Standard	Total coined	to June 30, 1924
	Authorizing acco	weight	fineness	Pieces	Value
-			Thou-		
	:	Grains	sandths		
Trade dollar 2	Feb. 12, 1873 (discontinued, act Mar. 3, 1887).	420	900	35, 965, 924	\$35, 965, 924. 00
Dollar, memorial:	3.5				
Lafayette	Mar. 3, 1899	4121/2	900	50, 000	50, 000. 00
Half dollar	Apr. 2, 1792 Jan. 18, 1837	208 2061⁄4	892. 4 900	1 .	! .
· 1	Feb. 21, 1853	192	900	445, 595, 312	222, 797, 656. 00
	Feb. 12, 1873	3 192. 9	900	1	
Half dollar, memorial:				ĺ.	
Columbian Exposi-	Aug. 5, 1892	1929	900	5, 000, 000	2, 500, 000. 00
tion.	Jan. 16, 1915	100.0	000		
Panama-Pacific In- ternational Exposi-	Jan. 16, 1915	192. 9	900	60, 000	30, 000. 00
tion.	•				•
Illinois Centennial	June 1, 1918	192.9	900	100, 058	50, 029. 00
Maine Centennial	May 10, 1920	192. 9	900	50, 028	25, 014. 00
Landing of Pilgrims	May 12, 1920	192. 9	900	300, 165	150, 082. 50
Tercentennial.	75 . 10 1000	****	000	70.044	0,, 000, 00
Alabama Centennial. Missouri Centennial.	May 10, 1920 Mar. 4, 1921	192. 9 192. 9	900	70, 044 50, 028	35, 022. 00 25, 014. 00
Grant	Feb. 2, 1922	192. 9	900	100, 061	50, 030, 50
Monroe Doctrine	Jan. 24, 1923	192.9	900	274, 000	137, 000. 00
Centennial.	Van. 21, 1020-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1		000	2, 2, 000	101,000.00
Huguenot-Walloon	Feb. 26, 1923	192.9	900	142, 080	71, 040. 00
Quarter dollar	Apr. 2, 1792	104	892.4	1	·
	Jan. 18, 1837	1031/8	900	564, 190, 381	141, 047, 585. 25
	Feb. 21, 1853 Feb. 12, 1873	96 196.45	900	1 002, 200, 002	111, 011, 000. 20
Quarter dollar, memo-	Feb. 12, 10/3	96.45	900	,	
rial:			۰		
Columbian Exposi-	Mar. 3, 1893	96. 45	900	40,000	10, 000. 00
tion.					
20-cent piece	Mar. 3, 1875 (discontinued,	5 77. 16	900	1, 355, 000	271, 000. 00
Dime	act May 2, 1878).	41.6	892. 4		i
Dime	Jan. 18, 1837	41.0	300	1	
	Feb. 21, 1853	38. 4	900	1,171,598,797	117, 159, 879. 70
	Feb. 12, 1873	6 38. 58	900		
Half dime	Apr. 2, 1792	20.8	892. 4)	
	Jan. 18, 1837	205/8	900	97, 604, 388	4, 880, 219. 40
	Feb. 21, 1853 (discontinued,	19. 2	900	1	
3-cent piece	act Feb. 12, 1873). Mar. 3, 1851	123/8	750	1	
o come precentation	Mar. 3, 1853 (discontinued,	11. 52	900	42, 736, 240	1, 282, 087. 20
	act Feb. 12, 1873).		-	,	
		l	i		
Total silver				3, 177, 602, 827	1, 338, 857, 904. 55

<sup>Coinage limited to export demand by joint resolution July 22, 1876. Redeemed \$7, 689, 036 at face value under act Mar. 3, 1887, which were converted into 5,078,472 standard dollars and \$2,889,011 subsidiary silver coin.
3 12½ grams, or 192.9 grains.
6½ grams, or 96.45 grains.
5 grams, or 77.16 grains.
6 2½ grams, or 38.58 grains.</sup>

Authority for United States coinage, by denominations, with standard weight and fineness, and total coined—Continued

MINOR COINAGE.

Denominations	Authorizing acts	Standard	Standard		to June 30, 1924
	7	weight	fineness	Pieces	Value
		Grains	Thou- sandths		
5-cent (nickel)	May 16, 1866 Feb. 12, 1873	77. 16	(4)	1, 297, 925, 662	\$64, 896, 283. 10
3 cent (nickel)	Mar. 3, 1865 (discontinued, act Sept. 26, 1890).	30	(4)	31, 378, 316	941, 349. 48
2-cent (bronze)	Feb. 12, 1873 Apr. 22, 1864 (discontinued, act Feb. 12, 1873).	30 96	(8) (5)	45, 601, 000	912, 020. 00
Cent (copper)	Apr. 2, 1792 Jan. 14, 1793 Jan. 26, 1796 (discontinued,	264 208			
	act Feb. 21, 1857).	168		156, 288, 744	1, 562, 887. 44
Cent (nickel)	Jan. 18, 1837 Feb. 21, 1857 (discontinued, act Apr. 22, 1864).	168 72	(7)	200, 772, 000	2, 007, 720. 00
Cent (bronze)	Apr. 22, 1864	48 48	(5) (4)	4,399,489,683	43, 994, 896. 83
Half cent (copper)	Apr. 2, 1792 Jan. 14, 1793	132 104		7 007 000	20, 000, 11
• .	Jan. 25, 1796 (discontinued, act Feb. 21, 1857). Jan. 18, 1837	84 84		7, 985, 222	39, 926. 11
Total minor				6, 139, 440, 627	114, 355, 082. 96
Total coinage				9, 621, 333, 509	5, 147, 920, 573. 01
	,	1	1	,	

Composed of 75 per cent copper and 25 per cent nickel.
 Composed of 95 per cent copper and 5 per cent tin and zinc.
 By proclamation of the President, in conformity with act of Mar. 3, 1795.
 Composed of 88 per cent copper and 12 per cent nickel.

Coinage of each mint, by value, since its organization to close of business December 31, 1923

Denominations	Philadelphia, 1793–1923	San Francisco, 1854-1923	Denver, 1906–1923	New Orleans, 1838-1861; 1879-1909	Carson, 1870–1893	Charlotte, 1838–1861	Dahlonega, 1838–1861	Total
Gold: Fifty dollars Double eagles Eagles Half Eagles	287, 654, 320. 00	\$150, 950. 00 1, 524, 160, 520. 00 144, 624, 060. 00 140, 140, 040. 00	\$127, 050, 000. 00 59, 092, 800. 00 26, 463, 300. 00	\$16, 375, 500. 00 23, 610, 890. 00 4, 618, 625. 00	\$17, 283, 560. 00 2, 997, 780. 00 3, 548, 085. 00	\$4, 405, 135. 00	\$5, 536, 055. 00	\$150, 950. 00 2, 588, 472, 120. 00 517, 979, 850. 00 391, 249, 345. 00
Three dollarsQuarter eagles	37, 458, 322, 50 18, 573, 494, 00	186, 300. 00 1, 886, 297. 50 115, 266. 00	1, 259, 200. 00	72, 000. 00 3, 023, 157. 50 1, 004, 000. 00		544, 915. 00 109, 138. 00	3, 360. 00 494, 625. 00 72, 529. 00	1, 619, 376. 00 44, 666, 517. 50 19, 874, 427. 00
Total gold	1, 455, 184, 497. 50	1, 811, 263, 433. 50	213, 865, 300. 00	48, 704, 172. 50	23, 829, 425. 00	5, 059, 188. 00	6, 106, 569. 00	3, 564, 012, 585. 50
Silver: Dollars Trade dollars. Half dollars. Quarter dollars Twenty cents Dimes Half dimes Three cents. Total silver.	5, 107, 524, 00 123, 994, 191, 00 90, 931, 303, 00 11, 342, 00 77, 786, 379, 40 3, 948, 791, 90 1, 260, 487, 20	167, 713, 073. 00 26, 647, 000. 00 45, 853, 445. 50 18, 503, 534. 25 231, 000. 00 17, 838, 218. 90 119, 100. 00	42, 219, 000. 00 13, 180, 560. 00 13, 618, 800. 00 11, 748, 180. 00	187, 111, 529.00 40, 117, 338.00 15, 085, 750.00 6, 807, 990.60 812, 327.50 21, 600.00 249, 956, 535.10				806, 996, 321. 00 35, 965, 924. 00 225, 799, 848. 00 140, 718, 585. 25 271, 000. 00 16, 270, 879. 70 4, 880, 219. 40 1, 282, 087. 20
26.		210,000,012.00	30,700,010.00	210, 000, 000. 10	20, 110, 000, 00			1,002,101,001.00
Minor: Five cents. Three cents. Two cents. One cent. Half cent.	941, 349, 48 912, 020, 00	2, 718, 550. 00 3, 330, 790. 00	3, 146, 300. 00					63, 705, 783. 10 941, 349. 48 912, 020. 00 47, 243, 904. 27 39, 926. 11
Total minor	99, 723, 517. 96	6, 049, 250. 00	7, 070, 215. 00					112, 842, 982. 96
Total coinage		2, 094, 218, 055. 15	301, 702, 055, 00	298, 660, 707, 60	49, 274, 434. 30	5, 059, 188. 00	6, 106, 569. 00	5, 009, 040, 433. 01

Coinage of each mint, by denominations, during the past 10 calendar years

Mints	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	Total
PHILADELPHIA											
Gold: Double eagles Eagles Half eagles	\$1, 906, 400. 00 1, 510, 500. 00 1, 235, 625, 00	\$3, 041, 000. 00 3, 510, 750. 00 2, 940, 375, 00					\$4, 565, 000. 00	\$10, 570, 000. 00	\$27, 510, 000. 00	\$11, 320, 000. 00	\$58, 912, 400. 00 5, 021, 250. 00
Quarter eagles Dollars	600, 292. 50	1, 515, 250. 00	\$20, 026. 00								2, 115, 542, 50 40, 056, 00
Total gold	5, 252, 817. 50	11, 007, 375. 00	20, 026. 00	10, 014. 00			4, 565, 000. 00	10, 570, 000. 00	27, 520, 016. 00	11, 320, 000. 00	70, 265, 248. 50
Silver: Dollars	62, 305. 00 1, 561, 152. 50 1, 736, 065. 50		304, 000. 00 460, 000. 00 4, 067, 000. 00	6, 146, 000. 00 5, 655, 000. 00	3, 560, 000. 00	2, 831, 000. 00	3,311,070.00 6,965,000.00 5,903,000.00	233, 062, 50 479, 000, 00	51, 737, 000. 00 50, 030. 50	2, 429, 000. 00	14, 023, 722. 00 24, 810, 265, 00
Total silver	3, 359, 523. 00		4, 831, 000. 00				16, 179, 070. 00		51, 787, 030. 50		29, 169, 110. 50 196, 236, 570. 50
Minor: Five cents One cent	1, 033, 286. 90 752, 384. 32		3, 174, 903. 30 1, 318, 336. 77		1, 604, 315. 70 2, 881, 046. 34	3, 043, 400. 00 3, 920, 210. 00	3, 154, 650. 00 3, 101, 650. 00	533, 150. 00 391, 570. 00		747, 230, 00	17, 950, 020. 85 15, 367, 646. 48
Total minor	1, 785, 671. 22	1, 340, 284. 70	4, 493, 240. 07	4, 535, 499. 30	4, 485, 362. 04	6, 963, 610. 00	6, 256, 300. 00	924, 720. 00		2, 532, 980. 00	33, 317, 667. 33
Total coinage	10, 398, 011. 72	13, 849, 042. 20	9, 344, 266. 07	21, 869, 513. 30	14, 080, 391-04	13, 849, 610. 00	27, 000, 370. 00	58, 026, 255. 50	79, 307, 046. 50	52, 094, 980. 00	299, 819, 486. 33
SAN FRANCISCO											· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Gold: Fifty dollars Double eagles Eagles Half eagles Quarter eagles	29, 960, 000. 00 2, 080, 000. 00 1, 315, 000. 00	150, 950. 00 11, 350, 000. 00 590, 000. 00 820, 000. 00	15, 920, 000. 00 1, 385, 000. 00 1, 200, 000. 00				11, 160, 000. 00 1, 265, 000. 00		53, 160, 000. 00		150, 950. 00 121, 550, 000. 00 5, 320, 000. 00 3, 335, 000. 00
Dollars		25, 042. 50 25, 034. 00									25, 042. 50 25, 034. 00
Total gold	33, 355, 000. 00	12, 961, 026. 50	18, 505, 000. 00				12, 425, 000. 00		53, 160, 000. 00		130, 406, 026. 50
Silver: Dollars	496, 000. 00 66, 000. 00 210, 000. 00	176, 000, 00	254, 000. 00	3, 253, 000. 00 1, 876, 000. 00 2, 733, 000. 00	2, 768, 000, 00		2, 312, 000. 00 1, 595, 000. 00	274, 000. 00	-	19, 020, 000. 00 1, 226, 000. 00 340, 000. 00 644, 000. 00	14, 564, 000. 00 7, 280, 000. 0
··· Total silver	772, 000. 00			7, 862, 000. 00					17, 475, 000. 00		89, 541, 000. 00
Minor: Five cents One cent	173, 500. 00 41, 370. 00	75, 250. 00 48, 330. 00	593, 000. 00 225, 100. 00	209, 650. 00 326, 200. 00	244, 100. 00 346, 800. 00	376, 050. 00 1, 397, 600. 00		152, 740. 00		307, 100. 00 87, 000. 00	2, 540, 950. 00 3, 087, 340. 00
Total minor	214, 870. 00	123, 580. 00	818, 100. 00	535, 850. 00	590, 900. 00	1, 773, 650. 00	946, 650. 00	230, 590. 00		394, 100. 00	5, 628, 290. 00
Total coinage	34, 341, 870. 00	14, 188, 606. 50	21, 204, 100. 00	8, 397, 850. 00	10, 429, 900. 00	3, 893, 650. 00	18, 660, 650. 00	22, 199, 590, 00	70, 635, 000. 00	21, 624, 100. 00	225, 575, 316. 50

DENVER '	ļ.:			J							
Gold: Double eagles	9, 060, 000. 00 3, 435, 000. 00									34, 045, 000. 00	43, 105, 000, 00 3, 435, 000, 00
Eagles Half eagles Quarter eagles	1, 235, 000. 00 1, 120, 000. 00										1, 235, 000, 00 1, 120, 000, 00
Total gold	14, 850, 000. 00				-4					34, 045, 000. 00	48, 895, 000. 00
Silver: Dollars Half dollars		585, 200. 00	507, 200, 00	1, 352, 700, 00	1, 926, 520, 00	582, 500. 00	775, 500, 00	20, 345, 000. 00 104; 000. 00			42, 219, 000. 00 5, 833, 620. 00
Quarter dollars Dimes	761, 500. 00 1, 190, 800. 00	923, 500. 00		1, 933, 400. 00		486, 000. 00	896, 600. 00			,	8, 481, 200. 00 7, 443, 880. 00
Total silver	1, 952, 300. 00	1, 508, 700. 00	2, 168, 800. 00	4, 226, 300. 00	6, 039, 000. 00	2, 062, 400. 00	3, 589, 200. 00	20, 557, 000. 00	15, 063, 000. 00	6, 811, 000. 00	63, 977, 700. 00
Minor: Five cents One cent	195, 600. 00 11, 930. 00								71, 600. 00		3, 025, 565. 00 2, 757, 430. 00
Total minor	207, 530. 00	598, 975. 00	1, 026, 210. 00	1, 046, 740. 00	896, 400. 00	971, 840. 00	963, 700. 00		71, 600. 00		5, 782, 995. 00
Total coinage	17, 009, 830. 00	2, 107, 675. 00	3, 195, 010. 00	5, 273, 040. 00	6, 935, 400. 00	3, 034, 240. 00	4, 552, 900. 00	20, 557, 000. 00	15, 134, 600. 00	40, 856, 000. 00	118, 655, 695. 00
ALL MINTS											
Grand total value	61, 749, 711. 72	30, 145, 373. 70	33, 743, 376. 07	35, 540, 403. 30	31, 445, 691. 04	20, 777, 500. 00	50, 213, 920. 00	100, 782, 845. 50	165, 076, 646. 50	114, 575, 080. 00	644, 050, 497. 83
Grand total pieces	154, 850, 157	105, 994, 510	347, 900, 469	501, 030, 628	538, 160, 846	738, 642, 000	631, 422, 290	160, 364, 098	95, 578, 577	254, 277, 250	3, 528, 220, 825

Combined gold coinage of the mints of the United States, by denominations and calendar years, since their organization

Calendar years 93-1795	Fifty dollars	Double eagles	Eagles	Half eagles	Three dollars	Quarter eagles	Dollars
93-1795			\$27.050	\$43, 535 16, 995 32, 030 124, 335 37, 255 58, 110 130, 030 265, 880 167, 530 152, 375 165, 915 320, 465			
96			60, 800	16, 995		\$165.00	
97			91 770	32,030		4 300 00	
18			79 740	124 235		4, 390. 00 1, 535. 00	
00			174 920	27 25B		1, 200. 00	
)n			250 650	59 110		1, 200.00	
///			209,000	20, 110			
/1			. 292, 540	130,030			
)2			150, 900	265, 880	-4	0, 530, 00	
/3			89,790	167, 530		1, 057. 50	
)4			97, 950	152, 375		8, 317. 50	
)5				165, 915		4, 452, 50	
06				320, 465		4, 040. 00	
07				420, 465 277, 890 169, 375		17, 030. 00	l
18				277, 890		6, 775. 00	
9				169, 375		l	
0				501, 435			
1				407 005			
2				501, 435 497, 905 290, 435			
2				477 140	J		
A				477, 140 77, 270 3, 175			
¥				17, 270			
0				3, 175			
0							
(4, 040. 00 17, 030. 00 6, 775. 00	
ð				242, 940			
9				258, 615			
90			-	1, 319, 030			
.1]	173, 205	1	16, 120. 00	
2			:	88, 980			
3				242, 940 258, 615 1, 319, 030 173, 205 88, 980 72, 425 86, 700 145, 300 90, 345 124, 565 140, 145 287, 210 631, 755 702, 970 787, 435 968, 150 968, 150 1, 857, 670 2, 765, 735 1, 035, 605			
4				86, 700		1 6, 500, 00	
5				145, 300		11, 085, 00	
8				90, 345		1, 900, 00	
27				124, 565		7, 000, 00	
8				140 145			
0				287 210		8, 507. 50 11, 350. 00 11, 300. 00	
in				621 755		11 350 00	
11				702,700		11,000.00	
0				702, 970		11, 000. 00	
04				107, 430		10,400.00	
00				908, 100		10, 400.00	
34				3,660,845		10, 400. 00 293, 425. 00 328, 505. 00	
35				1,857,670		328, 505. 00	
36				2, 765, 735		1, 369, 965, 00	
37				1, 035, 605		1, 369, 965. 00 112, 700. 00 137, 345. 00 191, 622. 50	
38			72,000	1, 600, 420		137, 345. 00	
39			382, 480	802, 745		191, 622. 50	
10			473, 380	1, 048, 530	1	153, 572, 50	
11	l	 	656, 310	380, 945		153, 572. 50 54, 602. 50	
12			1, 089, 070	655, 330		85, 007, 50	
13			2, 506, 240	4, 275, 425		1, 327, 132, 50	
14			1 250 610	4 087 715		89, 345, 00	
5			736 530	2,743,640		276 277 50	
6	,		1 018 750	2 736 155		279 272 50	
17			14 337 500	5 382 685		482 060 00	
R			1 813 340	1 863 560		08 612 50	
			6 775 100	1,000,000		111 147 50	\$936, 7 511, 3 3, 658, 8 2, 201, 1 4, 384, 1 1, 657, 0 824, 8
το		#06 90E 900	9 400 210	1,104,040		205 547 50	φ υ ου, <i>(</i>
//		Φ20, 220, 220 40, 040, 100	4 202 202	000,100		2 007 227 50	2 011, 5
.u		45, 043, 100	4, 593, 280	2,001,955		0,001,001.00	3,000,8
94		44, 500, 520	2, 511, 060	0,000,035		0, 200, 827. 00	4, 201, 1
۵ 	\	20, 046, 520	2, 522, 530	2, 305, 095	-6203-053-	0, 019, 010, 00	4, 384, 1
<u>4</u>		18, 052, 340	2, 305, 760	1, 513, 235	\$491, 214	1,890,397.50	1, 657, 0
0		25, 046, 820	1, 487, 010	1, 257, 090	171, 465	600,700,00	824,8
<u>6</u>		30, 437, 560	1, 429, 900	1,806,665	181,530	1, 213, 117. 50	
57		28, 797, 500	481,060	1, 232, 970	104,673	796, 235. 00	801.0
94		\$26, 225, 220 48, 043, 100 44, 860, 520 26, 646, 520 18, 052; 340 25, 046, 820 30, 437, 560 28, 797, 500 21, 873, 480 13, 782, 840 22, 584, 400 74, 989, 060	72, 000 382, 480 473, 380 656, 310 1, 089, 070 2, 506, 240 1, 250, 610 736, 530 1, 018, 750 1, 813, 340 6, 775, 1813, 340 6, 775, 1813, 340 6, 275, 1813, 340 1, 281, 060 2, 522, 530 2, 811, 060 2, 522, 530 4, 487, 010 1, 429, 900 481, 060 343, 210 253, 930 278, 830 1, 287, 330 278, 830	2, 600, 420 802, 745 1, 048, 530 380, 655, 330 4, 275, 425 4, 087, 715 5, 382, 685 1, 863, 560 1, 184, 645 860, 160 2, 651, 955 3, 880, 635 2, 305, 095 1, 257, 090 1, 206, 635 1, 232, 970 439, 770 352, 365 3, 332, 130 60, 825	\$491, 214 171, 465 181, 530 104, 673 6, 399 46, 914 42, 465 18, 216 17, 355	85, 007, 50 1, 327, 132, 50 89, 345, 00 276, 277, 50 482, 060, 00 98, 612, 50 111, 147, 50 895, 547, 50 3, 867, 337, 50 3, 867, 337, 50 3, 519, 615, 00 11, 896, 397, 50 600, 700, 00 1, 213, 117, 50 796, 235, 00 144, 082, 50 144, 222, 00 0, 64, 360, 00 3, 241, 235, 00	131, 4
9		13, 782, 840	253, 930	361, 235	46,914	142, 220. 00	193, 4 51, 2
30		22, 584, 400	278, 830	352, 365	42, 465	164, 360. 00	51, 2
			1, 287, 330	3, 332, 130	18, 216	3, 241, 295. 00	527.4
2		18, 926, 120	234, 950	60, 825	17, 355	1 300, 882, 50	1, 326, 8
		22, 187, 200				27, 075. 00	6,2
4		19, 958, 900	60, 800	40, 540	i g mm	7, 185. 00	5, 9
5	_	19, 958, 900 27, 874, 000	60, 800 207, 050 237, 800 121, 400 241, 550 82, 850 164, 430	144, 535	3, 495 12, 090 7, 950 14, 625 7, 575 10, 605	27, 075, 00 7, 185, 00 62, 302, 50	3, 7
6		30, 820, 500	237 800	253 200	12,090	105, 175, 00 -	7, 1
X7		23 436 300	121 400	170 600	7 050	78 125 00	5. 2
(Q		18 799 000	241 550	288 625	14 625	78, 125. 00 94, 062. 50	10, 5
M		17 999 100	00 020	169 005	7 575	1 84 612 50	5, 9
M		17, 400, 100	164,400	140,920	10,010	51 207 50	
V		22, 019, 480	104, 450	140,000	10,000	01,001.00	9,3
11		20, 456, 740	254, 650	245,000	0,000	00, 3/3.00	3,9
Z		21, 230, 600	254, 650 244, 500 173, 680	275, 350	6,090	51, 387. 50 68, 375. 00 52, 575. 00	3, 5
33 44 55 66 77 88 99 90 70 71		27, 874, 000 30, 820, 500 23, 436, 300 18, 722, 000 17, 238, 100 22, 819, 480 20, 456, 740 21, 230, 600 55, 456, 700	173, 680	97, 360 40, 540 144, 535 253, 200 179, 600 288, 625 163, 925 143, 550 245, 000 275, 350 754, 605	75	512, 562. 50	125, 1
		· · ·	 		·		
Fotal:	1		55, 656, 940	68, 889, 385	1, 169, 883	26, 750, 302. 50	10 101 0
1793-1873		680, 466, 000					

Combined gold coinage of the mints of the United States, by denominations and calendar years, since their organization—Continued

Calendar years	Fifty dollars	Double eagles	Eagles	Half eagles	Three dollars	Quarter eagles	Dollars
1874		\$33, 917, 700 32, 737, 820	\$799, 270	\$203, 530	\$125, 460	\$9,850.00	\$198,820
1875	,	32, 737, 820	78, 350	105, 240	60	30,050.00	420
1876		46, 386, 920	104, 280	61,820	135	23, 052, 50	3, 245
1877		43, 504, 700	211,490	182, 660 1, 427, 470	4,464	92, 630. 00	3, 920
875		45, 916, 500 28, 889, 260	1,031,440 6,120,320	3, 727, 155	246, 972 9, 090	1, 160, 650. 00 331, 225. 00	3, 020 3, 030
1879		28, 889, 260 17, 749, 120	91 715 160	22, 831, 765	3,108	331, 220.00	1, 636
1000		14, 585, 200	21,715,160 48,796,250	33, 458, 430	1,650	7,490.00 1,700.00	7, 660
1889		23, 295, 400	24,740,640	17, 831, 885	4,620	10, 100, 00	5, 040
1883		24, 980, 040	2, 595, 400	1 647 990	2,820	4, 900. 00	10, 840
1884		19, 944, 200	2, 110, 800	1,647,990 1,922,250	3, 318	4, 982, 50	6, 206
1885		13, 875, 560	4, 815, 270	9, 065, 030	2,730	2, 217, 50	12, 205
1886		22, 120	1-10.621.600	18, 282, 160	3, 426	10, 220, 00	6,016
1887		5, 662, 420	8,706,800	9, 560, 435	18, 480	10, 220, 00 15, 705, 00	8,543
881		21, 717, 320	8,030,310	1,560,980	15, 873	40, 245. 00	16,080
1889		16, 995, 120	4, 298, 850	37, 825 290, 640	7, 287	44, 120, 00	30, 729
1890		19, 399, 080	755, 430	290, 640		22, 032, 50	
1891		25, 891, 340	1,956,000	1,347,065		27,600.00	
1892	-	19, 238, 760	9, 817, 400	5, 724, 700		6, 362. 50	
1893		19, 238, 760 27, 178, 320	20, 132, 450	9, 610, 985		75, 265, 00	
1894 1895 1896 1896		48, 350, 800	26, 032, 780	5, 152, 275		10, 305. 00	
1895		45, 163, 120	7, 148, 260	7, 289, 680		15, 297. 50	
1896		43, 931, 760	2,000,980	1,072,315		48, 005. 00	
1897		57, 070, 220	12,774,090	6, 109, 415		74, 760.00	
1898 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902		54, 912, 900	12, 857, 970 21, 403, 520	10, 154, 475		60, 412. 50	
1899		73, 593, 680	21, 403, 520	16, 278, 645		68, 375. 00	
1900		86, 681, 680	3,749,600	8, 673, 650		168, 012. 50	
1901		34, 150, 520	46, 036, 160	21, 320, 200 5, 557, 810		228, 307, 50	
902		35, 697, 580	5, 520, 130	5, 557, 810		334, 332. 50	1 75, 000
1903	- 	24, 828, 560	7, 766, 970	10, 410, 120		503, 142. 50	1 175, 000
		441,019,440	2, 709, 880 5, 703, 280	2, 445, 680		402, 400. 00	² 25, 000 ² 35, 000
1905	<u></u>	37, 440, 220	5, 703, 280	5, 915, 040	[544, 860. 00	* 35,000
1906 1907 1908		55, 113, 800	16, 903, 920	6, 334, 100		441, 225.00	
1907		96, 656, 620 109, 263, 200	26, 838, 790 14, 813, 360	7,570,960 6,149,430		841, 120.00 1, 412, 642, 50	
909		59, 774, 140	5, 987, 530	21, 910, 490			
010		60, 788, 340	34, 863, 440	7,840,250		1, 231, 705. 00	
011		36, 392, 000	5, 866, 950	12,018,195		1,899,677.50	
1912		2, 996, 480	7,050,830	5, 910, 720			
1910 1911 1912 1913		11, 926, 760	5, 080, 710	6, 620, 495		1, 805, 412. 50	
914		40, 926, 400	7, 025, 500	3, 785, 625		1, 720, 292. 50	
914 915	3 \$150, 950	14, 391, 000	4, 100, 750	3, 760, 375		1, 540, 292. 50	3 25,034
916	4100,000	15, 920, 000	1,385,000			-,010,202.00	
1916 1917		L					5 10, 014
1918				I			1 '
1919							
1918 1919 1920 1921		15, 725, 000	1, 265, 000				
1921		10, 570, 000					
1922		80,670,000					J v 10, 016
923		45, 365, 000					
Total:							
1874-1923 1793-1873	150, 950	1, 908, 006, 120	462, 322, 910	322, 359, 960	449, 493	17, 916, 215. 00	692, 500
1793-1873		680, 466, 000	55, 656, 940	68, 889, 385	1, 169, 883	26, 750, 302, 50	19, 181, 927
Grand total	150.050	0 500 450 100	51E 0E0 070	201 240 2:-	1 010 050	11 000 515 -0	
Urana tatai	150 950	12.588 472 120	517, 979, 850	391, 249, 345	1,619,376	44, 666, 517, 50	19, 874, 427

Louisiana Purchase Exposition.
 Lewis and Clark Exposition.
 Panama-Pacific International Exposition coins.
 Includes \$25,042.50 Panama-Pacific International Exposition coins.
 McKinley memorial coins.
 Grant memorial coins.

Combined silver coinage¹ of the mints of the United States, by denominations and calendar years, since their organization

Calendar years	Trade dollars	Dollars	Half dollars	Quarter dollars	Dimes	Half dimes	Three cents
1793-1795		\$204, 791	\$161, 572. 00	\$1,473.50		\$4; 320. 80	
1796		72,920	1 050 00	\$1,473.50	\$2, 213. 50 2, 526. 10 2, 755. 00	511. 50	
1797		327 536	1, 959. 00	63. 00	2, 526. 10	2, 226. 35	
1799		423 515			2, 155.00		
1800		220, 920			2, 176, 00	1, 200, 00	
1801		54, 454	15, 144. 50		3, 464. 00	1,695.50	
1802		41,650	14, 945. 00		1, 097. 50	650. 50	
1803		66,064	15, 857. 50	1 604 50	3, 304. 00	1,892.50	
1805		321	105 861 00	30 348 50	12 078 00	780 00	
1806			419, 788, 00	51, 531, 00	12,010.00	750.00	
1807			525, 788. 00	55, 160. 75	16, 500. 00		
1808			684, 300. 00				
1810			638 138 00		4, 471.00		
1811			601, 822, 00		6, 518, 00		
1812			814, 029. 50				
1813			620, 951, 50				
1814			519, 537. 50	17 200 00	42, 150. 00		
1816			23, 575, 00	5, 000, 75			
1817			23, 575. 00 607, 783. 50 980, 161. 00	1, 684. 50 30, 348. 50 51, 531. 00 55, 160. 75			
1818			980, 161, 00	90, 293. 30			
1819			1, 104, 000. 00	36, 000. 00	04 050 70		
1821			652 898 50	54 212 75	118 651 20		
1822			779, 786, 50	16, 020, 00	10, 000, 00		
1823			1, 104, 000. 00 375, 561. 00 652, 898. 50 779, 786. 50 847, 100. 00 1, 752, 477. 00 1, 471, 583. 00 2, 002, 090. 00 2, 746, 700. 00 1, 537, 600. 00	4, 450. 00	94, 258. 70 118, 651. 20 10, 000. 00 44, 000. 00		
1824			1, 752, 477. 00	40.000.00			
1825			2 002 000 00	42, 000. 00			
1827			2, 746, 700, 00	1, 000. 00	121, 500. 00 12, 500. 00 77, 000. 00 51, 000. 00		
1828			1, 537, 600. 00	25, 500. 00	12, 500. 00		
1829			1,856,078.00		77, 000. 00	61, 500. 00	
1830			2, 382, 400. 00	00 500 00	51, 000. 00 77 135 00	62,000.00	
1832			1, 357, 600. 00 1, 856, 078. 00 2, 382, 400. 00 2, 936, 830. 00 2, 398, 500. 00 2, 603, 000. 00	99, 500. 00 80, 000. 00	77, 135. 00 52, 250. 00 48, 500. 00	48, 250, 00	
1833			2, 603, 000. 00	39, 000. 00	48, 500. 00	68, 500. 00	
1834			3, 206, 002, 00	71, 500. 00 488, 000. 00	63, 500, 00	74, 000. 00	
1835		1 000	2, 676, 003. 00 3, 273, 100. 00	488, 000. 00 118, 000. 00	141, 000. 00 119, 000. 00	138,000.00	
1837		1,000	1, 814, 910. 00	63 100 00	104, 200. 00	113, 800, 00	
1838			1, 773, 000. 00	208, 000. 00 122, 786. 50 153, 331. 75	239, 493, 40	112, 750. 00	
1839		300	1, 748, 768. 00	122, 786. 50	229, 638. 70	108, 285. 00	
1840		172 000	· 1, 145, 054. 00 355, 500. 00	153, 331. 75 143, 000. 00	253, 358. 00 363, 000. 00	113, 954, 25	
1842		184, 618	1, 484, 882. 00	214, 250. 00	390, 750. 00	58 250.00	
1843		165, 100	3, 056, 000. 00	403, 400. 00	152, 000, 00	58, 250. 00	
1844		20,000	1, 885, 500. 00	290, 300, 00	7, 250. 00	32, 500. 00	
1845		24, 500	1, 341, 500. 00 2, 257, 000. 00	230, 500. 00 127, 500. 00	198, 500. 00 3, 130. 00	78, 200. 00	
1847		140,750	1, 870, 000. 00	275, 500. 00	24, 500. 00	63 700 00	
1848		15,000	1, 880, 000. 00	36, 500, 00	45, 150, 00	63, 400. 00	
1849		62, 600	1, 781, 000. 00	85, 000. 00 150, 700. 00	113, 900. 00	72, 450. 00	
1850		47, 500	1, 341, 500. 00	150, 700. 00	244, 150, 00	82, 250. 00	010E 000 00
1852		1,300	301, 375. 00 110, 565. 00	62, 000. 00 68, 265. 00	142, 650. 00 196, 550. 00	63, 025. 00	\$185, 022. 00 559, 905, 00
1853		46, 110	2, 430, 354. 00	4, 146, 555, 00	1, 327, 301, 00	785, 251. 00	559, 905. 00 342, 000. 00
1854		33, 140	4, 111, 000. 00	3, 466, 000, 00	624, 000. 00	785, 251. 00 365, 000. 00	20, 130, 00
1855		26,000	2, 200, 120, 00	857, 350. 00	207, 500. 00	117, 500, 00	4, 170. 00
1857		63, 500 94, 000	1, 903, 500. 00 1, 482, 000. 00	2, 129, 500. 00 2, 726, 500. 00	703, 000. 00 712, 000. 00	299, 000. 00 433, 000. 00	43, 740. 00 31, 260. 00
1855 1856 1857 1858		34,000	5, 998, 000. 00	2, 726, 500.00	189, 000, 00	258, 000. 00	48, 120. 00
1859 1860 1861		636, 500	2, 074, 000. 00	421, 000. 00	97, 000. 00	45, 000. 00	10, 950, 00
1860	- -	733, 930	1, 032, 850, 00	312, 350. 00	78, 700. 00	92, 950, 00	8, 610: 00 14, 940: 00
1861		78, 500	2, 078, 950. 00	1, 237, 650. 00	209, 650. 00	164, 050. 00 74, 627. 50	14,940.00
1863			802, 175. 00 709, 830, 00	249, 887, 50 48, 015, 00	102, 830. 00 17, 196. 00	5, 923 AA	10, 906. 50 643. 80
1864		27, 660 31, 170	709, 830. 00 518, 785. 00	48, 015. 00 28, 517. 50	26, 907. 00	4, 523, 50	14. 10
1865		47, 000	593, 450. 00	25, 075, 00	18, 550. 00	6,675.00	255.00
1866		49, 625	899, 812. 50	11, 381, 25	14, 372. 50	6, 536. 25	681. 75
1868		60, 325 182, 700	810, 162, 50 769, 100, 00	17, 156, 25 31, 500, 00	14, 662. 50 72, 625. 00	6, 431. 25 18, 295. 00	138. 75 123. 00
1869		182, 700 424, 300	725, 950. 00	23, 150. 00	70, 660. 00	21, 930, 00	153.00
1864 1865 1866 1867 1868 1869 1870		445, 462	829, 758. 50	23, 935. 00	52, 150. 00	26, 830. 00	120.00
		1 1, 11, 100	1, 741, 655. 00	53, 255. 50	109, 371. 00	82, 493. 00	127. 80
1872 1873	\$1 225 000	1, 118, 600 296, 600	866, 775. 00 1, 593, 780. 00	68, 762, 50 414, 190, 50	261, 045, 00 443, 329, 10	189, 247, 50 51, 830, 00	
1010	φ1, 220, 000	200,000	1,000,100.00	313, 190. 00	110, 020. 10	01, 000.00	10.00
Total: 1793-1873	1, 225, 000	8, 031, 238	100, 541, 253. 00	22, 288, 021. 50	9, 242, 079. 20	4, 880, 219. 40	1,282,087.20

Combined silver coinage of the mints of the United States, by denominations and calendar years, since their organization—Continued

Calendar <u>y</u> ears	Trade dollars	Dollars	Half dol	lars	Qua dol			Dim	es	Half	dimes	Three
1874	\$4, 910, 000		\$1, 406, 6	50. 00	\$215	975. 00) \$	319. 1	151. 70			
18751	6, 279, 600	l	5, 117, 7		1, 278	375.00) 2.	406, 5	570. 00)		
18761	6, 192, 150		7, 451, 5		7, 839	287. 50	ի 3	015 1	115 OC	N		1 ,
18771	13, 092, 710		7, 540, 2		6, 024	927. 50	i i.	735. 0	051.00)		
1878 1	4, 259, 900	\$22, 495, 550	726, 20	00. 00	849	200.00) · - '	187.8	380. 00	1		
1879	1, 541	27, 560, 100	2. 9.	50. 00		675.00	o)	1.7	510, 00)		
1880	1, 987	27, 397, 355		77. 50		738, 75						
1880 1881 1882	960			37. 50		243. 75	(3, 4	97. 50)		
1882	1,097			50. 00		075.00)	391. 1	10.00	1		
1883	1 979	28, 470, 039	4.5	19, 50		859.75	į.	767.	571. 20	1		
1884	""		2,63	37. 50	2	218. 75	il .	393. 1	34. 90	1-,		
1885		28, 136, 875 28, 697, 767	3.06	35. 00	3	632. 50	il	257. 7	711. 70			
1998		21 422 886	90/	13. 00	l i'	471. 50	5	658 4	109 40			
1887		33 611 710	2,8	55. 00	2	677. 50	1	573 8	38 90			
1888	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	31, 990, 833	6 4	16. 50		708. 25	il	721 e	348 70	il .		i
1889		34 651 811	6 3	55. 50		177. 75	3	835 3	38.00	1		
1887 1888 1888 1889 1890		38 043 004	600	95. 00	20,	147. 50	1	133 4	161 70			
1801		23 562 735	100, 30	วก กัก		150.00	5	304 6	71 60	1		[
1892		6, 333, 249	21, 652, 13			331. 00	ī,	605 3	865 50]		
1803		1, 455, 792	3 4, 002, 89	36 00	2, 583,		, ,	750 9	210 20			
1893		3, 093, 972	3, 667, 83			448. 25	3	205 0	100 60			
1895		862, 880	2, 354, 65			390. 25	3	200, 0	188 00			
1896		10 076 769	1, 507, 85	55. OO	1 2, 200,	700. 25		210 6	100. UU	1		
1000		10,070,702	1, 007, 00	15 50	1, 300,	440.00		010, 0	01.00			
1897		14, 001, 701	2, 023, 31 3, 094, 64				1,	401, 0	204 00	1		
1898		14, 420, 730				331. 75	2,	400 6	22 00			-,
1099		10, 102, 040	4, 474, 62			211. 50	4,	400, 6	90.90			
1900		25, 010, 912	5, 033, 61			874. 25	. Z,	4//, 8	118. 20			
1901 1902		22, 500, 813	3, 119, 92			369. 25	2,	507, 3	550. 00			
1902		18, 160, 777	4, 454, 72			589. 00	2,	795, 0	77. 70			
1903 1904 1905		10, 343, 755	3, 149, 76			516. 00	2,	829, 4	105. 50			
1904		8, 812, 650	2, 331, 65			203. 25	1 3,	540, 1	02. 70			
1905			1, 830, 86			562, 50	2,	480, 7	54. 90		 -	
1906			5, 426, 41			108. 75	2,	976, 5	04.60			9
1907			5, 825, 58			143, 75	3,	453, 7	04. 50			
1908			5, 819, 68			136. 25	2,	309, 9	154. 50	ř		
909			2, 529, 02	25. UQ		662, 50	1,	448, 1	65. 00			
910			1, 183, 27			137. 75	1,	625, U	155. 10	1		
911			1, 686, 81			535. 75	3,	359, 9	154. 30			
1912			2, 610, 75	iu. 00		175. 00	3,	453, 0	70.00			
913914			663, 31			853. 25	2,	027,0	<i>1</i> 02. 20			
914			558, 30	15. 00	2, 388,	652. 50	3,	136, 8	100. 50			
915 916 917 918 919			1, 486, 42	(5. QQ	1, 969,	612.50	ا ۔ ا	p58, 0	45. 00			
910			1,065,20	M. 00	2, 095,	200.00	5,	120,4	.UU. UU	j		
911			10, 751, 70	M. 00	9, 464,	400.00	9,	196, 2	200.00	J		
919			10, 434, 54	. VO	8, 173,	000.00	6,	865, 4	80.00		'	
919			1, 839, 50	JU. UO	3, 776,	000.00	5,	452, 9	00.00	i		
920			0, 398, 37	U. UU	9, 400,	600.00	9,	202, 1	00.00			
920		87, 736, 473	10 611, 06		479,	000.00	1	231, 0	W. 00			
922		84, 275, 000	11 50, 03	U. 50	:-:-							
923		56, 631, 000	¹² 1, 226, 00	IU. 00	2, 769,	000. 00	5,	657, 0	OO. OO			
Total:							l			١.	•	_
1874-1923 .	34, 740, 924	798, 965, 083 8, 031, 238	125, 258, 59	5.00	118, 430,	563. 75	107,	028, 8	00. 50	\$	-=====	\$
1793-1873 -	1, 225, 000	8, 031, 238	100, 541, 25	3. 00	22, 288,	021. 50	9,	242,0	79. 20	4, 880,	219.40	1,282,087.2
Grand total.				_			l					. 200 00-

¹ Twenty cents silver coinage, 1875, \$265,598; 1876, \$5,180; 1877, \$102; 1878, \$120; total, \$271,000.
2 Includes \$475,000 in Columbian coins.
3 Includes \$10,000 in Columbian coins.
4 Includes \$10,000 in Columbian coins.
5 Includes \$10,000 Lafayette souvenir coins.
6 Includes \$30,000 Lafayette souvenir coins.
7 Includes \$30,000 in Panama-Pacific International Exposition coins.
7 Includes \$50,029 Illinois Centennial coins.
8 Includes \$50,029 Illinois Centennial and \$100,056 Landing of Pilgrims coins.
9 Includes \$1,006,473 'Peace' coins.
10 Includes \$50,026.50 Landing of Pilgrims, \$25,014 Missouri Centennial, and \$35,022 Alabama Centennial oins. coins

coins.

11 Grant memorial coins.

12 Includes \$137,000 Monroe doctrine commemorative coins.

NOTE.—The silver dollar coins executed subsequent to 1920 represent an equivalent number of dollars converted to bullion under the act of Apr. 23, 1918—259,121,554 for export to India and 11,111,168 for domestic. subsidiary coin.

Combined minor coinage of the mints of the United States, by denominations and calendar years, since their organization

Calendar years	Five cents	Three cents	Two cents	Cents	Half cents
1793-1795				\$10,660,33	\$712.67
1796				\$10, 660. 33 9, 747. 00	\$712. 67 577. 40
1797				8, 975. 10 9, 797. 00	535. 24
1798 1799				9 045 85	60. 83
1800				28, 221. 75	1, 057. 65
1801	-			28, 221. 75 13, 628. 37 34, 351. 00 24, 713. 53	71 00
1802				24 713 53	71. 83 489. 50
1804				7, 568. 38 9, 411. 16	5, 276. 56 4, 072. 32 1, 780. 00 2, 380. 00 2, 000. 00 5, 772. 86 1, 075. 00
1805				9, 411. 16	4, 072. 32
1806				3, 480. 00 7, 272. 21 11, 090. 00 2, 228. 67 14, 585. 00	2, 380, 00
1808				11, 090. 00	2, 000. 00
1809				2, 228. 67	5, 772. 86
1810 1811		}		2 180 25	315. 70
1812				2, 180. 25 10, 755. 00 4, 180. 00	010.70
1813				4, 180. 00	
1814				3, 578. 30	
1815 1816				28, 209. 82	
1817				39, 484. 00	
1818				31, 670. 00	
1819 1820				39, 484. 00 31, 670. 00 26, 710. 00 44, 075. 50	
1821				3, 890. 00	
1822				3, 890. 00 20, 723. 39	
				12, 620. 00	
1825				12, 620. 00	315.00
1826				14, 611. 00 15, 174. 25 23, 577. 32 22, 606. 24 14, 145. 00	1, 170. 00
1827	-			23, 577. 32	
1828 1829				22, 606. 24 14 145 00	3, 030. 00 2, 435. 00
1830				17, 115. 00	
1831	.]		17, 115. 00 33, 592. 60	11.00
1832 1833				23, 620. 00 27, 390. 00 18, 551. 00 38, 784. 00 21, 110. 00	770. 00
1834				18, 551, 00	600. 00 705. 00 1, 990. 00
1835				38, 784. 00	705.00
1836 1837				21, 110.00	1, 990.00
1838				21, 110, 00 55, 583, 00 63, 702, 00 31, 286, 61 24, 627, 00 15, 973, 67 23, 833, 90	
1839				31, 286. 61	
1840			ļ	24, 627. 00	
1841				23, 833, 90	
1843				1 24, 200, 20	
1844				23, 987. 52	
1845				38, 948. 04 41, 208. 00 61, 836. 69	
1847				61, 836. 69	
1848				64, 157. 99	
1849				41, 785, 00	199. 32 199. 06
1851				64, 157. 99 41, 785. 00 44, 268. 44 98, 897. 07 50, 630. 94	738. 36
1852				50, 630. 94	
1853	-			50, 630. 94 66, 411. 31 42, 361. 56 15, 748. 29 26, 904. 63 177, 834. 56 246, 000. 00	648. 47 276. 79
1855				15, 748, 29	282. 50
1856				26, 904. 63	. 202. 15
1857	-			177, 834, 56	175. 90
1858				364 000 00	
1860				205, 660. 00	
1861	-			101, 000. 00	
1862				280,750.00	
1864			\$396, 950, 00	246, 000. 00 364, 000. 00 205, 680. 00 101, 000. 00 280, 750. 00 498, 400. 00 529, 737. 14 334, 292. 86 98, 265. 00 102, 665. 00 64, 200. 00 52, 750. 00 39, 295. 00 40, 420. 00 41, 420. 00	
1865		\$341, 460. 00	\$396, 950. 00 272, 800. 00	354, 292. 86	
1866	\$737, 125. 00	144, 030. 00 117, 450. 00 97, 560. 00 48, 120. 00 40, 050. 00 18, 120. 00 25, 860. 00	63, 540. 00 58, 775. 00 56, 075. 00	98, 265, 00	-
1867	1, 540, 470, 00	97, 560, 00	56, 775, 00	102 665 00	
1869	819, 750. 00	48, 120. 00	30, 930. 00	64, 200. 00	
1870	240, 300. 00	40, 050. 00	17, 225. 00	52, 750. 00	
1871 1872	1, 545, 475. 00 1, 440, 850. 00 819, 750. 00 240, 300. 00 28, 050. 00 301, 800. 00	18, 120. 00	30, 930. 00 17, 225. 00 14, 425. 00 1, 300. 00	39, 295, 00	
1873	227, 500. 00	35, 190. 00	1, 300. 00	40, 420. 00 116, 765. 00	
			<u> </u>		
Total, 1793-1873	5, 340, 850, 00	867, 840. 00	912, 020. 00	4, 929, 807, 44	39, 926. 11

Combined minor coinage of the mints of the United States, by denominations and calendar years, since their organization—Continued

Calendar years	Five cents	Three cents	Two cents	Cents	Half cents
874	\$176, 900.00	\$23,700.00		\$141, 875. 00	
1875	104, 850. 00	6, 840. 00		135, 280. 00	
1876	126, 500. 00	4, 860. 00		79, 440. 00	
877				8, 525. 00	
1878	117. 50	70. 50		57, 998. 50	
879	1, 455. 00	1, 236. 00		162, 312. 00.	
880	997. 75	748. 65		389, 649. 55	
881	3, 618: 75	32, 417. 25		392, 115. 75	
882	573, 830.00	759.00		385, 811. 00	
883	1, 148, 471. 05	318. 27		455, 981. 09	
884	563, 697. 10	169. 26		232, 617. 42	
885	73, 824. 50	143. 70		117, 653. 84	
1886	166, 514. 50	128, 70		176, 542. 90	
887	763, 182. 60	238. 83		452, 264. 83	
1888	536, 024, 15	1, 232, 49		374, 944. 14	
889	794, 068. 05	646. 83		488, 693. 61	
890	812, 963. 60 841, 717. 50			571, 828. 54	
1891				470, 723. 50	
1892	584, 982. 10			376, 498. 32	
1893	668, 509. 75			466, 421. 95	
1894	270, 656, 60			167, 521. 32	
1895	498, 994. 20			383, 436. 36	
1896	442, 146. 00			390, 572, 93	
1897	1,021,436.75			504, 663. 30]
1898	626, 604. 35			498, 230. 79	l
1899	1, 301, 451. 55			536, 000. 31	
1900	1, 362, 799. 75			668, 337. 64	l
1901	1, 324, 010. 65			796, 111. 43	
1902	1, 574, 028. 95			873, 767. 22	
1903	1, 400, 336. 25		l	850, 944, 93	
1904	1,070,249.20			613, 280. 15	
1905	1, 491, 363. 80			807, 191. 63	
1906	1, 930, 686. 25			960, 222, 55	
1907	1, 960, 740, 00			1,081,386.18	
1908	1, 134, 308. 85			334, 429. 87	
1909	579, 526. 30			1, 176, 862, 63	
1910	1, 508, 467. 65			1, 528, 462. 18	
1911	1, 977, 968. 60			1, 178, 757. 87	
1912	1,747,435.70			829, 950, 60	
1913	3, 682, 961. 95			984, 373. 52	l
1914	1, 402, 386. 90			805, 684. 32	
1915	1, 503, 088. 50			559, 751, 20	
1916	4, 434, 553. 30			1, 902, 996, 77	
1917	3, 276, 391, 45			2,841,697,85	
1918	2, 266, 515. 70			3, 706, 146. 34	l
1919	3, 819, 750, 00			5, 889, 350, 00	1
1920	4, 110, 000, 00			4,056,650.00	
921	611, 000, 00			544, 310. 00	
1922				71, 600, 00	
1923	2, 092, 850. 00			834, 230. 00	
Total:		4 4	(1
1874-1923	58, 364, 933. 10	73, 509. 48		42, 314, 096. 83	1
1793-1873	5, 340, 850. 00	867, 840. 00	\$912,020.00	4, 929, 807. 44	\$39, 926. 1
. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3,010,000.00	301,020.00	4012, 020.00	,-, 020, 001, 11	400, 020. 1
Grand total	63, 705, 783. 10	941, 349. 48	912, 020, 00	47, 243, 904, 27	39, 926. 1

Total gold, silver, and minor coinage of the United States, by calendar years

Calendar years	Gold	Silver	Minor	Total value
1793-1795 1796 1797 1798 1799 1800 1801	\$71, 485. 00	\$370, 683. 80	\$11, 373. 00 10, 324. 40	\$453, 541, 80 165, 402, 90 152, 250, 79 545, 698, 00 645, 906, 68 571, 335, 40 510, 956, 37 516, 075, 83 370, 698, 53 371, 827, 94 333, 239, 48 801, 084, 00 1, 044, 595, 96
1796	77, 960. 00	77, 118, 50	10, 324. 40	165, 402, 90
1798	128, 190, 00 205, 610, 00 213, 285, 00 317, 760, 00 422, 570, 00 423, 310, 00 258, 377, 50 258, 642, 50 170, 367, 50	77, 118, 50 14, 550, 45 330, 291: 00 423, 515. 00 224, 296. 00 74, 758. 00 58, 343. 00	9, 510. 34 9, 797, 00	545, 698, 00
1799	213, 285. 00	423, 515. 00	9, 797. 00 9, 106. 68 29, 279. 40	645, 906. 68
1800	317, 760. 00	224, 296. 00	29, 279, 40	571, 335. 40
1801	422, 570. 00	74, 758. 00 58 343 00	13, 628. 37	510, 950, 37 516, 075, 83
1803	258, 377, 50	87, 118, 00	34, 422. 83 25, 203. 03	370, 698. 53
1802 1803 1804	258, 642. 50	87, 118. 00 100, 340. 50 149, 388. 50 471, 319. 00	12, 844, 94	371, 827. 94
1805 1806	170, 367, 50	149, 388. 50	13, 483. 48 5, 260. 00	333, 239. 48
1807	324, 505, 00 437, 495, 00	597, 448, 75	9, 652, 21	1. 044, 595, 96
1808	437, 495. 00 284, 665. 00 169, 375. 00 501, 435. 00 497, 905. 00 290, 435. 00	597, 448. 75 684, 300. 00	9, 652. 21 13, 090. 00	1, 044, 595. 90 982, 055. 00 884, 752. 53 1, 155, 868. 50 1, 108, 740. 95 1, 115, 219. 50 1, 102, 271. 50 642, 535. 80 20, 483. 00
1809	169, 375. 00	707, 376, 00	8, 001. 53	884, 752, 53
1810	501, 435. 00 407 905 00	638, 773. 50 608, 340. 00	15, 660. 00 2 495 95	1, 195, 868, 90
1812	290, 435, 00	X14 D29 50	2, 495. 95 10, 755. 00	1, 115, 219, 50
1813	477, 140. 00 77, 270. 00 3, 175. 00	620, 951, 50 561, 687, 50 17, 308, 00 28, 575, 75	4, 180, 00	1, 102, 271. 50
1814	77, 270. 00	561, 687. 50	3, 578. 30	642, 535. 80
1815 1816	3, 175. 00	17, 308. 00 28, 575, 75	28, 209. 82	20, 483, 00 56, 785, 57
1817		607, 783, 50	39, 484. 00	647, 267, 50
1818	242, 940. 00	607, 783. 50 1, 070, 454. 50	31, 670. 00	1, 345, 064, 50
1819	258, 615. 00	1, 140, 000. 00	26, 710. 00 44, 075. 50	1, 425, 325. 00
1820 1821	1, 319, 030. 00 189, 325. 00 88, 980. 00	501, 680. 70 825, 762, 45	3, 890. 00	1, 004, 700. 20
1822	88, 980. 00	825, 762. 45 805, 806. 50	20, 723, 39	20, 483. 00 56, 785. 57 647, 267. 50 1, 345, 064. 50 1, 425, 325. 00 1, 864, 786. 20 1, 186, 977. 45 915, 509. 89 967, 975. 00 1, 735, 894. 00 1, 735, 894. 00 2, 110, 679. 25 3, 024, 342. 32 1, 741, 381. 24 2, 306, 875. 50 3, 155, 620. 00 3, 923, 473. 60 3, 401, 055. 00 3, 765, 710. 00 7, 383, 423. 423.
1822 1823	88, 980, 00 72, 425, 00 93, 200, 00 156, 385, 00 131, 565, 00 140, 145, 00 295, 717, 50 643, 105, 00 798, 435, 00 978, 455, 00	895, 550, 00		967, 975. 00
1824	93, 200. 00	1, 752, 477. 00 1, 564, 583. 00	12, 620. 00 14, 926. 00	1, 858, 297. 00
1825 1826	92, 245, 00	2, 002, 090, 00	16, 344, 25	2, 110, 679, 25
1827	131, 565. 00	2, 002, 090. 00 2, 869, 200. 00	16, 344. 25 23, 577. 32 25, 636. 24	3, 024, 342. 32
1828	140, 145. 00	1, 575, 600. 00	25, 636. 24	1,741,381.24
1829 1830	295, 717, 50 643, 105, 00	1, 994, 578. 00 2, 495, 400. 00	16, 580. 00 17, 115, 00	3, 155, 620, 00
1831	714, 270. 00	3, 175, 600, 00	17, 115. 00 33, 603. 60	3, 923, 473. 60
1832	798, 435. 00	2, 579, 000. 00	23, 620. 00 28, 160. 00	3, 401, 055. 00
1833 1834	978, 550, 00 978, 550, 00 3, 954, 270, 00 2, 186, 175, 00 4, 135, 700, 00 1, 148, 305, 00	2, 579, 000. 00 2, 759, 000. 00 3, 415, 002. 00	28, 160. 00 19, 151. 00	3, 765, 710. 00 7 388 493 00
1835	2, 186, 175, 00	3.443 003 00	39 489 00 1	5, 668, 667, 00
1836	4, 135, 700.00	3, 606, 100. 00	23, 100. 00	7, 764, 900. 00 3, 299, 898. 00
1837	1, 148, 305, 00	2, 096, 010. 00	55, 583. 00	3, 299, 898. 00
1838 1839	1, 809, 765. 00 1, 376, 847. 50	3, 606, 100. 00 2, 096, 010. 00 2, 333, 243. 40 2, 209, 778. 20	23, 100. 00 55, 583. 00 63, 702. 00 31, 286. 61	3, 617, 912, 31
1840	1, 675, 482. 50	1, 726, 703. 00	24, 627. 00	3, 426, 812. 50
1841	1, 675, 482. 50 1, 091, 857. 50 1, 829, 407. 50	1, 726, 703. 00 1, 132, 750. 00 2, 332, 750. 00 3, 834, 750. 00	31, 280. 01 24, 627. 00 15, 973. 67 23, 833. 90 24, 283. 20 23, 987. 52 38, 948. 04 41, 208. 00 61, 836. 69 64, 157. 90	3, 299, 898, 00 4, 206, 710, 40 3, 617, 912, 31 3, 426, 812, 50 2, 240, 581, 17 4, 185, 991, 40 11, 967, 830, 70 7, 687, 207, 52 5, 668, 595, 50 6, 633, 965, 54 22, 638, 611, 69 5, 879, 720, 49
1842	8 108 797 50	2, 332, 730.00 3, 834, 750, 00	24 283 20	11, 967, 830, 70
1844	8, 108, 797, 50 5, 427, 670, 00	2, 235, 550. 00 1, 873, 200. 00	23, 987. 52	7, 687, 207. 52
1845	3, 756, 447, 50	1, 873, 200. 00	38, 948. 04	5, 668, 595. 50
1846 1847	4, 034, 177. 50	2, 558, 580. 00 2, 374, 450. 00	41, 208. 00 61, 836, 69	22, 638, 611, 69
1848	20, 202, 325, 00 3, 775, 512, 50 9, 007, 761, 50 31, 981, 738, 50	2, 040, 050. 00	64, 157. 99	5, 879, 720, 49
1849	9, 007, 761. 50	2, 114, 950. 00	41, 984. 32	5, 879, 720. 49 11, 164, 695. 82 33, 892, 306. 00
1850 1851	31, 981, 738, 50	2, 040, 050. 00 2, 114, 950. 00 1, 866, 100. 00 744, 397. 00	44, 467. 50 99, 635. 43	33, 892, 306. 00 63, 488, 524. 93
1852	62, 614, 492. 50 56, 846, 187. 50	999.410.00	50, 630, 94	57, 896, 228, 44
1853	39, 377, 909. 00 25, 915, 962. 50 29, 387, 968. 00	9, 077, 571. 00 8, 619, 270. 00 3, 501, 245. 00 5, 142, 240. 00	67, 059. 78	48, 522, 539, 78
1854	25, 915, 962, 50	8, 619, 270. 00	67, 059. 78 42, 638. 35 16, 030. 79	34, 577, 870. 85
1855 1856	29, 387, 968, 00 36, 857, 768, 50	5, 501, 245, 00	27, 106, 78	42, 905, 243, 79 42, 027, 115, 28
1857	36, 857, 768. 50 32, 214, 040. 00 22, 938, 413. 50	5, 478, 760. 00	10, 030, 79 27, 106, 78 178, 010, 46 246, 000, 00 364, 000, 00 205, 660, 00 101, 000, 00 280, 750, 00 498, 400, 04	37, 870, 810. 46
1858	22, 938, 413. 50	5, 478, 760. 00 8, 495, 370. 00	246, 000. 00	63, 488, 524, 93 57, 896, 228, 44 48, 522, 539, 78 34, 577, 870, 85 32, 905, 243, 79 42, 027, 115, 28 31, 679, 783, 50 18, 429, 020, 00 25, 938, 704, 00 87, 280, 270, 00 22, 409, 264, 00 23, 753, 149, 80
1859	14, 780, 570, 00	3, 284, 450. 00 2, 259, 390. 00	364, 000, 00	18, 429, 020, 00
1860 1861	23, 473, 654, 00 83, 395, 530, 00	3, 783, 740. 00	101, 000, 00	87, 280, 270, 00
1862	20, 875, 997. 50 22, 445, 482. 00	1, 252, 516. 50 809, 267. 80	280, 750. 00	22, 409, 264. 00
1803			498, 400. 00	01 010 010 04
1864	20, 081, 415, 00 28, 295, 107, 50	691, 005. 00	000 550 00	21, 618, 019, 24 29, 954, 665, 36
1866	31, 435, 945. 00	982, 409, 25	1, 042, 960. 00	33, 461, 314, 25
1867 1868	23, 828, 625. 00	982, 409. 25 908, 876. 25 1, 074, 343. 00	1, 819, 910. 00	26, 557, 411. 25
1868	31, 435, 945, 00 23, 828, 625, 00 19, 371, 387, 50 17, 582, 987, 50 23, 198, 787, 50	1, 074, 343. 00	1, 697, 150, 00	22, 142, 880. 50
1869 1870	23, 198, 787, 50	1, 200, 143, 00	350, 325, 00	24, 927, 368, 00
1871	21, 032, 000. 00	1, 266, 143. 00 1, 378, 255. 50 3, 104, 038. 30	99, 890. 00	24, 236, 613, 30
1872	21, 812, 645. 00	2, 504, 488, 50	1, 042, 960, 00 1, 819, 910, 00 1, 697, 150, 00 963, 000, 00 350, 325, 00 99, 890, 00 369, 380, 00	29, 954, 665, 36 33, 461, 314, 25 26, 557, 411, 25 22, 142, 880, 50 19, 812, 130, 50 24, 927, 368, 60 24, 236, 613, 30 24, 686, 513, 50
1873	57, 022, 747. 50	4, 024, 747. 60	379, 455. 00	61, 426, 950. 10
Total, 1793-1873	852, 114, 437. 50	147, 489, 898. 30	12, 090, 443. 55	1, 011, 694, 779. 35
·				

Total gold, silver, and minor coinage of the United States, by calendar years—Con

Calendar, years	' Gold	Silver	Minor	Total value
74	\$35, 254, 630. 00	\$6, 851, 776. 70	\$342, 475. 00	\$42, 448, 881.
75	32, 951, 940. 00	15, 347, 893. 00	246, 970. 00	48, 546, 803.
76	46, 579, 452, 50	24, 503, 307, 50	210, 800. 00	71, 293, 560.
77	43, 999, 864, 00	28, 393, 045, 50	8, 525, 00	72, 401, 434.
/8	49, 786, 052. 00	28, 518, 850. 00	58, 186. 50	78, 363, 088.
79	39, 080, 080. 00	27, 569, 776. 00	165, 003, 00	66, 814, 859,
30	62, 308, 279, 00	27, 411, 693, 75	391, 395. 95	90, 111, 368.
31	96, 850, 890. 00	27, 940, 163, 75	428, 151, 75	125, 219, 205.
32	65, 887, 685, 00	27, 973, 132. 00	960, 400. 00 1, 604, 770. 41	94, 821, 217.
3	29, 241, 990. 00	29, 246, 968. 45	1, 604, 770. 41	60, 093, 728.
<u> </u>	23, 991, 756. 50	28, 534, 866. 15	796, 483. 78	53, 323, 106.
35	27, 773, 012. 50	28, 962, 176, 20	191, 622. 04	56, 926, 810.
36	28, 945, 542. 00	32, 086, 709. 90	343, 186, 10	61, 375, 438.
37	23, 972, 383. 00	35, 191, 081. 40	1, 215, 686. 26	60, 379, 150.
38	31, 380, 808. 00	33, 025, 606. 45	912, 200. 78	65, 318, 615.
38 39	21, 413, 931. 00	35, 496, 683. 15	1, 283, 408. 49	58, 194, 022.
	20, 467, 182. 50	39, 202, 908. 20	1, 384, 792. 14	61, 054, 882.
)1	29, 222, 005. 00	27, 518, 856. 60	1, 312, 441. 00	58, 053, 302.
)2	34, 787, 222. 50	12, 641, 078. 00	961, 480. 42	48, 389, 780.
)3_ [;]	56, 997, 020. 00	8, 801, 744. 80	1, 134, 931. 70	66, 933, 696.
)4	79, 546, 160. 00	9, 200, 350. 85	438, 177. 92	89, 184, 688.
)5	59, 616, 357, 50	5, 698, 010. 25	882, 430. 56	66, 196, 798.
96	47, 053, 060. 00	23, 089, 899. 05	832, 718. 93	70, 975, 677.
/7	76, 028, 485. 00	18, 487, 297. 30	1, 526, 100. 05	96, 041, 882.
18	77, 985, 757. 50	23, 034, 033, 45	1, 124, 835, 14	102, 144, 626.
9	111, 344, 220. 00	26, 061, 519, 90	1, 837, 451. 86	139, 243, 191.
0	99, 272, 942. 50	36, 345, 321. 45	2, 031, 137. 39	137, 649, 401.
01	101, 735, 187. 50	30, 838, 460. 75	2, 120, 122. 08	134, 693, 770.
92		30, 028, 167. 20	2, 447, 796. 17	79, 660, 815.
93	43, 683, 792. 50	19, 874, 440. 00	2, 251, 281. 18	65, 809, 513.
<u> </u>	233, 402, 400. 00	15, 695, 609. 95	1, 683, 529. 35	250, 781, 539.
05	49, 638, 400. 00	6, 332, 180. 90	2, 298, 555. 43	58, 269, 136.
06	78, 793, 045. 00	10, 651, 027. 85	2, 890, 908. 80	92, 334, 981.
07	131, 907, 490. 00	13, 178, 435, 75	3, 042, 126, 18	148, 128, 051.
08	131, 638, 632. 50	12, 391, 777. 25	1, 468, 738. 72	145, 499, 148.
)9	88, 776, 907. 50	8, 087, 852, 50	1, 756, 388. 93	98, 621, 148.
10	104, 723, 735. 00	3, 744, 468. 35	3, 036, 929. 83 3, 156, 726. 47	111, 505, 133.
1	56, 176, 822, 50	6, 457, 301. 55		65, 790, 850
2	17, 498, 522, 50	7, 340, 995. 00	2, 577, 386. 30	27, 416, 903
3	25, 433, 377. 50	3, 184, 228, 95	4, 667, 335. 47	33, 284, 941
4	53, 457, 817. 50	6, 083, 823. 00	2, 208, 071, 22	61, 749, 711.
5	23, 968, 401. 50	4, 114, 082, 50	2, 062, 839. 70 6, 337, 550. 07	30, 145, 323, 33, 743, 376
6		8, 880, 800. 00	6, 337, 330. 07	
7		29, 412, 300. 00	6, 118, 089, 30	35, 540, 403.
8		25, 473, 029, 00	5, 972, 662. 04	31, 445, 691
9	16 000 000 00	11, 068, 400. 00	9, 709, 100, 00	20, 777, 500
20 21	16, 990, 000. 00 10, 570, 000. 00	25, 057, 270. 00 89, 057, 535. 50	8, 166, 650. 00 1, 155, 310. 00	50, 213, 920 100, 782, 845
		09,007,000.00		100, 102, 840.
92 93	80, 680, 016. 00 45, 365, 000. 00	84, 325, 030. 50 66, 283, 000. 00	71, 600. 00 2, 927, 080. 00	165, 076, 646. 114, 575, 080
Total:				
1874-1923	2, 711, 898, 148. 00	1, 184, 694, 966. 25	100, 752, 539. 41	3, 997, 345, 653.
1793-1873		147, 489, 898. 30	12, 090, 443. 55	1, 011, 694, 779
Grand total	3, 564, 012, 585. 50	1, 332, 184, 864. 55	112, 842, 982. 96	5, 009, 040, 433.

STOCK OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES DECEMBER 31, 1923

On December 31, 1923, the stock of domestic coin in the United States was \$1,719,160,130, as shown by the following table:

Stock of domestic coin in the United States December 31, 1923

Item	Gold	Silver	Total
Estimated stock of coin Dec. 31, 1922. Coinage executed, calendar year 1923. Net import United States coin, calendar year 1923.	\$874, 890, 817 45, 365, 000 29, 639, 579	\$711, 073, 477 66, 283, 000 627, 643	\$1, 585, 964, 294 111, 648, 000 30, 267, 222
Total	949, 895, 396	777, 984, 120	1, 727, 879, 516
Less— United States coin withdrawn from monetary use, calendar year 1923, face value. United States coin used in industrial arts, estimated, calendar year, 1923.	2, 631, 457 3, 500, 000	2, 487, 929 100, 000	5, 119, 386 3, 600, 000
Total	6, 131, 457	2, 587, 929	8, 719, 386
Estimated stock of coin in the United States Dec. 31, 1923	943, 763, 939	775, 396, 191	1, 719, 160, 130

Note.—The number of standard silver dollars coined to Dec. 31, 1923, was 798,915,083, which added to the Hawaiian dollar coinage, 500,000, plus the number imported from the Philippine Islands, 150,000, and the number returned in Government transports, 496,859, equals 800,061,942. Since July 1, 1898, the number of standard silver dollars exported in transports has been 2,495,000, the net export from November, 1919, to July, 1920, in the movement due to the high price of silver, was 28,287,142, the number melted under the terms of the Pittman Act of Apr. 23, 1918, was 270,232,722, the number otherwise melted (mutilated, etc.), since 1883 was 209,913, and the number of Hawaiian dollars melted to Dec. 31, 1923, was 455,329, a total disposition of 301,680,106, leaving in the United States on Dec. 31, 1923, 498,381,836 standard silver dollars and 277,014,355 dollars in subsidiary silver coin.

STOCK OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES JUNE 30, 1924

On June 30, 1924, the stock of domestic coin in the United States was \$1,864,423,056, as shown by the following table:

Stock of domestic coin in the United States June 30, 1924

Item	, Gold	Silver	Total
Estimated stock of coin in United States June 30, 1923. Coinage executed, fiscal year 1924. Net imports, United States coin, fiscal year 1924	\$916, 285, 186 154, 120, 000 19, 183, 640	\$761, 072, 853 22, 146, 040 474, 387	\$1, 677, 358, 039 176, 266, 040 19, 658, 027
Total	1, 089, 588, 826	783, 693, 280	1, 873, 282, 106
Less: United States coin withdrawn from monetary use, face value, fiscal year 1924 United States coin used in industrial arts, estimated, fiscal year 1924 Total	3, 034, 999 3, 500, 000 6, 534, 999	2, 224, 051 100, 000 2, 324, 051	5, 259, 050 3, 600, 000 8, 859, 050
Estimated stock of coin in United States June 30, 1924	1, 083, 053, 827	781, 369, 229	1, 864, 423, 056

Note.—The number of standard silver dollars coined to June 30, 1924, was 804,289,083, which added to the Hawaiian dollar coinage, 500,000, plus the number imported from the Philippine Islands, 150,000, and the number returned in Government transports, 496,859, equals 805,485,942. Since July 1, 1898, the number of standard silver dollars exported in transports has been 2,495,000, the net export from November, 1919, to July, 1920, in movement due to the high price of silver, was 28,287,142, those melted under the terms of the Pittman Act of April 23, 1918, totaled 270,232,722, those melted otherwise (mutilated, etc.), since 1883 numbered 210,898, and the number of Hawaiian dollars melted to June 30, 1924, was 455,329, a total disposition of 301,681,091, leaving in the United States on June 30, 1924, 503,754,851 standard silver dollars and 277,614,378 dollars in subsidiary silver coin.

Bullion in mints and assay offices June 30, 1924

	Bullion	 Value
Gold Silver (cost value)		 \$3, 326, 103, 291, 49 31, 080, 048, 49
Total		 3, 357, 183, 339. 98

		Money held in the Treasury					Money outside of the Treasury			
Kind of money	Stock of money 1		Amount held in trust against	against	Held for	All other		Held by Federal reserve	In circulation	
		Total	gold and silver certificates (and Treasury notes of 1890)	notes (and	banks and agents	money	Total	banks and agents?	Amount	Per capita ³
Gold coin and bullionGold certificates	4 \$4, 490, 807, 303 5 (1, 218, 350, 659)	\$3, 786, 060, 989	\$1, 218, 350, 659	\$152, 979, 026	\$2, 260, 891, 035	\$153, 840, 269	\$704, 746, 314 1, 218, 350, 659	\$308, 999, 380 416, 969, 840	\$395, 746, 934 801, 380, 819	\$3. 51 7. 11
Standard silver dollars Silver certificates	503, 754, 851 6 (408, 365, 410)	427, 694, 079	1 ' '			17, 906, 043	76, 060, 772 408, 365, 410	22, 045, 847 43, 951, 198	54, 014, 925 364, 414, 212	3. 23
Treasury notes of 1890 Subsidiary silver United States notes	277, 614, 378 346, 681, 016	8, 073, 621 4, 260, 547				8, 073, 621 4, 260, 547	1, 422, 626 269, 540, 757 342, 420, 469	. 16, 545, 502 44, 629, 977	1, 422, 626 252, 995, 255 297, 790, 492	2. 25 2. 64
Federal reserve notes Federal reserve bank notes National bank notes	2, 339, 048, 030 10, 596, 170 778, 011, 779	1, 124, 848 193, 898 18, 291, 051				1, 124, 848 193, 898 18, 291, 051	2, 337, 923, 182 10, 402, 272 759, 720, 728	335, 924	1, 843, 106, 105 10, 066, 348 733, 835, 038	16. 36 . 09 6. 51
Total June 30, 1924	8, 746, 513, 527	6 4, 245, 699, 033	1, 628, 138, 695	152, 979, 026	2, 260, 891, 035	7 203, 690, 277	6, 128, 953, 189	1, 374, 180, 435	4, 754, 772, 754	42. 19
Comparative totals: July 1, 1923. Nov. 1, 1920. July 1, 1914. Jan. 1, 1879.	8, 326, 338, 267 3, 738, 288, 871	6 3, 818, 882, 894 6 2, 406, 801, 772 6 1, 843, 452, 323 6 212, 420, 402	1, 150, 167, 965 696, 854, 226 1, 507, 178, 879 21, 602, 640	152, 979, 026 152, 979, 026 150, 000, 000 100, 000, 000	2, 285, 169, 646 1, 206, 341, 990	230, 566, 257 350, 626, 530 186, 273, 444 90, 817, 762	5, 935, 017, 787 6, 616, 390, 721 3, 402, 015, 427 816, 266, 721	1, 205, 639, 271 987, 962, 989	4, 729, 378, 516 5, 628, 427, 732 3, 402, 015, 427 816, 266, 721	42. 50 52. 36 34. 35 16. 92

¹ Includes United States paper currency in circulation in foreign countries and the amount held by the Cuban agencies of the Federal reserve banks. Does not include silver bullion (a potential monetary asset) to the value of \$31,080,048, nor nickel and bronze coin, the value of which depends almost exclusively upon the Government impression rather than intrinsic metallic value or a specific reserve.

2 Includes money held by the Cuban agencies of the Federal reserve banks of Boston and Atlanta.

Population of continental United States (estimated) July 1, 1924, 112,686,000; July 1, 1923, 111,268,000; Nov. 1, 1920, 107,491,000; July 1, 1914, 99,027,000; Jan. 1, 1879, 48,231,000.
Does not include gold bullion or foreign coin outside of vaults of the Treasury, Federal reserve banks, and Federal reserve agents.
These amounts are not included in the total since the money held in trust against gold and silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 is included under gold coin and bullion

and standard silver dollars, respectively.

6 The amount of money held in trust against gold and silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 should be deducted from this total before combining it with total money outside of the Treasury to arrive at the stock of money in the United States.

⁷ This total includes notes in process of redemption, gold deposited for redemption of Federal reserve notes, deposits for redemption of National bank notes, deposits for retirement of additional circulation (Act of May 30, 1908), and deposits reserved against postal savings deposits.

Note.—Gold certificates are secured dollar for dollar by gold held in the Treasury for their redemption; silver certificates are secured dollar for dollar by standard silver dollars held in the Treasury for their redemption; United States notes are secured by a gold reserve of \$152,979,025.63 held in the Treasury. This reserve fund may also be used for the redemption of Treasury for their redemption; United States notes are secured by a gold reserve of \$152,99,025.03 field in the Treasury. This reserve fund may also be used for the redemption of Treasury and the sast of 1890, which are also secured dollar for dollar by standard silver dollars, held in the Treasury. Federal reserve are obligations of the United States and a first lien on all the assets of the issuing Federal reserve bank. Federal reserve notes are secured by the deposit with Federal reserve agents of a like amount of gold or of gold and such discounted or purchased paper as is eligible under the terms of the Federal reserve act. Federal reserve banks must maintain a gold reserve of at least 40 per cent including the gold redemption fund which must be deposited with the United States Treasurer, against Federal reserve notes in actual circulation. Federal reserve bank notes are secured by United States Government obligations, and a 5 per cent fund for their redemption is required to be maintained with the Treasurer of the United States in gold or lawful money.

Estimated monetary stock of gold and silver in the United States and the amount per capita at the close of each fiscal year since 1873

		Total stock (Per capita		
Fiscal year ended June 30—	Population	Gold	Silver	Gold	Silver	Total metallic
1873	41, 677, 000 42, 796, 000 43, 951, 000 45, 137, 000 46, 353, 000 47, 598, 000 50, 155, 783 51, 316, 000 52, 495, 000 53, 693, 000 54, 911, 000 56, 148, 000 57, 404, 000 58, 680, 000 66, 974, 000 66, 978, 000 66, 978, 000 67, 974, 000 68, 397, 000 68, 397, 000 68, 397, 000 68, 397, 000 68, 397, 000 68, 397, 000 68, 397, 000 68, 397, 000 68, 397, 000 68, 397, 000 68, 397, 000 69, 878, 900 77, 754, 000 77, 754, 000 77, 754, 000 77, 754, 000 77, 117, 000 80, 847, 000 81, 867, 000 83, 259, 000 84, 662, 000 85, 974, 000 97, 337, 000 99, 363, 000 99, 363, 000 99, 374, 960, 000 99, 373, 900 99, 377, 900 99, 377, 000 99, 377, 000 99, 377, 000	\$135, 000, 000 147, 379, 493 121, 134, 906 130, 056, 907 167, 501, 472 213, 199, 977 245, 741, 837 351, 841, 206 478, 484, 538 506, 757, 715 542, 732, 063 545, 500, 797 588, 697, 036 654, 520, 335 705, 818, 855 680, 063, 503 690, 774, 461 654, 520, 335 705, 818, 855 680, 063, 503 695, 563, 029 646, 552, 852 664, 275, 335 597, 607, 685 627, 293, 201 636, 229, 825 664, 275, 395 597, 507, 664 696, 270, 542 861, 514, 780 962, 865, 505 1, 034, 439, 264 1, 124, 652, 818 1, 192, 395, 607 1, 249, 552, 756 1, 327, 672, 672 1, 357, 881, 186 1, 472, 995, 209 1, 466, 056, 632 1, 615, 140, 575 1, 640, 567, 131 1, 753, 134, 114 1, 812, 6244, 513 1, 753, 134, 114 1, 812, 644, 511 1, 866, 619, 137 1, 873, 330, 201	\$6, 149, 305 10, 355, 478 19, 367, 995 36, 415, 992 56, 464, 427 88, 047, 907 117, 526, 341 148, 522, 678 175, 384, 144 203, 217, 124 233, 007, 985 255, 568, 142 283, 478, 788 312, 252, 844 312, 252, 844 312, 252, 844 312, 252, 844 312, 252, 844 312, 252, 844 312, 252, 844 312, 252, 844 312, 252, 844 312, 252, 844 312, 252, 844 312, 252, 844 312, 252, 844 313, 252, 844 313, 254, 949 638, 728, 971 634, 509, 781 637, 672, 743 639, 286, 743 647, 371, 036 677, 448, 933 682, 383, 277 686, 401, 168 687, 958, 920 705, 330, 224 723, 594, 595 733, 250, 073 727, 078, 304 723, 594, 595 733, 250, 073 727, 078, 304 732, 002, 448 741, 184, 93 758, 363, 709 758, 039, 421	\$3.23 3.44 2.75 2.88 3.61 4.47 5.02 9.65 10.10 9.32 10.48 10.29 11.15 11.76 11.00 10.10 10.10 10.15 8.93 9.10 8.40 9.55 11.54 11.54 11.64	\$0. 15 24 44 .81 1. 21 1. 85 2. 40 2. 96 3. 41 3. 87 4. 65 5. 05 5. 64 6. 00 6. 86 7. 39 9. 20 9. 13 8. 70 9. 20 9. 13 8. 87 8. 87 8. 88 8. br>88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	
1916 1917 1918 1919 1919 1920 1920 1921 1922 1923	102, 431, 000 104, 145, 000 105, 869, 000 107, 600, 000 105, 768, 000 108, 087, 000 109, 743, 000 111, 268, 000 112, 686, 000	2, 450, 516, 328 3, 018, 964, 392 3, 075, 339, 748 3, 112, 320, 547 2, 707, 866, 274 3, 294, 909, 763 3, 784, 651, 712 4, 049, 553, 748 4, 490, 807, 303	763, 218, 469 772, 908, 391 745, 747, 094 568, 329, 597 548, 938, 429 619, 725, 982 696, 719, 352 792, 041, 753 812, 449, 277	23, 92 28, 99 29, 05 28, 92 25, 60 30, 48 34, 49 36, 39 39, 85	7. 45 7. 42 7. 04 5. 28 5. 19 5. 73 6. 35 7. 12 7. 21	31. 33 36. 41 36. 09 34. 20 30. 79 36. 23 40. 84 43. 53

=				Money held in the Treasury					Money outside of the Treasury			
10065	Kind of money	Stock of money in the United States ¹	Total	Amount held in trust against gold and silver	against	Held for Federal reserve	All other		Held by Federal reserve	In circulat	ion	
FI 192	. '	,	Total	certificates (and Treasury notes of 1890)	notes (and	banks and agents	money	Total	banks and agents 2	Amount	Per . capita ³	
4	Gold coin and bullion Gold certificates	4 \$4,247, 200, 861 6 (976, 605, 729)	\$3, 553, 932, 238	\$976, 605, 729	\$152, 979, 026	\$2, 219, 982, 005	\$204, 365, 478	\$693, 268, 623 976, 605, 729	\$277, 949, 206 394, 576, 520	\$415, 319, 417 582, 029, 209	\$3. 71 5. 20	
	Standard silver dollars Silver certificates	498, 382, 769 5 (409, 726, 165)	421, 484, 478	411, 169, 091			10, 315, 387	76, 898, 291	18, 194, 251 34, 360, 907	58, 704, 040 375, 365, 258	53 3.35	
င်း င	Treasury notes of 1890 Subsidiary silver United States notes	5 (1, 442, 926) 276, 887, 941 346, 681, 016	7, 169, 115 3, 510, 856				7, 169, 115 3, 510, 856	1, 442, 926 269, 718, 826 343, 170, 160	36, 347, 526.	1, 442, 926 260, 626, 464 306, 822, 634	2. 33 2. 74	
	Federal reserve notes Federal reserve bank notes National bank notes	2, 822, 326, 620 14, 420, 170 771, 566, 979	1, 092, 164 331, 230 17, 543, 198				1, 092, 164 331, 230 17, 543, 198	2, 821, 234, 456 14, 088, 940 754, 023, 781	597, 560, 054 478, 189 40, 533, 499	2, 223, 674, 402 13, 610, 751 713, 490, 282	19. 86 . 12 6. 37	
	Total Dec. 31, 1923	8, 977, 466, 356	8 4, 005, 063, 279	1, 387, 774, 820	152, 979, 026	2, 219, 982, 005	7 244, 327, 428	6, 360, 177, 897	1, 409, 092, 514	4, 951, 085, 383	44. 22	
	Comparative totals: Jan. 1, 1923. Nov. 1, 1920. July 1, 1914. Jan. 1, 1879.	8, 614, 433, 297 8, 326, 338, 267 3, 738, 288, 871 1, 007, 084, 483	6 3, 696, 096, 962 6 2, 406, 801, 772 6 1, 843, 452, 323 6 212, 420, 402	1, 053, 901, 905 696, 854, 226 1, 507, 178, 879 21, 602, 640	152, 979, 026 152, 979, 026 150, 000, 000 100, 000, 000	2, 235, 460, 675 1, 206, 341, 990	253, 755, 356 350, 626, 530 186, 273, 444 90, 817, 762	5, 972, 238, 240 6, 616, 390, 721 3, 402, 015, 427 816, 266, 721	1, 239, 339, 249 987, 962, 989	4, 732, 898, 991 5, 628, 427, 732 3, 402, 015, 427 816, 266, 721	42. 81 52. 36 34. 35 16. 92	

1 Includes United States paper currency in circulation in foreign countries and the amount held by the Cuban agencies of the Federal reserve banks. Does not include silver bullion (a potential monetary asset) to the value of \$33,265,468.15, nor nickel and bronze coin, the value of which depends almost exclusively upon the Government impression rather than intrinsic metallic value or a specific reserve.

² Includes money held by the Cuban agencies of the Federal reserve banks of Boston and Atlanta.

Population of continental United States (estimated) Dec. 31, 1923, 111,977,000; Jan. 1, 1923, 110,560,000; Nov. 1, 1920, 107,491,000; July 1, 1914, 99,027,000; Jan. 1, 1879, 48,231,000. Does not include gold bullion or foreign coin outside of yaults of the Treasury. Federal reserve banks, and Federal reserve agents.

⁶ These amounts are not included in the total, since the money held in trust against gold and silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 is included under gold coin and bullion

and standard silver dollars, respectively.

The amount of money held in trust against gold and silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 should be deducted from this total before combining it with total money outside of the Treasury to arrive at the stock of money in the United States.

⁷ This total includes \$18,738,390 of notes in process of redemption, \$186,446,905 of gold deposited for redemption of Federal reserve notes, \$14,389,261 deposited for redemption of National bank notes. \$13,440 deposited for retirement of additional circulation (act of May 30, 1908), and \$6,601,936 deposited as a reserve against postal savings deposits.

Note.—Gold certificates are secured dollar for dollar by gold held in the Treasury for their redemption; sliver certificates are secured dollar for dollar by gold held in the Treasury for their redemption; United States notes are secured by a gold reserve of \$152,979,025.63 held in the Treasury. This reserve fund may also be used for the redemption of Treasury notes of 1890, which are also secured dollar for dollar by standard sliver dollars, held in the Treasury. Federal reserve fund may also be used for the States and a first lien on all the assets of the issuing Federal reserve bank. Federal reserve notes are societed by the deposit with Federal reserve agents of a like amount of gold or of gold and such discounted or purchased paper as is eligible under the terms of the Federal reserve act. Federal reserve banks must maintain a gold reserve of at least 40 per cent, including the gold redemption fund which must be deposited with the United States Treasurer, against Federal reserve notes in actual circulation. Federal reserve bank notes and national bank notes are secured by the United States Government obligations, and a 5 per cent fund for their redemption is required to be maintained with the Treasurer of the United States in gold or lawful money.

Monetary stock of gold in the United States since 1873

				i dita ka ka <u>ka ka ka ka ka ka ka ka ka ka ka ka ka k</u>	1
	0	Danie de la	Coin in national		Motel stark
End of year	Coin in Treasury	Bullion in Treasury 1	banks, comp- troller's report 1	Coin in circulation	Total stock of gold
			 		
Fiscal year June 30:					
1873		\$15,669,981	\$3,818,086	\$30,000,000	\$105,006,634
1874	60, 972, 107	9, 539, 738	5, 536, 086	39, 607, 488	115, 655, 419
1875	45, 382, 484	8, 258, 706	3,710,682	31, 695, 660	89,047,532
1876	41, 912, 168 76, 661, 703	9,589,324	3, 225, 707 5, 306, 263	44, 533, 218 39, 058, 592	99, 260, 417 131, 988, 727
1877 1878	122, 136, 831	10, 962, 169 6, 323, 372	8, 191, 952	39, 767, 529	176, 419, 684
1879	129, 920, 099	5, 316, 376	21, 530, 846	53, 601, 228	210, 368, 549
Calendar year:	120, 020, 000	0,010,010	22,000,010	30, 002, 000	-24,555,525
1879	95, 790, 430	61, 999, 892	98, 104, 792	46, 843, 424	302, 738, 538
1880	61, 481, 245	93, 789, 622	92, 184, 943	150, 085, 854	397, 541, 664 485, 257, 101
1881	84, 639, 865	88, 726, 016	101, 115, 387	210, 775, 833	485, 257, 101
1882	119, 523, 136	51, 501, 110	75, 326, 033	234, 205, 711	480, 555, 990
1883	152, 608, 393	65, 667, 190	73, 447, 061	228, 296, 821	520, 019, 465
1884	171, 553, 205	63, 162, 982	76, 170, 911	215, 813, 129 313, 346, 322	526, 700, 227 558, 460, 669
1885	75, 434, 379 187, 196, 596	72, 938, 221 81, 431, 262	96, 741, 747 97, 781, 405	223, 199, 865	589, 609, 128
1887	182, 618, 963	123, 145, 136	99, 162, 377	245, 145, 579	650, 072, 055
1887 1888	227, 854, 212	97, 456, 289	78, 224, 188	246, 218, 193	649, 752, 882
1889	246, 401, 951	67, 265, 944	84, 416, 468	235, 434, 571	633, 518, 934
1890	226, 220, 604	67, 645, 934	80, 361, 784	274, 055, 833	648, 284, 155
1891	196, 634, 061	83, 575, 643	91, 889, 590	253, 765, 288	625, 864, 582
1892	156, 662, 452	81, 826, 630	100, 991, 328	242, 621, 832	582, 102, 242
1893	73, 624, 284	84, 631, 966	151, 233, 989	281, 940, 012	591, 430, 251
1894	91, 781, 176	47, 106, 966	151, 117, 047	248, 787, 867	538, 793, 056
1895 1896	83, 186, 960 121, 745, 884	29, 443, 955 54, 648, 743	147, 308, 401	242, 644, 697 251, 010, 816	502, 584, 013 589, 233, 493
1897	152, 488, 113	45, 279, 029	161, 828, 050 187, 608, 644	252, 419, 033	637, 794, 819
1898	141,070,022	140, 049, 456	263, 888, 745	286, 891, 578	831, 899, 801
1899	257, 306, 366	143, 078, 146	203, 700, 570	293, 387, 672	897, 472, 754
1900	328, 453, 044	153, 094, 872	199, 350, 080	307, 870, 474	988, 768, 470
1901	417, 343, 064	123, 735, 775	190, 172, 340	318, 388, 468	1,049,639,647
1902	458, 159, 776	159, 971, 402	178, 147, 097	324, 252, 498	1, 120, 530, 773
1903	478, 970, 232	209, 436, 811	170, 547, 258	332, 730, 989	1, 191, 685, 290
1904	647, 261, 358	49, 187, 017	195, 111, 219	325, 261, 922	1, 216, 821, 516
1905	662, 153, 801	101, 183, 778	196, 680, 998	327, 549, 686	1, 287, 568, 263
1906	737, 677, 337	156, 542, 687	188, 096, 624	376, 006, 767	1, 458, 323, 415
1907 1908	788, 467, 689 924, 316, 981	162, 937, 136 111, 041, 339	203, 289, 045 209, 185, 761	457, 995, 462 411, 605, 432	1,612,689,332 1,656,149,513
1909	934, 803, 233	97, 347, 289	213, 990, 955	392, 507, 842	1, 638, 649, 319
1910	982, 586, 379	120, 726, 077	227, 977, 678	378, 745, 080	1,710,035,214
1911	1,001,413,292	183, 088, 870	235, 184, 404	379, 941, 280	1,710,035,214 1,799,627,846
1911 1912	995, 209, 422	258, 857, 946	240, 452, 237	385, 717, 711	1,880,237,316
1913	987, 678, 101	303, 585, 254	232, 798, 904	380, 631, 886	1, 904, 694, 145
1914	880, 954, 878	304, 354, 958	168, 660, 282	451, 128, 764	1,805,098,882
1915	1,042,818,106	643, 424, 187	118, 415, 762 120, 396, 000	494, 796, 127	2, 299, 454, 182
1915 1916 1917	906, 491, 238	1, 294, 802, 847	120, 396, 000	545, 275, 456	2, 866, 965, 541
1918	697, 301, 630 775, 502, 510	1,688,745,498 1,855,416,512	61, 560, 000 64, 963, 144	612, 913, 452 469, 344, 056	3, 042, 520, 580 3, 165, 226, 222
1919	547, 210, 009	1,810,807,589	69, 030, 951	281, 813, 828	2, 708, 862, 377
1920	237, 030, 307	2, 141, 230, 971	90, 465, 187	473, 321, 604	2, 942, 048, 019
1921	264, 752, 204	2, 842, 042, 979	141, 259, 718	412, 513, 973	3, 660, 568, 874
1921 1922	309, 443, 631	3, 037, 304, 758	176, 589, 047	410, 138, 179	3, 933, 475, 615
1923	332, 607, 366	3, 302, 669, 150	214, 773, 928	397, 150, 417	4, 247, 200, 861
	,				

¹ Includes Federal reserve bank holdings for 1918 and following years.

Highest, lowest, and average price of silver in New York, per fine ounce, since 1874, being the asked price to and including 1917, thereafter taken at the mean of the bid and asked prices

C-1	Quotations			0.2-4	Quotations			
Calendar year	Highest	Lowest	Average	Calendar year	Highest	Lowest	Average	
1874	\$1, 29375	\$1. 25500	. \$1, 27195	1899	\$0, 64750	\$0, 58625	\$0,60507	
1875		1. 21000	1, 23883	1900		. 59750	. 62065	
1876		1.03500	1, 14950	1901		. 54750	. 59703	
1877		1, 16000	1. 19408	1902		. 47375	. 52815	
1878		1.08500	1, 15429	1903		. 47500	. 54208	
1879		1.06500	1. 12088	1904		. 53375	. 57843	
1880	1. 15000	1. 11250	1. 13931	1905		. 55625	. 61008	
1881	1, 14500	1. 11000	1, 12823	1906		. 63125	. 67379	
1882		1.09000	1, 13855	1907		. 52750	. 65978	
1883	1. 11750	1.09500	1.08727	1908	. 58875	. 48250	. 53496	
1884		1.08000	1, 11161	1909	. 54500	. 50750	. 52163	
1885		1.02750	1.06428	1910	. 57625	. 50750	. 54245	
1886		. 92500	. 99880	1911		. 52125	.54002	
1887		. 95000	. 97899	1912		. 55250	. 62006	
1888		. 92000	. 94300	1913		. 58000	. 61241	
1889	. 97250	. 92500	. 93634	1914		. 49000	. 56331	
1890	1. 20500	. 95750	1, 05329	1915	. 58000	. 47750	. 51062	
1891		. 94750	. 99033	1916	. 79125	. 57250	. 67151	
1892	. 95250	. 83000	87552	1917	1. 16500	. 73125	. 84000	
1893		. 65000	. 78219	1918		. 89375	. 98445	
1894		. 59500	. 64043	1919		1.01750	1, 12086	
1895	. 69000	. 60000	. 66268	1920		. 60750	1,01940	
1896	. 70250	. 65625	. 68195	1921		. 53188	. 63117	
1897	. 66125	. 52750	60774	1922	. 74188	. 62875	. 67934	
1898	. 62250	. 55125	. 59064	1923	. 69000	62875	. 6523 9	

Highest, lowest, and average price of bar silver in London, per ounce British standard (0.925), since 1833, and the equivalent in United States gold coin, of an ounce 1.000 fine, taken at the average price and par of exchange

High-Low-Aver-Value of a Low-Aver-High-Calendar age fine ounce Calendar est age fine ounce est year quotaquotaquotaat average year quotaduotaquotaat average tion tion tion quotation tion tion tion quotatio n Pence Dollars Pence Pence Dollars. 5334 5213 5278 5238 1. 12392 1. 14507 59 1 59 1 59 1 587/8 511/2 507/8 511/4 521/4 1833 597/8 603/4 58¾ 59¾ 1. 297 1. 313 1879 1834 1880..... 5111 51% 591/4 1. 308 1881..... 1.13229 6034 6034 6038 6018 6058 6034 1. 13562 1836 595/8 60 315 50 515/8 50/18 50/18 48/18 45/8 59 16 59 1/2 603/8 50 50 49 46 46 8 51 18 513/8 50 1.10874 1837 59 1, 305 1883... 1838 591/2 1884 1. 11068 1.304 1839 60 323 1885. 601/8 593/4 591/4 1840..... 603 1886_____ 42 2088 4411 4276 . 99467 59 16 59 16 59 16 47\/8
44\frac{1}{4}\fr 431/4 415/8 411/8 435/8 431/2 371/8 301/2 1841..... 97946 1.316 1887_ . 93974 60 1, 303 1888 421/8 4211 478/4 595/8 593/4 59 1889..... 591/4 581/8 59 1844 1890 1.04634 4516 3934 3516 2816 2916 591/4 . 98800 1845..... 597/8 601/8 603/8 597 1. 298 1891..... 1846....... 5918 5918 5918 5912 5984 1. 300 1892 87145 1.308 1893 581/2 1848:.... 1894_____ 27 27 29 29 23 23 8 591/2 1849.... 1895_ 60 1. 309 . 65406 1850....... 591/2 601 61½ 61½ 61½ 61½ 61½ 61½ 62¼ 62¼ 62¾ 62¾ 62¾ 62¾ 62¾ 62¾ 1.316 1896..... 67565 60 61 1. 337 1897 . 60438 5978 6058 6078 60½ 61½ 61½ 61½ . 59010 1852 1. 326 25 $\frac{265}{8}$.60154 1.348 1899 29 301/4 29 15 1854.... 1. 348 1. 344 1900 . 62007 24 15 21 11 21 11 21 11 1855..... 60 1901 . 59595 2616 281/2 1856..... 601/2 61 1 1902 241/2 243/4 261/3 271/3 30/8 30/8 30/8 241/3 241/3 241/3 241/3 . 52795 1857..... 61 1. 353 . 54257 6034 6134 6114 6018 1. 344 1904.... 28 16 33 1/6 33 1/6 32 16 27 1/8 26 1/4 26 1/4 27 1/4 37 1/6 37 1/6 1858..... $\frac{24\frac{7}{16}}{25\frac{7}{16}}$ 61 . 57876 1859..... 62 18 61 18 60 18 1. 360 1905.... . 61027 1860.... 1. 352 $\tilde{29}$. 67689 241/4 1861.... 1. 333 1907..... . 66152 1862_____ 62½ 61¾ 61 61 16 6138 6138 6116 6118 6016 6012 1.346 1908 22 . 53490 231 1909.. 61 1.345 . 52016 6134 621/2 615/8 621/4 611/4 2316 2316 2316 251/8 1864 605% 1. 345 1910..... . 54077 60¹/₂ 60³/₈ 60³/₈ 1865....... 1. 338 . 53928 28 16 27 16 25 14 23 5/8 31 3/8 1866 1.339 1912: . 61470 26 to 22 to 26 to 35 to 42 to 47 to 38 to 30 to 1913_____ . 60458 1.328 601/ 1. 326 60 16 60 16 60 1/2 1869.... 60 60¼ 1. 325 . 51892 603% 1870..... 1.328 1916..... . 68647 1871_____ 60 16 59 1/4 57 1/6 57 1/4 55 1/2 46 3/4 53 1/4 49 1/2 1.326 1917..... 4013 4733 61 55 89525 55 49½ 79½ 89½ 43¾ 37¾ 50 16 59 16 58 16 56 18 52 34 54 18 511/8 5918 5918 575/8 581/2 581/4 551/4 1. 322 1. 29769 1918.... 1.04171 57 1 61 1. 27883 1. 24233 1920 1874 1. 3464 9 . 80522 1921... 3633 3433 3135 1875 1. 16414 1922 . 75403 70028

Average price of an ounce of gold in London, and United States equivalent, since 1870

We have	Average London price per stand-		t in United lue, of Lon-	Per cent premium of average price above
Calendar year	ard ounce to 1918, inclusive, and per fine ounce thereafter 1	For British standard ounce (0.916%)	For a fine ounce (1.000)	Bank of England's minimum buying rate
1870	£ 8. d. 3 17 9.01 3 17 9.28 3 17 9.20 3 17 9.20 3 17 9.30 3 17 9.41 3 17 9.41 3 17 9.41 3 17 9.43 3 17 9.43 3 17 9.43 3 17 9.43 3 17 9.43 3 17 9.44 3 17 9.15 3 17 9.32 3 17 9.33 3 17 9.32 3 17 9.32 3 17 9.33 3 17 9.44 3 17 10.29 3 17 9.31 3 17 9.51 3 17 9.51 3 17 9.51 3 17 9.51 3 17 9.53 3 17 9.53 3 17 9.55 3 17 9.83 3 17 9.83 3 17 9.85 3 17 9.85 3 17 9.95 3 17 9.95 3 17 9.95 3 17 9.95 3 17 9.95 3 17 9.95 3 17 9.95 3 17 9.95 3 17 9.95 3 17 9.95 3 17 9.95 3 17 9.95 3 17 9.95 3 17 9.90 3 17 9.90 3 17 9.90 3 17 9.90	\$18. 9190 18. 9237 18. 9245 18. 9188 18. 9245 18. 9248 18. 9249 18. 9271 18. 9210 18. 9216 18. 9259 18. 9259 18. 9259 18. 9258 18. 9259 18. 9259 18. 9259 18. 9259 18. 9259 18. 9194 18. 9425 18. 9425 18. 9425 18. 9425 18. 9425 18. 9426 18. 9427 18. 9430 18. 9444 18. 9243 18. 9484 18. 9243 18. 9484 18. 9243 18. 9484 18. 9243 18. 9484 18. 9243 18. 9484 18. 9243 18. 9484 18. 9243 18. 9484 18. 9248 18. 9484 18. 9373 18. 9484	\$20. 6389 20. 6389 20. 6449 20. 6387 20. 6438 20. 6438 20. 6453 20. 6453 20. 6461 20. 6462 20. 6464 20. 6464 20. 6464 20. 6464 20. 6464 20. 6464 20. 6464 20. 6464 20. 6464 20. 6466 20. 6466 20. 6466 20. 6466 20. 6466 20. 6466 20. 6466 20. 6466 20. 6466 20. 6466 20. 6466 20. 6597 20. 6599 20. 6469 20. 6469 20. 6469 20. 6469 20. 6469 20. 6697 20. 6697 20. 6697 20. 6697 20. 6697 20. 6697 20. 6697 20. 6697 20. 6697 20. 6697 20. 6697 20. 6697 20. 6697 20. 6697 20. 6698	0. 00107 .00107 .02572 .03001 .03215 .04502 .04394 .01179 .01608 .03430 .01822 .01072 .00107 .02251 .04609 .04726
1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918	3 17 9.00 3 17 9.04 3 17 9.00 3 17 9.00 3 17 9.00 3 17 9.00 4 10 1.03 5 12 11.52	18. 9188 18. 9196 18. 9188 18. 9188 18. 9188 20. 0937 25. 1958	20. 6387 20. 6396 20. 6387 20. 6387 20. 6387 20. 6387 21. 9204 27. 4863	6. 21033 33. 17875
1921 1922 1923. Mint price per standard ounce (0.91634) Equivalent per fine ounce. Equivalent per fine ounce (0.91634)	5 7 .50 4 13 3.80 4 10 2.90 3 17 10.50 4 4 11.45+ 3 17 9.00 4 4 9.82-	23. 8758 20. 8144 20. 1284 18. 9492	26. 0463 22. 7066 21. 9583 20. 6718	26. 20109 10. 01952 6. 39381 16077 . 16077

¹ London quotations on gold were changed in September, 1919, from the standard ounce to a fine ounce basis.

2 Conversions on basis of legal monetary parity; exchange not a factor.

Average commercial ratio of silver to gold each calendar year since 1687, with gold considered as of legal monetary value

			<u></u>								
Years	Ratio	Years	Ratio	'Years	Ratio	Years	Ratio	Years	Ratio	·Years	Ratio
1687	14. 94	1727	15. 24	1767	14. 85	1807	15. 43	1847	15. 80	1887	21. 10
1688	14.94	1728	15. 11	1768	14. 80	1808	16.08	1848	15. 85	1888	22.00
1689	15.02	1729	14. 92	1769	14. 72	1809	15. 96	1849	15. 78	1889	22. 10
1690	15. 02	1730	14. 81	1770	14. 62	1810	15. 77	1850	15. 70	1890	19. 75
1691	14. 98	1731	14. 94	1771	14. 66	1811	15. 53	1851	15. 46	1891	20. 92
1692	14. 92	1732	15. 09	1772	14. 52	1812	16. 11	1001	15. 59	1892	23. 72
1693	14. 83	1733		1773	14. 62	1813	16. 25	1852 1853	15. 33	1893	26, 49
1090		1733	15. 18			1010		1800			32, 56
1694	14. 87	1734	15.39	1774	14. 62	1814	15.04	1854	15. 33	1894	
1695	15.02	1735	15. 41	1775	14. 72	1815	15. 26	1855	15. 38	1895	31. 60
1696	15.00	1736	15. 18	1776	14. 55	1816	15. 28	1856	15. 38	1896	30. 59
1697	15. 20	1737	15.02	1777	14. 54	1817	15.11	1857	15. 27	1897	34, 20
1698	15. 07	1738	14. 91	1778	14.68.	1818	15.35	1858	15.38.	.1898	35. 03
1699	14. 94	1739	14.91	1779	14. 80	1819	15.33	1859	15. 19	1899	34. 36
1700	14. 81	1740	14. 94	1780	14. 72	1820	15, 62	1860	15. 29	1900	33. 33
1701	15.07	1741	14, 92	1781	14. 78	1821	15.95	1861	15. 50	1901	34, 68
1702	15. 52	1742	14. 85	1782	14. 42	1822	15, 80	1862	15. 35	1902	39, 15
1703	15. 17	1743	14. 85	1783	14. 48	1823	15.84	1863	15: 37	1903	38, 10
1704	15. 17 15. 22	1744	14. 87	1784	14. 70	1824	15.82	1864	15.37	1904	35, 70
1705	15. 11	1745	14. 98	1785	14. 92	1825	15, 70	1865	15. 44	1905	33. 87
1706	15. 27	1746	15. 13	1786	14. 96	1826	15. 76	1866	15. 43	1906	30. 54
1707	15. 44	1747	15. 26	1787	14. 92	1827	15. 74	1867	15. 57	1907	31. 24
1708	15. 41	1748	15. 11	1788	14. 65	1828	15. 78	1989	15. 59	1908	38. 64
1709	15. 31	1749	14. 80	1789	14. 75	1829	15. 78	1868 1869	15. 60	1909	39. 74
1710	15. 22	1750	14. 55	1790	15. 04	1830	15. 82	1870	15. 57	1910	38. 22
1711	15.22	1750		1790		1000		1070	15.57	1910	38. 33
1712	15, 29	1751	14.39	1791 1792	15. 05	1831 1832	15, 72	1871	15. 57	1911	
	15. 31	1752	14. 50	1792	15. 17	1832	15. 73	1872	15. 63	1912	33. 62
1713	15. 24	1753	14. 54	1793	15.00	.1833	15. 93	1873	15. 93	1913	34.19
1714	15. 13	1754	14. 48	1794	15. 37	1834	15. 73	1874	16. 16	1914	37. 37
1715	15. 11	1755	14. 68	1795	15, 55	1835	15.80	1875	16.64	1915	39. 84
1716	15. 09	1756	14.94	1796	15.65	1836	15, 72	1876 1877	17. 75	1916 1917	30. 11
1717	15. 13	1757	14. 87	1797	15. 41	1837	15.83	1877	17, 20	1917	23.09
1718	15. 11	1758	14, 85	1798	15. 59	1838	15. 85	1878	17, 92	1918	19.84
1719	15. 09	1759	14. 15	1799	15. 74	1839	15, 62	1879	18. 39	1919	16. 53
1720	15.04	1760	14. 14	1800	15.68	1840	15, 62	1880	18.05	1920	15. 31
1721 1722	15. 05	1761	14, 54	1801	15. 46	1841	15. 70	1881	18. 25	1921	25. 60
1722	15. 17	1762	15. 27	1802	15. 26	1842	15, 87	1882	18, 20	1922	27, 41
1723	15. 20	1763	14. 99	1803	15. 41	1843	15. 93	1883	18.64	1923	29, 52
1724	15. 11	1764	14. 70	1804	15. 41	1844	15. 85	1884	18. 61		_30 0_
1725	15. 11	1765	14. 83	1805	15. 79	1845	15. 92	1885	19. 41	1	
1726	15. 15	1766	14. 80	1806	15. 52	1846	15. 90	1886	20. 78	1	
	10.10	1.00	11.00	1000	20.02	1010	••• ••	1000	20.10	1	

Note.—From 1687 to 1832 the ratios are taken from Dr. A. Soetbeer, from 1833 to 1878 from Pixley and Abell's tables, from 1879 to 1896 from daily cabled prices from London to the Bureau of the Mint, and since from daily London quotations.

RATIO OF SILVER TO GOLD, AS AFFECTED BY WORLD WAR

During the period December, 1916, to June, 1920, it is probable that the world's basic silver price was that of New York rather than that of London. The normal relationship between the two prices—New York a fraction of a cent below the London quotation with exchange considered—did not prevail during this period, when the average monthly New York price varied between approximately 3 cents above and 6 cents below the London price. This period appears to have been initiated by enormous coinages to meet war-time needs, and large silver shipments from the United States to the Orient. Its close was coincident with the removal of the product of United States mines from the world market, purchases under the Pittman Act of April 23, 1918, having begun in June, 1920.

The ratio of silver to gold, based on the New York price, was for this period: Calendar year 1917, 24.85; 1918, 21; 1919, 18.44; 1920, 20.27.

With the partial release during the first half of 1919 of British governmental control of gold export, the London price of exportable gold advanced above its monetary par. The ratio of silver to this gold, based on the average London price of both metals, follows: 1919, 17.53; 1920, 20.41; 1921, 32.34; 1922, 30.11; 1923, 31.35.

Bullion value of the silver dollar [3711/4 grains of pure silver] at the annual average price of silver each calendar year since 1837....

Year	Value	Year	Value	Year	Value	Year	Value	Year	Value
837	\$1.009	1855	\$1.039	1873	\$1.00368	1891	\$0. 76416	1909	\$0. 4023
838	1. 008 1. 023	1856 1857	1. 039 1. 046	1874 1875	98909	1892 1893	. 67401 . 60351	1910 1911	. 4182
840	1. 023 1. 018	1858 1859	1. 039 1. 052	1876 1877	90039	1894	. 49097 . 50587	1912 1913	. 4754 . 4676
842	1. 007 1. 003	1860	1. 045 1. 031	1878 1879	. 89222 . 86928	1896 1897	. 52257 . 46745	1914 1915	. 4278
844	1.008 1.004	1862	1. 041 1. 040	1880	. 88564 . 87575	1898 1899	. 45640 . 46525	1916	. 5309
846 847	1.005 1.011	1864	1. 040 1. 035	1882	. 87833 . 85754	1900	. 47958 . 46093	1918	. 7614
848 849	1. 008 1. 013	1866	1. 036 1. 027	1884	. 85904 . 82379	1902	. 40835 . 41960	1920 1921	. 788
850	1. 018 1. 034	1868	1. 025 1. 024	1886	. 76931 . 75755	1904	. 44763 . 47200	1922	. 5254
852 853	1. 025 1. 042	1870 1871	1. 027 1. 025	1888	. 72683 . 72325	1906	. 52353 . 51164		
854	1. 042	1872	1. 022	1890	. 80927	1908	. 41371		

VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS, OCTOBER 1, 1924

In pursuance of the provisions of section 25, of the act of August 27, 1894, as amended by section 403, Title IV, of the act of May 27, 1921, and reenacted by section 522, Title IV, act of September 21, 1922, I hereby proclaim the following estimate by the Director of the Mint of the values of pure metal contents of foreign coins to be the values of such coins in terms of the money of account of the United States, to be followed in estimating the value of all foreign merchandise exported to the United States during the quarter beginning October 1, 1924, expressed in any such metallic currencies: Provided, however, That if no such value has been proclaimed, or if the value so proclaimed varies by 5 per cent or more from a value measured by the buying rate in the New York market at noon on the day of exportation, conversion shall be made at a value measured by such buying rate, as determined by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and published by me as certified by said bank pursuant to the provisions of said section 25 as amended.

A. W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury.

· 		,		1
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Value in	
At the second second	•.	l		t to a r
~	Legal		terms of	
Country	standard	Monetary unit	United	Remarks .
	Standard		States	
			money	
				** * *
	~	Peso		
Argentine Repub-	Gola	Peso	\$0.9648	Currency: Paper, normally convertible
lic.				at 44 per cent of face value; now incon-
			Ī	vertible.
Austria	do	Krone	. 2026	
Belgium	Gold and	Franc	. 1930	Member Latin Union.
	silver.			
Bolivia Brazil	Gold	Boliviano	. 3893	12½ bolivianos equal 1 pound sterling.
Brazil	do ,	Milreis	. 5462	Currency: Government paper a part of
Diddininini		111110101111111111111111111111111111111	.0102	which is legally convertible at 16 pence
				(=\$0.3244) per milreis; now inconvert-
				ible.
Duities Colonies		Daniel seculiar	4 0005	ioie.
British Colonies		Pound sterling	4. 8665	
in Australasia			_	
and Africa.	_			
British Honduras.	do	Dollar	1.0000	
Canada	do	Dollar	1.0000	
Chile	do	Peso	. 3650	Currency: Inconvertible paper.
		(Amoy	. 8972	
		Canton	. 8945	
		Cheefoo	. 8581	
		Chim Tiana		
		Chin Kiang Fuchau	8784	miles than the south to be written as a second
		Fuchau	8299	The tael is a unit of weight; not a coin.
		Haikwan	9129	The customs unit is the Haikwan tael.
		(customs).		The values of other taels are based on
		Hankow		their relation to the value of the Haik-
		Tael { Kiaochow	8694-	wan-tael.
		Nankin	. 8878	The Yuan silver dollar of 100 cents is the
China	Silver	Niuchwang.	. 8414	monetary unit of the Chinese Repub-
		Ningpo	. 8626	lic; it is equivalent to .644+ of the
		Peking	. 8747	Haikwan tael.
i			. 8195	Liarkwan taci.
		Shanghai		
i	- 1	Swatow	. 8288	•
i		Takau	. 9029	· ·
		Tientsin	. 8694	
	1	{Yuan	. 5814	
	i i	Dollar Hongkong	} . 5901	·
		British	,	
		Mexican	. 5944	Mexican silver pesos issued under Mex-
				ican decree of Nov. 13, 1918, are of silver
				content approximately 41 per cent less
* .		j		than the dollar here quoted; and those issued under decree of Oct. 27, 1919,
				issued under decree of Oct. 27, 1919.
				contain about 51 per cent less silver.
Colombia	Gold ,	Peso	. 9733	Currency: Government paper and gold.
Colombia Costa Rica	do	Colon	. 4653	Carrono, Government paper and gold.
Cuba	do	Paga	1. 0000	
Danmanh	00	Peso	1: 0000	
Denmark Dominican Re-	ao	Krone	. 2680	
Dominican Re-	do	Dollar	1. 0000	United States money is principal circulat-
public.		. [ing medium.
Ecuador	do	Sucre	. 4867	<u> </u>
25044401711111111111111111111111111111111				
Ecuador Egypt	do	Pound (100 piasters).	4. 9431	The actual standard is the British pound
Egypt	do	Pound (100 piasters).	4. 9431	sterling, which is legal tender for 971/2 piasters.

	* 1	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	1	4 The Agent State Action
			Value	
ا دینی ا	Legal		terms	Remarks
Country	standard	Monetary unit	Unite	Remarks
	Digent daile		States	
			money	
<u> </u>		Monetary unit		
Finland	Gold	Markka	\$0.1930	
France	Gold and	Franc		Member Latin Union.
···	silver	Mark	2382	
Germany Great Britain Greece	Gold	Mark	4.8665	
Great Britain	00	Pound sterling	1930	Member Latin Union.
Greece	Gold and	Drachma	1930	Member Latin Union.
Guatemala Haiti	Silver	Peso	. 5473	Common and Theorem and the former
Troiti	Silver	Counds	2000	Currency: Inconvertible paper. Currency: National bank notes redeem
наи	Gold	Gourde	. 2000	able on demand in American dollars.
Honduras	Silver	Peso	5473	Currency, bank notes.
				The British sovereign and half sovereign
India [British]	[Gold	Mohur and sovereign		are legal tender in India at 10 rupees
India [Diffish]	\Silver	Rupee	. 2601	per sovereign.
Indo-China Italy Japan	do	Piaster	. 5911	t her sovereign.
Ttoly	Gold	Lira	. 1930	Member Latin Union
Ianan	do	Yen	. 4985	Weimber Datin Ollion
Liberia	40	Dollar	1.0000	Currency: Depreciated silver token coins
210011411111111111111111111111111111111		1011011	1.0000	Customs duties are collected in gold.
Lithuania	an l	Litas	. 1000	Currency: Notes of the bank of Lithu-
2101144114		D1000	.1000	ania, not now convertible.
Mexico	do.	Peso	. 4985	and, not now conversion
Netherlands	90	Guilder (florin)	. 4020	
Newfoundland	do	Dollar	1,0000	
Nicaragua	do l	Cordoba		
Norway Panama	do	Krone		
Panama	do	Balboa	1.0000	
Paraguay	do	Peso (Argentine)	9648	Currency: Depreciated Paraguayan
				paper currency.
Persia	Silver	Kran	. 1008	paper currency. Currency: Silver circulating above its
1				metallic value. Gold coin is a com-
			i	modity only, normally worth double
				the silver.
Peru Philippine Islands.	Gold	Libra		· ·
Philippine Islands.	do	Peso	. 5000	
Poland Portugal	do	Zioty Escudo	. 1930	l =
Portugai	do	Escudo	1.0805	Currency: Inconvertible paper.
Rumania	do	Leu	. 1930	
Russia	do	Ruble	. 5146	
Salvador Serbia	do	Colon	. 5000	
SerDia	go	Dinar		
Siam	00	Tical		37-3
Spain	Goid and	Peseta	. 1930	Valuation is for gold peseta; currency
Straits Settle.		Dollar	5678	notes of the bank of Spain.
ments.	G010	Donar	. 50/8	
Sweden	ا مه	Krona	. 2680	
Sweden Switzerland	Q0	Franc	1930	Member Latin Union.
Turkey		Piaster	. 1930	(100 piasters equal to the Turkish £.)
Trumov	uo	Peso	1.0342	Currency: Inconvertible paper.
		I TOU	1.0042	Currency: Inconversion paper.
Uruguay Venezuela	do	Bolivar	. 1930	'

DIRECTOR OF THE MINT

Changes in value of foreign coins during 1924

Country	Monetary unit		Value	9, 1924	
Country	Wondtaly unit	Jan. 1	Apr. 1	July 1	Oct. 1
China	Silver tael, Chefoo Silver tael, Chinkiang. Silver tael, Fuchau. Silver tael, Haikwan (customs). Silver tael, Hankwow. Silver tael, Hankwow. Silver tael, Kiaochow. Silver tael, Nieuchwang. Silver tael, Nieuchwang. Silver tael, Peking. Silver tael, Shanghai. Silver tael, Swatow. Silver tael, Takau. Silver tael, Tientsin.	. 8453 . 8109 . 8283 . 7843 . 8627 . 7993 . 8216 . 8390 . 7951 . 8152 . 8266 . 7745 . 7832 . 8532 . 8532 . 8532	\$0. 8720 . 8694 . 8340 . 8518 . 8066 . 8873 . 8159 . 8450 . 8629 . 8178 . 8384 . 8501 . 7965 . 8055 . 8075 . 8450 . 8655 . 8775	\$0. 8814 . 8786 . 8430 . 8610 . 8153 . 8968 . 8247 . 8541 . 8722 . 8266 . 8474 . 8593 . 8051 . 8142 . 8870 . 8870	\$0. 8972 8945 8581 8784 8299 9129 8395 8694 8878 8144 8626 8747 8195 8288 9029 8694 5814
Do. Do. Do. Cuatemala Honduras India (British) Indo-China Persia Poland	Silver dollar, Hongkong Silver dollar, British Silver dollar, Mexican Silver peso do Silver rupee Silver piaster	. 5576 . 5576 . 5617 . 5172 . 5172 . 2458 . 5586 . 0952	. 5735 . 5735 . 5777 . 5319 . 5319 . 2528 . 5745 . 0979	. 5797 . 5797	. 5901 . 5901 . 5944 . 5473 . 5473 . 2601 . 5911 . 1008 . 1930

The following compilations have been made from such data as are available—avowedly incomplete. The amount of gold and silver

in circulation in many countries is not obtainable, and in some countries that held by private banks can not be given.

For the United States the figures given cover all domestic gold and silver coin, but only such bullion and foreign coins as owned by the Government and Federal reserve banks. All foreign coin which comes into possession of the Government is converted to bullion.

Monetary stock of principal countries of the world, end of calendar year 1922

[Stated in United States money (000 omitted), except paper stock, which is stated in monetary unit of issuing country (000 omitted)]

		Monetai	ry unit			Gold stock	:		Paper circulation			Per	capita	
Country	Monetary standard	Name	United States equiva- lent	Metallic stock un- classified	In banks and public treasuries	In cir- culation	Total	Silver stock	in monatory	Population	Unclas- sified stock	Gold	Silver	Paper
North America: United States Canada Mexico British Honduras	do do	Dollar do Peso Dollar	\$1.00 1.00 .4985 1.00	\$78,616	\$3, 933, 476 143, 435 122, 500	1 \$27, 500	\$3, 933, 476 143, 435 1 50, 000	\$740, 067 26, 621 1 30, 000 65	3, 969, 914 433, 470 20, 445 340	110, 922 8, 967 14, 463 45	\$8. 7	\$35. 46 16. 00 3. 47	\$6. 67 2. 97 2. 07 1. 44	35.79 48.34 1.41 7.55
Costa Rica	do do Silver	Colon Peso Dollar Gourde Peso	. 4653 1. 00 1. 00 . 20 (4)		2 596 6, 105 250 400 18	31,000 150 6,000	596 37, 105 250 550 6, 018	16, 368 500 25 2, 987 280	² 14, 149 ³ 211, 442 2, 500 8, 838 ⁴ 386, 054 ⁶ 547	485 2, 899 897 1, 631 2, 005 662		1. 23 12. 80 . 28 . 34 3. 00	5. 65 . 56 . 02 1. 49	29. 17 72. 93 2. 79 5. 41 192. 60
Newfoundland Nicaragua Panama Salvador Virgin Islands	Gold	Dollar Cordoba Balboa Colon Dollar	1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 . 50 . 965		7 1, 000	5	1,000 1,573 121	7 2,300 315 66	7 2,000 7,388 9,381 619	265 638 434 1,526		3. 77 1. 03 4. 84	. 42 8. 68 . 49 . 15	. 83 7, 55 11, 58 6, 15 24, 76
British West Indies: Bahama Islands Barbadoes Jamaica Trinidad	do	Pounddo Dollar	4. 8665 4. 8665 4. 8665 1. 0138					219 419 1,277 8 239	80 424 9 2, 691	60 156 858 391			3. 65 2. 69 1. 49 . 61	. 51 . 49 6. 88
Dutch West Indies: Curacao	do	Guilder Francdo	. 402	714	101 324		101 324	167 94	1, 178 42, 806 20, 400	56 230 240	2.98	1, 80 1, 41	2.98 .41	21. 04 186. 11 85. 00
South America: Argentina				/14	493, 146		493, 146		1, 362, 564	8, 699	2, 98	56.69		156.63

Boliviado	Boliviano .3	893	. 8, 244 .		8, 244	12	33, 766	2, 890	2.85		11.68
Brazildo	Milreis	462	48, 025		48,025		2, 300, 000	30, 636			75.08
Chiledo		65				10 331	302,000	3, 819		09	79.08
Colombiado		733				11, 415	10, 201	6, 300		1.81	1.62
Ecuador dodo	Sucre	867				7 1, 931	7 16, 000	2,000		97	8.00
Guinea-	5451511111		-, 0-0		1,020	2,002	10,000	2,000	2.01		0.00
Britishdo	Pound 4.8	665				1, 521	12 2, 200	298		5. 10	7.38
Dutchdo		02			84	397	2, 990	108	. 78		27. 69
Frenchdodo		93 656					9, 200	26 25.			353. 84
Paraguaydo		648	652		652		180,000	1,000	. 65		180.00
Peru do	Pound 4.8	665	22, 143	730	22, 873	. 4, 725	5, 436	7, 300	3.11	. 65	. 74
Uruguaydo	Peso 1. 0		13 56, 806		56, 806	7 3, 000	7 70, 000	1, 529	07.15	1.96	45. 13
Venezuelado	Bolivar 1	93	3 4 5 (40)		15, 440	7 9, 071	7 39, 000	2, 412		3.76	16.17
Europe:			. 10,110		20, 2,20	0,,011	00,000	-,		"""	10.11
Austria	Krone 2	026	14 784		784		4, 080, 177, 238	6, 423	12	1	635, 400, 47
Belgiumdo		93	51, 901		51, 901	10, 623	6, 876, 392	7, 466		1.42	921.03
Belgiumdo Bulgariado		93	7,411		7, 411	3, 569	3, 884, 103	4, 861		73	799. 03
Czechoslovakia (15)		026			20, 473	5, 643	10,064,049	13, 611		.41	739. 41
Czechoslovakia (15) Denmark Gold		68			61, 173	1, 197	459, 353	3, 290	18.59	.36	139. 62
Esthonia(15)		93			3, 650		4, 524, 565	1, 111			4, 072, 52
Finland Gold		93	8, 371		8, 371	. 106	1, 420, 920	3, 403		. 03	417. 55
Francedo		93			708, 407	55, 777	16 36, 359, 286	39, 210		1.42	927. 30
Germanydo		382			240, 527		1, 533, 709, 212	59, 856		. 30	25, 623, 32
Great Britaindo	Pound 4.8				742, 740	316, 323	443, 884		88 15. 72	6.69	9, 39
Greece do do	Drachma . I					510, 525	3, 150, 000	5, 950	1.01	0.00	529. 41
Hungarydo		026	3 159		3, 152	120	75, 886, 987	7, 951		. 02	9, 544, 33
Iceland do		68	603		603		8, 831	96		1 .02	91.99
Irelanddodo	Pound 4.8		1 : 000		000	17, 033	18 19, 996	4 000		3.89	4. 56
Italydo		93	19 217, 300		217, 300	18 22, 800	20, 279, 000	38, 835		. 59	522. 18
Latvia		93			2, 603	318	20 36, 000	1, 851	777 27 22	17	19. 45
Lithuania do do	Litas					, 010	30, 377	4, 651			6.53
Maltado	Pound 4.8				. 500		21 600	184	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	3, 25
Netherlands do	Guilder 4.6	02			233, 879	42, 355	1, 054, 209	6, 977	33, 52	6.07	151. 1
Norwaydo		68	20, 474		39, 474	6, 673	384, 700	2, 632		2.54	146. 16
Poland (16)	Mark	382			9, 773	10, 511	793, 437, 489	27, 179		. 39	29, 193, 03
Poland (15) Portugal Gold Gold		805	22 0 267		9, 267	19, 012	22 1, 047, 028	6,041		3. 15	173. 32
Rumania	Leu .1				7, 585	161	15, 162, 053	16, 262		.01	932, 36
Russia do do		146	2, 607		2, 607	101	(23)	131, 299	.02	1 .01	(23)
Spain do		93			487, 278	124, 600	4, 136, 958	21, 338	22.84	5. 83	193. 88
Swedendo		68	73, 727		73, 727	5, 311	584, 191	5, 988		. 89	97. 56
Switzerlanddo	Franc		101, 584		101, 584	24 22, 748	991, 041	3, 886			
PATERISTIC	rianc	80 J	1 . 101, 084].		101, 084	22, 148	891,041	0,000	! 20.14	1 0.00	: 200.00
1 I not months formers		10 T 7	Damas di Obile				10 On Mon	20 1020		**	

¹ Last year's figures.
2 State bank.
3 United States bills.
4 Fluctuates with price of silver.
5 Exclusive of \$21,160,000 United States currency.
6 In United States dollars.
7 Estimated on basis of data considered fairly reliable.

⁸ Dec. 11, 1922.

⁹ Jan. 9, 1923.

¹⁰ In Banco di Chile.
11 Evidently includes gold held abroad.
12 British Guiana dollars.
13 In Bank of the Republic on Oct. 31, 1922.
14 On Jan. 7, 1923.
15 Monetary standard not established.
16 On Dec. 28, 1922.
17 Most of it held abroad, mainly in Netherlands.
18 Included in circulation of Great Britain. Of this amount £6,354,494 circulates in Ireland.

On Nov. 30, 1922.
 On Dec. 28, 1922.
 On Mar. 31, 1922.
 On Dec. 27, 1922.
 On Dec. 27, 1922.
 Application of the property of the pro

Monetary stock of principal countries of the world, end of calendar year 1922—Continued

[Stated in United States money (000 omitted), except paper stock, which is stated in monetary unit of issuing country (000 omitted)]

·	·	Monetai	ry unit	٠.		Gold stock			Paper			P	er capita	
	Monetary standard	Name	United States equiva- lent	Metallic stock un- classified	In banks and public treasuries	In cir- culation	Total	Silver stock	circulation in monetary unit of issuing country	Population	Unclas- sified stock	Gold	Silver	Paper
urope—Continued.					, -							·		
TurkeyYugoslavia	Gold	Piaster Dinar	\$0.044 .193	7\$254, 997 223	\$12,354		\$12,354	\$3, 193	⁷ 15, 534, 000 5, 039, 883	14, 549 12, 017	\$17. 53 . 02	\$1.03	\$0. 27	1, 067. 7 419. 4
sia: British North Bor- neo. 25	Gold	Dollar	. 5678						2, 516	258				9.
Ceylon	do	Rupee	. 3244		14		14	8,027	39, 296	4, 504			1.78	8. 1
China 25 Cypress Island	Silver	Dollar Pound	(4) 4 8665		10, 000 292		10, 000 292	116, 200	217, 468 520			. 02	. 27	1. 6
	do	Dollar	5678		292			76	3, 369	1, 390		. 92	2. 24	2.6
India, British	do	Rupee	. 4866		118, 347		118, 347	431, 212	1, 741, 830	318, 942		. 37	1.35	5.
Indo-China, French ²⁷ Japan (including Chosen, Kwan-	Silver	Piaster	(4)					15, 935	56, 663	18, 982			.84	2. 9
tung, Taiwan)	Gold	Yen	. 4985		605, 678		605, 678		1, 831, 100	78, 575		7. 71		23. 3
Netherlands Indies.	do	Guilder Pound	. 402		61, 306		61, 306	168, 968	304, 846	47, 204		1.30	3. 57	6.
Palestine Persia ²⁸	Silver	Kran	4. 9431		40		40	74 22, 620	1,000 60,000	9 500		. 06	. 11 2. 38	1. 6.
Philippine Islands	Gold	Peso	(1) . 50		960		960	18, 836	319, 204	10, 906		.09	1. 73	29.
	do	Dollar	. 5678					95	148	600			. 16	
Siam Straits Settlements	do	Tical Dollar	. 4054				1, 599	53, 245 8, 638	• 76, 547 93, 227	9, 322 935		1.71	5.71 9.24	8.
Syria		Pound	3. 860	10, 017	1,089		1, 599	0,000	9, 059	2, 140	4. 68	1. /1	9. 24	99. 4.
frica:				10,021							2.00			-
Abyssinia	Silver	Thalari	(1)					335	215	8,000			. 04	
Algeria Belgian Congo	Gold	Francdo	. 193	15,878				3, 883	772, 359 31, 837	5, 806 15, 000	2. 73		. 26	133. 2.
Egypt	do	Pound	4. 9431		566		566	36, 546	33, 297	13, 551		.04	2.69	2.
Equatorial Africa.		_	l					,	.,	,				
French Eritrea	do	Franc Lira	. 193		557	\$386	943	1. 448	4, 100	9, 000 450		2. 10		٠
Gambia	do	Pound			557	\$350	943	1,448	25, 180 481	210		2. 10	3. 22	55. 2.
Gold Coast and									-					. 2.
Ashanti	do	do	4. 8665						3, 607	2, 299				1.
Kenya Colony and	٠	Ohilli-a	. 2433			1		8,849	²⁹ 11, 308	2, 529			3, 50	
Uganda	do	Shilling Franc	. 2433	l	l			≀ გ.გ49∣		2, 529 3, 382	1		3. 50	4.

	_													
Morocco, French	do	do	. 193	9,669					240, 900	6,000	1.61			40. 15
Nigeria.	do	Pound	4.8665					12, 767	1, 206	18, 588			. 67	. 06
Nyasaland	do	do	4. 8665		598		598	700		1, 176		. 51	. 60	
Portuguese E a s t					1.0			,	l l	* .				
Africa and Beira	do	Escudo	1.0805		146	49	195	1, 318	142, 002	3, 120		.06	. 42	45. 51
Portuguese West														*
Africa	do	do	1.0805						4, 540	4,000				1. 13
Reunion Island 30		Franc	. 193	1, 930					32,600	174	11.09			187. 35
Rhodesia	do	Pound	4. 8665		7 950		950	7 90	7 10,000			. 51	. 05	5. 36
Sierra Leone	do	do	4.8665	-				148	244	1, 541			. 10	.16
Somaliland:														
British		Rupee	. 3244					292	300	344			. 85	. 87
French	do	Franc	. 193						2,500	206				12.14
Italian	do	Rupee						1,019		450				
Tanganyika	do	Shilling	. 2433					4, 357	24, 214	7, 200			. 61	3. 36
Tunisia	do	Franc	. 193		7 3, 074		3, 074	7 781	7 172, 457	2, 094		1.47	. 37	82. 36
Union of South		١.		l	l .									
Africa	do	Pound	4. 8665		53, 884	14, 600	68, 484	19, 359	21, 859	6, 929		9.88	2.79	3. 15
West Africa,			i		1		1							
French ²⁷	do	Franc	. 193	2, 972					190, 600	11, 464	. 26			16. 63
Zanzibar	do	Rupee	. 3244					519	4,416	197			2. 63	22. 42
Oceania:	1	, -			ľ	ł					ļ			ļ
Australia			4.8665	108, 748	116, 501		116, 501	7 21, 000	52, 179	5, 635	19.30	20. 67	3.73	9.30
New Zealand	do	do	4. 8665	38, 368					6,764	1, 266	30.31			5. 34
Tahiti-Society Is-	l					ļ					ļ	١.		ļ
lands	do	Franc	. 193					³¹ 118	7,867	28			4. 21	280. 97
							l							
Total			-	706, 266	8, 844, 540	80, 420	8, 924, 960	2, 509, 220		1, 781, 692	. 40	5. 19	1.41	
	l	Į.	l	I	l	1 5	l	l	l	l	1		1	

Fluctuates with price of silver.

Note.—Figures given represent each country's stock at the end of the year, except when otherwise indicated. Population figures are from the Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1922. Blanks indicate no figures available, rather than no stock. Gold held abroad as follows, not included in the above figures (presumably reported by the country having actual possession): Canada, \$15,173,721; Honduras, \$250,000; Nicaragua, \$648,762; Argentina, \$3,978,023; Brazil, \$657,549; Chile, \$7,848,515; Dutch Gulana, \$15,407 (silver); Peru, \$5,508,475; Esthonia, \$4,820,000; Bank of France, \$359,809,900; Germany, \$11,917,622; Ireland, \$29,199,000; Bank of Italy, \$73,417,200; Latvia, 200 fine kilos (6,430 ounces) and \$1,912,467; Lithuania, \$529,701; Rumania, \$34,450,500 (not including the gold confiscated at Moscow); Switzerland, \$1,699,558; Japan, \$306,577,500; Philippine Islands, \$47,173,513 in United States banks); Straits Settlements, \$3,763,686; Egypt, \$15,831,811; Uniton of South Africa, \$3,923,966; Yugoslavia, \$51,644,339; Italian Somaliland, \$648,800 (silver coin).

⁷ Estimated on basis of data considered fairly reliable.

¹⁵ On Dec. 23, 1922.

²⁸ Incomplete.

²⁷ On Aug. 31, 1922. ²⁸ On Mar. 21, 1923.

Including circulation in Tanganyika Territory.
 On June 30, 1922.

³¹ Held in Bank of Indo-China.

Monetary stock of principal countries of the world, end of calendar year 1923

[Stated in United States money (000 omitted), except paper stock, which is stated in monetary unit of issuing country (000 omitted)]

		Moneta	ry unit			Gold stock	:		Paper			Per	capita	
Country	Monetary standard	Name	United States equiva- lent	Metallic stock un- classified	In banks and public treasuries	In cir- culation	Total	Silver stock	circulation in monetary unit of issuing country	Population	Unclas- sified stock	Gold	Silver	Paper
			1			7.0						11.0		
				-		1.4		-					, , _	
North America:			[1::::		l	ļ. •					·			
United States	Gold	Dollar	\$1.00		\$4, 247, 201		\$4, 247, 201	\$809.028	5, 342, 770	110, 922		\$38. 29	\$7. 29	48.
Canada	do	do	1.00		227, 292	3 407 500	227, 292	27, 964	428, 920	8, 967		25. 35	3.12	47.8
Mexico	do	Peso			1 22, 500	1 \$27, 500	1 50, 000	1 30, 000	15, 565 318	14, 463 45		3. 46	2.07	1.0
British Honduras	ao	Dollar Colon	1,00 .25		334		334	417	19, 132	485		2.00	4. 22	7. (
Costa Rica Cuba	qo	Peso	1.00		8, 033	29, 072	37, 105	16, 368	² 331, 821	2, 899		12.80	. 86 5: 65	39. 8 114.
Dominican Republic	dô	Dollar	1.00		114	25,072	114	247	1, 276	897		. 13	. 28	114.
- Haiti	do	Gourde			300		300	211	3 9, 600	1, 631	;	. 18	. 20	5.
Guatemala	Silver	Peso			118	6,000		4 2, 987	850, 537	2, 005		3.00	1. 40	424,
Newfoundland	Gold	Dollar			0 1,000	0,000	1,000	6 2, 300	6 2, 000	265		3. 77	8. 68	7.
Nicaragua	do	Cordoba	1.00				-,	1,315	1 7, 388	638			. 49	11.
Panama	do	Balboa	1.00		400	40	440	325		. 434		1. 01	. 75	
Salvador	do	Colon	. 50		3, 337		3,337		10, 166	1,526		2.19		6. 6
Virgin Islands	do	Dollar	. 965		85	. 5	90	59	2, 500	25		-3. 60	2. 36	100. 0
British West	1			***	1	j		'				,		
Indies—	l` •									*		5.00 F		
Barbados	do	Dollar	1. 0138					7 53	7 21	156			34	
Jamaica	do	Pound	4. 8665					937	243	858			1.09	
Trinidad	do	Dollar	1.0138				101	644	2, 167	· 391 56		:	1.65	5. 4
Dutch West Indies French West	do	Guilder	. 402		101		, 101	179	1, 198	50		1.80	3. 20	21. 3
Indies—								5.7	; * · · ·		• • • •			
Guadeloupe	do	Franc	. 193		324		324	94	42, 806	230		1.41	.41	186. 1
Martinique	do	do	. 193	4 \$714					1 20, 400	240	\$2.98	1.41	.41	85. (
South America:			1						20, 100		Ψ2. 00			00.0
Argentina	đợ	Peso	. 9648		472, 161		472, 161	ľ	1, 362, 564	8, 699	"	54. 27		156. 6
Bolivia	do	Boliviana.	. 3893		8, 225		8, 225	17	41, 944	2 890		2.85	. 01	14.
Brazil	do	Milreis	. 5462		51, 684		51, 684		2, 704, 140	30, 636		1.69		88. 2
Chile	do	Peso	. 365		4 34, 025		4 34, 025	8 331	293, 737	3, 819		8. 91	. 09	76.
Colombia		do	. 9733		4,301		4, 301	12, 732	23, 752	6, 300		. 68	2.02	3.1
Ecuador	do	Sucre	: 4867		4,625		4, 625	6 1, 931	⁶ 16, 000	2,000		2. 31	. 97	8. (
Guiana—	1				1									
British		Pound	4: 8665					676	2,000	298			2. 27	6. 7
Dutch	do	Guilder	. 402	656	81		.81	378	2,340	108		. 75	3. 50	21. 6
French	00	Franc	. 193	* 656					4 9, 200	26	25. 23			353. 8 262. 7
Paraguay	ao	Peso	9648	1	1 3, 181		. 3, 181		262, 707	1,000	l	3. 18		1 26

	Peru	ldo	Pound	4.8665	1	1 22, 143	4 730	4 22, 873	4 4, 725	5,713	7, 300	1	3. 13	65	. 78	
	Uruguay	.do		1.0342					6 3, 000	6 70, 000				1.96	45, 78	
	Venezuela	do	Bolivar		1				6 9, 071	6 39, 000				3, 76	16. 17	
E	urope:					-0, -10		,	","-	00,000	_, -,		0. 20	00		
	Austria	ا مة ا	Krone	. 2026		1, 430		1, 430	176	7, 125, 755, 190	6, 423		. 22	. 03	1,109,412.29	
	Belgium 10	do	Franc	193					14, 494	7, 537, 191	7, 466		6. 99	2.07	1, 009, 54	
	Bulgaria 11	do	Lev	. 193		7, 635			3, 266	4, 156, 205	4, 861			67	855.00	
	Czechoslovakia	(12)	Krone		157, 121	.,,000			. 0,200	9, 598, 903	13, 611	11.54			705. 23	
	Danzig, Free City	(.)	110110	. 2020	101, 121					0,000,000	. 10,011	11.01			100.20	
	of ¹⁷	-Gold	Gulden	. 195		2	3	5	1, 947	18 14, 239	400		. 01	4.87	35, 60	
	Denmark.	do	Krone	. 268				56, 171	1,706	472, 625	3, 290		17. 07	52	143, 60	
	Esthonia.	(12)	Mark	193		2, 326		2, 326	2,.00	3, 978, 344	1, 111		2.09		3, 580, 86	
	Finland	Gold	do	193		8, 331		8, 331	202	1, 352, 352	3, 403		2, 45	.06	397. 40	
	Finland France 18	do	Franc	193		709, 479		709, 479	57, 229	37, 905, 434	39, 210		18. 09	1.46	966. 73	
	Germany.	do	Mark	. 2382		119, 300			14 17, 111	(15)	59, 856		1, 99	29		
	Great Britain 16	do	Pound		13a 120, 000			759, 174	301, 723	425, 075	47, 262	2, 54	16.406	6.38	9, 00	
		do	Drachma	. 193	120,000			6, 938	268	4, 681, 200		2.01	1.17	. 05	786. 76	
		do	Krone	2026				4, 614	121	931, 337, 335	7, 951	1 -	. 58	.02	117, 134, 62	-
	Iceland	do	do	. 268		603		603	4	6, 549	1, 331		6. 28	.04	68. 21	- >
	Irish Free State 19		Pound	4. 8665		51,037		51.037	8, 472	17, 005	4, 380		11.65	1. 93	3.88	7
	Italy	do	Lira	. 193		215, 697		215, 697	28, 429	19, 675, 000	38, 835		5. 55	. 73	506. 63	Ę
	Latvia	- do	Lat	. 193				3, 667	1	23, 000	1.851		1. 98		12. 43	_ C
	Lithuania	do	Litas	. 10				3,001	21	60, 074			.01	*	12. 91	
	Malta	do	Pound	4. 8665		20		20	21	700	184		.01		3. 80	5
	Netherlands	do	Guilder	. 402		222 276		233, 876	43, 326	1, 108, 035	6, 977		33. 52	6. 21	158. 81	5
	Norway	do	Krone	. 268					6,673	395, 800				2.54	150.38	_
	Poland	(12)	Mark	. 2382					4, 986	125,371,955,000			.46		4.612.824.43	- 1
	Portugal	ana	Escudo	1.0805		10, 483		10, 483	19,012	1, 297, 248			1.79	3.14	214.74	
	Rumania 10	dola	Leu	. 193				26, 207	1,011	17, 728, 586				.06	1, 090, 18	H
	Russia 20	00	Ruble					45,043	571	(21)	10, 202		.34		(21)	Ė
	Spain	00	Peseta	. 5146		487, 687		487, 687	125, 242	4, 338, 123	101, 299		22.85	5. 87	203. 30	- 1
	Sweden	00						73, 166		576, 390	5,988			5. 57	96. 26	-
	Creitandond	uo	Krone	268		73, 166	20 600		²² 3, 530 43, 182	982, 709	3,886		00.01	11.11	252.88	*
	Switzerland	00	Franc	. 193	1054 005	103, 669	38,600	142, 269	1	16 149 000	3, 880 14, 549	17 50	90. 01	11.13	1, 109, 49	F
	Turkey	uo	Piaster	044	1 254, 997	12 000		12 000	2.004					90	481.40	2
	Yugoslavia 10	(13)	Dinar	. 193	610	13, 286	1	13, 286	3,334	5,784,930	12,017	.05	- 1.11	. 28	401.40	H
	1 1001 former	• •		•				13 On Dog	ombor 97 100	22 in Donk of I	Trongo					

· 1 1921 figures.

³ All notes of American origin, as the Cuban Government does not issue paper money.
³ Exclusive of \$1,200,000 U.S. currency.

4 Last year's figures.
5 Fluctuates with price of silver.
6 Estimated on basis of data considered fairly reliable.

7 Stock held by one of the three banks.

8 In Banco de Chile.

9 On July 31, 1924. 10 Stock in National Bank.

11 On January 14, 1924.

12 Monetary standard not established.

- 13 On December 27, 1923, in Bank of France.
 13a Estimated holdings of Scotch banks.
- 14 24,434,000 fine ounces, mostly deposited abroad.
- 15 496,507,425,000,000,000 (000 omitted).
 16 On December 26, 1923.
 17 On February 29, 1924.
 18 On March 31, 1924.
- 19 In June, 1923. ²⁰ On January 1, 1924.

Supplied to the second of the

21 168,500,200,500,000 (000 omitted) ruble notes; per capita 1,283,331,940.89; see text for chervonetz notes and metallic cover.

22 Includes copper-nickel coin.

Monetary stock of principal countries of the world, end of calendar year 1923—Continued [Stated in Un ted States money (000 omitted), except paper stock, which is stated in monetary unit of issuing country (000 omitted)]

		Moneta	y unit		-	Gold stock			Paper circulation		_ :	Per	capita	,
	Monetary standard	Name	United States equiva- lent	Metallic stock un- classified	In banks and public treasuries	In cir- culation	Total	Silver stock		Population	Unclas- sified stock	Gold	Silver	Paper
	· · · · · ·	11.1	- ·	· · ·		-								
Asia: Brit. North Borneo	Gold	Dollar	\$0.5678] [•	' '	2,292	258			ļ	. 8. 88
Cevlon	do	Rupee	. 3244	l	\$14	l	\$14	. \$9,247	42,707	4,504			\$2.05	9.48
China 23	Silver	Dollar	(5)		8, 250		8, 250	118,715	220, 542	431, 480		\$0.02	.28	.51
Cypress Islan l	Gold	Pound	4. 8665			. \$292	292	710	410	317		.92	2, 24	1.29
Fed. Malay States India, British	do	Dollar	.5678		114, 891	[114, 891	4 76	4 3, 369 1, 834, 114	1, 390 318, 942			.05 1.35	2.42 5.75
India, British Indo-China, French.	Silvor	Rupee Piaster			114, 891		114, 891	429, 217 17, 937	91, 369	18,982			94	4.81
Japan (including		1 100101	(9)					11,801	21,000	10, 902			. 5%	4.01
Chosen, Kwan-				. :		í l			,			1		
tung, Taiwan)	Gold	Yen	.4985	\$25,000	602, 188		602, 188	^{23a} 172, 625	1, 893, 936	78, 575	\$0.32	7.66	2, 19	24, 13
Netherlands, East	: 1													
Indies	do	Guilder	. 402		62,869		62,869	168, 919	302,057	47,204		1.33	3.58	6.40
Palestine Persia ^{23b}	Silver	Pound Kran			` 40		* 40	18,654	4 1,000 51,296	9,500		.,	. 10 1. 96	1. 43 5. 39
Philippine Islands	Gold	Peso	50		3 931		3 031	18, 907	24 103, 477			.36	1.73	9.49
Sarawak	do	Dollar	. 5678		3, 931		0,001	95	157	600			. 16	.26
Siam	dol	Tical	. 4054					46, 935	105,998	9,322			5. 03	11.36
Straits Settlement	do	Dollar	. 5678		1,624		1,624	11, 487	99,096	935		1.74	12, 28	105.99
Syria	do	Pound	3. 860						9,776	2, 140	6.40			4.57
Africa: Abyssinia	G21	Thalari	(5)	1.0				4 335	215	8,000			.04	.03
Algeria	Gold	Franc	.193	15 052				335	1,014,527	5,806	2 50		.04	174.74
Belgian Congo 25	do	do	103	′ '	and the second			3,883	39,868	15,000	2.00		. 26	2.66
Egypt	do:l	Pound	4. 9431		396		396	36, 222	36,468	13, 551		. 03	2.67	2.69
Gambia	do	do	4.8665						109	210				. 52
Gold Coast	do	do	4. 8665						1,093	2, 299				.48
Kenya Colony and	ا .د	Shilling	. 2433				•	1 170	25,033	2,529			. 47	9.90
Uganda 26	do	Franc	. 193					1, 178 3, 474	111,000				1.03	32.82
Morocco, French	do	do	. 193					0, 272	239, 800	6,000	1.59		1.00	39.97
Nigeria	do	Pound	4.8665					9,323	75	18, 588			. 50	
Nyasaland	do	do			521		521	870		1,176		. 44	.74	
Portuguese East	i		l . . '	,		1							'	
Africa	do	Escudo	1. 0805		332	78	410	49	88, 224			. 13	.02	28. 28
Portuguese West	ا . ا		1:000			·			11,300	4-000				2, 82

Reunion Island Rhodesia Sierra Leone	do	Franc Pound		4 1, 930	6 950		950	6 90 387	4 32, 600 6 10, 000 380	174 1,867 1,541	11.09	. 51	.05	187. 35 5. 36 . 25
Somaliland— British Italian	do	Rupee						292 4 1, 019	300	344 450			. 85 2. 26	. 87
Tanganyika	do	Shilling	. 2433		63,074		3,074	4, 357 781	4 24, 214 6 172, 457	7, 200 2, 094		1. 47	. 61	3. 36 82. 36
	do	Pound Franc Rupee	. 193	12,972	58,051		58, 051	23,612	22, 144 190, 600 4, 604	6, 929 11, 464	. 26	8. 38	3. 41 4. 06	3. 20 16. 63 23. 37
Oceania: Australia New Zealand	do	Pound	4. 8665	38, 289	215, 499	4,866	220, 365	21, 899	52, 182 6, 644	5, 635 1, 266	30.24	39. 11	3. 89	9. 26 5. 25
Tahiti-Society Is- lands	do	Franc							8, 500	28				303. 57
Total			<u> </u>	640, 598	9, 300, 575	107, 186	9, 407, 761	2, 733, 172		1, 771, 713	0. 36	5. 31	1. 54	

Note.—Figures given represent each country's stock at the end of the year, except when otherwise indicated. Population figures are from the Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1922. Blanks indicate no figures available, rather than no stock. Gold held abroad as follows, not included in the above figures (presumably reported by the country having actual possession): Canada, \$13,045,889; Brazil, \$737,370; Colombia, \$5,242,914; Japan, \$221,832,500; Straits Settlements, \$3,763,686; Egypt, \$16,507,858; Philippine Islands, \$51, 113,171; Czechoslavakia, \$52,206,500; Esthonia, \$4,528,864; Bank of France, \$359,813,953; Germany, \$5,100,000; Lithuania, \$1,619,935; Yugoslavia, 67,177,010 (gold and silver), Kenya Colony, \$205,045 (silver); Greece, \$4,825,000.

Last year's figures.
Fluctuates with price of silver.

⁶ Estimated on basis of data considered fairly reliable.

¹⁶ On December 26, 1923.

²³ Incomplete.

 ²³a Bullion only.
 23b On December 20, 1923.
 24 Exclusive of P1, 257,891 U. S. banknotes.

²⁵ On November 30, 1923.

²⁶ On June 30, 1923.

WORLD PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER

World production of gold and silver, 1922 and 1923

[The production figures given below are based upon the preceding data and those published in prior issues of the report of the Director of the Mint]

-			Calenda	r year 1922	*.				Calenda	r year 1923		•
Country	Gold				Silver			Gold		Silver		
	Kilos, fine	Ounces, fine	Value	Kilos, fine	Ounces, fine	Value (\$0.67934 per ounce)	Kilos, fine	Ounces, fine	· Value	Kilos, fine	Ounces, fine	Value (\$0.70028 per ounce)?
North America: United States Canada :Mexico	71, 205 39, 296 23, 276	2, 289, 235 1, 263, 364 748, 323	\$47, 322, 687 26, 116, 052 15, 469, 209	1, 748, 431 577, 960 2, 521, 832	56, 212, 054 18, 581, 439 81, 076, 899	\$38, 187, 096 12, 623, 115 55, 078, 781	75, 474 38, 059 24, 313	2, 426, 495 1, 223, 601 781, 663	\$50, 160, 103 25, 294, 078 16, 158, 408	2, 279, 808 552, 246 2, 826, 099	73, 295, 810 17, 754, 706 90, 859, 083	\$51, 327, 590 12, 433, 265 63, 626, 798
Total	133, 777	4, 300, 922	88, 907, 948	4, 848, 223	155, 870, 392	105, 888, 992	137, 846	4, 431, 759	91, 612, 589	- 5, 658, 153	181, 909, 599	127, 387, 653
Central America and West Indies	3, 762	120, 937	2, 500, 000	62, 208	2, 000, 000	1, 358, 680	3, 009	96, 750	2, 000, 000	77, 760	2, 500, 000	1, 750, 700
South America: Argentina 3 Bolivia. Brazil Chile. Colombia. Ecuador Guiana. British Dutch French Peru Uruguay Venezuela	1, 320 338 373 1, 517 2, 533 11 540	3, 628 4 407 146, 668 79, 828 275, 737 42, 456 10, 877 11, 992 48, 772 81, 436 338 17, 361	75, 000 8, 413 3, 031, 896 1, 650, 191 5, 700, 000 877, 646 224, 847 247, 896 1, 008, 186 1, 683, 431 7, 000 358, 883	777 167, 139 800 84, 266 98 2, 333 } 280 409, 635 62 84	25, 000 15, 373, 521 25, 720 2, 709, 152 3, 150 75, 000 19, 000 13, 169, 765 2, 000 2, 700	16, 984 3, 650, 448 17, 472 1, 840, 435 2, 140 50, 951 6, 114 8, 946, 748 1, 358 1, 834	120 13 4,500 2,003 4 8,577 1,320 192 396 1,388 3,744 14 4 540	3, 870 144, 677 64, 397 275, 738 42, 456 6, 173 12, 731 44, 624 120, 373 338 17, 361	80,000 8,413 2,990,697 1,331,208 5,700,000 4 877,646 127,607 263,173 922,460 2,488,310 47,000 358,883	933 162, 141 890 103, 810 4 98 2, 333 264 580, 242 62 84	30,000 5,212,826 28,613 3,337,491 3,150 475,000 48,500 18,654,793 42,000 42,700	\$ 21, 008 3, 650, 438 20, 037 2, 337, 178 2, 206 52, 521 5, 952 13, 063, 578 1, 401 1, 891
Total	22, 379	719, 500	14, 873, 389	665, 474	21, 395, 008	14, 534, 484	22, 804	733, 142	15, 155, 397	850, 857	27, 355, 073	19, 156, 210
Europe: Austria Czechoslovakia France: Germany Great Britain	17 258 4 500 169	546. 8, 294 16, 075 5, 433	11, 287 171, 452 332, 299 112, 310	267 27, 222 46, 500 111, 400 860	8, 584 875, 187 208, 975 3, 581, 510 27, 649	5, 831 594, 550 141, 965 2, 433, 063 18, 783	23 150 527 150	739 4, 822 16, 943 4, 822	15, 276 99, 679 350, 243 99, 679	441 4 28, 000 6, 626 100, 000 1, 077	14, 178 900, 200 213, 025 3, 215, 000 34, 625	9, 929 630, 392 149, 177 2, 251, 400 24, 247

Greece Italy Norway Poland Rumania Russia and Siberia Spain Sweden Turkey Yugoslavia	1, 337 4, 563 28	42, 984 146, 700 904 32 1, 446 6, 944	888, 558 3, 032, 558 18, 692 661 29, 891 143, 545	5, 727 6, 367 6, 381 637 1, 954 4, 665 86, 414 1 250 834	184, 123 204, 69 1 205, 149 20, 479 62, 821 150, 000 2, 778, 210 32 8, 037 26, 813	125, 082 139, 060 139, 366 13, 912 42, 677 101, 901 1, 887, 349 22 5, 460 18, 215	13 38 1,500 7,797 28 445 191	418 1, 221 48, 225 250, 673 904 1, 446 6, 140	8, 641 25, 240 996, 899 5, 181, 870 4 18, 692 29, 891 126, 925	4 5, 727 9, 536 8, 012 4 637 2, 000 4 6, 000 4 86, 414 18 4 250 764	184, 123 306, 582 257, 586 20, 479 64, 300 192, 900 2, 778, 210 578 8, 037 24, 562	128, 938 214, 693 180, 382 14, 341 45, 028 135, 084 1, 945, 525 405 5, 628 17, 200
Total	7, 147	229, 776	4, 749, 894	259, 479	8, 342, 268	5, 667, 236	10, 462	336, 353	6, 953, 035	255, 502	8, 214, 385	5, 752, 369
Oceania: Australia— New South Wales Northern Territory Queensland. South Australia Victoria West Australia. Tasmania Papua New Zealand 5	5	25, 222 171 80, 584 1, 000 106, 872 538, 246 3, 431 12, 089 144, 117	521, 385 3, 535 1, 665, 819 20, 672 2, 209, 240 11, 126, 532 70, 925 249, 902 2, 979, 162	308, 334 8, 493 78 217 3, 692 24, 715 11, 700	9, 912, 927 273, 036 2, 512 6, 978 118, 696 794, 585 376, 170	6, 734, 248 185, 484 1, 707 4, 740 80, 635 539, 793 255, 547	586 6 2, 619 93 2, 968 15, 692 115 376 4, 821	18, 833 200 84, 214 3, 000 95, 403 504, 511 3, 684 4 12, 089 155, 000	389, 313 4, 134 1, 740, 858 62, 015 1, 972, 155 10, 429, 168 76, 155 249, 902 3, 204, 134	283, 287 14, 597 1 196 3, 391 19, 863 16, 700	9, 107, 682 469, 302 43 6, 304 109, 005 638, 602 536, 899	6, 377, 928 328, 643 30 4, 414 76, 334 447, 200 375, 979
Total	28, 359	911, 732	18, 847, 172	357, 229	11, 484, 904	7, 802, 154	27, 276	876, 934	18, 127, 834.	338, 035	10, 867, 837	7, 610, 528
Asia: British India	903 3. 244	238, 015 100, 000 127, 892 29, 025 104, 294	9, 054, 573 2, 067, 183 2, 643, 764 600, 000 2, 155, 948 310, 181	132, 016 3, 110 334 34, 515	4, 244, 304 100, 000 10, 723 1, 109, 657	2, 883, 325 67, 934 7, 285	11, 935 3, 110 3, 777 902 3, 450 298	383, 698 100, 000 121, 433 29, 025 110, 885 9, 567	7, 931, 742 2, 067, 183 2, 510, 243 4 600, 000 2, 292, 196 197, 767	151, 262 3, 110 1, 222 43, 825	4, 863, 066 4 100, 000 39, 281 1, 408, 973	3, 405, 507 70, 028 27, 508
Federated Malay States	7, 272	15, 005 4, 822 233, 809 73, 840 1, 097 21, 958	99, 679 4, 833, 261 1, 526, 408 22, 677 453, 912	120, 880 871 14 729	3, 886, 301 27, 994 453 23, 437	2, 640, 120 19, 017 308 15, 922	193 7, 946 2, 537 31 4 683	6, 205 255, 460 81, 564 1, 007 21, 958	128, 267 5, 280, 827 1, 686, 078 20, 817 453, 912	110, 568 1, 175 4 729	3, 554, 750 37, 776 23, 437	2, 489, 320 26, 454 16, 412
Total	35, 762	1, 149, 757	23, 767, 586	292, 469	9, 402, 869	6, 387, 745	34, 862	1, 120, 802	23, 169, 032	311, 891	10, 027, 283	7, 021, 904
Africa: Abyssinia Belgian Congo British West Africa (Gold Coast, Achanti, Nigeria)	622 2, 126 6, 637	20, 000 68, 351 213, 395	413, 436 1, 412, 940 4, 411, 266	204	6, 558	4, 455	622 2, 840 6, 238	20, 000 91, 306 200, 565	413, 436 1, 887, 462 4, 146, 047	272	8, 745 6 66	6, 124 46

A verage price-per fine ounce in New York.
 A verage price per fine ounce in London.
 Estimate based on United States imports of ore and base hullion.

Estimate on basis of other years' production.
 New Zealand reports combined production of gold and silver: segregation is estimated.
 Production of Nigeria.

World production of gold and silver, 1922 and 1923—Continued

[The production figures given below are based upon the preceding data and those published in prior issues of the report of the Director of the Mint]

		Calendar year 1922						Calendar year 1923						
Country	Gold			Silver			Gold			Silver				
	Kilos, fine	Ounces, fine	Value	Kilos, fine	Ounces, fine	Value (\$0.67934 per ounce)	Kilos, fine	Ounces, fine	Value	Kilos, fine	Ounces, fine	Ualue (\$0.70028 per ounce)		
Africa—Continued. EgyptEritrea	7 2	225 64	\$4, 651 1, 323				15	482	\$9, 964					
French West Africa (Guinea, Seregal, (Ivory Coast) Madagascar Portuguese East Africa Rhodesia—	348 578 365	11, 188 18, 582 11, 734	231, 276 384, 124 242, 563	400 16	12, 860 514	\$8, 736 349	544 502 327	17, 489 16, 139 10, 513	361, 530 333, 623 217, 323					
NorthernSouthernTanganyikaTransvaal, Cape Colony,	78 20, 304 12	2, 505 652, 791 376	51, 783 13, 494, 387 7, 772	224 5, 512	7, 190 177, 209	4, 884 120, 385	20, 140 12	1, 591 647, 491 4 376	32, 889 13, 384, 827 7, 772	195 4, 828	6, 282 155, 210	\$4, 399 108, 690		
Natal	218, 355	7, 020, 110	145, 118, 553	34, 702	1, 115, 676	757, 923	284, 575	9, 149, 073	189, 128, 124	42, 735	1, 373, 930	962, 136		
Total	249, 434	8, 019, 321	165, 774, 074	41, 058	1, 320, 007	896, 732	315, 864	10, 155, 025	209, 922, 997	48, 032	1, 544, 233	1, 081, 39		
Total for world	480, 620	15, 451, 945	319, 420, 063	6, 526, 140	209, 815, 448	142, 536, 023	552, 123	17, 750, 765	366, 940, 884	7, 540, 230	242, 418, 410	169, 760, 759		

^{&#}x27;Estimate on basis of other years' production.

Corrections of Production Estimates of Past Years

The tables of world production of gold and silver, contained in the annual reports of the Director of the Mint, have been corrected to include information not available when the tables for the several years were originally prepared. These corrections follow:

Report		Changes									
which correc- tion	For what country	For	Fro	То							
was made		year-	Ounces	Value	Ounces	Value					
	SILVER		•								
1924 1924 1924 1924 1924	British India ¹	1913 1916 1917 1918 1920	1, 257, 100 2, 068, 700 2, 240, 500 2, 870, 595	\$862, 961 1, 852, 004 2, 205, 683 2, 926, 284	125, 209 760, 374 1, 581, 838 1, 971, 783 2, 906, 397	\$75, 626 521, 979 1, 416, 140 1, 941, 141 2, 962, 781					
	GOLD										
1924 1924 1924 1924 1924 1924 1924 1924	British India ¹	1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1920	534, 744 534, 822 589, 109 550, 432 557, 389 542, 115 523, 069 485, 236 8, 331, 651	11, 054, 137 11, 055, 749 12, 177, 961 11, 378, 437 11, 522, 457 11, 206, 509 10, 812, 793 10, 030, 716 172, 230, 512	583, 567 590, 555 595, 761 607, 388 616, 728 598, 370 574, 293 536, 118 8, 158, 455	12, 063, 398 12, 207, 855 12, 315, 470 12, 555, 82 12, 748, 896 12, 369, 40 11, 871, 68 11, 082, 54 168, 650, 235					

For authority see Statistical Abstract for British India, Calcutta, 1923.
 1919 figures were used for 1920 in Annual Report Director Mint, 1922, p. 242.

Production of gold and silver in the world since the discovery of America

[From 1493 to 1885 is from a table of averages for certain periods, compiled by Dr. Adolph Soetbeer; for the years since, the production is the annual estimate of the Bureau of the Mint]

		Ge	old			Silv	ver	. !*	Per	centage o	f produc	ction
Period	Annual avera	age for period	Total fo	r period	Annual avera	age for period	Total fo	or period	By w	reight	Ву	value
	Fine ounces	Value	Fine ounces	Value	Fine ounces	Coining value	Fine ounces	Coining value in standard silver dollars	Gold	Silver	Gold	Silver
1493-1520 1521-1544 1545-1560 1561-1589 1581-1600 1601-1620 1621-1640 1641-1660 1641-1660 1681-1700 1701-1720 1721-1740 1741-1760 1781-1800 1781-1800 1811-1830 1831-1840 1841-1855 1856-1860 1861-1855 1866-1870 1871-1875 1876-1880 1876-1880 1881-1885	230, 194 273, 596 219, 906 237, 267 273, 918 266, 845 281, 955 281, 955 412, 163 613, 422 791, 211 665, 666 571, 948 571, 563 367, 957 457, 044 652, 291 1, 760, 502 6, 410, 324 6, 486, 262 5, 949, 582 6, 270, 086 5, 591, 014 4, 794, 755 5, 441, 982	\$3, 855, 000 4, 759, 000 5, 665, 000 4, 546, 000 4, 546, 000 5, 516, 000 5, 516, 000 5, 528, 000 7, 154, 000 8, 520, 000 12, 681, 000 13, 761, 000 11, 823, 000 11, 823, 000 9, 448, 000 36, 333, 000 122, 989, 000 124, 614, 000 122, 989, 000 122, 989, 000 124, 989, 000 124, 989, 000 125, 577, 000 114, 586, 000 99, 116, 000 99, 116, 000 99, 116, 000	5, 221, 160 5, 524, 656 4, 377, 544 4, 398, 120 4, 745, 340 5, 478, 360 5, 336, 900 5, 639, 110 5, 954, 180 6, 921, 895 8, 243, 260 12, 268, 440 15, 824, 230 13, 313, 315 11, 438, 970 5, 715, 627 3, 679, 568 4, 570, 444 6, 522, 913 17, 605, 018 32, 031, 621 32, 431, 312 29, 747, 913 31, 350 430 27, 955, 068 27, 715, 550 28, 973, 773 27, 306, 411 39, 412, 823 62, 234, 698	\$107, 931, 000 114, 205, 000 90, 492, 000 90, 917, 000 98, 995, 000 113, 248, 000 116, 324, 000 116, 324, 000 123, 084, 000 124, 084, 000 126, 084, 000 127, 211, 000 236, 464, 000 275, 211, 000 236, 464, 000 18, 152, 000 76, 063, 000 94, 479, 000 134, 841, 000 363, 928, 000 670, 415, 000 670, 445, 000 677, 883, 000 577, 883, 000 577, 883, 000 577, 833, 000 577, 833, 000 577, 833, 000 577, 833, 000 577, 833, 000 577, 833, 000 577, 833, 000 577, 833, 000 577, 833, 000 577, 833, 000 577, 833, 000 577, 833, 000 577, 833, 000 577, 833, 000 577, 835, 000 577, 835, 000 577, 835, 000 577, 835, 000 577, 835, 000 577, 835, 000 577, 835, 000 577, 835, 000 577, 835, 000 577, 835, 000 577, 835, 000 577, 847, 000	1, 511, 050 2, 899, 930 10, 017, 940 9, 628, 925 13, 467, 635 13, 596, 235 12, 654, 240 11, 776, 644, 240 11, 776, 645 10, 932, 085 11, 432, 540 13, 863, 080 17, 140, 612 20, 985, 591 28, 764, 922 17, 385, 755 14, 807, 004 19, 175, 867 25, 990, 3428 35, 401, 972 43, 051, 583 63, 317, 014 78, 775, 602 92, 003, 944 108, 911, 431	12, 450, 000	42, 309, 400 69, 598, 320 160, 287, 040 192, 578, 500 269, 352, 700 271, 924, 700 235, 384, 800 235, 530, 900 216, 691, 000 219, 841, 700 228, 650, 800 342, 812, 235 419, 711, 820 565, 235, 580 287, 469, 225 173, 857, 555 148, 070, 040 191, 758, 675 250, 903, 422 142, 442, 986 145, 477, 142 177, 009, 862 215, 257, 914 316, 885, 069 393, 878, 001, 722 544, 557, 155 787, 906, 656 828, 466, 522 290, 077, 047	188, 092, 000 228, 861, 000 278, 313, 000 409, 322, 000 509, 256, 000 594, 773, 000	11 4 7 7 2 2 7 1 2 2 2 7 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 1 1 9 1 3 3 6 6 4 2 4 4 1 1 2 8 6 6 8 14 4 7 1 6 5 4 8	89 92.6 97.3 97.3 98.3 98.3 97.7 97.7 96.9 95.6 99.5 95.6 99.7 97.7 96.9 98.1 97.9 96.9 96.9 96.9 96.9 96.9 96.9 97.9 97	66. 4 55. 9 30. 4 26. 7 24. 4 25. 7 33. 5 36. 4 42. 5 33. 2 4. 1 25. 3 35. 2 52. 9 78. 1 70. 58. 5 53. 5 45. 5	33. 6 44. 1 69. 67. 3 78. 6 74. 8 76. 6 74. 8 66. 5 75. 6 67. 5 76. 6 77
1891-1895 1896-1900 1901-1905 1906 1907 1908	7, 882, 565 12, 446, 939 15, 606, 730	257, 301, 100 257, 301, 100 322, 619, 800	19, 471, 080	1, 286, 505, 400 1, 613, 099, 100 402, 503, 000 412, 966, 600 442, 837, 000	157, 581, 331 165, 693, 304 167, 995, 408	203, 742, 000 214, 229, 700 217, 206, 200	787, 906, 656 828, 466, 522 839, 977, 042 165, 054, 497 184, 206, 984 203, 131, 404 212, 149, 023	1, 018, 708, 000 1, 071, 148, 400 1, 086, 030, 900 213, 403, 800 238, 166, 600 262, 634, 500 274, 293, 700	4.8 7 8.5 10.5 9.8 9.5 9.4	95. 2 93 91. 5 89. 5 90. 2 90. 5	44. 4 54. 6 59. 8 65. 3 63. 4 62. 8	55, 6 45, 4 40, 2 34, 7 36, 6 37, 2

1910 1911	22, 254, 983 21, 301, 836 22, 737, 520 22, 031, 094 20, 345, 528 18, 614, 039	462, 989, 761 467, 288, 203 460, 051, 329 440, 348, 027 470, 026, 251 455, 423, 136	221, 715, 673 226, 192, 923 230, 904, 241 210, 013, 423 172, 263, 596 173, 000, 507 180, 801, 919 186, 125, 017 203, 159, 431 179, 849, 940 173, 226, 382 171, 285, 542 209, 815, 448 242, 418, 410	286, 662, 700 292, 451, 500 298, 542, 842 271, 532, 506 222, 724, 649 223, 677, 423 233, 764, 096 240, 664, 486 262, 670, 779 232, 533, 256 224, 059, 968 221, 460, 095 271, 276, 538 313, 429, 863	9 91 9 91 9.5 91. 11.6 88. 10.8 89. 8.3 91. 8.9 91. 8.5 91. 8.4 91. 6.8 93. 6.8 93.	5 62.8 66.4 4 67.7 2 66.1 2 63.6 1 61.1 5 59.7 6 59.8 2 54.9	38. 6 38. 8 39 37. 2 33. 6 32. 3 33. 9 36. 4 40. 6 38. 9 40. 1 45. 1 46. 1
Total	925, 143, 344 19), 124, 397, 311	 13, 213, 892, 451	17, 084, 628, 611	6. 5 93.	5 52.8	47. 2

Production of gold and silver in the world since 1860

[The annual production of 1860 to 1872 is obtained from 5-year period estimates compiled by Dr. Adolph Soetbeer. Since 1872 the estimates are those of the Bureau of the Mint]

	. 'G	old	Sil	ver
Calendar years	Fine ounces	Value	Fine ounces	Commercial value 1
1860	6, 486, 262 5, 949, 582 5, 949, 582 5, 949, 582	\$134, 083, 000 122, 989, 000 122, 989, 000 122, 989, 000 122, 989, 000	29, 095, 428 35, 401, 972 35, 401, 972 36, 401, 972	\$39, 337, 000 46, 191, 000 47, 651, 000 47, 616, 000
1863 1864 1865	5, 949, 582 5 949 582		35, 401, 972	47, 616, 000 47, 368, 000
1866 1867 1868	6, 270, 086 6, 270, 086 6, 270, 086	129, 614, 000 129, 614, 000 129, 614, 000	43, 051, 583 43, 051, 583 43, 051, 583	57, 646, 000 57, 173, 000 57, 086, 000
1869 1870. 1871. 1872.	6, 270, 086 6, 270, 086 5, 591, 014 5, 591, 014	129, 614, 000 129, 614, 000 115, 577, 000 115, 577, 000	43, 051, 583 43, 051, 583 63, 317, 014 63, 317, 014	57, 043, 000 57, 173, 000 83, 958, 000 83, 705, 000
Total	78, 766, 630	1, 628, 252, 000	547, 997, 231	729, 563, 000
1873 1874 1875	4, 653, 675 4, 390, 023 4, 716, 563	96, 200, 000 90, 750, 000 97, 500, 000 103, 700, 000	63, 267, 187 55, 300, 781 62, 261, 719 67, 753, 125	82, 120, 800 70, 674, 400 77, 578, 100
1875. 1876. 1877. 1878.	5, 016, 488 5, 512, 106	97, 500, 000 103, 700, 000 113, 947, 200	62, 261, 719 67, 753, 125 .62, 679, 916	
1880	5, 761, 114 5, 262, 174 5, 148, 880 4, 983, 742	113, 700, 000 113, 947, 200 119, 092, 800 106, 778, 800 103, 023, 100 101, 996, 600 95, 392, 000 101, 729, 600 108, 435, 600	67, 753, 125 62, 679, 916 73, 385, 451 74, 383, 495 74, 795, 273 79, 020, 872	75, 278, 600 84, 540, 000 83, 532, 700 85, 640, 600
1881 1882 1883	4, 934, 000	103, 023, 100 101, 996, 600 95, 392, 000		89, 925, 700 98, 232, 300 98, 984, 300 90, 785, 000 97, 518, 800 92, 793, 500
1884 1885 1886	4, 921, 169 5, 245, 572 5, 135, 679		89, 175, 023 81, 567, 801 91, 609, 959 93, 297, 290	97, 518, 800 92, 793, 500
1887 1888 1889	5, 116, 861 5, 330, 775 5, 973, 790 5, 749, 306 6, 320, 194	105, 774, 900 110, 196, 900 123, 489, 200 118, 848, 700 130, 650, 000	96, 123, 586 108, 827, 606 120, 213, 611 126, 095, 062 137, 170, 000	94, 031, 000 102, 185, 900 112, 414, 100 131, 937, 000 135, 500, 200
1890 1891 1892 1893	5, 749, 300 6, 320, 194 7, 094, 266 7, 618, 811	130, 650, 000 146, 651, 500		135, 500, 200 133, 404, 400
1894 1895 1896	8, 764, 362 9, 615, 190 9, 783, 914 11, 420, 068	146, 651, 500 157, 494, 800 181, 175, 600 198, 763, 600 202, 251, 600 236, 073, 700	165, 472, 621 164, 610, 394 167, 500, 960 157, 061, 370	135, 500, 200 133, 404, 400 129, 119, 900 104, 493, 000 109, 545, 600 105, 859, 300 96, 252, 700 99, 742, 600 101, 002, 600 107, 626, 400 103, 806, 700 86, 264, 700
1897 1898 1899	11, 420, 068 13, 877, 806	236, 073, 700 286, 879, 700 306, 724, 100		96, 252, 700 99, 742, 600 101, 002, 600
1900	13, 877, 806 14, 837, 775 12, 315, 135 12, 625, 527 14, 354, 680	286, 879, 700 306, 724, 100 254, 576, 300 260, 992, 900 296, 737, 600	169, 055, 253 168, 337, 452 173, 591, 364 173, 011, 283 162, 763, 483	107, 626, 400 103, 806, 700 86, 264, 700
1903 1904 1905	15, 852, 620 16, 804, 372 18, 396, 451 19, 471, 080	296, 737, 600 327, 702, 700 347, 377, 200 380, 288, 300 402, 503, 000	162, 763, 483 167, 689, 322 164, 195, 266 172, 317, 688 165, 054, 497	90, 552, 200 95, 233, 300 105, 113, 700
1906		402, 503, 000 412, 966, 600 442, 837, 000	203, 131, 404	111, 721, 100 121, 577, 100 108, 655, 100
1908. 1909. 1910.	21, 422, 244 21, 965, 111 22, 022, 180 22, 397, 136 22, 605, 068	402, 303, 000 412, 966, 600 442, 837, 000 454, 059, 100 455, 239, 100 462, 989, 761	212, 149, 023 221, 715, 763 226, 192, 923	86, 264, 700 90, 552, 200 95, 233, 300 105, 113, 700 111, 721, 100 121, 577, 100 108, 655, 100 119, 727, 000 122, 143, 800 141, 972, 220 126, 848, 107
1912 1913 1914		462, 958, 761 467, 288, 203 460, 051, 329 440, 348, 027 470, 026, 251 455, 423, 136 420, 579, 351 284, 786, 206	230, 904, 241	141, 972, 220 126, 848, 107 95, 261, 769
1916 1916	21, 301, 836 22, 737, 520 22, 031, 094 20, 345, 528	470, 026, 251 455, 423, 136 420, 579, 351	172, 263, 596 173, 000, 507 180, 801, 919 186, 125, 017	126, 848, 107 95, 261, 769 89, 911, 664 124, 011, 387 166, 240, 586
1918		365 853 033	203, 159, 431 179, 849, 940	166, 240, 586 200, 002, 335 201, 588, 402 276, 658, 331
1921 1922 1923	17, 698, 184 16, 130, 110 15, 974, 962 15, 451, 945 17, 750, 765	332, 823, 934 330, 231, 792 319, 420, 063 366, 940, 884	174, 423, 975 171, 285, 542 209, 815, 448 242, 418, 410	276, 658, 331 108, 110, 295 142, 536, 023 169, 760, 759
Total.	632, 298, 897	13, 070, 163, 470	7, 509, 091, 191	5, 687, 103, 078
Grand total	711, 065, 527	14, 698, 415, 470	8, 057, 088, 422	6, 416, 666, 078
			43:	***********

 $^{^1}$ At the average par price of a fine cunce of silver in London, excepting the years 1918 to 1922, inclusive, for which the mean of New York bid and asked prices was used.

REPORT OF THE REGISTER OF THE TREASURY

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE REGISTER OF THE TREASURY, Washington, October 6, 1924.

Sir: I have the honor to submit the following report of the Office of the Register of the Treasury for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924. During the fiscal year 1924 securities were received amounting to \$19,924,859,723.25 face value, representing 89,262,042 pieces. Registered securities, in contrast to previous years, made up the greater proportion of securities handled, amounting to 48,632,022 pieces aggregating \$12,813,950,091.15, while bearer securities amounted to 40,630,020 pieces, representing a face value of \$7,110,-909,632.10. The unusual amount of registered securities shown is the result of the transfer of certain pre-war paper from the Division of Loans and Currency, representing an accumulation of securities functioned in that division prior to the reorganization. Although these securities were actually retired, their removal to the register's office for permanent filing necessitated a reaudit involving 2,802,285 pieces amounting to \$10,842,889,736.43 before the figures could be included in the current fiscal year. All amounts appearing in this report are final audit figures with the exception of matured warsavings stamps and April, May, and June settlement months on redeemed interest coupons. The accounting system followed makes it imperative that all offices under the public debt service reconcile accounts at the close of each fiscal year, and for this reason these amounts have been tentatively inserted for reconcilement purposes. Although the figures given are subject to further changes after final audit, they are essentially correct. Since certain exchange privileges have been granted to holders of Government securities there has been a large turnover in securities of equal par value, such as denominational exchange, bearer for registered, registered for bearer, conversions at another rate of interest, etc., each year. As in the previous years, a large part of the securities functioned is made up of securities surrendered resulting from exchanges, which do not affect the principal of the public debt, and unissued stock returned to the department from various sources. All tables shown, with the exceptions stated above, represent securities actually audited and delivered to the files for safe-keeping. These tabulations are in agreement with the records of the forwarding offices, except where necessary deductions have been made and securities returned for correction or repayment.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS AS FISCAL AGENTS

Since the establishment of the Federal reserve system, the Federal reserve banks have played an essential part in the retirement of public debt securities. Situated in strategic financial centers of the

country, they are in a better position to deal directly with the general public than is the Treasury Department at Washington. quently, many duties previously functioned direct by the Treasury Department prior to the World War are delegated to the banks, such as exchanges, conversions, etc. They act as fiscal representatives of the Treasury and are accountable thereto for all securities received and distributed. These securities are returned to the department under two major classes—redeemed and canceled—briefed below.

RETIRED SECURITIES CANCELED ON ACCOUNT OF REDUCTION OF PRIN-CIPAL OF THE PUBLIC DEBT

All United States securities issued and subsequently redeemed, including bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, Treasury (war) savings securities, and interest coupons, are not finally paid until they reach the register's office and receive appropriate examination. All redeemed securities, whether paid by the Treasurer of the United States direct or through Federal reserve banks, are charged against the Treasurer's account and the amounts are included in his monthly statement covering payments on the public debt. After examination of the securities the register executes a certificate setting forth the classes and amounts thereof and forwards it to the Comptroller General of the United States for use in settling the Treasurer's public debt account. Securities so retired (except interest coupons) effect a reduction in the principal of the public debt and may be divided into nine general classes, viz:

(a) Those which have matured and are payable on presentation.(b) Those which have been called for redemption by the Secretary of the Treasury prior to maturity and are payable on presentation.

(c) Those presented prior to maturity or call at the option of

holder, by direction of the Secretary of the Treasury.

(d) Those payable before the designated maturity date at the option of the holder, as in the case of Treasury (war) savings securities.

(e) Those which have been purchased by the Secretary of the

Treasury under provisions of law for the sinking fund or other retirement account.

(f) Those received on account of estate and inheritance taxes under the provisions of the act of Congress approved September 24, 1917, as amended.

(g) Those received in payment of income and profits taxes by

direction of the Secretary of the Treasury.

(h) Those received in payment of the principal and interest of

foreign debt.

(i) Those surrendered for the benefit of the United States, as in cases where United States bonds, etc., are received by the department as donations, contributions on account of conscience, or canceled on account of forfeiture to the United States.

CANCELED SECURITIES RECEIVED FOR CREDIT

Canceled securities, which are those securities not affecting the principal of the public debt, are received under various headings, such as denominational exchange, representing the exchange of bearer securities of one denomination for those of another, the surrender of bearer securities received for conversion purposes whether

for exchange into coupon or registered bonds, as well as registered bonds received by them for transfer of titles, etc. These various classes of securities are received for credit from the Federal reserve banks direct or through the Division of Loans and Currency, the latter being treated, as far as the records of the office are concerned, the same as a fiscal representative. The Division of Loans and Currency in addition to handling transactions permitted the Federal reserve banks is the only office authorized to handle transactions affecting registered securities, whether issued or retired. Treasury (war) savings securities are received not only through the Federal reserve banks and the Division of Loans and Currency, but from the

various post offices throughout the country.

Differentiation is made in shipments to Federal reserve banks, each allotment being labeled according to purpose intended, such as denominational exchange, conversion, etc., in specified amounts, and the banks make appropriate issues to the public on the various transactions which they are authorized to conduct. They are no longer permitted to combine stock indiscriminately as in the past. All stock not required is returned to the department and credit is given them under the appropriate stock headings, and no exchange of stock between allotments can be made without authority from the department. Coupons upon maturing are detached from all stock on hand and after cancellation are forwarded to the register's office direct for appropriate credit. Varying from the procedure of the Federal reserve banks, the Division of Loans and Currency maintains but one stock which is used for all transactions. Coupons maturing on these securities are detached only prior to issue and not at the time of maturing as in the case with the banks.

FINAL AUDIT AND DESTRUCTION

In all cases, whether redeemed or canceled securities, the register's office bears the responsibility for their final audit as well as their custody. Retired registered securities are never destroyed but are kept on file in the office, with the exception of certain registered unissued stock and the outer wings of registered war savings certificates, the registration stubs being retained for reference. Hitherto it has been the policy of the department to destroy bearer securities in certain cases after a specified period of time when the records have been cleared and adjustments made with the offices concerned. On April 22, 1922, the destruction of all Government securities was suspended until May 11, 1923, when destruction of Treasury (war) savings securities was resumed. Table No. 31 shows Treasury (war) savings securities destroyed from July 1, 1923, to February 28, 1924, of the fiscal year 1924. Since the latter date no securities whatsoever have been destroyed. The function of auditing securities designated for destruction is delegated to the division of destruction. These securities after audit are transmitted to the destruction committee, another branch of the Treasury Department, independent of the register's office, which is charged with the actual details of destruc-Since February 28, 1924, when the final auditing of securities preparatory to destruction was discontinued, the employees of the destruction division have been engaged chiefly in arranging interest coupons, bringing this feature of the work to a more current basis. Although securities are kept in steel filing equipment, which is fireproof and amply protected, they are at the same time easily accessible for filing purposes, etc.

RECORDS OF ISSUE

Although the Division of Loans and Currency was delegated the function of issuing United States securities on February 9, 1920, the register's office is still required to keep appropriate records of securities printed, irrespective of whether bearer or registered, and of registered securities issued. Securities are prepared by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing and delivered to the Division of Loans and Currency, which in turn makes issues direct to the general public or through the Federal reserve banks with the exception of Treasury (war) savings securities which are also delivered direct to the various post offices. A decided reduction from previous years in amount of securities printed is shown. Securities involving the Liberty loans dropped from \$1,569,413,750 in the fiscal year 1923 to \$977,537,200 Treasury notes amounted to \$4,051,500,000 in 1923 while in 1924 only \$190,000,000 were printed. In smaller degree other securities, such as pre-war loans, certificates of indebtedness, and Treasury (war) savings securities fell off in proportion. The total amount of securities printed decreased from \$10,082,520,000 in 1923 to \$3,854,661,219 in 1924. This reduction of the total amount of securities printed may be attributed to the better financial status of the Treasury and that securities are gradually finding their way into less temporary hands.

RECORDATION OF SECURITIES

Every security printed by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing bears a serial number for identification and recordation purposes. Whenever a new issue of securities is made the register's office is notified as to the serial numbers of the securities upon delivery to Division of Loans and Currency. The register's office then sets up immediately what is known as numerical registers. One set covers bearer securities and the other the coupons or a combination of both in one ledger. These registers show in numerical sequence all the serial numbers of bearer securities printed, with the exception of Treasury (war) savings securities. When a particular security is received for retirement all essential facts incident to its retirement, appropriately codified, are recorded opposite the corresponding number in the ledger.

The new method of recording both the security itself and its contiguous coupons in continuity form has proved to be a more efficient system than the old method of numericaling the security and coupons in separate ledgers. Transcription of this data from the old bond to the bond coupon registers on the permanent Liberty loans is now The small number of securities outstanding on temporary Liberty loans and Victory notes does not justify the placing of employees on the transcription of this work at the present time. Since the introduction of these numerical registers 160,054,129 entries have been made, of which 19,754,928 were made during the fiscal year 1924 including transcriptions from the bond ledgers to the bond coupon ledgers of 6,559,317.

ORGANIZATION

Several changes have been made in the internal organization of the register's office, certain functions being transferred to other divisions or consolidated under one head. The division of canceled securities and the division of paid securities were consolidated on December 12, 1923, into the division known as the division of canceled securities. The division of registered files and the division of vaults and files were combined November 1, 1923, into one division known as the division of security files. A new method of verifying redeemed coupons was introduced in the division of interest coupons of auditing by paying dates as well as by loans and denominations instead of by loans and denominations only as heretofore. Improvements were made in the accounting system during the last fiscal year, the division of accounts now maintaining control over pieces as well as amounts of securities functioned in the register's office. Other slight changes were made from time to time as the occasion demanded.

FUNCTIONAL APPORTIONMENT

The functions involving the retirement of securities are delegated

to the following divisions:

Division of accounts.—Keeps controlling accounts of pieces and amounts of all the various securities handled by the register's office, in addition to accounts of United States securities delivered by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing for issue and of registered securities issued; prepares, or checks after preparation, all consolidated reports emanating from the register's office, including semimonthly balance sheets, etc.; authorizes all adjustments on completed audits in office or divisional accounts in the register's office; either prepares, consolidates, or checks all statements appearing in the annual reports; makes check periodically with other Treasury bureaus and offices having to do with the public debt; prepares all correspondence relative to completed audits, etc.

Division of canceled securities.—Audits all securities, coupon and

Division of canceled securities.—Audits all securities, coupon and registered, including bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, and Treasury (war) savings securities, received for credit to fiscal agency and United States Treasurer's accounts, and keeps detailed records

of the same.

Division of chief clerk.—Requisitions and receives supplies; distributes same upon requisition to the divisions; keeps cost of all supplies and renders monthly statement of distribution to each division chief; handles time reports of all employees, pay rolls; prepares correspondence relating to personnel matters and keeps general correspondence files for entire office; receives and distributes incoming mail and collects for dispatch outgoing mail; compiles all data relative to office efficiency; keeps and prepares all information relative to budget requirements for the entire office; maintains control over all matters pertaining to the reclassification of employees under the direction of the Personnel Classification Board.

Division of destruction.—Examines and audits all securities to be destroyed and delivers them to the destruction committee of the department; keeps detailed records of securities audited and destroyed, and during the suspension of destruction files and keeps a

control of the securities audited and on hand; gives information on inquiries and fills requisitions made by the division of inquiries; makes notification of any discrepancies so that proper adjustments

may be made.

Division of inquiries.—Controls requisitions and records attendant thereto, on all securities or photostats withdrawn for examination or investigation; handles all validations; investigates various discrepancies; makes miscellaneous adjustments and compiles confidential memoranda in all matters pertinent to the investigating agencies of the Treasury Department; prepares correspondence relating to any available information concerning bonds and other retired securities which have been the subject of inquiry. This division has received inquiries on more than 691,000 items since its inception March 1, 1920, including 78,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924.

Division of interest coupons.—Audits all interest coupons whether redeemed or received for credit to fiscal agency account; stamps identification mark of bank and date paid on each coupon; arranges in numerical sequence, registers in numerical records, files and keeps

detailed records of same.

Division of numerical records.—Maintains numerical records of all bearer securities retired representing the principal of the public debt, except Treasury (war) savings securities. A record is made opposite the appropriate serial number on the numerical ledgers of every bond, note, or certificate of indebtedness received. This record is coded to show the agency from which the security was received and the transaction involved, such as redemption, exchange, conversion, etc. Since the inception of this recording method 160,054,129 entries have been made on—these records. 19,754,928 pieces representing securi-

ties were recorded during the fiscal year 1924.

Division of security files.—A consolidation of the division of vaults and files and the division of registered files. Receives all incoming securities from the Federal reserve banks and the Division of Loans and Currency and delivers them to the auditing divisions; receives all securities after audit, both bearer and registered with the exception of interest coupons, and is responsible for their safe-keeping until withdrawn for destruction. Registered bonds and notes are arranged and filed numerically according to loans and denominations and registered Treasury (war) savings securities numerically by the year of issue, while bearer securities of all classes are filed by lot number only. Keeps appropriate records of securities received, delivered and on file.

INDUSTRIAL MEDICAL SERVICE

In this service visits are made to the sick and to unexplained absent

employees; also advice covering medical attention.

In the six months' period from October 1, 1922, to March 31, 1923, just prior to the inception of this service with an average of 1,118 employees, the total amount of sick leave taken was 8,420 days, while in the corresponding six months' period from October 1, 1923, to March 31, 1924, after the installation of this service, with an average of 1,061 employees the total amount of sick leave taken was 5,098 days.

Comparison shows a reduction of 3,322 days' sick leave taken, or

36 per cent in the latter period.

GENERAL CONDITION

Although the general efficiency of the office has been promoted-through changes made in the functional duties of certain divisions, it has been handicapped by reduced personnel, as the force has been decreased from 1,091 in the fiscal year 1923 to 894 employees in 1924, or a reduction of 197. Through decreased appropriation in the public-debt service allowed for the fiscal year 1925 a further reduction of personnel was ordered on June 30, 1924, totaling approximately 350 employees. Salary expenditure amounted to \$1,273,399.20 and \$67,522.69 was expended for rent, equipment, maintenance, supplies, etc.

Despite the reduction in the force, imposing additional work on the remaining employees, the shifting of personnel, etc., the employees have cooperated whole-heartedly in every particular, and again I desire to express my appreciation of the faithful service rendered by them at all times. Through the close cooperation between divisions and employees the work of the office is functioning efficiently

and progressing satisfactorily.

The following is a summary of securities received, examined, and retired in the register's office during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924.

Class of securities	Pieces	Amount
Redeemed:		
Bearer—		
United States securities—		4
Pre-war loans	136	\$7, 510. 00
Liberty loans		560, 767, 300. 00
Treasury bonds	- 6	6, 000. 00
Treasury notes	94, 656	356, 973, 000. 00
Certificates of indebtedness	190, 276	1, 415, 667, 000. 00
Treasury (war) savings securities	1 28, 539, 395	1 153, 558, 229. 73
Interest coupons Securities not affecting public debt— District of Columbia loans	54, 650, 448	723, 049, 604. 16
District of Columbia Isans	OF.	99 700 00
District of Columbia interest coupons.	- 85	22, 700. 00 6, 807, 86
District of Columbia interest coupons	1, 242	0,807.80
Total	27, 130, 710	2 002 041 602 20
, 10001	27, 100, 710	2, 902, 941, 692. 29
Registered—		
United States securities—		
Pre-war loans	675, 875	3, 173, 341, 337. 26
Liberty loans	46, 387	29, 219, 050, 00
Certificates of indebtedness	48	822, 500, 000, 00
Treasury (war) savings securities		1 265, 644, 456, 54
Interest checks (Liberty loans)	34	152. 93
Securities not affecting public debt—	-	102,00
District of Columbia loans	4, 197	7, 132, 000. 00
Miscellaneous loans ?	12, 937	71, 459, 012, 00
District of Columbia interest checks	263	156, 895, 25
Total	45 550 050	4 000 450 000 00
		4, 369, 452, 903, 98
Total redeemed	72, 684, 388	7, 272, 394, 596. 27
Retired on account of exchanges for other securities, etc.:		
Bearer—		
United States securities—		
Pre-war loans	- 8,713	15, 333, 550. 00
Liberty loans	6, 861, 848	1, 390, 497, 750. 00
Treasury bonds	73, 489	118, 573, 400. 00
Treasury notes.	230, 132	1, 099, 234, 500. 00
Interim certificates (Liberty loans)	288	31, 400. 00
Certificates of indebtedness	265, 291	1, 292, 312, 500. 00
Treasury (war) savings securities		474, 142. 00
Interest couponsSecurities not affecting public debt—	5, 728, 337	268, 917, 697. 81
Insular possessions loans	6, 897	22, 593, 000, 00
Austriar possessions roalis	.0, 897	22, 593, 000. 00
Total.	13, 499, 310	4, 207, 967, 939, 81
	20, 200, 010	=, 20., 55., 550.01

In adjustment of unaudited figures inserted in nonregistered stamps in 1923 annual report, 44,221,209 stamps, amounting to \$221,106,045, have been transferred from nonregistered to registered account.
 Includes United States railway loans, soldiers and sailors' relief bonds, and Cherokee certificates.

Class of securities	Pieces	Amount
Retired on account of exchanges for other securities, etc.—Contd.		
United States securities—	194	
Registered— United States securities— Pre-war loans	\$2, 024, 633	\$7, 221, 398, 871. 17 573, 867, 800. 00
Liberty loans Treasury bonds. Certificates of indebtedness.	496, 760	573, 867, 800. 00
Treasury bonds	3, 608	20, 253, 600. 00
Certificates of indebtedness	300	75, 000, 000. 00
Treasury (war) savings securities	438, 049	95, 532, 940. 00
Securities not affecting public debt— Insular possessions loans District of Columbia loans.	15, 274	34, 401, 000. 00
District of Columbia loans	20, 569	62, 750, 300. 00
Miscellaneous loans 2	79, 151	361, 292, 676. 00
<u></u>	10, 101	
Total	3, 078, 344	8, 444, 497, 187, 17
Total retired account exchange, etc	16, 577, 654	12, 652, 465, 126. 98
RECAPITULATION		
Bearer:		
United States securities—		417 017 000 00
Pre-war loans	.8, 849	\$15, 341, 060. 00
Liberty loans Treasury bonds	7, 595, 104	1, 951, 265, 050. 00 118, 579, 400. 00
Treasury bonds	73, 495 324, 788	1, 456, 207, 500. 00
Treasury notes. Interim certificates (Liberty loans)	324, 788	31, 400. 00
Certificates of indebtedness	455, 567	2, 707, 979, 500. 00
Treasury (war) savings securities	28, 215, 080	153, 084, 087, 73
Interest coupons	60, 378, 785	991, 967, 301, 97
Interest coupons Securities not affecting public debt—	00, 010, 100	002,001,001.01
Insular possessions loans	6, 897	22, 593, 000. 00
District of Columbia loans	85	22, 700. 00
District of Columbia interest coupons	1, 242	6, 807. 86
Total	40, 630, 020	7, 110, 909, 632. 10
Registered:		
United States securities—	ļ	
Pre-war loans.	2, 700, 508	10, 394, 740, 208, 43
Liberty loans	543, 147	603, 086, 850, 00
Treasury bonds	3, 608	20, 253, 600, 00
Certificates of indebtedness	348	897, 500, 000. 00
Treasury (war) savings securities	45, 251, 986	361, 177, 396, 54
Interest checks (Liberty loans)	34	152. 93
Securities not affecting public debt—		
Insular possessions loans	15, 274	34, 401, 000. 00
District of Columbia loans	. 24,766	69, 882, 300, 00
Miscellaneous loans District of Columbia interest checks	92, 088 263	432, 751, 688, 00 156, 895, 25
Total	48, 632, 022	12, 813, 950, 091. 15
Grand total	89, 262, 042	19, 924, 859, 723, 25

² Includes United States railway loans, soldiers and sailors' relief bonds, and Cherokee certificates.

Respectfully,

Harley V. Speelman, Register of the Treasury.

Hon. A. W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury.

STATISTICAL STATEMENTS

No. 1.—Interest-bearing debt of the United States and debt on which interest has ceased, June 30, 1924

				
Title of loan	Interest rate	Amount issued	Amount retired	Amount out- standing
INTEREST-BEARING DEBT				
Pre-war loans:	Per cent			
Loan of 1925	4	\$162, 315, 400. 00	\$43, 825, 500. 00	\$118, 489, 900. 00
Consols of 1930	2	646, 250, 150. 00	46, 526, 100. 00	599, 724, 050. 00
Panama Canal loan—			! ' '	
Series of 1908–1936 Series of 1908–1938 Series of 1911–1961	2	54, 631, 980. 00 30, 000, 000. 00	5, 677, 800, 00 4, 052, 600, 00	48, 954, 180. 00 25, 947, 400. 00
Series of 1908-1938	2	30, 000, 000. 00	4, 052, 600. 00	25, 947, 400. 00
Series of 1911-1961	3	50, 000, 000. 00	200, 000. 00	49, 800, 000. 00
Conversion bonds—				
Series of 1916–1946 Series of 1917–1947	3	15, 761, 000. 00		15, 761, 000. 00 13, 133, 500. 00
Series of 1917-1947	3	13, 133, 500. 00		13, 133, 500. 00
Postal savings bonds—	017	41, 900. 00		41 000 O
First series Second series Third series Fourth series Fifth series	214	417, 380. 00		41, 900. 00 417, 380. 00 854, 860. 00
Third series	216	854, 860. 00		854 860 OC
Fourth series	216	1, 074, 980. 00		1 074 080 00
Fifth series	21/2	1, 116, 880, 00		1, 116, 880. 00 1, 129, 820. 00 872, 240. 00
Sixth series	21/2	1, 116, 880. 00 1, 129, 820. 00		1, 129, 820, 00
Sixth series. Seventh series. Eighth series. Ninth series. Tenth series. Eleventh series. Twelfth series. Thirteenth series. Fourteenth series. Fitteenth series.	21/2	872, 240. 00		872, 240. 00
Eighth series	2½	933, 540. 00		933, 540. 00
Ninth series	2½	865, 500. 00		865, 500. 00
Tenth series	$2\frac{1}{2}$	938, 000. 00		938, 000. 00
Eleventh series	2½	906, 700. 00		906, 700. 00
Twelfth series	21/2	887, 960. 00		887, 960. 00
Thirteenth series	21/2	718, 800. 00		718, 800. 00
Fourteenth series	21/2	302, 140. 00		100 100 0
Civtageth cariag	2/2	01 000 00		865, 500, 00 938, 000, 00 906, 700, 00 887, 960, 00 718, 800, 00 302, 140, 00 198, 180, 00 91, 080, 00 103, 140, 00 72, 800, 00 106, 080, 00
Savantaanth caries	272	103 140 00		103 140 0
Eighteenth series	216	86 260 00		86, 260, 0
Fourteeth series Fifteenth series Sixteenth series Seventeenth series Eighteenth series Nineteenth series Twentieth series Twenty-first series Twenty-second series Twenty-bird series	21/2	865, 500, 00 938, 000, 00 906, 700, 00 887, 960, 00 718, 800, 00 198, 180, 00 91, 180, 00 103, 140, 00 86, 260, 00 72, 800, 00		72, 800, 0
Twentieth series	21/2	106, 080. 00		
Twenty-first series	21/2	55, 780, 00		55, 780, 0
Twenty-second series	21/2	56, 420. 00		56, 420. 0
				20, 560. 0
Twenty-fourth series	21/2	9, 200. 00		9, 200. 0
Twenty-fifth series Twenty-sixth series	21/2	17, 700. 00		17, 700. 0
Twenty-sixth series	2½	15, 860. 00		15, 860. 0
Total		983, 985, 790. 00	100, 282, 000. 00	883, 703, 790. 0
Liberty loans:				
First, 1932-1947	31/6	1, 515, 538, 300, 00	105, 539, 300, 00	1, 409, 999, 000, 0
First, 1932-1947 First, converted, 1932-1947	4	568, 318, 450. 00	105, 539, 300. 00 561, 146, 400. 00	7, 172, 050, 0
First, converted, 1932-1947	41/4	1, 515, 538, 300. 00 568, 318, 450. 00 553, 196, 900. 00 3, 492, 150. 00 3, 807, 865, 000. 00 3, 700, 338, 550. 00	22, 335, 350. 00	530, 861, 550. 0
First, second converted, 1932-1947	41/4	3, 492, 150. 00		1, 409, 999, 000. 0 7, 172, 050. 0 530, 861, 550. 0 3, 492, 150. 0 28, 445, 000. 0 3, 076, 142, 150. 0 2, 997, 199, 950. 0
Second, 1927-1942	4	3, 807, 865, 000. 00	3, 779, 420, 000. 00 624, 196, 400. 00	28, 445, 000. 0
Second, converted, 1927-1942	414	3, 700, 338, 550. 00	624, 196, 400. 00	3, 076, 142, 150. 0
Third, 1928	4/4	4, 175, 650, 050. 00	1 1, 170, 400, 100, 00	2, 997, 199, 950. 0
First, converted, 1932-1947. First, converted, 1932-1947. First, second converted, 1932-1947 Second, 1927-1942. Second, converted, 1927-1942. Third, 1928. Fourth, 1933-1938.	41/4	6, 964, 581, 100. 00	640, 085, 550. 00	6, 324, 495, 550. 0
Total 1		21, 288, 980, 500. 00	6, 911, 173, 100. 00	14, 377, 807, 400. 0
Treasury bonds	41/4		14, 000. 00	763, 948, 300. 0
Series B, 1924	51/2	390, 706, 100. 00	13, 025, 000. 00	377, 681, 100. 0
Series A, 1925	43/4	601, 599, 500. 00	4 972 600 00	597, 325, 900. 0
Series B, 1925	43/8	335, 141, 300. 00	35, 481, 400. 00	299, 659, 900. 0
Series A, 1926	43/4	617, 769, 700. 00	2, 061, 800. 00	615 707 900 0
Series B, 1926	41/4	486, 940, 100. 00	72, 017, 800. 00	414, 922, 300. 0
Series C, 1925	41/2	469, 213, 200. 00	72, 017, 800. 00 63, 182, 200. 00 11, 201, 600. 00	414, 922, 300. 0 406, 031, 000. 0 355, 779, 900. 0 668, 201, 400. 0
Series A, 1927	41/2	366, 981, 500. 00	11, 201, 600. 00	355, 779, 900. 0
Treasury notes: Series B, 1924 Series A, 1925 Series B, 1925 Series B, 1926 Series C, 1926 Series C, 1925 Series C, 1925 Series B, 1927	4%	335, 141, 300. 00 617, 769, 700. 00 486, 940, 100. 00 469, 213, 200. 00 366, 981, 500. 00 668, 201, 400. 00		668, 201, 400. (
Total		3, 936, 552, 800. 00	201, 243, 400. 00	3, 735, 309, 400. (
			: 	

¹Figures on issues and retirements include securities issued and retired on conversion accounts.

No. 1.—Interest-bearing debt of the United States and debt on which interest has ceased, June 30, 1924—Continued

Title of loan	Interest rate	Amount issued	Amount retired	Amount out- standing
INTEREST-BEARING DEBT—continued	•			
Certificates of indebtedness:	Per cent			
Dec. 15, 1923, series TD-1924 Mar. 15, 1924, series TM-1925	4 ¹ / ₄	\$214, 149, 000. 00 400, 299, 000. 00		\$214, 149, 000. 00 400, 299, 000. 00
June 16, 1924, series TD-2-1924	23/4	193, 065, 500. 00		193, 065, 500. 00
Total	,	807, 513, 500. 00		807, 513, 500. 00
Treasury (war) savings securities 2		1, 626, 532, 306. 18	\$1, 213, 228, 266. 52	413, 304, 039. 66
Total interest bearing debt		29, 407, 527, 196. 18	8, 425, 940, 766. 52	20, 981, 586, 429. 66
DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED		•		
Stock of 1790	6	30, 088, 397. 75	30, 060, 527, 98 14, 635, 393, 86 19, 705, 284, 26 711, 600, 00 1, 481, 200, 00 18, 109, 331, 04	27, 869. 77 13, 934. 90 13, 953. 13
Stock of 1790	3	14, 049, 328. 76 19, 719, 237, 30	14, 035, 393, 86	13, 954. 90 13, 953-19
Navy stock	6	711, 700. 00	711, 600. 00	100.00
Loan of 1800	8	1, 481, 700. 00	1, 481, 200. 00	500.00
Sixteen million loan of 1813	6	18, 109, 377. 43	18, 109, 331. 04	46. 39 288. 98
Mississinni stock	None	9, 919, 470, 25	9, 919, 187, 27 4 281 190 14	286. 98 846. 78
Stock of 1815	7	9, 070, 386. 00	4, 281, 190, 14 9, 070, 353, 48 1, 505, 284, 65 46, 920, 484, 65	32. 52 67. 53
Treasury note stock of 1815	6	1, 505, 352. 18	1, 505, 284. 65	67. 53
Pre-war loans: Stock of 1790 Deferred stock of 1790 Stock of 1790 Navy stock Loan of 1800 Sixteen million loan of 1813 Ten million loan of 1814 Mississippi stock Stock of 1815 Treasury notes prior to 1846 Treasury notes prior to 1846 Treasury notes of 1847 Treasury notes of 1847 Treasury notes of 1857 Bounty land scrip Mexican indemnity stock Loan of 1847 Texan indemnity stock Loan of 1858 Loan of February, 1861 Treasury notes of 1861 Oregon war debt Loan of July and August, 1861	to of 1 to 6.	30, 088, 397. 75 14, 649, 328. 76 19, 719, 237. 39 711, 700. 00 1, 481, 700. 00 18, 109, 377. 43 9, 919, 476. 25 4, 282, 036. 92 9, 070, 386. 00 1, 505, 352. 18 47, 002, 900. 00		82, 415. 35
70	5 2/5	7, 687, 800. 00 26, 122, 100. 00 52, 778, 900. 00 233, 075. 00 303, 573. 92 28, 230, 350. 00 20, 000. 000. 00 18, 415, 000. 00 35, 364, 450. 00 1, 990, 850. 00 189, 321, 350. 00	7, 681, 900, 00 26, 121, 150, 00 52, 778, 200, 00 230, 175, 00 302, 469, 01 28, 229, 400, 00 4, 981, 000, 00 19, 998, 000, 00 18, 410, 000, 00 1, 088, 600, 00 18, 396, 300, 00	5, 900. 00
Treasury notes of 1847	52/5 and 6	52, 778, 000, 00	26, 121, 150.00	950. 00 700. 00
Bounty land scrip	6	233, 075, 00	230, 175, 00	2, 900. 00
Mexican indemnity stock	5	303, 573. 92	302, 469. 01	1, 104. 91
Loan of 1847	6	28, 230, 350. 00	28, 229, 400. 00	950.00
Texan indemnity stock	5	20, 000, 000, 00	10,008,000.00	19, 000. 00 2, 000. 00
Loan of February, 1861	6	18, 415, 000, 00	18, 410, 000, 00	5, 000, 00
Treasury notes of 1861	6	35, 364, 450. 00	35, 362, 150. 00	5, 000. 00 2, 300. 00
Oregon war debt.	6	1, 090, 850. 00	1, 088, 600. 00	2, 250, 00
Loan of July and August, 1861,	31/2	127, 597, 200. 00	189, 306, 300. 00 127, 596, 600. 00	15, 050. 00 600. 00
Seven-thirties of 1861	7 3 6 4, 5, 6	139, 999, 750, 00 514, 771, 600, 00 716, 099, 247, 16	139, 990, 450. 00	9, 300. 00 10 5, 250. 00
Five-twenties of 1862. Temporary loan of February,	6	514, 771, 600. 00	514, 666, 350. 00 716, 096, 397. 16	105, 250. 00 2, 850. 00
1862.		and the second second		,
Certificates of indebtedness, 1862– 1863.	6	561, 753, 241, 65	561, 750, 241. 65	3, 000. 00
1863. Loan of 1863, continued 1-year notes of 1863. 2-year notes of 1863. 2-year notes of 1863. Ten-forties of 1864. Five-twenties of 1864. Five-twenties of 1864. Five-twenties of 1865. Five-twenties of 1865.	6	75, 000, 000. 00 50, 457, 950. 00 44, 520, 000. 00	74, 996, 900. 00 50, 457, 850. 00 44, 489, 900. 00	3, 100. 00 100. 00
1-year notes of 1863	5	44 520 000 00	44 489 900 00	30, 100. 00
2-year notes of 1863 3	5	44, 520, 000, 00 166, 480, 000, 00 266, 595, 440, 00 196, 118, 300, 00 125, 561, 300, 00 829, 992, 500, 00 203, 327, 250, 00 332, 998, 950, 00 379, 618, 000, 00	166, 453, 300. 00	96, 700, 00
Compound interest notes 3	6	266, 595, 440. 00	266, 438, 020. 00	157, 420. 00 18, 350, 00 13, 950. 00 120, 000. 00
Ten-forties of 1864	5	196, 118, 300. 00	196, 099, 950. 00	18, 350, 00
Five-twenties of 1864	0 7-3	820, 002, 500, 00	820, 872, 500, 00	13, 930. 00
Five-twenties of 1865	6	203, 327, 250, 00	203, 307, 400, 00	19, 850, 00
Consols of 1865 3	6	332, 998, 950. 00	332, 943, 600. 00	55, 350. 00 84, 050. 00
Consols of 1867 3	6	379, 618, 000. 00	379, 533, 950. 00	84, 050. 00
Five-twenties of 1865. Consols of 1865 3. Consols of 1867 3. Consols of 1868 3. Certificates, acts of Mar. 2, 1867,	3	379, 618, 000. 00 42, 539, 930. 00 85, 155, 000. 00	44, 489, 900, 00 166, 438, 300, 00 266, 438, 020, 00 196, 099, 950, 00 125, 547, 350, 00 829, 872, 500, 00 203, 307, 400, 00 332, 943, 600, 00 379, 533, 950, 00 42, 536, 130, 00 85, 150, 000, 00	3, 800. 00 5, 000. 00
Certificates, acts of Mar. 2, 1867, and July 25, 1868. Funded loan of 1881.	7			
Funded loan of 1881	5	517, 994, 150. 00	517, 971, 750. 00	22, 400. 00
Funded loan of 1881, continued	3 /2	401, 504, 900. 00	401, 504, 850. 00	50. 00 . 20 0. 0 0
Funded loan of 1891	41/6	401, 504, 900. 00 305, 581, 250. 00 250, 000, 000. 00 25, 364, 500. 00 100, 000, 000. 00	249, 981, 200, 00	18, 800. 00
Funded loan of 1891, continued	2	25, 364, 500. 00	25, 363, 500. 00	1,000.00
Loan of 1904	5	100, 000, 000. 00	99, 986, 950. 00	13, 050. 00 360, 100. 00
Loan of 1907	4	140, 930, 930. 00	305, 581, 050, 00 401, 504, 850, 00 305, 581, 050, 00 249, 981, 200, 00 25, 363, 500, 00 99, 986, 950, 00 740, 570, 850, 00 40, 003, 140, 00	360, 100. 0
and July 25, 1898. Funded loan of 1881. Funded loan of 1881. Continued. Loan of July 12, 1882. Funded loan of 1891. Funded loan of 1891, continued. Loan of 1904. Loan of 1907. Refunding certificates. Loan of 1908–1918.	3	40, 012, 750. 00 198, 792, 660. 00	40, 003, 140. 00 198, 525, 600. 00	9, 610. 00 267, 060. 00

² Total retirements include redemptions, the payment of which is charged to the principal of the public debt and not such redemptions as are charged as interest payments. Matured 1918 and 1919 series outstanding is charged as outstanding interest on the public debt and is not shown in the above tabulation, which covers outstanding principal only.
³ Retirements and outstandings corrected in adjustment of previous figures.

No. 1.—Interest-bearing debt of the United States and debt on which interest has ceased, June 30, 1924—Continued

Title of loan	Interest rate	Amount issued	Amount retired	Amount out-
DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED—continued				
Liberty loans:	Per cent			l.
Victory, 1922-1923 Victory, 1922-1923	43/4	\$4, 327, 856, 800. 00	\$4, 314, 293, 100. 00	\$13, 563, 700. 00
Victory, 1922-1923	3¾	1, 097, 251, 850. 00	1, 097, 105, 000. 00	146, 850. 00
Total		5, 425, 108, 650. 00	5, 411, 398, 100. 00	13, 710, 550. 00
Treasury notes, series A, 1924		311, 191, 600. 00	299, 069, 100. 00	12, 122, 500. 00
Certificates of indebtedness: Jan. 2, 1918. Mar. 20, 1918. June 25, 1918, series 4-A July 9, 1918, series 4-B July 23, 1918, series 4-C Aug. 6, 1918, series 4-D Aug. 20, 1918, series T	4	491, 822, 500. 00	491, 820, 500. 00	2, 000. 00
Mar. 20, 1918	41/2	543, 032, 500. 00	543, 032, 000. 00	500.00
June 25, 1918, series 4-A	4½	839, 646, 500. 00	839, 646, 000, 00	500.00
July 9, 1918, series 4-B	4½	753, 938, 000. 00	753, 937, 000. 00.	1,000.00
July 23, 1918, series 4-C	41/2	584, 750, 500. 00	584, 745, 000. 00	5, 500. 00
Aug. 6, 1918, series 4-D	4 1/2	575, 706, 500. 00 157, 552, 500. 00	575, 703, 000. 00 157, 531, 000. 00	3, 500. 00 21, 500. 00
Inly 15 1919 caries T_2	416	323, 074, 500. 00	323, 072, 500. 00	2, 000. 00
Sept. 15, 1919, series T-10	4½ 4½	657, 469, 000, 00	657, 458, 000.00	11, 000. 00
Dec. 15, 1919, series TI-1920	41/2	728, 130, 000. 00	728, 127, 000. 00	3, 000. 00
Jan. 2, 1920, series TD-1920 Mar. 15, 1920, series TM-1921 Apr. 15, 1920, series G-1920	4 ³ ⁄ ₄	703, 026, 000. 00	703, 019, 000. 00	7, 000. 00
Mar. 15, 1920, series TM-1921	43/4	201, 370, 500. 00	201, 369, 500. 00 170, 632, 500. 00	1,000.00
May 17, 1920, series H-1920	514	170, 633, 500. 00 102, 865, 000. 00	170, 632, 500. 00	1, 000. 00 500. 00
June 15, 1920, series TJ-1921	5½ 6	242, 517, 000. 00	242, 512, 500. 00	4, 500. 00
July 15, 1920, series TM-2-1921	53/4	74 278 000 00	74 271 500 00	6, 500. 00
Aug. 16, 1000 conice C 1001	e ~	157 654 500 00	157, 641, 500. 00	13,000.00
Sept. 15, 1920, series TS-1921	6	157, 654, 500. 00 341, 969, 500. 00 124, 252, 500. 00	157, 641, 500. 00 341, 957, 000. 00 124, 251, 000. 00	12, 500. 00 1, 500. 00
Oct. 15, 1920, series TM-4-1921	534	124, 252, 500. 00	124, 251, 000. 00	1, 500. 00
Nov. 15, 1920, series D-1921 Dec. 15, 1920, series TD-1921	534	232, 124, 000. 00 401, 557, 500. 00	232, 123, 000. 00 401, 531, 500. 00	1, 000. 00 26, 000. 00
Jan 15 1921 series E-1921	51/6	118, 660, 000. 00	119 659 500 00	1, 500. 00
Jan. 15, 1921, series F-1921	53/4	192, 026, 500, 00	192, 020, 000, 00	6, 500, 00
Jan. 15, 1921, series E-1921 Jan. 15, 1921, series F-1921 Feb. 15, 1921, series G-1921	51/2	192, 026, 500. 00 132, 886, 500. 00	192, 020, 000. 00 132, 883, 500. 00 193, 301, 000. 00	6, 500. 00 3, 000. 00
Mar 15 1021 carioc TS-2-1021 - 1	5461	193, 302, 000. 00	193, 301, 000. 00	1, 000. 00
Mar. 15, 1921, series TM –1922 Apr. 15, 1921, series H–1921 May 16, 1921, series A–1922 June 15, 1921, series TJ–1922	534	288, 501, 000. 00	288, 493, 000. 00	8, 000. 00
Moy 16 1021, Series H-1921	51/2 51/2 51/2 51/2	190, 511, 500. 00 256, 170, 000. 00	190, 510, 000. 00 256, 155, 000. 00	1, 500. 00 15, 000. 00
June 15, 1921, series TI-1922	51/6	314, 184, 000. 00	314, 171, 000. 00	13,000.00
A 02. 1. 1921. Series 1 W-2-1922	3-74 1	116, 891, 000. 00	116, 883, 000. 00	13, 000. 00 8, 000. 00
Aug. 1, 1921, series TM-2-1922 Aug. 1, 1921, series B-1922	5½ 5½	259, 471, 500. 00	259, 459, 500. 00	12, 000. 00
Sent 15 1921 series TS-1922 1	21/6	182, 871, 000. 00	182, 858, 000. 00	13, 000. 00
Nov. 1, 1921, series TS-2-1922 Dec. 15, 1921, series TD-1922 Mar. 15, 1922, series TM-1923	41/2	179, 691, 500. 00	179, 678, 000. 00	13, 500. 00
Mar 15 1922 series TM-1922	41/2	243, 544, 000. 00	243, 526, 500, 00	17, 500. 00 32, 000. 00
June 15, 1922, series TJ-1923	33/	266, 250, 000. 00 273, 000, 000. 00	266, 218, 000. 00 272, 994, 500. 00	5, 500. 00
Sept. 15, 1922, series TS-1923	3 ³ ⁄ ₄	227, 000, 000, 00	226, 935, 000. 00	65, 000. 00
Dec. 15, 1922, series TD-1923	4	197, 233, 500.00	197, 207, 000. 00	26, 500. 00
Mar. 15, 1923, series TS-2-1923	4½	154, 252, 000. 00	154, 169, 500. 00	82, 500. 00
Mar. 15, 1923, series TM-1924	4½	321, 196, 000. 00	320, 275, 000. 00 189, 827, 500. 00	921, 000. 00
Mar. 15, 1923, series TM-1924 June 15, 1923, series TD-2-1923 Sept. 15, 1923, series TM-2-1924	41/4	189, 833, 500, 00 249, 750, 500, 00	249, 245, 500. 00	6, 000. 00 505, 000. 00
Dec. 15, 1923, series TV-2-1924.	4	135, 128, 500. 00	134, 151, 500. 00	977, 000. 00
Total		13, 089, 725, 000. 00	13, 086, 866, 000. 00	2, 859, 000. 00
Total debt on which interest has ceased.		26, 805, 879, 410. 41	26, 775, 638, 160. 15	30, 241, 250. 26
-				
Grand total		56, 213, 406, 606, 59	35, 201, 578, 926. 67	21, 011, 827, 679. 92

No. 2.—United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness, in bearer form, redeemed, canceled, and retired during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, grouped according to accounts credited

			Pu	irchased fro	m— ·			Received	Received	- 4		Т	otal
Title of loan	In- terest rate	Sinking fund	Repay- ment of principal by foreign govern- ments	Franchise tax receipts	Surplus money	Total	Received for Federal estate taxes	in pay- ment of principal by foreign govern- ments	in pay- ment of interest by foreign govern- ments	Forfeit- ures ¹	At maturity or call	Pieces	Amount
INTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES													
Liberty loans: First, 1932-1947	Per ct. 31/2									\$50	,	1	. \$50
First, converted, 1932-1947, permanent Second, converted, 1927-1942,	41/4		·				\$202, 750	· 		2, 550		187	205, 300
temporary	41/4									500		1	500
permanent Third, 1928, temporary Third, 1928, permanent	41/4	\$225, 244, 450	\$38 509 150	\$3 634 550	\$125 366 950	\$392 755 100	1 737 150			250		23, 928 6 129, 969	94, 137, 700 350 394, 500, 550
Fourth, 1933-1938, temporary Fourth, 1933-1938, permanent	41/4 41/4						3, 440, 400			1, 000 31, 300		2, 385	1, 000 3, 471, 700
Total		225, 244, 450	38, 509, 150	3, 634, 550	125, 366, 950	392, 755, 100	7, 592, 050	22, 964, 550	68, 913, 900	91, 550		156, 489	492, 317, 150
Treasury bonds, 1947-1952	41/4					l	6,000					6	6, 000
Treasury notes: June 15, 1921, series A-1924 Sept. 15, 1921, series B-1924	53/4 51/2	3 000 000				2 000 000					\$298, 966, 100	87, 827 293	298, 966, 100 3, 000, 000
Feb. 1, 1922, series A-1925 Mar. 15, 1922, series A-1926	43/4	1,000,000 1,018,300				1, 000, 000 1, 018, 300	30,000					32	1, 030, 000 1, 029, 300
June 15, 1922, series B-1925 Aug. 1, 1922, series B-1926 Dec. 15, 1922, series C-1925	41/4	20. 200. 000				11, 315, 900 9, 564, 200 25, 265, 500	1	i				` esol	11, 319, 900 9, 564, 200 25, 265, 500
Jan. 15, 1923, series A-1927 Total													6, 798, 000 356, 973, 000
Certificates of indebtedness: Sept. 15, 1922, series TS-1923. Dec. 15, 1922, series TD-1923.	4								=====		=======================================	23, 467	179, 051, 500
Mar. 15, 1923, series TS-2- 1923.												, .	153, 956, 500

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TREASURY

June 15, 1923, series TD-2-									020, 210, 000	00,000		
1923 Sept. 15, 1923, series TM-2-	4			 	 				181, 548, 500	20, 536	181, 548, 500	
1924 Dec. 15, 1923, series TJ-1924	41/4			 	 				249, 245, 500	35, 744		
	4			 	 		19, 000, 000		115, 151, 500	14, 182	134, 151, 500	
Total				 	 		19, 000, 000		1, 394, 714, 500	188, 914	1, 413, 714, 500	
Total interest - béaring securities		Ι.	. 1	 				-	1, 693, 680, 600	440, 065	2, 263, 010, 650	
NONINTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES												
Pre-war loans:												
1-year notes of 1863 Compound-interest notes	6			 	 			l	220	3 1 3 5	220	
Funded loan of 1891	41/2			 	 				500	ij	500	
Loan of 1907 Refunding certificates	4		[[2, 500 530	53	2, 500 530	
Loan of 1908-1918	3			 	 				3, 760	68	3, 760	
Total				 	 				7, 510	136	7, 510	
	(1			_	1	į.					
Victory, 1922-23 Do	43/4			 	 			1,650	68, 085, 050 363, 450	576, 148 619	68, 086, 700 363, 450	
											303, 450	
Total				 	 			1,650	68, 448, 500	576, 767	68, 450, 150	
Certificates of indebtedness:								1				
July 9, 1918, series 4-B Sept. 2, 1919, series C-1920	41/2			 	 				1, 000 500	1	1, 000 500	
Jan. 2, 1920, series TD-1920	43/4			 	 				10, 500	3	10, 500	
Feb. 2, 1920, series TM-4-	. 414								4,000	4	4,000	
June 15, 1920, series TJ-1921	6								3, 500	4	3, 500	
July 15, 1920, series TM-2- 1921	E3/								4,000	ė	4, 000	
Aug. 16, 1920, series C-1921	6			 	 				3,000	5	3,000	
Sept. 15, 1920, series TS-1921_Oct. 15, 1920, series TM-4-									10, 500	. 7	10, 500	
1921	53/4			 	 				1,000	1	1, 000	
Nov. 15, 1920, series D-1921	534			 	 				5,000 18,000	5	5,000	
Dec. 15, 1920, series TD-1921 Jan. 15, 1921, series F-1921	53/			 	 				18, 000 3, 500	6	18, 000 3, 500	
Feb. 15, 1921, series G-1921	$5\frac{1}{2}$			 	 				2, 000	2	2,000	
1 Includes returns from miscel	laneou	S SOUTHORS										

Includes returns from miscellaneous sources.
 Adjustment of provious figures, an addition is made of I piece.
 Adjustment of previous figures, a deduction is made of I piece.

No. 2.—United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness, in bearer form, redeemed, canceled, and retired during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, grouped according to accounts credited—Continued

			Pu	irchased fro	n=		· ·	Received	Received		٠	T	otal
Title of loan	In- terest rate	Sinking fund	Repay- ment of principal by foreign govern- ments	Franchise tax receipts	Surplus money	Total	Received for Federal estate taxes	in pay- ment of principal by foreign govern- ments	in pay- ment of interest by foreign govern- ments	Forfeit- ures ¹	At maturity or call	Pieces	Amount
NONINTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES—continued									-				
Certificates of indebtedness— Continued.	Per ct.				•								
Mar. 15, 1921, series TM-1922 Apr. 15, 1921, series H-1921 May 16, 1921, series A-1922 June 15, 1921, series TJ-1922	5½ 5½		l 	!				l	l <u>'</u>		\$14, 500 500 11, 000 20, 500	15 1 17 22	\$14, 500 500 11, 000 20, 500
Aug. 1, 1921, series TM-2- 1922 Aug. 1, 1921, series B-1922 Sept. 15, 1921, series TM-3-	51/4 51/2						<u>6</u>				2, 000 26, 000	2 17	2, 000 26, 000
1922	51/4 41/2										7, 000 37, 000 20, 500 15, 000	8 43 25	7, 000 37, 000 20, 500 15, 000
Dec. 15, 1921, series TD-1922 Mar. 15, 1922, series TM-1923 Apr. 15, 1922, series D-1922	41/3	ĺ							-		137, 500 137, 500 407, 500 1, 000	105 339 1	137, 500 137, 500 407, 500 1, 000
June 1, 1922, series TD-2- 1922 June 15, 1922, series TJ-1923 Dec. 15, 1922, series TM-2-	3½ 3¾										11, 000 1, 129, 500	3 673	11, 000 1, 129, 500
1923							-,		,		45, 500		
Total											1, 952, 500	1, 362	1, 952, 50
Total noninterest-bearing securities				,-,	******			<u></u>		\$1,650	70, 408, 510	578, 265	70, 410, 16
Grand total		\$283, 206, 350	\$38, 509, 150	\$3, 634, 550	\$125, 366, 950	\$450, 717, 000	\$7, 643, 050	\$22, 964, 550	\$87, 913, 900	93, 200	1, 764, 089, 110	1, 018, 330	2, 333, 420, 81

¹ Includes returns from miscellaneous sources.

Title of loan	Interest	Denominations by number of pieces									Total	
Tible of loan	rate	\$10	\$20	\$50	\$100	\$500	\$1,000	\$5,000~	\$10,000	\$100,000	Pieces	Amount
INTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES												
iberty loans: First, 1932-1947	Per cent		-	. 1				•			1	\$5
First, converted, 1932-1947, permanent Second, converted, 1927-1942, temporary	41/4			26	35	17	97	5	7		187	205, 30
Second, converted, 1927–1942, permanent Third, 1928, temporary	41/4			624	390	1, 559	12, 463	1,619	7, 273		23, 928	94, 137, 70
Third, 1928, permanent	41/4			859 4	711 8	11, 333	83, 620	5, 872	27, 574		129, 969 12	394, 500, 55 1, 00
Fourth, 1933–1938, temporary Fourth, 1933–1938, permanent	414 414			198	393	159	1, 353	166	116		2, 385	3, 471, 70
Total				1,717	1, 538	13, 069	97, 533	7,662	34, 970		156, 489	492, 317, 15
reasury bonds, 1947-1952.	41/4						6				6	6, 00
Preasury notes: June 15, 1921, series A-1924. Sept. 15, 1921, series B-1924 Feb. 1, 1922, series A-1925. Mar. 15, 1922, series A-1926. June 15, 1922, series B-1925. Aug. 1, 1922, series B-1926. Dec. 15, 1922, series C-1925. Jan. 15, 1923, series A-1927.	534 51/2 43/4 43/4 43/8				13, 251 78 14 7 445 210	16, 576 22 225 17 57 404 64	41, 598 99 10 219 185 385 1, 004 550	7,319 54 2 18 67 ,88 445	7,746 102 11 10 279 261 909 170	1, 337 16 9 5 80 61 127 41	87, 827 293 32 555 642 859 3, 334 1, 114	298, 966, 10 3, 000, 00 1, 030, 00 1, 029, 30 11, 319, 90 9, 564, 20 25, 265, 50 6, 798, 00
Total					14, 005	17, 365	44, 050	8, 072	9,488	1,676	94, 656	356, 973, 00
Certificates of indebtedness: Sept. 15, 1922, series TS-1923. Dec. 15, 1922, series TD-1923. Mar. 15, 1923, series TM-1924. June 15, 1923, series TM-2-1923. Sept. 15, 1923, series TM-2-1924 Dec. 15, 1923, series TM-2-1924	41/4 41/2 4					2, 625 1, 908 3, 329 11, 546 2, 547 5, 287 1, 567	10, 584 5, 457 8, 762 28, 097 8, 270 14, 977 5, 753	3, 915 2, 193 3, 196 7, 399 2, 749 5, 443 2, 169	5, 408 4, 191 4, 735 10, 571 5, 986 8, 881 3, 917	935 1, 362 802 1, 437 984 1, 156 776	23, 467 15, 111- 20, 824 59, 050 20, 536 35, 744 14, 182	179, 051, 50 195, 486, 00 153, 956, 50 320, 275, 00 181, 548, 50 249, 245, 50 134, 151, 50
Total						28, 809	81, 900	27, 064	43, 689	7, 452	188, 914	1, 413, 714, 5
Total interest-bearing securities				1, 717	15, 543	59, 243	223, 489	42, 798	88, 147	9, 128	440,065	2, 263, 010, 6

No. 3.—United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness, in bearer form, redeemed, canceled, and retired during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, showing loans, denominations, pieces, and total amount—Continued

mu .el	Interest				Denomina	tions by n	umber of p	ieces		:		Total
Title of loan	rate	\$10	\$20	\$50	\$100	\$500	\$1,000	\$5,000	\$10,000	\$100,000	Pieces	Amount
NONINTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES				, , , , , , , , ,								
Pre-war loans: One year notes of 1863	Per cent	i	3	<u>i</u>	<u> </u>						1 1 2 5	\$220
Funded loan of 1891 Loan of 1907 Refunding certificates Loan of 1908–1918	4 4 4 3	53	48		5 18	2	1				8 53 68	500 2, 500 530 3, 760
Total		54	51	1	24	5	1				136	7, 510
Liberty loans: Victory, 1922-23 Victory, 1922-23	4 ³ / ₄ 3 ³ / ₄			328, 336 231	209, 869 134	19, 244 39	18, 286 194	271 17	142 4		576, 148 619	68, 086, 700 363, 450
Total				328, 567	210,003	19, 283	18, 480	288	146		576, 767	68, 450, 150
Certificates of indebtedness: July 9, 1918, series 4-B Sept. 2, 1919, series C-1920. Jan. 2, 1920, series TD-1920. Feb. 2, 1920, series TD-1920. Feb. 2, 1920, series TM-1920. June 15, 1920, series TJ-1921 July 15, 1920, series TJ-1921 Aug. 16, 1920, series TS-1921 Sept. 15, 1920, series TS-1921 Oct. 15, 1920, series TS-1921 Oct. 15, 1920, series TS-1921 Dec. 15, 1920, series TD-1921 Dec. 15, 1920, series TD-1921 Jan. 15, 1921, series T-1921 Feb. 15, 1921, series F-1921 Mar. 15, 1921, series T-1922 Mar. 15, 1921, series TH-1922 Apr. 15, 1921, series TH-1922 June 15, 1921, series TJ-1922 Aug. 1, 1921, series TJ-1922 Aug. 1, 1921, series TH-2-1922 Aug. 1, 1921, series TM-3-1922 Sept. 15, 1921, series TM-3-1922 Sept. 15, 1921, series TM-3-1922 Sept. 15, 1921, series TM-3-1922	1.04/2 /4 /4/2/4/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/					1 1 4 4 1 5 5 1 1 12 11 6 2	1 4 3 2 1 5 5 1 5 8 1 2 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4	1 3			1 3 4 4 6 5 7 7 5 9 6 2 2 15 17 22 2 2 2 17 8 8	1,000 500 10,500 4,000 3,500 4,000 3,500 10,500 11,000 18,000 3,500 2,000 14,500 20,500 20,500 20,500 20,700 37,000

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Nov. 1, 1921, series TS-2-1922 Dec. 15, 1921, series TJ-2-1922 Dec. 15, 1921, series TD-1922 Mar. 15, 1922, series TM-1923 Apr. 15, 1922, series TM-1923 June 1, 1922, series TD-2-1922 June 15, 1922, series TD-2-1922 June 15, 1922, series TM-2-1923	41/2 41/4 41/4 41/4 31/2 31/2 33/4 31/2					9 49 147 289 1	16 5 48 159 1 1 295 25	2 3 31 2 40 4	5 2		25 7 105 339 1 3 673 30	20,500 15,000 137,500 407,500 1,000 11,000 1,129,500 45,500
Total						573	641	91	57		1,362	1,952,500
Total noninterest-bearing securities		54	51	328, 568	210,027	19,861	19, 122	. 379	203		578, 265	70, 410, 160
Grand total		54	51	330, 285	225, 570	79, 104	242, 611	. 43,177	88, 350	9, 128	1,018,330	2, 333, 420, 810

¹ Adjustment of previous figures, addition of 1 piece is made.

² Adjustment of previous figures, reduction of 1 piece is made.

No. 4.—United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness, in registered form, redeemed, canceled, and retired during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, grouped according to accounts credited

			Purchased from	1	Received for	At maturity	То	tal
Title of loan	Interest rate	Sinking fund	Surplus money	Total	Federal estate taxes	or call	Pieces	Amount
INTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES Liberty loans: First, converted, 1932-1947. Second, converted, 1927-1942. Third, 1928 Fourth, 1933-1938	Per cent 41/4 41/4 41/4	\$12,781,000	\$3,100,000		\$34,100 311,450 205,400 597,400		13 89 255 138	\$34,100 311,450 16,086,400 597,400
Total		12,781,000	3, 100, 000	15, 881, 000	1, 148, 350		495	17, 029, 350
Certificates of indebtedness: Short term special	2 2½					\$86, 000, 000 736, 500, 000	8 40	86,000,000 736,500,000
Total						822, 500, 000	48	822, 500, 000
Total interest bearing securities		12, 781, 000	3, 100, 000	15, 881, 000	1, 148, 350	822, 500, 000	543	839, 529, 350
NONINTEREST BEARING SECURITIES Pre-war loans: Loan of 1907 Loan of 1908-1918	4 3.					11, 050 25, 500	3 92	11,050 25,500
Total						36, 550	95	36, 550
Liberty loans: Victory, 1922–1923 Do	48 <u>4</u> 38 <u>4</u>					12, 185, 350 4, 350	45, 883 9	12, 185, 350 4, 350
Total						12, 189, 700	45, 892	12, 189, 700
Total noninterest bearing securities						12, 226, 250	45, 987	12, 226, 250
Grand total		12, 781, 000	3, 100, 000	15, 881, 000	1,148,350	834, 726, 250	46, 530	851, 755, 600

No. 5.—United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness, in registered form, redeemed, canceled, and retired during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, showing loans, denominations, pieces, and total amount

	Interest			D.	enominatio	ns by num	ber of piec	es			${f T}$	otal
Title of loan	rate	\$20	\$50	\$100	\$500	\$1,000	\$5,000	\$10,000	\$50,000	\$100,000	Pieces	Amount
INTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES												-
Liberty loans:	Per cent		-									
First, converted, 1932-1947	41/4 41/4			1 14		9 33	1 19	2 18			13 89	\$34, 100 311, 450
Second, converted, 1927-1942	41/4		1	4	.8	32	19	33	15	149	255	16, 086, 400
Third, 1928. Fourth, 1933–1938.	41/4 41/4		4	12	2	75	22	21		2	138	597, 400
Total			5	31	14	149	56	74	15	151	495	17, 029, 350
Certificates of indebtedness: Short term special	2 2 ¹ / ₂										. 8	86, 000, 000 736, 500, 000
	21/2										40	736, 500, 000
Total											. 48	822, 500, 000
Total interest-bearing securities			5	31	14	149	56	74	15	151	543	839, 529, 350
NONINTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES												
Pre-war loans:					٠		,			-		
Loan of 1907 Loan of 1908–1918	4 3	40	. 1	32	15	. 1		. 1 . 1			3 92	11, 050 25, 500
Total		40	1	. 32	15	5		2			95	36, 550
Liberty loans: Victory, 1922–1923 Do	43/4 33/4		10, 567	24, 925 3	5, 219 2	4, 910	195	67			45, 883 9	12, 185, 350 4, 350
Total			10, 568	24, 928	5, 221	4, 913	195	67			45, 892	12, 189, 700
Total noninterest-bearing securities		40	10, 569	· 24, 960	5, 236	4, 918	195	69			45, 987	12, 226, 250
Grand total		40	10, 574	24, 991	5, 250	5, 067	251	143	15	151	46, 530	851, 755, 600

No. 6.—United States Treasury (war) savings securities redeemed, canceled, and retired during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, showing denominations, pieces, and total amount

					Denominations	of securities			
Class of security	\$0. 25	\$1	. \$5		\$25			\$100 .	
	Number of stamps	Number of stamps	Number of stamps	Number of certificates	Amount sale price	Amount re- demption value	Number of certificates	Amount sale price	Amount re- demption value
NONREGISTERED									
War savings stamps: Series 1918 ¹		!	1 40 568 847		·			,	
Series 1919 2			2 9, 564, 495		l	l			.
Series 1920. Series 1921.		l:	115, 996		l				l
Total			30, 803, 903						
Treasury savings stamps		14, 993							
Total nonregistered	2, 249, 515	14, 993	30, 803, 903						
REGISTERED								· .	
Treasury savings certificates: Series 1918							85		\$8, 500. 00
Series 1919							40,544		4,051,614.00
Series 1920 Series 1921				2, 983		\$66, 728. 10	4, 855 5, 804		518, 883, 40
Series 1921, new issue				428	\$8, 560. 00	9, 137. 00	908	\$72,640.00	77, 645. 20
Series 1922, new issue Series 1922, Sept. 30, 1922 3				26, 883 7, 797	537, 660. 00 159, 838, 50	565, 253. 90 164, 634, 60	40, 503 11, 232	3, 240, 240. 00 921, 024, 00	3, 409, 041. 00 948, 980. 20
Series 1923, Sept. 30, 1922				54, 734	1, 122, 047, 00	1, 144, 003, 45	89, 385	7, 329, 570. 00	7, 474, 480. 50
Series 1923, Sept. 30, 1922 Series 1923, Dec. 1, 1923				3,790	75, 800. 00	76, 416, 25	7, 059	564, 720, 00	569, 315, 80
Series 1924, Dec. 1, 1923				8, 144	162, 880. 00	163, 826. 60	12, 944	1, 035, 520. 00	1, 041, 715. 60
Total				104, 759	2, 066, 785. 50	2, 189, 999. 90	213, 319	13, 163, 714. 00	18, 545, 361. 10
War savings stamps:									
Series 1918 1			1 44,221,655						
Series 1919 Series 1920			106 405						
Series 1921			92, 661						
Total			44, 469, 594						
Total registered			44, 469, 594	104, 759	2, 066, 785. 50	2, 189, 999. 90	213, 319	13, 163, 714. 00	
Grand total	2, 249, 515	14, 993	13, 665, 691	104, 759	2, 066, 785. 50	2, 189, 999. 90	213, 319	13, 163, 714. 00	18, 545, 361. 10

	Deno	minations of sec	urities		
Class of security		\$1,000		Т	otal
	Number of certificates	Amount sale price	Amount re- demption value	Number of pieces	Amount re- demption value
War savings stamps: NONREGISTERED Series 1918 Series 1919 Series 1920 Series 1921 Total				1 40, 568, 247 2 9, 564, 495 115, 996 77, 853 30, 803, 903	1 \$202, 813, 941, 48 2 47, 798, 770, 08 531, 817, 06 347, 752, 86 154, 135, 601, 48
Treasury savings stamps. Thrift stamps Total nonregistered.				14, 993 2, 249, 515 28, 539, 395	14, 993. 00 562, 378. 75 153, 558, 229. 73
Treasury savings certificates: REGISTÉRED Series 1918 Series 1929 Series 1920 Series 1921 Series 1921, new issue Series 1922, new issue Series 1922, sept. 30, 1922 3 Series 1923, Sept. 30, 1922 Series 1923, Dec. 1, 1923 Series 1924, Dec. 1, 1923 Total	4, 793 91 56 70 5, 874 1, 390 10, 512 1, 418 2, 061	\$56, 000, 00 4, 699, 200, 00 1, 139, 800, 00 8, 619, 840, 00 1, 648, 800, 00 17, 298, 040, 00	\$4, 791, 390. 00 83, 438, 00	85 45, 337 4, 946 8, 843 1, 406 73, 260 20, 419 154, 631 12, 267 23, 149 344, 343	8, 500, 00 8, 843, 004, 00 528, 623, 40 635, 605, 20 146, 6624, 20 8, 913, 130, 90 2, 287, 454, 80 17, 390, 748, 95 1, 788, 734, 05 2, 864, 632, 20 43, 406, 458, 00
War savings stamps:				1 44, 221, 655 48, 873 106, 405 92, 661 44, 469, 594	1 221, 108, 038, 10 223, 379, 76 487, 754, 76 413, 825, 92 222, 237, 998, 54
Total registeredGrand total	26, 265	17, 298, 040. 00 17, 298, 040. 00	22, 671, 097. 00 22, 671, 097. 00	16, 274, 542	265, 644, 456. 54 112, 086, 226. 81

¹ Nonregistered includes 3,655,332 matured stamps (registered and nonregistered), amounting to \$18,276,660 subject to audit, and 12 pieces unmatured adjustment of previous figures. In adjustment of unaudited figures inserted in nonregistered stamps in 1923 annual report, 44,221,209 stamps, amounting to \$221,106,045, have been transferred from nonregistered to registered account and a deduction made of 277 stamps, amounting to \$1,385, on nonregistered account.

² Includes 9,492,386 matured stamps (registered and nonregistered), amounting to \$47,461,930 subject to audit.

³ In adjustment of previous figures, addition is made of 3 pieces (\$83.20, 1 piece of \$100 denomination transferred to \$25 denomination, making 4 pieces).

Note The above figures cover net redemptions received and audited by the register's office. One disallowance (\$90.40, series 1921, war savings stamps) not yet reported by the Treasury has been made and subsequent repayments, account of lost, destroyed, or stolen securities, have not been deducted.

No. 7.—United States Treasury (war) savings securities redeemed, canceled, and retired during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, reported according to the State or Territory in which originally presented for redemption

		An	nount		,	, Am	ount
State or Territory	Population	Fiscal year of 1924	Total to June 30, 1924	State or territory	Population	Fiscal year of	Total to June 30, 1924
Alabama. Arizona Arkansas. California. Colorado. Connecticut. Delaware District of Columbia. Florida. Georgia. Hawaii. Idaho Illinois. Indiana. Iowa. Kansas Kentucky Louisiana. Maine. Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota. Minssispi Missouri Montana. Nebraska	939, 629 1, 380, 631 223, 003 437, 571 968, 470 2, 895, 5912 431, 866 6, 485, 280 2, 930, 390 2, 404, 021 1, 769, 257 2, 416, 630 768, 011 1, 449, 661 3, 852, 356 3, 688, 412 2, 387, 125 1, 790, 618 3, 404, 055	\$22, 106, 11 11, 291, 83 21, 767, 83 21, 767, 83 1164, 284, 23 29, 919, 58 38, 867, 75 4, 215, 97 24, 048, 22 23, 954, 74 20, 168, 11 3, 264, 63 17, 520, 29 200, 623, 21 109, 666, 83 29, 150, 80 90, 329, 70 38, 017, 97 17, 440, 81 14, 550, 21 19, 477, 15 121, 155, 79 62, 425, 73 47, 889, 00 11, 840, 24 115, 735, 56 16, 349, 28 27, 322, 73	\$11, 538, 234, 75 2, 599, 986, 97 13, 964, 095, 55 49, 430, 057, 28 14, 451, 381, 19 9, 678, 264, 94 1, 587, 567, 02 3, 546, 422, 41 7, 046, 138, 91 20, 670, 135, 31 1, 736, 696, 47 4, 139, 761, 22 108, 536, 328, 25 33, 458, 449, 86 24, 772, 208, 23 21, 562, 186, 20 22, 331, 748, 95 17, 008, 148, 44 50, 44, 137, 13 23, 136, 233, 66 39, 956, 685, 71 13, 503, 700, 22 278, 602, 415, 83 5, 874, 526, 23 28, 218, 783, 86	New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Panama Pennsylvania Philippine Islands Porto Rico Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming Treasury of United States Donations China, Shanghai	360, 350 10, 385, 227 2, 559, 123 646, 872 2, 559, 394 2, 028, 283 783, 389 22, 858 8, 720, 017 10, 330, 640 1, 299, 809 604, 397 1, 683, 724 636, 547 2, 337, 885 4, 663, 228 449, 396 332, 428 2, 309, 187 1, 463, 701 2, 632, 067 194, 402		\$13, 881, 867, 31 1, 863, 540, 83 105, 388, 744, 27 20, 492, 877, 44 5, 235, 342, 44 112, 072, 602, 11 20, 316, 210, 76 15, 413, 203, 00 361, 303, 65 76, 941, 525, 87 64, 265, 50 256, 882, 12 4, 864, 211, 02 7, 525, 125, 42 8, 300, 150, 75 24, 073, 990, 96 53, 468, 875, 61 6, 147, 774, 05 31, 105, 863, 67 32, 978, 864, 08 25, 895, 099, 46 13, 104, 377, 60 21, 063, 110, 98 1, 344, 774, 61 79, 239, 239, 26 63, 68 1, 740, 10
Nevada New Hampshire	77, 407	12, 268. 74 26, 231. 28	1, 184, 805. 28 3, 822, 317. 57				1, 269, 701, 689. 69

In adjustment of previous figures, addition has been made to New Jersey and a deduction from New York of \$398.25, an addition to Washington and a deduction from California of \$703.75.

Note.—The above figures do not include 13,147,718 matured stamps amounting to \$65,738,590, subject to audit, which are included in Table No. 6, allocation by banks being unavailable.

No. 8.—Comparative statement showing all paid securities received by the Register of the Treasury, canceled during the fiscal years 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, and for the period April 6, 1917, to June 30, 1924

		1921		1922	,	1923	,	1924	Apr. 6, 191	7, to June 30, 1924
Class of security	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	. Amount	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount
Bearer: Pre-war loans Liberty loans Treasury bonds	466 305, 517	\$89, 060. 00 413, 073, 700. 00	220 1, 206, 457	\$28, 610. 00 1, 884, 018, 300. 00	5, 275, 052 8	\$30, 540. 00 1, 744, 986, 500. 00 8, 000. 00 143, 339, 500. 00	6	560, 767, 300. 00 6, 000. 00	9, 245, 503 14	6, 454, 239, 750. 00 14, 000. 00
Treasury notes Certificates of indebtedness Treasury (war) savings securities	637, 874 23, 138, 658	3, 470, 216, 500. 00 102, 750, 604. 05		2, 809, 044, 500. 00 51, 473, 405. 17	309, 026	1, 933, 403, 000. 00	190, 276	1, 415, 667, 000. 00	5, 671, 187	35, 458, 399, 500. 00
Total	24, 082, 515	3, 986, 129, 864. 05	15, 556, 075	4, 744, 564, 815. 17	137, 277, 376	4, 429, 476, 060. 42	27, 521, 065	2, 179, 862, 580. 27	210, 025, 581	43, 306, 799, 664. 41
Registered: Pre-war loans Liberty loans Certificates of indebtedness Treasury (war) savings securities		62, 520. 00 19, 138, 950. 00 5, 082, 000. 000. 00 56, 983, 841. 98	45, 893 397	177, 571, 400. 00 1, 966, 829, 450. 00	794, 428 466	360, 914, 550, 00 3, 163, 000, 000, 00	46, 387 48	822, 500, 000. 00	887, 937 2, 154	24, 050, 342, 308, 53
Total	11, 791, 334	5, 158, 185, 311. 98	6, 332, 236	2, 178, 382, 287. 35	4, 075, 328	3, 606, 122, 978. 84	45, 536, 247	4, 290, 704, 843. 80	90, 688, 992	28, 367, 359, 601, 07
Grand total	35, 873, 849	9, 144, 315, 176. 03	21, 888, 311	6, 922, 947, 102, 52	141, 352, 704	8, 035, 599, 039. 26	18, 015, 182	6, 470, 567, 424. 07	300, 714, 573	71, 674, 159, 265. 4

¹ In adjustment of previous figures, addition is made of 40 pieces.

² Deduction is made of 28,645 pieces, amounting to \$48,347,520, received for audit and file during the fiscal year 1923, and 34 pieces, amounting to \$18,750, received for audit and file during the fiscal year 1924, but reported as retired during previous fiscal years.

³ In adjustment of previous figures, addition is made of 59,672 pieces.

No. 9.—United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness, in bearer form, received from Federal reserve banks and the division of loans and currency for credit to fiscal agency retirement accounts during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, grouped according to accounts credited

	-		Surren	dered for rei	ssue of an eq	ual par am	ount		di di	7	Potal
Title of loan	Inter- est rate	Denomina- tional exchange 1	Exchange	Tempo- rary exchange	Conver- sion	Conver- sion exchange	Mutila- tion 2	Total	Claim settle- ments 3	Pieces	Amount
Interest-bearing securities											
Pre-war loans: Loan of 1925 4. Consols of 1930. Panama Canal loans—	Per cent		\$655, 100 308, 150					\$655, 100 308, 150		807 346	\$655, 100 308, 150
Series of 1906-1936_ Series of 1908-1938_ Series of 1911-1961 Conversion bonds—	2 2 3		68, 000 168, 300					5, 000 68, 000 168, 300		5 68 182	5,000 68,000 168,300
Series of 1916–1946 Series of 1917–1947. Postal savings bonds— First series	3 3 21/6		1,064,000 21,000 220					1, 064, 000 21, 000		1, 064 21	,1,064,000 21,000
Second series Third series Fourth series	2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½		1, 820 3, 220 3, 740					1, 820 3, 220 3, 740		27 41 51	220 1,820 3,220 3,740
Fifth series Sixth series Seventh series. Eighth series	2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½		4,540					4, 540		39 25 43 23	3, 900 3, 620 4, 540 1, 580
Eighth series Ninth series Tenth series Bleventh series Twelfth series	21/2 21/2 21/2 21/3							3, 140 3, 920 4, 820		25 36 29 33	3, 140 3, 920 4, 820 4, 020
Thirteenth series Fourteenth series Fifteenth series	2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½		1,040 200 340					1,040 200 340		12 2 5	1, 040 200 340
Sixteenth series	21/2 21/2 21/2 21/2		200 200 220 1,620					200 200 220 1, 620		2 2 3 9	200 200 220 1,620
Total			2, 331, 910					2, 331, 910		2,903	2, 331, 910

Liberty loans: § First, 1932-1947. First, converted, 1932-1947, temporary. First, converted, 1932-1947, permanent. First, converted, 1932-1947, temporary. First, converted, 1932-1947, permanent. First, second converted, 1932-1947, tem-	4 41/4	121,700	250	177, 700		6,800	900	61, 225, 750 397, 850 1, 684, 450 177, 950 51, 949, 650	250 150 	185, 838 5, 594 9, 758 1, 893 202, 371	61, 226, 000 398, 000 1, 684, 450 177, 950 51, 950, 100
porary	41/4							2,450		40	. 2,450
First, second converted, 1932–1947, per- manent	41/4	255, 200 271, 500	388, 600 500	1,651,500	9, 765, 100	22,000	600	643,800 1,652,100 10,059,100	1,600 750	993 22,310 43,016	643, 800 1, 653, 700 10, 059, 850
ary Second, converted, 1927-1942, permanent Third, 1928, temporary. Third, 1928, permanent Fourth, 1933-1938, temporary ⁶ Fourth, 1933-1938, permanent.	41/4 41/4 41/4	203, 858, 300 200 259, 287, 050 100 333, 230, 600	11,000 47,568,000 19,900	4, 622, 300 8, 852, 600			7, 550 1, 200	930, 200 241, 480, 200 4, 634, 700 306, 875, 900 8, 874, 400 482, 959, 450	9,150	9,026 764,521 63,093 1,167,964 105,282 1,414,967	930, 950 241, 482, 500 4, 640, 800 306, 884, 750 8, 883, 550 482, 968, 400
Total		849, 814, 050	295, 678, 650	16, 633, 750	11,321,050	28,800	71,650	1, 173, 547, 950	39, 300	3, 997, 566	1, 173, 587, 250
Treasury bonds, 1947-1952	41/4	50, 896, 100	67, 424, 700					118, 320, 800		73, 428	118, 320, 800
Treasury notes: June 15, 1921, series A-1924 Sept. 15, 1921, series B-1924 Feb. 1, 1922, series A-1925 Mar. 15, 1922, series A-1926 June 15, 1922, series A-1926 Aug. 1, 1922, series B-1926 Dec. 15, 1922, series B-1925 Jan. 15, 1923, series C-1925 Jan. 15, 1923, series A-1927 May 15, 1923, series B-1927	51/2 43/4 43/4 43/8 41/4	72, 552, 700 89, 994, 700 145, 113, 300 107, 051, 700 71, 452, 300 134, 055, 800 124, 061, 900 112, 789, 400 158, 685, 300					2,000 1,000	72, 552, 700 89, 996, 700 145, 114, 300 107, 051, 700 71, 452, 300 134, 055, 800 124, 061, 900 112, 789, 500 158, 685, 300	1,100	16, 821 15, 109 21, 695 19, 667 11, 189 18, 919 23, 050 20, 304 42, 914	72, 553, 800 89, 996, 709 145, 114, 300 107, 051, 700 71, 452, 800 134, 055, 800 124, 061, 900 112, 789, 500 158, 685, 300
Total		1,015,757,100					3, 100	1,015,760,200	1,600	189, 668	1,015,761,800
	====					I ,					

Includes special denominational exchange.
 Includes error.

⁻ includes error.

3 Includes claim issue, claim retirement, securities trust fund, special deposit account, forgery coupon issue and forgery coupon retirement.

4 On adjustment of previous figures, addition is made of 9 pieces.

5 Includes denominational adjustments and adjustments between temporary and permanent loans, affecting previous fiscal years, due to a revision of claim settlement accounts.

6 Does not include 6 pieces, amounting to \$5,050, New Orleans, exchange case 2,262, suspense item, received by the register's office during the current fiscal year, but shown in annual report for 1920.

No. 9.—United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness, in bearer form, received from Federal reserve banks and the division of loans and currency for credit to fiscal agency retirement accounts during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, grouped according to accounts credited— Continued

	.		Surrer	dered for rei	ssue of an eq	ual par am	ount		g		Total
Title of loan	Inter- est rate	Denomina- tional exchange	Exchange	Tempo- rary exchange	Conver- sion	Conver- sion exchange	Mutila- tion ³	Total	Claim settle: ments 3	Pieces	Amount
INTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES—cont'd.											
Certificates of indebtedness: Sept. 15, 1922, series TS-1923. Dec. 15, 1922, series TD-1923. Mar. 15, 1923, series TM-1924. Mar. 15, 1923, series TM-1924. June 15, 1923, series TM-1924. Sept. 15, 1923, series TM2-1924. Sept. 15, 1923, series TM-1924. Dec. 15, 1923, series TJ-1924. June 16, 1924, series TD-1924. Mar. 15, 1924, series TM-1925. Total.	41/4 41/2 4 41/4 4 41/4 28/4 4	\$5, 046, 000 24, 608, 500 16, 709, 500 53, 990, 000 43, 638, 500 84, 321, 500 58, 940, 000 11, 255, 000 96, 669, 000 475, 648, 000						\$5, 046, 000 24, 608, 500 16, 709, 500 53, 990, 000 43, 638, 500 84, 321, 500 58, 940, 000 11, 255, 000 96, 669, 000 475, 648, 000		1, 475 1, 413 9, 257 5, 544 11, 570 7, 734 10, 909 1, 507 9, 373	\$5, 046, 000 24, 608, 500 16, 709, 500 53, 990, 000 43, 638, 500 84, 321, 500 58, 940, 000 11, 255, 000 96, 669, 000 475, 648, 000
Total interest-bearing securities		2, 392, 115, 250	365, 435, 260	16, 633, 750	11, 321, 050	28, 800	74, 750	2, 785, 608, 860	40, 900	4, 323, 030	2, 785, 649, 760
NONINTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES] · 					
Liberty loans: 5 Victory, 1922-1923	43⁄4	·	5, 000					5, 000	5, 000	3	10,000
Grand total		2, 392, 115, 250	365, 440, 260	16, 633, 750	11, 321, 050	28, 800	74, 750	2, 785, 613, 860	45, 900	4, 323, 027	2, 785, 659, 760

² Includes error.

³ Includes claim issue, claim retirement, securities trust fund, special deposit account, forgery coupon issue, and forgery coupon retirement.

⁵ Includes denominational adjustments and adjustments between temporary and permanent loans, affecting previous fiscal years, due to a revision of claim settlement accounts.

No. 10.—Unissued stock of United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness, in bearer form, received from Federal reserve banks and Division of Loans and Currency for credit during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924

	Inter-		Received fr	om Federal re	serve banks		Received from Loans and Currency	То	ta1
Title of loan	est rate	Unissued denomina- tional exchange	Unissued temporary exchange	Unissued registered exchange	Unissued conversion	Total	°Unissued stock	Pieces	Amount
INTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES Liberty loans:	Per cent								
First, 1932-1947 First, converted, 1932-1947, permanent First, converted, 1932-1947, permanent First, second converted, 1932-1947, permanent	3½ 4 4¼ 4¼ 4¼	\$100 3, 691, 350 550, 000	\$5, 222, 600 1, 607, 350 100	\$100 5, 000	\$79, 500	\$100 8, 914, 050 2, 241, 850 100	\$100	2 22, 276 25, 520	\$100 8, 914, 050 2, 241, 950 100
Second, 1927–1942, permanent. Second, converted, 1927–1942, permanent. Third, 1928, permanent. Fourth, 1933–1938, permanent.	4 4 ¹ ⁄ ₄ 4 ¹ ⁄ ₄	2, 220, 000 809, 300 1, 020, 000 25, 000	7, 654, 000 438, 750 1, 850, 250 8, 150			9, 874, 100 1, 248, 050 2, 870, 250 33, 150	100, 000, 000 2, 050	17, 041 12, 417 2, 023, 403 513	9, 874, 100 1, 248, 050 102, 870, 250 35, 200
Total		8, 315, 750	16, 781, 200	5, 200	79, 500	25, 181, 650	100, 002, 150	2, 101, 173	125, 183, 800
Treasury bonds, 1947-1952	41/4	252, 600				252, 600		61	252, 600
Treasury notes: June 15, 1921, series A-1924 Sept. 15, 1921, series B-1924 Feb. 1, 1922, series A-1925. Mar. 15, 1922, series A-1926 June 15, 1922, series B-1925 Aug. 1, 1922, series B-1926 Dec. 15, 1922, series B-1926 Jan. 15, 1923, series C-1925 Jan. 15, 1923, series A-1927. May 15, 1923, series B-1927	4% 43% 41/4 41/2 41/2	3, 442, 500 1, 186, 500 1, 803, 200 4, 003, 500 3, 065, 500 4, 412, 000 2, 834, 500				3, 442, 500 1, 186, 500 1, 803, 200 4, 003, 500 3, 065, 500 4, 412, 000 2, 834, 500		676 1,439 632	52, 311, 100 3, 442, 500 1, 186, 500 1, 803, 200 4, 003, 500 3, 065, 500 4, 412, 000 2, 834, 500 10, 413, 900
Total		83, 472, 700				83, 472, 700		40, 464	83, 472, 700

No. 10.—Unissued stock of United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness, in bearer form, received from Federal reserve banks and Division of Loans and Currency for credit during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924—Continued

_	Inter-		Received for	om Federal res	serve banks		Received from Loans and Currency	To	otal
Title of loan	est rate	Unissued denomina- tional exchange	Unissued temporary exchange	Unissued registered exchange	Unissued conversion	Total	Unissued stock	Pieces	Amount
INTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES—continued Certificates of indebtedness:	41/4 41/2 4 41/4	55, 733, 500 45, 819, 500 33, 336, 500 54, 824, 600 51, 308, 500 29, 618, 500 700, 000				45, 819, 500 33, 336, 500 54, 824, 000 51, 308, 500	\$38, 233, 500 110, 764, 500 139, 986, 500 72, 597, 500 43, 854, 000 45, 614, 500 49, 463, 000	31, 265 38, 466 38, 665 21, 671 38, 547 20, 913 14, 080 529 1, 255	\$77, 215, 000 166, 498, 000 185, 806, 000 195, 934, 000 98, 678, 000 96, 923, 000 79, 081, 500 700, 000 5, 485, 000
Total		315, 807, 000				315, 807, 000	500, 513, 500	205, 391	816, 320, 500
Total interest-bearing securities		407, 848, 050	\$16, 781, 200	\$5, 200	\$ 79, 500	424, 713, 950	600, 515, 650	2, 347, 089	1, 025, 229, 600
NONINTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES								,	
Liberty loans: Victory, 1922-23 Certificates of indebtedness: June 15, 1922, series TJ-1923	43⁄4 33⁄4						89, 962, 600	763, 112 435	91, 716, 700 344, 000
Total noninterest-bearing securities		1, 514, 050		584, 050		2, 098, 100	89, 962, 600	763, 547	92, 060, 700
Grand total		409, 362, 100	16, 781, 200	589, 250	79, 500	426, 812, 050	690, 478, 250	3, 110, 636	1, 117, 290, 300

Note.—The above figures do not include certificates of indebtedness, Spanish pesetas, 1,031 pieces, 1,031,000,000 peseta value and 498 pieces having no value.

No. 11.—United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness, in bearer form, received from Federal reserve banks and Division of Loans and Currency for credit to all fiscal agency accounts during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, showing loans, denominations, pieces, and total amount

	Interest			Denomi	nations by	number o	f pieces	Denominations by number of pieces								
Title of loan	rate	\$20	\$50.	\$100	\$500	\$1,000	\$5,000	\$10,000	\$100,000	Pieces	Amount					
INTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES		-														
Pre-war loans:	Per cent			:			İ									
Loan of 1925 ¹	4 2		32 1	90 26	81 27	604 292				807 346	\$655, 10 308, 15					
Panama Canal loans— Series of 1906–1936 Series of 1908–1938	2 2					5 68				5 68	5, 00 68, 00					
Series of 1911–1961 Conversion bonds—	3			13	4	165				182	168, 30					
Series of 1916–1946 Series of 1917–1947	3 3					1, 064 21				1, 064 21	1, 064, 00 21, 00					
Postal savings bonds— First series	21/2	1		2						3	22					
Second series	$\frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{2\frac{1}{2}}$	11 16		16 24	1					27 41	1, 82 3, 22					
Fourth series Fifth series	$2\frac{1}{2}$ $2\frac{1}{2}$	27 15		22 21	2 3					51 39	3, 7 ₉					
Sixth seriesSeventh series	$\frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{2\frac{1}{2}}$	6 7		15 34	4 2					25 43	3, 6 4, 5					
Eighth series Ninth series	$\frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{2\frac{1}{2}}$	14 2	,	8 21	1 2		 			23 25	1, 5 3, 1					
Tenth series Eleventh series	2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½	6 6		28 17	. 6					36 29	3, 9 4, 8					
Twelfth series Thirteenth series	$2\frac{1}{2}$	11 7		18 4	1			,		33 12	4, 0 1, 0					
Fourteenth series. Fifteenth series.	$ \begin{array}{c c} 2\frac{1}{2} \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \end{array} $	2		2 3						5	2					
Sixteenth series Seventeenth series	2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½			2 2						2 2						
Eighteenth series Nineteenth series	21/2	1		. 2	2					3 9	1, 6					
Total		133	33	376	142	2, 219				2, 903	2, 331, 9					

On adjustment of previous figures an addition is made of 5 pieces at \$100, 9 pieces at \$500, and a deduction of 5 pieces at \$1,000.

No. 11.—United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness, in bearer form, received from Federal reserve banks and Division of Loans and Currency for credit to all fiscal agency accounts during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, showing loans, denominations, pieces, and total amount—Continued

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Interest										Total		
Title of loan	rate	\$20	\$50	\$100	\$500	\$1,000	\$5,000	\$10,000	\$100,000	Pieces	Amount		
INTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES—continued													
Liberty loans: First, 1932-1947. First, converted, 1932-1947, temporary. First, converted, 1932-1947, permanent. First, converted, 1932-1947, permanent. First, converted, 1932-1947, permanent. First, second converted, 1932-1947, temporary. First, second converted, 1932-1947, permanent. Second, 1927-1942, temporary. Second, 1927-1942, temporary. Second, converted, 1927-1942, temporary. Second, converted, 1927-1942, permanent. Third, 1928, temporary. Third, 1928, permanent. Fourth, 1933-1938, temporary Fourth, 1933-1938, permanent.	4 4 4 ¹ / ₄ 4 ¹ / ₄ 4 ¹ / ₄		4, 164 6, 008 1, 135 110, 603 31 338 16, 500	50, 998 1, 358 17, 206 677 82, 479 9 310 5, 422 20, 954 2, 537 271, 616 14, 447 419, 140 28, 644 516, 266	10, 284 36 1, 697 55 13, 948 82 227 3, 440 200 48, 965 643 56, 237 1, 499 76, 326	47, 112 36 7, 024 26 18, 910 215 158 9, 620 261 119, 983 426 151, 231 1; 190 194, 552	57 996 30 3 497 3 5, 073 4, 723 10, 512	42 955 19 275 2,932 3,706		227, 891 40 994	\$61, 226, 100 398, 000 10, 598, 500 177, 956 54, 192, 056 643, 900 1, 653, 700 19, 933, 956 242, 730, 556 4, 640, 800 409, 755, 000 8, 883, 556 483, 003, 600		
Total			3, 861, 825	1, 431, 063	213, 639	550, 744	21, 934	19, 534		6, 098, 739	1, 298, 771, 050		
Treasury bonds, 1947-1952	41/4			11, 284	8, 832	44, 929	3, 268	5, 176		73, 489	118, 573, 400		
Treasury notes: June 15, 1921, series A-1924. Sept. 15, 1921, series B-1924 Feb. 1, 1922, series A-1925. Mar. 15, 1922, series A-1926. June 15, 1922, series B-1925. Aug. 1, 1922, series B-1926. Dec. 15, 1922, series B-1926. Dan. 15, 1923, series C-1925. May 15, 1923, series A-1927. May 15, 1923, series B-1927.	53/4 51/2 43/4 43/8 41/4 41/2 41/2 41/2 48/4			9, 354 2, 072 2, 148 4, 714 2, 573 3, 703 4, 534 3, 730 15, 102	7, 203 2, 002 3, 402 1, 475 1, 748 4, 308 3, 407 2, 226 5, 766	15, 933 5, 636 8, 735 8, 306 3, 995 7, 542 12, 817 7, 673 14, 081	3, 377 2, 085 3, 042 1, 550 1, 264 2, 581 1, 876 2, 505 4, 391	3, 971 3, 587 5, 114 3, 709 2, 401 4, 445 4, 422 4, 474 6, 177	478 403 693 545° 400 697 599 492 669	40, 316 -15, 785 23, 134 20, 299 12, 381 23, 276 27, 655 21, 100 46, 186	124, 864, 900 93, 439, 200 146, 300, 805, 900 75, 456, 300 137, 121, 300 128, 473, 900 169, 099, 200		
Total				47, 930	31, 537	84, 718	22, 671	38, 300	4, 976	230, 132	1, 099, 234, 500		

Certificates of indebtedness:	41/2 4 41/4 4 41/4				11, 458 7, 547 11, 301 8, 780 12, 263 6, 639 4, 767 942 30 758	14, 907 16, 218 14, 250 11, 474 20, 710 14, 865 8, 993 4, 839 550 3, 445	3, 341 6, 625 8, 047 6, 036 6, 395 4, 538 3, 793 1, 794 328 2, 184	1, 992 9, 079 5, 618 3, 888 4, 320 5, 597 3, 538 3, 549 565 3, 741	250 472 862 750 403 844 723 314 34 500	31, 948 39, 941 40, 078 30, 928 44, 091 32, 483 21, 814 11, 438 1, 507 10, 628	82, 261, 000 191, 106, 500 202, 515, 500 159, 924, 000 142, 316, 500 181, 244, 500 138, 021, 500 81, 170, 000 11, 255, 000 102, 154, 000	•
Total					64, 485	110, 251	43, 081	41, 887	5, 152	264, 856	1, 291, 968, 500	
Total interest-bearing securities		133	3, 861, 858	1, 490, 653	318, 635	792, 861	90, 954	104, 897	10, 128	6, 670, 119	3, 810, 879, 360	
NONINTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES												
Liberty loans: ? Victory, 1922–1923 Certificates of indebtedness: June 15, 1922, TJ–1923	4¾ 3¾		84, 330	666, 022	9, 226 286	1, 675 136	788 13	1, 068		763, 109 435	91, 726, 700	
Total noninterest-bearing securities.			84, 330	666, 022	9, 512	1,811	801	1,068		763, 544	92, 070, 700	
Grand total		133	3, 946, 188	2, 156, 675	328, 147	794, 672	91, 755	105, 965	10, 128	7, 433, 663	3, 902, 950, 060	

² Includes denominational adjustments and adjustments between temporary and permanent loans affecting previous fiscal years, due to a revision of claim settlement accounts.

³ Does not include 6 pieces, 1 at \$50, and 5 at \$1,000, amounting to \$5,050, New Orleans, case 2262, suspense item received during the current fiscal year but shown in annual report for 1920.

NOTE.—The above figures do not include unissued certificates of indebtedness, Spanish pesetas, 1,031 pieces, 1,031,000,000 peseta value and 498 pieces having no value.

No. 12.—United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness, in bearer form, received from Federal reserve banks and Division of Loans and Currency for credit to all fiscal agency accounts during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, grouped according to fiscal agents

		Surre	ndered for reiss	ue of an equal	par amou	nt		Claims		Т	otal
Federal reserve banks	Denomina- tional ex- change ¹	Exchange	Temporary exchange	Conversion	Conver- sion ex- change	Mutila- tion ²	Total	settle- ment 3	Unissued stock 4	Pieces	Amount
Boston New York Philadelphia. Cleveland Richmond Atlanta. New Orleans Chicago. St. Louis Minneapolis. Kansas City. Dallas. San Francisco. Loans and currency.	1, 145, 588, 000 169, 481, 200 68, 330, 800 20, 725, 500 21, 031, 600 18, 432, 100 463, 664, 450 45, 769, 500 76, 625, 550 34, 075, 050 24, 417, 050 132, 665, 250		4, 604, 200 1, 025, 800 1, 590, 000 5555, 900 453, 450 285, 850 2, 397, 700 496, 900 387, 500	2, 770, 950 408, 950 1, 036, 850 124, 500 197, 150 47, 250 1, 333, 050 107, 850 123, 050 299, 400 85, 100			1, 152, 962, 250 170, 915, 950 70, 957, 650 21, 405, 900 21, 682, 200 18, 765, 200 467, 395, 200 46, 374, 250	\$45, 550	\$41, 610, 900 63, 478, 100 21, 299, 700 65, 016, 550 33, 518, 500 12, 448, 350 1, 260, 000 100, 293, 250 26, 296, 700 16, 604, 200 6, 476, 500 8, 441, 800 30, 067, 500 690, 478, 250	352, 517 1, 653, 971 267, 549 281, 901 58, 110 45, 119 23, 137 864, 669 88, 016 88, 211 83, 619 28, 061 324, 726 3, 274, 057	\$210, 227, 100 1, 216, 485, 900 192, 215, 650 135, 974, 200 54, 924, 400 54, 130, 550 20, 025, 200 567, 688, 450 72, 670, 950 93, 740, 300 41, 528, 400 33, 338, 950 164, 967, 550
Total	2, 392, 115, 250	365, 440, 260	16, 633, 750	11, 321, 050	28, 800	74, 750	2, 785, 613, 860	45, 900	1, 117, 290, 300	7, 433, 663	3, 902, 950, 060

¹ Includes special denominational exchange.

² Includes error.

No. 13.—First Liberty loan interim certificates returned for credit by Federal reserve banks during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, showing pieces and amounts by banks.

Federal reserve banks		otal er cent)	Federal reserve banks	Total (100 per cent)		
	Pieces	Amount		Pieces	Amount	
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago.	24 128 3 28 10 12 44	150	Total	12 3 6 18	\$700 150 300 1,200 31,400	

³ Includes claim issue, claim retirement. orgery coupon retirement, forgery coupon issue, securities trust fund, and special deposit account.
4 Includes unissued denominational exchange, unissued temporary exchange, unissued registered exchange, unissued conversion, and unissued allotment.

Includes unissued denominational exchange, unissued temporary exchange, unissued registered exchange, unissued conversion, and unissued anothers.

No. 14.—United States Treasury (war) savings securities received from division of loans and currency for credit to retirement accounts during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, grouped according to accounts credited

Class of security	Surrendered	for reissue of amount	an equal par	Claims	Total	
	Exchange	Reissue 1	Total	settlements 3	Pieces	Amount
NONREGISTERED War savings stamps:						
Series 1918 Series 1919 Series 1920 Series 1920	\$1,600 1,200	\$2, 050 3, 155 1, 480	4, 355	\$5	730 871 376	\$5 3, 650 4, 355 1, 880
Total nonregistered	3, 200	6, 685	9, 885	5	1, 978	9, 890
REGISTERED Treasury savings certificates: Series 1918 ³ Series 1919 ³ Series 1920 ³ Series 1920 ³ Series 1921 ⁸ Series 1921, new issue Series 1921, new issue Series 1922, issue Sept. 30, 1922 Series 1922, issue Sept. 30, 1922 Series 1923, issue Dec. 1, 1923 Series 1924, issue Dec. 1, 1923 Total		3, 600 48, 600 79, 300 60, 300 7, 550 278, 000 113, 775 514, 725 254, 750 248, 175	3, 600 48, 600 79, 300 60, 300 7, 550 278, 000 113, 775 514, 725 254, 750 248, 175	2, 900 7, 500 1, 925 300 41, 925 9, 200 85, 250 3, 450 5, 825	36 209 670 665 68 1, 526 503 2, 609 518 725	3, 600 51, 500 86, 800 62, 225 7, 850 319, 925 122, 975 599, 975 258, 200 254, 000
War savings stamps:	4, 100 4, 500	755 505 900	4, 855 5, 005 7, 550	21, 300 6, 670 1, 375 4, 210	4, 260 2, 305 1, 276 2, 352	21, 300 11, 525 6, 380 11, 760
Total	15, 250	2, 160	17, 410	33, 555	10, 193	50, 965
Total registered	15, 250	1, 610, 935	1, 626, 185	191, 830	17, 722	1, 818, 015
Grand total	18, 450	1, 617, 620	1, 636, 070	191, 835	19, 700	1, 827, 905

¹ Includes excess reissue.

Includes claim issue, claim retirement and claim exchange. Original claim issue accounts are included. No deduction is made on account of claim retirement, necessary information being unavailable.

In adjustment of previous figures, the following were transferred from unissued stock to reissue; series 1918, 36 pieces, \$3,600; series 1919, 157 pieces, \$42,700; series 1920, 380 pieces, \$48,800; series 1921, 417 pieces, \$39,975.

No. 15.—Unissued stock of United States Treasury (war) savings securities received from Federal reserve banks and other agencies for credit during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924

	Unissued	Credit	Credit	Mutilated	To	tal
Class of security	stock	allowed 1	retirement	credit	Pieces	Amount
NONREGISTERED War savings stamps:						
Series 1918 Series 1919.		1 800.00			30, 281 160	\$151, 405. 00 800. 00
Series 1920. Series 1921.	125,00	250.00 60.00			50 13	250.00 65.00
Total Thrift stamps	7, 639. 25 191, 128. 00	1, 135.00 141.25	\$1. 25	\$53. 75 85. 00	30, 084 30, 212 191, 213	150, 420. 00 7, 553. 00 191, 213. 00
Total nonregistered	350, 322. 25	1, 276. 25	1. 25	138.475	251, 509	349, 186. 00
Treasury savings certificates: Series 1918 ² Series 1919 ² Series 1920 ² Series 1921 ² Series 1922 ² Series 1922, new issue Series 1922, issue Sept. 30, 1922 Series 1923, issue Sept. 30, 1922 Series 1923, issue Dec. 1, 1923 Series 1924, issue Dec. 1, 1923	42,700.00 48,000.00 39,375.00 21,300.00 1,125.00 92,228,800.00 21,975.00		425. 00 2, 800. 00 2, 250. 00 1, 150. 00 2, 250. 00		157 372	2, 600.00 42, 700.00 48, 000.00 39, 600.00 18, 050.00 75.00 92, 285, 650.00 25, 225.00 1, 480, 050.00
	93, 601, 950. 00	63, 425. 00	10, 775. 00		419, 821	93, 676, 150. 00
Grand total	93, 952, 272. 25	62, 148. 75	10, 776. 25	138. 75	671, 330	94, 025, 336. 00

¹ Deductions made on account of cumulative credit retirements in adjustment of previous figures, in which no deductions were made pending receipt of all necessary information.
² See note 3, Table No. 14.

Class of security			Deno	minations b	y number of	pieces		T ₀	tal
Class of security		\$0. 25	\$1	\$5	\$25	\$100	\$1,000	Pieces	Amount
NONREGISTERED				}	,				
War savings stamps: Series 1918				30, 282				30, 282	\$151, 410
Series 1919				570				570	2, 850
Series 1920 Series 1921				821 389				821 389	4, 105 1, 945
Total	i			32, 062				32, 062	160, 310
Treasury savings stamps			101 212					191, 213	191, 213
Phrift stamps		30, 212	181, 213					30, 212	7, 553
Total nonregistered		30, 212	191, 213	32, 062				253, 487	359, 076
REGISTERED								·	
Treasury savings certificates: Series 1918.		,				10	j	10	1,000
Series 1919						48	4	52	8,800
Series 1920 Series 1921						288 194	10	298 245	38, 800 22, 625
Series 1921, new issue					10	56	. 2	68	7,850
Series 1922, new issue Series 1922, issue Sept. 30, 1922.					355 66	1,011	228 88	1, 594 488	337, 975 123, 050
Series 1922, issue Sept. 30, 1922					63, 793	334 290, 558	62, 235	416, 586	92, 885, 62
Series 1923, issue Dec. 1, 1923					85	303	251	639	283, 425
Series 1924, issue Dec. 1, 1923					2, 162	3, 920	1, 288	7,370	1, 734, 050
Total					66, 520	296, 722	64, 108	427, 350	95, 443, 200
War savings stamps: Series 1918				4 900				4, 260	21, 300
Series 1918				4, 260 2, 305				2, 305	11, 525
Series 1920				1, 276				1, 276	6, 380
Series 1921				2, 352				2, 352	11, 760
Total				10, 193				10, 193	50, 965
Total registered				10, 193	66, 520	296, 722	64, 108	437, 543	95, 494, 165
Grand total	,	30, 212	191, 213	42, 255	66, 520	296, 722	64, 108	691, 030	95, 853, 241

Note.—Original claim issue accounts are included in above statement, no deduction is made on account of claim retirement, necessary information being unavailable. Credit allowed has been reduced by the amount of cumulative credit retirement, adjusting previous years in which no deductions were made pending receipt of all necessary information.

No. 17.—United States Treasury (war) savings securities received from Federal reserve banks, postmasters, Treasurer of the United States; and the Division of Loans and Currency for credit to all fiscal accounts during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924

Class of security		from Federal rve banks	Assista	Received from Third Assistant Postmaster General		eived from reasurer	Division	ived from of Loans and arrency	Total received	
	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount
NONREGISTERED										
War saving stamps: Series 1918. Series 1919 Series 1920 Series 1921			30, 281 160 50 13	800.00 250.00 65.00			730 871 376	\$5.00 3,650.00 4,355.00 1,880.00	30, 282 570 821 389	\$151, 410. 00 2, 850. 00 4, 105. 00 1, 945. 00
Total			30, 084	150, 420. 00			1, 978	9, 890. 00	32, 062	160, 310. 00
Treasury savings stamps	1		665	150. 00 166. 25			191, 063 30, 877	191, 063. 00 7, 719. 25	191, 213 30, 212	191, 213. 00 7, 553. 00
Total nonregistered			29, 569	150, 403. 75			223, 918	208, 672. 25	253, 487	359, 076. 00
REGISTERED	-									
Treasury savings certificates: Series 1918. Series 1919. Series 1920. Series 1921, new issue. Series 1922, new issue. Series 1922, issue Sept. 30, 1922. Series 1923, issue Sept. 30, 1922. Series 1923, issue Dec. 1, 1923. Series 1924, issue Dec. 1, 1923.	12, 262 90 544	\$3, 291, 250, 00 21, 975, 00 168, 625, 00	20 7 48 3,021 1 6,067	650.00 1, \$75.00 3, \$00.00 537, 975.00 1, 000.00 1, 309, 525.00	83	\$22, 775. 00	298 265 68 1, 601 1 536 401, 220 548 759	1, 000. 00 8, 800. 00 38, 800. 00 23, 275. 00 7, 850. 00 339, 350. 00 1 126, 350. 00 89, 033, 625. 00 260, 450. 00 255, 900. 00	10 52 298 245 68 1, 594 488 416, 586 639 7, 370	1, 000. 00 8, 800. 00 38, 800. 00 22, 625. 00 7, 850. 00 337, 975. 00 123, 050. 00 92, 885, 625. 00 28, 425. 00 1, 734, 050. 00
Total	12, 896	3, 481, 850. 00	9, 014	1, 843, 175. 00	83	22, 775. 00	405, 357	90, 095, 400. 00	427, 350	95, 443, 200. 00
War savings stamps:		····					1, 276 2, 352	21, 300, 00 11, 525, 00 6, 380, 00 11, 760, 00	4, 260 2, 305 1, 276 2, 352	21, 300. 00 11, 525. 00 6, 380. 00 11, 760. 00
Total	-						10, 193	50, 965. 00	10, 193	50, 965. 00
Total registered	12, 896	3, 481, 850. 00	9, 014	1, 843, 175. 00	. 83	22, 775. 00	415, 550	90, 146, 365: 00	437, 543	95, 494, 165. 00
Grand total	12,896	3, 481, 850. 00	38, 583	1, 993, 578. 75	83	22, 775. 00	639, 468	90, 355, 037. 25	691, 030	95, 853, 241. 00

¹Includes 3 excess specimen securities amounting to \$1, 125, received from the Commissioner of the Public Debt.

Note.—Original claim issue accounts are included in above statement, no deduction is made on account of claim retirement, necessary information being unavailable. "Credit allowed" has been reduced by the amount of cumulative credit retirements, adjusting previous years in which no deductions were made pending receipt of all necessary information

No. 18.—United States securities, in bearer form (interest coupons not included), received for credit to all fiscal agency accounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, reported according to the Federal reserve banks and other fiscal agencies

Federal reserve bank or other fiscal agency	ra l reserve bank or other fiscal agency		Lib	erty loans 1	Liberty loan interim certificates		Certificates of indebtedness		Treasury (war) savings securities			Per- cent- age of	
	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	total
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta New Orleans Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco Division of Loans and Currency Postmasters	2, 903	\$2,331,910.00	1, 624, 879 253, 371 261, 959 49, 044 39, 969 21, 495 838, 784 79, 871 81, 247 81, 426 24, 480 312, 215	996, 022, 900, 00 127, 656, 150, 00 94, 810, 200, 00 28, 278, 400, 00 16, 642, 050, 00 12, 398, 700, 00 384, 524, 950, 00 36, 370, 900, 00 36, 370, 900, 00 12, 284, 955, 00	128 3 528 10 12 44 12 	2, 600. 00 700. 00 850. 00 3, 700. 00 700. 00 150. 00 300. 00 1, 200. 00	29, 092 14, 178 19, 942 9, 066 5, 150 1, 642 25, 885 8, 145 6, 964 2, 193 3, 581	220, 463, 000. 00 64, 559, 500. 00 41, 164, 000. 00 28, 646, 000. 00 17, 488, 500. 00 183, 163, 500. 00 34, 269, 500. 00 11, 157, 500. 00 11, 157, 500. 00 56, 742, 000. 00		\$208, 672. 25	1, 654, 099 267, 552 281, 929 58, 120 45, 131 23, 137 864, 713 88, 028 88, 211 83, 622 28, 067 324, 744 3, 497, 975	135, 976, 800, 00 54, 925, 100, 00 34, 131, 400, 00 20, 025, 200, 00 567, 692, 150, 00 72, 671, 650, 00 93, 740, 300, 00 41, 528, 550, 00 164, 968, 750, 00 1, 065, 241, 132, 25	31. 17 4. 92 3. 48 1. 41 . 51 14. 54 1. 86 2. 40 1. 06 4. 22 27. 28
Total	2, 903	2, 331, 910. 00	7, 165, 469	2, 608, 305. 650. 00	288	31, 400. 00	265, 291	1, 292, 312, 500. 00	253, 487	359, 076. 00	7, 687, 438	3, 903, 340, 536. 00	100.0

¹ Includes Treasury bonds and Treasury notes.

No. 19.—United States bonds, notes, in registered form, received from Division of Loans and Currency for credit to retirement accounts during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, grouped according to accounts credited

· 	Interest	Sur	rendered for re	eissue of an equ	al par amo	unt	Claim	Total	
Title of loan	rate	Exchange	Transfer	Conversion	Mutila- tion	Total	settle- ments 1	Pieces	Amount
INTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES									
Pre-war loans:	Per cent		1		i				
Loan of 1925			\$9, 411, 200		\$2,500	\$9, 413, 700	\$100	2, 141	\$9, 413, 80
Consols of 1930	_ 2		33, 175, 650			33, 175, 650		4, 234	33, 175, 65
Panama Canal loans—	1			ř			!	_ ′	
Series of 1906-1936	. 2		3, 561, 540		l	3, 561, 540		692	3, 561, 54
Series of 1908-1938	. 2		1, 363, 660			1, 363, 660		337	1, 363, 66
Series of 1911–1961	.] 3	l	3, 594, 700			3, 594, 700		2, 501	3, 594, 70
Conversion bonds, series of 1916-1946	. 3		3, 594, 700 98, 200			3, 594, 700 98, 200		34	98, 20
Postal savings bonds—						,		۱	23, 20
First series	21/6		1, 200	1	li	1, 200		8	1, 20
Second series			10, 860			10, 860	100	10ŏ	10, 96
Third series	21/3		26, 240			26, 240	100	176	26, 24
Fourth series			31 100			31, 100	200	193	31, 30
Fifth series	21/2		28, 780			28, 780	100	160	28, 8
Sixth series			36, 500			36, 500	100	213	36, 50
Seventh series			23, 640			23, 640		130	23, 64
Eighth series	- 272					34, 220	300	222	
Ninth series	- 272					28, 200	300	158	34, 52
Tenth series						35, 600		220	28, 20
Eleventh'series			20,000			38, 980			35, 60
			30, 900			38, 980		213	38, 98
Twelfth series			30,400][30, 460		151	30, 40
Thirteenth series			38,960			38, 960		196	38, 96
Fourteenth series			15, 380			15, 380		81	15, 38
Fifteenth series			6, 120			6, 120		·26	6, 1
Sixteenth series	$\frac{21}{2}$		3, 920			3, 920		20	3, 93
Seventeenth series	$2\frac{1}{2}$		10, 560			10, 560		32	. 10, 50
Eighteenth series	$ 2\frac{1}{2}$		5, 600			5, 600		24	5, 60
Nineteenth series	. 21/2		7, 560			7, 560		18	7, 5
Twentieth series	. 21/2		14, 100			14, 100	1,000	35	15, 10
Twenty-first series	. 21/2		6,040			6,040		14	6, 04
Twenty-second series	. 21/9		8,900			8, 900		25	8, 90
Twenty-third series Twenty-fourth series	$2\frac{1}{2}$		1,040			1,040		4	1, 0
Twenty-fourth series	$2\frac{1}{2}$		500			500		1	5
Twenty-fifth series	. 21/2		1,000			1,000		2	1,00
Twenty-sixth series	$2\frac{1}{2}$		700			700		7	70
Total			51, 651, 110		2, 500	51, 653, 610	1, 800	12, 368	51, 655, 41
T thereby leaves			 -						
Liberty loans:	01/	#01 070 000	10 005: 500			25 000 400	1 000	0.100	05 500 00
First, 1932–1947	3/2	\$21, 873, 900	13, 825, 500	\$1, 237, 050		35, 699, 400	1, 200	8, 103	35, 700, 60
First, converted, 1932-1947	. 4	768, 150	5, 900	\$1, 237, 050		2, 011, 100	4, 800	7,599	2, 015, 9

First, converted, 1932–1947 First, second, converted, 1932–1947 Second, 1927–1942 Second, converted, 1927–1942 Third, 1928 Fourth, 1933–1938	41/4 4 41/4 41/4	9, 960, 200 66, 400 3, 457, 450 61, 931, 050 103, 753, 050 129, 026, 150	20, 550 27, 350 36, 924, 000 47, 306, 250	4, 585, 300	900 8, 050 13, 500	12, 580, 850 86, 950 8, 071, 000 98, 863, 100 151, 072, 800 195, 675, 950	29, 250 500 22, 300 142, 300 243, 250 385, 250	21, 471 224 27, 804 75, 548 137, 298 210, 915	12, 610, 100 87, 450 8, 093, 300 99, 005, 400 151, 316, 050 196, 061, 200
Total		330, 836, 350	167, 357, 500	5, 822, 350	44, 950	504, 061, 150	828, 850	488, 962	504, 890, 000
Treasury bonds, 1947–1952	41/4	8, 809, 800	10, 685, 500			19, 495, 300	3, 000	3, 520	19, 498, 300
Total interest-bearing securities		339, 646, 150	229, 694, 110	5, 822, 350	47, 450	575, 210, 060	833, 650	504, 850	576, 043, 710
NONINTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES									·
Liberty loans, Victory, 1922-23	43/4		550			550		6	550
Grand total		339, 646, 150	229, 694, 660	5, 822, 350	47, 450	575, 210, 610	833, 650	504, 856	576, 044, 260

¹ Include claim issue, claim retirement.

NOTE.—The above figures do not include claim redemption retirement as follows: Victory 43/4's, 27 pieces, \$3,100.

No. 20.—Unissued stock of United States bonds, notes, in registered form, received from the Division of Loans and Currency for credit during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924

The street	Interest	т	otal	Title of loan	Interest	Total	
Title of loan	rate	Pieces Amount		Title of loan	rate	Pieces	Amount
INTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES				INTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES—continued .			-
Pre-war loans: Loan of 1925. Consols of 1930. Panama Canal loans:	Per cent	2 5	\$10,000 5,000	Liberty Joans—Continued. Third, 1928. Fourth, 1933-1938.	Per cent 41/4 41/4	632 726	\$8,216,350 6,837,000
Series of 1906–1936	· 2	1 2	1,000 2,000	Total		2,737	24, 967, 350
Total		10	18,000	Treasury bonds, 1947-1952		88	755,300
Liberty loans:	21/	21	107.000	Total interest bearing securities		2,835	25,740,650
First, 1932-1947 First, converted, 1932-1947 First, converted, 1932-1947 First, second converted, 1932-1947	31/2 4 41/4 41/4 41/4	31 1 185 453	167, 900 100 1, 137, 800 4, 600, 650	NONINTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES Liberty loans, Victory, 1922-23	43/4	5,055	44,009,900
Second, converted, 1927-1942	414	709	4,007,550	Grand total		7,890	69, 750, 550

Note.—The above figures do not include 277 pieces 2 per cent Pittman Act certificates of indebtedness having no value.

No. 21.—United States bonds, notes, in registered form, received from Division of Loans and Currency for credit to all accounts during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, showing loans, denominations, pieces, and total amount

mal, attaca	Interest	Denominations by number of pieces									Total	
Title of loan	rate	\$20	\$50	\$100	\$500	\$1,000	\$5,000	\$10,000	\$50,000	\$100,000	Pieces	Amount
INTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES											•	
re-war loans:	Per cent											
Loan of 1925	4		14	216	165	814	167	767			2, 143	\$9, 423, 80
Consols of 1930	2		65	314	192	1, 015	427	2, 035	191		4, 239	33, 180, 656
Panama Canal loans— Series of 1906–1936	2	. 7		54		307	[325			693	3, 562, 540
Series of 1908–1938	2	3		26		191		117			337	1, 363, 66
Series of 1911-1961	3			82	77	2, 210		134			2, 503	3, 596, 70
Conversion bonds, series of 1916-1946	3			2		23	3	6			34	98, 20
Postal-savings bonds—	01.4			_							ا م ا	
First series Second series	$\frac{21}{2}$	23		7 70	1 7			,,			100	1, 20 10, 96
Third series		32		116	28						176	26, 24
Fourth series	21/2 21/2 21/2 21/2 21/2 21/2 21/2	30		127	36						193	31, 30
Fifth series	$2^{1/2}$	34		87	39						160	28, 88
Sixth series	$2\frac{1}{2}$	45		121	47						213	36, 50
Seventh series	21/2	22		77	31						130	23, 64
Eighth seriesNinth series	21/2	36		148 91	38 37						222 158	34, 52 28, 20
Tenth series	272	40		138	42		 				220	28, 20 35, 60
Eleventh series	$2^{1/5}$	19		146	48						213	38, 98
Twelfth series	21/2	28		79	44						151	30, 46
Thirteenth series	$2\frac{1}{2}$	23		120	53						196	38, 96
Fourteenth series	$\frac{21}{2}$	9		52	20						81	15, 38
Fifteenth series Sixteenth series	21/2	11		10 2	10						26	6, 12
Seventeenth series	21/2 21/2 21/2 21/2 21/2 21/2	11		10	19						20 32	3, 92 10, 56
Eighteenth series	216	5		10	10						24	5, 60
Nineteenth series	21/2	š			15						18	7, 56
Twentieth series	$2\frac{1}{2}$			6	29						35	15, 10
Twenty-first series	21/2	2			12						14	6, 04
Twenty-second series	2½ 2½			9.	16						25	8, 90
Twenty-third series Twenty-fourth series	$\frac{272}{216}$. 2			2						4	1, 04 50
Twenty-fifth series.	21/2				2						.2	1,00
Twenty-sixth series	$\frac{1}{2}$			7							7	7,00
	-			<u>`</u>								
Total		413	79	2, 127	1,027	4, 560	597	3, 384	191		12, 378	51, 673, 41

10065—;	Liberty loans— First, 1932–1947 First, converted, 1932–1947 First, converted, 1932–1947 First, second converted, 1932–1947 Second, 1937–1942 Second, converted, 1927–1942 Third, 1928 Fourth, 1933–1938	4 41/4 41/4 4 41/4 41/4		860 3, 512 134 8, 146 13, 989 30, 818 45, 730	3, 690 5, 045 10, 743 179 14, 715 33, 390 66, 030 104, 122	725 987 3, 196 119 2, 503 10, 165 16, 467 24, 027	1, 937 660 3, 600 94 2, 188 14, 747 19, 465 31, 051	652 33 330 50 141 1,695 1,836 2,877	864 15 235 51 92 1,662 2,281 2,660	106 14 25 15 137 232 225	26 25 4 472 801 949	8, 134 7, 600 21, 656 677 27, 804 76, 257 137, 930 211, 641	35, 868, 500 2, 016, 000 13, 747, 900 4, 688, 100 8, 093, 300 103, 012, 950 159, 532, 400 202, 898, 200
fi 1924	Total			103, 189	237, 914	58, 189	.73, 742	7, 614	7, 860	754	2, 437	491, 699	529, 857, 350
	Treasury bonds, 1947-1952	41/4			791	437	1, 301	209	721	. 90	59	3, 608	20, 253, 600
Ŧ	Total interest-bearing securities		413	103, 268	240, 832	59, 653	79, 603	8, 420	11, 965	1, 035	2, 496	507, 685	601, 784, 360
	NONINTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES				-					·			
86 L	iberty loans, Victory, 1922-23	43/4		979	1, 135	530	253	1, 326	390	240	208	5, 061	44, 010, 450
_	Grand total		413	104, 247	241, 967	60, 183	79, 856	9, 746	12, 355	1, 275	2, 704	512, 746	645, 794, 810

NOTE.—The above figures do not include claim redemption retirement as follows: Victory 4¾'s, 8 pieces at \$50, 17 pieces at \$100, and 2 pieces at \$500. NOTE.—The above figures do not include 277 pieces 2 per cent Pittman Act unissued certificates of indebtedness having no value.

No. 22.—United States securities, belonging to previous fiscal years, received for audit and file during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924

	Interest		Exchange.	Claim	Unissued		Total
Title of loan	rate	Redemption	transfer, etc.	settlements	stock	Pieces	Amount
PRE-WAR LOANS	_						
Bearer: Loan of 1908–1918	Per cent.			\$1,000,00		6	\$1,000.00
One-year Treasury notes, series Apr. 1, 1918-19 1	š				\$13,000,000.00	5, 800	13, 000, 000. 00
Postals savings bonds— Fifth series	21/2			140.00		3	140. 00
Ninth series	21/2			500.00		1	500.00
Total bearer				1, 640. 00	13,000,000.00	5, 810	13, 001, 640. 00
Registered:							
Loan of 1841 Loan of 1842		\$5, 672, 976. 88 6, 568, 486. 03	\$3,910,066.18		30 000 00	3,324 9,718	9, 583, 043. 06 26, 445, 980. 87
Loan of 1843	5	5, 596, 731. 35	16, 810, 500, 00		30, 000. 00	6, 573	22, 407, 231. 35
Loan of 1846	6	4, 976, 023, 00	11, 757, 648, 35	l		7,784	16, 733, 671, 35
Loan of 1847		28, 172, 200. 00	52, 247, 450. 00			37,684	80, 419, 650. 00
Loan of 1848		8, 009, 000. 00	19, 631, 291. 80			9, 939	27, 640, 291. 80 16, 685, 000. 00
Loan of 1858		6, 255, 000. 00	10, 430, 000. 00 7, 144, 000. 00				16, 685, 000. 00
Loan of 1860. Loan of February, 1861.	6	6, 075, 000. 00 14, 888, 000. 00	42, 249, 000, 00	26 000 00		3, 499 19, 803	13, 219, 000, 00 57, 173, 000, 00
Loan of July and August, 1861	6	36, 219, 600. 00	348, 216, 950. 00	369 500 00		108, 832	384 806 050 00
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued	31/2	127, 595, 600. 00	42, 991, 400. 00	000,000.00		39, 530	384, 806, 050. 00 170, 587, 000. 00
Loan of 1862	6	116, 808, 800. 00	164, 951, 750, 00	80, 000, 00		95,621	281, 840, 550, 00
Loan of 1863	6	14, 732, 950, 00	139, 344, 350, 00	89, 150.00		43,012	154, 166, 450, 00
Loan of 1863, continued	31/2	50, 457, 850. 00	27, 803, 150. 00			18,506	78, 261, 000. 00
Ten-forties of 1864	5	144, 854, 150. 00	219, 460, 950. 00	042.000.00	[09,721	364, 957, 450. 00
Five-twenties of March, 1864.	6	3, 129, 100. 00	3, 229, 200. 00 61, 372, 450. 00			1,569	6, 358, 300. 00
Five-twenties of June, 1864 Five-twenties of Mar. 3, 1865	6	57, 898, 950. 00 63, 570, 300. 00	81, 377, 450, 00	16,000.00		29, 895 42, 631	119, 279, 400. 00 144, 963, 750, 00
Consols of 1865	6	115 952 900 00	209, 074, 950. 00	130, 100, 00		106, 258	325 157 950 00
Consols of 1867		115, 952, 900. 00 152, 328, 500. 00	244, 612, 800. 00	131, 000, 00		127, 117	325, 157, 950. 00 397, 072, 300. 00
Consols of 1868		17, 531, 000. 00	23, 012, 000, 00	6, 500, 00		13, 185	40, 549, 500. 00
Funded loan of 1881	5	60, 576, 100, 00	331, 952, 200. 00	611, 500.00		79, 691	393, 139, 800, 00
Funded loan of 1881, continued Loan of July 12, 1882	31/2	694, 515, 250. 00	186, 615, 500. 00	600.00		110, 321	881, 131, 350. 00 449, 017, 800. 00
Loan of July 12, 1882	3	305, 581, 050. 00	143, 434, 650. 00	2, 100.00		111, 161	449, 017, 800. 00
Funded loan of 1891	41/2	184, 271, 950. 00	491, 643, 950. 00 32, 918, 900. 00	25, 200. 00		173, 534	675, 941, 100. 0 0 83, 437, 500. 00
Funded loan of 1891, continued Certificates of indebtedness, June 3, 1898.	3	50, 518, 600. 00	32, 918, 900, 00			16, 472 592	33,437,500.00
Loan of 1904	2	16, 186, 500. 00 75, 399, 250. 00	2, 038, 000. 00 128, 582, 550. 00	5 050 00		54, 729	18, 224, 500. 00 203, 986, 850. 00
Loan of 1907	4	660, 344, 000. 00	1, 920, 265, 150. 00	747, 200, 00		765, 611	2, 581, 356, 350. 00
Loan of 1908-1918	l ŝ	103, 205, 420. 00	218, 894, 140. 00	94, 320. 00		178, 584	322, 193, 880. 00

REGISTER	
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THE	
TREASURY	

Loan of 1908–1918, provisional certificates. Bounty land script. Treasury notes of 1916–17, interim certificates Loan of 1925. Consols of 1930. Consols of 1930, refunding transfer certificates. Panama Canal loan— Series of 1906–1936. Series of 1906–1936, refunding transfer certificates. Series of 1908–1938, refunding transfer certificates. Series of 1908–1938, refunding transfer certificates. Series of 1911–1961. Series of 1911–1961, provisional certificates. Conversion bonds— Series of 1916–1946, interim certificates. Postal savings bonds— Third series. Fourth series. Fourth series. Fifth series Sixth series Seventh series.	6 3 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 2 1/2/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2	229, 000. 00 35, 184, 550. 00	4,390,000.00 481,911,050.00 1,234,686,150.00 6,735,750.00 80,986,900.00 30,000.00 54,082,480.00 18,700.00 49,603,400.00 25,812,300.00	17, 100, 00 27, 700, 00 27, 700, 00 2, 000, 00 2, 000, 00 100, 00 540, 00 1, 640, 00 1, 240, 00	400,000.00	18, 177 2 9, 083 1 43, 063 2, 464 2, 301 1 7 14 10	15, 946, 820, 00 548, 650, 00 4, 390, 000, 00 517, 112, 700, 00 1, 234, 713, 850, 00 6, 735, 750, 00 80, 986, 900, 00 30, 000, 00 54, 082, 480, 00 18, 700, 00 26, 212, 300, 00 5, 900, 600, 00 1, 640, 00 1, 640, 00 1, 640, 00 1, 240, 00 240, 00 241, 00 241, 00
Eighth series. Ninth series. Tenth series Twelfth series	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\frac{1}{2} \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \end{vmatrix}$		20.00	2 120 00		10 2 3	2, 900. 00 2, 120. 00 520. 00 1, 100. 00
Total registered		3, 173, 304, 787. 26	7, 166, 243, 711. 17	3, 051, 750. 00	430, 000. 00	2, 688, 035	10, 343, 030, 248. 43
Total pre-war loans		3, 173, 304, 787. 26	7, 166, 243, 711. 17	3, 053, 390. 00	13, 430, 000. 00	2, 693, 845	10, 356, 031, 888. 43
CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS Registered: Mar. 31, 1917 1	2				75, 000, 000. 00	300	75, 000, 000. 00
TREASURY (WAR) SAVINGS SECURITIES							
Nonregistered: War savings stamps— Series 1918. Series 1919 Series 1920. Series 1921					74, 655. 00 14, 515. 00 6, 690. 00 6, 215. 00	14, 931 2, 903 1, 338 1, 243	74, 655. 00 14, 515. 00 6, 690. 00 6, 215. 00
Total					102, 075. 00	20, 415	102, 075. 00
Treasury savings stamps					517. 00 12, 474. 00	517 49, 896	517. 00 12, 474. 00
Total nonregistered					115, 066. 00	70, 828	115, 066. 00
¹ Covers securities audited and destroyed by Division of Loans an	d Currence	v. not previously in	ncluded in account	s of register's o	ffice.		

No. 22.—United States securities, belonging to previous fiscal years, received for audit and file during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924—Contd.

mish of low	Interest	Redemption	Exchange.	Claim	Unissued		Total
Title of loan	rate.	Kedemption	transfer, etc.	settlements	stock	Pieces	Amount
TREASURY (WAR) SAVINGS SECURITIES—continued			,				• • • •
Registered: Treasury savings certificates—	Per cent			817 F00 00			2.7 -22 -2
Series 1919 Series 1920 Series 1921				17, 700. 00 17, 700. 00 2, 175. 00		76 132 18	\$17, 500. 00 17, 700. 00 2, 175. 00
Total War savings stamps—	l .	1		37, 375. 00		226	37, 375. 00
Series 1918				1, 400. 00		280	1, 400. 00
Total registered				38, 775. 00		506	38, 775. 00
Total Treasury (war) savings securities				38, 775. 00	\$115, 066. 00	71,334	153, 841. 00
Grand total		\$3, 173, 304, 787. 26	\$7, 166, 243, 711. 17	3, 092, 165. 00	88, 545, 066. 00	2, 765, 479	10, 431, 185, 729. 43

No. 23.—Comparative statement showing United States securities (interest coupons not included) received for credit to all fiscal agency accounts for the fiscal years 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, and totals received from April 6, 1917, to June 30, 1924

Class of securities	1921 1		1922 1		1923 1		-	1924 1	Apr. 6, 1917, to June 30, 1924	
Chas of securives	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount
BEARER								·		
Pre-war loans ² Liberty loans Treasury bonds	4, 092 49, 429, 379	\$3, 230, 780. 00 11, 578, 342, 600. 00	3, 628 13, 154, 929	\$2, 877, 730. 00 2, 873, 611, 800. 00	2, 190 10, 201, 454 113, 579	2, 515, 542, 850. 00	6, 861, 848	1, 390, 497, 750.00	139, 850, 305	30, 637, 029, 700. 0
Preasury notes	453, 277	4, 560, 700, 00 2, 120, 351, 500, 00	1,031 427,644	105, 640. 00 1, 971, 651, 000. 00	191, 086 763 472, 304	903, 704, 200. 00 65, 450. 00 2, 111, 912, 000. 00	230, 132 288 265, 291	1, 099, 234, 500. 00 31, 400. 00 1, 292, 312, 500. 00	461, 401 8, 403, 965 4, 504, 248	2, 077, 504, 100. 0 6, 959, 228, 650. 0 21, 206, 360, 000. 0
Treasury (war) savings securities Total	20, 689, 074 70, 580, 270	70, 465, 235. 00 13, 779, 335, 315. 00	99, 639, 249 113, 265, 523			2, 386, 345. 25 5, 708, 029, 355. 25	324, 315 7, 764, 076		235, 054, 982 388, 500, 340	
REGISTERED 3				 -		,				
Pre-war loan 2	18,665 840, 399					56,232,830.00 1,225,828,750.00 7,216,400.00	496, 760	573, 867, 800. 00	4, 867, 841	7,510,729,181.1 4,577,889,200.0 27,470,000.0
Certificates of indebtedness Preasury (war) savings securities	155 586, 934			26, 646, 300. 00	715, 298	3, 967, 000. 00 82, 314, 415. 00	300	75, 000, 000. 00 95, 532, 940. 00		266, 805, 000. 0
Total	1, 446, 153	981, 767, 715. 00	1, 452, 366	1, 190, 872, 990. 00	1, 753, 606	1, 375, 559, 395, 00	2, 963, 350	7, 986, 053, 211. 17	9, 307, 014	12, 713, 612, 611. 1
Grand total	72, 026, 423	14, 761, 103, 030. 00	114, 717, 889	6, 152, 127, 116. 75	15, 077, 448	7, 083, 588, 750. 25	10, 727, 426	11, 902, 510, 453. 17	397, 807, 354	74, 585, 284, 9 96. 1

Includes work belonging to previous fiscal years, which was received for audit and file or adjustment of accounts during the current year.
 No deduction made on account of claim retirement previous to fiscal year 1924, pending revision of accounts.
 Includes securities in registered form, unissued and returned in blank.

No. 24.—Paid coupons received from the Treasurer of the United States during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, grouped according to loans and denominations

					Denomin	ations of bo	nds, notes, and	i certificate	s		
Title of loan	Interest rate	\$20		\$50		\$100		\$500		\$1,000	
		Coupons	Amount	Coupons	Amount	Coupons	Amount	Coupons	Amount	Coupons	Amount
UNITED STATES LOANS						-					
Pre-war loans: Funded loan of 1891	Per cent							19	\$106. 87		
Loan of 1904 Loan of 1907 Loan of 1908–1918 Loan of 1925 Consols of 1930	4 3 4			1, 292 241	\$4. 50 646. 00 60. 25	339 973 3, 660 956	\$1. 25 339. 00 729. 75 3, 660. 00 478. 00	2 12 2, 088 529	10. 00 45. 00 10, 440. 00 1, 322. 50	20, 074 2, 267	\$10. 00 200, 740. 00 11, 335. 00
Panama Canal loans— Series of 1906–1936. Series of 1908–1938. Series of 1911–196i. Conversion bonds—	1 2	51 18				2 6 1, 595	1. 00 3. 00 1, 196. 25	2, 026	7, 597. 50	13 212 16, 876	65. 00 1, 060. 00 126, 570. 00
Series of 1916–1946 Postal saving bonds	3 2½	2, 421	605. 25			1, 260 2, 822	945. 00 3, 527. 50	560	3, 500. 00	54, 745	410, 587. 50
Total		4, 926	977. 55	1, 542	710. 75	14, 614	10, 880.75	5, 226	23, 021. 87	94, 188	750, 367. 5
Liberty loans: First, 1932-1947 First, converted, 1932-1947 First, converted, 1932-1947 First, second converted, 1932-1947 Second, 1927-1942 Second, converted, 1927-1942 Third, 1928 Fourth, 1933-1938 Victory, 1922-1923	4 4½ 4½ 4 4½ 4½ 4¼ 4¼ 4¾ 3¾			661, 811 47, 386 804, 254 3, 335 182, 321 2, 374, 024 5, 029, 465 4, 605, 089 662, 382 534	578, 661. 54 47, 320. 08 852, 705. 98 3, 537. 25 182, 321. 00 2, 517, 136. 08 5, 328, 911. 42 4, 883, 223. 54 748, 885. 97 514. 36	417, 290 22, 543 754, 955 2, 762 87, 815 2, 127, 424 4, 026, 963 4, 210, 277 370, 681 255	730; 257: 50 45, 033, 22. 1, 603, 506, 68 5, 872, 84 175, 630, 00 4, 515, 781, 67 8, 558, 811, 60 8, 957, 657, 08 824, 454, 58 692, 53	1, 186 140, 707 587 6, 267 427, 338 743, 255 745, 236 32, 050 84		1, 256 186, 537 1, 460 7, 036 947, 793 1, 536, 589	18, 219, 757, 55 25, 086-14 3, 963, 911, 22 31, 025, 00 140, 720, 00 20, 140, 601, 23 32, 651, 862, 22 35, 002, 191, 00 632, 476, 44 6, 115, 12
Total				14, 370, 601	15, 143, 217. 22	12, 020, 965	25, 417, 697. 70	2, 198, 499	23, 174, 573. 79	5, 398, 250	110, 813, 745. 8
Treasury bonds, 1947-1952	41/4					60, 915	129, 079. 71	36, 328	385, 685. 01	174, 314	3, 703, 251. 9

Treasury notes: June 15, 1921, series A-1924. Sept. 15, 1921, series B-1924. Feb. 1, 1922, series A-1925. Mar. 15, 1922, series A-1926. June 15, 1922, series A-1926. Aug. 1, 1922, series B-1926. Dec. 15, 1922, series B-1926. Jan. 15, 1923, series A-1927. May 15, 1923, series B-1927.	43/4 43/8 41/4 41/2 41/2					23, 847 18, 462 18, 184 59, 850 32, 245 24, 620 65, 545 40, 397 182, 215	68, 512, 46 50, 770, 50 43, 260, 00 142, 102, 39 .70, 608, 00 52, 818, 22 147, 476, 25 85, 572, 49 339, 990, 09	27, 812 28, 834 26, 330 25, 986 14, 667 38, 093 27, 143 99, 552	399, 735, 38 396, 467, 50 307, 976, 18 308, 566, 06 160, 640, 10 231, 554, 37 428, 546, 25 290, 062, 11 938, 758, 47	65, 400 74, 618 88, 077 124, 990 36, 974 69, 999 85, 203 57, 080 215, 607	1, 880, 250, 00 2, 051, 995, 00 2, 088, 672, 15 2, 968, 512, 50 808, 695, 68 1, 494, 186, 36 1, 917, 967, 50 1, 231, 802, 19 4, 120, 905, 93
Total						465, 365	1, 001, 110. 40	310, 101	3, 462, 306. 42	817, 948	18, 562, 087. 31
Certificate of indebtedness	4 41/4 43/4 5 51/4 53/4							3	304. 95 35, 043. 84 51, 610. 00 86, 993. 56 235, 566. 15 237. 69 37. 50 911. 89 847. 12 186. 99	65 12, 269 15, 127 21, 887 53, 767 6 13 34 34 34 20	720, 85 230, 043, 75 302, 540, 00 465, 098, 75 1, 209, 648, 25 150, 00 576, 29 1, 343, 06 959, 13 840, 00
Total								38, 197	412, 204. 69	103, 222	2, 211, 920. 08
Total United States loans District of Columbia funded loan of 1924.		4, 926	977. 55	14, 372, 143 551	15, 143, 927. 97 502. 78¾	12, 558, 859	26, 558, 768. 56	2, 588, 361 691	27, 457, 791. 78 6, 305. 37½	6, 587, 922	136, 041, 372. 76
Grand total		4, 926	977. 55	14, 372, 694	15, 144, 430. 75¾	12, 558, 859	26, 558, 768. 56	2, 589, 052	27, 464, 097. 15½	6, 587, 922	136, 041, 372. 76

¹ Redemption cost of above coupons, \$6,807.86.

Note.—The above figures do not include the months of April, covering 7,192,912 pieces amounting to \$102,145,132.76, May, 5,551,692 pieces, \$57,805,761.28; and June, 4,602,853 pieces. \$69.902.372.78. which are in process of audit. Figures by denominations are unavailable.

No. 24.—Paid coupons received from the Treasurer of the United States during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, grouped according to loans and denominations—Continued

·	1	1							
				Deno	ominations of bo	nds, notes,	and certificates		
Title of loan	Interest rate	,	\$5,000		\$10,000		\$100,000		Total
		Coupons	Amount	Coupons	Amount	Coupons	Amount	Coupons	Amount
UNITED STATES LOANS Pre-war loans: Funded loan of 1891 Loan of 1904 Loan of 1907 Loan of 1907 Loan of 1925 Consols of 1930 Panama Canal loans— Series of 1908–1936 Series of 1911–1961 Conversion bonds— Series of 1916–1946 Postal savings bonds	5 4 3 4 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 2 2 2 2 2 3 3							66 236 20, 497 56, 005 5, 803	\$106. 87 1. 25 363. 50 1, 140. 15 215, 486. 00 13, 195. 75 71. 10 1, 064. 80 135, 363. 75 411, 532. 50 7, 632. 75
Total								117, 506	785, 958. 4
Liberty loans: First 1932-1947 First, converted, 1932-1947 First, converted, 1932-1947 First, second converted, 1932-1947 Second, 1927-1942 Second, converted, 1927-1942. Third, 1928 Fourth, 1933-1938 Victory, 1922-1923 Victory, 1922-1923	41/4 41/4 41/4 43/4 33/4	7, 835 45 147 54, 645 75, 685 103, 135 357 42	\$1, 100. 00 832, 468. 75 4, 781. 25 14, 700. 00 5, 806, 031. 25 8, 041, 435. 97 10, 988, 072. 75 38, 730. 39 3, 843. 77	7 8, 263 58 185 93, 887 156, 269 184, 697 198	1, 755, 887, 50 12, 325, 00 37, 000, 00 19, 950, 987, 50 33, 207, 162, 50 39, 248, 112, 50 42, 783, 75 2, 410, 71			283, 771 6, 025, 111 11, 568, 226 11, 495, 611 1, 094, 689 1, 180	20, 419, 330. 21 131, 788. 31 10, 503, 243. 56 63, 779. 8- 613, 041. 00 57, 469, 647. 31 95, 685, 494. 01 106, 969, 873. 77 2, 637, 879. 01 14, 390. 96
Total		241, 902	25, 701, 164. 13	443, 577					294, 508, 468. 1
Creasury bonds, 1947-1952	41/4	16, 300	1, 731, 498. 00	33, 648	7, 149, 726. 15			321, 505	13, 099, 240. 8

Treasury notes: June 15, 1921, series A-1924 Sept. 15, 1921, series B-1924 Feb. 1, 1922, series A-1925. Mar. 15, 1922, series A-1926 June 15, 1922, series B-1925. Aug. 1, 1922, series B-1926 Dec. 15, 1922, series B-1926 Jun. 15, 1923, series C-1925. Jan. 15, 1923, series A-1927 May 15, 1923, series B-1927	5)/2 43/4 43/4 43/8 41/2 43/4	10, 297 16, 322 22, 347 16, 313 4, 777 17, 874 11, 535 9, 498 28, 391	1, 480, 193. 75 2, 244, 275. 00 2, 654, 583. 55 1, 937, 168. 75 552, 466. 88 1, 904, 279. 82 1, 297, 687. 50 1, 040, 053. 24 2, 744, 786. 77	9, 360 22, 491 34, 320 35, 610 8, 249 25, 699 14, 813 13, 590 38, 496	2, 691, 000. 00 6, 185, 025. 00 8, 151, 622. 71 8, 457, 375. 00 1, 804, 468. 75 5, 466, 710. 30 3, 312, 925. 03 3, 011, 229. 52 7, 551, 226. 35	1, 200 3, 335 6, 139 6, 208 1, 638 3, 811 1, 423 1, 348 4, 128	\$3, 450, 000. 00 9, 171, 250. 00 14, 580, 125. 00 14, 744, 000. 00 3, 583, 125. 00 8, 101, 414. 06 3, 201, 750. 00 3, 018, 436. 88 8, 254, 585. 68	137, 916 164, 062 195, 397 268, 957 98, 567 163, 670 216, 612 149, 056 568, 389	9, 969, 691. 59 20, 099, 783. 00 27, 826, 239. 59 28, 557, 724. 70 6, 950, 004. 41 17, 250, 963. 13 10, 325, 452. 50 8, 677, 156. 43 23, 950, 253. 29
Certificates of indebtedness Do	39.4 4.1/4 4.1/4 4.3/4 5.1/4 5.1/2 5.3/4	10 3,546 5,129 8,177 14,600	525. 00 825. 00		350.00 775, 125.00 1, 977, 000.02 2, 691, 737.50 4, 689, 335.06			9 79 97	1, 914. 70 2, 542, 650. 09 6, 976, 050. 00 7, 829, 261. 06 13, 836, 270. 72 237. 69 187. 50 2, 013. 18 3, 015. 18 1, 146. 12 2, 655. 00
Total		31, 477	3, 359, 853. 91	47, 532	10, 133, 547. 56	7, 132	15, 077, 875. 00	227, 560	31, 195, 401. 24
Total United States loans District of Columbia funded loan of 1924!	3. 65	427, 033	46, 618, 011. 30	727, 385	158, 192, 925. 80	36, 362	83, 182, 561. 62	37, 302, 991 1, 242	493, 196, 337. 34 6, 808. 161/4
Grand total		427, 033	46, 618, 011. 30	727, 385	158, 192, 925. 80	36, 362	83, 182, 561. 62	37, 304, 233	493, 203, 145. 501/4

¹ Redemption cost of above coupons \$6,807.86.

NOTE.—The above figures do not include the months of April, covering 7,192,912 pieces amounting to \$102,145,132.76; May, 5,551,692 pieces, \$57,805,761.28; and June, 4,602,853 pieces, \$69,902,372.78, which are in process of audit. Figures by denominations are unavailable.

No. 25.—Comparative statement of coupons redeemed during the fiscal years 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, and total redeemed from December 15, 1917, the date of the first Liberty loan coupon, to June 30, 1924

Detached from	. 1	921	1922			1923		1924	Dec. 15, 1917 to June 30, 1924	
(class of security)	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount
United States loans: Pre-war loans. Liberty loans. Treasury bonds. Treasury notes. Cerificates of indebtedness.	111, 948, 883	\$1, 299, 858. 73 675, 264, 718. 71 	90, 213, 266 303, 993	\$1, 148, 597. 65 623, 988, 259. 77 27, 225, 886. 24 123, 975, 879. 67	164, 232 73, 116, 532 312, 766 1, 360, 765 405, 323	\$1, 100, 530. 00 553, 182, 248. 70 13, 127, 979. 94 141, 061, 982. 10 50, 575, 784. 27	151, 908 51, 160, 419 586, 838 2, 479, 177 272, 106	\$1, 030, 676. 41 470, 495, 673. 00 25, 012, 101. 78 188, 194, 449. 90 38, 316, 703. 07	1, 605, 709 565, 814, 167 899, 604 4, 143, 935 3, 257, 813	\$9, 486, 946. 15 3, 539, 348, 912. 23 .38, 140, 081. 72 356, 482, 318. 24 403, 650, 259. 02
Total District of Columbia	112, 924, 776 1, 892	777, 544, 734. 98 10, 431. 68½		776, 338, 623. 33 8, 106. 64 ¹ ⁄ ₄	75, 359, 618 1, 344	759, 048, 525. 01 6, 999. 33	54, 650, 448 1, 242	723, 049, 604. 16 6, 807. 86		4, 347, 108, 517. 36 32, 345. 51¾
Grand total	112, 926, 668	777, 555, 166. 66½	91, 778, 620	776, 346, 729. 971/4	75, 360, 962	759, 055, 524. 34	54, 651, 690	723, 056, 412. 02	575, 731, 946	4, 347, 140, 862. 873/4

REGISTER OF THE TREASURY

No 26.—Coupons detached from Liberty loan bonds, notes, Treasury bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness, prior to issue, and forwarded to the Register of the Treasury for credit by Federal reserve banks and Division of Loans and Currency during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924

			:	Denom	inations of bond	s, notes, and cert	ificates			
Title of loan	Interest rate		\$50		00 0	\$50	00	\$1,000		
		Coupons	Amount	Coupons	Amount	Coupons	Amount	Coupons	Amount	
Liberty loans: First, 1932-1947 First, converted, 1932-1947 First, converted, 1932-1947 First, second, converted, 1932-1947 Second, 1927-1942 Second, converted, 1927-1942 Third, 1928 Fourth, 1933-1938 Victory, 1922-1923	41/4 41/4 4 41/4 41/4	21, 627 6, 864 59, 089 563 24, 988	\$18, 919. 11 6, 864. 00 62, 797. 87 597. 43 24, 988. 00 204, 520. 82 161, 484. 62 219, 102. 23	33, 925 13, 793 97, 131 1, 019 38, 067 318, 700 284, 655 402, 182	\$59, 368. 75 27, 586. 00 206, 374. 37 2, 164. 90 76, 134. 00 677, 123. 22 604, 994. 02 854, 502. 40	38, 470 3, 764 44, 806 541 9, 952 1 105, 148 132, 863 201, 706	\$336, 612. 50 37, 640. 00 476, 056. 00 5, 747. 95 99, 520. 00 1, 117, 172. 02 1, 411, 718. 35 2, 143, 068. 38	425, 032 7, 779 111, 524 1, 124 16, 480 1 290, 316 449, 950 517, 217	\$7, 438, 060, 00 155, 580, 00 2, 369, 885, 00 23, 885, 00 329, 600, 00 16, 171, 341, 00 9, 561, 437, 50 10, 990, 861, 25	
Total		664, 088	699, 274. 08	1, 189, 472	2, 508, 247. 66	537, 250	5, 627, 535. 20	1, 819, 422	37, 040, 649. 75	
Treasury bonds, 1947-1952	41/4			34, 478	73, 064. 99	35, 811	379, 880. 62	37, 765	801, 875. 41	
Treasury notes: June 15, 1921, series A-1924. Sept. 15, 1921, series B-1924 Feb. 1, 1922, series A-1925. Mar. 15, 1922, series A-1926. June 15, 1922, series A-1925. Aug. 1, 1922, series B-1925. Aug. 1, 1922, series B-1926. Dec. 15, 1922, series C-1925. Jan. 15, 1923, series A-1927. May 15, 1923, series B-1927.	51/2 43/4 43/4 43/8 41/4 41/2 41/2			12, 102 16, 360 20, 825 14, 150	24, 703. 15 29, 273. 75 40, 245, 01 28, 739. 29 35, 828. 40 44, 247. 25 31, 837. 50 41, 161. 44 35, 215. 51	6, 680 12, 811 17, 144 15, 002 17, 751 11, 470 12, 734 10, 139 16, 207	96, 008. 00. 176, 151. 25 203, 594. 22 178, 146. 85 194, 195. 93 121, 862. 31 143, 257. 50 109, 960. 71 158, 630. 69	14, 896 19, 119 31, 910 19, 005 38, 387 16, 008 23, 403 18, 089 29, 104	428, 260. 00 525, 772. 50 771, 474. 80 451, 368. 75 839, 772. 69 351, 389. 91 526, 567. 50 391, 946. 77 564, 152. 42	
Total				136, 132	311, 251. 30	119, 938	1, 381, 807. 46	209, 921	4, 850, 705. 34	
Certificates of indebtedness: Sept. 15, 1922, series TS-1923 Dec. 15, 1922, series TD-1923 Mar. 15, 1923, series TM-1924 Dec. 15, 1923, series TD-1924	4 4½ 4¼					939	9, 390. 00 47, 295. 00 22, 323. 24	1, 936 6, 320 3, 785	38, 720. 00 142, 200. 00 80, 431. 25	
Total						7, 245	79, 008. 24	12, 041	261, 351. 25	
Grand total		664, 088	699, 274. 08	1, 360, 082	2, 892, 563. 95	700, 244	7, 468, 231. 52	2, 079, 149	42, 954, 581. 75	

¹ In adjustment of previous figures, 200 pieces, amounting to \$2,124, have been transferred from the \$1,000 to the \$500 denomination.

No. 26.—Coupons detached from Liberty loan bonds, notes, Treasury bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness, prior to issue, and forwarded to the Register of the Treasury for credit by Federal reserve banks and Division of Loans and Currency during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924—Continued

	:		Denominations of bonds, notes, and certificates										
Title of loan	Interest rate	\$5,	000	\$10	,000	\$100),000	Total					
		Coupons	Amount _.	Coupons	.Amount	Coupons	Amount	Coupons	Amount				
Liberty loans: First, 1932-1947 First, converted, 1932-1947 Do. First, second, converted, 1932-1947 Second, 1927-1942 Second, converted, 1927-1942 Third, 1928 Fourth, 1933-1938 Victory, 1922-23	4 4 ¹ ⁄ ₄ 4 ¹ ⁄ ₄ 4 41⁄ ₄	347 10, 100 20 691 33, 672 45, 134 70, 577 6	\$34, 700. 00 1, 073, 125. 00 2, 125. 00 69, 100. 00 3, 577, 650. 00 4, 795, 487. 50 7, 498, 806. 25 729. 46	267 17, 958 80 1, 024 142, 008 176, 868 198, 607	3, 816, 075. 00 17, 000. 00 204, 800. 00 30, 176, 700. 00			32, 814	\$7, \$52, 960. 36 315, 770. 00 8, 004, 313. 24 51, 520. 28 804, 142. 00 41, 924, 507. 06 54, 119, 571. 99 63, 910, 328. 01 729. 46				
Total		160, 547	17, 051, 723. 21	536, 812	114, 056, 412. 50			4, 907, 591	176, 983, 842. 40				
Treasury bonds, 1947-1952	41/4	15, 103	1, 602, 851. 09	14, 982	3, 179, 795. 28			138, 139	6, 037, 467. 39				
Treasury notes: June 15, 1921, series A-1924. Sept. 15, 1921, series B-1924 Feb. 1, 1922, series A-1925. Mar. 15, 1922, series A-1925. June 15, 1922, series B-1925. Aug. 1, 1922, series B-1925. Dec. 15, 1922, series C-1925. Jan. 15, 1923, series C-1927. May 15, 1923, series B-1927.	43/4 43/8	3, 812 6, 094 6, 306 8, 720 13, 9021 5, 981 7, 270 9, 288	547, 975. 00 837, 925. 00 771, 788. 80 1, 035, 500. 00 1, 466, 623. 24 968, 714. 57 672, 862. 50 783, 406. 16 905, 710. 32	10, 443 12, 591 14, 739 10, 482 10, 892 9, 884 10, 419 9, 597 8, 436	3, 002, 362, 50 3, 462, 525, 00 3, 720, 442, 35 2, 489, 475, 00 2, 382, 625, 00 2, 210, 209, 85 2, 344, 275, 00 2, 015, 203, 48 1, 585, 428, 00	1, 595 2, 712 3, 642 2, 213 1, 338 2, 365 1, 628 1, 530 1, 525	\$4, 585, 625, 00 7, 458, 000, 00 9, 157, 541, 70 5, 255, 875, 00 2, 926, 875, 00 5, 461, 223, 60 3, 663, 000, 00 3, 182, 663, 28 2, 842, 909, 08	46, 027 63, 972 90, 566 67, 524 98, 573 69, 573 68, 315 65, 187 82, 622	8, 684, 933. 65 12, 489, 647. 50 14, 665, 086. 88 9, 439, 104. 89 7, 845, 920. 26 9, 157, 647. 49 7, 381, 800. 00 6, 524, 341. 84 6, 092, 046. 02				
Total		69, 901	7, 990, 505. 59	97, 483	23, 212, 546. 18	18, 548	44, 533, 712. 66	651, 923	82, 280, 528. 53				
Certificates of indebtedness: Sept. 15, 1922, series TS-1923. Dec. 15, 1922, series TD-1923. Mar. 15, 1923, series TM-1924. Dec. 15, 1923, series TD-1924.	$3\frac{3}{4}$ 4 $4\frac{1}{2}$ $4\frac{1}{4}$	1, 260 2, 127 1, 746	126, 000. 00 239, 287. 50 185, 512. 50	1, 234 2, 272 2, 038	246, 800. 00 511, 200. 00 433, 075. 00	10 216 248 247	18, 750. 00 432, 000. 00 558, 000. 00 524, 875. 00	10 5, 585 15, 171 9, 918	18, 750. 00 852, 910. 00 1, 497, 982. 50 1, 246, 216. 99				
Total		5, 133	550, 800. 00	5, 544	1, 191, 075. 00	721	1, 533, 625. 00	30, 684	3, 615, 859. 49				
Grand total		250, 684	27, 195, 879. 89	654, 821	141, 639, 828. 96	19, 269	46, 067, 337. 66	5, 728, 337	268, 917, 697. 81				

No. 27.—Comparative statement showing coupons detached from Liberty loan bonds | notes, Treasury bonds | notes, and certificates of indebtedness, prior to issue, and forwarded to the Register of the Treasury for credit during the fiscal years 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, and totals from December 15, 1917, the date of the first Liberty loan coupon, to June 30, 1924

Detached from		1921		1922 1923		1923 1924			Dec. 15, 1917 to June 30, 1924								
(class of security)—	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount	Pieces	Amount							
Liberty loans	6, 930, 372	\$109, 712, 071. 12	11, 220, 823	\$228, 057, 027. 29	6, 744, 978 46, 614	\$197, 439, 513. 58 2, 069, 781, 96	4, 907, 591 138, 139	\$176, 983, 842. 40 6, 037, 467. 39	47, 067, 551 184, 753	\$859, 087, 267. 94 8, 107, 249. 35							
Treasury notes. Certificates of indebtedness	72, 534	9, 335, 979. 85	98, 545 184, 106	5, 482, 724. 03 13, 661, 457. 79	483, 865 44, 067, 949. 84	483, 865 44, 067, 949, 84	483, 865 44, 067, 949, 84	483, 865 44, 067, 949, 84	483, 865 44, 067, 949.		483, 865 44, 067, 949, 84		651, 923 30, 684	82, 280, 528. 53 3, 615, 859. 49	1, 234, 333 364, 006	131, 831, 202. 40 34, 280, 482. 46	
Total	7, 002, 906	119, 048, 050. 97	11, 503, 474	247, 201, 209. 11	7, 352, 139	251, 244, 430. 71	5, 728, 337	268, 917, 697. 81	48, 850, 643	1, 033, 306, 202. 15							

No. 28.—Interest checks received on account of payment of past due coupon interest on Liberty loans and of registered interest on District of Columbia loan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924

			Interest	Total .	
स.स. १८८८ - स्टब्स्ट स्टब्स्ट स्टब्स्ट स्टब्स्ट स्टब्स्ट स्टब्स्ट स्टब्स्ट स्टब्स्ट स्टब्स्ट स्टब्स्ट स्टब्स्ट	Title of loan	en en en en en en en en en en en en en e	rate	Pieces	Amount
Past due coupon interest checks (Liberty loans): First, converted, 1932-1947. Second, converted, 1927-1942. Third, 1928	UNITED STATES LOANS		Per cent 41/4 41/4 41/4	1 7 12	\$3. 18 31. 81 67. 03
- ·			41/4	34	50. 91 152. 93
Registered interest checks, funded loan of 1924	DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA LOAN		3, 65	263	156, 895. 25
Grand total				297	157, 048. 18

No. 29.—Insular possessions and District of Columbia loans (securities not affecting the public debt of the United States) received from Division of Loans and Currency, audited and filed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924

	Interest	D. L	Transfer	Claim	Unissued	Te	otal
Title of loan	rate	Redemption	exchange, etc.	settlements	stock	Pieces	Amount
BEARER							
Insular possessions loans: Government of the Philippine Islands certificates of indebtedness, Aug. 1, 1921, to Aug. 1, 1922, bonds	. 4				\$9, 950, 000	3, 254	\$9, 950, 000
Government of the Philippine Islands certificates of indebtedness, Aug. 1, 1921, to Aug. 1, 1922, interims. Philippine Islands loan of 1922 (due 1952), interims.	4	i l			10,000,000	1,000	10, 000, 000
Philippine Islands loan of 1922 (due 1952), interims. Philippine Islands gold loan of 1922 (due 1952), interims. Philippine Islands loan of 1922 (due 1952), irrigation and permanent public	5 4½		\$18,000 42,000			18 42	18,000 42,000
works, interims. Philippine Islands loan of 1921 (due 1941), public improvement, interims.	43/2 51/2		150,000	\$2,000		150 2	150,000 2,000
Porto Rico gold loan of 1920 (1930–1945), high-school building, interims Porto Rico gold loan of 1923 (1943–1955), public improvement—	41/2		3,000	1,000		· 4	4,000
Series A, interims Series B, interims Series C, interims	. 5		451,000 184,000			451 184	352,000 451,000 184,000
Series D, interims Series E, interims	5		374, 000 367, 000			374 367	374,000 367,000
Series F, interims	1		2, 240, 000		19, 950, 000	6,497	299, 000 22, 193, 000
Total District of Columbia funded loan of 1924.		\$22,700				85	22, 700
Total bearer		22, 700	2,240,000	3,000	19, 950, 000	6, 582	22, 215, 700
REGISTERED Insular possessions loans:							
Philippine Islands loan of 1904 (1914–1934), land purchase, bonds. Philippine Islands loan of 1916 (1926–1946), bonds. Philippine Islands loan of 1905 (1915–1935), first series, public improvement, bonds. Philippine Islands loan of 1906 (1916–1936), second series, public improvement			803, 000 544, 000 323, 000		3, 000 2, 000 1, 000	347 186 180	806, 000 546, 000 324, 000
Philippine Islands loan of 1906 (1919–1936), Second Series, public improvement, bonds. Philippine Islands loan of 1909 (1919–1939), third series, public improvement, bonds City of Manila, Philippine Islands loan of 1905 (1915–1935), first series, sewer and	. 4		185, 000			39 185	219, 000 185, 000
water, bonds. City of Manila, Philippine Islands loan of 1907 (1917-1937), second series, sewer	. 4						26, 000
and water, bonds. City of Manila, Philippine Islands loan of 1908 (1918–1938), third series, sewer	. 4		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		ľ	1 1	676,-000
and water, bonds. City of Cebu, Philippine Islands loan of 1911 (1921-1941), sewer and water, bonds. Philippine Islands loan of 1920 (1930-1950), Manila port works and improvements	4		5, 000			21 5	21, 000 5, 000
bondsbonds	5½		494, 000		12,000	245	506, 000

Philippine Islands loan of 1920 (1930-1950), Manila port works and improve-	ı	1	į.	1	1 1	1		
ments, interims.	51/2		22,000		9, 487, 000	2, 219	.9, 509, 000	
Porto Rico gold loan of 1910 (1920–1927), road, bonds	4 4 2		20,000		5,000	5	25, 000	
Porto Rico gold loan of 1912 (1922–1937), bonds	4		1		2, 730, 000	546	2, 730, 000	
Porto Rico gold loan of 1913 (1933-1943), irrigation bonds	4		145, 000			29	145, 000	
Parto Rico gold loan of 1913 (1944-1950) irrigation-			۰				· ·	
Series A, bonds	4		25, 000			25	25, 000	
Series B, Donas	4		30,000			6	30,000	
Series E, bonds	4		1,000	,,		1	1,000	
Series F, bonds.	4		11,000			11	11,000	
Porto Rico gold loan of 1914 (1951-1954), irrigation—	i .			İ		أي	2 200	
Series A, bonds	. 4		6,000			,2	6,000	
Series O, bonds.	4		27,000			15	27, 000	
Porto Rico gold loan of 1915 (1955-1958), irrigation-	١.,		40.000			40	49, 000	
Series E, bonds	4 4		49,000			49	2,000	
Series H. bonds	4 :		2,000			. 4	2,000	₽
Porto Rico gold loan of 1917 (1961), irrigation— Series K, bonds	4			{	500,000	300	500, 000	REGISTER
Ports R, DOIGS 1019 (1059 1050) imigation	*		1	1	1 '	300	300,000	Ω
Porto Rico gold loan of 1918 (1958-1959), irrigation— Series A, interims	1		1 1000		491,000	160	492, 000	. .
Carios D. honde	1 1		31,000	1 000	101,000	16	32, 000	Ĥ
Series B, bonds. Series B, interims	1 4		31,000	1,000	581,000	189	581,000	国
Porto Rico gold loan of 1922 (1961-1962) irrigation—					001,000	200	002,000	₽
Porto Rico gold loan of 1922 (1961-1962), irrigation— Series A, interims. Series B, interims.	5	1	 -		75,000	75	75,000	. 0
Series B. interims	5					20	20,000	¥
Porto Rico gold loan of 1923 (1929–1941), irrigation—					'	- 1	.,	-
Series A, bonds Series A, interims	4½ 4½		10,000			10	10,000	THE
Series A, interims	41/2		145,000		l . I	145	145, 000	Ħ
Series B, interims	41/2		144, 000			144	144, 000	寅
Series C, interims	$\frac{41_{2}}{2}$	1	160,000			160	160, 000	
Series D, interims	41/2		70,000			70	70, 000	- 3
Series E, interims	41/2		125, 000			125	125, 000	TRE
Series F, interims	41/2		95,000			95	95, 000 145, 000	A
Series G, interims	41/2		145,000			145 150	150, 000	AS
Series H, interims	41/2		100,000			109	109, 000	₫
Series I, interims	41/2		70,000			78	78, 000	₄ Þ
Series J, interims	4/2		26,000			14	26,000	Ř
Porto Rico gold loan of 1914 (1925–1939), public improvement, bonds	*		20,000			**	20,000	
Series B, bonds	4		14 000			6	14,000	
Series C, bonds	. 4		6,000			š l	6,000	
Series C, interims	4		3,000			ă l	3,000	
Series D, interims	4		21,000			š l	21,000	
Porto Rico gold loan of 1918 (1927-1930), public improvement—	•			Į.		- 1	-,	
Series E, bonds	4		25,000		300, 000	~ 5	25,000	
Series E. interims	4				300,000	208	300, 000	
Series F. bonds	4		25, 000		l	5)	25, 000	
Series F. interims	4				275, 000	203	275, 000	
Series G, bonds	4		30,000			0 1	30, 000	
Series G, interims	4				515,000	287	515, 000	_
Series H, bonds	4		25, 000			<u>, 5</u>	25,000	<u> </u>
Series H, interims	_ 4 .				450,000	278	450, 000	8
								_

No. 29.—Insular possessions and District of Columbia loans (securities not affecting the public debt of the United States) received from Division of Loans and Currency, audited and filed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924—Continued

	Interest		Transfer	Claim	Unissued	То	tal
Title of loan	rate	Redemption	exchange, etc.	settlements	stock	Pieces	Amount
REGISTERED—continued							
Insular possessions loans—Continued	1	j					
Porto Rico gold loan of 1919, public improvement—	Per cent	1		i	0000 000	400	8000 000
Series I, interims	- 4				\$800,000 800,000	480 480	\$800,000 800,000
Series J, Illerinis	- 4				1, 200, 000	720	1, 200, 000
Series I, interims	- 4				1, 200, 000	720	1, 200, 000
Series J, interims. Series K, interims. Series K, interims. Series L, Interims. Porto Rico gold loan of 1920 (1937-1940), public improvement— Series A, bonds.	- -				1, 200, 000		1, 200, 000
Series A, bonds	41/2		\$10,000			2	10,000
Series A. interims	-! 4/2				310,000	62	310,000
Series B. bonds	-\ 4\frac{1}{2}		10,000			2	10,000
Series B, interims					365, 000	73	365, 000
Series C, bonds	41/2		[195, 000			39.	195, 000
Series C, interims						73	365, 000
Series D, bonds			35,000		420, 000	7 . 87	35,000
Series D, interims Porto Rico gold loan of 1922 (1941-1944), public improvement—	- 472		15,000		420,000	87	435, 000
Sarios A bonde	5		17 000		Į į	5	17, 000
Series A, bonds Series A, interims	- 5		20,000		832,000	288	852,000
Series B, bonds	- š		40,000		302, 000	40	40,000
Series B, interims			20,000		850,000	250	850, 000
Series C. interims	. 5				850, 000	250	850, 000
Series D', bonds	_ 5		35, 000			15	35, 000
Series D, interims	. 5				715, 000	219	715,000
Porto Rico gold loan of 1923 (1944-1948), public improvement—	1						·
Series A, bonds Series A, interims	- 5.	- <i></i>	5,000			_5	5,000
Series A, interims	- 5					675	675, 000
Series B, bonds	- 5					21	30,000
Series B, Interims	-] 2		455,000		275, 000	730	730, 000
Series C, interims	-) 2					744 15	744, 000 15, 000
Series D, interims	- 2		15,000		349, 000	695	695,000
Porto Rico gold loan of 1914 (1923–1953), refunding—	-1 "		340,000		349,000	(195)	1 090,000
Series I, bonds	4	l			431,000	239	431, 000
Series O, bonds					101, 000	200	2,000
Series P. bonds.			6,000			6	6,000
Series Q, bonds	_ 4		1,000			ĩ	1,000
Series V. bonds	ا آ		7,000			7	7,000

Porto Rico gold loan of 1915 (1919-1935), refunding municipal— Series A, bonds. Series B, bonds. Series C, bonds. Series D, bonds. Series E, bonds. Series F, bonds. Series G, bonds. Series H, bonds. Series I, bonds. Series I, bonds. Series I, bonds. Series I, bonds. Series I, bonds. Series I, bonds. Series K, bonds. Series G, bonds. Series G, bonds. Series G, bonds. Series G, bonds. Series B, bonds. Series B, bonds. Series B, bonds. Series B, bonds. Series B, bonds. Series B, bonds. Series B, bonds. Series F, bonds. Series F, bonds. Series F, bonds. Series F, bonds. Series F, bonds. Series F, bonds. Series A, bonds. Series A, bonds. Series A, bonds. Series A, bonds. Series A, bonds. Series A, bonds. Series A, bonds. Series A, bonds. Series A, bonds. Series A, bonds. Series A, bonds. Series A, bonds. Series A, bonds. Series A, bonds. Series A, bonds. Series A, bonds. Series A, bonds.	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		2, 000 1, 000 6, 000 7, 000 2, 000 16, 000 5, 000 25, 000		26, 000 52, 000 42, 000 64, 000 100, 000 105, 000 175, 000 175, 000 175, 000 175, 000	69 26 52 42 42 1 64 7 2 54 61 95 83 90 93 16 256 55	69, 000 26, 000 52, 000 42, 000 64, 000 2, 000 1, 000 6, 000 7, 000 2, 000 110, 000 155, 000 175, 000 175, 000 175, 000 175, 000 175, 000 175, 000 175, 000 175, 000 175, 000 175, 000 175, 000 175, 000 175, 000 175, 000 175, 000 175, 000 175, 000 175, 000
District of Columbia funded loan of 1924	3. 65	\$957, 000	436, 000			2, 275 333	1, 403, 500 1, 393, 000
Total registered		957, 000	7, 505, 000	2, 000	28, 711. 500	17, 878	37, 175, 500
Grand total		979, 700	9, 745, 000	5, 000	48, 661, 500	24, 460	59, 391, 200

No. 30.—Insular possessions, District of Columbia, United States railroad loans, and other securities, not affecting the public debt of the United States, belonging to previous fiscal years, received from Division of Loans and Currency for audit and file during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924

Title of loan			Exchange	Claim	Tot	tal
		Redemption	transfer, etc.	settlements	Pieces	Amount
Insular possessions loans: Porto Rico loan of 1914 (1924–1939) San Juan harbor improvement, interims. Porto Rico loan of 1915 (1924–1939) San Juan harbor improvement, interims.					200 200	\$200, 000 200, 000
Total bearer			400, 000		400	400, 000
REGISTERED		ľ				
Insular possessions loans, city of Manila, Philippine Islands, loan of 1907 (1917–1937), second series, sewer and water, bonds	4			\$22,000	4	22, 000
District of Columbia loans: Funded loan of 1879. Funded loan of 1897. Funded loan of 1924.	31/2	\$391, 000 2, 800, 000 2, 984, 000	3 302 300		790 6, 230 17, 413	790, 000 6, 102, 300 61, 597, 000
Total		6, 175, 000	62, 314, 300		24, 433	68, 489, 300
United States railroad loans: Pacific Railroad stock, all loans, all issues Central Pacific Railroad loan—	i	64, 623, 512			11, 549	64, 623, 512
Issue of 1865 Issue of 1866. Issue of 1867. Issue of 1868. Issue of 1869. Kansas Pacific Railway Joan (eastern division)—	6 6 6		3, 374, 000 3, 065, 000 3, 743, 000 15, 312, 000 14, 787, 000		3, 279 1, 981 571 2, 495 2, 061	3, 374, 000 3, 065, 000 3, 743, 000 15, 312, 000 14, 787, 000
Issue of 1865. : Issue of 1866. Issue of 1867. : Fasue of 1868	6 6		3, 094, 000 5, 730, 000		1, 664 1, 752 907 427	1, 707, 000 3, 094, 000 5, 730, 000 2, 268, 000
Union Pacific Railroad loan— Issue of 1866. Issue of 1867. Issue of 1868. Issue of 1869.	6		268, 563, 856		3, 398 1, 605 53, 450 835	7, 736, 000 7, 585, 000 268, 563, 856 6, 313, 000

Čentral Branch, Union Pacific Railroad Ioan (Atchison & Pikes Peak)→ Issue of 1866. Issue of 1867. Issue of 1868. Western Pacific Railroad Ioan—	6 6 6		1, 311, 000		282 314 155	1, 260, 000 1, 311, 000 636, 000
Vestern Facilit Ranfoad Ioan— Issue of 1867. Issue of 1869. Sioux City and Pacific Railroad Ioan, issue of 1868.	6 6 6		1, 735, 000		165 242 507	731, 000 1, 735, 000 3, 087, 320
Total	3½ 4	64, 623, 512 195, 500 6, 640, 000	1,000		87, 639 725 1, 449	416, 661, 688 196, 500 14, 490, 000
Total registered		77, 634, 012	422, 203, 476	22,000	114, 250	499, 859, 488
Grand total		77, 634, 012	422, 603, 476	22, 000	114, 650	500, 259, 488

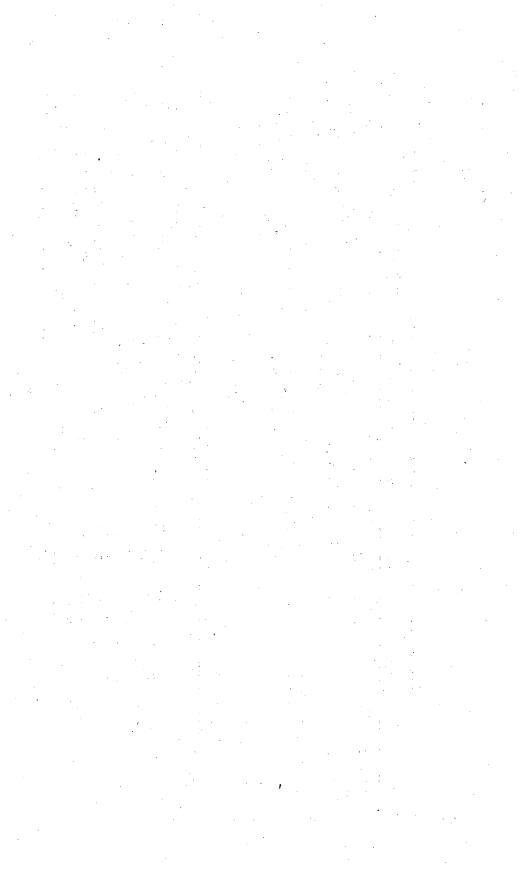
No. 31.—Statement showing securities destroyed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924

				Total
	Class of security	•	Pieces	Amount
War-savings stamps Thrift Stamps	Nonregistered		1 4, 841, 663 26, 298, 12	3 \$23, 970, 154 67 7 6, 574, 531. 75
Total		·	31, 139, 790	30, 544, 683. 42
War savings stamps ² Treasury savings certificates	REGISTERED		1, 905, 56 987, 440	9, 422, 463. 38 107, 039, 750. 00
Total		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2, 893, 007	116, 462, 213. 38
Grand total			34, 032, 797	7 147, 006, 896. 80

¹ Includes 29,016 pieces, amounting to \$145,080, adjustment of previous destructions made by Division of Loans and Currency.

¹ Represents two wings detached from certificate, stubs (one-third) retained in file.

NOTE. - Does not include Treasury (war) savings securities destroyed in the office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General or in Federal reserve banks.



REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington, December 1, 1924.

Sir: In compliance with the provision of section 333 of the United States Revised Statutes, I have the honor to submit the following annual report covering activities of the Currency Bureau in the year ended October 31, 1924. This is the sixty-second report made to the Congress since the organization of the bureau.

GENERAL CONDITIONS

Measured by the volume of clearing-house transactions and the resources of the banks, National and State, the business of the country reached the maximum in 1920. In that year clearings exceeded \$464,000,000,000. Then followed the period of business readjustment, incidentally and necessarily attended by liquidations resulting in failures, corporate and private. The upward turn is shown in the amount of clearings, three hundred and seventy-seven billions in 1922, increasing to three hundred and eighty-one billions in 1923, and advancing to \$438,000,000,000 in 1924. The volume of bank assets have correspondingly increased, now standing at \$57,144,690,000, as compared with \$53,079,108,000 in 1920.

While more banks, State and National, suspended or failed during the past year than in any one year since the inauguration of the national banking system, national banks generally withstood the strain and continue to maintain an outstanding influence in the financial system of the country. Their resources on June 30, 1924, were equal to 39.49 per cent of the total resources of all reporting banks, their paid-in capital represented 42.84 per cent of reported capital, and their aggregate deposits were 38.47 per cent of the total deposits as compared with 38.20 per cent in 1923.

EARNINGS, LOANS, AND INVESTMENTS OF NATIONAL BANKS

The gross earnings of national banks in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, aggregated \$1,074,559,000, and show a gain in the year of \$25,151,000. After payment of all expenses and charging off miscellaneous losses, the latter being partly offset by recoveries on charged-off assets, the net addition to the profits in the year amounted to \$195,706,000, out of which dividends were declared to the amount of \$163,683,000.

The loans and discounts of these banks were increased \$161,057,000 in the past year and investments in United States Government bonds and other miscellaneous bonds and securities were \$72.625,000

greater than a year ago. Despite the increase in loans and discounts, the amount of losses charged off on bad paper in the year was only eighty-six one-hundredths of 1 per cent of the total loans and discounts, and the amount of losses charged off on account of depreciation of bonds and securities was only forty-eight one-hundredths of 1 per cent of the total bonds and securities.

LEGISLATION RECOMMENDED

Under the provisions of the national bank act, the Comptroller of the Currency is required to report to Congress any amendments to the banking laws which may, in his opinion, effect an improvement in the banking system. Pursuant to this injunction the Comptroller of the Currency, in the summer of 1923, requested his associates in the bureau to submit to him any modifications in the national banking laws which they felt would be in the interests of the country's busi-

ness and of banking in general.

The supervision of the national banks is divided into 12 districts, corresponding to the Federal reserve districts, and a district chief national bank examiner is in charge respectively of all of the examiners and assistant examiners. These chief examiners were instructed to discuss this matter with all of their subordinates and, as extensively as they were able, to consult and advise with the bankers of their districts and to have their subordinate examiners do so and report to them. As a result of this a very general expression was obtained from bankers operating in every section of the country as well as from the experts charged with the immediate supervision of the banks.

An analysis of the suggestions received resulted in a remarkable unanimity as to the provisions which required modification in the old laws, and as to recommendations for amendments necessary to meet modern conditions which could not have been contemplated at the time the original laws were enacted. After these recommendations had been digested to such an extent as to assume a reasonably concrete form the Comptroller of the Currency again submitted them for suggestions to the bankers of the country in a very general way, and finally, in the latter part of 1923, Mr. Charles W. Collins, deputy comptroller, formulated these principles into legislative form for presentation to the Congress. This tentative draft was submitted to bankers of every class and section of the United States, and the finest legal and banking talent obtainable gave it the most painstaking study and consideration. After further revision, this draft, with supporting data section by section, was submitted to the Banking and Currency Committees of the House and Senate.

These suggested amendments were given exhaustive study by the members of the Banking and Currency Committees of both Houses, and almost identical bills embodying many of them were respectively reported out and are now pending (H. R. 8887 and S. 3316).

It has seemed best to give this somewhat detailed information as to the steps which were taken, and the expert advice which was secured, in order to establish the fact that no phase of banking, no commercial, agricultural, or governmental interest was ignored or forgotten in the recommendations for legislation herewith formally submitted. Particular attention was paid to modifications and

changes in section 5200 of the Revised Statutes, which will materially increase the facility and safety with which national banks can handle the great staple commodities. This is a matter which goes far beyond the simple technique of banking, and if successfully accomplished will aid greatly in the movement and financing of seasonal products.

The principal features of this proposed legislation may be briefly

mentioned:

BRANCH BANKING

In recent years there has been no subject in connection with banking which has been more bitterly disputed than that of branch banking. In the report of the Comptroller of the Currency for 1923 considerable space was devoted to a discussion of the general prin-

ciple of branch banking as applied to American conditions.

It does not appear necessary to repeat the arguments previously made, but a reference to the points emphasized in the last report may be made at this time. Before summarizing these arguments it would be well to say that in using the term "branch banking" reference is made to a form of banking by which a parent institution owns, controls, and operates subsidiary institutions, called branches, in other municipalities than that of the parent institution. The elemental difference between unit banking and branch banking is based on the fact that in unit banking the residents of a community are afforded banking facilities by residents of the same community, while in the case of branch banking nonresidents control the banking. In the one case it is local control, and in the other absentee control.

The points developed in the previous report referred to were: First, That branch banking is opposed to public policy as being in

its essence monopolistic.

Second, That branch banking is absentee banking, and is conducted for the sole purpose of earning dividends for the stockholders rather

than of service to the community.

Third, That with the development of large chains of branch banks the responsibility for the mobilization and transfer of funds would rest with individuals whose prime motive would be personal profit. The resources of banks are, in a large measure, the trust funds of a community, and the conditions which justify the transfer of funds from one community to another should be passed upon and the action controlled by disinterested governmental authority, removed from the influence of personal profit. This is the function of the Federal reserve banks.

Fourth, Branch banking is particularly inconsistent with the American idea of local self-government and Federal coordination. The banking system of the United States as at present constituted is closely analogous to the governmental structure. Under the Federal reserve system local independent units are coordinated, while branch banking proposes that they should be consolidated.

Fifth, As a direct result of absentee control the human element and moral responsibility of the creditor would necessarily be largely eliminated. Absentee control must obviously be exerted through employees governed by rigid rules, operating under the most limited discretion. Under such conditions a bank would eventually degenerate into a glorified pawnshop, from which collateral had excluded character as an element in credit.

It may seem paradoxical to make the statement that an overwhelming majority of bankers of the United States are opposed to the principle of branch banking, and at the same time concede that branch banking is a highly controversial subject. The explanation of the confusion is very simple and rests upon a similarity in physical aspects between a type of local facility offered by certain city banks to their customers and real branch banking, which is absentee banking.

In certain of the larger cities of the United States topographical conditions and changes in city structure, lack of parking facilities, etc., have made it difficult for outlying customers of a bank to reach the banking house. As a result, in some States, laws have been passed which permit the establishment by a single institution of offices and facilities located in different sections of a single city. While there is a difference of opinion as to whether this is a desirable development, it should be constantly borne in mind that the basic principle of

absentee control is not involved.

The question as to whether national banks may be granted the opportunity to meet the competition of State banks, in intracity banking, in my opinion, involves the question of the perpetuation of the national banking system. Without at length repeating the statements made in the last report of the Comptroller of the Currency, I desire to cite the situation which prevails in the city of Cleveland, which had at the last census a population of 796,841, with only three national banks remaining in operation; the city of Detroit, with a population of 993,678, having only three national banks left; and the city of New Orleans, with a population of 387,219, and with only one national bank remaining. I would also call attention to conditions which exist in New York, San Francisco, Los Angeles, and various other large municipalities where the State banks are not confined in their operations to a single It is but natural that these national banks which do not wish to surrender their charters should advocate a method to meet this competition, and it is equally natural that, owing to the physical and mechanical similarity between this form of intracity banking and the facilities required by absentee banking, opposition should have been created to legislation of this kind, due to the misconception that it was a step toward branch banking. During the last year discussion of this question has been particularly keen, and the indications seem to be very definite that the matter has been precipitated and clarified in the minds of bankers to such an extent that the elemental distinction between necessary local facilities to meet local conditions and branch banking has been sufficiently differentiated to permit of widespread support of an adjustment which will have the ultimate effect of curbing, if not entirely preventing, the further spread of absentee banking, and at the same time permitting the national banks to adjust themselves to the competition of State institutions within the limits of a single municipality, which is the proper limit for a bank's direct activities.

A very large proportion of the bankers' associations, composed of both State and national banks, have given indorsement to the general principles which follow, and it seems reasonable to believe that an adjustment which does not involve a compromise on the part of any group has been reached by the banking fraternity of America which can be very simply and easily embodied into law. This adjustment, in its application, invokes the following principles:
First, that the National Government can enact no legislation for

the control of State institutions, but that the State institutions would not care to engage in branch banking if it involved the cancellation

of their membership in the Federal reserve system.

Second, that it is perfectly feasible and simple to allow national banks, by Federal act, to meet the competition of the State banks within the limits of a single municipality, but to confine them rigidly to those cities where State banks are already carrying on such activi-This should be, and I believe is, entirely acceptable to most of the State banks. The city must be the unit to which the primary banking functions must be confined. County and state-wide branch banking is absentee banking, and nation-wide branch banking is only an exaggerated type of the same thing. Such terms as economic spheres, financial zones, etc., are mere balderdash, given a different interpretation by every individual who uses them. The city is the natural unit for community endeavor. It is a clearly understandable and definite thing and the confines of a city are not now and never will be so large that personal contact between the banker and his clients can not be established either instantaneously by telephone or in a few moments by conveyance.

The recommendations for legislation which I propose in connec-

tion with branch banking may be analyzed as follows:

(A) That no national bank shall be permitted to engage in any

form of branch banking (except as below).

(B) That no State bank shall be permitted to acquire additional branches after the date of the passage of the contemplated legislation and be eligible for or be permitted to retain membership in the Federal reserve system (except as below).

Exceptions:

(C) In States where State laws or practices permit the operation of branch banks by State banks, State banks may continue to establish branches within the limits of the municipality in which the parent institution is located and continue to be eligible for or retain their membership in the Federal reserve system. National banks may establish branches within the limits of the city of the parent bank, where banks chartered under the laws of the State exercise that privilege.

Note.—Under (A) and (B) above, neither National nor State member banks may, under any circumstances, establish branches beyond the limits of the city of the parent institution.

(D) State nonmember banks with branches may join the Federal reserve system and bring with them such branches as were established prior to the date of the passage of the bill.

(E) Should any State which does not now permit branch banking by law or practice, after the passage of this bill, enact legislation which will permit of the establishment of branches, the national banks shall not have their facilities extended by such legislation and State banks shall not be permitted to avail themselves of such privileges and retain or become eligible for membership in the Federal

reserve system.

The practical effect of this legislation can be summarized by the statement that so far as the operations of members of the Federal reserve system are concerned further extension of branches beyond the limits of a single municipality is definitely prohibited, and both State and National members of the system will, in future extensions, be subject to the same limitation. No additional branch banking privileges will be given to the national banks except such as are confined to the limits of single cities, where State banks are already carrying on the practice.

It is my deliberate opinion that if the general extension of branch banking is not curbed within the Federal reserve system on the one hand, and if the national banks are not permitted equality within city limits on the other hand, defections from the national banking system will take place within a period of a very few years to such an extent as to reduce the national banking system to the position of an unimportant factor in the Nation's financial structure.

ELIMINATION OF DATE OF CHARTER EXPIRATION

Under the present law national bank charters are issued for a term of 99 years. Very frequently banks are offered trust business where the date of the expiration of the trust extends beyond the date of the expiration of the bank's charter. Representatives of these trusts, in many cases, have felt that it was imprudent to have the trust administered where such a condition existed. This has resulted in great embarrassment to all national banks which operate a trust department, and in many cases has resulted in the bank withdrawing from the national system, as very frequently this business is quite profitable and desirable to the bank. It is suggested, therefore, that the national bank act should provide that a national bank be permitted to operate under an indeterminate charter.

There has been some slight misconception as to the effect of this recommendation, in the belief that certain irrevocable privileges would be given in perpetuity if a perpetual charter were granted to a national bank. An indeterminate charter, however, is not a perpetual charter. No bank could exercise any rights under it which are not revocable at the will of Congress, and, furthermore, the charter would be subject to cancellation under the conditions of the act itself. All of the conditions which would justify the refusal by the Comptroller of the Currency to granting a new charter to any group in possession of an expiring charter would justify him in applying to the courts for cancellation of the charter of an operating bank if it were operating

under an indeterminate charter.

LEGAL LOAN LIMIT TO ANY ONE PERSON

It is recommended that section 5200 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, which governs the amount of money that a national bank can lend to any one person, be clarified and harmonized. This section as it now stands on the statute books is a composite of the original provision with a number of amendments which have been

made by Congress from time to time. As originally enacted in 1864, it contained a straight limitation of 10 per cent of capital as the amount which any one person might borrow and only two exceptions were made—one in favor of bills of exchange and the other in favor of the discount of commercial or business paper. Later on an amendment increased the limitation to 10 per cent of capital and 10 per cent surplus. Other amendments have been made exempting from this basic limitation the discount of paper growing out of the production and shipment of goods and the marketing of agricultural

products.

This provision of law covers perhaps the most vital operations of a bank, and Congress has recognized the necessity of adjusting its term to meet new conditions which grow out of the economic development of the country. The section as it now stands is very much in need of clarification and codification in order to remove the difficulties in the way of its interpretation and application by the Comptroller of the Currency, as well as by the banks themselves. The exceptions to the basic limitations are now capable of a variety of constructions, when it is attempted to apply them to modern financial transactions and have caused more difficulty and embarrassment in their enforcement

than any other provisions of the national bank act.

The proposed redraft of section 5200 makes a straightforward statement of the limitation governing the liability of any one person to a national bank. The amount is the same as in the present law, namely, 10 per cent of capital and surplus. This general statement is followed by nine exceptions. None of these exceptions announce any new governmental policy or make any substantial change from the existing law or practice. The wording of these exceptions is necessarily highly technical in character because it defines the legality of banking transactions growing out of complicated commercial procedure.

(For text of proposed new draft of section 5200, with further explan-

atory data, see Exhibit No. 1.)

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ISSUANCE OF CHARTERS FOR \$100,000 CAPITAL TO BANKS OPERATING IN OUTLAYING DISTRICTS OF CITIES OVER 50,000 POPULATION

Under the present law a national bank can not incorporate in a city of over 50,000 population with a capital of less than \$200,000. This provision was probably a wise one at the time the national bank act was passed, because at that time practically all large cities could be roughly divided into a large business section and a single residential section. On account of the growth of some cities and changed conditions, due to the introduction of automobiles and changes in transportation, community business centers have developed at various points through parts of cities that were formerly exclusively residential. The requirements in a banking way of these districts are practically identical with those of smaller independent municipalities. There is necessity for banking facilities without the requirements of as large a capital as \$200,000. Inability to provide banking facilities on account of this \$200,000 limitation has had a tendency to deprive these communities of banking facilities and to promote the establish-

ment of State rather than national banks and to create additional' demands for branch banks. It is consistent with the general tendency of this bill to restrict branch banking that this alternative relief should be provided. Such a provision would be unobjectionable and in fact very advantageous to permit the establishment of banks with capital of \$100,000 in these outlying districts. The discretion as to the necessities of these outlying districts and the definition of what is an outlying district should necessarily be left with the comptroller, as conditions vary so widely in different sections that it is impossible to lay down any definite formula. It is quite possible and has been advocated by many that it would be wise to reduce this limitation on capitalization to \$50,000. The unfortunate experience of the past year makes it undesirable to encourage the establishment of any more \$25,000 banks than are already provided for by law.

PERMISSION FOR A NATIONAL BANK TO HOLD REAL ESTATE FOR A LOCATION

The word "immediate" should be omitted from section 5137, United States Revised Statutes. This change is for the purpose of enabling a national bank to hold real estate purchased for a new location for its banking house until a convenient time for them to erect a building, without subjecting them to the real-estate provisions of the act.

STOCK DIVIDENDS

The ability to declare stock dividends is very much circumscribed under the present act. It is desirable in most cases for a national bank to have a high proportion of capital to its total capital and surplus. The total resources of the bank are not affected in this way, but the larger the proportion of capital the greater the capital liability of shareholders. In the case of a bank with \$100,000 capital and \$100,000 surplus, the protection for the creditors is \$300,000, being the sum of these two items plus the stock liability. If \$75,000 of the surplus were to be converted into capital the stock liability would be increased by that amount, making the total liability in the case cited above \$375,000. This provision would also have the effect of equalizing the national and State banking privileges. There is nothing new in this suggestion as it merely provides a more simple and direct way of doing an obviously proper thing.

CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

The establishment of a new officer with the title of "chairman of the board" is desirable. Under the present act, it is provided that one of the directors of a national bank shall be the president of the board. This suggested provision formally legalizes the office of chairman of the board, an office which has been created in a very considerable number of banks, largely for the purpose of defining a special class of duties. The office is not made mandatory but is optional with the bank. In the greater number of banks, of course, the president would act in both capacities.

LIMITATION ON LIABILITIES WHICH NATIONAL BANK MAY INCUR

It is recommended that section 5202, Revised Statutes of the United States, be amended by providing a new exception to the provision which limits the liabilities which a national bank may incur to the amount of its capital stock. This exception was enacted in the agricultural credits act of March 4, 1923, but through a typographical error in the enrollment of the bill it was rendered null and void. The liabilities here referred to relate to the discount of paper by the Federal intermediate credit banks for national banks. The seven exceptions in the existing law cover liabilities for national bank notes; money on deposit; bills of exchange or drafts; liabilities to stockholders for dividends; liabilities incurred under Federal reserve act; liabilities incurred under War Finance corporation act; liabilities on indorsement of acceptances payable abroad.

CHECK CERTIFICATION

Under the present regulations, it is illegal to certify a check until practically all of the entries in connection with the deposits against which certification is to be made have been carried to the books of the bank. This sometimes requires a considerable length of time in the large banks and the wording of the law should be changed to make it legal for the cashier to certify a check, before all of the final entries are completed, when he knows that sufficient funds to cover it are in the possession of the bank.

AUTHORITY OF OFFICERS TO SIGN REPORTS

The board of directors of a national bank should be permitted to designate officers to sign reports in addition to the president and cashier as now required by section 5211, Revised Statutes of the United States, in order to prevent unnecessary delays in the forwarding of reports to the comptroller, due to the absence of the two officers now designated. This would still keep the matter of authority to sign these reports within the control of the board of directors.

REDISCOUNT LIMITATIONS ON FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

Section 13 of the Federal reserve act relative to the rediscount limitation upon the Federal reserve banks should be changed to conform to the exceptions provided in section 5200, Revised Statutes of the United States. The existing law provides that no Federal reserve bank may rediscount paper for a bank bearing the signature of any one borrower to an amount in excess of 10 per cent of the capital and surplus of the bank presenting the paper. Only one exception is made to this limitation and that is in favor of bills of exchange drawn in good faith against actual existing values. If the paper is sound and safe enough to be exempt from the 10 per cent limitation of section 5200 for the purposes of the national banks, it is safe enough and sufficiently liquid in form to be accepted for

rediscount by the Federal reserve banks. It should be borne in mind that, so far as the Federal reserve banks are concerned, this is a privilege which is optional and not compulsory upon them, the same as with any rediscounts. At the present time there is a considerable amount of commercial paper and notes secured by Government bonds and commodity paper of the class and nature handled by the Federal reserve banks that is excluded on account of the 10 per cent limitation. This debars the Federal reserve banks from rendering a complete service to the community and to the member banks, which would be profitable to the Federal reserve banks as well as helpful to the country at large. This paper arises out of the various steps of production, transportation, and distribution of goods. A considerable quantity of agricultural, cattle, and other paper that this would make available for rediscount would be of precisely the same nature as that already handled and would be equally safe and equally liquid.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES

The safe-deposit business is a matter of more importance than might appear on the surface. Under the general theory that a national bank can not do anything for which it does not have specific authority of law, this right to operate safe-deposit business should be expressly granted. In addition to permitting the banks to engage directly in the safe-deposit business, they should be authorized to own stock in safe-deposit companies. This affords an easier method of financing the safe-deposit equipment and it further has the advantage over direct ownership of limiting the possible loss to the bank in case of suits of various kinds. Where they operate a safe-deposit business directly, of course, all of the assets of the bank are subject to claims for mishandling of the safe-deposit business. On the other hand, where stock is owned the value of the stock is the limit of the liability.

CRIMINAL PROCEDURE AGAINST BANK EXAMINERS

A provision covering theft by national bank examiners seems to be obvious and advisable. Under the present law, a national bank examiner who is guilty of theft must be prosecuted under the laws of the State in which the act is committed, and this operation is subject to a great many hazards so far as effectiveness is concerned. This crime is a very rare occurrence, but when it does occur it is absolutely essential to the protection of the national banks that prosecution be had under Federal laws.

CRIMINAL PROCEDURE FOR LIBELING NATIONAL BANKS

A number of crimes against national banks should be punishable under Federal statutes which are now punishable only, if at all, under State laws. These provisions have been recommended by the national bank division of the American Bankers Association as well as by a number of bankers and State banking associations. Since the national banks and the Federal reserve system are Federal instrumentalities, it is thought proper that crimes against them should be punishable under the Federal laws.

REAL ESTATE LOANS

It is recommended that section 24 of the Federal reserve act which empowers national banks to make loans upon the security of improved real estate, be amended to provide that the time limit for which a national bank may make a loan upon improved city property be increased from one year to five years. National banks should also be permitted to make such loans upon real estate to an aggregate amount not in excess of 50 per cent of their time deposits. Of all the numerous suggestions made to the office of the comptroller for revision of the national banking laws, on none has there been greater unanimity than on the suggestion for liberalizing the lending powers of national banks upon the security of real estate. From every section of the country, especially from banks located outside of the large cities, there is an insistent demand for the removal of the handicaps

which the existing laws impose in this connection.

Section 24 prohibits a national bank from lending money upon first mortgage security upon city property for a longer period than one year and further limits the aggregate amount of such loans to a sum not in excess of one-third of the time deposits. The State banks and trust companies in active competition have no such limitations imposed upon them. A first mortgage upon improved city property is considered a very fine form of security. But real estate loans are ordinarily made for a longer period than one year. If a national bank is prohibited from meeting the needs of its customers in this connection, the customer naturally will go to the State bank to borrow the money upon his real estate, and the State banks as a result will get his account and in many cases his entire commercial business. This is one of the severest forms of competition which the national banks outside of the large banking centers face to-day and it accounts in a large measure for the rapid growth of the trust companies in those localities and for the relative reduction of the resources of national banks.

The argument which is most generally advanced against having long-term real estate securities in national banks is that they are not readily convertible. This has been adduced against the removal of the one-year period for city real estate and the five-year period for country real estate. As a matter of fact, the probabilities are that if real estate is to be handled by the banks the liquidity would be greater if indefinite latitude as to time were granted. The banks would then handle most of their mortgage real estate loans in somewhat the same way they handle bonds which they sell. There is a well-established and definite market for real estate mortgages. This market does not cover mortgages of as short a term as one year, and, as a rule, the shortest term is five years. If the banks were able to carry these maturities of five years or over, they would then have the notes and mortgages in such condition that they could be disposed of to a wide clientele. A five-year mortgage is salable and convertible, whereas a one-year mortgage is not. On this account alone it is very possible that, instead of increasing the volume of frozen assets of banks, this longer period would produce greater liquidity and at the same time enable the banks to add very much to their services to their customers.

DEALING IN SECURITIES

Section 24 of the Federal reserve act should be further amended to enable a national bank to buy and sell investment securities such as bonds, notes, debentures, and the like. This would not include the power to buy and sell stocks, since these do not evidence indebtedness. This provision would make very little change in existing practice, since a great number of national banks now buy and sell investment securities, and the office of the comptroller has raised no objection because this has become a recognized service which a bank must render.

RELATIVE GROWTH OF NATIONAL BANKS SINCE 1870

The suggestions contained in the legislation recommended are simple, involve no unfair or discriminatory provisions that would militate against the State banks and trust companies, and, in the opinion of many bankers, they are necessary to produce a situation under which the national banking system may maintain its traditional position in the fiscal system of the United States.

The following outline of figures are submitted as indicative of the

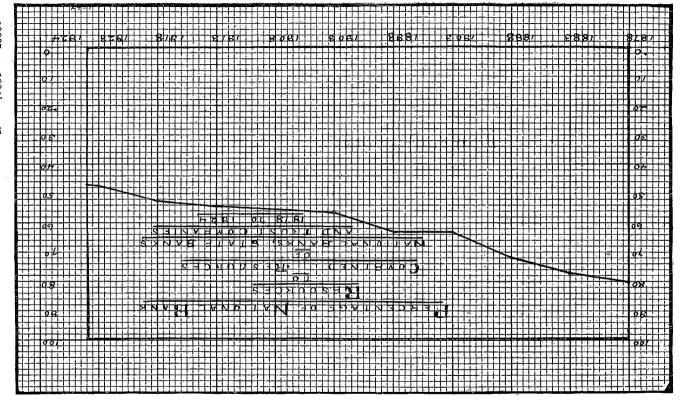
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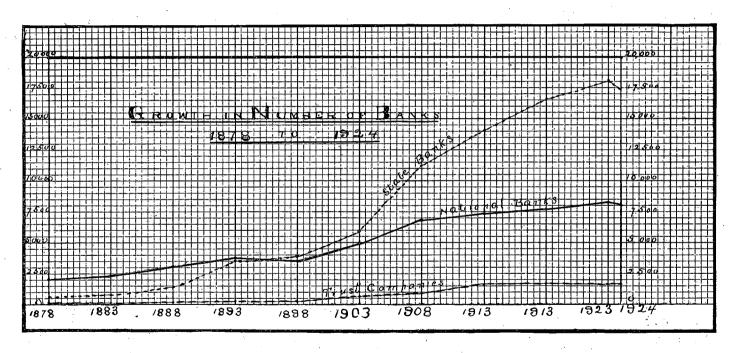
In 1870 there were 325 State banks and 1,612 national. In 1884 there were 817 State banks, exclusive of savings banks, and 35 trust companies, with aggregate resources of \$760,000,000, and 2,625 national banks with aggregate resources of \$2,283,000,000. Twenty years later, in 1904, there were 6,923 State banks, exclusive of savings banks, and 585 trust companies, with combined resources of \$5,240,-000,000, while there were 5,331 national banks with aggregate resources of \$6,656,000,000. In the next 20-year period, bringing us up to June 30, 1924, we find 17,436 State banks, exclusive of savings banks, and 1,664 trust companies, with aggregate resources of about \$25,140,000,000, and 8,085 national banks with aggregate resources of \$22,566,000,000. The increase in aggregate resources of State banks and trust companies for the year ended June, 1924, was \$1,478,000,-000 as against an aggregate increase for the national banks of \$1,054,-000,000. Forty years ago the national banks had 75 per cent of the banking resources of commercial banks and trust companies in the. United States, whereas by June 30, 1924, they had dropped to about only 47 per cent. During the past two years the increase in national bank resources was about \$1,860,000,000 as against an increase in the resources of State banks and trust companies of about \$3,540,000,000.

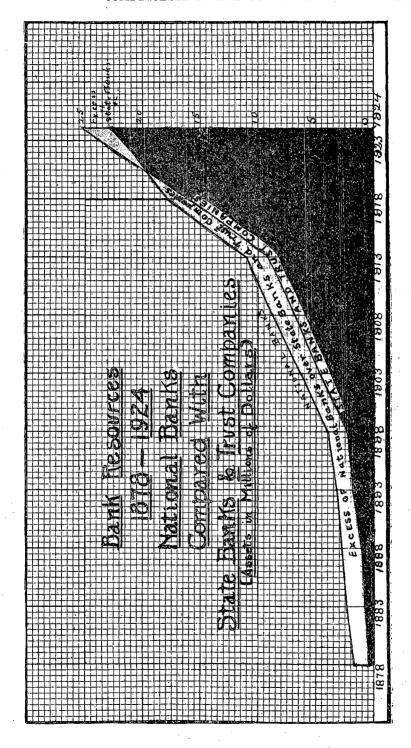
Since January 1, 1918, 206 national banks, each with capital of \$100,000 or over, have given up their national charters and taken out State charters. They carried with them total assets of \$2,234,000,000, being about 10 per cent of the total assets of the national banking system. In the past seven years 60 national banks in California were absorbed into the State system, 27 in New York, 23 in Ohio, and 19 in Pennsylvania. It will be noted that these are States in which branch banking is carried on by State banks. These are

very significant figures.

The following charts present graphically the relative position of the national banks in our general banking system during the past 46 years.







HAVE THE NATIONAL BANKS A CLAIM TO CONSIDERATION?

Twice in great emergencies the national banking system has been the vehicle by which the Government carried forward its fiscal program. It was not conceived to the end of improving banking facilities but with the primary purpose of creating an instrumentality by which the Government could finance the Civil War. It was created in a time of national crisis, and no other governmental instrumentality has ever rendered a greater service than it did during those critical days.

Again, about 50 years later, it was due to the national banks that another crisis was successfully met and passed. Because the Federal Government had authority over the national banks, it was able to create the Federal reserve system. This system was composed exclusively of national banks until the time arrived when its successful operation was demonstrated, when the State banks were invited to avail themselves of its resources upon negotiated terms.

The function which the Federal reserve system performed in the fiscal operations of the Government during and after the Great War is history and not theory. If the national banks should go out of existence, the Federal reserve system would become entirely a voluntary system; it would be little more than a loose aggregation of banking powers, without coherence, without discipline, and not subject to Federal authority. Its members would be subject to the laws of 48 different States, and moral suasion would take the place of legal control as the only means by which the Government's influence could be exerted. Even if it were assumed that such a loosely controlled system would function under normal conditions, it would cease to be a great machine ready on a moment's notice to meet the Nation's need in a time of crisis.

The national banks afford a strong, aggressive, and permanent membership; they have resources of over \$23,000,000,000; they comprise units ranging in size from the largest banking aggregations in the world to neighborhood institutions for the service of small and remote communities, and it is unthinkable that, either through direct act or neglect, the Government of the United States should permit the dissolution of such an institution or lose its control over it.

It should never be forgotten that when the Federal reserve system was formed the national banks were not invited to join—they were forced to become members. Having thus been brought in by compulsion, the Government is in duty bound to treat them with fairness or suffer the consequences of the surrender of their charters.

If, at the expiration of the charters of the Federal reserve banks, Congress for any reason should not recharter these banks, and if at that time the national banking system had gone out of existence, the Federal Government would have lost all direct control over panking.

UNITED STATES BONDS AND NATIONAL BANK CIRCULATION

By reference to the tables following relating to the public debt of the United States on June 30, 1924, it will be noted that the volume of United States bonds eligible as security for national bank circulation is \$793,115,530, the major part, \$599,724,000, being 2 per cent consols, the 2 per cent Panama Canal bonds aggregating \$74,901,580, the remainder being the 4 per cent loan of 1925, totaling \$118,489,900. In June last the Secretary announced that the Treasury contem-

In June last the Secretary announced that the Treasury contemplated calling for redemption and payment on February 1, 1925, the entire issue of the 4's of 1925. With the redemption of these bonds the amount of outstanding issues eligible as security for national bank circulation will be reduced to \$674,625,630, approximately but 50 per cent of the bank's capital, the latter being the measure of circulation issuable upon the security of eligible bonds.

The issuance of this announcement on the part of the Secretary of the Treasury has suggested the possibility of the gradual retirement of all bonds available for the issue of circulation. In order to overcome the contraction of a circulating medium which such a policy would involve, it is assumed that Federal reserve currency would be

issued.

Great importance is attached to the circulation privilege by many national banks. It is true that the profits that can be realized as a result of this operation are at the present time relatively small. Under changing conditions this margin of profit might be somewhat increased, so that from the standpoint of earnings the national banks are interested not alone in conditions as they exist at the present time,

but the possibilities for the future.

There is a considerable sentimental value attached to the issuance of currency by the national banks which, because it is intangible, should not be ignored. It is considered by many banks as a symbol indicating their participation in the fiscal policies of the Government and an advertisement of the governmental relationship, carrying with it the obvious implications of Government supervision and official guidance. Even though it should be conceded that the circulation privilege is of little financial value to the national banks, the fact that many of them feel that in its cancellation a privilege

is being taken from them is an important consideration.

In other portions of this report the necessity for legislation to improve the condition of the national banking system is stressed at some length. While still probably the most influential financial organization in the world to-day, it is the general opinion that, due largely to lack of enabling legislation, the national banking system is not keeping its relative position in the United States. Until material relief is granted to the national banks, it would seem unwise to curtail in any way the prerogatives which they at present exercise. It is debatable as to whether a sufficient number of the national banks would be adversely affected or be of the opinion that they were so affected to cause many withdrawals from the system on account of the cancellation of the circulation privilege, but it would undoubtedly be considered by all of the national banks as decreasing the incentives which induce them to remain in the system.

In considering the question of the substitution of some other form of circulation that is involved in such a fiscal scheme, it should not be forgotten that to such an extent as national banks withdraw from the national system on account of the loss of the currency privilege, there is a probability in case they are rural banks, of their withdrawing from the Federal reserve system, thereby reducing the resources which the Federal reserve system will have to meet this

additional demand for currency. It would therefore seem to be the course of prudence to refrain from any definite policy involving the cancellation of the national bank circulation until such legislative action is taken as will result in placing the privileges of the national banking system on a parity with the banks with which they are obliged to compete within the Federal reserve system.

With the exception of some ten million consols, all of that issue, together with the Panama Canal bonds, are held with the Treasurer for account of national banks to secure circulation and public de-Hence it remains only for the banks to acquire these ten million of 2 per cent consols for deposit to secure circulation following the redemption of the 4's to absorb the entire amount of bonds

eligible as security for circulation.

In anticipation of the call there has been some activity in the withdrawal of the 4's and substitution of 2's. Up to October 31 last 4's to the amount of \$9,136,000 had been withdrawn and the 2 per cents increased \$2,416,600; hence a net decrease in the year in the securities held for circulation of \$6,719,440. About 600 banks have on deposit as security for circulation bonds of the loan of 1925.

Supplementing the Secretary's advice with respect to the withdrawal and redemption of the 4 per cent bonds of 1925, the following form of resolution for adoption by boards of directors of national banks, together with instructions relative to the course of procedure

prepared by the department is submitted:

RESOLUTION BY NATIONAL BANK AUTHORIZING THE WITHDRAWAL AND ASSIGN-MENT OF UNITED STATES 4 PER CENT BONDS OF THE LOAN OF 1925, HELD AS SECURITY FOR CIRCULATING NOTES (AND THE SUBSTITUTION OF UNITED STATES 2 PER CENT BONDS)

Resolved, That the Comptroller of the Currency of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to withdraw from the custody of the Treasurer of the United States and to redeliver to said Treasurer for redemption face amount of United States 4 per cent bonds of the loan of 1925 held for account of this bank to secure circulating notes, and to deposit with the Treasurer of the United States, in (a) _____substitution for the 4 per cent bonds of the loan of 1925 to be withdrawn, (b)

\$_____ face amount of United States 2 per cent bonds, as follows:

Title of loan	Face amount	Title of loan	Face amount

And it is further resolved, That the Treasurer of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to assign and transfer the 4 per cent bonds of the loan of 1925 above described to the Secretary of the Treasury for redemption, (c) \$_____ of the proceeds of redemption to be retained by the Treasurer of the United States and deposited to meet the redemption and retirement of a like amount of circulating notes of this bank now outstanding, which notes are secured by the 4 per cent bonds of the loan of 1925 authorized herein to be withdrawn and redeemed. Payment of the difference between the amount so retained and deposited and the proceeds of redemption to be paid to

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of a resolution passed at a _____ meeting of the board of directors of the (regular or special) and by virtue of the laws of the United States, held on the _____ day of _____, 19____; and I further certify that due notice of said meeting was given to each member of said board, that a quorum was present, and that said resolution has not been amended or repealed. Witness my signature and the seal of said bank, this _____ day of _____, 19____. (Official signature of officer) (Impress bank seal here.) (Official title of officer)

INSTRUCTIONS

(a) The space designated "(a)" should be used to designate whether full or partial substitution of other bonds is to be made. If no such substitution is desired, the words "No substitution" should be entered in the blank space.
(b) The space designated "(b)" should be used to designate the amount of 2 per cent bonds to be substituted. If no substitution is desired, the words "No substitution" should be entered in the blank space.
(c) The space designated "(c)" should be used to designate the amount of the proceeds of redemption which it is desired shall be retained by the Treesurer of

(c) The space designated "(c)" should be used to designate the amount of the proceeds of redemption which it is desired shall be retained by the Treasurer of the United States to meet the retirement of the outstanding circulating notes which were secured by the 4 per cent bonds. If 2 per cent bonds in an amount equivalent to the amount of 4 per cent bonds withdrawn are to be substituted, no retention of proceeds will be necessary, and accordingly the words "No retention" should be entered in the space designated "(c)." If only partial substitution is desired—that is, if the amount of 2 per cent bonds to be substituted is less than the amount of 4 per cent bonds to be withdrawn—there should be entered under "(c)" the amount of the difference necessary to be retained to meet the retirement of outstanding circulating notes which were secured by the meet the retirement of outstanding circulating notes which were secured by the 4 per cent bonds.

This resolution should be properly executed and certified, with the seal of the bank impressed, and forwarded to the Comptroller of the Currency of the United States, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., together with the Treasurer's receipt covering the bonds to be withdrawn and the securities, if any, to be

submitted.

The statements hereinbefore referred to relative to the public debt and securities held in trust by the Treasurer of the United States are as follows:

Statement of the public debt of the United States, June 30, 1924

DETAIL OF INTEREST-BEARING DEBT

Bonds eligible as security for national-bank circulation:	•
2 per cent consols of 1930 \$599, 724, 050. 00	
4 per cent loan of 1925 118, 489, 900. 00	
2 per cent Panama Canal loan of	
1916–1936	
2 per cent Panama Canal loan of	
1918–1938	
1910-1990	\$793, 115, 530. 00
Other hands etc.	\$795, 115, 550. 00
Other bonds, etc.:	#40 000 000 00
3 per cent Panama Canal loan of 1961	\$49, 800, 000. 00
3 per cent conversion bonds of 1946-47	28, 894, 500. 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent postal-savings bonds (first to twenty-sixth	
series)	11, 893, 760. 00
First Liberty loan, $1932-1947$, $3\frac{1}{2}$, 4, and $4\frac{1}{4}$ per	, ,
cent	1, 951, 524, 750. 00
Second Liberty loan, 1927-1942, 4 and 41/4 per cent.	3, 104, 587, 150. 00
Third Liberty loan, 1928, 4½ per cent	2, 997, 199, 950. 00
Fourth Liberty loan, 1933-1938, 41/4 per cent	6, 324, 495, 550. 00

Other bonds, etc.—Continued. Treasury bonds, 1947–1952, 4¼ per cent. Treasury notes, 1924–1927. Certificates of indebtedness, 1924–25. Treasury (war) savings securities, series 1920–1923.	\$763, 948, 300. 00 3, 735, 309, 400. 00 807, 513, 500. 00 413, 304, 039. 66
Total interest-bearing debt outstanding. Matured debt on which interest has ceased. Debt bearing no interest. Matured interest obligations, etc.	20, 981, 586, 429, 66 30, 241, 250, 26 239, 292, 746, 91 164, 954, 358, 94
Balance held by Treasurer of the United States, etc	21, 416, 074, 785, 77 238, 029, 514, 74
Net debt, including matured interest obligations, etc	1 21, 178, 045, 271. 03
77 11 3 00 1 00 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 12 T7 11 2 C4 1

United States Government securities held in trust by Treasurer of the United States, June 30, 1924

Issues	To secure national- bank cir- culation	To secure public deposits	Total held
Consols, 1930 Loan, 1925. Panama 2's	\$589, 123, 400 87, 423, 450 74, 312, 080	\$1, 025, 000 148, 500 86, 000	\$590, 148, 400 87, 571, 950 74, 398, 080
TotalOther bonds, notes, and certificates	750, 858, 930	1, 259, 500 40, 130, 250	·752, 118, 430 40, 130, 250
Total	750, 858, 930	41, 389, 750	792, 248, 680

United States bonds deposited as security for circulation by banks chartered and by those increasing their circulation, together with the amount withdrawn by banks reducing their circulation, and by those closed, during each month, year ended October 31, 1924

Date	Bonds deposited by banks chartered and those increasing circulation during the year 2	Bonds withdrawn by banks reducing circulation	Bonds withdrawn by banks in liquidation	Bonds withdrawn by banks in insolvency
November	\$2, 254, 200 3, 666, 500	\$540, 000 3, 054, 000	\$1, 293, 500 797, 750	\$205, 000 15, 000
January 1924 Pebruary March April May June July August. September October	3, 617, 250	737, 500 666, 250 1, 254, 000 1, 362, 250 357, 750 1, 381, 500 4, 051, 290 5, 604, 250 1, 951, 500 2, 034, 750	846, 300 2, 190, 000 1, 720, 750 1, 427, 500 2, 940, 000 1, 435, 000 615, 000 1, 970, 000 825, 000	49, 000 40, 250 125, 000 65, 000 62, 500 100, 000 5, 000 95, 000 25, 000
Total	34, 903, 150	22, 995, 040	17, 840, 800	786, 750

¹ Decrease since June 30, 1923, of \$829,545,483.

² Includes \$3,657,750 deposited by 41 of the 135 banks chartered during the year.

In connection with the foregoing data, there is appended hereto statement relating to the capital stock of national banks, national-bank notes, and Federal reserve bank notes outstanding secured by United States bonds and lawful money at the beginning of business on the dates indicated with the changes during the preceding year and the preceding month; and also the kinds and amount of bonds on deposit to secure such notes and the amount of each denomination of national bank and Federal reserve bank notes outstanding at the beginning of business on November 1, 1924.

	Nov. 1, 1924	Oct. 1, 1924	Nov. 1, 1923
Authorized capital stock of national banks	\$1, 335, 766, 215 1, 335, 105, 913	\$1, 342, 606, 215 1, 341, 780, 618	\$1, 342, 728, 715 1, 342, 166, 303
		Increase or decrease since above date	Increase or decrease since above date
Increase of authorized capital stock Decrease of authorized capital stock		\$6, 840, 000	\$6, 962, 500
Increase of paid-in capital stock Decrease of paid-in capital stock		6, 674, 705	7, 060, 390
	Nov. 1, 1924	Oct. 1, 1924	Nov. 1, 1923
National-bank notes outstanding secured by United States bonds National-bank notes outstanding secured by lawful	\$735, 602, 4 35	\$736, 557, 660	\$743, 806, 385
money	38, 679, 189	39, 269, 184	28, 799, 884
Total national-bank notes outstanding	774, 281, 624	775, 826, 844	772, 606, 269
		Increase or decrease since above date	Increase or decrease since above date
Increase secured by United States bonds. Decrease secured by United States bonds. Increase secured by lawful money. Decrease secured by lawful money.		\$955, 22 5 589, 995	\$8, 203, 956 9, 879, 305
Net increase		1, 545, 220	1, 675, 355
•	Nov. 1, 1924	Oct. 1, 1924	Nov. 1, 1923
Federal reserve bank notes outstanding secured by United States bonds. Federal reserve bank notes outstanding secured by law-		9	\$524,000
ful money.	\$9, 134, 170	\$9, 448, 170	15, 758, 000
Total Federal reserve bank notes outstanding	9, 134, 170	9, 448, 170	16, 282, 000
		Increase or decrease since above date	Increase or decrease since above date
Increase secured by United States bonds Decrease secured by United States bonds	_		\$524,000
Increase secured by lawful money Decrease secured by lawful money		\$314,000	6, 623, 830
Net increase		314, 000	7, 147, 830

Kinds of bonds on deposit	On deposit to secure Federal reserve bank notes	On deposit to secure national- bank notes	National-bank not denomination ou November 1,	tstanding	Federal re- serve bank notes of each denomination outstanding November I, 1924
United States consols of 1930 (2 per cent) United States loan of 1925 (4 per cent) United States Panama of 1936 (2 per cent) United States Panama of 1938 (2 per cent) Total		\$589, 086, 200 76, 687, 050 48, 484, 720 25, 584, 920 739, 842, 890	One dollar. Two dollars. Five dollars. Ten dollars. Twenty dollars. Fifty dollars. Fifty dollars One hundred dollars Five hundred dollars One thousand dollars Fractional parts.	26, 741, 400 87, 500	\$4, 244, 333 1, 983, 442 1, 616, 955 478, 960 767, 480 43, 000
			Total Less 2	777, 888, 174 3, 606, 550	9, 134, 170
			Total	774, 281, 624	9, 134, 170

1 Issued prior to 1879.

² Notes redeemed but not assorted by denominations.

REDEMPTION OF NATIONAL BANK AND FEDERAL RESERVE BANK CIRCULATION

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, national bank notes, Federal reserve notes, and Federal reserve bank notes to the amount of \$2,067,431,535 were presented to the National Bank Redemption Agency of the Treasurer's office for redemption. Of this amount, \$1,506,899,500 were Federal reserve notes, \$11,606,830 Federal reserve bank notes, and \$548,925,205 national bank notes. The total expense incident to the redemption of these notes was \$723,837.52.

The average cost per \$1,000 for all notes redeemed through cash was \$0.93; the average cost for redemption of national bank notes, \$0.96; Federal reserve bank notes, \$0.97; and Federal reserve notes, \$0.52

Canceled Federal reserve notes to the amount of \$1,466,673,540 received direct from Federal reserve banks and their branches were not counted into cash, and therefore were not taken into consideration in arriving at the average cost for redemption. The average rate per \$1,000 for expense on account of redemption of this latter class was \$0.11.

Statements showing the amount of national bank notes, Federal reserve bank notes, and Federal reserve notes received monthly for redemption in the year ended October 31, 1924, the source whence received, and the classification of redemptions, with the cost per \$1,000 for each class redeemed, are published in the appendix of this report.

NATIONAL BANKS OF ISSUE

Of the total number of reporting banks December 31, 1923, 8,184, 7,261 had taken advantage of the provision of the national bank act authorizing the issuance of national-bank circulation and had circulating notes outstanding amounting to \$725,949,000. The total capital of all national banks on the date indicated was \$1,325,825,000, and the number of banks not issuing circulation was 923, with capital of \$173,075,000.

Statements showing the number of reporting banks in each State and Federal reserve district, with the amount of capital and circulation outstanding, of banks of issue, and the number of banks not issuing circulation and their capital, are published in the appendix of the report of the Comptroller of the Currency.

PROFIT ON NATIONAL BANK CIRCULATION

Elsewhere in this report are computations by the Actuary of the Treasury relative to the profit on national bank circulation based upon the deposit of \$100,000 consols of 1930, the 4's of 1925 and the Panama Canal 2's. The computations are based on the cost price of the bonds and the profit is expressed in amounts and per cents in excess of 6 per cent on the investment. In the computation, from the gross receipts; i. e., interest on the bonds and interest at 6 per cent on circulation, less the 5 per cent redemption fund, there are deductions for the tax on circulation, expense of maintenance and the sinking fund. From the returns it is noted that the 2 per cent consols were at the low point, namely, 102.625, in February last; hence, a profit on circulation secured thereby of 0.606 per cent. In July last the bonds cost 104.577 at which figure the profit on circulation is stated at 0.177 per cent in excess of 6 per cent of the cost of the bonds. The cost of the Panama Canal 2's during the year were slightly lower than the consols, hence, the profit on circulation secured thereby was correspondingly greater.

The computations referred to are supplemented with statements covering the monthly range of prices of the bonds in New York from November 1, 1923, to November 1, 1924, and also a computation of the investment value of United States consols, Panama Canal bonds

and the bonds of 1925.

ORGANIZATION AND LIQUIDATION OF NATIONAL BANKS

Under the various acts of Congress from 1863 to 1900 national banking associations have been organized and authorized to begin business up to and including October 31, 1924 to the number of 12,590 of which 3,700 have been closed by voluntary liquidation. The liquidations include not only banks closed to discontinue business, but those which may have been reorganized or amalgamated with other banks, State and national, and those consolidated under the act of November 7, 1918. In this period, 1863 to 1924, exclusive of failed banks restored to solvency, some 792 associations were placed in charge of receivers and liquidated in the interest of creditors and others. From the foregoing it appears that approximately only 6½ per cent of the total number of banks organized resulted in failures. This is notable when comparisons are made with other lines of business. As will be noted elsewhere in this report the creditors of national banks, the affairs of which have been fully liquidated, received on an average of over 81 per cent in dividends, etc. on their claims.

In the fall of 1914 the Federal reserve banks began their operations. On November 1 of that year the capital of the 7,578 national banks in existence was \$1,072,000,000. By October 1, 1924, the number of banks had increased to 8,098, and their capital was slightly in excess of \$1,335,000,000; hence, a net increase of banks in this period of 520

and in capital of about \$263,300,000. In this 10-year period, while banks to the number of 1,938, with capital of \$190,960,000, were organized, there were 1,418 liquidations, voluntary and involuntary, including the number lost through consolidations. In the meantime the volume of assets of the going banks increased nearly 100 per cent,

or from \$11,482,000,000 to \$22,565,900,000.

In the year ended October 31, 1924, applications for the organization of national banks to the number of 225 were received, the contemplated capital being roundly \$23,820,000. Of the applications received 58 were rejected for various reasons and 83 were abandoned. The number of banks chartered in the year was 135, with authorized capital of \$21,375,000, of which number 29 were conversions of State banks, 7 reorganizations of State or private banks, 2 reorganizations of national banks and 97 primary or independent organizations. During the year 155 banks were placed in voluntary liquidation, 53 of which, exclusive of the 16 consolidated under the act of November 7, 1918, were absorbed by other national banks in the same locality, 96 were absorbed by State banks and 6 discontinued business. In the current year 138 banks, including 1 heretofore in voluntary liquidation, were placed in charge of receivers. This number includes 6 which were afterward restored to solvency and 1 which had been reported out during the previous year.

LABOR BANKS

Following the organization of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers Co-Operative National Bank of Cleveland, Ohio, October 26, 1920, the first association formed by labor interests, the following charters have been issued:

The Transportation Brotherhoods National Bank of Minneapolis,

Minn., December 15, 1922.

The Labor National Bank of Montana at Three Forks, Mont.,

April 20, 1923.

The Telegraphers National Bank of St. Louis, Mo., May 4, 1923. The Brotherhoods Co-Operative National Bank of Spokane, Wash., July 28, 1923.

The Brotherhood of Railway Clerks National Bank of Cincinnati,

Ohio, September 29, 1923.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers National Bank of Boston, Mass., May 23, 1924.

The Labor Co-Operative National Bank of Paterson, N. J., July 9,

1924.

The powers, rights, etc., of these labor banks differ in no respect from those of other national banking associations.

DOMESTIC BRANCHES OF NATIONAL BANKS

Under authority of section 5155 of the Revised Statutes of the United States the following national banks, formerly State banks, continue to operate the branches indicated:

California:

Bank of California, National Association, San Francisco; capital, \$8,500,000.

Branch at Portland, Oreg.; capital, \$300,000.

Branch at Seattle, Wash.; capital, \$200,000.

Branch at Tacoma, Wash.; capital, \$200,000.

Louisiana:

Calcasieu National Bank of Southwestern Louisiana, Lake Charles; capital, \$1,000,000.

Branch at De Quincy; capital, \$40,000. Branch at Jennings; capital, \$120,000. Branch at Kinder; capital, \$30,000. Branch at Lake Arthur; capital, \$40,000.

Branch at Oakdale; capital, \$120,000. Branch at Sulphur; capital, \$40,000. Branch at Vinton; capital, \$50,000. Branch at Welsh; capital, \$60,000.

Massachusetts:

Federal National Bank of Boston; capital, \$1,500,000.

Four branches in Boston, with capital of \$50,000 assigned to each. Safe Deposit National Bank of New Bedford; capital, \$350,000.

Branch in New Bedford; capital, \$50,000.

Michigan:

City National Bank of Battle Creek; capital, \$400,000.
Branch in Battle Creek; capital, \$25,000.

National Union Bank of Jackson; capital, \$400,000 Branch in Jackson; capital, \$100,000.

Mississippi:

Pascagoula National Bank of Moss Point; capital, \$75,000.

Branch in Pascagoula; capital, \$25,000.

New York:

Chatham & Phoenix National Bank of New York; capital, \$10,500,000.

Twelve branches in the city of New York, with capital of \$100,000. assigned to each.

Public National Bank of New York; capital, \$4,000,000.

Five branches in the city of New York, with capital of \$100,000 assigned to each.

Seaboard National Bank of the city of New York; capital, \$4,000,000. Two branches in the city of New York, with capital of \$100,000 assigned to each.

North Carolina:

American Exchange National Bank of Greensboro; capital, \$750,000.

Branch in Greensboro; capital, \$150,000.

Farmers National Bank & Trust Co. of Winston-Salem; capital, \$300,000. Branch in Winston-Salem; capital, \$50,000.

First National Bank of Milton; capital, \$50,000. Branch at Freewater; capital, \$10,000.

Washington

Dexter Horton National Bank of Seattle; capital, \$2,200,000.

Two branches in Seattle, with capital of \$50,000 assigned to one and \$200,000 assigned to the other.

 \mathbf{W} isconsin:

American National Bank of Milwaukee; capital, \$1,000,000.

Two branches in the city of Milwaukee, with capital of \$50,000 assigned to each.

Under the consolidation act of November 7, 1918, converted State banks having branches were consolidated with the following banks and the branches continued:

California:

The First National Bank of Lemoore; capital, \$150,000.

Branch at Stratford; capital, \$25,000.

District of Columbia:

The Riggs National Bank of Washington, D. C.; capital, \$2,500,000.

Three branches in the city of Washington, with capital of \$10,000. assigned to each.

¹ One of which was acquired by consolidation under act Nov. 7, 1918.

Georgia:

The Fourth National Bank of Atlanta; capital, \$1,200,000.

Four branches in the city of Atlanta, with capital of \$50,000 assigned to

Branch at Decatur; capital, \$25,000.

Atlanta and Lowry National Bank, Atlanta; capital, \$4,000,000. Two branches in Atlanta, with capital of \$50,000 assigned to each.

Massachusetts:

The Atlantic National Bank of Boston; capital, \$4,500,000.

Three branches in Boston, with capital of \$100,000 assigned to each.

The First National Bank of Boston; capital, \$15,000,000. Seven branches in Boston, with capital of \$50,000 assigned to each. Chapin National Bank of Springfield; capital, \$500,000.

Two branches in Springfield, with capital of \$50,000 assigned to each.

Michigan:

Grand Rapids National Bank of Grand Rapids; capital, \$1,000,000. Nine branches in the city of Grand Rapids, with capital of \$10,000 assigned to each.

New Jersey:
Union Trust and Hudson County National Bank, Jersey City; capital,

Branch in Jersey City; capital, \$50,000.

Branch at Bayonne; capital, \$50,000.

New York:

National Commercial Bank & Trust Co. of Albany; capital, \$1,250,000.

Branch in Albany; capital, \$100,000.

Chase National Bank of New York; capital, \$20,000,000.

Seven branches in the city of New York, with capital of \$100,000

assigned to each.

East River National Bank of the city of New York; capital, \$2,100,000. Two branches in the city of New York, with capital of \$100,000 assigned to each.

Mechanics & Metals National Bank, New York; capital, \$10,000,000. Twelve branches in the city of New York, to which is assigned \$50,000

capital each to eight, and \$100,000 each to four of the branches.

National City Bank of New York; capital, \$40,000,000.

Three branches in the city of New York, with capital of \$100,000 assigned to each.

South Carolina:

The Peoples National Bank of Charleston; capital, \$1,000,000.

Two branches in Charleston, with capital of \$200,000 assigned to one and \$100,000 assigned to the other.

Unaka and City National Bank of Johnson City; capital, \$400,000. Branch in Johnson City; capital, \$25,000.

Virginia:

First National Bank of Abingdon; capital, \$200,000.

Branch in Abingdon; capital, \$25,000.
Peoples National Bank of Leesburg; capital, \$100,000.
Branch at Upperville; capital, \$10,000.

Seaboard National Bank of Norfolk; capital, \$800,000 Branch in Norfolk; capital, \$50,000.

National banks, with number of additional local offices and dates of approval of their establishment, October 31, 1924

Location	Title of bank	Num- ber of addi- tional offices	Date of approval of establishment of additional offices
California:			
Crockett	First National Bank	1	Nov. 28, 1923 Dec. 19, 1923
Fresno	l National Bank	$\frac{1}{2}$	May 3, 1924
Inglewood	First National Bank California National Bank	ī	Mar. 7, 1923
Long Beach	California National Bank First National Bank	1 1	Nov. 8, 1923 July 1, 1922
Los Angeles	First National Bank	1	June 13, 1922
Do	Commercial National Bank	8	JOct. 31, 1923
			Jan. 29, 1924 June 4, 1924
		1	Aug. 1, 1922
Do	Merchants National Bank	4	Aug. 1, 1922 Oct. 11, 1922 Mar. 15, 1924
			(June 4, 1924
Do	Pacific National Bank	3	Feb. 5, 1924 ∫Mar. 1, 1924
Do	United States National Bank	5	July 29, 1924
Oakland	Central National Bank	1	Aug. 2, 1922
Sacramento San Diego	California National Bauk United States National Bank	1	Sept. 6, 1922 Apr. 9, 1923
Santa Cruz	First National Bank	î	Nov. 22, 1922
District of Columbia: Washington	Second National Bank	1	Nov. 18, 1922
Do.!	District National Bank	I	May 1 1023
	Franklin National Bank	l	HADQ, 25, 1924
D ₀ ,1 D ₀ ,1	Lincoln National Bank	1	Dec. 30, 1922 Dec. 4, 1922
Do.1	Riggs National Bank	î	Sept. 8, 1922
Do.1	Standard National Bank	I	Apr. 7, 1923
Georgia: Atlanta Kentucky:	Atlanta and Lowry National Bank	1	Sept. 22, 1922
Louisville	Citizens Union National Bank	1	Nov. 20, 1922
Do	Louisville National Bank	5	July 20, 1922 Aug. 15, 1922 Nov. 28, 1923
Do Maryland:	National Bank of Kentucky	1	Dec. 18, 1922
Baltimore	Citizens National Bank. Farmers and Merchants National Bank. Merchants National Bank.	$\frac{1}{2}$	July 29, 1924 Aug. 18, 1922 Aug. 1, 1922
Massachusetts:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	
Adams	First National Bank	1	Dec. 7, 1923 Jan. 18, 1924
Boston	do	2	Oct. 16, 1924
Do	Atlantic National Bank	2	11 Aug. 23, 1922
De	Citizens National Bank	1	Mar. 3, 1923
Do	Federal National Bank	1	Jan. 18, 1924 Dec. 3, 1923
Fitchburg.	Safety Fund National Bank	1 1	Jan. 30, 1924
Springfield	Citizens National Bank Federal National Bank National Shawmut Bank Safety Fund National Bank Chapin National Bank	ī	Jan. 10, 1924
Wellesley	Wellesley National Bank	2	Nov. 18, 1922 Mar. 30, 1923
Michigan:			Jan. 2, 1924
Detroit	First National Bank	20	Apr. 7, 1924 June 14, 1924
Do	National Bank of Commerce	1	July 19, 1922
Flint Jackson	First National Bank Peoples National Bank	1 1	Dec. 15, 1923
Ludington	First National Bank	î	Nov. 22, 1922 Sept. 8, 1922
Muskegon	Union National Bank	. 1	Jan. 23, 1924
Saginaw Nebraska:	Second National Bank	1	Jan. 13, 1923
South Omaha	Live Stock National Bank Packers National Bank of South Omaha	1 1	Dec. 3, 1923 Jan. 18, 1924
New York:		i	1
Buffalo	Community National Bank	2	Aug. 18, 1922 Jan. 18, 1923
Do Do	Manufacturers & Traders National Bank South Side National Bank	3	Jan. 18, 1923 Dec. 21, 1922 Feb. 23, 1923
Ithaca	First National Bank	1 1	Nov. 9, 1923
New York	Bronx National Bank	1	Nov. 9, 1922 July 17, 1924
Do	Capitol National Bank	3	Jan. 9, 1923 Apr. 28, 1923
Do	Chemical National Bank	12	Apr. 23, 1923
1 Watablished in day anthouit	work the Millemannia test at twell 00, 1000		

¹ Established under authority of the Millspaugh Act of April 26, 1922.

National banks, with number of additional local offices and dates of approval of their establishment, October 31, 1924—Continued

	,	Num-	Date of
Location	Title of bank	ber of addi- tional offices	approval of establishment of additional offices
New York—Continued.			
New York	East River National Bank	4	Jan. 18, 1924 July 19, 1924
Do	First National Bank of the City of Brooklyn	1	July 19, 1924 Oct. 29, 1924
D0	Hamilton Nationa Bank	2	Oct. 30, 1924
Do	Harriman National Bank	1	Apr. 26, 1923
Do	Mechanics & Metals National Bank	1	July 15, 1924 Nov. 28, 1923
Do	National Bank of Bay Ridge National Butchers & Drovers Bank	í	May 6, 1924
Do	National City Bank	2	May 6, 1924 Oct. 26, 1923 Jan. 30, 1924
	-	_	Jan. 30, 1924 Mar. 19, 1924
Do	National Park Bank	2	Oct. 16, 1924
	•		Oct. 16, 1924 July 18, 1922
			HAug. 29. 1922
Do	Public National Bank	13	Dec. 8, 1922 Feb. 28, 1923
			Jan. 26, 1924
5 .	This have a second second second second		July 31, 1924
Do	Richmond Hill National Bank Rockaway Beach National Bank	1 2	Aug. 1, 1922 Mar. 8, 1924
Troy	Manufacturers National Bank	1	Nov. 19, 1923
Watertown	Jefferson Co. National Bank	1	Oct. 13, 1922
Yonkers North Carolina: Greensboro	Yonkers National Bank & Trust Co American Exchange National Bank	, 1 1	Oct. 24, 1922 July 24, 1922
Ohio:	American Exchange Ivational Dank	7	July 24, 1522
Cleveland	Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers Co-Opera- ative National Bank.	2	Sept. 8, 1922
FindlayLockland	American-First National Bank First National Bank	1 1	Jan. 2, 1923 Nov. 28, 1923
Pennsylvania:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1107. 20, 1920
Chester	First National Bank Pennsylvania National Bank First National Bank	2	Sept. 22, 1922
Do Johnstown	Pennsylvania National Bank	1 1	May 24, 1924 Apr. 28, 1924
McKees Rocks	do	i	Oct. 24, 1922
Philadelphia	do	1	July 25, 1922
Do	Broad Street National Bank Central National Bank	2 1	Nov. 13, 1923 July 24, 1922
Do	Corn Exchange National Bank	2	July 18, 1922
Do	Drovers & Merchants National Bank	- ī	July 18, 1922 Jan. 18, 1924 Aug. 17, 1922
Do	Fourth Street National Bank Northern National Bank	1	Aug. 17, 1922
Do	Overbrook National Bank	1	Sept. 2, 1923
Do	Philadelhpia National bank	2	Apr. 2, 1923 Sept. 2, 1924 Apr. 30, 1923
Reading	Reading National Bank	2	Aug. 24, 1922 Feb. 15, 1924
Williamsport	West Branch National Bank	1	Aug. 31, 1922
York	York National Bank	Ī	July 25, 1922
South Carolina:	Dank of Charleston National Banking Agasistian	2	A 12 20 1000
Charleston Greenville	Bank of Charleston National Banking Association Norwood National Bank	1	Aug. 30, 1922 Dec. 15, 1923
Tennessee:	City National Bank		
Knoxville		1	Jan. 3, 1924
Nashville	American National Bank	. 2	Feb. 20, 1924 Aug. 1, 1924
Virginia:	1		`
Charlottesville	Peoples National BankVirginia National Bank	1	Jan. 9, 1923
Norfolk Richmond	American National Bank	1 4	Apr. 29, 1924 July 20, 1922
Do	Merchants National Bank	2	July 21, 1922
Do	Planters National Bank	. 1	(Feb. 2, 1924 July 19, 1922

CONDITION OF NATIONAL BANKS AT DATE OF EACH REPORT CALLED FOR DURING THE YEAR

In accordance with the provision of section 5211, Revised Statutes, each national bank in operation was required to submit four reports: of condition in the year ended October 31, 1924.

The resources and liabilities of reporting banks at the date of each

call in the year are shown in the following statement:

Abstract of reports of condition of national banks on dates indicated [In thousands of dollars]

	Sept. 14, 1923—8,239 banks	Dec. 31, 1923—8,184 banks	Mar. 31, 1924—8,115 banks	June 30, 1924—8,085 banks	Oct. 10, 1924—8,074 banks
RESOURCES					
Loans and discounts (including rediscounts) 1 Overdrafts Customers' liability account of acceptances.	11, 934, 556 12, 950 153, 485	11, 876, 562 10, 470 207, 438	11, 952, 287 10, 815 202, 572	11, 978, 728 10, 075 135, 829	12, 210, 148- 12, 242- 145, 666-
United States Government securities owned. Other bonds, stocks, securities, etc	2, 602, 762 2, 398, 304 504, 731 86, 412 1, 169, 345	2, 566, 851 2, 477, 843 512, 910 93, 881 1, 180, 838	2, 494, 313 2, 511, 637 525, 335 100, 098 1, 160, 766	2, 481, 778 2, 660, 550 532, 728 104, 630 1, 198, 670	2, 579, 190; 2, 897, 040; 541, 852; 107, 459; 1, 303, 631
Items with Federal reserve banks in proc- ess of collection. Cash in vault. Amount due from national banks. Amount due from other banks, bankers,	463, 456 361, 485 960, 769	460, 173 386, 428 1, 029, 342	379, 307 342, 969 938, 804	397, 340 345, 219 1, 099, 763	427, 894 360, 101 1, 412, 807
and trust companies Exchanges for clearing house Checks on other banks in the same place Outside checks and other cash items Redemption fund and due from U. S.	292, 974 481, 585 49, 560 59, 406	319, 992 925, 979 85, 079 73, 656	283, 386 842, 719 67, 083 56, 420	345, 020 925, 568 75, 925 69, 687	439, 356 575, 360% 53, 871 52, 898
TreasurerOther assets	36, 934 144, 162	36, 746 161, 940	37, 167 15 7, 210	37, 129 167, 280	36, 726 166, 820
Total	21, 712, 876	22, 406, 128	22, 062, 888	22, 565, 919	23, 323, 061
LIABILITIES					ļ. —
Capital stock paid in	1, 332, 394 1, 068, 320	1, 325, 825 1, 068, 359	1, 335, 572 1, 073, 363	1, 334, 011 1, 080, 578	1, 332, 527 1, 074, 268
paid National bank notes outstanding Due to Federal reserve banks Amount due to national banks Amount due to other banks, bankers, and	523, 010 731, 479 29, 763 905, 104	473, 979 725, 949 26, 965 920, 239	507, 905 726, 483 25, 328 886, 435	501, 656 729, 686 26, 445 1, 035, 000	556, 792 723, 530 27, 342 1, 338, 309
trust companies Certified checks outstanding Cashier's checks outstanding Demand deposits Time deposits (including postal savings) United States deposits Total deposits United States Government securities	1, 510, 573 130, 547 167, 157 9, 331, 368 4, 864, 369 101, 649 17, 040, 530	1, 648, 607 186, 434 347, 629 9, 593, 119 4, 948, 019 157, 849 17, 828, 861	1, 653, 347 187, 704 261, 785 9, 292, 127 5, 108, 970 183, 000 17, 598, 696	1, 759, 556 226, 714 323, 621 9, 593, 250 5, 259, 933 123, 318 18, 347, 837	1, 933, 857 147, 404 217, 231 9, 795, 580 5, 460, 677 188, 398 19, 108, 798
United States Government securities borrowed	36, 983	38, 287	35, 684	32, 542	28, 729
Bonds and securities (other than United States) borrowed. Bills payable (including all obligations	2, 750	3, 038	2, 532	2, 565	3, 581
presenting borrowed money other than rediscounts). Notes and bills rediscounted (including acceptances of other banks and foreign	352, 995	324, 166	238, 888	143, 847	123, 611
bills of exchange or drafts sold with in- dorsement)	400, 799	333, 896	271, 645	196, 778	170, 419
standing. Acceptances executed for customers and to furnish dollar exchange less those purchased or discounted.	7, 503 145, 786	5, 475 204, 432	6, 225 193, 240	9, 456	6, 135 140, 574
Acceptances executed by other banks Liabilities other than those stated above	18, 897 51, 430	17, 630 56, 231	193, 240 25, 455 47, 200	131, 411 17, 381 38, 171	18, 435 35, 662
Total	21, 712, 876	22, 406, 128	22, 062, 888	22, 565, 919	23, 323, 061

i Includes customers' liability under letters of credit.

CONDITION OF NATIONAL BANKS OCTOBER 10, 1924

The combined resources of 8,074 reporting national banks, October 10, 1924, amounting to \$23,323,061,000, were greater than at the date of any report during the past four years, or since November 15, 1920, when the resources of 8,123 banks amounted to \$23,535,120,000. Comparison of principal items of resources and liabilities follows.

RESOURCES

LOANS AND DISCOUNTS

Loans and discounts, including rediscounts of \$170,419,000, aggregated \$12,210,148,000, October 10, 1924, and show an increase since September 14, 1923, of \$275,592,000.

INVESTMENTS IN BONDS AND SECURITIES

The total investments of these banks in United States Government securities and other miscellaneous stocks, bonds, and securities, amounted to \$5,476,230,000, or approximately 24 per cent of total resources, and show an increase in the year of \$475,164,000. United States Government securities were \$2,579,190,000, or \$23,572,000 less than a year ago, and other miscellaneous bonds and securities amounted to \$2,897,040,000, and were \$498,736,000 in excess of the amount September 14, 1923.

CASH IN VAULT AND BANK BALANCES

Cash in vault amounted to \$360,101,000. showing a reduction of \$1,384,000. Balances due from other banks and bankers, including lawful reserve with Federal reserve banks of \$1,303,631,000, and items with these banks in process of collection to the amount of \$427,894,000, aggregated \$3,583,688,000. and were \$697,144,000 greater than a year ago.

LIABILITIES

CAPITAL, SURPLUS, AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS

Capital stock was increased in the year \$133,000, and amounted to \$1,332,527,000, October 10, 1924, although the reduction of reporting banks in this period was 165. Surplus and undivided profits were increased from \$1,591,330,000 to \$1,631,060,000.

CIRCULATING NOTES OUTSTANDING

Liabilities for circulation outstanding were reduced in the year \$7,949,000, and amounted to \$723,530,000 October 10, 1924.

DEPOSIT LIABILITIES

Total deposit liabilities amounting to \$19,108,798,000 show an increase in the year of \$2,068,268,000. Included in this increase is \$920,999,000, representing a gain in deposits to the credit of other banks and bankers, including certified checks and cashiers' checks outstanding, which rose from \$2,743,144,000 to \$3,664,143,000, \$550,961,000 being the amount of increase in demand deposits, including United States deposits, which amounted to \$9,983,978,000 compared with \$9,433,017,000, a year ago, and \$596,308,000 representing the amount of increase in time deposits, including postal savings, which rose from \$4,864,369,000 to \$5,460,677,000.

MONEY BORROWED

Liabilities for money borrowed on account of bills payable and rediscounts were reduced \$459,764,000, and amounted to \$294,030,000 October 10, 1924. Bills payable of \$123,611,000 show a reduction in the year of \$229,384,000, and rediscounts to the amount of \$170,-419,000, a reduction of \$230,380,000.

PRINCIPAL ITEMS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Statement showing the principal item of resources and liabilities of national banks in each State, Alaska, and Hawaii at close of business October 10, 1924, follows:

Principal items of resources and liabilities of national banks October 10, 1924

[In thousands of dollars]

								· _						
States, etc.	Num- ber of banks	Loans, including overdrafts	United States securities	Other bonds, stocks, etc.	Cash in vault	Due from banks and other cash items	Capital	Surplus	Profits	Circu- lation out- stand- ing	Total deposits	Bills pay-	Redis- counts	Total assets
Maine. New Hampshire. Vermont. Massachusetts. Rhode Island. Connecticut.	58 54 46 157 17 61	61, 628 34, 957 31, 279 746, 191 40, 794 138, 912	13, 869 12, 023 6, 068 103, 055 7, 440 33, 322	40, 298 12, 150 16, 312 159, 643 15, 455 36, 043	1, 788 1, 615 983 15, 090 1, 625 5, 754	12, 438 9, 410 5, 467 177, 599 8, 539 32, 421	7, 370 5, 240 5, 060 68, 067 6, 320 20, 057	5, 493 4, 542 2, 732 54, 210 5, 090 16, 079	4, 545 3, 010 2, 321 35, 820 4, 722 10, 556	5, 595 4, 841 4, 319 23, 032 4, 701 12, 327	108, 459 53, 498 45, 641 1, 065, 476 54, 123 198, 751	552 1, 350 1, 059 1, 521 180 1, 036	840 106 475 11,648 74 331	132, 871 72, 689 61, 771 1, 294, 213 75, 367 259, 697
Total New England States	393	1, 053, 761	175, 777	279, 901	26, 855	245, 874	112, 114	88, 146	60, 974	54, 815	1, 525, 948	5, 698	13, 474	1, 896, 608
New York	247 867	2, 647, 927 357, 435 1, 338, 757 10, 550 150, 120 68, 650	705, 073 76, 005 369, 527 2, 321 30, 034 21, 251	705, 603 213, 730 594, 455 6, 352 46, 197 11, 824	50, 166 14, 491 43, 847 453 3, 662 3, 133	992, 443 75, 334 433, 521 2, 146 49, 209 23, 519	225, 911 37, 985 141, 499 1, 710 16, 654 9, 327	276, 511 34, 573 202, 154 1, 932 16, 159 5, 613	139, 923 18, 224 82, 652 1, 016 7, 335 2, 678	78, 913 20, 647 94, 735 1, 135 9, 435 5, 406	4, 449, 568 641, 167 2, 325, 409 16, 642 236, 743 113, 698	23, 006 6, 099 19, 198 55 1, 420 345	48, 069 1, 721 6, 325 47 215 702	5, 334, 071 762, 609 2, 889, 828 22, 560 289, 489 138, 635
Total Eastern States	1,757	4, 573, 439	1, 204, 211	1, 578, 161	115, 752	1, 576, 172	433, 086	536, 942	251, 828	210, 271	7, 783, 227	50, 123	57,079	9, 437, 192
Virginia. West Virginia. North Carolina South Carolina. Georgia Florida. Alabama. Mississippi. Louisiana Texas Arkansas Kentucky. Tennessee.	124 83 81 93 54 105 35 33 576 88	261, 443 129, 820 123, 910 83, 021 122, 814 82, 202 96, 008 45, 093 73, 971 501, 468 55, 471 163, 507 144, 582	33, 541 • 21, 263 14, 528 12, 296 15, 369 20, 504 16, 640 4, 703 7, 180 94, 042 9, 266 26, 610 19, 303	19, 974 16, 290 4, 356 6, 269 4, 389 25, 071 15, 610 9, 230 5, 044 28, 922 3, 992 22, 835 12, 256	6, 470 3, 854 3, 594 2, 068 3, 687 3, 743 4, 171 1, 501 2, 271 20, 235 2, 292 4, 596 4, 321	55, 788 20, 518 27, 497 19, 625 45, 149 30, 357 34, 435 12, 817 20, 986 262, 997 20, 976 40, 506 36, 534	30,008 13,426 13,495 11,880 16,340 10,140 13,230 5,035 8,875 74,601 17,912 18,496 17,379	23, 526 11, 076 8, 504 5, 962 11, 631 4, 111 8, 098 2, 947 4, 756 36, 025 3, 13, 290 9, 993	9, 894 5, 915 4, 494 3, 391 4, 993 3, 098 5, 052 1, 400 1, 727 20, 061 2, 065 7, 659 3, 662	22, 204 10, 584 .9, 026 7, 294 10, 442 5, 866 10, 348 2, 904 4, 173 43, 490 4, 135 16, 231 13, 484	291, 020 149, 030 132, 649 98, 790 151, 747 142, 770 132, 957 58, 240 93, 058 766, 030 73, 544 202, 678 166, 617	4, 442 7, 120 3, 266 2, 057 1, 561 390 864 1, 074 405 4, 756 1, 705 3, 311 5, 330	8,722 2,274 9,846 3,011 3,098 945 2,175 4,115 3,338 3,636 2,697 2,200 6,497	393, 880 200, 131 183, 475 133, 913 201, 090 167, 742 173, 360 76, 175 118, 429 953, 187 95, 680 266, 216 226, 876
Total Southern States	1,700	1, 883, 310	295, 250	174, 238	62, 803	628, 185	240, 817	143, 392	73, 411	160, 181	2, 459, 130	36, 281	52, 554	3, 190, 154

Ohlo Indiana Illinois Michigan Wisconsin Minnesota Lowa Missouri	358 247 500 122 157 332 346 131	468, 489 212, 968 955, 056 251, 272 236, 543 371, 630 244, 351 339, 823	109, 489 50, 015 158, 943 44, 930 39, 322 75, 371 38, 699 47, 879	138, 642 48, 295 145, 514 80, 736 47, 844 58, 573 24, 966 45, 755	17, 529 10, 756 28, 734 7, 413 7, 710 8, 669 7, 582 5, 957	128, 353 57, 223 320, 507 84, 032 74, 359 144, 393 68, 748 175, 966	61, 910 31, 817 90, 815 25, 360 26, 840 38, 486 26, 780 41, 712	43, 598 16, 059 61, 059 17, 220 14, 521 21, 986 13, 908 16, 809	27, 191 8, 597 40, 384 10, 566 9, 922 10, 655 5, 249 11, 843	45, 553 27, 347 33, 894 14, 583 15, 740 16, 518 19, 169 18, 605	693, 512 306, 762 1, 413, 104 417, 416 352, 409 588, 157 328, 048 536, 622	8, 128 2, 844 2, 774 1, 530 372 1, 021 1, 186 1, 335	6, 555 1, 648 3, 810 538 1, 366 2, 636 9, 768 1, 129	898, 394 399, 433 1, 660, 306 488, 523 422, 452 683, 379 405, 092 630, 752
Total Middle Western States	2, 193	3, 080, 132	564, 648	590, 325	94, 350	1, 053, 581	343, 720	205, 160	124, 407	191, 409	4, 636, 030	19, 190	27, 450	5, 588, 331
North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Kansas Montana Wyoming Colorado New Mexico Oklahoma	165 115 175 258 90 35 141 33 421	55, 687 48, 026 144, 677 118, 642 38, 869 25, 607 134, 364 17, 093 194, 983	9, 368 9, 630 18, 652 20, 939 9, 440 4, 496 34, 511 2, 710 30, 675	5, 416 5, 614 12, 997 16, 981 7, 855 2, 694 35, 583 923 28, 643	1, 970 1, 909 4, 031 4, 819 2, 522 1, 736 6, 704 962 7, 818	23, 261 20, 088 70, 286 70, 209 20, 433 11, 777 68, 946 5, 289 102, 553	6, 590 5, 230 16, 745 17, 657 5, 810 2, 725 13, 140 2, 310 28, 475	3, 217 2, 542 8, 978 9, 041 2, 651 1, 977 9, 674 977 7, 798	577 709 4, 564 3, 401 1, 310 443 3, 677 211 2, 855	4, 449 3, 472 8, 877 10, 589 2, 985 1, 846 6, 028 1, 476 10, 242	84, 832 75, 513 220, 218 201, 075 69, 317 40, 708 252, 229 23, 002 328, 857	1, 081 476 234 198 438 186 583 118 1, 304	1, 703 2, 155 2, 022 780 984 282 1, 639 760 3, 132	102, 544 90, 131 261, 829 243, 462 83, 510 48, 186 287, 083 28, 916 383, 681
Total Western States	1, 433	777, 948	140, 421	116, 706	32, 471	392, 842	98, 682	46, 855	17, 747	49, 964	1, 295, 751	4, 618	13, 457	1, 529, 342
Washington Oregon California Idaho Utah Nevada Arizona	111 98 266 67 21 11 19	145, 345 94, 409 526, 569 31, 768 28, 552 8,840 14, 664	38, 677 29, 551 109, 598 6, 285 6, 027 2, 543 2, 866	35, 521 22, 394 86, 317 3, 894 5, 148 1, 749 1, 462	5, 842 3, 845 13, 991 1, 271 636 459 1, 107	69, 598 44, 564 216, 972 13, 512 14, 299 3, 390 4, 690	17, 190 13, 180 61, 833 4, 545 3, 550 1, 460 1, 600	7, 241 5, 702 35, 328 1, 831 1, 508 654 854	4, 539 3, 143 18, 622 614 868 195 256	9, 258 5, 583 33, 547 2, 681 3, 162 1, 207 961	267, 379 174, 193 825, 371 48, 205 47, 912 14, 445 22, 021	355 82 4, 742 1, 893 70 559	179 1,389 3,655 565 206	308, 121 203, 587 995, 785 60, 345 57, 314 17, 961 27, 046
Total Pacific States	593	850, 147	195, 547	156, 485	27, 151	367, 025	103, 358	53, 118	28, 237	56, 399	1, 399, 526	7, 701	6, 405	1, 670, 159
· Hawaii (nonmember banks)	3 2	1, 199 2, 454	1,066 2,270	108 1,116	247 472	420 1, 718	150 600	85 570	62 126	50 441	2, 788 6, 398			3, 135 8, 140
Total (nonmember banks)	5	3, 653	3, 336	1, 224	719	2, 138	750	655	188	491	9, 186			11, 275
Total United States	8, 074	12, 222, 390	2, 579, 190	2, 897, 040	360, 101	4, 265, 817	1, 332, 527	1, 074, 268	556, 792	723, 530	19, 108, 798	123, 611	170, 419	23, 323, 061

NATIONAL BANK LIABILITIES ON ACCOUNT OF BILLS PAYABLE AND REDISCOUNTS

The liabilities of national banks for money borrowed, show a substantial reduction at the date of each report during the year. On December 31, 1923, bills payable amounted to \$324,166,000, and rediscounts \$333,896,000. Between December 31, 1923, and March 31, 1924, bills payable were reduced to \$238,888,000 and rediscounts to \$271,645,000, and on June 30, 1924, the amount of bills payable was further reduced to \$143,847,000 and rediscounts amounted to \$196,778,000. By October 10, 1924, bills payable had declined to \$123,611,000 and rediscounts were \$170,419,000.

The amount of bills payable and rediscounts of banks in each of the 12 Federal reserve districts, with the total, is shown in the following statement as of the date of each report of condition during the year ended October 10, 1924:

Total borrowings of national banks on account of bills payable and rediscounts in each Federal reserve district at date of each report during year ended October 10, 1924

[In thousands of dollars]

122	· modoma	0 01 0011011	, s			
District No. 1	District No. 2	District No. 3	District No. 4	District No. 5	District No. 6	District No. 7
21, 328 53, 815	102, 535 53, 611	41, 772 13, 444	22, 395 19, 609	26, 340 27, 516	12, 340 24, 114	39, 903 39, 193
75, 143	156, 146	55, 216	42, 004	53, 856	36, 454	79, 096
17, 195 22, 818	71, 850 45, 215	34, 059 12, 834	19, 018 16, 221	25, 862 32, 667	8, 307 23, 829	20, 985 33, 207
40, 013	117, 065	46, 893	35, 239	58, 529	32, 136	54, 192
11, 943 10, 913	23, 130 32, 910	19, 723 7, 248	15, 960 8, 208	22, 865 31, 416	6, 388 19, 888	8, 945- 25, 044
22, 856	56, 040	26, 971	24, 168	54, 281	26, 276	33, 989
5, 629 13, 474	28, 257 48, 799	14, 799 6, 199	15, 886 9, 332	17, 677 24, 654	8, 192 16, 019	6, 556 15, 921
19, 103	77, 056	20, 998	25, 218	42, 331	24, 211	22, 477
	District No. 8	District No. 9	District No. 10	District No. 11	District No. 12	Total
	15, 398 24, 392 .	9, 514 14, 653	13, 239 33, 933	3, 331 8, 282	16, 071 21, 334	324, 166 333, 896
	39, 790	24, 167	47, 172	11, 613	37, 405	658, 062
	10.065	5, 063	4, 989	5 405	13 100	238, 888
	16, 738	11, 129	19, 220	9, 472	28, 295	271, 645
			19, 220 24, 209		28, 295	
	16, 738 29, 703	11, 129	19, 220	9,472	28, 295	271, 645
·	16, 738 29, 703 7, 430	11, 129 16, 192 4, 781	19, 220 24, 209 5, 275	9, 472 14, 877 7, 376	28, 295 41, 485 10, 031	271, 645 510, 533 143, 847
	16, 738 29, 703 7, 430 9, 639 17, 069	11, 129 16, 192 4, 781 12, 190	19, 220 24, 209 5, 275 16, 944	7, 376 11, 467	28, 295 41, 485 10, 031 10, 911	271, 645 510, 533 143, 847 196, 778
	No. 1 21, 328 53, 815 75, 143 17, 195 22, 818 40, 013 11, 943 10, 913 22, 856 5, 629 13, 474 19, 103	No. 1 No. 2 21, 328 53, 815 53, 611 75, 143 156, 146 17, 195 71, 850 22, 818 45, 215 40, 013 117, 065 11, 943 23, 130 10, 913 32, 910 22, 856 56, 040 5, 629 28, 257 13, 474 48, 799 19, 103 77, 056 District No. 8 0 15, 398 24, 392 39, 790	No. 1 No. 2 No. 3 21, 328	No. 1 No. 2 No. 3 No. 4 21, 328 102, 535 41, 772 22, 395 53, 815 53, 611 13, 444 19, 609 75, 143 156, 146 55, 216 42, 004 17, 195 71, 850 34, 059 19, 018 22, 818 45, 215 12, 834 16, 221 40, 013 117, 065 46, 893 35, 239 11, 943 23, 130 19, 723 15, 960 10, 913 32, 910 7, 248 8, 208 22, 856 56, 040 26, 971 24, 168 5, 629 28, 257 14, 799 15, 886 13, 474 48, 799 6, 199 9, 332 19, 103 77, 056 20, 998 25, 218 District No. 8 District No. 10 15, 398 9, 514 13, 239 24, 392 14, 653 33, 933 39, 790 24, 167 47, 172	No. 1 No. 2 No. 3 No. 4 No. 5 21, 328 102, 535 41, 772 22, 395 26, 340 53, 815 53, 611 13, 444 19, 609 27, 516 75, 143 156, 146 55, 216 42, 004 53, 856 17, 195 71, 850 34, 059 19, 018 25, 862 22, 818 45, 215 12, 834 16, 221 32, 667 40, 013 117, 065 46, 893 35, 239 58, 529 11, 943 23, 130 19, 723 15, 960 22, 865 10, 913 32, 910 7, 248 8, 208 31, 416 22, 856 56, 040 26, 971 24, 168 54, 281 5, 629 28, 257 14, 799 15, 886 17, 677 13, 474 48, 799 6, 199 9, 332 24, 654 19, 103 77, 056 20, 998 25, 218 42, 331 District No. 8 No. 9 District No. 11 District No. 8 No. 9 District No. 11 39, 790 24, 167 47, 172 11, 613	No. 1 No. 2 No. 3 No. 4 No. 5 No. 6 21, 328 53, 815 102, 535 53, 611 13, 444 19, 609 27, 516 24, 114 75, 143 156, 146 55, 216 42, 004 53, 856 36, 454 17, 195 71, 850 22, 818 45, 215 12, 834 16, 221 32, 667 23, 829 40, 013 117, 065 46, 893 35, 239 58, 529 32, 136 11, 943 23, 130 19, 723 15, 960 32, 865 10, 913 32, 910 7, 248 8, 208 31, 416 19, 888 22, 856 56, 040 26, 971 24, 168 54, 281 26, 276 5, 629 28, 257 14, 799 6, 199 9, 332 24, 654 16, 019 19, 103 77, 056 20, 998 25, 218 42, 331 24, 211 District No. 8 No. 9 No. 10 No. 11 No. 12 0 15, 398 14, 653 33, 933 8, 282 21, 334 39, 790 24, 167 47, 172 11, 613 37, 405

LOANS AND DISCOUNTS OF NATIONAL BANKS, JUNE 30, 1924

On June 30, 1924, the aggregate loans and discounts of national banks were \$11,978,728,000, or \$161,057,000 in excess of the amount June 30, 1923. The amount of paper held in the portfolios of these banks at this date, eligible for rediscount with Federal reserve banks, was \$3,542,385,000, or 29.57 per cent of the total loans, while the amount of paper secured by Government obligations was \$195,006,000

compared with \$234,132,000 a year ago.

The bulk of the loans and discounts, or 51.12 per cent of the total, was on time paper with one or more individual or firm names not secured by collateral. Time loans secured by stocks and bonds represented 13.02 per cent of the total, and demand paper secured by stocks and bonds 12.90 per cent of the total. Loans and discounts secured by improved real estate, under authority of section 24 of the Federal reserve act, show an increase in the amount loaned on farm lands in the year of \$7,11.7,000, and loans on other real estate, under authority of this section, an increase in the year of \$63,827,000.

A classification of the loans and discounts in the last three fiscal years and reported by banks in reserve cities and States, June 30,

1924, follows:

Classification of loans and discounts for the last three fiscal years

••						
	June 30,	1922	June 30,	1923	June 30,	1924
Class	Amount	Per cent	Amount	Per	Amount	Per
On demand, paper with one or more individual or firm names (not secured by						
collateral) On demand, secured by stocks and bonds On demand, secured by other personal	657, 298 1, 408, 369	5. 84 12. 52	733, 536 1, 463, 203	6. 21 12. 38	737, 559 1, 545, 625	6. 16 12. 90
securities, including merchandise, ware- house receipts, etc	270, 583	2. 41	276, 090	2. 34	263, 618	2. 20
vidual or firm names (not secured by collateral)	5, 818, 207 1, 499, 092	51. 73 13. 33	6, 176, 743 1, 519, 317	52. 27 12. 86	6, 123, 604 1, 559, 698	51. 12 13. 02
ties, including merchandise, warehouse receipts, etc	1, 112, 434	9. 89	1, 111, 273	9. 40	1, 087, 096	9.08
authority of section 24, Federal reserve act, as amended: 1. On farm land	101, 795 87, 035	. 90	108, 892 125, 070	. 92 1. 06	116, 009 188, 897	. 97 1. 58
amended: 1. For debts previously contracted (sec. 5137, R. S. U. S.)— (a) Farm lands	100, 784 60, 351	. 90	127, 339 67, 942	1. 08 . 57	120, 122 74, 535	1. 00 . 62
(a) Farm lands (b) Other real estate	6, 522 14, 804 75, 906	. 06 . 13 . 67	10, 393 23, 101 60, 874	. 09 . 19 . 51	9, 031 26, 543 91, 026	. 08 . 22 . 76
Acceptances of reporting banks purchased or discounted. Customers' liability on account of drafts	31, 911	. 28	11, 392	. 10	33, 998	. 28
paid under letters of credit	3, 123	. 03	2, 506	. 02	1, 367	. 01
Total	11, 248, 214	100.00	11, 817, 671	100.00	11, 978, 728	100.00

[In thousands of dollars]

Loans and discounts of national banks, June 30, 1924

[In thousands of dollars]

					•			_										
	Or	demand	· ·		On time		impr	ed by	Secure	tgages	or	estate other	pa	nased	drafts		Fed-	vern-
Cities, States, and Territories	more individual (not secured by	spaoq pu	Secured by other personal securities, including merchandise, warehouse receipts, etc.	or more individual (not secured by col-	spuod pus	chandise, ware-	under thorit sec. 24 eral 1	8 u -	accor Fede amer	rdance eral re nded debts ously	ealty newith serve a	ec.24, ct, as	r banks discounted	eporting banks purchased discounted	liability on account of c under letters of credit		for rediscount with reserve bank	Amount secured by United States Govern- ment obligations
	ne or mes (ocks a	ther perechar	ne or 1 les (nol	stocks a	other j ng mei ots, etc		ate	contra (sec. 3 R. S.,	5137.	real e		of other	of repor	ability ader l		ble for ral rese	red by nent of
	Paper with one or 1 or firm names (1 collateral)	Secured by stocks and	Secured by of including m receipts, etc	Paper with one or firm names (lateral)	Secured by st	Secured by other personal s ties, including merchandise, house receipts, etc.	Farm lands	Other real estate	Farm lands	Other real estate	Farm lands	Other real estate	Acceptances	Acceptances o	Customers' li paid u	Total	Amount eligible eral r	Amount secun
CENTRAL RESERVE CITIES						, ,						 !						
New York	41, 314 34, 255	537, 209 127, 286	44, 781 31, 101	873, 387 277, 098	344, 407 73, 209	81, 464 45, 736		125 27	115 255	978 411		3, 168	59, 299 2, 263	22, 551 2, 990	302 33	2, 009, 100 594, 664	539, 494 204, 001	
Total central reserve cities	75, 569	664, 495	75, 882	1, 150, 485	417, 616	127, 200		152	370	1, 389	1	3, 168	61, 562	25, 541	335	2, 603, 764	743, 495	70, 115
OTHER RESERVE CITIES																		
Boston. Albany. Broöklyn and Bronx. Buffalo. Philadelphia Pittsburgh Baltimore. Washington. Richmond Atlanta Jacksonville. Birmingham New Orleans Dallas. El Paso.	37, 634 2, 271 245 2, 028 21, 781 12, 864 3, 613 4, 013 3, 684 1, 810 1, 073 35 5, 197 1, 120 224	56, 217 18, 882 5, 372 13, 011: 87, 338 60, 368 16, 184 15, 720 2, 690 2, 740 1, 800 2, 740 1, 038 4, 035 79	1, 392 362 310 9, 710 2, 254 2, 030 3, 616 1, 894 1, 724 1, 203 431 1, 139 445	227, 826 20, 873 25, 079 14, 749 243, 904 98, 100 64, 261 35, 285 40, 292 36, 457 18, 12, 583 29, 802 7, 926	51, 512 2, 445 1, 942 1, 940 37, 796 23, 801 5, 332 5, 178 11, 060 8, 867 3, 030 1, 891 1, 642 9, 015 3, 498	12, 236 957 706 328 16, 922 1, 193 4, 303 3, 061 5, 115 7, 330 4, 896 3, 863 225 11, 928 3, 219	3 9 156 4 46 70	208 388 586 141 618	9 265	626 388 191 190 922 550 134 221 483 323 285 51	6	254 163 2 275 477 16 121 32 7 30	1,015 193 35 8 151	40 2, 478 101		429, 272 47, 472 34, 366 34, 228 423, 969 199, 845 96, 098 68, 468 65, 477 60, 143 31, 110 22, 683 21, 982 58, 913 15, 730	128, 771 14, 261 15, 236 10, 225 128, 558 46, 689 25, 629 10, 661 24, 344 17, 669 9, 326 5, 000 17, 900 4, 423	5, 981 863 514 4, 403 2, 676 1, 348 905 658 805 645 109 215 1, 194

											0							
Fort Worth	1.147	366	658	15, 705	7,003	7,612		141	863	402		159	386			34, 315	12, 100 _i	419
Galveston	186			4, 860	1, 136	403	9	61	6	41						12, 653	12, 117	443.
Houston	3, 578	6, 451		24, 403	18, 809	9, 840		202	184	379		104	7			65, 493	17, 187	346
San Antonio	1,060	967	118	13, 680	3, 186	5,050		13	319	1,040	14		232			25, 723	9, 416	126
	1,060			6, 578	903	1,816		10	442	101	14	6	202		19	12, 151	3, 964	302
		088						-31				0			19		1, 175	24
Little Rock	71		106	3, 864	492	870	33	79	81	47			72			5, 715		
Louisville	1,669	7, 297		34, 596	11,033	5, 917		124		34			22	109		62, 026	7, 765	637
Memphis	143			5, 441	1, 582	2, 975			110	182						11, 353	3, 096	60
Nashville	1,091			21, 298	5, 477	4, 183		35	81	235		506				35, 347	10, 550	462
Cincinnati	5,805	14, 757	986	32, 571	15, 599	2, 816	l <u>.</u>	431		30			201			73, 196	21, 024	
Cleveland	3, 253	8, 789	1, 311	24, 084	7, 633	3, 793	46	4, 612	53	58		679	2, 917	190		57, 418	13, 565	486
Columbus	4, 182	8, 384	460	20, 418	12, 340	1, 791	41	581	68	338	3	35	.,	125		48, 766	11,050	2,368
Toledo	2,823			5, 122	1, 106	230		468		14	•	1				14, 251	5, 690	541
Indianapolis	2, 557	1, 461		28, 492	5, 805	5, 550	20	14	26	390			4			45, 118	14, 513	541
	1, 204			14, 272	7, 227	2, 713		15	20	330			*			29, 364	10, 572	
Chicago	1, 204	3,000														19, 016	9, 467	279
Peoria	2, 155			7, 697		1, 351		18	26	200			318					
Detroit	932		867	53, 317	34, 066	3, 598		2,041		307						96, 791	25, 294	
Grand Rapids	514			11, 214	3, 975	729		938		69	:-	127	299			18, 624	3, 242	75
Milwaukee	10, 293	10, 148		51, 114	13, 825	8,730		368		2			20		2	96,006	22, 580	
Minneapolis	11, 725			45, 215	9,654	18, 795	1,990	1, 289	212	313	42	5	219	1, 126		106, 339	23, 300	747
St. Paul	2, 344	13, 395	1,008	34, 815	5, 593	4, 403	100	221		2		10	i			61, 891	21, 200	515
Cedar Rapids	355	754		4, 738	3, 840	947		112	7	41						11, 437	3, 450	586
Des Moines	1, 261			10, 120	6, 038	4, 085		66	477	212						23, 885	10, 766	
Dubuque	365			1, 146	1, 227	763		113	37		500		[4, 876	1, 220	
Dubuque	538				1, 616	2, 648		80	561	356	000		372			18, 435		
Sioux City	930	1 192				4, 048	1 048					4			2	70, 400		
Kansas City, Mo	3, 691			28, 056	13, 721	23, 928		354	520		20		113		. 3	78, 276	23, 827	1, 217
St. Joseph	343			10, 211	1,458	2, 222	31	1	20	. 7						16, 165	5, 475	225
St. Louis	16, 310			70, 287	25, 743	17, 849		405	34			1,605	5	61		166, 593	66, 490	3, 545
Lincoln	424	312	4	8, 127	2,873	1,249	254	30	119	111	91			l		13, 594	5, 200	44
Omaha	2,915	1,300	1,043	26, 125	7, 325	22, 375	424	23 21	993	178	8		102			62, 811	21, 203	743
Kansas City, Kans	72			2,055	938	3, 124		21	86	28		_				6,579	2,042	150
Topeka	268			3, 021	677	795		9	91	8						5, 108	2, 425	145
Wichita	83			7, 847	1,768	3, 824	34	76	261	76		7				14, 306	6, 553	122
Helena	344			2, 311	341	311	39	17	201	,,,		'				3, 487	1,550	17
	316			20, 396	18, 887	17, 812		774	432	274	187	760	1, 360				23, 562	
Denver			286	20, 390	10,007			114	432	2/4	191	104	1,000			69, 448		
Pueblo	19			3,352	2, 125	146			2	:						5, 644	2, 635	43
Muskogee	190			3, 998	1, 595	2, 409		101	363	132				,		9, 126	2,011	63
Oklahoma City	632			10, 361	5, 323	9, 256		128	332							27, 390	10, 437	227
Tulsa	962			19,940	10, 581	6, 929	28	279	372	1, 575	50			4		42, 313	7, 325	373
Seattle	2, 751	2,445	2,815	32, 764	8,055	8,702	20 3	89	171	645	18	71	233	7	2	58, 788	25, 148	1,324
Spokane	445		461	17, 661	3,698	3, 826	3	8	529	314		1:_		l i	15	27, 097	9, 804	154
Portland	901	1, 918				6, 137	54	29	292				878	100	- š	49,020	25, 725	559
Los Angeles	7, 063				27, 415	16, 855		455	3, 804			1	68	51	1	154, 880	31, 840	
Oakland	3,721	2, 104	3, 540	8, 320	136	465	835	191	334	272			156			20, 074	5, 447	59
	18, 976					13, 793		273					506				41, 123	
San Francisco					17, 343			2/3	75	123				456		160, 405		2, 349
Ogden	97			2,728	844	961		29	74		122	56				5, 043	1,702	41
Salt Lake City	685	2,044	89	7, 258	5, 194	2, 233	247	100	23	6						17, 879	6, 226	264
														<u> </u>				
Total other reserve cities	219, 111	467, 833	100, 654	1,852,649	519,079	343, 091	8,848	36, 359	13, 330	16,564	1,507	7,526	21,528	6,076	816	3, 614, 971	1, 078, 609	53, 846
										===		===			===			
Total all reserve cities	294, 680	1, 132, 328	176, 536	3,003,134	936, 695	470, 291	8, 848	36, 511	13, 700	17, 953	1,507	10, 694	83, 090	31, 617	1, 151	6, 218, 735	1,822,104	123, 961
							<u> </u>						I		===			

Loans and discounts of national banks June 30, 1924—Continued • [In thousands of dollars]

					, (III	thousand	s or dor	arsj										
	0	n deman	d		On time		impr	ed by	mor	tgages	real or	other	peq	hased	drafts		Fed-	vern-
Cities, States, and Territories	more individual (not secured by	and bonds	other personal securities, gmerchandise, warehouse etc.	or more individual (not secured by col-	and bonds	personal securi- chandise, ware-	under thorit sec. 24 eral act	estate au- y of l, Fed- reserve , as nded	acco Fed	rdance eral re nded debts ously	1	ec.24, ct, as	other banks discounted	rting banks purchased counted	ecount of of credit		for rediscount with reserve bank	secured by United States Govern ment obligations
	ne or	stocks a	ther per perchar	ne or 1 tes (no	stocks a	other ing mei pts, etc	-	estate	(sec. R. S.,	5137.	loa		jo	of reporting l	liability on a under letters		eligible for eral rese	red by ment o
	Paper with confirm na collateral)	Secured by s	Secured by o including n receipts, et	Paper with one or firm names (lateral)	Secured by s	Secured by other personal sties, including merchandise, house receipts, etc.	Farm lands	Other real es	Farmlands	Other real estate	Farm lands	Other real estate	Acceptances	Acceptances	Customers' paid	Total	Amount elig	Amount secu
COUNTRY BANKS Maine. New Hampshire. Vermont. Massachusetts Rhode Island. Connecticut.	7, 379 6, 067 5, 483 12, 968 1, 717 11, 084	7, 789 7, 577 2, 576 22, 937 2, 684 21, 127	1, 207 1, 030 5, 289 850	154, 297 27, 053	6, 817 2, 692 2, 830 48, 922 6, 906 23, 902	2, 684 882 1, 196 7, 727 1, 221 2, 061	672 210 711 327	536 734 7, 924 73	94 150 120 9	49	52 3	3, 052 49	119 20		1	61, 771 35, 001 31, 255 265, 656 40, 631 137, 785	12, 757 7, 095 7, 829 81, 448 14, 626 37, 357	626
Total New England States	44, 698	64, 690	10, 514	317, 189	92, 069	15, 771	2, 128	15, 497	826	4, 136	129	3, 816	503	65	68	572, 099	161, 112	10, 079
New York New Jersey Pennsylvania Delaware Maryland	42, 202 34, 194 93, 961 1, 408 6, 266	54, 241 56, 477 104, 976 1, 932 4, 668	7,068 250	5, 500	40, 482 29, 410 83, 938 563 5, 919	18, 548 3, 501 10, 327 127 1, 985	2, 961 857 4, 408 461 1, 285	18,897 32,378 146	89	2,724	426 13	1, 965 2, 027 15	298 483	83	3	450, 976 356, 794 685, 917 10, 567 52, 665	141, 504 88, 157 127, 321 2, 994 10, 594	6, 331 11, 051 291
Total Eastern States		222, 294	20, 573	839, 263	160, 312	34, 488	9, 972	66, 056	3, 220	13, 044	1, 129	5, 714	2, 427	332	64	1, 556, 919	370, 570	24, 158
Virginia	7, 392 4, 511 2, 436 2, 386 2, 768 1, 249 2, 822 346	1, 120 648 1, 588	436 967 1, 502 1, 678 697 1, 827	123, 191 79, 650 79, 030 39, 455 34, 471 31, 487 31, 415 22, 333	36, 066 31, 291 19, 225 11, 867 5, 926 6, 443 5, 392 4, 720	13, 488 3, 357 12, 431 19, 088 9, 887 7, 262 21, 265 9, 945	3, 018 566 1, 665 1, 940 1, 571 1, 003 1, 310 1, 468	3, 270 1, 677 865 693 1, 660 1, 058	195 709 1, 515 3, 577 426 1, 678	956 1, 067 1, 575 349 1, 024	20 49 39 62 24 43	73 46 73 108 39	50 5 111 13	280 8 411 107 6 63 9	9	197, 179 131, 320 120, 586 82, 684 63, 513 51, 473 69, 537 43, 327	61, 212 19, 692 39, 700 31, 391 26, 445 21, 785 32, 742 14, 287	2, 868 1, 978 1, 539 427 390 356 889 375

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Louisiana	959 11, 552 1, 030 6, 606 2, 757	222 8, 353 1, 584 5, 311 485	536 4, 589 985 1, 216 506	28, 318 108, 391 24, 961 63, 852 67, 984	6, 028 14, 492 4, 130 12, 628 12, 833	8, 687 77, 881 11, 272 6, 179 5, 547	690 2, 408 1, 428 2, 711 1, 276	1, 259	10, 404 1, 767 1, 832	4, 535 558 851	362 525 24 110 89	53 335 52 140 81	780 230 53 12	262 5 85	9 26	48, 178 245, 775 49, 035 103, 266 94, 568	16, 327 110, 566 16, 845 23, 872 36, 072	139 1, 480 337 1, 814 1, 084
Total Southern States	46, 814	34, 334	17, 916	734, 538	171,041	206, 289	21, 054	19, 997	26, 102	15, 936	1, 716	1, 970	1, 454	1, 236	44	1, 300, 441	450, 936	13, 676
Ohio Indiana Illinois Michigan Wisconsin Minnesota Iowa Missouri	44, 167 8, 936 27, 046 3, 436 6, 354 10, 839 10, 460 5, 187	33, 305 3, 095 10, 490 10, 943 4, 243 8, 422 801 1, 694	3, 676 1, 628 3, 421 873 1, 038 5, 113 2, 860 1, 002	138, 067 115, 297 187, 328 68, 662 94, 641 76, 736 122, 255 27, 307	32, 706 22, 522 23, 621 23, 689 20, 635 11, 882 9, 504 4, 540	6, 260 5, 579 18, 019 4, 830 9, 399 34, 994 20, 231 6, 225	4, 697 5, 403 11, 509 4, 398	4, 998 3, 077 9, 084 3, 696 3, 361 1, 600	3, 525 4, 941 498 1, 268 8, 402 13, 410	1, 720 2, 345 487 1, 022 1, 911 2, 293	309 289 431 233 447 428 507 89	493 248 244 734 821 120 277 35	15 237 764 83 218 134 408 40	48 48 10 56 1 166 12	8	282, 745 174, 387 290, 307 128, 257 149, 241 173, 858 189, 170 50, 200	56, 250 53, 922 89, 037 33, 933 50, 289 54, 580 73, 127 17, 436	4, 929 3, 968 3, 369 1, 763 1, 668 678 472 1, 260
Total Middle Western States	116, 425	72, 993	19, 611	830, 293	149, 099	105, 537	49, 336	36, 942	36, 745	13, 225	2, 733	2, 972	1, 899	341	14	1, 438, 165	428, 574	18, 107
North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Kansas Montana Wyoming Colorado New Mexico Oklahoma	2, 088 996 2, 424 5, 343 3, 596 673 1, 611 1, 028 3, 595	137 233 105 1, 910 3, 282 118 1, 014 141 309	1, 208 439 666 1, 021 925 177 875 348 807	18, 705 22, 446 38, 404 47, 261 12, 006 11, 892 23, 788 6, 949 39, 298	1, 260 2, 095 1, 820 5, 365 1, 590 3, 159 3, 817 1, 500 5, 893	23, 331 18, 028 18, 780 30, 235 10, 980 14, 585 18, 732 6, 558 56, 333	1, 033 2, 073 1, 276 763 1, 785 276	488 302 983 313 392 502 201	3, 694 3, 100 3, 569 1, 670 2, 640 2, 022 430	624 526 964 398 239 753 189	456 199 183 73 75 50 52 10 246	119 42 63 98 28 101 22 104 138	101 101 88 91		25	57, 366 50, 740 67, 406 99, 188 36, 267 34, 877 55, 064 17, 734 116, 237	19, 778 22, 330 27, 862 38, 169 12, 342 10, 652 20, 153 6, 386 49, 310	37 136 1,298 118 86 411 58
Total [®] Western States	21, 354	7, 249	6, 468	220, 749	26, 499	197, 562	13, 173	5, 587	27, 363	5, 840	1, 344	715	594	359	25	534, 879	206, 982	2, 818
Washington	3, 632 7, 175 21, 115 780 56 2, 022 206	2, 155 709 6, 150 213 88 496 244	2, 634 2, 165 5, 528 593 7 923 106	35, 240 19, 026 93, 617 16, 271 2, 819 2, 677 7, 914	4, 156 1, 377 15, 049 1, 217 746 534 838	12, 995 9, 373 19, 778 9, 453 916 989 3, 521	790 7, 113	334 6, 555 269 168 126	1, 862 3, 439 2, 723 436 153	1, 901 457 92 221	209 76 6	295 30 286 8 4 38	369 463 26		1	65, 496 44, 170 181, 251 33, 644 5, 641 8, 726 14, 978	22, 732 15, 387 42, 185 12, 795 2, 171 2, 540 3, 814	328 1, 098 224 19
Total Pacific States	34, 986	10, 055	11, 956	177, 564	23, 917	57, 025	11, 488	8, 164	12, 166	4, 343	473	661	1, 059	48	1	353, 906	101, 624	2, 200
Alaska (nonmember banks)	274 297	17 1, 665	33 13	716 158	15 51	8 125	7	48 95		58		1				1, 173 2, 411	483	3 4
Total (nonmember banks)	571	1, 682	46	874	66	133	10	143		58		1				3, 584	483	7
Total country banks	442, 879	413, 297	87, 082	3, 120, 470	623, 003	616, 805	107, 161	152, 386	106, 422	56, 582	7, 524	15, 849	7, 936	2, 381	216	5, 759, 993	1, 720, 281	71,045
Total United States, Alaska and Hawaii	737, 559	1, 545, 625	263, 618	6, 123, 604	1, 559, 698	1, 087, 096	116, 009	188, 897	120, 122	74, 535	9, 031	26, 543	91, 026	33, 998	1, 367	11, 978, 728	3, 542, 385	195, 006

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF LOANS AND DISCOUNTS, INCLUDING REDISCOUNTS, MADE BY NATIONAL BANKS DURING LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

The amount of loans and discounts, with the percentage to total loans and discounts of all reporting national banks in central reserve cities, other reserve cities and elsewhere, for the last three fiscal years, is shown in the following statement:

[In thousands of dollars]

			Loan	s ·		
Banks in—	June 30,	1922	June 30,	1923	June 30,	1924
	Amount	Per cent	Amount	Per cent	Amount.	Per cent
New York	2, 062, 213	18, 33	1, 827, 033	15. 46	2, 009, 100	16. 77
Do. Chicago. St. Louis¹ Other reserve cities.	2, 755, 065 3, 222, 921	24. 49 28. 65	2, 375, 398 3, 740, 783	20.10 31.65	2, 603, 764 3, 614, 971	21. 73 30. 18
All reserve cities	5, 977, 986 5, 270, 228	53. 15 46. 85	6, 116, 181 5, 701, 490	51. 75 48. 25	6, 218, 735 5, 759, 993	51, 91 48, 0 9
Total United States	11, 248, 214	100.00	11, 817, 671	100.00	11, 978, 728	100.00

¹ Designated as "reserve city," effective July 1, 1922.

COMPARATIVE CHANGES IN DEMAND AND TIME DEPOSITS, LOANS AND DISCOUNTS, UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT AND OTHER BONDS - AND SECURITIES, AND THE AMOUNT OF LAWFUL RESERVE OF NATIONAL BANKS SINCE JUNE 30, 1920

Demand deposits in national banks, June 30, 1924, to the amount of \$9,593,250,000, were at the highest point reached as of the date of any midsummer call since June 30, 1920, and show an increase over the amount reported June 30, 1923, of 3.28 per cent. Time deposits, June 30, 1924, amounting to \$5,259,933,000, exceeded the amount reported June 30, 1920, and at the date of each succeeding semiannual report, and show an increase over the amount June 30, 1923, of 10.62 per cent.

Loans and discounts of \$11,978,728,000, June 30, 1924, show an increase of 1.36 per cent in the year. There was a reduction between

1920 and 1922, but an increase between 1923 and 1922.

United States Government and other miscellaneous bonds and securities amounted to \$5,142,328,000, June 30, 1924, showing an increase of 1.43 per cent in the year, and reached the highest point since June 30, 1920, at which time the amount was \$4,186,465,000.

Due to the increase in demand and time deposits in the last year, lawful reserve with Federal reserve banks shows an increase of 4.89 per cent, and the amount held June 30, 1924, \$1,198,670,000, shows but little variation in comparison with the amounts held at the date of each midsummer report since 1920.

The following statement shows the trend of the various items:

referred to, since June 30, 1920:

ſΤn	thousands	of dollars
ILD	thousanus	or domarsi

	June 30, 1920	June 30, 1921	Per cent in-crease (+) or decrease (-) since June 30, 1920	June 30, 1922	Per cent in-crease (+) or decrease (-) since June 30, 1921	June 30, 1923	Per cent in-crease (+) or decrease (-) since June 30, 1922	June 30, 1924	Per cent in- crease (+) or de- crease (-) since June 30, 1923
Time deposits	13, 620, 634 4, 186, 465	3, 695, 806 12, 004, 515 4, 025, 081	+6. 03 -11. 87 -3. 85	4, 111, 951 11, 248, 214 4, 563, 325	+11. 26 -6. 30 +13. 37	4, 755, 162 11, 817, 671 5, 069, 703	+15.64 +5.06 +11.10	5, 259, 933	+10.62 +1.36 +1.43

Includes rediscounts and customers' liability under letters of credit.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES HELD BY NATIONAL BANKS IN RESERVE CITIES AND STATES

The total holdings of Government securities by national banks June 30, 1924, amounted to \$2,481,778,000, and shows a reduction in the year of \$212,068,000. The holdings of each issue of securities were reduced in the year, with the exception of Liberty loan bonds, which show an increase of \$63,254,000. Victory notes were reduced in the year from \$2,762,000 to \$785,000; war savings certificates and thrift stamps, from \$997,000 to \$653,000; United States certificates of indebtedness, from \$150,105,000 to \$141,048,000; short-term Treasury notes, from \$731,972,000 to \$490,018,000; and pre-war issues, consisting principally of United States bonds deposited to secure national bank circulation, were reduced from \$824,472,000 to \$802,482,000.

Statement showing the holdings of national banks in reserve cities and States, follows:

United States Government securities owned by national banks, June 30, 1924
[In thousands of dollars]

_ *							
Cities, States, and Territories	Liberty loan bonds, all issues	Victory notes	War savings certifi- cates and thrift stamps	United States certifi- cates of indebted- ness	Short- term Treasury notes	All other issues of United States bonds	Total
CENTRAL RESERVE CITIES							
New York	278, 685 19, 147	i	4	35, 070 6, 108	161, 707 56, 332	48, 529 4, 003	523, 991 85, 595
Total central reserve cities.	297, 832	1	4	41, 178	218, 039	52, 532	609, 586
OTHER RESERVE CITIES							
Boston Albany. Brooklyn and Bronx Buffalo. Philadelphia Pittsburgh Baltimore.	24, 752 3, 982 2, 838 4, 401 19, 523 65, 471 3, 283	1	I	13, 779 146 20 25 4, 724 136 105	6, 733 2, 164 948 2, 471 12, 623 25, 158 2, 411	7, 206 1, 855 1, 185 2, 492 7, 313 24, 414 5, 752	52, 470 8, 147 4, 991 9, 391 44, 183 115, 179 11, 551

United States Government securities owned by national banks, June 30, 1924—Con.

[In thousands of dollars]

				· · · · · -			
Cities, States, and Territories	Liberty loan bonds, all issues	Victory notes	War savings certifi- cates and thrift stamps	United States certifi- cates of indebted- ness	Short- term Treasury notes	All other issues of United States bonds	Total
OTHER RESERVE CITIES—contd.		ļ					
OTHER RESERVE CITIES—COULD.							
Washington	9,046		1	271	2, 315	6, 452	18, 085
Richmond	1, 928 284	[140 352	2,866	4, 934
AtlantaJacksonville	3,600			1, 953	1, 737	2, 884 2, 108	3, 520 9, 398
Jacksonville Birmingham	1, 328		1	100	46	1.750	3, 225
New Orleans Dallas El Paso Fort Worth	750 4, 037		1	2, 463	1, 015 4, 852	1,575	3, 341
El Paso	644		i	2, 400		5, 182 905	16, 534 1, 550
Fort Worth	2, 016			146	696	2,012	4, 870
Gaiveston	1, 514 2, 213	3		615	2, 059 3, 230	1,002	4, 575 10, 472
Houston	728]		49	3, 200	4, 411 4, 481	5, 258
Waco Little Rock	130				507	1,800	2, 437
Little Rock Louisville	160 3, 817			24	25 1,600	215 4, 160	400 9, 601
Memphis	808			24	1,000	4, 160 820	1, 630
Memphis	2, 210		1		29	2,310	4, 550
Cincinnati	6, 201			105	4, 698	8, 127	19, 131
Columbus	6, 182 2, 609			1, 960 1, 308	1, 106 686	5, 270 4, 123	14, 518 8, 726
Toledo	2,011				72	1,600	3, 683
Indianapolis.	1,940	1	1	706	975	7, 134 2, 431	10, 757
Chicago Peoria	6,345 1,633		18	961 136	3, 475 756	2, 431 2, 610	13, 230 5, 135
Detroit	9, 714			3, 161	234	1, 916	15, 025
Grand Rapids Milwaukee Minneapolis St. Paul	561				448	2,354	3, 363
Minneanolis	2, 560 10, 060			1, 062 3, 047	2, 453 6, 107	4, 992 3, 849	11, 067 23, 063
St. Paul	6, 226			770	10, 885	1, 901	19, 782
	263			1, 212	520	1,036	3, 031
Des Moines	1, 274 676	1		85 408	320 209	946 200	2, 626 1, 493
Sionx City	1, 386			400	539	981	2, 906
Dubuque Sioux City Kansas City, Mo St. Joseph St. Louis	3, 285			426	3,990	2,333	10, 034
St. Joseph	343 4, 017	19		2,203	463 8, 028	886 14, 175	1,692 $2,8442$
	690	15		40	0,020	605	1, 335
Omaha Kansas City, Kans Topeka Wichita Helena	2, 368			270	300	2, 243	5, 181
Kansas City, Kans	260 779			72 181	131 363	808 934	1, 271 2, 257
Wichita	803			45	300	25	873
Helena	350		9	8	303	356	1, 017
Denver	11, 538 738	ii	9	657	8, 887 848	1,418 491	22, 509
Pueblo	1, 101	1			48	1, 151	2, 078 2, 300
Oklahoma City Tulsa	2,770			5	527	1, 160	4, 462
Tulsa Seattle	1, 599 9, 344			401 1,808	38 5,786	1,041	3, 079 20, 128
Spokane	513			1,008	0,700	3, 190 2, 588	3, 101
Portland	10, 295			734	2, 644	2,520	16, 193
Los Angeles	11, 167	2		3, 963	6, 347	6,900	28, 379
Oakland	2, 283 12, 001			21 1, 252	813 7, 972	2, 026 9, 713	5, 143 30, 938
Ogden.	290	6		l	100	775	1, 171 3, 487
Ogden Salt Lake City	1, 106			320	211	1,850	3, 487
Total other reserve cities	296, 744	34	34	51, 885	152, 393	201, 808	702, 898
Total all reserve cities	594, 576	35	38	93, 063	370, 432	254, 340	1, 312, 484
COUNTRY BANKS					-		
Maine	5, 880		1	142	1,587	6, 305	13, 915
New Hampshire	5,021		î	106	1,053	5, 867	12,048
Vermont	1,529			20	263	4,473	6, 285
Massachusetts Rhode Island	25, 616 2, 348	38	4	1,863 64	11,699 611	19, 837 4, 808	59, 057 7, 831
Connecticut	14, 278			1,022	4, 122	13, 511	32, 933
Total New England States	54, 672	38	6	3, 217	19,335	54, 801	132, 069
Total 1104 megiand plates	Ux, U12						.02,000

United States Government securities owned by national banks, June 30, 1924—Con. [In thousands of dollars.]

Cities, States, and Territories	Liberty loan bonds, all issues	Victory notes	War savings certifi- cates and thrift stamps	United States certifi- cates of indebted- ness	Short- term Treasury notes	All other issues of United States bonds	. Total
COUNTRY BANKS—continued							,
New York	47, 887	104	2	2,796	10, 980	38, 793 25, 343	100, 562
New Jersey Pennsylvania	34, 477 82, 547	25 100	20 39	2, 737 7, 243	11,034 21,177	25, 343 72, 949	73, 636 184, 055
Delaware	942			83	137	1, 184	2, 346
Maryland	3, 946		1	157	860	4, 597	9, 561
Total Eastern States	169, 799	229	62	13, 016	44, 188	142, 866	370, 160
Virginia	7, 712 8, 615		1	449	774	21,758	30, 694
West Virginia North Carolina	6, 161	4	1	354 117	1, 992 294	11,317 9,182	22, 283 15, 754
North Carolina	4, 519 1, 708	4		118	482	7, 852 7, 875	12, 975
Georgia Florida	1,708	1	7	484	555	7,875	10, 630
Alabama	4, 880 2, 557	1 4	12	807 724	709 1, 202	4, 566 9, 440	10, 975 13, 936
Mississippi	1, 422		3	394	227	3, 088	5, 134
Mississippi			2	251	608	2, 934	4,816
Texas	8, 814		169	6, 338	6, 904	26, 663	48, 388
Louisiana. Texas. Arkansas Kentucky	3, 239 5, 794	2	$\frac{1}{2}$	1, 030 416	519 1, 316	12 650	8,833
Tennessee	1, 824	15	8	634	354	4, 044 12, 650 10, 872	20, 180 13, 707
Total Southern States	57, 766	31	215	12, 116	15, 936	132, 241	218, 305
Obio	20, 487	147	19	1, 177	3,999	31, 162	56, 991
Indiana	15, 628	45	18	1, 102	1,698	22, 208 28, 724	40 699
Illinois	28, 193 8, 600	6	58 38	3, 193 1, 989	6, 679 1, 944	28, 724 11, 237	66, 853
Michigan Wisconsin	8, 208	ī	7	1,808	4, 459	12, 490	23, 803 26, 973
Minnesota	9,027	17	11	2, 417	4,513	12, 576	28, 561
Iowa	8,012		14.	750	1,372	16,549	26, 697
Missouri	3, 558		2	1, 059	717	5, 741	11, 077
Total Middle Western States	101, 713	216	167	13, 495	25, 381	140, 687	281, 659
North Dakota	3, 214			442	548	4,607	8, 811
South Dakota	3,079	3	97	909	203	3,622	8, 811 7, 913
Nebraska	2, 706 3, 643	30	15	535 779	343 972	6,878	10, 492:
Kansas Montana	3 517		5	695	1, 156	9,922 2,670	15, 333. 8, 043.
Wyoming	1,769	1		325	230	2, 189	4, 514
Wyoming Colorado New Mexico	3, 565	6	2	149	635	4,971	9, 328
New Mexico Oklahoma	1, 058 10, 640	3 22	16	54 486	259 1, 186	1, 525 8, 158	2, 899 20, 508
		·			<u>-</u>		
Total Western States	33, 191	67	135	4, 374	5, 532	44, 542	87, 841
Washington	7,668	126	7 13	380 338	4, 280 669	4, 216	16, 554 10, 742
Oregon California	5,340 14,745	120	10	499	3,063	4, 256 17, 520	35, 837
Idaho	2,858			199	53	3,099	6, 209
Utah	473	40				605	1, 118
NevadaArizona	839 1, 217			145 155	275 244	1, 234 1, 352	2, 493. 2, 968.
Total Pacific States	33, 140	169	30		8, 584	<u> </u>	
Alaska (nonmember banks)	812	109	30	1,716	5, 384	32, 282	75, 921
The Territory of Hawaii (non- member banks)	1, 123				630	510	2, 263
Total (nonmember banks)	1, 935			51	630	723	3, 339
Total country banks	452, 216	750	615	47, 985	119, 586	548, 142	1, 169, 294
Total United States Alaska and Hawaii		785	653	141, 048	490, 018	802, 482	2, 481, 778
	·	·	·		·	,	<u> </u>

INVESTMENTS OF NATIONAL BANKS, JUNE 30, 1924

The total investments of national banks in Government securities and other miscellaneous bonds and securities, June 30, 1924, amounted to \$5,142,328,000, and show an increase in the year of \$72.625.000.

The only exceptions in the general increase in the holdings of miscellaneous bonds and securities are collateral trust and other corporation notes, which show a reduction of \$29,302,000 in the year, and miscellaneous foreign bonds and securities, a reduction of \$6,181,000.

Classification of miscellaneous bonds and securities, with the total Government securities held June 30, 1923 and 1924, follows, with a classification of miscellaneous securities with the total of Government securities held by banks in reserve cities and States, June 30, 1924:

[In thousands of dollars]

			· ·		June 30, 1923	June 30, 1924
<u> </u>	 			 		
Domestic securities: State, county, or o Railroad bonds Other public-servi All other bonds Claims, warrants, Collateral trust an Foreign government bo Other foreign bonds at Stock, Federal reserve Stocks, all other	judgments etc. d other corporat onds. d securities. banks.	ondsion notes.			401, 816 503, 348 337, 293 521, 200 90, 252 135, 235 153, 723 91, 236 71, 862 69, 892	505, 52: 573, 57 397, 56: 575, 74: 90, 59: 105, 93: 179, 47: 85, 05: 72, 31: 74, 77:
Total United States Governi	mont convition			 	2, 375, 857	2, 660, 55
				ı	2, 693, 846	2, 481, 77
Total bonds of al	ii ciasses			 	5, 069, 703	5, 142, 32

				•			 								:
10065—					Dom	estic secu	rities			• :		govern- bonds			
Cities, States, and Territories	United States Govern- ment securi- ties	State, county, or mu- nicipal bonds	Rail- road bonds	Other public service corporation bonds	All other bonds	Stock of Federal reserve bank	Stock of other corpora- tions	Claims, war- rants, etc.	Judg- ments	Collater- al trust and other corpora- tion notes	Bonds of Rus- sian, German, or Aus- trian Govern- ments	Bonds of other foreign govern- ments	Other foreign bonds and securi- ties	bonds, stocks, securi- ties, etc., other than United States	Total all bonds and securi- ties
CENTRAL RESERVE CITIES															
New York	523, 991 85, 595	78, 585 11, 056	96, 730 5, 711	22, 357 1, 921	55, 386 10, 449	11, 862 2, 866	17, 978 2, 333	1, 053 1, 608	219	9, 000 4, 376	973	21, 140 1, 664	15, 181 419	330, 464 42, 403	854, 455 127, 998
Total central reserve cities	609, 586	89, 641	102, 441	24, 278	65, 835	14, 728	20, 311	2, 661	219	13, 376	973	22, 804	15, 600	372, 867	982, 453
OTHER RESERVE CITIES								<u>-</u>							
Boston Albany Brooklyn and Bronx Buffalo Philadelphia Pittsburgh Baltimore Washington Richmond Atlanta Jacksonville Birmingham New Orleans Dallas El Paso Fort Worth Galveston Houston San Antonio Waco Little Rock Louisville Memphis	44, 183 - 115, 179 - 11, 551 - 18, 085 - 4, 934 - 3, 520 - 9, 398	3, 077 4, 700 1, 435 7, 442 2, 508 3, 490 1, 101 1, 128 341 3, 917 758 38 119 198 1194 288 311 198 1194 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 40 416 416 416 416 43 43	6, 706 1, 482 1, 556 1, 809 19, 929 15, 713 1, 495 2, 721 2, 721 26 148 215 26 26 27 21 22 22, 274	8, 914 2, 345 808 1, 286 9, 548 4, 488 1, 448 2, 320 166 5 147 224 8 25 362 151 39	7, 207 3, 849 914 3, 027 12, 549 22, 524 3, 711 1, 847 1, 942 226 147 2226 64 233 1, 483 1, 961	2, 140 203 1311 143 2, 678 656 455 376 315 107 99 144 351 56 65 65 65 336 194 80 29 29	13, 181 203 290 1, 920 1, 920 2, 045 246 164 444 224 47 95 5 116 234 189 390 15 1, 261 98 29 20 29	63 81 82 269 209 562 19 16 12 2 576 130 12 2 34 173 10 2 2 3, 183 2		7, 614 1, 052 688 259 11, 131 6, 392 807 388 1, 004	85 20 13 40 132 2 5	3, 347 944 840 953 4, 090 3, 045 979 397 85 665 168 189 24	1, 220 261 103 214 2, 490 964 80 392 9	53, 554 15, 140 6, 480 8, 808 72, 096 59, 755 12, 924 11, 133 3, 545 1, 148 1, 150 2, 938 2, 932 1, 282 840 215 165 9, 839 9, 508	106, 024 23, 287 11, 471 18, 199 116, 279 1174, 934 24, 475 29, 218 8, 479 4, 668 16, 609 5, 992 4, 491 19, 470 2, 482 6, 152 5, 393 14, 904 6, 098 2, 652 5, 652 19, 440 2, 138

United States Government, domestic, and foreign bonds, securities, etc., owned by national banks June 30, 1924—Continued [In thousands of dollars]

									. `		Foreign	govern-			
		l	Domestic securities							ment bonds		Total			
Cities, States, and Territories	United States Govern- ment securi- ties	State, county, or mu- nicipal bonds	Rail- road bonds	Other public service corporation	All other bonds	Stock of Federal reserve bank	Stock of other corpora- tions	Claims, war- rants, etc.	Judg- ments	Collater- al trust and other corpora- tion	Bonds of Rus- sian, German, or Aus- trian	govern-	Other foreign bonds and securi- ties	bonds, stocks, securi- ties, etc., other than United States	Total all bonds and securi- ties
				bonds						notes	Govern- ments				
OTHER RESERVE CITIES—contd									• .						
Nashville Cincinnati Cleveland Columbus	4, 550 19, 131 14, 518 8, 726	1,053 5,166 2,161 2,797	253 2, 636 3, 691 1, 377	553 1,071 2,125 1,209	1,030 3,532 4,543 1,898	197 587 233 296	104 375 50 56	25 1	17	450 205 205 20	30	588 1, 914 1, 598 600	99 24 1,596 186	4, 369 15, 540 16, 202 8, 440	8, 919 34, 671 30, 720 17, 166
Toledo Indianapolis Chicago Peoria	3, 683 10, 757 13, 230 5, 135	390 810 5,858 631	1,377 407 347 1,969 375	1, 203 231 1, 009 4, 849 315	1, 014 1, 602 5, 003 600	135 280 160 160	568 95	657 54 21	43 24	408 240 590	9	201 436 598 397	18 116 363 122	2, 804 6, 117 19, 563 2, 622	6, 487 16, 874 32, 793 7, 757
Detroit. Grand Rapids. Milwaukee Minneapolis. St. Paul	15, 025 3, 363 11, 067 23, 063 19, 782	4, 330 206 1, 665 3, 323 451	963 - 354 494 1, 245 1, 424	338 499 1, 043 1, 093	1, 340 635 1, 751 1, 269 -603	480 102 445 602 325	125 76 223 100	3 25 489 327 381	22	7881 325 20	2	122 278 227 684 155	952 192 26 136	9, 534 2, 716 6, 383 8, 779 3, 478	24, 559 6, 079 17, 450 31, 842 23, 260
Cedar Rapids Des Moines Dubuque	3, 031 2, 626 1, 493	919 789 1, 003	80 82 224	1, 282 262 337	403 297 479	51 117 30	612	11 84	13			41 45 5		2, 796 2, 033 2, 078	5, 827 4, 659 3, 571
Sioux City Kansas City, Mo	2, 906 10, 034 1, 692	219 2,749 10	333 199	7 182 19	479 741 240	72 311 62	83 367	191 857 12		33	5	25 162 122	75	1, 076 5, 815 664	3, 982 15, 849 2, 356
St. Joseph St. Louis Lincoln O maha	28, 442 1, 335 5, 181	6, 343 278 1, 605	5, 670 350 1, 235	3, 204 53 443	9, 161 785 931	1, 097 77 300	1, 288 5 72	715 345 112	300 67 31	35 133	28 18	2, 358 252 79	713 47 216	30, 912 2, 277 5, 157	59, 354 3, 612 10, 338
Kansas City, Kans Topeka Wichita	1, 271 2, 257 873	232 914 4, 294	41		162 18	39 34 110	9 5 1	3 45	54	2		10	10	540 1, 038 4, 405	1, 811 3, 295 5, 278
Helena Denver Pueblo	1, 017 22, 509 2, 078	7, 709 1, 075	2, 184 604	1, 704 583	3, 056 244	24 302 52	118 629	1, 101 289	150	6 540 42	6.	389 92	802 53	18, 422 3, 034	1, 687 40, 931 5, 112
Muskogee Oklahoma City	2, 300 4, 462	6, 120	54	24 64	68 445	. 49 163	12 21	285 985	31 11	10		10 39		7, 912	2. 906 12, 374

Tulsa Seattle Spokane Portland Los Angeles Oakland San Francisco Ogden Sat Lake City	3, 079 20, 128 3, 101 16, 193 28, 379 5, 143 30, 938 1, 171 3, 487	524 3, 726 359 4, 122 6, 716 1, 304 4, 359 311 450	42 2, 127 201 1, 285 1, 037 1, 75 1, 491 158 371	219 831 601 121 336 542 533 59 184	547 2, 031 312 1, 839 2, 887 292 2, 288 92 552	191 259 106 167 644 102 1, 050 35	190 162 132 273 1, 068 18 2, 837 53 1, 127	319 1, 089 124 181 259 75 2, 504	52 6 3 28 21 8 16	116 62	18	197 1, 458 109 742 57 166 645 29	73 531 57 1,009	2, 470 12, 300 2, 004 9, 739 13, 032 2, 574 16, 154 755 2, 869	5, 549 32, 428 5, 105 25, 932 41, 411 7, 717 47, 092 1, 928 6, 356
Total other reserve cities	702, 898	117, 882	88, 544	59, 297	119, 094	20, 308	32, 354	17, 317	1, 013	34, 035	439	· 31, 356	13, 918	535, 557	1, 238, 455
Total all reserve cities	1, 312, 484	207, 523	190, 985	83, 575	184, 929	35, 036	52, 665	19, 978	1, 232	47, 411	1, 412	54, 160	29, 518	908, 424	2, 220, 908
COUNTRY BANKS								:		_					
Maine. New Hampshire. Vermont. Massachusetts. Rhode Island Connecticut.	13, 915 12, 048 6, 285 59, 057 7, 831 32, 933	2, 106 514 196 3, 397 1, 438 1, 699	5, 290 2, 110 2, 931 15, 636 1, 823 9, 727	15, 678 4, 309 5, 148 29, 582 5, 588 7, 112	7, 145 2, 575 3, 624 23, 818 1, 714 5, 861	361 293 228 1, 498 342 1, 093	195 91 145 1, 378 148 449	4 39 160 40 47 234	13	1, 836 425 709 5, 334 2, 279 1, 385	21 20 53 80 3 18	3, 221 554 1, 385 7, 032 766 4, 205	1, 886 475 838 4, 128 504 1, 132	37, 743 11, 405 15, 417 91, 936 14, 652 32, 915	51, 658 23, 453 21, 702 150, 993 22, 483 65, 848
Total New England States	132, 069	9, 350	37, 517	67, 417	44, 737	3, 815	2, 406	524	13	11, 968	195	17, 163	8, 963	204, 068	336, 137
New York New Jersey Pennsylvania Delaware Maryland	2, 346	26, 025 37, 429 28, 128 483 2, 165	83, 411 63, 155 137, 505 1, 520 6, 335	54, 424 32, 463 80, 037 1, 843 6, 781	59, 331 34, 635 112, 415 871 7, 575	2, 717 2, 098 5, 757 110 329	1, 968 1, 109 4, 618 21 203	881 3, 122 1, 483	69 49 1, 302	7, 541 6, 938 18, 041 251 395	293 129 318 1 8	25, 926 13, 647 28, 243 302 1, 909	13, 901 4, 745 12, 593 264 875	276, 487 199, 519 430, 440 5, 666 26, 782	377, 049 273, 155 614, 495 8, 012 36, 343
Total Eastern States	370, 160	94, 230	291, 926	175, 548	214, 827	11, 011	7, 919	5, 574	1, 539	33, 166	749	70, 027	32, 378	938, 894	1, 309, 054
Virginia West Virginia North Carolina South Carolina Georgia Florida Alabama Mississippi Louisiana Texas Arkansas Kentucky Tennessee	30, 694 22, 283 15, 754 12, 975 10, 630 10, 975 13, 936 5, 134 4, 816 48, 388 8, 383 20, 180 13, 707	2, 934 1, 779 2, 094 2, 015 4, 716 3, 746 5, 658 1, 260 3, 709 1, 870 1, 651 971	1, 892 1, 876 141 536 256 2,003 1, 693 915 31 335 1, 920 249	2,000 2,767 51 641 255 1,998 736 351 72 437 67 1,621 554	4, 568 6, 286 1, 108 1, 169 346 1, 469 2, 787 939 512 2, 221 409 3, 092 1, 818	1, 228 707 647 540 532 304 548 230 266 2, 052 289 684 545	830 481 332 605 442 219 197 97 668 617 79 149 363	516 422 123 126 349 424 621 513 478 2, 104 936 999 706	35 137 55 20 28 8 23 41 107 62 28 73	629 194 25 193 205 404 43 270 3 470 151	37 46 2 29 16 17 11	1, 250 1, 840 13 196 263 1, 995 1, 026 594 22 217 47 780 626	227 467 25 6 35 86 145 157 2 74 5 146	16, 146 17, 002 4, 591 5, 883 2, 746 13, 431 11, 727 9, 875 3, 406 12, 143 3, 767 11, 546 6, 210	46, 840 39, 285 20, 345 18, 858 13, 376 24, 406 25, 663 15, 009 8, 222 60, 531 12, 600 31, 726 19, 917
Total Southern States	218, 305	32, 618	11,847	11, 550	26, 724	8, 572	5, 079	8, 317	617	2, 587	185	8, 869	1, 508	118, 473	336, 778

United States Government, domestic, and foreign bonds, securities, etc., owned by national banks June 30, 1924—Continued
[In thousands of dollars[

					Dom	estic secu	rities				Foreign ment	govern- bonds		Total	
Cities, States, and Territories	United States Govern- ment securi- ties	State, county, or mu- nicipal bonds	Rail- road bonds	Other public service corporation bonds	All other bonds	Stock of Federal reserve bank	Stock of other corpora- tions	Claims, war- rants, etc.	Judg- ments	Collater- al trust and other corpora- tion notes	Bonds of Rus- sian, German, or Aus- trian Govern- ments	Bonds of other foreign govern- ments	Other foreign bonds and securi- ties	bonds, stocks, securi- ties, etc., other than United States	Total all bonds and securi- ties
COUNTRY BANKS—continued											- 1				
Ohio Indiana. Illinois. Michigan Wisconsin Minnesota. Iowa. Missouri	56, 991 40, 699 66, 853 23, 808 26, 973 28, 561 26, 697 11, 077	32, 235 7, 776 22, 766 19, 794 9, 408 10, 244 2, 245 2, 747	9, 782 6, 714 7, 145 5, 659 3, 354 2, 551 886 429	6, 311 7, 676 12, 029 7, 971 7, 509 3, 266 1, 640 574	26, 255 8, 991 15, 917 13, 942 8, 826 6, 598 2, 631 1, 233	1, 980 1, 168 1, 833 702 777 938 952 327	984 323 731 177 247 204 662 70	300 286 5, 714 744 542 8, 480 2, 426 561	193 257 730 38 104 307 365 44	2, 201 1, 282 3, 002 658 1, 281 1, 002 185 20	236 3 36 161 3 9 5	5, 712 2, 828 3, 349 3, 247 1, 962 2, 690 551 324	2,847 1,146 1,220 3,468 1,163 825 112 39	89, 036 38, 450 74, 472 56, 561 35, 176 37, 114 12, 660 6, 368	146, 027 79, 149 141, 325 80, 369 62, 149 65, 675 39, 357 17, 445
Total Middle Western States	281, 659	107, 215	36, 520	46, 976	84, 393	8, 677	3, 398	19, 053	2, 038	9, 631	453	20, 663	10, 820	349, 837	631, 496
North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Kansas Montana Wyoming Colorado New Mexico Oklahoma	8, 811 7, 913 10, 492 15, 333 8, 043 4, 514 9, 328 2, 899 20, 508	807 207 410 4, 100 1, 640 332 3, 186 221 5, 804	120 187 158 231 186 153 1,006 40	186 443 192 258 417 247 1,542 10 210	176 1, 005 589 658 398 778 2, 325 308 625	300 228 407 627 234 150 343 101 730	75 75 70 39 183 119 537 12 362	2, 445 1, 854 997 1, 699 1, 969 816 1, 630 284 8, 015	122 140 201 191 127 62 142 20 547	7 24 49 51 20 295	1 9 5	116 103 231 350 277 223 226 30 70	137 93 39 13 148 58 58 58	4, 484 4, 343 3, 327 8, 220 5, 630 2, 961 11, 291 1, 026 16, 477	13, 295 12, 256 13, 819 23, 553 13, 673 7, 475 20, 619 3, 925 36, 985
Total Western States	87, 841	16, 707	2, 162	3, 505	6,862	3, 120	1, 472	19, 709	1, 552	474	19	1, 626	551	57, 759	145, 600
Washington Oregon California Idaho Utah Nevada	16, 554 10, 742 35, 837 6, 209 1, 118 2, 493	5, 523 4, 364 24, 946 807 204 750	728 307 1,412 31 12 102	2,008 612 6,042 195 29 68	3, 955 705 7, 687 216 118 223	366 291 1, 050 205 34 63	149 264 1,010 95 16 174	1, 807 2, 212 2, 863 2, 273 48 34	149 123 98 277 12	228 54 344 50	23 7 2	1,832 544 1,362 102	541 399 258 17 14 15	17, 309 9, 875 47, 079 4, 220 537 1, 482	33, 863 20, 617 82, 916 10, 429 1, 655 3, 975

Arizona	2, 968	534	9	8	73	78	130	359	40	20		. 1	73	1, 325	4, 293
. Total Pacific States	75, 921	37, 128	2, 601	8, 962	12, 977	2, 087	1, 838	9, 596	.699	696	32	3, 894	1, 317	81, 827	157, 748
Alaska (nonmember banks)	1, 076	32	13	27	12		1				2	21		108	1, 184
The Territory of Hawaii (non- member banks)	2, 263	725			282			153						1, 160	3, 423
Total (nonmember banks)	3, 339	757	13	27	294		1	153			2	21		1, 268	4, 607
Total country banks	1, 169, 294	298, 005	382, 586	313, 985	390, 814	37, 282	22, 113	62, 926	6, 458	58, 522	1, 635	122, 263	55, 537	1, 752, 126	2, 921, 420
Total United States, Alaska, and Hawaii	2, 481, 778	505, 528	573, 571	397, 560	575, 743	72, 318	74, 778	82, 904	7, 690	105, 933	3, 047	176, 423	85, 055	2, 660, 550	5, 142, 328

SAVINGS DEPOSITORS AND DEPOSITS IN NATIONAL BANKS, JUNE 30, 1924

Reference to the following statements showing savings depositors and deposits in national banks in reserve cities and States, June 30, 1924, discloses a remarkable increase in the volume of these deposits in the last year, as well as since 1913, in comparison with similar statistics published in the annual report for 1923.

The percentage of savings deposits in national banks June 4, 1913, to the total individual deposits was 14.15. In 1923 the percentage of these deposits to individual deposits had increased to 25.96, and in 1924 they were equivalent to 28.54 per cent of individual deposits.

The amount of savings deposits, June 30, 1924, \$4,239,208,000 credited to 11,070,223 depositors, compares with \$3,645,648,000 to the credit of 9,901,777 depositors June 30, 1923. The increase in the number of banks reporting savings deposits in the year ended June 30, 1924, was 297, and the increase in the number of banks maintaining separate savings departments was 28.

Savings depositors and deposits in national banks June 30, 1924

Cities, States, and Territories	Number of banks reporting savings deposits	Number of banks maintain- ing separate savings de- partments	Number of savings depositors	Amount of savings deposits (000 omitted)	Average rate of interest paid
CENTRAL RESERVE CITIES					704
New York Chicago	26 11	25 7	355, 709 98, 644	\$126, 302 19, 841	Per cent 3. 46 3. 00
Total central reserve cities	37	32	454, 353	146, 143	3. 23
OTHER RESERVE CITIES .					
Boston Albany Brooklyn and Bronx Buffalo Philadelphia Pittsburgh Baltimore. Washington Richmond Atlanta Jacksonville Birmingham Dallas El Paso. Fort Worth Galveston Houston San Antonio Waeo. Little Rock Louisville. Memphis Nashville Cleveland Columbus Toledo. Indianapolis Chicago. Peoria Detroit Grand Rapids Minneapolis St. Paul Cedar Rapids.	10 77 13 6 3 3 2 5 5 4 9 4 6 6 3 3 4 3 5 7 7 2 4 4 18 4 4 18 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	8 3 2 4 23 8 7 7 13 5 5 2 2 5 5 3 9 4 4 4 3 3 5 5 7 7 3 3 14 4 3 3 5 5 3 2 2 5 3 3 2 2	152, 971 11, 151 4, 292 32, 288 125, 012 64, 696 30, 702 82, 745 66, 462 103, 816 42, 147 39, 653 24, 266 18, 254 21, 520 17, 520 17, 520 3, 027 48, 424 10, 270 26, 239 38, 031 57, 812 33, 280 315, 952 7, 946 164, 882 19, 753 9, 012 31, 674 94, 941 131, 825 28, 466 12, 986	74, 826 9, 365 1, 983 20, 337 45, 189 54, 420 13, 717 26, 477 19, 575 21, 419 19, 426 13, 471 11, 151 16, 982 21, 981 3, 402 21, 981 3, 402 21, 981 10, 948 3, 261 10, 948 31, 261 10, 948 32, 999 11, 047 12, 5600 7, 251 22, 994 39, 881 17, 021 1, 708 28, 505 12, 551 11, 708 28, 505 12, 551 14, 647 4, 816	3. 79 3. 36 3. 50 4. 00 3. 75 3. 90 4. 00 3. 12 2. 91 3. 50 4. 00 4. 00 4. 00 4. 00 4. 00 4. 00 4. 00 3. 25 3. 00 3. 00 3. 00 3. 00 3. 00 3. 00 3. 40 3. 75 4. 00

Savings depositors and deposits in national banks June 30, 1924—Continued

Cities, States, and Territories	Number of banks reporting savings deposits	Number of banks maintain- ing separate savings de- partments	Number of savings depositors	Amount of savings deposits (000 omitted)	Average rate of interest paid
OTHER RESERVE CITIES—continued Des Moines Dubuque Sioux City. Kansas City, Mo St. Joseph St. Louis Lincoln Omaha Kansas City, Kans Topeka Wichita Helena Denver Pueblo Muskogee Oklahoma City Tulsa Seattle Spokane Portland Los Angeles Oakland San Francisco Ogden Salt Lake City.	1 2 5 6 3 10 5 5 8 1 2 2 4 1 9 2 2 3 8 6 8 4 4 9 9 2 2 3 3 4	12552947712318137674472213	9, 255 9, 979 22, 924 22, 513 8, 706 152, 845 19, 292 73, 890 2, 361 1, 856 12, 290 2, 270 98, 759 3, 663 5, 516 18, 479 22, 092 83, 800 33, 349 62, 126 47, 760 4, 034 24, 726 3, 797 17, 463	\$3, 201 3, 608 5, 292 5, 214 5, 214 35, 013 3, 471 83, 000 2, 012 1, 082 51, 315 3, 407 2, 122 7, 211 6, 506 27, 157 12, 429 33, 060 54, 212 5, 493 11, 909 4, 636	Per cent 4.00 3.80 3.00 4.00 3.03 4.00 3.03 4.00 3.05 3.25 3.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 3.05 4.00 3.05 4.00 3.05 4.00 3.05 4.00 3.05 4.00 3.05 4.00 3.05 4.00 3.05
Total other reserve cities	319	282	2, 397, 958	1, 009, 570	3, 64
Total all reserve cities	356	314	2, 852, 311	1, 155, 713	3. 44
Maine	50 21 36 115 5 39	43 16 28 106 5 36	161, 463 44, 631 61, 054 433, 819 12, 439 138, 738	67, 657 13, 060 24, 208 164, 289 11, 819 57, 153	3, 97 3, 37 4, 01 4, 10 4, 13 4, 00
Total New England States New York New Jersey Pennsylvania Delaware Maryland	266 426 240 791 14 73	355 217 539 13 65	852, 144 887, 091 687, 245 1, 535, 403 10, 038 107, 050	338, 186 408, 708 288, 558 652, 593 6, 081 55, 420	3, 93 3, 84 3, 63 3, 50 4, 00 3, 66
Total Eastern States	78 68 49 80 24 25 129 60 77 57 	1, 189 117 79 64 59 47 38 50 14 17, 83 37 62 48 715	3, 226, 827 259, 954 161, 531 134, 013 87, 067 59, 912 68, 982 74, 993 34, 745 33, 092 62, 929 103, 060 1, 175, 456 445, 232 234, 387 445, 990	98, 901 54, 848 41, 955 46, 938 19, 558 27, 054 27, 909 17, 397 13, 627 25, 452 11, 751 26, 273 35, 100 446, 763	3. 73 3. 76 3. 75 4. 00 4. 38 4. 19 9. 4. 11 4. 00 3. 94 9. 4. 11 3. 87 4. 00 4. 01 3. 65 3. 78 3. 78 3. 80 3. 54
Illinois. Michigau. Wisconsin. Minnesota. Iowa. Missouri. ` Total Middle Western States	393 112 148 302 264 66 1,760	242 90 90 185 161 40 1, 163	445, 990 331, 893 313, 718 243, 751 164, 023 40, 010 2, 219, 004	129, 253 115, 300 88, 495 63, 959 50, 058 9, 700 652, 460	3, 45 3, 08 3, 41 4, 33 4, 30 3, 45
		= =====			

Savings depositors and deposits in national banks June 30, 1924—Continued

Cities, States, and Territories	Number of banks reporting savings deposits	Number of banks maintain- ing separate savings de- partments	Number of savings depositors	Amount of savings deposits (000 omitted)	Average rate of interest paid
COUNTRY BANKS—continued					
North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Kansas Montana Wyoming Colorado New Mexico Oklahoma	102 145 68	78 61 70 102 44 22 84 14	43, 499 37, 024 38, 007 62, 009 29, 301 27, 603 57, 716 11, 731 40, 670	3,023	Per cent 4. 99 4. 70 4. 39 3. 84 4. 31 4. 18 4. 05 4. 00 4. 08
Total Western States	964	582	347, 560	85, 036	4. 28
Washington Oregon California Idaho Utah Nevada Arizona	208 65 13	62 46 93 39 7 6	101, 685 48, 223 176, 693 34, 778 12, 765 6, 702 13, 589	35, 257 15, 119 76, 198 8, 421 3, 654 4, 526 5, 617	3. 89 3. 78 4. 02 4. 13 4. 07 4. 00 4. 09
Total Pacific States	484	266	394, 435	148, 792	4.00
Alaska (nonmember banks) The Territory of Hawaii (nonmember banks)	1	1	1, 079 1, 407	623 275	3. 75 4. 00
Total (nonmember banks)	3	2	2, 486	898	3.88
Total country banks	6, 024	4, 151	8, 217, 912	3, 083, 495	3. 92
Total United States, Alaska, and Hawaii	6, 380	. 4,465	11, 070, 223	4, 239, 208	3, 68

EARNINGS, EXPENSES, AND DIVIDENDS OF NATIONAL BANKS

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, the gross earnings of national banks amounted to \$1,074,559,000, compared with \$1,049,408,000 in the previous year. The amount of money earned from interest and discount was \$965,876,000, showing an increase in the year of \$26,324,000.

Expenses incident to operation of the banks amounted to \$766,-044,000, and show an increase in the year of \$29,462,000, principally due to increased deposit liabilities, which is reflected in the amount of money paid out as interest on deposits. This item in the last year amounted to \$338,345,000, compared with \$320,031,000 in the prior year. Salaries and wages were increased from \$202,117,000 to \$210,315,000, and other items of expense show proportionate increases, with the exception of taxes paid, which show a reduction of \$1,064,000.

The amount charged off on account of miscellaneous losses during the year was \$147,304,000, or \$13,134,000 less than in the previous year. These losses were off set to some extent by recoveries on charged-off assets to the amount of \$34,495,000, leaving net addition to profits of \$195,706,000, after payment of all expenses and losses, out of which dividends to the amount of \$163,683,000 were declared. The net addition to profits compares with \$203,488,000 in the prior year and the amount of dividends declared shows a reduction of \$15,493,000.

The percentage of dividends to capital was 12.27; the percentage of dividends to capital and surplus, 6.78; and the percentage of net

addition to profits, to capital and surplus was 8.11.

Comparison of the earnings, expenses, and dividends of national banks for fiscal years ended June 30, 1923 and 1924, and the capital, surplus, earnings, and expenses, etc., of these banks in reserve cities and States, as well as Federal reserve districts, June 30, 1924, is shown in the following statements:

Earnings, expenses, and dividends of national banks for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1923 and 1924

[In thousands of dollars]

	June 30, 1923 (8,238 banks)	June 30, 1924 (8,085 banks)
Capital stock Total surplus fund Dividends declared	1, 328, 791 1, 070, 600 179, 176	1, 334, 011 1, 080, 578 163, 683
Gross earnings: Interest and discount. Domestic exchange and collection charges. Profits of foreign exchange department. Commissions and earnings from insurance premiums and the negotiation of	15, 261 11, 296	965, 876 15, 402 7, 222
real estate loans. Trust department profits Other earnings	1, 275	994 5, 059 80, 006
Total		1, 074, 559
Expenses paid: Salaries and wages Interest and discount on borrowed money Interest on deposits Taxes Other expenses	25, 685 320, 031 67, 412	210, 315 26, 537 338, 345 66, 348 124, 499
Total	736, 582	766, 044
Net earnings during the year	312, 826 51, 100	308, 515 34, 495
Total	363, 926	343, 010
Losses charge off: On loans and discounts On bonds, securities, etc On trust department operations		102, 814 24, 642 855
Other losses On foreign exchange.	16, 046 2, 064	17, 543 1, 450
Total	160, 438	147, 304
Net addition to profits during the year.		195, 706

$Abstract\ of\ reports\ of\ earnings,\ expenses,\ and\ dividends\ of\ national\ banks\ for\ year\ ended\ June\ 30,\ 1924$

[In thousands of dollars]

		·				` .	(Gross earni	ngs					Exp	enses		-
Cities, States, and Territories	Num- ber of banks	Capital	· Surplus	Capital and Surplus	Interest and dis- count	and collec-	ex- change depart- ment	from insurance premiums	ment prof- its	Other earn- ings	Total gross earnings	Salaries and wages	count	Interest on deposits	Taxes	Other ex- penses	Total ex- penses paid
Maine. New Hampshire. Vermont. Massachusetts. Boston. Rhode Island. Connecticut.	59 55 46 145 12 17 62	7, 270 5, 340 5, 060 28, 167 39, 950 6, 320 20, 307	5, 433 4, 441 2, 732 22, 839 31, 765 5, 075 16, 084	12, 703 9, 781 7, 792 51, 006 71, 715 11, 395 36, 391	6, 209 3, 128 2, 943 22, 623 25, 706 3, 357 10, 881	42 37 27 143 108 21 85	6 4 6 30 538 9 30	3	3 4 11 19 347	528 363 152 1, 860 2, 866 283 1, 027	6, 788 3, 536 3, 139 24, 678 29, 565 3, 670 12, 118	941 776 570 4, 257 5, 338 541 2, 414	102 153 105 501 525 27 188	2, 961 748 1, 081 9, 202 10, 959 1, 288 3, 595	315 197 237 1, 092 1, 387 175 782	621 603 318 2, 867 3, 053 415 1, 331	4, 940 2, 477 2, 311 17, 919 21, 262 2, 446 8, 310
Total New England States	396	112, 414	88, 369	200, 783	74,.847	463	623	3	479	7, 079	83, 494	14, 837	1, 601	29, 834	4, 185	9, 208	59, 665
New York. Albany. Brooklyn and Bronx. Buffalo. New York. New Jersey. Pennsylvania. Philadelphia. Pittsburgh Delaware. Maryland. Baltimore. Washington, D. C.		50, 466 3, 100 2, 100 2, 950 166, 550 37, 132 83, 142 28, 680 28, 550 1, 710 5, 204 11, 550 9, 527	40, 476 3, 650 2, 100 1, 800 227, 850 33, 304 110, 823 60, 680 27, 500 1, 932 5, 969 10, 335 5, 598	90, 942 6, 750 4, 200 4, 750 394, 400 70, 436 193, 965 89, 360 56, 050 3, 642 11, 173 21, 885 15, 125	44, 891 3, 513 2, 306 3, 221 131, 415 33, 915 72, 022 28, 385 18, 897 1, 055 5, 145 6, 859 5, 465	358 33 14 42 2, 426 154 424 207 76 6 17 66 45	18 2 4 10 4, 127 56 165 411 244	3 4	93 71 2 1,821 193 221 16 3 1	3, 139 333 127 139 18, 053 2, 528 5, 196 2, 155 2, 177 35 155 684 745	48, 503 3, 952 2, 453 3, 412 157, 842 36, 849 78, 032 31, 174 21, 394 1, 099 7, 629 6, 293	8, 342 506 538 542 26, 623 6, 530 12, 693 5, 284 3, 353 228 884 1, 337 1, 424	764 103 19 65 2, 604 821 1, 217 847 435 24 123 374 234	18, 450 1, 388 693 1, 441 47, 860 13, 273 26, 228 9, 192 7, 697 343 2, 205 1, 910 1, 503	2, 368 197 143 166 8, 225 1, 496 3, 506 1, 605 1, 143 61 286 548 529	4, 807 518 366 386 15, 504 4, 037 7, 159 3, 496 2, 721 88 472 699 742	34, 731 2, 712 1, 759 2, 600 100, 816 26, 157 50, 803 20, 424 15, 349 4, 868 4, 432
Total Eastern States	1, 750	430, 661	532, 017	962, 678	357, 089	3, 868	5, 069	13	2, 447	35, 466	. 403, 952	68, 284	7, 630	132, 183	20, 273	40, 995	269, 365

Virginia Richmond West Virginia North Carolina South Carolina Georgia Atlanta Florida Jacksonville Alabama Birmingham Mississippi Louisiana New Orleans Texas Dallas El Paso Fort Worth Galveston Houston San Antonio Waco Arkansas Little Rock Kentucky Louisville Tennessee Memphis Nashville	176 6 125 83 81 91 3 103 2 2 35 32 1 531 6 6 4 9 9 8 8 8 8 134 4 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	23; 749 6, 300 13, 126 13, 420 11, 880 10, 440 5, 950 2, 650 11, 580 1, 750 5, 035 6, 030 2, 800 1, 500 1, 500 1, 500 1, 500 1, 500 1, 600 1, 750 2, 050 1, 750 1, 500 1, 500 1, 750 1, 500 1, 750 1, 500 1, 500 1, 750 1, 500 1, 500 1, 500 1, 500 1, 750 1, 500 1, 500 1, 750 1, 500 1,	17, 257 6, 240 10, 529 8, 459 6, 000 7, 108 4, 550 3, 136 900 6, 576 1, 550 2, 947 2, 750 2, 000 24, 354 2, 570 3, 595 1, 725 3, 184 4, 300 6, 165 930 6, 165 930 2, 750	41, 006. 12,540 23,655 21,879 17,880 10,256 3,550 18,156 3,300 7,982 4,800 67,726 6,300 2,150 11,195 6,475 2,665 10,396 8,800 8,800 8,804 8,804 8,806	14, 003 4, 294 9, 295 8, 673 6, 789 6, 789 6, 5, 209 2, 423 6, 284 1, 889 3, 506 23, 835 5, 048 1, 354 1, 5, 300 2, 213 1, 625 4, 483 4, 483 4, 7, 997 4, 724 7, 732 7, 788 2, 688 2, 688	171 588 711 345 260 1844 811 163 214 222 2 193 82 78 1, 039 331 27 101 92 159 46 102 151 101 40 23 66 145	7 5 17 4 2 2 3 2 2 1 2 1 2 1	9 10 3	76 140 12 5 18 3 29 23 8 4 7 5 3 3 3 2 1 20	539 488 475 420 569 569 199 351 223 521 287 272 626 1, 176 301 140 172 18 545 331 86 67 329 132 288	14,796 4,962 10,492 9,450 7,640 7,698 4,070 3,158 6,807 2,076 3,158 6,807 2,076 3,188 3,888 3,187 972 972 972 1,246 4,968 4,918 4,574 4,817 986 2,987	2, 778 934 1, 894 1, 917 1, 379 956 1, 198 568 1, 481 1, 016 479 6, 457 1, 267 397 142 1, 238 622 231 1, 142 1, 765 877 1, 765 877 1, 162 1, 212	821 249 425 767 311 412 102 249 240 240 180 152 696 134 82 109 47 157 3280 319 229 288 288	4,598 1,355 3,106 2,598 2,250 1,358 1,225 1,498 1,500 1,500 1,215 4,793 1,367 4,793 1,367 4,793 1,367 4,793 1,367 4,793 1,367 1,238 1,23	868 314 805 528 590 304 499 338 137 500 157 323 323 239 2, 186 29 480 268 108 265 277 88 288 285 277 888 288	1, 562 519 1, 109 1, 162 955 676 544 801 163 163 164 655 222 3, 497 417 150 742 417 150 742 417 150 742 417 150 150 160 160 160 160 160 160 160 16	10, 627 32, 371 7, 339 6, 972 5, 485 4, 221 3, 148 2, 376 1, 522 2, 398 1, 546 2, 389 1, 529 2, 293 3, 826 2, 293 1, 546 3, 548 4, 653 1, 881 3, 544 4, 653 1, 881 3, 545 5, 835 5, 835 5, 835 5, 835 7, 866
Total Southern States	1, 699	239, 534	142, 750	382, 284	148, 495	4,609	86	57	428	9, 611	163, 286	34, 394	6, 693	43, 188	11, 943	20, 157	116, 375
Ohio Cincinnati Cleveland Columbus Toledo Indiana Indianapolis Illinois Chicago, central reserve Chicago, other reserve Peoria Michigan Detroit Grand Rapids Wisconsin Milwaukee Minnesota Minnesota Minnespolis St. Paul	340 7 3 7 2 244 4 465 15 18 4 115 3 3 150 322 7	38, 685 13, 100 4, 800 4, 700 1, 500 25, 192 6, 650 36, 448 53, 250 3, 925 2, 100 14, 225 9, 000 2, 100 2, 100 17, 550 9, 000 20, 866 11, 650 5, 900	27, 410 6, 450 2, 975 5, 175 3, 000 13, 353 2, 700 24, 085 42, 256 1, 402 3, 250 8, 895 7, 000 1, 300 8, 441 6, 000 10, 531 7, 710 3, 718	66, 095 19, 550 7, 775 9, 875 4, 500 38, 545 9, 350 60, 533 95, 506 5, 327 5, 350 23, 120 16, 000 34, 400 25, 991 15, 000 31, 397 19, 360 9, 618	25, 695 6, 201 4, 504 3, 935 1, 745 14, 910 3, 176 25, 126 36, 904 1, 339 11, 936 6, 728 1, 537 12, 181 5, 975 15, 591 18, 323 4, 352	188 90 111 24 222 163 63 265 1, 194 38 43 160 24 31 132 72 286 373 127	38 15 24 2 23 11 10 524 15 18 70 6 14 36 6 6 109 43	12 33 6 4 20	63 63 82 32 36 -14 55 360 2 114 	1, 521 519 742 640 377 1, 252 469 1, 369 1, 326 308 74 791 886 127 701 465 809 238 471	27, 507 6, 888 5, 363 4, 633 2, 144 16, 396 3, 733 26, 858 40, 808 3, 561 1, 488 13, 053 7, 708 1, 701 13, 065 6, 548 17, 026 9, 111 4, 993	5, 244 1, 323 899 950 296 3, 471 867 6, 135 7, 456 893 391 1, 387 351 2, 729 1, 287 3, 544 2, 300 996	568 181 140 120 63 407 38 639 513 23 117 119 8 151 143 302 227 59	8, 988 2, 102 2, 369 1, 275 568 4, 750 7, 334 12, 894 1, 175 359 4, 887 2, 506 4, 394 1, 896 7, 414 3, 027 1, 623	2, 145 714 343 399 229 1, 529 398 2, 049 2, 923 134 115 906 574 110 939 1, 185 738 264	2, 913 469 663 747 180 1,716 420 3, 113 5, 236 557 132 1, 680 1, 146 303 1, 638 862 1, 914 1, 211 679	19, 858 4, 789 4, 414 3, 491 1, 336 11, 873 2, 519 19, 270 22, 782 887 5, 732 1, 291 9, 851 4, 370 14, 359 7, 503 3, 621

Abstract of reports of earnings, expenses, and dividends of national banks for year ended June 30, 1924—Continued [In thousands of dollars]

							(ross earni	ngs					Expe	enses		
Cities, States, and Territories	Num- ber of banks	Capital	Surplus	Cupital and Surplus	Interest and dis- count	Ex- change and collec- tion charges	of foreign ex- change	insurance premiums	Trust de- part- ment prof- its	Other earn- ings	Total gross earnings	Salaries and wages	Inter- est and dis- count on bor- rowed money	Interest on deposits	Taxes	Other ex- penses	Total ex- penses paid
Iowa. Cedar Rapids. Des Moines. Dubuque. Sioux City. Missouri Kansas City. St. Joseph. St. Louis.	335 2 3 2 5 109 10 4 11	20, 367 1, 000 2, 700 700 1, 650 7, 167 7, 200 1, 100 27, 150	11, 102 700 1, 200 300 745 3, 550 3, 035 950 9, 400	31, 469 1, 700 3, 900 1, 000 2, 395 10, 717 10, 235 2, 050 36, 550	14, 820 973 1, 905 477 1, 567 4, 371 5, 807 1, 175 12, 455	142 11 13 3 38 24 78 21 275	3 56	3	10 33 6 4 97 10 40	585 43 91 22 109 97 443 40 701	15, 694 1, 060 2, 009 502 1, 720 4, 499 6, 428 1, 246 13, 527	3, 426 194 392 84 431 1, 071 1, 552 307 2, 750	745 58 91 90 141 267 18 402	6, 118 474 716 236 584 1, 241 1, 870 510 4, 132	1, 014 24 436 42 77 338 342 58 1, 181	1, 791 124 247 44 302 592 867 228 1, 411	13, 094 874 1, 882 406 1, 484 3, 383 4, 898 1, 121 9, 876
Total Middle Western States North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Lincoln Omaha Kansas Kansas City Topeka Wichita Montana Helena Wyoming Colorado Denver Pueblo New Mexico Oklahoma Muskogee Oklahoma City Tulsa	2, 200 165 1165 161 5 9 250 2 4 91 91 2 37 130 9 2 33 404 3 8	349, 675 6, 685 5, 255 8, 552 1, 725 6, 450 13, 582 900 2, 400 5, 510 3, 075 7, 140 5, 400 6, 3, 075 4, 950 4, 350 4, 350	216, 633 3, 247 2, 575 5, 003 833 3, 150 7, 306 1, 275 2, 336 1, 275 2, 415 4, 163 4, 184 1, 150 999 5, 033 295 1, 416 1, 41	566, 308 9, 932 7, 830 13, 555 2, 558 9, 600 9, 600 9, 600 11, 145 3, 675 7, 846 11, 303 9, 794 1, 750 3, 309 23, 233 1, 245 5, 445 6, 360	236, 932 5, 294 4, 982 6, 158 1, 080 5, 182 8, 783 553 1, 319 3, 685 3, 107 5, 703 5, 907 12, 679 2, 581 3, 312	3, 911 99 73 62 4 4 77 84 1 6 40 63 5 5 5 1 4 22 317 25 71 18	1,024 5 6 16 31 1 2 2 3 5 2 2 2 3 5	522 104 81 30 18 45 10 2	1, 134 11 2 2 12 5 16 18 113 39 9 3 3 34 1	15, 716 273 224 271 67 458 450 22 20 276 247 18 131 131 131 131 131 139 67 66 79 97 66 58 664 381 381	259, 239 5, 786 5, 368 6, 539 1, 151 5, 748 9, 348 9, 348 1, 640 373 3, 311 6, 103 7, 992 737 1, 957 13, 669 959 3, 350 3, 712	53, 007 1, 456 1, 229 1, 532 283 1, 293 2, 461 116 150 324 1, 015 90 775 1, 640 1, 246 119 487 3, 812 207 713 885	5, 630 256 227 257 56 425 251 14 72 180 52 243 96 118 464 27 34 135	84, 757 2, 663 2, 353 2, 289 362 1, 602 2, 465 153 167 498 1, 325 112 1, 168 1, 586 2, 796 212 563 3, 364 275 1, 145 1, 145	19, 388 345 269 328 60 314 947 60 39 146 29 215 586 92 137 1, 079 61 154 191	31, 185 805 712 794 167 848 1, 304 602 34 465 830 60 297 2, 430 156 519 641	193, 967 5, 525 4, 790 5, 200 9, 200 4, 482 7, 428 423 1, 344 3, 414 265 5, 273 483 1, 602 11, 149 726 2, 465 3, 100

Washington Seattle Spokane Oregon Portland California Los Angeles Oakland San Francisco Idaho Utah Ogden Salt Lake City Nevada Arizona Total Pacific States	100 8 4 93 4 250 9 2 4 70 13 3 4 11 19	8, 340 6, 000 2, 900 6, 420 6, 660 24, 578 15, 000 2, 000 18, 500 4, 720 850 1, 900 1, 460 1, 650	3, 742 2, 639 640 3, 203 2, 500 10, 508 6, 450 1, 390 16, 500 1, 937 342 250 910 649 875	12, 082 8, 639 3, 540 9, 623 9, 100 35, 086 21, 450 3, 390 35, 000 6, 657 1, 117 1, 100 2, 810 2, 525	6, 564 5, 347 1, 880 4, 498 4, 254 17, 375 12, 040 1, 599 3, 273 503 41, 57 1, 428 824 1, 524	145 324 64 80 168 241 79 6 115 41 3 6 29 14 74	11 50 6 2 50 31 104 77 2 7 3 3	18 2 64 3 3 3 3 11 2 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103	20 46 2 4 18 104 18 94	653 421 129 262 130 1,515 456 118 1,190 39 50 89 76 135	7, 411 6, 188 2, 081 4, 848 4, 620 19, 330 12, 679 1, 741 13, 463 3, 513 548 493 1, 546 932 1, 738	1, 771 1, 651 456 1, 272 1, 149 5, 354 2, 872 407 2, 459 947 120 119 368 189 583	161 14 81 101 34 558 131 89 644 201 9 1 16 6 1 34	1, 964 1, 560 1, 1560 1, 121 1, 332 4, 424 3, 915 400 4, 448 841 186 149 472 246 385	524 425 112 398 267 1,024 565 54 863 264 51 58 104 71 131	1, 104 960 337 672 603 2, 932 1, 681 219 1, 085 68 71 179 130 320 10, 926	5, 524 4, 610 1, 668 3, 564 3, 375 14, 292 9, 164 1, 169 9, 499 2, 818 434 398 1, 139 637 1, 453
Alaska (nonmember banks) The Territory of Hawaii (non- member banks)	3 2	150 600	85 570	235 1, 170	129 318	10 24	2	4		37. 22	176 370	48. 95		31 81	8 10	35 40	122
Total nonmember banks	- 5	750	655	1, 405	447	34	2	4		59	546	143		112	18	-75	348
Total United States, Alaska and Hawaii	8, 085	1, 334, 011	1, 080, 578	2, 414, 589	965, 876	15, 402	7, 222	994	5, 059	80, 006	1, 074, 559	210, 315	26, 537	338, 345	66, 348	124, 499	766, 044

Abstract of reports of earnings, expenses, and dividends of national banks for year ended June 30, 1924—Continued [In thousands of dollars]

				,											
			Total net	5.		Losses ch	narged off		•				Rai	tios	
Cities, States, and Territories	Net earn- ings during year	Recoveries on charged off assets	earn- ings and recov- eries on charged- off assets	On loans and dis- counts	On bonds, securi- ties, etc.	On trust depart- ment opera- tions	Other losses	On foreign ex- change	Total losses charged off	Net addition to profits	Divi- dends	Dividends to capital	Dividends to capital and surplus	Net addition to profits to capital and surplus	Net addition to profits to capital
Maine New Hampshire Vermont Massachusetts Boston Rhode Island Connecticut	1, 848 1, 059 828 6, 759 8, 303 1, 224 3, 808	142 143 65 641 3,103 42 380	1, 990 1, 202 893 7, 400 11, 406 1, 266 4, 188	188 177 75 1, 312 5, 042 215 673	412 69 76 664 1, 567 64 228	14 5 35	102 45 30 396 2, 559 31 268	31 27 15 64	733 332 181 2,392 9,232 310 1,219	1, 257 870 712 5, 008 2, 174 956 2, 969	719 568 519 2,877 5,188 635 1,887	Per cent 9, 89 10, 64 10, 26 10, 21 12, 99 10, 05 9, 29	Per cent 5. 66 5. 81 6. 66 5. 64 7. 23 5. 57 5. 19	Per cent 9, 90 8, 89 9, 14 9, 82 3, 03 8, 39 8, 16	Per cent 17, 29 16, 29 14, 07 17, 78 5, 44 15, 13 14, 62
Total New England States	23, 829	4, 516	28, 345	7, 682	3, 080	54	3, 431	152	14, 399	13, 946	12, 393	11. 02	6. 17	6. 95	12, 41
New York. Albany. Brooklyn and Bronx. Buffalo. New York. New Jersey. Pennsylvania. Pitladelphia. Pittsburgh Delaware. Maryland. Baltimore. Washington, D. C.	13, 772 1, 240 694 812 57, 026 10, 692 27, 229 10, 750 6, 045 355 1, 350 2, 761 1, 861	1, 783 104 247 52 3, 751 1, 490 428 424 36 134 174 139	15, 555 1, 344 941 864 60, 777 11, 477 28, 719 11, 178 6, 469 391 1, 484 2, 935 2, 000	2, 387 367 447 227 12, 804 1, 318 1, 831 2, 450 969 9 166 767 205	2, 261 198 139 142 5, 482 1, 364 2, 577 340 427 26 130 258 94	7 3	838 26 40 20 984 582 1,150 46 6 77 39 142	461 47 15 13 79 1	5, 553 591 626 389 19, 731 3, 318 5, 576 2, 963 1, 521 42 373 1, 088 456	10, 002 753 315 47, 046 8, 159 23, 143 8, 215 4, 948 349 1, 111 1, 847 1, 544	5, 656 445 264 438 31, 198 5, 032 11, 627 4, 972 3, 024 215 644 1, 526 1, 954	11. 21 14. 35 12. 57 14. 85 18. 73 13. 55 13. 98 17. 34 10. 59 12. 57 12. 38 13. 21 20. 51	6. 22 6. 59 6. 29 9. 22 7. 91 7. 14 5. 90 5. 56 5. 40 5. 90 5. 76 6. 97 12. 92	11. 00 11. 16 7. 50 10. 00 10. 41 11. 58 11. 93 9. 19 8. 83 9. 58 9. 58 9. 94 8. 44 10. 21	19. 82 24. 29 15. 00 16. 10 24. 60 21. 97 27. 84 28. 64 17. 33 20. 41 21. 35 15. 99 16. 21
Total Eastern States	134, 587	9, 547	144, 134	23, 947	13, 438	29	4, 110	703	42, 227	101, 907	66, 995	15. 56	6. 96	10. 59	23. 66
Virginia Richmond West Virginia North Carolina South Carolina Georgia Atlanta Florida	4, 169 1, 594 3, 153 2, 478 2, 155 1, 477 922 1, 726	226 44 87 159 218 162 55 96	4, 395 1, 638 3, 240 2, 637 2, 373 1, 639 977 1, 822	1,008 273 286 543 990 816 185 274	98 19 53 18 31 45 32 71	7 1 17 2	342 35 251 88 83 80 50 108	1 1 1 2	1, 464 327 591 650 1, 122 944 267 456	2, 931 1, 311 2, 649 1, 987 1, 251 695 710 1, 366	2, 556 743 1, 914 1, 335 894 975 992 1, 132	10. 76 11. 79 14. 58 9. 95 7. 53 9. 34 16. 67 15. 97	6. 23 5, 93 8. 09 6. 10 5. 00 5. 56 9. 45 11. 07	7. 15 10. 45 11. 20 9. 08 7. 00 3. 96 6. 76 13. 36	12. 34 20. 81 20. 18 14. 81 10. 53 6. 66 11. 93 19. 27

acksonville. Alabama Birmingham Mississippi Louisiana. New Orleans Texas. Dallas El Paso Fort Worth. Galveston. Houston. San Antonio. Waco. Arkansas Little Rock Kentucky Louisville Tennessee Memphis. Nashville. Total Southern States	782 2,256 892 894 895 8,438 1,883 266 894 245 1,351 701 405 1,424 86 2,739 1,506 2,031 240 85 46,911	54 115 110 142 120 159 1,847 174 15 65 35 32 223 166 67 99 2 2 144 389 102 37 31 31 5,883	836 2, 371 604 1, 034 1, 014 10, 285-5 280 1, 574 412 1, 523 883 1, 895 2, 133 2, 133 2, 133 2, 139 865	139 740 92 257 681 1816 5,991 350 184 504 29 827 437 476 476 477 397 476 55 259	26 44 1 1 4 7 7 192 166 4 4 37 147 17 14 2 9 4 158 74 1 1 14 1,117	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	38 91 4 137 42 317 689 689 61 47 222 61 99 316 82 100 118 467 36 87 37	1 2 21 5 5	206 875 97 401 731 453 6, 872 235 568 105 943 492 20 710 601 643 92 310 21, 264	630 1, 496 633 283 283 1, 630 46 391 175 631 375 631 375 324 949 68 2, 173 1, 294 1, 490 1, 490	1,073 1,073 577 687 687 560 4,038 1,098 412 227 843 51 1,619 1,844 1,427 140 140 227 140 227 140 228 26,500	10. 49 9. 27 15. 89 11. 46 11. 39 20. 00 9. 30 12. 00 2. 40 10. 43 2. 88 9. 16 8. 51 11. 07 11. 59 11. 76 11. 72 10. 00 16. 63 11. 06	7. 83 5. 91 8. 422 7. 23 7. 82 11. 67 5. 96 9. 37 1. 92 6. 54 6. 22 6. 24 8. 52 8. 11 5. 26 7. 70 9. 59 7. 78 6. 01 9. 57	17. 75 8, 24 17. 18 3, 22 10, 85 5, 04 13, 91 2, 45 6, 21 8, 14 5, 79 9, 13 7, 01 9, 45 14, 70 8, 12 7, 94 8, 12 7, 94 8, 19	23. 77 12. 92 32. 40 12. 57 4. 69 18. 61 7. 87 17. 81 3. 07 9. 90 10. 94 8. 30 7. 89 15. 80 13. 16 9. 71 15. 55 28. 76 12. 23 13. 21 14. 63
OhioCincinnati	7,649	709 370	8, 358 2, 469	1, 412 476	702	3 2	434 83	28 19	2,579	5, 779 1, 773	4, 091 2, 224	10. 58 16. 98	6. 19	8. 74 9. 07	14. 94 13. 53
Cleveland Columbus	949 1, 142	54 63	1,003 1,205	333 156	95 111		15 36	5	448 303	555 902	476 546	9. 92 11. 62	. 6. 12 5. 53	7. 14 9. 13	11. 56 19. 19
Toledo	808 4, 523	38 355	846 4, 878	269 1, 202	35 - 273		34 398	10	338 1,883	508 2, 995	285 2,537	19.00 10.07	6.33 6.58	11, 29 7, 77	33. 86 11. 89
Indianapolis	1, 214 7, 588	147 457	1,361 8,045	363 3, 555	41	30	60	20	464 4,706	897 3, 339	580 4, 203	8. 72 11. 53	6. 20 6. 94	9. 59 5. 52	13. 49 9. 16
Illinois	11, 786	2,657	14, 443	5, 009	594 731	30	507	20	5,816	- 8,627	6, 840	12.85	7. 16	9: 03	16. 20
Chicago, other reserve	779	29	808	65	66		67	5	203	605	290	7.39	5. 44	11.36	15. 41
Peoria	571 3, 072	10 231	581	140	11		19 227		170	411	306 1,723	14.57	5. 72 7. 45	7. 68 8. 83	19. 57 14. 36
Michigan Detroit	1,976	153	3, 303 2, 129	790 551	217 68	23	227	4	1, 261 639	2, 042 1, 490	1,000	12. 11 11. 11	6. 25	9. 31	16. 56
Grand Rapids	410	45	455	69	52		22	3	146	309	240	11.43	7.06	9.09	14. 71
Winconsin	3, 214	406	3,620	1,090	182	2	208	14	1, 496	2, 124	1,890	10.77	7. 27.	8. 17	12.10
Milwaukee	2, 178 2, 667	46	2, 224 3, 139	963	105	- 	14 159	12 6	993	1, 231 1, 175	823 1, 608	9. 14 7. 71	5. 49 5. 12	8. 21 3. 74	13. 68 5. 63
Minnesota	1,608	472 315	1, 923	1,694 1,250	105 56		74	, D	1, 964 1, 380	543	1,319	11. 32	6.81	2, 80	4.66
St. Paul	1,372	128	1,500	752	47		129		928	572	633	10. 73	6. 58	5. 95	9. 69
Iowa	2,600	547	3, 147	2,911	160	1	238	3	3, 313	1 166	1,476	7. 25	4.69	1.53	1.82
Cedar Rapids	186	50	236	168	22		6		196	40	90	9.00	5. 29	2. 35	4.00
Des Moines	127	124	251 96	256			· 20		276 32	1 25	316 72	11. 70 10. 29	8. 10 7. 20	1 . 64 6. 40	1 . 93 9. 14
Dubuque Sioux City	96 236	49	285	11 214	10 30		26		270	64 15	154	9. 33	6. 43	. 63	. 91
souri	1, 116	137	1. 253	728	56		112		896	357	789	11. 01	7. 36	3. 33	4. 98
Kansas City	1,530	402	1,932	1,341	22	627	24	2	2; 016	1 84	769	10.68	7. 51	1.82	1 1. 17
St. Joseph	125	59	184	227			36		263	1 79	90	8. 18	4. 39	1 3. 85	1 7. 18 9. 72
St. Louis	3,651	235	3,886	988	174		- 86		1, 248	2,638	3,766	13. 87	10.30	7. 22	
Total Middle Western States	65, 272	8, 288	73, 560	26, 983	3,980	690	3, 137	133	34, 923	38, 637	39, 136	11. 19	6. 91	6.82	11.05

Abstract of reports of earnings, expenses, and dividends of national banks for year ended June 30, 1924—Continued [In thousands of dollars]

			Total			Losses ch	arged off						Rat	ios	
Cities, States, and Territories	Net earn- ings during year	Recov- eries on charged- off assets	net earn- ings and recov- eries on charged- off assets	On loans and dis- counts	On bonds, securi- ties, etc.	On trust depart- ment opera- tions	Other losses	On foreign ex- change	Total losses charged off	Net addition to profits	Divi- dends	Dividends to capital	Dividends to capital and surplus	Net addition to profits to apital and surplus	Net addition to profits to capital
North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Lincoln Omaha Kansas Kansas City Topeka Wichita Montana Helena Wyoming Colorado Denver Pueblo New Mexico Oklahoma Muskogee Oklahoma City Tulsa	261 578 1, 339 1, 266 1, 920 134 156 628 108 636 1, 218 2, 719 254 355 2, 520 233 885 612	209 234 183 55 502 314 32 35 18 353 12 99 99 295 72 61 66 659 22 94	470 812 1,522 278 1,768 2,234 166 191 314 981 1,200 7,35 1,513 2,791 315 421 3,179 979	1, 088 902 1, 381 34 2, 208 1, 643 180 38 125 1, 457 609 1, 277 628 100 472 3, 231 212 526 1, 399	21 26 29 1 1 24 78 2 4 4 64 19 33 290 119 28 59 3 201 112	3 3 1 1	51 69 84 11 137 122 2 38 74 85 	1 2 2	1, 160 1, 002 1, 502 47 2, 369 1, 844 185 80 200 1, 608 716 1, 407 1, 218 232 252 742 21 742 1, 516	1 690 1 190 20 231 1 601 390 1 19 111 114 1 627 66 19 106 1,573 1,573 1 456 34 237 1 537	164 261 1, 059 184 538 1, 066 76 130 172 213 724 1, 025 170 98 8 757 120 348 138	Per cent 2.45 4.97, 12.38 10.67 8.34 7.85 9.50 14.44 7.17 5.72 11.11 6.93 10.14 18.98 28.33 4.24 4.16 12.63 8.00 2.79	Per cent 1. 65 3. 33 7. 81 7. 19 5. 60 5. 10 6. 50 11. 35 4. 68 4. 01 6. 45 3. 88 6. 41 10. 47 9. 71 2. 96 6. 39 6. 39 2. 17	Per cent 1 6.95 1 2.43 .15 9.03 16.26 1.87 1 1.62 9.69 3.10 1 7.99 8.52 .35 .94 16.06 4.74 11.11 11.96 2.73 4.355 18.44	Per cent 1 10. 32 13. 62 2. 23 13. 39 19. 32 2. 87 12. 33 4. 75 11. 38 14. 67 62 81 13. 83 15. 89 12. 51 13. 58 5. 55 55 110. 85
Total Western States	16, 341	3, 682	20, 023	17, 564	1, 013	8	1, 699	11%	20, 295	1 272	7, 608	7. 66	5. 18	1.19	1.27
Washington Seattle Spokane Oregon Portland California Los Angeles Oakland	1, 887 1, 578 413 1, 284 1, 245 5, 038 3, 515 572	257 189 130 161 240 624 481 61	2, 144 1, 767 543 1, 445 1, 485 5, 662 3, 996 633	1,350 346 387 805 487 1,993 1,182 276	154 147 24 54 148 380 53	35	278 272 57 102 130 464 265 32	124 1 1 7 8	1, 907 765 469 962 772 2, 880 1, 500 314	237 1,002 74 483 713 2,782 2,496 319	960 827 260 523 580 2,448 2,637 230	11. 51 13. 78 8. 97 8. 15 8. 79 9. 96 17. 58 11. 50	7. 95 9. 57 7. 34 5. 43 6. 37 6. 98 12. 29 6. 78	1, 96 11, 60 2, 09 5, 02 7, 84 7, 93 11, 64 9, 41	2. 84 16. 70 2. 55 7. 52 10. 80 11. 32 16. 64 15. 95

San Francisco Idaho Utah Ogden Salt Lake City Nevada Arizona	3, 954 695 114 95 407 295	756 333 10 6 18 14 95	4,710 1,028 124 101 425 309 380	568 901 72 54 715 117 421	4 4 11		2	263	1, 831 1, 123 94 60 832 173 495	2, 879 1 95 30 41 1 407 136 1 115	1, 930 160 54 50 105 135 56	10. 43 3. 39 6. 97 5. 88 5. 53 9. 25 3. 39	5. 51 2. 40 4. 83 4. 55 3. 74 6. 40 2. 22	8. 23 1 1. 43 2. 69 3. 73 1 14. 48 6. 45 1 4. 55	15. 56 1 2. 01 3. 87 4. 82 1 21. 42 9. 32 1 6. 97
Total Pacific States	21, 377	3,375	24, 752	9, 674	2, 010	36	2, 052	405	14, 177	10, 575	10, 955	10.77	7. 10	6. 86	10. 40
Alaska (nonmember banks) The Territory of Hawaii (nonmem-	54	4	.58	9			1		10	48	36	24. 00	15. 31	20. 43	32.00
ber banks)	144	, 	144		4		. 5		. 9	135	60	10.00	5. 13	11. 54	22. 50
Total nonmember banks	. 198	4	202	9	. 4		6		19	183	96	12.80	6. 83	13. 02	24. 40
Total United States, Alaska, and Hawaii	308, 515	34, 495	343, 010	102, 814	24, 642	855	17, 543	1, 450	147, 304	195, 706	163, 683	12. 27	6. 78	8. 11	14. 67

¹ Deficit.

Earnings, expenses, and dividends of national banks by Federal reserve districts, year ended June 30, 1924

[In thousands of dollars]

	District No. 1 (385 banks)	District No. 2 (696 banks)	District No. 3 (660 banks)	District No. 4 (753 banks)	District No. 5 (559 banks)	District No. 6 (385 banks)	District No. 7 (1,058 banks)	District No. 8 (497 banks)	District No 9 (794 banks)	District No. 10 (1,054 banks)	District No. 11 (651 banks)	District No 12 (588 banks)	Non- member banks (5 banks)	Grand total (8,085 banks)
Capital Surplus Capital and surplus	108, 881 85, 037 193, 918	257, 106 302, 093 559, 199	96, 307 148, 192 244, 499	127, 825 115, 240 243, 065	93, 086 69, 037 162, 123	63, 030 37, 895 100, 925	182, 092 119, 883 301, 975	70, 659 34, 001 104, 660	63, 536 34, 397 97, 933	88, 264 43, 092 131, 356	81, 257 39, 046 120, 303	101, 218 52, 010 153, 228	750 655 1, 405	1,334,011 1, 080, 578 2, 414, 589
Gross earnings: Interest and discount Domestic exchange and collection charges Profits of foreign exchange department Commissions and earnings from insurance premiums and the negotiation of real	72, 536 454 620	212, 653 2, 997 4, 212	83, 978 515 486	93, 350 605 425	59, 957 1, 026 65	40, 015 1, 378 41	125, 265 2, 194 712	42, 798 759 60	48, 270 1, 106 185	66, 144 . 951 . 62	47, 548 2, 053 12	72, 915 1, 330 340	447 34 2	965, 876 15, 402 7, 222
estate loans. Trust department profits. Other earnings	460 6, 764	7 2, 174 24, 149	213 6, 073	6 298 8, 183	9 276 4, 025	20 89 3, 038	197 629 8, 246	23 97 2, 133	544 111 2, 535	63 324 6, 225	13 82 3, 141	103 306 5, 435	4 59	994 5, 059 80, 006
Total	80, 837	246, 192	91, 267	102, 867	65, 358	44, 581	137, 243	45, 870	52, 751	73, 769	52, 849	80, 429	546	1, 074, 559
Expenses paid: Salaries and wages Interest and discount on borrowed money. Interest on deposits. Taxes Other expenses.	14, 348 1, 588 28, 947 4, 038 8, 906	41, 906 4, 020 81, 155 12, 303 24, 924	15, 123 2, 202 28, 146 4, 414 9, 156	18, 028 2, 004 35, 075 6, 727 10, 971	12, 385 3, 238 19, 072 4, 379 7, 126	9, 390 1, 817 12, 400 3, 397 5, 359	27, 993 2, 778 43, 641 10, 052 17, 228	9, 527 1, 651 13, 228 3, 493 5, 170	11, 873 1, 286 20, 637 3, 603 6, 718	17, 675 2, 367 21, 688 5, 042 10, 635	12, 449 1, 520 12, 312 4, 028 7, 415	19, 475 2, 066 21, 932 4, 854 10, 816	143 112 18 75	210, 315 26, 537 338, 345 66, 348 124, 499
Total	57, 827	164, 308	59, 041	72, 805	46, 200	32, 363	101, 692	33, 069	44, 117	57, 407	37, 724	59, 1 43	348	766, 04
Net earnings during year Recoveries on charged-off assets	23, 010 4, 382	81, 884 6, 669	32, 226 1, 655	30, 062 2, 246	19, 158 1, 176	12, 218 1, 013	35, 551 4, 935	12, 801 1, 176	8, 634 1, 877	16, 362 3, 285	15, 125 2, 724	21, 286 3, 353	198 4	308, 515 34, 495
Total	27, 392	88, 553	33, 881	32, 308	20, 334	13, 231	40, 486	13, 977	10, 511	19, 647	17, 849	24, 639	202	343, 010
Losses charged off: On loans and discounts. On bonds, securities, etc. On trust department operations. Other losses. On foreign exchange.	7, 478 2, 936 54 3, 414 150	17, 354 9, 389 15 2, 408 562	3, 882 2, 301 3 997 26	4, 734 2, 525 6 1, 142 145	4, 198 697 35 1, 047 40	3, 608 310 8 923 11	15, 553 2, 096 54 1, 518 56	4, 064 717 3 719 31	7,750 407 4 666 14	14, 981 902 632 1, 522	9, 636 348 5 1, 141	9, 567 2, 010 36 2, 040 405	9 4	102, 814 24, 642 855 17, 543 1, 450
Total	14, 032	29, 728	7, 209	8, 552	6, 017	4, 860	19, 277	5, 534	8, 841	18, 046	11, 131	14, 058	19	147, 304

Net addition to profits from operations during year. Total dividends declared since June 30, 1923	13, 360	58, 825	26, 672	23, 756	14, 317-	8, 371	21, 209	8, 443	1, 670	1, 601	6, 718	10, 581	183	195, 706
	12, 073	41, 871	14, 188	15, 861	11, 388	8, 041	20, 019	8, 955	5, 151	7, 768	7, 325	10, 947	96	163, 683
Ratio: Dividends to capitalper cent Dividends to capital and surplusdo Net addition to profits, to capital, and surplusper cent	11. 09	16. 29	14. 73	12. 41	12. 23	12. 76	10. 99	12. 67	8. 11	8. 80	9. 01	10. 82	12: 80	12. 27
	6. 23	7. 49	5. 80	6. 53	7. 02	7. 97	6. 63	8, 56	5. 26	5. 91	6. 09	7. 14	6: 83	6. 78
	6. 89	10. 52	10. 91	9. 77	8. 83	8. 29	7. 02	8, 07	1. 71	1. 22	5. 58	6. 91	13: 02	8. 11

National-bank investments in United States Government securities and other bonds and securities, etc., loans and discounts (including rediscounts), and losses charged off on account of bonds and securities, etc., and loans and discounts, years ended June 30, 1918 to 1924, inclusive

[In thousands of dollars]

Year ended June 30	United States Govern- ment securities	Other bonds and securities	Total bonds and securities, etc.	Loans and discounts including rediscounts	Losses charged off on loans and dis- counts	Losses charged off on bonds and se- curities, etc.	Percentage of losses charged off on account loans and discounts to total loans and discounts	Percentage of losses charged off on bonds and securities to total bonds and securities
1918.	2, 129, 283	1, 840, 487	3, 969, 770	10, 135, 842	33, 964	44, 350	0. 34	1. 12
1919.	3, 176, 314	1, 875, 609	5, 051, 923	11, 010, 206	35, 440	27, 819	. 32	. 55
1920.	2, 269, 575	1, 916, 890	4, 186, 465	13, 611, 416	31, 284	61, 790	. 23	k 48
1921.	2, 019, 497	2, 005, 584	4, 025, 081	12, 004, 515	76, 210	76, 179	. 63	1. 89
1922.	2, 285, 459	2, 277, 866	4, 563, 325	11, 248, 214	135, 208	33, 444	1. 20	. 73
1923.	2, 693, 846	2, 375, 857	5, 069, 703	11, 817, 671	120, 438	21, 890	1. 02	. 43
1924.	2, 481, 778	2, 660, 550	5, 142, 328	11, 978, 728	102, 814	24, 642	. 86	. 48

Number of national banks, capital, surplus, dividends, net addition to profits, and ratios, years ended June 30, 1914 to 1924

						P	ercentag	es
Year ended June 30	Num- ber of banks	Capital	Surplus	Dividends	Net addition to profits	Dividends to capital	Dividends to capital and surplus	Net addi- tion to profits to cap- ital and surplus
1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924	7, 453 7, 560 7, 571 7, 589 7, 691 7, 762 8, 019 8, 147 8, 246 8, 238 8, 085	\$1, 063, 978, 175 1, 088, 577, 080 1, 066, 208, 875 1, 081, 670, 000 1, 098, 264, 000 1, 115, 597, 000 1, 221, 453, 000 1, 273, 237, 000 1, 307, 199, 000 1, 334, 011, 000	\$714, 117, 131 726, 620, 202 731, 820, 365 765, 918, 000 869, 457, 000 984, 977, 000 1, 026, 270, 000 1, 049, 228, 000 1, 070, 600, 000 1, 080, 578, 000	\$120, 947, 096 113, 707, 065 114, 724, 594 125, 538, 000 129, 778, 000 135, 588, 000 147, 793, 000 158, 158, 000 165, 884, 000 179, 176, 000 163, 683, 000	\$149, 270, 171 127, 094, 709 157, 543, 547 194, 321, 000 212, 332, 000 240, 366, 000 282, 083, 000 216, 106, 000 183, 670, 000 203, 488, 000 195, 706, 000	11. 37 10. 63 10. 76 11. 61 11. 82 12. 15 12. 10 12. 42 12. 69 13. 48 12. 27	6. 80 6. 33 6. 38 6. 79 6. 78 6. 83 6. 70 6. 88 7. 04 7. 47 6. 78	8. 39 7. 08 8. 76 10. 52 11. 09 12, 11 12. 78 9. 40 7. 79 8. 48 8. 11

RELATION OF CAPITAL OF NATIONAL BANKS TO DEPOSITS, ETC.

The proportion of capital of national banks at the date of each report following the midsummer report since 1918, to individual deposits, to loans, and discounts, and to aggregate resources; of capital, surplus, and profits to individual deposits, and of cash on hand and amounts due from Federal reserve banks to individual deposits, is shown in the statement following:

Items	Aug. 31,	Sept. 12,	Sept. 8,	Sept. 6,	Sept. 15,	Sept. 14,	Oct.10,
	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924
Capital to individual deposits	1. 00- 9. 18 1. 00-16. 92 1. 00- 4. 47	1. 00– 10. 13 1. 00–19. 38 1. 00– 5. 07	1. 00- 10. 99 1. 00- 18. 57 1. 00- 4. 90	1. 00- 9. 15 1. 00-15. 45 1. 00- 4. 23	1. 00- 8. 60 1. 00- 16. 01 1. 00- 4. 65	\$1. 00-\$10. 65 1. 00- 8. 96 1. 00- 16. 30 1. 00- 4. 86 1. 00- 7. 12	1. 00- 9, 16 1. 00- 17, 50 1. 00- 5, 15

NATIONAL BANKS CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO CAPITAL STOCK

On December 31, 1923, the combined capital of 8,184 reporting banks was \$1,325,825,000; aggregate resources were \$22,406,128,000; loans and discounts, \$11,876,562,000; and total deposits, \$17,828,861,000.

Of the total number of banks on this date, 2,080 having capital stock paid in of \$25,000 or less, had paid-in capital of \$52,098,000, aggregate resources of \$760,866,000, loans and discounts of

\$411,466,000, and total deposits of \$612,085,000.

The number of banks having capital over \$25,000 but not over \$50,000 was 2,419, with capital of \$114,149,000, aggregate resources of \$1,700,132,000, loans and discounts of \$901,051,000, and total deposits

of \$1,351,593,000.

The number of banks with capital in excess of \$50,000 but not over \$200,000 was 2,821, and the paid-in capital of this class of banks was \$330,034,000; total resources, \$4,966,403,000; loans and discounts, \$2,606,593,000; and total deposits, \$3,923,327,000. The number of banks in this class represents the largest proportion of reporting banks, and includes 81 central reserve and reserve city banks and 2,740 country banks.

Of the 560 banks having capital in excess of \$200,000 but not over \$500,000, 5 were in New York City, 120 in other reserve cities, and 435 were country banks. The paid-in capital of these banks was \$201,419,000; aggregate resources, \$3,130,614,000; loans and dis-

counts, \$1,698,934,000 and total deposits, \$2,464,847,000.

There were 183 banks with paid-in capital in excess of \$500,000, but not over \$1,000,000, of which 102 were in central and other reserve cities and 81 were country banks. The capital of these banks was \$159,125,000, aggregate resources \$2,454,375,000, loans and discounts \$1,399,190,000, and total deposits \$1,956,064,000.

Eighty-three of the 100 banks having capital in excess of \$1,000,000 but not over \$5,000,000 were in central reserve and reserve cities, and the remainder were country banks. The capital of these banks was \$220,000,000, total resources \$4,420,332,000, loans and discounts

\$2,372,548,000 and total deposits, \$3,580,728,000.

Twenty-one banks had capital in excess of \$5,000,000, nine of which were in the central reserve cities of New York and Chicago and the remainder in other reserve cities. The combined capital of these banks was \$249,000,000 aggregate resources \$4,973,406,000, loans and discounts \$2,486,780,000, and total deposits \$3,940,217,000.

A summary of the classification of national banks according to capital stock, with related data, follows, and statements showing the number of banks in each class, in reserve cities and States, with loans and discounts, resources capital and deposits, are published in the appendix of the report of the Comptroller of the Currency.

National banks classified according to capital stock December 31, 1923

	Number of banks	Loans and discounts	Aggregate resources	Capital	Total deposits
Capital of \$25,000	2, 080	\$411, 466, 000	\$760, 866, 000	\$52, 098, 000	\$612, 085, 000
	2, 419	901, 051, 000	1,700, 132, 000	114, 149, 000	1, 351, 593, 000
	2, 821	2, 606, 593, 000	4, 966, 403, 000	330, 034, 000	3, 923, 327, 000
Capital over \$200,000 but not over \$500,000. Capital over \$500,000 but not over \$1,000,000. Capital over \$1,000,000 but not	560	1, 698, 934, 000	3, 130, 614, 000	201, 419, 000	2, 464, 847, 000
	183	1, 399, 190, 000	2, 454, 375, 000	159, 125, 000	1, 956, 064, 000
over \$5,000,000	100	2, 372, 548, 000	4, 420, 332, 000	220, 000, 000	3, 580, 728, 000
	21	2, 486, 780, 000	4, 973, 406, 000	249, 000, 000	3, 940, 217, 000
	8, 184	11, 876, 562, 000	22, 406, 128, 000	1, 325, 825, 000	17, 828, 861, 000

PER CENT RATIO OF PRINCIPAL ITEMS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF NATIONAL BANKS TO AGGREGATE ASSETS

The percentage of loans and discounts, United States Government securities, capital, surplus and profits, and individual deposits, to aggregate resources, at the date of each call following the midsummer call for reports of condition, in years 1916 to 1924 inclusive, is shown in the following statement:

. Items	1916	1917	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924
Loans and discounts, including rediscounts	55. 2	55. 4	54. 2	52. 3	59. 2	59. 2	53. 7	55. 0	52. 3
securities	5.0	6.9	13. 2	14. 9	9.4	9. 4	11. 5	12.0	11.1
Total	60. 2	62. 3	67. 4	67. 2	68. 6	68. 6	65. 2	67. 0	63. 4
Capital Surplus and profits Deposits (individual)	7. 4 7. 4 56. 5	6. 5 6. 8 58. 4	5. 9 6. 5 55. 6	5. 2 6. 2 57. 4	5. 4 6. 6 58. 7	6. 5 7. 9 61. 0	6. 2 7. 6 64. 2	6. 1; 7. 3 65. 4	5. 7 7. 0 65. 4
Total	71. 3	71. 7	68. 0	68. 8	70. 7	75. 4	78. 0	78.8	78. I

NATIONAL BANK EXAMINERS

The following is a list of the examiners in the service on October 31, 1924:

CHIEF NATIONAL BANK EXAMINER

Pole, J. W., Office Comptroller of Currency, Washington, D. C.

Assistant Chief National Bank Examiners

Office of Comptroller of Currency, Washington, D. C.

Stearns, E. Willey 1, 2, 3, and 4. Proctor, John L 8 and	ts d
	10.
McBryde, W. W	12.

DISTRICT CHIEF NATIONAL BANK EXAMINERS

Federa reserve district No.	Name	Address
1	Bean, Norwin S	Federal Reserve Bank Building, Boston,
2 3	Reeves, Owen T., jr Newnham, Stephen L	Mass. 720 U. S. Customhouse, New York, N. Y. 1414 Jefferson Building, Philadelphia, Pa.
4	Thomas, Thomas C	715 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Cleve- land, Ohio.
5	Rorebeck, E. F	711 National Metropolitan Bank Building, Washington, D. C.
6	Robb, Ellis D	504 Post Öffice Building, Atlanta, Ga.
7	Sims, Howard M	1203 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Chicago, Ill.
8	Wood, John S	1310 Federal Reserve Bank Building, St. Louis, Mo.
9	Patterson, B. K	1334 First National Soo Line Building, Minneapolis, Minn.
10	Roberts, L. K	800 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Kansas City, Mo.
11	Collier, Richard H	312 Magnolia Building, Dallas, Tex.
12	Harris, Thomas E	1103 Alexander Building, San Francisco, Calif.

NATIONAL BANK EXAMINERS

Federal reserve district No.	Name	Address
3 10 7 2	Allanson, Edward A Allen, Edgar F. (JG) Allsup, A. S Alvey, John C	316 South Seventh Avenue, Clinton, Okla. 1123 North Main Street, Decatur, Ill.
5	Amrhein, Joseph A	
$\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 12 \end{matrix}$	Anderson, E. FAnheier, C. H	720 Bell Building, Montgomery, Ala. 436-437 H. W. Hellman Building, Los Angeles, Calif.
. 10 5	Armstrong, George E Ashwood, Cecil	1226 Downing Street, Denver, Colo. 711 National Metropolitan Bank Building, Washington, D. C.
3	Baker, William B Baldridge, William H	1414 Jefferson Building, Philadelphia, Pa. 1334 First National Soo Line Building, Min- neapolis, Minn.
$\begin{matrix} 3\\11\\6\\ \end{matrix}$	Barrett, John W Bartee, James S Basham, A. A Best, John A. (R) Bina, J. C	1414 Ĵefferson Building, Philadelphia, Pa. Post-office box 222, Brownwood, Tex. Post-office box 940, Knoxville, Tenn.
7 9 3 10 10	Bly, J. Garver Boldin, Bernard E Boyson, Alfred Brennan, F. P. (JG) Brown, Samuel H	[, = 11], = 11=1
9	Bryan, Charles A	1334 First National Soo Line Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

Federal reserve district No.	Name	Address
10 1	Campbell, George H Carolan, William B	296 Post Office Building, Salina, Kans. Federal Reserve Bank Building, Boston,
	Carter, Aubrey B. (U)	Mass. Room 214, Treasury Department, Wash-
5	Carson, Thomas D	ington, D. C. 510 Virginia Railway and Power Building, Richmond, Va.
10	Chambers, A. R	800 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Kansas City, Mo.
10	Chapman, Charles H Chapman, Edward L	1414 J. Herbert Building, Philadelphia, Pa. 800 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Kansas City, Mo.
11	Chapman, F. A. (R)	Care of State National Bank, Albuquerque, N. Mex.
12	Chase, H. Guy Chorpening, Ira I	Secretary to Comptroller, Washington, D. C. 436-437 H. W. Hellman Building, Los Angeles, Calif.
5 1 12 4	Cloe, William B	Post-office box 1185, Huntington, W. Va. 71 College Street, New Haven, Conn. 403 Empire State Building, Spokane, Wash. 715 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Cleve- land, Ohio.
8 7 1. 6 7 12	Conner, Joseph H Cooney, Dan H Cooper, T. A Cottingham, T. J Craig, Claude O Crawley, William C	214 Federal Building, Evansville, Ind. 208 Oak Street, Wisconsin Rapids, Wis. 40 Chapel Street, Augusta, Me. 823 Age-Herald Building, Birmingham, Ala. 216 Federal Building, Des Moines, Iowa. 1103 Alexander Building, San Francisco,
$\begin{array}{c} 4\\11\\2\end{array}$	Crossen, Gail W Cowan, David (R) Culver, William A	Calif. Post-office box 463, Columbus, Ohio. First National Bank, Mountainair, N. Mex. 720 United States Customhouse, New York, N. Y.
	Cutts, Arthur D	Office of Comptroller of Currency, Washington, D. C.
5	Cutts, Leo M	Ward 36, Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C.
5 3 2 1	Dalton, John W	Post-office box 958, Charlotte, N. C. 1414 Jefferson Building, Philadelphia, Pa. Do. 443 East Thirty-ninth Street, Paterson, N. J. Federal Reserve Bank Building, Boston,
9	Dwyer, Thomas R	Mass. 1334 First National Soo Line Building, Min-
8 10 11	Dye, Samuel W Ebnother, C. W Embry, Jacob	neapolis, Minn. 206 North Springer Street, Carbondale, Ill. Post-office box 1546, Muskogee, Okla. Care of branch Federal Reserve Bank,
6 12 4 10 9	Evans, Clyde J	1107 A. Mattei Building, Fresno, Calif. Post-office box 506, Richmond, Ky. 321 North First Street, Guthrie, Ökla. 1334 First National Soo Line Building, Minneapolis, Minn.
6 5 10	Fletcher, Thomas E Folger, William P Fredlund, J. O. (JG)	Cordele, Ga. 711 National Metropolitan Bank Building, Washington, D. C. 800 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Kansas
		City, Mo.

Federal reserve district No.	Name	Address
1	Freeman, Otis M	Federal Reserve Bank Building, Boston, Mass.
2	Funsten, James B	720 United States Customhouse, New York, N. Y.
·7 4	Funsten, William P Furbee, Ernest M Garrett, Robert D	Box 425, Evanston, Ill. Post-office box 1058, Pittsburgh, Pa. Care of Insolvent Division, Office of Comptroller of Currency Washington, D. C.
11 12	Gilbert, H. BGlazier, Charles A	troller of Currency, Washington, D. C. Post-office box 1306, Wichita Falls, Tex. 205 McCormick Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.
9	Goodhart, R. W. (R)	Care of Merchants National Bank, Crookston, Minn.
. 4	Graham, H. A	509 National Bank Building, Wheeling, W. Va.
12 1	Gray, W. M Greene, Thomas M	406 Customhouse, Portland, Oreg. Federal Reserve Bank Building, Boston, Mass.
7 10	Greenfield, James B Griffey, O. A	201 Federal Building, Peoria, Ill. 800 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Kansas City, Mo.
2	Griffin, Roy H	720 United States Customhouse, New York, N. Y.
4 10 7 4 2 3 7 11 2	Griswold, William C	Post-office box 1058, Pittsburgh, Pa. Room 2, King Building, Norfolk, Nebr. 213 Federal Building, Des Moines, Iowa. Post-office box 151, Lima, Ohio. 108 Chestnut Street, Albany, N. Y. 1414 Jefferson Building, Philadelphia, Par Post-office box 251, Ottumwa, Iowa. 332 Post Office Building, Amarillo, Tex. 846 Westfield Avenue, Elizabeth, N. J. Care of War Finance Corporation, Southern Building, Washington, D. C.
12 10 7 9 1	Hofmayer, W. F	918 Franklin Street, Watertown, N. Y. Post-office box 360, Pocatello, Idaho. Post-office box 606, Norman, Okla. 609 Spencer Avenue, Marion, Ind. Care of First National Bank, Bisbee, N. Dak.
11 12 9 7	Hutt, William E	Sherman, Tex. 2610 F Street, Sacramento, Calif. First National Bank, Lidgerwood, N. Dak. 1203 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Chicago, Ill.
7	Johnson, Robin M. (R) Joseph, Edward M	First National Bank, Hearne, Tex. Keegan apartment, 11½ West Madison Street, Danville, Ill.
. 8	Kane, W. W., jr	1310 Federal Reserve Bank Building, St. Louis, Mo.
. 9	Kelly, Burdette (R)	Care of Citizens National Bank, Sisseton, S. Dak.
1 10 3	Kennedy, L. G Ketner, John H	Post-office box 244, Williamsport, Pa.
. 7 2	King, Frank L. (JG) Klein, Benton	1203 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Chicago, Ill.

Federal reserve district No.	Name	Address
	Knight, Marvin J. (JG)	Atlanta Agency, War Finance Corporation,
11 10	Lamb, Ernest Lahman, H. S	Atlanta, Ga. 3618 Stuart Street, Greenville, Tex. 800 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Kansas
12 6	Lamm, R. FosterLammond, W. M.	City, Mo. Room 326 Yates Building, Boise, Idaho. 120 United States Customhouse, New Or-
4	Lanum, H. L.	leans, La. 715 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Cleve-
5 7	La Roque, O. K Leyburn, A. P	land, Ohio. War Finance Corporation, Marion, S. C. 1203 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Chi-
9 12	Lifsey, William PLogan, J. M	cago, III. 205 Minnehaha Building, Sioux Falls, S. Dak. 436-437 H. W. Hellman Building, Los
11 10	Longmoor, S. A Lorang, Peter J	Angeles, Calif. 312 Magnolia Building, Dallas, Tex. 800 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Kansas
. 1	Luiken, John B	City, Mo. Apartment 18, 250 North Main Street, Con-
. 2	Lyon, H. S	cord, N. H. 720 United States Customhouse, New York, N. Y.
9	Lytle, Frank S	1334 First National Soo Line Building, Minneapolis, Minn.
10	McCandless, George T	800 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Kansas City, Mo.
• 11 • 3 7 9	McCans, Alex. B McConaughy, R. C McCreight, Harry A McGarvey, Frank S	312 Magnolia Building, Dallas, Tex. 1414 Jefferson Building, Philadelphia, Pa. 716 West Williams Street, Decatur, Ill. Commercial National Bank, Great Falls, Mont.
.7 4	McGrath, John C McKee, Joel S	Post-office box 592, Indianapolis, Ind. 733 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Cleve- land, Ohio.
$\begin{array}{c} 12 \\ 2 \end{array}$	McLean, Charles H. (JG)_ Macdonald, F. G	310 Central Building, Seattle, Wash. 720 United States Customhouse, New York,
9	Madland, L. L	N. Y. 1334 First National Soo Line Building, Minneapolis, Minn.
• 2	Maguire, Edward J	720 United States Customhouse, New York, N. Y.
2 8	Maloney, W. W. 3d Mann, Stuart H	1829 South Salina Street, Syracuse, N. Y. 1310 Federal Reserve Bank Building, St. Louis, Mo.
$egin{array}{c} 11 \ 2 \end{array}$	Mansfield, Fred S Marcuse, Benjamin,	Post-office box 1067, Fort Worth, Tex. 560 West One hundred and forty-fourth
12	Martin, Leo H	street, New York, N. Y. 1103 Alexander Building, San Francisco, Calif.
$\frac{2}{12}$	Matson, Robert H Maxey, Charles T	108 Chestnut Street, Albany, N. Y. 436-437 H. W. Hellman Building, Los Angeles, Calif.
2	Mertens, Charles R	720 United States Customhouse, New York, N. Y.
5	Miles, Albert F. (JG)	War Finance Corporation, post-office box 927, Wilmington, N. C.
6 7 5	Millard, S. T	Post-office box 822, Nashville, Tenn, 335 Federal Building, Rock Island, Ill.

Federal reserve district No.	Name	Address
5 8 10	Moore, S. A	Post-office box 1162, Columbia S. C. 205 Federal Building, Louisville, Ky. 800 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Kansas City, Mo.
1 9	Murphy, D. F Nelson, Nels, (JG)	Brock House, Rutland, Vt. 1334 First National Soo Line Building, Min- neapolis, Minn.
10 6 10 12 1	Noone, D. L	224 Federal Building, Salina, Kans. Post-office box 1175, Lakeland, Fla. Post-office box 91, Hastings, Nebr. 406 Customhouse, Portland, Oreg. Federal Reserve Bank Building, Boston, Mass.
	Pearson, Herbert (R)	First National Bank of Hayward, Hayward, Wis.
8 10 7 4	Peightel, J. C	724 East Grand Avenue, Springfield, Mo. Lock box 462, Coffeyville, Kans. 110 North Adams Avenue, Mason City, Ia. 715 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Cleve-
9 10	Power, R. E Preussner, Don A	land, Ohio. 62 South Dale Street, St. Paul, Minn. 800 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Kansas City, Mo.
5	Ramsdell, Paul C	711 National Metropolitan Bank Building, Washington, D. C.
2	Rasmussen, Frank E	720 United States Customhouse, New York, N. Y.
10	Reinholdt, Carl A Riley, Jay M	St. Regis apartment, 4954 Lindell Boulevard, St. Louis, Mo. 800 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Kansas
7	Robinson, E. Robert	City, Mo.
11	Roots, J. O	Mich.
8 7	Sailor, Vance L Sanders, J. L	130 West Adams Street, Kirkwood, Mo. 1203 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Chi-
$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$	Sandlin, W. A Sawyer, L. M. jr	cago, Ill. 312 Magnolia Building, Dallas Tex. 436–437 H. W. Hollman Building, Los Angeles, Calif.
7	Schecter, William J. Schotzhauer, H. A. (R) Schofield, John W. (U)	1812 Burns Avenue, Detroit, Mich. First National Bank, Minnesota Lake, Minn. 1539 Hayworth Avenue, Hollywood, Calif.
11 9 9	Sellers, W B. Sevison, Henry (JG) Sheehan, W. F	519 Bedell Building, San Antonio, Tex. 17 Magill Block, Fargo, N. Dak. Do.
4 3 9	Shively, Edward F Sisk, Carl M Smith, A. B	985 Manhattan Avenue, Dayton, Ohio. 539 Elm Street, Reading, Pa. 3000 James Avenue South, Minneapolis, Minn.
3 4 9 10 2	Smith, Clarence F Smith, George F Smith, George H Smith, John H. (R) Smith, Roy E. (R) Smouse, Murray C	War Finance Corporation, Atlanta, Ga. Post office box 981, Harrisburg, Pa. Post-office box 336, West Newton, Pa. Weiser, Idaho. First National Bank, Sterling, Colo. 720 United States Customhouse, New York,
5	Snapp, John W	N. Y. 710 National Metropolitan Bank Building Washington, D. C.
3	Snyder, Vernon G	Post-office box 231, Sunbury, Pa.

Federal reserve district No.	Name	Address
	Stewart, Adelia M	Office Comptroller of Currency, Washington, D. C.
. 5	Stewart, Charles A Stobie, C. A	Post-office box 63, East Falls Church, Va. Post office box 313, Honolulu, T. H.
9	Storing, Charles C. (R)	Lock box 450, Mandan, N. Dak.
7	Stuart, Robert K	Post-office box 96, Spencer, Ia.
10 4	Sullenberger, Sam F Swenson, Loren T	800 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Kansas City, Mo. 715 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Cleve-
*	Swenson, Doren 1	land, Ohio.
9	Swords, George W. (R)	1334 First National Soo Line Building, Minneapolis, Minn.
. 9	Telyea, N. A	Care of Paul Keyes, Federal Building, Aberdeen, S. Dak.
2	Thompson, K. W	Apartment 5-CN. 2134 Aqueduct Avenue, New York, N. Y.
11	Thorn, Leslie D	Post office box 1223, Shreveport, La.
4 5	Tripp, Homer S Tucker, G. H	509 Post Office Building, Pittsburgh, Pa. Post-office box, 332, Raleigh, N. C.
6	Vann, John R. (JG) (R)	First National Bank, Colquitt, Ga.
12	Waldron, Walter J	1103 Alexander Building, San Francisco, Calif.
. 7	Walker, Harry W	1203 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Chicago, Ill.
2	Watson, Ernest H	620 United States Customhouse, New York, N. Y.
4	White, A. J	715 Federal Reserve Bank Building, Cleve-
12	Wilde, M. C	238 Central Building, Seattle, Wash.
2.	Williams, C. L. (R)	Commercial National Bank, Wilmington, N. C.
9	Williams, F. D. (R)	
6	Williams, Robert C	War Finance Corporation, Atlanta, Ga.
12	Williams, T. M.	1103 Alexander Building, San Francisco, Calif.
	Wilson, C. F	Office Comptroller of Currency, Washington, D. C.
7	Wilson, R. F	Post-office box 592, Waterloo, Iowa.
11 5	Wilson, William P. (JG) Wood, D. R	312 Magnolia Building, Dallas, Tex. Pulaski National Bank Building, Pulaski, Va.
8	Woodside, Hal	119 Faulkner Street, Conway, Ark.
9	Wright, Irwin D	1334 First National Soo Line Building, Minneapolis, Minn.
3	Wylie, Robert W	Post office box 32, Altoona, Pa.
8	Young, William R	407 Central State National Bank Building.
. 2	Younger, Cole J	Memphis, Tenn. 720 United States Customhouse, New York,
	•	N. Y.

⁽R)=Acting as receiver of national bank. (JG)=National bank examiner, junior grade. (WRC)=Detailed for temporary duty to War Finance Corporation. (U)=Unassigned.

NATIONAL BANK FAILURES

One hundred and thirty-eight national banks, with aggregate capital of \$9,575,250, were placed in charge of receivers during the year ended October 31, 1924. The date that each bank was authorized to commence business, date of appointment of the receiver, the capital stock, and the circulation outstanding at date of failure are shown in the appendix to the report of the Comptroller of the Currency.

From date of the first failure of a national bank in 1865 to October 31, 1924, the number of banks placed in charge of receivers was 849. Of this number, however, 57 were subsequently restored to solvency and permitted to resume business. The total capital of these banks at date of failure was \$112,391,170, while the book or nominal value of the assets administered by receivers under the supervision of the Comptroller aggregated \$560,423,962 and the total cash thus far realized from the liquidation of these assets amounted to \$249,776,265. In addition to this amount, however, there has been realized from assessments levied against shareholders the sum of \$28,234,804, making the total cash collections from all sources \$278,011,069, which have been disbursed as follows:

In dividends to creditors on claims proved, amounting to \$283,-	•
039,149, the sum of	\$173, 708, 619
In payment of loans and other disbursements discharging lia-	
bilities of the bank other than those of the general creditors	70, 339, 736
In payment of legal expenses incurred in the administration of	,
such receiverships	6, 607, 886
In payment of receivers' salaries and other expenses of receiver-	
ships	13, 267, 365
There has been returned to shareholders in cash	4, 139, 079
Leaving a balance with the Comptroller and the receivers of	9, 948, 384

Assets have been returned to agents for shareholders, to be liquidated for their benefit, having a nominal value of \$15,818,008.

The book value of the assets of the 237 national banks that are still in charge of receivers amount to \$173,592,648. The receivers had realized from these assets at the close of business on October 31. 1924, the sum of \$51,600,555 and had collected from the shareholders on account of assessments levied against them to cover deficiencies in assets the further sum of \$3,915,617, making the total collections. from all sources in the liquidation of active receiverships the sum of \$55.516.172, which amount has been distributed as follows:

Dividends to creditors (to Sept. 30, 1924)	\$17, 663, 886
Loans paid and other disbursements discharging liabilities of the	
bank other than those to the general creditors	24, 486, 428
Legal expenses	644, 828
Receivers' salaries and all other expenses of administration	2, 847, 982
Amount returned to shareholders in cash	350, 000
Leaving a balance with the Comptroller and the receivers of	9, 523, 048

Receiverships of 19 national banks were closed during the year, making a total of 612 closed receiverships.

Collections from the assets of the 612 national banks, the affairs of which have been finally closed, amounted to \$198,175,710, and together with the collections of \$24,319,187 from assessments levied against the shareholders, make a total of \$222,494,897, from which on claims aggregating \$201,686,555 dividends were paid amounting to \$156,044,733.

Average rate of dividends paid on claims proved was 74.38 per cent, but including offsets allowed, loans paid, and other disbursements with dividends, creditors received on an average 81.72 per cent.

Expenses incident to the administration of these 612 trusts, that is, receivers' salaries and legal and other expenses, amounted to \$16,-382 441 or 4.23 per cent of the nominal value of the assets and 7.36 per'cent of the collections from assets and from shareholders. outstanding circulation of these banks at the date of failure was \$30,672,516, which was secured by United States bonds on deposit in the Treasury of the face value of \$33,010,300. The assessments against shareholders averaged 52.49 per cent of their holdings, while the collections from the assessments levied were 48.87 per cent of the amount assessed. The total amount disbursed in dividends during the current year to the creditors of insolvent banks was **\$3.870.811.18.**

In the table following is summarized the condition of all insolvent national banks, the closed and active receiverships being shown separately:

Items	Closed receiverships, 612 1	Active receiverships, 237	Total, 849
Total assets taken charge of by receivers	\$386, 831, 314. 00	\$173, 592, 648. 00	\$560, 423, 962. 00
Disposition of assets: Collected from assets. Offsets allowed and settled. Loss on assets compounded or sold under order of	198, 175, 710. 00 35, 106, 656. 00	51, 600, 555. 00 11, 186, 034. 00	249, 776, 265. 00 46, 292, 690. 00
court Nominal value of assets returned to stockholders Nominal value of remaining assets	132, 054, 621. 00 15, 818, 008. 00 25, 676, 319. 00	8, 261, 146. 00 102, 544, 913. 00	140, 315, 767. 00 15, 818, 008. 00 108, 221, 232. 00
Total	386, 831, 314. 00	173, 592, 648. 00	560, 423, 962. 00
Collected from assets as aboveCollected from assessments from shareholders	198, 175, 710. 00 24, 319, 187. 00	51, 600, 555. 00 3, 915, 617. 00	249, 776, 265. 00 28, 234, 804. 00
Total collections	222, 494, 897. 00	55, 516, 172. 00	278, 011, 069. 00
Disposition of collections: Loans paid and other disbursements Dividends paid Legal expenses Receivers' salary and other expenses Amount returned to shareholders in cash Balance with comptroller or receiver	156, 044, 733. 00 5, 963, 058. 00 10, 419, 383. 00	24, 486, 428. 00 17, 663, 886. 00 644, 828. 00 2, 847, 982. 00 350, 000. 00 9, 523, 048. 00	70, 339, 736. 00 173, 708, 619. 00 6, 607, 886. 00 13, 267, 365. 00 4, 139, 079. 00 9, 948, 384. 00
Total	222, 494, 897. 00	55, 516, 172. 00	278, 011, 069. 00
Capital stock at date of failure. United States bonds held at failure to secure circulating notes Amount realized from sale of United States bonds held to	3 94, 795, 920. 00 33, 010, 300. 00	17, 595, 250. 00 10, 386, 050. 00	112, 391, 170. 00 43, 396, 350. 00
Amount realized from sale of Onited states bonds field to secure circulating notes. Circulation outstanding at failure. Amount of assessment upon shareholders. Claims proved.	49, 761, 240. 00	1, 980, 601. 00 8, 857, 164. 50 14, 085, 000. 00 81, 352, 594. 00	36, 714, 217. 00 39, 529, 680. 50 63, 846, 240. 00 283, 039, 149. 00

Statistics relative to the capital, date of appointment of receiver, and per cent of dividends paid to creditors of 12 insolvent national banks, the affairs of which were closed during the year ended October 31, 1924, appear in the following table:

¹ Includes 57 banks restored to solvency.
² Accounted for in final settlement with creditors or charged off as loss by order of court.

⁸ Includes capital stock of 57 banks restored to solvency.

Title	Location	Date receiver appointed	Capital	Per cent dividends paid to creditors
Pynchon National Bank First National Bank First National Bank Overland Nat'onal Bank First National Bank Home National Bank First National Bank California National Bank Can Juan County National Bank Carmen National Bank First National Bank Citizens National Bank	Chappell, Nebr	June 24, 1901 Jan. 5, 1917 Jan. 29, 1921 May 28, 1921 Apr. 7, 1922 Apr. 18, 1923 July 3, 1923 Apr. 13, 1921 Feb. 12, 1924 Apr. 14, 1924	\$200, 000 50, 000 50, 000 100, 000 60, 000 25, 000 50, 000 50, 000 25, 000 25, 000 100, 000	1 107, 014 72, 90 30 80, 50 100 100 77, 50 100 65 70

¹ Includes 100 per cent of interest.

Of the 138 banks placed in charge of receivers since October 31, 1923, 8 were closed on account of the inability to realize on loans; 10, injudicious banking; 9, crop loss; 1, injudicious banking and adverse business conditions; 8, depreciation of securities; 4, inability to meet demands; 6, closed by run; 1, large losses, withdrawals, and insufficient credit; 21, heavy withdrawals; 4, defalcation of officers; 1, large losses and injudicious banking; 11, large losses; 4, unable to realize on assets; 3, defalcation of former cashier; 9, bad management; 15, depleted reserve; 4, irregularities; 1, deficient reserve and unable to realize on loans; 4, excessive loans; 1, crop loss and depreciation of securities; 1, bad paper; 1, deflation; 1, insufficient credit; 1, injudicious banking and depleted reserves; 2, bad paper taken over from old organization; 7, information not available.

CONVICTIONS OF NATIONAL BANK OFFICERS AND OTHERS FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE NATIONAL BANKING LAWS DURING THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 1924

During the year ended October 31, 1924, according to data furnished by the Department of Justice, officers and employees of national banks have been sentenced for violations of the national banking laws as follows:

Criminal cases under the national banking laws resulting in conviction during the year ended October 31, 1924

Name of officer and others	Position	Title and location of the bank	Offense	Sentence	Date of sentence
					1923
George F. Mahnkin	Employee	Irving National Bank, New York, N. Y	Embezzlement	1 year and 1 day	Oct. 31
S. H. Keddington	Cashier	First National Bank, Shelley, Idaho	False entries	\$1,000 fine	Nov. 1
J. R. Burt	Bookkeeper and teller	Second National Bank, Griffin, Ga	Abstraction and false entries.	\$500 fine	Do.
Morris H. Dinsmore	Teller	District National Bank, Washington, D. C.	Embezzlement	4 years	Nov.
Warren G. Dunkle	Cashier	Continental National Bank, Sioux City, Iowa	Misapplication and false en- tries.	2 years and costs	Nov.
Abram M. Caraker	Teller	Phoenix National Bank, Phoenix, Ariz	Misapplication	8 months in jail	Nov. 18
Henry Austerman	do,	do	do	do	Do.
J. N. Ramsey, jr	do	Columbia National Bank, Kansas City, Mo	do	1 year and I day	Nov. 24
E. L. White	President	Pana National Bank, Pana, Ill	Overcertification of check	\$500 fine and costs	Dec. 3
J. B. Walker	Not stated	do	do	do	Do.
Thomas Hines, jr	Employee	National Bank of Cohoes, Cohoes, N. Y	Embezzlement	4 months in jail	Dec.
G. L. Healey	do	Atlantic National Bank, Jacksonville, Fla	Misapplication	\$100 fine	Dec. 6
John D. Cogswell, jr	Cashier	Second National Bank, Oswego, N. Y	do	\$2,000 fine	Dec. 12
Philip Moy	Manager Chinese depart- ment.	Citizens National Bank, Boston, Mass	do	3 years in House of Correc-	Do.
J. M. Northrop	Cashier	First National Bank, Atmore, Ala	Embezzlement	2 years	Dec. 15
F. A. Sweeney	Assistant cashier	First National Bank, McAlester, Okla	do	1 year and 1 day and \$75 fine.	Dec. 17
A. G. Brockhoff	Paying teller	Anglo-London-Paris National Bank, San Fran-	do	\$2,000 fine	Dec. 18
Robert C. Noble	Director	cisco, Calif. Commercial National Bank, Great Falls, Mont.	False entries	30 months and fine	Do.
Julis C. Peters	do	dodo.	do	do.1	Do.
Ed. Carling	Employee	First National Bank, Canton, Ohio	Embezzlement		Dec. 19
•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		tory.	
Fred Johnson	Cashier	do	do	do	Dec. 20
J. M. Rinkes, jr.	Employee	do	do	4 months in workhouse	Dec. 28
					1924
E. Bauer Shuster	Bookkeeper	Planters National Bank, Hughes, Ark	do	2 years	Jan. 5
C. H. Anderson	Employee	Atlantic National Bank, Jacksonville, Fla	Misapplication	\$100 fine	Jan. 7
B. F. Seller	Assistant cashier	Pana National Bank, Pana, Ill	Overcertification of check	\$200 fine and costs	Jan. 10
Julius Keefer	Cashier	do	do	do	Do.
William Stege	President	First National Bank, Medina, N. Dak	Embezzlement and false en-	18 months	Jan. 15
Adam Preszler	Cashier	do	tries.	\$1.000 fine	Do.
P. M. Abbott	President	First National Bank, Three Forks, Mont	Misapplication and false en-	\$200 fine	Jan. 18
	1 resident	•	tries.	* .	
John Leonard Barker, jr	Teller	First National Bank, Birmingham, Ala	Embezzlement	18 months	Jan. 21
Morgan May	Individual bookkeeper	Phoenix National Bank & Trust Co., Lexing-	do	\$500 fine	Do.
•		ton, Ky.			
J. Robert Ledford	do	dó	do	1 year and I day	Do.
John Milton	dol	do	do	6 months in jail and \$500 fine.	
John W. Funderburgh	Teller	First National Bank, McKinney, Tex	False entries	1 year and 1 day	_ Do.
F. F. Smith	Cashier	First National Bank, Mebane, N. C.	Not stated	\$1.000 fine	Jan. 31

	Frank C. Fuchs	Vice supplied .	Citizens National Bank, Evansville, Ind	Embezzlement	5 years	Feb. 4
	Frank C. Fuchs	Vice president	Time Mational Dank, Evansyme, Ind		\$100 fine	Feb. 5
	J. L. Johnson	Вооккеерег	First National Bank, Lakeland, Fla			reu. o
		Paying teller	Austin National Bank, Chicago, Ill	Abstraction	10 days in jail and \$200 fine	Feb. 12
		Employee	Security National Bank, Dallas, Tex	Misapplication	60 days in jail	
<u>بر</u>	David B. Schumm	do	do		do	Do.
요	R. Lewis Shelby	Cashier	National Bank of Hopewell, Va	Embezzlement	6 years	Feb. 19
10065	D. A. Bragg	do	First National Bank, Fitzgerald, Ga	Embezzlement and false	1 year and 1 day	Feb. 25
ŏĩ	== ,		,	entries.		
1	Ruel Drysdale	Bookkeeper	First National Bank, Miami Beach, Fla	Embezzlement	1 day in jail and \$200 fine	
<u> </u>	Charles Bernstein	do	Chatham & Phenix National Bank, New York,	False entries and misappli-	1 year	Feb. 28
ä	Onarios Doi abionatititi		N. Y.	cation.	1 3 0012121212121	_ •
-	Harry B Bachroch	Aider and abotton	dô	Aider and abettor	5 vears	Do.
త	William Decliner	Ander and aberror	do	Aluei anu aboutoi	2½ years	Do.
- 52				u0		Do.
			do	do	1 year and 1 day	Do.
l i	Louis Feldman	OD:	do	do	ao	
- 1	Alvin H. Thurmond	Cashier	First National Bank, Fitzgerald, Ga	False entries		Mar. 1
- 1	Frank Thurmond	Bookkeeper	do		2 years	Do.
ļ i ⇒ Čī≀	Fred P. Davis	do	Central National Bank & Trust Co., St. Peters-	Misapplication	\$100 fine	Mar. 3
Ů.			burg Fla			
	J. H. McLaughlin	do	Provident National Bank, Waco, Tex	Embezzlement	1 year and 1 day	Mar. 5
	L. C. Winkler	Cashier	First National Bank, Larned, Kans		\$100 fine and costs	Mar. 10
	A. B. Stokes	Assistant cashier	First National Bank, Greer, S. C.		1 year and 6 months	Mar. 11
	C. B. Dekle	do	National City Bank, Tampa, Fla		\$100 fine	Mar. 13
	William O'Hanlon	President	Consess Notional Bonk Consess N. V		2 years	Mar. 18
		Cashier	Geneva National Bank, Geneva, N. YUnited National Bank, New York, N. Y		1 year and 10 months	Mar. 29
	Irving L. Levy		United National Bank, New York, N. Y.	E-m bezziement	I year and to months	W181. 29
		Employee	Chatham & Phenix National Bank, New York,			
			N. Y.			٠
	L. E. Deupree	Cashier	First National Bank, Dubois, Idaho	Misapplication and abstrac-	15 months	Mar. 24
		'	:	tion,		i
	Lewis C. Butler	do	First National Bank, Rock River, Wyo	Embezzlement	do	Mar. 25
	Frank McDowell	President	Graham National Bank, Graham, Tex	do	2 years	Mar. 28
	Fred S. Bowen	Assistant cashier	Harriman National Bank, New York, N.Y		1 day in custody of the mar-	Mar. 29
					shal.	
	Gus F. Wildhaber	President	United States National Bank, Vale, Oreg	Misapplication	\$2.500 fine	Apr. 5
		do	First National Bank, Bluffton, Ohio	Defalcation	\$5 fine	Do.
	Edwin C. Cain.	Bookkeeper	Union National Bank, Charlotte, N. C.	Delacation	\$400 fine	
			Irving National Bank, New York, N. Y	Embezzlement	1 day	
	John H. Haase, jr	Aider and abettor	Trying National Dank, New 10rk, N. 1			
	William H. Hoffhine, jr	Assistant cashier	First National Bank, Washington, Kans	do	3 years	
		do	First National Bank, Rising Star, Tex	do	1 year and 1 day	Apr. 21
	H. C. Watson	Teller	City National Bank, Dallas, Tex	Misapplication	6 months in jail	Apr. 24
	Harry Kettles	Receiving teller	Republic National Bank, Dallas, Tex	Embezzlement	do	Apr. 29
	James A. Hayward	President	Commonwealth Building Association, Wash-	do	1 year and 1 day	May 2
	•		ington, D. C.			1
	Sheldon Brannen	Cashier	First National Bank, Milford, N. J.	Misapplication	1 year in jail	May 5
	L. A. Davis	do	First National Bank, Greenville, Pa	False entries	1 day in jail and \$1,000 fine	
	P. E. Cahill	Assistant cashier	Broughton National Bank, Dayton, Wash	Embezzlement and misap-	9 months in jail	May 12
		TODAGONALLO CACINICI TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT	Dioagnos italiona sana, sajoon, 11 addinin	plication		
	Charles M. Vanderhoof	Cashier	First National Bank, Belmore, N. Y	Embezzlement	71/6 years	May 13
		do	Merchants National Bank, Wimbledon, N. Dak	False entries	\$350 fine	
	Unner Hostian	Bookkeeper	Chatham & Phenix National Bank. New York.	Embezzlement	\$100 fine	
	rem's mainlan	DUUKACEPET	Onatham of Phenix Instituta Dank, New York,	remoeggiement	\$100 Hile	MINA TO
	1	l t	N. Y.		1	J

¹ Single fine of \$2,500

**Criminal cases under the national banking laws resulting in conviction during the year ended October 31, 1924—Continued

Name of officer and others	Position	Title and location of the bank	Offense	Sentence	Date of sentence
	•				1004
Aorgan T. Fulton	Assistant cashier	Westmoreland National Bank, Greensburg, Pa.	Embezzlement	1 year and 1 day	1924 May 29
I. E. Dempsey	Assistant cashlei	Farmers First National Bank, Minooka, Ill	Abstraction	6 months in jail	June 6
I. E. McElroy	Employee	Commercial National Bank, St. Joseph, Mich.	Embezziement.	\$500 fine	Do.
. D. Warn	Vice president and cashier	First National Exchange Bank, Coeur d'Alene,	False entries	\$1,500 fine	June 9
. D. Walli	vice president and cashici	Idaho.	1 also entities	ψ1,000 IIII6	June 5
. L. Hildebrand	Cashier	First National Bank, Columbia City, Ind.	Embezzlement	5 years	June 12
Valter B. Todd	dodo	City National Bank, Hackensack, N. J	Abstraction.	3 months in jail	June 16
obert Courtot	Collection clerk	Fifth-Third National Bank, Cincinnati, Ohio	Embezzlement	1 hour in custody of marshal	June 21
		, , , , ,		and \$25 fine.	-,
ercy S. French	Note teller	Atlantic City National Bank, Atlantic City,	Misapplication and false en-	2 years	June 23
		N. J.	tries.		İ
V. T. Craig	President	First National Bank, Ingomar, Mont	Misapplication	16 months, \$1,000 fine, and	June 24
	l			costs.	l .
aymond E. Thompson	Cashier	First National Bank, Eatontown, N. J.	Abstraction	\$250 fine	July 21
A. Randall	President	First National Bank, Douglas, Wyo	False entries	5 hours in jail and \$1,500 fine.	
D. Zimmerman	Aider and abettor Teller	Producers National Bank, Tulsa, Okla	Aider and abettor	do	Do.
C. E. McCarroll	Tener	Producers National Bank, Tulsa, Okia	Embezzlement and false en- tries.	9 months in jail and \$350 fine.	Aug. 7
lenry E. Rohlf	President	First National Bank, Hayward, Wis	Misapplication and false en-	8 years	Aug. 27
tenty E. Ronn	Fresident	Filst National Dank, Hayward, Wis	tries.	o years	Aug. 21
. W. Taylor	Cashier	First National Bank, Wapato, Wash		6 months in jail	Aug. 29
Bernard A. Maron, alias	Assistant paying teller and	Capitol National Bank, New York, N. Y	do	3 years	Sept. 9
John M. Barry.	receiving teller.	Cupitor reactions Dubin, 11011 2 ora, 111 2 resident		o j care i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Dopu.
. P. Rogers	Cashier	First National Bank, Hartsville, S. C.	do	\$200 fine	Sept. 17
ernard J. Boyle	Employee	Kensington National Bank, Philadelphia, Pa	do	\$273	Sept. 23
laude H. Rosenbaum	President	Exchange National Bank, Shreveport, La.	do	12 months in jail	Oct. 22
arl Hammer	Vice president	Barnsdall National Bank, Barnsdall, Okla	do	12 months in jail and \$150	Oct. 31

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Resources of the 12 Federal reserve banks, October 29, 1924, were \$4,897,269,000, and show a reduction since October 31, 1923, of \$193,998,000.

The gold holdings of these banks were reduced in this period from \$3,111,078,000 to \$3,043,826,000, while other lawful money was

increased \$10,849,000.

Bills discounted and bought show a reduction of \$650,529,000 between October 31, 1923, and October 29, 1924, and amounted to \$437,969,000 on the latter date. Holdings of United States securities were increased in this period from \$91,837,000 to \$584,200,000.

Capital stock shows an increase between October 31, 1923, and October 29, 1924, of \$2,227,000, and surplus funds an increase of \$2,546,000. Government deposits were reduced from \$40,334,000 to \$28,266,000 and member bank deposits, consisting of lawful reserve deposited with these banks, were increased from \$1,895,265,000 to \$2,162,347,000.

Statements showing assets and liabilities of these banks at the dates of fall reports since November 26, 1915, to October 29, 1924, and principal items of resources and liabilities, according to monthly

statements in the years 1920 to October 29, 1924, follow:

[In thousands of dollars]

	Nov. 26, 1915	Nov. 24, 1916	Nov. 16, 1917	Nov. 22, 1918	Nov. 28, 1919	Nov. 26, 1920	Oct. 26, 1921	Oct. 25, 1922	Oct. 31, 1923	Oct. 29, 1924
ASSETS	`									
Gold_ Other lawful money. Bills discounted and bought_ United States securities Municipal warrants. Federal reserve notes—net_ Due from Federal reserve banks—net	12.919	459, 935 17, 974 122, 593 50, 594 22, 166 15, 414	1, 584, 328 52, 525 681, 719 241, 906 1, 273	2, 060, 265 55, 992 2, 078, 219 177, 314 27	2, 093, 641 66, 025 2, 709, 804 314, 937	2, 023, 916 171, 364 2, 983, 133 320, 614	2, 786, 239 150, 909 1, 371, 075 190, 946	3, 085, 083 126, 835 727, 090 408, 636 27	3, 111, 078 119, 219 1, 088, 498 91, 837 317	3, 043, 82 130, 06 437, 96 584, 20
Due from Federal reserve banks—net	14, 053	43, 263								
Uncollected itemsAll other assets	4, 633	3, 121	428, 544 22, 111	819, 010 28, 700	1, 013, 426 32, 208	709, 401 36, 152	540, 067 55, 679	653, 493 63, 931	611, 271 69, 0 4 7	611, 709 89, 497
Total	485, 342	735, 060	3, 012, 406	5, 219, 527	6, 230, 041	6, 244, 580	5, 094, 915	5, 065, 095	5, 091, 267	4, 897, 269
LIABILITIES										
Capital paid inSurplus	54, 846	55, 711	66, 691	80, 025 1, 134	87, 001 81, 087	99, 020 164, 745	103, 007 213, 824	106, 277 215, 398	109, 726 218, 369	111, 95 220, 91
Capital paid in	15, 000 397, 952	26, 319 637, 072	218, 887	113, 174	98, 157	15, 909 1, 734, 691	46, 624 1, 669, 059	23, 659 1, 799, 931	40, 334 1, 895, 265	220, 910 28, 260 2, 162, 34
Due to member and nonmember banks			1, 501, 423	1, 718, 000	1, 943, 232		22, 873	18, 180	23, 061	
All other deposits Federal reserve notes—net Federal reserve bank notes in circulation.		14, 296 1, 028	1 972, 585 8, 000	1 2, 555, 215 80, 504	1 2, 852, 277 256, 793	214, 610	1 2, 408, 779 88, 024	1 2, 298, 536 37, 995	1 2, 224, 865 523	27, 351 1 1, 766, 622
Collection items All other liabilities	4, 159	634	240, 437 4, 383	620, 608 50, 867	861, 436 50, 058	582, 442 107, 534	466, 044 76, 681	539, 773 25, 346	555, 914 23, 210	566, 510 13, 30
Total	485, 342	735, 060	3, 012, 406	5, 219, 527	6, 230, 041	6, 244, 580	5, 094, 915	5, 065, 095	5, 091, 267	4, 897, 26

¹ In actual circulation.

The principal assets and liabilities of the 12 Federal reserve banks at the close of business each month, from January 30, 1920, to October 29, 1924, are shown in the statement following:

[In millions of dollars]

			Assets				Lia	bilities	
Year	Gold	Other cur- rency	Bills dis- counted and bought	United States securi- ties	Aggre- gate assets	Capi- tal	Sur- plus	Gross _deposits	Circula- tion
1920									
Jan. 30 Feb. 27	2, 013 1, 967	61 116	2, 736 2, 985	304 294	6, 074 6, 416	88 91	120 120	2, 740 2, 911	3, 101 3, 257
Feb. 27 Mar. 26 Apr. 30	1, 935	122	(2.901	290	6,048	91	120	2,542	3, 257 3, 249
Apr. 30 May 28	1, 937 1, 953	134 139	2, 942 2, 938 2, 831	294 306	6, 050 6, 114	92	120 120	2, 526 2, 542	3, 252 3, 286
Apr. 30 May 28 June 25 July 30 Aug. 27 Sept. 24 Oct. 29 Nov. 26	1, 969	139	2, 831	352	6.075	95	120	2,473	3, 302
July 30 Ang. 27	1, 978 1, 972	151 156	2, 837 2, 989	325 301	6, 033	95 97	165 165	2, 408 2, 448	3, 312 3, 404
Sept. 24	1,990	162	3,012	298	6, 179 6, 312 6, 342 6, 245	97	165	2,477	3, 494
Oct. 29 Nov. 26	2, 003 2, 024	165 171	3, 100 2, 983	296 321	6, 342	98 99	165 165	2, 418 2, 333	3, 566 3, 648
Dec. 30	2, 059	190	2, 975	288	6, 270	100	165	2,321	3, 562
1921 Jan 28	2, 106	214	2 699	287	5,862	100	202	2, 239	2 902
Feb. 25	2, 140	217	2, 622 2, 567	287	5, 861	101	202	2, 239 2, 279 2, 295	3, 293 3, 241
Mar. 25	2, 211 2, 318	211 187	2, 410 2, 167	283 268	5, 753 5, 504	101 101	202 202	2, 295 2, 157	3, 106 2, 986
May 25	2, 393	165	1,957	306	5, 380	102	202	2, 131	2, 880
June 29	2, 462 2, 531	164 154	1,803 1,670	257 249	5, 242 5, 150	102 102	202 214	2,098 2,108	2, 767 2, 663
Aug. 24	2, 619	147	1,531	239	5, 053	103	214	2,071	2, 599
Sept. 28 Oct. 26	2, 726 2, 786	153 151	1, 442 1, 371	224 191	5, 107 5, 095	103 103	$\frac{214}{214}$	2, 159 2, 205	2, 559 2, 497
Nov. 30	2,849	140	1,371 1,255	205	5,044	103	214	2, 205 2, 206	2,442
1921 Jan. 28. Feb. 25. Mar. 25. Apr. 27. May 25. June 29. July 27. Aug. 24. Sept. 28. Nov. 30. Dec. 28.	2, 870	123	1, 294	241	5, 151	103	214	2, 223	2, 528
1922 Jan. 25	2, 904	155	933	250	4, 781	103	215	2, 177	2, 269
Feb. 21 Mar. 29	2, 947 2, 975	134 128	804 739	355 441	4, 789 4, 816	104 104	$\frac{215}{215}$	2, 198	2, 255 2, 262
Apr. 26	2, 995	130	583	567	4,860	104	215	2, 214 2, 333	2. 237
May 31	3,008 3,021	123 127	590 623	603 557	4, 847 4, 905	105 105	215 215	2, 293 2, 370	2, 212 2, 192
July 26	3,055	127	536	541	4, 863	105	215	2,331	2, 190
Aug. 30 Sept. 27	3, 063 3, 077	132 126	576 658	498 451	4,849 4,970	106 106	215 215	2, 297 2, 336	2, 207 2, 289
Oct. 25	3,085	1.27	727	409	5, 065 5, 081	106	215	2, 382 2, 381	2, 337 2, 351
Mar. 29 Apr. 26 May 31 June 28 July 26 Aug. 30 Sept. 27 Oct. 25 Nov. 29 Dec. 27	3, 073 3, 040	130 108	909 876	304 458	5, 305	107 107	215 215	2, 381	2, 351 2, 475
Jan. 31 Feb. 28	3, 076 3, 073	206 175	786 803	354 363	5, 014 5, 087	108 109	218 218	2, 471 2, 499	2, 307 2, 250 2, 235
Mar. 28	3, 064	178	954	249	5,068	109	218	2,492	2, 235
Apr. 25 May 29	3, 085 3, 109	165 148	911 989	194 189	5, 041 5, 073	109 109	218 218	2, 473 2, 476	2, 225 2, 252
June 27	3, 111	164	979	135	5, 038	1.09	218	2,462	2, 229
Aug. 29	3, 114 3, 121	160 149	937 989	96 94	4, 953 4, 967	110 110	218 218	2, 410 2, 393	2, 196 2, 226
Sept. 26	3, 117	150	1,034	92	5,078	110	218	2,481	2, 248
Nov. 28	3, 111 3, 112	117 144	1,088 1,083	92 84	5, 091 5, 098	110 110	218 218	2, 515 2, 498	2, 225 2, 247
1923 Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 28 Apr. 25 May 29 June 27 July 25 Aug. 29 Sept. 26 Oct. 31 Nov. 28 Dec. 26	3, 071	136	1, 083 1, 194	104	5, 169	110	218	2, 473	2, 341
		180	794	121	4, 842	110	221	2,475	2, 021
Feb. 27	3, 123	158	795	156	4,890	111	221	2, 522	2, 023
Mar. 26	3, 123 3, 120	151 152	685 572	257 302	4.851	111 111	$\frac{221}{221}$	2, 521 2, 539	1, 983
May 28	3, 118	143	516	333	4, 811 4, 725 4, 791	111	221	2,486	1, 926 1, 891
June 25	3, 156 3, 155	169 155	395 318	430 505	4, 791 4, 740	111 111	$\frac{221}{221}$	2, 599 2, 634	1,844 1,762
Aug. 27	3, 115	132	312	542	4,704	112	221	2,618	1,741
1924 Jan. 30 Feb. 27 Mar. 26 Apr. 30 May 28 June 25 July 30 Aug. 27 Sept. 24 Oct. 29	3, 069 3, 044	130 130	352 438	575 584	4, 812 4, 897	112 112	221 221	2, 737 2, 784	1,730 1,767
V 000 40	0,011	100	100	004	2,001	***	221	2,101	1,,,,,,,

Percentage of bills discounted secured by United States Government obligations to the total bills discounted and purchased by the Federal reserve banks at the end of each month, year ended October 31, 1924

[In thousands of dollars]

Date	Bills discounted secured by United 'States Government obligations	Total hold- ings of bills discounted and pur- chased	Percentage of bills discounted secured by Government obligations to total bills dis- counted and purchased
Nov. 30	406, 533 353, 685	1, 103, 561 1, 077, 705	36. 8 32. 8
Jan. 31	267, 978 257, 215 228, 949 161, 164 164, 149 115, 580 89, 424 83, 480 111, 591	818, 301 796, 843 746, 132 571, 670 520, 915 370, 478 316, 516 332, 771 407, 775 464, 254	32. 7 32. 3 30. 7 28. 2 31. 5 31. 2 28. 3 25. 1 27. 4 25. 5

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK DISCOUNT RATES

The discount rates with relation to each class of paper, of each of the 12 Federal reserve banks, in effect October 31, 1924, are shown in the following statement:

Discount rates of Federal reserve banks in effect October 31, 1924

	Paper maturing—									
Federal reserve bank	-	After 90 days but within 9 months								
	Commercial, agricultural, and livestock paper, n. e. s.	United States Government	Bankers' acceptances	Trade acceptances	Agricultural t and livestock paper					
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	33/2 31/2 4 4 4 4	3 31/2 4 4 4 4 4	31/2 31/2 31/2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	3½ 3 3½ 44 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	3					

Including bankers' acceptances drawn for an agricultural purpose and secured by warehouse receipts, etc.

Changes during the month—Minneapolis, Oct. 15, from 4½ to 4 per cent.

DISCOUNT AND INTEREST RATES IN LEADING CITIES

In publishing the following statement showing the customary rates charged on loans and discounts, in weeks ended September and October 15, 1924, and in the month ended October 15, 1923, as reported by representative banks in various cities in which Federal reserve banks and their branches are located, the Federal Reserve Board calls attention to the fact that these rates are not averages, but are those at which the bulk of paper of each class is handled by reporting banks. In instances where reports disclose the fact that no one rate clearly covers the bulk of paper handled, the range of rates most commonly charged is given.

In making comparisons between the rates charged in 1924 and those charged at earlier periods it should be borne in mind that the earlier rates refer to an entire month, while the latest figures cover

only a week.

Attention is also called to the fact that the method of reporting the rates has been somewhat modified and that slight changes in the rates may reflect these modifications. Rates reported for the week ended October 15 showed little change from those of a month previous.

Discount and interest rates prevailing in various cities during weeks ended September and October 15, 1924, and in the month ended October 15, 1923

	Cus	tomers	s' prime	comm	ercial	paper	Interbank loans			Loans secured by										
	3	30-90 days			-6 mon	ths				Liberty bonds										
District number and city		Week ending—			Week ending—				ending—		ending—		ending—		endi	eek ng—	Month ending	endi	eek ng	Month ending
	Oct. 15, 1924	Sept. 15, 1924	Oct. 15, 1923	Oct. 15, 1924	Sept. 15, 1924	Oct. 15, 1923	Oct. 15, 1924	Sept. 15, 1924	Oct. 15, 1923	Oct. 15, 1924	Sept. 15; 1924	Oct. 15, 1923								
1. Boston 2. New York Buffalo 3. Philadelphia 4. Cleveland Pittsburgh Cincinnati 5. Richmond Baltimore 6. Atlanta Birmingham Jacksonville New Orleans Nashville 7. Chicago Detroit 8. St. Louis Louisville Little Rock 9. Minneapolis Helena 10. Kansas City Omaha Denver Oklahoma City 11. Dallas El Paso Houston Lous Angeles Spokane Salt Lake City Los Angeles	545-6-6-5-5-6-6-8-6-6-5-8-6-6-8-6-6-7-6-8-6-6-5-8-6-6-8-6-5-8-6-6-7-6-8-6-5-8-6-6-7-6-8-6-5-8-6-6-7-6-8-6-5-8-6-7-6-8-6-5-8-6-6-7-6-8-6-5-8-6-7-6-8-6-5-8-6-7-6-8-6-5-8-6-7-6-8-6-5-8-6-7-6-8-6-5-8-6-7-6-8-6-5-8-6-7-6-8-6-5-8-6-7-6-8-6-5-8-6-7-6-8-6-5-8-6-7-6-8-6-5-8-6-7-6-8-6-5-8-6-5-8-6-7-6-8-6-5-8-6-7-6-8-6-5-8-6-5-8-6-7-6-8-6-5-8-6-5-8-6-5-8-6-5-8-6-5-8-6-5-8-6-5-8-6-5-8-6-5-8-6-6-6-7-8-6-8-6-5-8-6-5-8-6-6-6-7-8-6-8-6-5-8-6-6-6-7-8-6-8-6-5-8-6-6-6-7-8-6-8-6-5-8-6-6-6-7-8-6-8-6-5-8-6-6-6-7-8-6-8-6-5-8-6-6-7-8-6-8-6-8-6-8-6-8-8-6-8-6-8-8-6-8	$\begin{array}{c} 3\frac{3}{4} - 5 \\ 5\frac{1}{2} - 6 \\ 4 - 4\frac{1}{2} \\ 5\frac{1}{2} - 6 \\ 5 - 6 \\ 5\frac{1}{2} - 6 \\ 5 \\ 5 \end{array}$	5-1-6-5-6-6-6-5-8-6-6-5-8-6-6-5-8-6-6-7-8-6-7-8-6-5-8-6-6-5-8-6-6-5-8-6-6-7-8-6-5-8-6-6-7-8-6-5-8-6-6-7-8-6-5-8-6-6-7-8-6-5-8-6-6-7-8-6-5-8-6-6-7-8-6-5-8-6-6-5-8-6-6-7-8-6-5-8-6-6-7-8-6-5-8-6-6-7-8-6-5-8-6-6-7-8-6-5-8-6-6-5-8-6-6-7-8-6-5-8-6-6-5-8-6-6-7-8-6-5-8-6-6-6-5-8-6-6-6-6	4555-6655-665-7-665-665-86-64-7-68-65-68-6-7-66-66-7-66-66-7-66-66-7-66-66-7-66-66	34-5-66-55-66-55-65-55-66-55-66-66-7-65-66-7-65-66-7-65-66-7-65-66-7-65-66-7-65-66-7-65-66-7-65-66-7-65-66-7-65-66-7-65-66-7-6	51-51-55-55-55-55-55-55-55-55-55-55-55-5	4 -55 -54 -55 -6 -6 -7 -6 -8 -6 -6 -7 -6 -8 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -7 -6 -6 -6 -6 -7 -	5 4 4 5 6 6 5 5 6 6 5 5 6 6 6 5 5 6 6 6 6	6 5 1 5 6 5 6 5 1 6 6 7 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5	51-4-6-12-4-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-	41-45 5-6 4-42 5-6 51-6 41-6 41-6 41-6 41-6 51-6 51-6 51-6 51-6 51-6 51-6 51-6 5	5 -5 6 6 5 -5 5 -6 5 -6 6 -8 6 -8 6 -8								

Discount and interest rates prevailing in various cities during weeks ended September and October 15, 1924, and in the month ended October 15, 1923—Continued

		ns sec	ured by	stock	s and l Time				red by eccipts	С	attle lo	ans
District number and city			Month		eek ing—	Month		eek ng	Month		Week ending—	
	Oct. 15, 1924	Sept. 15, 1924	ending Oct. 15, 1923	Oct. 15, 1924	Sept. 15, 1924	ending Oct. 15, 1923	Oct. 15, 1924	Sept. 15, 1924	ending Oct. 15, 1923	Oct. 15, 1924	Sept. 15, 1924	ending Oct. 15, 1923
1. Boston 2. New York Buffalo 3. Philadelphia 4. Cleveland Pittsburgh Cincinnati 5. Richmond Baltimore 6. Atlanta Birmingham Jacksonville New Orleans Nashville 7. Chicago Detroit 8. St. Louis Louisville Little Rock 9. Minneapolis Helena 10. Kansas City Omaha Denver Oklahoma City 11. Dallas El Paso Houston 12. San Francisco Portland Seattle Spokane Salt Lake City Los Angeles	3 5 - 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 5 5 6 6 5 7 7 7 8 6 6 6 5 7 7 7 7 8 6 6 6 5 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7	5 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 5 - 6 - 6 - 5 - 6 - 6 -	6 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	5 4 6 6 6 6 5 6 7 6 6 6 6 7 6 6 6 6 6 7 6 6 6 6	3½ 4½ 6 3½ 4 6 6 6 6 6 5 - 6 4½ - 5½ 5 - 6 6 5 - 6 6 5 - 6 5 - 6 5 - 6 5 - 6 5 - 6 5 - 5 5 - 6 5 - 5 5 - 6 5 - 5 5 - 6 5 - 5 5 - 6 5 - 6 5 - 6	51 6 51 6 6 51 6 6 7 51 6 6 51 51 6 6 6 6 7 51 6 6 6 6 6 7 51 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	51-6 6 -7 5 -51 5 -6 41-7 5 -6 5 -6 41-51 6 -7 5 -6	5 -6 5 -8 5 -7 5 -6 4 -5 5 -6	52 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 -8 52 7 -6 6 6 6 6 51 8 6 7 8 62 8 63	5-6 6-7 8-7-8 7-8-8 7-8-8-10 0-8	5 -8 6 6 6 -7	6 6 7 6 8 6 7

RATES FOR MONEY IN NEW YORK

Statistics with respect to monthly rates for various classes of paper, including sterling bills, in New York, in the year ended October 31, 1924, furnished by the Commercial and Financial Chronicle, New York, with a comparison of the range of rates annually from 1915 to

1924, are shown in the statements following:

The high point for call loans was increased from 5½ per cent in November, 1923, to and remained at 6 per cent in December, 1923, and January, 1924; reached 5 per cent in February, was increased ½ per cent in March and April, was reduced 1 per cent in May, and remained at 3 per cent for the balance of the period covered. The low point was reduced from 4 per cent in November, 1923, to 2½ per cent in March, 1924, increased in April to 3½ per cent, and fell to 2¾ per cent in May. Since June the low rate has been 2 per cent.

2¾ per cent in May. Since June the low rate has been 2 per cent.

The low point for time loans, paper running from 60 days to 6 months, was reduced from 4¾-5 per cent in November, 1923, to 2¼-3 per cent in October, 1924, and fluctuated between these rates in the intervening months, while the high point was reduced in this period from 5¼ per cent for the various classes of paper to 2¾-3½ per cent. The high point rate for this class of paper likewise fluctuated in the intervening months.

The range of rates in November, 1923, for commercial paper, double and single name, maturing in from four to six months, was 434-514 per cent, compared with 3-312 per cent in October, 1924.

The range of rates for 60-day sterling bills, was increased from

The range of rates for 60-day sterling bills, was increased from \$4.23 $\frac{3}{4}$ -\$4.46 $\frac{1}{8}$ in November, 1923, to \$4.42 $\frac{11}{16}$ -\$4.50 $\frac{3}{8}$ in October, 1924; the range of rates for sight drafts was increased in this period from \$4.26-\$4.48 $\frac{3}{8}$ to \$4.45 $\frac{3}{16}$ -\$4.52 $\frac{7}{8}$, and the increase in the range of rates for cable transfers was from \$4.26 $\frac{1}{4}$ -\$4.48 $\frac{5}{8}$ to \$4.45 $\frac{7}{16}$ -\$4.53 $\frac{1}{8}$.

Rates for money in New York

100000 70		0,0,1,000	2 0.10					
,	. 19	23	1924					
	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April		
Call loans, stock exchange: Range Time loans: 60 days. 90 days. 4 months. 5 months. Commercial paper: Double names— Choice, I 4 to 6 months. Single names— Prime, 4 to 6 months. Good, 4 to 6 months.	4 -51/2 43/4-51/4 5 -51/4 5 -51/4 5 -51/4 43/4-51/4 43/4-51/4	4 ¹ / ₂ -6 4 ³ / ₄ -5 5 5 5 5 5 5 4 ³ / ₄ -5 4 ³ / ₄ -5 5 -5 ¹ / ₄	3 ³ / ₄ -6 4 ¹ / ₂ -5 4 ¹ / ₂ -5 4 ¹ / ₂ -5 4 ¹ / ₂ -5 4 ¹ / ₂ -5 4 ³ / ₄ -5 5	4 -5 4\2-5 4\2-5 4\2-5 4\2-5 4\2-5 4\2-5 4\2-5 4\2-5 4\2-5	2½-5½ 4¼-5 4¼-5 4½-5 4½-5 4½-5 4½-5 4½-5 4½-5 4½-5	41/4-41/2 41/4-41/2 41/4-43/4 41/4-43/4 41/4-43/4		
			19)24				
	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October		
Call loans, stock exchange: Range Time loans: 60 days. 90 days. 4 months. 5 months. Commercial paper: Double names— Choice, 1 4 to 6 months Single names— Prime, 4 to 6 months Good, 4 to 6 months.	2 ³ / ₄ -4 ¹ / ₂ 3 ³ / ₄ -4 ¹ / ₂ 3 ³ / ₄ -4 ¹ / ₂ 4 -4 ¹ / ₂ 4 -4 ¹ / ₂ 4 -4 ³ / ₄ 4 -4 ³ / ₄ 4 -4 ³ / ₄	2·-3 2½-4 2½-4 3·4-4¼ 3¼-4¼ 3½-4¼ 4 -4¾	2 -3 2½-2¾ 2½-3 3 -3¼ 3¼ 3¼-3¾ 3¼-3¾ 3¾-3¾	2 -234 21/2-3 3 -31/4 3 -31/2 31/4-31/2 3 -31/2 3 -31/4 31/4-33/4	3 -31/4	2 -3 214-234 234-3 3 -314 3 -314 3 -314 3 1-314		

¹ Sixty to ninety day paper no longer quoted, as little or no paper of these short maturities is now being made. As rates previously, however, for sixty to ninety day paper were identical with those for four to six months paper, present rates are properly comparable with previous rates, the standard for all recent years being four to six months paper.

Rates for sterling bills

	60-day	Sight	Cable transfers
November1923	4. 2334-4. 461/8	4. 26 -4. 483/8	4. 2614-4. 485
1924 ·	4. 295/8-4. 375/8 4. 181/8-4. 291/8	4. 31%-4. 39% 4. 20%-4. 31½	4. 32½-4. 39½ 4. 20½-4. 31½
January February March	4. 18%-4. 29% 4. 261%-4. 343% 4. 23 -4. 28% 4. 275%-4. 3734	4. 20%-4. 31½ 4. 28%-4. 36% 4. 25¼-4. 30% 4. 29%-4. 40	4. 20%-4. 31% 4. 28%-4. 36% 4. 25½-4. 30% 4. 30½-4. 40½
April May June July	4. 27 18 -4. 36 8 4. 28 1/3 -4. 32 7 4. 29 1/4 -4. 39 8	4. 30 3 -4. 38 8 4. 29 3 -4. 34 11 4. 31 2 -4. 41 8	4. 30 1. 4 . 39 4 4. 30 1. 4 . 39 4 4. 31 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
AugustSeptemberOctober	4. 38 -4. 54 ¹ / ₄ 4. 39 ¹ / ₄ -4. 48 ¹ / ₈ 4. 42 ¹ / ₄ -4. 50 ³ / ₈	4. 40½-4. 57 4. 41½-4. 49½ 4. 45¼-4. 52½	4. 401/2-4. 573

Comparison of the range of rates for call loans, 60-day time loans, and two-name commercial paper loans in New York annually for 1915 to 1924 is shown in the statement following:

Range of rates for money in New York annually, 1915 to 1924

	1915					1916			1917				1918				1919			
• 1	Range for January	High	Low	Range for De- cember	Range for January	High	Low	Range for De- cember	Range for January	High	Low	Range for De- cember	Range for January	High	Low	Range for De- cember	Range for January	High	Low	Range for De- cember
Call loans Fime loans (60 days) Commercial (2- name)	1½-3 2½-3½ 3½-4	3 3½ 4	1 2½ 2¾	1½-2½ 2¼-2½ 3 -3¼	2½-2¾		21/2	2½-15 4 - 4½ 3¾- 4¼		10 5¾ 5¾	1½ 2½ 3¼		i	6	2 5 5 ¹ ⁄ ₄	3½-6 5½-6 5½-6	3 ³ ⁄ ₄ -6 5 -5 ¹ ⁄ ₂ 5 -5 ³ ⁄ ₄	1	2 5 5	5½-1 6 - 5¾-
	<u></u>				1921			1922			1923			1924						
		19	20			19	21			19	22			19	23			19)24	
	Range for January	19 High	'	Range for De- cember	Range for January	19 High	21 Low	Range for De- cember	Range for January	High	Low	Range for De- cember	Range for January		23 Low	Range for De- cember	Range for January	High	Low	Rang to Oct ber

NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE

Statistics furnished by Mr. W. J. Gilpin, manager of the New York Clearing House Association, covering the year ended September 30, 1924, show capital stock of 40 member banks of \$312,650,000. No increase in the membership of the association is shown, but the increase in capital in the year was \$3,525,000. The amount of clearings in the year was \$235,498,649,045; balances aggregated, \$26,389,851,778; and the average daily clearings were \$774,666,609; the average daily balances, \$86,808,723; and the percentage of balances to clearings was 11.20.

The increase in aggregate clearings in the year was \$20,877,218,238, and the increase in aggregate balances was \$3,108,086,420. All balances of these associations since 1918 have been settled through

the Federal reserve bank of New York

CLEARING-HOUSE ASSOCIATIONS IN THE 12 FEDERAL RESERVE BANK CITIES AND ELSEWHERE

In the year ended September 30, 1924, the transactions of clearing-house associations in the 12 Federal reserve bank cities amounted to \$350,880,390,000, and show a gain in the year of \$23,589,660,000, while the transactions of associations in 21 other principal cities, each of which was in excess of \$1,000,000,000, amounted to \$57,053,377,000 and were \$2,108,376,000 greater than a year ago.

The transactions of associations in the Federal reserve bank cities and the 21 other principal cities aggregated \$407,933,767,000, and were equal to 92.97 per cent of the total transactions of 217 cities

throughout the United States, aggregating \$438,778,113,000.

Statements showing the transactions of associations in various cities throughout the United States, in the 12 Federal reserve bank cities, and 21 other principal cities, in years ended September 30, 1923 and 1924, with statistics relative to the activities of the New York Clearing House Association since 1854; in the year ended September 30, 1924, and since 1893, are published in the appendix to the report of the Comptroller of the Currency.

BANKS OTHER THAN NATIONAL-STATE (COMMERCIAL) BANKS

Statistics received through the cooperation of the banking departments of the several States show an increase in the resources of State (commercial) banks in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, of \$653,149,000 despite a reduction in the number of reporting banks of 607, due to consolidations, failures, and liquidations.

The loans and discounts of these banks amounted to \$8,865,968,000, an increase in the year of \$142,302,000, while overdrafts were reduced

in the year \$1,031,000, and amounted to \$40,089,000.

Investments in United States Government securities and other miscellaneous bonds and securities totaled \$2,718,155,000, an in-

crease of \$131,153,000.

Banking houses, furniture, and fixtures amounted to \$400,633,000, compared with \$353,702,000 a year ago, and other real estate owned, amounting to \$121,166,000, shows an increase in the year of \$14,824,000.

Balances due from other banks, including lawful reserve with Federal reserve banks and other authorized reserve agents, amounted to \$1,638,885,000, showing an increase in the year of \$79,830,000, and checks and other cash items (including exchanges for clearing house) of \$428,635,000, an increase of \$151,369,000. Cash on hand shows an increase of \$32,584,000, and amounted to \$346,641,000 June 30, 1924.

Other miscellaneous assets amounted to \$255,839,000, and were

\$55,187,000 in excess of the amount a year ago.

The paid-in capital stock of these banks, amounting to \$1,061,619,000, shows an increase in the year of \$20,206,000; surplus funds an increase of \$31,325,000, and undivided profits a reduc-

tion of \$8,621,000.

Total deposit liabilities amounted to \$12,312,713,000, an increase in the year of \$644,479,000. In the classification of deposit liabilities, balances due to other banks and bankers show an increase of \$20,556,000; certified checks and cashiers' checks an increase of \$7,638,000; individual deposits, consisting of time and demand deposits, an increase of \$625,091,000; and United States deposits a reduction of \$8,806,000.

By reason of the increase in deposits, liabilities for money borrowed show reductions. The amount of notes and bills rediscounted was \$24,966,000 less than a year ago, and the liability for bills payable

shows a reduction of \$36,815,000.

Other liabilities amounted to \$291,731,000, compared with \$264,-

190,000 June 30, 1923.

A summary of the resources and liabilities of these banks, with classifications of loans, investments, cash, and deposits, follows:

Summary of reports of condition of 17,436 State (commercial) banks in the United States and island possessions at the close of business June 30, 1924

[In thousands of dollars]

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts (including rediscounts): On demand (secured by collateral other than real estate) On demand (not secured by collateral) On time (secured by collateral other than real estate) On time (not secured by collateral) Secured by farm land Secured by other real estate Not classified	173, 814 53, 022 199, 680 329, 515 19, 252 246, 989	ţ
Total		8, 865, 968
Overdrafts		40, 089
Investments (including premiums on bonds):		
United States Government securities	462, 507	1.1
State, county, and municipal bonds	201, 513	
Railroad bonds Bonds of other public service corporations (including	61, 246	
street and interurban railway bonds)	102, 036	•
Other bonds, stocks, warrants, etc	1, 890, 853	
Total		2, 718, 155

Banking house (including furniture and fixtures) Other real estate owned Due from banks Lawful reserve with Federal reserve bank or other reserve agents Checks and other cash items Exchanges for clearing house Cash on hand: Gold coin Silver coin 11, 557 Paper currency 156, 889 Nickels and cents Nickels and cents 1, 012 Not classified 161, 066	
TotalOther resources	346, 641 255, 839
Total resources	14, 816, 011
Y T A DET SMYD O	
Capital stock paid in Surplus Undivided profits (less expenses and taxes paid) Due to all banks Certified checks and cashiers' checks Individual deposits (including dividends unpaid and postal savings): Demand deposits Individual deposits subject to check 3, 853, 205 Demand certificates of deposit 193, 472 Dividends unpaid 9, 836 Time deposits Savings deposits, or deposits in interest or savings department 2, 748, 465 Time certificates of deposit 1, 291, 685 Postal savings deposits 3, 897 Not classified 3, 654, 673	602, 786 208, 756 466, 373 83, 217
Total United States deposits (exclusive of postal savings) Notes and bills rediscounted Bills payable (including advances received from War Finance Corporation and certificates of deposit representing money borrowed) Other liabilities	105. 477
Total liabilities	14, 816, 011

LOAN AND TRUST COMPANIES

Returns were received as of June 30, 1924, from 1,664 loan and trust companies, with resources of \$10,323,777,000. The increase in the number of reporting banks was 21, and resources show a gain of \$824,518,000.

Loans and discounts of \$5,293,820,000 show an increase of \$234,-866,000, and overdrafts of \$5,196,000 were \$50,000 greater than a

year ago.

Investments in United States Government securities and other miscellaneous bonds and securities amounted to \$2,748,425,000,

compared with \$2,423,803,000 June 30, 1923.

The investment in banking houses, furniture, and fixtures was increased \$20,492,000 in the year and other real estate owned increased \$1,316,000.

Balances due from other trust companies and banks, including lawful reserve with Federal reserve banks and other authorized reserve agents, show an increase of \$119,941,000, and checks and other cash items, including exchanges for clearing house, an increase

of \$198,963,000. Cash in vault increased \$22,924,000, and amounted to \$146,362,000 June 30, 1924.

Other resources of \$300,807,000 show a reduction of \$98,656,000.

The paid-in capital stock of these companies was \$621,015,000, compared with \$591,431,000 a year ago; surplus shows an increase of

\$65,617,000 and undivided profits an increase of \$7,602,000.

Total deposit liabilities were \$843,035,000 greater than a year ago, and amounted to \$8,470,734,000 June 30, 1924. In the classification of deposits, bank balances show a reduction of \$106,326,000, certified checks and cashiers' checks outstanding an increase of \$3,185,000, individual deposits an increase of \$954,313,000, and United States deposits a reduction of \$8,137,000.

Liabilities for money borrowed on account of notes and bills rediscounted show a reduction of \$19,151,000 and bills payable a reduction of \$50,939,000.

Other liabilities not accounted for in the foregoing classification

were reduced from \$370,387,000 to \$319,157,000.

Summary of the resources and liabilities of these companies follows:

Summary of reports of condition of 1,664 loan and trust companies in the United States at the close of business June 30, 1924

[In thousands of dollars] RESOURCES

RESOURCES				
Loans and discounts (including rediscounts): On demand (secured by collateral other than real	•	·		
estate)	583, 488			
estate) On demand (not secured by collateral)	155, 136			
On time (secured by collateral other than real				
estate)	252, 626			
estate)On time (not secured by collateral)	726, 904 11, 233			
Secured by farm land	11, 233			
Secured by other real estate	692, 624			
Not classified	2, 871, 809			
Total		5	293,	820
Overdrafts.				196
Investments (including premiums on bonds):			ο,	100
United States Government securities	349, 574			
State, county, and municipal bonds				
Railroad bonds	254,772			
Bonds of other public service corporations (in-				
cluding street and interurban railway bonds)	173, 809			
Other bonds, stocks, warrants, etc				
m-4-1		0	740	405
Total		Z,	748,	
Banking house (including furniture and fixtures)			236,	104
Other real estate owned			440	423
Due from banks Lawful reserve with Federal reserve bank or other reserve	ro ocinta		440, 633,	202
Checks and other cash items	ve agents		446,	102
Exchanges for clearing house				905
Cash on hand:			30,	900
Gold coin	5, 045			
Silver coin	37 1 27			
Paper currencyNickels and cents	633			
Not classified.				
•				
Total			146,	
Other resources			300,	807
Total resources		10,	323,	777

LIABILITIES

, DIABIBITIES	
Capital stock paid inSurplus	621,015 $672,265$
Undivided profits (less expenses and taxes paid)	140, 948
Due to all banks	638, 348
Certified checks and cashiers' checks	30, 273
Individual deposits (including dividends unpaid and postal savings):	
Demand deposits—	
Individual deposits subject to check2, 507, 384	
Demand certificates of deposit 83, 788	
Dividends unpaid 6, 108	
Time deposits—	
Savings deposits, or deposits in interest or sav-	
ings department1, 590, 135	
Time certificates of deposit 155, 136	
Postal savings deposits 6, 220	
Not classified	
Total	7, 785, 331
United States deposits (exclusive of postal savings)	16,782
Notes and bills rediscounted	22, 082
Bills payable (including advances received from War Finance	
Corporation and certificates of deposit representing money	
borrowed)	77,576
Other nabilities	319, 157
7	10 000 555
Total liabilities	10, 323, 777

PRINCIPAL ITEMS OF RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF LOAN AND TRUST COMPANIES IN JUNE OF EACH YEAR, 1914 TO 1924

The principal items of resources and liabilities of loan and trust companies for years ended June 30, 1914 to 1924, inclusive, are shown in the statement following:

[In millions of dollars]

° Year	Number	Loans 1	Invest- ments	Capital	Surplus and profits	All deposits	Aggregate resources
1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1922 1923 1923	1, 564 1, 664 1, 606 1, 608 1, 669 1, 377 1, 408 1, 474 1, 550 1, 643 1, 664	2, 905. 7 3, 048. 6 3, 704. 3 4, 311. 7 4, 403. 8 4, 091. 0 4, 601. 5 4, 277. 1 4, 345. 4 5, 064. 1 5, 299. 0	1, 261. 3 1, 349. 6 1, 605. 4 1, 789. 7 2, 115. 6 2, 069. 9 1, 902. 1 1, 942. 6 2, 311. 1 2, 423. 8 2, 748. 4	462. 2 476. 8 475. 8 505. 5 525. 2 450. 4 475. 7 515. 5 532. 3 591. 4 621. 0	564. 4 577. 4 605. 5 641. 8 646. 9 588. 6 612. 1 649. 5 680. 2 739. 9 813. 2	4, 289. 1 4, 604. 0 5, 732. 4 6, 413. 1 6, 493. 3 6, 157. 2 6, 518. 0 6, 175. 0 6, 861. 2 6, 831. 0 7, 785. 3	5, 489. 5 5, 873. 1 7, 028. 2 7, 899. 8 8, 317. 4 7, 959. 9 8, 320. 0 8, 181. 0 8, 533. 9, 499. 2 10, 323. 8

¹ Includes overdrafts.

STOCK SAVINGS BANKS

The returns from stock savings banks show a reduction of 39 banks in the last year and an increase of \$132,701,000 in aggregate resources.

Loans and discounts show an increase of \$120,262,000, and over-drafts, a reduction of \$59,000.

The investments of these banks in bonds and securities were reduced in the year from \$370,077,000 to \$367,243,000.

Banking houses, furniture, and fixture investments show an increase of \$2,904,000, and other real estate owned, an increase of \$6,778,000.

Balances due from other banks and bankers show an increase of \$3,345,000 and checks and other cash items an increase of \$1,416,000

Cash in vault increased by \$4,259,000 and other miscellaneous

assets show a reduction of \$3,370,000.

The paid-in capital stock of these banks amounting to \$86,387,000, compares with \$81,120,000 a year ago; surplus funds were increased to the extent of \$2,968,000 and undivided profits to the amount of \$1,718,000.

Total deposit liabilities amounting to \$1,752,702,000, show an increase of \$128,250,000. In the classification of deposits, bank balances show a reduction of \$7,497,000; certified checks and cashiers' checks outstanding, a reduction of \$1,156,000; individual deposits, an increase of \$137,251,000, and United States deposits, a reduction of \$348,000.

Notes and bills rediscounted were reduced in the year \$8,910,000

and bills payable were increased \$6,743,000.

Other liabilities amounted to \$5,750,000 and show a reduction of \$3,335,000.

Summary of the resources and liabilities of these banks follows:

Summary of reports of condition of 990 stock savings banks in the United States at the close of business June 30, 1924

[In thousands of dollars]

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts (including rediscounts):		
On demand (secured by collateral other than real		
estate)	9, 581	
On demand (not secured by collateral)	1, 407	
On time (secured by collateral other than real estate)	4, 290	
On time (not secured by collateral)	11, 399	
Secured by farm land	3, 306	
Secured by other real estate	21, 829	
Not classified	1, 250, 298	
Total		1, 302, 110
Overdrafts		446
Investments (including premiums on bonds):		110
United States Government securities.	139, 084	
	5, 506	
State, county, and municipal bonds	11, 323	
Railroad bonds Bonds of other public service corporations (including	11, 525	
bonds of other public service corporations (including	E 791	
street and interurban railway bonds)	5, 731	
Other bonds, stocks, warrants, etc.	205, 599	
Total		367, 243
Banking house (including furniture and fixtures)		54, 610
Other real estate owned		17, 076
Due from banks		107. 641
Lawful reserve with Federal reserve bank or other reserve	agents	27, 254
Checks and other cash items		8, 923
Exchanges for clearing house		4, 756
Cash on hand:		,
Gold coin	3, 228	•
Gold coinSilver coin	72	
Paper currency		
Nickels and cents	3,000	
Not classified		
	<u> </u>	
Total	*	29, 113
Other resources		4, 212
Total resources		1, 923, 384
		_, = _, = 0 =

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	19, 043 957
Demand deposits—	
Individual deposits subject to check 15,824	
Demand certificates of deposit 717	
Dividends unpaid 78	
lime deposits—	
Savings deposits, or deposits in interest or savings	
department 1, 411, 502	
Time certificates of deposit 4, 103	
Postal savings deposits	
Not classified 314, 199	
Total	1 746 609
TotalUnited States deposits (exclusive of postal savings)	4, 310
Notes and bills rediscounted	49
Bills payable (including advances received from War Finance Cor-	
poration and certificates of deposit representing money borrowed)	
Other liabilities	5, 750
Total liabilities	1, 923, 384

MUTUAL SAVINGS BANKS

The aggregate resources of 613 mutual savings banks June 30, 1924, were \$7,364,656,000, and show a reduction of 5 in the number of reporting banks, but an increase in resources of \$459,831,000.

Loans and discounts were increased in the year from \$3,360,898,000 to \$3,775,746,000; investments in bonds and securities, \$3,217,543,-000, show an increase of \$30,671,000; banking houses, an increase of \$10,671,000, and other real estate owned, a reduction of \$1,801,000.

Balances due from other banks and bankers were increased to the extent of \$26,892,000, and checks and other cash items declined to the amount of \$41,000.

Cash on hand (\$40,297,000) shows an increase of \$886,000 and

other resources a reduction of \$22,295,000.

Surplus funds amounted to \$558,786,000 and were \$62,273,000 greater than a year ago, while undivided profits show a reduction

in the year of \$8,119,000.

Total deposits of \$6,693,395,000 were \$404,492,000 more than a year ago. Individual deposits, which constitute the bulk of deposit liabilities of these banks, show an increase in the year of \$404,695,000; balances due to other banks show a reduction of \$186,000, and certified checks and cashiers' checks, a reduction of \$17,000.

These banks had no liabilities incident to the rediscount of paper, and the amount of money borrowed represented by bills payable, was reduced in the year from \$269,000 to \$248,000. Other liabilities

show an increase of \$1,206,000.

Summary of the resources and liabilities of these banks follows:

Summary of reports of condition of 613 mutual savings banks in the United States at the close of business June 30, 1924

[In thousands of dollars]

RESOURCES .

Loans and discounts (including rediscounts): On demand (secured by collateral other than real		
estate) On time (secured by collateral other than real	5, 417	
estate) On time (not secured by collateral)	12, 273	
Secured by farm land	17, 367 544	
Secured by other real estate	2, 192, 606	
-		
Total		3, 775, 746
United States Government securities	1, 167, 455	
State, county, and municipal bondsRailroad bonds		
Bonds of other public service corporations (includ-		
ing street and interurban railway bonds) Other bonds, stocks, warrants, etc	214, 072 215, 561	
		2 217 542
TotalBanking house (including furniture and fixtures)		3, 217, 543 66, 321
Other real estate owned Due from banks		5, 481 208, 547
Checks and other cash items		787
Exchanges for clearing house		485
Gold coin	1. 244	
Silver coin Paper currency	77 4, 944	•
Nickels and cents	´ 14	
Not classified	34, 018	•
Total		40, 297
Other resources	-	49, 449
Total resources		7, 364, 656
LIABILITIES		
SurplusUndivided profits (less expenses and taxes paid)		558, 786 99, 854
Due to all banks		131
Certified checks and cashiers' checks Individual deposits (including dividends unpaid and		18
postal savings):		
Demand deposits— Individual deposits subject to check	6, 420	• • •
Time deposits— Savings deposits, or deposits in interest or		
savings department	6, 685, 967	·
Time certificates of deposit Not classified		
		e eoo oae
TotalBills payable (including advances received from War		6, 693, 246
Finance Corporation and certificates of deposit repre-	-	248
senting money borrowed) Other liabilities		12, 373
Total liabilities		7, 364, 656
		•

DEPOSITORS AND DEPOSITS IN MUTUAL AND STOCK SAVINGS BANKS

The combined individual deposits in mutual and stock savings banks, June 30, 1924, were \$8,439,855,000, and represented 28.75 per cent of the total deposits of all reporting banks other than national. The increase in these deposits in the year was \$541,946,000, and the number of depositors were increased in the same period from 13,340,333 to 13,971,793.

The average amount due each depositor in the mutual savings banks was \$642.98, compared with \$625.26 in 1923, and the average amount due each depositor in the stock savings banks was increased from \$490.22 in 1923 to \$490.34 in 1924. The range of interest credited to savings accounts by these banks is from 3 to 5 per cent.

Statements showing information relative to these banks in each State, as of June 30, 1923 and 1924, and since June 30, 1914, follow:

Number of mutual savings banks, number of depositors, individual deposits, and average deposit account, by States, June 30, 1923 and 1924

[In thousands of dollars]

			1923		·		1924			
States	Number of banks	Depositors	Deposits	Average due each depositor	Per cent rate of in- terest paid	Number of banks	Depositors	Deposits	Average due each depositor	Per cent rate of in- terest paid
Maine New Hampshire Vermont. Massachusetts Rhode Island Connecticut.	40 44 19 196 1 14 79	233, 187 239, 009 121, 934 2, 728, 776 200, 163 761, 968	108, 092 132, 481 74, 164 1, 413, 211 131, 844 450, 829	463. 54 554. 29 608. 23 517. 89 658. 68 591. 66	4.00 4.00 4.56 4.57 4.17 4.50	37 42 19 196 1 14 78	231, 844 237, 541 125, 987 2, 784, 227 212, 945 796, 586	107, 470 135, 665 78, 758 1, 509, 775 140, 305 480, 728	463. 54 571. 12 625. 13 542. 26 658. 88 603. 49	4. 00 4. 07 4. 45 4. 58 4. 17 4. 37
Total New England States	392	4, 285, 037	2, 310, 621	539. 23		386	4, 389, 130	2, 452, 701	558, 81	
New York. New Jersey. Pennsylvania. Delaware. Maryland.	145 26 9 2	4, 113, 547 377, 758 519, 795 43, 522 289, 114	3, 044, 130 196, 845 322, 040 20, 105 140, 105	740. 03 521. 09 619. 55 461. 95 484. 60	4. 00 3. 83 3. 93 4. 00 3. 75	148 27 9 2 17	4, 311, 954 396, 180 527, 735 44, 715 295, 885	3, 372, 854 206, 405 337, 588 21, 054 146, 785	759. 25 520. 99 639. 69 470. 85 496. 09	4. 16 3. 92 3. 93 4. 00 4. 00
Total Eastern States	199	5, 343, 736	3, 723, 225	696. 75		203	5, 576, 469	3, 985, 686	714.73	
Ohio Indiana Wisconsin	3 5 7 2 9	99, 786 32, 588 13, 666 143, 809	67, 632 17, 318 4, 736 65, 907	677. 77 531. 42 316. 55 458. 30	4. 00 4. 00 3. 50 4. 00	3 5 6 7	97, 859 33, 241 14, 757 145, 884	71, 891 18, 072 5, 234 55, 363	734, 64 543, 67 354, 68 379, 50	3, 81 4, 25 4, 00 4, 00
Total Middle Western States	24	289, 849	155, 593	536.81		21	291, 741	150, 560	516. 06	
Washington	2 1	67, 051 71, 763	23, 624 75, 488	352, 33 1, 051, 91	5. 00 4. 00	2 1	83, 684 68, 752	29, 054 75, 245	347. 19 1, 094. 44	5. 00 . 4. 00
Total Pacific States	3	138, 814	99, 112	713. 99		3	152, 436	104, 299	684. 21	,
Total United States.	618	10, 057, 436	6, 288, 551	625. 26		613	10, 409, 776	6, 693, 246	642. 98	

¹ Includes business of branches.

Includes stock savings banks.

Number of stock savings banks, number of depositors, individual deposits, and average deposit account, by States, June 30, 1923 and 1924 [In thousands of dollars]

,			1923	-				1924		
States 1	Number of banks	Depositors	Deposits	A verage due each depositor	Per cent rate of in- terest paid	Number of banks	Depositors	Deposits	A verage due each depositor	Per cent rate of in- terest paid
New Hampshire	11	35, 388	15, 984	451. 68	3. 95	11	36, 577	16, 922	462. 64	4. 00
New Jersey Pennsylvania District of Columbia	1 28	43, 200 4, 280 100, 299	22, 419 2, 044 29, 110	518. 96 477. 57 290. 23	3. 50 3. 00 3. 36	1 1 25	45, 419 4, 235 105, 442	21, 958 2, 086 29, 505	483. 45 492. 56 279. 82	3. 50 3. 00 .3. 00
Total Eastern States	30	147, 779	53, 573	362. 52		27	155, 096	53, 549	345. 26	
Florida	2	2, 500	1, 302	520. 80	4. 00	2	2 2, 550	1, 333	522. 75	4, 00
Michigan Minnesota Iowa	³ 4 891	19, 597 4 977, 340	11, 103	566. 57 393. 30	3. 75 4. 28	4 2 855	21, 035 20, 296 2 983, 400	12, 577 11, 364 386, 787	597. 91 559. 91 393. 32	3, 75 3, 79 4, 00
Total Middle Western States	895	996, 937	395, 489	396. 70		861	1, 024, 731	410, 728	400. 82	
Wyoming	2 2	1, 875 2, 021	1, 159 769	618. 13 380. 50	4. 00 4. 50	2 1	1, 956 1, 202	1, 271 255	649. 80 212. 15	4. 00 4. 00
Total Western States	4	3, 896	1,928	494. 87		3	3, 158	1, 526	483. 22	
Oregon California Utah	6 6 76 3	8, 268 2, 015, 182 67, 362 3, 253	4, 234 1, 114, 091 18, 420 3, 160	512. 09 552. 85 273. 45 971. 41	3. 50 4. 00 3. 80 4. 00	\$ 9 6 69 3	17, 900 2, 237, 781 68, 426	8, 982 1, 228, 356 19, 129	501. 79 548. 92 279. 56	4. 00 4. 00 3. 81
Nevada	1	² 2, 332	3, 100 1, 177	504. 72	4.00	5	15, 798	6, 084	385. 11	4.00
Total Pacific States	87	2, 096, 397	1, 141, 082	544. 31		86	2, 339, 905	1, 262, 551	539. 57	
Total United States	1, 029	3, 282, 897	1, 609, 358	490. 22		990	3, 562, 017	1, 746, 609	490. 34	

¹ No separate returns received from stock savings banks in any other States.

2 Estimated.

3 Returns as of June 23, 1923.

4 Partially estimated.

Includes trust companies.
 Includes savings business of departmental banks.
 No stock savings bank in 1924.

Number of savings banks (mutual and stock) in the United States, number of depositors, amount of individual deposits, and average amount due each depositor in years ended June 30, 1914 to 1924, inclusive

Year	Banks	Depositors	Deposits 1	A verage due each depositor
1914—Mutual savings banks	634	8, 277, 359	\$3, 915, 555, 286	\$473.04
Stock savings banks	1,466	2, 832, 140	1, 018, 330, 071	359. 56
i915—Mutuai savings danks	030	8, 307, 787	3, 950, 585, 631	475. 53
Stock savings banks	1, 529	2, 977, 968	1, 046, 096, 917	351.28
1916—Mutual savings banks	622	8, 592, 271	4, 187, 916, 941	487.40
Stock savings banks	1, 242	2, 556, 121	901, 936, 188	352. 85
1917—Mutual savings banks		8, 935, 055	4, 422, 489, 344	494.96
Stock savings banks	1, 185	2, 431, 958	996, 165, 031	409.61
1918—Mutual savings banks	625	9, 011, 464	4, 422, 092, 991	490.72
	. 1, 101	2, 368, 089	1,049,694,890	443.27
1919—Mutual savings banks	622	8, 948, 808	4, 751, 300, 000	530. 94
Stock savings banks		2, 486, 073	1, 152, 127, 000	463. 48
1920—Mutual savings banks	620	9, 445, 327	5, 186, 952, 000	549.16
Stock savings banks	1,087	1, 982, 229	1, 351, 242, 000	681. 68
1921—Mutual savings banks		9, 619, 260	5, 575, 147, 000	579. 58
Stock savings banks	978	1, 118, 583	442, 851, 000	395. 90
1922—Mutual savings banks		9, 655, 861	5, 779, 506, 000	598. 5
Stock savings banks		2, 883, 136	1, 401, 742, 000	486. 19
1923—Mutual savings banks	618	10, 057, 436	6, 288, 551, 000	625. 20
Stock savings banks	1,029	3, 282, 897	1, 609, 358, 000	
1924—Mutual savings banks		10, 409, 776	6, 693, 246, 000	642. 98
Stock savings banks	990	3, 562, 017	1, 746, 609, 000	490. 34

¹ Dividends unpaid included.

PRIVATE BANKS

The returns from private banks, including individual statements received from these banks in the States of Texas, Michigan, and Iowa, where they are not subject to State supervision, show the condition of 560 banks, with total resources of \$150,943,000. The reduction in the number of reporting banks in the year was 44 and the reduction in resources was \$14,573,000.

The reduction in the number of reporting banks, due in part to failures and incomplete returns from banks not subject to State supervision, is reflected in the statistics with respect to these banks for the last year, which show reductions in all items of assets and liabilities, with the exception of capital stock, which shows an increase of \$1,659,000; liabilities for money borrowed on account of bills payable show an increase of \$44,000, and other miscellaneous liabilities, an increase of \$322,000.

Summary of the resources and liabilities of these banks follows:

Summary of reports of condition of 560 private banks in the United States at the close of business June 30, 1924

[In thousands of dollars]

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts (including rediscounts): On demand (secured by collateral other than real estate) On demand (not secured by collateral) On time (secured by collateral other than real estate) On time (not secured by collateral) Secured by farm land Secured by other real estate Not classified	1, 306 5, 176 6, 774 4, 080 3, 669	
TotalOverdrafts		75,

516

Investments (including premiums on bonds): United States Government securities 13, 96 State, county, and municipal bonds 1, 40 Railroad bonds 46 Bonds of other public service corporation (including street and interurban railway bonds) 11, 40 Other bonds, stocks, warrants, etc 7, 80	9 7 7 2
Total Banking house (including furniture and fixtures) Other real estate owned Due from banks Lawful reserve with Federal reserve bank or other reserve agents Checks and other cash items Exchanges for clearing house Cash on hand: Gold coin Silver coin Paper currency Silver coin Paper currency Silver coin Silver coin Silver coin Silver coin Silver currency Silver currency Silver coin Silver currency Silver curre	- 4, 652 - 20, 438 - 3, 561 - 441 - 155 7 9 8
TotalOther resources	1, 956
Total resources	_ 150, 943
LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	_ 1.482
Certified checks and cashiers' checks	_ 188
Individual deposits subject to check 42, 51 Demand certificates of deposit 11, 65 Dividends unpaid 11, 65 Time deposits—Savings deposits, or deposits in interest or savings de-	3 8
Savings deposits, or deposits in interest or savings de- partment	
TotalUnited States deposits (exclusive of postal savings)	120, 519
Bills payable (including advances received from War Finance Corporation and certificates of deposit representing money borrowed)	- 894 - 2, 976
Other liabilities	_ 3, 624
Total liabilities	_ 150, 943

ALL REPORTING BANKS OTHER THAN NATIONAL

Returns were received as of June 30, 1924, from the State banking departments of the several States, and from individual private banks not under State supervision, relative to 21,263 banks, showing a reduction in the number of reporting banks since June 30, 1923, of Notwithstanding this reduction in the number of banks, aggregate resources of \$34,578,771,000, June 30, 1924, were greater by \$2,055,626,000 than a year ago.

Loans and discounts show an increase of \$901,385,000, and investments in bonds and other securities, an increase of \$483,573,000. Capital stock shows an increase of \$56,716,000; surplus and un-

divided profits, \$150,037,000; and individual deposits, \$2,110,203,000.

Liabilities for money borrowed on account of notes and bills rediscounted and bills payable were reduced \$53,403,000 and \$80,988,000, respectively.

Summary of the resources and liabilities of these banks, as of

June 30, 1924, follows:

Summary of reports of condition of 21,263 State, savings, private banks, and loan and trust companies in the United States, Alaska, and insular possessions at the close of business June 30, 1924

[In thousands of dollars]

RESOURCES		
Loans and discounts (including rediscounts): On demand (secured by collateral other than real		
estate)	773, 391	
On demand (not secured by collateral)	210, 871	
On time (secured by collateral other than real	,	
estate)	474, 045	
On time (not secured by collateral)	1, 091, 959	
Secured by farm land	38 415	
Secured by other real estate	3. 157, 717	
Secured by other real estateNot classified	13, 566, 762	
Total	-0,000,000	10 212 160
Overdrafts Investments (including premiums on bonds):		46, 259
Thirty States Communities on bonds):	9 120 500	
United States Government securities	2, 132, 586	
State, county, and municipal bonds	895, 694	
Railroad bonds	1, 336, 661	
Bonds of other public service corporation (including		
street and interurban railway bonds)	507, 055	,
Other bonds, stocks, warrants, etc	4, 214, 421	
TotalBanking house (including furniture and fixtures)		9, 086, 417
Banking house (including furniture and fixtures)		763, 103
Other real estate owned		189, 798
Due from banks Lawful reserve with Federal reserve bank or other reserve		1, 810, 162
Lawful reserve with Federal reserve bank or other reserve	re agents	1, 270, 138
Checks and other cash items		729, 397
Exchanges for clearing house		191, 793
Cash on hand:		
Gold coin	25, 861	
Silver coin	15, 809	,
Paper currency	252, 834	
Nickels and cents	1, 689	
Nickels and cents Not classified	270, 088	
Total		566 281
Other resources		612, 263
Total resources		
Total resources		34, 378, 771
LIABILITIES		
Capital stock paid in		1, 780, 192
SurplusUndivided profits (less expenses and taxes paid)		1, 886, 781
Undivided profits (less expenses and taxes paid)		470, 074
Due to all banks		1, 107, 291
Certified checks and cashiers' checks		114, 522
Individual deposits (including dividends unpaid and post	al savings):	
Demand deposits—	0,	
Individual deposits subject to check	6, 425, 349	
Demand certificates of deposit	289, 630	•
Dividends unpaid	16, 030	•
Time deposits—		
Savings deposits, or deposits in interest or		
savings department	12, 448, 257	*
Time certificates of deposit	1, 472, 384	
Postal savings deposits	10. 303	
Not classified	7, 438, 985	
TO 1 1	., -55, 500	00 100 000

United States deposits (exclusive of postal savings) Notes and bills rediscounted	128, 502
Bills payable (including advances received from War Finance Corporation and certificates of deposit representing money borrowed) Other liabilities	328,852
Total liabilities	

The resources and liabilities of each class of reporting banks, June 30, 1924, are shown in the following statement:

Resources and liabilities of 21,263 State (commercial) banks, loan and trust companies, savings and private banks, June 30, 1924

[In thousands of dollars]

		·			,	,
	17, 436 State (com- mercial) banks	1, 664 loan and trust companies	613 mutual savings banks	990 stock savings banks	560 private banks	21, 263 total banks
RESOURCES				····		
Loans and discounts	8, 865, 968 40, 089	5, 293, 820 5, 196	3, 775, 746	1, 302, 110 446	75, 516 528	19, 313, 160 46, 259
Investments (including premiums on bonds) Banking house (including furniture	2, 718, 155	2, 748, 425	3, 217, 543	367, 243	35, 051	9, 086, 417
and fixtures) Other real estate owned	400, 633 121, 166	236, 762 41, 423	66, 321 5, 481	54, 610 17, 076	4, 777 4, 652	763, 103 189, 798
Due from banksLawful reserve with Federal reserve	1, 032, 954	440, 582	208, 547	107, 641	20, 438	1, 810, 162
bank or other reserve agents Checks and other cash items Exchanges for clearing house	605, 931 273, 143 155, 492	633, 392 446, 103 30, 905	787 485	27, 254 8, 923 4, 756	3, 561 441 155	1, 270, 138 729, 397 191, 793
Cash on hand Other resources	346, 641 255, 839	146, 362 300, 807	40, 297 49, 449	29, 113 4, 212	3, 868 1, 956	566, 281 612, 263
Total resources	14, 816, 011	10, 323, 777	7, 364, 656	1, 923, 384	150, 943	34, 578, 771
LIABILITIES						*:
Capital stock paid in Surplus Undivided profits (less expenses and	1, 061, 619 602, 786	621, 015 672, 265	558, 786	86, 387 44, 330	11, 171 8, 614	1, 780, 192 1, 886, 781
Due to all banks	208, 756 466, 373	140, 948 638, 348	99, 854 131	19, 043 957	1,473 1,482	470, 074 1, 107, 291
Certified checks and casheirs' checks. Individual deposits (including divi-	83, 217	30, 273	18	826	188	114, 522
dends unpaid and postal savings) United States deposits (exclusive of postal savings)	11, 755, 233 7, 890	7, 785, 331	6, 693, 246	1, 746, 609 4, 310	120, 519	28, 100, 938
Notes and bills rediscounted Bills payable (including advances received from War Finance Cor-	105, 477	22, 082		49	894	128, 502
poration and certificates of de- posit representing money bor-						
rowed)Other liabilities	232, 929 291, 731	77, 576 319, 157	12, 373	15, 123 5, 750	2, 976 3, 624	328, 852 632, 635
Total liabilities	14, 816, 011	10, 323, 777	7, 364, 656	1, 923, 384	150, 943	34, 578, 771

PRINCIPAL ITEMS OF RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF ALL REPORTING BANKS OTHER THAN NATIONAL, ON OR ABOUT JUNE 30, 1919–1924

The principal items of resources and liabilities of reporting banks other than national, for years ended on or about June 30, 1919 to 1924 are shown in the statement following.

Consolidated returns from State (commercial), savings, private banks, and loan and trust companies [In thousands of dollars]

Items 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 17, 263, 796 7, 201, 060 626, 027 1, 478, 473 1, 853, 435 23, 609, 798 29, 667, 855 Loans 1. 14, 061, 698 16, 761, 088 16, 501, 393 18, 459, 327 19, 359, 419 16, 501, 395 7, 984, 242 503, 711 1, 636, 734 . 2, 090, 012 23, 929, 952 29, 719, 357 9, 086, 417 566, 281 1, 780, 192 2, 356, 855 28, 100, 938 34, 578, 771 7, 177, 605 572, 898 1, 318, 762 1, 653, 440 20, 774, 154 26, 380, 529 8, 602, 844 505, 993 1, 723, 476 2, 206, 818 25, 990, 735 32, 523, 145 Investments.... 7, 356, 842 572, 218 Cash... 1, 630, 081 1, 930, 364 22, 438, 941 29, 153, 528 Capital ... Surplus and undivided profits. Deposits (individual) Resources.....

RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF ALL REPORTING BANKS IN EACH STATE, ALASKA, AND INSULAR POSSESSIONS

The number of reporting banks in the United States, Alaska, and the insular possessions June 30, 1924, shows a reduction in the year of 830, but aggregate resources amounted to \$57,144,690,000, a gain of \$3,109,779,000.

Loans and discounts show an increase in the year of \$1,011,140,000

and overdrafts were curtailed to the extent of \$1,648,000.

Investments in bonds and securities show an increase of \$556,198,000; banking houses, furniture, and fixtures, an increase of \$119,733,000; and other real estate owned, an increase of \$38,309,000.

Balances due from other banks and bankers, including lawful reserve with Federal reserve banks, of national banks and member State banks and trust companies, aggregated \$6,121,093,000, an increase in the year of \$523,943,000; checks and other cash items show an increase of \$357,060,000, and exchanges for clearing house an increase of \$439,235,000.

Cash in vault amounted to \$911,500,000, and was \$114,399,000 in excess of the amount June 30, 1923. Resources other than those

referred to show a reduction of \$48,590,000.

The paid-in capital of these banks was \$3,114,203,000, or \$61,836,000 greater than a year ago; surplus funds show a gain of

\$167,865,000 and undivided profits a gain of \$17,585,000.

total deposit liabilities of these banks amounted to \$47,699,572,000, an increase of \$3,458,617,000. The only deposits showing a reduction were United States deposits, which were reduced \$86,137,000. Balances $\mathbf{due} \quad \mathbf{to}$ other banks were \$318,081,000. Increases are shown in the amount of certified checks and cashiers' checks outstanding of \$306,747,000, and in individual deposits, consisting of time and demand deposits of \$2,919,926,000.

The ability of these banks, as a whole, to meet the demands made upon them without recourse to unnecessary borrowings is disclosed by the substantial reductions in liabilities for money borrowed. Notes and bills rediscounted show a reduction in the year of \$209,426,000 and bills payable a reduction of \$308,062,000.

bilities other than those referred to were reduced \$88,321,000.

The population, number of reporting banks, resources and liabilities, with classifications of loans and discounts, investments, cash, and deposits, of the banks in each State, with recapitulation by classes of banks, June 30, 1924, are shown in the following statement:

¹ Including overdrafts.

COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY

Assets and liabilities of all reporting banks in the United States, Alaska, and insular possessions, June, 1924
[Includes national, State (commercial) banks, loan and trust companies, savings, and private banks]

	Resources (in thousands of dollars)													
States and Territories, etc.	Population (approxi- mate)	Num- ber of banks	Loans and discounts, including redis- counts and accept- ances	Over- drafts	Invest- ments	Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	Other real estate owned	Due from banks	Lawful reserve with Federal reserve banks or other reserve agents	Checks and other cash items	Ex- changes for clearing house	Cash on hand	Other resources	Aggregate resources
Maine New Hampshire Vermont Massachusetts Rhode Island Connecticut	776, 000 450, 000 355, 000 4, 136, 000 639, 000 1, 513, 000	150 123 105 448 45 222	167, 319 119, 371 144, 246 2, 203, 387 216, 790 501, 785	124 66 66 385 44 220	203, 459 125, 950 61, 063 1, 006, 953 209, 510 435, 884	4, 381 3, 494 2, 407 57, 864 5, 713 19, 393	1,614 82 764 6,362 125 4,067	16, 065 8, 020 9, 487 133, 897 10, 229 34, 649	4, 662 2, 761 2, 032 123, 667 18, 995 12, 868	506 524 522 24,622 402 5,442	451 192 28, 728 2, 532 1, 769	5, 158 2, 740 2, 057 32, 487 9, 434 23, 262	886 384 4, 207 24, 072 4, 510 2, 890	404, 625 263, 584 226, 851 3, 642, 424 478, 284 1, 042, 229
Total New England States	7, 869, 000	1,093	3, 352, 898	905	2, 042, 819	93, 252	13, 014	212, 347	164, 985	32, 018	33, 672	75, 138	36, 949	6, 057, 997
New York New Jersey Pennsylvania Delaware Maryland District of Columbia	3, 674, 000 9, 140, 000 230, 000	1, 120 479 1, 650 61 250 46	7, 680, 537 970, 318 2, 559, 853 59, 547 394, 675 140, 281	1, 925 162 748 74 162 114	4, 015, 572 682, 473 2, 002, 735 44, 861 . 255, 594 55, 671	196, 247 44, 269 156, 190 3, 515 15, 937 19, 058	5, 112 5, 516 32, 074 763 5, 277 1, 435	436, 749 88, 416 302, 270 5, 861 42, 238 17, 563	873, 522 58, 814 257, 148 5, 207 39, 525 7, 334	659, 635 6, 516 19, 487 172 2, 784 2, 311	689, 371 8, 943 61, 062 486 12, 905 4, 724	141, 739 31, 064 91, 669 1, 761 8, 684 5, 513	428, 027 13, 822 43, 418 1, 216 4, 665 1, 655	15, 128, 436 1, 910, 313 5, 526, 654 123, 463 782, 446 255, 659
Total Eastern States	26, 525, 000	3, 606	11, 805, 211	3, 185	7, 056, 906	435, 216	50, 177	893, 097	1, 241, 550	690, 905	777, 491	280, 430	492, 803	23, 726, 971
Virginia. West Virginia. North Carolina South Carolina. Georgia. Florida. Alabama Mississippi. Louisiana Texas. Arkansas Kentucky. Tennessee.	2, 480, 000 2, 398, 000	523 350 618 411 656 299 362 357 251 1,533 485 612 569	438, 766 303, 050 331, 689 194, 238 321, 611 189, 655 191, 770 146, 193 307, 259 692, 715 169, 701 343, 563 321, 729	339 513 600 1,097 505 163 183 1,653 1,381 2,140 581 876 789	71, 987 65, 022 37, 908 30, 352 33, 843 62, 952 41, 571 36, 858 46, 990 142, 260 22, 039 88, 157 50, 212	18, 056 15, 071 16, 806 7, 772 15, 945 10, 691 7, 988 4, 790 21, 488 40, 614 7, 560 11, 657 16, 141	3, 418 2, 188 2, 858 4, 543 7, 229 1, 952 3, 146 1, 729 4, 536 16, 489 3, 632 1, 684 3, 815	46, 876 33, 880 46, 589 26, 903 44, 145 59, 722 36, 209 29, 094 52, 028 155, 053 31, 415 47, 396 55, 981	13, 258 7, 784 6, 939 4, 984 16, 350 7, 975 7, 212 2, 932 14, 645 40, 976 6, 773 12, 069 9, 274	3, 624 1, 011 1, 625 1, 524 1, 641 2, 448 796 598 2, 579 5, 180 792 1, 699 5, 682	5, 671 2, 129 3, 445 1, 084 4, 591 667 2, 224 625 8, 873 6, 196 1, 280 2, 917 1, 683	10, 124 8, 692 9, 642 4, 378 7, 798 8, 242 8, 090 4, 216 8, 140 30, 237 5, 529 9, 698 8, 788	15, 834 1, 691 1, 316 5, 160 4, 382 2, 296 1, 730 3, 087 1, 386 12, 866 12, 516 12, 478	627, 953 441, 031 459, 417 282, 035 458, 040 346, 763 300, 1775 469, 305 1, 144, 726 250, 679 522, 232 486, 572
Total Southern States.	30, 350, 000	7, 026	3, 951, 939	10, 820	730, 151	194, 579	57, 219	665, 291	151, 171	29, 199	41, 385	123, 574	66, 119	6, 021, 447

		Resources (in thousands of dollars)													
States and Territories, etc.	Population (approxi- mate)	Num- ber of banks	Loans and discounts, including redis- counts and accept- ances	Over- drafts	Invest- ments	Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	Other real estate owned	Due from banks	Lawful reserve with Federal reserve banks or other reserve agents	Checks and other cash items	Ex- changes for clearing house	Cash on hand	Other re- sources	Aggregate resources	
Ohio Indiana Illinois Michigan Wisconsin Minnesota Iowa Missouri	6, 160, 000 3, 050, 000 6, 870, 000 4, 015, 000 2, 850, 000 2, 550, 000 2, 495, 000 3, 425, 000	1, 107 1, 108 1, 906 770 993 1, 422 1, 692 1, 612	1, 620, 854 593, 292 2, 306, 458 640, 498 591, 759 648, 241 849, 150 798, 174	824 842 1, 802 2, 297 644 1, 245 1, 315 1, 233	581, 055 236, 627 799, 138 731, 568 181, 229 228, 723 80, 589 334, 705	84, 904 34, 909 85, 232 49, 600 25, 896 23, 517 29, 941 32, 278	18, 813 6, 051 10, 438 7, 165 4, 709 17, 395 22, 799 11, 602	130, 162 98, 285 423, 570 50, 141 39, 023 126, 036 109, 863 212, 407	155, 459 17, 000 197, 820 140, 980 75, 558 30, 573 16, 621 25, 983	5, 526 6, 599 15, 089 10, 159 2, 506 7, 394 2, 197 15, 666	28, 679 3, 380 111, 586 22, 621 6, 213 8, 035 1, 701 10, 022	50, 029 25, 390 71, 209 31, 228 17, 948 28, 902 24, 833 22, 336	49, 605 3, 631 26, 505 23, 710 2, 509 5, 018 2, 941 25, 884	2,725,910 1,026,006 4,048,847 1,709,967 947,994 1,125,079 141,950 1,490,290	
Total Middle Western States	31, 415, 000	10, 610	8, 048, 426	10, 202	3, 173, 634	366, 277	98, 972	1, 189, 487	659, 994	65, 136	192, 237	271, 875	139, 803	14, 216, 043	
North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Kansas Montana Wyoming Colorado New Mexico Oklahoma	662, 000 1, 330, 000 1, 832, 000 620, 000 214, 000 995, 000 374, 000	687 553 1, 100 1, 293 248 116 342 76 808	131, 909 148, 227 357, 422 324, 082 78, 164 52, 811 178, 500 26, 023 242, 375	232 586 1, 402 931 310 130 338 39 615	17, 864 14, 959 39, 865 54, 027 27, 132 8, 907 81, 463 4, 809 67, 739	6, 186 6, 290 14, 339 16, 540 4, 929 2, 343 7, 287 1, 621 15, 465	8, 014 8, 175 11, 259 7, 157 3, 216 721 2, 627 854 5, 191	6, 963 28, 868 78, 508 64, 907 21, 984 10, 456 38, 388 4, 795 66, 349	9, 800 3, 334 12, 242 10, 585 3, 173 2, 530 28, 279 1, 309 20, 437	630 1, 126 1, 658 1, 321 1, 425 471 3, 784 248 2, 138	238 185 3,006 2,404 242 505 2,864 115 3,573	2, 953 4, 277 13, 790 11, 478 5, 453 2, 536 9, 288 1, 342 8, 921	1, 524 4, 150 1, 252 2, 393 1, 132 510 1, 317 384 1, 003	186, 313 220, 177 534, 743 495, 825 147, 160 81, 920 354, 135 41, 629 433, 806	
Total Western States	8, 907, 000	5, 223	1, 539, 513	4, 583	316, 765	75, 000	47, 214	321, 218	91, 779	12, 801	13, 132	60, 038	13, 665	2, 495, 708	
Washington Oregon. California Idaho Utah Nevada Arizona	1, 465, 000 832, 000 3, 892, 000 474, 000 485, 000 78, 000 394, 000	381 277 675 177 116 34 63	267, 493 166, 317 1, 915, 840 53, 545 95, 045 23, 676 46, 743	218 296 2, 453 125 323 89 70	119, 197 71, 564 626, 291 16, 323 26, 740 6, 647 11, 230	15, 744 8, 935 92, 254 3, 404 3, 877 1, 485 2, 034	3, 656 2, 604 12, 586 2, 303 2, 835 385 1, 946	48, 419 24, 326 221, 719 12, 537 17, 582 6, 011 11, 723	17, 917 20, 262 111, 026 3, 197 4, 901 766 1, 260	1, 975 1, 233 36, 307 531 734 111 410	5, 972 3, 389 46, 340 173 1, 930 43 475	10, 316 7, 728 53, 304 2, 536 1, 923 1, 485 3, 522	2, 964 4, 269 39, 714 431 772 295 1, 174	493, 871 310, 923 3, 157, 834 95, 105 156, 662 40, 993 80, 587	
Total Pacific States	7, 620, 000	1, 723	2, 568, 659	3, 574	877, 992	127, 733	26, 315	342, 317	159, 329	41, 301	58, 322	80, 814	49, 619	4, 335, 975	

Alaska The Territory of Hawaii Porto Rico Philippines 1		17 22 17 11	4, 477 42, 766 32, 889 80,939	13. 1, 125 233 21, 694	3, 273 17, 212 4, 282 5, 711	300 1, 311 1, 012 1, 151	170 458 322 567	11, 250		1, 126 2, 040 417	1, 083	957 4, 059 3, 929 10, 686	5, 371 981 11, 35 9	10, 723 84, 678 52, 268 142, 880
Total Alaska and in- sular possessions	12, 509, 000	67	161, 071	23, 065	30, 478	3, 774	1, 517	28, 528		3, 649	1, 122	19, 631	17, 714	290, 549
Total United States, Alaska, and insular possessions	125, 195, 000	29, 348	31, 427, 717	56, 334	14, 228, 745	1, 295, 831	294, 428	3, 652, 285	2, 468, 808	875, 009	1, 117, 361	911, 500	816, 672	57, 144, 690

¹ Figures for June 30, 1923.

RECAPITULATION

		Resources (in thousands of dollars)													
States and Territories, etc.	Num- ber of banks	Loans and discounts, including redis- counts and accept- ances	Over- drafts	Invest- ments	Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	Other real estate owned	Due from banks	Lawful reserve with Federal reserve bank or other reserve agents	Checks and other cash items	Ex- changes for clearing house	Cash on hand	Other re- sources	Aggregate resources		
National banks State (commercial) banks Mutual savings banks. Stock savings banks Trust companies. Private banks. Grand total.	613 990 1, 664 560	12, 114, 557 8, 865, 968 3, 775, 746 1, 302, 110 5, 293, 820 75, 516 31, 427, 717	10, 075 40, 089 446 5, 196 538 56, 334	5, 142, 328 2, 718, 155 3, 217, 543 367, 243 2, 748, 425 35, 051 14, 228, 745	532, 728 400, 633 66, 321 54, 610 236, 762 4, 777 1, 295, 831	104, 630 121, 166 5, 481 17, 076 41, 423 4, 652 294, 428	1, 842, 123 1, 032, 954 208, 547 107, 641 440, 582 20, 438	1, 198, 670 605, 931 27, 254 633, 392 3, 561 2, 468, 808	145, 612 273, 143 787 8, 923 446, 103 441 875, 009	925, 568 155, 492 485 4, 756 30, 905 155	345, 219 346, 641 40, 297 29, 113 146, 362 3, 868 911, 500	255, 839 49, 449 4, 212 300, 807 1, 956	22, 565, 919 14, 816, 011 7, 364, 656 1, 923, 384 10, 323, 777 150, 943 57, 144, 690		

`	Liabilities (in thousands of dollars) Bills pay-													
States and Territories, etc.	Capital stock paid in	Surplus	Undivided profits (less expenses and taxes paid)	National bank cir- culation	Due to all banks	Certified checks and cashiers' checks	Individual deposits (including dividends unpaid and postal savings)	United States deposits	Notes and bills redis- counted	Bills pay- able (in- cluding advances received from War Finance Corporation and certifi- cates of de- posit repre- senting money borrowed)	Other liabilities			
Maine_ Néw Hampshire. Vermont. Massachusetts Rhode Island. Connecticut.	12, 710 7, 783 7, 726 103, 217 15, 692 36, 120	20, 456 19, 803 11, 845 163, 961 24, 875 52, 017	8, 394 2, 782 7, 328 114, 188 13, 606 34, 622	5, 574 5, 006 4, 357 22, 664 4, 689 12, 746	3, 421 2, 849 1, 348 151, 635 3, 965 11, 093	913 388 429 18, 615 1, 172 1, 854	346, 101 220, 142 189, 809 2, 986, 299 406, 066 883, 716	220 210 104 21,088 484 1,111	1, 060 - 625 1, 121 9, 948 307 505	4, 895 2, 435 2, 465 7, 820 280 5, 335	881 1, 561 319 42, 989 7, 148 3, 110			
Total New England States	183, 248	292, 957	180, 920	55, 036	174, 311	23, 371	5, 032, 133	23, 217	13, 566	23, 230	56, 008			
New York New Jersey Pennsylvania Delaware Maryland District of Columbia	498, 495 86, 366 310, 205 8, 649 38, 809 23, 353	972, 597 92, 754 474, 294 8, 726 55, 111 13, 094	129, 140 32, 446 140, 174 4, 169 14, 066 6, 120	79, 668 20, 222 95, 542 1, 133 9, 400 5, 668	1, 496, 541 26, 494 349, 150 4, 806 45, 498 10, 639	410, 800 8, 328 25, 409 266 2, 721 2, 017	11, 123, 456 1, 600, 806 3, 976, 687 93, 041 599, 448 187, 444	15, 588 5, 213 29, 194 714 4, 502 1, 613	37, 643 5, 952 12, 345 206 2, 847 1, 040	44, 052 18, 135 42, 203 355 5, 621 2, 616	320, 456 13, 597 71, 451 1, 398 4, 423 2, 055			
Total Eastern States	965, 877	1, 616, 576	326, 115	211, 633	1, 933, 128	449, 541	17, 580, 882	56, 824	60, 033	112, 982	413, 380			
Virginia. West Virginia North Carolina. South Carolina. Georgia. Florida Alabama Mississippi Louisiana Texas Arkansas	37, 274 27, 106 47, 890	38, 782 24, 335 20, 021 13, 286 27, 459 8, 552 14, 790 8, 999 17, 879 49, 036 9, 756	14, 367 9, 793 9, 361 5, 246 12, 502 4, 982 8, 491 3, 121 8, 197 24, 117	23, 266 10, 700 8, 959 7, 152 10, 275 6, 151 10, 585 2, 895 5, 348 43, 783 3, 098	39, 225 11, 340 23, 592 10, 033 28, 177 24, 739 6, 393 6, 729 40, 893 93, 030 13, 913	6, 168 1, 801 4, 655 1, 312 1, 508 3, 640 439 692 2, 554 12, 103 1, 551	396, 129 329, 141 313, 100 198, 581 286, 528 269, 611 219, 301 170, 726 336, 176 764, 869 175, 930	2, 305 531 590 625 1, 721 510 767 318 1, 369 5, 498 261	16, 299 5, 139 16, 778 5, 212 18, 939 765 5, 638 7, 038 6, 500 8, 014 4, 745	15, 056 12, 031 21, 520 8, 917 18, 363 1, 260 6, 425 9, 076 8, 375 19, 405 9, 728	18, 391 2, 755 3, 567 4, 565 4, 978 3, 490 1, 370 5, 021 11, 144 7, 703 1, 365			

Kentucky Tennessee	40, 873 42, 303	29, 635 22, 878	6, 432 3, 397	16, 263 13, 468	27, 534 21, 546	4, 087 1, 006	372, 544 344, 619	772	7, 550 5, 256	1, 977 14, 090	14, 565 17, 249
Total Southern States	527, 371	285, 402	114, 780	161, 943	347, 194	41, 516	4, 176, 955	16, 027	107, 873	146, 223	96, 163
Ohio Indiana Illinois Michigan Wisconsin Minnesota Iowa Missouri	172, 351 79, 236 250, 182 95, 295 61, 379 70, 227 82, 170 124, 547	121, 168 37, 823 160, 045 68, 106 29, 698 36, 071 38, 001 64, 119	44, 889 17, 889 106, 074 26, 928 17, 673 15, 046 15, 456 24, 572	46, 395 27, 574 33, 940 14, 199 16, 041 16, 289 19, 162 19, 159	117, 076 44, 269 475, 400 50, 773 44, 555 88, 768 46, 041 197, 170	17, 135 5, 386 42, 053 12, 044 4, 694 12, 988 2, 614 5, 490	2, 125, 848 786, 711 2, 892, 384 1, 382, 989 759, 497 850, 523 883, 349 993, 737	10, 718 1, 642 7, 315 4, 458 2, 216 3, 962 947 1, 591	9, 400 10, 073 10, 124 3, 449 4, 800 6, 082 14, 326 19, 173	20, 383 11, 306 17, 380 10, 466 5, 753 14, 342 31, 270 8, 644	40, 547 4, 097 53, 950 41, 260 1, 688 10, 781 8, 614 32, 088
Total Middle Western States	935, 387	. 555, 031	268, 527	192, 759	1, 064, 052	102, 404	10, 675, 038	32, 849	77, 427	119, 544	193, 025
North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Kansas Montana Wyoming Colorado New Mexico Oklahoma	15, 756 14, 806 40, 865 44, 108 13, 120 5, 448 19, 999 4, 110 35, 930	6, 410 5, 958 16, 033 23, 199 4, 696 3, 389 12, 996 1, 399 9, 300	645 4, 078 5, 309 7, 222 1, 722 1, 046 5, 028 318 2, 916	4, 445 3, 465 8, 878 10, 778 2, 847 2, 263 5, 944 1, 476 11, 104	3, 334 7, 475 53, 442 26, 250 5, 765 3, 896 25, 718 983 28, 315	1, 183 1, 624 2, 117 3, 078 1, 220 523 3, 856 508 6, 393	136, 449 168, 177 396, 859 362, 088 112, 194 62, 967 275, 543 30, 358 319, 682	138 457 483 1,047 170 178 790 192 3,312	3, 343 4, 645 2, 620 10, 663 1, 657 1, 150 1, 807 1, 474 12, 364	14, 418 8, 730 5, 675 5, 869 3, 360 1, 042 2, 249 735 2, 102	192 762 2, 462 1, 523 409 18 205 76 2, 388
Total Western States	194, 142	83, 380	28, 284	51, 200	155, 178	20, 502	1, 864, 317	6, 767	39, 723	44, 180	8, 035
Washington Oregon California Idaho Utah Nevada Arizona	30, 183 23, 303 184, 919 8, 035 11, 470 3, 146 5, 779	12, 424 9, 331 92, 725 2, 878 5, 652 1, 196 2, 891	5, 269 4, 705 45, 127 922 2, 581 506 1, 147	9, 110 5, 602 33, 625 2, 846 3, 143 1, 223 1, 066	26, 733 16, 744 171, 902 2, 151 10, 615 1, 563 2, 408	4,001 3,110 15,012 954 1,702 795 1,101	393, 994 240, 283 2, 537, 290 71, 442 110, 181 32, 124 63, 131	1, 989 267 11, 248 132 30 93 118	2, 776 2, 666 17, 573 1, 495 227	2, 658 1, 616 9, 552 4, 005 1, 287	4, 734 3, 296 38, 861 245 9, 774 347 900
Total Pacific States	266, 835	127, 097	60, 257	56, 615	232, 116	26, 675	3, 448, 445	13, 877	25, 083	20, 818	58, 157
Alaska The Territory of Hawaii Porto Rico Philippines	755 7, 806 8, 418 24, 364	258 3. 296 1, 408 1, 954	298 2, 398 691 1 10, 540	50 450	103 1, 637 1, 205 19, 368	58 184 388 218	8, 801 62, 716 35, 119 69, 715	371 1, 376 994	6 76 1, 493	124 712 4,886	23 4, 615 1, 840 32, 915
Total Alaska and insular possessions	.41, 343	6, 916	1 7, 153	500	22, 313	848	176, 351	2, 741	1, 575	5, 722	39, 393
Total United States, Alaska, and insular possessions	3, 114, 203	2, 967, 359	971, 730	729, 686	3, 928, 292	664, 857	42, 954, 121	152, 302	325, 280	472, 699	864, 161

Deficit.

Assets and liabilities of all reporting banks in the United States, Alaska, and insular possessions, June, 1924—Continued RECAPITULATION

. =					Liabilities (in thousands	of dollars)				
States and Territories, etc.	Capital stock paid in	Surplus	Undivided profits (less expenses and taxes paid)	National bank cir- culation	Due to all banks	Certified checks and cashiers' checks	Individual deposits (including dividends unpaid and postal savings)	United States deposits	Notes and bills redis- counted	Bills pay- able (in- cluding advances received from War Finance Corporation and certifi- cates of de- posit repre- senting money borrowed)	Other liabilities
National banks State (commercial) banks Mutual savings banks Stock savings banks Trust companies Private banks	1, 334, 011 1, 061, 619 86, 387 621, 015 11, 171	1, 080, 578 602, 786 558, 786 44, 330 672, 265 8, 614	501, 656 208, 756 99, 854 19, 043 140, 948 1, 473	729, 686	2, 821, 001 466, 373 131 957 638, 348 1, 482	550, 335 83, 217 18 826 30, 273 188	14, 853, 183 11, 755, 233 6, 693, 246 1, 746, 609 7, 785, 331 120, 519	123, 318 7, 890 4, 310 16, 782 2	196, 778 105, 477 49 22, 082 894	143, 847 232, 929 248 15, 123 77, 576 2, 976	231, 526 291, 731 12, 373 5, 750 319, 157 3, 624
Grand total	3, 114, 203	2, 967, 359	971, 730	729, 686	3, 928, 292	664, 857	42, 954, 121	152, 302	325, 280	472, 699	864, 161

10065			<u></u> "	Loa	ns and disco	unts				In	vestments		
-FI 1924†47	States and Territories, etc.	On de- mand, se- cured by collateral other than real estate	On de- mand, not se- cured by col- lateral	On time, secured by collat- eral other than real estate	On time, not se- cured by collateral	Secured by farm land	Secured by other real estate	Not classified	United States Govern- ment se- curities	State, county, and mu- nicipal bonds	Railroad bonds	Bonds of other public service corporations (including street and interurban railway bonds)	Other bonds, stocks, warrants, etc.
	Maine New Hampshire Vermont Massachusetts Rhode Island Connecticut	165, 462 17, 166	7, 379 6, 067 5, 483 78, 953 4, 865 11, 084	9, 501 10, 587 4, 026 185, 480 30, 353 25, 963	31, 773 24, 712 15, 937 564, 189 86, 251 72, 675	1, 058 314 913 450 9	3, 257 808 1, 290 154, 144 78, 036 5, 000	105, 819 68, 099 112, 991 1, 054, 709 110 364, 202	47, 208 35, 036 18, 570 460, 042 65, 351 92, 909	6, 019 6, 730 3, 490 7, 708 10, 633 34, 460	24, 595 24, 534 4, 946 245, 528 37, 807 116, 245	41, 578 31, 986 21, 321 126, 529 62, 067 21, 461	84, 059 27, 664 12, 736 167, 146 33, 652 170, 809
	Total New England States	226, 072	113, 831	265, 910	795, 537	3, 083	242, 535	1, 705, 930	719, 116	69, 040	453, 655	304, 942	496, 066
	New York. New Jersey Pennsylvania Delaware. Maryland District of Columbia.	681, 949 168, 273 631, 303 17, 201 79, 696 42, 141	88, 060 57, 608 238, 470 3, 492 23, 670 6, 517	493, 219 58, 587 286, 557 5, 186 44, 483 12, 686	1, 198, 864 410, 798 993, 657 17, 719 157, 750 51, 358	5, 140 2, 644 14, 750 2, 189 1, 932 206	2, 240, 055 253, 979 380, 915 13, 760 10, 391 27, 008	2, 973, 250 18, 429 14, 201 76, 753 365	1, 224, 599 164, 715 593, 996 7, 908 60, 255 24, 761	559, 593 114, 044 120, 830 5, 554 25, 558 2, 495	583, 657 203, 123 476, 456 12, 238 73, 486 7, 742	92, 154 62, 160 227, 668 8, 829 38, 333 5, 942	1, 555, 569 138, 431 583, 785 10, 332 57, 962 14, 731
	Total Eastern States	1, 620, 563	417, 817	900, 718	2, 830, 146	26, 861	2, 926, 108	3, 082, 998	2, 076, 234	828, 074	1, 356, 702	435, 086	2, 360, 810
	Virginia West Virginia North Carolina South Carolina Georgia Florida Alabama Mississippi Louisiana Texas Arkansas	3, 935 7, 262 4, 348 4, 110 950 2, 935 45, 272	11, 076 4, 511 5, 670 2, 386 4, 578 2, 322 2, 857 346 6, 156 26, 666 1, 101	65, 729 34, 648 74, 395 30, 955 32, 010 21, 631 32, 411 14, 665 16, 582 278, 704 20, 011	163, 483 79, 650 195, 154 39, 455 70, 928 49, 682 48, 461 22, 333 40, 901 259, 792 28, 825	4, 308 781 2, 423 3, 494 5, 521 1, 453 3, 103 2, 451 2, 389 27, 040 3, 333	6, 743 4, 301 38, 511 1, 978 3, 052 2, 995 2, 202 2, 573 1, 180 28, 750 24, 843	176, 590 171, 730 8, 847 112, 015 198, 260 107, 224 98, 626 102, 875 237, 116 26, 491 405	35, 628 27, 891 25, 023 16, 463 18, 063 20, 373 18, 948 8, 767 13, 737 108, 696 12, 878	3, 062 1, 779 4, 122 2, 015 1, 356 8, 633 4, 504 6, 045 1, 578 7, 618 6, 959	2, 470 1, 876 668 536 2, 451 1, 908 915 57 1, 583	2, 166 2, 767 51 641 260 2, 145 960 351 72 1, 314 67	28, 661 30, 709 8, 044 10, 697 13, 908 29, 350 15, 251 20, 780 31, 546 23, 049 2, 135

Assets and liabilities of all reporting banks in the United States, Alaska, and insular possessions, June, 1924—Continued [In thousands of dollars]

		•	Loa	ns and disco	ınts			Investments				
States and Territories, etc.	On de- mand, se- cured by collateral other than real estate	On demand, not secured by collateral	On time, secured by collat- eral other than real estate	On time, not se- cured by collateral	Secured by farm land	Secured by other real estate	Not classified	United States Govern- ment se- curities	State, county, and mu- nicipal bonds	Railroad bonds	Bonds of other public service corpora- tions (in- cluding street and in- terurban railway bonds)	Other bonds, stocks, warrants, etc.
Kentucky Tennessee	15, 049 4, 304	8, 275 3, 991	35, 757 32, 597	98, 448 94, 723	4, 653 2, 381	2, 815 3, 260	178, 566 180, 473	29, 781 19, 887	2, 067 2, 327	4, 194 502	2, 701 1, 107	49, 414 26, 389
Total Southern States	204, 323	79, 935	69 0, 0 95	1, 191, 835	63, 330	123, 203	1, 599, 218	356, 135	52, 065	17, 416	14,602	289, 933
Ohio	180, 359 15, 133 16, 933 43, 692	60, 230 11, 493 64, 660 5, 327 16, 647 24, 908 13, 743 25, 531	84, 274 39, 456 174, 820 71, 871 52, 589 85, 321 52, 184 95, 686	220, 262 143, 789 486, 395 135, 031 145, 755 156, 766 154, 044 135, 861	10, 868 10, 105 14, 598 6, 757 7, 118 22, 683 23, 407 3, 881	21, 113 7, 370 6, 141 14, 279 5, 909 7, 232 5, 448 3, 831	1, 147, 974 374, 076 1, 379, 485 392, 100 346, 808 307, 639 592, 560 487, 174	185, 386 78, 291 350, 134 42, 284 67, 631 96, 971 58, 622 51, 245	136, 559 8, 586 134, 373 24, 382 11, 073 14, 018 5, 190 11, 849	17, 893 7, 061 15, 200 6, 980 3, 848 5, 220 1, 272 6, 631	10, 947 8, 685 77, 604 9, 069 8, 552 4, 377 3, 617 3, 979	230, 270 134, 004 221, 827 648, 853 90, 125 108, 137 11, 888 261, 001
Total Middle Western States	393, 227	222, 539	656, 201	1, 577, 903	99, 417	71, 323	5, 027, 816	930, 564	346, 030	64, 105	126, 830	1, 706, 105
North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Kansas Montana Wyoming Colorado New Mexico Oklahoma	3, 430 3, 587 9, 500 295 8, 268 1, 010	2, 088 996 5, 763 5, 766 7, 708 673 1, 946 1, 271 5, 379	24, 591 20, 123 54, 422 46, 726 29, 322 17, 744 61, 519 11, 296 98, 346	18, 705 22, 446 72, 656 60, 184 21, 575 11, 892 47, 536 9, 250 73, 601	8, 892 5, 321 6, 205 6, 355 3, 060 3, 453 6, 349 1, 493 8, 228	1, 732 1, 154 1, 233 2, 270 6, 871 732 3, 087 1, 514 6, 338	74, 286 97, 515 213, 713 199, 194 128 18, 022 49, 795 189 47, 034	8, 835 7, 913 17, 008 26, 596 13, 296 4, 514 40, 054 3, 279 30, 375	807 207 2, 293 9, 540 1, 646 332 11, 970 370 12, 608	120 187 1, 743 272 203 153 3, 794 68 177	186 443 688 258 417 247 3,829 30 517	7, 916 6, 209 18, 133 17, 361 11, 570 3, 661 21, 816 1, 062 24, 062
Total Western States	31, 826	31, 590	364, 089	337, 845	49, 356	24, 931	699, 876	151, 870	39, 773	6, 717	6, 615	111, 790

Washington Oregon California Idaho Utah Nevada Arizona	10, 647 5, 150 60, 019 806 6, 574 1, 419 5, 698	6,828 8,076 50,875 780 2,108 2,022 1,679	41, 432 28, 868 110, 834 10, 670 26, 137 1, 523 12, 776	85, 665 44, 500 265, 695 16, 271 28, 724 2, 677 16, 704	4, 136 3, 100 15, 864 4, 357 8, 907 675 3, 297	2, 386 2, 146 11, 574 734 22, 022 385 6, 181	116, 399 74, 477 1, 400, 979 19, 927 573 14, 975 408	39, 783 34, 335 273, 058 6, 209 10, 367 2, 493 5, 750	9, 608 8, 486 37, 325 807 3, 834 750 1, 816	3, 056 1, 592 4, 015 31 1, 544 102 132	3,440 733 7,453 195 1,742 68 696	63, 310 26, 418 304, 440 9, 081 9, 253 3, 234 2, 836
Total Pacific States	90, 313	72, 368	232, 240	460, 236	40, 336	45, 428	1, 627, 738	371, 995	62, 626	10, 472	14, 327	418, 572
Alaska The Territory of Hawaii Porto Rico Philippines	50. 11, 213 2, 461 2, 586	274 2,418 3,401 4,257	23 1, 577 8, 029 1, 957	716 2, 704 15, 303 3, 338	3 7 844 340	907 8, 068 2, 851 2, 338	2, 504 16, 779 66, 123	1, 919 4, 679 1, 852	398 2, 464 502 250	135 519 115 396	212 1, 746 255	609 7, 804 1, 813 4, 810
Total Alaska and insular possessions	16, 310	10, 350	11,586	22, 061	1, 194	14, 164	85, 406	8, 450	3, 614	1, 165	2, 213	15, 036
Total United States, Alaska, and insular possessions	2, 582, 634	948, 430	3, 120, 839	7, 215, 563	283, 577	3, 447, 692	13, 828, 982	4, 614, 364	1, 401, 222	1, 910, 232	904, 615	5, 398, 312
				RECAI	PITULAT	ION ··						
National banks State (commercial) banks Mutual savings banks Stock savings banks. Trust companies Private banks. Grand total	5,417 9,581	737, 559 53, 022 1, 407 155, 136 1, 306 948, 430	2, 646, 794 199, 680 12, 273 4, 290 252, 626 5, 176 3, 120, 839	6, 123, 604 329, 515 17, 367 11, 399 726, 904 6, 774 7, 215, 563	245, 162 19, 252 544 3, 306 11, 233 4, 080 283, 577	289, 975 246, 989 2, 192, 606 21, 829 692, 624 3, 669 3, 447, 692	262, 220 7, 843, 696 1, 547, 539 1, 250, 298 2, 871, 809 53, 420 13, 828, 982	2, 481, 778 462, 507 1, 167, 455 139, 084 349, 574 13, 966 4, 614, 364	505, 528 201, 513 611, 602 5, 506 75, 664 1, 409	573, 571 61, 246 1, 008, 853 11, 323 254, 772 467 1, 910, 232	397, 560 102, 036 214, 072 5, 731 173, 809 11, 407	1, 183, 891 1, 890, 853 215, 561 205, 599 1, 894, 606 7, 802 5, 398, 312

Assets and liabilities of all reporting banks in the United States, Alaska, and insular possessions, June, 1924—Continued [In thousands of dollars]

							-					
			Cash			. Den	nand depos	sits	т	ime deposits	;	
States and Territories, etc.	Gold coin	Silver coin!	Paper currency	Nickels and cents	Cash not classified	Individual deposits subject to check	Demand certifi- cates of deposit	Divi- dends un- paid	Savings de- posits or deposits in interest or savings de- partment ²	Time cer- tificates of deposit	Postal savings deposits	Not classified
Maine. New Hampshire. Vermont. Massachusetts. Rhode Island. Connecticut.	90 103 63 618 740 239	153 158 86 1,168 462 434	1, 638 1, 739 795 14, 472 8, 144 5, 838	57 2	3, 277 740 1, 113 16, 229 31 16, 749	67, 656 35, 076 25, 024 1, 126, 947 119, 339 243, 192	2, 098 1, 396 216 12, 925 18, 883 6, 786	409 186 238 2, 518 160 888	255, 647 181, 827 163, 112 1, 755, 865 265, 763 627, 143	1, 702 1, 301 559 32, 928 1, 166 3, 976	124 295 90 5, 361 755 1, 208	18, 465 61 570 49, 755
Total New England States	1, 853	2, 461	32, 626	59	38, 139	1, 617, 234	42, 304	4, 399	3, 249, 357	41, 632	7,833	69, 374
New York New Jersey Pennsylvania Delaware Maryland District of Columbia	5, 864 79 447	3, 099 1, 924 6, 537 117 767 308	107, 501 27, 338 78, 795 1, 552 7, 385 5, 073	201 473 13 6	29, 978 51 79	2, 254, 413 650, 029 1, 882, 274 45, 665 244, 899 111, 252	23, 469 13, 137 25, 926 8 209 849	5, 839 2, 685 7, 798 192 1, 117 337	3, 889, 113 916, 155 1, 800, 572 46, 466 338, 963 63, 861	85, 872 11, 378 196, 439 533 3, 926 5, 434	16, 631 3, 046 11, 874 177 89 831	4, 848, 119 4, 376 51, 804 10, 245 4, 880
Total Eastern States	9, 233	12, 752	227, 644	693	30, 108	5, 188, 532	63, 598	17, 968	7, 055, 130	303, 582	32, 648	4, 919, 424
Virginia. West Virginia. North Carolina South Carolina Georgia Florida. Alabama Mississippi. Louisiana Texas Arkansas Kentucky. Tennessee.	199 529 142 134 111 289	654 319 1, 219 682 432 382 405 704 1, 154 4, 533 809 448 397	4, 991 2, 841 7, 894 3, 554 2, 638 2, 671 3, 035 6, 649 17, 974 4, 377 3, 115 3, 145	287	4, 594 5, 078	172, 230 171, 524 156, 757 80, 600 139, 041 148, 476 61, 953 67, 347 198, 537 562, 265 107, 767 200, 025 188, 446	9,594 3,457 14,263 710 5,196 2,198 1,935 1,241 3,076 12,558 9,317 1,941 2,046	2, 037 1, 229 797 591 733 467 285 237 958 1, 330 394 551 418	148, 406 99, 333 84, 074 82, 682 88, 482 83, 038 37, 678 91, 084 99, 834 32, 175 34, 200 123, 586	59, 655 48, 226 52, 123 32, 778 49, 122 8, 417 8, 091 37, 333 27, 045 48, 781 21, 128 34, 254 27, 121	200 236 47 100 85 648 352 36 114 664 164 214	4,007 5,136 5,039 1,120 3,569 26,367 108,307 26,854 15,362 39,437 4,995 101,359 2,901
Total Southern States	7, 731	12, 138	63, 766	237	39, 702	2, 254, 968	67, 532	10, 027	1,042,950	454, 074	2, 951	344, 453
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·												

Ohio Indiana Illinois Michigan Wisconsin Minnesota Iowa Missouri	3, 597 925 4, 127 405 1, 767 497 620 359	3, 527 1, 070 2, 818 674 1, 857 1, 091 1, 027	42, 445 9, 357 60, 772 6, 722 14, 113 7, 158 6, 409 4, 830	386 5 211	74 14,038 3,492 23,422 20,156 16,772 16,474	887, 521 348, 574 1, 572, 370 170, 975 282, 643 283, 036 110, 749 624, 289	39, 674 105, 878 57, 442 8, 766 23, 762 14, 261 13, 591 18, 171	3, 054 1, 075 6, 577 826 1, 139 801 399 519	917, 786 197, 734 966, 541 139, 776 239, 400 225, 691 200, 715 176, 001	160, 830 50, 006 213, 022 30, 793 191, 074 278, 420 90, 112 166, 865	2, 623\$\) 596 3, 408 1, 419 1, 127 1, 922 822 1, 086	114, 360 82, 848 73, 024 1, 030, 434 20, 352 46, 392 466, 961 6, 806
Total Middle Western States	12, 297	12, 737	151, 806	607	94, 428	4, 280, 157	281, 545	14, 390	3, 063, 644	1, 181, 122	13, 003	1, 841, 177
North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Kansas Montana Wyoming Colorado New Mexico Oklahoma	97 77 259 1, 018 375 87 2, 226 66 258	313 291 657 2, 188 249 156 632 187 1, 162	1, 211 1, 534 2, 776 8, 272 4, 566 1, 367 6, 049 1, 083 5, 348	5	1, 332 2, 375 10, 098 263 926 381 1 2, 153	39, 736 57, 265 180, 935 216, 117 53, 833 31, 755 139, 432 16, 380 150, 889	4, 539 4, 596 8, 161 20, 915 3, 193 2, 040 6, 787 1, 540 7, 948	28 54 178 326 74 33 249 9	10, 614 11, 407 21, 709 9, 935 20, 062 9, 761 92, 575 3, 709 30, 741	77, 036 90, 219 175, 784 99, 565 26, 210 13, 896 24, 434 4, 957 30, 986	166 212 249 580 2,714 373 1,435 188 1,020	4, 330 4, 424 9, 843 14, 650 6, 108 5, 109 10, 631 3, 575 97, 940
Total Western States	4, 463	5, 835	32, 206	5	17, 529	886, 342	59, 719	1, 109	210, 513	543, 087	6, 937	156, 610
Washington Oregon California Idaho Utah Nevada Arizona	534 436 7, 077 82 401 53 305	1, 039 549 2, 068 253 344 58 469	4, 510 2, 671 10, 452 985 1, 161 356 2, 736	10	4, 233 4, 072 33, 707 1, 216 7 1, 018	144, 134 123, 150 371, 824 37, 640 47, 045 14, 779 34, 893	3, 501 5, 095 7, 151 2, 059 1, 115 349 662	390 334 1,388 62 104 30 35	164, 571 76, 432 1, 393, 562 11, 932 47, 807 14, 204 18, 713	27, 068 20, 198 24, 684 11, 205 9, 650 1, 452 5, 309	5, 810 1, 668 1, 496 1, 038 584 215 468	48, 520 13, 406 737, 185 7, 506 3, 876 1, 095 3, 051
Total Pacific States	8, 888	4, 780	22, 871	22	44, 253	773, 465	19, 932	2, 343	1, 727, 221	99, 566	11, 279	814, 639
Alaska The Territory of Hawaii Porto Rico. Philippines.	208 116 204 121	53 163 397 62	684 1, 915 2, 853 6, 860	3 1 56 6	9 1, 864 419 3, 637	4, 648 17, 855 19, 435 19, 308	98 1, 076 1, 171 948	9 86 34	3, 074 11, 254 11, 270 6, 301	365 4, 200 1, 709 4, 751	567 21 128	28, 224 1, 372 38, 407
Total Alaska and insular possessions	649	675	12, 312	66	5, 929	61, 246	3, 293	129	31, 899	11, 025	716	68, 043
Total United States, Alaska, and insular possessions.	45, 114	51, 378	543, 231	1, 689	270, 088	15, 061, 944	537, 923	50, 365	16, 380, 714	2, 634, 088	75, 367	8, 213, 720

¹ Includes minor coin of national banks.

[?] Includes other time deposits reported by national banks.

Assets and liabilities of all reporting banks in the United States, Alaska, and insular possessions, June, 1924—Continued RECAPITULATION

[In thousands of dollars]

	Cash				Demand deposits			т				
States and Territories, etc.	Gold coin	Silver coin ¹	Paper currency		Cash not classified		Demand certifi- cates of deposit	dends un-	Savings de- posits or deposits in interest or savings de- partment ²	Time cer- tificates of	Postal savings deposits	Not classified
National banks State (commercial) banks Mutual savings banks Stock savings banks	19, 253 16, 117 1, 244 3, 228	35, 569 11, 557 77 72	290, 397 156, 889 4, 944 1, 053	1, 012 14 3	161, 066 34, 018 24, 757	8, 636, 595 3, 853, 205 6, 420 15, 824	717	34, 335 9, 836 78	3, 932, 457 2, 748, 465 6, 685, 967 1, 411, 502	1, 161, 704 1, 291, 685 399 4, 103	65, 064 3, 897	774, 735 3, 654, 673 460 314, 199
Trust companies Private banks Grand total	5, 045 227 45, 114	3, 964 139 51, 378	87, 710 2, 238 543, 231	633 27 1, 689	49, 010 1, 237 270, 088	2, 507, 384 42, 516 15, 061, 944	83, 788 11, 653 537, 923	6, 108 8 50, 365	1, 590, 135 12, 188 16, 380, 714	155, 136 21, 061 2, 634, 088	6, 220 75, 367	3, 436, 560 33, 093 8, 213, 720

¹ Includes minor coin of national banks.

² Includes other time deposits reported by national banks.

SUMMARY OF THE COMBINED RETURNS FROM ALL REPORTING BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, ALASKA, AND INSULAR POSSESSIONS, JUNE 30, 1924

The following statement shows the resources and liabilities of all reporting banks, June 30, 1924, with classifications of loans and discounts, investments, cash and deposits:

Summary of reports of condition of 29,348 reporting banks in the United States, Alaska, and insular possessions at the close of business June 30, 1924

[In thousands of dollars]

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts (including rediscounts):		
On demand (secured by collateral other than real		* ,
On demand (not secured by collateral)	2, 582, 634	
On demand (not secured by collateral)	948, 430	
On time (secured by collateral other than real		
estate)On time (not secured by collateral)	3, 120, 839	
On time (not secured by collateral)	7, 215, 563	
Secured by farm land	283, 577	
Secured by other real estate	3, 447, 692	
Not classified	13, 828, 982	
Total		31, 427, 717
Overdrafts		56, 334
Investments (including premiums on bonds):		
United States Government securities	4, 614, 364	
State, county, and municipal bonds	1, 401, 222	
Railroad bonds	1, 910, 232	
Bonds of other public service corporations (includ-		
ing street and interurban railway bonds)	904, 615	·
ing street and interurban railway bonds) Other bonds, stocks, warrants, etc	5, 398, 312	*
TotalBanking house (including furniture and fixtures)		
Banking house (including furniture and fixtures)	·	1; 295, 831
Other real estate owned		294, 428
Due from banks		3,652,285
Lawful reserve with Federal reserve bank or other		
reserve agents		2, 468, 808
Checks and other cash items.		875, 009
Exchanges for clearing house		1, 117, 361
Cash on hand:		
Gold coin		
Silver coin	51, 378	
Paper currency	543, 231	
Nickels and cents	1, 689	
Not classified	270, 088	
		011 #00
Total		911, 500
Other resources.		816, 672
Total resources	-	57 144 600
1 otal resources		57, 144, 690
LIABILITIES	=	,
		•
Capital stock paid in		3, 114, 203
Surplus		2, 967, 359
Undivided profits (less expenses and taxes paid)		971, 730
Undivided profits (less expenses and taxes paid) National bank circulation		729, 686
Due to all banks		3, 928, 292
Certified checks and cashiers' checks		664, 857
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Individual deposits: Demand deposits— Individual deposits subject to check Demand certificates of deposit		537,	923			
Dividends unpaid.		50,	365			
Time deposits— Savings deposits, or deposits in interest or sav-						
ings department	16.	380,	714			
Time certificates of deposit		634,				
Postal savings deposits		75,				
Not classified	8,	213,				
Total				42.	954.	121
United States deposits (exclusive of postal savings)			-	,	152,	
NT / 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1					325,	
Bills payable (including advances received from War Finance Corporation and certificates of deposit repre-					,	
					472,	699
senting money borrowed)Other liabilities					864,	
Total liabilities				57.	144.	690

INDIVIDUAL DEPOSITS IN ALL REPORTING BANKS

Individual deposits in all reporting banks, consisting of demand, time, and postal savings deposits, but exclusive of United States deposits, amounted to \$42,954,121,000, June 30, 1924, an increase in the year of \$2,919,926,000. Individual deposits subject to check were increased in the year from \$14,248,370,000 to \$15,061,944,000; demand certificates show a reduction of \$113,522,000; dividends unpaid, a reduction of \$181,000; savings deposits, an increase of \$1,251,426,000; time certificates, a reduction of \$204,591,000; postal savings, an increase of \$25,058,000, and deposits not classified, an increase of \$1,148,162,000.

Classification of these deposits in each class of banks follows:

Individual deposits in each class of banks June 30, 1924

[In thousands of dollars]

	Num- ber of banks	Indi- vidual deposits subject to check	De- mand cer- tifi- cates of de- posit	Dividends unpaid	Savings deposits	Time certifi- cates of deposit	Postal sav- ings de- posits	Deposits not classified	Total
State (commercial) banks Stock savings banks Mutual savings banks Loan and trust companies Private banks	17, 436 990 613 1, 664 560	15, 824 6, 420 2, 507, 384	717 83, 788	78 6, 108	1, 411, 502 6, 685, 967 1, 590, 135	4, 103 399 155, 136	186 6, 220		7, 785, 331
'Total National banks	21, 263 8, 085				12, 448, 257 13, 932, 457				28, 100, 938 14, 853, 183
Grand total	29, 348	15, 061, 944	537, 923	50, 365	16, 380, 714	2, 634, 088	75, 367	8, 213, 720	42, 954,

Reported as other time deposits.

RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF ALL REPORTING BANKS, 1919-1924

The principal items of resources and liabilities of all banks other than Federal reserve banks, for the six years 1919 to 1924, are shown in the following statement:

[In thousands of dollars]

Classification	1919 (29,123 banks)	1920 (30,139 banks)	1921 (30,812 banks)	1922 (30,389 banks)	1923 (30,178 banks)	1924 (29,348 banks)
RESOURCES						
Loans and discounts (including rediscounts) 1	25, 255, 171 94, 293	31, 208, 142 109, 186	28, 932, 011 81, 849	. 27, 860, 443 74, 600	30, 416, 577 57, 982	31, 427, 717 56, 334
securitiesDue from other banks and	12, 229, 528	11, 387, 525	11, 381, 923	12, 547, 567	13, 672, 547	14, 228, 745
bankers ¹ Real estate, furniture, etc. ³ Checks and other cash items ⁴ Cash on hand Other resources	5, 865, 414 936, 707 1, 420, 809 997, 353 816, 172	5, 833, 241 1, 000, 976 1, 457, 778 1, 076, 378 1, 005, 882	4, 794, 205 1, 147, 521 1, 290, 667 946, 567 1, 096, 647	5, 414, 241 1, 276, 631 1, 574, 608 829, 892 847, 385	5, 597, 150 1, 432, 217 1, 196, 075 797, 101 865, 262	6, 121, 093 1, 590, 259 1, 992, 370 911, 500 816, 672
Total	47, 615, 447	53, 079, 108	49, 671, 390	50, 425, 367	54, 034, 911	57, 144, 690
LIABILITIES						
Capital stock paid in	2, 437, 365 2, 181, 994 825, 889 677, 162	2, 702, 639 2, 410, 346 976, 261 688, 178	2, 903, 961 2, 542, 032 910, 743 704, 147	2, 943, 950 2, 697, 409 933, 843 725, 748	3, 052, 367 2, 799, 494 954, 145 720, 001	3, 114, 203 2, 967, 359 971, 730 729, 686
checks	546, 345 32, 665, 286 566, 793	514, 862 37, 315, 123 175, 788	614, 583 34, 844, 572 390, 230	552, 505 37, 194, 318 128, 887	358, 110 40, 034, 195 238, 439	664, 857 42, 954, 121 152, 302
bankersOther liabilities 5	3, 890, 487 3, 824, 126	3, 708, 302 4, 587, 609	2, 809, 414 3, 951, 708	3, 244, 386 2, 004, 321	3, 610, 211 2, 267, 949	3, 928, 292 1, 662, 140
Total	47, 615, 447	53, 079, 108	49, 671, 390	50, 425, 367	54, 034, 911	57, 144, 690

¹ Includes acceptances reported by national banks

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF ALL BANKS, INCLUDING FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

The total resources of 29,360 reporting banks, including the 12 Federal reserve banks, June 30, 1924, aggregated \$61,935,471,000, and exceeded the amount a year ago by \$2,863,058,000.

Loans and discounts were increased in the year from \$31,395,765,000 to \$31,822,882,000, and investments show a gain in the year of

\$850, 961, 000.

Capital stock was increased in the year from \$3,161,794,000 to \$3,225,623,000, surplus from \$3,017,863,000 to \$3,188,274,000, and undivided profits from \$954,145,000 to \$971,730,000.

Total deposit liabilities amounted to \$50,298,788,000, and show

a gain in the year of \$3,596,069,000.

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Includes lawful reserve with Federal reserve bank.
 Includes real estate owned other than banking bouse.
 Includes exchanges for clearing house.

⁵ Includes bills payable and rediscounts.

Statement of the combined resources and liabilities of all reporting banks, including the 12 Federal reserve banks, with the grand totals, follows:

Statement of resources and liabilities of 30,190 reporting banks, including Federal reserve banks, June, 1924

[In thousands of dollars]

	29,348 reporting banks, June 30, 1924	12 Federal reserve banks	Total, 29,360 banks
RESOURCES			
Loans and discounts, including rediscountsOverdrafts	1 31, 427, 717 56, 334	395, 165	31, 822, 882 56, 334
Investments		429, 794	14, 658, 539
Investments	1, 295, 831	57, 772	1, 353, 603
Other real estate owned	294, 428	1	294, 428
Due from banks	3, 652, 285	² 556, 594	4, 208, 879
Lawful reserve with Federal reserve bank or other reserve agents	2, 468, 808	,	2, 468, 808
Checks and other cash items	875, 009		875, 009
Exchanges for clearing house			1, 117, 361
Cash on hand	911, 500	3, 325, 409	4, 236, 909
Other resources	816, 672	26, 047	842, 719
Total resources	57, 144, 690	4, 790, 781	61, 935, 471
LIABILITIES			
Capital stock paid in	3, 114, 203	111, 420	3, 225, 623
Surplus	2, 967, 359	220, 915	3, 188, 274
Undivided profits (less expenses and taxes paid)	971, 730		971, 730
National bank circulation Federal reserve note circulation	729, 686	1, 843, 922	729, 686 1, 843, 922
Due to all banks	3, 928, 292	3 2, 526, 099	6, 454, 391
Certified checks and cashiers' checks	664, 857	2,020,000	664, 857
Individual deposits	42, 954, 121	21, 007	42, 975, 128
United States deposits (exclusive of postal savings)	152, 302	52, 110	204, 412
Notes and bills rediscounted.	325, 280		325, 280
Bills payable (including all obligations representing money borrowed).	472, 699		472, 699
Other liabilities	864, 161	15, 308	879, 469
Total liabilities	57, 144, 690	4, 790, 781	61, 935, 471

¹ Includes acceptances of national banks.
² Uncollected items.

CASH IN ALL REPORTING BANKS

The cash holdings of all reporting banks, June 30, 1924, including 8,085 national banks, 21,263 State (commercial) banks and trust companies, etc., and the 12 Federal reserve banks, amounted to \$4,236,909,000, which was \$165,299,000 in excess of the amount a year ago. Of the total cash, national banks held \$345,219,000; banks other than national, \$566,281,000; and Federal reserve banks, including amounts held by agents, in the redemption fund with United States Treasurer, and the gold settlement fund with the Federal Reserve Board, \$3,325,409,000.

Classification of cash in all banks follows:

Due to members, reserve account, and deferred availability items.

Cash in banks June 30, 1924

[In thousands of dollars]

Classification	8,085 national banks	21,263 State, etc., banks	Total 29,360 banks 1
Gold coin	19, 253 2 37, 522	25, 861	45, 114 37, 522
Gold certificates Silver coin	3 35, 531	15, 809	51, 340 26, 662
Legal tender notesNational bank notes	23, 879 68, 251	4 252, 834	23, 879 321, 085 134, 121
Federal reserve notes § Nickels and cents Cash not classified		1, 689 270, 088	1, 689 270, 088
Total	345, 219	566, 281	911, 500
Cash in Federal reserve banks June 25, 1924: Gold coin and certificates (reserve) Reserves other than gold			3, 155, 570 115, 833
Nonreserve cash 6			54, 006
Grand total			4, 236, 909

¹ Number of banks includes 12 Federal reserve banks.

Includes clearing-house certificates.

Includes nickels and cents.

Includes nickels and cents.

4 Includes all paper currency.
5 Includes Federal reserve bank notes.
6 Not shown separately prior to this date.

MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES

On June 30, 1924, the total stock of coin and other money in the United States was \$8,746,500,000, compared with \$8,603,700,000 a year ago. Of the total stock, coin and other money held in the Treasury as assets, represented 4.08 per cent; reporting banks, with the exception of those in the insular possessions, held 10.30 per cent; Federal reserve banks or their agents, 41.56 per cent; and the balance, or 44.06 per cent, was in general circulation. The per capita money in circulation was \$34.20 compared with \$35.52 in 1923.

Gold coin and bullion exceeded 50 per cent of the total stock of money June 30, 1924, and amounted to \$4,490,807,000; Federal reserve notes amounted to \$2,339,048,000; gold certificates, \$1,-218,350,000; and national bank notes, \$778,012,000. The balance represented standard silver dollars, silver certificates, Treasury notes

and subsidiary silver.

In connection with the increase in the stock of money during the past year, and since 1914, it is interesting to note the increase in the excess of imports over exports of gold in the calendar year 1923, and the nine months' period ended September 30, 1924, also the excess of exports over imports of merchandise in this period, and the excess of exports over imports of silver in the nine months' period ended September 30 last, as disclosed by the following statements showing the stock of money in the United States, in the Treasury, in reporting banks, etc., for years ended June 30, 1914 to 1924; United States circulation statement for the year ended July 1, 1924, prepared by Division of Loans and Currency, Treasury Department, and figures furnished by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce, with respect to the imports and exports

of merchandise, gold and silver, in calendar years from 1914 to 1923, and in the nine months' period ended September 30, 1924:

Stock of money in the United States, in the Treasury, in reporting banks, Federal reserve banks, and in general circulation, years ended June 30, 1914 to 1924

Year ending June 30	Coin and other money in the	Coin and money in ury as as	Treas-	Coin and money in ing ban	report-	Held b for Fed reserve b and age	leral oanks	In general circulat clusive of amoun by reporting bar Federal reserve		ints held inks and
	United States	Amount	Per cent	Amount	Per cent	Amount	Per cent	Amount	Per cent	Per capita
1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1922 1923 1924		Millions 336. 3 345. 4 298. 2 268. 4 360. 3 584. 2 489. 7 461. 2 402. 5 383. 5 356. 6	9. 00 8. 66 6. 65 4. 96 5. 34 7. 77 6. 20 5. 70 4. 92 4. 46 4. 08	Millions 1, 630. 0 1, 447. 9 1, 472. 2 1, 487. 3 882. 7 981. 3 1, 047. 3 926. 3 814. 0 777. 1 900. 8	43. 60 36. 29 32. 84 27. 50 13. 10 13. 05 13. 27 11. 44 9. 95 9. 03 10. 30	386. 2 592. 7 1, 280. 9 2, 018. 4 2, 167. 3 2, 021. 3 2, 795. 2 3, 401. 0 3, 490. 8 3, 635. 1	9. 68 13. 22 23. 69 29. 94 28. 83 25. 60 34. 52 41. 59 40. 57 41. 56	Millions 1, 772. 0 1, 809. 9 2, 119. 8 2, 371. 4 3, 479. 6 4, 336. 2 3, 913. 3 5, 560. 0 3, 952. 3 3, 854. 0	47. 40 45. 37 47. 29 43. 85 51. 62 50. 35 54. 93 48. 34 43. 54 45. 94 44. 06	\$17. 89 17. 97 20. 69 22. 77 32. 87 35. 67 40. 47 36. 21 32. 44 35. 52 34. 20

¹ Public money in national-bank depositories to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States not included.

³ Includes national banks and all reporting State banks with exception of banks in island possessions.
³ Includes gold reserve held by banks against issues and gold or other funds deposited by banks with agents to retire Federal reserve notes in circulation and own Federal reserve notes held by Federal reserve banks.

Note.—Population estimated at 105,869,000 in 1918, 106,136,000 in 1919, 107,155,000 in 1020, 108,087,000 in 1921, 109,743,000 in 1922, 111,268,000 in 1923, and 112,686,000 in 1924.

			Money b	eld in the T	reasury		Mon	ey outside of th	ne Treasury	٠	
	Stock of		Amount beld in trust against	Reserve against	Held for			Held by	In circulati	on	Popula- tion of con- tinental
Kind of money	money 1	Total	gold and silver cer- tificates (and Treasury notes of 1890)	United States notes (and Treasury notes of 1890)	Federal reserve banks and agents	All other money	Total	Federal reserve banks and agents ⁶	Amount	Per capita	United States (esti- mated)
Gold coin and bullion	2\$4, 490, 807, 303 3 1, 218, 350, 659	\$3, 786, 060, 989	\$1, 218, 350, 659	\$152, 979, 026	\$2, 260, 891, 035	\$153, 840, 269	\$704, 746, 314 1, 218, 350, 659			\$3. 51 7. 11	
Standard silver dollars Silver certificates	503, 754, 851 3 408, 365, 410	1 427 604 070	409, 788, 036			17, 906, 043	76 060 772	22, 045, 847	54, 014, 925	48	
Treasury notes of 1890	3 1, 422, 626						408, 365, 410 1, 422, 626	40, 801, 180	1, 422, 626	. 01	
Subsidiary silver United States notes	277, 614, 378 346, 681, 016	8, 073, 621 4, 260, 547				8,073,621 4,260,547	269, 540, 757 342, 420, 469		252, 995, 255 297, 790, 492	2.64	
Federal reserve notes	2, 339, 048, 030	1, 124, 848				1, 124, 848	2, 337, 923, 182	494, 817, 077	1, 843, 106, 105	16. 36	
Federal reserve bank notes National bank notes		193, 898 18, 291, 051				193, 898 18, 291, 051	10, 402, 272 759, 720, 728	335, 924 25, 885, 690		6.51	
Total July 1, 1924	8, 746, 513, 527	44, 245, 699, 033	1, 628, 138, 695	152, 979, 026	2, 260, 891, 035	5 203, 690, 277	6, 128, 953, 189	1, 374, 180, 435	4, 754, 772, 754	42. 19	112, 686, 000
Comparative totals: July 1, 1923 July 1, 1922 Nov.1, 1920	8, 603, 732, 716 8, 177, 477, 105 8, 326, 338, 267	43, 818, 882, 894 43, 511, 962, 691 42, 406, 801, 772	1, 150, 167, 965 1, 000, 577, 605 696, 854, 226	152, 979, 026 152, 979, 026 152, 979, 026	2, 285, 169, 646 2, 108, 886, 911 1, 206, 341, 990	230, 566, 257 249, 519, 149 350, 626, 530	5, 935, 017, 787 5, 666, 092, 019 6, 616, 390, 721	1, 205, 639, 271 1, 292, 076, 982 987, 962, 989	4, 729, 378, 516 4, 374, 015, 037 5, 628, 427, 732 4, 100, 590, 704	42. 50 39. 86 52. 36	111, 268, 000 109, 743, 000 107, 491, 000
Apr. 1, 1917 July 1, 1914 Jan. 1, 1879	3, 738, 288, 871	42, 942, 998, 527 41, 843, 452, 323 4 212, 420, 402	1, 507, 178, 879	150, 000, 000		186, 273, 444	3, 402, 015, 427	953, 320, 126	3, 402, 015, 427	34.30	99, 027, 000

1 Includes United States paper currency in circulation in foreign countries and the amount held by the Cuban agencies of the Federal reserve banks.

Does not include gold bullion or foreign coin outside of vaults of the Treasury, Federal reserve banks, and Federal reserve agents. 3 These amounts are not included in the total since the money held in trust against gold and silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 is included under gold coin and bul-

lion and standard silver dollars, respectively.

⁴ The amount of money held in trust against gold and silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 should be deducted from this total before combining it with total money outside of the Treasury to arrive at the stock of money in the United States.

⁵ This total includes \$18,700,175 of notes in process of redemption, \$140,640,438 of gold deposited for redemption of Federal reserve notes, \$12,214,192 deposited for redemption of National bank notes, \$8,745 deposited for retirement of additional circulation (act of May 30, 1908), and \$6,624,305 deposited as a reserve against postal savings deposits. 6 Includes money held by the Cuban agencies of the Federal reserve banks of Boston and Atlanta.

Note.—Gold certificates are secured dollar for dollar by gold held in the Treasury for their redemption; sliver certificates are secured dollar for dollar by standard silver dollars held in the Treasury for their redemption; United States notes are secured by a gold reserve of \$152,979,025.63 held in the Treasury. This reserve fund may also be used for the redemption of Treasury notes of 1890, which are also secured dollar for dollar by standard silver dollars, held in the Treasury. Federal reserve motes are obligations of the United States and a first lien on all the assets of the issuing Federal reserve bank. Federal reserve notes are secured by the deposit with Federal reserve agents of a like amount of gold or of gold and such discounted or purchased paper as is eligible under the terms of the Federal reserve act. Federal reserve banks must maintain a gold reserve of at least 40 per cent, including the gold redemption fund which must be deposited with the United States Treasurer, against Federal reserve notes in actual circulation. Federal reserve bank notes and National bank notes are secured by United States Government obligations, and a 5 per cent fund for their redemption is required to be maintained with the Treasurer of the United States in gold or lawful money.

Imports and exports of merchandise, calendar years 1914 to 1923, inclusive, and from January 1 to September 30, 1924

	Imports of merchandise	Exports of merchandise	Excess of exports over imports
1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919 1919 1920	2, 391, 635, 335 2, 952, 465, 955 3, 031, 304, 721 3, 904, 364, 932 5, 278, 481, 490	\$3, 113, 624, 050 3, 554, 670, 847 5, 482, 641, 101 6, 226, 255, 654 6, 149, 241, 951 7, 920, 425, 990 8, 228, 016, 307 4, 485, 031, 356	\$1, 324, 348, 049 1, 776, 074, 152 3, 091, 005, 766 3, 273, 789, 699 3, 117, 937, 230 4, 016, 061, 058 2, 949, 534, 817 1, 975, 883, 786
1922 1923 1924 (9 months)	3, 112, 746, 833 3, 792, 065, 963	3, 831, 777, 469 4, 167, 493, 080 3, 124, 146, 417	719, 030, 636 375, 427, 117 456, 253, 081
Total, 10 years and 9 months	33, 207, 978, 831	56, 283, 324, 222	23, 075, 345, 391

Gold and silver imports and exports in period indicated

GOLD

	Imports	Exports	Excess of exports over imports	Excess of imports over exports
1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1922 1923 1924 (9 months)	\$57, 387, 741 451, 954, 590 685, 990, 234 552, 454, 374 62, 042, 748 76, 534, 046 417, 088, 273 691, 248, 297 275, 169, 785 322, 715, 812 269, 782, 031	\$222, 616, 156 31, 425, 918 155, 792, 927 371, 883, 884 41, 069, 818 368, 185, 248 322, 091, 208 22, 891, 377 36, 874, 894 28, 643, 417 11, 159, 210	\$165, 228, 415 291, 651, 202 456, 879, 617	\$420, 528, 672 530, 197, 307 180, 570, 490 20, 972, 930 94, 977, 065 667, 356, 920 238, 294, 891 294, 072, 395 258, 622, 821 2, 705, 593, 491

SILVER

			1	1
1914	\$25, 959, 187	\$51, 603, 060	\$25, 643, 873	
1915	34, 483, 954	53, 598, 884		
1916	32, 263, 289	70, 595, 037		
1917	53, 340, 477	84, 130, 876	30, 790, 399	
1918	71, 375, 699	252, 846, 464		
1919	89, 410, 018	239, 021, 051		
1920	88, 060, 041	113, 616, 224	25, 556, 183	
1921	63, 242, 671	51, 575, 399	,,,,,,,	\$11, 667, 272
1922	70, 806, 653	62, 807, 286		
1923	74, 453, 530			1, 984, 741
1924 (9 months)	55, 604, 462	79, 744, 974	24, 140, 512	
Total, 10 years and 9 months	658, 999, 981	1, 132, 008, 044	494, 659, 443	21, 651, 380
Town, to your and a month of the	000, 000, 001	2, 202, 000, 011	202,000,110	22,001,000

BANKING POWER OF THE UNITED STATES

The combined banking power of banks in the United States June 30, 1924, including national banks, banks other than national, with estimated figures for nonreporting private banks, and the 12 Federal reserve banks, was \$3,163,700,000 greater than a year ago, and amounted to \$56,446,500,000.

Of the total banking power representing capital, surplus, and profits, deposits and circulation, the amount shown by these items in the returns from national banks was \$19,172,700,000, the amount contributed by banks other than national was \$32,498,400,000, and Federal reserve banks contributed \$4,775,400,000.

The amount of banking power of each class of banks is shown in the following statement:

Banking power of the United States June 30, 1924

[Money columns in millions]

	Num- ber of banks	Capital paid in	Surplus and profits	De- posits 1	National bank circulation, Federal reserve notes, and Federal reserve bank notes	Total June, 1924	Total June, 1923	In- crease over 1923
National banks Reporting State banks, sav-	8, 085	\$1, 334. 0	\$1, 582. 2	\$15, 526. 8	\$729. 7	\$19, 172. 7	\$18, 084. 5	\$1,088.2
ings banks, trust com- panies, and private banks	21, 263	1, 780. 2	2, 356. 9	28, 244. 4		32, 381. 5	30, 072. 3	2, 309. 2
Nonreporting private banks (estimated)	461	9.2	8.3	99. 4		116. 9	107. 9	9.0
TotalFederal reserve banks	29, 809 2 12	3, 123. 4 111. 4	3, 947. 4 220. 9	43, 870. 6 2, 599. 2	729. 7 1, 843. 9	51, 671. 1 4, 775. 4	48, 264. 7 5, 018. 1	3, 406. 4 3 242. 7
Grand total	29, 821	3, 234. 8	4, 168. 3	46, 469. 8	2, 573. 6	56, 446. 5	53, 282. 8	3, 163. 7

¹ Includes dividends unpaid, postal savings and United States deposits, certified checks and cashiers' checks outstanding, but not amounts due to other banks, except deposits of Federal reserve banks, which are reported gross.

² June 25, 1924.

Note.—Information for nonreporting private banks has been estimated by using as a basis for the calculation statements of reporting private banks. Only such institutions as are performing the functions of a bank are included in the total number of private banks. Concerns whose business is confined to the selling of investments are not included in the list of private bankers.

BANKS IN DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Although the number of banking institutions in the District of Columbia subject to the supervision of the Comptroller of the Currency was reduced, through liquidations, in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, from 72 to 69, aggregate assets were increased \$7,699,000, or to \$296,126,000. Capital stock shows an increase of \$1,258,000 and individual deposits, an increase of \$10,580,000.

Classification of these banks is shown in the following statement:

	Number	Capital	Individual deposits ¹	Aggregate assets
National banks Loan and trust companies Savings banks Building and loan associations	14 7 25 23	\$9, 527, 000 11, 400, 000 2, 426, 000	\$92, 474, 000 65, 465, 000 29, 505, 000 35, 472, 000	\$131, 504, 000 89, 531, 000 34, 624, 000 40, 467, 000
Total	69	23, 353, 000	222, 916, 000	296, 126, 000

¹ Amount due to banks not included.

Becrease.

² Share payments mainly.

EARNINGS, EXPENSES, AND DIVIDENDS OF BANKS OTHER THAN NATIONAL, IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Trust companies and savings banks in the District of Columbia accumulated gross earnings in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, of \$7,470,000, an increase in the year of \$3,000.

Expenses paid on account of salaries and wages, interest on deposits, and on borrowed money, together with other miscellaneous expenditures, amounted to \$5,262,000, and show an increase of

\$259,000.

These institutions appear to have been fortunate in the past year in that they were required to charge off only \$438,000 on account of worthless assets, compared with \$594,000 in the previous year. They recovered, however, \$117,000 from charged off assets, compared with \$135,000 in the previous year, leaving net addition to profits of \$1,887,000, which shows a slight reduction in the year, out of which dividends were declared to the amount of \$1,155,000, compared with dividends of \$1,211,000 in the previous year.

The net addition to profits of these companies and banks to capital and surplus was 8.85 per cent compared with 9.75 per cent in 1923, and the percentage of dividends to capital and surplus, 5.42, com-

pares with 5.89 in the year 1923.

Statement of earnings, expenses, and dividends of these companies and banks for years ended June 30, 1923 and 1924, follows:

Earnings, expenses, and dividends of trust companies and savings banks in the
District of Columbia
[In thousands of dollars]

(in thousands of dollars)		
	June 30, 1923, 35 banks	June 30, 1924, 32 banks
Capital stock Total surplus fund Dividends declared	6,891	13, 826 7, 496 1, 155
Gross earnings: Interest and discount Domestic exchange and collection charges Profits of foreign exchange department Commissions and earnings from insurance premiums and the negotiation of real	21 29	6, 041 25 22 187
estate loans Trust department profits Other earnings.	1, 287	448 747
Total xpenses paid: Salaries and wages. Interest and discount on borrowed money. Interest on deposits. Taxes. Other expenses.	1, 669 68 1, 795 589	7, 470 1, 809 52 1, 871 660 870
Total	5, 003	5, 262
Net earnings during the year Recoveries on charged-off assets	2, 464 135	2, 208 117
Total	2, 599	2, 325
Losses charged off: On loans and discounts. On bonds, securities, etc. On trust department operations.	181	131 158
Other losses On foreign exchange	11	18
Total.	594	438
Net addition to profits during the year	2, 005	1, 887

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

On June 30, 1924, there were 23 building and loan associations in the District of Columbia subject to the supervision of the Comptroller of the Currency, with aggregate assets of \$40,467,000, compared with assets of the same number of associations a year ago of \$37,589,000.

Sixteen of these associations operate on the permanent plan, 6 on the serial plan, and 1 on the terminating plan. Twenty-one associations require installment dues of \$1, one requires payments of \$2, and one payments of \$2.50.

The number of borrowing members June 30, 1924, was 14.794, an increase of 485 in the year, and the number of nonborrowing members was 39,440, an increase of 1,544 in the year.

Information relative to these associations for years ended June 30, 1909 to 1924, inclusive, is shown in the following statement, and consolidated statements of assets and liabilities and receipts and disbursements for six months periods ended December 31, 1923, and June 30, 1924, are published in the appendix to the report of the Comptroller of the Currency.

Years	Number of asso- ciations	Loans	Installments on shares	Aggregate resources
une 30—				
1909	22	\$13, 511, 587	\$11, 996, 357	\$14, 393, 92
1910		14, 415, 832	13, 213, 644	15, 250, 73
1911	19	14, 965, 220	13, 324, 217	16, 017, 40
1912	20	16, 004, 700	14, 529, 977	17, 100, 2
1910	40	17, 398, 010	16, 453, 044	18, 438, 2
1914	20	18, 582, 156	17, 113, 899	19, 029, 2
1915	20	19, 524, 065	17, 866, 337	20, 655, 6
1916	19	20, 186, 662	18, 668, 808	21, 611, 0
1917	19	20, 951, 089	19, 413, 266	22, 264, 0
1918		21, 567, 904	20, 252, 005	23, 215, 0
1919	20	23, 654, 000	22, 463, 000	25, 699, 0
1920	21	27, 398, 000	25, 373, 000	29, 322, 0
1921	24 1	29, 520, 000	27, 593, 000	31,683,0
1922	22	33, 233, 000	30, 506, 000	34, 879, 0
1923	23	36, 157, 000	32, 858, 000	37, 589, 0
1924	23	38, 968, 000	35, 452, 000	40, 467, 0

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES

Building and loan associations in the United States numbered 10,744 in the year 1923-24, and had a total membership of 7,202,880, with total assets of \$3,942,939,880. The increase in assets in the year was \$600,408,927 and the increase in membership 838,736.

The largest gain in assets during the year was made by associations in the State of Pennsylvania, and amounted to \$121,000,000. The State of Ohio was second, with a gain of \$83,812,443, and increases in assets in excess of \$10,000,000 were as follows: New Jersey, \$43,460,199; Massachusetts, \$39,663,475; Illinois, \$30,164,576; New York, \$29,288,161; Indiana, \$27,037,472; Wisconsin, \$21,171,-California, \$20,537,699; Louisiana, \$18,707,414; Nebraska, \$16,803,856; Missouri, \$14,878,242; Oklahoma, \$14,097,322; North Carolina, \$13,551,540; Washington, \$11,244,471; Kansas, \$10,996,-583, and Michigan, \$10,219,198.
Statistics furnished by Mr. E. F. Cellarius, secretary United

States League of Local Building and Loan Associations, follow:

Building and loan associations—Statistics for 1923-24

	States	Number of associ- ations	Total member- ship	Total assets	Increase in assets	Increase in member- ship
1	Pennsylvania	3, 900	1, 400, 000	\$745, 000, 000	\$121,000,000	149, 000
2	Ohio	824	1, 375, 968	648, 160, 960	83, 812, 443	206, 140
3	New Jersey	1,094	687, 587	402, 728, 756	43, 460, 199	8, 614
4	New Jersey Massachusetts	211	356, 636	264, 755, 632	39, 663, 475	29, 479
5	Illinois	771	450,000	232, 092, 934	30, 164, 576	60,000
6	New York	291	360, 094	182, 449, 453	29, 288, 161	39, 050
7	Indiana	. 377	298, 001	167, 982, 946	27, 037, 472	27, 276
8	Nebraska	81	163, 000	108, 798, 586	16, 803, 856	19, 544
9	Wisconsin	140	143, 460	92, 992, 109	21, 171, 086	29, 281
10	Louisiana	86	111, 072	87, 896, 857	18, 707, 414	20, 072
11	California	132	88, 039	85, 270, 459	20, 537, 699	24, 214
12	Missouri	224	124, 845	75, 376, 038	14, 878, 242	20, 631
13	Michigan	80	126, 487	68, 765, 435	10, 219, 198	11,757
14	Kansas	132	131,000	66, 610, 104	10, 996, 583	12, 780
15	Oklahoma	85	102, 311	65, 810, 618	14, 097, 322	13, 147
16	North Carolina	234	76, 786	57, 950, 374	13, 551, 540	11, 786
17	Kentucky 1	140	116,000	55, 000, 000	7, 000, 000	5,000
18	Washington		118, 449	40, 940, 876	11, 244, 471	43, 216
19	District of Columbia	22	52, 860	38, 771, 000	2, 941, 000	1, 751
20	Iowa	71	56, 500	28, 995, 486	4, 335, 631	3,700
21	Arkansas	54	34, 209	21, 412, 098	3, 414, 837	5, 984
22	Colorado.	51	40, 520	20, 246, 886	5, 942, 556	11, 885
23	Utah	24	38, 450	19, 238, 090	3, 628, 691	7, 230
24	West Virginia	47	42, 500	17, 982, 752	4, 202, 458	7, 200
25	Minnesota 1	75	33, 200	16,000,000	1, 313, 248	2, 625
26	Maine	39	22, 550	12, 657, 941	2, 072, 473	4, 150
27	Rhode Island	- 8 (23, 143	12, 561, 164	2, 015, 665	2, 606
28	Texas.	82 [30, 090	12, 036, 330	4, 873, 335	6, 545
29	Connecticut	35	29, 112	11, 701, 198	2, 067, 816	3, 512
30	Montana	26	32,000	10, 447, 187	4, 986, 214	8,064
31	Oregon	19	24, 990	10, 000, 000		
32	New Hampshire	28	13, 305	6, 581, 635	790, 084	912
33	South Carolina	164	20, 400	6, 524, 242	² 1, 102, 648	2 4
34	North Dakota	16	10,875	5, 425, 172	896, 107	1,800
35	Delaware	37	10,800	5, 369, 670	939, 285	1,850
36	South Dakota 1	.18	7,000	4, 400, 000	² 100, 000	i 350
37	Tennessee	14	6, 450	3, 876, 735	404, 208	700
38	Tennessee New Mexico !	14	5, 450	2, 300, 000	130,000	250
39	Arizona	4	5, 000	1, 927, 937	512, 629	1, 250
40	Vermont	7	2, 431	1, 047, 192	228, 671	476
	Other States 1	1,035	431, 310	224, 855, 028	22, 282, 930	35, 613
•	Total	10, 744	7, 202, 880	3, 942, 939, 880	600, 408, 927	838, 736

¹ Estimated.

³ Decrease.

MONETARY STOCKS IN THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD

Reference to the following statement furnished by the Mint Bureau, showing the stock of coin and other currency of the principal countries of the world at the end of the calendar year 1923 shows an increase in the gold stock in circulation, in banks, and public treasuries from \$9,210,007,000 at the end of the calendar year 1922 to \$9,407,761,000. The silver stock was also increased in this period from \$2,440,831,000 to \$2,733,172,000, and the per capita distribution of gold and silver was 5.31 and 1.54 per cent, respectively, to 1923, compared with 4.99 and 1.32 per cent, respectively, in 1922.

The percentage of gold stock held in the United States to the total gold stock in 1923 was 45.15, compared with 42.71 in 1922, and the percentage of silver stock held in the United States to the

total in 1922 was 30.32, compared with 29.60 in 1923.

Monetary stock of principal countries of the world, end of calendar year 1923
[Stated in United States money (000 omitted), except paper stock, which is stated in monetary unit of issuing country (000 omitted)]

		Monetar	y unit		,	Gold stock			Paper		Per capita				
Country	Monetary standard	Name	United States equiva- lent	Metallic stock un- classified	In banks and public treasuries	In cir- culation	Total	Silver stock.	circulation in monetary unit of issuing country	Popula- tion	Unclas- sified stock	Gold	Silver	Paper	
North America: United States. Canada. Mexico. British Honduras. Costa Rica. Cuba. Dominican Republic Haiti. Guatemala. Newfoundland Nicaragua. Panama. Salvador Virgin Islands British West Indies— Barbados. Jamaica. Trinidad. Dutch West Indies.	do	Dollar do Peso Dollar Colon Peso Dollar Gourde Peso Dollar Cordoba Balboa Colon Dollar do Pound Dollar do Pound Dollar do Guilder Guilder Guilder Guilder	\$1. 00 1. 00 . 4985 1. 00 . 25 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 1. 00 . 50 . 965 1. 0138 4, 8665 1. 0138 4, 402		\$4, 247, 201 227, 292 1 22, 500 90 334 8, 033 134 1300 418 6 1, 000 400 3, 337 85	29, 072 46, 006	\$4, 247, 201 227, 292 1 50, 000 90 334 37, 105 114 300 4 6, 018 1, 000 440 3, 337 90	\$509, 028 27, 964 1 30, 000 190 417 16, 368 247 4 2, 987 6 2, 300 1 315 325 59 7 53 937 644 179	\$5, 342, 770 428, 920 15, 565 318 19, 132 2 331, 821 1, 276 2, 9600 850, 537 6 2, 000 1 7, 388 10, 166 2, 500 8 21 243 2, 167 1, 198	110, 922 8, 967 14, 463 485 485 2, 899 1, 631 2, 025 633 434 1, 526 25		\$38. 29 25. 35 3. 46 2. 00 . 69 12. 80 3. 77 -1. 01 2. 19 3. 60	\$7. 29 3. 12 2. 07 4. 22 . 86 5. 65 . 28 1. 40 8. 49 75 2. 36 3. 4 1. 09 1. 65 3. 20	\$48. 1 47. 8 1.0 7. 0 39. 8 114. 4 5. 8 424. 2 7. 5 11. 5 6. 6 100. 0	
French West Indies— Guadeloupe Martinque South America: Argentina. Bolivia. Brazil. Chile.	dodo	FrancdoPesoBoliviana.Milreis.Peso	. 193 . 193 . 9648 . 3893 . 5462 . 365	\$714	324 472, 161 8, 225 51, 684 4 34, 025		324 472, 161 8, 225 51, 684 4 34, 025	94	42, 806 420, 400 1, 362, 564 41, 944 2, 704, 140 293, 737	230 240 8, 699 2, 890 30, 636 3, 819	\$2.98	1. 41 54. 27 2. 85 1. 69 8. 91	. 41	186. 1 85. 0 156. 0 14. 88. 5	
Colombia Ecuador Gulana— British Dutch French Paraquay Peru Uruguay Venezuela	- do do do do do do do do do do do do do	Pound Guilder Franc Peso Pound Peso Bolivar	. 9733 . 4867 4. 8665 . 402 . 193 . 9648 4, 8665 1. 0342	4 656	4, 301 6 4, 625 81 3, 181 4 22, 143 4 56, 806 6 15, 440		3, 181 4, 625 81 3, 181 4 22, 873 4 56, 806 15, 440	12, 732 6 1, 931 676 378 44, 725 63, 000 69, 071	23, 752 6 16, 000 2, 000 2, 340 4 9, 200 262, 707 5, 713 6 70, 000 6 39, 000	6,300 2,000 298 108 26 1,000 7,300 1,529 2,412	25. 23	. 68 2. 31 . 75 3. 18 3. 13 37. 15 6. 40	2. 02 . 97 2. 27 3. 50 . 65 1. 96 3. 76	3. 8. 6. 21. 353. 262. 45.	

(See footnotes on page 736.)

Monetary stock of principal countries of the world, end of calendar year 1923—Continued [Stated in United States money (000 omitted), except paper stock, which is stated in monetary unit of issuing country (000 omitted)]

		Monetai	y unit			Gold stock			Paper circulation			Per	capita	
Country	Monetary standard	Name		Metallic stock un- classified	In banks and public treasuries	In cir- culation	Total	Silverstock	in monetary unit of issuing country	Popula- tion	Unclas- sified stock	Gold	Silver	Paper
Europe: Austria Belgium ¹⁶ Bulgaria ¹¹ Czechosłovakia	do do	Krone Franc Lev Krone	\$0. 2026 . 193 . 193 . 2026	\$157, 121	\$1, 430 52, 204 7, 635		\$1, 430 52, 204 7, 635	\$176 14, 494 3, 266	\$7, 125, 755, 190 7, 537, 191 4, 156, 205 9, 598, 903 18 14, 239	6, 423 7, 466 4, 861 13, 611	\$11. 54	\$0. 22 6. 99 1. 57	. 67	\$1,109,412.29 1,009.54 855.00 705.23
Danzig, Free City of 13 Denmark Esthonia Finland France 14 Germany	Gold	Gulden Krone Mark do Franc Mark	. 195 . 268 . 193 . 193 . 193 . 2382		56, 171 2, 326 8, 331 709, 479 119, 300	\$3	56, 171 2, 326 8, 331 709, 479 119, 300	1,947 1,706 202 57,229 1 17,111	472, 625 3, 978, 344 1, 352, 352 37, 905, 434	3, 290 1, 111 3, 403 39, 210 59, 856		. 01 17. 07 2. 09 2. 45 18. 09 1. 99	4. 87 . 52 . 06 1. 46 . 29	35. 60 143. 60 3, 580. 86 397. 40 966. 73
Germany Great Britain ¹⁷ Greece ¹⁰ Hungary Iceland Irish Free State ¹⁰	do	Pound Drachma Kronedo Pound	4. 8665 . 193 . 2026 . 268 4. 8665	18 120,000	759, 174 6, 938 4, 614 603 51, 037		759, 174 6, 938 4, 614 603 51, 037	301, 723 268 121 4 8, 472	425, 075 4, 681, 200 931, 337, 335 6, 549 17, 005	59, 856 47, 262 5, 950 7, 951 96 4, 380	2. 54	16. 06 1. 17 . 58 6. 28 11. 65	6. 38 . 05 . 02 . 04 1. 93	9. 00 786. 76 117, 134. 62 68. 21 3. 88
Italy Latvia Lithuania Malta Netherlands Norway	do do do	Lira Lat Litas Pound Guilder Krone	. 193 . 193 . 10 4. 8665 . 402 . 268		215, 697 3, 667 25 233, 876 39, 472		215, 697 3, 667 25 233, 876 39, 472	28, 429 21 43, 326 6, 673	19, 675, 000 23, 000 60, 074 700 1, 108, 035 395, 800	38, 835 1, 851 4, 651 184 6, 977 2, 632		5. 55 1. 98 . 01 33. 52 15. 00	6. 21 2. 54	506. 63 12. 43 12. 91 3. 80 158. 81 150. 38
Poland Portugal Rumania ¹⁰ Russia ²⁰ Spain	(12) Gold do	Mark Escudo Leu Ruble Peseta	. 208 . 2382 1. 0805 . 193 . 5146 . 193		12, 622 10, 483 26, 207 45, 043 487, 687		12, 622 10, 483 26, 207 45, 043 487, 687	6, 673 4, 986 19, 012 1, 011 571 125, 242	125, 371, 955, 000 1, 297, 248 17, 728, 586 (21) 4, 338, 123	27, 179 6, 041 16, 262 131, 299 21, 338		15. 00 . 46 1. 79 1. 61 . 34 22. 85	2. 54 . 18 3. 14 . 06	150. 38 4,612,824.43 214. 74 1, 090. 18 (21) 203. 30
Sweden Switzerland Turkey Yugoslavia ¹⁰ Brit. North Borneo	do do do (12) Gold	Krone Franc Piaster Dinar Dollar	. 268 . 193 . 044 . 193 . 5678	1 254, 997 610	73, 166 103, 669 13, 286	38, 600	73, 166 142, 269 13, 286	²² 3, 530 43, 182 3, 334	576, 390 982, 709 16, 142, 000 5, 784, 930 2, 292	5, 988 3, 886 14, 549 12, 017 258	17. 53 . 05	12. 22 36. 61 1. 11	. 59 11. 11 . 28	96. 26 252. 88 1, 109. 49 481. 40 8. 88
Ceylon China ²³ Cypress Island	Silver	Rupee Dollar Pound	. 3244 (8) 4. 8665		8, 250	292	14 8, 250 292	9, 247 118, 715 710	42, 707 220, 542 410	4, 504 431, 480		. 02	2. 05 . 28 2. 24	9. 48 . 51 1. 29

	,												
Fed. Malay Statesdo	Dollar	. 5678	1		l	[4 76	i 3, 369	1,390	1	l	. 05	2.42
India, Britishdo	Rupee	. 4866		114, 891		114, 891	429, 217	1, 834, 114	318, 942	1	.36	1.35	5, 75
Indo-China, French Silver	Piaster						17, 937	91, 369	18, 982			. 94	4. 81
Japan (including		` '					,	,	,				2.02
Chosen, Kwan-										i	i :		
tung, Taiwan) Gold	Yen	. 4985	25,000	602 199		602, 188	²⁴ 172, 625	1, 893, 936	78, 575	. 32	7. 66	2. 19	24. 13
Netherlands. East	160	. 4900	20,000	002, 100		042, 100	172, 020	1,000,000	10,010	. 52	1.00	2.18	24. 13
Indiesdodo	Guilder	. 402		60.000		62, 869	100 010	200 055	47, 204		1, 33	3, 58	
Indies				02,809		02, 809	168, 919	302, 057		1			6.40
Palestinedo	Pound					4 40	4 72	1,000	700		. 06	. 10	1.43
Persia 24 Silver	Kran	(6)					18, 654	51, 296	9, 500			1. 96	5. 39
Philippine IslandsGold	Peso	. 50	4				18, 907	25 103, 477	10, 906		. 36	1.73	9.49
Sarawakdo	Dollar	. 5678					95	157	600			. 16	. 26
Siamdo	Tical	. 4054					46, 935	105, 998	9, 322			503	11. 36
Straits Settlementdo	Dollar	. 5678		1.624		1,624	11, 487	99, 096	935		1.74	12. 28	105. 99
Syria do do	Pound	3.860	13, 703		l			9,776	2, 140	6, 40			4. 57
Africa:			, ,		l	1		,	,	** =*			
Abyssinia Silver	Thalari	(8)				.	4 335	215	8,000			. 04	. 03
Algeria Gold Gold	Franc	. 193	15 053				300	1, 014, 527	5, 806	2.59			174, 74
Belgian Congo 26do	do	. 193	10,000				3 883	39, 868	15, 000			. 26	2.66
Egyptdo	Pound	4. 9431		206		396	36,000	36, 468	13, 551	••	. 03	2. 67	2.69
Gambia do	do	4. 8665		350		050	30, 444	109	210			2.01	. 52
Gold Coastdo		4. 8665							2, 299				.48
Gold Coast	ao	4. 8000						1, 093	2, 299				.48
Kenya Colony and	G1-2112	0.400					1 100	. 05 000	0.500	1	1		
Uganda #do	Shilling	. 2433					1, 178	25, 033	2, 529				9.90
Madagascardo	Franc	. 193					3, 474	111,000	3, 382			1. 03	32. 82
Morocco, Frenchdo	do	. 193	9, 553					239, 800	6,000	1, 59			39. 97
Nigeriado	Pound	4.8665					9, 323	75	18, 588			. 50	
Nyasalanddo	do	4.8665		521		521	870		1, 176		. 44	. 74	
Portuguese East	1					j				1	1 .	l .	
Africado	Escudo	1.0805		332	78	410	. 49	88, 224	3, 120		. 13	. 02	28. 28
Portuguese West									-,				
Africado	do	1.0805						11, 300	4,000	l			2, 82
Reunion Islanddo	Franc	. 193	4 1, 930					4 32, 600	174	11.09			187, 35
Rhodesia	Pound	4. 8665		6 950		950	6 90	6 10, 000	1.867			. 05	5. 36
Sierra Leone	do	4. 8665		- 000			387	380	1, 541			. 25	. 25
Somaliland—		4.0000					001	. 000	1,011			. 20	. 20
Britishdo	Rupee	. 3244			İ		292	300	244			. 85	. 87
Italian do	do						4 1. 019	300	450			2. 26	.01
		. 3244						4 24, 214	400				
Tanganyikado	Shilling	. 2433		⁶ 3, 074			4 4, 357		7, 200			. 61	3. 36
Tunisiado	Franc	. 193		◦ 3, 074		3, 074	6 781	⁶ 172, 457	2, 094		1. 47	. 37	82. 36
Union of South	I !		1		1	ا ۔۔ ۔۔ ا				i		ٔ ۔ ۔ ا	
Africa 16do	Pound	4.8665		58, 051		58, 051	23, 612	22, 144	6, 929		8. 38	3.41	3. 20
West Africa, Frenchdo		. 193	4 2, 972					4 190, 600	11, 464	. 26			16. 63
Zanzibardo	Rupee	. 3244	l		l		801	4,604	197	I	l	4.06	23. 37
	- "												

(See footnotes on page 736.)

Monetary stock of principal countries of the world, end of calendar year 1923—Continued

[Stated in United States money (000 omitted), except paper stock, which is stated in monetary unit of issuing country (000 omitted)]

	Monetary unit		Gold stock			Paper . circulation			Per capita					
Country	Monetary standard		United States equiva- lent	Metallic stock un- classified	In banks and public treasuries	In cir- culation	Total	Silver stock	in monatana	Popula- tion	Unclas- sified stock	Gold	Silver	Paper
Oceania: Australia. New Zealand Ta hiti-Society Islands	Gold do	Pound do Franc	\$4. 8665 4. 8665 . 193	\$38, 289	\$215, 499	\$4,866	\$220, 365	\$21, 899	\$52, 182 6, 644 8, 500	5, 635 1, 266 28	\$30. 24	\$39. 11	\$3. 89	\$9. 26 5. 25 303. 57
Total				640, 598	9, 300, 575	107, 186	9, 407, 761	2, 733, 172		1, 771, 713	. 36	5. 31	1. 54	

- 1 1921 figures.
- All notes of American origin, as the Cuban Government does not issue paper money.
- 3 Exclusive of \$1,200,000 U.S. currency. 4 Last year's figures.
- I Fluctuates with prices of silver.
- 6 Estimated on basis of data considered fairly reliable.
- 7 Stock held by one of the three banks.
- 8 In Banco de Chile.
- 9 On July 31, 1924. 10 Stock in National Bank.
- 11 On January 14, 1924.
- 12 Monetary standard not established.
- 18 On February 29, 1924.
- 14 On December 27, 1923, in Bank of France.

- 15 24,434,000 fine ounces, mostly deposited abroad. 16 496,507,425,000,000,000 (000 omitted).
- 17 On December 26, 1923.
- 18 Estimated holdings of Scotch banks.
- 19 In June: 1923. 20 On January 1, 1924.
- 21 168,500,200,500,000 (000 omitted) ruble notes: per capita 1,283,331,940,89: for chervonetz notes and metallic cover.
- 22 Includes copper-nickel coin.
- 23 Incomplete.
- On December 20, 1923.
 Exclusive of P1,257,891 U. S. bank notes.
- 26 On November 30, 1923.
- 27 On June 30, 1923.

NOTE.—Figures given represent each country's stock at the end of the year, except when otherwise indicated. Population figures are from the Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1922. Blanks indicate no figures available, rather than no stock Gold held abroad as follows, not included in the above figures (presumably reported by the country having actual possession): Canada, \$13,045,889; Brazil, \$737,370; Colombia, \$5,242,914; Japan, \$221,832,500; Straits Settlements, \$3,763,686; Egypt, \$16,507,853; Philippine Islands, \$51,113,171; Czechoslovakia, \$52,206,500; Esthonia, \$4,528,864; Bank of France, \$359,813,953; Germany, \$5,100,000; Lithuania, \$1,619,935; Yugoslavia, \$67,177,010 (gold and silver): Kenya Colony, \$205,045 (silver); Greece, \$4,825,000.

FEDERAL LAND BANKS

The assets of the 12 Federal land banks were increased between October 31, 1923, and September 30, 1924, from \$881,671,000 to

\$983,787,000.

The principal resources of these banks at the close of business September 30, 1924, consisted of net mortgage loans to the amount of \$905,536,000. Accrued interest not yet due on these loans amounted to \$16,445,000, United States Government bonds and securities were \$43,000,000, and cash on hand and in banks, was

\$11,080,000.

The capital stock of these banks was \$48,270,000, of which \$1,671,000 was held by the Government; Federal farm loan associations were stockholders to the amount of \$46,255,000; stock held by borrowers through agents was \$343,000; and the stock holdings of individual subscribers was \$1,000. The legal reserves of these banks amounted to \$5,734,000 and surplus reserves, etc., plus undivided profits, were \$4,158,000.

The net earnings of these banks to September 30, 1924, were

\$23,920,000.

The majority of the liabilities of these banks consisted of farm loan bonds outstanding to the amount of \$907,215,000. Interest accrued but not due on these bonds was \$14,981,000; accounts and notes payable aggregated \$87,000, and dividends declared, but unpaid, amounted to \$443,000.

Statement of the assets and liabilities of these banks, with related

data, follows:

Consolidated statement of condition of the 12 Federal land banks at close of business September 30, 1924

Assets:	
Net mortgage loans 1	\$905, 536, 367, 56
Interest accrued but not yet due on mortgage loans	
United States Government bonds and securities	
Interest accrued but not yet due on bonds and securities	
Other interest accrued but not yet dueCash on hand and in banks	11, 079, 845. 40
Notes receivable acceptances etc	1, 201, 764. 35
Notes receivable, acceptances, etc	724, 436. 08
Installments matured (in process of collection)	1, 426, 650. 22
Parking houses	1, 420, 000. 22
Banking houses	1, 889, 842. 55
Furniture and fixtures	260, 864. 28
Other assets	1, 860, 183. 89
That a second or	002 706 751 04
Total assets	983, 786, 751. 84
Liabilities:	
	007 914 700 00
Farm loan bonds outstanding	907, 214, 780, 00
Interest accrued but not yet due on farm loan bonds	14, 981, 429. 27
Notes payable	50, 647. 10
Accounts payable	
Due borrowers on uncompleted loans	488, 655. 62
Amortization installments paid in advance	1, 213, 091. 80
Farm loan bond coupons outstanding	625, 390. 89
Dividends declared but unpaid.	443, 169. 31
Other liabilities	570, 193. 21
Total liabilities	925, 623, 504. 24

¹Unpledged mortgages (gross), \$13,954,449.44.

Net worth: Capital stock, United States Government \$1,670,96 National farm loan associations 46,254,93 Borrowers through agents 342,86 Individual subscribers 1,68	32. 50
Total capital stock 48, 270, 44 Reserve (legal) 5, 734, 46 Surplus, reserves, etc 102, 66 Undivided profits 4, 055, 80	00. 00 00. 00 05. 10
	58 , 163, 247. 60
Total liabilities and net worth	983, 786, 751. 84
Memoranda: Net earnings to Sept. 30, 1924	23, 920, 043. 59
Dividends paid 9, 539, 59 Carried to suspense account 1, 255, 42 Real eastate charged off 3, 232, 21	21. 20 19. 87
Carried to surplus, reserve, etc	00. 00
Total reserve and undivided profits	9, 892, 805. 10
Capital stock originally subscribed by United States ernmentAmount of Government stock retired	8, 892, 515, 00
Capital stock held by United States Government.	1, 670, 965. 00

JOINT-STOCK LAND BANKS

The resources of joint-stock land banks were increased between October 31, 1923, and September 30, 1924, \$53,000,000, and amounted on the latter date to \$475,191,000.

Mortgage loans were increased in this period from \$382,000,000 to \$430,000,000, and constituted the principal asset. Interest accrued but not yet due on these loans amounted to \$7,957,000; United States Government bonds and securities, \$14,671,000, and cash on hand and in banks was \$13,442,000.

Capital stock paid in was \$34,079,000; surplus funds paid in, \$1,395,000; legal reserve \$2,384,000, and surplus reserves, etc., and undivided profits, were \$2,004,000.

Farm loan bonds outstanding to the amount of \$419,745,000 represented the principal liability. Interest accrued but not yet due on these bonds was \$7,699,000, and notes and accounts payable were \$5,666,000.

Statement of the assets and liabilities of these banks follows:

Consolidated statement of condition of the joint-stock land banks at the close of business September 30, 1924

September 50, 1924	
Assets:	
Net mortgage loans	\$430, 065, 692. 27
Interest accrued but not yet due on mortgage loans	7, 957, 012. 18 ³
United States Government bonds and securities	14, 671, 431. 07
Interest accrued but not yet due on bonds and securities.	117, 615. 23
	9 750 052 92.
Notes receivable, acceptances, etc.	2, 759, 953. 23
Accounts receivable	1, 005, 058. 67
Other interest accrued but not yet due	101, 268. 96 ⁻
Cash on hand and in banks	13, 441, 637. 53
Cash on hand and in banks	1, 054, 670, 24
Banking houses	871, 985, 00
Furniture and fixtures	195, 395, 42
Other assets	2, 949, 630. 71
Other assets	2, 949, 000. 71
Total assets	475, 191, 350. 51
10tal assets	470, 191, 350. 51
Liabilities:	
	410 744 700 00
Farm loan bonds outstanding	419, 744, 500. 00
Interest accrued but not yet due on farm loan bonds	7, 698, 508. 26
Notes payable	5, 605, 109. 49°
Accounts payable	60, 978. 15
Other interest accrued but not yet due	27, 176. 40
Due borrowers on uncompleted loans	851, 508. 81
Amortization installments paid in advance	589, 888. 16
Farm loan bond coupons outstanding	438, 392. 97
Other liabilities	
Other habitutes	312, 497. 31
Total liabilities	425 200 550 55
Total habilities	435, 328, 559. 55 [,]
=	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net worth:	•
Capital stock paid in \$34, 078, 985. 00	•
Surplus paid in 1, 395, 218. 59	
Reserve (legal) 2, 384, 427. 22	4
Surplus, reserves, etc	
Undivided profits	
onatitada promoci i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	39, 862, 790, 96
	55, 552, 150. 90
Total liabilities and net worth	475, 191, 350, 51
Total liabilities and net worth	475, 191, 350. 51

FEDERAL INTERMEDIATE CREDIT BANKS

Under authority of the act of March 4, 1923, providing additional credit facilities for the agricultural and livestock industries of the United States, the Federal farm loan act was amended to provide for the chartering by the Federal Farm Loan Board of 12 institutions, to be known as Federal intermediate credit banks.

In pursuance of this authority 12 banks were chartered, all of which were in operation by the latter part of May, 1924, and by September 30 had accumulated total assets of \$105,025,000.

The assets and liabilities of these banks are shown in the following

statement:

Consolidated	statement of	condition	of the	12	Federal	intermediate	credit	banks
	as of th	e close of bu	usiness	Sep	tember S	0, 1924		

as of the close of business September 30, 1924	
Assets:	
Direct loans.	\$31, 448, 485. 91
Rediscounts	20, 831, 270. 56
Accrued interest on loans and rediscounts	263, 791. 78
United States Government bonds and securities	2, 300, 000. 00
Accrued interest on United States Government bonds and	
securities	
Other securities	
Accrued interest on other securities	2, 452. 91
Other accrued interest	2, 102. 01
Rediscounts for other Federal intermediate credit banks	6, 950, 043. 07
Cash on hand and in banks	7, 163, 225. 72
Capital stock callable from United States Treasury	36, 000, 000. 00
Furniture and fixtures	25, 200. 02
Documentary stamps.	
Other assets	
Other assets	10, 400. 00
Total accets	105 024 679 20
Total assets	100, 024, 078. 20
Liabilities:	
Capital stock subscribed	60, 000, 000. 00
Surplus Succession Surplus	
Undivided profits	983, 823. 59
Debentures outstanding	95 119 000 00
Accrued interest on debentures outstanding.	
Make and bill assemble	328, 226. 44
Notes and bills payable	375, 000. 00
Notes and bills rediscounted	7, 450, 000. 00
Bonds and securities borrowed.	4 150 17
Partial payments	
Interest collected not earned	
Deferred rediscounts	
Other accrued interest	69, 981. 37
Other liabilities	58, 335. 51
Total liabilities	107 004 070 00

UNITED STATES POSTAL SAVINGS SYSTEM

Statistics with respect to activities of the Postal Savings System in the United States in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, furnished by the Third Assistant Postmaster General, Post Office Department, show total assets of \$137,470,000, and a reduction in assets in the year of \$3,542,000.

Working cash, consisting of funds in depository banks, and with postmasters, amounted to \$96,406,000, compared with \$62,066,000 in 1923, and special funds, consisting of reserve funds with the Treasurer of the United States and other miscellaneous funds, aggregated \$7,888,000, and show an increase in the year of \$1,207,000. Accounts receivable show a reduction of \$399,000 in the year, and amounted to \$450,000.

Investments, consisting of United States bonds, postal savings, and Liberty loan bonds, show a reduction in the year of \$38,689,000, and amounted to \$32,726,000, June 30, 1924.

Deposit liabilities amounted to \$136,465,000, and were \$2,007,000 greater than a year ago, while accounts payable representing interest and profits due the postal service show a reduction in the year of \$4,665,000 and amounted to \$780,000.

Surplus funds amounted to \$225,000, showing a reduction in the

year of \$884,000.

Balances to the credit of depositors at the end of the fiscal year June 30, 1923, amounted to \$131,671,000. Deposits in the last fiscal year were \$96,986,000, and withdrawals \$95,843,000, leaving a balance to the credit of 412,584 depositors, June 30, 1924, of \$132,814,000.

Statistics with respect to the operation of the Postal Savings

System in the last fiscal year follow:

Comparative balance sheet for June 30, 1924, and June 30, 1923 .

Items	June 3	0, 1924	June 3	0, 1923	Increase	Decrease
RESOURCES Working cash:						
Depository banks Postmasters	\$96, 226, 670. 32 179, 815. 83	\$96, 406, 486. 15	\$61, 734, 947. 92 331, 077. 99	\$62,066,025.91	\$34, 491, 722. 40	\$ 151, 262. 16
Special funds: Treasurer of United States—reserve fund. Treasurer of United States—miscellaneous (working) funds	6, 624, 100. 59 1, 264, 074. 02	7, 888, 174. 61	6, 590, 402. 49 91, 252. 99	6, 681, 655. 48	33, 698, 10	
Accounts receivable: Accrued interest on bond investments. Due from discontinued depository banks.	355, 010. 16 14. 49	7, 000, 174. 01	747, 433. 90 . 49	0,001,000.48		
Due from late postmasters, including credits temporarily with- held	94, 739. 49	449, 764. 14	101, 683. 70	849, 118. 09		6, 944. 21 399, 353. 95
Investments, carried at cost prices—U. S. bonds: Par value	9, 504, 780. 00 23, 220, 860. 36	32, 725, 640, 36	9, 023, 680. 00 62, 391, 250. 94	71 414 020 04	481, 100. 00	39 170 390 58
36, 181, 530		137, 470, 065. 26				· ·
Due depositors: Outstanding principal, represented by certificates of deposit Interest payable on certificates of deposit	3, 587, 872, 23	•	131, 671, 300. 00 2, 723, 575. 09		1, 142, 835. 00 864, 297. 14	339. 40
Outstanding savings stamps Accounts payable: Due Postal Service—Interest and profits		136, 464, 898. 03 780, 039. 05	63, 230. 20	134, 458, 105. 29	2, 006, 792. 74	339. 40 4, 664, 699. 48
Total liabilities. Surplus funds:			٥			2, 657, 906. 74
Interest and profits (undistributed earnings) subject to future allocation of maturing interest charges		225, 128. 18		1, 108, 886. 60		883, 758. 42
		137, 470, 065. 26		· i		

Comparative statement of interest-earning resources and liabilities for June 30, 1924, and June 30, 1923

Items	June 3	30, 1924	June 3	30, 1923	Increase	Decrease
Working cash: Depository banks Investments, carried at cost price.	\$96, 226, 670. 32 32, 725, 640: 36	\$128, 952, 310. 6 8	\$61, 734, 947. 92 71, 414, 930. 94	\$133, 149, 878. 86	\$34, 491, 722. 40	\$38, 689, 290. 58 4, 197, 568. 18
Due depositors: Outstanding principal, represented by certificates of deposit		132, 814, 135. 00		131, 671, 300. 00	1, 142, 835. 00	
Excess of liabilities	-	3, 861, 824. 32		-1, 478, 578. 86	5, 340, 403. 18	

Comparative statement of interest and profits for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1924, and June 30, 1923

Items	Fiscal year 1924		Fiscal y	ear 1923	Increase	Decrease
Credits: Interest on bank deposits. Interest on bond investments. Miscellaneous receipts Profits realized on sale of investments. Debits: Interest credited to depositors. Allowances to postmasters— Losses by fire, burglary, etc. Miscellaneous losses.	\$1, 746, 691: 89 2, 764, 373: 44 2. 70 5, 743, 206: 92 3, 048, 631: 07 43: 70	\$10, 254, 274. 95 3, 048, 674. 77	\$1, 334, 094, 29 3, 702, 838, 83 32, 89 2, 524, 346, 00 2, 136, 961, 44 199, 78 1, 09	\$7, 561, 312. 01 2, 137, 162. 31	\$412, 597. 60 3, 218, 860. 92 2, 692, 962. 94 911, 669. 63	\$938, 465. 3 30. 1
Excess of income.		7, 205, 600. 18		5, 424, 149. 70	1, 781, 450. 48	

Summary of postal savings business for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, by States

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		f		I						1
<u> </u>	Balance to the credit of			Balance to	Increase in balances to	Savings:	stamps	Amount at interest in	Interest	Interest paid	Amount of de
State	depositors June 30, 1923	Deposits 1	Withdrawals 1	depositors June 30, 1924	the credit of depositors 2	Sold	Re- deemed	banks June June 30, 1924	received from banks	depositors	posits sur- rendered for bonds
United States	\$131, 671, 300	\$96, 985, 663	\$95, 842, 828	\$132,814,135	\$1, 142, 835	\$68, 605, 60	\$68, 945	\$96, 369, 973. 80	\$1,746,691.89	\$2, 184, 333. 93	\$33, 560
Alabama	391, 776	377, 961	381, 646	388, 091	-3, 685	33. 20	22	336, 020. 83	5, 890. 84	6, 479. 30	
Alaska		427, 648	500, 081	599, 554	-72, 433			568, 213. 80	14, 742. 77	9, 685. 14	
Arizona	284, 133	617, 894	363, 323	538, 704	254, 571	12.00	17	468, 888. 38 159, 685. 98	7, 358. 17	4,691.54	
Arkansas	174, 102 2, 698, 631	100, 279 2, 509, 397	112, 255 2, 562, 977	162, 126 2, 645, 051	-11, 976 -53, 580	19. 50 387. 10	23 484	2, 301, 637, 29	3, 492. 37 37, 667. 82	3, 393. 14 49, 174. 02	540
California Colorado Connecticut	1, 236, 460	1, 105, 078	827, 521	1, 514, 017	277, 557	205. 50	482	1, 439, 971. 16	22, 106. 44	24, 431, 24	340
Connectiont	2, 180, 215	1, 293, 873	1, 459, 125	2, 014, 963	-165, 252	2, 245, 60	1,793	1, 459, 558. 57	29, 869. 65	38, 381, 26	40
Delaware	207, 782	135, 599	156, 448	186, 933	-20, 849	44. 10	1 41	177, 773. 75	2, 793. 91	4, 343. 81	1 ***
Delaware District of Columbia	370, 887	307, 842	336, 554	342, 175	-28,712	537. 90	597	832, 537, 27	14, 661, 55	6, 643. 87	2,920
Florida	789, 138	1,008,852	922, 268	875, 722	86, 584	84.60	74	832, 537. 27 756, 737. 65	14, 843. 71	12, 410, 39	
Georgia Hawaii	244, 522	254, 037	226, 653	271, 906	27, 384	187.30	171	243, 558. 22 36, 578. 24	5, 351. 77		
Hawaii	29, 528	50, 485	43, 412	36, 601	7, 073	. 10		36, 578. 24	771. 63	268, 30	
Idaho Illinois Indiana	734, 365	1, 253, 980		1, 030, 749	296, 384	51. 10	35	1, 067, 805. 81	20, 231. 73	9, 154. 30	
Illinois	8, 091, 315	5, 014, 897	5, 120, 688 497, 768	7, 985, 524	-105, 791	2, 667. 90	2, 035	5, 607, 184. 90 654, 314. 34	93, 250. 60	142, 872, 94	700
Indiana	851, 668 366, 570	419, 366 756, 004		773, 266 836, 356	-78, 402 469, 786	215. 80 42. 00	233 42	820, 097, 97	12, 824, 25 9, 750, 18	14, 918. 85 6, 541. 37	
Kansas	554, 848	501, 591	339, 086	717, 353	162, 505	105. 10	109	600, 665, 97	9, 750. 18	9, 139, 42	200
Kantucky	316, 999	199, 662	229, 296	287, 365	-29, 634	30. 70	44	243, 680, 83	4, 834. 42	5, 654, 11	
Kentucky Louisiana	333, 942	185, 936	201, 321	318, 557	-15, 385	32.40	32	258, 530. 54	5, 306. 85	5, 871, 52	2, 100
Maina	250 625	113, 904	172, 429	192, 100	-58, 523	108, 40	90	157, 615. 05	3, 833, 63	4, 817, 37	
Maryland Massachusetts Michigan	204, 182	163, 705		183, 631	-20,551	59. 20	60	120, 798, 04	2, 427. 17	3, 252. 29	
Massachusetts	9, 168, 205	6, 313, 212	6, 401, 061	9, 080, 356	-87, 849	4, 603. 90	4,584	7, 224, 523. 01	156, 993. 01	126, 344. 36	500
Michigan.,	2, 900, 722	1, 997, 457	2, 248, 517	2, 649, 662	-251,060	215. 20	217	2, 481, 393. 26	43, 274. 64	49, 549. 65	2, 500
Minnesota	1. 223. 265	1, 606, 017	796, 367	2, 032, 915	809, 650	259. 70	324	1, 957, 634, 48	19, 660. 11	23, 148, 83	1,000
Mississippi	63, 134	56,170	49, 826	69, 478	6, 344	29.60	28	75, 068. 65	1, 758. 35	1, 083. 56	3, 500
Mississippi Missouri Montana	2, 702, 888 1, 304, 490	2, 132, 656 3, 198, 500		2, 962, 394 2, 827, 103	259, 506	425. 10 89. 80	380 71	2, 355, 116, 46	41, 452. 06 43, 368. 04	47, 178. 84	2, 900 1, 000
Mohadka	306, 672	161, 036	166, 411	301, 297	1, 522, 613 -5, 375	166. 10	163	2, 837, 538. 38 250, 260. 81	4, 632. 81	18, 523. 67 5, 056. 43	1,000
Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey	286, 421	226, 268	237, 746	274, 943	-11, 478	8.80	111	216, 517, 34	4, 408. 82	4, 209, 78	
New Hampshire	472, 274	220, 639	268, 980	423, 933	-48, 341	288. 10	277	319, 552, 91	6, 132, 73	8, 923, 25	
New Jersey	4, 282, 059	3, 064, 618		3, 985, 827	296, 232	3, 558, 60	3, 762	3, 051, 193. 20	53, 697. 23	73, 503. 84	
New Mexico	. 34, 209	401, 700		282, 041	247, 782	16.40	14	184, 249, 23	2, 343. 26	740. 64	
'New York	58, 557, 007	39, 606, 195	42, 358, 906	55, 804, 296	-2,752,711	29, 907, 90	30, 790	30, 567, 117. 07	552, 635, 62	961, 740, 60	1,800
North Carolina	54, 333	63, 757	63,660	54, 430	97	3. 20	15	56, 172. 72	1, 431. 50	596. 07	
North Dakota Ohio	18,810	199, 369		161, 790	142, 980	21.00	19	176, 565. 86	1, 492. 40	377. 18	
Ohio	3, 548, 959	1, 820, 020	2, 227, 038	3, 141, 941	-407, 018	802. 10	744	2, 583, 455. 00	51, 664. 81	65, 737. 62	7,400
Oklahoma	436, 318	1, 283, 309		1, 092, 748	656, 430	102.70	90	1, 088, 045, 60	14, 779. 05	6, 850. 56	
Oregon Pennsylvania	1,874,771	1, 291, 755		1, 870, 997	-3,774	95. 10	91	1, 674, 166. 34	26, 706. 04	33, 469. 13	2, 440
Pennsylvania	11,777,919	7, 682, 142	7, 895, 896	11, 564, 165	-213, 754	4, 156. 30	4, 252	9, 938, 218, 03	184, 863, 17	198, 361. 25	2,500

Porto Rico	145, 797	242, 621	233, 116	155, 302	9, 505	15, 125. 60	14, 945	127, 180. 81	3, 119. 24	2, 117. 48 15, 984. 84	
Rhode Island	958, 051	793, 512	816, 252	935, 311	-22,740	874. 30	964	762, 820. 52	13, 841. 52		
South Carolina	118, 205	129, 215	127, 389	120, 031	1,826	160. 70	175	117, 684. 11	2, 726. 00		
South Dakota	17, 924	376, 264	66, 208	327, 980	310, 056	12. 70	13	255, 232. 59	1, 688. 81		
Tennessee	200, 690	139, 123	140, 694	199, 119	-1,571	32. 10	30	154, 077. 81	3, 101. 39		
Texas	778, 749	742, 104	669, 066	851, 787	73, 038	162. 40	156	681, 892. 62	13, 373. 18	12, 752. 68	
Utah	551, 182	442, 196	432, 089	561, 289	10, 107	1. 50	10	585, 294. 79	11, 067. 96	7, 880. 37	
Vermont	110, 446	85, 289	98, 255	97, 480	-12,966	35. 60	27	91, 565. 31	2, 470. 84		
Virginia	296, 844	207, 109	235, 925	268, 028	-28, 816	165. 80	173	267, 860. 39	6, 149, 98	4, 853. 77	160
Virgin Islands	4,782	8,823	10, 491	3, 114	-1,668					42. 53	
Washington	6, 821, 712	4, 378, 517	4, 301, 312	6, 898, 917	77, 205	126. 20	131	6, 133, 104. 71	128, 468. 97	112, 857. 91	1, 000
West Virginia	310, 062	266, 141	258, 492	317, 711	7,649	6.00	. 9	269, 651. 72	6, 021. 68		
Wisconsin	1, 145, 452	588, 201	603, 761	1, 129, 892	-15,560	70. 70	81	1, 117, 532. 11	15, 809. 10	21, 771. 43	
Wyoming	215, 223	463, 738	211, 847	467, 114	251, 891	12. 70	15	457, 433. 37	5, 661. 24	2, 849. 48	
			′						, ,	,	
1		,]			1 2, 1						<u> </u>

¹ These totals include the amount of \$2,052,817 transferred between depository offices.

² A minus sign denotes decrease.

SCHOOL-SAVINGS BANKS

Considerable progress in the cultivation of thrift among school children is disclosed by statistics compiled by the savings bank division of the American Bankers' Association with respect to school-savings banking in the school year 1923–24.

The data for the current year, compared with revised statistics for the year 1922-23, shows 3,095,012 enrollments, an increase of 33,959, while the number of pupils enrolled and actually participating in the

benefits of the system was 2,236,326, an increase of 328,475.

The amount of collections during the past year was \$14,991,535, showing an increase of 41 per cent over the amount collected in the previous year, and balances in banks to the credit of the system amounted to \$20,435,144, showing an increase in the year of 73 per cent.

The number of reporting school systems increased in the year from 494 to 683, and the number of schools from 6,868 to 9,080.

Statistics relative to the activities of school-savings banks in the several States, are shown in the following statement:

School-savings banking for the school year 1923-24

,		N	umber				Bank bal-
State	Towns	School buildings	Enroll- ment	Partici- pating	Collections	Interest credited	ances June 30, 1924
Maine	6 5 2 58 8 24	68 35 14 759 302 423	12, 910 14, 604 4, 723 297, 310 80, 179 86, 805	8, 741 8, 813 1, 348 132, 191 75, 416 63, 349	\$23, 016. 41 21, 953. 05 6, 712. 45 797, 557. 00 715, 122. 95 496, 601. 35	\$542. 12 402. 64 211. 13 7, 697. 80 12, 077. 73 8, 009. 17	\$35, 526. 26 27, 892. 84 10, 003. 67 1, 069, 192. 93 825, 681. 30 737, 624. 44
Total New Eng- land States	103	1, 601	496, 531	289, 858	2, 060, 963. 21	28, 940. 59	2, 705, 921. 44
New York New Jersey Pennsylvania Delaware Maryland District of Columbia	51 28 129 2 2	815 274 1, 074 38 20 86	167, 444 96, 256 409, 192 14, 458 16, 156 41, 380	376, 031 69, 294 294, 836 147 8, 972	2, 008, 371, 96 552, 109, 13 2, 817, 869, 62 105, 446, 38 27, 157, 08 45, 580, 74	31, 236. 31 12, 319. 77 60, 092. 49 2, 035. 54 53. 54	2, 163, 982. 63 804, 686. 65 3, 902, 344. 50 120, 014. 95 14, 906. 06 45, 580. 74
Total Eastern States	213	2, 307	744, 886	749, 280	5, 556, 534. 91	105, 737. 65	7, 051, 515. 53
Virginia West Virginia North Carolina. South Carolina. Georgia. Florida. Alabama Loulsiana. Arkansas Kentucky. Tennessee	7 11 9 2 4 1 1 1 2 7	129 73 39 7 86 7 87 25 169 45	59, 952 29, 599 18, 898 830 50, 904 2, 892 44, 726 11, 606 57, 737 28, 912	49, 090 20, 887 11, 761 400 31, 936 2, 753 6, 350 33, 994 27, 726	247, 170. 53 129, 067. 19 42, 910. 02 1, 500. 37 139, 298. 13 639. 69 9, 479. 85 59, 507. 06 15, 998. 11 292, 823. 08 136, 795. 03	2, 904. 86 2, 320. 71 541. 22 16. 23 1, 761. 27 07 2, 163. 69 2, 412. 10	189, 237. 14 180, 096. 36 50, 182. 19 3, 078. 07 137, 415. 28 6, 769. 21 101, 783. 69 15, 817. 04 234, 342. 74 209, 674. 50
Total Southern States	47	667	306, 056	184, 897	1, 075, 189. 06	12, 120. 15	1, 129, 035. 91
Ohio Indiana Illinois Michigan Wisconsin Minnesota Jowa Missouri	66 16 54 45 32 11 17	669 170 480 388 269 370 181	297, 901 61, 684 166, 833 142, 195 83, 033 159, 845 103, 800 65, 319	229, 017 37, 830 107, 079 78, 123 61, 606 116, 824 48, 962 33, 863	1, 369, 129, 64 302, 008, 95 801, 823, 68 518, 278, 77 403, 790, 26 558, 182, 12 304, 247, 27 114, 841, 37	32, 278. 17 3, 898. 40 10, 280. 26 12, 939. 50 6, 541. 63 16, 672. 11 6, 960. 36 218. 59	1,711,553.93 345,025.64 923,989.87 751,887.41 513,697.34 1,129,093.33 408,605.30 100,836.80
Total Middle Western States	244	2, 636	1, 080, 610	713, 304	4, 372, 302. 06	89, 789. 02	5, 884, 689. 62

School-savings banking for the school year 1923-24-Continued

		· N	ımber				·
State	Towns School buildings		Enroll- ment	Partici- pating	Collections	Interest credited	Bank bal- ances June 30, 1924
Nebraska Kansas Wyoming Colorado New Mexico	4 8 1 3 1	63 92 11 41	46, 668 33, 279 3, 450 25, 667 1, 835	22, 330 24, 111 4, 716 906	\$156, 835. 72 84, 474. 10 91. 50 25, 749. 80 3, 009. 35	\$3, 714. 55 1, 401. 82 38. 11 144. 67	\$239, 560. 25 88, 838. 08 186. 34 33, 933. 12 3, 206. 74
Total Western States	20	255	20, 645	14, 158 66, 221	83, 555. 01 353, 715. 48	521. 84 5, 820. 99	454, 246. 34 819, 970. 87
Washington Oregon California Nevada	8 2 25 1	212 29 1, 370 3	94, 306 3, 411 237, 068 600	59, 161 1, 993 171, 253 359	336, 204. 39 7, 375. 01 1, 227, 459. 29 1, 791. 99	9, 606. 45 158. 78 58, 678. 64 13. 70	395, 398. 34 10, 393. 39 2, 437, 373. 83 845. 71
Total Pacific States	36	1, 614	335, 385	232, 766	1, 572, 830. 68	68, 457. 57	2, 844, 011. 27
Total United States	663	9, 080	3, 095, 012	2, 236, 326	14, 991, 535. 40	310, 865. 97	20, 435, 144. 64

NOTE.—No reports received from States omitted.

SAVINGS BANKS IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD

Statistics relative to savings banks, including postal savings banks in specified countries, with other related data furnished by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce, supplemented by information relative to banks in the United States, etc., obtained from reports received in the Currency Bureau from other sources, are shown in the following statement as of the most recent dates for which the data is available.

10065—FI 1924†——49

Savings banks, including postal savings banks, number of depositors, amount of deposits, average deposits per deposit account and per inhabitant, by specified countries

[Source: Official reports of the respective countries]

Country	Population 1	Date of report	Form of savings bank	Number of depositors	Deposits	Average deposit account	Average deposit per in- habitant
ArgentinaAustria.	8, 699, 000 6, 527, 000	Dec. 31, 1922 Dec. 31, 1923	PostalCommunal and private		\$15, 164, 000 11, 284, 000	\$22. 28	\$1.74 1.73
Belgium Brazil	7, 466, 000	Dec. 31, 1922 Dec. 31, 1921	General Federal	3, 858, 000	124, 353, 000 43, 390, 000	32. 23	16. 66 1. 42
Bulgaria Chile ²	4,861,000 3,819,000	Dec. 31, 1923 Dec. 31, 1922	Postal Public		1, 151, 000 43, 177, 000	38. 04	11.31
Czechoslovakia Denmark ³	13, 611, 000 3, 289, 000	Dec. 31, 1923 Mar. 31, 1921	Communal and private		303, 590, 000 276, 033, 000	179.53	22. 30 83. 93
Egypt Finland	13, 717, 000	Dec. 31, 1923 (Dec. 31, 1921	Postal Private	115,000 529,000	7, 102, 000 22, 470, 000	61.86 42.46	. 52 6. 60
France	, ,	}do	Private	8, 829, 000	1, 658, 000 559, 691, 000	13. 62 63. 39	. 49 14. 27
Algeria	5, 564, 000	Dec. 31, 1922 Dec. 31, 1918	Postal Municipal	21,000	223, 986, 000 886, 000	31. 16 43. 19	5.71 .16
TunisHungary 4	2, 095, 000 7, 987, 000	Dec. 31, 1922 Dec. 31, 1923	Postal do do do do do do do do do do do do do		1, 624, 000 5, 444, 000 417, 639, 000	423.00	. 78 . 68
Italy	l	{do do	Communal and corporate Postal Private)	381, 349, 000 199, 527, 000	16.06	10.75 9.82 3.40
Japan Formosa	58, 697, 000 3, 655, 000	Dec. 31, 1920 Mar. 31, 1922	Postal	24, 978, 000	431, 722, 000 3, 572, 000	17. 28 8. 45	7. 35 . 98
Chosen	17, 264, 000	do (Dec. 31, 1921	do Private	1, 416, 000	8, 878, 000 88, 743, 000	6. 27 159. 49	. 51 12. 72
Netherlands Dutch East Indies	6, 977, 000 49, 351, 000	\do	Postal do do do do do do do do do do do do do		104, 819, 000 7, 376, 000	54. 74 32. 68	15. 02 . 15
Dutch Guiana Dutch West Indies	95, 000 55, 000	do	do	14,000 5,000	400,000 82,000	28. 57 16. 46	4. 20 1. 50
Norway	2, 670, 000 21, 338, 000	do ∫do	Communal and private	1, 133, 000	366, 628, 000 115, 591, 000	208, 84 102, 02	137. 31 5. 42
Sweden	5, 988 000	Dec. 31, 1920 Dec. 31, 1921	Postal Communal and trustee	355, 000 2, 298, 000	11, 544, 000 537, 107, 000	32. 53 233. 70	. 54 89. 70
Switzerland	3, 886, 000	Dec. 31, 1922 Dec. 31, 1918 (Nov. 20, 1920	Postal	691, 000 2, 818, 000 2, 262, 000	32, 105, 000 545, 738, 000 260, 918, 000	46. 43 193. 68 115 36	5. 36 140. 44 5. 50
United Kingdom British India 6	.,	Dec. 31, 1922 Mar. 31, 1922	Postal do do do do do do do do do do do do do	18, 032, 000 1, 958, 000	1, 243, 916, 000 61, 578, 000	68. 64 31. 44	26. 21 . 25
Australia	5, 633, 000	Mar 31, 1923	Government and private Postal	3, 542, 000 691, 000	767, 358, 000 207, 469, 000	216. 65 300. 26	136, 23 160, 89
New Zealand	1, 289, 000	{do	Private		21, 812, 000	197. 83	16.84

Canada Union of South Africa British West Indies British colonies, n. e. s	1,867,000	1919-20	Government, postal, and special Postal Private Government and post office do	302,000 17,000 99,000 292,000	89, 495, 000 25, 582, 000 4, 086, 000 5, 477, 000 13, 681, 000	242 10	9.78 3.69 .59 2.93 .35
Foreign countries, total United States and possessions Philippines. Grand total	6114, 385, 000 7 10, 810, 000	{June 30, 1924 \do do	Postal Savings System Mutual and stock Postal	102, 436, 000 413, 000 13, 972, 000 165, 000 116, 986, 000	7, 595, 195, 000 132, 814, 000 8, 439, 855, 000 2, 661, 000 16, 170, 525, 000	74. 15 321. 58 604. 05 16. 13	10. 57 1. 16 73. 78 . 25

¹ The figures of population are for the nearest date to which the statistics of savings banks relate.
² Includes savings deposits in ordinary banks.
³ Including the Faroe Islands.
⁴ Includes deposits in checking account.
⁴ Exclusive of the feudatory States.
⁶ Exclusive of Philippines. Estimated by Government actuary.
³ Information from Bureau of Insular Affairs, War Department.

RESOURCES OF LEADING FOREIGN BANKS OF ISSUE

The total assets of 22 principal central banks of issue, on or about June 30, 1924, converted at existing rates of exchange, amounted to

\$10,733,463,000, compared with \$10,011,165,000 a year ago.

Obligations in the rate of exchange due to economical conditions prevailing throughout Europe during the past year is accountable for the reduction of the assets of these banks, converted at the par of exchange, from \$8,455,379,797,000 in 1923 to \$4,086,471,148,000 in 1924.

Statement prepared by the Federal Reserve Board, showing total assets of each bank of issue, on or about June 30, 1924, the par of exchange and conversions at the par of exchange and prevailing rates of exchange, follows:

Total assets of principal central banks about June 30, 1924

							
	Date, 1924	Local currency	Total assets	Par of ex- change	Total assets converted at par of exchange	Rate of ex- change on given date	Total as- sets con- verted at rate of exchange on given date
Bank of England Bank of Finland Bank of Finland Bank of France German Reichsbank Bank of Greece National Bankof Hungary³ Banks of Italy, Naples, and Bicily Bank of Netherlands Bank of Norway Bank of Roumania Russian State Bank Bank of Spain Bank of Sweden Bank of Sweden Bank of Switzerland Bank of Yugoslavia Reserve Bank of Peru Bank of Japan Bank of Japan Bank of Japan	June 26 June 30 June 14 June 30do July 5 May 1 June 28 June 30 July 15 June 30 June 30 June 28do	Francs Kroner Pounds Marks Francs Gold marks Drachmas Kronen Lire Florins	759, 849 276, 691 1, 992, 595 44, 228, 511 13, 087, 818 12, 020, 415 7, 733, 046, 841 25, 382, 058 1, 071, 015 24, 994, 725 145, 098 5, 984, 630 877, 873 996, 599 8, 488, 938 6, 639 2, 628, 089	19, 30 20, 26 80, 486, 65 19, 30 20, 26 19, 30 20, 26 19, 30 40, 20 26, 80 19, 30 19, 30 40, 20 40, 20 40, 40 40, 40 40, 40 40, 65	2, 908, 154 203, 640 1, 346, 517 384, 571 8, 536, 103 735, 518 2, 319, 940 1, 566, 715, 290 4, 898, 737 4823, 982 746, 674 1, 155, 034 235, 270 192, 344 1, 638, 365 32, 309 1, 310, 102 147, 164	4. 6200 2. 9349 15. 9900 2. 5031 5. 3000 22. 5031 5. 3000 1. 7454 0. 0012 4. 3100 13. 4200 0. 4054 518. 0000 1. 1845 41. 7600 41. 7600 37. 0000	372, 733 421, 280 1, 196, 329 49, 877 2, 344, 117 737, 989 209, 804 92, 797 1, 093, 967 402, 380 91, 279 101, 329 751, 608 803, 736 232, 987 170, 551 27, 485 1, 097, 490 135, 450
Total					4, 086, 471, 148		10, 733, 463

¹In thousands of gold marks, converted at official rate, 1 gold mark=1,000,000,000,000 paper marks.

²Per Reichsmarks 1,000,000,000,000.

³First statement of the new National Bank of Hungary, opened June 24, 1924.

Assessments on national banks to pay salaries and expenses of national bank examiners, year ended October 31, 1924

Amount on hand Nov. 1, 1923	25. 74			
Receipts from Nov. 1, 1923 to Oct. 1, 1924 2, 352, 04	14 . 48			
		\$2, 506,	070.	22
Expenses Nov. 1, 1923, to Oct. 31, 1924		2, 202,	518.	61

Balance on hand Nov. 1, 1924___ 303, 551, 61

EXPENSES INCIDENT TO MAINTENANCE OF CURRENCY BUREAU AND NET PROFIT DERIVED BY GOVERNMENT FROM TAXES ON NATIONAL AND FEDERAL RESERVE BANK NOTES, FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1924

The expense incident to the operation of the Currency Bureau during the fiscal year 1923 was \$5,226,751.46 as against \$5,109,184.37 for the past year, showing a net saving of \$117,567.09 for 1924 over that for 1923.

Of this total expense of \$5,109,184.37 for the maintenance of this bureau for the past year, \$1,119,152.45, represents the amount paid by the Government and \$3,990,031.92 that reimbursed by the national and Federal reserve banks.

The amount paid by the Government in 1923 was \$1,012,454.99, while that for the past year was \$1,119,152.45, which shows an

increased expenditure of \$106,697.46 for 1924.

This increase for 1924 was occasioned by the greater volume of national bank notes printed, the cost of which in 1923 was \$741,944.99, while for 1924 it was \$859,209.39, an increase of \$117,264.40, more than the entire additional operating expenses paid by the Government over those incurred in 1923.

There were decreases in the expenses paid by the Government in 1924 over those for 1923 as follows: Salaries, \$7,616.53, and printing, binding, and stationery, \$3,304.98. The increases for the same period were: General expenses, \$354.57, and paper and printing of national bank currency, \$117,264.40, or a net increase of \$106,697.46, as shown above.

The expenses of this bureau reimbursed by the banks in 1923 were \$4,214,296.47, while those for 1924 were \$3,990,031.92, a decrease of \$224,264.55. The items representing this reduction in expenses were as follows: Plates, paper, and printing, \$262,614.62, and postage and insurance on currency shipments from Washington, \$41,447.55, or a gross decrease of \$304,062.17. The increases were: Salaries, \$4,786.17; general expenses, \$3,432.48; and expenses on account of national bank examining service, \$71,578.97, a gross increase of \$79,797.62, or a net decrease of \$224,264.55, as above shown.

The revenue resulting from the tax on national and Federal reserve bank notes was \$4,066,599.20, of which sum the national banks paid \$4,063,708.32 and the Federal reserve banks \$2,890.88. Deducting from this sum the entire expense paid by the Government for the maintenance of this bureau, amounting to \$1,119,152.45, there remains a net revenue of \$2,947,446.75.

Expenses incident to maintenance of Currency Bureau and net profit derived by Government from taxes on national and Federal reserve bank notes, fiscal year ended June 30, 1924

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Expenses paid from appropria- tion	Expenses reimbursed by banks	Total expenses
Balaries:			
Regular roll, including bonus and retirement fund	\$221,760.13		
National currency reimbursable roll, including bonus and retirement fund		\$71,072.04	
Federal reserve issue and redemption division, includ-		W.1, 012.04	
Federal reserve issue and redemption division, includ- ing salary of comptroller as member of Federal Reserve			
BoardInsolvent national bank division		62, 216. 80 32, 475, 59	
Insolvent national Dank division		32, 475. 59	
Total salaries			\$387, 524. 5
Reneral expenses:			
Printing and bindingStationery	18, 778. 13 13, 879. 61	2, 516. 84 1, 175. 05	
Amount expended for light, heat, telephone, telegraph,	13, 579. 01	1, 175.05	
furniture, labor-saving machines, etc., partially esti-			
mated	4, 446. 79	2, 639. 89	
Special examination of national banks, repairs to macer- ator, etc.	1 079 40		
•			
Total general expenses			44, 514. 7
Currency issues:			
National bank notes—	100 606 22		
Paper Printing, etc. Plates (reimbursed)	750, 523, 07		
Plates (reimbursed)		53, 700. 00	
Federal reserve notes—	į.		
Paper Plates, printing, etc		231, 501. 60	
Total currency issues		1, 024, 520. 40	2, 168, 731, 3
Total currency issues Expenses on account of national bank examining service paid			
by banks		2, 216, 970. 82	2, 216, 970. 8
Postage on shipments of Raderal reserve notes and Federal		88, 140. 06	88, 140. 0
Postage on shipments of national bank notes Postage on shipments of Federal reserve notes and Federal reserve bank notes		69, 361, 00	69, 361, 0
Insurance on shipments of national bank notes Insurance on shipments of Federal reserve notes and Federal reserve bank notes.		49, 347. 45	49, 347. 4
Insurance on shipments of Federal reserve notes and Federal		84, 594, 38	84, 594, 3
Fotal expenses paid from appropriations Potal expenses reimbursed by banks	1, 119, 152, 45		
Potal expenses reimbursed by banks		3, 990, 031. 92	
Total expenses			5, 109, 184. 3
Tax paid by national banks on circulating notes	otes		\$4, 063, 708. 3 2, 890. 8
Total			4, 066, 599, 2
Potal expenses of Currency Bureau paid from congressional ar	propriations		1, 119, 152. 4

CONCLUSION

The operations of the bureau are now conducted under a system of careful and continuous budgeting. Expenses have been materially reduced, while at the same time the efficiency of the service has improved.

The work of supervision of the national banks requires a personnel not only of character and ability but also a technical training and experience which can only be acquired through years of contact with the work. In order to attain this end it has always been recognized that continuity in the service should be maintained. This governmental policy constitutes one of the outstanding advantages of the national banking system.

During the past year adverse financial conditions in certain sections of the country caused unusual demands to be made upon the officials and employees of the Bureau of the Comptroller of the Currency. The response in constructive effort by the national-bank examiners in the territory affected and by the office personnel at Washington is worthy of the best traditions of this bureau. Were it feasible the Comptroller of the Currency would like to mention by name, with an expression of appreciation, each of those who have made signal contributions to the success of the work for the period covered by this report.

In the appendix to the report of the Comptroller of the Currency will be found statistics relating in detail to the assets and liabilities of national banks; data relative to the affairs of national banks in charge of receivers; information with reference to the condition of banks under the supervision of the banking departments of the several

States, and clearing-house transactions, etc.

Respectfully submitted.

HENRY M. DAWES, Comptroller of the Currency.

To the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

EXHIBIT No. 1

PROPOSED REVISION OF SECTION 5200, REVISED STATUTES

Sec. 5200. The total obligations to any national banking association of any person, copartnership, association, or corporation shall at no time exceed 10 per centum of the amount of the capital stock of such association actually paid in and unimpaired and 10 per centum of its unimpaired surplus fund. The term "obligations" shall mean the direct liability of the maker or acceptor of paper discounted with or sold to such association and the liability of the indorser, drawer, or guarantor who obtains a loan from or discounts paper with or sells paper under his guaranty to such association and shall include in the case of obligations of a copartnership or association the obligations of the several member's thereof. Such limitation of 10 per centum shall be subject to the following exceptions:

(1) Obligations in the form of drafts or bills of exchange drawn in good faith against actually existing values shall not be subject under this section to any

limitation based upon such capital and surplus.

(2) Obligations arising out of the discount of commercial or business paper actually owned by the person, copartnership, association, or corporation negotiating the same shall not be subject under this section to any limitation based upon such capital and surplus.

(3) Obligations drawn in good faith against actually existing values and secured by goods or commodities in process of shipment shall not be subject under

this section to any limitation based upon such capital and surplus.

(4) Obligations as indorser or guarantor of notes, other than commercial or business paper excepted under (2) hereof, having a maturity of not more than six months, and owned by the person, corporation, association, or copartnership indorsing and negotiating the same, shall be subject under this section to a limitation of 15 per centum of such capital and surplus in addition to such 10 per centum of such capital and surplus.

(5) Obligations in the form of bankers' acceptances of other banks of the kind described in section 13 of the Federal reserve act shall not be subject under

this section to any limitation based upon such capital and surplus.

(6) Obligations of any person, copartnership, association, or corporation, in the form of notes or drafts secured by shipping documents, warehouse receipts or other such documents transferring or securing title covering readily marketable nonperishable staples when such property is fully covered by insurance shall be subject under this section to a limitation of 15 per centum of such capital and surplus in addition to such 10 per centum of such capital and surplus when the market value of such staples securing such obligation is not at any time less than 115 per centum of the face amount of such obligation, and to an additional increase of limitation of 5 per centum of such capital and surplus in addition to such 25 per centum of such capital and surplus when the market value of such staples securing such additional obligation is not at any time less than 120 per centum of the face amount of such additional obligation, and to a further additional increase of limitation of 5 per centum of such capital and surplus in addition to such 30 per centum of such capital and surplus when the market value of such staples securing such additional obligation is not at any time less than 125 per centum of the face amount of such additional obligation, and to a further additional increase of limitation of 5 per centum of such capital and surplus in addition to such 35 per centum of such capital and surplus when the market value of such staples securing such additional obligation is not at any time less than 130 per centum of the face amount of such additional obligation, and to a further additional increase of limitation of 5 per centum of such capital and surplus in addition to such 40 per centum of such capital and surplus when the market value of such staples securing such additional obligation is not at any time less than 135 per centum of the face amount of such additional obligation, and to a further additional increase of limitation of 5 per centum of such capital and surplus in addition to such 45 per centum of such capital and surplus when the market value of such staples securing such additional obligation is not at any time less than 140 per centum of the face amount of such additional obligation,

but this exception shall not apply to obligations of any one person, copartnership, association, or corporation arising from the same transactions and secured upon

the identical staples for more than ten months.

(7) Obligations of any person, copartnership, association, or corporation in the form of notes or drafts secured by shipping documents or instruments transferring or securing title covering livestock or giving a lien on livestock when the market value of the livestock securing the obligation is not at any time less than 115 per centum of the face amount of the notes covered by such documents shall be subject under this section to a limitation of 15 per centum of such capital and surplus in addition to such 10 per centum of such capital and surplus.

(8) Obligation of any person, copartnership, association, or corporation in the form of notes secured by not less than a like amount of bonds or notes of the United States issued since April 24, 1917, or certificates of indebtedness of the United States, shall (except to the extent permitted by rules and regulations prescribed by the Comptroller of the Currency, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury) be subject under this section to a limitation of 15 per centum of such capital and surplus in addition to such 10 per centum of such

capital and surplus.

(9) Obligations of the kind described in section 24 (b) of the Federal reserve act as amended shall be subject to a limitation of 15 per centum of such capital and surplus in addition to such 10 per centum of such capital and surplus; except that obligations of the United States or general obligations of any State or of any political subdivision thereof, or obligations issued under authority of the Federal farm loan act, shall not be subject under this section to any limitation based on such capital and surplus: *Provided*, That purchases completed before the passage of this act shall not be subject to the limitation imposed by this subdivision until the 31st day of December, 1925.

EXPLANATORY DATA ON ABOVE DRAFT OF SECTION 5200

The first paragraph of the bill limits the total amount for which any one person may become liable to a national bank to not more than 10 per cent of the bank's capital and surplus. This is the same provision as that of the existing law. The language of the existing law is, however, clarified by this section by defining the term "obligations" so as to include under the 10 per cent limitation both the person who is primarily liable upon paper discounted as well as the indorser, drawer, or guarantor where such indorser, drawer or guarantor where such indorser, drawer or guarantor is the person who obtains the money from the bank for his own benefit. Under the existing law there is a twilight zone which makes it difficult to define or enforce this 10 per cent limitation against the person who although indirectly liable to the bank on the paper is in fact the person who is the real borrower. Such a borrower, however, may obtain an additional 15 per cent of the bank's capital and surplus under exception number 4.

Exception No. 1 is the same as the existing law and has been a part

of the national bank act since 1864.

Exception No. 2 remains also unchanged. Exception No. 3 is the same in substance as the existing law. The word "demand" is omitted in front of the word "obligations." Under the language in the bill both demand and time obligations would be eligible for exemption from the 10 per cent limitation.

Exception No. 4 places a limitation of 15 per cent in addition to the 10 per cent of capital and surplus upon indorsed or guaranteed paper other than commercial paper. In other words, it allows a customer to discount in addition to his 10 per cent line an additional line of 15 per cent of notes not arising directly out of commercial transactions. This would include such paper as renewed commercial

paper, personal loans, notes in settlement of past due debts, notes given for the purchase of livestock, notes given for personal services and the like. At the present time there is no definite legal limitation upon the amount of this character of paper which a national bank may discount for any one customer. It would seem that 15 per cent additional of such paper is regarded as ample latitude for any national bank. As to renewed commercial paper this exception is a liberalization since renewed commercial paper now under the comptroller's rulings is thrown back upon the regular 10 per cent limitation. As to other notes indicated above, this exception may be regarded as a restriction since now they are regarded as exempt entirely from the 10 per cent limitation and can only be controlled through collateral

pressure brought by the comptroller.

Exception No. 5 makes no change in the existing law. Bankers' acceptances are regarded as a highly desirable form of investment. They have a low discount rate. The following may be given as an example of a commercial transaction involving a banker's acceptance. The seller of goods in a foreign country, having made the necessary credit arrangements, draws on a New York bank. When the New York bank accepts the draft it becomes the direct obligation of that bank and is known as a banker's acceptance and as such may be purchased by any national bank without regard to the 10 per cent limitation of Section 5200. Again a merchant in Chicago buying goods in New York may make arrangements with the Chicago bank to accept drafts drawn by him. He usually takes with him a letter of credit from the Chicago bank, showing his authority to draw. He buys goods from a New York wholesaler, draws on his Chicago bank, and the wholesaler through his New York bank transmits the draft for formal acceptance by the Chicago bank. The paper thus accepted becomes negotiable paper subject to the exemption provided in this exception.

Exception No. 6 covers transactions involving the marketing or temporary storage of readily nonmarketable perishable staples. It would cover such staples as cotton and wheat. It makes no restrictive change in the existing law but makes the following liberal-

izations:

(1) It changes the time limit at the end of the paragraph from six months in the existing law to 10 months and adds the words "arising from the same transaction and secured upon the identical staples. Under the existing law, a customer may not have in the bank this class of paper for six months in any consecutive 12 months. other words, he must be absolutely clear of the bank with this class of commodity paper for six months out of any 12 regardless of the amount of such commodities he may have. In other words, having one loan with the bank upon certain staples would bar him from making another loan upon different staples. A customer of the bank who may have cotton, tobacco, and livestock available for security at different times within the year could only have one loan running for six months and no others until the lapse of six months. The bill would permit as many loans as there were staples to secure them to the extent of 115 per cent of the face amount of the notes and each such loan could run for a period of 10 months. Under the bill there must be a period of two months in any consecutive 12 months in which the customer must be clear as to the particular loan.

other words, the section particularly prevents the renewal of commodity paper in order that such commodities may be held for speculation. The customer must clean up each loan after a 10 months'

period.

(2) This exception also makes another change in existing law by permitting an additional 5 per cent of capital and surplus exemption for each additional 5 per cent increase in the value of such staples by a gradual gradation until the value of the staples is not less than 140 per cent of the final additional obligation. The increase in the exemption only applies as to the amount of money obtained each time additional security is put up.

Exception No. 7 is substantially the same as existing law. Two

changes in language are made as follows:

(1) The requirement for insurance upon livestock is omitted. This requirement has been impossible of application and practice, as no insurance is carried on livestock. Insurance requirements in the existing law relate primarily to readily marketable staples.

the existing law relate primarily to readily marketable staples.

(2) The six months' limitation in any consecutive 12 months which was also intended by the existing law to apply primarily to readily marketable staples has been omitted so far as livestock is concerned. No time limit is put in this exception at all, that being a matter which should be left to the bankers who are familiar with the local conditions involving fattening and shipment of livestock.

Exception No. 8 is the same as the existing law and is self-explan-

atory with an additional 5 per cent increase in the limitation.

Exception No. 9 is new language. National banks at the present time are engaged to a greater or lesser extent in buying and selling investment securities. There is no express power given in the national banking laws authorizing the conduct of this character of business. Nevertheless this is a form of service demanded by banks and it has come to be recognized as a legitimate banking service.

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REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE, Washington, October 1, 1924.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report of the work of the Bureau of Internal Revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924.

COLLECTIONS 1

The operations of the Internal Revenue Bureau during the fiscal year 1924, under the revenue act of 1921 and other internal-revenue tax legislation, resulted in the collection of \$2,796,179,257.06, compared with \$2,621,745,227.57 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1923,

an increase of \$174,434,029.49, or 7 per cent.

The income-tax collections for the fiscal year 1924 amounted to \$1,841,759,316.80, compared with \$1,691,089,534.56 tax collected from both income and profits for the fiscal year 1923, an increase of \$150,669,782.24, or 9 per cent. The collections made during the first six months of the fiscal year 1924 embraced payments of the third and fourth installments of the tax due on incomes in the calendar year 1922, together with additional collections on assessments made for prior years, which amounted to \$821,259,551.98, compared with \$676,796,120.32, representing payments of both income and profits taxes for the corresponding six months of the fiscal year 1923, an increase of \$144,463,431.66. The collections made during the last six months of the fiscal year 1924 embraced payments of the first and second installments of the tax due on incomes in the calendar year 1923, together with additional collections on assessments made for prior years, which amounted to \$1,020,499,764.82, compared with \$1,014,293,414.24 for the corresponding period of the fiscal year 1923, an increase of \$6,206,350.58. The tax on the returns of net income filed by individuals for the year 1923 was reduced by the revenue act of 1924, approved June 2, 1924, which provides for a credit or refund to the taxpayer of 25 per cent of the amount of tax shown upon his return filed for that year. Many taxpayers, availing themselves of the above act of Congress, took credit in making their June payments, which is reflected in the reduced receipts for the last six months of the fiscal year 1924.

The miscellaneous collections arising from objects of taxation other than income taxes amounted to \$954,419,940.26 for the fiscal year 1924, compared with \$930,655,693.01 for the fiscal year 1923, an increase of \$23,764,247.25, or 3 per cent. The principal increases

J Refunds of taxes illegally collected made during the fiscal year 1924 are shown in a statement on p. 204 of the full report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

for 1924 are from taxes on automobiles and motor cycles, tobacco manufactures, telegraph and telephone messages, on value of capital stock of corporations, and admissions to theaters, etc. The total increase from these several taxes is reduced largely by the decrease in the tax on estates for 1924, which amounted to \$23,738,444.87.

The collection of internal-revenue taxes for the fiscal year 1924 and the last seven preceding years are summarized in the following table:

Sources	1924	1923	1922	1921
				
Distilled spirits, including wines,	\$27, 580, 380. 64	\$30, 354, 006. 88	\$45, 563, 350. 47	\$82, 598, 065. 01
Fermented liquors	5, 327. 73	4, 078. 75	46, 086. 00	25, 363. 82
Tobacco manufacturesOleomargarine	325, 638, 931. 14 2, 814, 104. 14	309, 015, 492. 98 2, 254, 531. 23	270, 759, 384. 44 2, 121, 079. 68	255, 219, 385. 49 2, 986, 465. 35
Capital-stock tax, including	1 1 1		· ' '	
other special taxes	95, 286, 105. 44	89, 603, 322. 81	90, 544, 039. 59	91, 281, 484. 31
Miscellaneous, including war-ex- cise taxes, etc., since 1917	490, 676, 910. 89	487, 580, 856. 72	686, 881, 719, 92	914, 227, 755. 36
Sales of internal-revenue stamps.		, ,		014, 221, 100.00
by postmasters	12, 418, 180. 28	11, 843, 403. 64	14, 616, 958. 05	20, 880, 868. 86
Total receipts from other				
income and profits taxes_	954, 419, 940. 26	930, 655, 693. 01	1, 110, 532, 618. 15	1, 367, 219, 388. 20
Income and profits taxes	1,841,759,316.80	1, 691, 089, 534. 56	2, 086, 918, 464. 85	3, 228, 137, 673. 75
Total receipts 1	2, 796, 179, 257. 06	2, 621, 745, 227. 57	3, 197, 451, 083. 00	4, 595, 357, 061. 95
Sources	1920	1919	1918	1917
				<u> </u>
Distilled spirits, including wines,	#07 OOF 975 71	\$365, 211, 252, 26	#917 EE9 607 99	8100 111 010 01
etc Fermented liquors	\$97, 905, 275, 71 41, 965, 874, 09	117, 839, 602, 21	\$317, 553, 687. 33 126, 285, 857. 65	\$192, 111, 318. 81 91, 897, 193. 81
Tobacco manufactures	295, 809, 355, 44	206, 003, 091. 84	156, 188, 659. 90	103, 201, 592. 16
Oleomargarine	3, 728, 276. 05	2, 791, 831. 08	2, 336, 907. 00	1, 995, 720. 02
Capital-stock tax, including other special taxes	102, 933, 701, 35	33, 497, 047, 82	27, 281, 269, 12	15, 708, 732. 87
Miscellaneous, including war-		''	1 ' '	i ' '
excise taxes, etc., since 1917	883, 863, 871. 82	513, 823, 884. 14	225, 973, 363. 44	44, 760, 678. 44
Sales of internal-revenue stamps by postmasters	24, 437, 893. 75	10, 199, 466. 51	4, 336, 182. 21]
		l		
Motel receipts from other	J.			
Total receipts from other than income and profits				İ
than income and profits	1, 450, 644, 248. 21	1, 249, 366, 175. 86		
than income and profits	1, 450, 644, 248. 21 3, 956, 936, 003. 60	1, 249, 366, 175. 86 2, 600, 783, 902. 70		449, 675, 236. 11 359, 718, 404. 33

¹ The figures concerning internal-revenue receipts as given in this statement differ from such figures carried in other Treasury statements showing the financial condition of the Government, because the former represent collections by internal-revenue officers throughout the country, including deposits by postmasters of amounts received from sale of internal-revenue stamps, and deposits of internal-revenue collected through customs offices, while the latter represent the deposits of these collections in the Treasury or depositaries during the fiscal year concerned, the differences being due to the fact that some of the collections in the latter part of the fiscal year can not be deposited, or are not reported to the Treasury as deposited until after June 30, thus carrying them into the following fiscal year as recorded in the statements showing the condition of the Treasury.

COST OF ADMINISTRATION

The expenditures in administering the internal-revenue laws for the fiscal year 1924 were \$42,895,625.04, not including expenditures from appropriations for refunding internal-revenue collections and taxes illegally collected, which in no sense are administrative expenses.

The foregoing expenditures include, however, \$7,509,146.27 for the enforcement of the prohibition law and \$709,790.66 for the enforcement of the narcotic law, which are regulatory provisions rather than

tax measures. Deducting these two items of expense from the total, leaves \$34,676,688.11 as the expenditure for collecting the internal-revenue taxes for the fiscal year 1924. As the aggregate receipts of internal revenue were \$2,796,179,257.06, it will be seen that the cost of collection for the fiscal year 1924 amounted to \$1.24 for each \$100 collected. The cost of collection on a similar basis for the fiscal year 1923 was \$1.39 for each \$100 collected.

INADEQUATE HOUSING OF BUREAU

While some changes have been made in the course of the year looking to betterment of the housing conditions of the bureau no real improvement has been effected. The situation continues most unsatisfactory. The bureau is functioning in ten separate buildings. The Income Tax Unit has quarters in six buildings, viz: Annex No. 1, Pennsylvania Avenue and Madison Place NW.; Annex No. 2, Fourteenth and B Streets NW.; Building C, Sixth and B Streets SW.; Building No. 5, Twentieth and B Streets NW.; Pettus Building, Nineteenth Street and Virginia Avenue NW.; and building No. 462 Louisiana Avenue NW. The Prohibition Unit occupies portions of Building C, Sixth and B Streets SW., 1418–1420 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., and the Graham Building, Fourteenth and E Streets NW. There is also located in Building C the Miscellaneous Tax Unit, which handles estate, capital stock, sales, tobacco and miscellaneous taxes. The Accounts and Collections Unit is housed in Building No. 5, Twentieth and B Streets NW. The office of the Solicitor is located in the Interior Building. The office of the Commissioner and the Assistant to the Commissioner, together with the Special Intelligence Unit, Division of Supplies and Equipment, Appointment Division, and Chemical Laboratory are in the Treasury Building.

Approximately two-thirds of the space occupied by the bureau is located in Building C, Annex No. 2, Pettus Building and Building No. 5, all temporary war structures which, because of their flimsy construction, are rapidly deteriorating. Most of them have already outlasted their life expectancy. Consequently, it is necessary to make frequent expenditures of large sums of money for repairs and

replacements to make safe their further occupancy.

The fire hazard in these temporary structures is too great to warrant their further use, especially when the safe-keeping of important documents and records is involved. Thousands of tax returns, assessment lists, and other valuable papers are kept in these buildings while the returns are being audited. Many of these papers could not be replaced. Should they be destroyed heavy losses would result to the Government and, possibly, in many instances, to taxpayers as well.

With the numerous activities of the bureau so widely distributed it naturally follows that the operating efficiency is impaired. Much time is lost in transporting papers from building to building. Necessarily there is some duplication of effort. Not only do existing conditions interfere with proper administrative control and conduct of the bureau, they also cause much inconvenience to taxpayers, particularly those who come from outside of Washington to transact business with the bureau.

The work could be handled much more efficiently, as well as economically, if the bureau were housed in a single building adapted to

the purpose. The results would be reflected in increased collections of taxes due under the revenue laws, with a corresponding reduction in cost per hundred dollars of making these collections. Danger of loss from fire and misplacement would be reduced to a minimum.

It is imperative that prompt action be taken to relieve the situation. Accordingly, it is urgently recommended that provision immediately be made to provide a suitable fireproof building that will adequately care for the needs of the entire bureau. With that end in view a bill, S. 2284, was presented in the first session of the Sixty-eighth Congress and referred to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

INCOME TAX UNIT

WORK ACCOMPLISHED

Audit of returns.—During the fiscal year 2,329,191 income and excess profits tax returns (1,823,320 individual and partnership, and 505,871 corporation) were audited, as against 1,292,612 for the previous fiscal year.

Revenue agents' reports.—The number of reports of field examinations submitted was 199,581. The number of transcripts of returns

sent to the field for examination was 201,505.

Adjustment of claims.—The number of claims adjusted during the year was 97,911. In addition, 73,804 certificates of overassessment were issued in cases in which no claims were filed. The total amount involved in certificates scheduled was \$827,871,486.79. Claims to the number of 63,209 were allowed, and the total amount involved, including overassessments stated where no claim was filed, was \$452,582,691.87, of which \$118,311,079.78 was refunded and \$334,271,612.09 abated or credited. The amount of interest paid on amounts refunded or credited under section 1324(a) of the revenue act of 1921 was \$6,543,223.30. The number of claims rejected was 34,702 involving \$375,288,794.92.

The number of claims received was 88,514 involving \$1,515,786,-087.54. The number of claims on hand at the end of the fiscal year was 79,956, compared with 95,271 at the end of the previous fiscal

year.

Additional revenue.—A total of \$487,564,966.22 in additional taxes was assessed. The above amount includes \$161,515,217.33 assessed in order that the collection thereof would not be jeopardized, and in consequence this sum is subject to claims in abatement. In addition to the taxes so assessed, by rejection of claims in abatement and claims for credit of taxes previously assessed, there was made immediately available for collection \$110,438,675.62.

Information service.—The rules and regulations section answered 54,537 inquiries of taxpayers on technical and administrative questions. In addition, this section prepared and issued weekly, quarterly,

and semiannual bulletins and digests of income tax rulings.

Statistical division.—Complying with the provisions in the several revenue acts requiring the preparation and publication annually of statistics from the returns of net income, the statistical division has issued a volume, Statistics of Income, in each year beginning with the income-tax returns filed for 1916. The data contained in this series

of publications and in the special compilations prepared from time to time in response to Senate resolutions are of great value in exhibiting the changing economic condition of the country, over the period o

years, as reflected in the income-tax returns.

During the fiscal year there was issued a complete report, Statistics of Income, which volume in addition to presenting an extensive analysis of the income-tax returns filed by individuals and corporations for 1921, also contains statistical tables prepared from Federal estate-tax returns filed during the calendar year 1922. There was likewise issued the Preliminary Report, Statistics of Income, com-

piled from the personal income-tax returns for 1922.

Other major compilations of the statistical division, completed during the fiscal year, were two documents prepared in response to Senate resolutions. The first was published as Document No. 85, under the title Distributed and Undistributed Earnings of Corporations, and contains information relative to profit, surplus, and dividends of corporations reporting net taxable income of \$2,000 and over in 1922, in accordance with Senate Resolution 110. The second compilation, published as Senate Document No. 67, under the title Corporate Income and Excess-Profits Tax for 1921, contains information regarding the excess-profits taxes of corporations based upon the business of 1921 and for which returns or assessments were made during the year 1922.

Records division.—This division as presently constituted maintains control and record with respect to all returns and claims except those of individuals reporting gross incomes of \$15,000 or less. The division is composed of sections charged with special duties as follows:

The unaudited returns section is charged with the control of returns for years for which the audit has not been completed and with supplying the several units in Washington and in the field with a quantity of work sufficient to avoid waste and in such volume as

not to develop confusion.

The sorting section handles all returns of information, segregating them in such manner as to accomplish a check of the items of income reported to have been paid to the individuals against the returns of individuals. During the year a change in the management of this section resulted in the movement of this information to collectors at dates six months earlier than in any previous year. This section is also charged with the auditing of withholding returns (110,000 in number in 1924), reporting income withheld from aliens. It is charged, also, with the duty of checking dividend returns and preparing information taken therefrom in such manner as to enable the bureau to check against the personal returns. Much additional revenue is derived in consequence of the activities of this section and many delinquencies in filing are developed.

The proving section is charged with the review of assessment lists submitted by collectors and the correction of such lists prior to their approval by the Commissioner. It is also charged with the preparation of additional assessment lists and with the review, briefing and recommending for acceptance or rejection of all amounts submitted as offers in compromise of the penalties and interest charges incurred under the several revenue laws. This section also maintains a control of all offers in compromise of tax liability and fraud penalty.

It receives, records, and makes proper disposition of all remittances received in the Income Tax Unit pertaining to income tax. It verifies computations on all income-tax returns and supporting schedules.

The claims control section is charged with the control of all incoming claims, the review of certificates of overassessment prepared in the audit to insure accuracy in compliance with procedure, the scheduling of certificates of overassessment to collectors, the checking of schedules after certification by the collector to insure accuracy of certification and with the adjustment of all blanket claims. It computes and schedules for payment interest due on refunds or credits allowed upon audit of returns.

The correspondence section has the care and custody of inactive

returns and correspondence files.

The registration section prepares the control record of returns re-

ceived in Washington.

The distribution section supplies the contact with the audit divisions necessary to insure accuracy of record and seeks to prevent unnecessary and improper movement within the Income Tax Unit

of the permanent records of the Unit.

Personnel.—A reduction of approximately one and one-half million dollars in the allotment of salaries for the bureau's appropriation for the fiscal year necessitated the immediate abandonment of the recruiting program and the dismissal of a large number of employees from the service as well as the reduction in salaries of other employees. These changes were made after careful and detailed study of the performance records and conduct and attendance records of each employee in the Income Tax Unit. Every effort was made to do full justice to the service as well as to the individuals concerned. As a result of this program, 181 persons were dropped from the Washington office and 100 revenue agents and inspectors were dropped from the field service. These 281 separations resulted in a reduction of the annual pay roll of \$544,070, which together with a saving resulting from reductions in salary and through the normal number of resignations, enabled the Income Tax Unit to keep within the restricted appropriations provided. At the end of the fiscal year the technical force of the Washington office of the Income Tax Unit numbered 2,221 and there were 2,453 clerical employees, a total of 4,674 persons, compared with 2,626 technical and 2,766 clerical employees, a total of 5,392 on June 30, 1923, a decrease of 718 persons during the year. In the field force there were on June 30, 1924, 486 clerical employees and 2,245 revenue agents and inspectors, compared with 509 clerical and 2,587 revenue agents and inspectors on June 30, 1923, a decrease of 365 during the fiscal year. The personnel of the entire Income Tax Unit, therefore, was decreased by 1,083 persons, or 13 per cent during the year.

In the last annual report for this bureau difficulties of maintaining a qualified staff of engineers and auditors for the Income Tax Unit were pointed out. Since that report was made the various kinds of work performed by all clerical, technical and professional employees, as well as the positions of employees in the offices of revenue agents in charge in the field, have been allocated to grades in accordance with the classification act of 1923, and on July 1, 1924, the new salary

scale became effective.

The monthly comparative records of individual production have been improved and extended during the year, and will furnish means for putting into practical operation the provisions of the law designed to provide and maintain an efficient personnel. In a large group of employees like that composing the Income Tax Unit, engaged on production work in specialized lines, such a record is indispensable as a basis for the semiannual rating of efficiency for which the Bureau of Efficiency has provided. Moreover, a record which will show affirmatively that each employee is actually engaged upon the kind of work for which he has been graded and for which he is paid is a necessity, if exact fairness is to be applied in personnel management.

CHANGES AND IMPROVEMENTS IN ORGANIZATION AND PROCEDURE

A number of changes in organization were made during the year in accordance with a program adopted after a survey of the activities of the Unit. This program called for the centralization, so far as practicable, in one of three divisions of authority and responsibility for auditing all of any one of the three general classes of returns, personal, corporation and affiliated corporations, thus eliminating duplication of work, needless transfers of returns and overspecialization.

In following out this program the former special audit, natural resources and administration divisions were abolished. The consolidated returns subdivision was made a division. A records division and a service division were created from the former administration The natural resources audit and engineering divisions were organized on the basis of divisions, one of the audit and one of the engineering functions of the former natural resources division. natural resources audit division was later abolished when it became feasible to transfer all audit and engineering functions to the temporary building at Fourteenth and B Streets. No further necessity existed for a specialized audit of returns involving natural resources features after the determination of the proper valuations by the engineers. When the amortization section was abolished the appraisal engineers assigned to that section were transferred to the engineering division. The special assessment and special adjustment sections were transferred to the office of the deputy commis-The special assignment section, the office of supervisor of claims, and the orders and codes section were discontinued.

To bring the field force into closer relation with the office organization of the Unit, the field division was abolished as such and the field divisions placed in the same relative position in their relation to the office of the deputy commissioner as the office divisions. An assistant deputy commissioner in charge of field divisions was appointed. The field reports control section, its records and personnel were merged with that of the unaudited returns section, records division, where its work has been more economically and effectively conducted. The field personnel section was transferred to the staff division, where its work was merged with that of the personnel and personnel research

sections.

The files audit procedure, established during the preceding fiscal year with good results, was broadened to provide for the immediate examination of the 1923 returns upon their receipt by the Unit for

the purpose of determining whether an intensive audit is necessary and, if necessary, whether the case should be referred to the field for investigation without passing through the office audit. In this examination, apparent discrepancies such as mathematical errors, etc., are corrected, the assessment list changed and the taxpayer notified of the error. Those returns requiring an intensive audit are carded for field or office examination and those showing no change in tax liability are closed and immediately filed. As a result of this procedure, needless movement of returns is avoided.

The former industrial basis of assigning returns in the corporation audit division was abandoned as no longer necessary, and assignment of returns is now made to audit units on the basis of geographical districts. In place of the former manufacturers', trading, public utilities and personal service, finance, and miscellaneous sections, the sections are now designated as sections 21, 22, 23, 24, and 25. The organization of this division is now on the same basis as that of the personal

audit division and the district files of the records division.

A personnel research section was established in the staff division for the purpose of installing and maintaining individual performance records, appropriation and pay-roll records and all matters relating to the rating of employees as to individual efficiency and class of work performed.

An affiliations section was established for the purpose of considering and ruling upon all questions pertaining to the affiliation of corpora-

tions.

The mail and duplicating sections were abolished and their work transferred to the newly created communication division of the bureau.

A photostat section was established under the service division.

The increasing number of conferences held in the Unit between representatives of the taxpayer and of the Government necessitated the institution of a definite and uniform procedure in the handling of such This was accomplished by the establishment of a conference unit under the supervision of each head of division, comprised of auditors selected because of their aptitude for conference work. Instructions were issued that conferences must be arranged in advance and that the taxpayer in requesting the conference must submit in advance a brief supporting all the points to be covered in the For the Government the conferees were instructed careconference. fully to review the case in advance of the conference, and to make every effort at the conference to reach a decision on the issue or issues involved in the case. A report uniform in character indicating the result of each such conference is required to be rendered by the conferee.

In order to eliminate unnecessary handling of returns, effective January 1, 1924, all individual income-tax returns filed on Form 1040 which show a gross income of \$15,000 or less were retained in the offices of the collectors of internal revenue and audited in accordance with the procedure in effect for the audit of returns filed on Form 1040-A. This eliminates the forwarding to Washington annually of several hundred thousand personal returns.

To save the taxpayer the expense of coming to Washington and in an attempt, so far as possible, to bring the taxpayer and Government representatives together in the field office nearest the taxpayer, a procedure was established under which the taxpayer was notified upon receiving the examining officer's report on his return that, if desired, he might within 20 days file a protest with the local agent in charge and request a conference in the office of the agent in charge. Later an experimental procedure was established in eight of the field divisions which made compulsory the filing of all appeals, protests, and statements of fact with the local agent in charge, and all cases involving changes in tax liability are now referred to the agents in charge of these eight divisions.

The policy was adopted of referring all claims not fully substantiated or refuted by evidence in the files of the Unit to the field for investigation before action is taken in Washington. This avoids delay incident to an attempt to obtain information by correspondence.

The review section of the consolidated returns audit division was increased so that a single intensive review of all cases might be made in that section and the review in the several audit sections of the division was discontinued.

PROGRESS OF WORK

The number of returns audited during the year (2,329,191) was nearly twice the average number received annually for audit by the Income Tax Unit in Washington. This greater production during the last year resulted in a material reduction in the total number of

cases now pending in Washington.

In the main, the intensive audit work has been confined to the excess-profits tax years 1917 to 1921, inclusive, and more particularly to the 1917 cases involving claims, or cases in which waivers have been secured, and to returns for 1918. Substantial reduction as a consequence of concerted and continued efforts was made in the number of cases pending for the earlier years. Many thousands of cases involving the tax years 1917 and 1918 were reopened in consequence of claims and applications for relief filed under sections of

the law providing for such procedure.

By December I, 1923, practically all the field divisions had disposed of the 1917 and 1918 cases assigned them. Photostats of selected returns for 1920 were sent to field divisions to form the basis of examination of 1919, 1920, and 1921. Efforts are being made by closer supervision to eliminate lack of uniformity in the procedure of the various field divisions and to place them in closer relationship with the Washington office. The new field procedure established during the year has considerably widened the scope of the work of the field divisions by establishing them as the fact-finding agencies of the bureau.

The audit divisions in Washington will become, as a consequence of the new field procedure, review organizations, the efforts of which will be directed to insuring accuracy and uniformity of decision and

interpretation.

There were 88,514 claims received during the year 1924. This increase over the prior year in the number of claims filed was consequent upon taxpayers' efforts to protect themselves against the tolling of the statute of limitations.

The policy recently adopted of referring to the field claims not fully substantiated or refuted by evidence in the possession of the unit should result in accelerating the future disposition of this work. In view of the reopening of cases, the extremely complicated

In view of the reopening of cases, the extremely complicated character of the old cases, and the opportunities extended under the new revenue law for extension of litigation, it will not be possible to clear up, by the end of the fiscal year 1925, the returns for years in which the excess-profits tax is involved. Substantial gains toward a reasonable degree of currency will, however, be made.

The Income Tax Unit during the year gained approximately half a year on a current condition of work. It produced in additional revenue, deducting refunds, more than \$300,000,000, or more than \$15 for every dollar of its cost of operation. A reasonable degree of

progress may also be expected for the next fiscal year.

COMMITTEE ON APPEALS AND REVIEW

The Committee on Appeals and Review was created October 1, 1919, taking over the functions previously exercised by the Advisory Tax Board. The functions and jurisdiction of this committee

may be briefly described as follows:

First. As a quasi judicial body of appellate jurisdiction, to act in an advisory capacity to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, hearing appeals by taxpayers from action of the Income Tax Unit in cases where a deficiency in tax is discovered, and recommending specific decisions therein be made by the commissioner.

Second. To act in an advisory capacity to the commissioner with respect to the preparation of Treasury decisions, regulations and rulings as well as other miscellaneous matters affecting the adminis-

tration of the various revenue acts.

The function heretofore exercised of advising the Income Tax Unit on questions arising during the course of audit, owing to the constantly increasing number of appeals, has been eliminated and the duties of the committee more closely confined to that of a purely appellate body. The volume of work handled by the committee has increased rapidly, particularly since the beginning of the calendar year 1922. Section 250 of the revenue act of 1921, providing for the right of appeal prior to assessment in those cases where a deficiency in the amount of tax is discovered, as well as the increased activities of the Income Tax Unit in completing the audit of returns, accounts for the noticeable increase in the number of appeals taken to and disposed of by the committee during the last year.

The following statement shows the number of appeals taken

and the number disposed of for the year ended June 30, 1924:

On July 1, 1923, the committee had on hand undisposed of appeals numbering	
Received July 1 to Sept. 30, 1923569	-,
Received Oct. 1 to Dec. 31, 1923	
Received Jan. 1 to Mar. 31, 1924	
Received Apr. 1 to June 30, 1924	
Total number of cases received during fiscal year ended	
June 30, 1924	4,879
•	
Total number of cases to be accounted for	6,074

Disposed of by recommendation or dismissal:	•
July 1 to Sept. 30, 1923	719
Oct. 1 to Dec. 31, 1923	892
Jan. 1, 1924, to Mar. 31, 1924	1, 179
Apr. 1, 1924, to June 30, 1924	1, 230

Total number of cases disposed of during fiscal year ended
June 30, 1924

Total number of appeals undisposed of June 30, 1924

2, 054

As stated in the report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1923 the number of appeals taken to the committee for that year was 3,889 compared with 4,879 for the year 1924, an increase of approximately 25 per cent. The increase in the number of appeals received for the six months period, beginning January 1 and ended June 30, 1924, was marked, there being nearly twice as many appeals received during that period as during the first six months of the fiscal year. However, during the six month period from January 1 to June 30, 1924, the number of cases disposed of was greatly increased, 1,179 being disposed of during the three month period from January 1 to March 31, 1924, and 1,230 being disposed of during the quarter from April 1 to June 30, 1924, an increase of approximately 50 per cent in cases disposed of during this period over the first six months of the fiscal year. The number of cases disposed of for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, was 4,020, an increase of slightly more than 50 per cent over the previous fiscal year. This increase in production was effected without enlarging the personnel of the committee. It was due largely to increased efficiency on the part of the membership of the committee and to the organization of a small force of technical experts to assist the members.

In addition to the work of the Committee on Appeals and Review, there was created in the bureau on May 29, 1923, a Special Committee on Appeals and Review. This committee was created for the purpose of considering and disposing of the large number of smaller cases. The jurisdiction of this committee was confined to cases involving an additional tax in amounts under \$2,500. This committee has proved to be of great service and during the fiscal year disposed of 3,058 such

cases.

In an attempt to bring the taxpayer into more intimate touch with the machinery of the bureau administering the income and excess profits tax laws, a field division of the Committee on Appeals and Review was created toward the end of the fiscal year 1923 for the purpose of hearing appeals of taxpayers in States distant from Washington, particularly those west of the Mississippi River. The field division has continued to function during the greater part of the fiscal year. It functions as a part of the central committee, its decisions being reviewed and approved by the central committee. were first established at St. Paul, Minn., where were heard and disposed of about 150 appeals of taxpayers in the States of Minnesota, Wisconsin, North Dakota, South Dakota, Iowa, and Nebraska. The field division then held sessions at Los Angeles and San Francisco, Calif., where were heard and disposed of appeals by taxpayers in the States of Utah, Nevada, California, Arizona, and New Mexico. During November and December, 1923, a session was held at Portland, Oreg., where were heard and disposed of appeals of taxpayers in the States of Washington, Montana, Oregon, Idaho, and Wyoming. The field division again began the hearing of cases in the field on April 1, 1924, a session being held at Kansas City, Mo., where were heard and disposed of about 200 appeals of taxpayers in the States of Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri, and New Mexico. The field division proceeded to St. Paul, Minn., and held a session there beginning about June 1, 1924. The work of the field division in hearing cases in States west of the Mississippi River has proved to be a great success. It has enabled smaller taxpayers who do not feel justified in making the expenditures necessary to a trip to Washington to be heard without great expense, and has enabled taxpayers on the Pacific coast to have cases heard without undue expense and loss of time.

Section 250 of the revenue act of 1921, providing for the right to appeal prior to assessment in those cases where a deficiency in the amount of tax is discovered, was repealed by the act of June 2, 1924. As a result, the Committee on Appeals and Review, as such, has been abolished and such review work as has been found necessary in order that the commissioner may be properly informed in those cases which he is called upon to consider, has been assigned to a separate organization which has for its functions solely the review of cases

after they are disposed of by the Income Tax Unit.

MISCELLANEOUS TAX UNIT

This unit is charged with the administration of all taxes other than income tax and certain taxes under the jurisdiction of the Prohibition Unit. The unit is composed of four divisions, viz, capital-stock tax division, estate tax division, sales tax division, and tobacco and miscellaneous division was consolidated with this unit December 16, 1923.

The policy of the bureau of affording every taxpayer, upon protest of its findings, an opportunity to place before it, by correspondence or in person, additional information or evidence that may support the protest or claim has been carefully observed. Much of the time of the deputy commissioner and staff and the review committees of the respective divisions is taken up with conferences accorded taxpayers.

PERSONNEL

The personnel of the unit as of June 30, 1923, and June 30, 1924, is shown in the following table:

	Office F		el d	
	1923	1924	1923	1924
Executive office. Capital-stock tax division.	12 117	12 115	(1)	(1)
Esfate tax division Sales tax division Tobacco and miscellaneous division	126 157 153	124 138 143	295 (1) (1)	289 (1) (1)
Total	565	532	295	289

¹ The field deputies and agents assigned to investigations other than estate tax are not attached to this unit.

TAXES COLLECTED

The following comparative statement shows the collections of capital-stock, estate, sales, and tobacco and miscellaneous taxes for the years ended June 30, 1923, and June 30, 1924.

	•	Div	ision		
Year	Capital-stock tax	Estate tax	Sales tax	Tobacco and mis- cellaneous taxes	Total
1923 1924	\$81, 567, 739. 32 87, 471, 691. 52	\$126, 705, 206. 55 102, 966, 761. 68	· \$302, 922, 837. 03 331, 676, 041. 80	\$384, 233, 766. 12 398, 574, 363. 00	\$895, 429, 549. 02 920, 688, 858. 00

CAPITAL-STOCK TAX DIVISION

The special excise tax for the privilege of doing business in corporate or organized form, imposed by section 1000 of the revenue act of 1921 and by section 700 of the revenue act of 1924, is adminis-

tered by the capital-stock tax division.

Modifications of the law have been slight since its original enactment as section 407, Title IV, of the revenue act of September 8, 1916, and with the relatively small turnover in the auditing force during the last year the work has become well systematized, and taxpayers have become generally familiar with the law and the interpretations placed upon it by the bureau.

It is the policy to maintain an audit force only sufficiently large to complete the audit of one year's returns by the time the returns for the subsequent year are received, arranged, indexed, and prepared for audit. The audit of the 1924 returns was approximately 50 per cent complete on June 30, 1924, and is considered current.

Specialization in auditing returns by basic industries, previously inaugurated, has been found conducive to uniformity and enables the examiner to become more expert in the work, with beneficial results to the taxpayer as well as the Government. This specialization has been extended to include railroads, public utilities, banks and trust companies, mining and mineral holding companies, timber, oil, and natural gas companies, and textile corporations.

Audits for 1923 and prior taxable periods are considered closed except with respect to delinquent returns which are being received from time to time, also a relatively small number of cases reopened by reason of the filing of claims for abatement or refund of tax

 ${f assessed}.$

The tax produced a revenue of approximately \$87,472,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, compared with \$81,567,739 for the previous year. The entire force employed in Washington as of June 30, 1924, was 115, compared with 117 as of June 30, 1923. The field force employed to investigate delinquents and difficult cases was increased from 14 to 17 men, and all such employees are now revenue agents, whereas several deputy collectors were formerly assigned to this work. During the year the division conducted three classes for intensive training of the revenue agents assigned to capital-stock tax investigations. The success of these agents in making investigations

has fully justified the efforts expended. The total assessments of additional capital-stock tax made during the fiscal year 1924 amounted

to \$7,766,767.08.

The number of claims received during the year was 6,771, of which 6,402 were disposed of. There were 1,106 claims pending on July 1, 1923, and 1,475 on June 30, 1924, a net increase of 369. On June 30, 1924, there were 332 claims more than one year old. Of these there were 218 claims filed by building and loan associations where classification is being determined in cooperation with the Income Tax Unit.

On July 1, 1923, there were on hand 7,776 offers in compromise. There were received during the year 20,563 compared with 11,864 for the previous year. There were 22,174 offers disposed of during the year, 21,540 being accepted and 634 rejected. The increase in the number received was due largely to the drive for delinquent returns, the offers being submitted in compromise of the specific penalty incurred by reason of failure to file returns within the time

prescribed by law.

Printing of the forms upon which taxpayers will file returns for the 1925 taxable period was deferred until after the signing of the revenue act of 1924, in order to ascertain whether the tax for the year would be imposed by section 1000 of the revenue act of 1921, or by section 700 of the new act. It was therefore necessary to extend the filing date to September 30, 1924, for the continental United States, and to October 31, 1924, for Hawaii.

Regulations have been revised to conform with provisions of the

new law.

ESTATE TAX DIVISION

The Federal estate tax is imposed upon the transfer of the net estate occurring because of the death of a person. The basis of the tax is the value at the time of death of all property belonging to the gross estate, less a specific exemption of \$50,000 in the case of an estate of a resident of the United States, and certain other allowable deductions. On nonresident estates only that part of the estate is taxed which at the time of death was situated in the United States, and the specific exemption of \$50,000 is not allowed. Under the revenue act of 1924 there is also imposed a tax upon the transfer of property by gift made during the calendar year 1924 and each calendar year thereafter. As in the case of the transfer of an estate of a decedent, there are limitations, and certain deductions are allowed.

The most important part of the work of this division is of a legal nature, requiring consideration of nearly every branch of substantive law, knowledge of the State statutes, and at times the study of laws of foreign nations, especially those applicable to the administration of estates and the descent and distribution of property. Examiners and agents not only must qualify under a civil-service examination but must also take a course of study and instruction and pass a subsequent examination on the law and regulations governing the

Federal estate tax before being assigned to duty.

The number of estate tax returns filed in 1924 was 14,388, showing a tax liability of \$76,198,627.75, compared with 14,272 returns filed in 1923, showing a tax liability of \$82,266,951.88. The increase in the

number of returns filed reflect in part the result of a delinquent can-

vass begun during the latter part of the year 1923.

Field investigations and office audit disclosed deficiency tax amounting to \$45,934,192.94 compared with \$62,764,429.95 for the previous fiscal year. While the deficiency tax for 1924 is less than that for 1923, it is far in excess of any other previous year since the estate tax law was enacted.

During the year 17,005 cases were audited, compared with 21,771 for the previous year. The necessary reduction in office personnel was, in the main, responsible for the decrease. A contributory cause was the suspension of audit production for two weeks in June, when new procedure had to be formulated and introduced as the result of the provisions of the 1924 revenue act. The field force submitted 24,297 reports (including 17,705 major investigations), compared with 23,847 for 1923. It is interesting to note that this increase in production was accomplished notwithstanding a material reduction in the personnel.

Since the enactment of the first estate tax law, September 8, 1916, there have been paid into the Treasury collections up to June 30,

1924, aggregating \$762,329,076.07.

During the year 2,032 claims for abatement and 2,004 claims for refund were adjusted. A total of \$17,638,744.06 was either abated or refunded, compared with \$33,297,709.84 for the preceding year.

REVIEW SECTION

The committee heretofore known as the "Committee on Review and Appeals" has been designated "Review Section." This section is directly attached to the office of the deputy commissioner in charge

of the Miscellaneous Tax Unit.

The establishment of a United States Board of Tax Appeals to hear and determine appeals filed under sections 308 and 312 of the revenue act of 1924 necessitated a change in procedure as to the method of conducting hearings. The review section grants hearings on all formal claims for abatement filed in connection with jeopardy assessments, on claims for refund, and on all protests filed by tax-payers against the tentative determinations of the estate tax division.

During the year ended June 30, 1924, there were held 629 scheduled conferences with representatives of taxpayers, and in addition a large number of informal conferences. There were also prepared 498 formal opinions. At the close of the year the work

of the section was practically current.

SALES TAX DIVISION

The sales tax division is charged with the interpretation and administration of the following parts of the revenue act of 1921. Title V, tax on telephone and telegraph messages; Title VI, tax on beverages and constituent parts thereof; Title VIII, tax on admissions and dues; Title IX, excise taxes, the latter covering taxes payable by manufacturer on the sale of certain specified articles found in sections 900 and 904, and also covering tax payable by dealers on the sale of certain articles, such as sculpture, paintings, statuary, art porcelains, bronzes, jewelry, and articles made of or ornamented,

mounted or fitted with precious metals or imitations thereof, etc. The division is also charged with the interpretation and administration of similar or corresponding provisions of prior revenue acts in their application to cases still pending and to certain administrative sections of the revenue acts covering these taxes. The following table indicates the sections of the act imposing the various taxes, date effective, the number of the return forms used, and the number of the regulations relating to each section:

Sections	Class of tax	Effective	Return	Regula-
of law		dates	forms	tions
500 602 800 801	Telephone and telegraph Beverages and constituent parts thereof Admissions Dues	Jan. 1, 1922 dodo	727 726 729, 729-A 729	57. 52. 43, pt. 1.
900-4	Manufacturers' excise taxes	do	728	47.
902-5	Works of art and jewelry		728- A	48.

The work normally falls into three principal sections—one handling correspondence involving interpretations of the law and the applications of the regulations, the preparation of Treasury Decisions, regulations, etc., and the handling of claims for refund or abatement of taxes alleged to have been erroneously or illegally assessed or collected; one handling assessment matters, receiving and auditing returns filed by taxpayers, reviewing field reports and determining proper assessments, claims for credits on these returns for taxes alleged to have been previously overpaid, recommendations for disposition of offers in compromise covering penalties, etc.; and one handles routine clerical matters of an administrative nature.

The following table shows the status of claims during the year:

	Number	Amount
On hand July 1, 1923	25, 100 25, 700	\$24, 221, 000- 17, 628, 000-
Total	50, 800 44, 250	41, 849, 000 [,] 23, 645, 000 [,]
Balance on hand June 30, 1924.	6, 550	18, 204, 000 [,]

The total amount of refund claims finally disposed of was \$12,-845,000, of which amount \$5,861,000 was refunded, the balance being rejected. Interest paid on the amount of refund claims allowed was \$303,000.

During the year the average monthly number of returns received and audited was approximately 215,000, compared with 200,000 during the previous year. A large number of the returns claim credits against current liabilities for alleged prior overpayments. The same care and attention is required to handle these claims for credit as is exercised in connection with claims for refund or abatement. At the beginning of the year there were on hand 450 credit claims and 23,650 were received during the year, making a total of 24,100. There were 19,000 disposed of, leaving on hand 5,100 at the end of the year.

About 9,900 offers in compromise were on hand at the beginning of the year; about 20,150 new offers were received; approximately 19,000 were disposed of, of which number about 14,350, involving

approximately \$606,000, were accepted.

From time to time special investigations have been made to check up delinquent taxpayers. During the year investigations covering dealers in jewelry, etc., resulted in additional assessments of approximately \$550,000. Investigations were also instituted in connection with insurance, tax on transportation charges, etc., under the revenue act of 1918, which resulted in much additional tax being assessed.

Many cases in dispute covered by the revenue act of 1918 imposing tax upon the transportation of oil by pipe line were disposed of during the year, payments being made in excess of \$3,000,000, the cases being adjusted as a result of many conferences held with taxpayers

and their representatives.

It has been found impracticable to cover by regulations all of the many different and varied questions arising in the administration of the law. It becomes necessary at times to examine contracts to determine if a sale has been made thereunder. Numerous cases are more readily and satisfactorily adjusted in conference, many of such conferences having been held during the year. Where issues arise, every opportunity is afforded the taxpayer to present his views, either by correspondence or personal interviews, or both.

The work has been expedited and facilitated by reason of the fact that the personnel of the division has become more and more experienced, and has the benefit of previously established rulings and precedents. Every effort is made to improve the efficiency of the personnel and quality of the work. Steps have been taken to secure uniformity of interpretations and rulings through a policy of discussing all questions of general interest or of a highly technical nature

in a meeting of those having supervision of the work.

The passage of the revenue act of 1924, which was approved June 2, 1924, for the most part, in so far as the sales tax division is concerned, did not become effective until July 3, 1924, but a great deal of work fell upon the division during June, 1924, in preparing regulations, the need for which had been anticipated during the time the various proposed measures were under consideration by Congress. As a result, the division was able to prepare promptly drafts of the several regulations and forms for return of taxes.

For the fiscal year the total amount of taxes collected under the various sections coming under the administration of the sales tax division amounted to \$331,676,041.80. Details are shown in Tables 1 and 3 on pages 62 to 71, 78 to 79, and 95 to 96, respectively, of the full

report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

În order to carry out the policy of publishing, for the information of taxpayers in general, all important rulings, the division has continued the practice of furnishing information and material for the Internal Revenue Bulletin.

TOBACCO AND MISCELLANEOUS DIVISION

The administration of the laws relating to the stamp taxes other than those under the Prohibition Unit is in the charge of the tobacco and miscellaneous division. The stamp taxes include the taxes on tobacco, snuff, cigars and cigarettes, cigarette papers and tubes, on

documents, including bonds, promissory notes, time drafts, trade acceptances, powers of attorney, passage tickets, proxies, customhouse entries, withdrawal entries from customs bonded warehouses and policies of insurance issued by foreign corporations upon property within the United States, stamp taxes on the issues, sales and transfers of stock and sales of produce for future delivery; special taxes upon businesses and occupations and upon the use of boats, stamp taxes on playing cards, oleomargarine, adulterated butter, renovated butter, mixed flour, filled cheese, and white phosphorous matches.

TOBACCO

The receipts from tobacco taxes during the fiscal year 1924, including taxes on domestic and imported manufactures, manufacturers' special taxes, and taxes on domestic and imported cigarette papers and tubes in packages, books or sets, were the greatest in the history of the Internal Revenue Service and exceeded the total internal revenue collections from all sources for any year prior to 1913.

The total collections from this source were \$325,638,931.14, an increase of \$16,623,438.16 or 5.38 per cent compared with the preceding year, and such collections represent 11.65 per cent of the total internal revenue receipts from all sources, compared with 11.78 per cent for 1923 and 8.46 per cent for 1922. The receipts from taxes on small cigarettes represent 62.54 per cent of the tobacco collections, the amount received from this source being \$203,651,330.58, an increase of \$21,066,523.75 or 11.53 per cent over the preceding year.

Receipts from special taxes imposed on manufacturers of cigars, cigarettes, and tobacco amounted to \$1,137,148.36, an increase of \$132,189.20 or 13.15 per cent, due to the increase during 1923 of sales of tobacco products, this tax being based on sales for the pre-

ceding fiscal year, as provided by law.

The total taxes collected on cigarette papers and tubes amounted to \$1,029,292.55, a decrease of \$66,704.19 or 6.09 per cent. amount, \$41,391.02 was collected on 4,134,102 packages of cigarette papers of domestic manufacture; \$981,656.93 on 92,071,858 packages imported; and \$6,244.60 on cigarette tubes payable by stamp. There were removed, exempt from tax, for consumption or use 175,-537,592 packages of cigarette papers, each containing not more than 25 papers, and there were released tax free for use of cigarette manufacturers 33,565,235 cigarette tubes.

The following seven States furnished 85.3 per cent of the total receipts from tax on tobacco manufactures: North Carolina, \$136,-892,474.98; New York, \$42,335,586.36; New Jersey, \$26,871,859.64; Virginia \$25,824,100.23; Pennsylvania, \$22,769,177.24; Ohio, \$11,-

813,329.95; Missouri, \$11,193,683.60; total \$277,700,212.

The leading States in the manufacture of tobacco products are as follows in the order named. In the manufacture of cigars weighing more than 3 pounds per 1,000—Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio, New Jersey, Florida, Virginia, and Michigan; in the manufacture of cigars weighing not more than 3 pounds per 1,000—Maryland, Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey, and Virginia (see Table; 131) in the manufacture of cigarettes weighing not more than 3 pounds per 1,000—North Carolina, New York, Virginia, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and California; in the manufacture of cigarettes weighing

See full report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

more than 3 pounds per 1,000—New York, which accounts for 87.5 per cent of the total manufactured (see Table 14) ; in the manufacture of plug tobacco—Missouri and North Carolina; twist—Missouri, Tennessee, and Kentucky; fine-cut—Illinois, New Jersey, Michigan, and New York; smoking tobacco—North Carolina, Ohio, Kentucky, New Jersey, Illinois, and West Virginia; snuff—Tennessee, New Jersey, and Illinois (see Table 12).

Table 11 on page 106 shows, by internal revenue districts and States, the number of tobacco factories in operation during the calendar year 1923 and the quantities of leaf tobacco and other materials used in the manufacture of tobacco, and Table 12 on page 109 shows the quantities of the various classes of manufactured tobacco produced and the value of stamps used by these factories.

Table 13 on page 112 shows, by internal revenue districts and States, the number of cigar factories in operation during the calendar year 1923, the quantities of leaf tobacco used in the manufacture of cigars and the number of large and small cigars manufactured, which includes cigars withdrawn for exportation, free of tax, shown in Table 20 on page 121 and tax-free cigars used for personal consumption by employees in cigar factories, shown in Table 18 on page 119. The same information with respect to cigarette factories is shown in Table 14 on page 115. Table 15 on page 117 shows the quantities of leaf tobacco used in manufacturing the various classes of tobacco products for each year from 1914 to 1923, inclusive, and Table 16, on the same page, shows the production of manufactured tobacco products for each of the same years.

Table 17 on page 1181 is a summary of operations of manufacturers of tobacco and cigars during the calendar year 1923, and of production of perique tobacco in Louisiana by growers and dealers registered

as tobacco manufacturers.

Table 19 on page 120 shows the total receipts from taxes on each class of tobacco product and the per capita tax, based on the population as estimated by the Bureau of the Census, for the fiscal years 1915 to 1924, inclusive.

Table 20 on pages 121 and 122' shows the tobacco products exported free of tax, and Table 21 on page 122' shows the tax-paid products exported with benefit of drawback of the taxes and amount of such

taxes refunded.

The tobacco products withdrawn from domestic factories, imported from Cuba, and brought in from Porto Rico and the Philippine Islands, based on the sale of stamps during the fiscal year, are shown in Table 22, on page 123. The percentages of increase or decrease in withdrawal of domestic cigars according to classes, as compared with the preceding fiscal year, were as follows: Class A decrease, 5 per cent; class B, decrease 10 per cent; class C, decrease 2 per cent; class D, increase 7 per cent; class E, decrease 2 per cent.

Table 23 on page 124 shows the quantities of leaf tobacco imported by cigar and tobacco manufacturers and dealers in leaf tobacco. Table 24 on page 126 shows, by internal revenue districts, the number of dealers in leaf tobacco in business during the calendar year 1923, the quantities of leaf tobacco exported by them, and the quantities of leaf tobacco received from farmers by dealers in leaf tobacco, cigar

manufacturers, and tobacco manufacturers.

See full report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Table 25, on page 129, 'shows by internal revenue districts and States the quantities of the different classes of tobacco material held or owned by dealers in leaf tobacco, cigar manufacturers, and tobacco manufacturers on January 1, 1924, as reported on inventories as of that date.

Claims totaling \$599,763.10 were allowed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, \$2,700.69, including \$129.40 interest, being refunded to taxpayers on account of erroneous or illegal collections; unused stamps to the value of \$349,245.56 were returned for redemption, and \$247,816.85 was allowed for drawback of taxes paid on goods exported. (See Table 21.1)

There were pending at the beginning of the fiscal year 59 violation cases, involving offers in compromise; 560 new cases were reported and 507 offers in compromise tendered during the year; cases closed by acceptance of offers in compromise numbered 509, amounting to \$4,590.00, and 15 offers totaling \$387.52 were rejected, leaving 42

offers pending June 30.

Total assessments made on tobacco assessment lists during the fiscal year amounted to \$1,282,395.79. Of this amount \$1,028,125.49 was tax on cigarette papers and tubes; \$232,441.20 tax on deficiencies in manufacturers and dealers' accounts, and \$6,330 was submitted as offers in compromise for violations. The balance, \$15,499.10, covered ad valorem and 5 per cent penalties, interest, etc.

MISCELLANEOUS

The collections from miscellaneous stamp and special taxes amounted to \$72,935,431.86, compared with \$75,218,273.14 for the

fiscal year 1923.

Documentary stamp taxes.—The largest part of the above collections were taxes on bonds, capital stock issues, conveyances, promissory notes, customshouse entries, passage tickets, proxies, powers of attorney, and foreign policies of insurance on property in the United States, which amounted to \$43,031,608.47, compared with \$44,603,-166.20 for the preceding fiscal year. The tax on transfer of stock collected during 1924 amounted to \$7,936,831.85, compared with \$9,871,604.11 for the previous fiscal year, and the tax on sales of produce (future deliveries) netted \$7,557,576.74, compared with \$7,015,381.67 for the preceding year.

Miscellaneous special taxes.—Special taxes upon brokers, theaters,

Miscellaneous special taxes.—Special taxes upon brokers, theaters, museums, circuses, bowling alleys and pool tables, shooting galleries, riding academies, passenger automobiles for hire, and use of pleasure boats amounted to \$7,814,413.92, compared with \$8,035,583.49 col-

lected from the same sources for the preceding fiscal year.

The special taxes on proprietors of theaters, public exhibitions or shows for money, and circuses were repealed by the revenue act of 1924, effective at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924.

Oleomargarine.—The collections under the oleomargarine law for the year amounted to \$2,814,104.14, an increase of \$559,572.91, or 24.82 per cent. The receipts for 1924 as compared with those for 1923 are as follows:

¹ See full report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Receipts for—	1923	1924	Increase (+) or decrease ()	
		·	Amount	Per cent
Oleomargarine taxed at 10 cents a pound	\$678, 980. 40 507, 707. 72 33, 095. 29 284, 845. 83 749, 901. 99	\$989, 318. 50 570, 605. 09 34, 528. 50 343, 457. 78 876, 194. 27	+310, 338. 10 +62, 897. 37 +1, 433. 21 +58, 611. 95 +126, 292. 28	45. 71 12. 38 4. 33 20. 58 16. 84
Total	\$2, 254, 531. 23	2, 814, 104. 14	+559, 572. 91	24. 82

There were 61 oleomargarine factories in operation during all or part of the fiscal year 1924. Five new manufacturers of oleomargarine qualified. During the fiscal year 1924 there were produced 11,518,155 pounds of colored oleomargarine and 228,198,834 pounds of uncolored oleomargarine, which is an increase of 3,258,492 pounds in the colored oleomargarine and 27,276,309 pounds in the uncolored oleomargarine over the figures for the fiscal year 1923. Increases were indicated in all other activities of the oleomargarine industry during the fiscal year 1924. The following table shows the operations by the oleomargarine manufacturers during the fiscal year 1924 as compared with operations during the fiscal year 1923:

	Colored oleomargarine		Uncolored oleomargarine	
	1923	1924	1923	1924
Produced Withdrawn tax paid for domestic use Withdrawn free of tax for export Withdrawn free of tax for use of United States.	Pounds 8, 259, 663 6, 642, 926 867, 185 712, 866	Pounds 11, 518, 155 9, 833, 365 918, 114 793, 622	Pounds 200, 922, 525 199, 995, 540 569, 855	Pounds 228, 198, 83- 227, 974, 86 209, 77

Regulations 9 concerning tax on oleomargarine, which were revised in June, 1923, have proven satisfactory. The revised returns required of manufacturers of and wholesale dealers in oleomargarine have been instrumental in materially reducing the time and space required in their compilation. More returns were examined than during any previous year, and the work was performed with fewer employees than heretofore. This was possible due chiefly to the revised returns of manufacturers of and wholesale dealers in oleomargarine and the adoption of a more efficient method of abstracting these returns. Examination of the returns resulted in the discovery of 1,636 delinquent taxpayers from whom \$18,203.61 in tax, penalties, and compromise offers was collected. This amount would have been lost to the Government had it not been developed through this work in the bureau.

Adulterated butter.—Collections under the adulterated butter law amounted to \$37,642.78 compared to \$41,476.20 for the previous fiscal year. There are three qualified manufacturers of adulterated butter in the United States and their entire production was withdrawn free of tax for export. Practically all of the stamp tax collected on adulterated butter was paid on butter that was found to contain excessive moisture. Under date of May 26, 1924, the

Supreme Court of the United States in the case of Lynch v. Tilden Produce Company rendered a decision holding that the Commissioner of Internal Revenue was without authority to provide by regulation that butter containing 16 per cent or more of moisture was adulterated, based solely upon that fact. The decision in no way invalidates the act of May 9, 1902, but holds that in order to sustain a case under section 4 of the act, in so far as the moisture content of the butter is concerned, it must be shown that some material or process was used with the intent or effect of causing the absorption of abnormal quantities of moisture. The decision will undoubtedly require a more vigilant investigation to obtain sufficient evidence to sustain a case of overmoisture and an effort will be made to have Congress fix by law the amount of moisture in butter that will constitute it adulterated.

Process or renovated butter.—Nine process or renovated butter factories were operated during the fiscal year 1924, and they produced a total of 4,044,476 pounds of renovated butter, an increase of 41,169 pounds compared with the previous fiscal year. The revenue derived from this source amounted to \$10,676.56 compared with

\$10,292 for the previous fiscal year.

Mixed flour.—There were 11 qualified manufacturers of mixed flour operating during the fiscal year 1924. The amount of mixed flour manufactured during the year totaled 2,923,807 pounds compared with 2,717,169 pounds in 1923. The revenue derived from mixed flour totaled \$1,040.50 compared with \$1,011.41 in 1923.

Filled cheese and white phosphorous matches.—There are no qualified manufacturers of filled cheese or white phosphorous matches in the United States, since the tax and restrictions placed upon these occu-

pations are practically prohibitive.

Playing cards.—There were 62 manufacturers, repackers, or importers of playing cards in operation during the fiscal year 1924 who manufactured, repacked, or imported a total of 52,694,722 packs. The revenue derived from this source amounted to \$3,731,536.90, an increase of \$346,310.07, or 10.23 per cent, compared with 1923.

Assessment and compromise.—A total of \$1,903,255.05 appeared on the miscellaneous assessment lists certified, compared with \$2,794,476.63 for the previous fiscal year. These lists included 1,027 additional assessments entered in this office aggregating \$762,708.14 as against 1,495 additional assessments for the previous fiscal year,

amounting to \$1,779,862.68.

On June 30, 1923, there were on hand in the miscellaneous division 7,141 offers in compromise involving \$51,386.45. The number of offers received during the fiscal year 1924 exceeded in number and amount those received during the previous fiscal year. There were 59,485 offers received during the fiscal year 1924, aggregating \$377,853.66, as against 17,189, involving \$150,849.80 for 1923. Of the 66,626 offers involving \$429,240.11, 57,929 were accepted, amounting to \$360,080.75, compared with 10,848 for the previous year, aggregating \$103,942.81. There were 239 offers partially accepted during the year, involving \$6,565 (\$1,880 accepted and \$4,685 rejected), while 152 offers aggregating \$2,790.49 were totally rejected or withdrawn. The number of offers on hand at the close of the fiscal year awaiting additional evidence and further consideration was 8,306, aggregating \$59,803.87.

The great increase in offers received was due largely to a more strict enforcement of the statutes imposing specific penalties for failure to pay miscellaneous taxes when due and the adoption of standard schedules of amounts acceptable as offers in compromise in lieu thereof. Despite this great increase the work on June 30,

1924, was practically current.

Claims.—On June 30, 1923, there were on hand 1,395 unadjusted claims, consisting of the following: 722 refund claims involving \$196,605.02; 410 abatement claims involving \$550,741.03; and 263 uncollectible claims involving \$19,725.93. During the fiscal year there were received 8,723 claims, of which 5,882 were refund claims involving \$1,582,214.60; 1,460 abatement claims involving \$944,-776.57; and 1,381 uncollectible claims involving \$127,207.09. There. were disposed of during the year 8,997 claims as follows: 5,965 refund claims (4,341 by allowance and 1,624 by rejection) amounting to \$1,120,520.32; 1,567 abatement claims (1,258 by allowance and 309 by rejection), amounting to \$1,108,058.76; and 1,465 uncollectible claims (1,426 by allowance and 39 by rejection), amounting to \$76,940.33. On June 30, 1924, there were on hand unadjusted 1,121 claims as follows: 639 refund claims, amounting to \$658,299.30; 303 abatement claims, amounting to \$387,458.84; and 179 uncollectible claims, amounting to \$69,992.69.

The reduction in the number of claims on hand June 30, 1924,

compared with June 30, 1923, was 274.
Of the claims on hand unadjusted at the end of the fiscal year only 16 had been pending in the section more than six months. Of the amount refunded through allowed claims, \$263,702.49 was from the appropriation for redemption of stamps and \$9,922.17 from the appropriation for taxes illegally collected. Interest in the amount

of \$82.58 was paid during the year.

There were also examined and completed during the year 183 collectors' schedules for refunds of excess payments of taxes. Refunds amounting to \$6,221.39 were thus allowed and charged to the appro-

priations for taxes illegally collected.

Recent court decisions, notably in the case of the West Virginia Pulp & Paper Company v. Bowers, collector, relating to the stamp tax on issues of stock, and Lynch v. Tilden Produce Company relative to the tax on adulterated butter, will necessitate the refunding during the present fiscal year of a much greater amount of these classes of tax than heretofore. A large number of claims are expected for redemption of stamps purchased by taxpayers for payment of tax on drafts, checks, and promissory notes, which tax was repealed by the revenue act of 1924.

ACCOUNTS AND COLLECTIONS UNIT

For purposes of effective administration, the Accounts and Collections Unit is divided into four divisions.

DIVISION OF OFFICE ACCOUNTS AND PROCEDURE

This division has charge of the office procedure and accounting methods in the collectors' offices, as well as the auditing of all revenue accounts of collectors. During the year, the unit concluded its work toward bringing the accounts of the collectors' offices into balance with the records of the bureau. Through the efforts of the supervisors of accounts and collections, working in cooperation with the bureau force, the accounts of the four remaining collectors' offices previously out of balance were brought into reconciliation with the bureau records. In addition to this work, the supervisors of accounts and collections have examined the accounts of 51 other offices and furnished detailed reports covering organization, management and personnel; office procedure and methods; accounts and collections; and disbursements.

The examining and auditing work in the office accounts and procedure division has been kept current and all accounts have been referred to the Comptroller General within the required time.

On July 1, 1923, there were on hand in the various collectors' offices 14,033 claims for refund, credit and abatement of taxes. There were filed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, 214,042 claims, making a total to be accounted for of 228,075. The collectors transmitted to the bureau or otherwise disposed of 211,252 claims, leaving on hand at the close of the fiscal year 16,823.

Various mimeographs have been prepared for the instruction of collectors' offices with a view to improving the accounting procedure

and establishing closer control by the bureau.

As recommended by the Tax Simplification Board, detailed instructions were prepared in this division directing collectors to retain for audit, in addition to individual income tax returns filed on Form 1040-A, all individual returns filed on Form 1040 showing gross income of \$15,000 or less. As a result of this procedure, collectors of internal revenue audited approximately 95 per cent of the more than 7,300,000 individual income tax returns filed. This division has been keeping in touch with the audit in collectors' offices with the result that 28 offices had completed the audit prior to the close of business June 30 and indications were that the majority of the offices would complete the audit by September 30. It is believed the showing made up to the present time has demonstrated that this class of work can be handled to advantage in the field and that a step has been taken in the right direction.

During the year the procedure for the examination of collectors' offices was revised and detailed instructions issued to the supervisors of accounts and collections. The experience gained during the drive to bring the accounts of the various collectors' offices into balance was of value in this revision. The examination reports now being received consequently show greater detail in connection with the accounts and enable this office better to ascertain the true condition

of collectors' offices.

The Internal Revenue Manual was revised during the year and sent to the printer. The new manual will include the changes and improvements in procedure and methods which have taken place since the manual was last revised.

The provision of the revenue act of 1924 which provides for a 25 per cent reduction of tax on income received by individuals during 1923 made necessary the refunding of over 2,000,000 items and the crediting of approximately 1,900,000 items. This division prepared instructions to collectors in connection with the making of these refunds and credits. Indications at the close of the fiscal year were that the task would be carried through promptly, and with a minimum of friction.

Under date of April 1, practically all functions of the stamp division were transferred to the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. Therefore, it is necessary to maintain only a limited force to make provision for the care and credit of returned stamps and to see that the requisitions of collectors for stamps are promptly filled.

During the year a total of 6,653,648,359 stamps, valued at \$444,-598,832.10 was issued to collectors of internal revenue and the

Postmaster General.

All stamps issued are engraved and printed at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, with the exception of tobacco stamps imprinted on tin-foil wrappers. The printing of the latter is done under contract and without cost to the Government, the contractor receiving his remuneration from the purchasers of the stamps and reimbursing the Government for the salaries of the stamp agent and counter.

Stamps were returned by collectors and the Postmaster General and credited in their accounts to the value of \$30,694,845.12. These were of various kinds and denominations, including partly used books from outgoing collectors and stamps for which there was no use.

There were seven applications allowed for restamping packages from which the original stamps had been mutilated or destroyed.

All of the stamps in the vaults of the stamp division, valued at \$263,692,955.17, were transferred March 31, 1924, to the Bureau of Engraving and Printing which now has the custody and shipment of all internal revenue stamps with the exception of tobacco stamps imprinted on tin-foil wrappers. The stamps are shipped on shipping orders prepared by the stamp section of this division. The transfer resulted in an annual saving of \$13,980 in salaries and the \$240 bonus.

DIVISION OF FIELD ALLOWANCES

The field allowances division is charged with granting allowances to collection districts covering personnel, supplies, equipment and

space, and the keeping of adequate records thereof.

On June 30, 1924, there was in this service an authorized force, exclusive of collectors, of 6,666 employees, consisting of 4,246 office employees and 2,420 deputy collectors, compared with 4,564 office employees and 2,747 field deputy collectors, or a total authorized force of 7,311 on June 30, 1923, a decrease of 645 in the authorized force in the fiscal year 1924. This reduction in personnel has been necessary, due to a decrease in appropriations for the fiscal year. There are assigned to the field collection service allotments 1 to 5, inclusive, from the appropriation "Salaries and expenses of collectors," and allotments 11 to 14, inclusive, from the appropriation "Collecting the internal revenue." For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, the total granted on these allotments was \$12,963,050 compared with a total of \$14,123,000 granted for the same allotments for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1923, a decrease of \$1,159,950 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924.

A comparison of allotments 1 and 11, which provide for the salaries of permanent employees, is interesting. For the fiscal year 1923 a total of \$11,530,000 was granted for payment of salaries of per-

manent employees compared with \$10,693,050 granted for the fiscal year 1924 a decrease in salary allotment of \$836,950. Of this sum there was expended in 1923, \$11,360,534.05 compared with \$10,588,825.63 expended in 1924, a decrease in permanent personnel cost for 1924 of \$771,708.42. This reduction in cost of permanent personnel was necessary notwithstanding a normal increase in work, due to an increase in the number of returns filed throughout the collection service, as well as an increase in the duties assigned collectors' offices. To handle this increase in work with a reduced personnel it was necessary to employ temporary assistance. During the fiscal year 1924 \$197,651.14 was expended for temporary assistance, compared with \$93,790.94 for the previous fiscal year, an increased expense in 1924 of \$103,860.20. Deducting the increased cost of temporary assistance from the decreased cost of permanent employees during the fiscal year 1924, the net reduction in the cost of personnel during the fiscal year 1924 was \$667,848.22.

Every effort was made during the year to raise the standard of requirements for employment in the collection field service. Applicants are required to indicate education and experience, and the collector, at the time of forwarding his recommendation for appointment, sets forth the duties to be performed in order that intelligent decision may be reached as to whether the qualifications of the individual fit him for the tasks which will be assigned him in the event of employment. A continuation of this policy may be expected

during the coming fiscal year.

Efficiency ratings are submitted annually covering each employee in the collection service, and where an individual falls below the average attained by his district, prompt correspondence is had to ascertain the reasons for such delinquency. In the event the explanation is not satisfactory, the employee is either placed on pro-

bation or his permanent separation effected.

In accordance with a decision of the comptroller with regard to the adjustment of compensation of collectors' employees on the basis of the classification act of 1923, it was necessary to classify each of the approximately 6,700 employees of the collection service. The grades to which the individual employees were assigned were determined on the basis of a description of the duties performed as contained on the efficiency rating forms submitted by collectors as of April 1, 1924. A description of each employee's duties was carefully scrutinized and determination made as to the grade in which the employee's duties fell. Upon completion of this individual classification, a letter was addressed each collector accompanied by a list showing the names of all his employees by salary grade, together with the total compensation under the classification act as of July This task, involving the classifying of each employee's position without reference to the compensation or individual, required a great mass of detailed work which has been expeditiously accom-Collectors are required upon receipt of these lists immediately to forward proper forms, in order that appointment of each employee in their districts at the new compensation established may be made effective at the beginning of the fiscal year 1925.

During the year \$300,784.69 was expended for rental for collectors' offices and branch offices, compared with \$227,137.16 for the preceding fiscal year. This increase of \$73,647.53 was due in great part to the

removal of the collector's office at Boston, Mass., to more commodious quarters, and to the removal of the collector's office at Brooklyn, N. Y., from Federal to commercial space. Arrangements were made also to remove the collector's office at Richmond, Va., from Federal to commercial space. The removals were necessitated because of the lack of adequate quarters satisfactorily to house the collectors' organizations.

DISBURSEMENT DIVISION

The disbursement division is charged with the duties of keeping the accounts in connection with expenditures from appropriations made available by the Congress for the use of the Internal Revenue Bureau and Service. The division also is charged with the responsibility and supervision of the administrative examination required by law of the disbursing accounts of collectors, revenue agents, and prohibition directors, as well as the administrative audit of miscellaneous vouchers for transportation, equipment, telephone service, rentals, etc., paid from internal-revenue funds by the disbursing clerk of the Treasury Department, and direct settlements by the general accounting office. All amounts allowed for the refund of taxes illegally or erroneously collected, redemption of revenue stamps, abatements of claims, etc., are verified and recorded in the division.

The disbursement division administratively examined and recorded 1,812 monthly accounts of collectors of internal revenue, revenue agents in charge, and Federal prohibition directors, together with 179,541 supporting vouchers, in addition to which 15,930 salary and expense vouchers of employees, and 14,626 vouchers covering miscellaneous expenses, special employees, informers, etc., were audited and passed to the disbursing clerk of the Treasury Department and General Accounting Office for payment. A total of 10,320 schedules of refunds on account of taxes illegally or erroneously collected was recorded and the 192,658 items contained therein scheduled for report

Much good has been accomplished by careful attention given to the settlements of differences established by the General Accounting Office against the disbursement accounts of field officers and that of the disbursing clerk of the Treasury Department relating to internal revenue funds. Differences are looked after currently and adjust-

ments are made as soon as practicable.

A mechanical system of accounting for the appropriation accounts gives daily information of the balances existing in the various appropriations and the several allotments made therefrom. This information is very beneficial to the different units of the bureau, as it enables them to know currently the unencumbered balances of the various allotments made to them for specific purposes, preventing possible overdrafts and allowing the planning of future administrative activities.

FIELD PROCEDURE DIVISION

The field procedure division has charge of the direction of field investigations made by collectors' field forces, the planning of delinquent drives, and the organization of collectors' division, subdivision, and stamp offices. The work of special squads of internal revenue

agents and deputy collectors under supervisors of accounts and col-

lections is also handled by this division.

In addition to the above, correspondence study courses for all collectors' employees except those in minor positions are maintained in this division, and the annual schools of instruction on tax laws for field deputy collectors are conducted under the direction of this division.

Constant endeavor is made to afford taxpayers the best possible facilities in the transaction of their business with the internal revenue service. On June 30, 1924, there were open 169 division headquarters offices, 8 subdivision offices, and 21 offices at which stamps only were sold, in addition to the 65 collectors' offices, a total of 263 offices and branch offices.

The 10 per cent reduction in appropriations, effective July 1, 1923, necessitated a reduction in the field force under collectors of internal

revenue of 304 deputy collectors out of a total of 2,747.

Collectors' field forces gave special attention to the serving of warrants for distraint, the verification of returns filed indicating additional tax due, and the conduct of delinquent drives. A total of 123,407 warrants for distraint was served which involved the collection of \$22,342,407, compared with 159,463 warrants served and \$17,081,651 collected for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1923. most districts the amount collectible on outstanding balances is now comparatively small. An average of 2,231 deputy collectors made 695,463 revenue-producing investigations, including the serving of warrants for distraint. The amount collected and reported for assessment as the result of these investigations aggregated \$53,953,593. The average number of investigations made per deputy and the average amount of tax collected and reported for assessment were 312 and \$24,184, respectively. The total number of revenue-producing investigations made during the fiscal year 1923 was 767,518, involving \$47,031,349 delinquent and additional tax.

The work of collectors' field forces was again supplemented by special squads which engaged in the more technical investigations under the direction of supervisors of accounts and collections, the squads being composed of internal revenue agents on the rolls of the Accounts and Collections Unit, and a few deputy collectors. An average of 260 officers in these special squads made a total of 75,061 revenue-producing investigations, including the serving of warrants for distraint, which resulted in collecting and reporting for assessment tax in the amount of \$28,697,617. The average number of cases per officer was 288 and the average amount collected per officer was \$110,375. In addition to warrants for distraint served by collectors' forces, one of the special squads operating in the second and third districts in New York served 23,272 warrants involving tax in the

amount of \$15,973,916.

The total number of revenue-producing investigations made by the special squads during the fiscal year 1923 was 29,309 and the amount

collected and reported for assessment was \$17,666,325.

The total collected and reported for assessment as the result of the activities of both the force of field deputy collectors under the supervision of collectors and the special squads under the supervision of supervisors of accounts and collections was \$82,651,210 compared with \$64,697,674 for the fiscal year 1923.

PROHIBITION UNIT

In order to coordinate work of the different divisions of the unit with respect to the consideration of applications for and the issuance of permits to manufacture, sell, purchase, transport, or prescribe intoxicating liquor, a committee of the Prohibition Unit was appointed May 16, 1924, known as the Central Committee, its duties being to see that the issuance of permits is at all times kept current and correct; that the necessary official inspections are promptly made on pending applications; that the office of the counsel of the unit furnishes prompt assistance in connection with legal features of permit matters when requested, and that all work relating to permits or preparatory thereto is duly coordinated and kept up to date; and to consider any major and perplexing questions that arise in the unit.

In the fall of 1923 Form 1403, "Physicians' prescription blanks" were revised and Series C inaugurated. This action was taken on account of the fact that Series B of this form had been counterfeited to a considerable extent. Thus far there has been little counterfeiting of the C series of prescription blanks.

During the year storage charges on seized liquors were reduced by

approximately \$35,000 per annum.

Regulations 60—Intoxicating Liquor—were revised, printed, and

distributed.

There were 3,374 employees on the rolls of the unit at the close of the fiscal year 1924 compared with 3,413 at the close of the fiscal year 1923, a decrease of 39.

During the year 6,095,819 pieces of mail passed through the section

of mail control of the unit.

COLLECTIONS

A total of \$855,395.37 was collected under the tax and tax-penalty provisions of the national prohibition act for the fiscal year 1924 compared with \$729,244.23 for the fiscal year 1923. In addition, as shown by the records of the Solicitor of the Treasury Department, there were certain collections through the Federal courts, such as fines and forfeitures, made by the Department of Justice which assists in enforcing the national prohibition act, amounting to \$5,682,719.87 compared with \$4,366,056 for the fiscal year 1923.

OFFICE OF CHIEF, GENERAL PROHIBITION AGENTS

On June 1, 1923, 533 agents were assigned to duty on the force of general prohibition agents. On June 30, 1924, there were on the rolls 561 such agents. During the year, 32,611 cases were reported by these agents, an increase of 15,640 over the number of cases reported for the preceding fiscal year. The 1924 cases were divided as follows: Investigations of applications for permits to use or sell intoxicating liquor 13,734; investigations of alleged violations by breweries, 150; miscellaneous cases, such as illegal transportation, sale or possession of intoxicating liquor, 18,727. There were 23,552 arrests made, and 22,939 persons were recommended for prosecution as a

result of the activities of the force of general prohibition agents. These accomplishments are separate from and in addition to the work done by the Federal prohibition agents employed under Federal prohibition directors for the States, the directors reporting 44,609 arrests during the fiscal year 1924 for violation of the prohibition laws and seizures of 2,799 automobiles and 111 boats for illegal transporta-

In addition to their usual work the general prohibition agents were charged with the enforcement features of the work in New York and Pennsylvania during the year. They made a special drive to obtain evidence of breweries operating in violation of the law, to lessen the diversion to illegal uses of alcohol supposedly withdrawn for industrial uses, and to develop conspiracy cases. As a result, a considerable number of breweries have been seized or placed under injunction, the monthly withdrawals of industrial and denatured alcohol in New York and Pennsylvania have been reduced by approximately 200,000 wine gallons, a large number of hotels and other large business properties have been closed under injunction, and important conspiracy cases were reported. No change was made in the organization. Eighteen field divisions were maintained as during the previous year, and a force of 10 field supervisors was assigned to duty under direction of the head of the division.

OFFICE OF COUNSEL OF PROHIBITION UNIT

Division of interpretation.—Except for such matters as are handled directly by the counsel of the unit, all opinions of the counsel for all divisions of the unit have been prepared in this division, also the various regulations emanating from the unit.

Legal opinions as to the construction of statutes, regulations, legal procedure, and practice have been prepared at the request of the various divisions of the unit, as well as in answer to various organizations and individuals having business with the department, relative to the traffic in liquor for nonbeverage purposes.

The attorneys of this division have rendered legal assistance to United States attorneys in many important and complicated cases to collectors of internal revenue, and to prohibition directors in the prosecution of criminal and civil proceedings, as well as administrative hearings.

The miscellaneous correspondence of the unit on matters involving interpretation of the liquor and narcotic laws and regulations has been handled by this division. The library of the unit has been conducted by the division.

Compromises, claims, and assessments, fiscal year 1924

COMPROMISES Pending July 1, 1923 Received Pending June 30, 1924 1 Offers in compromise Accepted Rejected during year 1, 170 Number. 3,904 \$159, 509. 06 \$836, 615. 79 \$75, 576. 61 \$165, 964. 14 \$934, 391. 21

¹ 120 offers in compromise, totaling \$15,743.73, were canceled.

Compromises, claims, and assessments, fiscal year 1924-Continued

CLAIMS

Claims	Pending July 1, 1923	Received during year	Allowed	Rejected	Pending June 30, 1924
Refund:					
Number	108	506	212	237	165
Amount	\$453, 390. 25	\$513, 713. 22	\$196, 144. 37	\$590, 241. 96	\$180, 717: 14
Abatement:					1
Number	2, 322	3, 507	3, 983	390	1,456
Amount	\$9, 655, 764. 77	\$9, 348, 197. 28	\$12, 496, 551. 76	\$2, 735, 201. 88	\$3, 772, 208. 41
Uncollectible:					1
Number	2, 088	9, 422	10,017	, 589.	904
Amount	\$3, 481, 472. 00	\$16, 188, 772. 87	\$17, 179, 932. 25	\$1,022,432.54	\$1, 467, 880. 08
Total number	4, 518	13, 435	14, 212	1, 216	2, 525
Total amount	\$13, 590, 627. 02	\$26, 050, 683. 37	\$29,872,628 38	\$4, 347, 876. 38	\$5, 420, 805, 63

ASSESSMENTS

Assessments	Assessments proposed	No hearing directed	No assess- ment directed	Assessment made	Pending with collectors
NumberAmount	8, 091	2, 67.1	175	488	4, 757
	\$16, 520, 238. 27	\$4, 727, 351. 02	\$234, 847. 51	\$1, 156, 866. 55	\$10, 401, 173. 19

The work of the interpretation division is current, a large reduction having been made in outstanding claims and assessments.

Division of litigation.—This division handles, in conjunction with proper court officials, all matters relating to the prosecution of criminal and civil cases arising under the national prohibition act.

The provision of the national prohibition act authorizing the issuance of injunctions to restrain violators of the law was freely invoked with good results. A concerted effort was made in this respect. Injunctions have been obtained on a large scale in the United States district courts in practically every State and Territory and efforts made to have the State prosecuting attorneys institute such proceedings in the State courts. Briefs were prepared and forwarded to Federal prohibition directors in each State for circulation among the State authorities. Several States' attorneys have instituted appropriate proceedings. During the year attorneys from the division have been assigned to the various States to assist the United States attorneys in the institution of these proceedings. Within a period of six weeks 300 injunctions were prepared in two counties of one of the States.

Questions as to the right of State authorities to make searches and seizures under the national prohibition act and as to the application of various sections of the Revised Statutes since the passage of the national prohibition act have arisen in the courts. Briefs on the law have been prepared and forwarded to United States attorneys with the result that in the majority of cases favorable decisions have been obtained.

Special efforts have been made by the Prohibition Unit and United States attorneys to indict and bring to trial violators of the permissive

features of the national prohibition act.

During the year a greater number of revocation hearings have been conducted and the records reviewed in this office than ever before.

A board of review has been organized to pass upon involved cases to insure full and careful deliberation of the law and facts at issue.

The conspiracy provisions of the criminal code have been frequently invoked in the prosecution of alleged violators of the internal revenue laws and the national prohibition act. During the year 720 indictments for conspiracy were found, 841 convictions were obtained, 18 criminal informations charging conspiracy were filed, and \$755,608.00 was imposed in fines in conspiracy cases only. Fifty-six breweries were seized and 19 were closed by injunctions. During the year 136 applications for permits to operate dealcoholizing plants were disapproved and 24 permits to operate such plants were revoked by the usual revocation proceedings. Libels were filed against the 56 breweries seized.

A number of decisions have been rendered this year which are of considerable importance. In the case of a brewing company the court declared that the Government may seize beer and machinery used in the illegal manufacture and disposition of beer, even though the brewery holds from the Government a permit to develop beer in the manufacture of near beer; that the Volstead Act authorizes a decree of forfeiture by libel proceedings of property concerned in violation of its provisions; and defines the words "civil officers" to

include prohibition enforcement officers.

A considerable improvement has been made in conditions with respect to bonded wineries. Of a large number operating without a permit at the beginning of the year, the vast majority have since procured permits or have closed. Many small wineries have been closed. The investigating officers have made more frequent and more exhaustive investigations than heretofore with the result that many irregularities have been discovered and corrected.

During the year 3,340 revocation hearings from the various States were reviewed in the division, 1,988 permits were revoked and canceled, and 1,352 were continued. The division prepared 47 indictments, 321 criminal informations, 788 bills for injunctions, 176 libels,

and 55 search warrants.

There were 825 bonds reviewed and demands were made for payment upon the principals and sureties of approximately \$3,583,282 upon default in payment or settlement of the civil liabilities incurred. Seventy-seven cases were referred to the Department of Justice for the institution of suits to collect the amounts due under the terms of the bonds.

Two vessels of foreign registry and 11 of American registry, with their liquor cargoes, were seized; also 184 motor boats and other

small craft.

On July 1, 1923, 140,767 cases were pending in the division; final action, so far as this division is concerned, has been taken on 40,722 cases.

NARCOTIC DIVISION

On June 30, 1924, 364 persons were registered under the Harrison narcotic law, as amended, as importers and manufacturers, 2,060 as wholesale dealers, 46,416 as retail dealers, 143,232 as practitioners, and 96,975 as dealers in and manufacturers of untaxed narcotic preparations, the latter number including registrants not required to pay special tax by reason of paying another tax under the act, or a total

of 289,047 registrations.

At the beginning of the year a total of 180,270 ounces of imported taxable narcotic drugs of all kinds was in customs custody, and 4,739,290 ounces were imported during the year, making a total available quantity of 4,919,560 ounces. Of this, 4,886,118 ounces were withdrawn during the year for domestic consumption, miscellaneous disposition amounted to 3,890 ounces, and 29,552 ounces were lost, wasted, or confiscated, leaving nothing in customs custody at the close of the year. There was an aggregate of 5,017,652 ounces of narcotic drugs, both in pure form and as part content of compounds and preparations, in the possession of manufacturers on July 1, 1923. Imports amounting to 4,886,118 ounces were withdrawn and added to this quantity during the year, making a total of 9,903,770 ounces. During the year manufacturers exported 1,980 ounces of this supply or of the drugs derived therefrom through manufacturing, and 391,256 ounces of like description were sold by them to domestic purchasers, leaving a total of 4,653,782 ounces in the possession of manufacturers on June 30, 1924. A mathematical balance can not be produced from the foregoing statement, as an alkaloid or derivative is not the equivalent in weight of the drug from which it is obtained through a manufacturing process.

During the year ended June 30, 1923, a total of 6,180,582 ounces of narcotic drugs of all kinds was imported, while during the year ended June 30, 1924, an aggregate of 4,739,290 ounces was imported, a decrease of 1,441,292 ounces. During the same periods 13,683 ounces and 6,598 ounces, respectively, were exported, showing a decrease of 7,085 ounces. The net aggregate quantity of pure drugs of all kinds contained in products sold by manufacturers to domestic purchasers during the fiscal year 1923 amounted to 2,393,844 ounces, and domestic sales of this description for the fiscal year 1924 involved 391,256 ounces, or a decrease of 2,002,588 ounces. The drugs exported involved 425,105 taxable ounces of products and those sold to domestic purchasers 3,423,697 taxable ounces. (Tax is paid by stamps at the rate of 1 cent per ounce or fraction thereof for the entire contents of each package or bottle. A compound or preparation containing a narcotic drug in a quantity exceeding the statu-

tory exemption is taxed the same as the pure drug.)

Manufacturers of exempt (nontaxable) narcotic preparations purchased 15,266 ounces of narcotic drugs, involving a total of 28,986 taxable ounces.

Officials of the Federal and of State, county, and municipal governments and institutions, who, as such, are exempt from registration and payment of tax under the Harrison Narcotic Act, purchased during the year a total of 9,780 ounces of narcotic drugs contained in stamped packages amounting to 91,323 taxable ounces.

During the year a total of 17,218 ounces of narcotic drugs and preparations came into the possession of the Government through

enforcing the internal-revenue narcotic laws, an increase of 8,540 ounces over the previous year, during which 8,678 ounces were ac-

quired.

At the beginning of the year 3,366 violations of the Harrison Narcotic Act were pending against persons not entitled to registration under the law, and a total of 5,685 violations against such persons was reported during the year. At the beginning of the year 2,035 violations of the law were pending against registered persons. During the year penalties, imposed by section 3176 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, were assessed against 27,439 registered persons on account of failure to register and pay special tax as required under the act, and 1,616 violations of the law were reported during the year which involved other charges of greater significance. Accordingly, a total of 9,051 violations accrued during the year against unregistered persons and 31,090 violations of all kinds against registered persons.

Of the unregistered persons charged with violations of the law 3,997 were convicted, 252 were acquitted, 23 submitted acceptable offers in compromise of their liability, 1,568 cases were dropped, and 3,211 cases were pending at the close of the year. Of the cases accruing against registered persons, collection of specific penalty was made in 27,439 cases, 245 persons were convicted, 24 were acquitted, and 735 submitted acceptable offers in compromise of their liability, 525 cases were dropped, and 2,122 cases were

pending at the close of the year.

At the beginning of the year 89 cases of violations of the act of January 17, 1914, regulating the manufacture of smoking opium, were pending and 89 cases were reported during the year, or a total of 178 violations. During the year 54 persons were convicted, 7 were acquitted, 3 submitted acceptable offers in compromise of their liability, 44 cases were dropped, and 70 violations were pend-

ing at the close of the fiscal year.

A total of 4,242 convictions under the internal-revenue narcotic laws was had, for which the courts imposed sentences aggregating 5,028 years, 10 months and 15 days and fines amounting to \$511,-664.91. A total of 758 cases was compromised, the aggregate amount collected being \$83,826.25. During the year ended June 30, 1923, a total of 7,201 cases of criminal character was reported, whereas during the last fiscal year 7,301 such cases were reported. An increase of 100 cases over the previous year is to be noted, indicating a more effective operation of the field force and more efficient means for disclosing violations of the law. The general attitude of the courts toward violators of the narcotic laws is reflected by the fact that 4,242 convictions were had during the year ended June 30, 1924, whereas only 4,194 convictions were obtained during the fiscal year 1923. Likewise sentences for the past year totaled 5,028 years, 10 months, and 15 days, whereas the aggregate for the preceding year was only 4,692 years, 6 months, and 21 days. Similarly, fines increased from \$291,690.46 to \$511,664.91.

Monthly returns of sales, etc., rendered by importers, manufacturers, and wholesale dealers afford means not only for controlling the manufacture and sale of narcotics but also for a systematic scrutinizing of all purchases. In so far as possible with the present force, every person the aggregate of whose purchases has appeared

excessive has been investigated. An abstract system, arranged during the year 1922, in connection with the audit of the monthly returns for apprehending such purchasers, has resulted in directing the inspections and investigations of registered persons most essential to that aspect of the enforcement of the law. Greater economy in the operation of the field force in making inspections is also thereby afforded.

The number of agents and inspectors in the narcotic field force averaged 176 for the year. The collections under the narcotic laws for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, were \$1,057,066.33, an increase of \$43,800.07 over the collections for the previous year, which were \$1,013,266.26.

PERMIT DIVISION

The functions of the permit division are as follows: The issuance of all basic permits for the use and sale of intoxicating liquors under the national prohibition act, including the importation and exportation of the same; the passing upon all nonbeverage bonds submitted in support of permits to ascertain whether such bonds are properly executed; the renewal of all nonbeverage permits which have been outstanding for one year, except manufacturers' permits, which now remain in force by virtue of revised Regulations 60; establishing of standards for medical and toilet preparations and flavoring extracts; receiving, filing, and checking commissioner's copies of withdrawal Forms 1410A covering withdrawals allowed by directors, and checking overdrafts in every case where withdrawals have exceeded amounts allowed on the basic permits.

The following table shows the number and classes of permits issued

during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924:

	Renewals	New
A permits, to manufacturers, bonded warehouses, and free warehouses.	581	81
B permits, wholesale druggists		70 13
D permits, to import and use	290	3
E narmits to import and sell	61	19
F permits, to export alcohol only, to places other than Canada, Mexico, West Indies, and other near-by islands.	29	_
G permits, to export alcohol to Canada, Mexico, West Indies, and other near-by islands,	29	5
	94	39
and other liquors to any destination. H permits, to use (intoxicating liquors for manufacturing purposes)	26, 402	4, 032
I permits, to use and sell I permits, to prescribe for physicians, and to use intoxicating liquor for physicians, den-	16, 008	3, 635
tists, and veterinarians (issued by Federal prohibition directors)	0	65, 982
Same.	393	113
L permits to operate dealcoholizing plants	278	44
M permits, to use sirups and extracts for manufacturing soft drinks (issued only in		_
special cases)	0 28	0
O permits, to rectify	. 0	· ô
O permits, to rectify P permits, to receive and possess for storage in bond.	35	. 8
P extension permits, to sell from concentration		28 162
R permits, to produce mash for the purpose of producing yeast, after which residue is to		102
be destroyed	1 1	1
Special permits, cases not covered by above classes	157	115
	<u>!</u>	
Permits revoked		1, 218
Renewal applications disapproved		732
New applications disapproved		967
Permits canceled, superseded, surrendered, and recalled		2,527
Total outstanding permits	11	5,354

Steps were taken to exercise a closer supervision over the withdrawal and use of wine withdrawn for sacramental purposes. To this end it is purposed to have all copies of Form 1412 employed in the withdrawal of sacramental wine and issued by the State directors forwarded to the Washington office, as is now being done with withdrawals of all other kinds of intoxicating liquors and wines.

INDUSTRIAL ALCOHOL AND CHEMICAL DIVISION

This division conducts the chemical work for the Internal Revenue Bureau in Washington and in the field and administers the provisions of Title III of the national prohibition act. It also administers certain features of the general internal revenue laws relating to bonded warehouses, storekeeper-gauger assignments, and other miscellaneous items under Regulations 7 and 30. The division is also charged with the work connected with the concentration of distilled spirits in accordance with the provisions of the act of February 17, 1922, and Treasury Decision 3351 promulgated thereunder.

Chemical section.—During the year new laboratories were installed at Minneapolis and Providence, making nine branch laboratories fully equipped and in operation. The following tables show the number and character of samples analyzed during the last fiscal year:

Washington laboratory

Butter 48	Medicinal preparations (non-
Oleomargarine, fats, and oils 1, 976	beverage) 1, 786
Distilled spirits	Denatured alcohol
Fermented beverages	
Genuine whisky 172	Total 24, 119
Narcotic drugs 606	·

This is 4,313 less than the number of samples analyzed in the Washington laboratory in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1923. This decrease is due to the fact that more samples are being analyzed by the field laboratories.

Branch laboratories

ChicagoColumbus	8, 060 1, 990	Philadelphia Providence San Francisco	1, 282
Little Rock	8,221 $3,441$	Total	72. 243
New York			, _ 10

This is an increase of 21,279 over the number analyzed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1923. The greatest increase was in the New York laboratory, due to the activities of the local police officers, who bring all samples taken in cases of violation of the narcotic and national prohibition acts to the New York laboratory for analysis.

A total of 96,362 samples was analyzed by the Washington and field laboratories during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, an increase of 16,966 over the number analyzed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1923.

Members of this division spent 2,495 days in attendance at court as expert witnesses and in special field investigations where a technical man was required.

Industrial alcohol section.—The work of this section, which administers Regulations No. 61, drawn under Title III of the national prohibition act, has changed very little in character during the past fiscal year. During the year special efforts have been made, in cooperation with the office of the chief, general prohibition agents, to minimize diversions of industrial alcohol in certain sections of the country. As a result there have been a number of revocations of industrial alcohol plant permits, denaturing plant permits, and permits of bonded users of specially denatured alcohol. The following shows the changes of the past year:

shows the changes of the past year:

At the close of the fiscal year there were qualified to operate for the production, storage, and denaturation of alcohol, respectively, under Title III of the national prohibition act, 69 industrial alcohol plants, 79 bonded warehouses, and 88 denaturing plants. During the year 6 industrial alcohol plants, 2 bonded warehouses, and 16 denaturing plants were established, while 8 industrial alcohol plants, 10 bonded warehouses, and 20 denaturing plants were discontinued. For the production of distilled spirits for nonbeverage purposes, other than alcohol, there were operated during the fiscal year 2 rum distilleries and 21 fruit distilleries. No grain distilleries were operated during the year.

The number of permits issued for withdrawal of tax-free alcohol under Title III of the national prohibition act during the past year somewhat exceeds the number issued during the year ended June 30, 1923, 3,981 having been issued in the fiscal year 1923 and 4,266 in the

fiscal year 1924.

There were also issued 14 permits covering tax-free withdrawals of spirits, other than alcohol, by the United States under section 3464,

Revised Statutes.

The number of bonded manufacturers qualified to use specially denatured alcohol for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1923, was 5,445. During the last year the number increased to 6,621. The increase of 1,176 authorizations was due to the use of denatured alcohol in the manufacture of products previously produced from pure alcohol. During the same period 179 permits to use specially denatured alcohol were revoked.

Concentration of distilled spirits.—The concentration program has been substantially completed. A few warehouses remained to be transferred owing to peculiar conditions, such as seizures, revocations, and other difficulties, but since the enactment of concentration legislation 212 warehouses have been discontinued and several were in process of removal at the end of the fiscal year. It is estimated that over seven-eighths of the bonded stock has been moved. This has resulted in a large permanent saving and much greater security to the spirits.

AUDIT DIVISION

The audit division is charged with the preparation of all assessment lists and with the examination and audit of all reports and accounts which relate to distilleries; general and special bonded warehouses; industrial and denatured alcohol plants; dealers in and manufacturers using denatured alcohol; wineries, breweries, dealcoholizing plants; liquor dispensed on physicians' prescriptions; wines for sacramental purposes; liquors used in manufacturing and compounding; and liquors received by physicians, hospitals, etc.

Distilled spirits.—During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, there were produced 135,897,725.83 proof gallons of alcohol, an increase of 13,494,876.03 proof gallons compared with the quantity produced

during the preceding fiscal year.

There were withdrawn from warehouse on payment of tax 9,379. 729.21 proof gallons of alcohol, and there were withdrawn for taxfree purposes, including withdrawals for denaturation, for export, and for use of the United States, hospitals, laboratories, colleges, and other educational institutions, a total of 121,753,633.16 proof gallons of alcohol.

There were withdrawn, tax paid, from distillery, general and special bonded warehouses 1,854,429.0 taxable gallons of distilled spirits (including brandy) other than alcohol, an increase of 36,115.3 gallons compared with the quantity withdrawn, tax paid, during the pre-

ceding year.

Cereal beverages.—During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, there were 483 dealcoholizing plants in operation, compared with 528 such plants in operation during the preceding year. There were 151,-606,909 gallons of cereal beverages produced during the past year, a decrease of 11,723,073 gallons under the quantity produced during the preceding year.

Denatured alcohol.—During the fiscal year 1924 there were withdrawn from bond, free of tax, for denaturation, 121,576,196.10 proof gallons of alcohol and rum, against 105,819,404.91 proof gallons with-

drawn for this purpose during the previous year.

There were 67,687,295.76 wine gallons of denatured alcohol produced during the past fiscal year, of which 34,602,003.72 wine gallons were completely denatured and 33,085,292.04 wine gallons were specially denatured compared with 57,565,142.68 wine gallons of denatured alcohol produced during the previous fiscal year, of which 27,128,229.54 wine gallons were completely denatured and 30,436,-913.14 wine gallons were specially denatured.

The increase in the quantities of both completely and specially denatured alcohol produced during the year is attributable to the constantly increasing use of completely denatured alcohol for general purposes, such as for fuel, light, and power, and to the use of specially denatured alcohol in the manufacture of new products and articles in the manufacture of which tax-paid alcohol has been used heretofore.

Wines.—Revenue from taxes on domestic and imported wines during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, amounted to \$1,454,062.88 compared with \$1,531,991.38 in 1923, \$1,306,249.72 in 1922, \$2,001,-779.87 in 1921, \$4,017,596.82 in 1920, \$10,521,609.14 in 1919, \$9,124,368.56 in 1918, and \$5,164,075.03 in 1917.

The total production of wine amounted to 8,507,475.57 gallons during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, a decrease of 5,467,171.00 gallons, compared with the quantity produced during the preceding fiscal year. Of the wine produced during the year 3,305,966.65 gallons, having not over 14 per cent and 3,881.35 gallons having over 14 per cent but not over 21 per cent alcoholic content, were fortified with brandy, and 3,753,637.14 gallons of sweet wines were produced therefrom, of which 130,368.46 gallons had not over 14 per cent, 3,449,928.74 gallons had over 14 per cent but not over 21 per cent, and 173,339.94 gallons had over 21 per cent but not over 24 per cent alcoholic content.

The quantity of wines removed on payment of tax for medicinal and sacramental purposes during the fiscal year amounted to 4,194,030.65 gallons, of which 1,580,104.48 gallons had not over 14 per cent and 2,613,926.17 gallons had over 14 per cent but not over 21 per cent alcoholic content, compared with 3,697,985.50 gallons removed for these purposes during the preceding fiscal year, of which 1,431,545.04 gallons had not over 14 per cent and 2,266,440.46 gallons had over 14 per cent but not over 21 per cent alcoholic content.

There were removed tax free during the year, including removals for distilling material, for export, and as vinegar, a total of 4,911,021.60 gallons, of which 4,899,045.10 gallons had not over 14 per cent and 11,976.50 gallons had over 14 per cent but not over 21 per cent alcoholic content. The losses on storage aggregated 1,316,774.77

gallons.

On June 30, 1924, there were 31,905,896.10 gallons of wine on hand at bonded wineries and bonded storerooms, of which 21,925,382.41 gallons had not over 14 per cent, 9,819,541.13 gallons had over 14 per cent but not over 21 per cent, and 160,972.56 gallons had over 21 per cent but not over 24 per cent alcoholic content, compared with 33,383,400.86 gallons on hand June 30, 1923, of which 23,663,612.04 gallons had not over 14 per cent, 9,646,779.34 gallons had over 14 per cent but not over 21 per cent, and 73,009.48 gallons had over 21 per cent but not over 24 per cent alcoholic content.

The small decrease in the quantity of wine on storage in the face of the large decrease in production is due to the fact that the decreased

production is still about equal to removals.

Solicitor of Internal Revenue

The work of the solicitor's office embraces the whole field of Federal taxation and may be summarized as cases in suit (criminal and civil); income and profits tax cases specially referred by the commissioner on appeal or otherwise; cases of a similar character received direct from the Income Tax Unit; memoranda from the Committee on Appeals and Review; estate, capital stock, and sales tax questions; documentary, public utilities, insurance, occupational, beverage, luxury, tobacco, oleomargarine, and special taxes; the more important prohibition questions; distilled spirits and narcotics; accounts, supplies and equipment, and the consideration, preparation, and revision of Treasury decisions and of regulations, mimeographs, and other formal compilations.

APPEALS DIVISION

On July 1, 1923, the appeals division had before it 615 cases which had been referred by the commissioner for disposition, and four additional cases were received during the year. All of the cases pending in this division were disposed of and the division abolished prior to the close of the fiscal year 1924.

ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION

The administrative division is charged with the supervision of the library, mails and files, supplies and equipment, personnel, and editorial matters arising in and affecting the work of the office.

The support and cooperation rendered by this division have proved of benefit to attorneys assigned to the other divisions and have afforded them great assistance in the dispatch of matters handled by them.

INTERPRETATIVE DIVISION I

The questions presented to Interpretative Division I for decision relate entirely to questions arising under the income and excess profits tax provisions of the several revenue acts. The work may be generally divided into two classes, (1) the rendering of decisions on specific questions and (2) the examination of all income and excess profits tax claims where the amount involved is \$50,000 or The opinions rendered take the form of Treasury decisions, solicitor's opinions and informal memoranda, dependent on the importance of the questions involved and their relation to the existing rules in the bureau. The requests for opinions originate ordinarily with the Committee on Appeals and Review, which refers to this office such of its cases in which the question is primarily of a legal nature, and with the Income Tax Unit. The letters prepared in the bureau which contain rulings on questions of law, requiring the signature of the Secretary or one of his assistants, or the commissioner, are required to be passed on and approved in this division. Also, all rulings which are proposed for publication in the Weekly Bulletin are reviewed and approved before their publication is authorized.

The following questions have been made the subject of careful

study during the year.

Taxability of officers and employees of public utilities and other

enterprises owned and operated by a State or municipality.

Reciprocal exemption of income derived from the operation of foreign ships under section 213 (b) (8) of the revenue acts of 1918 and 1921.

The taxable status of estates in process of administration under

the several revenue acts.

The subject of consolidated returns with particular reference to the expressions "control through closely affiliated interests" and "substantially all the stock" as those expressions appear in the revenue acts of 1918 and 1921.

The exempt status of building and loan associations, farmers' cooperative enterprises, and business leagues and chambers of com-

The taxability of assessment and premium deposit insurance companies under the revenue act of 1918.

The taxable status of income received by Indians from tax-exempt land and land restricted as to alienation.

The proper method of taxing annuities and life interests in trust funds.

INTERPRETATIVE DIVISION II

The work of this division is divided into six groups, (1) interpreting the provisions of law relating to the following taxes: Admissions and dues, beverage, capital stock, estate, excise, insurance, legacy, occupational, oleomargarine, special, stamp, telephone and telegraph, tobacco, transportation; (2) preparing and reviewing regulations, Treasury decisions, solicitor's opinions, informal memoranda and letters relating to such taxes; (3) reviewing and approving claims for abatement, redemption and refund of the above taxes involving amounts in excess of \$500; (4) assisting in the drafting of contemplated revenue legislation relating to the above taxes; (5) supervising the disposition of real estate acquired by the Government under the provisions of internal-revenue laws and, with the approval of the Secretary, authorizing the sale at public vendue of the interest of the United States in such realty; (6) considering and reviewing all administrative questions of a legal nature arising in connection with all internal-revenue laws, including the inspection of returns under rules and regulations prescribed by the Secretary and approved by the President, and approving the furnishing of certified copies of returns. Until May 1, 1924, the division also considered and approved all offers in compromise other than those in litigation or in bankruptcy or involving fraud. On that date these matters were transferred to the bankruptcy and receivership section of the civil division.

During the year the division conducted more than 200 hearings on interpretative cases and also considered and prepared changes in procedure within the bureau made necessary by the creation of the Board of Tax Appeals. It also reviewed 5,727 claims, 84,911 compromises, 3,402 letters and 1,366 interpretative cases. There were 107 real estate cases pending on July 1, 1923. During the year 3 were received and 61 disposed of, leaving 49 cases pending on June 30, 1924. There were 43 quit claim deeds executed and delivered.

CIVIL DIVISION

The civil division, in cooperation with the Department of Justice and the United States attorneys' offices, handles all civil internalrevenue cases pending in the Federal courts. These cases include the prosecution of suits by the United States to recover unpaid taxes where the period for assessment has expired; suits by the United States to recover unpaid taxes due from dissolved corporations, and the defense of suits brought by taxpayers against collectors of internalrevenue or the United States to recover taxes alleged to have been erroneously assessed and collected. While the United States attorneys are charged with the responsibility for the conduct of these cases, the attorneys of the civil division prepare and brief the cases for trial, both as to the facts and the law, and an attorney of the civil division is usually present to assist at the trial. In most instances the trial of the case, at the suggestion of the United States attorney, is conducted by the attorney of the civil division. Where cases are appealed, the attorneys of the civil division assist in preparing the record and an appeal brief is forwarded to the United States attorney for printing and filing. Cases in appellate courts are frequently argued by the attorneys of the civil division. In appeals to the Supreme Court or petitions for certiorari the petition is prepared in the civil division and forwarded to the Department of Justice and a brief is prepared for the use of the Solicitor General in the argument of the case.

The following civil internal-revenue tax cases were decided by the Federal courts during the fiscal year, 1924:

	Decided for the Govern- ment	Decided against the Govern- ment	Partly for the Govern- ment and the taxpayer	Total
District courts - Circuit courts of appeal Court of Claims Supreme Court	4 4	27 13 6 6	4 2 2 2 2	97 29 12 12
Total	88	52	10	150

The number of civil internal-revenue tax cases pending in the Federal courts at the end of the fiscal year, 1924, compared with the number pending at the end of the previous fiscal year, is as follows:

	Suits to be brought by the United States	Cases in dis- trict courts for trial	Cases in cir- cuit courts of appeal	Cases in the Court of Claims	Cases in the Su- preme Court	Cases pend- ing settle- ment	Cases pend- ing pay- ment of judg- ment claims	Miscel- laneous cases	
Civil cases pending July 1, 1923 Civil cases pending June 30, 1924	63 103	602 937	25 18	536 595	23	87	29	5 36	1, 370 1, 853

The principal centers of litigation with reference to the number of cases pending and the amounts involved are New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago, Pittsburgh, and San Francisco.

A total of 501 civil cases was closed on the records of the civil division during the year. During the year 212 interpretative jacketed cases were referred to the civil division, 206 were disposed

of and 6 were pending July 1, 1924.

The civil division also handles all claims against the estates of insolvent or deceased persons and supervises the filing of claims for Federal taxes in all bankruptcy and receivership proceedings. Evidence in support of the Government's claim is assembled in the civil division and forwarded to the collector or the United States attorney for use before the referee or trustee. Briefs are also prepared upon the law points involved and in important cases an attorney of the civil division is present at the hearing.

In April, 1924, the former bankruptcy section of the civil division was reorganized and is now designated as the bankruptcy, receivership, and compromise section. The number of attorneys handling bankruptcy and receivership cases has been increased to ten and further increases are contemplated. Compromises formerly handled by Interpretative Division II are now assigned to this section and passed upon by clerical assistants. The work of the section is summarized as follows:

	Bank- ruptcy	Receiver- ship	Insolvency, assign- ments, etc.	Total
Cases pending July 1, 1923. Cases closed during year Cases pending June 30, 1924,	1, 953	444	58	2, 455
	804	139	7	950
	2, 417	691	125	3, 233

New York State leads in the number of bankruptcy and receivership cases, followed by Pennsylvania, Illinois, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Ohio, and Texas.

On June 30, 1924, a total of 392 insolvency compromise cases was

pending.

A digest of important tax cases decided by the Federal courts during the year is found at the end of the statistical tables, infra, page 207.

PENAL DIVISION

Until the enactment of the revenue act of 1924 on June 2, there were no substantial changes in the functions of this division from that outlined in the annual report for the previous fiscal year. The new revenue law relieves this division of the function of acting for the commissioner in a final disposition of an appeal from a proposal of the Income Tax Unit to assert the ad valorem fraud penalties. Under the procedure made necessary by the revenue act of 1924, the penal division merely reviews the action of the Income Tax Unit before the final determination of a deficiency of tax or proposal to assert a fraud penalty is made by the commissioner. From this final determination the taxpayer is authorized to take an appeal to the Board of Tax Appeals, a tribunal independent of the Treasury Department, created by the new law.

With the exception of the period since June 2, 1924, the work of this division has consisted chiefly of (1) hearing of appeals brought by taxpayers from the rulings of the Income Tax Unit and of determining on such appeal the liability for taxes and fraud penalties; (2) recommending criminal prosecutions to the Department of Justice and assisting that department in such prosecutions; (3) preparing memoranda and letters in answer to inquiries from collectors of internal revenue and other of the field forces of the bureau relative to matters involving liens, distraint warrants, sales and purchases by the Government of property under seizure, and similar subjects; (4) considering and passing upon offers in compromise submitted by taxpayers in cases in which fraud or violation of criminal statutes are involved; and (5) the consideration of claims for reward.

The duty involving the recommendation of fraud ad valorem penalties, formerly performed by this division, was taken over during the fiscal year 1923 by the then newly created special adjustment section of the solicitor's office. Throughout the fiscal year this section has functioned independently of the penal division and its work is not reviewed by the penal division until a case is later put up on an appeal taken by the taxpayer made pursuant to the recommendation of the special adjustment section. Upon the hearing of an appeal by the penal division the decision therein is set out in a written opinion to the commissioner, which is signed by the solicitor.

This opinion reviews the facts, the law and regulations relative thereto, and summarizes the conclusions reached. Upon this opinion the

final assessment of taxes and penalties were based.

It is the practice to have special attorneys who are assigned to the penal division go into the field and investigate important cases pending in the solicitor's office, and when prosecution is contemplated these attorneys act as special advisers to the proper officials charged with the duty of representing the Government in court. Special attorneys are stationed in New York, Chicago, and Philadelphia throughout the year. As a result of this work, the Government has been assisted in securing convictions in many important and vigorously contested prosecutions instituted against persons who have attempted to evade tax liability.

At the beginning of the fiscal year there were pending 597 cases involving alleged fraud in connection with the internal revenue laws. There were received 1,382 new cases, making a total of 1,979 cases pending during the year. Cases disposed of numbered 1,023, so that on June 30, 1924, there were pending in the penal division 956

cases.

The cases in this division are classified in two ways: (1) as to whether they involve income tax or taxes other than income tax. The first cases are classified as "income tax," the latter are classified as "miscellaneous taxes"; (2) as to whether they involve action in courts or in other branches of the bureau outside of the solicitor's office. The first class includes appeals, requests for opinion, etc. Such cases are classified as "interpretative cases." The second class includes cases which have been referred to the Department of Justice for the institution of criminal proceedings, and cases in which compromise offers have been made by the taxpayers. Such cases are classified as "law cases."

A summary of the work of this division under the classifications above noted is as follows:

"INTERPRETATIVE CASES" Pending on July 1, 1923:	
Income tax cases 162 Miscellaneous tax cases 67	000
Received during fiscal year ending June 30, 1924: Income tax cases	229
Miscellaneous tax cases143	766
Total interpretative cases pending during fiscal year————————————————————————————————————	995
Income tax cases 440 Miscellaneous tax cases 120	560
Cases pending at close of fiscal year June 30, 1924: Income tax cases	
Miscellaneous taxes110	435
Pending on July 1, 1923:	
Income tax cases	368
	308

Received during fiscal year ending June 30, 1924: Income tax cases	258		
Miscellaneous tax cases	192		
<u> </u>		45	50
Total law cases pending during fiscal yearClosed during fiscal year:		81	18
Income tax cases Miscellaneous tax cases			
-		29	97
Cases pending at close of fiscal year ending June 30, 1924: Income tax cases.			
Miscellaneous tax cases	240 	52	21
Cases pending on July 1, 1923		59 1, 38	
Total cases pending during fiscal year Total cases closed during fiscal year	 	1, 97 1, 02	79 23
Total cases pending July 1, 1924		98	 56

Claims for reward for information relative to violations of the internal-revenue laws, submitted under the provisions of Circular 99, revised, were presented and disposed of during the year 1924, as follows:

Pending July 1, 1923, 2; presented during the year, 13; disposed of

during the year, 7; pending July 1, 1924, 8.

Two reward claims were rejected, one because the essential facts in the case were in possession of the Government prior to the date when the information was furnished by the claimant and the other for the reason that the indictments against the delinquent taxpayer were dismissed, the proof being insufficient to sustain a charge of fraud.

Five claims for reward were allowed by this office in a total sum of

\$3,584.14.

Of the 8 claims for reward now pending, 3 are under immediate consideration as to the amount properly allowable, and 5 are awaiting the receipt of further supporting data.

SPECIAL ADJUSTMENT SECTION

Conditions under which the special adjustment section was established were changed by the provisions of the revenue act of 1924 creating the United States Board of Tax Appeals. The section continued without change, however, until the end of the fiscal year. The section was created in May, 1923, primarily to insure that no person immediately responsible in the first instance for the assertion of a fraud penalty in an income or excess profits tax case should take any part in the final decision of the case on demand by the taxpayer for review. The function of the special adjustment section was to determine in the first instance whether a fraud penalty should be asserted, and no member thereof was allowed to take part in any subsequent review demanded by the taxpayer.

Ordinarily, three attorneys were assigned to the special adjustment section, but during a large portion of the last fiscal year the work was sufficiently diminished to allow of a reduction to two, and during a

portion of the time when the force consisted of three attorneys one of these had time to take part in the work of the solicitor's office along entirely different lines. Care was, however, always taken to guard against reduction of force or the assumption of additional work to such an extent as would militate against giving fraud cases all the study and consideration necessary to reach the correct solution.

The number of fraud cases passed on by the special adjustment section during the year was 333. There were pending at the beginning of the year 16 cases and at the end of the year 10. The work of the section was at all times practically current and the existence of the section had therefore been conducive to the expeditious handling of cases.

SUMMARY OF WORK, SOLICITOR'S OFFICE, FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1924

	First quarter	Second quarter	Third quarter	Fourth quarter	Total
Letters prepared. Letters approved. Opinions prepared. Opinions approved (A. R. and A. R. M.) Treasury decisions prepared. Treasury decisions approved. Memorandums prepared. Telegrams (prepared and approved) Mimeographs (prepared and approved). Miscellaneous letters, memorandums, etc., not included in above.	4, 422 763 7 25 16 5 3, 734 263 0	4, 587 1, 065 2 15 9 2 4, 351 290 3	3, 399 359 0	4, 821 144 5 28 26 0 2, 932 358 5	18, 595 2, 960 23 89 84 8 14, 416 1, 270 8
Form letters	756	119	12	. 61	948
Total	9, 998	10, 453	9, 599	8, 388	38, 438

Claims for abatement and refund

Kind of tax involved	On hand July 1, 1923	Received during year	Total	Disposed of during year	
Admissions and dues Beverage Capital stock Estate Excise Income Insurance Legacy Miscellaneous Narcotic Penalties Prohibition Stamp Special Tobacco Transportation	0 25 31 6 97 1 0 2 0 0	229 638 1, 084 2, 002 1, 337 3, 189 252 19 114 447 291 489 55 180 520	230 638 1, 109 2, 033 1, 343 3, 286 253 19 116 1447 291 490 55 180 521	229 638 1, 067 1, 989 3, 082 253 9 115 1 446 291 464 53 171 519	0 2 44 44 74 201 0 10 10 26 2 2
Total	165	10, 847	11, 012	10, 596	416

Compromises

IN SUIT

On hand July 1, 1923:	
Not acted upon	177
Rejected	46
Received during year	1 141
received during year	
Total to be accounted for	1, 364
Accepted:	===
Corporation income tax	235
Individual income tax	99
Prohibition and narcotic	
Miscellaneous	
	·
Total accepted	383
Otherwise disposed of	49
Rejected	
100,000000	
On hand June 30, 1924:	001
Income tax	674
Sales tax	
Tobacco and miscellaneous tax	
Capital-stock tax	
Estate	$\frac{14}{}$ 773
Amounts accepted:	0.4 00 0 0 0 0 1 0
Corporation income taxIndividual income tax	\$4, 095, 052. 17
Individual income tax	270, 443. 14
Prohibition and narcotic taxes	
Miscellaneous	127, 327. 51
	4, 509, 063. 57

NOT IN SUIT

Kind of compromise	On hand July 1, 1924	duning	Total to be accounted for	Accepted	Rejected	Total handled	On hand June 30, 1924	Total amounts accepted
Income taxes	23, 901 173 7, 776 9, 916	272, 925 2, 994 20, 563 20, 157	296, 826 3, 167 28, 339 30, 073	277, 917 2, 915 21, 540 14, 345	909 2 634 4,628	278, 826 2, 917 22, 174 18, 973	18,000 250 6,165 11,100	\$1, 664, 699. 00 51, 299. 75 231, 315. 27 605, 632. 08
Tobacco and miscel- laneous taxes Prohibition and nar- cotic cases	7, 200 1, 367	59, 992 4, 264	67, 192 5, 631	58, 677 3, 890	167 571	58, 844 4, 461	8, 348 1, 170	366, 550. 75 820, 375. 04
Total	50, 333	380, 895	431, 228	379, 284	6, 911	386, 195	45, 033	3, 719, 871, 89

OFFICE CASES

Statement of bureau cases handled by the solicitor's office during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, distinct from cases actually handled in the Federal courts

Division .	Cases on hand July 1, 1923	Received during year	Total	Disposed of dur- ing year	On hand June 30, 1924
Appeals Interpretative I Interpretative II Civil Penal Special adjustment Total	615 58 87 0 229 16	785 1, 146 180 766 327 3, 208	619 843 1, 233 180 995 343 4, 133	619 832 1, 203 177 560 333 3, 724	0 11 30 3 435 10

SUITS AND PROSECUTIONS

The following is a statement of internal-revenue and prohibition cases handled by the district courts of the United States during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1924, as furnished this office by the Department of Justice:

Internal revenue

	Civil	Criminal
Number cases pending, July 1, 1923. Number cases commenced during fiscal year ended June 30, 1924. Number cases terminated during same period. Number cases pending at close of business on June 30, 1924.	1, 185 1, 236 910 1, 511	2, 705 392 1, 140 1, 957
Prohibition		
	Civil	Criminal
Number cases pending, July 1, 1923 Number cases commenced during fiscal year ended June 30, 1924 Number cases terminated during the same period Number cases pending at close of business on June 30, 1924	4, 140 5, 741 4, 210 5, 671	23, 060 45, 878 46, 609 22, 329

Bureau and Field Personnel

The following statement shows the number of employees in the Internal Revenue Service on June 30, 1923, and the number in the service on June 30, 1924:

	June 30, 1923	June 30, 1924	Increase(+) or decrease(-)
Employees in Washington Collectors' offices Internal-revenue agents' force. Prohibition field service (including narcotic officers) Supervisors of accounts and collections Special Intelligence force. Storekeeper-gaugers	3, 549	6, 447 1 6, 588 2 3, 170 3 2, 631 46 91 230	-792 -497 -379 -64 -5 +35 -90
Total	20, 995	19, 203	-1, 792

3 Exclusive of 233 temporary employees.

Under the provisions of the retirement act, 19 classified employees were retained in the service after reaching the age of 70; 62 were retired on annuity, 7 of the latter being retired on account of total disability.

Investigation of Bureau

In accordance with Senate Resolution No. 168 of the 68th Congress, first session, the Bureau of Internal Revenue has been under investigation by a select committee of the United States Senate. The hearings in this investigation began March 14, 1924, and continued until April 9, 1924, when an indefinite adjournment was The investigation has not been concluded and no report has been made by the Senate committee.

Respectfully,

D. H. BLAIR,

Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Hon. A. W. MELLON, Secretary of the Treasury.

Note.—For statistical details of the Report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, see his annual report.

Exclusive of 282 temporary employees.
 Exclusive of 6 temporary employees and inclusive of 153 internal revenue agents engaged in miscellaneous and sales tax work also one stamp agent.

FROM TABLES ACCOMPANYING THE REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Summary of Internal-Revenue Receipts, Years Ended June 30, 1923 and 1924, by Sources

Source	1923	1924	Increase (+) or decrease (-)
Income and profits: 1 Individuals, partnerships, and corporations	\$1,691,089,534.56	\$1,841,759,316.80	+\$150,669,782.2
Estates: Transfer of estates of decedents	126, 705, 206. 55	102, 966, 761. 68	-23, 738, 444. 83
Distilled spirits: Distilled spirits (nonbeverage). Distilled spirits (beverage). Rectified spirits or wines. Still or sparkling wines, cordials, etc. Grape brandy used in fortifying sweet wines.	1, 531, 991, 38	24, 825, 033, 46 9, 079, 75 21, 634, 86 1, 454, 062, 88 665, 054, 69	-2, 885, 419. 86 -74, 126. 67 +4, 454. 37 -77, 928. 56 +288, 351. 06
Rectifiers, retail and wholesale dealers, manufacturers of stills, etc. (special taxes)	1	484, 254. 19 1, 232. 01	+34, 072. 19 -546. 3
Case stamps for distilled spirits bottled in bond	99, 305. 18	93, 161. 09	6, 144. 0
Miscellaneous collections relating to distilled spirits.	. 83, 206. 08	26, 867. 71	-56, 338. 3
Total	30, 354, 006. 88	27, 580, 380. 64	-2, 773, 626. 2
Fermented liquors: Fermented liquors (barrel tax) Brewers, retail and wholesale dealers in malt	501. 50	2, 542. 04	+2,040.5
liquors (special taxes)		2, 785. 69	-791. 5
Total Tobacco:	4, 078. 75	5, 327. 73	+1, 248. 9
Obacco: Cigars (smail) Cigarettes (smail) Cigarettes (smail) Sauff of all descriptions Tobacco, chewing and smoking Cigarette papers and tubes Manufacturers of cigars, cigarettes, and tobacco (special taxes) Miscellaneous collections relating to tobacco.	1,000,000.11	45, 205, 165, 45 756, 138, 85 126, 167, 60 203, 651, 330, 58 7, 005, 089, 46 66, 700, 455, 74 1, 029, 292, 55 1, 137, 148, 36 28, 142, 55	-2, 067, 405, 16 -108, 871, 16 -4, 761, 55 +21, 066, 523, 74 -170, 127, 06 -2, 157, 251, 51 -66, 704, 16 +132, 189, 26 -154, 14
Total	309, 015, 492. 98	325, 638, 931. 14	+16, 623, 438. 10
Revenue act of 1921: Stamps, documentary, etc.— Sales by postmasters. Bonds, capital-stock issues, conveyances, etc. Capital-stock transfers. Sales of produce (future deliveries) Playing cards. Telegraph, telephone, and radio messages. Leased wires or talking circuits. Excise taxes—	32, 759, 762, 56 9, 871, 604, 11 7, 015, 381, 67	12, 418, 180, 28 30, 613, 428, 19 7, 936, 831, 85 7, 557, 576, 74 3, 731, 536, 90 33, 238, 874, 70 1, 423, 554, 20	+574, 776. 64 -2,146, 334. 37 -1, 934, 772. 26 +542, 195. 07 +346, 310. 07 +4,050, 537. 20 +231, 107. 77
Automobile trucks and automobile wagons. Other automobiles and motor cycles. Tires, parts, or accessories for automobiles,	10, 678, 761. 05 92, 736, 580. 44	11, 510, 563. 05 112, 870, 536. 57	+831, 802. 00 +20, 133, 956. 13
etc. Cameras and lenses. Photographic films and plates. Candy. Firearms, shells, etc. Hunting and bowie knives. Dirk knives, daggers, etc. Cigar holders, pipes, etc. Automatic slot device machines. Liveries, livery boots, etc. Hunting garments, etc. Yachts, motor boats, etc. Sculbuture, braitings, statuary, etc.	11, 315, 465, 83 4, 329, 887, 97 30, 455, 17 1, 051, 51 239, 580, 26 136, 603, 84	33, 633, 609. 78 717, 915. 15 888, 960. 80 11, 803, 703. 78 3, 370, 084. 17 20, 982. 33 3, 940. 12 319, 163. 77 183, 430. 27 145, 465. 43 172, 694. 35	-7, 241, 539. 01 -174, 051. 10 +170, 469. 31 +488, 237. 95 -959, 803. 80 -9, 472. 848. 61 +79, 583. 51 +46, 826. 43 +7, 231. 71 +4, 420. 07
Hunting garments, etc. Yachts, motor boats, etc. Sculpture, paintings, statuary, etc. Carpets and rugs, trunks, valises, purses, pocketbooks, portable lighting fixtures,	168, 274. 28 267, 079. 97 837, 831. 84	172, 694. 35 258, 998. 34 755, 566. 17	-8, 081, 63 -82, 265, 67

¹ Includes income tax on Alaska railroads (act of July 18, 1914), amounting to \$17,492.13 for 1923 and \$20,329.08 for 1924; also includes in the fiscal year 1923 payments of the third and fourth installments of profits tax for the calendar year 1921.

SUMMARY OF INTERNAL-REVENUE RECEIPTS, YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1923 AND 1924, BY SOURCES—Continued

Source	1923	1924	Increase (+) or decrease (-)
Revenue act of 1921—Continued. Beverages (nonalcoholic), including soft drinks, mineral waters, etc. Opuum, ecca leaves, including special taxes, etc. Corporations, on value of capital stock. Brokers, stock, etc. Theaters, museums, circuses, etc. Bowling alleys, billiard and pool tables. Shooting galleries. Riding academies. Passenger automobiles for hire. Yachts, pleasure boats, power boats, etc. Admissions to theaters, concerts, cabarets, etc.	2, 371, 092, 43 19, 400, 90 13, 207, 69 1, 907, 399, 55 216, 315, 36 70, 175, 147, 11	\$10, 418, 866. 08. 1, 057, 066. 33 87, 471, 691. 52 1, 574, 030. 05. 1, 623, 361. 57 2, 312, 814. 01 17, 074. 89 10, 722. 32 2, 013, 839. 00 262, 572. 08 77, 712, 523. 60	-241, 927. 46 -58, 278. 42 -2, 326. 01 -2, 485. 37 +106, 439. 45 +46, 256. 72 +7, 537, 376. 49
Dues of clubs (athletic, social, and sporting) Total	7, 170, 730. 61 458, 414, 804. 91	8, 009, 861, 49 490, 276, 767, 53	+839, 130. 88 +31, 861, 962. 62
Miscellaneous: Adulterated and process or renovated butter, and mixed flour. Oleomargarine, colored. Oleomargarine, uncolored Oleomargarine manufacturers and dealers (special taxes). Opium, manufactured for smoking purposes. Collections under prohibition laws. Internal revenue collected through customs offices. Other miscellaneous receipts 2.	1, 067, 843. 11 470. 00 729, 244. 23 109, 291. 01 3, 015, 786. 86	49, 359, 84 989, 318, 50 570, 605, 09 1, 254, 180, 55 275, 00 855, 395, 37 29, 036, 37 4, 203, 600, 82	-3, 419.77 +310, 338.10 +62, 897.37 +186, 337.44 -195.00 +126, 151.14 -80, 254.64 +1, 187, 813.96
Total	6, 162, 102. 94	7, 951, 771. 54	+1, 789, 668. 60
Grand total	2, 621, 745, 227. 57	2, 796, 179, 257. 06	+174, 434, 029. 49

² Includes delinquent taxes collected under repealed laws amounting to \$2,797,206.18 in 1923 and \$4,115,-676.66 in 1924.

Summary of Internal-Revenue Receipts, Years Ended June 30, 1923 and 1924, by Collection Districts

District	Location of collectors' offices	1923	1924	Per cent increase (+) or de- crease (-)
Florida. Georgia Hawaii. Idaho First Illinois. Eighth Illinois. Indiana Iowa Kansas. Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts	Phoenix, Ariz Little Rock, Ark San Francisco, Calif Los Angeles, Calif Denver, Colo Hartford, Conn Wilmington, Del Jacksonville, Fla Atlanta, Ga. Honolulu, Hawaii Boise, Idaho Chicago, Ill Springfield, Ill Indianapolis, Ind Dubuque, Iowa Wichita, Kans Louisville, Ky New Orleans, La Augusta, Me Baltimore, Md Boston, Mass	\$7, 708, 320, 40 1, 666, 075, 87 5, 718, 318, 06 66, 682, 667, 25 48, 193, 288, 15 15, 988, 698, 19 35, 117, 576, 19 4, 981, 441, 18 13, 438, 863, 52 19, 425, 325, 69 4, 148, 255, 93 2, 127, 800, 89 198, 162, 228, 51 17, 793, 702, 56 45, 752, 721, 74 17, 153, 535, 03 23, 752, 364, 01 26, 250, 239, 51 16, 491, 035, 55 11, 145, 995, 58 48, 515, 451, 91 139, 093, 670, 44	\$9, 800, 970, 93 2, 131, 228, 85 6, 536, 635, 87 72, 779, 311, 52 56, 247, 142, 33 15, 228, 037, 25 37, 006, 532, 52 10, 805, 101, 68 15, 819, 827, 98 19, 181, 446, 22 5, 796, 778, 45 1, 976, 084, 28 198, 287, 627, 12 16, 553, 095, 02 45, 707, 607, 75 17, 946, 204, 07 20, 735, 282, 63 28, 574, 914, 55 20, 427, 382, 79 13, 945, 902, 74 161, 891, 745, 47 138, 681, 654, 73	+14 +9 +17 -5 +6 +117 +18 -1 +40 +7 +7 +7 +7 +7 +13 +9 +24 +25 +28 -1
First Michigan	Detroit, Mich	175, 142, 463. 97	207, 131, 389. 50	l +18

Includes over \$3,000,000 from payments of income tax for prior years.
 Less than one-half of 1 per cent.
 Includes over \$9,000,000 back taxes on alien property held in trust by the United States.

SUMMARY OF INTERNAL-REVENUE RECEIPTS, YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1923 AND 1924, BY COLLECTION DISTRICTS—Continued

District	Location of collectors' offices	1923	1924	Per cent increase (+) or de- crease (-)
Fourth Michigan Minnesota Mississippi First Missouri Sixth Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire First New Jersey Flitth New Jersey Flitth New Jersey New Mexico First New York Second New York Third New York Third New York Twenty-first New York Twenty-eighth New York Twenty-eighth New York Twenty-eighth New York Twenty-eighth New York Twenty-eighth New York Twenty-eighth New York Twenty-eighth New York Twenty-eighth New York Twenty-eighth New York Twenty-eighth New York Twenty-eighth New York Twenty-eighth New York Trist Ohio Eleventh Ohio Eleventh Ohio Eleventh Ohio Tenth Ohio Eleventh Ohio Twenth Ohio First Pennsylvania Twenty-third Pennsylvania Twenty-third Pennsylvania South Dakota Tennessee First Torce	Raleigh, N. C. Fargo, N. Dak Cincinnati, Ohio Toledo, Ohio. Columbus, Ohio. Cleveland, Ohio. Oklahoma, Okla Portland, Oreg. Philadelphia, Pa. Scranton, Pa. Pittsburgh, Pa. Providence, R. I. Columbia, S. C. Aberdeen, S. Dak. Nashville, Tenn	\$12, 453, 814, 90 30, 689, 113, 61 3, 768, 720, 43 48, 469, 354, 53 17, 473, 082, 71 3, 280, 297, 68 11, 088, 108, 19 684, 056, 25 8, 092, 231, 19 22, 741, 489, 22 88, 167, 126, 89 1, 016, 085, 80 73, 313, 549, 66 453, 978, 668, 35 38, 165, 425, 47 40, 802, 826, 59 19, 301, 105, 28 39, 234, 538, 47 140, 347, 366, 18 1, 507, 301, 94 41, 525, 231, 16 22, 363, 900, 77 13, 128, 657, 56 71, 468, 697, 80 13, 079, 186, 66 71, 468, 697, 80 13, 079, 186, 66 10, 573, 941, 18 152, 402, 618, 20 18, 016, 317, 46 76, 701, 754, 00 21, 316, 997, 49 6, 710, 485, 47 2, 065, 304, 49 17, 995, 959, 32	\$14, 248, 615, 65 31, 586, 633, 59 4, 949, 236, 73 50, 547, 573, 31 18, 246, 914, 61 2, 958, 039, 08 10, 791, 615, 61 761, 499, 64 5, 805, 346, 34 22, 035, 684, 09 90, 224, 362, 87 1, 131, 323, 68 4, 77, 154, 318, 10 3 369, 733, 605, 78 133, 777, 960, 73 45, 190, 700, 87 22, 065, 398, 55 42, 472, 941, 04 157, 973, 393, 95 1, 282, 838, 91 42, 369, 423, 27 25, 467, 246, 85 13, 829, 562, 10 71, 858, 600, 54 13, 520, 563, 14 10, 500, 237, 48 164, 704, 047, 90 20, 436, 391, 34 84, 548, 180, 37 20, 239, 353, 73 8, 938, 278, 96 1, 951, 248, 95 18, 633, 528, 578, 96 1, 951, 248, 95 18, 633, 646, 12	+14 +3 +31 +31 +44 +44 -10 -3 +11 -28 -33 +11 +55 -19 +251 +14 +8 +13 -15 +14 +5 +14 +5 +14 +5 +13 -15 +14 +13 -15 +14 +13 -15 +14 +15 +14
First Texas Second Texas Utah Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming Philippine Islands Estate - tax payment made in Shanghai, China	Austin, Tex. Dallas, Tex. Salt Lake City, Utah Burlington, Vt. Richmond, Va Tacoma, Wash. Parkersburgh, W. Va Milwaukee, Wis. Cheyenne, Wyo. Manila, P. I.	18, 183, 804, 93 16, 450, 277. 00 3, 925, 667. 94 3, 162, 921. 00 40, 205, 124. 46 14, 634, 454. 60 18, 365, 501. 75 37, 466, 336. 57 2, 016, 703. 86 959, 624. 59 1, 725. 84	20, 208, 154, 87 16, 655, 603, 17 4, 087, 186, 96 3, 600, 827, 80 45, 991, 886, 98 7 19, 235, 909, 60 19, 895, 467, 21 40, 448, 722, 69 2, 088, 353, 27 8 759, 956, 38	+11 +14 +14 +14 +131 +8 +8 +8 -21
Total		2, 621, 745, 227. 57	92, 796, 179, 257. 06	+7

4 Includes \$1,366.20 Porto Rican collections.
5 Includes \$717.42 collected on products from the Virgin Islands.
6 Formerly a part of the second district of New York; was constituted on April 2, 1923.
7 Includes \$20,329.08 income tax on Alaska railroads (act of July 18, 1914).
8 In addition to this amount, collections on imports of tobacco manufactures are included as follows:
First California, \$171.28; sixth California, \$7.54; first Illinois, \$6.36, and Hawaii, \$1,118.71.
9 The figures concerning internal-revenue receipts as given in this statement differ from such figures carried in other Treasury statements showing the financial condition of the Government, because the former represent collections by internal-revenue officers throughout the country, including deposits by postmasters of amounts received from sale of internal-revenue stamps and deposits of internal revenue collected through customs offices, while the latter represent the deposits of these collections in the Treasury or depositaries during the fiscal year concerned, the differences being due to the fact that some of the collections in the latter part of the fiscal year can not be deposited or are not reported to the Treasury as deposited until after June 30, thus carrying them into the following fiscal year as recorded in the statements showing the condition of the Treasury.

SUMMARY OF INTERNAL-REVENUE RECEIPTS, YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1924, BY STATES

States 1	Income tax	Miscellaneous taxes	Total
Alabama	\$7, 984, 248. 70	\$1, 816, 722, 23	\$9, 800, 970, 93
Alaska	190, 228, 03	39, 672, 78	229, 900, 81
Arizona	1, 591, 667, 27	539, 561. 58	2, 131, 228, 85
Arkansas	5, 431, 632. 83	1, 105, 003. 04	6, 536, 635. 87
California	92, 401, 441. 98	36, 625, 011. 87	129, 026, 453. 85
Colorado	11, 543, 616. 03	3, 684, 421, 22	15, 228, 037. 25
Connecticut	26, 901, 779. 90	10, 104, 752. 62	37, 006, 532, 52
Delaware	9, 127, 303. 62	1, 677, 798, 06	10, 805, 101. 68
District of Columbia	24, 164, 324. 01	3, 378, 203. 19	27, 542, 527. 20
Florida	8, 005, 449. 14	7, 814, 378. 84	15, 819, 827. 98
Georgia	13, 869, 531. 55	5, 311, 914. 67	19, 181, 446. 22
Hawaii	5, 021, 422, 53	775, 355. 92	5, 796, 778. 45
Idaho	1, 271, 318. 63 161, 072, 008, 68	704, 765. 65 53, 768, 713. 46	1, 976, 084. 28
IllinoisIndiana	26, 384, 368, 37	19, 383, 239. 38	214, 840, 722, 14 45, 767, 607, 75
Iowa	12, 854, 337, 96	5, 091, 866, 11	17, 946, 204, 07
Kansas	17, 323, 184. 44	3, 412, 098. 19	20, 735, 282, 63
Kentucky	14, 284, 640. 29	14, 290, 274. 26	28, 574, 914, 55
Louisiana	13, 400, 178, 10	7, 027, 204. 69	20, 427, 382, 79
Maine	8, 978, 879. 87	4, 967, 022. 87	13, 945, 902, 74
Maryland	25, 562, 203, 85	8, 787, 014, 42	34, 349, 218. 27
Massachusetts	109, 857, 344. 01	28, 824, 310, 72	138, 681, 654, 73
Michigan	104, 378, 390. 00	117, 001, 615. 15	221, 380, 005, 15
Minnesota	23, 855, 584. 21	7, 731, 049. 38	31, 586, 633. 59
Mississippi	4, 008, 798. 72	940, 438. 01	4, 949, 236. 73
Missouri	44, 116, 410. 10	24, 678, 077. 82	68, 794, 487. 92
Montana	2, 060, 349. 38	897, 689. 70	2, 958, 039. 08
Nebraska	7, 458, 788. 40	3, 332, 827. 21	10, 791, 615. 61
Nevada	581, 492, 18	180, 007. 46	761, 499. 64
New Hampshire	4, 038, 467. 48	1, 766, 878. 86	5, 805, 346. 34
New Jersey New Mexico	69, 620, 079, 55 890, 835, 06	42, 639, 967. 41 240, 488. 62	112, 260, 046. 96 1, 131, 323. 68
New York.	506, 593, 933. 70	183, 821, 491, 37	690, 415, 425. 07
North Carolina	18, 173, 156. 85	139, 800, 237, 10	157, 973, 393, 95
North Dakota	771, 387. 02	511, 451. 89	1, 282, 838. 91
Ohio	95, 412, 405. 37	58, 112, 427. 39	153, 524, 832, 76
Oklahoma	11, 028, 491, 98	2, 492, 071. 16	13, 520, 563. 14
Oregon	8, 242, 145. 27	2, 258, 092, 21	10, 500, 237. 48
Pennsylvania	198, 270, 944, 16	71, 417, 675. 45	269, 688, 619, 61
Rhode Island	16, 241, 809. 18	3, 997, 544. 55	20, 239, 353, 73
South Carolina	7, 544, 042. 97	1, 394, 235. 99	8, 938, 278. 96
South Dakota	1, 169, 750. 72	781, 498. 23	1, 951, 248, 95
Tennessee	11, 943, 033. 92	6, 690, 612. 20	18, 633, 646. 12
Texas	28, 295, 285. 81	8, 568, 472. 23	36, 863, 758. 04
Utah	2, 937, 172, 54	1, 150, 014. 42	4, 087, 186. 96
Vermont	2, 935, 562, 31	665, 265. 49	3, 600, 827. 80
Virginia	16, 048, 299, 83	29, 943, 587. 15	45, 991, 886. 98
Washington	14, 723, 370. 45	4, 282, 638. 34	19,006,008.79
West Virginia	14, 386, 962. 07 27, 215, 717. 70	5, 508, 505. 14 13, 233, 004. 99	19, 895, 467. 21 40, 448, 722, 69
W roming	1, 595, 540, 08	492, 813, 19	
Wyoming Philippine Islands	1, 090, 040. 00	759, 956, 38	2, 088, 353. 27 759, 956. 38
		100, 000. 00	100, 000. 00
Total	1, 841, 759, 316, 80	954, 419, 940. 26	2, 796, 179, 257. 06

¹ Maryland and the District of Columbia comprise the district of Maryland, and Washington and the Territory of Alaska the district of Washington.

SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS FROM INCOME AND PROFITS TAXES, YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1922, 1923, AND 1924, BY STATES; WITH PER CENT OF INCREASE OR DECREASE IN 1924, COMPARED WITH 1923

States	1922 1	1923 2	1924 3	1923-24, per cent increase (+) or de- crease (-)
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arizona Arizona Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Hawaii Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Mane Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklaboma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Carolina South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	92, 251, 113, 85 14, 545, 632, 75 27, 245, 128, 42 3, 886, 88, 83 10, 521, 286, 04 8, 433, 602, 21 14, 270, 049, 82 14, 632, 590, 97 1, 372, 658, 22 179, 633, 973, 81 30, 715, 323, 47 17, 046, 762, 88 22, 242, 152, 01 16, 285, 993, 78 15, 477, 826, 58 10, 989, 939, 85 29, 970, 268, 90 130, 180, 292, 05 1112, 258, 181, 64 30, 297, 828, 71 3, 405, 262, 01 2, 302, 31, 74 9, 215, 553, 66 564, 023, 45 4, 311, 758, 90 67, 766, 027, 83 11, 1758, 90 67, 766, 027, 83 11, 195, 568 527, 695, 268, 75 23, 179, 559, 81 1, 163, 686, 83 128, 898, 272, 31 14, 276, 549, 14 14, 934, 997, 18 245, 798, 099, 92, 123, 36 9, 699, 041, 79 1, 643, 613, 83 14, 174, 092, 51 34, 978, 009, 92 2, 971, 391, 01 2, 997, 106, 08 18, 577, 380, 51 18, 197, 800, 92 2, 971, 391, 01 2, 997, 106, 08	\$6, 202, 620, 78 135, 333, 24 1, 164, 518, 32 4, 517, 829, 46 84, 526, 238, 22 10, 920, 856, 44 25, 131, 076, 52 3, 411, 768, 03 7, 783, 800, 53 6, 338, 119, 40 12, 075, 270, 59 3, 506, 113, 04 1, 526, 394, 35 163, 626, 874, 30 25, 642, 436, 82 11, 807, 867, 47 19, 915, 327, 65 11, 935, 824, 04 10, 473, 771, 89 9, 389, 688, 40 27, 872, 540, 91 112, 112, 785, 30 88, 678, 933, 23 21, 553, 185, 69 2, 903, 454, 55 40, 151, 456, 88 2, 182, 064, 41 7, 275, 308, 14 500, 672, 05 6, 604, 043, 48 65, 316, 777, 10 760, 225, 12 456, 952, 558, 81 18, 183, 734, 76 8, 86, 826, 51 88, 033, 261, 04 10, 455, 830, 83 11, 837, 734, 76 8, 86, 826, 51 88, 033, 261, 04 10, 455, 830, 84 8, 260, 908, 31 181, 484, 848, 53 17, 355, 117, 42 5, 337, 290, 18 1, 188, 439, 63 11, 570, 882, 42 26, 385, 605, 77 2, 885, 695, 76 2, 525, 632, 00 13, 706, 232, 44 10, 742, 417, 42 13, 314, 012, 73 24, 976, 851, 34 1, 598, 212, 30	\$7, 984, 248, 70 4 190, 228, 03 1, 591, 667, 27 5, 431, 632, 83 92, 401, 441, 98 11, 543, 616, 03 26, 901, 779, 90 5 9, 127, 303, 62 6 24, 164, 324, 01 8, 005, 449, 14 13, 869, 531, 55 5, 021, 422, 53 1, 271, 318, 63 161, 072, 008, 68 26, 384, 368, 37 12, 854, 337, 96 17, 323, 184, 44 14, 284, 640, 29 13, 400, 178, 10 8, 978, 879, 87 25, 562, 203, 85 109, 387, 344, 01 104, 378, 390, 00 23, 855, 584, 21 4, 008, 798, 72 44, 116, 410, 10 2, 050, 349, 38 7, 458, 788, 40 581, 492, 18 4, 038, 467, 48 69, 620, 079, 55 980, 835, 06 506, 593, 933, 70 18, 173, 156, 85 771, 387, 02 95, 412, 405, 37 11, 103, 491, 98 8, 242, 145, 27 198, 270, 944, 16 16, 241, 809, 18 7, 544, 042, 97 1, 169, 750, 72 11, 943, 033, 92 28, 295, 285, 81 2, 937, 172, 54 2, 935, 562, 31 1, 6048, 299, 83 14, 723, 370, 45 14, 733, 70, 45 14, 733, 70, 45 14, 733, 70, 45 14, 733, 70, 45 14, 723, 370, 45 14, 723, 370, 45 14, 736, 962, 07 27, 715, 517, 70 1, 595, 540, 03	+29 +41 +37 +20 +46 +6 +78 +188 +210 +216 +216 +216 +216 +217 +218 +218 +218 +218 +218 +318 +318 +318 +318 +318 +318 +318 +3
Total	2, 086, 918, 464. 85	1, 691, 089, 534. 56	1, 841, 759, 316. 80	+9

¹ Includes payments of the third and fourth installments of the 1920 and the first and second installments of the 1921 income and profits tax.

² Includes payments of the third and fourth installments of the 1921 income and profits tax and the first and second installments of the 1922 income tax.

³ Includes payments of the third and fourth installments of the 1922 and the first and second installments of the 1923 income tax.

⁴ Includes payments of the third and fourth installments of the 1922 and the first and second installments of the 1923 income tax.

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⁴ Includes \$20,329.08 income tax on Alaska railroads (act of July 18, 1914).
5 Includes over \$3,000,000 from payments of income tax for prior years.
6 Includes over \$9,000,000 back taxes on alien property held in trust by the United States.

⁷ Less than one-half of 1 per cent.

TOTAL INTERNAL-REVENUE RECEIPTS, YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1863-1924

		all the second second	
1863 ¹	\$41, 003, 192, 93	1895	\$143, 246, 077, 75
1864		1896	146, 830, 615, 66
1865		1897	146, 619, 593, 47
1866		1898	170, 866, 819, 36
1867		1899	273, 484, 573. 44
1868		1900	295, 316, 107, 57
1869		1901	306, 871, 669. 42
1870		1902	271, 867, 990. 25
1871		1903	230, 740, 925. 22
1872	130, 890, 096, 90	1904	232, 903, 781, 06
1873	113, 504, 012, 80	1905	234, 187, 976, 37
1874		1906	249, 102, 738. 00
1875		1907	269, 664, 022, 85
1876		1908	251, 665, 950. 04
1877		1909	246, 212, 719. 22
1878	110, 654, 163, 37	1910	289, 957, 220, 16
1879		1911	322, 526, 299, 73
1880		1912	321, 615, 894. 69
1881		1913	344, 424, 453. 85
1882		1914	380, 008, 893. 96
1883		1915	415, 681, 023, 86
1884		1916	512, 723, 287, 77
1885		1917	809, 393, 640. 44
1886	116, 902, 869, 44	1918	3, 698, 955, 820, 93
1887	118, 837, 301, 06	1919	3, 850, 150, 078. 56
1888		1920	5, 407, 580, 251, 81
1889		1921	4, 595, 357, 061. 95
1890		1922	3, 197, 451, 083. 00
1891		1923	2, 621, 745, 227. 57
1892		1924	2, 796, 179, 257, 06
1893			-, , 201. 00
1894		Total	37, 596, 340, 817, 25

¹ Nine months only.

Internal-Revenue Tax on Products From Philippine Islands, Years Ended June 30, 1923 and 1924, by Articles Taxed

Articles taxed	1923	1924	Increase (+) or decrease (-)
Cigars (large) Cigarettes (large) Cigarettes (small) Manufactured tobacco Stamp sales (documentary)	 \$953, 075, 32 33, 48 4, 458, 95 648, 95 2, 421, 00	\$755, 413. 38 12. 24 3, 305. 10 71. 55 2, 458. 00	-\$197, 661. 94 -21. 24 -1, 153. 85 -577. 40 +37. 00
Total	 960, 637. 70	761, 260. 27	-199, 377. 43

Note.—Under the tariff act of August 5, 1909, the above receipts, with the exception of the internal revenue collected from sale of documentary stamps, are covered into the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the treasurer of the Philippine Islands.

Internal-Revenue Tax on Products From Porto Rico, Years Ende'd June 30, 1923 and 1924, by Articles Taxed

Articles taxed	1923	. 1924	Increase (+) or decrease ()
Distilled spirits (nonbeverage) Cigars (large) Cigars (small) Cigarettes (large) Cigarettes (small) Stamp sales (documentary)	\$9, 214. 26 968, 145. 69 25, 428. 00 2, 768. 40 1, 208. 91 764. 34	\$1, 366. 20 765, 009. 09 25, 500. 00 30, 259. 08 1, 385, 76 394. 60	-\$7, 848. 06 -203, 136. 60 +72. 00 +27, 490. 68 +176. 85 -369. 74
Total	1, 007, 529. 60	823, 914. 73	-183, 614. 87

Note.—The above receipts for 1924 include \$822,153.93 deposited at San Juan, P. R., to the credit of the treasurer of Porto Rico, which amount is not included in internal-revenue collections shown in other statements herein. The receipts from sale of documentary stamps in Porto Rico accrue to the United States.

IMPORTANT DECISIONS OF THE FEDERAL COURTS IN INTERNAL-REVENUE CASES

ADMINISTRATION AND PROCEDURE

James Coffey, Collector, v. The Exchange Bank of Lennox.—United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit (296 Fed.

807; T. D. 3574).

An action against an internal-revenue collector to recover internalrevenue taxes paid is personal, and can not be brought and maintained against a successor in office of the collector collecting them. A suit against a collector of internal revenue to recover taxes paid voluntarily and without protest can not be maintained. Section 252 does not give a right of action against a collector nor eliminate the necessity for payment of taxes under protest as a prerequisite

De Witt v. United States.-United States District Court for the

District of Colorado (291 Fed. 995; T. D. 3575).

Where a judgment is recovered against a collector of internal revenue in the District Court with interest to the date of judgment and on appeal the judgment is affirmed with costs and paid, a suit will not lie against the United States to recover interest on the judgment, the proper proceeding being to apply to the Circuit Court of Appeals for a rehearing to modify its mandate to include

United States v. First National Bank of Mobile.—United States District Court for the Southern District of Alabama (295 Fed. 142;

The Government has the right to require the employees or agents of a bank who know facts as to deposits or investments or any dealings of parties who owe income taxes to testify to the entries made on the books of the bank relating to such transactions. The fourth amendment to the Constitution, which prohibits unreasonable searches and seizures, does not authorize a third person who has books and papers which may be relevant to Federal tax liability to refuse to produce such books or papers and testify as to the facts.

United States v. McKenney.—United States District Court for

the Western District of Washington, Southern Division (293 Fed.

400; T. D. 3541).

A check tendered in payment of Federal taxes does not, under the provisions of section 1314 of the revenue act of 1918, discharge the liability of the taxpayer until the check is actually paid in money. The stamping of a check tendered in payment of Federal taxes as "paid" by the drawee bank and the return of the canceled check to the drawer does not constitute payment where, due to insolvency of the drawee bank, the amount of the check is not received in money by the collector.

ADMISSIONS TAX

Iselin v. United States.—Court of Claims of the United States (T. D.

3603; unreported to date).

A person who has the right to the permanent use of a box in an opera house who sells the right to use such box for more than 50 cents in excess of the established price for such box is liable to the tax of 50 per cent of the amount of such excess under the provisions of paragraph (3) of section 800 (a), revenue act of 1918. Where a person having the right to the permanent use of a box in an opera house sells the right to use such box, the established price for the purpose of taxation under paragraph (3) of section 800 (a), revenue act of 1918, is the price charged for the most nearly similar accommodations.

ADULTERATED BUTTER

Lynch, Executrix, v. Tilden Produce Company.—United States Supreme Court (44 Sup. Ct. Rep. 488; T. D. 3605).

The test of adulterated butter prescribed by Regulations 9 as butter containing 16 per cent or more of moisture is not consistent with the statutory definition in section 4 of the act of May 9, 1902, which defines adulterated butter as (1) a grade produced by treatment of different lots of butter to which a chemical or other substance is added to deodorize it or to remove rancidity; (2) a butter product with which is mixed a foreign substance to lessen its cost; and (3) "any butter in the manufacture or manipulation of which any process or material is used with intent or effect of causing the absorption of abnormal quantities of water, milk, or cream." The act does not prescribe any standard of moisture in butter. Section 20 of the act of August 2, 1886, authorizing the Commissioner of Internal Revenue with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, to make all needful regulations for the carrying into effect of the act is applicable only in respect of the marking, branding, identification, and regulation of exportation and importation of adulterated butter and does not authorize a regulation establishing what shall be deemed to constitute excessive moisture or the absorption of abnormal quantities of water, milk, or cream.

BANKRUPTCY

In the matter of Essenkay Products Co., Bankrupt.—United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit (T. D. 3586; unre-

ported to date).

Under the provisions of sections 64(a) and 64(b) of the bankruptcy act, a claim for Federal taxes takes priority over payment of wage claims where the assets of the estate are insufficient to pay all claims in full.

In the matter of J. Menist Co. (Inc.), Bankrupt.—United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit (294 Fed. 532; T. D.

Statutes of limitation do not apply to the United States unless specifically named therein. Section 57 (n) of the bankruptcy act providing that claims shall be proved against the estate of a bankrupt one year after adjudication does not apply to claims for unpaid taxes filed by the United States.

In the matter of West Coast Rubber Corporation (Inc.), Bankrupt.— United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit (290

Fed. 160; T. D. 3501).

Under the provisions of sections 64 (a) and 64 (b) of the bankruptcy act a claim for Federal taxes takes priority over payment of labor wage claims where the assets of the estate are insufficient to pay all claims in full.

In the matter of Brezin & Schuefer, Bankrupts.—United States District Court for the District of New Jersey (297 Fed. 300; T. D. 3559).

The one-year limitation provided by section 57 (n) of the bankruptcy act for filing claims against the estate of a bankrupt does not apply to a claim by the United States for unpaid taxes, and such a claim can be filed at any time while the bankruptcy is pending and the funds of the estate are undistributed. A claim of the United States for income taxes due from individual partners can be satisfied out of partnership assets where the individual assets are insufficient but partnership assets are sufficient by reason of undivided profits left in the business by the partners and unpaid salary accounts due the partners. The claim of the United States takes priority under section 3466, Revised Statutes, and section 64 (a) of the bankruptcy act over the claims of general creditors of the partnership.

In re Wyley Co., Bankrupt.—United States District Court for the

Northern District of Georgia (292 Fed. 900; T. D. 3564),

Under section 64 (a) of the bankruptcy act, the district court has the power to inquire into and determine the amount of taxes due the United States. Taxes due the United States have only such priority or lien as is given by statute, and under section 64 (a) of the bankruptcy act where assets are insufficient to satisfy tax claims of both the United States and a State the amount distributable is prorated. "Reasonable and necessary" costs of administration take priority over the payment of taxes.

BEVERAGE TAX

Casey, Former Collector, v. Sterling Cider Co.—United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the First Circuit (294 Fed. 426; T. D. 3578). Sweet cider is not taxable as a "soft drink" under the provisions of section 628 (a), revenue act of 1918.

CAPITAL STOCK TAX

Hecht et al., Trustees, v. Malley, Collector; Howard et al., Trustees, v. Casey, Collector; Crocker et al., Trustees, v. Malley, Collector.—United States Supreme Court (44 Sup. Ct. Rep. 462; T. D. 3595).

Associations are subject to the capital stock tax imposed by section

1000 (a) of the revenue act of 1918, since section 1 of the act defines "corporations" as including "associations," and the term "domestic" as "created or organized in the United States," a phrase which, in marked contrast with those used in the acts of 1909 and 1916, extends the tax from one imposed solely upon organizations exercising statutory privileges to include also organizations exercising the privilege of doing business as associations at the common law. The word "association" is used in the revenue act of 1918 in its ordinary meaning, and includes "Massachusetts trusts" having quasi-corporate organizations under which they are engaged in carrying on business enterprises irrespective of the measure of control vested and exercised by the beneficiaries, as beneficial certificate holders Malley v. Bowditch (259 Fed. 809); Chicago Title Co. v. Smietanka (275 Fed. 60; T. D. 3193), followed; Crocker v. Malley (249 U. S. 223; T. D. 2816), distinguished. The capital stock tax is based upon the average value of capital stock, including surplus and undivided profits. These words are not to be given a technical meaning, but, interpreted in their entirety, are equivalent to the capital invested in the business; that is, the net value of the property owned and used in the business.

Ray Consolidated Copper Co. v. United States.—United States

Court of Claims (T. D. 3610; unreported to date).

The capital stock tax imposed by section 1000 of the revenue act of 1918 is an excise or privilege tax as distinguished from a property The term "capital stock" both in the courts and the financial world has not assumed a fixed and determinate meaning identifying its use as applicable to shares of stock of a corporation as opposed to accumulated assets. The phrase "fair average value of its capital stock" as used in the revenue act of 1918 manifests an intent to prescribe an equitable basis for the assessment of the tax. means "just"—"average" indicates "apportionment." Congress used the term fair average value of the capital stock to formulate a basis for the computation of the tax that would allow the commissioner in its assessment to take into consideration the resources of the corporation, its assets and liabilities, its entire possessions actually at work to produce earnings, the instrumentalities available to its management as a going concern and, from the sum total thus ascertained, strike a fair average value, a value fair to the corporation and to the Government. When Congress expressly included surplus and undivided profits in the estimation of the capital stock of a corporation, it necessarily excluded resort to the market value of the shares of stock of the corporation as the only basis of assessing the excise tax.

Lane Timber Co. v. Hynson, Collector.—United States District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana (299 Fed. 619; T. D.

3593).

A corporation organized for the purpose of buying and selling timber lands which holds and offers for sale through agents tracts of land is doing business within the meaning of section 1000 (a), revenue act of 1918, and is subject to the payment of a capital stock tax.

ESTATE TAX

Edwards v. Slocum, et al., Executors, etc., of Olivia Sage.—United States Supreme Court (264 U. S. 61; T. D. 3584).

Where a decedent, after providing for certain legacies, bequeaths the residue of his estate to charity, the Federal estate tax is not, under the provisions of section 403, revenue act of 1918, to be deducted from the residue in determining the amount of such charitable bequest.

Page v. Skinner.—United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the

Eighth Circuit (T. D. 3600; unreported to date).

The estate-tax provisions of the revenue act of 1916 were repealed by the revenue act of 1918, but section 1400 contained a general saving clause continuing in force and effect the provisions of the prior act until the corresponding tax under the revenue act of 1918 took effect at its passage on February 24, 1919. The estate-tax rates prescribed by the revenue act of 1918 apply to the estates of decedents dying after the passage of that act and the rates prescribed by the revenue act of 1916 as amended by the acts of March 3, 1917, and October 3, 1917, apply to the estates of decedents dying prior to the passage of the revenue act of 1918.

Miles v. Curley, Executor of Grafflin.—United States Circuit Court

of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit (291 Fed. 761; T. D. 3514).

The Maryland collateral inheritance tax is not an inheritance tax but an estate tax and in computing the Federal estate tax is deductible from the gross estate under the provisions of Title II of the revenue act of 1916 (as amended by the act of October 3, 1917).

The Pennsylvania Co., et al., Executors of Colfelt, v. Lederer, Collector.—United States District Court for the Eastern District of

Pennsylvania (292 Fed. 629; T. D. 3524).

Section 402 (e) of the revenue act of 1918 provides that property passing under a general power of appointment shall be included in the gross estate of a decedent. Under the law of Pennsylvania the appointee of a power takes under the will of the donor and not under the will of the donee of the power. Where a general power of appointment is exercised by a decedent the value of the appointed property should be included in the decedent's gross estate regardless of the fact that the appointees and their respective interests in the appointed property are the same as would have been the case had the power not been exercised. The will of Congress to tax must be found expressed in the language of the act interpreted in the light of the situation presented to the legislature. The estate tax levied by the revenue act of 1918 measures the tax by the gross value of all the property of a decedent which passed by will plus the value of all property which passed in practical effect by the same will, although it passed not by virtue of dominion over property but by virtue of a power of appointment. The estate tax is an excise tax levied upon the privilege enjoyed by one who makes disposition of property to take effect at his death and the measure is wholly within the control of Congress. Legislation is not unconstitutional in the legal sense unless the legislation be in conflict with a provision of our written Constitution, and acts of Congress are not unconstitutional merely because unwise or in conflict with sound principles of Under this rule section 402 (e) of the revenue act of legislation. 1918 is constitutional.

Safe Deposit & Trust Co., Executor of Albert, v. Tait, Collector .-United States District Court for the District of Maryland (295 Fed.

429; T. D. 3544).

A tenancy by the entireties is not created by a deed which conveys property in trust to pay the income from a part to the husband for life and from another part to the wife for life with remainders over to the survivor for life. A conveyance of property to a trustee reserving the income for life with joint power of revocation in the husband and wife is a trust intended to take effect at or after death within the meaning of section 402 (c) of the revenue act of 1918. Where a husband conveys property to a trustee in trust to pay the income therefrom to him for his life, then to his wife for her life, and then to distribute the corpus, and the wife conveys other property of a less value to the same trustee in trust to pay the income therefrom to her for her life, then to her husband for his life, then to distribute the corpus, the transaction is not " a bona fide sale for a fair consideration" within the meaning of section 402 (c) of the revenue act of 1918. Section 402 (c) of the revenue act of 1918 is not unconstitutional, although it includes transfers or trusts made either before or after the passage of the act.

Mercantile Trust Co., Guardian of the Estate of Reyburn, v. Hell-mich.—United States District Court for the Eastern District of Mis-

souri (T. D. 3545; unreported to date).

Where the creator of a trust reserves the income for life, the value of property passing under the instrument is part of the gross estate of the creator within the wording of section 402 (c) revenue act of 1918. A release of dower incidental to the creation of a trust under the terms of which the wife is to get one-sixth of the corpus and undistributed income does not constitute a bona fide sale for a fair consideration in money or money's worth within the meaning of section 402 (c), revenue act of 1918.

Hill, et al., Executors of Watts, v. Griscom, Collector.—United States District Court for the Eastern District of North Carolina (299

Fed. 641; T. D. 3607).

County and city ad valorem taxes imposed upon personal property in the hands of the executor after the decedent's death are not deductible as administration expenses within the meaning of section

403 (a) (1), revenue act of 1918.

Claims against the estate within the meaning of section 403 (a) (1), revenue act of 1918, are such demands or claims of a pecuniary nature which could have been enforced against the decedent during his lifetime and county and city ad valorem taxes assessed upon personality in the hands of the executor after decedent's death do not constitute a deductible claim.

Shukert, et al., Executrices of Shukert, v. Allen, Collector.—United States District Court for the District of Nebraska (T. D. 3614;

unreported to date).

The value of transfers which operate in præsenti to create vested interests, although such transfers are lawful and not intended to evade the tax laws, is properly included in the decedent's gross estate under the provisions of section 402 (c), revenue act of 1918, where such transfers were made in contemplation of death or were intended to take effect in possession or enjoyment at or after death. The intention to postpone possession or enjoyment may be disclosed by declarations of the donor, although such intention is not disclosed by the instrument of transfer. Where a donor, having a life expectancy of not more than 20 years, creates a trust to accumulate the income of property for 30 years and to distribute the corpus and accumulations at the end of that period to his children, declared at the time the trust was created that, although he expected to be able to look after those children and their interests for 15 or 20 years, he was looking beyond that time and had in mind that they would come into possession after his death, the trust is one intended to take effect in possession or enjoyment at or after death within the meaning of section 402 (c), revenue act of 1918.

EXCESS-PROFITS TAX

Empire Fuel Co. v. Hays, Collector.—United States District Court for the Northern District of West Virginia (295 Fed. 704; T. D. 3592).

Section 207 of the revenue act of 1917 excludes borrowed money from invested capital for the purpose of computing the excess-

profits tax, and a corporation whose capital consists entirely of borrowed capital has no invested capital within the meaning of the act and is therefore entitled to assessment under the provisions of section 209.

INCOME TAX

Cook v. Tait, Collector.—Supreme Court of the United States (44

Sup. Ct. Rep. 444; 265 U. S. 47; T. D. 3594).

Under the sixteenth amendment to the Constitution, Congress has the power to levy an income tax on a nonresident citizen of the United States whose income is derived wholly from the ownership of property situated in a foreign country, and the collection of such a tax under the provisions of section 210 of the revenue act of 1921 is constitutional.

United States v. Supplee-Biddle Hardware Co.—Supreme Court of the United States (44 Sup. Ct. Rep. 546; 265 U.S. 189; T.D. 3604).

Proceeds of a policy of insurance upon the life of an officer of a corporation paid to the corporation as beneficiary are not taxable as income. A policy of insurance by a corporation upon the life of one of its officers is not a wagering contract.

Weiss, Collector, v. Stearn.—United States Supreme Court (44)

Sup. Ct. Rep. 490; 265 U.S. 242; T.D. 3609).

Where a corporation transfers all of its property to a new corporation organized under the laws of the same State, with substantially the same name and for the conduct of the same business, having a capital stock five times as large as the old company, and stockholders of the old company sell one-half of their shares of stock in the old company at \$150 a share and exchange the other half for stock in the new company, income is received based upon the value of the stock sold, but no income is received from the exchange of stock in the old company for stock in the new.

Trinidad, Insular Collector, \forall . Sagrada Orden de Predicadores, etc.— Supreme Court of the United States (263 U.S. 578; T.D. 3548).

A religious corporation which receives income from the rent of real property, dividends from stock ownership in private corporations, and interest on money loaned is exempt from income tax under the provisions of section II (G) of the act of October 3, 1913, where all of the income is held and used for carrying on its work. Deriving income from the sale of wine, chocolate, and other articles does not amount to engaging in trade where profit is a negligible factor, sales are not made to the public or in competition with others, and the articles are bought and supplied for use within the organization, either for religious purposes or incidental to the work carried on.

United States v. Merriam.—Supreme Court of the United States (263 U. S. 179; T. D. 3535).

Where a testator bequeaths specific sums to certain persons and in a subsequent paragraph of the will names such persons as executors and trustees, and provides that the bequests made are in lieu of all compensation or commissions to which they would otherwise be entitled as executors or trustees, the bequests are not compensation and taxable as income under section II, A, subdivision I, and B, act of October 3, 1913 (38 Stat. L. 114, 166).

Catherwood, Executor of Catherwood, v. United States.—United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit (291 Fed.

560; T. D. 3516).

Where a taxpayer dies during the taxable year, a return of his income for the period in such year during which he was alive is required showing the net income after deducting from the gross income deductions properly allowable by law. However, the occasion of an estate tax being death and it being imposed only after death, such tax would not be available to the taxpayer as a deduction during life and is accordingly not available to his personal representative when making a return, as he is required to do, of the income received by the decedent prior to date of death. As affecting a decedent, the deduction of an estate tax can not have been contemplated by the word "taxes" in section 214 (a) (3) of the revenue act of 1918. Such tax is from its very nature deductible only from income

received after the tax has, following death, come into existence.

New Creek Company v. Lederer, Collector.—United States Circuit
Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit (295 Fed. 433; T. D. 3562).

The entire proceeds, including royalties to a lessor, derived from the mining of coal constitute gross income. A mining corporation which, in consideration of certain royalties, grants the right to extract ore from its land is not entitled as an inherent right to any deduction from gross income for depletion, and the right to such a deduction depends upon the statutory provisions of the taxing act. The revenue act of 1916 as amended provides "a reasonable allowance for depletion" and delegates to the Secretary of the Treasury the power to prescribe the amount by appropriate regulations. The allowance for depletion provided by articles 171 and 172 of Regulations 33 (revised) is reasonable.

Bankers Trust Co. et al., Executors of Glackner, v. Bowers, Collector.—United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit

(295 Fed. 89; T. D. 3547)...

The tax upon the income of a decedent to the date of death and the tax upon the income of an estate during the period of settlement should be computed under the general provisions relating to returns for a period of 12 months and not under section 226 (c), revenue act of 1921, which applies to returns for a period of less than one vear.

Marr v. United States.—United States Court of Claims (58 Ct.

Cls. Rep. 658; T. D. 3556).

Where stockholders of a corporation organize a new corporation in another State and exchange their stock in the first corporation for stock in the new corporation on the basis of one share for five, and having obtained all the common stock of the old corporation its assets are transferred to the new corporation and the old corporation dissolved, income is realized by the stockholders to the extent that the stock received in the new corporation was greater in value than the cost of the stock of the old corporation. Where a new corporation was formed by the stockholders of an old corporation, under the laws of another State and with a larger authorized capitalization, to take over the entire business and assets of the old corporation, held that the new corporation was not identical with the old, but was a separate and distinct corporate entity.

Burk-Waggoner Oil Association v. Hopkins, Collector.—United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas, Dallas Division (296 Fed. 492; T. D. 3582).

An association organized under the common law of Texas as an unincorporated joint-stock association is taxable under the revenue act of 1918 as a corporation and not as a partnership. The construction of a statute by the executive department of the Government charged with the duty of carrying it into effect is given great weight by the courts. Regulations made in pursuance of statutory authority have the force and effect of law. Article 1501 of Regulations 45 approved. Where suit is brought by and in the name of a joint-stock association, the stockholders thereof are not parties thereto, and no question as to their constitutional rights can be raised. The provisions of the revenue act of 1918 levying an income tax upon associations and joint-stock companies are constitutional, as the tax is uniform and applies equally to all associations similarly situated.

The Hampton and Langley Field Railway Co. v. Noel, Collector.— United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia

(300 Fed. 438; T. D. 3619).

Equipment, consisting of cars and a locomotive acquired by a railway company and used in furnishing transportation of persons and freight between a main line railroad and an Army post, was not acquired for the production of articles contributing to the prosecution of the war within the meaning of section 234 (a) (8) of the revenue act of 1918 and a claim for amortization of war facilities was properly denied. Assuming that the railway did "produce" transportation, it is impossible to read the word "article" as synonymous with "transportation." The specific inclusion of the word "vessels" in section 234 (a) (8) of the revenue act of 1918 necessarily implies an intent to exclude railroads.

United States v. the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railway Co.—United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern

Division (298 Fed. 779; T. D. 3591).

Under section 10 and section 13 (c) of the revenue act of 1916 Congress levied tax upon incomes of operating receivers of corporations. Whether Congress intended to levy excess profits tax upon income of such receivers is not decided. Under section 9 (a), revenue act of 1916, the three years' limitation upon the Government's right to collect by summary proceeding does not limit the Government's right

to proceed by action to collect the tax at law or in equity.

Section 250 (d), revenue act of 1921, is retroactive and applies to the determination and assessment of tax under the revenue act of 1916. Part of the assets of a railroad company in the hands of an operating receiver was sold at special master's sale to a reorganization committee acting for stockholders of railroad company, who afterwards conveyed the same to defendant company under a plan whereby railway company gave full paid shares of its capital stock to the stockholders of railroad company, who in turn surrendered to railway company a like number of their shares in railroad company, and paid additional money to assist in financing the railway company. Held, that complainant may be entitled to a decree for amount of income tax assessed against such receiver. Not decided whether complainant is entitled to a lien upon such part of defendant's property as it acquired theretofore belonging to the railroad company.

INJUNCTION AND MANDAMUS

Cadwalader et al., Executors of Roebling, v. Sturgess, Collector.-United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit (297 Fed. 73: T. D. 3579); Sigman v. Reinecke, Collector.—United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit (297 Fed. 1005; T. D. 3572); Bashara v. Hopkins, Collector.—United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit (295 Fed. 319; T. D. 3552).

Under the provisions of section 3224, Revised Statutes, injunction will not lie to restrain a collector from the collection by distraint of a Federal tax. An allegation that distraint is a "suit or proceeding" and is barred after five years from the filing of a return by section 250 (d) of the revenue act of 1921 does not give a Federal court jurisdiction to restrain a collector, there being an adequate remedy at law by paying the tax and suing for its recovery.

Seaman v. Bowers, Collector, et al.—United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (T. D. 3608; unreported to date).

Under the provisions of section 3224, Revised Statutes, interference by injunctive process with an attempt of a collector of internal revenue to seize complainant's accounts and securities under warrant of distraint, for the payment of an assessed tax, is not permissible. An allegation that a warrant of distraint is void because the tax and all "suits and proceedings," whether executive or judicial, are barred by the five-year statute (section 250 (d), revenue act of 1921) does not give a court jurisdiction to interfere by injunctive process with the collection of the tax by warrant of distraint.

Witherbee v. Durey, Collector.—United States District Court for the Northern District of New York (296 Fed. 576; T. D. 3560).

Where a tax for the year 1917 is assessed within five years from the date the return was filed, as prescribed by section 250 (d) of the revenue act of 1921, injunction will not lie to restrain a collector from proceeding by distraint, although the distraint warrant is issued after five years from the date of the filing of the return.

United States, ex rel. Greylock Mills, v. Blair, Commissioner of Internal Revenue.—Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia (293)

Fed. 846; T. D. 3542).

Mandamus will not lie to compel the exercise by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue of the power vested in him by section 212 of the revenue act of 1918 to approve a change in a taxpayer's accounting period from a fiscal year to a calendar year, or to accept amended returns. When a taxpayer voluntarily changed its accounting period from a calendar to a fiscal year basis and filed returns on this basis, mandamus will not lie to compel the commissioner to accept amended returns on a calendar-year basis.

MUNITIONS MANUFACTURER'S TAX

Bolles, Receiver American Synthetic Dyes, Inc., v. Edwards, Collector.—United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Cir-

cuit (229 Fed. 504; T. D. 3589).

A person who manufactures and sells for military purposes picric acid containing 10 per cent water is a manufacturer of an explosive within the meaning of section 301, subdivision 1 (a), revenue act of 1916, and hence subject to the munitions manufacturer's tax levied under Title III of that act.

OLEOMARGARINE TAX

Higgins Manufacturing Co. v. Page, Collector.—United States District Court for the District of Rhode Island (297 Fed. 644; T. D.

3590).

Section 2 of the act of August 2, 1886 (24 Stat. 209), defining "oleomargarine," includes vegetable oil as an ingredient. necessary to give effect to the legislative intent, a comma may be supplied; thus, the phrase "vegetable-oil annotto," in section 2 of the act of August 2, 1886 (24 Stat. 209), should be read and construed "vegetable-oil, annotto." A compound of vegetable oils, salt, and butter color labeled "Nut Product" "Prepared for cooking and baking," marketed in triangular packages, and not having the texture of butter, held not made in imitation or semblance of butter and not taxable as colored oleomargarine.

PROHIBITION

Clear Springs Distilling Co. v. Simon.—United States Circuit Court

of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit (290 Fed. 865; T. D. 3509).

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue is authorized by the concentration act of February 17, 1922, to take whisky from distillery warehouses and transport it to concentration warehouses without the consent of the distillery warehouseman. An order of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, issued under the concentration act, directing the removal of whisky from a distillery to a concentration warehouse, if warranted, will not be disturbed because such action was initiated pursuant to a request of the owner. Removal of whisky pursuant to the order of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, under the concentration act and regulations, terminates the tax liability of distillery warehouseman, on his bond, as to the whisky so moved.

James Everards v. Day, Prohibition Director, et al.—Supreme Court of the United States (44 Sup. Ct. 628; 265 U. S. 545; T. D. 3617).

The Willis-Campbell Act is not unconstitutional in prohibiting physicians from prescribing malt liquors because, under the eighteenth amendment, Congress may, if it be appropriate in enforcing the prohibition of beverage liquor, prohibit acts which are not prohibited by the amendment, if such prohibition is adapted to the end to be accomplished and consistent with the letter and spirit of the Constitution.

SALES TAX

American LaFrance Fire Engine Co. v. Riordan, Collector.—United States District Court for the Western District of New York (294

Fed. 567; T. D. 3536).

The term "automobile" as employed by Congress in section 600 (a), revenue act of 1917, and section 900 (1) and (2), revenue act of 1918 was used in a broad sense and intended to include all selfpropelled vehicles that by common speech come within the category of automobiles, automobile trucks, and automobile wagons. characteristics of an automobile are not materially altered by fixing to the chassis or frame devices or machinery of one kind or another

that may make or tend to make the completed vehicle useful for a special purpose, and fire-fighting apparatus having a specially designed chassis adaptable for riveting pumps, retaining hooks for ladders and axes, etc., or motors constructed for greater speed, is nevertheless taxable as an automobile truck or automobile wagon. It is a familiar rule of statutory construction that the words, phrases, and terms used by the legislative body must always be given effect by the court in its endeavor to ascertain and determine the intention of Congress in passing a statute. To hold that self-propelled fire engines and other motor-driven fire machines were not intended to be taxable, because not specifically described as one of the objects to be taxed, or because a term or phrase of wider scope was not used, would disregard the similitude that modern fire engines and self-propelled apparatus for conveying hose, hooks, and ladders, firemen, etc., to a fire bears to the general terms selected by Congress for the imposition of the tax upon all vehicles of that particular The tax on the sale of automobile trucks and automobile wagons by the manufacturer thereof is not a direct tax on the municipality to which such articles are sold, nor on the articles acquired, but is imposed upon the manufacturer for the privilege of vending and dealing in the manufactured articles. The taxes imposed by section 600 of the revenue act of 1917 required no assessment and monthly returns were necessary under oath by each manufacturer or producer, and payment of the tax became selfexecuting.

SPECIAL TAXES

Schweizer v. Mager, Former Collector.—United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division (297 Fed. 334; T. D. 3577).

The definition of a term or word by Congress prevails over the ordinary definition, and factors or commission merchants are included in the term "broker" as defined in section 1001 (1) of the revenue act of 1918. The reenactment by Congress in the revenue act of 1921 of section 1001 (1) of the revenue act of 1918 without change was an approval of the construction given to that section by departmental regulations.

Travis Co. v. Heiner, Collector.—United States District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania (299 Fed. 677; T. D. 3588).

A person who receives produce on consignment for sale on commission and sells in his own name, transmitting the proceeds less charges paid and commission, is a broker and subject to the tax imposed by section 1001 (1) of the revenue act of 1921. The legislative definition of a "broker" in section 1001 (1) of the revenue act of 1921 is binding upon the courts in construing the statute.

STAMP TAX

Danville Building Association v. Pickering, Collector.—United States District Court for the Southern District of Illinois (294 Fed. 117; T. D. 3530).

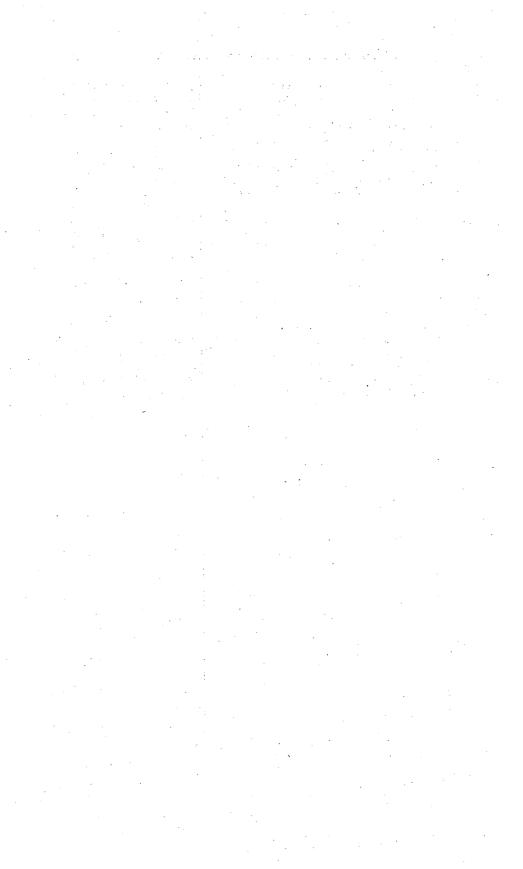
Title XI, section 1100, of the revenue act of 1918 (subdiv. 1, sched. A), lays a documentary stamp tax upon an instrument in writing, under seal, conditioned for the repayment of money bor-

rowed and obligating the borrower to do certain things under penalty of forfeiture and foreclosure, regardless of whether the seal is necessary or unnecessary, regardless of whether the instrument is called by some other name than a bond of indebtedness, and regardless of whether it is negotiable or assignable or nonnegotiable and non-assignable. Under Title XI, section 1100, of the revenue act of 1918 (subdiv. 1, sched. A), the taxability of an instrument is determined by looking to its form and substance, and not particularly to its operation. Denominating a writing as a "contract" does not serve to exempt it from the tax if it is apparent from its face and substance that it is a taxable instrument. Title XI, section 1100, of the revenue act of 1918 (subdiv. 1, sched. A), taxing certificates of indebtedness, makes no exception in favor of such certificates as are nonnegotiable and nonassignable and have none of the attributes of investment securities.

Boise Title and Trust Co. v. Evans, Collector.—United States District Court for the District of Idaho, Southern Division (295 Fed.

223; T. D. 3551).

A sheriff's deed issued pursuant to a sale under the foreclosure of a mortgage is subject to stamp tax under the provisions of Title VIII, Schedule A, subdivision 7, revenue act of 1917. The issuance of the sheriff's deed pursuant to a sale under the foreclosure of a mortgage is not in pursuance of a governmental function and a Federal stamp tax on such deeds does not tax a State instrumentality.



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	Calendar years 1922, 1923				540
	Estimates for prior years corrected				543
	Since discovery of America		- -	-	544
	Since 1860, ounces and value				546
	Gold produced, 1923	1100		-	$\begin{array}{c} 97 \\ 532 \end{array}$
	Monetary stock of gold, silver, and paper money, 1922 and Monetary stocks of principal countries in	1 192	o	· -	732
	Savings banks in principal countries of				747
	Silver production in			-	100
Worl	d War Foreign Debt Commission:				
	Silver production in				47
	Debt settlement with—				~
	Finland	47,	233,	238,	240
	Hungary Lithuania				250 50
Λ	Poland				50
	${f Members}_{}$			_	47
	President's messages to Congress transmitting reports of		- - -	240,	250
	Progress of negotiationsReports on debt settlements with—				51
	Reports on debt settlements with— Finland				
1.	Finland		-,	-	238
	Hungary			-	247
	Y	*	•		
Yield	. •				
2.1010	l on— Certificates of indebtedness				65
-	United States bonds			_	68
Yugo	oslavia:				
	Negotiations on debt settlement with			-	52