# FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

MAY 1947



BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM WASHINGTON

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# FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

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# FINANCING THE POSTWAR BUSINESS EXPANSION

Business activity has expanded greatly since the spring of 1946 in response to the stimulation of a large postwar civilian demand for goods and services. As a result of this increased activity, as well as of advancing prices and a sharp reduction in corporate taxes, business profits after taxes reached new high levels by the end of 1946. In this period expenditures by business for plant, equipment, and inventories have been in unprecedented volume. In order to finance the great increase in assets, business in general has invested the largest annual volume of retained earnings in history, has drawn upon its large wartime accumulation of cash and Government securities, has borrowed from banks, and has floated new issues of securities.

Plant and equipment expenditures in 1946 were 80 per cent above the total for 1945 and about one-third above the prewar peak in 1929; they have continued at a high level so far this year. Inventory accumulation was especially rapid from mid-1946, when prices began to rise sharply, to the end of the year. The expansion in the dollar volume of inventories has continued in 1947 but at a slower rate. Accounts receivable of businesses have mounted rapidly for more than a year, representing the additional accommodation of customers as operations expanded.

The ready availability of a large volume of funds, both within businesses and from outside sources, has contributed to the unprecedented volume of expenditures on business assets. Current profits and, as a result, retained earnings have been unusually large and growing. Business holdings of cash and Government securities at the war's end were at an all-time high. Bank loans to businesses have increased greatly as banks have sought to maintain earnings. The capital markets and private investment institutions have absorbed new security issues readily and at prices generally favorable for business.

The working capital of businesses has increased further during the past year, continuing the steady growth that commenced in the prewar defense period. The recent increase, however, does not necessarily reflect a further strengthening of financial position. Although tax liabilities have been reduced greatly, holdings of cash and United States Government securities have been drawn down somewhat. and inventories and accounts receivable built up. To the extent that the increase in working capital represents merely higher values of inventories and receivables accompanying the rising price level, it indicates a possible source of difficulty in the business financial situation in case prices decline.

The financial position of business in early 1947 reflected in marked degree the boom conditions that had developed from the sharp advances in business activity and in prices since mid-1946. Corporate profits were at record levels for most companies. As indi-

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cated above, these profits reflected not only the large volume of operations and the rising level of prices, but also substantially lower taxes as compared with the war period. Since further revision in corporate tax rates is not expected this year, any change in the business financial situation depends primarily on developments in business activity and in the relation of prices to costs.

Further inflationary developments would extend recent tendencies in business finance, with the financial strength of many enterprises becoming increasingly dependent on continuing inflation or at least maintenance of existing prices. A leveling off in prices with activity maintained at current levels would eventually eliminate profits from inventory accumulation, but would permit increases in profits in those industries in a position to reduce costs as a result of recent improvements in plant and equipment and the improved supply situation. Increases in rates of pay agreed to in leading manufacturing industries this spring will presumably operate to increase the cost of doing business in those industries at any particular volume of operations; at the same time they will increase the incomes of people who generally spend a large share of their incomes currently. A decline in activity, incomes, and prices, would probably be accompanied by a reduction in profits and by a weakening in business financial position.

# CHARACTER OF FINANCIAL NEEDS

During the past year expectations of high levels of peacetime operations were the most influential factor affecting plans for business expenditures. These plans were generally fulfilled in spite of reconversion problems, work stoppages, and material shortages in several important lines. For business as a whole, the dollar volume of 1946 sales (and operating revenues) was approximately equal to that in 1945, which included heavy war expenditures, and was almost 75 per cent larger than that in the previous peacetime peak year, 1929. Lines which were able to supply civilian demands promptly experienced substantial increases in dollar sales, while other lines were characterized by a slower increase.

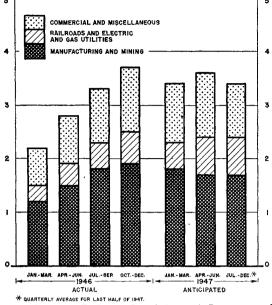
In most nondurable manufacturing lines, in trade, and in service industries, sales were above wartime peaks by early 1946 and rose further during the year. Since the end of 1946, sales in many of these lines have shown signs of leveling off. In contrast, in durable goods manufacturing groups, where reconversion problems were complicated by work stoppages and material shortages, sales dropped to a very low level during the early part of 1946; thereafter, however, as operating problems were surmounted in one industry after another, sales began to increase substantially and by the close of 1946 were at a new peacetime high in many of these industries. The only broad industrial segment of business that was unable to exceed its wartime level of revenues by the close of 1946 was the railroad group; this was primarily the result of a sharp decline in passenger traffic, no increase in passenger rates, and only a small increase in freight rates. Operating revenues of public utilities other than railroads continued high throughout the year.

Thus, at the end of 1946 sales were at peak levels in almost all important industrial groups. This situation has continued in the first quarter of 1947, with sales in the durable goods lines reaching still higher peaks but with sales in some other lines leveling off or perhaps even declining somewhat.

Plant and equipment expenditures. Business expenditures on plant and equipment, as the chart indicates, rose sharply during the

#### BUSINESS EXPENDITURES ON NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

BILLIONS OF DOLLARS QUARTERLY BILLIONS OF DOLLARS



Securities and Exchange Commission and Department of Commerce estimates. Figures for 1947 represent expenditures anticipated by businesses. Commercial and miscellaneous includes trade, service, finance, communications, and transportation other than railroads.

past year to provide additional facilities for meeting the new high level of postwar demand for goods and services and to cover increased equipment prices and construction costs. The total of such expenditures, excluding those of agricultural enterprises, is estimated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Department of Commerce at approximately 12 billion dollars in 1946, 80 per cent above the 1945 total and one-third larger than that of 1929, the previous peak peacetime year. Even though the rise in expenditures leveled off during the last part of 1946, partly because of the seasonal influence, such expenditures reached their quarterly peak in the last three months of the year when they attained an annual rate of 15 billion dollars.

Business expenditures on plant and equipment characteristically fluctuate greatly, primarily because of the durability of plant and

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most equipment and because new expenditures on them can be temporarily postponed without materially affecting production in the short-run. Such fluctuations are an important contributing factor to changes in total business activity.

Larger plant and equipment expenditures during the past year have been characteristic of concerns of all sizes and in all types of business. The largest dollar volume of expenditures, as in most previous years, was made by manufacturing and mining companies, but the greatest relative increase in expenditures occurred among trade and service establishments. Numerous new firms, many of them owned and operated by veterans, made their appearance in the latter fields during the year. Expenditures of public utility companies increased only moderately until the last part of the year. Although it is difficult to segregate precisely expenditures on plant from those on equipment, the latter probably approximated two-thirds of the total in 1946. This is similar to the proportion that characterized the prewar period.

Sales to businesses of surplus war plant and machinery owned by the Government thus far have required a relatively small volume of financing. According to the War Assets Administration such sales totaled about 900 million dollars in 1946, about half of total business expenditures on used plant and equipment but only seven per cent of expenditures on new facilities. The major portion of these sales, probably about threefourths, was for cash, the remainder being for credit. The War Assets Administration inventory and probable future acquisitions of surplus war plant and equipment on February 28, 1947, totaled 1.5 billion dollars, valued at the February rate of recovery on It will become increasingly difficult cost. to dispose of these facilities at the current recovery rate because of their lack of convertibility and their inaccessibility.

Business plans, as reflected in anticipated expenditures shown on the chart, call for considerable further expenditures on plant and equipment in 1947, particularly during the first half of the year. Although the postwar investment programs of many companies are nearing completion and those of other concerns are being postponed because of high costs, the programs of concerns in many public utility and manufacturing industries indicate continuation for a period of relatively large business expenditures on fixed facilities. Expenditures by railroads, electric light and power companies, and telephone companies, for example, are expected to increase considerably in 1947. There is great need in these industries for replacement of obsolete equipment and also for expansion of properties in order to meet the larger civilian demands for their services.

Inventory accumulation. The rapid growth in the inventory holdings of business since the end of the war has been an important factor in the current business boom. Business concerns of all types have been striving to regain adequate stocks of peacetime goods and supplies, which had been depleted during the war period. Growth in the dollar volume of inventories, as is shown in the table, was particularly pronounced during the last half of 1946, when prices were rising rapidly; it has slackened somewhat during recent months.

The Department of Commerce monthly estimate of inventories of manufacturing and trade concerns showed an increase of over  $8\frac{1}{2}$  billion dollars during 1946, almost 50 per cent above the growth in 1941, the largest previous annual increase since the series began in 1939. Taking into account the  $1\frac{1}{2}$  billion dollars of war inventories that were liquidated by manufacturers during the year,

ENTORIES	RADE	, '	AND	MANUFACTURING
ENTORIES	RADE	, '	AND	MANUFACTURING

[Averages of end-of-month figures; in billions of dollars]

	М	anufacturi	Trade		
Quarter	Total manu- factur- ing	Durable goods indus- tries	Non- durable goods indus- tries	Whole- sale	Retail
1946—JanMar AprJune. July-Sept. OctDec	16.6 17.0 18.5 19.9	8.1 8.6 9.3 10.0	8.4 8.4 9.2 9.9	4.3 4.5 4.8 5.7	6.2 6.9 8.0 9.1
1947—JanMar	21.2	10.8	10.4	6.5	9.4

NOTE.—Based on monthly estimates of the Department of Commerce. Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding. These figures, unlike those used in the gross national product tabulations for all businesses, are not adjusted for inventory revaluations.

largely in the first half, civilian-type inventories of concerns in these industries probably increased by about 10 billion dollars in 1946. The proportion of this increase represented by additions to physical stocks may have been as high as two-thirds or as low as one-third, the remainder being a reflection of higher The largest relative increase in the prices. dollar volume of manufacturing and trade inventories in 1946 occurred among retailers of durable goods. More recently the largest relative increase has occurred among wholesalers. In the case of manufacturers, particularly those in durable goods industries, the rising inventory holdings were represented primarily by purchased materials.

In many instances, expansion in inventory holdings has been poorly balanced as a result of material shortages, delays in the production process, and protective buying. As long as the prevailing shortages of metals and other raw materials exist, many concerns in basic industries will probably experience difficulties in maintaining balanced stocks of purchased materials, goods-in-process, and finished goods.

Future tendencies in inventory accumulation will of course vary considerably among industries. In many manufacturing industries, inventories relative to sales are still below the prewar relationship. In other lines, particularly in wholesale and retail trade, there has been increasing evidence during recent months that inventories are becoming large relative to sales. Clearance sales and retrenchment in purchasing are both becoming more prevalent in the distribution fields as a result of some consumer resistance to higher prices or actual inability to pay them, and the increasing availability of goods for fairly prompt delivery.

Although inventories in some industries are still low relative to sales, as compared with the relationship between the two items in previous periods, such comparisons are subject to important qualifications in judging the adequacy of current inventory levels. In the first place, the wartime experience of manufacturers in improving production methods, together with a wider application of inventory controls and further integration of industrial operations, may have permanently reduced industrial inventory requirements in relation to sales. Secondly, records of past business cycles show that inventory holdings are not susceptible to prompt contraction in the event of recession in prices and sales volume. In those circumstances, inventories in some lines and of some types quickly prove to be excessive.

In all probability, further inventory accumulation will continue, although the rate of increase may be expected to slacken considerably. An important problem raised by the latter prospect is the weakening effects that a slower growth in inventory may have on demands for products of many industries and on total expenditures in the economy. If sales volume should recede as a result of such a development, further inventory accumulation would not be retarded immediately; manufacturing and trade concerns would

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continue to receive shipments of goods from suppliers to cover orders placed at higher levels of output.

The recent rapid inventory accumulation at higher and higher prices may have had weakening effects on the finances of some enterprises. Such accumulation has been accompanied by a substantial increase in business debt to banks; thus obligations fixed in dollars have been assumed in acquiring assets that have been rising in value but may in the future decline. In that event, monetary losses, which may be substantial, would materially affect the financial position of indebted companies. Many companies, particularly the larger ones, are sufficiently liquid to retire outstanding bank debt promptly under these conditions, and some companies have provided in advance for inventory losses by setting aside valuation reserves from prior year earnings. Other companies, less conservatively financed, may need to amortize inventory debt and losses gradually in the period following any abrupt price decline.

Other requirements for funds. Two other developments increasing business requirements for funds in 1946 were the expansion of customer financing and the payment of the previous year's income and excess profits taxes. In increasing their accounts receivable, business concerns provided additional purchasing power to customers, including ultimate consumers, and hence tended to strengthen the demand for goods and services. Of course, a large part of the increase in the accounts receivable of many business concerns represented additional debts of other businesses; such receivables were matched by an increase in accounts payable of businesses, a source of funds. Income taxes payable on 1945 earnings were substantially in excess of taxes incurred in 1946; consequently, payments to the Federal Government in 1946, even after tax credits received during the year, were larger than amounts currently set aside for taxes.

## FINANCING THE EXPANSION

Availability of an unusual volume of internal funds within businesses and a large volume of funds from outside sources seeking investment contributed to the unusually high levels of plant and equipment expenditures, inventory accumulation, and customer financing reached in 1946. The heavy use of external financing at a time when earnings and liquid assets were at record levels is typical of a period of rapidly expanding business activity, when the increase in assets of businesses exceeds their internal sources of funds. In the aggregate, however, the largest part of the recent high level of business investment expenditures has been financed through internal funds obtained from current operations and from previously accumulated liquid assets.

Retained earnings. The retained earnings of all corporations in 1946—that is, receipts after deductions of all costs, taxes, and dividends—have been estimated by the Department of Commerce at approximately 7 billion dollars, more than 50 per cent larger than retained earnings in 1945. In addition, corporations received tax credits and refunds of Federal income and excess profits taxes paid in earlier years which may have amounted to between one-half and one billion dollars.

Retained earnings in 1946 were larger than in the preceding year in the case of most broad industrial groups. The notable exception was railroads, whose retained earnings were considerably smaller in 1946 than in the preceding year. In other industries, such as the important nondurable manufacturing and trade groups, retained earnings increased by considerably more than the 50 per cent shown for all corporations.

In addition to the 7 billion dollars of retained earnings, corporations set aside about the same amount of revenues for depreciation of plant and equipment. This latter sum was a little more than half of total corporate expenditures for plant and equipment during the year.

The unusually large volume of retained earnings during 1946 was "retained" only in the sense that it was not paid out in dividends to stockholders. In a year like 1946 retained earnings and depreciation allowances do not represent unused, or idle, funds. In the war years a part of current retained earnings and also a part of current depreciation allowances were set aside as additional holdings of liquid assets, that is, cash and United States Government securities. During 1946, however, businesses reduced their aggregate liquid asset In effect, the entire amount of holdings. earnings retained during 1946, together with all amounts received during the year from external sources and some amounts accumulated in liquid form during the war years, had been used by the year end to help finance the increase in business assets.

Reduction in liquid assets. At the beginning of 1946 liquid assets, that is, cash and United States Government securities, held by all businesses, unincorporated enterprises as well as corporations, totaled almost 75 billion dollars. This was over  $3\frac{1}{2}$  times the volume of liquid assets held by businesses at the end of 1939 and only slightly below the all-time peak level reached in mid-1945.

During 1946 liquid assets were drawn down 10-15 per cent. Practically all of this decrease occurred in holdings of United States Government securities, while the volume of business cash balances at the end of the year was only slightly below that at the

beginning. A portion of these securities were tax notes used for the payment of 1945 taxes.

That the use of liquid asset holdings was not greater, in view of the large volume of business investment during the year, can be explained in part at least by the large retention of current earnings and in part by the uneven distribution of liquid assets among individual companies. Many concerns most in need of funds had only a small volume of liquid assets on hand. Many others, moreover, retained the increased liquidity they had acquired during the prosperous war years, perhaps until they could be more certain about future long-term business conditions.

As a consequence, the liquid asset holdings of business in the aggregate are still high relative to day-to-day operating needs measured by prewar standards. This is indicated by the fact that aggregate business liquid asset holdings in 1939 averaged 11 per cent of annual sales, as compared with about 17 per cent of sales in 1946 as a whole and 14-15 per cent during the last quarter. In the case of continued business expansion these assets may be used to finance additional investment in inventory, plant, and equipment. In the case of a recession they will provide the immediate resources if cash disbursements temporarily exceed cash receipts. In the latter case, the increased business liquidity may have the effect of reducing the need for forced liquidation and of delaying businesses in making the price cuts, cost reductions, and other readjustments that generally accompany recessions.

Business loans from banks. Business expansion in 1946 was accompanied by an increase of over 4 billion dollars in business borrowings from banks. Probably about half of this volume went to large concerns, those

with total assets of 5 million dollars and over, and reflected primarily borrowings by large manufacturing companies and by public utilities to meet reconversion costs, to expand inventories and receivables, and to meet higher costs than anticipated for expenditure programs on plant and equipment. The remaining volume went to medium-sized and small concerns, both incorporated and unincorporated, especially those in various lines of manufacturing and of wholesale and retail trade. The character and magnitude of the increase in bank lending to businesses during 1946 was discussed at greater length in the March BULLETIN. An article in this BULLETIN discusses bank loans to businesses for terms of more than a year.

During the first quarter of 1947 borrowing from banks continued to increase at a rapid rate. The continued large, though diminished, increase in the dollar volume of business inventories was the primary reason for this growth in business loans during the first quarter. Thus far in 1947, at city banks, loans with a maturity of more than a year appear to have made up a smaller proportion of new loans than they did in 1945 and 1946.

The extremely liquid position of banks, with their large holdings of short-term United States Government securities, which may be sold or pledged against advances at the Federal Reserve Banks, has enabled them to increase their loan portfolios greatly and will permit a further increase if the demand arises. Even in the event of a recession the decline in business loans of banks would probably lag behind that of general business activity since in the early stages of a downturn cash receipts of businesses tend to fall more sharply and quickly than cash outlays.

New security issues. Businesses also made substantial use of the security markets in

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1946 and obtained in this manner the largest amount of financing since 1929. Total offerings of securities aggregated 6.4 billion dollars, 3.0 billion for new money and 3.4 billion for refunding and other refinancing purposes. New money financing was almost three times as large in 1946 as in the previous year, while refunding operations decreased considerably from the peak volume of 1945. Although some corporations floated securities to obtain new money, others appear to have made sizable retirements of securities from cash.

Durable goods manufacturers, especially automobile and machinery companies, accounted for a large portion of the dollar volume of the new money issues in 1946. As public utility concerns began to make large expenditures on fixed facilities in the latter part of the year, their financing through new security issues increased sharply. As is shown in the table, security offerings for new money were unusually large in the last quarter of 1946, accounting for about 45 per cent of the total volume for the year. Financing in this quarter reflected further large offerings by manufacturing companies together

CORPORATE SECURITY ISSUES FOR NEW MONEY [In millions of dollars]

		Manufa and n	cturing nining		
Quarter	Total <sup>1</sup>	indus- goods		lurable goods indus-	
•					
1946—JanMar	248	90	130	10	3
AprJune	611	270	260	18	21
July-Sept	809	450	110	28	200
OctDec	1,336	420	270	74	537
1947-JanMar	673	170	110	43	284

<sup>1</sup> Includes small amounts for an "All other" group (primarily trade, service, finance, and air transport companies), which is not shown. with large offerings by public utility companies.

Market developments had an important effect on the types of security financing in 1946. Under the impetus of a rising stock market during the early part of the year, stock offerings were numerous, and the year's total of preferred and common issues equaled two billion dollars, the largest volume since 1929. After the sharp decline in stock prices in late August and early September there was some shift from stock to bond financing and from public to private placements, but the total volume of new financing continued high.

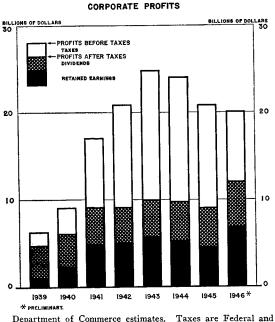
There has been a large number of mediumsized and small security issues floated during the past year although a few very large issues have accounted for the major portion of the total volume of financing. During the fifteen months January 1946-March 1947 issues of less than 1 million dollars each accounted for over half the number but only 5 per cent of the dollar volume of all offerings for new money.

Security issues in the first quarter of 1947 were substantially below the average volume in the last two quarters of 1946. This reflected in part at least the usual first quarter lull while corporations awaited the release of year-end audited financial statements to present when registering new issues with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Sizable new issues are in prospect. Telephone companies are expected to obtain through the sale of securities the major portion of the funds they require to carry out their large expansion program.

## BUSINESS PROFITS DURING THE EXPANSION

Aggregate corporate profits before taxes, according to preliminary Department of Commerce estimates shown in the chart,

Note.—Securities and Exchange Commission estimates of net proceeds of new issues, except for distribution between durable and nondurable goods manufacturing and mining industries, which was prepared by the Board's Division of Research and Statistics on the basis of *Commercial and Financial Chronicle* data.



Department of Commerce estimates. Taxes are Federal and State income taxes.

were somewhat smaller in 1946 than in 1945, in spite of an approximately equal volume of business, and were subtantially less than in 1943 and 1944. Since tax liabilities were much lower, however, profits after taxes increased about one-third in 1946 and were larger than in any previous year. With dividends only moderately larger than in the preceding year, the volume of current retained earnings, as was indicated earlier, rose by about 50 per cent.

Net worth, which measures the financial interest of the owners of corporations, has probably increased 20-25 per cent since 1939. Profits before taxes in relation to net worth declined in 1946, continuing a decline that has been in process since 1943. The ratio of profits after taxes to net worth, however, rose sharply in 1946; this ratio was probably in excess of the war peak in 1943 and considerably in excess of the previous peacetime peak.

An important factor affecting business

earnings in 1946 was the reduction in tax liabilities. The excess profits tax was repealed and corporate normal rates reduced from 40 to 38 per cent, effective at the beginning of 1946. Moreover, special tax credits representing further adjustments of wartime taxes, not included in Department of Commerce tax estimate for 1946, also reduced the 1946 tax liabilities.

Over-all annual earnings figures of necessity obscure variations in profits within the year, both among industries and among individual companies within industries. The first and second halves of 1946, however, were characterized by much different price, cost, and, as a result, profit conditions. In the first half, with selling prices still subject to control and with operating costs increasing, unit costs in many industries rose faster than unit prices. Moreover, because of reconversion problems and work stoppages in several important industries, the over-all sales volume of all businesses dropped.

In the second half of the year, however, with controls removed, selling prices rose substantially. Since there is a lag between the purchase of materials and sale of products, profits before taxes during this period included a sizable volume, probably several billion dollars, of inventory profits. In addition, total business sales increased sharply not only because of the price rise but also because reconversion and other transitional production difficulties had been surmounted and the number of work stoppages had declined to an unusually low level. Thus, during the second half of 1946, unit profit margins widened, reflecting rapidly rising unit selling prices combined with more slowly rising material costs, lower overhead costs per unit, and increased labor productivity.

Available quarterly data on the profits after taxes of large corporations, as shown in the

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table, indicate a sharp upward trend in earnings throughout the year in most broad industry groups. The variation in profitability

QUARTERLY PROFITS AFTER TAXES OF LARGE CORPORATIONS [Indexes, quarterly average for 1945 == 100]

		cturing nining			
Quarter	Durable goods indus- tries	Non- durable goods indus- tries	Class I railroads	Other utilities <sup>1</sup>	
1945—JanMar	105	102	132	106	
AprJune	111	101	177	96	
July-Sept	82	100	113	92	
OctDec	101	98	-22	107	
1946—JanMar	-2	129	12	141	
AprJune	104	143	-40	115	
July-Sept	121	165	114	105	
OctDec	196	202	170	115	

 $^1$  Electric power and telephone companies. Note —Based on profits data which appear on p. 574 of this BULLETIN.

from industry to industry was much more pronounced during the early months of 1946 than at the end of the year when most industries were experiencing unusually high levels of profits after taxes. Only the railroads and a relatively few industries manufacturing durable goods experienced sharp reductions in such profits from the year 1945 to 1946.

Data available for about 500 individual large manufacturing corporations indicate that company-to-company variations in 1946 profits after taxes, in terms of the percentage change from 1945, reflected for the most part industrial differences rather than any wide difference of profits experience among companies within a given industry. Within most industries the variation was scattered around a high rate of increase in earnings from 1945 to 1946.

#### CONCLUSION

In the first quarter of 1947 the volume of business activity rose further, profits in many

lines were above the high end-of-1946 levels, and further expenditures were made on business assets, principally inventories, plant, and equipment. There are indications, however, that business investment of some types and in some areas is leveling off or declining.

Although the postwar expenditure plans of many companies in durable goods manufacturing and public utility industries indicate continued large plant and equipment expenditures throughout 1947, the programs of many other industries are nearing completion or are being deferred. A slackened growth, or possibly even a decline, in total business expenditures on new plant and equipment during coming months may therefore be expected.

In many lines new and outstanding orders for products are leveling off, and the rate of inventory accumulation is declining, even though the current over-all relationship of inventories to sales is still below what was considered normal in prewar years. Further voluntary inventory accumulation will be more selective; if metals and other basic raw materials now in short supply become available in sufficient quantity, some additional accumulation of these materials is probable. Should sales fall markedly below current receipts of goods, the resulting involuntary accumulation of inventories at present high prices would have serious implications for future business developments.

Of major importance for aggregate business sales during the coming months is the prospective level of consumer and export demands for which trends may change from those prevailing in late 1946. Current consumer demands in some lines, especially at the retail distribution level, are not as strong as in 1946. Demands for goods for export, however, are likely to remain substantial throughout 1947. If, at prevailing prices, the

over-all level of demand should prove inadequate for the supply of goods and services currently being produced, and if aggregate sales volume should decrease materially from its present level, many businesses would experience an adverse change in financial position and would consequently make substantial alterations in investment programs.

In looking ahead it should be recognized that lower taxes, a large volume of operations, and rising prices have been the crucial elements in the recent business financial situation and in the increase in business profits after taxes. This increase in profits has been relatively greater than that in other income shares. A reduction, even though moderate, in the volume of operations and in prices from present levels would result similarly in a greater relative decline in business profits than in other income shares. If, however, business receipts remain large in consequence of a continued high, or rising, level of prices, their distribution as between profits and other income shares would have an important bearing upon the maintenance of a high level of employment.

# FEDERAL RESERVE CHARTS ON CONSUMER CREDIT

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System now has available for distribution a Chart Book on Consumer Credit. The book contains 19 charts showing consumer credit by major parts and related data compiled by the Board and other agencies. These charts contain information available as of April 15, 1947, and provide space for plotting data through 1948. Each month the Federal Reserve BULLETIN will include a table of data for bringing the charts up to date. See page 600 of this issue.

The price of the Chart Book is 50 cents per copy. In group orders of ten or more copies for single shipment, there is a special price of 35 cents each. Orders for copies should be sent to the Division of Administrative Services, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington 25, D. C. by

#### DUNCAN McC. HOLTHAUSEN

One of the most significant developments in banking during recent years has been the expanding use of the term loan to finance the mediumand longer-term credit and capital needs of business. A term loan as defined in this article covers loans to business with a maturity at time of making of more than one year. Under this criterion, all business loans at member banks having an original maturity in excess of 12 months are regarded as term loans whether or not they are secured or unsecured and irrespective of the borrower's purpose in obtaining the loan.

The most common feature of term loans is a plan for serial or instalment repayments under a predetermined schedule. The larger term loan is frequently unsecured and is made under an agreement which sets forth the arrangements and understandings between the borrower and lender at the time of the loan. The term loan agreement is based in part upon a careful analysis of the borrower's operations and financial position, including an estimate of his probable earnings and the prospects of the industry in which he is engaged. The purpose of the analysis and of the agreement accompanying the loan is, of course, to set the conditions of the financing acceptable to both borrower and lender and to minimize the credit risk of the

tails were described. Subsequent articles, which deal with special phases of bank loans to business, such as types of security for loans, interest rates charged, and loans to small business, will appear in forthcoming issues of the BULLETIN. The survey of bank loans to industrial and commercial businesses, on which this article is based, was planned by the Board's Division of Research and Statistics in consultation with

The survey of bank loans to industrial and commercial businesses, on which this article is based, was planned by the Board's Division of Research and Statistics in consultation with the Board's Divisions of Bank Operations and of Examinations, the Federal Reserve Banks, and other interested agencies. The information was collected and compiled into district totals at the Reserve Banks and national totals were prepared at the Board's offices.

the Reserve Banks and national totals were prepared at the Board's offices. Supervision of the survey, analysis of results, and preparation of articles are under the general direction of Ralph A. Young, Assistant Director of the Division of Research and Statistics. Richard Youngdahl, of the Division, has been largely responsible for the supervision of the collection and tabulation of information. lender. The smaller term loan is often arranged to finance expenditures on equipment or facilities that in turn are pledged as collateral for the loan, but the loan so secured may also be for working capital purposes. While the practice is not yet widespread, many smaller term loans are likewise arranged under special loan agreements. Term loan arrangements differ considerably as between borrowers because the loan plan is adapted to financing the diversified needs of borrowers.

#### SUMMARY OF RESULTS

During 1946 the term loans of member banks were an important factor in business credit supply. Close to the end of the year member banks held an estimated 144,000 term loans amounting to 4.6 billion dollars. Thus loans with an original maturity of more than one year accounted for one-fifth of the number and one-third of the dollar amount of all member bank loans outstanding to business concerns. This volume of outstanding term credit to business concerns, as estimated from the results of the nation-wide sample survey of commercial bank business loans outstanding on November 20, 1946, was probably at least double the prewar volume of term loans.

Term loans made during the 12 months prior to the date of the survey accounted for threefourths of the number and two-thirds of the volume of all term loans outstanding on November 20, 1946. This was a period when total business loans increased sharply, accompanying a rapid expansion in business assets, particularly of such current assets as receivables and inventories. The expansion of bank loans over these months was largely the result of the short-term credit needs of business. Since the number and amount of term loan disbursements increased considerably, it is evident that the medium-term credit needs of business were likewise substantial during this period. Between May and October 1946, member banks disbursed an average of 300 million dollars per month on term loans, or at a rate of 3.6 billion annually. It is possible that price disturbances and weaknesses in the securities markets in the last half

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This article dealing with the term lending of banks is the second in a series covering the results of the nation-wide sample survey of business loans outstanding as of Nov. 20, 1946. The survey was conducted by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the Federal Reserve Banks. The first article of this series, published in the March Federal Reserve BULLETIN, summarized the over-all results of the survey, such as the estimated volume of business loans at member banks, the types and sizes of business served, and the classes of banks extending business credit. See Albert R. Koch, "Business Loans of Member Banks," Federal Reserve BULLETIN, March 1947. In addition, the size of the sample, the method for estimating totals shown, and questionnaire details were described.

of 1946 brought to banks some business credit demands that under more favorable securities market conditions would have been satisfied through investment banking channels. A concurrent increase in private placements of corporate notes and bond issues with insurance companies was reported during this period.

Of the 4.6 billion dollars of member bank term loans outstanding near the end of 1946, final payments on approximately one-half will be due by the end of 1951. The loans thus maturing include fourfifths of the total number of term loans outstand-

#### TABLE 1

Term Loans of Member Banks to Business, November 20, 1946, by Year of Final Payment

Year loan or final	Amount	Number	Percentage			
	of loans 1	of loans	distribution			
instalment matures	(In millions)	(In thousands)	Amount	Number		
Loans past due Loans with final pay- ment due in:	\$ 13	0.8	0.3	0.6		
1946	32	2.7	0.7	1.9		
1947	437	39.0	9.6	27.0		
1948	460	32.6	10.1	22.6		
1949	326	19.1	7.2	13.2		
1950	454	10.0	10.0	6.9		
1951	577	14.4	12.7	9.9		
1952	261	4.3	5.7	3.0		
1953	327	3.1	7.2	2.1		
1954	214	2.8	4.7	1.9		
1955	691	4.3	15.2	2.9		
1956	675	9.7	14.8	6.7		
1957 or later	90	1.7	2.0	1.2		
All term loans	\$4,558	144.4	100.0	100.0		

[Estimates of outstanding loans]

<sup>1</sup> Balances outstanding Nov. 20, 1946 on loans whose final payment falls due in the year indicated. Norze.—Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding.

ing. Within this five-year period, instalment repayments will also have been made in substantial volume on term loans having a last instalment due after 1951. No more than 2 per cent of the number of loans outstanding at the date of the survey will mature in more than 10 years. A distribution of term loans by date of final payment is presented in Table 1. The number and amount of term loans past due and unpaid as of November 20, 1946 was negligible.

Manufacturing and mining concerns accounted for over one-half the amount but no more than oneseventh of the number of term loans outstanding near the end of 1946. The industrial groups in-

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cluding producers of metal products and manufacturers of petroleum, chemical, and rubber products were important term borrowers. Retail trade borrowers, although indebted for almost three-fifths of the number of term loans outstanding, owed only one-tenth of the total amount. Term loans were an important source of funds for public utilities and transportation companies (including the airlines).

Relatively new businesses, that is, those organized since 1942, accounted for a significant proportion of the number of term loans. Over onehalf the term credit made available by banks to the smallest business establishments was to relatively new concerns.

The term loan is a well-established and accepted type of credit for small as well as large businesses. Business enterprises with less than \$250,000 of assets had outstanding an estimated 133,000 term loans or 90 per cent of the total number of member bank term loans to business. Large business establishments, particularly those having assets of 5 million dollars or more each, accounted for the major proportion of the dollar amount of term borrowing from member banks.

The largest business concerns obtained a greater proportion of their bank funds on a term basis (over one year) than did smaller business establishments. Approximately one-half of the total bank borrowings of concerns with assets of 5 million dollars or more were term loans. For smaller businesses, with the exception of the very small establishments with assets of less than \$50,000, the corresponding proportion was no more than onefifth. It is noteworthy that the very small business concerns obtained one-third of their bank borrowings on a term basis.

The spread of term loan usage to small business establishments in recent years has had its counterpart in the extent to which smaller banks make loans on a term basis. In the very smallest size-ofbank classification (deposits under 2 million dollars each) as many as one-half of all banks had outstanding term loans. Almost three-fourths of all member banks had term loans outstanding to business on the date of the survey.

Member banks in the Federal Reserve districts of the two largest financial centers in the United States—New York and Chicago—held three-fifths of the estimated total dollar amount of term loans outstanding at all member banks. Large banks in these two districts lent heavily to industries outside their own districts, often in cooperation with correspondent banks. Banks in the San Francisco District were especially active in using the term loan to finance local business activity. In other districts where term lending was local in character there was considerable variation in the volume of term lending relative to total bank loans to business.

The proportion of outstanding term loans that represented credits in cooperation with banks or other lending institutions appears to have been considerably smaller in 1946 than it was before the war. Approximately one-third of the amount of all term loans outstanding near the close of 1946 represented participating credits as compared with at least one-half in 1940. This smaller proportion of term loans involving participation of other lenders, however, probably represented joint arrangements between a larger number of banks than formerly; it also represented an absolute dollar amount of term loans much the same as in 1940 since the total of all term loans doubled in this period. The proportion of outstanding term credits made by banks in cooperation with agencies of the Federal Government, including the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and Federal Reserve Banks, was nominal, amounting to 63 million dollars out of a total 4.6 billion dollars. Such loans were made to businesses in all size groups and probably would not have been arranged in the amounts obtained without the participation of these agencies.

Term loans appear to be an outgrowth of and, in some cases, a substitute for, two types of bank earning assets that are considerably less important today than they were 20 years ago. One is the short-term loan made with an informal understanding that it will be renewable as long as the borrower maintains a satisfactory credit standing. The other is the corporate bond or debenture held by banks as investments. Term loans, made under prescribed repayment plans, are generally sounder assets than short-term notes made with the expectation that they would be renewable at maturity or than long-term corporate bonds or debentures repayable in lump sum at maturity. Although the amortization feature does not protect the lender from the fundamental credit weaknesses of a particular borrower, it does require advance planning of payments on the borrower's part and

helps to maintain active turnover of the bank's loan assets.

The characteristics of term loans, such as security taken, maturity, repayment basis, and interest charges, depend in large part upon the size of loan granted (closely related to size of borrower), and, secondly, upon the type of business borrowing the funds.

At least 90 per cent of the term loans made during 1946 were small in size, averaging \$3,700. The small term loan is typically secured by real estate or a chattel mortgage on equipment. It is repayable on an equal instalment basis and matures within five years. The interest charges are about double those for very large loans. An interesting development in the extension of small term loans has been the increasing use of the loan agreement by which the borrower covenants to follow certain prescribed policies as noted below for large loans.

The large term loan is most frequently an unsecured note accompanied by a term loan agreement. The lender relies upon the general financial strength and earning prospects of the borrower. The agreement usually restricts the pledging of fixed assets by the borrower, limits any other longterm borrowing while the term loan is in effect, and requires that the borrower maintain certain liquidity standards as well as provide the lender with periodic financial statements. Sometimes there is provision for lump-sum payment at maturity, but more often the loan takes the form of a group of serial notes maturing at different dates or a single note amortized on an instalment basis. A considerable number of these large term loans are made by groups of participating banks; insurance companies may be members of a group and take up the longer maturities, such as those coming due in more than 10 and in cases more than 15 years.

The revolving credit arrangement, whereby the borrowing business acquires the right to borrow a specified maximum amount for a stated period of time (usually one to three years), is a form of term loan not fully covered by the survey. Under this plan amounts borrowed on the line of credit are evidenced by individual notes, in most cases of shorter term than the period of commitment, and a commitment fee is paid by the borrower to the bank on any unused portion of the maximum amount that the lending institution obligates itself to make available. As the notes mature they can be

replaced by new notes. To the extent that notes maturing within one year were issued under revolving credit arrangements, they were not included as term loans in this survey.

One interesting trend in term lending during 1946 has been the development of a revolving credit agreement with provision for conversion to a term loan basis upon the termination of the period of the bank's commitment to lend a stipulated sum. Under this arrangement the note or notes due for payment at the end of the commitment period may be converted to<sup>•</sup>a term loan. If the borrower converts to a term loan, he uses the proceeds to cancel the old obligation, and generally repays the new loan in 3 to 10 years under a prescribed repayment plan.

Where a considerable period of time may elapse between the negotiation of the term credit arrangement and the disbursement of funds to the borrower, it is customary to cover the stand-by period with a firm commitment by the bank to advance the funds when called upon. Usually a commission fee is charged by the bank for this commitment period. Firm commitments for which a fee is charged also arise where a bank arranges to make advances from time to time until a date when all of the funds that the borrower intends to borrow under the agreement have been advanced and the term loan arrangement goes into effect.<sup>2</sup>

According to the survey results, the total volume of member bank funds available to borrowers under commitments where the borrower was paying a commitment fee amounted to 2 billion dollars as of November 20, 1946. Of this sum about one-third had already been drawn down. While a considerable proportion of the funds under such commitments was probably for conventional term loans, a sizable amount was likely accounted for by various revolving credit arrangements not included as term credit in this survey.

#### Type of Borrower Using Term Loans

As a method of obtaining medium- and longerterm credit, term loans by banks are a source of funds for many different types of business enterprise. In recent years business establishments have indicated an increasing preference for medium-

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term credit as compared to short-term credit. The possibility of default on short-term loans (normally renewable) when repayment is accelerated during periods of sharp business contraction, encouraged the desire for medium-term credit repayable over a period of several years on an instalment basis.<sup>3</sup> In addition, developments beginning with the termination of warfare in the European Theatre and accelerating after V-J Day stimulated the widespread use of the term loan. Metal product manufacturers and many other war contractors were in need of medium-term funds for reconversion and replacement purposes. Individuals organizing the numerous new retail and service establishments, including members of the medical professions who were equipping offices after military service, needed small credit advances. New but small trucking concerns were also in need of funds. Rapidly expanding industries, such as commercial airlines, required substantial sums to finance equipment purchases and hangar installations.

Manufacturing and mining concerns were indebted for slightly more than one-half of the 4.6 billion dollars of business term loans outstanding at member banks on November 20, 1946. As Table 2 shows, however, these concerns represented only one-seventh of the total number of term borrowers. Retail trade enterprises accounted for the largest proportion of the total number of term loans or nearly two-fifths of the 144,000 outstanding. These loans to retailers were small in size and amounted to one-tenth of the total dollar amount of term loans outstanding. Service establishments also accounted for a sizable number of term loans and for a small proportion of the total dollar amount outstanding. Public utilities (including transportation companies) were important users of term loans. Their notes payable to banks on a term basis, used in substantial part for refunding purposes, included one-fifth of the dollar volume and one-eighth of the number of term loans. The wholesale trades and sales finance companies, which customarily rely very heavily on short-term borrowing, were responsible for only a small fraction of either volume or number of term loans.

Of the broad industrial groups, public utilities showed the largest proportion of term loans rela-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A statement describing the development and use of the stand-by credit as a method of lending by banks is given by George Champion in the *Report of the Committee on Bank Credit Practices* (Proceedings of the Thirty-Fith Annual Convention, Association of Reserve City Bankers, 1946), pp. 29-36.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For a discussion of changes affecting the volume and nature of business demands for external financing in recent years, see Neil H. Jacoby and Raymond J. Saulnier, *Business Finance and Banking* (National Bureau of Economic Research, 1947).

#### TERM LOANS OF MEMBER BANKS TO BUSINESS, NOVEMBER 20, 1946, BY BUSINESS OF BORROWER

Business of borrower	Amount of loans (In	Number of loans (In		ntage bution	As a percentage of all loans to each business group <sup>1</sup>	
	millions)	thousands)	Amount	Number	Amount	Number
Retail trade, total. Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs. Apparel, dry goods, and department stores Home furnishings, metal products, and building materials Automobiles, parts, and filling stations. All other.	135 120 56	53.9 24.6 4.5 8.6 10.8 5.4	9.0 3.0 2.6 1.2 1.5 0.6	37.3 17.0 3.1 6.0 7.5 3.7	27.8 34.1 28.4 •20.1 •34.7 16.0	21.3 30.0 13.3 14.8 24.3 15.8
Wholesale trade, total. Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs. Apparel and dry goods. Home furnishings, metal products, and building materials Automobiles, parts, and petroleum. All other.	101 27 38	9.8 3.8 0.4 2.3 1.5 1.8	4.9 2.2 0.6 0.8 0.7 0.6	6.8 2.6 0.3 1.6 1.1 1.2	9.3 10.0 4.7 12.3 31.3 6.2	11.2 12.2 4.5 10.6 18.8 10.3
Manufacturing and mining, total. Food, liquor, and tobacco. Textiles, apparel, and leather Metals and metal products. Petroleum, coal, chemicals, and rubber. All other.	392 100 712 759	21.1 2.5 1.4 6.0 2.6 8.5	52.0 8.6 2.2 15.6 16.6 9.0	14.6 1.8 1.0 4.2 1.6 5.9	41.8 25.4 20.4 43.5 71.0 43.4	18.3 14.5 8.9 20.6 19.5 21.2
Public utilities (including transportation companies) Services Construction Sales finance All other <sup>2</sup>		16.9 24.1 7.7 0.2 10.6	21.1 5.1 1.4 1.6 4.9	11.7 16.7 5.3 0.2 7.4	78.0 47.3 14.2 9.4 31.9	44.0 31.5 18.0 3.3 28.4
All term borrowers	\$4,558	144.4	100.0	100.0	34.4	21.5

[Estimates of outstanding loans]

<sup>1</sup> All loans include member bank loans to business with maturities of one year or less as well as term loans.
 <sup>2</sup> Includes a small amount and number of loans unclassified by business of borrower.
 NOTE.—Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding.

tive to their total bank borrowings (three-fourths) and manufacturing and mining concerns the next largest (two-fifths). Within manufacturing and mining, there was wide variation in the relative use of term loans as a type of bank credit. Thev amounted to three-fourths of total borrowings in the petroleum, coal, chemicals, and rubber group, and to one-fourth in the food, liquor, and tobacco, and the textile groups.

Size of borrower. The importance of the large business enterprise in the dollar volume of bank term lending is shown in Table 3, which indicates that two-thirds of the amount of all term loans outstanding on the date of the survey were to concerns with total assets of 5 million dollars or more. Within this group, manufacturing and mining companies and public utilities accounted for practically all of the term borrowing (2.6 billion of the total of 3 billion).

The bank loan with a maturity of more than one year has become increasingly available to mediumand small-size enterprises. At the time of the survey

98 per cent of the number of member bank term loans represented advances to enterprises having assets of less than 5 million dollars. That the vast majority of term loans are extended to small business is further emphasized by the fact that enterprises having assets of less than \$250,000 accounted for 90 per cent of the number of term loans outstanding or about 133,000. Although these loans amounted to no more than one-sixth of the dollar amount of term loans outstanding, the term loan is a well-established and accepted type of transaction for making credit available to small businesses. While loans to all such businesses were not a large proportion of total term loans outstanding, their relative importance to individual small concerns was probably high because alternative financial sources for long-term credit are not readily available to these enterprises.

As Table 3 makes clear, however, term borrowing has not become equally prevalent among all sizes of borrowers. The lower half of this table indicates the percentage of all business borrowings

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#### TERM LOANS OF MEMBER BANKS TO BUSINESS, NOVEMBER 20, 1946, BY BUSINESS AND SIZE OF BORROWER

[Estimates of outstanding loans]

			-									
Business of borrower	Business of borrower busi-	(Total assets, in thousands of dollars)			A11	(Tota		of borro in thousa	wer ands of d	ollars)		
		busi- nesses <sup>1</sup>	Under 50	50- 250	250- 750	750- 5,000	5,000 and over					
		Amount of term loans, in millions						Number o	of term lo	ans, in t	housands	
Retail trade Wholesale trade Manufacturing and mining Dublic willities	\$ 404 223 2,367	\$142 22 45	\$ 82 48 95	\$ 31 26 95	\$ 21 36 308	\$ 128 91 1,824	53.4 9.7 20.9	45.7 5.8 10.7	6.6 2.8 5.0	• 0.7 0.6 1.6	0.2 0.3 1.5	0.2 0.1 2.0
Public utilities (including trans- portation companies) Services	939 229 325	37 63 45	33 52 79	31 16 38	70 30 57	768 69 107	16.6 23.6 17.8	11.4 19.7 11.8	2.2 3.3 4.3	0.6 0.5 1.2	0.5 0.1 0.4	1.8 (²) 0.1
All term borrowers 1	\$4,487	\$354	\$388	\$237	\$522	\$2,987	142.0	105.1	24.2	5.3	3.1	4.3
	As a percentage of all loans to each business-size group <sup>3</sup>											
Retail trade Wholesale trade Manufacturing and mining Public utilities (including trans-	27.8 9.3 41.9	30.2 14.1 24.2	19.9 9.0 15.9	20.9 6.4 17.3	14.2 6.5 26.9	45.9 12.0 57.5	21.3 11.2 18.2	23.2 14.4 20.7	14.4 8.7 13.5	14.2 7.1 13.1	11.6 7.6 17.6	33.0 8.8 38.4
portation companies) Services	77.9 47.7 17.4	$51.9 \\ 43.4 \\ 24.6$	40.8 37.4 19.4	$53.0 \\ 32.5 \\ 15.6$	64.7 50.3 15.4	86.6 77.4 16.1	42.4 31.2 18.7	42.1 32.2 21.2	33.3 27.1 15.8	47.0 27.0 17.7	56.3 25.7 10.3	83.1 37.7 7.4
All term borrowers <sup>1</sup>	34.3	29.2	17.9	16.3	21.9	51.0	21.5	24.3	15.0	14.6	15.5	38.8

<sup>1</sup> Excludes a small amount of loans unclassified by business and size of borrower.

<sup>2</sup> Less than 50.
 <sup>3</sup> All loans include member bank loans to business with original maturities of one year or less as well as term loans. NOTE.—Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding.

from banks that is in the form of term loans, both by number and dollar amounts. Two-fifths of the number and one-half of the amount of total bank borrowings of concerns with assets of 5 million dollars or above were term loans. For businesses with assets from \$50,000 to 5 million dollars no more than one-seventh of the number and one-fifth of the amount of their bank credit was term credit, and it would appear that the smaller the size of the borrower within this group the less frequently term credit was used. Very small business establishments (assets under \$50,000), however, had onequarter of the number and somewhat more of the volume of their bank borrowings on a term basis.

It is noteworthy that term loans were such a high proportion of total loans to very small businesses. Outstanding term loans to these concerns, the majority of which were retail and service establishments, were of small average size-about \$3,500. It is likely that a substantial volume of this type of lending to business was done through personal loan or consumer credit departments of banks.

Businesses organized after 1942. On the date of

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the survey, more than a third of the amount and number of term loans outstanding at member banks to small enterprises (assets under \$250,000) were to businesses organized after 1942. As Table 4 indicates, the proportion was especially high-54 per cent of the number and 48 per cent of the dollar volume-in the case of such borrowers having less than \$50,000 of assets. Predominant in number among these newly organized borrowers were retailers and service establishments. Term loans to relatively new enterprises were much less important in volume and number for businesses with total assets of \$250,000 or more. This is reasonable since most new businesses are very small establishments and not many of them would have expanded into medium-size or large units between 1943 and the end of 1946.

Businesses organized since 1942 accounted for a larger proportion of the total number of term loans outstanding than their numerical weight in the total business population would suggest. It is estimated that these new firms made up about onequarter of the total business population at the time

TERM LOANS OF MEMBER BANKS TO BUSINESS, NOVEMBER 20, 1946, BY SIZE AND DATE OF ORGANIZATION OF BORROWER

Size of borrower (Total assets, in thousands of dollars)	After 1942	1942 or before	After 1942	1942 or before
		Amount	of loans	
	• In m	illions	Percentage tion will busines	hin each
Under 50 50-250 250-750 750-5,000 5,000 and over	\$170 101 32 35 44	\$ 184 287 206 486 2,943	48.1 26.1 13.3 6.7 1.5	51.9 73.9 86.7 93.3 98.5
All borrowers <sup>1</sup> .	\$382	\$4,106 Number	8.5 of loans	91.5
-	In tho	usands	Percentage tion with busines	h <b>in e</b> ach
Under 50 50–250 250–750 750–5,000 5,000 and over	56.8 4.9 0.5 0.1 0.1	48.2 19.3 4.7 2.9 4.3	54.1 20.1 10.1 4.6 2.0	45.9 79.9 89.9 95.4 98.0
All borrowers <sup>1</sup> .	62.4	79.5	44.0	56.0

[Estimates of outstanding loans]

<sup>1</sup> Excludes a small amount of loans unclassified by size and date of organization of borrower. NOTE.—Detailed figures may not add to totals because of

rounding.

of the survey and accounted for over two-fifths of the number of term loans outstanding. Of the 142,000 term loans classified as to whether or not the borrower was in business in 1942, it is estimated that as many as 62,000 were to relatively new concerns. It is shown in Table 4, however, that these same loans were a relatively small part of the dollar volume of all term loans; they amounted to less than one-tenth of the 4.6 billion dollars outstanding on November 20, 1946.

Corporate status of business. The larger dollar volume of term loans outstanding near the end of 1946 was to corporations but the greater number of these loans was to unincorporated establishments. The corporate form of organization is especially frequent in manufacturing and the public utilities (including transportation), where the amount of term lending was greatest. Even in these groups, however, a large proportion of the number of term loans was to unincorporated borrowers. For all term loans outstanding on the date of the survey,

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TABLE 5
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TERM LOANS OF MEMBER BANKS TO BUSINESS, NOVEMBER 20, 1946, BY BUSINESS AND CORPORATE STATUS OF BORROWER

[Estimates of outstanding loans]

Business of borrower	Incor- porated	Unincor- porated	Incor- porated	Unincor- porated			
		Amount	of loans	<u></u>			
	In mi	illions	Percentage dis- tribution within each business group				
Retail trade Wholesale trade Manufacturing and mining, Food, liquor, and tobacco Metals and metal prod- ucts Petroleum, coal, chem-	\$ 192 158 2,158 366 655	\$216 67 <i>214</i> 25 57	47.1 70.3 <i>91.0</i> 93.6 92.0	52.9 29.7 9.0 6.4 8.0			
icals, and rubber All other manufacturing and mining Public utilities (including j	679 457	80 51	89.4 89.9	10.6 10.1			
transportation compa- nies) Services All other	873 121 215	86 112 145	91.1 51.9 59.8	8.9 48.1 40.2			
All term borrowers 1	\$3,718	\$839	81.6	18.4			
	Number of loans						
	In thos	usands	Percentage dis- tribution within each business group				
Retail trade Wholesale trade Manufacturing and mining. Food, liquor, and tobacco Metals and metal prod-	4.0 2.2 7.8 1.0	49.9 7.6 13.3 1.6	7.4 22.7 37.1 38.9	92.6 77.3 62.9 61.1			
ucts	2.7	3.3	45.0	55.0			
Petroleum, coal, chem- icals, and rubber All other manufacturing	1.3	1.3	48.6	51.4			
and mining Public utilities (including	2.9	7.1	28.9	71.1			
transportation compa- nies) Services All other	4.6 1.8 3.2	$12.2 \\ 22.4 \\ 15.3$	27.6 7.5 17.3	72.4 92.5 82.7			
All term borrowers 1	23.7	120.6	16.4	83.6			

<sup>1</sup> Excludes a small amount of loans unclassified by business and corporate status of borrower, NoTE.—Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table 5 indicates that 82 per cent of the volume was corporate borrowing, while 84 per cent of the number was noncorporate borrowing.

#### CHARACTERISTICS OF TERM LOANS

Traditional methods of credit appraisal and the form of credit instrument used by banks in advancing 30-, 60-, and 90-day notes to businesses are not adequate for term loan transactions. The term loan is a specialized type of lending designed to fit

the particular needs and requirements of individual borrowers. The average term loan does not mature for several years from time of making and commercial banks extending this type of credit must place considerable emphasis on the financial and industrial prospects of the borrower. Among the major items to be considered are future earning power, ability to meet scheduled payments, ability to maintain a prudent level of liquidity for operating purposes, continuity of management, existing and future competitive position within the industry, and assurance that assets will not be pledged to the detriment of the term loan creditor. Less emphasis is given to the debtor's ability to retire debt from sales receipts over a period of a few months and to his short-run liquidity and working capital position. Because of these features of term credit, loans are often covered by an agreement under which the borrower covenants to follow prescribed financial policies.

Term loan characteristics thus differ substantially from those of loans maturing within one year. The differences relate to repayment method, nature of security, interest charges, and type of loan agreement. Term loan agreements usually provide for maintenance of a standard current position by the debtor, limit other long-term indebtedness, assure provision to the lender of adequate financial information on the borrower's affairs, require acceleration of debt retirement under certain conditions, and deal with other matters relevant in particular cases. The following sections present the information about term loan characteristics provided by the commercial and industrial loan survey.

Size of loan. About 90 per cent of all term loans made in 1946 were for amounts less than \$25,000. In the 12 months prior to the survey there were roughly 107,000 of such loans made and they totaled only 400 million dollars or about 13 per cent of the estimated amount of all term loans made by member banks to business during the year. These loans, which were extended primarily to business establishments with less than \$250,000 of assets, averaged \$3,700 in size.

Less than one-tenth of the number and amount of term loans made in the 12-month period preceding the survey varied in size from \$25,000 to \$99,999. The borrowers to whom these loans were made were not concentrated in either the small or the large size groups of business concerns.

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Approximately 4,300 of the term loans closed during 1946 were for amounts of \$100,000 or above. They totaled 2.5 billion dollars, or almost four-fifths of the total amount of all term disbursements by member banks. For the most part loans of this large size were made to business enterprises with assets of \$750,000 or more.

The size distribution of term loans given in Table 6 is based on loans outstanding on November 20, 1946 but made in the preceding 12 months. Thus, except for repayments during the year, the size-of-loan figures represent the original amounts of term loans made by member banks in 1946.

#### TABLE 6

TERM LOANS MADE BY MEMBER BANKS TO BUSINESS, NOVEMBER 1945-NOVEMBER 1946, BY SIZE OF LOAN<sup>1</sup>

of loans made	Number of loans made	Percentage distribution		
(In millions)	(In thousands)	Amount	Number	
\$ 3 9 122 103	10.4 13.3 54.6 16.7	0.1 0.3 3.8 3.2	8.6 11.1 45.6 13.9	
105 136 161 527	4.9 2.9 2.9	5.1 4.2 5.0 16.3	10.7 4.1 2.5 2.4	
400	0.8	12.4 49.8	0.6 0.5 100.0	
	made (In millions) \$ 3 9 122 103 165 136 161 527 400	made (In millions)         made (In thousands)           \$ 3         10.4           9         13.3           122         54.6           103         16.7           165         12.9           136         4.9           161         2.9           460         0.8           1,616         0.6	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	

<sup>1</sup> Estimates of term loans made from Nov. 1, 1945 through Nov. 20, 1946 and outstanding on the latter date; excludes that portion of term loans made during this period but paid in full or in part before the date of the survey. NOTE.—Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding.

Original term of loan. The maturity at time of making of about one-fifth of the number of term loans arranged during 1946 was over five years. Such loans numbered approximately 25,000 and accounted for slightly more than one-half the total amount of term loans made.

Banks with total deposits of 500 million dollars or more extended a higher proportion of the total amount of term loans for periods of over five years than did banks of any other size. Loans to petroleum companies and public utilities accounted for a large volume of long-maturity loans for this size of bank. In the financing of food, liquor, and tobacco manufacturers, a considerable volume of loans was also extended with final maturities of more than five years. Repayment provisions. An overwhelming majority of all term loans outstanding near the end of 1946 were repayable on an equal instalment basis. Some 84 per cent of the number of term borrowers were repaying their notes on an equal instalment basis; these loans accounted for 43 per cent of the total volume of term lending outstanding. In general, the term loans to retail trade and service establishments had equal instalment repayment provisions. Single-payment notes and unequal instalment repayment notes each accounted for nearly 20 per cent of the volume of term loans outstanding but only 7 and 6 per cent respectively of the number. Single-payment notes were important in the construction and the food, liquor, and tobacco industries. In this latter group, a number of the single-payment notes possibly originated in connection with revolving credit arrangements. Loans repaid in unequal instalments, probably "balloon" type notes with large final payments, were relatively more important in petroleum lending than in any other type of business credit.

The nature of security. Some type of security was held by commercial banks in the case of 82

			Lesting	ates of of	nstanun	ig toansj							
	Size of borrower (Total assets, in thousands of dollars)						All	Size of borrow. (Total assets, in thousand					
Type of security	bor- rowers <sup>1</sup>	Under 50	50- 250	250- 750	750- 5,000	5,000 and over	bor- rowers <sup>1</sup>	Under 50	50- 250	250- 750	750- 5,000	5,000 and over	
		Amou	nt of loan	ns, in mi	llions			Numbe	er of loan	s, in thou	ısandş		
Unsecured	\$2,638 1,851	\$ 44 310	\$ 31 357	\$ 48 190	\$222 299	\$2,292 695	26.1 115.8	19.0 85.9	2.6 21.6	$\begin{array}{c} 0.8 \\ 4.5 \end{array}$	1.1 2.0	2.6 1.8	
All term loans 1	4,488	354	388	238	521	2,987	141.9	105.0	24.2	5.3	3.1	4.3	
Secured: Endorsed and co-maker Inventory Equipment Plant and other real estate Stocks and bonds Accounts receivable, assign- ment of claims, life insur-	74 57 446 583 306	12 3 107 164 8	7 4 73 220 11	12 12 40 73 8	23 15 75 67 36	20 24 150 59 243	7.2 1.4 51.0 45.2 2.4	6.1 1.0 42.8 29.9 1.3	0.7 0.2 5.4 12.7 0.6	0.2 0.1 1.3 1.9 0.1	0.1 0.1 0.6 0.6 0.2	(2) 0.1 0.8 0.1 0.2	
ance Oil runs	141 131	8 1	13 4	13 13	25 41	82 72	5.0 0.6	3.0 0.1	1.1 0.1	0.3	$\begin{array}{c} 0.2 \\ 0.2 \end{array}$	0.4 (2)	
Government participation or guarantee Other security	62 49	6 1	25 1	16 2	10 7	5 38	1.6 1.4	0.7 1.1	0.6 0.2	0.2 0.1	0.1 (²)	(2) 0.1	
					Percenta	ge distrib	ution of a	ill loans			·		
Unsecured Secured	58.8 41.2	12.5 87.5	8.1 91.9	20.1 79.9	42.7 57.3	76.7 23.3	18.4 81.6	18.1 81.9	10.8 89.2	15.5 84.5	35.1 64.9	59.2 40.8	
All term loans <sup>1</sup>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
				Perce	ntage dis	tribution	of all sec	ured term	loans		·	•	
Secured: Endorsed and co-maker Inventory Equipment Plant and other real estate Stocks and bonds Accounts receivable, assign- ment of claims, life insur-	3.1	3.9 0.8 34.6 52.8 2.7	1.9 1.1 20.4 61.7 3.0	6.5 6.3 21.1 38.4 4.5	7.7 4.9 25.2 22.5 11.9	2.9 3.5 21.6 8.5 35.0	6.2 1.2 44.1 39.1 2.1	7.1 1.1 49.8 34.7 1.6	3.1 0.9 24.9 58.7 2.9	5.5 3.3 30.2 43.2 2.4	4.8 2.9 31.9 31.8 7.5	1.9 3.5 47.2 6.4 10.1	
ance Oil runs Government participation or guarantee	7.6 7.1 3.4	2.5 0.3 2.0	3.6 1.1 7.0	6.7 6.7 8.5	8.5 13.8 3.3	11.9 10.4 0.7	4.3 0.5 1.3	3.5 0.1 0.8	5.0 0.5 3.0	6.7 3.6 3.7	9.1 8.1 2.9	22.0 2.0 1.4	
Other security All secured term loans	2.7	0.4	0.2	1.3	2.2	5.5	1.2	1.2	0.9	1.2	1.0	5.5	
An secured term loans	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

Term Loans of Member Banks to Business, November	20, 1946, by Type of Security and Size of Borrower
Estimates of ou	tstanding loans

TABLE 7

<sup>1</sup> Excludes a small amount of loans not classified by type of security and size of borrower.

<sup>2</sup> Less than 50. NOTE.—Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding.

per cent of the total number of term loans outstanding on November 20, 1946. Although the unsecured loans outstanding were relatively small in number, their average size was considerably larger than the secured type and they made up 59 per cent of the total dollar amount. The most important types of security used were plant or other real estate, chattel mortgages (particularly on equipment), and stocks and bonds including securities of affiliated companies. These three types of security were used for 72 per cent of the volume of secured loans.

Small businesses most often pledged real estate or equipment as security for their term loans. These two types of security, as Table 7 shows, accounted for over four-fifths of the number and amount of secured term loans to business enterprises with assets of less than \$250,000 each.

The term loans of large business establishments were primarily unsecured. Three-fourths of the amount of term loans outstanding to businesses with assets of 5 million dollars or more was unsecured; a sizable proportion of the loans to concerns with assets of \$250,000 to \$750,000 was also unsecured.

Where term loans to large businesses were secured, the types of security pledged differed considerably from the security advanced by the small business concern except for chattel mortgages or assignments of title on equipment. Equipment items accounted for almost one-half the number of secured term loans of the largest businesses. Large businesses frequently financed the purchase of machinery and equipment such as commercial refrigeration and air conditioning, printing, textile, and other plant machinery, airplanes and other transportation equipment, and hotel furnishings, by a term loan repayable on an instalment basis and secured by the item purchased. Stocks and bonds, particularly those of affiliated companies, were a relatively important type of security for large business enterprises. These same concerns, however, rarely pledged real estate as collateral for a term loan.

The extent to which banks of various sizes made use of the sectured loan in financing business reflects, of course, the character of the medium- and longterm credit market to which they cater. Only 28 per cent of the term loans of the largest banks were secured. Stocks and bonds were the collateral for

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31 per cent of these loans, and chattel mortgages or real estate for another 30 per cent. A little over 10 per cent of the volume of secured loans of the largest banks were oil production loans commonly termed "oil run" loans.

In the case of banks with deposits of less than 10 million dollars each, about 90 per cent of the volume of term loans was secured. These advances were primarily loans to retail and service establishments, and were secured by either real estate or chattel mortgages on equipment. The smaller the bank the more important were chattel and real estate mortgages as types of security.

The largest volume of loans participated in or guaranteed by the Federal Government was reported by banks with 10 to 100 million dollars of total deposits. As much as 8 per cent of their outstanding term loans was guaranteed or participated in by the Government.

Interest charges. Interest on an individual term loan is usually at a flat per annum rate applicable to the entire period of the loan. A graduated schedule with lower rates on the shorter instalments, however, is adopted in some cases, particularly in connection with the large term loan. The large term loan may also provide that the interest rate charged will maintain a constant differential above the rediscount rate at the Federal Reserve Bank of the lending bank's district. Thus, if the Reserve Bank rediscount rate is raised, the interest rate charged on the outstanding term loan balance will be correspondingly increased.

The average rate of interest charged by member banks for term loans made in 1946 was 2.7 per cent. As would be expected, the rate of interest varied inversely with the size of loan. Table 8 indicates that average interest charged on term loans of various sizes ranged from 2.0 per cent per annum on amounts of 1 million dollars and over to 9.1 per cent on amounts of less than \$500. For term loans in the size classification of \$1,000 to \$4,999, the average rate charged was 6.0 per cent. Many loans in the smaller size groups were consumer credit type loans. Rates charged by large and small banks were very similar on term loans of less than \$5,000. For term loans of larger size, borrowers paid somewhat lower rates when obtaining funds from the larger banks, except when the funds were obtained from a number of banks of various sizes under the same loan agreement.

Average Interest Rates on Term Loans Made by Member Banks to Business, November 1945–November 1946, by Size of Loan<sup>1</sup>

Size of loan (In dollars)	Average interest rate (Per cent)
Less than 500	
1,000-4,999. 5,000-9,999.	6.0
10,000-24,999. 25,000-49,999.	4.6
50,000–99,999 100,000–499,999	3.9
500,000–999,999 1,000,000 and over	2.4
All term loans	2.8

<sup>1</sup> Includes term loans made from Nov. 1, 1945 through Nov. 20, 1946 and outstanding on the latter date; excludes that portion of term loans made during this period but paid in full or in part before the date of the survey. This table measures the effective annual rate of interest, not the stated rate. Many small loans were consumer credit type loans where the charge was on a discount basis and the stated rate was therefore less than the effective rate.

The relation of rates, when term loans of similar size are distributed by the maturity of the loans, that is from over one to ten years or more, reflected the security used for the loans in the case of loans of smaller size. Real estate loans accounted for the bulk of the smaller term loans maturing in over five years; and the interest rates paid by borrowers for these loans were somewhat lower than the rates for chattel mortgage and most other secured loans that were of shorter maturity. Interest rates charged on similar sizes of loans above \$50,000 showed little variation by maturity.

#### CLASSES OF BANKS EXTENDING TERM CREDIT

Size of bank. It is estimated that 5,700 member banks held some term loans near the end of 1946. This was almost three-fourths of all member banks. The proportion of banks extending term loans varied directly by size of bank. Approximately 50 per cent of the smallest member banks (deposits under 2 million dollars) had some term loans while 100 per cent of the largest banks (deposits of 500 million dollars and above) held term loans at the time of the survey.

As Table 9 indicates, banks with total deposits of 100 million dollars or more supplied four-fifths of the total dollar amount of term loans to businesses, while banks with total deposits of less than 100 million dollars supplied four-fifths of the number of term loans. Thus as of the date of the survey banks with total deposits of 100 million dollars or more held approximately 33,000 term loans amounting in total to 3.7 billion dollars. Member banks with total deposits below 100 million dollars held an estimated 112,000 term loans amounting in total to 900 million dollars. The average number of term loans held by the larger banks was approximately 200 and by the small banks about 20.

#### TABLE 9

Estimated Number of Member Banks with Term Loans to Business, and Number and Amount of Term Loans, November 20, 1946, by Size of Bank

		Member banks with term loans							
Size of bank (Total deposits, in millions of dollars)	All mem- ber banks <sup>1</sup>	Num- ber <sup>1</sup>	As a per- centage of all member banks in each group	Amount of loans (In millions)	Number of loans (In thousands)				
Under 2 2~10 10–100 100–500 500 and over	2,007 4,280 1,401 144 25	1,022 3,283 1,206 138 25	50.9 76.7 86.1 95.8 100.0	\$ 20 253 571 963 2,751	6.3 46.0 59.5 22.1 10.5				
All member banks	7,857,	5,674	72.2	\$4,558	144.4				

<sup>1</sup> Includes branches of certain member banks which were considered to be separate lending institutions for sampling purposes.

The industrial composition of the term loan portfolios of the banks of different sizes indicates that small banks catered to the financial needs of the smaller types of enterprise, particularly retail, wholesale, and service establishments, while large banks served industries heavily weighted with large enterprises, such as the manufacturing and mining group and public utilities. Table 10 shows the amount of term credit extended by banks of various sizes to different types of business enterprise.

The average size of the term loans outstanding varied greatly not only for banks of different sizes but for businesses of different types. Thus the over-all average for banks with deposits of 500 million dollars or more was \$263,000, with the amount ranging by type of business borrower from approximately \$40,000 for retailers to over 1 million dollars for certain types of manufacturers. It should be pointed out that these averages are based on bank holdings and, because of participations, do not fully reflect the average indebtedness of term borrowers as shown by their books. Since participation of many banks in large individual term loans

[Estimates	s of outstand	ling loans]						
Business of borrower	All banks <sup>1</sup>	Size of bank (Total deposits, in millions of dollars)						
-	Danks 1	Under 2	2-10	10-100	100-500	500 and over		
		A	mount of lo	ans, in milli	ons			
Retail trade.       Wholesale trade.         Manufacturing and mining.       Food, liquor, and tobacco.         Metals and metal products.       Petroleum, coal, chemicals, and rubber.         All other manufacturing and mining.       Public utilities (including transportation companies).         Services.       All other.         All other.       All term borrowers 1	392 712	\$ 9 1 3 1 1 (2) 1 2 2 2 \$20	\$ 83 21 47 7 13 3 25 23 46 33 \$253	\$127 55 164 36 44 31 53 71 63 92 \$571	\$ 66 55 542 83 186 133. 140 187 40 72 \$962	\$ 123 92 1,615 265 468 592 290 677 81 162 \$2,751		
		Ave	rage size of i	loans, in tho	usands			
Retail trade. Wholesale trade. Manufacturing and mining. Food, liquor, and tobacco Metals and metal products. Petroleum, coal, chemicals, and rubber. All other manufacturing and mining. Public utilities (including transportation companies). Services. All other.	52 57 10 21	\$3 5 4 7 5 2 4 2 3 4	\$ 4 7 9 11 10 8 7 5 5 7	\$ 6 13 21 31 20 36 12 11 10	\$ 11 37 121 177 124 159 84 49 12 26	\$ 43 123 611 1,195 587 1,238 253 572 41 151 • 062		
All term borrowers <sup>1</sup>	\$ 32	\$3	\$ 5	\$10	\$ 44	\$ 263		

TABLE 10 TERM LOANS OF MEMBER BANKS TO BUSINESS, NOVEMBER 20, 1946, BY BUSINESS OF BORROWER AND SIZE OF BANK [Estimates of outstanding loans]

<sup>1</sup> Excludes a small amount of loans unclassified by business of borrower and size of bank. <sup>2</sup> Less than \$500,000.

NOTE .- Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding.

to big corporations is not uncommon, the average size of term loans computed from bank records is smaller than a corresponding average computed from the records of borrowers. However, inasmuch as participation among banks in individual term loans was probably not frequent in the cases of the relatively small loans made by banks to small businesses, the average size of term loans cited here for these borrowers probably approximates closely their average term indebtedness. For retail, service, and wholesale lines, the average term loan was \$8,000, \$10,000, and \$23,000 respectively.

The direct relationship between size of bank and size of borrower is shown by Table 11. The larger banks extended the greater part of their term credit to borrowers of large size, and the smaller banks extended their term credit mainly to borrowers of small size.

Cooperation among banks in term lending. As of the date of the survey, a substantial portion of the term loans outstanding at the various banks was the result of participation with other banks and lending institutions in extending credit to large

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businesses. Because of the large size and long maturity of many term loans, individual banks cooperate with other lenders (often their correspondent banks) in order to stay within maximum loan limits and to maintain diversification of loan risks. Where term loans of more than several million dollars are extended, it is not uncommon for 20 to 30 banks to participate. Although large New York City and Chicago banks usually handle such loans, the participants may include a number of the largest banks located in other metropolitan areas as well as a number of the smaller correspondent banks.

By dollar volume, at least one-third of the bank term loans outstanding near the end of 1946 were participating credits. These credits included less than 5 per cent of the total number of term loans, but the average size of the outstanding notes held by participating banks was roughly \$240,000. This was twelve times the size of the average term loan that involved no participation among lenders. Table 12 shows the dollar totals of loans made with the cooperation of other lenders and their percentage

relationship to total term loans both by size of bank and by size of borrower. While participations are more frequently arranged in the case of large borrowers, it is interesting to note that the practice extends even to concerns having assets of under \$50,000.

#### TABLE 11

TERM LOANS OF MEMBER BANKS TO BUSINESS, NOVEMBER 20, 1946, BY SIZE OF BORROWER AND SIZE OF BANK [Estimates of outstanding loans]

Size of borrower		Size of bank (Total deposits, in millions of dollars)									
(Total assets, in thousands of dollars)	All banks <sup>1</sup>	Under 2	2-10	10- 100	100- 500	500 and over					
		Amount of loans, in millions									
Under 50 50-250 250-750 750-5,000 5,000 and over	\$ 354 388 238 521 2,987	$ \begin{array}{c c} \$17\\ 3\\ (^2)\\ (^2)\\ (^2)\\ (^2) \end{array} $	\$137 89 19 5 1	\$144 199 93 74 52	\$ 45 83 94 220 495	\$ 11 13 31 222 2,440					
All term bor- rowers <sup>1</sup>	\$4,488	\$20	\$251	\$562	\$938	\$2,717					
		Perc	entage d	listribut	ion						
Under 50 50-250 250-750 750-5,000 5,000 and over	7.9 8.6 5.3 11.6 66.6	82.2 17.1 0.3 0.2 0.1	54.7 35.5 7.5 2.1 0.2	25.6 35.5 16.6 13.1 9.2	4.8 8.9 10.1 23.5 52.8	0.4 0.5 1.2 8.2 89.8					
All term bor- rowers <sup>1</sup>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0					

<sup>1</sup> Excludes a small amount of loans unclassified by size of bor-rower and size of bank. <sup>2</sup> Less than \$500,000. NOTE.—Detailed figures may not add to totals because of

rounding.

A nominal proportion of the volume of participating credits were loans made in cooperation with agencies of the Federal Government, including the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and the Federal Reserve Banks.

#### IMPORTANCE OF FINANCIAL CENTERS IN TERM LENDING

In most Federal Reserve districts the pattern of member bank loans to business followed the pattern of local business activity. Important exceptions to this generalization were found in the two largest financial centers in the United States-New York and Chicago-where the very large banks lent heavily to industries located outside their own districts. Member banks in the New York and Chicago Districts held three-fifths of the amount of all term loans outstanding on the date of the survey. As shown by Table 13, in both these districts at least 40 per cent of the volume of total business loans held by banks was in term loans.

Term lending to medium- and small-size businesses appeared to be most highly developed in the San Francisco Federal Reserve District. Member banks in this district had an estimated 41,000 term loans in their portfolios on the date of the survey. This was double the estimated number for banks in any other single district and included slightly more than one-quarter of the estimated total number outstanding throughout the country. The average size of term loans was considerably smaller in the San Francisco District (\$11,500)

#### TABLE 12

TERM LOANS OF MEMBER BANKS ON A PARTICIPATION BASIS, NOVEMBER 20, 1946 BY SIZE OF BANK AND SIZE OF BORROWER

[Estimates of outstanding loans]

		cooperation er lenders		Loans in cooperation with other lenders		
Size of bank (Total deposits, in millions of dollars)	In millions	As a percentage of total term loans of each group	Size of borrower (Total assets, in thousands of dollars)	In millions	As a percentage of total term loans to each group	
Under 2. 2-10. 10-100 100-500. 500 and over. All banks.	34 97 349 1,079	3.6 13.5 16.9 36.2 39.2 34.2	Under 50	\$ 14 42 37 137 1,321 \$1,550	3.8 10.8 15.4 26.3 44.2 34.5	

<sup>1</sup> Excludes a small amount of loans unclassified by size of borrower and by participation. Note.—Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding.

than in either New York or Chicago (\$94,000 and \$39,500 respectively).

The term lending operations of New York and Chicago banks were characterized chiefly by substantial credit extensions to industries providing metal and metals products, petroleum, coal, chemicals, rubber, and public utility services. In contrast, member banks of the San Francisco District lent approximately as much to retail trade and

Bureau of Economic Research, total term loan balances of all commercial banks (both member and nonmember banks) amounted to 2.4 billion dollars at the end of 1940.4 With a liberal allowance of 300 million dollars for nonmember banks, it is estimated that total term loan balances of all commercial banks amounted to approximately 4.9 billion dollars near the close of 1946. The increase in term loan volume may be somewhat overstated

Term Loans of Member Banks t		November 20 outstanding 1		ederal Rese	rve D:strict	
Federal Reserve district	Amount of loans (In	Number of loans (In	Percentage	distribution	As a percen business loan banks in ea	s by member
	millions)	thousands)	Amount	Number	Amount	Number

9.2 21.5 4.9

9.3 7.1

6 5

18.7

6.6 5.1

6.7

41.3

144.4

 $5.3 \\ 44.4 \\ 2.5$ 

7.3 2.5 1.7

16.2

3.0

2.3

3.0 10.5

100.0

TABLE 13

<sup>1</sup> Total business loans include member bank loans with original maturities of one year or less as well as term loans. NOTE.—Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding.

\$ 240 2,022 115

333

116

740

135

103

138

479

\$4,558

service establishments and to manufacturers in the food and liquor industries as they did to public utilities and manufacturers of metal products.

Term loans were less important as a part of the business lending of member banks in the Atlanta and Philadelphia Districts than in other districts. The number and amount of term loans relative to total bank borrowings of the various types of business were consistently low in these two districts, where less than one-seventh of the number and one-fifth of the amount of all business loans were on a term basis.

#### COMPARISON WITH TERM LENDING OF BANKS IN PREVIOUS YEARS

The amount of term loans outstanding near the close of 1946 was roughly double that of any prewar year. According to estimates made by the National

as the National Bureau estimate for 1940 may not have adequately covered real estate loans.

6.4 14.9 3.4

6.4 4.9

4 5

13.0

4.5

4.6

5 3

28.6

100.0

32.1 43.8 20.4

39.6

23.4 14.0

40.2

24.6 25.0

24.5

21 2

28.0

34.4

18.3 18.8 12.2

16.8 142

25.6

19.3

33.3

21.5

Certain limited comparisons can be made between the results of the 1946 survey and data for the year 1941 covering the term lending of approximately 100 of the largest banks as reported by the National Bureau.<sup>5</sup> By combining certain data in the 1946 survey for the two largest sizes of banks (100-500 million dollars and 500 million dollars and above), a basis is provided for comparing some of the 1946 information with that of the 1941 survey.

Boston.

lew York

New York..... Philadelphia.....

chmond.....

Minneapolis

Dallas..... San Francisco.....

All districts....

Cleveland.....

Atlanta......

Kansas City.....

Chicago.....

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Neil H. Jacoby and Raymond J. Saulnier, Term Lend-ing to Business (National Bureau of Economic Research, 1942), and Financing Equipment for Commercial and Indus-trial Enterprise (National Bureau of Economic Research, 1944). The figure of 2.4 billion dollars includes the National Bureau estimate of commercial and industrial equipment paper, which was excluded from the term loan outstanding estimate contained in Term Lending to Business. <sup>5</sup> Ibid.

It is evident that banks holding term loans today participate with other lenders in extending term credit to a much smaller degree than in 1941. At that time about two-thirds of the volume of loans was made with the cooperation of other lenders. Today the fraction is no more than one-third.

There appears to be very little difference in the types of companies financed through term credit by large banks five years ago and today, with the possible exception of sales finance companies. The term borrowings of these companies were considerably larger in 1941, reflecting the greater volume and longer term of consumer instalment receivables held at that time. Manufacturing and mining establishments and public utilities received the bulk of bank term funds in both periods; retail and wholesale establishments borrowed relatively small amounts. Two-thirds of the dollar amount of loans was unsecured in both years, and the secured loans in both periods were most frequently backed by plant and other real estate, by chattel mortgages on equipment, and by stocks and bonds. There is some evidence, however, that stocks and bonds are not used as widely for security purposes today.

There are few indications that the original ma-

turity of term loans has changed in any noticeable manner or that there have been any significant changes in the provisions for repayment of these loans since before the war.<sup>6</sup> The bulk of term loans in 1940 and 1946 were repayable in equal, or substantially equal, instalments.

Average interest rates on term loans appear to be somewhat lower today than they were in 1942. A survey by the Federal Reserve System of the loans closed by member banks between April 15 and May 15, 1942 showed that business borrowers then paid an average rate of 3.0 per cent for their term loans.<sup>7</sup> This compares with an average of 2.8 per cent paid by term borrowers on loans made by member banks during 1946. By size of business, the greatest differential occurs in loans to firms with assets of 5 million dollars or more. In 1942 these firms borrowed at a rate of 2.5 per cent and in 1946 at a rate of 2.1 per cent.

The tables listed below are not included with the text of this article but will be found in the appendix following.

- Term Loans Made by Member Banks to Business, November 1945–November 1946, by Original Maturity of Loan and Size of Bank.
- 15. Term Loans of Member Banks to Business, November 20, 1946, by Business of Borrower and Repayment Method.
- Term Loans of Member Banks to Business, November 20, 1946, by Size of Bank and Repayment Method.

- 17. Term Loans of Member Banks to Business, November 20, 1946, by Size of Bank and Corporate Status of Borrower.
- Term Loans Made by Member Banks to Business during each Month from November 1945 through October 1946, by Size of Bank.
- 19. Term Loans of Member Banks to Business, November 20, 1946, by Type of Security and Size of Bank.
- 20. Amount of Term Loans of Member Banks to Business, November 20, 1946, by Business of Borrower and Federal Reserve District.
- 21. Number of Term Loans of Member Banks to Business, November 20, 1946, by Business of Borrower and Federal Reserve District.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> This is also confirmed by a survey of outstanding term loans of reporting member banks made by the Federal Reserve System as of Apr. 19, 1939. See "Term Loans by Banks to Commercial and Industrial Concerns," Federal Reserve BULLETN, July 1939, pp. 560-62.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See G. L. Bach, "Interest Rates at Member Banks," Federal Reserve BULLETIN, November 1942, p. 1097.

#### APPENDIX TABLES

TABLE 14 TERM LOANS MADE BY MEMBER BANKS TO BUSINESS, NOVEMBER 1945-NOVEMBER 1946 BY ORIGINAL MATURITY OF LOAN AND SIZE OF BANK<sup>1</sup>

Original maturity of loan	Size of bank (Total deposits, in millions of dollars)					All	Size of bank (Total deposits, in millions of dollars)						
	banks <sup>2</sup>	Under 2	2-10	10- 100	100- 500	500 and ov <b>e</b> r	banks <sup>2</sup>	Under 2	2-10	10- 100	100- 500	500 and over	
		Original amount of loans made In millions							Number of loans In thousands				
1-2 years	888	\$5 5 7 1	\$ 47 83 75 11	\$ 98 160 168 22	\$130 252 307 39	\$ 313 388 982 147	54.2 41.2 21.0 3.6	2.2 1.7 1.3 0.2	16.0 14.8 7.4 1.2	21.9 16.6 8.6 1.7	9.0 5.5 2.8 0.4	5.1 2.5 0.9 0.1	
All term loans <sup>2</sup>	\$3,242	\$18	\$217	\$447	<b>\$</b> 728	\$1,831	119.9	5.4	39.4	48.8	17.7	8.5	
					Pe	rcentage	distributi	on	-			·	
1-2 years. 2-5 years. 5-10 years. Over 10 years.	47.5 6.8	24.7 29.2 40.4 5.8	21.5 38.5 34.7 5.3	21.9 35.7 37.6 4.8	17.9 34.6 42.2 5.3	17.1 21.2 53.7 8.0	45.2 34.3 17.5 3.0	41.2 31.8 23.9 3.0	40.6 37.6 18.9 3.0	44.9 34.1 17.6 3.4	50.6 31.1 15.7 2.5	59.6 29.1 10.0 1.3	
All term loans <sup>2</sup>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

<sup>1</sup> Estimates of term loans made from Nov. 1, 1945 through Nov. 20, 1946 and outstanding on the latter date; excludes that portion of term loans made during this period but paid in full or in part before the date of the survey. <sup>2</sup> Excludes a small amount of loans unclassified by maturity of loan and size of bank. NOTE.—Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding.

TABLE 15 TERM LOANS OF MEMBER BANKS TO BUSINESS, NOVEMBER 20, 1946, BY BUSINESS OF BORROWER AND REPAYMENT METHOD [Estimates of outstanding loans]

Business of borrower	All methods	Single payment	Serial note	Equal instalment	Unequal' instalment	Several notes	
	Amount of loans						
	In millions	Pet	rcentage d <b>i</b> strib	ntion within <sup>*</sup> ea	ch_business grou	ıp	
Retail trade	\$ 407 224 2,370 392 712 759 509 949 230 360 \$4,541	7.5 14.0 24.7 33.4 31.4 26.1 6.4 11.5 7.5 22.4 18.8	7.4 20.9 15.3 18.1 10.7 15.6 19.1 16.2 6.0 6.2 13.8	66.4 51.3 31.9 24.2 35.2 21.2 49.3 49.4 70.7 45.2 42.6	13.8 12.9 21.1 17.2 16.3 31.2 16.0 7 20.3 7 12.7 7 22.6 19.6	4.9 1.0 7.0 7.1 6.5 6.0 9.3 2.5 3.1 3.6 5.1	
			Number	of loans			
	In thousands	Per	rcentage distrib	ution within ea	ch bus <b>iness</b> grou	ıp	
Retail trade. Wholesale trade. Manufacturing and mining. Food, liquor, and tobacco Metals and metal products Petroleum, coal, chemicals, and rubber All other manufacturing and mining. Public utilities (including transportation compa- nies). evvices.	54.0 9.8 21.0 2.5 6.0 2.5 9.9 16.9 24.1	6.5 10.4 10.4 12.2 9.8 15.6 9.0 3.6 4.1	2.1 3.5 4.3 5.1 4.1 4.8 4.1 3.2 1.6	86.5 80.7 75.9 72.7 77.6 60.4 79.7 87.5 89.7	4.3 4.8 8.3 9.1 7.3 17.5 6.3 5.1 4.4	0.7 0.6 1.1 0.8 1.3 1.8 0.9 0.6 0.2	
All borrowers <sup>1</sup>	18.4 144.2	8.5 6.8	6.6 3.1	78.0 84.1	6.3 5.3	0.6	

<sup>1</sup> Excludes a small amount of loans unclassified by business of borrower and repayment method. NOTE.—Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding.

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Term Loans of Member Banks to Business, November 20, 1946, by Size of Bank and Repayment Method

	•									
Size of bank (Total de- posits, in millions of dollars)	All methods	Single pay- ment	Serial note	Equal instal- ment	Un- equal instal- ment	Several notes				
	Amount of loans									
	In millions									
Under 2 2-10 10-100 100-500 500 and over. All banks <sup>1</sup> .	253 569 962 2,738	12.7 6.2 7.7 21.5 21.4 18.8	3.5 3.6 6.1 12.0 17.1 13.8	77.4 83.7 73.9 50.0 29.5 42.6	6.4 6.1 10.6 14.6 24.6 19.6	0.4 1.8 1.9 7.4 5.1				
			Number	of loans	I	<u> </u>				
	In thou- sands	F	ercentage eac	e distribu h bank gr		in				
Under 2 2-10 10-100 100-500 500 and over. All banks <sup>1</sup> .	6.3 46.0 59.5 22.0 10.4 144.2	15.1 7.4 6.3 6.0 4.4 6.8	1.6 2.6 2.9 4.2 5.7 3.1	78.0 85.3 84.9 82.8 81.4 84.1	5.3 4.7 5.1 6.4 6.1 5.3	0.1 0.8 0.5 2.3 0.6				

[Estimates of outstanding loans]

#### TABLE 17

Term Loans of Member Banks to Business, November 20, 1946, by Size of Bank and Corporate Status of Borrower

[Estimates of outstanding loans]

Size of bank (Total deposits, in millions of dollars)	Incor- porated	Unincor- porated	Incor- porated	Unincor- porated			
		Amount	of loans	loans			
	In m	illions	Percentage distri- bution within each bank group				
Under 2 2-10 10-100 100-500 500 and over All banks <sup>1</sup>	\$ 2 46 280 769 2,620 \$3,718	\$ 18 207 290 193 131 \$839	10.6         89.4           18.2         81.8           49.1         50.9           79.9         20.1           95.2         4.8           81.6         18.4				
		Number	of loans	<u> </u>			
	In the	usands	Percentage distri- bution within each bank group				
Under 2 2-10 10-100 100-500 500 and over	0.3 3.3 9.7 6.8 3.5	$ \begin{array}{r} 6.0 \\ 42.7 \\ 49.7 \\ 15.3 \\ 6.9 \\ \hline 120.6 \end{array} $	5.4 7.2 16.4 30.7 33.7	94.6 92.8 83.6 69.3 66.3			
All banks <sup>1</sup>	23.7	120.6	16.4	83.6			

<sup>1</sup> Excludes a small amount of loans unclassified by size of bank and repayment method. Nore.—Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding. <sup>1</sup> Excludes a small amount of loans unclassified by size of bank and corporate status of borrower. Norme.—Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding.

#### TABLE 18

TERM LOANS MADE BY MEMBER BANKS TO BUSINESS, NOVEMBER 1945-OCTOBER 1946, BY MONTH AND BY SIZE OF BANK<sup>1</sup>

Month and year	All	(Total	Si deposits	ze of bar s, in mill		ollars)	All	Size of bank (Total deposits, in millions of dollars)					
	banks	Under 2	2-10	10- 100	100- 500	500 and over	banks	Under 2	2-10	10- 100 -	100- 500	500 and over	
		Amou	int of loa	ns, in mi	llions	Number of loans, in thousands							
1945 November December	\$ 181 299	\$ 1 ( <sup>2</sup> )	\$6 7	\$ 16 20	\$ 28 53	\$ 130 220	3.9 3.9	0.2 0.2	1.0 1.1	1.8 1.5	0.6 0.7	0.2 0.4	
1946 January February March. April. May June July August. September October	122 82 177 248 349 280 328 230 308 401	1 1 1 1 2 3 2 2 2	10 11 14 24 17 21 20 20 21 28	22 22 24 38 39 38 44 45 40 49	26 19 34 60 68 44 71 62 56 117	63 30 103 124 223 175 190 102 190 204	5.8 5.8 8.0 11.1 11.0 10.8 11.4 12.0 11.7 14.5	$\begin{array}{c} 0.2 \\ 0.2 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.5 \\ 0.6 \\ 0.5 \\ 0.5 \\ 0.6 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.9\\ 2.1\\ 2.6\\ 3.7\\ 3.8\\ 3.4\\ 4.3\\ 4.3\\ 4.7\\ \end{array} $	2.5 2.4 3.4 4.6 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.8 4.7 4.3 5.8	0.9 0.8 1.1 1.5 1.6 1.6 1.8 1.7 1.7 2.1	0.4 0.3 0.6 0.8 0.9 0.7 0.9 0.8 1.2	
	\$3,004	\$17	\$199	\$399	\$636	\$1,754	110.0	4.8	36.0	45.0	16.2	8.0	

<sup>1</sup> Estimates of term loans made during this period and outstanding on Nov. 20, 1946, except that portion of term loans made during this period but paid in full or in part before the date of the survey. <sup>2</sup> Less than \$500,000.

NOTE.—Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding.

#### TERM LENDING TO BUSINESS BY COMMERCIAL BANKS IN 1946

#### TABLE 19

#### TERM LOANS OF MEMBER BANKS TO BUSINESS, NOVEMBER 20, 1946, BY TYPE OF SECURITY AND SIZE OF BANK

			[Estima	ates of or	ıtstandir	ıg loans]							
Type of security	All	(Total		ze of ban , in milli		Ali	Size of bank (Total deposits, in millions of dollars)						
Type of Security	banks <sup>1</sup>	Under 2	2-10	10- 100	100~ 500	500 and over	banks <sup>1</sup>	Under 2	2-10	10- 100	100 500	500 and over	
		Amou	nt of loan	ns, in mil	lions		Number	of loan	s, in the	ousands			
Unsecured	\$2,650 1,908	\$ 2 18	\$ 30 223	\$101 470	\$540 423	\$1,976 774	26.4 118.0	0.8 5.5	8.3 37.8	9.8 49.7	4.5 17.6	2.9 7.5	
All term loans 1	4,558	20	253	571	963	2,751	144.4	6.3	46.0	59.5	22.1	10.5	
Secured: Endorsed and co-maker Inventory Equipment Plant and other real estate Stocks and bonds Accounts receivable, assign- ment of claims, life insur-	75 61 458 594 310	(2) (2) 5 11 (2)	6 2 63 136 3	15 10 111 243 18	23 19 115 123 48	30 30 164 80 241	7.2 1.5 52.0 46.1 2.5	0.2 0.1 2.2 2.6 0.1	1.5 0.6 16.6 16.9 0.6	2.0 0.5 21.6 20.3 1.1	1.1 0.4 8.5 5.1 0.4	2.4 0.1 3.1 1.2 0.3	
ance Oil runs	149 131	( <sup>2</sup> )	4 1	21 11	39 33	84 87	5.1 0.6	0.2 (3)	0.9 (3)	2.2 0.3	1.5 0.2	0.3	
Government participation or guarantee Other security	63 69	( <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>1</sup>	(²) <sup>8</sup>	40 2	12 11	2 56	1.6 1.4	0.1 0.1	0.4 0.3	1.0 0.7	0.1 0.3	( <sup>3</sup> ) 0.1	
				Pe	ercentage	distribut	ion of all	term loar	15			<u> </u>	
Unsecured	58.1 41.9	10.4 89.6	11.9 88.1	17.8 82.2	56.1 43.9	71.8 28.2	18.3 81.7	12.5 87.5	18.0 82.0	16.5 83.5	20.6 79.4	28.0 72.0	
All term loans <sup>1</sup>	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
				Percer	ntage dis	ribution	of all sect	ired term	loans				
Secured: Endorsed and co-maker Inventory Equipment. Plant and other real estate Stocks and bonds Accounts receivable, assign- ment of claims, life insur-	3.9 3.2 24.0 31.1 16.2	1.7 0.8 26.4 60.0 1.3	2.7 0.8 28.4 61.0 1.3	3.2 2.2 23.6 51.7 3.7	5.5 4.4 27.1 29.2 11.4	3.9 3.9 21.2 10.4 31.1	6.1 1.3 44.0 39.0 2.1	3.5 1.3 40.5 47.6 1.2	4.0 1.5 43.9 44.8 1.6	4.0 0.9 43.6 40.8 2.3	6.3 2.1 48.1 28.9 2.4	32.4 1.1 40.9 15.9 3.3	
Oil runs	7.8 6.9	2.9 0.2	2.0 0.2	4.4 2.3	9.1 7.8	10.8 11.2	$\begin{array}{c} 4.3 \\ 0.5 \end{array}$	3.1 0.3	2.5 0.1	4.4 0.5	8.6 1.1	4.4 0.8	
guarantee Other security	3.3 3.6	6.2 0.4	3.6 0.2	8.4 0.4	2.9 2.5	0.3 7.2	$\begin{array}{c} 1.3\\ 1.2\end{array}$	1.4 0.9	1.0 0.7	2.0 1.5	0.8 1.7	0.1 1.1	
All secured term loans	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

<sup>1</sup> Excludes a small amount of loans unclassified by type of security and size of bank. <sup>1</sup>Less than \$500,000. <sup>3</sup> Less than 50. Nore.—Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding.

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#### TERM LENDING TO BUSINESS BY COMMERCIAL BANKS IN 1946

#### TABLE 20

#### Amount of Term Loans of Member Banks to Business, November 20, 1946, BY BUSINESS OF BORROWER AND FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICT

[Estimates of outstanding loans]

Busines of borrower         All, tricts         Bost- tricts         New Vork         Phil, phil         Clave- lanta         Rich, lanta         Ch. bast         St. bast         Min- city         Kan- bits         Dal- city         Same bits         St. bits         Min- city         Kan- bits         Dal- city         Same bits           Reidl read, total.					J OI OUL	oranom	g ioansj													
Retail trade, total.       \$40g       \$10g       \$10g       \$11g       \$21g       \$11g       \$21g       \$21g <t< td=""><td>Business of borrower</td><td>dis-</td><td></td><td></td><td>adel-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>neap-</td><td>sas</td><td></td><td>Fran-</td></t<>	Business of borrower	dis-			adel-						neap-	sas		Fran-						
Proof, liquor, tobacco, and drugs       135       14       33       14       9       9       3       15       5       3       6       75       29         Apparel. dry, tobacco, and drugs       10       65       4       8       5       1       15       2       0       3       3       6       75       29         And building materials.       56       2       8       1       2       2       3       11       2       2       5       2       10         All other.       28       1       8       1 <td></td> <td colspan="12">Amount of loans, in millions</td> <td><u> </u></td>		Amount of loans, in millions												<u> </u>						
Home furnishings, metal products, and building materials.       56       2       8       1       2       2       3       11       2       2       5       5       2       11       7       2       3       2       15       5       2       11       7       2       3       2       16       17       1	Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs	135	14	33	4	9	9				3		\$ 13 5							
Automobiles, parts, and filling station:tions.2839255211723219All other2245865111115111124Holostal trade, total.224586518351151445210134455144521111114452111114452111114452111	Home furnishings, metal products,	I 1	1											1						
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Automobiles, parts, and filling sta- tions	69	3	9	2	5	5	2	11	7	2	3	2	19						
and building materials. $38 \\ 20 \\ 11 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10$	Wholesale trade, total Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs Apparel and dry goods	224 101	52	86 36	5 1	15 8	8 3	10 5	<i>29</i> 11	10 5	3	10 4	11 5	34 21						
Food, liquer, and tobacco.       392       11       169       11       35       8       7       60       19       4       4       4       3       66       71       11       12       29       328       19       81       5       31       102       11       1	and building materials Automobiles, parts, and petroleum	32	(1)	14	(1)	1	1	1	7	1	1	3	1	5 3 5						
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Food, liquor, and tobacco Textiles, apparel, and leather Metals and metal products	392 100	11 22	169 39	11 13	35	8	(1)	60 11	19 1	4 4		3	61 1						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	rubber							5 6			4 7	22 7	46 7							
As a percentage of all loans to each business-district group*         As a percentage of all loans to each business-district group*         Retail trade, total.         27,8       29,1       36,9       14.3       25,3       21,3       10,6       33,5       29,7       20,1       25,8       17,8       29,7         Apparel, dry goods, and department stores       34,1       42,7       36,1       16,4       33,8       33,6       14.8       43,5       35,2       20,1       25,8       17,8       29,7       20,2       28,8       17,5       18.9         Home furnishings, metal products, and building materials       20,1       12,5       21,4       10,6       13,5       14,4       9,6       30,8       19,2       16,7       31,0       12,6       24,3         All other       16,1       11,4       25,9       9,6       9,4       10,3       9,9       20,5       19,6       13,1       11,3       20,4       13,6         Wholesale trade, total       9,3       8       10,5       6,1       19,1       7,9       7,3       11,6       6,1       6,7       9,3       7,9       9,9       8,9         Apparel and dry goods       4,8       0,1 </td <td>tion companies) Services. Construction. Sales finance</td> <td>233 65 74</td> <td>22 2 5</td> <td>66 9 34</td> <td>5 1 1</td> <td>8 1 6</td> <td>10 6 2</td> <td>5 6 (1)</td> <td>39 5 19</td> <td>5 3 1</td> <td>4 3</td> <td>9 3 (1)</td> <td>12 6 1</td> <td>49 21</td>	tion companies) Services. Construction. Sales finance	233 65 74	22 2 5	66 9 34	5 1 1	8 1 6	10 6 2	5 6 (1)	39 5 19	5 3 1	4 3	9 3 (1)	12 6 1	49 21						
Retail trade, total.27.8 27.829.1 36.936.9 14.314.3 25.321.3 21.310.6 33.533.5 29.720.1 20.125.8 21.217.8 22.2 23.829.7 23.8Home furnishings, metal products, and building materials.34.1 20.142.7 20.136.1 25.716.4 27.133.8 33.614.8 43.543.5 27.512.9 27.53.5 20.817.5 22.2 28.818.9 20.8Home furnishings, metal products, and building materials.20.1 12.512.5 21.410.6 13.513.5 14.9 21.114.4 29.59.6 20.530.8 19.619.2 16.716.7 31.012.6 24.3Wholesale trade, total.9.3 3.8 10.03.2 3.2 12.012.0 3.8 3.8 3.616.1 19.1 7.97.3 7.311.6 1.6 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.16.7 9.3 8.3 11.1 3.210.0 3.2 12.23.8 3.8 3.8 3.5 14.910.1 3.2 12.2 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.5 14.910.1 3.2 12.2 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.4 3.3 3.5 3.5 3.3 3.5 3.5 3.4 3.3 3.5 3.5 3.3 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.3 3.5 <b< td=""><td>All borrowers</td><td>\$4,558</td><td>\$240</td><td>\$2,022</td><td>\$115</td><td>\$333</td><td>\$116</td><td>\$79</td><td>\$740</td><td>\$135</td><td>\$59</td><td>\$103</td><td>\$138</td><td>\$479</td></b<>	All borrowers	\$4,558	\$240	\$2,022	\$115	\$333	\$116	\$79	\$740	\$135	\$59	\$103	\$138	\$479						
Retail trade, total.27.829.136.9 $14.3$ 25.3 $21.3$ $10.6$ $33.5$ $29.7$ $20.1$ $25.8$ $17.8$ $29.7$ Apparel, dry goods, and drugs. $34.1$ $42.7$ $36.1$ $16.4$ $33.6$ $21.7$ $20.1$ $25.8$ $17.8$ $29.7$ Apparel, dry goods, and drugs. $28.4$ $29.0$ $43.6$ $12.5$ $21.7$ $21.6$ $22.2$ $35.5$ $24.2.2$ $23.5$ $20.7$ $20.6$ $20.7$ <th <="" colspan="6" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>As</td><td>a perce</td><td>ntage of</td><td>all loar</td><td>rs to eac</td><td>h busin</td><td>ess–disti</td><td>rict grou</td><td>p 8</td><td>·</td><td><u> </u></td></th>	<td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>As</td> <td>a perce</td> <td>ntage of</td> <td>all loar</td> <td>rs to eac</td> <td>h busin</td> <td>ess–disti</td> <td>rict grou</td> <td>p 8</td> <td>·</td> <td><u> </u></td>									As	a perce	ntage of	all loar	rs to eac	h busin	ess–disti	rict grou	p 8	·	<u> </u>
Home furnishings, metal products, Automobiles, parts, and filling sta- tions.20.112.521.410.613.514.49.630.819.216.731.012.624.3Automobiles, parts, and filling sta- tions.34.722.335.514.931.129.514.550.957.043.335.115.840.8All other16.111.422.99.69.410.39.920.519.613.111.320.413.6Wholesale trade, total.9.33.810.56.119.17.97.311.66.16.79.37.98.9Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs.10.03.212.03.830.54.69.38.314.35.47.710.59.9Apparel and dry goods.10.03.212.03.830.54.418.59.717.716.820.78.210.2and building materials.12.313.47.814.414.418.59.717.716.820.78.210.210.4All other6.27.29.03.313.612.45.26.20.51.25.19.38.7Automobiles, parts, and petroleum.6.141.840.950.428.044.826.613.447.834.425.330.326.730.38.7All other6.27.29.03.3	Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs	27.8 34.1	42.7	36.1	16.4	33.8	33.6	14.8	43.5	35.2	42.9	27.6	22.2	38.5						
All other16.111.425.99.69.410.39.920.519.613.111.320.413.6Wholesale trade, total9.33.810.56.119.17.97.311.66.16.79.37.98.9Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs10.03.212.03.830.54.69.38.314.35.47.710.59.9Home furnishingsmetal products,and building materials12.313.47.814.418.59.717.716.820.78.210.210.4Automobiles, parts, and petroleum12.313.47.814.414.418.59.717.716.820.78.210.210.4Manufacturing and mining, total41.840.950.428.044.826.613.447.834.425.330.326.730.3Manufacturing and metal products25.423.227.920.844.820.613.447.834.425.330.326.730.3Metals and metal products43.633.254.024.642.827.717.834.425.330.326.730.3Metals and metal products43.689.999.999.159.67.136.876.433.874.852.634.767.3Metals and metal products43.689.949.159.67.136.876.4	Home furnishings, metal products, and building materials Automobiles, parts, and filling sta-	20.1	12.5	21.4	10.6	13.5	14.4	9.6	30.8	19.2	16.7	31.0	12.6	2 <b>4</b> .3						
Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs10.0 $3.2$ 12.0 $3.8$ $30.5$ $4.6$ $9.3$ $8.3$ $14.3$ $5.4$ $7.7$ $10.5$ $9.9$ Apparel and dry goods $4.8$ $0.1$ $6.5$ $0.3$ $12.2$ $3.3$ $1.2$ $9.8$ $12.0$ $3.0$ $11.1$ $1.2$ $0.2$ Home furnishings, metal products, and building materials $12.3$ $13.4$ $7.8$ $14.4$ $14.4$ $18.5$ $9.7$ $17.7$ $16.8$ $20.7$ $8.2$ $10.2$ $10.4$ Automobiles, parts, and petroleum. $31.1$ $3.4$ $57.6$ $2.4$ $13.6$ $12.4$ $18.5$ $9.7$ $17.7$ $16.8$ $20.7$ $8.2$ $10.2$ $10.4$ All other $6.2$ $7.2$ $9.0$ $3.3$ $13.6$ $12.4$ $52.6$ $62.2$ $0.5$ $1.2$ $5.1$ $9.3$ $8.7$ Manufacturing and mining, total $41.8$ $40.9$ $50.4$ $28.0$ $44.8$ $26.6$ $13.4$ $47.8$ $34.4$ $25.3$ $30.3$ $26.7$ $30.6$ Food, liquor, and tobacco $25.4$ $22.2$ $22.5$ $17.8$ $10.1$ $12.8$ $28.5$ $17.8$ $10.1$ $59.6$ Metals and metal products $43.6$ $68.0$ $89.9$ $49.1$ $59.6$ $7.1$ $36.8$ $76.4$ $33.8$ $74.8$ $52.6$ $47.6$ $40.3$ Public utilities (including transporta- ton companies) $43.4$ $68.1$ $88.5$ </td <td>All other</td> <td>. 16.1</td> <td>11.4</td> <td>25.9</td> <td>9.6</td> <td>9.4</td> <td>10.3</td> <td>9.9</td> <td>20.5</td> <td></td> <td>13.1</td> <td>11.3</td> <td>20.4</td> <td></td>	All other	. 16.1	11.4	25.9	9.6	9.4	10.3	9.9	20.5		13.1	11.3	20.4							
and building materials.12.313.47.814.414.418.59.717.716.820.78.210.210.4Automobiles, parts, and petroleum.31.13.457.62.413.614.418.839.826.79.842.215.829.3All other.6.27.29.03.313.612.45.26.20.51.25.119.38.7Manufacturing and mining, total.41.840.950.428.044.826.613.447.834.425.330.326.730.6Food, liquor, and tobacco.25.423.227.920.843.830.013.428.628.517.810.16.920.5Textiles, apparel, and leather.20.427.117.532.214.824.41.132.813.231.45.113.15.9Petroleum, coal, chemicals, and rubber.71.068.089.949.159.67.136.876.433.874.852.634.767.3All other.43.415.640.132.111.746.240.026.953.627.640.3Public utilities (including transporta- tion companies).78.368.188.532.084.460.545.184.386.572.557.849.468.4Services.47.357.649.827.827.827.827.827.30.	Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs Apparel and dry goods	. 10.0	3.2	12.0	3.8	30.5	4.6	9.3	8.3	14.3	5.4	7.7	10.5	9.9						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	and building materials Automobiles, parts, and petroleum.	. 31.1	3.4	57.6	2.4	13.6	14.4	18.8	39.8	26.7	9.8	42.2	15.8	29.3						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Food, liquor, and tobacco Textiles, apparel, and leather Metals and metal products	25.4 20.4 43.6	23.2 27.1	27.9 17.5 54.0	20.8 32.2 24.6	43.8 14.8 42.8	30.0 24.4 27.7	13.4 1.1 17.8	28.6 32.8 45.3	28.5 13.2 45.9	17.8 31.4 15.8	10.1 5.1 14.0	6.9 13.1 18.9	20.5 5.9 33.5						
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	rubber					59.6 40.1	7.1 32.1		76.4 46.2		74.8 26.9	52.6 53.6								
All borrowers       34.4       32.1       43.8       20.4       39.6       23.4       14.0       40.2       24.6       25.0       24.5       21.2       28.0	tion companies) Services. Construction. Sales finance.	. 9.4	57.6 11.6 10.3	49.8 15.2 11.0	27.8 6.4 2.4	27.8 4.5 9.6	45.0 14.7 7.3	20.0 17.1 0.5	60.4 9.7 15.2	35.2 11.5 1.3	29.9 26.4	41.0 10.9 0.6	34.6 13.7 3.3	60.8 18.9 12.2						
	All other <sup>2</sup>		11			1		1												

<sup>1</sup> Less than \$500,000.
<sup>2</sup> Includes a small amount of loans unclassified by business of borrower.
<sup>4</sup> All loans include member bank loans to business with original maturities of one year or less as well as term loans.

#### TERM LENDING TO BUSINESS BY COMMERCIAL BANKS IN 1946

#### TABLE 21

NUMBER OF TERM LOANS OF MEMBER BANKS TO BUSINESS, NOVEMBER 20, 1946 BY BUSINESS OF BORROWER AND FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICT

[Estimates of outstanding loans]

Business of borrower         dis.         Dis. <thdis.< th="">         Dis.         Dis.<!--</th--><th></th><th></th><th>1</th><th></th><th>·</th><th>·</th><th>· 1</th><th></th><th>r</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>1</th></thdis.<>			1		·	·	· 1		r					1
Generative objects and personent         Food, fusion: tobacco, and drugs:         Apparel, dry goods, and department         dry dry dry dry	Business of borrower	dis-			adel-					St. Louis	neap-	sas		San Fran- cisco
Pood, induct, tobacco, and drugs,, 24.0       1.4       3.9       0.8       0.2       0.3       0.2       0.2       0.5       0.2       0.1       0.2       0.2       0.1       0.2       0.2       0.1       0.2       0.2       0.1       0.2       0.2       0.1       0.2       0.2       0.1       0.2       0.2       0.1       0.2       0.2       0.1       0.2       0.2       0.1       0.2       0.2       0.2       0.3       0.4       0.4       0.4       0.4       0.4       0.4       0.4       0.4       0.4       0.4       0.4       0.4       0.4       0.4       0.4 <t< td=""><td></td><td colspan="12">Number of loans, in thousands</td><td></td></t<>		Number of loans, in thousands												
Home furnishings, metal products, and building materials.         8.6         0.3         1.2         0.3         0.4         0.3         0.2         0.3         0.3         0.3         0.3         0.3         0.3         0.3         0.3         0.1         0.4         0.1         0.1         0.1         0.1         0.1         0.1		24.6									2.0 0.9	2.4 0.9		15.7 6.8
Automobiles, parts, and filling state       0.8       1.6       0.7       0.5       0.3       1.6       0.6       0.5 <th0.5< th="">       0.5       0.5<!--</td--><td>Home furnishings, metal products,</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1.2</td></th0.5<>	Home furnishings, metal products,													1.2
Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs. Apparei and dry goods. Mome furnishings, metal products. Autoobility materials. Autoobility materials. 1.8 $0.2$ $0.1$ $0.2$ $0.1$ $0.2$ $0.1$ $0.2$ $0.1$ <t< td=""><td>Automobiles, parts, and filling sta- tions</td><td>10.8</td><td>0.5</td><td>1.6</td><td>0.3</td><td>0.7</td><td>0.5</td><td>0.3</td><td>1.6</td><td>0.6</td><td>0.5</td><td>0.5</td><td>0.5</td><td>3.3 1.5</td></t<>	Automobiles, parts, and filling sta- tions	10.8	0.5	1.6	0.3	0.7	0.5	0.3	1.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	3.3 1.5
and building materials.2.3 attomobiles, parts, and perforderm.2.3 bit is bit in the performance of	Apparel and dry goods	3.8	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.3	2.8 1.1 0.1
Pode, liquor, and tobacco.       2.5       0.1       0.3       0.1       0.1       0.2       0.1       0.3       0.2       0.1	and building materials Automobiles, parts, and petroleum	1.5	(1)	0.1	(1) (1) 0.1	(1)	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.6 0.6 0.5
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Food, liquor, and tobacco Textiles, apparel, and leather Metals and metal products	2.5	0.1	0.3	0.1 0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	6.0 0.8 0.2 1.5
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	rubber													0.3 3.3
All borrowers144.49.221.54.99.37.16.518.76.65.16.77.641.As a percentage of all loans to each business-district group 3Retail trade, totalFood, liquor, tobacco, and drugs21.316.221.110.716.915.914.724.422.424.218.815.033.Apparel, dry goods, and department stores13.312.112.47.811.67.98.513.213.913.114.814.223.Automobiles, parts, and building materials14.89.714.87.28.59.99.816.618.616.812.610.123.All other11.28.89.714.87.28.59.99.816.618.414.211.725.535.All other11.28.89.99.816.618.414.211.712.617.Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs12.29.09.57.412.66.15.815.511.619.213.814.817.Apparel, duiding materials11.28.87.96.111.67.99.515.511.619.213.814.817.All other11.28.87.96.111.67.96.814.811.514.211.712.617.Home furnishings, metal products, and	Public utilities (including transporta- tion companies). Services. Construction. Sales finance. All other <sup>2</sup> .	16.9 24.1 7.7 0.2 10.6	1.7 0.5 ( <sup>1</sup> )	3.9 0.9 (1)	0.8 0.2 ( <sup>1</sup> )	1.4 0.3 ( <sup>1</sup> )	1.0 0.3 (1)	0.9 0.4 ( <sup>1</sup> )	2.8 0.7 (1)	0.9 0.3 (1)	0.8	1.4 0.4 (1)	1.4 0.6 ( <sup>1</sup> )	4.3 7.1 2.7 0.1 2.5
Retail trade, totalFood, liquor, tobacco, and drugs Apparel, dry goods, and department stores21 3 30.016.2 23.7 26.116.2 16.227.3 26.126.1 24.424.4 35.635.5 30.322.9 22.920.7 20.735. 45.Home furnishings, metal products, and building materials			9.2	·]	4.9	9.3	7.1	6.5	18.7	6.6	5.1	6.7	7.6	41.3
Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs.30.023.726.116.227.326.124.435.630.335.922.920.745.Apparel, and building materials.13.312.112.47.811.67.98.513.213.913.114.814.223.Automobiles, parts, and filling stations.14.89.714.87.28.59.99.816.618.616.812.610.123.All other.15.812.420.98.88.19.611.815.312.414.318.88.228.Wholesale trade, total.11.28.87.96.111.67.96.814.811.514.211.712.617.Apparel and dry goods.12.29.09.57.412.66.15.815.510.38.016.217.Automobiles, parts, and petroleum.18.86.610.18.94.311.86.48.219.713.39.96.68.612.Automobiles, parts, and petroleum.18.86.611.47.95.816.111.021.423.821.811.516.226.All other.13.414.7.99.816.111.021.423.821.816.536.Automobiles, parts, and petroleum.18.86.611.47.95.816.111.021.423.821.816.536. </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>As</td> <td>a perces</td> <td>ntage of</td> <td>all loan:</td> <td>s to each</td> <td>ı busine</td> <td>s-distri</td> <td>ict grouf</td> <td>, 3</td> <td></td> <td></td>				As	a perces	ntage of	all loan:	s to each	ı busine	s-distri	ict grouf	, 3		
stores.13.312.112.47.811.67.98.513.213.913.114.814.223.Home furnishings, metal products, and building materials.14.89.714.87.28.59.99.816.618.616.812.610.123.Automobiles, parts, and filling sta- tions.15.812.420.98.88.19.611.815.312.414.318.88.228.Wholesale trade, total11.28.87.96.111.67.96.814.811.514.211.712.617.Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs.12.29.09.57.412.66.15.815.511.619.213.814.817.Apparel and dry goods.4.52.92.32.44.42.92.915.23.510.38.016.27.Home furnishings, metal products, and building materials.10.610.18.94.311.86.48.219.713.39.96.68.612.Automobiles, parts, and petroleum.18.86.611.47.95.816.111.021.423.821.819.216.536.All other.10.311.710.06.813.416.97.15.45.85.69.88.915Automobiles, parts, and petroleum.18.86.611.47.9		21.3 30.0					15.9 26.1					18.8 22.9		33.4 45.6
tions.24.316.727.210.019.417.810.631.424.129.122.517.535.All other.15.812.420.98.88.19.611.815.312.414.318.88.228.Wholesale trade, total.11.28.87.96.111.67.96.814.811.514.211.712.617.7Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs.12.29.09.57.412.66.15.815.511.619.213.814.817.7Apparel and dry goods.4.52.92.32.44.42.92.915.23.510.38.016.27.Home furnishings, metal products,10.610.18.94.311.86.48.219.713.39.96.68.612.Automobiles, parts, and petroleum.18.86.611.47.95.816.111.014.415.515.516.516.535.85.69.88.915.Manufacturing and mining, total.2.215.213.610.317.115.39.623.221.420.719.216.226.Food, liquor, and tobacco14.516.614.79.28.115.610.117.216.617.012.111.917.Metals and metal products.20.617.117.212.222.916.315.6 <t< td=""><td>stores Home furnishings, metal products,</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>i i</td><td></td><td>23.4 23.2</td></t<>	stores Home furnishings, metal products,											i i		23.4 23.2
Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs12.29.09.57.412.66.15.815.511.619.213.814.817.Apparel and dry goods4.52.92.32.44.42.92.92.915.23.510.38.016.27.Home furnishings, metal products,10.610.18.94.311.86.48.219.713.39.96.68.612.Automobiles, parts, and petroleum.18.86.611.47.95.816.111.021.423.821.926.623.221.420.719.216.226.726.726.717.216.617.012.111.917.715.45.610.117.216.617.012.111.917.715.43.561.315.018.26.810.511.717.715.423.423.423.117.715.39.623.221.1 <t< td=""><td>tions</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>35.6 28.9</td></t<>	tions													35.6 28.9
and building materials.10.610.18.94.311.86.48.219.713.39.96.68.612.Automobiles, parts, and petroleum.18.8 $6.6$ 11.47.95.816.111.021.423.821.821.423.821.821.423.821.821.423.821.821.423.821.821.821.616.536.612.Manufacturing and mining, total.2.215.213.610.317.115.39.623.221.420.719.216.226.Food, liquor, and tobacco14.516.614.79.28.115.610.117.216.617.012.111.917.Textiles, apparel, and leather8.98.76.712.114.113.52.516.315.018.26.860.513.516.315.018.26.810.511.717.417.415.426.810.511.717.415.426.810.511.714.413.523.422.321.117.415.426.8Petroleum, coal, chemicals, and19.518.123.48.012.112.013.924.628.060.223.717.437.All other21.216.416.99.917.716.58.726.521.218.922.319.632.4Public utilities (including transportation companies) </td <td>Apparel and dry goods</td> <td>12.2</td> <td>9.0</td> <td>9.5</td> <td>7.4</td> <td>12.6</td> <td>6.1</td> <td>5.8</td> <td>15.5</td> <td>11.6</td> <td>19.2</td> <td>13.8</td> <td>14.8</td> <td>17.2 17.8 7.8</td>	Apparel and dry goods	12.2	9.0	9.5	7.4	12.6	6.1	5.8	15.5	11.6	19.2	13.8	14.8	17.2 17.8 7.8
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	and building materials Automobiles, parts, and petroleum	18.8	6.6	11.4	7.9	5.8	16.1	11.0	21.4	23.8	21.8	19.2	16.5	12.9 36.8 15.0
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Food, liquor, and tobacco Textiles, apparel, and leather Metals and metal products	14.5	16.6	14.7 6.7	9.2 12.1	8.1	15.6	10.1	17.2	16.6	17.0	12.1	11.9	26.3 17.0 11.0 26.1
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	rubber													37.4 32.0
All borrowers       21.5       18.3       18.8       12.2       17.8       16.8       14.2       24.4       22.7       25.6       19.3       17.3       33.4	tion companies) Services Construction Sales finance	31.5 18.0 3.3	25.5 16.3 3.5	28.4 16.0 1.7	19.1 10.9 0.4	26.2 12.1 2.1	23.7 13.6 4.9	20.5 12.7 3.7	32.5 14.7 3.1	30.3 18.3 3.1	30.8 20.2	26.6 14.6 3.6	32.4 16.1 2.4	60.2 49.7 28.7 9.7 40.2
	All borrowers	21.5	18.3	18.8	12.2	17.8	16.8	14.2	24.4	22.7	25.6	19.3	17.3	33.3

<sup>1</sup> Less than 50.
 <sup>2</sup> Includes a small number of loans unclassified by business of borrower.
 <sup>3</sup> All loans include member bank loans to business with original maturities of one year or less as well as term loans.

MAY 1947

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, under date of April 24, 1947, made the following announcement:

As a result of operations essential to Government financing during and since the war, and operations required by the needs of business and the public for credit and currency, earnings of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks have been at relatively high levels. On the basis of present estimates, it is expected that net earnings of the Federal Reserve Banks for 1947, after payment of the statutory dividends to member banks, will aggregate more than 60 million dollars. In view of these facts, and of the fact that at the end of 1946 the surplus of each Federal Reserve Bank was equal to its subscribed capital, the Board has decided to invoke the authority, granted to it under Section 16 of the Federal Reserve Act, to levy an interest charge on Federal Reserve notes issued by the Federal Reserve Banks. The purpose of this interest charge is to pay into the Treasury approximately 90 per cent of the net earnings of the Federal Reserve Banks for 1947.

This action will add about 60 million dollars to the receipts of the Government for this calendar year. The initial payment covering the first quarter of 1947 will be made on April 24, and will amount to approximately \$15,269,000.

Section 16, paragraph 4, of the Federal Reserve Act provides that each Federal Reserve Bank shall pay such rate of interest as may be established by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System on the amount of its outstanding notes less the amount of gold certificates held by the Federal Reserve Agent as collateral security. The Board has now decided to establish such rates of interest as will make it possible to transmit to the Treasury approximately 90 per cent of the net earnings after dividends of each of the Federal Reserve Banks for 1947.

The authority to levy an interest charge on Federal Reserve notes not covered by gold certificates has not been used previously, chiefly because of the existence, prior to 1933, of so-called franchise tax provisions of the law which had a similar effect;

that is, of transferring excess earnings of the Reserve Banks to the Treasury. Under these provisions, which were repealed in 1933, each Federal Reserve Bank was required to pay a franchise tax to the Government equal to 90 per cent of its net earnings after it had accumulated a surplus equal to its subscribed capital. To the end of 1932, the Federal Reserve Banks had paid franchise taxes to the United States Treasury amounting to 149 million dollars, and at that time the Federal Reserve Banks had accumulated surplus accounts of 278 million dollars, as compared with subscribed capital aggregating 302 million. In the amendment of the Federal Reserve Act, contained in the Banking Act of 1933, providing for the establishment of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Congress required each Federal Reserve Bank to pay an amount equal to one-half of its surplus on January 1, 1933, as a subscription to the capital stock of the FDIC on which no dividends would be paid. These stock subscriptions amounted to 139 million dollars and reduced the surplus of the Federal Reserve Banks to an equivalent figure, or considerably less than one-half of their subscribed capital. Congress, therefore, eliminated the franchise tax in order to permit the Federal Reserve Banks to restore their surplus accounts from future earnings.

Net earnings for the next ten years were relatively small, and at the end of 1944 the combined surplus accounts of the Federal Reserve Banks were less than 75 per cent of their subscribed capital. During the next two years, however, net earnings increased substantially, due primarily to large holdings of Government securities accumulated through open market operations. This made possible transfers to surplus accounts which increased the combined surplus of the Federal Reserve Banks to \$439,823,-000 at the end of 1946, as compared with subscribed capital of \$373,660,000.

Under the circumstances, the Board concluded that it would be appropriate for the Federal Reserve Banks to pay to the Treasury the bulk of their net earnings after providing for necessary expenses and the statutory dividend. In effect, this will involve paying currently to the Treasury funds which, under existing law, would otherwise come to it only in the event of liquidation of the Federal Reserve Banks. The Federal Reserve Act still provides that, in case of liquidation of a Federal Reserve Bank, any surplus remaining after the payment of all claims shall be paid to the Treasury. It is expected that the present payments will be made at quarterly intervals. By invoking its authority under Section 16 of the Federal Reserve Act, the Board is able to accomplish the same results as were accomplished by the payment of a franchise tax, i.e., the transfer of excess earnings to the Government. The payments can thus be reflected in current revenues and taken into account in the Government's budget without further legislation.

In the event of restoration of a franchise tax by the Congress, the Board would, of course, withdraw the requirement that Federal Reserve Banks pay interest on Federal Reserve notes, as there would be no justification for utilizing both means of accomplishing the same purpose—namely, payment of excess earnings of the Federal Reserve Banks to the Treasury.

In his Budget Message for 1948 the President

recommended that Congress authorize the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to repay the 139 million dollars of capital furnished by the Federal Reserve Banks, and accepted the proposal of the Board of Governors that Congress at the same time authorize the payment of this sum to the Treasury instead of to the Reserve Banks. Similarly, the President in his Budget Message concurred in the Board's further recommendation that Congress release to the Treasury general fund approximately 139 million dollars earmarked for payments to the Reserve Banks to enable them to make loans to industry under Section 13b of the Federal Reserve Act. Legislation has been introduced in Congress to repeal Section 13b and to substitute therefor authority for the Reserve Banks, upon request of any commercial bank, to guarantee in part loans made by such bank to business enterprises.<sup>1</sup> If this legislation be enacted, the Federal Reserve Banks would rely upon their own surplus funds for this purpose, without resort to Government funds.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A statement by Chairman Eccles to the Senate Banking and Currency Committee regarding this legislation appears on p. 521 of this BULLETIN.

On April 25, 1947, the United States Treasury Department issued the statement immediately following to the effect that bidders for new Treasury bills could offer either maturing bills or cash in exchange for the new issues. On the same day the Federal Open Market Committee of the Federal Reserve System announced that it had authorized the Federal Reserve Banks to place with the Treasury weekly tenders for new issues in amounts not exceeding their weekly maturities. The reasons for this action are given in the second statement reprinted below.

#### TREASURY DEPARTMENT WASHINGTON

Secretary of the Treasury Snyder announced today that beginning with the issue of Treasury bills to be dated May 1, 1947, and until further notice, the Treasury will invite tenders for bills in exchange for maturing bills as well as for cash, with equal treatment accorded all tenders, whether the bidders offer to exchange maturing bills or to pay cash for the new bills bid for. Cash adjustments will be made for differences between the par value of maturing bills accepted in exchange and the issue price of the new bills.

The bills to be dated May 1 will be in the amount of 1,100 million dollars, about 200 million less than the amount maturing on that date.

The procedure for accepting exchange as well as cash tenders is being adopted to facilitate weekly refunding operations in bills. The bill holdings of the Federal Reserve Banks recently were 15 billion dollars out of a total of 17 billion outstanding. Under existing procedure, the Federal Reserve Banks replace their weekly maturing bill issues, in large part, by purchasing new issues from security dealers, who ordinarily bid for amounts greatly in excess of market needs. This is done solely to facilitate the bill operation, as the dealers charge no commission for this service, and obtain only the nominal profit from the transaction which is available to anyone. Under the new procedure the Federal Reserve Banks will be in a position to bid directly on an exchange basis for new issues in amounts not in excess of those required to replace maturing issues of bills originally acquired in the market.

Any addition to Federal Reserve holdings of bills

would be purchased in the open market as at present.

#### FEDERAL OPEN MARKET COMMITTEE

The Treasury Department this week revised its Treasury bill-offering circular so as to permit bidders for Treasury bills to obtain new Treasury bills by the exchange of an equivalent amount of maturing bills, to the extent that their tenders are accepted. Concurrently the Federal Open Market Committee has authorized the Federal Reserve Banks to place weekly tenders for bills in an amount not exceeding the amount of their weekly maturities. The Federal Reserve Banks will receive the same percentage allotment of bills as will other bidders at the same price. Acquisitions of bills by the Federal Reserve Banks, in this manner, will represent the replacement of bills originally purchased in the market and, like other exchanges of maturing securities for new securities, would not be subject to the limitation contained in subsection (b) of Section 14 of the Federal Reserve Act.

No new credit will be made available to the Treasury by the Federal Reserve Banks as a result of this change in procedure, nor will new reserve funds be placed at the disposal of the banks of the country. Funds which have already been provided to the market through bill purchases will not be increased by this action.

These related actions were taken to relieve a situation which has become less and less appropriate, as weekly maturities of bills held by the Federal Reserve Banks have increased, until recently they have ordinarily been more than 1.1 billion dollars out of a total weekly maturity of 1.3 billion. In the past the market has taken all of each week's offerings of Treasury bills and has promptly sold to the Federal Reserve Banks that portion of the offering which it did not wish to hold. Thus the Federal Reserve Banks indirectly replaced part or all of their Treasury bill maturities. Such a procedure means that the market places tenders for new issues of bills in amounts bearing no relation to market requirements, the excess being taken for the purpose of immediate sale to the Federal Reserve Banks. In these circumstances, a more direct method of replacing maturing bills held by the Federal Reserve Banks has been deemed desirable.

#### FEDERAL RESERVE GUARANTEE OF BUSINESS LOANS MADE BY CHARTERED BANKS

#### by

#### MARRINER S. Eccles

Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The statement given below was made by Chairman Eccles before the Banking and Currency Committee of the Senate on April 17, 1947.

I am glad to have an opportunity to appear here this morning in order to urge the passage of S. 408.

The bill has two sections. The first one repeals Section 13b of the Federal Reserve Act and provides for the return to the Treasury of approximately 139 million dollars that was set aside from the gold increment to enable Federal Reserve Banks to make direct loans to industrial and commercial businesses. The second section of the bill substitutes for the direct lending authority a provision which would enable Federal Reserve Banks to guarantee in part loans by chartered banks particularly to small- and medium-size businesses that need capital for periods up to ten years.

It is important to emphasize that the principal purpose of the bill is to make term loans especially to smaller businesses for the purpose of providing them with necessary capital that they could not otherwise obtain. It will fill a gap in private financing that now exists in enabling these enterprises to obtain essential financing. The costs of going to the capital markets for small business are prohibitive. Likewise, many banks properly feel that they cannot extend some term credits for from five to ten years without some protection as provided by this bill. It amounts to a form of spreading the risk by providing insurance for a fee. It is not the purpose of this bill, however, to provide guarantees for either short- or long-term financing which banks can and should extend without assistance.

The basic need of the smaller, independently owned business enterprises is for long-term funds. Some businesses need funds for modernization of plant and equipment and additional facilities. The need also arises from the sharp increase in prices and greatly expanded volume of business resulting in a much larger volume of accounts receivable and of inventories. Because of these various factors

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many enterprises whose financing needs have ordinarily been met through current borrowings now need a funding of their short-term obligations into a term loan.

Owners of small enterprises, as a rule, prefer to obtain funds on a loan rather than on an equity basis because they do not wish their stock ownership to be diluted or to run the risk of losing control of the business. Term loans amortized out of profits meet this need. This type of financing is particularly suitable for small businesses that need a substantial period of time to retire loans by gradual repayment from earnings.

There has been considerable objection from some of the larger banks to S. 408 on the ground that the smaller banks, in cases where the amount of the loan was beyond their legal limit, would resort to the guarantee even though the loan was of such quality that it could be made without the guarantee by giving participations to their correspondent banks or other banks in the community. In order to meet this objection, the Board recommends that the Committee adopt the suggestion of the Federal Advisory Council of the Federal Reserve System by inserting in the bill a provision that the guarantee shall only be available "when it appears to the satisfaction of such Federal Reserve Bank that the business enterprise is unable to obtain requisite financial assistance on a reasonable basis from the usual sources."

The Board also favors the recommendation of the Federal Advisory Council that the bill be amended to provide that the guarantee be restricted to "chartered banking institutions" only and not to "any financing institution" as provided in the bill.

It should be borne in mind that the Reserve System has had the authority under 13b for the past thirteen years to make direct loans or to make commitments to purchase loans made by private banks. On principle, we feel that the private banks should originate and make the loans based on their credit judgment, and that neither the Federal Reserve Banks nor any other governmental agency should extend such credits directly.

Section 13b, moreover, is not adapted to presentday needs. It limits the extension of credit to loans for working capital only and provides that loans cannot be made for more than five years and can be made only to established businesses.

The proposed bill does not call for Government appropriations and, therefore, no drain on the Federal budget is involved. The Reserve Banks would use their surplus funds as a basis for the guarantees, and should losses be sustained they would first come out of the fund created by the guarantee fees charged. If this were not adequate, losses would be met out of the Reserve Banks' net earnings or surplus. I am sure that this responsibility placed on the officers and directors of the Reserve Banks, under regulations and supervision of the Board of Governors, will not encourage easy and unsound credits on the part of the private banks.

Under Section 13b Federal Reserve Banks handled some 3500 applications for commitments and advances, aggregating about 560 million dollars. Similarly, under the V-loan program, 8771 authorizations for guarantees of war production loans, aggregating nearly 10.5 billion dollars, were handled. The interest and fees collected in connection with this total of about 11 billion dollars of operations were more than sufficient to cover expenses and losses and to show some profit. In other words, the record is not one of loose lending.

This bill, of course, does not place the Reserve Banks in competition with the private banking system. Credit judgment and responsibility would remain primarily with the lending bank. Loans guaranteed would originate with local banks dealing with local people whom they know and with whose character, capability and capacity they would be familiar. A Federal Reserve Bank could not guarantee any loan unless requested to do so by the local bank. If approved by the Reserve Bank the guarantee would be made promptly available without referring the matter to any agency in Washington. Each loan would have to be passed upon by the Federal Reserve Bank. There would be no blanket approval. The twelve Federal Reserve Banks and their twenty-four branches provide a regional organization through which local financing

institutions in all parts of the country would have convenient access to a guaranteeing agency if needed. The Federal Reserve System, which is a permanent organization created by Congress and responsible to Congress, is especially qualified to provide this service because of its close contacts and daily relationships with banking institutions. Its responsibilities for maintaining sound credit conditions, so far as its powers permit, make it the appropriate agency for this purpose.

As in the case of war production loans under the V-loan program, a maximum interest rate would be set for guaranteed loans. The present maximum rate under Section 13b is 5 per cent and it is contemplated that the initial maximum rate under the new legislation would be the same. Within this limit, which may be subject to change with changing conditions, interest rates would be determined by the borrower and the bank. Guarantee fees charged would be specified percentages of the interest rate, graduated according to the percentage of the loan guaranteed. The method would be similar to that used in the V-loan program, when guarantee fees ranged from 10 to 30 per cent of the interest rate, according to the percentage of the guarantee. This has been and would be the operating procedure.

It is evident, therefore, that the lending banks must carry some portion of the loans without guarantee and this will be a deterrent on their making undesirable and risky loans. The steeply graduated guarantee fees will induce banks to carry as much of the risks as possible and thus cause them to exercise careful judgment and prudence in passing upon credits.

Business and credit conditions at present and at some other times may not be such as to require extensive use of the guarantee authority. However, the Reserve Banks should have a stand-by service of this kind to render to business and industry when necessary. The amount of long-term funds that individual enterprises may need is often relatively small. Many loan demands do not exceed \$10,000 and relatively few exceed \$100,000. The bill is intended and designed primarily to help the smaller enterprises. The larger ones, as a rule, do not need this sort of assistance because they can go to the capital market and raise funds either by bonds or equity financing.

The guarantee service, as provided in this bill, would be available in the future, as it has been in the past, without discrimination for all banks, whether members of the Federal Reserve System or not.

It would be ill-advised and shortsighted, in my opinion, for Congress to repeal Section 13b in order that the 139 million dollars of Government funds thereunder may be returned to the Treasury and fail to provide this proposed alternative authority to the Federal Reserve Banks. The proposal is the result of long and extensive experience which the Federal Reserve System has had in connection with the loan guarantee principle. It is a tried and tested principle exemplified in Federal Housing Administration loans as well as in loans to veterans. This bill is a means of aiding the private banking system of this country to meet particularly the longer-term financing needs of the smaller business institutions without assuming excessive risks.

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#### **REGIONAL DISTRIBUTION OF BUSINESS LOANS**

Information on regional variation in the characteristics of outstanding business loans has become available through the survey of member banks conducted by the Federal Reserve System, as of November 20, 1946. Analysis of the survey findings for each Federal Reserve district is being made by the Reserve Banks, and the results are being published in their monthly reviews. Regional differences in term lending to business are examined in an article elsewhere in this BULLETIN, and regional variations in business loans with respect to type of security pledged, interest rates charged, and loans to small businesses will be analyzed in subsequent BULLETIN articles. To facilitate general regional comparisons, data on bank loans to commercial and industrial concerns are presented below for each Federal Reserve district and classified by size and business of borrower.

Loans are of more importance relative to total assets at banks in some sections of the country than in others. Moreover, the composition of bank loans differs in important respects among areas. In No-

 TABLE 1

 MEMBER BANK LOANS AND INVESTMENTS, NOVEMBER 20, 1946

 [Estimates, dollar amounts in millions]

			В	isiness loans				
Federal Reserve	Total loans and	Total loans		Percenta	ge of			
district			Amount	Total loans and in- vestments	Total loans			
Boston New York. Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond. Atlanta. Chicago. St. Louis. Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas. San Francisco	\$ 4,865 28,481 5,333 7,914 4,461 4,365 14,712 3,667 2,677 4,181 3,885 13,569	\$ 1,416 8,146 1,261 1,914 1,126 1,167 3,422 1,121 587 981 1,295 3,976	\$ 749 4,615 565 841 497 565 1,840 547 237 418 652 1,711	15 16 11 11 13 13 15 9 10 17 13	53 57 45 44 44 48 54 49 40 43 50 43			
All districts	\$98,110	\$26,412	\$13,237	13	50			

vember 1946, as is indicated in Table 1, for all member banks as a group business loans constituted one-half of total loans. The proportion varied among Federal Reserve districts from 57 per cent of the amount of all loans in the New York District to 40 per cent in the Minneapolis District. These differences reflect largely variations in the economies of the districts, for example, the greater importance of agriculture in some districts than others. They also result to some extent from variations in the scope of banking connections and operations. Thus concentration of business loans at New York and Chicago banks results in part from the national character of their lending function.

National as compared with more local scope in lending is also reflected in part in the distribution of loans by Federal Reserve districts and by size of business, as is shown in Table 2. Member banks in the New York District make almost twice as large a percentage of the number of their business loans to establishments with assets of 5 million dollars or more as do all member banks in the country, and at banks in that district such loans constitute 68 per cent of the amount of loans to businesses as compared with 45 per cent for all member banks. In all districts close to two-thirds of the number of business loans are made to enterprises with assets of less than \$50,000. In amount, however, these loans vary by district from less than 5 per cent to 16 per cent of all business loans.

In all districts business loans are distributed broadly among all types of businesses. Generally, differences among districts in the proportion of the number of loans made to retail, wholesale, manufacturing, and other business enterprises are moderate, as is shown in Table 3. Considerable variation is indicated, however, when special segments of these major business groups are examined, reflecting wide differences in the economic characteristics of the areas. Thus banks in the Dallas District make a large number of loans to concerns producing petroleum, coal, chemical, and rubber products; and banks in the Chicago and Cleveland Districts make a relatively greater number of loans to metal producers and fabricators than do banks in other areas.

In dollar terms differences among districts in the industrial pattern of business loans are very sharp. Bank loans to retail trade establishments, for example, ranged by districts from 7 per cent of the dollar amount of all business loans in the New York District to 21 per cent in the Richmond Dis-Manufacturing and mining concerns actrict. counted for half of the amount of business loans in the Chicago District and only a little over onefifth in the Richmond District, while loans to wholesale trade companies varied from 9 per cent of business loans in the Cleveland District to 29 per cent in the St. Louis District. Table 4 shows the composition of business loan portfolios of member banks in each Federal Reserve district.

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BUSINESS LOANS AT MEMBER BANKS, NOVEMBER 20, 1946, BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICT AND SIZE OF BORROWER

[Estimates of	outstanding	loans]
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	All	Siz	e of borro thousa	ower (To inds of d		s, in	All	Size	of borro thousa	wer (Tot inds of de	al assets ollars)	, in
Federal Reserve district	busi- nesses <sup>1</sup>	Under 50	50- 250	250– 750	750 5,000	5,000 and over	busi- nesses <sup>1</sup>	Under 50	50- 250	250 750	750- 5,000	5,000 and over
		Amount of loans In millions							Number In thos			
Boston New York Philadelphia		\$ 87 211 73	\$ 136 390 97	\$ 95 277 63	\$ 148 565 112	\$ 277 3,105 220	49.8 112.9 40.0	34.5 74.9 28.1	11.1 25.2 8.6	2.5 5.4 1.6	1.2 3.9 1.1	$0.5 \\ 3.6 \\ 0.4$
Cleveland Richmond Atlanta	825 486 556	91 74 88	132 144 169	73 92 95	138 89 110	390 87 93	50.5 41.7 44.5	34.7 24.7 26.8	$11.0 \\ 12.0 \\ 12.8$	2.7 3.1 2.9	1.2 1.3 1.4	0.9 0.7 0.7
Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis	1,836 545 233	132 64 34	244 128 53	197 114 23	390 107 62	872 131 62	76.1 28.6 19.8	50.2 18.6 14.5	17.6 7.1 4.0	4.5 1.8 0.7	$2.4 \\ 0.6 \\ 0.4$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.4\\ 0.4\\ 0.2 \end{array}$
Karsas City Dallas San Francisco		67 82 212	113 156 408	74 125 226	71 170 421	93 97 429	$34.7 \\ 40.5 \\ 123.7$	23.9 25.2 77.7	$7.7 \\ 10.5 \\ 33.9$	$1.7 \\ 2.7 \\ 6.6$	$1.0 \\ 1.6 \\ 3.9$	$0.4 \\ 0.6 \\ 1.5$
All districts	\$13,079	\$1,215	\$2,171	\$1,455	\$2,383	\$5,856	662.7	433.9	161.7	36.0	19.9	11.2
		As a f	bercentage	e of distri	ict total			As a f	ercentage	of distri	ct total	
Boston New York Philadelphia	100.0 100.0 100.0	11.7 4.6 12.9	18.3 8.6 17.2	12.8 6.1 11.2	19.9 12.4 19.8	37.3 68.3 38.9	100.0 100.0 100.0	69.3 66.4 70.4	22.2 22.3 21.6	$5.0 \\ 4.7 \\ 4.1$	2.4 3.4 2.9	$1.0 \\ 3.2 \\ 1.0$
Cleveland Richmond Atlanta	100.0 100.0 100.0	11.0 15.2 15.8	16.0 29.6 30.4	8.8 18.9 17.1	16.7 18.3 19.8	47.3 17.9 16.7	100.0 100.0 100.0	68.8 59.2 60.1	21.9 28.8 28.8	5.3 7.3 6.4	2.3 3.0 3.2	1.7 1.6 1.5
Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis		7.2 11.7 14.6	13.3 23.5 22.7	10.7 20.9 9.9	21.2 19.6 26.6	47.5 24.0 26.6	100.0 100.0 100.0	66.0 65.2 72.9	23.2 25.0 20.3	5.9 6.4 3.5	$3.1 \\ 2.2 \\ 2.1$	$1.8 \\ 1.3 \\ 1.2$
Kansas City Dallas San Francisco All districts	100.0	16.0 13.0 12.5 9.3	27.0 24.8 24.1 16.6	17.7 19.9 13.3 11.1	17.0 27.0 24.8 18.2	22.2 15.4 25.3 44.8	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	69.0 62.3 62.8 65.5	22.2 25.9 27.4 24.4	4.8 6.6 5.3 5.4	2.8 3.8 3.2 3.0	1.3 1.4 1.2 1.7

<sup>1</sup> Excludes a small amount and number of loans not classified by size of borrower. Note.--Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding.

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#### REGIONAL DISTRIBUTION OF BUSINESS LOANS

#### TABLE 3

#### NUMBER OF BUSINESS LOANS AT MEMBER BANKS, NOVEMBER 20, 1946, BY BUSINESS OF BORROWER AND FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICT

[Estimates of outstanding loans]

	1				i			, <u>.</u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	_···
Business of borrower	Total <sup>1</sup>	Bos- ton	New York	Phila- del- phia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	At- lanta	Chi- cago	St. Louis	Min- ne- apolis	Kan- sas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
					· · · · · ·		per of lo housand						
Retail trade, total. Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs. Apparel, dry goods, and department stores.	252.6 81.8 33.8	18.1 5.7 2.9	40.2 14.7 • 6.8	16.7 4.9 2.4	21.1 7.1 2.4	15.6 4.9 2.7	17.2 5.5 2.7	30.6 9.6 3.6	11.3 3.7 1.3	8.1 2.4 1.1	12.6 4.1 1.3	14.0 4.2 1.5	47.1 14.9 5.0
Home furnishings, metal products, and building materials Automobiles, parts, and filling stations All other	58.2 44.5 34.3	3.5 3.1 2.8	7.8 5.8 5.1	3.7 3.2 2.5	4.8 3.4 3.5	3.1 2.6 2.2	4.2 2.8 2.0	7.1 5.1 5.1	2.8 2.4 1.1	2.0 1.6 1.1	3.2 2.4 1.6	3.3 2.8 2.1	12.7 9.4 5.2
Wholesale trade, total Food, liquor, tobacco and drugs Apparel and dry goods	87.9 31.1 9.4	<i>6.7</i> 2.5 0.8	17.2 4.2 4.1	5.0 1.9 0.5	5.4 1.8 0.2	6.0 2.4 0.7	б.8 2.6 0.7	8.4 3.2 0.5	3.8 1.4 0.3	1.9 0.6 0.1	5.3 2.1 0.3	5.1 2.0 0.4	16.2 6.3 0.8
Home furnishings, metal products, and building materials Automobiles, parts, and petroleum All other	22.1 8.1 17.2	2.0 0.5 1.0	3.9 0.9 4.1	1.1 0.5 1.0	1.6 0.5 1.2	1.7 0.5 0.7	1.7 0.7 1.2	2.1 0.7 1.9	0.8 0.5 0.9	0.4 0.4 0.4	1.4 0.8 0.8	1.1 0.6 1.0	4.3 1.5 3.2
Manufacturing and mining, total Food, liquor, and tobacco Textiles, apparel, and leather Metals and metal products Petroleum, coal, chemicals, and rubber All other	115.9 17.5 15.6 29.2 13.3 40.3	8.3 0.6 1.7 2.5 0.6 2.9	22.8 2.1 7.9 4.9 1.4 6.4	7.0 0.8 1.1 1.6 1.3 2.1	9.1 1.2 0.3 3.2 1.7 2.7	6.3 1.1 0.8 1.0 0.8 2.6	6.7 1.4 0.6 0.8 0.4 3.5	13.6 2.0 0.7 5.7 0.7 4.5	5.0 1.1 0.3 0.8 1.0 1.8	2.7 0.4 0.2 0.8 0.1 1.2	4.8 1.0 0.1 1.1 1.5 1.2	6.8 1.0 0.5 1.2 2.8 1.3	22.9 4.8 1.5 5.6 0.9 10.2
Public utilities Services Construction Sales finance. All other <sup>2</sup>	38.4 76.5 42.9 6.9 51.8	3.6 6.7 2.9 0.4 3.8	4.8 13.7 5.9 1.3 8.4	2.7 4.0 2.2 0.3 2.1	3.2 5.3 2.7 0.4 5.0	3.2 4.3 2.6 0.4 4.2	1.6 4.3 2.8 0.7 5.5	4.2 8.7 5.1 1.1 4.9	2.2 2.8 1.6 0.4 1.7	1.6 2.7 1.5 0.2 1.1	2.4 5.3 2.7 0.5 1.2	1.7 4.4 3.4 0.8 7.6	7.1 14.3 9.5 0.6 6.3
All borrowers	672.8	50.5	114.3	40.0	52.1	42.5	45.6	76.6	28.9	19.9	34.8	43.8	123.9
	As a percentage of district total												
Retail trade, total Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs Apparel, dry goods, and department stores Home furnishings, metal products, and	37.5 12.1 5.0	35.8 11.3 5.7	35.2 12.9 6.0	41.8 12.2 6.1	40.4 13.6 4.6	36.7 11.6 6.4	37.7 12.1 5.8	40.0 12.5 4.8	<i>39.2</i> 12.9 4.5	40.8 12.3 5.3	36.2 11.7 3.8	32.0 9.7 3.5	37.9 12.0 4.0
building materials Automobiles, parts, and filling stations All other	8.7 6.6 5.1	7.0 6.2 5.6	6.8 5.1 4.4	9.3 8.0 6.2	9.1 6.5 6.6	7.3 6.1 5.3	9.2 6.1 4.5	9.3 6.7 6.7	9.8 8.2 3.8	10.0 7.9 5.3	9.2 6.8 4.7	7.5 6.4 4.9	10.2 7.5 4.2
Wholesale trade, total. Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs Apparel and dry goods Home furnishings, metal products, and	$\begin{array}{c} 13.1\\ 4.6\\ 1.4\end{array}$	13.3 4.9 1.5	15.1 3.7 3.6	12.5 4.8 1.3	10.4 3.5 0.5	14.2 5.7 1.7	15.0 5.7 1.5	11.0 4.2 0.6	13.1 4.7 0.9	9.6 3.1 0.6	15.3 5.9 0.9	11.6 4.6 0.8	13.1 5.1 0.7
building materials Automobiles, parts, and petroleum All other	3.3 1.2 2.6	3.9 1.1 1.9	3.4 0.8 3.6	$2.7 \\ 1.3 \\ 2.4$	3.1 1.0 2.3	4.0 1.2 1.6	3.7 1.5 2.6	2.7 1.0 2.5	2.8 1.6 3.1	2.2 1.8 1.9	4.0 2.2 2.3	2.5 1.5 2.2	$3.5 \\ 1.2 \\ 2.6$
Manufacturing and mining, total. Food, liquor, and tobacco. Textiles, apparel, and leather. Metals and metal products. Petroleum, coal, chemicals, and rubber. All other.	17.2 2.6 2.3 4.3 2.0 6.0	16.4 1.2 3.3 5.0 1.2 5.7	19.9 1.8 6.9 4.3 1.3 5.6	17.4 2.0 2.8 3.9 3.3 5.4	17.4 2.3 0.5 6.1 3.3 5.2	14.8 2.5 1.9 2.3 2.0 6.1	14.6 3.1 1.2 1.8 0.9 7.6	17.8 2.6 1.0 7.4 1.0 5.8	17.3 3.9 0.9 2.9 3.5 6.1	13.6 2.1 0.8 3.9 0.5 6.3	13.9 2.9 0.2 3.2 4.2 3.4	15.6 2.3 1.1 2.8 6.4 3.0	18.5 3.9 1.2 4.5 0.7 8.2
Public utilities Services Construction Sales finance All other <sup>2</sup>	5.7 11.4 6.4 1.0 7.7	7.1 13.3 5.7 0.8 7.6	4.2 12.0 5.2 1.1 7.3	6.8 9.9 5.5 0.7 5.4	6.2 10.3 5.1 0.7 9.5	7.4 10.0 6.0 1.1 9.8	3.5 9.5 6.3 1.4 12.0	5.4 11.3 6.6 1.5 6.4	7.8 9.8 5.6 1.2 6.0	8.1 13.7 7.6 1.0 5.5	6.9 15.2 7.6 1.4 3.5	3.9 10.0 7.8 1.8 17.3	5.8 11.5 7.7 0.5 5.0
All borrowers	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Revised.
 Includes a small number of loans not classified by business of borrower.
 NOTE.—Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding.

#### REGIONAL DISTRIBUTION OF BUSINESS LOANS

#### TABLE 4

#### Amount of Business Loans at Member Banks, November 20, 1946, by Business of Borrower and Federal Reserve District

[Estimates of outstanding loans]

Business of borrower         Total <sup>1</sup> Prove define the second se			[Lotini		Jacocan									
In millionsRetail trade, total.Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs $370$ <td>Business of borrower</td> <td>Total<sup>1</sup></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>del-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>ne-</td> <td>sas</td> <td>Dallas</td> <td>Sa<b>n</b> Fran- cisco</td>	Business of borrower	Total <sup>1</sup>			del-						ne-	sas	Dallas	Sa <b>n</b> Fran- cisco
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							Amour In n	ut of loan villions	15					
	Apparel, dry goods, and department stores.	397 422	33	92	23	28	28	21	36	13	7	21	21	\$ 252 75 30
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	building materials Automobiles, parts, and filling stations	279 199	12	26	13	16	15	12	22	13			10	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs	1,015 572	49	297	31	25	58	53	137	38	17	51	49	209
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	building materials Automobiles, parts, and petroleum	309 102	8	25	5	6	4	6	18	2	8	6	7	10
$ \begin{array}{c} \text{Services} \\ \text{Construction} \\ \text{Sales fnance} \\ \text{All other}^3 \\ \text{All borrowers} \\ \text{All other}^3 \\ \text{All other}^4 \\ \text{All other}^4 \\ \text{All other} \\ \text{All other}^4 \\ \text{All other} \\ \text{All other}^4 \\ \text{All other} \\ \text{All other}^4 \\ All All All All All All All All All All$	Food, liquor, and tobacco Textile, apparel, and leather Metals and metal products Petroleum, coal, chemicals, and rubber	1,539 488 1,632 1,069	48 82 87 40	607 224 607 458	54 39 76 47	80 10 190 67	27 24 19 11	51 24 19 12	209 32 358 196	67 7 35 27	25 13 20 5	38 2 27 42	37 10 27 131	296 21 167 30
As a percentage of district totalAs a percentage of district totalRetail trade, total.III.1III.1III.4III.4Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs.III.4III.4III.4Apparel, dry goods, and department stores.3.2III.6III.69.4IO.6III.4III.4Home furnishings, metal products, and2.11.60.82.11.93.45.13.12.3Automobiles, parts, and filing stations.1.51.60.42.31.93.45.13.02.41.71.61.42.41.12.04.23.02.04.23.12.32.04.23.12.32.04.23.12.32.04.23.12.02.04.23.12.04.23.12.04.23	Services Construction Sales finance	492 454 782	38 20 44	132 58 307	17 14 41	29 25 60	22 39 29	26 33 24	64 47 126	13 22 42	13 13 6	23 25 23	35 46 37	106 42
Retail trade, total.III.II3.67.2I4.2I2.021.1I5.69.410.617.316.511.414Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs.3.24.42.04.13.35.63.72.02.43.05.03.24Apparel, dry goods, and department stores.3.24.53.24.13.46.62.82.92.65.13.12.31Automobiles, parts, and filling stations.1.51.60.82.11.93.45.12.02.04.23.82.84All other.1.31.20.61.61.42.41.81.41.33.02.41.71Wholesale trade, total.18.318.317.715.69.421.523.413.628.916.524.620.422Apparel and dry goods	All borrowers	\$13,237	\$749	\$4,615	\$565	\$841	\$497	\$565	\$1,840	\$547	\$237	\$418	\$652	\$1,711
Pood, liquor, tobacco, and drugs.3.04.42.04.13.35.63.72.02.43.05.03.24Apparel, dry goods, and department stores.3.24.53.24.13.46.62.82.92.65.13.12.31Home furnishings, metal products, and1.60.62.11.93.45.12.04.23.82.84Automobiles, parts, and filling stations1.51.60.62.31.93.02.11.22.42.12.21.52All other1.31.20.61.61.42.41.81.41.33.02.41.71Wholesale trade, total18.317.715.69.421.523.413.628.916.524.620.422Apparel and dry goods7.76.56.44.55.00.11.79.47.46.97.212.27.512Apparel and dry goods2.32.41.34.23.23.84.62.01.81.74.12.92Automobiles, parts, and petroleum0.81.10.50.90.70.81.11.00.43.41.41.10.0Automobiles, parts, and petroleum0.81.10.50.90.70.81.11.00.43.41.41.10.9Automobiles, parts, and p						As a	percent	age of d	istrict to	ətal				
building materials2.11.60.82.11.93.45.12.02.04.23.82.84Automobiles, parts, and filing stations1.51.60.62.31.93.02.11.22.42.12.21.52All other1.31.20.61.61.42.41.81.41.33.02.41.71Wholesale trade, total18.317.715.69.421.523.413.628.916.524.620.422Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs7.76.56.45.53.011.79.47.46.97.212.27.512Apparel and dry goods4.36.87.12.10.63.25.81.02.00.41.05.83Home furnishings, metal products, and2.32.41.34.23.23.84.62.01.81.74.12.92Automobiles, parts, and petroleum0.81.10.50.90.70.81.11.00.43.41.41.10All other3.21.52.33.02.01.82.52.217.64.26.23.23Manufacturing and mining, total42.843.447.445.747.422.327.449.730.037.129.435.641Food, liquor, and tobacco	Apparel, dry goods, and drugs Home furnishings, metal products, and	3.0 3.2	4.4	2.0	4.1	3.3	5.6	3.7	2.0	2.4	3.0	5.0	3.2	4.4
Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs.7,76.56.45.53.011.79.47.46.97.212.27.512Apparel and dry gods.4.36.87.12.10.63.25.81.02.00.41.05.83Home furnishings, metal products, and2.32.41.34.23.23.84.62.01.81.74.12.92Automobiles, parts, and petroleum.0.81.10.50.90.70.81.11.00.43.41.41.41.292All other.3.21.52.33.02.01.82.52.217.64.26.23.233Manufacturing and mining, total42.843.447.445.747.422.327.449.730.037.129.435.641Food, liquor, and tobacco11.66.413.29.69.55.49.011.412.210.59.15.717Metals and metal products.3.710.94.96.91.24.84.21.71.35.50.51.51.5All other7.19.16.37.36.48.79.98.38.02.22.110.020.11Matal and metal products.7.19.16.37.36.48.76.55.110.020.111 <td>Automobiles, parts, and filling stations</td> <td>1.5</td> <td>1.6</td> <td>0.6</td> <td>2.3</td> <td>1.9</td> <td>3.0</td> <td>2.1</td> <td>1.2</td> <td>2.4</td> <td>2.1</td> <td>2.2</td> <td>1.5</td> <td>2.7</td>	Automobiles, parts, and filling stations	1.5	1.6	0.6	2.3	1.9	3.0	2.1	1.2	2.4	2.1	2.2	1.5	2.7
building materials2.32.41.34.23.23.84.62.01.81.74.12.92Automobiles, parts, and petroleum $0.8$ $1.1$ $0.5$ $0.9$ $0.7$ $0.8$ $1.1$ $1.0$ $0.4$ $3.4$ $1.4$ $1.0$ $0.4$ $3.4$ $1.4$ $1.1$ $0.6$ $3.2$ $1.5$ $2.3$ $3.0$ $2.0$ $1.8$ $2.5$ $2.2$ $17.6$ $4.2$ $6.2$ $3.2$ $3.2$ $3.2$ Manufacturing and mining, total $42.8$ $43.4$ $47.4$ $45.7$ $47.4$ $22.3$ $27.4$ $49.7$ $30.0$ $37.1$ $29.4$ $35.6$ $41$ Food, liquor, and tobacco $11.6$ $6.4$ $13.2$ $9.6$ $9.5$ $5.4$ $9.0$ $11.4$ $12.2$ $10.5$ $9.1$ $5.7$ $17$ Metals and metal products $11.6$ $13.2$ $13.5$ $22.6$ $3.8$ $3.4$ $19.5$ $6.4$ $8.4$ $6.5$ $4.1$ $9.6$ Petroleum, coal, chemicals, and rubber $8.1$ $5.3$ $9.9$ $8.3$ $8.0$ $2.2$ $2.1$ $10.7$ $4.9$ $2.1$ $10.0$ $20.1$ $1$ Public utilities $9.3$ $5.5$ $12.6$ $8.5$ $11.4$ $7.8$ $8.3$ $8.0$ $7.9$ $8.9$ $8.9$ $6.3$ $4$ Services $3.7$ $5.1$ $2.9$ $3.0$ $3.4$ $4.4$ $4.6$ $3.5$ $2.4$ $5.5$ $5.5$ $5.4$ $4.0$ $5.5$ <t< td=""><td>Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs</td><td>7.7</td><td>6.5</td><td>6.4</td><td>5.5</td><td>3.0</td><td>11.7</td><td>9.4</td><td>7.4</td><td>6.9</td><td>7.2</td><td>12.2</td><td>7.5</td><td>12.2</td></t<>	Food, liquor, tobacco, and drugs	7.7	6.5	6.4	5.5	3.0	11.7	9.4	7.4	6.9	7.2	12.2	7.5	12.2
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	building materials Automobiles, parts, and petroleum	2.3	1.1	0.5	0.9	0.7	0.8	1.1	1.0	0.4	3.4	1.4	1.1	0.6
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Food, liquor, and tobacco Textiles, apparel, and leather Metals and metal products Petroleum, coal, chemicals, and rubber	11.6 3.7 12.3 8.1	6.4 10.9 11.6 5.3	13.2 4.9 13.2 9.9	9.6 6.9 13.5 8.3	9.5 1.2 22.6 8.0	5.4 4.8 3.8 2.2	9.0 4.2 3.4 2.1	11.4 1.7 19.5 10.7	12.2 1.3 6.4 4.9	10.5 5.5 8.4 2.1	9.1 0.5 6.5 10.0	5.7 1.5 4.1 20.1	17.3 1.2 9.8 1.8
All borrowers	Services Construction Sales Finance	3.7 3.4 5.9	5.1 2.7 5.9	2.9 1.3 6.7	3.0 2.5 7.3	3.4 3.0 7.1	4.4 7.8 5.8	4.6 5.8 4.2	3.5 2.6 6.8	2.4 4.0 7.7	5.5 5.5 2.5	5.5 6.0 5.5	5.4 7.1 5.7	4.7 6.2 2.5
	All borrowers	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Revised.
 Includes a small amount of loans not classified by business of borrower. NOTE.—Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding.

**May 1947** 

#### **MEMBER BANK EARNINGS, 1946**

Net profits after taxes of member banks of the Federal Reserve System aggregated 758 million dollars in 1946, a decrease of 30 million from the peak reached in the preceding year. The decline in the dollar amount of net profits resulted largely from a reduction in profits and recoveries on securities sold; net current operating earnings were larger in 1946 than in 1945. As shown in the table below, net profits of country banks increased by 31 million dollars, but there were decreases of 58 million at central reserve city banks and of 4 million at reserve city banks. On the average, net profits amounted to 9.6 per cent of capital accounts as compared with 10.9 per cent in 1945; this decline was largely the result of the increase in total capital accounts during the year. About two-thirds of net profits was retained by the banks to strengthen their capital positions and the remainder, amounting to 267 million dollars, was distributed as cash dividends.

In recent years, the excess of profits on securities sold and recoveries on loans and securities over losses and charge-offs, largely due to profits from operations in Government securities, has been a substantial portion of net profits of member banks. The maximum excess occurred in 1945, when it amounted to 224 million dollars or 28 per cent of net profits. In 1946, the net from this source aggre-

Member Bank	Earnings,	BY	CLASS	OF	Bank,	1945	AND	1946
	[Dollar a	mot	ints in	mil	lions]			

			Cen	tral reserv	e city ban	iks	Reserv	e city	Соц	ntry
	То	tal	New	York	Chie	ago	ban			nks
	1945	1946	1945	1946	1945	1946	1945	1946	1945	1946
<b>Earnings</b> . On U. S. Government securities On other securities. On loans. All other.	<b>\$2,102</b> 997 139 588 378	<b>\$2,403</b> 1,054 148 772 429	\$432 222 24 106 80	\$456 210 24 125 97	\$105 53 10 25 17	\$111 52 9 31 19	<b>\$783</b> 367 47 228 141	\$895 381 52 304 158	\$782 355 58 229 140	<b>\$940</b> 411 63 31 <b>3</b> 153
Expenses Salaries and wages Interest on deposits All other	1,268 580 183 505	<b>1,469</b> 699 212 558	216 117 6 93	250 141 7 102	56 25 7 24	63 30 8 25	<b>479</b> 217 72 190	558 266 82 210	517 221 98 198	596 262 114 220
Net current earnings before in- come taxes	835	934	216	206	49	48	304	337	265	344
Profits and recoveries Recoveries on securities Profits on securities Recoveries on loans All other	<b>454</b> 113 239 56 46	<b>356</b> 54 183 64 55	129 48 68 8 6	71 10 41 11 9	26 6 10 4 6	23 6 6 3 7	150 37 75 20 17	127 20 61 24 22	149 23 86 23 17	135 17 75 25 17
Losses and charge-offs On securities. On loans. All other	<b>230</b> 118 47 65	247 115 62 70	<b>40</b> 15 7 18	<b>44</b> 13 12 19	20 17 1 2	21 11 4 6	95 48 23 23	101 45 29 27	75 37 15 23	82 47 17 19
Profits before income taxes Taxes on net income	1,058 270	1,043 285	305 91	233 75	55 16	50 13	359 90	363 99	340 73	397 98
Net profits Cash dividends declared 1	788 246	758 267	214 73	158 75	39 13	37 14	268 88	264 99	267 71	298 79
Ratios (per cent): Net current earnings before income taxes to average total capital ac- counts	11.5	11.9	10.7	9.5	13.6	12.2	12.5	12.7	11.0	13.0
accounts, Earnings on U. S. Government se- curities to average holdings	10.9 1.39	9.6 1.48	10.6 1.29	7.3 1.35	10.8 1.33	9.5 1.48	11.0 1.36	9.9 1.46	11.0 1.50	11.2 1.58
Earnings on loans to average hold- ings	2.97	3.18	1.68	1.85	2.13	2.22	3.16	3.23	<b>4.49</b> .	4.65

<sup>1</sup> Includes interest on capital notes and debentures.

gated 109 million dollars, less than half of the 1945 amount but higher than in any other year. This decline reflected a decrease in profits and recoveries on securities, while losses and charge-offs increased somewhat. All classes of banks reported decreases in the excess of profits and recoveries on securities, etc., over losses and charge-offs. At central reserve city banks the decline was 65 million; at reserve city banks 29 million; and at country banks 21 million dollars.

Total current earnings of member banks totaled 2,403 million dollars in 1946, an increase of 301 million or 14 per cent over the previous year. While all classes of banks reported increases, there were noteworthy differences by class of bank as a result of shifts in holdings of loans and investments. Current earnings increased 6 per cent at central reserve city banks, 14 per cent at reserve city banks, and 20 per cent at country banks.

The increase in gross earnings occurred notwithstanding a decrease of 11 billion dollars in total earning assets of member banks during the year. Member bank holdings of short-term, low-yield United States Government securities were reduced by nearly one-half and loans on Government securities made at low rates also declined. There were increases in holdings of higher-yield assets such as commercial and industrial, consumer, and real estate loans and, to a lesser extent, of higher-yield United States Government securities. These changes occurred at all classes of banks. Country banks increased their aggregate earning assets by a small amount during the year but central reserve and reserve city banks reported decreases of 20 and 12 per cent respectively. The table below shows, by class of bank, selected earning assets as of December 31, 1945 and 1946.

Earnings on United States Government securities totaled 1,054 million dollars, an increase of only 57 million over 1945 and the smallest gain reported since the war financing program began. This increase reflected large returns received in the early part of the year; with the decline in holdings of Government securities, earnings from this source were declining during the year. The average yield on member bank holdings increased from 1.39 per cent in 1945 to 1.48 per cent in 1946, reflecting the decline in holdings of lower-yield securities. Banks in central reserve cities were most affected by the Treasury's debt retirement program, and as a result their earnings on United States Government securities were 13 million dollars less than in the preceding year. Reserve city and country banks reported increases of 14 and 56 million dollars respectively in earnings from this source.

Earnings on loans aggregated 772 million dollars, an increase of 184 million or 31 per cent over 1945. Central reserve city banks reported an increase of 19 per cent, reserve city banks an increase of 33 per cent, and country banks an increase of 37 per cent. Average yields on loans increased at all classes of banks, probably reflecting increased holdings of higher-yield loans more than rising interest rates. Yields on loans for all member banks averaged 3.18 per cent in 1946 as compared with 2.97 per cent in the preceding year.

		Total		ntral reser	ve city ba	nks	Reser	ve city	Country	
rtem	Lotal		New York Chicago		rago	banks		banks		
	1945	1946	1945	1946	1945	1946	1945	1946	1945	1946
Total loans and investments.	107.2	96.4	26.1	20.8	5.9	4.8	40.1	35.4	35.0	35.4
Loans Commercial and industrial Consumer Real estate All other (mostly on securities)		<b>26.7</b> 13.2 3.3 5.4 4.8	7.3 3.0 0.3 0.1 3.9	6.4 4.1 0.5 0.1 1.7	1.3 0.8 0.1 ( <sup>1</sup> ) 0.5	1.5 1.1 0.1 0.2	8.5 3.7 0.9 1.5 2.5	10.8 5.5 1.4 2 2 1.6	5.6 1.5 0.7 1.9 1.5	8.0 2.4 1.3 3.0 1.3
U. S. Government securities. Treasury bills, notes, and certificates. Bonds and guaranteed obligations.	78.3 33.5 44.8	63.0 16.8 46.2	17.6 7.2 10.3	<b>13.3</b> 3.1 10.2	<b>4.2</b> 2.3 1.9	2.9 0.7 2.2	<b>29.6</b> 13.7 15.9	22.2 6.2 16.0	27.0 10.3 16.7	24.6 6.8 17.8
Other securities	6.1	6.6	1.2	1.2	0.4	0.4	2.0	2.3	2.4	2.8

Member Bank Loans and Investments, by Class of Bank, December 31, 1945 and 1946 [In billions of dollars]

<sup>1</sup> Less than 50 million.

Current expenses of all member banks totaled 1,469 million dollars in 1946, an increase over 1945 of 201 million or 16 per cent. Corresponding increases occurred at all classes of banks. Most of the increase, 119 million dollars, was in salaries and wages; it accompanied the granting of higher rates of pay and an increase of over 25,000 or about 10 per cent in the number of officers and employees. The average salary paid also increased by about 10 per cent. A growth of over 4 billion dollars in time deposits resulted in a 29 million dollar increase in interest on deposits, even though the average rate of interest paid was slightly lower than in 1945. Other current expenses, including taxes other than on net income, were 52 million dollars higher than in 1945.

Net current earnings before income taxes and before allowances for profits, recoveries, losses, and charge-offs on securities and loans amounted to 934 million dollars, an increase of almost 100 million over 1945. Reserve city and country banks reported increases of 33 and 78 million dollars while central reserve city banks showed small decreases.

Taxes paid or accrued on net income aggregated 285 million dollars, 15 million more than in 1945. Increases of 8 and 25 million dollars reported by reserve city and country banks respectively more than offset the 18 million dollar decrease reported by banks in central reserve cities. The reported increase in taxes occurred despite repeal of the excess profits tax effective January 1, 1946 and somewhat lower profits before income taxes.

Comparative earnings figures for selected years since 1929 are given in the accompanying table. Detailed figures of earnings and related items, together with selected ratios, will be found on pp. 602-613 of this BULLETIN.

Member	Bank	Earnings,	Selected	Years,	1929-46
	{ <b>E</b>	Dollar amou	nts ín millio	ns]	

Item	1929	1932	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946
	\$2,399	\$1,554	\$1,321	\$1,274	\$1,296	\$1,323	\$1,417	\$1,487	\$1,650	\$1,874	\$2,102	\$2,403
On U. S. Government securi- ties <sup>1</sup>	473	458	481	448	444	431	445	540	766	960	{ 997 139	1,054
On other securities On loans <sup>2</sup>	1,563	851	553	544	560	595	665	649	563	563	588	772
Service charges on deposit ac- counts Other earnings <sup>2</sup>	363	245	{ 45 243	51 232	54 237	59 238	65 242	68 230	76 245	86 265	87 291	100 328
Expenses <sup>2</sup> Salaries and wages Interest on time deposits <sup>3</sup>	<b>1,684</b> 464 445	1,143 357 302	<b>902</b> 372 174	<b>890</b> 380 171	<b>895</b> 388 159	921 400 147	988 426 140	1,002 461 128	1,039 487 124	<b>1,127</b> 525 144	1,268 580 183	1,469 699 212
Interest on interbank and de- mand deposits Taxes other than on net in-	314	132	6	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
come <sup>2</sup> Other expenses <sup>2</sup>	112 348	67 285	86 263	82 257	85 262	100 273	129 293	81 331	84 344	83 375	83 422	82 476
Net current earnings 2	715	410	419	384	401	402	429	485	611	747	835	934
Recoveries, profits on securities, etc Losses and charge-offs <sup>2</sup>	137 295	113 778	256 338	279 398	327 380	303 356	278 318	188 223	312 251	318 232	454 230	356 247
Profits before income taxes Taxes on net income	} (2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	{ 451 68	673 115	833 184	1,058 270	1,043 285
Net profits. Cash dividends declared 4	557 387	-255 245	337 201	265 198	347 207	349 210	390 211	383 203	557 208	649 226	788 246	758 267
Number of banks at end of year	8,522	6,816	6,341	6,338	6,362	6,486	6,619	6.679	6,738	6,814	6,884	6,900

<sup>1</sup> Not available prior to 1945. <sup>2</sup> The following changes in reporting are reflected beginning with 1942: (a) earnings on loans include service charges and fees on loans, previously included in other earnings; (b) taxes on net income, previously included with other taxes in expenses, are a separate item; (c) recurring depreciation on real estate, previously included in losses and charge-offs, is included in other expenses. <sup>3</sup> Beginning with 1938, interest on time deposits includes interest on interbank time deposits; interest (if any) on demand deposits is included in other expenses.

4 Includes interest on capital notes and debentures.

#### LAW DEPARTMENT

Administrative interpretations of banking laws, new regulations issued by the Board of Governors, and other similar material.

#### **Termination of Licensing of Member Banks**

#### **Presidential Proclamation**

The President of the United States on April 7, 1947, issued a Proclamation, effective as of March 15, 1947, excluding member banks from the scope of the Presidential Proclamations of March 6 and March 9, 1933, and the Executive Order of March 10, 1933.

This Proclamation has the effect of terminating the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury to issue regulations requiring the licensing of member banks. However, member banks remain subject to restrictions relating to payments in gold and withdrawals of currency for hoarding.

The text of the Proclamation is as follows:

#### **Proclamation 2725**

Amending the Proclamations of March 6 and March 9, 1933, and the Executive Order of March 10, 1933, to Exclude from Their Scope Member Banks of the Federal Reserve System

#### By the President of the United States of America

WHEREAS on March 10, 1933, the President of the United States, in pursuance of the program to permit resumption of banking operations following the Bank Holiday Proclamations No. 2039 of March 6 and No. 2040 of March 9, 1933, respectively, issued Executive Order No. 6073 which, among other things, authorized the Secretary of the Treasury to permit any member bank of the Federal Reserve System and any other banking institution organized under the laws of the United States to perform any or all of their usual banking functions except as otherwise prohibited; and

WHEREAS on December 30, 1933, the President of the United States issued Proclamation No. 2070 which excluded from the scope of the said proclamations of March 6 and March 9, 1933, and the Executive Order of March 10, 1933, all banking institutions which were not members of the Federal Reserve System; and

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WHEREAS by December 30, 1933, the Secretary of the Treasury had acted upon all requests for licensing of member banks of the Federal Reserve System; and

WHEREAS on December 31, 1945, the Secretary of the Treasury issued a General License to transact normal banking business to all banks thereafter authorized to begin business by the Comptroller of the Currency and to all State banks thereafter admitted to membership in the Federal Reserve System, and thereby dispensed with the requirement of an individual license for each new member bank of the Federal Reserve System; and

WHEREAS it is no longer necessary, or in the interest of government internal management, for the Secretary of the Treasury to license the transaction of normal banking business:

Now, THEREFORE, I, HARRY S. TRUMAN, President of the United States of America, acting under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by section 5(b) of the Trading with the Enemy Act of October 6, 1917, 40 Stat. 415, as amended, and section 4 of the act of March 9, 1933, 48 Stat. 2, and by virtue of all other authority vested in me, do hereby, in the interest of the internal management of the Government, proclaim, order, direct, and declare that the said proclamations of March 6 and March 9, 1933, and Executive Order of March 10, 1933, as amended, are further amended to exclude from their scope banking institutions which are members of the Federal Reserve System: Provided, however, that no banking institution shall pay out any gold coin, gold bullion, or gold certificates, except as authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury, or allow the withdrawal of any currency for hoarding.

This proclamation shall become effective as of March 15, 1947.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this seventh day of April in this year of our Lord nineteen hundred and forty-seven, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and seventy-first.

(Seal) Harry S. Truman

By the President:

Dean Acheson,

Acting Secretary of State.

#### Consumer Credit

#### Conviction for Violating Regulation W

In the Federal Reserve BULLETIN for July 1946, at page 750, there was published an opinion by the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Michigan, Southern District, finding Consumers Home Equipment Co. and A. B. Chereton, its President, had violated the terms of an injunction issued by such court on July 19, 1945, restraining defendants from violations of Regulation W.

On defendants' appeal, the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit by its opinion of April 7, 1947, affirmed the judgments of the lower court. The text of the opinion is as follows:

#### No. 10286

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS SIXTH CIRCUIT

Avery B. Chereton and Consumers Home Equipment Company, Appellants,

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Appellee.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan

#### Decided April 7, 1947.

Before Allen, MARTIN AND MILLER, Circuit Judges.

PER CURIAM. We meet here appeals by a corporation and an individual who controlled its policies from judgments of conviction and sentence for criminal contempt, in the wilful and deliberate violation of an injunction in a civil action.

From the evidence in the record, there is no doubt whatever that appellants wilfully violated the injunction. They contend that the regulation which they were enjoined from violating is not supported by statutory authority; but that, if it is, the Act of Congress is unconstitutional. In either event, it does not follow that their conviction for criminal contempt in violating the injunction should be reversed. On the contrary, it is clear that the judgments below must be upheld upon the direct authority of Howat v. Kansas, 258 U. S. 181, 189, 190, wherein Chief Justice Taft thus expressed the unanimous opinion of the Supreme Court: "An injunction duly issuing out of a court of general jurisdiction with equity powers upon pleadings properly invoking its action, and served upon persons made parties therein and within the jurisdiction, must be obeyed by them however erroneous the action of the court may be, even if the error be in the assumption of the validity of a seeming but void law going to the merits of the case. It is for the court of first instance to determine the question of the validity of the law, and until its decision is reversed for error by orderly review, either by itself or by a higher court, its orders based on its decision are to be respected, and disobedience of them is contempt of its lawful authority, to be punished. Gompers v. Bucks Stove & Range Co., 221 U. S. 418, 450; Toy Toy v. Hopkins, 212 U. S. 542, 548. See also United States v. Shipp, 203 U.S. 563, 573."

This language was quite recently quoted with approval by Chief Justice Vinson, in writing the opinion of the Supreme Court in United States v. United Mine Workers of America, ... U. S. ..., [March 6, 1947], 67 S. Ct. 677, 696. Cf. authorities cited by the Chief Justice in footnotes 58 and 59 of the opinion.

The judgments of the District Court are affirmed.

#### Suit Regarding Condition of Membership

#### Peoples Bank v. Eccles, et al.

On April 14, 1947, the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia reversed the District Court which had refused to enjoin the members of the Board of Governors from enforcing a condition of membership imposed upon Peoples Bank, Lakewood Village, California, at the time of its admission to the Federal Reserve System. The Court of Appeals by a divided vote held that the condition was invalid if construed literally. However, the Court held that if the condition were construed in the manner stated in its opinion, there would be no inconsistency between it and the statute. The Court therefore remanded the case to the District Court for the entry of a judgment so construing the condition and denying the injunction. The opinions are printed below.

United States Court of Appeals District of Columbia

#### No. 9338

#### PEOPLES BANK, Appellant,

- MARRINER S. ECCLES, RONALD RANSOM, M. S. SZYM-CZAK, JOHN K. MCKEE, ERNEST G. DRAPER AND RUDOLPH M. EVANS, Appellees.
- Appeal from the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia
- Argued November 27, 1946. Decided April 14, 1947.

Mr. Samuel B. Stewart, Jr., for appellant. Mr. Joseph William Burns also entered an appearance for appellant.

Mr. J. Leonard Townsend, Assistant General Counsel, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, with whom Mr. Edward M. Curran, United States Attorney at the time the brief was filed, was on the brief, for appellees.

Before Edgerton, CLARK and WILBUR K. MILLER, J. J.

WILBUR K. MILLER, J.: The principal question in this case is whether a drastically restrictive condition upon a state bank's membership in the Federal Reserve System was validly imposed by the Board of Governors of the System. A secondary question is whether the state member bank is prevented by waiver or by estoppel from challenging the validity of the condition.

The Peoples Bank of Lakewood Village, California, was incorporated in 1941 under the laws of that state, after the State Superintendent of Banks had found that public convenience and advantage would be promoted by its establishment at the proposed location. A license actually to transact business would not be granted, the Superintendent advised, until deposit insurance had been obtained through membership in the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or in the Federal Reserve System. Accordingly, the Peoples Bank forwarded on November 28, 1941, an application for admission to the Federal Reserve System, using the printed form furnished by the System and supplying all the data thereby required.

In acting upon the application the Board of Governors considered the financial condition of the applying bank, the general character of its manage-

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ment, and whether the corporate powers were consistent with the purposes of the Act, as required by Title 12, § 322, U. S. C. A. In like manner the Board of Governors considered the financial history and condition of the bank, the adequacy of its capital structure, its future earnings' prospects, the general character of its management, the convenience and need of the community to be served by the bank, and whether its corporate powers were consistent with the purposes of the statute, as required by Title 12, § 264, subsections (e) (2) and (g). The bank, being fully qualified in those respects at the time of application, was eligible for membership in the Federal Reserve System, and the Board of Governors necessarily so found when it later permitted the institution to become a member.

But the bank was not immediately admitted. Under date of February 12, 1942, the secretary of the Board of Governors instructed the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco to inform the applicant that the Board "is unwilling to approve the application on the basis of the information now before it." No reason for the refusal was given, and its basis was not discovered by the Peoples Bank until late in February, 1942, when one of its directors had a personal conference in Washington with two members of the Board and its secretary. The director's affidavit includes the following:

"During the course of my conversation with the said Board members and Secretary I recall that statements were made to the effect that Secretary Morgenthau was opposed to increasing the number of banking offices of Bank of America and that it was stated that there was considerable agitation against increasing the banking interests of bank holding companies—so much so, that there was a prospect that legislation would be introduced to curb the expansion of bank holding companies. It was also stated in substance that upon assurances that the Peoples Bank was independent of Bank of America and Transamerica Corporation the Board might be disposed to reconsider the application."

The bank asked the Board to reconsider, and furnished information concerning changes in the ownership of its shares which had occurred after the filing of its original application. By letter dated March 11, 1942, the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco informed the Peoples Bank "that the Board of Governors will be glad to reconsider your application upon a definite showing by the directors of your bank" that five conditions set out in the letter had been met. These conditions are shown in the margin.<sup>1</sup>

The bank complied with those requirements. In meeting the third requirement contained in the letter of March 11, 1942, each shareholder of the bank signed the following letter:

"I, the undersigned, being a stockholder of the Peoples Bank, Lakewood Village, California, do hereby state that I have no arrangements, expressed or implied, with respect to the sale or transfer of the stock of the Bank which I own to either the Transamerica Corporation, or any organization affiliated or closely identified with Transamerica Corporation, or any other Bank Holding Company group, and that I do not intend to enter into any such agreements or understandings."

Some weeks thereafter, on May 6, 1942, the Board approved the application for membership, subject to three conditions which it clearly had the statutory right to impose, and subject to a fourth condition which, sharply challenged, is the storm center of this litigation. The first three conditions, standard in character and usually imposed on state banks applying for membership, are shown in the margin.<sup>2</sup> Condition No. 4, which the appellant

<sup>2</sup>"1. Such bank at all times shall conduct its business and exercise its powers with due regard to the safety of its de-positors, and, except with the permission of the Board of Gov-ernors of the Federal Reserve System, such bank shall not cause or permit any change to be made in the general character of its business or in the scope of the corporate powers exercised with the time of a dminibility for the molecular the score of the score of the second score of the s

by it at the time of admission to membership. "2. The net capital and surplus funds of such bank shall be adequate in relation to the character and condition of its assets and to its deposit liabilities and other corporate responsibili-ties, and its capital shall not be reduced except with the per-mission of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System System.

"3. Such bank shall not engage as a business in issuing or selling either directly or indirectly, (through affiliated corpora-

says not only is not standard, having never been imposed before or since, but invalid as well, is as follows:

"4. If, without prior written approval of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Transamerica Corporation or any unit of the Transamerica group, including Bank of America National Trust and Savings Association, or any holding company affiliate or any subsidiary thereof, acquires, directly or indirectly, through the mechanism of extension of loans for the purpose of acquiring bank stock, or in any other manner, any interest in such bank, other than such as may arise out of usual correspondent bank relationships, such bank, within 60 days after written notice from the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, shall withdraw from membership in the Federal Reserve System."

Since the conditions in the commitment of May 6, 1942, were substantially those contained in the San Francisco Reserve Bank's letter of March 11, 1942, already met, no additional action by the appellant bank was necessary specifically to meet the formal conditions in the communication of May 6, Having been in other respects ready for 1942. many months to function as a banking institution, the Peoples Bank opened its doors and began business activity soon after it became a member of the System pursuant to the commitment.

In 1944, the proscribed Transamerica Corporation, without the knowledge or assistance of the bank, acquired 540 shares of its capital stock, being slightly more than 10 per cent of the total of the 5,000 shares authorized, issued and outstanding. The bank immediately reported that fact to the Board and asked to be relieved of Condition No. 4 which, in view of Transamerica's acquisition of stock, made it possible for the Board immediately to demand that the bank withdraw from the Sys-As withdrawal would result in automatic tem. cancellation of deposit insurance, the bank regarded the literal enforcement of Condition No. 4 as a death sentence.

When the Board refused to revoke the provision, the Peoples Bank sued its members in the District Court of the United States for the District of Co-

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "1. That arrangements have been made by Mr. John S. Griffith, San Marino, California, for financing the purchase of his stock in a manner different from that in effect at the time of our investigation of your bank's application for membership, and that such arrangements are consistent with the other provisions of this letter.
 "2. That some change has been made in the arrangements for the use of the furniture and fixtures whereby the bank will be under no obligation to Capital Company, or any other part of the Transamerica group.
 "3. That neither Transamerica Corporation nor any organization or any other bank holding company group has any interest, direct or indirect, in the applicant bank, and that the bank is in no manner obligated to any such organization.
 "4. That all stockholders have stated in writing that they have no agreements or understandings. expressed or implied, with respect to the sale or transfer of the stock of the bank to any such organization, and that they do not intend to enter into any such agreements or understandings.
 "5. That the bank was organized as a bona fide local, independent institution, and is expected to be continued as such."

tions or otherwise) notes, bonds, mortgages, certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness representing real estate loans or participations therein, either with or without a guarantee, in-dorsement, or other obligation of such bank or an affiliated corporation."

lumbia to have the condition adjudged invalid, and to enjoin its enforcement.

The Board members moved to dismiss the complaint on the ground that it presented no justiciable controversy. After that motion had been denied,<sup>3</sup> an answer was filed pleading that the complaint showed on its face (a) that the bank was estopped to deny the validity of Condition No. 4, (b) that in imposing Condition No. 4 the Board exercised the administrative discretion confided to it by § 9 of the Federal Reserve Act,<sup>4</sup> and (c) the validity of Condition No. 4. With this answer in the record, the Board members moved for judgment on the pleadings. The bank countered with a motion for summary judgment and filed in support numerous affidavits and exhibits in which the factual background of the controversy is shown.

Upon consideration of the several motions, the District Court's opinion was that the bank "cannot now attack the validity of the condition to which it voluntarily agreed." Being of that view, the court entered judgment for the Board members, on the pleadings, and denied the bank's motion for summary judgment. The Peoples Bank appeals.

We first consider the question whether the Board of Governors had the power to attach Condition No. 4 to the membership of the Peoples Bank in the Federal Reserve System.

Under the literal language of the condition, the Board's right to expel the bank becomes absolute the moment Transamerica acquires a stock interest, without a previous finding that Transamerica's acquisition of shares would, or probably would, adversely affect the bank. Nor is the effectiveness of the Board's power to expel under Condition No. 4 máde to depend upon the acquisition by Transamerica of a controlling interest in the bank. The ownership by that corporation of any number of shares, however small, sets the condition in motion and gives rise to the power of expulsion.

This striking denunciation of Transamerica makes pertinent an inquiry into the nature of that organization. The record discloses it to be a large corporation, owning extensive interests in many banks and in other corporations as well. It is a substantial stockholder in the Bank of America, which for several years has been one of the two or three largest banks in the nation. The financial soundness of Transamerica is not challenged. The character, integrity and ability of its management are not assailed. No statute, state or federal, forbids it to own shares of the Peoples Bank or any other bank.

The basis for the imposition of this unusual and unqualified prohibition against Transamerica's acquiring shares of the bank in question is shown by the record to be the fact that for some time federal bank regulatory authorities, including the Board, have regarded further expansion of Transamerica as undesirable and unsound. Moreover, we are so advised by the following statement in the appellees' brief:

"In this case the record shows that the Board had reason to believe that appellant, at the time it applied for membership in the System, was under or was about to come under the management of Transamerica Corporation, the bank expansion program of which the Board, the Comptroller of the Currency, and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation all believed to be unsound. Condition No. 4 was therefore designed to prevent that corporation from taking over appellant's

affairs after it came into the System."

The fact is, however, that the record does not show that the Board had reason to believe that appellant, at the time its application was filed, was under or was about to come under the management of Transamerica. The purpose of Condition No. 4, therefore, was primarily to check the growth of Transamerica, which the Board considered to be already too large.

Whether the Board of Governors has the power, in the effort to implement its theory that the enlargement of bank holding companies should be forbidden, to deny to Transamerica its right, otherwise entirely legal, to purchase and own shares in the Peoples Bank, depends on whether the Federal Reserve Act expressly or impliedly confers such authority. In other words, the validity of Condition No. 4 as a curb to the growth of a bank holding company depends upon whether the Congress intended to authorize the Board to arrest the extension of such companies.

If such a legislative intent does not appear, grave doubt arises as to the right of the Board to form such an intent for itself. Furthermore, if a contrary intent on the part of Congress be found, unquestionably the Board's assumption of the power to check the expansion of bank holding companies

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Peoples Bank v. Eccles, 64 F. Supp. 811. <sup>4</sup> 12 U. S. C. A. § 321.

amounts to an invasion of the legislative field. All the Board's power springs from the statute. An administrative agency may have a wide latitude within which to function, and may be authorized to prescribe regulations which must be observed by those subject to its jurisdiction. But its regulations must fall within the limits of the authorizing statute, and must be such as will carry into effect the will of Congress.<sup>5</sup> The broad discretion confided to the Board of Governors continues only so long as it acts within its statutory scope. When the Board reaches the border of the Federal Reserve Act it must stop, for to go beyond would be to impinge on Congressional prerogatives.

We turn to the Federal Reserve Act to see whether it manifests an intent on the part of Congress to forbid bank holding companies to expand, either by prohibiting them from owning minority stock interests in state member banks, or by the use of any other device. We find no such prohibition. The Act goes no further, with respect to limiting the activity of a holding company, than to provide that one which owns a majority of the shares of a member bank may not vote such shares without first obtaining a permit from the Board of Governors. The Congress has thus expressly conferred upon the Board the right to supervise and curb a holding company when, through the ownership of a controlling interest, it is in a position to dominate a bank's management and to dictate its policy. It was not deemed necessary to give the Board the right to prevent or restrict voting by a holding company having less than a majority interest, as no such provision appears in the statute. Obviously the legislators did not share the Board's apprehension that harm might come to a member bank from the votes of a holding company having less than control.

This limited statutory restriction upon bank holding companies, which contrasts strikingly with the broad restraint imposed by the Board in the present case, has added significance when considered in the light of certain legislative history of the Federal Reserve Act. From that history it is learned that the Congress, quite deliberately and because of what it considered an abuse of a power which it had theretofore granted to the Board in broad general terms, provided that the Board of Governors may only impose such conditions upon a bank's admission to the System as are within and pursuant to the legislative intent in adopting the Act.

Prior to 1927, the governing body of the Federal Reserve System had the very broadest power to attach conditions to a bank's entry into the System. The statutory language <sup>6</sup> on the subject was:

"The Federal Reserve Board, subject to such conditions as it may prescribe, may permit the applying bank to become a stockholder."

At a hearing before a subcommittee of the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency in February, 1926, Senator Carter Glass stated that the Federal Reserve Board (predecessors of appellees here) "has usurped the legislative functions of Congress." An amendment to restrict the power of the Board to impose conditions upon membership was being considered. Senator George Wharton Pepper, of Pennsylvania, who favored such an amendment, said in the Senate on February 23, 1925:

"... the committee thinks that the discretion of the Federal Reserve Board in the premises should be a discretion exercised pursuant to the provisions and conditions of the Act; that is, that there was no intent of Congress, when the Federal Reserve Act was passed, to create in the Federal Reserve Board a body to prescribe any kind of conditions it pleased as conditions precedent to admissibility to the Federal Reserve System, but rather to confer upon the Federal Reserve Board authority to make regulations pursuant to the Act fixing the terms upon which banks might become members of the Federal Reserve System."

The Board of Governors desired to retain the right to impose any conditions it chose upon membership and expressed its unqualified disapproval of the amendment proposed. Nevertheless, in 1927 the Congress amended the provision to read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Manhattan General Equipment Co. v. Commissioner of Internal Revenue, 297 U. S. 129, 134, where the Supreme Court said:

said: "The power of an administrative officer or board to administer a federal statute and to prescribe rules and regulations to that end is not the power to make law—for no such power can be delegated by Congress—but the power to adopt regulations to carry into effect the will of Congress as expressed by the statute. A regulation which does not do this, but operates to create a rule out of harmony with the statute, is a mere nullity. Lynch v. Tilden Produce Co., 265 U. S. 315, 320-322; Miller v. Umited States, 294 U. S. 435, 439-440, and cases cited. And not only must a regulation, in order to be valid, be consistent with the statute, but it must be reasonable. International Ry. Co. v. Davidson, 257 U. S. 506, 514."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> 40 Stat. 233, Public Law 25, 65th Congress, approved June 21, 1917.

"The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, subject to the provisions of this title and to such conditions as it may prescribe pursuant thereto, may permit the applying bank to become a stockholder of such Federal Reserve Bank."<sup> $\tau$ </sup>

Moreover, the Board of Governors has expressly recognized that it has no statutory power to prevent the expansion of bank holding companies. An example of this recognition is found in the testimony of the appellee, Marriner S. Eccles, chairman of the Board of Governors, before the Committee on Banking and Currency of the House of Representatives on April 5, 1943. He said that he had given considerable thought to the operation and development of Transamerica and that he did not look upon it as a wholesome undertaking. He stated his opinion to be that Transamerica, in its purchase of the stock of banks and of the stock of corporations having nothing to do with banks, was pursuing an improper and unsound policy. He added, however, that the Board did not have, and had never sought from Congress, any power or authority to deal with that situation.

In his appearance before the same committee on May 10, 1943, Eccles was asked by Congressman Patman: ". . . unless you can get better cooperation out of Transamerica you would look with favor upon advocating legislation that would curb the bank holding companies?" He replied, "That would give the Board the power to require what they would consider a policy in the public interest." That answer constituted an admission of the Board's lack of power to curb holding companies, although its members considered that such curbing would be in the public interest.

Further recognition by the Board of its lack of the authority which it attempted to exercise by the imposition of Condition No. 4 appears in its annual report for the year 1943. After saying "there is now no effective control over the expansion of bank holding companies or in any other field in which they may choose to expand," the Board of Governors recommended to Congress "that immediate legislation be enacted preventing further expansion of existing bank holding companies or the creation of new bank holding companies." That recommendation has not been followed and no such legislation has been enacted by the Congress. So there is no statutory bar to the expansion of bank holding companies such as Transamerica. No Congressional enactment forbids Transamerica or any similar corporation to acquire and own any number of shares of the Peoples Bank or any member or nonmember bank. Although the Board has requested Congress to authorize it to prevent the further growth of Transamerica and like organizations, Congress has withheld that authority. Its failure to enact the restrictive legislation strongly recommended by the Board of Governors shows a legislative intent that acquisition of bank shares by holding companies shall not be unlawful.

But nevertheless Condition No. 4 imposed by the Board of Governors in this case singles out one holding company and prohibits it from owning any shares of the member bank, however few in number. As has been shown, the avowed purpose was to prevent further expansion of Transamerica, in the face of the fact that the Board has expressly recognized its lack of power in that respect and has unsuccessfully sought to obtain such power from the Congress. Inevitably, it follows that if the Board's sole purpose here was to prevent the enlargement of Transamerica, the condition imposed was not expressive of, but contrary to, a plainly evident legislative intent. If that were its sole purpose, Condition No. 4 is invalid.

We find, however, that the Board members take the position that their purpose in imposing the condition was not only to check the extension of Transamerica, but also to protect the bank by preventing Transamerica from taking over its affairs. The appellees state in their brief, as we have heretofore shown, that "Condition No. 4 was therefore designed to prevent that corporation (Transamerica) from taking over appellant's affairs after it came into the System." The appellees' brief then adds, "Thus the Condition is directly related to 'management' and 'financial condition,' two of the subjects which the Board is specifically required to consider in passing upon membership applications. Under such circumstances the Condition has even that direct statutory sanction which appellant's argument would require." In this connection, it is noted from the record that on January 28, 1946, the Board of Governors adopted the following resolution:

"Upon consideration of the latest report of examination of the Peoples Bank, Lakewood Vil-

<sup>7 44</sup> Stat. 1229, 12 U. S. C. A. 321.

lage, California, from which the Board concluded that there had been no substantial change in the control, management or policy of the bank resulting from the acquisition by Transamerica Corporation of certain shares of the bank's stock, the Board, by unanimous vote, decided that there was no present need in the public interest for any action by the Board with respect to the condition of membership of the bank relating to acquisition of its stock by Transamerica Corporation."

The quoted resolution, in our view, administratively interprets Condition No. 4 as meaning that, if the Board should decide that a substantial change, against the public interest, has occurred in the bank's management, control or policy because of Transamerica's stock ownership, it must withdraw from the System after notice to do so. For obvious reasons, the Board could properly reach such a decision only after a full and fair hearing.

It is, of course, apparent that the resolution of January 28, 1946, adopted nearly two years after Transamerica acquired its shares and after the bank had during the same period unsuccessfully sought relief from the harsh condition, was primarily intended as an aid to the appellees' motion to dismiss the complaint. It was adopted soon after the suit was filed and was attached to the motion to dismiss. As indicative of the absence of a justiciable controversy, the resolution was not convincing to Mr. Justice Holtzoff, of the District Court, whose opinion<sup>8</sup> points out that the sword of Damocles is still suspended over the bank with the Board claiming the right at any time to cut the thread. Indeed, the appellees state in their brief that action under the condition is "now justified by the facts."

In regarding the resolution as an administrative interpretation of the condition, we are supported by the appellees who state in their brief:

"Condition No. 4, however, is not self-executing, as appears on its face. And the Board, in affixing the Condition in the light of the opinion which it then entertained as to the potential danger of Transamerica affiliation, did not by so acting declare in advance what its administrative decision might be if and when Transamerica should acquire some of appellant's shares. In affixing the Condition—by agreement with appellant—the Board intended to leave to future determination what action, if any, might be necessary pursuant thereto. Considerations of the public interest demanded that the Condition be imposed; the same considerations will determine when, if ever, the Condition need be enforced."

With the controversial Condition No. 4 thus properly evaluated by the Board itself, it is at once seen that the condition means no more, and gives the Board no greater authority, than standard Condition No. 1, which is that "subject bank at all times shall conduct its business and exercise its powers with due regard to the safety of its depositors, That is to say, if at any time a member . . ." bank shall appear to the Board of Governors to be pursuing unsound or unsafe bank policies, the Board may require it, after hearing, to withdraw from the System. Title 12, U. S. C. A., § 327, expressly provides that if a member bank has failed to comply with the provisions of certain sections of the Federal Reserve Act, or the regulations of the Board of Governors made pursuant thereto, or has ceased to exercise banking functions without a receiver or liquidating agent having been appointed, the Board shall have power, after hearing, to require the bank to surrender its stock in the Federal Reserve Bank and to forfeit all rights and privileges of membership.

If Condition No. 4 were given a literal interpretation, instead of the rational construction placed on it by the resolution of January 28, 1946, it would clothe the Board with arbitrary power to expel the bank without a hearing upon the happening of a contingency which had not adversely affected in any manner either the bank's position or the safety of its depositors. So construed, the condition is not authorized by the Act.

With respect to the meaning of Condition No. 4 and the method by which the Board could invoke it, the appellees, having made the concession heretofore quoted from their brief, make yet another which seems to us to be of extreme importance:

"Even should appellant, if and when it receives such notice, take no action pursuant thereto, its membership could not be summarily forfeited. Section 9 of the Act (46 Stat. 250, 251, c. 207, U. S. C., Title 12, § 327) provides that, while the Board may order such a forfeiture, it can only do so 'after hearing' and a finding that appellant 'has failed to comply with the provisions of . . . [the law] or the regulations of the Board of

<sup>\*</sup> Peoples Bank v. Eccles, 64 F. Supp. 811.

Governors of the Federal Reserve System made pursuant thereto. . . .' Appellant's alleged danger is thus rendered even more remote."

Nothing in the condition itself requires the restrained interpretation of it contained in the appellees' language just quoted. The condition does not in so many words compel the construction placed upon it by the resolution of January 28, 1946, nor does it afford a hearing to the bank which the appellees now admit should be accorded. The appellant's alleged danger, which the appellees say "is thus rendered even more remote," was not remote as long as the unqualified denunciation of Transamerica was insisted upon by the appellees, and was regarded by them as a part of the bank's contractual obligations.

We have heretofore stated our conclusion to be that Condition No. 4, as a mere device to check the growth of a holding company, finds no foundation in the statute. We hold that it has validity only as a statement that, if the Board of Governors should determine, after hearing, that Transamerica's ownership of the bank's shares has resulted in a change for the worse in the character of the bank's personnel, in its banking policies, in the safety of its deposits or in any other substantial way, it may require the bank to withdraw from the Federal Reserve System. Only in that sense can the condition be regarded as having been imposed pursuant to the Act. It is assumed that the Board would not resort to the drastic penalty of expulsion until it had exhausted the other disciplinary and corrective processes prescribed by the Federal Reserve Act.9

We turn now to the argument of the appellees that by accepting and enjoying membership with Condition No. 4 attached, the bank is estopped to question its validity or has waived invalidity or the right to assert it. Appellees' position is not sustained by the Supreme Court cases cited by them.<sup>10</sup> Those cases dealt with situations in which litigants were attacking the constitutionality of statutes or orders under which they had accepted privileges. Their remaining authority, *White Star Bus Line* v. *People of Puerto Rico*, 75 F. (2d) 889, was a case in which the bus company had accepted

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and operated under a franchise containing a proviso for annual payment of royalties to the island government. Later the bus line questioned the authority of the Public Service Commission to condition the franchise upon the payment of royalties. The Circuit Court of Appeals did not go so far as to hold that estoppel had arisen, but was content to say "It is doubtful whether the bus line is now in a position to raise this issue."

As justifying its doubt, the court cited United Fuel Gas Company v. Railroad Commission, 278 U. S. 300 (also cited to us by the appellees) and Wall v. Parrott Silver and Copper Company, 244 U. S. 407. In our view neither decision furnishes a basis for the doubt which the Circuit Court of Appeals expressed. In the Railroad Commission case, the Supreme Court's holding on the point we now discuss was that those "who have procured action by a state commission under a state statute may not assail that action in a federal court of equity on the ground that that statute, or the one creating the commission, is void under the state constitution." In the Parrott case the Supreme Court said that "The appellants by their action in instituting a proceeding for the valuation of their stock, pursuant to those statutes, which is still pending, waived their right to assail the validity of them."

Obviously the principle announced in these two cases, which is the same rule found in the other Supreme Court decisions cited by the appellees, does not apply where the litigant charges that the administrative body has exceeded the authority conferred upon it by a statute, but does not attack the validity of the statute.

Whether estoppel has arisen, whether waiver has occurred, depends entirely upon whether Condition No. 4 is valid or invalid. No administrative body has authority to contract with a regulated corporation in a manner contrary to the statute which is being administered, nor in a way which does not give effect to the intent of Congress. The regulated corporation, by accepting such an invalid condition imposed by a regulatory authority, does not thereby waive the right to rely on the statute, and the right later to denounce the provision which contravenes it.

The remaining question is whether a justiciable controversy was shown. The appellees maintain that there was none, saying that an indispensable

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Title 12, U. S. C. A. §§ 264 (i) (1) (2), 301 and 77.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Pierce Oil Corporation v. Phoenix Refining Co., 259 U. S. 125; United Fuel Gas Co. v. Railroad Commission, 278 U. S. 300; St. Louis Malleable Casting Co. v. Prendergast Construction Co., 260 U. S. 469; Hurley v. Commission of Fisheries. 257 U. S. 223.

element of justiciability is a showing of either positive action or a threat to take such action by the responsible officials involved. We need not elaborate upon the opinion of the learned justice of the District Court <sup>11</sup> which rejected that contention in denying the appellees' motion to dismiss the complaint. The resolution of January 28, 1946, disclaiming an immediate purpose to enforce Condition No. 4, protected the bank from literal enforcement of the condition only on that day; for the appellees argue in this court that enforcement is "now justified by the facts," although the resolution has not been rescinded, and a different one has not been adopted.

To those acquainted with the realities of banking, it is plain that public knowledge in the bank's service area of the existence of Condition No. 4 does incalculable harm to the bank. It is generally realized that nothing could more quickly cause depositors to lose confidence in a banking institution than withdrawal of federal deposit insurance. It is equally true that the confidence of depositors is undermined and weakened when they know that their insurance may be withdrawn on short notice, without a hearing, and for a cause having no relation whatever to the safety of their deposits. In such circumstances a positive threat by the Board to enforce the condition is not necessary to do the harm. The threat is implicit in the condition itself, and the harm is present and continuing, due to the mere existence of the condition.

But with the amelioration of the ill-chosen language of Condition No. 4, which the appellees now concede to be proper and which they claim is expressive of their original intention in adopting it, the mere presence of the condition will not continue to be harmful to the bank. With the provision construed to have the meaning which we have said is the only significance properly attributable to it, the bank's public will know that it is subject to expulsion from the System only for reasons which would justify expulsion of any member bank.

We hold, therefore, that a justiciable controversy was shown by the pleadings; that the District Court erred in reaching the conclusion that the bank "cannot now attack the validity of the condition to which it voluntarily agreed." As the District Court should have proceeded to interpret Condition No. 4, its decree will be set aside and the cause remanded for the entry of a judgment construing that proviso in a manner consistent with its true meaning as conceded by the appellees and as stated in this opinion. When that is done, there will be no ground for restraining the appellees from enforcing the condition, nor will the bank have any need for such injunctive relief.

#### Reversed and remanded.

EDGERTON, J., dissenting: I think the Board had authority to impose the condition of which appellant now complains. However that may be, I think it clear that since the Board has not taken or threatened any action to enforce this condition there is no controversy over which the courts have jurisdiction. I do not reach the question of estoppel.

#### Foreign Funds Control

#### **Treasury Department Releases**

The following releases relating to transactions in foreign exchange, etc., in addition to those heretofore published in the Federal Reserve BULLETIN, have been issued by the Office of the Secretary of the Treasury under authority of the Executive Order of April 10, 1940, as amended, and the Regulations issued pursuant thereto:

> Treasury Department Foreign Funds Control March 4, 1947

#### AMENDMENT TO GENERAL LICENSE No. 94

Under Executive Order No. 8389, As Amended, Executive Order No. 9193, As Amended, Section 5(b) of the Trading with the Enemy Act, As Amended by the First War Powers Act, 1941, Relating to Foreign Funds Control.\*

General License No. 94 (Section 131.94) is hereby amended to read as follows:

#### CERTAIN COUNTRIES GENERALLY LICENSED

(1) Blocked countries generally licensed subject to certain conditions. A general license is hereby granted licensing all blocked countries and nationals thereof (excepting the following countries and nationals thereof: Portugal, Spain, Sweden and Tangier) to be regarded as if such countries were not foreign countries designated in the Order, provided that

(a) any property in which on effective date hereof any of the following had an interest: (i) any blocked country (including countries licensed

\* Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415, 966, Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1, 54 Stat. 179, Sec. 301, 55 Stat. 839; 12 U. S. C. 95a, 50 U. S. C. App. Supp., 5(b); E. O. 8389, April 10, 1940, as amended by E. O. 8785, June 14, 1941, E. O. 8832, July 26, 1941, E. O. 8963, Dec. 9, 1941, and E. O. 8998, Dec. 26, 1941, E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, as amended by E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945; 3 CFR. Cum. Supp., 10 F. R. 6917; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, February 19, 1946, June 28, 1946, and Januarv 1. 1947; 31 CFR, Cum. Supp., 130.1-7, 11 F. R. 1769, 7184.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Justice Alexander Holtzoff in *Peoples Bank* v. Eccles, 64 F. Supp. 811.

hereby) or person therein; or (ii) any other partnership, association, corporation, or other organization, which was a national of a blocked country (including countries licensed hereby) by reason of the interest of any such country or person therein; or

(b) any income from such property accruing on or after the effective date hereof

shall continue to be regarded as property in which a blocked country or national thereof has an interest and no payment, transfer, or withdrawal or other dealing with respect to such property shall be effected under, or be deemed to be authorized by, this paragraph.

(2) Transactions under other licenses authorized without regard to certain restrictions. With respect to property subject to the proviso of paragraph (1), any transaction not involving any excepted country or national thereof which is authorized under any license (other than General Licenses Nos. 1, 1A, 4, 27 and 30A or any other license to the extent that it merely authorizes transfers between blocked accounts of the same person or changes in the form of property held in a blocked account) may be effected without regard to any terms of such license relating to the method of effecting such transaction.

(3) Certain other transactions authorized. This license also authorizes any transaction which could be effected under General License No. 53 if the countries licensed hereby were members of the generally licensed trade area, provided that this paragraph shall not be deemed to authorize any payment, transfer, or withdrawal, or other dealing with respect to any property which is subject to the proviso of paragraph (1).

(4) General Ruling No. 17 not waived with regard to certain countries. This license shall not be deemed to waive the requirements of General Ruling No. 17 with respect to blocked property held in any account maintained in the name of any bank or other financial institution located in Switzerland or Liechtenstein, unless such property has been certified under paragraph (1) of General License No. 95.

(5) Applicability of license to nationals of countries licensed hereby who are also nationals of excepted countries. Paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not apply with respect to any national of a country licensed hereby who is also a national of any excepted country, provided, however, that for the purpose only of this license the following shall be deemed not to be nationals of an excepted country:

- (a) Any individual residing in a country licensed hereby:
- (b) Any partnership, association, corporation, or other organization, organized under the laws of a country licensed hereby.

(6) Definition. As used in this license, the term "excepted country" shall mean any country excepted in paragraph (1).

(7) Effective date. The effective date of this general license shall be December 7, 1945, except that it shall be October 5, 1945 as to France, November 20, 1945 as to Belgium, November 30, 1946 as to Switzerland and Liechtenstein and December 31, 1946 as to Germany and Japan.

(8) Restrictions of General Ruling No. 11A. Attention is directed to the special restrictions contained in General

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Ruling No. 11A pertaining to dealings in certain property in which there is any interest of Germany or Japan or certain nationals thereof.

> JOHN W. SNYDER, Secretary of the Treasury.

#### Treasury Department FOREIGN FUNDS CONTROL March 4, 1947

**Revocation of Public Circular No. 34** 

Under Executive Order No. 8389, As Amended, Executive Order No. 9193, As Amended, Section (5b) of the the Trading with the Enemy Act, As Amended by the First War Powers Act, 1941, Relating to Foreign Funds Control.\*

Public Circular No. 34 (part 131 Appendix B) issued January 2, 1947, is hereby revoked.

JOHN W. SNYDER, Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department Foreign Funds Control March 4, 1947

Amendment to General Ruling No. 11A

Under Executive Order No. 8389, As Amended, Executive Order No. 9193, As Amended, Sections 3(a) and 5(b) of the Trading with the Enemy Act, As Amended by the First War Powers Act, 1941, Relating to Foreign Funds Control.<sup>†</sup>

General Ruling No. 11A (Part 131 Appendix A) is hereby amended to read as follows:

REGULATIONS LIMITING DEALINGS IN OR WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN GERMAN AND JAPANESE PROPERTY

(1) Special restrictions on dealings in certain German and Japanese property. Except as authorized by a license expressly referring to this general ruling, the transfer, or withdrwal of, or other dealing in, or the exercise of any right, power or privilege with respect to, or the effecting of any payment or transfer of credit involving, any property in the United States on December 31, 1946 in which on that date any of the following had any interest, or any income from such property accruing on or after December 31, 1946, is hereby prohibited:

 (a) The Government of Germany or Japan, and any agent, instrumentality, or representatives of either Government;

\* Sec. 3(a), 40 Stat. 412, Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415, 966, Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1, 54 Stat. 179, Sec. 301, 55 Stat. 839; 50 U. S. C. App. 3(a), 12 U. S. C. 95a, 50 U. S. C. App. Supp., 5(b); E. O. 8389, April 10, 1940, as amended by E. O. 8785, June 14, 1941, E. O. 8832, July 26, 1941, E. O. 8963, Dec. 9, 1941, and E. O. 8998, Dec. 26, 1941, E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, as amended by E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945; 3 CFR, Cum. Supp., 10 F. R. 6917; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, February 19, 1946, and June 28, 1946, and January 1, 1947; 31 CFR, Cum. Supp., 130.1-7, 11 F. R 1769, 7184, 12 F. R. 6.  $\uparrow$  Sec. 3(a), 40 Stat. 412, Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415, 966, Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; 54 179; 55 Stat. 838; Sec. 3, Pub. No. 485, 79th Corder 8763, June 14, 1941, Ex. Order 8832, July 26, 1941, Ex. Order 8763, June 14, 1941, Ex. Order 8832, July 26, 1941, Ex. Order 8963, Dec. 9, 1941 and Ex. Order 88928, Dec. 26, 1941; Ex. Order 9193, July 6, 1942, as amended by Ex. Order 9567, June 8, 1945; Ex. Order 9747, July 3, 1946; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, February 19, 1946, June 28, 1946, and January 1, 1947; 31 CFR, Cum. Supp., 130.1-7, 11 F. R. 1769, 7184, 12 F. R. 6.

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- (b) Any individual who is a citizen or subject of Germany or Japan and who at any time on or since January 1, 1945 has been within the territory of any country against which the United States has declared war (Germany, Italy, Japan, Bulgaria, Hungary and Rumania);
- (c) Any partnership, association, corporation, or other organization which is organized under the laws of, or which at any time on or since January 1, 1945 has had its principal place of business in, any territory of Germany or Japan;
- (d) Any partnership, association, corporation, or other organization which is organized under the laws of any foreign country other than Germany or Japan and which is a national of Germany or Japan by reason of the interest therein of any Government or person specified in (a), (b), or (c) above.

(2) Continued applicability of certain general licenses and general rulings. The following general licenses and general rulings shall continue applicable notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) of this general ruling:

- (a) General License No. 1;
- (b) General License No. 2 only with respect to payment or reimbursement for normal service charges (as therein defined) other than interest due;
- (c) General License No. 5;
- (d) General License No. 27;
- (e) General License No. 29 only with respect to General Licenses Nos. 2, 5 and 27;
- (f) General License No. 30;
- (g) General License No. 30A;
- (h) General Ruling No. 16;
- (i) General Ruling No. 19.

(3) Continued applicability of certain specific licenses. Any specific license conferring generally licensed national status on any person shall continue applicable, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) of this general ruling.

(4) Definitions. As used herein,

- (a) The term "property" shall have the meaning prescribed in Section 130.2(c) of the Regulations under the Order;
- (b) The term "transfer" shall have the meaning prescribed in paragraph (5)(a) of General Ruling No. 12.

JOHN W. SNYDER, Secretary of the Treasury.

#### Treasury Department Foreign Funds Control March 4, 1947

#### Amendment to Public Circular No. 25

- Under Executive Order No. 8389, As Amended, Executive Order No. 9193, As Amended, Sections 3(a) and 5(b) of the Trading with the Enemy Act, As Amended by the First War Powers Act, 1941, Relating to Foreign Funds Control.\*
- \* Sec. 3(a), 40 Stat. 412, Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415, 966, Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1, 54 Stat. 179, Sec. 301, 55 Stat. 839; 50 U. S. C. App. 3(a), 12 U. S. C. 95a, 50 U. S. C. App. Supp., 5(b);

Public Circular No. 25 (Part 131 Appendix B) is hereby amended to read as follows:

(1) Communications and transactions with or by enemy nationals exempted from General Ruling No. 11 under certain conditions. There are hereby exempted from the prohibitions contained in paragraphs (1) and (2) of General Ruling No. 11:

- (a) Any trade or communication with an enemy national;
- (b) Any act or transaction involving any trade or communication with an enemy national;
- (c) Any financial, business, trade, or other commercial act or transaction by or on behalf of an enemy national;

provided, however, that the exemption herein granted shall not apply to any transaction which is prohibited by the Order or General Ruling No. 11A or by any other ruling or regulation (other than General Ruling No. 11) issued by the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to Section 5(b) of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, unless such transaction is licensed by the Secretary of the Treasury. A license authorizing any prohibited transaction will not require a waiver of General Ruling No. 11.

(2) General License No. 32 not applicable to certain remittances. The provisions of General License No. 32 shall not be deemed to authorize any remittance to any citizen or subject of any country against which the United States has declared war (Germany, Italy, Japan, Bulgaria, Hungary and Rumania) who is within any such country.

(3) Attention directed to Rules of Office of Alien Property. Attention is directed to Section 501.6-2 of the Rules of Procedure of the Office of Alien Property (Regulation 2 under General Order No. 6), which requires that when legal notice is sent to enemy countries, a copy must in certain cases be sent to the Office of Alien Property.

> JOHN W. SNYDER, Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department Foreign Funds Control March 4, 1947

Amendment to General License No. 95

Under Executive Order No. 8389, As Amended, Executive Order No. 9193, As Amended, Section 5(b) of the Trading with the Enemy Act, As Amended by the First War Powers Act, 1941, Relating to Foreign Funds Control.\* General License No. 95 (Section 131.95) is hereby amended as follows:

E. O. 8389, April 10, 1940, as amended by E. O. 8785, June 14, 1941, E. O. 8832, July 26, 1941, E. O. 8963, Dec. 9, 1941, and E. O. 8998, Dec. 26, 1941, E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, as amended by E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945; CFR, Cum. Supp., 10 F. R. 6917; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941 February 19, 1946, and June 28, 1946 and January 1, 1947; 31 CFR, Cum. Supp., 130.1-7, 11 F. R. 1769, 7184, 12 F. R. 6.

\* Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415, 966, Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1, 54 Stat. 179, Sec. 301, 55 Stat. 839; 12 U. S. C. 95a, 50 U. S. C. App. Supp., 5(b); E. O. 8389, April 10, 1940, as amended by E. O. 8785, June 14, 1941, E. O. 8832, July 26, 1941, E. O. 8963, Dec. 9, 1941 and E. O. 8998, Dec. 26, 1941, E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, as amended by E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945; 3 CFR, Cum. Supp., 10 F. R. 6917; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, February 19, 1946, June 28, 1946, and January 1, 1947; 31 CFR, Cum. Supp., 130.1-7, 11 F. R. 1769, 7184, 12 F. R. 6.

(1) Paragraph (3) of General License No. 95 is amended to read as follows:

- (3) Application of license to certain nationals of countries specified herein. This license shall not apply with respect to any national of a country specified herein who is a national of another foreign country designated in the Order and not specified herein, provided, however, that for the purposes only of this license the following shall be deemed nationals only of a country specified herein:
  - (a) Any individual residing in a country specified herein;
  - (b) Any partnership, association, corporation, or other organization, organized under the laws of a country specified herein.

(2) The following paragraph is added after Paragraph (4) of General License No. 95:

(5) Restrictions of General Ruling No. 11A. Attention is directed to the special restrictions contained in General Ruling No. 11A pertaining to dealings in certain property in which there is any interest of Germany or Japan or certain nationals thereof.

> JOHN W. SNYDER, Secretary of the Treasury.

#### Treasury Department Foreign Funds Control March 28, 1947

#### Amendment to General License No. 95

Under Executive Order No. 8389, As Amended, Executive Order No. 9193, As Amended, Section 5(b) of the Trading with the Enemy Act, As Amended by the First War Powers Act, 1941, Relating to Foreign Funds Control.\*

Paragraph (4)(a) of General License No. 95 (Paragraph (d)(1) of 31 CFR, 1945 Supp., 131.95) is hereby amended to read as follows:

- (4) Definitions. \* \* \*
- (a) The term "country specified herein" means the following:
  - (i) France, effective October 5, 1945;
  - (ii) Belgium, effective November 20, 1945;
  - (iii) Norway, effective December 29, 1945;
  - (iv) Finland, effective December 29, 1945;
  - (v) The Netherlands, effective February 13, 1946:
  - (vr) Czechoslovakia, effective April 26, 1946;
  - (vii) Luxembourg, effective April 26, 1946;
  - (viii) Denmark, effective June 14, 1946;
  - (ix) Greece, effective October 15, 1946;
  - (x) Switzerland, effective November 30, 1946; (xi) Liechtenstein, effective November 30, 1946;

(xii) Poland, effective January 7, 1947;

(xiii) Austria, effective January 16, 1947;

(xiv) Sweden, effective March 28, 1947;

and each country specified herein shall be deemed to include any colony or other territory subject to its jurisdiction.

JOHN W. SNYDER, Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department Foreign Funds Control March 28, 1947

#### Amendment to General License No. 94

Under Executive Order No. 8389, As Amended, Executive Order No. 9193, As Amended, Section 5(b) of the Trading with the Enemy Act, As Amended by the First War Powers Act, 1941, Relating to Foreign Funds Control.\*

General License No. 94 (Section 131.94) is hereby amended to read as follows:

#### CERTAIN COUNTRIES GENERALLY LICENSED

(1) Blocked countries generally licensed subject to certain conditions. A general license is hereby granted licensing all blocked countries and nationals thereof (excepting the following countries and nationals thereof: Portugal, Spain, and Tangier) to be regarded as if such countries were not foreign countries designated in the Order, provided that

- (a) any property in which on the effective date hereof any of the following had an interest; (i) any blocked country (including countries licensed hereby) or person therein; of (ii) any other partnership, association, corporation, or other organization, which was a national of a blocked country (including countries licensed hereby) by reason of the interest of any such country or person therein; or
- (b) any income from such property accruing on or after the effective date hereof

shall continue to be regarded as property in which a block country or national thereof has an interest and no payment, transfer, or withdrawal or other dealing with respect to such property shall be affected under, or be deemed to be authorized by, this paragraph.

(2) Transactions under other licenses authorized without regard to certain restrictions. With respect to property subject to the proviso of paragraph (1), any transaction not involving any excepted country or national thereof which is authorized under any license (other than general licenses Nos. 1, 1A, 4, 27 and 30A or any other license to the extent that it merely authorizes transfers between blocked accounts of the same person or changes in the form of property held in a blocked account) may be effected without regard to any terms of such license relating to the method of effecting such transaction.

<sup>\*</sup> Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415, 966, Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1, 54 Stat. 179, Sec. 301, 55 Stat. 839; 12 U. S. C. 95a, 50 U. S. C. App. Supp., 5(b); E. O. 8389, April 10, 1940, as amended by E. O. 8785, June 14, 1941, E. O. 8832, July 26, 1941, E. O. 8963, Dec. 9, 1941 and E. O. 8998, Dec. 26, 1941, E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, as amended by E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945; 3 CFR, Cum. Supp., 10 F. R. 6917; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, February 19, 1946, June 28, 1946, and January 1, 1947; 31 CFR, Cum. Supp., 130.1-7, 11 F. R. 1769, 7184, 12 F. R. 6.

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<sup>\*</sup> Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415, 966, Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1, 54 Stat. 179, Sec. 301, 55 Stat. 839; 12 U. S. C. 95a, 50 U. S. C. App. Supp., 5(b); E. O. 8389, April 10, 1940, as amended by E. O. 8785, June 14, 1941, E. O. 8832, July 26, 1941, E. O. 8963, Dec. 9, 1941 and E. O. 8998, Dec. 26, 1941, E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, as amended by E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945; 3 CFR, Cum. Supp., 10 F. R. 6917; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, February 19, 1946, June 28, 1946, and January 1, 1947; 31 CFR, Cum. Supp., 130.1-7, 11 F. R. 1769, 7184, 12 F. R. 6.

(3) Certain other transactions authorized. This license also authorizes any transaction which could be effected under General License No. 53 if the countries licensed hereby were members of the generally licensed trade area, provided that this paragraph shall not be deemed to authorize any payment, transfer, or withdrawal, or other dealing with respect to any property which is subject to the proviso of paragraph (1).

(4) General Ruling No. 17 not waived with regard to certain countries. This license shall not be deemed to waive the requirements of General Ruling No. 17 with respect to blocked property held in any account maintained in the name of any bank or other financial institution located in Switzerland, Liechtenstein, or Sweden unless such property has been certified under paragraph (1) of General License No. 95.

(5) Applicability of license to nationals of countries licensed hereby who are also nationals of excepted countries. Paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not apply with respect to any national of a country licensed hereby who is also a national of any excepted country, provided, however, that for the purpose only of this license the following shall be deemed not to be nationals of an excepted country:

- (a) Any individual residing in a country licensed hereby;
- (b) Any partnership, association, corporation, or other organization, organized under the laws of a country licensed hereby.

(6) Definition. As used in this license, the term "excepted country" shall mean any country excepted in paragraph (1).

(7) Effective date. The effective date of this general license shall be December 7, 1945, except that it shall be October 5, 1945 as to France, November 20, 1945 as to Belgium, November 30, 1946 as to Switzerland and Liechtenstein, December 31, 1946 as to Germany and Japan, and March 28, 1947 as to Sweden.

(8) Restrictions of General Ruling No. 11A. Attention is directed to the special restrictions contained in General Ruling No. 11A pertaining to dealings in certain property in which there is any interest of Germany or Japan or certain nationals thereof.

> JOHN W. SNYDER, Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department Foreign Funds Control. April 4, 1947

#### Amendment to General License No. 87

Under Executive Order No. 8389, As Amended, Executive Order No. 9193, As Amended, Section 5(b) of the Trading with the Enemy Act, As Amended by the First War Powers Act, 1941, Relating to Foreign Funds Control.\*

General License No. 87 (§131.87) is hereby amended to read as follows:

#### EXEMPTIONS FROM SECTION 2A (2) OF THE ORDER AND FROM GENERAL RULING NO. 5

(1) Transactions exempted from Section 2A (2) of the Order. A general license is hereby granted exempting all transactions from the provisions of Section 2A (2) of the Order, except transactions with respect to any securities or evidences thereof which, whether in registered or bearer form, are transferable or assignable and which either

- (a) were issued or guaranteed prior to December 7, 1941, by the United States or any state, territory, district, possession, or other political subdivision, agency or instrumentality of or in the United States or by any partnership, association, corporation or other organization organized or having its principal place of business in the United States; or
- (b) were issued prior to December 7, 1941, and are payable in the United States exclusively or alternately in the United States dollars, regardless of the nature or location of the issuer;

provided that this exception shall not be deemed to preclude transactions with respect to securities or evidences thereof which are physically situated in Great Britain, Canada, Newfoundland, or Bermuda, or to which Form TFEL-2 has been attached, or with respect to which a certification under paragraph (1) of General License No. 95 has been issued.

(2) Exemption of currency and certain securities from General Ruling No. 5. The following currency and securities are hereby exempted from the provisions of General Ruling No. 5:

- (a) All currency; and
- (b) All securities other than those to which the exception of paragraph (1) hereof applies.

JOHN W. SNYDER,

Secretary of the Treasury.

\*Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415, 966, Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1, 54 Stat. 179, Sec. 301, 55 Stat. 839; 12 U. S. C. 95a, 50 U. S. C. App. Supp., 5(b); E. O. 8389, April 10, 1940, as amended by E. O. 8785, June 14, 1941, E. O. 8832, July 26, 1941, E. O. 8963, Dec. 9, 1941 and E. O. 8998, Dec. 26, 1941, E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, as amended by E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945; 3 CFR, Cum. Supp., 10 F. R. 6917; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, February 19, 1946, June 28, 1946, and January 1. 1947; 31 CFR, Cum. Supp., 130.1-7, 11 F. R. 1769, 7184, 12 F. R. 6.

## Resignation of Class C Director and Chairman and Federal Reserve Agent

The Board of Governors accepted the resignation of Mr. Henry F. Grady, President, American President Lines, Ltd., San Francisco, California, as a Class C director and Chairman and Federal Reserve Agent of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco, effective May 1, 1947. Mr. Grady had served as a Class C director and Chairman and Federal Reserve Agent since January 1, 1942.

#### Designation of Chairman and Federal Reserve Agent

The Board of Governors, on May 5, 1947, announced the designation of Mr. Brayton Wilbur, of San Francisco, California, as Chairman and Federal Reserve Agent of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco for the remaining portion of the year 1947.

Mr. Wilbur is President of the Wilbur-Ellis Company. He has served as a Class C director of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco since July 5, 1944.

#### Election of Class B Director

On April 22, 1947, the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago announced the election of Mr. Wm. J. Grede, President, Grede Foundries, Inc., Milwaukee, Wisconsin, as a Class B director to fill the unexpired portion of the term ending December 31, 1949. Mr. Grede succeeds Mr. Clarence W. Avery who was appointed a Class C director and Chairman and Federal Reserve Agent.

#### Appointment of Branch Director

On April 10, 1947, the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond appointed Mr. George S. Crouch, President, Union National Bank, Charlotte, North Carolina, a director of the Charlotte Branch, to succeed Mr. D. P. Tillett, deceased, for the unexpired portion of the term ending December 31, 1949.

#### Death of Director

Mr. H. B. McDowell, President, The McDowell National Bank of Sharon, Sharon, Pennsylvania, who had served as a Director of the Pittsburgh Branch of the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland from January 1, 1936, through December 31, 1937, and as a Class A Director of the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland since January 1, 1938, died on April 14, 1947.

#### Admissions of State Banks to Membership in the Federal Reserve System

The following State banks were admitted to membership in the Federal Reserve System during the period March 16, 1947 to April 15, 1947:

#### Kansas

La Crosse—The Farmer's and Merchants State Bank of Rush County

#### Ohio

Celina—The Citizens Banking Company Deshler—The Corn City State Bank

#### Tennessee

Savannah-Citizens Bank

#### NATIONAL SUMMARY OF BUSINESS CONDITIONS

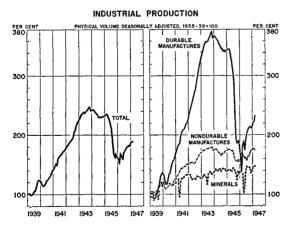
[Compiled April 25, and released for publication April 29]

Industrial output and factory employment were unchanged in March. Value of retail trade continued to show little change, after allowing for holiday buying. The general level of wholesale commodity prices declined slightly in the first three weeks of April, following increases in February and the early part of March.

#### INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

The Board's seasonally adjusted index of industrial production in March was at a level of 189 per cent of the 1935-39 average for the third consecutive month.

Output of durable manufactures continued to show a very slight gain in March, reaching a level of 223 per cent of the 1935-39 average. Activity in the iron and steel industries advanced in March after a slight decline in February. Steel mill operations averaged 94 per cent of capacity in March and they have been maintained at about this rate during most of April. Activity in the machinery and transportation equipment industries also showed a slight gain in March. Output of passenger cars totalled 303,000, and of trucks, 117,000. Lumber production continued to advance and, in March, was at the highest level for this season in almost 20



Federal Reserve indexes. Monthly figures, latest shown are for March.

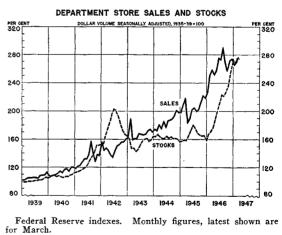
years. Output of most nonferrous metals at smelters and refineries continued to expand, following increases earlier in domestic mine production.

The Board's seasonally adjusted index of output of nondurable manufactures again declined by one point in March to a level of 175 per cent of the 1935-39 average. Production in most lines was at the February rate or declined very slightly. Output of textile-mill and leather products in February and March remained somewhat below last year's peak rates.

Minerals production increased slightly in March to a level of 147 per cent of the 1935-39 average, reflecting a continued advance in output of crude petroleum, and a slight increase in coal production. Bituminous coal output dropped sharply during the first two weeks of April, as work was curtailed at mines in a dispute over safety conditions, but subsequently increased.

#### Employment

The number of employees in most lines of nonagricultural activity in March remained at about the level of other recent months, after allowance for usual seasonal changes. Total nonagricultural employment of about 42,500,000 persons was 7 per cent higher than the level a year ago. The number



FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

of persons unemployed showed a slight seasonal decline in March to 2,330,000.

#### CONSTRUCTION

Total value of construction contracts awarded, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation, was about one-third larger in March than in February, reflecting chiefly seasonal influences, but one-sixth smaller than in March 1946. The reduction from a year ago was in awards for private nonresidential construction, which were exceptionally large at that time. Value of residential awards increased by about one-third from February to March and was slightly larger than in the same period last year. Since a year ago building costs have increased considerably and the number of dwelling units contracted for in March was somewhat less than the March 1946 volume. Construction activity continued to decline after allowance for seasonal variation.

#### DISTRIBUTION

Value of department store sales during the six weeks preceding the Easter holiday was three per cent larger than during the corresponding number of weeks before Easter last year, reflecting chiefly a sharply higher level of sales of household appliances and men's clothing. Value of sales of most other goods sold at department stores was about the same as a year ago, although prices were generally higher than at that time. Retail sales of automobiles, radios, and office and farm equipment both in unit and dollar volume continued far in excess of last year's levels.

Freight carloadings rose in March owing mainly to increased shipments of grain and miscellaneous freight. Shipments of coal dropped sharply at the beginning of April and then recovered to the March rate during the week ending April 19. Shipments of forest products declined considerably during the first three weeks of April, while loadings of most other classes of freight showed little change.

#### Commodity Prices

Wholesale prices of basic commodities generally declined from the middle of March to the latter part of April, with the largest decreases shown for hogs, fats and oils, coffee, print cloths, and steel scrap. Prices of corn, cotton, and copper, on the other hand, were at about the same level on April 24 as in the middle of March.

May 1947

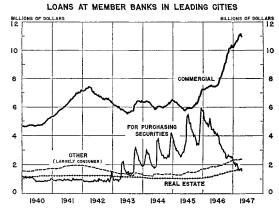
The consumers' price index of the Bureau of Labor Statistics advanced two per cent from February 15 to March 15, reflecting chiefly increases in food prices. Since that time prices of foods have declined somewhat and price reductions have been announced for certain other products by manufacturers and distributors.

#### TREASURY FINANCE AND BANK CREDIT

During March and April the Treasury continued its program of debt retirement, using an excess of tax receipts over budget expenditures and drawing upon balances at commercial banks and Federal Reserve Banks. Retirements, which aggregated about 4.8 billion dollars, included notes maturing on March 15, a portion of certificates maturing March 1 and April 1, and 200 million of Treasury bills each on April 17 and 24. A further reduction of 200 million was announced for the bill issue to mature May 1.

Federal Reserve holdings of Government securities declined by more than 2.2 billion dollars in the eight weeks ending April 23, while holdings of member banks in leading cities showed little change. The reserve position of member banks was maintained in this period by the reduction in Treasury balances at Federal Reserve Banks.

Bank deposits and currency in circulation, which had declined considerably in January and February, showed some net increase in March and the first half of April. Commercial loans increased further in March but declined in April. Real estate and consumer loans increased moderately.



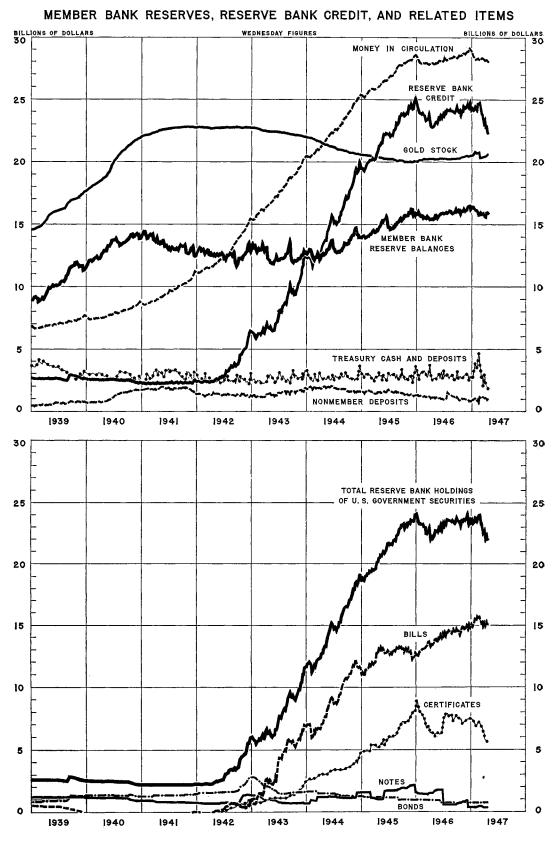
Excludes loans to banks. Wednesday figures, latest shown are for Apr. 23.

### FINANCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, AND COMMERCIAL STATISTICS UNITED STATES

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Tables on the following pages include the principal available statistics of current significance relating to financial and business developments in the United States. The data relating to the Federal Reserve Banks and the member banks of the Federal Reserve System are derived from regular reports made to the Board; index numbers of production are compiled by the Board on the basis of material collected by other agencies; figures for gold stock, money in circulation, Treasury finance, and operations of Government credit agencies are obtained principally from statements of the Treasury, or of the agencies concerned; data on money and security markets and commodity prices and other series on business activity are obtained largely from other sources. Back figures for banking and monetary tables, together with descriptive text, may be obtained from the Board's publication, *Banking and Monetary Statistics;* back figures for most other tables may be obtained from earlier BULLETINS.

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Wednesday figures, latest shown are for Apr. 23. See p. 551.

#### MEMBER BANK RESERVES, RESERVE BANK CREDIT, AND RELATED ITEMS

					[In	million	s of doll	lars]							
	F		Bank cre		tanding	:		π.			Treas-		0.1	Men bank r bala	eserve
Date	Dis- counts and ad- vances		1 bila   All		Ali other <sup>1</sup>	Total	Gold stock	Treas- ury cur- rency out- stand- ing	Money in cir- cula- tion	Treas- ury cash hold- ings	ury de- posits with Federal Re- serve Banks	Non- mem- ber de- posits	Other Fed- eral Re- serve ac- counts	Total	Ex- cess <sup>2</sup>
Monthly averages of daily figures: 1946—Jan. Feb. Mar 1947—Jan. Feb. Mar	367	23,590 23,150 22,549 23,632 23,824 22,978	21,147 20,811 20,243 22,523 22,690 21,831	2,443 2,340 2,307 1,109 1,135 1,147	417 418 564 438	24,298 23,934 23,533 24,431 24,601 23,721	20,197 20,237 20,624 20,726	4,426 4,464 4,560 4,558	27,944 27,913 28,543 28,300	2,265 2,307 2,274 2,290 2,214 1,332	1,895	1,248 1,167 989 846	517 536 614 623	15,921 15,685 15,536 16,399 16,006 16,006	1,311 1,131 1,031 850 805 871
End of month figures: 1946—Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 30 1947—Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 31	347 626 308 356	23,264 22,904 22,601 23,941 24,117 22,593	20,584 20,234 22,832 22,919	2,320 2,366 1,109 1,198	373	23,976 23,648 23,630 24,754 24,846 23,431	20,330	4,558	27,954 27,879 28,262 28,304	2,293 2,301 2,288 2,258 1,317 1,336	1,942 2,491	1,193 1,213 922 1,103	540 614 624	15,682 15,537 14,853 16,063 15,895 15,264	1,089 1,014 627 663 847 344
Wednesday figures: 1946—June 5 June 12 June 19 June 26	252 252	22,780 23,270 22,691 23,385	20,619	2,651 2,503	374 512	23,450 23,896 23, <b>4</b> 54 23,986	$20,271 \\ 20,272$	4,537 4,536	28,128 28,116	2,285 2,280 2,260 2,262	419	985	557 566	15,799 15,909 15,916 15,910	738 833 671 867
July 3 July 10 July 17 July 24 July 31	292 204 219	23,003 23,394 23,230 23,652 23,633	22,043 21,879 22,301	1,351 1,351 1,351	333 462 358	23,694 24,019 23,895 24,229 24,164	20,271 20,271 20,269	4,537	28,335 28,241 28,187	2,249 2,254 2,249 2,263 2,250	664 513 674	1,165	568 568 563	15,815 15,889 15,968 15,877 15,991	730 825 859 753 856
Aug. 7 Aug. 14 Aug. 21 Aug. 28	263 229	23,593 23,575 23,486 23,606	22,224	1,351	400 394	24,134 24,238 24,109 24,102	20,268 20,274	4,541 4,543	28,353 28,365	2,263 2,262 2,265 2,274	557	1,295 1,250	572 572	16,093 16,008 15,933 15,867	964 898 805 714
Sept. 4 Sept. 11 Sept. 18 Sept. 25	250 262	23,387 23,291 23,421 23,866	22,036 21,940 22,070 22,515	1,351 1,351	395 541	24,011 23,935 24,224 24,585	$20,288 \\ 20,288$	4,543 4,545 4,545 4,545 4,547	28,499	2,281 2,280 2,265 2,279	293 199 359 928	1,122	581 588	15,989 16,086 16,280 15,975	778 754 872 724
Oct.         2           Oct.         9           Oct.         16           Oct.         23           Oct.         30	248	23,555 23,502 23,418 23,056 23,608	21,610	1,428 1,428 1,445 1,445 1,445	275 480 332	24,140 24,048 24,152 23,636 24,101	20,305 20,304 20,388	4,546 4,544 4,545 4,546 4,548	28,608 28,597 28,585	2,301 2,270 2,274 2,270 2,285	524	868 972	598 596 595	16,166 16,019 16,142 1 <b>5</b> ,779 16,111	934 766 855 435 737
Nov. 6 Nov. 13 Nov. 20 Nov. 27	330	23,515 23,684 23,522 23,682	21,933	1,494 1,578 1,588 1,588	484 463	24,107 24,565 24,314 24,416	20,420 20,461	4,548	28,761 28,689	2,294 2,285	577	1,044 1,021	599 597	16,060 16,259 16,098 16,131	637 838 618 643
Dec. 4 Dec. 11 Dec. 18 Dec. 24 Dec. 31	290 303 340	23,888 24,128 23,211 23,722 23,350	22,479 22,102 22,613	1,109	378 815 815	24,585 24,796 24,328 24,877 24,093	20,450 20,477 20,527	4,554	28,946 29,109 29,163	2,270 2,208 2,258	547	875 770 848	601 609 612	16,222 16,479 16,517 16,530 16,139	669 874 656 913 562
1947—Jan. 8 Jan. 15 Jan. 22 Jan. 29	243 238	23,733 23,327 23,430 23,863	22,218	1,109	536 533	24,375 24,105 24,201 24,514	20,567 20,692	4,559	28,518 28,369	2,281 2,291 2,295 2,325	409 862	967 1,004	615 613	16,457 16,431 16,308 16,124	903 850 726 663
Feb. 5 Feb. 12 Feb. 19 Feb. 26	342	23,412 23,803 23,918 24,044	22,303 22,694 22,773 22,861	1,109	442 414	24,050 24,638 24,674 24,761	20,751 20,770	4,558 4,556	28,346 28,276	2,320 2,335 2,324 1,381	1,711 2,358	938 649	623 623	16,095 15,994 15,770 15,781	761 779 614 703
Mar. 5 Mar. 12 Mar. 19 Mar. 26	237	23,242 23,247 22,411 22,810	22,050 21,306	1,198	295 402	23,804 23,780 23,047 23,486	20,403 20,413	4,557 4,557	28,335 28,330 28,242 28,170	1,335 1,335	713	1,172	627 636	15,930 15,847 15,943 15,658	800 718 673 559
Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23	277	21,938 22,893 21,905 21,829	20,833 21,171 20,800 20,724	1,105	391 339 468 259	22,758 22,893 22,474 22,230	20,486 20,497 20,583 20,621	4,557 4,559 4,558 4,558	28,250 28,163	1,332	753 613	1,033	642 641 641 643	15,540 15,934 15,987 15,820	563 886 9833 9672

[In millions of dollars]

Preliminary.
 <sup>1</sup> Includes industrial loans and acceptances purchased shown separately in subsequent tables.
 <sup>2</sup> End of month and Wednesday figures are estimates.
 *Back figures.*—See Banking and Monetary Statistics. Tables 101-103, pp. 369-394; for description, see pp. 360-366 in the same publication.

#### FEDERAL RESERVE BANK DISCOUNT RATES

[In effect April 30. Per cent per annum]

	Dis	counts for and adva	Advances to individuals, partnerships, or corpora-				
Federal Reserve Bank	Governme discounts secured 1	ces secured by nt obligations and of and advances by eligible paper 13 and 13a) <sup>1</sup>		cured advances ec. 10(b)]	banks secured by direct obligations of the U. S. (last par. Sec. 13)		
	Rate	Effective	Rate	Effective	Rate	Effective	
Boston. New York. Philadelphia. Cleveland. Richmond. Atlanta. Chicago. St. Louis. Minneapolis. Kansas City. Dallas. San Francisco.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Apr. 27, 1946 Apr. 25, 1946 Apr. 25, 1946 May 3, 1946 May 10, 1946 Apr. 26, 1946 Apr. 26, 1946 Apr. 26, 1946 Apr. 26, 1946 Apr. 27, 1946 Apr. 25, 1946 Apr. 25, 1946	1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1%	Oct. 27, 1942 Oct. 30, 1942 Oct. 17, 1942 Sept. 12, 1942 Oct. 28, 1942 Oct. 28, 1942 Aug. 29, 1942 Mar. 14, 1942 Oct. 30, 1942 Oct. 30, 1942 Oct. 17, 1942 Oct. 28, 1942	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Mar. 29, 1946 Apr. 6, 1946 Mar. 23, 1946 Mar. 16, 1946 Mar. 16, 1946 Mar. 16, 1946 Mar. 16, 1946 Mar. 23, 1946 Mar. 23, 1946 Apr. 13, 1946 Apr. 25, 1946	

<sup>1</sup> Rates shown also apply to advances secured by obligations of Federal intermediate credit banks maturing within 6 months. Nore.—Maximum maturities for discounts and advances to member banks are: 15 days for advances secured by obligations of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation or the Home Owners' Loan Corporation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, or by obligations of Federal intermediate credit banks maturing within 6 months; 90 days for other advances and discounts made under Sections 13 and 13a of the Federal Reserve Act (except that discounts of certain bankers' acceptances and of agricultural paper may have maturities not exceeding 6 months and 9 months, respectively); and 4 months for advances under Section 10(b). The maximum maturity for advances to individuals, partnerships, or corporations made under the last paragraph of Section 13 is 90 days. Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 115–116, pp. 439–443.

#### FEDERAL RESERVE BANK BUYING RATES ON BILLS

[]	Per cent per :	annum]	
Maturity	Rate on	In effect be-	Previous
	Apr. 30	ginning	rate
Treasury bills Bankers acceptances:	3/8	Apr. 30, 1942	
1- 90 days	1	<sup>1</sup> Aug 24, 1946	3/4
91-120 days	1	<sup>1</sup> Aug. 24, 1946	3/8
121-180 days	1	<sup>1</sup> Oct. 20, 1933	1 1/4

<sup>1</sup> Date on which rate became effective at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 117, pp. 443-445.

#### MEMBER BANK RESERVE REQUIREMENTS [Per cent of deposits]

	Net	Net demand deposits <sup>1</sup>						
Period in effect	Central reserve city banks	Reserve city banks	Country banks	deposits (all member banks)				
June 21, 1917—Aug.15, 1936 Aug. 16, 1936–Feb. 28, 1937 Mar. 1, 1937–Apr. 30, 1937 May 1, 1937–Apr. 15, 1938 Apr. 16, 1938–Oct. 31, 1941 Nov. 1, 1941–Aug. 19, 1942 Aug. 20, 1942–Sept. 13, 1942 Sept. 14, 1942–Oct. 2, 1942 Oct. 3, 1942 and after	$     \begin{array}{r}       13 \\       19 \frac{1}{2} \\       22 \frac{3}{4} \\       26 \\       22 \frac{3}{4} \\       26 \\       24 \\       22 \\       20 \\       20 \\       \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 10\\ 15\\ 17\frac{1}{20}\\ 17\frac{1}{20}\\ 20\\ 20\\ 20\\ 20\\ 20\\ 20\\ 20\\ 20\\ 20\\ 20$	$710\frac{1}{2}$ 12 $\frac{1}{4}$ 12 14 14 14 14 14 14	3 4½ 5¼ 6 5 6 6 6				

<sup>1</sup> Demand deposits subject to reserve requirements, i. e., demand deposits other than war loan deposits, minus cash items in process of collection and demand balances due from domestic banks.

#### MAXIMUM RATES ON TIME DEPOSITS

Maximum rates that may be paid by member banks as established by the Board of Governors under provisions of Regulation Q. [Per cent per annum]

	Nov.1, 1933-	Feb.1, 1935-	Effective
	Jan. 31, 1935	Dec.31, 1935	Jan. 1, 1936
Savings deposits Postal savings deposits Other deposits payable:	3 3	2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	2 <sup>1</sup> ⁄ <sub>2</sub> 2 <sup>1</sup> ⁄ <sub>2</sub>
In 6 months or more		2 1/2	2½
In 90 days to 6 months		2 1/2	2
In less than 90 days		2 1/2	1

NOTE.—Maximum rates that may be paid by insured nonmember banks as established by the F. D. I. C., effective Feb. 1, 1936, are the same as those in effect for member banks. Under Regulation Q the rate payable by a member bank may not in any event exceed the maximum rate payable by State banks or trust companies on like deposits under the laws of the State in which the member bank is located.

# FEDERAL RESERVE BANK RATES ON INDUSTRIAL LOANS AND COMMITMENTS UNDER SECTION 13b OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE ACT

Maturities not exceeding five years [In effect April 30. Per cent per annum]

	comm	strial or ercial esses	To fina	tutions	
Federal Reserve Bank			On disc purc		
	On loans 1	On commit- ments	Portion for which institu- tion is obligated	Re- maining portion	On commit- ments
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	21/2-5	X-1 X-1 X-1 X-1 X-1 X-1 X-1 X-1 X-1 X-1	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	X-1 X-1X X-1X X-1X X-1X X-1X X-1X X-1X

<sup>1</sup> Including loans made in participation with financing institutions.

<sup>2</sup> Rate charged borrower less commitment rate.
<sup>3</sup> Rate charged borrower.

May charge rate charged borrower by financing institution, if

<sup>6</sup> Charge of <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> per cent is made on undisbursed portion of loan.
 <sup>8</sup> Charge of <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> per cent is made on undisbursed portion of loan.
 <sup>8</sup> Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 118, pp. 446–447.

**MARGIN REQUIREMENTS 1** [Per cent of market value]

Prescribed in accordance with Securities Exchange Act of 1934	July 5, 1945– Jan. 20, 1946	Jan. 21, 1946– Jan. 31, 1947	Effec- tive Feb. 1, 1947
Regulation T: For extensions of credit by brokers and dealers on listed securities For short sales Regulation U: For loans by banks on stocks	75 75 75	100 100 100	75 75 75

<sup>1</sup> Regulations T and U limit the amount of credit that may be ex-tended on a security by prescribing a maximum loan value, which is a specified percentage of its market value at the time of the extension; the "margin requirements" shown in this table are the difference between the market value (100%) and the maximum loan value. Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 145, p. 504.

#### PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF ALL FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

Wednesday figures End of month 1947 1047 1046 Item April Apr. 9 Apr. 2 Mar. 26 Mar. 19 April March Apr. 30 Apr. 23 Apr. 16 Assets 18,815,176 18,660,177 18,625,177 18,498,174 18,475,427 18,391,429 18,371,427 18,815,176 18,445,430 17,346,060 Gold certificates. . Redemption fund for F. R. notes.... 721.334 723.380 720.709 759.445 774.179 790 071 792.318 721.334 776 070 750 570 Total gold certifi-19,536,510 19,383,557 19,345,886 19,257,619 19,249,606 19,181,500 19,163,745 19,536,510 19,221,500 18,096,630 cate reserves... Other cash ..... 319,695 308.076 333.581 276.061 276.960 288.467 283,278 301.828 334,456 276.061 Discounts and advances 103,364 119,397 77,664 130,481 292,376 154,816 102.069 103.364 405,757 239,131 for member banks.. For nonmember banks, etc.... 21,800 22.800 146,800 136,800 131,800 131,800 21,800 131,800 40.000 21,800 Total discounts and 537,557 279,131 125.164 141,197 100,464 277.281 429,176 286,616 233.869 125,164 advances.... 1,447 Industrial loans..... 1,109 1,038 1,102 1.058 1.085 1.032 1,040 1.109 1,081 Acceptances purchased. U. S. Govt. securities: Bills: Bills: Under repurchase option..... Other.... Certificates: 5,383,608 9,716,885 5,629,8069,459,7145,102,789 8,558,485 5,157,256 4,988,253 9,900,855 10,052,094 5,409,671 9,953,364 5,424,742 9,459,714 5,833,111 9,453,604 5,344,2049,475,144 5,383,668 9,716,885 Special . . . . . . 6,504,896 Other.... 5,651,218 351,800 5,759,718 351,800 753,390 5,807,718 351,800 753,390 6,417,618 351,800 6,486,618 351,800 753,390 5,651,218 351,800 753,390 6,398,618 351,800 753,390 5,665,718 5,948,418 1,662,700 Notes..... Bonds.... 351,800 753,390 351.800 753,390 753.390 753.390 Total U. S. Govt. Other Reserve Bank 21,856,961 21,829,019 21,905,255 22,275,943 21,938,064 22,809,523 22,411,156 21,856,961 22,593,328 22,731,812 331.812 credit outstanding. . 222,117 258,453 467,262 338,260 389,744 388,678 400,530 222,117 298.949 Total Reserve Bank credit outstanding 22, 205, 351 22, 229, 707 22, 474, 088 22, 892, 542 22, 758, 069 23, 485, 849 23, 046, 595 22, 205, 351 23, 430, 915 23, 357, 398 Liabilities Federal Reserve notes. 24,022,262 24,024,861 24,085,330 24,170,120 24,185,309 24,142,852 24,219,725 24,022,262 24,161,605 23,924,800 Deposits: Member bank - reserve account..... U. S. Treasurer—gen-eral account..... 15,825,712 15,819,743 15,987,368 15,933,684 15,540,348 15,657,769 15,942,864 15,825,712 15,264,231 15,605,871 678,668 2,013,772 618.860 753.357 946.355 1.600.115 712.555 618.860 481.668 613,488 Foreign..... 552,526 558,764 395,796 483,345 500,721 520,389 572,539 458,279 513,352 552,526 381,057 590,383 749.726 416,574 Other.... Total deposits.... 17,469,854 17,321,970 17,479,997 17,720,116 17,579,631 18,317,412 17.803.752 17,469,854 18,249,443 17,450,839 Ratio of gold certificate reserves to deposit and F. R. note liabilities combined (per cent).. 47.1 46.9 46.0 46.1 45.2 45.6 47.1 45.3 43.7 46.5

#### [In thousands of dollars]

#### MATURITY DISTRIBUTION OF LOANS AND U. S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES HELD BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

[In thousands of dollars]

	Total	Within 15 days	16 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	91 days to 6 months			2 years to 5 years	Over 5 years
Discounts and advances:           Mar. 26.           Apr. 2.           Apr. 9.           Apr. 16.           Apr. 23.           Industrial loans:           Mar. 26.           Apr. 9.           Apr. 9.           Apr. 23.	286,616 429,176 277,281 100,464 141,197 1,032 1,085 1,058	150,267 406,166 241,637 70,057 109,449 962 1,015 993 1,036	118,506 9,761 10,615 3,455 4,783 4	6,240 951 996 2,911	11,603 12,298 24,033 24,041	15 15 15 15 15			32 32 32 32 32	
U. S. Government securities: Mar. 26. Apr. 2. Apr. 9. Apr. 9. Apr. 16. Apr. 23.	22,809,523 21,938,064 22,275,943 21,905,255	4,098,615 3,015,066 3,544,545 3,309,046	2,288,745 2,337,171 2,390,917	5,084,797 5,054,523 5,048,599	5,488,134 5,393,082 5,244,071	1,551,159 1,478,459 1,458,459	3,461,373 3,419,373 3,405,373	320,400 320,400 320,400 320,400	148,350 148,350 148,350 148,350	580,040 580,040 580,040 580,040

## STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS, BY WEEKS [In thousands of dollars]

						usands of	donarsj				,		<u> </u>
	Total	Boston	New York	Phila- delphia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minne- apolis	Kansas City	Dailas	San- Fran- cisco
Assets Gold certificates: Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Redemption fund	18,498,174 18,625,177 18,660,177	740,028 743,940 724,422	5,960,993 5,441,822 5,535,306	805,518 835,770 823,586	1,242,122 1,123,596 1,116,242 1,194,307 1,167,321	977,381 956,121 949,194	929,157 922,778 921,124	3,151,279 3,422,126 3,949,665 4,004,634 3,984,425	584,975 568,156 576,216 561,755 555,600	373,231 392,314 388,636 372,349 380,786	656,301 634,734 615,199 632,448 622,735	455,189 455,376 448,265	2,540,049 2,466,235 2,496,409 2,457,787 2,432,645
for F. R. notes: Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Total gold certifi-	790,071 774,179 759,445 720,709 723,380	55,235 55,157	119,281 118,919 118,547 118,208 117,732	59,572 59,427 60,510 60,325 60,157	76,141 76,031 75,917 75,819 75,672		45,015 44,906 44,810 44,706 44,469		45,997 45,960 45,920 45,877 45,831	21,420 21,405 21,391 21,374 21,354	33,645 33,608 33,577 33,549 33,506	24,642 24,608 24,569 24,537 24,493	104,853 104,755 104,641 104,548 104,437
Cate reserves:           Mar. 26           Apr. 2           Apr. 9           Apr. 16           Apr. 23           Other cash:	19,249,006 19,257,619 19,345,886 19,383,557	795,350	6,079,912 5,560,369 5,653,514 5,805,420	864,945 896,280 883,911 897,763	1,199,627 1,192,159 1,270,126 1,242,993	1,035,973 1,013,949 1,008,447 976,803	974,063 967,588 965,830	3,296,046 3,552,766 4,066,165 4,081,990 4,066,606	630,972 614,116 622,136 607,632 601,431	394,651 413,719 410,027 393,723 402,140	689,946 668,342 648,776 665,997 656,241	479,945 472,802 459,402	2,644,902 2,570,990 2,601,050 2,562,335 2,537,082
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Discounts & ad- vances:	319,695 301,828 283,278 288,467 276,960	24,783 23,357	64,885 63,541 60,301 62,963 58,220	23,806 20,977 20,517 21,246 18,905	30,609 26,238	14.344 16,648	23,443	27,913	15,314 13,865 11,877 13,011 12,973	7,843 6,863 6,973 6,620 7,061	10,280 9,627 8,413 9,554 9,391	12,955 13,075 11,704 12,544 10,817	46,307 45,510 43,494 43,751 43,694
Secured by U. S. Govt. securities: Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23	154,816 291,976 130,085 77,270 119,006	7,960	33,038 48,240 57,692 21,352 19,872	5,710 13,549 10,875 12,235 12,195	21,113 10,387 8,314 4,913 12,488	15,385 4,945 4,670	2,250 3,350 1,800 4,100 10,450		20,040 6.690 4,559 4,040 12,740	21,200 5,000 5,000 2,000 10,800	4,300 5,300 1,650 2,100 7,320	100 100 1,099 200 1,399	6,740 1,700 700 3,100 3,200
Other: Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Ladustial	131,800 137,200 147,196 23,194 22,191	8,755	49,520 51,120 53,776 14,776 14,456	9,801 10,206 11,081 956 875	11,253 11,718 12,722 1,098 1,005	6,174 6,703 578	4,961 5,166 5,609 484 443	16,456 17,536 19,001 1,999 1,859	4,235 4,410 4,788 413 378	3,025 3,150 3,420 295 270	4,235 4,410 4,788 413 378	3,993 4,158 4,515 389 357	10,648 11,088 12,038 1,038 950
Industrial loans: Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 U. S. Govt. securities:	1,032 1,085 1,058 1,102 1,038	18 18	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,040 1,084	• • • • • • • • • • •	 		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · /			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Bills: Under repur- chase option: Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23	5,833,111 5,424,742 5,409,671 4,988,253 5,157,256	50,314 45,446 43,282 69,707 76,532	3,193,207 3,541,257 3,244,532	146,431 140,781 147,106 132,406 143,529	54,530 58,948 69,625 31,780 44,580	57,963 37,178 37,448	33,105 12,675 3,675	1,718,566 1,316,888 1,101,385 978,985 1,094,277	98,625 106,354 76,904 87,074 89,704	34,579 42,156 24,126 27,556 21,884	79,592 65,067 45,454 26,020 39,512	29,658 25,427 17,999 25,810 24,533	323,260
Other bills: Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Certificates:	9,453,604 9,459,714 9,953,364 10,052,094 9,900,855	893,579 911,390 891,229	281,092 222,372 341,340 365,133 328,685	987,642 987,780 1,000,297	1,310,976 1,429,884 1,477,709 1,487,274 1,472,622	936,965 968,277 974,539	790,346 816,514 821,748	806,839	601,736 643,495 681,220 682,542 667,072	379,988 392,729 406,707 409,503 405,221	633,988 680,033 704,053 708,857 701,498	569,636 572,219 566,487	1,189,211 1,229,667 1,279,316 1,289,246 1,274,035
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Notes:	6,417,618 5,948,418 5,807,718 5,759,718 5,665,718	409,275 399,405 396,038 389,445	1,522,982 1,488,736 1,477,052 1,454,161	410,400 403,336	534,491 521,019 516,423 507,427	366,472 357,589 354,559 348,624	305,608 298,186 295,654 290,696	794,667 776,436 770,215 758,033	347,282 307,159 300,169 297,785 293,113	187,734 170,104 166,113 164,752 162,087	305,526 276,011 269,217 266,899 262,362	287,533 265,647 259,475 257,370 253,246	571,413 557,363 552,571 543,188
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Bonds:	351,800 351,800	24,205 24,194 24,190 24,182	90,609 90,072 90,180 90,217 90,293	25,881 25,111 25,078 25,067 25,044	31,508	21,674 21,661 21,656 21,647	18,195 18,074 18,062 18,058 18,050		19,037 18,166 18,183 18,188 18,200	10,291 10,060 10,062 10,063 10,064	16,748 16,324 16,308 16,302 16,291	15,762 15,711 15,718 15,720 15,725	33,728
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Total U. S. Govt. securities:	753,390 753,390 753,390 753,390 753,390 753,390	51,836 51,811 51,803 51,786	194,041 192,892 193,123 193,203 193,365		67,587 67,550	46,415 46,387 46,377		100,648 100,722 100,747	40,769 38,903 38,939 38,951 38,976	22,039 21,545 21,549 21,550 21,553		33,755 33,645 33,660 33,665 33,675	72,278
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Total loans and	21,938,064 22,275,943	1,424,341 1,430,082 1,432,967	5,221,525 5,654,636 5,370,137	1,631,899 1,627,680 1,621,852	2,122,629 2,167,500 2,134,570	1,429,489 1,431,092 1,434,579	1,185,839 1,184,118 1,177,807	3,747,956 2,942,567 2,832,414 2,752,231 2,833,894	1,114,077 1,115,415 1,124,540	636,594 628,557 633,424	1,071,721 1,072,393 1,069,955 1,052,990 1,054,550	899,071	2,225,545 2,246,645 2,235,423 2,271,106 2,296,911
securities: Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23	23,097,171 22,368,325 22,554,282 22,006,821 21,971,254	1,480,919 1,440,383 1,455,391 1,450,835 1,449,132	5,548,007 5,320,885 5,766,104 5,406,265 5,292,154	1,669,575 1,656,721 1,650,676 1,636,127 1,622,533	2,059,470 2,144,734 2,188,536 2,140,581 2,137,104	1,389,770 1,451,048 1,442,740 1,439,827 1,439,242	1,153,741 1,194,355 1,191,527 1,182,391 1,186,300	3,770.962 3,134,418 2,868,330 2,755,695 2,836,128	1,131,724 1,125,177 1,124,762 1,128,993 1,120,183	658,856 644,744 636,977 635,719 631,879	1,080,256 1,082,103 1,076,393 1,055,503 1,062,248	910,958 914,324 904,685 899,641 893,290	2,242,933 2,259,433 2,248,161 2,275,244 2,301,061

#### STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS, BY WEEKS [In thousands of dollars]

	1				[In thou	sands of e	iollars]			ł	1		
	Total	Boston	New York	Phila- delphia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minne- apolis	Kansas City	Dallas	San- Fran- cisco
Due from foreign banks: Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Federal Reserve notes of other	102 102 102 102 102 102	6 6 6 6 6	1 33 1 33 1 33 1 33 1 33 1 33	8 8 8 8 8 8	9 9 9 9 9 9	5 5 5 5 5 5	4 4 4 4 4 4	14 14 14 14 14	4 4 4 4 4 4	3 3 3 3 3 3 3	4 4 4 4 4 4	3 3 3 3 3 3 3	9 9 9 9 9
Banks: Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Uncollected	110,712 97,297 98,113 97,585 100,437	2,766 3,151 2,382 2,734 2,702	16,023 14,849 12,641 12,669 17,652	5,671 4,370 5,560 5,198 4,992	6,263 6,499 5,523 6,226 5,411	17,096 14,687 12,498 12,769 14,052	12,306 13,719 14,120 12,275 10,474	12,553 10,439 12,326 13,815 12,023	7,469 5,905 7,032 7,670 7,538	4,179 2,891 2,900 3,516 3,233	5,203 5,022 6,140 5,477 5,119	4,827 3,851 4,619 3,705 4,149	16,356 11,914 12,372 11,531 13,092
items: Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Bank premises:	2,409,610 2,298,464 2,938,460	192,955 206,909 182,827 248,838 195,204	500,237 445,839 442,386 648,585 481,497	148,103 174,103 154,125 177,641 141,494	213,092 230,350 204,878 267,323 206,311	219,540 204,624 195,550 254,331 196,129	172,055 161,462 159,618 187,711 153,380	395,806 388,856 394,592 477,720 364,585	118,691 109,565 101,168 130,983 100,750	61,288 58,135 61,254 61,823 55,154	126,831 122,737 112,051 135,133 122,659	100,144 87,557 96,536 117,711 118,193	215,362 219,473 193,479 230,661 210,554
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Other assets:	32,202 32,151 32,151 32,151 32,151 32,131	1,287 1,283 1,283 1,283 1,283	8,422 8,404 8,404 8,404 8,404	3,134 3,134 3,134 3,134 3,122	3,831 3,822 3,822 3,822 3,822 3,822	2,665 2,665 2,665 2,665 2,655 2,658	1,515 1,515 1,515 1,515 1,515 1,514	3,044 3,038 3,038 3,038 3,038 3,038	2,002 1,999 1,999 1,999 1,999	1,235 1,232 1,232 1,232 1,232 1,232	2,509 2,503 2,503 2,503 2,503 2,503	789 787 787 787 787 787	1,769 1,769 1,769 1,769 1,769
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Total assets:	41,929 38,646 40,358 41,886 42,593	2,586 2,501 2,614 2,874 2,873		2,515 2,290 2,362 2,477 2,613	4,022 3,903 4,043 4,220 4,098	2,494 2,235 2,376 2,445 2,635	2,380 2,236 2,292 2,468 2,592	5,872 5,199 5,373 5,678 5,685	2,470 2,340 2,425 2,575 2,582	1,254 1,061 1,094 1,188 1,168	1,982 1,756 1,803 1,782 1,753	1,822 1,584 1,713 1,896 1,966	4,075 3,917 4,037 4,221 4,280
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Liabilities Federal Reserve	45,247,415 44,497,565 44,564,367 44,751,358 44,152,944	2,468,748 2,476,098 2,468,461 2,509,506 2,463,293	12,005,688 11,943,087 11,860,464 11,802,495 11,673,788	2,760,271 2,726,548 2,732,662 2,729,742 2,691,430	3,634,406 3,619,553 3,625,208 3,720,789 3,624,430	2,802,621 2,725,581 2,686,431 2,736,072 2,648,230	2,409,309 2,372,418 2,361,110 2,375,637 2,326,306	7,521,882 7,126,574 7,377,722 7,365,863 7,316,071	1,908,646 1,872,971 1,871,403 1,892,867 1,847,460	1,129,309 1,128,648 1,120,460 1,103,824 1,101,870	1,917,011 1,892,094 1,856,083 1,875,953 1,859,918	1,517,811 1,500,978 1,499,992 1,509,089 1,488,607	5,171,713 5,113,015 5,104,371 5,129,521 5,111,541
notes: Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Deposits:	24,085,330	1,447,084	5,509,677	1,641,946	2,073,048	1,693,787	1,380,524	4,487,237	1,084,706	591,704	907,909 910,217 911,625 907,024 905,674	573,397	2,734,577 2,735,134 2,741,807 2,729,135 2,719,456
Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 U. S. Treas- urer-general	15,657,769 15,540,348 15,933,684 15,987,368 15,819,743	683,185 695,016 702,673 728,730 720,534	4,881,053 4,959,242 4,925,084	783,030 794,569 788,389	1,146,521 1,175,025 1,194,941 1,230,444 1,196,063	690,381 729,969 712,761 730,716 701,474	732,459 753,778 740,347	2,282,692 2,045,810 2,277,557 2,284,622 2,302,549	584,776 609,130 610,083	400,175 406,313 401,430	785,979 773,311 781,202	752,233 762,074 756,332	1,983,975 1,974,823 1,987,335 2,009,989 2,007,377
account: Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Foreign:	1,600,115 946,355 753,357 613,488 481,668	82,700 63,875 69,837 39,854 28,313	273,833 169,131 120,692	101,517 50,895 63,739 52,481 29,685		159,104 65,397 43,827 42,628 37,442	82,978 49,514 24,405 37,588 29,649	125,433 140,752 78,423	67,941 47,763 35,155 33,318 33,760	38,085 27,291	79,479 46,353 28,756 32,317 28,982	67,323 47,537 32,743 34,453 23,600	115,652 58,168 49,876 38,742 42,422
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Other:	500,721 395,796 558,764	33,081 31,260 24,828 35,068	<sup>2171,457</sup> <sup>2171,118</sup> <sup>2132,607</sup> <sup>2186,751</sup>	41,527 39,222 31,334 44,294	47,679 45,032 35,976 50,856	25,121 23,727 18,955 26,795	18,153 21,020 19,853 15,860 22,421	69,725 65,854 52,610 74,371	16,948 13,539 19,139	12,817 12,105 9,671 13,671	17,944 16,948 13,539 19,139	16,918 15,979 12,766 18,046	42,675 34,111 48,213
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Total deposits:	601,249 572,539 532,354 483,345 461,795	2,990 2,688 2,836	457,884 404,418 389,201	2,812 4,090 2,235 1,637 2,087	6,959 6,758 6,920	4,957 5,451 5,438 4,972 3,892	2,511 3,072 1,909 1,884 2,254	4,120 7,056 4,818	7,229 6,585 6,623 6,281	2,210 2,381	1,561 1,791 2,058 1,997 1,272	760 2,836 1,424 1,093 839	36,820 36,108 38,371 41,651 39,131
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Deferred availa-	17,579,631 17,720,116 17,479,997	796.100	5,819,491 5,757,375 5,582,801	879,542 899,765 873,841	1,333,735 1,294,746 1,303,983 1,348,879 1,304,362	876,137 825,938 785,753 797,271 769,603	806,065 799,945 795,679	2,638,249 2,244,829 2,488,283 2,422,711 2,446,626	657,712 667,818 663,563	470,948 458,884 440,960	871,961 852,067 821,073 829,055 817,042	824,615 819,524 812,220 804,644 778,406	2,175,450 2,114,255 2,118,257 2,124,493 2,137,143
bility items: Mar. 26* Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Other liab. incl.	2,075,528 2,019,968 1,960,306	179,893 187,725 166,113 220,610	366,402 357,399 488,172	139,275 127,455 156,284	183,017 182,148 240,454	194,737 168,841 170,985 219,804 171,372	167,310 146,287 144,416 169,880 147,335	296,879 305,338 368,895	102,853 92,518 121,075	46,113 50,914 54,442	103,555 97,062 113,535	85,178 105,922	200,233 180,780 212,222
accrued div.: Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 <sup>1</sup> After deduc	12,842 12,722 15,271	719 770 1,043	3,412 3,748 4,801	784 827	1,226 1,399 1,256 1,370	677 619 670	597	2,060 2,054 1,988 2,157	528 530 515 526	1,232 500 373 1,058	505 507 501 519	419 567 527 573	1,074 1,092

<sup>1</sup> After deducting \$69,000 participations of other Federal Reserve Banks on March 26; April 2; April 9; April 16; and April 23. <sup>2</sup> After deducting \$301,074,000 participations of other Federal Reserve Banks on March 26; \$348,623,000 on April 2; \$329,269,000 on April 9; \$263,052,000 on April 16; and \$371,853,000 on April 23.

#### STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS, BY WEEKS-Continued

					[in thou	sanus or c	ionais)						
	Total	Boston	New York	Phila- delphia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minne- apolis	Kansas City	Dallas	San- Fran- cisco
Total liabilities:													
	44.548.999	2 423 909	11,788,463	2 703 749	3.570.038	2,767,540	2 379 795	7 427 464	1.882.026	1 110 041	1.801.361	1 493 352	5 109 461
Apr. 2	43,798,014	2 431 282	11,725,569	2 669 931	3 555 052	2,600,436	2 342 836	7 031 043	1 847 101	1 110 236	1 866 344	1 476 470	5 050 715
Apr. 9	43 863 384	2 423 526	11 642 655	2 675 860	3 560 578	2,651,202	2 331 458	7 282 012	1 845 572	1 102 002	1 830 267	1 475 434	5 041 018
Apr. 9 Apr. 16	44 040 344	2 464 564	11 584 308	2,672,855	3 656 046	2 700 753	2 345 020	7 270 000	1 867 020	1 085 232	1 850 115	1 484 400	5 066 042
Apr. 23	43 449 661	2,404,304	11 455 434	2,672,855	3 550 582	2,700,733	2,345,520	7 220 071	1 821 520	1 083 346	1 833 085	1 463 070	5 048 835
Capital Accts.:	10,112,001	2,110,215	11,100,104	2,031,139	0,009,002	2,012,000	2,290,010	7,220,971	1,021,520	1,005,540	1,000,900	1,103,270	0,010,000
Capital paid in:								l I					[
Mar. 26	190,879	11,166	67,228	14,105	18.644	8.054	7.274	22,752	6,288	4.186	6.309	7.052	17,821
Apr. 2	190.945		67,227	14,110	18,652	8,059		22,753	6,293	4,187	6,330		17,840
Apr. 9	191,085		67.228	14,202	18,665	8,059	7,275	22,763	6,293	4,189	6,330	7,071	17,844
Apr. 16	191,163			14,205	18,669	8.061	7,291	22,777	6,294	4,109	6,348	7,076	
Apr. 23	191,184			14,203	18,669	8,063		22,778	6,300		6,349	7,078	
Surplus	171,104	11,100	07,247	14,204	10,009	8,005	7,291	22,110	0,300	4,194	0,349	1,010	17,045
(section 7):		l.						1				1	1
Mar, 26	439,823	27,557	136,549	34,720	41,394	20,676	18,663	65.078	16,577	10.997	15,729	13,777	38,106
Apr. 2	439,823		136.549	34,720		20,676					15,729		
Apr. 9	439,823			34,720		20,676		65,078	16,577	10,997			
Apr. 16	439,823		136,549	34,720		20,676				10,997	15,729		
Apr. 23	439,823			34,720									
Surplus	439,823	21,331	130,349	34,720	41,394	20,676	18,663	05,078	16,577	10,997	15,729	13,777	38,100
(section 13b):		li –	1		1								
Mar. 26	27,455	3,012	7,253	4,489	1.007	3.325	762	1,429	521	1.073	1.137	1,307	2,140
Apr. 2	27,455		7,253	4,489	1.007				521				
Apr. 9	27,455	3.012	7,253	4,489	1,007	3,325 3,325			521				
Apr. 16	27,433					3,325		1,429	521				
Apr. 23	27,455			4,489									
Other cap. accts.:		3,012	1,233	4,409	1,007	3,325	102	1,429	321	1,073	1,137	1,307	2,140
Mar. 26	40.259	3,104	6,195	3,208	3,323	3,026	2.815	5,159	2,334	2.112	2,475	2.323	4,185
Apr. 2						3.085							
Apr. 9						3,169							
Apr. 16													
Apr. 23	44,821					3,336							
Total liabilities	11,021	0,545	1,505	0,550	0,110	3,330	5,074	3,015	2,342	2,200	2,110	2,47	1,013
and cap. accts.:	i i	1					1						
Mar. 26	45 247 415	2 468 748	12 005 688	2 760 271	3 634 406	2 802 621	2 400 300	7 521 882	1 008 646	1 120 300	1 017 011	1 517 811	5 171 713
Apr. 2	44 407 565	2,476,008	11 043 087	2 726 548	3 610 553	2,302,021	2 372 419	7 126 574	1 872 071	1 129,509	1,917,011	11 500 079	5 113 015
Apr. 9	44 564 367	2 468 461	11,943,087 11,860,464	2 732 662	3 625 208	2 686 431	2 361 110	7 377 722	1 871 403	1 120,040	1 856 083	1 400 00	5 104 371
Apr. 16	44 751 358	2 500 506	11 802 405	2 729 742	3 720 780	2,080,431	2 375 637	7 365 863	1 802 867	1 103 824	1 875 053	1 500 080	5 129 521
Apr. 23	44 152 944	2 463 293	11 673 788	2 601 430	3 624 430	2 648 230	2 326 306	7 316 071	1 847 460	1.101.870	1 850 019	1 488 60	5 111 541
Contingent lia-	11,102,911	100,290	1,010,100	2,051,100	10,021,100	2,010,200	2,020,000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,017,100	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,000,010	1,100,00	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
bility on bills		1					1			1	i i		
purchased for	1		1										
foreign corre-		11		<b>\</b>	1	1		1					
spondents:				]	1				ļ	ļ	1	ļ	]
Mar. 26	8,753	560	12.801	1 709	814	429	359	1,191	306	5 219	306	5 289	770
Apr. 2													
Apr. 9													
Apr. 16	8,015												
Apr. 23													
Commit. to make	el 0,007	11 3			1	5,2	52	1,000	1 200	1 200	1 200	1 20	1
indus. loans:		H II		1		1		1	1	1		1	
Mar. 26	8,210	)		1.243	1.689	71	d	. 380	4.200	0	450	b	. 173
Apr. 2										5		5	
Apr. 9							i			5		0	
Apr. 16							5	. î				ő	
Apr. 23		i		1,23				.) î		b		Ŏ	
	,,00,								3,01		10.		
	DD	DDAT	DECEDVE	NOTES	PEDED	T DECE					eeve		

FEDERAL RESERVE NOTES—FEDERAL RESERVE AGENTS' ACCOUNTS, BY WEEKS
[In thousands of dollars]

	Total	Boston	New York	Phila- delphia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	At- lanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minne- apolis	Kansas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
F.R.notesoutstanding													
(issued to Bank):		1 1											
Mar. 26	24,835,630	1,478,601	5,701,385	1,690,790	2,125,001	1,737,212	1,427,193	4,557,158	1,122,415	603,722			2,864,251
Apr. 2	24,843,563	1,481,035	5,695,298	1,703,085	2,121,792	1,738,496	1,427,572	4,563,078	1,122,221	603,503			2,856,753
Apr. 9	24,816,945	1,481,263	5,694,823	1,698,672	2,120,147	1,738,412	1,426,411	4,560,050	1,117,837	602,972			2,846,432
Apr. 16	24,773,072	1,481,543	5,690,747	1,688,975	2,118,075	1,729,132	1,421,375	4,553,315	1,114,954	602,672	931,524		2,844,358
Apr. 23	24,726,055	1,482,309	5,683,249	1,683,665	2,110,047	1,725,110	1,415,880	4,547,501	1,115,579	601,895	927,863	596,205	2,836,752
Collateral held against							1		1				
notes outstanding:								ł					
Gold certificates:								1				1 10 000	
Mar. 26	10,783,000		3,470,000					1,690,000		184,000			1,850,000
Apr. 2			3,470,000					2,170,000		184,000			1,800,000
Apr. 9	11,388,000	455,000	3,470,000					2,370,000		184,000			1,800,000
Apr. 16	12,138,000	455,000	3,470,000					3,070,000		184,000			1,850,000
Apr. 23	12,063,000	455,000	3,470,000	500,000	645,000	700,000	590,000	2,970,000	300,000	184,000	280,000	109,000	1,800,000
Eligible paper:	101.000				1		:		1		4 200		6740
Mar. 26					<b></b> .		{		20,040				6,740
Apr. 2								115,000					1,700 700
Apr. 9								. <b></b>	4,559				
Apr. 16									4,040				3,100
Apr. 23	94,294	14,407	19,872	12,195	•••••	13,760			12,740	10,800	7,320		3,200
U. S. Govt. sec.:	15 022 625	1 100 000	2 400 000	1 000 000	1 500 000	1 1 60 000	000 000	2 000 000	040 625	425 000	700.000	500 000	1,300,000
Mar. 26	15,033,625							2,900,000		425,000			1,300,000
Apr. 2								2,300,000		425,000			1,300,000
	14,281,904							2,200,000		425,000			1,300,000
Apr. 16	12 614 704	1,100,000	2,400,000	11,200,000	1,500,000	1,130,000	850,000						1,300,000
Apr. 23 Total collateral:	13,644,704	1,100,000	2,400,000	1,200,000	1,500,000	11,130,000	850,000	1,600,000	939,704	425,000	100,000	1500,000	1,300,000
Mar, 26	25 041 420	1 571 165	5 002 029	1 720 710	2 145 000	1 000 616	1 400 000	4 500 000	1 260 665	620 200	084 200		3.156.740
Apr. 2		1 562 060	15,905,038	1,730,710	2,145,000	1 200 225	11,490,000	14,590,000	1 262 044	614 000			3,101,700
	25,873,078	1 571 526	15,910,240	1 710 975	2,145,000	11.000,283	1,490,000	14,565,000	1 221 462	614,000			3.100.700
Apr. 16	25 746 566	1 572 005	5 801 252	1 712 225	2,145,000	1 750 570	1 440 000	4,570,000	1 241 114	611 000			3,153,100
Apr. 10 Apr. 23	25 201 000	1,572,095	5,091,332	1,712,233	2,145,000	1,139,310	1 440,000	4 570,000	1 252 444	610 800			3.103.200

<sup>1</sup> After deducting \$5,952,000 participations of other Federal Reserve Banks on March 26; \$5,654,000 on April 2; \$5,503,000 on April 9; \$5,450,000 on April 16; and \$5,440,000 on April 23.

# WAR PRODUCTION LOANS GUARANTEED BY WAR DE-PARTMENT, NAVY DEPARTMENT, AND MARITIME COMMISSION THROUGH FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS UNDER REGULATION V

	ĮAmo	ounts in thou	isands of d	pliars		
	aut	nteed loans horized date	Guara loa outsta	Additional amount available to borrowers		
Date	Num- ber	Amount	Total amount	Portion guaran- teed	under guar- antee agree- ments outstanding	
1942 June 30 Dec. 31	565 2,665	310,680 2,688,397				
1943 June 30 Dec. 31	4,217 5,347	4,718,818 6,563,048	1,428,253 1,914,040	1,153,756 1,601,518	2,216,053 3,146,286	
1944 June 30 Dec. 30	6,433 7,434		2,064,318 1,735,970			
1945 June 30 Dec. 31	8,422 8,757	10,149,315 10,339,400			3,694,618 966,595	
1946 June 29 Dec. 31	8,771 8,771	10,344,018 10,344,018		60,214 17,454		
1947 Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 31	8,771 8,771 8,771	10,344,018 10,344,018 10,344,018			21,183	

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

Note.—The difference between guaranteed loans authorized and sum of loans outstanding and additional amounts available to borrowers under guarantee agreements outstanding represents amounts repaid and authorizations expired or withdrawn.

INDUSTRIAL LOANS BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]									
Date (last Wednesday or last day of period)	app	ication <b>s</b> proved date	Ap- proved but not com-	Loans out- standing <sup>2</sup>	Commit- ments out-	Partici- pations out-			
	Num- ber	Amount	pleted <sup>1</sup> (amount)	(amount)		standing (amount)			
1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939	984 1,993 2,280 2,406 2,653 2,781	49,634 124,493 139,829 150,987 175,013 188,222	20,966 11,548 8,226 3,369 1,946 2,659	13,589 32,493 25,526 20,216 17,345 13,683	8,225 27,649 20,959 12,780 14,161 9,220	1,296 8,778 7,208 7,238 12,722 10,981			
1940 1941	2,908 3,202	212,510 279,860	13,954 8,294	9,152 10,337	5,226 14,597	6,386 19,600			
1942 June 24 Dec. 31	3,352 3,423	338,822 408,737	26,346 4,248	11,265 14,126	16,832 10,661	26,430 17,305			
1943 June 30 Dec. 31	3,452 3,471	475,468 491,342	3,203 926	13,044 10,532	12,132 9,270	19,070 17,930			
1944 June 30 Dec. 30	3,483 3,489	510,857 525,532	45 1,295	11,366 3,894	4,048 4,165	11,063 2,706			
1945 June 30 Dec. 31	3,502 3,511	537,331 544,961	70 320	3,252 1,995	5,224 1,644	2,501 1,086			
1946 Mar. 30 June 29 Sept. 30 Dec. 31	3,519 3,524 3,535 3,542	547.581 552,711 563,779 565,913	755 615 8,115 4,577	1,536 1,210 1,106 554	2,063 5,366 6,254 8,309	1,014 1,110 1,455 2,670			
1947 Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 31	<b>3,545</b> 3,548 3,548	568,540 569,487 569,825	4,795 4,795 4,595	593 996 1,081	8,217 8,186 8,160	<b>2,677</b> 2,729 2,727			

<sup>1</sup> Includes applications approved conditionally by the Federal Re-serve Banks and under consideration by applicant. <sup>1</sup> Includes industrial loans past due 3 months or more, which are not included in industrial loans outstanding in weekly statement of con-dition of Federal Reserve Banks. NOTE.—The difference between amount of applications approved and the sum of the following four columns represents repayments of ad-vances, and applications for loans and commitments withdrawn or expired.

#### MEMBER BANK RESERVES AND BORROWINGS [Averages of daily figures. In millions of dollars]

[Averages of dai	ly figures.	. In mil	lions of o	ioliars)		
Month, or week ending Thursday	All mem- ber		reserve banks	Re- serve city	Coun- try	
week ending Indisday	banks 1	New York	Chi- cago	banks	banks <sup>1</sup>	
Total reserves held: 1946—February March 1947—February March	15,685 15,536 16,006 16,006	4,037 3,970 4,110 4,129	901 858 905 877	6,235 6,169 6,324 6,308	4,511 4,539 4,667 4,693	
Feb. 20         Feb. 27         Mar. 6         Mar. 13         Mar. 20         Mar. 27         Apr. 3         Apr. 10	15,946 15,830 16,055 16,024 16,194 15,872 15,710 15,933	$\begin{array}{r} 4.074 \\ 4.072 \\ 4.101 \\ 4.085 \\ 4.168 \\ 4.136 \\ 4.101 \\ 4.094 \end{array}$	906 892 896 890 892 869 795 873	$\begin{array}{r} 6,305\\ 6,244\\ 6,319\\ 6,340\\ 6,364\\ 6,254\\ 6,211\\ 6,293\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 4,662\\ 4,622\\ 4,739\\ 4,709\\ 4,771\\ 4,612\\ 4,603\\ 4,673\end{array}$	
Excess reserves: 1946—February Mareh 1947—February March	1,131 1,031 805 871	15 1 17 21	-6 $4$ $4$	269 225 205 217	839 812 578 630	
Feb. 20         Feb. 27         Mar. 6         Mar. 13         Mar. 20         Mar. 27         Apr. 3         Apr. 10	789 735 947 894 935 739 768 899	13 12 11 10 15 13 14 14	5 3 5 4 4 4 6 16	200 177 266 234 218 166 187 248	571 543 665 646 698 556 561 621	
Borrowings at Federal Reserve Banks: 1946—February March 1947—February March	324 526 203 173	134 297 27 21	1 42 1 33	134 133 115 66	54 54 60 54	
Feb. 20         Feb. 27         Mar. 6         Mar. 13         Mar. 20         Mar. 27         Apr. 3         Apr. 10	216 223 147 114 91 153 421 131	20 15 5 7 2 85 6	2 3 1  20 185 5	138 128 76 48 45 77 94 52	56 77 65 59 44 54 57 68	

<sup>1</sup>Weekly figures of excess reserves of all member banks and of country banks are estimates. Weekly figures of borrowings of all mem-ber banks and of country banks may include small amounts of Federal Reserve Bank discounts and advances for nonmember banks, etc.

## DEPOSITS OF COUNTRY MEMBER BANKS IN LARGE AND SMALL CENTERS <sup>1</sup>

[Averages of daily figures. In millions of dollars]

	In places	of 15,000	In places of under		
	and over p	opulation	15,000 population		
	Demand deposits except inter- bank <sup>2</sup>	Time deposits	Demand deposits except inter- bank <sup>2</sup>	Time deposits	
March 1946	r17,372	7,679	*12,148	5,316	
February 1947	r15,311	8,315	*11,893	*5,894	
March 1947	15,315	8,366	11,836	5,917	
Boston	1,835	880	328	230	
New York	2,801	2,152	991	1,138	
Philadelphia	1,095	735	898	878	
Cleveland	1,318	913	1,053	814	
Richmond	1,073	394	880	466	
Atlanta	1,574	488	693	212	
Chicago	1,885	1,344	1,678	924	
St. Louis	626	327	990	268	
Minneapolis	550	290	754	429	
Kansas City	513	105	1,583	197	
Dallas	894	132	1,415	59	
San Francisco	1,151	606	572	301	

r Revised.
 <sup>1</sup> Includes any banks in outlying sections of reserve cities that have been given permission to carry the same reserves as country banks. All reserve cities have a population of more than 15,000.
 <sup>2</sup> Includes war loan deposits, shown separately for all country banks

in the table on the following page.

#### DEPOSITS, RESERVES, AND BORROWINGS OF MEMBER BANKS

[Averages of daily figu	res. <sup>1</sup> In millions of dollars]
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	G	ross dema	and deposi	ts	De-	Net		De- mand bal-		es with Fe serve Bank		Bor- row- ings
Class of bank and Federal Reserve district	Total	Inter- bank	U. S. Govern- ment war loan de- posits <sup>e</sup>	Other	mand de- posits ad- justed <sup>3</sup>	de- mand de- posits <sup>4</sup>	Time de- posits <sup>5</sup>	ances due from do- mestic banks	Total	Re- quired	Ex- cess	at Fed- eral Re- serve Banks
					Fir	rst half M	areh 1947					
All member banks	87,594	11,603	3,158	72,833	68,019	74,212	27,674	5,611	16,074	15,127	947	115
Central reserve city banks: New York Chicago	21,947 4,856	4,143 1,146	687 179	17,116 3,532	15,836 3,196	19,969 4,189	1,477 841	46 157	4,095 895	4,083 888	13 7	5
Reserve city banks Boston Philadelphia Cleveland Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	<b>32,439</b> 1,902 552 2,196 3,733 2,125 2,061 3,871 1,944 1,007 2,729 2,230 8,088	<b>5,290</b> 258 26 325 479 345 493 498 599 334 892 506 533	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{1,172} \\ \textbf{70} \\ \textbf{19} \\ \textbf{60} \\ \textbf{175} \\ \textbf{75} \\ \textbf{52} \\ \textbf{179} \\ \textbf{70} \\ \textbf{40} \\ \textbf{76} \\ \textbf{57} \\ \textbf{300} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} \textbf{25,977}\\ \textbf{1,574}\\ \textbf{508}\\ \textbf{1,811}\\ \textbf{3,079}\\ \textbf{1,704}\\ \textbf{1,516}\\ \textbf{3,194}\\ \textbf{1,274}\\ \textbf{634}\\ \textbf{1,761}\\ \textbf{1,668}\\ \textbf{7,255} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{23,550} \\ \textbf{1,458} \\ \textbf{475} \\ \textbf{1,661} \\ \textbf{2,837} \\ \textbf{1,553} \\ \textbf{1,347} \\ \textbf{2,922} \\ \textbf{1,103} \\ \textbf{536} \\ \textbf{1,538} \\ \textbf{1,520} \\ \textbf{6,601} \end{array}$	<b>27,119</b> 1,678 478 1,911 3,162 1,809 1,685 3,127 1,600 811 2,170 1,802 6,887	11,079 199 308 264 1,296 447 408 2,028 319 170 356 327 4,957	1,803 40 24 77 163 102 160 302 104 60 267 226 279	6,346 353 117 406 747 408 385 795 356 176 480 420 1,704	6,089 347 114 398 710 389 361 747 339 172 455 380 1,675	257 6 3 8 37 19 24 48 16 3 24 40 29	52 2 1 1 2 7 1 1 2 2 9  2 12
Country banks Boston Philadelphia Cleveland. Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis. Kansas City Dallas. San Francisco.	<b>28,352</b> 2,257 3,897 2,014 2,408 2,092 2,478 3,678 1,756 1,388 2,190 2,438 1,756	1,024 87 83 13 25 121 198 76 123 74 77 122 25	1,119 89 171 109 132 81 71 175 57 61 76 44 52	<b>26,208</b> 2,081 3,642 1,891 2,251 1,889 2,209 3,427 1,577 1,577 1,254 2,036 2,272 1,680	25,437 1,980 3,489 1,841 2,194 1,813 2,130 3,355 1,536 1,219 2,013 2,233 1,635	<b>22,934</b> 1,902 3,292 1,664 1,946 1,658 1,966 2,931 1,418 1,096 1,703 1,894 1,464	14,276 1,111 3,290 1,611 1,726 859 700 2,266 595 719 302 189 909	<b>3,605</b> 172 292 195 278 287 371 510 243 200 392 465 201	<b>4,738</b> 363 736 383 445 333 372 654 270 237 315 336 293	<b>4,067</b> 333 658 330 376 284 317 546 234 197 257 277 260	670 30 77 53 70 55 108 36 40 59 60 34	58 14 30 3 3 3 1 1 1 1
					Seco	nd half of	March 1	947		•		
All member banks	86,959	11,379	2,826	72,754	68,100	74,267	27,680	5,412	15,942	15,142	800	227
Central reserve city banks: New York Chicago	22,112 4,630	4,116 1,133	622 151	17,373 3,346	16,141 3,022	20,221 4,041	1,462 841	73 118	4,160 859	4,132 859	28	35 63
Reserve city banks Boston New York Philadelphia. Cleveland. Richmond Atlanta. Chicago St. Louis. Minneapolis. Kansas City. Dallas San Francisco.	32,247 1,924 544 2,214 3,670 2,092 2,044 3,862 1,897 980 2,678 2,221 8,120	<b>5,143</b> 266 25 330 469 331 476 471 564 318 866 498 531	$\begin{array}{c} 1,044 \\ 63 \\ 16 \\ 51 \\ 150 \\ 65 \\ 45 \\ 157 \\ 62 \\ 33 \\ 68 \\ 49 \\ 286 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{26,059}\\ \textbf{1,595}\\ \textbf{504}\\ \textbf{1,833}\\ \textbf{3,051}\\ \textbf{1,697}\\ \textbf{1,523}\\ \textbf{3,235}\\ \textbf{1,271}\\ \textbf{629}\\ \textbf{1,745}\\ \textbf{1,674}\\ \textbf{7,303} \end{array}$	<b>23,705</b> 1,464 473 1,684 2,812 1,544 1,358 2,977 1,537 1,530 1,534 6,691	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{27,139} \\ \textbf{1,698} \\ \textbf{476} \\ \textbf{1,940} \\ \textbf{3,131} \\ \textbf{1,792} \\ \textbf{1,689} \\ \textbf{3,144} \\ \textbf{1,569} \\ \textbf{797} \\ \textbf{797} \\ \textbf{2,148} \\ \textbf{1,804} \\ \textbf{6,952} \end{array}$	$11,087 \\ 199 \\ 307 \\ 268 \\ 1,296 \\ 447 \\ 407 \\ 2,033 \\ 319 \\ 173 \\ 357 \\ 326 \\ 4,955 \\ 1000$	1,793 34 22 76 159 95 149 313 99 58 254 230 303	6,272 357 115 411 724 398 376 786 342 172 465 409 1,717	6,093 352 114 404 704 385 362 751 333 170 451 380 1,688	179 5 1 200 13 14 36 9 2 14 30 30	78 2 1 4 11 10 4 8 19 11 4 5
Country banks. New York. Philadelphia. Cleveland. Richmond. Atlanta. Chicago	3,855 1,999 2,385 2,052 2,441 3,601 1,715 1,365 2,154 2,420	986 85 83 13 25 116 187 73 115 71 74 120 25		25,975 2,077 3,619 1,889 2,241 1,865 2,189 3,367 1,549 1,239 2,011 2,261 1,670	<b>25,231</b> 1,966 3,475 1,837 2,186 1,789 2,127 3,299 1,510 1,206 1,990 2,221 1,627	22,866 1,890 3,295 1,664 1,951 1,647 1,967 2,910 1,405 1,097 1,695 1,886 1,460	14,289 1,111 3,292 1,615 1,729 860 700 2,269 596 719 302 192 905	<b>3,429</b> 168 274 190 265 268 354 473 224 183 373 460 197	<b>4,651</b> 357 725 379 442 320 359 634 266 233 315 333 287	<b>4,059</b> 331 659 330 377 282 317 544 232 197 255 276 259	<b>592</b> 26 66 <b>50</b> 65 38 41 91 33 37 60 58 28	<b>51</b> 14 25 3 2 3 1 1 1 1 1

<sup>1</sup> Averages of daily closing figures for reserves and borrowings and of daily opening figures for other columns, inasmuch as reserves required are based on deposits at opening of business.
<sup>2</sup> Figures include Series E bond deposit accounts, but do not include certain other demand deposits of the U. S. Government with member banks and, therefore, differ from figures for U. S. Government deposits shown in other published banking data. See also footnote 3.
<sup>3</sup> Preceding column minus (a) so-called "float" (total cash items in process of collection) and (b) U. S. Government deposits (other than war loan and Series E bond accounts) on the latest available call report date.
<sup>4</sup> Demand deposits subject to reserve requirements, i. e., demand deposits other than war loan deposits, minus cash items in process of collection and demand balances due from domestic banks.
<sup>6</sup> Includes some interbank and U. S. Government *time* deposits; the amounts on call report dates are shown in the Member Bank Call Report.

UNITED STATES	MONEY IN	CIRCULATION,	BY DENOMINATIONS
[Outside Treasu	try and Federa	al Reserve Banks.	In millions of dollars

End of year or	Total in cir-		Coin ar	nd smail	denom	ination	currenc	y <b>t</b>		La	rge deno	minati	on curre	ency <sup>2</sup>		Unas-
month	cula- tion <sup>1</sup>	Total	Coin	<b>*\$</b> 1	\$2	<b>\$</b> 5	\$10	\$20	Total	\$50	\$100	\$500	\$1,000	\$5,000	\$10,000	sorted
1933.         1934.         1935.         1936.         1937.         1938.         1939.         1940.         1941.         1942.         1943.         1944.	5,536 5,882 6,543 6,550 6,856 7,598 8,732 11,160 15,410 20,449 25,307	17,580	442 452 478 517 537 550 590 648 751 880 1,019 1,156	402 423 460 499 505 524 559 610 695 801 909 987	33 32 33 35 33 34 36 39 44 55 70 81	815 906 905 946 1.019 1.129 1.355 1.693 1.973 2.150	1,560 1,611 1,772 2,021 2,731 4,051 5,194 5,983	1,326 1,359 1,501 1,475 1,481 1,576 1,800 2,545 4,096 5,705 7,224	5,580 7,730	364 337 358 399 387 409 460 538 724 1,019 1,481 1,996	618 577 627 707 710 770 919 1,112 1,433 1,910 2,912 4,153	125 112 122 135 139 160 191 227 261 287 407 555	237 216 239 265 288 327 425 523 556 586 586 749 990	8 5 7 6 17 20 30 24 9 9 10	10 7 16 18 12 32 32 60 46 25 22 24	8 10 5 8 7 5 2 4 4 3 2 3
1945—November December	28,211 28,515	20,500 20,683		1,009 1,039	71 73		6,783 6,782		7,713 7,834	2,264 2,327	4,154 4,220	457 454	811 801	777	20 24	2 2
1946—January February March April June July August September October November December	27,885 28,120 28,245 28,254 28,448 28,507 28,600 28,861 28,952	20,045 19,997 20,171 20,248 20,185 20,271 20,262 20,273 20,447	1,264 1,269 1,280 1,291 1,300 1,311 1,319 1,332 1,345	985 982 984 987 999 998 990 992 1,001 1,000 1,010 1,029	69 68 67 66 67 67 66 65 65 67	2,191 2,173 2,199 2,191 2,166 2,165 2,165 2,156 2,148 2,169	6,509 6,586 6,604 6,552 6,571 6,528 6,494 6,543	9,044 8,986 8,981 9,029 9,087 9,099 9,159 9,180 9,221 9,305	7,816 7,834 7,889 7,950 7,998 8,071 8,178 8,247 8,329 8,416	2,322 2,327 2,337 2,352 2,364 2,377 2,402 2,419 2,436 2,458	4,224 4,248 4,267 4,309 4,356 4,387 4,437 4,509 4,567 4,645 4,711 4,771	445 443 442 439 438 438 436 436 436 436 436 434 435 438	779 772 768 773 775 781 790 802 795 784 782 783	799 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 8	22 22 22 21 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 21 21 26	3 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3
1947—January February March	28,304	19,873	1,337 1,337 1,344	972 967 969	63 64 63	2,090	6,284 6,336 6,309	9,079	8,457 8,434 8,424	2,456	4,757 4,755 4,754	434 433 432	774 769 771	9 6 6	23 14 14	3 3 1

<sup>1</sup> Total of amounts of coin and paper currency shown by denominations less unassorted currency in Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. <sup>2</sup> Includes unassorted currency held in Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks and currency of unknown denominations reported by the Treasury as destroyed. <sup>3</sup> Paper currency only; \$1 silver coins reported under coin. Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 112, pp. 415-416.

UNITED STATES MONEY, OUTSTANDING AND IN CIRCULATION, BY KINDS [On basis of circulation statement of United States money. In millions of dollars]

		Money	held in the ?	Freasury	Money	Money in circulation <sup>1</sup>			
	Total out- standing, Mar. 31, 1947	As security against gold and silver certificates	Treasury cash	For Federal Reserve Banks and agents	held by Federal Reserve Banks and agents	Mar. 31, 1947	Feb. 28, 1947	Mar. 31, 1946	
Gold Gold certificates Federal Reserve notes Treasury currency—total	19,270 24,836	19,270  \$ 2,225	<sup>2</sup> 1,193  75 69	16,406	2,815 763 308	48 23,999 4,183	49 24,116 4,139	51 23,741 4,087	
Standard silver dollars. Silver bullion. Silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890. Subsidiary silver coin. Minor coin. United States notes. Federal Reserve Bank notes. National Bank notes.	1,917 32,225 919 347 347 426	308 1,917	35  19 11 3 1 1		4 229 31 9 29 5 1	147 1,996 869 328 314 421 108	147 1,955 864 327 314 424 109	137 1,917 824 309 306 479 116	
Total—March 31, 1947 February 28, 1947 March 31, 1946	(4)	21,495 21,382 20,310	1,336 1,317 2,288	16,406 16,298 15,260	3,886 3,959 4,464	28,230	28,304		

<sup>1</sup> Outside Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. Includes any paper currency held outside the continental limits of the United States; totals for other end-of-month dates shown in table above, to tals by weeks in table on p. 551, and seasonally adjusted figures in table on p. 560.
 <sup>2</sup> Includes \$156,039,431 held as reserve against United States notes and Treasury notes of 1890.
 <sup>4</sup> To avoid duplication, amount of silver dollars and bullion held as security against silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 outstanding is not included in total Treasury currency outstanding.
 <sup>4</sup> Because some of the types of money shown are held as collateral or reserves against other types, a grand total of all types has no special significance and is not shown. See note of explanation of these duplications.

significance and is not shown. See note of explanation of these duplications. NOTE.—There are maintained in the Treasury—(i) as a reserve for United States notes and Treasury notes of 1890—\$156,039,431 in gold bullion; (ii) as security for Treasury notes of 1890—an equal dollar amount in standard silver dollars (these notes are being canceled and retired on receipt); (iii) as security for routstanding silver certificates—silver in bullion and standard silver dollars of a monetary value equal to the face amount of such gold certificates. Federal Reserve notes are being canceled and retired on security for cutstanding silver certificates—silver in bullion and standard silver dollars of a monetary value equal to the face amount of such gold certificates. Federal Reserve notes are secured by the deposit with Federal Reserve agents of a like amount of gold certificates or of gold certificates and such discounted or purchased paper as is eligible under the terms of the Federal Reserve Act, or of direct obligations or the United States. Federal Reserve Banks must maintain a reserve in gold certificates of a least 25 per cent, including the redemption fund, which must be deposited with the Treasurer of the United States, against Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation; gold certificates pleded as collateral may be counted as reserves. "Gold certificates" as herein used includes credits with the Treasurer of the United States payable in gold certificates. Federal Reserve Bank notes and national bank notes are in process of retirement.

# MONEY IN CIRCULATION WITH ADJUSTMENT FOR SEASONAL VARIATION

## ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN GOLD STOCK OF UNITED STATES [In millions of dollars]

[Outside Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. In millions of dollars]

Date	Amount— unadjusted for seasonal variation	Amount— adjusted for seasonal variation	Change in seasonally adjusted series <sup>1</sup>
End of year figures: 1939	7,598 8,732 11,160 15,410 20,449 25,307 28,515 28,952		+742 +1,134 +2,428 +4,250 +5,039 +4,858 +3,208 +437
Monthly averages of daily figures: 1945—December	28,452	28,170	+103
1946—January February March April June July August September October November December	28,158 27,944 27,913 27,923 27,978 28,140 28,281 28,352 28,478 28,588 28,588 28,727 28,997	28,074 27,944 27,997 28,148 28,175 28,281 28,338 28,494 28,535 28,588 28,641 28,710	$\begin{array}{r} -96 \\ -130 \\ +53 \\ +151 \\ +27 \\ +106 \\ +57 \\ +156 \\ +41 \\ +53 \\ +53 \\ +69 \end{array}$
1947—January February March April	28,543 28,300 28,273 28,185	28,458 28,300 28,358 28,412	-252 -158 +58 +54

<sup>1</sup> For end of year figures, represents change computed on absolute amounts in first column. NOTE.—For discussion of seasonal adjustment factors and for back figures on comparable basis see September 1943 BULETIN, pp. 822-826. Because of an apparent recent change in the seasonal pattern around the year end, adjustment factors have been revised somewhat for dates affected, beginning with December 1942; seasonally adjusted figures for money in circulation, as shown in *Banking and Monetary Statistics*, Table 111, p. 414, and described on p. 405, are based on an older series of adjustment factors. of adjustment factors.

	(In minors of donars)									
Period	Gold stock at end of period	Increase in gold stock	Net gold import or export (-)	Ear- marked gold: de- crease or in- crease(-)	Do- mestic gold pro- duc- tion <sup>1</sup>					
1936 1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1944 1945 1946	<sup>2</sup> 11,258 <sup>2</sup> 12,760 14,512 17,644 21,995 22,737 22,726 21,938 20,619 20,065 20,529	$\begin{array}{c} 1,132.5\\ 1,502.5\\ 1,751.5\\ 3,132.0\\ 4,351.2\\ 741.8\\ -10.3\\ -788.5\\ -1,319.0\\ -553.9\\ 464.0\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,116.6\\ 1,585.5\\ 1,973.6\\ 3,574.2\\ 4,744.5\\ 982.4\\ 315.7\\ 68.9\\ -845.4\\ -106.3\\ 311.5 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} -85.9 \\ -200.4 \\ -333.5 \\ -534.4 \\ -644.7 \\ -407.7 \\ -458.4 \\ -803.6 \\ -459.8 \\ -356.7 \\ 465.4 \end{array}$	131.6 143.9 148.6 161.7 170.2 169.1 125.4 48.3 35.8 32.0 56.9					
1946—April June July September October November December 1947—January February March April	20,251 20,242 20,270 20,267 20,280 20,305 20,402 20,470 20,529 20,748 20,330 20,463 \$\$20,774\$	5.2 9.1 28.1 3.2 25.3 96.7 67.7 59.4 219.3 <b>3</b> -418.2 132.5 <b>\$</b> 311.5	$\begin{array}{c} -20.5 \\ -27.0 \\ 36.3 \\ 6.3 \\ 15.2 \\ -7.6 \\ 24.2 \\ 77.9 \\ -61.2 \\ -16.8 \\ 20.4 \\ p153.6 \\ (4) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 15.1\\ 27.5\\ 15.0\\ 8.0\\ 60.1\\ 12.3\\ 115.7\\ 127.5\\ 82.8\\ 196.1\\ -684.5\\ 203.5\\ (5)272.0\\ \end{array}$	3.2 3.4 4.0 8.3 6.3 5.9 4.9 6.3 7.6 5.5 (4) (4)					

P Preliminary.
 <sup>1</sup> Annual figures are estimates of the United States Mint. Monthly figures are those published in table on p. 616 adjusted to exclude Philippine Islands production received in United States.
 <sup>2</sup> Includes gold in the Inactive Account amounting to 27 million dollars on Dec. 31, 1936, and 1.228 million on Dec. 31, 1937.
 <sup>3</sup> Change reflects primarily gold subscription to International Monetary Fund.

<sup>4</sup> Change reliects primarily gold subscription to International Monetary Fund.
<sup>4</sup> Not yet available.
<sup>5</sup> Gold held under earmark at the Federal Reserve Banks for foreign account including gold held for the account of international institutions amounted to 3.841.3 million dollars on Apr. 30, 1947. Gold under earmark is not included in the gold stock of the United States. Nore.—For back figures, see *Banking and Monetary Statistics*, Table 156, pp. 536–538, and for description of statistics see pp. 522–523 in the same publication.

#### BANK DEBITS AND DEPOSIT TURNOVER

[Debits in millions of dollars]

			[Del	oits in millio	ons of dollars					
Year and month	Debits	Debits to total deposit accounts except interbank accounts			turnover deposits	rate of of total except bank	deposit except in	o demand accounts terbank vernment	Annual rate of turnover of demand deposits except inter- bank and Government	
	Total, all reporting centers	New York City <sup>1</sup>	140 other centers 1	Other reporting centers <sup>2</sup>	New York City	333 other reporting centers	New York City	100 other leading cities	New York City	100 other leading cities
1938.         1939.         1940.         1941.         1942old series <sup>3</sup> .         1943.         1944.         1945.         1946.         1946.         1946.         1946.         1946.         1945.         1946.         1945.         1946.         September         July.         August.         September         October         November         December	423,932 445,863 537,343 607,071 641,778 792,937 891,910 974,102 1,050,021 87,579 87,532 85,908 87,532 85,908 82,704 83,295 91,340 85,645	$\begin{array}{c} 168,778\\ 171,382\\ 171,582\\ 197,724\\ 210,961\\ 226,865\\ 296,368\\ 345,585\\ 404,543\\ 417,475\\ 35,670\\ 37,208\\ 35,085\\ 34,972\\ 37,357\\ 30,216\\ 31,397\\ 33,913\\ 31,088\\ 41,252\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 204,745\\ 218,298\\ 236,952\\ 293,925\\ 342,430\\ 347,837\\ 419,413\\ 462,354\\ 479,760\\ 527,336\\ 43,449\\ 42,122\\ 42,433\\ 43,219\\ 43,683\\ 43,155\\ 47,671\\ 45,613\\ 43,155\\ 47,671\\ 46,105\\ 52,295\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 32, 406\\ 34, 252\\ 37, 329\\ 45, 694\\ 53, 679\\ 53, 679\\ 67, 074\\ 77, 155\\ 83, 970\\ 89, 799\\ 105, 210\\ 8, 459\\ 8, 201\\ 8, 390\\ 8, 464\\ 8, 985\\ 8, 805\\ 8, 743\\ 9, 756\\ 9, 452\\ 10, 353\\ \end{array}$			$\begin{array}{c} 164,945\\ 167,939\\ 107,373\\ 193,729\\ 200,337\\ 258,398\\ 298,902\\ 351,602\\ 374,365\\ 32,831\\ 33,290\\ 30,408\\ 32,439\\ 32,667\\ 28,127\\ 27,864\\ 29,401\\ 28,843\\ 36,905\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 186, 140\\ 200, 636\\ 217, 744\\ 270, 439\\ 308, 913\\ 369, 396\\ 403, 400\\ 412, 800\\ 449, 414\\ 36, 543\\ 36, 478\\ 35, 324\\ 36, 921\\ 38, 240\\ 37, 858\\ 36, 578\\ 40, 057\\ 39, 325\\ 45, 142\\ \end{array}$	25.1 21.0 17.1 17.3 18.0 20.5 22.4 24.2 25.5 27.6 24.5 26.3 25.6 21.6 23.7 22.1 24.1 29.1	19.9 19.4 18.6 19.4 17.4 17.3 16.1 16.9 16.8 16.8 16.8 16.8 16.0 17.1 16.7 16.8 16.0 17.1 16.7 18.2 19.8
1947—January February March	*81,573	34,305 29,745 33,547	49,147 43,206 49,962	<b>*10,043</b> <b>*8,622</b> 9,814	20.6 20.4 20.4	$     \begin{array}{r}       11.6 \\       11.5 \\       12.0     \end{array} $	31,084 27,129 31,822	41,925 37,672 43,719	$24.2 \\ 24.5 \\ 25.3$	17.9 18.6 19.2

Revised

<sup>r</sup> Revised
 <sup>1</sup> National series for which bank debit figures are available beginning with 1919.
 <sup>1</sup> Annual figures for 1937-1942 (old series) include 133 centers; annual figures for 1942 (new series) and subsequent figures include 193 centers.
 <sup>8</sup> See page 717 of August 1943 BULLETIN for description of revision beginning with May 1942; deposits and debits of new series for first four months of 1942 partly estimated.
 NOTE.—Debits to total deposit accounts, except interbank accounts, have been reported since 1942 for 334 reporting centers; the deposits from which rates of turnover have been computed have likewise been reported by most banks and have been estimated for others. Debits to demand deposit accounts, except interbank and the deposits from which rates of turnover have been computed have likewise been reported by member banks in 101 leading cities since 1935; yearly turnover rates in this series differ slightly from those shown in *Banking and Monedary Statistics*, Table 55, p. 254, due to differences in method of computation.

#### DEPOSITS AND CURRENCY-ADJUSTED DEPOSITS OF ALL BANKS AND CURRENCY OUTSIDE BANKS [Figures partly estimated. In millions of dollars]

	! !	Total		1			Time de			<u> </u>
End of month	Total deposits adjusted and currency outside banks	demand deposits adjusted and currency outside banks	Total deposits adjusted	Demand deposits adjusted <sup>1</sup>	United States Govern- ment deposits <sup>2</sup>	Total	Com mercial banks 3 4	Mutual savings banks 4	Postal Savings System 5	Currency outside banks
1929—June December	55,171 54,713	26,179 26,366	51,532 51,156	22,540 22,809	381 158	28,611 28,189	19,557 19,192	8,905 8,838	149 159	3,639 3,557
1933—June December	41,680 42,548	19,172 19,817	36,919 37,766	14,411 15,035	852 1,016	21,656 21,715	10,849 11,019	9,621 9,488	1,186 1,208	4,761 4,782
1937—June.         December.         1938—June.         December.         1939—June.         December.         1940—June.         December.         1941—June.         December.         1943—June.         December.         1944—June.         December.         1943—June.         December.         1944—June.         December.         1944—June.         December.         1944—June.         December.         1944—June.         December.         1944—June.         December.         1945—June.	56,565 58,955 60,943 64,099 66,952 70,761 74,153 78,231 81,963 99,701 110,161 1122,812 136,172 150,988 162,784	$\begin{array}{c} 30,687\\ 29,597\\ 31,761\\ 33,360\\ 36,194\\ 38,661\\ 42,270\\ 45,521\\ 48,607\\ 52,806\\ 62,868\\ 71,853\\ 79,640\\ 80,946\\ 90,435\\ 94,150\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 51,769\\ 51,001\\ 51,148\\ 53,180\\ 54,938\\ 57,698\\ 60,253\\ 63,436\\ 65,949\\ 68,616\\ 71,027\\ 85,755\\ 94,347\\ 103,975\\ 115,291\\ 127,483\\ 137,687\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 25,198\\ 23,959\\ 24,313\\ 25,986\\ 27,355\\ 29,793\\ 31,964\\ 34,945\\ 37,317\\ 38,992\\ 41,870\\ 48,922\\ 56,039\\ 60,803\\ 60,065\\ 66,930\\ 69,905\\ 31,952\\ 66,930\\ 69,953\\ 66,955\\ 66,955\\ 66,955\\ 66,955\\ 66,955\\ 66,955\\ 66,955\\ 66,955\\ 66,955\\$	666 824 599 889 792 846 828 753 1,895 1,837 8,402 8,048 10,424 19,506 20,763 24,381	$\begin{array}{c} 25,905\\ 26,218\\ 26,236\\ 26,305\\ 26,791\\ 27,059\\ 27,463\\ 27,738\\ 27,738\\ 27,879\\ 27,7320\\ 28,431\\ 30,260\\ 32,748\\ 35,720\\ 39,790\\ 44,253\\ \end{array}$	$14,513\\14,776\\14,776\\14,776\\15,097\\15,258\\15,540\\15,540\\15,884\\15,610\\16,352\\17,543\\19,224\\21,217\\24,074\\27,176\\$	$\begin{array}{c} 10,125\\ 10,170\\ 10,209\\ 10,278\\ 10,433\\ 10,523\\ 10,631\\ 10,658\\ 10,648\\ 10,532\\ 10,395\\ 10,664\\ 11,141\\ 11,738\\ 12,471\\ 13,376\\ 14,426\end{array}$	1,267 1,269 1,251 1,251 1,261 1,278 1,292 1,303 1,303 1,313 1,315 1,415 1,576 2,032 2,340 2,657	5,489 5,638 5,417 5,775 6,005 6,401 6,699 7,325 8,204 9,615 10,936 13,946 13,946 13,814 18,837 20,881 23,505 25,097
December April May June July September October November December 1947—January (Jan. 29) p	173,600 174,400 173,500 171,237 170,700 170,600 170,200 170,000 169,500 167,107 r165,900	102,341 101,100 103,700 105,992 106,700 107,200 107,200 107,900 108,900 109,700 110,044 r108,600	148,911 147,500 148,200 144,720 144,721 144,300 144,000 143,700 142,800 140,377 139,800	75,851 75,000 77,500 78,600 79,476 80,300 80,600 81,400 83,000 83,000 83,314 *82,500	24,608 22,400 20,000 17,400 13,416 11,600 10,700 9,300 7,900 6,400 3,103 r3,100	48,452 50,100 50,700 51,200 51,829 52,400 52,700 53,000 53,200 53,400 53,960 54,200	30,135 31,300 31,600 32,000 32,429 32,800 33,100 33,300 33,500 33,500 33,808 733,900	15,385 15,800 16,000 16,100 16,281 16,400 16,500 16,500 16,600 16,869 r17,000	2,932 3,000 3,100 3,100 3,100 3,200 3,200 3,200 3,200 3,300 3,283 3,300	26,490 26,100 26,200 26,300 26,516 26,400 26,500 26,500 26,700 26,730 726,100
February (Feb. 26) <sup>p</sup> March (Mar. 26) <sup>p</sup> .		r106,800 106,400	r139,200 139,100	r80,600 80,400	r3,900 3,800	54,700 54,900	<sup>7</sup> 34,200 34,300	r17,100 17,200	3,400 3,400	26,200 26,000

 <sup>\*</sup> Revised
 <sup>\*</sup> Preliminary.
 <sup>\*</sup> Includes demand deposits, other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items in process of collection.
 <sup>\*</sup> Beginning with December 1938, includes United States Treasurer's *time* deposits, open account.
 <sup>\*</sup> Beginning June 1941, the commercial bank figures exclude and mutual savings banks, figures include three member mutual savings banks.
 <sup>\*</sup> Beginning June 1941, the commercial bank figures exclude and mutual savings bank figures include three member mutual savings banks.
 <sup>\*</sup> Includes both amounts redeposited in banks and amounts not so redeposited; excludes amounts at banks in possessions. Nore, —Except on call dates, figures are rounded to nearest 100 million dollars. See *Banking and Monetary Statistics*, p. 11, for description and Table 9, pp. 34–35. for back figures. 1

# POSTAL SAVINGS SYSTEM [In millions of dollars]

#### BANK SUSPENSIONS

				Asse	ts		
End of month	Depos- itors' bal-		Cash in de-		Govern ecurities		Cash re-
	ances1	Total	posi- tory banks	Total	Di- rect	Guar- an- teed	serve funds, etc. <sup>2</sup>
1939—Dec 1940—Dec 1941—Dec 1942—Dec 1943—Dec 1944—Dec 1945—Dec	1,279 1,304 1,314 1,417 1,788 2,342 2,933	1,319 1,348 1,396 1,464 1,843 2,411 3,022	53 36 26 16 10 8 6	1,192 1,224 1,274 1,345 1,716 2,252 2,837	1,220	146 146 126	74 88 95 102 118 152 179
1946Apr June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	3,120 3,160 3,188 3,207 3,235 3,260	3,161 3,188 3,220 3,258 3,288 3,306 3,337 3,360 3,387	5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6	2,966 2,986 3,026 3,060 3,088 3,114 3,134 3,151 3,182	2,986 3,026 3,060 3,088 3,114 3,134 3,151	· · · · · · · · ·	189 197 188 193 194 186 197 204 200
1947—Jan Feb Mar	₽3,358	3,436	6	3,234	3,234		196 

P Preliminary.

P Freiminary.
 Outstanding principal, represented by certificates of deposit.
 Includes working cash with postmasters, 5 per cent reserve fund and miscellaneous working funds with Treasurer of United States, ac-crued interest on bond investments, and accounts due from late post-

masters. Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, p. 519; for description, see p. 508 in the same publication.

Μαγ	1947	
AAAAA A	1/1/	

	Total.	Men bar			iember nks
	all banks	Na- tional	State	In- sured	Non- insured
Number of banks suspended: 1934–39	291	15	6	189	8
1940 1941 1942	22 8 9	4		18 3 6	
1943 1944 1945	4			2	
1946 1947—JanApr	000	. <b></b> . . <b></b>			· · · · · · ·
Deposits of suspended banks (in thousands of dollars): <sup>2</sup> 1934-39	125.991	14.616	26.548	44.348	40.47
1940	5,943	256		5,341	34
1941 1942 1943		4,982		1,375	32
1944 1945	405 0	]]		405	
1946 1947—JanApr					1

### ALL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY CLASSES\* LOANS, INVESTMENTS, DEPOSITS, AND NUMBER OF BANKS

[Amounts in millions of dollars]

		Loans a	nd investn	nents			Depos	sits		
Class of bank			In	vestments	3			Ot	her	
call date	Total	Loans	Total	U. S. Govern- ment obliga- tions	Other secur- ities	Total <sup>1</sup>	Inter- bank <sup>1</sup>	De- mand	Time	Number of banks
All banks:         1938—Dec. 31.         1939—Dec. 30.         1940—Dec. 31.         1941—Dec. 31.         1942—Dec. 31.         1944—Dec. 31.         1944—Dec. 31.         1944—Dec. 31.         1944—Dec. 31.         1945—Dec. 31.         1946—Dec. 31.         1946—June 29.         Dec. 31.	$\begin{array}{r} 48,831\\ 50,885\\ 54,170\\ 61,101\\ 78,137\\ 96,966\\ 119,461\\ 140,227\\ 136,572\\ 131,702 \end{array}$	21,261 22,169 23,751 26,616 23,915 23,601 26,015 30,355 31,486 35,649	27,570 28,716 30,419 34,485 54,222 73,365 93,446 109,872 105,087 96,054	17,953 19,402 20,983 25,488 45,932 65,932 85,885 101,295 95,911 86,562	9,617 9,314 9,436 8,997 8,290 7,433 7,561 8,577 9,175 9,492	61,319 68,225 75,963 81,780 99,796 117,661 141,449 165,612 159,171 155,904	7,484 9,883 10,941 10,989 11,318 11,012 12,245 14,065 12,311 12,667	28,695 32,492 38,518 44,316 61,395 75,561 91,644 105,923 98,043 92,439	25,140 25,850 26,504 26,476 27,083 31,088 37,559 45,623 48,817 50,798	15,207 15,035 14,895 14,825 14,682 14,579 14,535 14,553 14,553 14,567 14,585
All commercial banks: 1938—Dec. 31. 1940—Dec. 30. 1940—Dec. 31. 1942—Dec. 31. 1942—Dec. 31. 1943—Dec. 31. 1943—Dec. 30. 1945—Dec. 30. 1945—Dec. 31. 1946—June 29. Dec. 31.	38,669 40,667 43,922 50,722 67,391 85,095 105,530 124,019 119,448 113,998	16,364 17,243 18,792 21,711 19,217 19,117 21,644 26,076 27,130 31,123	22,305 23,424 25,130 29,011 48,174 65,978 83,886 97,943 92,318 82,875	$\begin{array}{c} 15,071\\ 16,300\\ 17,759\\ 21,788\\ 41,373\\ 59,842\\ 77,558\\ 90,613\\ 84,473\\ 74,784 \end{array}$	7,234 7,124 7,371 7,223 6,801 6,136 6,329 7,331 7,845 8,092	51,041 57,702 65,305 71,248 89,132 105,923 128,072 150,227 142,890 139,035	7,484 9,883 10,941 10,989 11,318 11,012 12,245 14,065 12,311 12,667	28,695 32,492 38,518 44,316 61,395 75,561 91,644 105,923 98,043 92,439	14,862 15,327 15,846 15,944 16,419 19,350 24,183 30,238 32,536 33,929	14,652 14,484 14,344 14,277 14,136 14,034 13,992 14,011 14,026 14,044
All insured commercial banks:         1938—Dec. 31.         1940—Dec. 30.         1941—Dec. 31.         1942—Dec. 31.         1943—Dec. 31.         1943—Dec. 31.         1943—Dec. 31.         1943—Dec. 31.         1943—Dec. 31.         1943—Dec. 31.         1944—Dec. 31.         1945—Dec. 31.         1945—Dec. 31.         1945—Dec. 31.         1945—Dec. 31.         1945—Dec. 31.         1946—June 29.         Dec. 31.	37,470 39,289 42,556 49,288 66,240 83,507 103,382 121,809 117,409 112,178	16,021 16,863 18,394 21,258 18,903 18,841 21,352 25,765 26,791 30,733	21,449 22,426 24,161 28,030 47,336 64,666 82,030 96,043 90,618 81,445	14,506 15,566 17,063 21,046 40,705 58,683 75,875 88,912 82,977 73,554	6,943 6,859 7,098 6,984 6,631 5,983 6,155 7,131 7,641 7,891	49,772 56,069 63,461 69,411 87,803 104,094 125,714 147,775 140,612 136,990	7,254 9,523 10,539 10,654 11,144 10,705 12,074 13,883 12,007 12,320	27,849 31,483 37,333 43,061 60,504 74,309 89,761 104,015 96,459 91,144	14,669 15,063 15,589 15,697 16,154 19,081 23,879 29,876 32,145 33,526	13,655 13,531 13,438 13,426 13,343 13,270 13,263 13,297 13,330 13,354
All member banks:         1938—Dec. 31.         1940—Dec. 30.         1941—Dec. 31.         1942—Dec. 31.         1943—Dec. 31.         1943—Dec. 30.         1945—Dec. 31.	$\begin{array}{r} 32,070\\ 33,941\\ 37,126\\ 43,521\\ 59,263\\ 74,258\\ 91,569\\ 107,183\\ 102,032\\ 96,362\\ \end{array}$	13,208 13,962 15,321 18,021 16,088 16,288 18,676 22,775 23,302 26,696	18,863 19,979 21,805 25,500 43,175 57,970 72,893 84,408 78,729 69,666	13,223 14,328 15,823 19,539 37,546 52,948 67,685 78,338 72,272 63,042	5,640 5,651 5,982 5,961 5,629 5,022 5,208 6,070 6,458 6,625	43,363 49,340 56,430 61,717 78,277 92,262 110,917 129,670 122,519 118,170	7,153 9,410 10,423 10,525 11,000 10,555 11,884 13,640 11,801 12,060	24,842 28,231 33,829 38,846 54,523 66,438 79,774 91,820 84,602 78,920	11,369 11,699 12,178 12,347 12,754 15,268 19,259 24,210 26,115 27,190	6,338 6,362 6,486 6,619 6,679 6,738 6,814 6,884 6,887 6,900
All national banks: 1938—Dec. 31. 1940—Dec. 30. 1940—Dec. 31. 1942—Dec. 31. 1943—Dec. 31. 1943—Dec. 31. 1943—Dec. 30. 1945—Dec. 30. 1945—Dec. 31. 1946—June 29. Dec. 31.	20,903 21,810 23,648 27,571 37,576 47,499 58,308 69,312 66,277 63,723	8,469 9,022 10,004 11,725 10,183 10,116 11,480 13,925 14,469 17,272	12,434 12,789 13,644 15,845 27,393 37,382 46,828 55,387 51,809 46,451	8,691 9,058 9,735 12,039 23,744 34,065 43,292 51,250 47,271 41,658	3,743 3,731 3,908 3,806 3,648 3,318 3,536 4,137 4,537 4,793	27,996 31,559 35,787 39,458 50,468 59,961 71,858 84,939 80,212 78,775	4,499 5,898 6,574 6,786 7,400 7,158 8,056 9,229 7,816 8,169	15,587 17,579 20,885 24,350 34,499 42,605 50,900 59,486 54,930 52,194	7,910 8,081 8,329 8,322 8,570 10,196 12,901 16,224 17,466 18,412	5,224 5,187 5,144 5,117 5,081 5,040 5,025 5,017 5,012 5,007
State member banks:           1938—Dec. 31.           1939—Dec. 30.           1940—Dec. 31.           1942—Dec. 31.           1943—Dec. 31.           1943—Dec. 31.           1944—Dec. 31.           1945—Dec. 31.           1944—Dec. 31.           1945—Dec. 31.           1944—Dec. 31.           1944—Dec. 31.           1945—Dec. 31.           1946—June 29.           Dec. 31.	11,168 12,130 13,478 15,950 21,687 26,759 33,261 37,871 35,754 32,639	4,738 4,940 5,316 6,295 5,905 6,171 7,196 8,850 8,834 9,424	6,429 7,190 8,162 9,654 15,783 20,588 26,065 29,021 26,921 23,216	4,532 5,271 6,088 7,500 13,802 18,883 24,393 27,089 25,000 21,384	1,897 1,920 2,074 2,155 1,980 1,705 1,672 1,933 1,921 1,832	15,367 17,781 20,642 22,259 27,808 32,302 39,059 44,730 42,307 39,395	2,653 3,512 3,849 3,600 3,397 3,827 4,411 3,986 3,890	9,255 10,652 12,944 14,495 20,024 23,833 28,874 32,334 29,672 26,726	3,459 3,617 3,849 4,025 4,184 5,072 6,357 7,986 8,649 8,779	1,114 1,175 1,342 1,502 1,598 1,698 1,789 1,867 1,875 1,893

\* These figures do not include data for banks in possessions of the United States and therefore differ from those published by the Comptroller of the Currency and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation for national banks and insured banks, respectively.
<sup>1</sup> Beginning June 30, 1942, excludes reciprocal bank balances, which on Dec. 31, 1942, aggregated 513 million dollars at all member banks and 525 million at all insured commercial banks.
<sup>1</sup> During 1941 three mutual savings banks, with total deposits of 8 million dollars, became members of the Federal Reserve System. These banks are included in *both* "member banks" and "insured mutual savings banks," are *not* included in "commercial banks," and are included only once in "all banks."
<sup>3</sup> Decreases in "noninsured nonmember commercial banks" figures reflect principally the admission to membership in the Federal Reserve System of one large bank with total loans and investments aggregating 554 million dollars on Dec. 31, 1942.
<sup>4</sup> Beginning June 30, 1942, includes Bank of North Dakota, a nonmember bank not previously included in these statistics; on Dec. 31, 1941.
<sup>4</sup> Beginsite, excluding interbank deposits, were 33 million dollars, and its loans and investments 26 million. *Back figures.*—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 1-7, pp. 16-23; for description, see pp. 5-15 in the same publication.

## ALL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY CLASSES\*-Continued

LOANS, INVESTMENTS, DEPOSITS, AND NUMBER OF BANKS

[Amounts in millions of dollars]

		Loans a	nd investm	ents			Depos	its		
Class of bank			In	vestments				Otl	her	
and call date	Total	Loans	Total	U. S. Govern- ment obliga- tions	Other secur- ities	Total <sup>1</sup>	Inter- bank <sup>1</sup>	De- mand	Time	of banks
All nonmember commercial banks: 1938—Dec. 31. 1940—Dec. 30. 1941—Dec. 31. 1942—Dec. 31. 1942—Dec. 31. 1943—Dec. 31. 1944—Dec. 30. 1944—Dec. 31. 1944—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1946—June 29. Dec. 31.	6,598 6,726 6,796 7,208 8,135 10,847 13,972 16,849 17,430 17,651	3,156 3,281 3,471 3,693 3,132 2,832 2,971 3,303 3,830 4,430	3,442 3,445 3,325 3,515 5,003 8,014 11,002 13,546 13,600 13,221	1,848 1,971 1,936 2,251 3,829 6,899 9,880 12,284 12,212 11,753	1,594 1,474 1,389 1,264 1,174 1,115 1,122 1,262 1,388 1,468	7,678 8,362 8,875 9,539 10,864 13,671 17,168 20,571 20,387 20,881	331 473 518 464 318 457 362 426 510 608	3,853 4,260 4,689 5,470 6,872 9,123 11,870 14,104 13,441 13,519	3,493 3,629 3,668 3,605 3,674 4,091 4,936 6,042 6,436 6,754	8,314 8,122 7,858 7,661 7,460 7,299 7,181 7,130 7,142 7,147
Insured nonmember commercial banks:           1938—Dec. 31	5,399 5,348 5,429 5,774 6,984 9,258 11,824 14,639 15,392 15,831	2,813 2,901 3,074 3,241 2,818 2,556 2,678 2,992 3,491 4,040	2,586 2,447 2,356 2,533 4,166 6,702 9,146 11,647 11,901 11,791	1,283 1,238 1,240 1,509 3,162 5,739 8,197 10,584 10,716 10,524	1,303 1,209 1,116 1,025 1,004 962 949 1,063 1,185 1,268	6,409 6,729 7,032 7,702 9,535 11,842 14,809 18,119 18,108 18,836	101 113 116 129 145 149 190 244 206 260	3,007 3,252 3,504 4,215 5,981 7,870 9,987 12,196 11,857 12,225	3,300 3,365 3,411 3,358 3,409 3,823 4,632 5,680 6,045 6,351	7,317 7,169 6,952 6,810 6,667 6,535 6,452 6,416 6,446 6,457
Noninsured nonmember commercial banks:           1938—Dec. 31	1,199 1,378 1,367 1,434 1,151 1,588 2,148 2,211 2,038 1,820	343 380 397 452 314 276 292 311 339 390	856 998 969 982 837 1,312 1,856 1,900 1,699 1,430	565 733 696 742 667 1,160 1,682 1,700 1,496 1,229	291 265 273 239 170 153 174 200 204 201	1,269 1,633 1,843 1,837 1,329 1,829 2,358 2,452 2,279 2,045	230 360 402 335 173 307 171 182 303 347	846 1,008 1,185 1,255 891 1,253 1,883 1,908 1,584 1,295	193 264 257 265 269 304 362 391 403	997 953 906 851 793 764 729 714 696 690
All mutual savings banks:         1938—Dec. 31         1939—Dec. 31         1940—Dec. 31         1941—Dec. 31         1943—Dec. 31         1943—Dec. 31         1944—Dec. 30         1944—Dec. 31         1943—Dec. 31         1944—Dec. 30         1945—Dec. 31         1945—Dec. 31         1946—June 29         Dec. 31	$10,162 \\ 10,218 \\ 10,248 \\ 10,379 \\ 10,746 \\ 11,871 \\ 13,931 \\ 16,208 \\ 17,125 \\ 17,704 \\ \end{array}$	4,897 4,926 4,959 4,905 4,698 4,484 4,370 4,279 4,356 4,526	5,265 5,292 5,289 5,474 6,048 7,387 9,560 11,928 12,769 13,179	2,883 3,102 3,224 3,700 4,559 6,090 8,328 10,682 11,438 11,778	2,382 2,190 2,065 1,774 1,489 1,297 1,232 1,246 1,331 1,400	10,278 10,523 10,658 10,664 11,738 13,376 15,385 16,281 16,869			10,278 10,523 10,658 10,532 10,664 11,738 13,376 15,385 16,281 16,869	555 551 548 546 545 545 543 542 541 541
Insured mutual savings banks:           1938—Dec. 31.           1939—Dec. 30.           1940—Dec. 31.           1941—Dec. 31.           1942—Dec. 31.           1943—Dec. 31.           1944—Dec. 31.           1945—Dec. 31.           1944—Dec. 31.           1945—Dec. 31.           1944—Dec. 30.           1945—Dec. 31.           1945—Dec. 31.           1945—Dec. 31.	972 1,329 1,655 1,693 2,007 7,525 9,223 10,846 11,453 11,891	461 605 637 642 740 3,073 3,110 3,081 3,132 3,250	511 724 1,018 1,050 1,267 4,452 6,113 7,765 8,322 8,641	280 422 548 629 861 3,844 5,509 7,160 7,662 7,946	232 303 470 421 405 608 604 606 660 695	1,012 1,409 1,818 1,789 2,048 7,534 8,910 10,363 10,979				48 51 53 52 56 184 192 192 191 191
Noninsured mutual savings banks: 1938—Dec. 31. 1940—Dec. 31. 1941—Dec. 31. 1943—Dec. 31. 1943—Dec. 31. 1943—Dec. 31. 1943—Dec. 31. 1944—Dec. 30. 1945—Dec. 31. 1946—June 29. Dec. 31.	9,190 8,889 8,593 8,686 8,739 4,345 4,708 5,361 5,361 5,813	4,436 4,321 4,322 4,263 3,958 1,411 1,260 1,198 1,224 1,275	4,754 4,568 4,271 4,424 4,781 2,935 3,448 4,163 4,447 4,538	2,603 2,680 2,676 3,071 3,698 2,246 2,819 3,522 3,777 3,833	2,150 1,887 1,595 1,353 1,084 689 629 641 671 705	9,266 9,114 8,840 8,743 8,616 4,204 4,466 5,022 5,302 5,302 5,442			9,266 9,114 8,840 8,743 8,616 4,204 4,466 5,022 5,302 5,302 5,442	507 500 498 496 361 351 350 350 350

For footnotes see p. 562.

## ALL INSURED COMMERCIAL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY CLASSES\*

## LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

[In millions of dollars]

			-		Loai	ns							Inve	estment	8			
			Com- mer-		Loan purch	asing					τ	J. S. G	overnm	ent obli	gations		Obli- ga-	
Class of bank and	Total loans and		cial, in- clud-	Agri- cul-	or car secur		Real- es-	Con-	Other	_			D	irect			tions of States	Other
call date	invest- ments	Total	ing open- mar- ket pa- per <sup>1</sup>	tur- al <sup>1</sup>	To brok- ers and deal- ers	To oth- ers	tate loans	sumer loans	loans		Total	Bills	Certifi- cates of in- debt- ed- ness	Notes	Bonds	Guar- an- teed	and politi- cal sub- divi- sions	secu- rities
All insured com- mercial banks: 1940—Dec. 31 1941—Dec. 31 1942—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1944—Dec. 30 1945—Dec. 31 1946—Une 29 Dec. 31	49,288	21,258 18,903 18,841 21,352 25,765 26,791	7,757 7,777 7,920 9,461 10,334	1,450 1,642 1,505 1,723 1,314 1,366	950 1,414 2,269 3,164 2,417	662 597 922 2,265 3,606 2,656	$4,437 \\ 4,343 \\ 4,677 \\ 5,738$	4, 2,269 1,868 1,888 2,361 3,069	545 1,042 918 944 1,181 1,211	47,336 64,666 82,030 96,043 90,618	21,046 40,705 58,683 75,875 88,912 82,977	988 4,462 4,636 3,971 2,455 1,220	6,727 13,218 15,300 19,071 17,637	3,159 5,799 7,672 15,778 16,045 12,004	152.092	4,102 2,718 2,501 978 22 24	3,651	3,333 3,098 2,696 2,733 3,258 3,668
Member banks, total: 1940-Dec. 31 1941-Dec. 31 1942-Dec. 31 1943-Dec. 31 1944-Dec. 31 1945-Dec. 31 1946-June 29 Sept. 30 Dec. 31	43,521 59,263	16,088 16,288 18,676 22,775 23,302 24,775	8,671 7,387 7,421 7,531 8,949 9,685	972 1,089 1,023 1,198 855 877	1,398 2,249 3,133 2,395	598 538 839 2,108 3,378 2,480	3,274 3,209 3,455 4,267	3, 1,847 1,484 1,505 1,900 2,464	692 870 848 877 1,104 1,133	43,175 57,970 72,893 84,408 78,729	19,539 37,546 52,948 67,685 78,338 72,272 68,232	971 4,363 4,360 3,748 2,275 1,072	6,285 12,071 13,982 16,985 15,292	3,007 5,409 6,906 14,127 14,271 10,467	9,091 11,729 18,948 27,265 34,927 44,792 45,420 	3,832 2,540 2,345 902 16 20	3,090	2,871 2,664 2,294 2,350 2,815 3,151 3,082
New York City: <sup>3</sup> 1940-Dec, 31 1941-Dec, 31 1942-Dec, 31 1943-Dec, 31 1944-Dec, 30 1945-Dec, 31 1946-June 29 Sept, 30 Dec, 31	10,910 12,896 17,957 19,994 24,003 26,143 23,304 21,972 20,834	3,384 4,072 4,116 4,428 5,760 7,334 6,506 6,258 6,368	2,807 2,546 2,515 2,610 3,044 3,169	30 	412 787 1,054 1,742 2,453 1,852	190 169 193 323 859 1,172 798  389	130 123 117 107 86 80 83  99	55 303 252 253 287 378	4 148 153 179 298 226	8,823 13,841 15,566 18,243 18,809 16,798	12,547 14,563 17,179 17,574 15,646 14,410	311 1,855	2,144 3,409 3,740 3,433 2,980	1,829 3,745 3,325 2,229	2.977 3.652 5.420 7.014 8.592 10.337 10,234	1.679	695 729 593 444 468 606 535 693 557	788 830 701 558 596 629 618 611 601
Chicago: <sup>4</sup> 1940—Dec. 31 1941—Dec. 31 1942—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1944—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1946—June 29 Sept. 30 Dec. 31	2,377 2,760 3,973 4,554 5,443 5,931 5,167 4,972 4,765	696 954 832 1,004 1,184 1,333 1,329 1,370 1,499	492 732 658 763 738 760 804  1,094	5 6 17 2 1	42 48 34 102 163 211 188  117	54 52 32 163 233 185  101	19 22 23 22 24 36 43 51	9 62 45 45 51	6 18 14 34 40	1,806 3,141 3,550 4,258 4,598	3,238 3,913 4,213 3,485 3,260	397 199 250	637 877 1,045 1,467 1,042	145 153 391 484 779 749 529  146	752 903 1,282 1,602 1,809 1,864 1,900  2,207		188 182 166 158 160 181 153 148 167	186 193 186 155 185 204 200 194 187
Reserve city banks 1940—Dec. 31 1941—Dec. 31 1942—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1944—Dec. 30 1944—Dec. 30 1946—June 29 Sept. 30 Dec. 31	$\begin{array}{c} 13,013\\ 15,347\\ 20,915\\ 27,521\\ 33,603\\ 40,108\\ 37,675\\ 36,706\\ 35,351\\ \end{array}$	7,105 6,102 6,201 6,822 8,514 8,862 9,814	3,456 2,957 3,058 3,034 3,661 3,932	263 300 290 279 348 205 197  201	115 114 97 217 311 427 321  264	194 153 267 777 1,503 1,142	1,743	1,- 808 658 660	301 313 404 453	7,081 8,243 14,813 21,321 26,781 31,594 28,813 26,892 24,527	6,467 13,038 19,682 25,042 29,552 26,585 24,614	295 1,441 1,802 1,704 1,034 410	2,253 4,691 5,730 6,982 6,038	5,653 4,014		1,173 811 749 440 5 7	984 956 954 913 1,000 1,126 1,194 1,269 1,272	1,034
Country banks: 1940—Dec. 31 1941—Dec. 31 1942—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1944—Dec. 30 1945—Dec. 31 1946—June 29 Sept. 30 Dec. 31	$\begin{array}{c} 10,826\\ 12,518\\ 16,419\\ 22,188\\ 28,520\\ 35,002\\ 35,886\\ 36,056\\ 35,412 \end{array}$	4,654 4,910 5,596 6,605 7,334	1,084 1,149 1,484 1,781	590 659 772 713 802 648 679  681	20	183 161 197 310 471 354	1,644 1,823 1,797 1,725 1,719 1,881 2,398	1, 674 528 547 707	381 351 363 422		15,465 21,552 26,999 26,556 25,948	110 671 1,032 882 630 447	3,094 3,466 5,102 5,231	1,240 2,096 4,422 4,544 3,696	2,081 2,926 5,436 8,705 12,540 16,713 17,170	861 574 538 241 9 12	1,146 1,222 1,252 1,214 1,230 1,342 1,426 1,507 1,551	1,028 956 855 829 1,067 1,299 1,268
Insured non- mercial banks: 1940—Dec. 31 1941—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1944—Dec. 30 1945—Dec. 31 1946—Tune 29 Dec. 31	9,258 11,824 14,639 15,392	2,818 2,556 2,678 2,992 3,491	512 649		21 31 21	64 59 82 156 228 176	1,240 1,282 1,225 1,165 1,136 1,224 1,473 1,748	8 422 385 383 460 605	70 67 77 79	6,702	1,509 3,162 5,739 8,197 10,584 10,716	17 99 276 223 180 147	442 1,147 1,319 2,087 2,346	1,774	3,395 4,928 6,538	271 179 156 76 6 4	563 569 560 566 619 667	383 443 518

\* These figures do not include data for banks in possessions of the United States and therefore differ from those published by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
 <sup>1</sup> During the period Dec. 31, 1942-June 30, 1945, agricultural loans included loans to dealers, processors, and farmers' cooperatives covered by purchase agreements of the Commodity Credit Corporation, which are now classified as commercial and industrial loans; consequently, beginning Dec. 31, 1945, these items may not be entirely comparable with prior figures.
 <sup>1</sup> During 1941 three mutual savings banks with total deposits of 8 million dollars became members of the Federal Reserve System. These banks are included in "member banks" but are not included in "all insured commercial banks."

## ALL INSURED COMMERCIAL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY CLASSES\*-Continued RESERVES AND LIABILITIES

		(				[In mil		d deposit	s			Time	leposits			
Class of bank and call date	Re- serves with Federal Re- serve Banks	Cash in vault	Bal- ances with do- mestic banks <sup>4</sup>	De- mand de- posits ad- justed <sup>5</sup>	Inter depo Do- mestic <sup>4</sup>	Dank	U. S. Gov- ern- ment	States and political subdi-	Certi- fied and offi-	Indi- viduals, partner- ships, and cor- pora- tions	Inter- bank	U. S. Gov- ern- ment and Postal Sav- ings	States and polit- ical	Indi- viduals, partner- ships, and cor-	Bor- row- ings	Capi- tal ac- counts
All insured com- mercial banks: 1940—Dec. 31 1941—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1944—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1946—June 29 Dec. 31	13,072 12,834 14,260 15,810	1,305 1,445 1,622 1,829 1,471	8,202 8,570 9,080 8,445 9,787 11,075 9,102 9,481	33,820 37,845 48,221 59,921 65,960 74,722 78,281 82,085	0022	702 673 813 893 948 1,248 1,346 1,364	666 1,761 8,167 9,950 19,754 23,740 12,941 2,930	3,298 3,677 3,996 4,352 4,518 5,098 5,807 5,967	1,669 1,354 2,585 2,320	58,338 64,133 72,593	160 158 97 68 64 70 77 68	69 59 61 124 109 103 107 119	492 397 305	14,998 15,146 15,697 18,561 23,347 29,277 31,487 32,742	10	6,673 6,841 7,055 7,453 7,989 8,671 9,068 9,286
Member banks, total: 1940—Dec. 31 1941—Dec. 312. 1943—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1946—June 29 Sept. 30 Dec. 31	13,992 12,396 13,072 12,835 14,261 15,811 16,001 15,792 16,015	1,087 1,019 1,132 1,271 1,438 1,141 1,382	6,185 6,246 6,147 5,450 6,354 7,117 5,772 5,660 5,936	30,429 33,754 42,570 52,642 57,308 64,184 67,461 68,818 70,243	9,581 9,714 10,101 9,603 10,881 12,333 10,391 10,042 10,644	700 671 811 945 1,243 1,339 1,370 1,353			1,009 1,142 1,573 1,251 2,450 2,179 1,796	33,061 42,139 51,820 56,270 62,950 65,589 67,129	140 87 62 58 64 72 72	56 50 56 120 105 99 101 104 114	418 332 327 347 399 447 491	14,822 18,807 23,712 25,568 26,150	4 5 39 111 208 72 77	6,101 6,475 6,968 7,589
New York City: 1940—Dec. 31 1941—Dec. 31 1942—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1944—Dec. 30 1945—Dec. 31 1946—June 29 Sept. 30 Dec. 31	7,057 5,105 4,388 3,596 3,766 4,015 4,255 4,015 4,046	72 92 102 111 85 129		11,062 10,761	4,032 3,595 3,209 2,867 3,179 3,535 3,127 2,954	641 607 733 810 851 1,105 1,178	48 866 4,186 3,395 6,722 6,940 3,495 2,112	370 319 263 252 199 237 293 246	450 448 710 361 1,338 1,132	11,282 12,501 14,373 14,448 15,712 16,836 16,657	6 3 4 11 17 27	5 7 10 8 7	20 17 17	778 711 816 977 1,206 1,372 1,400	29 96 195 27 5	1,648 1,727 1,862 1,966
Chicago: <sup>4</sup> 1940—Dec. 31 1941—Dec. 31 1942—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 30 1945—Dec. 31 1946—June 29 Sept. 30 Dec. 31	1,051 1,021 902 821 899 942 870 900 928	43 39 38 43 36 26 24	164 158 177 200 162 156	1,941 2,215 2,557 3,050 3,041 3,153 3,189 3,287 3,356	1,027	14 16 20	127 665 713 1,400 1,552 789 525	233 178 174 167 237 262 234	34 38 44 33 66 37 44	2,152 2,588 3,097 3,100 3,160 3,153 3,335				476 453 505 619 719 779 792		270 288 304 326 354 377 394 397 404
Reserve city banks: 1940—Dec. 31 1941—Dec. 31 1942—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1944—Dec. 30 1945—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 Sept. 30 Dec. 31	4,027 4,060 4,940 5,116 5,687 6,326 6,332 6,278	425 365 391 441 494 399 471	2,590 2,202 1,758 2,005 2,174 1,858 1,777	14,849 18,654 20,267 22,372 23,483 23,849	4,302 4,831 4,770 5,421 6,307 5,220 5,089	54 63 63 70	491 1,982 3,373 6,157 8,221 4,531 2,971	1,144 1,319 1,448 1,509 1,763 2,003 1,955	280 385 475 488 611 558	11,127 15,061 18,790 20,371 22,281 23,005 23,601	104 63 41 33 30 27 28	20 22 50 40 38 43	243           169           151           154           154           154           160           187           187           2           219	4,542 4,805 5,902 7,561 9,563 10,190	2	1,904 1,967 2,028 2,135 2,327 2,566 2,676 2,731 2,729
Country banks: 1940—Dec. 31 1941—Dec. 31 1942—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1944—Dec. 30 1945—Dec. 31 1946—June 29 Sept. 30 Dec. 31	4,543	526 542 611 684 796 631 758	3,216 3,699 3,474 4,097 4,665 3,684 3,666	9,661 13,265 17,039 19,958 23,595 24,630 25,563	790 957 994 1,149 1,199 1,199 997 972	2 4 5 8 8 8 8	225 1,090 1,962 4,230 5,465 3,194 2,155	1,370 1,558 1,727 1,868 2,004 2,269 2,328	239 272 344 369 435 453	8,500 11,989 15,561 18,350 21,797 22,594 23,530	30 20 17 14 17 18 18	31 32 50 51 51 51	140 2 140 5 149 7 175 2 219 3 242	6,082 6,392 7,599 9,650	$     \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,982 2,042 2,153 2,321 2,525 2,674 2,752
Insured non- member com- mercial banks: 1940—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 Dec. 31	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	243 271 287 313 352 391 330 437	2,325 2,934 2,996 3,434 3,959 3,332	5,651 7,279 8,652 10,537 10,821	2 108 133 141 182 233 194	2 2 2 3 5 7		611 678 750 775 858 981	68 70 90 103 135	3,483 4,983 6,518 7,863 9,643 9,802			8 74 5 65 1 68	3,270           3,330           3,3750           4,553           5,579           5,579           5,579           5,579	$   \begin{bmatrix}     5 \\     6   \end{bmatrix}   $ $   \begin{bmatrix}     6 \\     5   \end{bmatrix}   $ $   \begin{bmatrix}     7 \\     4   \end{bmatrix}   $ $   \begin{bmatrix}     7 \\     11   \end{bmatrix}   $	956 955 979 1,022 1,083 1,149

[In millions of dollars]

Beginning June 30, 1942, excludes reciprocal bank balances, which on Dec. 31, 1942, aggregated 513 million dollars at all member banks and 525 million at all insured commercial banks.
 Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Government less cash items reported as in process of collection. For other footnotes see p. 564. Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 18-45, pp. 72-103 and 108-113.

# WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS-NEW YORK CITY AND OUTSIDE

LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

					L	oans							In	vestmer	nts		
			Com-			hasing securi						U. 9	S. Gov	ernment	obligat	tions	
D	Total loans		mer- cial,	To broand de		To o	thers	Real	Loone	•				Cer-			0.1
Date or month	and invest- ments	Total	indus- trial, and agri- cul- tural	U. S. Govt. ob- liga- tions	Other se- curi- ties	U. S. Govt. ob- liga- tions	Other se- curi- ties	antota	Loans to banks	Other	Total	Total	Bills	tifi- cates of in- debt- ed- ness	Notes	Bonds <sup>1</sup>	Other secu- rities
Total—101 Cities * 1946—March	66,928	15,340	7,475	1,756	711	1,986	431	1,140	61	1,780	51,588	48,146	1,119	12,393	7,502	27,132	3,442
November December	57,671 56,883	16,450 16,763	10,044 10,278	888 873	409 .486	866 733	421 427	1,497 1,542	171 162	2,154 2,262	41,221 40,120	37,833 36,724	614 746	5,727 5,373	4,395 3,601	27,097 27,004	3,388 3,396
1947—January February March	55,879 55,256 55,431	16,530 16,756 16,804	10,377 10,651 10,986	697 657 360	389 377 383	596 557 521	426	1,584 1,617 1,653	132	2,339	38,500	35,960 35,118 35,138	730 393 901		3,116	26,923 26,929 26,892	3,382
1947—Jan. 29	55,805	16,774	10,499	758	382	562	436	1,597	1			35,636	392	5,245	3,096	26,903	3,395
Feb. 5 Feb. 12 Feb. 19 Feb. 26	55,567 55,286 55,116 55,056	16,589 16,760 16,793 16,885	10,573 10,673 10,648 10,712	551 673 684 723	368 362 415 363	557 553	429 432	1,602 1,613 1,621 1,633	172 97 112 148	2,336 2,356 2,328 2,336	38,978 38,526 38,323 38,171	35,592 35,139 34,949 34,790	508 305 398 361	4,759 4,527	3,126 3,136 3,096 3,104	26,939 26,928	3,387 3,374
Mar. 5 Mar. 12 Mar. 19 Mar. 26	55.549	116.807	111.077	407 372 312 351	399 382 357 392	536 522 514 512	417	1,638 1,646 1,660 1,670	138 142 117 151	2,330 2,344 2,353 2,355	38,748 38,769 38,742 38,250	35,301 35,299 35,258 34,695	898 776 1,191 738	4,466 4,613	3,185	26,903 26,872 26,884 26,909	3,470 3,484
Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23	54,931	16,935	11,103	388 393 377 302	405 369 360 368	516 496 491 495	418	1,689 1,699 1,708 1,718	176 107	2,382 2,396	37,835 38,365	34,140 34,296 34,814 34,865	1,097	4,063	2,476	26,977 27,000 27,105 27,160	3,539 3,551
New York City 1946—March	23,189	6,483	2,981	1,435	527	728	190	67	48	507	16,706	15,608	199	3,449	2,573	9,387	1.098
November December	19,264 19,082	5,869 5,943		744 708	255 330	258 189	176 172	72 74	151 141	521 548	13,395 13,139	12,340 12,088	155 250		1,337 1,069	9,327 9,303	1,055
1947—January February March	18,285	5,759	3,940	558 540 268	246 242 248	123 116 102	181 175 167	75 76 77	103 100 119	570	12,526	11,893 11,508 11,664	242 68 366		960 1,063 962	9,180 9,210 9,215	1,018
1947—Jan. 29	18,639	5,882	3,883	637	244	117	185	74	164			11,724	52	1,507	(	9,150	1,033
Feb.       5         Feb.       12         Feb.       19         Feb.       26	18,279 18,224	5,775	3,956	438 560 556 606	238 239 260 231	116 118 116 117	173 178 179 169	74 75 76 77	113 74 94 118	575 564	12,504	11,786 11,483 11,440 11,323	111 5 144 14	$1,198 \\ 1,030$	1,049 1,065 1,059 1,080	9,204 9,215 9,207 9,212	1,021
Mar. 5 Mar. 12 Mar. 19 Mar. 26	18,586	5,031	4,029 4,149 4,172 4,157	308 287 217 260	271 243 229 249	107 101 100 98	167 166 167 169	76 77 79 78	120 123 102 132	566	12.653	11,621 11,578 11,884 11,571	235	1,052	1,129 1,141 782 795	9,208 9,150 9,222 9,279	1,075
Apr.       2         Apr.       9         Apr.       16         Apr.       23	$18,224 \\ 18,350$	5,843 5,668	4,227	289 304 280 214	267 238 230 240	99 97 96 97	172 169 168 166	79 79 77 76		573	12 381	11,385 11,260 11,559 11,767	110	983 982 954 1,068	757 762 709 721	9,374 9,397 9,475 9,513	1,121 1,123
Outside New York City																	
1946—March November December	38,407	10,581	6,352	321 144 165	184 154 156	1,258 608 544	245	1,073 1,425 1,468	20	1,633	27,826	32,538 25,493 24,636	920 459 496	4,206		17,745 17,770 17,701	2,333
1947—January February March	37,269 36,971 37,007	10,854 10,997 11,128	6,550 6,711 6,859	139 117 92	143 135 135	473 441 419	251 251 251	1,509 1,541 1,576	31 32 18	1,758 1,769 1,778	26,415 25,974 25,879	24,067 23,610 23,474	488 325 535	3.513	2,094 2,053 1,904	17,743 17,719 17,677	2, <b>348</b> 2,304 2,405
1947—Jan. 29			i	121	138	445		1,523			26,274		340		2,081	17,753	2,362
Feb. 5 Feb. 12 Feb. 19 Feb. 26	37,123 37,007 36,892 36,865	10,955 10,985 11,024 11,028	6,660 6,717 6,724 6,744	113 113 128 117	130 123 155 132	445 439 437 438	253 251 253 246	1,528 1,538 1,545 1,556	59 23 18 30	1,767 1,781 1,764 1,765	26,168 26,022 25,868 25,837	23,806 23,656 23,509 23,467	397 300 254 347	3,497	2,077 2,071 2,037 2,024	17,727 17,724 17,721 17,705	2,366 2,359
Mar. 5 Mar. 12 Mar. 19 Mar. 26	37,224 36,963	11,108 11,176	6,846 6,905	99 85 95 91	128 139 128 143	429 421 414 414	250	1,562 1,569 1,581 1,592	19 15	1,778 1,788	26,059 26,116 25,787 25,556	23,721	630 541 526 442	3,414 3,398	2,016 2,044 1,788 1,769	17,722 17,662	2,395 2,413
Apr.         2           Apr.         9           Apr.         16           Apr.         23	36,707 36,950	11,253 11,267	6,936 6,909	99 89 97 88	138 131 130 128	417 399 395 398	249 251	1,610 1,620 1,631 1,642	34	1,820	25,683	22,755 23,036 23,255 23,098	676	3,081 3,182	1,734 1,746 1,767 1,758	17,603	$2,438 \\ 2,412$
Direct and guarant	tood	· · · ·	· · ·									, 1	. 1	ŀ			

[Monthly data are averages of Wednesday figures. In millions of dollars]

<sup>1</sup> Direct and guaranteed. Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, pp. 127-227.

# WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS-NEW YORK CITY AND OUTSIDE-Continued

RESERVES AND LIABILITIES [Monthly data are averages of Wednesday figures. In millions of dollars]

					I	Demand	deposits nterbank	,	Tim	ne depos ot interl	sits,	Iı	nterbar leposit				
Date or month	Re- serves with Fed- eral Re- serve Banks	Cash in vault	Bal- ances with do- mestic banks	De- mand de- posits ad- justed <sup>1</sup>	Indi- vid- uals, part- ner- ships, and cor- pora- tions	States and polit- ical sub- divi- sions	Certi- fied and offi- cers' checks, etc.	U. S. Gov- ern- ment	Indi- vid- uals, part- ner- ships, and cor- pora- tions	States and polit- ical sub- divi- sions	U. S. Gov- ern- ment and Postal Sav- ings	Dem Do- mes- tic	For- eign	Time	Bor- row- ings	Cap- ital ac- counts	Bank deb- its <sup>2</sup>
Total—101 Cities 1946—March	9,930	569	2.165	37,386	37.413	2,177	1.167	15,119	9.566	126	47	9,787	1,222	48	508	5.059	69,374
November December		647 673	2,132	39,751 40,370	40,448	2,280	1,193		10,175	154 163	60 62	9,369 9,392	1,284 1,249	50 47	253 197	5,251 5,251	68,168 82,047
1947—January February	10,046		2,049	39,982 38,993	39,247	2,297	1,299	1,918	10,291 10,347	159 163 192	69 70 69	8,846	1,271 1,277 1,279	46 46 46		5,248 5,270	64,801
March 1947—Jan. 29		618 639		38,801 39,902			1,127 1,314		10,410 10,295	152	69		1,269	40		5,279 5,249	
Feb. 5 Feb. 12 Feb. 19 Feb. 26	10,090	609 610	2,033	39,424 39,105 38,758 38,686	39,306 39,271	2,345	1,122 1,168 1,205 1,167	1,901 1,922	10,313 10,324 10,360 10,393	161 163 166 164	70 70 70 70	8,832 8,897	1,274 1,267 1,294 1,273	45 48 46 47	244 263 214 309	5,268 5,271 5,268 5,271	12,854 18,996
Mar. 5 Mar. 12 Mar. 19 Mar. 26	9,955 10,008	584 644 625 620	2,248	38,588 38,786 39,005 38,826	39,484 39,495	2,255	1,193 1,110 1,147 1,056	2,213	10,428 10,416 10,403 10,395	190 190 190 196	70 69 69 69	9,237 9,186	1,267 1,294 1,284 1,272	46	160 124 165 232	5,279 5,278 5,276 5,284	17,630
Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23	10,073	643 606	2,109 2,236	38,197 38,667 39,213 39,547	38,717 39,971	2,399 2,401	1,156	1,707 1,758 1,780 1,529	10,452	193 212 216 213	68 68 68 64	8,947 8,989	1,294 1,279 1,287 1,296	44 43 43 44	353 192 69 97	5,303 5,307 5,304 5,308	20,083 14,089 16,154
New York City 1946—March	3,563	87	36	13,445	13,790	230	701	5,723	1,136	26	8	3,014	1,097	19	322	1,943	32,831
November December	3,732 3,802			14,511 14,735		302 226	698 783	1,159 766		28 38	7 9		1,129	23 21	98 102	2,001 1,999	28,843 36,905
1947—January February March	3.780 3.677 3,662	104	24	14,492 14,099 14,127	14,487	200 176 177	683	486 588 614		27 18 17	15 15 15	2,757	1,119 1,135 1,135	20 21 22	71 105 81	1,998 2,005 2,003	27,129
1947—Jan. 29			23	14,483	14,776	226	815		1,271	18	15	2,803	1,122	20	155	1,998	6,991
Feb. 5 Feb. 12 Feb. 19 Feb. 26	3,755 3,679 3,595 3,681	105 102	22	14,271 14,100 13,980 14,042	14,450	171	692 707	573 587 591 602	1,271	18 18 19 18	15 15	2,734	1,128 1,128 1,149 1,133	22	130 122 35 130	2,007 2,008 2,004 2,002	7,817 5,238 7,787 6,176
Mar. 5 Mar. 12 Mar. 19 Mar. 26		109 103	27	14,020 14,001 14,221 14,267	14,519	183 176 152 197	596 611	635 649 579 591		17 16 17 18	15	2,884	1,125 1,150 1,138 1,128	23 22	84	2,005 2,005 2,003 2,001	8,151 6,700 7,089 6,537
Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23	3,686	109 102	25 27	14,234 13,992 14,110 14,401	$14,382 \\ 14,694$	186 181 191 212	578 652	514 529 535 454	1,278 1,275	16 17 16 15	15 15	2,833	1,149 1,138 1,146 1,158	20 20	31	2,007	9,094 5,602 6,503 6,570
Outside New York City 1946—March	6,367	<b>4</b> 82	2,129	23,941	23,623	1,947	466	9,396	8,430	100	39	6,773	125	29	186	3,116	36,543
November. December.	6,477 6,567	528 552	2,105 2,147	25,240 25,635	25,525 25,742	1,978	495 567	2,293 1,538	8,921 8,938	126 125	53 53		155 152	27 26	155 95	3,250 3,252	39,325 45,142
1947—January February March		500	2,155	25,490 24,894 24,674	25,452 24,760	2,043	483	1,330	9,018 9,072 9,129	145	55	6,089	142	25	153		<b>41,925</b> 37,672
Jan. 29			2,032	25,419	25,090	2,113			9,024								
Feb. 5 Feb. 12 Feb. 19 Feb. 26	6,329	504 508	2,003 2,011 2,060 2,025	25,153 25,005 24,778 24,644	24,720 24,856 24,832 24,634	2,139 2,167 2,062 2,117	498	1,272 1,314 1,331 1,404	9,041 9,053 9,084 9,112	143 145 147 146	55 55	6,098 6,109	139 145	26 24	141 179	3,264	7,616
Mar. 5 Mar. 12 Mar. 19 Mar. 26	6,303 6,328	522	2,097 2,221 2,177 1,970	24,568 24,785 24,784 24,559	24,371 24,965 24,737 24,254	2,111 2,079 2,129 2,210	536	1,326	9,135 9,133 9,129 9,123	173	54	6,312 6,353 6,261 5,899	142 144 146 144	24	82 81		10,415 9,040 10,541 9,869
Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23	6,287 6,457	534	1,980 2,084 2,209	23,963 24,675 25,103 25,146	23,646 24,335 25,277	2,252 2,218 2,210	494 504	1,245	9,155 9,174 9,177 9,184	195	53	6,114 6,141	141 141	23	38		8,487 9,651

Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items reported as in process of collection.
 Monthly and weekly totals of debits to demand deposit accounts except interbank and U. S. Government accounts.

## WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS-BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

## LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

[In millions of dollars]

					L	Dans					ii		In	vestmen	ts		
					or pure rrying							U. 5	S. Gove	ernment	obligati	ons	
Federal Reserve district and date	Total loans and invest-	Total	Com- mer- cial, indus- trial,	To bro and de		Το ο	thers	Real estate	Loans to	Other	Total			Cer- tifi-			Oth <b>er</b> secu-
	ments	Total	and agri- cul- tural	U.S. Govt. ob- liga- tions	Other se- curi- ties	U.S. Govt. ob- liga- tions	Other se- curi- ties		banks	loans	Totar	Total	Bills	cates of in- debt- ed- ness	Notes	Bondsı	rities
Boston Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 New York*	2,869 2,846	901 954 959 953 938	592 622 628 622 612	16 17 14 12 13	11 11 10 10 9	20 22 21 21 21 21	14 15 15 15	93 102 102 103 103	7 5 11 11 6	148 160 158 159 159	1,871 1,892 1,910 1,893 1,909	1,794 1,809 1,793	31 38 48 39 36	186 168 170 177 195	91	1,497 1,501 1,488	97 98 101 100 102
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Philadelphia	20,363 20,241	6.379	4,426 4,505 4,501 4,439 4,350	262 291 306 282 216	253 270 241 234 243	112 113 111 110 111	188 191 188 187 185	191 192 192 190 190	133 149 156 73 98	684 684 688	14,161 13,968 13,862 14,148 14,338	12,742 12,626 12,910	325 320 170 457 495	1,277 1,060 1,060 1,033 1,148	887 893 834	10,394 10,475 10,503 10,586 10,619	1,226 1,236 1,238
Mar. 26.         Apr. 2         Apr. 9         Apr. 16         Apr. 23         Cleveland	2,222 2,219 2,228	694 689 689 692 696	425 419 418 420 421	2 1 1	18 18 19 18 18	10 11 11 11 11	7 7 7 7 7	50 51 51 52 52	2 2 2 2 4	180 180 181 182 182	1,533 1,530 1,536	1,317 1,323	27 30 39 48 38	155 155 152 149 155	65 58 63 63 52	1,074 1,069 1,070	216 216 207 206 210
Mar. 26           Apr. 2           Apr. 9           Apr. 16           Apr. 23	4,592 4,567 4,608	1,308 1,301 1,314	720 726 729 720 718	20 21 15 17 21	23 22 19 19 20	89 85 84 84 85	16 16 16 17 17	225 226 226 228 228 228	  15	208 212 212 214 214 214	3,314 3,284 3,266 3,294 3,298	3,004 2,971 2,954 2,982 2,986	32 34 26 57 57	334 305 285 271 261	175 171 166 166 165	2,461 2,477 2,488	310 313 312 312 312 312
Mar. 26           Apr. 2           Apr. 2           Apr. 9           Apr. 16           Apr. 23           Atlanta	1,827 1,860 1,860	490 492 493 494 493	258 258 259 256 257	· · · · · · ·	5 5 5 5 5	26 25 24 24 24	13 13 13 16 15	82 83 83 84 84	1 1 1 1	105 107 108 108 107	1,335		18 5 23 22 13	166 151 167 166 170	76 74 74 74 71	1,014 1,013 1,014	87 91 90 90 91
Mar. 26           Apr. 2           Apr. 9           Apr. 16           Apr. 23           Chicago*	1,886 1,899 1,924	587 584 580 577 575	342 338 337 336 334	1 1 1 1 1	7 7 6 5 6	52 52 50 49 49	23 23 23 22 23	45 45 45 45 46	4 4 - 3 - 4	116	1,319	1,143	14 5 22 27 19	251 237 236 247 246	115 111 112 118 115	792 790 791 797 797	160 159 158 158 158
Mar. 26         Apr. 2         Apr. 9         Apr. 16         Apr. 23         St. Louis	7,919 7,782 7,889 8,060 7,968	2,325 2,306 2,327	1,581 1,590 1,584 1,596 1,591	40 45 45 53 44	33 28 27 28 28	58 67 55 53 56	68 67 66 65	264 265 266 267 269		255 263 262 264 267	5,620 5,457 5,583 5,733 5,648	5,033 4,878 5,005 5,143 5,054	130 56 140 202 55	578 511 544 605 654	320 306 311 315 323	4,005 4,010	587 579 578 590 594
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Minneapolis	1,834	716 715 708 705 701	425 422 415 408 406	1 1 2 1	6 6 6 5	24 24 24 24 24 24	14 14 14 14 14	107 107 108 109 109	2 1 1 1 2	137 140 139 141 140	1,129 1,135	985 964 999 997 1,003	32 34	94 87 89 89 84	125 129	761 757 755 751 756	134 134 133 132 132
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Kansas City	1,128 1,120	353			2 2 1 1 2	13 12 12 12 12 11	6 6 6 6			82 81 82 81 83	771 756 772 766 765		12 9	43 34 34 35 36	74 73 73 73 73 73	592 586 586 586 586	60 61 61 60 61
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Dallas	2,100 2,087 2,106 2,125 2,112	570 570 567 560 561	381 376 371	1		18 17 17 17 17	8 8 9 9	65 66 66 66	· · · · · ·	94 95 97 94 95	1,517 1,539 1,565 1,551	1,363 1,349 1,373 1,399 1,385	45 69 81 65	305 288 287 300 302	145	874 874 872 873 873	167 168 166 166 166
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 San Francisco	1,820 1,826 1,826	753 750 747 739 737	506	· · · · · · · ·	5 5 5 5 5	36 35 34 34 34	35 35 36 35 35	57 57 58 58 58 59	1	113 111 107 106 105	1,070 1,079 1,087 1,092	986 995 1,002 1,007		233 209 211 219 223	106 110	638 641	83 84 84 85 85
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23. City of Chicago*	6,480 6,487 6,518		1,191 1,199 1,199	8 11 11 10 5	28 27 26	54 53 53 52 52	25 25	458 462 468	1   1	238 243 247	4,539 4,472 4,476 4,501 4,463	4,057 4,063 4,087 4,051	88 64	862 826 828 845 834	358 364 360	2,804 2,785 2,790 2,793	413 414 412
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23	4,437 4,559 4,712	1,524 1,504 1,523	1,171 1,175 1,169 1,181 1,178	39 45 45 53 43	21		57 58 56	52		119 126 124 125 125	3,055 3,189	2,547	4 95 144	235 271 324	131 135 139	2,177	366

<sup>1</sup> Direct and guaranteed. \*Separate figures for New York City are shown in the immediately preceding table and for the City of Chicago in this table. The figures for the New York and Chicago Districts, as shown in this table, include New York City and Chicago, respectively.

## WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS-BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS-Continued

**RESERVES AND LIABILITIES** 

[In millions of dollars]

							deposit iterban			ne depc pt inter			nterba leposit				
Federal Reserve district and date	Re- serves with Fed- eral Re- serve Banks	Cash in vault	Bal- ances with do- mestic banks	De- mand de- posits ad- justed <sup>1</sup>	Indi- vid- uals, part- ner- ships, and cor- pora- tions	States and polit- ical sub- divi- sions	Certi- fied and offi- cers' checks, etc.	U. S. Gov- ern- ment	Indi- vid- uals, part- nei- ships, and cor- pora- tions	States and polit- ical sub- divi- sions	U. S. Gov- ern- ment and Postal Sav- ings	Dem Do- mes- tic	and For- eign	Time	Bor- row- ings	Cap- ital ac- counts	Bank deb- its <sup>2</sup>
Boston (6 cities) Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 New York (8 cities)*	452 479 479 502 500		101 112 104 121 108	2,326 2,329 2,333	2,301 2,295 2,340	145 154 152 155 168	37 44 61 51 44	105 93 98 98 86	478 496 496 496 496		6 5 5 5 5	280 272 278 292 284	21 23 22 21 20	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13 9 15 11 10	300 310 310 311 311	736 824 780 790 747
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Philadelphia (4 cities)	3,879 3,878 3,952 3,903 3,882	141 136 148 139 143	114	15,604 15,584 15,354 15,488 15,757	15,537 15,895	420 447 433 452 444	625 718 611 693 667	571 588 595	1,989 1,997 1,996 1,993 1,992	24 22 23 22 20	28 28 28 28 28 28	2,696 2,800 2,896 2,912 2,779	1,152 1,141 1,148	21 22 21 21 21 21	123 125 126 43 32	2,177 2,177 2,177 2,174	6,980 9,719 5,993 6,992 7,100
Mat. 26         Apr. 2         Apr. 9         Apr. 16         Apr. 23         Cleveland (10 cities)	417 415 421 423 425	35 32 36 32 33	79 91 80 92 81	1,811 1,789 1,796	1,898	72 73 75 70 79	20	86 73 80 81 70	276 278 278	25 27 27 31 31	1 1 1 1	333 319 326 334 305	10 10	· · · · · · · · ·	3 4 5 5 5	262 261 262 261 261	654 779 557 611 638
Mar. 26 Apr. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Richmond (12 cities)	743 755 771 794 776	83 81 85 82 83	181 169 179 195 184	3,050 3,126	3,084 3,054 3,206	163 168 164 164 162	58 61	165 171 174	1,362 1,363 1,366 1,366 1,367	42 41 51 52 51	1 1 1 1	448 461 466 485 449	4		24 23 22 1 9	493 492 493 493 493	1,036 1,147 955 1,147 1,088
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Atlanta (8 cities)	321 350 330 344 328	42 38 42 39 42	113 112 121 118 117	1,341 1,360 1,363	1,393	102 107 104 102 105	30 31 29 38 38	75 65 68 68 59	382 382 383 382 382 382	7 6 7 7 7	6 6 6 6	333 331 345 347 315	6 5 6 6	4 4 4 4	14 10  9	150 150 151 151 151	496 535 410 463 471
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Chicago (12 cilies)*	363 365 379 374 362	33 30 33 30 32	153 162 166 172 141	1,368 1,373 1,401	1,249 1,237 1,262 1,310 1,271	266 263 252 256 258	18 17 16	50 44 45 46 41	455 456	4 4 4 4	333	442 443 470 463 418	7	1 1 1 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	134 134 134 135 135	504 517 447 504 517
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 St. Louis (5 cities)	1,416 1,176 1,399 1,403 1,439	89 87 99 92 93	327 283 368 403 372	4,539 5,185 5,383	4,509 5,133	520 496 495 510 536	131 92 90	236 242 245	2,044 2,044 2,050 2,055 2,058	36 36 37 37 37 37		1,579 1,587		2 2 2	1	630 631 632 631 632	2,812 3,396 2,125 2,426 2,339
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Minneapolis (8 cities)	339 325 346 347 330	24 22	98 123 107 104 101	1,135 1,161 1,161	1,204 1,223 1,274	83 82 79 78 76	18 16	63		1 1 1 1	22	532 553 562 551 530	8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	18 4 2 2 12	146 146 145 145 145	475 499 415 460 500
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Kansas City (12 cities)	197 198 201 197 204	12 12 11	80 82 83 82 74	723 726		114 113	13 13 11 11	47 39 40 41 36	238 238	 	1 1 1 1	328 327 330 312 303	32	1	10	94	328 323 291 328 318
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Dallas (9 cities)	434 434 431 437 429	22 24 23	255 271	1,467 1,501 1,487	1,430 1,457 1,505 1,481	189 181 182 187	26 24 24	72 66 68 66 57	319	4 4 4	2 2 2 2 2	786 802 814 808 798		5 5 5 5 5	522	161 161 161	604 522 599 608
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 San Francisco (7 cities)	389 397 406 401 377		223 224 240 252 233	1,484 1,492 1,497	1,460 1,450 1,462 1,514 1,487		27 26 26	47	303 303		4 4 4	473 491 492	3	· · · · · · · ·	····· 1 ····	154 155 155 155 155	485 460 427 494 484
Mar. 26 Apr. ? Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 City of Chicago*	947 958 958 983 961	50	277 281 276 292 274	3,391 3,389 3,441	3,384 3,385 3,529	197 204 205 194 205	110 102 109	249 249 256	2,177 2,183 2,186 2,184 2,184	32 32 33 33 33 33	773	406 380	49	4 4 4	2	593 594 593	1,280 1,167 1,340
Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23:.:	897 654 865 868 892	32 30		2,383	2,520 3,166 3,373	183 202	52 44 40		854 859 862	2 2 4 4 4	22	1,204	24		2 164 1 		2,311 1,320 1,483

\* See note on preceding page.
Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items reported as in process of collection.
\* Debits to demand deposit accounts except interbank and U. S. Government accounts.

#### COMMERCIAL PAPER AND BANKERS' ACCEPTANCES OUTSTANDING [In millions of dollars]

					Doll	ar acceptan	ces outstar	nding			
	Commer-				Held by				Base	d on ?	
End of month	cial paper out-	Total out-	Ac	cepting bar	nks	Federal		Imports	Exports	shipped	ored in or between
	standing <sup>1</sup>	standing		Own	Bills	Reserve Banks	Others	into United	from United	poin	its in
			Total	bills	bought.	(For own account)		States	States	United States	Foreign countries
1946—February March April May	178 172 149 126	167 163 169 177	128 119 109 108	74 64 65 66	53 55 44 42	2 13 13	39 42 47 55	109 104 114 124	18 17 16 18	31 33 30 28	9 8 9 7
June July August September October	202	192 205 207 200 204	109 118 140 151 154	65 67 68 68 71	45 51 72 82 82	18 34 13 2	64 54 54 47 50	134 146 152 150 154	22 24 22 20 18	27 26 26 23 23	8 9 7 7 8
November December	227 228	208 227	155 169	73 74	82 94		54 58	152 162	23 29	26 29	67
1947—January February March	236 243 266	241 230 228	183 171 170	85 76 75	98 95 95		<b>58</b> 59 58	172 164 158	<b>35</b> 35 36	27 24 27	8 7 7

As reported by dealers; includes some finance company paper sold in open market.
 Dollar exchange less than \$500,000 throughout the period.

Back figures .-- See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 127, pp. 465-467; for description, see p. 427.

# CUSTOMERS' DEBIT BALANCES, MONEY BORROWED, AND PRINCIPAL RELATED ITEMS OF STOCK EXCHANGE FIRMS CARRYING MARGIN ACCOUNTS

[Member firms of New York Stock Exchange. Ledger balances in millions of dollars]

		Debit t	alances				Credit	balances		
End of month	Customers'	Debit balances in	Debit balances in	Cash on			omers' palances <sup>1</sup>	Othe	er credit balar	ces
	debit balances (net) <sup>1</sup>	partners' investment and trading accounts	firm investment and trading accounts	hand and in banks	Money borrowed <sup>2</sup>	Free	Other (net)	In partners' investment and trading accounts	In firm investment and trading accounts	In capital accounts (net)
1936—June December 1937—June	1,267 1,395 1,489	67 64 55 34	164 164 161 108	219 249 214 232	985 1,048 1,217	276 342 266 278	86 103 92	24 30 25 26	14 12 13	420 424 397
December 1938—June December 1939—June December	985 774 991 834 906	34 27 32 25 16	88 106 73 78	215 190 178 207	688 495 754 570 637	258 247 230 266	85 89 60 70 69	22 22 21 23	10 11 5 6 7	355 298 305 280 277
1940—June December	653 677	12 12	58 99	223 204	376 427	267 281	62 54	22 22	5	269 247
1941—June December 1942—June December	616 600 496 543	11 8 9 7	89 86 86 154	186 211 180 160	395 368 309 378	255 289 240 270	65 63 56 54	17 17 16 15	7 5 4 4	222 213 189 182
1943—June December 1944—June December	761 788 887 1,041	9 11 5 7	190 188 253 260	167 181 196 209	529 557 619 726	334 354 424 472	66 65 95 96	15 14 15 18	7 5 11 8	212 198 216 227
1945—June December	1,223 1,138	11 12	333 413	220 313	853 795	549 65 <b>4</b>	121 112	14 29	13 13	264 299
1946—April May June	3895 856 809 745	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		370	<sup>3</sup> 575 <sup>2</sup> 547 498 <sup>3</sup> 442	<sup>3</sup> 697 <sup>3</sup> 669 651 <sup>3</sup> 653	120	24	····· ····· 17	314
July August September October November	<sup>3</sup> 723 <sup>3</sup> 631 <sup>3</sup> 583 <sup>3</sup> 571	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<sup>3</sup> 377 <sup>3</sup> 305 <sup>3</sup> 253 <sup>3</sup> 238	3 647 8 729 3 720 3 723	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
December 1947—January February March	537 *533 *573 *576	5	311	453	217 *210 *217 *216	693 *687 *681 *677	118 	30	10	289

<sup>1</sup> Excluding balances with reporting firms (1) of member firms of New York Stock Exchange and other national securities exchanges and (2) of firms' own partners. <sup>1</sup> Includes money borrowed from banks and also from other lenders (not including member firms of national securities exchanges). <sup>4</sup> As reported to the New York Stock Exchange. According to these reports, the part of total customers' debit balances represented by balances secured by U. S. Government securities was (in millions of dollars): January, 69; February, 66; March, 65. Norg.—For explanation of these figures see "Statistics on Margin Accounts" in BULLETIN for September 1936. The article describes the method by which the figures are derived and reported, distinguishes the table from a "statement of financial condition," and explains that the last column is not to be taken as representing the actual net capital of the reporting firms. *Back figures.*—See *Banking and Monetary Statistics*, Table 143, pp. 501–502, for monthly figures prior to 1942, and Table 144, p. 503, for data in detail at semiannual dates prior to 1942.

OPEN-MARKET	MONEY	RATES	IN	NEW	YORK	CITY	
	Dor cor	at nor one					

	[Pe	r cent pe	er annum	1]		
- ,	Duima	Prime	Stock		. Govern curity yie	
Year, month, or week	Prime com- mercial paper, 4- to 6- months <sup>1</sup>	bank- ers' accept- ances, 90 days <sup>1</sup>	ex- change call loan re- new- als <sup>2</sup>	3- month bills <sup>a</sup>	9- to 12- month certifi- cates of in- debted- ness	3- to 5- year taxable notes
1944 average 1945 average 1946 average	.73 .75 .81	.44 .44 .61	$1.00 \\ 1.00 \\ 1.16$	.375 .375 .375	.79 .81 .82	1.33 41.18 1.15
1946—April June July August September November December	.81 .81 .88	.44 .47 .50 .59 .71 .81 .81 .81 .81	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.38 1.38 1.38 1.38 1.38	.375 .375 .375 .375 .375 .375 .375 .375	. 81 . 83 . 83 . 84 . 84 . 85 . 83 . 84 . 85	$1.12 \\ 1.18 \\ 1.15 \\ 1.13 \\ 1.14 \\ 1.22 \\ 1.24 \\ 1.22 \\ $
1947—January February March April		.81 .81 .81 .81	1.38 1.38 1.38 1.38	.376 .376 .376 .376 .376	.84 .85 .82 .83	1.18 1.18 1.17 1.17
Week ending: Mar. 29 Apr. 5 Apr. 12 Apr. 19 Apr. 26	1 1 1	13/16 13/16 13/16 13/16 13/16	1 %-1% 1 %-1% 1 %-1% 1 %-1% 1 %-1% 1 %-1%	.376 .376 .376	.81 .81 .82 .83 .83	1.14 1.16 1.16 1.18 1.17

<sup>1</sup> Monthly figures are averages of weekly prevailing rates. <sup>2</sup> The average rate on 90-day stock exchange time loans was 1.50 per cent beginning Aug. 2, 1946. Prior to that date it was 1.25 per cent. <sup>4</sup> Rate on new issues offered within period. <sup>4</sup> From Sept. 15 to Dec. 15, 1945, included Treasury notes of Sept. 15, 1948, and Treasury bonds of Dec. 15, 1950; beginning Dec. 15, 1945, includes only Treasury bonds of Dec. 15, 1950. Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 120–121, pp. 448–459, and the BULLETIN for May 1945, pp. 483–490.

		сомме	RCIAL LOA	AN RATES		
AVERAGES	OF		CHARGED RINCIPAL	CUSTOMERS CITIES	BY	BANKS

[Per cent per annum]										
	Total 19 citi <del>es</del>	New York City	7 Other North- ern and Eastern cities	11 South- ern and Western cities						
1937 average1         1938 average1         1939 average1         1940 average1         1941 average1         1942 average1         1942 average1         1943 average1         1944 average1         1945 average1         1946 average1         1945 average1         1946 average1	2.59 2.53 2.78 2.63 2.54 2.61 2.72 2.59 2.39 2.34	1.73 1.69 2.07 2.04 1.97 2.30 2.11 1.99 1.82	2.88 2.75 2.87 2.56 2.55 2.58 2.80 2.68 2.51 2.43	3.25 3.26 3.51 3.38 3.19 3.26 3.13 3.02 2.73 2.85						
1943—March	2.76	2.36	2.76	3.24						
June	3.00	2.70	2.98	3.38						
September	2.48	2.05	2.71	2.73						
December	2.65	2.10	2.76	3.17						
1944—March	2.63	2.10	2.75	3.12						
June	2.63	2.23	2.55	3.18						
September	2.69	2.18	2.82	3.14						
December	2.39	1.93	2.61	2.65						
1945—March	2.53	1.99	2.73	2.91						
June	2.50	2.20	2.55	2.80						
September	2.45	2.05	2.53	2.81						
December	2.09	1.71	2.23	2.38						
1946March	2.31	1.75	2.34	2.93						
June	2.41	1.84	2.51	2.97						
September	2.32	1.83	2.43	2.75						
December	2.33	1.85	2.43	2.76						
1947—March	2.31	1.82	2.37	2.80						

<sup>1</sup> Prior to March 1939 figures were reported monthly on a basis not strictly comparable with the current quarterly series. *Back figures.*—See *Banking and Monetary Statistics*, Tables 124-125, pp. 463-464; for description, see pp. 426-427.

### BOND YIELDS 1

#### [Per cent per annum]

	U. S	5. Governn	nent					С	orporate	(Moody's)	14		
Year, month, or week	7 to 9 years	15 yea ov		Munic- ipal (high-	rate (high- grade) <sup>3</sup> Total			By ra	tings			By groups	3
	Tax- able	Partial- ly tax exempt	Tax- able	grade) <sup>2</sup>		Aaa	Aa	A	Baa	Indus- trial	Rail- road	Public utility	
Number of issues.	15	1-5	1-9	15	5	120	30	30	30	30	40	40	40
1944 average 1945 average 1946 average	1.94 *1.60 1.45	1.92 1.66 ( <sup>6</sup> )	2.48 2.37 2.19	1.86 1.67 1.64	$2.60 \\ 2.54 \\ 2.44$	3.05 2.87 2.74	2.72 2.62 2.53	2.81 2.71 2.62	3.06 2.87 2.75	3.61 3.29 3.05	2.80 2.68 2.60	3.39 3.06 2.91	2.97 2.89 2.71
1946—April June July August September October November December	1.36 1.47 1.43 1.40 1.46 1.55 1.56 1.58 1.58 1.56	(6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6)	2.08 2.19 2.16 2.18 2.23 2.28 2.26 2.25 2.24	1.45 1.54 1.55 1.60 1.65 1.75 1.84 1.80 1.97	$\begin{array}{c} 2.37\\ 2.44\\ 2.42\\ 2.41\\ 2.44\\ 2.50\\ 2.51\\ 2.51\\ 2.55\end{array}$	2.67 2.71 2.71 2.73 2.79 2.82 2.82 2.83	2.46 2.51 2.49 2.48 2.51 2.58 2.60 2.59 2.61	2.56 2.58 2.59 2.62 2.68 2.70 2.69 2.69	2.69 2.73 2.73 2.72 2.74 2.80 2.84 2.84 2.84 2.83	2.96 3.02 3.03 3.03 3.03 3.10 3.15 3.17 3.17	$\begin{array}{r} 2.57\\ 2.60\\ 2.59\\ 2.58\\ 2.58\\ 2.64\\ 2.65\\ 2.66\\ 2.66\end{array}$	2.78 2.84 2.85 2.86 2.99 2.98 3.05 3.05 3.04	2.65 2.69 2.70 2.69 2.70 2.75 2.76 2.77 2.77
1947—January February. March April	1.51 1.49 1.47 1.47	(6) (6) (6) (6)	2.21 2.21 2.19 2.19	1.92 1.99 2.02 1.98	2.48 2.48 2.49 2.47	2.79 2.78 2.79 2.78	2.57 2.55 2.55 2.53	2.65 2.64 2.64 2.63	2.79 2.79 2.80 2.81	3.133.123.153.16	2.63 2.61 2.61 2.60	3 00 3 00 3 02 3 03	2.73 2.72 2.73 2.71
Week ending: Mar. 29 Apr. 5 Apr. 12 Apr. 19 Apr. 26	1.45 1.46 1.45 1.48 1.48 1.47	(6) (6) (6) (6) (6)	2.18 2.19 2.18 2.20 2.20	2.00 1.99 1.99 1.98 1.97	2.48 2.47 2.47 2.47 2.47 2.47	2.78 2.78 2.78 2.78 2.78 2.78	2.54 2.53 2.53 2.53 2.53 2.53	2.64 2.63 2.63 2.63 2.63	2.80 2.80 2.81 2.81 2.81 2.80	3.15 3.16 3.16 3.16 3.16 3.16	2.60 2.60 2.60 2.60 2.60	3.02 3.03 3.04 3.04 3.03	2.73 2.72 2.72 2.71 2.71

<sup>1</sup> Monthly and weekly data are averages of daily figures, except for municipal bonds, which are based on Wednesday figures. \* Standard and Poor's Corporation. \* U. S. Treasury Department.

Standard and Foors Corporation.
 O. S. Freadry Department.
 Mody's Investors Service, week ending Friday. Because of limited number of suitable issues, the industrial Aaa, Aa, and A groups have been reduced from 10 to 5, 6, and 9 issues, respectively, and the railroad Aaa, Aa, and A groups from 10 to 6, 6, and 9 issues, respectively.
 Beginning Dec. 15, 1945, includes Treasury bonds of June 1952-54, June 1952-55, December 1952-54, and March 1956-58.
 No partially tax-exempt bonds due or callable in 15 years and over.
 Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 128-129, pp. 468-474, and the BULLETIN for May 1945, pp. 483-490.

#### **SECURITY MARKETS 1**

				Bond	prices					St	ock price	85		•
					Corpo	orate 4				Commo	on (index	1935-3	9=100)	Volume of trad-
Year, month, or week	U.S. Gov- ern-	Munic- ipal (high-		Med	ium- and	l lower-g	rade		Pre- ferred <sup>6</sup>					ing" (in tho <b>u-</b> sands of
	ment <sup>2</sup>	grade) <sup>s</sup>	High- grade	Total	Indus- trial	Rail- road	Public utility	De- faulted		Total	Indus- trial	Rail- road	Public utility	shares)
Number of issues	19	15	15	50	10	20	20	15	15	402	354	20	28	
1944 average 1945 average 1946 average	100.25 102.04 104.77	139.6	120.9 122.1 123.4	114.7 117.9 118.5	120.5 122.2 123.6	107.3 115.1 117.0	116.3 116.3 114.9	59.2 75.4 76.7	175.7 189.1 198.5	100 122 140	102 123 143	101 137 143	90 106 120	971 1,443 1,390
1946—April June July August September October November December	106.61 104.82 105.28 104.87 104.11 103.25 103.58 103.71 103.87	142.0 140.9 140.0 137.8 136.0 136.8	124.3 123.7 123.9 124.0 123.8 122.8 121.8 121.6 121.5	119.9 119.5 119.5 119.1 119.0 117.4 115.8 115.9 115.9	124.4 123.9 123.9 123.4 124.0 123.3 122.2 122.5 123.0	119.6 118.6 118.7 118.5 117.7 114.3 112.3 112.7 112.9	115.8 116.0 116.0 115.3 115.4 114.7 112.9 112.6 111.9	83.6 81.8 83.2 80.0 78.8 65.4 62.7 63.6 67.7	204.9 201.9 202.4 204.1 203.4 196.2 191.6 189.3 186.2	152 154 153 150 146 125 122 121 126	156 159 157 153 150 129 126 124 129	157 157 162 154 147 119 110 113 119	128 129 130 128 125 110 107 106 110	1,391 1,311 1,086 936 946 2,173 1,256 1,191 1,320
1947—January February March April	104.32 104.35 104.61 104.57		122.6 122.7 122.4 122.8	116.3 116.8 116.6 116.5	123.5 123.7 123.7 123.5	114.3 114.3 113.6 113.2	111.2 112.4 112.5 112.7	68.3 69.3 66.0 64.0	187.3 189.0 188.1 186.5	125 129 124 119	129 133 128 123	115 119 110 102	111 111 107 105	998 1,176 841 912
Week ending: Mar. 29 Apr. 5 Apr. 12 Apr. 19 Apr. 26	104.74 104.69 104.77 104.48 104.44	133.0 133.0 133.2	122.7 122.7 122.8 122.8 122.8 123.0	117.0 116.9 116.5 116.4 116.3	123.7 123.6 123.6 123.4 123.4	113.6 113.7 113.3 113.2 113.0	113.5 113.4 112.7 112.4 112.6	66.3 67.2 65.2 62.1 62.9	187.2 187.2 187.2 186.2 186.2	124 124 121 116 118	128 128 124 120 122	108 108 104 99 101	107 107 105 103 104	824 709 864 1,290 811

Monthly and weekly data are averages of daily figures, except for municipal bonds and for stocks, which are based on Wednesday figures.
Average of taxable bonds due or callable in 15 years and over.
Prices derived from average yields, as computed by Standard and Poor's Corporation, on basis of a 4 per cent 20-year bond.
Prices derived from averages of median yields, as computed by Standard and Poor's Corporation.
Standard and Poor's Corporation.
Prices derived from averages of median yields on noncallable high-grade stocks on basis of a \$7 annual dividend.
Average daily volume of trading in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange

Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 130, 133, 134, and 136, pp. 475, 479, 482, and 486, respectively, and the BULLETIN for May 1945, pp. 483-490.

				1	For new	capital						Fo	r refund	ing			
	Total (new	Total			Dom	estic				Total			Dom	estic			
Year or month	and re- fund-	Total (do- mestic and		State and	Fed-	C	orpora	e	For- eign <sup>2</sup>	(do- mestic and		State and	Fed-	C	orporat	e	For- eign <sup>2</sup>
	for- eign) Total	mu- nici- pal	eral agen- cies <sup>1</sup>	Total	Bonds and notes	Stocks		for- eign)	Total	mu- nici- pal	eral agen- cies <sup>1</sup>	Total	Bonds and notes	Stocks	eign		
1936 1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945	3,937 4,449 5,790 4,803 5,546 2,114 2,174 4,216 7,991	2,138 2,360 2,277 1,951 2,854 1,075 642 913 1,772	2,094 2,325 2,239 1,948 2,852 1,075 640 896 1,761	176 235 471	22 157 481 924 461 1,272 108 90 15 26	1,192 1,225 873 383 736 1,062 624 374 646 1,264	601 889 506 282 422 607	352 408 67 97 135 173 118 92 224 657	23 44 35 38 2 1  2 17 12	4,242 1,799 2,089 3,513 2,852 2,693 1,039 1,532 3,303 6,219	1,680 2,061 3,465 2,852 2,689 1,039 1,442 3,288 6,173	129 195 482 435 181 259 404 324	353 281 665 1,537 344 698 440 497 418 912	3,387 1,209 1,267 1,733 2,026 1,557 418 685 2,466 4,937	856 1,236 1,596 1,834 1,430 407 603 2,178 4,281	31 137 193 126 11 82 288 656	119 119 28 48 48  90 15 46
1946 April June July August September October November	8,581 562 1,097 1,022 817 981 560 441 562 761 993	201 374 294 429 493 419 242 363 659 788	200 374 286 429 493 419 242 363 659 788	56 61 103 108 124 64 71 49 69 119	121 16 22 7 9  47 	3,506 127 290 176 312 369 354 170 267 590 669	17 118 83 115 184 196 96 223 444 544	1,468 111 172 93 197 184 159 75 43 145 125	9 1 8	3,993 361 723 728 388 488 141 200 199 102 205	338 698 728 388 436 126 200 199 102 190		741 23 326 17 41 33 33 38 133 13 34	2,914 284 363 664 331 395 93 145 65 86 105	238 277 536 266 324 39 143 36 68 79	46 85 127 65 71 53 1 29 19 27	130 23 25  52 15  15
1947—January February. March	636 * 305 855		249	215 96 293	21 34 12	252 118 310	208 75 265	<b>44</b> <b>44</b> 44	10 21	139 \$56 220	135 56 191	11 1 2	22 24 50	103 31 140	8	22	(ª) 29

NEW SECURITY ISSUES

[In millions of dollars]

<sup>1</sup> Includes publicly offered issues of Federal credit agencies, but excludes direct obligations of U. S. Treasury.
 <sup>1</sup> Includes issues of noncontiguous U. S. Territories and Possessions.
 <sup>1</sup> Excludes two foreign offerings totaling 122 million dollars for which information on portion taken in the United States is not available. Source.—For domestic issues, Commercial and Financial Chronicle; for foreign issues, U. S. Department of Commerce. Monthly figures
 subject to revision. Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 137 p. 487.

#### NEW CORPORATE SECURITY ISSUES 1

#### PROPOSED USES OF PROCEEDS, ALL ISSUERS

[In millions of dollars]

	E-time 1			· ·	Pro	oposed uses	of net procee	eds		
Year or month	Estimated gross proceeds <sup>2</sup>	Estimated net proceeds <sup>3</sup>		New money		Retire	ement of sec	urities	Repayment	Other
	proceeds	proceeds	Total	Plant and equipment	Working capital	Total	Bonds and notes	Preferred stock	of other debt	purposes
1934.         1935.         1936.         1937.         1938.         1939.         1939.         1940.         1941.         1942.         1943.         1943.         1944.         1945.         1946.	397 2,332 4,572 2,310 2,155 2,164 2,677 2,667 1,062 1,170 3,202 6,011 6,500	384 2,266 4,431 2,239 2,110 2,115 2,615 2,623 1,043 1,147 3,142 5,902 6,358	57 208 858 991 681 325 569 868 474 308 657 1,080 3,003	32 111 380 574 504 170 424 661 287 141 252 638 2,012	26 96 478 417 155 145 207 187 167 405 442 991	231 1,865 3,368 1,100 1,206 1,695 1,854 1,583 396 739 2,389 4,555 2,728	231 1,794 3,143 911 1,119 1,637 1,726 1,483 366 667 2,038 4,117 2,238	71 226 190 87 59 128 100 30 72 351 438 469	84 170 154 111 215 69 174 138 73 49 134 408	11 23 49 36 19 28 35 27 47 47 133 219
1946—March April. June July. August. September October November December 1947—January. February. March.	682 844 663 720 527 267 383 629 818 322 *265	405 666 825 643 703 518 261 377 617 807 316 *260 442	<b>99</b> 213 153 245 327 344 138 202 511 623 183 *206 285	55 148 91 169 198 126 101 160 329 557 138 *105 153	44 65 62 77 129 37 43 183 66 45 r101 132	287 376 630 317 305 115 98 48 81 114 120 34 121	257 320 514 285 265 94 38 36 74 97 81 18 110	30 56 116 32 40 21 60 12 6 17 38 16 11	2 57 28 14 46 50 18 122 6 59 11 15 31	17 21 14 67 25 10 6 5 19 12 2 5 5

#### PROPOSED USES OF PROCEEDS, BY MAJOR GROUPS OF ISSUERS

[In millions of dollars]

		Railroad				Public utility				Industrial				Other				
Year or month	Total net pro- ceeds	New money	Retire- ment of securi- ties	All other pur- poses <sup>4</sup>	Total net pro- ceeds	Ne <b>w</b> money	Retire- ment of securi- ties	All other pur- poses <sup>4</sup>	Total net pro- ceeds	New money	Retire- ment of securi- ties	All other pur- poses <sup>4</sup>	Total net pro- ceeds	New money	Retire- ment of securi- ties	All other pur- poses <sup>4</sup>		
1934	172 120 774 338 54 182 319 361 47 160 602 1,436 693	21 57 139 228 24 85 115 253 32 46 102 115 129	120 54 558 110 30 97 186 108 15 114 500 1,320 560	31 10 77 1  18  3	130 1,250 1,987 751 1,208 1,246 1,180 1,340 464 469 1,400 2,291 2,052	30 63 89 180 43 245 317 145 22 40 69 761	77 1,190 1,897 611 943 1,157 922 993 292 423 1,343 2,159 1,207	42 30 27 50 86 47 13 30 27 25 17 7 63 83	62 774 1,280 1,079 831 584 961 828 527 497 1,033 1,969 3,355	439 616 469 188 167 244 293 228 454 811 2,000	34 550 761 373 226 353 738 463 89 199 504 1,010 903	2 150 80 90 136 43 56 121 146 71 76 148 451	20 122 390 71 16 102 155 94 4 21 107 206 258	 46 218 57 8 9 42 55 4 13 61 85 113 2	72 152 7 7 88 9 18 4 4 42 65 56	19 4 20 7 1 5 104 21  4 3 56 89		
1946—March April June July August September October November December 1947—January February March	192 98 76 35 9 3 19 40 18 47 33 8 12	2 1 7 9 8 3 16 21 18 35 28 7 9	190 97 69 26 3 19 10 5 2 1	<b>i</b> <b>2</b> 2	78 138 424 179 338 41 111 124 61 483 67 332	6 5 10 181 6 13 108 18 411 14 47	76 119 408 134 156 33 86 17 33 72 26 18 107	13 11 35 1 2 12 12  10  3 2 2	126 412 289 405 325 422 130 210 530 226 229 *119 90	198 127 206 131 326 108 71 470	13 157 153 150 80 9 12 48 17 17 84 84 85	19 56 25 45 46 13 127 12 64 9 16 33	10 18 37 24 31 53 1 3 8 52 11 *66 9	2 7 14 20 6 9 1 3 5 32 5 8 1	8 3 17 4 1 1 15 5 6 8	9 6  42 42  3 4 1 2		

 <sup>7</sup> Revised.
 <sup>1</sup> Estimates of new issues sold for cash in the United States.
 <sup>3</sup> Gross proceeds are derived by multiplying principal amounts or number of units by offering price.
 <sup>4</sup> Estimated net proceeds are equal to estimated gross proceeds less cost of flotation, i.e., compensation to underwriters, agents, etc., and expenses.
 <sup>4</sup> Includes repayment of other debt and other purposes. Source.—Securities and Exchange Commission; for compilation of back figures, see Banking and Monetary Statistics (Table 138, p. 491),"a publication of the Board of Governors.

#### QUARTERLY EARNINGS AND DIVIDENDS OF LARGE CORPORATIONS INDUSTRIAL CORPORATIONS · [In millions of dollars]

					Net p	rofits,1 b	y industi	rial group	58				Profits and dividends		
					Ma	nufactur	ing and	mining						Divid	dends
Y <b>ea</b> r or quarter	Total	Iron and steel	Ma- chin- ery	Au- tomo- biles	Other trans- porta- tion equip- ment	Non- ferrous metals and prod- ucts	Other dura- ble goods	Foods, bever- ages, and tobacco	Oil produc- ing and refin- ing	Indus- trial chemi- cals	Other non- dura- ble goods	Mis- cella- neous serv- ices <sup>2</sup>	Net profits <sup>1</sup>	Pre- ferred	Com- mon
Number of companies.	629	47	69	15	68	77	75	49	45	30	80	74	152	152	152
Annual 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946	2,163 1,769 1,800 1,896 1,925	146 278 325 226 204 194 188 282	115 158 193 159 165 174 163 168	223 242 274 209 201 222 243 130	102 173 227 182 180 190 169 136	119 133 153 138 128 115 108 141	70 88 113 90 83 88 88 146	151 148 159 151 162 175 199 356	98 112 174 152 186 220 223 288	186 194 207 164 170 187 187 273	134 160 187 136 149 147 154 302	122 132 152 161 171 184 203 342	847 1,028 1,137 888 902 970 989 1,148	90 90 92 88 86 86 85 82	564 669 705 552 556 611 612 657
Quarterly 1944—1	444 459 475 518	47 46 47 55	40 40 38 55	52 55 55 59	*52 *47 *47 *43	29 30 28 28	20 22 21 25	38 43 45 49	49 52 56 64	42 43 49 53	36 37 37 37 37	39 43 52 50	224 230 244 272	21 22 20 23	142 149 137 184
<b>1945—1</b> 2 3 <b>4</b>	492 508 439 485	49 53 37 49	38 42 35 47	63 77 46 58	* 50 * 47 * 36 * 36	31 27 23 27	21 21 20 26	45 46 50 58	62 64 61 37	48 45 43 51	39 38 37 40	45 47 53 58	250 269 224 246	20 22 21 22	142 145 143 182
<b>194</b> 6—1 2 3 4	323 604 698 941	22 67 96 97	-19 49 32 108	$ \begin{array}{c c} -34 \\ 21 \\ 42 \\ 102 \end{array} $	* <u>-</u> 5 * 51 3 38 * 53	20 26 41 54	12 37 41 56	65 74 93 124	56 62 77 93	63 66 67 77	62 71 77 91	82 80 93 87	116 250 310 471	20 21 20 21	146 153 149 209

#### PUBLIC UTILITY CORPORATIONS In millions of dollars]

	Railroad 4 5					Electric	power 6		Telephone 7				
Year or quarter	Operat- ing revenue	Income before income tax <sup>8</sup>	Net income <sup>1</sup>	Divi- dends	Operat- ing revenue	Income before income tax <sup>9</sup>	Net income <sup>1</sup>	Divi- dends	Operat- ing revenue	Income before income tax <sup>8</sup>	Net income <sup>1</sup>	Divi- dends	
Annual 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1945	4,297 5,347 7,466 9,055 9,437	126 249 674 1,658 2,211 1,972 756 273	93 189 500 902 873 667 450 289	126 159 186 202 217 246 246 235	2,647 2,797 3,029 3,216 3,464 3,615 3,681 3,828	629 692 774 847 913 902 905 953	535 548 527 490 502 507 534 645	444 447 408 410 398 407 454	1,067 1,129 1,235 1,362 1,537 1,641 1,803 1,992	227 248 271 302 374 399 396 275	191 194 178 163 180 174 177 200	175 178 172 163 168 168 173 182	
Quarterly	2,363	458	152	31	930	265	137	98	400	97	42	42	
1944—1		508	172	55	890	245	127	105	406	101	43	42	
3		550	176	43	882	207	114	95	409	98	43	42	
4		455	168	116	913	185	129	100	426	104	46	43	
<b>1945</b> —1	2,422 2,230	430	149	31	966	288	142	101	436	115	46	41	
2		514	199	68	909	230	125	95	444	109	45	44	
3		237	127	28	888	205	119	96	449	103	44	43	
4		-426	-25	118	917	181	148	115	474	70	43	46	
<b>1946</b> —1	1,703	39	14	56	970	299	196	107	+ 475	84	54	46	
2		-57	45	52	920	221	151	110	497	74	53	46	
3		161	128	41	936	207	142	112	502	55	44	45	
4		130	191	85	1,002	226	156	125	519	62	49	45	

<sup>1</sup> "Net profits" and "net income" refer to income after all charges and taxes and before dividends.
 <sup>1</sup> Includes 29 companies engaged in wholesale and retail trade (largely department stores), 13 in the amusement industry, 21 in shipping and transportation other than railroads (largely airlines), and 11 companies furnishing scattered types of service.
 <sup>1</sup> Partly estimated. <sup>4</sup> Class I line-haul railroads, covering about 95 per cent of all railroad operations.
 <sup>4</sup> For the years 1944 to date, series has been revised to agree with annual data published by the Interstate Commerce Commission. As a result, most quarterly figures differ somewhat from those shown in previous BULLETINS.
 <sup>4</sup> Class A and B electric utilities, covering about 95 per cent of all electric power operations. Figures include affiliated nonelectric operations.
 <sup>4</sup> Thirty large companies, covering about 85 per cent of all telephone operations. Series excludes American Telephone and Telegraph Company, the greater part of whose income consists of dividends received on stock holdings in the 30 companies.
 <sup>8</sup> After all charges and taxes except Federal income and excess profits taxes.
 Sources.—Interstate Commerce Commission for railroads; Federal Power Commission for electric utilities (quarterly figures on operating revenue and on income before income tax are partly estimated); Federal Communications Commission for telephone companies (except dividends); published reports for industrial companies and to telephone dividends. Figures for the utrent and preceding year subject to revision. For description of data and back figures, see pp. 214-217 of the BULLETIN for March 1942 and also p. 1126 of the BULLETIN for November 1942 (telephone companies) and p. 908 of the BULLETIN for September 1944 (electric utilities).

### UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DEBT-VOLUME AND KIND OF SECURITIES

[On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury. In millions of dollars]

	<b>T</b> + 1	Total interest-		Marketa	ble public	: issues <sup>1</sup>		Nonmarl	ketable pu	blic issues			Fully
End of month	Total gross direct debt	interest- bearing direct debt	Total <sup>2</sup>	Treasury bills	Certifi- cates of indebt- edness	Treasury notes	Treasury bonds	Total <sup>2</sup>	U.S. savings bonds	Treasury tax and savings n: tes	Special issues	Non- interest- bearing debt	guaran- teed in- terest- bearing securities
1940-June D c 1941-June Dec 1942-June Dec 1943-June Dec 1944-June Dec 1945-June Dec	42,968 45,025 48,961 57,938 72,422 108,170 136,696 165,877 201,003 230,630 258 682 278,115	48,387 57,451	34,436 35,645 37,713 41,562 50,573 76,488 95,310 115,230 140,401 161,648 181,649 198,778	$\begin{array}{c} 1,310\\ 1,603\\ 2,002\\ 2,508\\ 6,627\\ 11,864\\ 13,072\\ 14,734\\ 16,428\\ 17,041\\ \end{array}$	3,096 10,534 16,561 22,843 28,822 30,401 34,136 38,155	6,383 6,178 5,698 5,997 6,689 9,863 9,168 11,175 17,405 23,039 23,497 22,967	26,555 27,960 30,215 33,367 38,085 49,268 57,520 67,944 79,244 91,585 106,448 120,423	3.444 4.555 8.907 13,510 21,788 29,200 36,574 44,855 50,917	2,905 3,195 4,314 6,140 10,188 15,050 21,256 27,363 34,606 40,361 45,586 48,183	2,471 3,015 6,384 7,495 8,586 9,557 9,843 10,136 8,235	4,775 5,370 6,120 6,982 7,885 9,032 10,871 12,703 14,287 16,326 18,812 20,000	591 566 574 487 454 862 1,316 1,370 1,460 1,739 2,326 2,421	5,498 5,901 6,360 6,317 4,548 4,283 4,092 4,225 1,516 1,470 409 553
1946—Apr June July Aug Sept Nov Dec 1947—Ian Feb Mar Apr	273,898 272,583 269,422 268,270 267,546 265,369 263,532 262,277 259,144 259,776 261,418 259,124 257,701	272,711 271,440 268,111 267,039 266,359 264,217 262,415 267,649 258,378 258,113 255,800 254,427	$186.350 \\ 184.338$	17,039 17,023 17,024 17,007 16,987 17,000 17,033 17,074 17,048 17,038	38,408 36,828 34,804 37,720 36,473 34,478 32,478 30,475 29,987 29,791 28,784 27,792 26,294	$18,261 \\18,261 \\18,261 \\13,351 \\13,351 \\13,351 \\13,351 \\10,090 \\10,090 \\10,090 \\8,142 \\8,142 \\8,142 \\$	121,177 121,177 119,323 119,323 119,323 119,323 119,323 119,323 119,323 119,323 119,323 119,323 119,323 119,323		48,828 48,917 49,035 49,320 49,447 49,545 49,624 49,709 49,776 50,343 50,717 50,945 51,117	$\begin{array}{c} 7,144\\ 7,127\\ 6,711\\ 6,669\\ 6,003\\ 5,978\\ 5,725\\ 5,590\\ 5,570\\ 5,570\\ 5,443\\ 5,477\\ \end{array}$	21,224 21,481 22,332 23,045 23,443 23,854 24,015 24,254 24,585 24,777 24,938 25,183 25,280	$\begin{array}{c} 1,188\\ 1,143\\ 1,311\\ 1,231\\ 1,187\\ 1,152\\ 1,117\\ 1,352\\ 1,500\\ 1,399\\ 3.305\\ 3,324\\ 3,275\\ \end{array}$	533 542 467 324 370 391 378 362 331 262 181 175 171

<sup>1</sup> Including amounts held by Government agencies and trust funds, which aggregated 6,342 million dollars on Mar. 31, 1947. <sup>1</sup> Total marketable public issues includes Postal Savings and prewar bonds, and total nonmarketable public issues includes adjusted service, depositary, and Armed Forces Leave bonds not shown separately. *Back figures.*—See *Banking and Monetary Statistics*, Tables 146-148, pp. 509-512.

# UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MARKETABLE PUBLIC SECURITIES OUTSTANDING APRIL 30, 1947

[On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury. In millions of dollars]

Issue and coupon rate	Amount	Issue and coupon rate	Amount
Treasury bills 1           May 1, 1947           May 8, 1947           May 15, 1947           May 21, 1947           May 22, 1947           June 5, 1947           June 12, 1947           June 12, 1947           June 12, 1947           June 12, 1947           June 10, 1947           July 3, 1947           July 10, 1947           July 11, 1947           July 124, 1947           July 14, 1947           July 16, 1947           July 24, 1947           July 17, 1947           July 16, 1947           July 17, 1947           July 17, 1947           July 10, 1947           Yespet, 1, 1947           Yespet, 1, 1947           Yespet, 1, 1947           Yespet, 1, 1948           Yespet, 1, 1948	$\begin{array}{c} 1,312\\ 1,310\\ 1,302\\ 1,312\\ 1,302\\ 1,315\\ 1,307\\ 1,317\\ 1,317\\ 1,303\\ 1,303\\ 1,303\\ 1,303\\ 1,108\\ 1,100\\ 2,775\\ 2,916\\ 1,223\\ 2,916\\ 1,223\\ 2,916\\ 1,223\\ 2,341\\ 1,440\\ 1,775\\ 3,281\\ 3,347\\ 2,142\\ 1,321\\ 1,321\\ 2,707\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \label{eq:constraints} \hline \begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	491 1,786 1,963 1,186 4,939 2,635 1,627 7,986 7555 1,118 5,725 1,501 1,024 5,825 1,501 8,765 7,25 7,25 7,25 7,25 7,25 7,25 7,25 7,2
Sept. 15, 194714 Sept. 15, 194714 Sept. 15, 194814	1,687 3,748	Mar. 15, 1965–70 <sup>3</sup> . 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> Mar. 15, 1966–71 <sup>3</sup> . 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> June 15, 1967–72 <sup>3</sup> . 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> Sept. 15, 1967–722 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	5,197 3,481 7,967 2,716
Treasury Bonds Oct. 15, 1947-52 <sup>2</sup> . 4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	759	Dec. 15, 1967–72 321/2	11.689
Dec. 15, 1947 <sup>2</sup> 2 Mar. 15, 1948–502 Mar. 15, 1948–51 <sup>2</sup> .2 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> June 15, 19481 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> Sept. 15, 1948 <sup>2</sup> 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	$701 \\ 1,115 \\ 1,223 \\ 3,062 \\ 451 \\ 571$	Postal Savings bonds	116 50 170,535
Dec. 15, 1948-50 <sup>2</sup> 2 June 15, 1949-512 Sept. 15, 1949-512 Dec. 15, 1949-512	571 1,014 1,292 2,098	<b>Guaranteed securities</b> Federal Housing Admin. Various	46
<sup>1</sup> Sold on discount basis	. See ta	ble on Open-Market Mone	y Rates,

p. 571. <sup>2</sup>Partially tax exempt. Restricted.

#### UNITED STATES SAVINGS BONDS [In millions of dollars]

Month	Amount out- standing	Funds r	eceiv	ved f Per		les dı	iring	Redemp- tions and maturities
	at end of month	All series		ies E	Serie: F	s Se	ries G	All series
Fiscal year ending: June—1940 1941 1943 1944 1944 1945	2,905 4,314 10,188 21,256 34,606 45,586 49,035	1,109 1,492 5,994 11,789 15,498 14,891 9,612	3,5		6 43 75 80 67 40	$     \begin{array}{c}       2 \\     $	395 032 759 876 658 465	114 148 207 848 2,371 4,298 6,717
1946—Apr May June July Sept Oct Dec 1947—Jan Feb Apr	48,828 48,917 49,035 49,320 49,477 49,545 49,624 49,709 49,776 50,343 50,717 50,945 51,117	668 594 571 753 590 494 453 576 952 712 616 572		388 345 321 386 347 309 327 294 370 535 394 372 349	29 24 24 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	4 1 5 1 1 1 5 1 5 1 5	250 225 226 335 217 165 169 139 178 364 278 209 191	621 552 519 537 478 489 418 504 483 398 449 455
Maturi	ties and a	amounts	outs	stand	ling A	pril 3	30, 19	947
Year of maturity	All series	Seri C-1		Series E			ries F	Series G
1947 1948 1948 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1957 1958 1959 Unclassified	281 506 808 980 1,583 4,429 7,951 10,400 9,179 6,777 4,251 2,937 1,108 -73		281 506 808 980 436		1,147 4,429 6,602 7,644 6,262 3,439 1,298		207 550 612 689 550 320 146	1,142 2,207 2,306 2,648 2,403 2,617 962
Total	51,117	3,0	10	30	,821	3,	074	14,284

### OWNERSHIP OF UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, DIRECT AND FULLY GUARANTEED [Estimates of the Treasury Department. Par value, in millions of dollars]

		He	ld by ban	ks			Held	by nonba	nk investo	ors		
End of month	Total interest- bearing securities	Total	Com- mercial banks <sup>1</sup>	Federal Reserve Banks	Total	Indi- viduals	Insur- ance com- panies	Mutual savings banks	Other corpo- rations and associa- tions	State and local gov- ern- ments	U. S. G ment a and true Special	gencies st funds Public
										- incints	issues	issues
1940—June.         1941—June.         December.         1943—June.         1943—June.         December.         1944—June.         December.         1944—June.         December.         1945—June.         December.         1945—June.         December.         1945—June.         1946—June.	$\begin{array}{r} 47,874\\54,747\\63,768\\76,517\\111,591\\139,472\\168,732\\201,059\\230,361\\256,766\\276,246\\268,578\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 18,566\\ 21,884\\ 23,654\\ 28,645\\ 47,289\\ 59,402\\ 71,443\\ 83,301\\ 96,546\\ 105,892\\ 114,862\\ 107,883 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 16,100\\ 19,700\\ 21,400\\ 26,000\\ 41,100\\ 52,200\\ 59,900\\ 68,400\\ 77,700\\ 84,100\\ 90,600\\ 84,100 \end{array}$	2,466 2,184 2,254 2,645 6,189 7,202 11,543 14,901 18,846 21,792 24,262 23,783	$\begin{array}{c} 29,308\\ 32,863\\ 40,114\\ 47,872\\ 64,302\\ 80,070\\ 97,289\\ 117,758\\ 133,815\\ 150,874\\ 161,384\\ 160,695 \end{array}$	9,700 10,900 13,600 17,900 23,700 30,300 37,100 45,100 52,200 58,500 63,500 63,500 62,800	6,500 7,100 8,200 9,200 11,300 15,100 15,100 17,300 19,600 22,700 24,400 25,300	3,100 3,400 3,700 4,500 5,300 6,100 7,300 8,300 9,600 10,700 11,500	2,500 2,400 4,400 5,400 11,600 20,000 25,800 27,600 29,900 29,300 25,600	$\begin{array}{r} 400\\ 600\\ 700\\ 900\\ 1,000\\ 2,100\\ 3,200\\ 4,300\\ 5,300\\ 6,500\\ 6,500\end{array}$	4,775 6,120 6,982 7,885 9,032 10,871 12,703 14,287 16,326 18,812 20,000 22,332	2,305 2,375 2,558 2,737 3,218 3,451 4,242 4,810 5,348 6,128 7,048 6,798
1946—July August October November December	261,286	106,433 105,146 103,549 101,918 100,444 97,050	82,800 81,200 79,500 78,400 76,500 73,700	23,633 23,946 24,049 23,518 23,944 23,350	160,930 161,583 161.059 160,874 160,842 160,930	62,900 62,900 62,700 62,800 63,100 63,300	25,400 25,400 25,400 25,400 25,300 25,300	11,600 11,700 11,700 11,700 11,700 11,700 11,800	25,100 25,100 24,500 24,200 24,000 23,400	6,400 6,400 6,300 6,300 6,200 6,200	23,045 23,443 23,854 24,015 24,254 24,585	6,666 6,619 6,524 6,419 6,355 6,338
1947—January February	258,640 258,294	96,941 95,917	73,000 71,800	23,941 24,117	161,699 162,377	64,100 64,500	25,400 25,400	11,900 12,000	23,000 22,900	6,200 6,200	24,777 24,938	6,389 6,374

<sup>1</sup> Including holdings by banks in territories and insular possessions, amounting to 100 million dollars on June 30, 1942, and 500 million on Jan. 31, 1947.

## SUMMARY DATA FROM TREASURY SURVEY OF OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES ISSUED OR GUARANTEED BY THE UNITED STATES \*

[Public marketable securities. In millions of dollars]

				ir u.	one ma	Rectuon	e securit	ies. In minions of							
End of month	Total out- stand- ing	U. S. Gov- ern- ment agen- cies and trust funds	Fed- eral Re- serve Banks	Com- mer- cial banks ( <sup>1</sup> )	Mu- tual sav- ings banks	Insur- ance com- panies	Other	End of month	Total out- stand- ing	U. S. Gov- ern- ment agen- cies and trust funds	Fed- eral Re- serve Banks	Com- mer- cial banks ( <sup>1</sup> )	Mu- tual sav- ings banks	Insur- ance com- panies	Other
Type of security:           Total?           1944—Dec           1945—Dec           1945—Dec           1947—Jan           1945—Dec           1945—Dec           1945—Dec           1945—Dec           1945—Dec           1945—Dec           1945—Dec           1945—Dec           1946—June           1945—Dec           1946—June           1945—Dec           1945—Dec           1945—Dec           1945—Dec	189, 649 176, 658 176, 498 176, 498 176, 490 175, 456 16, 428 17, 039 17, 039 17, 033 17, 074 17, 039 17, 034 17, 048 30, 401 38, 155 34, 804 29, 987 29, 784 23, 039 22, 967 10, 090 10, 090 91, 585 120, 423 119, 323 119, 325 119, 325 119, 325 119, 325 119, 325 119, 325 119, 325 119, 325 119,	7,009 6,768 6,302 6,352 6,352 6,357 6,357 6,357 6,357 6,357 6,25 6,100 79 60 8 9 60 60 61 11 5,173 6,915 6,655 6,655 6,192	6,813 7,496 7,180 7,189 1,566 2,120 1,748 355 355 444 1,243 947 755 753 753	82,830 76,578 66,962 66,426 65,355 4,113 2,476 1,142 1,187 520 539 15,032 18,091 16,676 11,221 11,195 10,212 15,411 15,701 11,396 6,120 6,168 6,996 36,508 46,535 47,335 48,408 48,514	10,491 11,220 11,525 11,667 11,667 11,667 11,667 91 243 2577 273 291 3366 179 2271 217 197 188 7,704 10,217 10,743 11,049 11,129	23, 183 24, 285 24, 346 24, 379 24, 374 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	51,046 47,015 44,177 43,606 1,159 1,723 1,424 1,088 892 769 9,974 1,211 10,459 10,556 10,559 5,098 4,383 4,258 2,766 2,765 2,754 23,098	1944-Dec           1945-Dec           1945-Dec           1946-June           1947-Jan           Feb           1945-Dec           1945-June           1945-Dec	6,737 15,222 10,119 7,802 7,802 7,802 34,965 35,376 35,576 39,570 39,570 39,570 39,570 39,570 39,570 39,570 37,909 33,025 32,847 27,283 27,283 27,283 27,283 23,817 34,985 37,189 32,384 34,384 32,384 34,38434,384 34,384 34,384 34,38434,384 34,384 34,384 34,38434,384 34,384 34,38434,384 34,38434,384 34,384	443 576 578 583 725 787 7166 529 529 529 2.098 2.779 3.400 2.976 2.976 1.748 2.764 2.976 1.748 2.764 2.084 2.084	2,017 1,431 72 72 161 1,557 693 797 831 831 831 831 366 210 135 72 72 72 72 77 77 77 77 78 79 79 79 79 79 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	5,655 4,340 4,400 4,373 23,490 25,185 28,470 8,328 28,186 19,953 21,007 21,933 16,657 16,871 16,871 16,871 16,871 16,871 16,873 3,301 3,308 2,433 2,435 2,455 2,45	1,086 1,123 3,447 2,058 1,609 2,042 2,048 2,037 3,186 6,526 5,523 6,026 5,523 5,303 5,311 2,510 2,051 2,510 2,051	2,131 3,787 2,902 2,822 2,826 2,801 2,803 8,204 10,996 12,546 11,708 11,733 11,750 4,381	2,761 2,418 2,591 2,556 2,504 6,559 6,673 6,638 6,673 6,638 6,673 6,638 6,673 6,638 6,673 6,638 6,673 6,638 6,673 6,638 6,673 6,638 6,673 5,652 5,156 4,963 4,963 4,963 4,963 11,905 8,825 3,394 9,858 9,825 3,394 8,826 8,821 8,824 8,924

\* Figures include only holdings by institutions or agencies from which reports are received. Data for commercial banks, mutual savings banks and the residual "other" are not entirely comparable from month to month. Since June 1943 the coverage by the survey of commercial banks has been expanded. Figures in column headed "other" include holdings by nonreporting banks and insurance companies as well as by other investors. Estimates of total holdings (including relatively small amounts of nonmarketable issues) by all banks and all insurance companies for certain dates are shown in the table above. Including stock savings banks. On Feb. 28, 1947, commercial banks reporting to the Treasury held 15,136 million dollars of U. S. Government securities due or callable within one year out of a total of 53,750 million outstanding. Including Postal Savings and prewar bonds and a small amount of Guaranteed securities, not shown separately below.

### SUMMARY OF TREASURY RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES, AND RELATED ITEMS

[On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury. In millions of dollars]

Denied	Incom	e taxes <sup>1</sup>	Mis- cella- neous	Social Secu-	Other	Total	Net re-	In- ter-	War and de-	Trans- fers to trust	ex-	Total budget expend-	Budget surplus (+) or	Trust ac-	Increase decreas during	se ( —)
Period	With- held <sup>2</sup>	Other	inter- nal reve- nue <sup>1</sup>	rity taxes	re- ceipts	re- ceipts		est on debt	fense activ- ities	ac- counts etc.	tures		deficit (-)	counts etc.4 r	General fund balance	Gross debt
Fiscal year ending: June 1944 June 1945 June 1946	10,289	26,262 24,884 21,493	6,949	1,793	3,824	45,408 47,740 44,239	46,457	3,617	90,029	1,646	5,106	100,397	-51,424 -53,941 -20,677	+791	+10,662 +4,529 -10,460	+57,679
1946—April June July August September October November	966 650 514 1,070 705 557 1,111	442 2,742 974 443 2,845 847 332	615 615 695 679 656 752 669	76 67 302 89	690 399 349 223 186 386 236	4,482 2,600 2,717 4,481 2,617 2,639	2,733 4,479 2,539 2,434 4,478 2,544 2,364	106 1,395 249 122 648 160 105	2,442 1,190 1,509 1,100 1,481 1,436	95 5 631 13 32 48 27	1,481 1,510 1,574 1,288 974	3,864 5,352 3,644 2,932 2,755 2,965 2,529	-1,131 -873 -1,105 -499 +1,723 -420	+48 -264 +48 +234 -414 +156 +15	$\begin{array}{r} -2,398 \\ -4,298 \\ -2,209 \\ -989 \\ -868 \\ -2,101 \\ -1,405 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} -2,114\\ -1,316\\ -3,161\\ -1,152\\ -724\\ -2,177\\ -1,837\\ -1,255\\ -3,128\end{array}$
February March April	546 1,376 785	1,845 3,865			368	4,643	4,378 5,701	124 626	1,428	16 1		3,914 3,598	+706 +464	-125 + 317 - 33	$+2,422 \\ -224$	$+1.642 \\ -2,294$

			Details	of trust acc	counts, et	c.		Ge	eneral func	l of the T	reasury (e	nd of per	iođ)
		cial Secur accounts		Net ex- penditures		Other			Ass	sets			
P <del>e</del> riod	Net re- ceipts	Invest- ments	Ex- pendi- tures	in check- ing ac- counts of Govern- ment agencies r	Re- ceipts	Invest- ments	Ex- pendi- tures	Total	De- posits in Federal Reserve Banks	De- posits in special deposi- taries	Other assets	Total liabili- ties	Balance in general fund
<b>Fiscal</b> year ending: June 1944 June 1945 June 1946	3,202 3,239 2,940	2,816 2.757 1,261	380 453 1,618	2,874 1,553 95	1,851 3,820 4,735	1,313 2,444 2,407	-108 -938 2,817	20,775 25,119 14,708	1,442 1,500 1,006	18,007 22,622 12,993	1,327 997 708	607 421 470	20,169 24,698 14,238
1946—April June July August September October November	232 276 492 57 159 430 71	-60 72 359 103 122 271 -5 87 237	155 158 140 137 135 112 116 104 109	$ \begin{array}{r} 9 \\ -57 \\ 93 \\ -204 \\ -70 \\ 29 \\ -58 \\ 26 \\ -27 \\ \end{array} $	326 388 469 586 108 216 155 127 125	133 165 253 331 192 46 26 60 26	-48 468 121 448 -12 228 78 265 331	21,293 18,859 14,708 12,444 11,431 10,524 8,393 6,965 3,920	1,124 1,230 1,006 702 872 1,445 773 824 682	19,502 16,949 12,993 10,961 9,842 8,377 6,936 5,487 2,570	667 681 708 781 716 702 684 655 668	359 323 470 415 391 353 323 300 418	20,935 18,536 14,238 12,029 11,040 10,171 8,070 6,665 3,502
1947—January February March April	219 440 83 157	45 87 201 5	126 123 134 133	$ \begin{array}{r}     131 \\     11 \\     -32 \\     -60 \end{array} $	123 361 207 197	44 41 17	121 224 2	5,102 7,478 7,233 4,707	1,620 2,561 2,369 842	2,736 3,363 3,292 2,317	746 1,554 1,571 1,548	391 344 323 395	4,711 7,134 6,909 4,312

r Revised.

<sup>1</sup> Details on collection basis given in table below.
<sup>2</sup> Withheld by employers (Current Tax Payment Act of 1943).
<sup>3</sup> Total receipts less social security employment taxes, which are appropriated directly to the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund
<sup>4</sup> Excess of receipts (+) or expenditures (-).

Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics Tables 150-151 pp. 513-516.

INTERNAL	REVENUE O	COLLECTIONS
[On basis of reports	of collections.	In millions of dollars]

# CASH INCOME AND OUTGO OF THE UNITED STATES TREASURY [In millions of dollars]

	Indiv income			oration in profits ta		Estate	Excise and
Period	With- held	Other	Normal and surtax	Excess profits	Other profits taxes	and gift taxes	other mis- cellaneous taxes
Fiscal year ending:           June         1940           1941         1942           1943         1943           1944         1944           1945         1946	686 7,823	982 1,418 3,263 5,944 10,438 8,770 8,847	1,121 1,852 3,069 4,521 5,284 4,880 4,640	164 1,618 5,064 9,345 11,004 7,822	27 37 57 84 137 144 91	360 407 433 447 511 643 677	2,000 2,547 3,405 4,124 4,842 6,317 7,036
1946—March April June July August September October November December.	1547081,245308581,339301,0621,24327	1,883 508 175 1,053 375 77 1,198 234 80 420	1,006 157 82 744 192 142 692 232 122 752	1,268 324 157 994 330 204 978 344 123 925	9 5 3 16 4 4 10 4 3 9	84 66 64 74 58 43 57 49 62	<b>555</b> 549 577 548 634 631 604 706 612 652
1947—January February March	657 1,971 81	2,196 1,082 1,967	$250 \\ 177 \\ 1,712$	266 127 80	6 3 3	66 84 103	639 595 541

Period	Cash income	Cash outgo	Excess of cash in- come(+ or outgo(-
Fiscal year ending: June—1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946	7,019 9,298 15,374 25,485 48,254 51,332 48,103	9,555 14,031 34,717 79,253 94,296 96,263 65,904	-2,530-4,733-19,342-53,769-46,043-44,931-17,800
1946—March April June July August September October November December	5,950 2,934 3,492 4,736 2,703 3,016 4,698 2,803 2,892 4,257	4,169 4,171 4,383 5,046 2,923 2,928 2,988 2,850 2,276 3,643	$\begin{vmatrix} +1,782 \\ -1,233 \\ -891 \\ -310 \\ -219 \\ +83 \\ +1,710 \\ -45 \\ +610 \\ +610 \end{vmatrix}$
1947—January February March	3,948 5,163 5,975	2,827 3,690 3,352	+1,121 +1,474 +2,623

# GOVERNMENT CORPORATIONS AND CREDIT AGENCIES

[Based on compilation by United States Treasury Department. In millions of dollars] PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

			Assets,	other t	han int	eragenc	y items	1		Liabilit intera	ies, othe igency i			
Corporation or agency	Total		Loans re-	Com- modi- ties, sup-		rest- ents	Land, struc- tures,	Undis- trib-	Other	Bonds, and d tures p	eben-	Other liabil-	U.S. Gov- ern- ment	Pri- vately owned inter-
	Total	Casn	ceiv- able	plies, and mate- rials	U.S. Govt. secu- rities	Other secu- rities	and equip- ment	uted charges	as- sets	Fully guar- anteed by U.S.	Other	ities	in ter- est	est
All agencies: Dec. 31, 1945 Mar. 31, 1946 June 30, 1946 Sept. 30, 1946 Dec. 31, 1946	33,325 29,869 29,569	1,279 1,305 1,157	5,381 5,949	1,918	1,789 1,767 1,836	285 439 390	21,017 20,784 17,438 16,973 16,924	460 385 299	1,845 1,741 1,605 1,536 1,414	325 377	1,113 1,133 1,234 1,250 1,252	4.959 4.939 3.377	27,492 26,218 22,889 24,069 24,810	479 482 496
Classification by agency, Dec. 31, 1946 Department of Agriculture? Farm Credit Administration: Banks for cooperatives	300	24	231		43		(3)	(8)	1		33	(3)	256	10
Federal intermediate credit banks. Federal land banks Production credit corporations Regional Agricultural Credit Corp. Agricultural Marketing Act Re-	346 1,114 117 15	22 37 1	273 919	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	43 47 136 70 (*)	····· ····· 46		•••••	4 16 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	293 756	(*) (*) (*)	51 77	
volving Fund Federal Farm Mortgage Corp Rural Electrification Administration. Commodity Credit Corp Farmers' Home Corp Federal Crop Insurance Corp	2 133 538 1,284 475 24	84	1 120 527 109 315	463			(3) 4 19	( <sup>3</sup> )	1 3 5 190 56 10		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(3) 3 (2) 1,160 7 14	-92 468	
National Housing Agency: Federal Home Loan Bank Admin- istration: Federal home loan banks Federal Savings and Loan In-	473	33	293		145		(3)		1		169	71	124	108
Federal Savings and Loan In- surance Corp Home Owners' Loan Corp Federal Public Housing Authority and affiliate:	176 676	2 15	624	. <b></b> .	172 17	15	·····2	(3)	3 3	5	( <sup>3</sup> )	4 21	173 651	
Federal Public HousingAuthority Defense Homes Corp Federal Housing Administration Federal National Mortgage Association. R.F.C. Mortgage Company	537 57 196 6 23	35	278 1 26 6 14	(*) (3) (3)	8 122	(2) (2) 	227 56 1 7	( <sup>3</sup> ) 	( <sup>3</sup> ) 13 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 2	( <sup>8</sup> ) 36	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3 1 (*) 1	534 56 152 5 22	
Reconstruction Finance Corp.4	5,016	53	720	667	48	159	2,854	207	306	(3)		978	4,038	
Export-Import Bank Federal Deposit Insurance Corp Federal Works Agency Tennessee Valley Authority U. S. Maritime Commission:	1,061 268	7	1,241 2 75 1	``(³) 8	1,045		(3) (3) 144 727	(*) (*) (*)	9 7 47 4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		183 2 (3) 9	919 268	
Martime commission activities War Shipping Adm. activities <sup>5</sup> All other <sup>6</sup>	8,360	183	2 	30		3 324	3,301 7,764 1,813		270 286 168		 (3)	276 733 73	7,627	

CLASSIFICATION OF LOANS BY PURPOSE AND AGENCY

							Dec. 3	1, 1946							
Purpose of loan	Fed. land banks	Fed. Farm Mort. Corp.	Fed. inter- medi- ate credit banks	Banks for co- opera- tives	modity	Rural Elec- trifica- tion Adm.	Farm- ers' Home Corp.	Home Own- ers' Loan Corp.	Fed. Public Hous- ing Auth.	Fed. home loan banks	R.F.C. and affili- ates	Ex- port- Im- port Bank	All other	All agen- cies	Sept. 30, 1946, all agencies
To aid agriculture To aid home owners To aid industry:	986	149	273	232	120	528	588	636	· · · · · · · · ·		( <sup>3</sup> ) 22		9 1	2,884 659	2,860 704
Railroads Other To aid financial institu-	<b></b>	<b>.</b> 	••••		· • • • • • • •				<b></b> . <b></b>		153 151	· · · · · · ·	18 41	171 192	171 182
tions: Banks Other Foreign loans Other Less: Reserve for losses.	 	 <b></b> .			  	<b></b>		· · • • • • • •	278	293	1 11	1,249 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 7	7 800 113 11	19 295 2,284 623 478	237 1,632
Total loans receivable (net)	919	120	273	231	109	527	315	624	278	293	740	1,241	978	6.649	5,949

<sup>1</sup>Assets are shown on a net basis, i.e., after reserves for losses. <sup>2</sup> Federal Surplus Commodities Corp. has been liquidated. <sup>4</sup>Less than \$500,000. <sup>4</sup> Includes U. S. Commercial Company and War Damage Corp. <sup>5</sup> Figures are for Nov. 30, 1946, with the exception of those for lend-lease and UNRRA activities. <sup>6</sup> Figures for Inland Waterways Corp. and the Virgin Islands Co., which are included in this group, are for Nov. 30, 1946, and June 30 1946, respectively.

NOTE.—This table is based on the revised form of the Treasury Statement beginning Sept. 30, 1944, which is on a quarterly basis. Quarterly figures are not comparable with monthly figures previously published. Monthly figures on the old reporting basis for the months prior to Sept. 30, 1944, may be found in earlier issues of the BULLETIN (see p. 1110 of the November 1944 BULLETIN) and in *Banking and Monetary Statistics*, Table 152, p. 517.

#### **BUSINESS INDEXES** [The terms "adjusted" and "unadjusted" refer to adjustment of monthly forward for approach variation.

		[The ter	ms "ac	ljusted''	and "u	inadjus	ted" ref	er to ad	justmer	nt of me	onthly f	igures f	or seaso	nal varia	tion		
	Income		(physi	rial prod cal volu 5-39=1	me)* 2		awar	nstructi ontracts ded (va 3-25=1	s lue)\$		10loyme 939 <del>—</del> 10		Fac-	Freight	Depart- ment	Whole-	
Year and Month	pay- ments (value) <sup>1</sup> 1935-39 =100	To	-a1	Ma facti	nu- ures	Min-	Total	Resi- den-	A11	Non- agri-	Enc	+	tory pay rolls <sup>4</sup> 1939 <del>=</del> 100	carload- ings* 1935-39 =100	store sales (val- ue)* <sup>5</sup> 1935-39	com- modity prices <sup>4</sup> 1926	Cost of living 1935-39 =100
				Dur- able	Non- dur- able	erals	Iotar	tial	other	cul- tural	Fac	tory			=100	=100	
	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Unad- justed
1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1925 1926 1926			72 75 58 88 82 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 91 75 58 69 75 58 87 103 113 113 89 100 235 162 125 162 125 162 125 73 87 75 58 87 87 90 90 91 75 58 87 80 90 90 90 91 75 58 87 80 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	122 78 109 139 201 279	62 60 57 67 769 769 783 83 84 799 700 799 81 900 1000 1005 1142 1158 1176 1171 1665	711 833 666 761 92 92 90 99 99 99 90 100 107 766 800 800 806 806 806 809 112 97 106 1106 1125 1229 1322 1400 1377 9134	63 63 56 79 84 94 122 129 129 129 129 129 129 28 25 32 37 55 59 64 72 81 122 166 68 84 11 25 55	$\begin{array}{c} 44\\ 44\\ 30\\ 444\\ 68\\ 81\\ 95\\ 124\\ 121\\ 117\\ 126\\ 87\\ 37\\ 13\\ 11\\ 12\\ 21\\ 37\\ 41\\ 12\\ 21\\ 37\\ 45\\ 89\\ 82\\ 89\\ 82\\ 80\\ 16\\ 266\\ 143\\ \end{array}$	139 142 142 125 84 40 377 48 50 74 89 80 81 89 235 92 611 102	102.88 r95.7 r86.3 r75.7 r76.1 r84.0 r95.1 r01.1 r94.6 r00.0 r105.8 r119.4 r131.1 r137.0 r132.0		$\begin{array}{c} 103.8\\ 104.2\\ 79.8\\ 88.2\\ 101.0\\ 93.8\\ 97.1\\ 98.9\\ 96.9\\ 99.9\\ 66.8\\ 97.1\\ 89.8\\ 75.8\\ 64.4\\ 105.8\\ 90.0\\ 107.5\\ 132.1\\ 151.8\\ 142.0\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 103.2\\ 123.5\\ 79.7\\ 85.5\\ 108.4\\ 101.2\\ 106.6\\ 109.9\\ 109.1\\ 107.9\\ 109.1\\ 117.1\\ 94.7\\ 71.8\\ 49.5\\ 53.1\\ 53.1\\ 53.1\\ 53.1\\ 53.1\\ 53.4\\ 71.00.0\\ 114.5\\ 245.2\\ 334.4\\ 345.7\\ 729.3\\ 4.3\\ 45.7\\ 2266.4\\ \end{array}$	142 139 146 152 147 148 152 131 105 78 82 89 92 107	83 99 92 105 105 113 117 117 117 117 117 117 75 73 83 88 80 100 106 114 133 149 108 114 133 149 207 264	$\begin{array}{c} 138.6\\ 154.4\\ 97.6\\ 96.7\\ 100.6\\ 98.1\\ 100.6\\ 98.1\\ 100.6\\ 97.4\\ 96.7\\ 95.3\\ 86.4\\ 73.0\\ 65.9\\ 74.9\\ 80.0\\ 80.8\\ 86.3\\ 77.1\\ 78.6\\ 87.3\\ 98.8\\ 103.1\\ 104.0\\ 104.6\\ 121.1\\ \end{array}$	143.3 127.7 119.7 121.9 122.2 125.4 126.4 124.0 122.6 122.5 119.4 108.7 97.6 92.4 95.7
1944 June July August September October November. December.	233.9 233.2 234.0 232.5 235.5 237.5 239.0	235 230 232 230 232 232 232 232 232	236 232 235 234 234 232 230	354 347 348 342 344 341 343	169 165 168 168 169 173 173	142 139 142 143 143 143 137	34 38 41 39 42 46 51	15 14 13 13 13 13 14	57 63 61 65 73	*136.5 *136.0 *135.5	*171.3 *170.7 169.3 168.1 *167.2	171.9 172.0 170.1 168.5 167.7	346.6 339.6 343.1 341.9 343.8 341.0 346.7	139 142 142 139 137 141 137	177 186 187 190 193 201 199	104.3 104.1 103.9 104.0 104.1 104.4 104.7	
1945 January February March April June July September October November December.	241.9 245.2 244.1 242.3 241.9 244.6 243.4 236.4 229.0 231.4 235.7 234.1	234 236 235 230 210 186 167 162 168 163	230 232 229 225 220 211 188 171 164 167 161	345 346 345 323 308 292 239 194 186 191 185	175 176 176 174 173 165 157 156 154 158 156	140 141 142 140 138 144 143 140 134 124 138 133	48 59 72 70 58 50 54 61 69 83 94 108	14 13 15 20 22 23 24 26 36 44 56	96 118 112 89 73 79 91 104 121 134	r136.6 r136.4 r135.8 r134.8 r134.2 r132.9 r131.8 r125.8 r125.4 r126.5	r168.8 r169.3 r168.3 r166.0 r163.6 r160.3 r155.0 r150.4 r130.1 r129.5 r130.1 r130.6	r168.7 r167.7 r165.2 r162.5 r160.0 r155.6 r151.7 r130.8 r129.9 r130.5	r347.5 r345.7 r338.5 r324.9 r321.8 r306.6 r273.6 r228.7 r227.7 r227.7	139 145 141 141 140 139	198 208 216 184 190 203 215 200 203 213 222 219	104.9 105.2 105.3 105.7 106.0 106.1 105.9 105.7 105.9 105.9 105.8 107.1	126.9 126.8 127.1 128.1 129.0 129.4 129.3 128.9 128.9
1946 January February March June July July September October November December	233.5 231.7 234.7 236.4 239.7 240.9 250.6 252.1 246.6 254.5 259.2 261.6	165 159 170 172 *178 *180 *182 183	156 148 164 163 159 171 174 180 184 184 183 180	166 138 183 190 175 193 202 208 212 214 214 214 211	161 167 166 164 161 162 157 164 165 168 173 174	141 141 137 104 115 139 146 144 146 145 136 137	107 136 147 170 169 174 165 158 151 145 139 154	61 95 129 172 179 177 161 157 147 140 122 143	169 161 168 161 172 168 158 155 148 155	r127.2 r130.5 r132.4 r133.5 r134.5 r134.9 r136.6 r137.7 r138.1 r139.0	r133.2 r124.4 r132.6 r139.4 r140.7 r142.2 r143.0 r146.3 r148.6 r149.1 r151.5 r152.4	r123.9 r132.1 r138.5 r139.6 r141.9 r143.6 r147.7 r149.5 r149.6 r152.0	r214.3 r238.3 r254.8 r253.5 r262.8 r267.1 r284.4 r290.3 r292.8 tr298.2	139 109 106 133 139 141 138 139 137	*258 252 258 276 273 290 270 257 272	112.9 124.7 129.1 124.0 134.1 139.7	129.6 130.2 131.1 131.7 133.3 141.2 144.1 145.9 148.6 152.2
1947 January February March	263.6 263.6 263.0	r189 189 ₽189	r185 185 P186	221 222 222 223	177 176 ¤175	146 146 ¤147	146 151 133	144 152 ₽133	149	*139.6	r153.4 r154.5 p154.4	153.8	*310.7	142	*269	144.6	*153.2

\* Average per working day.
\* Preliminary.
\* Revised.
\* Department of Commerce series on value of payments to individuals.
\* For indexes by groups or industries, see pp. 580-583. For points in total index, by major groups, see p. 599.
\* Based on F. W. Dodge Corporation data; for description, see pp. 358 of BULLETIN for July 1931; by groups, see p. 577 of this BULLETIN.
\* The unadjusted indexes of employment and pay rolls, wholesale commodity prices, and cost of living are compiled by or based on data of the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Nonagricultural employment covers employees only and excludes personnel in the armed forces.
\* For indexes by Federal Reserve districts and other department store data, see pp. 589-591.
Back figures in BULLETIN.—For industrial production, August 1940, pp. 825–882, September 1941, pp. 933–937, October and 1943, pp. 958–984; for factory employment, January and December 1943, pp. 14 and 1187, respectively, and October 1945, p. 1055; for department stores sales, June 1944, pp. 549–561.

## INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, BY INDUSTRIES

(Adjusted for Seasonal Variation)

[Index numbers of the Board of Governors. 1935-39 average=100]

					1	946						1947	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar
Industrial Production—Total	168	165	159	170	172	r178	r180	-182	183	182	-189	189	P189
Manufactures—Total	173	176	167	176	177	184	-186	188	191	190	196	197	p197
Durable Manufactures	183	190	175	193	202	208	212	214	214	211	221	222	p223
Iron and Steel	169	159	109	154	180	184	185	184	178	159	192	7191	194
Pig iron	168	142	86	144	178	186	184	183	174	152	193	191	194
Steel. Open hearth. Electric.		175 148 363	126 98 319	167 142 343	190 169 343	196 170 381	196 172 366	195 171 369	193 163 404	174 145 381	206 177 413	r207 174 r446	207 179 412
Machinery	207	225	230	241	243	254	261	268	271	276	276	276	₽278
Manufacturing Arsenals and Depots <sup>1</sup> ,		<b>.</b>						 <b></b> .					
Transportation Equipment	209	245	239	238	241	242	240	237	235	235	229	233	₽234
Automobiles <sup>2</sup> . (Aircraft; Railroad cars; Locomotives; Shipbuilding— Private and Government) <sup>1</sup> .	114	161	162	167	176	182	188	185	187	187	181	190	₽191
Nonferrous Metals and Products	139	132	128	137	151	159	172	184	192	197	203	203	P200
Smelting and refining (Copper smelting; Lead refining; Zinc smelting; Aluminum; Magnesium; Tin) <sup>1</sup>	121	108	105	110	140	150	161	168	175	181	183	188	p191
Fabricating. (Copper products; Lead shipments; Zinc shipments; Aluminum products; Magnesium products; Tin consumption) <sup>1</sup> .	147	141	138	147	155	163	176	191	198	203	212	210	
Lumber and Products	125	130	129	133	129	135	137	136	142	141	142	147	p148
Lumber Furniture	117 142	123 144	123 142	127 146	121 144	126 152	129 152	127 155	135 157	132 160	131 161	137 167	р138 р166
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	192	190	175	190	192	197	204	200	202	210	+219	219	P218
Glass products Plate glass Glass containers Cement Clay products Gypsum and plaster products Abrasive and asbestos products	136 251 152 150 204	214 130 243 152 148 202 221	193 133 213 127 140 187 222	209 119 240 155 148 194	218 129 249 155 147 187	215 114 251 159 150 215	238 161 265 162 150 212	227 158 250 156 149 212	226 152 251 162 150 215	232 135 265 177 152 r219	245 149 278 182 168 7228	235 154 263 r203 164 232 260	242 159 270 192 P162 P228 P259
Other stone and clay products <sup>1</sup>				232	233	242	235	241	252	263	*271		
Nondurable Manufactures	166	164	161	162	157	164	165	168	173	174	177	176	P175
Textiles and Products	162	161	165	165	145	163	168	169	174	164	172	173	₽172
Textile fabrics. Cotton consumption. Rayon deliveries. Nylon and silk consumption <sup>1</sup>	147 245	149 144 249	153 149 251	154 152 245	133 127 239	152 149 240	156 153 242	157 155 248	163 164 256	152 141 254	7160 161 7262	161 161 260	p158 160 p270
Wool textiles Carpet wool consumption. Apparel wool consumption. Woolen and worsted yarn. Woolen yarn. Worsted yarn. Woosted and worsted cloth.	173 138 229 174 176 171	169 122 224 171 172 169 174	174 134 231 176 180 170 176	174 137 225 175 178 170 178	144 101 192 143 147 138 151	173 137 226 173 178 165 176	181 144 239 180 183 176 184	178 143 230 177 177 176 181	181 161 230 178 178 177 181	180 165 223 175 171 180 181	171 155 214 *166 *160 175 173	177 172 222 169 158 184 179	
Leather and Products	134	131	127	128	103	120	119	117	121	115	116	119	
Leather tanning Cattle hide leathers Calf and kip leathers Goat and kid leathers Sheep and lamb leathers Shees	84 62 148	115 135 84 54 134	104 124 75 49 118	107 128 75 45 128	99 117 66 45 125	101 119 70 49 124	101 114 81 51 134	97 103 78 67 141	110 121 91 70 137	110 122 94 68 130	112 127 96 767 117	118 134 98 81 108	· · · · ·
Manufactured Food Products		142 153	142 145	142 139	106 150	133 147	131 <i>136</i>	130 146	129 156	117 162	118 161	120 157	 p157
Wheat flour.	122	120	145	109	130	131	130	135	145	155	161	157	p157
Cane sugar meltings <sup>1</sup> . Manufactured dairy products. Butter Cheese Canned and dried milk. Ice cream.	p122 59 153 144	120 129 65 173 163 	100 p120 62 166 163	109 129 62 167 174	127 P136 73 168 178	131 <i>p</i> 137 74 169 173 	135 P143 79 168 163 	135 P146 79 164 142	145 P146 77 172 143 	135 147 79 172 148 	162 P148 82 178 147 	138 p149 781 7185 152 	P100  P153 85 198 164 

Preliminary. Revised. <sup>1</sup> Series included in total and group indexes but not available for publication separately.
 <sup>2</sup> This series is currently based upon man-hour statistics for plants classified in the automobile and automobile parts industries and is designed to measure productive activity during the month in connection with assembly of passenger cars, trucks, trailers, and busses; production of bodies, parts, and accessories, including replacement parts; and output of nonautomotive products made in the plants covered.

## INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, BY INDUSTRIES—Continued (Adjusted for Seasonal Variation)

[Index numbers of the Board of Governors. 1935-39 average = 100]

						1946						1947	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Manufactured Food Products—Continued													
Meat packing Pork and lard Beef. Veal. Lamb and mutton	149 132	130 157 101 72 132	120 151 90 68 94	85 97 65 60 126	165 190 145 132 121	138 141 139 134 110	38 24 41 81 93	115 116 107 140 131	163 179 150 160 116	151 151 162 138 105	163 172 164 133 108	159 165 167 121 104	149 143 169 122 101
Other manufactured foods Processed fruits and vegetables Confectionery Other food products	167 163 139 173	164 165 132 169	156 158 136 159	151 162 123 153	153 175 109 154	151 155 107 158	150 143 110 159	154 167 123 156	160 160 135 164	168 170 147 172	165 157 138 171	₽159 137  167	p160 p152  p166
Alcoholic Beverages	176	169	155	161	176	174	227	206	213	234	241	223	208
Malt liquor Whiskey Other distilled spirits. Rectified liquors.	127 100 370 401	117 96 356 409	109 60 352 387	123 61 343 367	128 65 377 426	123 56 426 427	197 71 384 461	179 68 241 460	194 64 191 463	202 158 333 426	183 188 623 408	157 179 695 372	160 151 619 314
Industrial Alcohol from Beverage Plants <sup>1</sup>			]					• • • • •					
Tobacco Products	161	154	163	153	140	155	157	173	169	148	158	168	158
Cigars Cigarettes Other tobacco products		109 205 69	110 219 71	108 200 76	99 181 72	110 202 79	112 205 76	127 226 79	131 216 81	109 192 72	112 208 69	110 228 67	98 216 66
Paper and Paper Products.	148	146	142	146	136	147	150	152	153	150	156	157	159
Paper and pulp Pulp. Groundwood pulp. Soda pulp. Sulphate pulp. Paper. Paper. Paperboard. Fine paper. Printing paper. Tissue and absorbent paper. Wrapping paper. Newsprint.	156 98 111 239 132 141 165 82 144 149 138	141 155 96 112 235 131 139 166 85 144 143 126 86	138 150 92 100 223 133 136 160 84 141 143 128 83	142 161 99 107 250 137 139 164 85 143 142 132 83	131 147 96 101 229 122 129 155 72 127 138 124 84	142 156 98 110 238 132 140 169 85 134 151 135 83	144 162 101 111 249 136 142 172 85 138 152 133 87	146 163 106 108 244 141 142 172 89 144 155 135 85	147 162 96 109 248 139 145 175 90 142 156 136 84	146 159 98 109 236 139 144 168 86 155 152 134 87	150 166 99 252 145 147 179 83 153 148 137 87	151 171 100 109 260 150 148 181 83 155 142 137 89	153  151 180 88 160 151 151 139 89
Paperboard containers (same as Paperboard)							·····						
Printing and Publishing	127	126	124	129	124	129	128	132	130	138	138	140	142
Newsprint consumption Printing paper (same as shown under Paper)	110	108	108	116	121	123	117 	119 	118	120	122	125	124
Petroleum and Coal Products	P171	P166	p165	P174	₽178	P182	P181	P179	p177	P178	p180	P185	
Petroleum refining <sup>2</sup>	145	133 172 135 161  113 116	138 168 132 167  73 75	140 170 146 175  137 133	144 166 135 172 160 155	149 164 152 162 165 159	146 165 153 155 166 161	145 160 159 163 167 160	148 161 147 150 152 148	148 167 154 162 143 139	142 166 160 175 171 163	143 170 162 185 172 165	P138
Beehive coke	337	18	16	276	336	369	352	406	272	278	410	413	P409
Chemical Products	382	235 150 121 260 392	231 143 121 261 383	233 146 122 256 389	235 150 120 255 396	237 153 117 262 395	235 149 114 267 395	238 148 111 271 402	243 150 115 279 411	249 152 128 281 422	r253 154 131 288 r429	253 156 136 290 429 	p252 p156 p136 p289 p429
Rubber Products	221	219	215	218	211	221	234	234	243	252	247	246	₽244
Minerals—Total	137	104	115	139	146	144	146	145	136	137	146	146	₽ <b>14</b> 7
Fuels.	145	108	124	149	153	150	151	150	140	141	151	150	P152
Coal. Bituminous coal. Anthracite. Crude petroleum.	159 168 125 138	32 10 121 146	73 60 125 149	142 156 86 153	153 159 128 154	149 150 120 151	155 163 125 149	152 160 124 149	118 116 123 150	128 130 121 147	162 173 118 146	151 162 107 150	p153 p163 p113 p151
Metals	89	76	63	78	103	107	111	111	117	111	117	P122	P117
Metals other than gold and silver. Iron ore		111  32 9	89  32 13	114  32 21	147  44 35	148  50 49	153  52 58	157  44 60	169  44 58	153  53 55	158  59 64	<sup>p</sup> 166	

Preliminary.
 Revised.
 <sup>1</sup> Series included in total and group indexes but not available for publication separately.
 <sup>2</sup> This series is in process of revision.
 Note.—For description and back figures see BULLETIN for October 1943, pp. 940-984, September 1941, pp. 878-881 and 933-937, and August 1940, pp. 753-771 and 825-882.

## INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, BY INDUSTRIES

(Without.Seasonal Adjustment)

[Index numbers of the Board of Governors. 1935-39 average = 100]

	1					1946						1947	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	1	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	1
				June — —	<u>juiy</u>	Aug.		<u> </u>	1000.		Jan.		Mar
Industrial Production—Total	164	163	159	171	174	180	184	184	183	180	185	185	₽186
Manufactures-Total	170	174	167	176	178	186	<sup>,</sup> 191	191	192	188	192	193	₽ <b>194</b>
Durable Manufactures	181	190	175	194	203	210	214	215	214	209	218	219	P221
Iron and Steel	169	159	109	154	180	184	185	184	178	159	192	7191	194
Pig iron Steel Open hearth Electric	168 176 161 286	142 175 148 363	86 126 98 319	144 167 142 343	178 190 169 343	186 196 170 381	184 196 172 366	183 195 171 369	174 193 163 404	152 174 145 381	193 206 177 413	191 7207 174 7446	194 207 179 412
Machinery	207	225	230	241	243	254	261	268	271	276	276	276	₽278
Manufacturing Arsenals and Depots 1			<b>.</b>			. <b></b> .	••••		. <b></b>				
Transportation Equipment	209	245	239	238	241	242	240	237	235	235	229	233	₽234
Automobiles <sup>2</sup> (Aircraft; Railroad cars; Locomotives; Shipbuilding— Private and Government) <sup>1</sup>	114	161 	162 	167 	176	182	188	185	187	187 	181 <b></b> .	19 <b>0</b>	₽191 
Nonferrous Metals and Products	139	132	128	137	150	159	172	184	192	197	203	203	₽200
Smelting and refining (Copper smelting; Lead refining; Zinc smelting; Aluminum; Magnesium; Tin) <sup>1</sup>	121	108	105	110	139	150	161	167	176	182	183	188	<i>р</i> 191
Fabricating (Copper products; Lead shipments; Zinc shipments; Aluminum products; Magnesium products; Tin consumption) <sup>1</sup>	147	141 	138	147 •		163 	176	191	*198 	203	212 	210	· · · · ·
Lumber and Products	120	129	131	141	137	144	147	142	139	129	126	135	₽ <i>14</i> 0
Lumber Furniture	108 142	122 144	126 142	138 146	133 144	140 152	144 152	136 155	131 157	114 160	107 161		<sup>p</sup> 126 <sup>p</sup> 166
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	184	187	180	191	193	204	212	209	207	'203	208	205	₽209
Glass products. Plate glass. Glass containers. Cement. Clay products. Gypsum and plaster products. Abrasive and ashestos products. Other stone and clay products <sup>1</sup> .	197 217	214 130 243 145 144 198 221	204 133 228 134 140 190 222	207 119 237 166 147 198 232	211 129 239 171 147 187 233	223 114 261 179 154 215 242	242 161 270 188 155 216 235	232 158 258 181 158 218 241	228 152 254 175 155 219 252	218 135 247 161 158 *224 263	241 149 273 148 156 7218 7271	229 154 255 *154 155 221 260	242 159 270 157 P155 P219 P259
Nondurable Manufacture	162	161	160	162	159	166	172	172	174	172	172	171	₽ <b>17</b> 1
Textiles and Products	162	161	165	165	145	163	168	169	174	164	172	173	₽172
Textile fabrics. Cotton consumption. Rayon deliveries. Nylon and silk consumption <sup>1</sup>	147 245	149 144 249	153 149 251	154 152 245	133 127 239	152 149 240	156 153 242	157 155 248	163 164 256	152 141 254	*160 161 *262	161 161 260	р158 160 р270
Wool textiles.         Carpet wool consumption.         Apparel wool consumption.         Woolen and worsted yarn.         Woolen yarn.         Woosted yarn.         Woolen and worsted cloth.	173 138 229 174 176 171 173	169 122 224 171 172 169 174	174 134 231 176 180 170 176	174 137 225 175 178 170 178	144 101 192 143 147 138 151	173 137 226 173 178 165 176	181 144 239 180 183 176 184	178 143 230 177 177 176 181	181 161 230 178 178 177 181	180 165 223 175 171 180 181	171 155 214 166 160 175 173	177 172 222 169 158 184 179	
Leather and Products	134	131	127	127	101	119	118	117	123	114	116	123	
Leather tanning Cattle hide leathers Calf and kip leathers Goat and kid leathers. Sheep and lamb leathers. Shoes.	119 140 82 62 144 144	114 135 81 56 131 142	105 124 72 48 127 142	104 123 77 46 127 142	94 110 66 45 116 106	100 115 73 47 127 133	99 111 80 51 131 131	98 104 -80 67 141 130	114 126 94 68 145 129	110 122 92 68 124 117	113 7130 95 767 109 118	127 145 102 84 119 120	
Manufactured Food Products	139	139	137	137	161	164	164	158	158	157	149	140	₽140
Wheat flour Cane sugar meltings <sup>1</sup> Manufactured dairy products Butter Cheese Canned and dricd milk. Ice Cream	119 <sup>p</sup> 101 54 138 141	116 <sup>p</sup> 134 66 180 184	96 160 80 222 227 	104 <sup>p</sup> 189 86 237 240	125 *197 89 207 207	130 <sup>p</sup> 175 81 189 179	147 P151 76 171 150	143 <i>p</i> 120 68 148 115 	146  59 129 103 	153 p95 62 124 114	162 162 168 132 119	160 +107 71 151 137 	p163 p127 p127 77 178 161 

Preliminary. r Revised.
 <sup>1</sup> Series included in total and group indexes but not available for publication separately.
 <sup>2</sup> This series is currently based upon man-hour statistics for plants classified in the automobile and automobile parts industries and is designed to measure productive activity during the month in connection with assembly of passenger cars. trucks, trailers, and busses; production of bodies, parts, and accessories, including replacement parts; and output of nonautomotive products made in the plants covered.

## INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, BY INDUSTRIES—Continued

## (Without Seasonal Adjustment)

[Index numbers of the Board of Governors. 1935-39 average = 100]

[Index numbers of the B					1946	erage		, 				1947	····
Industry						1				1		1	1.26
	Mar.	Apr.	May — —	June ——	Juiy	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb	Ma:
Manufactured Food Products—Continued		l								l			
Meat packing Pork and lard Beef. Veal. Lamb and mutton	75	120 143 95 71 128	120 151 90 70 96	84 97 63 60 117	154 167 147 132 116	122 108 141 132 107	37 19 44 89 100	117 109 117 160 136	181 210 156 172 116	175 199 162 130 103	191 225 168 124 115	152 162 153 106 105	138 133 154 115 99
Other manufactured foods Processed fruits and vegetables Confectionery Other food products	148 89 129 166	145 101 110 162	140 103 104 156	141 125 91 154	162 228 89 157	173 255 115 161	188 315 142 163	173 216 161 164	166 147 159 172	164 132 149 175	150 102 142 165	P143 86	P142 P84
Alcoholic Beverages		164	157	174	187	174	237	221	196	210	206	195	187
Malt liquor. Whiskey. Other distilled spirits. Rectified liquors.		123 96 214 409	124 60 211 387	154 61 213 367	160 65 219 426	141 56 230 427	199 71 526 461	166 68 624 460	149 64 401 463	161 158 366 426	150 188 405 408	142 179 417 372	149 151 403 314
Industrial Alcohol from Beverage Plants 1					<b>.</b> .								
Tobacco Products	152	147	164	159	145	161	166	179	172	138	157	160	149
Cigars. Cigarettes. Other tobacco products.	110 202 65	109 190 69	110 219 71	108 210 77	99 190 72	110 212 77	112 219 81	127 235 85	131 221 83	109 177 63	112 208 68	110 215 65	98 201 60
Faper and Paper Products	148	146	142	147	136	147	150	152	153	150	156	157	159
Paper and pulp. Pulp. Groundwood pulp. Soda pulp. Sulphate pulp. Paper. Paper. Paperboard. Fine paper. Printing paper. Tissue and absorbent paper. Wrapping paper.	143 157 105 111 239 132 141 165 82 144 149 138	141 156 106 112 235 131 139 166 85 144 144 126	138 151 100 223 133 136 160 84 141 143 128	$\begin{array}{c} 142 \\ 162 \\ 100 \\ 107 \\ 250 \\ 137 \\ 139 \\ 164 \\ 85 \\ 143 \\ 145 \\ 132 \end{array}$	131 146 86 101 229 122 128 155 72 127 133 124	142 154 86 110 238 132 140 169 85 134 151 135	144 160 90 111 249 136 142 172 85 138 152 133	146 162 98 108 244 141 144 172 89 144 156 135	147 162 101 109 248 139 145 175 90 142 156 136	146 159 99 109 236 139 144 168 86 155 147 134	150 167 103 109 252 145 147 179 83 153 147 137	151 171 104 109 260 150 148 181 83 155 147 137	153  151 180 88 160 151 139
Newsprint Paperboard containers (same as Paperboard)	86	88	83	84	82	82	87	85	85	85	87	89	89
Printing and Publishing	129	129	126	129	115	123	128	135	135	141	133	138	14
Newsprint consumption Printing paper (same as shown under Paper)	114	114	112	115	104	111	119	125	129	126	114	122	12
Petroleum and Coal Products	P171	P166	P163	P174	₽178	F182	₽181	F179	F177	P178	P180	P185	
Petroleum refining <sup>2</sup> Gasoline Fuel oil Lubricating oil Kerosene. Other petroleum products <sup>1</sup>	130 172 139 187	133 172 141 165	138 168 137 169	140 170 146 164	144 166 133 160	149 164 151 155	146 165 153 154	145 160 159 163	148 161 147 155	148 167 152 167	142 *166 155 179	143 170 160 194	₽139
Coke	151 145 337	113 116 18	73 75 16	137 133 276	160 155 336	165 159 369	166 161 352	167 160 406	152 148 272	143 139 278	171 163 410	172 165 413	 P40
Chemical Products	234	237	231	231	232	233	235	240	244	250	252	254	P25.
Paints. Soap. Rayon. Industrial chemicals. Explosives and ammunition <sup>1</sup> . Other chemical products <sup>1</sup> .	148 122 256 382	151 119 260 392	147 117 261 383	150 119 256 389	149 119 255 396	151 119 262 395	148 119 267 395	148 116 271 402	149 116 279 411	152 128 281 422	151 r128 288 r429	154 134 290 429	P156 P136 P289 P429
Rubber Products		219	215	218	211	221	234	234	243	252	247	246	P244
Minerals—Total	130	99	115	141	150	147	149	147	135	132	r141	141	P142
Fuels	145	108	124	149	153	150	151	150	140	141	151	150	P152
Coal. Bituminous coal Anthracite . Crude petroleum	159 168 125 138	32 10 121 146	73 60 125 149	142 156 86 153	153 159 128 154	149 156 120 151	155 163 125 149	152 160 124 149	118 116 123 150	128 130 121 147	162 173 118 146	151 162 107 150	p153 p163 p113 p151
Metals	44	46	62	95	126	132	136	126	105	76	80	P83	P82
Metals other than gold and silver Iron ore	28	61 58	89 116	143 233	188 295	189 282	192 282	180 252	144 174	92 58	97 69	<sup>p</sup> 104 73	72
Gold		28 9	28 13	30 20	44 35	55 48	60 59	51 59	49 58	54 55	56 65		· · · · ·   · · · · ·

Preliminary.
 Revised.
 Series included in total and group indexes but not available for publication separately.
 Nore.—For description and back figures, see BULLETIN for October 1943, pp. 940–984, September 1941, pp. 878–881 and 933–937, and August
1940, pp. 753–771 and 825–882.

## FACTORY EMPLOYMENT AND PAY ROLLS, BY INDUSTRIES

## (Without Seasonal Adjustment)

[Index numbers of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1939=100]

								F						
			Factor	ry empl	oyment					Fact	ory pay	rolls		
Industry group or industry		19	946			1947				1946			19	47
	Feb.	Mar.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
Total Durable goods Nondurable goods	r123.9 r125.2 r122.8	r141.7	*176.7 *132.5	*152.8 *177.0 *133.6	*178.0	7180.1	180.6	7234.1 7249.9 7218.7	7204.2		*331.1		7339.8	
Iron and Steel and Products Blast furnaces, steel works, etc Steel castings Tin cans and other tinware Hardware Stoves and heating equipment Steam, hot-water heating appa-	<i>r88.4</i> 44 87 91 108 95	<i>r132.4</i> 117 129 105 112 103	124 170 130 139 134	120 171 131 139 132	124 168 131 140 136	124 165 130 143 137	158.2	<i>r223.7</i> 173 264 208 203 197	<i>r132.6</i> 48 149 149 196 159	<i>r225.1</i> 189 213 178 209 182	*280.8 209 316 233 282 265	r276.2 194 315 245 286 265	*287.9 209 303 243 289 277	7287.8 209 293 239 298 274
ratus. Stamped and enameled ware Structural and ornamental metal work.	114 106 91	121 119 129	170 151 160	168 152 161	174 153 162	173 155 163	· · · · · · · ·	239 228 194	204 192 134	218 219 211	328 303 275	313 321 293	331 318 288	332 318 294
Electrical Machinery Electrical equipment Radios and phonographs	<i>*136.1</i> 93 149	7146.6 103 157	7227.6 172 210	7230.6 174 215	<i>*230.6</i> 175 213	7232.0 176 213	230.9	*313.5 259 272	<i>*214.2</i> 139 272	<i>*232.3</i> 155 286	7416.0 308 427	<i>*430.2</i> 317 448	<i>*424.6</i> 317 423	<i>*422.1</i> 314 418
Machinery except Electrical. Machinery and machine-shop products. Tractors. Agricultural, excluding tractors Machine tools. Machine-tool accessories. Pumps. Refrigerators.	<i>r163.0</i> 146 133 81 107 160 181 196 125	r172.3 155 135 129 109 156 182 202 125	<i>r217.7</i> 187 245 172 156 165 206 241 183	<i>r219.6</i> 188 245 174 161 165 205 243 186	<i>r221.0</i> 188 244 175 164 163 204 243 194	<i>r223.0</i> 190 244 176 167 161 199 245 191	224.8	*308.5 273 371 249 234 262 284 395 164	<i>r264.0</i> 239 231 105 166 258 279 350 168	<i>r287.3</i> 258 231 199 170 257 291 359 200	<i>r390.1</i> 337 492 270 281 286 343 451 302	<i>r399.9</i> 347 501 271 291 291 351 468 306	*405.4 349 492 273 296 283 343 467 346	<i>r408</i> 349 493 274 310 279 333 485 325
Transportation Equipment, except Autos. Aircraft, except aircraft engines Aircraft engines Shipbuilding and boatbuilding	<i>*305 . 1</i> 296 239 329	<i>*299.9</i> 294 252 316	7292.4 369 330 193	r298.2 365 326 206	*298.2 365 335 205	<i>*298.4</i> 360 325 204	299.4 	514 357 603	r509.4 521 369 530	*525.5 524 384 549	<i>r531.1</i> 680 484 337	<i>r571.2</i> 683 534 399	*564.1 675 542 394	r559 674 513 376
Automobiles	r106.8			*192.3		*196.5		r159.1	<i>₹147.6</i>	r173.0		r328.9	r321.1	r337.
Nonferrous Metals and Products Primary smelting and refining Alloying and rolling, except alum- inum	<i>*128.2</i> 118 107	<i>*141.4</i> 105 113	<i>*184.0</i> 142 160	*185.8 145 162	<i>r186.9</i> 146 162	<i>*188.9</i> 150 164	187.9	7262.5 216 254	*226.9 204 192	<sup>7</sup> 252.1 182 200	*345.3 257 290	r356.3 271 302	<i>⁺354.8</i> 270 301	7361.0 282 308
Aluminum manufactures Lumber and Timber Basic Products Sawmills and logging camps	111 <i>*116.0</i> 70 91	72	216 <i>*142.4</i> 82	80	218 *140.8 79	216 <i>*142.2</i> 80	 143.5	118	182 <i>*205.6</i> 123	299 <i>*219.1</i> 132	374 <i>*284.7</i> 164	385 7290.6 164	384 <i>r292.2</i> 163	377 <i>*310.</i> 176
Planing and plywood mills Furniture and Lumber Products Furniture		91 <i>*114.6</i> 97	106 <i>*127.7</i> 106	105 *129.6 108	106 <i>*131.8</i> 109	106 <i>*134.6</i> 111	134.3	149 <i>*201.1</i> 169	161 *208.9 177	165 <i>*217.9</i> 184	205 1268.5 223	215 <i>*279.1</i> 231	216 <i>*282.1</i> 235	218 <i>*292</i> . 243
Stone, Clay and Glass Products Glass and glassware Cement Brick, tile, and terra cotta Pottery and related products	<i>*124.7</i> 142 94 93 130	<i>*128.3</i> 146 99 96 132	<i>r143.9</i> 149 121 110 147	<i>r144.4</i> 149 122 110 149	<i>r144.9</i> 149 122 111 150	<i>*144.5</i> 146 121 111 152	144.2	<i>*190.4</i> 192 135 155 196	<i>r210.0</i> 237 142 158 210	<i>r223.1</i> 247 155 169 217	*274.8 277 207 222 263	r281.6 283 209 225 274	r280.0 283 198 227 270	7278. 271 201 227 279
Textile-Mill and Fiber Products Cotton goods except small wares Silk and rayon goods Woolen and worsted manufactures. Hosiery Dyeing and finishing textiles	<i>*100.6</i> 110 74 103 69 93	<i>r102.2</i> 112 75 106 70 94	<i>*107.6</i> 118 79 109 74 97	<i>*108.6</i> 118 80 110 75 97	*108.6 119 80 109 75 99	<i>*109.1</i> 119 80 109 76 99	108.3	<i>r189.6</i> 217 149 207 116 168	<i>*202.5</i> 230 158 227 125 178	<i>r211.4</i> 242 164 234 129 181	<i>r246.0</i> 294 191 243 155 202	<i>r253.7</i> 301 198 253 158 210	<i>r254.3</i> 304 201 252 156 215	*262. 309 207 275 158 217
Apparel and Other Finished Textiles Men's clothing, n.e.c. Shirts, collars, and nightwear Women's clothing, n.e.c. Millinery.	<i>*123.7</i> 85 73 79 86	*126.4 87 74 80 88	<i>†134.6</i> 93 81 77 68	7136.6 94 82 78 73	<i>r138.1</i> 94 82 79 78	<i>r141</i> .7 95 - 85 82 84	142.0	<i>r224.2</i> 148 136 149 147	<i>r236.1</i> 158 148 153 153	<i>r259.1</i> 170 153 173 170	<i>r283.2</i> 207 188 154 100	<i>r292.7</i> 211 198 159 117	<i>r302.4</i> 209 193 172 140	<i>*315</i> . 210 199 183 166
Leather and Leather Products Leather Boots and shoes	<i>r101.1</i> 95 86	<i>*103.1</i> 93 88	<i>*102.9</i> 87 88	7 <i>104.4</i> 91 89	7106.0 92 92	7106.5 92 92	106.2	<i>r186.5</i> 163 164	<i>*195.9</i> 165 174	<i>*203.6</i> 164 183	<i>*201.6</i> 161 178	<i>r218.3</i> 175 195	<i>*220.6</i> 179 198	<i>*222</i> . 186 199
Bood and Kindred Products           Slaughtering and meat packing.           Flour.           Baking.           Confectionery.           Malt liquors.           Canning and preserving.	<i>r124 1</i> 126 127 110 103 154 67	<i>r122.8</i> 122 122 110 106 143 63	<i>r133.5</i> 115 125 108 115 148 98	<i>r133.3</i> 125 124 110 118 149 86	<i>r128.4</i> 128 123 108 114 146 70	<i>124.2</i> 124 124 106 114 145 61	123.5	<i>r218.3</i> 218 228 180 191 228 144	<i>r214.7</i> 199 242 181 183 238 137	<i>r209.7</i> 191 214 183 186 200 132	r252.0 216 256 199 227 237 213	<i>r263.3</i> 237 268 209 241 252 201	<i>r256.4</i> 268 201 226 236 158	*243.4 238 262 195 230 234 138
Fobacco Manufactures Cigarettes Cigars	787.3 116 72	*87.9 117 73	797.6 126 83	798.3 126 84	796.1 124 82	r95.4 122 83	91.9 	r166.7 201 146	7 <i>165.2</i> 194 149	<i>*171.3</i> 202 156	*212.7 247 194	*222.0 255 207	<i>*209.4</i> 242 195	*201. 234 186
Paper and Allied Products Paper and pulp Paper goods, n.e.c Paper boxes	121	<i>r134.4</i> 118 123 121	r144.3 124 128 133	<i>*145.7</i> 125 127 134	*145.6 125 126 132	7145.9 126 127 131	145.8	<i>r224.3</i> 198 202 204	<i>*228.0</i> 204 205 204	<i>r235.4</i> 208 212 213	r276.6 240 240 255	r284.5 245 249 262	<i>*284.3</i> 246 246 258	r287. 251 247 257

r Revised. NOTE.—Revised indexes shown here for major groups and totals were released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics in April 1947. These indexes have been adjusted to final 1945 data made available by the Bureau of Employment Security of the Federal Security Agency. Back data and data for industries not here shown are obtainable from the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Underlying figures are for pay roll period ending nearest middle of month and cover production workers only. Figures for March 1947 are preliminary.

#### FACTORY EMPLOYMENT AND PAY ROLLS, BY INDUSTRIES—Continued (Without Seasonal Adjustment) [Index numbers of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1939=100]

	Factory employment						Fact	ory pay	rolls					
Industry group or industry		1946 1947					1946			19	47			
	Feb.	Mar.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
Printing and Publishing Newspaper periodicals Book and job	<i>116.2</i> 105 121	*117.7 107 122	*126.6 114 131	<i>*127.9</i> 115 132	<i>r127.2</i> 114 132	<i>*128.1</i> 116 131	129.0	<i>*172.2</i> 144 189	<i>*1</i> 77.4 149 194	r183.8 154 200	7214.0 182 228	7223.9 190 239	<sup>r</sup> 219.6 185 235	7221.7 191 234
Chemicals and Allied Products Drugs, medicines, and insecticides. Rayon and allied products Chemicals, n.e.c Explosives and safety fuses Ammunition, small arms Cottonseed oil. Fertilizers	<i>r185.8</i> 186 124 165 212 198 101 152	<i>r187.3</i> 186 124 166 200 194 92 168	<i>r190.9</i> 195 122 173 175 160 135 118	<i>*192.5</i> 196 121 177 177 156 124 123	<i>r195.6</i> 199 122 179 185 156 114 137	<i>r197.0</i> 198 122 179 188 155 108 149	196.5	<i>r310.7</i> 281 197 273 361 428 253 283	<i>r310.7</i> 297 197 273 325 384 215 336	<i>r317.0</i> 301 200 276 310 377 198 387	r345.0 342 215 301 283 332 341 277	r357.0 351 216 313 299 327 327 305	*362.9 355 220 321 320 332 295 328	<i>r 372.5</i> 365 236 324 308 334 281 361
Products of Petroleum and Coal Petroleum refining Coke and by-products		*140.4 133 115	*146.6 136 118	<i>*146.1</i> 136 115	<i>*145.3</i> 135 118	r146.0 135 120	144.6	<sup>7</sup> 226.7 211 192	7227.1 217 162	*237.2 218 210	7252.6 227 216	r250.9 230 197	*253.9 228 221	*256.8 229 229
Rubber Products Rubber tires and inner tubes Rubber goods, other	187	<i>*178.7</i> 192 132	<i>*198.8</i> 207 147	<i>*200.1</i> 206 149	7 <i>198.8</i> 204 148	<i>*198.2</i> 201 148	196.2	r286.0 273 232	*287.7 272 234	<i>*298.2</i> 281 242	<i>r3</i> 77.4 360 292	<i>r392.2</i> 369 309	<i>r386.3</i> 361 303	<i>r386.0</i> 358 305
Miscellaneous Industries Instruments, scientific Photographic apparatus	*156.8 201 130	<i>161.9</i> 205 136	*182.0 176 147	<i>r183.2</i> 184 147	<i>*179.2</i> 182 147	<i>*180.8</i> 182 146	181.1	r273.6 330 199	r280.6 322 205	r295.7 346 215	r354.0 311 253	*363.3 335 253	r356.6 330 254	r359.8 326 250

For footnotes see p. 584.

### FACTORY EMPLOYMENT

(Adjusted for Seasonal Variation) [Index numbers of the Board of Governors, 1939=100]

				amotro										
Grout	p and year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual
Total.	. 1945 1946 1947	168.8 133.2 153.4	169.3 124.4 154.5	168.3 132.6		163.6 140.7	$\begin{array}{r}160.3\\142.2\end{array}$	155.0 143.0	150.4 146.3	130.1 148.6	129.5 149.1	130.1 151.5	130.6 152.4	151.8 142.0
Durable	.1945 1946	227.4 148.4	228.2 125.8	<sup>p</sup> 154.4 226.2 142.2		216.7 159.2	209.8 162.3	201.1 165.2	192.7 169.7	148.2 172.7	146.2 173.8	146.9 176.4	145.1 177.1	192.5 160.8
Nondurable.	1947 .1945 1946 1947	178.6 122.6 121.2 133.6	122.9 123.4	p 181.2 122.6 125.1 p 133.4	122.1 126.1	121.8 126.2	121.2 126.3		117.2 127.8	115.8 129.6	129.7	116.9 131.8	119.2 133.0	

<sup>p</sup> Preliminary. NOTE.—Revised indexes based on new Bureau of Labor Statistics data released in April 1947. Back figures from January 1939 may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics.

## HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS, IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

[Compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics]

		Averag	ge hour	s worl	ked pe	r week		Av	verage h	ourly e	arnings	(cents p	per hou	r)
Industry group			1946			19	47			1946	·		19	47
	Jan.	Feb.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Jan.	Feb.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
All manufacturing	41.0	40.5	40.5	40.2	40.9	40.6	40.4	100.4	100.2	113.0	113.9	114.8	116.1	117.0
Durable goods.	40.8	40.0	40.7	40.2	40.8	40.5	40.4	107.0	106.4	120.2	121.0	121.6	122.5	122.9
Iron and Steel Products. Electrical Machinery. Machinery Except Electrical. Transportation Equipment Except Autos. Automobiles. Nonferrous Metals and Products. Lumber and Timber Basic Products. Furniture and Finished Lumber Products. Stone, Clay, and Glass Products.	40.0 37.5 43.3	40.3 41.4 39.0 34.5 43.2 40.1 42.3	40.7 41.5 40.0 38.8 40.9 41.9 42.2	$\begin{array}{r} 40.6\\ 40.9\\ 38.4\\ 38.6\\ 40.9\\ 40.6\\ 41.7\end{array}$	41.4 40.6 39.4 41.7 41.7 42.2	40.5 41.4 40.2 38.9 41.1 40.7 41.8	39.9 41.2 39.6 38.8 41.1 42.1 42.0	123.1 123.0 106.6 83.0	102.9 114.7 123.4 124.8 109.1 83.6 87.1	118.6 126.6 135.9 137.6 119.5 93.6 99.0	127.3 136.4 139.4 120.4 93.1 99.9	119.5 127.7 136.2 139.5	120.0 128.3 135.5 139.1 121.9 96.3	120.3 129.0 136.3 140.1 122.3 97.9 102.0
Nondurable goods	41.2	40.9	40.2	40.3	41.1	40.6	40.4	94.1	95.3	105.6	106.5	107.7	109.3	110.6
Textiles—Mill and Fiber Products Apparel and Other Finished Products Food and Kindred Products. Tobacco Manufactures. Paper and Allied Products. Printing, Publishing and Allied Industries. Chemicals and Allied Products. Products of Petroleum and Coal. Rubber Products. Miscellaneous Industries.	36.7 39.9 44.9 39.3 44.3 41.1 42.0 41.7 41.7	36.5 40.4 44.3 38.5 43.9 40.8 41.7 41.6 40.8	36.8 37.5 42.4 40.3 43.4 41.0 41.3 40.4 39.4	36.6 37.1 42.9 39.7 43.3 41.0 41.3 40.3 40.0	$\begin{array}{r} 37.0\\39.1\\44.4\\40.2\\43.7\\41.5\\41.6\\40.0\\41.1\end{array}$	36.7 39.2 43.6 39.2 43.2 43.2 41.0 41.4 40.2	37.0 39.4 42.7 37.8 43.2 40.2 41.4 40.1 40.6	90.4 92.1 82.4 92.8 120.0 101.5 124.9 112.1	112.9	99.7 98.7 103.5 90.5 105.0 132.5 110.2 134.7 131.3	99.8 100.4 104.6 92.4 106.4 134.3 111.2 135.1 132.2	100.6 101.8 105.8 94.7 107.1 137.4 113.3 136.2 133.1	102.5 108.4 93.8 108.5 137.9 114.3 137.2 133.3	104.9 102.3 108.7 93.7 109.6 141.3 116.3 138.1 133.6

NOTE.—Preliminary March 1947 figures for average weekly hours and hourly earnings are: All Manufacturing, 40.3 and 117.9; Durable, 40.4 and 123.6; Nondurable, 40.1 and 111.7, respectively. Back figures are available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

## ESTIMATED EMPLOYMENT IN NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS, BY INDUSTRY DIVISION

			[Thousands	of persons]				
Year and month	Total	Manufac- turing	Mining	Contract construction	Transporta- tion and public utilities	Trade	Finance, service, and miscel- laneous	Federal, State, and local government*
1939.         1940.         1941.         1942.         1943.         1943.         1944.         1945.         1946.	30,287 32,031 36,164 39,697 42,042 41,480 39,977 40,712	10,078 10,780 12,974 15,051 17,381 17,111 15,302 14,365	845 916 983 917 883 826 836	1,150 1,294 1,790 2,170 1,567 1,094 1,082 1,493	2,912 3,013 3,248 3,433 3,619 3,798 3,872 4,023	6,705 7,055 7,567 7,481 7,322 7,399 7,654 8,448	4,610 4,781 5,016 5,148 5,187 5,169 5,274 5,954	3,987 4,192 4,622 5,431 6,049 6,026 5,967 5,595
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED 1943—January February March April May June July August September October November December	$\begin{array}{c} 41,508\\ 41,801\\ 42,079\\ 42,155\\ 42,151\\ 42,318\\ 42,291\\ 42,160\\ 41,992\\ 42,057\\ 42,157\\ 41,972 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 16,634\\ 16,880\\ 17,093\\ 17,200\\ 17,288\\ 17,493\\ 17,608\\ 17,608\\ 17,608\\ 17,696\\ 17,812\\ 17,687\\ \end{array}$	934 935 931 922 908 915 915 915 912 910 901 907	$\begin{array}{c} 2,016\\ 1,956\\ 1,877\\ 1,777\\ 1,677\\ 1,575\\ 1,491\\ 1,491\\ 1,369\\ 1,279\\ 1,247\\ 1,233\end{array}$	3,540 3,556 3,574 3,588 3,597 3,620 3,634 3,633 3,671 3,683 3,687	7,281 7,300 7,351 7,344 7,306 7,326 7,335 7,315 7,315 7,315 7,315 7,355 7,316	5,178 5,176 5,168 5,179 5,203 5,206 5,172 5,183 5,211 5,185 5,186 5,201	5,925 5,998 6,085 6,145 6,162 6,183 6,136 6,079 5,981 5,991 5,973 5,941
1944—January February April June July September October November December	$\begin{array}{c} 42,008\\ 41,999\\ 41,896\\ 41,652\\ 41,571\\ 41,545\\ 41,391\\ 41,327\\ 41,181\\ 41,036\\ 41,014\\ 41,171 \end{array}$	$17,643\\17,637\\17,503\\17,314\\17,219\\17,140\\17,037\\16,952\\16,809\\16,714\\16,661\\16,712\\$	900 901 896 892 890 895 885 886 878 866 878 865 859 852	$\begin{array}{c} 1,224\\ 1,174\\ 1,129\\ 1,097\\ 1,098\\ 1,092\\ 1,088\\ 1,081\\ 1,061\\ 1,040\\ 1,036\\ 1,031\\ \end{array}$	3,720 3,741 3,775 3,799 3,809 3,815 3,810 3,810 3,827 3,820 3,819 3,835	7,309 7,347 7,412 7,370 7,361 7,374 7,391 7,406 7,422 7,441 7,462 7,486	5,197 5,194 5,170 5,170 5,170 5,147 5,147 5,157 5,145 5,145 5,145	$\begin{array}{c} 6,015\\ 6,005\\ 5,999\\ 6,010\\ 6,015\\ 6,036\\ 6,040\\ 6,035\\ 6,006\\ 6,010\\ 6,032\\ 6,104 \end{array}$
1945—January February April. May. June. July. August. September. October. November. December.	41,260 41,377 41,325 41,131 40,832 40,652 40,261 39,917 38,108 37,990 38,321 38,474	$\begin{array}{c} 16,808\\ 16,856\\ 16,783\\ 16,607\\ 16,405\\ 16,087\\ 15,641\\ 15,217\\ 13,341\\ 13,267\\ 13,334\\ 13,297 \end{array}$	848 845 844 806 769 843 832 832 833 762 843 855	$\begin{array}{c} 1,044\\ 1,049\\ 1,048\\ 1,051\\ 1,049\\ 1,060\\ 1,072\\ 1,093\\ 1,093\\ 1,109\\ 1,148\\ 1,166\end{array}$	3,838 3,849 3,858 3,862 3,858 3,867 3,869 3,864 3,864 3,864 3,861 3,861 3,912 3,952	7,487 7,536 7,558 7,577 7,545 7,551 7,587 7,635 7,733 7,793 7,882 7,936	5,159 5,158 5,137 5,136 5,140 5,197 5,238 5,238 5,270 5,437 5,534 5,631	$\begin{array}{c} 6.076\\ 6.084\\ 6.097\\ 6.092\\ 6.066\\ 6.075\\ 6.063\\ 6.038\\ 5.962\\ 5.761\\ 5.668\\ 5.668\\ 5.637\end{array}$
1946—January February April June July September November December	$\begin{array}{c} 39,057\\ 38,523\\ 39,525\\ 40,105\\ 40,443\\ 40,751\\ 40,856\\ 41,361\\ 41,698\\ 41,823\\ 42,108\\ 42,176 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 13,547\\ 12,797\\ 13,482\\ 14,124\\ 14,274\\ 14,400\\ 14,475\\ 14,745\\ 14,745\\ 15,019\\ 15,233\\ 15,310\\ \end{array}$	864 864 857 753 864 873 886 884 883 883 883 883 883	$\begin{array}{c} 1,192\\ 1,210\\ 1,280\\ 1,384\\ 1,424\\ 1,473\\ 1,535\\ 1,601\\ 1,648\\ 1,670\\ 1,679\\ 1,731\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,992\\ 3,983\\ 4,003\\ 4,011\\ 3,946\\ 3,956\\ 3,991\\ 4,042\\ 4,064\\ 4,093\\ 4,101\\ 4,091 \end{array}$	8,096 8,213 8,364 8,371 8,386 8,426 8,464 8,573 8,609 8,581 8,639 8,630	5,696 5,776 5,984 5,965 5,961 5,975 5,984 5,990 6,054 6,098 6,119	5,670 5,689 5,689 5,689 5,671 5,543 5,530 5,550 5,523 5,421
1947—January February March UNADJUSTED	42,157 42,277 42,401	15,426 15,535 15,541	883 881 880	1,665 1,640 1,676	4,076 4,053 4,044	8,598 8,637 8,704	6,071 6,107 6,111	5,438 5,424 5,445
1945—October November December	38,192 38,613 39,210	13,307 13,367 13,331	762 843 855	1,164 1,171 1,108	3,861 3,912 3,932	7,871 8,118 8,491	5,437 5,534 5,631	5,790 5,668 5,862

[Thousands of persons]

 $\begin{array}{c} 38,745\\ 38,148\\ 39,184\\ 39,908\\ 40,258\\ 40,258\\ 40,680\\ 40,877\\ 41,466\\ 41,848\\ 42,065\\ 42,439\\ 42,928 \end{array}$ 

41,795

42,068

 $\begin{array}{c} 13,499\\ 12,751\\ 13,433\\ 14,045\\ 14,159\\ 14,371\\ 14,526\\ 14,876\\ 14,876\\ 15,035\\ 15,064\\ 15,271\\ 15,348 \end{array}$ 

15,372 15,481 15,487

– January..... February..... March.... April.... May.....

June July August

September October November December

1947—January..... February..... March.....

\* Includes Federal Force Account Construction. Norz.—Unadjusted data compiled by Bureau of Labor Statistics and released in April 1947. These estimates have been revised from 1939 to date and have been adjusted to levels indicated by final 1945 data made available by the Bureau of Employment Security of the Federal Se-curity Agency. Estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments employed during the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, and personnel of the armed forces are ex-cluded. March 1947 figures are preliminary. Back unadjusted data are available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics; revised seasonally adjusted figures beginning January 1939 may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics.

864

864 857

542 753

864 873 886

884 883

883 874

883 881

880

1,085

1,085 1,101 1,203 1,356 1,438 1,532 1,627 1,713 1,747 1,753 1,713

1,644

1,515 1,492 1,575

3,932

3,943 3,983 3,991 3,946 3,996 4,051 4,103 4,064 4,093 4,101 4,071

4,015 4,012 4,024

8,056

8,090 8,197 8,329 8,302 8,342 8,342 8,337 8,402 8,523 8,667 8,898 9,234

8,555 8,507

8,573

5,696

5,696 5,776 5,840 5,984 5,965 5,961 5,975 5,984 5,990 6,054

6,098 6,119

6,071 6,107 5,613 5,623 5,671 5,661 5,695 5,614 5,488 5,502 5,605 5,551 5,551 5,475 5,638

5,384 5,370 5,418

1946-

#### CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION

[Figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts in millions of dollars]

			Resid	ential			No	nresident	ial build	ing			Public	work <b>s</b>
Month	To	tal	buil	ding	Fact	ories	Comm	ercial	Educa	tional	Oti	her	and p utili	
	1946	1947	1946	1947	1946	1947	1946	1947	1946	1947	1946	1947	1946	1947
January. February. March. April. May. June. July. August. September. October. November. December.	387.4 697.6 734.9 952.4 807.9 718.0 679.9 619.9 573.2 503.7		102.1 275.2 370.6 463.6 332.2 281.2 284.0 293.8 235.1 221.1	208.4	97.7 113.7 105.1 140.5 159.4 129.3 109.4 73.7 140.2 73.6	86.573.9	75.1 88.7 55.2 72.8 56.6 50.0 41.0 36.1		23.5 23.5 35.7 7.8 18.8 12.6 15.1	19.7 13.5	37.9 38.3 35.2 45.8 37.7 27.1 31.5 36.0		64.7 143.6 128.1 197.9 202.5 153.1 184.4 156.4 112.8 121.8	
Year	7,489.7		3,142.1		1,317.3		773.2		221.4		404.4		1,631.3	

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY OWNERSHIP Figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts in millions of dollars]

March		Total		Publi	c owne	ership	Priva	te own	ership
Month	1945	1946	1947	1945	1946	1947	1945	1946	1947
January	141	358	572	75	47	167	66	311	405
February	147	387	442	74	56	96	73	331	346
March	329	698 735	597	221 309	146 127	143	107 87	551 608	453
May	243	952		148	197		95	756	
June	1 7 2 2	808		82	215		146	593	
July	258	718		108	202		149	516	
August		680		67	205	. <b></b>	196	475	
September	278	620		43	187		235	433	
October November		573	••••	61	134 130	· • • • •	256	439	
December	331	457		61 62	109		309 269	348	
Year	3,299	7,490		1,311	1,754		1,988	5,735	

LOANS INSURED BY FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION [In millions of dollars]

		Title I	Loans	М	ortgages	on
Year or month	Total	Prop- erty im- prove- ment	Small home con- struc- tion	1- to 4- family houses (Title II)	Rental and group housing (Title II)	War and Veterans' housing (Title VI) <sup>1</sup>
1935 1936 1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1942 1944 1944 1944 1945 1946 1946 1946	320 557 495 694 954 1,026 1,186 1,137 942 886 684 798 48	224 246 60 160 208 251 262 141 96 125 189 363 13	$ \begin{array}{c}     13 \\     25 \\     26 \\     21 \\     15 \\     1 \\     \cdots \\     (2) \\     (2) \end{array} $	94 309 424 473 669 736 877 691 243 216 219 347 28	$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 2 \\ 11 \\ 48 \\ 51 \\ 13 \\ 6 \\ (^2) \\ 7 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ (^2) \end{array} $	13 284 601 537 272 85 7
April May June July September October November December 1947—January February	58 80 83 80 55 63 85 67 77 89	13 21 39 40 42 25 32 47 35 40 44 39	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	28 28 31 37 33 26 26 26 33 26 28 30 27 28	(*) 1 1  (2) 	7 8 10 6 5 4 4 6 7 9 16 13 18

<sup>1</sup> Mortgages insured under War Housing Title VI through April 1946; figures thereafter represent mainly mortgages insured under the Veterans' Housing Title VI (approved May 22, 1946) but include a few refinanced mortgages originally written under the War Housing Title VI. <sup>2</sup> Less than \$500,000.

<sup>2</sup> Less than \$500,000. Note, — Figures represent gross insurance written during the period and do not take account of principal repayments on previously insured loans. Figures include some reinsured mortgages, which are shown in the month in which they were reported by FHA. Reinsured mortgages on rental and group housing (Title II) are not necessarily shown in the month in which reinsurance took place

### CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY DISTRICT

[Figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts in thousands of dollars]

	19	47	1946
Federal Reserve district	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.
Boston	36,796	24,252	$\begin{array}{r} 35,059\\ 108,996\\ 37,248\\ 75,677\\ 89,105\\ 63,544\\ 113,331\\ 60,027\\ 22,241\\ 30,621 \end{array}$
New York	89,896	64,273	
Philadelphia	40,585	25,379	
Cleveland	66,446	61,083	
Richmond	73,793	49,097	
Atlanta	51,570	47,026	
Chicago	104,362	68,110	
St. Louis	23,365	19,540	
Minneapolis	14,218	11,831	
Kansas City	36,825	13,378	
Dallas	58,899	58,228	61,744
Total (11 districts)	596,755	442,197	697,593

# INSURED FHA HOME MORTGAGES (TITLE II) HELD IN PORTFOLIO, BY CLASS OF INSTITUTION

	د <u>ا</u>	in manning		Jindi Oj			
End of month	Total	Com- mer- cial banks	Mu- tual sav- ings banks	Sav- ings and loan associ- ations	Insur- ance com- panies	eral agen-	Oth <b>er</b> <sup>s</sup>
1936—Dec 1937—Dec 1938—Dec 1939—Dec	365 771 1,199 1,793	228 430 634 902	8 27 38 71	56 110 149 192	41 118 212 342	5 32 77 153	27 53 90 133
June Sept	1,949 2,075 2,232 2,409	971 1,026 1,093 1,162	90 100 111 130	201 208 216 224	392 432 480 542	171 182 190 201	124 127 141 150
1941—Mar June Sept Dec	2,942	1,246 1,318 1,400 1,465	146 157 171 186	230 237 246 254	606 668 722 789	210 220 225 234	160 154 178 179
1942—June Dec		1,623 1,669	219 236	272 276	940 1,032	243 245	195 163
1943—June Dec		1,700 1,705	252 256	284 292	1,071	235 79	158 159
1944—June Dec		1,669 1,590	258 260	284 269	1,119 1,072	73 68	150 140
1945—June Dec		1,570 1,506	265 263	264 253	1,047	43 13	134 122
1946—June	3,102	1,488	260	247	974	11	122

<sup>1</sup> The RFC Mortgage Company, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and the United States Housing Corporation. <sup>3</sup> Including mortgage companies, finance companies, industrial banks, endowed institutions, private and State benefit funds, etc. NOTE.—Figures represent gross amount of mortgages held, exclud-ing terminated mortgages and cases in transit to or being audited at the Federal Housing Administration

#### MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

[In millions of dollars]

<b>NF</b>		Merch	andise e	xports <sup>1</sup>			Merch	andise in	nports <sup>2</sup>			Exce	ess of exp	oorts	
Month	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947
January February March	750 728 992	1,124 1,107 1,197	903 887 1,030	799 670 \$815	P1,116 P1,153	230 234 249	301 314 358	334 325 365	394 318 <sup>p</sup> 385	<b>p</b> 533 P435	520 494 743	823 793 839	569 561 665	405 352 ₽431	<b>p583</b> <b>p718</b>
April May June	989 1,092 1,003	1,231 1,455 1,296	1,005 1,135 870	₽757 ₽851 ₽878	•••••	258 282 296	361 386 332	366 372 360	₽407 ₽397 ₽386	· · · · · · · · ·	732 810 707	870 1,069 965	639 763 511	₽350 ₽453 ₽492	
July August September	1,265 1,280 1,269	1,197 1,191 1,194	893 737 514	₽826 ₽883 ₽643	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	302 318 289	294 304 282	356 360 335	Р434 Р425 Р378		963 962 981	903 887 912	537 378 180	₽392 ₽458 ₽265	
October November December	1,072	1,144 1,185 938	455 639 736	p537 p988 p1,097		329 312 282	329 323 336	344 322 297	р394 р482 р536		908 760 1,004	815 862 602	111 317 439	р143 р506 р561	
JanFeb	1,478	2,231	1,789	1,469	P2,259	464	615	659	711	<b>\$968</b>	1,014	1,616	1,130	757	P1,301

FREIGHT CARLOADINGS BY CLASSES

Preliminary.
 Including both domestic and foreign merchandise.
 General imports including merchandise entered for immediate consumption and that entered for storage in bonded warehouses.
 Source.—Department of Commerce.
 Back figures.—See BULLETIN for April 1944, p. 389; April 1940, p. 347; February 1937, p. 152; July 1933, p. 431; and January 1931, p. 18.

[Ir	ndex nu	umbers	s: 1935	-39 av	erage	= 100				,,		ROADS		
·									 		[In millio	ns of dollar	:sj	
	Total	Coal	Coke	Grain	Live- stock	For- est prod- ucts	Ore	Mis- cel- lane- ous	Mer- chan- dise l.c.l.		Total railway operating revenues	Total railway expenses	Net railway operating income	Net income
Annual	101	0.0	100	107				101	07					
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946	101 109 130 138 137 140 135 132	98 111 123 135 138 143 134 130	102 137 168 181 186 185 172 146	107 101 112 120 146 139 151 138	96 96 91 104 117 124 125 129	100 114 139 155 141 143 129 143	110 147 183 206 192 180 169 136	101 110 136 146 145 147 142 138	97 96 100 69 63 67 69 79	Annual 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945	3,995 4,297 5,347 7,466 9,055 9,437 8,899	3,406 3,614 4,348 5,982 7,693 8,343 8,049	589 682 998 1,485 1,362 1,093 849	93 189 500 902 874 668 447
SEASONALLY	ļ				1			ļ	ļ	1946	₽7,627	₽7,008	₽619	₽289
ADJUSTED	133	148	127	152	126		118	134	78	SEASONALLY ADJUSTED				
1946—January February March	126 139	152 155	107 165	150	158 7141	122 126 134	94 121	121 143	78 78	1945—December	628	664	-36	-68
April May June July	109 106 133 139	26 68 146 145	95 62 140 177	112 126 126 139	143 114 118 166	143 125 149 153	66 66 137 164	143 123 135 141	81 74 81 78	1946—January February March April	655 635 651 566	567 555 667 562	88 80 16 4	51 51 -45 -28
August September October November	141 138 139 137	152 160 155 117	184 183 183 166	131 125 142 147	118 91 128 136	157 154 146 151	162 164 157 157	145 139 139 148	77 75 79 83	May June July August	515 639 651 664	524 586 603 613	-9 53 48 51	41 20 16 18
December		132 163	155 175	162 157	122 123	156 163	145 176	148 152	81 77	September. October November.	673 663 663	605 606 601	68 57 62	37 25 29
February March		149 147	171 180	147 159	111 121	166 159	172 171	145 151	76 78	December	658	523	135	98
UNAD JUSTED										1947—January February	698 697	624 631	74 65	r42 933
1946—January February		148	133 114	152 147	121 126	109 121	30 24	123 113	74 75	UNADJUSTED				
March	132	155	166	130	111	134	35 50	136 141	79 82	1945—December	614	656	-42	-79
May June	107 137	68 146	61 138	111 128	103 96	130 155	103 213	125 139	74 81	1946-January February	641 579	574 r529	67 •51	+30 29
July August	145	145 152	172 177	166 142	135 113	153 165	263 243	142 146	78 77	March April	646 567	667 557	-20 10	-49 -21
September October	149	160 155	181 180	140 142	120 197	166 154	245	150	79 82	May June	533 612	537		-37 15
November December	141 131	117 132	166 163	144 152	171	148 139	169 45	154 139	84 78	July August	674 710	611 629	63 82	32 53
1947—January February	133	163 149	184 182	157	118 89	147 159	44 43	139 136	74 74	September October November	660 710 658	593 625 594	67 85 64	39 57 38
March	137	147	182	146	96	159	50	144	79	December	637	534	103	89
* Revised. NoteFor descri	ntion :	and ba	ck dat	a. see	DD. 520	0-533 (	of the	BULLE	TIN for	1947—January February	686 636	628 593	58 43	29 ₽15
Inne 1941. Based on											<u> </u>	1	•	•

r Revised. Note.—For description and back data, see pp. 529–533 of the BULLETIN for June 1941. Based on daily average loadings. Basic data compiled by Associa-tion of American Railroads. Total index compiled by combining indexes for classes with weights derived from revenue data of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

# | REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND INCOME OF CLASS I

Federal	Reserve	Bulletin

Preliminary. r Revised. NOTE.—Descriptive material and back figures may be ob-tained from the Division of Research and Statistics. Basic data compiled by the Interstate Commerce Commission. Annual figures include revisions not available monthly.

## DEPARTMENT STORE STATISTICS [Based on value figures] SALES AND STOCKS, BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS [Index numbers, 1935-39 average=100]

						Fed	leral Res	erve dist	rict				
Year or month	United States	Boston	New York	Phila- delphia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	At- lanta	Chi- cago	St. Louis	Minne- apolis	Kansas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
SALES* 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946	106 114 133 149 168 186 207 264	104 108 126 140 148 162 176 221	101 106 119 128 135 150 169 220	104 111 129 143 151 167 184 236	106 114 138 153 167 182 201 257	109 120 144 170 194 215 236 289	113 123 145 162 204 244 275 345	107 116 135 149 161 176 193 250	111 119 143 158 179 200 227 292	106 109 123 129 148 164 185 247	105 110 127 149 184 205 229 287	112 116 138 157 212 245 276 353	109 117 139 169 200 221 244 306
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED 1946—March May June July August September November December	*258 252 258 276 273 290 270 257 272 274	218 210 213 232 227 246 226 216 230 231	215 221 228 243 236 259 205 179 231 232	244 224 232 253 254 250 241 229 253 229	246 244 256 273 260 286 249 248 266 277	*298 276 276 303 307 306 298 286 290 293	328 327 329 365 343 365 367 348 347 363	243 237 234 253 254 281 263 250 261 264	286 272 277 305 300 330 313 293 294 303	246 225 252 248 253 259 265 254 252 251	275 273 289 288 281 300 321 297 283 299	*334 352 342 368 381 381 376 349 356 348	r296 291 305 315 323 324 313 319 320 317
1947—January February March UNADIUSTED	7269	215 219 237	228 224 229	244 +243 271	256 256 257	291 281 307	341 338 346	245 262 259	278 290 294	262 r261 280	281 7272 300	363 347 347	313 r330 340
1946—March April June July August. September October December	208 242 278 278 336	197 223 211 216 157 184 237 240 284 398	206 219 214 . 221 158 189 214 202 301 392	219 228 222 228 175 195 246 250 319 408	237 253 243 257 203 249 251 265 333 430	*268 281 274 266 219 253 316 312 369 493	315 336 313 306 275 321 374 372 416 570	226 242 234 245 198 236 268 268 268 318 409	264 281 272 274 234 284 316 313 371 463	223 235 242 236 204 232 287 287 302 385	255 273 272 265 239 279 311 312 340 448	r314 335 322 313 290 332 395 384 434 567	258 287 284 288 266 292 326 330 376 504
1947—January February March	222	170 171 227	182 188 229	188 *192 255	194 210 262	218 226 292	273 298 346	196 210 248	228 244 288	106 202 259	225 7247 285	204 306 337	249 7278 295
STOCKS* 1940	131 179 155 162 166	99 105 124 165 142 147 153 182	97 102 123 181 143 150 160 195	96 99 119 167 141 148 150 191	99 106 130 182 144 151 156 205	107 113 139 191 175 190 198 250	107 115 140 178 161 185 188 258	103 111 134 186 160 161 159 205	102 108 134 176 152 159 166 225	103 110 138 171 151 169 165 211	99 105 125 159 152 157 158 210	106 113 130 161 159 177 190 250	106 113 137 187 172 177 182 238
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED											ļ	}	
1946—March April May. June July. August. September. October. November. December.	189 200 210 222 221 226 237 256	157 171 177 181 187 186 192 207 209 205	172 180 189 200 208 210 200 192 221 238	160 172 182 194 203 205 210 217 220 219	174 178 192 209 213 208 221 232 249 258	206 217 233 243 264 264 262 274 208 319	201 220 239 252 267 271 277 297 330 348	168 179 191 199 213 210 220 235 249 256	185 193 211 222 231 234 240 264 274 292	166 183 186 207 224 219 227 244 259 281	r180 184 194 212 206 201 219 234 249 303	195 208 239 253 252 262 267 274 303 364	190 215 217 218 250 240 240 249 270 206 334
1947—January February March	275	197 206 211	234 249 242	216 *225 230	257 261 264	r315 r307 295	311 335 322	262 264 263	201 206 288	*282 276 268	208 r207 301	3?7 343 343	315 330 336
UNADJUSTED 1946—March May. June. July August September November December	188 200 205 223 238 250 267 277	154 164 173 174 179 198 210 231 236 186	171 182 192 192 196 218 216 217 247 213	160 175 184 192 213 231 247 242 187	168 183 194 201 213 225 246 268 263 214	205 218 228 232 260 297 294 312 316 266	201 217 232 255 275 292 305 333 347 293	163 179 191 195 209 225 244 263 274 231	180 193 211 222 240 255 266 205 203 246	167 174 185 200 228 232 245 271 279 246	r162 179 191 212 230 225 246 266 266 248	185 202 227 246 272 296 299 310 324 306	177 212 225 221 265 263 281 209 313 274
1947—January February March	235 r253	180 194 207	206 231 241	188 7218 230	225 242 254	7268 7290 295	280 7312 322	225 240 255	250 266 279	*256 264 269	258 7268 271	294 305 326	277 290 312

Revised.
 \* Figures for sales are the average per trading day, while those for stocks are as of the end of the month or the annual average. NOTE.—For description and monthly indexes for back years for sales see BULLETIN for June 1944, pp. 542-561, and for stocks see BULLETIN for June 1946, pp. 588-612.

## **DEPARTMENT STORE STATISTICS**—Continued

# SALES, STOCKS. AND OUTSTANDING ORDERS AT 296 DEPARTMENT STORES

#### Amount (In millions of dollars) Out-Sales (total for stand-Year or month Stocks (end of ing month) month) (end of month) 1939 average..... 128 344 353 419 599 508 534 564 714 136 156 179 108 194 263 530 560 728 907 1940 average..... 1940 average. 1941 average. 1942 average. 1943 average. 1944 average. 1945 average. 1946 average. 204 227 255 318 1946—February. March April. May. June. July. August. September. October November. December. 533 r583 644 674 699 735 806 828 879 919 776 979 971 910 934 1048 1073 1012 960 845 691 239 301 319 304 304 244 303 309 341 404 526 557 1947—January. February. March. 256 250 769 838 619 603 P332 ₽865 p486

	1945		1946		1945		1946
June	2169	June	1223	Dec.			30334
	9196 16206		8273 15283		8401	Dec.	
	23183		13283 222 <b>4</b> 8		<b>154</b> 33 22 <b>4</b> 21		14519
	30173		29239		29158		2828
July	7153	July	6192				
	14167		13210	<b>.</b>	1946	-	1947
	21157 28153		20201	Jan.	5135	Jan.	418
Aug.	4167	Aug.	3217		19191		1822
	11176		10228		26188	1	25220
	18124		17239	Feb.		Feb.	121
C	25182		24255 31281		9214		821
sept.	1194 8177	Sept.			23		15 <sup>r</sup> 24 2221
	15213	ocpei	14293	Mar.		Mar.	123
	22220	1	21280		9233		825
<u>.</u>	29209		28257	ļ	16243		1526
Oct.	6242 13245	Oct.	5277 12281		30257		22*28 2928
	20		19	Apr.	6272	Apr.	5
	72233		26287		13282		1226
Nov.	3236	Nov.	2277	li i	20289		1927
	10261 17275	ł	9314	Mon	27232	Mon	2626.
	24258	1	23363		11274	way	10
	21,		20		18246	i	17
		[			25245		24
		I					

WEEKLY INDEX OF SALES [Weeks ending on dates shown. 1935-39 average=100]

P Preliminary. r Revised. Back figures.—Division of Research and Statistics.

## SALES BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS AND BY CITIES

[Percentage change from corresponding period of preceding year]

	Mar. 1947		Three mos. 1947		Mar. 1947	Feb. 1947	Three mos. 1947		Mar. 1947		Three mos. 1947		Mar. 1947	Feb. 1947	Three mos. 1947
United States	p+12	+7	+12	Cleveland-cont.					p+10			Kansas City—			
D		1.0	1.14	Toledo 1	+15		+13 + 15		+9				1 14		1 6
Boston New Haven			$^{+14}_{+8}$	Youngstown <sup>1</sup> Erie <sup>1</sup>	+8 +9	+20 + 11	+9	FortWayne <sup>1</sup>	+13 +10	+6			+4	+4	$^{+5}_{+6}$
Portland		$+6 \\ -2$	+2	Pittsburgh 1	+11		+14	Indianapolis 1	+10	+3	+7	1 uisa	- T3	· • •	70
Boston Area	+21		+18		T11 0		+1		₽+7	+3 + 3	+9	Dallas	+7	+3	+9
Downtown	741	T14	- T 10	witheening	, v	-2	1.1	Des Moines	+12				+4	$\pm 2$	+4
Boston	+21	7+11	+16	Richmond	+9	0	+7	Detroit 1	+8	7+7	·+12		+15	$^{+2}_{+5}$	+18
Springfield			+6		+10		+4	Flint <sup>1</sup>	+14	+32	+26		+1	-4	+5
Worcester			+12		+11	-1		Grand Rapids				Fort Worth	+4	Ō	+7
Providence	+6		+4	Raleigh, N. C	+7	+9	+12	Lansing	+11		+18	Houston <sup>1</sup>	+20	+12	+20
			. )	Winston-Salem.	+27	+11	+24	Milwaukee 1.	+11	+4		San Antonio	+8	+3	+9
New York	+11	+8	+12	Charleston, S. C.	-8	-12	-9	Green Bay 1.	+10						
Bridgeport 1	+3		+12	Greenville,S.C	+7	-3	+5	Madison	+15	+10	+13			+9	+14
Newark 1	+11	0	+8	Lynchburg	+3	-4	+5	St. Louis	p+9	+3	+10	Phoenix 1	+18	+14	
Albany	+10	+13	+11		+4	-7	+4	Fort Smith	-14	-16		Tucson		+15	
Binghamton	+9 +7	+6	+12	Richmond	+19		+17	Little Rock <sup>1</sup> .	-14	-10	+3	Bakersfield 1	+12	+10	+13
Buffalo <sup>1</sup>	+7	+2	+7	Roanoke	+9	-4	+7	Quincy	+8	+6	$+10^{+3}$	Fresno <sup>1</sup>	+23	+2	+14
Elmira	+9	+15	+12	Charleston,				Evansville	+6		+14	Long Beach 1	+11	+2	+8
Niagara Falls	+10	+15	+14	W. Va	+10	. 0	+8		p+13		+11	Los Angeles 1	+15	+10	+15
New York City 1	+12	+9	+13	Clarksburg	(2)	(2)	(2)				+81	Oakland and			
Poughkeepsie	1	+10	+8	Huntington	+3	-4	+2	East St. Louis St. Louis <sup>1</sup>	+78 + 12	+47 + 5	+12	Berkeley 1	+9	+5	+10
Rochester 1	+10		+13				l	St. Louis Area		+5	+12 + 13	Riverside and			
Schenectady	+13	+12			+10	$^{+2}_{+2}$	+8			+3	+13			+4	+13
Syracuse 1	+9		+18	Birmingham <sup>1</sup>	+13	+2	+7	Springfield	p+1		+3 + 7	Sacramento 1	+17	-+4	+12
Utica	+8	+4	+9	Mobile	+15	-2	+5	memping	+5	+2	+1	San Diego 1	+9	-1	+4
				Montgomery <sup>1</sup>	+15	+3	+11	Minneapolis.	+17	+11	+17	San Francisco 1	+14	7+3	
Philadelphia	+16		+15	Jacksonville <sup>1</sup>	+4	+2	+5	Minneapolis 1		+6	+12	San Jose	+27	+18	
Trenton <sup>1</sup>	+9	r-4	+8	Miami <sup>1</sup>	+17	+11	+13	St. Paul 1	+19		+21	Santa Rosa <sup>1</sup>	(2)		3+11
Lancaster 1	+15	+12	+17	Orlando	+8	+7	+10	Duluth-	1-7	1 - /	,	Stockton	+30	+14	+27
Philadelphia <sup>1</sup>	+18		+16	Tampa <sup>1</sup>	+14	+13	+16	Superior <sup>1</sup> .	+13	+7	+13	Vallejo and	! .		
Reading 1	+12	7+22	+17	Atlanta 1	+5	0	+4					Napa	-9	-22	-16
Wilkes-Barre 1	+24	+12	+18	Augusta	+1	+2	+1	Kansas City.	+12	r+4	+9	Boise and			
Vork <sup>1</sup>	+9	+1	+10		+15	7+3	+11		+21	+13	+20	Nampa	+15	+9	+14
a			1.40	Macon 1	+12	-6	+5		+25		+15		+12		
Cleveland		+9	+12		+7	Ö	+11		+5	+1	+6			+5	+13
Akron <sup>1</sup>			+5	New Orleans 1	+19	+1	+13	Topeka	+9					+4	+12
Canton <sup>1</sup>	+18	+13	+19	Bristol, Tenn	+4	-3	+6	Wichita	-1	-10		Everett <sup>1</sup>			+16
Cincinnati <sup>1</sup>	+11	+5	+12		+6	+5	+9	Joplin	+12	0		Seattle <sup>1</sup>			
Cleveland 1	+9		+10		+13	+3	+8	Kansas City	+14				+27	+21	
Columbus <sup>1</sup>	+12	+6	+10	Knoxville <sup>1</sup>	-8 + 3	14	-7	St. Joseph	+9	+1	+6	Tacoma <sup>1</sup>	+16 +18	+5	
Springfield 1	0	-2	+1	Nashville <sup>1</sup>	+3	r-8	+3	Omaha	+11	- 1	+10	<u>  `arıma'</u>	-+-18	+10	+16

Preliminary.
 Revised.
 Indexes for these cities may be obtained on request from the Federal Reserve Bank in the district in which the city is located.

<sup>\*</sup> Data not available. <sup>\*</sup> Two months 1947.

## **DEPARTMENT STORE STATISTICS**—Continued SALES AND STOCKS BY MAJOR DEPARTMENTS

			cent ch n a yea (value)	rago	Rati stocl sale	is to	19	withou	Index n t season age mor	al adjus	stment les=100	) 2
Department	Number of stores reporting	Sales d per		Stocks (end of month)	Febr	uary		les duri period	ng		cks at e f month	
		Feb.	Two mos.	Feb.	1947	1946	19	47	1946	19-	47	1946
		1947	1947	1947			Feb.	Jan.	Feb.	Feb.	Jan.	Feb.
GRAND TOTAL—entire store <sup>3</sup>	353	+5	+9	+57	3.5	2.3	· · <b>·</b> · · ·	<b></b>	. <b></b>			· • • • • • •
MAIN STORE—total	353	+4	+9	+60	3.6	2.4	160	167	154	579	533	361
Women's apparel and accessories Coats and suits Dresses. Blouses, skirts, sportswear, etc. Juniors' and girls' wear. Juniors' coats, suits, dresses. Girls' wear. Aprons, housedresses, uniforms. Underwear, slips, negligees. Knit underwear. Silk and muslin underwear, slips. Negligees, robes, lounging apparel. Infants' wear. Shoes (women's, children's). Furs. Neckwear and scarfs.	331 309 218 237 288 335 162 159 314 246 269 251	$\begin{array}{c} -5 \\ -16 \\ -10 \\ -8 \\ -9 \\ -12 \\ -5 \\ -6 \\ +11 \\ +7 \\ -5 \\ +5 \\ +12 \\ -11 \\ +4 \\ -2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ -7 \\ -4 \\ -3 \\ -6 \\ -10 \\ 0 \\ -2 \\ +4 \\ +11 \\ -1 \\ +12 \\ +15 \\ +6 \\ +3 \\ +1 \end{array}$	+43 +443 +446 +20 +118 +18 +122 +74 +97 +102 +114 +444 +26 +91 -77 +100 +114 +126 +91 -77 +100 +100 +100 +100 +100 +100 +100 +1	3.1 2.4 2.4 3.6 3.59 4.4 3.0 2.7 2.8 2.6 3.4 4.7 2.6	2.1 1.4 2.8 2.7 3.5 1.6 1.4 1.2 1.9 3.0 2.4 3.3	158 183 160 169 164 179 155 151 165 169 167 151 208 159 125 197	169 207 178 187 162 184 146 178 162 183 164 161 212 175 155 191	166 219 177 185 181 203 162 160 163 158 175 143 187 160 121 201	<b>493</b> 447 376 613 576 518 694 456 454 475 463 392 706 742 359 515	<b>430</b> 374 292 529 473 434 558 405 413 440 411 382 609 675 382 453	343 313 256 515 484 431 571 262 228 232 214 269 553 384 382 465
Handkerchiefs. Millinery. Gloves (women's, children's). Corsets, brassieres. Hosiery (women's, children's). Handbags, small leather goods.	290 176 328 334 344	$ \begin{array}{c c}                                    $	$ \begin{array}{c c} & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & $	$ \begin{array}{c c} +10 \\ +6 \\ +74 \\ +70 \\ +114 \\ +12 \end{array} $	4.3 2.1 5.3 3.0 2.5 3.5	3.9 1.8 2.8 1.9 1.2 2.8	141 126 127 218 113 116	113 118 126 244 121 101	142 138 137 203 110 127	609 266 674 658 289 405	554 181 584 597 256 365	544 247 385 380 136 360
Men's and boys' wear Men's clothing Men's furnishings, hats, caps. Boys' clothing and furnishings. Men's and boys' shoes, slippers.	235 310 285	$ \begin{vmatrix} +16 \\ +50 \\ +7 \\ -5 \\ +2 \end{vmatrix} $	+17 +47 +8 0 +6	+130 +259 +132 +64 +110	4.4 3.3 4.2 7.0 5.6	2.2 1.4 1.9 4.0 2.7	133 143 133 116 124	134 151 126 121 130	115 95 124 122 122	579 469 552 811 691	<b>498</b> 372 494 673 622	250 131 235 490 327
Home furnishings	235 261 294 230 301 199 172 184 232 234	+16+4+19-4+192-4-14+9-4-5+7+9	$ \begin{array}{r} +24 \\ +9 \\ +29 \\ +3 \\ +211 \\ +6 \\ -5 \\ +24 \\ +2 \\ +3 \\ +13 \\ +14 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{r} +86 \\ +94 \\ +99 \\ +71 \\ +452 \\ +107 \\ +95 \\ +144 \\ +116 \\ +29 \\ +85 \\ +49 \end{array}$	4.2 4.5 3.9 5.4 1.6 4.2 5.6 2.2 5.0 4.8 6.1 4.6	2.6 2.4 2.3 3.0 0.8 1.9 2.4 1.0 2.2 3.5 3.5 3.4	170 158 161 152 262 156 135 195 142 146 123 202	*181 146 165 149 273 221 203 300 187 154 134 206	146 152 136 158 90 162 168 178 178 178 147 154 115 185	715 714 629 826 419 655 754 429 710 707 748 937	680 696 566 772 412 632 770 402 692 693 697 868	<b>386</b> 369 318 479 72 315 385 173 327 548 404 632
Piece goods. Silks, rayons, and velvets. Woolen dress goods. Cotton wash goods.	108	$  \begin{array}{c} +9 \\ +4 \\ +16 \\ +12 \end{array}  $	+14 +10 +11 +17	+113 +146 +121 +147	2.7 2.4 2.6 2.7	1.4 1.0 1.4 1.2	<b>286</b> 265 337 252	276 259 310 260	261 255 291 225	774 624 890 689	728 576 924 646	363 252 402 279
Small wares.         Lace, trimmings, embroideries, and ribbons.         Notions.         Toilet articles, drug sundries, and prescriptions.         Jewelry and silverware.         Jewelry.         Silverware.         Art needlework.         Stationery.         Stationery.         Books, magazines.	. 121 225 325 301 208 130 238 246 156	$\begin{array}{c c} +3 \\ 0 \\ +12 \\ -3 \\ -1 \\ -4 \\ +5 \\ +9 \\ +8 \\ +17 \\ -4 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} +4 \\ +2 \\ +12 \\ -1 \\ +2 \\ -3 \\ +13 \\ +10 \\ +6 \\ +13 \\ -3 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} +17 \\ +10 \\ +20 \\ +12 \\ +30 \\ +11 \\ +65 \\ +19 \\ +10 \\ +7 \\ +12 \end{array}$	4.0 4.3 3.7 4.4 4.6 4.4 4.4 3.6 3.2 3.3 3.0	3.5 4.0 3.4 3.8 3.5 3.8 2.8 3.3 3.2 3.6 2.6	152 187 176 176 153 156 153 178 172 169 161	150 172 186 130 134 125 149 194 157 145 167	148 187 156 127 155 163 146 164 159 144 168	610 813 659 546 709 683 680 638 554 551 482	<b>593</b> 690 613 536 675 631 657 626 556 553 490	521 731 543 490 548 617 408 544 506 511 444
Miscellaneous Toys and games Sporting goods, cameras Luggage	154	$ \begin{array}{c c} 0 \\ -12 \\ +22 \\ +1 \end{array} $	+2 -18 +24 +9	+35	4.2 8.0 6.7 5.0	2.6 5.2 3.9 2.8	126 61 99 132	123 36 82 143	. 126 69 81 131	<b>530</b> 489 668 657	<b>519</b> 449 527 631	<b>329</b> 356 307 376
BASEMENT STORE—total Women's apparel and accessories. Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings. Home furnishings. Piece goods. Shoes.	. 191 . 162 . 133 . 53	$\begin{array}{c c} +7 \\ +1 \\ +16 \\ +13 \\ +13 \\ +17 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} +10 \\ +4 \\ +17 \\ +19 \\ +18 \\ +26 \end{array} $	+20 +72 +61	3.3 2.8 4.1 3.4 2.9 5.0	2.5 2.4 2.8 2.4 1.4 4.3		142 140 127 174 261 110	125 132 107 139 234 81	<b>439</b> 374 507 546 753 474	<b>384</b> 312 446 529 695 432	317 314 288 338 358 347

<sup>1</sup> The ratio of stocks to sales is obtained by dividing stocks at the end of the month by sales during the month and hence indicates the number of months' supply on hand at the end of the month in terms of sales for that month. <sup>2</sup> The 1941 average of monthly sales for each department is used as a base in computing the sales index for that department. The stocks index is derived by applying to the sales index for each month the corresponding stocks-sales ratio. For description and monthly indexes of sales and stocks by department groups for back years, see pp. 856-858 of BULLETIN for August 1946. The titles of the tables on pages 857 and 858 were reversed. <sup>8</sup> For movements of total department store sales and stocks see the indexes for the United States on p. 589. NOTE.—Based on reports from a group of large department stores located in various cities throughout the country. In 1945 sales and stocks at these stores accounted for about 50 per cent of estimated total department store sales and stocks. However, not all stores reported data for all of the departments shown; consequently, the sample for the individual departments is not so comprehensive as that for the total.

## CONSUMER CREDIT STATISTICS

## TOTAL CONSUMER CREDIT, BY MAJOR PARTS

[Estimated amounts outstanding. In millions of dollars]

			1	Instalment credi	t				
End of year or month	Total consumer credit	Total instalment	<u> </u>	Sale credit		Loans <sup>1</sup>	Single- payment loans <sup>2</sup>	Gharge accounts	Service credit
		credit	Total	Automobile	Other				
1929	7,637 6,839 5,528 4,082 3,905 4,378 5,419 6,771 7,030 7,981 9,153 9,153 9,899 6,485 5,338 5,781 6,637 9,958	$\begin{array}{c} 3,167\\ 2,706\\ 2,214\\ 1,515\\ 1,581\\ 1,849\\ 2,607\\ 3,501\\ 3,947\\ 4,436\\ 5,455\\ 5,924\\ 2,955\\ 1,961\\ 2,039\\ 2,365\\ r3,985\\ \end{array}$	2,515 2,032 1,505 999 1,122 1,317 1,805 2,436 2,752 2,313 2,752 3,450 3,744 1,491 814 814 815 903 71,558	$\begin{array}{c} 1,318\\ 928\\ 637\\ 322\\ 459\\ 576\\ 940\\ 1,289\\ 1,384\\ 970\\ 1,267\\ 1,729\\ 1,942\\ 482\\ 175\\ 200\\ 227\\ 544 \end{array}$	$1, 197 \\ 1, 104 \\ 958 \\ 677 \\ 663 \\ 741 \\ 865 \\ 1, 147 \\ 1, 368 \\ 1, 343 \\ 1, 525 \\ 1, 721 \\ 1, 802 \\ 1, 009 \\ 639 \\ 635 \\ 676 \\ 71, 014 \\ \end{cases}$	652 674 619 516 459 532 802 1,065 1,195 1,644 2,005 1,644 2,005 1,464 1,464 1,447 1,204 1,462 2,427	$\begin{array}{c} 2,125\\ 1,949\\ 1,402\\ 962\\ 776\\ 875\\ 1,048\\ 1,331\\ 1,504\\ 1,442\\ 1,448\\ 1,488\\ 1,601\\ 1,369\\ 1,192\\ 1,255\\ 1,519\\ 2,055\end{array}$	1,749 1,611 1,381 1,114 1,203 1,292 1,419 1,459 1,459 1,459 1,459 1,513 1,513 1,513 1,758 1,981 3,054	596 573 491 467 451 472 520 557 523 533 560 648 648 687 729 772 864
1946—February March April May June July August September October November December 1947—January February p Marchp	6,534 6,988 7,376 7,618 7,911 8,006 8,317 8,551 8,888 9,373 79,958 9,783 9,716 10,047	$\begin{array}{c} 2,408\\ 2,507\\ 2,652\\ 2,789\\ 2,908\\ 3,029\\ 3,175\\ 3,297\\ 3,464\\ 3,654\\ r3,985\\ 4,061\\ 4,160\\ 4,329 \end{array}$	879 905 957 1,004 1,035 1,070 1,124 1,177 1,261 1,358 r1,558 1,566 1,609 1,691	$\begin{array}{c} 245\\ 264\\ 289\\ 318\\ 336\\ 365\\ 405\\ 505\\ 544\\ 581\\ 631\\ 689\\ \end{array}$	634 641 668 686 699 705 730 752 795 853 *1,014 985 978 1,002	1,529 1,602 1,695 1,785 1,873 1,959 2,051 2,120 2,203 2,296 2,427 2,495 2,551 2,638	1,641 1,705 1,771 1,819 1,846 1,883 1,911 1,950 2,002 2,055 2,089 2,080 2,066	1,692 1,972 2,138 2,327 2,281 2,418 2,495 2,621 2,859 3,054 2,602 2,775	793 804 815 822 830 841 848 853 858 864 869 874 877

Preliminary. r Revised.
 <sup>1</sup> Includes repair and modernization loans insured by Federal Housing Administration.
 <sup>2</sup> Noninstalment consumer loans (single-payment loans of commercial banks and pawnbrokers).

						-	IENT LO						
				Amounts (end of	outstandin f period)	ng			Loans m		rincipal le tring perio		itutions
Year or month	Total	Com- mercial banks <sup>1</sup>	Small Ioan com- panies	Indus- trial banks <sup>2</sup>	Indus- trial loan com- panies <sup>2</sup>	Credit unions	Miscel- laneous lenders	Insured repair and modern- ization loans <sup>a</sup>	Com- mercial banks <sup>1</sup>	Small Ioan com- panies	Indus- trial banks <sup>2</sup>	Indus- trial loan com- panies <sup>2</sup>	Credit unions
1929 1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1944 1945 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1947 March April May June July August September October November November 1947 January	652 674 619 5166 459 532 802 1,065 1,265 1,265 1,265 1,265 1,265 1,464 1,147 1,204 1,464 1,462 2,427 1,695 2,120 2,203 2,203 2,203 2,2203 2,2427 2,427	43 45 39 31 29 44 88 161 258 312 523 569 2784 426 312 358 471 958 522 564 656 656 700 745 792 864 656 7958 9958 9958	263 287 289 257 232 246 267 301 350 346 435 505 535 535 424 372 388 445 616 520 535 535 555 574 492 520 535 535 54 546 200 535 54 546 520 535 54 546 520 535 54 546 520 520 535 54 54 55 55 55 55 55 55 56 56 56 56 56 56 56	21 21 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 89 67 68 86 76 68 86 76 68 87 68 82 85 88 92 90 100 103 108 112 117 117 112 2 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	8         8           34         8           34         8           34         9           34         9           34         9           11         95           99         104           107         72           59         60           70         98           71         73           76         78           791         84           90         94           94         94           102         20	32 31 29 27 27 32 27 44 46 66 93 112 147 189 217 123 147 122 128 184 132 137 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142	95 93 78 58 50 60 79 102 125 117 96 99 102 91 86 88 89 3110 94 95 97 98 99 90 102 103 104 100	25 168 244 154 213 215 128 129 179 344 194 210 231 241 243 243 263 280 295 312 328 344 364		463 503 498 376 304 384 423 563 960 423 563 960 423 798 809 876 978 1,271 809 876 978 1,271 809 103 103 105 97 999 909 106 110 97 929 909 106 110 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	33 34 22 22 35 36 36 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37	54 58 58 59 194 194 194 194 194 194 194 19	42 41 38 34 33 42 67 105 148 179 257 320 372 247 228 330 247 228 339 24 25 28 28 28 28 339 31 34 339 33
February <sup>p</sup> March <sup>p</sup>	2,551 2,638	1,036 1,088	620 627	125 128	105 108	190 196	110 111	365 380	182 217	91 123	21 25	20 24	33 39

# 

Preliminary.
 <sup>1</sup> Figures include only personal instalment cash loans and retail automobile direct loans shown on the following page, and a small amount of other retail direct loans not shown separately. Other retail direct loans outstanding at the end of March amounted to 72 million dollars, and loans made during March were 13 million.
 <sup>3</sup> Figures include only personal instalment cash loans, retail automobile direct loans, and other retail direct loans. Direct retail instalment loans are obtained by deducting an estimate of paper purchased from total retail instalment paper.
 <sup>4</sup> Includes only loans insured by Federal Housing Administration.

## **CONSUMER CREDIT STATISTICS**—Continued

#### CONSUMER INSTALMENT SALE CREDIT, EXCLUDING AUTOMOBILE CREDIT Estimated amounts outstanding In millions of dollars

[Esti	mated am	ounts outs	tanding,	In millio	ns of dolla	rs]
End of year or month	Total, exclud- ing auto- mobile	Depart- ment stores and mail- order houses	Furni- ture stores	House- hold appli- ance stores	Jewelry stores	All other retail stores
1929         1930         1931         1933         1933         1933         1935         1936         1937         1938         1939         1938	1,1971,1049586776637418651,1471,3681,3431,5251,3431,5251,8021,009635675676r1,014	160 155 138 103 119 146 186 256 314 302 377 439 466 252 183 198 r337	583 539 454 313 299 314 336 406 485 536 619 391 271 269 283 366	265 222 185 121 119 131 171 255 266 273 307 266 273 302 313 130 13 130 13 14 28	56 47 30 29 35 40 56 68 70 93 110 120 77 66 70 74 123	133 141 136 110 97 115 132 174 210 220 2246 271 284 159 101 100 107 160
1946 February March April June June July September. October November. December. 1947 January February <sup>p</sup> .	795 853 *1,014 985 978	184 188 200 206 210 212 221 235 257 284 r337 338 356	274 279 288 295 299 308 311 322 337 366 352 349 354	14 14 15 16 17 20 22 23 25 26 28 27 30 30	62 59 60 61 63 63 64 65 66 72 123 114 107 104	$\begin{array}{c} 100\\ 101\\ 105\\ 108\\ 110\\ 111\\ 115\\ 118\\ 125\\ 134\\ 160\\ 155\\ 154\\ 158\\ \end{array}$

## CONSUMER INSTALMENT CREDITS OF INDUSTRIAL BANKS, BY TYPE OF CREDIT [Estimates. In millions of dollars]

Est	timates.	In millions	s of dollar	s		
Year and month	Total	Retail ment	instal- paper <sup>2</sup>	Repair and modern-	Personal instal- ment	
		Auto- mobile	Other	ization loans <sup>1</sup>	cash loans	
Outstanding at end of period: 1941-June	202.5	53.5	18.4	18.2	112.4	
December 1942—June December	$196.8 \\ 162.4 \\ 125.4$	49.3 34.3 21.4	18.8 16.3 12.8	18.6 16.5 15.6	110.1 95.3 75.6	
1943—June December 1944—June	100.2 91.8 89.6	14.4 12.6 12.5	8.8 7.7 6.8	14.1 14.0 12.9	62.9 57.5 57.4	19
December 1945—June December	92.0 94.6 104.1	13.0 12.8 13.8	7.8 7.7 9.8	13.4 14.2 17.2	57.8 59.9 63.3	19
1946—February March April	107.3 112.8 118.1	14.6 15.4 16.8	10.0 10.9 11.8	18.2 19.1 20.2	64.5 67.4 69.3	
May June July	122.4 127.4 132.6	17.6 18.5 19.9	12.7 13.7 13.8	21.2 22.0 23.1	70.9 73.2 75.8	
August September October	138.5 142.9 150.6	$\begin{array}{c c} 21.3 \\ 22.1 \\ 24.4 \end{array}$	$14.1 \\ 14.7 \\ 15.7 \\$	24.2 25.4 26.7	78.9 80.7 83.8	
November December 1947—January	156.1 162.7 168.1	26.2 27.5 29.5	16.7 17.8 18.6	27.5 28.3 28.9	85.7 89.1 91.1	19
February <sup>*</sup> March <sup>*</sup>	172.6	31.3 33.8	19.6 19.3	29.6 30.3	92.1 94.2	
Volume extended during month:	10.0					Vo 19
1946—February March April May	$     \begin{array}{r}       18.0 \\       23.3 \\       23.6 \\       24.4 \\       24.4 \\       \end{array} $	3.0 3.8 4.2 3.9	1.7 2.2 2.4 2.8	1.6 2.4 2.5 2.5	11.7 14.9 14.5 15.2	
June July August September	23.8 26.3 26.7 25.2	3.9 4.7 4.7 4.3	2.7 2.8 3.0 2.7	2.3 2.6 2.8 2.7	14.9 16.2 16.2 15.5	
October November December	28.8 28.5 31.2	5.5 5.2 5.6	3.5 3.6 3.7	3.3 2.8 2.6	16.5 16.9 19.3	
1947—January February <sup>p</sup> March <sup>p</sup>	29.1 27.4 31.8	6.4 6.2 7.5	3.5 3.4 3.5	2.4 2.4 2.7	16.8 15.4 18.1	19

#### Pur-Direct and tion chased loans direct loans Outstanding at end of period: 1939..... 1,093 1,450 1,694 845 514 559 164 253 310 123 81 99 155 217 288 1939..... 1940..... 1941.... 1942.... 1943.... 1943.... 1944... 1945.... 218 311 411 136 55 57 65 185 209 247 234 154 89 83 121 254 288 143 68 75 97 232 146 339 731 1946..... 1.563 1946-February... 74 82 97 809 871 946 1,025 1,093 1,164 1,247 1,313 1,387 1,467 1,563 164 179 193 212 111 117 131 140 151 161 173 183 198 211 225 238 254 -February... March.... April.... May... June.... July... August... September. October 127 142 154 167 179 97 108 115 124 138 149 228 245 263 276 294 315 339 188 201 214 232 October... November December. 161 173 185 -January.... February**¤**.. March¤.... 1,642 1,707 1,801 1947-203 362 260 251 220 243 388 417 263 274 258 268 Marcn<sup>p</sup>.... Volume extended dur-ing month: 1946—February... March..... May..... June..... July..... August September.. October.... November.. 155 188 212 226 217 240 253 243 277 270 303 18 20 29 24 30 36 33 38 37 35 41 15 20 22 22 23 27 25 29 27 26 24 25 32 38 36 44 38 41 47 46 53 46 52 50 53

Total

Year or month

#### CONSUMER INSTALMENT CREDITS OF INDUSTRIAL LOAN COMPANIES, BY TYPE OF CREDIT In millions of dollars [Estimates

305

288 345

44

50

47

December.

-January.... February

February<sup>p</sup>. . March <sup>p</sup>

1947-

76 77

55 47 51

23 24 29

Year or month	Total	Retail instal- ment paper <sup>2</sup>		Repair and modern-	Persona instal- ment
		Auto- mobile	Other	ization loans <sup>1</sup>	cash loans
Outstanding at end of period:					
1944 1945 1946	$67.1 \\ 76.7 \\ 108.4$	10.5 11.0 15.0	3.8 4.0 7.4	1.1 1.5 2.4	51.7 60.2 83.6
1946—February April June July August September October December	78.4 81.0 83.2 85.6 87.5 89.0 93.1 95.3 99.7 103.7 108.4	11.2 11.6 12.1 12.6 12.7 13.0 13.6 13.8 14.5 14.9 15.0	4.1 4.2 4.5 5.2 5.4 5.6 6.2 7.0 7.6 7.4	1.6 1.6 1.7 1.7 1.9 2.0 2.0 2.2 2.3 2.4	61.5 63.6 65.0 66.5 67.9 68.7 71.9 73.3 76.0 78.9 83.6
1947—January February <b>p</b> March p	$112.2 \\ 115.5 \\ 118.6$	15.6 16.5 17.1		2.5 2.5 2.6	86.1 88.1 90.1
Volume extended during month: 1946—February April June July September October December 1947—January February P March P	15.2 18.3 18.0 18.4 19.6 20.5 23.0 22.5 23.0 26.2 22.4 22.4 22.2 25.8	2.4 3.0 3.1 3.2 2.7 3.3 3.5 3.4 4.1 3.4 4.1 3.6 3.9 3.9	$\begin{array}{c} 0.8\\ 0.9\\ 1.0\\ 1.2\\ 1.4\\ 1.1\\ 1.4\\ 1.8\\ 1.7\\ 1.6\\ 1.8\\ 1.6\\ 1.7\end{array}$	0.1 0.2 0.2 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.3	11.9 14.2 13.7 13.8 14.2 14.6 15.6 14.9 16.4 17.0 20.9 16.8 16.5 19.9

<sup>1</sup> Includes not only loans insured by Federal Housing Administration but also noninsured loans. <sup>2</sup> Includes both direct loans and paper purchased.

<sup>p</sup> Preliminary. r Revised.

CONSUMER INSTALMENT CREDITS OF COMMERCIAL BANKS, BY TYPE OF CREDIT [Estimates. In millions of dollars]

Automobile

retail

Other retail,

pur-chased

Repair

and mod-erniza Per-sonal

instal-ment

cash

loans

566

578 599

101

93 114

# CONSUMER CREDIT STATISTICS—Continued

### FURNITURE STORE STATISTICS

Item		ntage ch 1 preced month		Percentage change from corresponding month of preceding year							
	Mar. 1947 <i>p</i>	Feb. 1947	Jan. 1947	Mar. 1947 <i>p</i>	Feb. 1947	Jan. 1947					
Net sales: Total Cash sales Credit sales: Instalment Charge account	$^{+16}_{+13}$ $^{+19}_{+3}$	+5 -4 +8 +20	-39 -43 -43 -38	+16 -10 +23 +38	$^{+17}_{-5}$ $^{+21}_{+46}$	+20 +3 +19 +53					
Accounts receivable, at end of month: Total Instalment	+3 +1	$^{+2}_{-1}$	$-6 \\ -4$	$^{+42}_{+34}$	+41 +30	+37 +30					
Collections during month:       +10       -8       +1       +26       +30       +29         Instalment       +15       -9       -6       +16       +17       +17											
Inventories, end of month, at retail value.	+1	+7	+4	+64	+71	+72					
Preliminary											

		Instalmen	t accounts	1	Charge accounts
Year and month	Depart- ment stores	Furni- ture stores	House- hold ap- pliance stores	Jewelry stores	Depart- ment stores
1946 February March May June July September October November December	32 *37 *36 34 33 32 35 34 37 37 35	24 27 28 27 26 26 26 25 27 27 27 26	52 54 56 55 57 54 51 51 52 47 47	29 32 32 34 33 32 33 30 32 34 44	61 64 63 60 57 59 56 60 59 59 54
1947 January February March <sup>p</sup>		23 21 25	47 42 46	26 25 27	52 51 56

RATIO OF COLLECTIONS TO ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE<sup>1</sup>

Preliminary.
 Revised.
 Collections during month as percentage of accounts outstanding at beginning of month.

### DEPARTMENT STORE SALES, ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, AND COLLECTIONS

	]	Index num	)	Percentage of total sales							
Year and month		Sales duri	ng month			receivabl. of month		ns during nth	Cash	Instal-	Charge-
	Total	Cash	Instal- ment	Charge account	Instal- ment	Charge account	Instal- ment	Charge account	sales	ment sales	account sales
1941 average	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	48	9	43
1942 average	114	131	82	102	78	91	103	110	56	6	38
1943 average	130	165	71	103	46	79	80	107	61	5	34
1944 average	145	188	66	111	38	84	70	112	64	4	32
1945 average	162	211	68	124	37	94	69	127	64	4	32 32
1946 average	202	243	101	176	50	138	89	168	59	4	37
1946 - February	152	191	72	122	43	100	77	140	62	4	34
March	190	233	84	162	43	7113	*85	138	60	4	36
April	205	249	96	175	45	126	82	154	60	4	36
May	194	234	85	169	45	129	83	168	59	4	37
June	193	233	81	169	46	133	81	167	59	4	37
July	156	192	74	130	45	119	79	165	61	4	35
August	193	234	90	164	48	127	84	152	60	4	36
September	197	229	97	180	50	145	87	152	57	4	39
October	218	249	119	202	55	156	101	186	56	5	39
November	257	297	146	233	62	176	109	197	57	5	38
December	330	384	199	292	75	224	117	205	57	5	38
1947—January	163	188	106	146	75	176	118	251	57	6	37
February	159	179	109	144	74	154	112	195	56	6	38
March <sup>p</sup>	210	236	152	191	76	161	128	185	56	6	38

Preliminary. " Revised.

NOTE.-Data based on reports from a smaller group of stores than is included in the monthly index of sales shown on p. 589.

# COST OF LIVING

### Consumers' Price Index for Moderate Income Families in Large Cities [Index numbers of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1935-39 average = 100]

Year or month	All items	Food	Clothing	Rent	Fuel, electricity, and ice	House furnishings	Miscellaneous
929	122.5 119.4	132.5 126.0	115.3 112.7	141.4 137.5	112.5 111.4	111.7 108.9	104.6 105.1
	117.4	120.0	112.7	107.5	111.4	100.9	103.1
931	108.7	103.9	102.6	130.3	108.9	98.0	104.1
932	97.6	86.5	90.8	116.9	103.4	85.4	101.7
933	92.4	84.1	87.9	100.7	100.0	84.2	98.4
934	95.7	93.7	96.1	94.4	101.4	92.8	97. <b>9</b>
935	98.1	100.4	96.8	94.2	100.7	94.8	98.1
936	99.1	101.3	97.6	96.4	100.2	96.3	98.7
937	102.7	105.3	102.8	100.9	100.2	104.3	101.0
938	100.8	97.8	102.2	104.1	99.9	103.3	101.5
939	99.4	95.2	100.5	104.3	99.0	101.3	100.7
940	100.2	96.6	101.7	104.6	99.7	100.5	101.1
941	105.2	105.5	106.3	106.2	102.2	107.3	104.0
942	116.5	123.9	124.2	108.5	105.4	122.2	110.9
943	123.6	138.0	129.7	108.0	107.7	125.6	115.8
944	125.5	136.1	138.8	108.2	109.8	136.4	121.3
945	128.4	139.1	145.9	108.3	110.3	145.8	124.1
946	139.3	159.6	160.2	108.6	112.4	159.2	128,8
945—June	129.0	141.1	145.4	108.3	110.0	145.8	124.0
July	129.4	141.7	145.9		111.2	145.6	124.3
August	129.3	140.9	146.4		111.4	146.0	124.5
September	128.9	139.4	148.2	108.3	110.7	146.8	124.6
October	128.9	139.3	148.5	1	110.5	146.9	124.7
November	129.3	140.1	148.7		110.1	147.6	124.6
December	129.9	141.4	149.4	108.3	110.3	148.3	124.8
946-January	129.9	141.0	149.7		110.8	148.8	125.4
February	129.6	139.6	150.5		111.0	149.7	125.6
March.	130.2	140.1	153.1	108.4	110.5	150.2	125.9
April	131.1	141.7	154.5		110.4	152.0	126.7
May	131.7	142.6	155.7	• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	110.3	153.7	127.2
June	133.3	145.6	157.2	108.5	110.5	156.1	127.9
July	141.2	165.7	158.7		113.3	157.9	128.2
August	144.1	171.2	161.2	108.7	113.7	160.0	129.8
September	145.9	174.1	165.9	108.8	114.4	165.6	129.9
October	148.6	180.0	168.1		114.4	168.5	131.0
November	152.2	187.7	171.0		114.8	171.0	132.5
December	153.3	185.9	176.5		115.5	177.1	136.1
947—January	r153.3	183.8	r179.0	108.8	117.3	+179.1	-137.1
February	r153.2	182.3	*181.5	108.9	117.5	*180.8	r137.4
March	156.3	189.5	184.3	109.0	117.6	182.3	138.2

r Revised. Back Figures.—Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor.

# WHOLESALE PRICES, BY GROUPS OF COMMODITIES

[Index numbers of the Bureau of Labor Statistics. 1926 = 100]

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								Oth		itio			·		
Ver, month, or week         Donal life         peed- life         Total         Higher and metal products         Fail and materials         Building and metals         Chain and materials         Human products         Human Products		All	Ferry		<u></u>	t s	·	Uth	er commod	ities					
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Year, month, or week	com- modi-	prod-	Foods	Total	leather		lighting	and metal			cals and allied	furnis	sh-	Miscel- laneous
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	1930.         1931.         1932.         1933.         1934.         1935.         1936.         1937.         1938.         1939.         1940.         1941.         1942.         1943.         1944.         1945.	86.4 73.0 64.8 65.9 74.9 80.0 80.8 86.3 78.6 77.1 78.6 87.3 98.8 103.1 104.0 105.8	88.3 64.8 48.2 51.4 65.3 78.8 80.9 86.4 68.5 65.3 67.7 82.4 105.9 122.6 123.3 128.2	90.5 74.6 61.0 60.5 70.5 83.7 82.1 85.5 73.6 70.4 71.3 82.7 99.6 106.6 104.9 106.2	85.2 75.0 70.2 71.2 78.4 77.9 79.6 85.3 81.7 81.3 83.0 95.5 96.9 98.5 99.7	100.0 86.1 72.9 86.6 89.6 95.4 104.6 92.8 93.6 100.8 108.3 117.7 117.5 116.7 118.1	80.3 66.3 54.9 64.8 72.9 70.9 71.5 76.3 69.7 73.8 84.8 96.9 97.4 98.4 100.1	78.5 67.5 70.3 66.3 73.5 76.2 77.6 77.6 73.1 71.7 76.5 73.1 71.7 76.2 78.5 80.8 83.0 84.0	92.1 84.5 80.2 79.8 86.9 86.4 87.0 95.7 94.4 95.8 99.4 103.8 103.8 103.8 104.7	89 79 71 77 86 85 90 90 90 94 103 110 111 115 117	.9 .2 .4 .0 .2 .3 .7 .2 .3 .5 .8 .2 .2 .4 .5 .8	88.7 79.3 73.9 72.1 75.3 79.0 78.7 82.6 77.0 76.0 76.0 77.0 84.4 95.5 94.9 95.2 95.2	92. 84. 75. 75. 81. 80. 81. 80. 86. 86. 86. 88. 94. 102. 104.	7918567783534735	82.6 77.7 69.8 64.4 62.5 69.7 70.5 77.8 73.3 74.8 77.3 87.7 89.7 92.2 93.6 94.7 100.3
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	April May June August September October November December 1947—January February March	110.2 111.0 112.9 124.7 129.1 124.0 134.1 139.7 140.9 141.5 144.6	135.4 137.5 140.1 157.0 161.0 154.3 165.3 169.8 168.1 165.0 170.4	110.8 111.5 112.9 140.2 149.0 131.9 157.9 165.4 160.1 156.2 162.0	$\begin{array}{c} 103.3\\ 103.9\\ 105.6\\ 109.5\\ 111.6\\ 112.2\\ 115.8\\ 120.7\\ 124.7\\ 127.6\\ 128.6 \end{array}$	119.8 120.4 141.2 141.2 141.6 142.4 172.5 176.7 175.1 173.8	107.9 108.8 109.2 118.1 124.0 125.7 128.6 131.3 134.7 136.6 138.0	86.1 87.8 90.3 94.4 94.3 94.5 96.1 97.7 97.9	108.8 109.4 112.2 113.3 114.0 114.2 125.8 130.2 134.7 138.0 138.6	126 127 129 132 132 133 134 145 157 169 174	.5 .8 .9 .1 .7 .8 .5 .8 .7 .8	96.1 96.5 96.4 99.3 98.4 99.9 118.9 125.7 128.1 129.3	107. 108. 110. 111. 112. 113. 115. 118. 120. 123. 124.	5 3 4 9 6 3 2 2 3 6	95.6 95.7 97.0 98.5 101.3 102.0 102.1 104.0 106.5 108.9 110.3 110.9 115.3
Subgroups         Mar.         Dec.         Jan.         Feb.         Mar.         Subgroups         Mar.         Mar.         Dec.         Jan.         Feb.         Mar.           Farm Products: Grains.         136.7         163.0         162.6         171.1         203.3         Agricultural implements.         98.5         117.1         117.5         117.6         119.0         112.8         151.0         151.3         151.3         151.3         151.3         151.3         151.3         151.3         151.3         151.3         151.3	1947—Jan.       4         Jan.       11         Jan.       18         Jan.       25         Feb.       1         Feb.       15         Feb.       15         Mar.       15         Mar.       15         Mar.       15	$\begin{array}{c} 140.0\\ 140.8\\ 140.3\\ 140.3\\ 141.7\\ 143.1\\ 144.3\\ 146.4\\ 148.7\\ 148.3\\ 149.0\\ 149.4\\ 148.8\\ 148.1\\ 147.2\\ \end{array}$	165.8         166.0         164.2         164.8         165.5         168.9         171.7         176.1         181.8         184.2         182.9         183.8         181.2         180.1         175.4	$\begin{array}{c} 158.1\\ 157.8\\ 155.9\\ 154.1\\ 156.7\\ 160.9\\ 162.5\\ 167.5\\ 170.7\\ 166.5\\ 166.5\\ 166.5\\ 166.4\\ 163.0\\ 162.2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 125.0\\ 126.6\\ 127.0\\ 127.5\\ 128.1\\ 128.1\\ 128.3\\ 126.7\\ 129.4\\ 130.0\\ 131.3\\ 131.9\\ 132.3\\ 132.4\\ 132.4 \end{array}$	171.2 171.7 170.7 171.0 172.9 173.6 175.8 174.1 174.2 175.7 174.9 174.9 174.2 174.3 173.8 173.8 172.5	$133.2 \\ 135.7 \\ 135.7 \\ 135.8 \\ 137.7 \\ 135.5 \\ 135.5 \\ 137.0 \\ 137.4 \\ 138.3 \\ 138.7 \\ 138.7 \\ 138.7 \\ 138.7 \\ 139.3 \\ 139.6 \\ 138.8 \\ 138.$	98.0 98.3 98.5 98.6 98.6 98.6 98.6 98.8 98.8 101.7 103.5 103.9 104.0 104.1	$\begin{array}{c} 135.5\\ 136.7\\ 137.7\\ 138.3\\ 138.3\\ 138.4\\ 138.4\\ 138.6\\ 139.7\\ 140.2\\ 140.3\\ 140.3\\ 140.3\\ 140.3\\ 140.3\\ 140.9\\ \end{array}$	158 164 165 168 170 172 172 173 175 175 175 176 177 177	.1 .5 .5 .6 .0 .3 .3 .7 .0 .8 .9 .4	$126.8 \\ 127.1 \\ 127.4 \\ 127.8 \\ 127.6 \\ 128.3 \\ 129.2 \\ 129.3 \\ 130.6 \\ 131.7 \\ 133.0 \\ 132.8 \\ 134.5 \\ 134.5 \\ 132.$	$ \begin{array}{c} 121.\\ 122.\\ 122.\\ 122.\\ 123.\\ 123.\\ 125.\\ 126.\\ 126.\\ 126.\\ 126.\\ 126.\\ 126.\\ 126.\\ 126.\\ 126.\\ 128.\\ \end{array} $	4 5 8 0 0 3 5 1 1 6 6 7 7 1	107.8 109.0 109.5 110.0 109.9 110.0 110.0 110.0 110.0 110.0 111.2 111.9 111.9 113.0 114.6 114.9 115.7 114.3 115.6
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			19	46		1947	1				1	946		1947	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Subgroups		Mar.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. Mar	_	Subgro	oups	-	Mar.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Bituminous coal.         125.2         138.9         142.6         143.3         Auto tires and tubes.         73.0	Grains Livestock and poult Other farm product Foods: Dairy products Fruits and vegetabl Meats Other foods Hides and Luther Produ Shoes Hides and skins Leather Other leather produ Textile Products: Clothing Cotton goods Hosiery and underw Silk Rayon Woolen and worsted Other textile produc Fuel and Lighting Matern Anthracite Bituminous coal Coke. Electricity	ry s es cts. cts i goods ts ials:	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 194.7\\ 152.5\\ 180.0\\ 139.5\\ 134.5\\ 138.2\\ 139.0\\ 169.9\\ 216.5\\ 185.0\\ 123.6\\ 123.6\\ 129.8\\ 181.6\\ 96.9\\ 103.2\\ 33.8\\ 119.0\\ 103.2\\ 133.8\\ 119.0\\ 168.1\\ 113.7\\ 138.9\\ 147.5\\ 65.8\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 189.6\\ 149.7\\ 164.6\\ 139.9\\ 139.9\\ 131.6\\ 183.4\\ 141.1\\ 170.6\\ 198.5\\ 181.6\\ 140.3\\ 132.4\\ 184.6\\ 99.3\\ 101.2\\ 33.8\\ 120.8\\ 169.9\\ 114.7\\ 142.6\\ 152.5\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3     Agg       3     Agg       6     Noi       6     Noi       4     Plu       5     Building       6     Noi       7     Chemica       0     <	icultural in m machine n and steel tor vehicle: inferrous me mbing and g Materials what and tile nent niber niber niber mbing and uctural stee er building lis and Alli. micals gs and phi cilizer mate teed fertilize and fats <i>nishing Sc.</i> nishings niture o tires and tile feed er and pul	nplements. ry. s 1. tals. heating. t materials. heating. materials. d Products. armaceuticz rials. rs. bods: tubes. p.	lls.	99.60 1007.00 112.886.1 95.1 117.4 102.3 1167.66 107.8 97.0 111.7 81.9 97.0 111.7 97.0 111.7 97.0 111.7 97.0 111.7 97.0 111.7 97.0 111.7 97.0 111.7 97.0 111.7 97.0 111.7 97.0 111.7 97.0 111.7 97.0 111.7 97.0 111.7 97.0 111.7 97.0 111.7 97.0 111.7 97.0 111.7 97.0 111.7 97.0 10.7 97.0 10.7 1	5 118.6 117.4	$\begin{array}{c} 119.0\\ 123.9\\ 151.3\\ 130.5\\ 117.0\\ 108.3\\ 249.9\\ 171.2\\ 117.0\\ 127.7\\ 139.0\\ 112.7\\ 181.7\\ 99.9\\ 95.5\\ 210.6\\ 128.4\\ 118.2\\ 73.0\\ 181.7\\ 181.7\\ 181.7\\ 118.2\\ 73.0\\ 181.7\\ 141.9 \end{array}$	119.6 125.6 125.6 131.3 131.3 117.1 132.2 263.6 173.9 263.6 173.9 173.9 173.9 113.8 113.8 263.6 173.9 1141.5 113.8 299.2 214.3 129.6 119.5 73.6 1178.6 1178.6	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 118.2 \\ 0 & 126.9 \\ 3 & 151.2 \\ 3 & 139.0 \\ 1 & 117.9 \\ 3 & 132.4 \\ 5 & 269.3 \\ 0 & 112.3 \\ 5 & 269.3 \\ 0 & 17.7 \\ 1 & 117.9 \\ 7 & 127.7 \\ 1 & 117.9 \\ 7 & 127.7 \\ 1 & 117.9 \\ 7 & 127.7 \\ 1 & 117.9 \\ 1 & 127.7 \\ 1 & 117.9 \\ 1 & 127.7 \\ 1 & 117.9 \\ 1 & 127.7 \\ 1 & 117.9 \\ 1 & 127.7 \\ 1 & 117.9 \\ 1 & 127.7 \\ 1 & 117.9 \\ 1 & 127.7 \\ 1 & 117.9 \\ 1 & 127.7 \\ 1 & 117.9 \\ $

<sup>1</sup> Revision made beginning October 1946. <sup>r</sup> Revised. <sup>c</sup> Corrected. Back figures.—Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor. •

### GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT, NATIONAL INCOME, AND INCOME PAYMENTS

[Estimates of the Department of Commerce. In billions of dollars]

				Annua	l totals				Seasona		sted anni arters	ial rates
										19	46 <b>2</b>	
	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945 1	1946 2	1	2	3	4
Gross national product Government expenditures for goods and	88.6	97.1	120.2	152.3	187.4	197.6	199.2	194.0	183.7	190.2	196.6	204.7
services.	16.0 7.9	16.7 8.8	26.5 18.6	62.7 55.3	93.5 86.2	97.1 89.5	83.6 75.8	34.7 25.2	39.6 31.1	36.7 27.7	31.3 21.5	30.8 20.3
War Nonwar State and local governments Private gross capital formation Construction	1.4 6.5 8.1 10.9 3.6	2.8 6.1 7.9 14.8 4.3	13.3 5.3 7.9 19.1 5.3	50.3 5.0 7.4 7.6 2.9	81.3 4.9 7.4 2.5 1.6	83.7 5.7 7.7 2.0 1.6	69.4 6.3 7.9 9.1 2.6	16.2 8.9 9.5 <i>32.1</i> 7.9	23.8 7.3 8.5 23.1 6.5	19.2 8.6 9.0 <i>31.4</i> 8.0	12.0 9.5 9.8 35.7 8.3	10.0 10.3 10.5 37.9 8.8
Residential Other Producers durable equipment Net change in business inventories Net exports of goods and services	2.0 1.6 5.5 0.9 0.8	2.4 2.0 6.9 1.8 1.5	2.8 2.5 8.9 3.5 1.2	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.3 \\ 1.6 \\ 5.1 \\ -0.5 \\ (4) \end{array} $	$0.6 \\ 1.0 \\ 3.1 \\ -0.6 \\ -1.5$	$0.5 \\ 1.1 \\ 4.0 \\ -1.7 \\ -1.8$	$ \begin{array}{c} 0.7 \\ 1.9 \\ *6.6 \\ -0.6 \\ 0.5 \end{array} $	*12.8 6.5 4.9	*9.5 3.4 3.7	*12.0 4.0 7.4	*14.0	\$15.6 9.7
Net exports and monetary use of gold and silver Consumer goods and services Durable goods Nondurable goods Services	0.2 61.7 6.4 32.6 22.7	0.3 65.7 7.4 34.4 23.9	0.2 74.6 9.1 40.1 25.4	0.1 <i>82.0</i> 6.3 47.9 27.8	(4) 91.3 6.6 55.1 29.7	$ \begin{array}{r} -0.1 \\ 98.5 \\ 6.7 \\ 60.0 \\ 31.8 \end{array} $	106.4 7.7 65.6 33.1	127.2 14.1 77.3 35.8	<i>121.0</i> 11.7 75.1 34.2	<i>122.1</i> 13.1 74.0 35.0	4.8 129.6 15.0 78.3 36.3	3.8 136.0 16.7 81.8 37.5
Gross national product Deductions:	88.6	97.1	120.2	152.3	187.4	197.6	199.2	194.0	183.7	190.2	196.6	204.7
Business tax and nontax liabilities Depreciation and depletion Other business reserves Capital outlay charged to current	10.4 6.2 0.8	12.4 6.4 0.7	18.5 7.0 0.8	23.1 7.6 0.6	27.4 8.0 0.5	29.7 8.2 0.5	28.6 8.0 0.5	25.0 7.2 0.4		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
expense	0.7	0.9	1.3	1.1	0.8	0.9	1.1	2.0				1
For inventory revaluation For discrepancies National income Additions:	-0.4 0.0 <b>70.8</b>	-0.4 -0.4 77.6	-3.2 -1.1 96.9	-2.1 -0.2 122.2	-0.2 1.5 149.4	-0.1 -2.2 160.7	(4) 0.1 161.0	-3.5 -2.1 <b>165.0</b>	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Transfer payments Deductions:	2.4	2.6	2.5	2.7	3.2	5.3	8.1	11.0				
Corporate savings Contributions to social insurance	0.4	1.8	4.0	4.4	5.5	5.4	4.5	6.9				
funds Income payments to individuals	2.0 70.8	2.1 76.2	2.6 92.7	3.2 117.3	3.8 143.1	3.9 156.8	3.8 160.8	4.0 165,1	156.7	160.6	167.8	173.4
Income payments to individuals Personal taxes and nontax payments Federal State and local Disposable income of individuals Consumer expenditures Net savings of individuals	<b>70.8</b> 3.1 1.3 1.9 67.7 61.7 6.0	<b>76.2</b> 3.3 1.4 1.9 72.9 65.7 7.3	92.7 4.0 2.0 2.0 88.7 74.6 14.2	117.3 6.7 4.7 2.0 110.6 82.0 28.6	143.1 18.6 16.6 2.0 124.6 91.3 33.3	<b>156.8</b> <i>19.4</i> 17.4 2.1 <i>137.4</i> 98.5 38.9	160.8 21.2 19.0 2.1 139.6 106.4 33.1	165.1 19.1 17.0 2.1 146.0 127.2 18.8	156.7 18.6 16.4 2.1 138.1 121.0 17.1	<b>160.6</b> <i>18.7</i> <b>16.6</b> <i>2.1</i> <i>141.9</i> 122.1 19.8	<b>167.8</b> 19.4 17.2 2.2 148.4 129.6 18.8	173.4 19.8 17.7 2.2 153.6 136.0 17.6
National income         Total compensation of employees.         Supplements         Net income of proprietors.         Agricultural.         Nonagricultural.         Interest and net rents.         Net corporate profits.         Dividends.         Savings.	<b>70.8</b> 48.1 44.2 3.8 11.2 4.3 6.9 7.4 4.2 3.8 0.4	<b>77.6</b> 52.3 48.6 3.7 12.0 4.4 7.6 7.5 5.8 4.0 1.8	<b>96.9</b> 64.5 60.8 3.7 <b>15.8</b> 6.3 9.6 8.0 8.5 4.5 4.0	122.2 84.1 80.8 3.3 20.6 9.7 10.9 8.8 8.7 4.3 4.4	149.4 106.3 103.1 3.2 23.5 11.9 11.6 9.7 9.8 4.3 5.5	160.7 116.0 112.8 3.2 24.1 11.8 12.3 10.6 9.9 4.5 5.4	161.0 114.5 111.4 3.1 25.6 12.5 13.1 11.8 9.0 4.5 4.5	165.0 109.8 106.6 3.3 30.2 14.9 15.3 13.0 12.0 5.1 6.9		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	169.4	

<sup>1</sup> Revised figures. Quarterly unadjusted data for all components on unrevised basis and revised figures for the quarterly adjusted series appear in the BULLETIN for July 1946, p. 806, and January 1947, p. 88, respectively.
 <sup>2</sup> Revised figures. Quarterly unadjusted data have not yet been published.
 <sup>3</sup> Based on new sources and not precisely comparable with previous years.
 <sup>4</sup> Less than 50 million dollars.

NOTE.—Detail does not always add to totals because of rounding. For a general description of above series see the Survey of Current Business for May and August 1942 and March 1943. Back figures.—For annual totals 1929 through 1938, see the Survey of Current Business, May 1942 and April 1944. For quarterly estimates 1939 through 1944 see the Survey of Current Business for April 1944 and February 1946.

# CURRENT STATISTICS FOR FEDERAL RESERVE CHART BOOKS BANK CREDIT, MONEY RATES, AND BUSINESS

				1947		}				1947	
	Chart book page	Mar. 26	Apr. 2	Apr. 9	Apr. 16	Apr. 23		Chart book page	Mar. Apr 26 2		pr. Apr. 23
WEEKLY FIGUR RESERVES AND CURR			In bil	lions of	dollars		WEEKLY FIGURES		In 1	init indica	ied
Reserve Bank credit, tota U. S. Govt. securities, t Bills Notes Bonds Discounts and advance Gold stock Money in circulation Treasury cash Treasury deposits	1	23.49 22.81 15.29 6.42 .35 .75 .29 20.44 28.17 1.36 1.60	22.76 21.94 14.88 5.95 .35 .75 .43 20.49 28.25 1.33 .95	15.36 5.81 .35 .75 .28	22.47 21.91 15.04 5.76 .35 .75 .10 20.58 28.16 1.33 .61	21.83 15.06 5.67 .35	Steel production (% of capacit; Electric power prod. (mill. kw. Freight carloadings (thous. car Department store sales (1933 = 100). Wholesale prices (1926=100): Total	y) 37 hrs.). 37 s) 45 5-39 45	183.8 181.	3 4,620 4, 5 758 9 265 8 148.1 14 2 180.1 17	866         894           271         265           7.2         146.8           5.4         177.6
Member bank reserves Required reserves Excess reserves •	4	15.66 15.10 .56		15.93 15.05 .89	15.99 p15.15 p.83	P15.15				1947	
Excess reserves (weekly age): Total •	aver-	.74	.77	.90	».90	₽.77			Jan.	Feb.	Mar.4
New York City	5 5	.01 (²) .17	.01 .01 .19	.01 .02 .25	.02 ( <sup>2</sup> ) .26	.01 (²)	MONTHLY FIGURE RESERVES AND CURREN		In bi	llions of de	ollars
Reserve city banks Country banks • MEMBER BANKS IN LEADI	5	.56	.56	.62	₽.61	P.55	Reserve Bank credit	6	20.62 28.54	24.60 20.73 28.30	23.72 20.41 28.27
Total—101 cities: Loans and investments U. S. Govt. obligations Demand deposits adjus U. S. Govt. deposits. Loans New York City: Loans and investments U. S. Govt. obligations, Bonds and guarantee	14 ted 14 14 14 14 15 total. 15	34.70 38.83 2.04 16.92	34.15 38.21 1.78 17.15 18.36	34.30 38.67 1.83 17.10 18.22	34.81 39.21 1.85	34.87 39.55 1.59	Country banks Required reserves, total Central reserve city banks. Reserve city banks Country banks		.78 16.40 5.14 6.50 4.76 15.55 5.13 6.27 4.15	$\begin{array}{c} 2.21\\ 1.90\\ 16.01\\ 5.01\\ 6.32\\ 4.67\\ 15.20\\ 4.99\\ 6.12\\ 4.09\\ 9.02\\ 0.0$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.33\\ 1.34\\ 16.01\\ 5.01\\ 6.31\\ 4.69\\ 15.13\\ 4.98\\ 6.09\\ 4.06\\ .87\end{array}$
Securities	16 s 16 16 .ted 15 15 15 15 15 17	2.00 .30 14.27 .61 3.78 1.29 5.72	1.74 .27 14.23 .53 3.89 1.32 5.86	.12 13.99 .54 3.97 1.32 5.84	9.48 1.66 .42 14.11 .55 3.99 1.31 5.67 4.17	1.79	Country banks Money in circulation, total Bills of \$50 and over \$10 and \$20 bills Coins, \$1, \$2, and \$5 bills.	13 13 8 8 8 8	3.66 28.26 8.46 15.36	$ \begin{array}{r} .80\\ 1.74\\ 3.48\\ 28.30\\ 8.43\\ 15.41\\ 4.46 \end{array} $	1.80 3.51 28.23 8.42 15.35 4.46
Brokers'—on U.S. Brokers'—on other rities. To others. All other. 100 cities outside New Yo Loans and investments	Govts. 16 r secu- 16 17 17 ork:	.25 .27 .78	.29 .27 .27 .80 36.49	.30 .24 .27 .81 36.71	.28 .23 .26 .73 36.95	.26 .75	Total deposits and currency         Demand deposits         Time deposits         Currency outside banks         U. S. Govt. deposits		P82.50 P54.20 P26.10	<b>p165.40</b> <b>p80.60</b> <b>p54.70</b> <b>p26.20</b> <b>p3.90</b>	<i>p</i> 165.10 <i>p</i> 80.40 <i>p</i> 54.90 <i>p</i> 26.00 <i>p</i> 3.80
U. S. Govt. obligations Bonds and guarantee securities Notes and certificate Bills Demand deposits adjus U. S. Govt. deposits Time deposits <sup>3</sup> Commercial For purchasing securi All other	, total. 15 d 16 s 16 ted 15 15 15 15 17 ties 17	23.12 17.63 5.05 .44 24.56 1.43 6.07 9.30 11.21 6.91 .90	22.77 17.61 4.79 .37 23.97 1.25 6.22 9.36 11.29 6.94 .90	23.04 17.60 4.83 .61 24.68 1.28 6.26 9.39 11.25 6.94 .87	23.26 17.63 4.95 .68 25.10 1.30 6.28 9.40	23.10 17.65 4.51 .45 25.15 1.12 5.95 9.41 11.24 6.89 .87	Consumer credit, total Single payment loans Charge accounts Service credit Instalment credit, total Instalment loans Instalment sale credit, tot Automobile Other	18 18 18 18, 19 19 tal 19 19 19	2.09 2.76 .87 4.06 2.50 1.57	<b>p9.72</b> <b>p2.08</b> <b>p2.60</b> <b>p.87</b> <b>p4.16</b> <b>p2.55</b> <b>p1.61</b> <b>p.63</b> <b>p.98</b>	P10.05 P2.07 P2.78 P.88 P4.33 P2.64 P1.69 P.69 P1.00
MONEY RATES, ET	c.		Per ce	ent per	ınnum		U. S. Govt. obligations outsta total interest-bearing	anding,	258.64	258.29	255.98
U. S. Govt. securities: Bills (new issues) Certificates Bonds (7-9 years) Bonds (15 years and ov Corporate bonds: High grade (5 issues) Aaa Baa	24 24 24 er).24, 26 26 26	.81 1.14 1.45 2.18 2.48 2.54	.81 1.16 1.46 2.19 2.47 2.53	.82 1.16 1.45 2.18 2.47 2.53	$\begin{array}{r} .376 \\ .83 \\ 1.18 \\ 1.48 \\ 2.20 \\ 2.47 \\ 2.53 \\ 3.16 \end{array}$	2.20 2.47 2.53	By classes of securities: Bonds (marketable issues Notes, certificates, and bi Savings bonds and tax not Special issues By maturities: 5 years and over 5-20 years 5-10 years	)       20         ills       20          20          20          20          20          20	$\begin{array}{c} 119.32 \\ 56.96 \\ 57.16 \\ 24.78 \\ 105.30 \\ 61.70 \\ 41.63 \\ 71.14 \\ 53.91 \end{array}$	119.32 55.92 57.77 24.94 105.30 61.70 41.63 70.11 52.88 28.78	119.32 52.97 58.16 25.18 103.34 59.74 39.67 69.12 49.93 27.79
			Inu	nit ind	icated		Bills Holdings of U. S. Govt. oblig	20 ations:	17.07	17.05	17.04
Stock prices (1935–39=16 Total Industrial Railroad Public utility Volume of trading (mill. sh	27 27 27 27 27	128 108 107	124 128 108 107 .71	121 124 104 105 .86	116 120 99 103 1.29	122 101 104	Mutual savings banks Insurance companies Other investors, total	ds 21 21 21 21 21 21	31.17 23.94 11.90 25.40 93.20	25.40 93.70	31.57 22.59

For footnotes see p. 600.

# CURRENT STATISTICS FOR FEDERAL RESERVE CHART BOOKS—Continued BANK CREDIT, MONEY RATES, AND BUSINESS—Continued

	Chart	Chart					1947		
	book page	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.4		book page	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
MONTHLY FIGURES-Cor	ıt.	Per ce	ent per a	nnum	MONTHLY FIGURES—Cor	nt.	In u	nit indic	ated
MONEY RATES, ETC. Corporate Aaa bonds F. R. Bank discount rate (N. Y.) Treasury bills (new issues)	. 23	2.57 1.00 .376	2.55 1.00 .376	2.55 1.00 .376	BUSINESS CONDITIONS—Cont. Residential contracts (mill. dollars): <sup>5</sup> Total. Public. Private, total. 1- and 2-family dwellings	42 42 42	343 17 326 258	270 20 250 220	249 13 236 197
Stock prices (1935-39=100):	27				Other	42	68	30	39
Total Industrial Railroad Public utility. Volume of trading (mill. shares)	27 27 27	125 129 115 111	129 133 119 111	128 110 107	dollars): Total Residential: Public. Private		800 38	745 32	786 24
Brokers' balances (mill, dollars): Credit extended customers Money borrowed Customers' free credit balances	29 29	1.00 533 210	1.18 573 217	576 216	Nonresidential: Public Private Freight carloadings: <sup>5</sup>	49C	273 128 361	247 119 <b>34</b> 7	260 146 356
BUSINESS CONDITIONS Income payments (mill. dollars): 5		687	681		Total (1935–39=100) Groups (points in total index): Miscellaneous		150 83.3	142 79.4	146 82.8
Total Salaries and wages Other. Cash farm income (mill, dollars):	30 30	14,756 9,296 5,460	14,754 9,356 5,398		Coal. All other. Department stores (1935-39=100): <sup>5</sup> Sales.	43 44	34.7 31.8 265	31.8 30.9 269	31.3 31.6 277
Total Livestock and products Crops. Govt. payments	•31 31 31	2,180 1,310 834 36	1,745 1,179 522 44	P1,310 P527 P66	Exports and imports (mill. dollars): Exports Excluding Lend-Lease exports	46 46	268 1,116 1,107	p1,150	p1,326
Armed forces (mill. persons) Civilian labor force (mill. persons): Total Male	32	1.7 57.8 41.9	1.6 58.0 42.1	58.4	Excess of exports excluding Lend Lease exports Cost of living (1935-39=100):	- 46	₽533 ₽574	₽435 ₽715	₽444 ₽882
Female Unemployment Employment Nonagricultural Agricultural	33 32 32 33	15.9 2.4 55.4 48.9 6.5	15.9 2.5 55.5 48.6 6.9	16.0 2.3 56.1	All items	47 47	153.3 183.8 179.0 108.8	153.2 182.3 181.5 108.9	156.3 189.5 184.3 109.0
Industrial production: <sup>5</sup> Total (1935-39=100) Groups (points in total index): Durable manufactures	35, 49B	*189 *83.8	189 84.1	₽189 ₽84.6	Total. Farm products. Other than farm and food	49	141.5 165.0 127.6		149.6 182.6 131.3
Machinery and trans. equip Iron and steel Nonferrous metals, lumber, and building materials	49B I 49B	44.1 21.1 18.5	44.3 21.0 18.7	₽18.7			194	16	1947
Nondurable manufactures Textiles and leather Food, liquor, and tobacco Chemicals, petroleum, rubber	49B 49B	*82.8 21.9 24.0	82.5 22.1 23.3	p82.2 p22.0 p23.0	QUARTERLY FIGURES		July-	Oct Dec.	Jan
and coal products Paper and printing Minerals New orders, shipments, and inven tories (1939=100):	49B 35,49B	23.2 13.7 22.2	23.2 13.9 22.2		-	тив	Sept. In bil	lions of a	Mar. lollars
New orders: Total Durable Shipments:	. 36	242 270	р255 р293		Budget receipts and expenditures: Total expenditures National defense Net receipts	. 49D	9.33 3.80	9.16 4.50 9.02	10.63 4.30
Total Durable Inventories:	. 36	275 293 263	Р292 Р314 Р277		Internal revenue collections, total	49D 49D 49D	9.45 8.47 3.87 2.56 2.04	7.72 3.07 2.52	12.61 7.95 2.62
Total Durable Nondurable Factory employment and pay roll	. 36 . 36	208 225 194	P211 P230 P195		MONEY RATES			eni per a	l
(1939=100): Pay rolls. Employment Hours and earnings at factories:	. 38	r307.3 r152.7	r153.8	p153.8	Other Northern and Eastern cities	. 25 . 25	2.32 1.83 2.43	2.43	2.31 1.82 2.37
Weekly earnings (dollars) Hourly earnings (cents) Hours worked (per week) Nonagricultural employment (mill.	. 39 . 39	47.09 116.1 40.6	47.28 117.0 40.4	p117.9		. 25	2.75  In mi	2.76 llions of	<u> </u>
persons): <sup>5</sup> Total Manufacturing and mining	. 40	r42.2 r16.3	742.3 716.4		Corporate security issues: Net proceeds:				
Trade Government. Transportation and utilities Construction.	. 40 . 40 . 40 . 40	r8.6 r5.4 r4.1 r1.7	r8.6 r5.4 r4.1	p8.7 p5.4 p4.0	All issues. Industrial Railroad. Public utility	. 28 . 28	1,482 876 31 490	· 966 105	1,018 438 53 442
Construction contracts (3 mo. movin, average, mill. dollars): <sup>5</sup> Total Residential Other	g . 41 . 41	599 265 334	618 280 338	₽545 ₽245	New money: All issues. Industrial. Railroad	. 28 . 28	809 564 28 200	1,336 686 74	283

For footnotes see p. 600.

### CURRENT STATISTICS FOR FEDERAL RESERVE CHART BOOKS-Continued BANK CREDIT, MONEY RATES, AND BUSINESS-Continued

	Chart		1946			Chart		1946	
	book page	June 29	Sept. 30	Dec. 31		book page	June 29	Sept. 30	Dec. 31
CALL DATE FIGURES		In bil	lions of	dollars	CALL DATE FIGURES—Con	nt.	In bill	lions of	dollars
ALL MEMBER BANKS					CLASSES OF BANKS-Cont.				
Loans and investments, total U. S. Govt. obligations, total Bonds Certificates. Notes. Bills. Guaranteed obligations. Other securities, total.	10 10 11 11 11 11 11 10	102.03 72.27 45.42 15.29 10.47 1.07 .02 6.46	99.71 68.23 (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6)	96.36 63.04 46.22 10.04 5.60 1.17 .01 6.63	U. S. Govt. obligations Other securities Loans. Demand deposits adjusted Time deposits	13 13 13 13 13 13	35.89 26.56 2.73 6.61 24.63 13.53	36.06 25.95 2.77 7.33 25.56 13.90	35.41 24.57 2.84 8.00 26.24 14.07
State and local government obli- gations	11	3.31	3.62	3.55				946	1947
Other securities. Loans, total. Commercial. Real estate. Agricultural.	11 10 11 11 11	3.15 23.30 9.69 4.27 .88	3.08 24.78 (6) (6) (6)	3.08 26.70 13.15 5.36 .88	SELECTED DATES		July- Sept.	Oct Dec.	Jan Mar.
For purchasing securities: Brokers	11	2.40	(6)	1.51	FARM REAL ESTATE VALUES	•	In u	unit indic	ated
To others Consumer Demand deposits adjusted	11 11 10	2.48 2.46 67.46	(*) (6) 68.82	1.47 3.31 70.24	Cash farm income (bill. dollars, annual basis Farm real estate values (1912–14=	49A	23.5	r28.8	28.8
CLASSES OF BANKS					100) Prices received and paid by farmers:	49A 49A	7 152	(7)	7 159
Central reserve city banks:					Prices paid (1910-14=100) Prices received (Aug. 1909-July		201	211	7221
Loans and investments, total U. S. Govt. obligations Other securities	12 12 12	28.47 19.13 1.51	26.94 17.67 1.65	25.60 16.22 1.51		49A	245	267	267
Loans Demand deposits adjusted Time deposits	12 12 12	7.84 19.35 2.21	7.63 19.41 2.25	7.87 19.78 2.30			1945 In u	nit indice	1946 ated
Reserve city banks: Loans and investments, total U. S. Govt. obligations Other securities	12 12 12	37.68 26.59 2.23	$36.71 \\ 24.61 \\ 2.28$	35.35 22.25 2.28	Cash farm income (bill. dollars) Farm transfers (number per 1000	49A	21.6	2	.8
Loans Demand deposits adjusted Time deposits	12 12 12 12	8.86 23.48 10.45	9.81 23.85 10.67	10.82 24.22 10.88	farms): Total	49A 49A	56.4 54.9		

Estimated. \* Preliminary. r Revised.
Figures for other than Wednesday dates are shown under the Wednesday included in the weekly period.
Less than \$5,000,000.
Interbank time deposits are excluded from interbank deposits and included in time deposits beginning Apr. 2; on that date they totaled 21 million and 23 million dollars for New York City and for 100 cities outside New York, respectively.
For charts on pages 20, 23, and 27, figures for a more recent period are available in the regular BULLETIN tables that show those series.
Adjusted for seasonal variation.
Figures available for June and December dates only.
As Nov. 1, 1946 (September quarter) and Mar. 1, 1947 (March quarter); no data available for December quarter since surveys are made only three times a year.

CONSUMER	CREDIT *
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	Chart		1947			Chart book		1947	
	book page <sup>1</sup>	Jan.	Feb. <sup>p</sup>	Mar.p		page <sup>1</sup>	Jan.	Feb. <sup>p</sup>	Mar.p
		(In mil	lions of	dollars)			(In mil	lions of a	dollars)
Consumer credit outstanding, total Instalment credit, total Instalment loans Instalment sale credit Charge accounts Single-payment loans Service credit outstanding, cumu- lative totals: <sup>2</sup> Instalment credit Charge accounts Single-payment loans Service credit. Consumer instalment sale credit out- standing, cumulative totals: <sup>2</sup> Automobile dealers Furniture and household appli- ance stores Department stores and mail- order houses All other	3 3, 5 5 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 6	9,783 4,061 2,495 1,566 2,764 2,869 9,783 5,722 2,958 869 1,566 985 606 269	5,556 2,954 874 1,609 978 599	4,329 2,638 1,691 2,775 2,066 877 10,047 5,718 2,943 877 1,691 1,002 618	By automobile dealers By furniture and household appli- ance stores By department stores and mail- order houses By all other retailers Consumer instalment loan credit out- standing, cumulative totals <sup>2</sup> Commercial and industrial banks Small loan companies Credit unions Miscellaneous lenders Insured repair and modernization loans	7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8	286 183 122 58 2,495 1,377 757 572 360	298 186 119 56 2,551 1,390 770 580 365	377 240 156 73 2,638 1,422 795 599 380

P Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Annual figures for charts on pages 9-19, inclusive, will be published as soon as they become available.
 <sup>2</sup> The figures shown here are cumulative totals, not aggregates for the individual components. Aggregates for each component may be derived by subtracting from the figure shown, the total immediately following it.
 \* Copies of the Chart Book may be obtained at a price of 50 cents.

### NUMBER OF BANKING OFFICES IN THE UNITED STATES

***				Com	mercial ba	nks 1			Martinal	savings	
	All re-		M	ember ban	ks	Nonr	nember ba	anks <sup>1</sup>		nks	Non- reporting banks
	porting banks	Total	Total <sup>2</sup>	Na- tional	State 2	Total	In- sured	Non- insured <sup>1</sup>	In- sured <sup>2</sup>	Non- insured	(nonmember noninsured)
Banks (Head Offices)           Dec. 31, 1942           Dec. 31, 1943           Dec. 31, 1944           Dec. 31, 1945           Dec. 31, 1946           Mar. 31, 1947	14,579 14,535 14,553 14,585	14,136 14,034 13,992 14,011 14,044 14,055	6,679 6,738 6,814 6,884 6,900 6,917	5,081 5,040 5,025 5,017 5,007 5,011	1,598 1,698 1,789 1,867 1,893 1,906	7,460 7,299 7,181 7,130 7,147 7,141	6,667 6,535 6,452 6,416 6,457 6,457	793 764 729 714 690 684	56 184 192 192 191 191	490 361 351 350 350 350	130 119 120 112 111 109
Branches and Additional Offices <sup>3</sup> Dec. 31, 1942 Dec. 31, 1943 Dec. 31, 1944 Dec. 31, 1945 Dec. 31, 1946 Mar. 31, 1947.	3,933 4,064 4,090	3,602 3,797 3,924 3,947 3,981 4,013	2,615 2,793 2,892 2,909 2,913 2,945	1,592 1,741 1,813 1,811 1,781 1,799	1,023 1,052 1,079 1,098 1,132 1,146	987 1,004 1,032 1,038 1,068 1,068	935 952 978 981 1,006 1,007	52 52 54 57 62 61	35 95 99 101 115 .120	102 41 41 42 42 43	

Preliminary.
Excludes banks (shown in last column) that do not report to State banking departments, principally as follows on the latest date: 10 "cooperative" banks in Arkansas and 97 unincorporated (private) banks in Georgia, Iowa, Michigan, and Texas.
The State member bank figures and the insured mutual savings bank figures both include three member mutual savings banks. These banks are not included in the total for "Commercial banks" and are included only once in "All reporting banks."
Includes all branches and other additional offices at which deposits are received, checks paid, or money lent. Includes offices at military reservations, consisting mostly of "banking facilities" provided through arrangements made by the Treasury Department with banks designated as depositaries and financial agents of the Government; the number of such offices on the above dates was 40, 233, 308, 241, 79, and 77, respectively. Nore.—Prior to February 1946, statistics on number of banking offices were published quarterly. For back figures, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 1 and 14, pp. 16-17 and 52-53, and descriptive text, pp. 13-14.

NUMBER OF BANKS CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO FEDERAL RESERVE PAR LIST STATUS, BY DISTRICTS AND STATES

				Not			0	)n par list	1	Not	
Federal Reserve district or State	Total 1	Total	Mem- ber banks	Non- member banks	on par list 1	State	Total <sup>1</sup>	Total	Mem- ber banks	Non- member banks	on par list <sup>1</sup>
United States total: Dec. 31, 1942 Dec. 31, 1943 Dec. 31, 1944 Dec. 31, 1945 Dec. 31,1946 Mar. 31, 1947 <sup>P</sup>	14,123 14,021 13,989 14,002 14,043 14,054	11,413 11,492 11,544 11,869 11,957 11,988	6,670 6,729 6,806 6,877 6,894 6,911	4,743 4,763 4,738 4,992 5,063 5,077	2,710 2,529 2,445 2,133 2,086 2,066	Kentucky. Louisiana. Marine. Maryland. Massachusetts Michigan. Minnesota. Mississippi. Missouri Montana.	386 157 63 169 183 443 678 205 592 110	386 56 63 169 183 443 264 . 38 521 110	114 45 38 79 148 228 209 30 181 80	272 11 25 90 35 215 55 8 340 30	101 
By districts and by States Mar. 31, 1947,						Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire	409 8 65	409 8 65	145 6 52	264 2 13	
Boston New York Philadelphia	488 934 845	488 934 845	335 800 648	153 134 197	· · · · · · · · · · ·	New Jersey New Mexico New York	343 45 664	343 45 664	294 32 577	49 13 87	
Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis	1,166 1,012 1,151 2,476 1,468	1,166 785 527 2,419 1,111	722 476 337 999 498	444 309 190 1,420 613	227 624 57 357	North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma	204 151 673 383	85 44 673 373	53 41 427 222	32 32 246 151	119 107 10
Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	1,277 1,747 984 506	601 1,736 874 502	474 754 599 269	127 982 275 233	676 11 110 4	Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota	70 1,007 20 149 169	70 1,007 20 54 68	33 767 11 30 63	37 240 9 24 5	95 101
						Tennessee Texas. Utah. Vermont Virginia	294 870 59 71 315	191 810 59 71 305	82 551 34 40 203	109 259 25 31 102	103 60  10
Alabama Arizona Arkansas California Colorado	219 10 228 192 141	107 10 97 192 141	85 5 66 113 92	22 5 31 79 49	112 131	Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	122 181 554 55	118 178 443 55	54 108 163 37	64 70 280 18	4 3 111
Connecticut Delaware Dist. of Columbia Florida Georgia	114 39 19 177 371	114 39 19 113 92	63 17 16 72 63	51 22 3 41 29	64 279	P Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Represents banks of both member and non- some checks are draw The total in this ta- ceding table because the prediction of the table because the table because the table because the prediction of table because the	member n n. able differ	nutual sav s from tot	ings bank al comme	s on a few ercial banl	of which as in pre-
Idaho. Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas	48 869 489 661 610	48 867 489 661 608	25 501 238 164 214	23 366 251 497 394	2 2	which checks are dra banking departments industrial banks and checks are drawn on t Back figures.—See Statistics, Table 15, as	wn, name (see footn nondepo them. annual	ely, those lote 1 of p psit trust reports a	that do n receding t companie nd Banks	not report cable), and cs whethe	to State l includes r or not

### **MEMBER BANK EARNINGS, 1946**

### ALL MEMBER BANKS, BY CLASSES

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

		All memi	ber banks <sup>1</sup>		All national	All State	Central city memb		Reserve city	Country
					member banks	member banks	New York	Chicago	member banks	member banks
	1943	1944	1945	1946			Year 194	46		
Earnings. Interest and dividends on	1,650,170	1,873,768	2,102,177	2,402,532	1,568,151	834,381	456,238	110,795	895,418	940,081
securities: U. S. Government Other Interest and discount on	} 765,828	959,787	<pre></pre>	1,053,532 147,586	698,662 102,412	354,870 45,174	209,836 23,931	52,310 8,534	380,550 52,487	410,836 62,634
loans	552,128	548,274	571,776	760,668	506,020	254,648	121,937	29,784	298,437	310,510
Service charges and fees on loans	10,849	14,900	16,386	11,717	7,702	4,015	2,782	951	5,356	2,628
Service charges on deposit accounts	76,407	85,500	87,499	99,634	69,103	30,531	8,624	1,394	36,214	53,402
Other charges, commissions, fees, etc Trust department Other current earnings	45,137 96,333 103,488	53,206 104,333 107,768	63,833 112,134 114,379	67,827 131,195 130,373	44,475 50,397 89,380	23,352 80,798 40,993	9,073 47,270 32,785	809 11,497 5,516	25,557 48,785 48,032	32,388 23,643 44,040
Expenses. Salaries—officers. Salaries and wages—others	1,038,787 174,877 312,125	<b>1,126,733</b> 187,503 337,440	<b>1,267,633</b> 208,237 371,374	<b>1,468,550</b> 242,422 457,020	<b>947,813</b> 158,207 283,748	84,215	<b>250,312</b> 37,219 104,261	63,137 8,777 20,908	558,760 77,949 188,077	<b>596,341</b> 118,477 143,774
Directors' and committee members' fees	8,706	9,514	10,757	12,401	8,187	4,214	1,314	150	2,373	8,564
Interest on time deposits Interest on borrowed money Taxes other than on net in-	123,707 353	144,103 967	182,874 2,286	211,603 2,175	143,224 1,101	68,379 1,074	6,846 796	8,480 51	82,004 829	114,273 499
come Recurring depreciation on	84,282	82,844	83,476	81,819	54,233	27,586	9,209	4,344	33,340	34,926
banking house, furniture, and fixtures Other current expenses	33,472 301,265	34,939 329,423	34,004 374,625	34,034 427,076			4,113 86,554	704 19,723	11,912 162,276	17,305 158,523
Net current earnings before income taxes	611,383	747,035	834,544	933,982	620,338	313,644	205,926	47,658	336,658	343,7 <b>40</b>
Recoveries, profits on se- curities, etc	312,333	318,133	453,785	355,805	214,345	141.460	70,837	23,201	126,677	135,090
Recoveries on securities Profits on securities	81,812 93,854	82,821 116,267	113,221 238,835	53,587 183,010	33,804 110,266	19,783	9,706 40,718	6,475 6,085	20,185 60,811	17,221 75,396
Recoveries on loans	72,533 64,134	72,540 46,505	55,918 45,811	63,742 55,466	41,280 28,995	22,462	11,087 9,326	3,400 7,241	24,134 21,547	25,121 17,352
Losses and charge-offs On securities	250,972 101,559	<b>232,183</b> 97,146	229,856 117,785	<b>246,962</b> 115,455	155,386 74,605	40,850	43,560 12,754	<b>20,632</b> 11,439	<b>100,505</b> 44,723	82,265 46,539
On loans	63,360 86,053	60,283 74,754	46,541 65,530	61,492 70,015	44,485 36,296		12,207 18,599	3,578 5,615	28,930 26,852	16,777 18,9 <b>49</b>
Profits before income taxes.	672,744	832 985	1,058,473	1,042,825	679,297	363,528	233,203	50,227	362,830	396,565
Taxes on net income Federal State	<b>115,491</b> 102,976 12,515	<b>183,715</b> 169,136 14,579	<b>270,062</b> 250,281 19,781	<b>285,026</b> 264,512 20,514	<b>185,451</b> 173,913 11,538	90,599	64,786	<b>12,993</b> 12,993	<b>98,681</b> 93,015 5,666	<b>98,306</b> 93,718 4,588
Net profits	557,253	649,270	788,411	757,799	493,846	263,953	158,157	37,234	264,149	298,25 <b>9</b>
Cash dividends declared	208,368	226,002	245,934	266,647	169,741	96,906	75,076	14,050	98,697	78,824
On preferred stock <sup>2</sup> On common stock	10,828 197,540	9,687 216,315	8,262 237,672	5,873 260,774	2,423 167,318	3,450 93,456	34 75,042	14,050	2,104 96,593	3,735 75,089
Loans. U. S. Government securities	48,182,000	60.324.000	19,815,000 71,795,000	71,217,000	46,726,000	24.491.000	6,736,000 15,509,000	3,537,000	26,129,000	26,042,000
Other securities	5,286,000	5,131,000 974,000	5,566,000 903,000 26,700,000	868 000	1 554 000	1 314 000	1,182,000 174,000 6,402,000	16 000	2,182,000 330,000 11,208,000	348 000
Total assets	94,299,000	108,920,000	125,132,000	132,315,000	86,827,000	45,488,000	30,137,000	6,778,000	49,431,000	45,969,000
Time deposits Total deposits Total capital accounts	14,176,000 87,381,000 6,304,000	17,198,000 101;484,000 6,712,000	21,487,000 116,983,000 7,243,000	25,905,000 123,453,000 7,868,000	17,409,000 81,309,000 4,881,000	8,496,000 42,144,000 2,987,000	1,382,000 27,443,000 2,167,000	777,000 6,348,000 392,000	10,374,000 46,485,000 2,657,000	13,372,000 43,178,000 2,652,000
Number of officers Number of employees	36,398 190,354	37,693 193,279	39,903 207,460	42,512 230,442	29,616 147,206	12,896 83,236		716 8,917	10,580 91,272	28,100 86,369
Number of banks	6,738	6,814	6,884	6,900	5,007	1,893	37	14	355	6,494

<sup>1</sup> Includes figures for all banks that were members of the Federal Reserve System at the end of the year (including those becoming members during the year whose returns may cover operations for only part of the year); and in addition includes appropriate adjustments for member banks in operation during part of the year but not at the year end. <sup>2</sup> Includes interest on capital notes and debentures. Notre.—The figures of assets, deposits, and capital accounts are averages of the amounts reported for every call date in the current year and the final call date in the preceding year except for the omission of the spring call in 1944 and the fall call in 1946. Averages are distorted in 1945 because three of the call dates were in or near bond drives, when deposits, loans, and investments were at their peaks for the year. The number of officers, em-ployees and banks are as of the end of the year.

The of the call dates were in or near bond drives, when deposits, loans, and investments were at their peaks for the year. The number of officers, em-ployees, and banks are as of the end of the year. Real estate assets are comprised of banking house and equipment, other real estate owned, and items indirectly representing bank premises or other real estate. Cash assets are comprised of cash, balances with other banks (including reserve balances), and cash items in process of collection. Total capital accounts are comprised of the aggregate book value of capital stock, capital notes and debentures, surplus, undivided profits, reserves for con-tingencies, and other capital reserves.

### ALL MEMBER BANKS, BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

_	Federal Reserve district           Boston         New         Phila-         Cleve-         Rich-         Atlanta         Chicago         St. Louis         Minne-         Kansas         Dallas         San													
Item	Boston	New York	Phila- delphia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minne- apolis	Kansas City	Dallas	San Francisco		
Earnings Interest and dividends on	132,286	648,097	146,220	202,235	110,277	114,881	336,371	90,259	66,451	101,503	105,947	348,005		
securities: U. S. Government Other Interest and discount on	56,445 7,424	298,258 35,791	65,838 14,445	92,228 16,538	49,527 4,865	45,196 8,610	164,271 21,273	36,601 6,346	31,746 2,921	42,324 5,497	36,575 4,636	134,523 19,240		
loans Service charges and fees on	<b>40,0</b> 96	182,816	39,990	58,086	36,953	38,189	93,858	32,829	18,928	35,865	46,992	136,066		
loans	<b>4</b> 64	3,373	324	793	259	527	2,291	317	228	227	283	2,631		
accounts	5,993	18,759	4,242	7,632	5,666	5,894	15,162	3,491	3,526	6,347	5,407	17,515		
Other charges, commissions, fees, etc Trust department Other current earnings	2,804 9,546 9,514	13,297 53,573 42,230	2,682 12,431 6,268	4,594 11,497 10,867	4,100 4,657 4,250	2,994	8,460 15,769 15,287	3,514 2,962 4,199	4,448 1,724 2,930	3,093 2,312 5,838	3,778 1,423 6,853	10,264 12,307 15,459		
Expenses Salaries—officers Salaries and wages—others Directors' and committee	<b>82,442</b> 14,021 24,328	<b>381,195</b> 58,703 <b>13</b> 8,392	<b>89,828</b> 14,871 25,514	127,367 18,432 33,234	<b>67,732</b> 12,434 18,954	<b>70,404</b> 11,639 19,211	<b>212,190</b> 33,345 62,013	<b>54,513</b> 10,688 15,067	<b>41,641</b> 8,406 10,571	<b>59,167</b> 13,478 16,140	<b>62,574</b> 13,693 16,967	<b>219,497</b> 32,712 76,629		
members' fees Interest on time deposits Interest on borrowed money	855 12,120 91	3,077 34,753 1,018	1,555 14,253 74	1,138 23,992 197	800 10,647 110	9,074	1,473 39,458 275	589 6,833 129	456 7,405 63	561 4,591 84	612 3,532 17	699 44,945 32		
Taxes other than on net in- income Recurring depreciation on banking house, furniture,	3,858	15,255	5,212	14,734	4,288	4,914	12,056	3,866	1,781	3,173	5,349	7,333		
and fixtures Other current expenses	2,174 24,995	8,011 121,986	2,835 25,514	3,132 32,508	1,878 18,621	2,059 22,836	4,033 59,537	1,255 16,086	791 12,168	1,445 19,695	1,839 20,565	4,582 52,565		
Net current earnings be- fore income taxes	49,844	266,902	56,392	74,868	42,545	44,477	124,181	35,746	24,810	42,336	43,373	128,508		
Recoveries, profits on se- curities, etc	19,688	117,815	34,297	37,223	11,860	13,047	48,598		7,115	11,388	10,261	30,398		
Recoveries on securities Profits on securities	1,880 9,900	16,292 69,621	9,083 15,886	3,642 18,273	1,158 6,822	874 8,144	10,048 22,088	2,196 8,263	1,085 2,313	2,947 4,609	1,199 4,733	3,183 12,358		
Recoveries on loans All other	5,685 2,223	18,460 13,442	4,226 5,102	6,135 9,173	2,335 1,545	1,795	6,543 9,919		1,532 2,185	2,507 1,325	2,531 1,798	9,965 4,892		
Losses and charge-offs	20,352	66,385	20,807	19,552	6,352	9,593	37,548	8,849	5,646	8,392	8,708	34,778		
On securities On loans All other	5,301 3,652 11,399	27,041 16,750 22,594	12,826 1,808 6,173	12,081 2,861 4,610	3,053 1,295 2,004	1,719	22,025 5,920 9,603	1,961	2,887 1,054 1,705	4,954 2,084 1,354	4,026 2,516 2,166	19,872		
Profits before income taxes		318,332		92,539	48,053		135,231	1	26,279	45,332	44,926			
Taxes on net income Federal State	<b>16,276</b> 13,701 2,575	<b>97,264</b> 85,261 12,003	<b>17,491</b> 17,491	<b>21,721</b> 21,721	13,123 13,018 105	12,521	<b>33,13</b> 2 33,099 33	10,381	<b>6,847</b> 6,007 840	<b>11,333</b> 10,557 776	<b>12,291</b> <b>1</b> 2,267 24	<b>32,169</b> 28,488 3,681		
Net profits	32,904	221,068	52,391	70,818	34,930		102,099	30,621	19,432	33,999	32,635			
Cash dividends declared On preferred stock <sup>2</sup> On common stock	<b>16,182</b> 115 16,067	<b>90,558</b> 2,535 88,023	<b>18,818</b> 483 18,335	<b>19,563</b> 675 18,888	<b>11,137</b> 97 11,040	164		<b>9,038</b> 190 8,848	6,007 55 5,952	<b>9,167</b> 25 9,142	11,078 73 11,005	35,069 664 34,405		
Loans	1,268,000 3,652,000 204,000 56,000	8,197,000 20,923,000 1,662,000 262,000	1,095,000 3,954,000 533,000	1,734,000 5,734,000 632,000 83,000	998,000 3,296,000 209,000 49,000	1,073,000 3,052,000 368,000	3,076,000 11,006,000 1,028,000 76,000	990,000 2,490,000 276,000	501,000 2,047,000 136,000 17,000	871,000 3,034,000 287,000	1,202,000 2,513,000 193,000 45,000	3,254,000 9,517,000 855,000 112,000		
								1				17,271,000		
Time deposits	5,980,000	4,761,000 35,809,000 2,746,000	5,497,000	2,836,000 9,521,000 752,000	5,677,000	1,041,000 5,879,000 287,000	18,345,000	4,735,000	3,340,000	5,698,000	5,531,000	16,443,000		
Number of officers Number of employees	2,257 13,210	7,283 62,927	2,998 13,793	3,497 17,073	2,500 10,844		5,526 31,356		2,035 6,363	3,241 9,671	2,959 9,781	5,671 35,389		
Number of banks	337	801	649	722	475	331	1,002	495	470	754	595	269		

See footnotes on p. 602.

### RESERVE CITY MEMBER BANKS,\* BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

	Federal Reserve district												
Item	Boston	New York	Phila- delphia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minne- apolis	Kansas City	Dallas	San - Francisco	
Earnings. Interest and dividends on	51,094	18,653	58,356	107,389	47,037	49,936	104,745	43,808	22,888	51,724	51,769	288,019	
securities: U. S. Government Other Interest and discount on	18,857 3,512	7,768 787	25,479 5,328	49,619 7,758	22,721 1,485	18,752 3,860	54,542 4,483	16,467 3,006	11,908 844	23,554 2,976	19,511 1,495	111,372 16,953	
loans	16,126	6,173	14,413	29,029	13,303	16,940	29,038	16,978	6,420	16,464	22,358	111,195	
loans	364	56	183	480	57	412	920		82	70	121	2,412	
accounts Other charges, commissions,	1,055	919	1,164	2,991	2,250	1,842	6,179	1,052	785	2,103	1,355	14,519	
fees, etc Trust department Other current earnings	1,192 5,158 4,830	449 635 1,866	761 8,504 2,524	2,054 9,417 6,041	1,930 3,175 2,116	3,055 1,927 3,148	3,427 1,919 4,237	1,470 2,556 2,080	643 1,363 843	973 1,970 3,614	1,549 1,194 4,186	8,054 10,967 12,547	
<b>Expenses</b> Salaries—officers Salaries and wages—others. Directors' and committee	28,722 4,681 10,202	<b>13,601</b> 1,560 4,493	<b>35,738</b> 5,216 13,619	<b>65,862</b> 7,642 20,124	<b>29,707</b> 4,879 9,768	•	<b>71,889</b> 8,726 23,239	<b>26,328</b> 4,013 8,752	<b>14,039</b> 1,993 4,963	<b>30,156</b> 4,569 9,454	<b>30,164</b> 4,778 8,888	181,987 25,729 65,846	
members' fees Interest on time deposits Interst on borrowed money.	123 1,677 27	92 2,155 17	242 1,429 40	263 10,094 146	239 3,177 72	168 3,560 56	319 14,348 215	125 2,460 91	85 1,413 57	155 2,199 75	121 2,325 10	441 37,167 23	
Taxes other than on net income Recurring depreciation on banking house, furniture,	1,160	639	2,004	8,094	2,191	2,482	3,348	2,000	572	1,869	2,781	6,200	
and fixtures Other current expenses	628 10,224	363 4,282	760 12,428	1,360 18,139	710 8,671	861 10,548	1,240 20,454	499 8,388	216 4,7 <b>4</b> 0	705 11,130	886 10,375	3,684 42,897	
Net current earnings be- fore income taxes	22,372	5,052	22,618	41,527	17,330	19,369	32,856	17,480	8,849	21,568	21,605	106,032	
Recoveries, profits on se- curities, etc Recoveries on securities Profits on securities Recoveries on loans All other	5,517 309 1,806 2,295 1,107	<b>5,827</b> 1,557 2,848 1,005 417	17,840 6,887 7,917 1,106 1,930	<b>21,608</b> 1,518 8,843 3,978 7,269	<b>5,605</b> 340 3,765 767 733	6,444 486 4,051 882 1,025	11,570 1,520 8,059 1,053 938	1,573 4,880 1,197	<b>3,551</b> 302 1,208 543 1,498	<b>7,373</b> 2,270 3,371 1,126 606	<b>6,448</b> 781 3,555 1,052 1,060	<b>26,508</b> 2,642 10,508 9,130 4,228	
Losses and charge-offs On securities On loans All other	12,206 1,989 1,752 8,465	<b>3,481</b> 2,429 755 297	<b>12,210</b> 7,474 401 4,335	<b>11,585</b> 7,297 1,551 2,737	<b>2,481</b> 708 615 1,158	<b>4,846</b> 3,086 860 900	<b>8,222</b> 4,793 1,249 2,180	2,870 1,229	1, <b>740</b> 895 470 375	<b>4,803</b> 3,051 1,048 704	<b>3,439</b> 1,655 694 1,090	<b>30,807</b> 8,476 18,306 4,025	
Profits before income taxes	15,683	7,398	28,248	51,550	20,454	20,967	36,204	21,181	10,660	24,138	24,614	101,733	
Taxes on net income Federal State	6,245 4,920 1,325	<b>1,570</b> 1,376 194	<b>8,062</b> 8,062	<b>11,769</b> 11,769	<b>5,838</b> 5,823 15	<b>5,944</b> 5,735 209	<b>9,258</b> 9,258		<b>2,978</b> 2,538 440	<b>6,770</b> 6,342 428	<b>7,591</b> 7,591	<b>26,624</b> 23,575 3,049	
Net profits	9,438	5,828	20,186	39,781	14,616	15,023	26,946	15,149	7,682	17,368	17,023	75,109	
Cash dividends declared On preferred stock <sup>2</sup> On common stock	<b>7,634</b> 18 7,616	1,822 110 1,712	<b>9,718</b> 8 9,710	12,058 611 11,447	<b>5,367</b> 22 5,345	<b>4,679</b> 90 4,589	<b>7,743</b> 570 7,173	52	<b>2,536</b> 30 2,506	<b>4,542</b> 2 4,540	<b>6,059</b> 26 6,033	<b>31,255</b> 565 30,690	
Loans U. S. Government securities Other securities Real estate assets Cash assets	672,000 1,307,000 41,000 18,000 551,000	196,000 523,000 31,000 11,000 188,000	1,589,000 194,000 22,000		470,000 1,599,000 76,000 26,000 698,000	592,000 1,292,000 164,000 22,000 737,000	900,000 3,839,000 253,000 25,000 1,407,000	1,168,000 128,000 13,000	243,000 755,000 45,000 7,000 339,000	540,000 1,713,000 166,000 15,000 992,000	745,000 1,255,000 67,000 29,000 891,000	2,752,000 7,915,000 751,000 95,000 2,865,000	
Total assets	2,613,000	952,000	3,073,000	5,832,000	2,878,000	2,821,000	6,443,000	2,576,000	1,394,000	3,433,000	2,991,000	14,426,000	
Time deposits	185,000 2,383,000 199,000	294,000 890,000 59,000		1,211,000 5,331,000 467,000	432,000 2,713,000 152,000	388,000 2,676,000 127,000	1,882,000 6,130,000 286,000	2,424,000	161,000 1,313,000 73,000	337,000 3,264,000 159,000	309,000 2,830,000 151,000	4,654,000 13,721,000 614,000	
Number of officers Number of employees	503 4,895	220 2,439	569 6,522	799 9,282	609 5,307	552 4,873	1,096 11,699	518 4,764	264 2,471	662 5,170	573 4,585	4,215 29,265	
Number of banks	11	10	24	30	33	21	78	21	9	50	35	33	

\* Not including central reserve city banks. See footnotes on p. 602.

# COUNTRY MEMBER BANKS, BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

	Federal Reserve district												
Item	Boston	New York	Phila- delphia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minne- apolis	Kansas City	Dallas	San Francisco	
Earnings. Interest and dividends on	81,192	173,206	87,864	94,846	63,240	64,945	120,831	46,451	43,563	49,779	54,178	59,986	
securities: U. S. Government Other Interest and discount on	37,588 3,912	80,654 11,073	40,359 9,117	42,609 8,780	26,806 3,380	26,444 4,750	57,419 8,256	20,134 3,340	19,838 2,077	18,770 2,521	17,064 3,141	23,151 2,287	
loans	23,970	54,706	25,577	29,057	23,650	21,249	35,036	15,851	12,508	19,401	24,634	24,871	
loans	100	535	141	313	202	115	420	118	146	157	162	219	
accounts	4,938	9,216	3,078	4,641	3,416	4,052	7,589	2,439	2,741	4,244	4,052	2,996	
Other charges, commissions, fees, etc	1,612	3,775	1,921	2,540	2,170	3,738	4,224	2,044	3,805	2,120	2,229 229	2,210	
Trust department Other current earnings	4,388 4,684	5,668 7,579	3.927 3,744	2,080 4,826	1,482 2,134	1,067 3,530	2,353 5,534	406 2,119	361 2,087	342 2,224	2,667	1,340 2,912	
Expenses	<b>53,720</b> 9,340 14,126	<b>117,282</b> 19,924 29,638	<b>54,090</b> 9,655 11,895	<b>61,505</b> 10,790 13,110	<b>38,025</b> 7,555 9,186	<b>39,837</b> 7,476 10,482	<b>77,164</b> 15,842 17,866	<b>28,185</b> 6,675 6,315	<b>27,602</b> 6.413 5,608	<b>29,011</b> 8,909 6,686	<b>32,410</b> 8,915 8,079	<b>37,510</b> 6,983 10,783	
Interest on time deposits Interest on borrowed money Taxes other than on net in-	732 10,443 64	1,671 25,752 205	1,313 12,824 34	875 13,898 51	561 7,470 38	418 5,514 29	1,004 16,630 9	464 4,373 38	371 5,992 6	406 2,392 9	491 1,207 7	258 7,778 9	
Recurring depreciation on banking house, furniture,	2,698	5,407	3,208	6,640	2,097	2,432	4,364	1,866	1,209	1,304	2,568	1,133	
and fixtures	1,546 14,771	3,535 31,150	2,075 13,086	1,772 14,369	1,168 9,950	1,198 12,288	2,089 19,360	756 7,698	575 7,428	740 8,565	953 10,190	898 9,668	
Net current earnings be- fore income taxes	27,472	55,924	33,774	33,341	25,215	25,108	43,667	18,266	15,961	20,768	21,768	22,476	
Recoveries, profits on se- curities, etc Recoveries on securities Profits on securities Recoveries on loans All other	14,171 1,571 8,094 3,390 1,116	<b>41,151</b> 5,029 26,055 6,368 3,699	16,457 2,196 7,969 3,120 3,172	15,615 2,124 9,430 2,157 1,904	6,255 818 3,057 1,568 812	6,603 388 4,093 913 1,209	<b>13,827</b> 2,053 7,944 2,090 1,740	5,729 623 3,383 831 892	<b>3,564</b> 783 1,105 989 687	<b>4,015</b> 677 1,238 1,381 719	<b>3,813</b> 418 1,178 1,479 738	<b>3,890</b> 541 1,850 835 664	
Losses and charge-offs On securities On loans	8,146 3,312 1,900	<b>19,344</b> 11,858 3,788	<b>8,597</b> 5,352 1,407	7,967 4,784 1,310	<b>3,871</b> 2,345 680	<b>4,747</b> 2,462 859	<b>8,694</b> 5,793 1,093	<b>4,164</b> 2,676 732	<b>3,906</b> 1,992 584	<b>3,589</b> 1,903 1,036	<b>5,269</b> 2,371 1,822	<b>3,971</b> 1,691 1,566	
All other	2,934	3,698	1,838	1,873	846	1,426	1,808	756	1,330	650	1,076	714	
Profits before income taxes.	33,497	77,731	41,634	40,989	27,599	26,964	48,800	19,831	15,619	21,194	20,312	22,395	
Taxes on net income           Federal           State	10,031 8,781 1,250	<b>20,648</b> 19,099 1,549	9,429 9,429	<b>9,952</b> 9,952	<b>7,285</b> 7,195 90	<b>7,044</b> 6,786 258	<b>10,881</b> 10,848 33	<b>4,359</b> 4,355 4	<b>3,869</b> 3,469 400	<b>4,563</b> 4,215 348	<b>4,700</b> 4,676 24	<b>5,545</b> 4,913 632	
Net profits	23,466	57,083	32,205	31,037	20,314	19,920	37,919	15,472	11,750	16,631	15,612	16,850	
Cash dividends declared On preferred stock <sup>2</sup> On common stock	<b>8,548</b> 97 8,451	<b>13,660</b> 2,391 11,269	9,100 475 8,625	<b>7,505</b> 64 7,441	<b>5,770</b> 75 5,695	<b>4,863</b> 74 4,789	<b>8,695</b> 227 8,468	3,754 138 3,616	<b>3,471</b> 25 3,446	<b>4,625</b> 23 4,602	<b>5,019</b> 47 <b>4</b> ,972	<b>3,814</b> 99 3,715	
Loans U. S. Government securities Other securities Real estate assets Cash assets	596,000 2,345,000 164,000 38,000 745,000	$\begin{array}{r} 1,265,000\\ 4,892,000\\ 450,000\\ 78,000\\ 1,326,000 \end{array}$	548,000 2,366,000 340,000 45,000 729,000	621,000 2,558,000 365,000 36,000 904,000	527,000 1,697,000 133,000 23,000 763,000	481,000 1,760,000 204,000 26,000 894,000	789,000 3,630,000 412,000 35,000 1,313,000	1,322,000 148,000 14,000	92,000 10,000	121,000 10,000	126,000 16,000	502,000 1,601,000 104,000 17,000 616,000	
Total assets	3,897,000	8,031,000	4,033,000	4,490,000	3,149,000	3,372,000	6,187,000	2,441,000	2,135,000	2,558,000	2,831,000	2,845,000	
Time deposits Total deposits Total capital accounts	1,060,000 3,596,000 274,000	3,085,000 7,476,000 520,000	3,686,000	4,190,000	791,000 2,964,000 175,000	3,203,000		2,311,000	2,027,000	289,000 2,434,000 122,000		852,000 2,721,000 119,000	
Number of officers Number of employees	1,754 8,315	3,947 16,604	2,429 7,271	2,698 7,791	1,891 5,537	1,608 6,244	3,714 10,740	1,867 4,154	1,771 3,892	2,579 4,501	2,386 5,196	1,456 6,124	
Number of banks	326	754	625	692	442	310	910	474	461	704	560	236	

See footnotes on page 602.

### ALL MEMBER BANKS, BY SIZE OF BANK

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

	Total 1         Size group—total deposits (in thousands of dollars)           1,000 and         1,000-         2,000-         10,000-         25,000-         50,000-         Over													
Item	Total <sup>1</sup>	1,000 and under	1,000- 2,000	2,000- 5,000	5,000 10,000	10,000- 25,000	25,000- 50,000	50,000- 100,000	Over 100,000					
Earnings Interest and dividends on se-	2,379,613	8,411	45,798	176,714	191,828	263,081	193,529	174,716	1,325,536					
curities: U. S. Government Other Interest and discount on loans	1,044,780 144,778 756,269	2,934 501 3,782	17,812 2,905 18,349	74,434 12,612	83,245 14,037 65,524	115,684 18,065 83,782	84,496 11,119 61,917	75,562 9,540 54,722	590,613 75,999 403,832					
Service charges and fees on loans. Service charges on deposit ac-	11,652 99,141	487	2,760	64,361 484 10,920	694	778 16,027	684 11,247	555 8,323	403,832 8,301 37,695					
Other charges, commissions, fees, etc	67,404 125,897	426	2,393	7,416	6,742	8,262	5,582	4,915	31,668					
Trust department Other current earnings	129,692	25 223	53 1,403	856 5,631	2,673 7,231	7,322 13,161	8,344 10,140	9,525 11,574	97,099 80,329					
Expenses Salaries—officers Salaries and wages—others Directors' and committee mem-	<b>1,456,761</b> 240,367 453,459	<b>5,391</b> 1,963 607	<b>28,800</b> 9,010 4,138	110,075 28,211 20,216	25,339 27,408	<b>169,329</b> 29,662 44,254	<b>125,420</b> 20,404 36,779	<b>112,478</b> 17,529 34,635	<b>783,530</b> 108,249 285,422					
bers' fees Interest on time deposits Interest on borrowed money	12,320 210,293 2,168	121 780 2	699 5,230 10	66	2,072 24,872 76	2,108 32,970 124	1,136 20,544 198	809 15,167 148	3,028 88,727 1,544					
Taxes other than on net income. Recurring depreciation on bank- ing house, furniture, and fix-	81,076	323	1,691	6,523	7,172	9,640	7,126	6,524	42,077					
tures Other current expenses	33,895 423,183	174 1,421	843 7,179	3,240 27,469	3,445 31,354	4,864 45,707	3,029 36,204	3,388 34,278	239,571					
Net current earnings before income taxes	922,852	3,020	16,998	66,639	70,090	93,752	68,109	62,238	542,006					
Recoveries, profits on securi- ties, etc Recoveries on securities	348,176 52,927	<b>709</b> 84	<b>4,364</b> 752	<b>19,659</b> 2,578	<b>25,858</b> 3,730	<b>40,461</b> 4,775	<b>29,728</b> 3,851	<b>30,64</b> 2 4,752	<b>196,755</b> 32,405					
Profits on securities Recoveries on loans All other	181,900 63,289 50,060	286 254 85	1,847 1,191 574	10,009 4,167 2,905	13,969 4,878 3,281	23,355 7,028 5,303	$16,860 \\ 4,936 \\ 4,081$	19,004 4,201 2,685	96,570 36,634 31,146					
Losses and charge-offs	<b>245,874</b> 115,162	551 199	<b>2,936</b> 1,443	<b>13,153</b> 7,102	<b>15,997</b> 9,586	<b>22,579</b> 13,452	<b>18,410</b> 9,650	<b>18,459</b> 10,901	<b>153,789</b> 62,829					
On loans	61,230 69,482	224 128	919 574	3,088 2,963	3,111 3,300	4,021 5,106	3,678 5,082	3,305 4,253	42,884 48,076					
Profits before income taxes	1,025,154	3,178	18,426	73,145	79,951	111,634	79,427	74,421	584,972 170,707					
Taxes on net income           Federal           State	<b>282,250</b> 261,832 20,418	519 497 22	<b>3,239</b> 3,059 180	<b>14,117</b> 13,465 652	<b>19,127</b> 18,363 764	<b>30,135</b> 28,877 1,258	<b>22,811</b> 21,893 918	<b>21,595</b> 20,504 1,091	155,174 15,533					
Net profits	742,904	2,659	15,187	59,028	60,824	81,499	56,616	52,826	414,265					
Cash dividen 1s declared On preferred stock <sup>2</sup> On common stock	<b>263,348</b> 5,847 257,501	824 14 810	<b>4,151</b> 65 4,086	<b>14,874</b> 312 14,562	14,992 477 14,515	<b>20,891</b> 803 20,088	15,280 757 14,523	<b>13,766</b> 1,138 12,628	<b>178,570</b> 2,281 176,289					
Loans. U. S. Government securities. Other securities. Real estate assets. Cash assets.	26,640,530 62,869,414 6,608,588 861,535 29,501,049	64,152 179,912 19,401 2,044 114,468	358.596 1,102,681 118.246 11,032 570,128	1,427,074 4,545,076 547,997 48,612 2,053,885	1,574,967 4,856,124 650,088 59,553 1,988,126	2,261,136 6,796,318 833,544 105,574 2,751,922	1,808,695 5,020,568 535,482 74,508 2,244,760	1,781,509 4,519,120 451,286 81,381 2,251,964	35,849,615 3,452,544 478,831					
Total assets	126,907,738	380,180	2,161,981	8,628,815	9,138,585	12,769,764	9,709,972	9,112,263	75,006,178					
Time deposits Total deposits Total capital accounts	27,177,239 117,870,029 8,063,269	85,249 348,524 30,851	580,734 2,013,266 145,556	2,548,045 8,088,389 523,651	3,058,237 8,562,077 550,750	4,189,229 11,958,154 763,556	2,679,055 9,114,556 545,462	1,998,992 8,550,756 512,932	69,234,307					
Number of officers Number of employees	42,262 229,347	1,009 668	3,568 3,683	8,640 14,144	5,917 16,683	5,357 25,227	3,107 20,235	2,362 18,807	$12,302 \\ 129,900$					
Number of banks included	6,855	469	1,345	2,503	1,217	772	261	121	167					

<sup>1</sup> Totals are for all banks that submitted reports covering the entire year, except 3 trust companies.
 <sup>2</sup> Includes interest on capital notes and debentures.
 NOTE.—The figures for assets, deposits, capital accounts, number of officers and employees, and number of banks are as of the end of year. See note on p. 602 regarding the composition of real estate assets, cash assets, and total capital accounts.

### NATIONAL BANKS, BY SIZE OF BANK

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

		Size group—total deposits (in thousands of dollars)           Total <sup>1</sup> 1.000 and         1.000 and         2.000 and         50.000 a											
Item	Total <sup>1</sup>	1,000 and under	1,000- 2,000	2,000 5,000	5,000- 10,000	10,000- 25,000	25,000 50,000	50,000- 100,000	Over 100,000				
Earnings Interest and dividends on se-	1,565,230	6,155	32,027	133,062	140,416	189,672	118,713	119,848	825,337				
curities: U. S. Government Other Interest and discount on loans Service charges and fees on loans.	697,391 102,213 505,059 7,687	$2,119 \\ 418 \\ 2,764 \\ 21$	12,444 2,254 12,606 86	57,071 10,118 46,915 340	62,358 10,809 46,677 418	85,318 13,409 58,260 428	53,501 7,374 36,757 484	52,533 6,688 37,675 469	372,047 51,143 263,405 5,441				
Service charges on deposit ac- counts Other charges, commissions,	68,922	352	1,950	8,216	8,547	11,951	7,286	5,793	24,827				
fees, etc Trust department Other current earnings	44,339 50,372 89,247	299 25 157	1,644 27 1,016	5,522 542 4,338	4,830 1,501 5,276	6,090 4,525 9,691	3,529 3,357 6,425	3,629 4,330 8,731	18,796 36,065 53,613				
Expenses Salaries—officers Salaries and wages—others Directors' and committee mem-	<b>945,588</b> 157,730 283,165	<b>3,921</b> 1,432 442	<b>19,993</b> 6,197 2,962	<b>82,486</b> 20,923 15,311	<b>88,059</b> 18,500 19,789	120,779 21,305 31,511	<b>75,995</b> 12,405 21,991	<b>75,802</b> 11,689 22,507	<b>478,553</b> 65,279 168,652				
bers' fees Interest on time deposits Interest on borrowed money Taxes other than on net income. Recurring depreciation on bank-	8,161 142,869 1,101 54,138	89 578 2 226	497 3,577 9 1,131	1,813 16,385 48 4,938	1,527 17,639 51 5,173	1,502 22,792 59 7,115	683 11,788 75 4,297	522 10,342 113 4,599	$1,528 \\ 59,768 \\ 744 \\ 26,659$				
ing house, furniture, and fix- tures Other current expenses	23,130 275,294	131 1,021	620 5,000	2,547 20,521	2,516 22,864	3,542 32,953	1,898 22,858	2,428 23,602	9,448 146,475				
Net current earnings before income taxes	619,642	2,234	12,034	50,576	52,357	68,893	42,718	44,046	346,784				
Recoveries, profits on securi- ties, etc Recoveries on securities Profits on securities Recoveries on loans All other	<b>213,701</b> 33,766 109,884 41,088 28,963	<b>528</b> 70 211 183 64	<b>3,226</b> 567 1,359 896 404	<b>14,803</b> 2,058 7,577 3,099 2,069	<b>18,227</b> 2,985 9,440 3,470 2,332	<b>27,066</b> 2,995 16,174 5,051 2,846	<b>17,309</b> 1,690 10,110 3,289 2,220	<b>18,063</b> 2,345 11,580 2,539 1,599	<b>114,479</b> 21,056 53,433 22,561 17,429				
Losses and charge-offs On securities On loans All other	<b>155,194</b> 74,517 44,416 36,261	<b>43</b> 5 161 177 97	<b>2,198</b> 1,149 644 405	<b>10,437</b> 5,860 <b>2,</b> 273 2,304	<b>12,416</b> 7,838 2,086 2,492	<b>16,355</b> 10,125 2,731 3,499	<b>10,077</b> 5,157 2,281 2,639	<b>11,156</b> 7,848 1,622 1,686	<b>92,120</b> 36,379 32,602 23,139				
Profits before income taxes	678,149	2,327	13,062	54,942	58,168	79,604	49,950	50,953	369,143				
Taxes on net income           Federal           State	<b>185,184</b> 173,654 11,530	<b>389</b> 369 20	<b>2,301</b> 2,158 143	<b>10,679</b> 10,145 534	<b>14,023</b> 13,470 553	<b>21,756</b> 20,846 910	<b>13,998</b> 13,502 496	<b>14,666</b> 14,093 573	<b>107,372</b> 99,071 8,301				
Net profits	492,965	1,938	10,761	44,263	44,145	57,848	35,952	36,287	261,771				
Cash dividends declared On preferred stock <sup>2</sup> On common stock	<b>169,500</b> 2,412 167,088	612 8 604	<b>3,037</b> 35 3,002	<b>11,632</b> 158 11,474	<b>11,446</b> 192 11,254	<b>15,160</b> 391 14,769	<b>9,131</b> 180 8,951	<b>9,027</b> 431 8,596	<b>109,455</b> 1,017 108,438				
Loans U. S. Government securities Other securities. Real estate assets Cash assets	$17,220,346\\41,501,651\\4,777,482\\558,330\\19,932,530$	45,969 127,376 15,745 1,612 80,699	242,589 761,470 87,162 8,373 397,407	1,033,043 3,447,509 431,167 37,852 1,554,866	1,119,774 3,613,465 496,593 42,957 1,495,507	$\begin{array}{r} 1,574,073\\ 5,022,697\\ 632,317\\ 75,628\\ 2,065,049 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 1,083,308\\ 3,227,265\\ 359,793\\ 43,409\\ 1,507,596\end{array}$	3,136,537 333,896 52,739	10,869,802 22,165,332 2,420,809 295,760 11,163,272				
Total assets	84,256,266	271,552	1,497,865	6,509,234	6,775,092	9,384,897	6,236,327		47,119,783				
Time deposits Total deposits Total capital accounts	18,378,487 78,487,566 5,119,993	60,621 247,191 23,607	390,602 1,389,428 106,085	1,887,262 6,092,630 404,527	2,159,966 6,350,054 406,690	2,930,433 8,805,295 546,765	1,625,703 5,879,039 329,006	6,081,039	7,951,720 43,642,890 2,954,715				
Number of officers Number of employees	29,465 146,546	730 479	2,443 2,612	6,462 10,695	4,373 12,124	3,902 18,067	1,905 12,259	1,563 12,185	8,087 78,125				
Number of banks included	4,975	337	923	1,876	902	573	172	85	107				

See footnotes on p. 606.

### STATE MEMBER BANKS, BY SIZE OF BANK

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

Item	Total <sup>1</sup>	1,000 and under	1,000- 2,000	2,000- 5,000	5,000- 10,000	10,000- 25,000	25,000- 50,000	50,000- 100,000	Over 100,000			
Earnings Interest and dividends on se- curities:	814,383	2,256	13,771	43,652	51,412	73,409	74,816	54,868	500,199			
U. S. Government	$347,389 \\ 42,565$	815	5,368 651	17,363 2,494	20,887	30,366	$30,995 \\ 3,745$	$23,029 \\ 2,852$	$218,566 \\ 24,856$			
Other Interest and discount on loans Service charges and fees on loans Service charges on deposit ac-	251,210 3,965	83 1,018 12	5,743 37	17,446 144	3,228 18,847 276	4,656 25,522 350	25,160 200	17,047 86	140.427 2,860			
counts Other charges, commissions,	30,219	135	810	2,704	3,135	4,076	3,961	2,530	12,868			
fees, etc Trust department Other current earnings	23,065 75,525 40,445	127 	749 26 387	1,894 314 1,293	1,912 1,172 1,955	2,172 2,797 3,470	2,053 4,987 3,715	1,286 5,195 2,843	12,872 61,034 26,716			
Expenses. Salaries—officers. Salaries and wages—others Directors' and committee mem-	<b>511,173</b> 82,637 170,294	531	<b>8,807</b> 2,813 1,176	<b>27,589</b> 7,288 4,905	<b>33,679</b> 6,839 7,619	<b>48,550</b> 8,357 12,743	<b>49,425</b> 7,999 14,788	<b>36,676</b> 5,840 12,128	<b>304,977</b> 42,970 116,770			
bers' fees Interest on time deposits Interest on borrowed money Taxes other than on net income.	4,159 67,424 1,067 26,938	32 202 	202 1,653 1 560	534 5,618 18 1,585	545 7,233 25 1,999	606 10,178 65 2,525	453 8,756 123 2,829	287 4,825 35 1,925	1,500 28,959 800 15,418			
Recurring depreciation on bank- ing house, furniture, and fix- tures	10,765 147,889	43 400	223 2,179	693 6,948	929 8,490	1,322 12,754	1,131 13,346	960 10,676				
Net current earnings before income taxes	303,210	786	4,964	16,063	17,733	24,859	25,391	18,192	195,222			
Recoveries, profits on securi- ties, etc Recoveries on securities Profits on securities Recoveries on loans All other	<b>134,475</b> 19,161 72,016 22,201 21,097	<b>181</b> 14 75 71 21	<b>1,138</b> 185 488 295 170	<b>4,856</b> 520 2,432 1,068 836	<b>7,631</b> 745 4,529 1,408 949	<b>13,395</b> 1,780 7,181 1,977 2,457	<b>12,419</b> 2,161 6,750 1,647 1,861	<b>12,579</b> 2,407 7,424 1,662 1,086	<b>82,276</b> 11,349 43,137 14,073 13,717			
Losses and charge-offs On securities On loans All other	<b>90,680</b> 40,645 16,814 33,221	116 38 47 31	<b>738</b> 294 275 169	<b>2,716</b> 1,242 815 659	<b>3,581</b> 1,748 1,025 808	<b>6,224</b> 3,327 1,290 1,607	<b>8,333</b> 4,493 1,397 2,443	<b>7,303</b> 3,053 1,683 2,567	<b>61,669</b> 26,450 10,282 24,937			
Profits before income taxes	347,005	851	5,364	18,203	21,783	32,030	29,477	23,468	215,829			
Taxes on net income Federal State	<b>97,066</b> 88,178 8,888	130 128 2	<b>938</b> 901 37	<b>3,438</b> 3,320 118	<b>5,104</b> 4,893 211	<b>8,379</b> 8,031 348	<b>8,813</b> 8,391 422	<b>6,929</b> 6,411 518	<b>63,335</b> 56,103 7,232			
Net profits	249,939	721	4,426	14,765	16,679	23,651	20,664	16,539	152,494			
Cash dividends declared On preferred stock <sup>2</sup> On common stock	<b>93,848</b> 3,435 90,413	212 6 206	<b>1,114</b> 30 1,084	<b>3,242</b> 154 3,088	<b>3,54</b> 6 285 3,261	5,731 412 5,319	<b>6,149</b> 577 5,572	<b>4,739</b> 707 <b>4</b> ,032	<b>69,115</b> 1,264 67,851			
Loans. U. S. Government securities. Other securities. Real estate assets. Cash assets.	9,420,184 21,367,763 1,831,106 303,205 9,568,519	$ \begin{array}{r}     18,183 \\     52,536 \\     3,656 \\     432 \\     33,769 \\ \end{array} $	116,007 341,211 31,084 2,659 172,721	$\begin{array}{r} 394,031 \\ 1,097,567 \\ 116,830 \\ 10,760 \\ 499,019 \end{array}$	455,193 1,242,659 153,495 16,596 492,619	687,063 1,773,621 201,227 29,946 686,873	725,387 1,793,303 175,689 31,099 737,164	529,721 1,382,583 117,390 28,642 583,830	6,494,599 13,684,283 1,031,735 183,071 6,362,524			
Total assets	42,651,472	108,628	664,116	2,119,581	2,363,493	3,384,867	3,473,645	2,650,747	27,886,395			
Time deposits Total deposits Total capital accounts	8,798,752 39,382,463 2,943,276	24,628 101,333 7,244	190,132 623,838 39,471	660,783 1,995,759 119,124	898,271 2,212,023 144,060	1,258,796 3,152,859 216,791	1,053,352 3,235,517 216,456	$626,812 \\ 2,469,717 \\ 164,334$	4,085,978 25,591,417 2,035,796			
Number of officers Number of employees	12,797 82,801	279 189	1,125 1,071	2,178 3,449	1,544 4,559	1,455 7,160	1,202 7,976	799 6,622	4,215 51,775			
Number of banks	1,880	132	422	627	315	199	89	36	60			

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See footnotes on p. 606.

### RATIOS OF ALL MEMBER BANKS, BY CLASSES

[Computed from aggregate dollar amounts; ratios expressed as percentages]

		All meml	ber bank	3	All national	All State	city m	reserve ember nks	Reserve	Country member
	1943	1944	1945	1946	member banks	member banks	New York	Chicago	member banks	banks
	9.7 10.7			_		<u> </u>	Year	1946		
Summary ratios:           Percentage of total capital accounts:           Net current earnings before income taxes           Profits before income taxes           Net profits           Cash dividends declared		11.1 12.4 9.7 3.4	11.5 14.6 10.9 3.4	11.9 13.3 9.6 3.4	12.7 13.9 10.1 3.5	10.5 12.2 8.8 3.2	9.5 10.8 7.3 3.5	12.2 12.8 9.5 3.6	12.7 13.7 9.9 3.7	13.0 15.0 11.2 3.0
Percentage of total assels: Total earnings Net current earnings before income taxes Net profits	1.7 .6 .6	1.7 .7 .6	1.7 .7 .6	1.8 .7 .6	1.8 .7 .6	1.8 .7 .6	1.5 .7 .5	1.6 .7 .5	1.8 .7 .5	2.0 .7 .6
Sources and disposition of earnings: Percentage of total earnings: Interest and dividends on: U. S. Government securities <sup>1</sup> Other securities Earnings on loans Service charges on deposit accounts Other current earnings	$ \left. \begin{array}{c} 46.4 \\ 34.1 \\ 4.6 \\ 14.9 \end{array} \right. $	51.2 30.1 4.6 14.1	{ 47.4 6.6 28.0 4.2 13.8	43.9 6.1 32.2 4.1 13.7	44.6 6.5 32.8 4.4 11.7	42.5 5.4 31.0 3.7 17.4	46.0 5.3 27.3 1.9 19.5	47.2 7.7 27.7 1.3 16.1	42.5 5.9 33.9 4.0 13.7	43.7 6.7 33.3 5.7 10.6
Total earnings	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Salaries and wages Interest on time deposits Other current expenses	29.5 7.5 25.9	28.0 7.7 24.4	27.6 8.7 24.0	$29.1 \\ 8.8 \\ 23.2$	28.2 9.1 23.1	30.9 8.2 23.3	$31.0 \\ 1.5 \\ 22.4$	26.8 7.7 22.5	29.7 9.2 23.5	27.9 12.1 23.4
Total expenses	63.0	60.1	60.3	61.1	60.4	62.4	54.9	57.0	62.4	63.4
Net current earnings before income taxes	37.0	39.9	39.7	38.9	39.6	37.6	45.1	43.0	37.6	36.6
Net recoveries and profits Taxes on net income Net profits	3.8 7.0 33.8	4.6 9.8 34.7	10.7 12.9 37.5	$4.5 \\ 11.9 \\ 31.5$	3.7 11.8 31.5	5.9 11.9 31.6	6.0 16.4 34.7	2.3 11.7 33.6	2.9 11.0 29.5	5.6 10.5 31.7
Rates of earnings on securities and loans: Percentage of total securities: Interest and dividends on securities Net recoveries and profits	1.4 .1	1.5	1.5	1.5 .2	1.6 .1	1.5 .2	1.4	1.6 .03	1.5	1.6 .2
Percentage of U. S. overnment securities: Interest on U. S. Government securities <sup>1</sup>			1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6
Percentage of total loans: Earnings on loans Net recoveries (or losses –)	3.5 .1	3.2 .1	3.0 .05	3.2 .01	3.4 02	2.9 .1	1.9 02	2.2 01	3.2 1	4.6 .1
Distribution of assets: Percentage of total assets: U. S. Government securities. Other securities. Loans Cash assets. Real estate assets.	51.1 5.6 17.2 24.6 1.1	55.4 4.7 16.2 22.5 .9	57.4 4.4 15.8 21.3 .7	53.8 4.8 18.3 22.0 .7	53.8 5.2 17.5 22.5 .6	53.8 4.2 19.9 21.1 .7	51.5 3.9 22.4 21.2 .6	52.2 5.4 20.5 21.4 .2	52.9 4.4 19.0 22.7 .7	56.7 5.8 14.7 22.0 .8
Other ratios: Total eapital accounts to: Total assets	6.7	6.2	5.8	5.9	5.6	6.6	7.2	5.8	5.4	5.8
Total assets less Government securities and cash assets	27.6	27.8 6.6	27.2 6.2	24.6 6.4	23.8 6.0	$\begin{array}{c} 26.2\\ 7.1 \end{array}$	26.3 7.9	21.9 6.2	$\substack{22.0\\5.7}$	27.0 6.1
Time to total deposits Interest on time deposits to time deposits	16.2 .9	16.9 .8	18.4 .9	21.0 .8	21.4 .8	20.2 .8	5.0 .5	12.2 1.1	22.3 .8	31.0 .9

<sup>1</sup>Not available prior to 1945. Note.—The ratios in this and the following three tables were computed from the dollar aggregates shown in preceding tables. Many of these ratios vary substantially from the average of individual bank ratios, which will be published in a subsequent issue, in which each bank's figures—regardless of size or amount—are weighted equally and in general have an equally important influence on the result. In the ratios based on aggregates, presented here, the experience of those banks in each group whose figures are largest have a much greater influence than that of the many banks with smaller figures. (For example, the 100 largest member banks have total earnings which, combined, are approximately equal to those of all the other member banks, numbering 6,800.) Ratios based on aggregates show combined results for the banking system as a whole and, broadly speaking, are the more significant for purposes of general analyses of credit and monetary problems, while averages of individual ratios are useful primarily to those interested in studying the financial results of pertains of individual banks.

# RATIOS OF ALL MEMBER BANKS, BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

[Computed from aggregate dollar amounts; ratios expressed as percentages]

Federal Reserve district												
Boston	New York	Phila- del- phia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	At- lanta	Chi- cago	St. Louis	Min- neap- olis	Kan- sas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco	
10.3	9.7 11.6 8.1 3.3	9.8 12.2 9.1 3.3	10.0 12.3 9.4 2.6	13.0 14.7 10.7 3.4	15.5 16.7 12.2 3.3	12.6 13.7 10.4 3.1	13.9 15.9 11.9 3.5	14.1 14.9 11.0 3.4	15.1 16.2 12.1 3.3	15.7 16.2 11.8 4.0	17.6 17.0 12.6 4.8	
2.0	1.7	2.1 .8	2.0	1.8	1.9	1.7 .6	1.8	1.9 .7	1.7	1.8	2.0 .7 .5	
.5	.0	.7	.7	.0	.0	.5	.0	.0	.0	.0	.5	
5.6 30.7 4.5	46.0 5.5 28.7 2.9 16.8	45.0 9.9 27.6 2.9 14.6	45.6 8.2 29.1 3.8 13.3	44.9 4.4 33.7 5.1 11.8	39.3 7.5 33.7 5.1 14.3	48.8 6.3 28.6 4.5 11.7	40.6 7.0 36.7 3.9 11.8	47.8 4.4 28.8 5.3 13.7	41.7 5.4 35.6 6.3 11.1	34.5 4.4 44.6 5.1 11.4	38.7 5.5 39.9 5.0 10.9	
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
9.2	<b>30</b> .4 5.4 23.0	27.6 9.7 24.1	25.5 11.9 25.6	28.4 9.7 23.3	26.9 7.9 26.5	28.4 11.7 23.0	28.5 7.6 24.3	28.6 11.1 23.0	29.2 4.5 24.6	28.9 3.3 26.8	31.4 12.9 18.8	
62.3	58.8	61.4	63.0	61.4	61.3	63.1	60.4	62.7	58.3	59.1	63.1	
37.7	41.2	38.6	37.0	38.6	38.7	36.9	39.6	37.3	41.7	40.9	36.9	
12.3	7.9 15.0 34.1	9.2 12.0 35.8	8.7 10.7 35.0	5.0 11.9 31.7	3.0 11.3 30.4	3.3 9.8 30.4	5.8 11.5 33.9	2.2 10.3 29.2	3.0 11.2 33.5	1.5 11.6 30.8	-1.3 9.2 26.4	
.2	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.6 .2 1.5	1.6 .02 1.6	1.4 .1 1.4	1.5 .1 1.5	1.5 .1 1.4	
3.2	2.3	3.7	3.4	3.7	3.6	3.1 .02	3.3	3.8	4.1 .05	3.9 .0	4.3 3	
56.1 3.1 19.5 19.9	53.5 4.2 21.0 20.2 .7	15.4	55.6 6.1 16.8		49.3 5.9 17.3	56.7 5.3	49.6 5.5 19.7 24.4 .5	58.0 3.9 14.2 23.2 .5	50.6 4.8 14.5 29.5 .4	43.2 3.3 20.6 32.0 .8	55.1 5.0 18.8 20.1 .6	
							E 1	5.0	47		4.2	
. 30.5	26.7	8.1 33.2 8.8	30.4		19.0	23.3 5.4	5.1 19.8 5.4	26.6 5.3	23.5 4.9	4.8 19.1 5.0	4.2 17.1 4.4	
. 20.8	13.3	26.4	29.8	21.5	17.7	26.1	18.2	24.7	11.0	8.8	33.5	
	$\begin{array}{c} 10.5\\ 10.3\\ 6.9\\ 3.4\\ 2.0\\ .8\\ .5\\ 10.3\\ .6.9\\ 3.4\\ 2.0\\ .8\\ .5\\ 100.0\\ 9.2\\ 24.1\\ 100.0\\ 9.2\\ 20.0\\ 10$	Boston         York           10.5         9.7           10.3         11.6           6.9         8.1           3.4         3.3           2.0         1.7           .8         .7           .5         .6 $42.7$ 46.0           5.6         5.7 $4.5$ 2.9           16.5         16.8           100.0         100.0           29.0         30.4           9.2         5.4           24.1         23.0           62.3         58.8           37.7         41.2          5         7.9           12.3         15.0           24.9         34.1           1.7         1.5           .2         .3           1.5         1.4           3.2         2.3           .2         .02           .56.1         53.5           .3.1         4.2           .9.5         21.0           .9.5         20.2           .9         .7           .7.3         7.0           .30.5         26.7 </td <td>Boston         Acc York         del- phia           10.5         9.7         9.8           10.3         11.6         12.2           6.9         8.1         9.1           3.4         3.3         3.3           2.0         1.7         2.1           .8         .7         .8           .5         .6         .7           42.7         46.0         45.0           5.6         2.9         2.9           16.5         16.8         14.6           100.0         100.0         100.0           9.9.0         30.4         27.6           9.2         5.4         9.7           24.1         23.0         24.1           62.3         58.8         61.4           37.7         41.2         38.6          5         7.9         9.2           12.3         15.0         12.0           24.9         34.1         35.8           1.7         1.5         1.8           .2         .3         .3           .1.5         1.4         1.7           .2         .3         .3           .1.5</td> <td>Boston         York         del- phia         Creve land           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3           6.9         8.1         9.1         9.4           3.4         3.3         3.3         2.6           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0           .8         .7         .8         .7           .5         .6         .7         .7           42.7         46.0         45.0         45.6           5.6         .7         .7           42.7         46.0         45.0         9.8           .8         .7         .8         .7           .5         .6         .7         .7           42.7         46.0         45.0         45.6           5.4         2.9         2.9         3.8           16.5         16.8         14.6         13.3           100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           29.0         30.4         27.6         25.6           9.2         5.4         9.7         11.9           24.1         23.0         24.1</td> <td>Boston         New York         Phila- phia         Cleve- land         Rich- mond           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7           6.9         8.1         9.1         9.4         10.7           3.4         3.3         3.3         2.6         3.4           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0         1.8           .8         .7         .8         .7         .7           .5         .6         .7         .7         .6           42.7         46.0         45.0         45.6         44.9           .5         .6         .7         .7         .6           42.7         46.0         45.0         45.6         44.9           .6         .7         .7         .6         13.3         11.8           100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           29.0         30.4         27.6         25.5         28.4           9.7         24.1         23.0         24.1         25.6         23.3           62.3         58.8</td> <td>Boston         New York         Phila- phia         Cleve- land         Rich- mond         At- lanta           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0         15.5           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7         16.7           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0         15.5           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7         16.7           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0         1.8         1.9           .8         .7         .8         .7         .7         .6           .5         .6         .7         .7         .6         .6           42.7         46.0         45.0         45.6         44.9         39.3           30.7         28.7         27.6         29.1         33.7         33.7         3.7           16.5         16.8         14.6         13.3         11.8         14.3           100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           9.2         5.4         9.7         7.9         9.2         8.7         5.0         3.0           <td< td=""><td>Boston         New York         Phila- phia         Cleve- land         Rich- mond         At- lanta         Chi- cago           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0         15.5         12.6           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7         16.7         13.7           3.4         3.3         3.3         2.6         3.4         3.3         3.1           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0         1.8         1.9         1.7           .8         .7         .8         .7         .7         .6         .6           5.6         .7         .7         .6         .6         .5           16.5         16.8         14.6         13.3         11.8         14.3           100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           29.2         29.3         8.5         1.5         1.4         4.3           11.7         12.0         24.1         25.6         23.3         26.5         23.0           24.1         25.6         23.3         26.5         23.0         23.0         24.1           23.0         24.1</td><td>Boston         New York         Phila del- phia         Cleve- land         Rich- mond         At- lanta         Chi- cago         St. Louis           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0         15.5         12.6         13.9           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7         16.7         13.7         15.9           3.4         3.3         3.3         2.6         3.4         3.3         3.1         3.5           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0         1.8         1.9         1.7         1.8           .8         .7         .8         .7         .7         .6         .6         .5         .6           30.7         28.7         27.6         29.1         33.7         33.7         28.6         36.7           45.5         9.9         8.2         4.4         7.5         6.3         7.0           10.5         15.8         14.6         13.3         11.8         14.3         11.7         11.8           100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           29.0         30.4         27.6</td><td>Boston         New York         Phila- del- phia         Cleve- land         Rich- mond         At- lanta         Chi- cago         St. Louis         Min- meap- olis           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0         15.5         12.6         13.7         15.9         14.1           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7         16.7         13.7         15.9         14.9           3.4         3.3         3.4         3.3         3.1         3.5         3.4           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0         1.8         1.9         1.7         1.8         1.9           8         .7         .8         .7         .7         .6         .6         .5         .6         .6           30.7         28.7         29.6         3.8         11.8         14.3         11.7         11.8         13.7           100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           29.0         30.4         28.6         37.6         28.5         28.4         28.5         28.4         7.6</td><td>Boston         New York         Phila- phila         Cleve- land         Rich. mond         At- lanta         Chi- cago         St. Louis         Min- neap- olis         Kan- Rass City           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0         15.5         12.6         13.9         14.1         15.1           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7         16.7         13.7         15.9         14.9         16.2           3.4         3.3         3.3         2.6         3.4         3.3         3.1         3.5         3.4         3.3           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0         1.8         1.9         1.7         1.8         1.9         1.7           8         .7         .8         .7         .7         .6         .7         .7         .4.4         5.4           30.7         28.7         27.6         29.1         33.7         33.7         28.6         36.7         28.8         33.6         6.3         6.3           16.5         16.8         14.6         13.3         11.8         14.3         11.7         11.8         13.7         11.1         14.5         3.6         6.3</td><td>Boston         New York         Phila del: phila         Cleve- land         Rich- mond         At- lanta         Chi- cago         St. Louis         Min- neap- oils         Kan- St. City         Dallas           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0         15.5         12.6         13.9         14.1         15.1         15.7         13.9         14.1         15.1         15.7           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7         15.7         13.9         14.1         15.1         15.7           3.4         3.3         2.6         3.4         3.3         3.1         3.5         3.4         3.3         4.0           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0         1.8         1.9         1.7         1.8         1.9         1.7         1.8           .8         .7         .8         .7         .7         .6         .6         .5         .6         .7         .7         .6         .6         .6         .4.4         .4.7         .4.5         .3.5         .6         .4.4         .6         .5         .6         .6         .6         .6         .6         .6         .6         .6         .6         <t< td=""></t<></td></td<></td>	Boston         Acc York         del- phia           10.5         9.7         9.8           10.3         11.6         12.2           6.9         8.1         9.1           3.4         3.3         3.3           2.0         1.7         2.1           .8         .7         .8           .5         .6         .7           42.7         46.0         45.0           5.6         2.9         2.9           16.5         16.8         14.6           100.0         100.0         100.0           9.9.0         30.4         27.6           9.2         5.4         9.7           24.1         23.0         24.1           62.3         58.8         61.4           37.7         41.2         38.6          5         7.9         9.2           12.3         15.0         12.0           24.9         34.1         35.8           1.7         1.5         1.8           .2         .3         .3           .1.5         1.4         1.7           .2         .3         .3           .1.5	Boston         York         del- phia         Creve land           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3           6.9         8.1         9.1         9.4           3.4         3.3         3.3         2.6           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0           .8         .7         .8         .7           .5         .6         .7         .7           42.7         46.0         45.0         45.6           5.6         .7         .7           42.7         46.0         45.0         9.8           .8         .7         .8         .7           .5         .6         .7         .7           42.7         46.0         45.0         45.6           5.4         2.9         2.9         3.8           16.5         16.8         14.6         13.3           100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           29.0         30.4         27.6         25.6           9.2         5.4         9.7         11.9           24.1         23.0         24.1	Boston         New York         Phila- phia         Cleve- land         Rich- mond           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7           6.9         8.1         9.1         9.4         10.7           3.4         3.3         3.3         2.6         3.4           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0         1.8           .8         .7         .8         .7         .7           .5         .6         .7         .7         .6           42.7         46.0         45.0         45.6         44.9           .5         .6         .7         .7         .6           42.7         46.0         45.0         45.6         44.9           .6         .7         .7         .6         13.3         11.8           100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           29.0         30.4         27.6         25.5         28.4           9.7         24.1         23.0         24.1         25.6         23.3           62.3         58.8	Boston         New York         Phila- phia         Cleve- land         Rich- mond         At- lanta           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0         15.5           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7         16.7           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0         15.5           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7         16.7           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0         1.8         1.9           .8         .7         .8         .7         .7         .6           .5         .6         .7         .7         .6         .6           42.7         46.0         45.0         45.6         44.9         39.3           30.7         28.7         27.6         29.1         33.7         33.7         3.7           16.5         16.8         14.6         13.3         11.8         14.3           100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           9.2         5.4         9.7         7.9         9.2         8.7         5.0         3.0 <td< td=""><td>Boston         New York         Phila- phia         Cleve- land         Rich- mond         At- lanta         Chi- cago           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0         15.5         12.6           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7         16.7         13.7           3.4         3.3         3.3         2.6         3.4         3.3         3.1           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0         1.8         1.9         1.7           .8         .7         .8         .7         .7         .6         .6           5.6         .7         .7         .6         .6         .5           16.5         16.8         14.6         13.3         11.8         14.3           100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           29.2         29.3         8.5         1.5         1.4         4.3           11.7         12.0         24.1         25.6         23.3         26.5         23.0           24.1         25.6         23.3         26.5         23.0         23.0         24.1           23.0         24.1</td><td>Boston         New York         Phila del- phia         Cleve- land         Rich- mond         At- lanta         Chi- cago         St. Louis           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0         15.5         12.6         13.9           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7         16.7         13.7         15.9           3.4         3.3         3.3         2.6         3.4         3.3         3.1         3.5           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0         1.8         1.9         1.7         1.8           .8         .7         .8         .7         .7         .6         .6         .5         .6           30.7         28.7         27.6         29.1         33.7         33.7         28.6         36.7           45.5         9.9         8.2         4.4         7.5         6.3         7.0           10.5         15.8         14.6         13.3         11.8         14.3         11.7         11.8           100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           29.0         30.4         27.6</td><td>Boston         New York         Phila- del- phia         Cleve- land         Rich- mond         At- lanta         Chi- cago         St. Louis         Min- meap- olis           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0         15.5         12.6         13.7         15.9         14.1           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7         16.7         13.7         15.9         14.9           3.4         3.3         3.4         3.3         3.1         3.5         3.4           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0         1.8         1.9         1.7         1.8         1.9           8         .7         .8         .7         .7         .6         .6         .5         .6         .6           30.7         28.7         29.6         3.8         11.8         14.3         11.7         11.8         13.7           100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           29.0         30.4         28.6         37.6         28.5         28.4         28.5         28.4         7.6</td><td>Boston         New York         Phila- phila         Cleve- land         Rich. mond         At- lanta         Chi- cago         St. Louis         Min- neap- olis         Kan- Rass City           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0         15.5         12.6         13.9         14.1         15.1           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7         16.7         13.7         15.9         14.9         16.2           3.4         3.3         3.3         2.6         3.4         3.3         3.1         3.5         3.4         3.3           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0         1.8         1.9         1.7         1.8         1.9         1.7           8         .7         .8         .7         .7         .6         .7         .7         .4.4         5.4           30.7         28.7         27.6         29.1         33.7         33.7         28.6         36.7         28.8         33.6         6.3         6.3           16.5         16.8         14.6         13.3         11.8         14.3         11.7         11.8         13.7         11.1         14.5         3.6         6.3</td><td>Boston         New York         Phila del: phila         Cleve- land         Rich- mond         At- lanta         Chi- cago         St. Louis         Min- neap- oils         Kan- St. City         Dallas           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0         15.5         12.6         13.9         14.1         15.1         15.7         13.9         14.1         15.1         15.7           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7         15.7         13.9         14.1         15.1         15.7           3.4         3.3         2.6         3.4         3.3         3.1         3.5         3.4         3.3         4.0           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0         1.8         1.9         1.7         1.8         1.9         1.7         1.8           .8         .7         .8         .7         .7         .6         .6         .5         .6         .7         .7         .6         .6         .6         .4.4         .4.7         .4.5         .3.5         .6         .4.4         .6         .5         .6         .6         .6         .6         .6         .6         .6         .6         .6         <t< td=""></t<></td></td<>	Boston         New York         Phila- phia         Cleve- land         Rich- mond         At- lanta         Chi- cago           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0         15.5         12.6           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7         16.7         13.7           3.4         3.3         3.3         2.6         3.4         3.3         3.1           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0         1.8         1.9         1.7           .8         .7         .8         .7         .7         .6         .6           5.6         .7         .7         .6         .6         .5           16.5         16.8         14.6         13.3         11.8         14.3           100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           29.2         29.3         8.5         1.5         1.4         4.3           11.7         12.0         24.1         25.6         23.3         26.5         23.0           24.1         25.6         23.3         26.5         23.0         23.0         24.1           23.0         24.1	Boston         New York         Phila del- phia         Cleve- land         Rich- mond         At- lanta         Chi- cago         St. Louis           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0         15.5         12.6         13.9           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7         16.7         13.7         15.9           3.4         3.3         3.3         2.6         3.4         3.3         3.1         3.5           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0         1.8         1.9         1.7         1.8           .8         .7         .8         .7         .7         .6         .6         .5         .6           30.7         28.7         27.6         29.1         33.7         33.7         28.6         36.7           45.5         9.9         8.2         4.4         7.5         6.3         7.0           10.5         15.8         14.6         13.3         11.8         14.3         11.7         11.8           100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           29.0         30.4         27.6	Boston         New York         Phila- del- phia         Cleve- land         Rich- mond         At- lanta         Chi- cago         St. Louis         Min- meap- olis           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0         15.5         12.6         13.7         15.9         14.1           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7         16.7         13.7         15.9         14.9           3.4         3.3         3.4         3.3         3.1         3.5         3.4           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0         1.8         1.9         1.7         1.8         1.9           8         .7         .8         .7         .7         .6         .6         .5         .6         .6           30.7         28.7         29.6         3.8         11.8         14.3         11.7         11.8         13.7           100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           29.0         30.4         28.6         37.6         28.5         28.4         28.5         28.4         7.6	Boston         New York         Phila- phila         Cleve- land         Rich. mond         At- lanta         Chi- cago         St. Louis         Min- neap- olis         Kan- Rass City           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0         15.5         12.6         13.9         14.1         15.1           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7         16.7         13.7         15.9         14.9         16.2           3.4         3.3         3.3         2.6         3.4         3.3         3.1         3.5         3.4         3.3           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0         1.8         1.9         1.7         1.8         1.9         1.7           8         .7         .8         .7         .7         .6         .7         .7         .4.4         5.4           30.7         28.7         27.6         29.1         33.7         33.7         28.6         36.7         28.8         33.6         6.3         6.3           16.5         16.8         14.6         13.3         11.8         14.3         11.7         11.8         13.7         11.1         14.5         3.6         6.3	Boston         New York         Phila del: phila         Cleve- land         Rich- mond         At- lanta         Chi- cago         St. Louis         Min- neap- oils         Kan- St. City         Dallas           10.5         9.7         9.8         10.0         13.0         15.5         12.6         13.9         14.1         15.1         15.7         13.9         14.1         15.1         15.7           10.3         11.6         12.2         12.3         14.7         15.7         13.9         14.1         15.1         15.7           3.4         3.3         2.6         3.4         3.3         3.1         3.5         3.4         3.3         4.0           2.0         1.7         2.1         2.0         1.8         1.9         1.7         1.8         1.9         1.7         1.8           .8         .7         .8         .7         .7         .6         .6         .5         .6         .7         .7         .6         .6         .6         .4.4         .4.7         .4.5         .3.5         .6         .4.4         .6         .5         .6         .6         .6         .6         .6         .6         .6         .6         .6 <t< td=""></t<>	

<sup>1</sup> Ratios of less than .005 are shown as .0.

# RATIOS OF RESERVE CITY MEMBER BANKS,\* BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

[Computed from aggregate dollar amounts; ratios expressed as percentages]

	Federal Reserve district											
Item	Boston	New York	Phila- del- phia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	At- lanta	Chi- cago	St. Louis	Min- neap- olis	Kan- sas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
Summary ratios: Percentage of total capital accounts: Net current earnings before income												
taxes. Profits before income taxes Net profits Cash dividends declared	11.2 7.9 4.7 3.8	8.6 12.5 9.9 3.1	9.6 12.0 8.6 4.1	8.9 11.0 8.5 2.6	11.4 13.5 9.6 3.5	15.3 16.5 11.8 3.7	11.5 12.7 9.4 2.7	13.0 15.8 11.3 3.9	$12.1 \\ 14.6 \\ 10.5 \\ 3.5$	13.6 15.2 10.9 2.9	14.3 16.3 11.3 4.0	$17.3 \\ 16.6 \\ 12.2 \\ 5.1$
Percentage of total assets: Total earnings Net current earnings before income taxes	2.0	2.0	1.9 .7	1.8 .7	1.6 .6	1.8 .7	1.6 .5	1.7 .7	1.6 .6	1.5 .6	1.7	2.0 .7 .5
Net profits	.4	.6	.7	.7	.5	.5	.4	.6	.6	.5	.6	.5
Sources and disposition of earnings: Percentage of total earnings: Interest and dividends on: U. S. Government securities Other securities Earnings on Ioans Service charges on deposit accounts. Other current earnings	36.9 6.9 32.3 2.0 21.9	41.7 4.2 33.4 4.9 15.8	43.7 9.1 25.0 2.0 20.2	46.2 7.2 27.5 2.8 16.3	48.3 3.2 28.4 4.8 15.3	37.6 7.7 34.7 3.7 16.3	52.1 4.3 28.6 5.9 9.1	37.6 6.9 39.2 2.4 13.9	52.0 3.7 28.4 3.4 12.5	45.5 5.7 32.0 4.1 12.7	37.7 2.9 43.4 2.6 13.4	38.7 5.9 39.4 5.0 11.0
Total earnings	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Salaries and wages Interest on time deposits Other current expenses	29.1 3.3 23.8	32.4 11.6 28.9	32.3 2.4 26.5	25.9 9.4 26.0	31.1 6.8 25.3	25.8 7.1 28.3	30.5 13.7 24.4	29.1 5.6 25.4	30.4 6.2 24.7	27.1 4.3 26.9	$26.4 \\ 4.5 \\ 27.4$	31.8 12.9 18.5
Total expenses	56.2	72.9	61.2	61.3	63.2	61.2	68.6	60.1	61.3	58.3	58.3	63.2
Net current earnings before in- come taxes	43.8	27.1	38.8	38.7	36.8	38.8	31.4	39.9	38.7	41.7	41.7	36.8
Net recoveries and profits (or losses -). Taxes on net income. Net profits	-13.1 12.2 18.5	12.6 8.4 31.3	9.6 13.8 34.6	9.3 11.0 37.0	6.7 12.4 31.1	3.2 11.9 30.1	3.2 8.9 25.7	8.4 13.7 34.6	7.9 13.0 33.6	5.0 13.1 33.6	5.8 14.6 32.9	-1.5 9.2 26.1
Rates of earnings on securities and loans: Percentage of total securities: Interest and dividends on securities. Net recoveries and profits Percentage of U. S. Government securi- ties:	1.7	1.5	1.7 .4	1.7	1.4 .2	1.6	1.4	1.5 .3	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.5
Interest on U. S. Government se- curities	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.4
Percentage of total loans: Earnings on loans Net recoveries (or losses -) <sup>1</sup>	2.5	3.2	2.7	2.7	2.8 .03	2.9 .0	3.302	2.7 01	2.7	3.1 .01	3.0 .05	4.1 3
Distribution of assets: Percentage of total assets: U. S. Government securities Other securities Loans Cash assets. Real estate assets	1.6 25.7 21.1	54.9 3.3 20.6 19.7 1.2	51.7 6.3 17.8 22.7 .7	54.5 4.6 19.1 20.8 .8	55.6 2.6 16.3 24.3 .9	45.8 5.8 21.0 26.1 .8	59.6 3.9 14.0 21.8 .4	45.3 5.0 24.5 24.4 .5	54.2 3.2 17.4 24.3 .5	49.9 4.8 15.7 28.9 .4	42.0 2.2 24.9 29.8 1.0	54.9 5.2 19.1 19.9 .7
<b>Other ratios:</b> Total capital accounts to:												
Total assets. Total assets less Government securi- ties and cash assets. Total deposits.	7.6 26.4 8.4	6.2 24.5 6.6	7.7 30.1 8.4	8.0 32.4 8.8	5.3 26.2 5.6	4.5 16.0 4.7	4.4 23.9 4.7	5.2 17.2 5.5	5.2 24.3 5.6	4.6 21.8 4.9	5.0 17.9 5.3	4.3 16.8 4.5
Time to total deposits Interest on time deposits to time deposits	7.8	33.0	7.6	22.7	15.9	14.5	30.7	12.7	12.3	10.3	10.9	33.9
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	.0		1						

\* Not including central reserve city banks. <sup>1</sup> Ratios of less than .005 are shown as .0.

# RATIOS OF COUNTRY MEMBER BANKS, BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

[Computed from aggregate dollar amounts; ratios expressed as percentages]

					Fe	ederal Re	serve dis	strict				
Item	Boston	New York	Phila- del- phia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	At- lanta	Chi- cago	St. Louis	Min- neap- olis	Kan- sas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
Summary ratios: Percentage of total capital accounts: Net current earnings before income												
taxes. Profits before income taxes. Net profits. Cash dividends declared.	10.0 12.2 8.6 3.1	10.8 14.9 11.0 2.6	10.0 12.4 9.6 2.7	11.7 14.4 10.9 2.6	14.4 15.8 11.6 3.3	15.7 16.9 12.5 3.0	14.2 15.8 12.3 2.8	14.7 16.0 12.5 3.0	15.5 15.2 11.4 3.4	17.0 17.4 13.6 3.8	17.3 16.1 12.4 4.0	18.9 18.8 14.2 3.2
Percentage of total assets: Total earnings Net current earnings before income	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.1
taxes Net profits	.7 .6	.7 .7	.8 .8	.7 .7	.8 .6	.7 .6	.7 .6	.7 .6	.7 .6	.8 .7	.8 .6	.8 .6
Sources and disposition of earnings: Percentage of total earnings: Interest and dividends on: U.S. Government securities	46.3	46.6	45.9	44.9	42.4	40.7	47.5	43.3	45.5	37.7	31.5	38.6
Other securities Earnings on loans Service charges on deposit accounts. Other current earnings	29.6 6.1	6.4 31.9 5.3 9.8	10.4 29.3 3.5 10.9	9.3 31.0 4.9 9.9	5.3 37.7 5.4 9.2	7.3 32.9 6.2 12.9	6.8 29.3 6.3 10.1	7.2 34.4 5.3 9.8	$4.8 \\ 29.0 \\ 6.3 \\ 14.4$	5.1 39.3 8.5 9.4	5.8 45.8 7.5 9.4	3.8 41.8 5.0 10.8
Total earnings	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Salaries and wages Interest on time deposits Other current expenses	12.9	28.6 14.9 24.2	24.5 14.6 22.5	25.2 14.6 25.0	26.5 11.8 21.8	27.7 8.5 25.1	27.9 13.8 22.2	28.0 9.4 23.3	27.6 13.8 22.0	31.3 4.8 22.2	31.4 2.2 26.2	29.6 13.0 19.9
Total expenses	66.2	67.7	61.6	64.8	60.1	61.3	63.9	60.7	63.4	58.3	59.8	62.5
Net current earnings before in- come taxes	33.8	32.3	38.4	35.2	39.9	38.7	36.1	39.3	36.6	41.7	40.2	37.5
Net recoveries and profits (or losses –)	7.4 12.3 28.9	12.6 11.9 33.0	9.0 10.7 36.7	8.0 10.5 32.7	3.7 11.5 32.1	2.9 10.9 30.7	4.3 9.0 31.4	3.4 9.4 33.3	8 8.9 26.9	.9 9.2 33.4	-2.7 8.7 28.8	1 9.3 28.1
Rates of earnings on securities and loans: Percentage of total securities:												
Interest and dividends on securities. Net recoveries and profits (or losses -) <sup>1</sup>	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.6 .1	1.6 .1	1.6 .1	1.6 01	1.5 .0	1.5 1	1.5 .04
ties: Interest on U. S. Government se- curities	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4
Percentage of total loans: Earnings on loans Net recoveries (or losses -)	4.0	4.4	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.4 .03	4.9 .2	5.9 .1	5.4 1	5.0 1
Distribution of assets: Percentage of total assets:	60.2	60.9	58.7	57.0	53.9	52.2	58.7	54.2	60.5	E1 7		56.2
U. S. Government securities Other securities. Loans. Cash assets. Real estate assets.	4.2 15.3 19.1	00.9 5.6 15.8 16.5 1.0	58.7           8.4           13.6           18.1           1.1	57.0 8.1 13.8 20.1 .8	53.9 4.2 16.7 24.2 .7	52.2 6.0 14.3 26.5 .8	58.7 6.7 12.8 21.2 .6	54.2 6.1 14.7 24.4 .6	4.3 12.1 22.5 .5	51.7 4.7 12.9 30.3 .4	44.4 4.5 16.1 34.3 .6	56.3 3.7 17.6 21.7 .6
Other ratios: Total capital accounts to: Total assets	7.0	6.5	8.4	6.3	5.6	4.7	5.0	5.1	4.8	4.8	4.5	4.2
Total assets less government securi- ties and cash assets	34.0	28.7 7.0	35.9 9.1	27.7	25.4 5.9	22.3 5.0	24.8 5.2	23.7 5.4	28.4 5.1	26.4 5.0	20.9 4.7	18.9 4.4
Time to total deposits Interest on time deposits to time deposits	29.5	41.3	40.7	38.8	26.7	20.4	36.2	24.0	32.7	11.9 .8	6.6 .7	31.3
	1 1.0	۰ <u>،</u> ۱	.,	.,	.,	1	1 .0	1 .0	1 .7	1 .0	1 .,	l .7

<sup>1</sup>Ratios of less than .005 are shown as 0.

### **BANK EARNINGS, 1946**

### INSURED COMMERCIAL BANKS IN UNITED STATES AND POSSESSIONS, 1943-1946

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

Item	Al	l insured com	mercial bank	si		Banks not r Federal Rese		
	1943	1944	1945	1946	1943	1944	1945	1946
Earnings Interest and dividends on securities:	1,959,481	2,214,905	2,482,278	2,862,875	310,399	341,443	380,435	460,730
U. S. Government Other	861,412	1,090,253	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1,132,977 \\ 167,198 \end{array} \right\}$	1,218,517 176,620		130,633	136,345 27,872	165,219 29,071
Interest and discount on loans Service charges and fees on loans	692,305 13,513	680,708 17,320	707,738	$936,554 \\ 14,564$	140,669	132,557 2,423	136,069 2,475	175,986 2,848
Service charges on deposit accounts Other charges, commissions, fees, etc	95,332 67,533	107,375 78,485	109,789 90,617	124,696 97,995	18,977 22,423	21,875 25,283	22,290 26,791	25,062 30,173
Trust department Other current earnings	$104,710 \\ 124,676$	112,486 128,278	120,317 134,782	$140,340 \\ 153,589$	8,388 21,274	8,155 20,517	8,184 20,409	9,146 23,225
Expenses	1,256,025 225,142	1,356,680 240,354	1,522,778 266,018	1,762,634 309,220	<b>218,087</b> 50,441	230,189 52,886	255,415 57,818	294,378 66,836
Salaries and wages—others Directors' and committee members' fees	356,958 11,775	386,346 12,907	424,881 14,610	521,709 16,936	44,993 3,074	48,933 3,395	53,534 3,855	64,721 4,537
Interest on time deposits	163,900	186,773	233,321	268,624	40,430 149	42,798 145	50,600 162	57,185 189
Taxes other than on net income Recurring depreciation on banking house,	99,915	1,112 97,307	2,448 98,683	96,314	15,684	14,472	15,216	14,505
furniture, and fixtures Other current expenses	40,008 357,825	41,845 390,036	40,329 442,488	$40,850 \\ 506,617$	6,551 56,765	6,910 60,650	6,329 67,901	6,821 79,584
Net current earnings before income taxes	703,456	858,225	959,500	1,100,241	92,312	111,254	125,020	166,352
Recoveries, profits on securities, etc	<b>353,015</b> 91,891	361,726	509,329	408,608	41,038	<b>43,636</b> 9,967	55,601	52,819
Recoveries on securities Profits on securities	103,143	92,778 129,834	122,364 26 <b>6,7</b> 64	59,515 208,700	10,200 9,363	13,582	9,149 27,947	5,929 25,704
Recoveries on loans	85,664 72,317	84,224 54,890	67,014 53,187	74,499 65,894	13,202 8,273	11,684 8,403	$11,098 \\ 7,407$	$10,758 \\ 10,428$
Losses and charge-offs	290,645	265,881	264,122	283,175	<b>39,924</b> 15,006	<b>33,704</b> 13,296	$34,270 \\ 15,086$	36,220
On securities On loans All other	116,383 75,223 99,039	110,439 70,090 85,352	132,870 55,901 75,351	132,254 71,253 79,668	11,908 13,010	9,807 10,601	9,360 9,824	16,805 9,761 9,654
Profits before income taxes	765,826	954,070	1,204,707	1,225,674	93,426	121,186	146,351	182,951
Taxes on net income Federal	127,865 114,316	<b>202,821</b> 187,032	<b>298,795</b> 277,538	323,328 301,048	12,390 11,354	<b>19,106</b> 17,896	28,733 27,257	<b>38,302</b> 36,536
State	13,549	15,789	21,257	22,280	1,036	1,210	1,476	1,766
Net profits	637,961	751,249	905,912	902,346	81,036	102,080	117,618	144,649
Cash dividends declared	233,490 14,324	<b>253,193</b> 13,645	274,438 11,769	298,983 8,345	<b>25,164</b> 3,510	<b>27,192</b> 3,959	28,504 3,507	32,336 2,472
On common stock	219,166	239,548	262,669	290,638	21,654	23,233	24,997	29,864
LoansU. S. Government securities	18,380,838 50,315,698	$20,310,112 \\ 67,231,161$	23,500,772 82,417,236		$2,650,862 \\ 4,494,776$	2,630,161 6,913,337	2,823,335 9,338,270	3,512,756 10,628,667
Other securities. Real estate assets	6,321,794 1,276,278	6,088,482	6,623,089 1,038,834	7,556,923	988,843 200,495	958,551 167,404	998,984 141,081	1,174,201 126,475
Cash assets	26,774,094	$1,141,301 \\ 28,042,727$	31,236,090		3,316,204	3,562,451	4,080,815	4,118,387
Total assets	103,370,189			151,896,770	1			
Time deposits Total deposits Total capital accounts	17,627,615 95,506,221 7,246,433	21,415,276 114,682,390 7,718,193	26,979,470 135,948,387 8,334,670	31,939,078 141,829,678 9,010,013	3,624,839 10,663,907 971,423	4,228,321 13,208,706 1,006,413	5,192,631 16,306,748 1,058,344	6,049,512 18,391,872 1,143,475
Number of officers Number of employees	55,309 225,647	56,494 229,377	59,119 245,275		18,921 35,311	18,811 36,115	19,226 37,831	20,195 40,974
Number of banks	13,274	13,268	13,302	13,359	6,539	6,457	6,421	6,462

<sup>1</sup> Excludes three mutual savings banks, State bank members of the Federal Reserve System, which are included in member bank figures on preceding pages. <sup>2</sup> Includes interest on capital notes and debentures. NOTE.—The figures of assets, deposits, and capital accounts are averages of the amounts reported for call dates at the beginning, middle, and end of each year. The number of officers, employees, and banks are as of the end of each year.

# INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL STATISTICS

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Tables on the following pages include the principal available statistics of current significance relating to gold, international capital transactions of the United States, and financial developments abroad. The data are compiled for the most part from regularly published sources such as central and commercial bank statements and official statistical bulletins, some data are reported to the Board directly. Figures on international capital transactions of the United States are collected by the Federal Reserve Banks from banks, bankers, brokers, and dealers in the United States in accordance with the Treasury Regulation of November 12, 1934. Back figures for all except price tables, together with descriptive text, may be obtained from the Board's publication, *Banking and Monetary Statistics*.

		GOL	D RE	SERVE	es of		RAL E		AND	GOVE	ERNME	ENTS			
End of month	United States	Ar- gen- tina <sup>1</sup>	Bel- gium	Brazil	Canada	Chile	Co- Iombia	Cuba	Czecho- slo- vakia	Den- mark	Egypt	France	Ger- many	Greece	Hun- gary
1938—Dec 1939—Dec 1940—Dec 1941—Dec 1942—Dec 1943—Dec 1944—Dec 1945—Dec	17,644 21,995 22,737 22,726 21,938 20,619	431 466 353 354 1658 1939 11,111 403	581 609 734 734 735 734 735 734  716	32 40 51 70 115 254 329 354	192 214 *7 5 6 5 6 7	30 30 31 36 54 79 82	24 21 17 16 25 59 92 127	1 1 16 46 111 191	83 56 58 61 61 61 61 61	53 53 52 44 44 44 44 44 38	55 55 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52	2,430 2,709 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 1,777 1,090	29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29	27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	37 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24
1946—Apr May June Aug Sept Oct Nov 1947—Jan Feb Mar	20,242 20,270 20,267 20,280 20,305 20,402 20,470 20,529 20,748 20,330	392 398 406 407 \$\$407 \$\$424 \$\$460 \$\$483 \$\$563 \$\$563 \$\$563 \$\$563 \$\$5645 \$\$706	763 761 756 750 722 726 726 725 723 691 633	361 360 359 358 357 355 354 354 354 354 354 354 354	7 5 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 6 7 7	83 82 83 81 73 73 71 71 65 63 54	132 133 134 135 141 142 143 144 145 147 125 126	201 201 201 201 201 211 221 221 221 226 	61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61	38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 3	52 52 52 52 52 52 52 53 53 	1,090 796 796 796 796 796 796 796 796 796 796			24 24 24 24 24 24 24 27
End of month	India	Iran (Persia)	Italy	Japan	Java	Mexico	Nether- iands	New Zealand	Nor- way	Peru	Poland	Portu- gai	Ruma- nia	South Africa	Spain
1938—Dec 1939—Dec 1940—Dec 1941—Dec 1942—Dec 1943—Dec 1944—D.c 1945—Dec	274 274 274 274 274 274 274 274 274 274	26 26 26 34 92 128 131	193 144 120	164 164 164 \$ 164 \$ 164	80 90 140 235 4216	29 32 47 47 39 203 222 294	998 692 617 575 506 500 500 270	23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23	94 94 • 84	20 20 21 25 31 32 28	85 484	69 69 59 59 59 60 60 60	133 152 158 182 203 260 267 269	220 249 367 366 634 706 814 914	* 525  42 42 91 105 110
1946—Apr May June Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec 1947—Jan Feb Mar	274 274	124 124 124 124 				254 250 235 229 218 213 200 191 181 170 148 149	270 270 270 265 265 265 265 265 265 245 197	23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 2		28 25 23 23 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,046 1,027	111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 11
End of month	Swe- den	Switz- er- land <sup>6</sup>	Tur- key	United King- dom	Uru- guay	Vene- zuela	Yugo- slavia	B.I.S.	Other coun- tries <sup>7</sup>	Gov	<u> </u>	gold res	· · · ·	not inclu	
1938-Dec 1939-Dec 1940-Dec	. 308	701 549 502	29 29 88	2,690	68	52 52 29	57 59 82		166 178 170	End	of month	United States			e Bel- gium
1941—Dec 1942—Dec 1943—Dec 1944—Dec 1945—Dec	. 223 . 335 . 387 . 463	665 824 \$965 1,158 1,342	92 114 161 221 241		100 89 121 157	41 68 89 130 202	4 83	12 21 45 37	166 185 229 245 247		-Dec -Mar May June Sept	. 154 	2 759 1,732	559 477	
1946—Apr May June July Aug Sept Nov Dec 1947—Jan Feb Mar Parking and a set of the s	. 473 473 470 474 472 469 426 381 348 324 265	1,363 1,374 1,376 1,393 1,396 1,412 1,408 1,412 1,408 1,418 1,430 1,432 1,431	240 240 240 237 236 235 237	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	204 204 205 205 205 205 205 200	212 215 215 215 215 215 215 215 215 . 215 		. 39 . 39 . 39 . 41 . 41 . 40 . 40 . 40 . 32 . 28 . 28 . 28	242 239 238 238 238 237 237 237 240 \$\$239 \$\$239 \$\$239	1942- 1943- 1944-	Sept Dec June Dec June Dec Dec June June June June June	. 156 . 86 . 48 . 25 . 8 . 12 . 11 . 43 . 21 . 32 . 32 . 81 . 20	* 870 292 4 151	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 1
<sup>p</sup> Preliminar <sup>1</sup> Figures thr include, in add abroad and go <sup>2</sup> On May 1,	ough Ma lition to g	gold of the	e Centra	al Bank ine Stab	held at h	ome, gol Fund	d of the	Central	Bank hei	d 1940	Dec Mar June Sept	. 18 . 54 . 71		·   · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 17

<sup>p</sup> Preliminary.
 <sup>1</sup> Figures through March 1940 and for December 1942, December 1943, and December 1944 include, in addition to gold of the Central Bank held at home, gold of the Central Bank held abroad and gold belonging to the Argentine Stabilization Fund.
 <sup>4</sup> On May 1, 1940, gold belonging to Bank of Canada transferred to Foreign Exchange Control Board. Gold reported since that time is gold held by Minister of Finance.
 <sup>4</sup> Figures relate to last official report dates for the respective countries, as follows: Java—Jan. 31, 1942; Norway—Mar. 30, 1940; Poland—July 31, 1939; Yugoslavia—Feb. 28, 1941.
 <sup>4</sup> Figure for February 1941; beginning Mar. 29, 1941, gold reserves no longer reported separately.

Figure for February 1941; beginning Mat. 27, 1971, goid reserves as surger reperiod.
 Beginning December 1943, includes gold holdings of Swiss Government.
 These countries are: Albania, Algeria, Australia, Austria through Mar. 7, 1938, Belgian Congo, Bolivia, Bulgaria, China, Costa Rica beginning July 1943, Danzig through Aug. 31, 1939, Ecuador, El Salvador, Estonia, Finland, Guatemala, Iceland, Ireland beginning February 1943, Latvia, Lithuania, Morocco, and Siam. Figures for certain of these countries have been carried forward from last previous official report.
 Gold holdings of Bank of England reduced to nominal amount by gold transfers to British Exchange Equalization Account during 1939. Norg.—For back figures, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 156–160, pp. 536–555, and for a description of figures, including details regarding special internal gold transfers affecting the reported data, see pp. 524–535 in the same publication.

<sup>1</sup> Reported at infrequent intervals or on de-layed basis: U. S.—Exchange Stabilization Fund (Special A/c No. 1); U. K.—Exchange Equali-zation Account; France—Exchange Stabilization Fund and Rentes Fund; Belgium—Treasury. <sup>2</sup> Figure for end of September. <sup>3</sup> Reported figure for total British gold reserves on Aug. 31, 1939. less reported holdings of Bank of England on that date. <sup>4</sup> Figure for Sept. 1, 1941.

NOTE.—For available back figures and for de-tails regarding special internal gold transfers affecting the British and French institutions, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, p. 526, and BULLETIN for February 1945, p. 190.

# GOLD PRODUCTION OUTSIDE U. S. S. R. [In thousands of dollars]

	Estimated	world													
Year or	production	Total		Afr	rica		1	Nort	h and S	outh Am	erica	1	Otl	ner	
month	outside U.S.S.R.1	reported monthly	South Africa	Rho- desia	West Africa <sup>2</sup>		United States		Mex- ico <sup>e</sup>	Colom- bia	Chile	Nica- ragua'	Austra- lia*	British India	
				\$	1=155/21	grains o	f gold 9/10	fine; i. e	., an oun	ice of fine	gold=\$3	15.			
1938				28,532			178,143 196,391				10,290 11,376		54,264 56,182		
1939 1940				28,009	$28,564 \\ 32,163$	\$8,862	210,109	185.890	30.878	22.117	11,999	5,429			
1941 1942			504,268	27,765 26,641	32,414	· • • • • • • •	209,175 130,963	187,081	$27,969 \\ 28,019$			7,525 8,623		9,940 8,960	
1943		760,527	448,153	23,009	19,740		48,808	127,796	22,055	19,789	6,081	7,715	28,560	8,820	
1944 1945				20,746				102,302 94 385		19.374		7,865			
1946				19,061			56,890			-15,301		6,357			
1946 - Mar		50,656	30,871 34,793	1,574			3,639 3,226		• • • • • • • • •	1,473		608 580			
May	• • • • • • • • • • • •		36,740	1,609	1,610		3,158	8,412	. <b></b> . <b>.</b>	1,350	425	488	1,610	455	
June			35,732 36,657	1,654			3,416 3,993		. <b></b>	1,094		563 456		490 525	
Aug		60,795	35,553	1,646	1,750		8,310	8,092		1.048	377	448	3,080	490	
	••••	57,221 59,463		1.578	1,715		6,798 5,930	8,047	• • • • • • • • •	1.425		379 654		490 525	
Nov		55,424	33,823	1,527	1,820		4,900	8,092		1,161		657	1,925	315	
1947-Jan			734,021	1,585	1,785		6,255 7,612	8,184	• • • • • • • • •	1,423			2,205	525	
Feb			19,955		· <b>·</b> · <b>·</b> · <b>·</b> ·		5,483		<b>.</b>	. <b>.</b>				490	

r Revised

Gold production in U. S. S. R.: No regular Government statistics on gold production in U. S. S. R. are available, but data of percentage changes irregularly given out by officials of the gold mining industry, together with certain direct figures for past years, afford a basis for estimating annual production as follows: 1934, 135 million dollars; 1935, 158 million; 1936, 188 million; 1937, 185 million; 1938, 180 million. Annual figures through 1940 are estimates of U. S. Mint; annual figure for 1941 based on monthly estimates of American Bureau of Metal

<sup>1</sup> Annual figures through 1940 are estimates of U. S. Mint; annual figure for 1941 based on monthly estimates of American Dureau of Metal Statistics.
 <sup>3</sup> Beginning April 1941, figures are those reported by American Bureau of Metal Statistics. Beginning January 1944, they represent Gold Coast only.
 <sup>4</sup> Includes Philippine Islands production received in United States. Annual figures are estimates of United States Mint. Monthly figures no longer reported.
 <sup>4</sup> Includes Philippine Islands production received in United States. Annual figures are estimates of United States Mint. Monthly figures represent estimates of American Bureau of Metal Statistics, those for 1945 having been revised by subtracting from each monthly figures \$197,193
 so that aggregate for year is equal to annual estimate compiled by Bureau of the Mint.
 <sup>4</sup> Figures for Canada beginning 1945 are subject to official revision.
 <sup>4</sup> Beginning April 1942, monthly figures no longer reported.
 <sup>4</sup> Gold exports, reported by the Banco Nacional de Nicaragua, which states that they represent approximately 90 per cent of total production.
 <sup>4</sup> Beginning May 1940, figures are those reported by American Bureau of Metal Statistics.
 <sup>4</sup> Beginning May 1940, figures are those reported by American Bureau of Metal Statistics.
 <sup>4</sup> Beginning May 1940, figures are those reported by American Bureau of Metal Statistics.
 <sup>4</sup> Beginning May 1940, figures and sources, see BULLETIN for February 1939, p. 151; July 1938, p. 621; June 1938, p. 540; April 1933, pp. 233-235; and Banking and Monetary Statistics, pp. 542-543.

### GOLD MOVEMENTS UNITED STATES [In thousands of dollars at approximately \$35 a fine ounce]

Net imports from or net exports (-) to: Year Total Other Latin Phil-All other United King-Neth-Switz Britnet ipor Bel-Swe-Aus South France Canada month imports erer-Mexico Ameripine Japan ish coun-tries gium den tralia Africa dom lands land Re-India can publics lands 1,973,569 3,574,151 4,744,472 982,378 315,678 68,938 15,488 163,049 60,146 1,363 165,122 341,618 28,715 86,987 977 63,260 161,489 90,320 36,472 33,610 29,880 16,791 40,016 1938 1939 1940 65,231 57,020 128,259 1,208,728 1,826,403 633,083 81,135 3,798 241,778 76,315 612,949 2,622,330 168,740 16,159 165,605 50,956 111,739 49,989 39,162 74,250 103,777 27 880 401 13,301 168.623 22,862 184,756 292,893 5,636 38.627 2284,208 363,071 ,622,330 412,056 208,917 66,920 46,210 53,148 1940 1941 1942 1943 3,779 1,955 1 61,862 39,680 42,678 321 1 ..... 1,747 899 492 9,444 9,665 67 5 528 152 199 4,119 307 3,572 357 20,008 . . . . . . . . . . 129 13,489 -108,560 -41,748 -8,731 18,365 133,471 88 ..... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . -3.287 . . . . . . . 1944 1945 -845,392 109,695 15.094 -695 483 . . . . . ..... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 103 .... . . . . 160 -6 106 ..... 1946 311,494 458 344,130 3,591 -134,405 118,550 -2,613 . . . . . -156 41 -18,083 . . . . . 1946 -20,534 -27,028 149 34 29 34 637 -33 21,586 Apr. May 222 ····· –6 . . . . . -27,155 -27,155 -3,112 - 2,865 · · · · · · . . . . . . . . **. . . . . .** . .... 127 -8 13 .... . . . . 32.277 902 June July 36.329 2 41 . . . . . . . **. . . . .** . . . . . . . 11 36,329 6,347 15,210 -7,629 24,182 77,903 .... . . . . . . -1 639 476 2,328 . . . . . . ..... . . . . . · • • • -236 -398 .... Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. 19,886 17,902 19,912 . . . . . . . . . . . ••• 649 516 -8.502 -6 15 \$ 2,887 \$ 3,785 82 198 197 -29,198 . . . . . . . . . . • • • . . . • • . . . . 4.523 -682 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 134 25,248 103 612,415 . . . . . 1,065 383 . . . . . . .... 621 38,601 -430 27,473 110,276 Dec. -61.193 449 -15117 . . . . . 18.883 -868\$3.279 . **. . .** . 1947 51,174 30,319 101,642 97,579 16,820 -2 443 222 221  $-132 \\ -49$ 6 -374Ian. 32.544 2.899 Feb. 20,361 153,634 9 -30,341-13,269 37,490 -556 -16,734 • • • • . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . -31 Mar. p -1201 -129 l. . . . . -1,140. . . . .. ... -214. . . . .

Preliminary

Freinfundry, 1 Includes \$28.097,000 from China and Hong Kong, \$15,719,000 from Italy, \$10,953,000 from Norway, and \$13,854,000 from other countries.
 Includes \$75.087,000 from Portugal, \$43,935,000 from Italy, \$33,405,000 from Norway, \$30,851,000 from U.S. S. R., \$26,178,000 from Hong Kong, \$20,583,000 from Netherlands Indies, \$16,310,000 from Yugoslavia, \$11,873,000 from Hungary, \$10,416,000 from Spain, and \$15,570,000

Kong, \$20,583,000 from Netherlands Indies, \$16,310,000 from Yugoslavia, \$11,8/3,000 from Hungary, \$10,416,000 from Spain, and \$15,570,000 from other countries.
Includes \$13,980,000 to China and \$50,981,000 from other countries.
Includes \$13,570,000 from U. S. S. R. and \$18,151,000 from other countries.
Includes \$27,57,000 to China and \$5,981,000 from other countries.
Includes \$27,57,000 to China and \$5,981,000 from other countries.
Includes \$27,57,000 to China and \$5,981,000 from other countries.
Includes \$27,57,000 to China and \$5,981,000 from other countries.
Includes \$27,229,000 to China and \$75,000 from other countries.
Includes \$14,000,000 to China and \$75,000 from other countries.
Includes \$14,000,000 to China and \$27,734,000 to other countries.
Includes \$14,000,000 to China and \$27,734,000 to other countries.
Nore.—For back figures see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 158, pp. 539-541, and for description of statistics, see p. 524 in the same oublication.

oublication.

# INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES

NET CAPITAL MOVEMENT TO UNITED STATES SINCE JANUARY 2, 1935

[Net movement from United States, (-). In millions of dollars] TABLE 1.—TOTAL CAPITAL MOVEMENT, BY TYPES

Total				Decrease in U. S. banking	Foreign securities: Return	Domestic securities: Inflow of	Inflow in brokerage
	Total	Official <sup>1</sup>	Other	funds abroad	of U. S. funds	foreign funds	balances
632.5 920.2	64.1 230.3 371.5 631.5	4.4 22.6 16.3 38.0	59.7 207.7 355.2 593.5	155.0 312.8 388.6 361.4	31.8 43.7 40.1 125.2	-6.2 15.8 90.3 316.7	21.1 29.8 29.8 6.0
1,993.6	613.6	79.6	534.0	390.3	114.4	427.6	.4
	823.4	80.3	743.1	449.0	180.5	524.1	16.5
	947.1	86.0	861.1	456.2	272.2	633.3	23.2
	989.5	140.1	849.4	431.5	316.2	917.4	12.9
2,998.4	1,188.6	129.8	1,058.8	411.0	319.1	1,075.7	4.1
3,639.6	1,690.1	293.0	1,397.1	466.4	395.2	1,069.5	18.3
3,995.5	1,827.2	448.2	1,379.0	518.1	493.3	1,125.1	31.9
3,501.1	1,259.3	334.7	924.6	449.1	583.2	1,162.0	47.5
3,301.3	1,043.9	244.0	799.9	434.4	618.5	1,150.4	54.2
3,140.5	880.9	220.6	660.4	403.3	643.1	1,155.3	57.8
3,567.2	1,275.4	282.2	993.2	477.2	625.0	1,125.4	64.1
3,933.0	1,513.9	327.0	1,186.9	510.1	641.8	1,219.7	47.6
4,279.4	1,829,4	393.2	1,436.2	550.5	646.7	1,188.9	63.9
4,742.0	2,194.6	508.1	1,686.5	607.5	664.5	1,201.4	74.0
5,118.2	2,562.4	635.0	1,927.3	618.4	676.9	1,177.3	83.1
5,112.8	2,522.4	634.1	1,888.3	650.4	725.7	1,133.7	80.6
5.531.3	2,630.9	631.0	1,999.9	631.6	761.6	1,095.0	88.7
	2,920.7	1,012.9	1,907.8	684.1	785.6	1,042.1	98.9
	3,175.9	1,195.4	1,980.5	773.6	793.1	987.0	101.6
	3,239.3	1,281.1	1,958.3	775.1	803.8	888.7	100.9
5,660.1	3,229.7	1,388.6	1,841.0	767.4	812.7	701.8	95.9
	3,278.0	1,459.8	1,818.2	818.6	834.1	631.2	98.2
	3,241.8	1,424.0	1,817.7	805.3	841.1	623.5	100.9
	2,979.6	1,177.1	1,802.6	791.3	855.5	626.7	100.9
5,636.4	2,820.9	1,068.9	1,752.0	819.7	849.6	624.9	104.3
	3,217.0	1,352.8	1,864.2	842.3	838.8	632.0	106.2
	3,355.7	1,482 2	1,873.5	858.2	830.5	646.1	107.5
	3,465.5	1,557.2	1,908.3	888.8	848.2	673.3	104.4
6,652.1	3,788.9	1,868.6	1,920.3	898.7	810.5	685.9	108 6
	4,148.3	2,217.1	1,931.2	896.9	806.8	687.9	112.1
	4,278.0	2,338.3	1,939.7	888.6	929.3	708.1	114.8
	4,644.8	2,610.0	2,034.8	877.6	925.9	701.1	117 8
7,610.4	5,034.4	3,005.0	2,029.4	868.0	904.1	685.8	119.6
	5,002.5	2,812.2	2,190.3	856.6	929.8	702.4	119.1
	4,807.2	2,644.8	2,162.3	883.5	1,026.2	737.8	122.2
	4,865.2	2,624.9	2,240.3	805.8	1,019.4	911.8	126.3
8.422.8 8,858.6	5,219.4 5,671.0 6,042.2 6,144.5	2.865.1 3,313.2 3.554.9 3,469.0	2,354.3 2.357.9 2,487.2 2,675.5	848.5 760.4 865.3 742 7	983.7 1.011.2 998.2 972.8	820.6 848.4 818.4 798.7	130.5 131.8 134.6 144.1
8,730.8 8,674.4 8,405.8 8,338.2	6,234.7 6,173.0 6,169.3 6,169.3 6,169.3 5,896.2 5,853.5 6,149.7 6,009.3 5,930.8 5,925.3 5,936.8	3,601.6 3,473.9 3,455.2 3,344.7 3,119.6 3,042.9 3,386.6 3,197.6 3,083.3 3,041.4 2,974.1	2,633.2 2,699.1 2,714.1 2,780.0 2,776.5 2,810.7 2,763.2 2,811.7 2,847.5 2,884.0 2,962.7	729.2 728.7 703.6 701.2 644.8 624.5 574.1 554.0 519.8 532.8 492.9	$1,097.8 \\ 1,067.2 \\ 1,073.0 \\ 1,076.1 \\ 1,104.2 \\ 1,103.9 \\ 1,125.3 \\ 1,141.9 \\ 1,170.7 \\ 1,196.9 \\ 1,231.5 $	$\begin{array}{c} 625.9\\ 672.4\\ 645.1\\ 630.7\\ 619.7\\ 615.0\\ 506.1\\ 492.2\\ 478.3\\ 472.1\\ 454.4 \end{array}$	135.1133.9139.9141.7140.9141.4140.9146.8150.4153.1154.7
	$\begin{array}{c} 632.5\\ 920.2\\ 1,440.7\\ 1,546.3\\ 1,993.6\\ 2,331.9\\ 2,667.4\\ 2,998.4\\ 3,639.6\\ 3,995.5\\ 3,501.1\\ 3,301.3\\ 3,140.5\\ 3,567.2\\ 3,933.0\\ 4,279.4\\ 4,279.4\\ 2,5118.2\\ 5,112.8\\ 5,567.2\\ 3,933.0\\ 4,279.4\\ 2,5118.2\\ 5,112.8\\ 5,557.2\\ 3,933.0\\ 4,279.4\\ 2,5607.4\\ 5,660.1\\ 5,511.3\\ 5,807.9\\ 5,607.4\\ 5,660.1\\ 5,612.6\\ 5,354.1\\ 5,660.1\\ 5,612.6\\ 5,354.1\\ 5,660.1\\ 5,612.6\\ 5,354.1\\ 5,660.1\\ 5,612.6\\ 5,354.1\\ 5,660.1\\ 5,612.6\\ 1,5612.6\\ 1,5612.6\\ 2,92.6\\ 6,652.1\\ 6,918.7\\ 7,267.1\\ 7,610.4\\ 1,576.0\\ 2,778.4\\ 8,002.6\\ 8,882.8\\ 8,802$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$

<sup>1</sup> This category made up as follows: through Sept. 21, 1938, funds held by foreign central banks at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and Philippine accounts held with the U. S. Treasury; beginning Sept. 28, 1938, also funds held at commercial banks in New York City by central banks maintaining accounts at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York; beginning July 17, 1940, also funds in accounts at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York which had been transferred from central bank to government names; beginning with the new series commencing with the month of July 1942, all funds held with banks and bankers in the United States by foreign central banks and by foreign central governments and their agencies (including official purchasing missions, trade and shipping missions, diplomatic and consular establishments etc.); beginning Jan. 31, 1946, accounts of international institutions; and beginning Feb. 28, 1946, Italian special deposit account held with the U. S. Treasury. <sup>9</sup> The weekly series of capital movement statistics reported through July 1, 1942, was replaced by a monthly series commencing with July 1942. Since the old series overlapped the new by one day, the cumulative figures were adjusted to represent the movement through June 30 only. This adjustment, however, is incomplete since it takes into account only certain significant movements known to have occurred on July 1. Subsequent figures are based upon new monthly series. For further explanation, see BULLETIN for January 1943, p. 98.

NOTE.—Statistics reported by banks, bankers, brokers, and dealers. For full description of statistics see Banking and Monetary Statistics, pp. 558–560; for back figures through 1941 see Tables 161 and 162, pp. 574–637, in the same publication, and for those subsequent to 1941 see BULLETIN for September 1945, pp. 960–974.

### INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued

NET CAPITAL MOVEMENT TO UNITED STATES SINCE JANUARY 2, 1935-Continued

[Net movement from United States, (-). In millions of dollars]

TABLE 2.- TOTAL CAPITAL MOVEMENT, BY COUNTRIES

From Jan. 2, 1935, through—	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Can- ada	Latin America	Asia <sup>1</sup>	All other <sup>1</sup>
1935—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936)         1936—Dec. 30	2,667.4 3,501.1 3,933.0 5,112.8 5,807.9 5,354.1 5,980.2 7,267.1 7,728.4	829.3 993.7 1,183.8 1,101.3 865.2 674.1 837.8 1,257.7 1,090.0	299.5 281.7 339.6 468.7 670.3 639.9 625.9 636.8 585.7	114.5 229.7 311.9 328.6 470.3 455.6 464.4 474.0 487.7 506.2	130.4 335.5 607.5 557.5 773.0 911.5 725.7 592.1 629.1 664.3	36.6 83.1 123.9 140.5 165.9 175.9 179.9 179.5 178.6 179.1	24.0 45.6 22.1 32.2 58.0 55.4 50.5 48.1 48.2 63.1	228.5 312.2 472.0 752.9 922.7 891.8 850.9 954.8 993.3	3,790.1 4,056.6 3,626.3 3,608.1 4,192.8 4,081.8	150.5 106.3 155.3 229.4 411.7 340.5 425.1 760.3 976.4	410.6 384.6 483.4 606.8 567.5 835.8 951.0 1,193.7	1,161.6	90.2 128.6 178.3 201.4 203.0
1945Dec. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 June 30 July 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31	8,775.1 8,730.8 8,674.4 8,405.8 8,338.2	858.3 804.7 719.1 709.5 585.8 485.3 756.0 624.1 665.1 736.3 640.9	553.6 531.6 515.1 453.3 464.1 432.5 419.4 393.2 421.1 433.1	539.7 538.4 525.8 536.5 528.2 426.3 411.9 389.4 376.4 370.1 351.1 322.8 326.4	722.3 728.6 731.1 728.8 730.4 725.4 737.0 741.0 741.0 752.5 745.9 756.3 760.9 766.1	179.7 179.6 179.4 179.3 179.3 179.2 179.3 179.6 179.6 179.3 180.0 180.4 183.8	107.3 133.5 136.2 159.0 165.7 170.4 196.9 201.0 203.5 213.4 228.0	1,132.1 1,142.9 1,125.5 1,116.7 1,140.0 1,152.2 1,138.3 1,108.5 1,085.2 1,065.1 1,068.7 1,069.1 1,062.5	4,108.7 4,031.7 3,931.7 3,899.6 3,698.7 3,554.8 3,790.7 3,612.0 3,649.5 3,738.9	1,342.6 1,357.0 1,370.5 1,347.7 1,306.2 1,313.2 1,278.7 1,223.5 1,177.7 1,110.6 1,067.0	1,345.1 1,350.7 1,391.5 1,400.9 1,431.5 1,471.6 1,486.1 1,566.2 1,544.8 1,569.6	1,780.5 1,764.9 1,716.5 1,723.1 1,677.5 1,560.3 1,492.1 1,425.4 1,365.9 1,326.6 1,327.4	270.9 320.6 303.1 291.9 438.4 448.5

TABLE 3.—INCREASE IN FOREIGN BANKING FUNDS IN U. S., BY COUNTRIES

From Jan. 2, 1935, through—	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Can- ada	Latin America	Asia <sup>1</sup>	All other <sup>1</sup>
1935—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936)         1936—Dec. 30	3.465.5 4.644.8 4.865.2 6.144.5 6.234.7 6.173.0 6.169.3 6.124.6 5.896.2 5.853.5 6.149.7 6.009.3 5.930.8	$\begin{array}{c} 163.5\\ 189.3\\ 364.0\\ 376.1\\ 293.3\\ 328.6\\ 493.3\\ 939.4\\ 804.4\\ 646.4\\ 617.7\\ 569.2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 129.6\\ 144.2\\ 111.8\\ 256.1\\ 458.0\\ 458.0\\ 404.1\\ 356.6\\ 229.9\\ 318.2\\ 300.5\\ 229.5\\ 239.5\\ 239.5\\ 239.5\\ 205.8\\ 195.1\\ 170.6\\ 195.4\\ 204.5\\ 181.2\\ 165.8 \end{array}$	55, 7 65, 9 76, 3 87, 9 190, 9 160, 3 161, 0 170, 0 176, 7 193, 1 265, 0 277, 3 265, 6 278, 4 278, 4 278, 3 251, 8 239, 5 217, 5 210, 5 217, 5 210, 5 217, 5 210, 5 217, 5 210, 5	72.4 109.8 288.4 205.1 362.7 494.7 221.4 286.3 192.7 221.4 286.3 303.2 297.5 298.3 303.2 306.5 305.3 305.3 314.6 318.8 331.4 333.1 345.5 353.2 359.0	$\begin{array}{c}8\\ 2.7\\ 9.6\\ -11.8\\ -20.1\\ -22.9\\ -23.1\\ -22.7\\ -23.3\\ -23.3\\ -23.3\\ -23.3\\ -23.6\\ -23.6\\ -23.6\\ -23.6\\ -23.8\\ -23.8\\ -23.8\\ -23.8\\ -23.8\\ -23.8\\ -23.8\\ -23.8\\ -23.8\\ -23.1\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 7.3\\ 23.0\\ 6.9\\ 1.7\\ 19.7\\ -3.4\\ -6.2\\ -6.9\\ 7.0\\ 50.8\\ 77.2\\ 80.2\\ 103.1\\ 110.2\\ 116.6\\ 145.2\\ 116.6\\ 145.2\\ 116.6\\ 145.2\\ 247.6 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 60.7\\ 79.7\\ 109.4\\ 208.6\\ 470.0\\ 603.7\\ 561.1\\ 502.5\\ 589.0\\ 634.7\\ 769.1\\ 757.6\\ 742.0\\ 778.0\\ 738.0\\ 789.0\\ 771.5\\ 742.2\\ 771.5\\ 742.2\\ 771.5\\ 742.2\\ 771.5\\ 742.2\\ 772.1\\ 716.1\\ 716.1\\ 716.3\\ \end{array}$	2,194.8 2,031.4	$\begin{array}{r} 86.8\\ 76.3\\ 101.6\\ 174.5\\ 334.1\\ 273.1\\ 399.5\\ 704.7\\ 818.6\\ 1,414.2\\ 1,242.8\\ 1,241.8\\ 1,251.8\\ 1,251.8\\ 1,255.1\\ 1,155.8\\ 1,155.8\\ 1,175.4\\ 1,116\\ 0,069.6\\ 995.4\\ \end{array}$	149 3 166.3 127.6 215.1 326.4 296.7 482.8 578.7 7924.9 929.4 929.4 929.4 929.4 929.4 929.5 1,029.7 1,055.2 1,029.7 1,055.2 1,059.2	$\begin{array}{c} 149.4\\ 217.0\\ 251.8\\ 417.0\\ 531.2\\ 541.4\\ 743.9\\ 928.2\\ 888.6\\ 1,369.1\\ 1,554.5\\ 1,542.9\\ 1,505.0\\ 1,518.7\\ 1,542.9\\ 1,505.0\\ 1,306.8\\ 1,256.9\\ 1,215.8\\ 1,256.9\\ 1,256$	$\begin{array}{c} 15.2\\ 8.0\\ 0\\ 22.2\\ 60.5\\ 61.3\\ 101.6\\ 141.9\\ 162.0\\ 169.7\\ 212.3\\ 237.0\\ 227.6\\ 260.6\\ 260.6\\ 409.3\\ 418.9\\ 504.4\\ 488.3\\ 509.3\\ 702.3\end{array}$

TABLE 4-DECREASE IN U. S. BANKING FUNDS ABROAD, BY COUNTRIES

<b>F</b> rom Jan. 2, 1935, through	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Can- ada	Latin America	Asia <sup>1</sup>	All other <sup>1</sup>
1935—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936)         1936—Dec. 30         1937—Dec. 29         1938—Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939)         1939—Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940)         1940—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941)         1941—Dec. 31         1943—Dec. 31         1944—Dec. 31	361.4 431.5 449.1 510.1 650.4 775.1 791.3 888.8 877.6 805.8	208.8 178.0 207.4 206.2 252.2 269.2 279.4 279.4 272.1 266.1	48.1 62.0 65.3 68.4 73.8 74.6 76.9 77.8 77.9 77.7	$ \begin{array}{r}4 \\ -3.3 \\ -4.4 \\ -5.6 \\ 12.9 \\ 17.7 \\ 17.6 \\ 18.1 \\ 18.3 \\ 18.3 \\ 18.3 \end{array} $	5.4 6.6 5.1	29.7 66.0 105.1 141.7 177.8 191.6 196.8 196.7 196.9 196.9	13.7 16.3 6.5 13.7 15.5 25.3 25.8 26.2 26.2 26.2	8.8 22.0 26.9 33.8 28.4 49.8 53.6 56.8 60.0 34.6	$\begin{array}{r} 310.2\\ 343.7\\ 409.3\\ 460.9\\ 563.5\\ 634.7\\ 647.4\\ 661.5\\ 656.5\\ 626.6\end{array}$	-4.6 36.9 -21.7 35.9 56.5 60.3 62.7 58.6 55.1 64.8	20.1 24.9 51.6 66.8 52.6 43.2 17.7 68.3 55.7 37.0	37.3 30.4 18.7 -46.5 -21.5 34.8 64.7 93.8 102.7 77.7	$-1.6 \\ -4.4 \\ -8.7 \\ -7.0 \\8 \\ 2.1 \\ -1.2 \\ 6.6 \\ 7.5 \\3 \\$
1945—Dec. 31.         1946—Jan. 31.         Feb. 28.         Mar. 31.         Apr. 30.         June 30.         July 31.         Aug. 31.         Sept. 30.         Oct. 31.         Nov. 30.         Dec. 31.	742.7 729.2 728.7 703.6 701.2 644.8 624.5 574.1 554.0 519.8 532.8 402.9 427.2	266.6 266.2 265.7 263.4 259.4 261.5 216.2 226.2 226.7 235.5 236.1 244.3	78.0 78.3 78.4 78.3 78.2 78.2 78.1 75.7 76.0 76.1 75.1 75.0 73.4	$\begin{array}{c} -17.7\\ -17.1\\ -17.5\\ -17.1\\ -24.7\\ -99.9\\ -100.7\\ -101.0\\ -104.2\\ -118.4\\ -110.2\\ -120.2\\ -132.3\end{array}$	5.2 1.9 3.2 2.5 1.6 1.4 3.4 2.6 3.7 1.8	196.9 196.9 196.9 196.9 196.9 196.9 196.9 196.9 196.9 196.9 196.9 196.9 200.4	26.2 26.2 26.2 26.1 26.0 25.5 24.1 22.2 17.8 15.9 16.0 13.7 10.6	38.3 65.9 61.1 57.9 61.0 58.5 51.3 45.9 49.1 39.5 35.1 32.1 26.6	593.4 618.3 614.0 608.1 599.3 518.8 512.9 457.3 465.2 439.2 452.0 435.4 421.3	39.5 18.5 21.6 30.0 28.2 42.8 39.3 50.6 49.3 42.6 43.2 40.0 40.7	9.1 3.3 6.8 -10.4 1.9 10.0 3.3 -2.4 -17.3 -14.6 -14.1 -32.2 -58.8	99.2 88.5 85.5 75.5 71.9 61.1 56.4 54.8 54.1 29.9	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.5\\ .6\\ .9\\ .4\\2\\ -1.5\\ -3.9\\ -3.4\\ -4.2\\ -3.1\\ -4.4\\ -5.8\\ \end{array} $

<sup>1</sup> Prior to Jan. 3, 1940, the figures under Asia represent Far East only, the remaining Asiatic countries being included under "All other." <sup>2</sup> Inflow less than \$50,000.

### INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued NET CAPITAL MOVEMENT TO UNITED STATES SINCE JANUARY 2, 1935-Continued

[Net movement from United States, (-). In millions of dollars] TABLE 5.—FOREIGN SECURITIES: RETURN OF U. S. FUNDS, BY COUNTRIES

(Net Purchases by Foreigners of Foreign Securities Owned in U. S.)

	(****												
From Jan. 2, 1935, through—	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Can- ada	Latin America	Asia1	All other <sup>1</sup>
1945—Dec.       31.       1         1946—Jan.       31.       1         Feb.       28.       1         Mar.       31.       1         Apr.       30.       1         June       30.       1         July       31.       1         July       31.       1         Agg.       31.       1         Oct.       30.       1         Oct.       31.       1         Not.       31.       1         Not.       31.       1         Not.       30.       1         Oct.       31.       1	125.2 316.2 583.2 641.8 725.7 803.8 855.5 848.2 925.9 1,019.4 972.8 1,097.8 1,067.2 1,073.0 1,067.2 1,073.0 1,067.2 1,103.9 1,125.3 1,141.9 1,125.3	$\begin{array}{c} 116.1\\ 136.8\\ 127.7\\ 125.5\\ 128.6\\ 127.6\\ 127.6\\ 127.6\\ 127.6\\ 117.7\\ 115.0\\ 113.9\\ 102.4\\ 110.8\\ 110.9\\ 109.7\\ 107.3\\ 101.5\\ 100.4\\ 98.3\\ 95.0 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6.8\\ 18.2\\ 22.8\\ 142.1\\ 43.4\\ 51.6\\ 52.4\\ 50.6\\ 51.0\\ 51.2\\ 51.1\\ 51.0\\ 51.1\\ 51.0\\ 51.1\\ 51.0\\ 9\\ 49.9\\ 49.9\\ 49.9\\ 49.5\\ 49.5\\ 49.1\\ 50.2\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 7.4\\ 10.4\\ 21.2\\ 27.3\\ 31.6\\ 33.6\\ 33.6\\ 33.6\\ 33.4\\ 33.4\\ 33.4\\ 33.2\\ 33.3\\ 1\\ 33.2\\ 33.1\\ 31.4\\ 30.3\\ 29.1\\ 127.6\\ 0\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} -1.2\\ 13.7\\ 30.4\\ 36.1\\ 45.0\\ 44.3\\ 44.9\\ 44.3\\ 44.9\\ 44.5\\ 45.2\\ 44.9\\ 45.0\\ 45.0\\ 45.0\\ 45.0\\ 45.0\\ 45.0\\ 45.0\\ 45.0\\ 36.4\\ 37.4\\ 5\\ 37.0\\ 37.2\\ 31$	$\begin{array}{c} 13.3\\ 22.5\\ 26.6\\ 33.5\\ 26.6\\ 36.5\\ 36.5\\ 36.5\\ 36.5\\ 36.5\\ 36.5\\ 36.5\\ 36.5\\ 36.5\\ 36.5\\ 36.5\\ 36.5\\ 36.5\\ 36.5\\ 36.5\\ 36.5\\ 36.9\\$	2.9 9.4 13.5 22.00 27.6 28.1 28.0 27.6 27.5 27.3 27.3 27.3 27.3 27.3 27.3 27.3 27.3	46.1 87.9 115.2 167.8 189.0 196.4 201.8 207.6 210.1 210.4 212.8 212.5 212.6 212.9 213.3 213.8 221.5 220.7 221.3 221.1 220.3 223.3	143.1 278.3 366.4 440.6 510.0 521.3 526.3 530.1 523.8 520.7 519.7 519.7 519.7 519.7 519.7 519.3 517.3 516.7 521.9 503.8 514.3 515.2	$\begin{array}{c} -39.7\\ 1.7\\ 10.5\\ -9.7\\ -9.7\\ -9.7\\ -35.4\\ -3.0\\ 41.2\\ 104.9\\ 49.1\\ 176.8\\ 144.3\\ 149.1\\ 147.8\\ 169.8\\ 166.2\\ 179.7\\ 193.7\\ 200.2\\ 207.7\\ 226.4\\ 236.6\end{array}$	12.7 15.7 175.0 167.4 184.0 202.3 221.1 245.4 272.3 302.0 317.1 317.6 320.5 323.1 328.8 334.4 338.1 334.4 338.1 334.4 338.1 341.0 378.2 390.3 414.2 439.9	$\begin{array}{c} 7.9\\ 17.0\\ 24.5\\ 33.8\\ 42.8\\ 53.0\\ 61.2\\ 61.5\\ 62.2\\ 61.3\\ 60.8\\ 60.9\\ 60.6\\ 60.4\\ 60.0\\ 59.5\\ 59.7\\ 59.7\\ 59.7\\ 59.7\\ 59.4\\ 59.5\\ 59.5\\ 59.5\\ 1.1\\ 59.4\\ 59.5\\ 59.5\\ 1.1\\ 59.5\\ 51$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{1.1}\\ \textbf{3.5}\\ \textbf{6.8}\\ \textbf{9.7}\\ \textbf{11.3}\\ \textbf{13.5}\\ \textbf{16.6}\\ \textbf{18.0}\\ \textbf{19.9}\\ \textbf{21.0}\\ \textbf{22.1}\\ \textbf{22.1}\\ \textbf{22.1}\\ \textbf{22.5}\\ \textbf{22.5}\\ \textbf{22.9}\\ \textbf{0}\\ \textbf{23.0}\\ \textbf{3.0}\\ \textbf{6}\\ \textbf{5}\\ \textbf{17.4}\\ \textbf{19.3}\\ \textbf{19.3} \end{array}$

TABLE 6.-DOMESTIC SECURITIES: INFLOW OF FOREIGN FUNDS, BY COUNTRIES

		(N	et Purch	ases by	Foreign	ers of U	. S. Sec	urities)					
From Jan. 2, 1935, through—	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Can- ada	Latin America	Asia <sup>1</sup>	All other <sup>1</sup>
1935         Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936)           1936         Dec. 30	917.4 1.162.0 1,219.7 1.133.7 888.7 626.7 673.3 701.1 911.8 798.7 625.9 672.4 645.9 672.4 630.7 619.7 619.7 619.7 615.0 506.1 492.2 478.3 472.1		64.7 70.3 76.9 76.6 74.4 74.9 80.5 82.7 77.3 81.7 81.8 77.0 77.2 74.0 77.1	50.5 157.6 213.8 212.1 227.7 236.7 236.9 239.9 239.9 239.9 239.9 239.9 239.0 233.5 228.6 1226.1 228.1 225.8 228.2 224.0 222.9 222.9 222.9 222.0 223.6 222.9 222.1 216.8 212.1 216.8 212.1 216.8 217.1 216.1 216.1 216.1 217.1 216.1 217.1 216.1 217.1 217.1 218.1 218.1 218.1 218.1 218.1 218.1 218.1 219.1 218.1 218.1 218.1 218.1 218.1 219.1 218.1 219.1	$\begin{array}{c} 55.1\\ 200.2\\ 275.3\\ 304.1\\ 344.7\\ 348.1\\ 336.4\\ 360.5\\ 357.4\\ 356.4\\ 355.4\\ 355.4\\ 355.4\\ 355.4\\ 355.4\\ 355.4\\ 355.4\\ 355.4\\ 355.4\\ 355.4\\ 355.4\\ 355.4\\ 355.4\\ 355.4\\ 355.4\\ 355.4\\ 355.4\\ 355.6\\ 335.8\\ 342.1\\ 335.6\\ 335.8\\ 335$	$\begin{array}{c} -5.4 \\ -7.5 \\ -17.4 \\ -7.2.8 \\ -28.2 \\ -29.1 \\ -30.1 \\ -30.9 \\ -30.8 \\ -30.4 \\ -30.4 \\ -30.4 \\ -30.4 \\ -30.5 \\ -30.4 \\ $	$\begin{array}{c}1 \\ -3.3 \\ -4.9 \\ -5.5 \\ -4.9 \\ 2.7 \\1 \\6 \\ 1.9 \\ 2.2 \\ 2.4 \\ 2.1 \\ 2.0 \\ 1.7 \\ 1.6 \\ 1.7 \\ 1.6 \\ 1.7 \\ 1.6 \\ 2.1 \end{array}$	56.6	$\begin{array}{c} 286.2\\ 818.0\\ 1,041.6\\ 11.094.1\\ 1,094.4\\ 851.3\\ 615.0\\ 644.7\\ 633.7\\ 582.9\\ 568.3\\ 546.5\\ 535.4\\ 524.0\\ 520.9\\ 502.8\\ 502.8\\ 501.6\\ 497.2\\ 486.7\\ 484.3\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2.8\\ 32.6\\ 37.6\\ 25.7\\ -2.6\\ 0.25.7\\ -2.6\\ -18.4\\ -44.7\\ -44.7\\ -45.1\\ -58.2\\ -28.1\\ -1126.6\\ -80.3\\ -66.8\\ -80.3\\ -66.8\\ -147.7\\ -150.3\\ -155.7\\ -155.2\\ -155.2\\ -143.0\\ 0.5\\ -143.0\\ $	$\begin{array}{c} 15.5\\ 18.2\\ 23.7\\ 30.1\\ 25.6\\ 28.1\\ 35.2\\ 40.5\\ 54.9\\ 81.3\\ 897.6\\ 98.2\\ 102.7\\ 89.3\\ 97.6\\ 98.2\\ 102.7\\ 89.3\\ 97.6\\ 1.3\\ 897.6\\ 98.2\\ 102.7\\ 89.3\\ 91.5\\ 91.5\\ 91.5\\ 91.5\\ 93.4\\ 1.4\\ 94.1 \end{array}$	21.4 44.1 54.7 65.2 87.6 17.5 27.7 62.5 240.5 251.3 73.0 71.9 71.3 67.7 63.8 62.1 49.7 43.4 30.5 29.7 25.0	$\begin{array}{c} 2.6\\ 7.1\\ 9.8\\ 11.1\\ 14.3\\ 12.6\\ 10.9\\ 10.9\\ 10.6\\ 10.7\\ 9.9\\ 9.7\\ 9.4\\ 8.9\\ 8.5\\ 8.4\\ 8.8\\ 8.8\\ 8.6\\ 8.5\\ 8.4\\ 8.6\\ 8.6\\ 8.6\\ 8.8\\ 8.6\\ 8.6\\ 8.6\\ 8.8\\ 8.6\\ 8.6$

TABLE 7.---INFLOW IN BROKERAGE BALANCES, BY COUNTRIES (The Net Effect of Increases in Foreign Brokerage Balances in U. S. and of Decreases in Balances Held by Brokers and Dealers in U. S. with Brokers and Dealers Abroad)

	Dalances	iiciu by	DIORCIO	and De	alero m	0. 0	ien bion	cio anu	Dealers A	ioroad)			
From Jan. 2, 1935, through—	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Can- ada	Latin America	Asia¹	All other <sup>1</sup>
1935—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936)         1936—Dec. 30         1937—Dec. 29         1938—Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939)         1939—Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940)         1940—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941)         1941—Dec. 31         1943—Dec. 31         1944—Dec. 31	47.6 80.6 100.9 100.9 104.4 117.8	(*) 4.0 11.5 13.4 19.4 17.0 16.8 17.4 18.8 18.5	2.4 10.4 11.5 12.9 20.1 19.9 20.7 21.5 23.1	$   \begin{array}{r}     1.3 \\    9 \\     5.0 \\     6.8 \\     9.3 \\     13.4 \\     17.6 \\     17.5 \\     19.9 \\     22.3 \\   \end{array} $	2.5 9.1 10.8 9.6 17.8 16.2 13.5 13.7 19.3 23.0	$\begin{array}{c}2 \\7 \\ (2) \\1 \\2 \\1 \\2 \\ (1) \end{array}$	.1 .3 .1 .2 .2 .2 .3 .3	1.4 .4 5.0 5.2 5.0 7.9 8.0 8.7 9.4 10.5	7.6 22.6 44.0 47.9 71.6 74.3 75.7 78.1 89.1 97.7	$\begin{array}{r} -4.5 \\ -7.6 \\ 3.5 \\ 1.8 \\ 8.7 \\ 10.7 \\ 14.1 \\ 15.2 \\ 17.6 \\ 16.2 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.0 \\ -4.2 \\5 \\9 \\ 1.6 \\ 9.2 \\ 3.9 \\ 4.2 \\ 3.8 \\ 5.1 \\ \end{array} $	2.92.1.5-1.5-3.46.06.36.06.05.6	$ \begin{array}{c}9 \\ (3) \\ (3) \\ 2.1 \\ .7 \\ .8 \\ .9 \\ 1.3 \\ 1.8 \end{array} $
1945-Dec. 31.         1945-Dec. 31.         1945-Qa.         Mar. 31.         Apr. 30.         May 31.         July 31.         Aug. 31.         Sept. 30.         Oct. 31.         Nov. 30.	144.1 135.1 133.9 139.9 141.7 140.9 141.4 140.9 146.8 150.4 153.1	19.8 21.3 20.7 20.0 19.2 19.1 19.3 18.9 19.2 18.6 19.2 19.2	23.4 24.2 24.7 24.1 24.3 24.2 24.3 24.4 23.7 22.1 22.4 22.0	26.0 16.2 16.2 16.1 15.7 16.0 15.9 16.1 15.8 15.7 16.3 16.1	30.3 30.3 30.9 32.1 32.0 32.2 33.4 33.8 35.9 36.9 37.9 38.6	(2) (2) (3) (3) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (3)	.4 .4 .4 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5	13.6 13.1 13.1 13.3 13.1 12.9 12.9 13.2 13.7 14.2 14.1 14.8	113.6 105.6 105.9 106.0 104.8 105.0 106.3 107.0 108.9 107.5 110.4	19.5 19.6 19.9 19.9 19.4 19.6 18.5 19.8 19.1 19.2 20.1 21.5	5.9 5.5 3.9 8.2 11.3 10.9 10.2 8.5 12.9 18.3 17.1 15.3	3.8 3.6 3.9 4.5 4.8 4.1 4.8 3.9 4.4 3.7 4.0 5.0	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 1.4\\ 1.5\\ 1.7\\ 1.6\\ 1.5\\ 1.8\\ \end{array} $

Prior to Jan. 3, 1940, the figures under Asia represent Far East only, the remaining Asiatic countries being included under "All other." <sup>1</sup> Inflow less than \$50,000. <sup>3</sup> Outflow less than \$50,000. <sup>4</sup> Amounts outstanding Dec. 31, in millions of dollars: foreign brokerage balances in United States, 109.1; United States brokerage balances abroad, 32.2.

# INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued

SHORT-TERM FOREIGN LIABILITIES AND ASSETS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES [In millions of dollars]

LIABILITIES

	Tot	alı												
Date	Official and private	Official	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Can- ada	Latin America	Asia <sup>2</sup>	Ali other <sup>2</sup>
1934—Dec. <sup>3</sup> 1935—Dec. <sup>3</sup> 1936—Dec. <sup>3</sup> 1937—Dec. <sup>3</sup> 1939—Dec. <sup>3</sup> 1939—Dec. <sup>3</sup> 1940—Dec. <sup>3</sup> 1941—Dec. <sup>3</sup> 1942—Dec. <sup>3</sup> 1943—Dec. <sup>3</sup> 1944—Dec. <sup>3</sup> 1945—Dec. <sup>3</sup> Mar. <sup>3</sup> .1           Sept. <sup>3</sup>	6,883.1 46,993.2 6,931.4 6,927.8 6,883.1 6,654.6 6,612.0 6,908.2 6,767.8 6,689.3 56,679.5	$\begin{array}{r} 427.1\\ 473.8\\ 781.0\\ 1.418.9\\ 2.244.4\\ 3.320.3\\ 3.335.2\\ 4.179.3\\ 4.331.8\\ 4.204.1\\ 4.185.4\\ 4.074.9\\ 3.849.9\\ 3.773.1\\ 4.116.8\\ 3.927.8\\ 3.813.6\\ 3.771.6\\ 3.704.4\\ \end{array}$	76.9 205.5 235.7 261.5 436.1 448.2 365.5 400.8 8554.6 1,000.8 865.7 707.7 679.0 630.5 553.8 8553.4 61.1 555.3 8553.4 4334.4 3351.1 555.3 8553.4 661.1 555.3 8553.4 661.1 555.3 857.8 857.4 661.1 555.3 857.8	163.5 176.3 143.9 187.4 288.2 490.1 448.6 432.3 439.9 401.2 310.0 398.3 380.7	204.9 174.3 174.9 186.6 193.3 209.7 281.6 293.9 282.2 295.0 294.9 268.4 256.1 234.1 237.1 239.0 215.7 202.4	13.7 86.1 123.5 302.1 218.8 376.3 508.4 339.9 184.2 210.6 239.3 210.6 239.3 304.2 315.5 316.2 321.2 324.4 323.2 336.7 359.0 355.1 5359.1 5359.1 5359.1 5359.1 5359.1	29.9 32.0 39.0 17.8 9.5 6.6 7.5 6.8 7.0 6.8 6.6 6.5 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.5 7.1	$\begin{array}{c} 18.8\\ 26.1\\ 41.7\\ 25.7\\ 20.4\\ 38.5\\ 17.9\\ 15.4\\ 12.1\\ 11.3\\ 27.3\\ 70.4\\ 130.5\\ 137.0\\ 133.4\\ 130.5\\ 137.0\\ 133.4\\ 130.5\\ 174.3\\ 178.9\\ 205.5\\ 178.9\\ 205.5\\ 267.9\\ \end{array}$	46.8 107.5 126.3 156.0 650.6 608.0 643.4 722.1 767.7 902.1 890.6 875.0 871.0 894.0 910.6 904.5 875.3 848.0 835.1 835.1 843.4	2.655.4 2.588 & 2.512.4 2.502 5 2.393.2 2.257.4 2.554.4 2.391.0 2.457.4	$\begin{array}{c} 145.3\\ 186.1\\ 175.6\\ 201.8\\ 274.6\\ 434.3\\ 373.2\\ 507.4\\ 812.6\\ 926.5\\ 1,522.2\\ 1,350.7\\ 1,349.7\\ 1,359.7\\ 1,344.1\\ 1,248.2\\ 1263.8\\ 1284.3\\ 1248.6\\ 1219.6\\ 01.177.5\\ 1,103.3\\ 1,045.3\\ 1$	156.3 263.9 280.9 248.5 336.0 447.3 417.7 597.7 693.7	331.9 399.5 435.5 655.7 769.9 780.0 930.0 1.108.8 1.069.2 1.549.7 1.735.1 1.735.1 1.685.6 1.699.3 1.685.6 1.699.3 1.685.5 1.396.4 1.437.5 1.396.4 1.354.5 1.396.4	23.4 27.1 20.0 34.1 72.5 73.3 113.6 149.6 149.6 149.6 149.6 149.6 149.6 149.6 149.6 149.6 149.6 149.6 276.1 259.4 249.4 398.1 407.7 493.2 477.1 498.1 691.1

### LIABILITIES—SUPPLEMENTARY DATA Other Europe

Date	Other Europe	Bel- gium	Den- mark	Fin- land	Greece*	Luxem- bourg <sup>e</sup>	Nor- way	Portu- gal <sup>6</sup>	Ru- mania <sup>6</sup>	Spain <sup>6</sup>	Sweden	USSR6	Yugo- slavia <sup>6</sup>	
1939—Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940) 1940—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941) 1941—Dec. 31 1942—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1944—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31	516.9 650.6 608.0 643.4 722.1 767.7 902.1	159.2 144.8 117.3 121.8 122.9 124.3 185.0	28.1 17.3 18.1 17.7 13.9 14.8 25.9	21.4 16.5 5.7 7.9 7.7 7.1 5.5	39.3 43.5 48.7 70.8	18.3 18.4 18.6 22.3	56.3 48.7 65.2 132.4 158.9 220.8 216.1	35.7 53.4 54.5 47.9	9.4 9.3 9.5 9.3	 17.5 31.8 43.4 31.7	142.2 235.4 210.7 153.5 163.2 152.1 210.1	14.3 12.3 16.1 28.0		109.8 187.9 191.0 57.9 76.9 52.1 43.7
1945—Dec. 31	890.6 875.0 871.0 910.6 904.5 875.3 848.0 836.2	185.0 184.9 167.6 166.3 176.4 177.8 175.7 169.0 160.1 158.7 177.0 186.0 159.5	40.1 41.6 44.2 47.4 48.6 49.7 50.4 52.1 56.8 54.0 57.0 66.5	<b>6.6</b> 10.7 11.2 10.1 11.9 11.2 11.9 13.1 13.6 17.0 18.6 22.2	70.8 70.0 69.7 74.9 76.7 75.5 72.3 64.1 60.1 64.4 58.4 55.5 49.3	22.3 22.3 22.4 22.3 22.0 22.1 22.6 22.9 22.8 21.7 21.6 21.8 22.6	176.5 175.0 174.0 159.3 161.6 161.1 148.9 142.3 140.8 136.0 123.1 123.5	47.9 47.5 45.3 45.4 49.7 49.5 48.6 47.6 50.2 49.1 48.8 43.5 39.0	9.3 9.2 9.2 10.0 10.2 10.0 10.9 8.5 8.7 8.7 9.0 8.9	37.1 37.4 35.4 36.2 35.5 32.3 20.7 18.2 18.9 20.2 15.3 16.4	210.1 214.0 212.9 205.2 200.0 196.0 191.7 204.4 196.3 183.1 159.9 165.4 172.6	28.0 29.7 28.5 24.8 44.9 57.4 59.5 50.2 47.9 37.5 46.4 53.2 60.5	5.7 6.3 6.6 7.7 7.3 7.4 8.3 8.7 8.5 8.4 10.4 12.4	43.7 46.4 48.4 51.2 53.6 57.4 62.3 65.9 67.7 74.7 87.8 90.3 89.9

					Latin	h Amer	ica								
Date	Latin Amer- ica	Argen- tina	Bo- livia'	Brazil	Chile	Co- lom- bia <sup>7</sup>	Costa Rica <sup>7</sup>	Cuba	French West Indies and Gui- ana <sup>7</sup>		Neth- er- lands West Indies and Suri- nam <sup>7</sup>	Pana- ma <sup>s</sup>	Peru <sup>7</sup>	Vene- zuela <sup>7</sup>	Other Latin Amer- ica
1939-Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940)           1940-Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941)           1941-Dec. 31.           1942-Dec. 31.           1943-Dec. 31.           1944-Dec. 31.           1945-Dec. 31.           1945-Dec. 31.	336.0 447.3 417.7 597.7 693.7 909.3 1,046.4	67.6 69.8 93.9	10.8 12.6 17.7 14.5	36.4 36.2 50.5 67.7 98.7 140.8 195.1	26.8 28.5 27.3 34.5 54.0 55.0 66.3	43.4 67.1 83.6 79.2	12.4 12.2 7.4 6.9	37.0 47.9 62.5 100.3 70.4 139.3 128.3	 4.9 2.6 4.4 7.1	58.8 55.0 37.7 95.7 70.4 83.1 116.4	20.7 41.2 36.0 28.2	34.0 58.7 42.1 36.9 57.6 69.1 88.7	17.7 17.4 27 7 43.9	20.9 24.2 31.5 49.7	85.3 105.6 121.8 64.2 95.4 119.8 144.8
1946—Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 July 31 Aug. 31 Aug. 31 Aug. 31 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31	1,050.9 1,043.5 1.094.0 1,077.7 1,108.1 1,151.3 1,174.4 1,226.6 1,180.7 1,180.5 1,150.8 1,104.8	80 0 83.9 84.1 92.6 116.6 124.4 147.9 144.5 147.9 131.4	13.4 13.6 12.7 11.9 10.7 12.3 11.5 13.5 14.3 13.6	192.3 199.6 210 6 206.8 222.0 218.8 231.1 255.9 231.0 223.5 205.6 174.0	66.6 64.6 63.9 60.3 55.3 59.3 62.1 53.9 51.2 49.8 50.5 50.7	82.4 80.6 77.5 72.4 69.6 66.3 75.2 67.4 65.2 61.5 60.7 57.8	5.7 6.3 6.0 6.9 6.7 6.8 6.5 6.7 7.1 8.6	122.2 120.5 139.5 152.7 163.7 169.6 167.0 175.6 160.6 158.0 159.1 153.5	7.1 6.6 6.6 7.0 7.0 7.6 7.4 7.8 6.7 6.0	125.9 128.3 140.7 122.3 119.8 137.1 135.3 143.1 142.2 133.2 143.2 143.2	20.9 22.8 20.7 21.7 19.2 16.7 14.7 14.1 13.7 13.6 13.5 16.1	89.4 87.5 91.2 90.3 88.9 87.1 84.8 84.3 85.4 84.6 84.1 77.2	43.4 45.0 41.9 39.8 40.3 40.6 39.2 38.8 39.1 43.8 40.7 40.9	36.0 42.4 41.3 49.5 50.3 46.1 42.3 50.9 52.5 68.7 67.3 74.0	150.3 146.0 156.3 152.4 160.5 168.6 171.5 169.4 167.3 167.6 166.7 168.7

For footnotes see p. 621.

# INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued SHORT-TERM FOREIGN LIABILITIES AND ASSETS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES—Continued

### [In millions of dollars] LIABILITIES-SUPPLEMENTARY DATA-Continued Asia and All Other

Date	Asia	China and Man- chu- ria	French Indo- China <sup>1</sup>		India, Bur- ma, and Cey- lon <sup>1</sup>	Bri- tish Ma- laya <sup>1</sup>	Japan	Neth- er- lands East Indies <sup>1</sup>	Phil- ippine Is- lands		Other Asia	nn j	Aus- tra- lia	New Zea- land	Egypt and Anglo- Egyp- tian Sudan	French Mo- rocco	Union of South Africa	Other
1939—Dec.           (Jan. 3, 1940)           1940—Dec.           (Jan. 1, 1941)           1941—Dec. 31.           1942—Dec. 31.           1943—Dec. 31.           1944—Dec. 31.           1945—Dec. 31.           1946—Jan. 31.           Apr. 30.           June 30.           July 31.           Aug. 31.           Sept. 30.           Oct. 31.           Nov. 30.           Dec. 31.	769.9 780.0 930.0 1,108.8 1,069.2 1,549.6 1,549.6 1,655.7 1,541.4 1,487.5 1,437.5 1,396.4 1,359.3 1,364.5	427.3 582.3 756.3 738.0 732.1 717.0 695.4 657.0 611.9 561.8 525.3 490.1	27.4 27.4 27.4 28.0 28.2 34.6 37.9 38.0 39.0 43.6 47.2 55.0 42.9 37.7 36.2	$\begin{array}{c} 91.1\\ 61.6\\ 41.6\\ 23.9\\ 22.9\\ 27.4\\ 30.5\\ 31.8\\ 34.8\\ 36.4\\ 35.4\\ 37.8\\ 33.2\\ 34.1\\ 37.9\\ 35.6\\ 46.1\\ \end{array}$	13.1 18.2 22.1 33.4 29.4 36.7 25.7 34.6 37.6 37.6 36.1 33.2 28.3 35.8 33.3 40.1	1.0 .9 1.3 1.2 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.6 2.2 10.3 9.3 9.3 9.3 17.2	$110.3 \\ 69.99 \\ 4.8 \\ 4.1 \\ 4.0 \\ 4.1 \\ 4.0 \\ 3.9 \\ 3.8 \\ 3.7 \\ 3.7 \\ 3.7 \\ 3.7 \\ 3.7 \\ 9.2 \\ 13.4 \\ 9.5 \\ 14.1 $	110.1 110.5 113.7 110.0 100.7 99.0 102.1 103.6 100.2 114.3 120.1 128.9 133.4 134.5	259.1 365.8 629.1 642.8 635.7 598.4 617.0 580.2 505.5 482.4 466.9 465.2 466.6 466.3	29.9 35.4 23.7 52.5 57.3 62.2 66.1 66.9 72.0 69.3 64.5 62.9 58.6 62.9 58.6 64.3	162.4 264.9 36.2 55.5 64.2 78.0 75.1 78.4 86.3 81.9 87.4 86.8 89.5 84.6 80.6 80.6 80.6 80.2	73.3 113.6 149.6 175.3 174.0 181.8 225.8 276.1 259.4 249.4 398.1 407.7 493.2 477.1 493.2 477.1 498.1	23.1 25.3 52.9 28.9 26.1 24.3 26.6 23.8 24.4 28.7 33.6 39.9 41.1 35.1	$\begin{array}{r} 4.8\\ 5.1\\ 3.5\\ 4.3\\ 4.0\\ 3.8\\ 4.0\\ 3.8\\ 4.8\\ 7.5\\ 6.4\\ 5.5\\ 5.5\\ 5.7\end{array}$	6.1 7.3 18.9 19.4 19.6 18.9 17.9 16.8 17.7 17.7 19.0 20.2 21.8 22.3	$ \begin{array}{c} 12.1 \\ 10.3 \\ 4.3 \\ 10.0 \\ 9.7 \\ 10.1 \\ 10.3 \\ 11.3 \\ 12.4 \\ 11.2 \\ 11.5 \\ 11.6 \\ 13.4 \\ 13.3 \\ 14.5 \end{array} $	4.5 8.3 6.4 6.3 9.1 9.5 8.9 11.3 12.8 10.1 13.4 24.5 22.2	124.1 97.6 113.4 *132.1 157.0 209.3 190.9 180.4 324.5 333.3 410.3 373.6 386.9 561.2

<sup>1</sup> Prior to June 30, 1942, included under "Other Asia." <sup>2</sup> Country breakdown not available until June 30, 1942.

See footnote 4 below.

Footnotes to table on p. 620. <sup>1</sup> Country breakdown is for "Official and private." <sup>2</sup> Prior to Jan. 3, 1940, the figures under Asia represent Far East only, the remaining Asiatic countries being included under "All other." <sup>3</sup> Report dates for these years are as follows: 1934—Jan. 2, 1935; 1935—Jan. 1, 1936; 1938—Jan. 4, 1939; 1939—Jan. 3, 1940; and 1940— Jan. 1, 1941. <sup>4</sup> These figures are not strictly comparable with the corresponding figures for preceding months due to inclusion for first time of the accounts of international institutions. The cumulative figures in Tables 1, 2, and 3 of "Net Capital Movement to United States" have been adjusted to exclude the unreal movement introduced by this change. <sup>5</sup> These figures are not strictly comparable with the corresponding figures for preceding months due to exclusion of an account amounting to \$4,322,000, which should not have been reported as "foreign." The cumulative figures in Tables 1, 2, and 3 of "Net Capital Movement to United States" have been adjusted to exclude the unreal movement introduced by this change. <sup>6</sup> Prior to June 30, 1942, included under "All other." <sup>7</sup> Prior to June 30, 1942, included under "Other Latin America." <sup>8</sup> Include "Canal Zone" prior to June 30, 1942. Note.—Certain of the figures are not strictly comparable with the corresponding figures for preceding months owing to changes in reporting

Note:—Certain of the figures are not strictly comparable with the corresponding figures for preceding months owing to changes in reporting practice of various banks. The cumulative figures in Tables 1, 2, and 3 of "Net Capital Movement to United States" have been adjusted to exclude the unreal movements introduced by these changes. For further explanation see *Banking and Monetary Statistics*, pp. 578–584, and BULLE-TIN for September 1945, pp. 967–970.

						~							
Date	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Can- ada	Latin Amer- ica	Asia1	All other <sup>1</sup>
1934—Dec. (Jan. 2, 1935)         1935—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936)         1936—Dec. 30.         1937—Dec. (29         1938—Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939).         1939—Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939).         1939—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1940).         1940—Dec. 31.         1944—Dec. 31.         1944—Dec. 31.         1945—Dec. 31.	778.6 672.6 655.0 508.7 384.0 367.8 246.7 257.9 329.7 392.8 406.3 406.8 431.9 434.3 406.8 431.9 434.3 406.8 431.9 561.4 581.5 5 615.7 602.7 602.7	296.9 88.1 114.1 84.8 86.0 39.9 23.0 20.9 25.9 25.4 25.9 25.4 25.9 25.4 25.9 25.4 25.9 25.4 25.6 31.6 32.6 30.5 75.8 65.3 55.9 47.7	80.5 32.5 16.8 13.5 10.3 4.2 1.8 1.1 1.4 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 5.7	$\begin{array}{c} 18.6\\ 19.0\\ 21.9\\ 23.0\\ 24.2\\ 5.7\\ .9\\ 1.1\\ .5\\ .4\\ .3\\ 36.3\\ 35.7\\ 36.1\\ 35.8\\ 43.4\\ 118.5\\ 119.4\\ 119.6\\ 122.8\\ 137.1\\ 128.8\\ 137.1\\ 128.8\\ 137.1\\ 128.8\\ 151.0\\ \end{array}$	8.2 6.6 5.4 5.5 5.5 2.6 1.5 2.6 1.3 2.9 6.2 4.9 5.6 6.5 8.0 6.5 8.0 6.5 6.7 4.5 5.5 5.5 8.0 9.8	$\begin{array}{c} 231,7\\ 202,0\\ 165,1\\ 189,4\\ 39,6\\ 34,4\\ 39,6\\ 33,9\\ 3$	$\begin{array}{c} 27.2\\ 13.5\\ 10.9\\ 20.8\\ 13.5\\ 11.8\\ 2.0\\ 1.5\\ .4\\ .4\\ .3\\ .3\\ .3\\ .4\\ .4\\ .4\\ .4\\ .6\\ 1.0\\ 2.4\\ .4\\ .8\\ 10.7\\ 10.5\\ 12.9\\ 16.0\\ \end{array}$	80.0 71.2 57.8 52.9 45.9 26.2 22.3 19.0 44.4 40.8 13.1 17.9 21.1 18.0 20.5 27.7 33.2 29.9 39.6 44.0 46.9 52.5	743.2 433.0 392.1 326.5 274.9 172.2 101.0 88.4 72.6 77.6 107.5 140.7 115.8 120.2 126.1 134.8 215.3 221.2 276.8 269.0 294.9 282.1 298.8 312.9	96.3 100.9 59.4 118.0 60.4 33.6 33.6 34.3 37.8 28.1 53.3 74.3 71.3 62.9 64.7 50.1 53.6 42.2 43.6 42.2 43.6 42.7 50.1 53.3 49.7 52.9 52.2	$\begin{array}{c} 174.6\\ 154.5\\ 141.1\\ 114.4\\ 99.1\\ 122.7\\ 148.3\\ 99.7\\ 112.2\\ 131.0\\ 152.9\\ 164.7\\ 161.2\\ 178.0\\ 164.7\\ 161.2\\ 178.0\\ 164.7\\ 170.4\\ 185.3\\ 182.6\\ 182.1\\ 200.2\\ 226.8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 117.4\\ 80.1\\ 67.2\\ 78.9\\ 144.1\\ 174.1\\ 174.1\\ 117.8\\ 87.9\\ 35.3\\ 26.3\\ 51.4\\ 29.9\\ 40.6\\ 43.6\\ 53.6\\ 57.1\\ 54.4\\ 55.1\\ 57.1\\ 54.4\\ 57.1\\ 54.2\\ 57.1\\ 68.0\\ 72.7\\ 74.3\\ 75.0\\ 99.2\\ \end{array}$	8.5 10.1 12.9 17.2 15.5 9.3 6.4 9.7 4.9.7 9.9 10.8 10.5 11.0 12.9 9.9 10.8 10.5 11.6 12.9 11.6 12.5 3 14.8 15.6 15.1 14.5 15.1 14.5 15.1 14.5 15.1 12.9 17.2 17.2 17.2 17.2 17.2 17.2 17.2 17.2

ASSETS

Prior to Jan. 3, 1940, the figures under Asia represent Far East only, the remaining Asiatic countries being included under "All other." Note.—The figures in this table are not fully comparable throughout since certain changes or corrections took place in the reporting practice of reporting banks on Aug. 12, 1936, and Oct. 18, 1939. (See *Banking and Monetary Statistics*, Table 161, pp. 589 and 591.) On June 30, 1942, reporting practice was changed from a weekly to a monthly basis. For further information see BULLETIN for September 1945, pp. 971–974.

# INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued SHORT-TERM FOREIGN LIABILITIES AND ASSETS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES,

BY COUNTRIES-Continued

[In millions of dollars]

ASSETS-SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Other Europe

Date	Other Europe	Bel- gium	Den- mark	Fin- land	Greecet	Luxem- bourg <sup>1</sup>	No <b>r-</b> way	Por- tugal <sup>1</sup>	Ru- mania <sup>1</sup>	Spain <sup>1</sup>	Swe- den	USSR1	Yugo- slavia <sup>1</sup>	
1939—Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940).         1940—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941).         1941—Dec. 31.         1942—Dec. 31.         1943—Dec. 31.         1944—Dec. 31.         1944—Dec. 31.	29.9 26.2 22.3	6.5 1.5 1.1 .8 .7 .7 .6	3.2 .3 (?) (?) (?) (?) (?) (?)	1.4 1.8 1.9 5.6 7.6 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )			3.6 .9 .5 .2 .2 .2 35.1 31.6		(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)		8.7 1.0 .6 .4 .2 .2 .9	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	• • • • • • •	28.0 24.5 22.1 8.4 5.0 5.1 4.7
1946—Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 June 30 July 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31	17.9 21.1 18.0 20.5 27.7 33.2 29.9 39.6	1.8 2.6 3.6 5.0 7.7 8.8 9.1 6.9 7.2 7.5	$1.0 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.1 \\ 1.1 \\ .1 \\ .2 \\ .3 \\ .2 \\ .4 \\ .5 \\ .5$	$1.3 \\ 1.4 \\ 1.2 \\ .6 \\ 2.0 \\ 4.4 \\ 4.3 \\ 4.0 \\ 3.5 \\ 4.3 \\ 5.9 \\ 6.2$	.7 .8 2.0 1.5 1.1 12.6 12.6 13.0 12.4	.1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1	.1 4.2 6.2 1.2 .3 .6 .5 .7 .7 2.1 3.3	.4 .4 .4 .6 .5 .7 .7 1.0 1.3 .9 1.0	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	1.8 1.4 1.5 1.4 2.1 2.9 4.2 3.6 7.2 7.2 7.2	$1.1 \\ 1.3 \\ 2.4 \\ 3.0 \\ 5.6 \\ 7.6 \\ 5.5 \\ 5.5 \\ 4.1 \\ 3.9 \\ 4.9 $	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	000000000000	4.8 4.9 5.0 5.1 5.0 4.3 5.5 6.1 6.2 9.4

### Latin America

Date	Latin Amer- ica	Argen- tina	Bo- livia³	Brazil	Chile	Co- lom- bia <sup>3</sup>	Costa Rica³	Cuba	French West Indies and Gui- ana <sup>3</sup>	Mexico	Nether- lands West Indies and Suri- nam <sup>3</sup>	Pana- ma <sup>4</sup>	Peru <b></b>	Vene- zuela <sup>‡</sup>	Other Latin Amer- ica
1939-Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940)         1940-Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941)         1941-Dec. 31.         1943-Dec. 31.         1944-Dec. 31.         1945-Dec. 31.         Sept. 30.         June 30.         July 31.         Aug. 31.         Sept. 30.         Oct. 31.         Nov. 30.         Dec. 31.	$\begin{array}{c} 122.7\\ 148.3\\ 99.7\\ 112.2\\ 131.0\\ 158.9\\ 164.7\\ 161.2\\ 178.4\\ 166.1\\ 158.0\\ 164.7\\ 170.4\\ 185.3\\ 182.6\\ 182.1\\ \end{array}$	15.3 3.1 21.0 24.2 18.0 24.7 26.8 20.4 20.4 27.9 25.6 21.4 22.5 24.0	3.0 1.8 1.8 1.3 1.7 1.5 2.7 2.0 3.1 4.4 3.2 2.6 2.20 2.3	$\begin{array}{c} 32.2\\ 33.1\\ 38.0\\ 16.7\\ 18.9\\ 25.3\\ 24.7\\ 26.8\\ 29.7\\ 30.0\\ 31.9\\ 28.4\\ 28.6\\ 41.3\\ 37.2\\ 40.4\\ 43.9\\ 49.8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 9.7\\ 13.4\\ 14.9\\ 15.3\\ 16.6\\ 9.0\\ 6.6\\ 7.0\\ 6.2\\ 7.1\\ 7.0\\ 6.7\\ 8.0\\ 7.5\\ 10.6\\ 14.5\\ 13.8\\ 14.0\\ 14.6\end{array}$	20.7 12.2 15.5 16.8 17.5 18.1 20.0 21.2 23.2 21.3 22.6 23.8 21.0 9 19.8 26.4		10.5 11.7 11.3 8.3 20.1 47.4 33.3 33.9 32.9 37.1 22.9 37.1 22.9 27.6 29.3 25.7 15.6 21.1 27.9 41.1 25.7	$\begin{array}{c} & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & $	5.9 6.1 7.6 4.8 11.2 18.6 11.0 10.5 13.9 14.3 14.1 13.5 15.2 17.2 22.0 17.6 22.5		1.0 2.1 2.4 2.1 1.1 1.9 2.8 2.9 1.1 1.1 1.8 1.6 1.3 .9 .9 .8 1.3	2.8 1.4 1.2 1.9 3.3 3.5 3.8 3.6 3.8 3.6 3.6 3.0 2.7 2.7 3.7	3.9 3.8 5.1 6.1 6.6 6.9 7.7 7.7 7.7 7.9 8.1 8.1 8.1 7.0 4.8 6.6 8.7	37.2 44.4 57.3 14.2 8.7 11.7 33.4 29.5 25.9 26.1 26.6 21.2 22.1 24.0 25.8 27.0 24.9 21.7 23.1

			_		-	Asi	is and	All Ot	ler	_		_						
Date	Asia	China and Man- chu- ria	French Indo- China⁵	Hong Kong	India, Bur- ma, and Cey- lon <sup>5</sup>	Bri- tish Ma- laya <sup>s</sup>	Japan	Neth- er- lands East Indies <sup>5</sup>	Phil- ippine Is- lands	key <sup>s</sup>	Other Asia	All other•	Aus- tra- lia	New Zea- land	Egypt and Anglo Egyp- tian Sudan	French Mo- rocco	Union of South Africa	
1939—Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940) 1940—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941) 1941—Dec. 31 1942—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1944—Dec. 31	117.8 87.9 35.3 26.3 51.4	23.7 23.5 11.1 1.7 1.5	(2) (2) (2) (2)	1.9 1.7 3.1 .9 1.0 .9	2.2 2.0 22.3	 	102.1 55.8 18.9 .5 .5 .5	1.6 1.7 1.5	22.6 23.0 14.4 13.9 13.8	1.8 3.2 1.8	14.0 19.5 2.0 1.8 8.8	6.4 9.7 4.8 3.9 11.7	1.0	.2		(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	1.7 2.4 9.7 4.7	1.2 .7 1.0 2.5
1946—Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 31 June 30 July 31 Aug. 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31	43.6 53.6 57.1 54.4 56.2 57.1 68.0 72.7 74.3 75.0	9.7 22.8 25.6 22.6 23.9 19.0 28.6 34.7 34.6 40.8	$ \begin{array}{c} (2) \\ (2) $	$\begin{array}{c} 1.1\\ .8\\ 1.5\\ 1.5\\ 2.0\\ 2.0\\ 2.2\\ 2.9\\ 3.2\\ 6.5\\ 4.0\\ 5.9\end{array}$	7.0 6.8 7.2 6.6 7.4 9.4 10.8 11.7 10.1 9.1	.3 .2 .3 .1 1.7 .1 .2 .2 .2	.3 .3 .3 .3	1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.2 1.3 1.2 1.3 1.2 1.0	20.1 16.0 16.1 16.7 16.7 18.5 19.2 16.6 16.0 14.7	1.1 1.1 .9 .9 .9 .9 .9 1.3	2.8 3.3 3.9 3.6 3.5 3.9 3.9 3.9 4.0 4.2	10.5 11.0 11.6 12.9 15.3 14.8 15.6 15.1 14.5 15.8	1.8 1.3 1.5 1.8 1.9 2.9 2.9 3.3 2.7		.3 .2 .2 .3 .3 .4 .3	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	5.0 5.3 5.8 6.7 7.8 8.5 8.0 8.1 7.7 8.4 9.1	2.4 2.9 2.6 2.5 3.9 2.5 3.0 2.5

Prior to June 30, 1942, included under "All other."
Less than \$50,000.
Prior to June 30, 1942, included under "Other Latin America."
Included "Canal Zone" prior to June 30, 1942.
"Ornor to June 30, 1942, included under "Other Asia."
Country breakdown not available until June 30, 1942.

### **CENTRAL BANKS**

Bank of England	Assets depa			Ass	ets of I	bank	ing dep	artı	nent				Liat	oilitie	s of ba	nking der	artment
(Figures in millions o pounds sterling)	Goldı	(	Other	Cash 1	eserve	8	Dis- counts		Secu	ri-	Not circul tion	a-			Deposit	.8	Other liabili-
	Gold	2	ssets <sup>2</sup>	Coin	Not	es	and ad vances		ties	•			Banke	ers'	Public	Other	4100
1935—Dec. 25.         1936—Dec. 30.         1937—Dec. 29.         1938—Dec. 28.         1939—Dec. 27.         1940—Dec. 31.         1941—Dec. 30.         1943—Dec. 29.         1944—Dec. 29.         1944—Dec. 29.         1944—Dec. 29.         1944—Dec. 26.	200.1 313.7 326.4 326.4 4.2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2	•1 •1	260.0 200.0 220.0 230.0 580.0 630.0 780.0 950.0 100.0 250.0 400.0	.6 .8 .8 1.0 .9 .9 .9 1.9	35. 46. 41. 51. 25. 13. 28. 26. 11. 11. 20.	317635866	8.5 17.5 9.2 28.5 4.3 4.0 6.4 3.5 2.5 5.1 8.4		94. 155. 135. 90. 176. 199. 267. 307. 317. 327.	657118994	424 467 505 554 610 751 923 1,088 1,238 1,375	.4 .3 .7 .6 .9 .7 .4 .7	72. 150. 120. 101. 117. 135. 219. 223. 234. 260. 274.	6 0 3 7 9 4 3 7	12.1 12.1 11.4 15.9 29.7 12.5 11.2 9.0 10.3 5.2 5.3	$\begin{array}{c} 37.1\\ 39.2\\ 36.6\\ 36.8\\ 42.0\\ 51.2\\ 54.1\\ 48.8\\ 60.4\\ 52.3\\ 58.5\end{array}$	18.0 18.0 18.0 17.9 17.9 17.9 17.9 17.9 17.9 17.8 17.8
1946—Apr. 24 May 29 June 26 July 31 Aug. 28 Oct. 30 Nov. 27 Dec. 25	.2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2	1 1 1 1 1 1	400.0 400.0 400.0 400.0 400.0 400.0 400.0 400.0 400.0 400.0 450.0	1.0 1.5 1.8 1.4 1.1 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.3	52 58 36 13 32 41 38 34 22	6447552	22.4 16.7 12.5 15.8 9.9 18.8 9.5 25.3 13.6		256 250 315 288 343 324 324 327 333 327	9204629	1,348 1,341 1,363 1,386 1,365 1,365 1,366 1,366 1,428	5.9 5.9 7.5 8.7 1.8 5.0	253 244 286 238 307 302 292 310 278	8 0 7 6 9 7	7.4 7.4 5.3 7.1 7.0 9.3 8.2 10.1 10.3	53.1 57.4 56.5 54.4 54.0 55.5 57.5 56.3 57.3	17.8 18.0 18.1 18.3 18.4 18.5 17.8 17.9 18.1
1947—Jan. 29 Feb. 26 Mar. 26	.2 .2 .2	1	450.0 450.0 450.0	1.0 .9 .6	<b>85</b> 74 59	.7	25.4 16.0 11.1	) [	271 294 338	. 6	1,364 1,379 1,390	5.6	288 285 286	2	16.0 22.4 10.6	60.6 60.1 94.4	18.3 18.4 18.5
				Asset	8		_							Liabi	lities		
Bank of Canada (Figures in millions of Canadian dollars)	Gol	đ	Sterling and Unit States dollars	ed	inion a al gov secur ort- m	ernn rities			ther		Note ulation <sup>7</sup>		tered nks	go	ninion vern-	Other	Other liabilities
1935—Dec. 31		.4 .8 .9 .7	4.2 9.1 14.9 28.4 64.3 38.4 200.9 .5 .6 172.3 156.8	14 14 18 44 39 80 78 90	0.9 1.3 22.3 14.6 11.9 18.4 1.8 7.2 7.6 06.9 7.3		83.4 99.0 91.6 40.9 49.9 127.3 216.7 209.2 472.8 573.9 688.3	2 1 3 4 3	8.6 8.2 11.7 5.2 5.5 2.4 3.5 11.3 4.3 9.5	1,	99.7 135.7 165.3 175.3 232.8 359.9 496.0 693.6 874.4 036.0 129.1	18 18 20 21 21 23 25 34	31.6 37.0 06.0 00.6 17.0 17.7 32.0 59.9 40.2 01.7 21.2		17.9 18.8 11.1 16.7 46.3 10.9 73.8 51.6 20.5 12.9 53.3	.8 2.1 3.5 3.1 17.9 9.5 6.0 19.1 17.8 27.7 29.8	7.7 13.4 14.4 9.3 13.3 28.5 35.1 24.0 55.4 209.1 198.5
1946—Apr. 30 May 31 June 29 July 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31		••••	24.1 2.0 2.0 1.8 1.7 .9 .9	1,23 1,21 1,25 1,25 1,25 1,25 1,30	80.0 8.5 6.6 7.7 9.1 01.5 33.8		553.0 541.1 540.7 541.8 530.8 523.9 521.5 605.0 708.2	5 3 3 4 3 4 4 4	8.6 2.9 0.8 1.4 4.1 88.3 0.1 0.9 2.1	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	114.4 109.5 114.0 117.9 127.4 147.5 156.9 161.1 186.2	49 50 51 51 51 51 51	55.8 33.9 00.5 32.5 21.1 11.3 38.6 79.5 55.5		83.3 87.1 57.9 69.1 69.1 27.4 36.6 63.9 60.5	62.7 78.5 85.6 90.1 79.7 87.8 85.2 79.4 93.8	57.4 57.2 34.2 42.1 37.1 48.0 46.7 46.8 42.7
1947—Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 31		• • • • •	1.0 1.0 1.2	1,17	2.3	1 '	718.8 738.9 757.5	4	<b>19.3</b> 17.6 10.4	1.	138.6 137.9 153.2	40	33,3 93,6 36,3	2	50.1 15.7 59.8	82.9 75.3 64.6	51.0 37.3 32.8

<sup>1</sup> Through February 1939, valued at legal parity of 85 shillings a fine ounce; thereafter at market price, which fluctuated until Sept. 6, 1939, when it was officially set at 168 shillings per fine ounce; the latter rate remained in effect until June 9, 1945, when it was raised to 172 shillings and there pence.
 <sup>3</sup> Securities and silver coin held as cover for fiduciary issue, the amount of which is also shown by this figure.
 <sup>4</sup> On Jan. 6, 1939, 200 million pounds sterling of gold (at legal parity) transferred from Bank to Exchange Equalization Account; on Mar. 1, 1939, about 5.5 million pounds sterling of gold (at legal parity) transferred from Bank to Exchange Equalization Account; on Mar. 1, 1939, about 5.5 million pounds (at current price) transferred from Exchange Account to Bank; on July 12, 1939, 20 million pounds transferred from Bank to Exchange Account.
 <sup>4</sup> Fiduciary issue increased by 50 million pounds on June 12, 1940, Apr. 30, Aug. 30, and Dec. 3, 1941, and Apr. 22 and July 28, 1942; by 70 million pounds on Apr. 13, Oct. 6, and Dec. 8, 1943, Mar. 7, Aug. 2, and Dec. 6, 1944, May 8, July 3, and Dec. 10, 1945, and on Dec. 10, 1946.
 <sup>4</sup> Securities maturing in two years or less.
 <sup>4</sup> Includes notes held by the chartered banks, which constitute an important part of their reserves.
 <sup>5</sup> Beginning November 1944, includes a certain amount of sterling and United States dollars.
 <sup>4</sup> On May 1, 1940, gold transferred to Foreign Exchange Control Board in return for short-term Government securities (see BULLETIN for July 1940, 9p. 677-678).
 <sup>5</sup> Norra-For back figures on Bank of England and Bank of Canada, see Banking and Monetary Statistics. Tablea 164 and 166. pp. 638-640

Notz.-For back figures on Bank of England and Bank of Canada, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 164 and 166, pp. 638-640 and pp. 644-645, respectively; for description of statistics see pp. 560-564 in same publication.

### **CENTRAL BANKS**—Continued

				As	sets						Liabilities	3	
Bank of France (Figures in		Foreign	D	omestic bi	ills		ices to nment	Other	Note		Deposits	l	Other
millions of francs)	Gold <sup>1</sup>	ex- change	Open market²	Special <sup>2</sup>	Other	For oc- cupation costs <sup>a</sup>	Other <sup>2</sup>	assets	circula- tion	Govern- ment	C.A.R.4	Other	liabili- ties
1935—Dec. 27         1936—Dec. 30         1937—Dec. 30         1938—Dec. 29         1939—Dec. 28         1940—Dec. 31         1942—Dec. 31         1943—Dec. 28         1945—Dec. 23         1944—Dec. 28         1944—Dec. 28         1944—Dec. 28         1944—Dec. 28         1944—Dec. 28         1945—Dec. 27	66,296 60,359 58,933 87,265 597,267 584,616 84,598 84,598 84,598 84,598 75,151 5129,817	1,328 1,460 911 821 112 42 38 37 37 42 68	5,800 5,640 5,580 7,422 11,273 43,194 42,115 43,661 44,699 47,288 23,038	1,379 652 1,797 2,345 661 12 169 29 48 303	9,712 8,465 10,066 7,880 5,149 3,646 4,517 5,368 7,543 18,592 25,548	72,317 142,507 210,965 326,973 426,000 426,000	64,400	11,705 12,642 11,733 18,498 20,094 23,179 22,121 21,749 21,420 •35,221 •39,122	81,150 89,342 93,837 110,935 151,322 218,383 270,144 382,774 500,386 572,510 570,006	2,089 3,461 5,061 1,914 984 1,517 770 578 748	41,400 64,580 16,857 10,724	8,716 13,655 19,326 25,595 14,751 27,202 25,272 29,935 33,137 37,855 57,755	2,113 2,557 3,160 2,718 2,925 3,586 3,894 4,461 4,872 7,078 4,087
1946—Mar. 28 Apr. 25 June 27 July 25 Aug. 29 Sept. 26 Oct. 31 Nov. 28 Dec. 26 1947—Jan. 30 Feb. 27	129,817 129,817 594,817 94,817 94,817 94,817 94,817 94,817 94,817 94,817 94,817 94,817 94,817	69555656567 58	25,524 25,810 63,090 64,985 64,769 64,474 70,577 71,224 74,739 77,621 75,500 82,958	46 546 3,124 3,344 3,135 2,209 1,435	$\begin{array}{c} 32,647\\ 36,579\\ 45,512\\ 46,204\\ 45,324\\ 61,657\\ 62,567\\ 63,127\\ 67,396\\ 76,254\\ 82,674\\ 85,917 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 426,000\\ 426,000\\ 426,000\\ 426,000\\ 426,000\\ 426,000\\ 426,000\\ 426,000\\ 426,000\\ 426,000\\ 426,000\\ 426,000\\ 426,000\\ 426,000\\ \end{array}$	19,000 11,200 13,400 8,600 8,600 28,100 46,600 55,500 67,900	\$40,985 \$38,614 \$41,848 \$42,053 \$40,915 \$45,049 \$44,703 \$52,693 \$47,116 \$47,577 \$54,507 \$53,066	613,434 616,102 625,809 629,181 612,879 633,327 667,567 696,924 704,796 721,865 730,253 737,692	781 732 745 750 717 779 804 814 824 765 789 831		$\begin{array}{c} 52,516\\ 53,653\\ 51,845\\ 53,265\\ 59,829\\ 62,282\\ 54,743\\ 55,612\\ 58,549\\ 63,468\\ 55,612\\ 58,549\\ 63,468\\ 55,020\\ 54,512\\ \end{array}$	4,357 5,337 4,072 4,268 7,006 4,213 4,201 4,241 4,748 7,213 4,849 5,166

Gold revalued on Dec. 26, 1945, on basis of 134,027.90 francs per fine kilogram. For details on previous devaluations see BULLETIN for May 1940, pp. 406-407; January 1939, p. 29; September 1937, p. 853; and November 1936, pp. 878-880. For explanation of this item, see BULLETIN for July 1940, p. 732. By a series of Conventions between the Bank of France and the Treasury, dated from Aug. 25, 1940, through July 20, 1944, advances of 441,000 million francs were authorized to meet the costs of the German army of occupation. Central Administration of the Reichskreditkassen. In each of the weeks ending Mar. 7, 1940, 30,000 million, in week ending Mar. 7, 1940, 35,000 million frances of gold transferred from Bank of France: 10, 1945, 53,000 Includes 9,447 million frances charged to the State to reimburse the Bank for the gold turned over by it to the National Bank of Belgium on Dec. 22, 1944. Norre—For back figures see Banking and Mondagen Statistics.

Norz.—For back figures see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 165, pp. 641-643; for description of statistics see pp. 562-563 in same publication. For last available report from the Reichsbank (February 1945) see BULLETIN for December 1946, p. 1424.

Central Bank		1947		1946	Central Bank		1947		1946
(Figures as of last report date of month)	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Mar.	(Figures as of last report date of month)	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Mar.
Central Bank of the Argentine Republic (millions of pesos):			;		National Bank of Belgium (millions of francs);				
Gold reported separately		3,136	3,279	1,206	Gold	27.722	30.281	31.684	33.095
Other gold and foreign exchange.		2,277				9,787		7.578	
Government securities			939	866	Net claim on Int'l. Fund 3	2,464			
Temporary advances to Govt		102	32				50,808	48,823	\$49,410
Rediscounts and loans to banks <sup>1</sup> .					Other loans and discounts	3,828	4,482	4,841	
Other assets		2,105	2,086			64,597		64,597	
Currency circulation 2		4,072	4,041			2,328			°1,752
Deposits-Member bank		499	385			74,690		73,334	72,838
Government		697	647		Demand deposits	5,328			
Nationalized 1					Blocked accounts 4		79,273	79,296	
Other		67	206	164	Other liabilities	1,549	1,595	1,583	1,408
Certificates of participation in			1					(Dec.	
Government securities		644			Central Bank of Bolivia-Mone-			1946)6	
Other liabilities		044	633	194				/	
Commonwealth Bank of Aus-			1		Gold at home and abroad	• • • • • • •			
tralia (thousands of pounds):	1	222 207	210 002	107 055	Foreign exchange	<i>.</i>		339	493
Gold and foreign exchange	1	223,297	219,803	197,255	Loans and discounts	• • • • • • • •			27
Checks and bills of other banks Securities (incl. Government and		2,204	2,331	2,446		· · <b>· ·</b> · · <i>·</i>		431	550
Treasury bills)		200 041	200 205	121 725	Other assets	•••••		,	11
Other assets		10 927	390,203	421,733	Note circulation	• • • • • • • •		1,683	1,620
Note circulation		100,032	107 690	105 464		• • • • • • •		306	
Deposits of Trading Banks:		190,180	197,080	195,404	Other liabilities			12	••••
Special		272 552	274 740	252 674					
Other		213,333	214,140	20 772			1		
Other liabilities		118 650	117 750	163 800			1		

Corrected.

<sup>e</sup> Corrected.
<sup>1</sup> Government decree of Apr. 24, 1946, provided for the guarantee of all deposits registered in the name of the Central Bank.
<sup>2</sup> By decree of May 24, 1946, the Central Bank became responsible for all subsidiary money.
<sup>3</sup> This figure represents the amount of the bank's subscription to the Fund less the bank's local currency liability to the Fund. Until such time as the Fund engages in operations in this currency, the "net claim" will equal the country's gold contribution.
<sup>4</sup> Includes increment resulting from gold revaluation, notes forfeited to the State, and frozen old notes and current accounts.
<sup>5</sup> Effective Jan. 1, 1946, a change in the Organic Law of the Banco Central de Bolivia divided the institution into Monetary (central banking functions) and Commercial Banking Departments
<sup>6</sup> Latest month available.

### **CENTRAL BANKS**—Continued

Central Bank		1947		1946	Central Bank		1947		1946
(Figures as of last report date of month)	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Mar.	(Figures as of last report date of month)	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Mar.
National Bank of Bulgaria 1					Central Reserve Bank of El Salva-				
Central Bank of Chile (millions of pesos):					dor (thousands of colones):		34 807	r33,595	32,935
Gold. Gold contribution to Int'l. Fund. Discounts for member banks		244	287	383	Gold		48,094	r42,336	*38,657
Gold contribution to Int'l. Fund. Discounts for member banks		43 371		311	Net claim on Int'l. Fund <sup>2</sup>		$1,563 \\ 2,102$	1,563	
Loans to Government		1,124	824	701	Government debt and securities.		5,713	$\frac{4,265}{5,729}$	843 6,255
Other loops and discounts		1,181	$1,044 \\ 1,861$	652 1,955	Other assets		1,556	1,516	1.712
Other assets. Note circulation Deposits—Bank. Other		3,510	3,407	2,918	Deposits		57,252		48,244 26,078
Deposits-Bank		673 170	612 210	523	Other liabilities		8,252		
Other liabilities		460	446	356	Bank of Greece (billions of drach-			(Nov.	
Other liabilities. Bank of the Republic of Colombia					mae):			1946)4	1
(thousands of pesos): Gold		218.236	256.684	228.456	Gold and foreign exchange (net). Loans and discounts			891	
Foreign exchange. Net claim on Int'l. Fund <sup>2</sup>		49,658	48,042	86,102	Advances—Government	l.		498	· · · · · · · ·
Net claim on Int'l. Fund <sup>2</sup> Paid-in capital—Int'l. Bank		21,867	1 225		Other			586	
Loans and discounts Government loans and securities	{····	41,140	31,063	10,565	Other assets Note circulation Deposits—Government Other Other liabilities			51	
Government loans and securities		88,437	*85,979	72.577	Deposits-Government			61	
Other assets		232,202	235,258	191.300	Other			133	
Deposite	1	1182 547	1183 082	1203 577	Bank of Customala (thousands of		••••	1,302	
Other liabilities		38,012	805, 37 <sup>r</sup>	42,194	quetzales):			28 477	
Issue dept. (thousands of colones):			[	{	Gold Foreign exchange Rediscounts and advances Other assets Circulation—Notes Coin Deposits—Government. Banks Other liabilities			28,477	1
Gold		11,348			Rediscounts and advances			1,048	
Foreign exchange Contributions to Int'l. Fund and		6,608	5,192	6,137	Other assets		· • • • · · · ·	4,619	
to Int'l. Bank	1	30,321			Coin		· · · · · · · ·	29,008	
Loans and discounts		$\begin{bmatrix} 66, 697 \\ 4, 046 \end{bmatrix}$			Deposits-Government			4,664	
Other assets	1	1.356		1.567	Other liabilities		· · · · · · · ·	14,247	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Note circulation Demand deposits		72,853	70,474	75,055				2,00	• • • • • • •
Other liabilities	· · · · · · · ·	41,153			lions of forint): Gold		284		
National Bank of Czechoslovakia		0,071	0,120	0,517	Foreign exchange	98	98	66	
in Prague (millions of koruny):	4,999	5,405	5,746	2.958	Discounts.	511	488	475	
Gold and foreign exchange <sup>3</sup> Loans and discounts		6,440			Loans—Treasury Other	340	340	542	
Other assets	124,525	124,365	124,277	125,751	Other assets.	413	410	441	
Note circulation—Old New	931 42,904		932 41,965		Note circulation. Demand deposits—Government.	1,173 45	1,093	1,017	
Deposits-Old	71,665	72,035	72,281	86,387	Other	65	52	33	
New Other liabilities		10,776		6,855 9,908	Other liabilities Reserve Bank of India (millions of	393	411	469	
National Bank of Denmark	0,490	9,510	9,075	9,903	rupees):	1			ł
(millions of kroner):		71	0.2	0.2	Issue department:		}		1
Gold	71 98	118	83	83	Gold at home and abroad Sterling securities	•••••	444	444	
Foreign exchange Clearing accounts (net)	115	114	117		Indian Govt. securities		578	578	578
Loans and discounts Securities	21	24			Rupee coin Note circulation		$204 \\ 12,297$	$207 \\ 12,258$	
Govt. compensation account	6,482	7,528	7,544	7,594	Banking department:				
Other assets	217	1,519			Notes of issue department Balances abroad		283		
Note circulation	1,656		2,736		Treasury bills discounted		4,755		
Other	3,760			3,650	Loans to Government	1			1
Other liabilities Central Bank of Ecuador	1	1		1	Other assets		790 5,573		
(thousands of sucres):		070 070	272 012	000 000	Other liabilities		285		
Foreign exchange (net)		272,970	73.935	288,889	of pounds):			)	
Net claim on Int'l. Fund 2		16,875	16,877		Gold Sterling funds Note circulation	2,646	2,646	2,646	
Loans and discounts		202,701	209,291	178,597	Sterling funds.	137,568	37,064	37,054	35,733
Note circulation		347,123	350,903	308,937	Note circulation	40,214	39,710	03,700	00,075
Demand deposits		270,392	286,779	243,931	Other liabilities Central Bank of Ireland (thousands of pounds): Gold Sterling funds Note circulation Bank of Italy (millions of lire): Gold. Foreign exchange.	1		523	526
National Bank of Egypt (thou-	1	91,80/	(Dec.	33,700	Gold Foreign exchange			0 005	1 1 6 1 5
and of coundals			1046)4	1	Advances-Treasury	· · · · · · ·		482,414	459,785
Gold Foreign exchange Loans and discounts			6,376 16,576		Loans and discounts			55.187	16.085
Loans and discounts	1		4,069		Government securities			105,634	68,88
				200 422	Other assets	1	• • • • • • •	28,364	12,576
Other assets			27,754	24,927	Bank of Italy notes Allied military notes			83,876	92,45
Note circulation			137,168	137,377	Deposits-Government Demand			1 32,033	1 00,20
			7 AD 987	1 47 939	Liemond			1 DV D/V	1 33.903
Deposits—Government Other			129.313	149.232	Other				124,074

Revised.
For last available report from central bank of Bulgaria (January 1943), see BULLETIN for July 1943, p. 697; and of Finland (August 1943), see BULLETIN for April 1944, p. 405.
This figure represents the amount of the bank's subscription to the Fund less the bank's local currency liability to the Fund. Until such time as the Fund engages in operations in this currency, the "net claim" will equal the country's gold contribution.
Gold not re orted separately beginning Dec. 31, 1946.
Latest month available.

### **CENTRAL BANKS**—Continued

Central Bank		1947		1946	Central Bank		1947		1946
(Figures as of last report date of month)	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Ma <b>r.</b>	(Figures as of last report date of month)	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Mar.
Bank of Japan <sup>1</sup>					Bank of Spain-Continued				
Bank of Java <sup>1</sup> Bank of Mexico (millions of pesos):					Note circulation Deposits—Government				
Metallic reserve <sup>2</sup>	688	691	696	764	Other			3,426	3,938
"Authorized" holdings of securi- ties, etc	1,653	1,669	1,856	1.997	Other liabilities Bank of Sweden (millions of kronor):			811	464
Bills and discounts	535	523	501	420	Gold	585			
Other assets Note circulation		103 1,703	117	57 1,717	Foreign assets (net) Swedish Govt. securities and ad-	453	440	583	805
Demand liabilities	1,057	1,061	1,063	1,339	vances to National Debt Office <sup>6</sup>	2,011	1,969		
Other liabilities Netherlands Bank (millions of	228	222	387	182	Other domestic bills and advances Other assets	146 467	128 622		
guilders):		647	700		Note circulation	2,640	2,678	2,693	2,507
Gold		647	700	713	Demand deposits—Government. Other	547	506 316		891 133
Foreign bills Loans and discounts		4,525	4,600	4,634	Other liabilities	356			669
Other assets		151 112	152 103	101	Swiss National Bank (millions of francs):				
Other assets		237	237	294	Gold	4,960			
New Deposits—Government		2,695 1,270	2,681 1,387	2,096	Foreign exchange Loans and discounts	158			186 123
Blocked		95	106	242	Other assets	84	78	79	89
Other Other liabilities		618 520			Note circulation Other sight liabilities	3,932			$3,614 \\ 1,258$
Reserve Bank of New Zealand		0.20			Other liabilities	240		221	294
(thousands of pounds): Gold	2,802	2,802	2,802	2,802	Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (thousands of pounds):				
Sterling exchange reserve					Gold 7		667,603	667,520	300,926
Advances to State or State un- dertakings	31,053	26,578	27,386	34,274	Foreign exchange and foreign		261.298	229.508	69.449
Investments	3,868	3,948	3.948	5,406	Loans and discounts		505,050	534,891	752,584
Other assets	1,431	1,656 46,639		2,199 43,617	Securities	• • • • • • •	186,378	187,275	170,951
Demand deposits	72,053	79,896	77,757	81,802	Note circulation		952,461	933,218	897,667
Other liabilities Bank of Norway 1	5,072	4,968	4,956	5,134	Deposits—Gold		182,669	182,669	91,821
Bank of Paraguay-Monetary					Foreign exchange and foreign clearings. Securities. Other assets. Note circulation. Deposits—Gold. Other labilities. Bank of the Republic of Uruguay <sup>8</sup> (thousands of pesce):		223,098	224,866	209,893
Dept. (thousands of guaranies): Gold	1,870	1,870	1,870	3,404	(thousands of pesos):	1		(Nov.)3	
Foreign exchange	38 173	37,931	36,694	28,955	Gold	]		303,184	295,704
Loans and discounts Government loans and securities	1 9.041	9.858	2,198 9,899	4,261 10,100	Suver			13,385	13,810
Other assets	2,835	2,712	2,703	446	Advances to State and govern- ment bodies Other loans and discounts Other assets Note circulation Deposits-Government Other Other liabilities			20,784	13,483
Note circulation Demand deposits	13,019	34,090 14,389			Other loans and discounts			115,001 349,695	99,075
Other liabilities	8,108	7,340	7,142	3,928	Note circulation			196,696	181,694
Central Reserve Bank of Peru (thousands of soles):	1		(Dec. 1946) <sup>3</sup>	(	Deposits—Government	••••	• • • • • • •	250.744	40,052 246.843
Gold and foreign exchange Contributions to Int'I. Bank Discounts Government loans Other assets Note circulation			125,030	149,264	Other liabilities			011,102	267,700
Discounts			56.670	39,298	Central Bank of Venezuela (thou- sands of bolivares):		1	(Dec.   1946) <sup>3</sup>	
Government loans			619,365	594.310	Gold •			557,080	547,582
Note circulation			52,227	22,550	Other assets			46.114	24,507
Deposits Other liabilities					Note circulation-Central Bank.			494,959	377,703
Bank of Portugal (millions of es-			15,091	34,504	sands of bolivares): Gold • Foreign exchange (net) Other assets Note circulation—Central Bank. National banks. Deposits Other liabilities National Bank of the Kingdom			194,860	187,107
cudos):			1	1 122	Other liabilities National Bank of the Kingdom			9,831	13,847
Other reserves (net)				7,087	of Yugoslavia 1				
Other reserves (net) Non reserve exchange Loans and discounts	•   • • • • • • •			9,842 297	Bank for International Settle-	}		1	
Government debt		1	1	1 018	francs):				
Other assets Note circulation				693			86,850	86,850	120,192
Other sight liabilities		1	1	11.703	account with banks	1	6,193	13,121	
Other liabilities National Bank of Rumania 1	•   • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		834	Sight funds at interest Rediscountable bills and accept-		496	5 141	140
South African Reserve Bank					anone (at cost)	1	27,441	26,511	11,431
(thousands of pounds): Gold <sup>5</sup>		209.094	217.600	123 071	Time funds at interest Sundry bills and investments		14,396	13,332	2,749
Foreign bills		10,225	10,274	46,678	Time funds at interest Sundry bills and investments Other assets Demand deposits (gold) Short term deposits (various		88	3,422	53
Other bills and loans	1	5,271 22,310	6.034	4,827	Demand deposits (gold) Short-term deposits (various		18,940	18,947	16,958
Note circulation		62,882	63,511	66,298	currencies):			1	1
Deposits.		177,829 6.189	184,256	221,125	Central banks for own ac-		8 060	10 306	3,662
Bank of Spain (millions of pesetas):		0,109		0,700	count Other		1,571	1,416	1,078
Gold <sup>5</sup> Foreign bills Other bills and loans Other assets. Note circulation Deposits. Other liabilities. <b>Bank of Spain</b> (millions of pesetas): Gold Silver. Government loans and securities Other loans and discounts Other assets	•   • • • • • • • •		1,214	1,213	Long-term deposits: Special ac-			1	
Government loans and securities			15,687	15,764	Counts	[	201,169	203,954	200,750
Other loans and discounts Other assets.	•		8,110	0 3,764		{		}	
		1	,001	2,303		1	1	1	1

• Corrected.

<sup>o</sup> Corrected.
 <sup>1</sup> For last available report from the central bank of Japan (September 1941), see BULLETIN for March 1942, p. 281; of Java (January 1942), see BULLETIN for March 1943, p. 278; of Norway (March 1940) and Yugoslavia (February 1941), see BULLETIN for March 1942, p. 282; and of Rumania (June 1944), see BULLETIN for March 1945, p. 286.
 <sup>2</sup> Includes gold, silver, and foreign exchange forming required reserve (25 per cent) against notes and other demand liabilities.
 <sup>4</sup> Latest month available.
 <sup>6</sup> Gold revalued in June 1946 from approximately 85 to 172 shillings per fine ounce.
 <sup>6</sup> Includes small amount of non-Government bonds.
 <sup>7</sup> Gold revalued on Sept. 9, 1946, from 1,406.58 to 3,150.77 Turkish pounds per fine kilogram.
 <sup>8</sup> Issue and banking departments consolidated.
 <sup>9</sup> Beginning October 1944, a certain amount of gold formerly reported in the Bank's account shown separately for account of the Gov.
 <sup>10</sup> See BULLETIN for December 1936, p. 1025.

# MONEY RATES IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

# DISCOUNT RATES OF CENTRAL BANKS

[Per cent per annum]

۲

			Centra	ıl bank	of				Rate			Dete	
Date effective	United King- dom	France	Ger- many	Bel- gium	Neth- er- lands	don	Switz- er- land	Central bank of—	April 30	Date effective	Central bank of—	Rate April 30	Date effective
In effect Dec. 31, 1936 Jan. 28, 1937 June 15 July 7 Aug. 4 Sept. 3	 	2 4 6 5 4 3 7	4	2 	2	21/2	11/2	Albania Argentina Belgium Bolivia	5 1/2 3 1/2 3 6		Ireland Italy Japan Java Latvia	2 1⁄2 4 3.29 3 5	Nov. 23, 1943 Sept. 11, 1944 Apr. 7, 1936 Jan. 14, 1937 Feb. 17, 1940
Nov.         13.           May         10, 1938           May         13.           May         30.           Sept.         28.           Oct.         27.           Jan.         4, 1939           Apr.         17.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$ \begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \\ 2 \end{array} $						Bulgaria Canada Chile Colombia Costa Rica Czechoslovakia	4½ 1½ 3-4½ 4 3 2½	Feb. 8, 1944 Dec. 16, 1936 Juiy 18, 1933 Apr. 1, 1939	Lithuania Mexico Netherlands. NewZealand. Norway Peru	6 4 <sup>1/2</sup> 2 <sup>1/2</sup> 1 <sup>1/2</sup> 2 <sup>1/2</sup> 5	July 15, 1939 June 4, 1942 June 27, 1941 July 26, 1941 Jan. 9, 1946 Aug. 1, 1940
May 11 July 6 Aug. 24 Aug. 29 Sept. 28 Oct. 26 Dec. 15 Jan. 25, 1940 Apr. 9.	4  3 2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3 2½   2	3	····· ····· ·····		Denmark Ecuador El Salvador Estonia Finland	31/2 7 3 41/2 4	June 8, 1943 Mar. 30, 1939	Portugal Rumania South Africa Spain Sweden	2 1/4 4 3 4 2 1/2	Jan. 12, 1944 May 8, 1944 June 2, 1941 Dec. 1, 1938 Feb. 9, 1945
May 17 Mar. 17, 1941 May 29 June 27 Jan. 16, 1945 Jan. 20 Feb. 9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	134 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 1½	21/2	····· 2½	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	France Germany Greece Hungary India	$     \begin{array}{r}       1_{34} \\       & & & \\      & & & \\      & & & \\      $	Jan. 10, 1947	Switzerland Turkey United King- dom U. S. S. R Yugoslavia	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \frac{1}{2} \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ ^{1} 1 - 4 \end{array} $	Nov. 26, 1936 July 1, 1938 Oct. 26, 1939 July 1, 1936 Jan. 1, 1947
Nov. 7, 1946 Jan. 10, 1947 In effect Apr. 30, 1947		134 &2 ¼ 134 &2 ¼ &2 ¼	31/2	· · · · · ·	21/2		11/2	per cent. <sup>1</sup> On Oct. 20, of a uniform in	1946, 1 terest 1 le type	the Mar. 31: Yug the National Bar ate and applied of debtor. Thes to 4 per cent.	nk of Yugoslavi rates varying fi	a discor rom 2½	to 6 per cent.

### **OPEN-MARKET RATES**

[Per cent per annum]

		United K	ingdom		Gerı	nany	Nether	rlands <sup>1</sup>	Sweden	Switzer- land
Month	Bankers' acceptances 3 months	Treasury bills 3 months	Day-to- day money	Bankers' allowance on deposits	Private discount rate	Day-to- day money	Treasury bills 3 months	Day-to- day money	Loans up to 3 months	Private discount rate
1932—Feb.           1933—Feb.           1934—Feb.           1935—Feb.           1935—Feb.           1936—Feb.           1937—Feb.           1938—Feb.           1939—Feb.           1939—Feb.           1940—Feb.           1941—Feb.           1943—Feb.           1943—Feb.           1943—Feb.           1943—Feb.           1943—Feb.           1943—Feb.           1943—Feb.           1945—Feb.           1945—Feb.	$\begin{array}{r} 4.63\\ .83\\ .95\\ .58\\ .55\\ .53\\ .53\\ 1.04\\ 1.03\\ 1.03\\ 1.03\\ 1.03\\ 1.03\\ 1.03\\ .53\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4.08\\ .78\\ .86\\ .28\\ .53\\ .50\\ .51\\ 1.02\\ 1.00\\ 1.00\\ 1.00\\ 1.00\\ 1.00\\ .51 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3.84 \\ .73 \\ .88 \\ .63 \\ .75 \\ .75 \\ .75 \\ .75 \\ 1.00 \\ 1.00 \\ 1.04 \\ 1.10 \\ 1.13 \\ 1.00 \\ .63 \end{array}$	4-3 1/2 1/2/	6.67 3.88 3.88 3.41 3.00 2.88 2.88 2.25 2.13 2.13 2.13 2.13	7.81 4.86 4.78 3.83 2.77 2.47 2.53 2.08 1.68 1.75 1.82 1.89	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		$\begin{array}{c} 5 \frac{1}{2} - 7 \frac{1}{2} \\ 3 \frac{1}{2} - 5 \frac{1}{2} \\ 2 \frac{1}{2} - 5 \\ 2 \frac{1}{2} - 5 \frac{1}{2} \\ 2 \frac{1}{2} - 5 \\ 3 - 5 \frac{1}{2} \\ 2 \frac{1}{2} - 5 \\ 2 - 5 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.52\\ 1.50\\ 1.50\\ 1.50\\ 1.50\\ 2.37\\ 1.18\\ 1.00\\ 1.00\\ 1.25\\$
1946Mar. Apr June. July. Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. 1947Jan Feb.	$\begin{array}{r} .53\\ .53\\ .53\\ .53\\ .53\\ .53\\ .53\\ .53\\$	.51 .51 .50 .51 .51 .51 .51 .51 .50 .50 .51	.63 .63 .63 .63 .63 .63 .63 .63 .63 .63	19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.19.1			1.05 .90 1.27 1.42 1.52 1.41 1.30 1.07 1.01 1.21 1 44 1.72	$\begin{array}{c} 1.00\\ .50\\ .93\\ 1.00\\ 1.31\\ 1.18\\ 1.00\\ .90\\ .78\\ .78\\ .78\\ .77\\ 1.46\end{array}$	214-414 214-414 214-415 214-415 214-415 214-415 214-415 214-415 214-415 214-415 214-415 214-415 214-415	$\begin{array}{c} 1.25\\$

<sup>1</sup> The following rates replace the private discount rate and money for one month shown in the BULLETIN through October 1941, NOTE.—For monthly figures on money rates in these and other foreign countries through 1941, see *Banking and Monetary Statistics*. Table 172, pp. 656-661, and for description of statistics see pp. 571-572 in same publication.

### COMMERCIAL BANKS

United Kingdom <sup>1</sup>				Assets					Liabilities				
(11 London clearing banks. Figures in millions of pounds sterling)	Cash reserves	Money at call and short notice	Bills dis- counted	Treasury deposit receipts <sup>2</sup>	Securities	Loans to customer			Total	Deposits	1	Other liabilities	
1939—December 1940—December 1941—December 1942—December 1943—December 1944—December 1945—December	274 324 366 390 422 500 536	174 159 141 142 151 199 252	334 265 171 198 133 147 369	314 758 896 1,307 1,667 1,523	609 771 999 1,120 1,154 1,165 1,234	1,015 924 823 794 761 772 827	29 29 32 32 34 34 34 34	03 24 25 19 17	2,441 2,800 3,329 3,629 4,032 4,545 4,850	1,398 1,770 2,168 2,429 2,712 3,045 3,262	1,043 1,030 1,161 1,200 1,319 1,500 1,588	256 250 253 236 245 250 265	
1946 — March April June July August September October November December	493 509 524 532 553 553 553 557 574 499	254 271 301 315 305 313 280 312 324 432	379 433 470 526 522 464 405 472 497 610	1,443 1,449 1,374 1,302 1,382 1,511 1,671 1,629 1,628 1,560	$1,246 \\1,282 \\1,322 \\1,382 \\1,406 \\1,393 \\1,393 \\1,403 \\1,410 \\1,427$	863 841 856 894 885 906 930 944 964 994	30 31 31 41	57	4,749 4,865 4,894 5,045 5,113 5,198 5,302 5,397 5,503 5,685	3,143 3,242 3,239 3,351 3,389 3,427 3,502 3,563 3,632 3,823	1,606 1,623 1,655 1,694 1,724 1,771 1,800 1,833 1,870 1,862	281 287 292 296 304 310 308 310 328 342	
1947—January February	475 463	428 421	624 659	$1,563 \\ 1,436$	1,427 1,439	1,008 1,015		54 51	5,629 5,519	3,749 3,603	1,880 1,916	348 364	
			As	sets						Liabilitie	s	•	
Canada (10 chartered banks. End of month figures	Ent	irely in Ca	nada	Security loans abroad		Other	Not	e			in Canada k deposits	Other	
in millions of Canadian dollars)	Cash reserves	Security loans	Other loans and discounts	and net due from foreign banks	Securities	Other assets	circu tio		Total	Demand	I Time	- Other liabilities	
1939—December 1940—December 1941—December 1942—December 1943—December 1944—December 1944—December	292 323 356 387 471 550 694	53 40 32 31 48 92 251	1,088 1,108 1,169 1,168 1,156 1,211 1,274	132 159 168 231 250 214 227	1,646 1,531 1,759 2,293 2,940 3,611 4,038	612 570 653 657 744 782 869		35 30 71 50 42 34 26	2,774 2,805 3,105 3,657 4,395 5,137 5,941	1,033 1,163 1,436 1,984 2,447 2,714 3,076	1,741 1,641 1,669 1,673 1,948 2,423 2,865	963 846 962 1,049 1,172 1,289 1,386	
1946—March. April. June. July. August. September. October. November. December.	650 722 642 637 696 665 676 699 730 753	148 152 125 115 96 98 91 97 117 136	1,181 1,160 1,187 1,188 1,230 1,249 1,284 1,341 1,476 1,507	214 221 197 159 121 128 122 126 128 132	4,197 4,243 4,304 4,275 4,298 4,336 4,375 4,471 4,496 4,232	803 876 907 896 876 865 960 959 931 1,039		25 24 23 23 23 22 22 22 22 22 22	5,781 5,898 5,882 5,756 5,887 5,892 6,037 6,201 6,362 6,252	2,611 2,660 2,576 2,393 2,476 2,426 2,513 2,724 2,902 2,783	3,170 3,238 3,306 3,364 3,411 3,466 3,524 3,477 3,460 3,469	1,387 1,452 1,456 1,490 1,407 1,428 1,449 1,470 1,493 1,525	
1947—January February	689 635	134 155	1,481 1,506	134 126	4,369 4,264	960 1,066		21 21	6,233 6,171	2,700 2,585	3,533 3,586	1,514 1,558	
France	Assets							L	iabilities				
(4 large banks. End of month figures in millions of francs)	Cash reserves	Due from banks	n Bills di counte		is Othass	ets	Fotal	<u></u>	mand	Time	Own accept- ances	Other liabilities	
1939—December 1940—December 1941—December 1942—December 1943—December 1944—December 1944—December	4,599 <sup>7</sup> 6,409 6,589 7,810 8,548 10,365 14,602 15,212	3,765 3,863 3,476 3,458 4,095 4,948 13,804	29,546 46,546 61,897 73,917 90,897 99,782 155,025	78,20 10,62 14,19 18,65 36,10	$     \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2,443 1,982 5,656 1,549 2,732 3,758 3,908	<sup>761</sup> 775 91 111 126 211	,872 ,221 ,744 ,225 ,191 ,578 ,871	571 762 912 324 1,541 2,180 2,037	844 558 413 462 428 557 2,898	4,609 r4,753 r5,199 6,422 7,506 6,623 10,151	

<sup>r</sup> Revised.
 <sup>1</sup> From September 1939 through November 1946, this table represents aggregates of figures reported by individual banks for days, varying from bank to bank, toward the end of the month. After November 1946, figures for all banks are compiled on the third Wednesday of each month except in June and December, when the statements will give end-of-month data.
 <sup>1</sup> Represent six-month loans to the Treasury at 1½ per cent through Oct. 20, 1945, and at % per cent thereafter.
 Nors.—For back figures and figures on German commercial banks, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 168-171, pp. 648-655, and for description of statistics see pp. 566-571 in same publication.

5,022 6,627 8,466 10,114 11,738 12,708

12,708 14,160 15,676 16,319 18,618 21,116

23,392

40,123

40,123 41,119 40,017 40,976 41,772 42,674 50,747 53,861 55,935 61,262 63,941

64,933

216,729 222,059 231,499 239,182 243,228 255,173 260,371 262,160 262,130 273,488 281,576 291,894

291,894

214,842

214,842 220,219 229,784 237,481 241,569 253,386 258,574 260,461 260,366 271,672 279,703 290,004

290,004

7,455 7,898 8,590 9,177 9,589 10,096 9,973 10,592 10,871 11,513 12,004 12,777

1,887

1,887 1,840 1,715 1,702 1,659 1,787 1,797 1,699 1,765 1,816 1,872

1,890

3,371 4,607 6,007 6,774 7,879

7,879 8,330 9,527 10,376 10,798 12,490 14,370

15.694

1946-

–January..... February..... March..... April.... May.

May..... June..... July,.... August..... September October November Docember

December . . . . .

15,312

15,312 15,005 14,444 14,443 15,295 17,472 14,985 14,830 16,553 15,505 16,909 17,943

13,871

13,871 14,393 14,462 15,827 15,988 16,114 17,873 16,991 17,723 18,389 18,423 18,919

18,919

153,227

153,227 157,420 168,708 173,773 175,903 184,633 182,107 181,770 177,269 183,716 187,560

195,177

# FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

[Averages of certified noon buying rates in New York for cable transfers. In cents per unit of foreign currency]

[Averages of certified noon buying rates in New York for cable transfers. In cents per upit of foreign currency]														
Year or month	Argei (pe	ntina so)	Aust (pot		Bel- gium	Bra (cruz	eiro <sup>1</sup> )	Bul- garia	Can (dol	ada lar)	Ch (pe	ile so)	China (yuan Shang-	Colom- bia
	Official	Special Export	Official	Free	(franc)	Official	Free	(lev)	Official	Free	Official	Export	hai)	(peso)
1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946	32.597 30.850 29.773 29.773 29.773 29.773 29.773 29.773 29.773 29.773	<sup>2</sup> 23.704 23.704 24.732 25.125 25.125 25.125 25.125	353 *322.80 322.80 322.80 322.80 322.80 322.80 *322.80	321.50 *321.50	· · · · · ·	6.0027 6.0562 6.0575 6.0584 6.0586 6.0594 6.0602	5.0214 5.0705 5.1427 5.1280	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	290,909 90,909 90,909 90,909 90,909 90,909 90,909 90,909 95,198	87.345 88.379 89.978 89.853 90.485		4.0000 24.0000	11.879 6.000 *5.313	57.061 57.085
1946—Apr June July Sept Oct Nov Dec 1947—Jan	29.773 29.773 29.773 29.773 29.773 29.773 29.773 29.773 29.773 29.773 29.773	25.125 25.125 25.125 25.125 25.125 25.125 25.125 25.125 25.125 25.125 25.125 25.125 25.125	321 321 321 321 321 321 321 321 321 321	. 40 . 38 . 41 . 41 . 41 . 38 . 27 . 19 . 07 . 06	2.2847 2.2803 2.2798 2.2797 2.2795 2.2795 2.2790	6,0602 6,0602 5,3 5,4 5,4 5,4 5,4 5,4 5,4	1675 1053 1053 1053 1053 1053		90.909 90.909 90.909 698.347 100.000 100.000 100.000 100.000 100.000	90.679 90.597 *96.662 96.784 96.254 95.953 95.182 95.444 95.078				57.032 57.021 57.007 57.007 57.007 57.007 57.007 57.007 57.005 57.140 57.140
Feb Mar	29.773 29.773	25.125		91 9.91	2.2797 2.2822		404 404		100.000 100.000		• • • • • • • • • • •	<b>.</b>	•••••	57.041 56.980
Year or month	Czecho- slovakia (koruna)	Den- mark (krone)	Fin- land (mark- ka)	France (franc)	Ger- many (reichs- mark)	Greece (drach- ma)		Hun- gary (pengö)	India (rupee)	Italy (lira)	Japan (yen)	Mer- ico (peso)	Neth- erlands (guild- er)	New Zea- land (pound)
1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1949 May	<sup>2</sup> 3.4252		1.8710	2.5103 22.0827  21.9711 .8409 .8409	40.061 40.021 239.968	.8153 3.6715	27.454 22.958 224.592	19.238 18.475 219.770	30.155 30.137 30.122 30.122 30.122 30.122 30.122	5.1959 5.0407 25.0703 2.4434 .4434	25.963 23.436 223.439	18.546 20.538 20.569 20.577 20.581	53.335 253.128  237.933 37.813 37.789	306.38 322.54 322.78 324.20 324.42 323.46 322.63 322.69
June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	2.0060 2.0060 2.0060 2.0060 2.0060 2.0060 2.0060	20.877 20.877 20.877 20.877 20.877 20.877 20.877 20.869		.8409 .8409 .8408 .8408 .8409 .8409 .8408 .8407				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	30.182 30.182 30.185 30.170 30.156 30.155 30.152	7.4434	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20.572 20.587 20.596 20.578 20.574 20.583 20.584	37.789 37.789 37.789 37.789 37.789 37.789 37.789 37.789	322.70 322.70 322.67 322.67 322.56 322.48 322.36
1947—Jan Feb Mar	2.0060 2.0060 2.0060	20.867 20.866 20.866	 			 			30.153		••••••• ••••••	20.582 20.574 20.574	37.789 37.789 37.788	322.20
Year or month	Norway	Poland	Portu- gal	Ruma- nia	South Africa	Spain	Straits Settle-	Swe- den	Switz- erland	King	lted dom ind)		<b>guay</b> eso)	Yugo- slavia
tear or month	(krone)	(zloty)	(escudo)	(leu)	(pound)	(peseta)	(dollar)	(krona)	(franc)	Official	Free	Con- trolled	Non- con- trolled	(dinar)
1938         1939         1940         1941         1942         1943         1944         1944         1945         1946	<sup>2</sup> 22.709  <sup>2</sup> 20.176	18.860 218.835	24.0501	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	398.00 398.00 398.00 398.00 399.05 400.50	10.630 9.322 *9.130	51.736 46.979 47.133 246.919	23.991 23.802 223.829  225.859	<sup>2</sup> 23.210  <sup>2</sup> 23.363	443 2403.50 403.50 403.50 403.50 2403.50 403.50 2403.50	403.50 2403.50 3403.02 3.28	65.830 65.830 65.830 65.830 65.830 65.830 65.830 65.830	236.789 37.601 43.380 52.723 52.855 53.506 55.159 56.280	2.2463 <sup>2</sup> 2.2397
1946—Apr June July Sept Oct Nov Dec 1947—Jan	20.202 20.197 20.161 20.161 20.161 20.161 20.161 20.161 20.161 20.161		4.0501 4.0501 4.0501 4.0501 4.0501 4.0501 4.0501 4.0501		400.50 400.50 400.50 400.50 400.50 400.50 400.50 400.50 400.50 400.63	9.132 9.132 9.132 9.132 9.132 9.132 9.132 9.132 9.132 9.132		23.852 23.852 *26.195 27.819 27.820 27.819 27.821 27.821 27.821 27.822	23.363 23.363 23.363 23.363 23.363 23.363 23.363 23.363 23.363	40: 40: 40: 40: 40: 40: 40: 40: 40: 40:	3.35 3.32 3.37 3.36 3.32 3.36 3.32 3.20 3.09 2.94 2.93	65.830 65.830 65.830 65.830 65.830 65.830 65.830 65.830 65.830 65.830	56.287 56.272 56.272 56.272 56.271 56.272 56.272 56.272 56.272 56.264	
Feb Mar	20.161 20.161	•••••		· · · · · · · · · · ·	400.75 400.75	9.132 9.132		27.822 27.822	23.363	402	2.74 2.73	65,830 65,830	56.262 56.262	

# PRICE MOVEMENTS IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES

WHOLESALE PRICES-ALL COMMODITIES [Index numbers]

Year or month	United States (1926 == 100)	<b>Canada</b> (1926 = 100)	Mexico <sup>1</sup> (1929 == 100)	United Kingdom (1930 = 100)	France <sup>2</sup> (1938 = 100)	Italy (1928 = 100)	<b>Japan </b> <sup>2</sup> (1933 = 100)	Nether- lands 4 (July 1938- June 1939 =100)	Sweden (1935 = 100)	Switzer- land (July 1914 =100)
1926	100	100		¥ 124	106		132	150	• 126	144
1933	66	67	90	86	61	63	100	89	¥ 90	91
1934	75	72	95	88	58	62	99	90	¥ 96	
1935	80	72	95	89	52	68	103	87	100	90
1036	81	75	101	94	63	76	110	<b>91</b>	102	96
1936	86	85	119	109	89	89	133	108	114	111
1937	79	79	126	101	100	95	133	103	111	107
1938	77	75	127	103	105	99	155	102	115	111
1939	79	75 83	128	103	139	116	173	131	146	143
1940										184
1941	87	90	136	153	171	132	183	150	172	
1942	99	96	148	159	201		197	157	189	210
1943	103	100	182	163	234		209	160	196	218
1944	104	103	227	166	265		233	164	196	223
1945	106	104	247	169	375		296	181	194	221
1946	121	109	286	175	r645		1,406	251	186	215
1946—April	110	108	° 272	173	559		1,344	244	185	213
May	111	109	° 276	173	624		1,396	245	185	213
June	113	109	e 282	173	604		1,436	249	186	213
July	125	110	° 285	177	571		1.574	252	186	214
August	129	109	¢ 293	177	698		1.643	257	185	215
September	124	109	¢ 299	177	727		1.789	259	185	213
October	134	111	° 305	178	822		1.787	262	186	217
November	140	1 111	¢ 309	179	804		1.948	264	190	219
December	141	112	° 313	180	*840		2,063	266	192	219
1947—January	142	114	312	182	865		2,120	₽267	194	219
February	145	118	310	183	P882		2,120	₽268		219
March	150	p120	P305	184	P851		2,120			p220

Preliminary. 'Revised. 'Corrected.
 <sup>1</sup> Weighted index of 32 articles, published by the Office of Economic Studies of the Bank of Mexico.
 <sup>1</sup> New weighted index of 135 articles. For detailed description of the index see "Bulletin de la Statistique Générale," January-March 1945, pp. 35-53. Yearly averages for 1926 and for 1933-1937 arc calculated from old index, 1913 = 100.
 <sup>4</sup> Bank of Japan index on new basis. Vearly average for 1926 is calculated from old index, October 1914 == 100.
 <sup>4</sup> New weighted index of 400 articles. For detailed description of the articles included and of the weight coefficients used in the index, see Maandschrift for 1941, pp. 663-664. Yearly averages 1926-1938 are calculated from old index, 1926-30 = 100.
 <sup>6</sup> Approximate figure, derived from old index (1913 = 100).

Sources .-- See BULLETIN for January 1941, p. 84; April 1937, p. 372; March 1937, p. 276; and October 1935, p. 678.

WHOLESALE PRICES-GROUPS OF COMMODITIES [Indexes for groups included in total index above]

		nited Stat (1926 = 100			Canada (1926 = 100	)		Kingdom =100)	(July 1	products         Initialize product           products         product           product         product           product </th		
Year or month	Farm products	Foods	Other commod- ities	Farm products	Raw and partly manu- factured goods	Fully and chiefly manu- factured goods	Foods	Indus- trial products	∐Foods	trial raw		
1926	100	100	100	100	100	100						
1933 1934 1935 1935 1937 1938 1938 1940 1940 1941 1941 1942 1943 1945 1945 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1947 1948 1948 1948 1948 1949 1949 1949 1949 1940 1941 1941 1943 1943 1944 1945 1945 1945 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1947 1948 1948 1948 1949 1949 1949 1949 1949 1940 1945 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1947 1946 1946 1946 1947 1948 1948 1949 19	51 65 79 81 86 69 65 68 82 106 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123	61 71 84 82 86 74 70 70 71 83 100 105 105 105 105 105 131 111 112 113 140 149 132 158 165 160	71 78 78 80 85 82 81 83 89 96 97 99 100 110 110 103 104 106 110 112 112 112 112 125	51 59 64 69 87 74 64 68 73 85 98 107 110 112 111 112 113 114 111 111 111 113 113 114	57 64 66 71 84 73 67 75 82 90 99 104 106 109 110 108 109 110 110 108 112 113 113	70 73 74 81 75 89 92 93 94 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 90 100 10	83 85 92 97 97 97 133 146 158 158 158 158 159 159 159 159 159 159 159 159 157 156	87 90 96 112 104 106 138 156 160 170 175 184 180 181 181 185 186 188 188 189 191 193	103 121 140 157 157 157 172 200 192 186 192 198 205 207 r209	163 177 175 174 193 282 266 270 286 289 292 293 298	126 148 154 159 163 184 268 256 258 259 259 260 260 268 268	
1947—January February March	165 170 183	156 162 168	128 129 131	114 115 P116	115 119 124	104 107 P108	157 158 158	<b>196</b> <b>197</b> 198				

Preliminary.
 <sup>r</sup> Revised.
 <sup>1</sup> Source is Maandschrift van het Centraal Bureau voor de Statistiek, October 1946, p. 666.

Sources.-See BULLETIN for May 1942, p. 451; March 1935, p. 180; and March 1931, p. 159.

### PRICE MOVEMENTS IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES—Continued

### **RETAIL FOOD PRICES**

### (Index numbers)

### COST OF LIVING [Index numbers]

		[Index II							fruger u	umberbj 			s land (June 13 (June 1914 =100) 137 137 137 138 151 174 193					
Year or month	United States (1935-39 =100)	Can- ada (1935-39 ==100)	United King- dom (July 1914 =100)	France <sup>1</sup> (1938 ==100)	Nether- lands (1911-13 ==100)	land	Year or month	United States (1935–39 ==100)	Can- ada (1935-39 =100)	United King- dom (July 1914 =100)	France <sup>1</sup> (1938 ≔100)	Nether- lands (1911-13 ==100)	er- land (June 1914					
1936 1937 1938 1940 1940 1941 1942 1944 1944 1945 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 June July September. October	143 146	98 103 104 101 106 116 127 131 133 133 140 135 138 142 144 145 143	130 139 141 141 168 161 168 170 169 169 169 169 171 171 168	100 108 129 149 174 275 377 645 481 543 577 576 481 543 800 866	120 127 130 130 130 177 191 198	120 130 130 132 146 175 200 211 215 215 210 206 209 209 209 209 209 209 209 209 209 209	1936 1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1946 1946 June June Juny August September. October	99 103 101 99 100 105 117 124 126 128 139 131 132 133 141 144 144	98 101 102 102 112 117 118 119 119 124 121 122 124 125 126 126 127	147 154 156 158 189 200 201 203 204 203 204 203 204 203 205 205 203	100 108 129 150 175 224 285 393 645 491 547 576 576 576 576 578 858	* 132 137 139 140 154 175 187 195	137 137 138 151 174					
November. December. 1947–January February March	188 186 184 182 190	147 146 146 147 <i>p</i> 149	168 168 168 168	851 861 847 851 \$833	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	216 216 216 215 <i>p</i> 216	November. December. 1947–January February March	152 153 153 153 153 156	127 127 127 128 P129	203 204 204 203 \$\$^204\$	856 855 858 9838	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	212 212 212 212 212 212 212 212 212					

Preliminary.
 <sup>1</sup> Weighted index of 29 articles for retail food and of 34 articles for cost of living for Paris. For detailed description of the indexes see "Bulle-tin de la Statistique Générale," February-March 1946, pp. 70-73.
 <sup>3</sup> Revised index from March 1936 (see BULLETIN for April 1937, p. 373). Sources.—See BULLETIN for May 1942, p. 451; October 1939, p. 943; and April 1937, p. 373.

### SECURITY PRICES

[Index numbers except as otherwise specified]

			Bonds					Common stor	ks	
Year or month	United States <sup>1</sup> (derived price)	Canada <sup>2</sup> (1935–39 =100)	United Kingdom (December 1921=100)	France (1938== 100)	Nether- lands <sup>3</sup>	United States (1935-39 =100)	Canada <sup>4</sup> (1935-39 ==100)	United Kingdom (1926—100)	France <sup>5</sup> (December 1938—100)	Nether- lands (1930—100)
Number of issues	15	(2)	87	50	8	402	100	278	5 275	100
1939	113.8	98.2	112.3	114.2	90.9	94.2		75.9	112	89.7
1940	115.9	95.1	118.3	6114.2	777.9	88.1	77.4	70.8	<sup>6</sup> 140	\$ 95.0
1941	117.8	99.4	123.8	<sup>9</sup> 143.4	84.3	80.0	67.5	72.5	° 308	129.1
1942	118.3	100.7	127.3	146.4	94.7 98.5	69.4	64.2	75.3	479 540	131.5 151.0
1943	120.3 120.9	102.6 103.0	127.8 127.5	$146.6 \\ 150.5$	10 103.7	91.9 99.8	83.5 83.8	84.5 88.6	551	10 151.4
1944 1945	120.9	105.0	127.5	150.5		121.5	99.6	92.4	453	
1945	122.1	117.2	132.1	144.6	102.4	139.9	115.7	96.2	694	11 111.4
1940	125.4	117.2	132.1	144.0	102.4	139.9	115.7	90.2	074	- 111.4
1947 April	124.3	118.6	131.7	146.1	105.9	151.6	125.1	95.2	448	
May	123.7	117.5	132.6	147.3	105.0	154.3	124.4	97.6	532	
June	123.9	117.8	132.0	146.3	100.9	153.2	123.3	99.5	540	123.2
July	124.0	117.5	132.2	143.5	100.3	149.6	119.1	99.2	569	115.9
August	123.8	117.6	132.2	142.8	103.0	146.4	116.9	97.6	583	109.8
September		117.8	132.5	142.1	101.8	125.4	104.4	94.7	933	110.9
October	121.8	117.6	133.0	139.9	99.4	122.3	101.8	93.0	1,051	111.4
November	121.6	117.6	134.6	141.0	104.3	120.6	102.5	95.3	1,080	103.6
December	121.5	117.6	134.7	142.6	95.5	125.5	106.4	97.8	1,244	105.2
1947—January	122.6	117.8	135.0	142.1	]	125.2	106.2	98.6	1.068	
February		118.1	134.0	140.8		123.2	109.4	96.7	1.028	
March		p118.2	133.3	p139.8		123.7	p106.4	96.9	P1.103	
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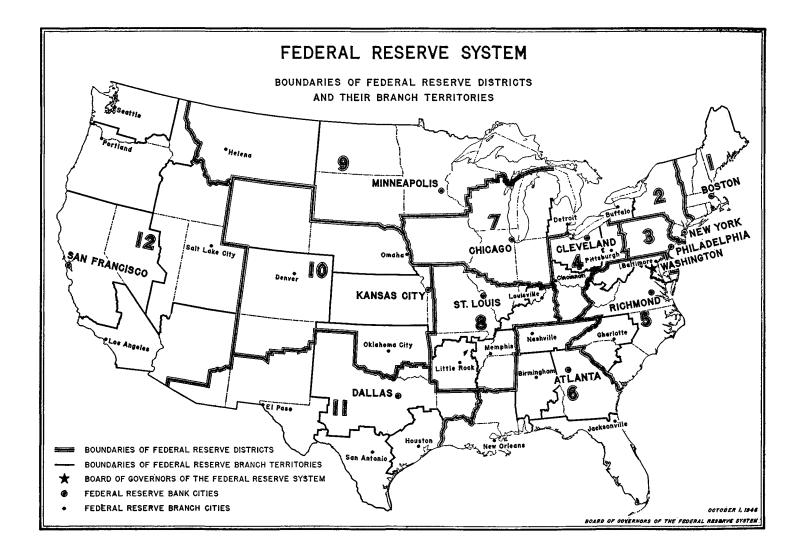
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